NAPANE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPA

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - - Proprietor.

ENGAGEMENTS:

Dec. 21st.—Concert for the Poor.
Dec. 27th.—English Church Union.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to me must pay up at once to save costs.

W. H. SNIDER.

Belleville, Dec. 19, 1883.

FEATHERS WANTED.—Highest price in cash paid. Apply to A. McNeill, Campbell house.

FOUND.—On Thursday, Dec. 6th, on the road from Hamburgh to Conway P. O., between Mr. Gunsolus' and Mr. D. Gilbert's, a fur boa. The owner can have the same by calling at THE EXPRESS office and paying cost of this advertisement.

STOLEN.—The party who took the lady's rubber circular from Mr. J. H. Smith's store on Saturday last had better return the same or legal proceedings will be taken. No questions will be asked if the circular is returned within a week.

GEORGE SHOREY.

TO LET.—The eastern shop in the new Opera House block. Suitable for a book and fancy goods store. Possession given at once. Apply to THOS. SYMINGTON 43

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. For some years physician and surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre streets, Napanee. 1-1y.

H. JAMES, M.D., M. C. P. S.—Dr. James devotes his attention to diseases of the lungs and all diseases of an acute or chronic nature, as well as those peculiar to females and children, also eye and ear, &c., &c. Office—Church street, Belleville, Ont. 46-1y.

FARM TO RENT OR SELL.—Containing 200 acres, Lot 11, 4th con, Ernesttown. A great bargain for a person that wishes to buy and a reasonable rent for anyone that would rather rent. Apply to S. V. PERRY, Napanee, or at this office. 48

LOST.—From West Half Lot No. 4, 5th Concession, Ernesttown, on or about July 15th, two yearling heifers, both red with the exception that one had a lined back and a white tail. Any person giving information of their whereabouts will be suitably rewarded. SILAS F. LAKE,

4-2 in. Morven P. O

TO EXCHANGE FOR A HORSE.

A NEW

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF THE—

TOWN OF NAPANEE.

GENTLEMEN.—At the urgent request of a large number of ratepayers of the town, I have consented to be a candidate for the Mayoralty. I have served in the Town Council for twelve years, and in requesting your support and influence, I would state that if elected I shall do all in my power to promote the welfare and moral status of the town,

Yours Faithfully,

WILDER JOY.

NAPANEE, Dec. 14, 1883.

NOTICE.

All parties are hereby notified that the

SNOW BY-LAW

will be strictly enforced.

Parties who fail to conform with the by-law will be

Charged Full Price for the Removal of the Snow in Front of their Premises.

JAS. ALLEN,
Chief of Police.

Napanee, Dec. 20, 1883.

U. E. LOYALISTS, ATTENTION!

A PUBLIC MEETING

Will be held in the

TOWN HALL, ADOLPHUSTOWN,

—ON—

Thursday, Jan. the 10th, 1884

At 7 o'clock p.m. to consider the subject of a

U. E. LOYALIST

Centenary Celebration

TERRIBLE ACCID

THE NAPANEE STAGE RU
A G. T. R. TRAI

Two Ladies Killed—Particul
cident—The Inque

The village of Cataraqui, north-west of Kingston, was in of excitement on Monday last. large house on the Kingston road, at the intersection of t road, was the body of Isaac P by engine No. 14 of the Grand way on Saturday last. The mentingly discussed this accid horrible rumor spread that a work of destruction had been The people were thrown into excitement, and, hastening t Trunk crossing, beheld a fearfu Napanee and Kingston stage w wreck, and the bodies of two w led and in tattered garments tenderly picked up and convey in the immediate vicinity. D to one instantaneously; in an spark of life was but feebly lady, with a broken arm and o lay in a heap on the roadside that had caused the great fatal ly backing up to the scene. gers with blanched faces cont catastrophe and silently thank their own preservation. Thea following so soon the accident

PRODUCED A PROFOUND SE

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4-2 in. Morven P. O

TO EXCHANGE FOR A HORSE.

A NEW

D. W. CARN ORGAN,

With 8 stops and 4 set of reeds. Will exchange for a good sound roadster, not over 8 years old. Apply at his office or to

J. N. McCREARY,
Ag't Singer Manuf'g Co.
Opposite the Campbell House 3-4in

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas-st., Napanee.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel)

P. McALPIN, Proprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas-st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms $1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 17-1y.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in First-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW.

Beg to announce that they have had their

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—ON—

Thursday, Jan. the 10th, 1884

At 7 o'clock p.m. to consider the subject of a

U. E. LOYALIST

Centenary Celebration

In June next, on the spot where our Pilgrim Fathers landed.

Let there be a grand rally from all parts!

By request of

D. W. ALLISON, M. P.
J. H. ROBLIN, Reeve.
JOS. WATSON,
PARKER ALLEN,
THOS. TRUMPOUR,
ARCH. C. DAVIS,
ELISHA RUTTAN,
S. M. OUTWATER.

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

particularly

Adapted to Farm Use.

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

FIRST-CLASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

and are now in position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883.

VALUABLE FARM

—AND—

TOWN PROPERTY for SALE

—AND—

MONEY TO LOAN

PARCEL No. 1.—South-west quarter of lot 13, con-

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Mrs. Gorrie was a sister of Mrs and had come to the city in the the same stage. She sat in the s Mrs. Wartman, in the first seat driver. The little girl sat in the her mother and beside her Miss Odessa, who also entered the sta butt's The stage, we might her long and enclosed and finely p had four seats, two upon which t gers faced the back and two u their faces were forward. There eral windows. In a sheltered pla the driver sat. Upon the rack w ous trucks and valises strapped o ing his whip the driver started journey which proved so disast windows were so covered with those inside could not see out. T gers conversed freely and seeme the ride.

STRUCK BY AN ENGINE.

Cataraqui crossing was abou when the driver, it is said, heard of an approaching train. This s horses and they dashed ahead. ed to have got beyond control of An engine from the west, and a l cars, came thundering along at a so as to successfully mount the side of the Kingston depot. horses, more alarmed, dashed forv ing the track. The driver wa breathe freely again when the tr upon the stage. Engine No. 37

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel)

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AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Fire insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office: 194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW.

Beg to announce that they have had their

CLOVER DRESSER

Over hauled, repaired and improved, a new huller having been put in, and are prepared to do all work entrusted to them in a first-class manner or no pay.

Agency for L. D. SAWYER'S Threshers,

Reapers and Mowers.

STORMS & SON.

WHAT PHYSICIANS SAY
ABOUT THE—

STARR KIDNEY PAD.

Treatment by Absorption has for some time been recognized by *Medical Men* to be the most simple and effectual means of conveying to diseased organs 'Curatives,' but in cases of Kidney Disease, and Complaints attending thereon, successful treatment was practicably impossible until the introduction of the Starr Kidney Pad. It costs less than a single prescription and is immeasurably *more decisive and effectual than any quantity of internal Medicinal dosing.* Worn immediately over the seat of disease, its curative properties become absorbed by the diseased and enfeebled organs, continuously and directly, *as required* insure in return their healthy action and original vigour. It is comfortable to the patient and pleasant in its effects, and cures when nothing else can. The Starr Kidney Pad accomplishes positive, decisive results. A more valuable discovery as a true remedy for Kidney Diseases was never made. —*Medical Gazette.*

WOE TO FURNITURE VERMIN.

The Great Egyptian Remedy.

We guarantee it, and if it does not clean out Bed Bugs and other furniture vermin please write us and we will refund the money.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

Dr. LeDUC'S PERIODICAL PILLS

CAUTION.—These pills must not taken by ladies during the first five months of pregnancy.

YOUTHILENE drives away everything that mars the beauty of the complexion and adds the tint of the lily and the blush of the rose to the plainest faces.

Sold by W. G. Egar, Deseronto; Henry Paul, Newburgh; Hinch & Hinch, Centreville; D. E. Rose, and James Aylsworth, Tamworth; A. Walker, Enterprise; Van Luven & Sons, Moscow; Miss Grant, Bath.

particularly

Adapted to Farm Use.

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

FIRST-CLASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

and are now in position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883.

VALUABLE FARM
—AND—
TOWN PROPERTY for SALE
—AND—
MONEY TO LOAN

PARCEL No. 1.—South-west quarter of lot 13, concession 8, in the township of Sheffield, 50 acres. About 40 cleared. Frame house and barn.

PARCEL No. 2. South-east quarter of lot No. 11 and the south-half of the north half of lot 12, both in the 6th concession of the township of Richmond, 100 acres, large clearing, log house and barn.

Parcel No. 3.

Carscallen Farm.

Lot. No. 19, concession 2, in the township of Camden, less seven acres sold, containing 193 acres, more or less, about 130 cultivated. Frame dwelling filled in with brick. Two frame barns and sheds. Close to the village of Newburgh. A first-class farm in every respect.

PARCEL No. 4.—Lot No. 39 on the south side of Water street in the town of Napanee, upon which is erected a good frame dwelling and outhouses.

PARCEL No. 5.—All that certain parcel of land situate in the town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing by admeasurement one-fifth of an acre, more or less, described as follows:—Commencing on the north side of the Kingston road three chains east of the north-east corner of Clarksville and Kingston road, thence in an easterly direction along the north side of the Kingston road one chain, thence in a northerly direction two chains to a stone monument, thence west one chain and parallel to the Kingston road, thence south and parallel to the Clarksville road two chains to place of beginning. Upon this property is erected a large fine brick residence two storeys high, with suitable outhouses.

These properties are all well situated in good localities.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have large amounts of money to lend at the lowest rates of interest, repayable at any time the borrower chooses. No commission charged. Parties desiring to buy farms or to pay off other mortgages would do well to take advantage of our low rate of interest.

WILLIAMS & WILSON,
2-tf. Solicitors, Napanee.

YOUR FORTUNE!

IF you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps, we will send you by mail, post-paid, as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably over FIVE dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not now wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be you last chance. Don't delay.

31 W KINNEY, Yarmouth, N. S.

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Odessa, who also entered the
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body. She was quite dead.

CLOTHES WERE IN RA

and her face covered with blood
friends found a portion of the
Mrs. Gorrie was carried 18 yar
the stage was struck and also
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taken to Mr. Black's and after
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Mrs. Gorrie's pulse was feebly
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Gerrison Jas

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NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1883.

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10th, 1884
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TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

THE NAPANEE STAGE RUN INTO BY A G. T. R. TRAIN.

Two Ladies Killed—Particulars of the Accident—The Inquest.

The village of Cataraqui, three miles north-west of Kingston, was in a great state of excitement on Monday last. Lying in a large house on the Kingston and Napanee road, at the intersection of the Sydenham road, was the body of Isaac Powley, killed by engine No. 14 of the Grand Trunk Railway on Saturday last. The villagers lamentingly discussed this accident when the horrible rumor spread that a more terrible work of destruction had been accomplished. The people were thrown into a ferment of excitement, and, hastening to the Grand Trunk crossing, beheld a fearful sight. The Napanee and Kingston stage was a complete wreck, and the bodies of two women, mangled and in tattered garments, were being tenderly picked up and conveyed to houses in the immediate vicinity. Death had come to one instantaneously ; in another case the spark of life was but feebly burning. A lady, with a broken arm and other injuries, lay in a heap on the roadside. The train that had caused the great fatality was slowly backing up to the scene. Four passengers with blanched faces contemplated the catastrophe and silently thanked heaven for their own preservation. Theannouncement, following so soon the accident of Saturday,

PRODUCED A PROFOUND SENSATION.

People whose friends were on the stage ran frantically about endeavouring to learn the details of the affair. Medical men and journalists hastened as rapidly as horses could take them to the place of death. The Whig reporter was first on the ground. In approaching the Grand Trunk line much care was required, as there was no telling where the trains were. Passing the toll gate a long level stretch was passed, a somewhat sharp curve made in the road, and the railway loomed up. Looking eastward a comparatively good view could be had of the railway, but westward a train had to be near in order to be seen. A large stone house, occupied by Mr. Black, obstructs the outlook until the track is almost reached up a short, sharp grade. Here the accident occurred.

THE STAGE STARTS WEST.

Mr. Storms as soon as possible started to walk to Kingston, but meeting a gentleman en route to Odessa started back and was intercepted at Cataraqui by the reporters. He did not know that the train was upon the stage as he could not see out of the windows. He could give no details of the accident and could not tell whether the horses became unmanageable or not. He had a Saratoga trunk and two valises on the back of the stage. Only small pieces of the boxes could be picked up. Everything breakable was destroyed. The young man's clothing and books were strewn along the line of the railway and he had consideruble trouble to collect them. Fred. Warner's goods were also distributed along the track. Mr. Warner and the driver of the stage were taken on to Odessa.

WAITING FOR A PASSENGER.

Calvin Wartman of Glenvale, a brother in-law of Mrs. Wartman, had driven that lady to Kingston in the morning She was not ready to start for home with him and as he had business in Cataraqui he decided to go ahead and, and after completing his work, await her arrival on the stage. He was at Mr. Purdy's, a short distance beyond the track, and got the first intimation of the accident when the engine gave forth those shrieking whistles denoting danger. He rushed to the door and was horrified at the sight that met his gaze. He at once went to his sister-in-law's rescue. He says he heard no whistling before that indicating the approach of a train.

Mr. David Nichol was soon on hand and helped to pick up Mrs. Armitage. A buffalo robe was secured and upon this she was laid and carried to the Town Hall, from thence to the vaults in the Cataraqui Cemetery, where they remained until her friends arrived. She has a son living near Odessa.

Much grief was expressed of Mrs. Gorrie's death. She leaves an interesting family of six children to mourn her loss. Her child was miraculously saved. Dr. Bigham thinks the woman's spine was injured. She was insensible from the time of the accident until death came. Her body was removed to her late room before we left the village. Dr. W. H. Henderson was summoned to wait upon her but he reached her side too late.

Dr. Sullivan was on hand and, with Dr. Bigham, dressed the wounds of Mrs. Wartman, who suffered intensely. Mrs. Wartman had an arm broken as well as her thigh injured. She was also internally injured.

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Removal of Premises.

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JSTOWN,

)th, 1884

subject of a

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Pilgrim Fathers

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ISON, M. P.
LIN, Reeve.
SON,
ALLEN,
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of lot 13, con-
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THE STAGE STARTS WEST.

Monday afternoon, at the usual hour, the stage running from Kingston to Napanee left the City Hotel. It carried four passengers: Mrs. Armitage, widow, aged between 75 or 80 years, and residing near Odessa, sat in the back seat of the vehicle. Mrs. Henry Wartman, of Glenvale, aged between 35 or 40 years, sat immediately in front of Mrs. Armitage. Fred. Warner, of Wilton. and Doulas Storms, of Odessa, medical students, sat in the seat with their backs to the driver. These were the positions of the passengers when the stage left the hotel. At D. A. Garbutt's, on Princess street, Dan Shea, the driver, halted and took aboard Mrs. Joseph Gorrie and her 12 year old daughter, who lived beyond Cataraqui.

Mrs. Gorrie was a sister of Mrs. Garbutt, and had come to the city in the morning in the same stage. She sat in the stage beside Mrs. Wartman, in the first seat facing the driver. The little girl sat in the seat facing her mother and beside her Miss Purcell of Odessa, who also entered the stage at Garbutt's The stage, we might here state, was long and enclosed and finely painted. It had four seats, two upon which the passengers faced the back and two upon which their faces were forward. There were several windows. In a sheltered place in front the driver sat. Upon the rack were numerous trucks and valises strapped on. Cracking his whip the driver started upon the journey which proved so disastrous. The windows were so covered with frost that those inside could not see out. The passengers conversed freely and seemed to enjoy the ride.

STRUCK BY AN ENGINE.

Cataraqui crossing was about reached when the driver, it is said, heard the whistle of an approaching train. This startled the horses and they dashed ahead. They seemed to have got beyond control of the driver. An engine from the west, and a long train of cars, came thundering along at a rapid rate so as to successfully mount the grade this side of the Kingston depot. The stage horses, more alarmed, dashed forward, crossing the track. The driver was about to breathe freely again when the train rushed upon the stage. Engine No. 37 caught the back part of the conveyance and in a moment

rushed to the door and was horrified at the sight that met his gaze. He at once went to his sister-in-law's rescue. He says he heard no whistling before that indicating the approach of a train.

Mr. David Nichol was soon on hand and helped to pick up Mrs. Armitage. A buffalo robe was secured and upon this she was laid and carried to the Town Hall, from thence to the vaults in the Cataraqui Cemetery, where they remained until her friends arrived. She has a son living near Odessa.

Much grief was expressed of Mrs. Gorrie's death. She leaves an interesting family of six children to mourn her loss. Her child was miraculously saved. Dr. Bigham thinks the woman's spine was injured. She was insensible from the time of the accident until death came. Her body was removed to her late room before we left the village. Dr. W. H. Henderson was summoned to wait upon her but he reached her side too late.

Dr. Sullivan was on hand and, with Dr. Bigham, dressed the wounds of Mrs. Wartman, who suffered intensely. Mrs. Wartman had an arm broken as well as her thigh injured. She was also internally injured.

THE PRECAUTIONS USUALLY TAKEN.

The engineer of the train says he took the usual precautions to alarm by whistling anyone at the crossing of the approaching train. We made enquiries at the village and learned that sometimes the trains give the customary alarm, sometimes they do not. The whistling was frequently not given in time, and before the sound died away the trains were upon the crossing. The place is certainly very dangerous and it is earnestly to be hoped that the Government will interfere and prevent, if possible, further loss of life. Gates are essentially necessary and must be put on at once. It was but 200 yards hence that Mr. Powley was killed on Saturday.

STAGE DRIVER'S STORY.

Dan Shea, the driver of the stage, was taken ill on his way to Odessa, where he expected to meet the proprietor of the stage line, Mr. Finkle. Dan is now confined to bed in Odessa, suffering from severe injuries in the back. He says, we believe, that he did not see the train until he was close to the track. The horses then became unmanageable.

NOTES.

Immediately behind the stage, near Cataraqui, was a funeral procession. The drivers of the various cabs say they saw the train and the stage going ahead, and thought the horses must be running away. There was a mighty rush, and then a cloud of splintered wood, clothing, trunks, etc. The event was a highly sensational one.

Dr. Saunders, coroner, arrived about 7 o'clock and decided to hold an inquest, when the whole question of responsibility will be settled. The jury were summoned to assemble at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The conduct of the driver, the precautions of the engineer to avoid accident, and the question of gates will be discussed.

ACCIDENTS AT THE CROSSING.

There have been numerous accidents at the Cataraqui crossing since the railroad was opened. Some years ago the hind wheel of a waggon, driven by Joseph Northmore, was taken off by a train. Last year the horse of David Nicol was killed by an engine, and four persons left sitting in the ve-

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CLOTHES WERE IN RAGS

and her face covered with blood. Near her, friends found a portion of the stage roof. Mrs. Gorrie was carried 18 yards from where the stage was struck and also lay in a heap in the ditch. She was alive but fatally wounded. Of course she was picked up at once and taken to Mr. Black's, where she died at 6.30 o'clock. Mrs. Wartman was cast close to the cattle guard, severely injured. As soon as possible she, too, was taken to Mr. Black's and afterwards transferred to the residence of Dr. Bigham, who was quickly at the scene. Mrs. Gorrie's little girl and Miss Purcell escaped uninjured and extricated themselves from the wreck as soon as possible. The two medical students in the stage, which was reversed by the force of the blow, were propelled through the windows, one lighting on each side of the vehicle. They came out of the ruin unscathed. Dan Shea, the driver, was considerably hurt, being thrown upon the sidewalk. Notwithstanding his suffering he heroically rushed to the heads of the horses, which were prancing and shivering on the road, and prevented them from running away.

OUT THROUGH A WINDOW.

Douglas Storms, a medico, was seen. He said the first he knew of the accident was when he was shot through the window. He picked himself up, and, gathering his wits, began to investigate the matter. He rushed to Mrs. Armitage's side, but found her dead. Mrs. Gorrie's pulse was feebly beating. He helped to carry her into Mr. Black's house. did not see the train until he was close to the track. The horses then became unmanageable.

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THE INQUEST.

The Town Hall at Cataraqui was filled Tuesday afternoon with those who desired to hear the evidence to be presented at the inquest, touching the death of Mrs. Armitage, of Ernesttown, which opened at two o'clock before Coroner Saunders. The inquiry was continued until the sun went down and then, after the lights were lighted, men crowded around the desk where the evidence was inscribed and listened intently. Interest centred in the question as to whether the Grand Trunk engineer had caused a proper alarm. The jury was composed of a very intelligent class of farmers as follows:—David Nicol, foreman; David Purdy, Andrew Wallace, William Martin, John Porter, John McKim, John Simpson, Samuel Ely, William Ely, Arthur Shewell, Wm. Hyland, James Hyland, Chas. Purdy, Wellington Purdy, Joseph L. Haycock, Elward Cooke, Osborn McMichael and Albert McMichael.

J. McIntyre, Q. C., represented H. Finkle, proprietor of the stage line; W. W. Pope, of Belleville, represented the Grand Trunk Company.

Dr. Saunders made a short address in which he asked the jury to ascertain whether the stage driver and engineer of the train had taken proper precautions to prevent after it crossed the roa
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EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

DAY, DECEMBER 21, 1883. VOL. XXIII. No. 6.

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ING FOR A PASSENGER.

rtman of Glenvale, a brother rs. Wartman, had driven that gston in the morning She was start for home with him and as ness in Cataraqui he decided to l, and after completing his work, rival on the stage. He was at , a short distance beyond the ot the first intimation of the ac- the engine gave forth those whistles denoting danger. He e door and was horrified at the et his gaze. He at once went to law's rescue. He says he heard before that indicating the ap- train.

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Douglass Storms, of Odessa, a medical student, testified that he was on the stage at the time of the accident. His first intimation of the affair was when the stage was going to pieces and when he was being propelled through the side. He was not thrown violently out, and was, therefore, unhurt. He did not hear the train approaching. He stated the position of matters as he remembered them. Mrs Wartman and Mrs. Gorrie lay close together, and greatly injured. Mrs. Armitage fell further on. He found her in a pool of water in the ditch, having broken through the ice. A hind wheel, a spring and a paring and a part of an axel rested upon her. These were removed. He felt her pulse and found that she was dead. The wounded ladies were carried into a house adjacent. Witness did not remember hearing the whistle of the engine blown. After the accident he was so startled and dazed that he could hear nothing. Daniel Shea, the stage driver, was considered a careful man, and knew how to handle his horses. He was quite sober on Monday night. Witness thought the stage was not progressing more than six or seven miles an hour. It was not noticed to slack up before reaching the crossing. The witness named the passengers in the stage and the seats they occupied. He had frequently sat with the stage driver on the outside, and noticed that Shea always looked up and down the track before crossing it. It was less difficult to see a train proceeding eastward than to see one going westward.

A certificate was here admitted from Dr. Beeman to the effect that Daniel Shea was unable to be present. Dr. Beeman said it would be some days before he would be able to appear. He was confined to the house at Odessa.

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Frederick Warner, Wilton, medical student, heard the whistle and saw the engine at the same time. This was when the front wheels of the stage were going off the track. The engine was a short distance away. Wit-

Sedinah Ousley Demetuous survive the mother and live on the homestead. John Wesley was seeing to his mother's remains. On May 29th, 1872, Mr. Armitage was removed by death, and a host of friends followed his remains to the grave. He was a liberal and benevolent man, and, ably assisted by his wife, was particularly solicitous regarding the condition of the poor and destitute. It is said that some 15 or 16 orphans were cared for by Mr. and Mrs. Armitage during their lifetime. Mrs. Armitage was in good health, and the suddenness of her death will be deeply regretted by all who knew her.

CHRISTMAS PASTORAL.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

MY DEAR SIR,—The accompanying pastoral letter has been addressed by the Lord Bishop of Ontario to his Laity. Will you kindly insert it in your next issue so that it may be read by many in this Rural Deanery of Lennox, besides those who attend church on the Sunday before Christmas.

Yours faithfully,
T. BEDFORD-JONES,
Archdeacon and Rural Dean.

Napanee, Dec. 18th, 1883.

To the Laity of the Diocese of Ontario:

MY DEAR BRETHREN.—It has again become my duty to remind you that the Christmas Offerings of our congregations are given to the Clergy, and to bespeak your liberality at the Great Festival.

This custom is in accordance with the Canon of the Synod, which enacts "That the Offertory of the respective congregations throughout the Diocese on Christmas Day of every year shall be devoted to the sole use of the Incumbent of the Church in which the Offertory is made."

At this Sacred Season when religion brings to bear upon us her most powerful influences "to provoke us unto love and good words," let me affectionately ask you "to remember them that are your guides, and have spoken unto you the word of God," and to permit gratitude for a continued prosperity in our country to prompt you to liberal offerings. The Clergy are the last to benefit by commercial prosperity, and yet "if they have sown unto you spiritual things is it a great matter if they shall reap your carnal things."

Wishing you, my Dear Brethren, all the Blessings of the approaching Holy Season,

I remain your faithful Bishop,
Advent, 1883. J. T. ONTARIO.

AS OTHERS SEE US.

Letter From a Former Pastor of Napanee.

The following letter from Rev. J. C. Burnelle, of Unionville, Ohio, who twenty years ago was pastor of the M. E. Church of this town, will be read with interest by many who have pleasing recollections of his pas-

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SAW THE ENGINE APPROACHING.

Frederick Warner, Wilton, medical student, heard the whistle and saw the engine at the same time. This was when the front wheels of the stage were going off the track. The engine was a short distance away. Witness considered that Shea was a careful man. He noticed no change in the rate at which the stage travelled as the crossing was approached. He had seen Shea drinking in a bar, but he could not tell what he drank. He did not see the driver drinking anything on Monday. Before leaving Kingston witness scratched the frost off the window of the stage so that he could see out. When he observed the engine so close he thought it would strike the vehicle. He had no time to make an alarm. Had the stage driver used the same precaution he would have used he did not think the accident would have occurred. Witness could not tell what precautions the stage driver did take. He could not see him. He did not desire to reflect on the conduct of Shea on the day in question.

OPINION ABOUT THE WHISTLE.

Henry P. Wells, Kingston, testified that he was driving a quarter of a mile behind the stage when the accident occurred. The whistle of the train was heard three times after it crossed the road. Witness did not hear it before. The train was seen on the track coming down. The stage driver was "a steady kind of a fellow." Spirited horses could not be pulled up if the train was not seen until Baker's or Black's houses were reached.

WHAT A FARMER SAW.

W. H. Benjamin, Odessa, farmer, testified that he was driving from Kingston at the time of the accident. When witness saw the train it was about a quarter of a mile from the crossing. He was about 20 rods from the track. He pulled up but the stage went on. Witness heard no whistle and his horse first detected the approach of the train. The whistle sounded a few seconds before it struck the stage. The alarm and the collision were close together. Witness thought the stage driver would stop. He did not see the horses quicken their gait. There was a crash but the collision could not be seen for smoke and steam. The stage driver was a quiet, attentive, sober man. Witness positively declared he did not hear the engine whistle until a moment before the collision. The train was going quite fast. He did not see the stage driver have any trouble with his horses, but he saw nothing to prevent

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[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—The time for which some friend paid for THE EXPRESS to be sent to me, draws to a close. I cannot let it pass without expressing my great satisfaction with its weekly visits, and making my thanks to the donor as public as the gift. There are many still living in Napanee, doubtless, who will recall my name as once a resident of the village, as it then was, now perhaps a city.

Many have passed the "boundary line." I can see, in THE EXPRESS, the names of but few with whom I was acquainted. New names, new business enterprises, new streets appear. It is easy for me to see that during the last 20 years, Napanee has taken a new lease of life; that she has grown in wealth, activity and enterprise, widened her borders and, indeed, improved (is that the word?) in every way since 1863. Judging from THE EXPRESS and the late election trials, Napanee is following rather closely the example set her by her American neighbors in political shrewdness, chicanery, deception and, I fear, corruption.

THE EXPRESS, so far as I know, was not published when I lived at Napanee. If so, you were in your "swadling bands," and had but commenced to creep. Now you have grown to full manhood, and are able to deal trenchant blows upon any who stand in your way, and you do it. You hit hard sometimes, and I only hope that those who feel the weight of your arm deserve it. Your quill is sharp and you use it sharply. I hope not too unnecessarily so. I read carefully the reported trials of the bribery and corruption in connection with your late election. I was ashamed for old Lennox. The feat feature of political bribery is original with you, I think, and you are welcome to the glory or the shame of it. If I had seen in your, or any other political paper, what appears as matter of evidence, I should have thought it a political canard, simply for effect, and let it pass. But I must confess it looks a little suspicious and very discreditable. As Peter Cartwright once said in a General Conference at Cobourg, "I don't like the phiz of the brat." Doubtless there are many such on both sides. I can't judge,

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IMPORTANT CORROBORATORY EVIDENCE.

William McCammon did not hear the engine whistle until it nearly reached the crossing. The horses were spirited. Once at the Kingston & Pembroke RR. station they became frightened and danced around it. The driver succeeded in holding them in. He was sober on Monday. He had not seen him drunk in two years.

John Murphy, carriage maker, Kingston, saw the train as it came over the hill. He did not hear it whistle until it nearly reached the crossing.

Robert Reid, undertaker, Kingston, who was in the first vehicle in the funeral procession, heard no whistle until the engine about reached the crossing.

Mr. Griffiths, Kingston, testified that he was at Black's. He had driven up with a spirited horse and knowing this listened for a train. He heard the rumble of one. He rushed to his horse's head. The train whistled a short distance from the crossing. He saw the accident and noticed Mrs. Armitage flying before the engine.

The inquest was then adjourned until Friday, at 10 o'clock, when the train employes and Dan Shea will testify.

SKETCH OF MRS. ARMITAGE'S LIFE.

Mrs. Armitage was wife of the late John Armitage, who owned "Maple Grove," in the township of Ernesttown, about two miles south of Odessa. Mr. Armitage came to Canada and settled in the municipality in 1834. He and his friends were in a good position when they came to this country and got a large amount of property. Mr. Armitage first purchased half of lot 37 in the 3rd concession of Ernesttown; he afterwards secured the other half and all of lot 38, thus making an extensive estate. He at once set to work to clear the land, and in time the wilderness became a fruitful field. In 1837 or 1838 he married Miss Annie Guest, daughter of Thos. Guest, of Oxford township, County of Grenville. Mrs. Armitage (the lady killed yesterday) came to Canada when but four years of age. Three children blessed her union. In 1859, Rachel, a daughter aged 17 years, died. John Wesley and

set her by her American neighbors in political shrewdness, chicanery, deception and, I fear, corruption.

THE EXPRESS, so far as I know, was not published when I lived at Napanee. If so, you were in your "swadling bands," and had but commenced to creep. Now you have grown to full manhood, and are able to deal trenchant blows upon any who stand in your way, and you do it. You hit hard sometimes, and I only hope that those who feel the weight of your arm deserve it. Your quill is sharp and you use it sharply. I hope not too unnecessarily so. I read carefully the reported trials of the bribery and corruption in connection with your late election. I was ashamed for old Lennox. The cat feature of political bribery is original with you, I think, and you are welcome to the glory or the shame of it. If I had seen in your, or any other political paper, what appears as matter of evidence, I should have thought it a political canard, simply for effect, and let it pass. But I must confess it looks a little suspicious and very discreditable. As Peter Cartwright once said in a General Conference at Cobourg, "I don't like the phiz of the brat." Doubtless there are many such on both sides. I can't judge, having seen but one side, and this is apt to give a one-sided judgment.

Bribery at elections, and anywhere in connection with the political franchise, unsettles things and is an effort to undermine and destroy free institutions, and should be (and will be) frowned upon by every lover of his country, never palliated or concealed.

As I shall soon, I suppose, be denied the privilege of reading your weekly issues, I wish you success in every endeavor to uphold the right, and expose and crush out the wrong. May you never be so party-bound as to be party-blind. Herein is danger.

Yours respectfully,

J. C. BURNELLE.

P. S.—I judge from something I saw in THE EXPRESS that you are having good sleighing. Not so here. We have had no snow, not enough to cover the ground. We are enjoying beautiful fall weather. There is no frost in the ground as yet. Just now the thermometer stands 40° above freezing.

J. C. B.

A Kingston Scheme to Cut Off Napanee's Trade.

[From the Whig.]

The City Council may be asked next year to endorse a move by which Kingston will be greatly benefitted. We refer to railway connection with Camden, Sheffield and other townships in Lennox and Addington. The Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec R.R. now runs to Tamworth; by building a branch from a point near Harrowsmith to Colebrook, some five miles, a connection can be made with the Kingston & Pembroke R.R. and the trade diverted to Kingston. The Council may be asked, therefore, to submit a by-law granting a bonus towards the building of this branch.

The Best Proof—THE GLOBE.

"I sell more Burdock Blood Bitters than I do of any other preparation in stock," says B. Jackes, druggist, Toronto. If the reader will ask any druggist in the city he will get a similar answer to his query—a proof that it is the most popular medicine for the blood, liver and kidneys known.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st. Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store, Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office—McMullan's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office—Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

J. K. MILLER, INSURANCE AGENT, Pedlar Licenses, Solicitor, etc. 16-ly

GEO. E. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-y

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NOTICE TO THE

Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave you to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD,
41-tf. Managing Director.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Subscribed Capital.....$9,260,000
Assets, Cash and Invested Fund. 2,605,000

Deposited with Government of Canada for the protection of policy holders in Canada, $100,000.

All losses paid at head office in Toronto without reference to England, and claims promptly settled. Property insured against Lightning.

THE SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE Co

Capital - - - $600,000.

Deposited with the Government over $122,497.72 for the security of policy holders.

NEWS IN A NUTS

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GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Is'd. 51-ly

JAMES STORMS, WILTON,

AUCTIONEER.

Goods sold on commission; also sales of land, farm stock, &c., attended to on reasonable terms. Correspondence solicited. 52-ly

M. J. BUTLER PROVINCIAL LAND Surveyor Civil Engineer, Office, &c. East End of Grange Block.

W. F. HALL AGENT CANADA FIRE & Marine, Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., Johnston.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Commissioner, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont.

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARriage Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARriage Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. . . LESLIE, Proprietor.

(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave you to form your own opinion.

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A. H. ALLISON, Agent,
Office 200 South side Dundas-st., Napanee.

NAPANEE

PLANING MILLS.

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,
NAPANEE.

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At Danville, Pa., Policeman attempted to arrest Green Mille who was beating his wife. Mil ed, and choked Kennedy. Williams went to Kennedy's a when Miller bit him several tim liams finally shot him mortally.

An insurrectionary plot among of a rifle battalion at Barcelona discovered, and several of the o rested. The officers of the g Lerida, on the northern frontier have been ordered to sleep in owing to rumours of an intend

The Marquis of Hartington, at War, in a speech recently, s the British Government had re intimation from the German Co that it is willing to co-operate land to protect their subjects and in China in the event of war China and France.

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Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned, Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY, Water-st., Napanee.

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CONTRACTIONS	*BRUISES,*
LUMBAGO,	*ITCH,*
DEAFNESS,	*PAIN IN BACK,*
SPRAINS,	*PAIN in SIDE, &c.*

Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 35c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors

TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp. Ben Vandelf & Co., 12 Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

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In the trial of O'Donnell for the of Carey, only one witness was c the defence. The jury after tw deliberation returned a verdict of murder," and the judge passed s of death. After the sentence h pronounced the doomed man br into violent curses, and had to be from the dock by force.

The result of O'Donnell's tr eagerly awaited by Irish circles in where it was generally expec verdict would be manslaughter. the League branches have reso form committees to memorialize th Secretary to commute the sente was thought probable an attempt made to bring pressure on the States Government to interver commutation of the sentence. morning papers endorse the verdi case of O'Donnell.

Mr. T. D. Sullivan, M.P., refe the action of the Government in p ing Newry, said it had not b custom of the Nationalists to i with Orange celebrations, but tha forth when Orange meetings w nounced the Nationalists would p hold counter meetings, and thus the Government to proclaim bo attributed the present unhappy affairs to the recent tour of Sir Northcote.

A Dublin despatch says: Arc Croke, speaking at Waterford, s what had been achieved in the years by the Irish party in Pa under their great leader, he had r

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if the people persevered in their course, avoided crime, and refused to allow themselves to be transported, a good deal would be achieved within a measurable period. The present generation might live to see the Old Land clothed in the garb of freedom under the Irish flag.

Mr. Chamberlain, President of the Board of Trade, speaking at Wolverhampton, said the members of the Government are firmly united. All are pursuing the same general object, and are animated with equal loyalty to the great chief. It is the bounden duty of the liberal party to do its utmost to remove just causes of discontent and disaffection in Ireland; it must no longer tolerate such a sham, fraud, and transparent imposture as the present Irish Parliamentary representative system, where only one in twenty-five has a vote. The perpetuation of this injustice would justify disaffection and give the leaders of the Irish party the strongest arguments for separation, as showing that it was impossible to obtain justice from the British Parliament, and give fresh vigour to the agitation which it is our duty to allay."

Some investigations by M. Thanneur show that South America is rich in woods for engineering purposes. The yandubay is exceedingly hard and durable; the couroupay is also very hard and rich in tannin. The quebracho is, however, more interesting than any, and grows abundantly in the forest of La Plata and Brazil. It resembles oak in the trunk, and is used for railway sleepers, telegraph poles, piles, and so on. It is heavier than water, its specific gravity varying between 1,203 and 1,333. The color, at first, is reddish, like mahogany; but grows darker with time. Being rich in tannin, it is employed for tanning leather in Brazil, and has recently been introduced for that purpose in France. A mixture of one-third of quebracho and two-thirds of ordinary tan gives good results.

FUN FOR THE LADS.

Hare restorer—Game laws.

The first wager—The alpha-bet.

High art in Greece: Oleomargarine.

"Raw for me!" shouts the lover of oysters.

Love is blind, and the young man hugged up to a girl has one nigh.

"To whirr is human," said the man who invented a flying-machine.

A country grocer advertised "bald butter." He meant "balled," though.

The well-written advertisement resembles a boomerang, for it has a prompte-turn.

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BITE,

District Diet of Upper Alsace allowing the use of the French language in the debates. The Governor holds that the Diet exceeded its legal powers.

The magistrate at Newry, Ireland, recently forbade the proposed Nationalist torchlight procession in the evening. Large forces of troops and police were sent to the town to preserve order, and were hooted and groaned at by the people.

The latest authentic information from M. de Brazza states that he was at Brazzaville, on the Congo, in excellent health, as were all the members of his party, and that there was no probability of a conflict with either Mr. Stanley's expedition or the natives.

A pastoral from Cardinal McCabe was read in the Catholic churches of Dublin recently, strongly denouncing secret societies, which, it said, seemed to possess a fatal charm for Irishmen, ending generally with the hangman's rope or the infamy of an informer.

Latest advices from Madagascar contradict the recent report that the Malagassy envoys had been strangled. Admiral Galiber, the French commander at Madagascar, expects to march inland in February or March. There is much sickness among the French troops.

At Danville, Pa., Policeman Kennedy attempted to arrest Green Miller, a negro who was beating his wife. Miller resisted, and choked Kennedy. Policeman Williams went to Kennedy's assistance, when Miller bit him several times. Williams finally shot him mortally.

An insurrectionary plot among members of a rifle battalion at Barcelona has been discovered, and several of the officers arrested. The officers of the garrison at Lerida, on the northern frontier of France, have been ordered to sleep in barracks, owing to rumours of an intended rising.

The Marquis of Hartington, Secretary at War, in a speech recently, stated that the British Government had received an intimation from the German Government that it is willing to co-operate with England to protect their subjects and interests in China in the event of war between China and France.

Owing to the attack by the Chinese upon Haidzuong a state of siege has been proclaimed there by Admiral Courbet. Some Annamite Mandarins who connived at the movements of the Chinese have been arrested. Offensive operations by the French are imminent. The health of the troops is excellent.

It is reported that M. Waddington, the French Ambassador at London, has informed Earl Granville that France intends to occupy Bacninh and Sontay to satisfy her honor, but will not engage in war with China, and that after the surrender of these two places France will propose an armistice and ask for English meditation,

A frightful tragedy has caused the color, at first, is reddish, like mahogany; but grows darker with time. Being rich in tannin, it is employed for tanning leather in Brazil, and has recently been introduced for that purpose in France. A mixture of one-third of quebracho and two-thirds of ordinary tan gives good results.

FUN FOR THE LADS.

Hare restorer—Game laws.

The first wager—The alpha-bet.

High art in Greece: Oleomargarine.

"Raw for me!" shouts the lover of oysters.

Love is blind, and the young man hugged up to a girl has one nigh.

"To whirr is human," said the man who invented a flying-machine.

A country grocer advertised "bald butter." He meant "balled," though.

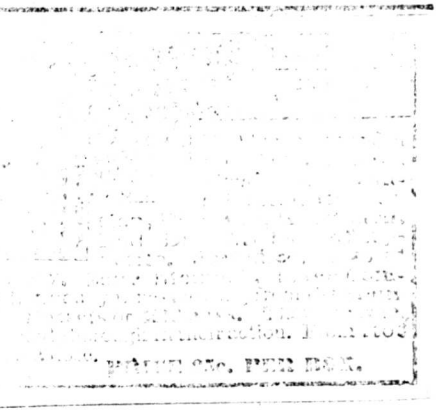
The well-written advertisement resembles a boomerang, for it has a prompte turn.

If the hearts of the two wedded giants beat as one, what a terrible thumping there must be.

"My mind to me a kingdom is," said Sniffles to his girl. "Yes, I should say it was a king dumb."

"Papa," said a Hamilton boy, "do goats give milk?" "Yes, Tommy." "And a goat is a butter, isn't it?" "Yes, my son." "Well, then, isn't goat's milk buttermilk?"

"Excuse me," said a polite citizen to a colored man, "I didn't kick you on purpose." "No, sah; kicked me on the shin, sah. Scuze yer dis time, but don't git in de habit ob it sah."



NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The subscriber wishes to notify the public that he has removed from Dr. Shirley's shop on Centre-St, to the shop lately occupied by Duncan Benn, Dundas-st. east, near W. Joy's Carriage Shop, where he will always be on hand to do all kinds of

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING

in a neat, strong and satisfactory manner and all kinds of work in his line, including Horseshoeing and Repairing.

Particular Attention given to Shoeing Interfering Horses.

Give him a call. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Residence adjoining the shop, where he will

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A frightful tragedy has caused the greatest sensation at Vienna. Felix von Kuh, sixteen years old, son of the railway director, Ritter von Kuh, and his elder brother loved Fraulein Thorsch, daughter of the well known banker who died in July last leaving 15,000,000 florins. Felix shot himself with a revolver and died immediately.

In the trial of O'Donnell for the murder of Carey, only one witness was called for the defence. The jury after two hours' deliberation returned a verdict of "wilful murder," and the judge passed sentence of death. After the sentence had been pronounced the doomed man broke out into violent curses, and had to be removed from the dock by force.

The result of O'Donnell's trial was eagerly awaited by Irish circles in London, where it was generally expected the verdict would be manslaughter. Some of the League branches have resolved to form committees to memorialize the Home Secretary to commute the sentence. It was thought probable an attempt will be made to bring pressure on the United States Government to intervene for a commutation of the sentence. All the morning papers endorse the verdict in the case of O'Donnell.

Mr. T. D. Sullivan, M.P., referring to the action of the Government in proclaiming Newry, said it had not been the custom of the Nationalists to interfere with Orange celebrations, but that henceforth when Orange meetings were announced the Nationalists would probably hold counter meetings, and thus compel the Government to proclaim both. He attributed the present unhappy state of affairs to the recent tour of Sir Stafford Northcote.

A Dublin despatch says: Archbishop Croke, speaking at Waterford, said after what had been achieved in the last few years by the Irish party in Parliament under their great leader, he had no doubt

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Particular Attention given to Shoeing Interfering Horses.

Give him a call. Satisfaction guaranteed. Residence adjoining the shop, where he will be found outside of business hours.

J. C. COLE, General Blacksmith.

Napanee, Nov. 16th, 1881.

Burdock
Blood
Bitters

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE, BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired, All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock,

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

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See advertisemen
ask your Druggist
remarkable cures.

The above remedi
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Light's PL

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SASHES, DOOR
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Made to Order an

A large quantity
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Parties building
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Napanee, Aug. 2

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Oh, my Back!

Is there a miserable, weakening pain in the small of the back? Is urination painful? Do you have palpitation of the heart? Do strange, indescribable feelings creep up your back and sides? Does the least exertion weary you? Does your urine show brickdust or albuminous deposit? Does any sudden fright cause an intense, sharp pain in the small of your back? Do you have an aching in the groin? Is your memory impaired? Is your breath short? Are there shooting pains about your vitals? Are you becoming dropsical?

These are all symptoms of kidney diseases. Be on your guard against them. If let run it may end in Bright's Disease, which is sure death.

Your best course is to procure at once a bottle of SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS costing only 50c. It will cure any form of Kidney Complaint, except Bright's Disease, it will relieve the symptoms and defer the evil day sometimes indefinitely.

SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS is a medicine as harmless as water. The world has not seen its equal as a cure for diseases which attack the Kidneys and for the complaints to which females are alone liable. It is of more value than any medical compound known to the medical faculty.

Sold by all Druggists and at Depot 150 St. James St. West, Montreal, Price 50c.

Important to Impaired Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture Treatment was introduced to the American people several

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by E. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

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Sold by all Druggists and at Depot 150 St. James St. West, Montreal, Price 50c.

Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was introduced to the American people several years ago in such a manner as to completely secure the confidence of the whole nation. The mode of introduction was by furnishing the remedy to those afflicted with Hernia in any of its various forms and collecting no pay until a permanent cure was effected. In this way the treatment gained a world-wide reputation on its own merits, never failing to cure any reducible Hernia. The Company has at the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost, compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptoms is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies [illegible] by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

Light's PLANING Mill,

DUNDAS ST. WEST,

NAPANEE.

SASHES, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, ETC., ETC.,

CHI[illegible] ROCK ISL[illegible] ND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

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All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r, E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't, CHICAGO.

GUARANTEE:—After fair trial, with no relief or cure effected, your money will be refunded. PRICE, $1.00.

Sold by W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

Ma Dear Sirs—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS.
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

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SMITH SHOP.

... wishes to notify the public ...ed from Dr. Shirley's shop on ... shop lately occupied by Dun... st, east, near W. Joy's Car... he will always be on hand to

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..."A" Sewing Machine,

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Light's PLANING Mill,

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NAPANEE.

SASHES, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, ETC., ETC.,

Made to Order and Constantly in Stock.

A large quantity of matched, planed and rough lumber and lath for sale at most favorable prices. Best stock to be obtained.

Contracts for buildings and repairs of all kinds carried out with promptness and satisfaction.

Parties building will save money and insure a good job by consulting me. Estimates cheerfully given.

ROBERT LIGHT.

Napanee, Aug. 28th, 1883.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Adjoining the Brisco House.

FIRST CLASS RIGS.

MODERATE CHARGES.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

GUARANTEE:—After fair trial, with no relief or cure effected, your money will be refunded. PRICE, $1.00.

Sold by

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MRS. PHILLIPS.
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still using, and, although not perfectly cured, I am so much improved that I heartily recommend it any one suffering from the same disease. While taking it for the above disease, a severe pain, which I had in my side, has entirely left me.

MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 17 Stafford St., Toronto.

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefits I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

A Bitter Truth.

There are some faces so exceeding bright
And full of witching grace that with delight
All eyes upon them dwell—faces that make
Men mad with love, faces for whose fair sake
Hundreds would gladly die—yet those who own
This wealth of loveliness have hearts of stone,
Their beauty being like the light that lies
In polar seas and shines in polar skies—
Light that the never sinking sun bestows
With many jewel gleams and rainbow glows,
But with no warmth. And so the splendor there
Is cold as death, and cruel as despair.

—*Margaret Eytinge.*

ROUTED BY EL MAHDI.

HICKS PASHA'S ARMY WIPED OUT.

Slaughtered by the False Prophet's Forces After Three Days' Resistance.

The army of Hicks Pasha has been annihilated by the forces of El Mahdi, the false prophet. Nearly ten thousand Egyptian soldiers were slaughtered, and the correspondents of several European newspapers are among the dead. The fighting, lasted three days and nights. The forces of El Mahdi comprised about 300,000 men, including dervishes, Bedouins, mulattoes, and regulars, while the forces of Hicks Pasha numbered 25,000 men according to one account and 10,500 by another. It is known that Hicks Pasha had with him when he left Khartoum the European officers, 7,000 regular infantry, 400 cavalry, of which 100 were cuirassiers and the remainder Bashi Bazouks, one battery of Krupp guns, two batteries of mountain guns, and one battery of Nordenfelts. At Berair and Duem he was reinforced by 1,600 regular infantry and 1,000 additional Bashi Bazouks, making his total command about 11,000 men. After leaving the Nile, en route to El Obeid, the headquarters of the false prophet, he was to have established some eight posts to keep up a line of communication. This would require some one thousand, leaving him barely ten thousand soldiers to meet the enormous hordes of El Mahdi, who are fully equipped with Remington rifles and rockets.

According to the first accounts as brought to Khartoum by a Coptic official, the forces of El Mahdi and Hicks Pasha came together near El Obeid. El Mahdi first sent forward his dervishes, declaring that they would vanquish the enemy by divine aid. These fanatics were armed with swords and spears, and, despite the immense carnage, they threw themselves recklessly upon the Egyptians. The forces of Hicks Pasha were divided into two bodies, but by almost superhuman exertions the sections fought their way over masses of dead bodies and were reunited about noon of the first day. The Egyptians then formed a square and resisted the infidels for two days. Finally, on the third day, the false prophet's troops broke the square, and began massacreing the Egyptians by wholesale, into a sort of trance or stupor. When he recovered he exclaimed: "I come from paradise, where I have been with Allah and his prophet, How I would like to tell you all I saw and heard, but you would not be able to understand it." By these and similar means he gathered around himself thousands of infatuated and zealous followers, to whom he finally announced that Allah had chosen him to be his prophet. He proclaimed that he was the spiritual and temporal ruler of the whole Soudan. El Mahdi's followers organized a court, formed an army, and became so formidable that Egypt, a large part of whose territory was claimed by the prophet, began to interfere. Reuf Pasha, governor of the Soudan, sent several hundred regular troops to arrest him, but they were put to flight and slaughtered. Inflamed by success, the pretender set out upon a career of conquest, and began the war now in progress. He met with varying fortunes, sometimes being victorious over the Egyptians and at other times suffering enormous losses. At Khartoum and El Obeid last year he left 10,000 of his followers in the trenches. Up to that time his total losses were estimated at about 70,000. Undaunted by reverses he gathered new forces from all parts of Mohammedan Africa and continued the war with undiminished zeal.

THE SCENE OF THE GREAT BATTLE.

The district of Kordofan, near the chief town of which the false prophet of the Soudan won the great battle, has been the scene of constant fighting ever since that remarkable imposter rose to eminence. In June of last year he there met and defeated a force of 3,500 Egyptian troops sent against him by Giegler Pasha, the governor-general of the Soudan, his troops consisting of some seven thousand negroes and Arabs, mostly armed with spears. Their onset was so fierce, notwithstanding the superiority of the Egyptians' weapons, that the latter fled immediately on being attacked. After this exploit he marched upon Sennaar, a province of Nubia, which he occupied, thus becoming undisputed master of the vast and populous territory of the Soudan, only a portion of which had been subjugated by Egypt, and all of which he placed in the rear of his victorious army by his forward movement. After the successful termination of the British operations in Egypt an expedition was sent against the prophet, which, after recovering the towns on the eastern side of the White Nile, crossed the river into Kordofan and encountered him at the place El Obeid, near which the recent battle was fought. Here the expedition was for some time besieged after an engagement in which it defeated the imposter, who suffered the loss of 15,000 men. After a time he withdrew to Birkeh, where he rested to reorganize his shattered forces and to await the arrival of reinforcements which he summoned from Bahr-el-Ghazel and Dar-

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Capt. Huestor, who was with Hicks Pasha's forces and escaped in the disguise of a Dervish, says that on the way from the battlefield he counted 150 wounded survivors of the engagement. Among these was an European artist named Power. Hicks Pasha had divided his army, sending half to El Obied to demand the surrender of that place, and with the remainder he awaited the arrival of El Mahdi, who was advancing from the southeast. Mahdi, however, met the half of Hicks Pasha's army advancing to El Obied and attacked it. Hearing the firing, Hicks Pasha came up with his whole force and formed a hollow square. Mahdi brought up his fresh regulars, who, it is supposed, were soldiers captured when El Obied fell, and who agreed to take service under him. These numbered 3,000.

Another report of the fight says that Mahdi sent his dervishes to treat with Hicks Pasha's native officers, saying to the Egyptians: "We like you. You are mussulmans. Why fight? Surrender." The dervishes were received by a volley, and then the battle commenced.

The following officers were with the expedition: Col. Farquhar, chief of staff; Majs. Warner, Seckindorf, and Massey; Capts. Heath and Walker; Surgeon Maj. Rosenberg; Lieut.-Cols. Colborne and Coitlogan, and Maj. Martin, the commander of the cavalry, Surgeon-General Georges Bay, Capt. Anatyaga, Morris Brady, late sergeant-major of the royal horse artillery, Maj. Evans, and certain pashes and beys.

The most trustworthy sheiks in the service of the government who arrived at Daven report 11,000 men, including Hicks Pasha, the governor-general, and his entire staff annihilated in a defile at the governor-general of the Soudan, his troops consisting of some seven thousand negroes and Arabs, mostly armed with spears. Their onset was so fierce, notwithstanding the superiority of the Egyptians' weapons, that the latter fled immediately on being attacked. After this exploit he marched upon Sennaar, a province of Nubia, which he occupied, thus becoming undisputed master of the vast and populous territory of the Soudan, only a portion of which had been subjugated by Egypt, and all of which he placed in the rear of his victorious army by his forward movement. After the successful termination of the British operations in Egypt an expedition was sent against the prophet, which, after recovering the towns on the eastern side of the White Nile, crossed the river into Kordofan and encountered him at the place El Obeid, near which the recent battle was fought. Here the expedition was for some time besieged after an engagement in which it defeated the imposter, who suffered the loss of 15,000 men. After a time he withdrew to Birkeh, where he rested to reorganize his shattered forces and to await the arrival of reinforcements which he summoned from Bahr-el-Ghazel and Darfoor. Strengthened by their arrival, and emboldened by the vacillating attitude of the Egyptians, he resumed operations this year. These have, if the dispatches are to be credited, been conducted hitherto with varying success, and for the present at least have been brought to an end by the crushing defeat just inflicted on the forces under Hicks Pasha.

The various districts of Egypt over which El Mahdi, or "the precursor," as the false prophet—whose real name is Mohammed Ahmed—is called, now exercises sway comprise Sennaar, Kordofan, Darfoor, Donga, and Bahr-el-Ghazel, the latter being strictly but a division of Donga. These contain several hundred thousand square miles, but their limits are poorely defined, not only as regards their outer frontiers, but with respect to each other. Speaking roughly, they may be said to extend from latitude 15 to 2 north, with their greatest breadth between longitude 22 and 35 west. Their population has never been estimated with anything like accuracy. Kordofan, which extends farther north than the others, is supposed to be inhabited by 164,740 dwellers in towns, villages, and cultivators of the soil, and about 114,000 nomads. Sennaar supports a population of about 1,500,000, and Darfoor one numbering some 4,000,000. Of Donga not enough is known to enable an estimate to be made. Probably it is at least as populous as Darfoor. This would make El Mahdi ruler over something like nine and a quarter millions of people.

The characteristics of this vast region vary greatly, according to locality. Kordofan, the battle-ground of the revolt, is, for the most part, a rolling steppe, elevations of more than fifty feet being such remarkable features in the landscape as to

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The most trustworthy sheiks in the service of the government who arrived at Daven report 11,000 men, including Hicks Pasha, the governor-general, and his entire staff annihilated in a defile at Kashgate, whither they were led by a treacherous guide. The guide led them to a rocky, wooded defile which was without water, and where an ambuscade had been prepared by the rebels who were armed with rifles and artillery. Hicks Pasha was unable to use his guns. For three days the army, worn by thirst, defended itself, but on the fourth day it was annihilated to a man. Vizetelly, Artere, and fifty soldiers who were outside came in and were taken prisoners. They were carried to El Obied. The rebels captured thirty-six Krupp, Nordenfeldt, and mountain guns, and all the flags and munition of war and camels.

The catastrophe seems to have wholly paralyzed the Egyptian government. Unless very speedy action is taken, it is feared Suakim will fall into the hands of the tribes in revolt acting in concert with Mahdi. The latter is thought to be near Khartoum. If that place should be captured there would be no good defensible position between Mahdi and Cairo except Minich, which is only six hours distant from Cairo. No one believes Mahdi will rest content with the conquest of Soudan. It is feared Turkey will interfere and insist on reconquering the lost province. Neither English nor French wish this. The prospect thus bristles with serious complications.

THE FALSE PROPHET.

El Mahdi, the false prophet, was born at Dongola, and was of humble origin. His real name is Mohammed Ahmed. In his youth he learned to read and write, and after he had emigrated to Sennaar he abandoned his trade as carpenter and became a public reader of the koran. He was eloquent, imaginative, strong-willed, and apt at dissimulation. Pretending to be in direct communication with Allah, he frequently, in the midst of his speeches, stopped suddenly and appeared to fall

their outer frontiers, but with respect to each other. Speaking roughly, they may be said to extend from latitude 15 to 2 north, with their greatest breadth between longitude 22 and 35 west. Their population has never been estimated with anything like accuracy. Kordofan, which extends farther north than the others, is supposed to be inhabited by 164,740 dwellers in towns, villages, and cultivators of the soil, and about 114,000 nomads. Sennaar supports a population of about 1,500,000, and Darfoor one numbering some 4,000,000. Of Donga not enough is known to enable an estimate to be made. Probably it is at least as populous as Darfoor. This would make El Mahdi ruler over something like nine and a quarter millions of people.

The characteristics of this vast region vary greatly, according to locality. Kordofan, the battle-ground of the revolt, is, for the most part, a rolling steppe, elevations of more than fifty feet being such remarkable features in the landscape as to serve as marks for a whole day's journey. The average elevation of the district above the sea is about 1,600 feet. There are few streams, and in the dry season water is an article of commerce. The nomadic population is remarkable for its fine physique and capacity of endurance. Sennaar is separated from Kordofan by the White Nile and is traversed farther to the east by that river's chief affluent, the Blue Nile, the two joining at Khartoum and forming the Nile proper. In its northern part this district is almost rainless, two and even three years sometimes passing without the occurrence of a single shower. In the south, however, there is a regular rainy season that lasts from May until September. The climate is intensely warm, the thermometer frequently marking a temperature of 120 d grees in the shade. The soil is fertile along the White Nile; animals, such as the elephant, giraffe, zebra, rhinoceros, lion, camel, hippopotamus, hyena, leopard, antelope, and others familiar to students of books of African travel, are found in the country. The inhabitants are composed of a mixture of races, about half of them belonging to a servile class and all being described as dissolute, idle, and drunken. The prevailing religion is Mohammedan. The people of Donga partake of many of the characteristics of those just described, so far as they are known. Many of them are warlike, and until recently were active participants in the raids made into the purely negro countries to capture slaves. Darfoor is a mountaineous country, some peaks of the Marra chain rising to the height of 4,000 feet. The climate is generally healthy, the rainy season lasting from June to September. The land in the vicinity of the mountain streams, or wadis, most of which lose themselves in the sands of Kordofan, is fairly fertile; whereelse it partakes closely of the char-

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AT BATTLE.

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Besides the districts referred to there would seem to be every reason to believe that numbers of the Mahdi's followers come from the independent regions of the Soudan, which are inhabited by mixed Arab and negro races, Mohammedan in creed and much giving to warfare. These districts have reached a higher development than those that had been brought under Egyptian rule, large towns being common and a certain sort of barbaric order having superseded the tribal system to a considerable extent. Mention is sometimes made of bodies of cavalry that form parts of the prophet's forces, a circumstance that lends additional probability to the assumption that his sway is very much more extended than might at first be supposed, for the people of the Egyptian Soudan are not as a rule possessors of many horses, while those in the independent territories are expert cavalrymen.

Dick Johnson's Picture.

Dick kept *the* fashionable saloon in town. It was tip-top. Every glass was polished to perfection. The liquors just sparkled in the decanters. The counter was all over carving and gilding, and the bar-tender was the daintiest young man in Fiddleburg.

Dick himself was proud of "that 'ere establishment," as he called it. He would look into the mirrors with perfect pride, as he beheld his own picture in their polished faces.

Fiddleburg had a new painter. He was an artist. A picture by Nicols was a real gem. Most of the stores had one, in some shape or another. The livery stable man had a horse painted that people came miles to see. The butcher had a cow that you could almost hear calling her calf, so life-like did it appear. The restaurant man had a pie and some cakes and doughnuts so exquisitely done, that when he put them in his window the boys felt just like grabbing at them. The milliner had a wooden dummy in her window, with a face and neck so tinted and fixed that men all stopped to gaze at that lovely thing.

Dick Johnson thought he would have a grand sign for his saloon. Cost, to him, was nothing so that it might be grand and suggestive.

"Hello, old fellow," said Dick, as he entered the paint shop, and saw a splen-

PERSONALITIES.

All Sorts of Items About All Sorts of People.

A volume in the Public Library of Boston, Massachusetts, contains the autograph of Martin Luther.

Field-Marshal Von Moltke, though more than eighty years old takes much pleasure in hunting, and is very successful in the sport.

A quaint pencil portrait of a lady, with the words beneath, "J. E. Millais, ætat. 8," has been lately seen in a house at Fulham, England.

Mr. Labouchere leaves the conduct of his paper, *Truth*, now very much to a deputy. Mr. Yates gives the *World* close personal attention.

Policemen in London go about in pairs. They are an army in numbers, but no censure of the cost of the constabulary has ever been heard from the most parsimonious ratepayer.

Sir Wilfred Lawson, the Radical statesman, does not know why people should quarrel over politics and religion. He would as soon think of quarreling with a person having the rheumatism.

Sara Bernhardt has hit upon a novel way of advertising herself. She has just had a new brand of cheese named after her. If the article, however, is as ordorous as the lady's reputation, we doubt very much that it will ever become generally popular.

Mr. Gladstone once said the duty of a government is to make it easy for men to right, and difficult for them to do wrong, and the duty of the people in relation to the government is to make it easy for the government to do right, and difficult for it to do wrong.

John Ruskin will lecture at the London Institution, on the 4th of February next, on "The Storm Cloud of the Nineteenth Century." The subject seems to be outside the realm of art criticism, and his discussion of it will doubtless be all the more valuable.

The new London Lord Mayor, Fowler, is of good birth and education, a college graduate and much travelled. He is a partner in Fowler, Dimsdale & Co., a London banking house, founded by Baron Dimsdale, a physician, who went to Russia to inoculate the Empress Catherine, and whom she loaded with money and honors.

Victoria, the second daughter of the Crown Prince and Princess of Germany, has been betrothed to the only son of the Duke of Anhalt, who, although lord of a small duchy of a hundred and fifty thousand dollars yearly income, is one of the richest Europeans, having in addition vast estates and immense personal property.

In a letter just received Mrs. Craik pro-

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Dick Johnson thought he would have a grand sign for his saloon. Cost, to him, was nothing so that it might be grand and suggestive.

"Hello, old fellow," said Dick, as he entered the paint shop, and saw a splendid figure for a cigar stand just finished, "I've got a job for you. It must be something hifalutin, and the bill ain't limited."

That was just what our man of colors wanted. He was ambitious, and very glad to get the chance to paint something really fine, if he could only get well paid for it.

"I want a sign," said Dick, "something to show what I do—to suggest the business, you know; just anything good you can think of. You are a painter, and can tell better than I what will do."

"I'll do my very best," said Nicols, and Dick was off without another word.

The painter went to work, and all his skill and ingenuity was brought to the task. He got a long wide side board, and filled it with human figures, almost life size, and so life-like in appearance that you could almost see them stir. Beginning at one end was a good-looking young man, coming to take a drink. The next figure was the same man, somewhat intoxicated; and in the next he was down in the gutter; then in jail; then in a fight, and lastly a poor broken down man in poverty. Alongside, in the different stages of life were his mother and sisters weeping at his condition, and a sad wife and children at her side. Then the boy was seen in the Industrial School, and his girl in the Magdalen. It was most beautifully painted, and underneath was lettered, in fine characters, "We make these things here."

When Dick was told it was done, he settled the bill, ordered it put up at once, lighted his cigar and went on with his exciting game of cards, not taking time even to look at his new embellishment. It was covered with paper till dark, so as to surprise the residents of Fiddleburg at daylight. And it did, too. Next morning, as Dick's usual customers came for their usual morning bitters, they saw that picture, and—stepped back, having changed their minds about what they would do. Not one of them crossed the threshold.

Dick had played late, and drank rather freely, and therefore slept till noon. When he came down stairs the saloon was empty. Bar-keeper and every one else in town had been in front studying that new sign, but no one seemed anxious for "a smile" under the circumstances. Dick went out to see

in Fowler, Dimsdale & Co., a London banking house, founded by Baron Dimsdale, a physician, who went to Russia to inoculate the Empress Catherine, and whom she loaded with money and honors.

Victoria, the second daughter of the Crown Prince and Princess of Germany, has been betrothed to the only son of the Duke of Anhalt, who, although lord of a small duchy of a hundred and fifty thousand dollars yearly income, is one of the richest Europeans, having in addition vast estates and immense personal property.

In a letter just received Mrs. Craik protests against being called by American journals Dinah Mulock Craik, which she says is not her name. In private life she is Mrs. Dinah Maria Craik, or Mrs. George Lillie Craik, while in public she prefers to be known only as "the author of *John Halifax, Gentleman.*" It is not the custom in England for married ladies to retain their maiden name.

During the fifty-years that have elapsed since the death of the composer Schubert so many alterations have been made in his songs that the original text of the music is often widely different from the present one. An attempt is being made to restore the text to its primitive condition by comparing it with the autograph copies made by Schubert himself, and preserved in public and private collections, chiefly in Vienna.

In responding to an address of welcome while at Liverpool, on his return from Canada, the Marquis of Lorne said that if he had been able to advance the prosperity of that country, it was very much owing to the labors of the Princess Louise, who had "undertaken voyages and journeys which must have been trying to any one, even in the strongest health, with the view of helping to make the people of Europe know the advantages and resources of Canada." This explains very handsomely why the Princess was so often and so protractedly absent from the Dominion.

In Russia the Nihilists are now broken up into widely scattered groups, each more or less independent of the rest. They are desperately in need of funds. Last spring a rich Russian widow married a young Pole, and soon afterward was murdered and robbed. Six months afterward, on being arrested as a Nihilist, he confessed he had murdered the widow for the sake of her money, which he had distributed among the young Nihilists of Poland. Similar cases have frequently occurred.

Queen Elizabeth of Roumania was seen recently, on a state occasion, in an elegant national costume. "The skirt and corsage, full and flowing, were cream-colored, with gold embroidery; a gauze veil of a rosy tint enveloped her head and neck, and like a morning cloud floated round her sweet and smiling countenance, on which at moments appeared a passing

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Just at the moment, the importers' windows are filled with striped dress goods of every description, the most expensive and attractive being the *rage* fabrics of satin and velvet alternating, the satin stripe very frequently being richly embossed with clusters of small brilliant flowers.

Rich brocades with patterns of many-tinted flowers in wreaths and sprays that copy nature literally in size and color are on grounds of colored satin. Birds and butterflies, shrimps and many less agreeable objects, as well as many fruit designs, are employed for such rich materials as embossed velvets and elegant brocaded satins.

An aged colored couple in Terre Haute Ind., who have had twenty-five children, four of whom were killed in the war, decline a pension, saying that the Government had done enough for them in emancipating their race.

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The Chicago *Lever*, writing in regard to the Woman Suffrage question, which is now becoming an important political question every where, says :—"We cannot agree with those who believe that the ballot in the hands of women would be a complete cure for all the dangers which threaten us. We believe that women are better than men on the average. There are *less* women than men in our jails. There are *more* women than men in our churches. Drunkenness and profanity are less common among women than men. All this does not prove that there are no bad women in the world, but it does prove that the average woman stands on a higher moral plane than the average man."

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stone once said the duty of a t is to make it easy for men to difficult for them to do wrong, y of the people in relation to nent is to make it easy for the t to do right, and difficult for ng.

skin will lecture at the Lontion, on the 4th of February "The Storm Cloud of the Century." The subject e outside the realm of art nd his discussion of it will e all the more valuable.

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THE POMP AND CIRCUMSTANCE OF GERMAN WAR.

As seen by an American Monarch.

Oh, the pomp, pride and circumstance of glorious war! We came here to witness the "manovers" of the Eleventh Army Corps of Germany. This consisted of, first, a grand parade before the Kaiser and his suite, composed of kings, princes and dignitaries from mostof the countries of Europe and the East, and, second, of movements simulating a grand combat between hostile armies.

The Eleventh Army Corps marshalled over 30,000 men—infantry, cavalry, artillery, lancers and pontooners—with their accompanying trains of waggons and ambulances.

My acquaintance with military affairs being somewhat limited, I preferred the station of an humble spectator rather than the place to which my rank as an American sovereign entitled me, among the 200 or 300 personages that constituted the suite of the Emperor. In consequence, the display was further removed than I could have wished a mistake for which I shall take Gen. Von Moltke to task on the very first opportunity. I shall not now attempt to describe in detail the costumes and equipments either of the corps or of the Kaiser and his suite. I can only say of the latter that they were as gorgeous in color as a parterre of brilliant flowers, and must have dazzled the eyes of the soldiers as he moved in solid phalanx from one end of the line to the other, at least a mile in length. The troops were almost equally brilliant in their costumes of blue, red, yellow and white, and their gilded hemlets shone like a golden pavement. Afterwards the troops all passed along in front of the Emperor, the cavalry and cannon at full trot. The precision of movement would have satisfied the most captious critic, and with reason, for the corps is composed mainly of

VETERANS OF THE LATE WAR,

whose drill and bearing were as perfect as German military skill could make them. It was a sight worth seeing, and when one remembered that there were fifteen corps in the standing army, or 450,000 men, and that in a month's notice the Empire can bring into the field, fully equipped and munitioned for service, 1,500,000, the best disciplined and fitted for duty of any army in the world, he cannot but realise the immense strength and energy of the German people.

The second day's performance consisted of the manœuvres of the army in battle with a supposed enemy. The field covered by these movements was not less than three to five miles in length and breadth. My party was posted on an eminence as little removed from danger as the general commanding on our side—that of the enemy—was willing to allow. So, though the day was lowering, with rain and mist a King. But if on the field he looks still young, at home, and as I scanned him yesterday at the Schloss Church, sitting opposite and very near, I could see that

THE YEARS HAVE TOLD UPON HIM,

even though I had not. The Kaiserin, who sat on his right, and who was carried in a chair (for she does not walk), was worse than old, for she *enamels* terribly, and looks like a ghost—if we know how such a thing looks. I did not tell her so, because I feared the advice would not be received with a good grace, the Empress having a temper of her own, as well as a false face. The Crown Princess Victoria, who sat next her, is fat and forty, but not fair, in fact a second edition of her mother, the Queen, only if possible *more* so. Yet she has made herself deservedly beloved and popular by kindly and generous acts. A son and a daughter were also present—the latter apparently about 16 or 18 years old, and an image of her grandmother, as she appeared to me when a young girl—a pleasant oval face, but not handsome. Years, and the fat which comes with them, do not improve this race. The Crown Prince has a fine manly figure and a full brown beard, very slightly touched with gray. As he and the Prince of Wales sat conversing together, in a box at the theatre last week, it struck me as a little comical that both these princes should have grown old waiting to slip into shoes that decline to empty. It is to be hoped their heads do not ache for the crowns that will cause them to ache quite soon enough.

The young King of Spain was in the same box, and made quite a contrast—a slender, genteel young fellow of about 30, with jet black hair, mustache and whiskers, well trimmed. I was sorry not to have the opportunity to make his better acquaintance, for the face had

A PLEASING, OPEN AND CANDID EXPRESSION.

He frequently nodded and smiled to the ladies in the imperial box opposite, and took occasion to visit it several times and chat with the young princess, Victoria's granddaughter, with whom his efforts did not seem to be eminently successful. The King of Servia also made his appearance in the box, but as he had not the honor of my acquaintance, for I have barely seen him, I can only say that he seems to be about 40, with a full, round face, not over intellectual. The King of Saxony, who was also present, is a man of 60 or more, gray, but erect and tall. I fear he has a hard time of it, since he has played second fiddle to the Emperor, and the glory of the lesser kingdom of Germany has been absorbed by the greater. It is not my purpose to step out of the sphere of the crowned heads to notice the throng of lesser luminaries. Let them look for consideration to their own press.

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WE SAW NEITHER DEAD NOR WOUNDED,

nor did we even hear the whistle of a bullet. In fact, the event too much resembled the fierce combat that took place between the burghers of Manhattan and the Swedes, as described by Irving, in that the historian, while dealing with death blows fast and thick, had to be careful not to allow any of the combatants to be killed, lest he should falsify history.

But this mock battle, though deficient in the horrors of actual war, was well calculated to give us a good idea of the operations of armies on the battlefield.

Oh, the pomp, pride and splendors of royalty! Among the crowd drawn hither by the fame of the manœuvres, besides the Kaiser and Kaiserin, are no less than three other Kings—those of Spain, Saxony and Servia; two Crown Princes, Germany and England, Prince Frederick

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I must nevertheless make an exception in the case of Count von Moltke—a true gentleman of the old school, as well as the famous captain who piloted the German armies so successfully through the French war. On horseback he is young as ever, but sitting at rest he appears quite aged, as he really is to my certain knowledge. But I do not let it be known here, for the ladies at least would not believe me, to judge by the crowds of young girls that continue to get near him whenever they have a chance, and whom he is so fond of, as gay old fellows, like the Count and myself, are apt to be, you know.

Women on our School Boards.

The *Globe* has been the first to suggest the election or appointment of two or three women as members of the Toronto School Board next year. Why not? In England women have been acting in that capacity for a time, and who says that the Canadian women are not just as capable as their sisters the other side of the Atlantic? The men who still think that women have not the necessary brains, or intelligence, or good judgment, for any other position than mere house ornaments, or household conveniences, are simply old fogies. The days they dream about are past, and the women of to-day are much different from their ideal creatures and fancies.

Probably, as a whole, the mothers of Canada to-day pay more attention to the physical, moral, and intellectual development of the children than do the fathers, and they are in a better position to judge of just what is required in our common schools for the well being of the rising generation. They are, too, in a much better position to judge of the progress the children make under certain teachers, or certain systems of teaching. We believe, too, that the women would pay a good deal more careful attention to School Board matters than the average male Trustee now does, and there would be fewer failures of meetings for "want of a quorum" than we now read about, if the School Boards were only differently made up. By all means then, gentleman, stand aside, for the women are coming to the front, and you can't stop the advance, if you want to.

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Oh, the pomp, pride and splendors of royalty! Among the crowd drawn hither by the fame of the manœuvres, besides the Kaiser and Kaiserin, are no less than three other Kings—those of Spain, Saxony and Servia; two Crown Princes, Germany and England, Prince Frederick Cyarles, and some thirty other Princes and Princesses of Germany, some of whom are no longer sovereigns; English and German Dukes and Lords, and envoys from many foreign countries, including Turkey, China and Japan. Of course two such American sovereigns as the King of Springwells and his brother-in-law, Bela, King of Edom are not to be excluded. Consequently, we are surrounded by royalty. Emperors exhibit before us all their honors; we meet Kings and Princes in our daily walks and drives; such lower orders, as dukes and nobles, of course we hardly deign to notice—they are too common, altogether, as well as too numerous—only what was born to the purple satisfies our fastidious eyes and fills our souls with royal satisfaction. And here we all are—we and they—gathered into one little burg, and pensioned out among the innumerable boarding houses.

Since I was last in Homburg the Kaiser has aged considerably, and is looking thinner than his portraits represent him, but his activity has not apparently diminished; he bears wonderfully the fatigue of the daily services of troops, dinners at the Kursaal and evening theatre. He sits his horse for hours at a time, and, intimate as we are with him, we cannot see but that he bears up under his weight of 85 years as well as he did under his three score and ten, when we knew him only as

England women have been acting in that capacity for a time, and who says that the Canadian women are not just as capable as their sisters the other side of the Atlantic? The men who still think that women have not the necessary brains, or intelligence, or good judgment, for any other position than mere house ornaments, or household conveniences, are simply old fogies. The days they dream about are past, and the women of to-day are much different from their ideal creatures and fancies.

Probably, as a whole, the mothers of Canada to-day pay more attention to the physical, moral, and intellectual development of the children than do the fathers, and they are in a better position to judge of just what is required in our common schools for the well being of the rising generation. They are, too, in a much better position to judge of the progress the children make under certain teachers, or certain systems of teaching. We believe, too, that the women would pay a good deal more careful attention to School Board matters than the average male Trustee now does, and there would be fewer failures of meetings for "want of a quorum" than we now read about, if the School Boards were only differently made up. By all means then, gentleman, stand aside, for the women are coming to the front, and you can't stop the advance, if you want to.

A Self-Propelling Buggy.

Mr. A. E. Seay, of our town, says the Port Gibson (Miss.) *Reveille*, tells us he has placed his plans for a self-propelling buggy in the hands of a good model-maker in Philadelphia for a working model of his invention. He says it differs from other steam or self-propelling vehicles going the rounds of the papers. The machine can be made about the usual size of an ordinary buggy with four wheels, with power equivalent to two horses. The machinery, engines, generator, and occupant of the vehicle, are supported by the rear or driving-wheels, which give it the necessary traction to insure success. The front wheels act as a balancing and controlling medium. He uses liquid fuel, and can generate the maximum power in less time than a horse can be harnessed and attached to a buggy. The machine can be operated and controlled as easily as a lady can a sewing machine, and can be made to run twenty or more miles per hour, on good roads, and will ascend a hill having a rise of seventeen feet to the undred with perfect ease.

A tailor informed one of his creditors that if he did not settle his bill immedi ately he woudl commence suit, but was surprised to receive a postal-card by return mail politely iuforming him to look to the settlement of one suit before commencing another.

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Stoves, Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R. G. WRIGHT'S,

126 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 21, 1883.

—MERRY CHRISTMAS.

—Mr. D. W. Allison was gazetted on Saturday last as M. P. for Lennox.

—Friday last was a very cold day—especially for the Tories of West Middlesex and West Simcoe.

—Mowat is going—ahead. His majority in the House is now 14. It will be 20 after the other contested elections are over.

—The Lennox Provincial election case was before the Court of Appeal yesterday. Decision will not be reached before the end of the week.

—There is a tide in the affairs of political parties as well as men. The tide is at the flow with Reformers and they are taking advantage of it. It will lead them to the Government benches at Ottawa inside of four years.

—The elections on Friday last resulted in a glorious victory. Hon. Geo. W. Ross, the new Minister of Education, was elected for West Middlesex by the handsoms majority of 156, notwithstanding the great efforts of the bribery brigade to defeat him; Mr. D. M. Cameron the Reform candidate carried the same constituency for the Commons and Mr. Phelps retained his seat in West Simcoe by an increased majority. The Op-

ever light the Standard's course cannot be defended. It, in the first place, advocated the cause of a man whom it knew to be blasphemer; secondly, it suppressed from its readers the proof of the blasphemy which was given in public court, and lastly, it is now vainly trying to make it appear that the great wrong was done—not by Roe, the author of the blasphemy—but by THE EXPRESS, in giving it publicity. Can the organ believe for a minute that it will be able to convince even the most narrow-minded Conservative that its course is right? Verily, the organ's wits are rapidly running out.

—There is a Cabinet crisis at Quebec. Premier Mousseau will resign and a new Cabinet will be formed by Dr. Ross, of Three Rivers, in which the Castor element will predominate. Mr. Mousseau will retire to a judgeship.

—The Mail admits since the West Middlesex elections that Mr. Mowat's "private character is irreproachable." The proper definition of a man of irreproachable private character is, according to the Mail, "Bull Pup" and "Slugger." The Mail, our readers will remember, "is a gentleman's paper—written by gentleman for gentleman."

—The frantic efforts A. H. Roe is making to quash the proceedings brought against him by Mr. E. B. Miles for bribery, are strong evidences of his guilt. Were he able to clear himself of the charges, as he alleged he was at the Conservative Convention, he would be glad of the opportunity of having the court pronounce upon his actions. But he knows that his denial of guilt will not stand. He is afraid that the trial would disclose the truth and he would be brought into still greater contempt with the people—if such were possible—and hence his efforts to quash proceedings. We understand he has appealed against the decision of Mr. Dalton as a last resort.

—The Toronto News every Saturday contains a letter to a prominent politician. Two weeks ago Sir Charles Tupper was the subject and he was handled without gloves. Last Saturday Sir Richard Cartwright was the person addressed. The two afforded a striking contrast. The worst the writer could charge Sir Richard with was aristocratic leanings. He admits that Sir Richard is scrupulously honest and can be trusted with public funds; that he was never at any time a servile follower of the Conservatives; that he is probably the best read public man in Canada, and that he is all in all a most estimable gentleman. Harder things than these could be said of a public man.

—The Tories express a determination to displace Mr. John Webster from the town assessorship next year. They have Tory assessors in nearly all the other municipalities and they think they would run their elec-

MILES vs. ROE.

MOTION TO DISMISS THE ACT FUSED.

Action to be Proceeded Wi

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—The Mowat Government has had a succession of victories this week. Immediately following the news of the triumphant election of Hon. Mr. Ross and Mr. Phelps, came a cablegram announcing a victory for the Government before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in England, in the matter of Hodge vs. the Queen, involving the constitutionality of the Crooks Act and the right of the Provinces to regulate the liquor traffic. The case was that of a Mr. Hodge, of Toronto, who sold liquor to a minor, and kept his billiard room open after hours. He was fined and the case appealed from one court to another, with the result of obtaining a decision by the Privy Council on the following points:—

1. That the Local Legislature has full legislative authority to enact laws and regulations regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors.

2. That the same Legislature has power to delegate that authority to Boards of License Commissioners.

3. That such Boards of Commissioners have the power to authorize the punishment by fine or imprisonment of any one found guilty of violating such laws and regulations

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—The Tories express a determination to displace Mr. John Webster from the town assessorship next year. They have Tory assessors in nearly all the other municipalities and they think they would run their elections better with a Tory in his place. It is well that Reformers should know this. Conservatives always cry no politics at municipal elections, but it is singular that they always consider the candidate who is a Tory the best fitted for the office, and they vote for him every time. They are now running the elections throughout the county on straight party lines and hope to accomplish their ends by inducing Reformers to vote for their tools. Reformers should not be hoodwinked in that way. And it is not likely they will.

—The complaint against Mr. Webster that he acted the partisan has no foundation whatever. His has always been a fair and just assessment. It is true that two voters were omitted from the roll this year, but that was merely a mistake. One was omitted by an oversight on the part of the assessor and the other in the same way by the clerk. Neither was intentional. Mistakes of this kind will occur with the best of men. Mr. Webster is a most efficient assessor and should stay. No doubt he will.

—If the Tory organ wants an evidence of partisan assessorship letit look to Richmond. No less than forty Reform votes were omitted from the roll of last year. The work was done in the same manner in Ernesttown. In some of the townships the mistakes were no doubt unintentional, but not so in Richmond. The assessor for that township evidently laid himself out to make all the Tory votes possible and to put on just as few Reformers as he could help. The Tory organ has no grounds for complaint on the score of assessment. With honest voters' lists Mr. Allison's majority would not have been less than 200.

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Mr. Dalton dismissed the
costs.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXP

—The band concert on Friday
was a grand success. The atte
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gramme was well given. Amo
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thur, Scott and Cameron, and M
sales, M. VanLuven, Koyle, Dr
Fox and Fry—all of whom did
parts allotted them. The proce
ed to the handsome sum of $30.

—There was a cold, sharp bli
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much like open winter.

—William Montgomery has
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moved and become a resident of

—Our school master has made
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—Mr. Miles Carrol has rented
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his own account. Well done, M

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3. That such Boards of Commissioners have the power to authorize the punishment by fine or imprisonment of any one found guilty of violating such laws and regulations.

The result of this decision is an endorsation of the contention of the Ontario Government, and the Reform leaders in the Commons, that the licensing power is vested in the Local Legislature.

—The Standard is still harping away about THE EXPRESS having published blasphemy. In its last issue it says:—

"The Napanee Express does not attempt to and cannot justify its recent publication of blasphemous and indecent literature. What choice (?) reading it was for the people to put into the hands of their children as a model of literary excellence and purity!"

We acknowledge that the report of the trial did not furnish the choicest family reading, and nothing but a sense of public duty would have led us to give it space in our columns. But the charge related to a man who the people of the county elected to one of one of the highest positions in their gift and they were entitled to a full and impartial report of the case. This we furnished. It was a public duty, and unpleasant though it was, we performed it. But how does the course of the Standard contrast with that of THE EXPRESS? The Standard knew for years—at least, one of its proprietors knew, for he swore to the fact—that Roe had used the vile blasphemy with which he was charged, yet the pitiable sheet had not a word of condemnation for the man, but on the contrary did all in its power to elevate him to a representative position. And now it has the impudence to chide THE EXPRESS, which exposed the monster, with wrong-doing. The less our contemporary has to say about this matter the better for what little reputation it has left. Look at the question in what

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—We are pleased to notice that the descendants of the U. E. Loyalists in Adolphustown have taken steps to provide for holding a centenary celebration in June next of the landing of the pilgrim fathers in that old township. By reference to our advertising columns in will be seen that a meeting is called for the Town Hall, Adolphustown, on Monday, June 10. No better place could be selected for such a celebration and it is to be hoped the project will be successfully carried out.

—The Tonquin question has resulted in an outbreak between France and China, and the indications are that there will be considerable fighting. The French seem to calculate on an easy victory and many permanent advantages. But in this they may find themselves mistaken. China has a large army and navy which do not lack bravery. Six thousand French troops with gunboats have landed at the scene of operations. The enemy's force is estimated at 20,000.

Erinsville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Times very dull in this place. Bad roads and nothing doing. Farmers all in low spirits. No price for farm produce. All blame the N. P. Poor Sir John comes in for his share of the sham policy, which they consider is the cause of the depression.

—The annual Christmas ball will be given in Phelan's hall on the evening of the 26th inst. The arrangements are in the hands of a competent committee composed of Messrs. Ed. Mellon, Thos. Harvey, M. Hooley, John O'Neill, John McGraw, Patrick Flynn, Jno. Townsend, A. McAlpin and Michael Donoughue, and nothing will be left undone to make it even more successful than any of its predecessors. The music will be furnished by Professor Staley's band, of Kingston.

Salt Rheum Cured.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Rough Skin, Pimples or Canker Sores; if so go at once to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price twenty-five cents It was never known to fail.

large and every number of the gramme was well given. Among tributors were Misses Burns, Blac thur, Scott and Cameron, and Mes sales, M. VanLuven, Koyle, Drury Fox and Fry—all of whom did just parts allotted them. The proceed ed to the handsome sum of $30.

—There was a cold, sharp blizza urday, which made people hurry a much like open winter.

—William Montgomery has sol to William Simpkins, and he has H. Snider's house and lot, where moved and become a resident of t

—Our school master has made u to remain here another year. By he pleases the trustees and the sc band is satisfied, as he is their i and the young ladies, among whon great favorite, are specially please

—Mr. Miles Carrol has rented Ruttan's house and started house-k his own account. Well done, Mil

—The construction train bring ties and rails at night so as to wor lasting during the day. The nois whistle and passing train disturb t ers in their sleep, but they will soo to the sound.

Gretna.

[Correspondence of THE EXPR

TEA MEETING.—A successful te was held in this place on the under the auspices of the M. C. of Though the roads were not invitin tendance was good. W. N. Doll presided with his usual tact an giving entire satisfaction to all The musical part of the programm sustained by Mrs. Huffman and Mi Two model addresses (without a frothy and nonsensical, too frequen at such gatherings) were delivered Messrs. Pearson and Card, of Nap Hames, L. P., gave a somewhat financial statement. Referring to of the meeting, he said there wa on the organ and that church o coursed sweeter and more harmoni when free of debt. He then a the people for voluntary subscript with the aid of $20.00 generously by Mr. Allison, M.P., he succeede in cancelling the debt but in securi ance of some $30.00 for the bene pastor, net proceeds being $88.00.

—The Rev. S. B. Phillips has gaged in special religious services ing the past two weeks. The me of the church has been greatly Several have been converted an others are coming out on the Lo The work is spreading and takin hold on the whole community, so a distance of seven or eight miles i participate in these services. The Hames, Raymond, Davy and Ll rendered efficient help. May s blessing rest on the dear, kind peo Gretna appointment.

How to Treat Weak Lung

Always breathe through the nose, k mouth closed as much as possible. W erect, exercise in the open air, keep the s lously clean, and take Hagyard's Pectoral coughs, colds, and bronchial troubles.

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MILES vs. ROE.

MOTION TO DISMISS THE ACTION REFUSED.

Action to be Proceeded With.

In Practice Chambers, Toronto, on Friday last, before Mr. Dalton, Mr. Clement, of McCarthy & Co., moved to dismiss the action, Miles vs. Roe, mainly on the ground that there had been "wilful delay" in taking the proceedings. The action was brought under section 119 of the Act of 1874, which provides that every person guilty of bribery shall be liable to pay a penalty of $200 for each offence, or in default of payment the person may be imprisoned. Mr. Miles, a responsible farmer, brings the present action against the notorious A. H. Roe, for seventeen acts of bribery proved to have been committed by him in the Lennox Dominion election. At $200 each case the amount is $3,400, which is the sum sued for.

Mr. Clement having made the motion to dismiss the action,

Mr. Bethune, Q. C., read affidavits as to the cause of delay. He then recounted the steps which had been taken against Roe under another section of the Act, and showed how they had proved abortive in enabling

"THIS MAN ROE"

to escape punishment for the most shameless and scandalous cases of bribery which had ever been brought out in this country.

Mr. Dalton—Did you say most?

Mr. Bethune—Yes, the most shameless in our record.

Mr. Dalton—Do you think there can be any "most"—any question or degree—in such an offence? That is why I made the remark.

Mr. Bethune—Well, I can only say that from the evidence given at the trial this man Roe went about bribing every person he came in contact with. He then proceeded to argue that the construction to be put upon the words "wilful delay" used in the statute was, not that the delay was intentional, or an act of the will, as it could not well be anything else, but that it was inexcusable. He went on to say that if the writ had been issued before the trial of the election petition there was every reason to fear that Roe would endeavor to spirit away or

TAMPER WITH THE WITNESSES

as he had done in regard to the election trial. One reason, he supposed, why the statute had made provision with respect to wilful delay was that an unreasonable delay might have the effect of prejudicing the defendant by preventing him from getting evidence to meet the charges, but this did not apply in the present case. He alluded to the dates of the various proceedings, as showing that the delay had been very short, and that it had not been "wilful" in the sense intended by the statute.

Mr. Aylsworth cited the dates more fully, beginning with the election, and showing that the defendant was not helpless or defenceless in the matter of costs, because the Act of last session required that in such a suit as this security had to be given for the costs, and besides, the plaintiff, Mr. Miles, is a substantial farmer. He went on to show that the plaintiff was not responsible for the delays which had taken place in the trial of

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Wishes e

MERRY CHRISTMAS

We are now showing full lines

GENTS MAY BUY F

Kid Gloves. Silk Handkerchiefs o
vet or Stuff Dresses, Astracan or
kind, Fancy Hosiery, Real Lace
or Wool Shawl, Wool Gaiters, Fan
Cards, &c., &c.

LADIES MAY BUY

Fine Kid Mitts or Gloves, Fine Ca
Silk or Satin Ties, Silk and Line
Suits, Fur Cap or Coat, Christmas

PARENTS MAY BUY

All sorts of suitable prasents, Fur
Fancy Boxes, &c. Any quantity o

All classes of goods are now going r
departments full of orders. The reason is

WE KEEP THE RIGHT G

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statute had made provision with respect to wilful delay was that an unreasonable delay might have the effect of prejudicing the defendant by preventing him from getting evidence to meet the charges, but this did not apply in the present case. He alluded to the dates of the various proceedings, as showing that the delay had been very short, and that it had not been "wilful" in the sense intended by the statute.

Mr. Aylsworth cited the dates more fully, beginning with the election, and showing that the defendant was not helpless or defenceless in the matter of costs, because the Act of last session required that in such a suit as this security had to be given for the costs, and besides, the plaintiff, Mr. Miles, is a substantial farmer. He went on to show that the plaintiff was not responsible for the delays which had taken place in the trial of the election petition.

Mr. Clement said the affidavit of the defendant showed that he was not aware of the issue of the writ, and besides the election petition was by other parties than those who were in this suit. He then argued as to the meaning of the words "wilful delay," that wilful simply meant that it was deliberately done—the act of the will. He referred to Guest vs. Caldecott, contending that it supported his argument, and that the circumstances had nothing to do with whether the delay was reasonable or not. He claimed that the statutory limitation should not be overlooked.

Mr. Dalton dismissed the motion with costs.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The band concert on Friday night last was a grand success. The attendanee was large and every number of the fine programme was well given. Among the contributors were Misses Burns, Black, McArthur, Scott and Cameron, and Messrs. Marsales, M. VanLuven, Koyle, Drury, Mabee, Fox and Fry—all of whom did justice to the parts allotted them. The proceeds amounted to the handsome sum of $30.

—There was a cold, sharp blizzard on Saturday, which made people hurry along. Not much like open winter.

—William Montgomery has sold his farm to William Simpkins, and he has purchased H. Snider's house and lot, where he has moved and become a resident of the village.

—Our school master has made up his mind to remain here another year. By so doing he pleases the trustees and the school, the band is satisfied, as he is their instructor, and the young ladies, among whom he is a great favorite, are specially pleased.

—Mr. Miles Carrol has rented Mr. D. J. Ruttan's house and started house-keeping on his own account. Well done, Miles.

—The construction train brings up the ties and rails at night so as to work at ballasting during the day. The noise of the whistle and passing train disturb the villagers in their sleep, but they will soon get used to the sound.

Gretna.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

TEA MEETING.—A successful tea meeting was held in this place on the 18th inst., under the auspices of the M. C. of Canada. Though the roads were not inviting, the at-

PARENTS MAY BUY

All sorts of suitable prasents, Fur Se
Fancy Boxes, &c. Any quantity of

All classes of goods are now going ra
departments full of orders. The reason is

WE KEEP THE RIGHT GO

Just received a lot of Aprons, R. A.

W. A. RO

In Rennie's Old

prepared to give great ba
Gents' Furnishing Goods, &
out by 1st of January.

Clothing M

Railway Accident.

Frank Spink, Wilton Avenue, Toronto, some time ago received a bad injury by an accident on the G. T. R. The severe contusions were quickly healed by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back and Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world should be in every family hand for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and for sale by all Druggists 25 cents a bottle. 14-1y

LOST.—On the 19th inst. on the road to my farm or in Napanee, a pair of gold spectacles. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them with Mr. A. H. Allison, Dundas-st.—3-3in. H. B. ALLISON.

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Rheum, Rough Skin,
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—The Rev. S. B. Phillips has been engaged in special religious services heae during the past two weeks. The membership of the church has been greatly revived. Several have been converted and nightly others are coming out on the Lord's side. The work is spreading and taking a deep hold on the whole community, some coming a distance of seven or eight miles in order to participate in these services. The brethern Hames, Raymond, Davy and Lloyd have rendered efficient help. May showers of blessing rest on the dear, kind people of the Gretna appointment.

How to Treat Weak Lungs.

Always breathe through the nose, keeping the mouth closed as much as possible. Walk and sit erect, exercise in the open air, keep the skin scrupulously clean, and take Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam for coughs, colds, and bronchial troubles.

Gents' Furnishing Good
out by 1st of January
Clothing

Railway Accident.

Frank Spink, Wilton Avenue, Toronto, some time ago received a bad injury by an accident on the G. T. R. The severe contusions were quickly healed by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

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S. B. BLOOM

Montreal Branch Store

HAS CONCLUDED TO

Give up Business

IN NAPANEE,

BY THE FIRST OF APRIL NEXT

Therefore, he will sell his stock during this fall and winter

AT COST.

The remainder of the goods will be sold at people's own prices.

My stock is now complete in every line of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
—AND—
Gent's Furnishings.

CALL AND GET BARGAINS.

S. B. BLOOM,

Next door to S. McLaughlin.

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To the citizen
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No. 8, 8th c
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DENISON, on th

Christmas Greeting!

HINCH BROS.

Wishes everybody a very

RRY CHRISTMAS AND HAPPY NEW YEAR

We are now showing full lines of goods suitable for holiday presents.

NTS MAY BUY FOR LADIES:

Kid Gloves. Silk Handkerchiefs or Boxes of Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Dresses, Velvet or Stuff Dresses, Astracan or Persian Lamb Mantles, Fur Setts or Caps of any kind, Fancy Hosiery, Real Lace Handkerchiefs or Collars, Hat or Bonnet, Fine Col. or Wool Shawl, Wool Gaiters, Fancy Boxes with Thread, Fancy Brackets, Christmas Cards, &c., &c.

DIES MAY BUY FOR GENTLEMEN:

Fine Kid Mitts or Gloves, Fine Cashmere Underclothing or Socks, Wool Ties, Fancy Silk or Satin Ties, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs or Collars, Silk Braces, Cloth for Suits, Fur Cap or Coat, Christmas Cards, &c.

RENTS MAY BUY FOR CHILDREN:

All sorts of suitable prasents, Fur Setts, Caps, Wool Gaiters, Hoods, Handkerchiefs, Fancy Boxes, &c. Any quantity of good, suitable, sensible presents for everybody.

ll classes of goods are now going rapidly, every department busy, all manufacturing ments full of orders. The reason is

WE KEEP THE RIGHT GOODS AT THE RIGHT PRICES

...uits, Fur Cap or Coat, Christmas Cards, &c.

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HINCH BROS.

; received a lot of Aprons, R. A. Suits, Jewels, &c., for St. John's Day.

W. A. ROSE & CO.,

In Rennie's Old Corner Store is now

prepared to give great bargains in Boots, Clothing, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c. This stock must be closed out by 1st of January. GreatBargains may be expected.

Clothing Made to Order.

W. A. ROSE.

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n the 19th inst. on the road to

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

THE PEOPLE'S BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

We had a narrow escape but came out all right.

THANKS

To the citizens of Napanee who so kindly assisted me in removing my stock. Everything was preserved splendidly. Nothing in the least damaged. But in consequence you may expect what generally follows in cases of that kind

Look for Boots and Shoes Cheaper than Ever

Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c. This stock must be closed out by 1st of January. GreatBargains may be expected.

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Look for Boots and Shoes Cheaper than Ever

—AT THE—

People's Great One Price Boot and Shoe Store.

GEO. E. MAYBEE.

R. P. LAHEY'S NEW STORE

—FOR—

Men's and Boy's Overcoats and Suits.

Lots of Tweed Pants Specially Cheap.

New Hats & Caps in all the Latest English & American Styles

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Men's and Boy's Underclothing, White and Colored Shirts, Gloves and Mitts, Socks, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Ties, Collars and Cuffs, Braces, Umbrellas, Rubber Coats &c., &c.

HORSE BLANKETS VERY CHEAP.

GIVE THE NEW STORE A TRIAL FOR NEW GOODS AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Rennie Block, F. Chinneck's Old Stand.

R. P. LAHEY.

FARM FOR SALE.—EAST HALF LOT No. 8, 8th con. Richmond, containing 100 acres—about 80 acres cleared and under cultivation, and the balance wooded with hard and soft wood and cedar; good frame house and commodious barns and sheds; the farm is well fenced with good cedar rails; almost free from stones; well underdrained; well watered by a living spring and good well at the house; a young orchard; situated within twelve miles of Napanee and 4 miles west of Roblin. Will be sold cheap or will trade for a smaller farm. For full particulars apply to the proprietor, JAMES R. DENISON, on the premises, or to Forest Mills P.O.

A BOON TO MEN

All those who from indiscretions, excesses or other causes are weak, unnerved, low spirited, physically drained, and unable to perform life's duties properly, can be certainly and permanently cured, without stomach medicines. Endorsed by doctors, ministers and the press. *The Medical Weekly* says: "The old plan of treating Nervous Debility, Physical Decay, &c., is wholly superseded by THE MARSTON BOLUS." Even hopeless cases assured of certain restoration to full and perfect manhood. Simple, effective, cleanly, pleasant. Send for treatise. Consultation free.

MARSTON REMEDY CO., 75 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

ONE -:- GOOD -:- THING

ABOUT TRADE,

Everythiug Will

SELL AT A PRICE.

—:o:—

This remark is true with us. We are selling more goods than ever before because we have so many

Good Things at a Price never Named Before.

HAMMOCKS from 90c.
FANS, all styles, from 3c.
BASE BALLS from 5c, to $1.50.
BASE BALL BATS 10 to 75c.
BASE BALL MASKS,
GLOVES & SCORE BOOKS,
CROQUET SETS,
LACROSSE STICKS,
RUBBER BALLS,
CHECKERS,
CHESS,
NATIONS and AUTHORS.

BIG REDUCTIONS in WALL PAPERS AND BORDERS.

—— BARGAINS IN ——

TOILET .·. GOODS

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water, 45c. bottle.

Hoyt's Cologne, 21 cents per bottle.

Full lines of perfumes, Toilet Powders, Soaps, Combs, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, etc, etc., at Reduced Prices.

Unusual Bargains in Gents' Jewelry, Cuff Buttons, Collar Buttons, Chains,

MASURY'S PAIN

ARE THE BEST

It has become an established that PERRY & CO. have Best Ready Mixed Paints the Counties----Masury's.

PARTIES BUILDING OR PAINTING CAN

SAVE FULLY 15 PER CE

OR MORE, BY BUYING OF

PERRY & C

Get one of their Price Lists and compare prices with ot The difference for the identical same class of goods will surp

They buy in car lots and pay cash, giving their cus benefit both wholesale and retail.

Be sure you buy no other brand want satisfaction,

AND JUST AS CHEAP AS INFERIOR GOO

They are Sole Agents for the

Genuine Castorine Machine Oils and Axl

And will give Threshers the Best Bargains this year yet offered in Napanee.

Call and Try the New Brand 'Ruby Caste

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Unusual Bargains in Gents' Jewelry, Cuff Buttons, Collar Buttons, Chains, Pins, etc.

Special Drives in Ladies' Gilt, Rolled Plate, Garnet and Jet Jewelry and Hair Ornaments.

Stationery Department.

POPULAR GOODS

—AT—

POPULAR PRICES.

Box Paper, Scrap Books, Writing Paper, Writing Pads, Notes, Drafts, Envelopes, Inks, Mucilages, Pens, Lead Pencils, Playing Cards, Twine, Memo Books, Slates, School Bags, Birthday Cards, etc.

Great Bargains in Ladies' Leather and Plush Hand Satchels and Purses, and Gents' Wallets and Pocket Books.

Unprecedented Bargains in Pocket Bibles.

In Baby Carriages we can suit you. Call and see us, we have sold nine this spring.

Boys' Wagons and Carts all sizes

They buy in car lots and pay cash, giving their cu benefit both wholesale and retail.

Be sure you buy no other brand want satisfaction,

AND JUST AS CHEAP AS INFERIOR GO

They are Sole Agents for the

Genuine Castorine Machine Oils and Axl

And will give Threshers the Best Bargains this yea yet offered in Napanee.

Call and Try the New Brand 'Ruby Cast

They are also selling PATENT MEDICINES and G away below all other dealers.

Just to hand :—A carload of Selected Western Corn— in town ; also Minnesota Southern Sweet for Stock Feedin

PERRY &

NEXT TICHBORNE HOUSE.

CHOICE

Groceries

R O

In Groceries yo get the Best Valu your money at

S. McLAUGHL

Envelopes, Inks, Mucilages, Pens, Lead Pencils, Playing Cards, Twine, Memo Books, Slates, School Bags, Birthday Cards, etc.

Great Bargains in Ladies' Leather and Plush Hand Satchels and Purses, and Gents' Wallets and Pocket Books.

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In Baby Carriages we can suit you. Call and see us, we have sold nine this spring.

Boys' Wagons and Carts all sizes and Prices.

On our **7 Cent Counter** we have Potato Mashers, Bowl Strainers, Co t Frames, Broilers, Toasters Tack Hammers, Mouse Traps, Coffee Strainers, Can Openers, Clothes Lines, Clothes Pins, Coffee Pot Stands, Mincing Knives, Basting Spoons, Bird Cage Hooks, Corkscrews, 4 quart Pressed Pans, Sauce Pans, Dippers, Dust Pans, Candlesticks, Teasteepers, Basins, Match Safes, Cuspadores, Electric oap, etc.

Get our prices for Baskets, Self Sealers, Mirrors, Frames, Velocipedes, Cups and Saucers, Rubber Dolls, Pins, Thimbles, Hair Pins, Curling Tongs, Music Rolls, Sheet Music, etc.

School Books for Public and High Schools.

Cheap and Pure Fiction and Periodicals.

☛ No trouble to show Goods and quote prices at

J. H. GALLAGHER'S

Book and Notion Bargain House,
RENNIE BLOCK.

GROCERIES

Groceries

In Groceries yo
get the Best Valu
your money at

S. McLAUGHI

We buy for cas

We buy in large qua

THEREFORE

We Sell Cheaper than Our C

We Attend to Bus

—AND—

Serve all Customers

HIGHEST PRICE Paid for

S. McLAUG

OPPOSITE GRANGE'S DRUG ST

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THE BEST.

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RRY & CO. have the
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BUILDING OR PAINTING CAN

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AS CHEAP AS INFERIOR GOODS.

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Threshers the Best Bargains this year ever
yet offered in Napanee.

GREAT GLADSTONE.

Life and Character of the Ulysses of the Liberals.

THE GRAND OLD MAN.

The Greatest Political Figure of This Century.

The Leader of Liberalism—His Political and Literary Labors—How He Appears In the House—His Simple Habits and Strong Will—His Mannerisms as an Orator—The Bravest Act of His Wonderful Career.

The greatest Englishman of the Nineteenth century is William Ewart Gladstone. The long list of English statesmen may be read without finding a single name that shines with greater splendor than his.

WILLIAM EWART GLADSTONE.

He is a product of the middle class—the rugged upright Scotch middle class. His father, John Gladstone, was born at Leith, and became a merchant at Liverpool, and a member of parliament for nine years, representing different boroughs, but he never offered himself for Liverpool. His warm interest in everything pertaining to the welfare of his town made him a conspicuous and highly honored citizen. In 1824 the citizens of Liverpool presented him with a magnificent service of plate to "mark their high sense of his successful exertions for the promotion of trade and commerce, and in acknowledgment of his most important services rendered to the town of Liverpool."

At first he embraced Whig principles, but later in life became what we call a Liberal

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AS CHEAP AS INFERIOR GOODS.

They are Sole Agents for the

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Threshers the Best Bargains this year ever yet offered in Napanee.

ıe New Brand 'Ruby Castorine Oil'

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A carload of Selected Western Corn—the cheapest ota Southern Sweet for Stock Feeding,

PERRY & CO.

HBORNE HOUSE.

HOICE

ɔceries.

In Groceries you can ɛt the Best Value for ɔur money at

. McLAUGHLIN'S

We buy for cash.

Ve buy in large quantities

THEREFORE

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At first he embraced Whig principles, but later in life became what we call a Liberal Conservative. He was in the house at the same time with his now distinguished son, and heard some of his earlier efforts in parliamentary oratory. He was himself an effective speaker. Sir Robert Peel created him a baronet in 1845, and he died in 1854 at the age of 88.

William Ewart Gladstone had a Scotch mother as well as father. She has been described as "a lady of very great accomplishments, of fascinating manners, of commanding presence and high intellect; one to grace any home and endear any heart." She became the mother of six children, only two of whom survive—Sir Thomas Gladstone, Bart., of Fasque, a quiet man of ordinary mental caliber—and the premier of England. In a brief speech in the Glasgow Trade Hall in 1865 Mr. Gladstone said: "If Scotland is not ashamed of her sons, her sons are not ashamed of Scotland. The memory of the parents to whom I owe my being combines with various other considerations to make me glad and thankful to remember that the blood which runs in my veins is exclusively Scottish." Burke traces the lineage of Gladstone's mother back to Henry III, of England, and Robert Bruce, king of Scotland, a matter of no consequence whatever, whether true or imagined. Of very great consequence, however, was the important fact that the enormous wealth of Sir John Gladstone enabled him to make handsome provision for each of his children during his lifetime. This gave the future great statesman what the blood of kings could not—an opportunity to devote his energies to the public service.

Mr. Gladstone began life as a Tory, a fact which his biographers attribute to the teachings of his father, who had been strongly imbued with the principles of Canning. Like Victor Hugo, the great premier has always been honest in what he has said; but he has grown. Year by year he has developed; every year he has become more liberal, until now he stands with "time on his side," opposing the whole Tory force of England. His mind was bent in the direction of public affairs quite early. When only 12 years old

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It is said that the Gladstones, as a family, always "had a superabundance of energy, which carried their action beyond the limits of their private concerns." The premier has been favored with this vital energy to an extraordinary degree. Born at Liverpool on Dec. 29, 1809, he is now in his 77th year. Instead of tottering, bent and imbecile, toward the grave, as many do long before they are as old as he, he is standing erect at the head of the English nation, his hand on the throat of the incubus of Toryism, his speech ringing down the halls of the future, freighted with prophecy and glittering with the fires of liberty. At the height of his power at 76, he is a conspicuous refutation of the hoary superstition that three score and ten years is the limit of man's usefulness. There need be no old age when the spirit keeps young. Interest in life, activity of brain and sympathy with humanity will defy old age and keep it forever at bay.

Mr. Gladstone had not passed his 12th birthday when he was entered at Eton, where he spent six years, learning all there was to be learned there then. He turned his surplus energies and spare hours to literature—started a college journal, writing the most of it himself, and launching into a ponderous poem eulogistic of Richard Cœur de Lion, full of "spears," "jav'lins" and "leaguered walls." After leaving Eton he studied two years with Dr. Turner, afterward bishop of Calcutta, then went to Christ church, Oxford. At examination in 1831 he

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RAND OLD MAN.

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IAM EWART GLADSTONE.

oduct of the middle class—the ght Scotch middle class. His Gladstone, was born at Leith, a merchant at Liverpool, and a parliament for nine years, repre-erent boroughs, but he never self for Liverpool. His warm erything pertaining to the wel-wn made him a conspicuous and ed citizen. In 1824 the citizens presented him with a magnifi-of plate to "mark their high sense sful exertions for the promotion commerce, and in acknowledg-nost important services rendered of Liverpool."

e embraced Whig principles, but became what we call a Liberal . He was in the house at the with his now distinguished son, gained the highest honors of the university, graduating double first class. The debates of the Oxford union naturally attracted him, and he attained the proud position of president.

In the year 1832 he took the first step upward in the political ladder. He was in Italy when summoned to be the nominee for the house of commons for the borough of Newark. The reform bill had just been passed, and the kingdom waited anxiously to see what would follow on the summoning of the first reformed parliament. At that time he was 22 years old, somewhat robust and considered handsome. The author of the history of Newark speaks of his bright, thoughtful look and attractive bearing. An oil painting made a few years later, which has been much engraved, represents him with a full face, large dark eyes and eyebrows. Compared with the face he wears to-day, there is still a strong likeness. The same broad intellectual forehead is in both—the same prominent nose, anxious eyes and earnest expression.

After the election he attended a meeting of the Constitutional club at Nottingham and delivered a lengthy address. Speaking of this a Conservative journalist made the first public prediction of future greatness for the young member in these words: "He is a gentleman of amiable manners and the most extraordinary talent, and we venture to predict, without the slightest exaggeration, that he will one day be classed amongst the most able statesmen in the British senate." Frequently predictions whose subjects are phenomenally bright youths come to naught. This one was more than fulfilled.

To realize how much Mr. Gladstone has changed since the beginning of his public career, we have only to remember that his maiden speech in parliament was made in defense of the domestic institution of slavery. Africans were imported into Demerara and Trinidad later than into any other colony, and the elder Gladstone owned many slaves in Demerara. To denounce "the peculiar institution" was to impugn the humanity of his father. The session of 1833, however, was memorable for the extinction of slavery in the British colonies at a cost of £20,000,000, concluding the humanitarian work begun by Wilberforce.

At the age of 25 Mr. Gladstone was junior lord of the treasury, under Sir Robert Peel. This was remarkable headway for so young a man to make, but was only the beginning of more rapid advancement. Parliament had scarcely met for the session of 1835 when he was installed in the office of under secretary for the colonies, and brought in his first bill, which was designed to improve the condition of passengers in merchant vessels. The ministry did not live long enough to adorn the statute books with this humble reformatory effort.

His first staggering blow, however, came from contact with the question of the Irish church, which was destined to exercise an important influence on later stages of his career. The ministry of which he formed a member was defeated and forced to resign on a nucleus of the Irish church bill of 1839.

In 1839 Mr. Gladstone married Miss Catherine Glynn, daughter of Sir Richard Glynn, vain, for, to a speculative mind like his, theology is a far more inviting and extensive field than any offered by the board of trade." Five years later, when freed from the cares of office, this estimate of his character was literally fulfilled when he gleefully did battle with the pope for the vanquishing of the Vatican.

MRS. GLADSTONE.

The revision of the tariff, so closely connected with the free trade policy toward which Gladstone was then drifting, gave him ample opportunity for his genius — that "statesmanlike view of a wide field, combined with that consummate mastery of details which subsequently marked his budgets." Even then he had established a reputation as a debater, and even as an orator and statesman.

Since 1843 Mr. Gladstone has done so much for the people that his minor achievements have been lost sight of. Not every one remembers, however, that he was the author of the parliamentary train which travels the full length of all lines twice a day at a fare of one penny a mile.

In 1845 he resigned because the government brought in a bill dealing with Maynooth college in a way that offended his sound church principles. Next year he returned to the ministry as secretary of state for the colonies, and pledged himself to indorse Sir Robert Peel's free trade policy, which went to the length of abolishing the corn laws. This swept him far in advance of the Duke of Newcastle, his political father, and necessitated the resignation of his seat for Newark. Throughout the remainder of that session, and during the greater part of the next, he was without a seat. When he returned as member for Oxford the corn law repeal act was passed, Sir Robert Peel relegated to the opposition benches, and the Whigs in power.

In 1850 Sir Robert Peel died. In the winter of that year Mr. Gladstone went to Naples for a holiday, and there investigated prison life under Ferdinand II, and became so interested in its barbarities that he succeeded, by means of letters to Lord Aberdeen, then premier, in arousing the indignation

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In 1839 Mr. Gladstone married Miss Catherine Glynn, daughter of Sir Richard Glynn,

of Hawarden Castle, Flintshire, now the most familiar postal address in England. They have had eight children, seven of whom are living. The eldest daughter is married to Rev. E. C. Wickham, the head master of Wellington college, one was recently married to a clergyman, the third is unmarried. One of the sons has several times been a member of the house of commons, one is the rector of Hawarden, one is in a merchant's office, and one remains at home. This is, indeed, a singularly modest record of the family of the most illustrious statesman of the century, the minister of a great nation. This man who has made many bishops, and created peers is content and happy in seeing one of his sons rector of the family parish in Flintshire, another at an office desk, and his eldest daughter the wife of a schoolmaster.

Mrs. Gladstone is distinguished by her many social qualities and philanthropic work, as well as by the well known fact that she has been to Mr. Gladstone the most appreciative and devoted of wives—interested in his triumphs and sympathetic in his defeats.

Hawarden Castle is charmingly situated on the estuary of the Dee. In 1651 it was purchased by Sergeant Glynne, the paternal ancestor of Mrs. Gladstone, who was made lord chief justice by Cromwell, and knighted by Charles II. The road through the park is open to the public.

Hawarden church is a large and very fine example of the architecture of the early part of the Sixteenth century, though some parts appear to be older. The rectory is one of

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In 1850 Sir Robert Peel died. In the winter of that year Mr. Gladstone went to Naples for a holiday, and there investigated prison life under Ferdinand II, and became so interested in its barbarities that he succeeded, by means of letters to Lord Aberdeen, then premier, in arousing the indignation of all Europe against the king. The practical result of this work and wrath did not appear until Garibaldi and a free people marched into Naples, and King Bomba, his priests, women and court ran out.

It has been said that "if Mr. Gladstone had died before 1853 he would have been accounted a brilliant politician cut off before the ripeness of years had brought him fullness of opportunity. He had done great things, but their character was critical rather than constructive. He had spoken brilliantly, but had not achieved anything likely to secure him permanent fame." In 1853, however, he rose to a height that gave him permanent place in history. A year before he had shown his mastery over the science of national finance. Lord Derby was then premier, and Disraeli chancellor of the exchequer. Disraeli and Gladstone had answered each other sharply in debate, but had not become openly hostile. England "had not yet come to look with keen interest for what might follow upon a conflict between these two men, who had no possession in common except genius." Gladstone could never forgive Disraeli's bitter attacks on his old friend, Sir Robert Peel. When Disraeli undertook to deal with finance Gladstone pounced upon him, made an end of him and his budget and the ministry of which he was the prop. Lord Derby resigned.

Lord Aberdeen formed a ministry, placing Mr. Gladstone in the office out of which Gladstone had driven Disraeli, and this cut him loose from the narrow harbor of Toryism and launched him fairly upon the open sea of Liberalism. As we understand Liberalism now, Lord Aberdeen could not be called a Liberal; but he was not a Tory—in truth had succeeded the Tories. Gladstone's conversion to Liberalism was slow, but certain. He began to see light during Peel's lifetime; had long stood aloof from both parties but did not realize that Toryism was a thing neither to be desired nor encouraged until Disraeli became its high priest.

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Hawarden church is a large and very fine example of the architecture of the early part of the Sixteenth century, though some parts appear to be older. The rectory is one of the most valuable in the kingdom, and is held by a son of Mr. Gladstone, who is said to be as hardworking and simple in his way of life as Goldsmith's vicar was. The Hawarden estates extend miles along the estuary of the Dee.

During the next five or six years Mr. Gladstone was opposed to his great chief, and it is curious, in view of his present attitude, that he was mentioned as "the rising hope of the Tories." One of his biographers says: "He was always thorough, and being, in these days of partially developed intelligence, a Tory, he was, to borrow a phrase of Dick Swiveller's friend, the Marchioness, 'a out-an'-outer.'" Lord Macaulay described him at this period of his career as "a young man of unblemished character and of distinguished parliamentary talents, the rising hope of those stern and unbending Tories, who follow reluctantly and mutinously a leader whose experience and eloquence are indispensable to them, but whose cautious temper and moderate opinions they abhor." This was just after Mr. Gladstone's essay on "The State in its Relations with the Church," a work whose theory Macaulay described as based upon the proposition that the propagation of religious truth is one of the chief ends of government.

In all directions Gladstone then fought reform, tooth and nail. He opposed a ministerial scheme for dealing with the church rates in deference to the views of the dissenters. He passionately defended negro apprenticeship, the last vestige of slavery permitted in the West Indies. He opposed a scheme of national education in which, as Lord Morpeth put it, "it was declared to be the duty of the state to provide education for dissenters so long as it fingered their gold;" and he fought fiercely in the bill designed to remove the civil disabilities of Jews.

Sir Robert Peel was back in power in 1841 and Gladstone was returned as member for Newark, and held two offices in the ministry, master of the mint and vice-president of the board of trade. Charlotte Williams Wynn, in a letter dated London, Nov. 18, 1841, said: "They say Mr. Gladstone has been given two offices in order, if possible, to keep him quiet, and by giving him too much to do to prevent him from troubling his head about the church. But I know it will be in never forgive Disraeli's bitter attacks on his old friend, Sir Robert Peel. When Disraeli undertook to deal with finance Gladstone pounced upon him, made an end of him and his budget and the ministry of which he was the prop. Lord Derby resigned.

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The first of what proved to be a long series of budget speeches, unsurpassed in parliamentary history, Mr. Gladstone delivered on the 18th of April, 1853. Then, as on the occasion of his speech on home rule on the 8th of April of the present year, expectation was at its zenith, the house was crowded and jammed, the vast crowd remaining tireless during five hours of astonishingly eloquent oratory, which made even avalanches of statistics attractive. As chancellor of the exchequer he had a surplus of over £750,000. Instead of dribbling this away and leaving matters where they stood, he launched out "with the confident daring of genius," increased taxation, chiefly by manipulation of the income tax, and thereby in a wholesale manner, scarcely less than magical, reduced or abolished the duties on nearly 300 articles of commerce of daily use. The "elasticity of revenue," then entirely novel, though now well established, was the principle upon which he reckoned. The remarkable thing about his first budget was the confidence with which its predictions were accepted. Its resolutions were approved and the reign of sound finance began.

He was the main strength of the Aberdeen ministry, and as chancellor of the exchequer he financed the Crimean war. In 1855, when the coalition fell to pieces and Lord Palmerston undertook to construct a new government out of the fragments, Mr. Gladstone resigned. He remained out of office several years, accomplishing as much work as many men would take a lifetime to do and think they had done well. It was then that he completed and published his "Studies on Homer and the Homeric Age." In 1859 the brief administration of Lord Derby, in which Disraeli had twice held the office of chancellor of the exchequer, came to

an end, and Gladstone again joined the ministry formed by Lord Palmerston, which lasted as long as Palmerston lived. There was peace and prosperity throughout this reign, and Gladstone carried out his great schemes of finance, interrupted by the Crimean war five years before. The year 1860 completed the commercial treaty with France, abolished the paper duty, and in his first budget Mr. Gladstone ended the stamp duty. This parliament came to an end in July, 1865. Mr. Gladstone offered himself for re-election at Oxford and was rejected. This event created a profound sensation. South Lancashire offered to secure him a seat, and thither he hastened and stood before its sturdy manufacturers "unmuzzled" as he expressed it. This unmuzzling process had a deep significance for the country.

It was destined to come, sooner or later, as the man grew in Liberalism, and Oxford hastened it. As long as he was politically associated with Oxford, his alma mater, there was a possibility that he might resist the influences that were steadily leading him into uncompromising Liberalism. That chain broken, there was nothing to retard his growth. Every year since has seen him move further away from the grim old tracks of the Toryism he once embraced, and out on the broad path that led to his present altitude.

When Lord Palmerston died Earl Russell succeeded as premier, and Mr. Gladstone was leader of the house of commons, and still held the ministerial office of chancellor of the exchequer. The pent up flood of Liberal life rushed downward like a cataract. A reform bill was to be introduced by Earl Russell, but to Gladstone, as leader of the house, fell the task of introducing it and bearing the brunt of the battle which raged around it. The debate on the second reading of the bill lasted several days. It fell to Mr. Gladstone's lot to wind up the debate, which he did in these true and prophetic words: "You cannot fight against the future. Time is on our side. The great social forces which move onward in their might and majesty, and which the tumult of our debates does not for a moment impede or disturb, those great social forces are against you. They are marshaled on our side, and the banner which we now carry in this fight, though perhaps at some moment it may droop over our sinking heads, yet it soon again will float in the eye of heaven, and will be borne by the firm hands of the united people of the three kingdoms, perhaps not to an easy, but to a certain and a not far distant victory."

the assembled powers in the congress of Berlin. The treaty was signed on July 13, 1878, and Disraeli (then Lord Beaconsfield), returned with his colleague, the Marquis of Salisbury, bearing back with him what he characterized as "Peace with honor."

In 1880 the Beaconsfield cabinet was thrown out, and Gladstone, after much negotiation, was summoned by the queen to form a cabinet. Last year he was himself again thrown out on the renewal of the coercion bill. It is always an Irish issue that dislodges Mr. Gladstone. The Parnellites and Conservatives combined to defeat Gladstone. The Conservative ministry, with Lord Salisbury as premier, lasted about six months and was defeated by a coalition between the Parnellites and Liberals on a bill on allotments for laborers in England. The real cause of the Conservative defeat was the intimation conveyed in the queen's speech that coercion had to be renewed in Ireland. Mr. Gladstone, after much reluctance on the part of the queen, was again called to form a cabinet, and is now awaiting the issue of his bill for home rule for Ireland, a work that will be recognized in history as the bravest act of his wonderful career. On the 8th of April he made his famous speech thereon.

Never did St. Stephens witness an assemblage of people held together by a warmer interest. From 6 o'clock in the morning, the unusually early hour at which Speaker Peel had ordered the doors open, the crowd began to file in. The streets adjacent were so packed that it was all the police could do to preserve a passageway.

The main features of Mr. Gladstone's bill are as follows:

It establishes a parliament at Dublin with a maximum duration of session of five years.

The parliament is to consist of two chambers, one having 103 and the other 206 members. The parliament to have no power to establish any religion as a state church, but will have power to deal with law affecting trade, navigation, coinage, etc. All proceeds of customs and excise duties to be held to meet Irish obligations. The viceroy will be allowed to remain, but to be made a non-political office.

His speech lasted three hours and twenty minutes, and thrilled the world. On its issues are staked his reputation, the life of the Liberal party, the salvation of Ireland and the future of the British empire.

The New York Sun says of it:

We should have to go back more than a century to find a crisis of comparable moment and excitement, whether we look at the dramatic circumstances of the debate, the tremendous import of the theme debated, or the towering ascendancy of the arch-disputant. England stands to-day, with reference to Ireland, in much the same position as that in which she stood in 1775 with relation to her thirteen American colonies. The part essayed by Chatham then is to be played by Gladstone now. For the second time in English history a voice rings out in warning and in prophecy at a juncture big with peril to the nation's integrity and peace.

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which the tumult of our debates does not for a moment impede or disturb, those great social forces are against you. They are marshaled on our side, and the banner which we now carry in this fight, though perhaps at some moment it may droop over our sinking heads, yet it soon again will float in the eye of heaven, and will be borne by the firm hands of the united people of the three kingdoms, perhaps not to an easy, but to a certain and a not far distant victory."

The measure was defeated, the ministry resigned and the Earl of Derby again called to form a ministry from a party in a hopeless minority. As soon as parliament met the following year Lord Derby resigned on the plea of ill health, and Disraeli became leader of the Conservative party and prime minister of England. During that session Mr. Gladstone made up his mind that the Irish church should no longer be endured. Early in the session he laid upon the table of the house a series of resolutions, the first of which roundly declared that "in the opinion of the house of commons it is necessary that the established church of Ireland should cease to exist as an establishment." Disraeli finding fighting impossible with the parliament assembled brought about its dissolution and appealed to the country. Gladstone was defeated in Lancashire, but elsewhere the Liberals triumphed, and Gladstone, returned for Greenwich, found himself at the head of an overwhelming majority—"a prime minister personally more powerful than any who had held the reins of state since the palmiest days of Sir Robert Peel."

He at once disestablished the Irish church, and the next year saw the Irish land bill added to the statute books, and the elementary education act passed. The year after saw the army regulation bill passed, embodying the abolition of purchase, which latter Gladstone finally accomplished, in opposition to the house of lords, by invoking the royal warrant. A year later the ballot bill was passed. In the trouble over the university bill Gladstone resigned, and the queen invited Disraeli to form a ministry, which he declined. Mr. Gladstone returned to office, and the session pursued its course.

The country was then so prosperous and comfortable that it began to get restless and think of mischief, and the house of commons became discontented and ill-humored. Gladstone was never popular in manner. His gaze was fixed far above the heads of mortal men. He thought not of gracious little ways for little ends. As he said in one of his issues are staked his reputation, the life of the Liberal party, the salvation of Ireland and the future of the British empire.

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In a little book entitled "The British Senate in 1838," published nearly fifty years ago, we find this picture of "the young man eloquent," now "the grand old man" and still eloquent.

"Mr. Gladstone's appearance and manner are much in his favor. He is a fine-looking man. He is about the usual height and of good figure. His countenance is mild and pleasant, and has a highly intellectual expression. His eyes are clear and quick; his eyebrows are dark and rather prominent. There is not a dandy in the house but envies what Truefit would call his fine head of jet black hair. It is always carefully parted from the crown downward to his brow, where it is tastefully shaded. His features are small and regular, and his complexion must be a very unworthy witness if he does not possess an abundant stock of health. In gesture he is varied, but not violent. When he rises he generally puts both his hands behind his back, and having there suffered them to embrace each other for a short time, he unclasps them and allows them to drop on either side. They are not permitted to remain long in the locality, before you see them again closed together and hanging down before him. Their reunion is not suffered to last for any length of time. Again a separation takes place, and now the right hand is seen moving up and down before him. Having thus exercised it a little, he thrusts it into the pocket of his coat, and then orders the left hand to follow its example. Having granted them a momentary repose there, they are again put in motion, and in a few seconds they are seen reposing vis-a-vis on his breast. He moves his face and body from one direction to another, not forgetting to bestow a liberal share of attention on his own party. He is listened to with much attention by the house, and appears to

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In the session of 1872, the lassitude of parliament was so great that the Irish university bill completed its destruction. The session wrangled on to the end. Assailed from within and without, dispirited, but hopeful of the verdict of a nation whose behests he had splendidly fulfilled, Mr. Gladstone, on the eve of the assembling of parliament, in January, 1874, cut the Gordian knot. The country woke up one morning to find that parliament was dissolved. The Liberals were everywhere defeated, and Disraeli, meeting parliament, found himself in almost exactly the same position Gladstone had been when meeting parliament in 1869.

In 1875 arose the insurrection in Bosnia and Herzegovina, which brought on the war between Russia and Turkey. Mr. Gladstone had announced his retirement from politics, and surrendered the leadership of the Liberal party, to which the Marquis of Hartington succeeded. Inspired by the wonderful letters of MacGahan, the famous war correspondent of The London Daily News, he roused Europe on the "Bulgarian Atrocities," in a campaign through Midlothian. He threw himself into the cause of the oppressed Bulgarians with an energy that astonished even those who knew him best. He wrote pamphlets, made speeches and again caught the ear of the majority by urging that England was grossly neglecting her duty, and "ought to put a stop to the anarchical misrule, the murdering which still desolated Bulgaria."

But the actual outbreak of the war between Russia and Turkey alarmed England. Disraeli saw his chance and took it. When the Russian armies finally defeated the Turks and drew near to Constantinople, Disraeli sent the English fleet to protect the city and landed an Indian contingent in Malta. This movement was regarded as a sign of battle, and to preserve the peace of Europe, the treaty of San Stefano, which was arranged between Gen. Ignatieff and the hated Turks, was laid on the table to be discussed before

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Similar mannerisms mark his orations today. When he rises and begins what is intended to be a great oration, he has a tendency to clasp his hands behind his back. This attitude, however, like the subdued mood of which it is an indication, prevails only during the opening sentences. Age has fired rather than dulled his oratorical energy. He has grown more rapid in gesture. The jet black hair of forty-eight years ago has faded and fallen, leaving only a few thin wisps of gray carefully disposed over the grandly formed head, with which London hatters have had such trouble. The rounded cheeks are sunken, and their bloom has given place to pallor, the full brow is wrinkled, the dark eyes, bright and flashing still, are underset with innumerable wrinkles; the "good figure" is somewhat rounded at the shoulders, and the sprightly step is growing deliberate. But the intellectual fire of fifty years ago is rather quickened than quenched, and the promise of health has been abundantly fulfilled in a maintenance of physical strength and activity that seems phenomenal. He can outsit the youngest member of the house, he can speak for over three hours at a stretch, and he will put into the three hours as much mental and physical energy as, judiciously distributed, would suffice for the whole debate. His magnificent voice is as true in tone, and as insensible to fatigue, as when it was first heard within the walls of the house.

Trembling through every nerve with intensity of conviction and the wrath of battle, he almost literally smites his opponent hip and thigh. Taking the brass-bound box upon the table as representative of "the right honorable gentleman" or "the noble lord" opposite, he will beat it violently with his right hand, creating a resounding noise that sometimes makes it difficult to catch the words he desires to emphasize. Or, standing with heels closely pressed together, and feet spread out fan-wise, so that he may turn as on a pivot to watch the effect of his speech on either side of the house, he will assume that the palm of his left hand is his adversary of the moment, and straightway

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He attacked this country during war, and has lived to repent of Carlyle, who admitted that he had taken, which was as near repentan ever got.

Mr. Gladstone is said to be mos lent, his generosity being of the ki gives the best—his most precious well as his less precious money character and ability the greatest England, if not the greatest man li day. The following tribute, taken f New York Sun, shall close this tribute to greatness

GLADSTONE.

I.

Near that dim threshold where death lurk
To clutch the crown of seasons long dela
By weaklings' base desertion undismaye
He stands, majestic, by the load of state
Unbowed, undaunted, equal still to Fate.
Not rank, nor wealth, nor prejudice arra
Nor hate, nor hope may make his soul a
Whose fruit of aim is certain, ripe though
When the brave falter and the strong grow
With hand unshaken by all-palsying age
He writes the word of Justice on the pag
Where Wrong for generations hath been s
Oh! nation-shaking tongue, oh! voice of g
And heart that years nor seasons may mal

II.

Land of pure women and heroic men,
Whose sons through age-long darknes
grope
To pluck the flower of long too hopeless
Dwellers in lonely huts by bog and fen,
Still fierce to drive the robbers from their
Still aiming straight at your immortal s
With old and newer foes still stanch to c
When dawns now near your day of trium
When hymns are chanted and when than
To all who loved you in the darker days
When the full glory of a people's praise
To light through lingering night and temp
Shines like the front of heaven among the
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"Mr. Gladstone, in his time, has played many parts; but in none have his English good sense and manliness, his sagacity and his deep moral feeling been so conspicuous as in his addresses upon education and kindred subjects. His political friends and opponents alike find here common ground upon which to pay him just tribute. To the working classes especially have his addresses been most valuable. He has recalled them from the pursuit of social and industrial will-'o-the-wisps, while he has at the same time acknowledged their right to combine in every lawful manner for their well being and prosperity. He has striven to show that labor, the universal lot of man, is honorable, and that social drones are the most prolific source of danger to the commonwealth. And while he has thus enjoined the value and sacredness of labor by the wise and useful legislation which he has initiated, he has enabled the working man to treasure up the fruits of that labor, and to make provision for old age. He has insisted upon the high and noble results which follow from culture and self-improvement, counseling the toilers in factories and workshops that these are to be sought not alone for the material advantages they may bring, but for that deeper and richer good which follows upon the development of the mental and moral faculties. He has urged the people onward in the path of real progress, and has shown them how, by self-denying and strenuous effort, they may enjoy for themselves and extend to others the blessings of a robust and Christian civilization."

His extraordinary vitality and endurance are due, doubtless, to his strong interest in life, which is of itself a preservative, and to his simple, healthful, abstemious habits. What young man could have shown more energy than he manifested in 1879 in his campaign in Scotland?

In the November of an extremely cold winter, on the eve of his 70th birthday, he set out on the Midlothian campaign, and in the two weeks addressed over 75,000 persons, making a triumphal progress that finally landed him at a higher pinnacle of fame and endowed him with a supremer measure of power than he had ever before grasped.

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With the ax he attacks the trees in Hawarden park with the same energy that he demolished a political opponent. One beech tree, thirteen feet in circumference, fell before his ax after six hours of stupendous exertion.

Literarily Mr. Gladstone has been as active as politically. His chief intellectual recreation has been the study of Homer—to solve the problems associated with the name of the "blind old man of Scio's rocky isle." The results of his labors in this direction have taken form in three large volumes entitled "Studies on Homer and the Homeric Age." Not merely as a recreation has the study of the prince of poets been to him, but a means by which himself and other men may be made wiser and better. Setting aside his various works upon Homer, his miscellaneous writings of themselves, with the reading they involve, would entitle him to rank, on the score of industry, with many who have devoted their entire lifetime to literature.

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BARGAIN No. 10 is a lot of Ladies' Hose,
such as other stores sell for 25 cents per pair, to be

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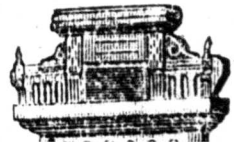

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Neither in his writing nor speeches does he show any humor, though he has a rich fund of sarcasm. A joke is an unknown quantity to him. Life is wholly earnest and never flippant with him. Fluency is said to be his besetting literary sin. His social sin is carelessness in regard to his attire. If his wife doesn't watch him closely he goes about with a shocking bad hat and disreputable umbrella. The other day in the house he astonished everybody by looking extremely spruce and wearing a rose and bit of shamrock in his buttonhole. If he can't be found at home or attending to his public duties he is sure to be mousing round some old second-hand book store.

He attacked this country during the late war, and has lived to repent of it, as did Carlyle, who admitted that he had been mistaken, which was as near repentance as he ever got.

Mr. Gladstone is said to be most benevolent, his generosity being of the kind which gives the best—his most precious time as well as his less precious money. He is in character and ability the greatest man in England, if not the greatest man living today. The following tribute, taken from The New York Sun, shall close this meagre tribute to greatness

---

GLADSTONE.

I.

Near that dim threshold where death lurks in wait
To clutch the crown of seasons long delayed,
By weaklings' base desertion undismayed
He stands, majestic, by the load of state
Unbowed, undaunted, equal still to Fate.
Not rank, nor wealth, nor prejudice arrayed,
Nor hate, nor hope may make his soul afraid,
Whose fruit of aim is certain, ripe though late.
When the brave falter and the strong grow cold,
With hand unshaken by all-palsying age
He writes the word of Justice on the page
Where Wrong for generations hath been scrolled.
Oh! nation-shaking tongue, oh! voice of gold,
And heart that years nor seasons may make old!

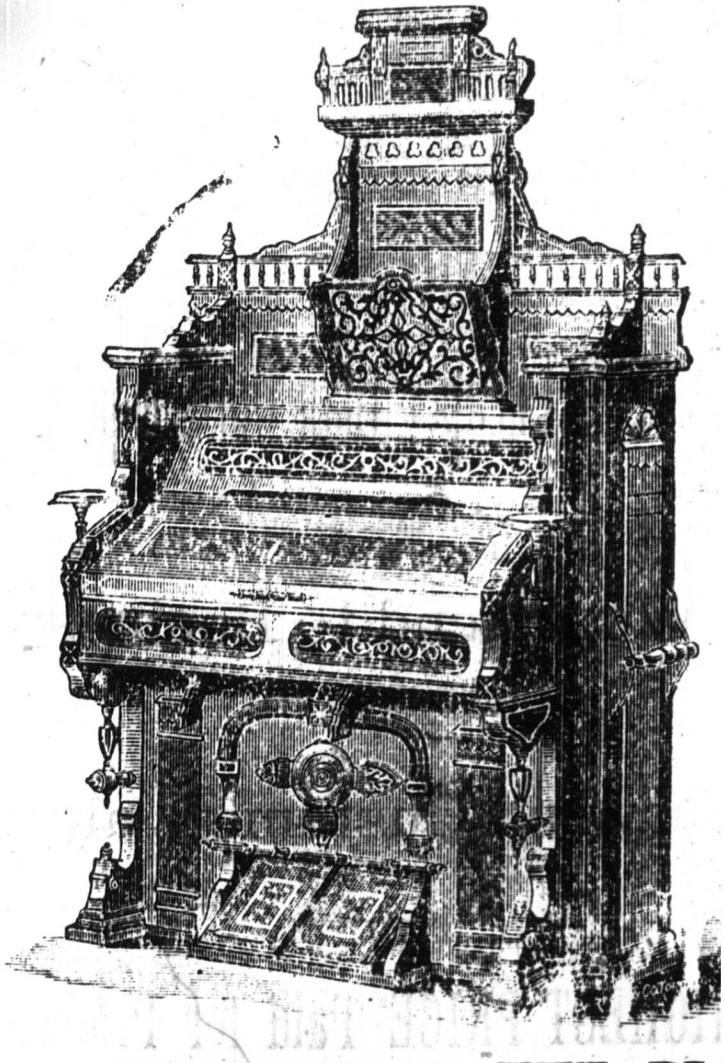
II.

Land of pure women and heroic men,
Whose sons through age-long darkness bravely grope
To pluck the flower of long too hopeless hope;
Dwellers in lonely huts by bog and fen,
Still fierce to drive the robbers from their den,
Still aiming straight at your immortal scope,
With old and newer foes still stanch to cope—
When dawns now near your day of triumph, then
When hymns are chanted and when thanks are said
To all who loved you in the darker days—
When the full glory of a people's praise
To light through lingering night and tempest led,
Shines like the front of heaven among the dead,
Weave then the immortal wreath for that white head!

AT CHE

Aylsworth Block, 3 doors from De

THIS ORGAN WE



REMEMBER THE PL

Madden's

AND TELEPHO

THE HOME RULE BILL

FOR IRELAND

ls been Lost by 30 Majority.

And quite a sensation has been caused throughout Great Britain.

A No Less Sensation

In its way has been

used by the Bargains which Mr. Hinch Secured Last Week in Toronto.

We are showing these Plums now, and are de-ined to boom things throughout this month.
We made some purchases of Black Silks and k and Colored Sateens, Velvets, etc., belonging wholesale firm, who are retiring from Toronto, tremendous reduction for the cash, and are g to give our customers the advantage of them.

GAIN No. 1 is a lot of Colored Sateens, always sold for $1.10, which we shall clear out at 75c. all the new shades.

GAIN No. 2 is a lot of Black Satin, worth $2 a yard, which we will sell at $1.25.

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RGAIN No. **2** is a lot of Black Satin, worth $2 a yard, which we will sell at $1.25.
RGAIN No. **3** is a lot of lovely Seersuckers, worth 15c, which will be sold at 10 cents.
RGAIN No. **4** is a lot of fine black Dress Goods, worth 45 cents, to be sold at 30 cents.
RGAIN No. **5** is a lot of Lace Parasols, worth $1, to be sold at 60 cents.
RGAIN No. **6** is a lot of lovely Black Silk Lace Flouncing, worth $2.25, to be sold at $1.35.
RGAIN No. **7** is a lot of best quality Black and Colored Plush Velveteens, worth $1.10, to be ; cents.
RGAIN No. **8** is a lot of elegant Black Gros Grain Silks, worth $1.75 and $2.50, which will be .15 and $1.50 respectively.
RGAIN No. **9** is a lot of lovely colored Flouncing Laces, worth $2.25, to be sold at $1.25.
RGAIN No. **10** is a lot of Ladies' Hose, in Brown, Navy Blue and Black; splendid heavy goods, ther stores sell for 25 cents per pair, to be sold at $1.50 per dozen.

have Bargains in Every Department.

of new Prints, fast colors, at 8 and 10 cents, lovely new patterns, good heavy twilled cloth, cannot t elsewhere less than 15 cents.
is only a partial list of the Bargains we are showing for this month.

advice to all who value their money, and want to get its worth, is **Don't buy anything** in Carpets, Dress Goods, Silks, Laces, Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Prints, Muslins, Shirtings, Ducks, ıg else we deal in, **untii you have seen what we can do for you.**

AT CHEAPSIDE.

HINCH & CO.

ırth Block, 3 doors from Detlor's Drug Store Corner.

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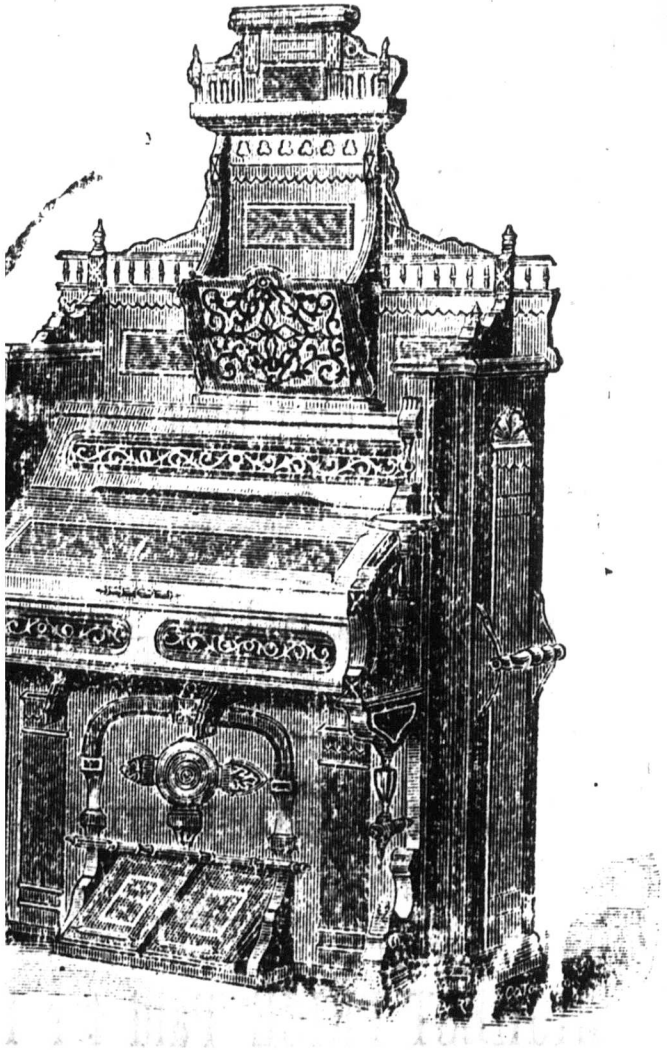
'S ORGAN WE SELL FOR $85.00!



Persons who intend buying an Organ or Piano will find it to their advantage to get prices from W. D. MADDEN before purchasing.

It costs from $15 to $20 to carry an organ through the country, and why should you bear that expense when you can avoid it by calling at MADDEN'S BOORSTORE.

A GOOD STOOL AND MUSIC BOOK

GIVEN WITH EVERY ORGAN.

Second-hand Organs from $30 Upwards.

Mason & Risch Pianos

ALWAYS ON EXHIBITION.

They are acknowledged by the most competent judges to be the HIGHEST CLASS PIANOS MADE in Canada.

Our Stock of

Books, Stationery & Wall Paper

Is Always Complete and at Right Prices.

EMEMBER THE PLACE—

adden's Bookstore

AND TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

COUNTY NEWS.

Bath.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

MASONIC.—D. D. G. M., M. C. Ginness of Belleville visited Maple Leaf Lodge No. 119 on Monday evening, 10th inst., and reviewed the work of the brethren. A very pleasant and highly instructive evening was spent. The brethren of Maple Leaf look forward with pleasure to meeting the distinguished brother at Newburgh during the winter where he purposes holding a lodge of instruction. The following are the officers of Maple Leaf for the ensuing year:—Bro. J. Fleming, W.M.; Bro. F. W. Armstrong, S. W.: Bro. L. A. Aylesworth, J.W.; Bro. C. B. Huffman, Treas.; Bro. C. L. Rogers, Sec.: Bro. J. C. Murray, S.D.; Bro. M. Cronin, J.D.; Bro. R. Mott, Chap.; Bro. R. M. Brisco, I.G.; Bro. J. McLaird, Tyler. W. Bro. Maxwell Robinson, our retiring Master, has ably filled the position assigned to him during the past two years, and retires with much honour.

MUNICIPAL.—There is no doubt Dr. R. Kennedy will be returned by acclamation to represent this municipalityfor 1884 as Reeve. He is deservedly popular and fills the bill to the entire satisfaction of our ratepayers. There will, no doubt, be some changes among our Councillors, although those now in office have done their duty well. Rumour hath it that Mr. Robt. Anderson will seek election as Councillor, and there are others spoken of as likely to come to the front nomination day. We await the result hoping we will have a stirring time on election day.

Camden East.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—One by one the old landmarks are being removed by that unappeasable monster, Death. We have this week to chronicle the death of Mr. John Macdowell, of this village, who departed this life on Monday evening, the 10th inst. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. A. Elliott on the following Wednesday.

—Our young folks turned out en masse to the re-opening services at Newburgh on Sabbath last.

—Real estate has been moving at a wonderful rate here this week. No less than five sales are reported, viz., Charles Riley, shoe shop, house and lot to Thos. Hamilton; Joseph Robinson, house and lot, to Thomas McNaught: Samuel Jackson, lot, to Samuel Greenway, and house and lot to Beagle Parrott. Thos Glover has also sold a lot. Keep the ball rolling.

PERSONAL.—We are pleased to be able to say our old friend Alex. Dickson, whose departure to Kingsey Mills we chronicled a few weeks ago, has decided to return to Camden East. Welcome back.....Mr. Lawrence Hogeboom and Mr. William Skinner have returned home from Manitoba.....Mr. Carlos Mendell, of Brighton, well known through these counties as a vocalist, has been spending a week with friends in this vicinity. He returned home on Tuesday... Dr. Bicknell is visiting his son Allen in Michigan these days.....Mr. and Miss Sproule are spending the winter with friends

Stella.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The following officers of Tanti Lodge, A. O. U. W., were elected at their last meeting, for 1884:—Past Master, R. A. Fowler; M. W., Wm. Hy. Moutray; Foreman, Rev. Wm. Roberts; Overseer, Rev. James Cumberland; Recorder, James McMillan; Receiver, Jas. S. Neilson; Financier, Stephen K. Tugwell; Guide, Wm. McMaster; I. Watchman, Wm. Allan: O. do., William Glenn; Trustees, R. Fleming, R. A. Fowler and S. Girvin.

Selby.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—A Christmas Tree will be exhibited in the M. E. Church on Xmas Eve in behalf of the Sunday School.

—Mrs. Powers, formerly Miss Brown, has returned from California after an absence of several years.

—Miss Stella Martin has resigned her school at No. 5, and accepted the school at Wesley Church, north of Newburgh, for next year.

—It is understood that Mr. Lyman has been engaged to conduct our school for 1884. Miss Vandusen will be very likely retained also. There was no school on Wednesday from lack of wood at the school house, and the small boys expressed their pleasure by singing, "No school to-day. Yip! yip!"

—The oyster supper at Lonsdale Tuesday evening was successful considering the unfavorable weather and roads. The Misses McCullough, Miss Stella Martin and Mr. Lyman entertained the audience with music and recitations, and Rev. Mr. Ferguson made a good speech.

JOSIAH.

Moscow.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The hay scales (Fairbanks' make) have been completed. Mr. Z. VanLuven was the first to patronize them by weighing his thoroughbred cattle. His bull, which was three years old in May last, tipped them at 1,925 pounds.

—Mr. J. C. Maybee, our esteemed head school teacher, informs us he intends leaving for Kingston on Jan. 1, where he intends studying for a doctor. He has been engaged teaching here for six years, at a salary of $480, during which time he has given general satisfaction. Miss Lucy Wheeler's services, too, have given universal satisfaction in the school. She has been engaged for another year. Moscow and vicinity boasts of having one of the best schools, the most fast horses, top buggies, pretty girls and pays the highest land tax of any other place in the county.

—A very successful missionary meeting was held here on Tuesday evening of last week. The speakers were Rev. Mr. Drew, Rev. Mr. Bates, of Tamworth, Rev. Mr. Lawrence, of Arden. Since then a person is accosted about a dozen times a day and asked for at least 5c.

—The daily stage will commence to run from Camden East here on Jan. 1.

—The cars are expected to reach the village on Xmas sure.

PERSONALS.—Miss Ella Brown and Miss

Napanee Market Pr

Fall wheat, per bushel		
Spring wheat,	do	
Barley,	do	
Oats,	do	
Peas,	do	
Rye,	do	
Onions,	do	
do	per bag	
Potatoes,	per bag	
Flour, fall,	per 100 lbs	
Flour, spring,	per 100 lbs	
Corn		
Butter	per tub	
Cheese	"	
Lard	"	
Tallow	"	
Musk Rats		
Beaver,	per lb	
Lamb	per lb	
Mutton,	per lb	
Wool	per lb	
Calfskins	per lb	
Hogs	per cwt	
Eggs	per doz	
Bacon	per 100 lbs	
Mess pork		
Beef hides		
Deeken skins		
Pelts		
Lambskins		
Bran	per ton	
Shorts	"	
Hay,	"	
Mink Skin		
Partridges	per Brace	
Turkey		
Geese		
Chickens		

S, McL
Produce and Commission Merchar
Na

Kingston Market

Decer

Fall wheat, per bushel		
Spring wheat,	do	
Barley,	do	
Oats,	do	
Peas,	do	
Rye,	do	
Onions,	do	
Potatoes,	do	
do	per bag	
Butter,	per lb	
Cheese,	"	
Eggs,	per dozen	
Hay,	per ton	

BIRTHS.

SMITH.—In Napanee, on Sunday, th wife of Mr. Robt. J. Smith, of a son.

DEATHS.

MCALISTER.—In Richmond, on the McAlister, aged 79 years.

SHANNON.—In Napanee, on the 21st Shannon, wife of Mr. Robt. Shannon,

POTTER.—In Campbellford, on Cornelia Youngs, beloved wife of aged 38 years, 1 month and 21 day

HUFFMAN.—At Nora Springs, Ic day, Dec. 15th, Aldura Huffman, of J. C. Huffman, Esq., of the sa merly of the township of Sidney, of Hastings.

A Paralytic Stroke

W. H. Howard of Geneva, N.Y., suf and general debility, and spent a smal vertised remedies, without avail, unti dock Blood Bitters. It purified and blood, caused it to circulate freely, stored him to health.

SPECIAL MEETING.

As L. A. Carscallen and A. H. H engaged for some time in formu against the persons who were m several subordinate Granges con Lennox and Addington Division years 1876, 1877 and 1878, and

contemporary, the Standard, last week said: "THE EXPRESS does not attempt to justify and cannot justify its recent publication of blasphemous and indecent literature. What choice reading to put into the hands of children, etc." That kind of hash has been served up by the old dame in several of its recent issues, but it is altogether too thin, and is only an attempt to trail the herring across the track. Every honest reader of both journals, even the more intelligent Conservatives, will hold in the utmost contempt the simulated indignation of the Standard over the publication of this offensive matter, while it has no word of censure for the author of these abominable blasphemies: and will feel that THE EXPRESS has placed the whole community under obligation for bringing these abominations into the light of day. The Standard would condone the original offence, and even place its author in positions of solemn trust and responsibility, provided it could be kept in the dark.

McEntyre's Corners.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

POLITICAL.—We are much pleased to know that Mr. Bowen E. Aylesworth is again in the field for re-election as councillor for the township of Ernesttown for the ensuing year. He has served the township faithfully and with great ability during the present year, and his many friends were of opinion that he should allow himself to be put in nomination for the deputy reeveship at the coming election. He, however, thought differently, preferring rather to serve his township as councillor for another term in order that he might familiarize himself more fully with the work in hand prior to his being advanced to any higher station. At the council sessions he has shown executive ability far in advance of many of the older members of the board, and it was on this account that his friends urged his advancement. His refusal "to go up higher" shows extreme modesty and good common sense and makes him more popular than ever. That he is the "coming man" in the township is patent to all, and he has only to bide his time to enjoy all the honors the electors of his native township have in their power to bestow.

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—Mr. Milling having retired from farming, has purchased property in Napanee, and intends taking up his residence there next spring.

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A Distressing Death.

[Belleville Ontario.]

A young woman aged 23 years, daughter of Mr. Thos. Steen, of Campbellford, died very suddenly on Friday evening last under very distressing circumstances. It appears that the young woman has been keeping company with a heartless villain, who through promise of marriage succeeded in affecting her ruin. A child was born about five weeks ago. Her lover was still in the habit of visiting the house of her parents and of renewing his promise that as soon as she was strong enough, etc., they would be married: these promises were kept up till the day before her death, when on that day he was married to another in the city of Belleville. On the following day Miss Steen became acquainted with the news, and after partaking of her supper in her usual health retired for the night, but on approaching her bedroom in company with her sister, staggered and fell, when the vital spark fled in a few seconds without a struggle. Her remains were interred at the West Burying Grounds Sunday last, and were followed by a large number of relatives and friends. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved parents in their sad affliction.

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Offer for sale a first

CUTTER,

Nearly as good as new, also a excellent

SINGLE AND DOUBLE

At from about $13.00 to $75.00 pe them. They have a large assortm 40 kinds, at from 10 cents to $4.00 on hand and make up

FUR ROB

In the best style and very cheap. fine black and white bear skin ro order for Mr. Geo. German, of Son at $30.00, which has been greatly people coming to town within th They keep on sale a large assortm Blankets, Sleigh Bells, Brushes articles usually found in a first-cl use only the best leather and harn manufacture of their work, whic the province, as was fully demo County Fair by those who caref harness and those who have si show rooms, over S. McLaughlin' fully testify. They have of late s cellent setts of fine single and Messrs. Potter & Williams, Ha Wm. Blewett, of Napanee; Thom of Deseronto; Somers & Doug enterprising livery keepers who iness to find out where they can

Best Harness at the Prices.

Repairing and all other kind cheaper than the cheapest. Rem the corner of Dundas and John St pposite Grange's Drug Store.

SMALL SHOP AND SMA

To suit the time

The Old Re

Flour, F

Grocery and Provi

J. F. SM

bounds to maintain his reputati ties of

FLOUR FEED and P

At Lowest P

A Large and Fresh Stock al

Just received a choice ne

General Gro

cluding everything in the line. or Cash I am prepared to sell at t prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor T of London, En

GIVE ME A CALL.

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County Fair by those who carefu
harness and those who have sin
show rooms, over S. McLaughlin's
fully testify. They have of late s
cellent setts of fine single and
Messrs. Potter & Williams, Ha
Wm. Blewett, of Napanee; Thom
of Deseronto; Somers & Dougl
enterprising livery keepers who
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or Cash I am prepared to sell at
prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-ouor
of London, E

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F.

BRISC

EXPRESS.]

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Napanee Market Prices.

Dec. 21st, 1883

Fall wheat, per bushel	$ 1 00	to $1 05
Spring wheat, do	1 05	1 10
Barley, do	0 50	0 60
Oats, do	0 30	0 30
Peas, do	0 70	0 72
Rye, do	0 60	0 60
Onions, do	0 50	0 75
do per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65	0 75
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Corn	0 70	0 80
Butter per tub	0 18	0 20
Cheese "	0 12	0 12
Lard "	0 11	0 13
Tallow "	0 00	0 07
Musk Rats	0 04	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 18	0 20
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	5 50	6 00
Eggs per doz	0 20	
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 00	10 00
Mess pork	0 08	0 00
Beef hides	5 00	6 00
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	16 00	17 00
Shorts "	22 00	24 00
Hay, "	7 00	0 00
Mink Skin	0 60	0 85
Partridges per Brace	0 30	0 35
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 25	0 35

S. McLAUGHLIN,
Produce and Commission Merchant, Dundas St., Napanee, Ont.

Kingston Markets.

December 19, 1883.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$ 1 00	to $ 1 05
Spring wheat, do	1 05	1 08
Barley, do	0 55	0 60
Oats, do	0 31	0 33
Peas, do	0 75	0 77
Rye, do	0 56	0 58
Onions, do	0 00	0 00
Potatoes, do	0 60	0 00
do per bag	1 00	1 15
Butter, per lb	0 18	0 19
Cheese, "	0 15	0 00
Eggs, per dozen	0 23	0 25
Hay, per ton	9 00	10 00

BIRTHS.

SMITH.—In Napanee, on Sunday, the 16th inst., the wife of Mr. Robt. J. Smith, of a son.

DEATHS.

MCALISTER.—In Richmond, on the 18th inst., A. McAlister, aged 79 years.

SHANNON.—In Napanee, on the 21st inst., Mary Jane Shannon, wife of Mr. Robt. Shannon, aged 47 years.

POTTER.—In Campbellford, on the 9th inst., Cornelia Youngs, beloved wife of S. J. Potter, aged 38 years, 1 month and 21 days.

HUFFMAN.—At Nora Springs, Iowa, on Saturday, Dec. 15th, Aldura Huffman, beloved wife of J. C. Huffman, Esq., of the same place, formerly of the township of Sidney, in the county of Hastings.

A Paralytic Stroke.

W. H. Howard of Geneva, N.Y., suffered with palsy and general debility, and spent a small fortune in advertised remedies, without avail, until he tried Burdock Blood Bitters. It purified and revitalized the blood, caused it to circulate freely, and quickly restored him to health.

SPECIAL MEETING.

As L. A. Carscallen and A. H. Roe have been engaged for some time in formulating claims against the persons who were members of the several subordinate Granges comprised in the Lennox and Addington Division Grange, in the years 1876, 1877 and 1878, and yesterday had their case presented to the Master in Chancery with a view to assess each person who was then

CHRISTM

In addition to the large shipments of good
week, we would now call attention to the e
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FANCY GOODS SUIT
TH
———CO

Rich Silk Handkerchiefs, Ties, Scarfs for
Cashmere Scarfs, Boys' Knitted Scarfs and
Petticoats, Children's Knit Dr

Now is the time that wholesale hous
at any price they can get fo them, con
rate of fifty cents on the dollar.

MR. SLAVEN went into one who
knitted wool goods, including over 200 La
quality and a large assortment of other go

He went into another wholesale hous
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COME AN

Any goods in the Millinery Departm
We have Ladies' Jerseys and Knit Vests

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Said meeting will be held at the

TOWN HALL, NAPANEE,

—ON—

Saturday, the 29th Inst.

AT THE HOUR OF TWO O'CLOCK P.M.

All parties concerned will serve their interests by being present.

Napanee 15th Dec., 1883.

JACOB SCHERMERHORN,	M. M. VANLUVEN,
B. B. VAN SLYCK,	FRED. KAYLOR,
IRA PRINGLE,	JAMES DALY,
JOHN W. DENNISON.	HIRAM AMEY,
N. A. CATON,	G. G. MILLER.
D. C. FORWARD,	JOHN W. UNGER,
J. B. BLANCHARD,	JOHN JACKSON,
HERMAN VARRATT,	THOS. GERMAN,
GEO. LOTT.	L. E. PERCY,
J. B. AYLESWORTH,	WILLIAM NEWGENT,
W. R. GORDANIER.	

GOOD NEWS FOR HARD TIMES!

K. J. STRONG & CO.

Offer for sale a first-class

CUTTER,

Nearly as good as new, also about twenty setts of excellent

SINGLE AND DOUBLE HARNESS,

At from about $13.00 to $75.00 per sett. Call and see them. They have a large assortment of whips, about 40 kinds, at from 10 cents to $4.00 each. They keep on hand and make up to order

FUR ROBES

In the best style and very cheap. They have one very fine black and white bear skin robe just made up to order for Mr. Geo. German, of South Fredericksburgh, at $30.00, which has been greatly admired by many people coming to town within the passed few days They keep on sale a large assortment of good Horse Blankets, Sleigh Bells, Brushes, Combs and other articles usually found in a first-class saddelry. They use only the best leatherand harness trimmings in the manufacture of their work, which is not excelled in the province, as was fully demonstrated at the late County Fair by those who carefully inspected their harness and those who have since called at their show rooms, over S. McLaughlin's grocery store, can fully testify. They have of late sold a number of excellent setts of fine single and double harness to Messrs. Potter & Williams, Harris & Empey and Wm. Blewett, of Napanee; Thomas and James Galt, of Descronto; Somers & Douglass, of Tamworth, enterprising livery keepers who make it their business to find out where they can procure the

Best Harness at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Repairing and all other kinds of job work done cheaper than the cheapest. Remember the place, on the corner of Dundas and John streets, Napanee, op-

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He went into another wholesale house a
shawls and a large stock of other fine goods
knit wool gaiters and overstockings, ladies' c

COME AND

Any goods in the Millinery Departmen
We have Ladies' Jerseys and Knit Vests ve

P. SLA

DOWNEY & CO.

Our Furs are Commanding universal attention. The quality and prices are snch that any person in want of Furs cannot help

Our stock of Mantles is very large and very cheap.

From our Millinery Department we are turning out the most fashionable goods at low prices.

DOWNEY & CO.

ROBLIN

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54 PRICES NEW SCOTCH TWI

—SUITINGS.—

NEW OVERCOATINGS, FULL LINES IN BLACK AN
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH TROUSERINGS, ONE

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Best Harness at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Repairing and all other kinds of job work done cheaper than the cheapest. Remember the place, on the corner of Dundas and John streets, Napanee, opposite Grange's Drug Store.

SMALL SHOP AND SMALL PRICES,
To suit the times.

The Old Reliable

Flour, Feed

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

bounds to maintain his reputation for best ual ties of

FLOUR FEED and PROVISIONS

At Lowest Prices.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Just received a choice new stock of

General Groceries

cluding everything in the line. As I buy largely or Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Company of London, Eng.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
BRISCO HOUSE BLOCK

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that any person in want of Furs cannot help

Our stock of Mantles is very large and very cheap.

From our Millinery Department we are turning out the most fashionable goods at low prices.

DOWNEY & CO.

ROBLIN

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54 PRICES NEW SCOTCH TWE

——SUITINGS.——

NEW OVERCOATINGS, FULL LINES IN BLACK AND
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH TROUSERINGS, ONE C
MITTS, THE NEW NAPPA BUCK GLOVES AN
MARKET; 36 PIECES NEW FLANNELS, IN
VALUE IN RUBBER COATS, SPECIAL
WHITE S

New Hats

Ours is the store to get value in White and Colored Shirts, Br
Cuffs, Underclothing in Scotch, English and Canadian, large assor
Gents requiring Fall Suits should leave their orders early as w
We still take the lead in getting up stylish and well made clot
to maintain the reputation we have gained for selling the best good

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NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.
(Established 1874.)

4 Queen Street East, Toronto, Ont.

hese Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses, are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanant cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis, Billiousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. E

HEW

S.

15 lbs.
5 "
6 "
3 "
Salt pe
Goderi

Avail yours
Bring along you

CHRISTMAS SALE!

tion to the large shipments of goods from the old country that we advertised last
ve would now call attention to the extensive purchases made by MR. SLAVEN last
———week in Toronto, of———

ICY GOODS SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS TRADE.

———CONSISTING OF———

ilk Handkerchiefs, Ties, Scarfs for gentlemen's wear, Lined Kid Mitts and Gloves
ere Scarfs, Boys' Knitted Scarfs and Mufflers, White Dress Shirts, Ladies' Knitted Petticoats, Children's Knit Dresses and Petticoats in great variety.

ow is the time that wholesale houses are taking stock and they sell off any odd lots price they can get fo them, consequently we bought many of those goods at the fifty cents on the dollar.

R. SLAVEN went into one wholesale house and bought their whole stock of l wool goods, including over 200 Ladies' and Children's Wool Hoods of the finest and a large assortment of other goods.

e went into another wholesale house and purchased over 600 wool clouds and knitted and a large stock of other fine goods, including wool mittens for ladies and children, ool gaiters and overstockings, ladies' cuffs and wristlets.

COME AND SEE THEM!

ny goods in the Millinery Department will now be sold at cost price or even less.
ve Ladies' Jerseys and Knit Vests very cheap.

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Ladies' Jerseys and Knit Vests very cheap.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

OWNEY & CO.

Furs are Commanding universal at-
The quality and prices are snch
person in want of Furs cannot help

stock of Mantles is very large and
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m our Millinery Department we are
out the most fashionable goods at
es.

DOWNEY & CO.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Mr. WALTERS is open for a few more orders.

Every garment made to fit and guaranteed to please. Mantles a specialty.

DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT.

If you want a well made, good fitting, stylish Dress, buy the goods from us and get them made up by MISS GREEN.

We Guarantee a fit or no pay.

DOWNEY & CO

ROBLIN & FORD

—ARE SHOWING—

PRICES NEW SCOTCH TWEED 40 PIECES NEW CANADIAN

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DOWNEY & CO. DOWNEY & CO

ROBLIN & FORD

—ARE SHOWING—

RICES NEW SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS. 40 PIECES NEW CANADIAN TWEEDS.

COATINGS, FULL LINES IN BLACK AND COLORED WORSTEDS, BLK. BROADS AND DOESKINS
SH AND SCOTCH TROUSERINGS, ONE CASE SCARFS AND TIES, ONE CASE GLOVES AND
TS, THE NEW NAPPA BUCK GLOVES AND MITTS, BEST WEARING GOODS IN THE
MARKET ; 36 PIECES NEW FLANNELS, IN GREY, NAVY BLUE AND FANCY ; SPECIAL
VALUE IN RUBBER COATS, SPECIAL VALUE IN REGATTA, OXFORD AND
WHITE SHIRTINGS.

New Hats and Caps.

e store to get value in White and Colored Shirts, Braces, Socks, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Umberellas, Collars and
othing in Scotch, English and Canadian, large assortment and best value in town.
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ake the lead in getting up stylish and well made clothing and as we are not retiring from business it will be our endeavour
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ROBLIN & FORD.

ELECTRIC BELT INSTI-

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nine years before the people of Canused than ever, which speaks better private testimonial.

Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. E

HEWING DOWN PRICES.

Read the following sample prices at

S. McLAUGHLIN'S

15 lbs.	good Raisins - - -	$1 00
5 "	Young Hyson Tea - -	1 00
6 "	Japan Tea Siftings - -	1 00
3 "	extra value Sun-dried Japan Tea	1 00
Salt per large bag	- - -	80
Goderich Salt per bbl	- -	1 25

Avail yourself of this opportunity to get your winter supply of tea
Bring along your Butter, Partridges, &c., and get the best value in return.

S. McLAUGHLIN

How Long?

How many years will it be, I wonder,
And how will their slow length pass
Till I shall find rest in silence under
The trees and the waving grass

Many there be in the world who love it,
Who cling to its trifles and toys;
But I could never see aught to covet
Among its vanishing joys.

But once indeed was my heart elated
And pleased with a dream of its own—
A beautiful dream it was, but fated
Soon to be overthrown.

Death, like a shadow, fell and darkened
The light that had shone so clear—
How oft since then have I vainly hearkened
And prayed for his coming near!

But he cometh not, and I only wonder
How will the long years pass
Till I shall find rest in silence under
The trees and the waving grass?

—*Susanna J.*

CUPIDITY AND CRIME.

Chapter III.

"My dear Nora," Mrs. Bruce cried, as Nora entered the room a little flushed with her quick walk, "Lord de Gretton has been here nearly an hour!"

"Has he? I am sorry, Lord de Gretton," the girl said, turning to him as she spoke; "but I took a book up to the woods, and did not notice how the time went."

He just touched her hand with his long slender fingers, murmured a few words in the cold, clear voice that Mrs. Bruce called "truly aristocratic," but that always grated disagreeably on his betrothed's ear, and scanned her in a way that made her feel at once how warm, untidy, and unpresentable she was.

And, indeed, in her tumbled holland dress, with various sun-scorched grasses and bits of tangled moss clinging to its far from spotless frillings, with her black hair dropping on her shoulders, and her face tanned with the sun, she did present a sufficiently strong contrast to her daintily-dressed step-sister and even to her cool, calm lover. She colored angrily at the thought, and glanced up with incipient defiance at the well-cut, frozen-looking face. Lord de Gretton had been a handsome man in his younger days, was a handsome man still—so people said; and in a sense they were right, though to his promised wife there was something curiously snake-like and repellant in his aspect.

A tall, slender man, with a small, well-shaped head crowned with hair which he was too wise to dye, high, thin features aristocratically curved, rather small green-gray eyes, sunken a little, but still singularly quick and bright, a long grey moustache, long, slender hands and feet, and teeth that as works of art were perfect—of milliners and dressmakers all toiling at the *trousseau* of the future Lady de Gretton and making a lay-figure of the present Miss Bruce flitted before his well-pleased eyes. But she knew also how lamentably she had failed in this duty, and answered, with reckless, discourteous candor—

"Oh, no; Mrs. Bruce and Cristine have had all the work! I have chosen nothing."

The smooth face darkened significantly; but Lord de Gretton turned to the two women with the smile of conventional courtesy which he produced at will.

"Mrs. Bruce and Miss Singleton are too good; but——"

"But this naughty child is too lazy. I quite agree with your lordship. Still, she has great confidence in our taste, and Cristine takes a real artistic pleasure in the task of selection; so, after all, the freak of our dear little wilful Nora is not so surprising."

With the words she came over from her table, and gave her step-daughter an endearing fan-tap, intended, the girl knew, partly to call her to order and partly to show the easy and affectionate terms on which they stood. Cristine, who had taken a seat in the distant window, and worked on in silence through the whole discussion, raised her fair head from the tapestry-frame and listened with a curious sort of smile.

"Nothing is surprising, my dear Mrs. Bruce; but some things are a little odd," Lord de Gretton answered blandly; "and perhaps this fancy of dear Nora's may be classed among them."

"Do you wish me to choose my own dresses?" Nora asked abruptly—she was weary of being discussed and apologised for in her own presence, and thought the point-blank question would stop that at least.

"I should be glad to see your taste exercised, certainly."

"Then it shall be in future," she said, and fully intended to keep the promise thus made. One part of her marriage-vow she could keep faithfully—in all things she would obey Lord de Gretton, if she could give him neither love nor honor.

He seemed satisfied with the words, ungracious and ungrateful as they were, and thanked her in his old-fashioned, courtly way.

"And now," he added, with a smile which in its graciousness included Mrs. Bruce and Cristine—"now that you have promised to show some interest in a subject that to most girls would be absorbing, I may venture to offer—my little gift."

He placed a jewel-case on the girl's lap and leaned back the better to contemplate her anticipated raptures. Mrs. Bruce bent forward eagerly, her stout form all quivering with eagerness, her bright

must admit I thought that take sufficient interest in th endure the slight fatigue them on."

"And she will, of course," broke in eagerly. She suffer tures in her dread that the bri which was to do so much fo and Singleton families would broken off, and spared no pai Nora docile and amenable to her future lord.

"The foolish child is daz jewels, Lord de Gretton. what a little school-girl she Nora dear, let me make you as the fairy-queen herself."

Nora yielded then, of cour most before she knew wha mother was about, the neckl ed on, the braeelets fastene dant-butterflies drawn throug ears, and, with a final laugh Mrs. Bruce placed the glitte the wind-blown dusky locks.

"Now, foolish child, look dors you shrank from!" she drew Nora to the big oak-fra on which the full sunlight fel

The girl raised her eyes, moment could hardly believe indeed Nora Bruce she l That nature had been kind knew; but the girl who look the mirror with wide gray ey wonder wore her novel splen right royal grace. What shabby holland dress when clothed was so stately in its ness? What matter that th hair rippled untidily when t it crowned uplifted itself so neath that other crown of liv

The diamonds flashed and the sunshine till they made h but her own beauty dazzle There was no vanity in th recognition of a supreme charm. For the first time sh her power over a cold, selfi Lord de Gretton—understoo that he had wandered from l and stooped to woo with pa sistency a wife from another s understanding that, she ha face because it was fair, and the glass with something like disgust.

"My beautiful Nora!" L ton said proudly. Her o quite restored his amiabilit eyes lighted up with unmi proval and a look of proud p sent a cold thrill through th "What do you say, Mrs. Br diamonds suit her?"

"As though she were bor Mrs. Bruce answered, ent "But I always did say that had a sort of regal look, as

And, indeed, in her [illegible] dress, with various sun-scorched grasses and bits of tangled moss clinging to its far from spotless frillings, with her black hair dropping on her shoulders, and her face tanned with the sun, she did present a sufficiently strong contrast to her daintily-dressed step-sister and even to her cool, calm lover. She colored angrily at the thought, and glanced up with incipient defiance at the well-cut, frozen-looking face. Lord de Gretton had been a handsome man in his younger days, was a handsome man still—so people said; and in a sense they were right, though to his promised wife there was something curiously snake-like and repellant in his aspect.

A tall, slender man, with a small, well-shaped head crowned with hair which he was too wise to dye, high, thin features aristocratically curved, rather small green-gray eyes, sunken a little, but still singularly quick and bright, a long grey moustache, long, slender hands and feet, and teeth that as works of art were perfect—such was her future lord, the man she must pledge herself to love and honor and obey—the man whom already she secretly feared.

"You should not tire yourself, Nora," he said, with a sudden gentleness, at which Mrs. Bruce looked immensely relieved.

Perhaps something in the gray eyes had warned him not to go too far while Nora was still free. Whatever the cause, the look of stern displeasure passed away; he drew forward a low chair, fetched a cup of tea from the Queen Anne table at which Mrs. Bruce, in her smartest tea-gown, was presiding, and ministered to the girl's wants with courteous care, while her step-mother, with adoring eyes, followed his every movement.

Nora sipped her tea, feeling wretchedly guilty and restless, now that she could no longer comfort herself with a justifiable anger. Of course, she had beha ed badly—she always did now, she thought. Having made a bargain with Lord de Gretton, she was bound in honor to fulfil her share of the contract. She knew that he was coming; as his promised wife she should have been there to meet him, decked out in her best, fresh, bright, and smiling, with an eager welcome in her eyes.

In such fashion she had met Arthur Beaupre, needing no teaching then—to make herself fair in his sight had been so glad and easy a task. Then she was proud indeed to see that the face reflected in the cracked old mirror was fresh and fair as the dew-washed roses she pinned at her white throat or in her soft, blue-black hair. Then she rejoiced that the happy eyes were big and darkly gray, that the tall girl-figure was slender and graceful. Now——

"My dear Nora, you are cold," Lord de Gretton said, taking the hot hand in his own cool clasp, and regarding the girl with much anxiety. "No, your pulse is over-quick; and yet I saw you shiver!"

least.

"I should be glad to see your taste exercised, certainly."

"Then it shall be in future," she said, and fully intended to keep the promise thus made. One part of her marriage-vow she could keep faithfully—in all things she would obey Lord de Gretton, if she could give him neither love nor honor.

He seemed satisfied with the words, ungracious and ungrateful as they were, and thanked her in his old-fashioned, courtly way.

"And now," he added, with a smile which in its graciousness included Mrs. Bruce and Cristine—"now that you have promised to show some interest in a subject that to most girls would be absorbing, I may venture to offer—my little gift."

He placed a jewel-case on the girl's lap and leaned back the better to contemplate her anticipated raptures. Mrs. Bruce bent forward eagerly, her stout form all quivering with eagerness, her bright black eyes aglow; even Cristine abandoned her picturesque frame, and came forward, with her graceful, gliding step a little quickened, drawn to the jewels as the steel is drawn to the magnetic stone.

With cold and trembling fingers, with a heart that was colder still, Nora Bruce raised the satin-lined lid, and disclosed such a flashing radiance of prismatic light as fairly dazzled her. She had seen few diamonds in her life; the fiery snake that curled around her slim finger and announced her to all the world as Lord de Gretton's property had seemed a costly jewel to the three women; it would hardly have been noticed in this gleaming coruscation.

Mrs. Bruce looked at them, closed her eyes, and gave one breathless gasp. Cristine slipped down gently to her knees, touching the costly gems with timidly reverent fingers. Never had she knelt in such honest worship before. Her cold eyes actually softened, and there came a faint pink color into the fair pale cheeks.

"Bracelets, Nora, collarette, and earrings!" she cried in a hushed ecstasy. "Oh, Nora, you happy, happy girl!"

"Happy indeed!" Mrs. Bruce added fervently. "Often and often in other days have I heard speak of the De Gretton diamonds. These are they, I suppose?"

"They are re-set for the latest and loveliest lady of the line," his lordship said, with his quaint, old-fashioned gallantry. Their unmeasured admiration delighted him—it was the effect he had calculated on producing. Then he turned to Nora. "And you, Nora? What have you to say?"

What could the dazed girl say? Her heart ached with a dull, cruel pain; the lustre of the jewels seemed to scorch her like a living flame. Lovely as they were, they seemed, in that moment, the actual chains of her wedded slavery, and she shrank from them with a helpless, childish terror.

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Chapter IV.

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"Some one has walked over my grave, perhaps," she said, with a forlorn attempt at mingled ease and smartness. And then she suddenly remembered that her grave would be in the ancestral vault of the De Grettons, a vast and ponderous edifice of brick and stone, iron-clamped and ivy-covered ; and the thought of any profane intruder scrambling over that exclusive resting place caused her to laugh insanely.

"Nora has not been very well lately," Mrs. Bruce broke in, with such a desperate glance as only made the girl laugh with more hysteric passion.

"So I see," Lord de Gretton answered quietly—he had taken his place beside her now, had thrown one arm across the back of her chair in an easy, proprietorial fashion that made Nora wince and sit more upright than she had ever sat before—and he kept his strangely bright eyes fixed upon her face. "A little thin and a little pale, for all the sunburn, and, I think, a little hysterical," he said, slowly. "Has she seen a doctor, Mrs. Bruce?"

"Oh, no, no!" Nora interrupted, in vehement protest, before Mrs. Bruce could begin her smiling, deprecatory answer. "I never was better in my life, Lord de Gaetton ; and the sight of a doctor always makes me ill."

Lord de Gretton elevated his brows in gentle toleration of her vehemence—why, Nora wondered, did he wish to marry a girl who jarred upon him so continually?—and said, pleasantly enough :

"We will take the patient's word, then, and dismiss the thought of a doctor. Perhaps you have been overworked this week."

She knew what he meant—that visions touching the costly gems with timidly reverent fingers. Never had she knelt in such honest worship before. Her cold eyes actually softened, and there came a faint pink color into the fair pale cheeks.

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"They are very beautiful!" she said, awkwardly. Then, seeing that the words or tone somehow disappointed him, she added deprecatingly, "They are thrown away on me, you know. I am too ignorant to appreciate such royal splendors."

His face cleared instantly ; he took the case from her, placed it upon the table, and, lifting the heavy necklet that flashed like flame within his slim, white fingers, made as though he would clasp it round her throat. But she grew very pale, and drew back quickly.

"Oh, no, no!" Nora cried in vehement protest, while her face flushed hotly under the cold displeasure of his look. "Not on me—on this dress! Let Cristine try them on."

Cristine, in her cool, fair beauty, in her well-fitting, daintily neat white dress, certainly looked a more fitting wearer for the costly gems, and she was not reluctant to relieve her sister of the proposed task. She shook her blonde head indeed, and uttered a little protesting "Oh!" but her eyes turned eagerly to Lord de Gretton, and she looked decidedly disappointed when he pushed the casket angrily away from him, and said, with a heavy frown—

"I have no right to trouble Miss Singleton."

"Oh, Cristine would be most happy, I am sure! Would you not, my dear?" Mrs. Bruce put in, in a little flutter of delighted amiability, and with an eager glance across to Cristine.

But, neither heeding the obliging answer nor waiting for Miss Singleton's reply, his lordship went on savagely, never shifting his frozen-looking eyes from Nora's face—

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must admit I thought that you would take sufficient interest in the jewels to endure the slight fatigue of fastening them on."

"And she will, of course," Mrs. Bruce broke in eagerly. She suffered daily tortures in her dread that the brilliant match which was to do so much for the Bruce and Singleton families would somehow be broken off, and spared no pains to make Nora docile and amenable to the will of her future lord.

"The foolish child is dazzled by the jewels, Lord de Gretton. You forget what a little school-girl she is. Come, Nora dear, let me make you as brilliant as the fairy-queen herself."

Nora yielded then, of course; and, almost before she knew what her stepmother was about, the necklet was clasped on, the braeelets fastened, the pendant-butterflies drawn through the girl's ears, and, with a final laugh of triumph, Mrs. Bruce placed the glittering tiara on the wind-blown dusky locks.

"Now, foolish child, look at the splendors you shrank from!" she cried, as she drew Nora to the big oak-framed mirror on which the full sunlight fell.

The girl raised her eyes, and for the moment could hardly believe that it was indeed Nora Bruce she looked upon. That nature had been kind to her she knew; but the girl who looked back from the mirror with wide gray eyes of solemn wonder wore her novel splendors with a right royal grace. What mattered the shabby holland dress when the form it clothed was so stately in its young slimness? What matter that the blue-black hair rippled untidily when the small head it crowned uplifted itself so proudly beneath that other crown of living light?

The diamonds flashed and glittered in the sunshine till they made her eyes ache; but her own beauty dazzled her more. There was no vanity in that heart-sick recognition of a supreme self-owned charm. For the first time she understood her power over a cold, selfish man like Lord de Gretton—understood how it was that he had wandered from his own world and stooped to woo with passionate persistency a wife from another sphere. And, understanding that, she hated her own face because it was fair, and turned from the glass with something like loathing and disgust.

"My beautiful Nora!" Lord de Gretton said proudly. Her obedience had quite restored his amiability; his cold eyes lighted up with unmistakable approval and a look of proud possession that sent a cold thrill through the girl's veins. "What do you say, Mrs. Bruce? Do the diamonds suit her?"

"As though she were born to them!" Mrs. Bruce answered, enthusiastically. "But I always did say that our dear Nora had a sort of regal look, as though she

"Then Lord de Gretton's wife will be the wickedest of women," Cristine declared lightly, "for, if I know her, Nora will forget her dead lover only when she herself is dead. She is making a bargain, you know, and, to do her justice, she has never professed to give her lord and master any sort of love. As it is, I believe the conscience-stricken little fool half expects that Arthur will break in upon the sacrificial rite somewhat after the fashion of Alonzo the Brave, and bear her away to the tomb."

"Cristine, how can you talk so horribly!" Mrs. Bruce interrupted, with a shudder. "Do ring for tea, and see who has called to-day."

Cristine obeyed both orders—touched the silver bell, and drew the ormolu tray towards her, turning over the various cards with negligent haste.

It was a very different list of names from that she had been wont to read in the old Nettleton days. The Bruces' visiting-list had increased enormously since, by Lord de Gretton's desire, they had taken the furnished house at South Kensington from which Nora's wedding was to take place. Titles were common here as "Misses" had been in the old china dish at Nettleton, and, though Mrs. Bruce still approached the ennobling "handles" with a species of awe, Cristine, being younger and more adaptable, had soon learned to rattle them off with well-bred indifference.

"Sir Walter and Lady Tresham, Mrs. Grant, Lady Villiers, Mr. Cameron Maxwell, and—mother!—Lady Olivia Blake."

The first three or four names were read off in a clear, low monotone as names of small account—the last without a trace of affectation. Cristine's fair face actually flushed with a sort of excitement as with a significant laugh she looked across the table. Mrs. Bruee stared half sleepily back.

"I am very stupid, I dare say, Cristine," she said apologetically; "but there have been so many callers lately, and"—drawing herself up a little—"so many 'Ladies' and 'Honorables' among them that I cannot quite say I know which was Lady Olivia Blake."

"Oh!" Cristine shook her bright head impatiently; but, as the footman just then brought in the tea, she bit her pretty under-lip, and kept in the irreverent words with which her mother's dense stupidity would otherwise have been rebuked. Hardly had the door closed upon him, however, when she cried almost indignantly—

"Surely, mother, you cannot forget her name?"

Mrs. Bruce looked depressed, and quietly sipped her tea, and searched her memory in vain.

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In spite of herself, Nora smiled at her step-mother's ecstacies. Until Lord de Gretton came upon the scene she had to all appearance been disposed to think the girl's destiny was to play second in every way to her own daughter, to perform all duties that Cristine neglected, and retire into the background whenever that young lady chose to come to the front.

But all things had changed since the engagement—nothing more marvellously than Mrs. Bruce's estimate of the attractions and rights of her husband's only child.

Chapter IV.

"Dear me, Cristine, I shall be glad when it is all over !" Mrs. Bruce said, as she threw her lace parasol upon the nearest sofa, her gloves upon the table, and her portly person into a big arm-chair.

"So shall I," Cristine returned, with her clear, short laugh that always suggested something disagreeable in reserve. "As you may imagine, it is not pleasant for me, everywhere and with everybody, to play second fiddle to Nora Bruce."

Mrs. Bruce paused in her occupation of fanning herself to survey her daughter anxiously. Miss Singleton presented a notable contrast to her over-heated parent ; a long afternoon of shopping and visiting had left her quite cold and calm. She looked very fair and tranquil in her dainty dress of peacock-blue, with the pale blue feather resting on her bright hair.

"It is hard, dear," the mother said, with heartfelt sympathy, "and not what we expected, of course. Still it is to be, and we must make the best of it. Forget that it is Nora Bruce we have to deal with, and think only of what Lady de Gretton can do for us all."

Miss Singleton shrugged her graceful shoulders, and showed all her pretty teeth in an undisguised yawn.

"How you do prose, mother !" she cried impatiently. "Of course I remember that always, or I should not tolerate her at all. I have no patience with the scham-

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"Surely, mother, you cannot forget her name ?"

Mrs. Bruce looked depressed, and quietly sipped her tea, and searched her memory in vain.

"When did she call, dear, and who is she ?"

"I have not heard of her calling, and she is Lord de Gretton's cousin. Don't you remember, mother, what Mrs. Maynian told us about her at the Dorntons' garden-party—what the *Universe* said ?"

With a startled and uncomfortable look Mrs. Bruce set down her cup.

"Good gracious, yes ! And she has really called ! She was engaged to him, was she not ?"

Cristine shook her head with a very sceptical air.

"Hardly that, I think, or she would have held him by a stronger chain and made a more open proclamation of her wrongs. No ; he flirted with her desperately, there is no doubt of that. She is wonderfully handsome still, though the Peerage reveals the awkward fact that she is nearly five-and-thirty. Mrs. Maynian says he was like her shadow all last year, and he even allowed her to wear the De Gretton diamonds—indeed the story goes that the first hint she had of his perfidy was his taking the jewels back to have them reset for Nora."

"Hush—here is Nora !" Mrs. Bruce, who had been listening with open-eyed and open-mouthed interest, suddenly returned to her cup as her step-daughter came into the room.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Ministers and People.

What is the world coming to ? The last thing is that a popular preacher has taken a box at the theatre of a Canadian city where he struggles to persuade men to follow Jesus Christ, and to try to be like Him. We do not say he is right. Perhaps he is the very reverse. Still if it is right for some of the fashionable members of that preacher's congregation to frequent theatres, and caper and dance at balls till wine inflame them, and the morning sun looks in with the quiet hint that it is time to go to bed, it can't be wrong for him. There is not one law for the pulpit and another for the pew.

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ıt Cristine try

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ng "Oh !" but
Lord de Gret-
lly disappoint-
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Singleton's re-
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she threw her lace parasol upon the near-
est sofa, her gloves upon the table, and
her portly person into a big arm-chair.

"So shall I," Cristine returned, with
her clear, short laugh that always sug-
gested something disagreeable in reserve.
"As you may imagine, it is not pleasant
for me, everywhere and with everybody,
to play second fiddle to Nora Bruce."

Mrs. Bruce paused in her occupation of
fanning herself to survey her daughter
anxiously. Miss Singleton presented a
notable contrast to her over-heated par-
ent ; a long afternoon of shopping and
visiting had left her quite cold and calm.
She looked very fair and tranquil in her
dainty dress of peacock-blue, with the
pale blue feather resting on her bright
hair.

"It is hard, dear," the mother said,
with heartfelt sympathy, "and not what
we expected, of course. Still it is to be,
and we must make the best of it. For-
get that it is Nora Bruce we have to deal
with, and think only of what Lady de
Gretton can do for us all."

Miss Singleton shrugged her graceful
shoulders, and showed all her pretty teeth
in an undisguised yawn.

"How you do prose, mother !" she cried
impatiently. "Of course I remember
that always, or I should not tolerate her
at all. I have no patience with the schem-
ing little wretch."

"My dear, she bears her greatness very
meekly," the elder woman said, in an
apologetic tone. "I am sure she might
turn the tables on you and me, if she
chose, Crissie ; but she moves about like
a shadow, and hardly cares to have a will
of her own."

"I hate her for that," Cristine broke in,
with sudden fury that startled her mother.
"She has and takes all that this world can
give her, yet she goes about with a mar-
tyr's air, as though her thoughts were cen-
tred wholly in the next. She means to
marry Lord de Gretton next week, yet
she cries her eyes out every night, as
though she were Arthur Beaupre's new-
made widow."

"Oh, hush, Cristine !" Mrs. Bruce cried
quickly, while her big black eyes wander-
ed in an alarmed fashion round the gor-
geous, unfamiliar room. "You know I
never speak of poor Arthur to her, and
she may hear you now."

"She cannot hear me, for the excellent
reason that she is up-stairs in her own
room, trying to sleep away a headache,
she says—kissing and crying over her
dead lover's picture, I suppose," Cristine
answered scornfully. "And, as for your
ostrich policy, mother, what good do you
hope to do by that ? Do you think that
not naming him will make her forget ?"

"I trust she has forgotten," Mrs. Bruce
said, with a pious horror of her daughter's
reckless words. "In a few days it will be
a sin for Lord de Gretton's wife to re-
member the dead in that wild, romantic
fashion."

wonderfully handsome girl, though the
Peerage reveals the awkward fact that she
is nearly five-and-thirty. Mrs. Maynian
says he was like her shadow all last year,
and he even allowed her to wear the De
Gretton diamonds—indeed the story goes
that the first hint she had of his perfidy
was his taking the jewels back to have
them reset for Nora."

"Hush—here is Nora !" Mrs. Bruce,
who had been listening with open-eyed
and open-mouthed interest, suddenly re-
turned to her cup as her step-daughter
came into the room.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Ministers and People.

What is the world coming to ? The
last thing is that a popular preacher has
taken a box at the theatre of a Canadian
city where he struggles to persuade men
to follow Jesus Christ, and to try to be
like Him. We do not say he is
right. Perhaps he is the very reverse.
Still if it is right for some of the fashion-
able members of that preacher's congre-
gation to frequent theatres, and caper and
dance at balls till wine inflame them, and
the morning sun looks in with the quiet
hint that it is time to go to bed, it can't
be wrong for him. There is not one law
for the pulpit and another for the pew.
If it is right for private Christians to do
these things it is right for the preachers
and pastors likewise. If it is wrong it is
wrong all round. There are some dread-
fully inconsistent folk. They are at a
theatre two or three times a week, and
yet if they saw the minister of their
church there they would all but faint at
the sight of such a holy man in such a
locality. Why faint ? Why be scandal-
ized ? To the pure all things are pure.
Yes, they say, but it really after all does
not look the right thing for clergymen to
go at such kind of work. Why ? The
why just lies here that their consciences
persistently tell them that all this does
not look well in a man professing good-
ness. In fact that it is to him *sin*. Yes,
yes. And if it is sin to him it is sin to
you all the same, good friends.

John Jones recently shot a partridge
with two heads. One is smaller than the
other, and somewhat shrivelled up, but is
a perfect and distinct head. He only
wounded the bird, and found both heads
to be alive and to move separately.—*Port-
land Argus.*

To look back to antiquity is one thing,
to go backto it another. If we look back
to it, it should be as those who are run-
ning a race, only to press forward the
faster, and to leave the beaten still fur-
ther behind.

**The Montreal Coffee House Association
divides 10 per cent to its shareholders for
the past year. This is like the thing, for
or course there is no cooking of accounts,
of paying interest out of capital.**

market.—*Ex.*

Scotch

They are a wir
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The good folks
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It is to be hoped
good.

Plain velvet is
above all others f
the street, for ch
receptions. Fur
lace are the trimn

ord de Gretton's wife will be
est of women," Cristine declar-
"for, if I know her, Nora will
lead lover only when she her-
l. She is making a bargain,
and, to do her justice, she has
ssed to give her lord and mas-
t of love. As it is, I believe
nce-stricken little fool half ex-
Arthur will break in upon the
ite somewhat after the fashion
he Brave, and bear her away
."

, how can you talk so hor-
s, Bruce interrupted, with a
"Do ring for tea, and see who
to-day."

obeyed both orders—touched
ell, and drew the ormolu tray
r, turning over the various
negligent haste.

very different list of names
he had been wont to read in
tleton days. The Bruces' vis-
d increased enormously since,
e Gretton's desire, they had
urnished house at South Ken-
m which Nora's wedding was
e. Titles were common here
" had been in the old china
tleton, and, though Mrs. Bruce
ched the ennobling "handles"
cies" of awe, Cristine, being
d more adaptable, had soon
rattle them off with well-bred
.

lter and Lady Tresham, Mrs.
dy Villiers, Mr. Cameron
and—mother!—Lady Olivia

three or four names were read
r, low monotone as names of
nt—the last without a trace of

Cristine's fair face actually
h a sort of excitement as with
t laugh she looked across the
s. Bruee stared half sleepily

ry stupid, I dare say, Cristine,"
ologetically; "but there have
ny callers lately, and"—draw-
up a little—"so many 'Ladies'
rables' among them that I can-
ay I know which was Lady
e."

Cristine shook her bright head
; but, as the footman just
ht in the tea, she bit her pret-
p, and kept in the irreverent
which her mother's dense stu-
ld otherwise have been rebuk-
ly had the door closed upon
ver, when she cried almost in-

mother, you cannot forget her

ice looked depressed, and qui-
l her tea, and searched her
vain.

Success in Business.

Success in business, as every merchant knows, is easier to talk about than attain. It is easier to put down expected profits on paper, than to put down the right kind of paper on the bank counter. There are principles and rules of action necessary on the part of the business man or success will not follow his efforts. It is essential for one who is launching into business to know the different points of the compass, and have a good chart before him, as for a pilot who has been entrusted with a valuable cargo. Those who are already on a voyage and have had, so far, fair winds cannot expect these will always last. To be successful if the storm should come, they must be prepared.

We do not propose in this article to draw out a mercantile chart. This is not the work of an hour, or a day. We try to furnish our readers the best one we can in the course of every year. But in the few lines we now write we can give two or three important hints which may be of service to some who have not very carefully thought of the matter before. They are drawn from practical experience.

An old merchant in the interior of this state, who lately retired with a fortune, said: "I always made a point during the time I was in business to keep a good stock of goods on hand of those goods that were in general demand, and marked the price at a small advance upon the cost price. On those goods in less demand my profits were a fraction more. I never mis-stated the quality of my goods—always representing them as they were. This gave my patrons confidence in me and they would as soon send their children for what they needed as to come themselves. I had to sell cheap; consequently had to purchase as low as possible. In doing this I always kept myself posted as to prices, which I found was only to be accomplished through some mercantile papers that were not controlled by large jobbing houses. I also inaugurated the the system of short credits and long friends; consequently when I closed up my business, my book accounts were few and in small amounts. If a man expects to be successful in business he must be honest—that is, give sixteen ounces to the pound; four quarts to the gallon; four full pecks to the bushel; and always post himself as to prices of goods."

After reading the above to another successful merchant he stated that it was his case also, and added, "To sell low you must buy low; to buy low you must if possible buy for cash, and know just how long your cash will purchase. To do this I always studied a reliable journal the same as a student does his text book. I made it, as your western friend says, 'a

MISCELLANEOUS.

The French are sending off reinforcements to Tonquin, and they will need to send more before all the play is played out.

The victory of the False Prophet in the Soudan will issue in all likelihood in the English permanently occupying Egypt. Why not? It is perhaps the best thing which could be done.

The reception tendered to the Greek orthodox Patriarch of Jerusalem, at Constantinople, is regarded in Rome as a great loss to the Roman Catholics in the Holy Land. Patriarch Nicodeme is a Russian protege, and the Sultan, by granting him extraordinary honors, is supposed to indicate his willingness to favor Russia in Syria, in order to counteract French influence. France is the only nation that protects Roman Catholics there. Hence the fears of the latter.

The sphere ot woman s avocations is evidently extending. A woman in New Orleans last week applied to the United States Treasury Department for license to be captain of a sailing vessel, having satisfactorily passed the necessary examination. The law officers are now wrestling with the question whether or not, under the law, a woman can legally fill the position of captain. There can be no doubt that many a woman has very worthily fill the position of "Captain's mate."

The man who last week shot the policeman in Detroit, has been caught. Of course he had the usual excuse, being that he was drunk; and of course if the sapient ruling in the Toronto case is to be taken, he cannot be guilty of murder, for he could not have borne any malice. That sort of stuff whether from a murderer or a magistrate, becomes quite too monotonous; we had all better have a rest from it. The fact of having been drunk and carrying a revolver, ought to be taken as aggravations of the crime, and settle that the fellow is still more than otherwise deserving of death.

If it be true that the ulema of Mecca have pronounced El Mahdi an imposter, this condemnation will give him less trouble, in his hour of triumph, than it might have when struggling for recognition in the Soudan. The ulema are the learned men—learned in law and divinity, but not necessarily in military affairs. Although their special function is to see that the teachings of the Koran are rightly interpreted in reference to affairs of the day, the piratical followers of El Mahdi will be more likely to yield to the evidence in behalf of his pretensions furnished by successes in the field than to the denunciations of distant mollahs and muftis.

It would never do not to have plenty of sporting intelligence in the daily papers.

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ɔe looked depressed, and qui-
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vain.
d she call, dear, and who is

ot heard of her calling, and
le Gretton's cousin. Don't
ıber, mother, what Mrs.
d us about her at the Dorn-
n-party—what the *Universe*

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She was engaged to him, was

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Study to please the person you expect will buy your goods; study the golden rules of square dealing; study system and study the price-lits of an independent mercantile paper.

Of course success will not always attend every effort made. The location you have selected may not be one where a satisfactory business can be done. But one thing may be depended on, viz: You can not put your goods helter skelter on your shelves and counters, and then sit down and expect the dollars to roll into your money drawer, any more than a farmer can expect, after putting in his seed potatoes, to sit in his parlor and let them grow. They will not do their own ploughing and hoeing, and when ripe they will not jump into the barrles and start for the market.—*Ex.*

Scotch Beauties.

They are a wiry and enduring rather than a muscularly massive race, though here and there the Scandinavian physique is found to prevail. In the island of Lewis it is odd to note how in the north, where the names of the villages and mountains have Norse terminations (*bost* and *bahl*), the population is of the stalwart, tall, fair-haired, Scandinavian type, while the smaller black-haired or red-haired Celt occupies the southern half of the island, in which the names of the streams and mountains and lakes are exclusively Celtic. The handsomest man I have ever seen was a boatman on the west of Skye, the calm and serious dignity of whose face seemed more suggestive of Leonardo da Vinci than of herring fishing; and the handsomest woman I have ever seen was a young married lady who, some years ago, happened to be travelling in the *Clan man*, and whose gently modulated English indicated an Inverness origin. When a Highland girl, even of the peasant class, is pretty (and the phenomenon is not a very rare occurrence), the prettiness is of a refined and intellectual type; the forehead high, the eyes clear, full, and contemplative, the mouth fine, and the expression of the face gentle and yet firm. Wordsworth never forgot the beauty of the Highland girl he saw at Inverspaid. Indeed, it is said he had to

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It would never do not to have plenty of sporting intelligence in the daily papers. At least according to some, that part of the paper is always the most popular and interesting. Even pretty staight laced people, who shake their heads at every thing even suspected of being naughty, take a sly look at the interdicted corner to see what fights are coming off, what they are doing in the way of pigeon shooting, and what is the horsiest and freshest news going. It has all just such a nice spice of wickedness about it that numbers who are tolerably conscientious can't help themselves. They do it all in secret and on the sly. But still they do it all the same.

Elephantine Sagacity.

Every one knows that the species of brute creation to which Jumbo belongs is exceptionally intelligent, and, were further proof of the fact required, it is furnished by the exploits of a couple of young elephants recently provided with a home at the St. Petersburg Zoological Gardens. The public admired and made prime favorites of them; they were fed with cakes and good things to such an extent by visitors to the gardens that their health greatly suffered, and it became necessary for their visitors to interfere. The public were requested to be less generous in their offerings, and, the request being not generally attended to, a notice to the same effect was painted on a metal plate and affixed above the entrance of their house. This failing to attain the object in view, and persons continuing to feed the elephants with pastry, an official was told off to call attention to the notice. The intelligent animals, observing that whenever the latter raised his hand to point to the metal plate, buns and cakes about to be given were withheld, drew their own conclusions and acted in their own interests. They set to work to demolish the notice which proved an obstacle to their enjoyment, and when their keeper looked in upon them one morning, he found it on the ground so knocked about and damaged that a new plate had to be procured, which to save it from destruction has been placed out of the animal's reach.

An Emergency.

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The good folks in Spain were very anxious to do the civil and kind thing to "Our Fritz," and so they got up a bull fight for his enjoyment. The Crown Prince is not a bad sort of fellow. Indeed, everybody says that he is not only not bad, but that in many respects he is very good. No wonder, then, that he was awfully shocked at the cruel, monstrous exhibition. He would have been less than a man if it had been otherwise. Will this have any influence in making the hideous amusement less popular among the Spaniards? It is to be hoped so, yet one can scarcely say. Still, for a guest, and one whose interests and intentions were to please, to be disgusted with their favorite exhibition, must have been pretty trying to their proud stomachs. Be it so. It is to be hoped that it will do them good.

Plain velvet is the material preferred above all others for winter costumes for the street, for church, and for afternoon receptions. Fur or feathers with a little lace are the trimmings.

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An Emergency.

A few days ago a man with a meek and humble expression and wearing a summer suit of clothes applied to one of the railroad passenger agents for a dead-head to go to Toledo.

"Why do you want to go to Toledo?"

"To git married."

"And you haven't any money?"

"Not above twenty-five cents."

"Hadn't you better be worth your fare to Toledo before taking a wife on your hands to support?"

"You don't understand the case," protested the man. "I'm going to marry a widow worth at least $5,000, and the first thing I shall do will be to remit you the price of the ticket. I'm poor and the widow knows it, but she marries me for love."

He protested so long and earnestly that he was finally passed down the road. Two days elapsed and then a letter was received from him, saying:

"Heaven bless you for your kindness! Reached here all right, and married the widow according to programme. It turns out that she is'nt worth a copper. In this emergency may I ask you to pass us both to Detroit, where I have hopes of striking a job?"

The old-fashioned pointed girdles are again in vogue, and the handsomest of these are made of tinted satin for evening wear, and nearly covered with gay-colored embroideries of silk and chenille, or with a richly colored and heavy bead-work, made to resemble precious gems.

FARMER'S CORNER.

Cross-bred Fowl.

Crossing fowls enables us to combine the merits of different breeds. The Brahma has a very small comb, is heavily feathered, and grows to large size. By crossing this breed with the Leghorn, we reduce the comb of the latter, increase the size of the body, and afford heavier feathering. The crossed fowl will sit, though the propensity is not so strong as in the pure Brahma, and the good qualities of both breeds are blended. A cross of the Brown Leghorn and Partridge Cochin permits of uniformity of color, and makes a superb fowl for all purposes. The Houdan answers excellently for crossing on large coarse hens, the offspring usually being larger than either of the parents. When two non-setting breeds are crossed, such as Leghorns and Hamburgs, the result is sometimes persistent sitters. An excellent cross is to use a Langshan cockerel with large common hens, the pullets from which are mated with a Houdan cockerel. This gives a hardy, early maturing, large-bodied fowl, and if a Plymouth Rock cockerel be used the succeeding season, it will be an advantage. The Langshan is the earliest maturing of any of the Asiatics, but has hard legs, which are considered objectionable by some. For plumpness of body, yellow legs, and hardiness, the new breed—the Wyandotts (formerly American Sebrights) are equal to any. They are nearly as large in size as the Plymouth Rocks. A pure-blooded cockerel must always be mated with crossed pullets. If this is not done, the chicks hatched from the crossed stock will be of different colors, shapes, and sizes, as they usually revert to different ancestors. Sandy soil is best for the feathered-legged breeds. Plenty of room in the coups should always be allowed, without regard to the breed of fowl.—*P. H. Jacobs, in American Agriculturist for Dec.*

Hints on Hog Killing.

Skill and practice are needed to take out the intestines neatly, without cutting or breaking them and soiling the flesh. Run the knife lightly down, marking the belly straight, cut to the bone between the thighs, and in front of the ribs and below, and split the rear bones with an axe carefully, not to cut beyond them; open the abdomen by running the hand or two fingers behind the knife with its edge turned outward. Little use of the knife is required to loosen the entrails. The fingers, rightly used, will do most of the severing. Small strong strings, cut in proper lengths, should be always at hand to quickly tie the severed ends of any small intestines cut or broken by chance.

ed by freezing, may be covered. The sashes should not be put over the plants until there is danger of severe freezing weather. Other frames should be made ready for very early lettuce. The soil is to be spaded and enriched and made ready for planting, and the frames then filled up with leaves. If there are shutters at hand to cover them, all the better, Earth is often wanted for hot-beds, seed-boxes, etc., at a time when the ground is still frozen. Lay in a good supply of fine, rich soil, under a shed, or where it can be had when needed.—*Dr. Thurber, in American Agriculturist for Dec.*

What Ploughed Ground Pays Farmers.

Take one illustration of the magnitude of our agriculture. Omitting the pastoral interest, which exceeds any other one; also leave out garden and fruit products, root crops, rye, barley, peas, beans, in short everything except four leading crops grown on tilled ground, viz., corn, wheat, oats, and cotton. The total yield of these for the present and past four years aggregate, in round numbers, about eight hundred and twent-five million bushels of corn; twenty-three hundred million bushels each of wheat and oats, and thirty million bales of cotton. If we estimate the average money value to the actual producers on the farm, and for the crops sold and used by themselves, at seventy cents per bushel for wheat, thirty cents per bushel for corn and oats, and thirty-five dollars per bale for cotton, we have the soil yielding in these four ploughed crops alone, over five thousand seven hundred and thirty-two million dollars; or over eleven hundred and forty-six million dollars every year!—a sum so vast as to be beyond actual comprehension. All other pursuits sink into insignificence in comparison with that of the farmer.—*American Agriculturist for December.*

Progress in Ocean Navigation.

If this were not an age in which men had almost ceased to wonder, and had altogether ceased to wonder much and to wonder long, the swift development of our merchant steam marine of iron and steal might well be offered to the astonishment of mankind. A hundred years ago Henry Cort's great invention for rolling iron bars and plates had not been devised, and nothing in the shape of iron plates in which ships could be built existed. Even fifty years ago, although several canal boats and some coasting steamers had been constructed of iron, two or three of which had made sea voyages on their way to their destinations, the construction of iron ships for ocean navigation, if thought of and spoken of, had not yet commenced. But it is a matter of daily practice for the American and the Englishman to step on board a steam palace of steel, and sweep across the vast

FASHION NOTES

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Take Care of Your Orchard Trees.

When the owner visits his young orchard after the snows have melted away in spring, he often makes the disheartening discovery that many of his trees have been girdled by mice or rabbits. Judging from our own correspondence, the damage by these animals must in the aggregate be very heavy.

The first thing to be done is to examine the extent of the injury. Frequently it is not so bad as it looks, and the inner bark is not entirely removed. If this covers even a fourth of the wounded portion, and connects the bark above the wound with that below it, the chances are that the wound will heal if drying can be prevented. The ordinary grafting wax, applied on old, worn cotton cloth, or on paper, as used in grafting, should be applied over the injured portion. This, especially on quite small trees, will prevent all evaporation. Another applica-

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Preparing for Spring in the Garden.

Wherever a crop is taken off, it will be a great gain to manure and plough or spade the land, leaving it rough during the winter. All such work as making paths, laying drains, etc., is more advantageously done now than when the press of spring work is at hand. If new frames are needed, or straw mats, or crates for marketing produce, or garden labels are required, if implements are to be made, repaired or bought—whatever can be done in the present months—will save much valuable time in spring. Now, and all through the winter, add everything to the manure pile that will decompose and increase its bulk and value. Among the preparations for spring is the pricking out into cold frames, the cabbage, cauliflower and lettuce plants from seeds. It is important to set the plants of cabbage and cauliflower down to the first leaf, so that the stem, the portion most readily injur-

himself, and he got away down channel. After an ordinary outward voyage he exchanged troops, and made an ordinary voyage home again, many and many a long week elapsing, nevertheless, before he again cast anchor between the Forelands. But when he did so, he had his old companion again, for the slant of wind that sufficed for the one was insufficient for the other, and there she had lain "above her beef-bones" ever since. It is to the introduction of iron and steel into the ship-building that we owe the vast improvement in ocean speed. Neither the strength to resist the enormous strains of modern engines, equivalent to 10,000 horses, nor the length and fineness of of form required for the acceptance, so to speak, of high speeds, could have been obtained all the time wood was the sole ship-building material. With iron and steel as our material we may be a long way at present from a limit of speed and size. And yet the change in size has been very striking. We may give an istance which will illustrate this, and at the same time illustrate the growth of professional opinion on these questions. M. Deputy de Lome, afterward chief naval architect of the French navy under Napoleon III., made a professional visit to this country in 1842. He went to Bristol, and there inspected the *Great Britain*, then building. In a report which he subsequently made to his Government he referred to that ship as "the most gigantic experiment ever tried in the naval department," and stated that "the proportions of she hull depart altogether from any experiment previously made." The *Great Britain* was 274 feet in length; the *City of Rome* is 586 feet.

Filial Cordiality.

"I haven't heard from you in some time," is what the Arkansaw *Traveler* says an Arkansas father wrote to his son, "and fear that you are dead." "No, I am not dead," the young man replied, "but I am sentenced to be hung next week. If you can spare the time come over. There will be quite a crowd, and you may meet some of your old friends."

The cast of Luther's face, taken three days after his death, is preserved in a public library in Halle. Some hairs of the eyebrows, which came out while the cast was being removed, are religiously cared for by a firm of art dealers in the same city. These modest souvenirs of the Reformer are stiff, and iron-gray.

Transparent crape of faint pink and blue shades covered with silver spots is the novelty for evening dresses. It is ornamented with fringes of silver sequins and is made over satin. Embroidered tulle skirts with scarlet chenille poppies are worn with red velvet bodices.

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A Sea of Corpses.

The following is an extract fro ter from one of the crew of *Samoa*, posted at St. Helena:—

"When we reached Anjer wha met our eyes! Anger all gone; living soul left; the land on b white as snow, covered with ashe all dead—a fearful sight. We dered to stop and heave to by man-of-war. A small boat came t kindly took our letters.' For t after passing Anjer we ploughed masses of dead bodies, hundreds dreds striking the ship on bot groups of fifty to a hundred al together, most of them naked, an odour? It was awful!

"We passed a great deal of w but of course we cannot tell if an were lost. We also passed chests, and a number of white b dressed like sailors, with sheath l them. For ten days we went fields of pumic stone. I have a of it on board. We had a pleas sage round the Cape of Good H gales; in fact, not wind enough. you will see us home the firs December."—*N. Y. Herald.*

Wheat receipts in Montreal fell 7,800,000 to 5,800,000 bushels t

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FASHION NOTES.

Forty small heads of the robin-red breasts form the coronets of red velvet bonnets.

The high-shouldered sleeves have at last found favor in Paris and are seen on all imported dresses.

Triangles formed of many rows of soutache braid are newer than wheels of braid for ornamenting cloth dresses or cloaks.

The newest sealskin wrap is a short visite with high shoulders and long tab fronts but very short in the back. The trimming instead of being a band of fur from some other animal, is a ball fringe with the balls covered with sealskin.

White velvet marguerites, with crystal, pearl, or silver bead centres, are much used this season both for ornamenting opera bonnets and hats and for dress and corsage garniture. These are very often mingled with maiden-hair ferns, and white heather, but all members of the daisy tribe, both great and small, are in high favor.

A tea-gown forms as important a part of a bridal trousseau as morning wrappers formerly did. For blondes they are made with a long overdress of pale blue sicilienne and a short skirt covered with Venetian embroidery. For brunettes they are *vieux rouge* surah trimmed with a blouse vest and creamy lace in the Fedora fashions of Sarah Bernhardt's play.

The pelisse is still the most generally accepted form for long cloaks. It is, however, slightly changed this season, by being loose in front but tight-fitting at the back, with ample fullness to allow room for the dress skirt beneath. Figured cloths with Egyptian and Indian designs are used in odd colors of blue and brown, with shaded plush or silk linings.

The smallest children wear large wide-brimmed hats, which form a most becoming frame to the face. They are made of very soft and fine felt and are handsomely trimmed with velvet bands and full plumes. Dark colors are the fashion in these hats—pre-eminently dull red, blue and brown—and with these should be worn a cloth or plush coat of the same color long enough to hide the dress beneath it.

Warm cloths in heather-gray mixtures are fashionable for morning costumes for the streets, as they are quite suitable for mantles and jackets. Fancy cloths show close and intricate blendings of color which make them dull and harmonious in tone, and therefore suitable for the street. Fur plastrons and borders, with some bronze, gilt or silver braid, are the trimmings.

Blue cloth costumes are plainly made, but, gayly ornamented by rows innumerable of Veronese-red braid. The jockey basque opens over a puffed Moliere chem-

GRAINS OF GOLD.

There cannot be a greater rudeness than to interrupt another in the current of his discourse.

Sloth, like rust, consumes faster than labor wears, while the key often used is always bright.

Do all that you can to stand, and then fear lest you may fall, and by the grace of God you are safe.

The man who lives in vain, lives worse than in vain. He who lives to no purpose, lives to a bad purpose.

Modern education too often covers the fingers with rings, and at the same time cuts the sinews at the wrists.

Never reason from what you do not know. If you do you will soon believe what is utterly against reason.

Virtue will catch as well as vice by contact; and the public stock of honest, manly principle will daily accumulate.

So quickly sometimes has the wheel turned round that many a man has lived to enjoy the benefit of that charity which his own piety projected.

Sincerity is an openness of heart; tis found in very few people, and that which we see commonly is not it, but a subtle dissimulation to gain the confidence of others.

Thinkers are as scarce as gold; but he whose thought embraces all his subject, who pursues it uninterruptedly and fearless of consequence, is a diamond of enormous size.

The talent of turning men into ridicule, and exposing to laughter those one converses with, is the qualification of little minds and ungenerous tempers. A young man with this cast of mind cuts himself off from all manner of improvement.

Men who are perpetually engaged in accumulating wealth without ever allowing themselves time to enjoy it, are like hungry folks who are always cooking without ever sitting down to dine.

Two Curious Needles.

The King of Prussia recently visited a needle manufactory in his kingdom in order to see what machinery, combined with the human hand, could produce. He was shown a number of superfine needles, thousands of which, together, did not weigh half an ounce, and marveled how such minute objects could be pierced with an eye. But he was to see that in this respect even something still finer and more perfect could be created. The borer—that is, the workman whose business it is to bore the eye in those needles—asked for a hair from the monarch's head. It was readily given and with a smile. He placed it at once under the boring machine, made a hole in it with the greatest care, furnished it with a thread, and then

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Blue cloth costumes are plainly made, but, gayly ornamented by rows innumerable of Veronese-red braid. The jockey basque opens over a puffed Moliere chemisette of red velvet but fastened down the centre with red silk buttons. The tunic is short in front, with still shorter Watteau folds behind. New combinations for similar dresses are brick red with moss green, slate gray and poppy colors, tobacco brown and electric blue.

Moderate Drinking.

The fact ought to be more generally known than it is that moderate drinking, never approaching drunkenness, is by no means so safe and so commendable as some well meaning men represent it to be. Sir Henry Thompson, one of the most honored physicians in England, has given a good deal of attention to this important question, and this is his deliberate verdict :—

"The habitual use of fermented liquors, to an extent far short of what is necessary to produce intoxication, injures the body and diminishes mental power." He further asserts, from his own long medical experience, that "the use of fermented liquors, taken in quantity which is conventionally deemed 'moderate' causes many of the painful and dangerous maladies of the body." When such results come from the *moderate* use of *fermented* liquors, what results may be expected from even the moderate use of the more intoxicating *distilled* liquors such as brandy and whiskey, so commonly used by moderate men in Canada?

Writing on the same subject the able editor of the *Century* Magazine says :—"The loss of self-respect the lowering of ambition, and the fading out of hope are signs of the progress from moderation to inebriety. . . Who does not know reputable gentlemen, physicians, artists, clergymen even, who were never drunk in their lives, and never will be, but who reveal, in conversation and in conduct, certain melancholy effects of the drinking habit? The brain is so often inflamed by alcohol that its functions are imperfectly performed ; and there is a perceptible loss of mental power, and of moral tone. The drinker is not conscious of this loss ; but those who know him best are painful-

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Two Curious Needles.

The King of Prussia recently visited a needle manufactory in his kingdom in order to see what machinery, combined with the human hand, could produce. He was shown a number of superfine needles, thousands of which, together, did not weigh half an ounce, and marveled how such minute objects could be pierced with an eye. But he was to see that in this respect even something still finer and more perfect could be created. The borer—that is, the workman whose business it is to bore the eye in those needles—asked for a hair from the monarch's head. It was readily given and with a smile. He placed it at once under the boring machine, made a hole in it with the greatest care, furnished it with a thread, and then handed the singular needle to the astonished king.

The second curious needle is in the possession of Queen Victoria. It was made at the celebrated needle manufactory at Bedditch, and represents the column of Trajan in miniature. This well-known Roman column is adorned with numerous scenes in sculpture, which immortalize Trajan's heroic actions in war. On this diminutive needle, scenes in the life of Queen Victoria are represented in relief, but so finely cut and so small, that it requires a magnifying glass to see them. The Victoria needle can, moreover, be opened ; it contains a number of needles of smaller size, which are equally adorned with scenes in relief.

Here is a coincidence : Milton John Roberts, of New York, died at Bellevue Hospital at the same hour that John Milton Roberts, of Boston, died at the New York Hospital.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE

of all other medicines by Dr. R. V. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery" is approaching. Unrivaled in diseases impure blood and consumption which is scrofulous disease of the lungs.

Cardinal McCloskey celebrates the fiftieth anniversary, or golden jubilee, of his ordination in next January.

Young men or middle-aged ones, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses should send 4 cent stamps for Part VII World's Dispensary Dime Series of books. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

In the spring-time look out for floods and torrents.

GET THE ORIGINAL.

Dr. Pierce's "Pellets"—the original "Little Liver Pill" (sugar coated)—cure sick and bilious headache, sour stomach, and bilious attacks.

From a hygienic aspect nickle is as harmless as iron German silver requires to be well silvered to make it harmless.

I once gave a lady two-and-twenty receipts against melancholy ; one was a cheerful fire ; another, to remember all pleasant things said to her ; another, to keep a box

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OUTSIDE TOW
For lowest rates a
Sam. Usborne &

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Large double Driv
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to an extent far short of what is necessary to produce intoxication, injures the body and diminishes mental power." He further asserts, from his own long medical experience, that "the use of fermented liquors, taken in quantity which is conventionally deemed 'moderate' causes many of the painful and dangerous maladies of the body." When such results come from the *moderate* use of *fermented* liquors, what results may be expected from even the moderate use of the more intoxicating *distilled* liquors such as brandy and whiskey, so commonly used by moderate men in Canada?

Writing on the same subject the able editor of the *Century* Magazine says:—"The loss of self-respect the lowering of ambition, and the fading out of hope are signs of the progress from moderation to inebriety. . . Who does not know reputable gentlemen, physicians, artists, clergymen even, who were never drunk in their lives, and never will be, but who reveal, in conversation and in conduct, certain melancholy effects of the drinking habit? The brain is so often inflamed by alcohol that its functions are imperfectly performed; and there is a perceptible loss of mental power, and of moral tone. The drinker is not conscious of this loss; but those who know him best are painfully aware that his perceptions are less keen, his judgments less sound, his temper less serene, his spiritual vision less clear, because he tarries every day a little too long at the wine."

A Sea of Corpses.

The following is an extract from a letter from one of the crew of the ship *Samoa*, posted at St. Helena:—

"When we reached Anjer what a sight met our eyes! Anger all gone; not one living soul left; the land on both sides white as snow, covered with ashes; trees all dead—a fearful sight. We were ordered to stop and heave to by a Dutch man-of-war. A small boat came to us and kindly took our letters. For two days after passing Anjer we ploughed through masses of dead bodies, hundreds and hundreds striking the ship on both sides; groups of fifty to a hundred all packed together, most of them naked, and such an odour? It was awful!

"We passed a great deal of wreckage, but of course we cannot tell if any vessels were lost. We also passed bedding, chests, and a number of white bodies, all dressed like sailors, with sheath knives on them. For ten days we went through fields of pumic stone. I have a quantity of it on board. We had a pleasant passage round the Cape of Good Hope; no gales; in fact, not wind enough. I hope you will see us home the first week in December."—*N. Y. Herald.*

Wheat receipts in Montreal fell off from 7,800,000 to 5,800,000 bushels this year.

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"Peas be unto you," said the groceryman, as he weighed out some coffee for a customer.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

PECTORIA! Pectoria! Pectoria! the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat or Chest. Pectoria loosens the phlegm and breaks up the Cough. 25 cents per bottle. Don't give up untill you have tried Pectoria, all Druggists and General Storekeepers sell it.

The book-worm will be a tomb when he dies.

For a three cent stamp, Wilson Chemical Co., Kingston, Ont., will send to any address, 27 hand colored samples of Triangle Dyes, with directions for use and other information valuable to every house wife.

A bad neigh-bore—a mule in the next lot.

Catarrh—A New Treatment whereby a Permanent Cure is effected in from one to three applications. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King-st. West, Toronto, Canada.

If some people had an ear-rake, it would be a good thing for them.

Beware of that Cough! it may kill you; cure it at once with Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, it never fails. Large Bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

The cow boy was the original cow-catcher.

Leather
70 King Stree
Large double Drivin
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For sale low, the follow
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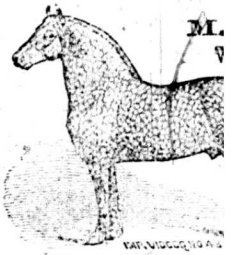

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FOR THE

Kidneys, Liver, and Urinary Organs.

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER.

There is only one way by which any disease can be cured, and that is by removing the cause—wherever it may be. The great medical authorities of the day declare that nearly every disease is caused by deranged kidneys or liver. Before these, therefore, is the only way by which health can be secured. Here is where WARNER'S SAFE CURE has achieved its great reputation. It acts directly upon the kidneys and liver, and by placing them in a healthy condition drives disease and pain from the system. For all Kidney, Liver and Urinary troubles; for the distressing disorders of women; for Malaria, and physical troubles generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.

For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,

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Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops. The prescription of an old Canadian Practitioner. The best remedy for the Lungs, in large bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

Back stares are impolite, no matter in whose house you see them.

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MATTHEWS BROS. & CO., 93 YONGE Street, Toronto. Mail prepaid, assorted packages of beautiful Christmas and New Year Cards.

25 cards, assorted,	mostly small,	$ 25
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No two cards alike. Cash to be sent with order.

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Address all orders to C. W. DENNIS, 7 and 10 cent Multiple Store, 213 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

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Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months and from Portland every alternate Thursday during the winter months. Sailing dates from Quebec:—

QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL

Dominion, Nov 17 | Toronto, Nov. 21.

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL

*Sarnia,	Dec. 6	*Oregon,	Nov. 10
Ontario,	" 13	Dominion,	" 27

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $60, $65, $80; return, $90, $108, $117, $144 according to steamer and berth. Intermedia $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent or local agents of the Company, or to

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For lowest rates and all particulars apply to

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Leather Belting!

70 King Street, East, Toronto.

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

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Are all of them without exception among the **Largest and Fastest** of Ocean Steamers. They were constructed with special reference to the conveyance of passengers, and for **safety Comfort or speed**, are unexcelled. They are specially noted for the regularity of their rapid passages in all weather. The steerage accommodations are of the highest order, the ventilation perfect; and every provision has been made for the comfort and protection of the passengers. In addition to the total and absolute separation of the single men and women, except on deck, the married compartment has been so remodelled and arranged that every married couple or family has a little private room to itself. For particulars apply to the Company's agents at all towns in Ontario, or to T. W. JONES, General Agent, 23 York street, Toronto

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ENDLESS AMUSEMENT FOR ONLY 30 CTS.

Have you seen it? The greatest collection of Games, Cards, Tricks Puzzles, Songs, etc., ever offered for anything like the money. AMUSEMENT FOR A WHOLE SEASON, for the old or young. Our NEW BUDGET contains the following: Heller's Conjuring Pack; the Mystic

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ough! it may kill you; cure it at once Pulmonary Cough Drops, it never fails. 0 cents. For sale everywhere.

boy was the original cow-

Manufacturers of Star Rivet

Leather Belting!

70 King Street, East, Toronto.

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

THE QUEEN'S LAUNDRY BAR

ASK FOR IT and TAKE NO OTHER.

Beware of Imitations.

TRADE MARK. Made by The Albert Toilet Soap Co

BEST BOILER PLATE,

For sale low, the following sizes, suitable for Boilers, Safes, Flumes, Tanks, &c., &c., 5-16 inch thick, 6x3, 8x3, 9x8, 10x3, 6x2½, 7x2½, 8x2½, 9x2½.

SEND FOR PRICES

Copland & McLaren,

Corner Wellington & Grey Nun Sts., Montreal.

OAKLAWN FARM,

The Greatest Importing and Breeding Establishment in the World.

PERCHERON HORSES

WORTH $2,500,000.00

Imported from France and Bred since 1872, by

M. W. DUNHAM,

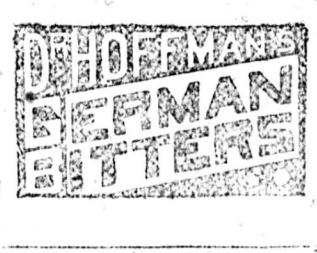
Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois,

25 miles West of Chicago on C. & N.-W. Ry.

Prices low for quality of stock, and EVERY STALLION GUARANTEED A BREEDER.

390 Imported the Past Three Months.

Consisting of finest animals, with choicest pedigrees registered in the Percheron Stud Book of France and the Percheron Stud Book of the United States. Write for Free Illustrated Catalogue No. 20.



50c. | A GENUINE GERMAN DYSPEPSIA CURE. | 50c.

No injurious mineral, no poison, no irritating acids.

Acts on a different principle from other Bitters.

Possesses tonic, aperient and Digestive properties, and a principle that soothes the inflamed membranes, opens up the absorbing vessels of the stomach and Liver, cures Dyspepsia, Catarrh of the Stomach, Liver Complaint, Constipation, &c.

Wm. Goldsmith, of Collingwood, Ont., suffered for years with the worst form of Dyspepsia; tried physicians and every remedy advertised without benefit. One bottle of Hoffman's German Bitters cured him.

Wholesale by Lyman Brothers, and Northrop & Lyman, Toronto.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS, BROCHES, Black and Colored, Cashmeres, tweeds, Cookings. A. B. FLINT 350 Yonge Street, Toronto.

THE SPLENDID STEAMERS

OF THE

WHITE STAR LINE

Are all of them without exception among the Largest and Fastest of Ocean Steamers. They were constructed with special reference to the conveyance of passengers, and for **Safety Comfort or speed**, are unexcelled. They are specially noted for the regularity of their rapid passages in all weather. The steerage accommodations are of the highest order, the ventilation perfect; and every provision has been made for the comfort and protection of the passengers. In addition to the total and absolute separation of the single men and women, except on deck, the married compartment has been so remodelled and arranged that every married couple or family has a little private room to itself. For particulars apply to the company's agents at all towns in Ontario, or to T. W. JONES, General Agent, 23 York street, Toronto

FUN AND MYSTERY

ENDLESS AMUSEMENT FOR ONLY 30 CTS.

Have you seen it? The greatest collection of Games, Cards, Tricks Puzzles, Songs, etc., ever offered for anything like the money. AMUSEMENT FOR A WHOLE SEASON, for the old or young. Our NEW BUDGET contains the following: Heller's Conjuring Pack: the Mystic Oracle: Guide to Flirtation: 10 new Evening Games: Set of "Hold to Light Cards;" 1 Set Colored Chromo Cards; the "Star Puzzle; 25 Ways to Get Rich; the "13" Puzzle; 5 Beautiful Face Pictures; Language of Jewels and Flowers; 101 Selections for Autograph Albums; 11 Popular Songs with Music, 13 New Tricks in Magic; Pack of Fun and Comic Cards; 1 Chinese Block Puzzle; the Roman Cross Puzzle; Great 85 Prize Puzzle; 1 set Transformation Pictures, change color right before your eyes, and Games of Fortune.

ALL FOR 30 CENTS, IN ONE OR TWO CENT POSTAGE STAMPS. By mail postpaid. Two Packages for FIFTY CENTS, five for ONE DOLLAR. Send at once and get the greatest bargain ever offered. Return this with order to void mistake.

LEE & CO., Montreal, P. Q.

TRADE MARK.

THE BEST

HORSE REMEDIES

are those made by

THE ELLIS SPAVIN CURE CO.

Every owner of one or more horses can save a large amount of time and money by having on hand a good supply of Ellis's Horse Remedies and to supply a general demand we would announce that we will send the following by express (on receipt of the money, or C.O.D. and return charges): $6.50 for $5; 1 box, 12 pounds Medicated Food, $1; 2 bottles Spavin Cure, $2; 2 boxes Large Condition Powders $1; 2 boxes Worm Powders, $1; 1 box Heave Powder, 50c.; 1 box Colic Powder, 50c.; 1 box Hoof Ointment 50c.—$6.50. J. H. Whitson & Son, 24th St., N Y., says: "We have used Ellis's Spavin Cure in our stables for two years, and have tried it on the following with perfect success: Splints, curbs, ring bones, bunches on the neck, swelled ankles, also quincy, sore throat, and for general stable liniment it is the best article we have ever used." For further particulars, free books, etc., write to

ELLIS SPAVIN CURE COMPANY,

50 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.;
or 276 Fourth Avenue, New York

W. D. MADDEN

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Xmas Goods

—EVER EXHIBITED IN NAPANEE.—

Call and See His 5c. and 10c. Counters.

THEY WILL ASTONISH YOU.

RANG'S COMPLETE LINE OF

'Xmas and New Year's Cards.

The Finest in the World.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

Next Door to F. W. Smith's.

W. D. MADDEN.

NOTICE.

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

OF CANADA.

Lines are now open for comunication or messages to Deseronto and Kingston.

For particulars see Subscriber's Directory or apply to

D. W. MADDEN,
Agent.

HUGH BAKER, Manager Ontario Department.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 21, 1883.

Marriage Licenses

ssued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

issued by W. D. MADDEN, Deputy-Issuer of marriage licenses. Office, Perry & Madden's Bookstore, Dundas-st.

ROUND TOWN.

—To-day is the shortest of the year.

—Go to Madden's for your diaries.

—Go to Slaven's Christmas sale for cheap goods.

—THE EXPRESS wishes all its patrons a Merry Christmas.

—A fine wax doll 2 feet long for $1, at W. D.

—The Sunday School of the C. M. Church here intend having a "Christmas Ship" on Christmas Eve, which will be loaded with presents for the scholars.

—A fine line of Catholic prayer books at W D. Madden's.

—See K. J. Strong & Co's ady. in another column. Parties in want of first-class harness should give the firm a call. Their shop is small, but it corresponds with their profits.

—Madden has the grandest display of Xmas goods in Napanee.

—Geo. H. Amey was arrested near Centreville on Tuesday on a warrant issued by Mayor James at the instance of Amey's daughter, charging him with having attempted in March last to commit an unnatural offence upon her.

—Over 300 girls' wool hoods to select from at Slaven's Christmas sale.

—Some of the old troubles of the Brush Factory have been revived this week and operations have been suspended for a few days. We understand a settlement will be arrived at today, and the works will be re-opened at once.

—**22 Pounds of Raisins for $1** at Grange & Coulter's.

—Several of the town churches are being handsomely decorated for Christmas. The decorations of St. Mary Magdalene's Church will be on a much more magnificent scale than on any previous ocnasion.

—Rings of nearly all descriptions at Chinneck's jewelry store, new Opera block.

—Remember the charity concert in the new Opera Hall this evening. A fine programme and a most enjoyable entertainment is assured. Apart from the merits of the entertainment, the object should attract a large audience.

—We are now showing a full assortment of toys and fancy goods for the Christmas trade. C. F. Henderson.

—Miss Carrie McDonald and Miss Henderson, of Belleville, were out driving on Tuesday when the horse took fright and ran away. His flight being in the direction of the river the young ladies feared a "ducking" and threw themselves out on the roadway. Both escaped injury and little damage was done the rig.

—**Twenty-two pounds of raisins** for $1 at Grange & Coulter's.

—Mr. Frank W. Pringle, who returned to town some months ago, has resumed his old position in the foundry with his brother. He is a skilful and reliable engineer. As will be seen by an advertisement in another column, the firm have added some new features to their business and have infused renewed energy into every department.

—All our pattern hats and millinery goods at cost price now. P. Slaven & Co.

Arrangements have been made with the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway for the accommodation of Masons going to Newburgh to celebrate St. John's Day. Brethren from the country will please meet at the Masonic Hall here at 9:30 a. m. sharp, so as to march in procession to the train. The D. D. G. M. will be present. Will return about 7 o'clock in the evening.

—See Madden's hand satchels and jet goods.

—On Tuesday evening last a young lad dressed himself in girl's clothes, wound a red cloud around his head, and promenaded Dundas-st., running against people and otherwise making a nuisance of himself. If this exceedingly "fresh" youngster goes before the Mayor (which is very likely, as his name is known) he will receive another kind of dressing.

—**Evaporated Peaches** at Grange & Coulter's.

—Missionary anniversary services will be held in the M. E. Church, Napanee, on Sabbath, Dec. 23rd. Sermons will be preached as follows:—10:30 a. m, by Rev. J. E. Mavety, P. E., of Kingston District; 6:30 p. m., by Rev. S. Card. The usual contributions asked. Special service of song by the choir. Solo by Mr. Akroyd in the evening, "Rock of Ages," a new arrangement of this magnificent hymn. The church is being beautifully decorated for next Sunday and the Christmas services.

—A large stock of Russell's celebrated table cutlery just arrived at R. G. Wright's.

Personals.

—Miss Blanche Williams is vi in Syracuse and Watertown.

—We had the pleasure of a call from Mr. Harkness, of the Picton

—Mr. Will Eyre, of Brighton, a of Montreal, spent Sunday in tow friends.

—Mr. John McCabe returned h day last from Brandon, Man., aft ten months.

—Mr. W. A. Demorest, of Eric tered employment in Mr. Thom bakery.

—Mr. John B. Vrooman, law s ronto, is on a visit to his uncle, M man, East-st.

—Mr. Williamson has been com health to take a few weeks' holid friends in Lindsay. Many frien him a speedy recovery.

—Mr. John Sweeney, of Bowes is in town on a visit to friends. H few days for New York to join hi it is probable he will remain the ly.

—Mr. Ed. Curlette, telegraph op York, son of Mr. J. C. Curlette, o home on a visit. He is an operat Exchange, and knows all about t "bears."

—Mr. C. Z. Perry has obtained Messrs. Copp, Clark & Co., who ers, Toronto, as their western tra take the road after the holidays. secured in Mr. Perry a most c thoroughly reliable representativ

—Messrs. James O'Brien and s and Mr. Palmatier, of Erinsville, on Friday evening after a two m tour in the back woods. They s six deer and two otter. Fur in t ships is getting scarce.

—Mr. W. P. Herring, of Kansa manager of the Dominion Cattle Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Agr largest stockholder, is in town on uncle, John Herring, Esq. The ranche of one million acres in Te herd of 40,000 cattle. Three quar lion dollars are invested in the e

—Mr. R. Fulford Ruttan, B. A Ruttan, of Napanee, presided as the annual banquet of the McG Faculty of Medicine Undergrad the Windsor hotel, Montreal, on ing, Dec. 7th. The Montreal Ga izes his speech as follows:—"A thanks to the undergraduates for had done him, in electing him thei extended a most hearty welcome ren from the sister universities o plause.) After some humorous gard to dinners in general, he sa occasion like this there was, perh more worthy of their consideratio sity fellowship. (Applause.) Th of a college life was a feature th ceive all the attention it deserve fact, most important, for without would be very bare indeed and charm. (Applause.)" A large n leading men of Montreal were pr dinner was a great success. We Fulford on his preferment by hi ents.

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—Go to Madden's for your diaries.

—Go to Slaven's Christmas sale for cheap goods.

—THE EXPRESS wishes all its patrons a Merry Christmas.

—A fine wax doll 3 feet long for $1, at W. D. Madden's.

—On Sunday last boys amused themselves by skating on the river.

—Another new lot of silverware just coming in at Chinneck's, new Opera block.

—Mr. Pennell has purchosed 150 acres of land from Frank Vandebogart for $6,500 cash.

—Immense quantities of useful goods for presents at Slaven's Christmas sale.

—Navigation closed last Saturday, and boats made their last trip on Friday to Napanee.

—Beautiful silver name brooches at Chinneck's, new Opera block.

—Mr. W. D. Madden will please accept our thanks for a copy of the Canadian Almanac for 1884.

—Our Christmas cards are allowed by all who have seen them to be the best value in town. C. F. Henderson.

—Mr. Caleb Goodmurphy, of Deseronto, opened out a billiard saloon in the McRossie building, Dundas-st., on Wednesday evening.

—R. P. Lahey's new store for the largest and best assortment of men's and boys' clothing, specially cheap for the holiday trade.

—On Monday last the post office was opened in its new premises, one door west of Daly's tea store. There are 318 boxes in the office, instead of 256, as stated last week.

Large quantity of dried apples just received at Grange & Coulter's.

A. McNeill, Esq., has donated $60 to the Fire Brigade for their brave efforts on the night of the Campbell House fire. It is a nice Xmas present, and the brigade are very thankful.

Clouds and wool squares from 20c. to $2 at Slaven's Christmas sale.

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—A large stock of Russell's celebrated table cutlery just arrived at R. G. Wright's.

—Anniversary sermons will be preached in the C. M. Church, Odessa, on Sunday next by Rev. James Kines, of Morrisburgh, and on Christmas night the anniversary tea meeting will be held, when an attractive programme will be rendered, consisting of addresses, recitations and readings by Rev. Jas. Kines, G. S. Elridge, B. A., Dr. Sparks and others, and music by the choir. Tea will be served from 6 p. m. to 8 p. m. Collections at the Sunday services. Tickets to tea meeting, 10c. each.

—Six button white kid gloves for 50c. a pair at Slaven's Christmas sale.

—Notwithstanding the severe weather of the past few days considerable progress has been made on the railway. Next week twenty miles of iron will be laid. Mr. G. Davis, the contractor for the bridges, has completed the bridge to the Granger ballast pit, and it was tested this week by an engine going over it. The bridge is a splendid structure. He has yet three bridges to complete, including that at Varty Lake, which is in course of completion. Mr. Davis has proved himself a most competent bridge builder.

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East ward—At Mr. John Fennel John Fennell, returning officer.

Centre ward South division hall; Mr. S. R. Miller, returning division at the residence of Mrs. Mr. Silas Vrooman, returning of

West ward South division—At tin's shop; Mr. Jas. McCay, retu North division—At Mr. Ira Kimm ing; Mr. Amos Kimmerly, return

The following accounts were paid: J. Storms, bread for tram M. O'Beirne, printing and adver J. Baldwin, cutting wood, $1.50 impounding cattle two weeks, $6 lass, cutting wood, $1.50; J. J. Pe $2.50; treasurer's vouchers, $110.8 ley, carting, 55c.; Rathbun Co., walks, $1,111.76; Mr. Kirby, 6 The account of J. Rooks, lightin referred to the Clerk. The Cou Journed.

—For a very nice article in silk and ties, much under regular pri Henderson.

"T. T." Besieged By Corre

To the Editor of THE Ex

DEAR SIR,—Having seen by yo

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Mr. James Aylsworth, of Tamworth, has issued a handsome circular, which should attract to his well equipped establishment a host of holiday purchasers. It was printed at THE EXPRESS job department.

—Don't buy your Christmas presents before inspecting my stock. No charge for examining goods. F. Chinneck.

We announced last week that the Literary Society had a specially inviting programme for last Friday evening, and we are pleased to say such was the case. The meeting was largely attended and the proceeds were satisfactory. On account of the charity concert to be held this evening there will be no meeting of the Literary Society.

—Call early and get your presents at Chinneck's to avoid the rush just before Christmas, new Opera block.

—On Monday evening last Mr. Thos. Trimble left a lamp burning in his stall in the market. Shortly afterwards two gentlemen who were passing by noticed that the lamp was ablaze, and bursting the door open extinguished the fire before it reached the coal oil, thus preventing an explosion. As the Saved Army meeting was in operation in the hall above, what might have been a terrible catastrophe was averted.

—Call and see Madden's 5c. and 10c. counters, on which will be found articles worth from 25c. up.

—The following officers of Napanee Lodge A. O. U. W. were elected by acclamation on Tuesday evening last:—Mr. R. G. Wright, P.M.W.; Dr. R. A. Leonard, M.W.; Mr. R. A. Helliwell, Foreman; Mr. J. W. Black, Overseer; Mr. W. D. Madden, Receiver—re-elected; Mr. A. W. Grange, Financier—re-elected; Mr. J. W. Hanley, Guide; Mr. Frank Morris, I. G.; Mr. John Bowie, O. G.; Trustees, Messrs. W. A. Rose, N. A. Caton and John Bowie. The officers will be installed at the next regular meeting. The lodge is in a most prosperous condition.

—R. P. Lahey's new store for the largest assortment of beautiful silk handkerchiefs, from 50c. up. New ties, scarfs, gloves, underclothing, etc.

—Reeve Herring has for years been the recognized wit of the Council, but Coun. Lane is gradually supplanting him. At the meeting Monday evening he got off a good thing on Coun. Lowry. The members were indulging in some "chaff" over the tickets they should buy for the charity concert. Coun. Lowry suggested that Coun. Lane should buy reserved seat tickets and give them to those of the constituents whose votes he required and occupy a back seat himself. This caused the laugh on the senior West Warder, but it was quickly turned by the old gentleman saying, "Now, John, don't—me-ow-ow." The members were thrown into convulsions of laughter, and Coun. Lowry succumbed. The cat incident is destined to be a remarkable feature of the Councillor's public career.

—Ladies' knit jerseys for $1.25 at Slaven's Christmas sale.

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—W. D. Madden has a complete line of Prang's cards.

Accident at the Station.

A brakesman named J. A. Cliff had both his arms taken off about 1 o'clock this morning at the station. He was ascending the ladder of a car and fell off, both arms striking the rail. They were cut off just below the elbow. He is a young Englishman only three or four months out from the old country.

—Wax tapers for Christmas trees at W. D. Madden's.

The Leading Custom Mill.

Since recent improvements have been effected in Mr. J. A. Close's Mill in N. Fredericksburgh it is said to be by farmers the best three run custom mill in the county. The mill is purely a custom mill, and Mr. Close being abreast of the times has spared neither time nor expense to put it in shape for doing the best work. He has recently thoroughly overhauled the machinery, put in a larger purifier of an improved pattern, added improved bolts and a powerful engine, and is now in a better position to handle the inferior wheat of the season than any other custom mill in the county. This is the opinion, at least, of the large number of farmers who are seen going to and from the mill every day with their grists. Give him a trial and you will be convinced of the superiority of his work.

—**Dried Black Berries** at Grange & Coulter's.

On Oath.

In another place you will see advertisement of Starr Kidney Pad with the following references who swore as to the cures the Pad has made. Trueman Jackson Camden East, James Pike, Wm. Fralick, A. Walker, Enterprise, John A. Fraser, James Johnston, S. T. Bonagar, Geo. and Jas. Summers, D. E. Rose Tamworth. There are thousands of others. Write to the above, enclosing stamp for reply. 49—3 mos.

The Quickest Thing on Record

Is Fluid Lightning for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Etc. It does not blister or discolor the skin; requires but one application to banish all pain magically without using any greasy liniment or carrying your head in a poultice for weeks. Try a twenty-five cent bottle from T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

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"T. T." Besieged By Corres

[To the Editor of THE EXP

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Did you ever feel the pain?
I would rather be in gaol, my
Than be in love again.

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MR. EDITOR.—I noticed a letter from "T. T." wishing for a corres "Nellie Tilsit." Well, I am not thought that perhaps T. T. would quainted with me. I am tall and good looking, with brown curly teeth, and Roman nose. Aunt M I am the best looking one in the Yaweubs, and she knows. I trading pictures with T. T., only him once or twice and I know A wouldn't let me put it in the albu Aunt Mary Ann.) Wishing T. T. and happy New Year,

I remain, yours gra
SARAHY A

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—Madden has the finest assort goods ever shown in Napanee.

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Personals.

—Miss Blanche Williams is visiting friends in Syracuse and Watertown.

—We had the pleasure of a call on Saturday from Mr. Harkness, of the Picton Times.

—Mr. Will Eyre, of Brighton, and Mr. Cook, of Montreal, spent Sunday in town on a visit to friends.

—Mr. John McCabe returned home on Tuesday last from Brandon, Man., after an absence ten months.

—Mr. W. A. Demorest, of Erie, Pa., has entered employment in Mr. Thomas Jamieson's bakery.

—Mr. John B. Vrooman, law student, of Toronto, is on a visit to his uncle, Mr. Silas Vrooman, East-st.

—Mr. Williamson has been compelled by poor health to take a few weeks' holidays with his friends in Lindsay. Many friends here wish him a speedy recovery.

—Mr. John Sweeney, of Bowesmont, Dakota, is in town on a visit to friends. He leaves in a few days for New York to join his brothers, and it is probable he will remain there permanently.

—Mr. Ed. Curlette, telegraph operator, of New York, son of Mr. J. C. Curlette, of this place, is home on a visit. He is an operator on the Stock Exchange, and knows all about the "bulls" and "bears."

—Mr. C. Z. Perry has obtained a position with Messrs. Copp, Clark & Co., wholesale stationers, Toronto, as their western traveller. He will take the road after the holidays. The firm have secured in Mr. Perry a most competent and thoroughly reliable representative.

—Messrs. James O'Brien and son, of Roblin, and Mr. Palmatier, of Erinsville, returned home on Friday evening after a two months' hunting tour in the back woods. They secured thirty-six deer and two otter. Fur in the rear townships is getting scarce.

—Mr. W. P. Herring, of Kansas city, western manager of the Dominion Cattle Co., of which Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Agriculture, is the largest stockholder, is in town on a visit to his uncle, John Herring, Esq. The Company has a ranche of one million acres in Texas and has a herd of 10,000 cattle. Three quarters of a million dollars are invested in the enterprise.

—Mr. R. Fulford Ruttan, B. A., son of Dr. Ruttan, of Napanee, presided as chairman of the annual banquet of the McGill University Faculty of Medicine Undergraduates, held in the Windsor hotel, Montreal, on Friday evening, Dec. 7th. The Montreal Gazette summarizes his speech as follows:—"After returning thanks to the undergraduates for the honor they had done him, in electing him their chairman, he extended a most hearty welcome to their brethren from the sister universities of Ontario. (Applause.) After some humorous remarks in regard to dinners in general, he said that on an occasion like this there was, perhaps, no subject more worthy of their consideration than university fellowship. (Applause.) The social aspect of a college life was a feature that did not receive all the attention it deserved; it was, in fact, most important, for without it college life would be very bare indeed and lose half its charm. (Applause.)" A large number of the leading men of Montreal were present, and the dinner was a great success. We congratulate Fulford on his preferment by his fellow students.

—A beautiful stock of presents at Chinneck's to select from and sold cheaper than at any other place in town. Call and see for yourselves. F. Chinneck, new Opera block.

TOWN COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the Town Council was held on Monday evening. It being near the end of the year every member was present. A petition was read from Mr. John Blewett and others, asking for a sewer on the north side of Dundas-st., from East-st. to Mr. C. F. Henderson's store, which was granted. A communication was read from Mr. John Carson, tendering his resignation as Chief Engineer of the Fire

WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

THURSDAY, DEC. 13.—The ferry boat "Garden City," of the Ea t River Ferry Co., New York, was burned to-day. The passengers had a narrow escape nd several horses were burned to death. The boat was valued at $100,000....Edward Travers' barn on the front of Sidney township was burned this morning, caused by the bursting of a coal oil l mp. Loss, $2,500....At t e Quarter Sessions at Belleville to-day Patrick Lennox wa found guil y of stealing a coat. Sentence reserved. The following is the yearly statement of the freight and passenger tr ffic on the Bay of Qui te Railway: No. of passengers, 9,507, an increase of 1,806 over preceding year: freight, 1,148 carl ads, a decrease of 70 cars....Mr. Corby of Bellevi le has 200 head of cattle fattening in Lis dis il ery and Mr. Ketchum Graham is fattening 91 head on his farm in Sidney....The house of Mr. John Harry of the 3rd con. of Sidney was entered by burglars to-night. Mr. Harry pursued them and they fired two shots at him without effect.

FRIDAY, DEC. 14.—John Brown's sheepskin tannery, with contents, Picto , was burned this evening. Loss about $3,000....The Standard thea re, New York, was entirel destro ed by fire this evening....A fire broke out in the warehouse and offices of H. B. Rathbun & Son, Campbellford, thi evening, nd their cont nts consisting f shanty supplies nd a large quantity of grain, all of which were d stroyed. Loss about $12,000....The steamer "Auk" from Liverpool to Rotterdam was wrecked in Tuesday's gale and 21 men were drowned Many men were killed and wounded during a terrible election riot at New Orleans to-day....On Wednesday last Mrs. Geo. Meyers, jr., of Thurlow was severely burned by her clothes catching fire from a spark from the stove. Mr. Meyers had one of his hands badly burned in quenching the flames....A bo named McElhaw of Belleville broke throug the ice yesterday and narrowly escaped drowning....The Police Ma istr te at Belleville to-day gave judgment against Wm. H. Simmons, ch rged with having cut and defiled a buggy at Foxboro where by the dresses of two lad es were dam ged. He was fined $5 and costs, in all $14.65 and defendant was ordered to pay $15 as co pensation for damages.

SATU DAY, DEC. 15.—La t night Alex. Patterson, treasurer of N . 3 Fire Company, Belleville, who had $300 in his pocket, the annual gran of the corporation to be disbursed to the men, he was s ruck on the forehead by a man at the corner o Dundas-st. and Foster Avenue with a club or a slu g shot knocking him down. The assailant th ew himself on Patt rson and rifled his pocke ts but did n t succeed in getting the money which was in an inside ve t pocket. The wound is a bad one. Mr. Patterson knows h is assailant.

MONDAY DEC. 17.—Yesterday morning the Queen building, corner of Prince and Hollis-sts., Halifax, N.S., was destroyed by fire. Edwar R. Connor, a lodger in the building, was burned to death. His bo ly was found in the ruins minus his head....The by-law proposing to give a bonus to the Kingsto & P. Railway, to assist in building a branch from Glendower mine to Westport was carried in North Crosby on Saturday by a vote of 188 for, 72 against....Two deer hunters in Hastings County have killed 105 deer during the season by still-hunting....The Rathbun Company have contracted to supply 280,000 ties to the Grand Trunk Railway Co. during the coming year....Last night the business portion of Rat Portage was destroyed by fire. An appeal has been sent to Ontario for aid....The Crown Prince of Germany received an enthusiastic reception in Rome this afternoon....The bay at Belleville is now fr zen over and people cross the ice on f ot....Thos. Parsons was arrested this afternoon at Belleville on a charge of assault and attempted robbery of Alex. Patterson in that city last Friday night....O'Donnell, the murderer of Carey, was hanged this morning at London, Eng. The execution was private.

TUESDAY, DEC. 18.—Geo. Foster, a colored man, was arrested last night at Belleville, on a charge of stealing a whip, belonging to Jas. Smith, of Tyendinaga. In his possession was found a lot of articles stolen from a country store....Rev. r. Wilson, Kingston, was to-day presented with a purse containing $100, by the members of his Bible class....Threats are said to have been made to blow up the London bridge at London, Eng., with dynamite....A man named Robbins, of Markham township, was found shot through the head, last night, in his own cottage. It was either murder or suicide....This morning Joseph Poole was hanged at Dublin for the murder of

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East ward—At Mr. John Fennell's shop; Mr. John Fennell, returning officer.

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WEDNESDAY, DEC. 19.—Daniel McIntyre was charged with arson at Kingston yesterday....David Hobbs, Kingston, to-day attempted to shoot Mr. Mead, his employer, for discharging him....A man named Gillmore of Sandwich, Ont., this morning failed to smuggle American kerosene oil into Canada by the boat sticking in the ice off a point below Sandwich. Gillmore and two of the crew were badly frozen....The Grand Trunk express train from the west this morning ran into a freight train at Parkdale and several cars were badly wrecked.....The Governor General and Lady Lansdowne were accorded a reception at the Ladies' College, Ottawa, to-day.

—What about those gold specs for the old folks. Call at Chinneck's, new Opera block, and get a pair.

Municipal Whisperings.

—There is likely to be a keen fight in Ernesttown. Mr. John Sharp, who has for years most efficiently served the township as Councillor and Deputy-Reeve, is a candidate for the Reeveship. It is generally conceded that he deserves promotion, and the ratepayers will no doubt place him in the office he seeks. He will be opposed by ex-Reeve Aylsworth. Mr. P. E. R. Miller and Mr. B. Davis will contest the first Deputy Reeveship; Mr John Johnston and Mr. G. A. Parrott the second. The candidates for councillors are Messrs. B L. Aylsworth, James Lewis and Lewis Stover.

—A correspondent says:—The excitement on the Island is working up to fever heat. Every plan is being thought of to defeat the Capt. for the Reeveship. Every voter has been canvassed, and the friends of his opponent will claim a majority of at least seven votes. So far so good. The Capt. is not at all discouraged yet, and will stand the election and see the result of the ballot. A late rumor is that the opposing party are somewhat frightened and purpose bringing out a third man to split the Captain's vote. Your correspondent cannot believe this, as no gentleman would stoop to so small a thing as this, but fight it out on a square basis.

MRS. ELIZABETH MASON—Dr. M. Souvielle & Co.: Gentlemen—Yours of last week to hand, and in reply to your enquiry I have much pleasure in stating that from the first time of using the spirometer and the medicine I have improved very much. The bronchitis has entirely left me. I sleep well and have a good appetite. I must also add, that coming to you as I did as a last resort, the cure effected has been wonderful. Gratefully yours, MRS. E. MASON, Jarvis, Ont.

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ADOLPHUSTOWN GIRL.

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I remain, yours gratefully,
SARAHY ANN YAWCUB.

—Those babies' knit dresses at Slaven's Christmas sale are as cunning as they can be.

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Be Careful What You Eat.

The best medical authorities declare that worms in the human system are often induced by eating too freely of uncooked fruit and too much meat, cheese, etc. Whatever may be the cause, Freeman's Worm Powders are speedy and safe to cure; they destroy the worms and contain their own cathartic, to expel them.

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Municipal Whisperings.

—There is likely to be a keen fight in Ernesttown. Mr. John Sharp, who has for years most efficiently served the township as Councillor and Deputy-Reeve, is a candidate for the Reeveship. It is generally conceded that he deserves promotion, and the ratepayers will no doubt place him in the office he seeks. He will be opposed by ex-Reeve Aylsworth. Mr. P. E. R. Miller and Mr. B. Davis will contest the first Deputy Reeveship; Mr John Johnston and Mr. G. A. Parrott the second. The candidates for councillors are Messrs. B L. Aylsworth, James Lewis and Lewis Stover.

—A correspondent says:—The excitement on the Island is working up to fever heat. Every plan is being thought of to defeat the Capt. for the Reeveship. Every voter has been canvassed, and the friends of his opponent will claim a majority of at least seven votes. So far so good. The Capt. is not at all discouraged yet, and will stand the election and see the result of the ballot. A late rumor is that the opposing party are somewhat frightened and purpose bringing out a third man to split the Captain's vote. Your correspondent cannot believe this, as no gentleman would stoop to so small a thing as this, but fight it out on a square basis.

MRS. ELIZABETH MASON—Dr. M. Souvielle & Co.: Gentlemen—Yours of last week to hand, and in reply to your enquiry I have much pleasure in stating that from the first time of using the spirometer and the medicine I have improved very much. The bronchitis has entirely left me. I sleep well and have a good appetite. I must also add, that coming to you as I did as a last resort, the cure effected has been wonderful. Gratefully yours, MRS. E. MASON,
Jarvis, Ont.

Nov. 10, 1883.

Call personally at the Institute and be examined, if possible, if not write for list of questions and copy of International News, published monthly to International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church-st., Toronto, or 13 Phillips Square Montreal, P. Q

—Madden's albums can't be beaten for price or quality.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere 25 cents a bottle. 41

—James Brayley, Hamilton, says: "I read the testimonials for McGregor's Speedy Cure and found that I had not to go to New York, Philadelphia, Louisiana or Texas to find living witnesses of its value, we had plenty of persons right here to prove its merits. I got a bottle and it helped me right away. I was as bad with Bilious Fever and Indigestion as I think any one could be. I have taken three bottles and am nearly well and can eat any kind of food without it hurting me. I may say that I am better than I ever expected to be." Free trial bottles at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

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20 Yards of

NEWS CONDENSED.

c. 13.—The ferry boat "Garden
t River Ferry Co., New York,
ay. The passengers had a nar-
several horses were burned to
t was valued at $100,000....Ed-
rn on the front of Sidney town-
this morning, caused by the
l oil lamp. Loss, $2,500....At
ions at Belleville to-day Patrick
d guil y of stealing a coat. Sen-
The following is the yearly state-
ght and passenger tr ffic on the
ailway: No. of passengers, 9,507,
306 over preceding year; freight,
decrease of 70 cars....Mr. Corby
200 head of cattle fattening in
Mr. Ketchum Graham is fat-
on his farm in Sidney....The
n Harry of the 3rd con. of Sid-
by burglars to-night. Mr. Harry
d they fired two shots at him

4.—John Brown's sheepskin tan-
ents, Picto , was burned this
about $3,000....The Standard
k, was entirel destro ed by fire
fire broke out in the warehouse
B. Rathbun & Son, Campbell-
g, nd their cont nts con-isting f
nd a large quantity of grain, ll
stroyed. Loss about $12,000....
uk" from Liverpool to Rotter-
d in Tuesday's gale and 21 men
Many men were killed and
a terrible election riot at New
..On Wednesday last Mrs. Geo.
rlow was severely burned by her
fire from a spark from the stove.
one of his hands badly burned in
mes....A bo named McElhaw
e throug the ice yesterday and
drowning....The Police Ma is-
e to-day gave judgment against
s, ch rged with having cut and
Foxboro whereby the dresses of
lamaged. He was fined $5 and
55 and defendant was ordered to
ensation for damages.
c. 15.—La t night Alex. Patter-
N . 3 Fire Company, Belleville,
his pocket, the annual gran of
o be disbursed to the men, he
e forehead by a man at the cor-
. and Foster Avenue with a club
knocking him down. The assail-
lf on Patt rson and rifled his
t succeed in getting the money
inside ve t pocket. The wound
r. Patterson knows h is assailant.
17.—Yesterday morning the
corner of Prince and Hollis-sts.,
as destroyed by fire. Edwar R.
in the building, was burned to
was found in the ruins minus
by-law proposing to give a bonus
& P. Railway, to assist in build-
m Glendower mines to Westport
orth Crosby on Saturday by a
72 against....Two deer hunt-
County have killed 105 deer dur-
y still-hunting....The Rathbun
ontracted to supply 280,000 ties
ank Railway Co. during the com-
night the business portion of
destroyed by fire. An appeal
Ontario for aid....The Crown
ny received an enthusiastic re-
e this afternoon....The bay at
fr zen over and people cross the
hos. Parsons was arrested this
leville on a charge of assault and
ery of Alex. Patterson in that
night....O'Donnell, the murderer
ged this morning at London,
tion was private.
18.—Geo. Foster, a colored man,
t night at Belleville, on a charge
p, belonging to Jas. Smith, of
his possession was found a lot
from a country store....Rev.
gston, was to-day presented with
ng $100, by the members of his
reats are said to have been made
ondon bridge at London, Eng.,
...A man named Robbins, of
hip, was found shot through the
in his own cottage. It was situ-

COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON.

THE GREAT SLAUGHTERING SALE

—OF—

Dry Goods, Millinery & Clothing

—STILL CONTINUES AT—

J. F. McALISTER'S.

We are making every effort to clear out our Fancy Dry Goods before the 1st of Jan'y.

OUR MILLINERY is being sold at unheard of prices. We positively close up this department on the first of Jan'y.

THE BALANCE OF OUR FURS, Dress Goods, Silks, Plushes, Satins, Velveteens &c., are going at half price.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF PRINTS, Shirtings, Ducks, Table Linens, Napkins, Towls, &c., which we are bound to dispose of.

YOUNG MEN

Will find this a splendid opportunity for buying useful Xmas presents for their lady friends. YOUNG LADIES can select a nice present for their young men from our stock of Ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., and everybody is invited to see the bargains we are offering all through the house.

J. F. McALISTER,

NAPANEE AND DESERONTO.

XMAS! XMAS!! XMAS!!!

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eatsare said to have been made
ndon bridge at London, Eng.,
A man named Robbins, of
ip, was found shot through the
n his own cottage. It was eith-
cide....This morning Joseph
at Dublin for the murder of
arge crowd assembled to wit-
on. Men uttered prayers and
their knees....A Nottawa farm-
n Duffey, was killed yesterday
ng away....The strike on the
Railway has come to an end
on, while crossing Loborough
, broke through the ice. The
ed and a quantity of provision
ad a narrow escape from being
directors of the Belleville Me-
are adding $400 worth of new
new institute....A Hallelujah
two captains of the Salvation
lle, is expected to take place

EC. 19.—Daniel McIntyre was
or at Kingston yesterday....
gston, to-day attempted to shoot
pl yer, for discharging him....
lmore of Sandwich, Ont., this
o smuggle American kerosene
the boat sticking in the ice
Sandwich. Gilmore and two
badly frozen....The Grand
in from the west this morning
train at Parkdale and several
recked.....The Governor Gen-
nsdowne were accorded a re-
dios' College, Ottawa, to-day.

those gold specs for the old
inneck's, new Opera block, and

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J. F. McALISTER,
NAPANEE AND DESERONTO.

XMAS! XMAS!! XMAS!!!

GRANGE & COULTER
191, DUNDAS-ST.
TEAS, COFFEES, RAISINS, CURRANTS, CONFECTIONERY, PEELS, EXTRACTS, CHOICE FRUITS.
Head Quarters for Baltimore Oysters.
EVERYTHING GOOD! EVERYTHING CHEAP!!
Call and be Convinced.

NEW JEWELLERY STORE.
211 DUNDAS-ST.
(Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

A. A. BARTLETT
Having just opened his new stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE
FANCY GOODS, &c.
CORDIALLY INVITES THE INSPECTION AND PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC.

New Goods and Low Prices.

All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully and Promptly Attended to.
A. A. BARTLETT.

PICTURE FRAMES, MIRRORS
CHEAPER THAN EVER AT
—GARDNER'S.—

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H MASON—Dr. M. Souvielle & —Yours of last week to hand, our enquiry I have much pleas-it from the first time of using and the medicine I have im-h. The bronchitis has entirely well and have a good appetite. that coming to you as I did as a ire effected has been wonder-yours, MRS. E. MASON, Jarvis, Ont.

at the Institute and be exam-if not write for list of questions nternational News, published national Throat and Lung In-ch-st., Toronto, or 13 Phillips l, P. Q

ums can't be beaten for price

Mothers!! Mothers!!!

bed at night and broken of your ild suffering and crying with the of cutting teeth? If so, go at tle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTH-will relieve the poor little suffer-lepend upon it; there is no mis-ere is not a mother on earth who who will not tell you at once that he bowels, and give rest to the and health to the child, operating perfectly safe to use in all cases, the taste, and is the prescription st and best female physicians and nited States. Sold everywhere 41

ey, Hamilton, says: "I read the r McGregor's Speedy Cure and not to go to New York, Phila-na or Texas to find living wit-nue, we had plenty of persons ve its merits. I got a bottle and t away. I was as bad with Bili-Indigestion as I think any one ve taken three bottles and am can eat any kind of food without I may say that I am better than to be." Free trial bottles at T. d A. W. Grange's drug stores.

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PICTURE FRAMES, MIRRORS

CHEAPER THAN EVER AT

—GARDNER'S.—

MY STOCK IS TOO LARGE AND MUST BE REDUCED. COME AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS AT GARDNER'S.

N. B. -I will sell for the price of the frames all pictures left for framing more than three months.

PROVE WHAT WE ADVERTISE

BY GIVING US A CALL.

We Cannot Nor Will Not Be Undersold!

Mens' Overcoats for $4 50, $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.50 and $14.00.
Mens' Suits for $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00.
These goods we will put against anything in the trade.
Mens' Undershirts and Drawers for 60 cents per Sett.

Blankets! Blankets! Blankets!

WHO WILL HAVE A PAIR OF OUR BLANKETS?

LADIES if you want a stylish fitting Boot give us a call.
PARENTS bring your children to our store when you want boots.
MENS' LONG FELT BOOTS, high top, for $2 25. Who can beat it?

Our Stock of Ladies' Hats is Well Selected and Neatly Trimmed.
Mata says she can save her friends one dollar on a hat.

20 Yards of Cotton for $1.00; 20 Yards of Print $1; 20 Yards Wincey $1

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CLOUDS ALL PRICES.

C. CUMMINS,
MAIN STREET, BATH

NAPANE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.

W. M. O'Beirne, Proprietor. NAPAN

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor.

ENGAGEMENTS:

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to me must pay up at once to save costs.
W. H. SNIDER.
Belleville, Dec. 19, 1883.

WANTED.—A first-class machinist for Tailoring Department. Good wages. Apply to DOWNEY & CO. 8.

TO LET.—The eastern shop in the new Opera House block. Suitable for a book and fancy goods store. Possession given at once. Apply to THOS. SYMINGTON. 43

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. For some years physician and surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre streets, Napanee. 1-1y.

H. JAMES, M.D., M. C. P. S.—Dr. James devotes his attention to diseases of the lungs and all diseases of an acute or chronic nature, as well as those peculiar to females and children, also eye and ear, &c., &c. Office—Church street, Belleville, Ont. 46-1y.

FARM TO RENT OR SELL.—Containing 200 acres, Lot 11, 4th con, Ernesttown. A great bargain for a person that wishes to buy and a reasonable rent for anyone that would rather rent. Apply to S. V. PERRY, Napanee, or at this office. 48

LOST.—From West Half Lot No. 4, 5th Concession, Ernesttown, on or about July 15th, two yearling heifers, both red with the exception that one had a lined back and a white tail. Any person giving information of their whereabouts will be suitably rewarded. SILAS F. LAKE,
4-2 in. Morven P. O.

TAKE NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of "The Napanee Cement Works" (Limited) for the election of directors and other purposes, will be held at the Company's Office in Napanee, on Monday, the 21st day of January, 1884, at 7 o'clock p.m.

WM. R. AYLSWORTH,
Secretary.
Napanee, December 20th, 1883. 7-3.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

IMPORTANT TO THE SICK.

DR. McCULLOUGH,

the celebrated European and American Physician, Itinerant of the Hospitals of the chief cities of England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, the United States of America, and the Dominion of Canada, will personally visit Napanee, professionally, and may be consulted at the Huffman House from Friday, January the 11th, to Thursday, January the 17th, 1884, by all who suffer from Chronic Lingering Diseases, such as

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

No matter of how long standing.

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CATARRH,

and all affections of the Chest, Throat, Heart,

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Scrofula, Scrofulous Ulcers, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases of all kinds, no matter how long standing, Dropsy, Diseases of the Kidney, Chlorosis and Cancers in their worst stages, without the use of the knife. And all Blood Diseases, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Erysipelas, Epileptic Fits or Falling Sickness, Appoplectic Fits, Fits or Loss of Sense and Motion, St. Vitus' dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Scurvy, Cholera, Fevers and Agues of all kinds permanently cured, Goitre or Thick Neck, Polypuses in all parts of the system, Abscesses, Tumours, &c., Lumbago, Hemorrhage of the Lungs.

☞ All diseases of the Eye and Ear treated successfully.

Diseases of Children from infancy to adult age treated successfully.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

of all kinds and descriptions whatever, whether Acute or Chronic, will be treated successfully.

If you are suffering from any of the above diseases, do not delay to visit the Doctor at once so that you may have the benefit of his care and treatment and be restored to health the sooner.

☞ See Posters, Bills and Circulars for Testimonials. 8-2.

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

particularly

Adapted to Farm Use.

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

NOMINATION DA

THE CANDIDATES IN T COUNTY.

Napanee.

The nominations for Mayor, Deputy-Reeve took place before bury, returning officer, at the commencing at 10 o'clock. Th nominations were made:—

FOR MAYOR—Mr. Wilder Joy S. Madole, seconded by Mr. Mr. Chas. James, by Mr. Jol seconded by Mr. John R. Scott.

FOR REEVE—Mr. Jehiel Ay Mr. S. Gibson, seconded by Mr derson; Mr. Uriah Wilson, by Grange, seconded by Mr. W. F.

FOR DEPUTY-REEVE—Mr. T. len, by Mr. Thomas Waller, Mr. Thomas Dickens; Mr. G Mr. Wm. Saul, seconded by Gibson.

COUNCILLORS.

EAST WARD—Mr. W. T. Gibb L. Saul, seconded by Mr. P. Mr. H. W. Perry, by Mr. P. seconded by Mr. John M. Smi J. Wales, by Mr. Wm. Saul, Mr. Robt. Norris; Mr. W. A. John Phelan, seconded by Mr. rell; Mr. James Belch, by M seconded by Mr. Wm. Saul.

CENTRE WARD—Mr. Thos. Sy Mr. S. Gibson, seconded by Grange; Mr. E. M. Fralick, by Grange, seconded by Mr. S. Gib Lapum, by Mr. Donald McLive by Mr. T. G. Davis; Mr. D. F Mr. J. A. Sexsmith, seconded A. Cliff; Mr. John Carson, by Grange, seconded by Mr. Dona

WEST WARD—Mr. Chas. L Geo. Greer, seconded by Mr. Mr. J. H. Stevenson, by Mr. onded by Mr. James Wallace Wallace, by Mr. J. H. Clapp, Mr. E. Huff; Mr. Chas. Stev John Greer, seconded by Mr. lace; Mr. E. K. Bowen, by Mr. seconded by Mr. M. Sanderson.

A meeting was afterwards o the various candidates aired th municipal matters. The at electors was not large. Mayor first called on and gave a satisfa of his stewardship. Mr. Joy th

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SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas-st., Napanee.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the

ANNUAL MEETING

OF THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co'y

Will be held in the Town Hall, Napanee,

ON TUESDAY, THE 15TH INSTANT,

At the hour of two o'clock p.m.

By order of the Board.

JAMES DALY,
Manager.

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Established 1874.)

4 Queen Street East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses, are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis, Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. E

AUCTION SALE
OF
Valuable Town Property.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, the 5th day of January, 1884,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, by James Allen, auctioneer, at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, the following valuable town property, viz: All that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington in the Province of Ontario, being composed of all that part of Lot No. 22 in the 1st concession of the Township of Richmond, (formerly) but now in the Town of Napanee aforesaid, described as follows, commencing at a post planted at a point seven hundred and sixty-four links east of the eastern limit of Centre street on the Shelbiebroad, measuring at right angles thereto and forty feet north of the Grand Trunk Railway lands, measuring at right angles thereto, thence in an easterly direction parallel to the northern limit of the Grand Trunk Railway lands two hundred links, thence northerly parallel to said eastern limit of Centre street two hundred and ninety links, thence westerly parallel to said northern limit of the Grand Trunk Railway lands two

---

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

particularly

Adapted to Farm Use.

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

FIRST CLASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

and are now in position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel)

P. McALPIN, Proprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas-st has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms –$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y.

TO THE ELECTORS
—OF THE—
TOWN OF NAPANEE.

GENTLEMEN,—At the urgent request of a large number of ratepayers of the town, I have consented to be a candidate for the Mayoralty. I have served in the Town Council for twelve years, and in requesting your support and influence, I would state that if elected I shall do all in my power to promote the welfare and moral status of the town,

Yours Faithfully,

WILDER JOY.

NAPANEE, Dec. 14, 1883.

WHAT PHYSICIANS SAY
ABOUT THE
STARR KIDNEY PAD.

Treatment by Absorption has for some time been recognized by *Medical Men* to be the most simple and effectual means of conveying to diseased organs "Curatives," but in cases of Kidney Disease, and Complaints attending thereon, successful treatment was practicably impossible until the introduction of the Starr Kidney Pad. It costs less than a single prescription and is immeasurably *more decisive and effectual than any quantity of internal Medicinal dosing.* Worn immediately over the seat of disease, its curative properties become absorbed by the diseased and enfeebled organs, continuously and directly, *as required* insure in return their healthy action and original vigour. It is comfortable to the patient and pleasant in its effects and cures when nothing else

---

Geo. Greer, seconded by Mr. C.
Mr. J. H. Stevenson, by Mr. E.
onded by Mr. James Wallace;
Wallace, by Mr. J. H. Clapp, se
Mr. E. Huff; Mr. Chas. Steven
John Greer, seconded by Mr. S.
lace; Mr. E. K. Bowen, by Mr. W
seconded by Mr. M. Sanderson.

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Mr. J. Aylsworth, one of the
for the Reeveship, was next cal
He referred to his ten years' serv
council and considered he was e
promotion. His record as council
only guarantee he had to offer for
in the higher office, if elected. F
the ratepayers who had reposed co
him in the past would not withhc
He was at the close greeted with
plause.

Mr. Uriah Wilson was the nex
He produced a book of figures com
the annual reports of the County
and proceeded to give the electors
into the financial standing of th
The reading of these enabled Mr.
spin out his speech to a respectal
and make it quite formidable. B
same figures are printed every yea
pense of about $200 to the county,
elector can obtain a copy from
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(Established 1874.)

4 Queen Street East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses, are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis, Billiousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. E

AUCTION SALE
OF
Valuable Town Property.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, the 5th day of January, 1884,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, by James Allen, auctioneer, at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, the following valuable town property, viz: All that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington in the Province of Ontario, being composed of all that part of Lot No. 22 on the 1st concession of the Township of Richmond, (formerly) but now in the Town of Napanee aforesaid, described as follows, commencing at a post planted at a point seven hundred and sixty-four links east of the eastern limit of Centre street on the Shellield road, measuring at right angles thereto and forty feet north of the Grand Trunk Railway lands, measuring at right angles thereto, thence in an easterly direction parallel to the northern limit of the Grand Trunk Railway lands two hundred links, thence northerly parallel to said eastern limit of Centre street two hundred and ninety links, thence westerly parallel to said northern limit of the Grand Trunk Railway lands two hundred links, and thence southerly to the place of beginning, containing by admeasurement one-half of an acre more or less and described in a deed of the same from James S. and John R. Cartwright, dated March first, A.D. 1872.

Upon the premises is erected a small dwelling house.

Terms will be known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to

A. L. MORDEN,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Or to JAMES ALLEN, Auctioneer.
Dated 20th December, 1883. 7-2.

AUCTION SALE
OF
VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, the 5th day of January, 1884,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, by James Allen, auctioneer, at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, the following valuable farm property, viz: All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement forty-five acres be the same more or less, and being composed of all that part of the south-east quarter of Lot No. 10 in the 4th concession of the said township of Ernestown lying south of the York road.

The lands are situated about seven miles from Napanee on the Kingston road.

Upon the premises is erected a comfortable frame house, also a frame barn.

Terms will be known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to

A. L. MORDEN,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Or to JAMES ALLEN, Auctioneer.
Napanee, 20th December, 1883. 7-2.

...has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y.

TO THE ELECTORS
—OF THE—
TOWN OF NAPANEE.

GENTLEMEN,—At the urgent request of a large number of ratepayers of the town, I have consented to be a candidate for the Mayoralty. I have served in the Town Council for twelve years, and in requesting your support and influence, I would state that if elected I shall do all in my power to promote the welfare and moral status of the town,

Yours Faithfully,

WILDER JOY.

NAPANEE, Dec. 14, 1883.

WHAT PHYSICIANS SAY
—ABOUT THE—
STARR KIDNEY PAD.

Treatment by Absorption has for some time been recognized by *Medical Men* to be the most simple and effectual means of conveying to diseased organs "Curatives," but in cases of Kidney Disease, and Complaints attending thereon, successful treatment was practicably impossible until the introduction of the Starr Kidney Pad. It costs less than a single prescription and is immeasurably *more decisive and effectual than any quantity of internal Medicinal dosing.* Worn immediately over the seat of disease, its curative properties become absorbed by the diseased and enfeebled organs, continuously and directly, *as required* insure in return their healthy action and original vigour. It is comfortable to the patient and pleasant in its effects, and cures when nothing else can. The Starr Kidney Pad accomplishes positive, decisive results. A more valuable discovery as a true remedy for Kidney Diseases was never made.—*Medical Gazette.*

WOE TO FURNITURE VERMIN.

The Great Egyptian Remedy.

We guarantee it, and if it does not clean out Bed Bugs and other furniture vermin please write us and we will refund the money.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

Dr. LeDUC'S PERIODICAL PILLS

CAUTION.—These pills must not taken by ladies during the first five months of pregnancy.

YOUTHILENE drives away everything that mars the beauty of the complexion and adds the tint of the lily and the blush of the rose to the plainest faces.

Sold by W. G. Egar, Deseronto; Henry Paul, Newburgh; Hinch & Hinch, Centreville; D. E. Rose, and James Aylsworth, Tamworth; A. Walker, Enterprise; Van Luven & Sons, Moscow; Miss Grant, Bath.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"BROWN'S Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back and Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world should be in every family hand for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and for sale by all Druggists 25 cents a bottle. 14-1y

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...poise of about $200 to the county elector can obtain a copy from ... free of cost, it would be waste of ... produce them. After he had dis... fund of cheap knowledge, and ma... ference to what he considered wa... agement on the part of the town ... not paying the $2,000 debenture d... he indulged in a little egotistic... He considered that matters of ... portance would arise in the cour... next year, and it was necessary ... "some fellow there who has had ... and could treat the members wel... all he could for the town." He ... people to understand pretty disti... "the fellow" who could do this ... handle was himself. Mr. Aylswo... such personal magnetism in his c... as he had. He considered that ... worth should learn to creep befor... to walk, and should aspire o... Deputy-Reeveship. After some ... marks of a general character he ... seat.

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Mr. John Cliff on coming forwa... that he was a candidate at the ... many ratepayers. Though late in ... he did not think his chances of elec... less. He pointed to his five years ... the town council, during which ti... chairman of the Streets and Brid... mittee, and said if elected he wo... the past, do his duty fearlessly. ... loudly applauded.

Reeve Herring was next called ... was received with applause. He ... the town in one capacity or a... twenty-four years—had grown g... service, as it were—and now wish... tire. He had never allowed polit... fluence him in municipal matters ... always tried to do his duty up a... board. He hoped his successor ... likewise. Referring to the War... said he now knew why it was tha... son had been selected over him. ... son had said he had "treated" th... lors well. This explained the wh... He (Mr. H.) being a consistent t... man, had done no treating. If it ... sary to perambulate the streets at ... treat in the hotels in order to get ... denship he did not want it. Th...

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NOMINATION DAY.

THE CANDIDATES IN TOWN AND COUNTY.

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The nominations for Mayor, Reeve and Deputy-Reeve took place before Mr. P. Embury, returning officer, at the Town Hall, commencing at 10 o'clock. The following nominations were made:—

FOR MAYOR—Mr. Wilder Joy, by Mr. M. S. Madole, seconded by Mr. Wm. Saul; Mr. Chas. James, by Mr. John Herring, seconded by Mr. John R. Scott.

FOR REEVE—Mr. Jehiel Aylsworth, by Mr. S. Gibson, seconded by Mr. C. F. Henderson; Mr. Uriah Wilson, by Mr. A. W. Grange, seconded by Mr. W. F. Hall.

FOR DEPUTY-REEVE—Mr. T. G. Carscallen, by Mr. Thomas Waller, seconded by Mr. Thomas Dickens; Mr. Geo Cliff, by Mr. Wm. Saul, seconded by Mr. Stephen Gibson.

COUNCILLORS.

EAST WARD—Mr. W. T. Gibbard, by Mr. L. Saul, seconded by Mr. P. M. McCabe; Mr. H. W. Perry, by Mr. P. M. McCabe, seconded by Mr. John M. Smith; Mr. R. J. Wales, by Mr. Wm. Saul, seconded by Mr. Robt. Norris; Mr. W. A. Rose, by Mr. John Phelan, seconded by Mr. James Birrell; Mr. James Belch, by Mr. L. Saul, seconded by Mr. Wm. Saul.

CENTRE WARD—Mr. Thos. Symington, by Mr. S. Gibson, seconded by Mr. A. W. Grange; Mr. E. M. Fralick, by Mr. A. W. Grange, seconded by Mr. S. Gibson; Mr. E. S. Lapum, by Mr. Donald McLiver, seconded by Mr. T. G. Davis; Mr. D. Henwood, by Mr. J. A. Sexsmith, seconded by Mr. Geo. A. Cliff; Mr. John Carson, by Mr. A. W. Grange, seconded by Mr. Donald McLiver.

WEST WARD—Mr. Chas. Lane, by Mr. Geo. Greer, seconded by Mr. C. F. Wood; Mr. J. H. Stevenson, by Mr. E. Huff, seconded by Mr. James Wallace; Mr. John Wallace, by Mr. J. H. Clapp, seconded by Mr. E. Huff; Mr. Chas. Stevens, by Mr. John Greer, seconded by Mr. S. R. Wallace; Mr. E. K. Bowen, by Mr. Wm. Greer, seconded by Mr. M. Sanderson.

A meeting was afterwards organized and the various candidates aired their views of municipal matters. The attendance of electors was not large. Mayor James was first called on and gave a satisfactory account then explained his course in the town council and on the matter of county equalization, showing that he could not prevent the increase that had been made. In concluding he thanked the ratepayers for the confidence they had reposed in him in the past, and retired amid applause.

The hall being at this time required for the nomination of councillors the meeting broke up.

THE TOWNSHIPS.

ERNESTTOWN.—Reeve, Isaac F. Aylsworth, John Sharp; 1st deputy, Geo. A. Parrott, John Johnston; 2nd deputy, Peter E. R. Miller, Benjamin Davis. Councillors—B. E. Aylsworth, L. H. Stoner, James Lewis.

CAMDEN.—Reeve, B. C. Lloyd, Wm. Whelan; 1st deputy, Samuel Doupe, E. H. Perry; 2nd deputy, Jas. Reid, Caleb Raymond. Councillors—H. A. Baker, Stephen Wees, Wm. Haycock, Harvey Martin.

SHEFFIELD.—Reeve, Dr. James Knight, Leonard Wagar; deputy, Wm. Brown. Councillors—Jas. J. Barry, Henry Shier, George Hannah, John Jameson, Edward McLaughlin, Wm. R. Bell, Adam Matthews.

NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH.—Reeve, Irvine Parks and W. N. Doller; Deputy Reeve, T. B. German and J. C. Carscallen; Councillors, J. V. Vanalstine, W. W. Post, R. S. Milligan, John Hough, Wm. H. Crabb and Geo. Parks.

ADOLPHUSTOWN.—For Reeve—A. N. Hermance, Nelson Mallory, Geo. M. German, Jacob H. Trumpour, Peter D. Davis and Jacob H. Roblin. For Councillors—James Archibald Peterson, Nicholas Murdoch, Wm. Culley, Redford Dorland, Joseph B. Allison, Geo. Harrison, Augustus Hermance, Jacob H. Roblin, Daniel Haight, Thomas Ruttan and Peter Chalmers.

KALADAR.—The old council was re-elected by acclamation.

RICHMOND.—Reeve, R. S. Denison and Allen Oliver; Deputy Reeve, Thos. V. Sexsmith and W. N. Sexsmith; Councillors, Messrs. Shannon, Vankoughnet and others.

S. FREDERICKSBURGH.—We have received no report from this township.

BATH—Reeve, Dr. R. Kennedy, Daniel W. Ball. Councillors—Henry Armstrong, Thos. E. Howard, Henry Raworth, William Rose, Jas. White, Dr. R. B. Price, Thos. C. Johnston, G. Belfour, Allan Lewis, Robert Anderson, Thos. Bain.

NEWBURGH.—Reeve, Allen Caton, C. Fields. Councillors—James Thompson, Thomas Scott, Wm. Nugent, John Farley,

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Mr. J. Aylsworth, one of the candidates for the Reeveship, was next called upon. He referred to his ten years' service in the council and considered he was entitled to promotion. His record as councillor was the only guarantee he had to offer for his courre in the higher office, if elected. He trusted the ratepayers who had reposed confidence in him in the past would not withhold it now. He was at the close greeted with loud applause.

Mr. Uriah Wilson was the next speaker. He produced a book of figures compiled from the annual reports of the County Council, and proceeded to give the electors an insight into the financial standing of the county. The reading of these enabled Mr. Wilson to spin out his speech to a respectable length and make it quite formidable. But as the same figures are printed every year at an expense of about $200 to the county, and any elector can obtain a copy from the Clerk free of cost, it would be waste of space to reproduce them. After he had dispensed this fund of cheap knowledge, and made some reference to what he considered was mismanagement on the part of the town council in not paying the $2,000 debenture due in 1883, he indulged in a little egotistical bluster. He considered that matters of unusual importance would arise in the county council next year, and it was necessary to have "some fellow there who has had experience and could treat the members well and get all he could for the town." He gave the people to understand pretty distinctly that "the fellow" who could do this up to the handle was himself. Mr. Aylsworth had no such personal magnetism in his composition as he had. He considered that Mr. Aylsworth should learn to creep before he began to walk, and should aspire only to the Deputy-Reeveship. After some further remarks of a general character he took his seat.

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Elsewhere.

TYENDINAGA.—The old council was re-elected by acclamation.

THURLOW.—Reeve, H. Ashley, by acclamation; 1st Deputy Reeve, N. Vermilyea, P. R. Daly; 2nd Deputy Reeve, Jeremiah Hurley, W. H. Ross; Councillors, George Caldwell, C. W. Ross, W. Chapman, Norris Reid

BELLEVILLE.—Mayor—George D. Dickson, J. W. Dunyet, John G. Frost. Aldermen—Foster Ward—R. M. Clarke, E. Laroche, A. T. Petrie, C. F. Smith; Samson Ward—Walter Alford, H. Blair, Henry McInch; Ketcheson Ward—Wm. H. Biggar, John W. Johnson, George S. Tickell, Robert Tracey; Baldwin Ward—Wm. Davis, W. J. Diamond, James Macoun, J. Smith, P. J. M. Anderson.

KINGSTON.—Mayor—Dr. McCammon. Aldermen—Rideau Ward—Edward Law, John Carson, Wm. Snowden, Wm. Adams; Ontario Ward—M. W. Strange, C. Birmingham, W. Wilson, L. Clements, A. M. Allen; St. Lawrence Ward—James Redden, J. L. Whiting, R. J. Carson, Dr. Dupuis, G. S. Hobart; Sydenham Ward—Smyth, McGuire and Shaw; Victoria Ward—James Wilson, John McKelvey and J. Downing; Cataraqui Ward—Wm. Allen, A. J. Crothers, Joseph Quigley, R. J. Elbrek, Wm. Little; Frontenac Ward—S. J. Kilpatrick, W. Robinson, jr., George Creegan, C. Livingstone, W. Dunn, J. D. Thompson.

PICTON.—Mayor—Edwards, Merrill, Stewart, Wilson, jr. Reeve—Robert Clapp, J. A. Rawson, James N. Carter. Deputy-Reeve—David Barker, James Hooper, Geo. A. Alcorn, Gideon Striker, James N. Carter, J. J. Fralick. Councillors—John M. Mastin, Thomas Welsh, George E. Fraser, James Love, Jacob Cronk, J. Wm. Conger, J. Richardson, John Walters, Arch. C. Miller, Hiram Wilbank, David McAula, D. O'Hogan, A. W. Hepburn, C. Garner, George Hadden, P. Williams, G. Alcorn, R. A. Foster, R. A. Downs, P. J. Vanpatter, Dr. J. H. Bedford, Samuel Skinner, David A. Spencer, O. B. Fralick, J. Downs, J. Blakely, Edward Horan, C. S. Wilson, J. E. Lento, G. E. Vandusen, W. T. Crandell, S. J. Minaker, A. Hoover, T. Slattery, H. C. McMullen, A. W. Branscombe, J. B. McMullen

THE BLOOMFIELD MURDER.

Tracing the Tracks of the Suspected Murderers in the Snow.

PICTON, Dec. 29.—The preliminery investigation in the Bloomfield murder case was resumed this morning at 9 o'clock, in the Court House, before Police Magistrate Curry and the two other magistrates associated with him, yesterday. The evidence to-day was chiefly respecting the tracks. It will be remembered that a light snow had fallen early on the evening of the night on which the murder was committed, which, while it covered all the old tracks enabled the fresh tracks to be plainly seen. The

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tree of cost, it would be waste of space to reproduce them. After he had dispensed this fund of cheap knowledge, and made some reference to what he considered was mismanagement on the part of the town council in not paying the $2,000 debenture due in 1883, he indulged in a little egotistical bluster. He considered that matters of unusual importance would arise in the county council next year, and it was necessary to have "some fellow there who has had experience and could treat the members well and get all he could for the town." He gave the people to understand pretty distinctly that "the fellow" who could do this up to the handle was himself. Mr. Aylsworth had no such personal magnetism in his composition as he had. He considered that Mr. Aylsworth should learn to creep before he began to walk, and should aspire only to the Deputy-Reeveship. After some further remarks of a general character he took his seat.

Mr. Aylsworth asked Mr. Wilson if it was presumption on his (Mr. A.'s) part to aspire to the Reeveship, was it not presumption in Mr. Wilson to step into the Warden's chair over Mr. Herring, who had been Reeve for years. (Applause.)

Mr. Wilson with becoming modesty explained that he was selected Warden because he was better fitted for the office than Mr. Herring.

Mr. T. G. Carscallen on coming forward complained that Mr. Wilson had taken all the wind out of his sails by taking the figures out of his book, which elicited loud laughter. The speaker seeing the "bull" he had made, qualified the remark by saying that the figures were the same as he had intended using. [The figures were in Mr. Roe's handwriting and were no doubt intended for both.] He claimed credit for having improved the appearance of the county buildings and grounds, and for having been a regular attendant of the council. He had missed only one night in seven years. He hoped all would come out and vote for him. (Applause.)

Mr. John Cliff on coming forward stated that he was a candidate at the request of many ratepayers. Though late in the field he did not think his chances of election hopeless. He pointed to his five years' service in the town council, during which time he was chairman of the Streets and Bridges Committee, and said if elected he would, as in the past, do his duty fearlessly. He was loudly applauded.

Reeve Herring was next called upon and was received with applause. He had served the town in one capacity or another for twenty-four years—had grown grey in its service, as it were—and now wished to retire. He had never allowed politics to influence him in municipal matters and had always tried to do his duty up and above board. He hoped his successor would do likewise. Referring to the Wardenship he said he now knew why it was that Mr. Wilson had been selected over him. Mr. Wilson had said he had "treated" the councillors well. This explained the whole matter. He (Mr. H.) being a consistent temperance man, had done no treating. If it was necessary to perambulate the streets at night and treat in the hotels in order to get the Wardenship he did not want it. The speaker

Ward—James Wilson, John McKelvey and J. Downing; Cataraqui Ward—Wm. Allen, A. J. Crothers, Joseph Quigley, R. J. Elbrek, Wm. Little; Frontenac Ward—S. J. Kilpatrick, W. Robinson, jr., George Creegan, C. Livingstone, W. Dunn, J. D. Thompson.

PICTON.—Mayor—Edwards, Merrill, Stewart, Wilson, jr. Reeve—Robert Clapp, J. A. Rawson, James N. Carter. Deputy-Reeve—David Barker, James Hooper, Geo. A. Alcorn, Gideon Striker, James N. Carter, J. J. Fralick. Councillors—John M. Mastin, Thomas Welsh, George E. Fraser, James Love, Jacob Cronk, J. Wm. Conger, J. Richardson, John Walters, Arch. C. Miller, Hiram Wilbank, David McAula, D. O'Hogan, A. W. Hepburn, C. Garner, George Hadden, P. Williams, G. Alcorn, R. A. Foster, R. A. Downs, P. J. Vanpatter, Dr. J. H. Bedford, Samuel Skinner, David A. Spencer, O. B. Fralick, J. Downs, J. Blakely, Edward Horan, C. S. Wilson, J. E. Lento, G. E. Vandusen, W. T. Crandell, S. J. Minaker, A. Hoover, T. Slattery, H. C. McMullen, A. W. Branscombe, J. B. McMullen

THE BLOOMFIELD MURDER.

Tracing the Tracks of the Suspected Murderers in the Snow.

PICTON, Dec. 29.—The preliminery investigation in the Bloomfield murder case was resumed this morning at 9 o'clock, in the Court House, before Police Magistrate Curry and the two other magistrates associated with him, yesterday. The evidence to-day was chiefly respecting the tracks. It will be remembered that a light snow had fallen early on the evening of the night on which the murder was committed, which, while it covered all the old tracks enabled the fresh tracks to be plainly seen. The

TRACKS OF THE MURDERERS

were distinctly traced from Mr. Jones' door to the main road running in front of the house. They then followed the road west for a few rods and then took a southerly direction across the fields to West Lake. When on the ice they separated, one going in a southerly direction. These tracks led directly to Thompsett's door, and his boots fit the tracks. The other tracks led in an easterly direction to Louder's house. These tracks were made by boots having half-soles, and the half-sole of one boot was about a quarter of an inch longer than the half-sole of the other boot. These boots belong to George Louder and were found in his father's house. The

EVIDENCE AGAINST DAVID LOUDER.

the youngest man arrested, is not so strong. Mr. Low, Q. C., on behalf of the Crown, asked for an adjournment of the investigation until Friday, Jan. 4. The prisoners were remanded till that time. The court room, as on the previous day, was crowded, and public interest in the trial is increasing.

Fluid Lightning.

WIFE.—What's the matter now, John.

HUSBAND.—Oh, that neuralgia and toothache near kills me.

WIFE.—Why don't you go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a bottle of Fluid Lightning, and know it cures all such things as toothache, neuralgia, headache, lumbago, earache, sore throat, etc. It gives instant relief.

The Best Proof—THE GLOBE.

"I sell more Burdock Blood Bitters than I do of any other preparation in stock," says B. Jackes, druggist, Toronto. If the reader will ask any druggist in the city he will get a similar answer to his query—a proof that it is the most popular medicine for the blood, liver and kidneys known.

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it was very suitable
to reward in the disc
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[Correspondence

THE REEVESHIP.—
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Historical Society
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EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

AY, JANUARY 4, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 8.

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THE TOWNSHIPS.

.—Reeve, Isaac F. Aylsworth,
t deputy, Geo. A. Parrott,
; 2nd deputy, Peter E. R.
min Davis. Councillors—B.
L. H. Stoner, James Lewis.
Reeve, B. C. Lloyd, Wm. Whe-
, Samuel Doupe, E. H. Perry;
Jas. Reid, Caleb Raymond.
I. A. Baker, Stephen Wees,
, Harvey Martin.
—Reeve, Dr. James Knight,
ar; deputy, Wm. Brown.
as. J. Barry, Henry Shier,
h, John Jameson, Edward
Vm. R. Bell, Adam Matthews.
DERICKSBURGH.—Reeve, Irv-
W. N. Doller; Deputy Reeve,
and J. C. Carscallen; Council-
alstine, W. W. Post, R. S.
Hough, Wm. H. Crabb and

WN.—For Reeve—A. N. Her-
Mallory, Geo. M. German,
mpour, Peter D. Davis and
in. For Councillors—James
terson, Nicholas Murdoch,
Redford Dorland, Joseph B.
Harrison, Augustus Hermance,
blin, Daniel Haight, Thomas
ter Chalmers.
The old council was re-elect-
tion.
—Reeve, R. S. Denison and
; Deputy Reeve, Thos. V.
W. N. Sexsmith; Councillors,
on, Vankoughnet and others.
CKSBURGH.—We have received
this township.
ve, Dr. R. Kennedy, Daniel W.
ors—Henry Armstrong, Thos.
lenry Raworth, William Rose,
r. R. B. Price, Thos. C. John-
ar, Allan Lewis, Robert An-
Bain.
—Reeve, Allen Caton, C.

COUNTY NEWS.

Colebrook.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Business good.

—Sleighing splendid.

—The wood and ash trade booming.

—The donation held in the church on Wednesday evening was very well attended, considering the very short notice it had. The proceeds amounted to $26.45.

—The Yarker band gave us a surprise on Christmas day, which was appreciated by all. They play well, considering the short practice they have had.

PERSONAL.—Peter Walroth gave us a call this week. He is home on a visit.... Miss Quigley, from Odessa, is spending a few weeks with Mr. Wartman's family, of this place .....J. W. Bell, M. P. gave us a friendly call last week.

—On the first of January we expect a change in the mail routes. We are sorry to part with Abel, as he is a very faithful and efficient carrier, hardly ever failing to bring the mail on time. After that date we will get it from Napanee via Camden East. Mr. T. Glover has been engaged as carrier.

Big Creek.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—As you are desirous of hearing the general news I will tell you some of the most interesting news around Big Creek.

—We are blessed with a good mill and genial miller, and though he is Close by name he is not so by nature, at least in his dealings.

—We have a little church called "The Old Lutheran," and it is owned by the M. E. Church, and once a fortnight we hear the cheerful voice of Rev. S. A. Duprau, proclaiming the truth as it is in Jesus. He has good congregations and a growing interest is clearly discernible. We have had a first-class Sunday School under the able management of of Mr. Wm. Sprowl, whose kind and courteous demeanor won the affections of adults and children alike. Though the school was not opened till late in the season yet it reached the number of 76 attendants, and an average over 60. The public school under his control also flourished and was another evidence of his ability and willingness to sacrifice earthly pleasure and recreation for

Rip found himself in the Spirit Land among demons. The character was perfect and the rehearsal good, except being a little too noisy for a pantomime. Now our object for this publication is to induce any dissatisfied ratepayer you may have in your town to remove to Bath and take stock in this enterprise, for we think it a paying one and may be the means of bettering his condition.

Adolphustown.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.

TEA MEETING.—A very successful tea meeting under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society was held in the C. M. Church here on Christmas evening. The customary repast over, D. W. Allison, Esq., M. P., was called to the chair. After an excellent address by the chairman, an interesting musical and literary programme was gone through, the singing of Miss Huff and Mr. Allen Davis and the recitation by Rev. E. I. Inwood receiving hearty applause. The chief object, however, of the meeting was to raise funds for a new church. It has long been felt that the Methodist friends have needed a new place of worship, and efforts have been made for several years to raise money for that purpose. It was determined this year, if possible, to bring the matter to a definite issue. The meeting was unanimously in favor of a new church being built during the ensuing summer, and that a subscription list for that purpose be opened at once. Rev. M. L. Pearson kindly took this matter in hand, and so successful was he that before the meeting closed the sum of $2,645 was subscribed, in sums ranging from $10 to $500, which sum was subscribed by our worthy chairman

Roblin.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—I have not noticed Roblin represented regularly in your valuable paper and this I consider a burning shame, especially when I see such able correspondents sending notes to the smaller papers of your town. You doubtless see now, Mr. Editor, how much you have lost in times past by not looking out for correspondents You might have received "for better or worse" the celebrated "Lady of the Lake" or the equally noted Roderick Dhu, but as they are already secured you will, like th poor man we read about, have to be satisfied with the crumbs that are

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Reeve, Allen Caton, C. illors—James Thompson, Wm. Nugent, John Farley, l Finkle, W. H. Miller.

Elsewhere.

—The old council was re-nation.

Reeve, H. Ashley, by accla-puty Reeve, N. Vermilyea, l Deputy Reeve, Jeremiah Ross; Councillors, George Ross. W. Chapman, Norris

Mayor—George D. Dickson, J. G. Frost. Aldermen—Foster rke, E. Laroche, A. T. Petrie, ison Ward—Walter Alford, H. nch; Ketcheson Ward—Wm. V. Johnson, George S. Tickell, Baldwin Ward—Wm. Davis, James Macoun, J. Smith, P. J.

ayor—Dr. McCammon. Alder-rd—Edward Law, John Car-den, Wm. Adams; Ontario trange, C. Birmingham, W. nts, A. M. Allen; St. Law-ies Redden, J. L. Whiting, R. puis, G. S. Hobart; Sydenham McGuire and Shaw; Victoria lson, John McKelvey and J. iqui Ward—Wm. Allen, A. J. Quigley, R. J. Elbrek, Wm. Ward—S. J. Kilpatrick, W. rge Creegan, C. Livingstone, hompson.

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THE REEVESHIP.—Dr. Kennedy is again in the field for election to the above-named office. He has served the municipality of Bath with great ability during the past five years as Reeve, his deliberations in the County Council have stamped him as a man of good executive ability and he has a host of friends on both sides of politics. His re-

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—Although the fact is not generally known, Roblin is a great place, and number among its inhabitants some very noted persons. This latter fact was obvious to the most casual observer who attended the Xmas tree entertainment here.

—There was an oyster supper in the M. E. Church here on Tuesday night of last week. P. W. Dafoe, Esq., Reeve of Richmond, filled the chair with his usual ability. The oysters, the principal feature, were excellent. The programme was not so good, although Mr. Nixon's reading, "Pat's introduction to Master Bruin," was a very superior piece. Rev. Mr. Ferguson gave an admirable address, but as Grand Curiosity was present we refer you to his correspondence for a summary.

—The electors of this school section made, we think, a good choice when they elected Mr. Nixon as school truetee for the coming three years. Miss Detlor will probably be re-engaged as teacher for 1884. We think the trustees made a mistake in leaving the engagement of a teacher till after the annual school meeting. They may, as in this case, get a good teacher, but the good teachers are usually engaged before that time.

—Rev. Inwood was unable, owing to illness, to fulfill his appointment here on Sunday evening. We trust he may be speedily restored to his usual health. In the absence of Rev. Inwood, Mr. Denison led a prayer-meeting.

—Mr. George McBride, late teacher at Davis' Corners, started on Monday last for Brighton, where he will spend the winter taking orders for fruit and ornamental shade trees. We wish him success.

—Mr. Brenan, of Tyendinaga, started on Monday last for a short trip to the west. "As we journey through life let us live by tht way."

—Woods Bros' are rushing the shingle business these days. On Saturday they cut 17 m. They make an A No 1 article.

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[From another Correspondent.]

THE THEATRE ROWLAND.—For the general information of theatre going people we wish you to publish that the village of Bath is becoming renowned. The Conservative party here is determined not to be beaten in our municipal election, and have resolved, after failing in all their corrupt practices to accomplish their ends, to establish a theater, and prepare by practice to meet their opponents. Feeling somewhat doubtful as to their array of talent, and before erecting a suitable building for the purpose, they have concluded to hold meetings for rehearsal every evening in the store belonging to one of the principal managers. Rip Van Finkle will be the first play on the board. So far as regards the rehearsal the company is "doing splendid" and bids fair to end in success. We witnessed that part when Old

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—On Sunday last, after a long battle with that fell destroyer, consumption, death relieved John McCutcheon, aged 26 years, from all his troubles. The deceased was a young man of irreproachable moral character, and we have many reasons to believe this New Year to him is the happiest he ever experienced. Some three years ago Mr. McCutcheon, accompanied by his friend Arthur Kimmet, who has also gone to his reward, went to Colorado, in the hope that a change of climate would check the ravages of the desease, but it was too late and he returned home some time ago to die. Rev. Ferguson of Selby, preached a very eloquent and instructive address from the text, "So teach us to number our days."

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your space, and wishing you a very happy New Year,

"Lost the cough I long did know
Many years I felt its blow,
Without the use of pills or blister,
I cured the same with Down's Elixir.
Thousands of affidavits prove
That it doth man's ills remove,
Coughs and colds and hooping cough
By its power soon are off." 84.

How to Treat Weak Lungs.

Always breathe through the nose, keeping the mouth closed as much as possible. Walk and sit erect, exercise in the open air, keep the skin scrupulously clean, and take Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam for coughs, colds, and bronchial troubles.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who have ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere 25 cents a bottle. 71

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at **6** PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

E. R. MILLER, ISSUER OF MARriage Licenses, Switzerville 16-ly

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NOTICE TO THE

Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity.) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave you to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD.

41-tf. Managing Director.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Subscribed Capital.....$9,260,000
Assets, Cash and Invested Fund.. 2,605,000

Deposited with Government of Canada for the protection of policy holders in Canada, $100,000.

All losses paid at head office in Toronto without reference to England, and claims promptly settled. Property insured against Lightning.

THE SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE Co

Capital - - - $600,000.

Deposited with the Government over $122,497.72 for the security of policy holders

Christianity and Costly D

In Japan, some learned Pr
us, the rich send their childr
in inferior garments in order t
may not be ashamed to co
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Schools. Many a child is se
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may sweep a good many more
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Montreal's Black She

Montreal appears to have
than its share of speculating b

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WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

E. B. MILLER, ISSUER OF MARriage Licenses, Switzerville 16-ly

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECfor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-ly

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-ly

JAMES STORMS, WILTON,

AUCTIONEER.

Goods sold on commission; also sales of land, farm stock, &c., attended to on reasonable terms. Correspondence solicited. 52-1y

M. J. BUTLER, PROVINCIAL LAND Surveyor, Civil Engineer, Office, &c. East End of Grange Block.

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. A. LESLIE, Proprietor.

(Late of Owen Sound.)

any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave you to form your own opinion.

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A. H. ALLISON, Agent,

Office 200 South side Dundas-st., Napanee.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS.

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

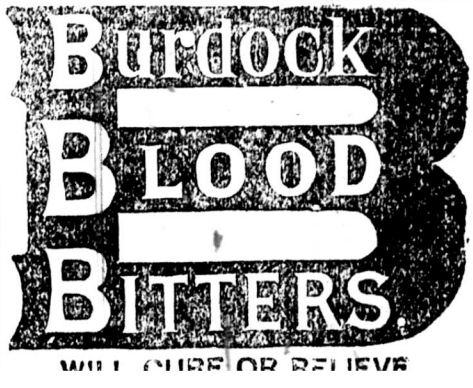
Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,

NAPANEE.



WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

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Montreal's Black Shee

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College Statistics.

Some one in the United St
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Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. L. LESLIE, Proprietor.
(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned,

Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY, Water-st., Napanee.

best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE.	OF THE HEART.
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM,	THE STOMACH.
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN.

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS or BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vandelf & Co., 12 Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

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College Statistics.

Some one in the United Sta
been taking a good deal of pains
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all, and in these 3,577 turned
tors, and another 6,105 lawyers
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things have gone——in the
States.

Can any one tell us how figur
in regard to the alumni of the co
Canada? We do not know;
is evident that the number of law
doctors turned loose on society at
of each collegiate year is somethin
ful.

Election Cakes.

The plan of election cakes an
such money grabbing schemes in
church funds ought to be frowne
by every friend of Christianity
land. Such things have been so
moralizing and disgraceful that t
wonder is they have been so long t
Surely our churches need not be
pressed for the necessary funds
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ing and demoralizing tendency.
comes from Kingston that at
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in aid of St. Paul's church the
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ister, who evidently gave encoura
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ets were being sold, found
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Christianity and Costly Raiment.

In Japan, some learned Professor tells us, the rich send their children to school in inferior garments in order that the poor may not be ashamed to come in their shabby clothes. The rich of Christendom would do a very considerate thing to make note of the fact. We would be very, very glad to see this rule observed in Canada in regard to our Sunday Schools. Many a child is sent to church on Sunday so arrayed in silks, and furs, and feathers, and jewelry trinkets, that Solomon, in all his glory, was not arrayed like one of them ; many a poor child does not go to the same Sunday School at all, or very seldom, simply because he or she would look too plain and too common side by side with those of the gorgeous apparel. Many an earnest Sunday School teacher would find, if the honest truth could be laid bare, that much of her labor in trying to procure the attendance of certain children is neutralized by this very cause. How many of the great moral advantages sought to be conferred are thus destroyed possibly the world will never know. Many a child of struggling parents is too spirited to tell that the honest cause of absence is the old hat or the much worn dress, and the mischief goes on unsuspected. Possibly hundreds of parents are thoughtless in this matter. If we can but succeed in opening their eyes we have not labored in vain.

May not a word in regard to costly array be in season in regard to children of all ages ? It is not merely the young Miss who trips to the Sunday School in such fine feathers who excites the envy or rouses the spirit of her companions ; the great Lady who sweeps up the aisles in the very height of fashion is generally a much greater sinner in this respect. She may sweep a good many more less opulent sisters down the aisle, not to return frequently again, than she in her heart is aware of. Surely our churches are not the places for millinery displays ! It would be a grand thing if the custom could at once become general for every man and woman to go to church plainly clad. Some who go now would probably then stay, but a good many others whose faces are seldom seen there now could go much the oftener. One of the most honored and intelligent Christian women the writer has any remembrance of always made it a rule to go to the house of worship so plainly clad that her poor neighbors did not feel embarrassed to go in company. That lady was wise as well as rich, Our ministers might do a good thing for the cause in which they labor to set apart a "Temperance-in-dress Sunday."

Montreal's Black Sheep.

Montreal appears to have had more than its share of speculating bank officials

AMONG THE INEBRIATES.

Life in an Establishment for the Cure of the Alcohol and Opium Habits.

Close to the shore of the bay at Fort Hamilton is a large cheerful-looking building that attracts the attention of most persons coming in by the ocean steamer. It is the Inebriates' Home. The system of cure practised by Dr. Blanchard, the superintendent, was commended yesterday by a well-known New York artist who had just been discharged as cured.

"I was taken up there," he said, "greatly against my will, and more closely resembling a lunatic than a man on an ordinary spree. I was allowed to get over my drunkenness, and then found that the place was more like a hotel than an asylum. The prices paid by the inmates range from $5 to $50 week, and some, under peculiar circumstances, are treated for nothing. Of course the accommodations vary with the price paid, but the treatment of each inmate is in accordance with the condition of the subject. You would be amazed if I should tell you the names of some of the persons who are there now. Lawyers, doctors, merchants, artists, and literary men greet each other periodically, and regret that they cannot enliven the occasion with a social glass. Liquor is not altogether denied, however, and every man, while he needs it, gets a dram of whiskey and lime water atstated hours.

"There are several clergymen of various denominations in the Home, and their craving for liquor is as great as that of any one. When a man first goes in nothing drinkable except water is ordinarily left within in his reach. Alcohol, bay rum, cologne, Florida water, anything that will burn his throat is acceptable to him. His razors, and pocket knife, and anything with which he might injure himself are removed. Opium eaters and men who have been treating themselves to hypodermic injections—and the name of the latter class is legion—are at once deprived of opium, and their sufferings are severe. It often takes six months before they get permanent relief.

"At meal hours colored waiters bring around bills of fare, and the guests are asked to make their selection. Many of them have not much appetite, and it is a well-worn joke to hand back the bill of fare and ask for a wine list. Despite all efforts to prevent them, some of the inmates occasionally get out and come back very drunk. For the first week they are watched day and night, but after that the vigilance is somewhat relaxed, and those who are foolish enough to do so sometimes escape."

The Highland Congregation Committee of Chicago have requested of the Rev. Dr. Campbell, of Collingwood, Ont., that

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Montreal's Black Sheep.

Montreal appears to have had more than its share of speculating bank officials during the last few years, or more than its share of them have been found out. It is simply astonishing to read, from week to week, the accounts of the developments of new commercial scandals from Montreal. False balance sheets have been attested to, fraudulent accounts have been published, and hundreds of thousands of dollars of the bank funds have been used in personal speculations by the men placed to guard the trusts. The mischief does not seem confined, by any means, to one set of officers or to one bank. To give a detailed account of all, or nearly all, these "irregularities" during the past year or two would require a good deal of space, and a good deal of taxing the memory. What is the matter? Have the men placed in such trustworthy positions been a much less honorable class of men than formerly, or has there been a more efficient system of examination introduced, so that it has become nearly impossible to escape detection? We do not undertake to answer these enquiries. On the face of it the evidence is plain, however, that "something must be done," or confidence in banks or bank officials will soon become entirely destroyed. Nearly all the mischief, so far as it has recently been laid bare, appears to be in the speculative turn of mind of the officials, and their greed for gain, faster than it can be honestly obtained by the legitimate use of their own property.

College Statistics.

Some one in the United States has been taking a good deal of pains to ascertain the professional destination of the alumni of fifty-eight colleges during the last half century. There were 38,054 in all, and in these 3,577 turned out doctors, and another 6,105 lawyers, while 9,991 were clergyman. According to the above reckoning the preachers were in a majority over the lawyers and doctors put together, and there seems to be an eternal fitness about some such arrangement, for fully so large a number of ministers as that would be required to pull the other two classes safely through, as things have gone———in the United States.

Can any one tell us how figures stand in regard to the alumni of the colleges in Canada? We do not know; but it is evident that the number of lawyers and doctors turned loose on society at the end of each collegiate year is something dread-

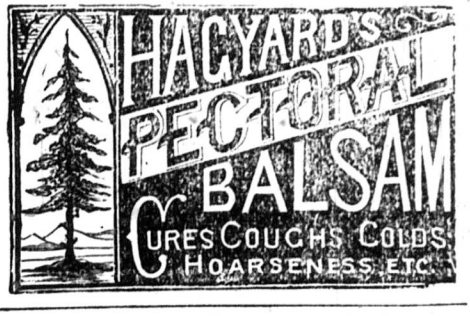
them have not much appetite, and it is a well-worn joke to hand back the bill of fare and ask for a wine list. Despite all efforts to prevent them, some of the inmates occasionally get out and come back very drunk. For the first week they are watched day and night, but after that the vigilance is somewhat relaxed, and those who are foolish enough to do so sometimes escape."

The Highland Congregation Committee of Chicago have requested of the Rev. Dr. Campbell, of Collingwood, Ont., that he accept an invitation from that body to repair to Chicago for the purpose of establishing a Gaelic congregation there.

John G. Saxe, the humorous poet, is growing gradually weaker at his home in Brooklyn. He suffers from cerebro spinal meningitis, complicated with partial paralysis induced by being buried under a railroad train in an accident on the Pan Handle road years ago. It is not probable that the once brilliant man will survive this winter

What is defeat? Nothing but education; nothing but the first step to something better.

How much weight does a merchant' "ad" carry? Why announce, of course.



NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The subscriber wishes to notify the public that he has removed from Dr. Shirley's shop on Centre-St, to the shop lately occupied by Duncan Benn, Dundas-st. east, near W. Joy's Carriage Shop, where he will always be on hand to do all kinds of

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING

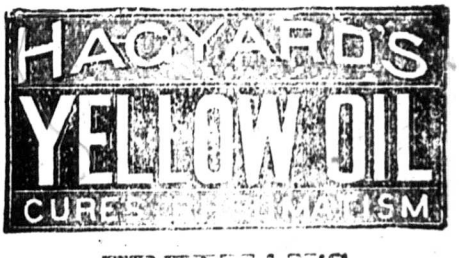
in a neat, strong and satisfactory manner and all kinds of work in his line, including Horseshoeing and Repairing.

Particular Attention given to Shoeing Interfering Horses.

Give him a call. Satisfaction guaranteed. Residence adjoining the shop, where he will be found outside of business hours.

J. C. COLE, General Blacksmith.

Napanee, Nov. 16th, 1881.



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Sold by all
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Election Cakes.

The plan of election cakes and other such money grabbing schemes in aid of church funds ought to be frowned down by every friend of Christianity in the land. Such things have been so often demoralizing and disgraceful that the only wonder is they have been so long tolerated. Surely our churches need not be so hard pressed for the necessary funds to carry on the holy work in which they are engaged as to stoop to schemes of a disturbing and demoralizing tendency. A report comes from Kingston that at a recent "election" of this character to raise funds in aid of St. Paul's church the political excitement ran so high that something near akin to a free fight was indulged in, with all the accompaniments of language more forcible than orthodox. The Minister, who evidently gave encouragement to the "rivalry" during the time the tickets were being sold, found himself unable to at last reap the whirlwind and stood aghast when he evidently ought to have been bringing in the police. If reaching this climax in Kingston will have the tendency to stop such schemes elsewhere, all will rejoice that it all happened.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

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Give him a call. Satisfaction guaranteed. Residence adjoining the shop, where he will be found outside of business hours.

J. C. COLE, General Blacksmith.

Napanee, Nov. 16th, 1881.

FREEMAN'S

WORM POWDERS.

re pleasant to take. Contain **their own Purgative.** Is a safe, sure, and *effectual* **Destroyer of Worms** in Children **or Adults**

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired, All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock,

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

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See advertisement ir
ask your Druggist for
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The above remedies
by W. S. Detlor, Drug

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SASHES, DOORS,
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Made to Order and

A large quantity of
rough lumber and lat
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Contracts for buildi
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Parties building w
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Napanee, Aug. 28th

POTTER &

LIVERY & SA

Adjoining the

FIRST CLASS RIC

MODE

NAPANEE,

G THE INEBRIATES.

Establishment for the Cure of ɔohol and Opium Habits.

ɔhe shore of the bay at Fort a large cheerful-looking build- tracts the attention of most ning in by the ocean steamer. ebriates' Home. The system ctised by Dr. Blanchard, the lent, was commended yester- well-known New York artist st been discharged as cured.

taken up there," he said, gainst my will, and more close- ng a lu atic than a man on an ree. I was allowed to get over ness, and then found that as more like a hotel than an The prices paid by the inmates $5 to $50 week, and some, liar circumstances, are treated . Of course the accommoda- with the price paid, but the f each inmate is in accordance ndition of the subject. You mazed if I should tell you the ɔme of the persons who are Lawyers, doctors, merchants, literary men greet each other , and regret that they cannot occasion with a social glass. ɔt altogether denied, however, an, while he needs it, gets a iskey and lime water atstated

ire several clergymen of vari- nations in the Home, and their liquor is as great as that of When a man first goes in noth- ɔle except water is ordinarily in his reach. Alcohol, bay ne, Florida water, anything rn his throat is acceptable to zors, and pocket knife, and any- which he might injure him- oved. Opium eaters and men been treating themselves to injections—and the name of ass is legion—are at once de- ɔium, and their sufferings are often takes six months before manent relief.

l hours colored waiters bring s of fare, and the guests are ake their selection. Many of ɔot much appetite, and it is a joke to hand back the bill of for a wine list. Despite all revent them, some of the in- ionally get out and come back For the first week they are and night, but after that the somewhat relaxed, and those ish enough to do so sometimes

land Congregation Committee have requested of the Rev.

Plain Truths!

The blood is the foundation of life, it circulates through every part of the body and unless it is pure and rich, good health is impossible, if disease has entered the system the only sure and quick way to drive it out is to purify and enrich the blood.

These simple facts are well known and the highest medidical authorities agree that nothing but iron will restore the blood to its natural condition; and also that all the Iron preparations hitherto made blacken the teeth, cause headache, and are otherwise injurious.

SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS will thoroughly and quickly assimulate with the blood, purifying and strengthening it and thus drive disease from any part of the system, and it will not blacken the teeth cause headache or constipation and is positively not injurious.

St. Johnsbury, Vermont Oct. 31st 1882.

For six years I have been a great sufferer from blood disease, dyspepsia and constipation, and became so debilitated that I could not retain anything on my stomach, in fact life had almost become a burden, and when hope had almost left me, I was induced to give SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS a trial I am now taking the third bottle and have not felt so well in six years as I do at present.

MRS. S. L. MOORE.

SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS effectually cures dyspepsia, indigestion and weakness, and renders the greatest relief and benefit to persons suffering from such diseases as kidney and liver complaints, dyspepsia, indigestion etc.

Sold by all Druggists and at Depot 150 St. James St. West, Montreal, Price 50c.

Important to Ruptured Persons.

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHI[C]AGO ROCK ISL[A]ND & PACIFIC RY

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneso-

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Sold by all Druggists and at Depot 150 St. James St. West, Montreal, Price 50c.

Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was introduced to the American people several years ago in such a manner as to completely secure the confidence of the whole nation. The mode of introduction was by furnishing the remedy to those afflicted with Hernia in any of its various forms and collecting no pay until a permanent cure was effected. In this way the treatment gained a world-wide reputation on its own merits, never failing to cure any reducible Hernia. The Company has at the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture, or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-Seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies sold only in Napanee by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

Light's PLANING Mill.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

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All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r, **E. ST. JOHN,** Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.

CHICAGO.

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Cos-

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Light's PLANING Mill,

DUNDAS ST. WEST,

NAPANEE.

SASHES, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, ETC., ETC.,

Made to Order and Constantly in Stock.

A large quantity of matched, planed and rough lumber and lath for sale at most favorable prices. Best stock to be obtained.

Contracts for buildings and repairs of all kinds carried out with promptness and satisfaction.

Parties building will save money and insure a good job by consulting me. Estimates cheerfully given.

ROBERT LIGHT.

Napanee, Aug. 28th, 1883.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Adjoining the Brisco House.

FIRST CLASS RIGS.

MODERATE CHARGES.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS,
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still using, and, although not perfectly cured, I am so much improved that I heartily recommend it any one suffering from the same disease. While taking it for the above disease, a severe pain, which I had in my side, has entirely left me.

MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 17 Stafford St., Toronto.

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefis I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

AMANDA FLUCH'S MURDERER.

First Knocked Down and Then Carried to a Tree and Hanged.

The Grand Jury of Middlesex county, New Jersey, in session at New Brunswick recently, presented an indictment for murder against John Koop, the self-confessed murderer of Amanda Fluch of Quakertown, Pa., otherwise known as Fannie Duhnam. Koop's confession to Chief of Police Fourat and the Philadelphia detectives included many details of the crime.

"The girl accused me of deceiving her while I was in Quakertown, in December, 1882," he said, "and insisted that I should marry her. I refused, and after I went away she wrote to me several times, repeating the request. I finally answered one of her letters while I was in Perth Amboy, and invited her to come. We remained that night at the hotel where I was stopping, and the next morning about 9 o'clock I invited her to take a walk with me in the woods. She walked alongside me, and asked me once or twice if I expected to marry her. She said

SHE LOVED ME,

and would make me a good wife, but I said 'No.' I made a proposal to her which she rejected, and I then struck her on the back of the neck with my fist, and she fell on her face, the blood running out of her nose and mouth. I wipped it away with my handkerchief, which was thus stained, and I threw it away."

Koop then paused, and evidently desired to stop there or repeat his previous declaration that he had left the woman where she fell, but the Chief of Police said:

"Tell us the whole truth. It is the best thing to do, because I suppose you know your handkerchief, with it your initials on it, was found."

"After she fell down on her face," Koop continued, she turned over and looking me in the eyes said; "Oh, John, don't do it.' I didn't mind that, but took the rope from round my waist and tied it around her throat. Then I lifted her up on her feet. Some of the blood got on my coat sleeve and I didn't like it. I carried and pushed her along a few feet until she stood under the branches of a tree. I threw one end of the rope over a branch. Then I hoisted her up with the rope and held her there until she died. It took about ten minutes. After tying the rope so it would look like a suicide I crawled out through the underbush to a back road and went back to the brickyard

"I remained around Perth Amboy until last September, when the body was found. Then I went to Quakertown. I began drinking hard last Monday week and kept it up until Friday because I felt

MISCELLANEOUS.

No, nobody makes a liar; but everybody feels kindlier to the liar who says, "How well you are looking!" than the honest truth-teller who exclaims, "Why! how awfully you're looking!"

What are the ladies to do about their silks in the future? The visible supply is falling off from year to year. In China the insect ravages among the silk worms have been so great that not one half as much of the raw material is now produced as a few years ago, and the decrease continues to an alarming extent. The same trouble exists elsewhere among the silk-worms, but not yet to such a serious extent. Many of the beautiful woolen fabrics of to-day are capital substitutes for silk, being neat and comfortable, and there need be but little fear of any scarcity of the supply of the raw material. The fashion of wearing fine wool instead of silk fabrics rhould be encouraged, for more reasons than one.

A rich Scottish widow has been lately doing a very sensible thing. Mr. John Elder was a very successful Glasgow ship builder, and, dying, he left a very handsome sum at his wife's disposal. Instead of spending all her spare means on an elaborate monument over his grave, or in some public square, she has arranged to hand over to the Senate of Glasgow University the munificent sum of $62,500 for the purpose of endowing a chair of naval architecture. Probably the whole world may reap some advantages from a wise bequest of this kind. The endowment of one or more chairs in practical science would probably do more good in Canada just now than expending a similar amount for some other chair in theology.

What an amount of bloodshed and murder has come out of that terrible Phœnix Park business. Nine human lives, at least, have been sacrificed, and it is to be feared that the end is not even yet. The cry for blood still is raised, and there is no concealing the fact that as each human victim is offered up, there is a great deal of evident satisfaction on one side or the other. The whole history of that bloody Dublin plot, and its results, will yet be written, but, it will never be a creditable page in the history of civilization and human progress. It sounds more like the dark ages, or the dark places of the earth in the present age, than like anything we might expect in a Christian country in the nineteenth century.

O'Donnell was duly hanged on Monday morning for the "removal" of Carey. He was sensible enough not to make any speech from the gallows. Poor fellow, there will be enough said about his case anyway. Few men more richly deserved hanging, and it is well that the Govern-

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A stirring speech: — "T spoon."

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"After she fell down on her face," Koop continued, she turned over and looking me in the eyes said; "Oh, John, don't do it.' I didn't mind that, but took the rope from round my waist and tied it around her throat. Then I lifted her up on her feet. Some of the blood got on my coat sleeve and I didn't like it. I carried and pushed her along a few feet until she stood under the branches of a tree. I threw one end of the rope over a branch. Then I hoisted her up with the rope and held her there until she died. It took about ten minutes. After tying the rope so it would look like a suicide I crawled out through the underbush to a back road and went back to the brickyard

"I remained around Perth Amboy until last September, when the body was found. Then I went to Quakertown. I began drinking hard last Monday week and kept it up until Friday because I felt so bad over what I have done. It wouldn't have been right for me to marry the girl, because I have a wife and children in Germany."

LATER.—Amanda Fluch, of Rock Hill, Pa., the girl whom John Koop said he had murdered, came to New Brunswick, noon, recently, in company with Constable Hoff of Line Lexington and Chief of Police Fourat of New Brunswick. It is desired that she shall prove her identity before the courts there, so that a new indictment shall be framed to go before the next Grand Jury. Since the present indictment charges Koop with the murder of "Amanda Fluch or Fanny Dunham," it will have to be nolle prosequid. A rumor was afloat that this had already been done. It is still believed by many that Koop committed a murder.

Amanda Flnch was found at McCormick's Hotel. She is a stout German girl, about twenty-four years old. She said she had not seen Koop in eighteen months, that she once lived with him at Quakertown, and that he had told her before he left her that he had a good deal of trouble on his mind. What that trouble was Koop never told her. She said she had never before been ten miles from home in her life, and had never visited Perth Amboy. Her stay in New Brunswick will last until she has identified Koop and has sworn to her companionship with him. Some important facts may then come out, as it is thought that she knows whether Koop's wife came to this country to meet him at Perth Amboy, and when such meeting, if there was one, occcurred.

Last May Miss Fluch was married to Aaron Wenzel, an hostler. She has a boy baby.

Not alone has it been proved that the body found in the woods was not that of Amanda Fluch, but it has been learned positively that Fannie Dunham also is alive and well. She will go to New Brunswick. She is the woman who was arraigned before Justice Garret-

Phœnix Park business. Nine human lives, at least, have been sacrificed, and it is to be feared that the end is not even yet. The cry for blood still is raised, and there is no concealing the fact that as each human victim is offered up, there is a great deal of evident satisfaction on one side or the other. The whole history of that bloody Dublin plot, and its results, will yet be written, but, it will never be a creditable page in the history of civilization and human progress. It sounds more like the dark ages, or the dark places of the earth in the present age, than like anything we might expect in a Christian country in the nineteenth century.

O'Donnell was duly hanged on Monday morning for the "removal" of Carey. He was sensible enough not to make any speech from the gallows. Poor fellow, there will be enough said about his case anyway. Few men more richly deserved hanging, and it is well that the Government did not listen to the cry raised for any respite of the sentence. Though O'Donnell and his admirers gloried in the fact of his shooting Carey he did not hesitate to save his neck by pleading that the shooting was only in self-defence and not therefore an act of vengeance against an informer. Of course he did not expect that any one would believe that this was the real cause of his bloody act, he did not want people to believe that; it was merely a technical plea, but it did not answer its purpose. It is now in order to hear another outburst about "the bloody Saxon" from certain quarters. But nowhere can more blood thirsty men be found than in these same quarters.

No wonder some of those up north European countries are so healthy, and the people so long lived! What is to prevent them? They have a good bracing climate, they certainly and not over-crowded, and there must be a wonderful immunity from doctors. What else is needed? In Sweden a medical student has to undergo ten years stuffing and study before he can become an M.D. Of course, under such a restriction, doctors ought to be pretty scarce and they ought to know a good deal before they are let at large. In Norway seven years are required, and in nearly all the rest of Europe five. In France, England and Canada the more reckless system prevails of only four years. In the United States the time seems to vary from three years to three months, according to the "college" and the amount paid. The average American "doctor" may be set down as a horrid example for the profession; but in spite of all this there are some medical men of splendid scientific attainments in the United States.

A Curious Shooting Case.

An inquest was opened at Penrith recently upon the body of Anthony Hodwin, 13 years of age, who died under remarkable circumstances. The deceased, who was a farmer's son, attended Pen-

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Strange Bible Fact

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Not alone has it been proved that the body found in the woods was not that of Amanda Fluch, but it has been learned positively that Fannie Dunham also is alive and well. She will go to New Brunswick. She is the woman who was arraigned before Justice Garretson in Perth Amboy, on June 4, on a charge of intoxication. She left Perth Amboy on the following day. The only theory now held by those who think Koop's confession was based on truth, is that his wife came to this country to meet him in Perth Amboy and that it was her body which was found in the woods.

A man has no more right to say an uncivil thing than to act one; no more right to say a rude thing to another than to knock him down.

Great is he who enjoys his earthenware as if it were plate, and not less great is the man to whom all his plate is no more than earthenware.

The flowers most in favor for ball dresses are lilies of the valley, forget-me-nots, hedge roses, monthly roses, Alpine heather sprays, and red or blue salvias.

Elbow sleeves have the upper part of the cloth cut away, showing the arm to the elbow, save where it is covered with the bands that fasten the sleeves across it.

Velvet dresses are handsomest when made all of one kind of velvet, and trimmed only with a little lace, black or white, or both, or tinted to match the color of the dress.

There is scarcely a field in the whole country but needs draining. Even those which appear dry are all the better for such openings. The farmer who lends his money on mortgage while his farm is undrained, is a fool, sure, for no possible investment will pay better than draining if it is set about with any judgment whatever.

people so long lived! What is to prevent them? They have a good bracing climate, they certainly and not over-crowded, and there must be a wonderful immunity from doctors. What else is needed? In Sweden a medical student has to undergo ten years stuffing and study before he can become an M.D. Of course, under such a restriction, doctors ought to be pretty scarce and they ought to know a good deal before they are let at large. In Norway seven years are required, and in nearly all the rest of Europe five. In France, England and Canada the more reckless system prevails of only four years. In the United States the time seems to vary from three years to three months, according to the "college" and the amount paid. The average American "doctor" may be set down as a horrid example for the profession; but in spite of all this there are some medical men of splendid scientific attainments in the United States.

A Curious Shooting Case.

An inquest was opened at Penrith recently upon the body of Anthony Hodwin, 13 years of age, who died under remarkable circumstances. The deceased, who was a farmer's son, attended Penrith statute fair on the 18th inst., and in the afternoon, while watching some merry-go-rounds in the street, he suddenly fell, and was carried to the house of his uncle, where he died within the course of an hour fron internal bleeding. According to the opinion of three medical men who examined him, no inquest was deemed necessary, and the body was buried. After the funeral, however, the aunt of the deseased, while brushing his clothes, found blood stains upon them and a hole near the stains, and gradually the suspicion gained ground that the young lad had been shot. An order was obtained for the exhumation of the body, and recently evidence was given that the deceased when he fell was standing near a rifle gallery. A man went up to the gallery the worse for drink and took hold of a breechloading rifle, but the attendant took it from him. He picked up another rifle, and it went off in his hands. The deceased was seen to fall immediately afterward, and the post-mortem examination now showed that he had died from the effects of a wound inflicted by a cylindrical bullet a quarter of an inch in diameter, which was found behind the lining of the abdomen.—*St. James' Gazette.*

Queen Victoria's reign is the longest in Britain, with the exception of the three long Thirds—Henry III., who reigned fifty-six; Edward III., fifty; and George III., sixty years. Though these Thirds are long reigns they may be called short when placed beside two Kings of France. Louis XIV. reigned seventy-two years and Louis XV. fifty-nine years, from 1643 to 1774, making together 131 years.

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FUN FOR THE BOYS.

A fly chap:—The trout fisher.

Fly time:—The elopement season.

"Tales of a wayside inn"—cocktails.

A stirring speech: — "Pass me a spoon."

Song of the tin kettle:—"Hum tea? Dumb tea."

Though an aeronaut may not make his ascents for wages, he certainly goes up for higher.

A great actor is called a star, probably because his prices are too high for poor people.

Young man, don't go west expecting to make a fortune. Remember the sun rises in the east.

"Well, that baits all," remarked an Irish fisherman as he looked into his can in vain for a worm.

"Let's have a couple more of those wafers," said the latest boarder, pointing at a dish of clam-fritters.

It is the fashion now for dudes to eat dried apples. They are so "awfully swell," you know. That is, the dried apples are.

A German paper offers a Limburger cheese to each new subscriber. It could hold out no stronger inducement, certainly.

"Guilty or not guilty?" asked a Dutch justice of a prisoner. "Not guilty." "Den what do you want here? Go about your pizness."

The new-fashioned neck-ties can be laundred without taking them apart. Thus we may have the washing of the tied right in the house.

A man recently spent half an hour trying to sell a ticket for a course of lectures to a rural barber, but he didn't succeed. It is the barber's business to deliver lectures, and not to listen to them.

Why is it that the train that carries the most emigrants, and goes the slowest, and never notifies the people the names of the stations, and has the warmst ice-water you ever tasted, is always called the accommodation train?

"A popular writer laments the fact that American poets are declining." Is is different with the American poets themselves. They lament the fact that the editors of magazines and newspapers are declining.

"No," said the tramp. "I never meant to come here again. I was heading for a town forty miles north of here, but I shaped my course by a railroad map I got at the depot." They concluded his excuse was a good one and let him go.

If at any time you wish the wind to

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Tom Thumb's weekly salary is five hundred and fifty dollars.

Wendell Phillips was seventy-two years old Thanksgiving day. He shows but little the effects of his age as yet.

Capt. Noah Fairbanks, who commanded the first steamboat that ever navigated in Virginia waters, died recently at the age of 97 years.

Mrs. Abigail C. Pond, a sister of the famous "Sam Patch," died in Petersburg, Va., recently, in the ninety-first year of her age.

It is reported that the Prince of Wales intends, next year, to follow the example of the Crown Prince of Germany, by making a trip to Spain.

Rev. Warren H. Cudworth, Unitarian, of East Boston, dropped dead while offering a prayer at a union service on Thanksgiving day. Heart disease.

The Crown Prince of Portugal, although but twenty years old, is able to converse in fourteen languages, and already has a private library of 40,000 volumes.

Mrs. George Bancroft, the wife of the historian, although eighty years old, still preserves much of her beauty and all of her intellect, and has manners of patrician elegance.

Will Carleton has become one of the most popular and successful of the American poets. He is reported to have earned more than $150,000 with his pen during the past few years.

The wealth of the Vanderbilt family is fabulous. William H. owns $47,000,000 in United States 4 per cent bonds alone. A draft for the interest is mailed to him quarterly from the Treasury.

The old Lincoln homestead of Springfield, Illinois, has been leased by H. Oldwyd, who intends to preserve it as nearly as possible just as Mr. Lincoln left it when he went to Washington.

The salary of Lord Coleridge, as Chief Justice of England, is forty thousand dollars a year. He can afford to take occasional trips, even to Niagara, or some of the American watering places.

Alfred Tennyson, the English poet laurate, has been created a Baron by the Queen. He was paid ten thousand dollars recently for a small poem published in the *Youth's Companion*, of Boston.

Lord Shaftesbury continues a wonderfully active man for one past his three score years and ten. At Oxford lately he attended the meeting of a society whose meetings he had attended half a century ago.

Harriet Beecher Stowe does not pay much attention to fashion in her toilette, but she is always dressed like a lady, and, far from being plain, her face is fair, re-

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If at any time you wish the wind to change suddenly, take a pan of ashes, go into the back yard, and, facing the direction that you desire the wind to blow from, quickly empty your pan. All who have ever tried this rule have never found it to fail.

The man who is poor puts on lots of style, and pretends he is rich, while the man who lays away thousands every year says he is losing money, and expects to go to the almshouse shortly. This accounts for the hotel clerk wearing a huge diamond, and the bond-holding statesman going round in ready-made clothes that don't fit him, looking sadly in need of a hair-cut.

Strange Bible Facts.

The learned Prince of Granada, heir to the Spanish throne, imprisoned by order of the Crown, for fear he should aspire to the throne, was kept in solitary confinement in the old prison at the Place of Skulls, Madrid. After thirty-three years in this living tomb, death came to his release, and the following remarkable researches taken from the Bible, and marked with an old nail on the rough walls of his cell, told how the brain sought employment through the weary years.

In the Bible the word Lord is found 1,853 times; the word Jehovah 6,855 times, and the word Reverend but once, and that in the 9th verse of the cxith Pslam. The 8th verse of the cxviith Psalm is the middle verse of the Bible. The 9th verse of the viiith chapter of Esther is the longest verse; 35th verse, xith chapter of St. John is the shortest. In the cviith Psalm four verses are alike, the 8th, 15th, 21st and 31st. Each verse of the cxxxvith Psalm ends alike. No names or words with more than six syllables are found in the Bible. The xxxviith chapter of Isaiah and xixth chapter of 2nd Kings are alike. The word Girl occurs but once in the Bible, and that in the 3rd verse and iiird chapter of Joel. There are found in both books of the Bible, 3,586,483 letters, 773,693 words, 31,373 verses, 1,189 chapters and 66 books. The xxvith chapter of the Acts of the Apostles is the finest chapter to read. The most beautiful chapter in the Bible is the xxiind Psalm. The four most inspiring promises are John xivth chapter and 2nd verse, John vith chapter and 37th verse, St. Matthew xith chapter and 28th verse, and xxxviith Psalm, 4th verse. The 1st verse of the

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Harriet Beecher Stowe does not pay much attention to fashion in her toilette, but she is always dressed like a lady, and, far from being plain, her face is fair, refined, and pleasing, if not positively handsome.

At the small Mount Auburn Cemetry, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, lie buried all that was mortal of Longfellow, Charles Sumner, Rufus Choate, Edward Everett, Prof. Agassiz, Charlotte Cushman, and Margaret Fuller.

The friends of Gen. Grant, and Robert Lincoln, son of the martyred Abraham, are working to get them nominated as candidates for President and Vice-President, respectively. It is thought the names will "draw."

The Emperor of China eats with gold-tipped ivory chopsticks, and sleeps on a Ningpo bedstead, curved and decorated with ivory and gold, the same which the Emperors Khang Hsi and Chien Ling used in the last two centuries.

The Duchess of Edinburgh is said to be the best talker in the English royal family; she is very strong-willed, is the only person who dares to oppose Victoria, or who ever said "I won't" to her; cares nothing for popularity, is a superb linguist, is very plain, is at the root of her husband's quarrel with the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, whose heir he is, and does herself, and makes her husband do, pretty much as she pleases.

The will of the Rev. Robert Moffatt, D.D., for 50 years the well-known missionary in South Africa, has been proved, the value of the personal estate exceeding £3,700. The testator leaves £2,000 upon trust for his daughter Ann Fredoux for life, and his son, Robert Moffatt; and the residue of his property to his daughter Jane Gardner Moffatt.

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A pair of gloves once worn by Queen Elizabeth have been preserved in a British museum. They are of very fine leather worked with gold thread, but of a size at which our fashionable beauties would stand aghast. Good Queen Bess, however, had a hand that was fit to wield a sceptre. The thumb of her glove was

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is the longest ion of the three , who reigned y; and George h these Thirds be called short ings of France. enty-two years ears, from 1643 131 years.

of the Crown, for fear he should aspire to the throne, was kept in solitary confinement in the old prison at the Place of Skulls, Madrid. After thirty-three years in this living tomb, death came to his release, and the following remarkable researches taken from the Bible, and marked with an old nail on the rough walls of his cell, told how the brain sought employment through the weary years.

In the Bible the word Lord is found 1,853 times; the word Jehovah 6,855 times, and the word Reverend but once, and that in the 9th verse of the cxith Pslam. The 8th verse of the cxviith Psalm is the middle verse of the Bible. The 9th verse of the viiith chapter of Esther is the longest verse; 35th verse, xith chapter of St. John is the shortest. In the cviith Psalm four verses are alike, the 8th, 15th, 21st and 31st. Each verse of the cxxxvith Psalm ends alike. No names or words with more than six syllables are found in the Bible. The xxxviith chapter of Isaiah and xixth chapter of 2nd Kings are alike. The word Girl occurs but once in the Bible, and that in the 3rd verse and iiird chapter of Joel. There are found in both books of the Bible, 3,586,483 letters, 773,693 words, 31,373 verses, 1,189 chapters and 66 books. The xxvith chapter of the Acts of the Apostles is the finest chapter to read. The most beautiful chapter in the Bible is the xxiind Psalm. The four most inspiring promises are John xivth chapter and 2nd verse, John vith chapter and 37th verse, St. Matthew xith chapter and 28th verse, and xxxviith Psalm, 4th verse. The 1st verse of the lxth chapter of Isaiah is the one for the new convert. All who flatter themselves with vain boastings of their perfectness should learn the vith chapter of Matthew. All humanity should learn the vith chapter of St. Luke, from the 20th verse to its ending.

One of the new improvements of science is begining to be introduced to good practical advantage every where. In Switzerland some of the railway companies now cover a portion of their carriages with a phosphorescent preparation which makes them luminous and visible at night. If the plan is not too expensive it ought to be tried in connection with our railways in Canada. Here is a good opening for scientific men with an inventive turn of the mind. The man who will supply a cheap and effective luminous paint may make great wealth for himself and save many accidents among the people.

The schooner Mary Ann Hulbert recently went down in a gale near St. Ignace Island, Lake Superior. There were twenty persons on board at the time, all of whom were drowned. She was in tow of the Kincardine, but no help could be given.

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Lord Coleridge is evidently a wiser man than a good many of his American admirers took him to be. He spent a few weeks in the United States and the general expectation seemed to be that as soon as he reached home he would set himself to writing a book all about the country. A good many distinguished Englishman have done so, with just about as limited means of information. The learned Chief Justice, however, states that he does not intend to do any thing of the kind, simply because he did not learn enough about the fifty millions of sovereign people to form an intelligible opinion. He has had enough judicial experience about forming opinions to be aware that some considerable knowledge of the subject is a prime necessity. What Lord Coleridge did not find out about the people of United States would fill a very large book. He does not even intend to lecture about the country. No wonder such a man is honored, at home and abroad.

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This was the assault on the ma of desperadoes. run their prey ir all that, the cha game was not a h Circumstances w and steel, and he was narrow, and wlth a minority time. When I la ting like a semi-g "Kick 'is brai ye," said an pigeons."

But here the p The police, who other brush, for little leisure, wer tention to the were not many stout and willing first ranks of

PERSONAL.

Thumb's weekly salary is five fifty dollars.

illips was seventy-two years ving day. He shows but ts of his age as yet.

Fairbanks, who command- eamboat that ever navigated aters, died recently at the s.

il C. Pond, a sister of the n Patch," died in Peters- recently, in the ninety- er age.

ed that the Prince of Wales year, to follow the example n Prince of Germany, by to Spain.

en H. Cudworth, Unitarian, n, dropped dead while offer- t a union service on Thanks- Heart disease.

Prince of Portugal, although ears old, is able to converse nguages, and already has a y of 40,000 volumes.

e Bancroft, the wife of the nough eighty years old, still ch of her beauty and all of and has manners of patrician

ton has become one of the and successful of the Ameri- He is reported to have earned 50,000 with his pen during years.

of the Vanderbilt family is illiam H. owns $47,000,000 tes 4 per cent bonds alone. ie interest is mailed to him n the Treasury.

ncoln homestead of Spring- has been leased by H. Old- ends to preserve it as nearly ust as Mr. Lincoln left it t to Washington.

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LIFE IN LONDON.

Scenes In the Seven Dials—Roughs on the Rampage—A Fight with the Police.

She was tall, slender and pretty. She gazed at a kind-looking young man with indescribable love. His left arm supported her. "Ain't she a brazen-faced lass?" said a woman in the crowd, "to turn her lover upside down in company with those 'ere 'amorous eyes?"

This remark was lost on the lass, who still continued to stare at her companion with a gaze of admiration, scrutiny, and anguish. He was speaking to her.

"I'll blow your brains out!" exclaimed an invisible squeaky voice. Tzing—boom then a bark. The crowd laughed. The squeaking voice, the unmusical strains and the bark were issuing from an itinerant "Punch and Judy" which had anchored between The Grapes and The Crown, two large and popular saloons occupying two of the seven sides of the well-known Seven Dials.

It was on Saturday evening. The place swarmed with people. Respectable workmen and forbidding-looking ruffians, steady women, ribald hussies, inebriated guardsmen and blue-ribboned regulars, elbowed each other. It was a startling carnival, a show of the most melancholy aspects of the lowest orders, of their good qualities, and of their unbounded depravities. Suddenly there was a rush. Down came the little theatre, Toby, and all the poor paraphernalia of the play. To crown all, the gas set fire to the curtains. There was a cry of terror echoed by the desperate yell of the stage manager crushed under his burning house. The roughs, however, pursued their advantage. They placed themselves behind each other and made a telling charge. The pavements and gutters were strewn with bonnets, hats, broken jars, and damaged baskets. The tenderest couples were forcibly severed. A few innocents called for the police. This satisfied the miscreants that the road was clear and that they could follow up their operations. A piercing scream was heard. The companion of the strange lass was floored, and was being kicked like a dead cur. The poor girl stood unprotected among the wildest villains in the world—a crowd of thieves, ticket-of-leave men, and impenitents of all sorts, such as can only be encountered in those latitudes. Then something strange occurred. She could have tried to run away, or come to the rescue of her friend, but, after her agonizing cry of despair on being torn from him, she had remained nailed to the spot. An unhealthy, rickety villain seized her from behind, but went no further. "Ye drain creaper," said an unassuming citizen in artisan's clothes. "Ye let go, or by 'eavens——"

The mediator did not look much of a bruiser. His challenge was accepted by pumped out by the effort, they were surrounded by the miscreants who were not slow at realizing the superiority of their position. Like one man they fell on the blue coats. A more desperate encounter could not have been witnessed. The officials drew their truncheons, but the ruffians picked up stones. Both parties let out with merciless impulse. There were only four policemen. They would eventually have been cut to pieces by the natives if more men had not come to their rescue. As it was, two of them were taken to the hospital, and will probably be disabled for life.

The arrival of the reserve of constables gave the victory to the peelers, but they came too late to be of much service to the valiant champion of the blind girl, for when the constables reached Moulmouth court he was found half murdered on the ground.

This is a picture from life drawn from Seven Dials, planned and built for the wealthiest families of the city under Charles II.—*London Correspondent New York Sun.*

Notes About Animals.

We propose here to consider some cases in which animals have seemed to reason. The importance of the subject will be recognized if we remember Darwin's admission that, had no organic being except man possessed any mental power, or if man's power had been of a wholly different nature from those of the lower animals, we should never have been able to convince ourselves that our high faculties had been gradually developed. "In Central Park, one very hot day, my attention," writes Mr. James J. Furniss, of New York, "was drawn to the conduct of an elephant which had been placed in an inclosure in the open air. On the ground was a large heap of newly-mown grass, which the sagacious animal was taking up by the trunkful and laying carefully upon his sun-heated back. He continued the operation until his back was completely thatched, when he remained quiet, apparently enjoying the result of his ingenuity. It seems to me that instinct should have prompted the elephant to eat the grass and that it was reason which caused him to use it for the purpose of diminishing the effect of the sun's rays."

"I may mention a case," says the writer, "of a kitten about half grown having mental reflection of some sort. I was sitting in one of the rooms at a house where I was stopping in Somersetshire, and hearing a knock at the front door was told not to heed it, as it was only this kitten asking admittance. Not believing it, I watched for myself, and very soon saw this kitten jump on to the door, hang by one leg, and put the other fore paw right through the knocker and rap

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The mediator did not look much of a bruiser. His challenge was accepted by the scrofulous villian. He was going to kiss his unfortunate victim, who was defending herself as awkwardly as possible, when there was are iron grip on his hand. There was hardly any scuffle. The bully tried to free his hand. He might as well have tried to pull it from the grip of a vise.

There was the ground, and the brawler fell to the pavement. His hand had been crushed as effectually as though a wagon-load of stones had passed over it. "Next time," said Goliath, "ye are stretched [sent to penal servitude], my lad, maybe ye will kerse me, for I doubt whether ye will be 'hable by 'ard labor to display yer hackknowledgment of the guvner's 'ospitality, but in future ye will perhaps respect a poor blind girl."

Alas, it was true! The pretty innocent lass, with curious looks, sparkling with poignant longing, was totally blind. She could not see whether she was loved, and she thought nobody could see how much she loved. Hence her perplexing stare when on the arm of her friend. Her gallant protector had discovered her misfortune. He was not, however, to be left in quiet possession of his triumph. Indeed, Seven Dials would soon lose its right to fame if such small skirmishes could settle its spirited community.

The affray had drawn us from the Grapes and the Crown to Little Earl street, which nearly fronts Leonard coffee-bar, another face of the dial, where teetotalism united to speculation pursues a bold campaign against the liquor trade by means of tea, cocoa, and coffee, at 1 penny per mug, and of steak and kidney pudding at 4 pence. Little Earl street on a Saturday night is one of the most bustling lanes that imagination can conceive. The sides of the thoroughfare are occupied by an unbroken line of trucks loaded with cheap wares. The footpath is an interminable row of small shops, carrying on commerce at equally low figures. The screams of the coster-

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"Many years ago," says the lady who narrated the tale, "my husband had his portrait taken by T. Philips, Sen., R. A., and subsequently went to India, leaving the portrait to be finished and framed. When it was sent home, about two years after it was taken, it was placed on the floor against the sofa, preparatory to being hung on the wall. We had then a very handsome large black-and-tan setter, which was a great pet in the house. As soon as the dog came into the room he recognized his master, though he had not seen him for two years, and went up to the picture and licked his face. When this anecdote was told to Philips he said it was the highest compliment that had ever been paid to him."—*Nature Studies.*.

The Church and the Army.

Word comes from Kingston that Dr. Wilson has been dismissed from his responsible position in the Church of England there, because of his active sympathy and participation in the work of the Salvation Army. The Bishop who approves of the dismissal, gives cheerful testimony to the Christian zeal and moral worth of the dismissed clergyman. That he is an earnest Christian worker no one seems to doubt, but his zeal for the good of others caused him to go beyond the

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At the top of the street, on the left-hand side going toward the Grapes, there is a sinister site named Moulmouth court. It has a narrow, low, and dark egress on Little Earl street. "Ye bloody mutilator," said an ugly man to the artisan. "I tell ye this: Ye won't disfigure hanother gentleman in yer days."

This was the signal for a murderous assault on the man by two or three score of desperadoes. In a minute they had run their prey into the dark ally. For all that, the chase was not over. The game was not a hare, but a turkey cock. Circumstances were favorable to pluck and steel, and he had both. The place was narrow, and thus he had only to deal with a minority of his assailants at a time. When I last saw him he was hitting like a semi-god.

"Kick 'is brains out or drain 'im, can't ye," said an adviser. "Go it, my pigeons."

But here the pigeons were interrupted. The police, who had been quelling another brush, for Seven Dials gives them little leisure, were now turning their attention to the new battle-field. There were not many of them, but they were stout and willing. They ran through the first ranks of the rioters, but being

portrait taken by T. Philips, Sen., R. A., and subsequently went to India, leaving the portrait to be finished and framed. When it was sent home, about two years after it was taken, it was placed on the floor against the sofa, preparatory to being hung on the wall. We had then a very handsome large black-and-tan setter, which was a great pet in the house. As soon as the dog came into the room he recognized his master, though he had not seen him for two years, and went up to the picture and licked his face. When this anecdote was told to Philips he said it was the highest compliment that had ever been paid to him."—*Nature Studies.*.

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Word comes that another honored Minister of the same church in the same city, has just had an active hand in a veritable "tea fight" in aid of the church funds, where the "physical demonstrations" were such as to leave even the Salvation Army demonstrations a long way behind. The two matters, probably, are occupying the attention of Bishop Lewis about the same time. What the outside world will be most curious to know is whether the conduct of Rev. Dr. Wilson or Rev. W. Carey, commends itself most to the approval of the Bishop. The Worldings may come to one conclusion and the Churchmen to another. However the Bishop ought to be the best judge in regard to the important matter of orthodoxy.

A Strange Drink.

There is a story of how a man lost a wager in Pueblo, Colorado. Stepping into a large liquor shop he offered to bet ten to one that he could be blindfolded, tell the name of any liquor or wine in the house, or any mixture of liquors by the taste and smell. All went well with him at first. He named all the celebrated brands correctly. Then they handed him a glass of water. He tasted, he smelt, he tasted and smelt again, and at last, completely nonplussed, he gave it up. "Well, boys, he said, "you have got me. It seems to me as if, years ago, I struck something of the kind in the States, but it was so long ago that I have entirely forgotten it."

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware. Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Stoves, Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R. G. WRIGHT'S,

126 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JAN. 4, 1884

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT ELECTED.

On Thursday of last week Sir R. J. Cartwright was elected for South Huron by acclamation, no candidate being found who would venture to oppose him. By this act the people of South Huron have paid a well merited tribute of respect to one of the most self-sacrificing, high minded independent statesmen in Canada, and have restored to the House of Commons one of its most brilliant debaters, especially on financial matters, which it lost through the infamous Gerrymander. The better thinking men of all parties are, we believe, glad that Sir Richard is once more to take part in the counsels of the nation. His commanding abilities and large fund of information qualify him for the highest positions, while his sterling honesty makes his services still more desirable. Sir Richard's name has never, during his whole career, been associated with jobbery. He is a man to be trusted, no matter in what position he is placed.

In these days of enterprising journalism the lives of politicians are very closely scanned. The skeleton in the cupboard of Sir John Macdonald has frequently

—The official returns for Algoma show a majority of 114 for Mr. Lyon, the Reform candidate.

—The Standard devoted a column last week to tell its readers that "David Wright Allison must go"—and that even before the House meets. The Tory editor has no doubt be this time learned that he was a little too previous in making the announcement. An application was made last Saturday in Toronto by the petitioner's counsel to have a day fixed for trial without giving the respondent time to enter preliminary objections, but it was overruled, and the trial cannot now take place till after the session. The object of these proceedings is quite plain. The desire of the men who are acting for Mr. Pruyn was to force on the trial and take Mr. Allison by surprise. In this they have been thwarted, and it is highly probable that when the case does come to trial they will again find they have counted without their hosts. David Wright Allison is going—to stay member for Lennox. In a few days he will go—to Ottawa. That's the way he is go—ing.

—Interest in the municipal elections in town has largely centred in the Reeveship. If any one thing more than another was calculated to convince people that it was time to draw the the rein on the ex-Warden it was his egotistical speech nomination day. Every word he uttered fairly bristled with the man's self conceit. Why he as much as told the ratepayers he was the only man in the town fit to represent their interests! Mr. Aylsworth's modest remarks afforded a striking contrast to his opponent's bluster, which had its effection the audience. Anybody who knows the two men must admit that as a practical every day business man and municipal representative, Mr. Aylsworth is, if anything, Mr. Wilson's superior, and the more Mr. Wilson talks about Mr. Aylsworth's learning to creep before trying to walk, he will only keep adding to his opponent's majority. The difference between the two men is that Mr Aylsworth in the council and out of it acts upon his own judgment, while Mr. Wilson draws his inspiration in municipal matters largely from A. H. Roe. Our belief is that the ratepayers will take the view that Mr. Wilson's services, at the estimate he places upon them, are much too valuable to accept gratuitously and will leave him at home. The town is already under a far much larger debt of gratitude to him than it can ever hope to wipe off.

THE U. E. LOYALISTS' CENTENNIAL.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—I have just finished the reading of two letters in the Toronto Mail on the above subject. The writer, Rev. R. S. Forneri, B. D., announces himself as the rector of Adolphustown; by which I presume he means that he sustains that relation to the Episcopalian Church of that township. I wonder if Mr. F. has not learned by this time that there is no ecclesiastical establish-

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In these days of enterprising journalism the lives of politicians are very closely scanned. The skeleton in the cupboard of Sir John Macdonald has frequently been brought to public view, and only a few weeks ago Sir Charles Tupper was brought face to face with a page of his private history which he no doubt wished was entirely obliterated. But Sir Richard Cartwright's worst enemy can find nothing in his public or private life discreditable to the slightest degree. The worst his opponents can say of him is that he is a "renegade Tory," and they make a great deal of this. According to their idea it is a great crime to desert the Tory ship, even if every plank in it is rotten to the core. But an impartial critic, in writing of Sir Richard, a few days ago, says that he was never a servile follower of the Conservative party. In other than strictly party votes the government did not know where to place him—he maintained an independent course. But even if he was in his youth the high Tory his opponents say he was, it was merely the result of tuition, and it is to his credit that in more mature years, after witnessing the political iniquity of the Conservatives, that he became disgusted and transferred his support to men of strict integrity and to a party of progressive principles. Since his alliance with the Liberal party he has been the subject of abuse of every Tory print and stump speaker, but he has weathered the storm bravely and in a few weeks he will occupy his old position in the House, where his presence will be felt and by none more keenly than by Sir

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SIR,—I have just finished the reading of two letters in the Toronto Mail on the above subject. The writer, Rev. R. S. Forneri, B. D., announces himself as the rector of Adolphustown; by which I presume he means that he sustains that relation to the Episcopalian Church of that township. I wonder if Mr. F. has not learned by this time that there is no ecclesiastical establishment in Canada. He demands special consideration for the proposal he makes, because he is the son of an Italian refugee. While congratulating him upon the heritage into which he has entered, I will venture to suggest, that, having been delivered from beneath the iron heel of an ecclesiastical despotism, and enjoying the protection of a country which will tolerate no state church, and recognizes no religious monopoly, and especially having come to reside in a county, the vast majority of the inhabitants of which are not of his communion, he above all others should hesitate before he assumes such extensive jurisdiction as his signature indicates. Writing to the papers of this county, he claims the honor of having originated the idea of a celebration; but in his letters to the Mail he thinks it best to make no such claim. Certain it is, however, that before he was appointed to his present parish, a celebration was determined upon, and only the best method of making it successful was under discussion. Of much in Mr. F's. letter there will be hearty approval. His words are none too flattering, when he speaks of those brave men and the patriotism and self-sacrifice that make their memory so fragrant.

To permit 1884 to pass without a celebration, would, he argues, prove us unmindful of one of the brightest and most important events in our country's history. An appropriate monument should be erected and no place has stronger claims to be the scene of what should be one of the grandest celebrations ever held in Canada than Adolphustown. So say we all.

There will also be great unanimity with much that he has written upon the character of the proposed monument. With him we deplore that the place of their sepulchre lieth waste and that the wall is broken down. This reproach must be wiped away.

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The Reformers of Lennox unite with those of Huron in their rejoicings and look forward to many years of usefulness for the member elect.

—The London Advertiser, in commenting on a paragraph from THE EXPRESS on politics in municipal matters, says:—"It was the Mail itself that advised the carrying on of municipal contests on party grounds, and after the elections it analyzed the results to show Tory gains. Among others it claimed that Mr. Ed. Meredith being elected as mayor was a proof of the Tory proclivities in London. This year both candidates for mayor of this city are Reformers, and if we were as silly as the Mail we would claim that this is because the Tories dare not run a man. But we feel a good deal of satisfaction in reflecting that we are not so silly."

—We have no hesitation in advocating the cause of ex-Coun. Cliff for the Deputy Reeveship, and in doing so we cannot be accused of introducing politics into the contest. Mr. Cliff is a dyed-in-the-wool Tory, but we believe him to be a straightforward honest man. He has not at the dictation of party condoned robbery of the municipal treasury, nor has he approved the vilest of blasphemy. These reasons alone would influence us in Mr. Cliff's favour, but added to them the knowledge that he is a much more practical and useful man in the council than Mr. Carscallen, convince us he is the right man for the position, and we trust he will be elected.

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There will also be great unanimity with much that he has written upon the character of the proposed monument. With him we deplore that the place of their sepulchre lieth waste and that the wall is broken down. This reproach must be wiped away. Very properly are we reminded, however, that to expend our veneration for the illustrious dead upon such a work would be unworthy their successors. "No towering monument of stone or marble upon a pedestal of corresponding magnitude with appropriate inscription." (These are the rev. gentleman's words and they are true and beautiful) can fittingly express our estimate of their noble deeds.

Now had Mr. Forneri concluded his letters when he had written so enthusiastically upon the general question he would doubtless have been hailed by the originators of the movement as a sincere and disinterested helper. But when in the closing sentences to which all previously written is but a mere preface, he comes to furnish us with his opinion as to what said monument should be, he must not wonder if some will suspect that his chief design is to take advantage of the coming celebration in order to carry out a sectarian enterprise.

The writer cannot imagine (although it is evident that he has a very widespread imagination) any motive that would present every church helping to carry out his scheme. I regret that he gives us credit for so little regard for the memory of the men who fought for and won the liberties we enjoy in Canada. Were all the U. E. Loyalists Episcopalians? Were the ministers of that church their only religious teachers? Are their successors, their children and grandchildren in connection with it now? Mr. Forneri has records which are as old as 1820. I have records that reach further back than that. They tell of the preaching of the gospel in Adolphustown by the pioneer Methodist preachers as early as 1791. In that year the Rev. Wm. Losee organized the Bay of Quinte Circuit, and in 1818 Mr. Geo. H. Detlor, who is still living, was the Recording Steward. We have heard, our forefathers have told us, of the persecution so which they were subjected by those who ought to establish in Canada a system of religious tyranny. But the old U. E. Loyalists would have none of such. Does Mr. Forneri help his plan by the extensive quotation of names from his parish register, which he sends to the Toronto Mail? He does not. And he knew that while the long array might possibly lead those at a distance to suppose that all these families were Episcopalians, that to insert them in his letters they are left out. Ruttan, Boge Ferguson, Canniff, Vanalstine, C Sills, Peterson; I think I recogni the names of some of the most Methodist families in Lennox. rector, when he compared his pari of a few years ago with those of to found that these families are nea fellowship with another church, the erection of a memorial church nomination to which these familie belong, it would have been more able. But just at this point is app "jealousy" which Mr. Forneri existence somewhere else.

I am a Methodist and there are in these parts. Presbyterianism done much for the moral and religi tion of the people, and so ha churches. We claim no rights accord to others, but we do most protest against the constant assu which the proposal of Mr. Forneri ple. We are not jealous most no but nevertheless respectfully decli ing your proposition.

Transferred as Mr. Forneri has been from Belleville to Adolphu one will blame him when looking deck of a steamer on the Bay of Q the high ridge on which the rect he should purpose the erection of cent Episcopalian Church. In in he informs us he "beheld by its sid in the early English style, built from the Kingston quarries with tower on the south-west surmo battlements", etc., etc. The visio doubtedly a most enchanting one, is not, I am satisfied, a Christi Canada that would not rejoice in tion of just as beautiful a church ergy and liberality of himself and tion can secure. But when the re man so indulges his fancy that he imagines he sees all the ministers bers of other churches who seldo from himself and associates in the aught but the most disrespectful t aiding in carrying out his most p ous proposal, it will be kind of s startle him out of his dream. On evening at an entertainment held Adolphustown Church, which is b out of the material of the first Church ever erected in Canada, n 000 were subscribed to erect a Church next year. This is, howeve ly denominational memorial and prevent our people from entering into the arrangements for a pro county celebration and the erec monument which will bear no name. Let Mr. Forneri's congre and do likewise. The men whom their successors, the event to be c demand that the celebration and t ment be such as all good and loya irrespective of religious distinct heartily approve and endeavour to Perhaps the committee to be appo the general meeting called for th January, may decide that no n would so worthily perpetuate the m the U. E. Loyalists as a church. determined the committee may the co-operation of the people in thi But the committee will, I am confi

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SACRIFICE

AT CHEAPS

OUR GREAT SEMI-ANNU

——WILL COMMENCE ON——

Saturday Morning,

AND WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE FIRST

Everything in our store from cellar to garret will be sold at cost, until the expiration of the of February and are determined to have no Winter Goods at that date, if selling cheap will do it. sales in the past and have found the statements and promises made in our advertisements with re than the date will be necessary. To others we only say

COME AND SE

We will clear out our Furs at cost.

We will clear out our Mantle Cloths at

We will clear out our Cloths and Tweed and Overcoats to order at cost.

We will clear out our Dress Goods at co one half the cost.

We will clear out all our Flannels at cos

We will give bargains in Table Linens, C

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We will clear out all our Millinery at cost

We will clear out our Clothing and Overc

OUR TERMS are as usual during these sal for large purchases notes bearing inte

to the local press would defeat his effort, so they are left out. Ruttan, Bogert, Allen, Ferguson, Canniff, Vanalstine, Carscallen, Sills, Peterson ; I think I recognize these as the names of some of the most prominent Methodist families in Lennox. Had the rector, when he compared his parish records of a few years ago with those of to-day, and found that these families are nearly all in fellowship with another church, proposed the erection of a memorial church of the denomination to which these families actually belong, it would have been more commendable. But just at this point is apparent the "jealousy" which Mr. Forneri fears is in existence somewhere else.

I am a Methodist and there are many such in these parts. Presbyterianism too has done much for the moral and religious elevation of the people, and so have other churches. We claim no rights we do not accord to others, but we do most certainly protest against the constant assumption of which the proposal of Mr. Forneri is a sample. We are not jealous most noble rector, but nevertheless respectfully decline adopting your proposition.

Transferred as Mr. Forneri has recently been from Belleville to Adolphustown, no one will blame him when looking from the deck of a steamer on the Bay of Quinte upon the high ridge on which the rectory stood, he should purpose the erection of a magnificent Episcopalian Church. In imagination he informs us he "beheld by its side a church in the early English style, built of stone from the Kingston quarries with a massive tower on the south-west surmounted by battlements", etc., etc. The vision was unenact that such a national memorial church must be the property of no denomination, and certainly not of a denomination which refuses to acknowledge the rights of other churches, and would not permit any—save two or three—of the many ministers in this county to preach the Gospel of Jesus Christ from its pulpit.

M. L. PEARSON.

Napanee, Dec. 27th, 1883.

W. A. ROS

In Rennie's Old Cor

prepared to give great bargai

Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.

out by 1st of January. Grea

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New Hats & Caps

S. B. BLOOM

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Napanee, Dec. 27th, 1883.

W. A. ROS

In Rennie's Old Cor

prepared to give great bargains
Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.
out by 1st of January. Great
Clothing Made

S. B. BLOOM

Montreal Branch Store

HAS CONCLUDED TO

Give up Business

IN NAPANEE,

BY THE FIRST OF APRIL NEXT

Therefore, he will sell his stock during this fall and winter

AT COST.

The remainder of the goods will be sold at people's own prices.

My stock is now complete in every line of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
—AND—
Gent's Furnishings.

CALL AND GET BARGAINS.

S. B. BLOOM,

Next door to S. McLaughlin.

R. P. LA

Men's and
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New Hats & Caps
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Men's and Boy's Underclot
Silk and Linen Han

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The People's Boo

DETLOR'S OLD STAND.

IFICE SALE

CHEAPSIDE.

SEMI-ANNUAL COST SALE

——WILL COMMENCE ON——

Morning, January 5th

.L CONTINUE UNTIL THE FIRST OF FEBRUARY

ll be sold at cost, until the expiration of the time mentioned. We commence to take stock on the first ›ods at that date, if selling cheap will do it. To our multitude of customers, who have patronized these romises made in our advertisements with respect to them carried out honorably, no further intimation ıy

COME AND SEE.

.r Furs at cost.

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)ur Millinery at cost.

Clothing and Overcoats at cost.

al during these sales STRICTLY CASH or large purchases notes bearing interest.

HINCH BROS.

W. A. ROSE & CO.,

In Rennie's Old Corner Store is now prepared to give great bargains in Boots, Clothing, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c. This stock must be closed out by 1st of January. GreatBargains may be expected.

Clothing Made to Order.

W. A. ROSE.

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R. P. LAHEY'S NEW STORE

—FOR—

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R. P. LAHEY'S NEW STORE

—FOR—

Men's and Boy's Overcoats and Suits.

☞ Lots of Tweed Pants Specially Cheap.

New Hats & Caps in all the Latest English & American Styles

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Men's and Boy's Underclothing, White and Colored Shirts, Gloves and Mitts, Socks, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Ties, Collars and Cuffs, Braces, Umbrellas, Rubber Coats &c., &c.

☞ **HORSE BLANKETS VERY CHEAP.** ☜

GIVE THE NEW STORE A TRIAL FOR NEW GOODS AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Rennie Block, F. Chinneck's Old Stand.

R. P. LAHEY.

WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY !

Jottings from Conversations with our Customers.

MISS M.—What a splendid store you have now. The alterations are a great improvement.

MR. D.—Well! You certainly can claim now to have the finest Shoe Store in the town. It looks exceedingly well when lighted up.

MISS MAC.—You must do an unusually large trade. I have repeatedly noticed that you are busy when others are doing nothing.

W. H., A COUNTRY MERCHANT.—Tell me how it is that you can retail these goods lower than I pay for them in Montreal.

FARMER.—I was attracted first to your store by your One Price System. I found when buying at otherplaces that my neighbour had purchased the same goods at the same place for fifty cents a pair less than I did, because he beat down the price and I didn't.

C. C.—We have bought from you ever since you opened and have been well satisfied. You get all of our trade now and it amounts to considerable in a year, besides others that we have recommended to you.

C. FROM B.—We have come 20 miles to buy our boots from you and have saved enough on these few pairs to pay our fare several times over.

If you want any further evidence as to the right place to buy Boots and Shoes call at

The People's Boot and Shoe Store, Campbell House Block,

DETLOR'S OLD STAND.

GEO. E. MAYBEE.

TERRIBLE RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Twenty-Three Workmen Killed and Ten Wounded.

A painful accident occurred near the Humber, west of Toronto, Wednesday morning on the Great Western division of the Grand Trunk. Full of life, and health and hope forty-three men left the city on the suburban train for their work at the Bolt Works, between High Park and the Humber. Half an hour afterwards many of them lay dead in the ditch, bruised and broken, and terrible to look upon. Nearly all of them were frightfully mangled, some with both legs crushed to a jelly, others with their legs burnt to a cinder, while others had their skulls crushed in, arms off and bodies mangled out of shape. It appears that the suburban train, of which Mr. Carter is the conductor, left the station about nine minutes late, and was going at the usual rate of speed. Just after it had passed the toll-gate Kennedy, the engineer, gave a whistle, and thinking that the line was quite clear, steamed ahead. On the south side of the track there is a heavy growth of trees, which prevented the engineer from seeing very far ahead, and at the terminus of these trees there is a sharp curve and a heavy grade. The sound of the whistle had hardly died away before an engine, attached to which were two cabooses, appeared around the corner, coming towards the dummy at a high rate of speed. Kennedy reversed the engine, but seeing that nothing could avert a collision, he shrieked out a warning and he and the fireman jumped, rolling down the slight embankment. Mr. Carter, who was passing from the first to the second car—there were only two attached to the dummy—heard the cry, and looking out, saw the train within forty yards of him. He yelled out "jump boys," and threw himself forward, and as he did so the trains met. The engine struck the dummy and knocked the boiler clean through the car, crushing the unfortunate passengers in every direction, and pinning many of them to the floor. The impetus was so great that the engine actually mounted the truck of the dummy, which, strange to say, kept the rails, and remained there on a balance. The engineer of the train that ran into the dummy, when he saw that a collision was inevitable, sprang from the engine and escaped with a few slight wounds, but Thomas, the fireman, was not so fortunate. When he saw his companion jump, he leaned over the side of the engine, and as he did so the collision occurred, and he was buried in the ruins, his death being instantaneous. Nearly all of the passengers were employed at the Humber Bolt Works, and they were on their way to work when the collision occurred. With the exception of five or six the whole thirty-seven occupied seats in the front car, and so far as can be at present learned, only one man—his name is supposed to be O'Donohue—escaped from being killed or wounded.

The conductor of the freight train, George Barber, it is said, is to blame for running in without orders. He was promptly put under arrest, awaiting the result of the inquest. The affair has cast a gloom over Toronto as many of the men resided in the city with their families.

THE KILLED

OBITUARY.

The Late Col. Geo. H. Detlor, Ex-M.P.

Monday morning about 11 o'clock Col. Geo. H. Detlor breathed his last at the residence of his son-in-law, James Perry, Esq. The old gentleman for the past few years has been very infirm, but up to a few months ago he had full possession of his faculties. He was a prominent figure in the Bay District in his time, being a man of ability and of strict integrity. The following sketch of his life written by himself some twenty years ago, which by the kind permission of his relatives we print, affords a much more accurate account of his life's work than any we could write :—

"The following passage by St. John I wish may be taken as the foundation of a funeral sermon in my case. Selected by me in Nov., 1863,—2nd Timothy, 4th Chapter, 7th and 8th verses. G. H. D."

'I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course. I have kept the faith. Hence forth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness which the Lord, the righteous Judge will give me that day, and not to me only but unto all them also that love his appearing.'

"And the following sketch of my life may be read on the occasion of the funeral services at any time which may suit the minister officiating:—

"The subject of this notice was born at the residence of his Grandfather Detlor, in the township of Fredericksburgh on the 24th day of July, 1794.

"In the year 1802 his father and family removed to the town of York (now city of Toronto) where he was employed as clerk in the Inspector General's office and as bookkeeper for a merchant from 1804 until the time of his death which, he met in the defense of his country at the time of the invasion of the Americans in April, 1813.

"His grandfather and mother were members of the first Methodist society which was formed by Philip Embury in the city of New York. In consequence of their loyalty to the British Crown they were compelled to leave the United States. After taking up their residence in Fredericksburgh their house was a constant home for the Methodist preachers, as was likewise the house of his father while living in the town of York. After the close of the war he removed his mother and family to Fredericksburgh, where she owned a farm—himself entering into the mercantile business with the late Hugh C. Thomson, of the town of Kingston. In 1818 he married the second daughter of the late John Roblin, of Adolphustown.

"The partnership with Mr. Thomson was dissolved—both retiring from the mercantile business—Mr. Thomson engaging in printeng and publishing and he in farming and milling. In 1829 he re-commenced trading near the present town of Napanee and eventually removed to the (then) village of Napanee.

"In 1836 he was elected to the Provincial Parliament to represent, with the late John S. Cartwright, Esq., the united counties of Lennox and Addington. During the rebellion of 1837-38 his business became deranged to that extent that he again retired therefrom. In the year 1845 he received employment by the District Council in regulating the back assessment of lands; in October, 1847, was appointed to the office of District

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THE KILLED.

James Kowett, James White, Joseph Keefer, Charles Spohn, John McDonald, Charles Thomas, of Stratford, fireman of the east bound train, John Kernighan, place of residence unknown, Joseph Macdonald, John Lynch, H. D. Kerman, Fred Boothroyd, Hugh Cunningham, William Terriff, Geo. Prescott, Alex. Crothers, Eddy Robbinson, T. Payne, place of residence unknown, Geo. Aggett, Thomas Burns, Richard Mulligan, Samuel Bailey, J. Abbey, James Kelly, Alexander Munro.

THE WOUNDED.

W. Fitzgerald, Richard Carruthers, M. Kelly, W. Rogers, Chas. McDonald, James Kelly, Alex. Banks, John Aggett, P. Naughton, John Corrigan, Frank Moncrief, Patrick Careney, and Matthew Walker are the names of the wounded. The injuaies sustained by Michael Kelly, W. Rogers and Alex. Banks are but slight and their recovery certain. The attending physicians could not give a positive opinion of the rest of the patients as their injuries are chiefly the result of inhaling steam. They may or may not recover.

Enterprise.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

PERSONAL.—Mr. John M. Lyman was home a week during the holidays.... Miss Tina Wellington also was home to spend her vacation. She has been re-engaged to conduct the Mill Haven school for '84.... Miss Libbie Collins of Bath spent the vacation here as the guest of Miss Wellington.... Miss Kate Edgar of Croydon has been engaged to teach in Enterprise school.

TEA-MEETING.—The tea-meeting in the C. M. Church Christmas evening was a grand success. Music was furnished by Miss Lyman, Miss Walker, Miss Wagar, and our Tamworth friends. Recitations were given by Miss Ella Walker, Miss Black and Mr. J. M. Lyman. Speeches by Messrs. Jackson and Pyke of Enterprise and Revs. Faull and Bates of Tamworth. The chair was ably filled by Mr. Caleb Raymond. The proceeds amounted to $100.

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"In 1836 he was elected to the Provincial Parliament to represent, with the late John S. Cartwright, Esq., the united counties of Lennox and Addington. During the rebellion of 1837-38 his business became deranged to that extent that he again retired therefrom. In the year 1845 he received employment by the District Council in regulating the back assessment of lands; in October, 1847, was appointed to the office of District Clerk, and in May, 1848, received his appointment of Appraiser in the Customs Department at the Port of Kingston. The first office he resigned in 1861, the latter he occupied until March, 1872.

HIS RELIGIOUS LIFE.

In October, 1817, he joined the Wesleyan Church under the late Rev. Thos. Madden. In 1818 was appointed Assistant Secretary of the Quarterly Board of the Bay of Quinte Circuit. On the death of the late Rev. D. Dunham, he succeeded him as Secretary and Steward, which office he held down to 1838, at which period he removed temporarily from the Circuit. On returning to Napanee was re-appointed Steward and Class Leader, resigning both in 1848 on removing to Kingston. In 1849 in Kingston he was appointed a Class Leader and on the return of his family to Napanee he resigned that office and was appointed Steward and remained a member of a class in Kingston until the 8th of October, 1865, when he joined the class under Bro. J. Hawley which met after the Sabbath service in Napanee.

"His trust in the merits of the atonement was clear and satisfactory, having an assurance that he had a hope sure and steadfast of an inheritance 'where the wicked cease from troubling and where the weary be at rest.'"

The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon, and considering the weather, was very largely attended.

Memorial Service

The funeral sermon of the late Geo. H. Detlor will be delivered in the C. M. Church next Sunday evening by Rev. M. L. Pearson.

Napanee Market Prices.

Jan. 4th, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$ 1 00	to	$1 05
Spring wheat, do	1 05		1 10
Barley, do	0 50		0 60
Oats, do	0 30		0 32
Peas, do	0 70		0 72
Rye, do	0 55		0 56
Onions, do	0 50		0 75
do per bag	0 90		1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65		0 75
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75		3 00
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75		3 00

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Shannonville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

MUNICIPAL.—At the nomination for the township council of Tyendinaga yesterday Mr. Hanley, reeve, and Mr. Munro, councillor, were re-elected by acclamation. D. L. Brown, Esq., was also elected councillor by acclamation. We heartily congratulate Mr. Brown, who is brother-in-law to Mr. Allison, M. P. for Lennox, on his election, and trust that in his new position he may faithfully serve the best interests of the people. The contest between the 1st and 2nd deputy-reeveship is between Messrs. Tripp and Nash, and Anderson and West, the last named in both cases being members of the last council.

POLITICAL.—"Whom the gods destroy they first make mad." Does this apply to the present desperation of the Conservative party? Fairly beaten and completely routed in the late contest in Lennox, do they now hope by some quirk of the law to obtain the seat for the county? To all intelligent outsiders not blinded by the smoke of the fray it has been manifest that the great storm on the day of the election did far greater injury to Mr. Allison than his opponent, and that if the battle had to be fought over again he would be confirmed in his seat as representative of the people by a more decisive majority than he now has.

Railway Accident.

Frank Spink, Wilton Avenue, Toronto, some time ago received a bad injury by an accident on the G. T. R. The severe contusions were quickly healed by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil.

ONE OF THE MOST FREQUENT RESULTS OF depraved nutrition, caused by indigestion and imperfect assimilation of food, is the unsightly eruptions which disfigure the face of so many people. The blood being poor and deficient in material for repairing and building up the tissues, does not properly nourish the skin, and disagreeable humors manifest themselves, the general health at the same time becoming impaired. Radical and permanent cure results from restoring the digestive apparatus, and vitalizing the circulation, which is effected by Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, a purely physiological blood-maker and purifier that imparts great freshness of tone and color to the complexion by promoting nutrition.

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Oats, do	0 30	0 32
Peas, do	0 70	0 72
Rye, do	0 55	0 56
Onions, do	0 50	0 75
do per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65	0 75
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Corn	0 70	0 80
Butter per tub	0 14	0 16
Butter, per lb.	0 18	0 20
Cheese "	0 12	0 12
Lard "	0 08	0 10
Tallow "	0 00	0 06
Musk Rats	0 04	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 15	0 18
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	5 50	6 00
Eggs per doz	0 20	
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 00	10 00
Mess pork	0 08	0 00
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	16 00	17 00
Shorts "	22 00	24 00
Hay, "	7 00	0 00
Clover Hay "	3 00	4 00
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 50
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Partridges per Brace	0 30	0 35
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 25	0 35

S. McLAUGHLIN,
Produce and Commission Merchant, Dundas St., Napanee Ont..

MARRIAGES.

HENDERSON—TUMATH.—At the Methodist Parsonage, Odessa, by Rev. J. J. Leach, on Xmas Eve, Mr. Donald F. Henderson to Miss Emma, daughter of Edward Tumath, Esq., all of Ernesttown.

DEATHS.

DETLOR.—In Napanee, on Monday, Dec. 31st, 1883, Col. George Hill Detlor, aged 89 years and 5 months.

WALLACE.—In Bath, on Sunday last, after a long and painful illness, Miss Lizzie Wallace.

Highly Agreeable.

One very valuable feature of Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup is, that it is highly agreeable to take, and all varieties of worms, tape worm included, can be safely expelled by it without recourse to harsh and sickening drugs.

Pimples and Blotches.

Call at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. It is composed of Vaseline, Carbol Acid and Cerate, and has never failed to remove Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerated Sores, Rough Skin. It cures when others fail. Try it.

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Bleached Tab
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At your own price

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We are selling Crompton's
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We are moving the
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Please bear in mi

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FLOUR FEED and PRO

At Lowest Pric

A Large and Fresh Stock alway

Just received a choice new sto

General Groc

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Agent for the Li-quor Tea
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GIVE ME A CALL.

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Closing Out Sale of Millin

To be Continued Until

At which time we positively make our bow to this portion of our business
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CLEAN SWEEP DURING THE N

Of all goods remaining unsold in the

We have already given large orde

NEW SPRING TWEEES, READY--MA

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Which are now being manufactured specially for our trade. We expect t
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Every Article in Stock Has Been Marked

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We are selling Black Cashmeres at 90c., former price $1.20.

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We are selling Black Cashmeres at 90c., former price $1.20.
We are selling Black Cashmeres at 75c., former price $1.
We are selling Black Cashmeres at 50c., former price 75 cts.

All other Dress Goods at proportionately reduced prices. Ottoman Silk
Velvets, Plushes and Trimmings are being sold at ridiculously low prices.
duced.

IN THE STAPLE DEPA

We have over four hundred pieces of best quality of English Prints which
warranted fast colors.

We are selling Shirting at 10c., former price 14c. We are sel
We are selling Shirting at 12½c., former price 17c. We are sel
" " " 15c., " 20c. "
Bleached Table Linens 50c., " 75c. "
" " " 75c., " $1.00. Wool, Rav
At your own price. White and Grey Cottons, Bags, Cotton Yarns, Cr

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We are selling Crompton's Coraline Corsets at 80 cts. Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Ribbons, But
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Millinery ! M

We are moving the balance of our Millinery goods down stairs and are s
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FLOUR FEED and PROVISIONS

At Lowest Prices.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Just received a choice new stock of

General Groceries

ncluding everything in the line. As I buy largely or Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Company of London, Eng.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
BRISCO HOUSE BLOCK

ROBLIN

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54 PRICES NEW SCOTCH TWE

SUITINGS.

NEW OVERCOATINGS, FULL LINES IN BLACK AND
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH TROUSERINGS, ONE C
MITTS, THE NEW NAPPA BUCK GLOVES A
MARKET; 36 PIECES NEW FLANNELS, I
VALUE IN RUBBER COATS, SPECIA
WHITE S

New Hats

Ours is the store to get value in White and Colored Shirts, B
Cuffs, Underclothing in Scotch, English and Canadian, large assor
Gents requiring Fall Suits should leave their orders early as w
We still take the lead in getting up stylish and well made clot
to maintain the reputation we have gained for selling the best good

McALISTER'S

GRAND

ale of Millinery & Dry Goods

ntinued Until the 1st of Feb.

r bow to this portion of our business. After the experience of the past few months inced that there is no money in Dry Goods for us at least, and we are fully determined to make a

DURING THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS

f all goods remaining unsold in the above lines.

We have already given large orders for

EES, READY--MADE CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS AND GENTS' FURNISHING

pecially for our trade. We expect those goods to arrive during Feb'y and in orde[r] ods must be sold by that time.

ock Has Been Marked Down! Down!! Down!!!

With the single object in view of ensuring its sale.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

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DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

eres at 90c., former price $1.20.
ieres at 75c., former price $1.
eres at 50c., former price 75 cts.

ly reduced prices. Ottoman Silks, Black and Colored Gros Grain Silks, Satins, ing sold at ridiculously low prices. All our Crapes and Mourning Goods are re-

HE STAPLE DEPARTMENT

est quality of English Prints which we are clearing out at 10 cents per yard. All

ormer price 14c.
former price 17c.
" 20c.
" 75c.
" $1.00.

We are selling Table Linens at 20c. former price 28c.
We are selling Table Linens at 25c.. former price 35c.
" " " " 30c., " 45c.
" " Satin Finish 90c., " $1.00
Wool, Raw Silk and Linen Table Napkins, Towels, &c.,

ey Cottons, Bags, Cotton Yarns, Cretonnes, Fringes at any price to clea.

CANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT

cts. Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Ribbons, Buttons, Embroideries, Frings, Laces, &c., regardless of Cost o

ery! Millinery!

Millinery goods down stairs and are selling trimmed and untrimmed Hats, Feathers, alf their former value. Now is the time to buy a cheap plume for your spring hat.

artment we have also made substantial reduc-

ce of our Overcoats, Fur Caps. Overcoatings, Underclothing, and Winter Tweeds. arge.

s on the first day of Feb'y, after that date look out for cheap clothing.

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J. F. McALISTER,

Deseronto and Napanee.

ROBLIN & FORD

——ARE SHOWING——

RICES NEW SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS. 40 PIECES NEW CANADIAN TWEEDS.

RCOATINGS, FULL LINES IN BLACK AND COLORED WORSTEDS, BLK. BROADS AND DOESKINS
ISH AND SCOTCH TROUSERINGS, ONE CASE SCARFS AND TIES, ONE CASE GLOVES AND
TTS, THE NEW NAPPA BUCK GLOVES AND MITTS, BEST WEARING GOODS IN THE
MARKET ; 36 PIECES NEW FLANNELS, IN GREY, NAVY BLUE AND FANCY ; SPECIAL
VALUE IN RUBBER COATS, SPECIAL VALUE IN REGATTA, OXFORD AND
WHITE SHIRTINGS.

New Hats and Caps.

he store to get value in White and Colored Shirts, Braces, Socks, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Umberellas, Collars and
clothing in Scotch, English and Canadian, large assortment and best value in town.
quiring Fall Suits should leave their orders early as we are already busy making up new goods.
take the lead in getting up stylish and well made clothing and as we are not retiring from business it will be our endeavour
he reputation we have gained for selling the best goods at the lowest living prices.

ROBLIN & FORD.

A Christmas Vigil.

BY ETTA W. PIERCE.

The wild storm shakes the cabin, she hears the breakers roar,
The high tides of December beat on the groaning shore.
Black crouch the sunken ledges, beneath the waters white,
And loud the bar is wailing, at Christmas in the night.

With spectral light the candle flares on the cabin wall;
With spectral gleams the embers to cold gray ashes fall.
The death-watch in the rafter ticks solemnly and loud,
Against the window flutters the white snow like a shroud.
Only the friendly beacon, set in its tower to mark
The rocks and boiling channel, burns red upon the dark.

In drift of yellow tresses she stands a pallid ghost,
And hears the fierce northeaster assail the shrinking coast.
The tears weigh down her lashes—with trembling and affright
She keeps Love's mournful vigil: at Christmas in the night:

God help the souls that travel the awful sea in ships!
Upon the cabin hearth-stone she kneels with clay-cold lips.
While creaks the gusty rafter, and fades the glaring light,
She sobs her sad petition, at Christmas in the night.

"Oh, Babe, who in the manger of far-off Bethlehem lay—
Who came to cure our sorrows, and take our sins away—
Oh, Christ, who walked the waters, and calmed the raging sea—
Oh, dear Lord, born at Christmas, have mercy upon me!

Thou rulest on the billows, as on the steadfast land,
Thou holdest wind and tempest within Thy holy hand.
Secure, thro' storm and darkness, my homebound voyager keep!
On this, thy blessed birth-night, oh, guide him o'er the deep,
The reefs are sharp and cruel, the surf is strong and white.
My heart with fear is breaking, at Christmas in the night!"

* * * * * *

Far to the gray east glimmered the new, the sacred day.
The winds of heaven grew silent, the tempest stole away.
The bright sun smote the cabin, and through its window smiled,
Sweet as a sign of blessing from Bethlehem's holy Child.
And lo! adown the harbor, a white sail gleamed afar!—
At Christmas, in the morning, his ship came o'er the bar

CUPIDITY AND CRIME.

CHAPTER V.

The days wore on drearily and monotonously, filled with work and excitement for Mrs. Bruce and her daughter, but presenting nothing but one dull blank to the bride-elect. Afterwards she never thought of this as a period of sharp pain; all her senses were mercifully dulled, and, as she told herself again, with a curious

written too sentimentally, Nora? Are my words weak and unmanly? Well, for to-night at least they may stand. If the shadow that falls upon me as I write means nothing, if I come back safe and sound to-morrow, your eyes will never rest upon them. And, if it is ordered otherwise, you will read them in the softening shadows of death. And now, my own darling Nora, if it must be, good-night."

Nora dropped the letter with a shuddering cry, and lifted a picture from the desk—a picture so like the original that, meeting the frank blue eyes with their brave trustful smile, she could almost have believed that Arthur had indeed come back from the shadow-world to look upon her once more.

To look upon and find her—how? She laughed aloud, a fierce unnatural laugh, as she thought of the picture his generous fancy had drawn and the reality he would be forced to look upon. In twenty years time he would find her still Nora Bruce, still true to a lover in the shadow-world. So he wrote, and thought; and here she was, in lesss than two years, burning the words that ashamed and tortured her on the eve of her wedding-day.

Burning them! Ah, no, she had not strength for that! She gathered the papers up and pressed them passionately to her pale lips. She would lock them up, would never look on them again; but see the paper on which Arthur's hand had rested, the words his pen had traced, scorch and shrivel into nothingness within the cruel flames she could not and she would not; there was sacrilege in the very thought.

"Forgive me, Arthur!" she cried wildly. "Oh, my darling, if you could but know!"

Her pretty head fell forward on the desk, on the crushed papers, on the pictured face which after to-night the girl might look upon no more, and for a brief space of time something like a sweet and solemn peace fell over her, a feeling as though she were alone with her dead and held communion with them. Intense pain wrought to frenzy had proved its own anæsthetic, and for a long while she neither feared nor suffered more.

How long this strange trance of peace lasted she could not say; she was roused from it by a slight touch, to find Cristine fully dressed beside her, her hand upon her shoulder and a curious mocking smile in her eyes.

"Were you asleep, or had you fainted, Nora?" she asked kindly—Cristine from the moment in which she reconciled herself to the engagement had grown wonderfully kind. "Do you know that you have barely left yourself time to dress for dinner?"

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"She bears it beautifully," Mrs. Bruce said to her daughter, in one of the rare intervals that visiting and being visited, shopping and submission to the milliners' and dressmakers' caprices, now allowed them. "I never thought that Nora would have been so docile."

But Cristine, much keener-sighted than her mother, shook her blonde head with a very dubious look.

"You are not out of the wood yet, mother," she said sneeringly. "I would not count too much on her placidity if I were you; there is such a thing as a lull before a storm, you know. You may not have a peeress step-daughter after all.

Mrs. Bruce grew suddenly pale, and was absolutely unhappy for the two following days; but nothing came of the spiteful prophecy, nothing had come on the eve of Nora Bruce's wedding-day.

The house was full of guests, and gay with the bustle of preparation; girl-voices rang out in every corridor, silk dresses "swished" and high-heeled shoes pattered continually up and down the stairs; carts of every description stopped perpetually at the door, milliners' girls, confectionery men, florists, jewellers, haunted the house.

Only in one room where the bride-elect sat, white and rigid, by the little brass-bound desk in which all her girlish secrets lay, was any semblance of peace to be found; and here in truth was the fiercest unrest of all.

How long she had sat there she did not know. The sun sank lower and lower, the clock struck six, and the sound aroused her at last. What she had to do must be done quickly. Lord de Gretton's wife must take no *souvenir* of Arthur Beaupre into her new life. With cold trembling fingers she opened the letters—Arthur's letters—out before her. There were not many in all—half-a-dozen notes sent with flowers and books and music, a few genuine love-letters written

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"Were you asleep, or had you fainted, Nora?" she asked kindly—Cristine from the moment in which she reconciled herself to the engagement had grown wonderfully kind. "Do you know that you have barely left yourself time to dress for dinner?"

Nora, roused to duty and misery once more, thrust the papers and picture into the desk—not, she knew, before Cristine had seen them and guessed shrewdly what they were; but they did not trouble her. It was her own conscience she feared, and not Cristine Singleton.

"I did not know it was so late," Nora answered wearily, pushing the hair out of her heavy eyes, and revealing so tragic a face that her step-sister said sharply—

"You have been crying, child. What will Lord de Gretton say?"

"Lord de Gretton cannot claim any control over my tears until this time to-morrow," Nora answered, while her tremulous fingers tangled the heavy hair they vainly tried to reduce te order.

"Shall I not call your maid?" Cristine asked; but Nora shook her head in vehement refusal. The sharp-eyed Frenchwoman was a terror to which she must accustom herself; but for to-night, at least, she would be free.

"Then let me help you," Miss Singleton persisted; "you will dress yourself by midnight at your present rate of progress on. Come, Nora; it is for the last time."

And the first, she might have said with equal truth. Many a time and oft, in the old happy days. when Nora was the least-considered person in her father's house, and had no golden future spreading out befor her, many a time had she dressed Cristine Singleton for ball or pic-nic, plaited the pale silky hair, laced the cheap pretty dresses, and sent her forth to conquest, looking her very best; but never before had she proffered her services to Nora. The thought flashed across the the girl's mind, forcing a ghost of a smile to her pale lips; but she banished it at once, and quietly accepted the offer. Cristine would stay, she knew; so it would be an easier thing to have her busy, with hands and eyes alike occupied, than sitting there watching her every movement.

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"If the fortune of war should go against me, you must not grieve too long," the poor young fellow wrote. "Your love has made me so happy, I could not think that even my death should bring you lasting grief. You will never quite forget me, Nora; you will hardly choose another love, though in the long life that spreads before you such things would be natural enough. But you have faithful eyes, my darling. I close my own and look once more into their clear gray depths, and, looking, I can fancy they will ever light up for another as they lighted once for me. I think that, if I could come back from the grave twenty years hence, I should find you still Nora Bruce, still true to a lover in the shadowy world.

"Mind, I do not wish this, Nora. It is only an idle fancy, and I hardly think it brings me comfort, selfish as my great love makes me. A life of resignation and patient grief is not the lot for which my bright warm-hearted Nora was born. Be happy in your own way, choose your own walk in life, and know that, if I could pierce the veil, and follow your progress through the world that I have done with, I should be best pleased to see you walking in the sunshine, and only casting back from time to time a soft regretful look to that dark-shadowed past in which I played my part. Have I

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Under her light and skillful touches Nora was quickly dressed and made ready; and, as she stood before the long glass, fastening the ear-rings in her ears, she thought with a sharp pang, how small a trace the inner anguish she endured had left upon her face, how radiant she looked in the maize-colored silk and soft showers of black lace in which it had pleased Cristine to dress her.

A tap at the door was answered by Cristine; and Nora thought, but was not sure, that she heard the maid say—

"A letter for Miss Bruce."

Letters had come by fifties and hundreds to her of late; so naturally she did not attach much importance to this. She was rather surprised however when five, ten minutes passed away, and Cristine did not return—the more so as the dinner-bell now sounded, and Nora saw that she had left her fan and gloves upon the dreasing-table.

Her room was at the other end of the long corridor. Nora had to pass it on her way down; so she took the gloves and fan with her, meaning to leave them with her if sho was there, or carry them to the drawing-room if she had gone dawn. The door stood slightly ajar. She pushed it open carelessly, and, to her horror and amazement, saw Miss Singleton lying in a dead faint on the ground, For a moment she stood staring helplessly, paralysed by a sort of superstitious terror.

Cristine had left so short a time before, full of health and spirits. Nora had noticed how pretty she looked in the soft creamy pink that always suited her best and supplied the one thing lacking to her coldly regular beauty; and now what had stricken her down like this? Cristine was not given to fainting. For

Nora saw little of her evening, though somehow ments had a strange fascinat She followed the slender pink as it moved restlessly abon rooms, into and out of the c never staying long in one spo by any chance approaching hardly listened to Lord de Gr mured chat, or the gentle bu sation that went on around; perplexed her—was Cristine or not?

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"Cristine, you are ill cried; but Cristine laughe her head impatiently.

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The wild light eyes seemed to the pale bride's face; sho lessly under the cruel persist

"No one; there is nothing shortly. "Oh, by-the-way, not the girl bring a note for fore dinner?"

She asked the question enough, grasping at any p change of subject and caring the answer might be. But C in her breath with a sharp li pushed the fair fluffy hair b forehead with a tragic gestur

"Really, I am unpardon I remember it all now. It w from Madame Josephine, about the arrangement of y think; but I was taken ill moment, and——"

"Never mind, Cristine; matter?" the other said wea train will do very well as it is

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the moment Nora thought that she was indeed dead; and envied her with an envy that was achingly intense. Cristine, who needed it not, had sudden peace, a swift and easy passage from all the pain and heart-breakings of this world, while she——

"Cristine!" the girl cried hurriedly, as the other stirred, and brought her back to the reality of the scene. Her envy had been premature; this was not death; already the blue eyes were widely open, and the pale lips parted in a gasping cry.

Nora knelt beside her, raised the golden head, and bathed the gray face with eau-de-Cologne. Gradually the girl's senses came back, her eyes lost their stony stare, her breath came more freely, and she tried to draw herself away.

"You are better now, Cristine?"

She started at the sound of Nora's voice, and gave a quick look of angry terror—a most inexplicable look, even admitting that her mind still wandered.

"How did you come here?" she asked abruptly.

"How is it you are in this condition?" Nora said quietly. "You were quite well when you left me, Cristine. What has happened since?"

She grew suddenly scarlet, stared straight into the other's eyes, as though she would read her inmost thoughts, then turned away, saying shortly, almost sullenly—

"I ran too quickly. I felt a sharp pain here"—touching her left side—"and I remember nothing more."

Nora stared at her, a little incredulously perhaps—the explanation seemed so improbable. A run across the corridor upset Cristine Singleton — Cristine, who would dance from midnight to dawn and never turn a hair, who was the skillfullest tennis-player in all Nettleton! The girl who knew her best could hardly believe it. Yet there was no gainsaying her ghastly looks.

"Go down, Nora," she said, as the great gong gave its final clang. "I will follow almost directly."

"Shall I send Mrs. Bruce to you?" Nora asked doubtfully. It seemed cruel to leave her thus, and yet she knew she must go.

But Cristine negatived the idea, and entreated her to say nothing of her illness, trembling so violently all the time that the girl thought she would soon betray herself, whether she kept her secret or no. Argument only served to irritate her, and time began to press; so at last, with extreme reluctance, Miss Bruce went.

It hardly seemed likely that Cristine would make her appearance that night; but almost before the guests filed in stately fashion into the great dining-room, and just as Mrs. Bruce began to feverish glitter of her light eyes. "Bed is the best place in the world for you, and the sooner you are asleep the better."

"I do feel worn out," Cristine confessed, with a queer smile, "and, as chief bridesmaid, I should like to look my best to-morrow. Well, Nora, good-night. Hark! What is that?"

It was the mighty voice of "Big Ben" floating through the open window, beating the twelve solemn strokes that told the great restless city that another day was dead.

The girls listened in breathless silence till the last vibration died away, each stroke falling with deadly import on Nora Bruce's strained sense of hearing, and bringing a stranger light to Cristine Singleton's face. With the last, she flung both arms around her sister's neck and kissed her with a sort of exultant passion.

"Long life and happiness to our bonny bride!" she cried, in shrill vibrating tones. "Fate has been kind to me. Lady de Gretton, remember always that I was the first to offer my congratulations and good wishes on your wedding-morning."

CHAPTER VI.

"It was the prettiest wedding of the season!" On that point complimentary friends, fashionable reporters and the rougher critics gathered in the ultra-fashionable church to witness the gorgeously-mounted ceremony were alike agreed; and, if the last were rather disposed to think that a younger bridegroom would have made the picture complete, even these admitted that Lord de Gretton, with his slender upright figure and well-preserved handsome face, was still a stately and a personable man.

Ten bridesmaids, dressed in the latest bridal fashion, with veils and wreaths and shimmering satin dresses, with lockets bearing the blent initials of the bridal pair in diamonds, followed Nora Bruce to the altar, and, as they posed picturesquely behind her, envied the pale bride in their inmost hearts.

They were all, with the exception of Cristine, "damsels of high degree," chosen from the circle af Lord de Gretton's friends, knowing nothing of and caring nothing for the bride, and secretly resenting the fact that the bridegroom had wandered from his own world in search of a wife.

Rich, still agreeable, and eligible in every way, he had been comparatively left alone by chaperons and passed over by prudent parents becanse by common consent every one had given him to Lady Olivia Blake; and Lady Olivia herself was not more angry and indignant when she discovered the sorry part she had been made to play than was

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Meeting her step-sister's anxious glance across the intervening flower and fern barrier, she smiled a strange uncomfortable smile. Her eyes had an odd wild brightness, her cheeks had such a warm flush as few had seen them wear. The hot glow came and went as she chatted recklessly with her neighbor, who regarded her more than once with mingled astonishment and admiration, and confided to a friend in the course of the evening that he did not know "that little doll of a Singleton" had so much go in her.

But her mother noticed that she ate nothing, and drank champagne with a sort of feverish thirst.

Nora saw little of her through the evening, though somehow her movements had a strange fascination for her. She followed the slender pink-robed form as it moved restlessly abont the large rooms, into and out of the conservatory, never staying long in one spot, and never by any chance approaching her. She hardly listened to Lord de Gretton's murmured chat, or the gentle buzz of conversation that went on around; the question perplexed her—was Cristine avoiding her or not?

If she was, she changed her plan at the last moment. As Nora sat in her room, alone at last, resting her hot head against the sash of the window, and looking up with aching wistful eyes at the serene splendor of the starlight midnight sky, the door opened, and Cristine, looking very weird and ghostlike in her long white wrapper, came in.

The other looked around as she set her small silver hand-lamp down upon the table, and, even in the self-absorption of her wretched thoughts, noticed how strangely haggard was her aspect.

"Cristine, you are ill again!" she cried; but Cristine laughed and shoo her head impatiently.

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"How well she bears it!" the gossips whispered to one another behind their ivory-and-velvet prayer-books. "He treated her shamefully—quite shamefully, you know. She actually wore the diamonds at the palace ball. Yes, the bride has them on now. Quite shocking, I call it—so much worse than if she were a girl—for a woman of Olivia's age ridicule is death. Yet really, you know, it is wonderful. She looks quite handsome to-day—does she not?"

"Yes, the bride does not shine by comparison, young as she is—a poor lifeless looking thing, I call her. Are her people at all presentable, by-the-way?"

"There they are!" the first speaker said, nodding her head in the direction of Captain and Mrs. Bruce. "Do you see—a stout over-dressed women in garnet silk and white lace, who looks absurdly important and pleased with herself and surroundings, and a thin white-haired man, who does not seem to share her feelings? He is something in the Navy, or Coast-guard. They were quite awfully poor, I hear, and I dare say compassed heaven and earth to ensare De Gretton!"

So, in its accustomed charitable fashion, "Society" gossiped and speculated while the solemn words were spoken, while the soft sweet music floated through the church, while Nora Bruce knelt beside the man from whom she shrank with an hourly-increasing intensity of repugnance,

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"Cannot you forget that foolish momentary weakness? I never was better in my life. But enough of me. I may not see you much to-morrow, Nora; so I cannot take your directions now. Is there any one you have forgotten, any one for whom you would like to leave a remembrance when you are gone?"

The wild light eyes seemed to burn into the pale bride's face; sho stirred restlessly under the cruel persistent gaze.

"No one; there is nothing," Nora said shortly. "Oh, by-the-way, Cristine, did not the girl bring a note for me just before dinner?"

She asked the question indifferently enough, grasping at any pretext for a change of subject and caring little what the answer might be. But Cristine drew in her breath with a sharp little cry, and pushed the fair fluffy hair back from her forehead with a tragic gesture of despair.

"Really, I am unpardonable, Nora; I remember it all now. It was a message from Madame Josephine, something about the arrangement of your train, I think; but I was taken ill just at the moment, and——"

"Never mind, Cristine; what does it matter?" the other said wearily. "The train will do very well as it is."

"But I must have thrown the note down either in my room or the corridor," Cristine persisted, knitting her light brows in extreme perplexity. "I will search for it and find it before I go to bed."

"You will do nothing of the kind," Nora cried peremptorily, for, besides, being selfishly anxious for solitude, she was really shocked by the worn, aged look of her step-sister's face and the ivory-and-velvet prayer-books. "He treated her shamefully—quite shamefully, you know. She actually wore the diamonds at the palace ball. Yes, the bride has them on now. Quite shocking, I call it—so much worse than if she were a girl—for a woman of Olivia's age ridicule is death. Yet really, you know, it is wonderful. She looks quite handsome to-day—does she not?"

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So, in its accustomed charitable fashion, "Society" gossiped and speculated while the solemn words were spoken, while the soft sweet music floated through the church, while Nora Bruce knelt beside the man from whom she shrank with an hourly-increasing intensity of repugnance, and heard, with a deathly faintness at her heart, the priest's calm tones pronounce them man and wife.

"Those whom God hath joined together let no man put asunder!"

Like one in a trance the girl listened to the words so full of solemn and awful meaning—so mystically sweet to those who hear them with mutual love and trust, so terrible to those who seal a loveless bond and know that hope and freedom may be theirs never more.

It was her death sentence, Nora thought, glancing wildly around her. Some one was murdered,—was it Arthur Beaupre?—and she was here to answer for the crime. It was not a church, but a grim guilt-stained court in which she stood. It was not a silver-tongued and fashionable priest lisping forth the marriage blessing, but a judge who was sentencing her to die!

To die! When? To-day—to-morrow? Ah, well, that mattered little. It was easy, so easy to die; and after death there would come peace and rest, and—yes, if Heaven were merciful—the touch of Arthur's hand, the glad forgiveness of Arthur's kind blue eyes. He might forgive her then—for, even though she were the guilty crime-stained wretch they called her, though she left this world that had been too hard for her through the dark portal of a shameful death, she would still be true to him.

The girl's brain reeled with the delirious fancy, her gray eyes flashed through the rich lace of her veil with a light so insanely happy that Cristine, who stood

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HAPTER VI.

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close behind her with her gloves and bouquet, felt a thrill of positive terror, and bent forward with a warning touch.

"Nora!" she cried in a sharp whisper; and with a little shiver the miserable bride came back to life and memory.

The wedding-march sounded as the bridal-party came back from the vestry; the eager sightseers parted right and left to let the gay procession pass down the central aisle, through the tall gray gates, and down the red-carpeted steps. Lord de Gretton, with his bride upon his arm, came first; and he carried his well-shaped gray head erect, with a gallant grace that well became him—so the on-lookers declared.

Perhaps it was well he did so. It would neither have swelled his triumph nor sweetened his temper to look on the dazed hopeless misery of the face and dark anguished eyes beneath the Brussels veil and orange-blossom wreath. Strangely enough, however, the happy bridegroom was at that moment thinking less of his bride than of the handsome dark-eyed woman whose strange tranquility of look had in some queer fashion shaken his nerves and annoyed him.

(TO BE CONTINUED).

Destruction of Russian Forests.

The constantly increasing destruction of Russian forests is naturally discussed with much interest by Russian papers. In the last hundred years the forest area of Russia has diminished from 11 per cent. in Twer to 46 per cent. in Riazan. The beautiful oak forests are becoming extinct. Of the celebrated chestnut woods of Vassilsoursk, which date from the time of Peter the Great, only the borders exist at present, while all the interior is ravaged. The extensive forests on the banks of Volga and Don, which once reached far into the steppes toward the Ural mountain, are now destroyed and so many millions of trees have been felled in the interior of Russia that wood is becoming scarce in many provinces. The destruction is carried on very systematically; but, before long, it will of needs come to an end, if the enormous consumption of firewood is not energetically stopped. Considering the amount of fuel required for Russian railways, steamers, and factories, it is not surprising that, during the last twenty years, the aspect of the wooded country has greatly changed. Wood, however, is becoming more expensive, and the importation of coal is being seriously considered by large consumers, while petroleum offered a third alternative of daily increasing popularity.

Women as Lawyears.

Women are applying everywhere in the United States for full admission in the courts as lawyers. One was refused the

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Summary of Foreign, Domestic and War Items.

CANADIAN.

A new weekly journal is being established in Montreal, with the noted Capt. Kerwin as editor. It is called the *Pilot*.

The flouring mills of Moore & Son, of Walkerton, have been destroyed by fire, together with 600 bushels of wheat and a quantity of flour.

A great railway strike of the engineers took place in Manitoba. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers repudiate all responsibility of it.

The Department of Agriculture has forwarded several cases of immigration literature to England for distribution by the Government agent there.

Several ladies recently applied for the privilege of attending lectures at the University College, but the former decision to exclude them has been re-affirmed by the Senate.

Mr. Isaac Powley, a farmer of Kingston township, was killed at the Cataraqui railway crossing. His remains were carried on the front of the engine to the Kingston station, two miles distant.

Mrs. George Myers, of Thurlow, while preparing breakfast a few mornings ago, had her dress ignited by a spark from the stove, and narrowly escaped with her life. Her husband had his hands very badly burned in putting the fire out.

Sir Leonard Tilley was waited on the other day in Toronto by those interested in establishing large iron smelting and steel works in that city. They wanted a bonus of seven dollars per ton on the iron produced. He promised to give the matter his best consideration.

The plans for the new ice palace for the Montreal carnival are now ready. The building will be entirely of ice, consisting of 10,000 blocks, of 40x20 inches square each. The palace will be 160 feet long and 65 feet at its greatest depth. There will be a main tower 76 feet high. The total cost is estimated at $3,000.

Alexander Patterson, of Belleville, was going from his home to a fire company meeting last week with $300 in his possession to pay the company, from the corporation. He was knocked down and senseless in the street and his pockets rifled, but the $300 was in an inside pocket and not obtained. He thinks he knows his assailant.

Says the St. Catharines *Journal* The old colored lady, Sojourner Truth, who died in Michigan a few days ago at the advanced age of 102 years, did not at all compare with Mrs. Taylor, who resides on the Hamilton road, a few miles west

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Women are applying everywhere in the United States for full admission in the courts as lawyers. One was refused the other day in Pennsylvania, but in several of the other States they do not experience any such difficulty. The Bar of Canada may well become alarmed. Women will soon be knocking at the door here, as well. They have already forced open the doors of the Medical Profession, and the Legal cannot resist them when the siege begins in dead earnest. That will be an evil day for the lawyers. Let women once get an even start in the Courts, and where will the men come out? In three-fourths of the cases of contention now, women carry the day, and in "courting" the conquest is almost invariably on her side. Few men can resist her "pleadings, even in their present non-professional shape, and how much more becoming the silk gowns will look on their shoulders! And where will a man stand among those he desires as clients and customers when it comes to "getting out an attachment?" The outlook is decidedly bad for the lawyers, but there is no use resisting fate. The woman's hour has struck.

An Obstinate Wife.

The other night a policeman who was patrolling High street east heard a whistle blown, followed by shouts for "police!" and after a run of half a block he came to a halt in front of a house where a second-story window was raised and a man had half his length over the sill.

"What's the row?" demanded the officer.

"Some purglars vhas in mein house!" was the answer.

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UNITED STATES.

A woman, Mrs. Carrie B. Kilgore, recently applied for permission to practice in the Common Pleas Court at Philadelphia. Judge Hare refused permission, as he deemed it contrary to the spirit of the present laws of Pennsylvania.

At New a Orleans election Democratic meeting, to nominate candidates to the State Convention, much ill-feeling was shown, which culminated in bloodshed. About fifty pistol shots were fired, and several well-known citizens killed, while a number of others were badly wounded.

A Jewish synagogue in Chicago was entered a few nights ago by some miscreants and nearly all the interior ornamentation and gas fixtures were destroyed. The curtains and gowns were torn to pieces and much other harm done. No special reason is assigned, other than the anti-Jewish feeling rankling in some hearts.

At Fort Smith, Indian Territory, recently, Levi James, the Choctaw Indian convicted last November of the murder of James Fulsom, was shot at Scullyville court-house, in accordance with the Choctaw law. James sat upon a blanket, and the sheriff held one hand and a deputy-sheriff the other. Another deputy took a position five paces distant with a Colt's revolver. He deliberately aimed, and

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ce, who looks absurdly im-
leased wi(h herself and sur-
d a thin white-haired man,
seem to share her feelings ?
hing in the Navy, or Coast-
were quite awfully poor, I
lare say compassed heaven
nsare De Gretton !"
customed charitable fashion,
ssiped and speculated while
ords were spoken, while the
nusic floated through the
Nora Bruce knelt beside
whom she shrank with an
sing intensity of repugnance,
th a deathly faintness at her
est's calm tones pronounce
l wife.
om God hath joined togeth-
put asunder !"
a trance the girl listened to
full of solemn and awful
mystically sweet to those
em with mutual love and
ble to those who seal a love-
know that hope and free-
heirs never more.
ner death sentence, Nora
ncing wildly around her.
s murdered,—was it Arthur
d she was here to answer
. It was not a church, but
stained court in which she
s not a silver-tongued and
riest lisping forth the mar-
, but a judge who was sent-
die !
When ? To-day—to-morrow ?
at mattered little. It was
to die ; and after death
ome peace and rest, and—
n were merciful—the touch
and, the glad forgiveness of
l blue eyes. He might for-
—for, even though she were
me-stained wretch they call-
gh she left this world that
hard for her through the dark
shameful death, she would
o him.
brain reeled with the deliri-
r gray eyes flashed through
of her veil with a light so in-
that Cristine, who stood

look on their shoulders ! And where will a man stand among those he desires as clients and customers when it comes to "getting out an attachment ?" The outlook is decidedly bad for the lawyers, but there is no use resisting fate. The woman's hour has struck.

An Obstinate Wife.

The other night a policeman who was patrolling High street east heard a whistle blown, followed by shouts for "police !" and after a run of half a block he came to a halt in front of a house where a second-story window was raised and a man had half his length over the sill.

"What's the row ?" demanded the officer.

"Some purglars vhas in mein house !" was the answer.

"How do you know ?"

"I hears them make a noise more ash six times !"

"Where are they ?"

"Down in der kitchen !"

"Have you been down to look around ?"

"No ! no ! I tells my vhife to go, but she won't stir ! She shumps into bedt und covers oop her headt, und I vhas left to do all der fighting und be kilt ! Dot's der kind of a vhife she vhas."

The officer investigated, to find that cats were responsible for the noises, and as he retired the householder was calling to his wife.

"Mary, if you go down I shtand on der stairs mit a light und a shot-gun and shoot eafery burglar like tunder."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Very Reasonable.

"I am very sorry for you, sir, but my daughter has been brought up to a life of luxury, and I can never allow her to become your wife."

"But you forget. I am a prosperous broker."

"Yes, I know that ; but the markets are very uncertain, and you may be a poor man to-morrow."

"But I own a rolling mill, too."

"So I understand ; but the iron business is subject to great fluctuations."

"And I have three woollen mills, am a member of a jobbing firm, and own a large amount of real estate."

"All of them are uncertain properties. Even real estate is being ruined by high taxes. Have you anything else ?"

"Yes, I own a newspaper."

"Oh, I beg your pardon. Take her, my dear boy. She is yours."

Jefferson left such minute instructions as to the simplicity of any memorial to be set over his grave that, in order to spend five thousand dollars, half the sum appropriated by Congress for the purpose of honoring him, the greater part had to be put into the fence.

About fifty pistol shots were fired, and several well-known citizens killed, while a number of others were badly wounded.

A Jewish synagogue in Chicago was entered a few nights ago by some miscreants and nearly all the interior ornamentation and gas fixtures were destroyed. The curtains and gowns were torn to pieces and much other harm done. No special reason is assigned, other than the anti-Jewish feeling rankling in some hearts.

At Fort Smith, Indian Territory, recently, Levi James, the Choctaw Indian convicted last November of the murder of James Fulsom, was shot at Scullyville court-house, in accordance with the Choctaw law. James sat upon a blanket, and the sheriff held one hand and a deputy-sheriff the other. Another deputy took a position five paces distant with a Colt's revolver. He deliberately aimed, and shot him through the heart. He died in two minutes. James was educated in a good family, and leaves a white wife and five small children.

The *World* prints a list of New York widows and single women whose united wealth is about $123,000,000. The wealthiest are : Mrs. A. T. Stewart $10,000,000 ; Mrs. F. D. Morgan, $5,000,000; Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts, $5,000,000 ; Mrs. Edwin Stevens, $7,000,000 ; Mrs. Paran Stevens, $3,000,000 ; Mrs. Moses Taylor, $6,000,000 ; Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, $5,000,000 ; Mrs. James Brown, $,000,000. The richest unmarried lady, Catherine Wolfe, $2,000,000, who also leads the entire list in noble and unostentatious charities.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Gladstone is to be honored by the Greeks with a statute in Athens. He is said to be the only living man in whose honor a statute has been erected in a foreign country. A year ago subscriptions were asked for the purpose, and so liberal was the response that twice as much money as is required has already been sent in.

There is little wonder that bee keeping is so much on the increase in Ontario for it is one of the most profitable industries going. The little creatures are not very difficult to manage when people have got into their ways, and the work about them become rather a pleasure than otherwise. In a few years bee farming will be very common. Graping growing also is looking up. There is no reason why there should not be far more of it than there is. The whole of the Niagara peninsula will by and bye be given over to fruit trees and vines.

The Brooklyn Bridge has already got to be re-floored. The story goes that Jay Gould "cornered" all the Georgia pine of the requisite grade in the market, to spite Ex-Mayor Grace, who had the contract ; and it would seem that the latter got even out o he public.

FASHION NOTES.

Trains are fuller.

Trains are not long.

Gloves are very long.

Mask veils are much worn.

Few trained dresses are worn.

Sleeves remain very tight below the elbow.

Dotted face veils are in high fashionable favor.

Gentleman's driving gloves have very large gauntlets.

Jewels are much in favor for the hair at evening parties and balls.

Tan-colored Suede gloves divide favor with white and black gloves for evening wear.

Children's dresses are all made loose about the waist, in the late revived English styles.

Short dresses are much in vogue for evening wear, even when the wearers do not dance.

Gauzy stuffs, tulles, crapes, and silk and Indian muslins are in demand for ball and fancy party dresses.

Tulle spotted or sprigged with silver comes among other gauzy tinsel decorated stuffs for evening wear.

The bodice with a high back and low cut out front is the correct wear for dinner parties and evening receptions.

Sleeves of costumes of ceremony are made tight, but the puffs or epaulette appendages in the armhole or on the shoulders.

The few trained dresses lately brought from the other side have the princess back, under which disappear the high puffed panier draperies.

The most fashionable ornaments for the hair are crescents, stars, strays, and combs of Rhine crystals, often so fine as to be mistaken for diamonds.

Birds and butterflies of the most tropical appearance are placed flat on the corsages and draperies of many gauzy and tinsel-embroidered ball dresses.

Caps of pleated lace, puffs of tulle and gauze and of beaded net are added to the sleeves of high corsages to give the high-shouldered epaulette effect.

Neapolitan jewellery consisting of brooches, lace pins, rings and bangles of silver filligree in all sorts of fanciful forms, such as tambourines, serpents, mandolins, violins, and guitars, are bought eagerly for holiday gifts.

Hints on Butter Making.

At the recent Dairymen's Convention in Quebec, Mr. W. H. Lynch, who is probably the best authority on scientific dairy work in Canada, gave a most instruc-

do as well as, and oftener much better than men, if Mrs. Grundy would only keep quiet, and other old ladies in our pulpits and newspapers only stop raising the alarming cry that women are being "unsexed." In Russia women are now being greatly encouraged to apply themselves to watch-making, jewelry, and other such light and skillful occupations. A woman in New York is reported to be making the delicate instruments used by the most skillful surgeons in that city, In other localities women are being looked for in connection with the drug stores.

Let some of our Canadian "rights" men, and women too, give a friendly hand towards opening more widely such doors to women here and a good practical step will be taken, and let them, if need be, clap their hands over the mouth of the next man who raises the "unsex" racket.

Snakes in the Grass.

BY ERNEST J. OLDMEADOW.

Beneath the ample shadow of their waggon
Some lonely emigrants have built their fire;
The flames leap up like some fierce, captive dragon
Which struggles in its ire.

Mother and children peacefully are sleeping
Beside the roaring camp-fire's cheerful glow;
The settler, gun in hand, his watch is keeping
'Gainst wolf and Indian foe

All the hot day he's been alert and wary,
Now he must watch all through the weary night;
And, till the dawn, must scan the rolling prairie,
Patched with the young moon's light.

How chill the moonbeams are! How sad and dreary
The drowsy waters mid the rushes weep;
He lets his tired eyes close, with watching weary,
Lies down—and falls asleep!

The pale moon's beams upon the plain are lying,
A gentle murmur rises from the rill;
The night wind through the swaying grass is sighing,
And all things else are still.

Is it the night wind sighing in the grasses?
Is it the wind which makes them bend and shake?
Ah, no! Into the moonlit space there passes
A coiling rattlesnake!

It sees the watchman sleeping at his station,
And glides along with fiercely flaming gaze,
Its eyes reflect in dreadful concentration
The roaring camp fire's blaze.

THE GREAT NORT

The Chicago, Milwaukee Railway Company's Exhibition Ca

A Conservatory on Wheels and Enterprise of a We way Which Sends I Products on an hibition Tou

One of the most nota enterprises for advertising any state or railroad has been quietly going midst of our Ontario farmers. kee and St. Paul railway con ing the idea that the best w the reports of hard winters small crops, was to exhibit (the class mostly interested many products which are the

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PRODUCE EXHIBITIO

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A FEW GOOD THINGS

Corn in twelve varieties, corn and the Dent corn, of w fine samples are shown, the measuring sixteen inches in ishes of the size of large rat

Neapolitan jewellery consisting of brooches, lace pins, rings and bangles of silver filligree in all sorts of fanciful forms, such as tambourines, serpents, mandolins, violins, and guitars, are bought eagerly for holiday gifts.

Hints on Butter Making.

At the recent Dairymen's Convention in Quebec, Mr. W. H. Lynch, who is probably the best authority on scientific dairy work in Canada, gave a most instructive address on the subject, of which the following is a brief resume :—Mr. Lynch in the course of his remarks said a dry goods firm, at great expense, brought out Professor Sheldons with an English dairy, to attend the last Dominion Exhibition at St. John, N.B., and purely for an advertisement of their business. This fact was proof enough, if any were wanted, of the great need for something being done to improve the dairy industry. The bringing out of Professor Sheldon had the effect of satisfying the people of Canada, there represented, that nothing they could send us from England is calculated to help us : it also had the effect of drawing attention to the simple utensils before the meeting that had been exhibited so long as two years ago in the Lower Provinces, and which are now endorsed by authorities, Canadian, American and English, and have been sometimes in successful operation in parts of the Eastern Townships. He explained that he occupied a different position from the other authorities. Butter making hitherto has been a matter of experience, judgment and manual skill. It was a coy art, hard to catch and not easy to hold. The object of the speaker had been to make this useful art a matter, not so much of manual skill, as of mechanical aids. In this he believed he could demonstrate that he had succeeded. Butter-making was essentially a mechanical process, and it was by taking advantage of that fact that he accomplished what had been done. It was a strong point gained that which improved implements and taking advantage of what the farmer already knows of the subject, one day was enough to place an outfit in successful working hands of the average farmer, and thus practically place a model dairy in all the farm-houses of the country. Here he proceeded to illustrate how all through the process the essentials of the successful prosecution of the art were involved in simple, cheap mechanical appliances. For instance, water was utilized instead of air to separate the cream, its many advantages, as pointed out, lying in the fact that it is available at a less variable temperature than air and is a better conductor of heat. In the construction of the churn were involved the important points of saving the grain and the complete separation of the caseine from the butter. One of the most striking features of this, the new and scientific process, was the use of a granulated butter holder, by means of which

And all things else are still.

Is it the night wind sighing in the grasses?
Is it the wind which makes them bend and shake?
Ah, no! Into the moonlit space there passes
A coiling rattlesnake!

It sees the watchman sleeping at his station,
And glides along with fiercely flaming gaze,
Its eyes reflect in dreadful concentration
The roaring camp fire's blaze.

Is it the night wind sighing 'mid the grasses?
And are the slim stems stirred at its command?
No? From the shade into the moonlight passes
An Indian, knife in hand!

He sees the wife, he sees the children dreaming;
Tightens his grasp upon his shining knife;
Sees, on the sleeper's gun, the firelight streaming,
And swears to take his life.

He knows not of the snake, and both are creeping,
With poisoned fang, and direr poisoned blade,
To where the wornout emigrant is sleeping,
In the great waggon's shade!

Two snakes they are! and through the grass each pushes,
With gliding body and soft-treading feet;
And where the singing brook swirls past the bushes
Serpent and Indian meet!

The pale moon's beams upon the plain are lying;
A gentle murmur rises from the rill.
Hark! a sharp hiss, a rush, a horrid crying,
And all again is still.

The settler awakes — arises — grasps his rifle—
"What was that fearful, that heartrendering scream?"
And then he smiled "Afraid—at such a trifle!
'Twas but some dreadful dream!"

He paces up and down the camp till morning,
Almost forgets the dying Indian's cry—
Forgets quite when the gooddess fair of dawning
Dyes gold the Eastern sky.

He eats his morning meal, then feeds his horses,
Prepares them both for journeying on again;
The wheels from out their turfy bed he forces,
And starts across the plain.

Lightly he walks along; the warm rays fill him
From the bright sun which shines high overhead;

ments in the car is a large bell
centre of the car the lower pa
made of wheat, corn rye, gras
the upper part of corn and veg
clapper or hammer, a fine cl
squash is hung in the centre b
bon, under this bell a prize i
be given to the loving couple
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A FEW GOOD THINGS TO

Corn in twelve varieties, i
corn and the Dent corn, of whi
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THE GRAIN DISPLA

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CLIMATE, STORMS AND

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The Woman Question.

The "Woman question" is not likely to be such a difficult problem in the future as many wise men feared it would. "What shall *we* do with all the women?" some philosophers used to discuss with very great earnestness. What shall the women do *for themselves*, is, after all, the most sensible and most important. The best thing and the wisest thing to do is simply to open up to women the various branches of industry to which she is well adapted, and in doing this there is not much else required. There are hundreds and hundreds of things that women can

In the great waggon's shade!

Two snakes they are! and through the grass each pushes,
With gliding body and soft-treading feet;
And where the singing brook swirls past the bushes
Serpent and Indian meet!

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He eats his morning meal, then feeds his horses,
Prepares them both for journeying on again;
The wheels from out their turfy bed he forces,
And starts across the plain.

Lightly he walks along; the warm rays fill him
From the bright sun which shines high overhead;
He knows not of the snake which sought to kill him,
But saved his life life instead.

He knows not that there lies black and bitten
A swollen corpse among the trampled weed:
A record in the grass the night has written
Which he will never read!

An Ohio female institute contains 30 red-headed girls and the principal dispenses with gas and all other artificial light. Use only the Triangle Dyes. 10c.

New openings are to be made soon in France for women. The Government have decided to throw open the posts of railway station masters to them. In many parts of the United States and Canada women are now employed in the telegraph and ticket offices at the railways, and they are doing their work well. The real women of to-day are not the mere dolls and play things of "the Lords of Creation."

Beware of that Cough! it may kill you; cure it at once with Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, it never fails. Large Bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

When a Waxahacie preacher announced his text he simply said:—"Hell—what is it."

looking cotton wood tree, about attracts unusual attention; it two years ago from a slip, and inches in diameter, which clearl speed with which a young plant increase in value. Some very f of timber grown from seed are many varieties, including soft elder, white ash, cotton wood, samples of Okra, Martinua, hop and cucumbers of two varieties.

THE GRAIN DISPLAY

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CLIMATE, STORMS AND RA

So much has been said in re blizzards and heavy storms that for Dakota that a few statistics amiss, and the reader should b that on account of the vastness tory a great difference will be fo between the region north of t allel and that south of it. In Dakota, the climate in many sembles that of Indiana, Ohio southern Minnesota, with a grea of sunny, and a less number of The summers are agreeable, a convenience is experienced from to the prairie breezes which pr the warmer months. The fir dry in summer, clear and bracin and affords remarkable relief to fering from incipient consum Malarial diseases are wholly unk winters are not severe, and the ing the whole year compares favorably with the states before From the tabulated statement o office at Washington for a per 87 years, it is found that not a si has touched this territory v states and territories have suffe nadoes, particularly in Kansa Illinois, Ohio and Indiana. Th tory has become a favored one there is no doubt, and that Ca found it particularly so will b the following returns made in 1

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THE GREAT NORTH-WEST.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company's Produce Exhibition Car.

A Conservatory on Wheels—The Energy and Enterprise of a Western Railway Which Sends Dakota's Products on an Exhibition Tour.

One of the most notable but quiet enterprises for advertising purposes which any state or railroad can boast of, has been quietly going on in the midst of our Ontario farmers. The Milwaukee and St. Paul railway company, conceiving the idea that the best way to surmount the reports of hard winters, blizzards and small crops, was to exhibit to the farmers (the class mostly interested) some of the many products which are the pride of

THE STATE OF DAKOTA.

This vast territory contains 150,932 square miles or 96,500,000 of acres of the best farming land to be found in North America. It is situated between the 42nd and 49th degrees of north latitude and the 19th and 29th degrees of longitude west of Washington. The extent of this state is more than France and twice as large as Great Britain and Ireland. That this territory has the most unbounded resources could easily be seen, if space would admit of the enumeration of its mineral resources, and as well as from the annual report of its products from all sources. Those figures although correct, could not convince any person more plainly than the exhibit made in the fine large car of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway company, which is now visiting (for the benefit of farmers) the various towns and cities in Ontario. A brief description of this elegant

PRODUCE EXHIBITION CAR

may not be out of place.

Upon entering the car from either end, one cannot help feeling he has suddenly entered a conservatory arrayed in the most artistic manner, wreaths of corn, wheat, tobacco leaf and many grains and grasses, are woven and interwoven around roof and sides, in a thorough and artistic manner, bouquets of all styles made from earth's fruits are scattered around most profusely, until one can scarcely believe he is not attending the exhibit of a French school of vegetable cookery, preparatory to the cooking process. One of the most notable ornaments in the car is a large bell hung in the centre of the car the lower part of which is made of wheat, corn rye, grasses, etc., and the upper part of corn and vegetables, for a clapper or hammer, a fine clapper-shaped squash is hung in the centre by a blue ribbon, under this bell a prize in money will be given to the loving couple who will join in the bonds of matrimony.

A FEW GOOD THINGS TO SEE.

Corn in twelve varieties, including pop corn and the Dent corn, of which some very fine samples are shown, the Flint corn cobs, measuring sixteen inches in length. Radishes of the size of large rats and similarly

United Kingdom and Canada	17,574
Scandinavian countries	17,869
German empire	7,262
Russia	6,493
All other foreign countries	2,597
Total	51,795

The increase in population in one year, from 1881 to 1882, was 43,354. With such an increase in population any person would think the answer to all false reports a pretty plain one, for not only has the population of Dakota increased but it is found that under the liberal homestead and other laws of the United States its "free lands" are rapidly being disposed of. The report shows that of 15,669,848 acres of public lands entered under the various acts during the period above mentioned, not less than 4,568,919 acres or nearly one-third were disposed of in Dakota alone. Of the total acreage of 6,347,729, entered under the homestead act in twenty-four states and territories 2,187,415, or more than one third was taken up in Dakota, and that under the timber act more than one-half of the 2,609,797 acres disposed of were entered in this territory. The rapid growth of this territory is mainly due to the energy, enterprise and business push of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., which has run its rails in all directions through the territory, and which does not hesitate to run forty and fifty miles of a branch track when accommodation is wanted. Particularly is this noticed at Roscoe. The company has a regular emigration bureau attached to its service, and keeps regular travelling agents to attend to the wants of emigrants alone. No person not employed by the company is allowed in or around the company's emigration offices or railroads, and its system of detectives very soon ferret out any persons desirous of playing tricks upon emigrants. Mitchell and Aberdeen are the two great headquarters for the emigrants where the company's offices are situated. The company's produce exhibition car has been in Ontario under the direct supervision of M. H. Mercer of the emigration department of the road and Mr. Wallace Heafford, Canadian passenger agent of the company.—*Toronto World, t 27th, 1883.*

For descriptive pamphlets and other matter of interest regarding Dakota or the North-west Territories, send letter or postal to *Wm. Wallace Heafford, Canadian Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, 28 Front Street, East, Toronto, Ontario,* who will cheerfully furnish you by return mail.

A SMART MAN

is one who does his work quickly and well. That is what Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" does as a blood-purifier and strengthener. It arouses the torpid liver, purifies the blood, and is the best remedy for consumption, which is scrofulous disease of the lungs.

"I'm going to board," was what the log remarked on entering the saw mill.

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN

are made pallid and unattractive by functional irregularities which Dr. Pierce's

Kidneys, Liver
THE BEST
There is only or
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For Diabetes a
DIABETES CURE
For sale by all d
H. H. W
Toronto, Ont., Ro
PECTORIA! Pecto
for Coughs, Colds, Br
Hoarseness, and all af
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Cough. 25 cents per
have tried Pectoria;
keepers sell it.
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For a three ce
Co., Kingston, O
27 hand colored
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valuable to every
William Penn
Haven't you hea
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Safes, Flumes, Tanks,
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tistic manner, wreaths of corn, wheat, tobacco leaf and many grains and grasses, are woven and interwoven around roof and sides, in a thorough and artistic manner, bouquets of all styles made from earth's fruits are scattered around most profusely, until one can scarcely believe he is not attending the exhibit of a French school of vegetable cookery, preparatory to the cooking process. One of the most notable ornaments in the car is a large bell hung in the centre of the car the lower part of which is made of wheat, corn rye, grasses, etc., and the upper part of corn and vegetables, for a clapper or hammer, a fine clapper-shaped squash is hung in the centre by a blue ribbon, under this bell a prize in money will be given to the loving couple who will join in the bonds of matrimony.

A FEW GOOD THINGS TO SEE.

Corn in twelve varieties, including pop corn and the Dent corn, of which some very fine samples are shown, the Flint corn cobs, measuring sixteen inches in length. Radishes of the size of large rats and similarly shaped, turnips, carrots and rutabaga in endless variety, the Little Queen, Mother Hubbard, Turban, Scollop and other varieties of squashes. The pumpkin display was very fine, $30 having been offered for one sample of sweet pumpkins. In the potatoe department the Early Ohio was the most prominent, not a single potato weighed less than two pounds, some of them running to three pounds; there were the Snow Flake, White Elephant, White Star, Peach Blow, Burbank, Seedling, Western Red, and Victor. The display of grasses, Prairie red top, five feet in height, Blue joint, seven feet in height, Slough grasses and other varieties are woven in all directions as well as standing in the sheaf. Sweet potatoes and tobacco grown at Yanktown, timothy, clover, onions of several varieties, including the Weathersfield, Yellow Denver, Silver Skin, and Early Red, some very fine citrons, watermelons and crab apples. One long, clean looking cotton wood tree, about 20 feet long, attracts unusual attention ; it was planted two years ago from a slip, and is now 3½ inches in diameter, which clearly shows the speed with which a young plant will quietly increase in value. Some very fine samples of timber grown from seed are displayed in many varieties, including sott maple, box elder, white ash, cotton wood, and apple, samples of Okra, Martinua, hops, parsnips, and cucumbers of two varieties.

THE GRAIN DISPLAY

is particularly fine, both in sheaves and bottles, and many varieties are shown, particularly the Dakota, No. 1 hard, Mediterranean Spring, and other early wheat grown around Yankton are very conspicuous. Both black and white oats are displayed, and among the latter are some exceedingly fine samples of White Russian, Flax seed, buckwheat, rye, barley, peas and berries can be found in another department, and also samples of fine, white flour from Chamberlain and ground at the mills of J. F. Sisson & Co. Sorghum or sugar cane and broom corn of great length decorate the roof of the car, and are interwoven with small sheafs of wheat cut at full length. On the bottom of the car are some very fine samples of Sioux Falls granite. The stone is compact and polishes to a high degree and is used in the erection of the finest structures at St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn. The finest

1883.

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BEAUTIFUL WOMEN

are made pallid and unattractive by functional irregularities which Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will infallibly cure. Thousands of testimonials. By druggists.

Coke and Blackstone are supposed to be the legal authorities most consulted by coal dealers.

YOUTHFUL INDULGENCE

In Pernicious Practices pursued in Solitude, is a most startling cause of Nervous and General Debility, Lack of Self-Confidence and Will Power, Impaired Memory, Despondency, and other attendants of wrecked manhood. Sufferers should address, with three letter postage stamps, for large illustrated treatise, pointing out unfailing means of perfect cure, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

Small half face veils are either red or black.

☞ In the Diamond Dyes more coloring is given for 10 cts. than in any 15 or 25-cent dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors.

"We are going to have a mild winter, Mrs. Varley ; every body says so," remarked Mrs. Seaton. Mrs. Varley merely acknowleged the information with an "Ah," but when Mrs. Seaton had gone she turned to her companion and said : "You know what that remark means, don't you? Her husband's too stingy to buy her a new set of furs."

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High coiffures are again in favor.

Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops. The prescription of an old Canadian Practitioner. The best remedy for the Lungs, in large bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere

Of all the actions af a man's life, his marriage least concerns other people ; yet, of all actions of his life, it is most meddled with by other people.

keepers sell it.

The strange sun
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For a three cent
Co., Kingston, Ont
27 hand colored sa
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valuable to every

William Penn
Haven't you heard
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BEST BOI

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9x8, 10x3, 6x2½, 7x2½, 8x2

☞ SEND

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Dominion Lir

Running in connec
Railway of Canada.
Saturday during the
Portland every alte
winter months.

Ontario, Dec. 2
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Rates of passage:
according to steam
return, $90, $110,
and comfortably hea
$40. Steerage, $24.
in steamers mark
where but little mo
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DAVID

10 PER CENT
tweeds make
goods are worth
ladies' ulsters. A
Street, Toronto.

10 PER CENT.
black silks, th
you only 90 cents
all goods marked in
35 Colborne Street,

10 PER CENT.
Jersey blanke
see our Dunganno
only $1.95, or $1.75,
allowed on all parc
A. B. FLINT, 35 C

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dry-goods, inc
goods marked in
for cash only, A. B.
Toronto.

10 PER CENT.
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10 PER CENT.
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CLIMATE, STORMS AND RAINS.

So much has been said in respect to the blizzards and heavy storms that are claimed for Dakota that a few statistics will not be amiss, and the reader should bear in mind that on account of the vastness of the territory a great difference will be found to exist between the region north of the 47th parallel and that south of it. In southeastern Dakota, the climate in many respects resembles that of Indiana, Ohio, Iowa and southern Minnesota, with a greater number of sunny, and a less number of rainy days. The summers are agreeable, and little inconvenience is experienced from heat, owing to the prairie breezes which prevail during the warmer months. The fir is pure and dry in summer, clear and bracing in winter, and affords remarkable relief to persons suffering from incipient consumption, etc. Malarial diseases are wholly unknown. The winters are not severe, and the climate during the whole year compares more than favorably with the states before mentioned. From the tabulated statement of the signal office at Washington for a period covering 87 years, it is found that not a single cyclone has touched this territory whilst other states and territories have suffered 600 tornadoes, particularly in Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Ohio and Indiana. That this territory has become a favored one for farming there is no doubt, and that Canadians have found it particularly so will be shown by the following returns made in 1880:

dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors.

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Of all the actions af a man's life, his marriage least concerns other people; yet, of all actions of his life, it is most meddled with by other people.

During the thick fog the other evening Gom Gom took a poor blind man by the hand and led him to his door. Telling the story to a friend on the following day, he cried:—"It is terrible to be blind in such a fog."

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollors, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator, Restaurant suppled with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel tha at any other first-class hotel in the city.

Harrison, the "boy" preacher, it is said, will spend Christmas with his grandchildren.

A. P. 157.

THE QUEEN'S

LAUNDRY BAR

ASK FO IT and TAKE NO OTHER.

Beware of Imitations.

TRADE MARK. Made by The Albert Toilet Soap Co

MATTHEWS BROS. & CO., 93 YONGE Street, Toronto. Mail prepaid, assorted packages of beautiful Christmas and New Year Cards.

25 cards, assorted,	mostly small,	$ 25
25 cards, assorted,	medium,	50
25 cards, assorted,	larger,	1.00
25 cards, assorted,	fine,	2.00

No two cards alike. Cash to be sent with order.

$100,000 TO LOAN

on first-class farm property at lowest rates. Farmers will save money by applying by mail direct to me,

E. E. KNOTT,

48 Adelaide St., East, Toronto.

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10 PER CENT. O
black silks, that
you only 90 cents; o
all goods marked in p
35 Colborne Street, T

10 PER CENT.
Jersey blankets
see our Dungannon
only $1.95, or $1.75, n
allowed on all parcel
A. B. FLINT, 35 Colb

10 PER CENT.
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TRADE MARK.

THE ELLIS S

Every owner of on
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announce that we w
express (on receipt o
return charges): $6.
Medicated Food, $1;
2 boxes Large Co
Worm Powders,
1 box Colic Powder,
50c.—$6.50. J. H. W
N.Y., says: "We
Cure in our stables fo
it on the following
Splints, curbs, ring b
swelled ankles, also
general stable linime
have ever used." Fo
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sheet music, bound
Names of Vocal pie
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the Morning; My L
Adieu, Dear Home;
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popular dance musi
Operas, Marches, &c.,
handsome new Chro
the Lord's Prayer an
post-paid for 25c. As
send free 10 Christm
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You get all the above
1 doz. for $2.00. Cu
order.

JAS. LEE &

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FOR THE

Kidneys, Liver, and Urinary Organs.

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER.

There is only one way by which any disease can be cured, and that is by removing the cause—wherever it may be. The great medical authorities of the day declare that nearly every disease is caused by deranged kidneys or liver. To restore these, therefore, is the only way by which health can be secured. Here is where **WARNER'S SAFE CURE** has achieved its great reputation. It acts directly upon the kidneys and liver, and by placing them in a healthy condition drives disease and pain from the system. For all Kidney, Liver, and Urinary troubles; for the distressing disorders of women; for Malaria, and physical troubles generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes ask for **WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.**

For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,

Toronto, Ont., Rochester, N.Y., London, Eng.

PECTORIA! Pectoria Pectoria! the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat or Chest. Pectoria loosens the phlegm and breaks up the Cough. 25 cents per Bottle. Don't give up until you have tried Pectoria; all Druggists and General Storekeepers sell it.

The strange sunsets of the past few evenings have doubtless been caused by the efforts of the sun to set himself by standard time.

For a three cent stamp, Wilson Chemical Co., Kingston, Ont., will send to any address 27 hand colored samples of Triangle Dyes, with directions for use and other information valuable to every house-wife.

William Penn came of a hard family. Haven't you heard of the "Pirates of Penn's aunts?"

BEST BOILER PLATE,

For sale low, the following sizes, suitable for Boilers, Safes, Flumes, Tanks, &c., &c., 5-16 inch thick, 6x3, 8x3, 9x8, 10x3, 6x2½, 7x2½, 8x2½, 9x2½.

SEND FOR PRICES

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THE INDUSTRIAL UNION

Provides $2.50 to $10.00 a week in case of sickness or accident, at a cost of from $0.75 to $3.00 per quarter. For particulars enclose stamp to the secresary, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

THE LILY

is a perfect gem, equal to an imported French Corset; fits like a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured only by

THE CROMPTON CORSET CO.,

78 YORK STREET, TORONTO.

DO NOT ALLOW YOUR CHILDREN TO grow up deformed or crippled, but call and examine our appliances for the treatment of Club Feet, and Diseases of the Spine, Hip, Knee and Ankle. Remember the world is progressing, and more can be done to-day than at any former period. We also manufacture Artificial Limbs, Trusses, and appliances for the relief and cure of all kinds of deformities. Will show at Toronto, Guelph and London Exhibitions. AUTHORS & COX, 91 Church St., Toronto.

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Leather Belting!

70 King Street, East, Toronto

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. en for Price Lists and Discounts.

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Quebec, Montreal, and Liverpool,

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For lowest rates and all particulars apply to

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ELM CITY HARNESS OIL

BASED ON NEATS FOOT OIL.

Is the finest harness dressing made. It softens an preserves the leather, and gives it a fine finish. Ask your saddler for it.

F. F. DALLEY & CO.,

HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

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Write to the Author if you wish.

Andrew Dinsmore, the well-known agriculturist of Grey County, Ont., one of the most extensive importers and breeders of thoroughbred stock, who resides on his fine stock-farm near Thornbury, writes: For over ten years I suffered intensely with dyspepsia and waterbrash, my life was one of misery. I procured advice and medicine from the best physicians in Canada, without benefit; my case was said to be incurable. I then gave a fair trial to almost every patent medicine recommended. None, however, relieved me until I tried *Hoffman's German Bitters*, the first dose gave me instant relief, it appeared to go to the right place, soothing and healing the soreness. I am able to eat almost anything I desire now. A fifty cent bottle has been worth thousands me.

100 BEAUTIFUL 10C.

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H. H. WARNER & CO.,

Toronto, Ont., Rochester, N.Y., London, Eng.

PECTORIA! Pectoria Pectoria! the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat or Chest. Pectoria loosens the phlegm and breaks up the Cough. 25 cents per Bottle. Don't give up until you have tried Pectoria; all Druggists and General Storekeepers sell it.

The strange sunsets of the past few evenings have doubtless been caused by the efforts of the sun to set himself by standard time.

For a three cent stamp, Wilson Chemical Co., Kingston, Ont., will send to any address 27 hand colored samples of Triangle Dyes, with directions for use and other information valuable to every house-wife.

William Penn came of a hard family. Haven't you heard of the "Pirates of Penn's aunts?"

BEST BOILER PLATE,

For sale low, the following sizes, suitable for Boilers, Safes, Flumes, Tanks, &c., &c., 5-16 inch thick, 6x3, 8x3, 9x8, 10x3, 6x2½, 7x2½, 8x2½, 9x2½.

SEND FOR PRICES

Copland & McLaren,

Corner Wellington & Grey Nun Sts., Montreal.

Dominion Line of Steamships.

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every alternate Thursday during the winter months.

Ontario, Dec. 27.	***Sarnia, Jan. 17.**
Toronto, Jan. 3.	**Montreal, Jan. 24.**
Dominion, Jan. 10.	***Oregon, Jan. 31.**

Rates of passage: Cabin, Portland to Liverpool according to steamer and berth, $50, $60, $70, return, $90, $110, $130; all outside rooms and comfortably heated by steam. Intermediate $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent, or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal.

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10 PER CENT. OFF OUR DOLLAR tweeds makes the price 90 cents; these goods are worth $1.50, and make beautiful ladies' ulsters. A. B. FLINT, 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

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10 PER CENT. OFF OUR CELEBRATED black silks, that is our dollar silk will cost you only 90 cents; our $1.50, silk only $1.35; all goods marked in plain figures. A. B. FLINT, 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

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10 PER CENT. OFF OUR ALL-WOOL Jersey blankets; our $4.50, blanket for $4; see our Dungannon coverlets, weight 7 lbs., only $1.95, or $1.75, net cash; this discount is allowed on all parcels of one dollar and over. A. B. FLINT, 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

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For lowest rates and all particulars apply to
Sam. Osborne & Co., 40 Yonge street Toronto.

ELM CITY HARNESS OIL

BASED ON NEATS FOOT OIL.

Is the finest harness dressing made. It softens and preserves the leather, and gives it a fine finish. Ask your saddler for it.

F. F. DALLEY & CO.,
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AN CKNOWLEDGEMENT

Write to the Author if you wish.

Andrew Dinsmore, the well-known agriculturist of Grey County, Ont., one of the most extensive importers and breeders of thoroughbred stock, who resides on his fine stock-farm near Thornbury, writes: For over ten years I suffered intensely with dyspepsia and waterbrash, my life was one of misery. I procured advice and medicine from the best physicians in Canada, without benefit; my case was said to be incurable. I then gave a fair trial to almost every patent medicine recommended. None, however, relieved me until I tried *Hoffman's German Bitters*, the first dose gave me instant relief, it appeared to go to the right place, soothing and healing the soreness. I am able to eat almost anything I desire now. A fifty cent bottle has been worth thousands to me.

---

100 BEAUTIFUL SONGS. 10C.

A new collection, embracing a number of the most popular songs of the day. Among them are, We Never Speak as we Pass By;—Over the Garden Wall,—Kerry Dance,—Warrior Bold,—Blue Alsatian Mountains,—Only a Blossom from her Grave,—Three Old Maids of Lee,—Flirting in the Starlight,—Grandmother's Old Easy Chair,—Don't Drink my Boy To-night, and 90 others, comprising Home songs, Comic Songs, Sentimental songs, Children's songs, etc. All are printed on nice paper, and are bound in a book with colored cover. Remember, we send the entire collection of 100 Songs for only 10c., three books for 25c., 1 doz., 75; 1c. or 2c. stamps taken.

JAMES LEE & CO, Montreal, P.Q.

THE SPLENDID STEAMERS
OF THE
WHITE STAR LINE

Are all of them without exception among the **Largest and Fastest** of Ocean Steamers. They were constructed with special reference to the conveyance of passengers, and for **Safety, Comfort or Speed,** are unexcelled. They are specially noted for the regularity of their rapid passages in all weather. The steerage accommodations are of the highest order, the ventilation perfect: and every provision has been made for the comfort and protection of the passengers. In addition to the total and absolute separation of the single men and women, except on deck, the married compartment has been so remodelled and arranged that every married couple or family has a little private room to itself.

For particulars apply to the company's agents at all towns in Ontario or to T. W. JONES, General Agent, 23 York street. Toronto.

CONSUMPTION!

Asthma, Bronchitis, Throat Diseases, and Catarrh.

mond Dyes more coloring is
, than in any 15 or 25-cent
give faster and more brilliant

ing to have a mild winter,
very body says so," remark-
. Mrs. Varley merely ac-
information with an "Ah,"
Seaton had gone she turned
ion and said: "You know
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A New Treatment whereby a
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of stamp. A. H. Dixon &
St. West, Toronto 'Canada.

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ne man who is going to build
a lot.
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es are again in favor.

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lian Practitioner. The best remedy
large bottles at 50 cents. For sale

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thick fog the other evening
a poor blind man by the
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id on the following day, he
terrible to be blind in such a

Important.

sit or leave New York City
Expressage and Carriage Hire,
ND UNION HOTEL, opposite
Depot. 450 elegant rooms,
ost of one million dollors, re-
upwards per day. European
Restaurant suppled with the
rs, stages and elevated rail-
ots. Families can live better
t the Grand Union Hotel tha
t-class hotel in the city.

"boy" preacher, it is said,
ristmas with his grandchil-

A. P. 157.

THE QUEEN'S

LAUNDRY BAR

ASK FO IT and TAKE
NO OTHER.

Beware of Imitations.

Made by The Albert Toilet Soap Co

S BROS. & CO., 93 YONGE
Toronto. Mail prepaid, assorted
autiful Christmas and New

sorted, mostly small, $ 25
sorted, medium, 50
sorted, larger, 1.00
sorted, fine, 2.00
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property at lowest rates. Farmers
applying by mail direct to me,

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TRADE MARK.

THE BEST

HORSE REMEDIES

are those made by

THE ELLIS SPAVIN CURE CO

Every owner of one or more horses can save a large amount of time and money by having on hand a good supply of Ellis's Horse Remedies, and to supply a general demand we would announce that we will send the following by express (on receipt of the money, or C.O.D. and return charges): $6.50 for $5. 1 box, 12 pounds Medicated Food, $1; 2 bottles Spavin Cure, $2; 2 boxes Large Condition Powders, $1; 2 boxes Worm Powders, $1; 1 box Heave Powder, 50c.; 1 box Colic Powder, 50c.; 1 box Hoof Ointment, 50c.—$6.50. J. H. Whitson & Son, 24th Street, N.Y., says: "We have used Ellis's Spavin Cure in our stables for two years and have tried it on the following with perfect success: Splints, curbs, ring bones, bunches on the neck, swelled ankles, also quincy, sore throat, and for general stable liniment it is the best article we have ever used." For further particulars, free books, etc., write to

ELLIS SPAVIN CURE COMPANY,
Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.;
or 276 Fourth Avenue, New York

$11.90
—FOR—
25c.

Extraordinary Bargain.

On receipt of only 25c we will mail, postpaid, 34 pieces comprising 48 pages of full size sheet music, bound together in one volume. Names of Vocal pieces:— All on account of Eliza; A Warrior Bold; The Country Lad; Nancy Lee; Chorus of Charity Girls; Drummer's Song; The Judge's Song; The Love-Sick Boy; Whoa Emma; Two Bad Men; Man in the Moon; Johnny Morgan; The Gleaners; Torpedo and the Whale; I Saw Her in the Violet Time; Five O'Clock in the Morning; My Love She's but a Lassie Yet; Adieu, Dear Home; Dame Babble; and 15 pieces of Instrumental Music, comprising new and popular dance music, selections from different Operas, Marches, &c., &c. All the above and our handsome new Chromo Lithograph in colors of the Lord's Prayer and 10 Commandments, sent post-paid for 25c. As a holiday offer we will also send free 10 Christmas Cards, 50 money making receipts and a pack of Age Cards. Order quick. You get all the above for 25c, or 5 lots for $1.00; 1 doz. for $2.00. Cut this out and return with order.

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Are all of them without exception among the **Largest and Fastest** of Ocean Steamers. They were constructed with special reference to the conveyance of passengers, and for **Safety, Comfort or Speed,** are unexcelled. They are specially noted for the regularity of their rapid passages in all weather. The steerage accommodations are of the highest order, the ventilation perfect: and every provision has been made for the comfort and protection of the passengers. In addition to the total and absolute separation of the single men and women, except on deck, the married compartment has been so remodelled and arranged that every married couple or family has a little private room to itself.

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Asthma, Bronchitis, Throat Diseases, and Catarrh.

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M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D., M.C.P.S.O.,
PROPRIETOR.

Our system of practice is by Medicated Inhalations, combined with proper constitutional remedies. Over 40,000 cases treated during the past 18 years.

If impossible to call perso ally for an examination, write for list of Questions and a copy of our new Medical Treatise. Address, ONTARIO PULMONARY INSTITUTE, 274, 276 and 278 Jarvis Street, Toronto, Ontario.

FUN AND MYSTERY

ENDLESS AMUSEMENT FOR ONLY 30 CTS.

Have you seen it? The greatest collection o Games, Cards, Tricks, Puzzles, Songs, etc., ever offered for anything like the money. AMUSEMENT FOR A WHOLE SEASON, for the old or young. Our NEW BUDGET contains the following; Heller's Conjuring Pack: the Mystic Oracle: Guide to Flirtation: 10 new Evening Games: Set of "Hold to Light Cards;" 1 Set Colored Chromo Cards: the Star Puzzle; 25 Ways to Get Rich; the "13" Puzzle; 5 Beautiful Face Pictures; Language of Jewels and Flowers; 101 Selections for Autograph Albums; 11 Popular Songs with Music; 13 New Tricks in Magic; Pack of Fun and Comic Cards; 1 Chinese Block Puzzle; the Roman Cross Puzzle; Great $5 Prize Puzzle; 1 set Transformation Pictures, change color right before your eyes, and Games of Fortune.

ALL FOR 30 CENTS, IN ONE OR TWO CENT POSTAGE STAMPS. By mail, postpaid. Two Packages for FIFTY CENTS, five for ONE DOLLAR. Send at once and get the greatest bargain ever offered. Return this with order to avoid mistake.

JAS. LEE & CO., Montreal, P. Q.

OAKLAWN FARM,

The Greatest Importing and Breeding Establishment in the World.

PERCHERON HORSES

WORTH $2,500,000.00

Imported from France and Bred since 1872, by

M. W. DUNHAM,
Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois,

35 miles West of Chicago on C. & N.-W. R'y.

Prices low for quality of stock, and EVERY STALLION GUARANTEED A BREEDER.

390 Imported the Past Three Months.
consisting of finest animals, with choicest pedigrees Registered in the Percheron Stud Book of France and the Percheron Stud Book of the United States.
Write for Free Illustrated Catalogue

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store.
Napanee.

W. D. MADDEN

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Xmas Goods

—EVER EXHIBITED IN NAPANEE.—

Call and See His 5c. and 10c. Counters.

THEY WILL ASTONISH YOU.

PRANG'S COMPLETE LINE OF

'Xmas and New Year's Cards.

The Finest in the World.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

Next Door to F. W. Smith's.

W. D. MADDEN.

NOTICE.

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

OF CANADA.

Lines are now open for comunication or messages to Deserento and Kingston.

For particulars see Subscriber's Directory or apply

W. D. MADDEN,
Agent.

HUGH BAKER, Manager Ontario Department.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JAN. 4, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

sgned by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

—The express trains on the Grand Trunk have been delayed by the recent snow storm.

—Mr. C. Fessenden contributed a well written letter to Tuesday's Mail on the University question.

—A number of young people from Napanee and Newburgh attended the Bachelor's Ball at Sydenham Friday night.

—The firemen are arranging for an oyster supper to be given in a couple of weeks, of which due notice will be given in our next issue.

—C. E. Bartlett keeps the best of fresh butter and eggs, green apples, etc., all cheap.

—C. M. Church. Sabbath, Jan. 6th—Rev. M. L. Pearson will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m.

—The case against Amey, charged with indecent assault upon his daughter, was dismissed on Friday last by the Mayor, the daughter not appearing against him.

—Mrs. Maria Platt, of Picton, mother of Dr. Platt, M. P., died on Christmas day at the advanced age of 72 years. She was a most estimable lady.

—At a meeting of members of the old Division Grange held last Saturday it was decided to defend the actions brought by L. A. Carscallen and A. H. Roe against them.

—The evidence in the arbitration case over right of way of the railway through the Glass Works property is all in. It is expected that the award will be made in a week or two.

—Rev. Dr. Rice, President of the General Conference of the Methodist Church of Canada, will visit this county next week and will preach in the C. M. Church a week from Sunday evening.

—The collectors of the Decimal Fund of St. Mary Magdalene's Church acknowledge with very many thanks the generous donation of $25 from D. W. Allison, Esq., M. P.

—The heaviest snow fall within twenty-four hours that has taken place for years arrived on Thursday. The roads throughout the county are badly blocked. There are two feet of snow on the level.

—The Epiphany Festival of St. Mary Magdalene's Church will be held in the Opera House next Tuesday evening. Admission, 15c. The proceeds will be devoted to the Sunday School fund.

—A warrant was yesterday issued by the Mayor for the arrest of George Neilson on a charge of attempted rape on two little nieces, aged 10 and 5 years respectively. The information was laid by a neighbor, whose wife caught the scoundrel in the act.

—On your way to the post office or when at market leave your order for groceries at C. E. Bartlett's. It will be filled and delivered with neatness and dispatch.

—George Foster, who robbed Thompson's store at Harrowsmith, has been sent to the penitentiary for six years. The convict enters the institution for a third term. His proper name is James Jackson and his age 24. He has only been out of prison nine years during his lifetime.

—THE EXPRESS carrier boy returns thanks to the patrons of the paper for their liberal donations New Year's day. He prides himself on having had the most elaborate address ever issued in town, and one which though short, was crisp and to the point. He wishes all a happy and successful year.

—On Monday evening, Dec. 23rd, the members and friends of the Ameliasburg circuit presented their pastor, Rev. W. D. P. Wilson, with an elegant fur coat and a purse containing $50. Mr. Wilson ranks among the ablest and most devoted ministers in Prince Edward County, and is very popular on his circuit.

—The following officers of Argyle Lodge No. 212 were installed on Thursday evening:—R. Anderson, J. G. P.; Geo. Tugwell, N. G.; M. W. Scott, V. G.; Stewart Daly, R. S.; M. S. Madole, P. S.; D. McLiver, Treas.; M. Madole, R. S.; D. Woodward, W.; D. Henwood, C.; W. C. Scott, O. G.; L. Scott, I. G.; J. Walters, R. S. N. G.; R. J. Wales, L. S. N. G.; E. Wagar, R. S. V. G.; W. Scott, L. S. V. G.; H. Duncan, R. S. S.; — Burton, L. S. S.; Rev. Pearson, Chap.

—The following officers of Napanee Lodge of

☞ IMPORTANT TO THE S
lough, the celebrated Eur
can Physician, so famed
success in the treatment
chronic and lingering di
Napanee, professionally,
sulted at the Huffman Ho
January the 11th, to Thu
17th, 1884. Therefore all
do well to consult the Doc
restored to health and ha
See posted bills; also han
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New Read

Teachers are advised to
ing new readers, as the M
tion is considering the des
only one series.

Paying for a Sto

Summonses were yester
Mayor upon the applicati
Row, contractor, N., T
against Jonn Lowry, Da
Holmes, Eli Fry, L. Fox,
Walter Cook, all of Newb
entered upon the premise
Company on Christmas m
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Clark's Mills. They brok
the car and left it in a c
Mr. Row is determined
these depredations and wi
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men will find tampering w
a very serious matter.

A Successful Dramatic

A large and fashionable
the presentation of Sterli
comedy, "Checkmate,"
branch of the English Ch
new Opera House, Friday
piece was elegantly put o
was of a high order. A str
ly have recognized the cor
their playing being up to
fessional." The wardrobes
in exquisite taste and the
that could be desired. M
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of the character and won
proval of the audience; M
enson, as Mrs. Swandown
sumed the character of th
designing widow, with c
while Mrs. W. K. Pruyn
Boots, the strong-minded
both De Boots and his h
will, was a faithful rendit
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was not at his best, but
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ences have seen him do
Mr. Frank Hamilton, as
to provoke the laughter o
this he was eminently suc
as Major Wellington DeB
brave militia officer. Mr
ring, as Mr. Icebrook,
sustained the part most c
George Stevenson took
Fanny, the house maid, a
ing little girl he made. H

W. D. MADDEN.

NOTICE.

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

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Marriage Licenses

issued by W. D. MADDEN, Deputy-Issuer of marriage licenses. Office, Perry & Madden's Bookstore, Dundas-st.

ROUND TOWN.

Rev. R. J. and Mrs. Craig, of Deseronto, were presented on Saturday last with $55 and a fine collection of music.

C. E. Bartlett sells the finest un colored Japan tea for 50c.

A tweed cape found at the entrance of the Campbell House yard can be obtained by the owner by applying at this office.

C. E. Bartlett is still selling 20 pounds of those splendid raisins for $1.00.

The Presbyterian Sunday School anniversary, which was to have been held last evening, was on account of the storm postponed till next Tuesday evening.

You can buy all kinds of vegetables by the peck or bag at C. E. Bartlett's.

M. E. Church, Sabbath, Jan. 6th. The pastor will preach both morning and evening. A sermon will be preached to young people in the evening. Mr. Akroyd will sing a solo at the evening service.

The Saved Army had a "Salvation Free and Easy" and watch-night service Monday night. There was a large attendance, and at the close the members, headed by the band, marched to the station and saw Capt. Atkins off.

Mrs. Henry Wartman, who was in the stage at the time it collided with a Grand Trunk R.R. engine at the Cataraqui crossing, is improving. On Friday last she was removed from Dr. Bingham's to her home at Glenvale. She was taken out in a large sleige, the mattress she was lying upon being transferred from the bed to it.

The members and adherents of the Presbyterian Church in this town are reminded of the annual meeting of the congregation appointed to be held in the basement of the church on the evening of Wednesday, the 9th inst., at 7:30. The usual reports for the last year will be submitted, and the general business of the congregation considered. The congregation as a whole is respectfully requested to be present.

The M. E. Church is now engaged in raising $30,000 for their Superannuated Preachers' Fund. A convention was held on Wednesday evening in the M. E. Church here to arrange a plan of action for the Napanee District. Rev. H. W. Williams, P. E., was elected chairman, and A. L. Morden, Esq., Secretary. Deputations were appointed and a vigorous canvass is to be made at once.

Isaac Powley, Cataraqui, recently killed on

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—The following officers of Napanee Lodge of Oddfellows No. 86 were installed on Thursday evening of last week:—James Garrett, J. P. G.; W. N. Boyle, N. G.; T. Symington, V. G.; G. M. Beeman, R. S.; A. L. Morden, P. S.; J. J. Perry, Treas.; A. Hosey, W.; N. A. Stacey, C.; G. C. Baker, R. S. N. G.; Peter Dorec, L. S. N. G.; H. Savage, R. S. V. G.; W. York, L. S. V. G.; A. Benn, R. S. S.; W. Hosey, L. S. S.; J. I. Martin, O. G.; J. Wheeler, I. G.; W Rankins, C.

Entrance Examination.

The following is a list of the successful candidates for entrance to the High School, with the number of marks obtained out of a possible 620:—

Anderson, Thos.	366
Card, William	306
Fraser, Aubin M.	294
Hawley, Styles	302
Kidd, Joseph A.	366
Milligan, Rockwell M.	315
Perry, William H.	396
Phelan, Eddie D.	322
Snider, Reddie L.	349
Smith, Henry Cecil	344
Taylor, William J.	329
Tugwell, Stephen H.	385
Wilson, James A.	333
Allison, Annie	294
Brown, Elizabeth	322
Bogart, Chloe Adda	290
Bogert, Carrie	374
Bartels, Augusta H.	363
Craig, Lizzie	282
Crysdale, Edith	334
Cunningham, Maria	313
Cavanagh, Alice	308
Cadman, Ella M.	348
Daly, Birdie	338
Dunbar, Matilda M.	394
Grange, Hattie M.	371
Henderson, Josephine	324
Huffman, Cassie	330
Huff, Eva V.	295
Killorin, Maggie A.	305
Laird, Della F.	329
Lowry, Catharine E.	333
Lemmon, Anna	282
Pearson, Lillian	302
Rose, Grace H.	331

Of the foregoing, 16 were from Napanee Model School.

Personals.

Mr. A. B. Dunning, of Toronto, is spending the holidays in town.

—Mr. S. McL. Detlor is, we regret to learn, suffering from severe illness.

—Miss Annie Fox, of Lindsay, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Meagher, this week.

ly have recognized the comp
their playing being up to th
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in exquisite taste and the
that could be desired. Mr
as Mrs. Featherly, the dev
wife, gave an all but perfe
of the character and won th
proval of the audience; Mr
enson, as Mrs. Swandown,
sumed the character of the
designing widow, with cha
while Mrs. W. K. Pruyn'
Boots, the strong-minded f
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sermon will be preached to young people in the evening. Mr. Akroyd will sing a solo at the evening service.

The Saved Army had a "Salvation Free and Easy" and watch-night service Monday night. There was a large attendance, and at the close the members, headed by the band, marched to the station and saw Capt. Atkins off.

Mrs. Henry Wartman, who was in the stage at the time it collided with a Grand Trunk R.R. engine at the Cataraqui crossing, is improving. On Friday last she was removed from Dr. Bingham's to her home at Glenvale. She was taken out in a large sleige, the mattress she was lying upon being transferred from the bed to it.

The members and adherents of the Presbyterian Church in this town are reminded of the annual meeting of the congregation appointed to be held in the basement of the church on the evening of Wednesday, the 9th inst., at 7:30. The usual reports for the last year will be submitted, and the general business of the congregation considered. The congregation as a whole is respectfully requested to be present.

The M. E. Church is now engaged in raising $30,000 for their Superannuated Preachers' Fund. A convention was held on Wednesday evening in the M. E. Church here to arrange a plan of action for the Napanee District. Rev. H. W. Williams, P. E., was elected chairman, and A. L. Morden, Esq., Secretary. Deputations were appointed and a vigorous canvass is to be made at once.

Isaac Powley, Cataraqui, recently killed on the Grand Trunk Railway, was a peculiar man. He made considerable money, but never invested it, and generally hid it in outlandish places. He told one person that he had bored a hole in the ratter of his barn and put his cash into it. To another he hinted that a pail of money was buried in a field. The members of his family have not been informed of these hiding places, consequently are now unable to find the money.

The Sunday School entertainment on Tuesday evening in the M. E. Church of this town was the most successful held for years. There were fully five hundred present, including the Sabbath School children. A very carefully prepared programme was first presented. Mr. H. V. Fralick, superintendent of the school, presided, supported by the pastor and Rev. Mr. Young. After the conclusion of the admirable programme refreshments were served in the basement. We congratulate the church on the success of their entertainment.

—On Friday morning last the tender and a box car loaded with ties went off the Napanee & Tamworth RR. at Yarker, tearing up the track for about 50 feet. The tender and the car were damaged. The accident took place at a cattle pass half a mile from Yarker, in passing over which it is supposed the tender broke and spread the track. The fireman had a narrow escape. He was on the tender and was thrown into the ditch. The tender caught one corner of the box car, which kept it from falling upon him. The engine belonged to the Grand Trunk and the box car to the Great Western.

—Summary of attendance in the Napanee Public Schools for December, 1883:—

	No. on Reg.	Av. at-tend.	Greatest No. pres.	Av. at-tend.
WEST WARD.				
Miss Aylsworth	53	46	49	686
" Fraser	64	55	59	821
" Ballantyne	76	64	67	899
" Walsh	66	61	65	889
" Mair	49	43	46	561
Mr. Bowerman	46	41	45	533
Total	355	291		4103
EAST WARD.				
Jas Smith	72	54	62	817
" Detlor	54	44	50	657
" Anderson	52	39	43	569
Jr. Black	55	46	49	663
Total	233	189		2706
Total for the town	587			7115

School open 15 days.

Rathbun's Strong Bakers or Crown Jewel pastry flour at C. E. Bartlett's

Edgwell, Stephen H.	289
Wilson, James A.	333
Allison, Annie	294
Brown, Elizabeth	322
Bogart, Chloe Adda	290
Bogert, Carrie	374
Bartels, Augusta H.	363
Craig, Lizzie	282
Crysdale, Edith	334
Cunningham, Maria	313
Cavanagh, Alice	308
Cadman, Ella M.	348
Daly, Birdie	338
Dunbar, Matilda M.	394
Grange, Hattie M.	371
Henderson, Josephine	324
Huffman, Cassie	330
Huff, Eva V.	295
Killorin, Maggie A.	305
Laird, Della F.	329
Lowry, Catharine E.	333
Lemmon, Anna	282
Pearson, Lillian	302
Rose, Grace H.	331

Of the foregoing, 16 were from Napanee Model School.

Personals.

Mr. A. B. Dunning, of Toronto, is spending the holidays in town.

—Mr. S. McL. Detlor is, we regret to learn, suffering from severe illness.

—Miss Annie Fox, of Lindsay, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Meagher, this week.

—Messrs. Cameron and Curlette left for their homes in New York city on Monday last.

—Miss Annie Price is spending the holidays in town with her sister, Mrs. J. F. Hawley.

Mr. Eber McCay, of Belleville, was renewing old acquaintanceships in town Christmas day.

Mr. D. C. Downey is a candidate for the Reeveship of Whitby with excellent prospects of success.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cooper and Miss Lizzie Cooper, of Kingston, are visiting with Mr. John Smith, Centre-st.

Mr. Willis Chipman, of Brockville, a former teacher in the High School here, is spending a few days in town with friends.

Mr. Thos. Jellett, of THE EXPRESS, spent Sunday and New Year's day in Belleville with his brother, Mr. John Jellett.

Mr. R. S. Neville, formerly of Napanee, has entered the law firm of Messrs. Beatty, Chadwick, Blackstone & Galt, Toronto.

Chas. R. Miller, Esq., left town on Friday last for New York city to spend a couple of months with his daughter, Mrs. (Rev.) Freshman.

Mr. W. E. Sills, of Kansas City, Mo., son of Mr. E. Sills, of Picton, was married to Nannie H. Brasher, of Louisville, Ky., and is down east on a wedding tour.

—Mr. Griffidus Mann, of Ottawa, chief agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Co., of Hartford, Conn., was in town this week establishing an agency. Mr. A. H. Allison was appointed local agent. It is an old and reliable Co., and the rates are very low.

—Sir R. J. Cartwright is in town on business in connection with his estate. A large number of his former constituents here availed themselves of his presence to extend their congratulations on his election for South Huron. Sir Richard never stood higher in the esteem of the people of Lennox than he does to-day.

If you are bilious or have indigestion, sick headache or dizziness, try Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, used instead of pills; they cure constipation. Price, 25c. per bottle. For sale by all druggists. 84.

On Oath.

In another place you will see advertisement of Starr Kidney Pad with the following references who swore as to the cures the Pad has made. Trueman Jackson Camden East, James Pike, Wm. Fralick, A. Walker, Enterprise, John A. Fraser, James Johnston, S. T. Bongar, Geo. and Jas. Summers, D. E. Rose Tamworth. There are thousands of others. Write to the above, enclosing stamp for reply. 49—3 mos.

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By order of the Quarterly C
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Nov. 10, 1883.

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☞ IMPORTANT TO THE SICK.—Dr. McCullough, the celebrated European and American Physician, so famed for his unrivalled success in the treatment and cure of all chronic and lingering diseases, will visit Napanee, professionally, and may be consulted at the Huffman House from Friday, January the 11th, to Thursday, January the 17th, 1884. Therefore all so afflicted would do well to consult the Doctor at once and be restored to health and happiness. N. B.—See posted bills; also hand bills and circulars for testimonials. 8-2

New Readers.

Teachers are advised to delay in introducing new readers, as the Minister of Education is considering the desirability of having only one series.

Paying for a Stolen Ride.

Summonses were yesterday issued by the Mayor upon the application of Mr. M. C. Row, contractor, N., T. & Q. Railway, against Jonn Lowry, David Lowry, Wm. Holmes, Eli Fry, L. Fox, Jacob Detlor and Walter Cook, all of Newburgh, for having entered upon the premises of the Railway Company on Christmas night and placing the hand-car on the track running it to Clark's Mills. They broke several parts of the car and left it in a demoralized state. Mr. Row is determined to put a stop to these depredations and will therefore make an example of these parties. The young men will find tampering with railway cars a very serious matter.

A Successful Dramatic Entertainment.

A large and fashionable audience greeted the presentation of Sterling Coyne's pretty comedy, "Checkmate," by the dramatic branch of the English Church Union, in the new Opera House, Friday evening last. The piece was elegantly put on and the acting was of a high order. A stranger would hardly have recognized the company as amateurs their playing being up to the average "professional." The wardrobes of the ladies were in exquisite taste and the scenic effects all that could be desired. Mrs. J. E. Herring as Mrs. Featherly, the devoted but injured wife, gave an all but perfect representation of the character and won the unanimous approval of the audience; Mrs. E. S. D. Stevenson, as Mrs. Swandown, successfully assumed the character of the fascinating and designing widow, with charming piquancy; while Mrs. W. K. Pruyn's Mrs. Major De Boots, the strong-minded female who ruled both De Boots and his home with an iron will, was a faithful rendition of a somewhat difficult part. Mr. J. S. Robinson, in the role of Mr. Featherly, everybody's friend, was not at his best, but still he left little wanting in his representation. Napanee audiences have seen him do much better. To Mr. Frank Hamilton, as usual, fell the lot to provoke the laughter of the audience and this he was eminently successful in doing as as Major Wellington DeBoots, the would-be brave militia officer. Mr. James L. Herring, as Mr. Icebrook, the bashful lover, sustained the part most creditably. Master George Stevenson took the character of Fanny, the house maid, and a most bewitch-

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THE USUAL WIN

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All winter goods now
reductions.

Call and see some of
You have a good opport
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WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

THURSDAY, DEC. 27.

—General Grant this morning in leaving his residence, New York, fell on the sidewalk and was seriously injured. He is recovering.

—Yesterday a span of horses ran away at Battersea, striking Fergus Jordan and fatally injuring him.

—A two-year-old child of Mr. Bladon, of St. Thomas, while attempting to shave himself with a razor cut a frightful gash in his cheek 5 inches long.

—The Eastern Dairymen's Association will meet in Peterboro' next month.

—McBride, the Buffalo dynamiter, has aroused the antagonism of his fellow invincibles and was missing last evening.

FRIDAY, DEC. 28.

—The Bishop of Ontario firmly but respectfully declines to interfere in the case of Rev. Dr. Wilson. The Dean asked for his approval of the recall of the Doctor on condition that he severed his connection with the Army.

—This morning the steamer Maud started for Cape Vincent from Kingston, and among the passengers were several who wanted to see Mowat, the runaway contractor. The Maud got as far as Four Mile Point. There a heavy sea was encountered. The waves dashed over the craft, heavily coating her with ice. She had to return.

—Geo. Wheeler, a young man who came out from Oxford, England, last spring, is believed to have committed suicide. His valise, with clothes and papers, has been found in the woods on the bank of the river near Canifton. The woods were searched yesterday, but no traces were found of the missing man.

—On Christmas night a man named John Kennedy, of Stirling, committed suicide by taking

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Concert and Presentation of Colors.

The new Opera House was only half filled Saturday evening at the Saved Army concert. This was disappointing to the committee who had at considerable expense provided an especially good bill of entertainment. The proceeds lacked $5 of the expenses. But the people who turned out enjoyed the entertainment all the same. The opening exercises were conducted by Capt. Atkins, after which Mr. Dennis Daly was called to the chair and delivered an appropriate address. The cornet band played an opening selection in excellent style and were frequent contributors during the evening. The programme consisted of singing by Miss Burton of Kingston, her rendition of "Where is Heaven?" being especially fine; Mesdames Mills and Garbut, Misses Briggs, Blair, Burton, Cook, McBean, and Mr. F. Tilley; an appropriate temperance reading by Mr. W. J. Black; addresses by Revs. Pearson and Card and Mayor James. The presentation of colors to the Napanee corps, No. 6, took place after the first part. The presentation was made by Capt. Aitkens of Cobourg in an appropriate speech and the banner was accepted by Lieuts. Lee and Ely on behalf of the corps, the whole company singing "We will Rally Round the Banner." The banner is of red with gold letters. A large cross in the centre is surmounted by a scroll bearing the words, "Victory or Death," and on each side are the letters "S" "A." Near the top on each side are the date of presentation and the No. of the corps. At the base of the cross are the words, "Jesus Bore the Cross for Me," and a scroll at the bottom reads, "We will Fight for the Lord Everywhere." The banner is carried by the corps at their outdoor parades. The concert was very enjoyable. It is to be hoped the Army's next effort in this direction will be more successful financially.

The Y. P. M. & L. Society.

This society, which has become one of the institutions of the town, held its regular meeting last Friday evening. There was a good attendance, the recitations, reading and musical performance were of a high order. The chair was occupied by Mr. Steward Daly, who discharged the duties of the office in a most creditable manner. The receipts were the largest taken this

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—On Christmas night a man named John Kennedy, of Stirling, committed suicide by taking paris green, from the effects of which he died the following Thursday night.

—On the 26th ult. Mrs. James Moon, of Toronto, was burned to death by her clothes taking fire from a coal oil lamp.

SATURDAY, DEC. 29.

—The French are said to have lost 1,000 men, killed and wounded, at the battle of Sontay.

—A man named Grant Silcox was murdered and robbed in his store, in the village of Middlemiss, Ont., last evening by two men.

—A suit for $10,000 damages against the Allen Steamship Company for causing the death of Mrs. Wm. Henderson, has been entered.

—It is expected that the Governor General will visit Toronto this month.

—A lunitic named Gouin, in Beauport Asylum for the insane, near Quebec, killed a fellow inmate named Martel, this morning.

—Messrs. George Walker and E. W. Rathbun, of Deseronto, have secured the patent from the Dominion Government for the manufacture of gas-block composed of sawdust and tar. The patent also covers the right of controlling the various processes by which gas may be made from this block.

—R. S. Mowat, the contractor, who left Kingston suddenly so soon after his marriage, has made an assignment, and will return.

MONDAY, DEC. 31.

Yesterday morning the St. Lawrence Hall at Brockville, was entirely destroyed by fire. The guests had a narrow escape. The loss is about $15,000.

—Mr. Lanigan, a dry goods merchant, of Ottawa, has caused the arrest of his pariner, Mr. Mauvet, on a charge of embezzlement; $2,000 are missing.

—Patrick Garritty, Toronto, a switchman, was badly crushed at that city last night by a Northern Railway train and died the next morning.

—Robert Smith, a G. T. R. employee at Toronto was crushed to death Saturday night by a snow plow.

—Miss E. A. Skimings, of Godrich, presented Sir Richard Cartwright, on Christmas, with a very neat and prettily designed Christmas and New Year's card and a pair of miniature snow shoes.

—The city of Baltimore is afflicted with an epidemic of measles, there being four hundred cases. Sixteen deaths occurred from the disease last week.

TUESDAY, JAN. 1.

—Mr. Church, cashier and superintendent for John Dwight & Co., New York, was assailed and knocked senseless yesterday by masked men and robbed of over $2,000.

—To-day the Midland Railway passed into the hands of the Grand Trunk Railway, which corporation takes possession and control of that road.

—Last night a man named Lee, a carter, with his horse was drowned at the foot of Barrack street, Kingston, while intoxicated. He seems to have driven upon the ice, over the ragged edge of which the animal and its driver passed to death. The head of the horse was seen under the water by a skater, and this afternoon the body of the unfortunate man was grappled for and recovered. This was the third occasion upon which Lee drove into the water.

A dynamite explosion occurred this afternoon on the Ontario and Quebec Railway, in the village of Ashburnham. The dynamite was used

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frequent contributors during the evening. The programme consisted of singing by Miss Burton of Kingston, her rendition of "Where is Heaven?" being especially fine; Mesdames Mills and Garbut, Misses Briggs, Blair, Burton, Cook, McBean, and Mr. F. Tilley; an appropriate temperance reading by Mr. W. J. Black; addresses by Revs. Pearson and Card and Mayor James. The presentation of colors to the Napanee corps, No. 6, took place after the first part. The presentation was made by Capt. Aitkens of Cobourg in an appropriate speech and the banner was accepted by Lieuts. Lee and Ely on behalf of the corps, the whole company singing "We will Rally Round the Banner." The banner is of red with gold letters. A large cross in the centre is surmounted by a scroll bearing the words, "Victory or Death," and on each side are the letters "S" "A." Near the top on each side are the date of presentation and the No. of the corps. At the base of the cross are the words, "Jesus Bore the Cross for Me," and a scroll at the bottom reads, "We will Fight for the Lord Everywhere." The banner is carried by the corps at their outdoor parades. The concert was very enjoyable. It is to be hoped the Army's next effort in this direction will be more successful financially.

The Y. P. M. & L. Society.

This society, which has become one of the institutions of the town, held its regular meeting last Friday evening. There was a good attendance, the recitations, reading and musical performance were of a high order. The chair was occupied by Mr. Steward Daly, who discharged the duties of the office in a most creditable manner. The receipts were the largest taken this season. A good committee has charge of the preparation for this evening, and intend offering the best programme yet presented. They should have a large attendance.

PARKS' CHURCH.

HAY BAY, Dec. 22, 1883.

We, the members of the Quarterly Conference of the Bay Circuit, in conference assembled, desire to express our regret that our pastor, the Rev. L. A. Betts, is still confined to his home.

It was unanimously resolved to assure him that his salary should be paid in full and that the work, as far as possible, should be kept up. And we pray for his speedy recovery and restoration to his work and family.

By order of the Quarterly Conference.

J. S. MAVETY,
Chairman.

THOS. ANDERSON,
Secretary.

MRS. ELIZABETH MASON—Dr. M. Souvielle & Co.: Gentlemen—Yours of last week to hand, and in reply to your enquiry I have much pleasure in stating that from the first time of using the spirometer and the medicine I have improved very much. The bronchitis has entirely left me. I sleep well and have a good appetite. I must also add, that coming to you as I did as a last resort, the cure effected has been wonderful. Gratefully yours, MRS. E. MASON.
Jarvis, Ont.

NOV. 10, 1883.

Call personally at the Institute and be examined, if possible, if not write for list of questions and copy of International News, published monthly to International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church-st., Toronto, or 13 Phillips Square Montreal, P. Q

Be Careful What You Eat.

The best medical authorities declare that worms in the human system are often induced by eating too freely of uncooked fruit and too much meat, cheese, etc. Whatever may be the cause, Freeman's Worm Powders are speedy and safe to cure; they destroy the worms and contain their own cathartic to expel them.

made an assignment, and will return.

MONDAY, DEC. 31.

Yesterday morning the St. Lawrence Hall at Brockville, was entirely destroyed by fire. The guests had a narrow escape. The loss is about $15,000.

—Mr. Lanigan, a dry goods merchant, of Ottawa, has caused the arrest of his pariner, Mr. Mauvet, on a charge of embezzlement; $2,000 are missing.

—Patrick Garritty, Toronto, a switchman, was badly crushed at that city last night by a Northern Railway train and died the next morning.

—Robert Smith, a G. T. R. employee at Toronto was crushed to death Saturday night by a snow plow.

—Miss E. A. Skimings, of Godrich, presented Sir Richard Cartwright, on Christmas, with a very neat and prettily designed Christmas and New Year's card and a pair of miniature snow shoes.

—The city of Baltimore is afflicted with an epidemic of measles, there being four hundred cases. Sixteen deaths occurred from the disease last week.

TUESDAY, JAN. 1.

—Mr. Church, cashier and superintendent for John Dwight & Co., New York, was assailed and knocked senseless yesterday by masked men and robbed of over $2,000.

—To-day the Midland Railway passed into the hands of the Grand Trunk Railway, which corporation takes possession and control of that road.

—Last night a man named Lee, a carter, with his horse was drowned at the foot of Barrack street, Kingston, while intoxicated. He seems to have driven upon the ice, over the ragged edge of which the animal and its driver passed to death. The head of the horse was seen under the water by a skater, and this afternoon the body of the unfortunate man was grappled for and recovered. This was the third occasion upon which Lee drove into the water.

A dynamite explosion occurred this afternoon on the Ontario and Quebec Railway, in the village of Ashburnham. The dynamite was used for loosening the earth for the construction of a culvert. Several men were seriously and one dangerously injured. Houses were shaken and windows shattered in the vicinity where the explosion took place

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 2.

—This morning Thomson & Avery's saw mill, at Sharbot Lake, was destroyed by fire. This is the second time this mill has been burned within six months. The loss is large. The premises were insured for $5,000.

—Detective Doyle, of Hamilton, was fined $50 and costs for accepting a note for $50 from a man named Malcolm.

—Augustus Blair, Kingston, while climbing over a fence last night got his foot caught between the gate post and the fence, falling backwards. He hung in this position for half an hour before he was discovered. He was released when on the eve of death. He was drunk at the time.

—Col. Rathbone, who killed his wife in Hanover and then attempted himself, is not expected to recover.

—Frances Campbell, daughter of a station master at Campbellton, N. B., dropped dead last night while dancing in a house of ill-repute in Montreal.

—At the inquest of the Middlemiss murder held at London to-day, damaging evidence was given against A. E. Wrightman, one of the men arrested, for the murder of Silcox last Friday night.

A Paralytic Stroke.

W. H. Howard of Geneva, N.Y., suffered with palsy and general debility, and spent a small fortune in advertised remedies, without avail, until he tried Burdock Blood Bitters. It purified and revitalized the blood, caused it to circulate freely, and quickly restored him to health.

—John R. Vert, Hamilton, says: "McGregor's Speedy Cure for Dyspepsia and Indigestion is cheap at fifty times the price asked for it. I am a commercial man, and travel continually, and would no more think of leaving home without a bottle of McGregor's Speedy Cure in my valise than I would of leaving my team at home and going on foot." Free trial bottles at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores. Regular size, fifty cents and one dollar.

PROVE

We C

Mens' Over
Mens' Suits

Mens' Und

Blank

WHO

LADIES if y
PARENTS b
MENS' LON

☛Our Stock

20 Yards of C

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Bring along y

TO THE ELE

WEST

Having been solici
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If elected I shall do a
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in particular.

Napanee, Decembe

JANUARY, 1884.

USUAL WINTER REDUCTIONS

—AT—

DOWNEY & CO'S.

winter goods now in stock will be sold at large
ions.

and see some of the bargains we are offering.
have a good opportunity now to secure reliable
cheap.

DOWNEY & CO.

NEWS CONDENSED.

URSDAY, DEC. 27.

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Dairymen's Association will
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night a man named John Ken-

Merry Christmas. **HURRAH!** Happy New Year.

FINEST DECORATONS IN CHRISTMAS GOODS AT

GRANGE & COULTER'S

Head Quarters for Baltimore Oysters.

Note our window and display of bon ton Confectionery, Oranges, Nuts, Figs, Dates, &c.

20 lbs RAISINS $1.00. EXTRA YOUNG HYSON TEA 5 lbs. FOR $1.00.

Japan Tea 25 Cents. All Groceries Equally Low.

GRANGE & COULTER.

NEW JEWELLERY STORE.

211 DUNDAS - ST.

(Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

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Mrs. James Moon, of Toronleath by her clothes taking lamp.

URDAY, DEC. 29.

said to have lost 1,000 men, at the battle of Sou[illegible]y.
Grant Silcox was murdered tore, in the village of Middlening by two men.
00 damages against the Allen ay for causing the death of n, has been entered.
at the Governor-General will nonth.
l Gouin, in Beauport Asylum Quebec, killed a fellow in- l, this morning.
Walker and E. W. Rathbun, secured the patent from the ent for the manufacture of d of sawdust and tar. The the right of controlling the by which gas may be made

e contractor, who left Kingsoon after his marriage, has rt, and will return.

NDAY, DEC. 31.

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NEW JEWELLERY STORE.

211 DUNDAS - ST.

(Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

A. A. BARTLETT

Having just opened his new stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE

FANCY GOODS, &c.

CORDIALLY INVITES THE INSPECTION AND PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC

New Goods and Low Prices.

All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully and Promptly Attended to.

A. A. BARTLETT

PROVE WHAT WE ADVERTISE

BY GIVING US A CALL.

We Cannot Nor Will Not Be Undersold!

Mens' Overcoats for $4 50, $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.50 and $14.00.
Mens' Suits for $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00.
These goods we will put against anything in the trade.
Mens' Undershirts and Drawers for 60 cents per Sett.

Blankets! Blankets! Blankets!

WHO WILL HAVE A PAIR OF OUR BLANKETS?

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Blankets! Blankets! Blankets!

WHO WILL HAVE A PAIR OF OUR BLANKETS?

LADIES if you want a stylish fitting Boot give us a call.
PARENTS bring your children to our store when you want boots.
MENS' LONG FELT BOOTS, high top, for $2.25. Who can beat it?

Our Stock of Ladies' Hats is Well Selected and Neatly Trimmed.

Mata says she can save her friends one dollar on a hat.

20 Yards of Cotton for $1.00; 20 Yards of Print $1; 20 Yards Wincey $1.

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CLOUDS ALL PRICES.

C. CUMMINS,

MAIN STREET, BATH

HEWING DOWN PRICES.

Read the following sample prices at

S. McLAUGHLIN'S

15 lbs. good Raisins	- - -	$1 00
5 " Young Hyson Tea	- -	00
6 " Japan Tea Siftings	- -	1 00
3 " extra value Sun-dried Japan Tea		1 00
Salt per large bag	- - -	80
Goderich Salt per bbl	- -	1 25

Avail yourself of this opportunity to get your winter supply of tea
Bring along your Butter, Partridges, &c., and get the best value in return.

S. McLAUGHLIN

TO THE ELECTORS
OF
WEST WARD.

Having been solicited by many ratepayers to stand for Councillor for West Ward, I beg to announce myself a candidate and solicit your votes and influence. If elected I shall do all in my power for the advancement of the interests of the town and of West Ward in particular.

Yours Respectfully,

CHARLES STEVENS.

Napanee, December 27th, 1883. 7-2

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW,

Beg to announce that they have had their

CLOVER DRESSER

Over hauled, repaired and improved, a new huller having been put in, and are prepared to do all work entrusted to them in a first-class manner or no pay.

Agency for L. D. SAWYER'S Threshers, Reapers and Mowers.

STORMS & SON.

NAPANE

.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPA

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - *Proprietor.*

ENGAGEMENTS:

JAN. 30TH.—I. O. O. F. Concert.

JAN. 25TH AND 26TH.—Tavernier & Day's New York Comedy Co.

THE EXPRESS

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE,

Two Doors West of P. Slaven & Co's.

The Finest Job Printing at Lowest Rates.

NEW PREMISES!
NEW MATERIAL!
BEST WORKMEN!

Get our estimates before giving orders.

Telephone Communication.

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Prop.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET.—The eastern shop in the new Opera House block. Suitable for a book and fancy goods store. Possession given at once. Apply to THOS. SYMINGTON 45

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

All debts due the firm known as Scott & Perry must be paid to N. W. Scott by the 15th of January, 1884, whose receipt shall be a guarantee to those indebted to us.

N. W. SCOTT.

Napanee, January 7th, 1884.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. For some years physician and surgeon Royal Caribou Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre streets, Napanee. 1-1y.

H. JAMES, M.D., M. C. P. S.—Dr. James devotes his attention to diseases of the lungs and all diseases of an acute or chronic nature, as well as those peculiar to females and children, also eye and ear, &c., &c. Office—Church street, Belleville, Ont. 46-1y.

FARM TO RENT OR SELL.—Containing 200 acres, Lot 11, 4th con, Ernesttown. A great

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE,

TWO NIGHTS ONLY

Friday and Saturday, January 25 and 26.

First time in Napanee of the Charming Young Actress,

IDA VAN CORTLAND

Supported by

Tavernier's New York Comedy Co!

In a first-class repertoire of New York and Boston Successes, comprising:

Two Nights in Rome,

CAMILLE,

Cora the Slave's Daughter.

Reserve your seats early and do not fail to see this strong attraction. Admission 25 and 35 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.

Reserved seats for sale at J. J. Perry's Drug Store.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, SASH, MOULDINGS, &c., &c.

Price of above Material Reduced

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

SOLICIT A CALL FROM ALL IN WANT OF THESE MATERIALS.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent, Napanee.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, the Twenty Third Day of February, A.D. 1884,

AT ONE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON, AT THE

TOWN HALL,

—IN THE—

TIM DALOONEY'S E

TIL A. H. ROE, ONARAB

Chief Broiber an' Blasphamer of tives av Lenniks:

In me last letther til ye I prami ye as til how ye'll conduct yerse at tha nixt sesshin av Parlamint ye'll be ankshis til hare fram n grate haste so as til save ye disth That ye may be able til see tha an' that tha whoale House may se be well fur ye til carry a footsto arm, an' whin ye git up til spake on yer footstool. 'Twod be a gra House an' tha conthra til miss say. Now, doan't ye furgit it. S ye out becase he wanted a sthro Mowat's mashin, an' av course tives av his roite footstool wod s he'd pick on. So yer only work presint is til brake Mowat's m wate fur further orders fram Sur must tell ye thare's only safe w Sthate mashin. Tha fust is, wh mint hiches on an gives tha w thin ivry onist Consarvative has but pull wod all his moit in tha tion, an' be that manes, if ye can make her run schlow an' hard f mint. Now de ye see tha impor min av wate loike yerself. Och, John knows fats nadid til stap S An' ounce av branes til a hundth brass is tha constatushin av a Consarvative brakesman. If yer be a dade bate at tha bisniss. strenth, ye kno'; an' in ordther til sess in pullin' agin tha Goverm ivry one be in tames. In tha ou father was a braker av horses an tha idea av mach tames runs in day. An' be Jiminy de ye knoe Yer name is Roe, an' in tha ould crathers av that name are tha dears that run tha farist; but dear thare is in yer name, so far Consarvative mimber has bin in I was in it. Well, in Kingstin gat some koind av a kalf as mim Med or Madkalf, an' it dosen't ma which. A good smart kalf av a well-bred Roe is a mach tame til tha differ in tha blate an' th minits wod Sur John or Merridit ye fram a shape til a goat. An' ber av Kingstin takes grate da burds too. Ye see if yer hitch Consarvative kalf fram Kingst Opposishin whip craks on ye an' pull, tha rusther fram Kingsti crowin' fur tha whoal company sishin, an' that same i'll save y hard blowin' an' it'll afford music House at tha same toime. But b has his raslin toes alang, as thar posishin crowin' in some corner an' it wodn't do fur tha reprasin pioty av Lenniks an' Kingstin til a back sate. Man dare but musi tha fast place whin nuthin' but game burds coud do it justice as

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FARM TO RENT OR SELL.—Containing 200 acres, Lot 11, 4th con, Ernesttown. A great bargain for a person that wishes to buy and a reasonable rent for anyone that would rather rent. Apply to S. V. PERRY, Napanee, or at this office. 48

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Napanee Cemetery Company for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of general business, will be held in the Council Room, in Napanee, on Monday, the 28th day of January, 1884, at 3.30 o'clock p.m.

(By Order of the President)

JOHN WEBSTER, Secretary.

Napanee, January 23rd, 1884. 11-1.

WANTED! WANTED!

5,000 HOOP POLES,

suitable for potash barrels, of the following timber, Ash, White Oak, Butternut, Hickory or Elm.

Will pay $3.00 per hundred for good poles, delivered at Gay ashery, and also will purchase good oak bolts suitable for riving. CHAS. STEVENS, Napanee.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

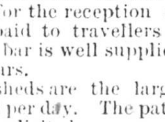
(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel)

P. McALPIN, Proprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas-st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON  DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas-st., Napanee.

GENERAL KEER'S

HIMALAYAN TEA.

Price of above Material Reduced

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

SOLICIT A CALL FROM ALL IN WANT OF THESE MATERIALS.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
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—OF—

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Saturday, the Twenty Third Day of February, A.D. 1884,

AT ONE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON, AT THE

TOWN HALL,

—IN THE—

TOWN OF NAPANEE,

the following valuable farm property:—

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the

North-Half of Lot Number Nine and the East Quarter of Lot Number Eight in Sixth Concession of the said Township of Camden,

containing one hundred and fifty acres more or less.

This farm is situated about three miles from Centreville. Upon the premises is erected a new frame house, also good frame barns.

Terms will be made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to

GIBSON & CLUTE,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Dated, January 22nd, 1884. 10-4.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

THE SURE CURE

FOR

KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
CONSTIPATION, PILES,
AND BLOOD DISEASES.

PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.

"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. P. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

"Kidney-Wort is always reliable."
Dr. R. N. Clark, So. Hero, Vt.

"Kidney-Wort has cured my wife after two years suffering." Dr. C. M. Summerlin, Sun Hill, Ga.

IN THOUSANDS OF CASES

it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, **CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION**, but harmless in all cases.

☞ **It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens and gives New Life** to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system. 2

PRICE, $1.00 LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Burlington Vt.

be a dade bate at tha bisniss. I strenth, ye kno'; an' in ordther til be sess in pullin' agin tha Govermin ivry one be in tames. In tha ould father was a braker av horses an' b tha idea av mach tames runs in me day. An' be Jiminy de ye knoe fat Yer name is Roe, an' in tha ould c crathers av that name are tha fr dears that run tha farist; but no dear thare is in yer name, so far ye Consarvative mimber has bin in Na I was in it. Well, in Kingstin be gat some koind av a kalf as mimbe Med or Madkalf, an' it dosen't matth which. A good smart kalf av any well-bred Roe is a mach tame an til tha differ in tha blate an' tha minits wod Sur John or Merridith ye fram a shape til a goat. An' th ber av Kingstin takes grate dalo burds too. Ye see if yer hitch'd Consarvative kalf fram Kingstin Opposishin whip craks on ye an' ye pull, tha rusther fram Kingstin crowin' fur tha whoal company a sishin, an' that same i'll save ye hard blowin' an' it'll afford musick House at tha same toime. But be s has his raslin toes alang, as thare posishin crowin' in some corner a an' it wodn't do fur tha reprasinta pioty av Lenniks an' Kingstin til h a back sate. Man dare but musint tha fast place whin nuthin' but a game burds coud do it justice as a tive? As I'm makin' that pius ren loike til ask ye, (as future punishmi lastin') how long cockfoiters an' g goin' til be punish'd, anyway? I arnist til foind that out; an' as ye k it, will ye let me kno by nixt mal approved way til stap Sthate mashi flate. This isn't a safe plan fur gre pecially fur thim that have belong parties in thare day. Tha plan is t self full av Consarvative gas; but is if thar's a spark av Grit fire in ye smitherenes, but if ye stand it yer v tha hare av ivry Grit til stand up lo tha porcupine.

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In spakin' in tha House be shure tha onars ye've won. In ordther ti stake out the ground fur ye fur t an, afther that ye'll foit yer own ba thin' ye'll say, Misdther Spakar, O tlemin, an' Gintlemin av tha Hou me a foile till oi spake wod ye. roite well that oi'm fram Sur John stoal an' am Sur John's choice an' t rasintative tha Consarvatives have niks. The hoiest atharaty in Thara ges oi kin do more broibin wod less any other man in Canada, barin' Su silf. Oi kin blasfame wod Ingorsol an' wroite a confeshin av fathe th any D. D. ye's kin produce. Oi kin shin as a freethinker an' if oi don't oi see it won't work oi'll drap it an' nixt toime as a balaver lookin' fur hart. Oi have a power av furgettin berin' anything jist as oi loike. Til ye's take tha case at Napanee C witnesses (an' some av thim C swore oi called Christ a bastard, powers not a thing did I kno a oi swore oi didn't say it. Oi wa Weeks at Strathroy tha other day *had tha hundred dallars fur tha broibery fund, but he was not all that he had it,* de'ye moind. This ent held be mesilf an' a few select John; a gift til undtherstand an' metafisicks av political economy eleckshins. Wodout this grate tal me frinds in Napanee thought me g gery whin oi swore oi niver used s about Christ. But, Sur John, an' tite, an' Elija tha profit av tha gra therstand me, roite well; an' so d fur it sed tha other day oi was tha Consarvatives at Lenniks. Now, this is tha platform oi stand on, mother's son av ye dare dispute me ye jist as oi threatened til handle Selby a year since, tho oi am tha tion in the Church av England an' fur a change av hart before tha nix

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel)

P. McALPIN, Proprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas-st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas-st., Napanee.

GENERAL KEER'S

HIMALAYAN TEA.

A high class Black Tea of rare quality and flavor, imported direct from India by Major General Keer of Toronto, in March last. For samples and prices apply to

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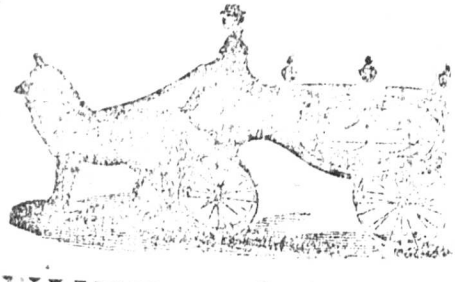
Sole Agent at Napanee

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW,



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PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.

"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. P. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

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IN THOUSANDS OF CASES

it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.

☞ It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system. 2

PRICE, $1.00 LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

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The Old Reliable

Flour, Feed

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bounds to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

FLOUR FEED and PROVISIONS

At Lowest Prices.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Just received a choice new stock of

General Groceries

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Company of London, Eng.

☞ GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,

BRISCO HOUSE BLOCK

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Now, me dare frind, if ye'll jist spach in tha House tha Male will call statesman fit fur tha thrasury binche an' its not long till ye'll be wod Sur J tawa, or a Q.C. or a jedge on the bir best wishes fur yerself an' death til t am a Liberal C.

Yer Frind,
TIM DA

VISIT TO NAPANEE.

The surgeons of the International T Lung Institute, offices at Montreal an will be at the Huffman House, Napa ruary 1st and 2nd, where physicians ers can consult them and test the ne new and wonderful instrument, the S invented by Dr. M. Souvielle, of Par Surgeon of the French Army, for t treatment of Asthma, Bronchitis, C tarrhal Deafness, Consumption in th second stages, and all diseases of the and lungs. Consultation free. For f ticulars, address International Throa Institute, 173 Church St., Toronto

Sure Signs.

Distress before or after eating, loss belching of wind, heart-burn, irregular a bowels, and nervous irritability are sure pepsia. The sure cure is Burdock Blo Procure and read testimonials.

Rest and Comfort to the Su

"BROWN'S Household Panacea" has relieving pain, both internal and externa Pain in the Side, Back and Bowels, S Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely Blood and Heal, as its acting power is "Brown's Household Panacea," being edged as the great Pain Reliever, and of strength of any other Elixir or Liniment world should be in every family hand f wanted, "as it really is the best rem world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Aches of all kinds," and for sale by a 25 cents a bottle.

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NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1884.

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Third Day of

1884,

TIM DALOONEY'S EPISTLE.

TIL A. H. ROE, ONARABLE M.P.P.

Chief Broiber an' Blasphamer of tha Consarvatives av Lenniks:

In me last letther til ye I pramis'd til insthruct ye as til how ye'll conduct yerself at Tharanta at tha nixt sesshin av Parlamint, an' as I kno ye'll be ankshis til hare fram me I'm makin' grate haste so as til save ye disthress av moind. That ye may be able til see tha whoale House, an' that tha whoale House may see yerself 't wod be well fur ye til carry a footstool undher yer arm, an' whin ye git up til spake ye kin stand on yer footstool. 'Twod be a grate lass til tha House an' tha conthra til miss one word ye'd say. Now, doan't ye furgit it. Sur John pick'd ye out becase he wanted a sthrong man til stap Mowat's mashin, an' av course tha Consarvatives av his roite footstool wod support anyone he'd pick on. So yer only work in Tharanta at presint is til brake Mowat's mashin an' thin wate fur further orders fram Sur John. But I must tell ye thare's only safe ways til stap a Sthate mashin. Tha fust is, whin tha Govermint hiches on an gives tha word til sthart, thin ivry onist Consarvative has nuthin' til do but pull wod all his moit in tha oppisit th'rection, an' be that manes, if ye can't stap her ye'll make her run schlow an' hard fur tha Govermint. Now de ye see tha importins av havin' min av wate loike yerself. Och, shure, its Sur John knows fats nadid til stap Sthate mashins. An' ounce av branes til a hundtherd pounds av brass is tha constatushin av a well ordthered Consarvative brakesman. If yer not that ye'll be a dade bate at tha bisniss. But union is strenth, ye kno'; an' in ordther til be a rale sucksess in pullin' agin tha Govermint, ye shoud ivry one be in tames. In tha ould conthra me father was a braker av horses an' be that manes tha idea av mach tames runs in me hade til this day. An' be Jiminy de ye knoe fat sthruck me? Yer name is Roe, an' in tha ould counthre tha crathers av that name are tha friskyist little dears that run tha farist; but no matther fat dear thare is in yer name, so far yer tha chapist Consarvative mimber has bin in Napanee since I was in it. Well, in Kingstin beyant, thave gat some koind av a kalf as mimber. Its ather Med or Madkalf, an' it dosen't matther a haporth which. A good smart kalf av any koind an' a well-bred Roe is a mach tame anywhare. As til tha differ in tha blate an' tha voice, foive minits wod Sur John or Merridith woud change ye fram a shape til a goat. An' thin tha mimber av Kingstin takes grate daloite in game burds too. Ye see if yer hitch'd up wod tha Consarvative kalf fram Kingstin, whin tha Opposishin whip craks on ye an' ye make a big pull, tha rusther fram Kingstin kin do tha crowin' fur tha whoal company av tha Opposishin, an' that same i'll save ye a power av hard blowin' an' it'll afford musick til tha whoal House at tha same toime. But be sure tha burd has his raslin toes alang, as thare moite be opposishin crowin' in some corner av Tharanta

COUNTY COUNCIL.

January Session.

The January session of the County Council opened at the council room, in the Court House, on Tuesday afternoon last. The following members presented their credentials and took their seats:—

ADOLPHUSTOWN—N. Mallory, Reeve.
AMHERST ISLAND—Capt. Polly, Reeve.
BATH—W. D. Ball, Reeve.
CAMDEN—B. Lloyd, Reeve; E. H. Perry and F. H. Reid, Deputy Reeves.
ERNESTTOWN—John Sharp, Reeve; Messrs. Davis and Johnston, Deputy Reeves.
FREDERICKSBURGH, NORTH—Irvine Parks, Reeve; J. C. Carscallen, Deputy Reeve.
FREDERICKSBURGH, SOUTH—J. W. Diamond, Reeve.
KALADAR, &c.—F. Bosley, Reeve.
NAPANEE—U. Wilson, Reeve; Thos. G. Carscallen, Deputy Reeve.
NEWBURGH—C. Files, Reeve.
DENBIGH, &c.—C. Lane, Reeve.

The only members absent were Mr. Leonard Wagar, Reeve, and Mr. Brown, Deputy Reeve of Sheffield.

THE CLERK called the Council to order and asked the members to elect a Warden, which, upon motion, was proceeded with, by ballot, Messrs. W. F. Hall and F. Burrows assisting in the count.

Before the vote was taken Mr. Files announced that he was not a candidate for the Wardenship.

The ballot resulted as follows: B. C. Lloyd 12; R. S. Dennison, 4; John Sharp, 2; Capt. Polly, 1.—19.

THE CLERK announced Mr. Lloyd duly elected and he was escorted to the chair by Mr. Dennison and the oath of office was administered by His Honor Judge Wilkison.

Messrs. Wagar and Brown entered and took their seats.

THE WARDEN then addressed the Council returning thanks for the honor conferred upon him, which he considered was enhanced by a provision of the McCarthy Act which constitutes him a member of the Board of License Commissioners. He pointed out that it would be necessary to provide for $40,000 debentures which are nearly due—$20,000 in August and $20,000 in February of next year. It would be necessary to float new debentures to retire the old. In conclusion, he suggested that the Council make their appropriations at this session and ob-

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In spakin' in tha House be shure til mantane tha onars ye've won. In ordther til do this oi'll stake out the ground fur ye fur tha fust day, an, afther that ye'll foit yer own battles. Fust, thin' ye'll say, Misdther Spakar, Onorable Gintlemin, an' Gintlemin av tha House, listin' til me a foile till oi spake wod ye. Ye's all kno roite well that oi'm fram Sur John's roite footstoal an' am Sur John's choice an' tha best reprasintative tha Consarvatives have got in Lenniks. The hoiest atharaty in Tharanta acknaliges oi kin do more broibin wod less money than any other man in Canada, barin' Sur John himsilf. Oi kin blasfame wod Ingorsol one minnit an' wroite a confeshin av fathe tha nixt wod any D. D. ye's kin produce. Oi kin run an eleckshin as a freethinker an' if oi don't suckseed an' oi see it won't work oi'll drap it an' run it tha nixt toime as a balaver lookin' fur a change av hart. Oi have a power av furgettin' or ramemberin' anything jist as oi loike. Til prove it til ye's take tha case at Napanee Coort. Seven witnesses (an' some av thim Consarvatives) swore oi called Christ a bastard, but be tha powers not a thing did I kno about it, an' oi swore oi didn't say it. Oi was jist loike Weeks at Strathroy tha other day who said, *he had tha hundred dallars fur tha Consarvative broibery fund, but he was not allowed til kno that he had it*, de'ye moind. This is a rare talent held be mesilf an' a few select frinds av Sur John; a gift til undtherstand an' manage tha metafisicks av political economy in runnin' eleckshins. Wodout this grate talent some av me frinds in Napanee thought me gilty av purgery whin oi swore oi niver used sich language about Christ. But, Sur John, an' Uria tha hittite, an' Elija tha profit av tha grace pot, undtherstand me, roite well; an' so dis tha Male, fur it sed tha othër day oi was tha darlin av tha Consarvatives at Lenniks. Now, gintlemen, this is tha platform oi stand on, an' if any mother's son av ye dare dispute me oi'll handle ye jist as oi threatened til handle Hawley at Selby a yearsince, tha oi am tha third

Burrows assisting in the count.

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COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was then read from the committee of the Toronto U. E. Loyalists' centennial celebration with reference to said celebration. Laid on the table.

From Mr. I. J. Lockwood, asking to be appointed County Clerk.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Lane, the communication was ordered to be filed until the seat was declared vacant.

From the clerk of the County of Simcoe, asking the co operation of the Council in memorializing the House of Commons in support of Mr. McCarthy's railway bill. Referred to a committee composed of Messrs. Files, Polly and Reid.

The annual return of the County Registrar was submitted and ordered to be filed.

On motion, the Council proceeded to elect by ballot a committee of seven to draft the standing committees for the year. The ballot resulted in the choice of the following:—Messrs. Files, Reid, Sexsmith, Wilson, J. C. Carscallen, Lane and Davis.

THE CLERK asked for two days' leave of absence to attend to his parliamentary duties at Toronto, stating that his son would do the work during his absence.

On motion of Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Sexsmith, leave was granted.

On motion, the Council adjourned till Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Council met at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment.

The minutes of yesterday were read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Sexsmith, that the communication with reference to the U. E. Loyalist Centennial celebration be referred to a committee composed of Messrs. Sharp, Parks and Denison.—Carried.

The committee appointed to strike the standing committees for the present year reported as follows:—

FINANCE.—Uriah Wilson, Chairman; D. W. Ball, Secretary; Messrs. John C. Carscallen, Chester Files and James Lane.

COUNTY PROPERTY.—T. G. Carscallen, Chairman; John Sharp, Secretary; Messrs.

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rasintative tha Consarvatives have got in Lenniks. The hoiest atharaty in Tharanta acknaliges oi kin do more broibin wod less money than any other man in Canada, barin' Sur John himsilf. Oi kin blasfame wod Ingorsol one minnit an' wroite a confeshin av fathe tha nixt wod any D. D. ye's kin produce. Oi kin run an eleckshin as a freethinker an' if oi don't sucksced an' oi see it won't work oi'll drap it an' run it tha nixt toime as a balaver lookin' fur a change av hart. Oi have a power av furgettin' or ramemberin' anything jist as oi loike. Til prove it til ye's take tha case at Napanee Coort. Seven witnesses (an' some av thim Consarvatives) swore oi called Christ a bastard, but be tha powers not a thing did I kno about it, an' oi swore oi didn't say it. Oi was jist loike Weeks at Strathroy tha other day who said, *he had tha hundred dallars fur tha Consarvative broibery fund, but he was not allowed til kno that he had it*, de'ye moind. This is a rare talent held be mesilf an' a few select frinds av Sur John; a gift til undtherstand an' manage tha metafisicks av political economy in runnin' eleckshins. Wodout this grate talent some av me frinds in Napanee thought me gilty av purgery whin oi swore oi niver used sich language about Christ. But, Sur John, an' Uria tha hittite, an' Elija tha profit av tha grace pot, undtherstand me, roite well; an so dis tha Male, fur it sed tha other day oi was tha darlin av tha Consarvatives at Lenniks. Now, gintlemen, this is tha platform oi stand on, an' if any mother's son av ye dare dispute me oi'll handle ye jist as oi threatened til handle Hawley at Selby a year since, tho oi am tha third generation in the Church av England an' am lookin' fur a change av hart before tha nixt eleckshin. At prisint oi'm hare til tell ye's from Sur John that "*Mowat must go*," fur be japers since Mowit was in power not a Consarvative got offis worth a haporth. File we are tha *Liberal Consarvatives* an' are throyin' til hould tha onar av our name be liberal supplies at eleckshins, at tha same toime we are kept out in tha could an' not allowed til touch tha grace pot wod a little finger. Is thare any wondther oi'd be a zalous supporter av Sur John, fur if he was not in Ottawa til sustane tha cause tha name *Liberal Consarvative* wold be dragged in tha dust, fur how could we be liberal wodout funds?

Now, me dare frind, if ye'll jist make that spach in tha House tha Male will call ye a risin' statesman fit fur tha thrasury binches any day, an' its not long till ye'll be wod Sur John in Ottawa, or a Q.C. or a jedge on the binch. Wod best wishes fur yerself an' death til tha Grits, oi am a Liberal C.

Yer Frind,
TIM DALOONEY.

VISIT TO NAPANEE.

The surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute, offices at Montreal and Toronto, will be at the Huffman House, Napanee, February 1st and 2nd, where physicians and sufferers can consult them and test the merits of the new and wonderful instrument, the Spirometer, invented by Dr. M. Souvielle, of Paris, ex-aide Surgeon of the French Army, for the special treatment of Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Consumption in the first and second stages, and all diseases of the nose, throat and lungs. Consultation free. For further particulars, address International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church St., Toronto.

Sure Signs.

Distress before or after eating, loss of appetite, belching of wind, heart-burn, irregular action of the bowels, and nervous irritability are sure signs of Dyspepsia. The sure cure is Burdock Blood Bitters. Procure and read testimonials.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"BROWN'S Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back and Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world should be in every family hand for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and for sale by all Druggists 25 cents a bottle. 14-1y

THE CLERK asked for two days' leave of absence to attend to his parliamentary duties at Toronto, stating that his son would do the work during his absence.

On motion of Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Sexsmith, leave was granted.

On motion, the Council adjourned till Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Council met at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment.

The minutes of yesterday were read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Sexsmith, that the communication with reference to the U. E. Loyalist Centennial celebration be referred to a committee composed of Messrs. Sharp, Parks and Denison.—Carried.

The committee appointed to strike the standing committees for the present year reported as follows:—

FINANCE.—Uriah Wilson, Chairman; D. W. Ball, Secretary; Messrs. John C. Carscallen, Chester Files and James Lane.

COUNTY PROPERTY.—T. G. Carscallen, Chairman; John Sharp, Secretary, Messrs. Robt. Denison, Leonard Wagar and John Johnston.

ROADS AND BRIDGES.—Thos V. Sexsmith, Chairman; Benjamin Davis, Secretary; Messrs. Jas. Reid, Wm. Brown and Francis Bosleay.

EDUCATION AND PRINTING.—J. B. Diamond, Chairman; Capt. Polley, Secretary; Messrs. Irvine Parks, Edward Perry and N. W. Mallory.

It was moved that the report be adopted.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Parks, seconded by Mr. Polley, that the Council go into committee of the whole on the report.

Mr. Parks pointed out that North Fredericksburgh was not represented on the Road and Bridge Committee, while in other years it had a representative.

The vote was then taken without discussion and resulted in the original motion being carried upon the following division:—Yeas—Messrs. Parks, Perry, Polley, Sharp, Mallory and Johnston; Nays—Messrs. Wilson, Reid, Sexsmith, T. G. Carscallen, J. C. Carscallen, Ball, Bosleay, Davis, Lane, Files, Diamond, Wagar, Brown, Denison and Lloyd.

Moved by Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Brown, that a committee composed of Messrs. Files, Lane and Sharp be appointed to report with reference to the sureties of the County Treasurer.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Denison, seconded by Mr. Johnston, that Messrs. John Sharp and J. M. Parrott be appointed a Board of Audit for the present year.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Diamond, seconded by Mr. Polley, that Dr. A. K. Aylsworth and Mr. Sharp be appointed a Board of Audit for the present year.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Mr. Files, seconded by Mr. Reid, that W. N. Doller and Dr. A. K. Aylsworth be appointed a Board of Audit for the present year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Parks, seconded by Mr. Files, that Mr. W. F. Hall be appointed Trustee to the Napanee High School.—Carried unanimously.

A petition was read from Cornelius Car-

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EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

DAY, JANUARY 25, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 11.

UNTY COUNCIL.

January Session.

ry session of the County Coun- the council room, in the Court nesday afternoon last. The fol- bers presented their credentials ir seats:—

OWN—N. Mallory, Reeve.
SLAND—Capt. Polly, Reeve.
D. Ball, Reeve.
. Lloyd, Reeve; E. H. Perry and Deputy Reeves.
N—John Sharp, Reeve; Messrs. nston, Deputy Reeves.
SBURGH, NORTH—Irvine Parks, Carscallen, Deputy Reeve.
SBURGH, SOUTH—J. W. Diamond,

tc.—F. Bosley, Reeve.
U. Wilson, Reeve; Thos. G. Car- y Reeve.
—C. Files, Reeve.
c.—C. Lane, Reeve.

embers absent were Mr. Leonard e, and Mr. Brown, Deputy Reeve

t called the Council to order the members to elect a War- upon motion, was proceeded lot, Messrs. W. F. Hall and F. sting in the count.

vote was taken Mr. Files an- he was not a candidate for the

resulted as follows: B. C. Lloyd mison, 4; John Sharp, 2; Capt.

t announced Mr. Lloyd duly e was escorted to the chair by and the oath of office was ad- y His Honor Judge Wilkison. agar and Brown entered and ats.

EN then addressed the Council nks for the honor conferred up- h he considered was enhanced n of the McCarthy Act which m a member of the Board of missioners. He pointed out be necessary to provide for atures which are nearly due— gust and $20,000 in February It would be necessary to float es to retire the old. In con-

roll, stating that his mare's leg was broken by a hole in the bridge on the road between Roblin and Selby, and asking damages to the amount of $183.—Referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Moved by Mr. Perry, seconded by Mr. Parks, that there be no meeting of this Council until June.--Left over till to-morrow.

Moved by Mr. Files, seconded by Mr. Perry, that Mr. Henry Finkle be appointed Trustee to the Newburgh High School.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned till 2 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Council met at 2 o'clock, p.m.

Moved by Mr. BROWN, seconded by Mr. REID, that the members of this Council receive $1.25 per day for each session of this Council.—Lost.

Moved by Mr. FILES, seconded by Mr. BALL, that the matter of the Councillors' salary be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. BOSLEAY, seconded by Mr. BROWN, that the Finance Committee investigate the matter of back taxes due the different municipalities and report at the March session as to what steps should be taken to sell the lands for back taxes.—Carried.

Mr. SHARP brought in the report of the special committee on the U. E. Loyalist celebration to be held in Toronto in June next, recommending that the Clerk acknowledge the receipt of the communication and reply that a similar demonstration is proposed to be held here next summer, and ask the co-operation of the Toronto Committee.—Adopted.

Mr. POLLEY brought in the report of the special committee on the memorial to the Government asking to have railway freight charges adjusted.—Adopted.

Moved by Mr. LANE, seconded by Mr. FILES, that it is incumbent on the members of this Council to avail themselves of the authority vested in them to compel the removal of rail fences on the leading roads in this county, as the inconvenience from snow is intolerable.—Lost.

The WARDEN being called away on business the chair was at his request taken by Capt. Polley.

pairs to Court House and gaol, $6 67; A. W. Grange, sundries, $15.63; J. W. George, to pay carter for drawing wood, 45c.—All referred to the Committee on County Property.

Moved by Mr. Perry, seconded by Mr. Parks, that as the Council have determined to hold a meeting in March, that the salary of councillors be reduced to $2 per day.

Considerable discussion arose as to the advisability of reducing the indemnity, in which a general opinion was expressed that $2 a day was not sufficient to pay the expenses of members while here, especially those from a distance. Some, however, maintained that $3 a day was too much, and as a growing opinion was prevalent among almost all the ratepayers of the county that the councillors were getting extravagant they thought it advisable to reduce the pay. In the midst of the discussion a motion was made to adjourn till 2 p. m., which was carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council resumed at 2 p. m. pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. SEXSMITH presented the first report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges, which recommended that on the account of Mr. Cornelius Carroll for damage to his mare on the county road back of Selby, amounting to $130, the sum of $108 be granted, and in case that sum is refused, that a defence be entered in court. After a lengthy discussion the report was adopted.

Messrs. Henwood, Gibbard and Wallace, members of the Street Committee of Napanee Council appeared as a deputation. Mr. Henwood, chairman, stated that the swing bridge was in such a bad condition that it was necessary to have a new structure. The bridge had been repaired from year to year until it was almost composed of patches, and last year it had nearly been carried away by the spring freshet, and it was doubtful if it would stand much longer. It could be rebuilt for from $800 to $1,000, and as the bridge was as much used by the people of the country as the town people, he asked a liberal appropriation towards its reconstruction.

Messrs. Gibbard and Wallace also made

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COMMUNICATIONS.

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of the Toronto U. E. Loyalists'
celebration with reference to said
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Ir. I. J. Lockwood, asking to be
County Clerk.

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communication was ordered to be
the seat was declared vacant.

he clerk of the County of Simcoe,
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Mr. McCarthy's railway bill. Re-
committee composed of Messrs.
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ubmitted and ordered to be filed.

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committee of seven to draft the
committees for the year. The bal-
d in the choice of the following:—
iles, Reid, Sexsmith, Wilson, J. C.
, Lane and Davis.

ERK asked for two days' leave of
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Moved by Mr. LANE, seconded by Mr. FILES, that it is incumbent on the members of this Council to avail themselves of the authority vested in them to compel the removal of rail fences on the leading roads in this county, as the inconvenience from snow is intolerable.—Lost.

The WARDEN being called away on business the chair was at his request taken by Capt. Polley.

Moved in amendment by Mr. MALLORY, seconded by Mr. PARKS, that this matter be laid over until the March session.—Lost.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. SHARP, that the matter be referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges to report at the March session.—Carried.

Council adjourned till 10 a.m. to-morrow morning.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

A communication was read from Mr. Sheriff Pruyn, stating that his private office had never been furnished. When he wanted to take a person to his private office he had to take them into a room without even a chair. After having served eighteen years he thought he was not asking too much of the council to furnish it—Referred to the Committee on County Property.

Moved by Mr. Perry, seconded by Mr. Parks, that there be no session of this Council until the month of June.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Sexsmith that whereas, there is a difference of opinion as to the advisability of doing away with the March session, and as debentures are due, amounting to $40,000, which will have to be provided for, that the matter be referred to the Warden and the Finance Committee to call a March session, if they think it advisable.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Mr. Polly seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the March session be held, in consequence of the large amount of debentures due and to be provided for.

Mr. Wilson said that the money would have to be provided and some of the debentures would have to be sold by June, and in order to deal more fully with such an important question he thought it would not be proper to do away with the session.

Mr. REID was satisfied to leave the matter in the hands of the Warden and the Finance Committee. He thought they were capable of judging what action was best.

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AFTERNOON SESSION.

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Messrs. Gibbard and Wallace also made some remarks which were in substance the same as what Mr. Henwood had said.

Chief Allen stated that the bridge had cost the town from $100 to $300 each year to keep it in repair, and it was necessary to have a new bridge. In answer to an enquiry as to the original cost of the bridge he said that it was built by subscription, and as much of the timber was given by private persons he could not tell how much it cost. The contractor received $1,400 for his work.

Mr. PARKES moved, seconded by Mr. WILSON, that the matter be referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.—Carried.

The Reeve of Adolphustown brought in the report of the special road money expended in that township for the year, amounting to $139.43.—Referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

The WARDEN stated that he had a petition from Napanee Town Council with reference to a home for the poor, which was referred at the December session to a committee composed of Messrs. Lloyd, Doller, Herring and T. G. Carscallen, but the committee had had no time to attend to it. He placed it before the Council to do with it as they wished.—Filed.

Moved by Mr. BALL, seconded by Mr. DIAMOND, that the Treaurer be requested to report the amount of money on hand, and the uncollected taxes and any other arrears.—Carried.

Mr. WILSON presented the annual report of the Treasurer as follows:—

Statement of receipts and expenditure from Dec. 1, 1883 to Jan. 1, 1884:

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand, Dec. 1, 1883	$780 23
County rate Kaladar and Anglesea	281 00
School rate Kaladar and Anglesea	140 00
Fine	5 00
County rate Ernesttown	2,734 35
County rate Adolphustown	1,129 04
School rate Adolphustown	80 00
County rate North Fredericksburgh	1,882 00
School rate North Fredericksburgh	223 00
County rate Camden	4,000 00
County rate Denbigh A. & A	119 66
School rate Denbigh A. & A	144 00
County rate Richmond	2,853 00
County rate South Fredericksburgh	1,000 00
County rate Bath	414 41

Lane and Davis.

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—Uriah Wilson, Chairman ; D. cretary ; Messrs. John C. Car- ster Files and James Lane.

PROPERTY.—T. G. Carscallen, John Sharp, Secretary , Messrs. son, Leonard Wagar and John

D BRIDGES.—Thos V. Sexsmith, Benjamin Davis, Secretary ; Reid, Wm. Brown and Francis

N AND PRINTING.—J. B. Diam- nan ; Capt. Polley, Secretary ; ine Parks, Edward Perry and N.

ved that the report be adopted. amendment by Mr. Parks, sec- r. Polley, that the Council go tee of the whole on the report. s pointed out that North Freder- vas not represented on the Road Committee, while in other years resentative.

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Mr. REID was satisfied to leave the matter in the hands of the Warden and the Finance Committee. He thought they were capable of judging what action was best.

Mr. POLLY spoke in favor of holding the March session on account of the importance of the matter of debentures and he thought the council might lose more by not holding the session than the cost of holding it would amount to.

Mr. PARKS thought that nothing would be lost by doing away with the March session. The committee would not have time before the March session to properly prepare the report and much more might be lost by doing it in a hurry, and they should be given till June.

Mr. SHARP said there was no need of the March session. There were intelligent men on the Finance Committee and they would have time to inquire into the matter before the June session. The expense of the session was utter waste. He did not want the county to lose any money by the debentures, but he thought the session could be dispensed with without loss.

Mr. WILSON said the cost would not amount to much. It was not necessary for the council meeting to last four days. They could shorten it if there was no business. He thought the councillors did not come to Napanee to have a good time. They all did it in the public interest. It was for no personal ends that he wished to have the Council meet.

Several other members spoke, and the majority were in favor of having a March session, owing to the important business to be transacted.

The amendment to the amendment was then put and declared carried, and on the yeas and nays being called for it was again carried, on the following division:—Yeas—Messrs. Ball, Bosleay, Carscallen, J. C., Carscallen, T. G., Davis, Diamond, Files, Johnston, Lane, Lloyd, Mallory, Polly, Wilson. Nays—Messrs. Brown, Perry, Parks, Reid, Sexsmith, Sharp, Wagar.

Moved by Mr. Ball, seconded by Mr. Diamond, that this council do not recognize any motion not made in writing, except motions for the adoption of reports and adjournment.

Mr. WILSON read over the printed rules of the Council which covered the motion made by Mr. Ball. Mr. Ball then withdrew his motion.

A number of accounts was presented as follows:—Robert Light, repairs to Court House and gaol, $5,90; Hinch Bros., sundries, $8.38; Mr. Roberts, cutting wood and other work, $7.00; T. H. Waller, re- had no time to attend to it. He placed it before the Council to do with it as they wished.—Filed.

Moved by Mr. BALL, seconded by Mr. DIAMOND, that the Treasurer be requested to report the amount of money on hand, and the uncollected taxes and any other arrears. —Carried.

Mr. WILSON presented the annual report of the Treasurer as follows :—

Statement of receipts and expenditure from Dec. 1, 1883 to Jan. 1, 1884 :

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand, Dec. 1, 1883	$780 23
County rate Kaladar and Anglesea	281 00
School rate Kaladar and Anglesea	100 00
Fine	5 00
County rate Ernesttown	2,734 35
County rate Adolphustown	1,129 04
School rate Adolphustown	80 00
County rate North Fredericksburgh	1,482 00
School rate North Fredericksburgh	223 00
County rate Camden	4,000 00
County rate Denbigh A. & A	119 66
School rate Denbigh A. & A	144 00
County rate Richmond	2,833 00
County rate South Fredericksburgh	1,000 00
County rate Bath	444 41
	$15,454 69

PAYMENTS.

E. Burrows	116 70
Gas	6 66
Public School	91 58
Interest	2,695 50
Roads and Bridges	575 50
County Roads	4,795 00
Contingent	1 93
County Council	410 10
Printing and Stationery	269 98
Public Institutions	73 90
County Buildings	416 05
Gaol	132 88
Administration of Justice	361 90
Bills Payable	3,000 00
L. S. Clark	93 37
Fuel	43 90
Mrs. George	16 82
L. A. VanLuven	39 62
Mrs. L. A. VanLuven	8 59
A. H. Roe	37 37
J. M. Parrott	66 74
Dr. Ruttan	18 75
Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1884	2,246 65
	$15,454 69

J. M. PARROTT,
Treas. Co. L. & A.

Dated Napanee, Jan. 21, 1884.

Moved by Mr. FILES, seconded by Mr. WILSON, that the usual special grants of $150 to Napanee High School and $100 to Newburgh High School be given.—Referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

A petition was read from Lavinia George, caretaker of the Court House, stating that there had been an increased number of courts held during the year, thus making more labor, and asking that her salary be increased $50.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

Moved by Mr. BROWN, seconded by Mr. WAGAR, that the report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges be re-considered.—Lost.

The Council then adjourned till till 10 a. m. to-morrow.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who have ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere 25 cents a bottle 41

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

E. E. MILLER, ISSUER OF MARriage Licenses, Switzerville 16-ly

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-ly

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NOTICE TO THE

Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave you to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD.

41-tf. Managing Director.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Subscribed Capital.....$9,260,000
Assets, Cash and Invested Fund.. 2,605,000

Deposited with Government of Canada for the protection of policy holders in Canada, $100,000.

All losses paid at head office in Toronto without reference to England, and claims promptly settled. Property insured against Lightning.

THE SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE Co

Capital - - - $600,000.

Deposited with the Government over $122,497.72 for the security of policy holders.

A. H. ALLISON, Agent.

Chinese Babies.

It was at the residence of t minister, and the represent Washington *Republican* had c quire about the health of th baby daughter. Tsn Shan secretary of Legation, had sa very young lady was in exce and spirits and was growing ra the reporter said he had a v question to ask, and begged t not to be offended, but if t was a violation of Oriental eti once inform him and they about the weather or some otl subject.

"It is customary, you know the reporter, "in this country quite minute details of the pri high-born babies and—"

"I understand," said the se whose face there had crept a preciation and amusement, "y know about the baby's feet. has said that they were alread assure you that it is no such t feet are just like any America

"But is it not true that the the feet of the noble Chinese ped early in life?"

"Certainly it is true, just a that the waists of all high-bor ladies are compressed," and t illustrated by compressing his slender waist with his two ha make the ladies' feet small," ued, "is a Chinese fashion. mand of fashion or custom in and nothing more, I assure yo

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"When she is seven or old."

"I suppose you mean by school' that an instructress will into the family?"

"Not always. Sometimes Chinese girl will have a gover house, but often several wealt employ a tutoress together and children to her for instruction priuate school."

Just then there came down

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$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.
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Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

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GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GERVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

JAMES STORMS WILTON,

AUCTIONEER.

Goods sold on commission; also sales of land, farm stock, &c., attended to on reasonable terms. Correspondence solicited. 52-1y

M. J. BUTLER, PROVINCIAL LAND Surveyor, Civil Engineer, Office, &c. East End of Grange Block.

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office —Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. I. LESLIE, Proprietor.
(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Subscribed Capital.....$9,260,000
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Deposited with Government of Canada for the protection of policy holders in Canada, $100,000.

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Capital - - - $600,000.

Deposited with the Government over $122,497.72 for the security of policy holders.
A. H. ALLISON, Agent,
Office 200 South side Dundas-st., Napanee.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS.

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,
NAPANEE.

INDEX

To Diseases, Complaints and Accidents which Hagyard's Yellow Oil is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in Man or Beast.

TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR

CROUP,	*COUGHS,*
CRAMPS,	*SORE THROAT,*
ASTHMA,	*COLDS, &c.*

APPLIED EXTERNALLY FOR

RHEUMATISM,	*NEURALGIA,*
CHILBLAINS,	*CALLOUS LUMPS*
SWELLINGS,	*STIFF JOINTS,*
GALLS,	*FROST BITE,*
LAMENESS	*CORNS,*
CONTRACTIONS	*BRUISES,*
LUMBAGO,	*ITCH,*
DEAFNESS,	*PAIN IN BACK,*
SPRAINS,	*PAIN in SIDE, &c.*

Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors
TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from

Then there will be another d
will be no more festivities
she is married."

"When will she be old en
school?"

"When she is seven or
old."

"I suppose you mean
school' that an instructress
into the family?"

"Not always. Sometime
Chinese girl will have a gov
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employ a tutoress together a
children to her for instructi
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Just then there came do
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ous, infantile wail.

"There," said the secreta
"is a Chinese baby crying
lish."

"Is she the miuister's firs

"Oh, no. He has severa
home, but this is the first
first Chinese baby, born in
She is a great pet for the
his wife."

"And would be of all th
suppose, if she was a boy?"

"Oh, that makes no diffe
boys and girls are treated ju
is only when they are gr
etiquette requires the sec
ladies."

The reporter inquired wit
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the Chinese minister's wife
or receive callers.

"That," said the secretary
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"How is it that the mi
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"I acquired the language i
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studying the language."

Returning to the more int
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"That is," said the secreta
she has a very charming
daughter, highly educated,
European languages well.
late for her mother."

"Is the minister's wife t
nese lady here?"

"Yes. The other membe
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their wives at home. The n
has two Chinese maids w
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He then explained that th
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LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned, Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY, Water-st., Napanee.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,

NAPANEE.

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To DISEASES, COMPLAINTS and ACCIDENTS which HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in MAN or BEAST.

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Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors

TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, **Ben Vandelf & Co.**, 12 Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

tion and fear of offending the Chinese minister's wife or receive callers.

"That," said the secretary, "because she does not speak English would be highly improper according to our etiquette, for a gentleman to call late for her. Neither does she speak English, and there is no one who could translate for his wife.

"How is it that the minister speak English when you have been here so well?"

"I acquired the language of England, but the minister is now an old man, sixty-one years old: never too old to learn, studying the language."

Returning to the more important subject of the ladies, the reporter learned that the wife of the Chinese minister to Paris was quite a favorite in society, and went out very often.

"That is," said the secretary, "when she has a very charming accomplished daughter, highly educated in several European languages well. She does not go out late for her mother."

"Is the minister's wife the only Chinese lady here?"

"Yes. The other members of the embassy, if they are married, have left their wives at home. The minister alone has two Chinese maids with him, as there is really no room for any other ladies in the house," said the secretary.

He then explained that the term of office of the members of the embassy is three years, after which they have six months leave of absence in which to visit China and visit their families, and on returning, if they did return, it was optional with them. The minister to the second Chinese Embassy, however, brought but two members of it with him, in connection with the first embassy. As the secretary said, three years is quite a long time to be separated from one's family, and the seclusion of the minister's wife has been generally understood. The secretary stated that the reason given was the only one. She occasionally goes out riding, but makes no calls and mixes little in society. The advent of the Chinese ladies have been a blessing to here.

According to the calculations of the registrar-general, the area of England and Wales at the time of taking the last census was equal to nearly one and a half acres for every human being. If the population had been equally distributed the distance between two neighboring individuals would have been 180 yards. Saxony and Belgium are the only two other European countries in which the population is as dense as it is in England. Room, however, is constantly increasing. About the commencement of the present century, the proportion of individual to individual on an average would have been about 300 yards; in 1821, 132 yards; in 1871, 26 yards.

Cards.

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LISON, Agent.

Chinese Babies.

It was at the residence of the Chinese minister, and the representative of the Washington *Repbulican* had called to enquire about the health of the minister's baby daughter. Tsn Shan Pung, first secretary of Legation, had said that the very young lady was in excellent health and spirits and was growing rapidly. Then the reporter said he had a very delicate question to ask, and begged the secretary not to be offended, but if the question was a violation of Oriental etiquette to at once inform him and they would talk about the weather or some other harmless subject.

"It is customary, you know," continued the reporter, "in this country to publish quite minute details of the private life of high-born babies and—"

"I understand," said the secretary, over whose face there had crept a smile of appreciation and amusement, "you want to know about the baby's feet. Some one has said that they were already bound. I assure you that it is no such thing. Her feet are just like any American baby's."

"But is it not true that the growth of the feet of the noble Chinese girls is stopped early in life?"

"Certainly it is true, just as it is true that the waists of all high-born American ladies are compressed," and the secretary illustrated by compressing his own rather slender waist with his two hands. "To make the ladies' feet small," he continued, "is a Chinese fashion. It is a demand of fashion or custom in both cases, and nothing more, I assure you."

"At what age are the feet bound?"

"When the little girl is six or seven years old. The process is so gradual that I think there is no pain about it whatever; no more than when an American girl binds her waist."

"Is there nothing peculiar, then, about the very early life of a Chinese maiden?"

"Nothing in the world. She is just like an American baby. About two months ago the members of the Chinese Embassy celebrated the day when she was a month old by a dinner at Wormley's. The next celebration in her honor will be when she is old enough to go to school. Then there will be another dinner. These will be no more festivities for her until she is married."

"When will she be old enough to go to school?"

"When she is seven or eight years old."

"I suppose you mean by 'going to school' that an instructress will be brought into the family?"

"Not always. Sometimes a rich little Chinese girl will have a governess in the house, but often several wealthy families employ a tutoress together and send their children to her for instruction. It is a priuate school."

Just then there came down from the

INTERESTING ITEMS.

One of the German newspapers recently called attention to the scarcity of apothecary shops in Berlin, and within a fortnight afterward thirteen new shops were licensed and for six others licenses were under consideration by the police authorities.

The eastern quarter of London is undergoing rapid changes, the like of which are declared to have been previously unknown since the great fire. Recently no fewer than 130 houses, some of them the oldest in London, have been pulled down in order to make space for a new thoroughfare leading to Tower hill.

A hygienic museum is to be founded in Berlin. A large collection from the exhibit of the great "hygienic exhibition" which closed Dec. 15, has already been made as a nucleus, and the objects are to be stored for the winter in the exposition building until permanent quarters can be secured. The plans are in capable hands, and great things are expected to result.

In France there are now 103 lunatic asylums, 61 of which are public, and 42 private. Nine of the total are exclusively for men, and 14 for women, the rest being for both sexes. During the last fifteeen years a considerable increase in lunacy has occurred in France. There were 34,000 lunatics in 1868, and there are now 60,000.

British journals bring interesting details of the industrial census of India in 1881. The total population of the country is 253,891,821, and of this enormous number only 85,544 persons are British-born subjects, and 56,646 are soldiers, and 12,088 females. Practically, less than 17,000 male civilians, wielding an army of 56,000 men, control the vast empire. The whole number of European returned is only 146,612. The occupations of 102,620,000 persons are defined, and of these 71.199,000 are engaged in agriculture or the care of animals. In industrial occupations 21,041.000 persons are engaged—12,859,000 males and 8,182,-000 females. The workers in cotton and flax number 3,485,465; in clothing, 2,815,280; in vegetable food, 3,165,429; in stone, clay and earthenware, 1,800,-974; in houses and buildings, 836,453; in gums and resins, 762,526; in bamboo, cane, rush, straw and leaves, 680,732; in gold, silver, and precious stones, 472,-956, and in iron and steel only 477,361. Engaged in the work of government—national, local, and municipal—are 1,844,-000 persons, of whom, 315,000 are classed as belonging to the army. The professional classes embrace 1,451,000 persons.

Love is a religion of which the great pontiff is nature.

The causes which start men upon their careers are often seemingly the most

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The Excelsior R

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.....$9,260,000
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to give satisfac-
TLE. PRICE 25c.
Proprietors
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The next celebration in her honor will be when she is old enough to go to school. Then there will be another dinner. These will be no more festivities for her until she is married."

"When will she be old enough to go to school?"

"When she is seven or eight years old."

"I suppose you mean by 'going to school' that an instructress will be brought into the family?"

"Not always. Sometimes a rich little Chinese girl will have a governess in the house, but often several wealthy families employ a tutoress together and send their children to her for instruction. It is a priuate school."

Just then there came down from the upper regions of the house a long, vigorous, infantile wail.

"There," said the secretary, laughing, "is a Chinese baby crying in good English."

"Is she the minister's first child?"

"Oh, no. He has several children at home, but this is the first one, and the first Chinese baby, born in Washington. She is a great pet for the minister and his wife."

"And would be of all the embassy, I suppose, if she was a boy?"

"Oh, that makes no difference. Little boys and girls are treated just alike. It is only when they are grown that our etiquette requires the seclusion of the ladies."

The reporter inquired with much caution and fear of offending why it was that the Chinese minister's wife did not go out or receive callers.

"That," said the secretary," is only because she does not speak English, and it would be highly improper according to our etiquette, for a gentlemen to translate for her. Neither does the minister speak English, and there is no one who could translate for his wife."

"How is it that the minister cannot speak English when you speak it so well?"

"I acquired the language in Hong Kong, but the minister is now an old man, about sixty-one years old: nevertheless, he is studying the language."

Returning to the more interesting subject of the ladies, the reporter suggested that the wife of the Chinese minister at Paris was quite a favorite in society and went out very often.

"That is," said the secretary, "because she has a very charming young lady daughter, highly educated, and speaking European languages well. She can translate for her mother."

"Is the minister's wife the only Chinese lady here?"

"Yes. The other members of the embassy, if they are married, must leave their wives at home. The minister's wife has two Chinese maids with her, but there is really no room for any more ladies in the house," said the secretary, laughing

He then explained that the term of office 000 females. The workers in cotton and flax number 3,485,465; in clothing, 2,815,280; in vegetable food, 3,165,429; in stone, clay and earthenware, 1,800,-974; in houses and buildings, 836,453; in gums and resins, 762,526; in bamboo, cane, rush, straw and leaves, 680,732; in gold, silver, and precious stones, 472,-956, and in iron and steel only 477,361. Engaged in the work of government—national, local, and municipal—are 1,844,-000 persons, of whom, 315,000 are classed as belonging to the army. The professional classes embrace 1,451,000 persons.

Love is a religion of which the great pontiff is nature.

The causes which start men upon their careers are often seemingly the most slight and casual.

A reminiscence of Mr. Dilke's which appears in Mr. Buxton Foreman's edition of Keats' works, almost proves that the poet at one time believed in metempsychosis. After the death of Thomas Keats a white rabbit came into the garden of Mr. Dilke, who shot the creature. Keats declared that the poor thing was his brother Tom's spirit, and so earnest was he in this view, impressing it upon others in the circle, that when the rabbit was put on the table no one could look at it, and it was taken away untouched.

Burdock
BLOOD
BITTERS

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The subscriber wishes to notify the public that he has removed from Dr. Shirley's shop on Centre-St, to the shop lately occupied by Duncan Benn, Dundas-st. east, near W. Joy's Carriage Shop, where he will always be on hand to do all kinds of

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING

in a neat, strong and satisfactory manner and all kinds of work in his line, including Horseshoeing and Repairing.

Particular Attention given to Shoeing Interfering Horses.

Give him a call. Satisfaction guaranteed. Residence adjoining the shop, where he will be found outside of business hours.

J. C. COLE, General Blacksmith.

Napanee, Nov. 16th, 1881.

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SUGAR COATED.
PURELY VEGETABLE
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He then explained that the term of office of the memers of the embassy was three years, after which they had six months leave of absence in which to go to China and visit their families before returning, if they did return, which was optional with them. The present is the second Chinese Embassy, and there are but two members of it who were here with the first embassy. And, the secretary said, three years is quite long enough to be separated from one's family. The seclusion of the minister's wife has not been generally understood, but the secretary stated that the reason given above was the only one. She occasionally goes out riding, but makes no calls and has no society. The advent of the baby must have been a blessing to her secluded life.

According to the calculations of the registrar-general, the area of England and Wales at the time of taking the last census was equal to nearly one and a half acres for every human being, so that if the population had been equally distributed the distance between the two neighboring individuals would have been ninety yards. Saxony and Belgium are the only two other European countries where the population is as dense as this. Elbow room, however, is constantly diminishing. About the commencement of the present century, the proximity of individual to individual on an equal distribution would have been about 158 yards; in 1821, 132 yards; in 1851, 193 yards; in 1871, 26 yards.

BLOOD BITTERS

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The subscriber wishes to notify the public that he has removed from Dr. Shirley's shop on Centre-St, to the shop lately occupied by Duncan Benn, Dundas-st. east, near W. Joy's Carriage Shop, where he will always be on hand to do all kinds of

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J. C. COLE, General Blacksmith.
Napanee, Nov. 16th, 1881.

NATIONAL PILLS
SUGAR COATED.
PURELY VEGETABLE
Highly recommended for **Biliousness, Head-Ache, Constipation, Indigestion, Dizziness, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Loss of Memory, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint,** or any illness arising from the **Stomach, Bowels** or **Kidneys.** They are safe, mild and thorough in their action. From 1 to 3 pills is a dose.
PRICE 25c. PER BOX.

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired, All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock,

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

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A large quantity
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Napanee, Aug. 2

POTTER

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FIRST CLASS

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ESTING ITEMS.

rman newspapers recently to the scarcity of apothe- Berlin, and within a fort- thirteen new shops were six others licenses were ation by the police au-

quarter of London is un- hanges, the like of which have been previously un- e great fire. Recently 30 houses, some of them ondon, have been pulled o make space for a new ading to Tower hill.

useum is to be founded in e collection from the ex- t "hygienic exhibition" c. 15, has already been us, and the objects are to e winter in the exposition ermanent quarters can be lans are in capable hands, are expected to result.

ere are now 103 lunatic hich are public, and 42 f the total are exclusively 14 for women, the rest sexes. During the last considerable increase in rred in France. There atics in 1868, and there

als bring interesting de- strial census of India in population of the coun- 1, and of this enormous 544 persons are British- and 56,646 are soldiers, nales. Practically, less le civilians, wielding an nen, control the vast em- e number of European 146,612. The occupa- 000 persons are defined, ..199,000 are engaged in he care of animals. In ations 21,041.000 persons ,859,000 males and 8,182,- he workers in cotton and ,485,465 ; in clothing, egetable food, 3,165,429 ; nd earthenware, 1,800,- and buildings, 836,453 ; ns, 762,526 ; in bamboo, w and leaves, 680,732 ; nd precious stones, 472,- and steel only 477,361. work of government— nd municipal—are 1,844,- hom, 315,000 are classed the army. The profes- brace 1,451,000 persons.

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Failing!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't just know what is the matter, but they have a combination of aches and pains, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found is SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS will cure kidney and liver diseases, consumption, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, biliousness, intermittent fevers &c.

Office of Edward Elliott,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
Cor. Bleury and Lagauchetiere Sts.
Montreal, Nov. 7th. 1882.

I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing and was growing weaker every day. I tried SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS, and am happy to say I now have a good appetite and am much better in every way.

EDWARD ELLIOTT.

SULPHUR AND IRON BITTERS is *not* a drink and does not contain whisky. It is the only preparation of Iron that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Sold by all dealers. Price 50c.

Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was in-

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

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C. COLE, General Blacksmith. . 16th, 1881.

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SUGAR COATED.
PURELY VEGETABLE
Highly recommended for **Biliousness, Head-Ache, Constipation, Indigestion, Dizziness, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Loss of our Stomach, Liver Com-** y illness arising from the **Stom-** s or **Kidneys.** They are safe, rough in their action. From 1 to

that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Sold by all dealers. Price 50c.

Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was introduced to the American people several years ago in such a manner as to completely secure the confidence of the whole nation. The mode of introduction was by furnishing the remedy to those afflicted with Hernia in any of its various forms and collecting no pay until a permanent cure was effected. In this way the treatment gained a world-wide reputation on its own merits, never failing to cure any reducible Hernia. The Company has at the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture. or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-Seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies sold only in Napanee by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

Light's PLANING Mill,

DUNDAS ST. WEST,

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SASHES, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, ETC., ETC.,

Made to Order and Constantly in Stock.

A large quantity of matched, planed and rough lumber and lath for sale at most fa-

worth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

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All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r, **E. ST. JOHN,** Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.

CHICAGO.

THE Great HERBAL Tonic FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH A Blood Purifier AND CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH CURE

GUARANTEE:—After fair trial, with no relief or cure effected, your money will be refunded. PRICE, $1.00.

Sold by W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS.
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still

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PRICE 25c. PER BOX.

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is capable of doing the largest
from the finest to the coarsest,
easy, and almost noiseless.
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needles and oil kept in stock,

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Made to Order and Constantly in Stock.

A large quantity of matched, planed and rough lumber and lath for sale at most favorable prices. Best stock to be obtained.

Contracts for buildings and repairs of all kinds carried out with promptness and satisfaction.

Parties building will save money and insure a good job by consulting me. Estimates cheerfully given.

ROBERT LIGHT.

Napanee, Aug. 28th, 1883.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

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FIRST CLASS RIGS.

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MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 17 Stafford St., Toronto.

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefis I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

PULLMAN CITY.

No Policemen, No Saloons, No Aldermen, No Debts—A Beautiful Town Built by a Great Manufacturing Company.

Correspondence New York Sun.

When in 1880 the rapidly extending business of the Pullman Palace Car Company necessitated the erection of new works, Mr. George M. Pullman found an opportunity for carrying into effect a theory which he had long entertained. The first question to be decided was as to the location of the shops. A great deal of land was required, and to secure the necessary space in any portion of Chicago would have called for the expenditure of a very large sum of money. More than three thousand workingmen were to be employed, and if the shops were located in the city these men, with their families, would be compelled to live in crowded and unhealthy tenements, in miserable streets, and they and their children would be subject to all the temptations and snares of a great city. Looking at the matter from the standpoint of a capitalist, and from that of the workingman as well, Mr. Pullman felt that it would be better for all concerned if the new works could be established in the country. There was no town already built that commended itself to him. In all to which his attention was drawn there were cheap and shabby houses, numerous saloons and associations not of the best. To establish the enterprise in one of these would, perhaps answer the purposes of the company, but the moral and physical well-being of the working people would have to be lost sight of. Unwilling to give up his theory, Mr. Pullman determined to build a town to order. There is a provision in the charter of the Pullman Palace Car Company which prevents that corporation from owning as much land as was required for Mr. Pullman's purpose. To obviate this difficulty the Pullman Land Company was organized, Mr. Geo. Pullman being the president and owner of the majority of stock.

South of Chicago, for many miles, the country is very undesirable. Near the lake it resembles the pine barrens of the sea shore. Further inland it is marshy and low. The double tracks of the Eastern trunk lines form ridges through it, and between them the surface water accumulates, or trickles away to Lake Calumet. This is a small body of water which empties into Lake Michigan at South Chicago, and the shores of which are soft and swampy. The object of Mr. Pullman being to find cheap land, he was easily satisfied with that offered to him in this locality. Three thousand acres were purchased at a merely nominal price. The tract is situated along and near Lake bottom is forced by means of pumps through pipes to the farm owned by the company, more than three miles away, where it is used for purposes of fertilization. Many misgivings were expressed at first concerning the wisdom of this scheme of sanitation, but its success has been demonstrated; engineers from all parts of the world have investigated it carefully, and have invariably expressed themselves as satisfied of its efficacy. The gas works are situated on the shore of Lake Calumet, just east of the main buildings of the company.

On the 2nd of April, 1881, the Pullman shops were started, the great Corliss engine which figured so conspicuously at the Centennial Exposition furnishing the motive power. With the shops in operation turning out scores of railroad cars of every description daily, the theory of Mr. Pullman was to be put to the test. His theory needs to be understood before his town can be comprehended. The *Sun's* correspondent visited him at his Chicago office recently and made a few enquiries. Mr. Pullman is calm, dignified, and courteous, a little past middle life, but just in the prime of a wondersully successful business career.

MR. PULLMAN'S OWN ACCOUNT OF THE ENTERPRISE.

"The building of Pullman," he said, "was undertaken simply as a matter of business. I have little of the sentimental in my natnre. I abhor abstruse problems. I can see nothing in this enterprise which is not a matter of finance, pure and simple. I have always believed that there is a great deal of good in human nature; that men naturally prefer to be clean, to have pleasant homes, and to be respected by their fellowmen. We are all very largely creatures of our own surroundings and associations. If you take a boorish countryman with the mud of the farm on his boots, or a city rough, into your parlor, in the presence of your wife and children, he will sit up a little straighter and attempt to be a little more polite than is habitual with him. In a city like this the scarcity of room drives mechanics and other workingmen to the most miserable tenements, where cleanliness is almost impossible, and where, the association being nearly all bad, they and their families find it almost impossible to lift themselves above the squalor with which they are surrounded. Then, too, the temptations of the city are not to be overlooked. Denied many social advantages, the workingman is apt to drift for recreation into low saloons, where his earnings are spent, and soon his misery and that of his family are increased by his habits of dissipation. Such a man is not more profitable to his employer than he is to himself. Believing these things as I do, I could not but feel that a place like Pullman would be a good investment. Solely as such was it undertaken. I have not

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LAYING OUT A CITY.

While this work was in progress under the superintendence of the sanitary engineer employed for the purpose by Mr. Pullman, the architect, Mr. Beaman, of New York, was busy with his plans. It is not often that an architect has an opportunity to draw plans for an entire city at once. Mr. Beaman, however, undertook the work with something of the enthusiasm of Mr. Pullman, and catching the latter's ideas, was able to transfer them to paper, and take the first steps towards their execution. When the material was at hand special trains with hundreds of workingmen were run from Chicago in the morning, returning with them at night; and in a few months the coming city began to assume shape.

The great shops of the company were erected near the Illinois Central railroad tracks. These buildings are very substantial, and in some sense ornamental. They are of pressed brick and stone, with roofs of slate, cover fifteen acres, and accommodate more than 2,000 workingmen. South of the works, and separated from them by a wide boulevard, along which stand the handsomest houses in the town, lies the city. It is regularly laid out, with wide

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"Usually, when land schemes are set on foot there is a big boom for a while, and then a flattening out. Some people look at Pullman from cars, and say it is pretty, but it won't last. It will last. The works will make it permanent. If for any reason the works were to close permanently, the town, with its fine houses,

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A CHURCH OFFERED FOR SALE.

It may well be asked if Mr. Pullman is not too modest, or if he does not do himself an injustice when he asserts that sentiment has had nothing to do with his great work. The city of Pulman, as it stands, represents an outlay of about $6,000,000. All the buildings in the place

So it seems. A man going applies for a house to the sup who draws up a lease which celled by either party on ten The company will not disturb a good citizen, and he may ke as long as he pleases, provid not sell liquor. On the other h dissatisfied and wishes to leav so at any time, and is not with a lease running a year or liquor is sold in the town. T against it, however, is an un whereof Mr. Pullman is the provide healthful amusement tion for the people, Mr. Pullm handsome boat houses on met, and this beautiful boc is nightly covered with boa pleasure-seekers. There ar ganizations among the work cluding a debating society, association, a brass band, a ba and others. It is the desire man to encourage all these possible. He feels the need paper in the town, and inter establish one. It will be edit aged by his employes. He h purpose in establishing this sole motive being to give the news at little expense, and certain amusement. He th since they have organized societies, that it will be very and instructive to them to hav ceedings reported.

Any more sketch of this tow imperfect. There are so ma write about that it is impossil them all. The idea upperm mind after seeing and unders place is, perhaps, that the hu zen there is in the enjoymer advantages which only wealth and that, although far from himself, he suffers few of th iences of poverty. There is n anywhere, and the fullest freed ent with good morals is grant

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Canada is certainly rich in as well as in many other clas able minerals. The trade in tation of phosphates has gro fully each year for the past and as new beds are being new companies are making ex chases for old beds, the p that our export trade will increase in the years to come. port of Montreal alone no less tons were exported during t In 1880 the quantity export 7,500 tons. The increase as b growing each year since. Ph among the most valuable of fertilizers and their importa recognized in Great Britain Our Canadian farmers would give more attention to their u

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are owned by the company. Nobody else can obtain possession of them for the reason that they are not for sale. They are rented to anybody of good character for sume calculated to return six per cent. on the investment. So many houses were built at one time they were, of course, put up much cheaper than they could have been constructed one by one. The rents are therefore, much less than those asked for houses equally good in the city, or even in their neighboring towns. To supply so large a population with religious and educational facilities became the duty of the founder of the town, as well as to provide for stores and markets. A fine school house was built, and teachers were employed. A costly church was erected. The arcade and market place were built, and the church and stores offered for rent. Mr. Pullman knew that the church was a better one than any new society could afford to occupy, He built it expensively, however, for be believed that a congregation would be able to pay for it. The rent is $50 per month. It has not been taken yet, but there are several church organizations, and there is considerable rivalry among them as to which will obtain the prize. If other churches are needed they will be built by the company.

Feeling that the town would attract a good many visitors, Mr. Pullman built the hotel. It was owned and managed by the company, its landlord, so called, being merely an employee. The fire department is owned and operated in the same way, as also are the livery stable, the theatre, the public library, and every fixture of the town. A stranger arriving at Pullman puts up at a hotel managed by one of Mr. Pullman's employees, visits a theatre where all the attendants are in Mr. Pullman's service, drinks water and burns gas which Mr. Pullman's water and gas works supply, hires one of his outfits from the manager of Mr. Pullman's livery stable, visits a school in which the children of Mr. Pullman's employees are taught by other employees, gets a bill changed at Mr. Pullman's bank, is unable to make a purchase of any kind save from some tenant of Mr. Pullman's, and at night is guarded by a fire department, every member of which, from the chief down, is in Mr. Pullman's service. Everything is first-class in its way. The library has 10,000 volumes, and is the personal gift of Mr. Pullman. The theatre, which, like the library, is in the second story of the Arcade building, is one of the most elegantly arranged places of amusement in the world. It prices are reasonable, and it is open to dramatic and literary entertainments of the best class only. During the first six months that the library was open, seventy-six per cent. of the books taken out were on historical, biographical, or scientific subjects.

A CITY WITH NO CORPORATIVE GOVERN-

HOME HINTS.

EYE WATER.—Three level tablespoonsful of white copperas, three level tablespoonsful of salt, one and one half pints of water. Boil this for a few moments and put a drop in the eye night and morning. Be careful in the use of it, as it is poisonous. This is known to be an unfailing remedy for weak and inflamed eyes. It should be diluted if used with babies.

TO SWEETEN RANCID BUTTER.—A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* states that she has rendered butter that was too rancid, even for cooking, perfectly sweet by cutting it into pieces of about a pound each, wrapping the pieces in clean, white cloths, and burying them a foot or more deep in the ground, allowing them to lie a week or two, then washing and resalting. A correspondent of the *Rural New Yorker* advises the boiling of the butter, with the addition of a handful of salt and a teaspoonful of soda, to two or three pounds of butter, then pouring it into a crock to cool.

LUMINOUS PAINT.—Take oyster shells and clean them with warm water. Put them in the fire for half an hour, and take them out, cool them, pound them fine, and remove the worthless gray parts. Put the powder into a crucible, with alternate layers of sulphur. Close the lid and seal it up with sand made into a stiff paste with beer. After the crucible has been over the fire for an hour, and afterwards cooled, the contents will be found to be white. Sift the powder carefully, and mix it with gum water. This gives a paint which remains luminous for a long time after dark, if it is first exposed to daylight.

GILDING LEATHER.—We find in the *Papierzeitung* the following method described for gilding leather. It is first moistened with a sponge, then stretched and tacked to a board. When dry it receives a coat of thick isinglass solution, then one of white of egg that has been beaten and allowed to settle. Upon this is laid lightly with a brush sheets of silver foil, which are then pressed down with a wad of cotton wool. When this is dry it is painted over with yellow leather varnish, which gives it a beautiful golden appearance. A varnish for bronze boots and slippers is made by dissolving aniline red in shellac or other varnish.

REMOVING STAINS.—A mixture which is excellent for removing grease spots and stains from carpets and clothing is made of two ounces of ammonia, two ounces of white castile soap, one ounce of glycerine, one ounce of ether. Cut the soap fine, dissolve in one pint of water over the fire; add two quarts of water. This should be mixed with water in the proportion of a teacupful to one ordinary-sized pail of water. Mix thoroughly, and wash soiled

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ant of Mr. Pullman's, and at night is guarded by a fire department, every member of which, from the chief down, is in Mr. Pullman's service. Everything is first-class in its way. The library has 10,000 volumes, and is the personal gift of Mr. Pullman. The theatre, which, like the library, is in the second story of the Arcade building, is one of the most elegantly arranged places of amusement in the world. It prices are reasonable, and it is open to dramatic and literary entertainments of the best class only. During the first six months that the library was open, seventy-six per cent. of the books taken out were on historical, biographical, or scientific subjects.

A CITY WITH NO CORPORATIVE GOVERNMENT.

Although the city has a population of 7,000 it has no government save that which is exercised in common over the entire township, county, and State. In other words, there is no corporate government. No arrest has ever been made within the Pullman tract. There are no policemen or constables; no Justice's court, no Aldermen, no public functionaries of any description.

"How in the world do you govern these people?" is a question often asked of Mr. Pullman.

"We govern them," he says, "in the same way a man governs his house, his store, or his workshop. It is all simple enough, when you come to look at it."

So it seems. A man going there to live applies for a house to the superintendent, who draws up a lease which may be cancelled by either party on ten days' notice. The company will not disturb him if he is a good citizen, and he may keep his house as long as he pleases, providing he does not sell liquor. On the other hand, if he is dissatisfied and wishes to leave he can do so at any time, and is not eucumbered with a lease running a year or more. No liquor is sold in the town. The only law against it, however, is an unwritten one whereof Mr. Pullman is the author. To provide healthful amusement and recreation for the people, Mr. Pullman has fitted handsome boat houses on Lake Calumet, and this beautiful body of water is nightly covered with boat loads of pleasure-seekers. There are many organizations among the workingmen, including a debating society, a literary association, a brass band, a baseball club, and others. It is the desire of Mr. Pullman to encourage all these as much as possible. He feels the need of a newspaper in the town, and intends soon to establish one. It will be edited and managed by his employes. He has no selfish purpose in establishing this journal, his sole motive being to give the people the news at little expense, and afford them certain amusement. He thinks, also, since they have organized so many societies, that it will be very entertaining and instructive to them to have ther proceedings reported.

Any more sketch of this town must be

with a wad of cotton wool. When this is dry it is painted over with yellow leather varnish, which gives it a beautiful golden appearance. A varnish for bronze boots and slippers is made by dissolving aniline red in shellac or other varnish.

REMOVING STAINS.—A mixture which is excellent for removing grease spots and stains from carpets and clothing is made of two ounces of ammonia, two ounces of white castile soap, one ounce of glycerine, one ounce of ether. Cut the soap fine, dissolve in one pint of water over the fire; add two quarts of water. This should be mixed with water in the proportion of a teacupful to one ordinary-sized pail of water. Mix thoroughly, and wash soiled garments in it. For removing spots, use a sponge or clean flannel cloth, and with a dry cloth rub as dry as possible. Woollen goods may be made to look bright and fresh by being sponged with this.

President Year.

This is "Presidentyear" in the United States, and there will be an unusual flutter in political circles in consequence. Arrangements are now being made for the national convention of the respective parties, to nominate their candidates for President and Vice-President, and to lay down their party platforms for the campaign. Of course the "platforms" are usually framed with a special view of catching the popular favor, and sometimes not much attention is paid to them afterwards. It is now pretty well understood that the question of Protection will receive much greater attention during the coming contest than for some time past. The many issues coming out of the late civil war have now become dead issues and outside of trade matters and Polygamy there are few subjects of great importance before the nation. The Republican party has always favored protection, but it is now well known that its influence is much on the wane, and it will require good piloting to ensure its success this time. Of course the business depression will tell seriously against the success of the party in the next contest.

A great deal of attention is just now being given in the United States to the discussion of the respective claims of the prominent men supposed to be available as candidates for the Presidency. The policy of the parties now appears to be to bring out some "dark horse" in the end, as the only available compromise between the leading rivals, and it is therefore quite probable that, on either side, the men selected in the end will be the men about whom least is now being said. The only wonder is that, under such a system, as good a class of men have been elected as have occupied the President's chair for years past. Lincoln and Hayes and Garfield were certainly all good men for the position, and Arthur has turned out far better than was generally expected. Whether Arthur will again be the nominee of the Republican party is now very

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Any more sketch of this town must be imperfect. There are so many things to write about that it is impossible to cover them all. The idea uppermost in one's mind after seeing and understanding the place is, perhaps, that the humblest citizen there is in the enjoyment of many advantages which only wealth can supply, and that, although far from a capitalist himself, he suffers few of the inconveniences of poverty. There is no extortion anywhere, and the fullest freedom consistent with good morals is granted.

Sweet charity is the antidote for bitter misery.

Canada is certainly rich in phosphates, as well as in many other classes of valuable minerals. The trade in the exportation of phosphates has grown wonderfully each year for the past five years, and as new beds are being found and new companies are making extensive purchases for old beds, the prospects are that our export trade will very largely increase in the years to come. From the port of Montreal alone no less than 17,160 tons were exported during the last year. In 1880 the quantity exported was but 7,500 tons. The increase as been steadily growing each year since. Phosphates are among the most valuable of agricultural fertilizers and their importance is more recognized in Great Britain than here. Our Canadian farmers would do well to give more attention to their use.

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To look back to antiquity is one thing, to go back to it another. If we look back to it, it should be as those who are running a race, only to press forward the faster, and to leave the beaten still further behind.

The outlook for the farmers is not very good for the new year. How the harvests for the coming year may turn out Heaven alone knows. The farmers, as a whole, in this Province are feeling pretty poor just now. Their ordinary grain crops last year were much below the average and the prices being so unexpectedly small, the amount of money their crops bring is probably not more than one half as great as was expected. In a country like ours, so largely dependent on its agricultural resources for its actual wealth, such a falling off in a single year is one of the most serious business calamities that could have overtaken us. Another bad harvest just now, and another year of low prices for grain, would bring ruin to many hundreds of business men not themselves engaged in agriculture at all. In Canada, at least, nearly every man feels a direct interest in the success of the farmer.

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HOUSE HINTS.

ATER.—Three level tablespoons-hite copperas, three level table- of salt, one and one half pints of Boil this for a few moments and p in the eye night and morning. il in the use of it, as it is poison- his is known to be an unfailing or weak and inflamed eyes. It e diluted if used with babies.

EETEN RANCID BUTTER.—A cor- nt of the *Country Gentleman* at she has rendered butter that ancid, even for cooking, perfect- by cutting it into pieces of about each, wrapping the pieces in ite cloths, and burying them a ore deep in the ground, allowing ie a week or two, then washing ting. A correspondent of the *ew Yorker* advises the boiling of r, with the addition of a hand- t and a teaspoonful of soda, to ree pounds of butter, then pour- o a crock to cool.

OUS PAINT.—Take oyster shells them with warm water. Put the fire for half an hour, and out, cool them, pound them remove the worthless gray parts. owder into a crucible, with al- yers of sulphur. Close the lid t up with sand made into a stiff h beer. After the crucible has the fire for an hour, and after- led, the contents will be found te. Sift the powder carefully, it with gum water. This gives a ch remains luminous for a long r dark, if it is first exposed to

G LEATHER.—We find in the *hing* the following method de- or gilding leather. It is first l with a sponge, then stretched ed to a board. When dry it re- oat of thick isinglass solution, of white of egg that has been d allowed to settle. Upon this htly with a brush sheets of sil- which are then pressed down d of cotton wool. When this is painted over with yellow rnish, which gives it a beautiful pearance. A varnish for bronze slippers is made by dissolving d in shellac or other varnish.

ING STAINS.—A mixture which nt for removing grease spots and m carpets and clothing is made nces of ammonia, two ounces of ile soap, one ounce of glycerine, of ether. Cut the soap fine, n one pint of water over the two quarts of water. This should with water in the proportion of ul to one ordinary-sized pail of Mix thoroughly, and wash soiled in it. For removing spots, use or clean flannel cloth, and with h rub as dry as possible. Wool-

RIDING A HORSE MACKEREL.

An Exciting Ride on a Whale by the Second Mate of the "Weepin' Susan."

"See that man?" said the captain of a cod fisherman at the Fulton market slip, pointing to a round-shouldered, long-limbed sailor who was busy scraping down the mainmastwith a piece of window-pane: "wall, he's rid what ain't a-goin' to be rid again. No, he didn't ride out no gale o' wind, nor no sea sarpint, nor no Davy Jones' cow. What he buckled to was a reg'lar out an outer of a hoss mackerel. I seen him do it," added the skipper, hammering the rail with a belaying pin; "and he rid him well, too. Hi! Amos, drop down a minute, will ye?"

Amos slackened away the halyard that had suspended him in mid air and lowered away, and coming forward, wrenched the reporter's arm with New England cordiality.

"I ain't much on pipin' my own horn," he said; "but as Captain Lish has made the affidavy I'm bound to stick to it. It come," he continued, seating himself on the rail, "somethin' like this: I was second mate of the mackerel-man Weepin' Susan. That wasn't her registered name, but she was so master damp when close hauled that we gev her the handle sort of off-hand, and it stuck to her like burrs on a curly dog. We generally lay on and by between Biddeford and M'uhiggan, and in a stress of weather put into the first hole we could ketch. One evenin' it came on to blow, and the hull fleet got inside of Fort Popham and laid it out, a snortin' nor-easter. After she blowed out, it came on a dead calm, and the boys got on what they call a racket. There was over 300 sail of mackerel-men packed into a little harbor, so you could almost jump aboard of 'em one from another, and on each was a crew of from 10 to 15 men, making probably 4,000 men in all. Wall, about noon, somebody sounds a fog horn, and in a minute more over 1,600 of them fog horns was a tootin' like they had gone crazy, and the other hands what hadn't horns was a-lammin' on tin pans they'd yanked out of the galley, and everybody was a-yellin'. I tell ye it made a noise that made the fish shed their scales all through the bay. I'll swan ye could hear the howlin' and roarin' five miles.

"Wall the hull gang was agoin' it when our skipper noticed a big school of what we took to be mackerel right across the bay in shore. You kin bet we dropped them horns and jumped for the boats, and in a minute was under way. A half dozen of the others see what was up and pu after us, but we got there first, hev over the net and was round the school in short commons. In haulin' in the net we worked into shoal water, and I was standin' for'ard and holdin' the seine, when there came a jerk and a splash, and a big fish riz right in front of me, and the first thing I knew I was on top of a hoss

SELECT VARIETIES.

Prudery is the caricature of modesty.

Good breeding consists in having no particular mark of any profession but a general elegance of manners.

Be courageous and noble-minded; our own hearts, and not other men's opinions of us, forms our true honor.

Often the world discovers a man's moral worth only when its injustice has nearly destroyed him.

The feeble tremble before opinion, the foolish defy it, the wise judge it, the skillful direct it.

We judge ourselves by what we feel capable of doing, while others judge us by what we have already done.

If you would be pungent, be brief; for it is with words as with sunbeams—the more they are condensed the deeper they burn.

True glory takes root, and then spreads; all false pretences, like flowers, fall to the ground; nor can any counterfeit last long.

A man who is able to employ himself innocently is never miserable. It is the idle who are wretched. If I wanted to inflict the greatest punishment on a fellow creature, I would shut him alone in a dark room without employment.

The talent of turning man into ridicule, and exposing to laughter those one converses with, is the qualification of little minds and ungenerous tempers. A young man with this cast of mind cuts himself off from all manner of fmprovement.

Never did any soul do good but it came readier to do the same again, with more enjoyment. Never was love, or gratitude, or bounty practised, but with increasing joy, which made the practiser still more in love with the fair act.

No one of my fellows can do that special work for me which I have come into the world to do; he may do a higher work, but he cannot do my work. I cannot hand my work over to him, any more than I can hand over my responsibility or my gifts.

Suffer not your thoughts to dwell on the injury you have received or the provoking words that have been spoken to you. Not only learn the art of neglecting them at the time you receive them, but let them grow less and less every moment, until they die out of your mind.

The family is a miniature commonwealth upon whose integrity the safety of the larger commonwealth depends. It is the seed plot of all morality. We express the noblest longings of the human heart when we speak of a time to come in which all mankind will be united as one family.

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A Hint to Callers.

Now that a good many evenings are being spent out the question of just what constitutes a fair "evening" is more frequently discussed by both callers and hosts than is often imagined. One of the leading magazines has devoted an able article to the subject, but it is not worth the reproducing. We all know that, on both sides, altogether depends on the class of company. Mr. Jones, in his younger days, spent some evenings, very pleasant all round, where it seemed very short up to the small, wee hours past midnight. He visited other places where ten minutes was quite too long an evening for the pleasure of either party. Mr. Jones is a representative man of the whole of us in this particular. One writer thinks half an hour is about the safe thing for an evening call, ordinarily. One thing we know, and that is just what attention is directed to just now: A great many acceptable callers are much too thoughtless about the hour of leaving. In most well-regulated families the preparations for night retiring begin pretty early —say between nine and ten o'clock—and to prevent such regularity is something to be avoided. Of course, nearly all hosts

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Mark Twain has hit upon a feasible way to protect his works in England. More just than the United States, England extends copyright to foreigners, and with the sole proviso that the work shall be first published in her country. Mark Twain, therefore, publishes his books in London one day before they are issued at home, and so protects himself in both markets.

That able and conspicuous member of the Gladstone Cabinet, Mr. Chamberlain, caused much laughter and many cheers by closing a public address on the present issue "between the peers and the people between the privileges of the few and the rights of many,' as follows:—"I am inclined to hope, in the words of that beautiful Church litany which is read every Sunday, that all the nobility 'may be endured with grace, wisdom, and understanding.'"

A Father's Love.

At the siege of Sebastopol a formidable mine had been dug and loaded under the Malakoff tower. If General MacMahon had not chanced to discover in the barrack one wire leading from a well-concealed voltaic pile to a large quantity of powder, and another connecting it with the powder magazine, the whole victorious force might have been blown into the air after having gained possessiou of the fort. The wires were all cut, but the powder magazine could not be found. Some of the French soldiers were setting fire to the empty gabion which had been thrust into the windows of the tower in order to barricade it. One of the gabions appeared to be moving. A French officer called out that if any one was there who could speak French he might come without fear. The gabion was pushed through the window and a very young Russian officer crept out. He was assured that he and any others surrendering as prisouers of war would be well treated. After saying a few words in Russian at the window he was joined by four officers and two hundred common soldiers. They requested through him to be taken away at once. This request suggested some knowledge of an impending explosiou. The young officer was therefore ordered to point out the position of the powder magazine. The lad made no answer. A French subaltern said to the commanding officer that the Russian ought to be shot if he refused to obey the order given to save so many lives. The youth kept silence with a haughty glance of indignation at the subaltern, apparently for supposing that he would betray a secret under a threat. The French chief formed a platoon to shoot him, and he turned his face to his executioners. An

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so largely dependent on its agri-
esources for its actual wealth,
ling off in a single year is one of
serious business calamities that
e overtaken us. Another bad
ist now, and another year of low
r grain, would bring ruin to
idreds of business men not them-
gaged in agriculture at all. In
t least, nearly every man feels
nterest in the success of the

of 200 yards. By this time the riggin' of the hull fleet was black with the lads a-screamin' and hurrahin'. I don't know how it came, but afore the critter reached the boat it slewed, and off I went, but hangin' on like grim death, his gills cuttin' into my hands like knives. But I was bound to hang on or bust, and hang on I did. My slidin' to le-ward headed the big critter in, and he rushed clean on to the flat. I rid him clean ashore, and if you kin beat that for ridin' I want to see the hoss."—*New York Sun.*

A Hint to Callers.

Now that a good many evenings are being spent out the question of just what constitutes a fair "evening" is more frequently discussed by both callers and hosts than is often imagined. One of the leading magazines has devoted an able article to the subject, but it is not worth the reproducing. We all know that, on both sides, altogether depends on the class of company. Mr. Jones, in his younger days, spent some evenings, very pleasant all round, where it seemed very short up to the small, wee hours past midnight. He visited other places where ten minutes was quite too long an evening for the pleasure of either party. Mr. Jones is a representative man of the whole of us in this particular. One writer thinks half an hour is about the safe thing for an evening call, ordinarily. One thing we know, and that is just what attention is directed to just now: A great many acceptable callers are much too thoughtless about the hour of leaving. In most well-regulated families the preparations for night retiring begin pretty early—say between nine and ten o'clock—and to prevent such regularity is something to be avoided. Of course, nearly all hosts are too polite to drop any hint, but no sensible caller should wait to hear anything drop.

The unhealthfulness of many parts of Africa is the great obstacle in the way of opening it to civilization. Nine out of twenty French missionaries have died in two years, and the ranks of the International society's pioneers have been sadly depleted. The news has just come that James Stewart, C. E., who was building the road between Lakes Nyassa and Tanganyika, is dead. Explorers agree that the insalubrity of the country is largely due to the fact that the excessive luxuriance of vegetation along the river banks raises them above their proper level, cutting off the drainage from the plains. Dr. Schweinfurth and the Portuguese explorers, Capella and Ivenus, are convinced that a great change in the climate can be made by scientific drainage, and that, in fact, the country drained by some large rivers can be made healthful and habitable by the expenditure of a few thousand dollars.

A Father's Love.

At the siege of Sebastopol a formidable mine had been dug and loaded under the Malakoff tower. If General MacMahon had not chanced to discover in the barrack one wire leading from a well-concealed voltaic pile to a large quantity of powder, and another connecting it with the powder magazine, the whole victorious force might have been blown into the air after having gained possessiou of the fort. The wires were all cut, but the powder magazine could not be found. Some of the French soldiers were setting fire to the empty gabion which had been thrust into the windows of the tower in order to barricade it. One of the gabions appeared to be moving. A French officer called out that if any one was there who could speak French he might come without fear. The gabion was pushed through the window and a very young Russian officer crept out. He was assured that he and any others surrendering as prisouers of war would be well treated. After saying a few words in Russian at the window he was joined by four officers and two hundred common soldiers. They requested through him to be taken away at once. This request suggested some knowledge of an impending explosiou. The young officer was therefore ordered to point out the position of the powder magazine. The lad made no answer. A French subaltern said to the commanding officer that the Russian ought to be shot if he refused to obey the order given to save so many lives. The youth kept silence with a haughty glance of indignation at the subaltern, apparently for supposing that he would betray a secret under a threat. The French chief formed a platoon to shoot him, and he turned his face to his executioners. An old Russian major who understood French ran forward, took the commandant by the hand, drew him to a heap of earth and pointed downward. The earth was quickly shovelled away, and barrels containing eighty-eight thousand pounds of gunpowder were discovered. A strong French guard was set over them. The young Russian officer was told to go with the other prisoners. He gave a military salute and kissed the old Russian major's hand.

"Do not blame him for showing you the powder," he said in French to the commandant, with trembliug voice and tears in his eyes. "He is my father."

There are no royal roads to learning. Plodding is a common word. It is plain and homely and it is significant of sturdy labor. It carries with it a degree of slowness, but assures ultimate certainty.

Money and time are the heaviest burdens of life, and the unhappiest of all mortals are those who have more of either than they know how to use.

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils,

Glass, Varnish, Stoves,

Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R.G. WRIGHT'S,

126 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JAN. 25, 1884.

—The Ontario Legislature opened on Wednesday and re-elected Col. Clark, Speaker. The Speech from the Throne was delivered yesterday. A summary of the proceedings will appear in our next issue.

—Who says the Liberal cause is not advancing? Nine elections have taken place in Ontario during the past quarter, and how many do you think the Tories won? One! The Liberals carried the other eight. 8 to 1 are heavy odds.

—The County Council met on Tuesday and proceeded to elect a Warden. The ballot resulted in favor of Mr. B. C. Lloyd, Reeve of Camden. Mr. Lloyd may not be brilliant, but we believe his regime will be characterized by impartiality and square dealing—at least we have reason to hope so. Of his course in the Council during the past two years there has been no cause for complaint, and he being one of the oldest, one of the most painstaking and industrious members of the Council, had a claim on the office. Of course there were others of the Council whose claims were equally as good, but it is satisfactory to know that the honor fell to one of the deserving members, though no doubt the wire-pulling of the "Boss" and the "Shadow" had much to do in making the selection. We trust, however, that these worthies will not find in Mr. Lloyd the willing tool they would like him to be.

—It would seem that Mr. Wilson has laid himself out this year to run the whole county election. Under the plea of no politics, a clique obtained a majority in the Council, and no sooner did they get there than they threw off their sheep's clothing, and went politics straight. To what greater length they may carry out their designs, time alone will reveal.

—Ex-Coun. Lowry should feel flattered Mr. Roe branded him as a traitor and the judges accepted his word for it.

—When the next election comes round some body will work up a disagreement with Mr. Roe, and then Roe will get him to buy cats for him at $2 apiece. The dodge worked so well this time it is sure to be tried again. It is a new "wrinkle" in electoral corruption worthy of a patent.

—The Dominion Parliament was opened Thursday of last week by Governor Lansdowne, with the usual flourish of trumpets. The speech presented a very meagre bill of fare for the session. It opened with the usual congratulatory clause on the home government's admirable appointment to the office of Governer-General, and the next paragraph was devoted to a sort of admission of business depression. "I rejoice to learn," His Excellency was made to say in slip-shod English and doubtful grammar, "that although the last harvest has been less productive than its predecessors, and although there are indications that the rapid expansion of your commerce has to some extent been followed by over trading, the general condition of the Dominion is such as to justify me in congratulating me upon its prosperity." The people generally will fail to see where the congratulations come in. The farmer with a short crop and poor prices; the mechanic and laborer, in competition with whom the Government have brought thousands of immigrants whose passages were paid out of the public chest; and the mercantile classes who have seen the business failures roll up from 755 in 1882, aggregating $8,139,000, to 1,464 in 1883, aggregating $22,155,000—hardly feel in the humor for indulging in a great amount of adulation over a fiscal policy which has largely contributed to bringing about such a state of affairs. A number of paragraphs follow referring to the Fisheries Exhibition, Consolidation of the Statutes, the British Columbia Settlement, Indian affairs—all of minor importance and merely put in to spin the document out to a respectable length. Then follows a confession of the failure of the 3 per cent guarantee on C.P.R. stock, and an intimation that further concessions to the Co. are to be granted. The only government measure of any importance promised is the franchise bill. The entire speech was a series of apologies for unfulfilled promises.

—The debate on the address opened on Friday. Hon. Edward Blake made a masterly speech. He took the floor the very picture of physical health and intellectual vigor. About him was the air of a man conscious of a good cause and the ability to

LENNOX APPEAL C

The Respondent Escapes being by the Skin of his Teet

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THE FAR WEST.

AN INTERESTING LETTE WASHINGTON TERRIT

Dr. Kennedy Gets Enthusiasti New Home.

The subjoined letter from I nedy, formerly of Bath, to J. H Esq., of this town, has been han for publication. It gives valuabl tion as to the climate, product Washington Territory. We are learn that the Doctor is meeting v in his new home.

SEATTLE, W. T., Jan

In reference to the climate of th I cannot say too much in its prais the thermometer stands at 60° thing betokens the approach of you will see by the budding twig mens of vegetation inclosed. T passed a flower garden I noticed about to expand on one of the bu violets and other tardy plants in the lawns the grass is as verdant be at home in the month of M ready I have seen on the dinner ta and radishes recently picked from dens protected from hoar frosts b

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—It would seem that Mr. Wilson has laid himself out this year to run the whole council—at least those members who are of his political stripe. He was not satisfied with having written out for each a list of the members he would like to have on the committee to strike the standing committees, but he had to roam about from desk to desk seeing that his followers acted up to their instructions. These gentlemen should have sufficient self-respect and independence to tell Mr. Wilson to mind his own business. He is not such a master of orthography that he can afford to give away any of his knowledge of even the rudiments. The "shadow" is evidently trying to wear the "Boss's" boots. Probably he may yet slip in the act.

—Six out of the seven members elected to strike the standing committees were Conservatives. Each of the faithful had his ticket ready, and as the names fell in musical tones from the Clerk they sounded like a well rehearsed ballad. It was "Reid, Carscallen, Wilson, &c." And the arrangement was not changed in any case even to give the thing variety. The Reformers, of course, voted at random for the members they individually thought should be on the committee, irrespective of politics. The result was that not one Reformer was on the select committee and not a chairmanship of a standing committee was awarded outside the ranks of the faithful. A more disgraceful exhibition of party wire pulling was, we venture to say, never witnessed in any council in the province. Even so old and useful a member as Mr. Sharp, Reeve of Ernesttown, was passed by and the chairmanships given to men much inferior in ability and of less experience. It was a plot to "freeze out" Reformers, concocted by the County Clerk and carried into effect by his henchman, the Reeve of Napanee, the man who paraded the streets a few weeks ago looking for votes on the plea that he would not countenance the introduction of politics into municipal matters. It worked well this time but it remains to be seen whether others cannot play the same game in the future. These worthies may find their little game a sort of boomerang which will recoil on their own heads.

—The Town Council is also being run this

for indulging in a great amount of adulation over a fiscal policy which has largely contributed to bringing about such a state of affairs. A number of paragraphs follow referring to the Fisheries Exhibition, Consolidation of the Statutes, the British Columbia Settlement, Indian affairs—all of minor importance and merely put in to spin the document out to a respectable length. Then follows a confession of the failure of the 3 per cent guarantee on C. P. R. stock, and an intimation that further concessions to the Co. are to be granted. The only government measure of any importance promised is the franchise bill. The entire speech was a series of apologies for unfulfilled promises.

—The debate on the address opened on Friday. Hon. Edward Blake made a masterly speech. He took the floor the very picture of physical health and intellectual vigor. About him was the air of a man conscious of a good cause and the ability to maintain it. His remarks throughout were characterized with a pleasing urbanity, while occasional flashes of humor and good natured sarcasm compelled even those he reflected on to join in the laugh against themselves. But, most noticeable, was the logical coherence and incisive reasoning with which he drew the lines of attack on the ministry and pushed home his arguments. Mr. Blake never appeared to better advantage. He dealt with every feature of the governmental policy with telling effect. Among the new members introduced were Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. D. W. Allison, M. P. Mr. Allison was introduced by Sir Richard and Mr. Wm. Paterson, M. P., amid Opposition applause. This was a realization of Sir Richard's prediction at the Crystal Palace meeting that Mr. Paterson and he would have the pleasure of presenting Mr. Allison to the Speaker.

THE APPEAL CASE DECIDED.

Decision was given in the Lennox appeal case on Saturday last. A summary of the Chief Justice's remarks thereon is given in another column, from which it will be seen Mr. Roe escaped unseating barely by, what another learned judge said on a similar occasion, "the skin of his teeth." The Chief Justice stated that a clear case of bribery was made out in the charge against Lowry, and had the evidence established Lowry's agency the respondent would have been unseated. This the learned judges held the evidence did not do. They agreed with Justice Galt in placing great weight on the fact that Lowry and Roe had had a disagreement about a municipal election and that there was no evidence of a reconciliation. They, therefore, accepted the view that Lowry committed the act of bribery to get even with Roe. This was certainly a weak point in the evidence, but had the judges at the trial allowed the petitioner to place Mr. Lowry in the box, we venture to say the reconciliation and authorization of agency would have been made clear. Nobody here believes that Lowry was acting the part of a traitor. On the contrary, the Conservatives

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This city is beautifully situ shores of Elliott's Bay, an in Sound, affording good shelter to the many ships which come lumber, fish and other exports, able location for the growth of prosperous city.

There are extensive coal fie castle, 30 miles inland, which with Seattle, over which is carr of coal daily, a fact which assu ation and increase of trade with co and the southern ports den commodity. Owing to the fa port will eventually be the coa the Northern Pacific R.R. th has increased from 4,000 in 188 1883, and real estate is "boomi standing Villard's downfall. way has been projected to the ing country of Walla Walla, constructed will give a great in growth of Seattle, since all the Eastern Oregon and Washing will be shipped from this port which speaks volumes for this p is out of debt, notwithstanding outlay for city improvements, ing been expended upon street during 1883. In addition to bonus of $150,000 was given t River branch of the N. P. R., public schools and some $22,0 purposes. We have a large h university, fine public schools, good divorce law and other ins dicative of intelligence, wealth prise.

The country, so far as its agr dition is concerned, is in a pri and resembles what one would ada to have been previous to s dense forest extending down to edge. If I were to tell you the immense fir trees that grow her call me an unmitigated exagger mild expression.

Game of all sorts, from an ell ant, and fish, from the curio devil-fish to a tommy-cod, exist and waters of this wonderful co erals also of all kinds are to be Cascade range of mountains wh this state from north to south.

The population of this city i heterogeneous, being made up o

ready, and as the names fell in musical tones from the Clerk they sounded like a well rehearsed ballad. It was "Reid, Carscallen, Wilson, &c." And the arrangement was not changed in any case even to give the thing variety. The Reformers, of course, voted at random for the members they individually thought should be on the committee, irrespective of politics. The result was that not one Reformer was on the select committee and not a chairmanship of a standing committee was awarded outside the ranks of the faithful. A more disgraceful exhibition of party wire pulling was, we venture to say, never witnessed in any council in the province. Even so old and useful a member as Mr. Sharp, Reeve of Ernesttown, was passed by and the chairmanships given to men much inferior in ability and of less experience. It was a plot to "freeze out" Reformers, concocted by the County Clerk and carried into effect by his henchman, the Reeve of Napanee, the man who paraded the streets a few weeks ago looking for votes on the plea that he would not countenance the introduction of politics into municipal matters. It worked well this time but it remains to be seen whether others cannot play the same game in the future. These worthies may find their little game a sort of boomerang which will recoil on their own heads.

The Town Council is also being run this year on strict party lines. The first act of the "solid seven" was to capture the nominating committee, and by this means appropriate to themselves the choice positions on the standing committees. A new member from West Ward was given precedence over Mr. Chas. Lane, one of the most valued representatives the town has ever had. The next act was to remove Mr. John Webster from the assessorship, an office he has held some twenty years. Had the change been made on the ground that Mr. Webster had held the office long enough, neither Mr. Webster nor his friends would complain in the least, but this was not the plea for his removal. A lot of trumped up charges of partizanship in the discharge of his duty was brought against him by the Reeve, and notwithstanding that all were clearly explained away, the "solid seven" went for his dismissal. If these men were at all consistent they would have dismissed the Clerk at the same time, for it was shown that he made several of the mistakes charged against Mr. Webster. That they did not do this is very good evidence that their action towards Mr. Webster was prompted solely by their political spleen. By this we do not wish to be understood as desiring the removal of the Clerk; on the contrary, we should be very sorry to see him dismissed for the clerical errors he committed. Both he and Mr. Webster have discharged their duties, we believe, honestly and impartially, and neither should have been arraigned for trifling mistakes which any man—even the immaculate Mr. Wilson—is liable to fall into. The "solid seven" were evidently not satisfied with having all the other offices of the town filled by Conservatives, but must needs capture this as well. It is easy to see now who were crying "wolf, wolf," before the

THE APPEAL CASE DECIDED.

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In pushing the case to its utmost extent the Reformers have discharged a public duty. They recognized in Mr. Roe a man whose election was a reproach to the county and possessing the knowledge that his return was procured by corrupt means they resorted to the Courts. That they have been unsuccessful in the proceedings there is not their fault; they saw their duty and performed it like true men. All the ignominy attacked to having a branded blasphemer and corruptionist as the representative of Lennox in the Local Legislature now rests upon the Conservatives who elected him. The Reformers have shown their disapproval, it now lies with the Conservatives to say whether they are satisfied with their choice. We do the respectable portion the credit of believing they are not.

Timely Aid.

A little daughter of the Captain of the steamer "Empress of India" was suddenly attacked with Croup while at a friend's house in Toronto. No medical aid being handy recourse was had to Hagyard's Yellow Oil; this popular household remedy afforded prompt relief and the little girl was as lively as ever in a few days.

What the Figures Reveal.

G. M. Everest of Forest says that in one year one family purchased over fifty bottles of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam for their own use and that of various friends. He has sold this invaluable throat and lung remedy over sixteen years, and its sales are steadily increasing.

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ALEX

Fluid Lightnin

Cures Toothache and Neuralgia qu
lieves any pain instantly, the cheap
application known. Why suffer
Neuralgia, Headache, Rheumatism,
ca, Sore Throat, or acute pains of any
can go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W
stores and get a perfect and instan
twenty-five cents. Ask for Fluid Li

McGregor's Speedy

From the many remarkable cures w
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LENNOX APPEAL CASE.

The Respondent Escapes being Unseated by the Skin of his Teeth.

The Court of Appeal on Saturday last gave decision in the case of the Lennox Local election. His Lordship the Chief Justice in delivering judgment said as to the agency of Lowry it was immaterial whether his being a member of the municipal council and an avowed Conservative constituted him ipso facto a member of a nominating or executive committee. It was certainly competent to him to dissent from being an agent, and the evidence showed that he did so very emphatically when asked by the candidate himself, and when asked by Mr. Elliott, the Secretary of the Conservative Association. It was said that he afterwards canvassed for the respondent, but that of itself would not constitute him an agent, even if he had in good faith spoken to electors on behalf of the respondent, especially after what had passed. It was not proved that the respondent had, after his repudiation of agency, accepted him as his agent. Lowry did commit one act which

WAS AN ACT OF BRIBERY,

and if he were an agent of the respondent the respondent would have been unseated. He referred to the pseudo-purchase for $2 of a cat from the colored man Taylor. One of the learned judges who tried the case, Judge Osler, entertained a suspicion that Lowry was playing false to the respondent. His Lordship thought it clear that the giving of liquor by John Storms to several persons at the blacksmith shop of Lockwood was not within either section 152 or 153. In his opinion the appeal should be dismissed with costs.

The Court also concurred in this judgement.

THE FAR WEST.

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Dr. Kennedy Gets Enthusiastic Over His New Home.

The subjoined letter from Dr. A. Kennedy, formerly of Bath, to J. H. Madden, Esq., of this town, has been handed to us for publication. It gives valuable information as to the climate, products, etc., of Washington Territory. We are pleased to learn that the Doctor is meeting with success in his new home.

SEATTLE, W. T., Jan. 9, 1884.

In reference to the climate of this country I cannot say too much in its praise. To-day the thermometer stands at 60° and everything betokens the approach of spring, as you will see by the budding twigs and specimens of vegetation inclosed. To-day as I passed a flower garden I noticed a rosebud about to expand on one of the bushes, also violets and other tardy plants in bloom. On the lawns the grass is as verdant as it would be at home in the month of May. Already I have seen on the dinner tables onions and radishes recently picked from those gar-

TOWN COUNCIL.

Morning Session.

The new Town Council met at 11 a. m. on Monday last in the Council Chamber. The following members subscribed the declarations of office and qualification, and took their seats:—Wilder Joy, Mayor; Uriah Wilson, Reeve; Thos. G. Carscallen, Deputy-Reeve; Couns. Gibbard, Rose, Perry, Carson, Lapum, Henwood, Lane, Stevens and Wallace. The Mayor on taking the chair made a brief address.

Coun. LANE introduced a by-law for the appointment of auditors. The by-law was finally passed through its several readings, and Messrs. George Mills and George Wilson were appointed auditors for the ensuing year.

The Mayor, Reeve and Deputy-Reeve and Couns. Henwood, Rose and Wallace were appointed a special committee to strike the standing committees for the year.

The Council then adjourned for ten minutes to allow time for the special committee to strike the standing committees and prepare their report.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Council resumed and the special committee reported the following persons as members of the several committees for the year:—

FINANCE AND ASSESSMENT.—Messrs. Wilson (chairman), Carscallen and Rose.

STREETS AND IMPROVEMENTS.— Messrs. Henwood (chairman), Gibbard and Wallace.

FIRE, WATER AND GAS.—Messrs. Carscallen (chairman), Carson and Wallace.

TOWN PROPERTY.—Messrs. Rose (chairman), Henwood and Lapum.

MARKET.—Messrs. Lane (chairman), Perry and Stevens.

PRINTING AND BY-LAWS.—Messrs. Carson (chairman), Lapum and Perry.

POOR AND SANITARY.—Messrs. Lapum (chairman), Carson and Stevens.

POLICE. — Messrs. Gibbard (chairman), Wilson, Carscallen, Joy and Lane.

Moved by Coun. ROSE, seconded by Reeve WILSON, that the report be adopted.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned till 7.30 p.m.

Evening Session.

The Council resumed at 7.30 o'clock, all the members present. After routine—

A petition was read from the Fire Company asking to have Mr. Henry Wagar appointed Chief Engineer and Mr. R. J. Wales Assistant Engineer. Also from Mr. Thos. J. O'Neill, asking to be allowed till March 1st to pay his taxes, he having been suffering from illness.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

Coun. HENWOOD submitted the report of the Poor and Sanitary Committee, showing an expenditure during the last month of $74.03, which was adopted. He also introduced a by law for the appointment of a Chief and Assistant Engineer of the Fire Brigade. The by-law was read in the usual form and passed, with the blanks filled in with the names of Mr. H. W. Wagar, Chief Engineer, and Mr. R. J. Wales, Assistant Engineer.

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Esq., of this town, has been handed to us for publication. It gives valuable information as to the climate, products, etc., of Washington Territory. We are pleased to learn that the Doctor is meeting with success in his new home.

SEATTLE, W. T., Jan. 9, 1884.

In reference to the climate of this country I cannot say too much in its praise. To-day the thermometer stands at 60° and everything betokens the approach of spring, as you will see by the budding twigs and specimens of vegetation inclosed. To-day as I passed a flower garden I noticed a rosebud about to expand on one of the bushes, also violets and other tardy plants in bloom. On the lawns the grass is as verdant as it would be at home in the month of May. Already I have seen on the dinner tables onions and radishes recently picked from those gardens protected from hoar frosts by their situation.

This city is beautifully situated upon the shores of Elliott's Bay, an inlet of Puget Sound, affording good shelter and anchorage to the many ships which come here for coal, lumber, fish and other exports, a most favorable location for the growth of a large and prosperous city.

There are extensive coal fields at Newcastle, 30 miles inland, which are connected with Seattle, over which is carried 1,000 tons of coal daily, a fact which assures a continuation and increase of trade with San Francisco and the southern ports demanding that commodity. Owing to the fact that this port will eventually be the coast terminus of the Northern Pacific R.R. the population has increased from 4,000 in 1881 to 10,000 in 1883, and real estate is "booming" notwithstanding Villard's downfall. A line of railway has been projected to the wheat growing country of Walla Walla, which when constructed will give a great impetus to the growth of Seattle, since all the wheat from Eastern Oregon and Washington Territory will be shipped from this port. One fact which speaks volumes for this place is that it is out of debt, notwithstanding the immense outlay for city improvements, $250,000 having been expended upon street grading alone during 1883. In addition to the above a bonus of $150,000 was given to the Cedar River branch of the N. P. R., $28,000 for public schools and some $22,000 for other purposes. We have a large hospital, state university, fine public schools, theatres, a good divorce law and other institutions indicative of intelligence, wealth and enterprise.

The country, so far as its agricultural condition is concerned, is in a primitive state and resembles what one would imagine Canada to have been previous to settlement—a dense forest extending down to the waters' edge. If I were to tell you the size of the immense fir trees that grow here you would call me an unmitigated exaggerator, to use a mild expression.

Game of all sorts, from an elk to a pheasant, and fish, from the curious octopus or devil-fish to a tommy-cod, exist in the woods and waters of this wonderful country. Minerals also of all kinds are to be found in the Cascade range of mountains which traverse this state from north to south.

The population of this city is extremely heterogeneous, being made up of people from

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Coun. PERRY introduced a by-law for the appointment of a High School trustee. In committee of the whole the name of Mr. A. McNeill was inserted and the by-law passed.

Reeve WILSON introduced a by-law for the appointment of an assessor, and the Council went into committee thereon.

Coun. LANE moved, seconded by Coun. PERRY, that Mr. John Webster be re-appointed.

Dep.-Reeve CARSCALLEN moved, seconded by Reeve WILSON, that Mr. Ira Kimmerly be appointed.

Considerable discussion ensued. Reeve Wilson arraigned Mr. Webster on the roll of 1882, charging him with leaving twenty Conservatives off the roll. Mr. Webster on being heard showed that all the parties were on the roll but the property they occupied was not of sufficient value to entitle them to a vote. The Reeve then named specific cases and Mr. Webster in each gave a satisfactory explanation. In discussing the 1883 assessment Mr. Webster showed that the only mistake he had made was in leaving the name of Mr. Tugwell off the roll, and that was done in copying—the omission of the names of Wm. Appelby and Paul Peterson was an oversight on the part of the Clerk. Mr. Datus Denison, who was left off the roll, is a Reformer, and therefore he could not be justly accused of allowing politics to interfere with his duty. After considerable cross-firing the vote was taken and the "solid seven" voted for Mr. Webster's dismissal. The amendment was carried.

Coun. PERRY moved, seconded by Coun. ROSE, that the salary be $125.—Carried.

The committee then rose and reported. On motion for third reading,

Coun. GIBBARD moved, seconded by Coun. PERRY, that the Council go back into committee and substitute the name of Mr. Webster for that of Mr. Kimmerly.—Lost. The yeas and nays were called for and were as follows:—Yeas—Carscallen, Carson, Henwood, Joy, Lapum, Wilson, Wallace; nays—Gibbard, Lane, Perry, Rose and Stevens.

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On motion of Coun. GIBBARD, seconded by Coun. CARSON, $34.03 was ordered to be paid Coun. Henwood to cover balance due him as chairman of the Poor and Sanitary Committee.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—Treas. vouchers, $232.67; T. A. Huffman, $16.75; J. M. Degroff, $2; S. R. Miller, returning officer, $4; J. Storms,

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The population of this city is extremely heterogeneous, being made up of people from all parts of the world. Here are to be seen representatives of the Circassian, Mongolian, African and Indian types of the human race mingling together on the streets, Chinese, Japanese, negroes, Siwaskes, Greeks, people from Alaska and Chili, Australia and Great Britain, forming a conglomeration of humanity which is in itself a study to the ethnologist and a spectacle to the "tender-foot" from the East.

The scenery here is something grand. On a clear day the snow-capped peaks of the Coast range rising above the waters of Puget Souud in majestic beauty form a beautiful contrast to the clear blue sky in the background, the whole making a picture which would delight the eye of an artist.

But I have said enough—if you don't believe me come and see for yourself. But don't come without money to invest in real estate, for if you do you will make a mistake—in fact, you will be "left" by the moneyed men of the town.

I remain, yours truly,

ALEX. KENNEDY.

Fluid Lightning

Cures Toothache and Neuralgia quick as flash, relieves any pain instantly, the cheapest and quickest application known. Why suffer with Toothache, Neuralgia, Headache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Throat, or acute pains of any kind when you can go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a perfect and instantaneous cure for twenty-five cents. Ask for Fluid Lightning.

McGregor's Speedy Cure.

From the many remarkable cures wrought by using McGregor's Speedy Cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Affection of the Liver, and from the immense sale of it without any advertising, we have concluded to place it extensively on the market, so that those who suffer may have a perfect cure. Go to T. A. Huffman and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a trial bottle free, or the regular size at fifty cents and one dollar.

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Coun. PERRY moved, seconded by Coun. LAPUM, that the contract between the Gas Co. and the corporation be brought before the Council at next meeting.

Moved by Coun. GIBBARD, seconded by Coun. CARSON, that $1 per week be paid to Mr. Emberson during the winter months, he to give a report fortnightly of rowdyism and irregularities.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

Emerald.

(Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.)

—A white fish weighing eleven pounds and a salmon nineteen, have been caught around here lately.

—First-class cord wood selling at $1.50 per cord. Be sure and get some before the next great snow storm.

—Captain Polly has been re-elected. He has served the municipality of Amherst Island with great ability for the past year and will no doubt serve it in a similar manner for the ensuing term. He is certainly as good a representative as could be found, but we have no doubt that if his opponent, Mr. R. Fowler, had he been elected, he would also have proved an efficient officer.

—Not much sickness around here this winter.

—Two butchers have been on the Island offering $6 per hundred for pork. Does it pay farmers to raise such stock?

—Bath and Stella are in great need of another shoe maker. Surely some one will supply the deficiency.

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OWN COUNCIL.

Morning Session.

Town Council met at 11 a. m. last in the Council Chamber. g members subscribed the de- f office and qualification, and seats:—Wilder Joy, Mayor; n, Reeve; Thos. G. Carscallen, ve; Couns. Gibbard, Rose, on, Lapum, Henwood, Lane, Wallace. The Mayor on taking de a brief address.

E introduced a by-law for the of auditors. The by-law was d through its several readings, George Mills and George Wil- pointed auditors for the ensuing

r, Reeve and Deputy-Reeve and wood, Rose and Wallace were special committee to strike the nmittees for the year.

cil then adjourned for ten min- w time for the special committee standing committees and pre- eport.

TANDING COMMITTEES.

cil resumed and the special com- rted the following persons as the several committees for the

AND ASSESSMENT.—Messrs. Wil- an), Carscallen and Rose.

AND IMPROVEMENTS.— Messrs. hairman), Gibbard and Wallace.

ATER AND GAS.—Messrs. Carscal- an), Carson and Wallace.

ROPERTY.—Messrs. Rose (chair- wood and Lapum.

—Messrs. Lane (chairman), Perry

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D SANITARY.—Messrs. Lapum Carson and Stevens.

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Coun. ROSE, seconded by Reeve at the report be adopted.—Car-

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AT CHEAPSIDE'S

Great Cost Sale.

We are selling out the balance of our fine Velveteens and Plushes at a discount of 20 per cent.

Thus our fine Plush Velvets which were good valu3 at $1.15 are now going at 92 cents a yard, those at $1.25 are now $1.00

THOSE VERY FINE BLACK AND COLORED PLUSH VELVETS which were sold at $1.35 are now $1.08.

FINE BLACK SATIN RHADAMES, splendid value at $2.00, are now going at $1.60.

FINE SEAL CAPS worth $16.00 are selling for $11.00, and all other furs in proportion.

MEN'S UNDERCLOTHING at 65 cents a suit.

BLACK CASHMERES AND COLORED DRESS GOODS at cost.

BARGAINS IN SHEETINGS, COTTONS, LOOMS, PRINTS, &c.

BARGAINS IN FLANNELS of all kinds.

EMBROIDERIES.

Having just received a case of New Embroideries for spring which are the cheapest ever shown, we believe, in the town, we will give 10 per cent discount on them until the first of February.

Bargains in Kid Gloves and Corsets.

CARPETS.—Cheapside is headquarters for all sorts of Carpets. We keep the largest range of patterns to select from at the closest prices.

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CARPETS.—Cheapside is headquarters for all sorts of Carpets. We keep the largest range of patterns to select from at the closest prices.

READER YOU CAN SAVE MONEY by making your purchases now as we are determined to reduce our stock to a fine point before the 1st of February.

HINCH BROS.

PROVE WHAT WE ADVERTISE

BY GIVING US A CALL.

We Cannot Nor Will Not Be Undersold!

Mens' Overcoats for $4 50, $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.50 and $14.00.
Mens' Suits for $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00.
These goods we will put against anything in the trade.
Mens' Undershirts and Drawers for 60 cents per Sett.

Blankets! Blankets! Blankets!

WHO WILL HAVE A PAIR OF OUR BLANKETS?

LADIES if you want a stylish fitting Boot give us a call.
PARENTS bring your children to our store when you want boots.
MENS' LONG FELT BOOTS, high top, for $2.25. Who can beat it?
Our Stock of Ladies' Hats is Well Selected and Neatly Trimmed.
Mata says she can save her friends one dollar on a hat.

20 Yards of Cotton for $1.00; 20 Yards of Print $1; 20 Yards Wincey $1

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND CLOUDS ALL PRICES.

C. CUMMINS,

STREET, BATH.

R. P. LAHEY'S NEW STORE

—FOR—

Men's and Boy's Overcoats and Suits.

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New Hats & Caps in all the Latest English & American Styles

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Men's and Boy's Underclothing, White and Colored Shirts, Gloves and Mitts, Socks, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Ties, Collars and Cuffs, Braces, Umbrellas, Rubber Coats &c., &c.

☞ **HORSE BLANKETS VERY CHEAP.** ☜

GIVE THE NEW STORE A TRIAL FOR NEW GOODS AT BOTTOM PRICES

Rennie Block, F. Chinneck's Old Stand.

R. P. LAHEY.

WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY!

Jottings from Conversations with our Customers.

MISS M.—What a splendid store you have now. The alterations are a great improvement.

ME. D.—Well! You certainly can claim now to have the finest Shoe Store in the town. It looks exceedingly well when lighted up.

MISS MAC.—You must do an unusually large trade. I have repeatedly noticed that you are busy when others are doing nothing.

W. H., A COUNTRY MERCHANT.—Tell me how it is that you can retail these goods lower than I pay for them in Montreal.

FARMER.—I was attracted first to your store by your One Price System. I found when buying at other places that my neighbour had purchased the same goods at the same place for fifty cents a pair less than I did, because he beat down the price and I didn't.

C. C.—We have bought from you ever since you opened and have been well satisfied. You get all of our trade now and it amounts to considerable in a year, besides others that we have recommended to you.

C. FROM B.—We have come 20 miles to buy our boots from you and have saved enough on these few pairs to pay our fare several times over.

If you want any further evidence as to the right place to buy Boots and Shoes call at

The People's Boot and Shoe Store, Campbell House Block,

DETLOR'S OLD STAND.

GEO. E. MAYBEE.

N. Fredericksburgh.

THE NEW COUNCIL.—The new township council met on Monday last, Reeve Parkes in the chair. The Reeve appointed Mr. Acil submit the same, stating that he had paid them and he was not compelled to give an account to the Council. The Reeve held that Schryver auditor and the council appointed Mr. Wm. Miller, jr. Mr. Robt. Perry was appointed assessor. The Reeve asked Mr. A. C. Parkes, the Clerk, for a statement of the election expenses, and he refused to the Clerk had no right to pay these accounts without submitting them to the council, and especially to appropriate to himself $6 for expenses and holding nomination, which was a part of the general duties of his office. After some other business was transacted, on motion of Mr. Post, seconded by Mr Vanalstine, Mr. Philip R. McCabe was appointed Clerk in the place of Mr. A. C. Parkes. The deposed Clerk then at the request of Dep.-Reeve Carscallen read a statement of the election accounts. The Reeve claimed the statement as the property of the council, and on motion it was deferred till next meeting for further consideration. A number of accounts were passed, after which the council adjourned.

McEntyre's Corners.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Roads are full. Our teacher reports a slim attendance at school, owing to the unfavorable state of roads and weather.

—Miss Julia Sharp is visiting friends in Belleville.

—Mr. W. A. Hogle is our new assessor.

—Mr. S. K. Miller is now occupying a prominent office in the County Agricultural Society.

—While returning from Bath one night last week, Mr. James F. Aylesworth was unfortunate in being upset with his wife and child. The roads were badly drifted, but by going ahead he made a track in which his horse followed easily.

—Mr. B. E. Aylesworth has again been returned to the council. The thanks of this community are due to those noble Reformers of Odessa, who worked so faithfully for him and Mr. P. E. R. Miller.

—We are much pleased to have our old friend, Squire John Sharp, in the Reeve's chair this year. His great ability, long experience and sterling integrity fit him pre-eminently for the position of Warden.

—A hoary head is a crown of glory, but we expect that a "would be" young man living east of McIntyre's, is not as firm a believer in Solomon's wisdom as we are.

BALDWIN REFORMER.

Moscow.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Roads almost impassable.

—The latest—Try and get snowed out.

—Girls, prepare to pop the question.

—Leap year advice:—Be sure your victim is rich before you jump at him. One of our young ladies of brunette complexion has rather the start of the girls here. She says she has had six refusals already and is in no way discouraged. I wish her success. It is no disgrace if not sacked twice in one

WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

THURSDAY, JAN. 17.

—The total amount received for the Humber accident fund is $7,877.26.

—Inquiry into alleged irregularities preferred against Mr. C. H. Corbett, county gaoler of Frontenac, by the county council, were tried at Kingston yesterday. The report of the commissioners will, it is reported, be a complete exoneration of Mr. Corbett.

—David McKay, a prominent local politician of Rochester, N. Y., who nearly fifty years ago published a newspaper in Kingston, Ont., died last night, aged 73. He leaves a widow and grown-up family.

—The annual meeting of the Midland Central Fair Association was held in Kingston on Wednesday last. It was shown by the Directors' report that the entries of all kinds numbered 2,508, against 2,754 in 1881. While there was a difference of 246 entries in favor of the latter year, the amount paid in prize money last year was in excess of that paid in 1881 by $43. In some of the departments there has been a lack of interest, others had shown up well. There is no doubt that had the season been favorable the difference in the classes referred to between the late exhition and its predecessor of 1881 would not have existed. The revenue from all sources was $4,734.13, the disbursements $4,012.63, leaving a balance of $731 50.

—John Banwell, sewing machine agent of Picton, was crossing the bay on the 9th inst., near Minaker's Cove, when the horse broke through the ice and was drowned.

—The Globe train collided with a freight train at Mimico yesterday morning. John Clifton, engineer of the mail train, was badly injured.

—An express train drawn by two engines was derailed at Trenton last midnight. It had a dozen cars, five of them Pullmans. The latter were crowded with senators and members of parliament with their wives. The trucks were jerked out from under the second engine, and the coaches were scattered over the track in every shape. One Pullman was tipped over. No one was hurt, but the passengers were considerably shaken up. The accident was caused by the spreading of a switch, the bar being broken.

—John Davidson, aged 80, and his wife, aged 86, were found frozen to death near Newport, Tenn., to-day. They were too feeble to carry fuel, and went to bed to keep warm.

—Yesterday at Belleville Judge Lazier acquitted Thomas Parsons of the charge of assault with intent to commit highway robbery which was preferred against him.

—To-day's races at Trenton, Ont., were as follows:—

Open Trot—Little Walter, 1 1 2 1; Lookout, 3 2 1 2; J. N. Fuller, 2 3 3 3. Named Trot—Olive, 1 2 1 1; Lady Pert, 2 1 2 2; Fanning Horse, 3 3 3 3.

FRIDAY, JAN. 18.

—To-day a three-year-old child was discovered by the engineer of an approaching train firmly bound to the railway track near Columbia, S. C. The train was stopped within a yard of the destined victim.

—Edward Tappan, who is under arrest on suspicion of being implicated in the Townsend outrage, confessed this morning that his brother John and himself were concerned in the murder of Mrs. Maybee and her daughter.

—One of the boilers connected with the shoe manufactory and tannery of E. G. and E. Wallace at Rochester, N. H., blew up this afternoon, killing four men and injuring several others. The machinery was run by an engine and three boilers.

—At Kingston yesterday the male pupils of Cataraqui and Wellington streets schools had a snow-balling match after school hours, per arrangement, and had a warm contest. When snow balls had not the desired effect harder missiles were used, and the result was several got some severe cuts.

—At Trenton yesterday a young man named Wallace McMatthews, who was playing billiards in a hotel, threw a billiard ball at his opponent, with whom he had a dispute. The missile missed the man whom it was intended for and struck Wm. A. Hepburn, of Picton, behind the ear, knocking him senseless. McMatthews is missing.

SATURDAY, JAN. 19.

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—Our pulpit was occupied the first Sunday of the New Year, by the Rev. W. R. Young, of Clark's Mills. He preached an education sermon to the small congregation.

—Mr. J. E. Maybee, former school teacher of this place, is at present a medical student at Queen's College, Kingston. His family will remain in the village.

—Our school is prospering under the management of Miss Paul, principal, and Miss Wheeler, assistant.

—The Rev. Mr. Sanderson is to preach in the brick church every two weeks.

PERSONALS.—Miss Amelia Huffman has returned from visiting her sister....Miss Ephie Asselstine spent a few days visiting friends in this vicinity....Mr. J. N. Howard of Hagersville was visiting relatives in this section.....Mr. George Ham and sister of Odessa was visiting Miss Pata Lucas. The girls says, "Come again, George, soon."..... Miss Mercy Lucas has gone to Prince Edward County where she is visiting her sisters.

Deseronto.

CHURCH ANNIVERSARY.—The first anniversary service connected with the opening of the Church of the Redeemer here was held on Sunday last, when appropriate sermons were preached by Rev. W. Cochrane, D.D., Brantford. At the close of the morning sermon he also advocated the movement in the Presbyterian Church in Canada for augmentation of stipends, and a collection in behalf of this scheme was taken up in the evening. On Monday evening he delivered his lecture, "Across the Rockies," on behalf of the Ladies' Aid Society, in the presence of a large and interested audience. The Presbyterian Church here, of which the Rev. R. J. Craig has been pastor for the last seven years, is making steady progress in number and increasing in usefulness.

[From the Tribune.]

—Mr. John Gough, having accepted the position of engineer on the Napanee & Tamworth R'y, intends removing soon to Napanee.

—Mr. A. Ferguson arrived from Belleville Wednesday of last week with a large wheel for the Stone Mill. It weighs about three tons and was a good load for a team to bring such a distance over bad roads.

—It is proposed to hold a monster gathering of Oddfellows next summer at some point near Alexandria Bay, at which all the Odd-

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SATURDAY, JAN. 19.

—The steamship City of Columbus was wrecked off Martha's Vineyard, Mass., yesterday morning. Over 100 persons were drowned or frozen to death. Heartrending scenes were witnessed by the survivors. The City of Columbus had 57 first-class and 22 steerage passengers and a crew of 45. Of these 55 first-class passengers and 15 steerage passengers and 34 of the officers and crew were lost. The City of Columbus was one of the finest vessels on the coast. She was built in 1878 by John Roach & Son. She was built of iron and thoroughly equipped, was rated A 1, valued at $300,000 and insured for $250 000.

—The passenger train on the Midland Railway ran off the track this morning near Stirling. The cause was a broken rail. The coaches were thrown from the track. Most of the passengers were injured, the more serious being a man from Westwood, who had his leg broken about six inches above his ankle, and Samuel Vandervoort, of Stirling, who had his nose broken.

—Mike Cuddie and wife, of Denver, Col., were lynched to-day for the murder of Mary Rose Matthews, a bright little girl of ten years of age. This is the first instance of a woman being lynched in Colorado.

—The switch house at the east end of the Grand Trunk yard at Belleville was burned this morning. The remains of a man supposed to be those of Michael Harrigan, a brakesman, were found in the ruins. Harrigan, who was unwell, came to Belleville by the midnight train Friday night, and went in the direction of the boarding-house, which is east of the switch-house, into which it is supposed he had gone and accidentally set fire to it.

—Mr. J. T. W. Meyers, J. P., of Belleville, one of the grandsons of Capt. Meyers, who was one of the pioneers of Toronto, died on Thursday, aged seventy-nine. Mr. Meyers was one of the rebels of 1837, and fled to the northern States, but returned some years afterwards. Deceased was very much respected, and leaves a widow, son and daughter.

MONDAY, JAN 21

—The Erskine Presbyterian Church, of Toronto, was completely gutted by fire yesterday. The church cost $29,000, and was insured for $20,000.

—Patterson's & Rabjohn's foundry, Toronto, with all its contents, was destroyed by fire this evening. The loss is estimated at from $8,000 to $10,000.

—Senator Bourinot died this morning at Ottawa.

Later news of the accident on the Grand Junction division of the Grand Trunk railway, near Stirling, states that eight persons were injured, but none fatally.

—Five packages of dynamite were found in a tunnel through which a special train containing the Prince of Wales passed. The Prince was on a visit to Rothschild at Alton, on Tuesday of last week.

—Two planks were found lying across the G. T. R. track, near Gananoque, to-day. They were removed before a train came along.

—At Kingston, to-day, when the undertaker was putting the body of Catharine Malone, who died during a spree on Monday, into the coffin, he asked deceased's daughter (Mrs. Gray) if she desired to have the corpse re-dressed. Mrs. Gray said, "No, chuck her in the way she is." When the lid was screwed on she leaped upon the cover and danced like a maniac, and only ceased her antics when Constable Tuttle compelled her to.

—Nine prisoners left Kingston yesterday for Toronto, some for the Central prison and some for the Mercer institute.

TUESDAY, JAN. 22.

—The Commercial Hotel and some business stores in Cornwall were destroyed by fire this morning. The inmates of the house escaped without any clothing. The total loss is estimated

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Napanee Mark

Fall wheat, per bushel		
Spring wheat,	do	
Barley,	do	
Oats,	do	
Peas,	do	
Rye,	do	
Onions,	do	
do	per bag	
Potatoes,	per bag	
Flour, fall,	per 100 lbs	
Flour, spring,	per 100 lbs	
Corn		
Butter	per tub	
Butter,	per lb.	
Cheese	"	
Lard	"	
Tallow	"	
Musk Rats		
Beaver,	per lb	
Lamb	per lb	
Mutton,	per lb	
Wool	per lb	
Calfskins	per lb	
Hogs	per cwt	
Eggs	per doz	
Bacon	per 100 lbs	
Mess pork		
Beef hides		
Deeken skins		
Pelts		
Lambskins		
Bran	per ton	
Shorts	"	
Hay,	"	
Clover Hay	"	
Cedar Posts		
Cedar Shingles,	per thousand	
Mink Skin		
Fox	"	
Partridges	per Brace	
Turkey		
Geese		
Chickens		

Produce and Commission

BIRTH

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—It is proposed to hold a monster gathering of Oddfellows next summer at some point near Alexandria Bay, at which all the Oddfellows of Eastern Ontario and many in northern New York will take part.

—A constantly increasing number of farmers from the back parts of Tyendinaga and other townships now take the trains of the Grand Trunk at Deseronto Junction, it being the only point at which several of the trains stop between Napanee and Belleville.

—Arrangements have been completed for improving the furnaces and boilers of the steamer Puritan, which runs on the Thousand Island route, between Gananoque and Clayton. This will give her increased power and thus enable her to make better time than heretofore

A Special Invitation.

We especially invite a trial by all those sufferers from Kidney and Liver complaints who have failed to obtain relief from other remedies and from doctors. Nature's great remedy, Kidney-Wort, has effected cures in many obstinate cases. It acts at once on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleansing the system of all poisonous humors and restoring a healthy condition of those important organs. Do not be discouraged but try it.

An Important Enquiry.

Are you threatened with Consumption? If so, the cause may be in the blood. Impure blood and Scrofula are close companions, and Scrofula and Consumption are still closer related. Burdock Blood Bitters cure all forms of Scrofula by cleansing the blood and regulating the secretions.

If you are bilious or have indigestion, sick headache or dizziness, try Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, used instead of pills; they cure constipation. Price, 25c. per bottle. For sale by all druggists. 8-4.

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—The Commercial Hotel and some business stores in Cornwall were destroyed by fire this morning. The inmates of the house escaped without any clothing. The total loss is estimated at $90,000.

—There were 100 interments in the Protestant cemetery at Belleville during the past year.

—The schooner M. O'Gorman, lying at Cataraqui, was burned to the water's edge at Kingston last night. She was valued at $1,000.

—Two Brazilians were to have fought a duel in Canada with pistols at 25 feet, but were prevented by a lady who informed the police. They were arrested.

—Patrick O'Rourke, who deserted from "B" Battery, Kingston, last March, was arrested in Ottawa. He was sent to Kingston, where he will be tried by a general court-martial.

—The St. Lawrence sugar refinery building and machinery at Montreal were destroyed by fire this morning. The total loss is estimated at $130,000.

—The verdict of the coroner's jury on the body of Dennis Harrigan who was burned in the east switch house at Belleville station on Saturday last was that he came to his death by burning and suffocation.

—Owing to the recent storms it is impossible to bring wood into Kingston, therefore it is scarce there. Nearly all the dealers are short.

—The wreck of the steamship City of Columbus is attributed to neglect of the Captain's orders.

—The Lieut.-Governor is confined to his room at Quebec with inflammation of the lungs.

—Arrangements are being made for lighting the city of Quebec by electricity.

—At Pittsburgh, Pa., to-day the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty on account of insanity at the time the act was committed," against Nutt, who shot Dukes. Nutt's mental condition is to be investigated.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 23.

—George A. Wheeler, a native of Gorham, Me., was hanged to-day at San Francisco for choking his sister-in-law. Five hundred people witnessed the execution.

—The Spectator printing office building, Hamilton, was destroyed by fire this morning.

—John Somers, post master and merchant of

Musk Rats	
Beaver, per lb	
Lamb per lb	
Mutton, per lb	
Wool per lb	
Calfskins per lb	
Hogs per cwt	
Eggs per doz	
Bacon per 100 lbs	
Mess pork	
Beef hides	
Deeken skins	
Pelts	
Lambskins	
Bran per ton	
Shorts "	
Hay "	
Clover Hay "	
Cedar Posts	
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	
Mink Skin	
Fox "	
Partridges per Brace	
Turkey	
Geese	
Chickens	

S. McI
Produce and Commission Merchs
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BIRTHS.

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MARRIAGES.

FLAHERTY—LYNCH—At Belle day, Jan. 22nd, 1884, by the R O'Donahoe Mr. T. E. Flaherty Miss Maggie A. Lynch, eldest d Michael Lynch of Belleville.

DEATHS.

FENWICK.—In Napanee, on 24th, 1884, Mrs. Edward Fenwicl

—The Saved Army will hold a Town Hall next Monday evenin

S. B. BLO

—IS —

The Place to Buy

I have just received a lot of sa

SCARFS, CLOU

SHIRTS, GLO

WOOLEN HOODS, M

AND LADIES' WOLLE

IT ENABLES ME TO SEL

15 Per Cent

THAN WHOLESALE

As I Bought the Low.

CALL AND SEE TH

S. B. BLO

Next door to S.

Great Removal

OUR NEW STORE IN THE AYL

Is now being finished up as fast as the wor

We Shall Move into it Next Mo

In the mean time we shall offer all of the goods that we have order to reduce the stock as much as possible and sav

We make a practice of holding a Clearing season to clear out our winter goods but this year we have a double object in on getting genuine bargains.

We are now going through the whole stock putting new tickets on and m that customers can see at a glance that we mean business.

We hold a large stock of Black and Colored Velveteens and Mantle Velvet Satins and Velvets that we offer at greatly reduced prices.

THIS GREAT SALE WILL COMMENCE ON SATURD

And our whole stock of

Ready-Made Clothing will be Sold at

And any one wanting clothing made to order can buy the cloth at the reduced price we pay the workmen in the shop.

P. SLA

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—The Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway express

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—The Toronto, Grey & Bruce Railway express train came near running into a G. T. R. freight train at Parkdale yesterday.

—Joel Fowler was taken from jail at Soccoro, Col., to-day and lynched for the murder of J. E. Cole last November. The murderer was worth $10,000.

Napanee Market Prices.

Jan. 25th, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$ 1 00	to $1 05
Spring wheat, do	1 05	1 10
Barley, do	0 50	0 60
Oats, do	0 30	0 32
Peas, do	0 70	0 72
Rye, do	0 55	0 60
Onions, do	0 50	0 75
do per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65	0 75
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Corn	0 70	0 80
Butter per tub	0 16	0 18
Butter, per lb.	0 18	0 20
Cheese "	0 12	0 12
Lard "	0 10	0 11
Tallow "	0 06	0 07
Musk Rats	0 04	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 15	0 18
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	6 50	7 50
Eggs per doz	0 20	
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 10	11 00
Mess pork	0 08	0 00
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	16 00	17 00
Shorts "	22 00	24 00
Hay, "	7 00	0 00
Clover Hay "	3 00	4 00
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 59
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Partridges per Brace	0 30	0 35
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 35	0 4

S. McLAUGHLIN,
Produce and Commission Merchant, Dundas St., Napanee Ont.

BIRTHS.

HELLIWELL.—In Napanee, on Monday, Jan. 21st, 1884, the wife of R. A. Helliwell, Esq., of a daughter.

WILLIAMS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 1st, 1884, at Bushire, Persia, the wife of Charles Bird Williams, Esq., B.U.C.S., of a son. Mrs. C. B. Williams is a niece of Mr. G. C. Baker of the Standard.

MARRIAGES.

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S. B. BLOOM'S

JANUAR

THE USUAL WINT

—AT—

DOWNEY

All winter goods now in
reductions.

Call and see some of the
You have a good opportun
goods cheap.

ROBLIN

—ARE SH

54 PRICES NEW SCOTCH TWEE

—SUITINGS.—

NEW OVERCOATINGS, FULL LINES IN BLACK AND C
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH TROUSERINGS, ONE CA
MITTS, THE NEW NAPPA BUCK GLOVES AN
MARKET; 36 PIECES NEW FLANNELS, IN
VALUE IN RUBBER COATS, SPECIAL
WHITE SH

New Hats

Ours is the store to get value in White and Colored Shirts, Brac
Cuffs, Underclothing in Scotch, English and Canadian, large assortm

Gents requiring Fall Suits should leave their orders early as we a

We still take the lead in getting up stylish and well made clothin
to maintain the reputation we have gained for selling the best goods

Musk Rats	0 01	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 15	0 18
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	6 50	7 50
Eggs per doz	0 20	
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 10	11 00
Mess pork	0 08	0 00
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	16 00	17 00
Shorts "	22 00	24 00
Hay, "	7 00	0 00
Clover Hay "	3 00	4 00
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 59
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Partridges per Brace	0 30	0 35
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 35	0 4

S, McLAUGHLIN,
Produce and Commission Merchant, Dundas St.,0
Napanee Ont,.

BIRTHS.

HELLIWELL.—In Napanee, on Monday, Jan. 21st, 1884, the wife of R. A. Helliwell, Esq., of a daughter.

WILLIAMS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 1st, 1884, at Bushire, Persia, the wife of Charles Bird Williams, Esq., B.U.C.S., of a son. Mrs. C. B. Williams is a niece of Mr. G. C. Baker of the Standard.

MARRIAGES.

FLAHERTY—LYNCH—At Belleville, on Tuesday, Jan. 22nd, 1884, by the Rev. Father M. O'Donahoe Mr. T. E. Flaherty of Napanee, to Miss Maggie A. Lynch, eldest daughter of Mr. Michael Lynch of Belleville.

DEATHS.

FENWICK.—In Napanee, on Thursday, Jan. 24th, 1884, Mrs. Edward Fenwick, aged 24 years.

—The Saved Army will hold a concert in the Town Hall next Monday evening. Tickets 10c.

S. B. BLOOM'S

—IS—

The Place to Buy Goods!

I have just received a lot of samples such as

SCARFS, CLOUDS,

SHIRTS, GLOVES,

WOOLEN HOODS, MITTS,

AND LADIES' WOLLEN JACKETS.

IT ENABLES ME TO SELL THEM

15 Per Cent Less

THAN WHOLESALE PRICE

As I Bought them Very Low.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

S. B. BLOOM,

Next door to S. McLaughlin

reductions.

Call and see some of the
You have a good opportur
goods cheap.

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Cuffs, Underclothing in Scotch, English and Canadian, large assortr
Gents requiring Fall Suits should leave their orders early as we
We still take the lead in getting up stylish and well made clothi
to maintain the reputation we have gained for selling the best goods

FARM FOR SALE.—EAST HALF LOT No. 8, 8th con. Richmond, containing 100 acres—about 80 acres cleared and under cultivation, and the balance wooded with hard and soft wood and cedar; good frame house and commodious barns and sheds; the farm is well fenced with good cedar rails; almost free from stones; well underdrained; well watered by a living spring and good well at the house; a young orchard; situated within twelve miles of Napanee and 4 miles west o Roblin. Will be sold cheap or will trade for a smaller farm. For full particulars apply to the proprietor, JAMES R. DENISON, on the premises, or to Forest Mills P.O.

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Established 1874.)

4 Queen Street East, Toronto, Ont.

hese Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses, are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanant cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis, Billiousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M.

NEW

21

A. A

WATCH

CORDIALLY INVIT

New (

All kinds of Rep

Removal

ORE IN THE AYL

being finished up as fast as the wo

into it Next Mo

all of the goods that we have
ck as much as possible and save

e of holding a Clearing Sale every ye

this year we have a double object in view and, therefore, customers may

le stock putting new tickets on and marking the reduced price in plain figures so we mean business.

Colored Velveteens and Mantle Velveteens, Mantle Velvets, Mantle Cloths, Silks, ly reduced prices.

OMMENCE ON SATURDAY NEXT, THE 26TH

And our whole stock of

Clothing will be Sold at Net Cost Prices

order can buy the cloth at the reduced prices and we will make them up at the

P. SLAVEN & CO.

JANUARY, 1884.

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JANUARY, 1884.

E USUAL WINTER REDUCTIONS

—AT—

DOWNEY & CO'S.

winter goods now in stock will be sold at large
ctions.

l and see some of the bargains we are offering.
have a good opportunity now to secure reliable
s cheap.

DOWNEY & CO.

ROBLIN & FORD

—ARE SHOWING—

PRICES NEW SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS. 40 PIECES NEW CANADIAN TWEEDS.

ERCOATINGS, FULL LINES IN BLACK AND COLORED WORSTEDS, BLK. BROADS AND DOESKINS
LISH AND SCOTCH TROUSERINGS, ONE CASE SCARFS AND TIES, ONE CASE GLOVES AND
ITTS, THE NEW NAPPA BUCK GLOVES AND MITTS, BEST WEARING GOODS IN THE
MARKET; 36 PIECES NEW FLANNELS, IN GREY, NAVY BLUE AND FANCY; SPECIAL
VALUE IN RUBBER COATS, SPECIAL VALUE IN REGATTA, OXFORD AND
WHITE SHIRTINGS.

New Hats and Caps

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A. NORMAN, M.

NEW JEWELLERY STORE.

211 DUNDAS - ST.

(Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

A. A. BARTLETT

Having just opened his new stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE

FANCY GOODS, &c.

CORDIALLY INVITES THE INSPECTION AND PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC

New Goods and Low Prices.

All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully and Promptly Attended to.

A. A. BARTLETT

...on broke in with a jarring

they say female wits are quick-
le tongue most glib to explain
...kward situation ; the proverb
any rate, Mr——"
...rthur Beaupre," the young
...v.
Beaupre, Lady de Gretton
explanation of this scene
...-by, I think I have heard
...nection with my wife's

...rd the true story of our
poor Arthur cried, his
...th the passion he could
de Gretton doubly pro-
and the fact that he was
..., had the impulsive pas-
soldier at a cruel disadvan-
...iced in the fact with a sav-
rdly joy—"as you may hear
y of our meeting now. Nora
...once my promised wife. An
believed her so still, and she
...e dead—as I shall be to her
.... In the first shock of the
sudden meeting she remembered only what had been, and—Heaven bless her for it !—rejoiced as Nora Bruce might have rejoiced that I was given back from the dead. Then, in a moment, she remembered you and her new duties, and —and we said good-byo !"

The pleasant full-toned voice faltered a little over the last words ; but the blue eyes never wavered, nor shrank from Lord de Gretton's mocking and malignant glance. Arthur's one thought now was to shield the miserable girl who was so manifestly incapable of taking her own part. Some inner instinct warned him that Lord de Gretton's wife would have no easy path to tread ; and, since no earthly power could break the chain she had so rashly forged, he could only pity her with an intense unselfish pity, and inwardly swear that he would do nothing to make her hard path harder still.

Lord de Gretton was a clever man of the world, quite keen enough to know truth from falsehood and see through the finest histrionic display. He did not for an instant doubt that the man before him was speaking absolute truth, that Nora had believed him dead ; but his conviction was anything but soothing to his pride. Innocently or not, they had injured and aggrieved him, had wounded his sensitive vanity, and compelled him, the haughty and impassive Lord de Gretton, to play the ridiculous part of the gray-haired husband.

Jealous and deceived, he stared at Arthur Beaupre, his deeply-sunken eyes glittering angrily, his pale face actually flushing as he entertained the galling thought. Could Lady Olivia but have known it, all wrongs were fully avenged in that moment of bitterest mortification.

To recognize a wrong was with Lord

in his power to torture them.
look, eloquent of scorn and
would have turned away, mer
and not daring to trust himself

But at that moment, moved
vague impulse, Nora raised h
his, the lovely Irish gray eyes
cleartruthful depths he had s
thought and every fancy mirr
happy days gone by. Where
the innocent love, the innoc
the gay girlish sparkle ? Some
in his throat and seemed as
would strangle him—something
tered his manhood and brough
tears to dim his vision as
that blank, hopeless, lost, and
gaze.

"Lost !" Yes, that though
last worst pang of all to Arthur
loyal and generous heart. Ra
he have seen any intensity of
pain than the suggested frenz
gaze. She did not seem to
rather she seemed to look thr
as though no object stood in
Her widely-opened eyes were
sleep-walker, haunted by a
dream and utterly unconscious
was passing around her.

At any cost she must be ar
this dangerous apathy. Arthu
cold little hand in his and spok
ingly—

"Nora, it is good-bye ind
Heaven bless and shield you, an
happy !"

She shivered slightly, and h
lips twitch ; but she repeated t
bye" mechanically, and her e
softened, though the tears stoo
in his.

Lord de Gretton made an
gesture, and the spell that hel
Beaupre was broken. Silently
back, and let the married pair
silently he watched them as t
their way up the winding road,
ishing, now reappearing, as th
from terrace to terrace up the v
ed height until they were lo
among the tall trees that
around the picturesque white
which Lord de Gretton's honey
to be spent.

Once only Nora turned he
head and looked back—and tha
destined to haunt Arthur Beau
with cruel pertinacity for many
a week to come—will haunt
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With a little shiver, for the
began to grow chill, and he was
from recent illness, Arthur p
soft hat down over his brows,
his coat-collar, and, resolutely
thoughts on the future and tu
back upon the scene of so muc
made his way to the railway s
was soon on his way to London

...CRIME.

...ER VIII.

...cton was the first to speak,
...glancing at Arthur, his cold glitter-
...ng eyes scanning the handsome face and upright soldier-figure in a superciliously appraising fashion that at any other moment would have made the young man's quick blood tingle. He crossed over to his wife's side, and said abruptly—

"Lady de Gretton, you will follow me."

He spoke with the abrupt harshness of a master addressing a slave who had fallen under his displeasure ; but no answering flush arose on the wife's pale face ; harshness and gentleness were one to her now. The worst that could come to her had come ; she was alike past fear and hope. She did not, even by a deeper-drawn breath or the quiver of an eyelid, give any sign that she had heard her lord's command or intended to obey it. She stood like one turned to stone, staring out over the wide waste of water, from which the last touch of sunlight had fled.

"Will you come ?" Lord de Gretton muttered grimly ; and the light of the sunken eyes grew more and more dangerously cruel. He bent his head till his gray moustache swept the soft girlish face, and whispered with hissing emphasis in the small ear, "Are you mad, to defy me now ?"

She shivered slightly, drew a pace or two away, and for the last time her eyes sought Arthur Beaupre's in wild and pitiful appeal.

The look pierced Lord de Gretton's armour of cool self-possession and stung him to jealous fury. He knew that the girl he had wooed and won brought him

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The look pierced Lord de Gretton's armour of cool self-possession and stung him to jealous fury. He knew that the girl he had wooed and won brought him no love as her marriage dowry. So much she had frankly told him from the first, and the confession had but made him the more determined that she should be his. He was so used to be wooed that the girl's unfeigned reluctance to accept his wooing gave her a novel and piquant attraction in his sight. He had heard the whole story of her first unhappy love from Cristine Singleton's truthful lips, and could afford generously to overlook the fact of a dead lover; but now was the lover really dead, or was Nora doubly false?

The suave polish of his manner covered a brutal nature, and in the rare moments of agitation he permitted himself the brutality rose to the surface, as now. He seized the slender wrist with cruel force, and swung the girl round with a savage suddenness that wrung a passionate word from Arthur Beaupre's lips and a wild cry from hers—

"Arthur, Arthur, save me—save me from him!"

Then, and not till then, Arthur Beaupre broke the silence so hardly maintained. He came forward, very white and stern-looking, and stood before the cruelly-united pair, his worn young beauty a sharp and terrible contrast to the jealous age confronting him. How fervently he prayed that the right words might come to him now, that he might close, and not widen the breach between these two, and help, not harm, the unhappy girl for whom his heart bled?

"Hush, Nora!" he said almost sternly, though he would have given his life to speak one word of comfort in her ear, to drive the dreadful frenzied look from her dark eyes. Then, turning to Lord de Gretton, he said eagerly, with all his honest heart in the words, "Lord de Gretton, permit me to explain all that seems strange to you now——"

But Lord de Gretton cut the sentence short; wheeling round upon his heel, he stared insolently into the frank blue eyes, and said slowly, with a sneer, while he twisted the ends of his long gray moustache into sharp points—

"So you will have it then—will thrust

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To recognize a wrong was, with Lord de Gretton, to resolve to revenge it. He ground his teeth together with savage energy, and vowed within himself that one of the offenders at least—the one who was helplessly and absolutely in his power—should receive exemplary punishment at his hands, so, returning Arthur's eager beseeching look with a coolly insolent stare, he said, in slow drawling tones that fell with maddening distinctness on the young man's ear—

"I suppose, for my own sake, as well as Lady de Gretton's, I had best accept this explanation."

"It is the true one; you cannot, dare not doubt it!" Arthur cried hotly, all the fiery pride he tried so hard for Nora's sake to curb to meeknesa flaming now from his bright blue eyes and ringing defiantly in the clear young voice.

"I have said I shall accept it," the other returned, with exaggerated emphasis and a cruel enjoyment of the pain he gave—"but upon certain conditions only."

He paused, looking keenly into the other's face, as awaiting a response; but Arthur merely bowed, not trusting himself to speak.

"First, you, or we, must leave this place at once; it is not large enough to hold the trio."

"I return to town to-night."

"Good. In the second place, you must promise that you will never seek Lady de Gretton's company again."

"Pardon me," the young man interrupted, with uncontrollable haughtiness, "I have never sought Lady de Gretton's company. I believed the lady to be still Miss Bruce."

Lord de Gretton, twisting his gray moustache with elaborate care, listened with his most supercilious smile, as though gently tolerating an interruption that in no way influenced the predetermined current of his thoughts and speech.

"Just so," he said, with a nod of careless condescension that made Arthur's quick blood boil again; "and being better informed now you will understand

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his coat-collar, and, resolutely
thoughts on the future and tu
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made his way to the railway st
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He had travelled incessant
long and far that day; but, w
was, he seemed incapable of
fatigue. He tried to sleep;
thoughts centred persistently in
he had left, in the girl he had
in her misery.

The one fear that overrode al
his thoughts was that Nora's br
turn under the accumulating tro
had come upon her. He coul
to lose her, to see her happy witl
he thought, with a little tighten
generous heart that could ignor
sharp pain; but he had left her
less hands, and there had been s
like the wild glare of madness in
backward look.

"Heaven keep her safe and s
cried again and again, with a s
verential passion, as he leant h
head against the carriage win
looked out with sad unseeing ey
soft beauty of the starlit summe

And, while the fervent pr
echoed in his heart, Nora de
knelt by her dead husband's s
blood on her little white hand
her pretty velvet dress, blood t
a long cruel stream along the
on which he had fallen—that f
knife-thrust through his heart,
which his life had ebbed away.

CHAPTER IX.

"How late the governor is t
ing!" Cristine Singleton cried
up with a prolonged yawn from
she had been indifferently sca
her mother came into the room.
down-stairs yet?"

"What a question!" Mrs. H
swered, with a laugh, as she
place at the well-spread break-f
and eagerly turned the envelop
plate, only to put them aside w
appointed—

"No letter from Vance again
can the boy be doing?"

"Getting into mischief, of
Cristine said sharply. "But ne

and swung the girl round with a savage suddenness that wrung a passionate word from Arthur Beaupre's lips and a wild cry from hers—

"Arthur, Arthur, save me—save me from him!"

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But Lord de Gretton cut the sentence short; wheeling round upon his heel, he stared insolently into the frank blue eyes, and said slowly, with a sneer, while he twisted the ends of his long gray moustache into sharp points—

"So you will have it then—will thrust yourself into the fereground, and be seen! Your companion has little cause to thank you. I wished to ignore Lady de Gretton's escapade, to close my eyes to the awkward fact that my wife, on her wedding-day, wandered out at sunset to entertain her old lover; but you will not let me."

Clear, cold, and cruel, each word fell with sharp distinctness, and stung, as it was intended to sting, not the pale girl round whose overwrought brain a merciful mist was gathering, who heard all that was said in a dull uncomprehending fashion, as though it concerned her not at all—not Nora, but the man who would—how gladly!—have died to defend her.

"For shame!" he cried, with a hearty ringing scorn that would to a more generous opponent have been a convincing proof of his honesty and good faith, but only stung Lord de Gretton's pride sharply, and moved him to a more implacable hate. "Oh"—Arthur flung back his bright head, impatient of his own halting utterance—"where shall I find the words to convince you, if your own knowledge of her innocence and spotless purity be not enough? Nora, tell your husband how you met me here; for his sake and your own, do not leave him under an impression so cruelly false."

Nora started at the direct appeal, but only turned her eyes with a vague troubled stare from one to the other; her lips moved a little, but no sound came from them. Arthur's heart sank within him. Had her brain really turned with its weight of trouble?

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"Just so," he said, with a nod of careless condescension that made Arthur's quick blood boil again; "and being better informed now, you will understand that your paths diverge widely from this moment and need never touch again."

"I understand," Arthur returned coldly; and, with a smile of quiet satisfaction, Lord de Gretton turned to his wife.

"Come, Nora," he said authoritatively, "it is time for us to go."

He lifted the little hand that hung so listlessly by her side, and drew it within his arm; the contact chilled his fingers; death itself was not more icy or inert. Nora neither resisted nor aided his efforts; the only sign of life left in her blazed in the burning misery of her eyes.

Mechanically she permitted herself to be drawn towards the path she had descended, ignorant of that last bitter drop still to mingle with her cup—mechanically, without another word or look, she would have passed the man who watched her with an intense and yearning pity that for the moment swallowed up all selfish pain. But, crossing his path, Lord de Gretton paused abruptly, unable to deny himself a Parthian dart.

"As you two are old friends, and must part for ever," he said, with mocking emphasis, "you may be allowed the luxury of a farewell word. Nay, Mr. Beaupre, you are most ungrateful; few men in my position would show such magnanimity as this."

For something like a smothered execration broke at last from Arthur Beaupre's white lips. He was heart-sick and weary of the fiendish cruelty with which this man revenged himself and revelled

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"No letter from Vance again
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Cristine said sharply. "But n
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"To Nora!" Cristine echo
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But at that moment, moved by some vague impulse, Nora raised her eyes to his, the lovely Irish gray eyes in whose cleartruthful depths he had seen every thought and every fancy mirrored in the happy days gone by. Where now were the innocent love, the innocent mirth, the gay girlish sparkle? Something rose in his throat and seemed as though it would strangle him—something that mastered his manhood and brought a mist of tears to dim his vision as he met that blank, hopeless, lost, and miserable gaze.

"Lost!" Yes, that thought sent the last worst pang of all to Arthur Beaupre's loyal and generous heart. Rather would he have seen any intensity of conscious pain than the suggested frenzy of that gaze. She did not seem to know, or rather she seemed to look through him, as though no object stood in her path. Her widely-opened eyes were those of a sleep-walker, haunted by a torturing dream and utterly unconscious of all that was passing around her.

At any cost she must be aroused from this dangerous apathy. Arthur took the cold little hand in his and spoke entreatingly—

"Nora, it is good-bye indeed, now. Heaven bless and shield you, and make you happy!"

She shivered slightly, and he saw her lips twitch; but she repeated the "good-bye" mechanically, and her eyes never softened, though the tears stood thickly in his.

Lord de Gretton made an impatient gesture, and the spell that held Arthur Beaupre was broken. Silently he drew back, and let the married pair pass him; silently he watched them as they made their way up the winding road, now vanishing, now reappearing, as they passed from terrace to terrace up the well-wooded height until they were lost to sight among the tall trees that closed in around the picturesque white house at which Lord de Gretton's honeymoon was to be spent.

Once only Nora turned her graceful head and looked back—and that look was destined to haunt Arthur Beaupre's fancy with cruel pertinacity for many and many a week to come—will haunt him with more or less of horror in the remembrance until he has done with earth and earthly things for ever.

With a little shiver, for the night-air began to grow chill, and he was still weak from recent illness, Arthur pulled his soft hat down over his brows, drew up his coat-collar, and, resolutely fixing his thoughts on the future and turning his

I was with a fatiguing day, because he could get none himself, and went downstairs, where I have no doubt he found refuge in his precious books."

Cristine made no further comment; after all, it made little difference to her whether her step-father made his appearance or not She had plenty to occupy her thoughts, but unfortunately the food she herself had given them was less entirely sweet now than she had imagined it last night.

Then she had been entirely absorbed in the thought of the ample revenge she had taken upon the girl who had outshone her in every way. With something like an intoxication of delight, she had pictured Nora opening her present and reading the news it contained, pictured the utter horror of the bride of a day when her old lover rose before her triumphantly confident in her truth, and when she had to tell him that with her own hands she had raised up a barrier between them.

The little drama played out on the stage of Cristine's fancy had seemed entirely satisfactory and entertaining last night; amid thunders of applause the curtain had fallen upon a picturesque tableau of her triumph and Nora's crushing defeat—the *denouement* had been pleasantly complete.

But somehow the brilliant picture faded a little in the colder morning light—disagreeable after-thoughts began to intrude on the girl's mind and fill her with selfish terrors. Now that the intense and irritating jealousy that urged her on to any lengths and blinded her to all but the immediate consequences of her acts had passed into the back-ground, she began to see with alarming sharpness some serious self-made difficulties in her path.

For what happened to Lady de Gretton she cared not one straw. She knew how sure and cruel was the blow she had dealt; the victim might recover from it or die of it, if she chose. But she did care very much what happened to herself; and a spectral army of ugly possibitities paraded menacingly before her till she began to wish, not exactly that the blow had not been struck, but that she herself had figured somewhat less prominently as the avenging angel

"What a fool I was to write that letter!" she thought, knitting her fair brows and tapping her smart French slipper impatiently on the floor. "She would have known without a word that I had planned it all, and I should not be in her power, as I am now. Of course she will show it to Arthur in self-defence, and then he will never speak to me again; or she may send it to the governor, and then, quiet as he is, this house will hardly hold us both. Oh, dear, I have made a horrible

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He had travelled incessantly lately, long and far that day; but, weak as he was, he seemed incapable of physical fatigue. He tried to sleep; but his thoughts centred persistently in the place he had left, in the girl he had deserted in her misery.

The one fear that overrode all other in his thoughts was that Nora's brain would turn under the accumulating troubles that had come upon her. He could endure to lose her, to see her happy with another, he thought, with a little tightening of the generous heart that could ignore its own sharp pain; but he had left her in merciless hands, and there had been something like the wild glare of madness in that last backward look.

"Heaven keep her safe and sane!" he cried again and again, with a sort of reverential passion, as he leant his aching head against the carriage window, and looked out with sad unseeing eyes on the soft beauty of the starlit summer night.

And, while the fervent prayer still echoed in his heart, Nora de Gretton knelt by her dead husband's side, with blood on her little white hands and on her pretty velvet dress, blood that ran in a long cruel stream along the white rug on which he had fallen—that followed a knife-thrust through his heart, and with which his life had ebbed away.

CHAPTER IX.

"How late the governor is this morning!" Cristine Singleton cried, looking up with a prolonged yawn from the letter she had been indifferently scanning as her mother came into the room. "Is he down-stairs yet?"

"What a question!" Mrs. Bruce answered, with a laugh, as she took her place at the well-spread break-fast table, and eagerly turned the envelopes on her plate, only to put them aside with a disappointed—

"No letter from Vance again! What can the boy be doing?"

"Getting into mischief, of course!" Cristine said sharply. "But never mind Vance, mother; I asked you whether the governor had come down."

"Of course he has—at least three hours ago; and glad enough I was to get rid of him, I assure you. I never saw a man in had figured somewhat less prominently as the avenging angel

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"Do come to breakfast, child; you look quite pinched and wan with hunger," Mrs. Bruce broke in with a brisk cheerfulness that seemed horribly incongruous to Christine; and as the girl mechanically obeyed her summons and drew a chair to the table, she turned to the servant, who still lingered at the sideboard, with the careless question—

"Where is your master, Finnis? Does he know we are at breakfast?"

"He is in the library, ma'am, and I rang the bell twenty minutes ago."

"Perhaps he has gone out," Mrs. Bruce suggested, looking across at her daughter, with the slight contemptuous smile she was wont to bestow upon her husband's unpunctual habits.

But the man negatived this idea decisively.

"Oh, no, ma'am! I took him in a telegram a little while back, and he has not left the room since then, I know."

"A telegram!" Cristine repeated, pushing back her chair, and turning a ghastly hue, horrible to look upon. "Mother, their must be something wrong."

Mrs. Bruce felt by no means comfortable herself; some of the superstitious dread that oppressed her daughter seemed suddenly to pass to her, driving the healthy color from her face and making her clear voice husky and unsteady; but she felt, if only to impress the listening servant, that a sharp rebuke was necesssary, and administered it with sufficient dignity and promptitude..

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Church Debts.

What an outcry s ordinarily made about church debts! They are generally referred to as an evidence that there is a very great deal of depravity in the churches, or nothing of the kind would ever be allowed. Some church dignitaries have set their faces so firmly against anything of the kind, as to positively refuse to have to do with the dedication of any church not entirely paid for. Of course two-thirds of the "of the world" applaud any such decision as the just and right thing. One "eminent man" has lately taken a good deal of pains to remark, as a most singular thing, that all

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"Of course he has—at least three hours ago ; and glad enough I was to get rid of him, I assure you. I never saw a man in such a state of nervous excitement in my life. Really I think the wedding has turned his brain—he has done nothing but walk about the corridors declaring that something terrible had happened to Nora."

"To Nora!" Cristine echoed, with a nervous attempt at a contemptuous laugh.

Had Mrs. Bruce chanced to glance at her daughter, she might have seen that the pale face grew suddenly pinched-looking and pale, and the light eyes had a frightened and guilty glitter. Cristine Singleton, who was endowed with a singularly small amount of faith in Divine justice and mercy, was, on the other hand, most horribly superstitious, and placed an abject trust in signs, portents, and warnings.

"Did—did the governor see anything?" she asked uncomfortably ; and Mrs. Bruce looked up with an astonished stare from the housewifely task of measuring the orange pekoe into a silver teapot.

"Bless me, child, what should he see? You are as great a goose as he is. I declare you will ruin my nerves among you!" she cried, with a pettish laugh, but a consoling consciousness that her nerves were made of no such penetrable stuff, but were equal to any amount of friction. "He did see at last that it was hardly fair to spoil my sleep, worn out as

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There are surely two sides to this question. As a matter of fact a large proportion of the very fine churches that now adorn the country would be much smaller, much less comfortable, and much less creditable in appearance than they are today, if those who had to do with their erection had resolved not to go into debt. In a growing progressive country, such as ours is, there are few localities able and willing to command sufficient money for church building purposes to meet the growing requirements of the next twenty years. The churches determined not to provide anything more than they can now pay for, may stand on a very solid foundation, but is it probable they will find room to grow with the growth of wealth and population around them? Our church debts have not been an unmixed evil, by any means. The wonder is that the outcry against them has been so universally raised.

Emerson says : "The way to make the world better is by reforming number one, then there is surely one less villain in the world."

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me to breakfast, child; you

PERSONAL.

In Mr. Spurgeon's fund of illustrative stories is one of a man who use to say to his wife:—"Mary, go to church and pray for us both." But the man dreamed one night that when he and his wife got to the gate of heaven, Peter said:—"Mary, go in for both." He awoke and made up his mind that it was time to become a Christian on his own account.

Several relics of Sir Joshua Reynolds will be see at the forthcoming exhibition of his works at the Grosvenor Gallery, in London—among them his silver spectacles snuffbox of tortoise shell, trimmed with gold, and the three pen and ink sketches which first attracted attention to his precocious powers, one a little picture of a perch, drawn from life; next a little interior of a library, copied "with all the minuteness and delicacy of Cello, or Cella Bella," and third, a perspective on the back of a Latin theme, done when he was only eight years old.

It is stated that Millais, the painter, is to be made a baronet. He has sufficient property qualification, being worth a million dollars, and is earning a large yearly income. He will be the first painter baronet, as Tennyson has been the first poet peer. Mr. Millais's only sister is the wife of Mr. Lester Wallack. There has been various painter knights like Reynolds, Lawrence, and Sir F. Leighton.

Prince George of Wales, says the London *World*, is proving himself a real "salt." He is the pet of officers and crew of H. M. S. *Canada*, and though not backward in his studies or other then conscientious in his duties, he is healthy, hardy, and just a little mischievous. He takes the rough with the smooth without losing his head or temper, and his ruddy, free, and well-set limbs are to be seen first in every kind of sport.

The publication of Lord Lytton's Autobiography moves a correspondent of the London *Daily News* to remind the public that Lady Lytton lived for many years at Sydenham in comparative poverty, latterly attended by one servant, and assisted by friends; that she died in March, 1882, and was buried at Shirley, near Croydon. No monument marks the grave, but a new "Communion Table" has been presented by friends as a tribute to her memory. Her will was proved, and effects sold; but the proceeds were insufficient to pay her trifling debts.

A monument to the memory of Mozart is about to be erected at Vienna, a century after the maestro's death. The death of Richard Wagner is said to have prompted the erection of this monument. Wagner's admirers intended to raise him a monument shortly after his death, but, hearing this, all the opponents of Wagner waxed wroth, declaring that it would be scandalous if a monument were erected to Wag-

Only a Baby.

One sultry day last summer, at a time when children of the poorer class in Philadelphia were dying by the scores every week, a bloated old man staggered up the steps of a physician's dwelling. The boys shouted after him, "Old Bourbon," the name by which he had been known in the locality in which he lived for many years.

"The baby's worse," he said, standing hat in hand when he met the doctor coming out.

"You've been here for me every day for a week," explained the doctor. "I cannot go again to-day. I told the child's mother there was no chance this morning. It was dying then."

"Won't you come now?"

"No; I have not a minute to spare. There are patients waiting whom I can help."

"Old Bourbon" followed him to his carriage door, twisting his rag of a hat in his shaking hands. "She's—she's all I've got, doctor."

But the doctor, with a pitying nod, drove away, and the old man, nearly sobered by his keen distress, crept home to the little attic where his little grandchild lay dying. Whatever nursing or kindness little Mary had known, had come from "Old Bourbon." Her mother had six other children, and went out washing every day. The poor old drunkard and the innocent baby were left to form a strange friendship for each other. She called for him now feebly, as she lay on her mother's lap.

"Daddy! Daddy! Come to me!"

And then her spirit passed on to the unseen.

"Why, is this you, Bour—— I beg your pardon. What is your real name?"

"John Black, sir. I want to take my name again. I'm thinkin' of signin' the pledge 'n' pullin' up for the rest of the time left," stammered the poor wretch.

The clergyman was wise and helpful. John did "pull up." He lived but a few months after that, but he did what he could to live a decent, honest, Christian life in that time.

"The Lord is merciful, John," his friend said to him, as he lay dying.

"I know it, sir. I'm not much acquainted with Him. But I've been tryin' to foller little Mary. I hear her always cryin', 'Daddy, come to me.' I'm comin'. An' I reckon He'll not turn me back."

Even the baby had its work to do, and had done it.

America and Liquor Drinking.

It appears that the Germans are not the largest consumers of beer and other malt liquors, as has generally been supposed. The editor of the *Chemical Review*, of Chicago, has collected the statis-

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much what happened to herself;
tral army of ugly possibitities
enacingly before her till she be-
h, not exactly that the blow
en struck, but that she herself
d somewhat less prominently
ging angel

a fool I was to write that let-
hought, knitting her fair brows
g her smart French slipper im-
n the floor. "She would have
hout a word that I had planned
I should not be in her power,
w. Of course she will show it
in self-defence, and then he
speak to me again ; or she may
the governor, and then, quiet
his house will hardly hold us
, dear, I have made a horrible
look which way I will!"
me to breakfast, child ; you
pinched and wan with hunger,"
broke in with a brisk cheer-
t seemed horribly incongruous
e ; and as the girl mechanically
summons and drew a chair to
she turned to the servant, who
ed at the sideboard, with the
estion—
is your master, Finnis ?
know we are at breakfast ?"
in the library, ma'am, and I
ell twenty minutes ago."
os he has gone out," Mrs.
gested, looking across at her
with the slight contemptuous
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unpunctual habits.
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(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Church Debts.

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obliography moves a correspondent of the London *Daily News* to remind the public that Lady Lytton lived for many years at Sydenham in comparative poverty, latterly attended by one servant, and assisted by friends ; that she died in March, 1882, and was buried at Shirley, near Croydon. No monument marks the grave, but a new "Communion Table" has been presented by friends as a tribute to her memory. Her will was proved, and effects sold ; but the proceeds were insufficient to pay her trifling debts.

A monument to the memory of Mozart is about to be erected at Vienna, a century after the maestro's death. The death of Richard Wagner is said to have prompted the erection of this monument. Wagner's admirers intended to raise him a monument shortly after his death, but, hearing this, all the opponents of Wagner waxed wroth, declaring that it would be scandalous if a monument were erected to Wagner before one was erected to Mozart. This may be true ; but why, ask Wagner's friends, is it only now that such a cry is raised to immortalize the composer ?

Oscar Wilde has had a bad time in his native Dublin, The Gaiety Theatre is small, but twice too large for the accommodation of those who went to see and hear the original *Bunthorne*. Even of those many remained not to pray, but to carry out their original intention of scoffing. They laughed at his dress, his attitudes, his sentiments, and his language. His manner of meeting interruptions was rather effective. He simply came to a dead halt in the middle of a sentence, and waited till his critics felt themselves the object of general attention. whereupon they held their peace.

King John of Abyssinia has made the following reply to an invitation sent him by the Mahdi to unite forces and together to harry the fruitful plains of Delta : "May the writing of John, the chosen of the Lord, the King of Zion, the King of the Ethiopian Kings, reach the hands of him who is a prophet among the Turks. By the grace of the God of Saints and the intercession of our Lady of Zion, I and my army are keeping well. Praised be the grace of the Highest ! How art thou ! Thou hast written to me : 'I am a great prophet. I will not seek strife with thee. Peace be between us.' I do not know whether it be the will of God that we should fight against each other But what does that matter ? Are we not enemies in our hearts ? I am a Christian and thou art a Turk. Where I am there thou canst not be ; where thou art there I cannot live in peace. Written in the camp of Michail Devri, the 10th Senige of the year of grace 1855 (August, 1883)."

Bishop Arthur Cleveland Cox went from Buffalo to Genesee the other day to administer the rite of confirmation. He got in a train going the wrong way and had to hire a carriage. Getting there, he found that his valise, containing his vestments, which had come by the train which he should have taken, was locked up in

The clergyman was wise and helpful. John did "pull up." He lived but a few months after that, but he did what he could to live a decent, honest, Christian life in that time.

"The Lord is merciful, John," his friend said to him, as he lay dying.

"I know it, sir. I'm not much acquainted with Him. But I've been tryin' to foller little Mary. I hear her always cryin', 'Daddy, come to me.' I'm comin'. An' I reckon He'll not turn me back."

Even the baby had its work to do, and had done it.

America and Liquor Drinking.

It appears that the Germans are not the largest consumers of beer and other malt liquors, as has generally been supposed. The editor of the *Chemical Review*, of Chicago, has collected the statistics in regard to brewing from most of the leading countries in the world. From a table published in that journal it appears that the production of beer in the German Empire amounts to 92 quarts per head. A large portion of this beer is exported, however. In the Austrian Empire the production of beer amounts to 34 quarts per inhabitant. In Great Britain each inhabitant is credited with 115 quarts of very strong beer. In United States the production of beer per inhabitant is 40 quarts. In Denmark it is 117 quarts, in Belgium 71, in France 24, in the Netherlands 51, in Norway 43, in Sweden 40, in Switzerland 39. In Russia only 4 quarts of beer are manufactured for each inhabitant, while the production in Italy is but the tenth part of that amount. Apparently malt liquors are not manufactured in Spain, Portugal, Greece, and Turkey. In most wine-producing countries the consumption of malt liquors is very small. In Russia distilled liquors are principally drank. The three Scandinavian countries consume large quantities of both fermented and distilled liquors. The consumption of beer and other malt liquors is increasing faster in the United States than in any other country in the world. The consumption, however, is chiefly limited to the Northern States. In the States south of the Ohio River there are very few breweries and little demand for them. New York, Pennsylvania, and the States west of them produce nearly all the beer made in the entire country.—*Evening Standard*

Grasping the Situation.

"Your conduct has been such for a month past," said an employer to his clerk, "that in justice to my business I am forced to discharge you. Do you appreciate your situation ?"

"I do," replied the clerk, "and I would be glad to retain it."

"I do not mean that. Do you grasp the situation in which you have placed yourself through neglecting your work?"

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shing in debt. If not in debt
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into the deep sea. He does
outright that all this is very
t that this is the inference.
e surely two sides to this ques-
matter of fact a large propor-
very fine churches that now
country would be much smaller,
comfortable, and much less
n appearance than they are to-
se who had to do with their
d resolved not to go into debt.
g progressive country, such as
re are few localities able and
command sufficient money for
lding purposes to meet the
quirements of the next twenty
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ything more than they can now
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is it probable they will find
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We often do more good by our sympathy than by our labors.

The law of the harvest is to reap more than you sow. Sow an act and you reap a habit ; sow a habit and you reap a character ; sow a character and you reap a destiny.

CEMENT FOR TIN AND GLASS.—The following, which has been recommended for joining the metalic to the glass parts of kerosene lamps, is impermeable to all oils : Caustic soda, one ounce ; water five ounces ; resin, three ounces ; plaster of Paris sufficient. Make a solution of the soda in the water, and boil with the resin until this is dissolved. To the liquid add half its weight of plaster, and apply immediately. It sets firmly in half to three quarters of an hour.

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"Your conduct has been such for a month past," said an employer to his clerk, "that in justice to my business I am forced to discharge you. Do you appreciate your situation ?"

"I do," replied the clerk, "and I would be glad to retain it."

"I do not mean that. Do you grasp the situation in which you have placed yourself through neglecting your work?"

"It begins to look," said the unhappy clerk, "as though there wouldn't be any situation to grasp."

"You still misunderstand me. You have been unmindful of the duties imposed upon you, and in consequence I am compelled to let you go. Are you prepared to accept the situation ?"

"Oh, yes," said the clerk, brightening uy, "I'll accept an situation."

"Well, get to work," growled the man of business.

BLACK KNOT.—This disease which attacks cherry and plum trees, especially, is the work of a fungus plant called *Spæria morbosa*, which is propagated by spores or seeds, and spreads in the young wood by its thread-like roots. These cause warty excrescences several inches long on the sides af the branches, which are greenish and soft during the early part of summer, and attract the curculio to deposit its eggs therein, especially when stone fruit is scarce. Other larvæ have also at times been found in these green knots, and this gave rise to the opinion at one time held that insects were the cause of the mischief. It is found, however, that the disease originates under the bark, where insects can have no access. The spores of this fungus are said to ripen on the diseased trees during the winter, and there is no doubt that the disease is contagious. The only remedy is to cut and burn the infected twigs, cutting well down into the healthy wood, as the roots of the fungus extend a considerable distance beyond the excrescence.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Tolman Wheeler of Chicago, who has given about $70,000 to religious corporations, has set apart a piece of land on Washington Boulevard near California street for a theological seminary, and to it he will add $1,000,000 for the buildings and $100,000 for the endowment of the seminary.

The American politicians are at their wits end what to do to stamp out polygamy. A woman has just announced that she knows how the death blow could be given to it right off. She would establish fashionable millinery shops, with fashionable prices, out at Salt Lake city, and the crisis must come. The plan looks feasible enough to every married man of TRUTH's acquaintance. How have all those bald headed reprobates escaped this danger heretofore? Can some one explain. That woman's ingenuity may yet save the nation.

The *Christian Guardian* is about as hard hitting at opponents as are the ordinary sinners of the political press, when the circumstance appear to call for it, and it is rather facetious too. Writing of the claim now being made for more state aid to University College after a pretty large sum has been swallowed up, the *Guardian* relieves itself in this style: "The cry is, 'Give, give.' This reply, which is deemed sufficient to silence the voice of complaint, reminds us of the story of a Mormon preacher, who was baptizing some converts in a hole in the ice of a river. One man was accidentally caught by the current and carried under. Nothing daunted, the elder said, 'that fellow has gone under, bring on another.' But the others were not disposed to try it. And it is very likely when our University friends say, 'that endowment has been largely wasted, bring on another,' that Ontario may just hesitate before bringing on another."

It is a common thing to speak of the old aristocratic system of England and other old monarchal countries as producing a system of large land owners and very wealthy persons such as would never be found in connection with a republic. As a matter of fact this idea turns out to be a very great mistake. Under the old land system the monopoly may remain much longer in favored families; but single individuals cannot and do not grow wealthy nearly as quick. One principal reason for all this may be that in an old country there are fewer persons of a fair amount of means to be fleeced, and consequently the fleecing cannot be nearly so profitable. In the United States, just now, the number of millionaires grows wonderfully and the millionaires are amassing such wealth as the old world never heard of. Of course the proportionate

BODY SNATCHING.

A Doctor's Exciting Adventure at a Cleveland Cemetery—He Narrowly Escapes being Killed.

"What are the duties of a demonstrator of anatomy?" This question was propounded yesterday by a *Leader* reporter, who has noticed that this position was invariably filled by a young doctor with very little experience.

"To steal bodies," was the reply of the old practitioner of whom the question was asked. "It is very seldom that an old-established physician will consent to do such work, and the position is therefore given to young men who are anxious to get along in the profession. I used to be demonstrator of anatomy at one of the city colleges. It was different then than now, and the business was attended with much more danger than at present. I was pretty fortunate, however, in having some good friends in office, and always escaped arrest."

"Did you have any thrilling adventures?"

"Yes, indeed. On several occasions I had pretty close calls. I shall never forget one night at Woodland Cemetery. I went with the janitor of the college to get a body. We made our way into the cemetery without being noticed, and, having located the grave, set to work. The janitor handled the pick and shovel while I did the watching. He worked away for some time, and the thud of his pick and the grating of his shovel were the only sounds that broke the ghostly stillness. I had become somewhat neglectful of my vigil, and was not paying much attention to my surroundings. All of a sudden, from behind the tree where I was hidden, I saw the janitor drop his shovel and break into a run. I looked around to see what had caused his flight, and saw two men approaching me. I knew they were the cemetery watchmen, and not fancying the idea of being caught, I followed the janitor's example and started to run. I headed for Woodland avenue and thought if I could outrun the watchmen I could get away without trouble. Just before I reached the fence, a board affair—that was before the iron fence was built—I saw that the me were trying to head me off. I strained every nerve and tried to clear the fence at one jump. My feet struck the top board and I fell back into the cemetery. Regaining my feet and taking a new start, I made another jump. My feet struck the top again and I was balancing myself to throw my body over on the sidewalk when one of the wachmen shot at me. The bullet whistled past my ear, and I fell off the fence. The men doubtless thought I was dead, for they did not come to the fence, and I soon crawled away and escaped.

NEWS IN A NUT

Summary of Foreign, Domes Items.

CANADIAN.

Pin works are now being e Galt, Ont., and will soon be i They are owned by Messrs. Ca & Co.

Miss Catharine Miller, age ner, doing business in Toror ted suicide by throwing hers bridge at Rosedale. She w the time.

The Canada Steel Company derry, Nova Scotia, is in the ficial liquidators. The busir carried on pending the settle financial difficulties.

Rev. A. J. Bray, of the Co Church, Montreal, has sent i tion, and intends to devote h onization and other secular p has not been as successful in ial work as his friends expect

A Montreal paper says th quence of the heavy chur Notre Dame and St. Patric (Roman Catholic) of that city ive pastors have requested th grant permission to petition ture to come to their aid.

Ontario has under license 1 miles, paying the Governme for timber dues and ground re has 48,500 square miles un giving a gross revenue to the $668,596, so that Ontario rec form of revenue, $30,000 per while Quebec gets only $14.

The Canada Pacific Railway in operation 3,500 miles of tele radiating from Winnipeg as triple wire to Brandon, a do the summit of the Rockies, a to Port Arthur, and a sir Manitou, Neche, Stonewall, Selkirk.

The first newspaper publis the St. Lawrence was the Qu the initial number of which 1776. Seventeen years after paper of Upper Canada appe called the *Upper Canada American Oracle*, and was Newark, now Niagara. Col father of the Canadian press the introduction of the printi Canada and the abolition Canada occurred about the an interesting though not re incidence.

The *Canadian Manufact* Every week we hear of fresh eries in the Northwest. Alr problem for that country is it is as certain as any future

be a very great mistake. Under the old land system the monopoly may remain much longer in favored families; but single individuals cannot and do not grow wealthy nearly as quick. One principal reason for all this may be that in an old country there are fewer persons of a fair amount of means to be fleeced, and consequently the fleecing cannot be nearly so profitable. In the United States, just now, the number of millionaires grows wonderfully and the millionaires are amassing such wealth as the old world never heard of. Of course the proportionate number of really poor increases as well. A careful observer says that if the entire wealth of a country should be equally divided among the whole of the people this year in ten years time some would be a good deal richer and many others a good deal poorer because of such a distribution. The observation is no doubt correct.

Consumption of Beer in the Paris Hospitals.

As some answer to the protests which have been made against his peremptory prohibition of beer for the patients of the hospitals, the Director of the Assistance Publique publishes some of the figures, which have justified as he thinks, his too indiscriminate resolution. It seems that the quantity of beer consumed at the Hotel Dieu rose from 37 litres in 1875 to 13,516 in 1882; at the Pitie from 700 to 8,995; at the Charite from 1,876 to 13,473; and at the St. Antoine from 3,768 to 14,546. The whole of the hospital establishments consumed 28,695 litres in 1875 and 151,174 in 1882. The consumption of *vin ordinaire* (which has the reputation of being very good in the Paris hospitals) rose from 1,893,128 litres in 1875 to 2,686,728 in 1882; that of Banyuls wine rose from 56,881 litres to 128,584, and Bordeaux from 78,814 litres to 103,988. There were also 1,130,531 litres of milk consumed in 1875, and 2,675,699 in 1882. The increase in the consumption in beer, therefore, has not been caused by its substitution for wine or milk, the beer being an absolute addition. "But who drank all this beer?" asked one of the municipal councillors. "That I cannot tell," replied M. Quentin, "though it is certain that all these supplementary quantities did not profit the patients."—*Medical Times and Gazette.*

The G. T. R.

The Grand Trunk Railway is evidently very enterprising and successful in extending its connections in all directions. A good proportion of the former short independent lines in this country are now absorbed by it, and in Michigan it is said to control more miles of road than any railway in the State except the Michigan Central. In the States farther on West, as well as in the several New England States, its influence is every

built—I saw that the me were trying to head me off. I strained every nerve and tried to clear the fence at one jump. My feet struck the top board and I fell back into the cemetery. Regaining my feet and taking a new start, I made another jump. My feet struck the top again and I was balancing myself to throw my body over on the sidewalk when one of the wachmen shot at me. The bullet whistled past my ear, and I fell off the fence. The men doubtless thought I was dead, for they did not come to the fence, and I soon crawled away and escaped.

"I once went down in the country with several other men after a body," continued the doctor. "We found the grave all right and dug down to the coffin, which it was necessary to break open. We had brought along an old coat to lay over it, so that the blows of the hammer would be deadened. This was placed on the coffin, and one of the men went down and began pounding. In a few minutes the grave was filled with a blue sulphurous light, and a thin spiral of smoke began to ascend. What little superstition there was in our natures asserted itself. The man in the grave hastily got out, and we stood around the pit horror-struck. The idea of anything supernatural was soon discarded, however, and we began to advance theories as to the cause of the strange light. One suggested that it might be an infernal machine that would soon explode. We then scattered, and waited to see the ground rend asunder. No explosion occurred, however, and finally some one advanced the theory that there might have been some matches in the pocket of the coat. That was found to be the case, and the blows of the hammer had ignited them. But you can imagine how we felt to see that grave suddenly lighted up in that peculiar manner."

"Did you get the body?"

"Oh, yes. It weighed nearly two hundred pounds, and it was a hard job to get it out, but we got it to Cleveland."

"You say the business was more dangerous then than now?"

"Yes; you see at that time the medical colleges had no legal right to any body, and if doctors were found with one in their possession they were liable to arrest. It is different now. The law provides that the body of paupers who have no friends shall be turned over to medical colleges on demand. The demonstrators of anatomy can at present, therefore, get plenty of bodies for the asking, while in my time a prison or may be death stared us in the face when we started out in our expeditions."—*Cleveland Leader.*

Laboring and Managing.

Some old fashioned notions about the value of example have induced managers of mechanical establishments to become shop hands and to spend their time among their workmen as one of themselves, sharing their employments. To a certain ex-

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UNITED STATES.

Already this winter it is over $20,000 worth of prop stolen from express wagg York.

A terrible fire occurred a Illinois, totally consumin Catholic Convent, in which twenty-six young women, sc school, lost their lives. The young women's rooms were in the confusion no one c keys. They could not be consequence. The loss of is estimated at $160,000.

HORSE MAXIMS

Use the curry-comb ligh used roughly it is a source o

Let the horse have some day; otherwise he will be li or bad feet.

Let the heels be well brus night. Dirt, if allowed to c grease and sore heels.

Whenever a horse is w leave him till he is rubbed q will probably get a chill if n

Change the litter partially aud entirely in others eve brush out aud clean the stal

Let the horse's litter be d underneath as well as on to on hot, fermented manure m soft and brings on lameness.

When a horse comes off a first thing is to walk him ab cool, if he is brought in hot vents him from taking cold.

Never allow any one t horse in the stable. The an

8,995 ; at the Charite from 1,876 to 13,-473 ; and at the St. Antoine from 3,768 to 14,546. The whole of the hospital establishments consumed 28,695 litres in 1875 and 151,174 in 1882. The consumption of *vin ordinaire* (which has the reputation of being very good in the Paris hospitals) rose from 1,893,128 litres in 1875 to 2,686,728 in 1882 ; that of Banyuls wine rose from 56,881 litres to 128,-584, and Bordeaux from 78,814 litres to 103,988. There were also 1,130,531 litres of milk consumed in 1875, and 2,675,699 in 1882. The increase in the consumption in beer, therefore, has not been caused by its substitution for wine or milk, the beer being an absolute addition. "But who drank all this beer ?" asked one of the municipal councillors. "That I cannot tell," replied M. Quentin, "though it is certain that all these supplementary quantities did not profit the patients."—*Medical Times and Gazette.*

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The Difference.

In Europe a woman begins her social career after her marriage, and is a greater belle at forty than at twenty. She is supposed to have acquired some ideas, to be a more agreeable person at the latter age, and is more sought for as a personage at all dinners, balls and entertainments. In America she is too often ignored at that age, and called *passe.*

Out door relief—A breath of fresh air.

that would soon explode. We then scattered, and waited to see the ground rend asunder. No explosion occurred, however, and finally some one advanced the theory that there might have been some matches in the pocket of the coat. That was found to be the case, and the blows of the hammer had ignited them. But you can imagine how we felt to see that grave suddenly lighted up in that peculiar manner."

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Laboring and Managing.

Some old fashioned notions about the value of example have induced managers of mechanical establishments to become shop hands and to spend their time among their workmen as one of themselves, sharing their employments. To a certain extent such a practice, occasionally, may have a beneficial effect on the workmen without injury to the business. But there are cares and duties connected with the successful prosecution of any business that are not wholly those of the employes. A business must be managed as certainly as the work must be done, and it requires an unusually versatile man who can be one of his own workmen and their own manager at the same time. If to these dual duties he adds that of the proper oversight of his financial and general out-shop business, he must be a rare man to make a success. It may be a matter of personal pride to be able to boast like Bounderby, Gradgrind's friend, but it may be a costly indulgence ; for draughting, correspondence, and reception of customers, the overlooking of bills, and the supervision of books as much demand the care and eye of the master as the direct guidance of the workmen. This last can be delegated to a salaried foreman, or to a first-class workman, with an addition to his pay for responsibility ; but the others cannot be safely left to any but the proprietor himself.

" To-day is yours ; to-morrow may belong to others." What are you giving us? Won't to-morrow be hours also ?

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Catholic Convent, in which
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young women's rooms were
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consequence. The loss of
is estimated at $160,000.

HORSE MAXIMS

Use the curry-comb ligh
used roughly it is a source o

Let the horse have some
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or bad feet.

Let the heels be well brus
night. Dirt, if allowed to c
grease and sore heels.

Whenever a horse is v
leave him till he is rubbed q
will probably get a chill if n

Change the litter partially
aud entirely in others ev
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Let the horse's litter be d
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vents him from taking cold.

Never allow any one t
horse in the stable. The an
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brought on.

To procure a good coat o
use plenty of rubbing
Plenty of "elbow grease" o
softens the skin and promot
general health.

Let his legs be well r
hand. Nothing so soon re
It also detects thorns or spl
the animal and enables him
fortable.

Let your horse stand loos
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Pain and weariness from a
tion induce bad habits and
feet and other disorders.

Look ofteu at the animal
Disease or wounds in these
neglected, soon become
Farm, Field and Fireside.

"It is really very odd, m
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"I go by the choir,"
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NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Summary of Foreign, Domestic and War Items.

CANADIAN.

Pin works are now being established in Galt, Ont., and will soon be in operation. They are owned by Messrs. Cant, Gouslay, & Co.

Miss Catharine Miller, aged 35, a milliner, doing business in Toronto, committed suicide by throwing herself off a high bridge at Rosedale. She was insane at the time.

The Canada Steel Company, of Londonderry, Nova Scotia, is in the hands of official liquidators. The business will be carried on pending the settlement of the financial difficulties.

Rev. A. J. Bray, of the Congregational Church, Montreal, has sent in his resignation, and intends to devote himself to colonization and other secular pursuits. He has not been as successful in his ministerial work as his friends expected.

A Montreal paper says that in consequence of the heavy church debts on Notre Dame and St. Patrick's churches (Roman Catholic) of that city the respective pastors have requested the Bishop to grant permission to petition the Legislature to come to their aid.

Ontario has under license 18,000 square miles, paying the Government $547,000 for timber dues and ground rent. Quebec has 48,500 square miles under license, giving a gross revenue to the Province of $668,596, so that Ontario receives, in the form of revenue, $30,000 per square mile, while Quebec gets only $14.

The Canada Pacific Railway now has now in operation 3,500 miles of telegraph wires, radiating from Winnipeg as follows: A triple wire to Brandon, a double wire to the summit of the Rockies, a double wire to Port Arthur, and a single wire to Manitou, Neche, Stonewall, and West Selkirk.

The first newspaper published north of the St. Lawrence was the Quebec *Gazette*, the initial number of which came out in 1776. Seventeen years after, the pioneer paper of Upper Canada appeared. It was called the *Upper Canada Gazette, or American Oracle*, and was published at Newark, now Niagara. Col. Wylie, the father of the Canadian press, notes that the introduction of the printing press in Canada and the abolition of slavery in Canada occurred about the same time—an interesting though not remarkable coincidence.

The *Canadian Manufacturer* says:—Every week we hear of fresh coal discoveries in the Northwest. Already the fuel problem for that country is solved, and

Take in Sail.

Money has now become so scarce, and times so dull, that a good many men are more thoughtful than they were a few weeks ago. "In time of adversity consider" is a wise remark of the wise man. Hundreds and hundreds of our ambitious business men see how foolish it has all turned out to lock up so much of their money in speculations in Nurthwest lands. Of course, they did not intend to lock their money up there, but it is locked up all the same, and much of it must necessarily remain so possibly for years to come. Three or four years ago Manitoba speculation was the rage and many speculators saw millions in it, because some of their friends had been there and made thousands, or tens of thousands. What a rush there was! Of course, things have much changed now, and men who expected to see their money returned with handsome profits in a few months at most, must spend years of patient waiting and watching. We have nc means of knowing how many millions of old Canada capital is now locked up in western land investments, but there is certainly enough to have a serious effect in making our hard times much worse at home than they would have otherwise been. However, all that cannot be avoided now. It is just barely possible that the same men will be wiser when the next tempting speculation presents itself.

"On their Shape."

In breeding for form it is a practice of chicken fanciers, who are probably the best breeders in the world, to put extremes together to produce a happy medium. For instance, to get a perfect length of back in the chicks it was necessary to couple a short-back cock with long, rangy hens. This rule could be followed with profit in breeding cattle, so far as outward form was concerned, but when we come to the milking quality, like the trotting quality in a horse, the question of form seems absolutely to have nothing to do with it. We say this advisedly too, notwithstanding the numerous prescriptions for a perfect cow's form that are going the round of the papers. This can be proved thus: Let one man select all the cows of moderate form in a dairy, and another pick out the same number from those left with a view solely to the amount of milk they give, and a thousand to one the last lot are the best cows. In selecting breeders for milk we cannot choose the two extremes, but are compelled to put pedigree with pedigree and hope for the best. This rule does not apply so well with thoroughbreds that have been bred for form for so many generations.—*American Dairyman.*

It is the little that fret and worry us. A

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There is only one
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DIABETES CURE.
For sale by all dea

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Permanent Cure i
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free on receipt of
Son, 305 King-St.

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PECTORIA! Pecto
for Coughs, Colds, Br
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UNITED STATES.

Already this winter it is reported that over $20,000 worth of property has been stolen from express waggons in New York.

A terrible fire occurred at Belleville, Illinois, totally consuming a Roman Catholic Convent, in which no less than twenty-six young women, scholars at the school, lost their lives. The doors of the young women's rooms were locked, and in the confusion no one could find the keys. They could not be rescued in consequence. The loss of the property is estimated at $160,000.

HORSE MAXIMS.

Use the curry-comb lightly. When used roughly it is a source of great pain.

Let the horse have some exercise every day; otherwise he will be liable to fever or bad feet.

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Whenever a horse is washed, never leave him till he is rubbed quite dry. He

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It is the little that fret and worry us. A three-year-old boy may keep a man in perfect misery, whereas no such trial would accompany the presence of his eighteen-year-old sister.

"A DROP OF JOY IN EVERY WORD."

Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, Nr Y.: Three months ago I was broken out with large ulcers and sores on my body, limbs and face. I procured your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Purgative Pellets" and have taken six bottles, and to-day I am in good health, all those ugly ulcers having healed and left my skin in a natural, healthy, condition. I thought at one time that I could not be cured. Although I can but poorly express my gratitude to you, yet there is a drop of joy in every word I write,

Yours truly, JAMES O. BELLIS.
Flemington, N. J.

"Discovery" sold by druggists.

"A never-failing spring," as the boy remarked when the schoolmaster jumped from his seat, which had been previously inoculated with a bent pin.

Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" cures every kind of humor, from the common pimple or eruption to the worst scrofula.

Four to six bottles cure salt-rheum or tetter.

One to five bottles cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two to four bottles clear the system of boils, carbuncles, and sores.

Five to eight bottles cure corrupt or running ulcers and the worst scrofula.

By druggists, and in half-dozen and dozen lots at great discount.

Philadelphia ladies are learning base ball. One of them has caught her husband out several times already.

Weak lungs, spitting of blood, consumption, and kindred affections, cured without physician. Address for treatise with two stamps, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

In St. Louis, when a man returns a borrowed umbrella, they begin to suspect

H. H. WA
Toronto, Ont., Roc

Catarrh—A
Permanent Cure
three applications,
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Son, 305 King-St.

The steamer T
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PECTORIA! Pecto
for Coughs, Colds, Br
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Whenever a horse is washed, never leave him till he is rubbed quite dry. He will probably get a chill if neglected.

Change the litter partially in some parts and entirely in others every morning; brush out and clean the stall thoroughly.

Let the horse's litter be dry and clean underneath as well as on top. Standing on hot, fermented manure makes the hoofs soft and brings on lameness.

When a horse comes off a journey, the first thing is to walk him about till he is cool, if he is brought in hot. This prevents him from taking cold.

Never allow any one to tickle your horse in the stable. The animal only feels the torment and does not understand the joke. Vicious habits are thus easily brought on.

To procure a good coat on your horse, use plenty of rubbing and brushing. Plenty of "elbow grease" opens the pores, softens the skin and promotes the animal's general health.

Let his legs be well rubbed by the hand. Nothing so soon removes strain. It also detects thorns or splinters, soothes the animal and enables him to feel comfortable.

Let your horse stand loose, if possible, without being tied up to the manger. Pain and weariness from a continued position induce bad habits and cause swollen feet and other disorders.

Look ofteu at the animal's legs and feet. Disease or wounds in these parts, if at all neglected, soon become dangerous. — *Farm, Field and Fireside.*

"It is really very odd, my dear!" said an old lady, one very hot day, to a friend. "I can't bear the heat in summer and in winter I love it."

"I go by the choir," observed the stack of sacred melodies in a music store. "And I go by the pound," put in the piano selections.

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In St. Louis, when a man returns a borrowed umbrella, they begin to suspect him. They think he is working for a reputation for honesty, so as to be able to get trusted and commit deviltry.

Beware of that Cough! it may kill you; cure it at once with Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, it never fails. Large Bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

Merited rebuke—First amateur (after a soprano tornado): "Thank goodness! That's over? Regular screech owl, isn't she?" Second amateur: "You idiot! That's just all you know about it. Why her father's worth trillions!"

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollors, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator, Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel tha at any other first-class hotel in the city.

Creelsburg, Dakota, is just about one hundred days old, and has christened itself the Saratoga of Dakota, the inhabitants having noticed a very unpleasant taste in the water.

The universal success of the Triangle Dyes is attracting notice throughout the country. They are without question the most remarkable dyes, and have given abundant evidence of their reliability in all shades. 10c.

$2,500,000.00 IN HORSES. — This vast amount represents the value of the Percheron-Normans imported from France by M. W. Dunham, "Oaklawn Farm," Wayne, Ill. Nearly 1,000 of the horses haqe been distributed to every part of the United States and Canada for breeding purposes, adding untold millions to the wealth of these countries. At present Mr, Dunham has on hand about 500 Percherons, having imported 390 this year.

Flies have their uses. Their persistency in lighting on unprotected noses lessens the amount of piano practice in summer time, when all the windows are open.

Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops. The prescription of an old Canadian Practitioner. The best remedy for the Lungs, in large bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere

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FOR THE

Kidneys, Liver, and Urinary Organs.

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER.

There is only one way by which any disease can be cured, and that is by removing the cause—wherever it may be. The great medical authorities of the day declare that nearly every disease is caused by deranged kidneys or liver. To restore these, therefore, is the only way by which health can be secured. Here is where **WARNER'S SAFE CURE** has achieved its great reputation. It acts directly upon the kidneys and liver, and by placing them in a healthy condition drives disease and pain from the system. For all Kidney, Liver, and Urinary troubles; for the distressing disorders of women; for Malaria, and physical troubles generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes ask for **WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.**

For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,

Toronto, Ont., Rochester, N.Y., London, Eng.

Catarrh—A New Treatment whereby a Permanent Cure is effected in from one to three applications. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King-St. West, Toronto 'Canada.

The steamer Tongariro has just made the passage from England to New Zealand in 40 days and 9 hours actual steaming, which is the fastest passage ever made; the fastest of an earlier date being that of the White Star ship Ionic, in 43 days and 6 hours.

PECTORIA! Pectoria Pectoria! the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat or Chest. Pectoria loosens the phlegm and breaks up the Cough. 25 cents per Bottle. Don't give up until you have tried Pectoria; all Druggists and General Storekeepers sell it.

The religion of the cross: To grumble.

A. P. 160.

PASSENGER STEAMERS AND PLEASURE Yachts for sale, great speed up to 20 miles an hour. Send for circular. R. DAVIS, Builder, Kingston, Ont.

THE INDUSTRIAL UNION

Provides $2 50 to $10 00 a week in case of sickness or accident, at a cost of from $0.75 to $3.00 per quarter.

ELM CITY

BASED ON N

Is the finest harness dr
preserves the leather, and
you saddler for it.

F. F. DALL ll end of year.

HAMILTON, ON

Sole Agents for the

Dominion Line of Stea No. 16

Running in connection with the G
Railway of Canada. Sailing from Q
Saturday during the summer months T. R.
Portland every Thursday during th
months. 's Creek

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL

Dominion, Jan. 10.	***Oregon, Jan.** eight
***Sarnia, Jan. 17.**	**Ontario, Feb.**
Montreal, Jan. 24.	**Toronto, Feb. 1** east

Rates of passage: Cabin, Portland to Liverpool according to steamer and berth, $50, $60, $70, return, $90, $110, $130; all outside rooms and comfortably heated by steam. Intermediate $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent, or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents Montreal.

FUN AND MYSTERY

ENDLESS AMUSEMENT FOR ONLY 30 CTS.

Have you seen it? The greatest collection o Games, Cards, Tricks, Puzzles, Songs, etc., ever offered for anything like the money. AMUSEMENT FOR A WHOLE SEASON, for the old or young. Our NEW BUDGET contains the following; Heller's Conjuring Pack: the Mystic Oracle: Guide to Flirtation: 10 new Evening Games: Set of "Hold to Light Cards;" 1 Set Colored Chromo Cards: the Star Puzzle; 25 Ways to Get Rich; the "13" Puzzle; 5 Beautiful Face Pictures; Language of Jewels and Flowers; 101 Selections for Autograph Albums; 11 Popular Songs with Music; 13 New Tricke in Magic; Pack of Fun and Comic Cards; 1 Chinese Block Puzzle; the Roman Cross Puzzle; Great $5 Prize Puzzle; 1 set Transformation Pictures, change color right before your eyes, and Games of Fortune.

ALL FOR 30 CENTS, IN ONE OR TWO CENT POSTAGE STAMPS. By mail, postpaid. Two Packages for FIFTY CENTS, five for ONE DOLLAR. Send at once and get the greatest bargain ever offered. Return this with order to avoid mistake.

JAS. LEE & CO., Montreal, P. Q.

10 PER CENT. OFF OUR DOLLAR tweeds makes the price 90 cents; these goods are worth $1.50, and make beautiful ladies' ulsters. A. B. FLINT, 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

10 PER CENT. OFF OUR CELEBRATED black silks, that is our dollar silk will cost you only 90 cents; our $1.50. silk only $1.35; all goods marked in plain figures. A. B. FLINT, 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

10 PER CENT. OFF OUR ALL-WOOL Jersey blankets; our $4.50, blanket for $4; see our Dungannon coverlets, weight 7 lbs., only $1.95, or $1.75, net cash; this discount is allowed on all parcels of one dollar and over. A. B. FLINT, 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT OFF ALL dry-goods, including new fall stock, all goods marked in plain figures; all goods sold for cash only. A. B. FLINT, 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

10 PER CENT. OFF GREY COTTONS or a 10 cent cotton for nine cents; sheetings, shirtings, grey flannels, table napkins. A. B. FLINT 35 Colborne Street, Toronto.

10 PER CENT. OFF ALL DRESS GOODS, silks, satins, velvets, brocades, black and Cloaked cashmeres, tweeds, cloakings. A. B.

instance, to get a perfect length the chicks it was necessary to hort-back cock with long, rangy is rule could be followed with reeding cattle, so far as outward concerned, but when we come lking quality, like the trotting a horse, the question of form olutely to have nothing to do We say this advisedly too, noting the numerous prescriptions ct cow's form that are going the he papers. This can be proved t one man select all the cows of form in a dairy, and another he same number from those left w solely to the amount of milk and a thousand to one the last the best cows. In selecting or milk we cannot choose the mes, but are compelled to put with pedigree and hope for the his rule does not apply so well oughbreds that have been bred for so many generations.—*Amiryman.*

little that fret and worry us. A old boy may keep a man in perpy, whereas no such trial would ache presence of his eighteen-year-

P OF JOY IN EVERY WORD."

V. PIERCE, Buffalo, Nr Y.: Three o I was broken out with large ulores on my body, limbs and face. d your "Golden Medical Discov- "Purgative Pellets" and have bottles, and to-day I am in good those ugly ulcers having healed y skin in a natural, healthy, conthought at one time that I could red. Although I can but poorly y gratitude to you, yet there is a y in every word I write,
truly, JAMES O. BELLIS.
Flemington, N. J.

very" sold by druggists.

er-failing spring," as the boy re hen the schoolmaster jumped from which had been previously inccu- a bent pin.

V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Disures every kind of humor, from the pimple or eruption to the worst

six bottles cure salt-rheum or

five bottles cure the worst kind of n the face.
four bottles clear the system of buncles, and sores.
eight bottles cure corrupt or runrs and the worst scrofula.
ggists, and in half-dozen and dozen eat discount.

lphia ladies are learning base ball. iem has caught her husband out mes already.

ungs, spitting of blood, consump kindred affections, cured without . Address for treatise with two WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL AS, Buffalo, N. Y.

Louis, when a man returns a borumbrella, they begin to suspect

For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Toronto, Ont., Rochester, N.Y., London, Eng.

Catarrh—A New Treatment whereby a Permanent Cure is effected in from one to three applications. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King-St. West, Toronto 'Canada.

The steamer Tongariro has just made the passage from England to New Zealand in 40 days and 9 hours actual steaming, which is the fastest passage ever made; the fastest of an earlier date being that of the White Star ship Ionic, in 43 days and 6 hours.

PECTORIA! Pectoria Pectoria! the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat or Chest. Pectoria loosens the phlegm and breaks up the Cough. 25 cents per Bottle. Don't give up until you have tried Pectoria; all Druggists and General Storekeepers sell it.

The religion of the cross: To grumble.

A. P. 160.

PASSENGER STEAMERS AND PLEASURE Yachts for sale, great speed up to 20 miles an hour. Send for circular. R. DAVIS, Builder. Kingston, Ont.

THE INDUSTRIAL UNION

Provides $2.50 to $10.00 a week in case of sickness or accident, at a cost of from $0.75 to $3.00 per quarter. For particulars enclose stamp to the secresary, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

THE LILY

is a perfect gem, equal to an imported French Corset; fits like a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured only by

THE CROMPTON CORSET CO.,
78 YORK STREET, TORONTO.

DO NOT ALLOW YOUR CHILDREN to grow up deformed or crippled, but call and examine our appliances for the treatment of Club Feet, and Diseases of the Spine, Hips, Knee and Ankle. Remember the world is progressing, and more can be done to-day than at any former period. We also manufacture Artificial Limbs, Trusses, and appliances for the relief and cure of all kinds of deformities. Will show at Toronto, Guelph and London Exhibitions. AUTHORS & COX, 91 Church street, Toronto.

$100,000 TO LOAN

on first-class farm property at lowest rates. Farmers will save money by applying by mail direct to me,

E. E. KNOTT,
48 Adelaide St., East, Toronto.

F. E. DIXON & CO.,

Manufacturers of Star Rive

Leather Belting!

70 King Street, East, Toronto

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. en for Price Lists and Discounts.

BEAVER S. S. LINE.

WEEKLY BETWEEN
Quebec, Montreal, and Liverpool,
CALLING AT
QUEENSTOWN AND BELFAST
For lowest rates and all particulars apply to
H. E. MURRAY, Beaver Line, Montreal.

Tinsmiths' Goods!

TIN PLATE—Different Brands and Sizes.
TINNED SHEETS— do do
CANADA PLATE—Pen and other Brands.
INGOT TIN—Lamb and Flag and Straits.

Puzzle; the Roman Cross Puzzle; Great $5 Prize Puzzle; 1 set Transformation Pictures, change color right before your eyes, and Games of Fortune.

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OAKLAWN FARM,

The Greatest Importing and Breeding Establishment in the World.

PERCHERON HORSES

WORTH $2,500,000.00

Imported from France and Bred since 1872, by

M. W. DUNHAM,
Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois,
35 miles West of Chicago on C. & N.-W. R'y.

Prices low for quality of stock, and EVERY STALLION GUARANTEED A BREEDER.

390 Imported the Past Three Months.
consisting of finest animals, with choicest pedigrees Registered in the Percheron Stud Book of France and the Percheron Stud Book of the United States. Write for Free Illustrated Catalogue No. 120.

100 BEAUTIFUL SONGS 10c.

A new collection, embracing a number of the most popular songs of the day. Among them are, We Never Speak as we Pass By;—Over the Garden Wall,—Kerry Dance,—Warrior Bold,—Blue Alsatian Mountains,—Only a Blossom from her Grave,—Three Old Maids of Lee,—Flirting in the Starlight,—Grandmother's Old Easy Chair,—Don't Drink my Boy To-night, and 90 others, comprising Home songs, Comic Songs, Sentimental songs, Children's songs, etc. All are printed on nice paper, and are bound in a book with colored cover. Remember, we send the entire collection of 100 Songs for only 10c., three books for 25c., 1 doz., 75; 1c. or 2c. stamps taken.

JAMES LEE & CO, Montreal, P.Q.

THE BEST

HORSE REMEDIES

when the schoolmaster jumped from
which had been previously inocu-
h a bent pin.

.. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Dis-
cures every kind of humor, from the
pimple or eruption to the worst

to six bottles cure salt-rheum or

five bottles cure the worst kind of
on the face.
o four bottles clear the system of
buncles, and sores.
o eight bottles cure corrupt or run-
rs and the worst scrofula.
ggists, and in half-dozen and dozen
eat discount.

elphia ladies are learning base ball.
hem has caught her husband out
imes already.

lungs, spitting of blood, consump
l kindred affections, cured without
). Address for treatise with two
WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL AS-
N, Buffalo, N. Y.

Louis, when a man returns a bor-
umbrella, they begin to suspect
hey think he is working for a rep-
for honesty, so as to be able to
ed and commit deviltry.

f that Cough! it may kill you; cure it at once
rson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, it never fails.
les at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

d rebuke—First amateur (after a
tornado): "Thank goodness!
ver? Regular screech owl, isn't
Second amateur: "You idiot!
ist all you know about it. Why
r's worth trillions!"

Important.

you visit or leave New York City
rgage Expressage and Carriage Hire,
at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite
Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms,
at a cost of one million dollors, re-
$1 and upwards per day. European
evator, Restaurant suppled with the
rse cars, stages and elevated rail-
all depots. Families can live better
oney at the Grand Union Hotel tha
her first-class hotel in the city.

burg, Dakota, is just about one
days old, and has christened itself
toga of Dakota, the inhabitants hav-
ed a very unpleasant taste in the

universal success of the Triangle
attracting notice throughout the
They are without question the
arkable dyes, and have given abun-
dence of their reliability in all
10c.

,000.00 IN HORSES. — This vast
represents the value of the Percher-
ons imported from France by M.
ham, "Oaklawn Farm," Wayne,
arly 1,000 of the horses haqe been
ed to every part of the United
nd Canada for breeding purposes,
untold millions to the wealth of
ntries. At present Mr, Dunham
and about 500 Percherons, having
l 390 this year.

ave their uses. Their persistency
g on unprotected noses lessens the
f piano practice in summer time,
the windows are open.

n's Pulmonary Cough Drops. The preserip-
ld Canadian Practitioner. The best remedy
ngs, in large bottles at 50 cents. For sale

on first-class farm property at lowest rates. Farmers will save money by applying by mail direct to me,

E. E. KNOTT,
48 Adelaide St., East, Toronto.

F. E. DIXON & CO.,
Manufacturers of Star Rive
Leather Belting!
70 King Street, East, Toronto

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. en for Price Lists and Discounts.

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CALLING AT
QUEENSTOWN AND BELFAST
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Tinsmiths' Goods!

TIN PLATE—Different Brands and Sizes.
TINNED SHEETS— do do
CANADA PLATE—Pen and other Brands.
INGOT TIN—Lamb and Flag and Straits.
GALVANIZED IRON—"Davies," "Avon," &c.
And STAMPED GOODS, CHEAP.
For Sale by COPLAND & McLAREN
MONTREAL.

THE SPLENDID STEAMERS
—:) OF THE (:—
WHITE STAR LINE

Are all of them without exception among the **Largest and Fastest** of Ocean Steamers. They were constructed with special reference to the conveyance of passengers, and for **Safety, Comfort or Speed,** are unexcelled. They are specially noted for the regularity of their rapid passages in all weather. The steerage accomodations are of the highest order, the ventilation perfect; and every provision has been made for the comfort and protection of the passengers. In addition to the total and absolute separation of the single men and women, except on deck, the married compartment has been so remodelled and arranged that every married couple or family has a little private room to itself. For particulars apply to the company's agents at all towns in Ontario, or to T. W. JONES, General Agent, 23 York street, Toronto.

THE QUEEN'S

TRADE MARK.

LAUNDRY BAR.

ASK FOR IT AND TAKE NO OTHER.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

MADE BY
The Albert Toilet Soap Co.

consisting of finest animals, with choicest pedigrees Registered in the Percheron Stud Book of France and the Percheron Stud Book of the United States. Write for Free Illustrated Catalogue No. 120.

100 BEAUTIFUL SONGS 10c.

A new collection, embracing a number of the most popular songs of the day. Among them are, We Never Speak as we Pass By;—Over the Garden Wall,—Kerry Dance,—Warrior Bold,—Blue Alsatian Mountains,—Only a Blossom from her Grave,—Three Old Maids of Lee,—Flirting in the Starlight,—Grandmother's Old Easy Chair,—Don't Drink my Boy To-night, and 90 others, comprising Home songs, Comic Songs, Sentimental songs, Children's songs, etc. All are printed on nice paper, and are bound in a book with colored cover. Remember, we send the entire collection of 100 Songs for only 10c., three books for 25c., 1 doz., 75; 1c. or 2c. stamps taken.

JAMES LEE & CO, Montreal, P.Q.

TRADE MARK.

THE BEST

HORSE REMEDIES

are those m

THE ELLIS SPAVIN CURE CO

Every owner of one or more horses can save a large amount of time and money by having on hand a good supply of Ellis's Horse Remedies, and to supply a general demand we would announce that we will send the following by express (on receipt of the money, or C.O.D. and return charges): $6.50 for $5. 1 box, 12 pounds Medicated Food, $1; 2 bottles Spavin Cure, $2; 2 boxes Large Condition Powders, $1; 2 boxes Worm Powders, $1; 1 box Heave Powder, 50c.; 1 box Colic Powder, 50c.; 1 box Hoof Ointment, 50c.—$6.50. J. H. Whitson & Son, 24th Street, N.Y., says: "We have used Ellis's Spavin Cure in our stables for two years and have tried it on the following with perfect success: Splints, curbs, ring bones, bunches on the neck, swelled ankles, also quincy, sore throat, and for general stable liniment it is the best article we have ever used." For further particulars, free books, etc., write to

ELLI SPAVIN CURE COMPANY,
Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.;
or 276 Fourth Avenue, New York

$ 11.90 —FOR— 25c.

Extraordinary Bargain.

On receipt of only 25c we will mail, postpaid, 34 pieces comprising 48 pages of full size sheet music, bound together in one volume. Names of Vocal pieces:— All on account of Eliza; A Warrior Bold; The Country Lad; Nancy Lee; Chorus of Charity Girls; Drummer's Song; The Judge's Song; The Love-Sick Boy; Whoa Emma; Two Bad Men; Man in the Moon; Johnny Morgan; The Gleaners; Torpedo and the Whale; I Saw Her in the Violet Time; Five O'Clock in the Morning; My Love She's but a Lassie Yet; Adieu, Dear Home; Dame Babble; and 15 pieces of Instrumental Music, comprising new and popular dance music, selections from different Operas, Marches, &c., &c. All the above and our handsome new Chromo Lithograph in colors of the Lord's Prayer and 10 Commandments, sent post-paid for 25c. As a holiday offer we will also send free 10 Christmas Cards, 50 money making receipts and a pack of Age Cards. Order quick. You get all the above for 25c, or 5 lots for $1.00; 1 doz. for $2.00. Cut this out and return with order

JAS. LEE & CO., Montreal, P.Q.

...n sums of $400 and ...mortgage, Farm and

...ENT. STRAIGHT.

...paid by borrower. I am ...promissory notes of un-

LOOK ...anted on nearly all classes of ...s Stock Companies at bottom ...rm and isolated property insured ...3 years.

IF YOU WA... solicited. T. G. DAVIS, ...nsurance and Money Loaning Agent, ...ndas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store.

Hardware, ...

Glass, MADDEN'S

HOUS...OOK STORE

IS NOT ONLY

CENTRAL OFFICE OF THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

But it is the place to buy cheap

School Books

—AND STATIONERY—

Of every description. Another big supply of

LADIES' HAND SATCHELS

That cannot be beaten.

CALL AND SEE THE THOMAS ORGANS

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JAN. 25, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, (W. D. Wadden, Deputy) at Madden's Book Store.

Great Removal Sale.

To-morrow (Saturday) the great removal sale of P. Slaven & Co. commences. Be sure and read the advertisement in another column and govern yourself accordingly.

ROUND TOWN.

—The thermometer registered 35° below zero this morning.

—The Orange True Blues will hold their second annual ball in the Town Hall this evening.

—The Rathbun Company have already expended $175,000 on the N., T. & Q. Railway. A pretty good record for Deseronto.

—Mr. J. Clark of Trenton has contracted to string telegraph wires along the Central Ontario Railway from Picton to Wollaston.

—Mrs. Susan Otton, who some three years ago carried on business here as a member of the firm of Misses Hanly & Otton, died in Kingston a few days ago.

—The Street and Bridge Committee have ex-

Warden of Frontenac.

Mr. Robert Flynn, Reeve of Olden, son of Mr. Thos. Flynn, of Napanee, was elected Warden of Frontenac Co. yesterday.

Who are They?

[Kingston Whig.]

On Friday afternoon J. J. Cullins, L.D.S., of Napanee, married Miss Allie Fest, of Napanee. They left on a tour to New York.

I. O. O. F. Concert.

The Oddfellows' concert next Wednesday evening in the new Opera House promises to be a great success. Already the greater portion of the reserved seats is taken.

The Railway Arbitration.

The arbitration on the right of way of the N., T. & Q. Railway through the Glass Works property, made their award on Friday last, allowing Mr. Herring $800, the amount offered him by the Railway Company. The decision carries with it the full costs of the arbitration.

To Our Friends.

The proprietor is desirous of extending the circulation of THE EXPRESS, with a view to making a marked improvement in its various departments at an early day. He therefore asks all the friends and well-wishers of the journal to use their best endeavors the next few weeks in obtaining new subscribers. Every additional subscription enables the publisher to improve the paper. Let us have five hundred new names before the 1st of March. A liberal commission to canvassers.

Child Desertion.

One day last week Mr. Benoni Briggs was unexpectedly made the guardian of a four year old child. A man named Chas. Haynes, who resided in Napanee some years ago but who has recently been living near Bath, called at Mr. Briggs' and told a pitiful tale of the death of his wife and child. He asked Mrs. Briggs to allow him to leave his six year old daughter there for half an hour while he went to see Chief Allen. He did not return as agreed, and after a few days Mr. Briggs set about trying to find somebody to adopt the little urchin, but no person would take her because of her ill-temper and bad training. The father returned on Wednesday and offered to pay Mrs. Briggs if she would take care of the child which she wouldn't assent to. The lady has not yet been relieved of the care of the youngster.

Orange Grand Black Chapter.

The annual meeting of the L. O. L. Grand Black Chapter for this district, which extends from Napanee to Gananoque, was held in the Orange Hall, Napanee, on Monday evening last, when the following officers were elected:—County Grand Master, Lachlan McGoun; D.G.M., R. Montgomery; G. Chaplain, W. J. Arniel; G. Registrar, P. M. McCabe; G. Treasurer, W. Denison; G. Lecturers, J. Denison and Geo. Baker; 1st Standard Bearer, Jas. Blair; 2nd Standard Bearer, Jas. Metcalf; G. Censors, D. Callahan and D. Henwood; G. Chaplain, A. Swanston; D.G. Registrar, John Harkes; D.G. Treasurer, J. A. Greenwood; G. Pursuviant, Wm.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE'...

Visit of Rev. J. J. Bogert, ... Rector.

Large congregations assem... Mary Magdalene's church, las... welcome Rev. J. J. Bogert... St. Alban's, Ottawa, former... this parish. In the morning ... gentleman occupied the pulpit ... an excellent sermon. In the ... diocesian missionary meeting w... Mr. Bogert being the delegate ... board. After the service, Ve... deacon Jones pointed out the ... the mission work in the dioces... tle attention had been given it ... anee congregation last year ... showing larger subscriptions ... East, which was itself up to ... year a mission, and from Tyen... from Napanee. He hoped the ... year would make a better sh... Mr. Bogert, before entering u... ject of his visit, expressed th... experienced in meeting with hi... ishoners whom he labored amo... twenty years. He congratula... the evidences of the church's ... only financially, but in the mea... making the worship of God mo... by bright music and tasteful ... the church. He never saw th... church look brighter or prettier... rations he saw the work of lovi... he trusted all was done for the ... After paying a tribute to the m... late Mrs. Chamberlain, and e... hope that on the occasion of his ... would find a window inserted i... to her memory, he laid a stat... mission board's finances befor... gation. He showed that the bo... pelled, in order to lower its ... duce the grants to missions ... larger grants than the original ... sary. He pointed out that in ... deacon Jones' rural deanery m... sionaries were needed than th... tor, but unless there was a larg... the contributions of the peopl... not be sent. In concluding he ... appeal for liberal contributions...

Saved Army Troul...

[To the Editor of THE EXP...

SIR—In THE EXPRESS of a ... noticed an item referring to son... the Saved Army, also expres... that the Army would run alon... other officers had been electe... facts of the case are these: F... past the work in some of the ... been badly managed, which w... couraging to lovers of decency ... would seem that the object of s... ficers was to get all the mone... and leave the post as much in... sible, our noble General, hin... consenting party to such worl... the cause of the troubles in Na... could not get the money to pay ... and the like, at least for t... months. Napanee has not go... for gospel tramps, and because ... up for what was right, they g... thets as the following hurled at

—The thermometer registered 35° below zero this morning.

—The Orange True Blues will hold their second annual ball in the Town Hall this evening.

—The Rathbun Company have already expended $175,000 on the N., T. & Q. Railway. A pretty good record for Deseronto.

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—Mrs. Susan Otton, who some three years ago carried on business here as a member of the firm of Misses Hanly & Otton, died in Kingston a few days ago.

—The Street and Bridge Committee have examined the swing bridge and find a new structure a necessity. They have applied to the County Council for assistance and it is likely it will be given.

—The man who claims the authorship of the "Beautiful Snow" is not so numerous as in past years. After the experiences of this month the man's life would not be safe who would set up any such claim.

—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Napanee Cemetery Company for the purpose of electing directors and the transaction of other business, will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday afternoon next at 2.30 p.m.

—The morning express train from the east on Tuesday was delayed seven hours by a freight train getting stuck in a snow drift near Lansdowne. The midday express train was four hours and the evening train three hours late, caused by the road being blocked with snow.

—Owing to the storm Messrs. Gibbard & Son's great cost sale of furniture has been extended till the 9th of February. Their stock is unusually fine and parties in want of furniture should avail themselves of this opportunity of purchasing cheaply.

—"Why go freezing around?" Yes, why, when as will be seen by an advertisement in another column that W. A. Rose & Co. are selling warm, stylish and durable overcoats at less then cost. Their stock is being cleared out at a great sacrifice.

—The People's Boot and Shoe store continues to gain favour with the public. The best goods, most complete assortment and living prices are the characteristics of this establishment. Just now bargains may be had in all kinds of winter goods. Give the "People's" a call. Campbell House block.

—Mayor Joy held his first court yesterday. The only prisoner was a "drunk and disorderly." The Mayor dismissed him with a warning. As the man prepared to leave he said to His Worship, "You'll not be as hard on us as the old Mayor." "Don't you trust me," was the reply, and His Worship said it as though he meant it.

—Rev. M. L. Pearson preached the funeral sermon of the late John W. Bristol in the C. M. Church last Sunday morning to a fair congregation. There would have been a larger attendance had it not been for the bad state of the roads and the inclemency of the weather. The funeral of the deceased, on Saturday, was largely attended, many of the leading men of county being in the procession.

—A new tea firm has been organized in town composed of Messrs. W. S. Detlor, E. M. Fralick and Alex. Henry, to be known as the Ontario Tea Company. Mr. T. McLroy, for many years with Messrs. H. & W. J. Crothers of Kingston, is the traveller of the Co. Mr. McLroy was, on the eve of his departure from Kingston, handsomely entertained by his former employees, who parted with him most regretfully.

"Lost the cough I long did know
Many years I felt its blow,
Without the use of pills or blister,
I cured the same with Down's Elixir.

Thousands of affidavits prove
That it doth man's ills remove,
Coughs and colds and hooping cough
By its power soon are off." 8-4.

—The Firemen's oyster supper in the Town Hall Tuesday evening was very largely patronized and the spread was highly creditable to the Brigade. Upwards of four hundred persons sat down to the well laid tables. After supper Mayor Joy took the chair and made a suitable address, followed by Chief Constable Allen, who also was most happy in his remarks. A Black Chapter for this district, which extends from Napanee to Gananoque, was held in the Orange Hall, Napanee, on Monday evening last, when the following officers were elected:—County Grand Master, Lachlan McGoun; D.G.M., R. Montgomery; G. Chaplain, W. J. Arniel; G. Registrar, P. M. McCabe; G. Treasurer, W. Denison; G. Lecturers, J. Denison and Geo. Baker; 1st Standard Bearer, Jas. Blair; 2nd Standard Bearer, Jas. Metcalf; G. Censors, D. Callahan and D. Henwood; G. Chaplain, A. Swanston; D.G. Registrar, John Harkes; D.G. Treasurer. J. A. Greenwood; G. Pursuviant, Wm. Makins; Committee—Wm. McCammon, foreman, C. Riley, 2nd Committeeman; A Lanigan, 3rd Committeeman; J. Clancy, 4th Committeeman; R. Lewis, 5th Committeeman; Nesbitt Dean, 6th Committeeman; Samuel Kennedy, 7th Committeeman. After business was disposed of the members adjourned to Mr. W. Baker's restaurant, where he provided an excellent supper for them in fine style. The next county grand meeting will be held in Kingston, on the 2nd Friday in January, 1885.

Hymeneal.

Mr. T. E. Flaherty, of this town, was married on Tuesday last at Belleville to Miss Maggie Lynch, eldest daughter of Mr. Michael Lynch, who resides near that city. The ceremony was quietly performed by Rev. Father O'Donoghue at the R. C. Church. The groom was supported by Mr. Jos. Foltz, and the bride by her sister, Miss Mary Lynch. The bride was the recipient of many handsome presents, among which were the following :—

Silver cruit stand, Mr. Jas. Faltz; silver water pitcher, Mrs. W. Brady ; silver cake dish, Miss Nellie O'Hern; set China dishes, Miss Mary Lynch ; one dozen silver knives and forks, Miss Nellie Lynch ; silver tea pot, Miss Mary Foltz ; six silver napkin rings, Mrs. Davis ; glass set, Miss Flagher ; card receiver, Mr. W. Brady ; half dozen table spoons, Miss S. Lynch ; handsome lamp, Mr. Garthen ; handsome clock, Mr. ——.

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U. E. LOYALIST ME CHURCH.

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avail themselves of this opportunity of purchasing cheaply.

—"Why go freezing around?" Yes, why, when as will be seen by an advertisement in another column that W. A. Rose & Co. are selling warm, stylish and durable overcoats at less then cost. Their stock is being cleared out at a great sacrifice.

—The People's Boot and Shoe store continues to gain favour with the public. The best goods, most complete assortment and living prices are the characteristics of this establishment. Just now bargains may be had in all kinds of winter goods. Give the "People's" a call. Campbell House block.

—Mayor Joy held his first court yesterday. The only prisoner was a "drunk and disorderly." The Mayor dismissed him with a warning. As the man prepared to leave he said to His Worship, "You'll not be as hard on us as the old Mayor." "Don't you trust me," was the reply, and His Worship said it as though he meant it.

—Rev. M. L. Pearson preached the funeral sermon of the late John W. Bristol in the C. M. Church last Sunday morning to a fair congregation. There would have been a larger attendance had it not been for the bad state of the roads and the inclemency of the weather. The funeral of the deceased, on Saturday, was largely attended, many of the leading men of county being in the procession.

—A new tea firm has been organized in town composed of Messrs. W. S. Detlor, E. M. Fralick and Alex. Henry, to be known as the Ontario Tea Company. Mr. T. McLroy, for many years with Messrs. H. & W. J. Crothers of Kingston, is the traveller of the Co. Mr. McLroy was, on the eve of his departure from Kingston, handsomely entertained by his former employees, who parted with him most regretfully.

"Lost the cough I long did know
Many years I felt its blow,
Without the use of pills or blister,
I cured the same with Down's Elixir.

Thousands of affidavits prove
That it doth man's ills remove,
Coughs and colds and hooping cough
By its power soon are off." 8-4.

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The Value of a Christmas Present.

The jewellers are now being besieged by the Christmas present recipient fiend. One dropped in on a leading jeweller a few days ago. She was young and was accompanied by her mother. She produced a pair of "gold" bracelets and asked the gentlemanly attendant their value, remarking at the same time that they were a Christmas present.

"Four dollars and a half," was the reply.

"Is that all?" she asked, and turning to her mother she remarked, "I'll send them right back to him."

Young men should be careful what value they place on the presents they give their sweethearts. The girls have a way of finding out the true value.

The Greatest Healing Compound

is a preparation of carbolic acid, vaseline and cerate called McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. It will cure any sore, cut, burn or bruise when all other preparations fail. Call at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package. Twenty-five cents is all it costs.

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Personals.

—Miss Butler of Demorestville is visiting at Mr. G. E. Maybee's.

—Miss Emma Miller of North Fredericksburgh is a guest of Mr. K. J. Strong.

—Miss Blanche Williams has returned from her visit to Syracuse and Watertown, N.Y.

—Mr. Walter Russell has sold the Napanee cheese factory to Mr. J. K. McCorgan of Belleville.

—Rev. J. J. Bogert during his stay in town was the guest of Dr. Bristol and Mr. R. G. Wright.

—Messrs. K. J. Strong & Co. are selling the balance of their horse blankets and bells at cost. Bargains assured. Give them a call.

—We regret to learn that Alex. Smith, Esq., Manager of the Merchants' Bank, is dangerously ill. He has been unable to leave his residence for some three weeks. Many friends in town and throughout the province wish him speedy recovery.

—Mr. S. J. Potter of Campbellford, brother of Mr. R. H. Potter of Napanee and formerly a resident of this town, was among those who were injured by the accident on the Grand Junction division of the Grand Trunk Railway near Stirling on Saturday last. He sustained a slight wound and his right knee was bruised.

Narrow Chance of Escape.

A person exposed to the sudden changes of our northern climate has little chance of escaping from colds, sore throat, rheumatism, frost bites, and other troubles incident to change of temperature, to say nothing of accidents and emergencies. The best external and internal ready-remedy is Hagyard's Yellow Oil.

U. E. LOYALIST ME CHURCH.

[To the Editor of THE EXP

DEAR SIR.—As my letters u ject of a U. E. Loyalist Mem seem to have occasioned som tions upon the part of several have done me the favor to read with your kind permission pr rect the principal of them.

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The second wrong impressio pose this Church of England substitute for some general monument, but this is far from I am quite aware that such a have no national character or It is a partial scheme in the general one, not the best absol best perhaps which one in my circumstances could undertak happy to say that the proposi with much favor from gentlem some of the first positions in t will appear when the prospect ed.

In the last place, it has b that I desire to monopolize erecting a memorial Loyalist c it shall be the only one in the of Quinte's Bay. But this is one which the concluding wor should have prevented, in wh stated that I did not broach n the only edifice of the kind w erected, nor as the only descr morial appropriate to com worthy men, but as one wh would meet the ideas and wis of their descendants." My fe would greatly help to redeem neglect, and add much to the Bay, if it were dotted round churches to the U. E. Loyalis the various Christian bodies t belonged. I am, dear sir,

Very truly your
R. S. Fo

The Rectory, Adolphustown

[The above letter should last week. It was mislaid in Ed. THE EXPRESS.]

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Work of track laying on Tamworth & Quebec Railway pended on account of the de track has been laid eight Napanee, or to within ten worth. The construction con ceased the ballasting as flood the gravel away.

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ST. MARY MAGDALENE'S CHURCH.

Visit of Rev. J. J. Bogert, the Former Rector.

Large congregations assembled in St. Mary Magdalene's church, last Sunday, to welcome Rev. J. J. Bogert, Rector of St. Alban's, Ottawa, formerly rector of this parish. In the morning the reverend gentleman occupied the pulpit and preached an excellent sermon. In the evening the diocesian missionary meeting was held, Rev. Mr. Bogert being the delegate of the mission board. After the service, Venerable Archdeacon Jones pointed out the importance of the mission work in the diocese and how little attention had been given it by the Napanee congregation last year, the report showing larger subscriptions from Camden East, which was itself up to the present year a mission, and from Tyendinaga, than from Napanee. He hoped the report for this year would make a better showing. Rev. Mr. Bogert, before entering upon the subject of his visit, expressed the pleasure he experienced in meeting with his former parishoners whom he labored among for nearly twenty years. He congratulated them on the evidences of the church's progress, not only financially, but in the means adopted in making the worship of God more attractive, by bright music and tasteful decoration of the church. He never saw their beautiful church look brighter or prettier. In the decorations he saw the work of loving hands and he trusted all was done for the glory of God. After paying a tribute to the memory of the late Mrs. Chamberlain, and expressing the hope that on the occasion of his next visit he would find a window inserted in the church to her memory, he laid a statement of the mission board's finances before the congregation. He showed that the board was compelled, in order to lower its debt, to reduce the grants to missions where much larger grants than the original were necessary. He pointed out that in Ven. Archdeacon Jones' rural deanery many more missionaries were needed than the one asked for, but unless there was a large increase in the contributions of the people they could not be sent. In concluding he made a strong appeal for liberal contributions.

Saved Army Troubles.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR—In THE EXPRESS of a recent date I noticed an item referring to some troubles in the Saved Army, also expressing the hope that the Army would run along all right, as other officers had been elected. Now, the facts of the case are these: For some time past the work in some of the outposts has been badly managed, which was most discouraging to lovers of decency and order. It would seem that the object of some of the officers was to get all the money they could and leave the post as much in debt as possible, our noble General, himself, being a consenting party to such work. This was the cause of the troubles in Napanee. They could not get the money to pay for tramping and the like, at least for the past two months. Napanee has not got any money for gospel tramps, and because some stood up for what was right, they got such epi-

J. GIBBAR

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Owing to the heavy storms and bad road
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ONE WHO KNOWS.

U. E. LOYALIST MEMORIAL CHURCH.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

DEAR SIR.—As my letters upon the subject of a U. E. Loyalist Memorial Church seem to have occasioned some misconceptions upon the part of several of those who have done me the favor to read them, I will with your kind permission proceed to correct the principal of them.

The first misconception is that this memorial church project is a sharp scheme on my part to raise money from the public for a new place of worship in my parish by taking advantage of the feeling of the hour on U. E. Loyalist matters. This is no doubt a plausible coloring to put upon my motives, but not the right one. The truth is just the converse of this, viz: That I wish to take advantage of our need of a church in Adolphustown to erect an enduring monument to the brave pioneers of this part of Canada.

The second wrong impression is that I pro-

See our

COUCHES, SIDE BOAR

At Prices Neve

COME AN

And we will deliver

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Will sell you

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Call a

Saved Army.

Capt. Atkins has severed his connection with the Saved Army. Mr. Atkins was one of the most earnest and disinterested workers in the movement. He will continue his evangelistic labors, however.

Pleasant Valley.

MR. EDITOR,—I suppose it takes the whole family of "Victoria Cabbage Leaves" to make one good head, for I noticed in your last issue a squib from one of the "leaves," and judging from the depth and quality of its epistle I should think that the whole family would scarcely form half a head, and if they did it would be of the species of cabbage called "Low Dutch." Mr. Editor, I suppose you know what the Low Dutch cabbage is like; but for fear you do not I will describe it. It grows low (not aspiring) is very leafy and makes quite an appearance; is quite a size in circumference, but if you take hold of it to see if it is solid, as good cabbage always is, you will be very much surprised as your finger will almost go through it. I know your correspondent belongs to that class. Low Dutch cabbage is never used for anything except to make saurkaraut and to feed to cows; and if you do make saurkaraut out of it it takes an enormous quantity to make a barrel. Mr. Editor, mayflowers and daisies are no specialty out here, as the place abounds in flowers of all kinds, but Victoria cabbage leaves are, for I only see "one" passing and repassing occasionally, and the farmers do not care to waste ground in trying to cultive such trash. I suppose when the favorite mool cow refused to be milked and gave her final kick, that the pail hit the head of the cabbage and knocked off this "leaf," and likely it has been blowing around through the snow drifts, mud and rain ever since, and finally thought it would light on the Pleasant Valley correspondents. As for that canine that hurt its foot I am glad to say that it is entirely better, which is a great deal more than I can say for V. C. leaf, for it was born with an empty head, and the doctors say that it will never fill up. The

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The first misconception is that this memorial church project is a sharp scheme on my part to raise money from the public for a new place of worship in my parish by taking advantage of the feeling of the hour on U. E. Loyalist matters. This is no doubt a plausible coloring to put upon my motives, but not the right one. The truth is just the converse of this, viz: That I wish to take advantage of our need of a church in Adolphustown to erect an enduring monument to the brave pioneers of this part of Canada.

The second wrong impression is that I propose this Church of England edifice as a substitute for some general or provincial monument, but this is far from my intention. I am quite aware that such a memorial can have no national character or significance. It is a partial scheme in the absence of a general one, not the best absolutely, but the best perhaps which one in my calling and circumstances could undertake, and I am happy to say that the proposition has met with much favor from gentlemen occupying some of the first positions in the country, as will appear when the prospectus is published.

In the last place, it has been imagined that I desire to monopolize the honor of erecting a memorial Loyalist church, so that it shall be the only one in the whole circuit of Quinte's Bay. But this is a mistake, and one which the concluding words of my letter should have prevented, in which I distinctly stated that I did not broach my project "as the only edifice of the kind which should be erected, nor as the only description of memorial appropriate to comemorate those worthy men, but as one whose character would meet the ideas and wishes of numbers of their descendants." My feeling is that it would greatly help to redeem the national neglect, and add much to the interests of the Bay, if it were dotted round with memorial churches to the U. E. Loyalists, erected by the various Christian bodies to which they belonged. I am, dear sir,

Very truly yours,

R. S. FORNERI, B. D.

The Rectory, Adolphustown, Jan. 9, 1884.

[The above letter should have appeared last week. It was mislaid in some way.—Ed. THE EXPRESS.]

Track Laying has Ceased.

Work of track laying on the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway has been suspended on account of the deep snow. The track has been laid eighteen miles from Napanee, or to within ten miles of Tamworth. The construction company have also ceased the ballasting as floods would wash the gravel away.

that the whole family would scarcely form half a head, and if they did it would be of the species of cabbage called "Low Dutch." Mr. Editor, I suppose you know what the Low Dutch cabbage is like; but for fear you do not I will describe it. It grows low (not aspiring) is very leafy and makes quite an appearance; is quite a size in circumference, but if you take hold of it to see if it is solid, as good cabbage always is, you will be very much surprised as your finger will almost go through it. I know your correspondent belongs to that class. Low Dutch cabbage is never used for anything except to make saurkaraut and to feed to cows; and if you do make saurkaraut out of it it takes an enormous quantity to make a barrel. Mr. Editor, mayflowers and daisies are no specialty out here, as the place abounds in flowers of all kinds, but Victoria cabbage leaves are, for I only see "one" passing and repassing occasionally, and the farmers do not care to waste ground in trying to cultive such trash. I suppose when the favorite mool cow refused to be milked and gave her final kick, that the pail hit the head of the cabbage and knocked off this "leaf," and likely it has been blowing around through the snow drifts, mud and rain ever since, and finally thought it would light on the Pleasant Valley correspondents. As for that canine that hurt its foot I am glad to say that it is entirely better, which is a great deal more than I can say for V. C. leaf, for it was born with an empty head, and the doctors say that it will never fill up. The way that the "late fall chicken" got its feet frozen was, one day this winter it was feeling hungry and it happened to notice something green fluttering behind our barn, and thinking it was something good to eat it ran out after it and what do you suppose it was? Why it was V. C. leaf. "Cabbage Leaf" need not fear about his taking the correspondence away from "Mayflower," "Daisy" or myself, as he is not capable. Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the space, I remain as ever,

CLEOPATRA.

☞ **Ladies, attention!** In the Diamond Dyes more color is given than in any known dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors. 10c. at all druggists. Everybody praises them. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Help Required.

Dyspepsia does not get well without assistance. It requires careful diet and thorough treatment. Burdock Blood Bitters have effected the most remarkable cures on record of chronic Dyspepsia.

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

particularly

Adapted to Farm Use.

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

FIRST-CLASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

and are now in position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883.

Will sell yo

75---G

Call a

FRESH

Salmon Tro

You can get thes
a quantity of

NO

☞ SMOK

My

The fish I am selli
gains.

**Merry Chris
mas.**

GRA

H

Note our

20 lbs RAISI

J. GIBBARD & SON'S

—GREAT—

Cost Sale of Furniture

TO BE CONTINUED UNTIL 9TH FEBRUARY

o the heavy storms and bad roads so that none can say that they did not have a chance to get a bargain when it is going.

OU WANT A GOOD PARLOUR OR BED-ROOM SETT

You will save money by buying now.

See our assortment of

CHES, SIDE BOARDS & DINING TABLES

At Prices Never Before Heard of.

COME AND SELECT

nd we will deliver when the roads settle

CHES, SIDE BOARDS & DINING TABLES

At Prices Never Before Heard of.

COME AND SELECT

And we will deliver when the roads settle.

ERMS.--Three Months' Notes taken from Reliable Parties.

Saved Army.

ins has severed his connection ed Army. Mr. Atkins was one arnest and disinterested work- vement. He will continue his labors, however.

Pleasant Valley.

R,—I suppose it takes the whole ctoria Cabbage Leaves" to make d, for I noticed in your last issue a e of the "leaves," and judging from l quality of its epistle I should think e family would scarcely form half they did it would be of the species lled "Low Dutch." Mr. Editor, I know what the Low Dutch cab- but for fear you do not I will de- grows low (not aspiring) is very kes quite an appearance; is quite mference, but if you take hold of s solid, as good cabbage always is, ery much surprised as your finger o through it. I know your corres- ngs to that class. Low Dutch cab- used for anything except to make nd to feed to cows; and if you do raut out of it it takes an enormous nake a barrel. Mr. Editor, may- laisies are no specialty out here, abounds in flowers of all kinds, but bage leaves are, for I only see g and repassing occasionally, and lo not care to waste ground in try- such trash. I suppose when the l cow refused to be milked and l kick, that the pail hit the head of and knocked off this "leaf," and been blowing around through the mud and rain ever since, and final- would light on the Pleasant Valley nts. As for that canine that hurt glad to say that it is entirely better, eat deal more than I can say for V. was born with an empty head, and ay that it will never fill up. The e "late fall chicken" got its feet ne day this winter it was feeling it happened to notice something ng behind our barn, and thinking hing good to eat it ran out after it you suppose it was? Why it was Cabbage Leaf" need not fear about e correspondence away from "May- isy" or myself, as he is not capable. u, Mr. Editor, for the space, I re-

CLEOPATRA.

WHY GO FREEZING AROUND

—WHEN—

A. ROSE & CO.

Will sell you a good warm Overcoat at less than cost price?

75---GOOD OVERCOATS,---75

WHICH MUST BE SOLD.

Call and Secure a Bargain With Others.

A. ROSE & CO.,

Rennie's Old Corner Store, Napanee.

FRESH ARRIVALS AT THE OLD RELIABLE

—STAND OF—

JOHN BLEWETT.

Salmon Trout, White Fish, Fresh Water Herring, all of k to

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Help Required.

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NGLE & CO.

notify our many customers and others,
anufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

particularly

ipted to Farm Use.

wanting a mill should see ours be-
ng elsewhere.

manufacturing a superior article of

ole Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

lded to our staff a

ASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

in position to repair steam engines
nd do all kinds of foundry and machine
t reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Dec. 13, 1883.

Will sell you a good warm Overcoat at less than cost price?

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Call and Secure a Bargain With Others.

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FRESH ARRIVALS AT THE OLD RELIABLE

——STAND OF——

JOHN BLEWETT.

Salmon Trout, White Fish, Fresh Water Herring, all of late catch.

You can get these fish at very low prices as the subscriber has just received 200 kegs., Also a quantity of

NO. 1 FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

And a choice selection of

SMOKED HAMS, SPICED ROLLS, NEW BACON AND PORK

My stock of Groceries is fresh and cheaper than ever.

The fish I am selling wholesale or retail. Be sure and call before buying and receive bargains.

Yours truly,

JOHN BLEWETT.

Merry Christmas. **HURRAH!** **Happy New Year.**

FINEST DECORATONS IN CHRISTMAS GOODS AT

GRANGE & COULTER'S

Head Quarters for Baltimore Oysters.

Note our window and display of bon ton Confectionery, Oranges, Nuts, Figs, Dates, &c.

20 lbs RAISINS $1.00. EXTRA YOUN HYSON TEA 5 lbs. FOR $1.00.

Japan Tea 25 Cents. All Groceries Equally Low.

GRANGE & COULTER

NAPANE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPANI

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor.

ENGAGEMENTS:

TUESDAY, MARCH 4TH.—Orange True Blues' Comic Concert.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6TH.—Holman's Operatic Comedy Company in the musical comedy, "Bubbles."

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, MARCH 12TH AND 13TH.—Ida Van Cortland Comedy Co.

THE EXPRESS

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE.

Two Doors West of P. Slaven & Co's.

The Finest Job Printing at Lowest Rates.

NEW PREMISES!
NEW MATERIAL!
BEST WORKMEN!

Get our estimates before giving orders.

☞ Telephone Communication.

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Prop.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.—A general servant. Apply to MRS. CHAS. STEVENS, Piety Hill. 16

TO LET.—The house on East-st. now occupied by Mr. W. A. Rose. Possession given 1st March. Apply to W. A. ROSE.

LOST.—On Wednesday, February 27th, a pocket book containing $2, a grain ticket and a key. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at THE EXPRESS office. 16

ROOMS TO RENT.—Suitable for School girls and sewing girls; also can accommodate a couple of gentlemen boarders. Apply to SIDNEY STORMS No. 65 Mill-st., Napanee. 16-4.

FOR SALE.—From one to three first-class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships. CHARLES LANE.
Napanee, February 21st, 1884. 15-5 mos.

REFORM MEETING.

MR. CHARLTON M.P.

Will deliver an address on the political questions of the day in the

NEW OPERA HOUSE, NAPANEE,

ON SATURDAY, MARCH 1

Chair to be taken at 2 p.m. The public are cordially invited.

A meeting of the Reform Association will be held at 1 p.m., at the same place. A full attendance is requested.

S. GIBSON, President Reform Asso. A. H. ALLISON, Secretary.

GRAND ANNOUNCEMENT!

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE,

Thursday Even'g, March 6th

Special engagement of the celebrated

HOLMAN OPERATIC COMEDY

COMPANY

—IN THE MUSICAL COMEDY—

BUBBLES!

Three Hours of Mirth and Music!
Three Hours of Solid Enjoyment!
Gems from the Latest Comic Operas!
Magnificent Costumes!
Complete Accessories!

—AND A—

GRAND OLIO IN SECOND ACT.

Reserved Seats 50c.; Admission, 35 & 25c

Tickets and plan of hall at J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street.

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

COUNTY NEWS.

Hawley.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRES

—An oyster supper will be held in t Church at Hamburg on Monday even 10th. A good programme will be Tickets, 40c. The anniversary servic held on Sunday, March 9th. For fu lars see posters. A cordial invitation ed to the public to be present.

Moscow.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRES

PERSONAL.—Gaoler VanLuven an Napanee, are spending a few days h brother Egerton is officiating at th Mr. James F. Huffman, of Regina, N his young bride are spending their h with friends here.....Mr. and Mrs. Prince Edward Co., are visiting Mr. John Lucas, Mrs. McFall's parents. G. Huffman is visiting her brother, worth, Newburgh.

—There have ben a number of trot on the ice here. "Sorrel Nellie" take when the Clancy mare is not around.

—Rufus Jackson is getting to b marksman. He can shoot ten rods an balls into one ball-hole every time.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRE

—The vault excitement having a people are, Micawber like, waiting thing else to turn up. We are makin ments to get up a first-class concert f efit of the church. It is going to b thing, and we expect a big crowd.

—Our literary society is increasin bers. Their debate on Wednesday ev a rich literary treat. The subject of sion was whether the execution of was justifiable or not. If Charles made his second appearance on earth this debate he would have insisted on decapitation. Mr. Rufus Ovens acted and his decisions were Solomon-like nature.

PERSONAL.—Mr. and Mrs. O. Tho Chicago, and Mr. Deacon, barrister, o are visiting friends at Wilton.....Mr wife of our popular minister, has beer several weeks with her daughter at M

Napanee Mills.

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—As it is a long time since I wrote thought I would again take up the p that you will give this space in your i paper.

—Mrs. Herchmer, of Tamworth, wa of Mrs. Miller.

—Miss Hattie Melburn is visiting at Bruton's.

—Miss Weir is the guest of Miss M

Lowest Rates.

NEW PREMISES!
NEW MATERIAL!
BEST WORKMEN!

Get our estimates before giving orders.

☞ **Telephone Communication.**

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Napanee, February 21st, 1884. 15-5 mos.

TO LET.—The premises formerly occupied by THE EXPRESS on East street. Immediate possession given. Suitable for a manufactory of any kind. Apply to Mr. E. S. LAPUM or to Mr. W. M. O'BEIRNE.

FARM TO RENT OR SELL.—Containing 200 acres, Lot 11, 4th con, Ernesttown. A great bargain for a person that wishes to buy and a reasonable rent for anyone that would rather rent. Apply to S. V. PERRY, Napanee, or at this office. 48

FARM FOR SALE.—South end of east-half of lot 28 in the 3rd concession of Camden, (4 miles from Newburgh and 3 miles from Clark's Mills), containing seventy acres, with good frame house, barn, outhouses, etc.; 50 acres cleared; the balance wood land; a good spring on the premises. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For full particulars apply to MRS. WATSON, care of Mr. WILLIAM DUNN, Moscow P. O. 12

TO RENT.—Lot No. 12, 6th con. Ernesttown (Switzerville) containing 150 acres, 100 of which are under cultivation, balance pasture land; 65 acres ridged ready for crop; well watered; first-class buildings and fine orchards. One of the best farms in the county. Situated 6 miles from Napanee and 3½ miles from Newburgh. Possession given at once. For particulars apply to N. B. SWITZER, on the premises, or to JAMES ALLEN, auctioneer, Napanee. 16-tf.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ.....President.
N. A. CATON, ESQ.....Vice-President.

DIRECTORS.

B. LLOYD, W. R. GORDANIER, MILES SHOREY
CHARLES JAMES.....Secretary.
MILES SHOREY.....Treasurer.
JOHN DONSEE.....Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

Thursday Eveng, March 6th

Special engagement of the celebrated

HOLMAN OPERATIC COMEDY COMPANY

—IN THE MUSICAL COMEDY—

BUBBLES!

Three Hours of Mirth and Music!
Three Hours of Solid Enjoyment!
Gems from the Latest Comic Operas!
Magnificent Costumes!
Complete Accessories!

—AND A—

GRAND OLIO IN SECOND ACT.

Reserved Seats 50c.; Admission, 35 & 25c

Tickets and plan of hall at J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street.

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that under the provisions of "The Liquor License Act, 1883," every application for a license to sell liquors by wholesale or retail, shall be by petition of the applicant to the Board of the District in which the license is to have effect, praying for the same.

Every petition for an hotel, saloon or shop license shall be filed with the Chief Inspector of the District wherein the license is to have effect, on or before the

FIRST DAY OF MARCH.

In the case of an application for an hotel, saloon or shop license by a person who is not, at the time of the making of such application, a licensee under any Act of a Provincial Legislature, or as to premises which are not then licensed, the petition must be accompanied by a certificate signed by one-third of the electors entitled to vote in the polling sub-division in which the premises sought to be licensed are situated.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector,
License District of Lennox and Addington, Camden East P. O. 15-3.

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a meeting of the

Board of License Commissioners

—FOR THE—

License District of Lennox and Addington,

will be held at the Judge's Chambers, in the Court

when the Clancy mare is not around.
—Rufus Jackson is getting to b marksman. He can shoot ten rods an balls into one ball-hole every time.

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—Mrs. Herchmer, of Tamworth, wa of Mrs. Miller.
—Miss Hattie Melburn is visiting a Bruton's.
—Miss Weir is the guest of Miss M er.
—Miss Anna Bruton spent Sunday i visiting friends.
—William Rook paid a flying visit t to on Sunday last.
—Alf and Jim received a call fro James, Esq. Boys, it don't pay to fo men. Better play with your equals.
—Can any one tell us that child's na continually crying "pa" from the pa He had better take some of Mrs. soothing syrup. SN

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRES

—Soft weather. Snow comes as goes.
—Farmers are drawing wood to mills, though the roads are not very
—On Friday evening a party of sle to Harrowsmith to attend a concert. tertainment was good, especially the band, which gave several selection style. The proceeds were over $50. per at Switzer's hotel the party had drive home with the heavy breez faces.
—Sore lips is a prevailing compla the young people. Cause, mutual from smacking.
—The track of the railroad is clea but there are no signs of the engine.
—Tuesday morning Mrs. Gordon her husband with twins. One die other is living.
—The assessor was here on Saturda day. Councillor Baker also made it to be present. He was seen surround Tories, and in secret conclave they fi sessment roll favorable to party inte sides, $7 a day is worth looking after
—The Beaver correspondent shou credit when he makes use of our old ence to fill up his paper. Toryism breaking and bull-dozing are chara the party that patronizes your con hence the threats of vengeance. I gu survive.

Tamworth

[Correspondence of THE EXPRE

—Weather mild.
—Roads sloppy.
—Business dull.
—The engineers of the Napanee & Railway are in town for the purpose the depot. I understand that it wil north of the school house or on Mr.

the premises, or to JAMES ALLEN, auctioneer, Napanee. 16-tf.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Board of Management for 1884:

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N. A. CATON, ESQ.....Vice-President.

DIRECTORS:

B. C. LLOYD, W. R. GORDANIER, MILES SHOREY

CHARLES JAMES.....Secretary.

MILES SHOREY.....Treasurer.

JOHN DONSEE.....Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

NOTICE

LENNOX

LICENSE DISTRICT.

APPLICATIONS for LICENSES

For the year 1884-5, (beginning 1st May), must be filed with the Inspector,

On or Before the 1st of April, 1884.

Blank forms of application may be had of the Inspector.

Published by order of the Board of License Commissioners for Lennox District.

JOHN STEVENSON,
Chairman.

GEO. B. SILLS.
Inspector.

Feb. 29th, 1884. 18-4.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter One Hundred and Seven, Section Thirty-Four, as amended by Forty-Six Victoria, Chapter Nine, that all creditors having claims against the estate of

MICHAEL ROBLIN GLEESON,

deceased, late of the Township of North Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, yeoman, who died on or about the Fourteenth day of January, A.D. 1884, are required to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to Messrs. Deroche & Madden, of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Solicitors for John Hugh McDonagh, of the said Town of Napanee, Administrator of the personal estate and effects, rights and credits of the said Michael Roblin Gleeson, deceased, on or before the 15th day of March, A.D. 1884, their names, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars of their claims duly sworn to, and of the sureties (if any) held by them, and that after the said date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Michael Roblin Gleeson, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, regard being had only to the claims of which notice has been given as above required; and the said Administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received and duly verified by said Solicitors at the time of such distribution.

Dated at Napanee, February 5th, 1884.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors for said Administrator.

13-4.

License District of Lennox and Addington, Camden East P. O. 15-5.

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a meeting of the

Board of License Commissioners

—FOR THE—

License District of Lennox and Addington,

will be held at the Judge's Chambers, in the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, on

Tuesday, the Twenty-Fifth day of March, 1884,

at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of taking into consideration all applications for certificates for such licenses as by "The Liquor License Act, 1883," are authorized to be granted.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector

15-5.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortage made by Michael Roblin Gleeson to the vendor, and bearing date the first day of February, 1882, which said mortgage will be produced at the time of sale and in payment of the moneys secured, by which default has been made, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on

Saturday, the 22nd day of March,

1884, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, by Robert McCay, Auctioneer, at the

Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee,

the following property, viz:

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the County of Lennox and Addington, in the Province of Ontario, being composed of the south-half of the west-half of Lot Number Twenty-One in the Seventh Concession of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the said County of Lennox and Addington; also park Lots Numbers Six, Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten and Eleven, adjoining the village of Clarksville, as laid out in the east-half of Lot Number Twenty in the Seventh Concession of the said Township of Fredericksburgh.

The above property (in all about 75 acres) is nicely situated, adjoining the Town of Napanee, and through which the macadamized (York) road runs.

There are erected upon the premises a good frame barn and frame house in good repair. The land is well cultivated, well fenced and well drained.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. in cash at the time of sale. $2,000 may remain on mortgage, payable in five years at seven per cent. (if desired by the purchaser), the balance in cash within one month from day of sale with interest. The conditions of sale made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Dated at Napanee, February 13th, 1884 14-5

—The track of the railroad is clea
but there are no signs of the engine.
—Tuesday morning Mrs. Gordon
her husband with twins. One die
other is living.
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to be present. He was seen surround
Tories, and in secret conclave they fi
sesment roll favorable to party inte
sides, $7 a day is worth looking after
—The Beaver correspondent shou
credit when he makes use of our old
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Tamworth

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[From our Travelling Correspo

MONDAY.—On Monday evening la
wedding party arrived at Tamworth
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and wife were assigned to the brid
in the north wing, while the sis'er-i
pied No. 2 off the parlor. Owing to t
and merriment of some railway offi
parlor the young lady became frigh
flew out of her bed-room, revolver i
took refuge with her sister and bro
where she tarried the remainder of
The party returned to their homes
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TUESDAY.—The wedding on Tues
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was a gala affair. A large crowd
the English church at 8:30 p. m. to
ceremony, which was performed b
Serson. The audience was waiti
and expectant, for the fatal (?) mo
presently gay bells were heard fr
and in a short time Mr. Chas. Knig
man, led Miss Perry, bridesmaid,
hand aisle, while up the right aisle
Chas. Douglass, husband-elect, and
Wheeler, accompanied by her fathe
dlessohn Wedding March ringing n
the organ. The bride was given a
father, and after the ceremony ha
formed was led triumphantly down
the happy husband. The friends
of Mr. and Mrs. Chas Douglass adj
Wheeler House, where a sumptuou
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Colebrook
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ANEE EXPI

NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1884.

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COUNTY NEWS.

Hawley.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—An oyster supper will be held in the M. E. Church at Hamburg on Monday evening, March 10th. A good programme will be presented. Tickets, 40c. The anniversary services will be held on Sunday, March 9th. For full particulars see posters. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to be present.

Moscow.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

PERSONAL.—Gaoler VanLuven and wife, of Napanee, are spending a few days here. His brother Egerton is officiating at the gaol..... Mr. James F. Huffman, of Regina, N.W.T., and his young bride are spending their honeymoon with friends here.....Mr. and Mrs. McFall, of Prince Edward Co., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Lucas, Mrs. McFall's parents. ...Mrs. M. G. Huffman is visiting her brother, Dr. Aylsworth, Newburgh.

—There have ben a number of trotting races on the ice here. "Sorrel Nellie" takes the cake when the Clancy mare is not around.

—Rufus Jackson is getting to be quite a marksman. He can shoot ten rods and put three balls into one ball-hole every time.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The vault excitement having abated the people are, Micawber like, waiting for something else to turn up. We are making arrangements to get up a first-class concert for the benefit of the church. It is going to be a good thing, and we expect a big crowd.

—Our literary society is increasing in numbers. Their debate on Wednesday evening was a rich literary treat. The subject of the discussion was whether the execution of Charles I. was justifiable or not. If Charles could have made his second appearance on earth and heard this debate he would have insisted on a second decapitation. Mr. Rufus Ovens acted as umpire and his decisions were Solomon-like in their nature.

PERSONAL.—Mr. and Mrs. O. Thompson, of Chicago, and Mr. Deacon, barrister, of Renfrew, are visiting friends at Wilton.....Mrs. Davies, wife of our popular minister, has been spending several weeks with her daughter at Magog, Q.

L. C.

Napanee Mills.

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—As it is a long time since I wrote to you, I thought I would again take up the pen hoping that you will give this space in your interesting paper.

—Mrs. Herchmer, of Tamworth, was the guest of Mrs. Miller.

—Miss Hattie Melburn is visiting at Mr. Jas. Bruton's.

—Miss Weir is the guest of Miss Mary Lasher.

—Miss Anna Bruton spent Sunday in Napanee visiting friends.

paired to their future home, the Dominion Hotel. The following handsome presents were received by the bride:—Gold watch and chain from her husband; two silver butter coolers, one silver cruett stand, four silver napkin rings, one silver cake basket, one Oriental lamp, one set of majolica ware, two sets of vases, a dozen silver forks, a dozen silver spoons, silver butter knife, a set of English glassware and a magnificent easy chair, and others too numerous to mention. Charlie is one of the boys, and a right good fellow, while his wife possesses all the attributes which go to make a faithful and loving wife, and feeling certain of their future happiness we take genuine pleasure in extending our congratulations and best wishes to Mr. and Mrs. Douglass.

WEDNESDAY.—Beaver Lake was the scene of a very spirited race to-day between two horses owned by Messrs. Mace and Knight. The ice was in excellent condition and both horses ran well. The race resulted in a victory for Mr. Knight's horse. Time, three-quarter-mile track, 2:50.....A party from Napanee, composed principally of members of the Napanee band, gave an excellent performance in the town hall this evening, in the form of a variety show. The programme opened with the old time circle, Mr. Vance acting as interlocutor and Messrs. Schryver and Osman as end men. After the olio a variety of songs and some excellent music were given, and the entertainment wound up with the mirth-provoking farce, "The Ghost in the Pawn Shop." The entertainment was first-class in every respect, and the company were greeted with their just dues—a large and appreciative audience. The boys deserve great credit for their undertaking and are altogether deserving of a good patronage at the entertainment they will give in Napanee on the 4th. Mr. C. Bruton acted as musical director.

THURSDAY.—An oyster supper under the auspices of the A. O. U. W. was given in the town hall this evening. It was well patronized and a good musical and literary programme was rendered, and as the oysters were of the very best quality and the audience in the best of spirits, no wonder it was a grand success.....It was rumored that there was to be telephone communication between the Dominion Hotel and the Wheeler House, but they have abandoned the idea, having made somewhat "different arrangements.

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LEARY O'GAFF.

Arden.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The quarterly meeting in connection with the late M. E. Church was held here last Sabbath, 24th inst. Rev. Mr. Fall, of Tamworth, preached and conducted the love feast. The Rev. Messrs. Sanderson and Lawrence, of Arden, assisted him with the communion service. The meeting was very successful.

—Rev. Mr. Fall and James Aylsworth, Esq., of Tamworth, held a meeting here on Monday night in the interest of the superannuated fund of the late M. E. Church, and raised a considerable amount towards levelling up. They are still pursuing the work by visiting from house to house. Mr. Aylsworth is truly a live

THE U. E. L

Speech of Rev. I

At the U. E. L
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—William Rook paid a flying visit to Deseronto on Sunday last.

—Alf and Jim received a call from Charles James, Esq. Boys, it don't pay to fool with old men. Better play with your equals.

—Can any one tell us that child's name that is continually crying "pa" from the paper mills. He had better take some of Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup.

SNOW BIRD.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Soft weather. Snow comes as fast as it goes.

—Farmers are drawing wood to the paper mills, though the roads are not very good.

—On Friday evening a party of sixteen went to Harrowsmith to attend a concert. The entertainment was good, especially the Sydenham band, which gave several selections in good style. The proceeds were over $50. After supper at Switzer's hotel the party had a pleasant drive home with the heavy breeze in their faces.

—Sore lips is a prevailing complaint among the young people. Cause, mutual combustion from smacking.

—The track of the railroad is clear of snow, but there are no signs of the engine.

—Tuesday morning Mrs. Gordon presented her husband with twins. One died, but the other is living.

—The assessor was here on Saturday and Monday. Councillor Baker also made it convenient to be present. He was seen surrounded by local Tories, and in secret conclave they fixed the assesment roll favorable to party interests. Besides, $7 a day is worth looking after.

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Emerald.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Crows are making their appearance as well as doves, daws and parrots.

—News scarce and business booming.

—The Islanders seem to have fallen in love with Bath judging from their numerous visits there.

—Miss Mary Wemp, of this place, has gone on a visit to her uncle, Mr. Michael Cronin, Fredericksburgh.

[illegible] to the sailing.

—Rev. Mr. Winters preached an able and eloquent sermon last Sunday in the Methodist Church, Bath. He spoke of the direful effects of the use of alcohol and the odious stimulant tobacco.

—Mr. Dexter, Johnny Eves and Mr. George Bush, of Simcoe Island, have returned from a visit to their friend, Mr. Charles Willard, of this place.

—A grand ball was given at Mr. William Dempster's hotel at Stella last Wednesday night. It was largely attended and proved satisfactory.

—I have not seen any preparations as yet for the repairing of Emerald wharf. Perhaps it cannot be worked on till the opening of navigation; but if this sentiment of mine is without foundation, then why don't the prominent men of Amherst Island, or those who think that way, combine their intellectual brains for the promotion and welfare of our harbor.

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Napanee, on

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y, 1884.
JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector

PROPERTY.

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E & MADDEN,
Vendor's Solicitors.
ary 13th, 1884 14-5

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—Rev. Jas. Wilson, M. E. Minister of Kingston, is here visiting friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith have returned from Picton, where they have been visiting for some time.

—Mr. J. A. Fraser has been adding largely to his already well assorted stock of dry goods.

—Elder Williams conducted quarterly services in the M. E. Church last Sabbath.

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—While I write our brass band is serenading the bride and groom at their residence, Dominion Hotel.

[From our Travelling Correspondent.]

MONDAY.—On Monday evening last a happy wedding party arrived at Tamworth from Centreville to spend their honeymoon. The bride was accompanied by her sister, and the party put up at "Uncle Luke's." When the evening was far advanced (7 p. m.) the newly made man and wife were assigned to the bridal chamber in the north wing, while the sister-in-law occupied No. 2 off the parlor. Owing to the laughter and merriment of some railway officials in the parlor the young lady became frightened, and flew out of her bed-room, revolver in hand, and took refuge with her sister and brother-in-law, where she tarried the remainder of the night. The party returned to their homes in Centreville the following morning by stage. No cards.

TUESDAY.—The wedding on Tuesday evening of Mr. Charles Douglass, proprietor of the Dominion Hotel, and Miss Stella, youngest daughter of Mr. Luke Wheeler, of the Wheeler House, was a gala affair. A large crowd gathered in the English church at 8:30 p. m. to witness the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Mr. Serson. The audience was waiting, anxious and expectant, for the fatal (?) moment, when presently gay bells were heard from without and in a short time Mr. Chas. Knight, groomsman, led Miss Perry, bridesmaid, up the left-hand aisle, while up the right aisle came Mr. Chas. Douglass, husband-elect, and Miss Stella Wheeler, accompanied by her father, the Mendlessohn Wedding March ringing merrily from the organ. The bride was given away by her father, and after the ceremony had been performed was led triumphantly down the aisle by the happy husband. The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Chas Douglass adjourned to the Wheeler House, where a sumptuous supper was partaken of. That evening the bridal party re-

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—A grand comic entertainment took place in the town hall on Friday evening last. The stage was beautifully arranged and the hall was crowded to the doors. The programme, which was a varied one, cosisting of dialogues, tableaux, vocal and instrumental music, was well carried out. The Blue Ribbon brass band of Sydenham enlivened the entertainment by rendering several choice selections. The chief feature of the entertainment was the dialogue entitled, "Strategy," in which Miss Minnie McLean took the leading part. As an amateur actress Miss McLean can scarcely be surpassed. Miss Annie Wagar, of Napanee, presided at the organ and played the accompaniments very nicely indeed. Too much praise cannot be given to the young people of Harrowsmith, who always take the lead in concerts. The proceeds, which netted the handsome sum of nearly $60, were devoted to charity. A LISTENER.

Newburgh.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

REEVESHIP.—Mr. Files having resigned the Reeveship the citizens have been for some time looking up their men and doing a little electioneering on the sly. At present two men are spoken of as candidates—Mr. D. B. Stickney, who will be the champion of the non-billiard party, and Dr. A. K. Aylsworth, representing the interests of the billiard party. Both are good men and will do well, but both cannot win, and as it is a question of morality we shall soon know the basis on which this little village stands. The billiard party argue that saloons and pool tables are of great benefit to the place, that they keep young men from the hotels, that they know men who have not been drunk since it was established and that the proprietor has taken in nearly eight hundred dollars, which would have gone into the coffers of the hotel-keepers, and that other places have billiard saloons. The anti-billiard party argue that it is the half-way house to the hotel, that young men who were never known to go to the hotel are seen going to the billiard rooms, that many men of whom it was said they had never been on a spree it can be said no longer, that they can play for drinks, that liquor may be taken into it, that fights take place in the back yard, that empty bottles are found there, and that the greater part of the earnings of young men who never drank go to pay for playing on the pool table. Next Friday will be nomination day and a week from that date polling day, when it will be decided.

—The concert announced in your last issue was a success.

—Mr. Stickney has gone to Toronto to represent the interests of the watermen in parliament.

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EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

DAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 16

ir future home, the Dominion Ho-
lowing handsome presents were
the bride:—Gold watch and chain
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d others too numerous to mention.
e of the boys, and a right good fel-
s wife possesses all the attributes
make a faithful and loving wife,
ertain of their future happiness we
pleasure in extending our con-
and best wishes to Mr. and Mrs.

AY.—Beaver Lake was the scene of
d race to-day between two horses
essrs. Mace and Knight. The ice
ent condition and both horses ran
ace resulted in a victory for Mr.
se. Time, three-quarter-mile track,
rty from Napanee, composed prin-
mbers of the Napanee band, gave
performance in the town hall this
he form of a variety show. The
pened with the old time circle, Mr.
as interlocutor and Messrs. Schry-
an as end men. After the olio a
ngs and some excellent music were
ne entertainment wound up with
voking farce, "The Ghost in the
The entertainment was first-class
ject, and the company were greeted
st dues—a large and appreciative
The boys deserve great credit for
aking and are altogether deserving
ronage at the entertainment they
Napanee on the 4th. Mr. C. Bruton
sical director.

.—An oyster supper under the aus-
A. O. U. W. was given in the town
ning. It was well patronized and a
l and literary programme was ren-
s the oysters were of the very best
the audience in the best of spirits,
was a grand success.....It was
t there was to be telephone com-
between the Dominion Hotel and
House, but they have abandoned
ring made somewhat "different ar-

SATURDAY.—The boys are to brace
after the past week of high carni-

LEARY O'GAFF.

Arden.

respondence of THE EXPRESS.]

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E. Church was held here last Sab-
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interest of the superannuated fund
I. E. Church, and raised a consider-
t towards levelling up. They are

THE U. E. LOYALISTS CENTENARY.

Speech of Rev. R. S. Forneri at Toronto.

At the U. E. Loyalist meeting in Toronto on Feb. 19th, Rev. R. S. Forneri, of Adolphustown, delivered the following able speech:—

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:

I feel rather awkward in rising to address this meeting, as I am not a descendant of a U. E. Loyalist, nor a commissioned delegate from the place in which I live, but have come here simply from personal regard for, and interest in, loyalist matters. However, from what I know of the feeling in Adolphustown, I may take upon myself to say that the people are favorable to the proposed celebration in Toronto. While they naturally desire to have a local celebration on the spot where their forefathers landed, they regard the capital of Ontario as the proper place for the provincial celebration. I must say I very much regret that there are no delegates present here to-night from Adolphustown, because it has been asserted that loyalism in that neighbourhood is "twice dead and plucked up by the roots." But loyalism is not dead in Adolphustown, though it may have been in a state of suspended animation. Loyalism was not dead there in 1866, the year of the Fenian raid, and why should it be so now? Upon a memorable Sunday in that year an officer rode into the village and announced that a company of men was wanted for service at the front immediately. It was 8 o'clock in the morning when the summons came and at 11 o'clock almost all the adult males in the township were ready to march. That same afternoon they filed into Kingston, a motley band to look at—some on small horses, some on large ones, some in uniform and some not, some with arms and some with none. It was a troop at which friends might smile but enemies tremble, for every man of them was ready to do and die for his country. The truth is that loyalism has been slumbering throughout the country as a sentiment, while as an operative principle it has ever made itself felt in every nerve and fibre of the land and in all national movements and developments; and it has been in abeyance as a sentiment simply because there has been nothing for years past to rouse it or to call it forth. When Jona-

ACCIDENT ON THE G. T. R.

A Train Falls Through Smith's Creek Bridge.

Monday morning about 7 o'clock a freight train drawn by engine No. 202, going east broke through the bridge over Smith's Creek in North Fredericksburgh, about three and a half miles from town. The accident was caused, it is said, by a broken wheel. The engine, tender and one car passed over safely but the adjoining fourteen cars loaded with lumber, corn, flour, farming implements, etc., were precipitated in the ditch. The last two cars, the van and a box car, remained on the track. The bridge was a complete wreck and the cars were smashed into kindling wood. Old railway men say it was the worst smash-up that they had seen for a long time. Four auxiliary trains were promptly despatched from Kingston and Belleville with a large gang of men and the whole day was occupied in clearing away the debris and constructing a new bridge. This was accomplished by 7 o'clock in the evening, when traffic was resumed. In the meantime all traffic was stopped. The two express trains from the west were detained here while other trains were standing at Kingston. It is very fortunate that the accident did not occur to a passenger train as the loss of life would have been terrible. At this point it is down grade and trains run very rapidly. The high rate of speed no doubt accounts for the complete demolition of the cars. The loss to the Railway Company will be very heavy.

The Excelsior Concert.

The concert given under the auspices of the C. M. Church, on Tuesday evening last was of a very high order and was listened to by one of the largest audiences that has yet assembled in the new Opera House. The leading contributors were three members of the Toronto Philharmonic Society, Mrs. Bradley, soprano, late of St. Peter's choir; (Episcopal) Toronto; Miss Berryman, contralto, also connected with one of the English Church choirs of that city; Mr. Fred. Warrington, baritone, Toronto; Mr. Chas. Pearson, tenor, Toronto, and Miss Burton, of Kingston. The programme was opened with a quartette, "Song of the Triton," by Mrs. Bradley, Miss Berryman, Mr. Pearson and Mr. Warrington, which was a fitting introduction to a rich musical treat. Misses Ayls-

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Emerald.

spondence of THE EXPRESS.]

e making their appearance as well vs and parrots.

ree and business booming.

iders seem to have fallen in love dging from their numerous visits

y Wemp, of this place, has gone on uncle, Mr. Michael Cronin, Fred-

[illegible] Winters preached an able and mon last Sunday in the Methodist h. He spoke of the direful effects of cohol and the odious stimulant to-

ter, Johnny Eves and Mr. George ooe Island, have returned from a friend, Mr. Charles Willard, of

ball was given at Mr. William hotel at Stella last Wednesday as largely attended and proved sat-

ot seen any preparations as yet for g of Emerald wharf. Perhaps it orked on till the opening of naviga- this sentiment of mine is without then why don't the prominent men Island, or those who think that way, ir intellectual brains for the promo- lfare of our harbor.

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SCRIPSIT.

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I must before sitting down thank his worship the Mayor for referring so kindly in his letter to proposed local celebrations at a distance. I do not think they need clash in the least with the provincial celebration to which I wish the most complete success. In conclusion I may venture to do one thing in the name of Adolphustown, though not a delegate, and that is to invite all here present and the citizens of Toronto generally to attend our June celebration. I am sure if you do you will receive a hearty welcome, and although I cannot promise you as imposing a demonstration as, no doubt, Toronto will have, you will find there what you will value far above all glitter and show—an honest and hearty attachment to the principles for which the old Loyalists fought and suffered the loss of all things, and devotion to the great Empire to which we belong. (Applause.)

Death of Dr. C. H. Lavell.

Dr. C. H. Lavell, of Kingston, well known in this county, died on Monday last. The deceased was one of Kingston's most gifted young men, and in his profession would have taken very high rank. As it was he was without a rival in the treatment of the eye and ear, and he had a practice which was not confined to the city of Kingston. His fatal ailment was inflammation of the bowels, from which he suffered greatly.

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Vagar, of Napanee, presided at the
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. Too much praise cannot be given
people of Harrowsmith, who always
in concerts. The proceeds, which
ndsome sum of nearly $60, were de-
ity. A LISTENER.

Newburgh.

spondence of THE EXPRESS.]

.—Mr. Files having resigned the
e citizens have been for some time
eir men and doing a little election-
sly. At present two men are
candidates—Mr. D. B. Stickney,
he champion of the non-billiard
A. K. Aylsworth, representing
of the billiard party. Both are
l will do well, but both cannot win,
question of morality we shall soon
asis on which this little village
billiard party argue that saloons
es are of great benefit to the place,
p young men from the hotels, that
en who have not been drunk since
shed and that the proprietor has
ly eight hundred dollars, which
one into the coffers of the hotel-
that other places have billiard sa-
nti-billiard party argue that it is
house to the hotel, that young men
ver known to go to the hotel are
the billiard rooms, that many men
as said they had never been on a
e said no longer, that they can play
at liquor may be taken into it, that
ace in the back yard, that empty
und there, and that the greater
rnings of young men who never
ay for playing on the pool table.
will be nomination day and a week
te polling day, when it will be de-

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PECK'S BAD BOY AND HIS PA.

The Old Man Buys a New Suit.

"Did you see pa's new suit of clothes?" asked the bad boy as he came into the store and held a biscuit under the molasses tap. "Yes," said the groceryman, as he charged the boy's father with a quart of molasses; "your folks are getting mighty tony. Your pa looks like a churchwarden at a vestry meeting. Where did he get them clothes? Has there been a fire?" "No, there wasn't any fire, nuther. Pa don't have to burn down folks' stores to get a new suit; betcher life he don't. He got 'em at McAlister's, and it don't cost a fortin' to get a suit there, nuther. My ma gave him $10, and sent him down to McAlister's, and just look at the consequences. He's too respectable for anything. Oh! he's a regular dude, pa is. When ma saw him come in she felt as if there was company in the house an' she made me go an' wash my nek, an' it's bin scar ever sense. When bedtime come you'd a dide to see ma leading him to the spare bedroom an' hopin' he'd sleep well an' not blow out the gas. Pa sed he was afeared he was puttin' her to too much trouble, but ma sed she was only too glad to have a gentleman in the house, an' when I snikered ma slapped me an' sed, 'Be a good by, an' mabbe I will buy you a new suit when I get to be financial minister of the sewin' society.' This is about the biggest indoocement I've had to be good, an' I guess I'll try; betcher life I will." And the bad boy went out and hung up a sign which read: "Folks Wearin' McAllister's Close Can Git There Groceries Fur Nothin'."

Health is a duty, Disease a crime. Use Dr Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters and be cured of all biliousness or liver trouble. 25 cents will buy a large bottle. 12-5.

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Awfully Sudden End.

Belleville, Feb. 25.—Yesterday afternoon Rev. Sheldon Young, one of the oldest superannuated ministers in the Methodist Episcopal Church, dropped dead. He drove to the city to consult a physician concerning his ill health, and when crossing the railroad bridge a neighbor observed him loose the reins and drop his head. Help arrived to find life extinct and to keep the corpse from falling out of the cutter. Mr. Young was troubled with dropsy for a number of years, and his friends suppose that it reached his heart.

Salt Rheum Cured.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Rough Skin, Pimples or Canker Sores; if so go at once to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price twenty-five cents. It was never known to fail.

"I had been for eight months unable to work and felt as though I would lief die as live, through Dyspepsia and Indigestion. I weighed at the time of getting a bottle of McGregor's Speedy Cure 130 lbs.; used 3 bottles, and now weigh 165 lbs. and never was better in my life. It was McGregor's Speedy Cure that brought me around." So says Wm. Fell, Hamilton. Go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a free trial bottle or the regular size for fifty cents and one dollar.

As a sure remedy for Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Torpid Liver, Biliousness, &c., no medicine is equal to Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. 25 cents per bottle. 12-5.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public. Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store, Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE M.D, M. C P & S, Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons New York For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-ly

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at **6** PER CENT. Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Established 1874.)

4 Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague Dysentry, Paralysis Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

☞ Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. D.

NOTICE TO THE

Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity.) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave yon to form your own opinion.

WOMAN'S GOS

A New Field for Wor

More and more do the w present day incline to the av amusements of what used to l sterner sex. Latterly, sa James' *Gazette*, it would see have taken to the pursuit Miss Rosette Lovell and Mi rence have been brought up a wark police court charged wit cerned, with certain male various felonious entries int houses, and from the eviden seem that the ladies took a n part than the gentleman. their charms under billy-co black beards, and doubtless a ed with the friend and comp modern burglar, a well-mad these fair ones asserted the r man by cracking cribs wit courage, and dexterity. How be hoped that no chrivalous ward their sex and youth (R the romantic age of 20, thoug she could scarcely be d "sweet") will save them fro of the law if they are convicte who break into houses belong people must be treated even m than those, who, like a young also figured lately at the m police-court, drown the rene slighted love by firing pistols way-carriage windows on the large.

Women More Daring tha

But women are always m than men, exclaims the San *Chronicle*. When they want thing they will endure as no accomplish their ends. A w very clear idea of what she is and what she may with safety can not go to a dog-fight, or a match, or a slugging encounte she would like to. But she c man if he does not do what she to. She can make a car-condu turn gray in the distance of a b can, and enjoys doing it, driv patient store-keeper to the v sanity. She is capable of g town sixteen times to change pins. Those things everybo But if one wants to see the wo highest state of independence gression against man, let hi quietly look on at a matin theatre. When a woman tak there is no power on earth th duce her to budge. If one and has to pass a dozen other her seat she knows what sh expect. She does not attempt gize or to implore—she simply

geons New York For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

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Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. A. LESLIE, Proprietor.

(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

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Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity.) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave yon to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD,
41-tf. Managing Director.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS.

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING

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DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, Proprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st, has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

YOUR FORTUNE!

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps, we will send by mail, post-paid, as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [31]

best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,
NAPANEE.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE.	OF THE HEART,
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM,	THE STOMACH,
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN.

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS or BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vandelf
12 Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

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WOMAN'S GOSSIP.

A New Field for Women.

More and more do the women of the present day incline to the avocations and amusements of what used to be called the sterner sex. Latterly, says the St. James' *Gazette*, it would seem that they have taken to the pursuit of burglary. Miss Rosette Lovell and Miss Ada Lawrence have been brought up at the Southwark police court charged with being concerned, with certain male persons, in various felonious entries into dwelling-houses, and from the evidence it would seem that the ladies took a no less active part than the gentleman. Disguising their charms under billy-cock hats and black beards, and doubtless accommodated with the friend and companion of the modern burglar, a well-made revolver, these fair ones asserted the rights of woman by cracking cribs with neatness, courage, and dexterity. However, it may be hoped that no chrivalous feelings toward their sex and youth (Rosette is of the romantic age of 20, though, perhaps, she could scarcely be described as "sweet") will save them from the rigors of the law if they are convicted. Ladies who break into houses belonging to other people must be treated even more severely than those, who, like a young person who also figured lately at the metropolitan police-court, drown the remembrance of slighted love by firing pistols from railway-carriage windows on the public at large.

Women More Daring than Men.

But women are always more daring than men, exclaims the San Francisco *Chronicle*. When they want to do anything they will endure as no man will to accomplish their ends. A woman has a very clear idea of what she is entitled to and what she may with safety claim. She can not go to a dog-fight, or a wrestling-match, or a slugging encounter, although she would like to. But she can bully a man if he does not do what she is entitled to. She can make a car-conductor's hair turn gray in the distance of a block. She can, and enjoys doing it, drive the most patient store-keeper to the verge of insanity. She is capable of going down town sixteen times to change a paper of pins. Those things everybody knows. But if one wants to see the woman in her highest state of independence and aggression against man, let him go and quietly look on at a matinee at the theatre. When a woman takes her seat there is no power on earth that will induce her to budge. If one comes late and has to pass a dozen others to get to her seat she knows what she has to expect. She does not attempt to apologize quite as hungry after marriage as before. Cupid is a young gentleman that must be well fed. "Love in a cottage" seems all sunshine and honeysuckles, but rent and taxes and soap, soda and sandpaper, however vulgar and sublunary, must all be duly provided for. So when you come to a settlement it often proves a settler indeed. Instead of money the gentleman has expectations, and is "looking out for something to do;" he has "a rich uncle who may die," or a bronchitic aunt not expected to wheeze and cough through another winter. You may have offers enough of this sort, just as the servant-maid has when she comes into her quarter's wages. Pray, madam, beware of all such; have no younger sons or younger brothers about your premises. Curates are very dangerous—no good themselves, they keep others off. As to dashing young officers, few can say, in the words of 'poor Miss Bailey,' 'I've got a £1 note in my regimental small clothes.' So be guarded and distant; let us recommend a cast of countenance like a builder's notice board—'No admittance except on business.' But do not aim too high. The higher you aspire the less your chance, till at last it ends at a vanishing point. Just take a pencil and draw a pyramid, a cone, or a tall triangle. Take a slice of the base, and it is a very wide slice; this represents the comparative number of the striving men of business, and among them most ladies proper will succeed. But this might be a little 'come down,' while every slice above represents a class smaller and smaller, literally fine by degrees and elegantly less. But beware of one danger. The higher you aspire the lower you may sink, with a great blot on your family escutcheon. Lord Burleigh truly said, 'Marry your daughters early or they will marry themselves,' and choose, in their despair, a partner for life even lower than the lowest you could have proposed to them."

Four of a Kind.

A rustic looking man sat in the smoking car of an Omaha train last Tuesday night, when another rural-looking person came in.

"Is this seat taken?" asked the newcomer.

"No, sir, sit down; sit right down," said the other, making room next him.

Soon the two old farmers were in conversation.

"Where are you from?"

"I live near Buda. Where do you hail from?"

"I'm a pretty near neighbor of yours I live near Kewanee."

"Farming?"

"Yes. Are you?"

"Yes; farming and stock?"

"Been to town with stock?"

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Canadian aad American Beauty.

A good deal is being said at present about the comparative beauty of English and American women. Lord Coleridge, it seems, gives the palm for both beauty and intellect to the Americans. Sir Lepel Griffin, on the other hand, is strongly in favor of the English and Canadians, and in this connection mentions Toronto ladies as very generally noticeable for good looks and fresh, healthy complexions. Sir Lepel is inclined to attribute a great deal of this superiority which he assigns to the English and Canadian sisterhood partly to climatic influences, and still more to the habits of every-day life generally prevalent. He says that both English and Canadian ladies take far more out-door exercise in a great variety of specified ways, do a great deal more walking, and busy themselves more in the activities of benevolent and religious exercises.

There is a great deal of truth in all this. Persons shut up for the most part of a long, cold winter in hot and comparatively ill-ventilated houses, with scarcely anything but what, as if in mockery, is called, "carriage exercise," must soon have a bleached and delicate appearance, which passes speedily from the attractiveness of

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Four of a Kind.

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"Is this seat taken?" asked the newcomer.

"No, sir, sit down; sit right down," said the other, making room next him.

Soon the two old farmers were in conversation.

"Where are you from?"

"I live near Buda. Where do you hail from?"

"I'm a pretty near neighbor of yours I live near Kewance."

"Farming?"

"Yes. Are you?"

"Yes; farming and stock?"

"Been to town with stock?"

"Yes: brought up a hundred head of steers."

"I brought hogs."

And so the conversation ran on until just before the train reached Mendota, and the two old farmers were right well acquainted. Presently another man who looked like a merchant came in, and was surprised to see one of the old farmers.

"Well, well, well," said the new man, "I'm glad to see you; maybe you can help me out of a little embarrassing trouble. I want to pay a man a little on train before I get off at Mendota and I haven't money enough. If you will let me have $100 on my check I'll be very much obliged."

"Certainly, I'm glad to do it," and out came the farmer's pocketbook. But, alas! he had only $40 in small bills and a beautiful, crisp $500 bill."

"You're perfectly welcome to the $40 if that'll help you out, or to the $500 if you can get it broke."

"Perhaps your friend can help us out; the $40 will hardly answer," said the merchant, and then he apologised for making so much trouble.

"Well," softly said the other farmer who until now had been silently looking on, "I can't change a $500 bill, but I can give you another one for it, and I think it came out of the same batch and was print-on the same press.

And turning to the other old farmer he added: "If your partner hadn't come just as he did mine would have been here in a minute. I've been getting ready to work on that same game ever since we left Chicago."

At Mendota four very much disgusted confidence men stepped off the train and stood around in the cold waiting for the next train returning to Chicago.

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The Ladies of Berlin.

The ladies of Berlin are painted in most unflattering colors by M. Vasili in his paper on Berlin society in the present number of the *Nouvelle Revue*. As a general rule, he says, the Berlin woman of the upper classes neither reads nor works nor occupies herself in any useful way. She passes her existence in gossip and in the frivolities of the toilet. She has not two serious ideas in her head, nor two elevated feelings in her mind. Her preferences are vulgar, her influence insignificant. She lacks grace, education, and tact. She tries to ape Frenchwomen as well as she can, but she only succeeds in reproducing their defects. It is impossible to make her converse, so little does she know of what is going on in the world, so completely is she absorded in admiring herself and critising her rivals. The morality of the married ladies is, according to M. Vasili, no higher than the standard presented by the average French novel. In short, Berlin society has, if we are to accept this account for it, all the vices of the French society of the last century without the redeeming wit and grace.

Some Advice to Mothers.

An experienced old lady used to say: "Don't tell me about engagements, love, and attachments, and all that, till you can report that they have been in and out of the lawyer's office." People can't live upon air, observes London *Society*, and to see some of them, even at a wedding breakfast, you will find that they are

"You're perfectly welcome to the $40 if that'll help you out, or to the $500 if you can get it broke."

"Perhaps your friend can help us out; the $40 will hardly answer," said the merchant, and then he apologised for making so much trouble.

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And turning to the other old farmer he added: "If your partner hadn't come just as he did mine would have been here in a minute. I've been getting ready to work on that same game ever since we left Chicago."

At Mendota four very much disgusted confidence men stepped off the train and stood around in the cold waiting for the next train returning to Chicago.

A party of Baptist clergymen were bluefishing off Martha's Vineyard the other day. A question arose as to whether a certain specimen was really a bluefish. "We call 'em Baptists," said a native fisherman. The Baptist clergyman rather eagerly asked why. "Case they spile so soon arter they're taken out 'o the water."

It was a Boston clergyman who recently impressively remarked that, "men thought all others mortal but themselves," and he added with considerable solemnity that "they frequently looked in the newspaper for the record of the deaths of friends and acquaintances, but never once thought of looking in the papers for the announcement of their own decease."

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired, All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock,

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

FOU
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GUARANTEE:—
relief or cure
be refunded.

W. S. DI
Satisfaction G
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My Dear Sirs,—
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Caretaker Nia

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J. CLARK

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Yours si

WILLIAM GRAH

PRICE,

gry after marriage as before. ung gentleman that must be Love in a cottage" seems all honeysuckles, but rent and p, soda and sandpaper, how- and sublunary, must all be l for. So when you come to it often proves a settler in- ad of money the gentleman ons, and is "looking out for do;" he has "a rich uncle ," or a bronchitic aunt not wheeze and cough through er. You may have offers is sort, just as the servant- n she comes into her quar- Pray, madam, beware of all no younger sons or younger ut your premises. Curates gerous—no good themselves, thers off. As to dashing s, few can say, in the words Bailey,' 'I've got a £1 note ntal small clothes.' So be distant; let us recommend a enance like a builder's no- 'No admittance except on ut do not aim too high. you aspire the less your t last it ends at a vanishing take a pencil and draw a ne, or a tall triangle. Take base, and it is a very wide epresents the comparative ne striving men of business, hem most ladies proper will t this might be a little while every slice above re- ss smaller and smaller, lit- degrees and elegantly less. of one danger. The higher e lower you may sink, with n your family escutcheon. h truly said, 'Marry your ly or they will marry them- choose, in their despair, a fe even lower than the low- have proposed to them."

Four of a Kind.

oking man sat in the smok- Omaha train last Tuesday nother rural-looking person

eat taken?" asked the new-

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E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by its shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Adjoining the Brisco House.

FIRST CLASS RIGS.

MODERATE CHARGES.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was introduced to the American people several years ago in such a manner as to completely secure the confidence of the whole nation. The mode of introduction was by furnishing the remedy to those afflicted with Hernia in any of its various forms and collecting no pay until a permanent cure was effected. In this way the treatment gained a world-wide reputation on its own merits, never failing to cure any reducible Hernia. The Company has at the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture, or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-Seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies sold only in Napanee by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

HAGYARD'S

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t hogs."

e conversation ran on until he train reached Mendota, old farmers were right well Presently another man who merchant came in, and was see one of the old farmers.

ll, well," said the new man, see you; maybe you can help ttle embarrassing trouble. I a man a little on train before Mendota and I haven't money you will let me have $100 on be very much obliged."

, I'm glad to do it," and out ner's pocketbook. But, alas! $40 in small bills and a beau- 00 bill."

erfectly welcome to the $40 you out, or to the $500 if t broke."

your friend can help us out; hardly answer," said the mer- en he apologised for making ble.

oftly said the other farmer w had been silently looking change a $500 bill, but I can her one for it, and I think it he same batch and was print- press.

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All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r, E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't. CHICAGO.

THE Great HERBAL TONIC FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH A Blood Purifier AND CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH CURE

GUARANTEE:—After fair trial, with no relief or cure effected, your money will be refunded. PRICE, $1.00.

Sold by

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

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HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are p. ant to take. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

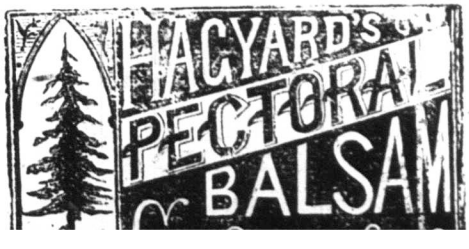
of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned,

Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY, Water-st., Napanee.



p you out, or to the $500 it
it broke."
your friend can help us out;
hardly answer," said the mer-
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able.
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WEBSTER & BOYES,
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st materials enables us to give
very time. W. & B.

GUARANTEE:—After fair trial, with no relief or cure effected, your money will be refunded. PRICE, $1.00.
Sold by

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS,
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still using, and, although not perfectly cured, I am so much improved that I heartily recommend it any one suffering from the same disease. While taking it for the above disease, a severe pain, which I had in my side, has entirely left me.

MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 7 Stafford St., Toronto.

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefis I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

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THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

Including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
Briscoe House Block.

CHIT-CHAT.

The cruise of the Duke of Edinburgh in the Mediterranean separates him from his family for six months.

An 11-year-old-boy in Corydon, Ind., committed suicide because his parents refused to let him eat at first table.

If you have a fondness for telling bad things, begin with yourself; if for repeating good deeds, begin with your neighbor.

"My dear," said a dying husband to his wife, "when I am dead will you see that my grave is kept green?" "Yes," sobbed the heart-broken woman, "I will for a little while."

Our bookkeeper, who has taken a lively interest in this Egyptian business, says that the accounts are balanced thus: England—All loss and no profit. Mehdi—All prophet and no loss.

Lemuel Whisten, near Enterprise, tied a halter around his neck and hitched himself to his waggon. He then scared the horses and made them run. Whisten's young wife had died but a few weeks before.

A lady, a regular shopper, who had made an unfortunate clerk tumble over all the stockings in the store, objected that none were long enough. "I want," she said, "the longest hose that are made." "Then, madam," was the reply, "you had better apply at the next engine-house."

An effort is being made in New York to have the church bells silenced. A man who attends a dog-fight or a slugging-match on Saturday night, and doesn't get into bed till 2 o'clock Sunday morning, naturally dislikes to have his slumbers disturbed by the clanging of a church bell a few hours later.

Robert P. Pullman, of Carnesville, Ga., publishes this card in the local paper: "I hereby give notice to all dram sellers and dram drinkers that I have left the old way with the old year, and have turned into the new way with the new year, and I want all of them to give me the go by. I intend to redeem my name and character, and shall look upon the man that offers me liquor as my deadly enemy.

"What do circus people do in the winter?" asks a contemporary. The clown devotes the season to gleaming a fresh crop of jokes from the almanacs printed prior to the American revolution, and occasionally writes for the London comiweeklies; and the "strong man," who splinters rocks with his fist, secures employment in a cheap boarding house at hammering tough beef. No doubt the others find employment adapted to their respective talents.

Capt. Webb's widow is now compelled to maintain herself and her family by

cultivation and to good transportation facilities, and the farmers in England will find times worse for them than ever before. With unprofitable wheat growing, and cattle raising threatened with serious foot-and-mouth diseases, many of the more enterprising of the English tenant farmers will, no doubt, transfer their homes to Canada. The sooner they do so the better for themselves. English landlords cannot again command such high rents and exacting lease terms as they have heretofore enjoyed.

Now that attention is being drawn towards the preservation of our forests, every suggestion of value ought to receive its full share of attention. The *Week*, our new literary contemporary, well says:—

"Apropos of the important question of the preservation of our forests, Canadians and Americans might profit by the experience of continental forestry schools and from the experiments carried out on the tree farms of Central Italy. Whole districts which had been stripped of timber on the Alps have been reforested, and in the Ardennes woods are systems of forest-farming which not only preserve the trees but make an excellent investment on the operation. A Belgian writer residing near Ardennes says the proprietors found that the land cultivated in trees and cut once in a hundred years—*i. e.*, the trees being selected according to their condition, and cut at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum—paid just as well as raising wheat on the same extent of land. What is wanted, then, in our forest management is the application of a vigorous system of intelligent official superintendence to the cutting of the trees, none but those marked for cutting to be allowed to be cut. This would pay even now as management, and in the course of the not long time which will see all our unregulated forests exhausted, the forests so controlled and policed would furnish an excellent investment for the capital employed in keeping them from present destruction. The lumberers now cut all the desirable trees as they go, littering the ground with an enormous mass of small branches and dead wood, which becomes as inflammable as powder. These never burn, but only scorch and kill the standing trees, and subsist and spread by this litter of the lumbermen, who are utterly indifferent to what happens to the country when they have got their logs out."

Somebody has been taking observations about the men of weak knees against whom so many hard things are usually said. One of the results of his observations is the discovery that some of the men who have a good deal to say about firmness are foremost among the weak-kneed class. Ministers are put down as men of that stamp, generally, and editors might be usually put in the same category. Ministers have certainly very outspoken ways in regard to "sin," and the devil, and a good many other well known individuals whose reputations for wrong doing are well established, but there is often quite another spirit manifest when the corns of some friend of the church or the congregation happen to be in the way. Editors are worse yet. How valiant is the average party editor in denouncing the crookedness and the inconsistency of the members of the other party, but how few editors have the moral courage to breathe the first word of disapproval in regard to the meanest act a member of

THE AUSTRIAN THU

The Bloody Deeds of the V[ie]sters Recapitulated—Operati[ons] Firm of Schenk Brot[hers]—sale Assassins—A Text[ure] Story.

It is a lamentable fact that human beings so diabolically a[nd] ately wicked as almost to justif[y] ory of metempsychosis, and ma[ke] probable that ravenous wild bloody, cruel, merciless—may temporarily inhabiting the for[m] That idea, however, is contra[ry] spirit of Christianity, and mu[st] carded as unorthodox, if not pagan. Otherwise it woul[d] reasonably for the existence monster of iniquity as Hugo head of a recently discovered c[lass] of Austrian murderers. Appro[ach] almost any other point of view, moral degradation seems inexp[li]cept, indeed, on the assumpt[ion] independently of the transub[ject] of souls—an instinct more ferc[ious] that of the fiercest tiger and more subtle than that of the se[rpent] lurk in the breast of a handsom[e] ting gentleman. This same Hu[go] his brother, and an accompli[ce] Schlossarek, are now in prison [at] waiting their trial; but, inasmu[ch] have already confessed to many [of] their case is not likely to be pre[j]comment. They and their assi[s]sued the calling of murder as trade, and for the past three lived luxuriously on the profits The Schenks, Silesians by birt[h] sons of a judge, who caused t[hem] well educated. They have th[e] and bearing of men of rank; a the arch-villain, is described as some, gracious and accomplishe[d] culated by nature to please a yo[ung] fancy and win her love. At ho[me] lesia, they behaved themselves acquired such drunken and diss[o]its, that their father turned the[m] doors—a hopeless disgrace to th[e] How these two riotous youn[g] thrifts first took to the occupatio[n] der is not known; but the a[uth]have discovered that they associa[ted] selves with Schlossarek, a confir[med] inal, and with several other ba[d] ters. It is not uncommon in V[ienna] female domestic servants who h[ave] money to advertise for husban[ds] local papers; and Hugo Schenk ried man living apart from his w[ife] to answer such advertisements, s[o] under pretense of being an en[gi]receipt of a good salary, and oc[cu]as a wealthy aristocrat with a for class prejudices. He would girls by appointment, and afte[r] court to them for a few days or duce the silly, trusting creature[s]

Robert P. Pullman, of Carnesville, Ga., publishes this card in the local paper: "I hereby give notice to all dram sellers and dram drinkers that I have left the old way with the old year, and have turned into the new way with the new year, and I want all of them to give me the go by. I intend to redeem my name and character, and shall look upon the man that offers me liquor as my deadly enemy.

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Capt. Webb's widow is now compelled to maintain herself and her family by doing service as a book-keeper in a Boston book store. There is nothing discreditable *to her* in thus earning an honest living by honest industry; it is certainly much more creditable than passing round the hat among her husband's old friends and admirers, but it certainly is not very creditable to the man himself that he should so recklessly jeopardize his own life when he knew the position his wife and family would be placed in should his venture fail, as it did. Men who have given hostages to fortune are certainly not warranted in being reckless about health or personal safety. The unfortunate Captain was no doubt a very plucky man, and many admired him because of his pluck, but now that his wife is a widow the admiration of the world is of but precious little value.

Now that the question of how most effectually to prevent the possibility of railway accidents is receiving so much consideration, suggestions from all quarters are in order. A good deal of stress has been laid on the suggestion that telegraph operators ought to be constantly at their posts at *every* station, great and small. Of course the objection is that the expense of an efficient telegraph operator at all times at every small stopping place, would be very large and probably out of proportion to the actual importance of the work required. We would like to know if the telephone could not be conveniently supplied for many by-stations? The telephone does not require a skilled operator, and in the case of small crossings, the conductors and engine drivers could themselves make all necessary enquiries of those from whom information is needed. The telephone ought to be of great practical value in connection with small railway stations.

The gallows has not been used in Erie County, Pa., for fifty years, public opinion having forbidden it since the hanging of Henry Francisco, then termed judicial

about the men of weak knees against whom so many hard things are usually said. One of the results of his observations is the discovery that some of the men who have a good deal to say about firmness are foremost among the weak-kneed class. Ministers are put down as men of that stamp, generally, and editors might be usually put in the same category. Ministers have certainly very outspoken ways in regard to "sin," and the devil, and a good many other well known individuals whose reputations for wrong doing are well established, but there is often quite another spirit manifest when the corns of some friend of the church or the congregation happen to be in the way. Editors are worse yet. How valiant is the average party editor in denouncing the crookedness and the inconsistency of the members of the other party, but how few editors have the moral courage to breathe the first word of disapproval in regard to the meanest act a member of his own party may be guilty of? "Backbone" is an admirable thing to talk about but so far as we have ever observed, the real inflexible article is rarely to be be found among men of any class. The man who often has most to say about it generally has the least of it in his possession.

New York Drinking Places.

The bar-tenders of these places about which I am writing are spruce young men who are not infrequently experts at mixing drinks. They are paid very comfortable salaries, and are neat and dexterous. They wear white linen coats and aprons, and are always scrupulously barbered. The utmost cleanliness is observable on all sides, and they are careful enough in mixing drinks to satisfy the most fastidious tastes. The slovenly, greasy and oily bar-tender who waxes his mustache and wears a diamond shirt stud is no longer found in New York. The proprietors of these avenue saloons seldom go behind the bar. They sit and talk with their friends. They too drift into politics early, and are the most influential men in their wards.

The proprietors of the Broadway shops are shrewd and quiet men of business. They don't dabble in politics at all, but content themselves with salting away fortunes every year. Such men as Dowd, Black, Stewart, Wildey, Morton, and Houghton clear all the way from $15,000 to $25,000 a year by their Broadway places. I was in one of these places one afternoon recently talking with the owner quietly, when he stopped and pointed to a man behind the bar. He was one of eight or ten bright-looking young bar-tenders. "Is your hat here?" asked the proprietor, looking him straight in the eye.

"Yes, sir," said the bar-tender somewhat apprehensively.

The proprietor took a card out of his pocket and wrote a few words on it.

"Take that to the cashier," he said;

fancy and win her love. At hom
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but precious little value.

Now that the question of how most effectually to prevent the possibility of railway accidents is receiving so much consideration, suggestions from all quarters are in order. A good deal of stress has been laid on the suggestion that telegraph operators ought to be constantly at their posts at *every* station, great and small. Of course the objection is that the expense of an efficient telegraph operator at all times at every small stopping place, would be very large and probably out of proportion to the actual importance of the work required. We would like to know if the telephone could not be conveniently supplied for many by-stations? The telephone does not require a skilled operator, and in the case of small crossings, the conductors and engine drivers could themselves make all necessary enquiries of those from whom information is needed. The telephone ought to be of great practical value in connection with small railway stations.

The gallows has not been used in Erie County, Pa., for fifty years, public opinion having forbidden it since the hanging of Henry Francisco, then termed judicial murder. The Philadelphia *Times* tells the story as follows:—"On the 31st of March, 1832, Henry Francisco and his child-wife, Maud, only 16 years old, and only three weeks a wife, were found insensible in bed, with a bottle of poison by their side. Two letters, one in the hand of each, informed the friends that although united in marrisge but three weeks they desired to enter eternity hand in hand. Medical assistance was promptly sought, but in less than an hour after discovery the beautiful girl breathed her last, and the efforts of the physicians were concentrated upon the purpose of saving the man's life. For hours his life hung in the balance, but finally their exertions were rewarded with success, and the life of Francisco was saved—saved that it might a few months later be taken on the gallows-tree amid the tears and groans of a sympathetic people and the prayers of two sobbing ministers of the Gospel."

The agricultural prospects in England are not, by any means, encouraging in their outlook. Wheat growing is carried on on a much smaller scale than it was years ago. It is said that there are now nearly 400,000 acres less of land under wheat than in previous years, and the prospects are for a further decline. Since wheat growing has commenced on so large a scale in the Western States and transportation has become so cheap, it is not possible for the English farmer, contending against a bad climate, wet harvest seasons, high rent and high taxes, to profitably compete in an open market. Soon the vast wheat fields of the great Northwest of Canada will be opened up to good

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"Yes, sir," said the bar-tender somewhat apprehensively.

The proprietor took a card out of his pocket and wrote a few words on it.

"Take that to the cashier," he said; "get a week's pay in advance and leave at once. You can't stop in this place any longer."

"Why, what have I done?" asked the man defiantly.

"You rub your infernal mustache too much," said the proprietor. "I have watched you for the last half hour. You know it is the rule in this place that no man can touch his face with his hands. Customers don't want bar-tenders who are continually pulling their mustaches to mix drinks for them. That may strike you as being rather silly," said the proprietor to me, as the man went away, "but it isn't. It is by attending to the smallest details of this business that I have got it on a thoroughly successful basis. I have to watch the men like a bull dog, and it is wearing on my nerves."

After the Broadway places comes the Hoffman House, which is unquestionably the most magnificent bar-room in the world; Delmonico's, which is the best; the Fifth Avenue hotel which is the worst, and the Windsor and Brunswick, both of which are admirable. These places have a regular run of customers every night, and make a good deal of money. They are frequented by the best class of men in town, and comparatively little drinking is done over the bars.

There are no oaths in the Chinese language. When a Chinaman has his legs knocked from under him by a boy on a clipper, he probably hurries home and slams the door with thundering emphasis. There must be some way to give vent to his feelings.

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THE AUSTRIAN THUGS.

The Bloody Deeds of the Vienna Monsters Recapitulated—Operations of the Firm of Schenk Brothers—Wholesale Assassins—A Terrible Story.

It is a lamentable fact that there are human beings so diabolically and desperately wicked as almost to justify the theory of metempsychosis, and make it seem probable that ravenous wild beasts—bloody, cruel, merciless—may be found temporarily inhabiting the forms of men. That idea, however, is contrary to the spirit of Christianity, and must be discarded as unorthodox, if not altogether pagan. Otherwise it would account reasonably for the existence of such a monster of iniquity as Hugo Schenk—head of a recently discovered confederacy of Austrian murderers. Approached from almost any other point of view, this man's moral degradation seems inexplicable, except, indeed, on the assumption that—independently of the transubstantiation of souls—an instinct more ferocious than that of the fiercest tiger and infinitely more subtle than that of the serpent may lurk in the breast of a handsome, fascinating gentleman. This same Hugo Schenk, his brother, and an accomplice named Schlossarek, are now in prison at Vienna, waiting their trial; but, inasmuch as they have already confessed to many homicides, their case is not likely to be prejudiced by comment. They and their assistants pursued the calling of murder as a regular trade, and for the past three years have lived luxuriously on the profits of blood. The Schenks, Silesians by birth, are the sons of a judge, who caused them to be well educated. They have the manners and bearing of men of rank; and Hugo, the arch-villain, is described as tall, handsome, gracious and accomplished—as calculated by nature to please a young girl's fancy and win her love. At home, in Silesia, they behaved themselves so vilely, acquired such drunken and dissolute habits, that their father turned them out of doors—a hopeless disgrace to their family. How these two riotous young spendthrifts first took to the occupation of murder is not known; but the authorities have discovered that they associated themselves with Schlossarek, a confirmed criminal, and with several other bad characters. It is not uncommon in Vienna for female domestic servants who have saved money to advertise for husbands in the local papers; and Hugo Schenk—a married man living apart from his wife—used to answer such advertisements, sometimes under pretense of being an engineer in receipt of a good salary, and occasionally as a wealthy aristocrat with a contempt for class prejudices. He would meet the girls by appointment, and after paying court to them for a few days or weeks induce the silly, trusting creatures to draw

rests, however, the Pesth authorities are anxious to have likenesses of the accused, as of late years several young women of that city have mysteriously disappeared, and in a manner which would suggest dealings with the Schenk establishment. Yet though, for the reasons named, the brothers found it more convenient and safer to limit their operations with a certain rank of life, Hugo did not disdain to fly at higher game. There was a certain Rose Ferenczy, a woman of 30—imaginative, romantic—the illegitimate daughter of a Hungarian nobleman, and possessed of some means of her own. The villain laid regular siege to the poor lady's heart, persuaded her to become his mistress, and occasionally visited her in the remote suburb where she lodged. Though Rosa Ferenczy was frightened of her lover, and during his frequent absences suspected him of being a scoundrel, yet he had only to show himself, when all her fears and suspicions vanished. About Christmas time he took her to the opera and to the theatres, and must have promised marriage, for she said to her landlady, on going on a journey with him, as she supposed, to visit his sister, "You will see me happy and married or never again." Schlossarek was with them when they set off, and within twenty-four hours Mlle. Ferenczy's corpse was picked up in the Danube, near Presbourg. By that transaction the firm netted 1,800 florins. The other partners, however, always complained that Hugo was a mean man, and did not make a fair distribution of the profits of the concern.

Had these Austrian thugs—incomparably more base than the worshippers of Rhowani—continued to conduct their frightful and abominable trade with ordinary prudence they might be still at large, but one of them, having killed a servant-girl, had the adaucity to take her bank-book to the post-office with the object of drawing the deposit to her credit. The woman had been missed. Suspicion was naturally aroused at the post-office, and the three principal members of the firm were consequently arrested. Of those who were at that time among the first on the Schenks' list, one is the daughter of respectable parents and

MAID TO THE BARONESS MALFATTI,

a benevolent old lady residing in a solitary villa, situated near Vienna. Hugo had nduced this girl to steal a string of pearls from her mistress, valued at 20,000 florins, and he had actually concocted a plan to murder the woman herself, the baroness, and all the household within a few hours of his arrest. Such cold-blooded malignity is simply appaling, and to compare these devilish monsters with the sect which formerly practised thuggee would be manifestly unfair to the dark-skinned assassins for conscience sake. Indeed, we doubt whether the history of crime records any villainies more

"*Not a drop!*"

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STRANGLE OR SHOOT THE GIRL,

Secure her property, conceal her body and return quietly to town, as if nothing had happened, to plan fresh murders and to carry on their regular business of killing.

The gang laid their schemes in the most methodical manner, and sometimes had several projected homicides in hand at once. Hugo has confessed to having planned five murders for last week alone, which he reckoned would have yielded a profit of 30,000 florins. It seems, moreover, that he intended giving up business in his native country and cross to America with his mistress, a girl named Emily Hoechsmann. This girl did not know how he got his money until the day of the arrest, when she offered herself as a witness for the prosecution. It appears that Emily Hoechsman herself had in the first place been marked for slaughter; but Hugo, finding her very poor as well as very pretty, spared her, and persuaded her to live with him as his wife. One day last autumn he left home for a few hours, arranging to meet her at a coffee garden the same evening, and on that occasion was the life and soul of the company — a merry fellow, brimming over with jest and anecdote. Moreover this jovial boon companion and attentive lover was very hungry, and ate heartily, excusing himself on the ground that he had been hard at work. However, as he said, he had not forgotten his sweetheart, and there and then made her a present of a watch, bracelets and rings. That Hugo had been at work that day is true, for he and his friends had shot a cook named Ketterl, stolen from her body the trinket he had given to Emily, and flung her body into the Danube. It has been stated above that this fiend in human shape was living apart from his wife, but where the wife is at the present time—that is, if she daughter of respectable parents and

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The Sergeant's Vow.

It was evening, after one of the greatest battles of the Rebellion. The surviving soldiers of the battle were fatigued, and glad to drop down almost anywhere to rest. Those who had been on the reserve were caring for the dead and wounded, and in the hospital tent those who wore the blue, and those who wore the gray, were groaning with the wounds received in battle and were being treated by the Union physicians.

Near the hospital, about a dozen Union men were sitting upon the ground, around a fire of sticks and limbs, trying to "cook coffee." They had been at the front all day; victory had been won. They were now upon the ground that had been occupied by the enemy in the morning. It was a victory; but such a victory, and at such a cost of human life! On the right hand and on the left, in front of them and in the rear, could be seen the dead

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with all of whom Hugo corresponded in lover-like terms, while the intimacy, which was to lead to their grave, ripened. As a rule, the gang preferred to deal with servant-girls, because, from the fact of their being in humble circumstance, and generally living away from their families and removed from early association in the country parts, it became comparatively easy to get rid of them without raising much of a hue-and-cry. Since the arcould not, indeed, have traded anywhere, subject to the publicity of an active newspaper press. Hugo, the decoy, must constantly have been seen in company with his victims; and it seems very strange that the Austrian police were not able long ago to trace him and his accomplices to their place of business. That they will be executed is a matter of course. Yet an instant, sudden death seems too light a punishment for such detestable villains.—*London Telegraph.*

The Sergeant's Vow.

It was evening, after one of the greatest battles of the Rebellion. The surviving soldiers of the battle were fatigued, and glad to drop down almost anywhere to rest. Those who had been on the reserve were caring for the dead and wounded, and in the hospital tent those who wore the blue, and those who wore the gray, were groaning with the wounds received in battle and were being treated by the Union physicians.

Near the hospital, about a dozen Union men were sitting upon the ground, around a fire of sticks and limbs, trying to "cook coffee." They had been at the front all day; victory had been won. They were now upon the ground that had been occupied by the enemy in the morning. It was a victory; but such a victory, and at such a cost of human life! On the right hand and on the left, in front of them and in the rear, could be seen the dead bodies, dressed in the uniform of the friends and the foe.

They were just taking the coffee from the fire when a soldier came up, and discovering that the dozen men were of his company, said:

"How is it, boys, are you dry?"

"Trying to cook our coffee, Ned," said one of the soldiers, "but I guess that it will be Virginia mud and water mixed together."

"I've got something good," said the first speaker, producing his canteen which had hung across his shoulders.

"What is it?" asked one.

"Whiskey," replied Ned.

"You're a trump."

"That's jolly."

"That is just the stuff.'

"That will revive us!"

And other expressions of satisfaction and pleasure were made by the men.

"Here, Sergeant," said Ned, reaching the canteen toward a tall, noble looking fellow who had been silent, "throw aside your temperance principles for once and take a drink."

"Not any, Ned, thanks," replied the one addressed as sergeant.

"Come, now, you have fought like a tiger all day. You do not know but what you may have to rally in five minutes."

"True, Ned, but excuse me."

"Not a drop?"

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Hugo was a mean man, and
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Austrian thugs—incompar-
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THE BARONESS MALFATTI,

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a records any villainies more

"*Not a drop!*"

"Say, Sergeant," said Ned, "if it is agreeable to the boys, we will adjourn the drink for five minutes, and you tell us how you came to be such an infernal advocate of temperance."

"I second the motion," said another soldier.

"And so do I!"

"And I, too!"

"Well, boys," said the sergeant, "I will tell you. It is a short story, and therefore soon told. When I was nineteen I had to leave school, owing to the death of my father. I came home to help my mother, who needed me. My father had been a prosperous farmer; he had that frugality and sturdy industry characteristic of the Vermont farmers. My mother I always considered the most handsome woman on earth, at least appeared so to me and as a mother there never was one better.

"After my father had been dead about a year, somehow I acquired a passion for hunting, fishing and especially cooning. There was nothing that delighted me so much as it did to take my dog and go out with some of the neighboring boys and bring home a number of coons. One night three of our neighbors came to our house after me. They thought they had found a new place, a corn field, where there was plenty of game. I needed no urging. I kissed my mother good-by, told her that I would not be late, called my dog and away we went.

"One of the boys had a bottle of whiskey in his pocket. Just how it came about I do not know; I had drank a little whiskey before, but that night I drank too much, and became beastly drunk. The boys led me home and left me at the gate, I staggered through and staggered around the yard a little, in a vain attempt to find the steps to the house. I stumbled over something, fell down and was unable to get up. After a little I went to sleep—a regular drunken sleep.

"It seems that in the night, sometime, my mother became anxious because I did not come home. She had not been to bed but had fallen into a slumber upon the couch. She awoke, as I said before, some time in the night, and fearing that harm had befallen me arose from the couch, put her shawl over her head, and started out to find me. And she found me in a condition most deplorable, indeed. At first she thought I was dead, or that I had been brutally treated by a highwayman. But when she stooped down and looked at me and saw, by the moonlight, my face, she knew that her only child was drunk. She tried to waken me; she tried to get me into the house, but she had not the strength. She went to the house and got a pillow, and placed it under my head. She covered me with blankets, she protected my face from the dew by placing an open um-

A NIHILIST LEADER'S RETREAT.

The Home of Professor Pierre Lavroff in Paris.

At the summit of the Rue St. Jacques, some miles away from the centre of gaiety and fashion, and further even than the extreme limits of the Quartier Latin, lives the man of all others whom the Russian Government is most anxious to capture—Pierre Lavroff. Where the pavement is narrow, the streets always muddy, stands a house of more imposing aspect than the surrounding modest dwellings. But it is not here precisely that Lavroff has taken up his abode. We must pass under a large *porte cochere*, cross a broad yard to reach a smaller structure that stands well away from all the noise of the street, and ascend two flights of dusty stairs, before attaining Lavroff's door. A slight pull at a bell-rope that has seen better days suffices; and in a moment the door is opened by Lavroff himself.

Alone, and without even a servant to protect him, stands the man who exercises the greatest influence among the Nihilists that exile has scattered all over Europe. At once the memory of Fedora suggests the possibility of kidnapping; but then, in spite of his gray hairs, Lavroff seems as strong as Bradlaugh, and the Russian secret police could scarcely hope to remove so formidable an adversary down so many stairs, across so broad a yard, into so busy a street, without attracting attention. The cheery voice, the cordial reception of the menaced exile soon drives away these passing thoughts, and we are at once admitted into the sanctum, a small study, where the four walls are hidden by long rows of books that reach to the ceiling.

There is one comfortable chair for the visitor. If the guests are numerous, then bundles have to be removed to make room; but this inconvenience does not detract from the hearty welcome that betokens the traditions of Northern hospitality. Nor is it possible to mistake the Russian origin of the host. A square face enframed by a square beard and long hair, square, broad shoulders, covered by a long coat of an indescribable gray-brown that reaches to the feet, combine with the military gait of the wearer to remind us of some sketch taken during the siege of Sebastopol. There is a small bedroom beyond the study, and on the other side a lumber-room, where we can obtain a glimpse at huge cases half filled with books. Perhaps these have been collected by the Russian Red Cross Society for the relief of political prisoners, of which Lavroff and Vera Sassoulitch are the joint Presidents.

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"'I am awful thirsty,' I said. My voice sounded strange, and unnatural. I got up; my mother rose, went to the well and brought me a cup of water. As she handed the cup to me she bowed her head that I might not see her grief; but I saw a tear come down her pale cheek and drop into that cup. I took the cup from her hand drank its contents, tear and all. Yes, boys, I drank my mother's tear, and I made a solemn vow that I never again would drink her tears.

"I led my mother into the house; I led her to the arm chair; and as soon as she was seated I got down upon my knees.

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In Russia he was the first professor who, after the accession of Alexander II., delivered lectures on philosophy; and when in exile, he organized classes at Paris for young Russians on history and sociology. The son of a nobleman, he was, as usual in Russia, placed in the army, but at the age of 22 he had already attained the position of professor of higher mathematics in the school of artillery. This was followed by the studies of physical sciences and the contribution of many able papers to the Russian reviews and press. It was not, however, till Lavroff became the principal editor and contributor to an encyclopædia which would give, in the Russian language, information similar in character to Diderot and D'Alembert's historic work, that he was molested by the Government. Sentenced for some verses written against Nicholas I. and Alexander II., he was exiled to the bleak and ice-bound province of Vologda; but after three years' suffering he succeeded in eluding the vigilance of his guardians and ultimately arrived in Paris in 1870. Being a widower his mother alone followed him in exile; but as she is now dead, Lavroff is absolutely alone. During the last sixteen years he has not only been separated from his children, but he has not dared to communicate with them for fear of compromising them.

Lavroff lives by his literary work; it is his principal occupation, his principal joy, and his principal souroe of income. Poor, he contents himself with the modest repasts served in the little restaurants that abound in the Latin quarter: but he is rarely so poor as to be unable to help a friend in distress. His sight being feeble, he does not care to go out alone ar night, and he has consequently been compelled to deprive himself of the pleasure of frequenting the theatres or opera, though he has not yet missed the yearly

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"When the war broke out, I made up my mind that I ought to enlist. I told my mother about it, and asked her advice.

"'Charley' she said, 'I'm afraid to let you go.'

"'Afraid of what, mother,' I asked, 'are you afraid that I will be shot.'

"'Worse than that.'

"'Mother, what can you possibly mean?' I enquired.

"She blushed as she looked me in the face. But her reply was one never to be forgotton.

"'Charley, I am afraid that you will be overpowered by strong drink.'

"'Mother,' said I, 'I solemnly vow by the sacred memory of my dead father that I *will never* drink another drop of intoxicating liquor without your consent.

"'Then you may go to the war, Charley.' That was her reply, boys. And I tell you what, when I drink an intoxicant, it will be when my mother's own hand brings it me and asks me to drink it."

"Amen!" said several of the soldiers who were listening to the Sergeant's story.

"I say, boys," said Ned. "Here goes the whiskey." Turning the canteen upside down, he emptied its contents on the ground. As the liquor went gurgling out he said, "I've got a mother too, and I'm done with liquor."

"And I, too!"

"And I!"

Every one took the pledge, and it was afterwards said that the men who were gathered around the camp-fire that night were the strongest temperance men in the whole brigade.—*The Reformer.*

eluding the vigilance of his guardians and ultimately arrived in Paris in 1870. Being a widower his mother alone followed him in exile; but as she is now dead, Lavroff is absolutely alone. During the last sixteen years he has not only been separated from his children, but he has not dared to communicate with them for fear of compromising them.

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Killed While Playing Football.

Mr. Geotge Herman, 19, younger brother of the last Senior Wrangler, was engaged in a game of football, at Bath, recently, against the Bristol team, and, in a "maul" with the opposing team, received a severe blow on the head. He was removed from the field, but could not be taken home, and died of apoplexy caused by his injuries, after lingering in an unconscious state for several hours. No blame is attached to any one.

At the inquest it was stated that the game, which was played under Rugby rules, was an exceedingly rough one, no less than four men receiving injuries. Deceased was playing three-quarter back, and had numerous falls. He walked away shortly before the match terminated, and suddenly became unconscious. The medical evidence showed that a large artery had given way within the skull, producing apoplexy. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the evidence, and strongly condemned the Rugby rules.

I was never less alone than when by myself.

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Hardware, Paints, Oils,
Glass, Varnish, Stoves,
Tinware
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R.G. WRIGHT'S,

126 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

LENNOX REFORM ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Reform Association will be held in Symington's Opera House on

Saturday, 1st March, at 1 p. m.

A large attendance is requested, as business of great importance will be discussed.

S. GIBSON, President. A. H. ALLISON, Secretary.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, FEB. 29, 1884.

REFORM MEETING.

We would again remind our readers of the Reform meeting to be held in the new Opera House to-morrow afternoon, to be addressed by Mr. John Charlton, M.P. The chair will be taken at 2 p. m. A meeting of the Reform Association will be held at 1 o'clock, at which a large attendance is requested.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—The proverbial lull after the storm has taken place at Ottawa. Since the close of the debate on the C. P. R. resolutions little more than routine work has been done.

—The cause of temperance is rapidly advancing. The by-law prohibiting the sale of liquor in groceries was carried in Toronto on Monday by the large majority of 360.

—Justice has at last been done Hon. Mr. Mowat by the Imperial Government. The Queen has conferred the honor of knighthood upon him.

—Quebec is after all not over-exacting in asking an additional $1 per head population. The syndicate got $8 per head of the entire population of the Dominion, over and above the $25 per head already given them. Certainly, let Quebec have her millions. What is a hundred millions anyway?

—The new Ontario Government license bill provides for the open sitting of the license boards, for the enhanced severity of penalties and for a measure of local option, the electors of any polling subdivision being allowed by a petition signed by the majority to defeat any application for a license within their subdivision.

—The Hamilton Times truthfully remarks that the Reform party never got better service from a Toronto newspaper than the Globe has given during the past year, but the Toronto World joins issue. It believes the Mail is doing more for the Reformers than the Globe. Probably, but such is not intended.

—When Mr. Blake visited Belleville during the election of 1882 great placards were posted on the Birrell axe factory laudatory of the N.P. There has been a back-action there since. The workmen are now on strike because of a reduction of 17½ and 12½ per cent. in their wages. Probably the men do not now hanker after the N.P. as much as they did in 1882.

—Are the people of Addington satisfied with John W. Bell voting $150,000 out of their pockets as a bonus to the Canadian Pacific Railway, and that without even consulting them in the matter? What would the people of Camden or Sheffield say of the reeves and councillors of those municipalities if they took it upon themselves to vote out of the municipal funds $150,000 for a railway in Prince Edward County? We are inclined to the opinion that they would protest most vigorously against such a high-handed act. Yet the reeves and councillors would be doing nothing more outrageous than John W. Bell has done in his vote on the C.P.R. resolutions.

—During the discussion on the C.P.R. resolutions a few days ago Peter Mitchell, M. P., insinuated that Mr. Blake's opposition was because of legal fees he obtained from the Grand Trunk. Mr. Blake in reply said it always pained him to have to refer to his personal affairs, but anybody who knew anything of his practice was probably aware of the fact that when he was engaged in it he made from $20,000 to $25,000 a year, whereas at present his income was only about $2,500 a year. This answer to a most uncalled for attack elicited loud applause, and Mr. Mitchell succumbed. It is well known that Mr. Mitchell's course in the House is not influenced by any great patriotism. He

THE CUSTOMS APPOINT

The following letter was hand the other local papers last week cation was "respectfully decline request of the writer we give it our columns :—

(To the Editor of THE EXPI

SIR,—Notwithstanding the fla puffs and the opinions of a fe tives who cannot tell black from fact remains that a more genera lar selection could not possibl made. No one doubts Mr. Ellio ability to fill the position, yet t citizen and a Conservative, he h whatever.

He has only resided in town was for a time the paid editor vative paper, and his duties as the Conservative Association a work in connection therewith we He could not solicit a vote, had and was decidedly unpopular as yet a few almost insist that he h of the party in the hollow of hi as a reward for "long and faith (?) is placed in one of the best b county at a salary of about twe dollars a year.

In making this appointment t and claims of men who have be and hard working Conservative time and have stood by their pa thick and thin, and who have ta active part in the growth and p our town and county, are entirel favour of a mere adventurer.

As Mr. Elliott is now fully inst let him rest, but, one thing is Conservative cause can be greatly by avoiding these tactics in futur

Yours,

ANOTHER CONSE

Napanee, Feb. 26th, 1884.

WHAT IS A MILLIO

(Cornwall Freeholder.)

By far the greater numb[illegible]er of advocate entrusting the Canad Railway Company with $30,000, people's money have no concept greatness of the sum they are talk Men who would think it a great to lose $30 "clean cash" by the b of an unfortunate shopkeeper or talk like Rothchilds about lend millions to a concern that is not its honest debts, and whose credi that it cannot get accommodation dinary way. Let us enquire a what $30,000,000 means.

The whole wheat crop of Ontari and in that year the wheat crop w commonly good one—was, we see sus, estimated at 27,413,091 bus the wheat therefore raised in C home consumption as well as for 1881, at $1 a bushel, would not $30,000,000. If the farmers of t ion were asked to lend one year's to the syndicate without any pros turn they would look upon the

REFORM MEETING.

We would again remind our readers of the Reform meeting to be held in the new Opera House to-morrow afternoon, to be addressed by Mr. John Charlton, M.P. The chair will be taken at 2 p. m. A meeting of the Reform Association will be held at 1 o'clock, at which a large attendance is requested.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—The proverbial lull after the storm has taken place at Ottawa. Since the close of the debate on the C. P. R. resolutions little more than routine work has been done.

—The cause of temperance is rapidly advancing. The by-law prohibiting the sale of liquor in groceries was carried in Toronto on Monday by the large majority of 360.

—Justice has at last been done Hon. David Mills. On Monday last the Supreme Court gave decision in the Bothwell election case giving him the seat usurped by the notorious Hawkins by aid of Jim Stephens, the returning officer. Mr. Mills took his seat yesterday and Hawkins stepped down and out. Nobody regretted his departure. Even the members of his own party latterly treated him with contempt and he sinks into a political retirement in which, it is to be hoped, no party will ever attempt to disturb him.

—The Pacific Railway "loan" of thirty million dollars has become law. There is not the slightest probability that this money, when once it leaves the Dominion treasury, will ever be returned. Let us see what this grant amounts to :—

It means a tax of $150,000 to every constituency in the Dominion.

To Lennox and Addington it means a tax of $300,000.

To every man, woman and child in this county it is a tax of $8.

To every ratepayer it is a tax of between $40 and $50.

Of course the tax is not direct, but it amounts to the same thing in the end. The money comes out of the people's pockets indirectly. Mr. John W. Bell, M.P., when he thus recklessly voted away the people's millions, may have thought that because the tax collector will not demand payment from house to house in his constitutency, that little heed will be paid to his action, but he only insults the intelligence of his constituents by such reasoning. The people of Addington will hold him accountable for this vote and condemn him accordingly.

The people of Lennox are to be congratulated. Although they will also have to pay their full share of the "steal," they have the satisfaction of knowing that they sent a representative to the House who had the manliness and honesty to protest by his vote against this outrageous transaction.

—What will the people of Camden or Sheffield say of the reeves and councillors of those municipalities if they took it upon themselves to vote out of the municipal funds $150,000 for a railway in Prince Edward County? We are inclined to the opinion that they would protest most vigorously against such a high-handed act. Yet the reeves and councillors would be doing nothing more outrageous than John W. Bell has done in his vote on the C.P.R. resolutions.

—During the discussion on the C.P.R. resolutions a few days ago Peter Mitchell, M. P., insinuated that Mr. Blake's opposition was because of legal fees he obtained from the Grand Trunk. Mr. Blake in reply said it always pained him to have to refer to his personal affairs, but anybody who knew anything of his practice was probably aware of the fact that when he was engaged in it he made from $20,000 to $25,000 a year, whereas at present his income was only about $2,500 a year. This answer to a most uncalled for attack elicited loud applause, and Mr. Mitchell succumbed. It is well known that Mr. Mitchell's course in the House is not influenced by any great patriotism. He always has an axe to grind and in the Pacific Railway deal he has personal interest. On the other hand no man in the House has attended to public duties at as great sacrifice as Mr. Blake. He is giving his whole time to the affairs of the country, and by so doing has reduced his annual income from $25,000 to $2,500.

—The estimates of expenditures for the current year were drought down in the Legislative Assembly last week. They show a careful revision of expenditure in many departments. The vote asked $2,224,726.02 for current expenditures, $381,521.17 on capital account, and $40,826.65 for other purposes, making a total of $2,647,073.84. The division of expenditure under the different services is as follows :—Civil government, $178,817.34 ; legislation, $110,350 ; administration of justice, $299,000 ; education, $518,496 ; maintenance of public institutions, $549,754 ; immigration, $31,950 ; agriculture, arts, literary and scientific institutions, $150,290; hospitals and charities, $92,869.18; maintenance and repairs of Governmental and Departmental Buildings, $38,090 ; public buildings, $15,300 on repairs and $183,959.64 on capital account ; public works, $11,550 on repairs and $38,415 on capital account ; colonization roads, $159,145.55 ; charges on Crown lands, $79,400 ; refund account, $40,826.65 ; miscellaneous expenditure, $53,778.50 ; unforseen and unprovided, $50,000.

—A peculiar feature of the McCarthy Act —now called the Great Confusion Act—is that it makes the Wardens of counties and Mayors of cities Commissioners in direct contravention of the Municipal Act, which clearly states that these officers shall not act as Commissioners. Upon accepting the Commissionership these officers become disqualified for the municipal offices mentioned. For this reason Mr. Flynn, Warden of Frontenac, has refused to act on the board for his coun-

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Each tavern, saloon, and shop license.	
In cities	$160
In towns	110
Each tavern and shop license.	
In villages	80
In townships	72
Each vessel license	125
Each wholesale license	225

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—Those over sanguine people who profess to believe that the Syndicate will return the $30,000,000 voted by Parliament at the time appointed, should ascertain the reason why the loan of $15,000,000 to the Grand Trunk made some years ago has not been returned. Not one cent of this money has been returned to the Government, and what is more the interest has not been paid. Nor will it ever be paid, for the reason that the security has become absolutely worthless through other mortgages having been given preference. If the Grand Trunk successfully played this game what is to prevent the Canadian Pacific doing likewise? A Government loan to a railway really means a gift. The people will find this out in due course.

—Hon. A. S. Hardy has given notice in the Legislature of a bill to regulate the fees to be paid for any license taken out under the Dominion Act. The fees are to be fixed as follows:—

On tavern, saloon, or shop licenses in cities	$300
Do in towns	250
On tavern or shop licenses in villages	150
Do in townships	120
On each wholesale license	350
On each vessel	250
Each transfer	20

The McCarthy Act expressly declares that on any license issued under it the Provincial Legislature may impose a tax or fee for provincial or municipal purposes; and also provides that any person entitled to a license under it must first show that he has paid any such fee that the Provincial Legislature may have seen fit to impose. The Toronto World says that "while the province fixes these duties it does so without prejudice in its contention that the right to legislate in respect of these licenses is conferred upon the Provincial Legislatures exclusively. But for fear that the Dominion law may be held to be valid this precautionary measure is taken. It is also the intention of the Government to increase the fees for licenses taken out under the provincial law, though it is not likely that they will be much more than half of the above figures."

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—During the trouble the Government was experiencing last week from the recalcitrant Bleus, Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue, handed in his resignation. Next day the Mail poured out its vials of abuse on the Hon. John's head and accused him of having succumbed in a moment of weakness to the enemy, and charged Mr. Blake with intriguing with the Bleus to defeat the Government. The latter charge was promptly refuted in the House by Mr. Ouimet, speaking for the Bleus, and Sir John defended Mr. Costigan and announced that that gentleman had withdrawn his resignation and was again a member of the Government. It was thought after this the Mail would eat humble pie, but this it did not do. It repeated the charges in stronger language than before. The result is that the Bleus are very indignant and Mr. Costigan is much displeased. The Bleus were only got into line on the resolutions by a straight pledge from the Government that the Quebec demands would be granted. The Government, notwithstanding its large majority, is not strong. It is only kept together by satisfying the various factions with large grants from the public treasury. It may hold together until the treasury is empty, but no longer.

She Declares it Saved her Life.

Mrs. F. Taylor of Toronto was a great sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism, which for a long time baffled all treatment. At last she tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil, and declares it saved her life.

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[From the Tribu

—The equipment of Mr. H house includes a very superio from the well known establis Gibbard and Son, Napanee.

—Revs. Card and Pearson a liams, of Napanee, and Mr. W Toronto, contemplate visiting early day with the view of est of I. O. G. T.

—At a public meeting held i Tuesday evening, 26th inst., w Rae as chairman, it was resol society to be known under th "The Bay of Quinte Agricultu tural Society," with headquar The following officers were el ly:—E. W. Rathbun, Presiden D., Vice-President; S. Russel mieson, Treas.; James Camer P. J. O'Connor, A. Richardson Rae, executive committee.

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If your blood is impure it w blotches, pimples and sores, feste Burdock Blood Bitters will thor blood and eradicate all foul humo

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THE CUSTOMS APPOINTMENT.

The following letter was handed to one of the other local papers last week, but publication was "respectfully declined." At the request of the writer we give it a place in our columns :—

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—Notwithstanding the flattering local puffs and the opinions of a few Conservatives who cannot tell black from white, the fact remains that a more generally unpopular selection could not possibly have been made. No one doubts Mr. Elliott's business ability to fill the position, yet to which, as a citizen and a Conservative, he has no claim whatever.

He has only resided in town a few years, was for a time the paid editor of a Conservative paper, and his duties as secretary of the Conservative Association and all other work in connection therewith were paid for. He could not solicit a vote, had no influence, and was decidedly unpopular as a canvasser, yet a few almost insist that he held the fate of the party in the hollow of his hand, and as a reward for "long and faithful services" (?) is placed in one of the best berths in the county at a salary of about twelve hundred dollars a year.

In making this appointment the opinions and claims of men who have been staunch and hard working Conservatives for a lifetime and have stood by their party through thick and thin, and who have taken a most active part in the growth and prosperity of our town and county, are entirely ignored in favour of a mere adventurer.

As Mr. Elliott is now fully installed, there let him rest, but, one thing is certain, the Conservative cause can be greatly benefitted by avoiding these tactics in future.

Yours,

ANOTHER CONSERVATIVE.

Napanee, Feb. 26th, 1884.

WHAT IS A MILLION?

(Cornwall Freeholder.)

By far the greater number of those who advocate entrusting the Canadian Pacific Railway Company with $30,000,000 of the people's money have no conception of the greatness of the sum they are talking about. Men who would think it a great misfortune to lose $30 "clean cash" by the bankruptcy of an unfortunate shopkeeper or mechanic, talk like Rothchilds about lending thirty millions to a concern that is not able to pay its honest debts, and whose credit is so bad that it cannot get accommodation in the ordinary way. Let us enquire a little into what $30,000,000 means.

The whole wheat crop of Ontario in 1881—and in that year the wheat crop was an uncommonly good one—was, we see by the census, estimated at 27,413,091 bushels. All the wheat therefore raised in Ontario for home consumption as well as for export in 1881, at $1 a bushel, would not amount to $30,000,000. If the farmers of the Dominion were asked to lend one year's wheat crop to the syndicate without any prospect of return they would look upon the man who

Fresh Arriva

FOR THE GENTS' FURI

Celluloid Collars and Cuffs, latest no
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Newest things in Linen Collars, Umbrell
Felt and Silk Hats, all new shapes ; New T

LADIES' AND FANC

Something new in Rubber Circular
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It is by calculations such as these that the intelligent electors can form something like an adequate idea of the magnitude of the sums of the people's money which the Government of the Dominion intend to throw away upon the reckless, extravagant Pacific Railway Company.

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The Globe of yesterday gives the following new schedule of licenses under the Provincial and Dominion licenses:—

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In townships	72	120
Each vessel license	125	250
Each wholesale license	225	350

In its comments thereon the Globe says:—"The spectacle of the Dominion Licensing Boards soliciting applicants for Dominion licenses, in order to secure the paltry fees allowed them under that Act, is edifying indeed. Whether they will be successful in many of their solicitations remain to be seen. The person who depends upon the license issued by the Dominion Government rend-

CARPETS AI

New and handsome designs in Velvet
Carpets, new and handsome designs in Lace

FOR THE STAPI

New and cheap Pillow Cottons in 38
ings, bleached in 2, 2¼ and 2½ yards wide
Cloth, Huchabacks, bleached and unbleache
by the dozen, in pure linen and very low
Cottonades and Denims; Cases of the best
tons.

THESE ARE

Mentioned in last week's advertise
sually advantageous purchase, and
house for two or three days a lar
We are selling them at least ¼ les
Every lady should make it a poi
Cotton at once, for they cannot be
stock is disposed of.

What a Woman Says.

Mine Run Furance, Va., Jan. 31, 1884.
E. ST. JOHN, G. T. & P. A., Chicago, Ill.:

Your valuable Cook Book came to hand for which accept my thanks. It's a treasure, for its recipes are plain, and the book is well gotten up; its typographical and general make up speaks well for your department in doing so much for the "Women of America." May your Road be as successful as every woman will be who follows your Cook Book, and every man who eats thereafter. Yours truly,

MRS. M. R. KARSTERS.

This beautiful book contains 128 pages with illuminated covers. Sent on receipt of ten cents in stamps or cash. Address,

E. ST. JOHN, G. T. & P. A.,

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Have re-opened bu
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Deseronto.

[From the Tribune.]

—The equipment of Mr. Herbert Rathbun's house includes a very superior set of furniture from the well known establishment of Messrs. Gibbard and Son, Napanee.

—Revs. Card and Pearson and Mr. W. S. Williams, of Napanee, and Mr. W. H. Rodden, of Toronto, contemplate visiting Deseronto at an early day with the view of establishing a Lodge of I. O. G. T.

—At a public meeting held in the town hall on Tuesday evening, 26th inst., with Mr. D. R. McRae as chairman, it was resolved to form a new society to be known under the designation of "The Bay of Quinte Agricultural and Horticultural Society," with headquarters at Deseronto. The following officers were elected provisionally:—E. W. Rathbun, President; J. Newton, M. D., Vice-President; S. Russell, Sec.; Wm. Jamieson, Treas.; James Cameron, D. E. Howatt, P. J. O'Connor, A. Richardson and D. R. McRae, executive committee.

A Certain Result.

If your blood is impure it will burst forth in blotches, pimples and sores, festering and unsightly. Burdock Blood Bitters will thoroughly cleanse the blood and eradicate all foul humors from the system.

Hope in Hopeville.

Mrs. McArthur of Hopeville declares she could not keep house without Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. It is a remedy in which the sufferer may safely hope for speedy relief and effectual cure of Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchial, Throat and Lung troubles which neglected end in hopeless consumption.

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We are selling them at least ¼ les
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What a Woman Says.

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Your valuable Cook Book came to hand for which accept my thanks. It's a treasure, for its recipes are plain, and the book is well gotten up; its typographical and general make up speaks well for your department in doing so much for the "Women of America." May your Road be as successful as every woman will be who follows your Cook Book, and every man who eats thereafter. Yours truly,

Mrs. M. R. Karsters.

This beautiful book contains 128 pages with illuminated covers. Sent on receipt of ten cents in stamps or cash. Address,

E. St. John, G. T. & P. A.,
C. R. I. & P. R'y, Chicago, Ill.

☞ **Decorative Art.** Explicit directions for every use are given with the Diamond Dyes. For dyeing Mosses, Grasses, Eggs, Ivory, Hair, &c. 10c. Druggists keep them. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

**Old and young should use "Teaberry,"
Then your laugh may be quite merry ;
Fragrant Breath shall pass your lips,
And your Teeth shall pearls eclipse.**

To Increase the Appetite and strengthen Digestion, to drive off the Blues, and bring color to your skin and temperament, cheer up your Liver with **ZO-PE-SA.** It regulates the system, nerves and brain, makes your eyes bright, your work easy.

IT MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE.

The manufacturers have yet to hear of a single case of Dyspepsia or Biliousness, when Zopesa was used as directed, in which it was not more than satisfactory. Many write that it is a wonderful remedy. We can show where as high as 40 pounds were gained by its use in breaking up chronic Biliousness and Dyspepsia. Its friends increase very fast, and all who use as directed are surprised and gratified. 15-1 m

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Remember

DR. H. B. WR

SURGEON

GRADUATE Royal C

SUCCESSOR

☞ Rooms lately o
das-st., Napanee.

Fresh Arrivals This Week.

THE GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

elluloid Collars and Cuffs, latest novelties in Ties, Bows, Silk Handkerchiefs, (extra
ew shapes in Scarfs, (Lather, Lansdowne, Masher, Fortissimo, Norfolk and Polo.)
things in Linen Collars, Umbrellas—Paramatta, Silk Zanella, Christy's, celebrated
Silk Hats, all new shapes ; New Tweed and Worsted, Suitings and Pantings.

LADIES' AND FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

omething new in Rubber Circulars in ladies' and children's sizes, Novelties in Col-
llings, Beaded and Plain Gims, Colleretts, Jet Tabliers, New Laces, Ties, Scarfs,
ish Crochets, Novelties in Buttons, Piques, Burmah Cord, Stripe and Check Mus-
ats, Black Silks, Plain Satin and Satin Phadamais, Lile and Silk Hose and Gloves,
Flannels.

CARPETS AND CURTAINS.

ew and handsome designs in Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Lovely Wool
new and handsome designs in Lace Curtains and Lambrequins.

FOR THE STAPLE DEPARTMENT.

ew and cheap Pillow Cottons in 38, 40, 42 and 46 inches ; plain and twilled sheet-
ached in 2, 2¼ and 2½ yards wide ; Russia Crash Twillings at 8 cents a yard, Glass

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ozen, in pure linen and very low prices; splendid, reliable good wearing Ducks,
es and Denims; Cases of the best Shirtings, Apron Checks, Steam Looms and Cot-

THESE ARE THE GOODS

Mentioned in last week's advertisement to arrive as the result of our unusually advantageous purchase, and although they have only been in the house for two or three days a large number of pieces are gone already. We are selling them at least ¼ less than they can be had for elsewhere. Every lady should make it a point to secure one piece of the Loom and Cotton at once, for they cannot be had again at the prices after present stock is disposed of.

HINCH BROS.

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Mine Run Furance, Va., Jan. 31, 1884.
T. & P. A., Chicago, Ill.:

Cook Book came to hand for which
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OUT : OF : THE : FIRE!

K. J. STRONG & CO.

Have re-opened business in the Miller Block, two doors east of the Brisco House, where they have fitted up a large, first-class shop, well filled with excellent harness and other goods in their line, cheaper than ever. With many thanks to their numerous customers who have so liberally patronized them during the nearly six years they have been here in business, they now cordially invite the public to an inspection of their new premises, believing that in stock, workmanship and low prices they can give full satisfaction. A liberal discount to cash customers. Repairing and other job work attended to promptly and cheaply. They have a large assortment of Whips, Collars, Horse-blankets, Halters, Combs, Brushes and other articles usually found in a first-class Saddlery.

Those indebted to us, either by note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment, as we need money to carry on our business successfully and cannot afford to give long credits.

K. J. STRONG & CO

COMPLIMENTS TO EVERYBODY.

One Hundred Cases of BOOTS and SHOES, TRUNKS and

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One Hundred Cases of BOOTS and SHOES, TRUNKS and VALISES to arrive at

The People's Boot and Shoe Store,

First week in March, CHEAPER and NEATER than ever.

Thanks to the Public for their Liberal Patronage.

Remember Our One Price System.

GEO. E MAYBEE.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas-st., Napanee.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Tenders will be received for the several works necessary in the building of addition to Campbell House, Napanee, for A. McNeill, Esq., from MONDAY, FEB. 18TH, instant, till SATURDAY, the 1st of March.

Plans may be seen at the residence of F. Bartlett, Esq., corner of Bridge and East streets, Napanee, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. BARTLETT,
Architect, Toronto.

February 14th, 1884. 14-2

A NEW MORAL FROM AN OLD STORY.

[From the Montreal Witness.]

It takes eighteen columns of Sir Charles Tupper's oratory to explain the advantages of the new loan. A short story with a moral will make the transaction clear to those who do not care to wade through this mass of printer's ink.

Some years ago a man entered a country store.

The following dialogue ensued :—

Customer—"What is the price of your best crackers?"

Merchant—"Ten cents a pound."

Customer—"I guess I'll take a pound."

The merchant weighs out the crackers and hands them to the customer.

Customer—"Have you any very good whiskey?"

Merchant—"Yes, it is ten cents a glass."

Customer—"Well, I guess I'll change my mind and give you back the crackers and take a glass of whiskey."

Customer, drinking the whiskey, smacks his lips, says it is good and turns to leave the store.

Merchant—"Hello, you have forgotten to pay for the whiskey."

Customer—"Have I not given you the crackers?"

Merchant—"But you have not paid for the crackers."

Customer—"Did I not give you the crackers back?" and walks out of the store leaving the merchant reflecting on the transaction and wondering where his ten cents came in. Our representatives at Ottawa a few years hence will find out where the joke comes in.

Masters and Mates.

The following is the list of successful applicants for certificates before the board of steamboat inspectors at Picton this week:—

COMPETENCY CERTIFICATES.

Henry Stanton, Picton, master competency certificate for the lakes; Samuel V. Anderson, Deseronto, master competency certificate for minor waters.

SERVICE CERTIFICATES.

The following received service certificates as masters for the lakes:—Henry Stanton, John Flynn, Picton; Wyott Welbanks, W. E. Lobb, James M. Hugin, Milford; John Walters, Picton; Francis McMaster, Deseronto; William H. Hartgrove, Cherry Valley; Murray Ackerman, Milford; James Savage, Wellington; William Ostrander, Picton; Paul Clark, Cherry Valley; J. D. Vanalstyne, Picton; Peter F. Hicks, South Bay; Daniel O'Hagan, James Collins, Picton; John Gowan, Joseph W. Bradbeer, Deseronto; David O'Hagan, David Wood, Picton; Peter D. Ostrander, William E. Vanalstine, Milford; Nathan McCrimmon, Point Traverse; N. Hudgins, South Bay; Hugh McCullough, Wellington; Jno. W. Fegan, Thomas L. Vanduzen, Milford; Patrick O'Flynn, Trenton; W. H. Burdick, Picton.

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WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

THURSDAY, FEB. 21.

—A considerable force of Egyptian rebels that were approaching Suakim were defeated to-day. Tokar has surrendered to the rebels.

—Elsie Williams has confessed herself the murderer of the colored man Kent in the Digby tragedy. She says that when Kent and Jordan fell to the floor in the struggle the former was on top, and fearing that he might kill Jordan she struck him several times with an axe.

—Five thousand miners are on strike at Anzon, France.

—The store of Roblin & Yott at Rednerville was entered by burglars last night and $15 in cash and a quantity of boots, shoes and dry goods stolen. There is no clue to the thieves.

—Recently Piegan Indians stole a number of ponies from the Crows and white men on the Yellowstone. The Piegans were pursued and four killed and one wounded, and two whites killed and two wounded.

—Reports from all over Georgia show that the storm which passed over that State last Tuesday was unprecedented. Four hundred people are now reported killed and an immense number injured. The destruction of property was also large in proportion.

FRIDAY, FEB. 22.

—Another outrageous assault was committed in Long Island last night, the victim being Mrs. Stephen Hutchinson, who was returning to her home from a concert about 10 o'clock. When passing a clump of trees a man sprang up in the road and demanded her money. She told him she had none with her. He then knocked her down and beat her until she was insensible and then outraged her. She was found about midnight by her husband who had become alarmed at her long absence and started out to meet her. The lady is about 35 years old. She is delirious and lies in a critical condition.

—Osman Digna is at Teb with a large force eager to fight.

—Weston, the pedestrian, has completed 4,600 miles of the 5,000 miles he has undertaken to walk.

—A stranger attempted to commit suicide this morning at Niagara Falls by cutting his throat, but failing in this he shot himself through the brain and accomplished his purpose. It is thought his mind was unbalanced.

—A dreadful accident is reported from the village of Bridgewater, N. S. Mr. Burns' house and all the contents were burned. Mrs. Burns and her daughter made their escape from the burning building by leaping from the upper window, but Mr. Burns and an adopted daughter about 14 years of age were unable to escape, and were burned to death.

—Enoch Hennington, of Toronto, had a leg taken off by a train passing over it this morning.

SATURDAY, FEB. 23.

—Rev. H. Austin of Gananoque has declined the invitation to become the curate of St. George's Cathedral, Kingston.

—The war between France and China is becoming more violent. Gen. Millot, commander of the French, is preparing to operate against Bacninh with 3,000 men. The Chinese have burned a village.

—A corporation laborer of Hamilton named McCallum was crushed to death to-day by the falling of an embankment.

—There were 206 failures in the United States last week.

—Placards have been found posted in various places in Vienna appealing to the people, asking them how long they will let the monarchy live.

—At Troy, N.Y., to-day burglars effected entrance to E. Mark & Son's jewelry store and abstracted goods, including valuable diamonds, gold watches, cast jewelry, etc., estimated to the value of between $40,000 and $50,000.

—A pasenger train on the Hannibal and St. Jo road went through a bridge over the Charitan river last night, wrecking the entire train. One person was killed and 27 were more or less injured.

—The Indian uprising in the North-West promises to be a serious affair. A band under Yellow Calf has captured the Government stores at Long Lake and will not give them up. A detachment of Mounted Police attacked Yellow Calf's band but were forced to retreat. At the File Hills reserve the Indians made the store-keepers prisoners and took possession of everything. They say

FRESH

OUR STOCK OF COTTONS IS LARGE, FRESH, CHEAP AND OF EXCELLENT VALUE.

SOMET
SOMET
SOMET
SOMET

Our stock of

SPRING, 18

ENGLISH

Stylish Scotch

60 Pieces new Can

SALE REGISTER.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 13TH.—Mr. James tioneer, has received instructions from t the late C. M. Switzer, to sell on lot 12, nesttown, Switzerville, their farm stock ments. Sale at 12 o'clock, sharp.

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The following received service certificates for masters on minor waters:—Samuel V Anderson, Deseronto; Augus Stanton, Frederick Graves, Wm. Skillen, E. B. Smith, Picton; S. Anderson, Deseronto; J. A. Porte, Trenton; George Porte, Flinton.

The following received certificates as mates for minor waters:—Miles Wilson, Alfred Hicks, Picton; James W. Anderson, Rednersville; Patrick Foley, Picton.

Kingston Presbytery.

Monday afternoon the members of the Kingston Presbytery met in Brock street church. Rev. F. McCuaig presided. The following ministers and elders were present: Revs. Dr. Williamson, Chambers, Houston, Shore, Gallaher and John Leishman, and Messrs. Ilett and Spence.

The call in favor of Rev. J. Leishman, of Camden East, from the congregations of Angus, New Lowell and Boynton was tabled. The salary promised was $950. Mr. Leishman's present congregation was cited to appear at the quarterly meeting to be held in March.

A call to Rev. W. Smith from the congregations of Camden East and Tamworth was sustained and accepted by Mr. Smith. The salary promised is $450 a year and manse, together with the Mission Committee's supplement. His induction will take place on Tuesday, March 11th. Rev. Mr. Houston will preach, Dr. Williamson will address the minister and Rev. J. Leishman the people.

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MONDAY FEB. 25.

—A great fire took place at Jackson, Mich., yesterday, destroying the Union Hotel, the theatre and several large stores. Several men were buried in the ruins. Loss, $175,000.

—A terrific gas explosion occurred at the Bank of Commerce, Toronto, this morning. The doors of the vault were twisted off, and the building was wrecked. Several employees were severely injured.

—It is feared that Mr. Nelson and his two daughters, of Sanborn, Dakota, have perished in a blizzard.

—F. F. Bradley, customs officer at Emerson, Man., has been arrested for embezzling $4 000 of the Government money.

—There is great uneasiness at Cairo in consequence of a report that the Bashereen Arabs have revolted. If this is true, Gen. Gordon with Khartoum and other garrisons are cut off. The Mehdi's emissaries are busy throughout the whole of Egypt. A march has been commenced on Khartoum.

—A man named Heffrod, who murdered a fellow workman at Thorold a few years ago and escaped to the United States, was arrested at Port Colborne to-day. The constable was taking his prisoner to Welland, and when at the depot the latter cleverly tripped up his captor and effected his escape. He is probably by this time safe in the States.

—Mrs. Haight, of Morrisville, N.Y., convicted of the murder of her husband, has been sentenced to be hanged.

—The by-law separating the sale of liquor from groceries in Toronto was voted on to-day and carried by a majority of 349.

—The Grand Trunk Company has decided to run passenger trains into Kingston city next summer.

—Sanders, who seriously stabbed the bartender Forrester at Kingston last Friday, has been arrested.

TUESDAY, FEB. 26.

—Shortly after one o'clock this morning an explosion took place in the cloak room of the Victoria railway station at London, Eng. The explosive agent was undoubtedly dynamite. A large portion of the roof was blown off, and nearly all the glass-work in the station destroyed. Seven men were severely injured. Extensive damage was done to surrounding property.

—Kingston will hold races on the ice on Monday and Tuesday next.

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[Parties getting their sale bills printed a are entitled to a notice similar to the ab charge.

Proof Positive.

If you suffer from pain in the region of ers, headache, irregular bowels, faintness, ach, variable appetite, bad taste in the sallow complexion, your liver and biliary seriously affected, and Burdock Blood Bi prompt and certain remedy.

Napanee Market Prices

	Feb. 2
Hall wheat, per bushel	$ 1
Spring wheat, do	1
Barley, do	0
Oats, do	0
Peas, do	0
Rye, do	0
Onions, do	0
do per bag	0
Potatoes, per bag	0
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2
Corn	0
Butter per tub	0
Butter, per lb.	0
Cheese "	0
Lard "	0
Tallow "	0
Musk Rats	6
Beaver, per lb	1
Lamb per lb	0
Mutton, per lb	0
Wool per lb	0
Calfskins per lb	0
Hogs per cwt	7
Eggs per doz	0
Bacon per 100 lbs	9
Mess pork	0
Beef hides	5
Deeken skins	0
Pelts	0
Lambskins	0
Bran per ton	15
Shorts "	1
Hay, "	7
Clover Hay "	3
Cedar Posts	0
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	
Mink Skin	
Fox "	
Turkey	

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—The letters R. S. V. P., which are seen at the foot of an invitation in polite society, mean "Repondez s'il vous plait," which is French for "Reply, it you please." These letters appeared after the name of the Mayor of Montreal in the invitation to the Mayor of Boston to attend the Carnival. The secretary of Boston's Mayor did reply, but thinking that the letters meant some title of the party he was writing to, addressed him, "Mr. C. G. B——, R. S. V. P." This reminds us of the story of a plain old country couple who were invited by fashionable relatives in the city to attend a party. The letters R. S. V. P. were translated by them to mean "Remember six, very punctual," and they attended the party several hours ahead of the other guests.

Pimples and Blotches.

Call at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. It is composed of Vaseline, Carbolic Acid and Cerate, and has never failed to remove Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerated Sores, Rough Skin. It cures when others fail. Try it.

—The head waiter in the Burnett House, Kingston, secured a fortune of $5,000 by the death of a great-aunt in England. He has retired from hotel life.

Warning.

If troubled with constipated bowels, never neglect it, or the system becomes clogged, the secretions dried up and the system poisoned with foul gases. Burdock Blood Bitters cure constipation by unlocking the secretions and regulating the glandular system.

THE ART OF PROLONGING LIFE CONSISTS IN understanding the essential conditions on which the act of life depends. But to reconstruct the human system after it has become physically demoralized by disease, is really to create a new being. Yet, that this can be done is capable of actual demonstration. Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, by aiding the digestive process, and furnishing the elements of bone, muscle, and nerve, perfects the assimilation of food, and complete nourishment of the tissues; morbid products and humors are removed from the blood, and a healthy process of repair set up, which gradually restores and vitalizes all the organs, according to nature's process of building up the feeble constitution.

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—When the steamship Circassian arrived at Halifax from Liverpool this morning a passenger named Haight, of Port Hope, Ont., missed his valise, which contained jewelry, diamond rings, etc., valued at $3,000. He had the valise hidden away, and how the thief obtained the knowledge of its whereabouts is a mystery.

—Shortly before the conclusion of a variety performance in a theatre at Montreal this evening a false alarm of fire was given, which created a panic, and a good many persons were more or less injured.

—William O'Neil, a Grand Trunk brakesman who was injured near Point Edward four weeks ago, died last night.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 27.

The advance of the English troops on Teb has commenced.

—The rebels regard the landing of British troops at Trinkitat with exultation.

—A Montreal boy, fourteen years old, has been detected in a $300 forgery.

—The steamer Great Eastern has been purchased by the Imperial Government for a coal hulk.

—The Earl of Eastnor is seeking a divorce from his wife on the ground that she has another husband living.

—Mr. James Noxon and Mr. G. A. Cook received nomination yesterday as candidates for the Ontario Legislature for South Oxford.

—It is stated that Mr. Henry Irving will be asked to contest a constituency in the Liberal interest at the next general election in England.

—The City Council of St. John, N. B., has appointed a committee to consider alleged infringements of the City Charter by the McCarthy License Act.

Officeholders.

The office held by the Kidneys is one of importance. They act as nature's sluice-way to carry off the extra liquids from the system and with them the impurities both those that are taken into the stomach and those that are formed in the blood. Any clogging or inaction of these organs is therefore important. Kidney Wort in Nature's efficient assistant in keeping the kidneys in good working order, strengthening them and inducing healthy action. If you would get well and keep well, take Kidney-Wort.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

Onions,	do	0
do	per bag	0
Potatoes,	per bag	2
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs		2
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs		0
Corn		0
Butter per tub		0
Butter, per lb		0
Cheese "		0
Lard "		0
Tallow "		0
Musk Rats		1
Beaver, per lb		0
Lamb per lb		0
Mutton, per lb		0
Wool per lb		0
Calfskins per lb		0
Hogs per cwt		7
Eggs per doz		0
Bacon per 100 lbs		9
Mess pork		0
Beef hides		5
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Pelts		0
Lambskins		0
Bran per ton		15
Shorts "		19
Hay, "		7
Clover Hay "		3
Cedar Posts		0
Cedar Shingles, per thousand		2
Mink Skin		0
Fox "		0
Turkey		0
Geese		0
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Fluid Lightning.

WIFE.—What's the matter now, John.

HUSBAND.—Oh, that neuralgia and too kills me.

WIFE.—Why don't you go to T. A. Huff W. Grange's drug stores and get Fluid Lightning, you know it cures all su toothache, neuralgia, headache, lumba sore throat, etc. It gives instant relief.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken by a sick child suffering and crying with ting of teeth? If so, send at once and g MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FO TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It the poor little sufferer immediately. De mothers, there is no mistake about it. entery, and diarrhœa, regulates the bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gu inflammation, and gives tone and energy system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the the prescription of one of the oldest and nurses and physicians in the United St for sale by all druggists throughout the 25 cents a bottle.

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OUR STOCK OF COTTONS IS LARGE, FRESH, CHEAP AND OF EXCELLENT VALUE.

SWISS EMBROIDERIES AND INSERTIONS,

Bright, handsome and cheap, from $1 per yard.

SOMETHING NEW IN CORSETS, besides the O. Progress.

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Our stock of Prints contains all the newest designs and

SPRING, 1884. **ROBLIN & FOR**

——ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLE

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STIFF A

Stylish Scotch Tweed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Colo

60 Pieces new Canadian Tweed, all Prices. 45

Full Lines in Gents' Furn

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY, MARCH 1ST.—All the farm stock, implements and household furniture at the residence of John L. Thornton, Lot No. 9 in the 6th concession of the Township of Sheffield. Sale commences at 1 o'clock, p.m.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13TH.—Mr. James Allen, auctioneer, has received instructions from the heirs of the late C. M. Switzer, to sell on lot 12, 6th con. Ernesttown, Switzerville, their farm stock and imple-

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

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THURSDAY, MARCH 20TH.—Mr. James Storms, auctioneer, has received instructions from Mr. Isaac Asselstine, lot 49 in the 5th concession of the township of Camden, one mile east of Moscow, all his farm stock and implements. Sale commences at 1 o'clock p.m., sharp.

[Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

Proof Positive.

If you suffer from pain in the region of the shoulders, headache, irregular bowels, faintness, sick stomach, variable appetite, bad taste in the mouth and sallow complexion, your liver and biliary organs are seriously affected, and Burdock Blood Bitters is the prompt and certain remedy.

Napanee Market Prices.

Feb. 29th, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$ 1 00 to	$1 05
Spring wheat, do	1 05	1 10
Barley, do	0 50	0 60
Oats, do	0 30	0 32
Peas, do	0 70	0 72
Rye, do	0 57	0 58
Onions, do	0 50	0 75
do per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65	0 75
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Corn	0 75	0 85
Butter per tub	0 16	0 18
Butter, per lb.	0 18	0 20
Cheese "	0 12	0 12
Lard "	0 10	0 11
Tallow "	0 06	0 07
Musk Rats	0 04	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 15	0 18
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	7 50	8 00
Eggs per doz	0 23	
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 10	11 00
Mess pork	0 08	0 00
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	15 00	16 00
Shorts "	19 00	20 00
Hay, "	7 00	0 00
Clover Hay "	3 00	4 00
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 59
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 35	0 40

S. McLAUGHLIN,
Produce and Commission Merchant, Dundas St., Napanee Ont.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSTON—In Napanee, on Saturday, Feb. 23rd, the wife of Mr. R. A. Johnston, of a son.

ANDERSON.—In Napanee, on Sunday, Feb. 24, the wife of Mr. John Anderson, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

WILLOUGHBY—SIMMONS—At Napanee, on Wednes-

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

particularly

Adapted to Farm Use.

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

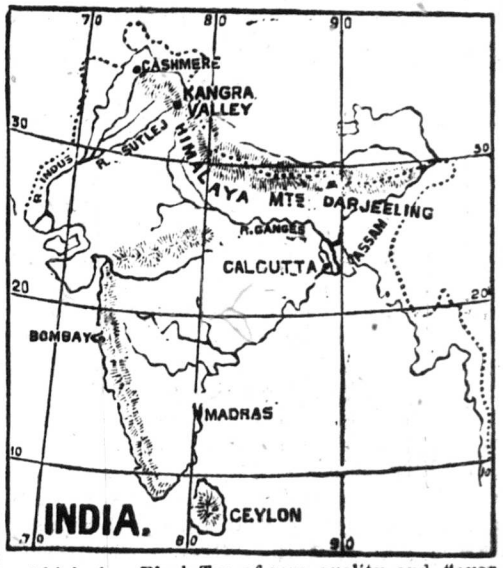
FIRST-CLASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

and are now in position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883

GENERAL KEER'S
HIMALAYAN TEA.



A high class Black Tea of rare quality and flavor, imported direct from India by Major General Keer of Toronto, in March last. For samples and prices apply to

THOS. A. HUFFMAN,
Sole Agent at Napanee

MILES STORMS & SON,

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Will sell you

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WIFE.—What's the matter now, John.

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WIFE.—Why don't you go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a bottle of Fluid Lightning, you know it cures all such things as toothache, neuralgia, headache, lumbago, earache, sore throat, etc. It gives instant relief.

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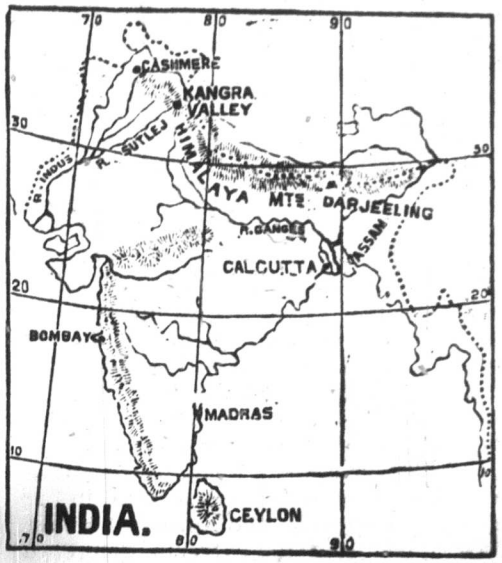
HIMALAYAN TEA.



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HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently pubished a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address,

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,

41 Ann St., New York.

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All kinds of Re

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Furniture, that he will s
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COFFEE

Sugars, Spices

In endless variety, h
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WISS EMBROIDERIES AND INSERTIONS,

ght, handsome and cheap, from $1 per yard.

DOWNEY & Co's

IN CORSETS, besides the O. K., Flexible, Hip Comforter and Progress.

IN COLLARETTES and Boas, Fichue, Laces, Infant's Robes, Eagle Weiss Trimmings, etc.

IN CRETONNES and American Prints.

IN HOSIERY FOR SPRING.

OUR COTTONS ARE NOTED FOR BEING OF GOOD BODY, FINE, HEAVY AND VERY CHEAP.

DOWNEY & Co.

ins all the newest designs and patterns. They are unusually low.

ROBLIN & FORD

SPRING, 1884.

——ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN——

MERICAN STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS,

, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Worsteds and Spring Overcoatings,

all Prices. *45 Pieces new French Cambric Shirtings,*

ll Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

ROBLIN & FORD.

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notify our many customers and others, anufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

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WHY GO FREEZING AROUND

——WHEN——

English Trouserings, Black and Colored Worsteds and Spring Overcoatings,

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SS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

in position to repair steam engines d do all kinds of foundry and machine reasonable terms.

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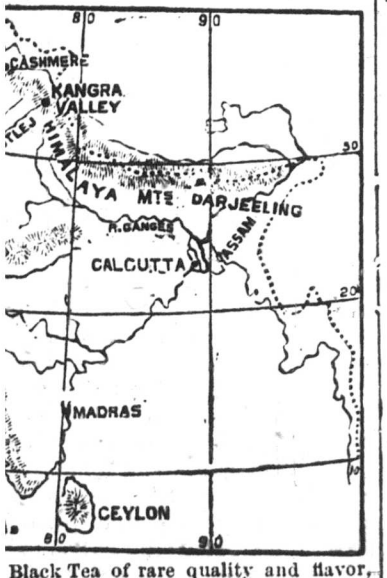

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WHY GO FREEZING AROUND

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A. ROSE & CO.

Will sell you a good warm Overcoat at less than cost price ?

75---GOOD OVERCOATS,---75

WHICH MUST BE SOLD.

Call and Secure a Bargain With Others.

A. ROSE & CO.,

Rennie's Old Corner Store, Napanee.

NEW JEWELLERY STORE.

211 DUNDAS - ST.

(Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

A. A. BARTLETT

—Dealer in—

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE

FANCY GOODS, &c.

New Goods and Low Prices.

All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully and Promptly Attended to.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

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FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

W. E. BAKER

HAS OPENED OUT

NEW FURNITURE WAREROOMS

on the Market Square, three doors west of the Post Office, where he will keep on nand a stock of first-clas Furniture, that he will sell cheap for cash.

REPAIRING AND RE-VARNISHING PROMPTLY DONE. Parties having repairing to be done, by leaving their orders a the warerooms will have article sent for, promptly repaired and returned.

☞A CALL IS SOLICITED.

W E. BAKER.

NAPANEE Feb'y 1s 1884. 13-4

CHEAP GROCERIES!

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GRANGE & COULTER'S.

We are Selling Goods to Suit the Dull Times

So we advise all in want of good bargains to call and secure them.

Teas of all Grades at Low Retail Prices (although wholesale priceshave advanced.)

COFFEE ——We still retain the credit of keeping thebest.☞——**The Best !**

Sugars, Spices, Fish, Oysters, Vegetables, Etc., Canned Goods

In endless variety, having purchased a good supply put up by MR. B. B. DUNNING, we guarantee they will prove for themselves.

GRANGE & COULTER

A Reverie.

BY DR. MULVANY.

Is it dusk or is it day
In your bower, love, far away?
Day or dusk within your bower,
It is love's most longed-for hour,
Love that, free or fettered, still
Bids his time nor wants his will.

In that bower what *should* love see,
Were his fiery wings but free?
What intensest joy or pain,
Could his heart know once again,
Might one wild hour once fulfill
Love's unfettered utmost will?

Love, what sense of sight or sound
Should that place of tryst surround?
Only the soft lamplit gloom
Of the world shut in our room,
And your voice blest with the free
Far susurrus of the sea!

In that hour, love, would you share
Love's reward, were love but there?
And nor scorn nor shrink to give
All for which he cares to live,
And be his who comes to thee
Far-abiding by the sea!

CUPIDITY AND CRIME.

CHAPTER XV.

From that day Nettie Clare's suggestion and Nettie herself occupied a prominent place in Vance Singleton's thoughts. She had at least offered him one way of escape out of his difficulties, and, though he did not much relish the thought of an actor's life, anything was better than that he was at present leading; and then, little by little, he began to see that any occupation which brought him and Nettie together would sooner or later grow easy and congenial to his taste.

They were not old friends. Six months back he hardly knew Miss Clare by name, and it was the purest accident that brought thosetwo together—the accident, first, that made him useful to the little lame sister in whom the girl's heart was wrapped up, and afterwards the idleness that allowed him to drift into any intimacy that led him away from his dismal home.

The rescue to which Mrs. Clare and her daughter attached an heroic importance, and of which Nettie spoke with such exaggerated gratitude still, seemed to the young man but a simple affair, costing him only one jerk of the muscle and a muddy coat-sleeve—neither more nor less than that.

He happened to be standing outside Victoria Station one very wet and windy night, waiting for a man who had promised to meet him there, and idly watching the proceedings of the people who were fighting over their luggage and for the cabs around. A train from the country was just in, and the usual scene of bustle and confusion was proceeding.

A little to his left, upon the crowded platform, stood a small slight girl whose movements he found himself following

became lighter when he poured them into Nettie's sympathising ear.

The simple family history was soon told. Mrs. Clare, a faded pretty woman, with a clear soft voice, and the bright brown eyes that Nettie had inherited, had been an actress before her marriage with the young surgeon Robert Clare; but she had abandoned the stage, and settled down to her wifely and motherly duties without regret—though she had never severed her connection with her old friends—a fact that stood her in good stead in the time of her trouble; for, when, after sixteen years of quiet, struggling happiness, poor Robert Clare died quite suddenly in the prime of his manhood, leaving his widow and her two young children totally unprovided for, these warm hearted unconventional friends rallied unanimously around them and did them yeoman's service.

Jenny was, and always would be, a helpless cripple; Mrs. Clare, though still comparatively young, was too broke inn health and spirits to return to the scene of her modest triumphs; but Nettie, with her pretty saucy face, her clear birdlike voice, fresh, tuneful, and strong, her pretty graceful little figure—everything might be hoped for Nettie in her mother's old profession.

So, being carefully drilled, taught, and brought out under most favorable auspices, Nettie in due time made her appearance, took the public fancy in a small way, and became, after a brief apprenticeship, the bread-winner of the small family.

Not a little proud was Miss Nettie of her important position; and, though Mrs. Clare often wondered and doubted whether Robert would sleep quietly in his green grave out on the northern hill if he knew the burden that had been laid on his little girl's slender shoulders, and the fashion in which she bore it, she could not but share the girl's unselfish exultation in her own success.

"You shall be so comfortable, mother, you and Jenny, by-and-by!" the clear young voice would cry, with a little thrill of triumph. "I am quite a 'star' in the provinces already—and presently I mean to be one here."

Perhaps this utter and unselfish absorption in the family interests kept Nettie safely shielded from the baser influences of her strange new life. Certain it is that in an atmosphere in which nine out of ten girls would have deteriorated she kept her brave, frank simplicity of manner, her honesty of speech and thought, absolutely intact. A little harder and shrewder in driving a bargain, a little more independent in action, than if she had grown up a little home-keeping maiden in her father's care, the family bread-winner perforce became, but in no other way did she suffer from contact with the rough outer world. The little actress dropped her tinsel robes to

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A little to his left, upon the crowded platform, stood a small slight girl whose movements he found himself following with amused attention. She was quite young, and looked half boyish in her close-fitting ulster and round felt hat, with her close-cropped curly hair; but she was a thorough little woman of business, and superintended the moving of her numerous boxes and basket-trunks with cool-headed promptitude and decision.

Beside her, clinging closely to her arm, and looking nervously around, stood a pale large-eyed child, warmly dressed in black velvet and fur, with pale yellow hair falling loosely over her shoulders, perhaps to conceal the slight outward curve of the spine. Her face had the wistful peevish look born of incessant pain, and her voice, which was clear and sharp, had a certain fretful ring.

"Where is mother, Nettie?" she said, as the two followed the now completely laden trunk to the station door; and, watching them, Vance saw that one small foot dragged in a pitifully helpless fashion. "Mother said she would come."

"But it is such a wet night, dear, mother is much better at home getting some nice tea ready for us," the elder sister answered cheerfully. "Come, Jenny, get in; you need not wait for the boxes."

She held the cab door open; but the child drew away her hand pettishly, and, screwing up the pale peakish face as though she were about to cry, said, in a sharp accusing tone—

"Mother said she would come; we must wait for her, Nettie. Ah, there she is!"

Forgetting her lameness, she sprang out into the muddy roadway, only to reel and fall right in the track of a heavily laden omnibus, at that moment starting from the station door.

The driver, high perched, and blinded by the thick steaming mist that lay like a veil over all things, saw nothing of what had happened, and really thought the young man drunk or mad when he stopped his plunging horses with a jerk that nearly flung him from his seat.

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She was returning from a brief seaside engagement on the momentous evening of her first meeting with Vance, having taken Jenny with her, thinking that the fresh salt breeze might benefit the delicate town-bred child.

"But for you Mr. Singleton, that journey would have had a terrible ending," Mrs. Clare declared one day for the twentieth time, pressing her handkerchief to her eyes; "but for you we should have lost the very light of our existence."

Vance felt as stupid as a man always does feel when he is desperately overpraised for a thing that cost him little or no exertion, and wished he could think of some civil way of "cutting her short." The rather gloomy-looking "light of her existence" came to his assistance by announcing that Nettie had just turned into the street. It was pretty to see howthe worn, unchildlike face brightened, and how furiously the fair head nodded its greeting.

Eveey incident of that by-gone time, of their first meeting, and the quiet fashion in which his chance acquaintance with the Clares had cemented itself into a steady friendship, passed before Vance Singleton as he meditated over Nettie's proposition.

After all, why should he not try the life she led—at least for a while? He was not troubled with shyness; he had a good memory and a strong voice. His young Mentor assured him that these were the only absolutely necessary qualifications for a stage career. There were prizes, she assured him, in this queer profession, and in every other he seemed to draw a hopeless blank. Well—he drew himself together with sudden resolution —*coute que coute*, he would try this.

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He swore savagely at first; but, when he saw Vance pick up the unconscious child, his ruddy face grew almost pale.

"Lor' save us! I have not killed her?" he asked, in a husky whisper; and, though Mr. Singleton knew that the horses' hoofs had not even touched the yellow tresses, he could not with any degree of certainty say that the child still lived. She lay like a dead thing in his strong arms, so white and cold and still.

However, she did not die; nor in two or three days' time was she any the worse for the accident, though it was and will always remain a marvel to Vance that the mother and sister did not expire of sheer fright. Jenny Clare was not an attractive child from an outsider's point of view, being peevish and exacting even beyond the privilege of a confirmed invalid; but she was just the light of life to those two lonely women.

Their gratitude for the service rendered them was painfully earnest and sincere, and Vance grew to hate the subject of Jenny's rescue, and half made up his mind to see no more of the people who made so much of a bit of cheap heroism but it was easier to form the resolution than to keep it, as he soon found out, and most afternoons found him listening to Mrs. Clare's gentle chatter, Jenny's querulous complaints, or the shrewd laughing philosophy of Nettie herself.

He did not understand the fascination that shabby London lodging had for him nor how he came to listen with such exhaustless interest to Mrs. Clare's oftentimes long and rambling anecdotes of their strange and chequered existence, to bear so patiently with Jenny's whims, to feel that all his troubles and vexations of some civil way of "cutting her short." The rather gloomy-looking "light of her existence" came to his assistance by announcing that Nettie had just turned into the street. It was pretty to see howthe worn, unchildlike face brightened, and how furiously the fair head nodded its greeting.

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Nettie was delighted when he told her his determination, and Mrs. Clare admitted, after some slight demur, that she thought the choice a wise one. They both agreed that, until he had achieved at least some measure of success, it would be well to say nothing at home of the bold step he had taken.

"People are so prejudiced," Nettie said, with a sage shake of her crisp brown curls and a little scornful pout of her cherry-red lips that made her look very like a naughty defiant child and more bewitchingly pretty than ever.

"And very wise and good people too, dear," her mother interposed, in mild correction. "Your own father, I fear——" Her voice faltered, and she bent her head a little to hide the dimness of her eyes, Vance thought; but, before either of them could speak, she went on quickly, "I think Mr. Singleton is quite right, Nettie; prejudice apart, it will be a much easier and pleasanter thing to say, 'I have succeeded in my profession; look at the solid results!' than merely to mention that he intends to adopt a mode of life utterly unknown to them, and held by their world in very slight esteem."

"Exactly so," the young man agreed, with grateful eagerness—it was delightful to have his own vague floating ideas so charmingly put. "And, if I make an utter failure, it will be so much easier and pleasanter not to mention it at all."

"Ah, but you will not fail!" Nettie said, with consoling decision; and so the bond was signed and sealed, and the most important step in Vance Singleton's life was finally taken.

After this, he was very little at Nettleton until the end came. He had never really worked at anything before; but under Mrs. Clare and Nettie's instruc-

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CHAPTER XVI.

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tions he worked like a Trojan. Perhaps to the uninitiated it may seem that the life for which he was preparing was such more child's-play that his exertions were superfluous and unnecesasry. Never was greater mistake made. Unflagging exertion, inexhaustible patience, and an attention that never wandered from his task—all these his instructresses exacted, and all these he tried to give, with the satisfactory result of pleasing them at last.

"A short country engagement, and then for town and fame!" Nettie said, with real triumph in her tone; while Mrs. Clare added, as her quota of the reward of merit—

"And then you can reveal your secret and astonish the family circle at home."

Vance shuddered a little at the closing words, which were by no means so pleasant as poor Mrs. Clare thought. In his mind's eye the young fellow saw a grotesquely horrible picture of the consternation produced by his words—Captain Bruce's gray pallor, Cristine's icy disgust, his mother's ready tears and wail over the disgrace he had brought upon them all. He could not even count on Nora's sympathy, for, since Arthur Beaupre's death, Nora had grown not hard, but cold and strange and apathetic, so that nothing seemed to rouse or interest her.

When he reached home that night, he fully expected to be questioned as to his long absence, badgered, suspected, and rendered generally uncomfortable: but, for once, no one seemed even to know that he had been away. One absorbing interest pervaded the whole house and swallowed up all other considerations. Lord de Gretton had proposed to Nora, and had been accepted. Vance could hardly believe his ears when, almost before he had time to remove his overcoat or exchange a greeting word with her, his mother told him, in tones that literally trembled with excess of joy and pride, what she called "the great and glorious news."

He stared at her for a second or so; her flushed face, her sparkling eyes, the feverish excitement of her whole manner, forebade the idea that she was simply jesting; and yet, if it were not a joke, what was it?

"How stupid you are, Vance!" she said sharply. "It is well I prepared you. I hope you will be readier with your congratulations to the future Lady de Gretton."

"Lord de Gretton!" Vance repeated slowly—and for once he looked exceedingly stupid; for he could not collect his wandering wits or take in the strange idea at all. "Lord de Gretton! Why, he is as old as the governor, and as wicked as——"

"For shame, Vance!" she interrupted,

ing of his step-sister in the weeks preceding her marriage.

His intense instinctive dislike to Lord de Gretton made him very unwilling to cross the threshold of the fine South Kensington house that, though nominally taken by Captain Bruce, he knew was provided by the bridegroom-elect. Moreover, it hurt him to see Arthur Beaupre's promised wife by this new lover's side—for, despite his reckless ways, Vance Singleton was strangely loyal at heart.

And he had plenty to occupy him at that time. The modest engagement of which Nettie spoke had been secured, and, despite the unaccountable nervousness that came upon him at the last moment, his first appearance had been a decided success, and the easily-elated youg fellow was filled with glowing hopes for the future, hopes that were not wholly concerned with his professional advancement.

He had played with fire, never dreaming of the result, and suddenly he found that he was scorched. He had congratulated himself on his firm friendship with Miss Clare, and found quite suddenly that he was desperately in love.

The shock dazzled him. Their relations had been anything but sentimental. Nettie had been the hard task-mistress, the sage adviser. He had seen her flirt openly with others. Never had she flirted with him; and yet——

It was on the night of his successful *debut* that he knew his fate. His heart beat with disagreeable quickness as he glanced across the room and saw the bright little creature chatting and laughing with a tall good-looking man in evening dress. He was the critic of a powerful daily newspaper, Vance afterwards knew, and had come round behind the scenes to congratulate her on her great success.

Vance thought he might have paid his compliments with less enthusiasm and warmth, and felt the strongest possible inclination "to punch his straw-colored head." But unluckily he could hit upon no pretence for interfering, so he had to content himself with retiring into the remotest corner of the green-room, and scowling at the unconscious Nettie across the parti-colored and ever-shifting crowd.

That is, he thought her unconscious then, for the brilliant hazel eyes never once wandered in his direction, and the girl's whole attention seemed given to her companion's silver speech. But afterwards, when the piece was over and the loungers were gone, when the two young people were walking home through the gas-lighted thoroughfares and quieter moonlit streets that led to her mother's lodgings—when they two were alone together, he found out his mistake.

They walked on in unusual silence for a little time—she because the coolness of the spring air refreshed and revived her

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"For shame, Vance!" she interrupted, with an angry frown. "A man should scorn to repeat the gossip of the scandalmongers. Lord de Gretton is a gentleman in the best sense of the word. And, as for the slight disparity of years between them, dear Nora is too sensible a girl not to see that that only enchances the compliment he pays her. It is on the right side, and makes him in every way her superior, as her lord and master should be."

"And Arthur Beaupre—has she forgotten him?" the young man ventured, when at last, for lack, not of words, but breath, Mrs. Bruce came to an abrupt pause.

"Forgotten him? No. But she cannot wail out her life besides his grave. Don't be so ridiculously sentimental, Vance. I cannot argue with a person so absurd."

Vance was not sorry to drop the subject. If Nora's had not been real love and real heart-grief, then woman's tears were worth nothing, and women themselves worth little more. And somehow he was specially unwilling to think ill of women just then. If Nora had forgotten her brave young lover and consoled herself with a battered coronet so cruelly soon, why, Nettie Clare might be less frank and honest than she seemed!

The reflection irrevelant and illogical as it was, vexed and irritated him. He met Nora coldly, and proffered his congratulation with an ill grace that seriously annoyed his mother and delighted Cristine, who was boiling over with spite and envy, and credited him with a full share of her own agreeable feelings.

Nora however did not seem to heed his displeasure. Just as he left her he found her, coldly composed, apathetic, and indifferent, The only change was in the great diamond ring that glittered on her little finger, and the extreme deference and attention with which she was now treated.

When he made the bridegroom's acquaintance, Vance set him down in rough and ready fashion as a supercilious snob, desperately in love with Nora, and prepared for her sake to extend a haughty toleration to all connected with her, even at first to him, though he was unmistakeably the bitterest pill of all. And he hardly wondered at that, for he hated the sight of his lean gray face and cruel crafty eyes, hated the thought that he would take poor Arthur's place; and so he made himself offensive to him of malice prepense. And Lord de Gretton returned once wandered in his direction, and the girl's whole attention seemed given to her companion's silver speech. But afterwards, when the piece was over and the loungers were gone, when the two young people were walking home through the gas-lighted thoroughfares and quieter moonlit streets that led to her mother's lodgings—when they two were alone together, he found out his mistake.

They walked on in unusual silence for a little time—she because the coolness of the spring air refreshed and revived her after the heated atmosphere of the theatre, and she thought only of breathing it freely; he because an unusual shyness and a somewhat sulky dignity oppressed him. Vance was angry with her, yet so fully conscious that his anger was unfounded and absurd that he did not dare to speak it.

Suddenly Nettie broke the stupid silence with a merry little laugh.

"Do you know you did very well to-night, Vance?" They had long dropped all titles of ceremony in their easy friendly intercourse. "Mr. Burgoyne was inquiring quite anxiously about you."

"Mr. Burgoyne was very kind," Vance snarled.

"Oh, Vance, how ungracious you are," Nettie said quickly, "and"—with the little air of prudent foresight that sat with such charming quaintnesss on the small girl-face—"how imprudent also. Don't you know that Mr. Burgoyne is not only a critic, but an author? He writes comedies with modern gentleman heroes. Only think, Vance"—opening the big hazel eyes delightedly—"what a chance for you? I am quite sure, when he was talking to me to-night, and you were scowling like a demon at the unfortunate young man, that he was thinking how he could secure you for his new piece."

The innocent pleading tone, the unconscious revelation of her words, went straight to Vance Singleton's heart, thrilling it through and through with the absurdest estacy.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

How to Reduce One's Weight

A woman weighing 200 pounds called on a physician for advice. He gave her the following instructions:—

1. For breakfast eat a piece of beef or mutton as large as your hand, with a slice of bread twice as large. For dinner the same amouut of meat, or, if preferred, fish or poultry, with the same amonnt of farinaceous or vegetable food in the form of bread or potato. For supper, nothing.

2. Drink only when greatly annoyed with thirst; then a mouthful of lemonade without sugar.

3. Take three times a week some form of bath in which there shall be immense perspiration. The Turkish bath is best. You must work, either in walking or some other way, several hours a day.

4. You must rise early in the morning

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Vance understood him, Mrs. Bruce, and Cristine well enough; but Nora puzzled him sorely. If she had frankly shown any pleasure in the costly gifts Lord de Gretton heaped upon her, or any interest in the brilliant future opening out before her, he would simply have scorned and forgotten her. Had she made any struggle to escape her quickly-coming doom, he would have helped her as far as in him lay. But she did neither. The gifts moved her to no more interest or gratitude than an idol shows when such are laid upon his shrine, and she gave no sign of shrinking even when they fixed the wedding-day. Afterwards he knew that he at least should have heeded the warning thus given, and saved the desperate girl from the horror to come—should have known that that terrible calm foreboded as terrible a storm. But he was as blind as the rest, and, like those she had loved and trusted less, he left her to her fate.

CHAPTER XVI.

It was part of the miserable fatality that cut Nora off from all hope and help at that time that Vance saw next to nothing with such charming quaintness on the small girl-face—"how imprudent also. Don't you know that Mr. Burgoyne is not only a critic, but an author? He writes comedies with modern gentleman heroes. Only think, Vance"—opening the big hazel eyes delightedly—"what a chance for you? I am quite sure, when he was talking to me to-night, and you were scowling like a demon at the unfortunate young man, that he was thinking how he could secure you for his new piece."

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2. Drink only when greatly annoyed with thirst; then a mouthful of lemonade without sugar.

3. Take three times a week some form of bath in which there shall be immense perspiration. The Turkish bath is best. You must work, either in walking or some other way, several hours a day.

4. You must rise early in the morning and retire late at night. Much sleep fattens people.

5. The terrible corset you have on, which compresses the centre of the body, making you look a good deal fatter than you really are, must be taken off, and you must have a corset which any dressmaker can fit to you—a corset for the lower part of the abdomen—which will raise this great mass and support it.

She followed the advice for six months and trained herself down to 152 pounds.

A reporter asked a Chinaman if he expected to marry. The wicked heathen made answer: "Me mallee? No, sir. Mallee no funee; blette funnee single man, alle same Melican man."

A little 6-year-old witness at court proved her right to be sworn by saying that she went "regularly to church and Sunday school and once to a church fair."

"Dear me!" cried Mrs. Blossom, as she laid down the paper, "it does seem to me as if state militia fellows are always in trouble. Here's an account of a recent inspection where the company turned out fifty-three men. Too bad, ain't it?"

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AGRICULTURAL.

Economical Paint.

A paint for floors, which economizes the use of oil colors and varnish, is described at much length in the *Builder*, as a recent German invention. For flooring, two and one-eighth ounces of good, clear, joiners' glue is soaked over night in cold water, and, when dissolved, is added, while being stirred, to thickish milk of lime, heated to the boiling point, and prepared from one pound of quick lime. Into boiling lime is poured—the stirring being continued—as much linseed oil as becomes united, by means of saponification, with the lime, and when the oil no longer mixes there is no more poured in. If there happens to be to much oil added, it must be combined by the addition of some fresh lime paste—about half a pound of oil for the quantity of lime just named. After this white, thickish, foundation paint has cooled, a color is added which is not affected by lime, and, in case of need, the paint is diluted with water, or by the addition of a mixture of lime water with some linseed oil. The substance penetrates into the wood and renders it water-resisting.

New Rope Material.

The manufacture of rope from asbestos is, it would seem, likely to become an industry of considerable importance, being already produced as a commercial commodity in England, the strength of the article being estimated at about one-fourth that of ordinary hemp rope of the same diameter. Rope of this material, of one and a half inch in diameter, is stated to have a breaking strength of one ton, and twenty feet of it are calculated to represent a weight of thirteen and one-fourth pounds. Some of the purposes, as enumerated, to which this kind of rope is especially adapted are theatres, fire brigades, and ready means of escape from dwellings and public buildings—its advantage in this connection being that it will not break and drop its burden if the flame bears upon it. It is made like ordinary rope, and is spun from Italian asbestos thread.

A Winter Garden.

A correspondent of an English contemporary, speaking of the great variety and number of evergreen trees and shrubs cultivated in England, says: "One might make a very beautiful winter garden, full of warmth and color, even without flowers." This is true, not only in England, but in the United States, and it is a pity that so few farmers and others having room for growing trees about their homes ever think of the winter appearance of

A SHOCKING TRAGEDY.

Diabolical Work of a Band of Armed Men in Hot Springs, Arkansas.

A terrible tragedy was recently enacted at Hot Springs, Ark. Three brothers, Frank, Jack, and William Flynn, were proceeding home in a hack, when a party of seven men, armed with double-barreled shot-guns and Winchesters, stepped out from the door of a saloon and opened fire. The Flynns were armed, but the attack was unexpected. Jack Flynn was shot through the forehead by a ball from a Winchester rifle, and died in a few minutes. William Flynn was shot through the breast with a Winchester, and is probably fatally injured. Frank Flynn received a shot through the hand, inflicting a slight wound. Frank Hall, the driver of the hack, was shot through the back of the neck, and died an hour afterward. Robert Hargreave, a bystander, was shot through the breast, and will probably die. J. H. Craig, a prominent lumberman, received a charge of buckshot through the back; his condition is considered precarious.

The difficulty originated some weeks ago, on account of Frank Flynn endeavoring to prevent Doran from opening a gambling-house. It culminated at the time in Doran making a cowardly attempt to assassinate him, failing in which he fled the city, and returned secretly a few nights ago. Flynn was unaware of his presence in the city till the fatal volley was fired on him.

Intense excitement prevails, and there are strong threats of mobbing the prisoners. The seven men were arrested, and are now in jail. They are S. Doran, two Priutt brothers, Howell, and three others.

The citizens are loud in condemnation of the murderous and cowardly act. Judge Wood has been telegraphed to by leading citizens requesting him to adjourn court at Malvern and return here and hold a special session to try the murderers. If he consents, the law will probably be allowed to take its course. If he does not, the citizens boldly threaten to burn the jail and hang the prisoners.

Some two years ago Frank Flynn, James Lane, Charles Watson, and Louis Goodman were engagod as partners in a gambling-house. Dissensions arose, and the firm was dissolved. Lane continued the business, while Flynn and Goodman opened a rival house. Lane, jealous of its growing popularity, began to circulate rumors affecting its character. Flynn remonstrated with him and threated to break him up unless he ceased. Lane, however, continued to circulate his reports until Flynn and Goodman closed their house. Flynn then took steps to clese Lane's house, and succeeded so well as to financially ruin him. Lane left the

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Vitality of Seeds.

The seeds of some kinds of plants doubtless retain their vitality for many years, especially when buried in the earth beyond the ever varying temperature of its surface. But that there are any seeds which will remain sound for two or three thousand years under any conditions, as is often claimed for the so-called mummy wheat, there is at least much room for doubt, and there is no proof that any such long preserved grain was ever made to germinate. We often hear of strange plants springing up from soil dug out of excavations for railroads or canals, or out of cellars, but we do not know of a single instance of what some persons have been disposed to consider spontaneous generation, and others the sprouting of long buried seeds, in which the plants appearing under such conditions did not belong to some species common in the neighborhood. A few years ago Dr. H. Hoffman, of Germany conducted a series of experiments to determine whether there were any seeds in soil or earth taken from excavations made ten or more feet deep in an old and long settled country, but he utterly failed to find any; hence we must conclude that the idea of seed retaining their vitality for hundreds of years under any conditions whatever is not supported by facts.

The White Elephant.

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SOLEMN SMILES,

A New York pastor preached the other Sunday on "The Shameless Age." It was probably a hit at some of the 60-year-old ballet dancers.

An exchange says that Noah was the first pitcher on record, He "pitched the ark within and without." The game was finally called on account of the rain.

A western woman prayed for money and found it. As though this was a miracle! We know of several eastern men who have prayed for money and found it.

And now it is proposed to tax the game of poker. It is supposed that the move

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The most recent authority on white elephants, Mr. Carl Bock, tells us that the sanctity of a white elephant dates from the earliest period of Buddhist history. One of the proudest titles of the King of Siam is "Lord of the White Elephant." Not very long ago a real white elephant, who excelled all his fellows in beauty, was brought into Bangkok with all the pomp and ceremony of an emperor. According to Mr. Bock, he was quite an albino, the whole body being of a pale reddish-brown color, with a few white hairs on the back. The iris of the eye, the color of which is held to be a good test of an albino, was a pale Naples yellow. He was blessed and baptized in the presence of the King and the nobility. One of the high priests presented him with a piece of sugar cane, on which was written the elephant's name in full, and which he very readily ate. The following is a translation of his description, painted on a red tablet, hung over one of the pillars of his stall: "An elephant of beautiful color; hair, nails, and eyes are white. Perfection in form, with all signs of regularity of the high family. The color of the skin is that of lotus. A descendant of the angels of the Brahmins. Acquired as property by the power and glory of the King for his service. Is equal to the crystal of the highest value. Is of the highest family of all in existence. A source of power of attraction of rain. It is as pure as the purest crystal of the highest value in the world." The

ures, endeavored to suppress it. A few days afterward Doran met Flynn, and without a word drew a pistol and began to shoot. Flynn's right arm was crippled, and he retreated to a neighboring store. An officer interfered and both parties were arrested. Subsequently Flynn was placed under a peace bond of $5,000. Doran left the city and returned surreptitiously Tuesday, accompanied by two or three companions. His presence has been kept concealed. Flynn was unaware of his presence until the fatal volley was poured in. As soon as the hack was fired into, Frank and William Flynn jumped from the vehicle, and opened fire on their assailants, but without affect. The names of the prisoners now confined in jail are S. A. Doran, David and Robert Pruitt, Harry Lanning, Ed. Howell, J. Lucius, and John Allison. The excitement is still intense.

SOLEMN SMILES,

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An exchange says that Noah was the first pitcher on record, He "pitched the ark within and without." The game was finally called on account of the rain.

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udent foresight that sat
arming quaintnesss on the
—"how imprudent also.
w that Mr. Burgoyne is not
ut an author? He writes
modern gentleman heroes.
Vance"—opening the big
lightedly—"what a chance
m quite sure, when he was
e to-night, and you were
demon at the unfortunate
at he was thinking how he
ou for his new piece."
t pleading tone, the uncon-
ion of her words, went
Vance Singleton's heart,
ough and through with the
y.

BE CONTINUED.)

Reduce One's Weight

eighing 200 pounds called
for advice. He gave her
instructions:—

kfast eat a piece of beef or
ge as your hand, with a
wice as large. For dinner
ut of meat, or, if preferred,
, with the same amonnt of
vegetable food in the form
potato. For supper, no-

ly when greatly annoyed
en a mouthful of lemonade

ee times a week some form
ich there shall be immense
The Turkish bath is best.
k, either in walking or some
eral hours a day.
t rise early in the morning
at night. Much sleep fat-

ible corset you have on,
ses the centre of the body,
ook a good deal fatter than
, must be taken off, and
a corset which any dress-
to you—a corset for the
the abdomen—which will
mass and support it.
l the advice for six months
erself down to 152 pounds.

sked a Chinaman if he ex
ry. The wicked heathen
: "Me mallee? No, sir.
nee; blette funnee single
Melican man."

ear-old witness at court
ght to be sworn by saying
"regularly to church and
and once to a church fair."

" cried Mrs. Blossom, as
the paper, "it does seem
tate militia fellows are al-
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The flowers are God's undertones of encouragement to the children of earth.

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A little boy at a presbytery examination was asked: "What is the meaning of regeneration?" "Oh, to be born again," he replied. "Quite right, Tommy; you're a very good boy. Would you not like to be born again?" Tommy hesitated, but on being pressed for an answer, said: "No." "Why, Tommy?" "For fear I might be born a lassie!" he replied.

SIGHTS IN HONG KONG.

Frightful Dissipation of the British Sailors—Never-Ceasing Revelry.

One of the first things I noticed upon landing in Hong-Kong was the dissipation which is always going on. At first I thought some celebration must be in progress, but upon making enquiries I was assured that such was not the case.

"It is always so," said a citizen. "Every day a certain number of sailors are allowed to come on shore, and they avail themselves fully of this privilege. As there are some two thousand of these sailors at present on board the men of war in Hong Kong harbor, this city is quite lively most of the time. It is the men aboard these war-ships who get the wildest, for the enforced idleness of their life breeds recklessness when once they getas hore.

These sailors are beardless young fellows for the most part, and though they have a swaggering and tyrannical mien, I should not think that they would impress the Chinese as very formidable. Walking about the streets last evening in company with a citizen, I saw literally hundreds of these sailors, crowding the saloons so thick that you could not see the counter. Outside of the saloon the street would be packed with rickishas, for a sailor gravitates toward a richisha the first thing upon coming ashore. He does not have to gravitate far, for the Chinese runners almost attempt the perilous feat of walking on the water in their eagerness to meet the sailors half-way.

Soon after landing the sailors gravitate toward a saloon, and numbers breeding reckless jollity, it is not long before they cease to be free moral agents. Then they curse and beat their rickisha men, and ride about with scarce any cognizance of whither they are being carried. As I have before intimated, I am implacably opposed to the Chinese ; yet my indignation was kindled in their behalf at first when I witnossed the brutality with which they are treated by these sailors. But my commiseration was dissipated when my friend said :

"Don't pity them. John Chinaman is under now, but he will be on top pretty soon. Wait till the sailors get stupidly drunk, and they will be ignominiously dumped out by the wayside, while these long-suffering 'heathen Chinese' will proceed complacently to go through their pockets. Don't misplace your pity."

"Don't the English make any effort to check this evil?"

"Oh no, it is so common that they don't care to interfere. Once in a while, when a man gets to smashing things too generally and eudangering people's lives, he will be locked up until he gets sober. But so long as they only injure themselves, no matter if they do break the

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Summary of Foreign, Domestic, and War Items.

UNITED STATES.

Twenty-nine constitutional amendments have been introduced during the present session of Congress.

The United States Senate has passed a bill appropriating $1,000,000 to continue the Mississippi River Improvements.

The Pension Appropriation bill makes available for the year ending June 30 next $80,000,000, or $25,000,000 less than was asked for.

Mrs. Valeria G. Stone, who gave away a large fortune to educational and religious institutions, died at her home in Malden recently.

It is said that fourteen thousand men are now at work upon the Panama Canal. The dry season has set in, and hopes are entertained that much progress will be made this year.

The charge against a California Judge is of frivolity, and the specification is that he puts his hair in papers every night, woman fashion, to make it curl when he is on the bench next day.

The Congressional public lands committee has unanimously agree to recommend the forfeiture of about 14,000,000 acres of land granted to the Texas Pacific Railroad in New Mexico and Arizona.

The Kentucky whiskey manufactureres have agreed to reduce the production of whiskey, for the year 1884, to two-thirds of the average of the past two years. There will, however, be enough to go round.

Secretary Folger has already redeemed nearly thiry millions of the 3½ per cents included in the 121st call, which leaves only $911,000 of these bonds outstanding. There are about $255,000,000 of the three per cent bonds uncalled and outstanding, in addition to the bonds embraced in the 125th call, which was issued last Saturday for $10,000,000 more.

Dwellers in the valley of the Connecticut River declare that river and its tributaries have dried up before their very eyes, the general run of the streams being but a fraction of what it was forty years ago, while the spring freshets are at least as great as they ever were. This is doubtless due to the cutting off the forests in Vermont and New Hampshire.

The United States geological surveying party last season discovered several more deserted cave and cliff cities in Arizona, differing in some respects from any before examined. The most remarkable was a village of sixty-five underground dwellings, situated near the summit of one of the volcanic foothills of the San Francisco Mountains, in the San Juan

A SCOTCHMAN'S GOOD

Falling Heir to a Small Fo in Destitute Circumst

Among the passengers by t line steamer *British Prince*, a young Scotchman named derson, who, after two yea tudes in this country, retu claim an estate left him by amounting to about $30,000. of Anderson's experience, as a *Philadelphia Times* reporte lows : At the time the tidi him he was absolutely penni a place to lay his head, hun naked. He secured the me home from a charitable gentl city, who declines to have hi tioned. Anderson, who is 26 left his home, near Inverne about the middle of January father was one of the man wool-growers in that vicinity with one son and one daught a straight-laced Scotch Presl his boy William, becoming restraints put upon him and of the work among his fathe solved to start out and see t himself. He made his way on board of a sailing ves there, he says, with £50 in good portion of which had be by his sister, to whom he his intention of seeking h America. He came to this c first outgoing steamer, a about New York for a whi deavoring to secure work. had employment with a truc Bedloe, who has stables ne house, but his fondness foi S soon caused him to lose his drifted into a furnitu Eighteenth street, where ployed as a porter. Whi wrote to his sister, giving but soon after that he went for more than a year engage sheep in Colorado. Becon this work, he made his way cago, where he went from working at odd times, drink spending many nights in house. There he was take typhoid fever, and while i the Scotch benevolent socie itself in his behalf, and on secured transportation for York, Anderson having exp to return. On his way east low-country man who had fr adelphia, and being of a s mind stopped there. He ticket, spent what little m lost track of his chance and was soon in a deplora poverty again. He landed

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I notice that very frequently, almost always, the sailors will give the order, "Go to the Temperance hall," when they are well under the "influence," and there sleep off their booze. By the way, curious though the statement may seem, the manager of the Hong Kong institution is getting to be a confirmed sot. He has been inebriated now for a full week. The moral sentiment that will tolerate such a thing puzzles me.

Despite all the abuses to which they are subjected, however, these temperance halls of the Orient are institutions, and really do a great deal of good. They may be found in Shenehai, Honk Kong, Singapore, Madras, Bombay, Calcutta, Yokehama, Kobe, and, for aught I know, in all the cities of the far east. For $1.25 a day sailors and travellers who want to economize are entertained in first class style, and at the end of the year the citizens make up the deficit in running expenses.

A Dangerous Quarter of London.

A gentleman writes to the London *Times* :—"On the 3rd of last month, at about 6 o'clock, as I was returning home from my office at Whitehall, and had just passed a small alley in High Street, St. Giles,' half-way between St. Giles' church and Tottenham Court road, a fellow coming toward me, snatched my watch-chain (an Albert) and ran down an alley. I instantly turned round, and followed him down the alley, calling out, 'Stop thief.' Two young fellows were coming down the alley toward the thief and myself, and might have stoppod him at once, but they made room for him to pass, and then

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A convict who escaped from the Louisiana State prison walked hard all night, and by daylight was forty miles away. Fearing detection by his striped garb, he went boldly into a negro farmhouse, told the owner that he was a circus performer disabled by rheumatism, and offered to swap the costume for any old suit of ordinary clothes. The bargain was made, and the runaway continued his flight in safety.

CANADIAN.

The Prince Edward Island fish merchants are again endeavoring to secure recompense for the Dominion Government for losses sustained through the operation of the Treaty of Washington.

A vote was taken to repeal the Scott Act in Prince County, Prince Edward Island, where it has been in force for the last three or four years. The Act was sustained by a majority vote of over 1,700.

A Minneapolis paper says : President Arthur and two or three of his colleagues own land in the County of Essex, Ontario. What do our Cannuck friends think of this? Will they frustrate this outrageously outrageous annexation scheme?

Bruin as a Fisherman.

I came suddenly upon a very large bear in a thick swamp, lying upon a large hollow log accross a brook fishing, and he was so much interested in his sport that he did not notice me until I had approached very near him, so that I could see exactly how he baited his hook and played his fish. He fished in this wise. There was a large hole through the log on which he lay, and he thrust his forearm through the hole and held his open paw in the

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The "White Lady.

The German emperor is suf a slight cold, which has cause ponement of some festiviti would be nothing remarkable incident, were it not that it been associated with the rece ance of the famous white lady pearance in the royal castle a regarded as a portent of misfor erally death—to some memb house of Hohenzollern. A cold, accompanied by slight is just enough to save the lady a true prophet. Her last appe upon a more serious errand. of the death of Prince Waldem spring of 1879, a sentinel a

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The blowing down of an oak near Washington, Ga., revealad a little heap of gold and jewels, diamonds, rubies, and pearls, said to be worth $20,000. It is supposed that they are part of the treasure lost by members of the Confederate Cabinet.

"I would like to get this young man on the stage," said Mrs. De Splurge, presenting her son to a theatrical manager, who was wearied of applicants for histrionic honors. "Very sorry, madam, but the stage has just gone by; however, there's a horse-car coming around the corner, and you can put the lad on it, presently."

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They all Knew How.

I took a large spider from his web under the basement of a mill, put him on a chip, and set him afloat on the quiet waters of the pond. He walked all about the sides of his bark, surveying the situation very carefully, and when the fact that he was really afloat and about a yard from shore seemed to be fully comprehended, he prospected for the nearest point of land. This point fairly settled upon, he immediately began to cast a web for it. He threw it as far as possible in the air and with the wind. It soon reached the shore, and made fast to the spires of grass. Then he turned himself about, and in true sailor fashion began to haul in hand over hand on his cable. Carefully he drew upon it until his bark began to move toward the shore. As it moved the faster he the faster drew upon it to keep his hawser taut and from touching the water. Very soon he reached the shore, and quickly leaping to terra firma he sped his way homeward. Thinking then that he might be a special expert, and an exception in that line of boatmanship to the rest of his companions, I tried several of them, and they all came to shore in like manner.

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A SCOTCHMAN'S GOOD FORTUNE.

Falling Heir to a Small Fortune When in Destitute Circumstances.

Among the passengers by the American line steamer *British Prince*, recently, was a young Scotchman named William Anderson, who, after two years of vicissitudes in this country, returns home to claim an estate left him by his father, amounting to about $30,000. The story of Anderson's experience, as he told it to a *Philadelphia Times* reporter, is as follows: At the time the tidings reached him he was absolutely penniless, without a place to lay his head, hungry and half-naked. He secured the means to return home from a charitable gentleman of this city, who declines to have his name mentioned. Anderson, who is 26 years of age, left his home, near Inverness, Scotland, about the middle of January, 1882. His father was one of the many prosperous wool-growers in that vicinity, a widower with one son and one daughter. He was a straight-laced Scotch Presbyterian, and his boy William, becoming tired of the restraints put upon him and the drudgery of the work among his father'r flocks, resolved to start out and see the world for himself. He made his way to Liverpool on board of a sailing vessel, arriving there, he says, with £50 in his pocket, a good portion of which had been given him by his sister, to whom he had confided his intention of seeking his fortune in America. He came to this country by the first outgoing steamer, and knocked about New York for a while, vainly endeavoring to secure work. For a time he had employment with a truckman named Bedloe, who has stables near the Bible house, but his fondness foi Scotch whisky soon caused him to lose his place, and he drifted into a furniture-house on Eighteenth street, where he was employed as a porter. While there he wrote to his sister, giving his address, but soon after that he went west, and was for more than a year engaged in herding sheep in Colorado. Becoming tired of this work, he made his way back to Chicago, where he went from bad to worse, working at odd times, drinking hard, and spending many nights in the station-house. There he was taken ill with the typhoid fever, and while in the hospital the Scotch benevolent society interested itself in his behalf, and on his recovery secured transportation for him to New York, Anderson having expressed a wish to return. On his way east he met a fellow-country man who had friends in Philadelphia, and being of a social turn of mind stopped there. He mislaid his ticket, spent what little money he had, lost track of his chance acquaintance, and was soon in a deplorable state of

A MODERN RESURRECTION.

A Miracle that Took Place in our Midst Unknown to the Public—The Details in Full.

(Detroit Free Press.)

One of the most remarkable occurrences ever given to the public, which took place here in our midst, has just come to our knowledge and will undoubtedly awaken as much surprise and attract as great attention as it has already in newspaper circles. The facts are, briefly, as follows: Mr. William A. Crombie, a young man formerly residing at Birmingham, a suburb of Detroit, and now living at 287 Michigan Avenue in this city, can truthfully say that he has looked into the future world and yet returned to this. A representative of this paper has interviewed him upon this important subject and his experiences are given to the public for the first time. He said:

"I had been having most peculiar sensations for a long while. My head felt dull and heavy; my eyesight did not seem so clear as formerly; my appetite was uncertain and I was unaccountably tired. It was an effort to rise in the morning and yet I could not sleep at night. My mouth tasted badly, I had a faint all gone sensation in the pit of my stomach that food did not satisfy, while my hands and feet felt cold and clammy. I was nervous and irritable, and lost all enthusiasm. At times my head would seem to whirl and my heart palpitated terribly. I had no energy, no ambition, and I seemed indifferent of the present and thoughtless for the future. I tried to shake the feeling off and persuade myself it was simply a cold or a little malaria. But it would not go. I was determined not to give up, and so time passed along and all the while I was getting worse. It was about this time that I noticed I had begun to bloat fearfully. My limbs were swollen so that by pressing my fingers upon them deep depressions would be made. My face also began to enlarge, and continued to until I could scarcely see out of my eyes. One of my friends, describing my appearance at that time, said: "*It* is an animated *something*, but I should like to know what." In this condition I passed several weeks of the greatest agony.

"Finally, one Saturday night, the misery culminated. Nature could endure no more. I became irrational and apparently insensible. Cold sweat gathered on my forehead: my eyes became glazed and my throat rattled. I seemed to be in another sphere and with other surroundings. I knew nothing of what occurred around me, although I have since learned it was considered as death by those who stood by. It was to me a quiet state, and yet one of great agony. I was helpless, hopeless and pain was my only companion. I remember trying to see what was beyond me, but the mist before my eyes was too great. I tried to reason, but I had lost all power. I felt that it was death and realized how terrible it was. At last the strain upon my mind gave way and all was a blank. How long this continued I do not know, but at last I realized the presence

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The "White Lady."

The German emperor is suffering from a slight cold, which has caused the postponement of some festivities. There would be nothing remarkable about the incident, were it not that it has already been associated with the recent appearance of the famous white lady, whose appearance in the royal castle at Berlin is regarded as a portent of misfortune—generally death—to some member of the house of Hohenzollern. An Imperial cold, accompanied by slight hoarseness, is just enough to save the lady's credit as a true prophet. Her last appearance was upon a more serious errand. On the eve of the death of Prince Waldemar, in the spring of 1879, a sentinel at the old castle was so terribly frightened by her that he fled at once to the guard-room, where he was arrested for deserting his post. On that occasion, we believe, the apparition was declared to be that of Princess Bertha von Rosenberg, who had

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"You have had an unusual experience, Mr Crombie," said the writer who had been breathlessly listening to the recital,

"Yes I think I have," was the reply, "and it has been a valuable lesson to me I am certain, though, there are thousands of men and women at this very moment who have the same ailment which came so near killing me, and they do not know it. I believe kidney disease is the most deceptive trouble in the world. It comes like a thief in the night, It has no certain symptoms, but seems to attack each one differently. It is quiet, treacherous, and all the more dangerous. It is killing more people, to-day, than any one other complaint. If I had the power I would warn the entire world against it and urge them to remove it from the system before it is too late."

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Not one person in a million ever comes so near death as did Mr. Crombie and then recover, but the men and women who are drifting toward the same end, are legion. To note the slightest symptoms, to realize their significance and to meet them in time by the remedy which has been shown to be most efficient, is a duty from which there can be no escape. They are fortunate who do this; they are on the sure road to death who neglect it.

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London *Truth* gives currency to the rumor that Lord Lorne will be called up to the House of Lords by one of his father's minor titles shortly after the meeting of Parliament. The object of the Court politics appears to be his early appointment either as Viceroy of India or as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland.

Imitate time. It destroys slowly. It undermines, wears, loosens, separates. It does not uproot.

Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops. The prescription of an old Canadian Practitioner. The best remedy for the Lungs, in large bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

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On the appearance of the first symptoms, as general debility, loss of appetite, pallor, chilly sensations, followed by night-sweats and cough, prompt measures of relief should be taken. Consumption is scrofulous disease of the lungs; therefore use the great anti scrofulous or blood purifier and strength-restorer, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Superior to cod liver oil as a nutritive, and unsurpassed as a pectoral. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, and kindred affections, it has no equal. Sold by druggists. For Dr Pierce's treatise on Consumption send two stamps. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N, Y.

Mr. Madden, of Pike County, Georgia, owns the largest grape vine in the United States, which is eighteen years old, a quarter of a mile long, and thirty-four inches in circumference at its base, and bears five waggon loads of fruit.

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CANADA PLATE—Pen'and other Brands.
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GALVANIZED IRON—"Davies," "Avon, &c
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35 Cts.

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On receipt of only 35c we will mail, post-paid, 34 pieces comprising 48 pages of full size sheet music, bound together in one volume. Names of Vocal pieces:—All on account of Eliza; A Warrior Bold; Tee Country Lad; Nancy Lee; Chorus of Charity Girls; Drummer's Song; The Judge's Song; The Love-Sick Boy; Whoa Emma; Two Bad Men; Man in the Moon; Johnny Morgan; The Gleaners: Torpedo and the Whale; I Saw Her in the Violet Time; Five O'Clock in the Morning; My Love She's but a Lassie Yet; Adieu, Dear Home; Dame Babble; and 15 pieces of Inetrumental Music, comprising new and popular dance music, selections from different Operas, Marches, &c,. &c. All the above and our handsome new Chromo Lithograph in colors of the Lord's Prayer and 10 Commandments, sent post-paid for 35c. As a holiday offer we will also send free 10 Christmas Cares, 50 money making receipts and a pack of Age Cards. Order Quick. You get all the above for 35c. or 5 lots for $1.25; 1 doz. for $2.00. Cut this out and return with order.

JAS. LEE & CO Montreal, P. Q.

old or a little malaria. But it go. I was determined not to give time passed along and all the as getting worse. It was about hat I noticed I had begun to lly. My limbs were swollen so ssing my fingers upon them deep would be made. My face also nlarge, and continued to until I ely see out of my eyes. One of , describing my appearance at aid: "*It* is an animated *some* should like to know what." In on I passed several weeks of the ony.

, one Saturday night, the misery Nature could endure no more. ationaland apparently insensible. gathered on my forehead: my e glazed and my throat rattled. to be in another sphere and with oundings. I knew nothing of red around me, although I have d it was considered as death by tood by. It was to me a quiet yet one of great agony. I was opeless and pain was my only

I remember trying to see what me, but the mist before my eyes at. I tried to reason, but I had wer. I felt that it was death l how terrible it was. At last pon my mind gave way and all . How long this continued I do ut at last I realized the presence and recognized my moth- it it was earth- -ower. I adually regained consciousness, nd the pain lessened. I found nds had, during my unconscious giving me a preparation I had before, and the next day, under e of this treatment, the bloating appear, and from that time on I proved, until to-day I am as well re in my life, have no traces of acute Bright's disease, which so l me, and all through the wonmentality of Warner's Safe Cure that brought me to life after I y in another world."

ve had an unusual experience. e," said the writer who had been listening to the recital,

think I have," was the reply, been a valuable lesson to me , though, there are thousands women at this very moment who ne ailment which came so near nd they do not know it. I be- disease is the most deceptive e world. It comes like a thief

It has no certain symptoms, attack each one differently. It cherous, and all the more dan- is killing more people, to-day, other complaint. If I had the ould warn the entire world d urge them to remove it from efore it is too late."

members of the firm of Whitehell, proprietors of the Birmingc, paid a fraternal visit to this ay, and in the course of conver- rombie's name was mentioned. about his sickness," said the his remarkable recovery. I ary all in type and announced ic that he could not live until

women; for Malaria, and physical troubles generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes ask for **WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.**

For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,

Toronto, Ont., Rochester, N.Y., London, Eng.

In months of sun so live that in months of rain you shall be happy.

ADVICE TO CONSUMPTIVES.

On the appearance of the first symptoms, as general debility, loss of appetite, pallor, chilly sensations, followed by night-sweats and cough, prompt measures of relief should be taken. Consumption is scrofulous disease of the lungs; therefore use the great anti scrofulous or blood purifier and strength-restorer, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Superior to cod liver oil as a nutritive, and unsurpassed as a pectoral. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, and kindred affections, it has no equal. Sold by druggists. For Dr Pierce's treatise on Consumption send two stamps. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. Madden, of Pike County, Georgia, owns the largest grape vine in the United States, which is eighteen years old, a quarter of a mile long, and thirty-four inches in circumference at its base, and bears five waggon loads of fruit.

"SIGH NO MO-
for Dr. P- -URE, LADIES!"
-. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is a prompt and certain remedy for the painful disorders peculiar to your sex. By all druggists.

Honor is like the eye, which cannot suffer the least impurity without damage; it is a precious stone, the price of which is lessened by the least flaw.

WOMAN AND HER DISEASES

is the title of a large illustrated treatise, by Dr. R V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., sent to any address for three stamps. It teaches successful self-treatment.

Is virtue a thing remote? I wish to be virtuous, and lo! virtue is at hand.

Beware of that Cough! it may kill you; cure it at once with Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, it neverfails. Large Bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere

P 105

SEED Find Prices. **JAMES RENNIE.** Giving 500 prizes for weight, &c,

FOR SALE - ONE SET 40 INCH CARDS new; One Crompton Loom 3 box; Two plaib and one drop box stafford, narrow. One wool picker, duster, and custom roll card. All in excellent order. Address E. F. EGLESTON, Ancaster, Ont.

COMMON SENSE STILL TRIUMPHANT. Fiske's "Common sense" Brace. No strain on pants or shoulders. Requires NO BUTTONS on the pants. Sent to any address, by mail, on receipt of price, 75c. FISKE and Co., 277 King St., West, Toronto.

DAKOTA — PARTIES DESIRING INFORMATION relative to free homes, with correct maps, circulars, and reliable facts, free of charge. Apply to HARRY MERCER, Travelling Emigration Agent C. M. and St. P. railway, Chatham, Ont.

BOON TO FARMERS.

Circulars free, of new and most productive varieties known of Seed Grain. Testimonials of 110 bushels per acre of Boyds Egyptian Oats, Samples of 2 oz., 20 cents. JAS BOYD JR, Cedar Grove, Ont.

FOREIGN STAMPS. SEND 3c. FOR circulars and 15 stamps. Agents wanted. Good commision. Circulors free. Address CANADIAN STAMP CO., Montreal, P. Q

DO NOT ALLOW YOUR CHILDREN to grow up deformed or crippled, but call and examine our appliances for the treatment of Club Feet, and Diseases of the Spine, Hips, Knee and Ankles. Pa-

(BEFORE.) (AFTER.)

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

$11.90 —FOR— 35 Cts.

Extraordinary Bargain!

On receipt of only 35c we will mail, post-paid, 34 pieces comprising 48 pages of full-size sheet music, bound together in one volume. Names of Vocal pieces:—All on account of Eliza; A Warrior Bold; Tee Country Lad; Nancy Lee; Chorus of Charity Girls; Drummer's Song; The Judge's Song; The Love-Sick Boy; Whoa Emma; Two Bad Men; Man in the Moon; Johnny Morgan; The Gleaners: Torpedo and the Whale; I Saw Her in the Violet Time; Five O'Clock in the Morning; My Love She's but a Lassie Yet; Adieu, Dear Home; Dame Babble; and 15 pieces of Inetrumental Music, comprising new and popular dance music, selections from different Operas, Marches, &c,. &c. All the above and our handsome new Chromo Lithograph in colors of the Lord's Prayer and 10 Commandments, sent post-paid for 35c. As a holiday offer we will also send free 10 Christmas Cares, 50 money making receipts and a pack of Age Cards. Order Quick. You get all the above for 35c. or 5 lots for $1.25; 1 doz. for $2.00. Cut this out and return with order.

JAS. LEE & CO Montreal, P. Q.

RENNIE'S SELECT Field, Garden AND Flower SEEDS ARE THE BEST

THE HANDSOMEST AND MOST COMPLETE CATALOGUE FOR 1884 FREE TO ALL INTENDING PURCHASERS.

WM. RENNIE, TORONTO.

100 BEAUTIFUL SONGS 15c.

A new collection, embracing a number of the most popular songs of the day. Among them are, We Never Speak as we Pass By;—Over the Garden Wall;—Kerry Dance,—Warrior Bold,—Blue Alsatian Mountains,—Only a Blossom from her Grave,—Three Old Maids of Lee,—Flirting in the Starlight,—Grandmother's Old Easy Chair,—Don't Drink my Boy To-night, and 90 others, comprising Home songs, Comic Songs, Sentimental songs, Children's songs, etc. All are printed on nice paper, and are bound in a book with colored cover. Remember, we send the entire collection of 100 Songs for only 15c., three books for 30c., 1 doz., $1; 1c. or 3c. stamps taken.

J. LEE & CO., Montreal, P.Q.

Dominion Line of Steamships

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months. Sailing dates from

ailment which came so near
they do not know it. I be-
sease is the most deceptive
world. It comes like a thief
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Bartlett, formerly pastor of
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ronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza,
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loosens the phlegm and breaks up
s per Bottle. Don't give up until you
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It destroys slowly. It un-
s, loosens, separates. It does

monary Cough Drops. The prescrip
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large bottles at 50 cents. For sale

and rightly considers his own
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A New Treatment whereby a
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of stamp. A. H. Dixon &
St. West, Toronto, Canada.

use in sweeping a cham
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one drop box stafford, narrow. One wool picker, duster, and custom roll card. All in excellent order. Address E. F. EGLESTON, Ancaster, Ont.

COMMON SENSE STILL TRIUMPHANT. Fiske's "Common sense" Brace, No strain on pants or shoulders. Requires NO BUTTONS on the pants. Sent to any address, by mail, on receipt of price, 75c. FISKE and Co., 277 King St., West, Toronto.

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BOOKS FREE! Send five cents and get a sample copy of TRUTH, the best 28-page Weekly Magazine published. See the big list of books given FREE to each yearly subscriber and club raiser. S. FRANK WILSON, 33 & 35 Adelaide Street, West, Toronto, Canada.

ELM CITY HARNESS OIL

BASED ON NEATS FOOT OIL.

Is the finest harness dressing made. It softens and preserves the leather, and gives it a fine finish. Ask your saddlers for it.

F. F. DALLEY & CO., Hamilton, Ont.,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

BEAVER S. S. LINE

WEEKLY BETWEEN
Quebec, Montreal, and Liverpool,
CALLING AT
QUEENSTOWN AND BELFAST
For lowest rates and all particulars apply to
H. MURRAY, BEAVER LINE, Montreal, Que.

F. E. DIXON & CO

Manufacturers of Star Rivet

Leather Belting!

70 King Street, East, Toronto.

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

$10,000 TO LOAN

on first-class farm property, at lowest rates. Farmers will save money by applying by mail direct to me.

E. E. KNOTT,

48 Adelaide St. East, Toronto

The Newell Patent Universal Grinder.

Award of Gold and Silver Medals.

NEWELL & CHAPIN
Proprietors,
95 St. James-st. wes
Montreal.

These Mills save time, grind any kind of grain very fast and without heating. Larger Size Mills working on same principle with different style of cutter, grinding phosphates, gold and silver ores, quartz, plaster, clay, bones, fish-scraps, bark, &c. Please call or write for particulars.

A new collection, embracing a number of the most popular songs of the day. Among them are, "We Never Speak as we Pass By;—Over the —Kerry Dance,— Warrior Bold,— Garden Wall,— —tains,—Only a Blossom Blue Alsatian Mou— Maids of Lee,— from her Cave,—Three Old —'s Old Flirting in the Starlight,—Grandmo— Easy Chair,—Don't Drink my Boy To-night, and 90 others, comprising Home songs, Comic Songs, Sentimental songs, Children's songs, etc. All are printed on nice paper, and are bound in a book with colored cover. Remember, we send the entire collection of 100 Songs for only 15c., three books for 30c., 1 doz., $1; 1c. or 3c. stamps taken.

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Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months Sailing dates from

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.

*Sarnia, Feb. 28.	Ontario, Mar. 20.
Montreal, Mar. 6.	Toronto, Mar. 27.
*Oregon, Mar. 13.	Dominion, Apl. 3.

Rates of passage: Cabin, Portland to Liverpool $50, $60, $70, Return $90, $110, $130, according to steamer and berth, all outside rooms and comfortably heated by steam. Intermediate $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal

FUN AND MYSTERY

ENDLESS AMUSEMENT FOR ONLY 30 CTS

Have you seen it The greatest collection of Games, Cards, Tricks, Puzzles, Songs, etc., ever offered for anything like the money. AMUSEMENT FOR A WHOLE SEASON, for the old or young. Our NEW BUDGET contains the following: Heller's Conjuring Pack: the Mystic Oracle: Guide to Flirtation: 10 new Evening Games: Set of "Hold to Light Cards:" 1 Set Colored Chromo Cards; the Star Puzzle; 25 Ways to Get Rich; the "13" Puzzle; 5 Beautiful Face Pictures; Language of Jewels and Flowers; 101 Selections for Autograph Albums; 11 Popular Songs with Music, 13 New Tricks in Magic; Pack of Fun and Comic Cards; 1 Chinese Block Puzzle; the Roman Cross Puzzle; Great $5 Prize Puzzle; 1 set Transformation Pictures, change color right before your eyes, and Games of Fortune.

ALL FOR 30 CENTS, IN ONE OR TWO CENT POSTAGE STAMPS. By mail postpaid. Two packages for FIFTY CENTS five for ONE DOLLAR. Send at once and get the greatest bargain ever offered. Return this with order to avoid mistake.

JAS. LEE & CO., Montreal, P.Q.

M. W. DUNHAM

HAS IMPORTED

90 PER CENT OF ALL HORSES

Ever Imported

From France to America,

Whose Purity of Blood is established by their Recorded Pedigrees in the Percheron Stud Book of France, which is the only Draft Horse Record of that country.

Mr. Dunham has just published a 25,000 edition of his handsomely illustrated 140 page catalogue for 1884, containing descriptions and pedigrees (many for 10 generations) of

450 STALLIONS & MARES

Now on hand. All Stallions Guaranteed Breeders Catalogue free. Address, M. W. DUNHAM, Wayne Du Page Co., Illinois. (35 miles west of Chicago, on C. & N.-W. R'y.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $100 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDEN'S
BOOK STORE

IS NOT ONLY

CENTRAL OFFICE OF THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

But it is the place to buy cheap

School Books

—AND STATIONERY—

Of every description. Another big supply of

LADIES' HAND SATCHELS

That cannot be beaten.

CALL AND SEE THE THOMAS ORGANS

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, FEB. 29, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, (W. D. Wadden, Deputy) at Madden's Book Store.

Notice.

All parties owing me must come in and settle their accounts as I am obliged to collect them to pay my debts with. Please don't allow yourselves to be put to costs. S. McLAUGHLIN.

ROUND TOWN.

—Quarterly fair next Tuesday.

—Town Council next Monday evening.

—The ball given in the Town Hall last Friday evening was a grand success. The supper was given at the Rush Inn hotel.

—Mr. John McLaren of Trenton ran from Trenton to Belleville the other day, 12 miles, with an ice boat, in 19 minutes.

—Ball's Circle Hip Coiled Spring Elastic Section Corset. $1.00 per pair at C. F. Henderson's.

—The Orange True Blues of this town will give a comic concert in the new Opera House

—"B" Battery, of Kingston, has been ordered to hold itself in readiness for service in the North-West, if necessary.

—Mr. Peter Heath of Collinsby had an arm caught in a clover thresher and fractured in four places. The arm will be amputated.

—One hundred and fifteen new and elegant lock boxes numbering from 321 to 468 were placed in the post office on Monday evening last.

—Rev. J. J. Leach of Odessa will preach in the C. M. Church on Sunday next, morning and evening. Rev. M. L. Pearson will occupy the Odessa pulpit.

—The Grand Trunk Railway alone took 52,000 passengers into Montreal the first days of the carnival. The Canadian Pacific and North Shore Railway took in 20,000.

—The stock of Mr. Ira Kimmerly, grocer, valued at $700, will be sold at Sheriff's sale on Friday, March 7th, at 2 p.m. The stock consists of groceries, crockery, glassware, etc. Stock list can be seen at the Sheriff's office.

—A petition is in circulation asking Capt. Atkins to take command of the Saved Army here. A large number of signatures have been abtained. Mr. Atkins is an earnest worker and his presence here would, it is believed, revive interest in the meetings.

—Grip of last week contained an excellent cartoon of Mr. D. W. Allison, M.P., "the man who carried Lennox." He has the Methodist Union bill under his arm and the sketch is respectfully dedicated to the United Methodist Conference. Mr. Allison is taking a deep interest in promoting the Union bill in Committee.

—On Monday afternoon last the following bills were read a third time in the House of Commons and passed:—To amend the Act incorporating the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway Company. Further to amend the Act incorporating the Napanee, Tamworth, and Quebec Railway Company.

—The Methodists of Adolphustown have been signally successful in their efforts to secure the funds for the memorial church to be erected by their denomination in that historic village in connection with the U. E. L. Centenary. All the money has been subscribed and work will soon be commenced on the edifice which will be built of brick.

—At the annual meeting of the Provincial Grand Black Chapter of the Black Knights of Ireland of Eastern Ontario, held at Ottawa this week, Mr. L. McGoun of this town was elected Grand Deputy Registrar; Mr. James Blair, Grand Deputy Lecturer; Mr. D. Henwood, a Grand Censor; Rev. A. Dawson of Plevna a Deputy Grand Master; and Mr. James Metcalf of Forest Mills a Grand Committeeman.

—At the meeting of the Grand Lodge, A. O.U.W., held at Guelph, last week, Mr. R. G. Wright, representative of Napanee lodge, was elected Grand Trustee. The D.D.G.M. for Quinte District is Mr. W. J. Porte, of Picton; and for Kingston District, Rev. A. Elliott, of Camden East. The various reports showed the society to be in a most flourishing condition. Napanee lodge is making large additions to its membership.

—On Sunday afternoon last as Mr. James Boyd of Richmond was driving up Dundas-st after attending the funeral of the late

operas are interpolated as well popular airs of the day. The c said to be magnificent and acc plete. We bespeak for them a Secure your tickets at once. sale at Mr. J. J. Perry's drug s

—The License Commissione under the McCarthy Act for th Prince Edward, Judge Jellett, McCuaig and Warden Willian met in the Shire hall, Picton, o and organized. Judge Jellett chairman and Mr. W. H. Orch pointed Inspector, Secretary an

—Forepaugh's great circus is tario next summer and will no Napanee. Adam Forepaugh Barnum by making his will and 500,000 in char ties and public various kinds. Friend Alex. Jac arly known as the "Old Ma Mr. Forepaugh's advance agent

Notice.

All accounts due Dr. R. B. Cl ing to the drug store, must be p As the business has changed han must of necessity be closed up i Do not delay and cause trouble

Leap Year Social.

On Tuesday evening next TH social of the season will be give E. Church. Arrangements are a a large committee have it in cha 10 cents. Baskets, 15 cents. will contain refreshments and a lady's name, etc., etc. Com have a good time. There will good programme.

Real Estate Change

—Mr. H. Sandford has purcha Water-st. from Mr. Lewis Harri

—Mr. J. M. Parrott has purch son property on John-st. from Grange and intends erecting tw thereon.

—Mr. B. Brisco has purchase W. Anderson the brick residenc occupied by Mr. J. H. Downey

Change of Firm.

Mrs. R. J. Perry has purchas business of Dr. R. B. Clark and in future will be carried on und and name of Perry & Co. A com new goods are now arriving and ed to their present stock. T cash and customers may depend everything at bottom prices. is "small profits and quick r by close attention to business dealings they hope to merit a la public patronage. Give them a convinced.

Obituary.

Mr. W. B. Blakely, Provincia spector for Prince Edward, die dence, Cherry Valley, Monday Blakely had been unwell for nea but had only recently been con house, and up to a few days ago thought to be dangerously ill. was well and favorably known the county. His manly, stra and genial manner made him m He was a successful farmer, and

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

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C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, (W. D. Wadden, Deputy) at Madden's Book Store.

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—Ball's Circle Hip Coiled Spring Elastic Section Corset. $1.00 per pair at C. F. Henderson's.

—The Orange True Blues of this town will give a comic concert in the new Opera House on Tuesday evening next, March 3rd.

—Wednesday last being Ash Wednesday divine services were held in St. Patrick's and St. Mary Magdalene's churches.

—Just received a full stock of Corsets in all the new makes, at C. F. Henderson's.

—Sermons in the M. E. Church on Sabbath next by the pastor, Rev. S. Card. Sabbath School at the close of the morning service.

—Be sure and see "Bubbles." The Holman Company has received valuable acquisitions to its talent since their appearance here last summer.

—A young man named Moore, working for Mr. Frank Wilson, North Fredericksburgh, while chopping wood on Wednesday last, received a severe wound in the foot resulting in the loss of one toe.

—Mr. Ezra Pringle has now a full staff of hands at work. He has received orders for two waggons to go to Manitoba shortly. On Tuesday he received one of J. & J. Taylor's celebrated fire proof safes.

—Joseph Gorey, whose wife was killed in the recent railway accident at Cataraqui, has entered suit for damages against the Grand Trunk Railway and Mr. Finkle, owner of the stage on which the deceased was.

—A Basket Social was held last evening by the Napanee Lodge I.O.O.F. in their lodge room. There was a large attendance and a very pleasant evening was spent. An interesting programme was given and enjoyed by all. Proceeds $14.

—The funeral of the late Mr. James Sexsmith of Richmond passed through the town on Sunday last to Napanee cemetery. The two lodges of I.O.O.F., of which order the deceased was a member, joined the cortege on Dundas-st. It was a long procession.

—Dr. Grant, late of Newburgh, has taken up his abode in town for the practice of his profession. His residence is in the new Carscallen terrace on Dundas-st. The Doctor is a practitioner of wide experience, whose skill is well known in these counties.

—The Methodists of Adolphustown have been signally successful in their efforts to secure the funds for the memorial church to be erected by their denomination in that historic village in connection with the U. E. L. Centenary. All the money has been subscribed and work will soon be commenced on the edifice which will be built of brick.

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—On Sunday afternoon last as Mr. James Boyd of Richmond was driving up Dundas-st. after attending the funeral of the late Mr. Sexsmith, and while turning the corner of Dundas and John-sts. the cutter struck a heap of ashes on the road upsetting him out. The cutter afterwards righted and the horse ran away up John, Bridge and Centre-sts., homeward bound. The horse was caught north of the glass works, no damage having been done.

—Speaking of Miss Ida Van Cortland, shortly to reappear here, the Peterboro Review says:—She is one of the best of those who have visited Peterboro—the best actress who has appeared on the stage here in a long time. Her voice is clear, she pronounces her words distinctly, the inflections of the voice are carefully attended to, her actions are correct and her whole manner is natural and graceful. Miss Annie Bird almost electrified the audience with her singing and recitations and was encored three times.

—The entertainment which the Y. P. M. & L. Society intend to give in the basement of the C. M. Church this (Friday) evening, will be of more than ordinary interest. In addition to the usual first-class programme of readings, recitations and music, both vocal and instrumental, Mr. Libby and Mr. Bowerman have kindly consented to give short explanations—the former of the tides and the latter of the seasons. Dr. Ruttan also at no distant date—his professional duties admitting—will read a paper on "Atheism," of which further notice will be given.

—Builders report good prospects for the coming summer. The re-construction of the Campbell House will be a $15,000 contract; a new block is likely to be built on the corner of John and Dundas-sts.; Mr. Thos. Waller is preparing to build a brick dwelling on Dundas-st. near the academy; Mr. W. R. Aylsworth of Deseronto is to build a handsome brick residence on his farm on the Deseronto road. These together with the new dwellings to be erected by Mr. Parrot and others in contemplation will make things lively in the building line next summer.

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—Mr. Ezra Pringle has now a full staff of hands at work. He has received orders for two waggons to go to Manitoba shortly. On Tuesday he received one of J. & J. Taylor's celebrated fire proof safes.

—Joseph Gorey, whose wife was killed in the recent railway accident at Cataraqui, has entered suit for damages against the Grand Trunk Railway and Mr. Finkle, owner of the stage on which the deceased was.

—A Basket Social was held last evening by the Napanee Lodge I.O.O.F. in their lodge room. There was a large attendance and a very pleasant evening was spent. An interesting programme was given and enjoyed by all. Proceeds $14.

—The funeral of the late Mr. James Sexsmith of Richmond passed through the town on Sunday last to Napanee cemetery. The two lodges of I.O.O.F., of which order the deceased was a member, joined the cortege on Dundas-st. It was a long procession.

—Dr. Grant, late of Newburgh, has taken up his abode in town for the practice of his profession. His residence is in the new Carscallen terrace on Dundas-st. The Doctor is a practitioner of wide experience, whose skill is well known in these counties.

—The leap year quadrille party held in the Town Hall on Monday evening last was a pleasant affair. About 40 couple assembled and dancing was kept up till an early hour. Supper was served at Mr. Baker's restaurant where oysters, etc., were partaken of.

—Mr. I. J. Lockwood, bookseller, has enlarged his bookstore by taking in the adjoining offices which will enable him to display his stock of wall paper, stationery, etc., to much better advantage. The "East End" bookstore is evidently, notwithstanding the depression, forging ahead.

—Mr. Chester Files has resigned the Reeveship of Newburgh because of a protest having been entered against him on the ground of insufficiency of property qualification. The new candidates are Dr. Aylsworth and Mr. T. B. Stickney, and the issue is as to whether or not a license shall be granted a billiard table in the village.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Allison of Mount Pleasant celebrated their crystal wedding on Thursday evening last. A large number of invited guests was present and all enjoyed themselves in having a good social evening's entertainment. Invitations were sent to friends in town but the storm prevented a number from going.

—The ladies of St. Paul's Church, Adolphulstown, are arranging for a grand dinner and concert in the Adolphustown Town Hall on Thursday next, March 6th, in aid of the proposed new Memorial Episcopal Church. They promise a throughly satisfying spread and an excellent programme. They extend a cordial invitation to the people of Napanee and other parts of the county to be present.

—An American stopping at one of the leading hotels one day this week was noticed comfortably seated in the sitting-room anxiously waiting for something. At 3 o'clock he coolly asked the porter if it was not time for dinner and being told dinner was over and preparations were going on for tea he remarked he had made some miscalculation in the time or got out of his latitude.

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—Mr. H. S. Rennock, who is engaged on the N., T. & Q. Railway, has left on exhibition in Mr. A. H. Allison's office a $100 cane. It is a great curiosity of workmanship, being almost completely covered with a large variety of animals engraved on the wood, and is well worth seeing. The work was done by an invalid of South America during his visit to the sulphur springs in Arkansas. Mr. Rennock took the cane with him to the Centennial at Philadelphia, but in all the varieties of walking sticks on exhibition there nothing could be found to compare with the workmanship of this cane.

—Mr. Burrows, Inspector of Gas for Kingston district, has opened an office in the Perry block for the purpose of inspecting consumers' meters and the quality of gas. The apparatus for inspecting the meters are now in, but that for testing the candle power of the gas have not yet arrived. Several meters have already been tested and only has been found incorrect. In most cases the percentage was in favor of the consumers. The apparatus is very interesting and is well worth inspection. Mr. Burrows informs us that the Napanee gas is of excellent quality but requires purifying. The company, acting on his advice, have purchased a purifier and it will be put in shortly. As the gas company in this town owns all the meters they pay the inspection fees. The meter when inspected is good for five years. The government stamp is put on the lid and the penalty for tampering with the meter is $50. In several cases where meters were complained of by customers as too fast they were found a small percentage slow. After the inspection there will be no grounds for complaint.

—We are very glad to announce the coming of the Holman Operatic Comedy Company on Thursday evening next, March 6th. The Company has been re-organized and is now under the management of Mr. G. M. Brown of Boston, who is to take them for an extended tour through the United States. They appear here in the musical comedy of "Bubbles," a piece brimful of pure fun and music. Gems from the latest comic

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The Late Mr. P. T. Pilkey.

We lately made mention of the Mr. P. T. Pilkey, B.A., in Bre many. The deceased was well this county, having prepared h college at Newburgh high scho completing a most honorable and career at Victoria University, h Breslau University to complete requisite for the degree of Ph. one year and four months' absen suddenly stricken down with d died Jan. 21st, 1884, of inflamma lungs. His funeral at Breslau wa posing and honorable, one thousan professors, friends and others foll coffin, which was covered with The body encased in a beautifu shell, still covered with flowers home, and passed through Cobou 20th, where the students and fra to do honor to the departed. On Feb. 21st a short but becoming service was held at Uxbridge. were delivered by Drs. Haanel an of Victoria, and the coffin furth by wreathes and drapery from th and members of the Science Asso removed by six of his brethren of ation. Rev. A. McCann, of Iro Father McCann, of St. Michael' attended the funeral. The ma of Mr. Pilkey in Newburgh, V Napanee, while pained to learn o one so promising, will be please that one who, at the high scho such worth and honor, at the Uni ried off the highest honors, and in among strangers, won the resp and love of so large a number. I was short and trying, but his calm, peaceful and hopeful.

operas are interpolated as well as the most popular airs of the day. The costumes are said to be magnificent and accessories complete. We bespeak for them a full house. Secure your tickets at once. They are for sale at Mr. J. J. Perry's drug store.

—The License Commissioners appointed under the McCarthy Act for the County of Prince Edward, Judge Jellett, Paul Finley McCuaig and Warden William Anderson, met in the Shire hall, Picton, on Friday last and organized. Judge Jellett was elected chairman and Mr. W. H. Orchard was appointed Inspector, Secretary and Treasurer.

—Forepaugh's great circus is to visit Ontario next summer and will no doubt take in Napanee. Adam Forepaugh burlesques Barnum by making his will and giving $22,500,000 in char ties and public bequests of various kinds. Friend Alex. Jacques, familiarly known as the "Old Man," is again Mr. Forepaugh's advance agent.

Notice.

All accounts due Dr. R. B. Clark, pertaining to the drug store, must be paid at once. As the business has changed hands the affairs must of necessity be closed up immediately. Do not delay and cause trouble on both sides.

Leap Year Social.

On Tuesday evening next THE leap year social of the season will be given by the M. E. Church. Arrangements are all made and a large committee have it in charge. Tickets 10 cents. Baskets, 15 cents. Each basket will contain refreshments and a card with a lady's name, etc., etc. Come along and have a good time. There will be a short good programme.

Real Estate Changes.

—Mr. H. Sandford has purchased a lot on Water-st. from Mr. Lewis Harrison for $150.

—Mr. J. M. Parrott has purchased the Esson property on John-st. from Mr. Alex. Grange and intends erecting two dwellings thereon.

—Mr. B. Brisco has purchased from Mr. W. Anderson the brick residence on East-st. occupied by Mr. J. H. Downey.

Change of Firm.

Mrs. R. J. Perry has purchased the drug business of Dr. R. B. Clark and the business in future will be carried on under the style and name of Perry & Co. A complete line of new goods are now arriving and will be added to their present stock. They buy for cash and customers may depend on getting everything at bottom prices. Their motto is "small profits and quick returns," and by close attention to business and square dealings they hope to merit a large share of public patronage. Give them a call and be convinced.

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Rumors of a Wedding.

It is reported that the petite Captain Abbie Thompson will be wedded in New York on the afternoon of the great Salvation Army banquet to be attended by General Booth. The captain truthfully stated her position when she said, "I will never change my name," as the groom is declared to be Capt. Thompson, A. D. C.—Whig.

Sneak Thieves at Work.

There were some mean sneak thieves on the Bath road last Monday night. Mr. Wm. Gould, who lives about three miles from Kingston, had about 25 fine hens stolen by some parties who travelled by a horse and cutter, whose marks were traced quite easily through the snow. On enquiry at the toll gate it was learned that some parties had driven very quickly through without bells and towards the city.—[Whig.

Central Drug Store—New Firm.

We wish to inform our customers and the general public that having purchased the stock and trade of this establishment we are now receiving a complete line of new goods, including drugs, patent medicines, paints, oils, glass, putty, school books and stationery, and an excellent assortment of groceries. We will make a specialty of timothy, clover, garden, flower and field seeds, and can make it to the advantage of all to buy from us. We are also agents for the Rock Crystal Spectacles, the best in use. Just received a carload of oil cake flake and horse and cattle food fresh and cheap for cash. We invite a call from all who wish goods at bottom prices. PERRY & Co., successor to R. B. Clark, 2 doors east of Tichborne House. 16

A Belleville Elopement.

Belleville continues to make history with the traditional seven-leagued boots. Recently the good people of that fair city have passed through several surprises that the local chroniclers called "sensations." They had scarcely recovered from the excitement caused by the "hallelujah wedding" when the reported elopement of the young and handsome wife of a Sidney farmer with a Yankee vendor of patent medicines was bruited about. This made the cap-borders of every ancient dame quiver with emotion, and the younger women said, "Did you ever!" She had no family. The insinuating Yankee, it is alleged, had neither freehold nor capital. He dressed superbly, was quite handsome, and sang like a Brignoli. These qualifications captivated the blooming wife of the Sidney yeoman and won her affections. The injured husband protested, entreated, and commanded, but to no avail. Finally she left her home but returned repentant and affected a reconciliation with her husband.

Personals.

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Fox Hunting.

A fox hunt was held on the ice opposite the steamboat dock at Deseronto on Wednesday afternoon last which attracted a large crowd of people. In the first race six dogs entered belonging to Messrs. R. Woodcock, P. O'Connor, M. Breaugh, A. Brown, M. Barnhart and E. Lambert. The fox had 150 yards of a start and after considerable dodging was captured by Mr. R. Woodcock's hound. Messrs. Alex. Smith and Thomas McCambridge acted as managers. Another fox chase took place afterwards at the same place, Mr. Welt Cronk of Prince Edward County, manager. In this race dogs belonging to Messrs. F. Brown, R. Woodcock, M. Breaugh, M. Barnhart and R. McDonald of Napanee were entered. The fox had about 100 yards start and after a long run he reached the shore and disappeared under a haystack. Quite a number from Napanee attended the hunt.

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—Mr. H. M. Deroche and Mr. A. L. Morden were registered at the Rossin House, Toronto, on Tuesday.

—Miss Emma Vermilyea of Belleville and Miss Nettie Clark of Shannonville are visiting at Mr. J. S. Hulett's.

—Mr. I. W. Sproule has returned from his two months' trip to Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec, and resumed his old business.

—Mr. W. C. Scott has severed his connection with the Dominion Oddfellow. He has been succeeded by Mr. R. S. Bell, of Belleville.

—Mrs. Bradley, Miss Berryman and Mr. Warrington of Toronto, were guests of W. S. Williams, Esq., during their stay in town this week.

—Mr. Marsh Parrott, son of J. M. Parrott, Esq., County Treasurer, has returned from the North-West and contemplates embarking in business here or in Belleville.

—Miss Bristol of Napanee appeared as a "Shepherdess" at the "B" Battery mardi gras Tuesday evening. The ball was very largely attended and was a complete success.

—Mr. F. Jemmett of Renfrew, who succeeds Mr. Patterson as accountant of the Merchants' Bank here, was on Monday of last week entertained in a handsome manner by the business men and his friends of Renfrew. The chair was occupied by Mr. P. Devine and a large company surrounded the table. The proceedings are reported in the Mercury. The chairman in proposing the toast of "The Guest of the Evening" paid a high tribute to Mr. Jemmett and gave expression to the general regret expressed at his departure from the town. Mr. Morgan, manager of the Merchants' Bank, endorsed all the good that had been said of his young friend and added that the bank authorities had a high opinion of Mr. Jemmett's abilities. Mr. Jemmett made a suitable reply, which the Mercury says, afforded gleams of his native off-hand humour. A long list of toasts followed and were responded to by members of the company. In its comments the Mercury says:—"We may add that Mr. Jemmett has, from the time of his arrival in Renfrew, identified himself closely with all its social interests, manly sports, and amusements. His first appearance at a dramatic entertainment exhibited his possession of humorous talents, which have rendered his services in requisition on all similar occasions since, and have made him a favourite with the audiences."

International Throat and Lung Institute.

For the treatment of Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Laryngitis and Consumption in the first and second stages, and all diseases of the nose, throat and lungs by the aid of the Spirometer, invented by Dr. M. Souville of Paris, ex-surgeon of the French army.

Head office, London, Eng. Branches, Montreal, Toronto, Boston, Detroit and Winnipeg.

Physicians and sufferers may try the Spirometer free. Consultation free. If unable to

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The Late Mr. P. T. Pilkey, B.A.

We lately made mention of the death of Mr. P. T. Pilkey, B.A., in Breslau, Germany. The deceased was well known in this county, having prepared himself for college at Newburgh high school. After completing a most honorable and successful career at Victoria University, he went to Breslau University to complete the career requisite for the degree of Ph. Dr. After one year and four months' absence he was suddenly stricken down with disease and died Jan. 21st, 1884, of inflammation of the lungs. His funeral at Breslau was most imposing and honorable, one thousand students, professors, friends and others following the coffin, which was covered with garlands. The body encased in a beautiful metallic shell, still covered with flowers, was sent home, and passed through Cobourg on Feb. 20th, where the students and fraternity met to do honor to the departed. On Thursday, Feb. 21st a short but becoming memorial service was held at Uxbridge. Addresses were delivered by Drs. Haanel and Coleman, of Victoria, and the coffin further honored by wreathes and drapery from the students and members of the Science Association, was removed by six of his brethren of the association. Rev. A. McCann, of Iroquois, and Father McCann, of St. Michael's, Toronto, attended the funeral. The many friends of Mr. Pilkey in Newburgh, Wilton, and Napanee, while pained to learn of the loss of one so promising, will be pleased to learn that one who, at the high school, showed such worth and honor, at the University carried off the highest honors, and in a far land, among strangers, won the respect, esteem and love of so large a number. His sickness was short and trying, but his death was calm, peaceful and hopeful.

Bank here, was on Monday of last week entertained in a handsome manner by the business men and his friends of Renfrew. The chair was occupied by Mr. P. Devine and a large company surrounded the table. The proceedings are reported in the Mercury. The chairman in proposing the toast of "The Guest of the Evening" paid a high tribute to Mr. Jemmett and gave expression to the general regret expressed at his departure from the town. Mr. Morgan, manager of the Merchants' Bank, endorsed all the good that had been said of his young friend and added that the bank authorities had a high opinion of Mr. Jemmett's abilities. Mr. Jemmett made a suitable reply, which the Mercury says, afforded gleams of his native off-hand humour. A long list of toasts followed and were responded to by members of the company. In its comments the Mercury says:—"We may add that Mr. Jemmett has, from the time of his arrival in Renfrew, identified himself closely with all its social interests, manly sports, and amusements. His first appearance at a dramatic entertainment exhibited his possession of humorous talents, which have rendered his services in requisition on all similar occasions since, and have made him a favourite with the audiences."

International Throat and Lung Institute.

For the treatment of Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Laryngitis and Consumption in the first and second stages, and all diseases of the nose, throat and lungs by the aid of the Spirometer, invented by Dr. M. Souville of Paris, ex-surgeon of the French army.

Head office, London, Eng. Branches, Montreal, Toronto, Boston, Detroit and Winnipeg.

Physicians and sufferers may try the Spirometer free. Consultation free. If unable to call personally and be examined, write for list of questions and copy of "International News," published monthly. Address, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 13 Phillips' Square, Montreal.

To cure consumption, ulceration in the lungs must be stopped, the matter must be thrown off, the membranes and tissues, healed and the system invigorated. Downs' Elixir will do all this. Try it. Every bottle warranted. 12-5.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

DOES WONDERFUL CURES OF KIDNEY DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS,

Why ?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and all Female Complaints.

☞ SOLID PROOF OF THIS.

IT WILL SURELY CURE

CONSTIPATION, PILES, and RHEUMATISM,

By causing FREE ACTION of all the organs and functions, thereby

CLEANSING the BLOOD

restoring the normal power to throw off disease.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of these terrible diseases have been quickly relieved, and in a short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

3 Send stamp for Diary Almanac for 1884.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

Irish Cr

At from

A FULL STOC

Dundas-st.,

Is the place to bu

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Any person in
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So as to make room f

FLAN

Cheaper than ever
best quality, at 20,

If you want t
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1884) SPRING. (1884

-----NAPANEE-----

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Our efforts to give the farmers of these counties at their own doors a superior article are appreciated and our celebrated

2-HORSE IRON CULTIVATORS

Are meeting with a ready and steady sale. All who use them pronounce them as a Cultivator

☞The Very Model of Perfection,☜

And to meet the increased demand upon us we have in course of construction an extra number, so that our customers may not be dissapointed this spring (as many were last season) in securing a Cultivator which works complete, is strong, durable and cheap.

We shall be pleased if parties who have spoken for Cultivators will take delivery at an early date and those who have not yet purchased should call at once and secure one and have it in readiness for the spring work.

REPAIRING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing and job work, and will spare no pains to turn out work that will give the utmost satisfaction.

Farmers having machinery to repair should see that it is done at once, as better work can be done now than in the busy harvest season. Bring in your

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has severed his connection
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Bell, of Belleville.

ss Berryman and Mr. War-
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ng their stay in town this

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elleville.

Napanee appeared as a
"B" Battery mardi gras
he ball was very largely
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Farmers having machinery to repair should see that it is done at once, as better work can be done now than in the busy harvest season. Bring in your machines at once and have them repaired, in readiness for the harvest, at the

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

JOHN HERRING.

February 8th, 1884.

NEW GOODS FOR EARLY SPRING TRADE.

EMBROIDERIES,

Irish Crochet Trimmings, Linen Lace, &c.,

At from 10 to 20 per cent. under regular prices.

☞A FULL STOCK OF KNITTING COTTONS OF ALL SIZES AND COLORS.

Dundas-st., Napanee. **C. F. HENDERSON.**

C. CUMMINS'

Is the place to buy cheap goods. We are now offering our entire stock of

Winter Goods at Cost Prices.

Any person in want of an overcoat will do well by giving us a call. We are determined to sell off all our

READY-MADE CLOTHING

So as to make room for our SPRING STOCK, which will be the choicest of the season.

HATS & CAPS AT COST PRICE.

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of "International News,"
ddress, 173 Church street,
s' Square, Montreal.

n, ulceration in the lungs
matter must be thrown off,
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wns' Elixir will do all this.
warranted. 12-5.

Y-WORT

FUL
OF
ASES

Why ?

LAINTS,
he LIVER, BOWELS and
t the same time.

the system of the poison-
relope in Kidney and Uri-
sness, Jaundice, Constipa-
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ll Female Complaints.
PROOF OF THIS.

SURELY CURE
PILES,
and RHEUMATISM,
ACTION of all the organs
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power to throw off disease.
IDS OF CASES
of these terrible diseases
relieved, and in a short time
TLY CURED.
DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
be sent by mail.
SON & Co., Burlington, Vt.
Diary Almanac for 1884.

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So as to make room for our SPRING STOCK, which will be the choicest of the season.

HATS & CAPS AT COST PRICE.

FLANNELS! FLANNELS!!

Cheaper than ever. Splendid All Wool Grey Flannels at 35 cents a yard. Canton Flannel, best quality, at 20, 15 and 10 cents a yard.

If you want to save time and trouble, order your Groceries from C. CUMMINS', or call when in town.

We have on hand a splendid line of DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, and all necessary articles to be found in a first-class store.

You Can Prove This by giving us a Call.

The first time your are in town just step into C. Cummins' and

See the Great Bargains we are Offering

In Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons, Denims, and anything kept in a first-class establishment. All goods to be sold by March to make room for fresh Arrivals.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

NEW : GOODS : FOR : SPRING

—AT—

R. P. LAHEY'S.

Full Range Men's Tweed Suits,
Full Range Youths' Tweed Suits,
Full Range Boys' Tweed Suits,
Job Lot Coats Pants and Vests.

We have the nicest assortment of —

American Hard and Soft Felt Hats, ENGLISH HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS. A large and nicely selected stock of all the latest novelties in **Men's Furnishing Goods,**

UMBRELLAS, RUBBER COATS, MEN'S OVERALLS, SMOCKS, &c., &c.

All new fresh goods at far below the regular Napanee prices. Rennie Block,

R. P. LAHEY.

NAPANE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor.

NAP

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - - *Proprietor.*

ENGAGEMENTS:

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, MARCH 12TH AND 13TH.—Ida Van Cortland Comedy Co.

THE EXPRESS

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE.

Two Doors West of P. Slaven & Co's.

The Finest Job Printing at Lowest Rates.

NEW PREMISES!
NEW MATERIAL!
BEST WORKMEN!

Get our estimates before giving orders.

Telephone Communication.

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Prop.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED. A general servant. Apply to MRS. CHAS. STEVENS, Piety Hill. 16

TO LET.—The house on East-st. now occupied by Mr. W. A. Rose. Possession given 1st March. Apply to W. A. ROSE.

LOST.—On Wednesday, February 27th, a pocket book containing $2, a grain ticket and a key. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at THE EXPRESS office. 16

FOR SALE.—From one to three first-class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships. CHARLES LANE.
Napanee, February 21st, 1884. 15-3 mos.

TO LET.—The premises formerly occupied by THE EXPRESS on East street. Immediate possession given. Suitable for a manufactory of any kind. Apply to Mr. E. S. LAPUM or to Mr. W. M. O'BEIRNE.

FARM TO RENT OR SELL.—Containing 200 acres, Lot 11, 4th con, Ernesttown. A great bargain for a person that wishes to buy and a reasonable rent for anyone that would rather rent. Apply to S. V. PERRY, Napanee, or at this office. 48

FARM FOR SALE.—South end of east-

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE.

2 NIGHTS ONLY. 2

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY,

MARCH 12th AND 13th.

Return of the favorite and talented young artiste,

IDA VAN CORTLAND

—Supported by the—

Tavernier Comedy Company,

Including the Wonderful Child Actress—

LITTLE ANNIE BIRD.

March 13, "Under the Gaslight."

March 12, "Two Nights in Rome," (By request.)

Reserve your Seats Early at J. J. Perry's Drug Store, 50c.; Admission 35c. and 25c.

REFORM MEETINGS.

MR. CHARLTON, M.P.

Having been unable to reach Napanee on Saturday last, owing to the snow blockade, will address the electors of Lennox on the political questions of the day in

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE,

ON SATURDAY, MARCH 8.

The chair will be taken at 2 o'clock, sharp. The public are cordially invited.

A meeting of the Reform Association will be held in the morning at 11 o'clock. A large attendance of the members of the Reform Party in the Riding is requested.

S. GIBSON, President Reform Asso'n. A. H. ALLISON, Secretary.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second hand, stationery, 12 horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.
Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 17.

COUNTY NEW

Gretna.

[Correspondence of THE EX

FRUIT SOCIAL.—The officers an Gretna Sunday School will give a Gretna C. M. Church on Wedne 12th inst. Adults, 15c.; children 10c. All are invited.

Morven.

[Correspondence of THE EX

BIBLE SOCIETY.—According to a meeting was held in the M. E. C on Monday evening for the purpos a sub-branch of the Upper Canad The chair was occupied by the pas Duprau, who opened the meeting prayer and reading a portion of then explained the object of the m troduced the speakers of the even of Napanee, sec. of the Napanee b brief but able account of the work ciety in this province, after which man, of Napanee Model School, d quent address. He gave powerfu proof of the authenticity of the B referred to its influence in civilizi race and introducing comfort, p happiness instead of savage barb presented its claims upon the libe who enjoy the blessings it affords. men, by their eloquence and zeal, ed in arousing an interest in the m who heard them in the work of th which we trust will be productiv response when waited upon by The following are the officers fo year:—President, Rev. S. A. Dupra dent, Mr. S. B. Phillips; Sec.-Tre German; Committee—Messrs. Samuel Bell, Silas Lake; Colle district—Misses Alice Lake and C son; Eastern district—Misses Ell Vanslyck.

Sillsville.

[Correspondence of THE EX

—Presuming it is a long time si from this place, I thought I wo liberty of informing you of what here.

—The last days of February ca relapsed into a blizzard, and expir of the 29th. March is here cold a means that we are to have two w year.

—The roads are very bad. Tra on the ice, where our local sport indulge in a "hang-on" and whe the cake.

—We are to have a joint stock which is being built by Mr. place.

—Our school house has been r few alterations made. The school favorably under the able tu Neely.

—Social gatherings have been long evenings, where music was is by a couple of too-toos.

Get our estimates before giving orders.

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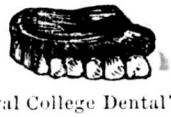
FARM FOR SALE.—South end of east-half of lot 28 in the 3rd concession of Camden, 6 miles from Newburgh and 3 miles from Clark's Mills), containing seventy acres, with good frame house, barn, outhouses, etc.; 50 acres cleared; the balance wood land; a good spring on the premises. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For full particulars apply to MRS. WATSON, care of Mr. WILLIAM DUNN, Moscow P. O. 12

TO RENT.—Lot No. 12, 6th con. Ernesttown (Switzerville) containing 150 acres, 100 of which are under cultivation, balance pasture land; 25 acres ridged ready for crop; well watered; first-class buildings and fine orchards. One of the best farms in the county. Situated 6 miles from Napanee and 3 miles from Newburgh. Possession given at once. For particulars apply to N. B. SWITZER, on the premises, or to JAMES ALLEN, auctioneer, Napanee. 16-tf.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON  DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas St., Napanee.

NOTICE.

The Liquor License Act (Ontario)

ADDINGTON

LICENSE DISTRICT.

Applications for

Reserve your Seats Early at J. J. Perry's Drug Store, 50c.; Admission 35c. and 25c.

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Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 17.

DOMINION LIQUOR LICENSE ACT OF 1883.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that the following persons who are not licensees under the said Act, or under any Act of the Provincial Legislature, have applied for licenses under the said Dominion License Act, viz:

JAMES O'BRIEN, for a hotel license in the house and premises now occupied by him in the village of Roblin and township of Richmond.

ANDREW DONOVAN, for a hotel license in the house now occupied by him in the village of Roblin and township of Richmond.

JAMES GONU, for a hotel license in the house now owned and occupied by him in the village of Selby and township of Richmond.

The following applicants are now holders of Provincial licenses:—

TOWN OF NAPANEE.

Messrs. John Grant & Co., shop license, No. 60 west side of John street, town of Napanee.

Messrs. M. W. Pruyn & Son, shop license, corner of John and Market streets, town of Napanee.

Mr. Alexander Leslie, hotel license, Campbell House, town of Napanee.

Messrs. Harris & Empey, hotel license, Brisco House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Peter Huffman, hotel license, Huffman House, town of Napanee.

Mr. John Wheeler, hotel license, Queen's Hotel, town of Napanee.

Mr. John McKillop, hotel license, Rush Inn, town of Napanee.

Mr. Patrick McAlpine, hotel license, Dominion House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Charles A. Cornell, hotel license, Cornell House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Robert McDonald, hotel license, Tichborne House, town of Napanee.

Mrs. Daniel M. Davy, hotel license, for her hotel on Hog Island in the township of Adolphustown.

TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN.

Matthew Ryan, shop license, store of Hayden & Ryan, village of Camden East.

Mrs. Hester McCarthy, hotel license, Dominion Hotel, village of Camden East.

Mr. Thomas Tallon, hotel license, Addington House, village of Camden East.

Mr. George W. Ashley, hotel license, Royal Oak Hotel, village of Yarker.

Mr. Charles Shields, hotel license, for his hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Colebrook.

referred to its influence in civilizing the race and introducing comfort, peace, happiness instead of savage barbarism, presented its claims upon the liberal who enjoy the blessings it affords. ... men, by their eloquence and zeal, ... ed in arousing an interest in the ... who heard them in the work of the ... which we trust will be productive ... response when waited upon by ... The following are the officers for the year:—President, Rev. S. A. Dupras ... dent, Mr. S. B. Phillips; Sec.-Treas. ... German; Committee—Messrs. ... Samuel Bell, Silas Lake; Colle... district—Misses Alice Lake and Ch... son; Eastern district—Misses Ella ... Vanslyck.

Sillsville.

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—We are to have a joint stock c... which is being built by Mr. ... place.

—Our school house has been re... few alterations made. The school ... favorably under the able tui... Neely.

—Social gatherings have been i... long evenings, where music was f... is by a couple of too-toos.

—Boys, keep your hands out of ...

—Leap year—three in a cutter ...

—Hamburg is to have an oyster ... ville, do thou likewise.

—Sunday evening Rev. Mr. Du... to a full house.

—We are sadly in need of a chu...

PERSONAL.—Mr. Robert and M... stine are visiting friends in Moscow ... duceum, who has been visiting hi... Mr. A. Sharp, has returned home. ... Lucas, formerly of this place, is d... Mumps are the prevailing disorde...

Macdonald.

[Correspondence of THE EXP...

—I thought I would write you ... many readers of your valuable pa... that the good people of Macdonald ... ing and patiently waiting to welc... ing of the various steamers which p... of the beautiful Bay of Quinte at t... navigation.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Edward Rendo... from Prince Edward Co. and locat... in our midst on Mr. R. Baker's old h... We very much regret to learn that ... Walmsley has moved from the ... and located in North Adolphus... Wm. German is about to remov... midst and locate north of Napanee. ... Thompson, of Melrose, is visiting ... Dingman's. Leap year. Richard; h... Miss Joyce, of Adolphustown, is ... uncle, Mr. Geo. Joyce. ... Our ... school teacher, Miss Connors, ... weather has not been very inviting ... her post every day to perform her ... structing the youth. ... Mr. R. D... Thomas McWain drove to Bellevi... morning and returned at night. ... Tommy.

—Owing to the ill health of Rev. ... have been deprived to a certain e... regular appointments at Bethany. ... Mallory, of Deseronto, has kindly ... come over and preach to the goo... Bethany Sunday evening next. ... dance is requested.

MUNICIPAL.—I take this oppor... forming the Beaver correspondent ... denald that he was mistaken or co... known anything about the ... North Fredericksburgh when he ... the council of North Fredericks... sacking all the Tory officers." Now ... I would like to inform that corresp...

Rooms lately occupie Dr. Clements, Du Napanee.

NOTICE.

The Liquor License Act (Ontario)

ADDINGTON

LICENSE DISTRICT.

Applications for

LICENSES

To be issued under this Act, in this district,

FOR THE YEAR 1884-5

must be filed with the undersigned Inspector not later than

THE 1st DAY OF APRIL, 1884.

Proper Blank Forms of Application supplied when requested.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,
License Inspector, Tamworth.

Tamworth, March 3rd, 1884. 17-3.

NOTICE

LENNOX

LICENSE DISTRICT.

APPLICATIONS for LICENSES

for the year 1884-5, (beginning 1st May), must be filed with the Inspector,

On or Before the 1st of April, 1884.

Blank forms of application may be had of the Inspector.

Published by order of the Board of License Commissioners for Lennox District.

JOHN STEVENSON,
Chairman.

GEO. B. SILLS,
Inspector.

Feb. 29th, 1884. 18 4.

House, town of Napanee.

Messrs. Harris & Empey, hotel license, Brisco House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Peter Huffman, hotel license, Huffman House, town of Napanee.

Mr. John Wheeler, hotel license, Queen's Hotel, town of Napanee.

Mr. John McKillop, hotel license, Rush Inn, town of Napanee.

Mr. Patrick McAlpine, hotel license, Dominion House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Charles A. Cornell, hotel license, Cornell House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Robert McDonald, hotel license, Tichborne House, town of Napanee.

Mrs. Daniel M. Davy, hotel license, for her hotel on Hog Island in the township of Adolphustown.

TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN.

Matthew Ryan, shop license, store of Hayden & Ryan, village of Camden East.

Mrs. Hester McCarthy, hotel license, Dominion Hotel, village of Camden East.

Mr. Thomas Tallon, hotel license, Addington House, village of Camden East.

Mr. George W. Ashley, hotel license, Royal Oak Hotel, village of Yarker.

Mr. Charles Shields, hotel license, for his hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Colebrook.

Mr. Joseph Timmons, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Enterprise.

Mr. Michael O'Dea, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Enterprise.

Miss Margaret Weir, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by her in the village of Enterprise.

Miss Jane McCabe, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by her in the village of Croydon.

Mr. Edward Hamilton, hotel license, Hamilton House, occupied at present by Edward Hamilton in the village of Croydon.

Mr. John Flynn, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him on Lot No. 1 in the 7th concession of the the township of Camden, east side of the Richmond road, north of the village of Robdin.

Mr. Daniel Kennedy, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Centreville, known as Kidd's Hotel.

Mr. Timothy Hunt, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Centreville, known as the McNeil House.

Mr. Daniel P. Clute, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Centreville.

VILLAGE OF NEWBURGH.

Mr. Joseph McLaughlin, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him in the village of Newburgh.

Mr. Robert B. Hope, hotel license, Hope's Hotel, in the village of Newburgh.

VILLAGE OF BATH.

Mr. Peter Amey, hotel license, for the City Hotel, in the village of Bath.

TOWNSHIP OF ERNESTTOWN.

Mr. Isaih Beaubien, hotel license, for Mrs. F. Thomas's hotel, village Ernesttown (Ernesttown Station).

Mr. Fletcher Switzer, hotel license, for the Brick Hotel, at present occupied by him in the village of Odessa.

Mr. Abel Babcock, hotel license, Babcock's Hotel, village of Odessa.

Mr. William Henry Hunten, hotel license, Wilton House, village of Odessa.

Mr. William Pull, hotel license, for the hotel at present occupied by him in the township of Adolphustown.

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

Mr. James Thompson, shop license in the premises of at present occupied by him in the village of Tamworth.

Mr. George Robertson, hotel license for the Royal Hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mr. Patrick Mellon, hotel license, Mellon's hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mr. Luke A. Wheeler's hotel license, Wheeler's Hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mrs. Margaret Douglass, hotel license, Douglass' Hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mr. Richard Mahoney, hotel license, Mahoney's Hotel, in the village of Erinsville.

Mrs. Emma Phelan, hotel license, Phelan's Hotel, in the village of Erinsville.

Mrs. Charles Stewart, hotel license, Stewart House, in the village of Flinton, Township of Kaladar.

Dated this 4th day of March, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector,

17 License District, Lennox and Addington.

and located in North Adolphust
Wm. German is about to remov
midst and locate north of Napanee.
Thompson, of Melrose, is visiting
Dingman's. Leap year, Richard; bo
Miss Joyce, of Adolphustown, is
uncle, Mr. Geo. Joyce.....Our
school teacher, Miss Connors,
weather has not been very inviting
her post every day to perform her
structing the youth.....Mr. R. Di
Thomas McWain drove to Bellevil
morning and returned at night.
Tommy.

—Owing to the ill health of Rev.
have been deprived to a certain e
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Mallory, of Deseronto, has kindly
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I would like to inform that corresp
the council did not, nor have not,
officers, and I don't think that the
sack Tory officers, but that co
should have judgment enough to
when an officer's time has e
some one been appointed to fill the
such office, that said officer is not
simply failed to receive re-appointm
office. The change in the council
receiving the sanction of all the ele
section of the municipality, and th
they are willing to elect them nex
say we all.

—There is one young man in th
hood who thinks that he will make
before settling down in marriage.
niving and narrow-hearted that i
with his hired man this winter he ch
for about an armful of straw that he
out behind the barn and which the
carried home to bed his pig with.
that he can live without it.

N. Fredericksburgh

[Correspondence of THE EXPR

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—The tow
cil met on Feb. 25th, all the memb
The following is a summary of t
transacted:—The report of the co
Treasurer's bonds, stating that a ne
factory bond had been given, was a
printing and advertising for the
awarded THE EXPRESS for $30. O
was remitted Mr. Wells for statute
ed in error. The auditors' report w
and adopted and the auditors order
$6 each. The old bond of the Tr
on motion discharged and the new b
to be registered. On motion the
Widow Humphreys were ordered
ted. A petition was presented
signed by thirty ratepayers, asking
Geo. Loucks, an indigent. On mo
month for two months was voted L
to Wm. Hagar till next meeting of
following accounts were ordered to
Hugh and Thos. Close, work on bri
Mills, 1883, $5.59; Jacob Smith, p
Wm. Hagar, $4.50; Deroche & Mad
penses, $4.40; A. B. Schryver, sta
A petition was presented by Charl
signed by seventeen others, asking
to request all persons supposed to
ing on the road allowance, betwe
and seventh concessions, leading fr
ance and Kingston road to the bo
between North Fredericksburgh
town, to move their fences so as t
road forty feet wide. Mr. Hough
ended by Mr. Vanalstine, that the
Charles N. Weese and others belai
next meeting of the council, and t
notify all parties who are suppose
croaching on the road allowance t
a petition before the council asking
quest all parties encroaching on th
ance to move their fences so as to l
forty feet wide.—Carried. Mr. W
asked the council to have the
across lots Nos. 22 and 23 between

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 85

ANEE EXPR

NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1884.

. HOUSE.

LY. 2

THURSDAY,

ED 13th.

ented young artiste,

RTLAND

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Company,

Child Actress—

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Rome," (By request.)

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'ON, M.P.

Napanee on Saturday
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tical questions of the

ERA HOUSE,

MARCH 8.

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A large attendance of
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A. H. ALLISON,
Secretary.

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L. MAIR & BRO.

COUNTY NEWS.

Gretna.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

FRUIT SOCIAL.—The officers and teachers of Gretna Sunday School will give a fruit social in Gretna C. M. Church on Wednesday evening, 12th inst. Adults, 15c.; children under 12 years 10c. All are invited.

Morven.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

BIBLE SOCIETY.—According to announcement a meeting was held in the M. E. Church, Morven, on Monday evening for the purpose of organizing a sub-branch of the Upper Canada Bible Society. The chair was occupied by the pastor, Rev. S. A. Duprau, who opened the meeting with singing, prayer and reading a portion of scripture. He then explained the object of the meeting and introduced the speakers of the evening. Mr. Black, of Napanee, sec. of the Napanee branch, gave a brief but able account of the working of the society in this province, after which Mr. Bowerman, of Napanee Model School, delivered an eloquent address. He gave powerful arguments in proof of the authenticity of the Bible. He then referred to its influence in civilizing the human race and introducing comfort, prosperity and happiness instead of savage barbarity. Next he presented its claims upon the liberality of those who enjoy the blessings it affords. These gentlemen, by their eloquence and zeal, have succeeded in arousing an interest in the minds of those who heard them in the work of the Bible Society, which we trust will be productive of a hearty response when waited upon by the collectors. The following are the officers for the current year:—President, Rev. S. A. Duprau; Vice-President, Mr. S. B. Phillips; Sec.-Treas., Mr. T. B. German; Committee—Messrs. Ira Raymond, Samuel Bell, Silas Lake; Collectors—western district—Misses Alice Lake and Charlotte Robinson; Eastern district—Misses Ella Bell and Ida Vanslyck.

Sillsville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Presuming it is a long time since you heard from this place, I thought I would take the liberty of informing you of what is going on here.

—The last days of February caught cold, then relapsed into a blizzard, and expired on the night of the 29th. March is here cold and clear, which means that we are to have two winters in one year.

—The roads are very bad. Travelling is good on the ice, where our local sports occasionally indulge in a "hang-on" and where David takes the cake.

—We are to have a joint stock cheese factory, which is being built by Mr. Card, of this

5th concessions. Mr. Vanalstine moved, seconded by Mr. Post, that road beat No. 21 be divided at the line between Mr. R. Collins' and Mr. C. R. Miller's, for the convenience of all parties concerned, and be called road beat No. 31, and Darius Denison be appointed pathmaster. —Carried. A by-law was then passed appointing pound-keepers and fence viewers for the year. Mr. Post moved, seconded by Mr. Vanalstine, that whereas A. C. Parks, late clerk of this municipality, did of his own motion and contrary to the usual custom with municipal councils, give an order on the treasurer of this municipality for the expenses of holding the last election, or, presented an account for the same in which he received pay for services that we consider he had a right to perform for the salary already voted him, therefore this council regrets that the said Clerk should have taken such a course, and resolves that in future the Clerk shall bring such accounts before the council and have them adjusted before payment is made. On the vote being taken Mr. Post and Mr. Vanalstine voted yea, and Mr. Carscallen and Mr. Hough nay. The Reeve decided in the affirmative and declared the motion carried. Mr. Vanalstine was appointed in conjunction with the road engineer to examine the bridge across Little Creek, near Mr. Brechenridge's, on the county road, and if necessary rebuild said bridge, and report at next meeting. The Council then adjourned till the last Monday in March at 10 a.m.

Newburgh.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

THE REEVESHIP.—In accordance with a notice for the purpose of nominating a person for Reeve of this place, the free and independent electors met on Friday last to name their man. Both the billiard and non-billiard party were sanguine of success. After calling the meeting to order, the returning officer stated in a brief speech the cause for which the people were called together. Dr. Aylsworth spoke with his usual force and fluency in favor of billiards, stating that the game was a scientific one and perfectly harmless one in itself, but that he did not think the billiard rooms should be unrestricted and thought the village council should pass a by-law to obviate the difficulty. He was followed by Mr. Stickney, who wished to see it out of the village. Mr. A. Caton was the next speaker. He said he believed it was a scientific game, that it was so scientific that it kept young men up till twelve and one o'clock in the morning. Dr. Aylsworth, in replying to Mr. Caton, accused that gentleman of ignorance for saying the game was not scientific. Mr. Caton replied that he just said it was scientific. All who heard Mr. Caton and who wished to be informed as to the true facts of the case must have been delighted with the able and cool manner in which he handled the subject. It is a well known fact to parties living in the vicinity of the billiard saloon that it is open to a very

WEEK'S

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—To-day a pas
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RA HOUSE,

MARCH 8.

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. H. ALLISON,
Secretary.

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L. MAIR & BRO.
17.

LICENSE ACT

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license, Campbell

otel license, Brisco

ise, Huffman House,

ense, Queen's Hotel,

ise, Rush Inn, town

license, Dominion

tel license, Cornell

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—The roads are very bad. Travelling is good on the ice, where our local sports occasionally indulge in a "hang-on" and where David takes the cake.

—We are to have a joint stock cheese factory, which is being built by Mr. Card, of this place.

—Our school house has been repaired and a few alterations made. The school is progressing favorably under the able tuition of Miss Neely.

—Social gatherings have been in order these long evenings, where music was furnished gratis by a couple of too-toos.

—Boys, keep your hands out of your pockets.

—Leap year—three in a cutter won't do.

—Hamburg is to have an oyster supper. Sillsville, do thou likewise.

—Sunday evening Rev. Mr. Duprau preached to a full house.

—We are sadly in need of a church.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Robert and Miss Ida Asselstine are visiting friends in Moscow.....Mr. Induceum, who has been visiting his uncle here, Mr. A. Sharp, has returned home.....Mr. Albert Lucas, formerly of this place, is dangerously ill. Mumps are the prevailing disorder.

Macdonald.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—I thought I would write you so that the many readers of your valuable paper may see that the good people of Macdonald are still living and patiently waiting to welcome the echoing of the various steamers which ply the waters of the beautiful Bay of Quinte at the opening of navigation.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Edward Rendell has moved from Prince Edward Co. and located once more in our midst on Mr. R. Baker's old homestead..... We very much regret to learn that Mr. Samuel Walmsley has moved from the neighborhood and located in North Adolphustown.....Mr. Wm. German is about to remove from our midst and locate north of Napanee.....Miss Ella Thompson, of Melrose, is visiting at Mr. R. Dingman's, Leap year, Richard; be careful.....Miss Joyce, of Adolphustown, is visiting her uncle, Mr. Geo. Joyce.....Our very efficient school teacher, Miss Connors, though the weather has not been very inviting, has been at her post every day to perform her work of instructing the youth.....Mr. R. Dingman and Thomas McWain drove to Belleville on Sunday morning and returned at night. Short calls, Tommy.

—Owing to the ill health of Rev. Mr. Betts, we have been deprived to a certain extent of our regular appointments at Bethany, but Rev. J. O. Mallory, of Deseronto, has kindly consented to come over and preach to the good people of Bethany Sunday evening next. A full attendance is requested.

MUNCHEAL.—I take this opportunity of informing the Beaver correspondent from Macdonald that he was mistaken or could not have known anything about the council of North Fredericksburgh when he said, "That the council of North Fredericksburgh were sacking all the Tory officers." Now, Mr. Editor, I would like to inform that correspondent that the council did not, nor have not, sacked Tory officers, and I don't think that they intend to sack Tory officers, but that correspondent should have judgment enough to know that when an officer's time has expired and some one been appointed to fill the vacancy of such office, that said officer is not sacked, but

THE REEVESHIP.—In accordance with a notice for the purpose of nominating a person for Reeve of this place, the free and independent electors met on Friday last to name their man. Both the billiard and non-billiard party were sanguine of success. After calling the meeting to order, the returning officer stated in a brief speech the cause for which the people were called together. Dr. Aylsworth spoke with his usual force and fluency in favor of billiards, stating that the game was a scientific one and perfectly harmless one in itself, but that he did not think the billiard rooms should be unrestricted and thought the village council should pass a by-law to obviate the difficulty. He was followed by Mr. Stickney, who wished to see it out of the village. Mr. A. Caton was the next speaker. He said he believed it was a scientific game, that it was so scientific that it kept young men up till twelve and one o'clock in the morning. Dr. Aylsworth, in replying to Mr. Caton, accused that gentleman of ignorance for saying the game was not scientific. Mr. Caton replied that he just said it was scientific. All who heard Mr. Caton and who wished to be informed as to the true facts of the case must have been delighted with the able and cool manner in which he handled the subject. It is a well known fact to parties living in the vicinity of the billiard saloon that it is open to a very late hour and is visited by those noctural beings "who make night hideous."

THE REEVE.—To the joy of the whole village J. D. Ham, Esq., was prevailed on to accept the office by acclamation. Mr. Ham stated if there was a person against him he would not accept, but for the sake of reconciling parties he did so. Mr. Ham will make an able and judicious Reeve. Every one feels satisfied with the appointment. We have the "right man in the right place." Mr. Ham in accepting the office has done honor to Newburgh, and the people have shown their good sense and appreciation of his willingness to serve them in the unanimous manner in which they have elected him to the Reeveship. Mr. Ham is a man who has an interest in the welfare of this place second to no other man, and in seeing that his own rights are protected he will guard the rights of others. He has an extensive and practical business education which cannot fail to make him one of the foremost members of the County Co[illegible] when the proper time comes Mr. Ham [illegible] not will doubt will do in reference to the billiard question what is right, but it is in no way likely that the proprietor of it will obtain a license from the Council again for the nominal sum of $10.

LITERARY SOCIETY.—Last Friday evening the Literary Society was treated to a lecture on "Light" by Mr. F. Miller, B.A. In a concise way Mr. Miller stated the two great theories held by philosophers, the mode of finding the rate at which light travels and the sources of light, but said that the cause of the light of the sun was unknown. He illustrated several important points in optics by means of drawings, and finally wound up by answering a number of questions proposed by the audience. Mr. Miller is evidently well acquainted with the subject.

DIVISION COURT.—On Monday last His Honor Judge Wilkison spent some time in settling up some accounts of long standing amongst some people of Newburgh and vicinity.

Cloyne.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Snow is still very deep.

—Mr. Hugh Pettiford has resumed the forge.

—Mrs. John Winters, sr., continues seriously indisposed.

—A party from Napanee captured some fine ling and salmon in Loon Lake a short time ago.

—Hotel-keepers think they have been placed in a dilemma by the Dominion License Act clashing with the Ontario law and are in a despondent mood. The circular of the Dominion License Inspector requesting applicants to enclose ten dollars for inspection and advertising arouses their suspicions as well as their temper.

—Mr. Burrows, I. P. S., held an examination of district third-class public school teachers on the 28th and 29th ult. at the town hall. Some four candidates were in attendance.

—Deer are said to be numerous in this vicinity and it is rumored a few thoughtless persons take advantage of their enfeebled and helpless condition to slaughter them, notwithstanding a strict prohibitory law during the close season. If this be true it is shameful, as neither the

WEEK'S

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—To-day a passe
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54.

JOHNSTONE,

Chief Inspector,
nox and Addington.

and located in North Adolphustown.....Mr. Wm. German is about to remove from our midst and locate north of Napanee.....Miss Ella Thompson, of Melrose, is visiting at Mr. R. Dingman's. Leap year, Richard; be careful.....Miss Joyce, of Adolphustown, is visiting her uncle, Mr. Geo. Joyce.....Our very efficient school teacher, Miss Connors, though the weather has not been very inviting, has been at her post every day to perform her work of instructing the youth.....Mr. R. Dingman and Thomas McWaindrove to Belleville on Sunday morning and returned at night. Short calls, Tommy.

—Owing to the ill health of Rev. Mr. Betts, we have been deprived to a certain extent of our regular appointments at Bethany, but Rev. I. O. Mallory, of Deseronto, has kindly consented to come over and preach to the good people of Bethany Sunday evening next. A full attendance is requested.

MUNICIPAL.—I take this opportunity of informing the Beaver correspondent from Shannonville that he was mistaken or could not have known anything about the council of North Fredericksburgh when he said, "That the council of North Fredericksburgh were sacking all the Tory officers." Now, Mr. Editor, I would like to inform that correspondent that the council did not, nor have not, sacked Tory officers, and I don't think that they intend to sack Tory officers, but that correspondent should have judgment enough to know that when an officer's time has expired and some one been appointed to fill the vacancy of such office, that said officer is not sacked, but simply failed to receive re-appointment to said office. The change in the council this year is receiving the sanction of all the electors of this section of the municipality, and they say that they are willing to elect them next year. So say we all.

—There is one young man in this neighborhood who thinks that he will make himself rich before settling down in marriage. He is so conniving and narrow-hearted that in settling up with his hired man this winter he charged him $2 for about an armful of straw that he had thrown out behind the barn and which the hired man carried home to bed his pig with. Richard says that he can live without it. CIPIO.

N. Fredericksburgh

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—The township council met on Feb. 25th, all the members present. The following is a summary of the business transacted:—The report of the committee on Treasurer's bonds, stating that a new and satisfactory bond had been given, was adopted. The printing and advertising for the year was awarded THE EXPRESS for $30. On motion $2 was remitted Mr. Wells for statute labor charged in error. The auditors' report was received and adopted and the auditors ordered to be paid $6 each. The old bond of the Treasurer was on motion discharged and the new bond ordered to be registered. On motion the taxes of the Widow Humphreys were ordered to be remitted. A petition was presented by Mr. Files, signed by thirty ratepayers, asking a grant to Geo. Loucks, an indigent. On motion $7 per month for two months was voted Loucks and $5 to Wm. Hagar till next meeting of council. The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—Hugh and Thos. Close, work on bridge at Close's Mills, 1883, $5.50; Jacob Smith, provisions to Wm. Hagar, $1.50; Deroche & Madden, law expenses, $14.40; A. B. Schryver, stationery, 50c. A petition was presented by Charles N. Weese, signed by seventeen others, asking the council to request all persons supposed to be encroaching on the road allowance, between the sixth and seventh concessions, leading from the Napanee and Kingston road to the boundary road between North Fredericksburgh and Ernestown, to move their fences so as to leave the road forty feet wide. Mr. Hough moved, seconded by Mr. Vandervoort, that the petition of Charles N. Weese and others be laid over till the next meeting of the council, and that the Clerk notify all parties who are supposed to be encroaching on the road allowance that there is a petition before the council asking them to request all parties encroaching on the road allowance to move their fences so as to leave the road forty feet wide. Carried. Mr. Wm. Chambers asked the council to have the road opened across lots Nos. 22 and 23 between the 4th and 5th concessions. Mr. Hough moved, seconded by Mr. Vandervoort, that the Clerk notify Mr. Chambers that the council will open the road across lots Nos. 22 and 23 between the 4th and 5th concessions, as soon as the statute labor can be performed thereon. Carried. Mr. Hough moved, seconded by Mr. Vandervoort, that the Clerk be instructed to write to the Inspector of Asylums and Prisons, Toronto, asking him to inspect the bridge at Close's Mills, and report to the council

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 85

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

IDAY, MARCH 7, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 17.

s. Mr. Vanalstine moved, sec- Post, that road beat No. 21 be di- ne between Mr. R. Collins' and ler's, for the convenience of all med, and be called road beat No. Denison be appointed pathmaster. by-law was then passed appoint- pers and fence viewers for the st moved, seconded by Mr. Vanal- ereas A. C. Parks, late clerk of lity, did of his own motion and he usual custom with municipal an order on the treasurer of this for the expenses of holding the or, presented an account for the h he received pay for services that ie had a right to perform for the y voted him, therefore this council he said Clerk should have taken , and resolves that in future the ring such accounts before the coun- them adjusted before payment is vote being taken Mr. Post and Mr. oted yea, and Mr. Carscallen and ay. The Reeve decided in the af- declared the motion carried. Mr. as appointed in conjunction with neer to examine the bridge across near Mr. Brechenridge's, on the , and if necessary rebuild said eport at next meeting. The Coun- rned till the last Monday in March

Newburgh.

spondence of THE EXPRESS.]

ESHIP.—In accordance with a no- urpose of nominating a person for place, the free and independent on Friday last to name their man. iard and non-billiard party were uccess. After calling the meeting returning officer stated in a brief ause for which the people were er. Dr. Aylsworth spoke with his nd fluency in favor of billiards, he game was a scientific one and mless one in itself, but that he did billiard rooms should be unre- thought the village council should to obviate the difficulty. He was Mr. Stickney, who wished to see it llage. Mr. A. Caton was the next said he believed it was a scientific t was so scientific that it kept p till twelve and one o'clock in the r. Aylsworth, in replying to Mr. ed that gentleman of ignorance for ame was not scientific. Mr. Caton he just said it was scientific. All Ir. Caton and who wished to be in- the true facts of the case must elighted with the able and cool hich he handled the subject. It is n fact to parties living in the vicin- liard saloon that it is open to a very

WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

THURSDAY, FEB. 28.

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—Lincoln and Cornwall hotel-keepers refuse to take out Dominion licenses. They agree to unite to resist Dominion interference.

—A Montreal insurance agent is reported to have absconded with $5,000 in cash, his prospective bride's dowry. He levanted on the eve of the wedding.

—Mrs. Robinson, of Windsor, Ont., died recently at the age of 113 years. Her husband is still living, and is 115 years old.

—The Indian troubles in the North-West have been quelled. Yellow Calf has surrendered.

—Mr. W. R. Climie, editor of the Bowmanville Sun, and his wife were presented yesterday evening on the occasion of their china wedding anni-

AMATEUR THEATRICALS AT BATH.

A few weeks ago some of the young people of this place met and organized a Dramatic Club, with Mr. E. G. Ferren as manager and Mr. A. Martyn as Sec.-Treas. On the evening of the 26th ult. the club played the fairy tale drama, "Cinderella, or, the Glass Slipper," in the town hall. The magnificent display on the stage surpassed anything ever seen in this place. The hall was filled at an early hour, and the curtain rose at eight, disclosing the stage, which was tastefully furnished and arranged. Following is a list of the dramatis personæ :—

Lord Easygoing, an old man, childish and henpecked.....Mr. W. Fraser.
Lady Disdain, his wife.....Mrs. E. G. Ferren.
Cinderella, his daughter.....Miss May Wemp.
Charlotte } Lady Disdain's daughters, Miss Hogle
Annabelle } Mrs. Kennedy.
Prince Amour.....Mr. J. M. Wemp.
Grimalda, Cinderella's godmother, an old fairy.....Mrs. T. Seaward.
Prince Amour's parents, Mr. A. Martyn. Miss Edna Hogle.
Herald Tim, the royal herald.....Mr. T. A. Seward.
Courtiers, Mrs. Max Robinson, Miss Mata Roblin, and Messrs. C. Cummins, C. Wemp, Max Robinson and Allan Wemp.

Miss Mary Wemp as Cinderella in scene I. appeared on the stage in a loose tattered dress of sprigged muslin, patched in various places, and with a cotton handkerchief covering her hair. In scene III. as a foreign princess she excited the admiration of all by the naturalness and graceful ease with which she enacted her part. The transformation from "drudge" to "princess" was indeed complete. The tattered dress disappeared in an instant when touched by the fairy wand, and in its stead was seen a lovely ball-dress of white tissue, with ample trailing draperies. Her face was concealed by a veil fastened to a coronet of pearls. Pearl necklace.

The part of Lady Disdain was admirably sustained by Mrs. E. Gautier Ferren, who certainly possesses dramatic talent of a high order. In the first scene she appeared richly attired in garnet satin, trimmed with pompons and marabout feathers, and in lace cap. Ornaments, rubies. In scene III., at Prince Amour's ball, she was elegantly dressed in a mauve silk petticoat, with pink bodice, train beautifully trimmed with silver lace and crescents. Head-dress of plumes. Silver ornaments.

Miss Annie Hogle, as the daughter of Lady Disdain, appeared in scene I. in a dress of fine texture and color, lace head-dress and golden ornaments. In scene III. in her costume of rich green brocaded satin with train lavishly trimmed with stars of burnished gold, she presented an exceedingly handsome and dignified appearance.

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er man, and in seeing that his own
tected he will guard the rights of
as an extensive and practical busi-
n which cannot fail to make him
remost members of the County
nen the proper time comes Mr.
ot now will doubt in reference to the
n what is right, but it is in no way
e proprietor of it will obtain a li-
e Council again for the nominal

SOCIETY.—Last Friday evening the
ety was treated to a lecture on
r. F. Miller, B.A. In a concise way
ated the two great theories held by
the mode of finding the rate at
ravels and the sources of light, but
cause of the light of the sun was
He illustrated several important
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—Mr. W. R. Climie, editor of the Bowmanville Sun, and his wife were presented yesterday evening on the occasion of their china wedding anniversary with a handsome dinner set of 110 pieces and several other valuable articles.

—Rev. G. W. Lane, of Halifax, who recently paid a fine of $200 for performing a marriage ceremony without the production of a license by the couple, has been presented by friends with a purse of $345.

—Mr. Boyle, of Quebec city, father of a large family, was instantly killed yesterday by a kick from his horse. He had just returned from attending mass.

—Frederick T. Bradley, the defaulting ex-collector of customs at Emerson, Man., died last evening.

—A bill was introduced by Mr. Curran in the House of Commons at Ottawa recently to re-arrange the debt and raise capital for the purpose of doubling the Grand Trunk railway track from Toronto to Montreal.

—A fire broke out this morning in the apartments of Cornelius Van Piper, Stanton-street, New York. Van Piper and his three children were burned to death. Mrs. Van Piper jumped from a third-storey window and was killed.

FRIDAY, FEB. 29.

—A sleigh containing five persons was struck by a Midland Railway engine to-day while crossing the track 9 miles from Peterborough. Miss Reid, of Ashburnham, was killed and the others were slightly hurt.

—This morning the Pullman and passenger coaches on the G. T. R. fast express were thrown from the track near Prescott. Both cars were dragged 20 feet when the coupling broke and the derailed cars were turned over. Several of the passengers were injured. The cause of the accident was a broken rail.

—A discharged employee named Chave of a convent near Marseilles killed the Lady Superior with a revolver and mortally wounded her companion to-day.

—Wm. Moore, colored, was hanged at Franklin, La., to-day for the murder of a Chinaman last spring. Half a minute after the trap was sprung it was ascertained that the rope was too long and that the feet of the culprit were upon the floor. He was raised to the platform and the rope shortened.

SATURDAY, MARCH 1.

—Joseph Beach shot and killed his wife and himself at New Hartford, Dakota, this morning. The trouble arose over the possession of one of their children.

—A half-witted youth of Sandwich confesses to having burned four buildings in that town.

—The steamer Juliet was burned at Halifax today. It is thought she was laden with oil cake or petroleum.

—Fifteen thousand dollars were found concealed in the bed and sewed in the dresses of an old lady who has just died at Essex Centre, Ont.

—A roll of American cloth containing 45 packages of dynamite has been discovered in London, Eng.

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Great credit is due Mrs. T. A. Seaward for the charming manner in which she played the fairy. Her costume, though differing from the rest, as a fairy costume should, was very appropriate. The character was well sustained throughout, and the fairy at the prince's ball attracted considerable attention.

Miss Edna Hogle, the queen, was handsomely dressed in terra cotta silk, trimmed with swan's down. Over this was thrown a mantle of pink brocaded silk, trimmed with swan's down. She wore a silver crown set with torquoise and garnets, fastened to which was a veil of tulle. In her role she could hardly be surpassed. The dignity, self possession and unassuming grace which marked every movement proved that she was well fitted for the part she enacted. The queen seated upon a high throne beside the king, in the third and fourth scenes, with the courtiers bowing before them and conversing gayly in groups, made a picture of splendor and beauty which will not soon be forgotten.

Mrs. Max Robinson, lady-in-waiting on the Queen, was handsomely attired in a black brocaded satin petticoat with train, pale pink brocaded satin bodice, very neatly and prettily trimmed with exquisite, which was very becoming. Ornaments, old gold and pearls.

Miss Mata Roblin was beautifully dressed in myrtle-green brocaded satin, pink chenille fichu and roses. Gold ornaments.

The gentlemen exhibited considerable dramatic talent. To see the highly creditable manner in which Messrs. Wemp, Fraser and Seaward performed a critical observer would conclude that they were professionals. Mr. J. H. Wemp as the ardent and chivalrous Prince Amour made a decided hit. Lord Easy-going and Bully Tin were also well personated by Mr. Fraser and Mr. Seaward, and their appearance on the stage was a signal for long-continued applause.

The entertainment concluded with an amusing farce, "The Phantom," in which the following persons took part:—Mrs. Max Robinson, Miss Mata Roblin, and Messrs. Max Robinson, A. Wemp and O. Bale.

The Dramatic Club of Bath intend to give an entertainment in Stella Town Hall Tuesday evening, 8th inst.

A SPORTSMAN'S DEFENCE.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—Allow me through your columns to reply to an article written by a Mr. C. Scanlin in the Napanee Beaver, Dec. 16th, 1885. This untruthful individual arrived here Nov. 8th, a perfect stranger, and wanted to accompany me on my annual hunt; and as I had made my arrangements previously, and had heard of Mr. C.'s character the night he arrived from a young man hailing from his own township, who pronounced him the meanest and most miserly man in the County; such an introduction was quite sufficient. He claimed to be one of the party, but in reality he was an intruder. He acknowledges that he does not belong to any hunting club, therefore such a man is not worthy to be called a sportsman.

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..., it is said, had a vision of his
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...ere has been a falling off in the
... and a contraction of the busi-
...eat and small lumbering firms,
...logs will be quite large in this vi-
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...rn trip from Madoc "turn-ups"
...ent for Hughy, the driver, on the
...roads were badly drifted by the
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...nasal organ presents a bruised and
...arance since coming in contact
...f a muscular man's arm, though
...was said to be slight, not even
...aret.

...ber of fanning mills shipped in
...f Vennacher and the Snow Road
... there is evidently going to be
..." among the agriculturists in that
... are shipped by a firm in Tren-

...rney occupying 26 days, Mr. T.L.
... from "Vaterland" on Monday in
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...mpestuous. He is visiting his
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...his future home.

Arden.

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...Our esteemed friend, Mr. W. W.
...on Monday, March 3rd, in the collec-
...ily gathering, it being his birthday,
...ends, including the minister, Rev. J.
...ffe, sat down to a sumptuous dinner,
...rite of Christian baptism was admin-
...oungest scion of the Pringle family in
...seven months' old daughter, who was
...in the name of Susan Mary. The ser-
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—At Windsor, Mo., two masked men last night entered the house of Benjamin H. Wells, aged 65, in the presence of his wife. They demanded money on entering, and not waiting for an answer shot and killed Wells.

MONDAY, MARCH 3.

—Edward O'Connor lost his way Saturday night while returning from Manchester to Port Albert with a load of brick. When found the next day he was badly frozen, and died before reaching his home.

—Two children of Mr. Charles Caron of Three Rivers, Que., aged 2 and 4 years, were suffocated by smoke last Wednesday night. Their mother locked them in a room and left the house, and it is supposed the fire was caused by the children playing with matches.

—A reward of £1,000 is offered for the detection of the authors of the recent dynamite outrages in London, Eng.

—It is stated that an alliance has been formed between Russia, Germany and Austria against England.

TUESDAY, MARCH 4.

—The Orangemen of Dublin have been summoned to oppose the Nationalist meeting announced to be held at Londonderry on St. Patrick's day.

—The Globe newspaper was forty years old today.

—There are 276 convicts in the Central Prison, Toronto.

—One of the Stevenson brother, the two half-breeds sentenced to death at Regina some time ago, is to be hanged on the 14th inst.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5.

—Prescott hotel-keepers will raise the price of drinks to ten cents.

—The second conference of North-West farmers met at Winnipeg and is now in session.

—Mr. Spurgeon, the eminent Baptist divine, has fallen heir to a large fortune.

—Mr. G. A. Cook, Independent Liberal, was elected for South Oxford yesterday by a majority of 117.

—It is understood the Attorney-General of Quebec has decided not recognize the Dominion License Act.

Hard to Believe.

It is hard to believe that a man was cured of a Kidney disease after his body was swollen as big as a barrel and he had been given up as incurable and lay at death's door. Yet such a cure was accomplished by Kidney-Wort in the person of M. M. Devereaux of Ionia, Mich., who says: "After thirteen of the best doctors in Detroit had given me up, I was cured by Kidney-Wort. I want every one to know what a boon it is."

...ALENTOSE. Gold Dust.

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He also states that he could not recommend any person to come to me for the pleasure of sport. I do not want such a man's recommendation, as he is not truthful in his attempt to mislead the public by writing such fabrications which appear to be his natural propensity, for he asserts that he killed a bear and a deer, which the accompanying letter, signed by parties who were present, emphatically contradicts. I am also prepared to meet this person any time or place and to prove to the public, by his own friends, his false assertions which were so little called for through the press. Mr. C. S., as a marksman, is a rank failure, he having one day fired five times at a deer under the most favorable circumstances without effect, as can be proved by the party that were present, and which he also acknowledged. This so humiliated him that he left in disgust and gave his Winchester rifle in charge of a friend likely to make better use of it, saying at the same time he never would return.

Any one wanting a Winchester rifle might find it to their advantage to correspond with Charles Scanlin, Marysville P. O.

Again, in referring to Mr. C. S.'s penuriousness, Mr. Potter, of this village, can bear testimony to his ungentlemanly behaviour towards him when here, and wishes to make it known.

And now, in conclusion, I would advise Mr. C. S. for the future not to romance or try to take to himself credit which belongs to others.

Respectfully,
T. BLATE.

Campbellford, Feb. 18, 1884.

COPY OF LETTER ABOVE REFERRED TO.

Mathune Camp, Jan. 9, 1884.

T. BLATE, Esq.—

Dear Sir,—Your letter has just come to hand, in which you expressed a wish that I would make a statement of the particulars of the result of our hunt at Yake's Lake last fall. Well, sir, to begin, the party consisted of yourself as captain, John Drain, A. Sharp, A. Shareden and C. Armstrong. In three days we killed five deer and one bear, three of the deer being shot by yourself, one by A. Shareden and one by C. Armstrong. In killing the bear we were annoyed by a greenhorn by the name of Scanlin who came in the day before we left with a rifle and a small jug of whiskey. He asked to be allowed to see the bear killed, the bear having been previously found in a den. As soon as the bear came out, this Scanlin commenced firing, and either through fear or excitement came near shooting two of the party. However, sir, you soon fixed his business.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the above statement is in every way correct.

CHARLES ARMSTRONG.
JOHN DRAIN.
ALEXANDER SHARP.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office—McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE M.D, M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C, Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT. Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who

housing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity,) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave yon to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD.

AGRICULTU

The Best Bacon.

The best bacon is made fro
will not weigh more than
when dressed. The rashers o
the bacon are cut lengthwise of
about half of the sides are
portion next the backbone is
lacks in muscle and is not so
account. When bacon is mad
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—the whole of the sides are
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meat is packed closely, put o
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meat and give it a rank tast
way to cure bacon is to rub
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bacon and then pile it up one
another, and let the mixtur
After three days rub and pile
A week after rub again and
putting the flesh side up
The mixture should be divid
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WILLIAMS & WILSON.
Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. T. LESLIE, Proprietor.
(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, Proprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms $1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

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D. C. FORWARD,
41-tf. Managing Director.

NAPANEE

PLANING MILLS.

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

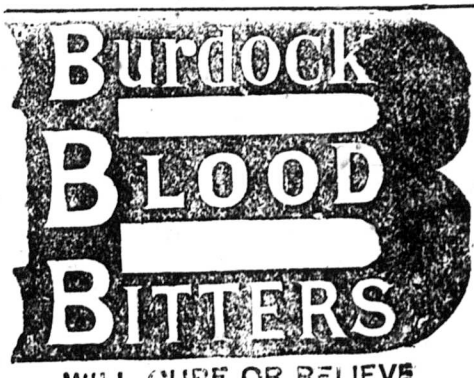
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings.

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,
NAPANEE.



WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE,
DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and

portunities they possessed sheep. It is true they did n great plains that exist in t portion of Canada and the Uni where one person could ke thousand sheep, and where t securing hay was very light. had other and perhaps greater The production of wool and m alike profitable. There was a market for early lambs. Th the aggregate, a large amount was unfit for ganeral tillage. was rough, stony or broken, siderable portion of it was part ed with trees and bushes. It ficult to mow as to plough it. duced a great variety of c grasses, and portions of it wou good crops of oats, rye, barl corn, and roots. Materials f protections for sheep were abundant. Streams and spri water were everywhere within of the flocks. There were animals or dogs. The majority could keep a hundred sheep additional expense. What is t provinces is also true of m States where very few sheep The example of Vermont far spect to keeping sheep, dese followed by the farmers of th south who have large portions suited to general tillage. T largely increase their revenu greatly increasing their labor, a flock of sheep.

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Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

YOUR FORTUNE!

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps we wil send by mail, post paid as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [31]

best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,
NAPANEE.

Burdock Blood Bitters

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE.	OF THE HEART,
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM,	THE STOMACH,
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T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp. Ben Vandelf
Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

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The buyer retired behind lumber and kicked himself.

Miss Flood Jilts a Fortune Lord.

Miss Jennie Flood, the heiress, who is reported by paper to be engaged to a Brit in this city, and emphatically report. It is understood, too Flood denies that she was jilted Grant, but claims the match was off by mutual consent. Miss accomplished and amiable lady esteemed by all who know possesses in her own right $2, Government bonds, presented recent birthday.

The English noble referred London paper is believed to Beamont, who was in San Fr long since. It is understood young noble made overtures for of the wealthy young heiress manded a dower of $5,000,000, man Flood indignantly refused *Tribune.*

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AGRICULTURAL.

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Places for Raising Sheep

Prof. Brown, of the Agricultural College at Guelph, Ont., recently visited portions of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and took occasion to inform the farmer that they did not improve the opportunities they possessed for raising sheep. It is true they did not have the great plains that exist in the western portion of Canada and the United States, where one person could keep several thousand sheep, and where the labor of securing hay was very light. But they had other and perhaps greater advantages, The production of wool and mutton were alike profitable. There was an excellent market for early lambs. There was, in the aggregate, a large amount of land that was unfit for general tillage. Much of it

THE IRON HORSE IN JAPAN.

Peculiarities of Railroading in the Land of the Rising Sun.

A trip from Yokohama to Tekio serves to elicit some interesting details of Japananese railroading, writes a correspondent from the latter city. Entering the spacious stone depot at Yokhama, the traveller finds separate waiting rooms for the various classes of patronage, with seats provided in the first and second-class apartments. Three or four hundred natives are crowding around the third-class ticket office, and it is wonderful in how short a time their wants are attended to. The windows open only a few minutes before train time, and, according to rule of the government, are closed from two to five minutes before the departure of the train, in order to secure punctuality.

Having purchsaed your ticket, you pass through the gate, where some one punches the ticket, and enter one of the cars. These cars are not wholly English, nor yet wholly American. In fact, there are all sorts of arrangements. Some are autotypes of the American street car, with tiny platforms at either end, and seats arranged parallel with the direction of the train. But the following general arrangement is the common one: The first class cars have the English compartment system, with seats upholstered in leather; the second-class have full length seats, with front and rear platforms, and the third-class have wooden seats, arranged according to the American plan, but are provided with side doors, sometimes as many as six to a car. The awkwardness of this mixture of styles is apparent when it is stated that all those doors have to be opened and closed successively upon the arrival or departure of a train from any depot, and that by one, or at most two, trainmen.

All the train officials are Japanese, and it is very seldom that you will find one that can speak even "pigeon English." They look quite attractive in their European uniform. When the railway was opened, all the positions in its gift were filled by foreignors., but to-day there are only half a dozen of these left, and it is doubtful whether they have come to stay or not. They occupy the most responsible positions, and it is quite impossible to get them to say anything about their business, owing to the superfluous restrictions imposed upon them by the government. Some of them are so "mum" that they will not answer the simplest question of fact. This illustrates the national secretiveness, which is still the policy of the country.

The ticket which you have purchased contains certain regulations printed upon it in six different languages, which is an illustration of the ceremoniousness cultivated by Japanese in every department of

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Agriculture in Japan.

During recent years agriculture has made much progress in Japan, although the area of land under cultivation is still comparatively small. Four-fifths of the population is engaged in agricultural pursuits, and in few countries could such an extensive variety of products be raised. Rice still continues to be the staple product, and on it the people mainly subsist. A strange perversion of taste among the Japanese is that they eat all their fruits when green, ripe fruit being considered unfit for use. There are no fences in Japan, raised ridges of earth taking their place. The great need of the country now is stock, and it is probable that before long stock raising will receive more attention than it has in the past.

He Was Mistaken.

A farmer approached a grain buyer at Manitou, Manitoba, recently, with a load of wheat. The buyer opened a bag and

It is very seldom that you will find one that can speak even "pigeon English." They look quite attractive in their European uniform. When the railway was opened, all the positions in its gift were filled by foreignors., but to-day there are only half a dozen of these left, and it is doubtful whether they have come to stay or not. They occupy the most responsible positions, and it is quite impossible to get them to say anything about their business, owing to the superfluous restrictions imposed upon them by the government. Some of them are so "mum" that they will not answer the simplest question of fact. This illustrates the national secretiveness, which is still the policy of the country.

The ticket which you have purchased contains certain regulations printed upon it in six different languages, which is an illustration of the ceremoniousness cultivated by Japanese in every department of the national service, as well as in the commonest matters of every day life. The depot bell rings, the conductor blows his mouth whistle (which is, in the absence of the bell ropes, the invariable method of communicating with the engine driver), the engine answers with a shrill scream, and the long train rumbles slowly out of the depot. Perhaps the engine is painted of a uniform green of the most brilliant hue. The speed is slow all the way, but clockwork was never more accurate, and a train behind time is a thing unheard of. The road is double-tracked, and the train equipped with every modern convenience except steam brakes. The gage is 3 feet and 6 inches, which is the standard throughout Japan. This is a cross between the standard gauge of 4 feet 8 inches and the narrow gauge of 3 feet which prevails in America. In Australia, I am told, where a great many hundred miles of railroad are in successful operation, an anomalous gauge of 5 feet and 3 inches has been adopted.

The rails rest upon iron "chairs" one yard apart according to the English system, which adds about one-third to the cost of building a railroad, and which is not found anywhere in America, I believe. The roadbed is superbly ballasted, and I suppose a very high rate of speed would be practicable; but the Japanese are content to travel the 18 miles in 50 minutes, and there are no trains which could fairly be called fast in America, much less England.

A determined case of suicide by drowning recently occurred off the Semaphore, Australia. A passenger on the steamer "Tiverton," named James Byrns, said "good-bye" to some fellow-passengers, and jumped overboard near the bell buoy. A life-buoy was thrown to his assistance, but he made no effort to gain it. A boat was lowered and pulled to the spot where the man was last seen, but the body had disappeared. His luggage was overhauled, and as no money was found it is thought the rash act may have been committed owing to pecuniary difficulties.

Another family tragedy has taken place

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largely increase their revenues without greatly increasing their labor, by keeping a flock of sheep.

Agriculture in Japan.

During recent years agriculture has made much progress in Japan, although the area of land under cultivation is still comparatively small. Four-fifths of the population is engaged in agricultural pursuits, and in few countries could such an extensive variety of products be raised. Rice still continues to be the staple product, and on it the people mainly subsist. A strange perversion of taste among the Japanese is that they eat all their fruits when green, ripe fruit being considered unfit for use. There are no fences in Japan, raised ridges of earth taking their place. The great need of the country now is stock, and it is probable that before long stock raising will receive more attention than it has in the past.

He Was Mistaken.

A farmer approached a grain buyer at Manitou, Manitoba, recently, with a load of wheat. The buyer opened a bag and examined the cereal critically.

"Your wheat has been damaged by frost," said the buyer.

"Shouldn't wonder if it had," replied the farmer. "Blame it anyway. I never took so much pains with anything as I did with that wheat. I papered my granary, side it, shingled it, lined it—did everything but put a stove in it—and hanged if it don't seem as if it was bound to freeze. Why, old man, that wheat was harvested last year when there was no frost, and if it hadn't been for freezing in the granary, I guess it would have been all right."

The buyer retired behind a pile of lumber and kicked himself.

Miss Flood Jilts a Fortune-Hunting Lord.

Miss Jennie Flood, the California heiress, who is reported by a London paper to be engaged to a British peer, is in this city, and emphatically denies the report. It is understood, too that Miss Flood denies that she was jilted by young Grant, but claims the match was broken off by mutual consent. Miss Flood is an accomplished and amiable lady, highly esteemed by all who know her. She possesses in her own right $2,500,000 in Government bonds, presented to her on a recent birthday.

The English noble referred to in the London paper is believed to be Lord Beamont, who was in San Francisco not long since. It is understood that the young noble made overtures for the hand of the wealthy young heiress, but demanded a dower of $5,000,000, which old man Flood indignantly refused.—*Chicago Tribune.*

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Another family tragedy has taken place in the Margarethen suburb of Vienna, a shoemaker having killed his son in a fit of passion. It appears that the father is an honest man, and generally respected in the neighborhood, while the son was most dissipated and universally disliked, owing to his brutality and roughness. Recently he returned home late at night and demanded money, which his father refused. He then became so violent that his father, in a moment of excitement, seized a stick and struck his son, injuring him so severely that he had to be transported to the hospital, where he died.

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired, All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock,

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

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Shawls Dyed
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HORSE IN JAPAN.

Railroading in the Land the Rising Sun.

Yokohama to Tokio serves interesting details of Jading, writes a correspondtter city. Entering the depot at Yokhama, the separate waiting rooms for ses of patronage, with seats he first and second-class Three or four hundred naling around the third-class nd it is wonderful in how eir wants are attended to. pen only a few minutes be, and, according to rule of t, are closed from two to fore the departure of the to secure punctuality. chsaed your ticket, you he gate, where some one cket, and enter one of the ars are not wholly English, American. In fact, there arrangements. Some are the American street car, forms at either end, and parallel with the direction But the following general the common one: The have the English compartwith seats upholstered in econd-class have full length nt and rear platforms, and s have wooden seats, arng to the American plan, ed with side doors, someas six to a car. The awkis mixture of styles is apt is stated that all those be opened and closed suc the arrival or departure of ny depot, and that by one, , trainmen.

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Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was introduced to the American people several years ago in such a manner as to completely secure the confidence of the whole nation. The mode of introduction was by furnishing the remedy to those afflicted with Hernia in any of its various forms and collecting no pay until a permanent cure was effected. In this way the treatment gained a world-wide reputation on its own merits, never failing to cure any reducible Hernia. The Company has at the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture, or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-Seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies sold only in Napanee by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Adjoining the Brisco House.

FIRST CLASS RIGS.

MODERATE CHARGES.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs.

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS,

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneap-

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FIRST CLASS RIGS.

MODERATE CHARGES.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS.

Are p. ant to take. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up. Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned, Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY, Water-st., Napanee.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

L. E. SMITH

ries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

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All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.

CHICAGO.

THE Great HERBAL Tonic
FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH
A Blood Purifier
CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH CURE

GUARANTEE:—After fair trial, with no relief or cure effected, your money will be refunded. PRICE, $1.00.

Sold by

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS.
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years

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URABLE, EFFECTIVE LLY FINISHED.

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A" Sewing Machine,

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BSTER & BOYES,
16 Dundas-st., Napanee.

making department of our es to turn out the best work Long experience and the materials enables us to give y time. W. & B.

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Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

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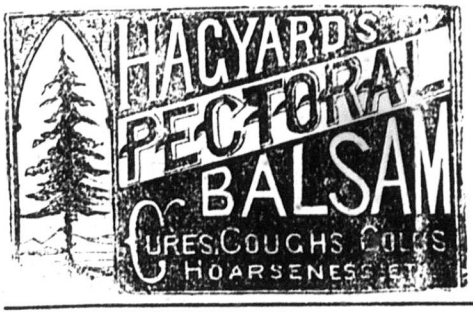

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Just received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
Briscoe House Block.

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

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Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still using, and, although not perfectly cured, I am so much improved that I heartily recommend it any one suffering from the same disease. While taking it for the above disease, a severe pain, which I had in my side, has entirely left me.

MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 17 Stafford St., Toronto.

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefits I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"We never speak as we pass by!" We have exchanged cooks.

There is a kingdom of love for every man and woman who is willing to accept its laws. The secret of winning these crowns is an open one, and he who runs may read it. Direct your thoughts from yourself and fix them upon others, study their weaknesses, and wants, and minister to them.

There is something curious about it all. Last year the grain crop was short in Canada, and all over America, and the supposition was that in consequence the markets would become brisk and prices stiffen up. That has not been the case, however. Now we are informed on good authority that at Liverpool, New York, Chicago, and other great grain centres there is a glut of grain, so that even storage room is becoming difficult to obtain. Has there been an overproduction in agriculture as well as in manufactures? It looks like it.

Wendell Phillips was a strong advocate of woman's rights, and he has left tangible evidence behind him that he was a firm believer in the doctrines that he preached in this respect. He was worth nearly quarter of a million dollars and he willed the whole of it unconditionally to his wife. That is woman's rights for you in good earnest. If he had a sensible wife, as he no doubt was convinced that he had, he made a very desirable will. Advocates of woman's rights should reduce their theories right down to practical every day life all the way through. The world would sooner have a race of real practical business women if more trusts were usually committed to their care.

Complaints are pretty loud that a great many of the visitors to Montreal during Carnival week were pretty well fleeced. The hotels were full and the drivers busy, and it is said that double prices, and sometimes even more, were charged for necessary accommodation. We hope that these accounts are exaggerated. It is an easy thing to get a bad reputation for extortion among travellers, and it is a hard thing to get rid of it again. Niagara Falls is a notable illustration of this fact. Of course travellers soon get shy of places of evil repute, and no doubt many will stay away from Montreal's next carnival because of the reports now being circulated. Toronto must be careful of its reputation in this respect in connection with its great gatherings.

Some of the United States papers show a good deal of indignation over the fact that when it becomes necessary to purchase sea-worthy ships to go north in connection start is made all round. How many years of debt and anxiety are often thus brought about, and how many business failures come in direct consequence? It would be hard to change the present custom for one of presents of a practical and sensible character, of such things as young beginners most need, but such a change would be an excellent one.

Two gentlemen from the Western States, travellers, were arrested in Montreal last week at the station, for carrying revolvers in their belts, Western ashion, and fined at the Police Court for the serious offence against the Canadian law for carrying deadly weapons. Some of the daily papers are trying to get up some indignation against thus pouncing on travellers. It may be the strangers did not know what our laws are about carrying revolvers round where they can be used with deadly effect on the first impulse. If they did not, they are very ignorant men, and will be apt to know better in future. Even if in this particular instance a hardship was done, it is quite probable that good will come out of it in the long run. It will do a good deal towards spreading the information in the West and South, that when men come to Canada, they had better leave their revolvers behind—that *others* do not carry such deadly weapons here, and therefore *they* need not do so,—in fact *must* not do so. The carrying of revolvers in belts, in railway trains, or anywhere else, is a dangerous and ugly custom, and it is due to all Canadian travellers, and all other travellers through Canada, that our authorities should stop the practice as efficiently as possible. A railway traveller armed with a whiskey flask and a loaded revolver, or either for that matter, is a dangerous passenger. The emptying of one is likely to rouse a spirit for emptying the other.

FOR THE FEMININES.

A model woman: A poser.

A bosom friend: A good laundress.

To call a little girl dear is making game of her.

It is no sign that a child will be fond of the sea because when a baby it exhibits a wailing disposition.

A Vermont town has a young ladies' society called "The Old Girls." Well, leap-year is the time to get even.

"No," said a fond mother, speaking proudly of her 25-year-old daughter; "no, Mary isn't old enough to marry yet. She cries whenever any one scolds her, and until she becomes hardened enough to talk back vigorously she isn't fit for a wife."

"She (softly): "I shall never forget this night and this ball." He (tenderly): "Tell me—why?" "And that last waltz!"

IN A HOT BOX.

The Brakeman Tells Hi

"Was I ever in an accide
the brakeman, as he took o
readjusted his necktie, and
imaginary dust after putting
the heater. "Never had a
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A Talk About House-P

"A plant breathes as truly
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Complaints are pretty loud that a great many of the visitors to Montreal during Carnival week were pretty well fleeced. The hotels were full and the drivers busy, and it is said that double prices, and sometimes even more, were charged for necessary accommodation. We hope that these accounts are exaggerated. It is an easy thing to get a bad reputation for extortion among travellers, and it is a hard thing to get rid of it again. Niagara Falls is a notable illustration of this fact. Of course travellers soon get shy of places of evil repute, and no doubt many will stay away from Montreal's next carnival because of the reports now being circulated. Toronto must be careful of its reputation in this respect in connection with its great gatherings.

Some of the United States papers show a good deal of indignation over the fact that when it becomes necessary to purchase sea-worthy ships to go north in connection with the Greely expedition, the Government make purchase of ships in Great Britain. Large sums have been paid out in that way, and yet it is pretty evident that the Washington authorities did a wise thing in making these foreign purchases. Ship building has been a protected industry in the United States for many years, but there is no denying the fact that the business has not had a healthy growth, for that or for some other good reason. Both the mercantile and the war navy of the United States is now in a much worse condition than for many a year before, and things are growing worse instead of better.

Every few days there are reports of fresh immigrant arrivals from Great Britain, and as most of them are dependent on work at once for their maintenance, they have to be provided for. It is painfully evident that for some time to come there will not probably be sufficient work for all our present labouring population. The question of increased immigration, of the laboring class especially, must be faced soon, and the sooner the better. There is no use of encouraging labourers to seek homes in Canada when we have no labor for them. There is no reason why we should encourage men and women to come here and then sustain them out of the hard earnings of the tax payers, because they cannot just now earn for themselves, even though quite willing to labor. Probably there never was a more favorable time for farmers, with some capital, to come here; but such is certainly not the case as regards either mechanics or mere laborers.

Years ago a great deal was said about the "Chinese Wall" and the exclusiveness of that country against "outside barbarians." Times are certainly changing and already it is becoming more difficult for the Chinese to obtain an entrance in the United States than for a citizen of

one is likely to rouse a spirit for emptying the other.

FOR THE FEMININES.

A model woman : A poser.

A bosom friend : A good laundress.

To call a little girl dear is making game of her.

It is no sign that a child will be fond of the sea because when a baby it exhibits a wailing disposition.

A Vermont town has a young ladies' society called "The Old Girls." Well, leap-year is the time to get even.

"No," said a fond mother, speaking proudly of her 25-year-old daughter ; "no, Mary isn't old enough to marry yet. She cries whenever any one scolds her, and until she becomes hardened enough to talk back vigorously she isn't fit for a wife."

"She (softly): "I shall never forget this night and this ball." He (tenderly): "Tell me—why ?" "And that last waltz !" He : "You entrance me ! Then I have impressed you ?" She (more softly than ever): "Yes ! You've about smashed two of my toes !"

The new mother was bitterly lamenting that her first-born was cross-eyed, and the father, after looking at the baby for a second, said, encouragingly : "Never mind, Martha. If he's cross-eyed he'll never be a masher. There's some consolation in that."

Little Nell—"Mamma, what is color blind ?" Mamma—"Inability to tell one color from another, dear." Little Nell—"Then I dess the man that made my g'ography is color blind." Mamma—"And why, pet ?" Little Nell—"Tause he got Greenland painted yellow."

To empty a theatre in case of fire the act-drop should be lowered. All the men will rush out by force of habit, and the women will sit still, as usual in such cases, and a panic will be prevented. This suggestion is freely offered for what it is worth. It is not patented.

They were in the parlor and she was playing the piano and singing the new song, "Oh, Where Have the Old Folks Gone !" He wanted to be funny, and said : "Guess they're gone to bed by this time." "Don't you be so sure about that," answered the charming girl ; "pa may be out in the back yard at this moment letting the dog loose."

The two-headed girl got mad at her manager in a museum the other day, and turned loose on him with both of her tongues. The human curiosities all fainted, the animals in the cages tried to get away, and a St. Louis man stood and listened a moment, smiled sociably, and said : "With a little more practice I'd back her agin my old woman."

"Humph !" ejaculated a husband, as he noticed the "ladies' corner" of his family paper, "they may confine them to one corner of a newspaper, but at home the

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A Talk About House-l

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"Indeed, they are alive, a they need the intelligent c by all living creatures which moved from their natural Nature takes care of all when they are where she p In a case like this, wherei serving plants that need sum through a winter's cold, we r supply her place, and as fa adopt her methods. It is multitudes do not understa that so many house-plants ar dying condition."

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pendent on work at once for their maintenance, they have to be provided for. It is painfully evident that for some time to come there will not probably be sufficient work for all our present labouring population. The question of increased immigration, of the laboring class especially, must be faced soon, and the sooner the better. There is no use of encouraging labourers to seek homes in Canada when we have no labor for them. There is no reason why we should encourage men and women to come here and then sustain them out of the hard earnings of the tax payers, because they cannot just now earn for themselves, even though quite willing to labor. Probably there never was a more favorable time for farmers, with some capital, to come here; but such is certainly not the case as regards either mechanics or mere laborers.

Years ago a great deal was said about the "Chinese Wall" and the exclusiveness of that country against "outside barbarians." Times are certainly changing and already it is becoming more difficult for the Chinese to obtain an entrance in the United States than for a citizen of the latter country to enter China. The cry of certain classes, for years, has been "the Chinese must go," and both law and brute force has been pretty freely applied to enforce their exclusion. A bill has recently been reported in the Senate at Washington to further amend the law in regard to the admission of Chinese emigrants. The Philadelphia *American* says of it that it substantially creates an elaborate passport system, under the supervision of our consuls abroad and our Government officials at home. Every Chinaman who goes back to his native country is debarred from returning unless he satisfies an American consul in China that he has been already a resident of the United States. The law also provides for the summary arrest and return of those landing in America contrary to law. Where is the Chinese wall located now?

In many instances the mistaken kindness of real friends turns out an absolute cruelty for many years, if not for all after life. Is not this very frequently the case in regard to the kind of wedding presents given? A young lady, for example, very popular among her friends is about being married and there pour into her scores of rich and valuable presents of plate, and china, and fancy parlor ornaments purchased almost regardless of expense. In a large proportion of instances such presentations turn out a positive injury instead of the source of pleasure they are intended. How out of place such things would look in a house furnished as plainly as the means of most young beginners would easily pay for. Of course the temptation of an ambitious young husband is to provide other things somewhat in keeping and so he goes considerably beyond his means, and so an extravagant

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"Humph!" ejaculated a husband, as he noticed the "ladies' corner" of his family paper, "they may confine them to one corner of a newspaper, but at home the whole business isn't big enough for them." He had been trying to find an old pair of pantaloons, and every closet, nook, and corner that he looked into bulged with feminine draperies.

Curious Growth on a Boy's Ears.

A colored boy from Virginia, 15 years of age, recently presented himself at the Maryland University hospital to have an operation performed for a curious formation on his ears. The growth is know as keloid, a kind of connective tissue tumor, covers the ears almost entirely, giving him the appearance of having elephant's ears. The one on the right ear measured eight inches across and twenty-five inches in circumference. The one on the left ear was almost six inches across. The weight of both tumors when removed was three pounds six ounces. One has been growing since the boy was 4 years old, and has been cut off three times; the other has been forming six months. They were hard, fibrous masses. The formations are said to occur more frequently on the ear than elsewhere on the body, and to be more common among colored persons than among the whites. They are not malignant and not cancerous. The cause of such growth is not definitely known. The surgeon was able to save a good portion of each ear. They were successfully removed by cautery, and the patient is doing well. He came on in the summer for treatment, but it was deemed best to put off the operation till winter. His physician is with him and his health is good. There are two similiar formations on his breast, but it is thought that those will pass away as he grows older. The boy has suffered no pain in consequence of his deformities.—*Baltimore American.*

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"Now, Amy, I will teach water the pots," Mrs. Cli "The water, you see, has be in the flower-room all night, its temperature. That dra from the well would be mu and even as it is I shall add water to take the chill off, very sensitive to a sudden ch cold water. No, don't pou pots from that pitcher. T not fall so, and as Webb sa imitate nature. This water a fine rose will enable you them slowly, and the soil ca moisture naturally and equ plants need water much as food, regularly, often, and n at a time. Let this surface pots be your guide. It shou perfectly dry, and still less sodden with moisture; nor s ture ever stand in the saucer pots, unless the plants are s like this calla lily. You w learn to treat each plant c plants according to its na amount of water which that c would kill this heath, and needed by the heath would b of that cactus over there."

"Oh, dear!" cried Amy, left alone in the care of your I should out-Herod Herod in ter of the innocents."—*Harpe*

Jane.—"Just look at this. item in the paper saying th Milwaukee man has created by announcing that he is go his servant girl." Bridget.- think it would make a sen idee of a respectable gurrel g liberty in that way!" Jane. becoming a mere mistress, to blame and get no pay!" Bri ought to be content to stay and draw big wages and bos house."

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IN A HOT BOX.

The Brakeman Tells His Story.

"Was I ever in an accident?" echoed the brakeman, as he took off his gloves, readjusted his necktie, and brushed off imaginary dust after putting some coal in the heater. "Never had an accident in my life, sir, but I come mighty close to it several times. Closest call I ever had was down near Laporte. We stopped to fit up a hot-box, and as I knew the limited was close behind us I skipped back with my lantern in a hurry. Hadn't gone more'n ten or twelve rods when I heard her a-comin' about a mile off, perhaps more. There was a curve right there, and I couldn't see her. Hearin' of her made me a bit anxious, and I started to run faster—it was a snowy, blowy night—when I slipped down, broke my lantern, and the wind blew it out. Here was a fix, me a hundred feet from the rear of my train, expected to stop No. 20, and her a-comin' down the grade and round the curve, and my lantern out! Now I tell you I did some pretty quick thinking then. I hadn't time to get back to the train, get another lantern, and get far enough to stop her. Couldn't strike a match in that wind, certain, and for a second or two I didn't know what to do. Then it came to me like a flash, and I didn't hustle? Run back to my train, pulled the rope for our engineer to go ahead, yelled with all my might to the conductor, who was ahead where the hot-box was, and grabbed the red bulls-eye from the rear platform, climbed up on the brake and then onto the coach, and when I got there held my bull-eye up high and waved her across the track. It was as I thought. I could see 20's headlight from up there—would she see me? Apparently not, for she came along like mad as I felt myself going crazy. But as soon as she struck the tangent of the curve the engineer looked my way, saw the red light, and put her down hard. You see if I had stayed on the track he couldn't have seen the light at all; but even as it was, nothing saved us but the fact that our train started up in time to get fairly going before 20 saw my bulls-eye. Not a passenger knew what a close call we'd had. Neither did the Superintendent you bet. Elkhart! Elkhart! Twenty minutes for dinner!"

A Talk About House-Plants.

"A plant breathes as truly as you do, only, unlike yourself, it has indefinite thousands of mouths. There is one leaf on which there are over 150,000. They are called *stomata*, or breathing pores, and are on both sides of the leaf in most plants, but usually are in far greater abundance on the lower side. The plant draws its food from the air and soil—from the latter in liquid form—and this substance must be concentrated and as-

TOOTHSOME RECEIPTS.

Hygienic Cooking—How to do It.

STEAMED GRAINS.—The table below gives the proportions of grain and water by measurement, and the time required for cooking in a closed steamer. (A closed steamer, is one that admits the steam through *flues* in the side or elsewhere, and not through holes in the bottom.) Some like these grains cooked quite dry, and others prefer them very moist. If the proportions here given do not suit the taste, it will be an easy matter to correct them, after a single trial. In steaming, *always keep the water at a fast boil*; and *dish* the very moment you lift the steamer from the fire, else the water will collect.

GRAIN.		WATER		TIME.
Rice	1 cup	3½ cups		¾ hour.
Cracked Wheat	1 "	4½	"	3 hours.
Rolled or Pearl Wheat	1 "	4	"	3 "
Pearl Barley	1 "	3	"	3½ "
Roll'd or Crush'd Barl'y	1 "	3	"	3 "
Coarse Hominy	1 "	4	"	4 "
Fine Hominy	1 "	3½	"	4 "
Samp	1 "	4½	"	2½ "
Oatmeal	1 "	4	"	2 "
" Groats	1 "	4	"	2 "
Rolled Oats	1 "	4	"	2 "

If you have not a steamer, cook the above grains in a farina kettle, which is a double boiler, or one vessel within another, the outer one containing water that is boiling. Grains cooked in this kettle (or in a covered tin bucket set in a pot of boiling water) require a longer time by about one-third, than if done in a closed steamer; hominy and pearl barley, for instance, would need all of five hours. The time can be shortened, however, by soaking (covered) over night, and *cooking in the same water*; if soaked, they will steam in a farina-kettle, in about the same time as that given in the table. But the flavor is rather better if the soaking is dispensed with. These grains are sometimes cooked in a stone or earthen crock, or even in an iron pot, on the back of the stove; the fire must be slow or they will scorch.

CANNELON OF BEEF.—Chop half a pound of lean cooked beef fine; rub smooth in a mortar half a pound of raw fat bacon, or ham fat; grate the yellow rind of one lemon, mix all these ingredients thoroughly, press them together in form of a roll, wrap them well in buttered paper, and bake it for twenty minutes in a moderate oven. When it is done, remove the paper without breaking the roll, and serve it either on a bed of parsley or lettuce, or with half a pint of brown sauce or meat gravy.

MOCK TERRAPIN.—Half a calf's liver; season and fry brown. Hash it, not very fine, dust thickly with flour, a teaspoon of mixed mustard, as much cayenne pepper as will lie on half a dime, two hard eggs chopped fine, a lump of butter the size of an egg, a teacup of water. Let it boil together a minute or two. Cold veal will do if liver is not liked.

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A Talk About House-Plants.

"A plant breathes as truly as you do, only, unlike yourself, it has indefinite thousands of mouths. There is one leaf on which there are over 150,000. They are called *stomata*, or breathing pores, and are on both sides of the leaf in most plants, but usually are in far greater abundance on the lower side. The plant draws its food from the air and soil—from the latter in liquid form—and this substance must be concentrated and assimilated. These little pores introduce the vital atmosphere through the air passages of the plant, which correspond in a certain sense to the throat and lungs of an animal. You would be sadly off if you couldn't breath; these plants would fare no better. Therefore we must do artificially what the rain does out-of-doors—wash away the accumulated dust, so that respi ration may be unimpeded. Moreover, these little pores, which are shaped like the semi-elliptical springs of a carriage, are self-acting valves. A plant exhales a great deal of moisture in invisible vapor. A sunflower has been known to give off three pounds of water in twenty-four hours. This does no harm, unless the moisture escapes faster than it rises from the roots, in which case the plant wilts, and may even die. In such emergencies these little *stomata*, or mouths, shut up partly or completely, and so do much to check the exhalation. When moisture is given to the roots these mouths open again, and if our eyes were fine enough we should see the vapor passing out."

"I never appreciated the fact before that plants are so thoroughly alive."

"Indeed, they are alive, and therefore they need the intelligent care required by all living creatures which we have removed from their natural conditions. Nature takes care of all her children when they are where she placed them. In a case like this, wherein we are preserving plants that need summer warmth through a winter's cold, we must learn to supply her place, and as far as possible adopt her methods. It is just because multitudes do not understand her ways that so many house-plants are in a half-dying condition."

"Now, Amy, I will teach you how to water the pots," Mrs. Clifford began. "The water, you see, has been standing in the flower-room all night, so as to raise its temperature. That drawn directly from the well would be much too cold.

times cooked in a stone or earthen crock, or even in an iron pot, on the back of the stove; the fire must be slow or they will scorch.

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JELLIED VEAL.—Take a knuckle of veal, wash it nicely, put in a pot with water enough to cover it, boil it slowly for two or three hours, then take out all the bones—be sure to pick out all the little ones — cut the meat into small pieces, put it back in the liquor, season to taste with pepper, salt and sage, let it stew away until pretty dry, turn it in an oblong dish, or one that will mould it well to cut in slices. A nice relish for tea.

SWEETBREADS, LIVER AND HEART.—Parboil them and let them get cold, then cut them about an inch thick. Season with salt and pepper and dip them into the yolk of an egg and fine bread crumbs; fry them light brown. When removed from the frying-pan make a gravy for them, adding, if you like, spices.

SHARP SAUCE FOR BROILED MEATS.—Chop fine an onion and a small quantity of mixed pickles; put these into a saucepan with half a gill of vinegar, a teaspoonful of mustard, a small bit of butter, a large tablespoonful of bread-crumbs, and pepper and salt to season; boil all together on the fire six minutes, then add a gill of water and allow the sauce to boil again for ten minutes longer. This sauce will impart a flavor to the coarsest meats or fish when broiled or fried, and also for cold meats made into hash or stew. In the latter case the quantity of water and crumbs must be doubled.

ROAST SWEETBREADS.—Boil sweetbreads, trim them and dry them, then dip in egg and bread-crumbs; brown before the fire or in the oven; put a good clear gravy under them and garnish with watercresses.

POIVRADE SAUCE.—Chop and fry brown in a tablespoonful of butter, one onion and one head of celery in small bits: put them over the fire with two slices of fat bacon cut in half-inch dice, a sprig of every sweet herb available except sage, a

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and may even die. In such emergencies these little *stomata*, or mouths, shut up partly or completely, and so do much to check the exhalation. When moisture is given to the roots these mouths open again, and if our eyes were fine enough we should see the vapor passing out."

"I never appreciated the fact before that plants are so thoroughly alive."

"Indeed, they are alive, and therefore they need the intelligent care required by all living creatures which we have removed from their natural conditions. Nature takes care of all her children when they are where she placed them. In a case like this, wherein we are preserving plants that need summer warmth through a winter's cold, we must learn to supply her place, and as far as possible adopt her methods. It is just because multitudes do not understand her ways that so many house-plants are in a half-dying condition."

"Now, Amy, I will teach you how to water the pots," Mrs. Clifford began. "The water, you see, has been standing in the flower-room all night, so as to raise its temperature. That drawn directly from the well would be much too cold, and even as it is I shall add some warm water to take the chill off. The roots are very sensitive to a sudden chill from too cold water. No, don't pour it into the pots from that pitcher. The rain does not fall so, and as Webb says, we must imitate nature. This watering-pot with a fine rose will enable you to sprinkle them slowly, and the soil can absorb the moisture naturally and equally. Most plants need water much as we take our food, regularly, often, and not too much at a time. Let this surface soil in the pots be your guide. It should never be perfectly dry, and still less should it be sodden with moisture ; nor should moisture ever stand in the saucers under the pots, unless the plants are semi-aquatic, like this calla lily. You will gradually learn to treat each plant or family of plants according to its nature. The amount of water which that calla requires would kill this heath, and the quantity needed by the heath would be the death of that cactus over there."

"Oh, dear!" cried Amy, "If I were left alone in the care of your flower-room, I should out-Herod Herod in the slaughter of the innocents."—*Harper's Magazine.*

Jane.—"Just look at this. Here is an item in the paper saying that a wealthy Milwaukee man has created a sensation by announcing that he is going to marry his servant girl." Bridget.—"I should think it would make a sensation. The idee of a respectable gurrel givin' up her liberty in that way!" Jane.—"Yes, and becoming a mere mistress, to take all the blame and get no pay!" Bridget.—"She ought to be content to stay where she is and draw big wages and boss the whole house."

them, adding, if you like, spices.

SHARP SAUCE FOR BROILED MEATS.—Chop fine an onion and a small quantity of mixed pickles ; put these into a saucepan with half a gill of vinegar, a teaspoonful of mustard, a small bit of butter, a large tablespoonful of bread-crumbs, and pepper and salt to season ; boil all together on the fire six minutes, then add a gill of water and allow the sauce to boil again for ten minutes longer. This sauce will impart a flavor to the coarsest meats or fish when broiled or fried, and also for cold meats made into hash or stew. In the latter case the quantity of water and crumbs must be doubled.

ROAST SWEETBREADS.—Boil sweetbreads, trim them and dry them, then dip in egg and bread-crumbs ; brown before the fire or in the oven ; put a good clear gravy under them and garnish with watercresses.

POIVRADE SAUCE.—Chop and fry brown in a tablespoonful of butter, one onion and one head of celery in small bits : put them over the fire with two slices of fat bacon cut in half-inch dice, a sprig of every sweet herb available except sage, a blade of mace, ten peppercorns, a sprig of parsley, a bay leaf, two glasses of wine, or one of vinegar, and reduce the liquid one-half by rapid boiling ; then add a teacupful of gravy, broth or boiling water ; heat and use.

RICE CROQUETTES.—Take seven ounces of rice in a bright sauce-pan with a quart of rich milk ; let it swell gently by the fire ; stir often to prevent it burning. When it is half cooked stir in five or six ounces of pounded sugar, a few sweet pounded almonds and a strong flavoring of orange-water. Simmer these ingredients until the rice is soft and dry ; put it into a flat dish to cool; then roll it in small balls, make a hole in each and fill it with rich preserve or marmalade, close it up and dip it in egg and bread crumbs ; fry these in butter, a light brown color, drain them before the fire on a reversed hair-sieve covered with a soft, clean cloth. Pile them when ready to serve on a dish in pyramidal form.

APPLE PUDDING.—Make a paste with equal quantities of sifted flour and finely chopped suet, a pinch of salt and a little water. Roll it out thin into a large piece, place this as a lining in a well-buttered bowl, cut it off all round, leaving enough to fold over ; roll out the trimmings to such a size as to cover the top. Peel, core and slice a quantity of good sound apples, put them in the bowl with brown sugar to taste, some chopped lemon peel, two or three cloves, and a little grated nutmeg ; add a small piece of fresh butter, pack the apples tightly in, put on the cover of paste, turn up the edges and press them down, tie a floured pudding cloth over, and put the bowl into a saucepan full of boiling water, which should come well over the pudding. Boil him.

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OOTHSOME RECEIPTS.

lenic Cooking—How to do It.

ED GRAINS.—The table below proportions of grain and water irement, and the time required ng in a closed steamer. (A closed is one that admits the steam *flues* in the side or elsewhere, through holes in the bottom.) e these grains cooked quite dry, rs prefer them very moist. If the ons here given do not suit the will be an easy matter to correct ter a single trial. In steaming, *ep the water at a fast boil*; and very moment you lift the steam- he fire, else the water will col-

AIN.		WATER		TIME.
.....1	cup	3½	cups	¾ hour.
Wheat 1	"	4½	"	3 hours.
Pearl Wheat.1	"	4	"	3 "
fey.....1	"	3	"	3½ "
Crush'd Barl'y1	"	3	"	3 "
ominy.....1	"	4	"	4 "
niny.....1	"	3½	"	4 "
.....1	"	4½	"	2½ "
... .1	"	4	"	2 "
roats 1	"	4	"	2 "
ts.....1	"	4	"	2 "

have not a steamer, cook the ains in a farina kettle, which is a oiler, or one vessel within an- he outer one containing water oiling. Grains cooked in this ket- a covered tin bucket set in a pot g water) require a longer time by e-third, than if done in a closed ; hominy and pearl barley, for would need all of five hours. e can be shortened, however, by (covered) over night, and *cooking ame water*; if soaked, they will n a farina-kettle, in about the ne as that given in the table. But r is rather better if the soaking sed with. These grains are some- oked in a stone or earthen crock, n an iron pot, on the back of the he fire must be slow or they will

LON OF BEEF.—Chop half a pound ocked beef fine; rub smooth in a alf a pound of raw fat bacon, or ; grate the yellow rind of one ix all these ingredients thorough- s them together in form of a roll, m well in buttered paper, and or twenty minutes in a moderate When it is done, remove the paper breaking the roll, and serve it n a bed of parsley or lettuce, or lf a pint of brown sauce or meat

TERRAPIN.—Half a calf's liver; nd fry brown. Hash it, not very t thickly with flour, a teaspoon l mustard, as much cayenne pep- will lie on half a dime, two hard pped fine, a lump of butter the n egg, a teacup of water. Let it ther a minute or two. Cold veal f liver is not liked.

D VEAL.—Take a knuckle of from two to three hours, according to size.

BUTTERED OMELET.—Make a thick square of buttered toast, buttering it well on both sides, and cutting it into four or six pieces; let it stand before the fire to keep hot, but not sufficiently near to dry it up. Break three fresh eggs into a stewpan over the fire (both yolks and whites), having previously melted in it a piece of butter the size of a walnut; add a little salt, and a tablespoonful of cream or good milk; stir it rapidly over the fire until it begins to thicken; then take it off and beat it until quite smooth; set it on the fire again, and keep stirring until it is very hot and thick. With a spoon heap this lightly up on to the square of buttered toast which has been keeping hot before the fire, making it stand as high as possible. Serve instantly.

PUFF PASTE.—Take two pounds of the finest pastry flour, and the same weight of fresh butter. Work the butter in a napkin until it is well freed from water. Place the flour on a pastry slab in a heap. make a hole in the middle of it, put in it the yolks of four fresh eggs, freed from the speck, two pinches of salt, the juice of half a lemon, and the fourth part of the butter cut up in very small pieces; work the paste as quickly as possible with the fingers of one hand, adding as much tepid water as will make the paste smooth, and of the same consistency as the remaining one and a half pounds of butter. Beat the latter out into a flat square piece an inch in thickness; roll out the paste to four times the size of the piece of butter, lap this in the centre of the paste, and roll it out again as before. Repeat this operation twice, cover the paste with a woollen cloth, and let it rest for half an hour. The operation of rolling out and folding up the paste is called "giving a turn." After the paste has rested, two more turns are to be given to it, and it will be ready.

A Southern Negro's Prayer.

"One of the most remarkable and original prayers I ever heard," said a gentleman to a *Herald* reporter the other evening, "was just after the war closed, and I was taking a run down through Georgia in hope of finding a desirable cotton plantation. One bright summer night found me at the cabin of an old negro, who had once been a slave, but who located on the old plan, after the war, and was his own master. He gladly welcomed me to his humble abode and what he could provide.

Supper over, and a most excellent one, too, the old man regaled me with stories of plantation life until his son, a good chunk of a boy, came home from a neighbor's. Before retiring the old man asked me to read a chapter in the Bible, when he would pray. He said he couldn't read, but was powerful in exhortin' and prayer. After reading a chapter from Job and

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

The World of Monkeys.

If one of each kind of the apes and monkeys which are now living on the globe could be collected and placed in a large zoological garden, and if those which lived in former ages, and whose skeletons have been discovered by geologists, could be brought to life, and added to the whole, they would certainly form a very amusing and remarable assemblage. What endless fun there would be, what scamperings, skirmishes and quarrels would take place; how they would grin, chatter, and pull tails all the live-long day, which had been quiet spectators before, would commence howling, and how others would rush about amongst their tired and sleepy companions, with noiseless bounds, until the return of daylight! If each of the representative monkeys could give an account of itself, whence it had come, how it lived in its native forests and woods, and what it did with itself all day, a most interesting and novel natural history book could be compiled, for only the histories of a few have been written, and they are by no means always veracious. They would have come from Asia and many of its islands, from Africa, from South America, and the isthmus to the north, and Europe would have sent one from the rocks of Gibraltar; and yet, unless those of the same country had been properly introduced, either by Dame Nature or by the chapter of accidents incident to such a very unlikely meeting as we are imagining, they would not know many of their fellows. They are exclusive in their habits, and their particular parks and forests are limited in extent, and sometimes very much so. Of course, there are some exceptions, and many kinds which roam over large countries, and are even found in different islands, have gained the superior intelligence and the ready affability and easiness of intercourse characteristic of the cosmopolitan and traveller. Every kind of temper and capacity would be shown; the Gorillas would probably be shy and cross, the Chimpanzees lively and kind, the Baboons grumpy, the Spider monkeys restless, and most of the Macaques impudent and cunning—the result of a knowledge of apes and of many monkeys. There would be every shade of color, and of shape and size; there would be many without tails, some with stumps, and others with long tails of no great use but to afford temptation to the mischievous; and not a few with fine large ones useful in the extreme by acting as a fifth limb. Many would have very human faces and sharp eyes, others would look more like dogs, and fierce enough, and there would be every variety of posture. Some would sit very well, others would go on all-fours, and others would be swinging with their long and strong arms, and making tremendous jumps and bounds assisted in some by the prehensile tail. Some would

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nough to cover it, boil it slowly
or three hours, then take out all
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es — cut the meat into small
ut it back in the liquor, season to
h pepper, salt and sage, let it
ay until pretty dry, turn it in an
ish, or one that will mould it well
slices. A nice relish for tea.

TBREADS, LIVER AND HEART.—
them and let them get cold, then
about an inch thick. Season
and pepper and dip them into
of an egg and fine bread crumbs ;
n light brown. When removed
e frying-pan make a gravy for
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Well, I began to get tired, I had rested my knees the best I could, but wanted to sit up badly, and at the same time did not want to give offence to my host. The boy reclined next to me with his head in the chair, sound asleep Touching him gently, I whispered: "About how soon will your father get through?" "Has he got to de place whar Moses crossed de Red sea?" Being assured that said point had not yet been reached, the boy yawned and continued: "Well, when he gits to whar Moses crossed de Red sea, he's just half done," and he relapsed into unconsciousness.—*Dayton (O.) Herald.*

Vandalism in Westminster Abbey.

The mutilation of figures in Westminster Abbey is no novelty. The practice began early, and even kings were not spared. The solid silver head of Henry V. was wrenched off and stolen in 1546, on the 30th of January—the very day by-the-by, on which another king's real head was taken off at Whitehall a century later. "Some whig, I'll warrant you," said Sir

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Emperor William's Oil Lamp.

The study lamp on Emperor William's work-table, is a simple oil lamp of a pattern such as, since the introduction of petroleum lamps, can hardly be met with on the table of the humblest citizen of Berlin. The following incident may account for the non-admittance of the improved petroleum lamp into the historical corner room of the Imperial Palace. The Emperor, whose simple and economical habits are well-known, has for years been accustomed to screw down the wick whenever he ceases reading or writing, or leaves the room.

When the petroleum lamps finally came into general use, the Emperor's valet, Krause, brought one and put it on the work-table. True to his habit, his Imperial master screwed down the wick on leaving the writing, and, as a matter of course, the room was soon filled with an insupportable smoke, which greatly affected the nose and eyes of the Monarch, and necessitated the opening of doors and windows. Krause finally volunteered the remark :—

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Pudding.—Make a paste with antities of sifted flour and finely suet, a pinch of salt and a little Roll it out thin into a large ace this as a lining in a well-but-wl, cut it off all round, leaving to fold over; roll out the trim ɔsuch a size as to cover the top. re and slice a quantity of good ɔples, put them in the bowl with ıgar to taste, some chopped lemon ɔ or three cloves, and a little nutmeg; add a small piece of tter, pack the apples tightly in, he cover of paste, turn up the d press them down, tie a floured cloth over, and put the bowl in-ɛepan full of boiling water, which ɛme well over the pudding. Boil him.

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Townshend's monument, whether beautiful or not, has suffered like the rest. But it is no recent bit of mischief. Horsley was dean until 1822, and it was done before that. "Pray, Mr. Nollekens," said a friend to that shrewd old sculptor, "can you tell me who executed the basso relievo of Townshend's monument? I am sorry to find that some evil-minded persons have stolen one of the heads." Nollekens—"That's what I say. Dean Horsley should look after his monuments himself. Hang his wax-works. Yes, I can tell you who did it. Tom Ecker had the job, and employed another man of the name of Eckstein to mould the fillet. It's very clever."

A servant-girl in New Haven stole her mistress' false teeth. The woman told a policeman "she sheesh cosh shwenshy shollars, ansh she shwash wosh shusha wresh ashdo shteesh fawshee sheeth——" "Wait till I find an interpreter," interrupted the policeman, thinking the woman was a newly-arrived Hungarian; but she was an American, and when her teeth were in she could talk the head off

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"No, your Majesty, this sort of lamp will not suit."

"But what are we to do, Krause? Had we better get our oil lamp back again? You know my eyes are weaker, and require a brighter light."

"Well, your Majesty, we can get a new lamp made, with an extra large burner, so as to do away with petroleum altogether."

"Quite right, Krause, let us try it."

And Krause got a lamp of the old pattern, had the burner enlarged to an almost colossal size, a green glass shade added to it, and to this day the new lamp, defying all innovations, asserts its place of honor on the work-table of the most diligent of all Monarchs.

Some People Neverare Satisfied.

"Please, sir," said a bell-boy to a Texas hotel clerk, "Number forty say there ain't no towel in his room."

"Tell him to use one of the window curtains."

"He says, too, there ain't no pillers."

"Tell him to put his coat and vest under his head."

"And he wants a pitcher of water."

"Suffering Cyrus! But he's the worst kicker I ever struck in my life! Carry him up the horse pail!"

"He wants to know if he can't have a light."

"Here, confound him! Give him this lantern, and ask him if he wants the earth, and if he'll have it fried only on one side, or turned over?"

"Wife, I say, what in thunder are you opening all the doors for? I'm darned near frozen!" "Oh, James, it's so cold out doors! And there are so many poor people exposed on the streets! I thought I would just let out a little warm air to the poor things!"

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils,

Glass, Varnish, Stoves,

Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R. G. WRIGHT'S,

126 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1884

—The Methodist Union Bill has passed the Private Bills Committee of the House of Commons without an amendment.

—The Toronto News says the putting up of Tom White, M.P., to reply to Sir Richard Cartwright was like "pitting a singed cat against a Royal bengal tiger." Hard on Tom, but nevertheless true.

—It is now held by both political parties in the Ontario Legislature that the only valid license Act is the Crooks Act, and the Government have announced that they will protect licensees under this Act against prosecution. This should settle the question with liquor dealers. In the face of such unanimity of opinion and knowing that they will have to pay nearly double the amount for a Dominion license, it is not likely they will turn their back on the Crooks Act.

—What will not the present Parliament do in a defence of a Cabinet Minister? When Sir Charles Tupper accepted the High Commissionership Reform journals pointed out that unless he resigned his seat in the House his acceptance of this office would be a violation of the Independence of Parliament Act. The Tories argued to the contrary at the time. Sir Charles continued to act in the dual capacity, though he was careful to shirk every vote. A few days ago an action was entered against him at Ottawa for violation of the law, and at once Sir John up boys and have suthin'" or that up to two months ago he was interested in a Napanee hotel, but it is true nevertheless. In the role of a first-class hypocrite the member for Lennox is a complete success.

—We regret that pressure of local news prevents us giving in full the magnificent speech of Sir Richard Cartwright on the Budget. No system of condensation would do the speech justice. His peroration has been characterized by old parliamentarians as the grandest ever uttered in this or perhaps any other Parliament. While Sir Leonard Tilley was weak and faltering, evidently labouring under great depression, Sir Richard was calm, thoroughly self-possession and strong in facts and language.

MR. JOHN CHARLTON, M.P.

This gentleman was unable to reach Napanee on Saturday last owing to the lines of railway from Ottawa being blockaded by snow, but will appear here to-morrow instead. We trust he will have a large audience. Mr. Charlton is one of the ablest, most eloquent and independent members of the House of Commons. The chair will be taken at 2 o'clock, p.m. A general invitation is extended to the public to be present.

A meeting of the Reformers of the county will be held at 11 o'clock in the morning in Symington's Opera House for the purpose of perfecting the organization of the party in the riding. It is important that there should be a large attendance.

A Charge Refuted.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—In your issue of the 15th ult. appears a venemous sarcastic letter over the signature of "Bob Jack," where I am accused of receiving fees and travelling expenses for non-attendance at the County Council; and that, perhaps, I might have charged the Government for work not performed. These insinuations are unjust and untruthful, which one might expect from a resident of Sodom. Why didn't the writer give his name as an honorable man would in making such grave charges?

I feel I am not ashamed of anything done at the County Council and can defend my acts in this matter or give any other explanation it the writer, like an honorable man, will give his name.

Yours truly,

FRANCIS BOSLEY, JR.

Anglesea, March 3rd, 1884.

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT'S GREAT SPEECH.

It Drove his Friends into Ecstasies of Delight.

The Montreal Witness referring to Sir Richard Cartwright's reply to Sir Leonard Tilley says that it was one of the best oratorical efforts ever heard in the Canadian Commons. From his exordium to his peroration he poured forth a brilliant flow of language, his emphasis being unusually of disaster in days of commercial facturing depression. The Min nearly three hours in deliverin

TOWN COUNCI

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The motion was carried.

A petition was presented fro bers of the Napanee band aski of $100 towards employing a t

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Salaries	
Refund	
Printing	
Education	
Law and Police	

Amount for School Teachers	
Amount at Credit of Corporation	

He also submitted a report o Committee recommending the the Auditors' report.

Coun. HENWOOD submitted Street Committee, No. 2, which

—It is now held by both political parties in the Ontario Legislature that the only valid License Act is the Crooks Act, and the Government have announced that they will protect licensees under this Act against prosecution. This should settle the question with liquor dealers. In the face of such unanimity of opinion and knowing that they will have to pay nearly double the amount for a Dominion license, it is not likely they will turn their back on the Crooks Act.

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—On Tuesday last Hon. Mr. Hardy moved the Legislature into committee to adopt the Government resolutions increasing the license fees under the Crooks Act and to impose fees under the McCarthy Act. The resolutions provided for a much larger fee under the McCarthy Act than the other as an inducement to liquor dealers to take out provincial licenses. Mr. Meredith moved an amendment stating that the Dominion Act is unconstitutional and therefore objecting to levying of fees thereon. In speaking to his motion he said that the Crooks Act was the only constitutional license law. Mr. Mowat replied and in stirring language denounced the meddlesome and uncalled-for interference of the Dominion Government with the license question. He stated that as it was the evident determination of the Dominion Government to enforce the McCarthy it was necessary to impose fees thereon. The amendment was voted down by a majority of 14. In the debate Hon. Mr. Fraser stated that the Government would undertake to protect licensees under the Crooks Act from prosecution by the Dominion authorities.

—In speaking on the License question in the Legislature a few years ago, A. H. Roe, M.P.P., again referred to the letter in the Napanee Beaver to the effect that the License Inspector had received money from tavern-keepers for allowing them to sell liquor on Saturday nights and Sundays, and said he "personally knew that there was a great deal of Sunday drinking in that town. One-half of the poor in Napanee were made poorer through intemperance." No doubt Mr. Roe has personal knowledge of liquor having been sold on Sunday. For a considerable time he was in the hotel business himself and knows how it is done. It is true that the poor are made poorer by intemperance, but it does not lie in the mouth of a man who helped to make the poor poorer in this way to blow about it

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Anglesea, March 3rd, 1884.

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It Drove his Friends into Ecstasies of Delight.

The Montreal Witness referring to Sir Richard Cartwright's reply to Sir Leonard Tilley says that it was one of the best oratorical efforts ever heard in the Canadian Commons. From his exordium to his peroration he poured forth a brilliant flow of language, his emphasis being unusually strong, his argument convincing and his pronunciation perfect. His powerful arraignment of the Governmen drove his friends on the opposition side into ecstacies of delight. Sir Richard stated that the hon. gentleman had given several reasons for the depression. The half of his speech was devoted to the fact that there was no depression and the other half as to the reason why it existed. There was not a man in the country who would say that Canada is in a bad financial condition. He could tell the hon. gentleman that his system of high taxation did not encourage prosperity. He went on to discuss the policy of the administration and that whatever tended to impoverish the great bulk of people who are the customers of the great mass of manufacturers tended to injure the manufacturers. The Government's policy was specially adapted to retard the development of the North-West. A large loss of emigration from Canada had occurred, and it was also caused by the tariff. We were told that sugar was cheap. This article, he contended, was much dearer than it need be according to the sum that reached the treasury. If the National Policy had been successful in causing the manufacture of about $20,000,000 of textile good, thereby giving employment to 14,000 or 15,000, it was not brought about without causing a duty of twenty or twenty-five million to be paid by the purchaser. His argument was not whether the National policy was bad or good —it was what it cost the people of the country. He claimed Canada was a too heavily taxed country. He could understand that as the settlement of the country advanced a corresponding increase should take place in its legitimate debt. In 1867 Canada had a population of 3,750,000 with a taxation of $13,500,000. In 1884 with a population of 4,300,000 the taxation was growing to thirty-five million. After referring at length and ably to many issues before the country he stated that Canada lost as much by reckless administration during the past five years as the United States did during the four years of the war.

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1.—The correspondent

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—Hon. Mr. Mowat is called by his opponents "the little Premier," while Sir John is honoured with the name of "a great constitutional lawyer." Recent events go to show that the names have been transposed. In every case where there has been a difference of opinion on constitutional law between Mr. Mowat and Sir John, and appeal was made to the Privy Council, Sir John has been worsted. It is Mr. Mowat who is in reality the great constitutional lawyer. Before he places a law on the statute book he is satisfied that it is constitutional, and he backs it up. Sir John passes his law and trusts to luck. He has no confidence in his own legislation. A striking example of this was given the other day. A deputation of licensed victuallers waited upon Mr. Mowat on the license question and he in free language told them that the Crooks Act was the only valid license law and that they would be perfectly safe in taking out licenses under it. When a similar deputation waited on Sir John he showed so little faith in the validity of his legislation that he advised them to take out licenses under both Acts. Fine advise from "a great constitutional lawyer!"

– Mr. A. H. Roe, M.P.P., is just now posing in the Local Legislature as a great High Priest of Temperance. He is greatly annoyed at the presence of a bar in the vicinity of the Legislative Chamber. The sight of people drinking is seriously effecting his digestion. Mr. Roe has got very fastidious since he went to Parliament. A month or so before going to Toronto he spent a large portion of his time in a hotel, and was apparently much gratified in pocketing the lucre obtained from the sale of the "poison." To hear Roe talk temperance in Toronto one could hardly believe that he had ever said at Bath during his election, "Come it was also caused by the tariff. We were told that sugar was cheap. This article, he contended, was much dearer than it need be according to the sum that reached the treasury. If the National Policy had been successful in causing the manufacture of about $20,000,000 of textile good, thereby giving employment to 14,000 or 15,000, it was not brought about without causing a duty of twenty or twenty-five millicn to be paid by the purchaser. His argument was not whether the National policy was bad or good —it was what it cost the people of the country. He claimed Canada was a too heavily taxed country. He could understand that as the settlement of the country advanced a corresponding increase should take place in its legitimate debt. In 1867 Canada had a population of 3,750,000 with a taxation of $13,500,000. In 1884 with a population of 4,300,000 the taxation was growing to thirty-five million. After referring at length and ably to many issues before the country he stated that Canada lost as much by reckless administration during the past five years as the United States did during the four years of the war.

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1.—The correspondent of the Montreal Witness, (Independent), telegraphs:—Sir Leonard Tilley's budget speech for 1884 delivered last night was a disappointment. This was plainly manifest to the keen and important observer by two significant evidences. Throughout the evening the question could be heard on all sides in the corridors, "Well, what did you think of the budget?" Unlike other important political events the Ministerialists were, without exception, satisfied to characterize the speech as merely non-exultant and only fair while, on the other hand, the Liberals were unanimous in pronouncing it an abject failure. When the House opened and the Finance Minister arose in his place there was a large attendance on the floor and the galleries were packed. The honorable gentleman had not been speaking long when it became evident that he was laboring under a depression. The House gradually thinned out and spectators left in large numbers. Veteran gallerymen were heard to remark that never during any former budget was the House so empty. The Government benches became painfully vacant. Sir Richard Cartwright, the Opposition financial critic, leaned carelessly back in his chair. The Hon. Mr. Blake with arms folded on his desk and head bent was evidently asleep most of the time and a few of the Ministers were noticed to be out of their seats.

On the whole the speech could hardly be said to be anything but an excuse for the failure of the National Policy, and especially as to the causes which led to the failure. It was not a complete exposition of the expenditure of the country, and the Minister himself admitted that several important items would be forthcoming. During the debate to follow, this fact will afford the Opposition considerable ground to work on. Sir Leonard's main contention was that had it not been for the existence of the National Policy the condition of things would have been infinitely worse than it is at the present time, and that the Nationa Policy was a preventive

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The following accounts we
paid:—Mair & Bros., $6.50
Geo. Wilson, auditors, $1
Holmes and J. Storms, each
ary; James Plumley, car
Storms, bread for tramps,
& Boyes, repairs to sprinkl
ferred to Street Committee
Storms, wood, $3.50; Treasu
$57.35.
The Council then adjourne

DOMINION LICENSE A

NOTIC

Is hereby given that under the p
Liquor License Act, 1883," every
license to sell liquors by wholesale
by petition of the applicant to the
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for the same.
Every petition for an hotel, saloo
shall be filed with the Chief Inspec
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FIRST DAY OF

In the case of an application for
or shop license by a person who is
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any Act of a Provincial Legislature,
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Dated this 19th day of February,
PETER J
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License District of Lennox and Add
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CIS BOSLEY, JR.
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RIGHT'S GREAT

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of disaster in days of commercial and manufacturing depression. The Minister occupied nearly three hours in delivering the budget.

TOWN COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the Town Council was held on Monday evening last. Present —Mayor Joy, Reeve Wilson, Dep-Reeve Carscallen and Couns. Lane, Perry, Wallace, Stevens, Rose, Carson and Lapum.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

A petition was read from the captain and secretary of the fire brigade, stating that the firemen had appropriated their salary, $300, towards a firemen's demonstration in town next summer and asking the Council to make a similar grant. After some discussion the petition was referred to the Fire and Water Committee to report.

A communication from Mr. J. A. Sexsmith, asking remission of $1.90 tax for snow shovelling charged in error, was referred to the Fire and Water Committee.

A letter from A. H. Roe, M.P.P., stated that he did not think it advisable that the petition of the Council to Ontario Legislature should now be presented.

Reeve WILSON moved that the communication be filed. He had had a conversation with Mr. Roe about the matter and agreed that it would be injudicious to present the petition at this stage as it would show that the towns of the province were uniting in this matter. If the petition had been put in early in the session it would have been different.

Coun. LANE said that last year's Council passed the petition and ordered the clerk to hand it to Mr. Roe for presentment. He considered it was not Mr. Roe's duty to question the Council's judgment in the matter but to do as requested.

The motion was carried.

A petition was presented from the members of the Napanee band asking for a grant of $100 towards employing a tutor.

Dep-Reeve WILSON submitted the Treasurer's monthly statement as follows which was referred to the Finance Committee :—

RECEIPTS.

Taxes	$2,213 65
Market	50 22
Market Stalls	30 00
License	12 25
Fire, Water and Gas	6 30
Fines	2 00
	$2,314 42

DISBURSEMENTS.

Poor and Sanitary	$134 03
Fire, Water and Gas	41 50
Town Property	32 10
Streets and Improvements	36 50
Shovelling Snow	3 60
Salaries	54 16
Refund	37 50
Printing	20 70
Education	19 65
Law and Police	4 00
	$392 14
Amount for School Teachers	389 79
Amount at Credit of Corporation	$1,934 24

He also submitted a report of the Finance Committee recommending the adoption of the Auditors' report.

Fresh Arriv

FOR THE GENTS' FUR

Celluloid Collars and Cuffs, latest n
value), new shapes in Scarfs, (Lather, Lar
Newest things in Linen Collars, Umbrel
Felt and Silk Hats, all new shapes ; New

LADIES' AND FANC

Something new in Rubber Circula
lars, Frillings, Beaded and Plain Gims,
Netts, Irish Crochets, Novelties in Butto
lins, Prints, Black Silks, Plain Satin and
Shaker Flannels.

CARPETS A

New and handsome designs in Velv
Carpets, new and handsome designs in La

FOR THE STAP

New and cheap Pillow Cottons in

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He also submitted a report of the Finance Committee recommending the adoption of the Auditors' report.

Coun. HENWOOD submitted pay list of Street Committee, No. 2, which was adopted.

Coun. LAPUM submitted the report of the Poor and Sanitary Committee which showed the expenditure of the month to be: For pensioners, $19.50; poor people, not pensioners, $6.70; wood and coal distributed, $30.25; total, $56.45; cash on hand, $30.55. —Adopted.

Reeve WILSON stated that the chairman of the Committee on Police was out of town, hence no report could be made to-night. He asked that time be extended till next meeting.—Granted.

Coun. LANE submitted the report of the special committee on application for a grant to a band, which recommended that a grant of $100 be made towards the purchase of $300 worth of instruments, said instruments to be the property of the town, and the band to be under the control of Napanee Lodge, I.O.O.F.

The other petition for a band grant was then taken up and after some discussion it and the report was referred to the same committee to report at next meeting.

On motion of Reeve WILSON a communication from Mitchell & Co. of Montreal, quoting prices of three and four way branches for steam fire engine, was referred to the Fire and Water Committee.

On motion Mr. Nelson German was heard in reference to the taxes on the old brush factory building, which came under exemption by-law. Owing to the failure of the company he had received no rent last year and was now called upon to pay the taxes. He was willing to pay taxes on half the amount from last July.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mrs. MOORE was heard on a petition to the Council to contribute something towards the support of her mother, Mrs. Wood, an indigent.—The matter was referred to the Poor and Sanitary Committee with power to act.

Mr. GEO. SANDFORD was heard respecting a drain emptying on his lot.—Referred to the Street Committee to report.

On motion of Coun. LAPUM, seconded by

Reels, Irish Crochets, Novelties in Butt
lins, Prints, Black Silks, Plain Satin and
Shaker Flannels.

CARPETS A

New and handsome designs in Vel
Carpets, new and handsome designs in L

FOR THE STAP

New and cheap Pillow Cottons in
ings, bleached in 2, 2¼ and 2½ yards wid
Cloth, Huchabacks, bleached and unbleac
by the dozen, in pure linen and very l
Cottonades and Denims; Cases of the be
tons.

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Mentioned in last week's advert
sually advantageous purchase,
house for two or three days a
We are selling them at least ¼
Every lady should make it a
Cotton at once, for they cannot
stock is disposed of.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders will be received up to noon on

SATURDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1884,

for the several works necessary in the building of a Memorial Methodist Church in the 2nd concession of Adolphustown, in accordance with plans and specifications which may be seen at Gibson & Clute's law office, in the Town of Napanee. Tenders may be for brick work, wood work, painting and heating appa-

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The other petition for a band grant was then taken up and after some discussion it and the report was referred to the same committee to report at next meeting.

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Mr. GEO. SANDFORD was heard respecting a drain emptying on his lot.—Referred to the Street Committee to report.

On motion of Coun. LAPUM, seconded by Coun. CARSON, Mrs. Carleton was struck off the pensioners' list of the Poor Committee.

Reeve WILSON moved, seconded by Coun. LAPUM, that the Treasurer be instructed to pay off one of the debentures past due, under advice of Finance Committee as to which it was in the interest of the town to pay.—Carried.

Reeve WILSON submitted a note for $8 made by the late John M. Schryver, given in lieu of taxes. He moved that the note be cancelled as it could not be collected.—Carried.

The collector's time was extended for two weeks.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—Mair & Bros., $6.50; Geo. Mills and Geo. Wilson, auditors, $15 each; Joseph Holmes and J. Storms, each a month's salary; James Plumley, cartage, 50c.; J. Storms, bread for tramps, $1.25; Webster & Boyes, repairs to sprinkler, $13.15, (referred to Street Committee to report); J. Storms, wood, $3.50; Treasurer's vouchers, $57.35.

The Council then adjourned.

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that under the provisions of "The Liquor License Act, 1883," every application for a license to sell liquors by wholesale or retail, shall be by petition of the applicant to the Board of the District in which the license is to have effect, praying for the same.

Every petition for an hotel, saloon or shop license shall be filed with the Chief Inspector of the District wherein the license is to have effect, on or before the

FIRST DAY OF MARCH.

In the case of an application for an hotel, saloon or shop license by a person who is not, at the time of the making of such application, a licensee under any Act of a Provincial Legislature, or as to premises which are not then licensed, the petition must be accompanied by a certificate signed by one-third of the electors entitled to vote in the polling sub-division in which the premises sought to be licensed are situated.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector,

License District of Lennox and Addington, Camden East P. O. 15-5

sually advantageous purchase,
house for two or three days a
We are selling them at least
Every lady should make it a
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A. C. DAVIS, Secretary. ELIAS CLAPP, Chairman.
Adolphustown, March rd, 1884. 17-2

AUCTION SALE
—OF—

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortage made by Michael Roblin Gleeson to the vendor, and bearing date the first day of February, 1882, which said mortgage will be produced at the time of sale and in payment of the moneys secured, by which default has been made, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on

Saturday, the 22nd day of March,

1884, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, by Robert McCay, Auctioneer, at the

Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee,

the following property, viz:

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the County of Lennox and Addington, in the Province of Ontario, being composed of the south-half of the west-half of Lot Number Twenty-One in the Seventh Concession of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the said County of Lennox and Addington; also park Lots Numbers Six, Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten and Eleven, adjoining the village of Clarksville, as laid out in the east-half of Lot Number Twenty in the Seventh Concession of the said Township of Fredericksburgh.

The above property (in all about 75 acres) is nicely situated, adjoining the Town of Napanee, and through which the macadamized (York) road runs.

There are erected upon the premises a good frame barn and frame house in good repair. The land is well cultivated, well fenced and well drained.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. in cash at the time of sale. $2,000 may remain on mortgage, payable in five years at seven per cent. (if desired by the purchaser), the balance in cash within one month from day of sale with interest. The conditions of sale made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Vendor's Solicitors.
Dated at Napanee, February 13th, 1884 14-5

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Fresh Arrivals This Week.

THE GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

Celluloid Collars and Cuffs, latest novelties in Ties, Bows, Silk Handkerchiefs, (extra
new shapes in Scarfs, (Lather, Lansdowne, Masher, Fortissimo, Norfolk and Polo.)
things in Linen Collars, Umbrellas—Paramatta, Silk Zanella, Christy's, celebrated
d Silk Hats, all new shapes ; New Tweed and Worsted, Suitings and Pantings.

LADIES' AND FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Something new in Rubber Circulars in ladies' and children's sizes, Novelties in Col-
illings, Beaded and Plain Gims, Colleretts, Jet Tabliers, New Laces, Ties, Scarfs,
Irish Crochets, Novelties in Buttons, Piques, Burmah Cord, Stripe and Check Mus-
ints, Black Silks, Plain Satin and Satin Phadamais, Lile and Silk Hose and Gloves.
Flannels.

CARPETS AND CURTAINS.

New and handsome designs in Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Lovely Woo
, new and handsome designs in Lace Curtains and Lambrequins.

FOR THE STAPLE DEPARTMENT.

New and cheap Pillow Cottons in 38, 40, 42 and 46 inches ; plain and twilled sheet-

rillings, Beaded and Plain Gims, Colleretts, Jet Tabliers, New Laces, Ties, Scarfs, Irish Crochets, Novelties in Buttons, Piques, Burmah Cord, Stripe and Check Muslins, Black Silks, Plain Satin and Satin Phadamais, Lile and Silk Hose and Gloves, Flannels.

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New and cheap Pillow Cottons in 38, 40, 42 and 46 inches; plain and twilled sheet- bleached in 2, 2¼ and 2½ yards wide; Russia Crash Twillings at 8 cents a yard, Glass Huchabacks, bleached and unbleached Forfasse Towlings, great assortment of Tweeds dozen, in pure linen and very low prices; splendid, reliable good wearing Ducks, ades and Denims; Cases of the best Shirtings, Apron Checks, Steam Looms and Cot-

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THESE ARE THE GOODS

Mentioned in last week's advertisement to arrive as the result of our unusually advantageous purchase, and although they have only been in the house for two or three days a large number of pieces are gone already. We are selling them at least ¼ less than they can be had for elsewhere. Every lady should make it a point to secure one piece of the Loom and Cotton at once, for they cannot be had again at the prices after present stock is disposed of.

HINCH BROS.

NTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to noon on

DAY, 22nd MARCH, 1884,

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OUT : OF : THE : FIRE!

K. J. STRONG & CO.

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Napanee, February 13th, 1884 14-5

OUT : OF : THE : FIRE!

K. J. STRONG & CO.

Have re-opened business in the Miller Block, two doors east of the Brisco House, where they have fitted up a large, first-class shop, well filled with excellent harness and other goods in their line, cheaper than ever. With many thanks to their numerous customers who have so liberally patronized them during the nearly six years they have been here in business, they now cordially invite the public to an inspection of their new premises, believing that in stock, workmanship and low prices they can give full satisfaction. A liberal discount to cash customers. Repairing and other job work attended to promptly and cheaply. They have a large assortment of Whips, Collars, Horse-blankets, Halters, Combs, Brushes and other articles usually found in a first-class Saddlery.

Those indebted to us, either by note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment, as we need money to carry on our business successfully and cannot afford to give long credits.

K. J. STRONG & CO

C. CUMMINS'

Is the place to buy cheap goods. We are now offering our entire stock of

Winter Goods at Cost Prices.

Any person in want of an overcoat will do well by giving us a call. We are determined to sell off all our

READY-MADE CLOTHING

So as to make room for our SPRING STOCK, which will be the choicest of the season.

HATS & CAPS AT COST PRICE.

FLANNELS! FLANNELS!!

Cheaper than ever. Splendid All Wool Grey Flannels at 35 cents a yard. Canton Flannel, best quality, at 20, 15 and 10 cents a yard.

If you want to save time and trouble, order your Groceries from C. CUMMINS', or call when in town.

We have on hand a splendid line of DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, and all necessary articles to be found in a first-class store.

You Can Prove This by giving us a Call.

The first time your are in town just step into C. Cummins' and

See the Great Bargains we are Offering

In Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons, Denims, and anything kept in a first-class establishment
All goods to be sold by March to make room for fresh Arrivals.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

Napanee Mills.

Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The Rev. W. R. Young occupied the pulpit in the C. M. Church on Sunday last.

—The Sabbath School has closed to re-open in April.

—Our day school is progressing under the able management of Mr. C. Stratton. Clarance is the one to learn young ideas how to shoot.

—The Napanee Paper Company has a large drive of logs ready to start as soon as the river opens. The saw-mill will then resume operation.

—Mr. J. R. Scott is doing a large business in his store. The reason why—Harry always keeps a fresh stock of groceries on hand at rock bottom prices.

—Dame Rumour says we are soon to lose one of our fair maidens.

PERSONAL.—Mr. John McCoy and bride are the guests of L. Lott, Esq.....Mrs. Jas. Bruton was the guest of Mrs. H. Melburn. ....Miss Emma Miller has returned home after a pleasant visit with friends in Napanee....Mr. and Mrs. James Carsellan has returned home after a lengthy visit with friends in the country. SNOW BIRD.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The adjourned meeting of the official board met on Monday evening and after discussing matters connected with the church work, a social tea was held and the company were agreeably entertained with listening to pleasing reminisences in the life of our former townsman, Mr. Thompson, of Chicago. After an absence of 16 years he again visits his childhood's home.

—Mrs. C. Lapum, of Napanee, is visiting at her brother's, Mr. N. R. Lapum.

—It is not exactly decided whether we will have a concert or not. Some are opposed to it. Owing to Mrs. Bradley's many engagements, it is not at all likely she could attend.

—The literary society again met on Wednesday evening and once more the listeners were delighted with the treat they received. A great improvement was marked in the intellectual part. The reading by Mr. Koyle was well received, but the ladies were the life of the entertainment.

Hay Bay.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

PERSONAL.—Mr. Jas. F. Huffman and bride arrived home on Saturday last from their honeymoon, looking hale and hearty. ....Mr. Myrrel Sills of Richmond is visiting at Reeve Parks' and Mr. Hiram Huffman's....Miss Georgiana Woodcock returned home on Monday last after a two months' visit with her sister, Mrs. Vissar, north of Brockville.....Mrs. Outwater, Mr. Nelson Outwater's mother, who has been ill for some time, is not expected to recover.

—A successful tea-meeting was held at Sand Hill school house on Tuesday evening last. Music was furnished by ladies from a distance and Mr. A. Quackenbush represented the platform.

—On Thursday of last week Mr. N. Woodcock called a meeting of the patrons of Hay Bay cheese factory, which was largely

GREAT BATTLE BETWEEN REBELS AND BRITISH TROOPS.

2,300 Rebels Killed—24 of the British Killed and 142 Wounded.

The New York Sun of March 2nd contains the following cablegram:—Trinkitat, March 1.—A battle raged all day yesterday three miles from Fort Baker, where the rebels were found in force, with two guns mounted, in an old fort. On Thursday night Gen. Graham's expedition encamped near Fort Baker, the infantry in front and the cavalry in the rear. On Friday morning after breakfast troops were formed in an oblong, the front and rear of which were longer than the sides, owing to the different strength of the regiments. The Gordon Highlanders in line formed the advance, with two Gatling guns and one Gardiner in the right corner and two Gardiners and one Gatling in the left corner. The 89th Regiment in line formed the right hand side of the square, and the Black Watch the rear. The whole strength of the British forces was something less than 4,000 men. The length of front was 950 yards. The Hussars acted as scouts, and advanced in a semi-circle 1,000 yards ahead, covering the front and flanks of the main force. The troops advanced over the sand knolls and scrub for a mile from Fort Baker, along the Teb Road, when the rebels opened fire with Remington rifles, but the range was too long and the shots proved ineffective.

At 1 p.m., after an hour of intense fighting, the rebels gave way and bolted outright. The Gatling guns and Martini rifles had caused great havoc there. The British pursued them as they fell back, and advanced as far as the fresh water wells of Teb, where the rebels made their last stand. The Sheiks who advanced empty-handed to show they bore a charmed life were stricken down with bayonets. The Highlanders carried the next earthworks, capturing three guns. At the end of four hours of arduous fighting the British gained possession of the rebel camps, of the huts, and of the wells. The cavalry on the right flank charged the retreating rebels, who did not bolt, but struck the troopers who rode among them, giving blow for blow. A splendid display of heroism was made by three mounted rebels. They resolutely maintained their ground against the shock of two cavalry regiments before being cut down. They continued to fight after the third charge, killing several soldiers and wounding Col. Barrow with their spears. The enemy retired slowly, and in consequence of this the British kept up the firing for a long time after the fortunes of the day had been decided. The rebels lost 1,000 killed. Gen. Graham decided to remain at the wells of Teb for the day and night. The intention was to continue the advance to Tokar on Saturday a. m. More fighting is anticipated. The spoils taken from Baker Pasha were in a large measure recovered. The losses of the British in the fight were 24 killed and 142 wounded. The British forces captured four Krupp guns, two Howitzers, and one machine gun.

Nothing Superior to it Ever Heard.

[Ottawa Free Press.]

Sir Richard Cartwright's speech on the

FRESH

OUR STOCK OF COTTONS IS LARGE, FRESH, CHEAP AND OF EXCELLENT VALUE.

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Our stock o

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ENGLISH

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60 Pieces new Co

DOMINION LICENSE AC

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Board of License Comm

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—On Thursday of last week Mr. N. Woodcock called a meeting of the patrons of Hay Bay cheese factory, which was largely attended. The secretary, Mr. Irvine Parks, read a statement of receipts and expenditure of last season which gave every satisfaction, and after some routine business was transacted Mr. Parks was unanimously elected secretary-treasurer and salesman for the current year, 1884.

—On Saturday last Mr. Elisha Sharp and son started for Napanee to attend the Reform meeting and avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing Mr. John Charlton, M.P., deliver an address on the burning question of the day; and when but a short distance from their residence their horse became frightened, and on Mr. Sharp getting out of the cutter to catch the horse by the head it sprung, knocked him down and fell across his legs holding him there until his son could get the animal up. They then returned home and Mr. Sharp found his leg somewhat jammed but thought it would be all right in a few days, and on Sunday pain became so intense that Dr. Clark wss sent for, and upon examination the bone was found shattered near the ankle of the right leg Mr. Sharp is recovering nicely and we trust he will be able to attend the Reform meeting on Saturday next. Mr. Sharp has the sympathy of the whole neighbourhood.

—I noticed a few weeks ago that a correspondent of the Beaver boasted of a young lady of Hay Bay having $60.00 of surplus money on hand. Now, Mr. Editor, I can inform that correspondent that there are four girls on Hay Bay who are to have $600 each on the day of their wedlock; another one is to have a cow and a heifer. I don't think the $60 girl is anywhere.

—The young people of this neighborhood will give a necktie social and an oyster supper in Parks' chapel on Tuesday evening next, 11th inst., to commence at seven o'clock sharp. The proceeds are to be given to the Rev. Mr. Betts, who has been afflicted for the last six months, by a severe attack of dyspepsia. No pains will be spared to make the supper a grand success, and every member of the Bay circuit should come over and assist the young people of this section in making a good full house for Mr. Betts. Several Rev. gentlemen have kindly consented to be present and a good programme is already prepared, consisting of speeches,

rebels, who did not bolt, but struck the troopers who rode among them, giving blow for blow. A splendid display of heroism was made by three mounted rebels. They resolutely maintained their ground against the shock of two cavalry regiments before being cut down. They continued to fight after the third charge, killing several soldiers and wounding Col. Barrow with their spears. The enemy retired slowly, and in consequence of this the British kept up the firing for a long time after the fortunes of the day had been decided. The rebels lost 1,000 killed. Gen. Graham decided to remain at the wells of Teb for the day and night. The intention was to continue the advance to Tokar on Saturday a. m. More fighting is anticipated. The spoils taken from Baker Pasha were in a large measure recovered. The losses of the British in the fight were 24 killed and 142 wounded. The British forces captured four Krupp guns, two Howitzers, and one machine gun.

Nothing Superior to it Ever Heard.

[Ottawa Free Press.]

Sir Richard Cartwright's speech on the Budget will rank with the finest efforts of oratory in the English language. Nothing superior to it was ever heard even in the best days of the British parliament.

Napanee Market Prices.

	March 7th, 1884.	
Fall wheat, per bushel	$1 00 to	$1 05
Spring wheat, do	1 05	1 10
Barley, do	0 50	0 90
Oats, do	0 30	0 32
Peas, do	0 70	0 72
Rye, do	0 57	0 58
Onions, do	0 50	0 75
do per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65	0 75
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Corn	0 75	0 85
Butter per tub	0 16	0 18
Butter, per lb	0 18	0 20
Cheese "	0 12	0 12
Lard "	0 10	0 11
Tallow "	0 06	0 07
Musk Rats	0 04	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 15	0 18
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	7 50	8 50
Eggs per doz	0 18	0 20
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 40	11 00
Mess pork	0 10	0 11
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	15 00	16 00
Shorts "	19 00	20 00
Hay, "	7 00	0 00
Clover Hay "	3 00	4 00
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 59
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 35	0 40

S. McLAUGHLIN,
Produce and Commission Merchant, Dundas St., Napanee Ont.

BIRTHS.

PRINCE—In Napanee, on Tuesday, March 4th, the wife of Mr. John Prince, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

GAULT—In South Fredericksburgh, on Thursday, March 6th, John B. Gault, aged 68 years, 7 months and 4 days.

DENISON—In Napanee, on Wednesday, March 5th, Mary Denison, wife of Mr. R. Denison, aged

Stylish Scot

60 Pieces new Co

DOMINION LICENSE AC

NOTIC

Is hereby given that a meeti

Board of License Comm

—FOR THE—

License District of Lenn dington,

will be held at the Judge's Chamb House, in the Town of Na

Tuesday, the Twenty-Fifth 1884,

at the hour of eleven o'clock in the purpose of taking into consideratio for certificates for such licenses as License Act, 1883," are authorized

Dated this 19th day of February,

PETER J

15-5.

THE LENNOX AND AD

Grange Mutual Fire In

Board of Management

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ...

N. A. CATON, ESQ.....

DIRECTORS.

B.C. LLOYD, W. R. GORDANIER,

CHARLES JAMES.....

MILES SHOREY.....

JOHN DONSEE.....

Napanee, February 14th, 1884.

GAI

Health and Hap

How? DO H

Are your Kidneys d

"Kidney Wort brought me fro were, after I had been given up by Detroit." M. W. Deveraux, Mec

Are your nerves

"Kidney-Wort cured me from &c., after I was not expected to li Goodwin, Ed. *Christian Monitor*, C

somewhat jammed but thought it would be all right in a few days, and on Sunday pain became so intense that Dr. Clark was sent for, and upon examination the bone was found shattered near the ankle of the right leg Mr. Sharp is recovering nicely and we trust he will be able to attend the Reform meeting on Saturday next. Mr. Sharp has the sympathy of the whole neighbourhood.

—I noticed a few weeks ago that a correspondent of the Beaver boasted of a young lady of Hay Bay having $60.00 of surplus money on hand. Now, Mr. Editor, I can inform that correspondent that there are four girls on Hay Bay who are to have $600 each on the day of their wedlock; another one is to have a cow and a heifer. I don't think the $60 girl is anywhere.

—The young people of this neighborhood will give a necktie social and an oyster supper in Parks' chapel on Tuesday evening next, 11th inst., to commence at seven o'clock sharp. The proceeds are to be given to the Rev. Mr. Betts, who has been afflicted for the last six months, by a severe attack of dyspepsia. No pains will be spared to make the supper a grand success, and every member of the Bay circuit should come over and assist the young people of this section in making a good full house for Mr. Betts. Several Rev. gentlemen have kindly consented to be present and a good programme is already prepared, consisting of speeches, dialogues, recitations, readings and music, both vocal and instrumental. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Admission 30 cents each.

Fluid Lightning.

WIFE.—What's the matter now, John.

HUSBAND.—Oh, that neuralgia and toothache near kills me.

WIFE.—Why don't you go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a bottle of Fluid Lightning, you know it cures all such things as toothache, neuralgia, headache, lumbago, earache, sore throat, etc. It gives instant relief.

Danger Traps.

Neglected colds are the fatal traps that ensnare many a victim beyond possibility of rescue. Take a cold or cough in time and it is easily conquered by by that safe and pleasant vegetable remedy, Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. Asthma, Bronchitis and pulmonary complaints generally soon yield to its healing influence.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted. "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

THE USE OF DR. WHEELER'S COMPOUND Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya as food for the brain and nervous system is founded on well established chemical and physiological laws, since it is composed of elements entering the formation of these organs and capable of supplying them with nourishment. Great mental efforts, anxiety, excitement, worry, fatigue, blood poisoning from disease or impure air, excessive indulgence in habits that use up the vital powers, speedily interfere with the nutrition of the brain and nerves which preside over all the functions of the body, and sooner or later fatal consequences must inevitably result. In the Elixir we have a reliable remedy for nerve exhaustion and loss of constitutional vigor from these causes.

Lard	0 10	0 11
Tallow "	0 06	0 07
Musk Rats	0 04	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 15	0 18
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	7 50	8 50
Eggs per doz	0 18	0 20
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 10	11 00
Mess pork	0 10	0 11
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	15 00	16 00
Shorts "	19 00	20 00
Hay "	7 00	0 00
Clover Hay "	3 00	4 00
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 50
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 35	0 40

S. McLAUGHLIN,
Produce and Commission Merchant, Dundas St., Napanee Ont.

BIRTHS.

PRINCE—In Napanee, on Tuesday, March 4th, the wife of Mr. John Prince, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

GAULT—In South Fredericksburgh, on Thursday, March 6th, John B. Gault, aged 68 years, 7 months and 4 days.

DENISON—In Napanee, on Wednesday, March 5th, Mary Denison, wife of Mr. R. Denison, aged 62 years, 11 months and 2 days.

BOOTH—At Sydenham, on Saturday, March 1st, Helen Kathleen, youngest daughter of Mr. Fred. Booth, aged 1 year and 10 months.

Butter Buyers

everywhere are refusing to take white, lardy looking butter except at "grease" prices. Consumers want nothing but gilt-edged butter, and buyers therefore recommend their patrons to keep a uniform color throughout the year by using the Improved Butter Color made by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. It is the only color that can be relied on to never injure the butter, and to always give the perfect color. Sold by druggists and merchants.

Pimples and Blotches.

Call at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. It is composed of Vaseline, Carbolic Acid and Cerate, and has never failed to remove Pimples, Blotches, Ulcerated Sores, Rough Skin. It cures when others fail. Try it.

Fact Stranger than Fiction.

It is a fact that Alonzo Howe of Tweed, had a fever sore that afflicted him for thirty-five years. Six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured him, which he considers almost a miracle. It was but the natural result of the remedy restoring pure blood and perfect secretion.

Salt Rheum Cured.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Rough Skin, Pimples or Canker Sores; if so go at once to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price twenty-five cents It was never known to fail.

A Favorite Everywhere.

Wherever introduced Hagyard's Yellow Oil finds friends. It is the old reliable household remedy for external and internal use in all aches, pains, lameness and soreness of the flesh. A. L. Green, a prominent druggist of Belleville, says: "It is a great favorite here and has a good sale."

A Double Benefit.

James Moore, a prominent resident of Leamington, writes that he cured himself of Dyspepsia of a year's duration by one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and two bottles cured his wife who had been for years a sufferer from the same disease. He conscientiously recommends it to all suffering from similar troubles.

Board of Management

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N. A. CATON, ESQ.....

DIRECTORS.

B.C. LLOYD, W. R. GORDANIER,

CHARLES JAMES.....

MILES SHOREY .....

JOHN DONSEE.....

Napanee, February 14th, 1884.

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Geo. H. Horst, Cashier M. Ba
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SWISS EMBROIDERIES AND INSERTIONS,

Bright, handsome and cheap, from $1 per yard.

SOMETHING NEW IN CORSETS, besides the O. Progress.

SOMETHING NEW IN COLLARETTES and Boas, Eagle We

SOMETHING NEW IN CRETONNES and America

SOMETHIMG NEW IN HOSIERY FOR SPRIN

OUR STOCK OF COTTONS IS LARGE, FRESH, CHEAP AND OF EXCELLENT VALUE.

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ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STIFF AI

Stylish Scotch Tweed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Color

60 Pieces new Canadian Tweed, all Prices. 45

Full Lines in Gents' Furni

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a meeting of the

Board of License Commissioners

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

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LAUGHLIN,
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DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

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—FOR THE—

License District of Lennox and Addington,

will be held at the Judge's Chambers, in the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, on

Tuesday, the Twenty-Fifth day of March, 1884,

at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of taking into consideration all applications for certificates for such licenses as by "The Liquor License Act, 1883," are authorized to be granted.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector

15-5.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ.....President

N. A. CATON, ESQ.....Vice-President.

DIRECTORS.

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CHARLES JAMES.....Secretary.

MILES SHOREY.....Treasurer.

JOHN DONSEE.....Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

GAIN

Health and Happiness.

How? DO AS OTHERS HAVE DONE.

Are your Kidneys disordered?
"Kidney Wort brought me from my grave, as it were, after I had been given up by 13 best doctors in Detroit." M. W. Deveraux, Mechanic, Ionia, Mich.

Are your nerves weak?
"Kidney-Wort cured me from nervous weakness &c., after I was not expected to live."—Mrs. M. M. B. Goodwin, Ed. *Christian Monitor*, Cleveland, O.

Have you Bright's Disease?
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Frank Wilson, Peabody, Mass.

Suffering from Diabetes?
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I have ever used. Gives almost immediate relief."
Dr. Phillip C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

Have you Liver Complaint?

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others, that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

particularly

Adapted to Farm Use.

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

FIRST-CLASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

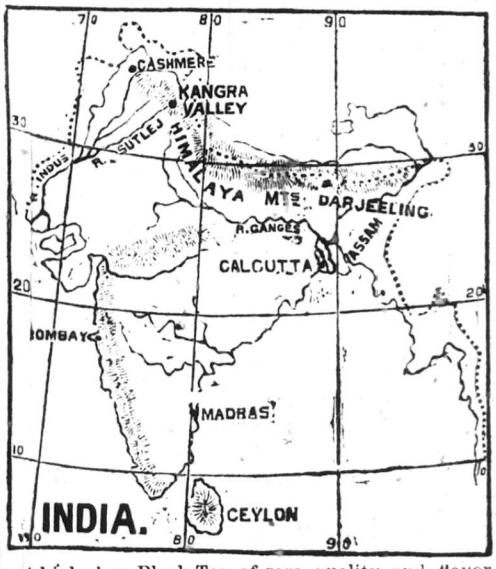
and are now in position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883

GENERAL KEER'S

HIMALAYAN TEA.



A high class Black Tea of rare quality and flavor, imported direct from India by Major General Keer of Toronto, in March last. For samples and prices apply to

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Sole Agent at Napanee

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Will sell you

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All kinds of R

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Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

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Have you Liver Complaint?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of chronic Liver Diseases after I prayed to die."
Henry Ward, late Col. 69th Nat. Guard, N. Y.

Is your Back lame and aching?
"Kidney-Wort, (1 bottle) cured me when I was so lame I had to roll out of bed."
C. M. Tallmage, Milwaukee, Wis.

Have you Kidney Disease?
"Kidney-Wort made me sound in liver and kidneys after years of unsuccessful doctoring. Its worth $10 a box."—Sam'l Hodges, Williamstown, West Va.

Are you Constipated?
"Kidney-Wort causes easy evacuations and cured me after 16 years use of other medicines."
Nelson Fairchild, St. Albans, Vt.

Have you Malaria?
"Kidney-Wort has done better than any other remedy I have ever used in my practice."
Dr. R. K. Clark, South Hero, Vt.

Are you Bilious?
"Kidney-Wort has done me more good than any other remedy I have ever taken."
Mrs. J. T. Galloway, Elk Flat, Oregon.

Are you tormented with Piles?
"Kidney-Wort *permanently cured* me of bleeding piles. Dr. W. C. Kline recommended it to me."
Geo. H. Horst, Cashier M. Bank, Myerstown, Pa.

Are you Rheumatism racked?
"Kidney-Wort cured me, after I was given up to die by physicians and I had suffered thirty years."
Elbridge Malcolm, West Bath, Maine.

Ladies, are you suffering?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of peculiar troubles of several years standing. Many friends use and praise it." Mrs. H. Lamoreaux, Isle La Motte, Vt.

If you would Banish Disease and gain Health, Take

KIDNEY-WORT
THE BLOOD CLEANSER.

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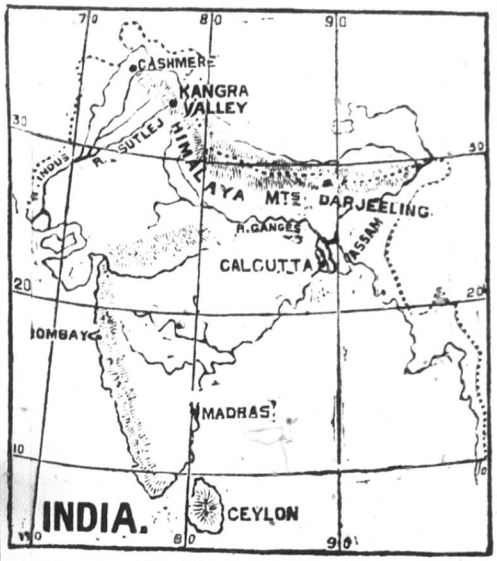
HIMALAYAN TEA.



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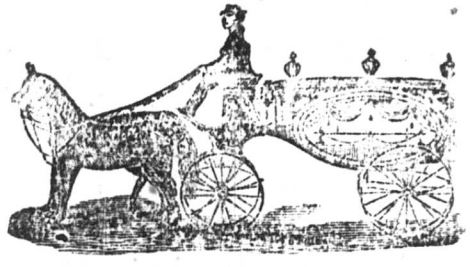

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COFFINS, CASKETS, &c.
Always on hand. All orders promptly attended to

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HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently pubished a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address,
The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,
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Post Office Box 450. 15-1y.

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All kinds of R

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In endless variety, rantee they will prov

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All new fresh goo

WISS EMBROIDERIES
AND INSERTIONS,

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DOWNEY & Co's

V IN CORSETS, besides the O. K., Flexible, Hip Comforter and Progress.

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OUR COTTONS ARE NOTED FOR BEING OF GOOD BODY, FINE HEAVY AND VERY CHEAP.

DOWNEY & Co.

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——ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN——

.MERICAN STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS,

gs, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Worsteds and Spring Overcoatings,

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WIND MILL,

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A. ROSE & CO.

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CLASS ENGINEER AND MACHINIST

now in position to repair steam engines s, and do all kinds of foundry and machine most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

e, Dec. 13, 1883

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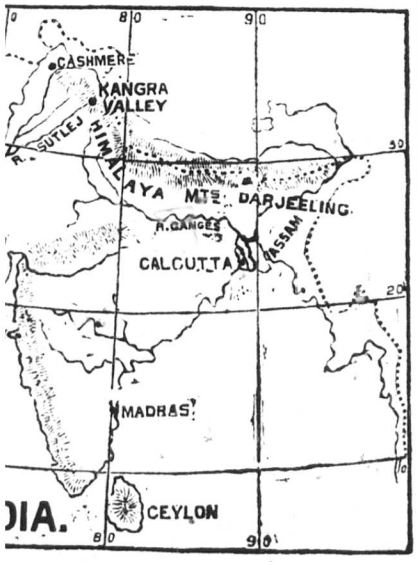
MALAYAN TEA.



WHY GO FREEZING AROUND

——WHEN——

A. ROSE & CO.

Will sell you a good warm Overcoat at less than cost price ?

75---GOOD OVERCOATS,---75

WHICH MUST BE SOLD.

Call and Secure a Bargain With Others.

A. ROSE & CO,

Rennie's Old Corner Store, Napanee.

NEW JEWELLERY STORE.

211 DUNDAS - ST.

(Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

A. A. BARTLETT

——Dealer in——

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE

FANCY GOODS, &c.

New Goods and Low Prices.

All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully an Promptly Attended to.

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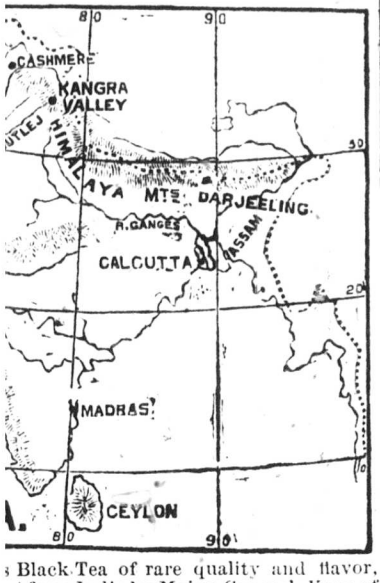

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e have recently pubished a new edition Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Es- on the radical and permanent cure hout medicine) of Nervous Debility, ital and Physical Incapacity, Impedi- rriage, &c., resulting from excesses. in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or stamps.

rated author, in his admirable Essay, onstrates, from thirty years' successful at alarming consequences may be radi- without the dangerous use of internal the use of the knife; pointing out a mode once simple, certain and effectual, by ich every sufferer, no matter what his ay be, may cure himself cheaply, private- ally.

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Teas of all Grades at Low Retail Prices (although wholesal priceshave advanced.)

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In endless variety, having purchased a good supply put up by MR. B. B. DUNNING, we guarantee they will prove for themselves.

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Full Range Men's Tweed Suits,
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American Hard and Soft Felt Hats, ENGLISH HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS. A large and nicely selected stock of all the latest novelties in Men's Furnishing Goods,

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All new fresh goods at far below the regular Napanee prices. Rennie Block,

R. P. LAHEY.

Remember the Puir.

Think kindly at this time o' year,
When winter rules an' fields are bare :
An' there is muckle o' gnid cheer,
O them wha want sae unca sair.

Think o' the mon'y auld an' young
Wha poortith's weary burden bear,
Whase state has aft beeu sadly sung,
Been tauld wi' mony a saddest tear.

Amid yer plenty think fu' weel,
O' them whese hames are cauld an' bare ;
Whase claes ere thih, wha hae small meal,
The scantiest o' common fare,

Nae doot there's mony wha hae brought
Themsel's tae this unhappy run,
But many too whase present lot
Is no' thro' ony ill they've dune.

Then think o' such an' freely gi'e,
To help them i' their sair distress,
Amid their want an' misery,
To comfort, eheer an' richly bless.

Nae offering that ye can pay,
Nae gift yer affluence can spare,
Is dearer in Heaven's sicht alway,
Than aid gi'en tae the "honest puir"'

CUPIDITY AND CRIME.

CHAPTER XVII. (CONTINUED.)

"Did I scowl, Nettie?" he asked eagerly. "Did you see me, dear? Then—then you were not absolutely engrossed in Mr. Burgoyne ?"

Something oddly exultant in his tone caused her to look round quickly with surprised bright eyes ; something in the handsome face made her drop them till the black lashes rested on the smooth skin that burned with a sudden blush. But Nettie was not easily taken aback ; despite that slight evidence of confusion, see answered cheerfully and briskly—

"I cannot understand your prejudice against poor Mr. Burgoyne. Between ourselves, I do not think his plays overbrilliant ; but he is one of our most popular authors, and could do anything he pleased for you."

"If he were Shakespeare himself, it would make no differenee," Vance said, fiercely· "If he would write another *Hamlet* for me, I would not thank him if he wrote for love of you."

The words were in the Bombaste vein; but the young man saw nothing absurd in them when he poured them forth with unfeigned and passionate earnestness, nor did Nettie, though her sense of the ridiculous was acute enough as a rule.

She was very far from laughing now—so far that, when he drew a little nearer, he saw the glitter of tears on the dark lashes, saw the red lip quiver in a vain attempt at speech. He had not made Nettie angry ; he had hurt her, which was far, very far from his wish.

"Forgive me, Nettie !" he cried penitently. "I was a brute, a wretch!"

"You were," Nettie agreed, with a sudden smile and disconcerting candour. "I shall not contradict you, Vance ; but

"And claim a prize ?" Vance interrupted, finishing the sentence audaciously. "I claim it now, Nettie ; and you will admit my claim."

So, from mistress and pupil, Nettie Clare and Vance Singleton became betrothed lovers, and, to their infinite content, found that the course of their love ran on smoothly from end to end.

Mrs. Clare heard the story the same night, and seemed well pleased to hear it, though she somewhat astonished the lovers by averring that she had seen it all from the first.

"You are all that I could wish for my Nettie, Vance. You know how good she is, how brave and loving and unselfish ; so I will not sing her praise now. You have a bright future before you. You love her, and will work hard for her sake. You are a gentlemen, such a one as Robert Clare's child should wed—so far, all things are in your favor ; but—there is always a 'but' in this disappointing world, my dear—there are your people, Vance."

She looked and spoke gently ; but there was a certain trouble in the kind eyes that were so like Nettie's, with the hopeful light quenched, and there was an earnest ring in the pretty soft voice.

"My people, Mrs. Clare !" Vance said, a little uneasily. "I thought we agreed, before this question arose, that I was to tread the path I had chosen alone, to win my laurels unaided, and mention them only when they were won. I think I will take the same course with Nettie."

"My dear boy '—the woman smiled and sighed together—her conscience and inclination were at war—"you do not know the misery such marriages may cause. When I married Robt Clare, I dfd not know that he had quarrelled with all his people for my sake ; but it was so—and, though "—with a little flush of pride in the remembrance, which for the moment made the worn face young and pretty—"though I know that to the hour of his death he never once regretted his choice, yet he felt the estrangement cruelly, as you may some day feel yours."

"Never !" Vance answered, in perfect honesty. "In fact, Mrs. Clare, the arguments that may convince other fellows don't touch me at all. Whom have I to quarrel with ? A step-father whose generosity I have so tired out that I think he would be glad to see me settle down as a shoemaker, a mother who would never quarrel with me in any circumstances, and who, meeting Nettie as my wife, will surely fall in love with her."

"And your sister ?" Mrs. Clare said, as he began to flounder in his speech.

He shrugged his shoulders in genuine indifference this time.

"Cristine will, I do not doubt, be disagreeable, as she invariably is ; it would hardly be worth while to consider her."

Still Mrs. Clare looked vaguely troubl-

cannot count up even the mate
said, looking up into his face
laughing eyes. "What a hap
must be, Vance !"

"Poor Nora !" Vance answe
bitterly. "She has made a
bargain ; but she is very far off
happy."

"You think she has not for
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Vance smiled at her eager
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"You were," Nettie agreed, with a sudden smile and disconcerting candour. "I shall not contradict you, Vance; but please tell me why?"

The question, the pained pleading of the bright eyes sparkling through the tears that he had brought there, set Mr. Singleton's heart throbbing wildly, and forced from his lips the words he did not mean to speak then.

"Why, the answer is a paradox, Nettie! I was harsh and rude and brutal to you, dear, because, best of all things in this world, I love you!"

The last words came out with an abrupt jerk, and were followed by a brief silence. Nettie gave her companion one quick startled glance, blushed violently, paused, and walked on rapidly.

He had to walk beside her in impatient silence for a minute or so; for they were not alone in the street, and he could hardly renew his love-suit till their fellow-pedestrians had passed by. Vance girded at the little restraint at the time; but perhaps it was well that it came. It gave him time to find words and shape his thoughts, and allowed her to recover from the shock of finding an easy-going every-day intimate transformed into an ardent and exacting lover.

At last, the intruders gone, he ventured to draw his companion's hand again within his arm and try to moderate her pace a little. He felt the slim fingers tremble in his clasp; she struggled to withdraw them, but so faintly that her lover drew a happy augury from the fact.

"Were you trying to outrun me, Nettie? Are you so angry that you cannot speak?"

She raised her eyes with an evident effort. Assuredly there was no anger in their shining depths.

"Are you sure, Vance?" she asked tremulously, with a troubled drawing together of the pretty pencilled brows that were such expressive features of Miss Clare's face.

"Sure of what, sweetheart?" Vance answered gaily—for she was his sweetheart now; he was sure of her heart as of his own, though as yet the decisive words were all unspoken.

"Sure that it is not a mistake, a fancy?" she asked, with a nervous smile. "Oh, you need not laugh, Vance! Such things

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He shrugged his shoulders in genuine indifference this time.

"Cristine will, I do not doubt, be disagreeable, as she invariably is; it would hardly be worth while to consider her."

Still Mrs. Clare looked vaguely troubled, longing to banish her doubts and consent for Nettie's sake, to see things through the rosy haze that shrouded them, but conscientiously bent on showing the reverse of the medal and laying all objections to the plan before her would-be-son-in-law.

"Then there is the other young lady, Miss Bruce. She is to make some brilliant marriage, Nettie tells me."

"She will be Lady de Gretton in six weeks' time—poor Nora!" said Vance, with heartfelt compassion for the girl whose splendid marriage would be barren of all the love and trust that would richly sanctify his own. "But Miss Bruce is my step-sister only—not even that indeed—she is my mother's husband's child."

"Hardly a close connection, I admit," Mrs. Clare said, smiling; "still she will be so very grand a personage——"

"Grand or not," the young man interrupted a little impatiently, "Nora is a thoroughly kind and simple-hearted girl. She is the one person I intend to place confidence in, for she is the one person on whom I can rely."

"But——"

"You said there was a 'but' in all things. I do not think there can be another to make protest with in this," he said, cutting her nervous half-hearted objections determinately short, and turning to welcome Nettie, who at that moment entered the room.

Perhaps Mrs. Clare was not, on the whole, very sorry to have her conscientious protests thus trenchantly disposed of. She was glad that her daughter should find a safe companion and protector in the dangerous path she trod with such innocent self-relying courage, glad to welcome Vance as a son, and relieved to find that the small circle in which her life was bound was to be enlarged, not broken, that they were still to form one family together.

"I always feared that some one would take Nettie from me," she said, with tearful gratitude, when the two young people laid their matured plans for the future before her. "I am thankful you are not a rich man, Vance."

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"Sure that it is not a mistake, a fancy?" she asked, with a nervous smile. "Oh, you need not laugh, Vance! Such things often happen; people imagine themselves in love with—with actresses; but it is a mere delusion, after all."

"Is it? Then I pity the people, first for being deluded, next for being undeceived—I am neither. It is not an idle fancy that I offer you, Nettie, but a real honest lover. It was not the actress that dazzled me, but the brave and loving daughter, who is the best and truest of all women in my eyes, the only wife in the world for me. Nettie, are you angry still?"

The question seemed to rouse her from a happy dream. She turned her radiant face round, and quite bravely and frankly, as Nettie Clare did all things, placed her little hand in his.

"Angry? No; I am so very, very glad! Is it shocking to say that, Vance? Because it is absolutely true."

She spoke with a nervous haste, half laughing and half crying, as her way was when strongly moved.

"Tell me a little more truth, Nettie. Say you love me."

"I love you!" She repeated the words with a sweet gravity, and then, with one of her rapid changes, began to laugh again. "I have, I think, loved you always—was it horrid of me, Vance?—but I thought you would never, never guess. I was always giving you lessons and finding fault and scolding; I thought you would look on me as a schoolmistress and——"

child.

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"I wish I were a little richer for Nettie's sake," poor Vance said, remembering rather ruefully that his wife's income would considerably outweigh his own; but the overplus would support her mother and sister; there was comfort to his self-respect in that thought.

"You are as rich as I wish you to be," Nettie said, with a joyous laugh. "and you will be the brightest of 'stars' by-and-by. Mother, I hope Vance will not want to hide us in a corner when the Duke and Duchess come hunting by-and-by."

It was all very pleasant fooling, and they were so evidently and fully content with the arrangement that he could not but be content and happy too. After all, he was young still; his earlier youth had been wasted, but time was on his side; he would redeem his manhood by hard and honest work. It was beginning life again, on a lower level perhaps, but beginning it with an earnest purpose and with Nettie by his side.

So all things arranged themselves; and coincidently with those gorgeous arrangements for Nora's wedding with which the fashionable papers were so busy their modest preparations were made. Many a time, while Nettie stitched and worked at the trim and dainty dresses she regarded with simple pride, she would laughingly bid her lover read the costly items of his step-sister's *trousseau*, as the florid millinery vocabulary set them forth.

"Satins and velvet, and lace and broche, and brocatelle and—— Oh, I

card. But it was not the old received him; it was the frozen creature who seemed to at a distance. Though she wa composed and more beautiful there was something in her fac made the youg fellow's heart a brightened a little at sight and promptly questioned him whereabouts and means of livi last had by this time become a mystery to Mr. Singleton's fri

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"Nora, would you care to h dull prosaic story—the story of it is and it is to be?"

"Yes."

The answer was brief enc there was no mistaking the acrity of the assent.

"The story is for your ear al will repeat it to no one, even if you, until I give you leave?"

"It will not shock me—you good," she said, eyeing the keenly. "And of course I wil if you wish it; but your mothe

"My mother shall know all i not just yet. Listen, Nora, a tell you why."

She listened without one in while he told the full story since he had left Nettleton; when he had reached the end s with her great grey eyes fixed o as though she were trying to something more.

"Are you shocked, after al Vance asked at last, a little h silence.

She looked up quickly then.

"No," she said, holding out hands, and speaking with a so sionate intensity—"no; I am glad. It is strange work, Vanc is work."

"And pretty hard work tooo terrupted, with a slight grimace did not seem to hear.

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cannot count up even the materials !" she said, looking up into his face with joyous laughing eyes. "What a happy girl she must be, Vance !"

"Poor Nora !" Vance answered a little bitterly. "She has made an excellent bargain ; but she is very far off from being happy."

"You think she has not forgotten Mr. Beaupre ; but, if that were so, she would not marry Lord de Gretton, surely !"

Vance smiled at her eager certainty. This girl of a lower world knew so little of the social sacrifices imposed as solemn duties on the ladies who despised her. Long since he had told her the story of Arthur Beaupre's love and death, and her warmest sympathy had been excited for the unlucky young pair ; but the De Gretton episode was to her altogether inconsistent and inexplicable.

"My dear Nettie, the whole thing was arranged for her; you do not understand," Mr. Singleton said, dismissing the subject thus summarily because he felt that all explanation would be wasted on his simple betrothed. "When girls have no fortune, they must marry, even if their hearts are dead. Nora has simply accepted a shelter and a home—things that are necessary even in romantic grief."

He rather liked the ring of this speech, and thought he had settled things in the most delightful prosaic and practical fashion ; but the very practical details stirred Nettie to renewed protest.

"A home, a shelter !" she cried, in a little glow of enthusiasm. "She need not break faith with the dead, then. Why. Vance, we could give her that !"

She looked so pretty with the generous flush, the earnest sparkle in her soft hazel eyes. She was, if they had but known it, Nora's better angel, pleading that this last avenue of escape might open to the doomed girl. But Vance had only kissed her, and tried to silence her with a rather forced jest—Nora had a home still; besides, what had they to offer her, compared with all that Lord de Gretten could give?

"But you will give her the choice, Vance," Nettie pleaded still, "when you see her, and tell her all? You will say also that she can find 'a shelter and a home' with us."

And, so pressed, he promised—and kept his word—to how little purpose the sorrowful sequel showed.

CHAPTER XVII.

It was not until two days before his marriage that Vance found time courage to fulfil his promise to Nettie, and pay his final visit to his step-father's house.

"Of course I run the risk of meeting that cad De Gretton, or worse still, of running against Cristine and my mother," the young fellow soliloquised, as he rapp-

"With work and love, you should be good and happy. Heaven grant that you may be both, dear Vance !"

Her step-brother stooped and kissed her, pitying the envied of all London with an intense and aching pity.

"I give you back your prayer, my dear kind Nora—Heaven make you happy !"

"No, no !" She clung to him with a sudden passion, a look of the wildest terror fliting across her white face. "Pray that I may be good, Vance ; that is all I ever dare ask now. Sometimes my head is so confused, I fear——" She stopped shert, startled perhaps by something in the young man's face, controlled herself by an effort, and went on quite calmly—"But you have something there, Vance—something you mean to show me—Nettie's picture, I hope.

He had two things—Nettie's picture and the little pearl ring—which looked truly absurd beside Lord de Gretton's diamonds. He presented the latter rather awkwardly enough, glad to get the ridiculous ceremony over. But Nora looked at it until the tears rose in the large gray eyes, and a softer expression than he had seen on her face since Arthur Beaupre's death came to it then.

If he had but spoken then, while with that pathetic break in her clear voice, she tried to thank him; if, in that softened moment, he had urged Nettie's prayer, he might have saved her even then ; but the golden moment passed, the opportunity slipped from him.

A carriage drove up to the door, and the servant announced Lady Olivia Blake. Nora became her proud self again. There was nothing for Vance to do but bow and withdraw.

Two days afterwards, Nettie Clare and Vance Singleton were quietly married at a little suburban church, with Mrs. Clare and Jenny for the only witnesses. Never was a more modest ceremony observed, never did happier pair join hands and hearts before the altar, or swear with more fervent faith to love and honor, to love and cherish, until death them should part. Mrs. Clare, looking a pretty picture of matronly dignity in the gray silk dress and dainty lace bonnet that Nettie's nimble fingers had deftly put together, shed a few natural tears, but was, on the whole, serenely happy and content, while Jenny absolutely forgot to be ill and fretful for one whole long day, so delighted was she with the dignity of her bridesmaid's duties.

And Nettie? Nettie, in her pretty white frock, wtth the orange-blossom wreath crowning her boyish curls, and the misty whiteness of her net veil hiding the shy sweet face—Nettie needed no splendour of point-lace, of sheeny satin, or of glittering jewels, to make her as fair a bride as the sun ever shone upon, though the items of her costume had been chosen

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flush, the earnest sparkle in her soft hazel eyes. She was, if they had but known it, Nora's better angel, pleading that this last avenue of escape might open to the doomed girl. But Vance had only kissed her, and tried to silence her with a rather forced jest—Nora had a home still; besides, what had they to offer her, compared with all that Lord de Gretten could give?

"But you will give her the choice, Vance," Nettie pleaded still, "when you see her, and tell her all? You will say also that she can find 'a shelter and a home' with us."

And, so pressed, he promised—and kept his word—to how little purpose the sorrowful sequel showed.

CHAPTER XVII.

It was not until two days before his marriage that Vance found time courage to fulfil his promise to Nettie, and pay his final visit to his step-father's house.

"Of course I run the risk of meeting that cad De Gretton, or worse still, of running against Cristine and my mother," the young fellow soliloquised, as he rapped at the door. "But I must see Nora, if it is only once again—must bid my dear old playfellow good-bye; besides, there is my promise. We must offer the hospitality of an attic to our peeress-elect."

But he had so little hope this hospitality would be accepted that he had actually brought his wedding-present with him—a cheap trifle of a ring—an absurd item in the future Lady de Gretton's present list, but still something bought with money he had earned. He smiled a little sadly, thinking how the old Nora would have appreciated such a gift.

He was lucky in the time of his coming. The servant told him that Mrs. Bruce and Miss Singleton were out, but that Miss Bruce was in; and Vance's heart leaped with pleasure as he sent in his card. But it was not the old Nora who received him; it was the same pale frozen creature who seemed to hold pity at a distance. Though she was perfectly composed and more beautiful than ever, there was something in her face yet which made the youg fellow's heart ache. She brightened a little at sight of him, and promptly questioned him as to his whereabouts and means of living, which last had by this time become a profound mystery to Mr. Singleton's friends.

"Mrs. Bruce is so anxious about you, Vance," she said, with a gentle earnestness; and the gray eyes lost for a moment the strained far-away look that was so infinitely sad. "I wish you could let her know what you are doing, and set her mind at rest."

"No harm, at least, Nora."

"Of that I am sure; but still——'

"Would you care to know, Nora?'

Vance crossed the room with the words, and stood by the tall velvet-draped mantel piece, looking down upon her as she

withdraw.

Two days afterwards, Nettie Clare and Vance Singleton were quietly married at a little suburban church, with Mrs. Clare and Jenny for the only witnesses. Never was a more modest ceremony observed, never did happier pair join hands and hearts before the altar, or swear with more fervent faith to love and honor, to love and cherish, until death them should part. Mrs. Clare, looking a pretty picture of matronly dignity in the gray silk dress and dainty lace bonnet that Nettie's nimble fingers had deftly put together, shed a few natural tears, but was, on the whole, serenely happy and content, while Jenny absolutely forgot to be ill and fretful for one whole long day, so delighted was she with the dignity of her bridesmaid's duties.

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But, though the dress was muslin and the veil plain net, though Nettie laughingly protested that flowers should be her sole adornment, she did wear jewels, and jewels of no small value, after all.

The day before the wedding, the day succeeding Vance's South Kensington visit, she had received a large and heavy parcel by private hand. Opening it with eager curiosity—for Nettie's bridal presents had been but few—she saw an old-fashioned jewel-box mounted and clasped in silver. How well her lover knew that box! How clearly he saw what lay within, even before Nettie raised the lid!—the dark blue velvet slope, the moonlight glimmer of the three ropes of pearls. Nora Bruce was bidding good-bye to her old life indeed when she parted with the one possession Cristine had always envied her, the one possession of which she had been most innocently proud. They were her mother's jewels.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

How a Wood Engraving is Made.

In wood engraving, the lines that are to ink the paper are left standing, while the parts between are cut away from the surface of the block, so that when an ink roller is passed over an engraving of this kind, it leaves all the lines tipped with a coating of ink, to be picked up by the sheet of paper which comes in contact with it. So, you will see, the wood-engraver must sink two lines in the block to make one line which will print. Of course, considering the hardness of the wood, and the delicacy required for the lines, this is very slow and tedious work. You may easily form some idea of how tedious it is, by placing a penny over any

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Vance crossed the room with the words, and stood by the tall velvet-draped mantel piece, looking down upon her as she sat in the low-backed chair, with the afternoon sun slanting in on the small dark head, the pale perfect face, the cream-white dress, and the slender crossed hands, on one of which was found a thousand dazzling reflections in her superb betrothal-ring. How stately she looked in her delicate, high-bred beauty—how different from his little every-day Nettie! And yet the young man thanked Heaven, in his inmost heart, that Nettie never looked like that.

"Nora, would you care to hear a very dull prosaic story—the story of my life as it is and it is to be?"

"Yes."

The answer was brief enough; but there was no mistaking the pleased alacrity of the assent.

"The story is for your ear alone. You will repeat it to no one, even if it shocks you, until I give you leave?"

"It will not shock me—your news is good," she said, eyeing the dark face keenly. "And of course I will promise. if you wish it; but your mother?"

"My mother shall know all in time, but not just yet. Listen, Nora, and I will tell you why."

She listened without one interruption while he told the full story of his life since he had left Nettleton; and even when he had reached the end she still sat with her great grey eyes fixed on his face, as though she were trying to read there something more.

"Are you shocked, after all, Nora?" Vance asked at last, a little hurt by her silence.

She looked up quickly then.

"No," she said, holding out both slim hands, and speaking with a sort of passionate intensity—"no; I am very, very glad. It is strange work, Vance; but it is work."

"And pretty hard work tooo!" he interrupted, with a slight grimace; but she did not seem to hear.

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You will see that your penny has covered more than one hundred lines; and then you must remember that at every place where the shading in the drawing which the engraver is engraving grows lighter or darker, he has to change the width of the line; for just in proportion to the thickness of the black line left between the two light ones, will be the "tint' or "color" of the corresponding portion of the printed picture. The changes are called by the engravers "stops." And where there are many of these, one square inch is a fair day's work.

I have spoken of a drawing, for the engravers always have a drawing to work from. Sometimes it is made upon the wood-block, but it is more frequently made by the artist much larger than the block on which it is to be engraved, and a reduced copy of it produced upon the block by photography. By this plan the artist can work more freely, and the engraver is enabled to have the large drawing in front of him, besides the reduced copy of the same which he is cutting into lines upon the block.

What is really momentous and all-important with us is the present, by which the future is shaped and colored.

The human intellect has had placed before it by Him who made it one object, and one only, worthy of its efforts, and that is truth. Truth, not only for the sake of any ulterior dignity, however high or holy, but truth for its own sake. We hope, we trust, we humbly believe, that truth will in the end be found to coincide with goodness, with holiness, with grace, with humility, with all the other noblest aspirations of the human spirit.

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WOMAN GOSSIP.

Our Young Women.

The Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby, of New York, says: A primal defect in our social life is the notion that girls have nothing to do. Boys are brought up to some employment, but girls to none, except where pecuniary want compels them, The family that is "well off" has busy boys and idle girls. The young man after eating his breakfast, starts off to his daily occupation, and returns at the close of the day. The young woman after eating her breakfast, usually at a late hour, saunters in quest of amusement. Novels, gossip, shopping for unnecessary trifles, dressing in three or four different costumes, formal visiting, drawing (if able), and lounging are the elements of the young woman's day. In the evening, by way of recreation (?), she goee to the theatre or a ball.

This unequal discipline of the sexes is the basis of innumerable evils. It makes the girl careless and selfish, it turns her mind to personal adornment and other frivolous matters as the great concerns of life; it takes away the sense of responsibility, and produces feebleness and disease in her physical constitution. It also prevents her from asserting her true dignity in the eyes of man, for the life of utility is alone dignified. Women, thus brought up in indolence, are looked upon by men very much as were the women of the old dark times of the world, as mere playthings, expensive toys, not as counsellors or friends, Marriage in such circumstances belongs to a low, sensual plane, and the girl is prepared neither in body nor mind for responsibilities which marriage implies. Her training, however, or lack of training, makes it necessary for a long purse to supply her. Economy, helpfulness, co-operation—these are not coming to the new household from this vain source. Dresses, drives, entertainments—these will form the staple demands on the young husband. Accordingly in the city life, where this class of young women is chiefly found, a young man is (greatly to his hurt often) kept from marrying by reason of its costliness, whereas society should be so ordered that marriage would help the larder, not beggar it. We want simplicity of life, frugality, modesty, industry, and system. If we would introduce these virtues into our higher society, we should diminish the despair, envy, jealousy, dissipation, and suicides of the single, and the bickerings, wretchedness, and divorces of the married.

Let our girls have as regular daily duties as the boys. Let idleness be forbidden them. Let recreation be indeed recreation, at proper times and in proper quantities. Let us open more numerous

with enviable advantages of physique in the way of teeth, eyes, hair, form, and complexion. She has the ability as well as her sterner companion of discerning the laughable side of a subject and cracking a sly joke thereat. European education has greatly improved and instructed the gentler sex of Hawaii, but it must be confessed that it has signally failed to curb the exuberance of their spirits, or tame the impetuosity of their sentiment, or convert them into straightlaced prigs, they whose natures are as boisterous as the bounding billows of their sea-swept rocks.

"CHRIST ON CALVARY."

The New Picture by Munkaczy to Be Exhibited in Paris.

The subject of Munkaczy's new picture is "Christ on Calvary." This solemn and touching picture, says the Paris correspondent of the London *Times*, which will be exhibited at Easter, will certainly produce as great an impression in the artistic world as "Christ Before Pilate." The two pictures will be exhibited alongside each other, and the public will be able to follow the sequence of the master's artistic thought. The figure of "Christ on Calvary" is slightly larger than "Christ Before Pilate."

The painter depicts the scene where the Saviour has just expired. The sky is black with clouds and streaked with lightning, and beyond the horizon at Jerusalem the veil of the temple is seen, rent in twain. Jesus Christ, pale in death, and inclined forward, has given up the ghost. The centurion has dropped in terror beside the cross. Mary, the mother, on her knees, is bathing in tears her son's feet. Mary Magdalene, her golden hair hanging loosely over her shoulders, her face in her hands, is also on her knees before the cross. John, overwhelmed with grief, is on the other side, and a Jewish woman looks on, a sad spectator of the crucifixion.

The terrified crowd is descending the hill. Some Roman cavalry look on ashamed. One of the executioners, a man of brutal mien, shouldering the ladder and axe in hand, is carried along by the multitude. The three crosses are in the foreground at the right extremity, and the rest of the magnificent canvas is filled by the fleeing multitude. The sky is magnificent and sombre, and the lightning illuminates the dark clouds that hang over the mountains, the valley and the scarcely visible town. One sees, amid the confused movement of the crowd, that it is bewildered and terror-stricken. The group at the foot of the cross is of wonderful beauty and feeling, and the general color is harmonious and striking to a degree which even Munkaczy himself has never before attained. This picture is

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Let our girls have as regular daily duties as the boys. Let idleness be forbidden them. Let recreation be indeed recreation, at proper times and in proper quantities. Let us open more numerous avenues of female industry, and let every woman be clothed with the dignity of a useful life. Can such a reformation be brought about? My dear madame, begin it yourself. Rule your household on this principle. Have courage to defy fashion where it opposes. Be a bold leader in this reform, and you will soon see a host of followers glad to cease from the old folly.

Respectability of Work.

As a rule, the ladies who scorn to earn money do not scorn to take it as a gift, says a lady writer. Their natural protectors gone, they will quarter themselves on any relative who will open his house for them—a cousin, a cousin's cousin—any small plea of relationship is sufficient. They will actually go a-begging in a delicate and dainty way among friends, and receive anything anyone chooses to give. And it is well known to every one that any offer of marriage to one of them which promises a comfortable home will be accepted. This is the best end to be hoped for, but if the girls are not attractive, they pass from one long-suffering relative to another until they are "brought into" old ladies' homes or placed in genteel institutions, where they still boast with their latest breath of their gentility, and are as proud of never having earned a penny as they should be ashamed of it. Certainly there are fewer such women in the world today than there were twenty years ago, but there are still enough to shame good, independent girls out of efforts in which they should be encouraged, with the old bugaboo story that "ladies never work for a livelihood." Ladies do, ladies will, if there is any need of it; for a true lady would rather do anything honest than be an object of charity; and, in a womanly way quite consistent with all feminine charms, rejoices in the possibility of independence.

Women and Poetry.

In every age, says the London *Academy*, women have been excelled in poetry by

side, and a Jewish woman looks on, a sad spectator of the crucifixion.

The terrified crowd is descending the hill. Some Roman cavalry look on ashamed. One of the executioners, a man of brutal mien, shouldering the ladder and axe in hand, is carried along by the multitude. The three crosses are in the foreground at the right extremity, and the rest of the magnificent canvas is filled by the fleeing multitude. The sky is magnificent and sombre, and the lightning illuminates the dark clouds that hang over the mountains, the valley and the scarcely visible town. One sees, amid the confused movement of the crowd, that it is bewildered and terror-stricken. The group at the foot of the cross is of wonderful beauty and feeling, and the general color is harmonious and striking to a degree which even Munkaczy himself has never before attained. This picture is certainly one of the most perfect which have been produced for many a year, combining all the majesty of the classic schools with the modern and personal stamp that makes it of the ninteenth century.

In Camp at Suakim.

A letter from Suakim to the London *Daily News* says: Our camp is gradually assuming a business like appearance. Every hour of the day cavalry, infantry, and, at last, the artillery, may be seen parading and drilling. The intrenchments have been strengthened. Pickets and vedettes are regularly thrown out, a precaution which no Egyptian ever dreamed of. The ambuance department is getting into working order; and the heliographers are learning the elements of their art. Gangs of laborers are leveling the ground, filling up malodorous ditches, and preparing additional camp room. One of these gangs is wholly composed of convicts, who work with heavy fetters on their legs. They have been condemned for robbery, murder, and rebellion. One sometimes sees a chained convict lounging about at his ease in the bazaar, or in the tumble-down alleys of the island quarter. His fetters are a sufficent guarantee against his running away, and his gaolers feel easy of him. When he is tired of sight-seeing, he goes straggling home to prison, or perhaps his custodian may come out to fetch him in which case they discuss the news of the day as they go along. The convicts take life as easily in camp as out of it. It was amusing to watch one of them as he carried a basketful of earth to one of the ditches. He bore the basket on his head. It leaked copiously down the laborer's back. The laborer was far too lazy to stop and repair the loss, and he reached his ditch with an ounce or two of rubbish, which he heaved in with as much deliberation as if it weighed a hundred-weight.

Yesterday afternoon, shortly before sunset, the whole camp was turned out to oppose an imaginary enemy. It would have been interesting to see how the men

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ing in a delicate and dainty way among friends, and receive anything anyone chooses to give. And it is well known to every one that any offer of marriage to one of them which promises a comfortable home will be accepted. This is the best end to be hoped for, but if the girls are not attractive, they pass from one long-suffering relative to another until they are "brought into" old ladies' homes or placed in genteel institutions, where they still boast with their latest breath of their gentility, and are as proud of never having earned a penny as they should be ashamed of it. Certainly there are fewer such women in the world to-day than there were twenty years ago, but there are still enough to shame good, independent girls out of efforts in which they should be encouraged, with the old bugaboo story that "ladies never work for a livelihood." Ladies do, ladies will, if there is any need of it; for a true lady would rather do anything honest than be an object of charity; and, in a womanly way quite consistent with all feminine charms, rejoices in the possibility of independence.

Women and Poetry.

In every age, says the London *Academy*, women have been excelled in poetry by men. Coleridge used to say that a woman's head was generally over ears in her heart; and if the heart be the seat of poetry, women ought, on hypothesis, to be the best poets. But to employ Mr. Robertson's simile, it is experience filtering through the heart that gives us great poetry; and of the deepest and widest experience women, in the nature of our social life, know less than men. They are often endowed with a larger capacity for joyousness, and sometimes with a deeper well of potentiality for suffering, but they see less and feel less than the other sex; and because they live less they must be less great where greatness depends largely on great experience. Mr. Robertson urges other reasons for the poetic inferiority of women, and prominent among these is the old fashioned doctrine of the domestic mission of women which makes children the best poems that Providence meant to produce. This is not begging the question. True, it may be that no less than sixty women are now living who write verse that would have made, in some sort, the reputations of as many men as many years ago. But to the clear question—Have women been excelled by men in poetry?—no amount of chivalry will enable a critic to give any but a blunt and barbarous reply.

Hawaiian Beauties.

The Hawaiian lady is described as a voluptuous, good-humored, soft-hearted, sweet-tenpered, tender-eyed, merry-making creature, of a fascinating form and most languishing, longing, admiration-seeking, yet demure, cast of countenance,

of their art. Gangs of laborers are leveling the ground, filling up malodorous ditches, and preparing additional camp room. One of these gangs is wholly composed of convicts, who work with heavy fetters on their legs. They have been condemned for robbery, murder, and rebellion. One sometimes sees a chained convict lounging about at his ease in the bazaar, or in the tumble-down alleys of the island quarter. His fetters are a sufficent guarantee against his running away, and his gaolers feel easy of him. When he is tired ef sight-seeing, he goes straggling home to prison, or perhaps his custodian may come out to fetch him in which case they discuss the news of the day as they go along. The convicts take life as easily in camp as out of it. It was amusing to watch one of them as he carried a basketful ef earth to one of the ditches. He bore the basket on his head. It leaked copiously down the laborer's back. The laborer was far too lazy to stop and repair the loss, and he reached his ditch with an ounce or two of rubbish, which he heaved in with as much deliberation as if it weighed a hundred-weight.

Yesterday afternoon, shortly before sunset, the whole camp was turned out to oppose an imaginary enemy. It would have been interesting to see how the men and officers would have behaved under a surprise. The general, however, did not put them to the test. He wanted to see how they could get themselves into position, and as they knew what was coming, they got through their work creditably. Within a very short time after the sounding of the alarm the long line of entrenchments bristled with rifles; the cavalry were drawn up in readiness for an imaginary pursuit, and the gunners stood manfully by their Krupps and Gatlings. The general and his staff then rode the entire circuit of entrenchments, and the show was over.

The Arabs.

Only those who have been to Suez can realise the physical strength of the Arab. Natives on the look-out for a job at Suez and other places will carry weights of merchandise few Englishmen can tackle. An officer of a P. and O. mail steamer says that there are few Arabs—"stevedores"—that would find any difficulty in carrying loads of from three to four hundred weight each. One Arab, well known to all on board the crack mail-ship, has carried as much as seven hundredweight. The Arab donkey-"boys" at Alexandria and Suez run behind their "fares" to the end of the journey without stopping, and will return at once if requested. It is customary for about half a dozen "boys" to have as many as twenty donkeys under their charge. A "boy" frequently takes up an ass under his arm and carries it some little distance. They name the animals Lefroy, Lamson, Miller, and so forth.

WHY DAN DRANK.

BY EMILY CLEMENS PEARSON.

As Captain Holden opened his barn door very early one summer morning, a forlorn young man arose from the hay loft and stammered :

"Got any work for me, Cap'n?"

"You want work? Well, well, we'll see. Go into the house and get breakfast, and when the six mule team comes back you can rub and feed 'em and start off with another load." He well knew Dan's ability when not under the influence of drink, for he had often employed him.

Dan started for the house, but felt no appetite. His head ached to bursting, and he trembled nervously. As he entered the house he met kind Mrs. Holden, who, seeing his condition, invited him to sit down and she would bring him a cup of strong coffee.

'Thank you kindly, ma'am, I would like a cup of coffee," replied Dan.

"Shall I get yon something to eat?"

"Thank you, I cannot eat," he replied.

"O Dan!" exclaimed the lady, as she took a seat opposite him at the table, "you are killing yourself. Why don't you stop drinking?"

"I know I ought to, ma'am. I've wasted thousands of dollars just to paint the drunkard's sign on my face, and to fill me with aches and pains."

"Why don't you turn over a new leaf, and stop at once?"

"I did stop once," said Dan, "and signed the pledge, and didn't drink a drop for four years and six months. Then something happened to discourage me, and I took to drinking worse than ever. I had the delirium tremens and suffered horribly; no tongue can tell how much."

"But how came you to break your pledge?" asked the lady.

"Let me go back and tell about my life. I never have had any home, or anybody to help me. My mother died when I was three years old, and my father when I was four years. I grew up in the stables with the hostlers, and learned to drink when I was a youngster. I don't know what possessed me. Perhaps it was in the blood.

"When I was seventeen years old my uncle died and left me ten thousand dollars. Then I gave up and spent more than half of it before I took a rest. When I saw Mary McKenzie, I grew sober, for I loved her. She promised to marry me. I was twenty-four, and had a good salary as head hostler in a large livery stable.

"I thought the world of Mary. She was rosy, merry, and smarter than lightning. I could kiss the ground she trod on.

"I said to her one evening as we went to walk :—

When next Mrs. Holden saw him and asked him how he was getting along he replied :—

"I'm all right ma'am. I haven't touched a drop for a month, and I've had two or three chances a day. I thank you for speaking to me in time. God is kindly helping me."

A year has passed and Dan's good record is going on.

How Intelligence Progresses.

From the lowest to the highest creatures, intelligence progresses by acts of discriminations; and it continues so to progress among men, from the most ignorant to the most cultured. To class rightly—to put in the same group things which are of essentially the same natures, and other groups things of natures essentially different—is the fundamental condition to right guidance of actions. Beginning with rudimentary vision, which gives warning that some large opapue body is passing near (just as closed eyes turned to the window, perceiving the shade caused by a hand put before them, tell us of something moving in front,) the advance is to developed vision, by exactly-appreciated combinations of forms, colors, and motions, identifies objects at great distances as prey or enemies of this or that kind, and so makes possible adjustments of conduct for securing food or evading death. That progressing perception of differences and consequent greater correctness of classing constitutes, under one of its chief aspects the development of mind, is equally seen when we pass from the relatively simple physical vision to the relatively complex intellectual vision—the vision through the agency of which things previously grouped by certain external resemblances or by certain extrensic circumstances come to be more truly grouped in conformity with their intrinsic structures or natures. Undeveloped intellectual vision is just as indiscriminating and erroneous in its classings as undeveloped physical vision. Instance the early arrangements of plants under the heads trees, shrubs, and herbs; size, the most conspicious trait, being the ground of distinction, and the assemblages formed being such as united many plants extremely unlike in their natures, and separated others that are near akin. Or still better, take the popular classification which puts together under the same general name fish and shell-fish, and under the sub-name, shell-fish, puts together crustaceans and mollusks; nay, which goes further, and regards as fish the cetacean mammals. Partly because of the likeness in their modes of life as inhabiting the water, and partly because of some general resemblance in their tastes, creatures that are in their essential natures far more widely

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"I thought the world of Mary. She was rosy, merry, and smarter than lightning. I could kiss the ground she trod on.

"I said to her one evening as we went to walk :—

" 'Mary, we'll marry at once, and go to housekeeping.'

" 'All right,' said she, blushing with a bright smile.

"Then I said, 'There is $750 which I have drawn from the bank (and I gave her a package), get what housekeeping things we want. The house is ready, No. 10, Park street."

" 'All right,' said she, taking the package, smiling and blushing, 'you're a jewel, Dan.'

"I felt well paid by her loving smile and handsome speech.

" 'To-morrow night,' said I, 'if it is pleasant, we will meet under this window and go and get married.'

"She agreed to this, and I saw her to her boarding house.

"The next night it was misty, but not rainy. I went to the place appointed, but Mary was not there.

"The night after I went, but no Mary came to meet me.

"The next day Pat Sullivan said, 'Who do you think I saw in New York, Dan? I saw your Mary.'

" 'You're joking!' said I.

" 'I saw her as true as I'm a living man,' said he. 'She'd run off with Con Lawson.

"Mary false! Then the world was all dark to me. I wanted to die. I went back to drinking to drown my trouble."

"I am very sorry for you, Dan," said Mrs. Holden. "But what a blessing you did not marry her! It was well that you found out that she was false in time."

"Yes, yes, I know it," replied Dan, "but the poor thing only lived a month after she went away, and I forgave her."

"I will tell you one thing," said Mrs. Holden, "troubles are not intended to upset us, but is to make us patient. If you had gone to God with your trial He would have blessed you and made a

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Assessing the Damages.

A few weeks since a railroad collision on one of the roads leading out of New York killed, among others, a passenger living in an interior town. His remains were sent home in good shape, and a few days after the funeral the attorney of the road called upon the widow to effect a settlement. She placed her figures at $20,000.

"Oh, that sum is unreasonable," replied the attorney- "Your husband was nearly fifty years old?"

"Yes, sir."

"And lame?"

"Yes."

"And his general health was poor?"

"Quite poor."

"And he probably could not have lived over five years?"

"Probably not, sir."

"Then it seems to me that two or three thousand dollars would be a fair compensation."

"Two or three thousand," she echoed. "Why, sir, I courted that man for ten years, run after him for ten more, and then had to chase him down with a shot gun to get him before a preacher. Do you suppose that I'm going to settle for the bare cost of shoe leather and ammunition?"

Soap-Bubble Parties.

Soap-bubble parties are the latest. Twenty or thirty clay pipes, for as many young ladies and gentlemen, have ribbons of different colors for every two, and are separated in equal piles, from which each person selects one, and, by matching colors, finds a partner, so to speak, for the blowing. On a medium-sized table stands a bowl of soap and water.

Highlands. It is not a common a crowned head to write books, a they do so every one is at once c know what is written. The oth written by the Queen, publish years ago, had a very large sale a good deal commented upon at t but they have long since gone out. They were written in a kindly s were carefully edited by a good man, but not much more could about them.

The Queen and her family ha evidence of a good deal of taste ature and fine arts. Her Maje has indulged in book writing, daughters are credited with m of literature, and they have all, all, painted so as to excite con admiration. The sons except th est, have given evidence of m for manly sports and vigorous than for fine arts. Prince Al certainly a man of fine literar ments, as many of his published plainly show, and it is said that a great deal of fatherly pains to the taste of his children in th tion.

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"I will tell you one thing," said Mrs. Holden, "troubles are not intended to upset us, but is to make us patient. If you had gone to God with your trial He would have blessed you and made a strong man of you."

"I suppose He would," said Dan. Mrs. Holden saw with clear perception that when one makes apology for wrong doing one seldom gives an honest excuse, and she said:—

"Dan, you give your dreadful trial as excuse for drinking, but it is not the right excuse. Back of all you loved liquor, and you took to drinking because you loved it. Isn't that so?"

"I'm hit! It's just so," said Dan.

"You are not alone, Dan," said the lady, "in framing an excuse for evil doing. Farmer Jones says he needs liquor to help him in haying time. He loves liquor, and it is always 'haying time' with him."

"Tim Carroll, teamster, gives as his excuse that he is so pestered with rheumatism that he cannot do without it. A false reason; it poisons his blood, stiffens his muscles and sinews. His simple explanation should be 'I love it.'"

"George Lewis, blacksmith, has found out that his well is foul, and the water does not agree with him, and so he drinks cider and brandy or something alcoholic. Mark my words, hard drinkers deceive themselves with pretences. You say you went back to wickedness because you were disappointed in love."

"I own up. If I hadn't loved liquor I'd have left it alone," said Dan.

"Now Dan," said Mrs. Holden, "if you ask God to help you He will surely do it, and you can stop drinking. Will you ask Him?"

"I will," and Dan having finished his coffee, with firm resolve went out to his teaming, praying mentally, "O God, please help me!"

He had more of the courage and bearing of a man than he had had for many a day.

"Quite poor."

"And he probably would not have lived over five years?"

"Probably not, sir."

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"Two or three thousand," she echoed. "Why, sir, I courted that man for ten years, run after him for ten more, and then had to chase him down with a shot gun to get him before a preacher. Do you suppose that I'm going to settle for the bare cost of shoe leather and ammunition?"

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Some prizes are painted plush shaving and handkerchief cases, painted picture frames, Russian leather toilet cases, blotters, plush boxes of writing-paper, and others are tasteful and useful mementoes. At a recent party all bore the date of the evening in gilt letters. The prizes are sometimes expensive jewellery. There is always a special prize given to the one whose bubble has lasted the longest of all. A judge selected before the blowing announces the decisions. After all have blown their bubbles, the prizes are drawn by numbers. Then come the usual dances and a supper.—*New York Sun.*

French Juries.

The first business of the assizes in France is to draw the juries. A panel of forty jurymen is summoned, and the prisoners are all brought up one by one into the President's room to see the drawing done. For each trial fourteen names are drawn by lot—that is, twelve to form the jury and two others to act as substites in case one of the jury should fall ill. These substitutes are sworn like the rest, and they sit in the jury-box, but take no part in finding the verdict, unless they are required to fill up vacancies. This system of having a couple of extra men on a jury is evidently more sensible than the English plan of empanelling just the number needed.

Fear and awe are only weak chains to secure love; when these fetters are broken, the man who forgets to fear will begin to show the effects of his hatred.

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All these things should be s reading to the Canadian who ma dications of "the Western fe his Canadian home may not hav all the fascinations his fancy ha for "the West," it certainly ha thing like the drawbacks and The man who cannot manage to fortably on a fair Canadian fa not expect to add much to pers forts by moving West.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.—Lieb thority in matters of health a which are good to eat and dri wrote:—"Sherry and strong more quickly intoxicating tha erality of wines, and they have influence on the gastric juice stomach."

Men's lives should be like t more beautiful in the evening the spring, aglow with promise the autumn, rich with golden where good works and deeds hav on the field.

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OVER THE CATARACT.

The Current Leading to Death's Whirlpool, and How a Prominent Man Avoided It.

(Albany, N. Y., Journal)

Among the hundreds of thousands of tourists who have visited Niagara Falls and stood in awe before its miracle of power, there is, probably, not one who has failed to notice the large stone building which stands directly opposite the cataract and a short distance below the railroad suspension and cantilever bridges. This buildingis known to all as the "Monteagle House," and it has been a popular place of resort for hundreds of travellers during many years. Nearly every place in America possessing unusual natural scenery has its legend, and a most tragical one is located on the site where this stone building now stands. Monteagle, a young chieftain of the Miami Indians, loved the daughter of a mighty chief among the Iroquois. His wooing, unlike that of Hiawatha, was not received witn favor by the father chief, and hence he was compelled to resort to the usual method of abduction and flight. The escaping pair were overtaken on the banks of the Niagara where the hotel now stands, and rather than submit to capture the lovers cast themselves into the cataract below. Their bodies were subsequently found at the mouth of the river clasped in an embrace which even the cataract could not sunder. Many occurrences since that time have tended to make the Monteagle famous, and it was with surprise that it was learned a short time since that the edifice was to be entirely transformed, re arranged and refurnished for the benefit of tourists, and especially invalids.

Feeling that this is a subject in which the public would take unusual interest, especially as the National Park question is being so strongly agitated, a representative of this paper visited Niagara Falls yesterday and learned the following facts:

Dr. W. R. Ccumb, who is about undertaking this important task, is a gentleman who is well known throughout the land, having successfully practiced medicine in the city of Buffalo for nearly thirty years. He is exceedingly well preserved, though nearly 60 years of age, while his energy and ambition are something wonderful. In conversation with the reporter he said:

"I anticipate great success here, although a few years ago I should not have dared undertake it, for I was then what people call 'a dead man.'"

"How was that, Doctor? How did it occur?

"It was brougbt about, as such troubles usually are, by mental and physical depression, arising out of troubles and reverses. The mind has a remarkable effect upon the body, and when one meets with misfortunes financially, or in any other form they are apt to be accompanied by misfortunes physically. Such, at all events, was my case. I was irritable, restless and feverish. I had heavy and irregular pulse, my food did not assimilate, my heart would throb violently and then stop and the fluids I passed were profuse, high-colored and thick, with

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Highlands. It is not a common thing for a crowned head to write books, and when they do so every one is at once curious to know what is written. The other books written by the Queen, published some years ago, had a very large sale and were a good deal commented upon at the time, but they have long since gone out of notice. They were written in a kindly spirit and were carefully edited by a good literary man, but not much more could be said about them.

The Queen and her family have given evidence of a good deal of taste for literature and fine arts. Her Majesty alone has indulged in book writing, but her daughters are credited with much love of literature, and they have all, or nearly all, painted so as to excite considerable admiration. The sons except the youngest, have given evidence of more taste for manly sports and vigorous exercise than for fine arts. Prince Albert was certainly a man of fine literary attainments, as many of his published speeches plainly show, and it is said that he took a great deal of fatherly pains to cultivate the taste of his children in that direction.

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"I anticipate great success here, although a few years ago I should not have dared undertake it, for I was then what people call 'a dead man.'"

"How was that, Doctor? How did it occur?

"It was brought about, as such troubles usually are, by mental and physical depression, arising out of troubles and reverses. The mind has a remarkable effect upon the body, and when one meets with misfortunes financially, or in any other form they are apt to be accompanied by misfortunes physically. Such, at all events, was my case. I was irritable, restless and feverish. I had a heavy and irregular pulse, my food did not assimilate, my heart would throb violently and then stop and the fluids I passed were profuse, high-colored and thick with deposits. I was obliged to abandon my practice, and also to suspend pushing my valuable invention, known as 'Crumb's pocket inhaler,' for the cure of catarrh and asthma."

"How long did this continue?"

"For about two years. I realized that I was quite sick but like everyone else I felt it would only be temporary. The majority of people drift along the way a man might who knew nothing about these great Falls [illegible] floating with the current. It is so easy to drift, you see. At the end of a year, however, my condition became simply horrible. I had a serious irritation of the throat, a hard, sluggish pulse, a swelling of the limbs and numbness extending down the thighs. I had terrible night sweats and my urine was loaded with albumen and acids. I called in several of the most skillful physicians but I continued to sink rapidly. I was the victim of Bright's disease of the kidneys, and I looked forward with almost certainty to a few weeks of terrible agony and then – death!" * * * It is painful to describe this experience and it is sufficient to say that I am entirely well and that my life has been saved by means of Warner's Safe Cure, which arrested the disease, effected a cure and has preserved me in health ever since."

"Then it was this remedy that saved your life, doctor?"

"Yes, I can testify from a grateful heart that it is invaluable for men or women who are depressed by reason of disappointments and reverses; who are losing flesh and strength and who must find relief or a fatal termination awaits them. I prescribe this great remedy to my patients constantly and the wonderful effects I observed in my own case I see repeated in their experiences. It is the that makes me certain I can endure the care of the great Sanitarium I am about to establish."

Tennyson Enraged.

Tennyson passes most of his days at Farringford, surrounded by the lovely and romantic scenery for which the Isle of Wight is noted. He spends on an average six to eight hours a day in his library engaged in literary work. Orders are always given that he shall not be disturbed except for most momentous

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Catarrh—A
Permanent Cure
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Large Bottles at 50 cen

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They were written in a kindly spirit and were carefully edited by a good literary man, but not much more could be said about them.

The Queen and her family have given evidence of a good deal of taste for literature and fine arts. Her Majesty alone has indulged in book writing, but her daughters are credited with much love of literature, and they have all, or nearly all, painted so as to excite considerable admiration. The sons except the youngest, have given evidence of more taste for manly sports and vigorous exercise than for fine arts. Prince Albert was certainly a man of fine literary attainments, as many of his published speeches plainly show, and it is said that he took a great deal of fatherly pains to cultivate the taste of his children in that direction.

The Western Floods.

What terrible devastations are visiting the unfortunate inhabitants of the Western States, especially along the Mississippi and the Ohio! Between the tremendous snow blockades and avalanches, the great floods, and the irresistible cyclones, the property and the lives of the people are in almost constant jeopardy. Each season appears to bring with it its own peculiar misfortunes. Not many weeks ago the daily papers told harrowing stories of the great snow falls and their results. Last week the account was of nearly two thousand persons suffering loss, and many houses being swept away by a few hours cyclone, and the probabilities are that during the entire season such visitations will often come. Now, every morning we have additional sickening news about the terrible floods. What havoc those floods are creating, and how impossible it appears to be for the inhabitants to escape them!

All these things should be suggestive reading to the Canadian who may feel indications of "the Western fever." If his Canadian home may not have about it all the fascinations his fancy has painted for "the West," it certainly has not any thing like the drawbacks and dangers. The man who cannot manage to live comfortably on a fair Canadian farm need not expect to add much to personal comforts by moving West.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.—Liebig, an authority in matters of health and things which are good to eat and drink, thus wrote:—"Sherry and strong cider are more quickly intoxicating than the generality of wines, and they have a peculiar influence on the gastric juices of the stomach."

Men's lives should be like the day's, more beautiful in the evening; or like the spring, aglow with promise; or like the autumn, rich with golden sheaves, where good works and deeds have ripened on the field.

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Tennyson Enraged.

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Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops. The prescription of an old Canadian Practitioner. The best remedy for the Lungs. In large bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

When a man
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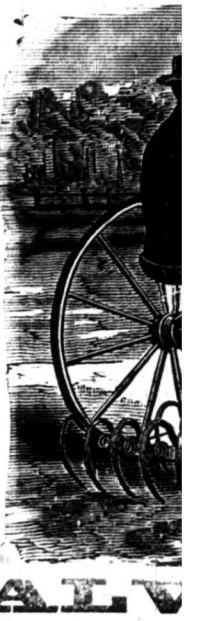

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Farmers, re
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ER THE CATARACT.

nt Leading to Death's Whirl and How a Prominent Man Avoided It.

lbany, N. Y., Journal.)

the hundreds of thousands of o have visited Niagara Falls and we before its miracle of power, obably, not one who has failed to arge stone building which stands posite the cataract and a short elow the railroad suspension and ridges. This buildingis known to Monteagle House," and it has been place of resort for hundreds of uring many years. Nearly every erica possessing unusual natural its legend, and a most tragical ted on the site where this stone w stands. Monteagle, a young f the Miami Indians, loved the f a mighty chief among the Iro- wooing, unlike that of Hiawatha, ceived witn favor by the father ience he was compelled to resort method of abduction and flight. ng pair were overtaken on the e Niagara where the hotel now rather than submit to capture cast themselves into the cataract heir bodies were subsequently he mouth of the river clasped in which even the cataract could Many occurrences since that tended to make the Monteagle it was with surprise that it wa nort time since that the edifice tirely transformed, re arranged shed for the benefit of tourists, ly invalids.

at this is a subject in which the ld take unusual interest, especi- National Park question is being agitated, a representative of this ed Niagara Falls yesterday and following facts :

. Crumb, who is about under- important task, is a gentleman l known throughout the land, essfully practiced medicine in Buffalo for nearly thirty years. edingly well preserved, though ars of age, while his energy and e something wonderful. In con- ith the reporter he said :

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FOR THE

Kidneys, Liver, and Urinary Organs.

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER.

There is only one way by which any disease can be cured, and that is by removing the cause—wherever it may be. The great medical authorities of the day declare that nearly every disease is caused by deranged kidneys or liver. To restore these, therefore, is the only way by which health can be secured. Here is where **WARNER'S SAFE CURE** has achieved its great reputation. It acts directly upon the kidneys and liver, and by placing them in a healthy condition drives disease and pain from the system. For all Kidney, Liver, and Urinary troubles; for the distressing disorders of women; for Malaria, and physical troubles generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of impostors, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes ask for **WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.**

For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,

Toronto, Ont., Rochester, N. Y., London, Eng.

How it Grows.—Lager beer, which thirty years ago, was practically unknown in the United States is now made by 2,500 establishments in that country with more than $150,000,000 capital invested. The value of the production each year is said to be over $200,000,000.

A Boston woman has discarded her pe pug and gone to petting her husband, and "her set" have gone back on her on account of her plebeian tastes.

For beauty and durability of color the Triangle Package Dyes "beat the world." If you never used dyes before, do so now and be convinced. 10c.

She—"I think it's a sin and a shame to kill the little feathered songsters. If I had my way I'd make a law against killing birds. Guess people wouldn't starve if they let the birds alone." He—"But what would the ladies do without hat ornaments?" She—"Oh, that's an entirely different thing. Of course when there's an actual necessity for shooting the dear creatures, one must stifle one's feelings,

CLEAN YOUR BOILERS

Britannia Scale Purger *Saves Fuel, saves Repairs, obviates Danger.*
Glass Lubricators *Save Oil.*
Tube Cleaners *Save the Tubes.*
Belt Fasteners *Save your Belts.*

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DAKOTA—PARTIES DESIRING INFORMATION relative to free homes, with correct maps, circulars, and reliable facts, free of charge. Apply to HARRY MERCER, Travelling Immigration Agent C. M. and St. P. railway, Chatham, Ont.

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BASED ON NEATS FOOT OIL.

Is the finest harness dressing made. It softens and preserves the leather, and gives it a fine finish. Ask your saddler for it.

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on first-class farm property at lowest rates. Farmers will save money by applying by mail direct to me,

E. E. KNOTT,
48 Adelaide St., East, Toronto.

THE LILY

is a perfect gem, equal to an imported French Corset; fits like a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured only by

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78 YORK STREET, TORONTO.

HE THAT SOWETH

Wm. Evans' Seeds,

shall reap in abundance. Ask your merchant for Evans' seeds and if he does not keep them, send for catalogue.

WILLIAM EVANS,
Seedsman, Montreal.—Established, 1855.

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Leather Belting, Fire Engine Hose, &c.
Four First Prizes and Two Diplomas. The highest of all Awards for Leather Belting and Fire Engine Hose were accorded by the Judges at the St. John Centennial and Dominion Exhibition, to ROBIN & SADLER, Montreal, over all competitors.

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For lowest rates and all particulars apply to
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Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months.

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PECTORIA! Pectoria Pectoria! the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat or Chest. Pectoria loosens the phlegm and breaks up the Cough. 25 cents per Bottle. Don't give up until you have tried Pectoria; all Druggists and General Storekeepers sell it.

"Lo! I am with you," is a text for a missionary among the Indians to use.

The San Francisco reporter didn't get anything new when he asked a Chinaman how the children of Confucius kept Christmas: "Samee like Melican man," was the rejoinder; "eat, dlink and gled dlunk."

Catarrh—A New Treatment whereby a Permanent Cure is effected in from one to three applications. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King-St. West, Toronto 'Canada.

When a man enters a sample room and sees a person there with whom he has sworn off, the man inside says he entered to warm his hands, while the other says he just dropped in to ascertain the time of day.

Beware of that Cough! it may kill you; cure it at once with Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, it never fails. Large Bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

God campels us to learn many bitter lessons, that, by knowing and suffering, we may also know the eternal salvation.

A. P. 166.

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Circulars free, of new and most productive varieties known of Seed Grain. Testimonials of 110 bush ls per acre of Boyds Egyption Oats, Samples of 2 oz., 2 cents. JAS BOYD JR, Cedar Grove, Ont.

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Montreal,	Mar. 6.	Toronto,	Mar. 27.
*Oregon,	Mar. 13.	Dominion,	Apl. 3.

Rates of passage: Cabin, Portland to Liverpool according to steamer and berth, $50, $60, $70, return, $90, $110, $130; all outside rooms and comfortably heated by steam. Intermediate $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent, or local agents of the Company, or to

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From France to America,

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ulmonary Cough Drops. The prescrip-
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in large bottles at 50 cents. For sale

Son, 305 King-St. West, Toronto Canada.

When a man enters a sample room and sees a person there with whom he has sworn off, the man inside says he entered to warm his hands, while the other says he just dropped in to ascertain the time of day.

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Now on hand. All Stallions Guaranteed Breeders. Catalogue free. Address, **M. W. DUNHAM**, Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois. (35 miles west of Chicago, on C. & N.-W. R'y.

ALWAYS AHEAD

MANN'S

BROADCAST SEED SOWER & HARROW COMBINED.

RECEIVED FIRST PRIZE WHEREVER EXHIBITED!

Farmers, remember that it is the Best Machine in use. It will work on rough land in any kind of soil, destroy quack grass. It will sow all kinds of grain and grass seed. Nothing about it to get out of order. A boy can operate it. Is durable and light of draft. Buy no other until you have seen it. Send for catalogue.

THE J. W. MANN M'F'G. CO ROCKVILLE, ONT.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property.

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDENS
BOOK STORE

IS NOT ONLY

CENTRAL OFFICE OF THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

But it is the place to buy cheap

School Books

—AND STATIONERY—

Of every description. Another big supply of

LADIES' HAND SATCHELS

That cannot be beaten.

CALL AND SEE THE THOMAS ORGANS

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, (W. D. Wadden, Deputy) at Madden's Book Store.

Notice.

All parties owing me must come in and settle their accounts as I am obliged to collect them to pay my debts with. Please don't allow yourselves to be put to costs. S. McLAUGHLIN.

ROUND TOWN.

—The C. M. Switzer sale has been cancelled.

—Four tramps occupied the police station over Sunday.

—The March session of the County Council opens next Tuesday.

—Mr. Burns has opened a grocery in Mr. Martin's old stand, Dundas-st.

—Ball's Circle Hip Coiled Spring Elastic Section Corset. $1.00 per pair at C. F. Henderson's.

—Kingston now has the electric light. Belleville intends following suit.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Education will be held in the Council Chamber next Tuesday evening.

—Mr. Henry Lee of Lynn is stopping at the Brisco House for a few days buying horses for the American market.

The delivery of grain has been unprecedently large this week. Messrs. Downey & Co. have taken in upwards of 30,000 bushels. The price remains firm.

—On Tuesday the police were kept busy all day in quelling fights throughout the town. Some persons were put in the lock-up.

—Two young men from town drove to Deseronto on Sunday. They indulged freely there, and as a result, spent the night in quod.

—Owing to illness Rev. Mr. Card was unable to fill his pulpit on Sunday last and the two Methodist congregations in consequence worshipped together.

—The leap year social in the in the M. E. Church on Tuesday evening last was a great success. Large crowd and good programme. Refreshments first-class. Proceeds, $33.25.

—Mr. D. L. Bongard, son-in law of Jas. Hart, M. P. P., has been appointed Provincial License Inspector of P. E. Co. rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Blakely.

—The finder of a small flat steel key with the name of the Miller Lock Co. on it and fastened on two steel rings, will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at Huffman's Drug Store.

—The announcement that the brick dwelling on East-st., owned by Mr. Geo. Whittington, had been sold to Mr. Benjamin Brisco was premature. The property is still for sale.

—A complaint was made before the Mayor on Wednesday, against Abner Graham, by his father for breaking the furniture in his house. The complaint was afterwards withdrawn.

—Captain L. M. Collier and Capt. Robt. Bartley of this town passed the seamen's examination in Kingston this week, the former as master of a steamer and the latter as master of a schooner.

—The C. M. Church was crowded to excess last Sunday evening, when an impressive sermon was preached by Rev. J. J. Leach, of Odessa. Mr. Leach is a rising young minister of great promise.

—On Friday last on account of the snow blockade the morning express from the east did not reach Napanee until 2 p.m.; the midday express was eight hours late and the evening train was eight hours behind time.

—The Mayor held police court Wednesday. Two fair day "drunks" were duly fined. On Thursday the complaint of a Mrs. Snider was heard against her husband for assault and the husband was fined $4 and costs.

—The Cornell House now runs a free lunch counter and it is well patronized. A member of our staff says that he is going to give up paying for board and lunch free with Charley. He had better not try it. Charley is not in the wholesale business.

—Mr. F. H. Hoskins has sold his farm of 100 acres, near Hawley, to Mr. Arch. Downey for $6,000. Mr. Hoskins will leave

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Change of Firm.

Mrs. R. J. Perry has purchased business of Dr. R. B. Clark and th in future will be carried on under and name of Perry & Co. A compl new goods are now arriving and w ed to their present stock. The cash and customers may depend o everything at bottom prices. Th is "small profits and quick retu by close attention to business a dealings they hope to merit a larg public patronage. Give them a ca convinced.

St. Mary Magdalene's Chu

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—J. F. McAlister is sole agent for Christy's English Hats, also full lines of American and Canadian styles.

—Wanted, an intelligent boy to learn the printing business. Apply at THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

—Deseronto's first quarterly fair will be held in that village next Thursday. $125 will be given in prizes.

—Both bands are now applying to the council for a grant. The result may be that neither will get anything.

—Just received a full stock of Corsets in all the new makes, at C. F. Henderson's.

—A musical entertainment will be given in the Town Hall, S. Fredericksburgh, next Friday evening.

—On Tuesday evening, March 18th, there will be a pancake social in the M. E. Church. Particulars next week.

—This is a good sample copy of THE EXPRESS to send to your friends. Induce them to subscribe. They will never regret it.

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—A meeting of the lacrosse club will be held at the Huffman House this (Friday) evening at 7 o'clock, for reorganization for the season of '84.

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—Mr. F. H. Hoskins has sold his farm of 100 acres, near Hawley, to Mr. Arch. Downey for $6,000. Mr. Hoskins will leave about 1st April for Niagara district, where he will work one of Mr. A. B. Dunning's fruit farms near St. Catharines on shares.

—Mr. S. McLaughlin is doing a rushing business in his new premises. Fair day his store was crowded to its utmost capacity. He has been giving some rare bargains lately and he assures us there are more to follow. Look for his announcement next week.

—The late Conference of the C. M. Church required that during the year a sermon on temperance be preached in all the churches of the Dominion. The Rev. M. L. Pearson, pastor of the C. M. Church in this town, will therefore take "Temperance" as his subject next Sunday evening.

—At a masquerade carnival held in the skating rink at Markham, Ont., on Tuesday evening of last week, Fred Lafferty, printer, formerly of Napanee, obtained 2nd prize, scarf pin, for costume. He appeared as "Brudder Gardner, President of the Lime Kiln Club."

—On Sunday last a gang of men were engaged all day in making the bridge, which was broken by the late accident in North Fredericksburgh last week, more secure and firm. The accident was caused by a broken rail, not a broken wheel as previously stated. The bridge is now in a safe condition. The loss to the G. T. R. Company by the accident will be about $15,000.

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—Mr. J. Rudd Perry leaves town o next for the Rocky Mountains where contract on the C. P. Railway.

—Mr. John Braidy of Centreville a ter, Miss Maggie Braidy, of Napan Monday last for Bay City, Mich.

—Mrs. J. Lamond Smith who has be at Mr. Alex. Smith's for some month on Monday to her home in Toronto.

—N. M. T. means no more trouble dies in ironing shirts. See that your uncles and brothers buy the Iron Fra Lined Shirts, sold only by J. F. McAl

—Mr. Thos. Jamieson left town Sun ing for North Gore on a visit to his br Jas. Jamieson, who is seriously ill of tion. Mr. Jamieson returned home morning.

—Mr. Chas. Brownlee has returned fr and again presides over the bibulistic dep the Cornell House. As a compounder of coctions he is an expert, and an all round low. Many friends welcome him back.

—Mr. Robert Martin of Richmond l week for Manitoba. He will take wi carload of horses for sale there. He w there this summer on his farm. Hi Mr. Charles Martin, has resided all Manitoba.

—Mr. Samson Davy of Wilton left o day for Palermo, Halton County, wh purchased a farm, he having dispo property in this county. His family v him next week. We regret the rem good a resident of the county. We heartily recommend him to the peop ermo.

—We had the pleasure of a call a ago from Mr. W. D. Timmerman of R., who is in town the guest of Mr. K. He was stationed last year at Calgar foot of the Rockies, but has been tra the eastern division—the Ontario & Q He will be given a station on this l course of a month or so. He is an ex railroader and thoroughly reliable.

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—Fair day passed off quietly, though there was a fair display of "drunks." The cattle show consisted of a yoke of oxen and a couple of cows. The March fair has evidently degenerated into a day for horse trading and carousing. This should not be.

—We would call the attention of the residents of Bath and surrounding country to the announcement of Mr. C. Cummins in another column. Mr. C. is one of the most enterprising dealers in the county and carries a stock which for assortment, quality and price, compares favorably with the largest houses of Kingston and Napanee. He is noted for square dealing. You cannot do better than give him a call.

—While crossing Lucas' bridge, North Fredericksburgh, on Tuesday last, Mrs. Nelson Unger was thrown from a cutter and sustained a compound fracture of the nose. Portions of the bone protruded so much that they had to be removed. Dr. Clark dressed the wound and entertains hopes of it healing without disfigurement.

—As Mr. T. D. Creighton, son and daughter were driving home from town, Wednesday evening, the horses took fright at a locomotive at Mooney's crossing and ran away. Mr. Creighton was thrown against a barbed wire fence and dragged a considerable distance. The barbs cut him terribly about the head and body, inflicting serious wounds, which required the attendance of Dr. Clark, of Napanee. His mouth was torn back to the angle of the lower jaw. Several stitches had to be put in the wounds. Fortunately the other occupants escaped injury, though Mr. Creighton, jr., had his clothes badly torn by the barbs. Many friends will wish Mr. Creighton speedy recovery.

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The "Boss" and his "Wicked Pardner."

According to the Mail report of A. H. Roe's speech in the Legislature he said that he had sat in a hotel sitting-room on Sundays in Napanee and saw men go into the bar sober and come out drunk.

There can be no doubt this is true. Roe was up to a couple of months ago interested in the Brisco House and had a "wicked pardner." Perhaps it was this "wicked pardner" who was dealing out the grog and raking in the dimes while the saintly Roe sat on guard in the sitting-room against a surprise from the Inspector. To hear him tell the story, though, no one who did not know the man, would suspect he would be a party to so infamous a transaction. Yet it is within the range of probability that he was. The only hotel sitting-room he was in the habit of sitting in was the one mentioned above. Mr. Roe should not expose himself in this way. It is not sharp—and everybody knows he aims to pose as a very sharp man.

SALE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13TH—Mr. James Allen, auctioneer, has received instructions from the heirs of the late C. M. Switzer, to sell on lot 12, 6th con. Ernesttown, Switzerville, their farm stock and implements. Sale at 12 o'clock, sharp.

(The above sale has been cancelled.)

THURSDAY, MARCH 20TH.—Mr. James Storms, auctioneer, has received instructions from Mr, Isaac Asselstine, lot 49 in the 5th concession of the township of Camden, one mile east of Moscow, all his farm stock and implements. Sale commences at 1 o'clock p.m., sharp.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26TH—Mr. Jas. Allen, auctioneer, will sell at the residence of Geo. W. Garrison, Lot No. 22 in the 4th Con. of the Township of Fredericksburgh, at 1 o'clock, p.m., his goods and chattels.

[Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

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—On Tuesday last as Mr. George H Kingston, was on his way to dinne struck by a pilot engine on the K. way and knocked senseless. He wa internally, but not fatally.

—Tuesday morning while a cow w taken from Verona to Kingston on th Railway the animal jumped from the Harrowsmith.

—Mr. P. Madden; who resides near Mills, killed a garter snake on Feb. 1 measured 3½ feet. Thirty hours after capitated the snake was found to be a

—A row occurred at Mrs. Henness raqui, on Monday night last. A yo named Little, of Kingston, was stabl neck and breast.

—Over three hundred pieces of t coatings to select your spring suit fro Alister's. Mr. Williamson gives uni isfaction as a cutter.

Quantity and Quality. In th Dyes more coloring is given than in a dyes, and they give faster and mor colors. 10c. at all druggists. Wells, son & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sampl colors, and book of directions for 2c. s

McGregor's Speedy Cur

From the many remarkable cures wrou McGregor's Speedy Cure for Dyspepsia, Constipation and Affection of the Liver, a immense sale of it without any advertisin concluded to place it extensively on the that those who suffer may have a perfect c T. A. Huffman and A. W. Grange's drug get a trial bottle free, or the regular size a and one dollar.

Crushed by the Cars.

A little son of John Spinks, Toronto, h crushed by a G. T. R. express train som Two doctors attended him without bene putation was proposed, but Hagyard's was tried, which gave prompt relief an speedy cure, even removing all stiffness o

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St. Mary Magdalene's Church.

On the 23rd inst.—Midlent Sunday—a most interesting event will, for the first time in the history of the parish of Napanee, take place in this church. The Bishop of Ontario has consented to hold an ordination here, and no doubt our English Church friends will be gratified at his Lordship's visit for such a purpose. It is hoped that on the evening of the 23rd the Bishop will accede to a request that he will deliver his second lecture on "Agnosticism," which has attracted so much attention in the Capital.

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will be gratified at his Lordship's visit for such a purpose. It is hoped that on the evening of the 23rd the Bishop will accede to a request that he will deliver his second lecture on "Agnosticism," which has attracted so much attention in the Capital.

On next Sunday evening the Archdeacon purposes continuing his series of sermons on "The Church and her Services."

Personals.

—Mr. M. B. Ingersoll is home from the North West.

—Mr. Thos. A. Allen, V.S., of Brockville, was in town this week.

—See the heavy tweeds McAlister is selling for 50c. per yard.

—On Wednesday we were afforded the pleasure of a call from Mr. F. H. Priest, of Bath.

—Mr. A. B. Dunning of Toronto is spending a few days in town visiting friends.

—Dr. J. H. Bedford, of Picton, was in town on Monday. He is talking of resuming business here.

—Mr. W. H. Miller, of Newburgh, gave us a call yesterday. He contemplates going into business in Boston

—Miss Mary L. Allison left yesterday for Port Huron, Mich., on a few months' visit to her sister, Mrs. J. M. Richardson.

—Mr. J. Rudd Perry leaves town on Monday next for the Rocky Mountains where he has a contract on the C. P. Railway.

—Mr. John Braidy of Centreville and his sister, Miss Maggie Braidy, of Napanee, left on Monday last for Bay City, Mich.

—Mrs. J. Lamond Smith who has been visiting at Mr. Alex. Smith's for some months returned on Monday to her home in Toronto.

—N. M. T. means no more trouble for the ladies in ironing shirts. See that your husbands, uncles and brothers buy the Iron Frame Linen Lined Shirts, sold only by J. F. McAlister.

—Mr. Thos. Jamieson left town Sunday morning for North Gore on a visit to his brother Mr. Jas. Jamieson, who is seriously ill of consumption. Mr. Jamieson returned home yesterday morning.

—Mr. Chas. Brownlee has returned from Toronto and again presides over the bibulistic department of the Cornell House. As a compounder of pleasing decoctions he is an expert, and an all round decent fellow. Many friends welcome him back.

—Mr. Robert Martin of Richmond leaves next week for Manitoba. He will take with him a carload of horses for sale there. He will remain there this summer on his farm. His brother, Mr. Charles Martin, has resided all winter in Manitoba.

—Mr. Samson Davy of Wilton left on Wednesday for Palermo, Halton County, where he has purchased a farm, he having disposed of his property in this county. His family will follow him next week. We regret the removal of so good a resident of the county. We can most heartily recommend him to the people of Palermo.

—We had the pleasure of a call a few days ago from Mr. W. D. Timmerman of the C. P. R., who is in town the guest of Mr. K. J. Strong. He was stationed last year at Calgarry, at the foot of the Rockies, but has been transferred to the eastern division—the Ontario & Quebec line. He will be given a station on this line in the course of a month or so. He is an experienced railroader and thoroughly reliable.

Round About Us.

—Messrs. Rathbun & Co., Deseronto, have purchased the schooner "Agnes Hope," from Port Hope parties.

—Rafael Garratt, formerly of Belleville, recently died at Lima, Peru, leaving a wife (Peruvian) and three children in destitute circumstances.

—The hotel-keepers of Kingston have decided to take out licenses from both the Ontario and Dominion. They will pay $15 fee to the Dominion Inspector under protest.

—The engineers surveying the branch road from Yarker to the K. & P. Railway have found a route which will avoid engineering difficulty at Yarker, where it will be difficult and expensive to construct a permanent bridge and ap-

THE U. E. LOYALIST CENTENARY.

Meeting of the General Committee.

At an adjourned meeting of the committee held in the town hall, Adolphustown, on the 27th ult., to make further arrangemeats with reference to holding a centenary celebration Mr. Parker Allison occupied the chair and Mr. J. B. Allison acted as secretary.

Mr. J. J. Watson moved, seconded by Mr. W. H. Ingersoll, that Mr. L. L. Bogart be elected President, also that Mr. A. L. Morden, Mr. Parker Allen and Mr. D. W. Allison, M.P., be elected Vice-Presidents, which was carried.

Moved by Mr. H. H. Allison, ssconded by Mr. G. M. German, that Mr. S. W. Trumpour be appointed Treasurer, which was carried unanimously.

Moved by Mr. P. D. Davis, and seconded by Mr. R. Dorland, that Messrs. A. C. Davis, J. J. Watson, J. B. Allison and W. H. Ingersoll be appointed corresponding secretaries and that they be instructed to communicate with the Wardens and Reeves of the adjoining counties asking co-operation in the celebration movement.—Carried.

Moved by W. H. Ingersoll, that two committees be formed to present our claims for aid to the Dominion Parliament and Ontario Legislature, now in session, to erect a monument in the United Empire Loyalist burying-ground, said committees to be composed of the following persons, viz: To the Legislature—Messrs. Striker, G. D. Hawley, Elias Clapp, Jacob H. Roblin and J. B. Allison. To the Dominion Parliament—Messrs. M. W. Pruyn, J. S. McCuaig, Parker Allen, J. J. Watson, P. D. Davis.

Moved by Mr. P. D. Davis, seconded by J. J. Watson, that Messrs. Elias Clapp, J. H. Roblin, J. B. Allison and the mover and

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—The engineers surveying the branch road from Yarker to the K. & P. Railway have found a route which will avoid engineering difficulty at Yarker, where it will be difficult and expensive to construct a permanent bridge and approaches over the Napanee River. It is understood that a much easier line can be secured by starting from the Napanee and Tamworth Railway north of Colebrook and running across the Napanee River near Petworth, and thence north-easterly to the Kingston & Pembroke at Hartington.

—On Tuesday last as Mr. George Holland, of Kingston, was on his way to dinner he was struck by a pilot engine on the K. & P. Railway and knocked senseless. He was injured internally, but not fatally.

—Tuesday morning while a cow was being taken from Verona to Kingston on the K. & P. Railway the animal jumped from the train near Harrowsmith.

—Mr. P. Madden; who resides near Brewer's Mills, killed a garter snake on Feb. 18th which measured 3½ feet. Thirty hours after being decapitated the snake was found to be alive.

—A row occurred at Mrs. Hennessy's, Cataraqui, on Monday night last. A young man named Little, of Kingston, was stabbed in the neck and breast.

—Over three hundred pieces of tweeds and coatings to select your spring suit from at McAlister's. Mr. Williamson gives universal satisfaction as a cutter.

☞ **Quantity and Quality.** In the Diamond Dyes more coloring is given than in any known dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors. 10c. at all druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sample Card, 32 colors, and book of directions for 2c. stamp.

McGregor's Speedy Cure.

From the many remarkable cures wrought by using McGregor's Speedy Cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Affection of the Liver, and from the immense sale of it without any advertising, we have concluded to place it extensively on the market, so that those who suffer may have a perfect cure. Go to T. A. Huffman and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a trial bottle free, or the regular size at fifty cents and one dollar.

Crushed by the Cars.

A little son of John Spinks, Toronto, had his foot crushed by a G. T. R. express train some time ago. Two doctors attended him without benefit, and amputation was proposed, but Hagyard's Yellow Oil was tried, which gave prompt relief and effected a speedy cure, even removing all stiffness of the joint.

Mr. Parker Allison occupied the chair and Mr. J. B. Allison acted as secretary.

Mr. J. J. Watson moved, seconded by Mr. W. H. Ingersoll, that Mr. L. L. Bogart be elected President, also that Mr. A. L. Morden, Mr. Parker Allen and Mr. D. W. Allison, M.P., be elected Vice Presidents, which was carried.

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Moved by Mr. P. D. Davis, seconded by J. J. Watson, that Messrs. Elias Clapp, J. H. Roblin, J. B. Allison and the mover and seconder be appointed a committee to present a claim to the County Council at its next session for aid to the monument fund.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. H. H. Allison, seconded by Mr. J. J. Watson, that we adjourn to meet in this place on the 12th of March at 2 p.m. —Carried.

Every member seemed determined to make, on the 16th of June, one of the grandest demonstrations ever held in this part of the Dominion.

International Throat and Lung Institute.

For the treatment of Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Laryngitis and Consumption in the first and second stages, and all diseases of the nose, throat and lungs by the aid of the Spirometer, invented by Dr. M. Souville of Paris, ex-surgeon of the French army.

Head office, London, Eng. Branches, Montreal, Toronto, Boston, Detroit and Winnipeg.

Physicians and sufferers may try the Spirometer free. Consultation free. If unable to call personally and be examined, write for list of questions and copy of "International News," published monthly. Address, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 13 Phillips' Square, Montreal.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery, and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

For all Ages.

The aged, debilitated and infirm will find renewed vigor and strength by taking Burdock Blood Bitters. The young hastening to early decay will also find in this revitalizing tonic a remedy worth trying.

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February 8th,

THE PALACE GROCERY

Hogle Block, - - Main-St., Bath,

D. L. PAUL, Prop.

GROCERIES & CONFECTIONERY

In great variety and at prices unequalled for cheapness in this county.

☞ I HAVE A "CORNER" IN THE GROCERY TRADE in this section and shall continue to dispense them at ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

☞ NOW IS THE TIME TO LAY in your supplies for spring. I can get forty degrees below zero on prices and YET KEEP WARM.

KUM AND C ME.

Bath, March 5th, 1884. D. L. PAUL.

NEW GOODS FOR EARLY SPRING TRADE.

EMBROIDERIES,

Irish Crochet Trimmings, Linen Lace, &c.,

At from 10 to 20 per cent. under regular prices.

☞ A FULL STOCK OF KNITTING COTTONS OF ALL SIZES AND COLORS.

Dundas-st., Napanee. **C. F. HENDERSON.**

COMPLIMENTS TO EVERYBODY.

One Hundred Cases of BOOTS and SHOES, TRUNKS and VALISES to arrive at

The People's Boot and Shoe Store,

First week in March, CHEAPER and NEATER than ever.

☞A FULL STOCK OF KNITTING COTTONS OF ALL SIZES AND COLORS.

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First week in March, CHEAPER and NEATER than ever.

Thanks to the Public for their Liberal Patronage.

Remember Our One Price System.

GEO. E MAYBEE.

1884) **SPRING.** (1884

------NAPANEE------

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Our efforts to give the farmers of these counties at their own doors a superior article are appreciated and our celebrated

2-HORSE IRON CULTIVATORS

Are meeting with a ready and steady sale. All who use them pronounce them as a Cultivator

☞**The Very Model of Perfection,**☜

E. LOYALIST CENTEN-ARY.

of the General Committee.

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13 Phillips' Square, Montreal.

Advice to Mothers.

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If so, send at once and get a bottle of
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Are meeting with a ready and steady sale. All who use them pronounce them as a Cultivator

The Very Model of Perfection,

And to meet the increased demand upon us we have in course of construction an extra number, so that our customers may not be dissapointed this spring (as many were last season) in securing a Cultivator which works complete, is strong, durable and cheap.

We shall be pleased if parties who have spoken for Cultivators will take delivery at an early date and those who have not yet purchased should call at once and secure one and have it in readiness for the spring work.

REPAIRING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing and job work, and will spare no pains to turn out work that will give the utmost satisfaction.

Farmers having machinery to repair should see that it is done at once, as better work can be done now than in the busy harvest season. Bring in your machines at once and have them repaired, in readiness for the harvest, at the

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

JOHN HERRING.

February 8th, 1884.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPANEE, O

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - - *Proprietor.*

ENGAGEMENTS:

TUESDAY, MARCH 18TH.—Millers Uncle Tom's Cabin Company.

THE EXPRESS

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE,

Two Doors West of P. Slaven & Co's.

The Finest Job Printing at Lowest Rates.

NEW PREMISES!
NEW MATERIAL!
BEST WORKMEN!

Get our estimates before giving orders.

Telephone Communication.

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Prop.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.—A general servant. Apply to MRS. CHAS. STEVENS, Piety Hill. 16

FOR SALE.—From one to three first-class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships. CHARLES LANE.
Napanee, February 21st, 1884. 15-5 mos.

TO LET.—The premises formerly occupied by THE EXPRESS on East street. Immediate possession given. Suitable for a manufactory of any kind. Apply to Mr. E. S. LAPUM or to Mr. W. M. O'BEIRNE.

FARM FOR SALE.—South end of east-half of lot 28 in the 3rd concession of Camden, 4 miles from Newburgh and 3 miles from Clark's Mills), containing seventy acres, with good frame house, barn, outhouses, etc.; 50 acres cleared; the balance wood land; a good spring on the premises. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For full particulars apply to MRS. WATSON, care of Mr. WILLIAM DUNN, Moscow P. O. 12

A JUMBO BARGAIN.—Farm for sale.—North half of lot No. 45, in the 4th concession of the township of Camden, at the village of Moscow, and only half a mile from station on the N.T. & Q.R., containing about one hundred acres, with about 80 acres fit for the plough and 20 acres pasture and wood land. This is a very desirable farm, having all the advantages of daily stage and mail, post and telegraph offices, good school, good and abundant water, good orchard, well fenced, small frame house with wood house attached, splendid frame barn, 36x48, with shed attached, 52x60, and good horse and cattle stable. The land is under excellent cultivation and contains all the good qualities of a Huffman street farm, and ready for crop in the spring. Good reasons given for selling. Apply to

ZARA VANLUVEN,
19-4pd-tf. Moscow P. O.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second hand, stationery, 12 horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.
Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 17.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ.,.....President

N. A. CATON, ESQ.,.....Vice-President.

DIRECTORS.

B.C. LLOYD, W. R. GORDANIER, MILES SHOREY

CHARLES JAMES.....Secretary.

MILES SHOREY.....Treasurer.

JOHN DOXSEE.....Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that under the provisions of "The Liquor License Act, 1883," every application for a license to sell liquors by wholesale or retail, shall be by petition of the applicant to the Board of the District in which the license is to have effect, praying for the same.

Every petition for an hotel, saloon or shop license shall be filed with the Chief Inspector of the District wherein the license is to have effect, on or before the

FIRST DAY OF MARCH.

In the case of an application for an hotel, saloon or shop license by a person who is not, at the time of the making of such application, a licensee under any Act of a Provincial Legislature, or as to premises which are not then licensed, the petition must be accompanied by a certificate signed by one-third of the electors entitled to vote in the polling sub-division in which the premises sought to be licensed are situated.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector,
License District of Lennox and Addington, Camden East P. O. 15-5.

DOMINION LIQUOR LICENSE ACT OF 1883.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that the following persons who are not licensees under the said Act, or under any Act of the Provincial Legislature, have applied for licenses under the said Dominion License Act, viz:

JAMES O'BRIEN, for a hotel license in the house and premises now occupied by him in the village of Roblin and township of Richmond.

ANDREW DONOVAN, for a hotel license in the house now occupied by him in the village of Roblin and township of Richmond.

JAMES GONU, for a hotel license in the house now owned and occupied by him in the village of Selby and township of Richmond.

REFORM MASS MEETING.

SPEECHES BY D. W. ALLISON, M. P. AND JOHN CHARLTON, M. P.

The C.P.R. Concession Discussed—Magnitude of the Obligation Imposed on the Dominion.

In consequence of a heavy snow storm Friday night the roads were again blocked on Saturday last, which prevented a very large attendance at the Reform Mass Meeting. Notwithstanding the bad roads, however, a large number of farmers forged their way through the snow, and these together with the townspeople made an audience of about five hundred. The chair was taken at 2 p.m. by Mr. S. Gibson, President of the Reform Association. Upon the platform were Mr. D. W. Allison, M.P. and Mr. H. M. Deroche, ex M.PP. The chairman after explaining the cause of the dissapointment the previous Saturday, and expressing regret at the inclement weather which prevented many of the electors being present, introduced

MR. D. W. ALLISON, M. P., who was received with enthusiastic applause. He stated that this was the first opportunity he had had of thanking the people of Lennox for having chosen him as their representative in the House of Commons. Had the weather not have been unfavorable on the day of polling day he believed his majority would have been close upon 100. He had now been in the House seven weeks and he believed it his duty to give an account of his action there. He did not take a prominent part in the debates because it was not judicious that a new member should occupy time that could be better used by representatives of greater experience. He had, however, not been idle, as he was on several important committees where the real work of the session was done. He had also voted on several questions, and he purposed giving his hearers to-day his reasons for the votes he had cast. His first vote was in favour of the Criminal Evidence Bill, for which Sir John Macdonald also voted, but the important votes he gave were on the resolutions giving $30,000,000 to the C.P.R. On every occasion that a vote was taken on this question he voted against the grant, and he did so because no sufficient reason was given why this money should be voted. Only two reasons were advanced in its favour. The Minister of Railways said the Company were able and willing to complete the road on the original contract, but in order to have the entire work completed within two years the Government recom-

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas Napanee.

NOTICE.

The Liquor License Act (Ontario)

ADDINGTON

LICENSE DISTRICT.

Applications for

LICENSES

To be issued under the Act, in the

FOR THE YEAR 188

to be dealt with at the

later than

THE 1st DAY OF APRIL

NOTICE

LENNOX

LICENSE DISTRICT

APPLICATIONS for LICENSES

for the year 1884, to be dealt with at the

On or Before the 1st of April

Blank forms of application may be obtained from the Inspector.

Published by order of the Board of License Commissioners for Lennox District.

JOHN STEVENSON,
GEO. B. SILLS,
Inspector.

Feb. 20th, 1884. 15-3.

DOMINION LICENSE ACT.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a meeting of the

Board of License Commissioners

for the

License District of Lennox and Addington,

will be held at the Sheriff's Chambers, in the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, on

Tuesday, the Twenty-Fifth day of March, 1884,

at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of taking into consideration all applications for certificates for such licenses as by "The Liquor License Act, 1883," are authorized to be granted.

Dated this 19th day of February, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector

15-5.

ANDREW DONOVAN, for a hotel license in the house now occupied by him in the village of Roblin and township of Richmond.

JAMES GONU, for a hotel license in the house now owned and occupied by him in the village of Selby and township of Richmond.

The following applicants are now holders of Provincial licenses:—

TOWN OF NAPANEE.

Messrs. John Grant & Co., shop license, No. 60 west side of John street, town of Napanee.

Messrs. M. W. Pruyn & Son, shop license, corner of John and Market streets, town of Napanee.

Mr. Alexander Leslie, hotel license, Campbell House, town of Napanee.

Messrs. Harris & Empey, hotel license, Brisco House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Peter Huffman, hotel license, Huffman House, town of Napanee.

Mr. John Wheeler, hotel license, Queen's Hotel, town of Napanee.

Mr. John McKillop, hotel license, Rush Inn, town of Napanee.

Mr. Patrick McAlpine, hotel license, Dominion House, town of Napanee.

Mr. Charles A. Cornell, hotel license, Cornell House, town of Napanee.

Mr. R[illegible]onald [illegible] Richbor[illegible] H[illegible], tow[illegible]nee.

Mrs. Daniel [illegible]y, ho[illegible]r hotel on Hog Isl[illegible]wnshi[illegible]wn.

[illegible] of [illegible]

[illegible] license, [illegible]hat O[illegible]on & [illegible] was a str[illegible] [illegible]f the [illegible]an, and the offic[illegible] [illegible]d that [illegible]rpse must be that [illegible] Monroe county murderer. Wade [illegible] supposed to be somewhere in the south, and two months ago a man was arrested in Tennessee answering his description. The Sheriff of Monroe county left here with the necessary papers to bring him back, but failed to identify him as the person wanted. Wade has killed several men, and was a terror to the neighborhood in which he lived.

Tippling Clergymen.

The temperance movement does not appear to have made much progress yet in clerical circles. Commissions of inquiry are continually being appointed by bishops to investigate accusations of drunkenness brought against clergymen by members of their flocks. One of these commissions was appointed [illegible] to inquire into no fewer than [illegible] specific charges of drunk[illegible] [illegible] of a country [illegible]

[illegible] for the City Hotel [illegible] in the

TOWNSHIP OF ERNESTOWN.

Mr. Isaiah [illegible] license [illegible] Thomas's [illegible] Ernestown ([illegible]town Station).

Mr. Fletcher Switzer, hotel license, for the [illegible] now occupied by him in the [illegible] Odessa.

[illegible]bbock, hotel license, B[illegible] village [illegible]

Mr. William [illegible], hotel license, Wilton House, village of Odessa.

Mr. William Pull, hotel license, for the [illegible] now occupied by him, in the township of Adolphustown.

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

Mr. James Thompson, [illegible] license in the premises of at present occupied by him in the village of Tamworth.

Mr. George Robertson, hotel license for the Royal Hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mr. Patrick Mellon, hotel license, Mellon's hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mr. Luke A. Wheeler's hotel license, Wheeler's Hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mrs. Margaret Douglass, hotel license, Douglass' Hotel, village of Tamworth.

Mr. Richard Mahoney, hotel license, Mahoney's Hotel, in the village of Erinsville.

Mrs. Hanna Phelan, hotel license, Phelan's Hotel, in the village of Erinsville.

Mrs. Charles Stewart, hotel license, Stewart House, in the village of Flinton, Township of Kaladar.

Dated this 4th day of March, 1884.

PETER JOHNSTONE,
Chief Inspector,
License District Lennox and Addington.

The Minister of Railways said the Company were able and willing to complete the road on the original contract, but in order to have the entire work completed within two years the Governmentrecommended advancing the 30 million dollars. The alleged reason for this haste was that there were other lines of railways crossing the continent and it was expedient that the C. P. R. should be built before these other lines attracted to them all the trade. He (Mr. Allison) did not think this a good reason. The Union Pacific has been in operation over fifteen years and has its traffic established and the Northern Pacific was already completed. If it were true that, as Sir Charles Tupper had stated, the C. P. R. would be a shorter and better road on account of its situation and would attract business, he did not see what great advantage would be derived by the people of Cadada in having its completion hurried at the expense of 30 millions ex[illegible]. Then there was another reason advanced by the Government. They said it was necessary to be completed at once in order to secure speedy settlement of the North-West. Now he did not see anything in this argument because the road was built and in running order from the stake [illegible] Landing to the foot of the [illegible]ains which covered the country. [illegible] him $[illegible] for settlement. The result [illegible]osed the grant, for though call[illegible]rea[illegible], it was admitted on all sides [illegible] money, when once it left the Dominion Treasury, would never be re[illegible] He then proceeded to show [illegible] each constituency. There [illegible]e 211 constituencies in the Dominion and the allottment to each, were [illegible]ame population, would be $140,000, but as the Ontario constituencies [illegible]re much larger—in many cases double—than those in the Maritime Provinces, British Columbia and Manitoba, Ontario had to bear the greater portion [illegible] the burthen—almost half—and

THE SHARE OF LENNOX

[illegible]ess than $200,000. He believed if a by-law had been submitted to the people of Lennox voting even half this sum to the C. P. R. it would have been voted down, therefore he thought it his duty as their representative to vote against the grant and he did so. (Loud applause.) The disposition of people was to look at public matters too much in the abstract. Some of the people's representatives at Ottawa talk about millions as they would thousands of dollars or less. Now, to give his hearers an idea of the

MAGNITUDE OF THE GRANT

he had made a simple calculation. Thirty million dollars, he said, would buy four counties like Lennox. It represented 937½ tons of silver dollars, which would require 937 teams to draw; this would form a procession allowing 30 feet for each team, 5¼ miles long. The $30,000,000 also represented 30,000,000 bushels of wheat at $1 per bushel, to move which it would require 75,000 teams, making a procession 4,261 miles long. If his hearers were to stand and watch it pass at the rate of fifty miles a day it would occupy 87 days. Was it in the interests of the people of Lennox that I should vote to give away this enormus sum? He thought not and therefore did not do it. (Applause). But he had

ANOTHER REASON FOR OPPOSING THE GRANT

The company had already received a much

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 18.

larger sum of money from the Government than was spent on the work. What would you say, he asked, if a contractor building a barn for you after receiving the full account of the contract and only completing a small part of the work, should ask you to lend him half as much as the whole on the security of the work done? It is not likely you would grant the request. (Applause.) He then proceeded to show from the statement of Mr. Stephen, President of the Co., (charging the company with cost of survey), that they had already received $51,159,268 more than they expended on the railway proper, and in the face of this they wanted 30 millions more! He thought the people of Lennox would endorse his action in voting the refusal of such a preposterous request. (A voice, "we do"). But apart from the dollars and cents view of the case there was

A LEGAL ASPECT.

The man who was the leading advocate of the Company in the House was no less a person than Sir Charles Tupper, and it was shown that he had no right to sit in the House. As an evidence of this the House witnessed the spectacle of Sir Tupper moving resolutions and making speeches but not daring to vote on any question. He, Sir Charles, had not given a vote on any question during the entire session, and now to make his presence in the House legal, Sir John Macdonald had introduced a bill amending the Independence of Parliament Act, which practically meant the whitewashing of Tupper. This act was equivalent to Sir John Macdonald passing a law stating that theft was not illegal to relieve a man found guilty of that crime. After some further remarks of a general character, the speaker took his seat amid applause.

MR. JOHN CHARLTON, M. P., on being introduced was loudly cheered. He is a gentleman of pleasant appearance, his enunciation is clear and his matter is well arranged. After explaining the cause of his not being able to keep his engagement of last Saturday, owing to the snow blockade, he congratulated the people of Lennox on having so intelligent a representative as Mr. Allison. He (Mr. A) had adopted a capital plan of impressing upon the people the

MAGNITUDE OF MILLIONS.

He highly approved of holding meetings of this kind at a time when there was no election pending. The people were not now under the pressure of political excitement, and could weigh camly what they heard. Though he appeared before them as a Liberal, he knew he was not addressing Liberals only, but the people of Lennox. He was glad to see so many present. He was glad to see so many ladies present. He was glad to see so many ladies present. He was glad to see so many ladies

ment, and could weigh calmly what they heard. Though he appeared before them as a Liberal, he knew he was not addressing Liberals only, but the people of Lennox; and what he would say he hoped would be accepted as coming from a man who was perfectly conscientious in his statements, and he would gladly accept correction if wrong. In the outset he reviewed the struggles of the Liberal party and the great reforms brought about by them. These formed the Liberal record, which comprises responsible government, the settlement of the clergy reserves, the questions of represenation by population, voting by ballot, economical expenditure, a pure election law, and simultaneous elections. The record of the Conservatives started with an outrage on the principle of representation by population, by the unduly large representation given in the House of Commons and the Senate to British Columbia and Manitoba; and it had been

A LONG SERIES OF OUTRAGES

ever since. The annual expenditure had increased during their tenure of office from $14,000,000 to $31,000,000 per annum, for $16,000,000 of which increase they were directly responsible. A part of their record is the Pacific Scandal, an outrage such as no other party in any country has as a legacy. In that deal the Government sold a charter for money with which to corrupt the electorate, but they had since eclipsed that act by selling the Government to a company. They had been guilty of jobbery. They sold timber limits to favourites at prices which enabled these men to make fortunes by disposing of them next day. They had attempted to set aside our constitution—the British North America Act. They have gerrymandered the constituencies of a Province, and now they purpose passing a franchise law which provides for revising barristers from whom there is no appeal. When that is passed they

EXCEPT TO FIX THE LIBERALS.

(Laughter). This was but a portion of the record of the Conservatives. It afforded a striking contrast to the Liberal record. (Applause). He then proceeded to deal with the tariff, which word he explained merely meant a schedule of taxes. If this tariff was levied merely for revenue purposes to cover cost of government it was a good thing; but if used for the purpose of creating monopolies in a country—as the present tariff was designed to do—it was a highly improper thing. Now when this tariff question is being discussed by our opponents they always try to make it appear that Liberals are free traders. This is misleading. While all true Liberals believe in the principle of free trade they recognize that here in Canada we require money to carry on the Government and public works, and believe in a tariff sufficient only for this purpose and levied to give encouragement to those industries natural to the country. The present tariff was devised to benefit the few at the expense of the many, and among the evils in its wake was over-production. Already the cotton industry had experienced this. In the United States protection had caused over-production years ago. Millions of money had been locked up in unprofitable iron manufactures, called into existence by a high tariff. There were now in the United States blast furnaces [illegible] had pledged themselves to improve the condition of the artisans, spent $427,000 last year in

INDUCING THE MECHANICS AND LABORERS OF THE OLD WORLD

to come here and overstall the labor market. He well remembered Sir John Macdonald moving an amendment during the existence of the Mackenzie Government deprecating the emigration of 39,000 Canadians to the United States during the five years previous and attaching the blame to the fiscal policy of the Government. He (Sir John Macdonald) thought this alone was sufficient grounds for the people to depose the Ministry. Well the people turned Mr. Mackenzie's Cabinet out. What was the result?

THE EXODUS.

Why, during the past five years the American statistics, the same authority which Sir John quoted against Mr. Mackenzie, showed that no less a number than 401,000 souls had left Canada and taken up residence in the United States. The correctness of these figures were now disputed by the Conservatives because they are not favorable to their side, but of course the statistics were all right when they were used against Mr. Mackenzie. The fact, however, remains that there is a great exodus. The majority of the residents of Dakota are Canadians, and our people are found in large numbers in northern Michigan and Minnesota. These people are of the flower of our country and should have peopled Manitoba, had they not been driven elsewhere by oppressive land regulations. Returning to the tariff question he said that to hear the Tories now talk you would be led to believe that there were no manufactories in the country till the N. P. was discovered.

"HAD YOU NO FACTORIES IN NAPANEE BEFORE THE N. P.?"

he asked. He showed that the manufactories of the Dominion had attained large proportions under a 17½ per cent. tariff and that their condition during depression was much better than those in the United States under protection. When the people here were complaining of hard times in 1877-78 they were not experiencing by half as hard times as those in the neighboring Republic. The hard times there developed the tramp nuisance which Canada did not experience to anything like the same extent. It is true new factories have opened since 1878, but will anyone say that with the return of good times here and in the United States our manufactures would not have attained fully as great progress under the old tariff. He asked any manufacturer who uses iron and coal as raw material if the high tariff has improved his business. He admitted there were hard times under Mr. Mackenzie's Government. There had been a great civil war in the United States which brought into existence there a fluctuating currency which encouraged speculation and extravagance, the result of which was financial collapse. Canada was at once effected by it, because of the intimate business connection between the two countries, and this together with two bad harvests caused depression of business here. The wonder is that the depression was tided over so well, and it would not have been had it not been for the economy exercised [illegible] how apparent that Mr. Mackenzie's plan for the construction of the railway was the correct one. His scheme was for the Government to proceed with the construction of the prairie section of the road as far as the Rocky Mountains, and to build branch lines as the necessities of the country demanded them. The line to the foot of the Rockies, 2,000 miles, would have cost $40,000,000. When a company could have been found willing to complete and operate the road this portion of the line could have been given as a bonus. By this scheme there would be no locking up of the land from settlement, no monopolies, and the road would not have cost the country the enormous sum which he would presently show it has cost. After the fall of Mr. Mackenzie's ministry and Sir John took the reigns of Government he announced that he would continue the construction of the road in the same way by means of Imperial credit, but failing to obtain this credit, he entered into private negotiations with the present syndicate which resulted in a contract being signed in direct contravention of the law which provides that the Government shall shall not award any contract for an expenditure over $10,000 without having first advertised for tenders. Parliament was hastily summoned and the contract was laid on the table, all duly signed, and only waiting ratification of Parliament to be put into execution. It will be remembered how amazed were the people at the bargain this Syndicate had made:—They were to get 706 miles of the best portion of the road, built at a cost to the country of $28,000,000; $25,000,000 in cash and 25 million acres of the choicest land of the North-West; a monopoly of the carrying trade, exemption from taxation, &c. Capitalists were at once struck with the liberality of the Government, and the result was that another offer was made by a new company for $9,000,000, less. Though this tender was also too high we said accept it—it is a saving of $9,000,000; but the Government would not do this. They alleged that the second syndicate was bogus. When this statement was made the second syndicate made a deposit of $1,000,000 as evidence of good faith, and when this was done it was found that the first syndicate had not put up a dollar. Yet, notwithstanding, Parliament following the lead of the Government ratified the original agreement. Why, he asked, did not the Government accept the tender of the second syndicate, and if they were bogus, the Government would be the richer by the deposit forfeited. That they did not do this was evidence that they even believed this syndicate in earnest. The whole thing was born in sin and fostered in iniquity. (Applause). He enumerated the large grants provided by the contract, and showed how the money had been divided in the purchase of a half-dozen large roads in Ontario and Quebec. The syndicate now came before Parliament and demanded $30,000,000 more. On the C.P.R. proper they had only expended $29,000,000, while they had received in cash and lands $60,000,000; but in the face of all this, Parliament,

AT THE DICTATION OF THE GOVERNMENT,

voted the money asked. Why the Government urged the granting of the money he did not know, if it was not that they felt themselves completely in the grasp of the company. He believed there was something behind all this. There were grave rumors afloat. It is said Cabinet Ministers are partners in the contract. He did not wish to make any charges, but he had his suspicions that all was not right. So outrageous did the first bargain appear to even one of the Government's own supporters, (Hon. William McDougall), that he was led to exclaim that the Government must have been either "drunk, fools or bought." He showed the way the company's stock had

[Continued on 4th page.]

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store, Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office --Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-ly

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at **6** PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Established 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

☞ **Circular and Consultation Free and Private.**

A. NORMAN, M. D.

NOTICE TO THE

Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity.) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave yon to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD,
41-tf. Managing Director.

NAPANEE

PLANING MILLS.

SCOTT & PERRY

THE RAILROAD TATTLER

A Mechanical Detective Invented by a Methodist Minister.

A Scranton despatch in the New York *Times* says: A mechanical contrivance, invented by a Methodist minister, and now in use on the railroads centering in this city, for the purpose of checking the manner in which freight trains are run by the employes, has recently attracted a good deal of attention, and been vigorously denounced by railroad men. The claim is made by the employers that some such thing was necessary to prevent the deceptions practiced upon the companies by the crews running freight and coal trains faster than schedule time to make up for the unnecessary delays at the various stations. The officials allege that no matter how faithfully a conductor and engineer may promise not to run faster than fifteen miles an hour, there are times when they will disregard all obligations and run as fast as thirty miles an hour to make up time squandered with their cronies at some of the stations along the line. The invention already alluded to makes it impossible for railroad men to practice any such deception. It is a simple piece of mechanism constructed much on the principle of the "tape" that checks off the condition of the stock market. It is wound up like a clock, locked within a box, and placed in the caboose, where it is geared to the axle of the car. On a large sheet of stiff paper, marked into small squares, a pencil or tracer keeps moving with the train and records the revolutions of the axle, the delay made at any given point, the number of jolts and jars sustained on the trip, and where they occurred, together, with other facts going to make an accurate record of the journey. The record is laid befors the superintendent, who sees at a glance how any particular train was run, and acts accordingly. It is claimed on the part of the companies that the irregularity of running coal and freight trains and the "soldering" of the men at the stations, as well as their method of making up for lost time, have in the past been prolific of many serious accidents, resulting in much loss to railroad property in wreckage, as well as in wear and tear. With the "tattling machine" at work in the caboose, recording every throb of the locomotive with the precision of a shorthand reporter, this will be impossible. But "the tattler" is not liked by railroad men. They consider it not only a nuisance, but a blunt warning on the part of the companies that their men are untrustworthy and cannot be relied upon.

An Electrical Exposition in Philadelphia.

Some time during the coming fall Philadelphia will hold what it is hoped will be the most important exhibition of electrical machines and methods so far convened anywhere. Some very novel and startling events will mark this display of electrical power. It is proposed to place an electric light of 100,000 candle power in the bed of the Schuylkill River. This is to show how torpedoes and other warlike instruments can be detected before they do damage by exploding. The developments of electrical science as applied to daily necessities are simply marvelous. A vast industry has thus been created in the last few years involving tens of millions of dollars. It has so far been found impossible to procure trained experts to supply the demand for electrical machinery. In the classification adopted the different groups will consist of: First, apparatus for the production of electricity; second, electric conductors; third, measurements; fourth, applications of elec-

Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. T. LESLIE, Proprietor.

(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, Proprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

YOUR FORTUNE!

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps we will send by mail, post paid, as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [3]

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,

NAPANEE

INDEX

TO DISEASES, COMPLAINTS and ACCIDENTS which HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in MAN or BEAST.

TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR

CROUP,	*COUGHS,*
CRAMPS,	*SORE THROAT,*
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Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors

TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp. Ben Vandelf Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

tricity; second, electric conductors; third, measurements; fourth, applications of electricity, under which there are two subdivisions, apparatus of small power and those of large power; fifth, terrestrial physics sixth, historical apparatus, and seventh, educational and biographical. The section devoted to measurements is probably one of the most interesting to scientists and the least known to the public of any of the exhibits.

The Latest Smuggling Dodge.

A carriage drove furiously down the Cunard dock in New York, and a red-headed man bounced out. "Is this the Cunarder?" he asked breathlessly. "Yes, sir," replied a customs official. Down came the red-headed man's trunk off the driver's perch, and together they carried it, with his valise, aboard the steamer. "When does she sail?" demanded the red-headed man of a passenger pacing the deck. "In a few days," returned the passenger courteously; "she has just come in." "Great Scott!" roared the red-headed man, "isn't this the outgoing boat?" It was explained to him that he had made a mistake in the day, and the courteous stranger invited the red-haired man into his room to partake of some refreshment. Half an hour later the red-headed man bade his friend adieu, with many kind wishes for their better acquaintance. Five hours later, in New York the red-headed man and the courteous stranger sat gloating over the valise full of laces, watches, gloves, and the like, which the former had brought from the ship, and which the customs officials had never thought of examining, as he had not come in on the steamer.

Presence of Mind in a Dog.

The Boston *Journal* says, Elmer Wier, aged ten, while skating at a mill pond in Salem, Mass., ventured out too far on the thin ice, near the lower sluice way, where there is a powerful current, and fell through. A Newfoundland dog, who had followed the little fellow to the shore, at once perceived the lad's danger, and ran to his assistance. The boy, in the mean time, had been drawn under the ice. The dog made a large space of open water, and diving quickly, brought the boy to the surface, dragging him thence to the shore. Some men in the vicinity who witnessed the accident attempted to rescue the lad, but were unable to reach him on account of the thinness of the ice, and he would have been drowned but for the dog. The animal was a waif recently adopted by the family.

They tell a capital story in the Temple of ex-Chief Baron Pollock, that one who wished him to resign waited on him, and hinted it, suggesting it for his own sake, entirely with a view to the prolongation of his own valued life, &c. The old man arose, and said, with his grim, dry gravity, "Will you dance with me?" The guest stood aghast as the Lord Chief Baron, who prided himself particularly upon his legs, began to caper about with a certain youthful vivacity. Seeing his visitor standing surprised, he capered up to him, and said, "Well, if you won't dance with me, will you box with me?" and with that he squared up to him, and half in jest half in earnest, fairly boxed him out of the room. The old Chief Baron had no more visitors anxiously inquiring after his health and suggesting his retirement.

The Bradlaugh Case.

Bradlaugh has been again elected to Parliament and again expelled by a very large vote of the members of the House of Commons. As he has now been four times elected by the people of Northampton no doubt can remain but it is the wish of the majority of the people to have him as their representative in Parliament, and as he has been more than four times refused, the right to take his seat among the other representatives, there is now a direct and unmistakable issue between Parliament and the people in regard to Bradlaugh's case. The man is a well known and blatant infidel, and when he first came to the House, he raised an objection against taking the ordinary Christian oath before taking his place with the other members. Had he not foolishly raised this objection of his own accord it is quite probable he would have been allowed to take his seat without objection from any one. He chose to raise a storm, however, and it will not subside again when he chooses. There are undoubtedly other infidels in the British House of Commons, but they did not flaunt out their standard when they sought admission to its precincts ; nor were any of them so coarse and repulsive in manner and habit as Bradlaugh.

The great question on the one hand is, Shall a man notoriously an infidel be allowed to sit and take part in making the laws of a nation professedly Christian, and especially shall a man of that stamp have his full voice in the laws to govern a state Christian Church? On the other hand the question is asked with equal earnestness, Shall a nation acknowledging the right of freedom of thought to all its people on all religious questions undertake to judge of any man's belief and to deprive any citizen of his full rights as a citizen because of the belief he may profess? Mr. Gladstone, though one of the most religious men in public life in England, favours the admission of Bradlaugh on the broad principle that every man shall enjoy his full rights of personal opinion on such questions, but he is in hopeless minority in the Parliament that heartaly acknowledges his leadership on all great political issues. Years may pass yet before the question is settled that has been raised in the Bradlaugh case, but the probabilities are that the doors of Parliament will yet be opened to men of all creeds, or of no creed, providing they are otherwise unexceptionable.

Chinese Superstition.

If they were not superstitious, the Chinese would not be anything. Every commonest act seems to be done according to some mode described by the ubiquitous astrologers or soothsayers.

You can not take a walk along the Bund without encountering over and over again illustrations of this national tendency. Joss sticks will be burning aboard the sampens, or the snapping of fire crackers right at your elbow in midwinter will nearly carry you off from your feet. Inquire what it means and you will be told that an effort is being made to "drive Joss away." Fear of the devil seems to more the character of Chinese religion than love of God, and when these ignorant dwellers on the water experience

Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was introduced to the American people several years ago in such a manner as to completely secure the confidence of the whole nation. The mode of introduction was by furnishing the remedy to those afflicted with Hernia in any of its various forms and collecting no pay until a permanent cure was effected. In this way the treatment gained a world-wide reputation on its own merits, never failing to cure any reducible Hernia. The Company has at the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture, or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-Seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies sold only in Napanee by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Adjoining the Brisco House.

FIRST CLASS RIGS.

MODERATE CHARGES.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.

CHICAGO.

rant dwellers on the water experience some accident they promptly resort to means of driving his rather satanic majesty back into the water whence he came. One of the most curious of the notions popularly entertained (and one at which the Chicese are fond of pointing as evidence of their superior reverence for that which is literary) is a scrupulous preservation of any paper which may have writing upon it. It this paper must be destroyed, it is solemnly consigned to the flames; but the custom is to preserve all bits thus written upon. Letters are always kept in the household filed away for future reference; and as Chinese letters consist of long strips of paper, it is customary to paste all the letters of a single correspondent together.

A Remarkable Case.

An inquest was held recently at Belfast on the body of a person who for many years has been known as John Coulter, but who, on dying on Sunday from the result of injuries accidentally received, was discovered to be a woman. Evidence was given to the effect that for years she had worked in the employment and Ontario laborer at Belfast quays, to erect a monunine years ago she got married to a woman who was employed of the inquest, and deposed that the Legislaceased was her husband; that they Elias been separated for the past six years. account of the drinking habits of the deceased, whom she throughout described as her husband. At the time of their marriage the deceased was a farm servant in the employ of the witness' father. The evidence went to show that as far as could be traced the deceased had always worn men's clothing, and had been engaged in men's work. The death was the result of injuries sustained by falling down-stairs on Sunday last while she was in a state of intoxication. The woman who had been married to deceased undertook to inter the remains of her so-called husband.—*St James' Gazette.*

Gets very hot-headed when it is scratched: A match.

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired, All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock,

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned,

Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY,
Water-st., Napanee.

2-HATIS[illegible] SUGAR COATED. PURELY VEGETABLE

Are meeting with a ready and steady [illegible] as a Cul[illegible]

The Very Model O[illegible]

And to meet the increased demand upon us an extra number, so that our customers may (as many were last season) in securing a Cul strong, durable and cheap.

We shall be pleased if parties who h very at an early date and those who [illegible] and secure one and have it in [illegible]

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH.
Briscoe House Block.

THE Great HERBAL Tonic FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH A Blood Purifier AND CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH CURE

GUARANTEE:—After fair trial, with no relief or cure effected, your money will be refunded. PRICE, $1.00.

Sold by W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Foun[illegible] of Health for my complaints, I heartily [illegible] all those suffering from Dizziness, Cos[illegible]veness or Depression of Spirits, to give it trial, as I have been completely cured [illegible]h two bottles. I never enjoyed my [illegible]fast, and being unable to sleep well, [illegible] very nervous. I am aged forty-five, have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS.
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still using, and, although not perfectly cured, I am so much improved that I heartily recommend it any one suffering from the same disease. While taking it for the above disease, a severe pain, which I had in my side, has entirely left me.

MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 17 Stafford St., Toronto.

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefis I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Nothing makes us more agreeable to God and man than to have great merit and a little opinion of ourselves.

A rather free-spoken young lady uptown is called electricity because she shocks so many people.

Robert Lincoln is looming up as a possible presidental candidate. Well, he's the son of his father and a good specimen of a man besides.

P. T. Barnum's will, which has just been made, covers seven hundred pages. He will most likely advertise it as "the greatest will on earth."

Bishop Simpson, in opening the Methodist Episcopal Temperance Conference, Philadelphia, declared that through woman's suffrage, the rum traffic would be finally overthrown.

An observant negro says: "De man who takes up the moas sidewalk am not allus de pussan ob de moas consequence. A 15 cent drunkard wants mo' room in dis world dan de judge of de supreme court.

Among the singular circumstances of the late terrible disastrous floods at Cincinnati were the suffering of many from the absence of water to drink, and for cooking and other household purposes. Of course the muddy waters flowing everywhere about were not fit for such purposes. The floods became so high that the engines of the city water works had to stop and the ordinary supplies failed in consequence. There was also the want of the ordinary water supplies felt by the fire brigades.

An American paper says:—The permanency of official life in Canada has been recently brought out by a little circumstance that occurred in Western Ontario a few days ago. This was the meeting together in Brantford of three government officials, viz: Judge Jones, Sheriff Smith and Register Shenston, who celebrated their 31st year in office, their appointments having been made on January 21st, 1853, during Lord Elgin's adminstration. Had these offices been under our government, in that period, three or four hundred men would have had a chance at them.

The prospects of the future meat market are excellent, and Ontario farmers, especially, should make careful note of the fact. The London *Telegrayh*, an excellent authority, states that in Europe the meat demand is something over eight million tons per year, and the home supply not a great deal off seven million tons, leaving nearly a million tons to be supplied from elsewhere. Then, in England, especially, as wages kept increasing so increased the demand for the more costly meat food. These supplies must be drawn from America, and it is said that in the United States the population has grown more rapidly than the meat supply, so that in Boston, New York, and the other large cities meat is to-day commanding nearly the same price as in England. The demand yearly increases and prices continue to advance. Our farmers may just as well avail themselves of the opportunity.

Ontario has been largely dependent on considerable loss each year. Last year it cost the Dominion $252,808 to run the road, and the receipts derived were $146,-170, leaving a deficit balance of $106,639 to be met out of the public treasury. It is doubtful if the Island railways can ever be made to pay very well, even if under the more economical management of a private company. They run through a long narrow section of country, but thinly inhabited and a country destitute of minerals or of manufacturing facilities. The railways are, however, a commercial necessity.

The new Church of England Bishop of Huron has recently been at St. Thomas, and he took occasion while there, to pay a friendly visit to the Methodist Episcopal Ladies College in that town. Such a friendly trip is just like what might be expected of Bishop Baldwin, but it is not such a thing as is usually expected from a dignitary of that particular church. It is not many months ago since the Roman Catholic Bishop of Kingston attended the commencement exercises at the Presbyterian College in that city, and took a hearty and active part in the proceedings, the students in the gallery singing, "For he's a jolly good fellow," when he resumed his seat. We notice these innovations on the old time church exclusiveness with a good deal of satisfaction. They are among the tangible evidence that times are changing for the better, and that sectarianism, with its haughty airs, is giving away. It is well that it is so. The bitterness, the exclusiveness and sometimes open hostility of the representative men of the various churches, from time to time, has done much more to breed in the hearts of many people the feeling of skepticism in regard to the genuineness of religion than these otherwise well-meaning men often imagined.

The terrible floods along the Ohio valley during the last few weeks have ruined thousands and thousands of the inhabitants, sweeping away entirely many hundreds of homes, and so badly destroying many hundreds of others as to leave them all but worthless. Last year there was great destruction along the Ohio, the river rising at Cincinnati sixty-six feet above its low water mark. This year it rose to seventy-one feet. In a flat lying country it can be easily imagined the unfortunate state of things there must be under such circumstances. As the Ohio drains, it is said, nearly two hundred thousand square miles of country, the chances are of heavy floods any year when there are great rains, or sudden thaws during the winter. The Government was asked to give half a million of dollars for the immediate relief of the unfortunate inhabitants, and it is stated that a million would not make good the loss they have sustained. The wonder is that such a large number of intelligent people are found willing to risk their homes and their life-long earnings in a locality notoriously so dangerous. While no people should be left to suffer in the hour of misfortune it is hardly to be expected that a people erecting their homes in a locality thus situated can reasonably expect the same sympathy that others would naturally look for.

An Ice Time.

The strip of coast opposite the island on the eastern side is generally supposed to belong to Canada, says the Detroit *Free Press*. This is a popular error. It is a bit of new world France. Those who live there are French, French manners and customs prevail, and the language spoken is entirely French.

On Sunday morning a long line of vehicles of almost every description goes down the road that borders the river, and after church is over the long line returns. When the Frenchman gets through his devotions he sees no reason why he should not enjoy himself for the rest of the day. Every Frenchman loves to have a nice fast horse. The horse may be scraggy, and, to borrow that Anglo-French pun, a bony part, and yet if it can get over the ground at a lively rate that is all the Frenchman asks.

Last Sunday afternoon the strip of ice that fills the bay above the Walkerville ice-house presented a lively scene. About a score of fast horses, with cutters attached, raced for a mile or more along the ice that fringes the coast of France. There were hosts of skaters and a big crowd of spectators on the ice and along the shore. It was a lively sight to see six cutters coming dashing down abreast along the smooth ice.

"Don't you know that you are breaking the Sabbath?" said a good Windsor man who took his usual Sunday walk up in that direction.

"Oh, no," said the gay Frenchman, "I break nothing but dis colt; but I come mighty near breaking troo de ice, I tell *you*."

At the ice-house where the road joins the river, the men have been cutting ice, and the house is now full. Along the shore and some distance out is a clear space, solidly frozen again. Until a person gets quite close to it the space looks like clear water. This gave the occasion for several practical jokes. Two dudes from Detroit attempted to go down the slippery bank near the ice-house. Naturally their feet went from under them and they slid far out on the glassy ice.

"For heaven's sake, lie flat!" cried a Walkervillan; "that's thin ice." The Detroiters spread themselves out, and one yelled for a plank.

"Get them a plank!" was cried along the bank, and willing hands eagerly betook themselves to the work of rescue. A couple of planks from the ice-house were shoved carefully out to the distressed and scarcely breathing men. There was a moment of intense excitement as each cautiously lay over on his plank.

"Now, work yourself ashore," cried the kind-hearted leader on the bank.

The men did as directed, and all went well till one of them noticed a slanting crack in clear ice that showed it to be about two feet thick. Then he rose to his feet, crying in a tone of disgust: "Aw, what are ye giving us?" to which some one on shore replied: "A plank, of course." Both got up and dusted themselves off and then got up and dusted.

Later in the afternoon a fellow in a smart livery rig from Windsor came flying down the ice to this clear spot, when a shout of warning startled him. He cast one glance ahead and then cast himself out of the cutter, robes and all. As

the opportunity.

Ontario has been largely dependent on its lumber trade as one of its principal sources of wealth. During the past four or five years the lumber trade has been excellent, and prices very remunerative, principally in consequence of the large demand in the American markets. Last year the total value of exports, the produce of the forest, amounted to nearly twenty-seven million dollars, the exact figures being $26,648,411. This year the prospects are that there will be a very large falling off in the lumber export trade. Business being dull in the United States the lumber market is correspondingly dull, and prices are low. Except for the first quality of lumber it is quite probable that the demand will be much less than for many years past. The demand for any lumber, principally in the dressed or manufactured form, for Manitoba has been growing very rapidly for some years past, but it is not probable that any very great market will spring up in that direction, as it is well understood that great quantities of good lumber material exist in the "Disputed Territory" west of us which will soon be opened up and cut off any demand that may now exist from the older portions of this Province.

The spirit of railway speculation is very rife these days. It is yet a matter of grave doubt whether the Hudson Bay waters are open for navigation during the winter season, but without taking time to dispose of that doubt two or three companies are asking for charters for railways to the waters of the Hudson Bay. From Winnipeg, or thereabouts, a railway six or seven hundred miles long would reach the Bay, and if only good navigation could be assured the great portion of the grain and other freight trade of the great North-west ithw Europe would find its way out in that direction. The cost of such a road, both as regards coustruction and after working, would be very great, for it would run nearly its entire distance through an uninhabited and uninhabitable country, but there are bare possibilities of a great through trade springing up. A movement is also on foot to extend our Ontario system of railways on north from Toronto to the same waters. After the C. P. R. is passed only about 350 miles of road will be required. The Dominion Government is very wisely taking steps to put the possibilities of winter navigation in Hudson's Bay to the practical test. It is proposed to send out suitable vessels for several consecutive seasons so as to give the experiment a fair and full trial.

The Dominion Government has among its assets a good deal of railway property, but, so far as income is concerned, there is little coming in from that source. Unfortunately these railways are nearly all run at an actual cash loss each year, much as they benefit the people by their operations. The Intercolonial begins to show a balance in the right side, but the loss of running during the first five years, amounted to a very large sum. The entire railway system of Prince Edward Island was built by that Province before it entered the Confederation, and the property was all handed over to the Dominion Government for which the Province received a handsome cash sum. These railways are now being run at a

A TERRIBLE END.

A Missouri Murderer Torn to Pieces by Bloodhounds in Texas

News has just reached Moberly, Missouri, from Texas, to the effect that Clifton Wade, the man who brutally murdered Robert Cummmings at Madison, Monroe county, last summer, has been torn to pieces by bloodhounds. The particulars are as follows: Two men went into Waxahatchie, Ellis county, Tex., on the 18th inst., and offered horses for sale. The officers suspected that the horses had been stolen, and arrested one of the men, who called himself Wilson, on suspicion. The other man escaped. Bloodhounds were put upon the track of the fugitive and were followed by the officers. When the officers came up to the hounds, not far from the town, they had overtaken the man and killed him, mangling his body in a most horrible manner.

One of the officers had photographs of several criminals whom they were seeking and one of these was that of Clifton Wade. The photograph was a striking likeness of the dead man, and the officers concluded that the corpse must be that of the Monroe county murderer. Wade was supposed to be somewhere in the south, and two months ago a man was arrested in Tennessee answering his description. The Sheriff of Monroe county left here with the necessary papers to bring him back, but failed to identify him as the person wanted. Wade has killed several men, and was a terror to the neighborhood in which he lived.

Tippling Clergymen.

The temperance movement does not appear to have made much progress as yet in clerical circles. Commissions of inquiry are continually being appointed by bishops to investigate accusations of drunkenness brought against clergymen by members of their flocks. One of the commissions was appointed the other day to inquire into no fewer than eleven specific charges of drunkenness against the rector of a country parish, and having reported that a prima-facie case had been made out against him, he has, after unconditional submission to his diocesan, been suspended from his clerical office for two years. The punishment is not too severe considering the scandal caused by the spectacle of a pastor reeling about his parish in a state of intoxication; but the frequency of these cases suggests the probability of some especial cause for the alarming increase of clerical intemperance. Is it possible that a constitutional change has taken place in the clergy of the present day, or that the wine they drink is of so inferior a quality that it effects their heads more readily than the generous liquor imbibed by their predecessors? Clergymen in former years were in the habit of drinking port wine by the bottle without apparently suffering any ill effects. Even the squire of the parish was not more free in his libations than the parson who dined with him, yet he seldom landed his guest beneath the table, or even sent him home with an unsteady gait. The whole question is shrouded in mystery.—*St. James' Gazette.*

cast one glance ahead and then cast himself out of the cutter, robes and all. As he slid a helpless mass along the ice the girl in the cutter stopped the horse, and [illegible] turned around drove up the river to the road, and turned from thence to Windsor alone.

As things appear now, the society column will not contain the announcement of that couple's engagement.

Some sporting men got up a stake purse for the fastest skater. One stake was near the bank, and was placed purposely there so that there would be a jam getting around it, and consequently the money's worth of fun should be obtained. The other stake was near the clear water's edge. This disposal of stakes had a contrary effect from what was anticipated. As the seven skaters were rushing round the outside stake one of them tripped on a chunk and went head first into the cold river. The crowd was horror-stricken for a moment, till he rose to the surface and grasped the ragged edge. The ice was quite thick, even at the brink, and his companions had no difficulty in getting him on his feet once more. He stumped with chattering teeth towards the shore, then struck out, and before the astonished skaters saw his design he had rounded the stake at the bank and claimed his money. This run on the bank netted him $4.75.

The Reis Telephone of 1864.

Mr. H. F. Peter is a teacher of music in the village of Friedrichsdorf, Germany, which was for many years the home of Philipp Beis, and which contains the Garnier Institute, where he was instructor in physics. Herr Peter states that he was present at Reis' experiments, and can testify that audible speech was actually reproduced by his telephone. He says that many members of the "Physikalissher Verein," of Frankfort-on-the Main were also present.

A RUSSIAN CEREMONIAL.

An Interesting Ecclesiastical Spectacle at the Great Cathedral at Moscow.

I have just had an opportunity of witnessing one of the most important ceremonials of the Russian ecclesiastical year, under circumstances of unusual pomp and magnificence, writes a Moscow correspondent of the Glasgow *Herald*. It took place in the famous Uspensky Sobor, and had the rare dignity of being conducted by a metropolite and two arch-bishops. The cathedral is one of the sights of Moscow. Nearly as ancient as the city itself, there is more historical suggestion in this one edifice than in all the other four hundred church buildings of the old capital put together. It was the lot of the Uspensky Sobor to be built in stone on the site of the wooden cathedral of the same name by Fioraventi, an Italian architect specially sent for the purpose by one of the ancient doges of Venice, and Fioraventi, not less artist than architect, but, if possible, more Byzantine in his work than the Muscovites themselves, erected a structure which still remains in harmony with its surroundings, even after the lapse of centuries. The wonder is that there is anything left about the building to remind one of its foreign architect at all, for, twice defaced and plundered, it once had to pass through the ordeal of one of Moscow's conflagrations. It was in the Uspensky Sobor, moreover, than Ivan the Blind raised his voice against Isidor's traitorous consent to the proposed union of the Greek and Roman churches in 1440, and it was in the same cathedral (the whirligig of time bringing its revenges even for metropolites) that Phillip denounced the unholy deeds of Ivan the Terrible. How far the generation of "orthodox" are in the habit of leavening their devotional exercises with historical retrospects I do not undertake to decide. But I know well enough that

CROWDS FLOCK TO EVERY SERVICE

at the Uspensky Sobor, and that in all Moscow there is no church that is more popular or one that is better filled. From this it follows as a matter of course that on special occasions large numbers fail to gain admission to the building. On the afternoon of my visit the throng was great, and ten minutes only out of the hour allotted for the purpose sufficed for filling of the cathedral in every part. To a West European eye the aspect of a Russian congregation waiting in this manner for the beginning of the service is highly novel, in some respects even strange. Anything more like a "free and open church" in principle and less like it in detail could scarcely be imagined. Everybody stands. Seats can not be had for "love or money." You can not get in the thin end of the wedge of class distinctions even in the matter of standing-room. Precedence or place, so far as either is desired or possible, depends entirely on the hour at which the worshippers present themselves. And when the building is at last filled you look upon an expectant assembly, in which fashionable ladies and peasant women, landed proprietors and *muzhiks*, rich merchants and poor *chinovinks*, are huddled together, put cheek by jowl so to speak, with democratic

The metropolite really worked hard to satisfy everybody; a more conscientious effort to confer the greatest happiness upon the greatest number was perhaps never put forth, yet even Moscow's highest church dignitary found his amiable purpose partially thwarted by the inexorable law of supply and demand, since, in the curious physiognomical study left behind him in his retreat it was easy to see that while the delight was limited, if somewhat boisterous, the disappointment was poignant and widespread.

The church is thus a power in Moscow, and being a power in Moscow is a power throughout the empire of the Czar.

"Wanted, a Good Plain Cook."

New York papers complain that good plain cooks cannot now be obtained there for "love or money." It is just possible that love is the condition on which more of them are obtained than money. Many a good love match, however, brings to the fortunate man in the case a very poor cook. Why such an important branch of female industry as plain cooking should generally receive such very little attention seems inexplicable. It ought to be a prominent part of the real education of every young woman who ever expects to have charge of a household of her own; but, as a matter of fact, many young ladies whose education is "finished," and who may have carried off high honors, even in scientific subjects, know little theoretically, absolutely nothing practically about such a necessary matter to the good health, the happiness, and even the success and prosperity of the household as plain cooking.

If girls or women understanding good cookery could be easily procured the evil, so far as the neglect among wealthy and educated classes are concerned, would not be so great, but this is very far from being the case. Plain cooking is evidently considered "too common," or "too vulgar," or too much of a mere drudgery to get its fair share of attention even amon those who are dependent on their dail industry. In Toronto or in any other large city in Canada or the United States to-day, an advertisement asking for female help, for clerks, or for milliners, or for seamstresses of any kind will at once receive hundreds of responses, and that, too, by persons well qualified for the duties required. Let a good plain cook be advertised for, however, and the experience is quite different. The consequence is that really good plain cooks are always in demand, always wanted and can always demand good situations and good pay, whereas good clerks, and good sewers are all the time crowded by too much competition. Cookery ought to be made more fashionable and more popular than it is. If some great leader of a social reform in this direction would rise up and popularize the business, he or she would confer a great blessing on the world.

Li Hung Chang's Position.

A Shanghai correspondent of the London *Times* writes:—Affairs in China are felt to be in a critical position. Not that there is the least risk of war with France, for it is difficult to say which of the two powers has least "stomach for the fight."

KILIMANJARO.

The Snowy Mountains of Equatorial Africa.

This was the subject of a lecture delivered recently at the Royal Institution by Mr. H. H. Johnston, who is about to head an expedition, under the auspices of the British Association and the Royal society, for the purpose of exploring the region of the Kilimanjaro and thoroughly exploring its flora and fauna. The mountain in question, which is 18,000 feet above the sea level, is the highest point of a chain stretching from Abyssinia, and continuing again until the lofty ranges in the neighborhood of Nyass Lake is reached. These on their part are connected across the Zambesi and Matabeleland, with chains of hills and high tablelands, which in their turn trend their way into the mountain ranges of Natal and southern Africa. With a little stretch of imagination, said the lecturer, we may suppose that the mountains of Abyssinia are slightly connected northward, by means of the Nubian and West Arabian hills, with the mountain mass of Sinai, and that again with the Lebanon, th Caucausus, the Taurus, the Balkans. and the Alps. So that it is not very far-fetched to say that there is an almost continuous line of elevation, whether marked by plateaus or sierras, or isolated peaks, extending from the West Asiatic and mid-European systems down the east side of Africa to the cape, and in this long line Kilimanjaro comes nearly midway. One object of his expedition, Mr. Johnston went on to explain, was to determine whether Kilimanjaro belonged to Europe or the cape; whether this snowy mountain had intercepted and retained some of the present South African forms of life, which have been driven in the course of time to the temperate regions of the south by the incursion across the Sahara of the more vigorous northern agencies; or whether it makes an extension southward of the several glacial epochs which passed over Europe, and whether, in that case, will be found on its summit creatures or plants which will connect its fauna and flora with those of the Alps, the Taurus, and the Himalayas. The lecturer explained at length the results obtained by previous explorers, and concluded by stating that the name Kilimanjaro did not mean Mountain of Greatness, but the Mountain of Njaro—or the Wicked Spirit—who is supposed by the natives to cause the biting cold, and to inflict on them such ills as chilblains and frostbites.

License Legislation

At the late meeting of the Dominion Alliance Council, held in Ottawa, Mr. J. J. McLaren, Q.C., of Montreal, read an elaborate paper on the s ubject of temperance legislation. He is a lawyer of eminent ability, and it will be remembered that he was selected by the Alliance to go to England and argue the case of the constitutionality of the Canada Temperance Act before the Privy Council, which he did very successfully. Probably there is not another lawyer in Canada whose opinion on the question of liquor legislation should have greater weight. Here is a s summary of his paper, read at Ot-

ladies and peasant women, landed proprietors and *muzhiks*, rich merchants and poor *chinovinks*, are huddled together, put cheek by jowl so to speak, with democratic disregard of social classifications to be found, perhaps, in no other country or church in the world. This suggestive part with the purely material part of the service; and the obscurity left in Russian churches by architecture has to be dissipated by the sufferings of the orthodox. The illumination of the Uspensky Sobor had already made some progress when I entered. A brisk traffic in candles was going on at a counterlike table erected not far from the altar. The people were sending in orders from all parts of the building. Passed from hand to hand until it reached the counter, the money never failed to arrive at its destination, or to be immediately transferred in the shape of lighted candles, small or large, according to the amount of contribution, to vacant branches of chandeliers. From time to time a man, bearing in his hands a tray on which a small bell rang continually, issued from the counter, ploughed his way through the closely-packed crowd of worshippers, and having cut it up, so to speak, in almost every possible direction, returned at last with the result in money, the "copper" contributions, I noticed predominating. The service itself, consisting entirely of liturgical matter, read or sung, interested me little, apart from the chanting of a really fine choir composed of men and boys. The most striking effect was one I had least anticipated. All at once, without the slightest warning of any kind, the metropolite appeared

SEATED ON AN ELEVATED THRONE

in the centre of the cathedral. The archbishops were also there, one on each side; but the metropolite sat higher than they, wore a hat of spotless white, in the front of which a large diamond glittered, and was distinguished, moreover, from all around him—so far as the distance between us enabled me to judge—by strikingly intellectual features, of which an air slightly ascetic cast seemed almost to disappear in an expression of rare sweetness and composure. The people devoured him with their eyes, and when, at the close of the service, he rose, or rather ascended, to go, the crowd seemed to allow him up in a sense by no means merely metaphorical. For some moments I lost sight of him, and began to fear—the crush to get near him being so great—that he must have fallen in the press. Soon, however, he emerged, again, then I discovered the cause of the scramble. That a struggle had been going on I had already seen clearly enough, but it was no struggle to resist the pressure of an irreverent crowd. The people were simply thrusting themselves forward to kiss the metropolite's hand, and the metropolite, moving slowly through the lane made for him, was "giving his hand" right and left as rapidly as he could. Everybody snatched at the coveted member; everybody sought the virtue of the momentary osculation. Now a stout, red-faced merchant pressed his hand to his lips; now it was seized by a general in uniform; an official took it up and passed it on to a beggar; mere children fought for it until they ran the risk of being trampled on; and so hotly did the women contest the privilege that I saw several of them black in the face.

don *Times* writes:—Affairs in China are felt to be in a critical position. Not that there is the least risk of war with France, for it is difficult to say which of the two powers has least "stomach for the fight." But there are ignorant and pig-headed people at the seat of government who are disposed to bluster and make things dis- who know what it is to fight against a civilized army, and some of the provincial officials on whom no responsibility for the consequences would rest, are throwing out Homeric challenges in the rich vituperative style which must make the gallant French commanders long to be at them. The position of Li Hung Chang is far from enviable, standing as he does between the stupidity and fanaticism of the imperial court and the presence of the outer world whose sources he has measured, and whose energy he fully appreciates. His career as a general, a statesman, and a man of affairs, has raised him to the highest rank to which any Chinese subject can hope to attain. He is viceroy of a province, minister of war, of commerce, and in a certain sense, of foreign affairs, and is beyond challenge the master mind of China at the present moment. But he is not all-powerful. He has his enemies who are watching eagerly to trip him up. He can hardly in the nature of things score any further successes, but he can easily have failures, and, powerful as he is, he may still be made to answer for his failures with his head, or, at least, with his worldly goods by the savages who pull the strings of the empire at Pekin. Li Hung Chang is a patriot in the only sense which that term can be applied to any Chinese official under the present regime, but patriotism or loyalty must be severely strained when a great man, weary and old with service, has to endure the contumely of eunuchs and vermin of that sort about the palace. The whole thing is rotten, and the reigning family no better than an ulcer on the body politic. The country is ripe for rebellion, and a foreign war would be the signal for simultaneous risings north, south, east, and west. That is the real danger that threatens China, or rather the alien rulers who so grossly misgovern it.

Feline Prescience.

I must give a fact which was communicated to me many years ago by an old physician, of which the good old man assured me he was an eye witness. In his house were two old cats, each with a litter of kittens but a few days old. One of the cats was very young, it was her first litter, and the old cat was her mother. It was noticed that the younger cat did not seem well. Each one had her litter by herself, although both were in the same room. As the old cat lay suckling her own litter the young cat came to her mother and made a low mewing, then went to her own litter. The old cat followed her immediately began removing the grand-kittens, adding them to her own. The truth was, she had adopted them, and seemingly at the request of their mother, for not many minutes more had elapsed before they were orphaned by their mother's death.

A Manchester (N. H.) man found ninety-nine shoe nails in a chicken's gizzard. The result of frequent "shooing" probably.

is not another lawyer in Canada whose opinion on the question of liquor legislation should have greater weight. Here is a s summary of his paper, read at Ottawa:—

"The text from which he spoke was divided into five parts, viz., the history of legislation; the classifying of licens- more generally Act; why it has not been Quebec, and the question of the advisability of calling for a simultaneous Scott Act campaign in all possible counties through the Dominion with a view to demanding general prohibition next year. He believed that we might look at the state of legislation when the provinces went into the Dominion. In Ontario and Quebec partially prohibitory laws were passed in the last session of the Parliament of Old Canada. In 1869 there was passed a provision almost identical for both provinces, giving local councils power to pass prohibitory by-laws. In Nova Scotia there was a very strict law, which required that two-thirds of the ratepayers must sign a petition for a license before it could be granted, and that it must be ratified by two-thirds of the grand jury and by the Court of Sessions. New Brunswick, in 1855, was in advance of all other provinces, for it passed a prohibitory law, which, however, only remained in force a few years. The Temperance Act 1878 was the result of a succession of appeals to Parliament. The speaker next referred to the Liquor License Act of last session. He did not think that this was the time or place to discuss some of the questions that had lately arisen concerning it, for unfortunately party had entered too largely into these questions. For his part he was a temperance man first and a politician afterwards. He had, however, predicted last year that the Privy Council would not sustain the opinions expressed in Parliament that the Local Legislatures has no right to control the liquor traffic, and that all their legislation for the subject was null and void, and circumstances had since shown his prediction to have been correct. The case was now somewhat different from what it was when the case of Hodge v. The Queen was brought before the Privy Council, because there was then no conflicting laws. He regretted that there would be a contest between the Dominion and the Province through the establishment of the new Act, which was something temperance people did not desire to see. The press was on the side of temperance, and the House should be divided on the subject this very session.

The temptations thrown in some people's way, by the common custom of exposing all kinds of articles at shop doors is much greater to some than is often realized. No doubt many a boy has picked up his thieving habits by picking up small articles lying thus loosely in his way. A man was recently convicted before an English court for stealing from a shop door, but the judge refused the prosecutors any expenses in the case on the ground that the loose exposure of the goods held out a temptation to steal.

The Duke of Wellington, on being asked by Lord Warncliffe, "Is drunkenness, in your opinion, the great parent of all crime in the British army?" replied, "Invariably!"

MISCELLANEOUS.

Nothing makes us more agreeable to God and man than to have great merit and a little opinion of ourselves.

A rather free-spoken young lady uptown is called electricity because she shocks so many people.

Robert Lincoln is looming up as a possible presidental candidate. Well, he's the son of his father and a good specimen of a man besides.

P. T. Barnum's will, which has just been made, covers seven hundred pages. He will most likely advertise it as "the greatest will on earth."

Bishop Simpson, in opening the Methodist Episcopal Temperance Conference, Philadelphia, declared that through woman's suffrage, the rum traffic would be finally overthrown.

An observant negro says: "De man who takes up the moas sidewalk am not allus de pussan ob de moas consequence. A 15 cent drunkard wants mo' room in dis world dan de judge of de supreme court.

Among the singular circumstances of the late terrible disastrous floods at Cincinnati were the suffering of many from the absence of water to drink, and for cooking and other household purposes. Of course the muddy waters flowing every where about were not fit for such purposes. The floods became so high that the engines of the city water works had to stop and the ordinary supplies failed in consequence. There was also the want of the ordinary water supplies felt by the fire brigades.

An American paper says:—The permanency of official life in Canada has been recently brought out by a little circumstance that occurred in Western Ontario a few days ago. This was the meeting together in Brantford of three government officials, viz: Judge Jones, Sheriff Smith and Register Shenston, who celebrated their 31st year in office, their appointments having been made on January 21st, 1853, during Lord Elgin's adminstration. Had these offices been under our government, in that period, three or four hundred men would have had a chance at them.

The prospects of the future meat market are excellent, and Ontario farmers, especially, should make careful note of the fact. The London *Telegrayh*, an excellent authority, states that in Europe the meat demand is something over eight million tons per year, and the home supply not a great deal off seven million tons, leaving nearly a million tons to be supplied from elsewhere. Then, in England, especially, as wages kept increasing so increased the demand for the more costly meat food. These supplies must be drawn from America, and it is said that in the United States the population has grown more rapidly than the meat supply, so that in Boston, New York, and the other large cities meat is to-day commanding nearly the same price as in England. The demand yearly increases and prices continue to advance. Our farmers may just as well avail themselves of the opportunity.

considerable loss each year. Last year it cost the Dominion $252,808 to run the road, and the receipts derived were $146,170, leaving a deficit balance of $106,639 to be met out of the public treasury. It is doubtful if the Island railways can ever be made to pay very well, even if under the more economical management of a private company. They run through a long narrow section of country, but thinly inhabited and a country destitute of minerals or of manufacturing facilities. The railways are, however, a commercial necessity.

The new Church of England Bishop of Huron has recently been at St. Thomas, and he took occasion while there, to pay a friendly visit to the Methodist Episcopal Ladies College in that town. Such a friendly trip is just like what might be expected of Bishop Baldwin, but it is not such a thing as is usually expected from a dignitary of that particular church. It is not many months ago since the Roman Catholic Bishop of Kingston attended the commencement exercises at the Presbyterian College in that city, and took a hearty and active part in the proceedings, the students in the gallery singing, "For he's a jolly good fellow," when he resumed his seat. We notice these innovations on the old time church exclusiveness with a good deal of satisfaction. They are among the tangible evidence that times are changing for the better, and that sectarianism, with its haughty airs, is giving away. It is well that it is so. The bitterness, the exclusiveness and sometimes open hostility of the representative men of the various churches, from time to time, has done much more to breed in the hearts of many people the feeling of skepticism in regard to the genuineness of religion than these otherwise well-meaning men often imagined.

The terrible floods along the Ohio valley during the last few weeks have ruined thousands and thousands of the inhabitants, sweeping away entirely many hundreds of homes, and so badly destroying many hundreds of others as to leave them all but worthless. Last year there was great destruction along the Ohio, the river rising at Cincinnati sixty-six feet above its low water mark. This year it rose to seventy-one feet. In a flat lying country it can be easily imagined the unfortunate state of things there must be under such circumstances. As the Ohio drains, it is said, nearly two hundred thousand square miles of country, the chances are of heavy floods any year when there are great rains, or sudden thaws during the winter. The Government was asked to give half a million of dollars for the immediate relief of the unfortunate inhabitants, and it is stated that a million would not make good the loss they have sustained. The wonder is that such a large number of intelligent people are found willing to risk their homes and their life-long earnings in a locality notoriously so dangerous. While no people should be left to suffer in the hour of misfortune it is hardly to be expected that a people erecting their homes in a locality thus situated can reasonably expect the same sympathy that others would naturally look for.

An Ice Time.

The strip of coast opposite the island on the eastern side is generally supposed to belong to Canada, says the Detroit *Free Press*. This is a popular error. It is a bit of new world France. Those who live there are French, French manners and customs prevail, and the language spoken is entirely French.

On Sunday morning a long line of vehicles of almost every description goes down the road that borders the river, and after church is over the long line returns. When the Frenchman gets through his devotions he sees no reason why he should not enjoy himself for the rest of the day. Every Frenchman loves to have a nice fast horse. The horse may be scraggy, and, to borrow that Anglo-French pun, a bony part, and yet if it can get over the ground at a lively rate that is all the Frenchman asks.

Last Sunday afternoon the strip of ice that fills the bay above the Walkerville ice-house presented a lively scene. About a score of fast horses, with cutters attached, raced for a mile or more along the ice that fringes the coast of France. There were hosts of skaters and a big crowd of spectators on the ice and along the shore. It was a lively sight to see six cutters coming dashing down abreast along the smooth ice.

"Don't you know that you are breaking the Sabbath?" said a good Windsor man who took his usual Sunday walk up in that direction.

"Oh, no," said the gay Frenchman, "I break nothing but dis colt; but I come mighty near breaking troo de ice, I tell *you*."

At the ice-house where the road joins the river, the men have been cutting ice, and the house is now full. Along the shore and some distance out is a clear space, solidly frozen again. Until a person gets quite close to it the space looks like clear water. This gave the occasion for several practical jokes. Two dudes from Detroit attempted to go down the slippery bank near the ice-house. Naturally their feet went from under them and they slid far out on the glassy ice.

"For heaven's sake, lie flat!" cried a Walkervillan; "that's thin ice." The Detroiters spread themselves out, and one yelled for a plank.

"Get them a plank!" was cried along the bank, and willing hands eagerly betook themselves to the work of rescue. A couple of planks from the ice-house were shoved carefully out to the distressed and scarcely breathing men. There was a moment of intense excitement as each cautiously lay over on his plank.

"Now, work yourself ashore," cried the kind-hearted leader on the bank.

The men did as directed, and all went well till one of them noticed a slanting crack in clear ice that showed it to be about two feet thick. Then he rose to his feet, crying in a tone of disgust: "Aw, what are ye giving us?" to which some one on shore replied: "A plank, of course." Both got up and dusted themselves off and then got up and dusted.

Later in the afternoon a fellow in a smart livery rig from Windsor came flying down the ice to this clear spot, when a shout of warning startled him. He cast one glance ahead and then cast him-

iners may just as well avail themselves of the opportunity.

Ontario has been largely dependent on its lumber trade as one of its principal sources of wealth. During the past four or five years the lumber trade has been excellent, and prices very remunerative, principally in consequence of the large demand in the American markets. Last year the total value of exports, the produce of the forest, amounted to nearly twenty-seven million dollars, the exact figures being $26,648,411. This year the prospects are that there will be a very large falling off in the lumber export trade. Business being dull in the United States the lumber market is correspondingly dull, and prices are low. Except for the first quality of lumber it is quite probable that the demand will be much less than for many years past. The demand for any lumber, principally in the dressed or manufactured form, for Manitoba has been growing very rapidly for some years past, but it is not probable that any very great market will spring up in that direction, as it is well understood that great quantities of good lumber material exist in the "Disputed Territory" west of us which will soon be opened up and cut off any demand that may now exist from the older portions of this Province.

The spirit of railway speculation is very rife these days. It is yet a matter of grave doubt whether the Hudson Bay waters are open for navigation during the winter season, but without taking time to dispose of that doubt two or three companies are asking for charters for railways to the waters of the Hudson Bay. From Winnipeg, or thereabouts, a railway six or seven hundred miles long would reach the Bay, and if only good navigation could be assured the great portion of the grain and other freight trade of the great North-west ithw Europe would find its way out in that direction. The cost of such a road, both as regards coustruction and after working, would be very great, for it would run nearly its entire distance through an uninhabited and uninhabitable country, but there are bare possibilities of a great through trade springing up. A movement is also on foot to extend our Ontario system of railways on north from Toronto to the same waters. After the C. P. R. is passed only about 350 miles of road will be required. The Dominion Government is very wisely taking steps to put the possibilities of winter navigation in Hudson's Bay to the practical test. It is proposed to send out suitable vessels for several consecutive seasons so as to give the experiment a fair and full trial.

The Dominion Government has among its assets a good deal of railway property, but, so far as income is concerned, there is little coming in from that source. Unfortunately these railways are nearly all run at an actual cash loss each year, much as they benefit the people by their operations. The Intercolonial begins to show a balance in the right side, but the loss of running during the first five years, amounted to a very large sum. The entire railway system of Prince Edward Island was built by that Province before it entered the Confederation, and the property was all handed over to the Dominion Government for which the Province received a handsome cash sum. These railways are now being run at a would naturally look for.

A TERRIBLE END.

A Missouri Murderer Torn to Pieces by Bloodhounds in Texas

News has just reached Moberly, Missouri, from Texas, to the effect that Clifton Wade, the man who brutally murdered Robert Cummmings at Madison, Monroe county, last summer, has been torn to pieces by bloodhounds. The particulars are as follows: Two men went into Waxahatchie, Ellis county, Tex., on the 18th inst., and offered horses for sale. The officers suspected that the horses had been stolen, and arrested one of the men, who called himself Wilson, on suspicion. The other man escaped. Bloodhounds were put upon the track of the fugitive and were followed by the officers. When the officers came up to the hounds, not far from the town, they had overtaken the man and killed him, mangling his body in a most horrible manner.

One of the officers had photographs of several criminals whom they were seeking and one of these was that of Clifton Wade. The photograph was a striking likeness of the dead man, and the officers concluded that the corpse must be that of the Monroe county murderer. Wade was supposed to be somewhere in the south, and two months ago a man was arrested in Tennessee answering his description. The Sheriff of Monroe county left here with the necessary papers to bring him back, but failed to identify him as the person wanted. Wade has killed several men, and was a terror to the neighborhood in which he lived.

Tippling Clergymen.

The temperance movement does not appear to have made much progress as yet in clerical circles. Commissions of inquiry are continually being appointed by bishops to investigate accusations of drunkenness brought against clergymen by members of their flocks. One of the commissions was appointed the other day to inquire into no fewer than eleven specific charges of drunkenness against the rector of a country parish, and having reported that a prima-facie case had been made out against him, he has, after unconditional submission to his diocesan, been suspended from his clerical office for two years. The punishment is not too severe considering the scandal caused by the spectacle of a pastor reeling about his parish in a state of intoxication; but the frequency of these cases suggests the probability of some especial cause for the alarming increase of clerical intemperance. Is it possible that a constitutional change has taken place in the clergy of the present day, or that the wine they drink is of so inferior a quality that it effects their heads more readily than the generous liquor imbibed by their predecessors? Clergymen in former years were in the habit of drinking port wine by the bottle without apparently suffering any ill effects. Even the squire of the parish was not more free in his libations than the parson who dined with him, yet the he seldom landed his guest beneath the table, or even sent him home with an unsteady gait. The whole question is shrouded in mystery.—*St. James' Gazette.*

a shout of warning startled him. He cast one glance ahead and then cast himself out of the cutter, robes and all. As he slid a helpless mass along the ice the girl in the cutter stopped the horse, and was so indignant at his desertion that she turned around drove up the river to the road, and turned from thence to Windsor alone.

As things appear now, the society column will not contain the announcement of that couple's engagement.

Some sporting men got up a stake purse for the fastest skater. One stake was near the bank, and was placed purposely there so that there would be a jam getting around it, and consequently the money's worth of fun should be obtained. The other stake was near the clear water's edge. This disposal of stakes had a contrary effect from what was anticipated. As the seven skaters were rushing round the outside stake one of them tripped on a chunk and went head first into the cold river. The crowd was horror-stricken for a moment, till he rose to the surface and grasped the ragged edge. The ice was quite thick, even at the brink, and his companions had no difficulty in getting him on his feet once more. He stumped with chattering teeth towards the shore, then struck out, and before the astonished skaters saw his design he had rounded the stake at the bank and claimed his money. This run on the bank netted him $4.75.

The Reis Telephone of 1864.

Mr. H. F. Peter is a teacher of music in the village of Friedrichsdorf, Germany, which was for many years the home of Philipp Beis, and which contains the Garnier Institute, where he was instructor in physics. Herr Peter states that he was present at Reis' experiments, and can testify that audible speech was actually reproduced by his telephone. He says that many members of the "Physikalissher Verein," of Frankfort-on-the Main were also present.

A RUSSIAN CEREMONIAL.

An Interesting Ecclesiastical Spectacle at the Great Cathedral at Moscow.

I have just had an opportunity of witnessing one of the most important ceremonials of the Russian ecclesiastical year, under circumstances of unusual pomp and magnificence, writes a Moscow correspondent of the Glasgow *Herald*. It took place in the famous Uspensky Sobor, and had the rare dignity of being conducted by a metropolite and two arch-bishops. The cathedral is one of the sights of Moscow. Nearly as ancient as the city itself, there is more historical suggestion in this one edifice than in all the other four hundred church buildings of the old capital put together. It was the lot of the Uspensky Sobor to be built in stone on the site of the wooden cathedral of the same name by Fioraventi, an Italian architect specially sent for the purpose by one of the ancient doges of Venice, and Fioraventi, not less artist than architect, but, if possible, more Byzantine in his work than the Muscovites themselves, erected a structure which still remains in harmony with its surroundings, even after the lapse of centuries. The wonder is that there is anything left about the building to remind one of its foreign architect at all, for, twice defaced and plundered, it once had to pass through the ordeal of one of Moscow's conflagrations. It was in the Uspensky Sobor, moreover, than Ivan the Blind raised his voice against Isidor's traitorous consent to the proposed union of the Greek and Roman churches in 1440, and it was in the same cathedral (the whirligig of time bringing its revenges even for metropolites) that Phillip denounced the unholy deeds of Ivan the Terrible. How far the generation of "orthodox" are in the habit of leavening their devotional exercises with historical retrospects I do not undertake to decide. But I know well enough that

CROWDS FLOCK TO EVERY SERVICE

at the Uspensky Sobor, and that in all Moscow there is no church that is more popular or one that is better filled. From this it follows as a matter of course that on special occasions large numbers fail to gain admission to the building. On the afternoon of my visit the throng was great, and ten minutes only out of the hour allotted for the purpose sufficed for filling of the cathedral in every part. To a West European eye the aspect of a Russian congregation waiting in this manner for the beginning of the service is highly novel, in some respects even strange. Anything more like a "free and open church" in principle and less like it in detail could scarcely be imagined. Everybody stands. Seats can not be had for "love or money." You can not get in the thin end of the wedge of class distinctions even in the matter of standing-room. Precedence or place, so far as either is desired or possible, depends entirely on the hour at which the worshippers present themselves. And when the building is at last filled you look upon an expectant assembly, in which fashionable ladies and peasant women, landed proprietors and *muzhiks*, rich merchants and poor *chinovinks*, are huddled together, put cheek by jowl so to speak, with democratic disregard of social classifications to be

The metropolite really worked hard to satisfy everybody; a more conscientious effort to confer the greatest happiness upon the greatest number was perhaps never put forth, yet even Moscow's highest church dignitary found his amiable purpose partially thwarted by the inexorable law of supply and demand, since, in the curious physiognomical study left behind him in his retreat it was easy to see that while the delight was limited, if somewhat boisterous, the disappointment was poignant and widespread.

The church is thus a power in Moscow, and being a power in Moscow is a power throughout the empire of the Czar.

"Wanted, a Good Plain Cook."

New York papers complain that good plain cooks cannot now be obtained there for "love or money." It is just possible that love is the condition on which more of them are obtained than money. Many a good love match, however, brings to the fortunate man in the case a very poor cook. Why such an important branch of female industry as plain cooking should generally receive such very little attention seems inexplicable. It ought to be a prominent part of the real education of every young woman who ever expects to have charge of a household of her own; but, as a matter of fact, many young ladies whose education is "finished," and who may have carried off high honors, even in scientific subjects, know little theoretically, absolutely nothing practically about such a necessary matter to the good health, the happiness, and even the success and prosperity of the household as plain cooking.

If girls or women understanding good cookery could be easily procured the evil, so far as the neglect among wealthy and educated classes are concerned, would not be so great, but this is very far from being the case. Plain cooking is evidently considered "too common," or "too vulgar," or too much of a mere drudgery to get its fair share of attention even amon those who are dependent on their dail industry. In Toronto or in any other large city in Canada or the United States to-day, an advertisement asking for female help, for clerks, or for milliners, or for seamstresses of any kind will at once receive hundreds of responses, and that, too, by persons well qualified for the duties required. Let a good plain cook be advertised for, however, and the experience is quite different. The consequence is that really good plain cooks are always in demand, always wanted and can always demand good situations and good pay, whereas good clerks, and good sewers are all the time crowded by too much competition. Cookery ought to be made more fashionable and more popular than it is. If some great leader of a social reform in this direction would rise up and popularize the business, he or she would confer a great blessing on the world.

Li Hung Chang's Position.

A Shanghai correspondent of the London *Times* writes:—Affairs in China are felt to be in a critical position. Not that there is the least risk of war with France, for it is difficult to say which of the two powers has least "stomach for the fight."

KILIMANJARO.

The Snowy Mountains of Equatorial Africa.

This was the subject of a lecture delivered recently at the Royal Institution by Mr. H. H. Johnston, who is about to head an expedition, under the auspices of the British Association and the Royal society, for the purpose of exploring the region of the Kilimanjaro and thoroughly exploring its flora and fauna. The mountain in question, which is 18,000 feet above the sea level, is the highest point of a chain stretching from Abyssinia, and continuing again until the lofty ranges in the neighborhood of Nyass Lake is reached. These on their part are connected across the Zambesi and Matabeleland, with chains of hills and high tablelands, which in their turn trend their way into the mountain ranges of Natal and southern Africa. With a little stretch of imagination, said the lecturer, we may suppose that the mountains of Abyssinia are slightly connected northward, by means of the Nubian and West Arabian hills, with the mountain mass of Sinai, and that again with the Lebanon, th Caucausus, the Taurus, the Balkans. and the Alps. So that it is not very far-fetched to say that there is an almost continuous line of elevation, whether marked by plateaus or sierras, or isolated peaks, extending from the West Asiatic and mid-European systems down the east side of Africa to the cape, and in this long line Kilimanjaro comes nearly midway. One object of his expedition, Mr. Johnston went on to explain, was to determine whether Kilimanjaro belonged to Europe or the cape; whether this snowy mountain had intercepted and retained some of the present South African forms of life, which have been driven in the course of time to the temperate regions of the south by the incursion across the Sahara of the more vigorous northern agencies; or whether it makes an extension southward of the several glacial epochs which passed over Europe, and whether, in that case, will be found on its summit creatures or plants which will connect its fauna and flora with those of the Alps, the Taurus, and the Himalayas. The lecturer explained at length the results obtained by previous explorers, and concluded by stating that the name Kilimanjaro did not mean Mountain of Greatness, but the Mountain of Njaro—or the Wicked Spirit—who is supposed by the natives to cause the biting cold, and to inflict on them such ills as chilblains and frostbites.

License Legislation

At the late meeting of the Dominion Alliance Council, held in Ottawa, Mr. J. J. McLaren, Q.C., of Montreal, read an elaborate paper on the subject of temperance legislation. He is a lawyer of eminent ability, and it will be remembered that he was selected by the Alliance to go to England and argue the case of the constitutionality of the Canada Temperance Act before the Privy Council, which he did very successfully. Probably there is not another lawyer in Canada whose opinion on the question of liquor legislation should have greater weight. Here is a s summary of his paper, read at Ottawa:—

princes and *khanims*, rich merchants and poor *chinovinks*, are huddled together, put cheek by jowl so to speak, with democratic disregard of social classifications to be found, perhaps, in no other country or church in the world. This suggestive mental light, however, has little counterpart with the purely material part of the service; and the obscurity left in Russian churches by architecture has to be dissipated by the sufferings of the orthodox. The illumination of the Uspensky Sobor had already made some progress when I entered. A brisk traffic in candles was going on at a counterlike table erected not far from the altar. The people were sending in orders from all parts of the building. Passed from hand to hand until it reached the counter, the money never failed to arrive at its destination, or to be immediately transferred in the shape of lighted candles, small or large, according to the amount of contribution, to vacant branches of chandeliers. From time to time a man, bearing in his hands a tray on which a small bell rang continually, issued from the counter, ploughed his way through the closely-packed crowd of worshippers, and having cut it up, so to speak, in almost every possible direction, returned at last with the result in money, the "copper" contributions, I noticed predominating. The service itself, consisting entirely of liturgical matter, read or sung, interested me little, apart from the chanting of a really fine choir composed of men and boys. The most striking effect was one I had least anticipated. All at once, without the slightest warning of any kind, the metropolite appeared

SEATED ON AN ELEVATED THRONE

in the centre of the cathedral. The archbishops were also there, one on each side; but the metropolite sat higher than they, wore a hat of spotless white, in the front of which a large diamond glittered, and was distinguished, moreover, from all around him—so far as the distance between us enabled me to judge—by strikingly intellectual features, of which an almost slightly ascetic cast seemed almost to disappear in an expression of rare sweetness and composuse. The people devoured him with their eyes, and when, at the close of the service, he rose, or rather ascended, to go, the crowd seemed to allow him up in a sense by no means merely metaphorical. For some moments I lost sight of him, and began to fear—the crush to get near him being so great—that he must have fallen in the press. Soon, however, he emerged, again, then I discovered the cause of the scramble. That a struggle had been going on I had already seen clearly enough, but it was no struggle to resist the pressure of an irreverent crowd. The people were simply thrusting themselves forward to kiss the metropolite's hand, and the metropolite, moving slowly through the lane made for him, was "giving his hand" right and left as rapidly as he could. Everybody snatched at the coveted member; everybody sought the virtue of the momentary osculation. Now a stout, red-faced merchant pressed his hand to his lips; now it was seized by a general in uniform; an official took it up and passed it on to a beggar; mere children fought for it until they ran the risk of being trampled on; and so hotly did the women contest the privilege that I saw several of them black in the face.

there is the least risk of war with France, for it is difficult to say which of the two powers has least "stomach for the fight." But there are ignorant and pig-headed people at the seat of government who are disposed to bluster and make things disagreeable for the wise and practical men who know what it is to fight against a civilized army, and some of the provincial officials on whom no responsibility for the consequences would rest, are throwing out Homeric challenges in the rich vituperative style which must make the gallant French commanders long to be at them. The position of Li Hung Chang is far from enviable, standing as he does between the stupidity and fanaticism of the imperial court and the presence of the outer world whose sources he has measured, and whose energy he fully appreciates. His career as a general, a statesman, and a man of affairs, has raised him to the highest rank to which any Chinese subject can hope to attain. He is viceroy of a province, minister of war, of commerce, and in a certain sense, of foreign affairs, and is beyond challenge the master mind of China at the present moment. But he is not all-powerful. He has his enemies who are watching eagerly to trip him up. He can hardly in the nature of things score any further successes, but he can easily have failures, and, powerful as he is, he may still be made to answer for his failures with his head, or, at least, with his worldly goods by the savages who pull the strings of the empire at Pekin. Li Hung Chang is a patriot in the only sense which that term can be applied to any Chinese official under the present regime, but patriotism or loyalty must be severely strained when a great man, weary and old with service, has to endure the contumely of eunuchs and vermin of that sort about the palace. The whole thing is rotten, and the reigning family no better than an ulcer on the body politic. The country is ripe for rebellion, and a foreign war would be the signal for simultaneous risings north, south, east, and west. That is the real danger that threatens China, or rather the alien rulers who so grossly misgovern it.

Feline Prescience.

I must give a fact which was communicated to me many years ago by an old physician, of which the good old man assured me he was an eye witness. In his house were two old cats, each with a litter of kittens but a few days old. One of the cats was very young, it was her first litter, and the old cat was her mother. It was noticed that the younger cat did not seem well. Each one had her litter by herself, although both were in the same room. As the old cat lay suckling her own litter the young cat came to her mother and made a low mewing, then went to her own litter. The old cat followed her immediately began removing the grand-kittens, adding them to her own. The truth was, she had adopted them, and seemingly at the request of their mother, for not many minutes more had elapsed before they were orphaned by their mother's death.

A Manchester (N. H.) man found ninety-nine shoe nails in a chicken's gizzard. The result of frequent "shooing" probably.

opinion on the question of liquor legislation should have greater weight. Here is a s summary of his paper, read at Ottawa:—

"The text from which he spoke was divided into five parts, viz., the history of legislation; the classifying of licens' laws; the Scott Act; why it has not been more generally adopted in Ontario and Quebec, and the question of the advisability of calling for a simultaneous Scott Act campaign in all possible counties through the Dominion with a view to demanding general prohibition next year. He believed that we might look at the state of legislation when the provinces went into the Dominion. In Ontario and Quebec partially prohibitory laws were passed in the last session of the Parliament of Old Canada. In 1869 there was passed a provision almost identical for both provinces, giving local councils power to pass prohibitory by-laws. In Nova Scotia there was a very strict law, which required that two-thirds of the ratepayers must sign a petition for a license before it could be granted, and that it must be ratified by two-thirds of the grand jury and by the Court of Sessions. New Brunswick, in 1855, was in advance of all other provinces, for it passed a prohibitory law, which, however, only remained in force a few years. The Temperance Act 1878 was the result of a succession of appeals to Parliament. The speaker next referred to the Liquor License Act of last session. He did not think that this was the time or place to discuss some of the questions that had lately arisen concerning it, for unfortunately party had entered too largely into these questions. For his part he was a temperance man first and a politician afterwards. He had, however, predicted last year that the Privy Council would not sustain the opinions expressed in Parliament that the Local Legislatures has no right to control the liquor traffic, and that all their legislation for the subject was null and void, and circumstances had since shown his prediction to have been correct. The case was now somewhat different from what it was when the case of Hodge v. The Queen was brought before the Privy Council, because there was then no conflicting laws. He regretted that there would be a contest between the Dominion and the Province through the establishment of the new Act, which was something temperance people did not desire to see. The press was on the side of temperance, and the House should be divided on the subject this very session.

The temptations thrown in some people's way, by the common custom of exposing all kinds of articles at shop doors is much greater to some than is often realized. No doubt many a boy has picked up his thieving habits by picking up small articles lying thus loosely in his way. A man was recently convicted before an English court for stealing from a shop door, but the judge refused the prosecutors any expenses in the case on the ground that the loose exposure of the goods held out a temptation to steal.

The Duke of Wellington, on being asked by Lord Warncliffe, "Is drunkenness, in your opinion, the great parent of all crime in the British army?" replied, "Invariably!"

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1884.

—The proceedings this week in both the House of Commons and the Ontario Legislature have been of a routine character. The discussion on the Major Gen. Luard embroglio in the House of Commons caused quite a brush among military members, in the course of which the Mail was repudiated by several Conservatives.

—Mr. Ree has been absent an entire week from the Legislature, yet the business of the House seems to be progressing all right. "Bob Jack," who is a good Tory, should see that A. H. Roe does not draw pay from both the Legislature and the County Council for this week.

—On Monday last in answer to Mr. Charlton, Sir Leonard Tilley said the net amount of the public debt of Canada on January 1st, 1884, was $163,578,402. This amount does not include the millions of dollars voted away since the Dominion Parliament opened this session. It certainly looks as if this Canada of ours is fast approaching bankruptcy and ruin.

—A deputation from the U. E. Loyalist Committee applied to the County Council yesterday for a small grant towards the expenses of the proposed celebration in Adolphustown on the 16th of June. The project is worthy of a grant and we have no doubt the Council will not refuse the request.

—The by-law which Mr. Ball gave notice of last session to do away with county roads, was voted down on Wednesday. Now that the Council has again expressed itself in favour of adhering to the county roads system it should devise some means of keeping the roads in better condition, especially in winter. At every session there are bills for damages presented as the result of the roads being improperly kept. This should not be.

—It will be remembered that during the

COUNTY COUNCIL.

March Session.

The March session of the County Council opened on Tuesday afternoon last. All the members were present. The only change in the representation was that of Mr. John D. Ham as Reeve of Newburgh in place of Mr. Chester Files.

The WARDEN on taking the Chair congratulated the members on their health permitting them to again reassemble at the County board. He stated that the finances of the County were in a satisfactory condition. He reported that the Clerk was unable to attend the Council owing to illness, but hoped to be able to attend Wednesday morning. In the meantime he suggested the appointment of a Clerk pro tem.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, Mr. Fred Roe was appointed Clerk pro tem.

The minutes of the last day's proceedings of the January session were read and approved.

A communication was read from Mr. Fred Membery, claiming $10 damages to his horse and cutter while driving the mails on the county road between Hawley and Chambers P.O.—Referrred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.

The account of N. Ure & Co. for stationery, referred to the Clerk last session, was, on the report of Mr. Mordan that the County was not liable, ordered to be filed.

On motion of Mr. SEXSMITH, Mr. John D. Ham was placed on the Finance Committee in the place of Mr. Chester Files, late Reeve of Newburgh.

Mr. SHARP moved, seconded by Mr. POLLEY, that the Treasurer be instructed to bring down the last pay-list of the County Councillors, also the mileage each member received.

The mover said he introduced the motion at the request of the Reeve of Amherst Island.

Mr. POLLEY said he had seen a letter in the public press over the signature of "Bob Jack," accusing him along with other members of receiving extra pay from the Council. Now, when he was paid last session it never occurred to him whether he had received too much or too little. He put the money in his pocket and never gave it a second thought. He did not wish to receive more than he was entitled to, and if he had received too much he did not wish to keep it. The paylist when brought down would show how the matter stood.

Mr. MALLORY said that he understood that the reeves of the back townships and of Amherst Island had been granted an extra day's pay because of their having to start a day earlier than the members near by to attend the Council.

Mr. PARKS said that this, no doubt, was what the writer referred to.

The motion was carried.

The Council then adjourned till 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Council met at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment. The minutes of yesterday were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from Messrs. Gibbard & Son, claiming damages to their hearse which had been upset on the county road between Napanee and Morven, to the amount of $15.—Referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

SALE OF DEBENTURES.

Mr. WILSON presented the report of the Finance Committee as follows :—

The Finance Committee beg leave to report that they have opened the following tenders for the purchase of county debentures :—

1st. Edwin H. Smythe, of Kingston, tenders $31,650 for $33,600 in accordance with our adver-

REID, that the correspondence and tenders be read.

Mr. MALLORY moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. PERRY, that they be not read.

The WARDEN said he understood that the chair had already ruled that they be read.

Mr. MALLORY withdrew his motion.

Correspondence was read from Mr. Smythe, of Kingston; Mr. J. G. McDonald, manager of the London & Canadian Loan Agency, Toronto; J. M. Macker, Kingston; Messrs. Scarth, Cochran & Co., Toronto; Robins Bros., of Toronto, and also a telegram from the same, asking information respecting the advertisements they had seen in the papers.—The Committee was instructed to recommend the Council to file the same.

The tenders of Messrs. Smythe, Kingston; J. G. McDonald, Toronto; Dominion Bank, Napanee; P. P. Aylsworth, Bath; J. Snider, Napanee.—The Committee was on motion instructed to recommend the Council to file the same.

The report was read clause by clause and adopted.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

The auditors' report was then read as follows :

We have carefully examined the books and accounts of your Treasurer for the year ending 31st December, 1883, and have compared each item of payment with its appropriate voucher and have found them correct with some trifling exceptions. The sum of $227.86 being accrued interest for the past year on the amount deposited to the credit of the Sinking Fund should have been added to that amount but was overlooked until after the close of the year; it will, however, appear in next annual statement.

The statement shows a balance of cash on hand of $702.11, and in the Dominion Bank of $1,554.44. We find, however, that only the sum of $1,127.81 was at the credit of the Treasurer in the bank on Dec. 31st, '83, the balance having been checked out by him in error on private account.

It is only necessary to call the attention of the Treasurer to this matter to have it corrected, but as the account with the bank constitutes one of the largest and most important accounts of the county we deem it our duty to refer to it.

We beg to recommend that the Treasurer be authorized to purchase a new stamp for stamping "Paid" and date of payment on all his vouchers and thus render it possible to have this very desirable method of marking vouchers uniformly carried out.

We have prepared a statement in detail of Income and expenditure properly classified, also an abstract of the account together with trial balance and statement of assets and liabilities which we submit herewith.

W. F. HALL, JOHN HINCH, } Auditors.

The report, together with the accounts of the auditors' for $100, were referred to the Finance Committee.

The Council adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Upon resuming, a communication was read from Mrs. Jane Thompson, asking for damages to the amount of $20 to buggy and harness in August last on the Kingston and Napanee road.

The WARDEN said this matter had been referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges last December and they recommended no action.

Mr. HAYCOCK, County Councillor of Frontenac, was present and was heard. He said the accident had occurred, as the communication set forth, and Mrs. Thompson had asked him to present the petition to the Council and explain it. There was a load of wood on one side of the road at which her horse became frightened and swerved to one side into a ditch four or five feet deep. She and her children were thrown out and the buggy and harness were badly broken. She could not force them to pay it, because she had not entered an action within three months after the accident, but he thought they would not let that interfere with their doing what was right.

Mr. POLLEY moved, seconded by Mr. PERRY, that the communication be referred

ing improperly kept. This should not be.

—It will be remembered that during the election of 1882 the Tory speakers and canvassers made a good deal of capital for the Premier out of an alleged promise that he would cause the erection of a new post office and customs house in Napanee. It now turns out that such a thing as the erection of a public building in Napanee was never contemplated by the government. It was only a little "taffy" the politicians were giving the people of Napanee. When the question new post offices was being discussed in the House on Wednesday, Sir Richard Cartwright pointed out that the promised building in Napanee had not been erected. Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Work, in reply said that "this was the first time his attention had been called to the requirements of Napanee in the matter of public buildings."

If the government's attention was never called to the matter, there was some tall lying done by some of our local politicians.

Bob Jack Wants an Explanation.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—According to THE EXPRESS and other Napanee papers the County Council of Lennox and Addington sat in January, 1884, five days, and the largest amount allowed them by law is $3 each per day. According to the pay list receipted Mr. Bosley received pay for six days at $3 per day, amounting to $18, and $3.50 mileage; Mr. Lane received pay for seven days at $3 per day, amounting to $21, and $8.50, mileage; Mr. Polly received pay for six days, at $3 per day, amounting to $18, and $2.50 mileage.

Mr. Editor, perhaps Messrs. Bosley, Polly, or some other person, will explain the above instead of getting their backs up and abusing Bob Jack or drawing red herring across the track.

Yours &c., BOB JACK.

Gomorrow, March 11, 1884.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The March monthly meeting of the Board of Education was held in the Council Chamber on Tuesday evening last.

Present—A. L. Morden, Chairman; Chas. James, Secretary, and Messrs. McCay, Webster, Dunning, Russell, Perry, Strong, Henry and Carlette. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. A communication from the Mail Printing Company, Toronto.—Filed.

The auditors' abstract statement of High and Public School accounts was presented and read, and on motion it was referred to the Finance Committee.

On motion, Messrs. Strong and Perry were appointed school visitors for the ensuing month.—Carried.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—D. W. McKim, repairing pump, $3; Webster & Boyes, two rods for wood shed, $3.50; Mr. Patterson, delivering ice for High School, $10.50; R. G. Wright, seats for schools, $59.14. J. J. Perry, glass, putty, &c., for High School, $13.33, was referred to committee with power to act.

Mr. Henry reported that Mr. Fessenden, head master of the High School, was willing that the Board should have a portion of his garden, provided that they would fence it in and flatten the ground as a play-ground for the boys attending the school.

The Board then adjourned.

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The Finance Committee beg leave to report that they have opened the following tenders for the purchase of county debentures:—

1st. Edwin H. Smythe, of Kingston, tenders $31,650 for $33,600 in accordance with our advertisement for tenders, rebating accrued interest to date of sale.

2nd. J. Grant McDonald, of Toronto, tenders $35,011 for $33,600 of debentures on 1st September next with coupons attached for half year ending Jan. 1st, 1885.

3rd. The Dominion Bank tenders at a rate that will enable them to obtain 6 per cent on the investment.

4th. P. P. Aylsworth, Bath, tenders for $3,000 at par or less if any are sold at par or less than par.

5th. J. Snider, Napanee, tenders for one debenture at par.

And your committee after carefully considering the various tenders beg leave to recommend that E. H. Smythe's tender be accepted, provided an arrangement can be made with proper security that the tender will be carried out.

Mr. WILSON said that the Council would remember that at the last session the Finance Committee were authorized to advertise for tenders for the sale of debentures, and in accordance with that resolution he inserted advertisements in all the papers for tenders up till March 4th. He explained how the committee had thought it wisest to accept the tender of Mr. Smythe of Kingston. He moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. PARKS wanted to know if the Council had given the committee power to close tenders by March 4th.

Mr. WILSON said that nothing had been said about it. It had been left in the hands of the committee to report at March session and it was necessary to do that in order to be able to report.

Mr. LANE seconded Mr. Wilson's motion that the report be adopted.

Mr. PARKS said that by shortening the time for closing contracts the number of applicants might have been restricted. They could have reported that they had received tenders and describe them, and further extend the time till June. They might get a better offer.

The WARDEN said that a communication had been sent to Mr. Herring, late chairman of the Finance Committee, and he wanted to know if it was in the committee's hands.

Mr. WILSON presented it from Mr. J. M. Macker of Kingston, asking information from Mr. Herring respecting the sale of debentures and the time for closing them up. Mr. Wilson presented another from the same person addressed to himself, saying that he had written a letter to him but had never been answered and again asking information.

Mr. HAM said he was not here last session but he understood from the reports in the papers that one of the principal causes for holding the March session was to consider these debentures. It was very indiscreet to lay it over until the June session. The offer of Mr. Smythe was a very good one indeed, and he did not think it could be improved.

Mr. PARKS said the question was not whether this was the best offer or not. He thought it would have been better for the committee to have reported in June. They could open up the tenders again but they might lose this good chance by doing so. They were compelled to close up the business now as the time had been set.

Mr. CARSCALLEN said they could advertise for further tenders which would not thereby endanger the ones they had.

Mr. PARKS moved, seconded by Mr. PERRY, that the Council go into committee of the whole on this report and that all papers and correspondence in connection with these advertisements be brought before the Council.

Mr. WILSON withdrew his motion with the consent of his seconder, and Mr. Parks' motion was then carried.

Mr. WILSON took the chair and the report was read clause by clause.

Moved by Mr. HAM, seconded by Mr. SEXSMITH, that the first clause be adopted. It was evidently the best offer in the report.

Mr. PARKS moved, seconded by Mr doing what was right.

Mr. POLLEY moved, seconded by Mr. PERRY, that the communication be referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges to report.

Mr. BROWN moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. WAGAR, that it be filed.

The amendment was lost and the original motion was declared carried.

Mr. PERRY introduced a by-law to assume as a county road the road from Newburgh to Croydon.—Referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

The WARDEN said there were several by-laws to be brought before the Council, and in order not to get things mixed up the accounts that were in should be disposed of first.

The following accounts were then presented:—Gibbard & Son, supplies, $46.75.—Referred to Committee on County Property; John Paisley & Bro., supplies, $16.68—Referred to Committee on County Property; Hinch Bros., $24.34—Referred to Committee on County Property to report; John Crysdale, repairs to court house and gaol, $5.48—Referred to Committee on County Property.

The Treasurer's statement of receipts and expenditures from Jan. 1st to March 1st was submitted as follows:—

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand, Jan. 1st, 1884	$ 702 11	
" in Dominion Bank, Jan. 1, '84.	1554 44	
Receipts from Jan. 1st, 1884, to March 1st, 1884	15573 75	$17830 30

EXPENDITURES.

Expenditure from Jan. 1st to March 1st, 1884	$12106 24	
Cash in Dominion Bank	5724 06	$17850 30

Money due from different municipalities to the county—Sheffield, $798.92; N. Fredericksburgh, $143.83; Ernesttown, $644.28; Camden, $300; total, $1887.03.

The report was referred to Committee on Finance.

The TREASURER, as he had been requested, presented a statement of the pay received by the County Councillors last year, with number of days and mileage of each.

Mr. HAM moved, seconded by Mr. REID, that whereas a resolution was passed at the December session in 1883, allowing the Reeve of Amherst Island an extra day's pay, that it be struck out at his request.—Carried.

An account was presented from Mr. T. S. Henry for stationery and printing, amounting to $75.76.—Referred to Committee on Education and Printing.

Mr. BROWN brought in a by-law assuming as a county road the road leading from Tamworth to Kennebec road at McDonald's Corners in the township of Sheffield.

A by-law was presented by Mr. DIAMOND, assuming as a county road the road known as the 2nd concession road in the township of S. Fredericksburgh, from the Napanee and Hamburgh road at Galt's Corners to Bath, to be known as the western extension of the Napanee and Hamburgh road.

A by-law was presented from Mr. WILSON, assuming as a county road that part of Centre-st. in Napanee lying between Dundas-st. in Napanee and the road known as the Napanee river county road.

Mr. PARKS brought in a by-law to extend the Napanee river road to the Hay Bay road, the extension to be known as the Napanee and Hay Bay road.

These by-laws were referred to the Road and Bridge Committee to report.

Mr. POLLEY moved, seconded by Mr. DIAMOND, that the Council make a grant to aid in laying a cable from Ernesttown shore to Amherst Island.—Referred to Finance Committee.

The REEVE of Amherst Island brought in the statement of the special grant expended in that municipality.—Referred to Committee on County Property.

Mr. BALL brought in a by-law to do away with county roads, and all roads heretofore known as county roads be vested in the different municipalities in which they are.

(Continued on fifth page.)

« STILL THEY COME ! »

Another lot of New Goods arrived this week at CHEAPSIDE.

Choice, Handsome, Rich Goods, the class of stuff every body wants, and at CORRECT PRICES.

Two cases of the latest novelties in Metal Buttons, bought direct from the factory, hand carved in beautiful designs. Nobody here will show anything like them, as we control the patterns.

New Dress Goods in very rich makes. Our show of Black Goods is especially deserving of attention. We have always been accorded the palm by ladies of taste for our fine show of Rich Black Dress Goods. Our stock of these goods is this season finer than ever

Silks and Satins.

Just received a very choice lot of these goods in Black and all New Colors, in thoroughly reliable makes of entirely new finishes, so that we have no hesitancy in recommending our new goods to every lady who desires a good wearing, rich dress or mantle at a reasonable price.

Cloths and Tweeds.

We have just received the second shipment of our Scotch Suitings and Pantings. They are HANDSOME GOOD GOODS, and very low in price. Lots of orders coming in. It is readily admitted by all that Mr. Fox is an authority on cutting and fitting.

Race for Cottons.

There has been a great race for our cheap Cottons

There has been a great race for our cheap Cottons and Looms. We have just got in another lot of that heavy yard wide Cotton at 7 cents, which so many have been waiting for.

Carpets.

Another lot of handsome Tapestry and Brussels Carpets just to hand. CHEAPSIDE is the place for general Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtains, Underclothing, Nobby Silk Hats, Caps, &c.

HINCH BROS.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders will be received up to noon on

SATURDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1884,

for the several works necessary in the building of a Memorial Methodist Church in the 2nd concession of Adolphustown, in accordance with plans and specifications which may be seen at Gibson & Clute's law office, in the Town of Napanee. Tenders may be for brick work, wood work, painting and heating apparatus, separately, or the job *en bloc*. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Tenders to be addressed to the Secretary, care of Gibson & Clute, Napanee.

A

of Fredericksburgh.

The above property (in all about 75 acres) is nicely situated, adjoining the Town of Napanee, and through which the macadamized (York) road runs.

There are erected upon the premises a good frame barn and frame house in good repair. The land is well cultivated, well fenced and well drained.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. in cash at the time of sale. $2,000 may remain on mortgage, payable in five years at seven per cent. (if desired by the purchaser), the balance in cash within one month from day of sale with interest. The conditions of sale made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Dated at Napanee, February 13th, 1884 14-5

OUT : OF : THE : FIRE!

K. J. STRONG & CO.

Have re-opened business in the Miller Block, two doors east of the Brisco House, where they have fitted up a large, first-class shop, well filled with excellent harness and other goods in their line, cheaper than ever. With many thanks to their numerous customers who have so liberally patronized them during the nearly six years they have been here in business, they now cordially invite the public to an inspection of their new premises, believing that in stock, workmanship and low prices they can give full satisfaction. A liberal discount to cash customers. Repairing and other job work attended to promptly and cheaply. They have a large assortment of Whips, Collars, Horse-blankets, Halters, Combs, Brushes and other articles usually found in a first-class Saddlery.

Those indebted to us, either by note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment, as we need money to carry on our business successfully and cannot afford to give long credits.

K. J. STRONG & CO

C. CUMMINS'

the place to buy cheap goods. We are now offering our entire stock of

Winter Goods at Cost Prices.

Any person in want of an overcoat will do well by giving us a call. We are determined to sell off all our

READY-MADE CLOTHING

so as to make room for our SPRING STOCK, which will be the choicest of the season.

HATS & CAPS AT COST PRICE.

FLANNELS! FLANNELS!!

cheaper than ever. Splendid All Wool Grey Flannels at 35 cents a yard. Canton Flannel, best quality, at 20, 15 and 10 cents a yard.

If you want to save time and trouble, order your Groceries from C. CUMMINS', or call when in town.

We have on hand a splendid line of DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, and all necessary articles to be found in a first-class store.

You Can Prove This by giving us a Call.

The first time your are in town just step into C. Cummins' and

See the Great Bargains we are Offering

In Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons, Denims, and anything kept in a first-class establishment. All goods to be sold by March to make room for fresh Arrivals.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

MASS MEETING.

[Continued from first page.]

been watered, until it was now 30 per cent. money and 70 per cent. water, for the express purpose of over-riding a clause in the contract limiting freight rates at 10 per cent. on the actual cost of the road. The same villiany was blossoming out in Canada that had disgraced the financial corporations of the United States. In the United States the Government is struggling against these corporations, but

IN CANADA THE STRUGGLE IS PAST.

Our Government is merely the tool of the corporations. The question with the people of Canada is, will they condemn those who have proved thus recreant to their trusts. It was to give the people a chance of thus expressing themselves that he believed these meetings should be held. He next dealt with the land policy of the Government and showed that owing to the obnoxious regulations, giving large sections to colonization companies and the C. P. R., many people are now in the United States who would otherwise be settlers in the North West. He next took up the Boundary Award and Streams Bill questions, dealing with them in a vigorous manner. Speaking on the license question he quoted the 97th sec. of the B. N. A. Act which clearly places the power of controling the licensing of taverns, shops and auctioneers in the hands of the Provincial Legislatures. Sir John Macdonald, to spite Mr. Mowat, had tried to take this power from the provinces, and had framed a license law for the Dominion. The result was great confusion, the publicans not knowing whom to pay tribute to—Peter or Paul—Mowat or Sir John. His opinion was that they had better pay it to Mowat. In speaking of the Streams Bill disallowance, he pointed out that the veto power was intended to be exercised only when the act was unconstitutional. Mr. Mowat, for his course in resisting these attacks on the rights of the province deserved the thanks of the whole people. (Applause.)

THE GERRYMANDER.

He next discussed the Gerrymander, showing how the Government had changed the boundaries of 57 constituencies in Ontario in order to provide for four new members. These four members should have been given to four counties he enumerated, which were entitled to them by their population. But this did not suit Sir John's purpose. His object was to "hive" the Grits, and by this unfair and cowardly trick to secure the election of a majority of supporters. Under the pretence of "equalizing the population" he "hived" a surplus of 723 Grits in North Brant; 688 in South Oxford; 1,200 in North Oxford. In nine constituencies a surplus of 7,000 Grits was "hived" and by this outrageous means to two Tories were given the power of three Grits. It was a scandalous proceeding which was condemned by the respectable Conservatives of the ridings attacked. His constituency was one of the gerrymandered, but it had theeffect of increasing his majority from 180 to 300. (Applause.) "Equalization of population" was merely a blind; the gerrymander left the population more unequal than ever before. His hearers migh ask why Sir John had not gerrymandered the Maritime Provinces. Well, he would answer that question by a story. Two gentlemen were sitting on the wayside one day when a green looking Irishman came along and they thought they would have some fun with him. "Good day, Pat," said one. "Good day to you," was Pat's response. "Pat can you tell us which of us three the Devil would take if he came before us now?" "Shure and he'd take meself," said Pat. "How is that, my good fellow?" asked his questioner. from which there is no appeal. In ending he quoted the beautiful words of the poet Whittier on the ballot:—

"Not lightly fall beyond recall
The printed scroll a breath might float,
The kingliest act, the crowning fact,
Is the freeman's vote."

Mr. Charlton in taking his seat was applauded to the echo.

A vote of thanks, moved by Mr. H. M. Deroche, ex.M.PP., seconded by Mr. W. F. Hall, was tendered Mr. Charlton for his b le speech, and the meeting dispersed.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

[Continued from fourth page.]

The mover said that the county roads were never well cared for and as a result bills for damages were constantly being presented to the council. They had a county engineer, but it was very unreasonable to suppose that he could look after the roads all over the county. It never had been done and it was not likely that it could be done. Let each municipality take care of its own roads, and having the responsibility they would be more likely to take better care of them.

Mr. HAM pointed out that teams loaded with grain were continually passing through Newburgh and never stopping on their way to Napanee, and if county roads were done away with, Newburgh would have to keep up roads that she did not derive any benefit from. The township of Ernesttown was very pleasantly located—a road was built through the length of the township which didn't cost them any more than it did the other municipalities; a railway ran through it also; they had the benefit of a water front and had altogether the best advantages. Bath was the same; it only had one road and had the advantage of a sea-port. He thought these municipalities should be generous enough to help their less fortunate neighbors. He didn't think Mr. Ball was serious in his action.

Messrs. Lane and Wagar were willing to support Mr. Ball's motion if he would assume all bridges as county bridges.

The WARDEN said he thought the township of Camden was able to take care of its own roads. Farmers from the back township passed through Camden, and they had to take care of the roads for them.

Several other members spoke in favor of continuing the county road system.

Mr. PARKS moved, seconded by Mr. WILSON, that the by-law be given a six months' hoist, which was carried on the following division:—

YEAS—Messrs. Bosleay, Brown, Carscallen, J. C., Carscallen, T. G., Ham, Diamond, Lane, Lloyd, Reid, Perry, Parks, Sexsmith, Wagar and Wilson.—14.

NAYS—Ball, Davis, Johnson, Mallory, Polly, Sharp—5.

An account of T. Trimble, for meat, amounting to $17.17 was referred to the Committee on County Property.

The Council then adjourned till Thursday morning.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Council met at 10 a. m., pursuant to adjournment. After routine—

Mr. SHARP brought in a by-law to assume as a county road, the road from Odessa to the boundary of Camden.—Referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Accounts were presented frem W. M. O'Beirne, for advertising, to the amount of $16 62; and from Templeton & Beeman, printing and advertising, $74 58, both of which were referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

Moved by Mr. PARKS, seconded by Mr. DENISON, that the Committee on Roads and Bridges, in making out their appropriations to the different municipalities in aid of legal way the municipalities of Adolphustown, Amherst Island and Kaladar could not get a cent. They had no county roads. He thought justice should he done.

The motion was carried after a short discussion, in which the members all spoke in favor of dealing out justice instead of law.

Mr. BROWN moved, seconded by Mr. WAGAR, that the township of Sheffield be allowed to expend $100 of the grant to that municipality for 1884 on the road from Tamworth to McDonald's Corners—Carried.

Mr. WILSON said the question of back taxes was one that had always given the council a great deal of trouble, and the clerk had made a synopsis of the clauses in the statute book dealing with this subject, which were read. It showed that the law had not been complied with in any of the municipalities. He suggested that a short printed list of rules should be prepared and forwarded to each assessor and township clerk for their future guidance. The suggestion met with co-incidence from nearly all the members of the council.

Mr. WILSON moved, seconded by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, that the clerk be authorized

DRESS GO

DO

We are now showing a full a

SPRING : DRES

——Consisting of everyth

OTTOMANS, BEIGES, LLAMAS, CREPES
FOULE CLOTH, ALBATRASS CLOTH
INDIANETTES, DELAINES, NUN
WOOL SERGES, FRENCH CA
PERSIAN CORDS, PARA

&c., &c.

Prices Range from 10c., 15c., 20c., 2
60c., 65c., 70c., 75c., 80c. 85c., 90c., 95c. an

SPRING, 1884.

ENGLISH AND

Stylish Scotch Tweed Suit

60 Pieces new Canadian Twe

would take if he came before us now?" "Shure and he'd take meself," said Pat. "How is that, my good fellow?" asked his questioner. "Why, becase he's shure of ye two at any toime." (Great laughter.) Sir John did not touch the lower provinces because he is sure of them at any time, but not always of Ontario. (Applause.) He next dealt with the Charlebois and McDonald tender outrage of Sir Charles Tupper, which resulted in a loss of $208,000 to the Dominion. He held that a government which was proved guilty of such contract jobbery did not merit the confidence of a free people. He pointed out that the new franchise bill meant the formation of two distinct sets of machinery in each province—two voters' lists in each county and two setts of regulations. The new voters' lists were to be in the charge of revising barristers, creatures of the government, from whom there was to be no appeal to the county judge, as now; no remedy, no redress. A government that has so forfeited the confidence of the people that they have to resort to this sort of thing to retain power, the sooner an end is put to it the better for public morality, for the actions of the government are having a damaging effect on public morals. Many men who in their private lives would scorn to do a mean or dishonest act are willing to defend and support a government they know is corrupt. If men could be led to vote more in the interests of their country and less for party a stop would be put to this sort of thing. If the people are not soon led to adopt this course he had little hope for the future of the country. The charge had been frequently made by the Conservative press and speakers that the Reform party had no policy. He thought the Reform party had a platform and a vey broad one. One of the planks was the reorganization of the Senate which does not in its present shape represent public sentiment in the least. It has been packed with worn-out Conservative politicians who seemed to think their only duty was to do the bidding of the man who appointed them. Other planks were the liberty to make our own treaties; reduction and equalization of the taxes in such a way as not to favour the rich at the expense of the poor, as at present; reduction of the expenditure—that the increase of the public debt which is now $40 per head be stopped. We would protect the farmer against the monopolist. We hold there should be a stop to contract outrages. We would protect the North-West from huge railway and land monopolies. We protest against the gerrymander. In short, the Reform party has a policy wide in its scope and beneficent in its character. (Applause.) Liberty is a priceless heritage and should be cherished. We, at this day, do not often stop to think what our liberties cost or we would be more on the alert to defend them. He deprecated the extreme party spirit in the country and expressed the wish that an independent party would arise which would keep a check on both parties. Although we claimed greater purity in the administration of our public affairs than in the United States, yet it was significant that not a man who was connected with the Credit Mobilier scandal in the United States some years ago—which paled into insignificance alongside our Pacific scandal—was in public life there to-day, while every man who figured in the Pacific Scandal held high and responsible offices in Canada. Schuyler Colfax, ex-President of the United States, upon whom the bare suspicion rested that he was implicated with Oakes Ames, was hurled from power and could not now be elected to any office even in his own State. The contrast, he said, was very detrimental to the people of Canada. He appealed to his hearers not to vote through thick and thin for party. Judge the men and their actions. Every elector was a judge, and he is a tribunal

DENISON, that the Committee on Roads and Bridges, in making out their appropriations to the different municipalities in aid of keeping up the county roads, be requested to take into consideration the increased travel over the roads leading to Napanee market by heavy loads and the difficulty of keeping said roads in repair, and that they make their appropriations accordingly.—Carried.

Mr. SEXSMITH, Chairman, brought in the first report of the Committee on County Property, recommending that none of the by-laws referred to them be passed.

Mr. SEXSMITH moved, seconded by Mr. SHARP, that the report be adopted.

Mr. PERRY moved, seconded by Mr. HAM, and resolved, that the Council go into the Committee of the Whole on the report of the Committee on County Property.

The yeas and nays were taken as follows:—

YEAS—Carscallen, T. G., Denison, Diamond, Ham, Perry, Parks, Reid and Wagar—8.

NAYS—Ball, Bosleay, Brown, Carscallen, J. C., Davis, Johnson, Lane, Lloyd, Mallory, Polly, Sexsmith, Sharp and Wilson—13.

The original motion was carried.

Mr. BOSLEAY moved, seconded by Mr. PERRY, that the township of Effingham be joined to Kaladar and Anglesea for municipal purposes, and that the Council pass a by-law to that effect.

The mover and seconder spoke on the subject and showed that it was in the interest of Kaladar to take such a course. It would not injure the county in any way. The motion was carried unanimously.

Mr. SHARP moved, seconded by Mr. MALLORY that rule 35 of the Council regulations enacting that no by-law can be brought in without first giving a day's notice, be suspended, for the purpose of allowing Mr. Bosleay to introduce his by-law—Carried.

Mr. BOSLEAY introduced a by-law to assume as a part of Kaladar the township of Effingham.

The by law then received its first reading and the Council went into Committee of the whole on the second reading, Mr. Bosleay in the chair.

The by-law was read clause by clause, and passed without amendment and so reported. The report was adopted and the by-law received its third reading and was finally passed.

Mr. T. G. CARSCALLEN brought up the matter of insurance on the jail and court house, which he considered was too high. If the buildings were burned he didn't think they could get the amount they were insured for, and it was a waste of money to pay so much insurance. He asked that Mr. Ham, as an old insurance agent, be allowed to speak on the subject.

Mr. HAM said he didn't think the endorsements were properly executed. They were done in a very slipshod manner and there was a possibility that the county could get no insurance money at all in case of fire. He coincided with Mr. Carscallen that the buildings were too highly insured.

Mr. PARKS moved, seconded by Mr. SHARP, that the question of the insurance on county buildings be referred to a committee composed of the Warden and Messrs. Ham and T. G. Carscallen—Carried.

Mr. REID moved, seconded by Mr. PERRY that Camden be allowed to expend $100 of the money to be granted that township for county roads, for 1884, on the road leading from Newburgh to Croyden, and known as the western road.

Mr. DIAMOND said the council could not legally make such an allowance. The money was granted to be expended on county roads, and the law compelled them to do so. It might be morally right but it was legally wrong.

Mr. BROWN said if they looked at it in a

the members of the council.

Mr. WILSON moved, seconded by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, that the clerk be authorized to have 100 copies of the duties of clerks and assessors of each municipality printed and distributed—Carried.

A communication was read from Mr. S. Gibson, asking the council to furnish wire to build a wire fence on the Tyendinaga road, near the railway track, which was drifted up every winter and passers-by had to drive through the fields. If the council furnished the wire the owners of the property would build the fence.

Referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

The council then adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Upon resuming—

A deputation appointed by the General Committee on the proposed U. E. Loyalist celebration at Adolphustown, in June next, was present, and presented a petition to the council asking for aid for the purpose of erecting a monument to memory of their ancestors and to hold a celebration next summer. Messrs. J. J. Watson, Jos. B. Allison and Dr. Ruttan spoke in an appropriate manner, setting forth the claims of the U. E. Loyalists upon the council.

Mr. SHARP moved, seconded by Mr. JOHNSON, that the matter be referred to a committee composed of the Warden and Messrs. Ham, Polly, Mallory, and the mover and seconder—Carried.

Mr. HAM moved, seconded by Mr. WILSON, that a petition be presented to the Dominion Government asking for aid to extend the N.T. & Q. R.R. so as to make a junction with the Ontario & Quebec Railroad, and fill up a troublesome sink-hole near Yarker that is taking more money than was expected—Carried.

Mr. SEXSMITH presented the second report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges which stated that they had examined the report of the money expended on roads on Amherst Island and found that the grant of $200 had been expended in full; recommending on the account of Gibbard & Son of $15 for damages, no action; on the account of Fred Membery, no action; on the account of Mrs. Jane Thompson they find that the matter had been disposed of by the council last December and recommended that the matter be referred back to the council. The by-law to assume as a county road a certain road in Ernesttown be not passed—Report adopted.

Mr. CARSCALLEN presented an account from Alex. Armstrong for calsomining two rooms, $12.06, which was referred to the Committee on County Property.

The council then adjourned.

☞**Fashion is Queen.** Fast, brilliant and fashionable are the Diamond Dye colors. One package colors 1 to 4 lbs. of goods. 10c. for any color. Get at druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Napanee Market Prices.

March 14th, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$ 1 00	to $1 05
Spring wheat, do	1 05	1 10
Barley, do	0 50	0 60
Oats, do	0 30	0 32
Peas, do	0 70	0 72
Rye, do	0 57	0 58
Onions, do	0 50	0 75
do per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65	0 75
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 00
Corn	0 75	0 85
Butter per tub	0 16	0 18
Butter, per lb	0 18	0 20
Cheese "	0 12	0 12
Lard "	0 10	0 11
Tallow "	0 06	0 07
Musk Rats	0 04	0 10
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 75
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 09
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool per lb	0 15	0 18
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 00
Hogs per cwt	7 50	8 50
Eggs per doz	0 18	0 20
Bacon per 100 lbs	9 10	11 00
Mess pork	0 10	0 11
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 55
Bran per ton	15 00	16 00
Shorts "	19 00	20 00
Hay, "	7 00	0 00
Clover Hay "	3 00	4 00
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 50
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	0 35	0 40

GOODS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS

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DOWNEY & CO'S.

g a full and complete stock of

DRESS : GOODS

g of everything new in——

S, CREPES,

SS CLOTH, SATEENS,

NES, NUN'S BEIGES, NUN'S VEILINGS,

RENCH CASHMERES, BRILLIANTINES,

OS, PARAMETTAS, HENRIETTA CLOTHS,

&c., &c.

c., 20c., 25c., 30c., 35c., 40c., 45c., 50c., 55c., 0c., 95c. and $1.00 per yard.

All the Newest Dress Trimmings

AND BUTTONS TO MATCH.

JERSEYS & JERSEY CLOTHS.

Ladies' and Misses' Jerseys, Jersey Cloths and Stockingette in black and colors, a very large stock to select from. As we bought them at very low prices our customers will get the full benefit. Now is the time to secure these goods when our stock is complete and well assorted.

RELIABLE INFORMATION will be given as to styles, and the most desirable goods to buy.

All dresses and mantles made to order guaranteed to fit and be well finished.

DOWNEY & CO.

4.} **ROBLIN & FORD** {**SPRING, 1884.**

——ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN——

ND AMERICAN STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS,

eed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Worsteds and Spring Overcoatings,

an Tweed, all Prices. *45 Pieces new French Cambric Shirtings,*

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

ROBLIN & FORD.

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t dis- ke in law. WA- be al- that Tam- l.

back n the clerk n the bject, e law f the short d and nship gges- ly all

Ir. J. rized lerks inted

Adolphustown U. E. L. Memorial E. Church.

The English Church people in the vicinity of Adolphustown have subscribed handsomely towards the building fund of the proposed church, fourteen individuals contributing one hundred dollars each. The ladies, by an excellent entertainment, realized over $80. The total amount subscribed so far is $1,705. The first load of sand has been deposited on the ground. Well done, Adolphustown!

PRESENTATION.

The old Town Hall, Odessa, groaned and creaked, the plaster on the ceiling grinned to such an extent as to show the naked lath through twenty apertures, whilst numbers were being added to the already crowded audience Monday evening. The occasion was the concert for the benefit of popular Capt. Atkins. Every available seat was occupied and standing room was at a premium. As Mr. Atkins entered the hall he was greeted with a hearty clapping of hands to which he bowed his acknowledgment. A pleasing programme was presented, the contributors being Odessa, Portsmouth, Napanee and 2nd concession talent. After this, Capt. Atkins was called to the platform, and Rev. J. J. Leach, on behalf of the Captain's many friends, read an address and presented him with a purse containing $42. The Captain feelingly replied in that quiet taking way of his which at once commands respect, thanking his friends,

DAVID T. FORWARD,

Treasurer, in Account with the Municipality of Bath, for the Year Ending December 31st, 1883.

1883.		1882.	
To balance on hand as per audit	$ 396 08	By Error in balance of Jan. 2nd, 1883	$ 2 20
" D. McBride, taxes	1601 55	" Schools	1057 00
" Government Grant	72 00	" County Rate for 1882	458 29
" License Fund	104 23	" County Rate for 1883	414 41
" Interest on County Debentures	120 00	" Salaries	112 50
" Clergy Reserve Fund	6 05	" T. E. Howard, lumber and nails	74 41
" Rents of Hall	8 00	" Poor	26 00
" Rents of Hay Scales	20 00	" Roads and Bridges	213 16
" County Rate	100 00	" Miscellaneous	41 73
		" Balance on hand	78 27
	$2427 91		$2427 91

We, the undersigned, certify that we have audited the foregoing accounts and find it correct.

FRED. W. ARMSTRONG, JOHN HOGLE, } Auditors.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.
1883.		
Dec. 31, Invested in County Debentures	$4500 00	Nil.
50 acres of land	500 00	

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the Abstract of the Auditors' Report.

Bath, March 10th, 1884. C. L. ROGERS, Village Clerk.

2nd concession talent. After this, Capt. Atkins was called to the platform, and Rev. J. J. Leach, on behalf of the Captain's many friends, read an address and presented him with a purse containing $42. The Captain feelingly replied in that quiet taking way of his which at once commands respect, thanking his friends, and, above all, God, for their kindness. He expressed a hope to "meet them all in Heaven." The Captain may feel assured of a hearty welcome whenever he revisits Odessa. "God Save the Queen" was sung, this closing a most enjoyable evening.—[Whig.

Merited Praise.

The universal praise bestowed upon Kidney-Wort as an invaluable remedy for all disorders of the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, is well merited. Its virtues are universally known and its cures are reported on all sides. Many obstinate cases have succumbed to it after they had been given up by the doctors, and a thorough treatment will never fail to cure. Sold by all druggists. See adv't.

A Favorite Everywhere.

Wherever introduced Hagyard's Yellow Oil finds friends. It is the old reliable household remedy for external and internal use in all aches, pains, lameness and soreness of the flesh. A. L. Green, a prominent druggist of Belleville, says: "It is a great favorite here and has a good sale."

IN THE TREATMENT OF DYSPEPSIA WE HAVE in Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya a remedy worthy the attention of all those suffering from this protean disease. We frequently meet with cases in which all ordinary methods of treatment are of no avail; the stomach and bowels continue disordered, the liver torpid, tongue heavily coated, disagreable taste in the mouth, acidity, waterbrash, flatulence, head aches, drowsiness after eating, and irritability and restlessness, with a depression of spirits. Here the food is not digested and assimilated, the blood becomes impoverished, and constitutional vigor improved. The great number of these cases in which the Elixir has proved successful has demonstrated beyond question its efficacy in this distressing affection.

BIRTHS.

LOUCKS—In North Fredericksburgh, on Tuesday, March 11th, the wife of Mr. - Loucks, of a daughter.

HENDERSON—In Napanee, on Friday, March 7th, the wife of Mr. C. F. Henderson, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

FRASER—In Denver, Colorado, on Friday, March 7th, George Fraser, of Napanee, aged 33 years.

SMITH—In Adolphustown, on Wednesday, March 12th, Eliza Jane Smith, aged 40 years.

LUCAS—In North Fredericksburgh, on Tuesday, March 11th, Albert Augustus Lucas, aged 42 years and 6 months.

TRIMBLE—In Napanee, on Tuesday, March 11th, Rose May F., only daughter of Thomas Trimble, aged 4 years, 11 months and 3 days.

PARROTT—At the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. E. McTavish, jr., Lindsay, on Thursday, March 13th, James Parrott, Esq., of Camden East, aged 65 years.

JAMIESON—At North Gower, on Tuesday, March 11th, James Jamieson, brother of Mr. J. Jamieson, M.P., and Mr. T. Jamieson, of Napanee, in the 49th year of his age.

Wisely Adopted by Dairymen.

The adoption by most of the prominent dairymen and farmers of the United States of the Improved Butter Color made by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt., is a proof of their wisdom in a business point of view. Nearly all winter butter is colored in order to make it marketable, and this color is the best in regard to purity, strength, permanence and perfection of tint.

—James Brayley, Hamilton, says: "I read the testimonials for McGregor's Speedy Cure and found that I had not to go to New York, Philadelphia, Louisiana or Texas to find living witnesses of its value, we had plenty of persons right here to prove its merits. I got a bottle and it helped me right away. I was as bad with Bilious Fever and Indigestion as I think any one could be. I have taken three bottles and am nearly well and can eat any kind of food without it hurting me. I may say that I am better than I ever expected to be." Free trial bottles at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 24-12-1y.

Dec. 31, Invested in County Debentures.....$4500 00
50 acres of land.....500 00 Nil.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the Abstract of the Auditors' Report.

Bath, March 10th, 1884. C. L. ROGERS, Village Clerk.

WHY GO FREEZING AROUND

—WHEN—

A. ROSE & CO.

Will sell you a good warm Overcoat at less than cost price?

75---GOOD OVERCOATS,---75

WHICH MUST BE SOLD.

Call and Secure a Bargain With Others.

A. ROSE & CO,
Rennie's Old Corner Store, Napanee.

NEW JEWELLERY STORE.

211 DUNDAS - ST.
(Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

A. A. BARTLETT

—Dealer in—

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE

FANCY GOODS, &c.

New Goods and Low Prices.

All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully and Promptly Attended to.

CHEAP GROCERIES!

—AT—

GRANGE & COULTER'S.

We are Selling Goods to Suit the Dull Times

So we advise all in want of good bargains to call and secure them.

Teas of all Grades at Low Retail Prices (although wholesal priceshave advanced.)

COFFEE—We still retain the credit of keeping thebest.—**The Best**

Sugars, Spices, Fish, Oysters, Vegetables, Etc., Canned Goods

In endless variety, having purchased a good supply put up by MR. B. B. DUNNING, we guarrantee they will prove for themselves.

GRANGE & COULTER

Love's Questioning.

BY R. CROOKENDEN.

If from my furtive eye should spring
The mute confession of a look;
And to my cheek his glances bring
(Like timid bird on doubtful wing)
The ready blush Love ne'er mistook—
Then, should his eye a truant prove,
And, wanton, seek another's love,
Could I forget and coldly frown?
Would scorn then weigh my eyelids down?
And all my pleasant dreams be flown?
Ah no!
s presence yet my heart would fill
With throbbings I could never still,
And tell-tale blushes glow apace.
And drive the stoic from my face.

And should he whisper in mine ear
A secret both our hearts had known,
Which, like the vale when Summer's near,
Or joy's involuntary tear,
And all too full for silence grown;
And should he then Love's silken chain
With ruthless hand throw off again,
Could I in anger breathe his name?
Or blight with bitter spite his fame?
Or glory in his loss or shame?
Ah, no!
His truant heart I'd strive to reach
With wiles that only Love can teach;
I'd lure him with each tender grace
That in this bosom holds a place.

But O! how cruel thus to chide
This trusting heart, so fond and true;
His blindness, apatny and pride
Still take him farther from my side.
Well, be it so. Ingrate, adieu!
But could'st thou sound before we part
The deep recesses of this heart,
Oh, what would'st thou not give to share
The treasures that he hidden there!
Will naught thy wilful heart ensnare?
Then go!
Go, blinded, go, and never more
Shall Love present so rich a store,
But thou dost wound me, cruel Fate—
I must not love, yet cannot hate.

CUPIDITY AND CRIME.

CHAPTER XVII.—(CONTINUED.)

"Nora has sent you her most prized possession," said Vance abruptly, as Nettie turned to him with a little gasp, too bewildered and taken aback to speak, while Jenny and Mrs. Clare pressed forward to examine the costly gift.

"But ought I to take them, Vance," she asked shyly—"jewels like these?"

"My dear, she is weighed down with jewels. Nora has more than she will ever wear or care for."

"But her mother's jewels—surely she must prize them!" the girl said, in a tone almost of distress. "If they had been any other jewels!"

"My dear Nettie, she could not give you Lord de Gretton's presents; these are her own," the young man answered a little brusquely, for he hated to think the state to which his step-sister must have been brought before this last sacrifice was made.

Nora had always been generous—the value of her gift was nothing; in her new state she could afford that and more. But these had been a sort of fetish to the Nora of the old days. She who would cheerfully strip herself of every other possession lent these only with extreme reluctance. It had always seemed to hurt her to see them glittering on Cristine's white neck and arms, as, at the time of the Nettleton balls, they not unfrequently did, for Miss Singleton admired the pretty jewels sincerely and what she admired or covet she seldom failed to obtain. Vance knew in his heart that, if Nora had been Arthur Beaupre's wife, she would have worn her mother's pearls at her own bridal, and parted with them only at her a week's engagement at Stoke Vernon, the small West-Country town to which so terrible a celebrity was soon to attach. It was the regatta week, the annual awakening of the slumberous little place, and the run on amusements of any kind was—for Stoke Vernon—tremendously great.

The queer irregularly-built town did not, of course, possess a theatre, or even a hall of any decent size or shape, and Nettie, who, on the strength of her growing popularity, was getting a little proud, was very much disposed to pooh-pooh the engagement. But her husband's popularity was still in the clouds, she had a vacant week, and, even could he have spared the pound, he could not spare the practice, so he asserted his rights as lord and master to accept the manager's offer, and Nettie, with only the mute protest of an exquisitely comical grimace, gave in, and followed him whither the guiding hand of Providence most surely led.

The work was easy in that easy-going place, and, as they had much time at their disposal, they wandered through the outskirts of the town, up the green fern-clad hills, and through the lovely over-arched lanes, lounged on the broad red sands, hunted for madrepores and sea-anemones in the clear cool green pools amid the slippery boulders, sailed on the summer sea, and, as Nettie said, renewed the enchantment of the honeymoon in the oddest and most unexpected fashion.

"Are you sorry we came?" Vance asked her, with a half laugh, one morning, being so very sure what the answer would be.

"Sorry!"—the pretty girlish face, to which the fresh morning breeze gave back all the dainty coral tints the gaslight stole away, lighted all over with the energy of her answer. "Vance, I wish we could stop here for a month—and we must go to-morrow."

"Ah, well," he said philosphically—it is very easy to be philosophical when you lie on your back in the shade and dreamily watch the gray spiral smoke of your cigar float up in curling clouds to the far perfect blue of a Devonshire sky—"ah, well, all things must end, the brightest the soonest! I should say that was a poetical quotation, only I don t believe the English language supplies 'soonest' with a rhyme. We have laid in a large stock of fresh air and sunshine; we have seen all that is to be seen."

"That I deny," Nettie broke in energetically. "There is one sight I have set my heart on seeing, Vance; and your laziness shall not stand in my way."

Vance groaned in spirit at the words, and looked with meek deprecation into his pretty tyrant's face, though all the time he knew the look was utterly wasted. If Nettie had a fault, of which fact he felt by no means sure, it was that she, so fearfully energetic, had so little appreciation of the *dolce far niente*, which was the truest joy of her husband's life.

"Troubler of my tranquility," he said, with a deep sigh, "what is there you still wish to see?"

"That," Nettie said, concisely; and she pointed with her forefinger up to the terraced height above, where a small pretty house gleamed marble white against the framing darkness of the trees.

"My dear girl"—with great relief Vance dropped back in his place, nestling the which the sunlight fell dazzlingly. "Shall I ever see her, Vance?"

The young man shook his head; his honest bright young eyes were dark with pain. Still it was hard to give up all thought of seeing Nora; nothing seemed more improbable than friendship between a couple of strolling players and Lord de Gretton's wife; and yet—— The young pair however, had not much time for moody thought; they were to leave Stoke Vernon by the early morning train, and travel straight to Glasgow, where their next engagement was made; their luggage, duly labelled with Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Vansittart's name, had been sent on before them, and they were burdened only with the ulsters, travelling wraps, and hand-bags which even the wisest of women will deem necessary.

As fate would have it, Vance grumbled a little at these superfluities when she set them out overnight; but Nettie laughingly appealed to the landlady, with whom she was at the moment settling all accounts, to say if she had one article too many, and the good woman promptly assured her she had not, adding with that superior smile which most men know only too well and dread—

"Gentlemen never understand these things, mum. I dare say Mr. Vansittart will be glad enough you took your wraps before the day is out."

Nettie laughed, and drew her straps a little tighter as she looked over her shoulder at her lord; the meekness of his aspect disarmed her, and she only said brightly—

"Oh, you must not think him a tyrant, Mrs. Stubbs! He hardly ever grumbles; do you, Vance? But when I left so many things out, I thought that maid, or dresser, with whom I made a half-engagement would have been here to carry them. It is very disappointing."

"It is indeed," the woman said sympathetically. "Little Polly—my grandchild, you know—might help; but I think the train goes at six."

"At six a.m. precisely," Vance said with a laugh. "My dear Mrs. Stubbs, you do not suppose I really mind those things! I claim my privilege to grumble, that's all."

"And, as I weakly told her what train we start by, I have no doubt that Hesba Greer will meet us at the station, and congratulate herself on the fact that we have done all her work for her," Nettie finished, with her quaint little shrug.

And so the matter dropped, passing from their thoughts as a thing of small account then, to be recalled with strange and startling significance afterwards.

The next day, as fair and bright an August morning as ever dawned upon this sad and sin-stained earth found Vance and Nettie early astir. Indeed a strange restlessness possessed them both. When they had swallowed the milk and bread Mrs. Stubbs laid out in the little sitting-room, it was still only half past-four; they had more than an hour to spare.

"Your watch was wrong, Vance," Nettie said, with comic dismay. "We cannot stay here all that time; let us run down and have a farewell peep at the sea."

Vance was nothing loath; so, softly letting themselves out, they walked down the irregular High Street, over the hills

Arthur Beaupre's wife, she would have worn her mother's pearls at her own bridal, and parted with them only at her daughter's; but now what did another link with the old life matter?

"There is a note too," Nettie said, flushing with pleasure as she read the few lines Nora had enclosed to give fresh value to her present. "Oh, read it, Vance; is it not kind?"

It was, the young man thought, as kind as it was brief—a last glimpse of the old Nora, who was to be merged in Lady de Gretton so soon—a little praise of Vance, a fervent wish for his happiness, a promise of future friendship—that was all; but it brought the tears to Nettie's honest eyes and an uncomfortable dimness to her lover's.

"How sweet she is, Vance!" the little girl cried enthusiastically. "She has given the one thing that was wanting to make me quite content. No, no, do not be absurd, sir. I did not mean the pearls, of course, but a word of kindness from your own home."

"Nora was always kind and thoughtful for others," Vance said, with a sigh, his own happiness making him in some dim fashion comprehend the sharpness of his old playfellow's pain. "Poor Nora, I wish we in turn could do something for her!"

"Who knows? Perhaps we may," Nettie said, with a sagacious nod.

The words, seriously spoken, made Vance laugh.

"My dear Nettie," he said with his most superior air, "do you really imagine that Mrs. Vance Singleton could render Lady de Gretton any service? That would indeed be a case of the mouse and the lion!"

"Exactly so," Nettie agreed, looking up innocently into the handsome face. "Why, Vance, what a singularly *a propos* quotation! The mouse did free the lion, you know, when the lion was caught in the toils."

The saucy little creature certainly had the best of the argument, as Vance was forced, with a grim smile, to admit. But the smile soon faded, for he carried on the allegory in his thoughts, and remembered that from the toils in which Nora had even ceased to struggle Death alone could set her free.

The next day Nettie wore her pearls at the altar, and left them in her mother's charge when the young pair started on their brief honeymoon-trip. It was a very brief one—an elysian week across the silver Solent, and then back to hard work and homely duties.

A round of country engagements lay before them, and then that grand *debut* in town which was to make or mar Vance Singleton's fortune, and which, in either case, was to be the signal for breaking the news to the Bruces. On this they were both agreed; Nora's wedding would be over and Lord de Gretton's haughty displeasure a thing of small account. Once they knew Nettie, Captain and Mrs. Bruce were sure to like her, the bridegroom proudly thought; and as for Cristine—well, she would be horrified, of course; but he could not mould his life anew to please Cristine. So they planned the course of events, hopefully and cheerfully enough, knowing nothing of the storm-cloud gathering darkly over their innocent heads.

The end of August found them finishing against the framing darkness of the trees.

"My dear girl"—with great relief Vance dropped back in his place, nestling the back of his head comfortably in his open palms—"an Englishman's house is his castle. I cannot take it by storm and run the risk of being arrested as a trespasser, even to satisfy your laudable interest in your neighbours' affairs."

"Have you quite done?" Nettie asked serenely. "Because, if so, you had better dust your coat, which is covered with red sand, and come up the hill with me. An Englishman may show his castle, may he not, you foolish boy?"

"But this not a castle, but a cottage," Vance pleaded forlornly.

"Exactly. It is Cliff Cottage, the marine residence of our county member, Mr. Dalmayne, and one of the show-places of the neighborhood. I read all that in the guide-book, Vance; so you see it must be true."

Mr. Singleton did not see; but protest was evidently useless. He resigned himself to his fate, which was not a very hard one, after all, for, though the sun was warm, the paths were exquitely shady, and vistas of green beauty opened on every side.

"You are good-tempered," Nettie said, with an affectionate and remorseful squeeze of the gray-clad arm, as the handsome young pair stood at the lodge gate, awaiting the answer to their modest summons, "After all, you know, I had no business to tyrannise and triumph over over you like that."

Poor Nettie! It was well she made her little apology when she did, for, after all, the triumph was not hers. The woman who opened the gate civilly informed them that Cliff Cottage was not on view that day.

"But I understand from the guide-book that it was always open to tourists," persisted poor Nettie, with a very crestfallen look; and her husband could not repress an unmerciful grin.

"Quite right, madam; but, in the circumstances, you see——"

"I suppose that Mr. Dalmayne has returned home?" Vance interposed, thinking it time to come to the poor baffled explorer's relief.

"Oh, no, sir!" the woman said, with a surprised look, as though he had shown strange ignorance of a matter of general and engrossing interest. "Mr. Dalmayne is still in Italy; but did you not know that he has rented the cottage to Lord de Gretton for his honeymoon? We expect his lordship and her ladyship to-day."

CHAPTER XVIII.

"Lord de Gretton and his lady will be here to-day."

The woman closed the gate with the words, and left the young pair staring blankly each in the face of the other. To each the shock was great; to Vance it brought a sharp and stinging pain. The thought that his little sister Nora, his pet playmate and loyal friend, was so near at hand, and yet so immeasurably distant, brought him down from his happy cloud-land into a disenchanted region of uncomfortable fact.

"I wish I had seen her!" Nettie said, pausing at the brow of the steep hill to glance wistfully up at the green belt of trees and the pretty white cottage, on

Vance was nothing loath; so, softly letting themselves out, they walked down the irregular High Street, over the hills and so down to the beach.

The wind blew fresh and cold across the open sea; but Nettie, in her trimly-buttoned ulster and close little velvet cap, did not mind the chilliness, and revelled in the salt sea-breeze. Chatting gaily, she ran on from stone to stone, as light-hearted as any child, while her husband followed more soberly and more slowly, as became his condition.

Nevertheless he enjoyed the expedition as much as she did, and followed the springy figure with admiring eyes, until it disappeared round a projecting point of the cliff-line, where the boulders were thickest and the red sand was hardly to be seen.

"Take care you foolish child—you may get a nasty fall!" Vance cried, in sudden fear; but the warning words had hardly left his lips, when they were terribly answered by a wild despairing cry and an agonized "Vance, Vance, for pity's sake come quickly,!" in Nettie's clear shrill voice.

It hardly took him a second to lay down all that encumbered him and fly to his wife's assistance, yet in that flash of time a thousand agonizing possibilities flashed through his mind, a thousand scenes of horror rose before him, but not one—oh, merciful Heaven, not one, so terrible, as that which met his sight!

Upon the very verge of the sea, perched on a slippery rock which every instant threatened to dislodge her, stood Nettie, with both arms flung round a slender and desperately struggling female figure.

"Vance, come! I canuot hold her any longer!" Nettie gasped; and in another second Vance stood beside her, and she slipped gently to the ground.

For the moment the young fellow thought only of his brave wife's peril, and while his eyes turned eagerly to her, he restrained the woman's desperate struggles with unconsciously savage force.

Suddenly those struggles ceased, the head dropped back on his shoulder, the body lay an inert weight in his arms. So sudden was the change from violent muscular action to complete repose that it nearly overbalanced him, and, but for Nettie's prompt movement, he would have fallen.

"The poor creature has fainted; she tried to kill herself! Oh, Vance, who is she

Nettie's terrified whisper thrilled him like an electric shock. He lifted the prone head; the black hair fell back from the white ghastly face. It was Nora!

"Nora!" Vance said blankly; and he could say no more. For the moment his senses deserted him, and he thought he had indeed gone mad. The whole thing seemed so wildly incredible. Nora, the courted, flattered bride of yesterday, Nora, Lady de Gretton, this desperate fugitive, this would-be suicide! It could not, could not be!

"Vance!" Nettie's voice broke in upon the young man's trance of horror. While he stood staring, trying vainly to understand, she had poured brandy from a flask, and in her quiet helpful fashion, had done her best to call the wandering spirit back. "Vance, come here! What does this mean?"

With a shudder she pointed to some dark spots on the soft velvet skirt, to the

stained lace round the pretty wrists, to the small cold hands, which were red with blood.

"Wash them, Vance," She turned away her head, not able to endure the terrible sight. "She has tried to kill herself; she has been driven mad! Oh, Heaven help us all!"

She broke down in a passion of hysterical tears, a brief storm that cleared the atmosphere, and left brave Nettie free to think and act. Vance obeyed her, in a sort of blind stupor, finding as yet no clue to the maze of horror in which his mind was lost.

Meantime, with a long gasping breath, Nora opened her eyes. They rested on the white stern face that bent above her, wildly at first, then with a recognizing glance.

"Vance," she said horsely—"Vance! and here! And I——"

She raised her head from Nettie's lap and looked round her, then at her dress, and then, oh, Heaven, the wordless horror of her look, the maddened gleam of the dark dilating eyes!—she threw out her arms and would have broke into the weird wailing cry that woke the dangerous echoes once before; but Nettie placed one hand upon her lips.

"Be silent, for your own sake and ours," she said authoritatively. "We are here to save you—Vance and I."

But Nora struggled pitifully to break from the strong kind clasp.

"No, no, let me die; it is the only way!" she moaned restlessly. "Vance they will hang me if I am found! Arthur is here, alive and well, and he—is dead—murdered!"

Vance Singleton glanced at his wife; her face was deathly white, but full of steady purpose. She had divined already that which was slowly dawning, in all its ghastly horror, on the man's mind.

"Who is dead, Nora?" Vance asked sternly; and the answer came with a terrible promptitude that made his heart stand still.

"Lord de Gretton. Look!"—holding out her hands with a loathing gesture. "His blood is upon me—the curse of Cain! Oh, Vance, for my father's sake, for yours, for all of our sakes, let me die! The sea is better than the hangman!"

"She is mad," Nettie said, noticing the abhorrence with which Vance drew back from this plain confession of her crime. "Vance, it may be false or true, this—this story; but, truth or delusion, we must save her, if there is yet time."

"Listen, Nora! For your father's sake you must obey us now. We are leaving this place; you must travel with us. Remember that one word such as you have spoken here would kill your father. Do you understand me?"

Nora's wild passion had exausted her strength by this time. Only the unnatural glitter of the restless eyes told of the fire that burned within. She bent her head, and stood trembling from head to foot, but made no effort to escape, while Nettie, rapidly removing her own ulster, buttoned it over the tell-tale dress which she could not touch without a shudder, placed the black velvet hat on the bare head, and tied a thick Shetland veil across the face that must needs have betrayed her.

"MONTE CRISTO."

An Inspection of a Prison Made Famous by Dumas.

Across the beautiful bay from the city an hour or such a matter is the famous Ile d'If, on which is the famous state prison which Dumas made famous by his immortal romance of "Monte Cristo." Every body knows the foundation of the novel. Edmund Dantes, a young master of a vessel sailing from Marseilles, and betrothed to Mercedes, falls in a trap laid by a powerful lover of the girl, and is accused of conveying letters from the Emperor Napoleon, then confined at Elba, to his partisans at Marseilles. He is entirely innocent, but his accuser is powerful in the government, and poor Dantes is torn from the arms of his love and hurried to the Castle d'If. The young sailor was immured here for years, and had given up all hope of again seeing the outside world, when one day he was surprised to hear a scratching noise on the other side of the wall of his dungeon. He answered it and found that it came from an old abbe who had also been confined in the paison for years, and who was digging a hole through the wall, not knowing or caring what the result would be. A few days sufficed to widen the aperture so that they could converse, and the result was that the abbe, who was well-nigh gone with years, confided to Dantes the secret of the isle of Monte Cristo, near Naples, where fabulous wealth was concealed.

The abbe immediately expired, and Dantes determined to make a bold stroke for liberty. The custom was to envelop the dead bodies in a sack and throw them over the precipice into the sea at night. Dantes pulled the corpse of the dead abbe into his cell through the opening and enveloped himself in the sack, secreting a knife about his person. The two soldiers came at the proper hour, carried the supposed abbe, but really the living Dantes, to the precipice and threw it over. The moment he struck the water he liberted himself with his knife and swam to a rock in the neighborhood—there are plenty of them—and escaped by a miracle.

As everywhere else, the people now in charge of the island and the disused prison have made the most of the celebrity that Dumas' great work gave the place. They have selected two dungeons as the identical ones occupied by the abbe and Dantes. They dug the hole between them, and you are shown the cells and the opening, as though the great novel were a historical fact instead of the revelation of the most wonderful romancer France has yet produced.

However, it might have happened; the island is simply a rock in the sea, its summit crowned with a prison as horrible as one could imagine. There are cells below cells. There are dungeons into which the rays of the blessed sun never penetrate. There are others through which all the light there ever is is what may come through a narrow slit in the thick walls, and it is so situated that escape any other way than that suggested by Dumas would be impossible.

Live Dust.

One of the series of "Lectures to the People," given under the auspices of the

A WARNING TO MOTHERS.

How Incorrect Holding of Infants May Result in Convulsions and Death.

It is not often that a medical journal contains an article of such general interest as that contributed by Dr. J. F. Hartigan to the current issue of the *American Journal of the Medical Sciences*. The article relates to the prevalent infant malady known as spasms, nine-day fits, etc., which has heretofore proved extremely fatal, the number of deaths in this country alone reaching an annual total of twenty-five thousand. The technical name trismus nascentium, will be remembered by those who were interested in the lively discussion which took place upon this disease in the meeting of the board of health between Drs. Verdi, Bliss, and others. It was at this time that several cases of this malady came under Dr. Hartigan's observation, and he became gradually impressed with the importance of determining the cause or nature of a disease so fatal within the first month of infantile existence.

In the article referred to, which covers thirty-eight pages, no less than two hundred authorities are quoted in reference to the extent and fatality of this disease, and it is remarkable that nearly every physician has a different theory. In making post-mortem examinations Dr. Hartigan noticed that there was always an overlapping of the occipital and parietal bones in the head of the infant. He naturally associated the fact with the cause of death, and in pursuing his investigation he found that the same discovery had been made some thirty years previously by the celebrated Dr. J. Marion Sims, then of Alabama. But Dr. Sim's views were not accepted by the profession, a fact which up to his death was a sensitive matter to him, for it was almost a solitary exception in the history of his teaching.

The main point which Dr. Hartigan establishes in his article is that the cure is not in medicine, but that it is simply a matter of posture. When a child is laid upon its back, with its head resting on a hard substance, such as his mother's arm, the yet unhardened bones overlay and press upon the base of the brain, causing spasms and death. By allowing the child to rest upon its side or on a soft pillow, no such trouble can result, and the child remains unafflicted. In support of this, a large number of cases which came under the doctor's personal observation are cited, and it is shown that a change of posture, unless the physician's aid was sought too late, always resulted in cure. More than this, and in sdirect proof of the theory, Dr. Hartigan states that he has produced spasms at will, simply by pressing together the two bones mentioned. In one instance, it is stated that a German woman who had lost three children from this same disease saved the fourth by following directions as to the position in which the child should be held.

Another fruitful cause, especially of the chronic form of the disease, is said to be the modern baby carriage. A child is laid in this deep, narrow, coffin-like contrivance, pillow crosswise. The body as well as the head sinks in the middle. The child has no room to turn, and if it could it would be in imminent danger of smothering from the raised pillow on

veil across the face that must needs have betrayed her.

"Take her to the station at once, Vance," she said, with an authority her husband dare not dispute. "The things are there ; it will all seem natural. Do not waste an instant."

"And you ?"

In all the whirl and confusion of the moment, with Nora's hand held tightly within his arm, and his heart throbbing in a mingled tumult of horror and pity at the contact, Vance glanced back still at the slender girl-figure bareheaded in the morning sunlight ; but she only waved him on frantically.

"Go ; I will follow with the things. You forget Mrs. Vansittart's maid will travel with you," she said, with a ghastly little smile. "For pity's sake waste no time !"

The walk to the station was a short one ; but it seemed to stretch on and on for ever And on that morning, early as it was, the streets were by no means deserted ; the little town was emptying fast of the visitors drawn thither by the regatta, and Vance dreaded every moment, that he would encounter sume chance theatrical acquaintance who would insist on pausing to bid him "good-bye." And beside that terror was the other haunting fear that Nora's frenzy would break out again.

But fortune favored—no, Vance never used that false and flippant phrase ; reverently and humbly he acknowledged that Heaven helped him in his desperate need. He met no one. And Nora walked beside him with an automatic obedience that saved her. They reached the station, mingled unobserved with the boisterous, chatting, laughing crowd that waited for the "cheap and nasty train," and almost before her husband dared expect her, Nettie joined him there.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

As a rule, everything eatable at table should be eaten with spoon or fork. Stewed prunes, however, may be taken with a pruning knife.

The folks who saw his shadow on the window curtain thought he was in a paroxysm of delirium. But he was merely putting on his overcoat.

A Boston car conductor never says "Hurry up!" It would be contrary to culture, His elegant phrase is : "Exercise a little celerity, if you please."

"Do you want the ring 14 or 18 carat?" said the jeweller to a customer. "Oh, I don't carat all. This is the third woman I've married, and I ain't very particular."

Stock for English melodrama : One healthy villain who puts up a job on the hero, packs the jury, and sends him to the penitentiary for indefinite period. One heroine who scorns villain's matrimonial offers and sticks to hero who has put his foot in it. One comic cockney in a red vest. One comic policeman. A pasteboard bridge, some snow. "Where am I? Me brain reels!" "Leave me, sir! I loathe you!" "Naught remains now but to beg!" "Merciful heavens!" "Ha ! Ha!" "Yum-yum?" Mix these well. Keep vice ahead until the last act and then give virtue a chance. The design of the play is to show how the villains would not have been foiled except for their own foolishness.

One of the series of "Lectures to the People," given under the auspices of the Yorkshire College, was delivered at the Philosophical Hall, Leeds, by Professor Miall, recently, the subject being "Live Dust." Professor Miall commenced by referring to the mode of collecting dust for examination, especially dust floating in the air. A glace slip smeared with glycerine had been extensively used for the purpose of collecting the dust ; but this method was open to the objection that all germs were killed by the glycerine, and that the volume of air which had yielded the dust could not be measured. Water shaken up in a large flask of air had been used to separate the dust, but by this means a sufficient volume of air could not be examined without using a vessel of inconvenient size. Atmospheric moisture, condensed upon the surface of a vessel cooled by ice, had been collected and examined. The modern instrument for passing a measured current of air through a fine jet, and scrupulously collecting all the dust which it contains, was described in detail, and illustrated by means of lantern slides. Proceeding to point out the various kinds of dust found in the atmosphere, the lecturer spoke of volcanic dust, minute particles of magnetic iron (believed to be microscopic meteorite), the dead organic matter which forms a large proportion of common dust, and living organic dust. Of the last named the chief constituents are pollen spores of moulds and mildews, and bacteria. The bacteria he observad, were of special interest nfrom their connection with putrefaction and with certain deadly diseases. I was shown long ago by Schwann that bacteria were indispensable to putrefaction, and that the most unstable organic fluid would not putrefy unless living bacteria obtained access to it. This demonstration ultimately led to Lister's antiseptic surgery. The life-history of some common bacteria was described, and an account given of the way in which a necessary connection between particular forms of bacteria and infectious fevers had been ascertained. The great number of bacteria everywhere present in the air made us feel that we were assailed by the germs of the disease at every point. But two or three practical considerations might be shown to greatly diminish the risk. In the first place, the bacteria of disease formed only an insignificant proportion of the whole number of living germs present n the air ; further, a great number of the bacteria of all kinds were dead, not more than one-twentieth being capable of germination in a suitable fluid ; and lastly the putrefective and other less dangerous bacteria were very prone to get the upper hand of the more special and delicate organisms which constituted the germs of infectious disease.

In his reply to the congratulations of several English Temperance societies on his promotion, Bishop Wilberforce said : "He was thankful every day that he was a total abstainer. He was better in health, lighter in head, and heavier in purse for it."

Cardinal Manning is a practical man, and moreover a strong believer in the principle that example should always enforce precept, in temperance as well as in Church work.

could it would be in imminent danger of smothering from the raised pillow on either side. Arriving home after its jolting and head-jarring expedition, panting and fretful perhaps, it only needs a little improper handling (lf the bones are not already dislocated) to inaugurate the disease. The child refuses to nurse and convulsions follow. A physician arrives, but the cause is not recognized, and all sorts of remedies are employed. Twitchings, convulsions and other symptoms continue until death ensues. This is said to be no fancy sketch, but an every day occurrence.

The custom of "bouncing" on the arms or lap for the supposed purpose of quieting the baby is another evil. Precaution against the disease ought to be observed from birth, by proper instructions to the mother and attendants, and especial care should be taken that the child has a soft feather pillow to lay its head upon when asleep, during nursing, or when carried in the arms or lap. This is probably the reason why there are not more victims of trismus among the better class of people, among whom infants are not allowed to lie upon the back in a narrow crib long enough for injurious effects, among whom too, they have the attention of well paid nurses and the benefit of frequent change of position from the lavish manner in which they are fondled.

A table of 220 deaths accompanies the article, showing that, contrary to the theories of some physicians, the average is the same in winter and summer. In conclusion Dr. Hartigan states that the investigations are yielding good results. During the past year, even with the increase in population, only thirty-four cases were reported by the coroner, a reduction of 37 per cent. from the previous year and 46 per cent. less than the year 1879. He naturally attributes this gratifying exhibit to his efforts to bring the matter to the notice of midwives, through whom it is fast becoming known and understood by mothers.

A Dog at the Telephone.

The telephone has enabled a physician, several miles away, to detect whether a child had the croup. The child's mouth was held near to the mouth-piece of the instrument, and the physician heard it cough. But more singular than this is the following case of a dog recognizing its master's voice through the telephone : Jack is a coach dog that found his master by telephone. In some way Jack got lost, and fortunately was found by one of his master's friends, who went to his office and asked by telephone if the man had lost his dog. "Yes, where is he ?" was the reply "He is here. Suppose you call him through the telephone." The dog's ear was placed over the ear-piece and his master said, "Jack ! Jack ! how are you, Jack ?" Jack instantly recognized the voice and began to yell. He licked the telephone fondly, seeming to think his master was inside the machine. At the other end of the line the gentlemen recognized the familiar barks, and shortly afterward he reached his friend's office to claim his proporty.— *Sidney (Australia) Eye.*

Starvation is best photographed by the dry-plate process.

AGRICULTURAL.

Better Than Banking.

Banking the house to prevent the cellar from freezing is so objectionable on the score of neatness, and for other reasons, that of the two evils one might better take the risk of possible injury from frost. But even this is not necessary, since there is a neat, cheap and effectual way of making all secure, which cannot be said of banking even at its best. A cellar seldom freezes the first winter after being built, but it will be observed that in subsequent years the walls in drying and settling will become more and more open, so as to let in the wind; this will be found by passing a lighted candle within a foot or two of such walls on a windy night, and one can even feel it too if making the examination at such a time. This is the reason the cellar freezes; not because the walls are not thick enough, for where the air cannot penetrate, as, for instance, through the double glazing of the cellar windows, giving an air chamber of less than an inch, it will not enter, but wherever the air can enter it will carry the frost with it, and such embankments as are usually made are so easily penetrated by the air that they cannot be depended upon as a protection.

But putting a good coat of mortar over the side of the walls to exclude the air, or wind, is a sure remedy. The latter part of summer—the most favorable time—when the cellar is nearly empty, sweep the walls down thoroughly, then mix up a good batch of mortar on the cellar bottom; let this stand a few days to "make" and toughen; then, when all is ready, begin by putting a good body of plaster along the bottom of the sills and well up their sides, on top of the wall; when a sure job is made of that, then slap on the mortar and smooth down over the whole face of the wall, which will make it frost-proof for all time, be cheaper in the long run, and more than answer the purpose of the too common and unsightly "banking up," which makes for four or five months of the year a nuisance about the house, where everything should be neat and tidy, especially during the bare season, when outward surroundings are least attractive.

A Good Time to Paint.

There is no better time to paint buildings than during the pleasant days in winter. Paint spread in cold weather makes a better covering for the wood than if laid on when the wood is hot, and excessively dry, so that the oil is immediately absorbed, leaving the lead or other material used as a chalky substance on the surface ready in a few months to rub off or be washed by rains. It will require a little more paint at a single coat in cold than in warm weather, as the oil will be thickened a little by the cold, but then it will stay where it is put, and a second coat will be less needed.

One advantage in painting now, is the absence of flies and other small insects which, in warm weather, often make freshly laid paint look anything but attractive. If there is snow on the ground to cover the earth, and prevent dust and behalf of the success which brings prosperity and peace and harmony between the purchaser and buyer. A great deal of the trouble with the wheat dates back to poor seed. The association has purchased and will continue to purchase the best Scotch fife wheat that is to be obtained—the pure unadulterated, and unmistakeable stuff. It is the best wheat in the world. We propose to offer it the farmers for seed for just what it costs. If the farmers do not obtain it, it will not be our fault. Every facility will be offered them to produce it, and it will be sold for actual cost, for sowing purposes."

The Diminution of Crime.

The English criminal statistics of last year go to show that there has been a considerable falling off in the number of criminals during the past few years. This is certainly an encouraging outlook. The courts nearly all bear cheerful testimony that the healthy growth of temperance sentiment throughout Great Britain has had much to do with this. The excise returns show that there has been a great falling off in the revenue in connection with the liquor tax, which of course indicates a less quantity of strong drink manufactured. There is therefore less sold, less consumed, and less drunkenness. No less than three Chancellors of the Exchequer have expressed their satisfaction at the decreased receipts from the drink traffic, and the Queen took occasion to congratulate the nation over the same thing from the Speech from the Throne last year. So long as the amount of drink consumed diminishes so long will there surely be a diminution of crime among the people. It is a fact well understood that much of the crime punished every year is induced by intemperance.

Another reason assigned for the diminution of crime is the result of the excellent work done by the Prisoners' Aid Societies. Many a discharged convict has been driven, almost, into crime again simply because of his difficulty in procuring employment in any of the ordinary honest industries. Such men are in bad repute and no one cares for them, or has a good word to say in their behalf. The tendency of all this is to discouragement and to a resort to old crime habits again. These aid societies are calculated to assist and encourage these unfortunates, and probably many an ex-convict is now prospering and honest who would have been in prison again but for the kindly aid extended to him. It is well that such societies are springing up in Canada. There is a grand field of usefulness for them, and they well deserve the encouragement of the community.

Bismarck and the Cronprinz

The profound disagreement between the crown prince ef Germany and Prince Bismarck has long been well known. The prince loses no opportunity to show the German people that he does not share the political views of the chancellor. On one point in particular they differ in toto. Bismarck has a violent dislike to the Orleans princes. The death of the Comte de Chambord, by increasing the chances of a monarchical restoration in

SCENES IN TANGIERS.

Strange Sights in the Streets of the Morocco Capital.

Just below the hotel and outside the gate of the city is the soko or market-place. On Sundays and Thursdays it is filled with a motley crowd, who bring game, meat, eggs, fowl, and other provisions from the surrounding country. It is here that Gibraltar obtains its supplies.

Here you see the genuine Bedouin Arab. Wild and dirty as he is, he is clean when compared with the horrid-looking men from the Riff coast, descendants of the old pirates. They are wild and untamed, and fiercer than wild animals. They do not even cover their heads. Their heads are closely shaved after leaving a lock by which they fervently believe that Mohammed will pull them up to heaven. The Jews are very numerous. They are known by their peculiar dresses. They cringe to the dust and put up with every insult so as to remain in Tangiers.

The noise and din in the market-place is infernal. At least five thousand tongues are at work. You can hardly force your way through the crowd. Once on the outskirts you are lost in great herds of cattle and strings of loaded donkeys from Brrbary. These little creatures carry wonderful loads. They look small by the side of the camels. These animals, relieved of their loads, are lying down in a circle with their fore-legs tied together. Near them are numbers of goatskin tents, filthy in the extreme, and only high enough to sit under. The confusion is terrible. Some of the men are banging on drums, and others are playing the khutah, which is infinitely worse than the Moorish drum.

On passing through two gates we came to a fountain. It was surrounded by a mob of water-carriers. Tattered rags fluttered over their naked legs. They fought fiercely for precedence in filling their water skins. Women whose faces were covered with the exception of an eye crouched on the ground near by, selling bread. The magnificent Moor in flowing white robe and spotless turban, strutted majestically by, not deigning to cast his haughty glance at us. The streets swarmed with children in various costumes. The small shops were packed with men sitting cross-legged. Above, below, around, and beneath there was dirt of every description. Fortunately for us, the viler smells had been tempered by recent rains. In summer the stench is said to be almost unbearable.

This morning we were awakened early by a great noise. We heard cries, shouts, and beating of drums, the firing of guns, and the steady tramp of animals, biped and quadruped. These were the thousands who had filled the "soko" returning to their home in Fez, Morocco, and the great desert of Sahara. There is, however, a dense resident population.—*Cor. New York Sun.*

A Vivisectionist's Laboratory.

The following somewhat gruesome description of M. Pasteur's laboratory, taken from a recently-published volume entitled "L'Histoire d'un Savant par un

tractive. If there is snow on the ground to cover the earth, and prevent dust and leaves from being blown into the paint, all the better. In the very coldest weather it may be well to keep the materials in a warm room, as the paint will spread more easily than if cold enough to freeze water. It is a good plan too, as far as may be, to keep on the sunny side of buildings, painting the east sides in the morning, and the west in the afternoon. The north sides may be painted in the middle of pleasant days, and the south side when it would be too cold to work anywhere else.

All the plain, outside painting of a farmer's buildings may just as well be done by himself and his ordinary farm help, as by a professional painter, though it might be well to employ one such to do the more difficult portions, and to give advice and oversee the work. Excellent paints now come mixed all ready to spread, so that but little practice will be required for a "green hand" of ordinary ability to become equal to any ordinary farm painting. If owners of buildings would paint them a little oftener, one coat would always be enough to put on at a time. It is the long neglected work that takes up oil at a fearful rate, the wood being full of little checks which absorb like a sponge. A thin coat on the surface of solid wood is equal to a heavier coat half absorbed by air checks. A building painted with one good coat every third year, will always look well, while the wood will be thoroughly protected. A painted house is warmer than an unpainted one, the paint filling in many joints that would let cold winds through.

Scotch Fife Wheat.

General Agent Hubbard, of the Minneapolis Millers Association, writes to the *Northwestern Miller* regarding Fife wheat. He says :—"In all the talk about wheat and wheat grades, the fact should not be lost sight of that it has never been so clearly and forcibly illustrated as in the case of the present crop that the farmers sustain a direct loss and encounter additional dangers by not sowing hard wheat, instead of the soft varieties now in use. Owing to the great increase in the amount of soft wheat raised in the northwest, hard wheat now commands a premium of 7 @ 10c. per bushel. In addition to this difference in value, there is the greater loss occasioned by the diseases to which soft wheat is susceptible and from which hard wheat is exempt. Scotch fife is now the only recognised standard hard wheat, and this variety has never been known to smut, is just as prolific as other varieties, when properly handled, is better adapted to our climate, and is the wheat to which we are indebted for the world wide reputation attained by Minneapolis flours. Would it not be wiser to sow such wheat as is in demand rather than that which buyers and millers do not want? It is a fact well established that smut will reproduce itself, and the farmer who sows smutty wheat next spring will have no one but himself to blame if his crop is graded down on that account. The farmer ought to understand this, if he does not already.

"Now the millers are interested in the production of the best wheat. They are interested in it, if for no other reason in chances of a monarchical restoration in France, has increased in the same ratio this dislike. Prince Bismarck is anxious that the republic should remain in France, thinking that thereby she is more isolated from the rest of Europe and less able to make powerful alliances. The future emperor of Germany looks on the question from a higher point of view. He is a true German, and wishes Germany to retain the fruit of her conquests, but he considers that there is a common interest between the royal families of Europe, and is of opinion that an alliance of all of the crowned heads against socialism and revolution is the surest safeguard against that ever increasing danger.

When in Seville the crown prince spoke in the highest terms of the Comte de Paris, *le nouveau chef de la maison de France*. It was this idea which was in his mind. His words, repeated as they were by the entire press of Europe, were particularly displeasing to Bismarck. I have it from the very best authority that the chancellor sent at once for the French ambassador, M. de Courcel, and said to him: "Tell your Government, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, that I know nothing of the *maison de France*; I do not know what it means."

Prince Bismarck has too much genius not to be well aware of the immense advantage that would accrue to France were Philippe VII. to ascend the throne; but he believes that he is, without assistance, capable of strangling revolution should it show its head, and hence his politics are the exact contrary to those of the kronprinz.

Gunpowder For Sale.

The terribly disastrous gunpowder accident at London a few days ago is drawing attention to the important fact that there are sources of very great danger in the business parts of every town and city such as few have even thought of. Gunpowder is an article of every day demand and it is kept on sale almost everywhere. Even a very small quantity in stock is a standing danger to all the immediate surroundings. Such an accident as that which destroyed three human lives and a large amount of property in London last week may occur in Toronto, in any store where a few pounds of gunpowder is stored, almost any hour of the day. The fact is not a very pleasant one to think of, and yet it *should* be thought about.

It would not be a very serious hardship on trade to fix "gunpowder limits" in every town just as fire limits are now fixed, and to prohibit all sales of gunpowder within such limits. The safety of the people would be consulted and it would be no great hardship to trade, for it is not an article required by a very great many persons, or for a great variety of purposes. The regulation of confining the quantity kept to ten pounds, or even half that amount, is not of itself sufficient. Even such a small quantity would make a very serious explosion, and the dangers of explosion are too many to be lightly considered.

Chinese try to smuggle opium into San Francisco by putting it into the soles of their shoes. Shall the heathen be allowed to thus trample on our laws?

entitled "L'Histoire d'un Savant par un Ignorant," gives a very striking picture of the modern physiological workshop:

All the animals in the laboratory, from the little white mice hiding under a bundle of cotton wool to the dogs barking furiously from behind their iron-railed kennels, are doomed to death. These inhabitants of the laboratory, which are marched out day after day in order to be subjected to operations or other experiments, share the space with still more ghastly objects. From all parts of France hampers are arrive, containing fowls which have died of cholera or some other disease. Here is an enormous basket bound with straw; it contains the body of a pig which has died of fever. A fragment of lung forwarded in a tin box, is from a cow dying of pneumonia. Other goods are still more precious. Since M. Pasteur, two years ago, went to Pauillac to await the arrival of a boat which brought yellow-fever patients, he receives now and then from far off countries a bottle of *vomito negro*. Tubes filled with blood are lying about, and small plates containing drops of blood may be seen everywhere on the work-tables. In special stores bottle-like bladders are ranged resembling small liqueur bottles. the prick of a pin into one of these bladders would bring death to any man. Inclosed in glass prisons millions and millions of microbes live and multiply.

M. Pasteur's views on vivisection are known well enough. His own words on the subject are; "Never should I have the courage to kill a bird for sport, but when it comes to experiments I h never been troubled by the sligh scruple. Science in that case has right of pleading the sovereignty of purpose."—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

Postal Facilities in Germany an France.

Postal orders, which cost in Fr twenty-five cents for the smallest s are in Germany only one-fifth as m and in the latter country an extra ment of one cent entitles the send have the money carried by the post to the house of the person addressed, there paid to him. In the same way postmen are obliged to receive m from any one who wishes to send a p order, and give a receipt for it, ente at the same time in a book the nam the person to whom the order is t sent; and the postmaster then make and forwards the order required species of missive used in Germany nowhere else, so far as we know, is express letter, which, for an extra age of six cents, is forwarded to the son addressed without passing thr the post office of the town in whic lives; a messenger, who travels on e mail train, taking the letter immed ly on the arrival of the either by day or night, to one it is intended to reach. A boxes in the stations are open to rec letters until one minute before th parture of the train, an express lett this kind can be transmitted very q ly.—*Amer. Architect.*

The breeches of promise, young man, are the ones you haven't paid for yet.

The Economy in Elopement.

"That's all bosh!" remarked a well-known American physician to a journalist the other day, as he threw down a paper containing an account of a runaway in which the daughter of a local politician figured as heroine.

"What's bosh, doctor?" asked the reporter, on the lookout for a possible item.

"Why, this runaway match which you have just published. The girl's father is a sharp man, bnt this is one of the sharpest tricks he has ever played since I knew him. The elopement was all a sham. It's as simple as can be. The girl's father is one of the best known men in this section of the town and is a politician besides. He has, necessarily, a large acquaintance with the element who are always expecting him to stand treat upon the slightest pretext, and, what with this and the wedding festivities, supper and other etceteras, his daughter's marriage, if solemnized in the ordinary manner, would cost him a great deal of money. An elopement saved all this, so he just opposed his daughter's wishes strongly enough to give a pretext for the two to run over to Jefferson, where the expenses of the wedding, all tyld, didn't amount to more than five or ten dollars."

A Warning.

Some weeks ago a Halifax Methodist minister married a soldier to a young girl in that city without the necessary license having first been obtained. The understanding was that one would be procured next day in order to meet the requirements of the law. The rascal has since endeavoured to throw the girl off, taking advantage of the fact that the marriage was not a legal one. The minister has been fined $200 for his part in the loose transaction. If the punishment will have the tendency of making other ministers more careful how they perform the important duties vested in them by virtue of their office much good will come out of the exemplary punishment. The fact is that many ministers are entirely too careless in regard to the way they perform their marriage ceremonies. They appear to act as though they did not feel any responsibility rested upon *them* whatever. A good many unfortunate marriages might be averted if they did but faithfully and deliberately their part of the work, instead of hastily going over the service for any persons calling on them without taking any pains whatever to enquire fully, or at all into the circumstances of the case.

Extraordinay Skating.

When, three weeks ago, seventeen of the fleetest skaters in the country drew into line to start on a ten-mile race, very few had any idea the quiet scholarly-looking gentleman with eye-glasses, old-fashioned skates, and retiring demeanor was destined to astonish them all by his splendid record and easy victory. Mr. Axel Paulsen, from Norway, having thus drawn the attention of the athletic world to his powers as a skater, arrangements were soon made to still further test his abilities in a twenty-five-mile race against the record.

It took place recently in the Washing-

NAPOLEON THE GREAT.

His Infirmity Repeated in the Experience of a Leading Public Man—Truths for the Aged.

(Syracuse, N. Y., Courier.)

"How long has he been in public service?"

"Before the memory of the oldest inhabitant."

"And he has kept his name untarnished during all that period?"

"Absolutely!"

"He is a man I should like to meet."

The above conversation occurred between two gentlemen at one of our leading hotels. The interrogater was from abroad, the other a resident of this city. The conversation had drifted into politics and Hon. Thomas G. Alvord was the man whose record and qualities were being discussed. To trace the history of public men who have grown old in the service is a task both interesting to the investigator and entertaining to those who read his investigations. It was with this truth in mind that the writer set out to call upon the man, about whom those politicians were so earnestly talking, at his spacious residence on Turtle street.

Mr. Alvord, who has been and is, familiarly known as "Old Salt," owing to his advocacy of the salt interest, is now well advanced in years, being on the shady side of seventy. He has long, white hair and a snowy beard which give him an appearance both dignified and grand. His voice is full and clear and the moment any stranger comes into his presence he cannot but be impressed with the inherent power of the man. Indeed he was endowed by nature with an unusually strong organization, both mentally and physically, which all the strain of public life, both as speaker of the Assembly and Lieutenant-Governor, failed, for many years, to in any way undermine.

It was during the year 1881, while Mr. Alvord was a member of the Assembly at Albany, that he first began to feel, most peculiar sensations. At that time he was in the midst of very important work, which was seriously interfared with by reason of the mysterious troubles which seemed to assail him. He felt unaccountable nausea almost constantly, accompanied by occasional violent retchings. History recounts that Napoleon the Great, while in the midst of his public career, was frequently attacked by an enemy greater than any he had ever faced, which came in the same insidious yet violent manner as the terrible troubles that overtook Mr. Alvord, and are to-day menacing so many thousands of others. In speaking on this subject to the writer, Mr. Alvord said:

"This same bitter experience came to me again in 1882 while I was a member of the Assembly, with symptoms identical to those I had felt the year before. I believe it was largely caused by my advanced years, for I had a 'worn out' feeling that was terrible. This conclusion is evidently the correct one, for I was again attacked last Summer while away from all cares and recreating at my Island in the St. Lawrence River. I experienced a painful sense of fullness in the lower portion of the body, accompanied by sensations of feverish heat or chilling shudders. All efforts to move my limbs or body were followed by intense weariness or exhaustion. Those who have reached my years can appreciate my sensations."

"And did neither yourself nor the physicians understand the cause or nature of these troubles?"

"It seems not entirely, for the physicians failed to relieve me and I kept growing worse. I suffered intensely and the only relief I could possibly obtain was by lying upon my back and this was only temporary."

"But you are looking well and strong now.

Home Testimony.

Many hundred recommendations similar in character to the one given below have been received, and give proof of the great value of POLSON'S NERVILINE as a pain remedy. Try it.

ATHOL, Feb. 20.—We hereby certify that we have used Nerviline in our families, and have found it a most reliable remedy for cramps in the stomach, also for headache, and externally for rheumatic pains. No house should be without this invaluable remedy.—LUKE COLE, ELISHA COLE, J. P.

Buy a 10 cent sample bottle at any drug store. Large bottles 25 cents, by all druggists.

If eggs keep on getting much higher in price millionaires will wear them as shirt studs.

Beware of that Cough! it may kill you; cure it at once with Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, it never fails. Large Bottles at 50 cents. For sale everywhere.

The rumors of the death of King Mtesa, current in Europe last July, are not supported by anything known at Zanzibar, and are discredited by those Arabs who are best acquainted with the interior.

BEST BOILER PLATE.

For sale low, the following sizes suitable for Boilers Safe Flumes, Tanks, &c., &c., 5-16 inch thick, 6x3, 8x3 9x3, 10x3, 6x2½, 7x2½ 8x2½ 9x2½.

SEND FOR PRICES

Copland & McLaren,

Corner Wellington & Grey Nun Sts., Montreal.

YOU CAN MAKE MONEY SELLING "Horses, their Feed and their Feet" which all horse owners want; LATEST AND BEST WORK; price 50 cents. Send for terms. Address FOWLER and WELLS, 753 Broadway, New York.

DAKOTA—PARTIES DESIRING INFORMATION relating to free homes, with correct maps, circulars, and reliable facts, free of charge. Apply to HARRY MERCER, Travelling Emigration Agent C. M. and St. P. railway, Chatham, Ont.

COMMON SENSE STILL TRIUMPHANT, Fiske's "Common sense" Brace, No strain on pants or shoulders, Requires NO BUTTONS on the pants. Sent to any address, by mail, on receipt of price, 75c. FISKE and Co., 277 King St., West, Toronto.

BOON TO FARMERS.

Circulars free, of new and most productive varieties known of Seed Grain. Testimonials of 110 bushels per acre of Boyds Egyptian Oats. Samples of 2 oz,. 20 cents. JAS BOYD JR, Cedar Grove, Ont

HE THAT SOWETH

Wm. Evans' Seeds,

shall reap in abundance. Ask your merchant for Evans' seeds, and if he does not keep them, send for catalogue to

WILLIAM EVANS,

Seedsman, Monfreal.—Estabiiseed, 1855.

$100,000 TO LOAN

on first-class farm property, at lowest rates. Farmers will save money by applying by mail direct to me.

E. E. KNOTT,

48 Adelaide St., East, Toronto.

THE LILY

is a perfect gem, equa to an imported French Corset; fits like a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured only by

THE CROMPTON CORSET CO.

78 YORK STREET, TORONTO.

RENNIE'S SEEDS

SELECT Field, Garden AND Flower

ARE THE BEST

THE HANDSOMEST AND MOST COMPLETE CATALOGUE FOR 1884

FREE TO ALL INTENDING PURCHASERS.

WM. RENNIE, TORONTO.

ments were soon made to still further test his abilities in a twenty-five-mile race against the record.

It took place recently in the Washington Park Rink, Brooklyn, with a result that threw all former records far in the shade, and leaves him without a rival in this branch of athletics.

The scene on the ice during the great race was a very novel and beautiful one. Thousands of merry skaters glanced and whirled, singly or in couples, and hundreds chased from side to side of the great quadrangle to catch a glimpse of the tireless skater as he passed the most favorable points of view. On one side ef the course a dense mass of expectant humanity formed a lane, leaving a pathway about twelve feet wide for the skater, and in the middle distance the judges, timekeepers, and recorders formed an equally interested group at their table. The track is a quarter of a mile, with several sharp turns, and as the spectators watched the racer dashing down the straight stretches it seemed next to impossible for him to round the corners without a collision.

Near the track it was impossible to study his actions closely. At the cry, "There he comes!" the crowd leaned eagerly forward. There was a rapidly increasing and musical ring of steel on ice, the flash past of a dark body, like the flitting of a shadow, which shrank and faded away in a rapid diminuendo of perspective most trying to the eye unaccustomed to such rapid movements. It was only by repeatedly watching him in this position that the spectator could catch an inkling of the secret of his suprising speed. You noted a powerful outward

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clans failed to relieve me and I kept growing worse. I suffered intensely and the only relief I could possibly obtain was by lying upon my back and this was only temporary."

"But you are looking well and strong now, Mr. Alvord. How did you bring about the change?"

"By using a remedy which is very popular and which I have found wonderfully efficient—Warner's Safe Cure. Indeed it has proven remarkable in its power over me. I believe in it and therefore recommend it to others, especially to those who are advanced in life; who feel a breaking down when there is no necessity and whose lost vitality and manhood remind them of their increasing years."

The interview then drifted to other topics, but as the reporter gazed at the man whose experience is so ripe and who has seen so much of the different phases of life, he could not but wish that those who are suffering from the various forms of physical ailment, and especially those persons who are advanced in years, might see and converse with the veteran whose experience and knowledge have been so rich and who is so firm a believer in the efficacy of the remedy that cured him. There is no excuse for shortening life, as so many have done and are doing. There is no necessity for "breaking down" early in years. Premature decay and death are a disgrace to our modern civilization. They are wholly needless and men or women who permit them when they can be so easily avoided should blame no one but themselves.

They do say that the photograph of a Colorado senator got mixed into a pack of cards in use at a game in Washington and wasn't noticed for eight hands, everybody playing it for the Jack of spades.

PECTORIA! Pectoria! Pectoria! the great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Hoarseness, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat or Chest. Pectoria loosens the phlegm and breaks up the Cough. 25 cents per bottle. Don't give up untill you have tried Pectoria, all Druggists and General Storekeepers sell it.

A good fit: A fit of laughter.

CORNS! CORNS! Tender corns, painful corns, soft corns, bleeding corns, hard corns, corns of all kinds and of all sizes, are alike removed in a few days by the use of PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR. Never fails to cure, never causes pain, never leaves deep spots that are more annoying than the original discomfort. Give Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor a trial. Beware of substitutes Sold by druggists everywhere. Polson & Co., Kingston, proprs.

Another trial of three members of the commissariat service for offenses committed during the Turkish war is about to begin at St. Petersburg.

Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops. The prescription of an old Canadian Practitioner. The best remedy for the Lungs, in large bottles at 50 cents. For sale every where.

A San Francisco man was recently found dead with a bottle of water clutched in his nerveless hand. He had probably in a thoughtless moment taken a swallow of it and the shock proved too much for him.

The Triangle Package Dyes have won their way to public favor, solely on their own merits, and are now to be found in every section of the country. 30 colors. All perfect. 10c.

A.P 167

BANK BARNS, CHEESE FACTORIES,

Creameries, Farm Houses, Granaries, Grist, Flour and Saw Mills, Stables, Bridges, Drainage of Land, etc. Plans and Estimates prepared and advice given for alterations, improvements, or new buildings,

CHARGES MODERATE.

ALAN MACDOUGALL,

Consulting, Civil, and Sanitary Engineer, Mail Building, Toronto, Ont.

WM. RENNIE, TORONTO.

ELM CITY HARNESS OIL

BASED ON NEATS FOOT OIL,

Is the finest harness dressing made. It softens and preserves the leather, and gives it a fine finish. Ask your saddler for it

F. F. DALLEY & CO.,

HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

Sole Agents for the Dominion

BEAVER S. S. LINE,

WEEKLY BETWEEN

QUEBEC, MONTREAL, AND LIVERPOOL

CALLING AT

QUEENSTOWN AND BELFAST

For owest rates and all particulars apply to

H. E. MURRAY, BEAVER LINE, MONTREAL.

F. E. DIXON & CO.

Manufacturers of Star Rivet

Leather Belting

70 King Street, East, Toronto.

Large double Drivin Belts a specialty. Send or Price Lists and Discounts.

30 DAYS' TRIAL

DR. DYE'S

(BEFORE.)

(AFTER.)

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

Dominion Line of Steamships.

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter ths.

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.

*Sarnia, Feb. 28. | Ontario, Mar. 20.
Montreal, Mar. 6. | Toronto, Mar. 27.
*Oregon, Mar. 13. | Dominion, Apl.

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $60, $65, $80; return, $99, $108. $117, $144, according to steamer and berth. Intermediate, $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent, or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal.

SEND

FIVE CENTS and get a sample copy of TRUTH, the best 28-page Weekly Magazine published. See the big list of books given FREE to each yearly subscriber and clubber. S. FRANK WILSON, 33 & 35 Adelaide St., West, Toronto, Canada.

M. W. DUNHAM

HAS IMPORTED

90 PER CENT OF ALL HORSES

Ever Imported

From France to America,

Whose Purity of Blood is established by their Recorded Pedigrees in the Percheron Stud Book of France, which is the only Draft Horse Record of that country.

Mr. Dunham has just published a 25,000 edition of his handsomely illustrated 140 page catalogue for 1884, containing descriptions and pedigrees (many for 10 generations) of

450 STALLIONS & MARES

Now on hand. All Stallions Guaranteed Breeders. Catalogue free. Address, M. W. DUNHAM, Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois. (35 miles west of Chicago, on C. & N.-W. R'y.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of roperty in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDENS
BOOK STORE

IS NOT ONLY

CENTRAL OFFICE OF THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

But it is the place to buy cheap

School Books

—AND STATIONERY—

Of every description. Another big supply of

LADIES' HAND SATCHELS

That cannot be beaten.

CALL AND SEE THE THOMAS ORGANS

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, (W. D. Madden, Deputy) at Madden's Book Store.

ROUND TOWN.

—Town Council next Monday evening.

—The County Council is in session and the genial reeve and deputy are abroad.

—Wanted, an intelligent boy to learn the printing business. Apply at THE EXPRESS OFFICE.

—The Napanee cornet band are negotiating with Mr. Brooks, an E flat player of Picton, to come here as leader.

—Dr. Grange is erecting an office, kitchen and dining-room in the rear of his residence, corner Bridge and Centre-sts.

—At the last regular meeting of the A. O. U. W. ten applications for membership were received. The order is "booming" in Napanee.

—The marble season is approaching. "Knuckle down tight" is a better indication of spring than the appearance of a robin or an organ grinder.

—Mr. Robt. Burley had 36 empty grain bags stolen from his sleigh on Tuesday evening from the Brisco House hotel yard. The party who took the property has been traced and if the matter is not settled he will be made an example of, as he is an old offender.

—Mr. John Forbes of Woodstock has made a match to run Wm. Boyd of that town, formerly of Napanee, against Carruthers of Kingston. The race will be 100 yards for $250 a side, and will take place in Toronto

—On Friday afternoon last two vehicles came into collision while turning the corner of John and Dundas-sts. The shaft of one sleigh was broken, but no other damage was done.

—The pancake social will be held according to announcement in the M. E. Church on Tuesday evening next, 18th inst. Buckwheat pancakes and maple syrup. A good programme will be rendered. Tickets, 25c. All are invited.

—Mr. Michael Normoile, who lives near the station, is the owner of a splendid lot of poultry, and lately has been missing some of his finest birds. Saturday evening he set a trap, and in less than an hour a large mink was caught. It was shot.

—A meeting of the Napanee Lacrosse Club was held at the Huffman House on Friday evening last for the purpose of re-organizing for the coming season and to arrange for a dramatic performance. A committee was appointed to negotiate with the Belleville Dramatic Club for that purpose. We understand the performance will take place after Lent. Another meeting of the club will be held this (Friday) evening at the same place for the election of officers. A full attendance of the members is requested.

Summary of attendance in the Napanee Public Schools for February, 1884:—

	No. on Reg.	Av. attend.	Greatest No. pres.	Ag. attend.
WEST WARD.				
Miss Aylsworth	44	29	34	660
" Fraser	53	38	46	729
" Ballantyne	41	29	33	597
" Lafferty	67	51	58	1073
" Walsh	52	40	44	933
" Mair	48	36	40	756
Mr. Bowerman	64	49	59	1035
Total	369	271		5691
EAST WARD.				
Miss Shipman	59	33	40	693
" Detlor	54	36	41	747
" Anderson	49	35	44	728
Mr. Black	60	44	51	924
Total	222	418		3092
Total for the town	591	418		8783

School open 21 days.

A Thief Trapped.

A west-end groceryman lately noticed that the quantity of tea in a tea-box in his store was diminishing more rapidly than his sales warranted, and very naturally came to the conclusion that somebody or something was in the habit of pilfering it. He resolved to discover the guilty one, and for that purpose purchased a large steel rat-trap and placed it in the box, covering it well over with tea. Shortly afterwards agonizing cries were heard proceeding from the vicinity of the tea-box, and on the merchant hastening thither he found that he had caught some-"thing" indeed. The author of the cries proved to be a full-sized man, who shouted lustily to be released from his bonds. Before doing so the merchant searched the pockets of his victim and found therein a large quantity of tea, of which the fellow was relieved, and then given the "g. b." in the most approved style. The matter was let drop.

OBITUARY NOTES.

—We regret to learn that Mr. Geo. Fraser, printer, who left Napanee for Denver, Colorado, about three or four weeks ago for the benefit of his health, died in that city on Friday last. He was a good typo and a most estimable young man. He leaves a two children who have the sympathy of a host of friends. The remains were interred in Colorado.

—A telegram was received by J. M. Parrott, Esq., County Treasurer, from Lindsay, announcing the death of his brother, James

Richmond.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Plenty of snow yet and the roads are very rough.

—The large maple grove purchased by Mr. Empey is about cut down.

—We are pleased to hear that Mr. Jacob Cline is able to be about again.

—Mr. Michael Pringle has bought part of Mr. Peter Barton's farm.

—Mr. B. Chamberlain is preparing to build a new house.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Merle Sills has been visiting friends in Hay Bay.....Miss Nina Leslie is visiting friends in this vicinity.....Mrs. Michael Pringle has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Empey, at Storrrington.....Mr. Thomas Wagar is about leaving home again for the West.

Hay Bay.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Plenty of snow.

—Roads quite passable.

—Parties about played.

—Grangers taking their ease.

PERSONALS.—Reeve Parks is attending the County Council at Napanee....Mr. James E. Huffman and wife are visiting friends in Prince Edward County....Miss Ella Robinson, of Selby, is visiting at Mr. Nelson Dafoe's....Miss Myra Fretz is visiting at Napanee....Mr. Ezra and Miss Carrie Huffman were present at the wedding of Mr. Edward Milligan and Miss Maggie Reid, at Amherst Island....Charlie's new brick house is still vacant; leap year girls.... Mr. Elisha Sharp is convalescent.

—The necktie social and oyster supper announced in your last issue, though the weather was not inviting, was a very good success. Mr. Duprau was present, and as he is a man of eloquence and ability, it would be useless to say that he didn't do justice on such an occasion. Proceeds, about $23. CASSIVELANNIE.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. Charles Shibley, of Portland, brought 84 bushels of grain to the grist mill here through these heavy roads with one horse. The distance was about five miles.

—Mr. John Chapman a widower of Ernestown, was married to Mrs. Huffman, a widow residing near Moscow.

—Mr. Allan Weagant, formerly school teacher here, is on a visit to his brother, Dr. Weagant.

—Mrs. Allison has returned home after a long visit.

—The Ontario Legislature in amending the law regarding County Councils should put it out of their power to go beyond a certain amount for their services, especially township councillors.

—Our hotel keepers, before they receive a new license, should be restrained from giving liquor to some men who are ruining themselves and families. But so long as they have five cents the liquor will be given. It is a shame and disgrace to our county that men in a Christian community should be allowed to ruin themselves and their families, and no one to interfere.

—The Beaver's classical correspondent in order to fill up his paper has given us a short chapter of his early days. He must have sat too long before the blackboard, for its dark shade is visible in the chaste and flowery expressions he employs. No wonder the poor fellow cannot improve himself from reading THE EXPRESS and other Reform journals, for like the sow that washed, he turns again to wallow in the Tory mire and garbage furnished by the Mail.

Enterprise.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—I see you have no regular correspondence from this little hamlet and I think it a shame if as fine a place as this can't afford one.

—Business is brisk and Enterprise is booming. This is a very Enterpris-ing place.

—Mr. J. Lockwood has broke up shantying, and his mill-yard shows that he has not been idle.

—Mr. E. Clark has been seriously ill but we are glad to hear that he is on the gain and hope to see him with us before long.

—Miss Ida Wier is also seriously ill.

—It is rumored around town that our friend Mr. George Loveless is about to remove to the State of Michigan and the Mill Company has bought his possessions. We wish him success.

—We were much surprised last week at the unexpected arrival of Mr. Amos Yeomans, who has been absent from this place twenty-three years, in British Columbia, trading with the Indians.

—Mr. Wellington Wagar has arrived home from Michigan well pleased with the place, and intends going back soon.

—The young people of this place and the surroundings had a party at the residence of Mr.

a match to run Wm. Boyd of that town, formerly of Napanee, against Carruthers of Kingston. The race will be 100 yards for $250 a side, and will take place in Toronto on the 10th of April next at the new lacrosse grounds.

—Mr. James Jamieson of North Gower, brother of Mr. J. Jamieson, M.P. and Mr. Thos. Jamieson of Napanee, died on Tuesday last. The deceased gentleman was in the 49th year of his age. Mr. Jamieson left town Wednesday morning to attend the funeral.

—Any person anxious to have a good time would secure it by going out to Wilton to their church social on the 20th inst. 15c. admission. Good hot coffee and any quantity of eatables. The intellectual food will be of a superior quality. Take your girl, she'll enjoy it if you don't.

Tavernier's Comedy Company gave two excellent performances in the Opera House Wednesday and Thursday evenings. Miss Ida Van Cortland is a powerful emotional actress and is well supported, while little Annie Bird, the child actress, is a marvel of intelligence. The Company is in every respect worthy of liberal patronage.

—We were yesterday shown a copy of "The Upper Canada Herald," published at Kingston, bearing date Sept. 13, 1825. Its contents mainly consists of selections from English magazines and newspapers. In the advertising columns is a notice of dissolution of partnership between Wm. Church and D. McKenzie, of Fredericksburgh.

—Capt. Atkins has taken command of the Saved Army corps here, and its future is again brightened. On Tuesday evening there was a concert and the Captain was presented with one of Gardner's Baby Jumpers by the inventor, Mr. C. T. Gardner, on behalf of the corps. The chair was occupied by Mr. E. S. Lapum. The band was present and gave some fine selections. The attendance was large and a pleasant evening was spent.

—Another case of petty larceny has come to light within the last few days. A farmer placed a parcel of tea in his sleigh under a certain hotel shed, and when he returned the tea was gone. He suspected the guilty one who denied all knowledge of the article, but the farmer was too cute for him. The goods were found at his house and $25 was offered to settle the matter. This would make the tea worth over $4 per lb.

—We are pleased to learn that the rumour which in some way got abroad that Dr. Wray, dentist, contemplated removing from town, is without foundation. Mr. Wray's business has increased wonderfully the past year and he has not the remotest idea of making a change. His numerous patrons will find him as usual ready to fulfill all professional engagements. Office—Rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Clements, over Roblin & Ford's store, Dundas-st.

—A frightful railway accident was averted at the Opera House Wednesday evening by an alert property man. The play was "Under the Gaslight" and when the railway scene was being enacted the tender jumped the track at a critical moment and for a second the audience was terror stricken at the imminent peril of the couple beside the track, when a burly supe. grasped the recalcitrant car and pushed it through to its destination. No lives were lost and the damage to rolling stock was merely nominal.

—A. L. Morden, Esq., chairman of the Board of Education, entertained the members of the Board and the press at an oyster supper on Tuesday evening after the Board had adjourned. The oysters were served in capital style at Mr. Dickens' restaurant. Bachelor though he is, Mr. Morden proved himself a most genial and hospitable host. His guests marvelled that he had not long ago exercised his talents in this regard on a more extended scale. He is a most efficient presiding officer; perhaps he may yet—well who knows?

in Colorado.

—A telegram was received by J. M. Parrott, Esq., County Treasurer, from Lindsay, announcing the death of his brother, James Parrott, Esq., of Camden East, which sad event took place at the residence in that town of his son-in-law, Mr. E. McTavish, jr. The cause of death was paralysis, to attacks of which the deceased gentleman was a subject. The remains will arrive in town to-day and will be taken to Camden East for interment.

—The many friends of Dr. McGurn, late of Marysville, will regret to hear of his death, which sad event took place on Monday last at Alpena, Mich., where he has been practicing his profession for the last couple of years. As recorded in these columns some weeks ago he was prostrated a couple of months ago by blood poisoning contracted during a post mortem examination. He had the best medical skill—Dr. Sullivan of Kingston having gone out to attend him—but all efforts to save his life were futile. The deceased young gentleman was making his mark in the west in his profession, and his early death is very sad indeed. His remains are expected home to-day for interment.

LAST MINUTE LOCALS.

—Messrs. Herring & Son, on Wednesday last, disposed of the balance of their stock of glass to McArthur, Corneil & Co., Montreal.

—McAlister is now showing two hundred ready-made suits in men's, youths' and boys' sizes.

—John B. McLaughlin, of Newburgh, was yesterday committed by Squire James as a dangerous lunatic. The unfortunate man sustained a shot wound during the American war which has effected his reason.

—J. F. McAlister is sole agent for Christys' English Hats, also full lines of American and Canadian styles.

—Returning home from town fair day Bob Fitchett and a man named Knight got into an altercation by their rigs getting into a pitch hole, the result of which was that Fitchett gave Knight a severe pumelling. Knight had his assailant before the Mayor on Tuesday and a fine of $10 was imposed.

—Over three hundred pieces of tweeds and coatings to select your spring suit from at McAlister's. Mr. Williamson gives universal satisfaction as a cutter.

—Mr. Fred. Miller's Uncle Tom's Cabin Company appear in the Opera House next Tuesday evening. The Company includes a number of the popular soloists of the Tennessee Jubilee Singers, so well known in Napanee. It is the strongest Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. on the road. The press of Toronto and Hamilton speak in the highest terms of the performances. Reserved seats at J. J. Perry's drug store.

—Division Court was held on Wednesday before Judge Price. There was the usual docket. The only case of public interest was that of the Township of Richmond vs. N. A. Caton, late Treasurer, for $100. It seems that the banks only credited the collector with a payment of $500, while the receipt held by the collector was $600. Mr. Caton's defence was that he made a mistake in the receipt. The case was adjourned till next court.

—Wm. Chambers, post-master at Close's Mills, was up before Squire James on Monday, charged with keeping a vicious dog, which attacked a young lady, daughter of Mr. George Vanalsting, and tore her arm in several places. The young lady was retiring from the post-office at the time. It was shown that the dog had attacked other people before. The case was adjourned till Thursday, when it was settled by Chambers paying $25 and agreeing to destroy the animal.

—Two scamps arrived in town this week with two girls of dissolute character and put up at a leading hotel as married people. On Wednesday one couple made a disgraceful exhibition on Dundas-st., the man being drunk and driving about in a reckless manner, while the woman's condition was little better. After trying to run into several rigs Constable Holmes took them in charge and placed them in the lock-up, where they remained all night. Thursday they were before the Mayor, and the man was fined $5 and costs and the woman $1 and costs in default of payment they are now in gaol.

The Greatest Healing Compound

is a preparation of carbolic acid, vaseline and cerate called McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. It will cure any sore, cut, burn or bruise when all other preparations fail. Call at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package. Twenty-five cents is all it costs.

—Mr. Wellington Wagar has arrived home from Michigan well pleased with the place, and intends going back soon.

—The young people of this place and the surroundings had a party at the residence of Mr. T. Wilson, on Friday night last, and all enjoyed themselves, but in the end one gentleman got whittled out. But never mind, Wess.

—There is to be a concert in the C. M. Church in behalf of the Sunday School, on the evening of the 18th. All are cordially invited and a good time is expected. Admission 15 cents, children 10 cents.

Bath.

Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—An accident of quite a painful nature happened to our worthy Dr. Kennedy, during a drive through the snowdrifts on Saturday last. His horse became unmanageable and ran away, capsizing the cutter and giving the Doctor an ugly wound on his head. He lay for some time quite unconscious and it was with difficulty that he made his way to the nearest house. He is, we are happy to say, now able to resume his work.

AT REST.—Mr. John Galt, an old and highly respected resident of South Fredericksburgh, was consigned to the tomb on Sunday last at the Lutheran cemetery in that township. He was buried with Masonic honors, and notwithstanding that the day was a stormy one, quite a large number of his fraternity were present to do honor to his memory.

DIVISION COURT.—Owing to the great storm of Saturday last His Honor Judge Wilkison could not fill his appointment at the sittings of this court at Bath. This is the first time in 15 years that he has failed to be present when there was business on the docket to be attended to, and we are assured he would have been with us at this sittings if it had been possible for him to make his way through the snow blockade and the blinding blizzard which attended it. The Court stands adjourned till the 19th inst.

—Our people are looking forward to connection with the G. T. R. the coming summer. The Company look upon the connection with favor, and if our city fathers are alive to their interests we will be looped in on the double track and made a permanent and paying station.

For all Ages.

The aged, debilitated and infirm will find renewed vigor and strength by taking Burdock Blood Bitters. The young hastening to early decay will also find in

Church Notes.

—The Rev. David Winter, Conference Evangelist of the Methodist Church of Canada, commences on the last Sabbath of this month gospel meetings in our town.

—This (Friday) evening in the C. M. Church, under the auspices of the Y. P. M. & L. S. the Rev. M. L. Pearson will lecture upon "Reminicenses of a visit to Britain and France." Admission—Silver.

—On last Tuesday evening, by invitation of Rev. M. L. Pearson and lady, the members of the Pastor's class and the Sunday School Bible class, which is under the direction of S. Gibson, Esq., assembled at the parsonage. A most enjoyable evening was spent. Singing, conversation and getting acquainted formed the special features of the programme. At 9.30 refreshments were served, and at 11 o'clock, the singing of a number of well known hymns with an earnest prayer by Capt. Atkins, terminated a very pleasurable evening.

Personals.

—Mrs. Edward Storr, of Ottawa, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Peter Fraser, Clarksville road.

—Mrs. W. Ferguson, of Oswego, N.Y., is visiting relatives in town this week.

—Mr. W. R. Membery and Miss Membery, of Adolphustown, are spending the week in town.

—Mr. Sills, of Picton, better known as "Old Baldwin," is visiting his brother, Mr. G. B. Sills, License Inspector.

—Mr. Fred Bell, of Brighton, formerly of Napanee, is now in town visiting friends before going to Montana.

—Miss Armour, of Bowmanville, and Miss Ham. of Conway, who have just returned from a visit to friends in Ottawa, are guests of R. G. Wright, Esq.

—Mr. Ted Flagherty has resigned his situation with Mr. A. T. Harshaw and accepted a position in Messrs. Hennessy & Co.'s large dry goods establishment, Belleville.

—Mr. T. B. Howe, cutter, of Toronto, at one time with Messrs. A. C. Davis & Bro., for several years in this place, paid the town a visit on Tuesday renewing old acquaintances. Mr. Howe has resided in Toronto since, and has just returned from a visit to friends in the old country. It seems strange that a good, honest Scotchman like Mr. Howe should be arrested in Liverpool for a Fenian, but he was only detained an hour and a half and honorably acquitted.

—Mr. J. D. Dunlop, late of this town and formerly of Orillia, passed a highly successful examination before the Medical Faculty of New York City University last week, and was admitted to the degree of M. D. He took 92 1-7 per cent of the marks. We congratulate our young friend on his achievement and wish him success in the practice of his profession. We understand that he intends opening an office at Northport, on the Hudson, about 10 miles from New York.

Arden.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

PRESENTATION. — Miss Libbie Laurence, daughter of Rev. J. Laurence, went home from school a few days ago with a light heart, being made by her teacher and school mates the recipient of a beautiful autograph album and scent bottle, accompanied by the following nicely worded address —

DEAR LIBBIE,—Having endeared yourself to the hearts of your teacher and school mates during the short time you have been among us by your many estimable qualities, we would at this time desire to give expression to our love towards you by presenting you with this address and accompanying trifles as a mark of our esteem for you. With the sincere desire that your health may improve and that soon you may be as strong and healthy as we are,

With the kindest affection for you, your dear parents and little brothers, we are your loving friends,

J. W. PRICE, Teacher.

MINNIE OSBORNE,	GRACE WILLIAMS,
VICKIE OSBORNE,	MARY FLETCHER,
ARCHIE OSBORNE,	FRED WILLIAMS,
RHODA WILLIAMS,	AGGIE MAUD MILLS,
JACOB WILLIAMS,	BLANCHE MILLS.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—On Sundays the 2nd and 9th inst. Rev. Mr. Drew, of Yarker, preached in the C. M. Church, Wilton, on "Brains and Heart" in religion. They were masterly efforts, rich in spicy quotations and eloquent effusions. They bore unmistakeable evidences of much thought and deep research. The voluntaries by the choir, selected especially for the occasions, were brilliant in their execution. Much credit is due to the ladies and gentleman comprising the choir for the extra efforts they put forth, and great credit is due the popular leader, Mr. Koyl, for the marked improvement made. Next to taking up the collection, being leader of a choir is one

THE PALACE GROCERY

Hogle Block, - - Main-St., Bath,

D. L. PAUL, Prop.

GROCERIES & CONFECTIONERY

In great variety and at prices unequalled for cheapness in this county.

☞ I HAVE A "CORNER" IN THE GROCERY TRADE in this section and shall continue to dispense them at ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

☞ NOW IS THE TIME TO LAY in your supplies for spring. I can get forty degrees below zero on prices and YET KEEP WARM.

KUM AND C ME.

Bath, March 5th, 1884. D. L. PAUL.

NEW GOODS FOR EARLY SPRING TRADE.

EMBROIDERIES,

Irish Crochet Trimmings, Linen Lace, &c.,

At from 10 to 20 per cent. under regular prices.

☞ A FULL STOCK OF KNITTING COTTONS OF ALL SIZES AND COLORS.

Dundas-st., Napanee. **C. F. HENDERSON.**

COMPLIMENTS TO EVERYBODY.

One Hundred Cases of BOOTS and SHOES, TRUNKS and VALISES to arrive at

The People's Boot and Shoe Store,

First week in March, CHEAPER and NEATER than ever.

Thanks to the Public for their Liberal Patronage.

Remember Our One Price System.

GEO. E MAYBEE.

NEW : GOODS : FOR : SPRING

—AT—

R. P. LAHEY'S.

Full Range Men's Tweed Suits,
Full Range Youths' Tweed Suits,
Full Range Boys' Tweed Suits,
Job Lot Coats Pants and Vests.

We have the nicest assortment of—

American Hard and Soft Felt Hats ENGLISH HARD AND SOFT FELT

ladies and gentleman comprising the choir for the extra efforts they put forth, and great credit is due the popular leader, Mr. Koyl, for the marked improvement made. Next to taking up the collection, being leader of a choir is one of the most prominent positions a man can fill in the work of the church.

—A large number of invited guests enjoyed themselves on the evening of the 5th inst. at the residence of the second Deputy-Reeve, Mr. Johnson, who has the pleasing faculty of making visitors feel comfortable and then urging them to eat till they feel uncomfortable, and judging from the list of guests I rather think there was a large amount of provision disposed of and they didn't require much urging to accomplish it.

—Extra effort is being put forth to obtain means for paying the pastoral financial deficiency, and a series of social or sort of travelling tea-meetings will be held, at which choice provender, delightful music and excellent readings will add to the success of the gatherings.

—The first social in connection with the C. M. Church, Wilton, took place at the residence of Sidney Warner, Esq., on Wednesday evening. About one hundred were present. Good coffee and music and a very pleasant time. The next social will be given by Mr. James Thompson and Mr. Wm. Walker in Grange Hall, Wilton, on Thursday evening, March 20th, at 7 p. m. Readings, recitations, and lots of music. The Yarker band are are kindly invited to visit Wilton, attend this social and give the Wiltonites some good music.

ERNEST.

International Throat and Lung Institute.

For the treatment of Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Laryngitis and Consumption in the first and second stages, and all diseases of the nose, throat and lungs by the aid of the Spirometer, invented by Dr. M. Souville of Paris, ex-surgeon of the French army.

Head office, London, Eng. Branches, Montreal, Toronto, Boston, Detroit and Winnipeg.

Physicians and sufferers may try the Spirometer free. Consultation free. If unable to call personally and be examined, write for list of questions and copy of "International News," published monthly. Address, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 13 Phillips' Square, Montreal.

Fact Stranger than Fiction.

It is a fact that Alonzo Howe of Tweed, had a fever sore that afflicted him for thirty-five years. Six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured him, which he considers almost a miracle. It was but the natural result of the remedy restoring pure blood and perfect secretion.

Crushed by the Cars.

A little son of John Spinks, Toronto, had his foot crushed by a G. T. R. express train some time ago. Two doctors attended him without benefit, and amputation was proposed, but Hagyard's Yellow Oil was tried, which gave prompt relief and effected a speedy cure, even removing all stiffness of the joint.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

THE SURE CURE

FOR

KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CONSTIPATION, PILES, AND BLOOD DISEASES.

PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.

"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. P. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

"Kidney-Wort is always reliable." Dr. R. N. Clark, So. Hero, Vt.

"Kidney-Wort has cured my wife after two years suffering." Dr. C. M. Summerlin, Sun Hill, Ga.

IN THOUSANDS OF CASES

it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, **CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION,** but harmless in all cases.

☞ **It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens and gives New Life** to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system. 2

PRICE, $1.00 LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Burlington Vt.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

Job Lot Coats Pants and Vests.

We have the nicest assortment of——

American Hard and Soft Felt Hats, ENGLISH HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS. A large and nicely selected stock of all the latest novelties in **Men's Furnishing Goods,**

UMBRELLAS, RUBBER COATS, MEN'S OVERALLS, SMOCKS, &c., &c.

All new fresh goods at far below the regular Napanee prices. Rennie Block,

R. P. LAHEY.

1884) SPRING. (1884

------NAPANEE------

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Our efforts to give the farmers of these counties at their own doors a superior article are appreciated and our celebrated

2-HORSE IRON CULTIVATORS

Are meeting with a ready and steady sale. All who use them pronounce them as a Cultivator

☞The Very Model of Perfection,☜

And to meet the increased demand upon us we have in course of construction an extra number, so that our customers may not be dissapointed this spring (as many were last season) in securing a Cultivator which works complete, is strong, durable and cheap.

We shall be pleased if parties who have spoken for Cultivators will take delivery at an early date and those who have not yet purchased should call at once and secure one and have it in readiness for the spring work.

REPAIRING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing and job work, and will spare no pains to turn out work that will give the utmost satisfaction.

Farmers having machinery to repair should see that it is done at once, as better work can be done now than in the busy harvest season. Bring in your machines at once and have them repaired, in readiness for the harvest, at the

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

JOHN HERRING.

February 8th, 1884.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

—o—

The **Oldest American Company** doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(ESTABLISHED 1809.)

—o—

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.

Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 64 years **Over Fifty-four Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor

ENGAGEMENTS.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23RD—C. E. Callahan's Burlesque Comedy Drama, "Fogg's Ferry."

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued by NORMAN STORMS, Violet. Applications strictly private and confidential. 20-6 mos.

FOR SALE.—From one to three first-class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships. CHARLES LANE.
Napanee, February 21st, 1884. 15-5 mos.

FOR SALE.—Fife Wheat—Superior quality -Suitable for seed. The highest price paid for Oats and all kinds of Grain.
20- HOOPER & PERCY,
Newburgh.

TO LET.—The premises formerly occupied by THE EXPRESS on East street. Immediate possession given. Suitable for a manufactory of any kind. Apply to Mr. E. S. LAPUM or to Mr. W. M. O'BEIRNE.

FOR SALE.—A first-class Brick Dwelling and Lot, on the corner of Centre and Isabella streets. The house is well finished and has every convenience. Excellent out-buildings and garden; most desirable location. Without doubt the cheapest property in Napanee. Apply to ROBT. McDONALD, Proprietor, Tichbourne House. 20-

NAPANEE LIME WORKS.

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first-class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the County. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.
20-1y PERRY & GALT.

NOTICE.

Mr. Norman Scott having retired from the firm of Scott & Perry, wood workers, the business will in future be carried on by the undersigned, who solicits public patronage.
PERRY & CO.

SEED
POTATOES AND OATS FOR 1884.

The Bay View Farm, Deseronto,

offer an excellent stock of Seed Potatoes at very much below the catalogue rates of reliable seedsmen. The varieties were imported last season not only to procure change of seed but also to procure desirable new sorts. We offer Jumbo White Elephant, White Star Early Beauty of Hebron, St. Patrick Brownell's Best, Burbank's Seedling Early Ohio, and an extra quality of Early Rose. All varieties are warranted true to name and thoroughly matured. They are all free from disease and other defects. We also offer White Russian Oats of fine quality. This is without doubt the best White Seed Oat grown, being an immense cropper and large bright grain. Our seed will weigh from 40 lbs. to 43 lbs. to the struck bushel, and this weight is an *average* of the oats grown on all sorts of soil. Call on or address,

D. E. HOWATT, Supt.,
Deseronto, Ont.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned having decided to retire from active business will offer the following valuable properties for sale:—

Lot No. 26, 6th Con. N. Fredericksburgh

containing 167 acres; about 140 acres under cultivation. Situated on the York road within three miles of Napanee. Good frame house and excellent outbuildings; well watered by creek, spring and wells. A most desirable property.

West Half Lot No. 10, 2nd Con. Camden,

containing 100 acres; 75 acres under cultivation, remainder pasture land. This property adjoins the village of Napanee Mills, five miles from Napanee and 1½ miles from Newburgh. There are on the premises a frame house, large barn with stone stables underneath.

The Napanee Mills Lime Works,

situated on Lots 10 and 11, 1st Con. Camden, on the banks of Napanee river and also adjoining the village of Napanee Mills. The property consists of 86 acres in a high state of cultivation. There are on the property two large lime kilns which supply the Napanee Cement Works; three or four dwellings and large outhouses.

ALSO THE

FINE LARGE RESIDENCE

of the undersigned with commodious outbuildings, garden, &c.

This property offers a splendid opening for a man of some means desirous of embarking in a very profitable business.

For full particulars as to price and terms apply to
GEORGE LASHER,
23 Proprietor, Napanee Mills P.O.

COUNTY NEWS.

Moscow.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

OBIT.—A sad and sudden death occurred on Friday morning last in the person of Miss Maggie Huffman, daughter of Edward Huffman, Esq. She was taken ill April 1st and was a great sufferer. Drs. Weagant, Beeman and Dupuois were summoned, but all agreed that medical assistance would be of no avail. She was an amiable young lady about twenty years of age, and previous to her sickness was the picture of health. Her sad and sudden death has cast a gloom over the entire community. The funeral took place at the C. M. Church here on Sunday last and was attended by a large concourse of sorrowing friends. The family have the deepest sympathy in their sad bereavement.

—Mr. Wilson Degroff has about twenty acres of wheat sown. Wilson is always ahead.

Sillsville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The new cheese factory in course of erection here is fast approaching completion and presents a fine appearance. The building is of wood, is situated on a plot of ground adjoining the town hall and will be painted as soon as completed. The directors of the company are Messrs. J. Rennie, D. G. Vandewater and S. Mullett, and no expense will be spared in making the factory a first-class one in every particular. The carpenter work has been done by Mr. G. B. Carn and sons in their usual neat and careful manner. The utensils of the factory are entirely new and are being supplied by Mr. R. G. Wright, of Napanee. Some of the presses and vats arrived yesterday, and will be put in during the week. The directors have made arrangements with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Diamond for the manufacture of cheese during the season. Milk waggons will be put on four different routes and operations will probably be commenced on the 1st day of May.

Deseronto.

[From the Tribune.]

—A movement is on foot which has for its laudable object the formation of a brass band in this village.

—Mr. Campbell, late of the Banner Mill, Buffalo, arrived in town on Monday to enter upon the position of head miller of the Deseronto Flour Mills. The Mills close for a few days to make some repairs and add some late improvements.

—A young man named T. G. Culbertson was in the act of loading a revolver the other day when it went off accidentally, the ball entering the left hand. Dr. Newton extracted the ball and the wounded hand is rapidly healing.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.—An emergency meeting of Craig Lodge No. 401 A. F. & A.M. was held in their hall on Tuesday evening with a full attendance of members. The meeting was called for the purpose of presenting an address and testimonial in the shape of a key stone to Mr. Chas. E. Greenacre, one of the members, who intends leaving Deseronto. The address was read by Mr. G. A. Browne, Secretary of the Lodge. Brother Greenacre replied in a short address. After some remarks from members and an address from the W. M. the meeting adjourned. The address was elegantly engrossed by Mr. Bedford. The Key Stone is of Parian marble, set in gold, having this inscription, "Presented to Chas. E. Greenacre by the officers and members of Craig Lodge No. 401 A. F. & A. M., of Deseronto, Ont., April, 1884." Mr. Greenacre, who intends going to South America, has made many friends here, and leaves Deseronto with the best wishes, not only of the Masonic Fraternity, but of the community at large.

Emerald.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Roads are excellent.

Mr. Norman Scott having retired from the firm of Scott & Perry, wood workers, the business will in future be carried on by the undersigned, who solicits public patronage.

PERRY & CO.

Napanee, April 2nd, 1884. 21

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second hand, stationery, 12 horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 17.

FARM FOR SALE.—South end of east-half of lot 28 in the 3rd concession of Camden, 4 miles from Newburgh and 3 miles from Clark's Mills), containing seventy acres, with good frame house, barn, outhouses, etc.; 50 acres cleared; the balance wood land; a good spring on the premises. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For full particulars apply to MRS. WATSON, care of Mr. WILLIAM DUNN, Moscow P. O. 12

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont

SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas-st., Napanee.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

(Opposite Railway Station) John-st., Napanee,

JOHN WHEELER, - - Proprietor.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name, style and firm of Grange & Coulter, was dissolved April 1st, 1884. All debts to be paid H. S. Grange.

HUGH SCOTT GRANGE.
WILL. G. L. COULTER.

C. DREWRY, Witness.
Napanee, April 3rd, 1884.

The undersigned begs to thank the public for their liberal support in the past and to solicit the continuance of the same in the future.

WILL. G. L. COULTER.

Napanee, April 3rd, 1884. 21

A JUMBO BARGAIN.—Farm for sale.—North half of lot No. 45, in the 4th concession of the township of Camden, at the village of Moscow, and only half a mile from station on the N.T. & Q.R., containing about one hundred acres, with about 80 acres fit for the plough and 20 acres pasture and wood land. This is a very desirable farm, having all the advantages of daily stage and mail, post and telegraph offices, good school, good and abundant water, good orchard, well fenced, small frame house with wood house attached, splendid frame barn, 36x48, with shed attached, 52x60, and good horse and cattle stable. The land is under excellent cultivation and contains all the good qualities of a Huffman street farm, and ready for crop in the spring. Good reasons given for selling. Apply to

ZARA VANLUVEN,

19-4pd-tf. Moscow P. O.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot, Centre Street,

Wharf Property.

Store and Lot, Dundas Street,

Building Lots, Robinson and Richard-sts.,

Farms and Mill Property, Croydon,

Farms in Sidney, Hasting County,

Oil Lands.

And all other property belonging to the estate of John Stevenson, deceased.

Apply to the Executors,

HOWARD S. STEVENSON.
JOHN H. STEVENSON.
W. H. STEVENSON.

Napanee, April 9th, 1884. 22-3 mos.

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able business.

For full particulars as to price and terms apply to

GEORGE LASHER,
Proprietor, Napanee Mills P.O.

23

AUCTION SALE OF TWO VALUABLE FARMS.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in mortgages held by the vendor, there will be offered for sale by public auction by James Allen, auctioneer, at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, on Thursday, the First day of May, A.D. 1884, at Twelve o'clock, noon, (separately) with immediate possession those two desirable freehold farms now occupied by Lewis Hartman, consisting of:—

I.—The west-half of Lot Number 27 in the 1st concession of the Township of Ernesttown, together with the broken front of said lot lying in front of the same on the shore of the Bay of Quinte. Distant by macadamized road about two miles from Mill Haven and four from Bath, with churches and schools convenient. There are about seventy-five acres cleared, well fenced and drained; a small orchard (mostly apples); about fourteen acres of wood, mostly maple, comprising a sugar bush; good pasture with creek running through the rear and convenient for cattle; large frame dwelling house in good order with wood shed and drive house attached and good well convenient; large frame barn with stable attached and a tenant's frame dwelling house in good order with wood shed attached.

II.—The south seventy-five acres of the west-half of Lot Number 42 in the 5th concession of the Township of Camden. Distant about ¼ a mile from Moscow, six from Newburgh and from Verona on K. & P. R.R., with excellent roads; nearly all cleared and well fenced, drained and watered; with a large frame house nearly new; new drive house attached; and large frame barn with stables, well, etc. convenient.

The purchaser must pay a deposit of one-tenth of his purchase money at the time of sale, when easy terms can be arranged for payment of the remainder.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the auctioneer or to

J. M. MACHAR,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated the 15th day of April, 1884. 23-2.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

will be received by Mr. D. Henwood, Chairman Street Committee of the Town Council, until

MONDAY, APRIL 28th, 1884,

at 12 o'clock, noon, to be opened in the presence of the Street Committee, for the building of a combination

SWING HIGHWAY BRIDGE

over the river at Napanee. Proposals must state the time in which to complete the work. Plans, specifications and forms of proposal and guarantee may be seen at the Engineer's office, corner East and Thomas streets.

The Committee reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

F. F. MILLER,
Chief Engineer.

Napanee, April 7th, 1884. 22-2 in.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A meeting of the

LICENSE COMMISSIONERS

—FOR THE—

COUNTY OF LENNOX

—WILL BE HELD IN THE—

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

—IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, ON—

Monday, the 21st Day of April, 1884,

to take into consideration all applications made for hotel and shop licenses in said county.

(By Order of the Board).

JOHN STEVENSON, Chairman.
JAMES DALY, Secretary.

Napanee, March 21st, 1884. 20 4.

Emerald.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Roads are excellent.

—Farmers are beginning to plough.

—The water is very high this spring.

BUILDING NOTES.—Mr. James Lyttle contemplates building a new barn this spring.....Mr. Daniel McTaggart has just finished painting his house.....Mr. Augustus Richards intends to build soon.....I am glad to announce the rapid progress in the construction of our Emerald wharf. Mr. William Chown has arrived from Stella and is superintending the work. It will be completed in a few days.

—The steamer Hero is expected up on Wednesday, the 16th inst., as the ice has nearly all disappeared.

—Mr. Reginald Fowler has rented his farm to Mr. Samuel Reid and intends building a new store at Emerald. We look forward to the time when Emerald will outrival Stella, and become a flourishing little village.

—Mr. John McDonough intends leaving next Tuesday for Chicago, where his relatives reside.

—This is good weather for sugar-making, and not a few are taking advantage of it.

—The Star grocery of Bath has passed into the hands of another, Lester Paul, the former proprietor, having taken his departure. His mother intends going to the U. S., where she has relatives.

—The lighthouses are sending forth their bright lights again.

—Mrs. Jos. Trimlett, of Bath, who has been very ill for some time, is getting around nicely again.

—We regret the sad death of Mr. John C. Murray, of Millhaven. Typhoid fever is said to have been the cause of his death. He leaves a wife and family to mourn his loss, as well as all who knew him.

—What is the cause of no fishing being allowed in the Bay of Quinte, and why are farmers permitted to fish without license? These are two questions which ought to be solved. How is it that the tavern-keeper cannot sell his alcohol without license, when the farmer can fish without one, and when the fishermen take out a license why not allow them to fish in the Bay as well as elsewhere?

—A house to rent or sell, belonging to Mr. Charles Willard, Stella, containing 5 rooms, with an acre of land. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

—Mr. Edward Milligan is settled on Mr. Howard's farm.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Farmers have commenced ploughing.

—The roads are becoming better. The snow in the swamps is fast disappearing, and the water has fallen in the river. The danger of a flood is over.

—Mr. Charles Wilmot, of the Newcastle fish hatchery, was accompanied by Mr. G. Denison, M.P.P., and Overseer Purcell in depositing white fish fry in the lakes of the northern parts of the counties. The fry were in a healthy condition and were liberated in good order.

—On Tuesday the remains of Mrs. Munro were taken from the vault and placed in the White Church cemetery. A large number of her friends were present to witness the removal.

—Mr. John Emberly has built a large drive house, which is a great improvement to his place.

—Work is progressing on the railway. They are beyond the bridge over the outlet of Mud Lake and are half way through the swamp. There are good prospects of their getting through without much difficulty.

—Mr. Stover Benn, farmer, a few days ago lost a fine mare, six years old. The cause of her death was a fall on the ice in the barn-yard, which brought on inflammation.

—Shibley & Son have completed their spring stock. Their store is tastefully fitted up, and no doubt they would do a rushing business if the public knew more about them through the press.

—THE EXPRESS must have cut deep into the Beaver man's hide to make him squeal so loud—must have touched a sore spot. The comparison between his language and the animal formerly mentioned is about right, and also shows the source from which he draws his ideas; they are so much like those of the Mail and Kingston Daily Abuse which he peruses.

Don't You Do It.

Don't suffer any longer with the pains and aches of Rheumatism, which make life a burden to you. Relief, speedy and permanent can be procured at the nearest drug store, in the form of Kidney-Wort. Elbridge Malcolm of West Bath, Maine, says:—"I was completely prostrated with Rheumatism and Kidney troubles and was not expected to recover. The first dose of Kidney-Wort helped me. Six doses put me on my feet, it has now entirely cured me and I have had no trouble since."

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

ONT., FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 23.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Our highly esteemed and gifted juvenile instructor has separated himself from those near and dear and gone to Brockville to spend the Easter holidays. He is especially adapted for the calling he has assumed, and the fatherly interest he takes in those placed under his care is indicative of a good husband and kind parent in the future.

—The sugar social on Thursday evening last was attended by a large and enthusiastic audience. The programme was supplied by the members of the Presbyterian church choir of Napanee and was replete with interest. Mr. Sharp, our popular Reeve, accupied the chair, and as a chairman he is sharp. The municipal council was well represented. Four out of five put in an appearance—quite an unusual thing at this time of the year. The readings given by Mr. Ferguson, taken from Peck's Bad Boy, were well received. If he's as good at selling hardware as he is at reading, he must be doing a rattling trade. The boot and shoe department was well represented. Maybee I'm not a judge but I thought he sang nicely. At any rate the audience were delighted and especially pleased with the musical talent evinced by the ladies of the choir.

—The sugar season is about drawing to a close and unless the Literary Society engage in a series of dramatic entertainments or something equally as interesting there will be little of interest to chronicle. Their next debate, "Poor Cromwell," will be interesting.

—I was requested by a lady friend who has a perfect horror of publicity not to mention her arrival in the village. Of course I complied with her request, but must express the pleasure it gave me to see her occupy a position in the choir Sunday morning. We appreciate foreign talent. Newburgh has reason to be proud of its young ladies, and I was informed by a young lady well posted in such matters that there's not a homely girl in that town, and I find, in thinking the matter over, that we are similarly situated.

—The fruit festival at Lapum's school house on Monday evening was, as expected, fully as interesting as its predecessors. Miss Blanch Taylor has charge of the school in that locality, and it is really astonishing the progress the children are making.

—Miss Maybee, of Odessa, has had charge of the Florida school for the past two years and takes delight in imparting knowledge to the rising generation in section 18.

—Mr. Rockwell informs me the children in the brick school house section are rapidly acquiring knowledge.

ERNEST.

Personals.

—Miss Williams is visiting in Belleville.

—Mr. G. Fred Ruttan, of Toronto, is home on sick leave.

—Mr. Cook, of Montreal, is visitin at the residence of Dr. Cook.

—Miss McGlashan, of Sarnia, was a guest of Mrs. M. P. Roblin this week.

—Mrs. Schuyler Shibley, of Kingston, was visiting at Mr. James Daly's, John-st., this week.

—Hon. Mr. Mowat passed through Napanee on Friday last on his way to Toronto.

—Miss Hosey returned this week from a two months' visit with friends in Montreal.

—Alex. Smith, Esq., Manager of the Merchants Bank, spent the Easter holidays in Toronto.

—Miss Amy Wartman, of Collinsby, was the guest this week of Mr. and Mrs. James Daly, John-st.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Cooper and daughter, of Kingston, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, Centre-st.

—Mr. M. O'Dea, the genial proprietor of the Windsor Hotel, Enterprise, gave us a call on Thursday.

—Mr. Drewry, P.L.S., of Belleville, was in town this week on a visit to his brother, Mr. J. C. Drewry.

Round About Us.

—The Quinte Cricket Club will give an entertainment in Picton town hall on the 24th inst.

—The Easter offerings at St. Mary's Cathedral, Kingston, amounted to $1,240, the largest since 1876.

—The increase in license fees created a commotion among the victuallers at Kingston. Some will retire from business.

—The Dean of St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, has appointed Rev. Mr. Petry successor to Dr. Wilson.

—It is reported that an opening was made in the earth by an earthquake about seven miles north of Trenton on Tuesday.

—The Rathbun Company have bought this season's cut from Gilmour & Co., Trenton—8,000 cords of millwood.

—A syndicate has been formed for the purpose of placing a steam yacht on Sharbot Lake for the benefit of tourists.

—A Belleville doctor cut a tumor from the head of an infant the other day, which was considerably larger in a distended state than the child's head.

—Thomas Lindsay left St. Thomas on Tuesday of last week to put in two years at Kingston for forgery. On the same day his aged mother died of grief over her son's disgrace.

—The working staff of the Locomotive Works, Kingston, has been reduced from nearly 500 to less than 100. The men have been obliged to leave the city for employment.

—The announcement is made that Major Coombs, of England, takes command of the Salvation Army in Canada, and that Kingston is to be the headquarters. Major Moore commands the United States contingent.

—There was a premature explosion of dualine at the railway works at Calabogie one day last week. Two men were seriously injured, one having a piece of iron driven through his thigh.

—The body of R. Lee, who disappeared mysteriously from Kingston last fall, was found floating in the harbor on Monday. It was almost beyond identification.

—At a meeting of the Saved Army on Sunday at Portsmouth General Lindsay said since the origin of the organization a year ago it had increased until now there are 5,000 soldiers, 35 officers and 30 stations.

—Rathbun & Son, of Deseronto, who have the contract of erecting seven stations on the Ontario & Quebec Railway, have begun work. The framework and other material for stations is prepared in Deseronto.

—The grist mill of Latti's Mills, Tyendinaga, owned by Messrs. Wallbridge and occupied by G. L. Grass, was burned Wednesday morning of last week with 600 bushels of wheat. Loss, $40,000; insured for $4,000.

—They have to pay a license fee of $300 in Picton for running a billiard table. We imagine there will not be many tables in operation there this year.

—Mr. John Banwell, of Picton, received intelligence from England week before last that an uncle of his had died in New Zealand and left him by will property valued at about $25,000.

—While the double tracking of the G. T. R. is going on the heavier grades and cuttings, which have been so long an impedimedt to traffic, will be reduced. The first estimated cost of the work, as furnished by the company's engineer, was $8,000,000. Other estimates have since been made, based on more accurate information, and it is now believed that it will not reach $7,000,000.

—Capt. Hinckley says there is a remarkable apple tree upon Long Island, at the back of Horne's Hotel. Its circumference immediately below the limbs is 7½ ft. Four branches project from it. Two them measure 4 ft. 9 in. in circumference; one 4 ft. 3 in., and the other 5 ft. in circumference. The tree and limbs cover an area of 55 square feet. The seed was planted in 1819 by S. Hinckley, grandfather of the Captain.

—Mrs. Edward Wright of Saugerties attempted to elope on Thursday of last week with a young man whose name is unknown, but just as the young runaway pair were getting on the

POLICE COURT.

[Before Mr. Charles James, J.P.]

SATURDAY, April 12.—Geo. Perry, fisherman, had several young men arraigned for disturbing his nets, but the case was settled. Immediately afterwards, Henry Shuman preferred a charge against the same parties, but this case also was settled.

TUESDAY, April 15.—Thos. Cummings, an Italian, was arraigned on a charge of larceny. The evidence showed that last summer the prisoner and a man named Samuel Rooney boarded last fall at Mr. Jas. Maguire's, Napanee Mills. In the winter Rooney went to work in the woods for the Paper Co., and left his trunk behind at Mr. Maguire's. When he returned on 15th March he found that several articles of clothing had been taken out. He afterwards learned that the Italian had been wearing some of the articles and he came to Napanee and had his valise searched. The missing articles were found therein. After hearing the evidence the magistrate committed Cummings for trial.

—Thos. Cummings was yesterday arraigned before His Honour Judge Wilkison. He being unable to speak English could not plead and was therefore remanded to gaol for trial at the General Sessions in June.

Queen's Birthday Celebration.

A mass meeting of the citizens was held in the Town Hall on Wednesday evening to complete arrangements for the celebration on the 26th of May. Mr. T. G. Davis, Chairman, called the meeting to order and the minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. Mr. W. C. Scott, Sec., moved that Mr. A. H. Allison be appointed Assistant Secy.—Carried. The Committee on Subscriptions reported:—A. H. Rose, for East Ward, $36; Hugh Milling, West Ward, $50; A. H. Allison, Centre Ward, $180. On motion, the meeting proceeded to appoint standing committees for the carrying out of the celebration. On motion of J. H. Downey four committees were appointed as follows:—Finance and Printing, Trades Procession, Sports, Fireworks. The following persons were selected for the Committees:

On Finance and Printing, W. M. O'Beirne, T. S. Henry, W. A. Rose, J. H. Downey and W. K. Pruyn; Trades Procession, T. H. Waller, Irvine Vanalstine, C. F. Henderson, John Paisley and Hugh Milling; Sports, E. S. Lapum, A. H. Allison, Dr. Leonard, Chief Allen and J. F. McAlister; Fireworks, Dr. Ruttan, John Bowey, J. A. Reid, N. Paisley and Dr. Wray. On motion Mr. Wm. Miller and Mr. H. Wagar were put on the general committee.

On motion Dr. J. A. Reid, Chief Allen and Wm. Miller were appointed a special committee to look after the ground.

Messrs. Drewry and McCutcheon, a deputation from the Lacrosse Club, were heard asking the committee for a grant of $20 to assist them in getting up a match between some foreign team and the home club on celebration day. The matter was referred to the committee on sports to report to the general committee.

On motion the secretary was instructed to

Kingston, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, Centre-st.

—Mr. M. O'Dea, the genial proprietor of the Windsor Hotel, Enterprise, gave us a call on Thursday.

—Mr. Drewry, P.L.S., of Belleville, was in town this week on a visit to his brother, Mr. J. C. Drewry.

—Mr. Geo. Wilson, of the Merchants Bank, Toronto, spent the Easter holidays at his home in Napanee.

—Mr. and Mrs. Howard Stevenson of Kingston have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Stevenson this week.

—Mr. Alfred Helliwell, of the Dominion Bank, Toronto, spent the Easter holidays with his brother, R. A. Helliwell, Esq.

—Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Phelan, of Erinsville, left on Monday last for Goderich to attend Mrs. Phelan's mother, who is dangerously ill.

—Mr. J. Rudd Perry has returned from the North-West and will, we understand, resume his old position on the Ontario & Quebec R'y.

—Miss Morris went to Kingston Saturday night for a short visit with friends in that city, and returned the following Monday evening.

—Judge Dean, of Lindsay, spent a couple of days in town last week. He paid a couple of visits to the Paper Mills at Napanee Mills and Newburgh.

—Mrs. D. W. Allison and family returned on Monday from Ottawa, where they have been residing during the session. Mr. Allison is expected home to-night.

—Mr. Alex. Hart, a former esteemed resident, now a respected member of the army of drummers, spent a few days in town this week, and was welcomed by many old friends.

—Mr. Richard Allingham's family have returned from Watertown, N. Y., and will again take up residence here. Mr. Allingham is at present in Egypt on a canvassing tour.

—Miss Marian Rogers celebrated her birthday on Monday evening by entertaining a large company of her young friends at the elegant family residence. Dancing was the order of the evening.

—Mr. Alex. Henry has been taking exercise, a la Gladstone, felling trees in the back woods for the benefit of his health, and is. we are glad to learn, already experiencing beneficial effects therefrom. Even a good Tory finds it advantageous to follow the example of a Liberal leader.

—Mrs. H. Stevens, mother of Coun. Stevens, sails on Saturday from New York for Liverpool per SS. "City of Rome," of the Anchor Line. She is accompanied by her son, George Stevens. The old lady finds the Canadian winters too severe, and will probably spend the remainder of her days in her native land.

Kingston's Bachelors' Ball.

Among the ladies who attended the Kingston bachelors' ball, and whose dresses are described in the Whig, were the following, all of whom are well known in Napanee :

Miss Bristol, Napanee—Pale blue brocade, trimmed with lace; natural flowers.

Miss Hooper—Black Spanish lace; ornaments, gold.

Miss Armour, Cobourg—Sapphire blue velvet, with pearl embroidery.

Miss D. Armour, Cobourg—Maize silk and lace.

Miss Bertha Hubbell—Maize satin, Spanish lace trimmings; natural flowers.

Mrs. J. McIntyre—Black velvet and brocade; ornaments, pearls and diamonds.

Mrs. Hubbell—Black velvet court train, crimson satin front, white lace and scarlet flowers.

Miss Flora Hubbell—White and satin, brocaded with silver; natural flowers; ornaments, silver.

Miss Strachan—Cream silk, lace trimmings; flowers; ornaments, diamonds.

Cured Free.

Any reader troubled with Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Headache, Liver Complaint, &c., should call at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and secure a free bottle of McGregor's Speedy Cure at once which will convince you of the merits of the medicine. It cures permanently where all other medicines have failed. As a blood purifier it has no equal. Remember it costs nothing to try it. Regular size, fifty cents and one dollar.

It is Natural.

It is natural for some people to be bilious, being often a result of peculiar bilious temperament, which with high living, too greasy food, indigestion from inactive liver, is the frequent cause. The remedy, above all others, is Burdock Blood Bitters. It is highly curative for all biliary complaints, and far better than physic for inactive conditions of the bowels.

A Bad Case of Starvation.

To starve the lungs by a lack of vital food contained in pure air. If the lungs are obstructed by colds, remove the accumulated phlegm with that safe and pleasant throat and lung remedy, Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam.

cumference ; one 4 ft. 3 in., and the other 5 ft. in circumference. The tree and limbs cover an area of 55 square feet. The seed was planted in 1819 by S. Hinckley, grandfather of the Captain.

—Mrs. Edward Wright of Saugerties attempted to elope on Thursday of last week with a young man whose name is unknown, but just as the young runaway pair were getting on the boat at Kingston Mrs. Wright was caught by the arm by her husband, who insisted on her returning home. A scene ensued, but finally she returned with him. Mrs. Wright has been married for some years and has quite a family of children.

—Robert Ledgerwood, a highly respected farmer of North Hastings, was struck by a falling tree week before last, and after wandering around alone for two days and a night he was found lying in a swamp with his arm broken. He died a short time after being discovered.

—Frank Taylor, the defaulting clerk of the Merchants' Bank, Belleville, has written to the local manager returning the cheque which he stole some weeks ago, along with $1,253 in cash, and expressing his regret at having neglected to return them before. He refers the bank authorities to his father at Oshawa for a settlement of his defalcation.

—Nathan Baldwin, of New York, who gave himself up to the Belleville authorities last week accusing himself of forgery in Michigan and asking to be extradited and punished, was discharged Saturday morning. The Michigan authorities, who had been communicated with, replied that they did not want him. but he says he will go to that State and surrender himself.

—James Ridden, James Cook and O. Fairbanks, farmers of Kingston township, have been victimized out of $200 by the alleged agents of hay forks. They signed an agreement which turned out to be a note.

NEWS CONDENSED.

—Joseph Carrier, a shoemaker of Montreal, committed deliberate suicide on Tuesday by jumping into the water.

—Laycock will not be able to row Hanlan on account of illness, but is anxious to row Wallace Ross.

—Apprehension of a flood on the St. Lawrence is entertained.

—Frank Tromley, Bowmanville, a young man with no visible means of support, induced Miss Adney, aged 15, of that town, to elope with him on the night of the 9th inst. Her parents are nearly crazy.

—Margaret Fiddy, wife of R. Fiddy, of Bowmanville, was found dead on the floor of the kitchen about ten o'clock Thursday night, 10th inst. She was in good health that day. The cause of her death was unknown.

—C. Wilmot, of the Newcastle fish hatchery, has distributed 500,000 whitefish in the waters of Lake Ontario.

—Henry James Byron, the popular English actor, dramatist and journalist, died on Saturday last.

—A big fight took place at St. Thomas on Friday afternoon last between a gang of Italian and a gang of Irish laborers employed on the Canada Southern Railway. There were about 60 in each gang. Spades and stones were freely used. Several on both sides were severely injured. The police and citizens succeeded in stopping the fight.

—A wealthy merchant of Niagara Falls, N. Y., was found dead on Luna Island Thursday morning, 10th inst., while his brother-in-law, who was last seen driving with the deceased, is supposed to have committed suicide by jumping into the rapids.

—It is stated that the original manuscript of the Mosaic books of the Old Testament has been found.

—A plaintiff in a breach of promise case was awarded $200 at the Brockville Assizes.

—Six Montreal hotel-keepers have been victimized by $10 Confederate bills.

—Miller, convicted of a series of robberies at Hamilton, has been sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

—Phippe, the wife murderer, is again an inmate of Sandwich gaol.

—One of the largest of Manitoba's grain elevators was burned last Thursday.

—On Wednesday night, 2nd inst., Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moorhead, Durham Co., were awakened by the noise of fire, and on arising found that their dwelling was burning. They rushed out of doors in their night clothes, but thinking there was ample time to accomplish her object safely, Mrs. Moorhead returned to secure some of their wearing apparel. She entered with this object in view, but on gaining access the fire so surrounded her as to cut off all retreat, and she died a horrible death.

The Best For Butter.

There is but one best color for butter, and that that is Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Improved Butter Color, no candid investigator doubts. It is the best butter color in the world : is free from sediment or impurity, always ready for instant use, and it imparts to butter that rich dandelion yellow, without a tinge of red, which is the acme of desirability in any butter color.

asking the committee for a grant of $20 to assist them in getting up a match between some foreign team and the home club on celebration day. The matter was referred to the committee on sports to report to the general committee.

On motion the secretary was instructed to correspond with the leaders of bands between Toronto and Prescott to state the best terms for a band competition.

The committee on trades procession was instructed to make up a list of prizes on each industry and report at the next meeting.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the Council Chamber next Wednesday evening.

Vestry Meeting.

The annual vestry meeting of St. Mary Magdalene's Church was held on Monday evening last. Ven. Archdeacon Bedford-Jones, rector, occupied the chair. Mr. R. A. Helliwell, vestry clerk, read the financial statement which showed the affairs of the church to be in a most flourishing condition, and the Venerable Archdeacon read a report showing remarkable spiritual progress during the year. Mr. J. B. McGurn was elected vestry clerk. Messrs. A. T. Harshaw and R. G. Wright, churchwardens, expressed a desire to be allowed to retire and the Archdeacon accordingly appointed Dr. H. L. Cook, while the people selected Mr. O. L. Herring. The following were elected sidesmen :—Judge Wilkison, Messrs. A. T. Harshaw, R. G. Wright and J. B. McGuin. The advisory board is constituted as follows :—Judge Wilkison, Dr. Ruttan, Dr. Bristol, Messrs. R. G. Wright, A. T. Harshaw and J. B. McGuin. Mr. A. T. Harshaw was re-elected representative to the synod. Votes of thanks were then tendered the retiring churchwardens, vestry clerk, choir, dramatic section of the Union and the Sunday School. A request from the Synod for a vote of $13.50 towards paying rent of See House was, after considerable discussion, ordered to be filed. The meeting was of a most harmonious character, the best of feeling being manifested between pastor and people.

Fine Display of Wall Paper.

We have made a personal examination of a very interesting subject to all housekeepers, and we cheerfully give the benefit of our discovery. For sometime past many persons have been wondering where they could buy the finest and cheapest wall paper, and in order to post our many readers we made a personal examination of Mr. W. D. Madden's large and handsome stock of wall papers and borders, and we have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Madden has the largest and handsomest stock of wall paper and decorations ever exhibited in Napanee.

We were astonished when our attention was called to the handsome patterns at 5c. 6c. 7c. 8c. and 10c. per roll, and we could not help asking how it was possible to sell a roll of the widest and longest wall paper made for 5c We were informed that the same was bought for cash, and not having an expensive or unprofitable establishment to keep up the customer got the benefit of from 15 to 20 per cent. We were also shown fine satins at 20c and some of the finest American golds from 40c. per roll up. But it is not necessary to enumerate the great bargains to be had. A call is all that is necessary to satisfy you that Mr. Madden can give you better value for your money in wall paper as well as everything else in his line than you can get elsewhere. Mr. Madden has telephone connection with all leading wholesale houses and you can depend on dispatch if you should require anything that may not be in stock. We would advise our readers to call and see Mr. Madden's bookstore. Even though they may not require anything they will be treated well and the mysteries of the telephone explained to them.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office --Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at **6** PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Established 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro-Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague Dysentry, Paralysis, Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

☞ Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. D.

NOTICE TO THE

Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity.) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave yon to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD,
41-tf. Managing Director.

NAPANEE

PLANING MILLS.

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

The Sugar Bush.

Maple syrup and maple sugar must continue to be a luxury. Vermont cannot supply the Atlantic States. Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin cannot supply the home demand. For these reasons a spurious article is kept constantly in the market, but as this can never compete with the real sweet, the demand for the latter will constantly increase. It pays well to make only the very best article. Such a course will soon give a reputation that will bring a quick market for syrup at $1.50 a gallon, as the years go. This will make each tree bring about 75 cents annually. Again, by taking proper pains, it will not be simply the first run that will give the finest syrup, but such will be made till the buds start, after which other farm work should take our attention. The utmost cleanliness should be practised, and the reduction of sap into syrup should be done in the least possible time.

It will pay to take a cask of hot water and rinse out the buckets—especially if of wood—after each run. The buckets should all be covered. This keeps out all rain-water, dust and leaves. The cover may be a square board just large enough to cover the bucket, and made of half-inch pine or basswood. For convenience, it pays to paint the cover red on one side and white on the other. If the wind troubles, by blowing off the covers, nail across the grain of this board an inch strip three inches wide, and just long enough to go into the bucket. The cover is nailed to the edge of this strip. This prevents the board cover from warping and will hold it to the bucket even when there are high winds. If we use the Post spout, this cover may be entire, as the spout holds the bucket — which must be of tin—by passing through a hole just under the edge. Such spouts and tin buckets are by far the best.

I had 200 wooden buckets when I got my place, which I—perhaps foolishly—continue to use. These are hung to the tree by an iron claw. Just above is the sheet-iron spout. A rectangular strip, an inch wide and a little longer than the spout, is cut from the centre of the cover on one side, so that the sap goes into the bucket. The tin buckets are cleaner and do not get to leaking, as the wooden buckets are apt to do, especially when hung up to the trunk of the tree. But even the tin buckets should be rinsed after each run, with warm water. Let it be remembered that it is filth, sour sap, not later sap, that makes inferior syrup. The gathering-cask should also be always sweet and clean. The arch should be closed with a door so that no ash dust can get into the syrup. The wood rooms should also be closely partitioned off from the boiling room. No pains are unnecessary or foolish which add to the neatness.

To secure quick reduction of the sap, we should have the evaporator, the heater, dry wood, and a good grate under the fire-box. The evaporator saves storage, and by quick evaporation makes superior syrup or sugar. One man can boil away with a good evaporator as fast as two can gather. An evaporator also saves night work. The heater is a deep, nar-

R. Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. T. LESLIE, Proprietor.
(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

YOUR FORTUNE !

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps we will send by mail, post paid as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [3]

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices. Mouldings, Bases and Casings.

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,

NAPANEE.

INDEX

TO DISEASES, COMPLAINTS and ACCIDENTS which HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in MAN or BEAST.

TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR

CROUP,	*COUGHS,*
CRAMPS,	*SORE THROAT,*
ASTHMA,	*COLDS, &c.*

APPLIED EXTERNALLY FOR

RHEUMATISM,	*NEURALGIA,*
CHILBLAINS,	*CALLOUS LUMPS*
SWELLINGS,	*STIFF JOINTS,*
GALLS,	*FROST BITE,*
LAMENESS	*CORNS,*
CONTRACTIONS	*BRUISES,*
LUMBAGO,	*ITCH,*
DEAFNESS,	*PAIN IN BACK,*
SPRAINS,	*PAIN in SIDE, &c.*

Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors
TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vandelf Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

age, and by quick evaporation makes superior syrup or sugar. One man can boil away with a good evaporator as fast as two can gather. An evaporator also saves night work. The heater is a deep, narrow pan, which rests just back of the evaporator. It is made with flues, so that a large surface is exposed to the fire. Into this the cold sap runs, where it is heated, before it passes to the evaporator. This not only saves time, but secures a finer article of syrup. Even those who use the old style of pan should have two pans, one to heat the sap. Few branches of farming pay anywhere near the profit of a good, well-managed sugar-bush. It is just as true that most sugar-bushes might be made to pay a much higher profit.

How the "Best" Butter is Made.

A Berkshire Country, Mass., farmer writes: "My object has always been to make *the best butter*—not the most profitable, necessarily, but the best. Having this object in view, I have been compelled to discard oil meal, and thus reduce the quantity of my butter and the value of the manure. I have been obliged to take the cows out of all basement cellars, and have consequently received less butter for a given amount of food. I have been forced instead of dropping the manure into a convenient cellar below the cows, to give up this cellar and wheel the manure into a shed. I have been obliged to discard deep setting, and to content myself with the open, shallow method, which is more expensive, and requires more attention, and returns less butter. I have been obliged to reject all feeds except corn, wheat, hay, beets, and carrots. I have been obliged to give up using the milk of cows that have calved too recently or too remotely. I have, for a dozen years, carefully and faithfully tried to make butter as good as it can be made; this has been the first consideration, profitableness has always been secondary. The result has been that for many years this butter has brought a higher price than any butter in the county of Berkshire, where much good butter is made, and it has taken the first prize over the county. It has been in such constant demand at 65 cents, the year through, that when making 100 pounds a week there have been unfilled orders for 25 to 50 pounds more.

The Importance of Fewer Acres.

"If ten acres of land cost $100 dollars, and if they produce $10 worth of crops, they are paying ten per cent on the investment just as much as if $100 had been loaned at the rate of ten per cent. interest. Now, there is no man who would think of living on the interest of $100 loaned at even this high rate, but instances are not rare of men making a good living for themselves and their families from the careful cultivation of ten acres of land. We mention this fact to prove that the too frequent expression that 'farming does not pay' is not in accordance with fact, There is no other business in which a man would attempt with $100 to support a family. Yet still there is truth in the remark, so far as it is applicable to farming as it is carried on in some sections of the country. If a man invests $1,000 in 100 acres of land and makes only ten of them, or $100 worth, available, he can not expect to derive a profit from the

other ninety acres, any more than he could expect an interest upon $1,000 when he had only $100 of it invested. Our position is that land actually cultivated pays a better interest on the money invested than any other venture. The farmer can not expect idle acres to yield him a revenue any more than he can idle dollars. Unfortunately, the farmer of the North-West has, as a general thing, nine acres of idle land where he has one productive one, and the one productive one is expected to pay the interest on the price of the whole ten. Extraordinary management would be necessary to make this kind of farming pay."

Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.

The annual meeting of this company was held on the 13th. of March. The statements there submitted and the report of the proceedings cannot but be very gratifying to all the friends of the company. The Sun was incorporated in 1865, but only issued its first policy in May, 1871. Its progress since then, both in size and solidity, has been steady and satisfactory; on the list of the ten Canadian Life Companies it now stands third. In 1871 it received life applications for $400 000: In 1874 for $600,000; In 1878 for $1 600 000; and in 1883 for over $2 300,000. In 1871 the amount of life assurance in force was $400 000; in 1874 $1 700 000; in 1878 $3 300 000; and in 1883 nearly $7,000,000. Its annual income is now nearly $300 000, or nearly $1,000 for every working day in the year. Its resources amount to nearly $1,200,000. As was pointed out at the annual meeting, if the same rate of progress is kept up during the next ten years as has prevailed in the past the income will then amount to from one and a quarter to one and a half millions and the assets to about four millions. This prospect is by no means a visionary one. The Company has reached the stage at which it can hardly fail to make rapid progress. There is a grand future opening out before it, and the officers can hope to see the day when it will rank as one of the largest and most powerful financial institutions in the country. A perusal of the accounts will show how strong and prosperous its condition is. It will be seen that the amount of new life business, the amount of new accident business, the assurances in force, both life and accident, the income and the assets, are all larger than in any preceding year in the Company's history.—*Insurance Society, Montreal.*

The electric locomotive headlight is reported to be successful to a very satisfactory degree. It has run over 5,000 miles on the locomotive, and will, it is said, be adopted by one of the roads leading out of Indianapolis. It is claimed that objects on the track are rendered plainly visible by it at a distance of over 1,200 feet.

"'Tis but a faded *flour*," as the baker sang, when they complained that his bread was musty.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail.

Give me a call.

19 F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.

Important to Ruptured Persons.

The Excelsior Rupture treatment was introduced to the American people several years ago in such a manner as to completely secure the confidence of the whole nation. The mode of introduction was by furnishing the remedy to those afflicted with Hernia in any of its various forms and collecting no pay until a permanent cure was effected. In this way the treatment gained a world-wide reputation on its own merits, never failing to cure any reducible Hernia. The Company has at the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture, or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-Seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies sold only in Napanee by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President.
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. C. LLOYD, - R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
JOHN DOXSEE, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS.

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.

CHICAGO.

awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail.
Give me a call.

19 **F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.**

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE & BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

PARTICULARLY ADAPTED

TO FARM USE!

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

First Class Engineer and Machinist,

and are now in a position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883.

DYERS

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned,

Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY,
Water-st., Napanee.

NATIONAL PILLS SUGAR COATED. PURELY VEGETABLE

Highly recommended for **Biliousness, Head-Ache, Constipation, Indigestion, Dizziness, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Loss of Memory, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint,** or any illness arising from the **Stomach, Bowels** or **Kidneys.** They are safe, mild and thorough in their action. From 1 to 3 pills is a dose.

PRICE 25c. PER BOX.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH.
Briscoe House Block

Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.
CHICAGO.

THE Great HERBAL Tonic FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH A Blood Purifier AND CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH CURE

SOLD BY

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS.
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still using, and, although not perfectly cured, I am so much improved that I heartily recommend it any one suffering from the same disease. While taking it for the above disease, a severe pain, which I had in my side, has entirely left me.

MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 17 Stafford St., Toronto

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefis I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

A PEEP AT THE PAST.

A Perusal of Ancient Documents at the London Record Office—The "Doomsday Book."

In dingy, muddy, dirty Fetter lane, that narrow crooked thoroughfare connecting Fleet street with Holborn, stands a building wherein is stored a wealth and variety of historic documents, forming a collection which is probably unrivalled by that of any other country. The average Londoner knows little about the record office, and cares less, and yet the slate shelves in the iron cages of the severe-looking edifice are heavily laden with state documents dating as far back as William the Conqueror. I was fortunate enough on Saturday last to be the companion of a gentleman who had received an invitation to accompany Sir Baliol Brett, the master of the rolls and custos rotulorum, on his first official examination of the record office.

Of course, this first inspection was naturally of a cursory nature, but the polite and efficient attendants laid before Sir Baliol and his party—which, by the by included several of the foreign ambassadors—document after document, volume after volume, which could not but gladden the hearts of those who love to peruse these records of the gone past. There was the "Doomsday Book," in which may be seen the survey of England made in the time of William the Conqueror. It is in an excellent state of preservation, and the vellum leaves are as clean, the writing as legible, and the ink as dark and distinct as though the compilation had been executed in the last century, instead of eight hundred years ago.

We were shown, too, the records of the Court of Chancery, which are full and complete from the time of King John down to the last decisions rendered by the present Lord Chancellor, and a complete series of the ledger books, showing the national expenditure from the time of Henry II. down to the present day, perfectly arranged and in excellent condition. Among the most interesting documents that were displayed I made a note of a treaty between Henry I. and Robert, earl of Flanders, the privilege granted by Pope Adrian to Henry II., giving him full permission to conquer Ireland, the treaties made with Robert Bruce, and *mirabile dictu*, the treaty of the Field of the Cloth of Gold, artistically illuminated with the portrait of Francis I., and bearing an impression of the seal chased by Benvenuto Cellini.

The thousands of volumes of state papers which lie on the shelves of the record office are at present being calendered and indexed by the clerks, but among other interesting historic documents that were shown was the confession of Guy Fawkes as to the details of the gunpowder plot, extorted from him by the rack, to which the poor wretch's signature, faint and nearly illegible, is affixed. There, too, was the piteous, yet withal, dignified letters of Elizabeth, written to her sister Mary, from the tower, pleading for her release from durance vile, and among other letters of interest were several short notes to foreign envoys of the bloody queen, prepared in anticipation of

SCIENTIFIC.

A London steam boiler company lights up the interior of boilers in such a way that the little cascades, currents, and whirlpools in the water in the course of steam formation may be all observed.

The *Building News*, speaking of the results of the researches of Schliemann, says that the Greek story of Hion accords with the discoveries at Hissarliks and the conclusion is inevitable that the Homeric Troy could have been on no other site.

Dr. C. H. Yelvington asserts that the copperhead never bites when coiled up, but will throw the middle of his body into long, almost rectanguiar, curves, and with his head and an inch or so of the neck slightly elevated above the ground is ready to defend itself.

As an inducement to the greater utilization of buttermilk in bread making, it is stated that it contains four to five per cent. of sugar, and ½ per cent. of mineral salts, and that after settling for cheese making it also contains one per cent. of nitrogeneous matter and nearly as much of butter fat.

At the last meeting of the Paris Academy of Sciences it was stated that a person who for the past two years has been experimenting near Nice with sulpho-carbonates and sulphur, as a remedy against the phylloxera, states that in five hectares of infected wines it is no longer possible to find any phylloxera.

In an article on the protection of iron from rust *Van Nostrand's Magazine* says that iron to be burried in damp earth may be coated with a mixture of 100 parts of resin, (colophony), 20 parts of gutta percha, and 50 parts of parraffine, to which 20 parts of magnesia and some mineral oil have been added.

M. Renard, of the Royal Academy of Brussels, has made a minute examination of the ashes of the great eruption of Krakatoo, which fell at Batavia on the 27th of last August. They consist for the most part of glassy particles. The rock which had been blown into this volcanic dust contained a very large proportion of silica.

writer of mathematical bent, says the *Scientific American*, finds from the census returns that there are about 17,000 dentists in the United States, who, he estimates, packs into the teeth of the American people a ton of pure gold annually. Continuing his speculations, he predicts that in the twenty-first century all the gold will be buried in the graveyards.

From a large number of experiments with the antennæ of insects, Mr. C. J. A. Porter is led to conclude (1) that the antennæ are not the organ of any one or of any combination of what we call the five senses—hearing, seeing, smelling, touching and tasting; (2) that the power of direction does not lie in the antennæ, and (3) that the antennæ are the organ of some sense not possessed by us.

From the observations taken at Colon by the engineers engaged on the Panama Interoceanic Canal, M. de Lesseps finds, according to his paper read before the Academy of Sciences, Paris, on Nov. 26, that the great earthquake wave caused by the recent disturbances at Java would

JENNY LIND'S HOME.

The Swedish Nightingale's Retreat at "Wind's Point," England—A Famous Singer's Old Age.

Since Jenny Lind-Goldschmdit left Wimbledon she has resided more or less at Milvern, and in the summer of last year she bought the house at Burstner's Cross which was erected a few years ago by a captain Johnston who blasted away the rocks which he hurled down the great guly which forms the great southeastern defense of the great camp of the Herefordshire Beacon. The house is built in this rocky quarry. Fine shrubs grow around it. There are pleasant walks, sheltered from the black north and south winds which here, some thousand feet above the sea level, swirl and rave at will. Frum the house can be heard at times the innocent revely at Pete's Pocket's humble hostelry so well known to tourists. The climbers over the old ramparts can look down on the pleasant house with its green verandas. The students of the earth's crust, the incipient Murchisons, Sedgwicks, and Lyells look wistfully at the rude pillar of dark stone left by the quarrymen in the grounds; for it is the corse of the hills—a specimen of Laurentian gneiss, a relic of the primeval land, the oldest stratified rock which had been upheaved by the eruption which formed the Plutonic ridge which forms the Malvern chain of hills. It was consummate taste that led our nightingale to this nest. There is no place in England where such scenery, such surroundings, and such associations can be found blended in one harmonious whole. The weald of Kent might vie with the eastern view; but you have to go further afield to match the western slopes. From the Forest of Dean to the Black mountains, from Robin Hood's butts to the far-off Salopian hills, is the orchard land of England—billows of land, washed and escarped by ancient seas. As you gaze on the scene from the almost Cyclopean ramparts, you are reminded that at your feet a golden crown was found, lost in some combat for the possession of these heights. On the slopes in the mid-distance Prince Edward Longshanks escaped from his captors after the battle of Lewes. You can see the site of Wigmore, where Mortimer, earl of March, awaited him. You can see the line of his march to circumvent the great earl of Leicester, as well as the green hills of Fevesham, where the father of English parliaments lost his life. On these hills lurked Owen Glendower in the latter years of his life. Through this pass in the hills marched Edward of York to fulfill his vow on yon victorious field at Mortimer's Cross. The little church peeping through the trees has yet some of the relics of that vow. That church, too, has a history; and in the house adjacent are preserved the traveling trunk and some of the garments of Catherine of Arragon. It seems strange that they should have found a home here, for only a few miles further Wolsey himself was a chaplain to the Nanfans, and he fell under the "curse of the shadow of the Raggedstone hill." At the reformation the little priory below was given to the Russel who had attended Catherine at Kimbolton, as a reward for his services; and the queen gave him, as a token of remembrance, her coverlet, her trunk, and her "wig-box." Had this latter article anything to do with the

release from durance vile, and among other letters of interest were several short notes to foreign envoys of the bloody queen, prepared in anticipation of the birth of a child, that never took place, blanks being left for the date and sex. The letter of Monteagle in which he gave full information beforehand of the intended gunpowder plot, and numerous epistles written by James I., Mary Queen of Scots, Catharine de Medicis, Charles I. and II., and many others from kings and queens who succeeded after the reformation, and from statesmen and nobles who played so great a part in the past in elevating England to the high position she occupied among the nations of the world.

The patent rolls, too, are here, and also run consecutively from the thirteenth century up to the present day. In these are recorded the accounts of the sieges of castles, the creating of titles, the granting of safe conducts, the bestowal of land on begging clergy, and the negotiations with foreigners. We glanced, too, at the parliamentary rolls; the church rolls, in which are to be found particulars of all grants of privileges to the religious houses; the financial rolls, running from the time of King John to Charles I., in which we have a complete record of the money which English kings received in payment for licenses they granted to alienate lands, for knights' services, for pardons, and various other convenient schemes and dodges by which the monarchs in the good old times were wont to replenish their exchequers.

The oblata rolls, too, are full of interest to those who are curious to know how in the brave days of old great men were wont to secure the loyal protection or favor, for therein are set out particulars of all gifts presented to royality by subjects having an ax to grind. We were shown the black and red books of the exchequer, in which it is explained how the land was held in old times; the golden bull of Clement VII., by which Henry VII., of infamous memory, was constituted defender of the faith.

Beyond the papers and documents I have mentioned there are miles and miles of parchment piled up in the record office filled with matters pregnant with interest not only to the English people, but to every student of historic lore, and an American in London on his summer vacation may while away an afternoon with pleasure and profit in glancing over some of the famous documents of the bare existence of which, I firmly believe, nine-tenths of the inhabitants of London are profoundly ignorant.—*London Correspondence.*

A Manchester firm having introduced a typewriter into their correspondence department, received a letter from an indignant customer, saying, "I want you to understand that you needn't print letters sent to *me*. I can read writing—*even yours*—and I don't want to be insulted by reflections on my education."

Every man has three characters; that which he exhibits, that which he has, and that which he thinks he has.

While we fellows are scratching to earn our living, the cremationists are taking measures to urn their dead.

The Oldest Combination—Putting a stop to a gossip's tongue.

Mr. de Lesseps finds, according to his paper read before the Academy of Sciences, Paris, on Nov. 26, that the great earthquake wave caused by the recent disturbances at Java would appear to have made its way across the Indian and Atlantic Oceans, round the Cape of Good Hope, to the east coast of Central America in about thirty hours.

"Science," says the editor of the *American Naturalist*, "is becoming widely popularized in the present generation, and the fruits will be seen in the next. But in a country like ours, the Government alone need not undertake the task of creating a body of scientists; that work should be done by the people and for the people. The time is coming when our people will be less materialistic, and when those who are well-off already will cease trying to accumulate more wealth, but turn their attention to 'rolling up' the intellectual and scientific capital of our domain.'"

"If," says W. Mattieu Williams, "I were living in the midst of London, Birmingham, Manchester, or any other large city, I would recklessly disfigure my premises by removing a pane of glass from the window of every room, or knocking a hole through the outer wall, and placing in the opening there created a frame of serim gauze, with a glass door for closing, or partially closing, it in extremely cold weather, and I believe that all the inmates would thereby escape some of the special ills to which residents in large owns are liable."

To make plastic carbons for batteries the following receipt is recommended by M. Max Nitsche-Niesky:—Good coke is ground and mixed with coal tar to a stiff dough and pressed into moulds made of iron and brass. After drying for a few days in a closed place it is heated in a furnace, where it is protected from the direct flames and burned feebly at first, then strongly, the fire being gradually raised to a white heat, which is maintained for six or eight hours. The fire is then permitted to slowly go down, and being perfectly cold the carbon is taken out of the furnace.

The report on the sanitary condition of Montreal for 1882 has just been made public. The population is estimated at 144,000; the death rate was equal to 77.1 per 1,000, against 31.8 in the ten preceding years. In these years the lowest rate was 25.9 in 1880, and the highest 37.4 in 1872. The French Canadians constitute more than one-half the population; with them the death in 1882 was 32.5, while it was 23.5 among the Roman Catholics, and 18.2 among the Protestants. Of the total deaths among the French Canadians 61.7 per cent. were children. Nearly 24 per cent. of all the deaths were from zymotic or preventable diseases. The municipality is showing much energy in promoting the passage of an adequate health bill.

One of the novelties in London is the literary bracelet. It is made of twelve tiny books (silver or gold), attached to each other by a double chain. Each little book bears the enamelled name of a favorite poet or novelist. There are also musical bracelets of the same model, only they of course have the names of operas or composers.

Catherine at Kimbolton, as a reward for his services; and the queen gave him, as a token of remembrance, her coverlet, her trunk, and her "wig-box." Had this latter article anything to do with the reformation?

What a broad expanse greets the eye of Jenny Lind as she glances over this old-red-tiled church-tower! She can see the scene of another queen's misfortunes, for the "bloody meadow" of Tewkesbury, and Tewkesbury itself, are conspicuously visible, where Margaret of Anjou met the crowning sorrow of her life. Beyond are Gloucester and Cheltenham, with the whole range of the Cotswolds with their outlying politic islands of Bredon and Meon. By these Shakspeare's Avon meanders, and we get a glimpse of the Warwickshire vale. Even the beacon-tower that gave forth the lurid light to tell the anxious parliament in London that Charles had not been victorious in the fight at Edgehill is seen at fitful moments from hence. It was the first battle of the civil wars—the last was fought, within sight, at Worcester—and that fatal 3rd of September a belt of fire burst forth from a woody ridge which fringes the "faithful city," and the Second Charles fled with a few companions to the old forest of Brewood, to return disguised as a groom by that Meon hill we can see, with Lady Jane riding behind him.

Burst of melody comes through the trees from the nightingale's nest. We are at once removed from the past to the present; yet one conjures up as many memories as the other. With pure air, pure water—with "half a kingdom bathed in light," as Mary Howitt sings, lying at her feet—we leave Jenny Lind at home, with every prospect of happiness in the autumn of her days.—*London World.*

GEMS OF GOLD.

What is mine, even to my life, is hers I love; but the secret of my friend is not mine.

Satire lies about men of letters during their life and serves as a veil after their death.

We must have a weak spot or two in a character before we can love it much.

That each thing, both in small and in great, fulfilleth the task which destiny has set down.

Good taste rejects excessive nicety; it treats little things as little things, and is not hurt by them.

Be at least as polite to father, mother, child as to others; for they are more important to you than any other.

Could it be believed that a child should be forced to learn the rudiments of a language that he is never to use, and neglect the writing a good hand casting accounts.

A cottage will not hold the bulky furniture and sumptuous accommodations of the mansion, but, if God be there, a cottage will hold as much happiness as might stock a palace.

Lately at a dinner given by some homœopathic doctors in Paris, after the memory of Hahnemann had been toasted and the health of various celebrities drunk, Alphonse Karr was asked to propose a toast. "Your patients, gentlemen," he said.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

LONDON CHIMNEY-SWEEPERS

Looking out of my window in London, last May-Day I saw that a crowd had collected in front of one of the shops near by. The groups shifted presently, and then I could see what was the attraction of the moment.

A sort of floral bower was erected, around which three or four gayly-dressed young people were dancing, accompanying themselves by clapping their hands and singing in a monotonous though cheerful tone of voice. Near by stood two boys, dressed most grotesquely and performing the most remarkable music on a drum and tambourine.

Round and round the bower went the dancers, with a peculiar shuffling gait. There were two girls and three boys, or young men, and their costumes looked like those of stage gypsies or Bohemians.

The dance ended; they left their bower standing and passed among the crowd a sort of bag, in which nearly every one dropped a piece of money. They called at the shop-doors, where they were most good-naturedly received and finally departed for a new scene carrying their bower with them.

I was much interested to learn that these were of the famous craft of London chimney sweeps. May-Day is their peculiar festival, and on that day they dance and sing in small bands, just as I had seen them from my window.

Few trades in London have so much that is romatic and entertaining in their history as has that of the chimney-sweeps, or "climbing-boys."

In the last century they were much more generally employed than they are now. There were then no machines for chimney-cleaning, and the little boys, who began at a very tender age to serve as apprentices, were most cruelly treated.

These children were completely in the hands of their masters, who employed older boys to superintend them, to drive them up and down the chimneys, to flog them if they refused to go, or even to starve them into submission.

Among the lower classes, boys between the ages of four and ten years were frequently sold by their miserable parents to master-sweeps; and as the work given them was very difficult and terrifying, the cruellest means of forcing them were devised.

One of the instruments used for this purpose, well-known to have been employed during George the Third's reign, was a kind of spiked pole, which was pushed up or down the chimney after the poor little boy who was sent in, and which pricked him cruelly every time he slipped or fell.

Chimney-sweeps were then in such demand in England, that new boys were always sought for. In the last century a great many young children were kidnapped by wicked people, who sold them to master sweeps as their own.

Many romantic stories are told of these cases, some which are recorded with all the details, and are known to be true. One of the most interesting has just been given to me on the very best authority. In August, 1804, chimney-sweeps were sent for to go to a house in Turlington, in Yorkshire. An elder boy came with a child of about four years, who was forced little chimney-sweeps, thinking it a hardship that they never had a genuine holiday treat. So on May-Day every year she gave them a picnic tea-party in her fine garden, and presented each boy with a shilling as he bade her good-by.

It was for some time supposed that Mrs. Montagu's own little boy had once been lost, and returned to her as a little sweep two years later, but this story has been denied by several persons who knew the clever philanthropist.

Mrs. Montagu's name is still beloved and respected by the poor London sweeps, who know nothing of her fame as a "Bas-bleu."

Soon after Sir George Boynton's advertisements about his protege, the societies which interested themselves in the "climbing boys" thoroughly investigated the subject of their cruel treatment, and gave the result of their inquiries to the public. Many poor little fellows were found with bruises and burns, and wounds from the long pins thrust into their feet by older boys to force them to ascend the dreaded chimneys. But still worse were the discoveries of their shocking immorality.

The word of God was unknown to them; they had been so long among low associates, that thieving and lying had become second nature to them, and the climbing boys of London were declared to be developing into criminals, whose end must be the gallows.

After some years of fruitless effort in their behalf, Parliament at last took up the subject, and in 1832 an act was passed forbidding the use of climbing boys in chimneys. This act has, however, been constantly disregarded, though at present nearly all sweeps use a long brush-machine for cleansing the chimneys.

About once in six weeks the sweeps come around to every London chimney. We are always awakened by them at day-break, and the noise in the walls and chimneys is as though the roof were tumbling down!

They perform their work much better since the machines came into use, and are said to be greatly improved in character; but at best the life must be a hard one, and the boys apprenticed to it are sorely to be pitied.

Before their annual holiday the younger sweeps call at various houses to beg for old ribbons and flowers and tinsel. I was spending the day recently with an old lady in the quaint neighborhood of Kensington, and she showed me a great lot of gay finery, in which feathers and ribbons, and flowers once worn by a very pretty young lady at Her Majesty's drawing-room," were included.

"Those are all for my chimney-sweeps," she said in explanation. "For years they have come to me for their finery, and on May-Day, at four o'clock, I give a tea-party to twenty-five of them."

So you see Mrs. Montagu's good example has not been forgotten.

MRS. JOHN LILLIE.

Curiosities of Divorce.

The great increase of divorce cases that has been discernible of late, says a writer in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is not a peculiarity of our own insular society; nor does it seem to be due only to the fact that the people of all classes are beginning to find

The Amber and Meerschaum Industry of Austria

Within the last thirty years, the amber and meerschaum industry of Austria, has grown from a very small beginning to an independent and special branch, which is at present capable of producing excellent results, so that goods of great beauty and excellent quality are sold at comparatively low prices.

The manufacture of articles from amber and meerschum, is chiefly concentrated in Vienna, although very respectable representatives of this branch can be pointed to in other large cities in that Empire.

It is scarcely crediable how wonderfully these two substances can be wrought, and what a variety of different articles can be made from them, simple or complex in form, and all in excellent taste, and elegantly made. It is only necessary to cast a glance into the show cases of the large Vienna amber and meerschaum firms, in order to obtain an idea of the numerous and artistic articles of magnificent workmenship that catch the eye of the passer-by and involuntarily invite purchase.

First of all in elegance and variety is the immense collection of neat and elegant cigar-holders, of the simplest, as well the most fantastic shapes. While in former years the magnificent pipes ruled the day, at present, when cigars and cigarettes are used by nearly all civilized people, they are almost entirely superseded by cigar and cigarette holders. In addition to a variety of plainer figures, there are veiled Venuses, sleeping Cupids, Indians with amber lances, jockeys with their horses, etc., also heads of women, of Zouaves, and of Bedouins, and we are astonished at the thousands of methods of combining these substances, amber and meerschaum, and no less at the artistic design and execution of the articles.

Equally varied in the collection of meerschaum pipes, that must enchant every passionate smoker. We see there the Dublin pipe of amber and meerschaum, the Albert the Rigolbouche, the Irish, and the Belgian pipes, also the curved London and French pipes and the Suez Canal pipes mounted in silver, meerschaum hand-pipes with eggs, serpents, etc., all neatly and tastefully cut in meerschaum. Then there are the celebrated Turkish pipes, both flat and pointed, and a legion of pipes ornamented with character heads and other carvings. Then the never-failing artistic objects with which large pipes are ornamented, carved in large dimensions. Cigar holders ornamented with initials, monograms, or whole names, sell well.

We must also state, that, like meerschaum, amber is used alone, or both together are used for smokers' articles.

For many years past a new mass called artificial meerschaum has been made from the chips and turnings of genuine meerschaum, and at present it is largely employed. Besides this, different kinds of artificial amber are produced, and used to imitate these various articles.

Amber is distinguished for its remarkably fine color, and like meerschaum it is turned on the lathe, filed, cut and sawed, and from this expensive material magnificent ornaments are made, such as necklaces, earrings, pins, brooches, and bracelets; also smokers' articles, especially mouth-pieces and cigar holders, and also coral, cups, saucers, wreaths, etc.

One of the most interesting has just been given to me on the very best authority. In August, 1804, chimney-sweeps were sent for to go to a house in Turlington, in Yorkshire. An elder boy came with a child of about four years, who was forced up the chimney.

The poor little fellow was overcome with fright on finding himself left in the chimney, and, losing his balance, fell down upon the grate, where his legs were badly bruised.

In this condition the people of the house found him. On bathing the child's begrimed face and hands, they discovered that he was fair and delicate in appearance; evidently a gentleman's son.

Sir George Strickland, of Boynton, who lived near, came over to see the child, and was persuaded that he had been stolen. The master-sweep being sent for, declared he, had procured him from a beggar woman who seemed glad to get rid of him; beyond that he knew nothing of the child.

Sir George took the child home to Boynton with him. On having his dinner brought to him, the little fellow took up a silver fork and exclaimed,—

"Papa has forks like these!"

When Sir George's housekeeper showed him her silver watch, he said, "Papa's watch is gold," and pressing the handle, added, "Papa's watch rings; why does not yours?"

At night he desired to say his prayers, and repeated the Lord's Prayer perfectly. In vain Sir George and his daughters and all the servants questioned the little fellow about his home; he could remember only a little about it.

But he invariably asserted that he was gathering flowers in his mamma's garden, when a woman came up and offered to give him a ride on a horse. He remembered being put on the horse, then going off in a ship; after that his recollections were all confused.

At Boynton he showed at once that he was accustomed to a fine style of living, and accepted al lthe attentions and services of the servants as a matter of course. When he heard Sir George called by name for the first time, he exclaimed. "I had an uncle, George" and then spoke of his aunt.

Later, he told Sir George that his aunt was called Mrs. Flamborough.

Sir George at once advertised the story; but in spite of the various evidences that the child had been lost or stolen, no answers ever came.

It was supposed by many that the little boy was heir to some property which designing relatives wished to keep for themselves. Sir George adopted the boy but he died before he grew to manhood, and the mystery of his origin was never solved.

Some good, however, came of the curious incident which brought him to Boynton. A great many people began to interest themselves in the sad condition of the little "climbing boys."

Among the most good-natured was Mrs. Montagu, the famous hostess of the "Blue Stocking" Society in London. You may see her fine house and gardens on Portman Square, to-day, very much as they looked in the reign of George III.

Not only was she a celebrated literary character and queen of society, but she became well-known for her efforts to benefit the poor of London.

She was strongly interested in the poor

has been discernible of late, says a writer in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is not a peculiarity of our own insular society; nor does it seem to be due only to the fact that the people of all classes are beginning to find out how easy it is to get rid of an unfaithful consort. Conjugal fidelity is not one of the blessings which is increased by the advance of civilization, and a similar want of harmony between husbands and wives of the period is noted in all countries. M. Bertillon, the editor of the *Annals of Demography*, has been giving a lecture in which he sets forth this fact, and a number of others which are certainly amusing and perhaps also instructive. For instance, he finds that the households in which divorces are most common are those where the consorts are most nearly of the same age. Where there is a great disparity of age it is necessary to make a complete distinction between cases where the elder party is the husband and where he is not. Old husbands, from some reason or other, seem to be even better able to retain the affections of their wives, or at any rate to maintain legal possession of their better-halves, than young ones; for as the man is older in proportion to the woman, so is he less frequently divorced from her. With women it is alto gether different; for the older they are in proportion to their husbands the more likely they are to part or be parted from them. In making these comparisons, judicial separations—in countries where divorce is not permitted—are counted as divorces. But M. Bertillen finds that in countries where divorce is prohibited suicides from "domestic trouble," and poisonings, are much more frequent than elsewhere. And he naturally draws this moral: that it is better to let people get divorced than to drive them into putting an end to one another or themselves.

Cremation in England.

Dr. Price, the "Druid," has not lived wholly in vain. At least he has been the means of eliciting high judicial opinion as to the legality of cremation. So far as the law is concerned, every man may dispose of his dead by burning if it seems fit to him. Nor need he now journey in company with a coffin to Berlin or Milan in order that his deceased relative may be reduced to ashes if not to dust. A cremation society has been formed in England, which has got its stoves and furnaces in working order, its staff of "operators," and its medical officers all complete, and wants for nothing, it appears but business. No doubt it will soon get it, now that neither law nor religion seems to be necessarily opposed to the new process. There is one matter, however, on which the society will require to give good guarantees to the public. They have announced that careful precautions will be taken to ascertain in all cases the cause of death before the body is given to the flames. People are not often poisoned, perhaps; but such cases do happen, and no poisoner could wish for anything more than the complete and immediate destruction of his victim's remains. And facilities of concealment naturally increase the temptation to crime.

What class of people is that whom it is never necessary to urge to take more interest in their business?—Pawnbrokers.

magnificent ornaments are made, such as necklaces, earrings, pins, brooches, and bracelets; also smokers' articles, especially mouth-pieces and cigar holders, and also coral, cups, saucers, wreaths, etc.

Austria imports both of these raw materials—amber and meerschaum—in very large quantities, the former from Dantzig, the latter chiefly from Russia, in Asia Minor. The quantity of raw material imported, as well as of finished goods exported, is simply enormous.—*Deutsche Industrie Zeitung.*

Holding the Fort.

At the last Stafford, Eng., assizes an action for an assault was brought by two women of Birmingham, named Ormond, of prepossessing appearance, in connection with proceedings instituted to obtain their ejection from their house, on the ground of immoral conduct. They obtained a verdict for nominal damages; but they failed to pay the costs, and some extraordinary proceedings have just taken place at the house. A distress warrant was issued to recover the costs, but the defendants barred the doors te prevent an entrance. The bailiffs have been watching for an opportunity to act for the last two days, and the inmates have been practically imprisoned. Last night a desperate attempt was made by a male friend to send them provisions. He managed to evade the constable who guarded the rear of the premises, and threw a rope attached to a bag of provisions to the girls, who were at the bedroom window. They were about to haul it up when the bailiffs seized the bag. He was swung off his feet, and would have had to let go his hold, but another bailiff went to his assistance and dragged the rope from the girls' hands. The male friend thereupon opened the bag and commenced to throw bread and other provisions to them through the window, but he only succeeded in supplying them with one loaf when the bailiffs summarily ejected him from the premises. About 11 o'clock last night the door was opened, and the bailiffs were admitted and took possession of the premises. The value of the furniture was said to be forty shillings. The costs for which the distress was levied amounted to £160.

The Regulation of Dreaming.

A French investigator, M. Delauny, finds from experiments upon himself that the character of his dreaming may be controled by stimulating various portions of the brain by means of heat. By covering his forehead with a layer of wadding he gets sane, intelligent dreams. He also experimented on modes of lying, which favor the flow of blood to particular parts, increasing their nutrition and functional activity. He has observed that the dreams he has while lying on his back are sensorial, variegated, luxurious. Those experienced when on the right side are mobile, full of exaggeration, absurd, and refer to old matters; but those produced when on the left side are intelligent and reasonable, and relate to recent matters; in these dreams one often speaks.

Alady was sitting at table between an Engishman, stiff and cold, and a young Parisian. As the lady was about to move her head, the Parisian exclaimed: "Don't turn towards that gentleman; you will catch cold."

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1884.

—Of the total grant of $9,126,400 to railways by the Dominion Government, Quebec will receive $4,899,200; the Maritime Provinces, $3,590,000, and Ontario only $636,800.

—Sir Richard Cartwright has been invited by the Reform association of Toronto to give an address in that city on the work of the session now closing. If the invitation is accepted the address will be given in about two weeks.

—The towering passion which Senator McPherson worked himself into over a reference, a few days ago in the Senate, to his connection with the Toronto conspiracy is strong evidence of his guilt. As an independent journal remarks, "An innocent man would hardly storm and rage and tear a passion to tatters in exonerating himself."

—What's the matter with the Beaver? It last week had not a word of abuse for Mr. Parks nor the tiniest bit of a puff for Mr. Wilson. Was it knocked out in the first round on the "subsidy" question and wants time to recover wind, or was it the correspondence of Mr. Machar that did the flooring? Probably it was both.

—The London Advertiser comes to hand this week in a handsome new dress and printed on a perfecting press from stereotyped plates. The Advertiser has long been the favorite western journal of THE EXPRESS and this evidence of its prosperity is to us most gratifying. It is one of the best edited, brightest and newsiest dailies on the continent. May it continue to prosper.

—Financial difficulties have compelled the Toronto World to cease publication, It was a bright, newsy sheet, and we regret to lose it from our table. There were two many dailies in Toronto, and the World being the weaker, financially, had to succumb. Mr. McLean made a plucky fight from the outset against heavy odds and will have the

cumstances from his place in the House and let Parliament deal with it. Mr. Cunningham did so. What was the consequence? The member for Marquette was immediately proclaimed a liar by every Tory organ in the country. His statement, unsupported by direct evidence although believed by all, lacked collateral proof and the man who attempted to bribe a member of Parliament escaped punishment,

And so it would be again.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

[Toronto Morning News.]

The Tory party of the Dominion is apparently on the eve of breaking up. There is no coherence among the different sections of which it is composed on the ground of principle. They have for many years been kept from drifting apart by the policy of wholesale bribery, as exemplified in the railway subsidy resolutions, and that policy has about run the length of its tether, together with its originator. Sir John Macdonald is the only man who, by his personal influence could have united the Ontario Tories in support of a system under which their province is systematically despoiled to conciliate the other members of the union. He is the sole remaining link which holds together the soundering elements. All the hopes and prospects of Toryism, as parties are at present constituted, hang upon his continued political existence. After him the deluge.

Who is there in the ranks of the party who can be named as a possible immediate successor to the chieftain, without exciting a smile of incredulity? Not Tupper, whose schemes and plots to secure the revision of premiership have all resulted in failure. He is a disgraced and discredited man, and Sir John drove the last nail into the coffin of his political aspirations, laughing in his sleeve no doubt the while, by the whitewashing act. Ontario will have none of him and the Bleus detest him. His political term of existence is likely to run out before that of the jaunty premier.

Nobody seriously supposes that Sir Tilley's respectable mediocrity would be equal to the burden which has taxed to the utmost the exceptional astuteness of Sir John. Probably he sufficiently realizes his own limitations to refrain from aspiring to the honor.

Sir Langevin is out of the race, were it only on the ground of his nationality, for Ontario is in no mood at present to accept a Bleu premier. Moreover, he has not sufficient strength in his own province to make him a possible successor to Sir John.

Never in the history of the country was the ruling party so utterly destitute of men possessed of the capacity for leadership.

When, as must inevitably happen in the course of a very few years, the party is left without Sir John's hand at the helm, it will inevitably go to pieces for want, in the first place, of a common bond of union, and in the second of a leader able in any measure to fill the chieftain's shoes.

And then the Grits, by the mere force of circumstances, will get their innings.

If they are inferior to the Tories in numbers, they are at present superior to them in homogeneity and compactness.

With Toryism resolved into a number of sectional fragments, each rallying round second-rate local leaders, and unable to agree either as to a general policy or a parliamentary chief, the country must of necessity look to the Grits to carry on the work of administration.

The premiership will drop into Edward Blake's hands like a ripe pear, and all he has to do to get it is to stand and wait. As to his keeping it any length of time that is another question.

LAWSUIT BREEDS LAWSUIT.

Two Hundred Thousand Dollars Claimed by Mr. Cadwell from Mr. McLaren.

Montreal, April 15.—Now that the Privy Council has decided that Mr. Cadwell has a right to float his logs down the little Mississippi, without paying anything to Mr. McLaren for having made floating logs a possibility, the former claims from the latter all the loss sustained by his being prevented from exercising his legal rights. While the great law suit has been pending Mr. Cadwell's logs, to the value of about $100,000, have been lying useless in the upper part of the stream, contracts have been lost, the mills closed down, and men have been thrown out of work. An action is accordingly being taken, in the Toronto Assize Court, for $200,000 damages. Mr. Cadwell's costs in the suit ended amount to about $60,000, which Mr. McLaren will have to pay.

Obituary.

We deeply regret to learn of the death of Robert John Joyce, a fourteen year old son of Mr. Wm. Joyce of Adolphustown, which took place on the 15th inst. He was carried off after an illness of only five days of scarlet fever. He was a very fine boy and was much loved by his parents and neighbours. Following the example of his parents he at an early day gave his heart to God and died in the hope of a blissful future. The parents have the sympathy of a large circle of friends in their great bereavement.

France and China.

The French are pressing upon China their demands for an indemnity, and the Chinese government is greatly alarmed. While anxious to resist French aggressions, the government feared sedition within the empire, as many of the people were prepared for insurrection when opportunity offered. The French successes in Tonquin are not bettering the position of the government, and in order to turn the popular resentment in another direction they are beheading officers and officials in Tonquin by the wholesale. A little while ago war between France and China appeared to be inevitable, but now France seems to be having it all her own way.

—Get your horse route bills printed at THE EXPRESS office. Large assortment of cuts and lowest prices.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

FARMERS' WANTED

In every neighbourhood to take a

Spring Tooth Harrow

—OR—

CULTIVATOR,

And try it. Don't put it off.

HUNDREDS WILL SAY

it from our table. There were two many dailies in Toronto, and the World being the weaker, financially, had to succumb. Mr. McLean made a plucky fight from the outset against heavy odds and will have the sympathy of newspaper men generally in his misfortune.

—There is a crisis in Manitoba politics just now over the refusal by the Dominion Government for "better terms" for that province. It is rumoured that Mr. Norquay contemplates resigning, and it is said that Attorney-General Miller is intriguing to form a Tory Government. A later report says that Messrs. Norquay and Miller will go to England to present the case of the province to the Imperial authorities.

—Mr. Dalton McCarthy's pocket organ in writing of the McLaren-Caldwell decision says that "the Privy Council is a corrupt and effete institution whose decisions should be disallowed." That is always the way with the average Tory. He is very loud-mouthed in support of British institutions until his path is crossed, then he is a rebel, annexationist and anything else that is anti-British.

—When the Napanee Town Council votes a paltry hundred dollars to an object from which every ratepayer will derive a substantial advantage, the local Tory organ cries out against the "extravagance," but when the Dominion Government give $30,000,000 of the people's money to an enterprise from which the great mass of the taxpayers will receive little or no advantage it has nothing but words of commendation. What beautiful consistency!

—The Standard has added a new feature in the way of a column devoted to record of "what people are saying." The feature is not what might be called original, but it is nevertheless an improvement. The writer evidently knows something of what the people are saying, for in last week's issue we find the following paragraphs:

"That THE EXPRESS hit the Beaver squarely between the eyes on the 'subsidy' question.

That the word 'subsidy' will not be admitted to the Beaver for a whole year."

—Another week has passed and yet Mr. Wilson has not even attempted an explanation of the debenture deal. Probably the reason is that he knows he cannot do it successfully. But that need not deter him from making some sort of an explanation. The public are interested in another phase of the case apart from the loss of the $600. They want to know why it is that when the County Council delegates to him certain work he finds it necessary to transfer it to Mr. Roe. Is it because Mr. Wilson considers himself incapable of performing the work? If that is the case then Mr. Wilson should not seek municipal honours.

—The Toronto Week having expressed the belief that the prowling brood of bribers should have been informed upon before they had actually paid over money, the Ottawa Free Press retorts:

"When, in the season of 1873, the fate of Sir Macdonald Ministry was trembling in the balance, an agent of the government approached the late Mr. Robert Cunningham, M. P. for Marquette, with the offer of a bribe to vote for Sir John Macdonald. Mr. Cunningham informed the Opposition leaders of the matter and asked advice. He was told that it was his duty to state the circumstances to the House and to get it is to stand and wait. As to his keeping it any length of time that is another question.

SPRING ASSIZES.

No Criminal Cases.—A Light Civil Docket.

[Before Mr. Justice Patterson.]

The Spring Assizes opened at the Court House on Monday last before Mr. Justice Patterson. There being no prisoners in gaol awaiting trial His Lordship was presented by the Sheriff with a pair of white gloves. Mr. A. L. Morden, C. C. A., appeared as Crown Counsel. The only members of the bar from a distance present were Mr. Jas. Bethune, Q.C., Toronto and Mr. B. M. Britton, Q.C., Kingston. The criminal docket was a blank and only four cases appeared on the civil docket. They were as follows:—Jury—Amey vs. G. T. R.; non-jury—McPherson vs. McPherson, Hooper vs. Herring and Switzer vs. Rathbun.

GRAND JURY.

The following gentleman composed the grand jury:—John Clark, foreman; Messrs. Henry Armstrong, W. C. Amey, Jacob Baker, Alex. Clancy, D. C. Forward, Robert Filson, Henry Ham, James Joyce, Leverett Lake, Jas. B. Miller, Chester Neville, Geo. A. Parrott, Miles Robertson, Jas. Russell, John Smith, J. D. Wagar, Charles Wagar, Stephen Wees, L. D. Williams.

His Lordship in addressing the Grand Jury congratulated the county on his having been the recipient of the emblematic white gloves, which signified that there were no prisoners in gaol awaiting trial. He was also pleased to be able to inform the jury that there were no criminal cases to come before them, and that the only duty devolving upon them would be to examine the gaol and make a report thereon, and to make any suggestions they might deem proper on matters effecting the welfare of the community.

The jury then retired. They brought in the following presentment Tuesday morning:

To His Lordship Mr. Justice Patterson:

The Grand Jury for the County of Lennox & Addington at the Spring Assizes beg leave to report that they have examined the county gaol and the prisoners confined therein, and beg to express their gratification at the cleanliness and good order everywhere apparent within the building.

The prisoners seem to be well and properly treated and to be as contented as such persons could be expected to be.

We made a careful examination of the gaol building and would recommend that some means be taken to prevent the use of the large hinges on the gate leading out of the gaol yard by prisoners in climbing upwards.

As now existing these hinges seem to afford a temporary and not very difficult means for scaling the prison walls.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed) JOHN CLARK,
Foreman.

Grand Jury Room, April 15th, 1884.

AMEY VS. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.—This was an action for damages for the killing of plaintiff's husband at the Collinsby crossing. The case was tried at the fall assizes but the jury failed to agree, hence this trial. After hearing a goodly portion of the evidence for the plaintiff the case was settled by the company paying plaintiff $500 and all costs. Mr. B. M. Britton, Q. C., and Mr. E. H. Hooper for plaintiff; Mr. Jas. Bethune, Q. C., for the defendants.

MCPHERSON VS. MCPHERSON.—Action on promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff by default. Deroche & Madden for plaintiff.

The other cases were referred, that of Hooper vs. Herring to Mr. S. S. Lazier, and Switzer vs. Rathbun to Judge Price.

☞ **A Thing of Beauty.** The most brilliant shades possible on all fabrics are made by the Diamond Dyes. Unequalled for brilliancy and durability. 10c. at all druggists. Send 2c. and 3c. stamp for Sample Colors. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

And try it. Don't put it off.

HUNDREDS WILL SAY

They would not be without one for

MANY TIMES ITS VALUE.

JAMES GRANT,
Agent, near the Market.

Napanee, March 26th, 1884. 20-3 mos.

GENERAL KEER'S
HIMALAYAN TEA.

A high class Black Tea of rare quality and flavor, imported direct from India by Major General Keer of Toronto, in March last. For samples and prices apply to

THOS. A. HUFFMAN,
Sole Agent at Napanee

MILES STORMS & SON,
MOSCOW,

UNDERTAKERS.

COFFINS, CASKETS, &c.

Always on hand. All orders promptly attended to

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address,

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,
41 Ann St New York,
Post Office Box 450. 5-1y.

GREAT SACRIFICE

—AND—

DISCOUNT SALE

AT CHEAPSIDE!

Commencing this (Friday) morning, April 18th, and to continue for one month ending 18th May.

Having a large amount of goods, which, for want of room we have been unable to show and dispose of, these have become absorbed in our large stock and therefore laying in the form of unproductive capital; we have determined to realize upon, at once. In order to do this we have removed all our Carpets to the third flat, and will utilize the entire second floor as a bargain flat.

WE HAVE ACCORDINGLY SPREAD 7 BARGAIN TABLES

NO 1 is spread with a lot of splendid All Wool Tweeds, just as good as the celebrated Breeze make, these are in three qualities, one lot will be sold for 37½ cents a yard or suits to order for $10.50; the second lot will be sold for 45 cents a yard and suits to order for 11.00; the third lot will be sold for 65 cents, a good suit to order for 12.50.

TABLE NO. 2 is spread with a lot of ready made Pants, Vests and Coats, which we have gone over and ticketed, marking them at from one-third to one-half their original price

$10.00	Coats	will be sold	for	$5.00
7.00	do	"	"	" 3.50
2.50	Pants	"	"	" 1.25
5.00	do	"	"	" 2 50
2.25	Vests	"	"	" 75
3.00	do	"	"	" 1.50

TABLE NO. 3 is spread with a lot of rich Tidies and Antimacassers to be sold at just half their value, also a lot of fine Silk Girdles in all new shades to be cleared out at 25 cents each, none of them worth less than 50 cents, and some as high as 90.

TABLE NO. 4 contains some of the richest Berlin

TABLE NO. 4 contains some of the richest Berlin Wool Work, Beaded Work, and Filloselle Work ever seen in town, such as Slipper Patterns, Slipper Cases, Ottomans, Fancy Chair Backs and Mantle Drapes, also Real Kid Slipper Patterns to work with Filloselle; they have all been reticketed to be cleared out at just half their price. There are a lot of these rich goods, and ladies should see them at once.

TABLE NO. 5 is spread with a lot of Men's and Boys' Felt Hats, worth from 75c to $2.00, a ticket over this table announces "Your choice for 25 cents."

TABLE NO. 6 is spread with ends of Dress Goods, marked at a price to clear; whole pieces of Dress Goods to be cleared out at 15 cent a yard, worth from twice to three times that money; there is also a lot of "Last Setts" of Lace Curtains, Single Lambrequins, ends of Muslin and Lace marked at prices almost equivolent to giving them away.

TABLE NO. 7 is spread with a lot of Men's Hats, usual prices of which were from 75, 1.00, 1.25, 1.75, 2.00, to 3.00, "Your choice of this table for 50c.

Every Lady who has a husband and children to clothe should see these tables at once. We have everything exactly as announced above, and they are the biggest bargains ever seen in Napanee.

In order to make this Sale a great success we have decided to give to every purchaser of any other goods throughout our stock a discount of 10 per cent., except on Factory Cottons, Looms and Shirtings, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Warps and Cotton Bags, all of which will be sold at mill prices. This is an opportunity not to be missed by any person who values money. Our goods are all marked closely, and we claim that they are unusually good value at the regular prices, so that during this Sale there is a straight saving to every purchaser of 10 per cent. clear money. This will be given on Carpets, Lace Curtains, Dress Goods and Trimmings, Silks and Satins, Tweeds and Cloths, Prints, Ducks, Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, Laces, Millinery, everything in the stock except the reservations made above. We need scarcely add, that this will be a bona fide, honestly conducted sale, and that all salesmen and saleswomen have instructions to deduct the discounts at the end of each bill.

THE TERMS are, all amounts under $20, CASH, over that amount approved notes at interest. The DISCOUNT will positively not be allowed unless on these terms.

Following is a sample of how bills will be made out, which will show in a clear manner the saving to be made.

JEREMIAH JONES,

Bot of HINCH BROS.

30 yds. Tapestry Carpet at 60	$18.00
2 Sett Lace Curtains at 3.00	6.00
1 Suit Clothes to order	16.00
20 yds Silk at [illegible]	24.00
12 yds Dress Goods at 25c,	3.00
10 yds Print at 12 1-2	1.25
1 pair Corsets	1.00
1 Bonnet	3.50
1 pair Kid Gloves	75
	$73.50
Less 10 per cent.	7.35
Paid.	$66.15

HINCH BROS.

A BURNING QUESTION.

St. George's Cathedral Vestry Meeting—An Exciting Scene.

KINGSTON, April 15.—The Easter vestry meetings held in the different city churches were of a very lively character. At St. Paul's Church Capt. Gaskin, in nominating Mr. J. Charles as a delegate to the Provincial Synod, desired him to state before his election what his views were in regard to the choice of a minister by the congregation. If Mr. Charles did not favor the selection of a minister by the people the people would not vote for him. Mr. Charles said he favored the choice of the people and was elected accordingly. At St. George's Cathedral the Wilson difficulty again came up, and the uproar during the discussion would have compared more favorably with that which usually takes place at a meeting of ward politicians. On a motion being made to pay the salary of the Rev. Dr. Wilson up to this Easter vestry meeting, after some discussion Dean Lyster arose and said that he had not been an opponent of Dr. Wilson's for seventeen years, that he had never differed with the Doctor until it occurred of the latter's own accord. He compared his late curate to a man who had given his horse too much rein and was thrown over his head. Abbie and the Salvation Army, he added, threw Dr. Wilson on his head. (Cries of "Shame, shame" and derisive cheers all over the hall.) Mr. Waldron said the Dean should cast no reflection on the Doctor. The Dean said he could not cast reflections upon a man who would sleep all night on the floor, referring to Dr. Wilson's prostration at the Salvation Army's barracks. (Cries of "Order, order," cheers and applause.) The Dean concluded by alluding to the condition upon which he offered to reinstate Dr. Wilson as his curate. After some further speaking, the following motion was put:—Moved by C. F. Gildersleeve, seconded by R. J. Carson, that as the rector has seen fit to dismiss the late curate, the Rev. H. Wilson, D.D., to whose salary the vestry contributed, and was ignored in such dismissal, and as such dismissal was without adequate cause and most unjust, after Dr. Wilson's long and successful ministration in the parish, this vestry refuses to contribute to the salary of a curate or curates. Mr. Walkem suggested the rejection of the motion. It was only a torch of discord. (Continued cheers and applause.) Mr. Gildersleeve (above the cries of many voices) charged the Dean with having been cruel, unjust and tyrannous in his dismissal of Dr. Wilson. [Voices—"Yes, yes," and "no, no," and tremendous uproar.] This motion was withdrawn, and the following one substituted:—Moved by R. T. Walkem, seconded by J. Muckleston, that this vestry desires to place on record their appreciation of the long and faithful services of Dr. Wilson, for seventeen years curate of this parish, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to him.—Carried.

The Dean fully, entirely and perfectly endorsed the resolution—"I deeply regret," he added, "that Dr. Wilson parted from me, not I from him."

More Rioting.

According to a St. John, Newfoundland, despatch of Tuesday, the people of Carbonear are again in arms against one another, and if there is no outside interference the Protestants and Catholics will probably cut each other to pieces before long. Riots such as these are very harmful to Christianity, but real Christians have nothing to do with them. Men who will shoot and bayonet each other in petty bigotry neither have reason in their minds nor charity in their hearts.

MACPHERSON VERY MAD.

He Makes a Wild Speech in the Senate.

[Toronto Morning News.]

OTTAWA, April 10.—The usual senatorial calm was to-day ruffled by a little breeze which has created much excitement among the old ladies. While in committee on Senator Macpherson's bill to provide for the appointment of registrars in the Northwest.

Senator Power remarked, that in view of recent disclosures at Toronto he hoped the Minister of Interior would be less reckless in future in giving people appointment, or authority to make appointments, to Northwest registrarships.

Senator Almon, an incoherent gentleman from Nova Scotia, who is the possessor of a very red face and a husky voice, jerked out an objection to Senator Power making any such allusion.

Senator Macpherson then rose in a tremendous rage, almost literally frothing at the mouth, and made the most violent harangue that was probably ever heard within the walls of the dignified and stately Senate Chamber.

He denied all complicity in the bribery plot, and said that Wilkinson's appointment was not intended to be transferable. He then fiercely denounced Mowat, Hardy, Pardee, McKim, and Balfour, applied to them such epithets as "liars," "law schemers" "base conspirators," "mean cowardly hounds," "a pack of knavish plotters," "contemptible tricksters," and many other pet names of similar import. He said that Mowat and his colleagues had entered into a conspiracy to ruin the characters of honest men and to endeavor to entrap into their snare a Dominion cabinet minister. He concluded by saying that Mowat had everlastingly disgraced himself by making improper reference to him (Macpherson) in connection with the bribery matter.

During the delivery of his harangue he was so inflamed with passion that he found it difficult to give utterance to his words, and at times it seemed as though he must choke or burst a blood vessel.

Owing to his excitement, the torrent of vituperation which poured fourth consisted of a series of incoherent sentences, uttered without any regard to their connection.

During its delivery shouts of "order" came from all parts of the chamber, and considerable confusion ensued, owing to the endeavors to make him regard the decencies of debate.

Senators Scott and Haythorne rose and objected that he was out of order, when Senator Plumb jumped up and contended that he was quite right and should go ahead.

They all stood together talking at the tops of their voices and gesticulating wildly; when in the middle of the confusion, McPherson finished his screed and sat down.

Senator Macpherson's conduct is condemned by the majority of the senators on both sides. They are shocked to think that one of their number should have used no better language than an ordinary member of parliament might be expected to use, and it is understood that the official reporter has been instructed to suppress the episode altogether in his report.

Napanee Market Prices.

		April 18th, 1884.
Fall wheat, per bushel		$1 00 to $1 05
Spring wheat,	do	1 05 1 10
Barley,	do	0 50 0 00
Oats,	do	0 35 0 40
Peas,	do	0 70 0 72
Rye,	do	0 57 0 58
Onions,	do	0 50 0 75
	do per bag	0 90 1 00
Potatoes,	per bag	0 65 0 00
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs		2 75 3 85
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs		2 75 3 18

The Great

And the praise and compliments la

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Was of course the greatest attrac

kep

OUR FRE

Were also very much admired and

Ladies are adopting a wise
cannot be repeated

Our customers tell us that c
to the stock this week and will co

MILL

DOWN

ON A

We will commence our Grand ar

We will be better than ever p
and examine our immense stock a

SPRING, 1884.

ENGLISH AND

Stylish Scotch Tweed Sui

60 Pieces new Canadian Tu

each other in petty bigotry neither have reason in their minds nor charity in their hearts.

Cuban Filibustering.

The filibustering expedition to Cuba, insignificant at first, has assumed serious proportions, and the authorities at Madrid and on the island are justly alarmed. Aguero is at best but a bandit, and his original followers little better, but he is gaining many adherants, and is likely to be the author of much destruction and disorder. The people of Cuba are greatly incensed at the exacting treatment they have received at the hands of the Spanish government, which bleeds the island almost to exhaustion annually, and are apparently ready to hail any change with satisfaction. At present it appears as if Aguero will carry everything before him.

A New Officer for the Salvation Army.

A new Salvation Army major has been appointed for Canada in place of Major Moore, who will in future confine his labors to the United States. The new man is an Englishman named Coombs. Many of the army are said to be exhibiting a know-nothing spirit, and asking why a Canadian wasn't appointed to the position. From a Salvation Army standpoint even the United States is a dependency of England, as the appointment of Major is made by General Booth. In its plan of having one head to which all branches of the church may look for orders, the Salvation Army resembles the Roman Catholic church. General Booth is the pope of the Salvation Army.

Fine Warerooms.

Messrs. Birrell & Phelan, the enterprising east end implement dealers, have this week moved into their new premises—the eastern store of the new Cartwright block. The shop has been fitted up especially for their accommodation and is one of the largest and neatest implement warerooms in the district. On the left of the entrance the office is located which is neatly furnished, and in the rear are a counter and shelving, where all the various sections of the machines the firm sells are kept to meet the requirements of customers in the event of any machine getting broken. The remainder of the store is occupied by various machines set up and in perfect working order, while the commodious basement contains machines carefully stowed away in parts awaiting orders for delivery. The firm are special agents for the various machines of the Massey Manufacturing Company of Toronto, probably the largest implement manufactory in the Dominion, and each implement is warranted the best of its kind. The manufactures of this Company include the Massey Harvester, the Toronto Mower, the Massey Mower and the Sharp Horse Rake. In addition to these they sell the Champion Seed Drill, the Wisner Seeder, Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator, the Wilkinson Plough, the new McCloskey Separator and the celebrated Waterous "Champion" engine. They have also on sale a new hay elevator called "Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator," invented by the senior member of the firm and and patented. It is vastly superior to any other elevator in the market and should meet with a ready sale. Farmers should call and see it before purchasing any other. The entire display and the premises are indicative of the firm's push and enterprise. We wish them a very successful season.

Fluid Lightning

is the only instantaneous relief for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Etc. Rubbing a few drops briskly is all that is needed. No taking nauseous medicines for weeks, but one minute's application removes all pain and will prove the great value of Fluid Lightning. Twenty-five cents per bottle at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

... per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	0 65	0 00
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 85
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 75	3 18
Corn	0 75	0 20
Butter per tub	0 16	0 12
Butter, per lb	0 17	0 19
Cheese "	0 12	0 13
Lard "	0 10	0 10
Tallow "	0 06	0 75
Musk Rats	0 04	0 09
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 08
Lamb per lb	0 08	0 18
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 00
Wool per lb	0 15	0 50
Calfskins per lb	0 08	0 15
Hogs per cwt	7 50	8 50
Eggs per doz	0 10	0 11
Bacon per 100 lbs	11 00	12 00
Mess pork	0 10	0 11
Beef hides	5 00	5 50
Deeken skins	0 40	0 00
Pelts	0 40	0 00
Lambskins	0 50	0 85
Bran per ton	18 00	20 00
Shorts "	20 00	22 20
Hay "	7 00	0 12
Clover Hay per ton	3 00	4 07
Cedar Posts	0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand	2 25	2 59
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkey	0 50	1 25
Geese	0 30	0 45
Chickens	35	0 40

BIRTHS.

LAKE.—In Ernesttown, on Sunday, 12th inst., the wife of Mr. B. N. Lake, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

CHAPMAN—MILLER.—On the 15th inst., by the Rev. R. N. Adams, at the residence of Mr. G. Asselstine, brother-in-law of the bride, Mr. John Chapman, of N. Fredericksburgh, to Mrs. Sarah Miller, of S. Fredericksburgh.

DEATHS.

WINTERS.—In Richmond, on the 14th inst., Margaret A. Winters, aged 20 yrs., 11 mos.

LUCAS.—In Richmond, on the 15th inst., Carrie P. Lucas, aged 5 years and 8 months.

JOYCE.—In Adolphustown, on the 15th inst., Robert John Joyce, aged 14 years and 14 days.

TREADWAY.—In Napanee on the 16th inst., Harriet E. Treadway, aged 25 years and 27 days.

CONGER.—In Napanee, on the 16th inst., the infant daughter of Henry Conger, aged 1 year, 1 mo., and 9 days.

WOODWARD.—In Napanee, on Friday, 11th inst., Nancy, wife of Daniel I. Woodward, aged 67 years and 7 months.

VERMILYEA—In Thurlow, on Monday, 14th inst., of paralysis, Mrs. Solomon Vermilyea, mother of the late Mrs. Moynes, aged 83 years.

SALE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, MAY 1ST.—Mr. James Allen, auctioneer, will sell at the Town Hall, Napanee, two valuable farms, as follows:—Lot No. 27 in the 1st con. of the township of Ernesttown; the south 75 acres of the west-half of lot No. 42 in the 2nd con. of the township of Camden. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

[Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

A Run for the Doctor

Is generally the first thing in case of an injury, but a doctor cannot always respond to the call. If you have Hagyard's Yellow Oil at hand you have a reliable remedy for all wounds, injuries and pain. It has saved life when even doctors had abandoned hope. Keep it ready for use.

Danger Signals.

Reader, if you are troubled with pain, weakness, weariness and a dragging feeling in the small of the back, with thick—high colored—slimy urine, then you have alarming signals of danger, and should resort to Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand kidney regulator and blood and liver cleansing tonic.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-1 2-1y.

OO Pieces new Canadian Pa

R. P. LA

WATERBURY STEM

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Are passing away by

We are giving this celebrated Watch, with a b attached, to every purchaser of a suit of clothin

THIS IS DECIDEDLY TH

ever made in the clothing line on

—BIG STOCK OF ALL

Hard and Soft

—AND—

MEN'S FURNISH

Call and Examine

Remember, Rennie

C. CUM

Is the place to buy cheap goods. We are

Winter Goods at

Any person in want of an overcoat will do termined to sell off all our

READY-MADE C

So as to make room for our SPRING STOCK, whi HATS & CAPS AT C

FLANNELS! F

Cheaper than ever. Splendid All Wool Grey Flanne best quality, at 20, 15 and 10 cents a yard.

If you want to save time and trouble, order or call when in town.

We have on hand a splendid line of DRY G necessary articles to be found in a first-class store.

You Can Prove This by gi

The first time your are in town just st

See the Great Bargains

In Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons, Denims, and any All goods to be sold by March to make room

C. CU

'eat Success of Our Opening Day

liments lavished on the goods satisfies us that our spring purchases are right in style and right in price.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

'est attraction but in the Tailoring Department we also made a fine display and MR. HOGAN was kept busy all day taking orders and measures for new suits.

FRENCH PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS

nired and large sales were made, especia'ly of Ottoman Cords and China Crapes.

ng a wise course in selecting their dresses before the choice shades are sold out, as some of them

l us that our stock never looked so fresh and attractive before. We are adding new lines of goods id will continue to receive new goods every week through the season.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

MILLINERY FOR THIS SPRING

—AT—

/NEY & COMPANY'S.

)N AND AFTER TUESDAY, APRIL 8th,

Grand and Gorgeous Display of Millinery Goods. The largest, cheapest and most stylish stock ever shown.

ıan ever prepared to execute orders with despatch, so that customers will not have to wait. Ca se stock and leave your order early.

DOWNEY & CO.

34.} ROBLIN & FORD {SPRING, 1884.

—ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN—

AND AMERICAN STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS,

Tweed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Worsteds and Spring Overcoatings,

dian Tweed, all Prices. *45 Pieces new French Cambric Shirtins,*

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

lian Tweed, all Prices. *45 Pieces new French Cambric Shirtins,*

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

ROBLIN & FORD.

LAHEY'S

RY STEM WINDING

TCHES EVERY SUIT

away by the dozens.

ch, with a beautiful GOLD PLATED CHAIN it of clothing costing from $8.00 up.

LY THE BIGGEST OFFER

thing line on the face of the earth.

K OF ALL THE NEW—

Soft Felt Hats

—AND—

NISHING GOODS.

xamine the Watches.

ennie Block.

R. P. LAHEY.

JMMINS'

We are now offering our entire stock of

ods at Cost Prices.

coat will do well by giving us a call. We are de-

IADE CLOTHING

STOCK, which will be the choicest of the season CAPS AT COST PRICE.

S! FLANNELS!!

l Grey Flannels at 35 cents a yard. Canton Flannel, yard.

ouble, order your Groceries from C. CUMMINS',

ie of DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, and all t-class store.

This by giving us a Call.

n town just step into C. Cummins' and

argains we are Offering

ims, and anything kept in a first-class establishment to make room for fresh Arrivals.

CUMMINS, Bath.

A FACT WORTH KNOWING

A. ROSE & CO.

Have the best stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

IN TOWN.

They are almost equal to Ordered Work, and very Stylish Patterns.

☞ Be sure you see ROSE'S Clothing before you buy. Our prices range from $5.00 to $20.00 per suit.

A. ROSE & CO.

CHANGE IN THE FIRM!

SLAUGHTER IN GROCERIES!

—AT—

W. G. L. Coulter's

(LATE GRANGE & COULTER.)

I am prepared to sell cheaper than ever before, and I solicit a call from all.

Canned Goods Cheap. Tomatoes 15 cents per can, Corn 15c., Peas 15c., Peaches 30c., Apples 15c., Plums 20c., Rhubarb 15c., Pumpkin 15c., Strawberries 30c.

FRESH COFFEE just arrived, Oranges, Lemons, Cocoanuts, &c. TEAS and SUGARS a Specially.

CALL AND SEE.

W. G. L. COULTER.

BOOTS AND SHOES

NEATER AND CHEAPER THAN EVER.

MR. GEORGE E. MAYBEE,

—OF THE—

People's One Price Boot and Shoe Store,

Announces his Stock in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Goods now replete.

We can vouch the elegance of the Ladies' Boots.

His Gents' Goods will be here the beginning of April.

☞ *Gentlemen's Fine Hand Made Goods a Specialty.* ☜

GEO. E MAYBEE,

CAMPBELL HOUSE BLOCK.

CUPIDITY AND CRIME.

CHAPTER XXIV.

Two great facts haunted Christine Singleton's thought all through the long sleepless night that followed Benjuda's proposal. She was engaged to the richest man she knew, happiness, as she understood it, was at last within her grasp, and, in the very moment that made her safe, Vance had returned to lay her hopes in the dust and fill her with vague uncertainty and dread.

That her brother never had forgiven—never would forgive—her treachery to Nora she knew; far easier would it have been to win pardon from the dead girl than from the man who had so bitterly resented her wrongs.

Even Mrs. Bruce did not know how wide the breach between her children was, for she had not seen the brief savage epistle in which on the eve of quitting England, Vance had bidden his sister an eternal farewell.

"I will not reproach you; but I will not speak to you again. The stain of blood may be on Nora's hands, but it is on your soul, and you will always be the murderess in my thoughts. Some day even her punishment will find you out and reach you."

She shuddered as she realized the wild words that had hardly touched her at the time; the punishment seemed near at hand now, and it would be crushing if it took the shape she feared.

"I will not survive such a defeat," she said, looking, as she set her small white teeth together, very weird and wan in the gray morning light, very unlike the fair lily queen of the Baron's fancy. "I will never wither away in the dull country life that mother looks forward to so quietly. I, a poor desolate old maid? No, I will die first; this is my last chance! Vance must listen if I tell him this. If I marry Baron Benjuda, I will be a good woman; it is so easy for the rich to be good. If—if anything prevents the marriage——"

Cristine's face was very pale, her eyes had a resolute light. In her heart she was making an impious bargain with the heaven she had offended, and not with the brother whose forgiveness she almost despaired of winning. And yet, reckless as she was, there was something of truth and something of pathos in her resolve.

She did mean to be "good," if only she might be so on her own terms. She was was weary of the wickedness that had paid her so ill. The old passionate jealousy of Nora had necessarily died out for lack of fuel, the old love for Arthur Beaupre, the one genuine emotion of her life, was as dead. A wall had grown up between the old life and the new, and she felt it hard that the Cristine of these days, who wished ill to no one, and only well to her mother and herself, should be confounded with the fierce revengeful creature who had wrought such mischief in the days that were dead.

"Surely Vance must see things in this light," she thought, as she arrayed herself with considerable trepidation for the coming interview with her brother—for Vance, having been duly apprised of their whereabouts, had promised to call early in the day.

"At least we shall not meet in Benjuda's and his rapid professional success, which with a perfect belief in the truth of his words, he ascribed wholly and solely to his wife.

"But for her I should have been a penniless vagabond to-day, mother," he had said proudly. "I am a vagabond still, of course, but a vagabond with a balance at my bankers', and a respectable visiting list—which is a vagabond with a difference, as you know."

"I told him I did know," Mrs. Bruce finished, turning with perfect seriousness to her daughter. "I said Baron Benjuda—he knows all about the Baron, Crissie—told us that the world had quite changed its opinion since I was a girl, and actors were people of consideration now. He laughed, said the Baron was quite right, and again that he owed all this consideration to his wife."

"And when are we to see this paragon of perfection?" Cristine asked, unable to repress the habitual sneer, though she was honestly anxious for the answer.

Mrs. Bruce's face clouded a little.

"Well, not just at present; the baby is not four weeks old, and he does not think Nettie—that is, his wife—could bear the excitement yet."

Cristine Singleton pondered in some perplexity the words that were a mere disappointment, not to be questioned or examined, to her mother. Her acute intellect saw something strange in a prohibition that left the reconciliation incomplete, and she vainly sought to affix a reason to it.

There could hardly be danger to the most most nervous patient in the visit of avowedly friendly persons, and Vance must have seen that Mrs. Bruee was prepared to receive her new daughter-in-law with something approaching rapture. Was it designed to keep her at a distance, or was Vance's home-life not so altogether charming as he wished them to believe?

"Did he give you his address?" she asked abruptly; and Mrs. Bruce shook her head.

"No, my dear; I forgot to ask him for it. He said the first day Nettie could come out he would bring her here."

But it was hardly Nettie; her brother's conduct was surely prompted by some other motive than care for her, his delicate wife. In her restless suspicious frame of mind Cristine felt that she should know no peace until she had solved the mystery.

Long before conjecture had had time to exhaust itself on the subject, Baron Benjuda, more radiant, imposing-looking, and masterful than ever in his new character of accepted lover, had made his appearance and claimed all her attention and all her care. He was so large and important a personage, it seemed only natural to allow him a clear stage in one's thoughts, and even Mrs. Bruce allowed Vance to be forgotten while this comfortable wooer discoursed in his rich sonorous tones of love and money. He was the most solidly satisfactory of lovers, if to a more sentimental fancy he might have been held to fall short of ideal perfection. A few brief questions as to Cristine's position and prospects, which a shrewd guess at the Baron's character led Mrs. Bruce to answer with wise frankness, and then he turned to give the more agreeable side of the subject, and, lolling back very much at his ease in the big chair he had exactly suited him, he thought. Cophetua was surely the wisest of kings, a true epicure of feeling.

"Nothing to offer!" he said graciously, with lordly mocking smile, "Only the best gifts of Cophetua's queen, her love and innocence and beauty!"

The compliment was very prettily turned, or so he flattered himself; but Cristine did not smile as though it had banished her last modest fear. On the contrary, she looked, with a sort of wistful entreaty altogether out of keeping with her character as he knew it, into his face, and held one hand, as though she feared to release it.

"What is it, my lily queen?' he asked, half puzzled by the strangeness of her mood, half flattered by the thought that he had inspired a real affection where he had intended to make a splendid purchase.

"If—if anything should come between us now!" she said, with a look of such genuine terror as filled the Baron with supreme delight.

"Nothing shall." He threw one arm round the slim waist and drew her to him, till the fair hair rested on his broad shoulder. "You are mine now, Cristine; and I should like to see the man who would try to take what I call mine from me!"

The cheerful confidence of the strong unsentimental voice was like a tonic draught to Cristine. Why should she worry herself any more; her past was past; it should not overshadow her future. She raised her head; and, disengaging herself with a pretty little laugh, she gracefully glided from the subject.

"Vance was here this morning," she said, leaning back against the tall velvet-backed chair, well aware that her lover was noting the effective contrast it presented to the pale gold of her hair, the clear whiteness of her skin. "Vance was here; and he is married."

"As I could have told you," Benjuda said tranquilly. "I remember Miss Clare last year, a bright pretty little creature, full of talent and grace."

"But an actress," Miss Singleton said deprecatingly. "My connections will do you no great credit, I fear."

The Baron laughed with easy and magnificent scorn. Cristine still needed a lesson, he thought.

"My dear child, what can such things matter to me? As it happens, I shall consider myself most happy in the acquaintance of Mr. and Mrs. Vance Singleton, who are very charming people; but, were one-half of your relatives hanged for murder, and the rest transported for swindling, it would alter my intentions no whit, were you all I thought you still. When you individually are guilty of an act that you need blush for, then I will give you up—but not till then. Do you agree to that Cristine?"

"Yes," said Cristine faintly—and her blood ran cold with fear.

"And when are you to see the new sister-in-law?"

"Oh"—Cristine looked up, inspired with a new idea—"mother and I intended to give her a surprise visit; but Vance is so stupid, he never left his address."

"Well, I can get you that," Benjuda said, smiling.

"Without asking him directly? For we want to surprise them both."

coming interview with her brother—for Vance, having been duly apprised of their whereabouts, had promised to call early in the day.

"At least we shall not meet in Benjuda's presence," Miss Singleton thought, with a nervous laugh, when a little before noon she heard her brother's clear voice in the hall, and a few seconds later her mother's glad welcoming cry.

"I will leave them a few moments together; it is but fair," she said, as she closed her bed-room door and walked back to the tall pier-glass that reflected a face so drawn and haggard that she could hardly believe it her own. She bit her lips till they nearly bled, and forced them to a ghastly parody of a smile, hating herself for the fear she showed. "It is conscience, I suppose—it cannot be that I am afraid of Vance—and yet, if my heart would only cease this sickening throbbing, I could go down and know the best and—the worst!"

But her heart beat only the more wildly, her throat and mouth grew parched, and, though Vance stayed more than an hour with his mother, it was not until she heard the door open and their voices echoing in the hall that she found resolution to descend the stairs and stand in her brother's presence. She looked like a ghost, as she stood white and trembling, unable to articulate a word, but raising eyes of hopeless entreaty to his. Even Vance, stern as his resentment was, and just as he felt it to be, was a little moved and softened; he had intended to raise his hat, as to a stranger, and pass on. Now to his mother's astonishment—"Why, Vance, it is Cristine!" he answered with cold gentleness, "How do you do, Cristine!"—and just touched her hand with his fingers at which she caught with a passionately grateful clutch.

It was the strangest meeting between brother and sister; but Cristine felt it was something gained; and, as the tall handsome young man passed out into the sunlet street, she drew a long breath of relief.

"What are you sighing about?" Mrs. Bruce asked almost indignantly, as she led the way back into the sitting-room and plumped contentedly down into the nearest seat. "If ever there was a happy day, this is one."

Cristine did not answer—hardly listened indeed—a fact which her mother was too brimful of delightful excitement to resent, or even notice.

"Fancy, Cristine! Vance is married, and making so much money, and, as Benjuda says, on the way to be a great man; and he has one sweet little girl called 'Nora,' and the best wife in the world."

But the fashion in which her mother's news was delivered was a little too much for Cristine. With one item tumbling over another, and all mixed pell-mell she could only gather that Vance was married—in itself a startling and significant fact that might naturally influence his attitude towards her.

"Try to tell me the story coherently, mother," she said more patiently than she usually spoke; "remember, I know nothing yet, and am eager to know all."

Her attention was now vividly awake; she drew her chair a little nearer, and listened with eager interest to the story Mrs. Bruce had to tell. It was briefly the story of Vance's wooing and wedding, at the Baron's character led Mrs. Bruce to answer with wise frankness, and then he turned to give the more agreeable side of the subject, and, lolling back very much at his ease in the big chair he had placed between them, spoke of what he meant to do for the wife and mother-in-law, who in future must learn to look wholly to him.

It was like a dream of Pactolus to the two women who had known the cruel pinch and grind of genteel pretentious poverty so long; they listened with eager eyes and lips apart while the full rich voice flowed evenly on in talk of settlements and pin-money and banking-accounts for present need. Lord de Gretton was a rich man, and had seemed to their then views lavishly liberal; but there was a touch of Eastern magnificence about the Baron's ideas which threw those of the dead man completely into the shade.

"You are too generous, Baron," Mrs. Bruce cried at last, tears of real gratitude rising in her eyes, a touch of true feeling making her uttterance husky and indistinct; while Cristine sat with clasped hands and down-bent head, wildly wondering if this were te be her punishment—f the gates of Paradise were to swing back before her, only to close inexorably in her face—if all the fairy-gold rained down in this glittering shower would change within her grasp to withered leaves.

"Tut, tut, my dear madam," the Baron said, with sovereign graciousness, well pleased alike with h mself and her—in truth, the sense of royal condescension on his part—"the thanks are due to me. It is my privilege to give your pearl a splendid setting."

The "pearl" thus apostrophised did her best to smile in grateful acceptance of the compliment, but the effort was hardly successful.

"Cristine must thank you," Mrs. Bruce murmured as she withdrew, thinking at the same time that she could have performed the duty much better than her daughter, who in this moment of her triumph had grown strangely listless, spiritless, and dull.

She looked up as the door closed, and saw Benjuda holding a diamond snake ring ready to slip upon her finger. Somehow the sight brought back that other ring that had been the seal of Nora Bruce's betrothal, the fiery serpent that had goaded that unhappy girl to madness and death, and worse than death. Did this hold such a sting for her, a justly retributive sting? She withdrew her hand, with a sharp impulsive cry, and a shudder that ran through her whole frame.

The Baron drew back with a very displeased look; he was slow to take offence, slow to believe that any one could mean to offend him; but her movement had been unmistakeable—he must needs resent it.

Before he could put his anger into words however, she caught his hands, and, looking him in the eyes, said, with a quick hysteric sob—

"You are too good to me—a real King Cophetua; and I, a true beggar-maid, have nothing to offer in return."

The ring slipped on easily after that, and the white hand on which it glittered was raised with gallant grace to the Baron's lips. This was the homage that he liked best; the *role* of King Cophetua so stupid, he never left his address."

"Well, I can get you that," Benjuda said, smiling.

"Without asking him directly? For we want to surprise them both."

"Certainly; I can get it at the theatre."

"Oh, if you will!" Cristine said, with a delighted look, from which the Baron drew the pleasant but erroneous conviction that she really cared for her brother, and was indeed more generally soft-hearted and affectionate than he had thought.

"By-the-way, Cristine," he said, as, after a sufficiently lengthy stay, he rose to go, "I should have told you that Lady Olivia Blake intends to call."

"Lady Olivia Blake!"

"Yes; I asked it as a personal favour, and, being an old friend of mine, she did not like to refuse, though of course, in the circumstances, the visit will be rather painful to her."

"Of course," said Cristine, constraining herself to speak as indifferently as he did, though she wondered, in an inner agony, whether Lady Olivia Blake had filled in the very meagre sketch she had given of her step-sister's tragic ending.

Benjuda tapped the pale cheek in a fondly patronising fashion.

"Do not look so scared, lily. She will not harrow your feelings with any allusions to the murder. She was too fond of that wretched scamp of a De Gretton, I think. At least, she seems never to have recovered from the shock of his death."

"I do not wonder," Cristine said, with a truthful shudder, and yet with a fear-sharpened quickness to take shelter behind his own words. "I cannot bear to think of that time.'

"And you shall not, lily," he cried, with a parting kiss; "henceforth you shall think only of me."

Cristine smiled till he was out of sight; then the smile faded in the old look of fear; to her conscience-stricken thoughts it seemed that all who knew or had guessed at her old treachery were rising up to bear witness against her now.

CHAPTER XXV.

"Could you tell me all that you remember of that night, Nora? It is for your own sake I ask it—no, for mine"—as she drew back into the shadow, hiding her face with both white hands—"I will not let you live this life in death any longer. All the world shall know, as I know, that you are innocent!"

Arthur Beaupre spoke with vehment passion; his handsome face was flushed and eager, his blue eyes were dark and dilated; he looked strangely unlike the listless world-weary invalid of a few days back.

The two were alone together in Mrs. Vance Singleton's pretty sitting-room, alone with their own memories for company; the evening shadows were falling softly around them, the stars were peeping here and there in the faint gray sky to which Nora's dark eyes turned with a wistful persistency, though her thoughts were centred on things personal.

"What would you have me to do?" she said, without turning her head, and speaking with a grave pathos that went to the young man's heart. "The world believed me guilty, and believes me dead. Would you have me give myself up to justice?"

"No, no!" Arthur grew white with

horror at the picture her words called up. "But you are not guilty. My darling, you are a martyr, not a criminal!"

The fervour of his tone brought a faint rose-tint to the pale cheek and a grateful light to the dark eyes; but Nora said gently—

"You take my word for that, Arthur; I have no other evidence to offer—and the world——"

"Oh, the world!" Arthur rose and paced the room with rapid irregular steps, then paused, leaning both arms on the back of a tall chair, and looking down at silent Nora with all his loving aching heart in his blue eyes.

"Nora, the world was no crueller than I—than Vance—those who loved you most dearly. We thought you dead, and, reading in that death the confession of a crime, never paused to sift the evidence that may bear less hardly upon you than you think. Your disappearance gave perfect immunity to the real criminal—remember that."

Still Nora did not answer; but he saw that she was listening with earnest attention, and went on eagerly—

"I swear to prove your innocence, to find the real criminal! Nora, for our love's sake, do not refuse to help me! Think, my dearest—try to recall every incident of that night."

"I will"—the clear voice vibrated with a new earnest emotion, with something that sounded almost like the ring of hope, though the gray eyes darkened pathetically and the slight hands were nervously clasped—"I will try; but Arthur, you must give me time. I was mad, mad with fear and misery that night, and all my recollections are confused and dim."

"Take time, my darling."

The poor young fellow's own heart throbbed with suffocating quickness, his blood coursed madly through his veins, his brain grew dizzy with its thronging hopes and fears; yet, by a giant effort, he forced himself to speak with something like reassuring calm.

Everything now depended upon her clearness of memory, upon faculties that had been obscured so cruelly and so long. The length of time that had passed, the opportunities that had been let slip, the easy fashion in which enquiry into the crime had been allowed to degenerate into a search for the lost bride—all these things had rendered search for the real criminal almost hopeless, unless she, who alone knew the real story, could help him with some clue.

"Take time, Nora; little by little it will come back, and then——"

He could not finish the sentence, could only steady his trembling hands upon the tall chair-back and watch the young face, with its strange frame of silver hair, as though life and death hung—as indeed they did—upon the utterance of those pale perfect lips.

(TO BE CONTINUED).

A Simple Remedy.

There is no remedy of such general application, and none so easily attainable, as water: and yet nine persons in ten will pass by it in an emergency to seek for something of far less efficiency.

There are but few cases where water should not occupy the highest place as a

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Oscar Wilde tells the few people who listen to his lectures on America that San Francisco was built by the Chinese.

Russia borrows money at six per cent. Greece at five per cent., while the United States pays but three per cent. per annum

Enormous quantities of oranges are produced in Paraguay. They are sold at 50 cents a bushel, and fed to pigs and cattle, and are used for distillation.

Since the year 1860 sixteen baronetcies and thirty-four knighthoods have been conferred upon the physicians and surgeons of Great Britain and Ireland.

Investigations of the statistics of suicide show that hanging is the method most commonly chosen by self-murderers, drowning next and shooting and stabbing next.

The Great Pyramid contains 2,300,000 stones, weighing on an average two and a half tons each. The granite beams of the kings' chamber weigh between fifty and sixty tons.

The bread-fruit tree grows very slowly. The specimen at Kew is but a foot and a half high, although it is eighty years old. Some of those found in the tropics are forty feet high and thirty feet in diameter.

Aquatic birds outnumber the land birds, because their food never fails, not because they are more prolific. The fulmar-petrel lays but one egg, yet it is believed to be the most numerous bird in the world.

In the whole Russian Empire of nearly 100,000,000 persons there are only 775 journals and periodicals of all kinds. Eighty-two of these are Government gazettes and forty-four are organs of the official ecclesiastical authorities.

Lombard Street, London, was named for certain usurers who came to England in 1299 to lend money to convents, communities and private persons who were not able to pay their tenths, which were collected very carefully that year.

During the last seven years man has killed about 140,000 wild beasts in India, and the wild beasts have killed 28,000 men and 45,000 cattle. As the wild animals increase much faster than men the reference is unpleasantly obvious.

It has been found that cities are really much warmer than the open country near them, and that it is not altogether fashion nor the influence of imagination which sends persons into the country in the summer and calls them back to town in the Autumn.

Recent experiments in German schools have shown that the difficulty of reading black letters on a white ground compared to that of reading white on a black ground is as 421 to 496, and, therefore, the slate and the blackboard will probably fall into disuse in the empire.

The Necobar Islanders have such a passion for tall, white hats with a black band that traders who visit with them carry specimens of this headgear instead of the trinkets usually dear to the noble savage. The price of a tall hat is from fifty-fve to sixty-five cocoanuts.

Murder and Suicide in Italy.

Ulysses Salini, a carbineer, native of the Abruzzi, was stationed at Florenzuola, and Elvira Ferrari, his sweetheart, who belonged to a well-to-do family, lived in Fontana-Fredda. Four kilometers separated them, but there is no distance for hearts that comprehend each other, and the young carbineer every day, to the neglect of his military duties, ran those four kilometers with the rapidity of lightning. His superiors repeatedly reproved him for his irregularities, but in vain; love was stronger than duty, and they came finally to the decision to change his station. The unfortunate lover received orders to report himself at Placenza. The emotion with which he received such an order can not be expressed. He wished to see his Elvira for the last time, and very early, at 5 the next morning, betook himself to Fontana to give her the last adieu.

The two lovers were seen wandering in the fields in animated conversation, like persons who had important, last communications to make. An explosion was heard. Poor Elvira was no more; a ball had severed the carotid, killing her instantly; and the love, who had shot her, attempted to kill himself; but the aim being uncertain in the emotion of this terrible moment, he only shattered his jaw, and the revolver dropping from his hand he, instead of picking it up to renew the attempt, flew across the country to the barracks, where, entering into the guard-room, he caught up another revolver from the table, and pointing it under his chin, blew out his brains.

Premature Burials.

It is rather startling to be told by "Ignotus," of the Paris *Figaro*, that the chances which a person runs of being buried alive are hardly less than those incurred by the sailor of being drowned at sea. The writer of a paper recently read before the French Academy of medicine expresses the opinion that one in every five thousand persons is buried alive, while the official statistics show that the mortality among sailors from shipwreck average one in four thousand. The question has of late been much discussed by the medical body just mentioned, and it seems to be settled that none of the accepted indications of death, with the single exception of the unmistakable decomposition of the body, are to be regarded as perfectly conclusive. It is certain that the possibility of such a frightful death weighs on the mind of many of the French; as, according to a recent declaration of the president of the chamber of notaries, express instructions are given in one will out of every ten to have the testator's heart pierced by a qualified surgeon before the lid of the coffin is screwed down.

Bartholomew Binns.

Another execution has taken place with the disgraceful and disgusting bungling on the part of the executioner which now seems to be the rule. The wretched victim's heart went on beating, it is said, for some minutes after the "drop;" and as the evidence on that point is doubtful, it is certain that death was not instantaneous. In the interest of decency and hu-

pass by it in an emergency to seek for something of far less efficiency.

There are but few cases where water should not occupy the highest place as a remedial agent.

A strip of flannel or napkin folded lengthwise, and dipped in hot water and wrung out, and then applied around the neck of a child that has croup, will usually bring relief in ten minutes.

A towel folded several times, and dipped in hot water and quickly wrung and applied over the seat of the pain in toothache or neuralgia, will generally afford prompt relief. This treatment in colic works almost like magic. I have seen cases that have resisted other treatment for hours yield to this in ten minutes. There is nothing that will so promptly cut short a congestion of the lungs, sore throat, or rheumatism, as hot water when applied promptly and thoroughly.

Pieces of cotton batting dipped in hot water, and kept applied to old sores or new cuts, bruises or sprains, is the treatment now generally adopted in hospitals, I have seen a sprained ankle cured in an hour by showering it with hot water, poured from a height of three feet.

Tepid water acts promptly as an emetic; and hot water taken freely half an hour before bed time is the best of cathartics in cases of constipation, while it has a most soothing effect on the stomach and bowels. This treatment continued for a few months, with proper attention to the diet, will cure any curable case of dyspepsia.

Headache almost always yields to the simultaneous application of hot water to the feet and back of the neck.

It is an excellent plan to record facts like these in a note book, which should be always at hand when wanted. In the anxiety caused by accidents or sudden illness in the family, one becomes confused and is not apt to remember quickly what should be done; hence there may be prolonged and unnecessary suffering before proper remedies are applied.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

At Werden (Westphalia) an aged prisoner was at his urgent request granted permission to be taken to the railway station in order to see a locomotive and train for the first time.

While Samuel McDaniels was trudging along behind his plough on his farm at Island Shoals, Ga., last Friday, he turned up a jug which had evidently been buried a great many years. He pried the stopple out, and found some rare old brandy. An hour later Samuel lay on his back on the ploughed field, with the jug in one hand, his hat in the other, and a serene smile upon his face. Not a drop of brandy remained in the jug. His mother, observing that the horses had stood in one place for a long while, went out into the field and gazed with anger at her son. Then, in a rage, she seized a huge stone which lay hard by, and with it shattered the jug. It proved to be a double-decked jug. The upper half had held some of the brandy for which the lamented grandfather of Samuel had been famed, and the lower half was packed solid with rows of musty $5 gold pieces. It had been buried by the grandfather. He was killed suddenly by an accident, and no one knew of the buried treasure.

that traders who visit with them carry specimens of this headgear instead of the trinkets usually dear to the noble savage. The price of a tall hat is from fifty-fve to sixty-five cocoanuts.

There is a Jewish penman in Vienna who writes 400 Hebrew letters on one grain of wheat. In order to furnish the Emperor with satisfactory evidence of his extraordinary skill, he has written the Jewish prayer for the imperial family on the narrow edge of an ordinary visiting card.

Although the existence of kerosene oil in several provinces of Japan is said to have been known for 1,200 years, the Japanese did not know how to refine it until about ten years ago. At present, however, refining establishments are springing up rapidly, and its manufacture is becoming an important industry.

The Government in France is not afraid of the clerk class, and is afraid of the workmen class; consequently the new income tax will be hardest on the former. The laborer at 8 francs or 10 francs a day will not be taxed, but the railroad or Government employee, on a salary amounting to half that sum per day, will have to pay 2½ per cent. out of it. A large proportion such persons already find the most painful difficulty in making both ends meet.

In 1881 Mr. Frank Berry, of Easley, S. C., picked and packed a bale of cotton at his gin and placed a note inside the bale, requesting the man who manufactured the cotton to inform him what he made of it, etc. Recently, Mr. Berry received a letter from France in which he was informed that his note had been found and that the cotton had been made into twist. The manufacturer requested Mr. Berry to write and inform him how much he received for the cotton here, and whether it was of the first or second picking.

The Berlin correspondent of the Belgian *Echo du Parlement* discredits the statement widely made of late that a reduction in German armaments is probable. "Were Germany to reduce her forces she would be depriving herself of that which gives her a sort of political supremacy on the Continent." He adds that when a subject of a partial disarmament is mentioned before Von Moltke he is in the habit of getting up and going away, not to waste time in useless talk. Russia's renewed good understanding with Germany may, however, enable the former to withdraw some troops from the German frontier, and any saving is a consideration for Russia.

An English Judge, having received an intimation that a man he had sentenced to death wished particularly to see him, went to his cell, when the man said: "I stole your watch years ago. You were looking into a print shop in the street." "Yes," said the Judge; "but I always wondered how the thing was done, because I particularly valued the seals which were hanging from the fob, and kept my hand on them." "You did, save for an instant, when I tickled you with a straw behind the ear." He went on to explain that the watch was such a peculiar one, the name being embossed on it, that they had been afrid to sell it, and said, "If you get me ink and paper I can give you a letter which will enable you to recover it." And the Judge did recover it.

tim's heart went on beating, it is said, for some minutes after the "drop;" and as the evidence on that point is doubtful, it is certain that death was not instantaneous. In the interest of decency and humanity it is greatly to be desired that medical men and mechanicians would give their minds to the perfecting of the apparatus and methods used to carry out the last painful operation of the law, so that the executioner might have something to guide him beside his own rule of thumb. Also it may be doubted whether the elaborate examination instituted by the home office has resulted in the selection of the best possible successor to the late Mr. Marwood. A person who vapors about public houses with the tackle of his horrible trade, and who is in a condition of questionable sobriety when he proceeds on a business so serious as that of taking a life, is hardly the right man in the place which Binns hold.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

Water as a Soothing Syrup.

Sir Joseph Fayrer, president of the Medical Society, and the first authority in the world about snake poison, has come forward in a new capacity, with an infallible receipt for soothing fretful children to sleep. In nearly every Himalayan village the native baby is placed in a trough, into which there trickles a constant stream of water. This falling upon the vertex of the cranium induces sleep. Children lie in their troughs for hours while their mothers go about their work. We fear Sir Joseph's plan would be only too successful in this country. After a day or two's exposure in the water-trough the child would probably sleep the sleep that knows no waking. The system may work in India, but it can not be garanteed as safe for home application.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

Mountains of difficulties sink into plains before Christ.

"It's a great comfort to be left alone," said an Irish lover, "especially when your sweetheart is wid ye."

T. R. Peck states that there are important differences in the composition of the hot springs of Iceland and of New Zealand. The hot mud wells of Iceland contain so much copper that several companies have been formed to work them commercially, while the New Zealand mud springs are so full of infusoria that in times of famine the natives sustain life on a diet consisting chiefly of mud.

The Paris police are endeavoring to suppress a strange traffic in dead bodies which they have discovered to exist on the River Seine in and near Paris. It appears that a reward of fifteen francs is given in the Department of the Seine for any bodies found in the river and delivered up to the authorities. In the neighboring departments, if only a few miles away—as for instance, in the Seine-et-Oise—no such reward is offered. The consequence is that boatmen finding bodies outside the stipulated boundary, instead of giving them up to the police of their own district, sell them to men employed higher up the river, who obtain the reward for them, realizing a profit by the transaction. This custom has become so prevalent that there is a recognized tariff of five francs for bodies purchased in this way.

MANORIAL MYTHS.

Some Ancient Customs Which Survive in London.

Allowing that the stewardship of the Chiltern Hundreds is neither more or less than a convenient subterfuge, at least it serves a useful object; and that is more than can be truly said for some immemorial make-believes, as, for example those two manorial myths to which the corporation of the city of London cling with the tenacity of a mussel to a low-water rock. There are the Chitern Hills, and the hundreds of Stoke, of Desborough, and of Bodenham, and anyone so inclined may go and look at them. But whese are the "Forge" in the county of Middlesex, and the "Moors" in Shropshire, which estates the city holds of the crown at a quit rent of six horse-shoes, sixty-one nails, and two knives? Regularly every year the corporation pay their quit rent with solemnly farcical formality. They pay it to the queen's remembrancer, in a room of the high court of justice, notwithstanding that everyone in the world, the menemonic official included, is profoundly ignorant of the whereabouts of the property. All the same, on rent day, the queen's remembrancer—assisted by his clerk, who gets a reward of

FOUR YARDS OF FINE CLOTH

for the job—stands at a little table, upon which are spread a neat little billet of twigs that would do credit to a West-end toy shop—laid lengthwise upon a little chopping-board flanked with six horse-shoes—very old and large and flat—shoes of some ancient knightly charger, perhaps those of the beast which bore Sir William Walworth when, as Froissart has it, he "drew a kind of scimetar" and felled Wat Tyler to the ground—and sixty-one nails and two knives. It is the duty of the city solicitor, acting on behalf of his clients the corporation, to chop the twigs and count up the horse-shoes, nails, and knives, and of some other official persons to offer to render up the accounts of the estate. The chopping and counting are always duly performed; but, of course, the accounts are not presented, because, we believe, there are no estates to account for. Some ancient, long-since-retired common council man vaguely remembers having, heard when he was a boy, of an extremely old man, whose grandfather kept a shoeing forge at the bottom of Milford lane, in the Strand; that the forge had been in the family

FOR MORE THAN A CENTURY,

and that there was something wrong with the title. He supposes this may be the property for which the city does service to the crown, and he thinks it a pity, therefore, that all trace of the forge has passed away, and all knowledge of its site clean forgotten. Again, at some remote period, the city may have let or rather underlet, the "Moors" to someone; but no rent has been paid for that messuage for the past three hundred years. The Shropshire landlords are, and ever have been, and ever will be ready to go to law on the slightest provocation in support of theis titles, and the city does not claim of them a square inch of soil, any more than the crown claims of the city, beyond the quit rent of the two knives, which the old title-deed explains, may be one good and the other bad. Thus it follows that, even if the quit rent were not paid, all the

THE CHILTERN HUNDREDS.

The Stewardship and the Purpose It Serves in England.

What is meant by the stewardship of the Chiltern Hundreds, lately conferred on Mr. Bradlaugh and Mr. Marriott? It is a nominal office, in the gift of the chancellor of the exchequer, enabling a member of the House of Commons, by a constitutional fiction, to resign his seat. Membership of the third estate of the realm, once obtained, is assumed to run an uninterrupted course from the date of the return of the general election next ensuing, and a member, not in any other manner disqualified, can only give up his trust in one way, and that is by accepting an employment of profit under the crown, in which case he ceases to be a member until the constituency from which he derived his representative position are pleased to re-elect him. It sometimes happens, as in the instances cited, that members are anxious to withdraw, though only temporarily, in order to obtain a fresh mandate from their constituents; or it may be that some elect of a county or borough desires to retire altogether from the parliamentary arena. The modus operandi is always the same. A formal application to the Minister for the stewardship of the Chiltern Hundreds of Stoke, Desborough, and Bodenham, in Buckinghamshire, or of the manors of Poynings, East Hundred, and Northstead, or the escheatorship of Munster, all assumed to be offices of emolument; and, if the Minister see no reason to the contrary,

THE APPLICATION IS FORTHWITH GRANTED.

As a matter of fact, these stewardships are not places of profit, but sinecures without salary, and the persons to whom they are given hold them by what may be called a tenure of grace. Bohn's "Cyclopædia of Political, Constitutional, Statistical, and Forensic Knowledge," says that as soon as the stewardship (of the Chiltern Hundreds) "is obtained, it is resigned, that it may serve the same purpose again. Certain specified government appointments, frequently held by members of Parliament—being conferred by heads of departments, and not directly by the crown—are exempt from the category of employments which demand resignation with a view to re-election; such are the under secretaries of state and the surveyor general of the ordnance. Since the year 1867 a member already in office, accepting another post, does not thereby vacate his seat. Some writers doubt the strict legality of the form, on the ground that the stewardship fails to embrace the full meaning of a "place of honor and profit under the crown," and strictly speaking that is so; but, like Mercutio's wound, "'twill serve." The practice dates back about 130 years, at which period the original object for which the post was created had long ceased to exist. Chiltern is a ridge or series of chalky hills extending across the country of Bucks, not far south of the centre, reaching from Tring in Hertfordshire to Henley in Oxford, a district anciently covered with dense beechen wood, the resort of

DARING AND DESPERATE ROBBERS,

bold outlaws of the Robin Hood type, who led a more or less merry life "under the greenwood tree," at the expense of the peaceable farmers and villagers of the

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

A Man Shoots his Bride's Two Brothers in Her Presence.

Jacob Shelley shot and killed two brothers named Morrill in Zonestown, Pa., recently. The shooting grew out of the marriage of Ida Morrill, a sister of the brothers, to Shelley. For nearly two years Ida, who is a handsome, well educated woman, 22 years old, the daughter of Levi C. Morrill, a well-know citizen, has been receiving the attentions of Shelley contrary to the wishes of her parents. She moved in the best society of the place. Shelley came to Zonestown about five years ago, and during that time has acquired a notorious reputation, figuring in all the rows in the town. He met Miss Morrill about a year ago and a warm attachment sprang up between them. As soon as the fact became a matter of gossip Miss Morrill's parents commanded her to cease encouraging Shelley's attentions.

Not long ago James Morrill met Shelley on the village street and asked him if he had said he could marry his sister whenever he wished to? Shelley laughed, and said he thought he could. Hot words and a rough and tumble fight ensued, in which young Morrill was badly beaten. This occurrence heightened the feeling against Shelley among the Morrils, and James threatened to shoot Shelley. A perpetual watch was kept on Miss Morrill's movements, and she never had a chance to meet her lover except in the dresence of a third party. Recently she was found to be missing, and, after waiting in vain for her appearance, her father set out for the village in search for her. He found that his daughter and Shelley had been married by a justice of the peace, and Ida had accompanied Shelley to his home, a short distance outside of town.

Returning home the distracted father informed his family of his daughter's act, and the two sons, James and Joseph, determined to go to Shelley's house and see Ida. The father and mother tried to dissuade them, but they persisted in their determination. They went to Shelley's house, and found Ida in company with Shelley and his mother. Without addressing their sister, both boys began to abuse Shelley violently, and finally James lost all control over his temper and struck Shelley a severe blow in the face with his clenched fist. Shelley grappled with him, and both fell locked in each other's arms. Joseph sprang to his brother's aid, and both began beating and kicking Shelley unmercifully.

Shelley finally managed to break away from their grasp, and, drawing a revolver, ordered the two to leave the house. They refused, and also drew revolvers. Shelley immediately fired, the ball striking James Morrill in the left side, perforating the left lung. Upon seeing his brother fall to the floor, Joseph Morrill fired, shattering Shelley's left arm. Shelley quickly returned the fire, this time striking Joseph in the head. He fell to the floor senseless.

The noise of the shot was heard by the neighbors, and soon a crowd came rushing in and found Shelley quarrelling with his wife over the prostrate bodies of her brothers. Shelley at once explained what he had done, and said he wished to sur-

SUN

quit rent of the two knives, which the old title-deed explains, may be one good and the other bad. Thus it follows that, even if the quit rent were not paid, all the queen's men, including the royal remembrancer himself—whose memory does not extend to universally-forgotten items of typography—could not call the bailiffs in. It would be as easy to distrain on a sunset, or put up a rainbow to auction by order of the sheriff.

VANDERBILT'S BARBER-SHOP.

With Something About a Man Known as the Best Barber in New York.

Most of the socialists in New York are Germans. The socialists believe in the assassination of monarchs. Our American monarchs are millionaires. William H. Vanderbilt is despotic by two hundred millions. Still, he lets a German draw a keen blade over his throat every day. There is a quaint and jolly old German, with a huge red nose, a perfectly bald head, and an immense mustache waxed at the ends, who may be seen any morning of the year going down Fifth avenue with the march of a dissipated Prussian grenadier and the smile of a happy infant. He is gentleness itself. Everybody who knows him calls him Jakey, but he owns the full name of Jacob Aber. Every morning about 9 o'clock he stops at the magnificent residence of William H. Vanderbilt, greets the servant who opens the door blandly, and goes at once to Mr. Vanderbilt's barber-shop.

So much has been written about this house that it seems hardly as though anything new could be told, but many changes take place, and in the south wing, adjoining Mr. Vanderbilt's dressing-room, there has been fitted up a barber-shop. It is small, and in the middle of it is a barber's chair, made of dark mahogany and inlaid with mother-of-pearl. The base-board of the room, the cornices, and the door and window frames are of the same shade of mahogany, and mother-of-pearl decorations are identical with those on the chair. The chair is of the regulation barber-shop pattern. Old Jakey shaves the two-hundred millionaire, and then drifts down the avenue, nodding gracefully to stage-drivers, and giving the occasional policeman whom he meets the 5th avenue salute. He shaves several other wealthy men on his way down, and finally ends with Commodore Garrison, on Park avenue. Then he goes back to his humble home in the lower Bowery and smokes a strong German pipe and plays penuckle with his wife until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Then he andrews up-town again and visits one or two old gentlemen who prefer to be shaved before dinner rather than in the morning. He returns again to the Bowery, goes to a favorite lager-beer saloon in Roosevelt street, and sits in one particular chair and at one particular table every night until 11 o'clock. Then he stalks off to bed. He is close to 60 years of age, and is said te be the best barber in New York. He gets his own prices for his work, and probably has older customers than any other barber in the world. He shaved Fernando Wood thirty years.

Misleading Lights of Ireland.—Parnellites.

DARING AND DESPERATE ROBBERS,

bold outlaws of the Robin Hood type, who led a more or less merry life "under the greenwood tree," at the expense of the peaceable farmers and villagers of the uplands. Inasmuch as it became necessary to clear the country of these banditti by bring them to the rough-and-ready justice of those far-off days, the crown appointed an officer call the steward of the Chiltern Hundreds, whose duty was to pursue and arrest the brigands, and provide them with a shrift and convenient halter. In the course of time Chiltern became as free from footpads as the precincts of the royal palaces, so that the active duties of the stewardship fell into desuetude, and the salary ceased to be paid. Yet the honorific office remained, as hell minus a kernel, and some time about 1750 a minister of state applied it to its present purpose.

Cheerful Facts for Smokers.

A gentleman describing himself as "one of the people fond of a good cigar," assures the New York *Times* that a prominent physician told him lately that from the practice of cigar-makers wetting the rapper with their saliva, and biting the end of the cigar into shape, a loathsome disease was spreading, and that he knew of several cases.

"Somewhat alarmed," he continues, "I managed to visit a number of factories, Two-thirds of the cigar-makers, I found, daub the whole end of the cigar with their saliva. Thinking that Cuban workmen might not do it, I visited places whore they were employed, and found that not only did they use their saliva to make the wrapper stick, bnt that most of them, before wrapping, bite the end of the cigar into shape with their teeth. As the physician informs me that many of the cigar-makers have sore mouths from disease, it is a very dangerous, as well as a beastly habit."

This is horrible, if true, and we fear it is true to some extent. From personal observation, we know that cigar-makers in Cuba do manipulate their work with a touch of saliva. Not many of them do it, we should judge, but some do, and these nasty workmen are probably the very fellows whose mouths are the most likely to communicate disease. Those cigars, moreover, which look the neatest at their smoking end, and are most admired by young smokers, probably owe their attractive symmetry to this disgusting manipulation. Yet it is a fact that the most inveterate smokers are found among men who must be aware of the prevalence of this filthy practice. Almost all of those who manufactured cigars, or who deal in cigars, also smoke cigars. We don't buite see how they can do it, but they do.—*Buffalo Express.*

Dr. Bjornstrom, superintendant of a lunatic asylum at Stockholm, introduced a printing press and some type into the establishment for the benefit of an insane compositor. The other patients became intererested in printing, and the Doctor soon gave them a more extensive apparatus. The result is the recent publication of the Doctor's book on "Diseases of the Mind," which was set up, printed and bound by the patients, and is pronounced a very good piece of work in every respect. It contains 202 pages.

in and found Shelley quarrelling with his wife over the prostrate bodies of her brothers. Shelley at once explained what he had done, and said he wished to surrender, as he did the shooting in self-defence. He was held to await the result of the injurles received by the Morrills.

His bride has become partially insane over the terrible occurrence. What little information could be gleaned from her corroborates Shelley's story—that he did the shooting in self-defence.

MURDER IN AN INSANE ASYLUM.

A Patient in the Toronto Asylum Kills Her Companion.

Valoria McKinley, aged about 32, of Toronto, and Rachael Stephens, aged over 60, of Guelph, patients at the protincial asylum in Toronto, occupied vhe same room one night recently. They were classed as what is known as melancholic patients, the principal danger in this class to be guarded against being suicide. When the female attendant opened their room early in the morning she discovered old Mrs. Stephens dead with her brains battered out. The dead woman's companion explained the situation with the remark that "She killed Mrs. Stephens because the latter would not kill her." McKinley was greatly excited, and suffered intensely from nervousness. Coroner Duncan opened an inquest and elicited the facts of the affaid. Drs. Clarke and Buchan and half a dozen other attaches of the asylum were examined, and testified as to the manner of treating patients.

The jury returned a verdict to the effect that Rachael Stephens came to her death by being beaten on the head with a wooden bucket in the hands of Valoria McKinley, but as the latter was of unsound mind they could not attach any malice aforethought to the act.

The woman McKinley was unable to be examined at the inquest. She was prostrated all day, and the jury visited her apartment before returning their verdict. She died the next morning from the shock and nervous prostration.

Every one speaks highly of Dr Carson's Stomach Bitters as a Stomach, Liver and Kidney medicine. "The best family medicine we ever used," say they all. Try a bottle this Spring as a blood purifier.

During the night of Nov. 17 the snow in the valley of Storelvdal, in Central Norway, (between 61 and 62 degrees north latitude,) was covered with a layer of black and gray dust of probable volcanic origin.

TRY NERVILINE For all kinds of pain. Polson's NERVILINE is the most efficient and prompt remedy in existence for neuralgia, lumbago, and headache. For internal use it has no equal. Relief in five minutes may be obtained from Nerviline in any of the following complaints, viz.. Cramps in the stomach, chills, flatulent pains Buy a 10 cent sample bottle of Nerviline at any drug store and test the great remedy. Large bott es 25 cents.

President Lincoln once listened patiently while a friend read a long manuscript to him, and who then asked, "What do you think of it? How will it take?" The President reflected a little while, and then answered, "Well, for people who like that kind of thing, I think that is just about the kind of thing they'd like."

The navy blue seal brown olive green and other rich dark colors of the Triangle Dyes are as perfect as the bright shades. They never disappoint the user. 10c.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

The following is a brief synopsis of the statements presented at the annual meeting of this Company lately held in Montreal. From even this brief summary the sound and prosperous condition of the business will at once be seen.

The life applications received during the year were 1 411 for $2 328 990, while the accident were 1 551 for $2,919,600, making in all 2 962 for $5 248,590 The assurances in force are :—Life, 4 007 for $6,779,565, and Accident, 1,875 for $3 367,050, in all, 5,882 for $10,147,615. The applications for the year, both life and accident, and the assurances in force, both life and accident, were larger than ever before in the history of the Company. The fact that nearly 3,000 persons applied for new assurance is the best possible evidence of the high position the "Sun" occupies in public confidence.

The progress made in the life department during the last ten years is well shown in the following statement :—

	Applications Received.	Amount in Force.
1874	$ 621,342	$1,786,092
1876	1,154,998	2,414,063
1878	1 606,301	3,374,683
1880	2,142,344	3,881,479
1882	1,962 462	5,849,889
1883	2,328,990	6,779,566

The financial statements are briefly as follows :—

INCOME.

Premiums, Life		$227,957, 05
" Accident		17,058, 80
Interest and rents		29,248, 21
Miscellaneous		601 44
		$ 274,865 50

DISBURSEMENTS.

Dividends on capital		$ 6,250, 00
Re-assurances		1,105 63
Death claims	$49.529 10	
Matured endowments	6,038 85	
Annuity payments	906 50	
Accident claims	10.388 06	
Profits	9,911 22	
Surrender values	3,389 95	
		80,163 68
Expense account		49,054 55
Commissions		24,619 00
Medical fees		4,161 73
		$ 165,354 79

ASSETS.

Municipal and other debentures market value	$	103,780 00
Molsons Bank stock (at 112½ per cent')		2,2:0,00
Montreal Loan and Mortgage Co.'s stock (at 60 p. c.)		36,000 00
Loans on bank stock (market value $40,680)		30,000 00
Real estate		73,236 76
Loans on real estate, first mortgages		292,517 06
Cash on hand and in bank		39,640 60
Loans on policies (within surrender value)		25,426 17
Bills receivable and office furniture		13,451 66
Interest and rents due and accrued		11,010 84
Set aside to cover death claim awaiting discharge		5,092 00
Agents' balances		4,961 54
Outstanding premiums on policies in force - - - - - - - -	$81.095 57	
Less 10 per cent. for collection -	8,109 55	
		72,986 02
Commuted commissions - - - - - - -		17,961 00
Due for policy re-assured and sundries -		1,626 65
	$	735,940 10
Capital stock subscribed and unpaid - - -		437,500 00
Total assets - - - - - - - - - -		$1,173,440 10

LIABILITIES.

Life reserves, valued by Dominion Insurance Department -	$618,526 26	
Annuity Reserves - - - - - -	8,124 23	
	626,650 49	
Less Reserves on Policies re-assured - - - - - - - -	948 82	
		$625,701 67
Unearned Accident Premiums - - - - - -		9 745 59
Death claims not yet due - - - - - - - -		12,409 24
Profits due Policy-holders - - - - - - -		377 90
Debenture Sinking fund - - - - - - - -		3,758 80
Total liabilities to Policy-holders - - - - -		651,993 20
Surplus to policy holders - - - - - - - -		83,947 30
Capital paid-up - - - - - - - -	$62,500 00	
Surplus over liabilities and Capital Stock - - - - - - - - - -	21,447 30	
		$ 735,940 10

The assets and income were much larger than in any previous year. It was pointed out that if the same rate of progress is kept up for the next ten years as in the past the income will then be nearly one and a half millions and the assets four millions.

ONE SET WOOLEN MILL WANTED to rent, with privilege of buying. Water power preferrd. Apply Box 8, Greensville P. O., Ont

COMMON SENSE STILL TRIUMPHANT. Fiske's "Common sense" Brace, No strain on pants or shoulders. Requires NO BUTTONS on the pants. Sent to any address, by mail, on receipt of price 75c. FISKE and CO., 277 King St., West, Toronto.

FOR SALE—A STOCK OF DRUGS AND fixtures on a leading avenue in Detroit; physician's office and practice in connection; a bargain: $1,200 cash. P. E. PARK, Attorney, Room 5, 120 Griswold Street, Detroit.

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WANTED.—THE ADDRESS OF every reader of this paper who would like a salary of $15.00 a week, for canvassing the most popular useful, and easy selling subscription book ever published. Address, A. C. JACKSON and Co., 95 King St East' Toronto.

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'Common Sense' Brace
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Alias, the Gallowses
No strain on shoulders or pants, requires no BUTTONS ON PANTS Simple, easy, cheap, durable. Sent to any address by mail on receipt of 50 or 75c. with "little Doreas" by H. N. FISKE and Co., 277 King Street West, Toronto.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.
Importers of
Drain Pipes, Portland Cement,
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TO SADDLERS.
The celebrated Elm City Harness Oil can be had from the following Wholesale Saddlery Hardware houses Field and Davidson, Hamilton; Morgan Bros, Hamilton, Fraser and Johnson, Hamilton; C. Davidson and Co. Toronto: S. Trees and Co., Toronto; T. Woodhouse and Co., Toronto; W. Ellis, London: W. C. Martin, Kingston; J. Smith and Son., Brantford; or from F. F. DALLEY and Co., Hamilton. Sole agents for the Dominion

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WEEKLY BETWEEN
Quebec, Montreal, and Liverpool.
CALLING AT
QUEENSTOWN AND BELFAST
For lowest rates and all particulars apply to
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THE LILY
is a perfect gem, equal to an imported French Corset; fits like a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured only by
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The accomplishment of the age. A railroad means of communicating thought—A railroad by reason of its expedition—A railroad by reason of its ease. Complete set of books for self instruction for beginners, post free for 45c. Send for price list T. A. McINTYRE and Co., Ontario Shorthand Emporium, 34 King St. East., Toronto.

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ASK FOR IT AND TAKE NO OTHER.
Beware of Imitations
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Leather Belting, Fire Engine Hose, &c.
Four First Prizes and Two Diplomas. The highest of all Awards for Leather Belting and Fire Engine Hose were accorded by the Judges at the St. John Centennial and Dominion Exhibition, to ROBIN & SADLER, Montreal, over all competitors.

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Price Low For Future Delivery.
Tin Plate.
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INCORPORATED.
—HEAD OFFICE, LONDON, ONT.—
Issues Certificates from $125 to $3.000, payable on marriage, at following rates. For $500, or half certificate, $4; quarterly dues in advance. $0.75. For $1.000 Certificate, $6; quarterly dues in advance, $1.00. For $2.000 Certificate, $10; quarterly dues in advance, $2.00. For $3,000 Certificate, $15; quarterly dues in advance, $3.00. A percentage of the Fees applied towards a reserve fund. The only cash payments required at the time of making application for a certificate. The remainder of the liability is made up of assessments at the rate of $1.60 on each $1.000 upon the marriage of members. 12 assessments made the first year payable quarterly, which upon the present large membership secures the payment of a number of Endowments, and a safe and reliable investment for young people. Send for By Laws and full particulars. W. J. IMLACH, Secretary, London, Ont.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.
Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday, and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St. John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.
For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's N. F.; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allan & Co., Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; H. A. Allan, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

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Established for the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh of Nose, Throat, and Lungs, Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, Cancer, Scrofula, Diseases of Skin, Diseases of Eye, Ear, and Heart. Cancers and Tumors dissolved by Electricity without the knife. Galvanism and Faradism, in all their various forms scientifically applied to the treatment of Diseases of Women, nervous exhaustion, nervous debility and kindred diseases.

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M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.C.P.S.O.

All correspondence must be addressed to DR. McCULLY
274, 276, & 278 Jarvis cor. Gerrard

than in any previous year. It was pointed out that if the same rate of progress is kept up for the next ten years as in the past the income will then be nearly one and a half millions and the assets four millions.

The interest on mortgages due before the 31st December, and still unpaid, has been reduced to about $300 or about one one-tenth of one per cent, on the current mortgages. Even this small amount is expected to be shortly paid. This speaks volumes for the sound nature of the investments.

The report is one which cannot fail to be ex remely gratifying to all friends of the company, and we commend it to their attention.

As we have already given an account of the proceedings at the annual meeting it is unnecessary for us to refer to these again. It will be remembered that they were very harmonious and satisfactory.—*Toronto Globe*

Dr. M. Souvielle's Spirometer Given Free.

Encouraged by the fact that during the pas five years, thousands of patients who have used my Spirometer have been cured of Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Catarrhal-Deafness, Consumption or Weak Lungs, and finding that many who could be cured are financially unable to procure the instrument, **I will give the Spirometer Free** to any one suffering from any of the above ailments who will call at 173 Church Street Toronto, and consult the Surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute, the medicine above to be paid for. If unable to call, write for particulars and treatment, which can be sent by express to any address. Dr. M. SOUVIELLE, Ex-aide Surgeon, French Army,

Godliness consists not in a heart to *intend* to do the will of God, but in a heart to do it.

Dyspepsia and Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters can't live in the same Stomach, one of them has got to go and it isn't the Stomach Bitters. The people's own favorite family medicine in large bottles at 50 cents.

Kind looks, kind words, kind acts, and warm hand shakes—these are secondary means of grace when men are in trouble, and are fighting their unseen battles.

The weather prophet looks for spring this month. The wise man looks for a blood purifier that will not injure his system: he can find what he wants in Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, the greatest of all blood-purifiers. In large bottles at 50 cents.

"There was drought in the land, and the most pious men wept and prayed for rain, but none came. An insignificant looking person at length prayed to Him that caused the wind to blow and the rain to fall, and instantly the Heavens covered themselves and the rain fell. 'Who art thou,' they cried, 'that thy prayers alone have prevailed?" And he answered, 'I am a teacher of little children.'"

CHARLATANS AND QUACKS. Have long plied their vocation on the suffering pedals of the people. The knife has pared to the quick; caustic applications have tormented the victim of corns until the conviction shaped itself—there's no cure. PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR proves on what a slender basis public opinion often rests. If you suffer from corns get the Extractor and you will be satisfied. Sold everywhere. N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, propprs.

Hell is as ubiquitous as condemning conscience.

A. P. 172.

TREES $1 will buy 12 Norway, Spruce or Scotch Firs. JAS. RENNIE, Seedsman, Toronto.

SEND 10c. AND RECEIVE BY MAIL 40 Beautiful Chromo Cards with your name on. Address Eureka Card Co., Bolton, Que.

$250 to **$4,000** on marriage. Ladies & Gentlemen. Apply immediately. R. N. CURRY, J.P., Sec. Treas., London, Ont. Agents wanted.

SHORTHAND. LESSONS GIVEN BY mail in Isaac Pitman's system, by practical phonographer. Send for terms and plan to FRANK YEIGH, 262 Sherbourne St. Toronto.

That Large and Nicely Finished store in the Central Block, Waterloo, to rent—rent reasonable, immediate possession. WILLIAM SNIDER, & Co., Waterloo.

F. E. DIXON & CO.,
Manufacturers of Star Rivet
Leather Belting
70 King Street, East, Toronto
Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

TO PRINTERS

Wharfdale Press—For Sale—Only been five years in use, in good order, can be seen running daily at *Truth* office. Only being sold to make room for a faster machine. Price $850. S. FRANK WILSON, Toronto, Canada.

Agents Wanted
—FOR THE—
Citizens Insurance Co., of Canada.
Established 1864.—Capital and Assets, $1,426,985.
—Government Deposit $122,000 Cash.—

As this Company transacts Fire, Life, and Accident business a profitable agency is thus offered to those soliciting insurance risks.
Special terms to those who have valuable connections. Farm property insured as low as by Farm Mutuals.
Address,
Head Office, 179 St. James Street, Montreal
☞ The stock of this Company is held by many of the wealthiest citizens of Montreal.

Dominion Line of Steamships.
Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months.

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL

Toronto,	**Mar. 27.**	**Montreal,**	**Apl. 17.**
Dominion,	**Apl. 3.**	***Oregon,**	**Apl. 24.**
***Sarnia,**	**Apl. 10.**	**Ontario,**	**May. 1**

Rates of passage: Cabin, Portland to Liverpool according to steamer and berth, $50, $60, $70, return, $90, $110, $130; all outside rooms and comfortably heated by steam. Intermediate $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent, or local agents of the Company, or to
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Marriage Aid
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$5,000 Paid on Marriages. Over $100,000 Paid in Benefits to Date.
ISSUE IN 1883, OVER $2,000,000.
The only Company in Canada that has paid a claim.
UNDOUBTED SECURITY.
Premiums small. Address,
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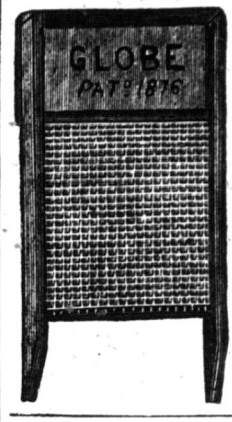

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STANDARD SCALES.
THE BEST, THE STRONGEST, THE MOST RELIABLE.
Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.
THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.
RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILL TRUCKS
Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.
☞ SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST.
GURNEYS & WARE,
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HAS IMPORTED
90 PER CENT OF ALL HORSES
Ever Imported
From France to America,
Whose **Purity of Blood** is established by their **Recorded Pedigrees** in the **Percheron Stud Book of France,** which is the only Draft Horse Record of that country.
Mr. Dunham has just published a 25,000 edition of his handsomely illustrated 52 page catalogue for 1884, containing descriptions and pedigrees (many for 10 generations) of

450 STALLIONS & MARES
Now on hand. All Stallions Guaranteed Breeders.
Catalogue free. Address, **M. W. DUNHAM,** Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois. (35 miles west of Chicago, on C. & N.-W. R'y.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property.

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of roperty in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
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Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

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CENTRAL OFFICE OF THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

But it is the place to buy cheap

School Books

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Of every description. Another big supply of

LADIES' HAND SATCHELS

That cannot be beaten.

CALL AND SEE THE THOMAS ORGANS

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, (W. D. Madden, Deputy) at Madden's Book Store.

ROUND TOWN.

—Dull week.

—White gloves.

—Virtuous L. & A.

—A bachelor's ball is talked of.

—Some cheap cow feed at Close's Mills.

—Regular meeting of Town Council next Monday evening.

—**New Stock** of bird cages and toilet ware at R. G. Wright's.

—Keep in mind the Queen's birthday celebration. A capital programme is promised.

—**We Have** again assorted up in all sizes in Corsets, also Misses' Corsets. C. F. Henderson.

—The high and public schools in town reopened after the Easter holidays on Tuesday.

—On Monday last Messrs. J. Gibbard & Son shipped a fine new hearse to an undertaking firm in Toronto.

—Good spring wheat flour at Close's Mills.

—A sugar social will be held in the C. M. Church, Selby, on Wednesday, April 23rd. A good programme will be presented. Tickets 25 cents.

—Mr. C. E. Wood, dentist, who received a paralytic stroke a couple of weeks ago is able to be around again and can attend to business.

—Mr. A. A. Bartlett, jeweller, received through the mails in a small box the other day a live California toad, which is now on

—**Tons** of clean horse feed for sale at Close's Mills.

—**Madden** leads again in wall paper.

—**A new** circular bass instrument and snare drum is being purchased for the Napanee band.

—**Call on** Perry & Co. for your garden, field and flower seeds. Cheapest and best in town. All from reliable houses.

—Prof. Foster, M. P., is expected to deliver a temperance lecture in town in the course of a few weeks.

—**All the** latest novelties in linen and lace collars, ties, fichus, etc. C. F. Henderson.

—Contractors will observe that the time for receiving tenders for the swing bridge has been extended one week—till Monday, April 28th.

—**Plants.** A nice selection of vegetable and house plants just arrived at Perry & Co.'s, cheap for cash. Call and see them.

—Work has been commenced on the Leonard block, corner Dundas and John-sts. It will be three stories and of fine design.

—The Napanee Lodge I.O.G.T. has leased a lodge room in the new Cartwright block, and purpose fitting it up in first-class style.

—Chief Allen informs us that he is only waiting for the mud on Dundas street to thicken to give the street a thorough cleaning.

—**Remember R. P. Lahey** is giving a stem-winding watch and gold-plated chain with every suit of clothes from $8.00 up.

—Mr. Thos. O'Hare will give a juggling and slack wire performance in the Town Hall this (Friday) evening. After the entertainment a "hop" will be given in the same hall.

—A meeting of the creditors of Mr. J. A. Sexsmith, general dealer, who assigned in trust to Mr. A. T. Harshaw last week, was held on Wednesday but no compromise was effected. Tenders will be asked for the stock.

—**Madden's** gold paper from 40c. per roll up cannot be surpassed.

—Rapid progress is now being made on the N., T. & Q. Railway. Tracklaying has been completed within three-quarters of a mile of Enterprise, while ballasting is also progressing, a ballast train having been put on last Monday.

—Messrs. Potter & Williams purchased for Mr. N. H. Hawkins of Rome, N.Y., on Wednesday 25 head of cattle and on Thursday 16 horses, which were driven to Kingston and shipped on per boat to their destination.

—The ladies of Bath give a leap year calico ball in the town hall in that village, this Friday evening. The committee is composed of Mesdames McKenty, Rowse and Ferren, and Misses Howard, Dennee, McPherson, L. Armstrong, M. Davy and Armstrong. A number from Napanee will attend.

—**The Best** judges say that Madden has by far the finest and cheapest wall paper in Napanee.

—Messrs. Abner Dewitta and Edwin Brooks of Picton, cornet players, are in town this week and played with the Napanee band Wednesday evening. They are both good musicians and it is likely they will become permanent residents of Napanee. The band is in better form now than it has ever been before.

—**R. P. Lahey's.** See the new Fedora Hat just arrived, and big stock of all the latest English and American Hats. Prices down, down.

—C. M. Church, Sabbath, April 20th. Early prayer meeting at 7 a.m.; young people's meeting at 9.30 a.m.; public services at 10.30 a.m. and 6 30 p.m. The Rev. David Winter, evangelist, will preach morning and evening. Meetings every evening next week at 7.30 o'clock.

—R. G. Wright is the sole agent in Napanee for the Ontario Steel Barb Fence Company's Wire, the best barb wire in the mar

A Leading Theatrical Event.

The leading attraction next week at the Opera House will be the first appearance here on Wednesday evening next of the brilliant little comedienne, Lizzie Evans, in C. E. Callahan's burlesque comedy drama, "Fogg's Ferry." The piece will be presented here with the same elegant scenery and effects used in the original production at the Park Theatre, New York, and in Chicago, Cincinnati, and all the leading cities. The company is playing this week in Toronto to large houses and have won golden opinions from the press and public. Reserved seats at J. J. Perry's drug store.

Where is the Fishery Inspector?

People are anxiously enquiring as to the whereabouts of the fishery inspector. Every day large quantities of pickerel are offered for sale in the streets contrary to law and nobody seems to think it his duty to put a stop to the wholesale destruction of the fish and spawn. We understand that the fish are caught in the river by parties with large nets near the falls. If this sort of thing continues there will in a couple of years be no pickerel in these waters. Will the fishery inspector, whoever he is, have the law properly enforced.

The Saved Army.

The Peterborough Examiner says the Saved Army campaign is still being pushed vigorously in that town where it has met with great success. Scarcely a night passes, when their meetings are held, that some half dozen or half score of sinners does not capitulate. On Thursday night of last week Mrs. Willis appeared on the parade for the last time. She appeared on furlough, being detailed to take a short rest at her home, Kingston. This lively little lady has had a prominent part in contributing to the success of the Army here. She has been very popular and leaves many warm friends behind her. Their converts are now claimed to number 325.

Scott Act Movement.

A largely attended and representative meeting of temperance workers was held in the Town Hall Saturday afternoon to discuss the advisability of submitting the Scott Act in this county. Mr. Spence, editor of the Citizen, Toronto, was present, and advocated the submission of the measure. He gave many valuable hints as to the manner of conducting the campaign. Prominent temperance advocates from all parts of the county spoke and the meeting seemed strongly of the opinion that the Act would be carried, and favored submission. A provisional committee was formed with Rev. M. L. Pearson as chairman, and Dr. Meacham, of Odessa, as secretary, to make preliminary arrangements for obtaining the submission of the Act to the people.

Napanee Lacrosse Club.

At a meeting of the Napanee Lacrosse Club held at the Huffman House on Tuesday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—D. W. Allison, M.P., Hon. President; J. C. Drewry, President; S. McCutcheon, 1st Vice President; R. P. Lahey, 2nd Vice President; J. F. McAlister, Treasurer; W. G. L. Coulter, Secretary; J. T. Hosey, Assistant Secretary; J. H. Gallagher, Captain; D. Low, Assistant Captain; Committee of Management, President, Secretary, Messrs. W. J. Doller, A. Spellman, T. Hosey, R. McNeill and W. Normoile. The club is now prepared to receive challenges of surrounding cities, towns and villages. The next meeting will be held at the Huffman House on Friday evening, 25th inst., at 7.30 o'clock.

H. H. Ragan's Illuminated Tours.

able to be around again and can attend to business.

—Mr. A. A. Bartlett, jeweller, received through the mails in a small box the other day a live California toad, which is now on exhibition in his store window.

—**R. P. Lahey's** suits with the celebrated watches and chains are going off by the dozen.

—R. G. Wright, Esq., has been appointed member of the Board of License Commissioners in the place of Hon. John Stevenson, deceased.

—Mr. Nelson Sharp, of Violet, has Italian and Black Bees for sale. 23-3.

—Messrs. Perry & Galt shut down their lime works a few days last week for repairs. The works have since been re-opened and are now in a better condition than ever for turning out lime of the very best quality. Their lime being burned with wood they claim for it excellence over coal burned lime.

—**We Have** now in stock the finest assortment of hosiery ever imported into town. See them before you buy. C. F. Henderson.

—Miss Allen, dress maker, requests us to say that she is not connected with Hinch Bros., as stated erroneously in our opening notes last week, but is in business for herself in the rooms over Bowen's store, next door to the Dominion Hotel.

—**The Best** and cheapest painted wire cloths for window and door screens at R. G. Wright's.

—After two months' illness Mrs. Daniel I. Woodward, Centre-st., died on Friday afternoon last. The funeral on Sunday was attended by the Oddfellows of the town, of which order Mr. Woodward is an old member. The services were conducted by the Rev. M. L. Pearson and the remains were interred in the Napanee cemetery.

—**Our Parasols** are extra good value this season. An inspection will satisfy every one. C. F. Henderson.

—We dropped into the People's Boot and Shoe store last Saturday and were amazed at the number of customers buying boots. Why, he is doing an immense trade and his stock is the finest we have ever seen in Napanee. Ladies, you certainly should see his elegant boots and shoes before you buy. He beats the city stores for fine goods.

—Grind loads of wheat and feed same day at Close's Mills.

—The bachelors of Kingston gave a charming ball in the City Hall Wednesday evening. A number of ladies and gentlemen of Napanee were honored with invitations, but Mr. F. F. Miller was the only representative present. Fred. is, however, a host in himself. He says that the Kingston bachelors more than excelled themselves on the occasion.

—**Go to** R. G. Wright's and get a soapstone griddle and have good, wholesome griddle cakes without grease or smoke.

—Farmers and others in quest of reliable seed potatoes and oats will do well to read the advertisement of the Bay View Farm in another column. This Farm imported a lot of new potatoes last year to enable them to benefit by not only change of seed but also by new, improved and more profitable varieties. There is nothing connected with farming or gardening so profitable as judicious changing of seeds.

—**R. P. Lahey's** stock is complete in all lines of men's furnishing goods. Don't forget to call and see the watches and chains.

—The improvements in the Dominion Bank, commenced about a month ago, are now about completed. The ceiling and walls have been handsomely frescoed by Mr. Frank Hamilton, while the woodwork has, under Mr. Carscallen's brush, been greatly improved in appearance. When the work is completed, which will be in the course of a few days, the office will be one of the neatest in the district, and creditable to the good taste of the obliging and gentlemanly manager, Mr. R. A. Helliwell, under whose direction the improvements have been made.

ing and evening. Meetings every evening next week at 7.30 o'clock.

—R. G. Wright is the sole agent in Napanee for the Ontario Steel Barb Fence Company's Wire, the best barb wire in the market. Thirty tons of this wire have been bought by the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec Railway Company for use on their railway. Call and see it and get one of our Barb Wire Almanacs which contains valuable information for every farmer.

—**Perry & Co.'s** is the cheapest place in town for all kinds of drugs, patent medicines, dye stuffs, groceries, etc. Baking soda and Epsom salts only 5c. per lb., other goods in proportion.

—Mr. W. D. Madden is showing this season a remarkably fine stock of wall papers. The fine gold papers are perfect works of art and surpass the productions of former years. The stock embraces every class of paper from the finest to the common grades, and from the most expensive to the cheapest. Householders can satisfy themselves as to price and quality. Call and see the stock before making your purchases.

—**The Latest Puzzle.** How can W. D. Madden sell wall paper from 15 to 20 per cent below all competitors.

—The Dowling property was sold at Centreville on Wednesday by Mr. S. S. Lazier, Master in Chancery. Fifty acres off lot 5, 6th con. Camden, were sold to Mr. James Byrnes for $1,400. The south half of lot 25, 4th con. Camden, 100 acres, was purchased by Mr. Michael Dowling for $1,500. Parcel No. 3, consisting of the centre part of lot 25, 5th con. Camden, about 50 acres, was sold to Mr. Chas. Whelan for $1,700.

—**The Best Barbed Wire** is to be had at H. W. Perry's. The Napanee and Tamworth Railway bought this wire because they believed it to be the best, and if you don't believe they are using it call up to the station and see the brand on the bundles, "Canada Wire Co., R. Ives, President." Rossic Iron Ore Paint for outside buildings the best thing out, also the cheapest.

—A fine folder has been issued this week from THE EXPRESS job department for the Herring Agricultural Works. It gives interesting information in regard to the numerous excellent machines turned out at this manufactory. Farmers should get one and act upon the advice contained therein. The long list of testimonials of prominent local farmers is convincing evidence of the excellence of the machines.

—**Perry & Co.** are sole agents for the genuine Rock Crystal Specks. Best in use, so every one says that has them. Every pair guaranteed to fit or money refunded. Just half the price of other specks. Try them.

—A new house and barn is being erected by Coun. Stevens on his propetty, south of the academy. The dwelling house will be two stories high and will be of brick. The barn will be 32x40 and the stone work is being done by Messrs. Wm. Gray, of Odessa, and Matthew Scott, of Napanee. The stone walls of the barn will be 9 feet high. The barn is to be raised on Saturday, 26th inst. Mr. Stevens invites his friends to give him a hand in its erection.

—**Give** Perry & Co. a call for your timothy, clover, flax seed, vetches, oil cake, paints, oils, glass, putty, etc., as they sell cheap for cash and make it an object for any one to patronize them. Try them once and be convinced, as they are doing a large business and selling their goods for cash.

—Mr. J. S. Hulett has just completed fine group photograph of the fire brigade, in water colors. An excellent view of the steamer is in the middle and is incircled by cabinet sized photographs of the officers and men. The whole is incased in an elaborate gilt and ebony frame. The work is highly creditable to Mr. Hulett's artistic skill. The picture is to be placed in the Firemen's hall, but will be on exhibition in Mr. Hulett's gallery for a few days. Mr. Hulett has also on exhibition a fine life-sized photograph in water colors of John R. Scott, Esq. This branch of Mr. Hulett's business is rapidly increasing in merit and popularity.

towns and villages. The next meeting will be held at the Huffman House on Friday evening, 25th inst., at 7.30 o'clock.

H. H. Ragan's Illuminated Tours.

It was a small but thoroughly appreciative audience that greeted Mr. H. H. Ragan at the Opera House on Wednesday evening, and to say that they went away delighted but fairly describes their feelings. The subject was "London," and we did not know which most to admire, the large, clear and life-like views or the fine descriptive powers of the lecturer. Both combined to make a highly interesting and instructive entertainment. We regret that our townspeople did not manifest their appreciation of a high-class entertainment by a larger turn out on the opening night, but they partially redeemed themselves last night, when a much larger audience witnessed the tour through Scotland. We hope Mr. Ragan will pay Napanee another visit at an early day and give us his continental tour.

Easter Services.

The Easter services in St. Mary Magdalene's Church on Sunday last were of a most interesting character. There were choral services both morning and evening accompanied by sermons appropriate to the day by the Venerable Archdeacon. The church was beautifully decorated with plants and cut flowers by a committee of ladies under the direction of Mrs. Wilkison. Some of the cut plants were purchased in Belleville and Kingston, but the choicest of the collection were contributions from the conservatory of E. W. Rathbun, Esq., Deseronto, who has for several years made similar kind and liberal donations. An elegant cross of white lilies adorned the communion table while the pulpit was encircled by ivy with bright flowers peeping through the rich green foliage. The chancel rail was also suitably decorated while the batpistry was transformed into a grotto of the most beautiful flowers. The general effect of the decorations was very pretty and reflected the highest credit on the good taste of the ladies who did the work. It is a most appropriate way of ushering in the season of joy which follows that of sorrow and penitence, and in other years even more effective displays of the beautiful works of the Almighty may be expected in this church.

A Fine Stud of Stallions.

Messrs. Potter & Williams, the enterprising livery men and stock importers of Napanee, have now in their stables as fine a stud of stallions as is to be found in this section of the province. They are all well known to farmers and stock fanciers, so that it will not be necessary for us to go into the merits of each in detail. For the information of our readers we give their routes for this season which will be as follows:—

"Prince Royal," Clyde and Suffolk Punch, a fine draft horse will stand at his own stable only.

"Glenelg," coach and general purpose horse, will travel through Ernesttown, Camden, and a portion of Portland, remaining at his own stables on Saturdays.

"War Cry," the old favorite thoroughbred race horse, will travel between Napanee and Kingston, also remaining at his own stable on Saturdays.

Horse Notes.

—Mr. M. O'Dea of Enterprise will this season travel his fine young Glenelg stallion, "Forest Ranger," in Fredericksburgh, Adolphustown and Ernesttown, with a stand in Napanee. See posters for pedigree, &c.

Mr. John Ward has this year changed the route for "Rattler." He will travel through Camden, with stands at Clark's Mills, Centreville, Enterprise and other points, making his headquarters, as heretofore, at the Tichbourne House, Napanee.

A Cure for Cuts, Sores, Etc.

The finest healing compound under the sun is McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. There is no sore but will succumb to its wonderful healing properties. It is an invaluable dressing for scalds, fes'ers, etc. Price twenty-five cents at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

Don't be Giddy.

Many people are troubled with giddiness or dizziness, which is generally a sign of disordered digestion or unequal circulation. Burdock Blood Bitters restores the digestive powers, promotes a healthy circulation of the vital fluids, allays nervous irritation, thus curing headache and giddiness.

A Handy Surgeon.

As a dressing for all manner of flesh wounds there is nothing better than Hagyard's Yellow Oil. It cleanses, allays pain, subdues inflammation and heals without a scar or stiffness of the parts injured. It is equally valuable as a pain remedy for internal use.

SEASON OF 1884.

BIRRELL & PHELAN

Are now established in their new premises, and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection!

THE MASSEY HARVESTER,
(Unsurpassed in the world,)
The Celebrated Toronto Mower,
The Massey Mower,
The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake,
The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market,)
The Wisner Seeder,
The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties,)
The Celebrated Wilkinsen Plow,
(Made especially for us for this season,)
The Port Perry Gang Plow.

BIRRELL'S TRIPLE PURCHASE HAY ELEVATOR

Works with either nets or fork, and all changes made with ropes from the floor of the barn. The best elevator in the market.

THE NEW McCLOSKEY SEPARATOR,

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous "Champion" Engine.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

A full line of repairs constantly on hand.

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas-st.

CHEAP GROCERIES!

—AT—

S. McLAUCHLIN'S NEW STORE

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

In the Clothing Trade.

The People are Delighted and our Competitors Disgusted.

J. F. McALISTER

THE PEOPLE'S CLOTHIER,

—IS ACTUALLY—

Giving Away Dozens of Watches Daily

There is no humbug in our offer. Every watch is warranted for one year and every buyer of a ready-made suit gets one. Do not be induced to accept an inferior article which is being offered. Don't take our word for it but ask any jeweller the difference between a genuine Swiss Watch and the American imitation known as the Waterbury. We venture to say that the latter are not warranted for one day and you will have to hire a boy to keep it going even that length of time. In this case we lead where our competitors dare not follow. The article we offer the public is no fraud.

Our stock of Clothing is by far the largest in town

and bought at prices that enable us to give the very lowest quotations. We are also showing a magnificent stock of

Tweeds, Diagonals, Serges, which we Make to Order

in the most substantial manner. We are having a big run on the celebrated LINEN LINED SHIRTS. The ladies pronounce them a boon, they are so easily ironed.

All the new styles of Hats constantly in stock

and an endless variety of Furnishings.

☞CALL AND SEE THE WATCHES.

J. F. McALISTER.

NEW JEWELLERY STORE.

211 Dundas Street (Opposite Dickens' Bakery)

A. A. BARTLETT

—Dealer in—

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE

FANCY GOOD, &c.

New Goods and Low Prices. All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully and Promptly Attended to.

CHEAP GROCERIES!

—AT—

S. McLAUGHLIN'S NEW STORE

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

Next door to Hinch Bros' store, where you can get

15 lbs. good White Sugar for	$1 00
3 " best Japan Tea	1 00
4 " Young Hyson Tea	1 00
5 " Good Tea, extra value	1 00
6 " Tea Siftings	1 00
Oatmeal, per hundred pounds	2 50
Cornmeal, per hundred pounds	2 00
Best Flour, choice, per hundred lbs.	2 85
Next Grade	2 75
Good Flour	2 60
Shorts per ton	21 00
Good Cracked Feed do	17 00
I have also on hand a choice supply of Timothy seed—per bushel	2 00
Extra Choice	2 25
Clover seed	$7 00 to 7 50
Ground Oil Cake per hundred	2 25
Flax Seed	5 00

Besides, I have a very large selection of

FIELD AND GARDEN SEED

Which will be sold regardless of cost.

FRUIT.

You can get 20 lbs. of good rasins	1 00
13 lbs. Currants	1 00
13 " New Prunes	1 00
Oranges, per dozen	25
Lemons, choice, per dozen	20

MEATS.

Smoked Ham, choice, per lb	.12½
" Bacon " " "	.12½

Pork, 10c. to 11c. Bacon, dried, 11½.

These are only a few of the prices given. Call and see for yourselves.

S. McLAUGHLIN,

Opera House Block, Dundas St.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

DOES WONDERFUL CURES OF KIDNEY DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS,

Why ?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and all Female Complaints.

☞ *SOLID PROOF OF THIS.*

IT WILL SURELY CURE CONSTIPATION, PILES, and RHEUMATISM,

By causing FREE ACTION of all the organs and functions, thereby

CLEANSING the BLOOD

restoring the normal power to throw off disease.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of these terrible diseases have been quickly relieved, and in a short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Send stamp for Diary Almanac for 1884.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

New Goods and Low Prices. All kinds of Repairing, Manufacturing and Engraving Skilfully and Promptly Attended to.

1884) SPRING. (1884

------NAPANEE------

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Our efforts to give the farmers of these counties at their own doors a superior article are appreciated and our celebrated

2-HORSE IRON CULTIVATORS

Are meeting with a ready and steady sale. All who use them pronounce them as a Cultivator

☞The Very Model of Perfection,☜

And to meet the increased demand upon us we have in course of construction an extra number, so that our customers may not be dissapointed this spring (as many were last season) in securing a Cultivator which works complete, is strong, durable and cheap.

We shall be pleased if parties who have spoken for Cultivators will take delivery at an early date and those who have not yet purchased should call at once and secure one and have it in readiness for the spring work.

STEEL HARROWS AT COST.

——WE SELL THE——

GANANOQUE STEEL HARROW

AT COST PRICE,

and have every confidence in recommending it as *THE ONLY FIRST CLASS ONE SOLD IN THESE PARTS.*

It has STEEL BULLS and solid STEEL TEETH. These Harrows have been used and severely tested for the last year or two and have given unbounded satisfaction. CALL AND GET ONE.

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

JOHN HERRING.

February 8th, 1884.

NAP LE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor.

NAPANEE, O

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

—o—

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1819.)

—o—

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.

Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 64 years **Over Fifty-four Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

THE EXPRESS

STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE,
Two Doors West of P. Slaven & Co's.

The Finest Job Printing at Lowest Rates.

NEW PREMISES!
NEW MATERIAL!
BEST WORKMEN!

Get our estimates before giving orders.

Telephone Communication.

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Prop'r

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued by NORMAN STORMS, Violet. Applications strictly private and confidential. 20-6 mos.

FOR SALE.—From one to three first-class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships. CHARLES LANE.
Napanee, February 21st, 1884. 15-5 mos.

TO LET.—The premises formerly occupied by THE EXPRESS on East street. Immediate possession given. Suitable for a manufactory of any kind. Apply to Mr. E. S. LAPUM or to Mr. W. M. O'BEIRNE.

FOR SALE.—A first-class Brick Dwelling and Lot, on the corner of Centre and Isabella streets. The house is well finished and has every convenience. Excellent out-buildings and garden; most desirable location. Without doubt the cheapest property in Napanee. Apply to ROBT. McDONALD, Proprietor, Tichbourne House. 20-

NAPANEE LIME WORKS.

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first-class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the County. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of

---

SEED

POTATOES AND OATS FOR 1884.

The Bay View Farm, Deseronto,

offer an excellent stock of Seed Potatoes at very much below the catalogue rates of reliable seedsmen. The varieties were imported last season not only to procure change of seed but also to procure desirable new sorts. We offer Jumbo White Elephant, White Star Early Beauty of Hebron, St. Patrick Brownell's Best, Burbank's Seedling Early Ohio, and an extra quality of Early Rose. All varieties are warranted true to name and thoroughly matured. They are all free from disease and other defects. We also offer White Russian Oats of fine quality. This is without doubt the best White Seed Oat grown, being an immense cropper and large bright grain. Our seed will weigh from 40 lbs. to 43 lbs. to the struck bushel, and this weight is an *average* of the oats grown on all sorts of soil. Call on or address,

D. E. HOWATT, Supt.,
23-2 in. Deseronto, Ont.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot, Centre Street,

Wharf Property.

Store and Lot, Dundas Street,

Building Lots, Robinson and Richard-sts.,

Farms and Mill Property, Croydon,

Farms in Sidney, Hasting County,

Oil Lands.

And all other property belonging to the estate of John Stevenson, deceased.

Apply to the Executors,

HOWARD S. STEVENSON.
JOHN H. STEVENSON.
W. H. STEVENSON.

Napanee, April 9th, 1884. 22-3 mos.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS,
NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:—

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best.

LENDRICK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21st, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement.

HENRY HUFFMAN.

SEASON OF 1884.

BIRRELL & PHELAN

Are now established in their new premises, and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection!

THE MASSEY HARVESTER,
(Unsurpassed in the world,)
The Celebrated Toronto Mower,
The Massey Mower,
The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake,
The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market,)
The Wisner Seeder,
The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties,)
The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this season,)
The Port Perry Gang Plow.

BIRRELL'S TRIPLE PURCHASE HAY ELEVATOR

Works with either nets or fork, and all changes made with ropes from the floor of the barn. The best elevator in the market.

THE NEW McCLOSKEY SEPARATOR,

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous "Champion" Engine.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

A full line of repairs constantly on hand.

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas-st.

FARMERS' WANTED

In every neighbourhood to take a

Spring Tooth Harrow

—OR—

CULTIVATOR,

And try it. Don't put it off.

county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventillation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition. Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22nd, 1884. 24

NOTICE.

Mr. Norman Scott having retired from the firm of Scott & Perry, wood workers, the business will in future be carried on by the undersigned, who solicits a public patronage.

PERRY & CO.

Napanee, April 2nd, 1884. 21

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second hand, stationery, 12 horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 17.

FARM FOR SALE.—South end of east-half of lot 28 in the 3rd concession of Camden, (4 miles from Newburgh and 3 miles from Clark's Mills), containing seventy acres, with good frame house, barn, outhouses, etc.; 50 acres cleared; the balance wood land; a good spring on the premises. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For full particulars apply to MRS. WATSON, care of Mr. WILLIAM DUNN, Moscow P. O. 12

COURT OF REVISION.

The Court of Revision for the municipality of Bath will meet at the Town Hall, in said municipality, on

Wednesday, the Seventh day of May,

A.D. 1884, at one o'clock in the afternoon. All those interested will please take an appearance.

C. L. ROGERS,
Village Clerk.

Bath, April 21st, 1884. 24-1 in.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas St., Napanee.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

(Opposite Railway Station) John-st., Napanee.

JOHN WHEELER, - - Proprietor.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture, large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,
41 Ann St New York.
Post Office Box 450. 5-1y.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement.

HENRY HUFFMAN.
CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, April 14th, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work.

We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend it to any person who may be in want of it.

GEORGE MILLS.
SCOTT & PERRY.
ROBERT LIGHT.
JOHN A. CLIFF.
GEORGE CLIFF.
W. A. EMERY.
F. W. LITTLE.
ROBT. MCMULLEN.
WM. SAUL.

Napanee, April 14th, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.
24-2 mos. JAMES MEAGHER & SON.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned having decided to retire from active business will offer the following valuable properties for sale:—

Lot No. 26, 6th Con. N. Fredericksburgh

containing 167 acres; about 140 acres under cultivation. Situated on the York road within three miles of Napanee. Good stone house and excellent outbuildings; well watered by creek, spring and wells. A most desirable property.

West-Half Lot No. 10, 2nd Con. Camden,

containing 100 acres; 75 acres under cultivation, remainder pasture land. This property adjoins the village of Napanee Mills, five miles from Napanee and 1½ miles from Newburgh. There are on the premises a frame house, large barn with stone stables underneath.

The Napanee Mills Lime Works,

situated on Lots 10 and 11, 1st Con. Camden, on the banks of Napanee river and also adjoining the village of Napanee Mills. The property consists of 86 acres in a high state of cultivation. There are on the property two large lime kilns which supply the Napanee Cement Works; three or four dwellings and large outhouses.

ALSO THE

FINE LARGE RESIDENCE

of the undersigned with commodious outbuildings, garden, &c.

This property offers a splendid opening for a man of some means desirous of embarking in a very profitable business.

For full particulars as to price and terms apply to

GEORGE LASHER,
23 Proprietor, Napanee Mills P.O.

AUCTION SALE OF TWO VALUABLE FARMS.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in mortgages held by the vendor, there will be offered for sale by public auction by James Allen, auctioneer, at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, on Thursday, the First day of May, A.D. 1884, at Twelve o'clock, noon, (separately) with immediate possession those two desirable freehold farms now occupied by Lewis Hartman, consisting of:—

I.—The west-half of Lot Number 27 in the 1st concession of the Township of Ernesttown, together with the broken front of said lot lying in front of the same on the shore of the Bay of Quinte. Distant by macadamized road about two miles from Mill Haven and four from Bath, with churches and schools convenient. There are about seventy-five acres cleared, well fenced and drained; a small orchard (mostly apples); about fourteen acres of wood, mostly maple, comprising a sugar bush; good pasture with creek running through the rear and convenient for cattle; large frame dwelling house in good order with wood shed and drive house attached and good well convenient; large frame barn with stable attached and a tenant's frame dwelling house in good order with wood shed attached.

II.—The south seventy-five acres of the west-half of Lot Number 42 in the 5th concession of the Township of Camden. Distant about ¼ a mile from Moscow, six from Newburgh and from Verona on K. & P. R.R., with excellent roads; nearly all cleared and well fenced, drained and watered; with a large frame house nearly new; new drive house attached; and large frame barn with stables, well, etc. convenient.

The purchaser must pay a deposit of one-tenth of his purchase money at the time of sale, when easy terms can be arranged for payment of the remainder.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the auctioneer or to

J. M. MACHAR,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated the 15th day of April, 1884. 23-2.

CULTIVATOR,

And try it. Don't put it off.

HUNDREDS WILL SAY

They would not be without one for

MANY TIMES ITS VALUE.

JAMES GRANT,
Agent, near the Market.

Napanee, March 26th, 1884. 20-3 mos.

CHEAP GROCERIES!

—AT—

S. McLAUGHLIN'S NEW STORE

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

Next door to Hinch Bros' store, where you can get

15 lbs. good White Sugar for	$1 00
3 " best Japan Tea	1 00
4 " Young Hyson Tea	1 00
5 " Good Tea, extra value	1 00
6 " Tea Siftings	1 00
Oatmeal, per hundred pounds	2 50
Cornmeal, per hundred pounds	2 00
Best Flour, choice, per hundred lbs.	2 85
Next Grade	2 75
Good Flour	2 60
Shorts per ton	21 00
I have also on hand a choice supply of Timothy seed—per bushel	2 00
Extra Choice	2 25
Clover seed	$7 00 to 7 50
Ground Oil Cake per hundred	2 25
Flax Seed	5 00

Besides, I have a very large selection of

FIELD AND GARDEN SEED

Which will be sold regardless of cost.

FRUIT.

You can get 20 lbs. of good rasins	1 00
13 lbs. Currants	1 00
13 " New Prunes	1 00
Oranges, per dozen	25
Lemons, choice, per dozen	20

MEATS.

Smoked Ham, choice, per lb	.12½
" Bacon " " "	.12½

Pork, 10c. to 11c. Bacon, dried, 11½.

These are only a few of the prices given. Call and see for yourselves.

S. McLAUGHLIN,

Opera House Block, Dundas St.

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW,

UNDERTAKERS.

COFFINS, CASKETS, &c.

Always on hand. All orders promptly attended to

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

E, ONT., FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 24.

COUNTY NEWS.

Sillsville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Farmers are hoping the present fine weather will continue. Seeding commenced on Tuesday.

—Our Sunday school will be reorganized on Sunday next after the evening service.

—The by-laws of the Hay Bay Shooting Co. are pretty generally observed, and ducks are accordingly more plentiful than they were a few years ago. An example should be made of those who persist in violating the Company's rules.

—The "Sentinels" met for practice the first time this season on Saturday evening last. At a previous meeting the captain of last year, Mr. E. Wagar, was re-elected and Mr. S. J. Mellow was appointed Sec-Treas.

—Some of our young ladies, actuated by that spirit of contrariness peculiar to the sex, are organizing a series of croquet parties on the nights appointed by the Sentinels for practice, with the avowed object of dooming the base ball club to oblivion. Think twice, girls, before sweeping away so useful an institution.

—Sillsville at present stands in need of an enterprising man with some capital to start a good general store. There is an excellent opening and it is to be hoped that before long this want will be supplied.

Tamworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Wild geese in large quantities are winging their way northward, and the voices of the feebee, grassbird and robin are heard in the land.

—Mr. N. Lloyd has purchased J. M. Smith's photo plant, built a new gallery on Main-st., and is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. He says that he can dish 'em up nice.

—Mr. Wm. Mace, of Sydenham, who has lately purchased the Tamworth Mills, has moved with his family to Tamworth. Glad you've come, William.

—The temperance people of this vicinity are organizing for the purpose of assisting to their utmost in the Scott Act movement. May victory perch upon their banner.

—Mr. J. M. Smith, agent for the Royal Ins. Co., has been appointed agent for the Glasgow & London Ins. Co.

ILL.—Mr. D. E. Rose is suffering from a very severe attack of pleurisy.....Our old and respected townsman, P. J. Forshee, Esq., is in a very feeble state of health.

A CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.—Mr. R. Perry broke his leg on the 12th inst.....Mrs. Wm. Murphy also fell and broke her leg last week... Mr. Chas. Jones is just recovering from the effects of a broken leg, and is able to go to work again.

A SAD AFFLICTION.—The grim monster entered the residence of the beloved pastor of the M. E. Church, Rev. J. Faul, on Monday, 21st inst., and claimed as its prey Laura, his betoved daughter, aged 4 years, and on the following Wednesday his infant daughter aged 3 months passed away. Another member of the family, a son about 7 years old, is lying at death's door. The rev. gentleman and his estimable wife have the prayers and sympathy of the community at large. The funeral of Laura took place Wednesday, Rev. M. J. Bates conducting the services. The infant was buried Thursday.

—Mrs. Jos. Lockridge, aged 86 years, was buried in the English church cemetery, and Mrs. J. Gonu in the Methodist cemetery on the 23rd inst., making three funerals in one day—a very rare occurrence in Tamworth.

—I hope to be able to report something more cheering in my next. ANON.

[We trust that we will in future hear more regularly from this esteemed correspondent. Our readers highly appreciate his contributions. —Ed. THE EXPRESS.]

Clovne.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Farmers busy ploughing.

—The snow is all gone, but the cold continues. Keen frost Monday night.

—Mr. John Emberly sowed a field of spring wheat last week.

—Miss Minnie Scott is visiting Mr. Thomas Scott, Newburgh.

—Miss Cambridge is on a visit at Mr. Patterson's, Moscow.

—On Sunday Mr. A. VanLuven had a pet dog killed by being run over by a hand car on the railway, while some young men were sporting with it. There will be some serious mischief done if the road authorities do not stop this Sabbath desecration.

—Mr. Alpheus VanLuven had twenty-two choice apple trees destroyed during the winter by mice gnawing away the bark.

—Mr. E. W. Benjamin has purchased the residence of Mr. W. Gordon for his son Felix, who will now become a resident of the village.

—Messrs. Connolly & Son have purchased the Ruttan property. They have caused the unsightly buildings to be removed, which has greatly improved the appearance of the street.

—Mr. Henry Ruttan and family and Mr. Jos. Lindsay and wife have removed to Desert Lake, where they will engage in fishing in company with Mr. A. Denison. They expect soon to be able to supply fish to the people here.

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Odessa.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—We have had very bad roads here for some time, but they are beginning to dry up again.

—Friday evening, April 11th, we had a temperance meeting in the C. M. Church, which Mr. Spence was expected to attend, but as he did not get here, Rev. J. J. Leach, Dr. Meacham and Mr. S. D. Clark spoke in support of the Scott Act. Tuesday evening, 22nd inst., we will have another temperance meeting, which the public are invited to attend.

—The I. O. G. T. Lodge is prospering slowly. We regret to say we have not many young ladies in our Lodge. Our W. I. G., Miss Minnie Jones, has not been with us very much—she has only attended once. We are sorry she does not attend the Lodge oftener.

—Friday evening we had one of the best concerts of the season. The programme consisted of thirty-three pieces, but only sixteen were given, with the lecture from Mr. Burrows. The programme was as follows:—Chorus by the Glee Club; chorus by Gertie Hogle, Lillie Jones, Edith Wycott, Rosie Booth and Minnie Meacham, accompanied by Miss Jones; solo, Delia Wycott; reading, Mr. P. A. Mabee; duet, Edith Wycott and Harry Benjamin; recitation, Flo. Walker; chorus by the Glee Club, accompanied by Mrs. Leach; solo, Addie Hicks; reading, Maud Hillier; recitation, George Lucas; reading, Rossie Booth; solo, Mr. Frink; chorus by the Glee Club; recitation, George Lucas; duet, Miss Jones and Miss Benjamin, which was splendidly sung; address by Mr. Burrows, which was well received. The programme was so long that it was impossible to get through in an evening. The committee consisted of Misses Minnie Jones, Annie Day and Frank Hicks. These young ladies always do their part well.

—The C. M. Church ought to be proud of their choir, it has improved so much. The members are Misses Smith, Jones, Benjamin, Schermahorn and Watts, and Messrs. C. Timmerman, Henry Smith, J. Timmerman, A. Timmerman and George Watts. Mr. J. Timmerman plays the cornet in the choir, which makes a great improvement in the music.

—On Sunday evening last Rev. Mr. Leach preached a sermon to the young men. The church was well filled.

PERSONAL.—Miss J. Jones is now visiting at Mr. Tom Caton's and friends in the country..... Miss Lena Watts is visiting friends in Odessa.

TOWN COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the Town Council was

Round About Us.

—The electric light is to be introduced into Belleville.

—Kingston foot-ballers will play against the Royal Military College cadets on Saturday.

—Mr. Richard Tandy, a Kingstonian, has distinguished himself as a vocalist in Cleveland.

—There has been a K. & P. RR. quoit club formed. They are ready to play any club in Canada.

—The steamer Hero commenced her regular trips between Belleville and Kingston Monday last.

—Mr. Twigg of Picton was sworn into office on Friday last as Deputy Registrar in Chancery before Judge Jellett, who will be the local Master hereafter.

—Messrs. Hawkins and Drummond shipped at Kingston on Friday last per steamer Pierrepont 76 head of cattle and 35 horses for different parts of New York State.

—Mr. A. Hoppins, for Rathbun & Co., has purchased all of Thompson and Avery's lumber on the K. & P. RR. The purchase comprises 500,000 feet of hemlock.

—Several stores and hotels in Frankford have been burglarized. The spoil has been chiefly of liquors, hardware, about $50 in cash and a gold watch.

—In Amherst [illegible] Colebrook on Friday one Boyce stabbed [illegible]an named Radford with a knife. The [illegible] is reported to be in a dangerous state. But

—A boss[illegible] a day visited the police cells in Kingston one d[illegible] last week. He wanted a man to carry the [illegible], and made offers to eight stalwart and robust tramps. No one knew how to "carry the hod." They knew well enough but were too lazy to earn a living.

—Some person attempted to fire the house occupied by Mr. J. H. McFarlane, on the corner of Union-st. and Alwington Avenue, Kingston. It was discovered and extinguished before much damage was done.

—Mr. George C. Curry, Police Magistrate of Picton, was struck by a fender which broke loose from the steamer Hero, lying at the dock there, on Monday. He was picked up insensible, but his injuries were found to be slight.

—The barn of Mr. Jacob Sills, 2nd concession of Thurlow, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning last. A number of his cattle were burned. The contents were valued at $700; insured in the L. L. & Globe for what they were worth. The barn was worth $2,500; insured in the above company for $1,500.

—A Garden Islander wooed a fair damsel, but her father was opposed to her marriage. Not to be vanquished, however, the couple took a trip to Cape Vincent on Monday, where they were made one. On Tuesday the groom was in Kingston, serene and happy. He is not particularly anxious to see the old gentleman for a while.

—At the assizes in Belleville the case of Mrs. Hannah Cochrane against Messrs. Gilmour & Co., of Trenton, was settled. In the case of Mary Gulliver against Wm. A. Gordon for assault, damages were assessed at $25. Michael O'Brien, arraigned on the charge of larceny and obtaining money under false pretences, pleaded guilty to both charges and offered as an excuse, "I was drunk, and I had a felon on my finger."

—The Saved Army in Picton is meeting with much annoyance from rowdies.

—At the Assizes in Belleville on Wednesday the only case tried was one on a mortgage, in which Patrick Clark of that city was defendant. He cannot write, and it was alleged he had executed the mortgage by touching a pen over his mark. The solicitor who assisted him, however, could not be produced as a witness. The defendant after a searching examination finally swore that he had touched the pen. His solicitor then threw up the defence and judgment was entered for the plaintiff. Mr. Burdett for plaintiff.

[We trust that we will in future hear more regularly from this esteemed correspondent. Our readers highly appreciate his contributions. —Ed. THE EXPRESS.]

Cloyne.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Three days satisfied Mr. P. S. Carscallen, of Tamworth, as dominie in section 6 public school, Anglesea.

—After about two years absence in the North-West Mr. James Irvine has returned and is about to resume farming north of this place on the Snow Road. His accounts of Manitoba, Dakota and the North-West are in general favorable. The resources of Manitoba and the North-West are many and valuable, generally a fine and fruitful country, with unbounded natural wealth.

—The wife of Mr. Wm. Thompson presented him with an olive branch one day last week.

—Mr. Amos Spencer has opened an excellent store in the eastern division and is selling goods at reduced rates. He has a splendid assortment of staple and fancy goods to select from.

—One day last week Mr. D. A. Spencer obtained a beautiful gray roadster from Mr. John Cornwall. Value, $150.

—There is a great competition between the several lumbering agents engaging hands for the "drive." Wages are looking up.

—After three or four sittings the municipal council of Barrie disposed of and amicably arranged the disputed road allowance of "Joe" Morgan, he being satisfied with $5.

—Can any one account for the strange peculiarities of old maids and old bachelors? There is one of the latter here, though well read and intelligent, that is said to be quite eccentric at times.

—The former indulgences of some three or four are no more. They have nobly and perseveringly resolved to overcome the god Bacchus and become without any other influence than their own consciences total abstainers. All honour to men of that stamp! They are what may be called the good and true.

—There is a remarkable mathamatician whose powers of analysis of common and intricate commercial problems astonish the natives living adjacent to this place.

—The last of the winter lumber camps are about broke up. Mr. Wellington Cummings after a fair winter's work on Upper Loon Lake, broke up the encampment on Thursday, 17th inst.

—The wife of Mr. C. McGregor introduced a stranger to the family circle on the 17th inst.

—Hughy and John good-naturedly made a wager as to their staying powers when imbibing "bumpers," both being pretty constant in their devotion to Bacchus. Physical and muscular strength, as well as a more experienced training, enabled John to win the wager, though he was severely punished in turn by his vanquished competitor, who was able to maintain his equilibrium vigorously. After a contest of some hours, during which time it was difficult to assert positively on which side victory perched, Hughy succumbed and was immediately in the arms of Morpheus, followed shortly after by the gallant, Quixotic John. Though it was high noon at the time, they had not aroused when the evening shades came on.

PERSONAL.—Drs. M. and M. have been kept busy; the demand for their services is very lively.....Miss Annie Wickwire was recuperating and visiting in the eastern division.....Miss A. Kennedy, of Tamworth, has been engaged as teacher in P. S. No. 3, Barrie.....Mr. John Graham was in Belleville last week and got the latest make-up. Some say it looks remarkably aesthetic.....Mrs. Dr. Phenev has resumed teaching.....Messrs. Wm. and R. Dempsey and John Deline have gone to Michigan.....Mr. T. Neil while in Nebraska disposed of real estate he held there, preferring to live under the Union Jack.....Mr. and Mrs. James Betts were visiting at the home of her parents last week.....M. Moran, watchmaker of Trenton, was here a few days since.....Miss Maggie Bishop is visiting friends at Cataraqui.....Mr. Wm. Sutherland, of Belleville, was here in connection with his lumbering affairs last week.....Mr. Charles Nixon and Miss C. Galaway, of Madoc, were visiting among friends on Saturday and Sunday last.....Mr. "Jake" Hilliard reports a good winter's work jobbing for the McLaren firm.....Mr. P. Kenebec, head agent for Gilmore & Co. in this section, was here last week laboring assiduously for the firm, preparing for the extensive drive.....Mrs. J. Vanalstine was out on Wednesday.....Mr. Clifford, who has been seriously indisposed for a long time, is gaining in health. Unfortunately in his old age he is entirely deprived of his eyesight.

Prominent Butter Makers.

There is no dissent from the decision of candid and capable dairymen, that the Improved Butter Color of Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt., is the best in the world. Such men as A. W. Cheever of Massachusetts, E. D. Mason, of Vermont, and Francis A. Hoffman, of Wisconsin, use it and recommend it as superior to all others.

Mr. Tom Caton's and friends in the country.....Miss Lena Watts is visiting friends in Odessa.

TOWN COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the Town Council was held on Monday evening last. Present—Reeve Wilson, Dep.-Reeve Carscallen, and Couns. Lapum, Gibbard, Lane, Perry, Stevens, Henwood, Wallace, Carson and Rose.

In the absence of the Mayor, Reeve Wilson presided. The minutes of the last meeting were confirmed, after which the following petitions were read:—

From the Napanee Brush Co., asking that the by-law passed in 1880 exempting the brush works from taxation, be amended so as to apply to their new premises.

Upon motion Mr. A. F. Holmes was heard in favor of the petition, urging its claims and explaining the state of the company at present.—The petition was referred to the Finance Committee to report.

From Chas. James, Esq., and ninety-nine others, asking the Council to take into consideration the propriety of repealing a by-law respecting the licensing and regulating of persons keeping billiard, bagatelle or pool tables.

Upon motion Revs. Pearson and Card were heard in reference to the matter. They spoke of the demoralizing influence of the billiard and pool rooms upon the youth of the town. The object of the petition was to have the billiard rooms closed. An animated discussion followed, in which reference was made to the police not doing their duty in enforcing the by-law, which provides that no billiard room shall be kept open after a certain hour, and that no minors shall be allowed in said rooms. Chief Allen explained that at these parlors there was kept a watch, and when the police did enter, the place was immediately cleared of minors. He spoke of a shooting gallery over which he has no power. The matter was referred to a committee composed of Reeve Wilson and Couns. Lane and Perry to report on Friday night.

A petition from E. K. Bowen and others on behalf of the Saved Army, praying for the use of the town hall on Tuesday, Saturday and Sunday evenings, was granted.

Reeve WILSON brought in the petition of Mr. W. H. Snider, asking that a part of his income tax be remitted.—No action.

A communication was read from Mr. John Downey, holding the corporation liable for damages caused by swing bridge in delaying vessels passing up and down the river.—Ordered to be filed.

From Mr. Alfred Page with his note at three months for taxes on A. F. McCay's place in West Ward.—Ordered to be received.

The Streets and Improvement Committee reported that $6.65 had been expended and that the cash in the hand of the Committee was 5c. They recommended no action on the memorial of Ven. Archdeacon Bedford-Jones and others as to the building of wire fences on Newburgh road and planting trees to cemetery; that the prayer of the petition of Wm. Saul and others, as to the widening of Thomas-st. from the railway crossing to Newburgh road, be granted; that David Abrams and Wm. Peterson be employed repairing sidewalks at $1 and $1.25 per day, and that E. Perry be sprinkler of streets at $2.50 per day.—Adopted.

The Committee on Fire, Water & Gas reported having examined the account of the Gas Company, and recommended that $12 be deducted.—Adopted.

The Town Property Committee reported the cleaning of the town hall at a cost of $5.95, and that the Saved Army had been requested to vacate the premises.—Adopted.

Coun. CARSON presented the report of the Committee on Printing, recommending that the license fee for Mr. Symington's Opera House for one year, from Jan. 1st, 1884, be $25, and stating that Templeton & Beeman's account of $75 had been paid after $10 had been deducted.—Adopted.

The Poor and Sanitary Committee reported an expenditure of $21,25 with $7.62 on hand.—Adopted.

On motion the collector's time was extended until next meeting.

A motion that pension be discontinued to Mrs. Wood was lost.

The Treasurer requested vouchers for $163,95.—Received.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—J. Storms, bread for tramps, &c.; J. Vanalstine, $1.25; Levi Kelly, impounding cattle, $2; C. Peterson, painting, $4.80; G. L. Mair, hose, etc., $32.90; J. H. Rook, lighting lamp, $4.00; J. Degroff, shovelling snow, $3; C. Peterson, 41 days work, $14.50; Lewis Shannon, advertising, $5; Intelligence officer, do., $4.68.

The Council then adjourned till Friday night.

The Quickest Thing on Record

Is Fluid Lightning for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Etc. It does not blister or discolor the skin; requires but one application to banish all pain magically without using any greasy liniment or carrying your head in a poultice for weeks. Try a twenty-five cent bottle from T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

could not be produced as a witness. The defendant after a searching examination finally swore that he had touched the pen. His solicitor then threw up the defence and judgment was entered for the plaintiff. Mr. Burdett for plaintiff.

NEWS CONDENSED.

—The Duchess of Edinburgh has given birth to a daughter.

—Two hundred stove moulders at Peoria, Ill., have struck.

—A movement is on foot to enlist 200 volunteers to rescue Gen. Gordon.

—A negro tramp has been terrorizing the people about Dunkirk, Md.

—Chief Justice Spragge died at his residence in Toronto on Sunday last.

—Judge Murphy, of Sparta, Ill., fell out of a window Thursday night and was killed.

—Mr. J. M. Currier, postmaster of Ottawa and ex-M. P., died in New York on Monday.

—The steamer Europe was burned at St. Catharines on Friday last. She was insured for $10,000.

—The Sheiks of the Fallagat tribe have revolted from El Mandi and defeated him with great loss.

—Senator Farley, of California, is said to have nearly lost his life from the baneful effects of hair dye.

—Chas. Frike, Waukegan, Ill, murdered his wife on Sunday night, beating her brains out with a club.

—Three hundred Mormon converts and seventeen missionaries arrived in New York from Europe this week.

—Every communion Sunday Mrs. Annie Gordon, of Bluffton, S. C., walks four miles to church. She is 111 years old.

—In Toronto the ladies voted at the election of public school trustees in one of the new wards added to the city.

—Six families in Louisville have been poisoned by a cake bought at a confectioner's containing arsenic.

—The roof of a circus building at Bucharest fell in on Monday, killing five persons and injuring one hundred.

—Mrs. Robert Gill, of Toronto, while out riding with her husband on Saturday was thrown from her horse and instantly killed.

—Aikins, the Toronto artist who shot his wife and John Hackett, has been committed for trial, but public opinion is all on the side of the prisoner.

—On Friday last Phillip Ryan, of St. Thomas, a brakesman on the C. S. R., was crushed and instantly killed by a train starting from the station in Windsor.

—The body of Mr. Hamilton Lewis, of Ottawa, who was drowned a few days ago, has been recovered about sixty yards from the place where the accident occurred.

—Arthur Simpson, of Blissville, L. I., eloped with his wife's niece, aged 17. Simpson drew $1,000 out of the bank and leaves his wife and three children destitute.

—The sum of $10,000 has been put in the supplementary estimates to be expended on slides, etc., on the Ottawa river, the slides now in use being about worn out.

—In June last one Stevens, of Waterloo, Iowa, enticed Mrs. Emerson into a hotel and attempted to assault her. She shot and killed him. The jury have acquitted the woman.

—Belmont Castle, Perthshire, the seat of Earl Wharncliffe, was burned last Monday. A number of valuable paintings and works of art, many of which can never be replaced, were lost.

—The amount recommended by the Hunter Relief Committee for acceptance from the G. T. R. by the sufferers is $94,90. The statement has been forwarded to Mr. John Bell, solicitor for the Grand Trunk.

—On Tuesday, the 15th, John Moriarty, a well known pugilist, had both his arms cut off above the elbow at Cobourg. In crossing the railway track, he slipped and fell in front of a moving train. For three days he was very weak from loss of blood, but is now progressing favorably.

—Luke Phipps, the wife murderer, was brought into court at Windsor on Tuesday. He has no counsel and no money to pay any. His Lordship Justice Burton will probably assign counsel to defend him.

—A man named Barret, residing on Courville-st., Montreal, owing to unsteady habits, got behindhand with his work and was threatened with the loss of his situation unless he reformed. In a depressed state he took rat poison and died soon after.

The Simple and Perfect Dyes. Nothing so simple and perfect for coloring as Diamond Dyes. Far better and cheaper than any other dye. 10c. Druggists sell them. Sample card for 2c. stamp. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L.L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros.' Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., L. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons New York. For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co.,

Miscellaneous Cards.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPINEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Establ'shed 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

☞ **Circular and Consultation Free and Private.**

A. NORMAN, M. D.

NOTICE TO THE

Farmers of Lennox & Addington.

The Directors of the Co-operative Warehousing Co. of Napanee,

Having chosen me as their Manager, I would say to all whom it may concern, that the storage of grain can be obtained on as favorable terms as heretofore, or there will be a purchaser of grain, Mr. A. N. Diamond, who has formerly proved himself one of the most liberal and satisfactory buyers that we have ever had dealings with (or other buyers if they wish to avail themselves of the opportunity.) Having obtained the services of Mr. Diamond as an experienced salesman at a moderate commission, farmers can have their grain shipped and sold to the Company, any Bank or other responsible person whom they may choose whereby they can obtain the advantage of the prices of the best markets with the least possible cost of charges, and there will be no more moving of stored grain into neighboring storehouses, contrary to your expectations and wishes and contrary to any understanding ever made with the Company or the late Manager that I ever heard of. Of his determined motives and objects I leave you to form your own opinion.

D. C. FORWARD.

41-tf. Managing Director.

NAPANEE

PLANING MILLS.

MONTREAL INUNDATED.

Floods Caused by the Sudden Break-Up of the Ice—Great Destruction of Property.

MONTREAL, April 16.—The drenching rain-storm of the past eighteen hours and a strong breeze from the north-west have had the effect of suddenly breaking up the ice on Lake St. Louis above Lachine, and bringing vast quantities from that wide expanse of the St. Lawrence rushing down through the rapids and lodging some distance below the harbour, blocking up the current and inundating an extensive area of the city contiguous to the river. It has come unexpectedly, as residents were felicitating themselves that all danger of a flood was over.

All along the river front the great warehouses are flooded up to the first flats and often above that, and Griffintown, which is principally inhabited by working people, is in many places unapproachable unless by canoes and boats, which are in constant use.

The depth of water over an area of three miles long and half or three-quarters of a mile broad, is nearly as great as in the ruinous flood in 1861. Point St. Charles, where the operatives at the Grand Trunk works reside, is impassable for pedestrians, the streets and sidewalks being covered with water. In the suburbs outside of Point St. Charles acres of ground as well as the roads are covered as by a sea. At the junction of Bonaventure street and Richmond Square the water is three feet deep, and if it continues to rise will be over the Grand Trunk track in the morning. Not far from the depot a boatman was ferrying passengers across Bonaventure street this afternoon at two cents a piece, and got a lot of patronage.

All the cellars along Bonaventure are flooded to a depth of three to five feet. The goods stored in the cellars of houses in a large number of streets are destroyed, and the loss to the dealers, most of whom cannot bear it, will be very great. Many of the villages along the river, as far up as Lapraire, are reported to be submerged.

FORTY YEARS AGO.

Coffins were very plain and burial caskets were unknown.

Tombstones had larger epitaphs and more verbosity engraved upon them.

Eggs were a shilling a dozen, and butter was considered high at eighteen cents per pound.

Much of the silver currency, flips, levies, and dollars was of Mexican and Spanish coinage.

The country retail trade was much better, as people could not so easily run to the city by rail.

Business letters were more voluminous and formal, and were written in a precise, round hand.

There was New York currency, eight shillings to the dollar, and New England currency, six shillings to the dollar.

The diet was more subcharged with grease, the winter breakfast usually being made of salted ham and hot cakes

:n B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, N panee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses an C rtificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. T. LESLIE, Proprietor.

(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL

BEST OIL IN EXISTENCE FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

First Prizes, Diplomas, etc., at all exhibitions in the Dominion since 1878.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured solely by

McCOLL BROS. & Co., Toronto,

And for sale by all the principal druggists and hardware merchants.

YOUR FORTUNE!

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps we will send by mail, post-paid, as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [3]

SCOTT & PERRY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings.

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

INDEX

To Diseases, Complaints and Accidents which Hagyard's Yellow Oil is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in Man or Beast.

TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR

CROUP,	*COUGHS,*
CRAMPS,	*SORE THROAT,*
ASTHMA,	*COLDS, &c.*

APPLIED EXTERNALLY FOR

RHEUMATISM,	*NEURALGIA,*
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SWELLINGS,	*STIFF JOINTS,*
GALLS,	*FROST BITE,*
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Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors

TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vandelf Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

grease, the winter breakfast usually being made of salted ham and hot cakes.

Dinner was simply a hasty lunch at noon, and little importance was attached to the necessity for good digestion or a period of rest after eating.

Bread was home made. Coffee was freely ground every morning, and the grinding of the family coffee-mill was a familiar sound hours before the children arose.

Negro minstrelsy was just cropping out in the travelling circus. There were generally but two performers, who assumed male and female characters. The popular melody was "Jump Jim Crow."

People did not live as long as they now do, nor was the average health as good as it is at present. They ate more meat, more grease, more hot bread, and more heavy dishes, and drank more at meals.

At funerals the undertaker cried with the mourners, the flow of tears being proportionate to the expense of the funeral. Young couples considered it a privilege to sit up all night with the corpse before burial.

THINGS USEFUL.

Sand-paper will whiten ivory knife-handles that have become yellow with use or age.

Any iron or copper wire, or copper-coated iron-wire, will answer for telephone wire—the larger the better.

The density of the new standard pound weight of platinum made by order of the Board of Trade is 21·3857, the air being at a mean temperarure of 12·77 ° C., and the water in which it was weighed 10·81 °.

For cementing rubber or gutta-percha to metal Mr. Moritz Grossman giver the following recipe—Pulverised shellac, dissolved in ten times its weight of pure ammonia. In three days the mixture will of the required consistency. The ammonia penetrates the rubber, and enables the shellac to take a firm hold; but, as it evaporates in time, the rubber is immovably fastened to the metal, and neither gas nor water will remove it.

Stones for grinding cutlery vary in diameter from four inches to two feet. The faces of some, as of those for grinding razors, are convex. Those for dry grinding, an operation very detremental to health, have a flux above, through which the small particles of stone and metal are driven by an air-blast. The angles formed by the faces of the cutting tools increase in proportion to the hardness of the material to be operated upon. Thus the razor has an angle of from 17 ° to 20 °; wood-cutting tools 25 ° to 45 °; tools for iron and steel, 60 ° to 70 °.

A despatch to the *Times* from Khartoum, April 7th, says: "The people are heartsick of hoping for English relief. The town is now in the centre of an enormous rebel camp. Our Krupp munition is rather short, and the situation is critical. The rebels have frustrated an attempt to send a steamer to Berber. Gordon will probably be driven to retreat by Central Africa; a retreat to Berber is impossible."

...cumb to its wonderful heal-
...an invaluable dressing for
...e twenty-five cents as
...nge's drug stores.

David S. Ra... ed himself by beat... stone. dizzi-...ion

Miss Mary Thompson of ...ton, Mass., hung herself becau... suffering from neuralgia.

After bequeathiug her body to ... doctors, Eliza Fitzpatrick of Sandusky cut her throat with a handsaw.

Benjamin Buckwalter of Lancaster, Pa., hung himself because he imagined he had wronged the Mennonite Church, of which he was a member.

Having had poor crops for several years and lost considerable stock, James Vanvire of Atlanta became discouraged and killed himself with a shot gun.

After having married three husbands, Mrs. David Dutcher of Sullivan county, N. Y., killed herself, because, as she said, none of them came up to her expectations.

For Bronchitis and Catarrh.

A correspondent of the *Rural New Yorker* gives the following, which may be taken for what it is worth. It looks like a medley compound:

One-half pint of rum, one-half pint of honey, one ounce oil of tar, one-and-one-half ounce of tincture gum myrrh, one ounce fluid extract sarasparilla, one-fourth ounce of oil of wintergreen. Shake the mixture well each time before taking. Dose for an adult, one teaspoonful at night on retiring and before breakfast, gradually increase to one tablespoonful. For a violent inflammatory catarrhal cold, or anything of the kind, give the above remedy, and rub the chest and back with lard and kerosene. Have the room very warm when applied. I have known this to cure inflammation of the lungs. One great benefit of using the kerosine is that one will not take cold after using it.

Anger is a passion which may be red in the face.

Certain thoughts are prayers. There are moments when, whatever be the attitude of the body, the soul is on it knees.

Oscar Wilde tells the few people who listen to his lectures on America that San Francisco was built by the Chinese.

The alliances among the rebel tribes on the Blue Nile and White Nile are breaking up. The tribes that surrounded Saleh Pasha have quarrelled and dispersed. Marauding bands continue to interrupt the communications between Khartoum and Berber, but there is no unity in their operations. It is believed that Gordon has received a message from the Government urging him to withdraw from Khartoum, but he ignores the advice.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

19 F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.

...portant to Ruptured Persons.

...Excelsior Rupture treatment was in... to the American people several ... in such a manner as to completely ... confidence of the whole nation. ...of introduction was by furnishing ... to those afflicted with Hernia in ...various forms and collecting no ...permanent cure was effected. In ...e treatment gained a world-wide ...on its own merits, never failing to cu... reducible Hernia. The Company ha... the solicitation of thousands placed the remedy on sale by all druggists, both wholesale and retail, in the United States, Canada and England. In this way bringing it within the reach of all classes at a trifling cost compared with the benefits which are derived from the use of the treatment. Ask your druggist for a free book on rupture, or send 6 cents for one to the Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Flax-Seed.

The evidence produced to establish the superior claims of FLAX-SEED EMULSION COMPOUND as a remedy for Nervous exhaustion and all its symptons is unquestionable. The large and increasing demand is almost entirely due to its own merits. We do not place it in competition with patent medicines or secret remedies, as we furnish the formula and can show that it consists of a superior combination of phosphorus, with the fat-producing properties of the Flax-Seed. During the past six months over FOUR THOUSAND BOTTLES have been dispensed in the city of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and county of St. Lawrence, where it is manufactured, and the universal verdict is that it is the best NERVE TONIC, BLOOD ENRICHER, and PURIFIER ever produced. We solicit investigation as to the reputation of the remedy where ever it has been used.

See advertisement in another column, and ask your Druggist for circulars containing remarkable cures.

The above remedies sold only in Napanee by W. S. Detlor, Druggist.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

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Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO ROCK ISL. ND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.

CHICAGO.

awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail.
Give me a call.

19 F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair if kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

PARTICULARLY ADAPTED

TO FARM USE!

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

First Class Engineer and Machinist,

and are now in a position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 1883.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned.

Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY,
Water-st., Napanee.

NATIONAL PILLS SUGAR COATED. PURELY VEGETABLE

Highly recommended for **Biliousness, Head-Ache, Constipation, Indigestion, Dizziness, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Loss of Memory, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint,** or any illness arising from the **Stomach, Bowels** or **Kidneys.** They are safe, mild and thorough in their action. From 1 to 3 pills is a dose. **PRICE 25c. PER BOX.**

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A Large and Fresh Stock always on hand.

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
Briscoe House Block

Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Ag't.
CHICAGO.

THE Great HERBAL Tonic FOUNTAIN OF HEALTH A Blood Purifier AND CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH CURE

SOLD BY

W. S. DETLOR, Druggist.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

My Dear Sirs,—Having tried your Fountain of Health for my complaints, I heartily urge all those suffering from Dizziness, Costiveness or Depression of Spirits, to give it a trial, as I have been completely cured with two bottles. I never enjoyed my breakfast, and being unable to sleep well, I grew very nervous. I am aged forty-five, and have suffered for over ten years.

MRS. PHILLIPS.
Caretaker Niagara St. School, Toronto.

Catarrh Cured.

Gentlemen,—I am forty years of age, and have been afflicted for the past ten years with Catarrh. I was recommended to try your Fountain of Health, which I am still using, and, although not perfectly cured, I am so much improved that I heartily recommend it any one suffering from the same disease. While taking it for the above disease, a severe pain, which I had in my side, has entirely left me.

MRS. FURLONG,
169 Bellwood Ave., Toronto.

Dyspepsia.

Messrs. Churchill & Co.—Your Fountain of Health has completely cured me of Dyspepsia which has troubled me for nearly two years.

J. CLARK, 17 Stafford St., Toronto

Kidney Disease.

Dear Sirs,—I take pleasure in testifying to the benefis I have received from the use of your Fountain of Health. For over nine years I have suffered from disease of the Kidneys, having a severe pain in the back a great deal of the time and a tenderness of the eye balls. No remedies that I have ever tried, and I have used no end of them, gave me relief, except your Fountain of Health, which has made me feel good. I have used two of your dollar bottles.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM GRAHAM, 6 Lisgar St., Toronto.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

LATE NEWS NOTES.

The report that the French fleet has occupied Amoy is discredited at London and in Paris.

A Berlin despatch says the Emperor William's health is fully restored. He attends to his usual duties.

Many fruit trees in the vicinity of Belleville have been killed by mice during the winter.

The rumour that the Greeley party had been rescued by a whaler from a mass of floating ice is not believed to have any foundation.

Smallpox has broken out again in Ashland, Ohio. There have been five new cases in the past week, and two more were reported last night.

Col. Hammond, one of the first settlers in Chicago, and a wealthy citizen, died yesterday evening in the store of Marshall, Field & Co. He was very aged.

A body has been found in a large ditch near Cottam, Ont. It is believed to be that of Richard Merritt, a farmer supposed to have been insane.

Seeding commenced in the vicinity of Forest last week, a large number of acres of spring wheat and oats are being sown. Many farmers would have nearly finished this week had it not been for the rain of to-day.

It is reported that the French fleet has occupied Amoy to secure payment of an indemnity from China. The capture of Hung-Hoa terminates the campaign in Tonquin. The French demand on China will be very heavy.

The Armstrong heirs have notified a large number of property owners at Freeport, Pa., that unless a fourth of the value of their property is paid suits for its recovery will be begun. The site of the town was once owned by Mrs. Armstrong.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Irish National League, of America, in Chicago yesterday afternoon, it was decided to hold the next national convention in Boston on the second Wednesday in August. The date may be changed as it is contingent on Parnell's ability to be present.

An Irish musical festival attended by over 2,000 persons was given in New York last night under the auspices of the Society for the Preservation of the Irish Language. Miss Maud Morgan played several melodies of Tom Moore upon a harp which formerly belonged to that famous minstrel.

El Medhi publishes a letter commanding the tribes to push forward the siege of Khartoum, and to blockade all the roads and embarrass the Turks and infidels in all other ways possible. Two sheikhs of Tokar tribes have arrived at Suakim to ask pardon. They say they have had enough fighting against the English.

A sectarian riot occurred at Carbonear, Newfoundland, on Sunday night, the Protestants when coming out of church being assailed by Roman Catholics and one man fatally wounded. A general turnout of armed Orangemen resulted, the streets being patrolled by them all night. A man-of-war has sailed from Halifax for the scene of the disturbance.

Mischief Done By Good-Natured People.

No doubt there is a vast amount of misery in the world occasioned by deliberate unkindness; revenge for real or fancied injuries, or the terrible pleasure some evil natures feel in the exercise of arbitrary power. Still more suffering is probably occasioned by that callous indifferentism to the feelings of others which we call thoughtlessness, but which is really very nearly allied to selfishness. Yet possibly we should find were we able to make the reckoning, that as much harm is done by the unwise concessions of what are called "good-natured people," as by either of the other classes.

It is often said of a good-natured man that he is no one's enemy but his own; but families and friends are so linked together in this world, that it is exceedingly difficult for any one to injure himself without hurt to another. Far be it from us to limit philanthropy or any sort of generosity. He who goes through life conferring benefits is the noblest of mortals; but unless on occasion he is able to say "No" to eager entreaties, he will never be able to carry out his best intentions.

One of the most mischievous forms of what is called good-nature is recommending an incompetent person to some responsible situation. Not that patronage, properly considered, is anything but a good and lawful thing; only we may be very sure that the just, enlightened, and really powerful patron is by no means what is understood by "a good-natured man." We imagine him to have legitimate influence, which he would very soon lose were he to abuse it.

We once knew an authoress, now no more, who beside having a great deal of talent as well as good-nature, had one of the kindest hearts in the world. His successful books had secured her a certain literary position; and had she used sparingly and discreetly the influence which naturally resulted from it, she might have been of immense use to young aspirants of genius. Perhaps her own vivid imagination lent a charm to the manuscripts she was asked to forward for unknown authors to eminent publishers, for it is a fact that men and women of real genius are often the most lenient of critics to inferior writers. But however this may have been, her good-nature was so often imposed on, she so often sent poor compositions with words of recommendation to her frendly publishers, that at last they smiled, or sighed, at her importunities, and though willing enough to take anything from her own practised pen, ceased to regard her good word as of any weight, when applied to the production of another. In fact, it came to pass that it was rather an injury than otherwise to be introduced by Mrs. E——. She sacrificed what might have been a very useful and powerful influence to her good-nature. If Dr. Johnson had thus sacrificed his great influence by offering poor novels, to the booksellers, he would have been little likely to have been able to promptly dispose of the immortal *Vicar of Wakefield*, and so aid poor Oliver Goldsmith in the hour of his sorest need.

Critics who, from a spurious good-nature unduly praise a work of art or literature, really do a cruel injury to deserving authors and artists, by bringing their

does not exist is a mean sort of deception which must often be followed by humiliation.

A person out of what is called good nature becoming security for another, and suffering, or causing others to suffer in consequence, is so sad and frequent an event in real life, that it has become quite a common incident in novels, and need not be treated of here. Kindness of heart is a deeper and finer quality than the surface readiness to oblige which we have endeavoured to depict. Kindness of heart has always the capacity for real sympathy, and this great alleviator of suffering is generally too clear-seeing to always approve of 'Yes' when 'No' should be said. Real sympathy feels with, and assists, the friend in trouble. When actions prompted by thoughtless good-nature are most mischievous, they proceed from one who probably neither feels deep nor sees clearly the relations of cause and effect. That Justice—to a stranger no less than to our associates—is a rarer and more sublime virtue than generosity, is a truth that good-natured people are somewhat apt to forget—*Chamber's Journal.*

TRANSFUSION FOR CONSUMPTION.

The Experiment of a Young Surgeon in a Hopeless Case—Not Entirely New.

An enthusiastic young surgeon in New York has introduced a novel treatment for pulmonary consumption, or tuberculosis, for which a great future is predicted by his admirers. His first experiment was undertaken four months ago, in the case of a young man of 23, the only son of a wealthy dry-goods dealer, who was so far gone with the disease that medical consultation had pronounced recovery hopeless, and death only a question of a few weeks. The remedy consisted in the repeated transfusion from the arterial system of a healthy young man, who consented to act as donor, of from four to six ounces of fresh blood, according to the method styled arterio-venous. The patient was so exceedingly feeble when the first transfer was undertaken that only four ounces were transfused, in consequence of the disturbance of the action of the heart that immediately ensued. The recrudescence of the vital energies was, however, extraordinary. From the date, almost from the moment, of the experiment the patient began to improve. The tendency to emaciation disappeared, and the pulmonary symptoms were greatly reduced in severity. Relish for food returned, and the nervous prostration was greatly relieved.

Three weeks later the operation was repeated, with six ounces of blood, the method employed being that of Prof. Joseph W. Howe, the leading advocate of transfusion in the United States. The results of the second experiment were more encouraging than those of the first. Three transfusions have now been undertaken, and the young man is now improving so rapidly, both in general health and local symptoms, that the young surgeon is confident of success without another resort to the transfusion syringe.

"The idea is not a new one," he remarked, in response to a request for information. "Dr. Howe was the first to try transfusion in a desperate case of tubercular consumption with such success

one man fatally wounded. A general turnout of armed Orangemen resulted, the streets being patrolled by them all night. A man-of-war has sailed from Halifax for the scene of the disturbance.

A good deal of excitement has been caused by the adventures of four youths from Emerson, Man., who set out for the west with the intention of rivalling the exploits of Jessie James. The eldest is thirteen years of age. At Northcote, Minn., they endeavoured to paint the town red, and created a sensation. They then proceeded westward, but were overtaken at Hallock.

Sir Vernon Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Home Department, in a speech at Derby this evening, said the Government will dissolve Parliament at its own time, not at the time of the Conservatives. The Government went to Egypt reluctantly, and would have retired but for events in the Soudan. England has no right to annex Egypt. England has quite empire enough. If we annex Egypt we are liable to perpetual embroilment with other countries.

A negro named Gibbs murdered the wife of L. P. Moore, a prominent farmer of Burelion county, on Saturday evening, because she would not allow him to sit at the supper table with the family. Moore was not at home, but returned shortly after. The community in the neighbourhood turned out Sunday afternoon and overtook Gibbs and captured him after a fight, in which the negro was wounded. He was taken back to Moore's place, where the citizens chained him to a post and burned him to death. Gibbs was an escaped convict.

Joseph Carrier, an operative in a boot and shoe manufactory in Montreal, proceeded to the river front Tuesday and deliberately committed suicide in the presence of crowds assembled on the shore by jumping into the river and refusing aid when offered to him. After the plunge deceased came to the surface with his arms folded and refusing to catch a plank that was thrown to him went down by his own motion, and was never seen again. Before his fatal leap he shook hards with several acquaintances he met at the spot, and his last salutation to them was "Good bye, boys; take my advice and never get married." Deceased leaves a widow and three children. The body has not been recovered.

A Paris despatch says:—Several English detectives have arrived for the purpose of tracing the dynamiters. In spite of Colonel Majendie's report, it is declared that the dynamite used at Victoria station was made at a factory between Amiens and Boulogne. It is rumoured that an attempt will shortly be made to blow up one of the public buildings in London. The activity of the dynamiters continues unabated. It is believed the English and French police are fully acquainted with their movements, and that every effort will be made to counteract their plots. There is great reason to believe that one of the most trusted dynamite leaders keeps the police fully informed. The dynamiters are receiving valuable aid from French socialists. They re waiting ord ers from New York to act.

The finest body linen is embroidered more or less, and made exquisite with Valenciennes or costly imitation laces.

Critics who, from a spurious good-nature unduly praise a work of art or literature, really do a cruel injury to deserving authors and artists, by bringing their merits into an unworthy comparison with inferior powers. Evil of this sort however, is apt to bring about its own penalty. Directly a professional writer is even suspected of unfairness, the spell of his influence is broken; and often enough, to be a warning to the ready writer, has it happened that one of the staff of a popular journal has lost his situation on account of his too "good-natured" reviews.

It is rather remarkable that what are called good-natured people rarely undertake unpleasant duties, if they can possibly avoid them. They do not like telling disagreeable truths, however urgent the necessity for so doing, but transfer the mission to a sterner friend with some such phrase as, "I should not like to say it," or, "I should not like to do it," just as if the habit of their lives was only to do what they "liked." Indeed, the good-natured people we are describing are rarely generous in a grand way; they are seldom capable of self-sacrifice. If they are rich, they give money rather than take trouble. If they are people of leisure, they probably give time, which perhaps is not very precious to them; but doing something they greatly dislike, in order to benefit another, is a virtue too rare to be found among them.

There is a form of deception, too often considered very venial, with which so-called good-natured people, if they are good letter-writers, are seldom associated. This is "drawing up" letters for their less gifted acquaintances to copy and send out as their own. A really good letter often makes a very favourable impression; but it is something like a false coin if it be not the composition of the signer. No doubt, there are cases when it is necessary some statement should be made in language more clear and precise than the person concerned can command; but in these instances, the ready penman should write in his own person for his friend. We are afraid many situations of trust and responsibility have been obtained on the strength of admirable letters dictated by another. But incompetence is sure to be discovered sooner or later, as is a deception which is less forgivable than want of ability. Long, long ago, we knew of a case far more sad than the engaging of an incompetent clerk or governess. A girl of good family and large fortune was won over to accept for a husband a young gentleman of small means and not much principle mainly by the eloquent, poetical, very charming letters he addressed to her; nearly if not quite all of which were composed by a clever brilliant friend who had never even seen her. When the marriage proved very far from a happy one—and the real scribe had a wife and children of his own—we have reason to believe that he deeply regretted the the part he had played in deluding a confidding girl.

Very much on a par with the laxity of principle which permits false letter-writing is the wearing of borrowed finery, especially jewellery, things which we have known good-natured women very willing to lend. Valuable jewellery is a sign of certain amount of wealth, which is generally on fit occasions displayed; but to exhibit the sign where the reality

"The idea is not a new one," he remarked, in response to a request for information. "Dr. Howe was the first to try transfusion in a desperate case of tubercular consumption with such success that the late Prof. Van Buren exhibited the patient to his class in a clinical lecture, at which I was present, and described the operation. I firmly believe that transfusion of blood is the true remedy for consumption and diseases allied to it, and if I ever have the opportunity I shall test it in leprosy."

Skobeleff.

He had a "delicate, handsome face," a fair beard, blue eyes, dark hair. He looked like an Apollo as he rode into battle "on a white horse, and dressed in a white coat," (a practice which won him among the Turks the title of Akh Pasha, or the "White-General,") "looking as though he had come dressed for a ball. 'Is not a battle the soldier's ball?' he asked some one. 'Now, at last, I feel happy.'" He was described as "fighting like an ensign." The answer given was, "Yes, but he does not hide himself like a General." He was always in the thickest of the rain of bullets and shrapnel, cheering on his men, and showing the way to the enemy's batteries. But though he was careless of himself, he was always careful of his men. His division was always the best provided with fur coats, with soup, tea, and "corn brandy." He refused to have anything to do with the Commissariat Department, and made each of his regiments do its own commissariat. Some one suggested that the commanding officers might embezzle. His answer was: "If my men get as much bread and meat and tea and brandy as they want, if there are no complaints lodged against my officers, if the inhabitants of the district are satisfied, let them embezzle; what do I care?" After the famous passage of the Balkans, in which Skobeleff and his division played the first part, when they passed in review before the Grand Duke "in splendid condition, while the other divisions looked pale and starved," the Grand Duke exclaimed: "What red-faced fellows! One can see they are well filled. Thank God that some at least do not look like corpses!" Flogging and cuffing appear to prevail still in the Russian army. Skobeleff would have none of it in his division. He told one of his favorite Colonels, who was beating a soldier, that if he found him doing it again he should dismiss him. After Plevna one of his men was ordered by his Colonel to be flogged. The man appealed to Skobeleff, confessed his crime, and asked for a court-martial. Skobeleff told him a court-martial would condemn him to death. His answer was: "We are all in God's hands. Every day of our lives we are under fire here. I don't mind being shot, but if I am to be disgraced, your Excellency, I shall commit suicide."

M. Eugene Turpin, a French chemist, has dicovered an explosive of tremendous power which he terms "Panclasite," and for which he claims a maximum of force with a minium of risk, the two materials of which it is composed being inocuous until mixed. M. Turpin recently made very satisfactory experiments at Chatham bafore the military authorities.

ANEOUS ITEMS.

cine manufacturer adver- en who are willing to have ts painted on the tops of ds, "for a high pecuniary re- ."

rrespondent writes to a London g newspaper: "A case which is at nt attracting much interest reminds that I recently saw at Nice in a shop indow a small scent bottle of glass, with silver-gilt mounts, in a shabby condition. It was exposed with the following announcement in English: 'This flacon formerly belonged to Mrs. Gras, the first woman who has thrown sulphuric acid upon her husband. Only £3. Proofs and vouchers within.' There was no notice in French, German, or Russian, so that evidently a buyer for this pleasing souvenir was looked for only among the English or American tourists."

On a recent occasion in experimental firing at Strensall, in England, Major-Gen. Cameron ordered the First Volunteer Battalion Fusileers to fire at a range of dummy soldiers with both eyes open and as rapidly as possible, not looking along the barrel of the rifle, but keeping their eyes fixed on the enemy, who was supposed to be making a rush on the position defended by the volunteers. Eight rounds were fired in 67 seconds, and 38 per cent. of the shots struck the dummy figures. Considering the rapidity of the fire, these results are very good. Drawn up in line against an enemy in the same formation, 1,000 men would thus deliver 7,000 shots in about a minute, with some 2,600 hits.

An invalid who went to Thomasville, Ga., writes that he found in a local newspaper, alongside the column which the editor's graceful pen makes eloquent with praise of the pine belt, and fierce with the denunciation of that horse thief and midnight assassin who upholds the superior climatic advantages of Aiken, S.C.—even there he saw a flaring advertisement, having for a vignette an engraved hearse, and further illuminated and illustrated with cuts of metallic coffins, all of latest cut and fashion, while further on in the text came a modest, but assured, statement from the advertisers as follows: "Our long experience in embalming and shipping bodies justifies us in saying that our work cannot be excelled. Certificates, testifying in the strongest terms to the safe and satisfactory transmission of bodies shipped by us, can be seen on application at our office."

A great work was completed recently in Paris. In all the chief streets and squares there were huge masts painted in scrolls of blue and white, with a board in the middle announcing the event; the advertising columns of every journal on the Boulevardes were full of it, and the *Figaro* had a four-page supplement describing in full detail the nature of the great work completed. The work in question was a gigantic Bon Marche establishment which a certain M. Jaluzot has erected close to the Western terminus. The establishment itself is not very different from many others both in Paris and in London, but in one respect M. Jaluzot's enterprise was unique. He had made arrangements with the Western railway Company for free excursion trains on the occasion of his opening ceremony,

Execution of Criminals.

We think it to be demonstrable that so long as the sentence of death is retained—that is, so long as the nation retains its present creed, and feels for society more than for the individual—three conditions as to the method of inflicting it should be resolutely maintained. The mode of execution adopted should be sudden, it should visibly shatter the corpse as little as possible, and it should be one held by opinion to be in itself disgraceful, and no method except hanging fulfills all those conditions. Sudden death could, of course, be inflicted in a hundred ways, many of them more rapid even than the noose. Shooting, if the heart is pierced, or the brain, is probably as rapid as any; the guillotine is swifter than the hangman, despite some doubts as to the instantantaneous loss of the victim's consciousness, and it would be easily possible to employ agencies more rapid than either. There are poisons too rapid in their action for pain, and one of them could be administered, we believe, during sleep. Electricians can prove, we are told, that the electric fluid moves more rapidly than sensation does, and hold it, therefore, probable that an electric shock sufficient to kill instantly would never be felt by the criminal at all, death preceding sensation, a view borne out, so far as such views can be, by the usual testimony of those who have received and survived a stroke of lightning. Any of these methods, therefore, would be as satisfactory, so far as suddenness and the absence of any approach to torture is concerned, as hanging; but the first two diminish that respect for the body which the whole history of brutal assaults shows it so necessary to maintain, and which is, we think, the true objection to that ghastly but painless mode of exection, blowing from a cannon; and the third is liable to an objection of its own, that it is not wise to make death for crime more painless than natural death usually is. We should not make it painful, but we should not artificially reduce its terrors. The awe with which the punishment is regarded would be gravely diminished by the use of painless poison, such as the Athenians used, while a new doubt would be begotten among the ignorant as to the reality of its infliction. They would begin talking of strong sleeping draughts, and of drugs which could produce apparent death—that is, catalepsy—without actually killing. It is most important that no color should be given to such stories, and important, too, not to degrade science by making it an accomplice in the executioner's task, as it would be if the electric battery were employed. Men ought not to lose the sense that there is something rough and brutal about capital punishment, that it is essentially a last appeal to force in its most direct and savage form, when every other means appear from experience to have failed. We greatly doubt, moreover, whether the multitude would believe in the painlessness of death by electricity, and whether the lightning stroke would not evoke that shudder of sympathy with the condemned which so utterly "demoralizes the guillotine," and which the idea of torture, in this age at all events, never fails to elicit in England. There would be too much the air of a scientific experiment in every execution, and a single instance of failure would, till the rapid increase of murder

FUNNIGRAMS.

An old bachelor asserts that the best and quickest way to revive a lady when she faints is to begin to take down her hair. If it ain't her own she will grab it in a jiffy.

Social Inequality.—Wife of Radical millworker (to her little boy's playmate): —"Gang awa' wi' ye, Bobbie, and dinna play wi' oor Johnnie; your father's only a cairter, an' Johnnie's father's a geffer in a mill.

"No, sir," said the man, "you needn't tell me a woman ever had her dress pocket picked. I don't believe a thief could discover it. I know I've tried for two hours to find the pocket of one of my wife's dresses, and then had to give it up."

"When I have a cold in my head," said a gentleman in company, "I am always remarkably dull and stupid." "You are much to be pitied, then, sir," replied another, "for I don't remember ever to have seen you without a cold in your head."

A story is told of two Scotsmen, who travelled together three days in a stage-coach without a word ever passing between them. On the fourth day one of them at last ventured to remark that it was a fine morning—"And who said it wasn't?" was the reply.

The most absent-minded man in a certain section attended the Methodist Church on Sunday night, accompanied by his pet terrier. When he arrived in the church he raised his dog from the floor and seated him in a pew, and then went and tied himself to the fence.

"Oh, will he bite?" exclaimed one of Liverpool's sweetest girls, with a look of alarm, when she saw one of the dancing bears in the street the other day. "No," said her escort, "he cannot bite; he is muzzled. But he can hug." "Oh," she said, with a distracting smile, "I don't mind that!"

An American in the Far West having just "struck ile," bought from a pedler a copy of "As You Like It." He was so pleased with Touchstone that he wrote to the pedlar, "If that fellow Shakespeare ever writes anything more, be sure to get me one of the first copies—and darn the expense!"

Jamie C—— was a well-known character in Morayshire. His education had been sadly neglected, but when asked a question about anything he would give an answer whether right or wrong. On one occasion some of Jamie's shopmates were speaking about the common house fly, and, being annoyed by him putting in his oar; thought to shut him up by asking—"Jamie, whether is a fly a biped or a quadruped?" "I canna tell," says Jamie; "for a' that I ken it micht be a velociped."

The following conversation took place place between two labourers at the gate of a large shipbuilding-yard on the Clyde, rather famous for numerous and serious accidents:—"Whaur are ye workin' noo, Bob?" "Doon at Dalmuir." "That's a lang road awa'. What pay are they giein'?" "Oh, no sae bad. I've a pound a week. What are they giein' in here?" (nodding towards the gate) "Oh, no sae muckle's that. I've eighteen shillin's an' my chance." "Yer chance? What chance hae ye?" "The chance o' bein' kill't."

ent from many others both in Paris and in London, but in one respect M. Jaluzot's enterprise was unique. He had made arrangements with the Western railway Company for free excursion trains on the occasion of his opening ceremony, and all day long provincials from Havre and Rouen flocked in by thousands.

American artists are well represented in the approaching Paris Salon. Among the portraits which will be remarked for their excellence in the Salon is one of an American lady, painted by our countryman, Mr. Sargent. Mr. Alexander Harrison, an American, will have two important works. The larger of the two is a moonlight sea piece. Mr. Harrison's second picture is called "The Shipwrecked Crew of the Glenons." A young American, Mr. Robert Donoho, who has not exhibited in any previous Salon, sends a landscape of considerable merit. Mr. Heaton, another American, exhibits the portrait of Mlle. Nevada in her character of a Brazilian savage. Another American artist, Mr. Bacon, illustrates Etretat and its environs. He sends two pictures. One, a girl feeding pigs, is sure to be a success, and engraving and photography will make it popular. The other picture is that of an ideal fishing girl of that northern type we sometimes see in Normandy, and an ancient woman who is familiar to all who bathe on the French coast. The two pictures are his best.

The Transvaal delegates at Amsterdam are forming a syndicate of bankers to raise a new loan, which is to be exclusively devoted to the construction of railways. Not so very long ago the Boers would have looked with very scant favor on any proposal for constructing a railway through the Transvaal. An English administrator who visited that territory some years ago endeavored to convince a Boer, one of the oldest inhabitants and the largest farmer in the country, of the enormous advantages that would accrue from the construction of railways. "It would double the value of your land," said he. "Well," said the Boer, "so much the worse for that." "What," said the Englishman, "do you not think it would be good to have the value of your farm doubled?" "No," said the Boer, "no respectable Boer ever sells his land. What he has to do is to buy fresh farms for his younger sons; so that the more valuable the land is the more he has to pay for it, and the worse it is for him." "Then you would not even have a telegraph?" said the Englishman. "No," said the Boer, "what's the use of a telegraph? If the news is good it will keep; if it's bad, it had better not come at all, let alone coming in such a hurry."

Cooking Fish.

The Japanese eat more fish than any other people in the world. With them meat-eating is a foreign innovation, confined to the rich, or rather to those rich people who prefer it to the national diet. Clearly Mr. Okoshi is not one of these. He was enthusiastic about the excellence of his native fish dinners. He told us that the reason why fish is not more eaten in England is not because of its price or because of the difficulty of transport, but because we cook it so badly. "To boil it is simply to take away the best part of its flavor; with us there are as many varieties of fish cooking as there are different kinds of fish."

which so utterly demoralizes the guillotine," and which the idea of torture, in this age at all events, never fails to elicit in England. There would be too much the air of a scientific experiment in every execution, and a single instance of failure would, till the rapid increase of murder recalled the people to themselves, be fatal to the punishment of death.—*The Spectator.*

Sold Out Too Cheap

"I didn't used to believe nothin' in eddecashum," said he, as he heaved a sigh like the groan of a sick horse. "My Dan'l he got hold of books and things and branched out as a geologist. He got so he could talk of stratas, and formations, and belts, and dips, and indicashuns, and one day he said to me, sez he:

"'Dad, thar's a coal mine on our land.'

"'How d'ye know?'

"'I've prospected and found indicashuns. That hull hill is chuck full of coal.'

"'And that hull 'tater patch is full of weeds,' sez I.

"You see, I sold short on geology and went long on 'taters, and I missed it. One day a stranger with a squint to his eye cum along and offered me $800 fur my land, and away she went."

"And——"

"Waal, they've taken half a milyun dollars wuth of coal out o' that hill and hain't reached the middle yet. Dan'l was right and I was a fule."

"And now?"

"Waal, I'm drivin' a mule team fur a livin', and all the indicashuns Dan'l can find ar' to the effect that I orter be sent to a lunatic asylum."

The Safest Part of the Car.

A party of merchant travellers in a passenger coach were talking over their travelling experience and the danger of accidents, and finally the question arose as to the safest part of the car. Failing to settle the question among themselves they called up the conductor, and one of them said to him:

"Conductor, we have been discussing the matter of the safest part of the car and want to know your opinion."

"Want to know the safest part, eh?" replied the conductor.

"Yes, that's it."

"Well," continued the conductor, borrowing a chew of tobacco, and looking disappointed because he didn't get a cigar. "I've been on the road for fifteen years, and have been turned over embankments, busted up in tunnels, dumped off bridges, telescoped in collisions, blown off the track by cyclones, run into open switches, and had other pleasant incidental divertisments of kindred nature, and I should say, gentlemen, that the safest part of the car was that part which happened to be in the shop for repairs at the time of the accident."

A report has been communicated to the Academy of sciences, Paris, by the French Minister of the Postal and Telegraph Department on the thunder-storms which visited France during the first six months of last year. From the full and detailed tables it is learned that in all there were 9 persons and 78 animals killed and about 50 persons and 7 animals injured by lightning.

lang road awa'. What pay are they giein'?" "Oh, no sae bad. I've a pound a week. What are they giein' in here?" (nodding towards the gate) "Oh, no sae muckle's that. I've eighteen shillin's an' my chance." "Yer chance? What chance hae ye?" "The chance o' bein' kill't."

A High Churchman and a Scotch Presbyterian had been at the same church. The former asked the latter if he did not like the "introits." "I don't know what an introit is," was the reply. "But did you not enjoy the anthem?" said the Churchman. "No, I did not enjoy it at all." "I am very sorry," said the Churchman, "because it was used in the early Church; in fact it was originally sung by David." "Ah," said the Scotchman," then that explains the Scripture. I can understand why, if David sung it at that time, Saul threw his javelin at him."

Two poor men, on the death of a relative, came into possession of a large fortune. They didn't know very well what to do with it, but began to make an improvement in their personal appearance, and towards that end each resolved to have a gold watch, one going to Edinburgh for his, and the other to Glasgow. On coming home with their purchases they began to compare them, when the one says to the other, "What sort of a watch have you got, Jock? "I've got a pented laverock," replied Jock. Then said the other, "I've got a better yin than you, for I've got a horse's uncle." The one had got a patent lever, the other a horizontal.

Marriage.

When a young man wants to marry a girl he has already made up his mind that she is worthy of him; otherwise he would not wish to marry her. The next thing for him to do is to make a rigid examination and cross-examination of himself to see whether he is worthy of her. In this he should be unsparing of his own faults and shortcomings. If he comes to the conclusion that the girl is better than he is, let him at once and resolutely set himself to reform his own character and to eradicate its defects. If, on the other hand, he finds that he can conscientiously say that he deserves her hand, he may safely conclude that, if her affections are not preoccupied by another, he can win her by fair and honourable and open means, and without resort to clandestine plans or practices.

At a meeting of the Irish National League in Dublin to-day Parnell said the success of the League was evidenced by the flow of funds into the treasury and by the large number of its branches, and that the National League would hand down to history as bright a record as the Land League.

Never believe, much less propagate, an ill report of a neighbor without good evidence of its truth; never listen to an infamous story handed to you by a man who is inimical to the person defamed, or who is himself apt to defame his neighbors, or who is wont to sow discord among brethern and excite disturbance in society. Never utter the evil which you know or suspect of another till you have an opportunity to expostulate with him. Never speak evil of another while you are under the influence of anger, but wait till your spirits are cooled down, that you may the better judge whether to utter or suppress the matter.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1884.

—We this week send out a large number of subscription accounts. We trust those receiving them will remit without further notice.

—Sir Richard Cartwright, M.P., was in town this week on business in connection with his estate. He received the congratulation of many friends on his series of brilliant speeches delivered during the session.

—The date of the Toronto semi-centennial celebration has been changed to include the 1st of July. Preparations are being made on an extensive scale for the celebration. It promises to be the leading event of the year in the celebration line.

—The Toronto conspirators were yesterday arraigned before the grand jury, but up to the hour of going to press no report had been made. Chief Justice Hagarty, in charging the jury in the case, clearly stated that the offence, though without precedent in Canada or England, came within the range of the criminal law.

—The Standard is evidently setting itself up as an authority on American politics, but it is as far at sea there as it is in the politics of its own country. For instance, it last week mentioned James G. Blaine as a probable dark horse in the presidential race, and expressed the opinion that he will get "left." Now, every school boy knows that Blaine is one of the most prominent Republicans seeking the nomination and should he get it, he could not be called in any sense a "dark horse." This term is only applied to an unknown, or comparatively unknown, man who gets the nomination as a compromise between factions. And then as to Blaine getting "left"—well, we trust that James will never hear of it. He might become discouraged, you know.

—Parliament prorogued on Saturday. The session will long be remembered as one of unparalelled extravagance, jobbery and violation of parliamentary law in Canada. It would take columns to formulate a full indictment, but this brief commentary will be borne out by those who have read the proceedings carefully and whose minds are not warped by prejudice. The Opposition did noble service in exposing the wrong-doing, which, owing to their small numerical strength, they were powerless to prevent. They had a monopoly of the argument but they lacked the voting power. The day is not far distant, however, when Mr. Blake and his followers the House will have both, and then there will be inaugurated a regime of economy, honest expenditure and beneficial legislation.

—The amount of money that was voted away during the session of Parliament which has just closed was $83,271,000. This, the Ottawa Free Press points out, was at the rate of $1,281,092.23 for every day Parliament sat; $25,621 for every hour; $440 a minute and about $74 a second. It was the greatest fun imaginable for them to fling away the money at the rate of seventy-four dollars a second, to a rattling good accompaniment from jews-harps, mouth organs and penny whistles. It is a long time since the members have had such sport But having had their fun, it is only right that promoters of the present movement will confine their efforts to a strong and determined stand in favour of enforcing the by-law they will accomplish the end they are seeking—that of preventing young boys from frequenting the rooms—and receive the hearty support of the friends of the game as well as that of all right thinking men. Let there be a heavy fine provided for violation of the by-law and then let the officers of the law do their duty.

A Relic of the Rebellion of 1837.

The subjoined verses, written on the day of execution of the patriot, Samuel Lount, are in possession of a gentleman in town. The manuscript bears the stains and discolorations of half a century:—

SAMUEL LOUNT'S FAREWELL.

Who was executed at Toronto on Thursday, 12th April,

Anno Domini MDCCCXXVII.

To all my friends and kindreds dear,
Read o'er my sorrows with a tear.
Tho' foes my cause may strive to stain,
There is great honour on my name.

My soul from Heaven with love was blest,
My pains give way to peace and rest,
My God remov'd the load I bore,
I rest where Crowns can do no more.

My mortal life to man I gave,
Tho' thousands pray'd my life to save;
But prayers and groans and tears were vain
To save me from the tyrant's chain.

I trust my blood will satisfy
The thirst that some should bleed and die.
May all that sought my blood be bles't
As I am this day with God at rest.

But O! my blood cannot atone
For griefs unheard, unseen unknown.
Events like these from earth will rise
To powers that's far above the skies.

Farewell, fond wife and children dear.
Altho' we parted with a tear,
Still hope in God and still maintain
My blood that's spilt is not in vain.

May God look down with pitying eyes
And lend His ear to hear your cries,
And all your griefs may Jesus see.
That came from Heaven to comfort me.

Remember me when e'er you pray,
Altho' my spirit's gone away,
For in my God my soul did trust,
By whom this day my spirit's bles't.

Dear babes, sweet treasures in mine eyes,
May you on earth to honor rise;
In heaven may God record your names,
That bore away my griefs and pains.

Dear brother, how thou was't distress'd,
For day and night thou could'st not rest,
And when thou saw me near to death
Thou fainted and gave up thy breath.

May heaven reward thee for thy pains.
Thy brother's free from binding chains.
The nights I saw, the grief I bore,
Shall unto me return no more.

Farewell, dark prison in iron band,
And the sad cords that bound my hand,
I give my life by God's command,
Farewell, distress'd and troubled land.

A Black Letter Record.

[From the Globe.]

The Peterborough Review says:—

"The Globe, in accordance with its amiable custom, is black-lettering Ontario members who voted in the majority in favour of the Government railway policy, with majorities from the other provinces. Upon this list, however, we do not find the name of Mr. Allison of Lennox. Yet he voted the same way."

The Review is wrong in several particulars. The Globe did not black-letter those who voted for the railway aid resolutions, but those who were traitors to Ontario and voted against Mr. Blake's amendment pointing out the obvious fact that Ontario was being unjustly treated. Mr. Allison, of Lennox, voted in favor of Mr. Blake's amendment, as did every one of Mr. Blake's followers in this province.

Satisfaction With the Streams Bill Decision.

A correspondent from the Mississippi river writes:—Almost general joy is expressed by the residents in this section, irrespective of party at the decision of the Privy

O[illegible]

—HAS HA[illegible]

Cottons are Cheap

before. We have just received a great drive [illegible] and better qualities at 6 and 7c. and a good yar

We will sell a good WHITE SHIRTING [illegible] tons as the raw cotton has advanced in price an

JUST THINK OF IT!

We will also sell good strong Check Shirting in the prices of Cotton Goods, and we would st

WE ALSO SHOW THIS WEEK SEVERAL Ornaments for Ladies Dresses and Mantles. tons and Velvet Ribbons.

IN THE MILLINERY DE

F[illegible]

DOWN

Make your purchases from [illegible] goods are cheap this year.

Our stock is full of the newe we sell will turn out exactly as we

SPRING, 1884.

ENGLISH AND

Stylish Scotch Tweed Suit

60 Pieces new Canadian Tw[illegible]

dollars a second, to a rattling good accompaniment from jews-harps, mouth organs and penny whistles. It is a long time since the members have had such sport But having had their fun, it is only right that the electors of the country should have a little fun too: and when the proper time comes, which will not be far off, they will have grand sport in bouncing the mirth-loving Tory members with about as much rapidity as they chucked out the money.

—Premier Norquay has submitted by resolution in the Manitoba Legislature the following bill of rights which is to be placed before the Dominion Government by a committee composed of the Speaker and two members of the executive :—

1st.—The right of the province to control the management and sale of the public lands within the provincial limits, and the mines, minerals, wood and timber thereon, or the equivalent thereof, and to receive from the Dominion Government payment for lands already sold.

2nd.—The management of the school lands with a view to capitalize the sum realized from their sale. The interest to be used in aid of education.

3rd.—The adjustment of the capital account decennially according to the population, the same to be computed now at 150,000 souls, to be allowed until it corresponds to the amount allowed Ontario on that account.

4th.—The right of the province to charter lines of railway and their direction in the province.

5th.—And that the grant of 80 cents per ead be not limited to 400,000, but that the same be allowed the province until the maximum on which the said grant is allowed Ontario be reached.

6th.—The granting to the province of increased branch railway facilities.

7th.—To call attention to the prejudicial effect of the tariff on the province.

8th.—The extension of the boundaries.

—The effort being made to close the billiard rooms in town is, in the opinion of a great many respectable and law-abiding people, overstepping the mark. The game of billiards is in itself a pleasant, harmless pastime and located (as it is in Napanee) apart from hotels and bar-rooms, and kept within proper bounds, is productive of no more injury to the morals of the community than are cricket or croquet. There is, however, much truth in the contention that injury is done the youth of the town by their being permitted to frequent billiard-rooms at late hours of the night. Many heads of families have probably good reason for believing that their sons have been led astray in these places, through violation of the clause in the the existing by-law prohibiting minors frequenting or playing in such places. But as to whether this is a sufficient reason for closing up the rooms altogether and debaring men who enjoy the game and suffer no injury therefrom, from indulging in the recreation, is a matter that deserves careful consideration. Such an act would not only punish the keepers of the rooms, (who are entirely to blame for any violation of the by-law,) but many residents of the town and visitors who take pleasure in the pastime. Our opinion is that if the provisions of the by-law were strictly enforced there would be little cause for complaint. In many of the Mechanics' Institutes throughout the country the game is encouraged and tables are provided for the members. It is a game which in itself cannot be objected to, depending rather upon skill than chance, and is very rarely employed by gamblers in the prosecution of their nefarious trade. If the

cision.

A correspondent from the Mississippi river writes :—Almost general joy is expressed by the residents in this section, irrespective of party, at the decision of the Privy Council on the final appeal in the suit of Caldwell and McLaren. However it may be viewed by parties at a distance there are few cognizant of and familiar with the facts here but are delighted at the success of Mr. Boyd Caldwell and rejoiced at his overthrow of monopoly and arbitrary power. Numbers of Conservatives who have lived in the immediate vicinity of the disputed stream or have been employees either as foremen or laborers for either lumber firm, and who know every lake and stream from the head waters to Carleton Place, are pleased with the verdict, and say it is not only just but that it is statesmanlike and truly patriotic. Wonder what your corpulent local member and the cadiverous local member of the Local House from Addington would say if they could only hear how unanimous the opinion is of those who know the circumstances in this case in favour of the present decision. The superabundant adipose might possibly prevent the auricles of the former conveying the disagreeable sensation to the brain, but the latter certainly would lose the power of utterance, dumb as he is.

LITERARY NOTES.

The **Popular Science Monthly** for May, being the first number of the twenty-fifth vol., comes early to hand laden with varied and most interesting reading. "The Sins of Legislators" is treated in an opening paper (to be continued) by Herbert Spencer, in that writer's profound and comprehensive style. "The Progress of the Working Classes in the Last Half Century," by Robert Giffin, LL.D., and "Christian Agnosticism," by the Rev. Canon Curteis, are also notable papers, the former especially. Dr. Giffin, who is President of the London Statistical Society, deals in this paper the most effective and crushing blow to Henry George's leading social theories, in "Progress and Poverty," that they have yet sustained. Canon Curteis, in reply to Herbert Spencer's recent paper on "Religious Retrospect and Prospect," is moderate and conciliatory in tone, and frankly admits that Mr. Spencer has "'purified' for us our idea of God" by "pruning away all sorts of anthropomorphic accretions." "Where Did Life Begin?" by G. H. Scribner, and "The Morality of Happiness," rank next, perhaps, in interest. Edward Johnson in "An Experiment in Prohibition," shows that the prohibitory law which has been in force in the State of Vermont for thirty years is a total failure, and "for all practical purposes a dead letter." He says "The cause of the failure of the law is not far to seek." It is not sustained by public sentiment, and the world, he trenchantly remarks, "cannot be dragooned into virtue." In the "Editor's Table," under "Spencer on Parliamentary Influence," is quoted Herbert Spencer's recent letter declining the invitation to run for Parliament. This letter is remarkable in its way and fully characteristic. It is a gem of its kind and ought to be read by every M.P.P., and indeed every elector the world over. The other papers in this number are "The Beaver and his Works," by Dr. G. A. Stockwell (illus.); "The Milk in the Cocoanut," by Grant Allen; "Longevity of Astronomers," by A. B. M. Lancaster; "The Chemistry of Cookery," by W. Mattieu Williams; "How Flies Hang On," by Dr. J. E. Rombouts (illus.); "The Beginnings of Metallurgy," by Dr. E. Reyer; "Our new Skin and Cancer Hospital," by W. J. Youmans, M.D.; "Was he an Idiot?" by Rev. W. A. Cram; Sketch of Mary Somerville (with portrait); Correspondence, etc. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

From Death's Door.

M. M. Deverceaux, of Iona, Mich., was a sight to behold. He says:—"I had no action of the Kidneys and suffered terribly. My legs were as big as my body and my body as big as a barrel. The best doctors gave me up. Finally I tried Kidney-Wort. In four or five days a change came, in eight or ten days I was on my feet, and now I am completely cured. It was certainly a miracle." All druggists keep Kidney-Wort which is put up both in liquid and dry form.

A Bad Case of Starvation.

To starve for want of vital food contained in pure air. When the lungs are obstructed by colds, remove the accumulated phlegm with that safe and pleasant throat and lung remedy, Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam.

R. P. LA

CLOTHING

We would remind our customers and person
we are giving with Suits are no fraud, bu
Watch in every respect to this Swiss concern w
ority we will leave to any practical Watchmake

**COME AND SEE THE BEAUTIFU
CASE WAT**

We are giving with every Suit of Clothing, and
a dozen of this "Swiss Turnip," we will make

It is something immense the sale of Clothin
notwithstanding the severe raking over our RE

FIFTY MORE FANCY

To arrive at once, to go with the balance of ou

Remember our Goods are all New, of the La
the country, and PRICES AS LOW AS ANY
present each purchaser with a HUNTING CA

CHEAP CLOTHING, HAT AN

Call and see the WATCHES even

Rennie Block.

A FACT WORTH

A. ROSE

Have the best

READY-MADE

IN TO

*They are almost equal to O
Stylish Pa*

Be sure you see ROSE'S Cl
prices range from $5.00 to $20.00

ERPRODUCTION

S HA THE EFFECT OF REDUCING PRICES TO SUCH AN EXTENT THAT——

heaper To-day than they have ever been in Canada

eat drive in Cotton Goods that enables us to sell a good **FACTORY COTTON AT 5 CTS. A YARD,**
good yard wide Cotton at 8c. a yard.

IRTING at 7 cents a yard and heavier makes at 8, 9 and 10 cents a yard. Every family should secure a whole piece of these Cot-
in price and manufactured goods will advance soon.

T! 20 YDS. OF GOOD CANADIAN FACTORY COTTON FOR $1.00.

k Shirtings at 8c. a yard. Heavy Brown Duck at 11c a yard and all other Cottons in proportion. This is only a temporary decline
e would strongly advise every family to take advantage of it.

EVERAL NOVELTIES IN THE FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT, SUCH AS BLACK AND COLORED LOOPS AND
antles. Scrim for the new style of Curtains with Guipure D'Art Lace and Insertion to match for trimming them, New Dress But-

Y DEPARTMENT WE SHOW NEW STRAW AND CHIP HATS IN MYRTLE GREEN, FAWN, BEIGE and all the fashionable colors.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

FRESH AND BRIGHT

——AT——

NEY & COMPANY'S

from New and Fresh Goods, you will find them the Cheapest and Most Stylish All classes of

ne newest and most reliable goods, which we are selling at the lowest prices. All goods that
y as we represent them.

DOWNEY & CO.

4.} ROBLIN & FORD {SPRING, 1884.

——ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN——

ND AMERICAN STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS,

ed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Worsteds and Spring Overcoatings,

in Tweed, all Prices. *45 Pieces new French Cambric Shirtins,*

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

ROBLIN & FORD.

AHEY'S

ING SALE!

d persons requiring Clothing that the Watches
aud, but on the contrary are a far superior
ncern which is offered in town. Their superi-
tchmaker to decide.

TIFULLY ENGRAVED HUNTING WATCHES

ing, and if you don't say they are worth half
ll make you a present of a Suit and Watch.

Clothing we have had during the past week,
our RELIABLE WATCHES received.

NCY TWEED SUITS

ce of our Watches.

f the Latest Styles, from the Best Makers in
S ANY HOUSE IN CANADA, and we also
NG CASE WATCH, as a Souvenir of the

AND FURNISHING HOUSE.

S even if you don't want to buy.

ock. Napanee.

R. P. LAHEY.

RTH KNOWING.

GE & CO.

ie best stock of

E CLOTHING

TOWN.

to Ordered Work, and very Patterns.

S Clothing before you buy. Our
20.00 per suit.

A. ROSE & CO.

SPRING TIME HAS COME!

And so has our stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which will be sold at Rock Bottom Prices.

I would but ask of every man and women to come and inspect our Goods, as I am satisfied that we can suit you in Goods, and at prices that cannot be beat.

BEAR IN MIND WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

PRINTS for five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve cents, splendid in 9.

White, Black and Colored Muslins, Cretonnes with Fringes to match, Dress Goods in endless variety. White and Grey Cottons, twenty yards for a dollar; Ducks, Denims and Drills in all patterns and prices, Shirtings that you would be surprised at the splendid quality for the small price.

We ask for those Men's Suits made to order from two to three dollars less than can be bought in Napanee or Kingston. Young men should see our assortment of English and American hard and soft hats.

Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, Fancy Scarfs and Ties, Collars and Collarettes. The newest Dress Buttons out, something very handsome. Our Boots and Shoes is the best assortment ever shown in the village.

Wall Paper at any price from 5 cents to 40 cents per roll, and Bordering to match. Every lady that has seen them say they are the finest they have looked at. Don't fail to see them.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

CHANGE IN THE FIRM!

SLAUGHTER IN GROCERIES!

—AT—

W. G. L. Coulter's

(LATE GRANGE & COULTER.)

I am prepared to sell cheaper than ever before, and I solicit a call from all.

Canned Goods Cheap. Tomatoes 15 cents per can, Corn 15c., Peas 15c., Peaches 30c., Apples 15c., Plums 20c., Rhubarb 15c., Pumpkin 15c., Strawberries 30c.

FRESH COFFEE just arrived, Oranges, Lemons, Cocoanuts, &c. TEAS and SUGARS a Specially.

CALL AND SEE.

W. G. L. COULTER.

BOOTS AND SHOES

NEATER AND CHEAPER THAN EVER.

MR. GEORGE E. MAYBEE

—OF THE—

People's One Price Boot and Shoe Store,

Annouces his Stock in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Goods now replete.

We can vouch the elegance of the Ladies' Boots.

His Gents' Goods will be here the beginning of April.

☞ *Gentlemen's Fine Hand Made Goods a Specialty.* ☜

GEO. E MAYBEE,

CAMPBELL HOUSE BLOCK.

STABBING AFFRAY AT COLEBROOK.

Assailant Committed for Trial, but Escapes from the Constables.

A correspondent at Colebrook writes: A drunken row occurred Friday night at Shields' hotel, in this place. In the fracas a young man named Boyce stabbed a man named Bradford, inflicting a painful wound. Boyce was at once arrested and brought before Mr. Elgin McDonough, J. P., who committed him for trial at Napanee. On the way to the county town, the constables, through negligence, allowed the prisoner to escape and then made no proper effort to re-capture him. It is suggested that the County Crown Attorney should investigate the matter.

Vestry Meeting.

At the vestry meeting of St. Paul's Church, Adolphustown, Mr. J. J. Watson was unanimously elected lay representative to the Synod. The late rector, Rev. R. Harding, was the recipient of an address. Subscriptions to the amount of $2,500 for the U. E. L. Memorial Church have been raised.

Salmon Fry for North Lakes.

Salmon trout fry have been deposited by Mr. Wilmot in the following places to the following amounts:—County of Addington —Loboro' lake, 50,000; Desert lake, 25,000; Knowlton lake, 25,000; Buck lake, 35,000; Gould lake, 25,000; Silver lake, 10,000; Rock lake, 10,000. Prince Edward County —Picton, 100,000. Frontenac County—Collin's lake, 50,000. White fish fry have been deposited in the counties of Addington and Frontenac at Collin's lake, Knowlton lake, Desert lake and Sydenham lake, 500,000 in each.

Lennox Agricultural Society.

A meeting of the directors of the Lennox Agricultural Society was held in the Council Chamber on Saturday last. It was decided to hold their fall show in Napanee on Monday and Tuesday, October 6th and 7th. A committee was appointed to wait on Sir Richard Cartwright in relation to the agricultural grounds. The committee met Sir Richard on Wednesday and laid their case before him. On Thursday morning he submitted an offer to sell the land for $2,500. This offer will be discussed by the directors at a meeting on Saturday and it is probable will be accepted. The directors of the Stock Company will also meet on Saturday to arrange for the transfer of the buildings to the Society.

Shorthand.

Last week Mr. Geo. W. Goodwin was the recipient of the subjoined testimonials from the members of his short-hand class. They show Mr. Goodwin to be a most competent instructor of the art—

NAPANEE, April 9, 1884.

We, the undersigned, take great pleasure in testifying to the satisfactory manner in which Mr. G. W. Goodwin has instructed us in phonography, and we would advise all who wish to master this desirable art to to take a course of lessons from him.

L. T. LOCKHEAD, teacher, H. J. WILSON.
J. E. MAIR, M. A. SHIBLEY, acc't,
J. F. WHELAN, grocer, M. W. PHELAN,
S. McCUTCHEON, clerk G.T.R, N. P. FLEMING.

NAPANEE, April 15, 1884.

I can unhesitatingly recommend my friend, Geo. W. Goodwin, to the public as a competent teacher of shorthand and worthy of public patronage.

GEO. M. PAUL, Teacher.

Fatal Accident at Ottawa.

On Wednesday, 16th inst., Mr. Hamilton Lewis, son of Bishop Lewis of Ottawa, while in company with some friends on the Grand river, met with an accident which cost him his life. When they were nearing Shore at Blythe Point they observed a large piece of foam and rowed into it. Mr. Lewis was standing in the bow of the skiff [illegible]

Lumbering on the Mississippi.

A correspondent writes:—The Messrs. McLaren, Caldwell and Gilmore are making extensive preparations for the "drives." The two former on the Mississippi waters—which according to the late decision of the Privy Council is free to all—and the latter on the Schoote, its lakes and tributaries. Owing to litigation a large quantity of logs, some cut over three years, belonging to Messrs. Caldwell have not been driven, and these logs, some 65,000, besides 12,000 belonging to Mr. Sutherland, taken over the tramway last summer by the Gilmore firm, will be floated down their respective streams, as well as the past winter's cut, amounting to from eighty to one hundred thousand belonging to the Gilmore firm. The Messrs. McLaren will have about the same, if not more than one hundred thousand, and there are some others, making even this low priced lumber season pretty brisk for driving.

Napanee Market Prices.

April 25th, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel		$1 00 to	$1 05
Spring wheat,	do	1 05	1 10
Barley,	do	0 50	0 00
Oats,	do	0 35	0 40
Peas,	do	0 70	0 72
Rye,	do	0 57	0 58
Onions,	do	0 50	0 75
do	per bag	0 90	1 00
Potatoes,	per bag	0 45	0 00
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs		2 75	3 85
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs		2 75	3 18
Corn		0 75	0 20
Butter per lb		0 10	0 12
Butter, per lb		0 17	0 19
Cheese "		0 12	0 13
Lard "		0 10	0 10
Tallow "		0 06	0 75
Musk Rats		0 10	0 15
Beaver, per lb		1 50	1 08
Lamb per lb		0 08	0 18
Mutton, per lb		0 07	0 00
Wool per lb		0 15	0 56
Calfskins per lb		0 08	0 15
Hogs per cwt		7 50	8 50
Eggs per doz		0 10	0 11
Bacon per 100 lbs		11 00	12 00
Mess pork		0 10	0 11
Beef hides		5 00	5 50
Deeken skins		0 40	0 00
Pelts		0 40	0 00
Lambskins		0 50	0 85
Bran per ton		18 00	23 00
Shorts "		22 00	23 00
Hay, "		7 00	0 12
Clover Hay per ton		3 00	4 07
Cedar Posts		0 06	0 08
Cedar Shingles, per thousand		2 25	2 59
Mink Skin		0 60	1 00
Fox "		0 50	1 00
Turkey		0 50	1 25
Geese		0 30	0 45
Chickens		35	0 40

BIRTHS.

PENSE.—In Kingston, on April 21st, the wife of Edw. J. B. Pense, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

ORONHYATEKHA.—At London, on Thursday, April 17th, the youngest son of Dr. Oronhyatekha, aged 1 year and 6 months The funeral was held on Sunday at Descronto and was largely attended.

Danger Signals.

Reader, if you are troubled with pain, weakness, weariness and a dragging feeling in the small of the back, with thick—high colored—slimy urine, then you have alarming signals of danger, and should resort to Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand kidney regulator and blood and liver cleansing tonic.

A Handy Surgeon.

As a dressing for all manner of flesh wounds there is nothing better than Hagyard's Yellow Oil. It cleanses, allays pain, subdues inflammation and heals without a scar or stiffness of the parts injured. It is equally valuable as a pain remedy for internal use.

Don't be Giddy.

Many people are troubled with giddiness or dizziness, which is generally a sign of disordered digestion or unequal circulation. Burdock Blood Bitters restores the digestive powers, promotes a healthy circulation of the vital fluids, allays nervous irritation, thus curing headache and giddiness.

FRESH A

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Our Discount Sa
ount of goods being disposed
tion. In all the hundreds of peo
and the prices we sell them at pl

Every day we ad
sure of finding good reliable good
excursion around on our seven l

We are doing ou
all over the counties, and everyb
Don't, however, put off your visi
week's advertisement.

Our town ladies,
call at once as soon as an advert
vertised, it is soon gone, which
say they have been deceived; g
Now, while we believe that occa
vertising goods, he never had "
procrastination.

No respectable n
more than he will tell a delibera
our goods, the kinds, the prices,
for business of any sort as it ca

WE OFFER THE F

A lot of splendid
worth $1 00 a pair for 25 cents,

in company with some friends on the Ottawa river, met with an accident which cost him his life. When they were nearing shore at Blythe Point they observed a large piece of foam and rowed into it. Mr. Lewis was standing in the bow of the skiff and in endeavoring to strike at at what he thought to be a piece of solid ice was engulfed. His companions were so horror stricken that they for a few moments could not render him any assistance and in that time his body was drawn under by the current. Immediately upon hearing of the accident a large party went to the spot where it occurred and endeavored to recover the body, but it was not until Monday last that their efforts were rewaarded. The body was found about sixty yards from where the accident occurred. The family have the entire sympathy of the community in their deep affliction. On Sunday last in nearly all the churches in Ottawa condolence was publicly expressed.

In St. Mary Magdalene's Church on Sunday last prayers were offered for the bereaved family.

Licenses Granted.

At a meeting of the License Commissioners for Lennox, held on Tuesday, Mr. John Webster was elected chairman in the place of Hon. John Stevenson, deceased. The following applications were granted :—

ADOLPHUSTOWN.—Hotel, Wm. Pull.

AMHERST ISLAND.—Hotel, Wm. Dempster and Wm. McDonald.

BATH.—Hotel, Duncan Wemp & Son and Peter Amey; shop, E. G. Ferren and Daniel McBride.

ERNESTTOWN STATION.—Hotel, Isiah Beaubiah.

NAPANEE.—Hotel, Alex. Leslie, Charles Cornell, Robert McDonald, John Wheeler, Peter Huffman, John McKillop, N. B. Empey and Patrick McAlpin; shop, John Grant and M. W. Pruyn & Son.

ODESSA.—Hotel, Joseph Sproul, Fletcher Switzer, Abel A. Babcock and Henry Hunter.

On the application of Mrs. D. M. Davey for a hotel on Hog Island, decision was reserved.

Hotel licenses were refused James O'Brien and Andrew Donovan of Roblin, the Dunkin Bill being in force in that township.

POLICE COURT.

[Before Mr. Charles James, J.P.]

MONDAY, April 21.—Mrs. Elizabeth Lester lodged a complaint against Thos. Fox of this town for assault, said to have been committed on Saturday night last. The case was ventilated in the police court to-day, and after hearing the evidence the magistrate dismissed the case. It appears that Mrs. Lester, who is from Richmond, has many admirers of the sterner sex of whom Fox aspired to be a favored one, although she repelled his advances. Mr. W. G. Wilson appeared for the defendant..... Mr. Abram Sills, fishery inspector, had John Gilchrist summoned for drawing the seine in Big Creek without a license. Adjourned for one week.

TUESDAY, April 22. Constable Holmes ran Nelson Hartman into the station to-day for being drunk and very disorderly.

WEDNESDAY, April 23.—Nelson Hartman was fined $2 and costs, in all $6, for being drunk and disorderly yesterday. He thought he got off very easily.

Salt Rheum Cured.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Rough Skin, Pimples or Canker Sores; if so go at once to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price twenty-five cents It was never known to fail.

A Run for the Doctor

Is generally the first thing in case of an injury, but a doctor cannot always respond to the call. If you have Hagyard's Yellow Oil at hand you have a reliable remedy for all wounds, injuries and pain. It has saved life when even *doctors* had abandoned hope. Keep it ready for use.

or unequal circulation. Burdock Blood Bitters restores the digestive powers, promotes a healthy circulation of the vital fluids, allays nervous irritation, thus curing headache and giddiness.

"I had been for eight months unable to work and felt as though I would lief die as live, through Dyspepsia and [illegible] drop, [illegible] weighed at the time of getting a bottle [illegible]'s Speedy Cure 130 lbs.; used 3 bottles, and now weigh 165 lbs. and never was better in my life. It was McGregor's Speedy Cure that brought me around." So says Wm. Fell, Hamilton. Go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a free trial bottle or the regular size for fifty cents and one dollar.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

CAIN
Health and Happiness.

How? DO AS OTHERS HAVE DONE.

Are your Kidneys disordered?
"Kidney Wort brought me from my grave, as it were, after I had been given up by 13 best doctors in Detroit." M. W. Deveraux, Mechanic, Ionia, Mich.

Are your nerves weak?
"Kidney Wort cured me from nervous weakness &c., after I was not expected to live."—Mrs. M. M. E. Goodwin, Ed. *Christian Monitor*, Cleveland, O.

Have you Bright's Disease?
"Kidney-Wort cured me when my water was just like chalk and then like blood."
Frank Wilson, Peabody, Mass.

Suffering from Diabetes?
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I have ever used. Gives almost immediate relief."
Dr. Phillip C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

Have you Liver Complaint?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of chronic Liver Diseases after I prayed to die."
Henry Ward, late Col. 69th Nat. Guard, N. Y.

Is your Back lame and aching?
"Kidney-Wort, (1 bottle) cured me when I was so lame I had to roll out of bed."
C. M. Tallmage, Milwaukee, Wis.

Have you Kidney Disease?
"Kidney-Wort made me sound in liver and kidneys after years of unsuccessful doctoring. Its worth $10 a box."—Sam'l Hodges, Williamstown, West Va.

Are you Constipated?
"Kidney-Wort causes easy evacuations and cured me after 16 years use of other medicines."
Nelson Fairchild, St. Albans, Vt.

Have you Malaria?
"Kidney-Wort has done better than any other remedy I have ever used in my practice."
Dr. R. K. Clark, South Hero, Vt.

Are you Bilious?
"Kidney-Wort has done me more good than any other remedy I have ever taken."
Mrs. J. T. Galloway, Elk Flat, Oregon.

Are you tormented with Piles?
"Kidney-Wort *permanently cured* me of bleeding piles. Dr. W. C. Kline recommended it to me."
Geo. H. Horst, Cashier M. Bank, Myerstown, Pa.

Are you Rheumatism racked?
"Kidney-Wort cured me, after I was given up to die by physicians and I had suffered thirty years."
Elbridge Malcolm, West Bath, Maine.

Ladies, are you suffering?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of peculiar troubles of several years standing. Many friends use and praise it."
Mrs. H. Lamoreaux, Isle La Motte, Vt.

If you would Banish Disease and gain Health, Take

KIDNEY-WORT
THE BLOOD CLEANSER.

A lot of splendid c
worth $1 00 a pair for 25 cents.
Prints of the best quality regular
still some boys' Felt Hats left at 2
fancy Berlin Wool Work, Tidies, &
take one-half their worth than kee

A lot of ready-ma
a t their price or less; vests as lo

A lot of splendid c
cents a yard. There are goods on

Have gone off this table during th
out at 25 cents a yard.

In addition to the
Sale, on SATURDAY evening, of Gloves, H
at 45 cents, 2 pairs Men's Heavy Cotton Sox
Hose seconds, worth 45 cents, for 20 cents a

THE

Will be continued a
from the Sacrifices above mentioned, and me
Cottons, Looms, Shirtings, Carpet Warp, Co
Goods, Silks, Trimmings, Tweeds, Cloths, M

10 per c

It means that our
Linen costs you 45c., 25c. Table Linen cost
you $18.00.

NOW I

We have a fine st
and the discount we are giving brings the pri

While this SALE
Seen in Canada in Factory Cottons, Looms, S

We sell heavy, ya
20c. Shirting for 17c

ATTRACTIONS EVERY DAY

—AT—

CHEAPSIDE'S GREAT SALE!

; Sale has so far been an immense success, a large am-
)osed of, all over the house. The bargain tables on the second floor prove the irresistable attrac-
of people who have patronized these tables, we have not heard a grumbler; the goods we offer,
ı at please everybody.

e add some new bargains so that ladies may always be
e goods ot different sorts at about half their actual value, a journey to the second floor and an
even large bargain tables will more than repay anybody.

; our best to spread the knowledge of this Great Sale
everybody who takes a newspaper must know of it, so that it will not be our fault if any miss it.
ur visit for a week or so and then expect to find everything just exactly as represented in last

.ies, knowing that we always do just what we advertise,
advertisement appears, so that unless there is a very large quantity of the particular article ad-
which accounts for the existence of so many "doubting Thomas's" throughout the country, they
ed; goods were advertised at a price; they went, and were met by the cry, "They are all gone."
t occasionally a merchant is found (to his shame, be it said) who resorts to the device of ad-
had "to draw custom," we are inclined to think that people more frequentiy lose bargains from

)le merchant will deliberately advertise a falsehood any
eliberate lie to a customer. Our advertisement is our only means of acquainting the public of
prices, &c., and if we lose the confidence of the people through false advertisements, we are unfit
; it cannot be transacted without mutual confidence between buyer and seller.

IE FOLLOWING FRESH ATTRACTIONS ON THE BARGAIN TABLES

THIS WEEK:

ıdid quality Colored Kid Gloves, one and two buttons,
cents. A lot of Galoon Trimmings worth 12½ to 30 for 5 cents a yard. A large lot of fancy
regular price of which was from 12½ to 22 cents will be cleared out at 10 cents a yard. We have

ıdid quality Colored Kid Gloves, one and two buttons,
cents. A lot of Galoon Trimmings worth 12½ to 30 for 5 cents a yard. A large lot of fancy
regular price of which was from 12½ to 22 cents will be cleared out at 10 cents a yard. We have
left at 25 cents each. A lot of Mens felt Hats on No. 7 bargain table at 50 cents each. A lot of
Tidies, &c., at just one-half their usual price having no room to show these goods we would rather
han keep them folded up in boxes.

y-made Coats, Vests and Pants to be cleared out at one-
ts as low as 50 cents. A nimble penny is better than a slow shilling.

ıdid quality of Dark Dress Goods to be cleared out at 15
goods on this table worth 45 cents a yard.

HUNDREDS OF YARDS

uring the last week. There are also on this table a lot of Ends of Fancy Velvets to be cleared

o the bargains enumerated above, we will hold a Great
f Gloves, Hosiery, and Men's Cotton Sox, two lots of Kid Gloves, No. 1 at 25 cents, and No. 2 all sizes of Black and Colored
Cotton Sox for 25 cents; LADIES' GREY COTTON HOSE, 4 pairs for 50 cents, worth 25 cents a pair; Ladies' All Wool
r 20 cents a pair; this list open for late entries, and additions in the meantime.

E DISCOUNT SALE

ıed as advertised until the 18th MAY. This is distinct
ed, and means a deduction of 10 per cent. from the amount of your bill on all other goods throughout the house, except
t Warp, Cotton Yarns and Bags. It simply means that during this Sale you can buy all your Goods, Carpets, Curtains, Dress
, Cloths, Millinery, Fancy Goods, Corsets, &c.,

per cent. Cheaper From Us than Anywhere Else.

t our dollar Corsets costs you 90 cents, our 50c. Table
Linen costs you 22 1-2 cents, Silk at $1.20 costs you $1.08, Silk at $2.00 costs you $1.80, a Suit to Order at $20.00 costs

NOW IS THE TIME TO ORDER YOUR SPRING SUIT.

ne stock of Cloths and Scotch Tweeds to select from,
ings the price lower than you can get elsewhere. Our all Wool Tweeds at 45c. can't be bought less than 75c. elsewhere.

ALE lasts, we will give the BIGGEST BARGAINS ever
s, Looms, Shirtings, Ginghams, &c.

y, yard wide Cotton for 9½c., best
or 17c.

achine in
eed or money refunded. SUPERIOR
000 00 REWARD FOR clothes have that
washing made light and easy. is of washing can pro-
pure whiteness which no other friction to injure the
duce. No rubbing required, the washing as well as
fabric. A 10 year old girl ca
an older person.
To place it in every hou found satisfactory, money
REDUCED TO $2 50, and if Canada Presbyterian" says
refunded. See what tiner and Bleacher which Mr
about it.—The Model public has many and valuable
C. W. Denni offers me and labor-saving machine, i
advantages. It is ng, and is very cheap. From trial
substantial and an testify to its excellence." De-
in the household ss office in the Provinces of Ontario
livered to any ges paid $3.00. Send for circulars.
and Quebec.
AGENTS WANTED.

From France
Whose Purity of Blood
Recorded Pedigrees
ron Stud Book of Fra
is the only Draft Horse R
that country.
Mr. Dunham has just
published a 25,000
edition of his hand-
somely illustrated
140 page catalogue
for 1884, containing
descriptions and ped-
igrees (many for 10
generations) of

CUPIDITY AND CRIME.

CHAPTER XXV. (CONTINUED.)

"He—Lord de Gretton—did not speak until we reached the cottage," Nora said, in a low frightened voice, as though the sound of her own words alarmed her; "and then—I cannot tell you; it was dreadful—it seemed as though some demon took possession of him. He pushed me into a chair, and stood over me, with his eyes,—he had such strange eyes Arthur!—sunk far back in his head, but very bright; and how they blazed as though a fire burned beneath his heavy lids. Oh, I see them so often in my dreams—I can see them now!"

She paused, with a strong shudder and a look of deadly terror. But the entreaty of Arthur's face was more potent even than the old haunting fear. Conquering the tremor, she went on bravely—

"He told me that I had deceived and entrapped him—I, who would have died far more gladly than marry him—that I was a false wife—a woman he could never trust again. At first I tried to answer him; but he would not hear me. He cut my explanation short with that bitter little laugh of his, and went on and on, in a cold, smooth, merciless voice, saying the cruellest things in the quietiest fashion, till at last I really ceased to understand him. His words seemed to bruise and hurt my brain like so many blows, but not to convey to it any coherent idea. I suppose he saw this, for he suddenly bent forward, seized me by the shoulder, and shook me, bringing his face so close to mine that I could not keep back a startled cry.

"'You are hysterical, my lady, worn out and exhausted by the fatigues and excitements of the day,' he said, with grim, horrible mockery. 'Your maid shall show you to your room. In your present state of excitement you had better keep it for the remainder of the evening.'

"'I understand; I am a prisoner,' I said slowly.

"'By no means,' he answered, with an angry snarl. 'We will not shock the servants with a key; you are indisposed—a fitting subject for strong tea and sal-volatile, as your maid will reading believe. You are by no means a prisoner—only understand'—his hand closed again in a cruel grip upon my shoulder, and again my heart died within me in a chill deadly fear—'only understand that I shall be on guard the whole evening in this room. So, if you have a fancy for any more stolen meetings with your lover——'

"In spite of the craven fear that paralyzed me, Arthur, I broke in then; the insult was too cruel, the wrong too great for even cowardice to bear.

"'I met Mr. Beaupre by accident, and we have parted for ever,' I began; but he cut me savagely short.

"'That is my business—I will see to that,' he said, in a low grating voice that was in itself a threat. 'With both of you I have a long account to settle; but not now—not now.'

"Arthur, to this day I cannot tell what impulse moved me in that moment to do the last thing I should ever have thought of doing a second or so before. Until then I had hated him as a slave hates a hard and cruel master to whom he is down, till it lingered on the placid splendour of the sea—and, look where I would, no flying figure was in sight. It was a dream, thank Heaven—a dream only!

"I sank back in my chair, ashamed to find how intense was my feeling of reliief, how strong a hold the vanished vision had had upon me. It was long before I could control the wild throbbing of my heart, or regain anything like composure; but it came at last; and, worn out and exhausted, I once more dozed off, to be once more roused by a long moan of pain.

"This time, however, the sound did not cease with my slumber, as I sat, cold and shaking, in the chill gray morning light. I heard it again, and yet again—a sound to freeze the blood in your veins, a sound like the moan of a wounded animal too weak to cry aloud.

"Almost mechanically, conscious in an unconscious way that that piteous sound had reached no ear but mine, I rose to my feet, and, obeying some impulse beyond my own control, descended the stairs and entered the little room in which Lord de Gretton had told me he should be 'on guard.' I found—— Oh, Arthur, is it any wonder that the sight I looked on drove me mad?"

She broke down in a passion of hysterical tears; Arthur let her cry, restraining his impatience by a giant effort for her sake. In such tears lay the best medicine for the overwrought nerves and overtaxed brain.

He held one hand within his own strong clasp, in firm assurance of his sympathy; but it was not till the sobs had died away, and the girl tried to smile gratefully through her tears, that he spoke at all—then he said gently—

"Do not dwell on details that distress you, but finish the story, like my own brave girl. You found Lord de Gretton—dead?"

"Not dead, but dying," she said in a low shaking voice. "He still lived when I knelt beside him, but that was all. The blood ran like a river round him; it was on my dress, my hands—everywhere; and his face was white—oh, so horribly white! I should have thought him dead but for the dreadful glitter of his eyes and that broken cry—it was faint as the faintest whisper. Then I tried to raise his head, to cry aloud; but my voice failed, and he motioned me back. He tried to move, to speak, failed, and closed his eyes—tried again, and, by a supreme effort, jerked out one word—the word that had been the haunting key-note to my dream—'Olivia;' and so, with a brief convulsive struggle, he died."

"And you?" Arthur Beaupre asked, in tones of infinite compassion, as he laid his hand on the down-bent head, and thanked Heaven in his inmost heart that even this ray of light, faint and uncertain as it was, had pierced the darkness of the night and given promise of the dawn at hand.

"I"—the sweet voice was sharpened by keen pain, the sweet uplifted eyes were filled with self-reproachful light—"I was not brave, Arthur; I was not what you called me. I dropped like a dead thing by Lord de Gretton's side, and, when I awoke, it was broad day. It was too late to summon help, too late for anything. Cristine; I am not dead, and you can give me up to justice with a word."

CHAPTER XXVI.

Lady Olivia Blake sat in the tiny luxuriously-furnished nest she called her own snuggery, awaiting with some impatience the arrival of an expected guest. It was barely twilight—a rosy glow still lingered in the western sky; but her ladyship's curtains were all drawn, and the light of a dozen wax candles not being considered enough to illuminate the small room, a large moderator lamp upon a centre-table diffused a bright radiance around. Light was a craze with Lady Olivia; the sun could never blaze too fully into every corner of her house; and, when the sun retired, she could not supply his place with too many lights. Naturally her elder feminine friends wondered among themselves that "dear Olivia, with whom complexion was never a strong point," and who, since her disappointment, had grown quite too dreadfully pinched, and thin, and sallow, should care to throw such a strong revealing light upon her fading charms; and one especially intimate individual, who felt that such an absurd illumination was a wrong to her elaborate "make-up," ventured to remonstrate with her on the subject.

"I love the dark because my deeds are evil perhaps," she said, with a deprecating smile; "but, though your conscience may be clear, my dear Olivia, you should have some mercy on your visitors' complexions."

"The sun that comes here will not scorch them," was the short and barely courteous answer.

"Scorch them! No; but"—with a little shoulder-shrug and prettily affected laugh—"though you disdain them, there are secrets of the toilette, you know."

Lady Olivia regarded her friend, a fair faded woman about her own age, but dressed in ultra-girlish fashion, with a sort of civil sneer upon her thin scarlet lips, but a savage and apparently uncalled-for anger in her great dark eyes.

"Such secrets will not hang you, even if they are found out," she said, so brusquely that the offended lady rose to take her departure. "I am sorry to annoy you, Harriet; but I cannot live in total darkness, even in deference to 'rouge' and 'blanc de perle.'"

Naturally the indignant lady did not repeat her warning or her visit. Naturally, also, the story of "Lady Olivia's odd rudeness, and very unpleasant whim" spread about, and other ladies, whose complexions were not impeccable, or who had a nervous dread of eccentricity, ceased to call at the little house in Mayfair, which had been so pleasant a rendezvous in other days. Little by little old friends fell off and old acquaintances dropped away. It seemed as though a curse had fallen on the handsome Spanish-looking woman with the dark passionate face and haunting eyes—who, seen in every crowd, was always seen alone.

And, next to being in darkness, to be alone was the thing that Lady Olivia Blake most hated in the world. She was a proud woman, and had hitherto been a markedly exclusive one, closing her doors rigidly to those who were not of her own social standing, however meritorious, or fascinating, or popular they might be.

impulse moved me in that moment to do the last thing I should ever have thought of doing a second or so before. Until then I had hated him as a slave hates a hard and cruel master to whom he is hopelessly consigned. His look had never been more threatening, his words more cruel—and yet all in a moment a flood of light seemed to rush upon me. I saw things by its clear lustre no longer from my point of view, but from his—saw that he had wrong to complain of and disappointments to endure, that, where he trusted, he had—though, Heaven knows, most innocently—been deceived. The impulse was like a revelation; I obeyed it as unhesitatingly.

"'Lord de Gretton,' I said humbly, 'try to belive me, try to forgive.

"But he snatched away his hand as though my fingers burned him, his eyes shone with their evil glitter, his voice literally trembled with passion, as he said between his teeth—

"'Never, so long as we may live! I never trust a traitress; and, if you wish to know how I forgive the women who have wronged me, ask Lady Olivia Blake.'

"They were the last words he ever spoke to me, Arthur. No wonder that they linger in my mind.' I hardly understood them then; but afterwards, when all things were confused and misty in my thoughts, those words rang in my ears incessantly."

She paused again, her hands tightly locked, her eyes gazing into the deepening shadows of the night with a strained and painful intensity. Arthur did not dare to speak, to hasten in any way the disclosure that was so slow to come.

"The hours seemed long — horribly long, Arthur—and yet I must have passed them in a sort of trance. Long after my maid had left me for the night I sat by the open window, thinking, thinking in a maze of misery, till I fell into a dull heavy sleep—a sleep that left me no consciousness of my present surroundings—only an abiding sense of pain and fear. And, while I slept, Arthur, I dreamed a dream—such a strangely vivid, dreadful dream that I woke from it trembling from head to foot, and with great drops of perspiration on my forehead. I thought that, while Lord de Gretton sat writing in the room below, with his heart full of bitterness and anger, a shadow came nearer and nearer; and I knew that it came to do him harm. I saw its outline clearly in the moonlight, tall, black, and slender, a graceful woman's shape. The face was hidden; but I caught the glitter of fierce eyes, and in the small white hand another glitter that made my heart stand still. I tried to scream, to warn the man, who never raised his head, of the dreadful thing that drew nearer every moment; but horror had paralyzed my every faculty. I could not stir or cry. I heard a sharp cry of pain, a clear and cruel laugh, the sound of shunting voices, and a heavy fall. Then the spell that held me seemed suddenly to snap, and in an agony of terror I—awoke!

"So it had been but a dream after all! I was still in the velvet chair by the open window. Stillness perfect and intense reigned around. Far up in the clear depths of the heavens the moon shone with brightness, making each [illegible] of the garden [illegible] terrace to [illegible] called me. I dropped like a dead thing by Lord de Gretton's side, and, when I awoke, it was broad day. It was too late to summon help, too late for anything. I think I went mad in that moment, Arthur! The sight of the rigid motionless figure, of the blood that lay around me, that stiffened on my dress, my hands, my feet, the hopelessness of my own future, a craven fear of the life that seemed so incomprehensibly cruel—all seemed to stir me to a sudden frenzy, and bid me take my fate in my own hands. I forgot all these things — conscience, religion, duty—all but the sweet and easy death that awaited me there at the cliff's foot; and, like a thing possessed, I rushed to meet it. You know the rest," she said, with a strained sob. "Heaven sent my better angel, Nettie, to my rescue; and for all the months that followed I remembered little more—nothing but the absolute devotion with which Vance and she have watched, and tended, and sacrificed themselves to me—me, whom they thought a murderess!"

The shadows had gathered unnoticed round the young pair as they sat absorbed in their own conversation; only the faint moonlight and the uncertain glimmer of the lamp across the street lighted the room now. Arthur stood by the window, looking out abstractedly, his whole thought engrossed by the story he had heard. Suddenly he turned to Nora—who, lost in a painful reverie, sat by the table—and spoke quickly, with a nervous jar in his voice—

"Nora, dearest, go away for a little while to your room. A lady has just come into the house, and I think—I fear —— Go, dearest, to please me!"

A little surprised, but unquestioningly obedient, Nora rose at once and moved towards the door; it opened in her face, and disclosed Cristine Singleton!

Nora recognized her step-sister at once; but Cristine, whose veil of spotted net confused her vision, and whose eyes were not trained to the dusk, naturally concluded that the slender form was that of Mrs. Vance Singleton.

"My dear sister," she cried, with outstretched hand, and her most fascinating smile, "I have come, in spite of Vance's prohibition, to make acquaintance with Vance's wife. I know we shall love each other dearly."

She bent her fair head with the words, prepared to imprint the kiss that is the absolutely necessary seal of friendships feminine. Nora drew aside instinctively; the one clear line of light fell straight across the fair proud face, defining it with startling effect against the blackness of the surrounding shadows.

Cristine grew absolutely livid; a cry rose to her lips, but it found no utterance. Recognition was instantaneous, and as instantaneous was the paralysing terror that seemed turning her to stone.

"Nora," she cried at last, in a hoarse broken voice—"Nora—or—or——"

She paused, trembling from head to foot, oppressed with the horror of a supernatural presence; then, as Nora neither moved [illegible] suddenly up[illegible]

a proud woman, and had hitherto been a markedly exclusive one, closing her doors rigidly to those who were not of her own social standing, however meritorious, or fascinating, or popular they might be. But now, in her pitiful yearning for human companionship, she seemed to lose all pride and exclusiveness, to throw her doors widely open to all who would enter within them.

But even this sudden relaxation did not satisfy her craven desire to escape from herself, her eagerness for society at any price. Pushing *parvenues*, who were at first flattered by the warmth of Lady Olivia's welcome, and rather disposed to plume themselves on the acquisition of so distinguished a friend, were not slow to discover that there was but a small amount of honor and glory to be got mixing in the motley mob that the eccentric lady gathered round her. And, when they discovered also that for this more than doubtful privilege they were required to pay the price of absolute submission to all the caprices of a passionate ungoverned nature and a despotic will, they too found the game not worth the candle and fell away.

So it came to pass that, just at the time of Cristine Singleton's return to England, Lady Olivia had taken to haunting theatres, concerts, exhibitions—whatsoever places were crowded and well lit. That was all that mattered to her apparently. She never cared whether the entertainmene offered were good or bad. The great haggard eyes, with their unchanging look of mingled scorn and pain, seldom rested on stage or picture, and never with the least pretence of interest.

Baron Benjuda, who, in his two years' absence from London society, had fallen a little behind the gossip of the times, had hastened at sight of her to renew an intimacy that had hitherto been of the slightest character. A bow and a few civily-spoken words were as much as he expected the proud lady to accord him; but to his amazement, he received the welcome of an old and much-prized friend.

Lady Olivia seemed as though she could not bear to part with him; and, when at last he tore himself away from the flattering eagerness of her questions as to his life abroad and the probability of his again leaving England for so long a period, he found himself pledged to visit her next day. He was too shrewd a man not to surmise some reason for this sudden and startling change of manner—too much a man not to be subtilely flattered by it, suspicious though it was.

"Can she want to borrow money?" he speculated amusedly, as he sauntered back to Cristine; but he soon dismissed that idea as improbable.

He knew all about Lady Olivia Blake, as he knew all about most people. Her jointure was small, but she lived well within her income, and would be the last person in the world to sacrifice her pride for pecuniary help.

"Well, she is a mystery; but what woman is not?" he added, dismissing the subject with a well-pleased shrug of his expansive shoulders. "She has fallen off [illegible]ly in her looks. Never saw a woman changed in all my life! The blood tells when you get into the [illegible] I suppose; and of course she [illegible]tton's death. Still, in every[illegible]uty, she is greatly improved.

I shall certainly cultivate her—for the sake of Cristine."

And cultivate her he did, though much at first against Cristine's will. He was a little startled certainly when he learned that his fair betrothed was the step-sister of that unhappy Lady de Gretton whose tragic story he knew but in imperfect outline; but, when he found that Lady Olivia made no objection on that score, but rather caught eagerly at the proffered intimacy, he laughed Cristine's scruples resolutely away.

"It will be a capital thing for you, Cris; the very fact of her being De Gretton's cousin makes the friendship more desirable. Of course the wretched girl was really no relation of yours, and you were in no way mixed up in her affairs. Why, Cris, what a ghost you look!"

"I cannot bear to—to talk of that time!" faltered Cristine.

"Then you shall not talk of it," the Baron said, pinching the pale cheek till the color came. "Talk of your wedding-dress, or Lady Olivia Blake!"

So the two women drifted together again, and Lady Olivia Blake—who, in the old days, had been barely conscious of Miss Singleton's existence—now took the oddest fancy to her, and seemed hardly happy when out of her sight. Even the Baron, who at first watched the growing friendship with much complacency, grew at last a little jealous of the frequency with which she claimed Cristine.

"It is all very well in its way," he grumbled; "but I never get you to myself for an hour now. Lady Olivia is here, or you are at Lady Olivia's. Honestly, Cristine, do you not get a little tired of her ladyship, handsome and agreeable as she is?"

"Not tired," the girl said with a little shudder, "but—but, Israel, at times—I am afraid."

"Afraid!" Benjuda turned her round, laying a weighty hand on either shoulder, and looking amusedly into the strangely troubled face. "Why, you nervous goose, what harm do you think she will do you?"

"I think at times—she is mad," Cristine said slowly.

"By George, I should not wonder!" The Baron released his captive, and nodded two or three times, as confirmatory circumstances rushed into his mind. "That is the key to the riddle, is it?"

He stood thoughtfully considering the matter for a few minutes, then turned with startled fondness to Cristine.

"My darling," he said, throwing one arm round the slender waist, and drawing the fair head down upon his shoulder, "I have been wrong to let you run so great a risk; you shall not stay in Green Street again."

There was real emotion in the full voice, real tenderness in the dark heavy-lidded eyes. After all, it is not necessary to be young, handsome, or aristocratic to feel genuinely, and even nobly; and the fat elderly Baron was as deeply stirred by the thought of peril to his betrothed as the most of romantic lovers could have been.

That Cristine was touched by his unfeigned concern was evident. She had won much admiration, but hitherto little love had fallen to her lot; she found, much to her own surprise, that she was

MADAGASCAR.

A Country of Gigantic Wild Animals, Poisonous Spiders and Barbarous People.

"How did you like the country?" asked a Cincinnati *Enquirer* reporter, of a sailor just from Madagascar.

"Like it! Why, there isn't a redeeming feature about it. Why, it was enough to sicken one to see what the people eat, there. In the market at Tamatava I have seen great heaps of small locusts dried and exposed for sale. They were about half roasted, and made me sick to look at them. There are no roads—barely bridle-paths—through the woods, and travel is accomplished on foot or in palanquins—long bamboo poles borne on the shoulders of natives. The interior of the country is filled with dense forests, and during the rainy seasons great quantities of decaying vegetable matter are brought down. There is a great deal of lake and marsh on the coast and plains boardering on the sea, and these give rise to the Malagasy fever. The only remedies the natives use are hot baths and herbs, which induce perspiration. Quinine is also used in large quantities. You can judge of the unhealthiness of the country, for the French, who for years have tried to establish colonies there, called it "the churchyard," and the Dutch, who were equally unsuccessful, named it the 'dead island.'"

"Do many wild animals abound there?"

"The woods are full of them; vicious, venomous serpents of extraordinary size. Not snakes but huge serpents—bodies as big as a man's, and thirty or forty feet long; powerful enough to kill a horse or swallow an ox. They hang down from the limbs in the forests, and snatch up the natives going along, and making a breakfast of one with as much unconcern as a fly taps a sugar-cork. Near Andavaka Menarana, is a deep cave called the "Serpent's Hole," and it is so full of them that they frequently drive the villagers all indoors.

"Then they have a sort of monkey, there, called the 'aye-aye.' It has teeth like a chisel, and a claw with a prong, or hook to it. It lives on bugs that it digs out of the trees. And then the rivers swarm with crocodiles, the biggest I ever saw. These the natives worship as water gods, and are superstitious about killing them. They try to propitiate the creatures by prayers, and throwing in charms of ody, but their virtue is owing to the noise and shouting and beating the water with which the offering of the ody is always accompanied. Why, these animals eat up all the sheep and hogs, and even larger cattle that come anywhere near the banks; and they don't refuse women and children, who venture near. At Itasy, which is a fine lake, sixty miles west of the capital, the people believe that if a crocodile be killed a human life will, within a very short time, be exacted by the monster's brother relatives, as an atonment for the death. When I was there some Frenchmen shot several, and they had to leave the country at once, or the people would have murdered them.

"The earth has wild cats, the air wild beetles, sand-flies and mosquitoes as big as beetles, and whose sting hurts like a dog's bite. The ants are the greatest pests I

In the Hands of the Russian Police.

In Russia every one who has the misfortune to fall into the hands of the police as a political offender—no matter how trivial his offense may be—is, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, a lost man. The preliminary detention is made at the arbitrary pleasure of the prosecution, which in Russia is another name for the police; they can arrest and detain whom they will. No blame attaches to a mistaken arrest; on the contrary, the more arrests the greater the merits of the prosecutor. For instance, at the time of the trial of the "hundred and ninety-three" in 1878, there were, over and above this number of the accused, about 1,400 persons arrested. Of these half were set at liberty after a few months, but the remainder were kept in prison during the whole four years that the case lasted; save only 75 who died, some by suicide, some of consumption, some insane. And in more recent times, when the white terror followed upon outbreaks of revolutionary terrorism, and especially in the reign of Alexander III.—who invented a species of political proconsuls, such as Strelmikoff, to devastate towns and provinces, and arrest right and left—the severities have been even greater. But I have no positive figures at hand. The normal penalties for political crimes are simply Draconian—10 years at the galleys for a single speech or for reading or preserving a proclamation. And whenever a prosecution follows an outbreak, the tribunal receives special orders to aggravate the penalties so as to make "a salutary example," and the verdicts become legal assassinations of the most monstrous character. The lad Rosovsky was condemned to death and actually hanged at Kiev on the 5th of March, [illegible] for merely having in his house a proclamation of the Executive Committee. The same judgment was passed on the student Efremoff for having lent a room in his house to two revolutionists who were concerting a plan of escape without even taking their young host into confidence. But his sentence was commuted to a life-long condemnation to the galleys in consequence of his having the weakness to appeal for mercy. Drobiasgin, Maidansky, Lisogub, Tehubaroy, were all hanged—some for having subscribed money to the revolutionary cause, others for conveying a box, of which they did not know the contents, but which was proved to contain notes for a circular drawn up by two or three youths, offenses, one and all, which the actual law of the country punishes only with exile or a few years of imprisonment.

A Choir Anecdote.

In the April *Century*, the Rev. Dr. Charles S. Robinson continues his discussion of the annoyances and humors of the musical service in churches, and relates this anecdote.

"Glorious Easter was at hand, and great preparations were made in the rural parish, for its celebration; boughs were twined in the arches of the building; flowers swung in wreaths overhead, and shone in beautiful baskets among the aisles; children had been rehearsing carols. All the town came in on that notable morning. It was a scene never to be

won much admiration, but [illegible]berto little love had fallen to her lot ; she found, much to her own surprise, that she was beginning to attach an odd value to it. She had not yet reached the point of returning it—the small amount of honest affection she had to bestow she had given unasked to Arthur Beaupre, and that love, flung back upon itself, had turned to gall and poisoned her whole nature ; but she had grown to feel that, if Benjuda's trust in her were withdrawn, and her betrothal broken, she would lose more, far more than the rank and wealth that had been his sole attractions when she first sought to win him.

(TO BE CONTINUED .

$13,000,000 from Making Gunpowder.

Mr. Lammot Dupont, who was killed recently by the explosion at Thompson's Point, is said to have been worth $13,000,000. He had a controlling interest in the manufacture of nearly all the high explosives that were made in the United States and Canada east of the Rocky Mountains. Ten million pounds of these materials were consumed in the country in 1882. The Repauno Company's works at Thompson's Point produced one-third of this amount. He is credited with having organized a combination of all the makers of high explosives. When negotiating with the Panama Canal Company for the powder to be used in that work he guaranteed to supply twelve tons of Atlas powder daily if that amount were needed.

One of the most daring achievements recorded in the history of the present century is one of which he was the central figure. During the Crimean war the Russian Government ran short of powder, and the explosive was required to continue the defence of Sebastopol. A cargo was purchased from the Duponts in this country, and was placed in a steamship lying off Baltimore. The British had frigates posted in waiting outside the Chesapeake. After seven feints the watchers were eluded and a chase began across the Atlantic, through Gibraltar, and up the Mediterranean sea. With remarkably good fortune the vessel passed through the Bosphorus and into the Black Sea unchecked ; but when nearing the place of contention the English war ships hailed the stranger. Young Dupont was at the helm himself, and insisted that the vessel proceed, not heeding the signals from the war ships. Two broadsides were fired into the vessel, but she was able to steam ahead and steer through the rocks, and was beached inside the Russian lines. This daring adventure saved the cargo, for which the Russian Government paid the sum of $3,000,000.

Throughout the civil war the family rendered distinguished services to the Government, and at the very beginning of the rebellion Mr. Lammot Dupont was placed in a position by which, through his energy and genius, the country was supplied with the means of defence for the ensuing conflict.—*Philadelphia Record.*

Gold powder for bronzing is made by grinding gold-leaf with honey, and washing the mixture to obtain the gold by deposition, the honey-water being decanted. German gold is yellow alloy leaf similarly treated.

beetles, sand-flies and mosquitoes as big as beetles, and whose sting hurts like a dog's bite. The ants are the greatest pests I ever saw. They eat every article of provision or apparel ; scarcely any precaution can elude their vigilance and cunning. They raise a hollow cylinder of earth perpendicularly toward their object, and through it, as by a ladder, they [illegible] by thousands. They are terrible [illegible] of the sick ; they will reach the bed in a night't time, though hung at a distance from the ground, when their bite, like scalding water poured upon the skin, is more intolerable than the disease itself. The sand-flies and mosquitoes were terrible plagues, but nothing to compare with the wild bees, who would swarm in the bed-rooms, and sting every intruder.

"Locusts come two or three times in a summer, and eat up everything green. But nature is so prolific here that in eight days the verdure will be all out again. There were baboons as big as good-sized boys. There are two kinds of spiders whose bite is deadly. One, a small, black fellow, is called menarody. Those who are bitten fall into a swoon, and their bodies become as cold as ice. The other one is called the foka, or crab-spider. The bite is followed by swelling, which begins at the part wounded, and spreads through the whole body. The animal is maroon-colored, and death ensues, in five hours. The woman are dirty, curly-headed creatures, blacker than coal, and wear is mply a cloth about their waist, only the higher class wearing shoes.

"Does the country have any commercial relations with the rest of the world ?"

"They ship horned cattle from the interior to the Island of Mauritius, if the crocodiles don't eat them up in fording the rivers before they reach the coast. They raise coffee and rice. Ebony is found and gum copal. Some trade is carried on in India-rubber, and a few years since an English company tried raising cotton, but I cannot say how successful they are. The great trouble with the country is that it is so extremely unhealthy for Europeans. It would take years to clean out the underbrush and drain the marshes. The missionaries claim to have made great headway here, both Roman Catholic and Protestant, but a new king or queen ascends the throne every now and then, who don't take much stock in them, and they are stoned to death by the doeen, fired alive, tied up to stakes, and in other cruel ways murdered."

The Wrong Word.

A ploughman frae the hills of Fife called Sandy, whose education had been finished before the days of the compulsory clause, had a habit of using the wrong word. When the Highland and Agricultural Society's Show was at Stirling Sandy went to see it. Meeting his master in the showyard, he was asked by that gentleman if he had seen the new sheaf-binder. Sandy replied that he had not, and his master volunteered to show it to him. The machine was in motion, and as the sheaf was bound and tossed aside, Sandy was asked what he thought of it. "Guid keep me, sir !" he replied, "the dimensions o' man are something awfu'."

Use the temporal; desire the eternal.

aisles; children had been rehearsing carols. All the town came in on that notable morning. It was a scene never to be forgotten. The minister was radiant ; his eyes beamed with delight. But a thought struck him ! This audience, so happy, so generous, so enthusiastic—would they not hear him a moment for a stroke of business ? After the invocation and the first song, he surprised them with a proposition to bring 'Easter offerings' now and at once to God's altar, and lift the dear old church out of debt; oh, then there would be a resurrection! The congregation would come up from under its great stone in a new life, if they would roll it away! Then the plates went their course, and hearts were reached, and the heaps of money lay before the moistened eyes of the relieved pastor, as he tremulously thanked a good God for his people's fidelity in response,

"'The money is here, I am sure it is,' he exclaimed. 'If there be a little in arrears, it can be made up in a day; and now we are ready, heartily to go on with the worship of our risen Lord.'

"So the fixed programme proceeded. A little German had been procured from the metropolis for an annex to the tenor; his solo came in at this exact crisis of grateful emotion ; he rendered it with a fresh aplomb, though the consonants were awkward:

"'An' de *det* sall be raised—de *det* sall be raised—an' de *det*—an' de *det*—sall be raised—sall be raised—in de twinkling of an ay-ee!"

"Now it is quite safe to say that after the congregation went home, the theme of the day was dissipated, and the two events uppermost in every body's mind were the surprise which the eager minister had sprung upon the people and the ridiculous appropriateness of the declamatory solo which followed it. On general principles, we have no objection to the collection of money to discharge religious obligation, even in divine service; but it does seem a pity that a humorous episode should be the chief reminiscence of such a solemn occasion."

A Good Scotch Pun.

Two gentlemen had been fishing for salmon with a leister in one of the salmon rivers in the South of Scotland, when one of them having speared a fish drew it from the water, and holding it on high apostrophised it thus : "And noo, Mr. Salmon, what think ye o' yersel ?" The other gentleman, an inveterate punster, remarked : "I suppose he will say, 'I'm nane the better for your spearin'."

Religion is not a thing of noise and spasm, but of silent self sacrifice and quiet growth.

Employes of the Montour Iron and Steel Company, while digging sand near the State Insane Hospital, Danville, Pa. have unearthed two large Indian skeletons, also eleven small bells, one Indian buckle with pin attached, and one clay pipe over two inches in diameter, with stem three inches long. The teeth of the skeletons are perfectly formed and white. Tradition affirms that the delta on which Danville stands was formerly occupied by a warlike tribe, the Mahonings, and the exhumed remains are supposed to belong to that tribe. Crowds of relic hunters flocked to the place.

WORTH AND VIROT.

The Prince of Dressmakers and the Queen of Milliners—Their Shops and Idiosyncrasies.

The Rue de la Paix was never a greater power than to-day. Coroneted carriages stand before its doors, princesses alight and mount the gloomy stairways. Pilgrims come from Russia, America, and from all the remote and civilized parts of the globe and patiently wait audience.

Here are found the great arbiters of fashion, chief among them Worth and Virot. Worth occupies the great hotel, 7 Rue de la Paix. Long corridors lead toward the *salons d'attente*. Here there is no attempt at display, the floors are softly carpeted, there are long mirrors and sufficiently comfortable chairs. The truly elegant appointments are the young women employed and the rich garments stowed like costly bric-a-brac in glass cases.

There is no better amusement, if one has the run of Worth's, than to sit in the salon and observe the procession of women that file through. It is only then one feels the sacredness of dress and the greatness of its priest. When it is a possible thing Worth deludes his visitors with some one of his satellites. If they are not acquainted with his personnel he can easily do this, for when the calm-mannered, easy gentleman appears in answer to their desire, modestly expressed, to see Mr. Worth, they are usually so awe-stricken at the contemplated interview that it does not occur to them to doubt his identity. No one could be more unlike his chief than this usual representative, so suave, so mild, so self-possessed; all of which Mr. Worth is not, since he wears the idiosyncratic marks of genius—that is to say, being short, stout, and red—and he is irritable and bristles with points.

It is when the women come whose lives apparently hang on a personal interview that one gets a really realizing sense of the greatness of his power. I have not seen an ambassadress, a woman accustomed to command, weep in the presence of a number of other women at his refusal to come out from his secret recesses where his busy brain elaborates numerous and artistic toilets, but I have seen her supplicate and humbly entreat, her eyes suffused with tears, which only did not trinkle down, and thus give me every opportunity to describe her agony of mind.

This was the occasion of a really remarkable scene. After a time Worth was persuaded to appear, and the great lady dried her eyes. It was not one woman now he had to encounter, but a half a dozen, who, if they had not the courage to drag him forth from his hiding, knew how to take advantage of his presence. The ambassadress was a lady of fine personal presence, a *blonde cendree*. Evidently with no keen perceptions of dress, she had arrayed herself in the most distinguished toilet her dressmaker had provided her with, but one which bore no possible relation to her own physical advantages. A shudder did not run over the great man as he contemplated her while she was making known her desires, but he shut his eyes, as if the sight were more than he could quite bear. Then, peries, in his bold combinations of color, and *au fond* in his good sense.

One idiosyncrasy may be added. A friend of mine was much addicted to the wearing of violets. She observed that every time she visited Worth he made some excuse to avoid seeing her. Finally she persisted one day for an interview. He then sent her down word he had noticed that she always wore violets, and as their odor made him ill, he could only consent to see her if she would remove her flowers. As these were the days following the fall of the empire, and as violets are the Napoleonic flower, she readily comprehended how sensitive he had become to their fragrance.

Virot, whose spacious rooms are further down the street, near the Rue Daunon, formerly Rue Neuve St. Augustin, owed her good fortune directly to the Empress Eugenie. In those early days she was a little milliner on a back street. She had, however, a genius for striking effects, and the Empress driving by caught a glimpse in the window of one of her daring creations. No one could more quickly appreciate an artistic novelty than the Empress Eugenie. She bought the bonnet, affected Virot thereafter, and the milliner's fortune was assured.

She is now a great lady and her cabinet is more thoroughly sealed than that of Worth. The most curious part of her *clientele* is the American milliner. She comes often from Pennsylvania, Illinois, and Kansas. Her great difficulty is that she knows what she wants. She has seen something in Cleveland, Ruincy, or Omaha that came from Virot's and she wants something like that, with possibly some variations in her own mind that she strives to make plain. But one does not go to Virot to give ideas, but to buy them for a great price. The elegant young women who represent Mme. Virot in several languages do not know what to do with this impossible person. The interview, however prolonged, usually ends satisfactorily; the French ladies succeed in selling the sort of bonnets that they consider appropriate to those unknown but presumably uncivilized regions, and the lady from the West departs happy in the possession of things from Virot's.—*Demorest's Monthly.*

The Origin of Rain.

Various theories have been advanced to account for the formation of raindrops, but the most satisfactory explination is that proposed by Professor Osborne Reynolds. The minute particles of which clouds are composed are moving downwards in consequence of the attraction of gravity; but by reason of the resistance which the air offers to their descent, they are only moving very slowly. Since, however, the resistance offered to the passage of large drops is much smaller in proportion to their weight than that offered to small drops, it follows that the large drops will descend faster than the smaller ones, and will overtake them, coming into collision with any which are in the direct line of their descent. When two drops collide they will unite to form a larger drop, which will descend with increased velocity, sweeping up all smaller drops in its path, and thus increasing in size until it emerges from the cloud. Since many clouds are several miles in

AN EAST INDIAN MUSICAL.

A Nautch Girl Singing "My Ballentine," and "God Save the Queen."

Last Friday we were invited to a native musical entertainment at a Rajah's residence. The grounds, or compound, as they say here, were all lighted with glasses filled with cocoanut oil put upon frames, making a very fairy-like appearance as we drove up. A spacious *porte cochere* received the guests, while armed men in red uniforms stood about, and all the way up the broad staircase men were stationed in handsome dresses, while tropical plants stood about, and arches of evergreen, interspersed with flowers, were thrown over the doorways. Finally we reached the presence of the little Rajah himself, who was attired in a white satin turban, adorned with a blazing spray of diamonds headed with an immense ruby; a long coat or polonaise of green satin, with medals hung upon it; a string of precious stones depending from his neck, and some silk trousers completed his costume. Such a looking little fellow he was, with his prominent teeth, insignificant figure, small hands, and homely features. But I suppose he has money enough to sink a ship twice over.

The room where the musical entertainment took place was fitted up like a small theatre, with a stage and scenery. The instruments were handsome and curious in the extreme, and such noises as they made were enough to drive Theodore Thomas into an insane asylum! Their drums are shaped something like a barrel, with tapering ends, and are called tom-toms. Some of the stringed instruments really sounded very well, One of the performers was a comic singer who came out, sat down upon his haunches, and shook his head in a most surprising manner, and sung most dolorously upon three or four notes. The curious pair of trumpets that were placed upon the outside of the throat, upon the vocal chords, and played by the motion of these same muscles, was an astonishing performance. Then they had a Nautch dance by a girl who was gorgeously apparalled and fairly loaded with elegant jewels upon her toes, ankles, fingers, arms, ears, and nose, representing a fortune upon her small person. The so-called dancing is more like posturing, a gentle motion back and forth causing the bells on her ankles to tinkle. She was accompanied by three native musicians, and sang in the most nasal, forlorn, and monotonous manner imaginable. To end up with and please the English audience she sang something about "My Ballantine," meaning valentine, we supposed, it being the 14th of February, and then ended with "God Save the Queen," without which no performance is complete in this loyal country. Dusky waiters in white turbans and dresses passed champagne around on handsome salvers, and a fine supper was spread in a banqueting hall above stairs. Neither the Rajah nor his Hindoo servants would touch a particle of the same food we did. His poor wife was hidden away somewhere out of sight, where she could see, but not be exposed to the unhallowed gaze of men.

There was a fine library just adjoining the room where we were entertained, showing that our host was quite a learned little Hindoo. After supper, as we came down

the great man as he contemplated her while she was making known her desires, but he shut his eyes, as if the sight were more than he could quite bear. Then, as if with great resolution, he opened them and fixed on her a peculiar gaze. It was a look as if attempting to see her, not as she was, but as she ought to be. It is for moments such as these one pays Worth large money. The other women sat by and devoured him in this, his great, supreme act, with concentrated gaze. Then, with a few rapid words, he sketched for his client the outline of a toilet for an occasion such as she desired. They gathered up his words like precious jewels; no one else spoke, and all felt the occasion to be something precious.

When he had finished and was about to go a wail of supplication broke forth: "Mr. Worth, you will think of me," "Mr. Worth, you will do something for me," "Mr. Worth, give me just one minute."

At that moment (for it seems Mr. Worth's retirement had been genuine several employees came in, eager also to catch his attention. First one, then another, sped him hastily some whispered question; others, trailing samples of rich silks, held them inquiringly before his eyes. Suddenly his face grew purplish red, the veins of his forehead swelled. He closed his eyes and shut tight his hands, as if in great tension—the gesture of a man putting with great effort a restraint upon himself—holding himself together, so to speak.

"They are killing me," he murmured. "They are all on my back; they are weighing me to the earth." The employees fell back awe-stricken. The wail of the women ceased, and dead silence fell on the room. The moment was really solemn, for the suffering of the man was too evident. In a short time he recovered himself, said a few words, and left the room.

Without doubt Mr. Worth is no longer a strong man. He saves himself, and everybody in the establishment desires to save him. Many people who take no very high grounds as to their duty to their individual shortcomings or good points are content to have Worth clothe at the least expense of time and trouble. The wardrobes are certainly supplied with the largest choice in elegant costumes, and different rooms are dedicated to different occasions. The unique feature provided for such visitors is the multitude of fashionably-dressed women ready to try on the various garments. In most places of the kind the grand division of feminine beauty are recognized—the blonde, the brunette, the tall, and the petite. But here we have the variations of these species, the *blonde cendree*, the warm blonde, and all the garments of hints down to those of the dusky Oriental. Ugliness has its place, and not only as deformity, a living model, but the different vicissitudes of life are provided for.

Worth garments are now too well known to need comment, but his much may be said in a general way; they are marked by simplicity of line and largeness of effect. He does not snip and cut and waste good cloth, and an admirable but unintentional result is that they make over well. Shirrings, folds and fine trimmings are conspicuous only by their absence. His strength lies in the grace of his draperies.

increased velocity, sweeping up all smaller drops in its path, and thus increasing in size until it emerges from the cloud. Since many clouds are several miles in thickness, it is easy to see that a particle descending from the upper part of the cloud may become a rain drop of considerable size before it emerges from the cloud. In their passage from the cloud to the earth the larger raindrops will overtake the small ones in a precisely similar way. At the same time the size of the drops may be slightly increased by the condensation of water from the air through which they are falling, or may be slightly diminished by partial evaporation from the surface of the drops. A falling raindrop ascends with a velocity which increases until the acceleration is balanced by the resistance of the air, after which the drop descends with uniform velocity. It is, of course, well known that large clouds may exist without any rain falling from them. In some cases rain is actually formed but evaporates and is again converted into vapor before it can reach the ground; in many cases the nonformation of rain is possibly due to the fact that under certain unknown atmospheric or other conditions the particles forming the clouds do not unite when they collide. As an agent of geological change, rain is of the greatest importance. It plays a large part in the disintegration of rocks and the formation of soils, washes the smaller particles into streams and rivers, and is, in fact, one of the most important of the various denuding agents. Indeed, since rain is the ultimate source of all of our brooks, river, &c., it may be said to be the principal agent of geological change on the earth's surface. The amount of the rainfall varies very considerable in different countries, and in different parts of the same country, depending on geographical position, the conformation of the surface of the ground, the proximity of large lakes and the sea, &c. The heaviest annual fall of rain occurs in the zone of calms over the equatorial region of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, and on the west coasts of the British Isles, India, Norway, North and South America, and New Zealand. In all these latter districts the west wind blows over a large tract of ocean and becomes heavily charged with moisture, which it deposits when forced upwards by the action of the mountains on the coasts. The driest districts of the world are the desert regions of Africa and Asia. The amount of rain which falls in single showers is sometimes enormous, especially in the Tropics. In the British Isles one of the heaviest falls on record is a fall of 5.36 inches in twenty-four hours in Monmouthshire, July 14, 1875. On October, 25, 1836, at Gibraltar, there was a fall of 30.11 inches.—"*Cassel's Concise Cyclopædia.*

Easter cards with mediæval designs are the novelties this season.

"It was my invariable custom in my youth," says a celebrated Persian writer, "to rise from my sleep to watch, pray and read the Koran. One night, as I was thus engaged, my father, a man practiced in virtue, awoke, "Behold," said I to him, "thy other children are lost in irreligious slumber, while I alone am awake to praise God." "Son of my soul," said he, "it is better to sleep than to awake to remark the faults of thy brethren."

There was a fine library just adjoining the room where we were entertained, showing that our host was quite a learned little Hindoo. After supper, as we came down the staircase, our host met us at the foot, shaking hands, giving each a bouquet of roses and a small bunch of aromatic things to eat done up in a green leaf. We were also presented with a small dish of sandalwood oil, which we touched with our fingers, and that ended his good night to us. It seemed just like a page out of the "Arabian Nights." His name is Rajah Commandeur Sourindo Mebune Tagore,—Mus. Doc. He sent an exhibit of native musical instruments to the Foreign Exhibition in Boston, and they are now in Washington at the Smithsonian Institute.—*East Indian Correspondence.*

God's Power, Man's Duty.

The servants of God are made equal to the burdens laid upon them. If you have been truly brought to discipleship you will always be hungry for more truth. You say you hear a sermon every Sunday, and I say to you, What of it? What have you gained? Real healthy appetite does not lead a man to turn away from food because food of the same kind has been served to him before. No man can be sure that he is not in danger of morbid feeling in some direction. Divine power is always ready to be put in operation if we will keep the channels ready. You may take a sheet of paper and fill it with lines of ciphers, but they amount to nothing till you put the one at the beginning. Numbers in a church are idle unless the spirit of God leads them. Ask yourself if you have not been livfng below your privileges.—*Dr. Hall.*

Before publishing his book, "Study and Stimulants," Mr. A. Arthur Reade sent circulars to a large number of literary men, asking about their habits with respect to the use of alcohol, tobacco, etc., while engaged in literary work. The writer received 132 replies. Mr. Gladstone found that his "glass or two of claret at luncheon, the same at dinner, with the addition of a glass of light port, especially necessary to him at times of great intellectual exertion." Canon Farrar believed from experience that "work may be done more vigorously, and with less fatigue, without wine than with it." The editor says that no one of those who replied to his questions resorted to alcohol for inspiration. Thirty-four abstained wholly from alcohol; 27 used wine at dinner only; 26 used tobacco. Of the latter, only 13 smoked while at work; one chewed, and one took snuff. Mark Twain "required 300 cigars a month, which he found sufficient to keep his constitution on a firm basis," and Mr. Ruskin expressed his "entire abhorrence of the practice of smoking."

The following is the formula for the mucilage said to be used on United States postage-stamps—Dextrine, two ounces, acetic acid, one ounce, water, five ounces, alcohol one ounce; add the alcohol to the other ingredients when the dextrine is completely dissolved.

One holy action is a better argument against blasphemers than a thousand fine discourses.

The weather prophet looks for spring this month. The wise man looks for a blood purifier that will not injure his system: he can find what he wants in Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, the greatest of all blood-purifiers. In large bottles at 50 cents.

English Governesses.

The position of governess is naturally an ambiguous one, and difficulties surround it on every side. As the profession is overcrowded, so it is almost inevitably underpaid. Ladies have drifted into the position because so very few other means of making a livelihood were open to them. This is as much as to say that thousands of women with no natural vocation for the task became teachers. At the best the relations between the governess and the family with which she lives are difficult. To keep them pleasant requires extraordinary tact and temper on both sides. A guest who is always there, a perpetual third beside husband and wife, has a hard part, and so have the wife and husband. The big brothers are a dreadful plague to governesses—the big brothers and the big cousins. These have a way of loafing in the school-room, and of expecting to find the children always ready to amuse them; which is naturally more annoying to the teacher.

Even worse than the war which big brothers are apt to wage with governesses is the chance that they may fall in love with the maidens. This causes a perpetual fear in the minds of some mothers, and here again is a new difficulty in this most arduous profession. While the family and the parents are most to blame if the life of a governess becomes a burden to her, it would be unfair to blink the fact that some governesses run ahead, so to speak, to meet trouble before it comes. They expect to be persecuted, and are on the lookout for slights and wrongs. It is difficult to blame a temper so natural, though so unlucky, in a young woman whose position is difficult, and whose past life has probably not been fortunate. Probably a partial solution for the problem of the position of governesses will be found in the education of girls at day schools. These are being much improved, with happy results to all concerned. The teachers at such schools are infinitely more independent than governesses can be.

Lord, pardon what I have been, sanctify what I am, and order what I shall be, that thine may be the glory, and mine the eternal salvation.

One of the most necessary adjuncts of a gentleman's attire, is a reliable and comfortable suspender, which will not give with a little strain, or rip off a button at an untoward moment. Such an article is to be found in the "Common Sense Suspender" manufactered by H. N. Fisk & Co., 277 King St. W., Toronto, which for ease, simplicity and durability, is certainly superior to all others. Having worn it, we know whereof we write. No buttons are required on the pants, there is no possibility of any strain on shoulder or pants, and the cost is no more than that of the ordinary braces of the same quality of web.

In a recent lecture in London before the Society for the Encouragement of the Fine Arts, Mr. Browne of the Royal College of Surgeons contended that the air of Italy had nothing whatever to do with the peculiar excellence of Italian voices. He showed that but a small proportion of the singers in Italian opera are Italians. He warned singers against concert rooms in which smoking is al-

Prof. Virchow, one of the leading scientists of Vienna, says that, notwithstanding the German custom of eating American pork, no case of human trichiniasis could be traced to it.

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For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co, St. John's, N. F.; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allan & Co, Chicago; Lexe & Alden, New

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ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

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Field, Garden AND Flower

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ARE THE BEST

THE HANDSOMEST AND MOST COMPLETE

CATALOGUE FOR 1884

with the peculiar excellence of Italian voices. He showed that but a small proportion of the singers in Italian opera are Italians. He warned singers against concert rooms in which smoking is allowed.

PAIN CANNOT STAY Where POLSON'S NERVILINE is used. Composed of the most powerful pain subduing remedies known, Nerviline cannot fail to give prompt relief in rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, pain in the back and side, and the host of painful affections, internal or external, arising from inflammatory action. A 10 cent sample bottle of Nerviline will give efficient proof of its superiority over every known remedy. Try Nerviline. Large bottles 25 cents; trial bottles only 10 cents, at druggists and dealers in medicines.

Youth is a continual intoxication, for the fever of reason.

The most incredulous are forced to admit that for perfection in colors the Triangle Dyes have no equal. Ask for three cornered package, and see that you get it. 10c.

Books, like friends, should be few and well chosen.

DON'T YOU DO IT. Don't wait an hour before buying a bottle of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. It is safe, painless, prompt in action, never leaves sore spots behind, and therefore perfection itself. Substitutes are being offered for the genuine Putnam's Extractor. See that the name of Polson & Co. is on each wrapper. Sold by druggists and country dealers, only 25 cents.

A boy, while amusing himself, fell into the harbor, and as he could not swim, would have been drowned had not a bystander jumped in and rescued him. On reaching dry land he expressed his gratitude to his deliverer, adding, "I'm glad you got me oot. What a licking I wad hae got frae my mither if I had been drooned."

A man as he manages himself may die old at thirty or young at eighty.

In a railway carriage: An old soldier, noticing that his pipe troubled a lady, said to her: "They don't smoke in your regiment, ma'am?" "In my regiment it is possible," replied the lady, "but in my company, never."

Charity comes too late that comes for the asking.

Dyspepsia and Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters can't live in the same Stomach, one of them has got to go, and it isn't the Stomach Bitters. The people's own favorite family medicine, in large bottles at 50 cents.

Let not the sun go down upon your wrath.

A.P 173

TREES $1 will buy 12 Norway, Spruce or Scotch Firs. JAS. RENNIE, Seedsman, Toronto

$250 to $4,000 on marriage. Ladies & Gentlemen. Apply immediately. R. N. CURRY, J.P., Sec.-Treas., London, Ont.. Agents wanted.

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LOTS FOR SALE—28 AND 29 1st CONCESSION South West of Toronto and Sydenham Road, Holland; mill site thereon. For particulars apply Box 136, Newmarket.

FOR SALE—A STOCK OF DRUGS AND fixtures on a leading avenue in Detroit; physician's office and practice in connection; a bargain, $1,200 cash. P. E. PARK, Attorney, Room 5, 120 Griswold Street, Detroit.

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As the Company transacts Fire, Life, and Accident business, a profitable agency is thus offered to those soliciting insurance risks.

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Dominion Line of Steamships.

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months.

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.

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Dominion,	**Apl. 3.**	***Oregon,**	**Apl. 24.**
***Sarnia,**	**Apl. 10.**	**Ontario,**	**May. 1.**

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $60, $65, $80; return, $90, $108, $117, $144, according to steamer and berth. Intermediate, $40. Steerage, $24. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent, or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
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Issues Certificates from $125 to $3,000, payable on marriage at following rates.

For $500 or half Certificate, $4; quarterly dues in advance $0.75.

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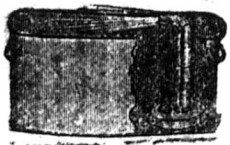
For $2,000 Certificate, $10; quarterly dues in advance $2.00.

For $3,000 Certificate, $15; quarterly dues in advance $3.00.

A percentage of the Fees applied towards a reserve Fund. The only cash payments required at the time of making application for a certificate. The remainder of the liability is made up of assessments at the rate of $1.60 on each $1,000 upon the marriage of members, 12 assessments made the first year payable quarterly, which upon the present large membership secures the payment of a number of Endowments, and a safe and reliable investment for young people. Send for By-Laws, and full particulars to W. J. IMLACH, Secretary, London, Ont.



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Washing made light and easy. The clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. A 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person.

To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2 50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian" says about it.—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor-saving machine, is substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence." Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Charges paid $3.00. Send for circulars.

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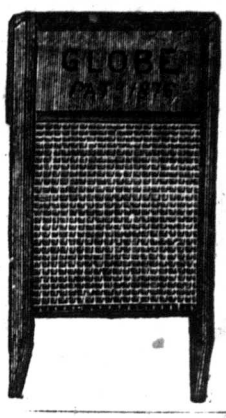

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Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

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Ever Imported

From France to America,

Whose **Purity of Blood** is established by their **Recorded Pedigrees** in the **Percheron Stud Book of France**, which is the only Draft Horse Record of that country.

Mr. Dunham has just published a 25,000 edition of his handsomely illustrated 140 page catalogue for 1884, containing descriptions and pedigrees (many for 10 generations) of

450 STALLIONS & MARES

Now on hand. All Stallions Guaranteed Breeders. Catalogue free. Address, M. W. DUNHAM, Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois. (35 miles west of Chicago, on C. & N.-W. R'y.

TONEY TO LOAN.

am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and ards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and n Property.

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

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But it is the place to buy cheap

School Books

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CALL AND SEE THE THOMAS ORGANS

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, (W. D. Madden, Deputy) at Madden's Book Store.

ROUND TOWN.

—Mr. Alex. Hosey is opening a grocery on Centre Street.

—**Madden** leads again in wall paper.

—There will be a meeting of the lacrosse club at the Huffman House this (Friday) evening.

—Messrs. Williams & Wilson have made loans within the last seven days amounting to $93,800.

—**Boys'** jersey suits all sizes at McAlister's.

—Good spring wheat flour at Close's Mills.

—The Saved Army have obtained the use of the town hall on Tuesday, Saturday and Sunday evenings.

—**R. P. Lahey's** suits with the celebrated watches and chains are going off by the dozen.

—Capt. Atkins of the Saved Army, with General Lindsay and Lieut. Willis, has laid siege to Ottawa and they expect it to capitulate soon.

—**Gents'** unlaundried shirts only 75c. each at McAlister's.

—Mr. I. J. Lockwood has received a fine assortment of walking sticks. They are very neat in pattern and extremely low in price. Call and see them.

—**All** the latest novelties in linen and lace collars, ties, fichus, etc. C. F. Henderson.

—The street sprinkler was out for the first time this season on Wednesday.

—Remember the meeting of the Queen's birthday celebration committee to-night.

—Mr. A. H. Allison has purchased the stock of Mr. J. A. Smith at a very low rate and is selling off at a great sacrifice.

—Some cheap new feed at Close's Mills.

—Get your horse route bills printed at THE EXPRESS office. Large assortment of cuts and lowest prices.

—Ex-Mayor James says that any of the "boys" who wish to see him can do so by making a row on the street and letting "Joe" make them.

—Tons of clean horse feed for sale at Close's Mills.

—Messrs. Helliwell and Fessenden have disposed of their steam yacht, "Ethel-Grace," to a gentleman in St. Catharines for $500.

—Read J. F. McAlister's advertisement and act accordingly. The best evidence that his watches are what he claims them to be is that people frequently repeat their orders.

—**We Have** again assorted up in all sizes in Corsets, also Misses' Corsets. C. F. Henderson.

—Rev. Mr. Card preaches Sunday School anniversary sermons in Kingston M. E. Church next Sunday. Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., will fill Mr. Card's pulpit here.

—**The Latest Puzzle.** How can W. D. Madden sell wall paper from 15 to 20 per cent below all competitors.

—Chief Allen got the sanitary brigade at work cleaning up Dundas street on Monday and the marked improvement speaks volumes for the Chief's abilities as street surveyor.

—**R. P. Lahey's** stock is complete in all lines of men's furnishing goods. Don't forget to call and see the watches and chains.

—If you want anything in the fine harness line, call at K. J. Strong & Co.'s, near the Brisco House. They keep on hand a large assortment of first-class single and double carriage harness of the highest quality and lowest price.

—**Our Parasols** are extra good value this season. An inspection will satisfy every one. C. F. Henderson.

—Mr. Geo. Lasher being desirous of retiring from business offers for sale his most valuable property at Napanee Mills and a farm on the York road. The former affords an excellent opening for an energetic business man. See adv.

—Grind loads of wheat and feed same day at Close's Mills.

—The Napanee Mills Paper Co. have made a new use of refuse sugar cane. Wrapping and printing paper have been made from it, samples of which were last week shipped to New Orleans to be tested. It is believed the experiment will prove successful.

—**Remember R. P. Lahey** is giving a stem-winding watch and gold-plated chain with every suit of clothes from $8.00 up.

—Mr. A. A. Bartlett, jeweler, finding business unremunerative, closed his store on Tuesday and has disposed of his stock to his creditors. Any person having watches or jewelry left for repairs will find them at his place of residence, corner Bridge and East streets.

—Quite extensive improvements have been made in the post-office. Two new cases have been put in, one for letters and the other for papers. Improvements have also been made in the inside arrangement. Postmaster Bogart and his assistants are deserving of the highest commendation for the pains they have taken.

—When in town and you find you are wanting any hardware, be sure and call at H. W. Perry's, where you can get more hardware for the same money than at any other store in Ontario. Make a memoran-

Scott Act Movement.

The following gentlemen were elected officers of the Scott Act movement to hold office for one year :—

President, Rev. M. L. Pearsen, Napanee; Secretary, Dr. W. W. Meacham, Odessa; Treasurer, F. Burrows, Napanee; Vice-Presidents, Samuel Clark, Ernesttown; W. N. Daller, North Fredericksburgh; Ira B. Hudgins, Richmond; George Asselstine, South Fredericksburgh; E. Clapp, Adolphustown; Miles Caton, Newburgh; A. V. Price, Camden; James Aylsworth, Sheffield; Capt. Polley, Amherst Island; Dr. Kennedy, Bath; O. M. Rolnfs, Kaladar; James Lane, Denbigh; Rev. A. Young, Napanee.

Shipping Notes.

—Navigation on the river and bay opened on Friday last.

—The schooner "Wm. Jamieson," laden with barley, left on Monday.

—The "Nellie P. Downey" cleared on Saturday for Oswego with 6,280 bushels of rye.

—The steamer "Utica" has resumed her old route between Prinyer dock and Napanee.

—Capt. Collier's new steamer "Reindeer" was launched in Kingston on Tuesday and is expected here to-morrow (Saturday.)

Oddfellows' Demonstration.

On Monday a meeting of Oddfellows was held in Brockville to decide the location of the proposed international Oddfellows' demonstration. Napanee was represented by Messrs. A. L. Morden and W. C. Scott. The Kingston delegation was anxious to have the demonstration held in that city but it was decided to hold it in Brockville, as it would be very expensive for the members in Ottawa district to go to Kingston. The Whig accuses Mr. Scott of working against them having it in that city and says the demonstration will be quite a small affair after all. Probably this is a case of sour grapes.

A Chapter of Accidents.

On Monday last Mr. McHenry, of Adolphustown, while working in his barn fell from the loft to the floor, a distance of 13 feet, and had his right fore arm broken. Much sympathy is felt for him in his misfortune, which is intensified by coming at seeding time, when he cannot well afford to remain idle, and some of his neighbors have volunteered assistance in the fields.

On Tuesday night James McFarlane, a 13-year old son of Mr. Andrew McFarlane, of Big Creek, was thrown from a horse and sustained a fracture of the right leg. He suffered considerable pain but is now recovering.

In both cases Dr. Ward, of this town, contributed to the relief of the sufferers.

A Spring "Poem."

The first instalment of spring poetry has been received. It is headed "Early Spring," contains eight stanzas and hails from Richmond. Here are the two opening verses :—

"So soft is the snow,
So tame is the crow,
Near the fence are such banks,
That they tire our shanks.

"As we travel from school,
So we rest at each pool,
And sit on the ties, [railroad ties]
Where the sun's rays drys."

The same great depth of thought, beauty of sentiment and purity of diction pervades the other verses, but space forbids us the pleasure of reproducing them. The writer, in the concluding verse, threatens us with further contributions of the same nature. We trust he will be induced to change his mind. People can be surfeited with good things, you know.

"Fogg's Ferry" at the Opera House.

Miss Lizzie Evans and company played "Fogg's Ferry" in the Opera House Wednesday evening before a large and delighted

call and see them.

—**All the** latest novelties in linen and lace collars, ties, fichus, etc. C. F. Henderson.

—The street sprinkler was out for the first time this season on Wednesday. Mr. E. Perry has the contract and we feel assured he will give entire satisfaction.

—**The Best** judges say that Madden has by far the finest and cheapest wall paper in Napanee.

—Messrs. M. L. Clement and J. W. Babcock have purchased the west-half of lot No. 4, in the 4th con. of Olden. It was sold through the agency of Messrs. Williams & Wilson.

—Mr. Nelson Sharp, of Violet, has Italian and Black Bees for sale. 23-3.

—Owing to other attractions in town the meeting of the celebration committee in the town hall, Wednesday evening was postponed until this (Friday) evening. A full attendance is requested.

—**See** the new Henry Irving hat received this week at McAlister's.

—Mr. D. C. Jennings, silver plater, is now prepared for a still greater amount of business. From the way in which his work is done we can confidently recommend everyone to him for plating of any kind.

If you want to buy a spade, shovel, hoe or garden rake, go to R. G. Wright's.

—Smith Bros., jewellers, have secured the services of Mr. Walker of Birmingham, England, and are now prepared to manufacture anything in the line of jewellery.

—**Madden's** gold paper from 40c. per roll up cannot be surpassed.

—The award of the arbitrators in the case of Herring vs. N., T. & Q. Railway for right of way through the glass works property was set aside on Friday last by Mr. Justice Rose at Toronto.

—**We Have** now in stock the finest assortment of hosiery ever imported into town. See them before you buy. C. F. Henderson.

—There are six new bicycles in town this spring and there will be a meeting at the Campbell House, on Wednesday evening to organize a bicycle club. It will start with about twelve members.

—Mr. Amos Kimmerly has organized a band which will number about ten pieces. They practice Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. There will be an orchestra in connection. They will be open for engagements about 24th of May.

—**Parties** building will consult their own interests by going to R. G. Wright's for their hardware, paints, oils, glass, putty, etc.

—When the steamer "Deseronto" was coming up the river Thursday of last week a log got caught in the screw which obliged her to lie in the river all night. She resumed her regular trips on Friday last, and leaves Napanee at 6 a.m., returning at 6 p.m.

—**R. P. Lahey's.** See the new Fedora Hat just arrived, and big stock of all the latest English and American Hats. Prices down, down.

—The special services in the C. M. Church under the direction of Rev. D. Winter are increasing in interest every week. They are attended by such crowds that the meetings are now held in the body of the church instead of the lecture room as formerly.

—**Cotton** undershirts only 25c. each at McAlister's.

—The rush still continues for the ready-made clothing shown by A. Rose & Co. This firm has a large and fine assortment and at prices to suit everyone. We would advise our readers before purchasing to call and see their stock.

—The Napanee band have written to Kingston for the instruments of the 47th battalion and they are expected here soon. There will then be between sixteen and twenty pieces in the band which will become the 47th battalion band. The leader, Mr. Edwin Brooks, intends to make it a first-class organization.

wanting any hardware, be sure and call at H. W. Perry's, where you can get more hardware for the same money than at any other store in Ontario. Make a memorandum of this and look into the matter before you buy your next bill. Every customer treated alike, irrespective of age, size, color or condition.

—At the regular meeting of the Good Templars on Thursday night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing quarter: W. C. T., Bro. Thos. Lawless; W. V. T., Sister Addie Empey; W. S., Bro. Will Long; W. F. S., Bro. Edwin Pearson; W. S., Sister Hudgins; W. M., Bro. Will Thompson; W. I. G., Sister Cassie McKim; W. O. G., Bro. N. Sagar; P. W. C. T., Bro. Myron Mills.

—Mr. R. P. Lahey, our enterprising young townsman, is giving away with every suit of ready-made clothing a very superior watch beautifully engraved and one which nobody need be ashamed of. Young gentlemen should call immediately and secure one of these really fine time pieces, as they are going off at a tremendous rate. His stock of hats, caps and gents' furnishing goods is complete.

—A shrewd Yankee appeared in town on Monday with a preparation called "The Howard Nickel Solution," for plating brass, copper, etc. It sold pretty freely but on trial it was found to be a fraud of the basest description. After applying it lasts about one day or two at the most. He left town, however, without being caught. People are warned to be on the look out for him.

—A case of an appeal from the award of the ditch engineer of South Fredericksburgh in a matter between Messrs. John G. Alcombrack and Geo. Asselstine, was heard by Judge Wilkinson. After hearing the evidence of several leading residents the Judge gave decision sustaining the award. Mr. H. M. Deroche for appellant; Mr. A. L. Morden for respondent.

—Dr. Bristol has decided to remove from town and take up residence in Toronto, where he will continue the practice of his profession. After a practice of over thirty-five years in the country he feels that he is entitled to the physical rest which a city practice affords. We will regret to lose so estimable a citizen, but trust the change will prove beneficial to him in every respect. In accordance with this resolve, as will be seen by an advertisement in another column, the Doctor offers his residence for sale. It is a most desirable property and should soon find a customer.

—We are pleased to learn that an effort is being made to raise a handsome sum of money for the purpose of erecting suitable monuments to the memory of two worthy laborers in the Church of God, both of whom were well known in this part of the province, the late Rev. Peter Empey and Rev. Benson Smith, who some years ago passed to their reward. The friends of the late Rev. Peter Empey some years ago erected a marble tomb stone in the Huffman cemetery, but through accident, by allowing horses and cattle to pasture in the lot and owing to the dilapidated condition of the fence, the stone was broken so as to render it useless and a new one is desirable. A subscription list has been put in the hands of Messrs. A. L. Morden, K. J. Strong and Silas Vrooman, who have succeeded in obtaining several names of friends of the deceased ministers for sums of money of $5.00 and under. Any person wishing to contribute to this object can hand their subscriptions to any member of the committee.

It is Natural.

It is natural for some people to be bilious, being often a result of peculiar bilious temperament, which with high living, too greasy food, indigestion from inactive liver, is the frequent cause. The remedy, above all others, is Burdock Blood Bitters. It is highly curative for all biliary complaints, and far better than physic for inactive conditions of the bowels.

"Fogg's Ferry" at the Opera House.

Miss Lizzie Evans and company played "Fogg's Ferry" in the Opera House Wednesday evening before a large and delighted audience. The piece, which is of the popular order, is a bright four act comedy-drama replete with striking situations and clever and witty dialogue, and was rendered under the direction of Mr. Callahan, the playwright, an American lawyer of marked ability. The leading role, "Chip," was taken by Miss Evans, a petite comedienne, than whom no better has ever appeared in Napanee, and who has few superiors on the American stage. Her representation of the character was most charming. "Chip," the little rough diamond, "pert, chipper and sassy," but withal good at heart, was never better portrayed and the audience manifested their appreciation by repeated applause. The support was excellent and the result was a most enjoyable entertainment. Mr. Callahan in conversation with an EXPRESS reporter after the performance, expressed himself as highly pleased with the audience. He may have been giving our people "taffy" but he said that the audience was one of the most intelligent looking and orderly the company ever played before in a small town, and this statement was cordially endorsed by Miss Evans. Mr. Callahan promises to give Napanee a call next season.

A Well Deserved Promotion.

R. A. Helliwell, Esq., manager of the Dominion Bank here, has, we are pleased to learn, been promoted to the inspectorship of the bank with headquarters at Toronto. The position was rendered vacant by a re-adjustment of the offices in Toronto and the appointment of Mr. Kane, late inspector, to the managership of the Toronto branch. While we, together with the business men and people of the county generally, deeply regret Mr. Helliwell's removal from town, the fullest satisfaction is experienced with his preferment, and the directors are to be congratulated on having in a fitting manner recognized intelligent and faithful service to the bank by one of its most popular officials. As manager, both in Brampton and Napanee, Mr. H. distinguished himself for thorough knowledge of banking principles, good judgment and courtesy, and attracted to the bank a large and remunerative business. His success here has been almost phenomenal. To say that he will be missed, both as a business man and socially, only faintly describes the void his removal will create. We understand that he will enter upon his new duties about the first of May, but his removal from town may not take place for some months later. No doubt our townspeople will, before his departure, give fitting expression of their feelings toward him. Mr. Helliwell's successor here will be Mr. Gamble, manager of the Brampton agency, who was also his successor at Brampton when Mr. Helliwell was promoted to Napanee. Mr. Gamble is a gentleman held in the highest esteem, and will, no doubt, be able to sustain the present high popularity of the bank here. The young men of the town will be pleased to know that he is one of Canada's best cricketers, was captain of last year's international eleven and, therefore, will be a great source of strength to our local club, in which all our townspeople take so deep an interest.

—**Messrs. Perry & Co.** will receive to-day one of the finest consignments of flower plants ever offered for sale in Napanee, and which all lovers of the beautiful should see. There are all the standard varieties in geraniums, fuschias, heliotropes, roses, foliage plants, etc., besides many rare specimens of names and varieties innumerable. Many of the plants are in bloom and look really lovely, while all have an appearance of health not often met with in plants at this season of the year. The plants are all in suitable pots or baskets and are selling fast, at very reasonable prices. The same firm have a full line of first-class vegetable plants which they are selling cheap.

Drowning Accident.

A sad accident occurred at Crooked Creek, near Arden, last Thursday. Mr. Charles Loucks, who resided near Napanee, while engaged in raising a dam, fell into the water and was drowned. His brother, who was working with him, as soon as the accident happened, ran to his assistance, but the unfortunate man was caught between two eddies and immediately drawn down. The remains arrived here on Sunday morning and were interred on Monday.

Fatal Accident on the N., T. & Q. Railway.

As the construction train of the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway was proceeding to work on Saturday morning and when opposite Newburgh station, Mr. Daniel Clement in passing from one car to another fell between them and was badly crushed. Dr. Ruttan was summoned, but notwithstanding all that he could do the unfortunate man died a couple of hours afterwards. On Monday Mr. M. C. Row put the train at the disposal of the friends of the deceased and at 10 o'clock the body was conveyed to Moscow for interment. He leaves a wife and five children wholly unprovided for. We understand that $88 were subscribed by the railway men and Mr. R. A. Johnston collected from the townspeople $70, making in all $158, for the family.

Gospel Temperance Meeting.

The Gospel temperance meeting held last Sunday was largely attended. Rev. Mr. Pearson occupied the chair. The meeting was opened with singing and prayer, after which the chairman made a few remarks. He was followed at some length by Mr. James Daly, who spoke very forcibly on the questions at issue. Mr. Burrows then read a sermon delivered in Westminster Abbey by Canon Farrar on the subject of Temperance. Rev. Mr. Young closed the programme by a few remarks. The choir rendered good service by their music.

Bath.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

LEAP YEAR BALL.--One of the most interesting events of the season was the ball given by the ladies of this village on Friday night. The committee in charge was composed of the following ladies:—Mesdames McKenty, Rouse and Ferren, and Misses Howard, Dennee, McPherson, Armstrong, M. Day and L. Armstrong, with Miss Ferguson as Secretary. Napanee was represented by Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Rogers and Miss Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Herring, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Pruyn, Miss Grange, Miss Aylsworth, and Messrs Zina Ham, O. L. Herring, Wilson, Lahey, Jemmet, Grange, Wray and Gillespie. They were most hospitably entertained before the ball by Mrs. McKenty and Mrs. Rouse. The ball itself was a most brilliant affair, in which the grace and beauty of the district was well represented. The supper would do credit to any gathering of the kind in a much larger place. Dancing was continued until quite late, and all went home not soon to forget the Bath Leap Year Ball.

—I went into Cummins' the other day and was surprised to see so large a stock of goods brought to Bath, and while looking around I heard a lady asking why they did not have an opening to show off their goods, but Charlie said he did not want to throw Duncan's small display in the shade after his going to three weeks' trouble to get it up, with his 7½x8½ mirror in the centre of the table. I believe Miss Roblin bought the millinery goods herself, and every lady of her acquaintance knows her good taste in trimming them up. They have the neatest and best assorted stock of everything for a general store that I have ever seen, and I would advise every person that wishes to save a dollar to give them a call before buying. This is the experience of your humble servant,

DAN.

Personals.

—Mr. Harry Davy, of Toronto, is in town visiting friends.

—Mr. P. F. Carscallen, of Tamworth, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Oscar Daly, of Toronto, is spending a few days at home.

—Mr. Will Toby, of Toronto, is visiting friends in Napanee and Picton.

—Miss Minnie Williams has returned from a visit to friends in Belleville.

—Mr. T. E. Flaherty, of Belleville, spent Sunday in town visiting friends.

—E. W. Rathbun, Esq., of Deseronto, was in

J. F. McALISTER

STILL CONTINUES TO PRESENT

EVERY BUYER OF A READY-MADE SUIT

—WITH ONE OF THE—

GENUINE SWISS WATCHES

WARRANTED TO KEEP STANDARD TIME.

We are now very busy in the Tailoring Department

LAST SATURDAY

Was the busiest day we ever experienced in the Clothing business. Mr. WILLIAMSON is more than excelling himself this spring. Every customer goes away satisged.

Our Stock of Tweeds

IS WELL KNOWN TO BE THE LARGEST IN NAPANEE AND

Our Prices Cannot be Beaten

Those wanting a new suit for the big Demonstration, on the 46th May had better leave their order soon at

J. F. McALISTER'S.

P. S.—First-Class Coat and Pant Maker Wanted.

1884) SPRING. (1884

-----NAPANEE-----

—Miss Minnie Williams has returned from a visit to friends in Belleville.

—Mr. T. E. Flaherty, of Belleville, spent Sunday in town visiting friends.

—E. W. Rathbun, Esq., of Deseronto, was in town this week on N., T. & Q. R'y business.

—Miss Carrie Bristol has returned home from Kingston, where she has been visiting friends.

—Mrs. Fairfield, of Winnipeg, and her daughter, are visiting Mrs. E. S. D. Stevenson, Dundas-st.

—Miss Minnie Neville has returned to town after a several months' visit with relatives in Peterboro Co.

—Revs. Ferguson and Drew have been in town this week assisting in the special services in the C. M. Church.

—Miss A. L. Smith, of Napanee, left town this week for Chicago to reside with her sister Mrs. Frank Barnham.

—Mr. James Canniff, of the Beaver office, left town Tuesday evening for Belleville to attend his brother's funeral.

—Miss Scott, of Yarker, who has been spending a few days with her uncle, Mr. James Taylor, has returned home.

—Mr. R. W. Hilliard, of Prescott, who with his family has been spending a few days in town, has returned home.

—Mr. James Wilson, who has been for two months with Mr. James Miller, barber, left for Toronto Monday morning.

—Mr. Robt. Perry, of Perry & Co., went to Port Hope on business Tuesday evening and returned Thursday morning.

—We are pleased to see Mr. Herbert Parks around again. He has been spending a few weeks with his parents recuperating.

—Mr. R. H. Spencer leaves for Trenton next Monday, where he has obtained a situation in the Central Ontario Railway Co.'s office.

—Dr. McLellan, High School Inspector, visited Napanee High School yesterday and expressed himself highly pleased with the progress being made.

—Miss Minnie Switzer, of Toronto, has entered the millinery department of Hinch Bros. Her mother will arrive next week and take up residence here.

—We were pleased to see Mr. D. W. Allison, M. P., on the streets Wednesday. He returned on Friday last. He is looking remarkably well after the long session.

—Messrs. P. Tullock and Robt. Fellows, formerly with Roblin & Ford, have secured first-class situations in the Grand Central Clothing House, Watertown, N. Y.

—Mr. Wm. Mace, the popular proprietor of the Tamworth Mills, gave us a call Wednesday. Mr. Mace is one of the most energetic men of the north and is largely extending his business

—Mr. John Smith, of Smith Bros., Kingston, spent Sunday in town with his brother, Mr. F. W. Smith, and returned home on Monday accompanied by his sister, who has spent a week in town.

—Mr. C. S. Ash and family, of Odessa, have taken up their residence in Hastings village, where he intends opening a general store. Mr. Ash is a stranger in the village, but we bespeak for him a liberal patronage.

—A. D. Fraser, Esq., of Hawley, leaves next week for a three months' visit with relatives in Fort Scott, Kansas. He goes for the benefit of his health. His many friends will wish him much benefit from his sojourn in the south.

—Under the heading of "A Plucky Horsewoman" the Kingston News thus refers to a young lady well known in Napanee:—"On Saturday afternoon Miss Grace Armour, daughter of Judge Armour, while riding on horseback on Barriefield common in company with Col. Montizambert, had a lively experience. Her horse became excited and began to plunge, when she noticed that the saddle was shifting. She kept her seat till a favorable opportunity presented itself, when she sprang off the animal's back to the ground. The saddle was firmly fastened, when she remounted and subdued the horse in a few seconds."

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-1 2-1y.

-----NAPANEE-----

AGRICULTURAL WORKS

Our efforts to give the farmers of these counties at their own doors a superior article are appreciated and our celebrated

2-HORSE IRON CULTIVATORS

Are meeting with a ready and steady sale. All who use them pronounce them as a Cultivator

The Very Model of Perfection.

And to meet the increased demand upon us we have in course of construction an extra number, so that our customers may not be dissapointed this spring (as many were last eason) in securing a Cultivator which work complete, is strong, durable and cheap.

We shall be pleased if parties who have spoken for Cultivators will take delivery at an early late and those who have not yet purchased should call at once and secure one and have it in readiness for the spring work.

STEEL HARROWS AT COST.

—WE SELL THE—

GANANOQUE STEEL HARROW

AT COST PRICE,

and have every confidence in recommending it as *HE ONLY FIRST CLASS ONE SOLD IN THESE PARTS.*

It has STEEL BULLS and solid STEEL TIETH. These Harrows have been used and severely tested for the last year or two and have given unbounded satisfaction. CALL AND GET ONE.

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

JOHN HERRING.

February 8th, 1884.

A JUMBO BARGAIN.—Farm for sale. North half of lot No. 45, in the 4th concession of the township of Camden, at the village of Moscow, and only half a mile from station on the N.T. & Q.R., containing about one hundred acres, with about 80 acres fit for the plough and 20 acres pasture and wood land. This is a very desirable farm, having all the advantages of daily stage and mail, post and telegraph offices, good school, good and abundant water, good orchard, well fenced, small frame house with wood house attached, splendid frame barn, 36x48, with shed attached, 52x60, and good horse and cattle stable. The land is under excellent cultivation and contains all the good qualities of a Huffman street farm, and ready for crop in the spring. Good reasons given for selling. Apply to

ZARA VANLUVEN,
19-4pd-tf, Moscow P. O.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name, style and firm of Grange & Coulter, was dissolved April 1st, 1884. All debts to be paid H. S. Grange.

HUGH SCOTT GRANGE.
WILL. G. L. COULTER.

J. C. DREWRY, Witness.
Napanee, April 3rd, 1884.

The undersigned begs to thank the public for their hearty support in the past and to solicit the continuance of the same in the future.

WILL. G. L. COULTER.
Napanee, April 3rd, 1884.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPANEE, O

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

—o—

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1819.)

—o—

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.

Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor

A. O. U. W,

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY R. J. WRIGHT, Morven. Applications strictly confidential. 25-6 mos-pd

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued by NORMAN STORMS, Violet. Applications strictly private and confidential. 20-6 mos.

STRAYED TO THE PREMISES OF Wellington Lapum, 7th concession of Ernesttown, a brown mare of medium size, about six years of age, and having a white spot in forehead and one over an eye.

WELLINGTON LAPUM.
Ernesttown, May 31st, 1884. 30-3 in.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned intends to remove to the West offers for sale his farm of 100 acres, being lot No. 16, in the 6th and 7th concessions of Ernesttown. 100 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Good buildings and well watered. A desirable location. Apply to

EDMUND B. SWITZER,
30-3 mos.-pd. Switzerville P. O.

NEW SCHOOL HOUSE.

Tenders will be received up to

Friday, the 20th day of June, 1884,

for the erection of a new frame school house in School Section No. 17, Ernesttown, one mile east of Violet.

Plan and specifications on application to the Secretary.

The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. M. SCOUTEN,
30-2 in. Violet.

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best **COAL** at the **LOWEST** prices, are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent for the Rathbun Company.
Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4 mos.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

Saved from the Scalpel.

A Toronto lady, Mrs. Berkenshaw, contracted a disease of the knee joint and was advised to submit it to a surgical operation by the best physicians attending; all other treatment having failed, when Haggyard's Yellow Oil was tried and speedily effected a cure. It is unfailing remedy for accidents and emergencies, and is for external and internal use.

THE REINDEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Steamer "Reindeer" will, until further announcement, run on the following route:—Leave Conway Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m. for Picton and Napanee, touching at all intermediate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a.m. Returning will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and Picton at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1884. 30

AUCTION SALE

—OF A—

Valuable Residence

IN NAPANEE.

I have been instructed by D. R. W. Bristol to sell by Public Auction, on

Saturday, the 21st Day of June,

AT TWO O'CLOCK P. M.

On the premises, his residence and ground on the west side of East-St., there being between a ¼ and a ½ of an acre of land. About two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage on the property with interest at seven per cent. per annum; the balance one-tenth on the day of sale and the remainder within fifteen days on completion of title.

The Vendor reserves to himself one bid parties are invited to call and inspect the premises

ROBERT McCAY,
Napanee, June 11th, 1884. Auctioneer.

FARMERS WISHING TO PURCHASE implements for this season would do well to call and examine the

PATTERSON TWINE BINDER,

—THE—

New Canadian Reaper,

50c. THE EXPRESS will be sent to any address in America or Europe till the 1st of Jan., 1885, for 50 CENTS. Send in your name at once.

LENNOX AND ADDINGTON COUNTY COUNCIL.

The June Session.

The June session of the County Council opened at the Council Chamber on Tuesday afternoon last. The Warden in the chair. All the members were present except Mr. Davis, of Ernesttown.

The WARDEN, in his address, made the usual congratulations, and informed the Council that a certain debenture had fallen due, of which they knew nothing. The by-law under which it had been passed, had been destroyed, but the amount ($2,000) had been paid and $1,200 was left in the hands of the Treasurer. He also said that suit entered against the county for damages had been withdrawn.

Moved by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, that Mr. F. A. Roe be appointed Clerk, pro tem.—Carried.

The minutes of the last session were then read and confirmed.

A QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Before the regular order of business was taken up Mr. Wilson rose to a question of privilege. He stated that on different occasions the NAPANEE EXPRESS had accused him of manipulating funds to the detriment of the County for a sum of about $600. He read extracts from THE EXPRESS relating thereto. He denied having unduely used any influence in favor of Dr. Mackenzie getting the debentures referred to. He denied knowing of such an offer as mentioned in the editorial. He read an extract about his knowing of a better offer than the one accepted, whereby there might have been a saving of $600 to the county; but protested he did not know of any such offer. He produced the letter sent to him by Mr. Macher, of Kingston, asking for a copy of the by-law authorizing the issue of tenders, and the advertisement for tenders, and asking if tenders would be received subject to the by-law. He said he received a number of letters relating to this but handed them to Mr. Roe to be answered. On the 8th of March Mr. Jas. Herring handed him a letter, whose father, in which, had been addressed as Chairman of the Finance Committee, asking for particulars of the Lennox and Addington debentures and requesting the time when the tenders must be in. He believes Mr. Macher received an answer to his first letter but through carelessness overlooked it. He read the letter written Mr. Macher from Mr. F. A. Roe, and one from Mr. A. H. Roe, stating that Mr. Wilson had no authority to vary the conditions of the advertisements. He utterly denied that correspondence relat

Agent for the Rathbun Company.

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4 mos.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont

SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately occupied by Dr Clements, Dundas St Napanee.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the

Co-operative Warehousing Co.

of Napanee will be held in the Town Hall, Napanee, on

Monday, the 16th of June Next,

at the hour of 1 o'clock p.m., for the election of directors and transaction of all other business in connection therewith.

N. A. CATON,
Secretary.

Napanee, June 4th, 1884. 30-2 in.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music either brass or string on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28-6 mos.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 107, Section 34, Revised Statutes of Ontario, that the creditors of John Stevenson, late of the Town of Napanee, piano manufacturer, who died on or about the 1st April last, are on or before the 14th July next to send by post pre-paid to W. H. Stevenson of the Town of Napanee, for Howard S. Stevenson, Wm. H. Stevenson and John H. Stevenson, the executors of the deceased, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them together with their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and that on and after the said 14th July next the assets of the deceased will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been received, and the said Executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof to persons whose claims shall not have been received by them at the time of the distribution of the said assets or part thereof as the case may be.

HOWARD S. STEVENSON,
W. H. STEVENSON,
JOHN H. STEVENSON,
Executors.

31-5 ins.

NOTICE.

To John Blewett, Ira E. Grooms, A. S. Kimmerly, Kate McNeill, Thomas Jamieson, Rufus A. Shorey, Thomas Symington, W. M. O'Beirne, R. P. Lahey, Patrick Slaven, W. A. Rose, Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the Council of the municipal corporation of the town of Napanee, intend on the fourth day of August next, to pass a By-Law for the confirmation of the special assessment levied against you and each of your property to pay one half of the cost of the construction of a common sewer on the north side of Dundas Street, from the west side of Lot number three to East Street. The cost of said sewer is one hundred and twenty dollars and you and each of you are severally assessed on the undermentioned property all on the north side of Dundas Street according to the frontage thereon as follows:—

John Blewett, owner west part of lot number three the sum of $7.93; John Blewett owner, Ira E. Grooms and A. S. Kimmerly occupants, middle part of lot number three the sum of $6.00; John Blewett, owner Kate McNeill, occupant, east part of lot number three, the sum of $3.96; Thomas Jamieson, owner west half of lot number two the sum of $10.00; Thomas Symington, owner, Rufus A. Shorey occupant middle part of lot number two the sum of $6.10; Thomas Symington, owner, W. M. O'Beirne, occupant east part of lot number two the sum of $3.96; Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie, owners, R. P. Lahey, occupant west part of lot number one the sum of $4.57; Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie, owners, Patrick Slaven, occupant middle part of lot number one the sum of $7.32; Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie, owners, W. A. Rose, occupant east part of lot number one the sum of $8.23.

Dated this 12th day of June, 1884.

P. EMBURY,
Town Clerk.

THE

New Canadian Reaper,

AND THE

Patterson Mower and Horse Rake,

knowing the best machines are always the cheapest. Repairing always quickly and neatly done.

JAMES P. GRANT,
Agent, Centre street, Napanee.

Napanee, June 12th, 1884. 20-3 mos.

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

THE LAKE SHORE HOUSE!

—delightfully situated at the—

SANDBANKS,

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions.

Beautiful scenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms en suite or single.

Board per week	$5 00
" " day	1 40
Meals	0 35
Horses in barn to hay and grain	0 30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NIEL M'DONALD, JOHN W. HYATT. M'DONALD & HYATT, 31-3 mos. Proprietors.

J. F. WHELAN & CO.,
(Successor to E. R. Martin),

—Will sell you—

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Cheaper than the Cheapest.

Read the following prices:

20 pounds bright Valencia Raisins		$1 00
15 " "	Currants (new and fresh)	1 00
14 " "	Refined Sugar	1 00
12 " "	White Crushed Sugar	1 00

Standard Granulated Sugar 9 cents per pound.

TEAS, TEAS, TEAS.

We are making remarkable reductions in Teas and Tobacco.

6 pounds fine quality Young Hyson Tea		$1 00
6 "	Japan Tea Siftings	1 00
5 "	Extra Tea Siftings	1 00

Our fine Teas are not ground but siftings from an extra quality of Japan Tea, thereby having an excellent flavor and are the best.

3 pounds fine quality Japan Tea $1 00

We are selling a good 50 cent Japan Tea for 45 cents or 5 pounds for $2; also a superior quality "May Pickings" for 50 cents or 5 pounds for $2.25.

TOBACCOS, TOBACCOS, TOBACCOS.

In this line we defy competition. We are selling

McDonald's No. 1 Prince of Wales	12's	38 cents
" " "	10's	40 "
" " "	3's	40 "
No. 1 Napoleon at		40 "
McDonald's No. 1 Brunette Solace		40 "
Adams' No. 1 Gold Coin Solace		45 "
" " Briar		50 "
Myrtle Navy		55 "

A fresh lot of Turkey Plums, the choicest, cheapest fruit in the market, 14 pounds for $1. Canned goods in every variety very cheap.

Chipped Dried Beef 30 cents per can.
Canned Corn Beef 40 " " "
Fresh Canned Salmon, Mackerel, Lobsters, Sardines, Fried Smelts.

We also handle Flour and Feed very largely, and are able to sell at lowest Prices. We have the best brands always in stock. Very fine choice flour from $2.60 to $2.80 per hundred. A good article in Cracked Wheat for $1.20 per hundred. Fine white and gold dust cornmeal just received and will be sold cheap.

Long clear bacon only 12 cents, and in everything else you will find we make bottom prices a specialty.

J. F. WHELAN & CO.

☞ Remember the place—the corner store next to the Beaver office. 30

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read the letter written Mr. Macher from Mr. F. A. Roe, and one from Mr. A. H. Roe, stating that Mr. Wilson had no authority to vary the conditions of the advertisements. He utterly denied that correspondence relating to the affair had been withheld and that Mr. Parks gave a notice of a better offer than the one received. He had written to the city treasurer of Kingston and had learned that that city had issued no debentures this year. In conclusion, he wished a committee appointed to investigate these charges and if he were found guilty in these he would feel compelled to resign.

Mr. PERRY wished to have the advertisement read as to whether Mr. Roe had any right to answer these letters or not and upon it being read, thought he had no right to answer either tender or letters.

Mr. WILSON said that as there was a great deal of correspondence, on this matter and Mr. Roe was paid as County Clerk, he thought he ought to answer the letters.

The WARDEN wished the discussion to close and that a committee be appointed.

Mr. PARKS wished to know, as it was a question of privilege, whether discussion were to go on now or to be deferred until the matter were brought before the Committee.

Moved by J. C. CARSCALLEN, seconded by Mr. DENISON, that the Committee to investigate these charges be Messrs. Ham, Polley, Parks, Lloyd and Lane.—Carried.

Mr. PARKS believed that this matter was brought up by some action of his in voting against the report of the Finance Committee. He also believed there was too much haste in the matter, and he never understood the answer of Mr Macher was produced. He thought that Mr. Roe should have had no cognizance of the doings of the Finance Committee. The Beaver had attacked him, but he thought that paper, if it knew the public opinion of it, would say with Moore in Lalla Rookh—

"Hell, with all its powers to damn,
Cannot be the vile thing I am."

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Mr. George Lamey, regarding wire fences on Tyendinaga road, between the G. T. R. track and the limits of the corporation. He requested that the wire be furnished him and he would have the fences put up.—Referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

From the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, regarding reducing the number of County Councillors.—Referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

From the County Council of Peel, requesting the co-operation of this Council, in relation to the movements regarding school sections.—Referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

From Mr. R. W. Phipps, of Toronto, regarding forest preservation.—Laid on the table.

From the Ontario Agricultural College, showing cost of tuition, board, &c., of the students, and asking the Warden to recommend young men to that institution.—Referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

From Geo. W. Grote, presenting an account of the constable at Langstaff for $8.25.—Filed.

A petition was read from Judge Wilkison and others to have telephone communication between the Court House and the town.—Referred to the Committee on County Property.

Moved by Mr. DIAMOND, seconded by Mr. SHARP, that the Reeves of the different municipalities, with the Warden, be a committee to equalize the assessment.

Moved in amendment by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, seconded by Mr. REID, that Messrs. Lane, Wagar, Diamond, Davis and the mover and seconder, be appointed the Committee.—The amendment was lost and the original motion was carried.

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

ONT., FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 31.

Moved by Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. T. G CARSCALLEN, that the usual grant of $200 be made in aid of the County model school.—Carried.

Capt. POLLEY gave notice that to-morrow he would introduce a by-law to extend the time between the nomination and municipal elections in Amherst Island.

The Council then adjourned till tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 a.m., the Warden in the chair. All the members were present. The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

The communication in reference to the preservation of forests which was laid over from yesterday was referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Capt. POLLEY introduced a by-law to extend the time between the nomination day in municipal elections in Amherst Island, and polling day, nomination day being the next Monday before the last in December. The by-law was read the first time and the Council went into committee of the whole on the second reading, Capt. Polley in the chair. At this point Mr. Lane rose and requested that the by-law be amended by associating Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby with Amherst Island. This was granted and the committee rose and reported on the by-law as amended. The report was received and adopted. Upon motion the by-law was signed, sealed and finally passed.

Moved by Mr. DIAMOND, seconded by Mr. BALL, that Messrs. A. Martin, H. M. Deroche, C. Fessenden, D. Hicks and F. Burrows, I. P. S., be members of the Board of Examiners of Public School Teachers for the current year.

With the consent of the mover this motion was laid on the table until the afternoon session.

The report of the grand jury of the County Court was then presented. On motion of Mr. Ham, seconded by Mr. Parks, the report was referred to the Committee on County Property to report.

The following accounts were then disposed of:—Robt. Light, lumber, $2.55, referred to Committee on County Property; County Clerk, postage, assessor's guides, etc., $10.20, referred to the Committee on Education and Printing; Brown Bros., registers, etc., $50, referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

The Treasurer's statement was then read as follows:—

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures for Lennox and Addington from the 1st day of March, 1884, to 1st day of June, 1884.

RECEIPTS.

County Rate	$ 2,747 00
Debentures	1,500 00
Napanee High School (Gov.)	403 00
Newburgh " " "	254 00
Administration of Justice (Gov.)	501 38
License	32 00
Back Taxes	11 17
Canada Company (for taxes in Sheffield, &c)	185 40
Camden School Rate	599 00

Napanee and the Township of Denbigh Abinger and Ashby, and that the Warden and Clerk be instructed to sign said petition and attach the seal thereto:—Carried

The matter of appointing a Board of Public Instruction was asked to be laid on the table until the afternoon. Mr. Ham had investigated some of the accounts and wished a further investigation.

Moved by Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, that the matter go to the committee on Education and Printing.—Carried.

Mr. SHARP called attention to a grant of $300, instituting a telegraph connection at Amherst Island.

Capt. POLLEY wished the matter left over till next session for consideration. This was granted.

Mr. HAM moved the first reading of a by-law for the purpose of dividing the County of Lennox and Addington into High School districts.

The by-law was read the first time and the second reading was deferred.

The Council then adjourned until 2 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council came to order at 3.30, the Warden in the chair.

Mr. HAM introduced the question of insurance upon the Court House which expired to-day. Tenders had been received and the lowest was for 70c. per $100 dollars. One party, however, after this was found out tendered at 50c. He wished to know whether the Council would bear them out in accepting the lowest tender.

Mr. T. G. CARSCALLEN explained the matter.

Moved by Mr. BALL, seconded by Mr. LANE, that the tender of Mr. T. G. Davis for 70c. on the dollar be accepted.—Carried.

Mr. WILSON presented the statement of the County Treasurer for amounts due from the different municipalities on county rate for 1883:—Ernesttown, $34.28; Camden, $300; Sheffield, $550.40; total, $884.68.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. PERRY introduced a by-law to create a road in the township of Camden, a county road to be known as the Newburgh and Croydon County Road.—Referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Mr. HAM presented the report of the Equalization Committee as follows:—

Your Committee on Equalization appointed to examine and equalize the assessment of the different municipalities of the county for the purpose of levying the county rate for the current year, would submit the following schedule as in their opinion an equitable equalization:—

	Acres.	Am't of Assessm't.	Am't Equalized.
	11,585	$ 430,107	$ 357,262
	14,673	270,610	334,055
	2,154	114,229	100,000
	84,189	1,600,075	1,786,313
	26,919	40,032	29,917
	61,596	1,586,895	1,786,313
	23,007	579,765	650,000
	20,315	703,641	650,000
	45,324	71,728	70,396
	3,200	125,075	133,041
		924,950	609,000
		933,662	900,000
	48,679	456,988	452,975

Respectfully submitted.

ter, of 18th March, which was the only communication I had received from him on the subject. As I had said nothing in my letter of 11th February about varying any conditions, it is clear such a letter as Mr. Roe speaks of having written could apply only to my second letter to Wilson in March. Certainly I never received either that letter or the by-law.

Your obedient servant, J. M. MACHAR.

Mr. HAM said he had no reason to believe that Mr. Machar would write that he was prepared to make a tender of 105 if it were not true. He thought it was one of those unfortunate things that often occur for which nobody is to blame.

Mr. WILSON denied that Mr. Parks had given the council information of better terms being at hand, and also that the correspondence had not been read, but he was afterwards forced to admit that all the correspondence had not been read, one letter of Mr. Machar's being at the time in the possession of Mr. Roe. He stated that on the Saturday after receiving Mr. Machar's letter of 11th of Feb. he handed it to Mr. Roe instructing him to answer it. Mr. Roe says he answered the letter in Toronto on the following Monday but did not make a copy of what he wrote. He considered he should not be held responsible if the letter miscarried. He thought that the Clerk being the paid servant of the council he should attend to the correspondence.

Mr. PARKS held that the matter was not referred to the Clerk but to Mr. Wilson and it was the latter's duty, as the advertisement stated, to furnish the information.

After a general discussion the committee visited Mr. Roe's residence and obtained for him a statement that he answered Mr. Machar's letter in the Legislative building in Toronto, and handed it together with a copy of the by-law and the minutes to a page to be mailed. The com. then adjourned. They have not yet made their report.

COUNTY COURT AND GENERAL SESSIONS.

A Light Docket—Three Civil Cases, Only one of Which Goes to Trial.

The General Sessions for the County of Lennox and Addington opened at the Court House on Tuesday afternoon before His Honor Judge Price of Kingston. The civil docket comprised three cases and the criminal one—a case of larceny. The cases were all handled by members of the local bar.

THE GRAND JURY

was composed of the following gentlemen:—Cyrus W. Huffman, foreman; R. Brown, Thos. Bycott, Henry Craig, Byron Derbyshire, J. W. Dorland, Thos. Empey, Alex. Glenn, S. E. Hawley, Joseph Hambly, J. C. Johnston, John Lee, Geo. Miller, Henry Ovens, John E. Purdy, B. S. Rockwell, Miles Simmons, Thos. Trumpour, John Vanest, Nathaniel Wilson, Peter Wartman, E. C. Warner, Chas. Williamson and F. H. York.

His HONOR in charging the Grand Jury congratulated them on their duties being very light. The only case to come before

License	32 00
Back Taxes	11 17
Canada Company (for taxes in Sheffield, &c.)	185 40
Camden School Rate	599 00
Cash on hand per C. B.	11 87
Cash A. Dominion Bank	5,099 65
	$11,945 16

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries	$ 804 07
Interest	1,513 66
Public Schools	889 18
Gaol	345 65
Court House	523 55
Public Instruction	65 30
Administration of Justice	790 68
Printing, Stationery	230 28
County Council	386 50
Roads and Bridges	90 00
Napanee High School	806 00
Newburgh High School	508 00
Gas	2 96
Auditors	80 00
Debentures	2,000 00
Contingent	117 50
County Roads	110 00
Cash on hand 1st June	40 98
" in Dominion Bank	1,190 85
On deposit receipt re-McKenzie	1,500 00
	$11,945 16

The statement was referred to the Finance Committee.

The Council then adjourned till 2 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Upon resuming—the appointment of five Public School Examiners was brought up, but at the suggestion of Mr. Ham the matter was deferred till to-morrow. He thought a reduction in the number could be made. Mr. Wilson stated that the Board last year cost $365.14.

Mr. PERRY gave notice of a by-law to be introduced by him to-morrow to provide for the road in the township of Camden from Files' Corners to Hamilton's Corner, Croydon, being made a county road, the same to take effect 1st Jan., 1885.

Mr. HAM submitted the report of the special committee on the U. E. Loyalist monument, which recommended a grantoof $200 to be paid when the monument is erected. The Council went into committee of the whole on the report, Mr. Ham in the chair. The adoption of the report was moved by Mr. Perry, seconded by Mr. Ball.

Mr. REID moved, seconded by Mr. SEXSMITH, that the grant be conditional on a monumont to cost $1,500 being erected.

The vote was a tie but the chairman giving his casting vote for the amendment it was carried.

Upon the report being submitted in Council Mr. MALLORY moved, seconded by Mr. BALL, that the Council go back into committee for the purpose of striking out the amendment clause in the report. The motion was lost on the following division :—

YEAS—Ball, T. G. Carscallen, Lane, Lloyd, Mallory, Polley, Perry, Parks, Sharp, Wilson—10.

NAYS—Bosleay, Brown, J. C. Carscallen, Davis, Denison, Diamond, Ham, Johnston, Reid, Sexsmith, Wagar—11.

Mr. WILSON moved, seconded by Mr. BALL, that the report be laid over till tomorrow.—Carried.

Accounts were presented from Mr. T. H. Waller and Mr. Boyle, which were referred to the County Property Committee toreport.

The Council then adjourned till Thursday morning.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The council met persuant to adjournment, the Warden in the chair. The minutes of yesterday's proceeding were read and confirmed.

An account of T. S. Henry was handed in for advertising, stamps and cards amounting to $22.35 Referred to the committee on Printing. The account of A. T. Harshaw & Co. supplies for gaol, was ordered to be paid.

Moved by Mr. LANE, seconded by Mr. PERRY, that the Postmaster-General be petitioned to re-establish direct mail between

	Acres.
Adolphustown	11,585
Amherst Island	14,673
Bath	2,154
Camden	84,180
Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby	26,919
Ernestown	61,596
North Fredericksburgh	23,067
South "	30,3154
Kaladar and Anglesea	45,324
Newburgh	3,200
Napanee	
Richmond	48,679
Sheffield	56,988
All of which is most respectfully subm	

The report was adopted on the following division :—Yeas—Messrs. Ball, J. C. Carscallen, T G. Carscallen, Davis, Denison, Diamond, Johnston, Mallory, Polley, Parks, Sharp and Wilson—12. Nays—Messrs. Bosleay, Brown, Ham, Lane, Lloyd, Perry, Reid, Sexsmith and Wagar—9.

[The remainder of the report is held over until next week.]

The Debenture Sale Committte.

This Committee met after the adjournment Tuesday and elected theWarden, chairman, and Mr. Parks, secretary. A motion was passed requesting the editor of THE EXPRESS to appear before the committee. The committee then adjourned till Wednesday.

Upon resuming, Mr. O'Beirne appeared and stated that while he did not hold himself responsible to any other tribunal than the public for any opinions he expressed in his journal on public matters, he would as an act of courtesy and in the interest of the county, answer any questions put to him and give any information he possessed that might throw any light on the transaction. He then stated that immediately after the March session it was brought to his notice that Mr. Machar, a leading lawyer of Kingston, was prepared to offer $630 more for the debentures than the price accepted by the council, but was detained till too late in getting in his offer because of his not having received the necessary information on which to base his tender, notwithstanding that he had written several letters asking for the information. He obtained copies of the correspondence and published it in THE EXPRESS of April 4th, together with comments he believed just and proper. He requested Mr. Parks to read a letter he had received a few days ago from Mr. Machar, which substantiated everything that had been printed in regard to the matter in THE EXPRESS.

Mr. Ham then read the article referred to.

Mr. Parks submitted the following letter which he read :—

KINGSTON, 7th June, 1884.

IRVINE PARKS, ESQ., Napanee, Ont. :

Re County Debentures.

DEAR SIR,—Pursuant to your request, I beg to state the following facts for your information in this matter :

(1) On 11th February, at request of a client, I wrote Uriah Wilson, Chairman of Finance, asking particulars of certain debentures ($33,000) of the County of Lennox and Addington, offering for sale. My client had seen an advertisement, referring inquiries to Wilson, and wished to know "due dates" of different debentures, so that he could make a tender. If he had been aware that only about $3,000 would mature every year from 2 to 11 years, he would have then tendered for the whole 105 at least, and was prepared, if necessary, to buy at a rate to yield him about five per cent. on his investment.

(2) To this letter I never received any reply.

(3) On 3d March I wrote to J. Herring for some information, having had no answer from Mr. Wilson. I wrote that I had seen the advertisement for the first time and desired to base tender.

(4) I enclose the further correspondence which please return. On receipt of F. A. Roe's letter of 12th March, I wrote him requesting a copy of the answer he stated had been sent to my letter to Mr. Wilson of 11th February.

(5) The debentures were on 12th March sold to Mr. E. H. Smythe, of this place at 103 1-8.

(6) On 19th March I received A. H. Roe's letter from York.

His HONOR in charging the Grand Jury congratulated them on their duties being very light. The only case to come before them was one of larceny. He called their attention to the fact that a vagrant named Rickley was now in gaol on a commitment which did not specify the length of time he was to be confined therein. He pointed out that the man would have to remain in gaol for life at the expense of the county if some action was not taken to have the commitment quashed. He understood that the man was able to work and was anxious to be released, but as no person had authority to order his discharge while the commitment remained in force he would suggest that they consider the matter and recommend the County Council now in session to instruct the County Crown Attorney to institute proceedings to have the commitment quashed. In paying a tribute to this county for the absence of crime within its borders he referred to the executions which had taken place that day in the adjoining county of Prince Edward, which had long borne the reputation of being the most law-abiding county in the province, and also to the sad shooting affray in which a little boy shot his brother, which only a day or two ago took place in Kingston. The former was the result of crime superinduced by drink and the other through the facilities afforded small boys of procuring firearms. He (His Honor) was told by a hardware merchant that the majority of revolvers was purchased by boys under fifteen years of age and another gentleman had told him that as many as eight small revolvers had been found with one boy in Kingston. People had lately become so prone to attribute most of the crimes and casualties to drink that they had seemed to lose sight of other causes. He believed a great deal of crime was caused by liquor, but he also believed that if a law were passed prohibiting the sale of firearms to small boys crimes and casualities would greatly decrease. He also referred to the tramp nuisance and urged municipal councils to see that their constables and magistrates were on the alert against these gentry, as with the approach of hard times a large influx of these organized marauders might be expected in rural districts. In referring to the grand jury question he remarked that while in this county there might not be any apparent necessity for continuing such an expensive institution, yet in other parts of the Dominion it was found very necessary and legislation was designed for the general good. He thought, however, grand juries might render greater services to the country by discussing, especially on occasions like the present when their duties were light, matters tending to improve the criminal law, the result of their deliberations being embodied in their reports. He then instructed them as to their duty in inspecting the gaol and the jury retired.

THE CIVIL LIST

comprised the following cases :—

ALLISON VS. ROBLIN, ET AL.—Action for damages for cutting timber on plaintiff's property. Settled out of court. Mr. D. H. Preston for plaintiff ; Mr. A. L. Morden for defendant.

MCDOWELL VS. FILES.—Action to recover value of an organ which had been left on approval by plaintiff at defendant's house, which it was charged defendant wantonly destroyed with an axe. Settled out of court, plaintiff receiving $70, each paying his own costs. Deroche & Madden for plaintiff ; Gibson & Clute for defendant.

FERGUSON VS. PERRY.—Action on contract for sale of a threshing machine. This is the only case that went to trial. Judgment reserved. Mr. John English and Mr. A. L. Morden for plaintiff ; Mr. D. H. Preston for defendant.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public. Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D, M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C, Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE

Miscellaneous Cards.

FOR SALE—From one to three first class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships.

CHARLES LANE.

Napanee, Feb. 21, 1884. 15-5mos.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationary, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 15

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

19 F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot, Centre Street.
Wharf Property.
Store and Lot, Dundas Street.
Building Lots, Robinson and Richard Sts.
Farm and Mill Property, Croydon.
Farms in Sidney, Hasting County.
Oil Lands.

And all other property belonging to the estate of John Stevenson, deceased.

Apply to the executors,

HOWARD S. STEVENSON.
JOHN H. STEVENSON.
W. H. STEVENSON.

Napanee, April 9th, 1884. 22-3mos.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPANEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

JAS. MEAGHER, Roblin's Hill.

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Establ'shed 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro Curative Belts, Insoles and

NEWS ITEMS.

What is Being Said and Done all Over the World

There is to be horse racing on Sundays in Chicago unless the indignant Sabbatarians can prevent it, as they have set out to do.

Prof. Henry Wade Rogers undertakes to show in a *North American Review* article, that the plots of the dynamiters do not fall within the provisions of the international neutrality act.

The number of female physicians at present practising in Russia amounts to 350, of whom there are no fewer than 100 in St. Petersburg itself.

What is known as the "Taxanome Company" of Hamburg has started vehicles provided with an apparatus which, by the turning of the wheels marks the exact distance run.

Spofforth of the Australian eleven, the bowler of the century, in a recent cricket match in England, took seven wickets in six overs and three balls, and the entire eleven opposing him were dismissed for seven runs.

Having lost her singing voice, Aimee will next season come to America to act in dramas. "When I can't speak," she lately said, "I'll go into pantomime. There's nothing like adapting one's self to circumstances."

The old steamer Wilson G. Hunt, which went round the Horn in 1849, and made bushels of money running between San Franscisco and Sacremento, is now lying on the beach at Victoria, B C. She is worn out, and will never turn another wheel.

A Kansas girl was caught in male attire, and as she refused to pay a fine of $10, a Justice sent her to prison for ten days. As there was no worse intention in her conduct than to play a prank, and the State has no law against what she did, her rich father has sued for damages.

The present ruler of Afghanistan boasts of his skill as a mechanic, a musician, and a physician. In each capacity he believes there is no Afghan to equal him. To expect truth from an Afghan is like looking for water in a desert, says a writer in the London *Times*, but it is said that Abdurrahman is an accomplished liar and an adept in the art of chicane. He is averse to the practice of making oaths, but when he does make one it is considered a sure sign that he has no intention of performing what he has promised.

Cincinnati is superstitously interested in the case of a woman who, falling asleep in a railroad train dreamed vividly that her child at home had been hurt. She was so deeply impressed by the vision that on arriving in the city, she drove directly to a physician's office and carried him hastily to her residence, where the youngster was found to have been thrown from a swing at precisely the time that the mother had dreamed. The story is told circumstantially by the persons concerned.

Although the people of Ireland are mostly Roman Catholics, those who rule Ireland are nearly all Protestants—as in Dublin the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Chancellor, Chief Secretary, Under Secretary

Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. L. LESLIE, Proprietor.

(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

FOR SALE—A first-class Brick Dwelling and Lot, on the corner of Centre and Isabella Streets. The house is well finished and has every convenience. Excellent out-buildings and garden; most desirable location. Without doubt the cheapest property in Napanee. Apply to Robert McDonald, Proprietor, Tichbourne House. 20

FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition. Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1881. 24

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

YOUR FORTUNE!

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps, we will send by mail, post-paid, as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [3]

(Establ'shed 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis, Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

☞ Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. D.

INDEX

To Diseases, Complaints and Accidents which Hagyard's Yellow Oil is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in Man or Beast.

TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR

CROUP,	COUGHS,
CRAMPS,	SORE THROAT,
ASTHMA,	COLDS, &c.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY FOR

RHEUMATISM,	NEURALGIA,
CHILBLAINS,	CALLOUS LUMPS
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GALLS,	FROST BITE,
LAMENESS	CORNS,
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LUMBAGO,	ITCH,
DEAFNESS,	PAIN IN BACK,
SPRAINS,	PAIN in SIDE, &c.

Every bottle guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE. PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors

TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New Y-

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vandel arclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

Dublin the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Chancellor, Chief Secretary, Under Secretary two Assistant Secretaries, Chief, and Secretary of the Local Government Board, the three Commissioners of Public Works, the assistant Commissioner and Secretary, the Commissioner of Valuation, the Director of the Geological Survey, the Chairman of the Prison Board, the head of the inland revenue, the Comptroller of Stamps the Postmaster and the Register-General.

Prof. Reuger, on feeding his monkeys, in Paragua, with eggs, observed that at first they smashed them and then wasted much of their contents; but they soon learned to hit one end against some hard body and pick off the bits with their paws, and if they cut themselves once with any sharp tool, they would either not touch it again or handle it with the greatest caution. Lumps of sugar are given them wrapped up in paper, and sometimes a live wasp was put in to try them, so that in hastily opening the paper they got stung; but after this had once occured they always held the packet to their ears to detect any movement.

Perhaps the most curious battalion in any army is the Norwegian Corps of Skaters, It is composed of picked men armed with rifles, which they use with great precision. The skates used are admirably adapted for travelling over rough and broken ice and frozen snow, being six inches broad and between nine and ten inches long. The soldiers can be manœuvred upon ice or over the snow fields of the mountains with a rapidity equal to that of the best trained cavalry. As an instance of the speed at which they can go, it is stated that a messenger attached to the corps has accomplished 120 miles in eighteen hours and a half, over mountains.

A military writer in the Paris *Soir* points out the advantages to be gained by France, both strategically and commercially, if the Great St. Bernard were tunnelled through, so that Calais might be united in a straight line with Brindisi. At present, the writer states, the St Gothard Tunnel has been productive of great damage to the existing French line, and he calls on his countrymen not to stand passively by while the trade of England and Belgum, the Indian mails, and the industry and commerce of the northern departments of France all find their way over the German line. He proposes that either the Great St. Benard, the Simplon or Mont Blanc should be pierced the first, however, being the one through which a tunnel might be most advantageously made from a strategic point of view.

Another huge diamond has been discovered. On the 27th of March last, a digger at the Kimberley Mines, South Africa was fortunate enough to find a diamond measuring $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches in length and $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter, weighing no less than 302 carats. This is by far the largest gem yet discovered in South Africa, or, in fact elsewhere. If we except the Pitt and Mattam (of a flask shape) in their uncut state, and some diamonds of apocryphal history. It is a perfect octahedron in shape, and of the usual Cape or off color. Some years ago its value would have been simply enormous. At present, however, it is reported that $15,000 has been refused for it in its uncut state.

The Welbeck Tunnel, which the late Duke of Portland, the "Invisible Prince," created for his workmen to pass through on coming to and returning from work, without disturbing the serene repose he longed for, is one of the wonders of the world. During the day it is lighted by enormous plate glass bull's eyes, superseded at night by hundreds of gas jets. The floor is excellently asphalted, and the tunnel is high enough and wide enough for carriages to pass along. Stepping into it during the hot days of summer, one feels as if he had walked into an icehouse, and the whole length of its interior can be traversed without catching the slightest glimpse of the abbey, or the beautiful park under which it passes.

A singular accident occurred recently at Naples in the Church of San Maggiore, where some priests of the so-called mission are now preaching. The preacher of the evening had chosen for his theme the terrors of hell. The church was crowded. Near the pulpit stood a figure of the Madonna. All at once, in the middle of the sermon, the lights went out, and the figure of the Madonna disappeared. The priest, striking the desk with an iron chain, cried out: "We are falling into hell! Look, the Madonna has fled! Call on her; call, or woe to us!" The panic was universal; women fainted, children screamed, and there was a rush to the doors, which were found to be carefully closed: At last the police appeared on the scene and got the doors opened, and the congregation escaped into the open air without injury, beyond a few bruises and the loss of various articles of wearing apparel.

The famous jackdaw of Rheims has been outdone by a British tomtit. At Shenbridge Hall, the residence of Mr. Lockett, in England, the hall letter box is placed in a gate at the roadside, and Mr. Lockett, expecting a check from Liverpool, went to the box. He discovered that the envelope had been tampered with and the check abstracted. Coming to the conclusion that he had been robbed, as the letter itself remained while the check had been taken, Mr. Lockett at once rode to Nantwich and gave information at the Post Office and at the police station. On returning later he examined the letter box more closely, and then found several tomtits in it, and further investigation led to his finding the missing check lying twenty-six yards away on the turnpike road, whither it had evidently been carried by a tomtit. Marks of the beaks of the tomtits were found on the letter and the check, and the latter being folded very small, its abstraction was easy.

Among the 86,000 non-commissioned officers and men constituting the British home army on the first of January, and including all young soldiers, there were under 5 feet 5 inches in height 10,622: between that and 5 feet 6 inches, 11,944; between 5 feet 6 inches and 5 7 inches there were 15,810, and nearly the same number, or 15,499, 5 feet 8 inches or an inch under; between 5 feet 8 inches and 5 feet 9 inches there were 12,763; between 5 feet 9 inches and 5 feet 10 inches 8,725; and between 5 feet 10 inches and 5 feet 11 inches, 5,373. Above that height there were only about 5,000 men,

A FEW HINTS

FOR THE USE OF

AYER'S PILLS

DOSE.—*To move the bowels gently, 2 to 4 Pills; thoroughly, 4 to 6 Pills. Experience will decide the proper dose in each case.*

For **Constipation**, or **Costiveness**, no remedy is so effective as AYER'S PILLS. They insure regular daily action, and restore the bowels to a healthy condition.

For **Indigestion**, or **Dyspepsia**, AYER'S PILLS are invaluable, and a sure cure.

Heart-burn, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach, Flatulency, Dizziness, Headache, Numbness, Nausea, are all relieved and cured by AYER'S PILLS.

In **Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders,** and **Jaundice,** AYER'S PILLS **should be** given in doses large enough **to excite the** liver and bowels, and remove **constipation.** As a cleansing medicine in the **Spring,** these PILLS are unequalled.

Worms, caused by a morbid **condition of** the bowels, are expelled by these **PILLS.**

Eruptions, Skin Diseases, and Piles, the result of Indigestion or Constipation, are cured by the use of AYER'S PILLS.

For **Colds,** take AYER'S PILLS to open the pores, remove inflammatory secretions, and allay the fever.

For **Diarrhœa** and **Dysentery,** caused by sudden colds, indigestible food, etc., AYER'S PILLS are the true remedy.

Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and Sciatica, often result from digestive derangement, or colds, and disappear on removing the cause by the use of AYER'S PILLS.

Tumors, Dropsy, Kidney Complaints, and other disorders caused by debility or obstruction, are cured by AYER'S PILLS.

Suppression, and **Painful Menstruation,** have a safe and ready remedy in

AYER'S PILLS.

Full directions, in various languages, accompany each package.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS

NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN.
CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work

We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend it to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills, George Cliff,
Scott & Perry, W. A. Embury,
Robert Light, F. W. Little.
John A. Cliff, Robert McMullen.
Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

PARTICULARLY ADAPTED

TO FARM USE!

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

First Class Engineer and Machinist,

and are now in a position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 8

SEASON OF 1884

5 feet 11 inches, 5,575. Above that height there were only about 5,000 men, and one-fifth are in the Household Cavalry, of whom 665 are over, and 378 less than an inch under, 6 feet. In the Guards notwithstanding the lowering of the standard from 5 feet 8 inches, there are but 505 men between 5 feet 7 inches, the new, and 5 feet 8 inches, the old, minimum. In the mater of chest measurement there were 2,376 under 33 inches and 5,513 between that and 34 inches. For each increased inch above that the respective numbers are 13,796, 16,303, 17,106 and 13,690. Above 38 inches the number are, of course much less.

Worship in a Japanese Temple

This is a common custom among the old people of the Buddhist faith. Having closed their account with life, they devote their remaining days, be they few or many, to propitiating Buddha, wearying him with incessant prayer for admittance into the heavenly state. We saw many of these people in the temple. Two, a neat old lady and a vigorous old man, were noticeable for the businesslike way in which they set about their task. They had taken possession of one of the little chapels that abound in the temple, a small alcove with a shrine crowded with gods, and filled up with little trays bearing food, each labelled with the name of the donor. Both man and woman were on their knees, and each had a tiny wooden hammer with which they incessantly struck a small gong. The old man, with the selfishness of his sex, had in addition possessed himself of a large bronze bell. From time to time he struck this, its sonorous notes drowning the sound of the woman's gong and fixing the attention of Buddha exclusively upon him. All the while both man and woman rapidly prayed, the old man occasionally breaking forth in song, with most comical effect. Like Ito's mother, they had come here in the early morning, and evidently meant to stay till the place closed. On a cloth before the shrine was a handful of copper coins, doubtless the joint offering of the worthy couple. Judiciously distributed, a 3-penny bit will go a long way in this kind of expenditure, and a day so spent need not be costly.—*Temple Bar.*

When distance lends enchantment to the view, does the view ever return it?

Says an advertising agent, "You might as well attempt to shampoo an elephant with a thimbleful of soap-suds as attempt to do business and ignore advertising."

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

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N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

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MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
JOHN DOXSEE, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

NATIONAL PILLS

SUGAR COATED. PURELY VEGETABLE

Highly recommended for **Biliousness, Head-Ache, Constipation, Indigestion, Dizziness, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Loss of Memory, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint,** or any illness arising from the **Stomach, Bowels** or **Kidneys.** They are safe, mild and thorough in their action. From 1 to 3 pills is a dose. PRICE 25c. PER BOX.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand.

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
Briscoe House Block

Napanee, Dec. 13, 8

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises, and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester.
(Unsurpassed in the world.)

The Celebrated Toronto Mower,

The Massey Mower,

The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake,

The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.

The Wisner Seeder,

The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)

The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this season,

The Port Perry Gang Plow.

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all changes made with ropes from the floor of the barn. The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous

"CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ **A full line of repairs constantly on hand.**

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas St

THE MYSTERY OF THE LAKES.

Cayuga's Bed of Craters—A Subterranean River Between Superior and Ontario.

"If you are ever drowned in Cayuga Lake, your friends need not go to the expense or trouble of dragging the lake for your body, for they'd never find it."

This was the cheerful remark made by a resident of Ithaca, who has a taste for geological research, and who has indulged it during the past few years in investigating the bottom of Cayuga Lake.

"From all I have been able to discover," said he, "the bottom of Cayuga Lake is a series of large openings and cavities, many of them resembling the craters of extinct volcanoes. Some of these are a hundred feet in diameter, and are all surrounded by raised rims, like the sides of a milk can. These craters, as I believe they are, lie at different depths, or, rather, are of different heights. Their depth I have never been able to sound, although I have lowered many hundred feet of plumb line into them. They are undoubtedly fathomless, and have become receptacles of the bodies of the hundreds of persons who are known to have been drowned in the lake during the past half century, and of the undoubted thousands of people killed in the fierce battles that were frequently waged on the shores of the lake between hostile tribes of the 'original people' years before the white man appeared on this continent.

"It was in Cayuga Lake that the wretch Rulloff lowered the bodies of his wife and child, enclosed in a chest, after he had murdered them, twenty years ago. The weeks that were spent in dragging for the chest was time thrown away, for it had sunk into the mouth of one of these

DEAD VOLCANOES,

and, if it is not sinking yet, is no doubt floating about in the bottomless depths where, in the ages past, fire and smoke and ashes were the dominant element.

"Within forty years between two and three hundred persons have been drowned in Cayuga Lake, to recover the remains of whom the grappling iron and drag have been used industriously, but in vain. If it were possible for one to make the rounds of this lake's crater-like bed, he would, beyond doubt, encounter hideous charnel houses beyond number—caverns where thousands of grinning skeletons have found their own sepulchre, subterranean catacombs without end. Water taken from a depth of 300 feet in Cayuga Lake—which must have been from one of these cavities—is strongly charged with sulphuretted hydrogen, nitrogen, carbonic acid, and the carbonates of lime,

"Cayuga Lake has also a mysterious tidal motion. It is irregular in its occurrence, but very decided. The phenomenon has been known to appear twice a year, and then two years or more have elapsed between its periods. The water frequently recedes fifty feet, the ebb is gradual, but the flood tide comes in with considerable force and rapidity. This phenomenon is also noticed on Seneca Lake, which is divided from Cayuga by the high Seneca county hills. The surface of Seneca Lake is sixty feet above that of Cayuga Lake, but I believe its bed is of the same remarkable character

Prehistoric Man In Egypt and Syria.

A gala meeting was held by the Victoria Philosophical Institute of London in the second week in May, at which its members gave a worthy welcome to Vice-Chancellor Dawson, C. M. G., of McGill University Montreal, at whose instance the British Association visits Canada this year. The Society of Arts kindly lent its premises for the occasion, and its great theatre was crowded in every part long before the hour of meeting. The chair was taken by Sir H. Barkly, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., F.R.S., who—after the new members had been announced by Captain F. Petrie, the secretary—welcomed Dr. Dawson amid loud applause, and asked him to deliver his address. It was on "Prehistoric Man in Egypt and Syria," and was illustrated by large diagrams, also flint implements and bones collected by Dr. Dawson himself on the spot during his winter tour in the East; Professor Boyd-Dawkins, F.R.S., kindly assisted in the classification of the bones. In dealing with his subject, Dr. Dawson remarked that great interest attaches to any remains which, in countries historically so old, may indicate the residence of man before the dawn of history. In Egypt, nodules of flint are very abundant in the Eocene limestones, and, where these have been wasted away, remain on the surface. In many places there are good evidence that the flint thus to be found everywhere has been, and still is, used for the manufacture of flakes, knives and other implements. These, as is well known, were used for many purposes by the ancient Egyptians, and in modern times gun-flints and srike-lights still continue to be made. The *debris* of worked flints found on the surface is thus of little value as an indication of any flint-folk preceding the old Egyptians. It would be otherwise if flint implements could be found in the older gravels of the country. Some of these are of Pleistocene age, and belong to a period of partial submergences of the Nile Valley. Flint implements had been alleged to be found in these gravels, but there seemed to be no good evidence to prove that they are other than the chips broken by mechanical violence in the removal of the gravel by torrential action. In the Lebanon, numerous caverns exist. These are divided into two classes, with reference to their origin, some being water caves or tunnels of subterranean rivers, others sea-caves, excavated by the waves when the country was at a lower level than at present. Both kinds have been occupied by man, and some of them undoubtedly at a time anterior to the Phœnician occupation of the country, and even at a time when the animal inhabitants and geographical features of the region were different from those of the present day. They were thus of various ages, ranging from the post Glacial or Antediluvian period to the time of the Phœnician occupation. Dr. Dawson then remarked that many geologists in these days had an aversion to using the word "Antediluvian," on account of the nature of the work which, in years now gone by, unlearned people had attributed to the Flood described in Scripture, but as the aversion to the use of that word was, he thought, not called

PLANTATION NEGROES.

The Life of Field Hands—Their Domestic Relations.

Plantation negroes are, to those who see them for the first time, most miserable specimens of "men and brothers," if they are to be judged by their external appearance. They are usually very black in color, with pronounced negro features, and ignorant. In some cases they are but a few degrees above the animals. They live only in the present, know nor care nothing for the future, and seem to regard freedom as only the means of deciding for them whether they will work or remain idle, and, as may be supposed, if bacon and corn bread could be had without the labor, it is safe to say they would remain idle. I was told however, despite their dejected, work-a-day look, they are a very happy and contented people, and they are treated with much consideration and kindness on the two plantations I visited, being allowed to build huts and cut all their firewood on the lands, and in illness cared for either by the overseer or owner, who employs a physician in urgent cases. These plantations have also stores upon the grounds wherein the hands can buy at market rates all the necessaries of their lives, food, clothing, and shoes—in fact, anything that can be had at the usual or "general country store." And this has been done in order to keep the "plantation hands" at home, for if during the plantation season the hands can get off to town after a pay day there is no chance of their return until all their money is spent and either work or starvation stares them in the face. And, as most plantation hands are born and raised in the work, they know no other. Occasionally a more ambiguous or intelligent one will aspire to "learn to be a barber," and leave his "native heath," but it is said that they do not as a rule take to education, and prefer to remain ignorant and work by day, and if they can dance and frolic by night they are content with life as they find it. Their domestic relations and moral life is better left unquestioned in many cases, although the law compels marriage. It is often honored in the breach only, but they have the enthusiastic religious "revivals," and their colored preachers are ever on the plantations and hold services in their church at "Orton" for the religiously inclined. Some of the women seem disposed to think that the lives of "house servants" are more enviable than their own, working as they do in the hot fields, but it is not an energetic longing and involves too much thought to be put into active execution. One rather bright-looking young woman, to whom I spoke, asked me if I thought I could get her a "place" as cook at the north. I asked her what wages she earned as field-hand, and she said: "Mostly $3 a week, but they say I could get $12 for a month as cook!" Her mental arithmetic was a little off, but she was in earnest. I told her I did not think she would like the northern states, it was so much colder, and she laughed and said: "That's what they all say, miss; mebbe I would not." Freedom means to this class of people only the ability to earn money and provide for themselves, instead of having

bed is of the same remarkable character. Seneca Lake rises and falls as much as three feet during the time of its tidal commotion, which is also irregular in its periods. I believe there is

A SUBTERRANEAN RIVER

running from Lake Superiors through Lakes Huron and Michigan, under Lake Erie, and emptying into Lake Ontario. There is no other way in which to explain certain mysteries connected with our great lakes. The surface of Lake Superior is about 650 feet above tide, while its bed is about 260 feet below tide level. Lake Huron's surface is 50 feet below that of Superior's, and its bed is about on a level with Superior's. The surface of Lake Michigan is 300 feet lower than Lake Huron's, and its bed is sunk a corresponding distance to the level of the other two lakes. Lake Erie's surface is nearly as high as Lake Michigan's, being 565 feet above tide, but its bed is also above tide, being 350 feet higher than the ocean level, consequently its bed is 250 feet higher than those of the lakes above it. Lake Ontario's surface is the lowest of all the great lakes, being less than 500 feet above tide, but its bed is 260 feet below the ocean, or about the same level as Michigan, Huron, and Superior. So there is a continuous fall from Lake Superior to Ontario, and all the outlet that the upper lakes have that is known is the comparatively insignificant Detroit river. That stream never can care for all of that great pressure and volume from above, and the theory of an underground river such as I mentioned, seems to me most reasonable. All the St. Lawrence fishes are taken in every one of the lakes but Lake Erie. Why? Because they follow the course of the subterranean stream, passing 300 feet beneath the bottom of Lake Erie, and enter the waters of the upper lakes. The great lakes above Lake Erie have an occasional flux and reflux of their waters, corresponding with ocean tides save in regularity.

"The subterranean river, according to my theory, becomes occasionally obstructed by great obstacles that are constantly moving down from the lake bottoms. Then the channels of outlet are insufficient to carry off the great volume of water, and they are dammed back and the lakes rise. Finally these obstructions are swept away by the irresistible pressure, the river flows naturally once more, and the dammed waters subside. That is the whole mystery of the rise and fall of the tides in the great lakes."

Patience strengthens the spirit, sweetens the temper, stifles anger, extinguishes envy, subdues pride; she bridles the tongue, restrains the hand, and tramples upon temptation.

Advice is like snow; the softer it falls, the longer it dwells upon, and the deeper it sinks into, the mind.

Bacon is generally cured by smoking, but there are some hogs who are never cured by riding in a smoking-car.

"You are the most stuck-up chad I ever saw," remarked a young lady to a youth whom she met at a taffy pull, to which he retorted: "And you are just as sweet as you are candied." Another leap year horror!

for in these days, he hoped it would pass away. Speaking as a geologist, from a purely geological point of view, and from a thorough examination of the country around, there was no doubt but what there was conclusive evidence that between the time of the first occupation of these caves by men—and they were men of a splendid physique—and the appearance of the early Phœnician inhabitants of the land, there had been a vast submergence of land, and a great catastrophe, aye a stupendous one, in which even the Mediterranean had been altered from a small sea to its present size. In illustration of this, the caverns at the Pass of Nahr-el-Kelb and at Ant Elias were described in some detail, and also, in connection with these, the occurrence of flint implements on the surface of modern sandstones at the Cape or Ras near Beyrout; these last were probably of much less antiquity than those of the more ancient caverns. A discussion ensued, which was taken part in by a number of distinguished Fellows of the Royal Society, including Sir H. Barkly, F.R.S., Professors Wiltshire, F.R.S., Warrington Smyth, F.R.S., Rupert Jone, F.R.S.; Colonel Herschel, F.R.S., the talented son of the late Sir John Herschel; Dr. Rae, F.R.S., the Arctic explorer; Dr. Dawson, F.R.S.; Mr. D. Howard the vice-president of the Chemical Institute, and other geologists. The meeting afterwards adjourned to the Museum, where refreshments were served.

It was Sent to Her House.

A certain pretentious shopper, after teasing the clerks of a dry goods store beyond the forbearance limit, pompously ordered a spool of thread to be sent to her house. It was agreed that she should be made an example of, and a warning to her kind. She was surprised, and her neighbors were intensely interested, shortly after she had arrived at home. A common dray drawn by four horses proceeded slowly up to her door. On the dray, with bare arms, were a number of stalwart laborers. They were holding on vigorously to some object which she could not see.

It was a most puzzling affair. The neighbors stared. After a deal of whip-cracking and other impressive ceremonies, the cart was backed against the curb. There reposing calmly, end up, in the centre of the cart floor, was the identical spool of thread which she had "ordered." It seemed to be coming all right. With the aid of a plank, it was finally rolled, barrel fashion, safely to the sidewalk. After a mortal struggle it was "up-ended" on the purchaser's doorstep. The fact that the purchaser came out a minute later and kicked her own property into the gutter detracted nothing from it.

"That's the trouble in this part of the country," remarked a Texas editor, as a bullet crashed through the window and took a piece of his ear off. "You make a paper interesting and newsy, and you have got to dodge around to keep it up."

"Well, Johnnie," said a doating uncle to his little nephew, who had been fishing all day, "did you catch a good many fish?" "No, uncle, but I drowned a good many worms," was the reply.

everything provided for them, and it will be a long, long time before they are elevated or educated sufficiently to understand how much has been done for them. —*Wilmington (N. C.) Cor. Troy Times.*

GRAINS OF GOLD.

You will never convince a man of ordinary sense by overbearing his understanding.

A vigorous mind is as necessarily accompanied with violent passions as a great fire with great heat.

That state of life is the most happy where superfluities are not required, and where necessaries are not wanting.

Discretion and hardy valor are the twins of honor, and nursed together make a conqueror; divided, t a m ere talker

Some people are always finding fault with Nature for putting thorns on roses; I always thank her for having put roses on thorns.

To educate a youth so that he shall have a strong moral character, do not isolate him, but teach him to come out unscathed from temptation.

This is the law of benefits between men: the one ought to forget at once what he has given, and the other ought never to forget what he has received.

Falsehood is in a hurry; it may be at any moment detected and punished. Truth is calm, serene, its judgment is on high; its king cometh out of the chambers of eternity.

Those men who destroy a healthful constitution of body by intemperance and an irregular life do as manifestly kill themselves as those who hang, or poison, or drown themselves.

The everyday cares and duties, which men call drudgery, are the weights and counterpoises of the clock of time, giving its pendulum a true vibration, and its hands a regular motion.

Poetry teaches the enormous forces of a few words, and, in proportion to the inspiration, checks loquacity. Great thoughts insure musical expressions. Every word should be the right word.

Strength of character is not mere strength of feeling. It is the resolute restraint of strong feeling. It is unyielding resistance to whatever would disconcert us from without or unsettle us from within.

There is poetry and there is beauty in real sympathy; but there is more—there is *action*. The noblest and most powerful form of sympathy is not merely the responsive tear, the echoed sigh, the answering look, it is the embodiment of the sentiment in *actual* help.

A Hindoo was utterly puzzled by the use of the word *baptism* in the sentence. "He that believeth and is baptised shall be saved." *Bap*, he knew, meant father; *tis* he could not make anything of; but *ma* meant mother. He, therefore, concluded that on believing Jesus Christ would be his father and mother.

A man being accused of being so mean that he would quarrel about a farthing, retorted: "I know I would and I'm proud of it; for everybody knows that the 'less' one quarrels about the better."

The Government of London.

We are apt to think of London as a single, vast city, covering a wide area and teeming with a population of four millions of souls. What we do not fully realize is, that London, while geographically a great and compact mass, is, politically speaking, simply a combination of a large number of separate towns, each partially independent, in government, of the others.

What is called "the city of London" is but a very small part of the metropolis. The "city" comprises only about a square mile, and has a population at night of only about fifty thousand. It is this small section, consisting mainly of the business and financial quarter of London, which is ruled over by the Lord Mayor and Corporation.

Otherwise London is divided up into a large number of parishes, which are governed by "vestries," and into boroughs, like Westminster and Southwark, which have still another kind of government.

There are one or two "Boards" indeed, which exercise their functions throughout the whole area of the metropolis. These are the Board of Works, which establish the roads, make regulations for health, and look after the sewerage, water, and so on; the School Board, which presides over the national schools, and the Board of Police Commissioners, who manage the police force of the entire city.

Justice is meted out in the large part of London by police magistrates, who are appointed and salaried by the State. But in the "city" proper the Lord Mayor and Aldermen are the magistrates, serving—like the English country magistrates—without pay.

The many evils attendant upon the divided government of London have long been recognized; and now a bill has been introduced into Parliament changing the various local and independent systems, and combining London under one central system.

This measure proposes, indeed, to make London a sort of municipal federation, which we may compare with the United States. The Lord Mayor, chosen, not as now, by a small body in a single locality, but by the representatives of the whole metropolis, will find his authority extended throughout its limits. The Board of Aldermen is to be abolished, and a Common Council chosen by and for all London.

At the same time each parish and borough is still to have its local body, acting under the general one, and managing its local affairs, just as do our States under the general Government at Washington.

The present Corporation of the "city" is thus made the basis and nucleus of the new single government which is to hold sway, not over fifty thousand, but over four millions of people.

In making this great change, the Cabinet proposes that the people to be governed shall have a much larger share in electing their civic rulers than they have hitherto had, either in the "city" or in the parishes. The government of the "city" has already been chosen by the "livery-men" and the various trade guilds. Now, the mass of those who are interested in the conduct of municipal affairs will have a voice at the polls as to who shall assume it.

QUEER FACTS AND HAPPENINGS.

A New Albany firm gives every twentieth customer the amount of his purchase. The plan takes well.

"I have buried six family physicians, and still live," said Col. George L. Perkins of Norwich, Conn. He is 96.

The 14 year old daughter of George Wilhelm of Lima, O., jumped the rope 256 times and fell unconscious. She lay in that condition for twenty days before she died.

An enormous tree on the farm of James Reese, near Mountain Creek, Ga., was washed by the floods sixty feet from its place and is left standing upright. Foilage still covers it.

John Lowell of Wessington Springs, Dakota, was to be married on the 30th ult., but on that day he was compelled, unaided, to bury his affianced, her whole family having the diphtheria, and the neighbors being too much alarmed to assist.

A tourist in Montana travelled eight days and nine nights in the direction indicated by a finger board which read, "Six miles to Miles City," before he reached that place. Then he learned that the sign had been carried off by Indians, and stuck up there where he saw it.

A remarkable case of change of color is exciting the medical men of Santa Barbara, Cal. Four years ago a man named Pina was of very dark complexion. White blotches began to appear on his skin and now he is as white as any man, save on part of his face and hands.

G. L. Record of Vicksburg has an odd strawberry patch in which the plants are very prolific. He bored holes in rows around a hogshead at regular intervals of six inches, filling the hogshead with earth and set a strawberry plant in each one of the holes, besides putting a number on top. There are one hundred plants growing from the sides of this novel garden. Some of the berries are ripe and have attained great size, one measuring three inches in circumference.

Austria's Empress.

The empress is at once proud and capacious, says a Vienna letter to the *London Daily News*, and in some ways one of the most interesting, as well as extraordinary, women of her rank that the century has produced. She is equally proud of her hair and her figure, the first being as abundant as a Magdalen's—the latter slender as a girl's. The former she wears as loosely as possible; the latter she tightens as much as she can. Her waist belt used to be shown as curiosities in exhibitions. They measured only eighteen inches in circumference. I can remember but one other woman with a waist so small.

The emperor has always been a model husband, so far as admiration for his wife's beauty is concerned. He is reported to have said on one occasion that "the Empress Eugenie might be the most beautiful woman in the world if there were not my wife."

When the shah of Persia travelled some years ago in Europe, the Empress of Austria was the only sovereign who would not receive him. She shut herself

COOKING RECIPES.

Doughnuts.—One pint of sour milk, two eggs, one cup of sugar, one half teaspoonful of soda, lard size of an egg, salt.

Sally Lunn.—Three tablespoonsful of butter, two tablespoonsful of sugar, one cup of milk, three cups of flour, two eggs, one teaspoonful each of cream tartar and soda.

Layer Cake.—One cup of butter, three eggs, one and one-half cups of sugar, two and one-half cups of flour, one and one-half cups of milk, three teaspoonsful of baking powder.

Clear Soup.—Four pounds of beef, one-half gallon of water, boil slowly eight hours; skim and strain then add two onions, three stalks of celery, salt and pepper and boil twenty minutes and strain.

Poached Eggs.—Fill a frying pan with boiling water, add a little salt and vinegar. Break eggs, one at a time, into a wet saucer: slip upon the surface of the water, cook slowly three minutes. Take up with a skimmer.

Boiled Spice Pudding.—One cup of molasses, two cups of water or one cup of milk, one cup of suet or one-half cup of butter, one cup of raisins, four cups of flour or three and one-half cups when milk is used, one teaspoonful of soda, spice to taste.

Fig Pudding.—One and one-half pounds of flour, one and one-half pounds of figs chopped fine, one-half pound of beef suet, one half pound of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, a little spice, three eggs; mix with milk, tie in a cloth, and boil for four hours.

Chicken Soup.—One chicken jointed, two and a half pounds of beef cut into stripes, two onions, two turnips, one-half cup of sago, pepper and salt; chop onions and turnips: put all to boil in seven quarts of water. Take out meat and put into a jar. Strain soup through a sieve. Cook two hours more.

Lyonnaise Potatoes.—One quart of cold boiled potatoes cut into dices, one tablespoonful of chopped onion, three tablespoonsful of butter, one tablespoonful of parsley chopped fine. Fry the onion in butter till yellow, then stir in the potatoes and parsley, one teaspoonful of salt, one-half teaspoonful of pepper. Stir carefully with a fork so the potatoes will not get broken.

Beards.

Shaving became almost universal with the Restoration, the Second Charles, with whom the growth seems to have been naturally deficient, setting the fashion. Still, there were those who refused to surrender the beard. In Ely Cathedral, for instance, as late as the first decade of the eighteenth century, we see a bearded effigy of a Bishop of the See. Then came a long period, lasting down almost to his generation, during which no words were hard enough for the audacious creature who dared to show himself in the haunts of his fellows as, as it may be presumed, Nature had intended him to be. He was supposed to be revolutionary in politics, and heretical in faith, if not positively an atheist. Persons not yet middleaged will remember how fiercely the controversy

in the conduct of municipal affairs will have a voice at the polls as to who shall assume it.

All the important functions, in short, of the municipal rule except poor relief, education, and police, are to be given to the new corporation. The council thus created is to consist of two hundred and forty members, this entire body being elected every three years. Of these, the "city" proper will have thirty members. The Lord Mayor will be elected by this council, and will be paid such salary as it chooses to vote him.

Each of the old vestry districts will have its "district council," all the powers of which will be derived from the general Common Council, and the members of which will be chosen by the voters of the locality itself.

Such are the main features of the scheme for the union of London into one great central government.

Russian Longevity.

Says *Chambers' Journal:* From a correspondent who has passed some years in Russia, we learn that in the village of Vellkotti, in the St. Petersburg government, an old woman is living who has just attained her 130th birthday! The old lady is in the enjoyment of good health, but complains of her deafness (and no wonder.) Her hair is still long and plentiful, considering her age. She spent her youth in great poverty, but is now pretty well off. She has outlived three husbands; and had a family of nineteen children, all of whom have been married, and are now dead, the last one to die being a daughter aged 93. She lives with one of her great-grandchildren, a man of 50. Our correspondent also informs us that a few months ago an unusually curious wedding took place in Ekatterinoslay, in Russia. The bridegroom was 65 years old, the bride 67. By former marriages, each of them have children and grandchildren, and even great-grandchildren living in the same town. The bridegroom's father, now in his 103d year, and the bride's mother, in her 96th year, are still alive, and were at he wedding.

Jealous Millionaires.

Speaking of the hatred of wealth, I observe a great deal of rancor between millionaires themselves. Gould and Vanderbilt are reputed to loathe each other. It is only lately that the Astors and Vanderbuilts came to speaking terms. When Villard went under the expressions of delight were by no means confined to men who had envied him in prosperity. And now that Jim Keene is suffering a disaster there is positive hilarity among Wall streeters. It seems to me that a mob which should pillage one millionaire's property would be encouraged and abetted by most of the millionaries. The joy is quite unconfined over Keene's downfall, however, on account of his personal obnoxiousness. Few men went near to him, on no matter how trivial the business, without going away inveterate enemies. He had a needlessly harsh, insulting manner, and rarely modified it on any occasion or towards anybody. It is not manly or courageous to strike a dead lion, but there are few men in Wall street who ae not this week doing it.—*New York ror. Utica Observer.*

some years ago in Europe, the Empress of Austria was the only sovereign who would not receive him. She shut herself up in a country castle all the time he was in Austria. She never could be induced to go to Paris during the empire, the style of living at the Tuileries not being to her taste. A short time ago, also, when passing through Paris, she would not go to the Elysee to return the president's visit. She never follows a fashion, it is said, but makes her own fashions, and, as all her inventions are suited to her own peculiarities of person, they do not become any other women. It was she who introduced the abominable fashion of high shouldered sleeves fulled in on the shoulders, a fashion which does little to her artistic taste, to say the least.

Altogether, however, Austria is proud of its empress, who, take her all in all, is a wonderfully attractive woman for her age. I must add that no woman ever studied her own beauty so much as the empress does. Every hour of the day is employed in its conservation. She rises at daybreak and goes to bed at dark, to keep her complexion clear, and she spends the day on horseback to keep her figure trim. Her food and drink are carefully regulated, and for the same object. This certainly better than painting her face, but it is a life of sacrifices which few women would be willing to lead, even for beauty's sake.

Earth Tremors.

Earth tremors produced by artificial disturbances, such as the passing of carriages or trains, the movements of machinery or bodies of people, are at our disposal for daily observation. At Greenwich Observatory the tremulous motion in the soil, especially noticeable on bank holidays and at all times when Greenwich Park was unusually crowded, resulted in the construction of an apparatus in which the dish of mercury used in the determination of the collimation error of the transit circle was suspended by flaccid springs. By means of this contrivance the tremulous motions of the ground were absorbed before they reached the mercury, and the difficulty of observation was overcome. French engineers, working with delicate surveying instruments in crowded cities, have similarly been compelled to suspend a portion of their apparatus, so that a steady image could be obtained. Professor H. M. Paul, seeking for a site for the Naval Observatory at Washington, found that the image of a star reflected from a tray of mercury was disturbed by a train passing at the distance of a mile. Lieutenant Colonel Palmer, when engaged in observing the transit of Venus in New Zealand, discovered that a ditch a few feet in depth was sufficient to entrench his instruments against the disturbance created by trains passing at a distance of 700 yards. Captain Denman found the effect of a goods train to be transmitted 1100 feet above marshy ground, but vertically above the train, passing through a tunnel in sandstone, disturbance extended only 100 feet. One result obtained from these and numerous other observations upon artificially produced tremors indicates that these disturbances were superficial, and although they may creep up the surface of a gentle sloping hill, their spread is checked by a steep cutting.

and heretical in faith, if not positively an atheist. Persons not yet middleaged will remember how fiercely the controversy raged. It sounds ludicrous now to a younger generation, which, thanks to the struggles of their elders, enjoy a perfect freedom in such matters; but it was not a laughing matter at the time. Bishops and judges, as has been said before, not only denounced, but persecuted, the beard. Masters forbade it to their employees. A West-End Bank, with a certain humour that does something to atone for the tyranny of the act, issued an edict that "gentlemen were not to wear beards or moustaches during office hours." Congregations deserted ministers who had the presumption to appear as according to all tradition, and indeed all probability, the founder of their religion appeared. Slowly the opposition became less vehement. A bearded clergyman was appointed to a Bishopric (not in England, it is true—that has not yet, we think, happened)—and declined to follow the suggestion of his Metropolitan, and shave. Now, every man may do as he pleases; but certainly, while he has to own a record of such unreasonable intolerance on the part of his own sex, he cannot say much about feminine subservience to Fashion.

A New Cure for Rheumatism.

A correspondent writing to *Notes and Queries* from Lincolnshire, England, says: "I am told that in the villages near here confirmation is considered a safe cure for rheumatism, and that, consequently, old persons are in the habit of presenting themselves to the Bishop from time to time, as often as they can get an opportunity, to receive the rite. The following story was told me lately as a fact, though I cannot be responsible for its absolute truth. The present Bishop of Lincoln, knowing of this belief, was on one occasion almost convinced that he had already lately confirmed a certain old man who presented himself among the candidates, and therefore he sent Archdeacon K. to ask him. The Archdeacon went up to him, saying. 'Have you been confirmed before?' but the man was deaf, so he had to repeat his question, adding, 'The Bishop thinks he has confirmed you before.' But the old man was, or pretended to be, still unable to hear, so the Archdeacon spoke again in a louder tone: 'The Bishop feels sure that he has confirmed you before.' Then the old man, hearing at last, and being perhaps a little nettled, replied gruffly. 'Tell un he's a lee'er, with which unique answer the Archdeacon was forced to be content."

Darwin says there is a living principle fruit. But we suppose he refers to the worms.

"What do we need of a navy?" asks an excited contemporary. To look after our floating debt, of course.

We must never undervalue any person. The workman loves not that his work should be despised in his presence. Now God is present everywhere, and every person is His work.

"And now, Mrs. Sullivan," said the counsel, "will you be kind enough to tell the jury whether your husband was in the habit of striking you with impunity?" "Wid what, sir?" "With impunity." "He was sir, now and thin; but he struck me oftener with his fist."

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1884.

—Hon. J. G. Blaine, of Maine, has received the Republican nomination for the Presidency. His candidature is very unpopular with a large section of the party.

—The plain English of it is put in this concise style by the Tory editor of the Winnipeg Sun:—"'Protection to home industry' was a good phrase to conjure with some years ago, but the settler up here now understands it. It means that the Eastern manufacturer, finding that he was losing money, got Parliament to pass an Act enabling him to levy a tax upon the people in order to keep his business going. That is the plain English of it."

—The Adolphustown U. E. L. Centennial celebration commences Monday next and will be continued till Wednesday evening. The programme, published in THE EXPRESS last week, furnishes an excellent bill of amusement. It is reported that Sir John Macdonald will not be present on Monday but Sir Richard Cartwright and the other prominent speakers announced will positively be on hand, so that the disappointment will not be so great. It is to be hoped that the weather will be favourable and that the attendance will be large as is fitting for so important an occasion.

—Henry Ward Beecher lectured in Toronto a few evenings ago on "Evolution." The object of the lecture was to show that the theory of Darwinian evolution was in harmony with Christianity. The lecture was, of course, very clever and contained some good points along with many bad ones. Mr Beecher has, during the past few years, thrown aside orthodoxy and become an out and out Unitarian. It was his new view of religion that he presented to his Toronto audience, but not satisfied with confining himself to his subject he went out of the way to caricature in a coarse manner revivalists and their mode of conversion. The lecture was evidently a bid for the applause of the

A BUNGLED HANGING.

TOMPSETT AND LOWDER SWING INTO ETERNITY.

Horrible Suffering of the Wretched Men.

Early Tuesday morning in the neighboring town of Picton two men expiated the crime for which they were convicted, under circumstances which will never be forgotten by those who witnessed the hanging. Joseph Tompsett and George Lowder, aged 34 and 24 respectively, were sentenced to hang for the murder of Peter Lazier, who resided near the village of Bloomfield. The evidence was largely, in fact entirely, circumstantial. Though the trial was long and conducted with perfect fairness, and though the jury were unanimous in their verdict, the prisoners stoutly maintained that they were innocent. The murder was something new in Prince Edward County, and the execution stirred the people as they had not been stirred for years. Sheriff Gillespie, who much disliked the duties of the office, was literally besieged for tickets of admission to the gaol.

THE CLERGYMAN'S STATEMENT.

When the gaol was visited late Monday evening the condemned men were in a peaceful mood, the Rev. Mr. Loucks having spent some hours with them. Mr. Loucks and Rev. Mr. Coulthard had from the time of conviction of the men constantly attended them, and given them all the spiritual consolation they could. They wanted him to remain all night with them, but he said they had better rest. As he passed out of the gaol he remarked to the reporters, "They appear to be calm and resigned, they maintain innocence, and I believe that young Lowder is as innocent of committing the foul murder as I am, and if I believe the testimony of a man about to enter eternity I must believe that Tompsett is also innocent. His dying statement is to that effect. I have seen persons on their dying beds less contented than these poor fellows. To-day their friends called and bade them adieu. I was not present, but I am told the scene was most affecting. Tompsett's wife after her departure saw me and sent to her husband a cheering and loving message. "The men," Mr. Loucks went on to say, "have been most cruelly maligned by the papers. They have been trodden upon by a relentless public. I have warned them to tell the truth, and both called God to witness that they had neither part nor lot in the murder of Peter Lazier.

ALL HOPE ABANDONED.

In the afternoon of Monday the Sheriff obtained a telegram from the Secretary of State which ended all hope of reprieve. It read: "The sentence of death pronounced upon Joseph Tompsett and George Lowder is to be carried into effect. Answer repeating message." Later on a confirmatory message was received. It read: "The law must take its course."

THE LAST SLEEP.

After Rev. Mr. Loucks left them the convicts retired to their beds calm and collected, and having prayed long and fervently they slept quietly. At 3:30 o'clock Tompsett awoke and asked the time and resumed his slumber. Shortly before five o'clock the men arose. They were joined by Mr. Loucks, who remained with them till after six o'clock. Rev. Mr. Coulthard then entered and stayed with them until after seven o'clock. His final interview was deeply affecting; both prisoners broke down.

THE LAST MEAL.

About six o'clock they partook of breakfast, which they ate heartily afterwards. They then changed their prison clothes for those sent from home. Long before this

The rope was under Lowder's chin and the spectators remarked that his neck was broken as they heard it crack. Lowder struggled greatly, but at the end of five minutes the choking noise ceased, though his pulsation continued for nine minutes. Tompsett died hard—struggled and twitched, and kicked the pinions off his legs. Several times he drew them up and threw himself forward. His hands also were thrown around as much as the pinions would admit, and the spectators sickened at the sight.

A WISE MOVE.

The hangman disappeared, not waiting to hear the comments upon this dreadful bungling, and those who saw the hanging were also glad to leave the scene, and many wished they had never witnessed it. The hangman did not understand his business, and the case will strengthen the agitation for the appointment of one skilled in the dreadful work of death by hanging. At the end of 14 minutes the heart of Tompsett ceased to beat. Lowder's face, after hanging, was fearfully distorted, and very black, while Tompsett's was more natural.

The usual inquest was held and the bodies were interred in the gaol yard.

The following letters of Tompsett and Lowder were given Rev. Mr. Loucks, to be published after the execution:—

To the Inhabitants of the County of Prince Edward:—

"I thought I would write you a few lines before I die. I do not suppose anything I might say would cause you to change your minds regarding guilt or innocence, and even if I could it would be too late to rectify any mistake and bring me back to earth again. God is my witness that I am innocent of having anything to do with the murder of Peter Lazier, and when I am hung for that crime the innocent is punished for the guilty. I die bearing no malice or spite against any one, and my wishes are that all my enemies may be forgiven as truly as I hope to be forgiven for all my sins. Believe me, I do not die a murderer nor with a murderer's heart. If I knew who were guilty of the crime for which I am to suffer death I would make it known. I have not owned a revolver for two years past, and I have not fired one off for upwards of one year. I did not have a gun in my hands for six weeks previous to my arrest, and I was not in Mr. Gilbert Jones' house nor on his premises in my life to my knowledge. These are my last and dying words.

(Signed) GEORGE LOWDER."

TOMPSETT'S LETTER.

PICTON GAOL, June 9, 1884.

"Dear, kind and loving mother,—These are my dying words. I never knew that fatal shot was fired, nor that that man was killed, nor nothing of that murder; nor my boots never made them tracks; but the jury say I must die to pay some man's penalty. I am ready to die, but I die for something I never did. You want me to confess, but I never will to a crime I am not guilty of. I never was in Gilbert Jones' house in fifteen years, nor I never was at the door in four years. I never saw Jones get any money at the station, but I must say that it is like all the stories that are told of me. They won't let me alone and die in peace; they won't let my poor old father rest in the grave. You know father never had to pay one dollar for anything I ever done; but I forgive all those that swore false against me; I forgive all my enemies; I want them all to forgive me. With all the reports, no man can say I done him any wrong or took anything from him, but my shoulders, however, bore many wrongs that I never did. Mrs. Jones swore at the examination that the men were larger men than we were; and at the trial we looked just like the men. She said the man that fired the shot had on a gray suit of tweed. I had on my dark clothes that day. They say I fired the shot but thank God I was not there to fire any shot, so I cannot confess to that crime, nor I never will, if they will let me die in peace. I have made my peace with God. I would rather go to meet my reward than go to prison for life, so don't weep for me dear mother, sister, wife and daughter, for I am going to a better world where grief and parting is unknown." "All I can say will do no good; but if I could see you and tell you all about this, you would believe I am innocent. I declare to my God in these my last words. I never raised a hand to take innocent life nor slay my fellow man. I die an innocent man and I have made my peace with my Savior. I hate to leave you all but the law says I must. God does all things well. I have no spite or malice against any man. I forgive them all, hoping to meet you in a better world. I am happy. I

himself to his subject he went out of the way to caricature in a coarse manner revivalists and their mode of conversion. The lecture was evidently a bid for the applause of the unbelieving and anti-Christian part of the audience which he obtained. Mr. Beecher left Toronto with fewer admirers among the good Christian men of the city than he had before.

BAY OF QUINTE CONFERENCE.

The following is the programme of the Union Conference to be commenced here on the 19th June :—

THURSDAY 19TH JUNE.

Eastern church, 1.30 p. m., Conference prayer-meeting conducted by Rev. William Burns.

Western Church, 7 30 p m, Educational Anniversary, J R Jacques, D D, J. Bredin, S S Nelles, LL D, and G D Platt, M A.

FRIDAY, JUNE 20TH.

Western Church, 7.30 p m,—Missionary Anniversary, Revs. E N Baker, B A, J J Rice, W Jeffers, D D, and Judge Dean.

SATURDAY, JUNE 21ST.

Western Church, 7.30 p m,—Meeting for the promotion of Holiness, Rev J. Curts.

SUNDAY, JUNE 22ND.

Eastern Church, 9 a m,—Conference love-feast, Rev J W Savage.

10 30 a m, Rev A Carman, D D, General Superintendent.

2 30 p m, Sunday school addresses, Rev T Mavety, Rev J C Wilson, and E D O'Flynn, Esq.

7 p m,—Rev W Jolliffe—Communion of the Lord's Supper, conducted by Rev J S Clark.

Western Church, 10 30 a m—The President of Conference.

2 30—Sunday school—Addresses by Revs G Leech, M Wetherall and W H Emsley.

7 p m. Rev J Learoyd—Communion of the Lord's supper, conducted by Rev J Shaw.

Presbyterian Church, 10 30 a m—Rev T Copeland.

6 30 p m—F H Wallace, B D.

Music Hall, 4 p m—General temperance meeting—Revs Young, Stratton, Browning and Austin.

MONDAY, JUNE 23RD

Western Church 7 30 p m—Sunday school anniversary—Revs Simpson, Austin and Clarkson.

TUESDAY, JUNE 24UH

Western Church, 7 30 p m—Temperance anniversary—Revs Pickett, Campbell and Gould.

The ministers upon circuits adjacent to Napanee request assistance on Conference Sunday; we therefore make the following arrangements, subject to the approval of the brethren named.

Morven East, 10 30 a m—Rev T J Edmison, B D.

Morven West, 6 30, p m—Rev J J Ferguson.

Newburgh, 10 30—Rev C Fish; 6 30 Prof. Dyer.

Napanee Mills—T Limbert.

Odessa East—10 30 a m Rev J A Jewell, M A, 6 30, T R Hull.

Odessa West—10 30—Rev H Allen; 6 30, Rev Wm Buchanan.

Bath—10 30, Rev J H Chapman, M A; 6 30, Rev R W Marsh.

Selby—10 30. Rev Martin; 6 30, Rev R Mallet, B A.

Deseronto—10 30, Rev D E F Gee; 6 30, Rev W J Maybee, B A

Anderson's—2 30, Rev D Williams

Gretna—2 30, Rev W J Young.

If any of the ministers mentioned in the above plan are removed to another Conference the vacancies will be supplied by others hereafter to be appointed.

M L PEARSON.

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884.]

About six o'clock they partook of breakfast, which they ate heartily afterwards. They then changed their prison clothes for those sent from home Long before this they had been notified of the refusal of the Government to interfere, and they manifested no surprise, having become reconciled to fate, and expressed a preference to die rather than go to penitentiary for life.

OMINOUS SOUNDS.

They had heard men digging the graves without for a moment losing their composure. At seven o'clock a reporter gained admission to the corridor on which the cells faced, and at the request of the prisoners took their dying statements.

ANTE-MORTEM STATEMENT.

Tompsett spoke the words deliberately: "I am innocent of this crime. I knew nothing of the man's death directly or indirectly until I was arrested. Up to ten o'clock that night I was at Lowder's. This is the truth, so help me God, as these are my dying words" He added that he was happy, that he had spite towards no one, and that he was ready to meet death. He forgave everybody and loved everybody as Jesus loved him. He desired to give an emphatic contradiction to the statement that he had at a former period killed a man with bird shot. "I have never before been arrested," he said, "never been fined, and until now never been in gaol."

LOWDER'S WORDS.

Lowder said he had written something for Mr. Loucks addressed to the people of Prince Edward, and that it would be published in due time. He desired this statement to go to the press:—"I know nothing about the affair. I was not present when the man was shot, and I am not a murderer at heart. I have written a few lines for the public, and Mr. Loucks will publish them, and the papers can copy them. There is no use saying anything, for the public will not believe me. I was at home the time of the murder."

LAST PREPARATIONS.

At 7.25 o'clock the Sheriff entered the gaol preceded by Rev. Mr. Loucks. The men prayed earnestly, and when the Sheriff announced that they should make preparations they arose, removed slippers, and held out their hands to be pinioned. The hangman—masked in convict clothing—went to the gallows and awaited the coming of the men. At 7.45 the bell of St. Mary Magdalene's Church tolled, and at 7.50 o'clock the procession filed up the stairs, Sheriff Gillespie leading the way, followed by the surpliced Anglican clergyman. The prisoners followed, lead by the death watches. The gallows was erected in the south end of the gaol in a corroder. The trap drop was of 6½ feet. The beam from which the ropes dangled was of oak and the supports of the same material. The minister read the burial service as the men stood side by side on the trap, both trembling visibly, and the hangman stepped around with cat like tread, adjusted the nooses, and pinioned the convicts' legs. Lowder watched the proceedings in a distressed way, then threw back his head and prayed for divine assistance. Tompsett stood calmly, but the twitching of his fingers demonstrated his agitation. Mr. Loucks offered prayer while the hangman donned the black caps.

"HAVE YOU ANYTHING TO SAY?"

said the Sheriff. Tompsett was silent. Lowder, with deep emotion, remarked, "I have said all I have to say; I am ready to go to God." He continued to pray aloud, his speech being indistinct amid his sobs. There was a moment's suspense, the men edged nearer each other, and with difficulty shook hands and said good-bye. The Sheriff struck the floor with his sword, and with great noise the trap dropped at 7.56 o'clock. The rope slipped between Tompsett's right ear and chin, and he struggled desperately. I have made my peace with my God as the law says I must, to leave you all but the law says I must. God does all things well. I have no spite or malice against any man. I forgive them all, hoping to meet you in a better world. I am happy. I can give up all the comforts of this world for my hopes of heaven. My heart aches for my sweet little girl, but God will take care of her and you all, till He thinks it best to call you home to the better world on high. Dear mother, wife and daughter, don't think I am the cause of this disgrace on you for I am not. Good-bye and farewell forever till we meet in a better world.

Your loving son, brother, husband and father,

(Signed) JOSEPH TOMPSETT.

May 29, 1884.

Sad Accident at Kingston.

A most lamentable accident occurred at the house of Peter O'Neill, Bond Head-st., Kingston, on Sunday morning last. Peter O'Neill, aged four, while playing with his brother Tom, aged eleven, was fatally shot by him through accident. The particulars are as follows, as given by the boy who did the shooting :—

Shortly after 6 o'clock he awoke, the pain of his thumb preventing him from again falling asleep. He and Peter and Johnny, (the last named aged 13) were sleeping together. The little four-year-old brother was awakened by Tommy and they sat up, in bed. Then Tommy arose, crossed to the window and looked out. Peter was dancing upon the bed filled with childish happiness. In a few moments Tommy turned, and knowing that Johnny had a revolver in his pocket, fumbled through his clothes and captured it.

"Oh, Petey" said Tommy, "let us play. You be the robber and I'll be the peeler."

"All ite!" cried the little fellow, and he began to run up and down the bed.

"Hi there!" cried Tommy, an he drew up the revolver, and Peter laughed louder and romped about on the bed more than before.

Tommy by this time crying out "Hi there" pulled the trigger, cried out "bang" and there was a loud report. Peter, who was midway down the bed, ran up a few feet and fell upon the pillow. He didn't speak but raised his little hand nervously and apparently in great pain.

"Come, Petey, let's play it over again," said the innocent brother, but just then he saw the flow of blood staining the pillow, and he rushed from the room crying, "Mother, mother!" Johnny, the possessor of the pistol, was awakened by the report. The ball had passed right over his head. He jumped up and when his mother arrived handed the dying boy over to her.

Tommy, as he told the story in the police station, frequently cried. He said he did not know that the revolver was loaded. There was only one cartridge and it came to the nipple as the trigger was pulled. The revolver was, of course, confiscated. It was of the biggest size, and had been bought or borrowed by Johnny from George Clarke, a neighbor boy.

THE BOY PRISONER RELEASED.

After Tommy had made his statement the policemen conferred and decided to release him. The wounded child, very pallid, lay on the bed with a great rent in his cheek. His clothes were soaked with blood and the crimson, life-given fluid was dyeing the white coverlets. The mother sat beside the half unconscious child, her head and eye wrapped in white cloths. She had a terribly bloody eye, the result of a beating which she seems to have received. The life of the little fellow was fast ebbing. He struggled every little while and impulsively reached up his thin hand towards the wound, but his mother prevented him from touching it. There was positively no hope, as the ball had severed very important arteries. The nuns offered consolation as best they could, and shortly after dinner death came and the little sufferer was at rest.

ALL THE DEPARTMENTS

—AT—

DOWNEY & CO'S.

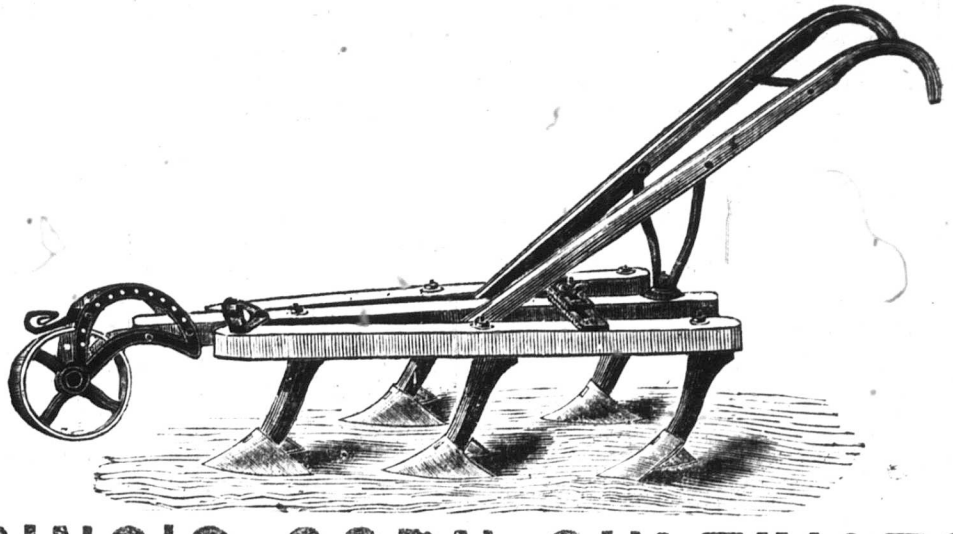
Our stock in each department is choice, select and reliable, therefore commands the attention of every person in want of good goods and good work. Although very busy still we have plenty of goods arriving daily to fill up the space made by goods going out, and we make every endeavour to fill all orders with promptness.

All our goods are marked at a very moderate profit therefore will be found cheap.

DOWNEY & CO.

TO INSURE AN INCREASED CROP OF CORN

or Potatoes don't neglect a day longer in purchasing one of



HERRING'S CORN CULTIVATORS !

It does the work of ten men.

The steels on our Cultivators are manufactured by the celebrated maker, Peckham, of Utica, N. Y. To all our teeth the standards remain good and the points, which will wear from one to six years, can be repaired at a very small expense.

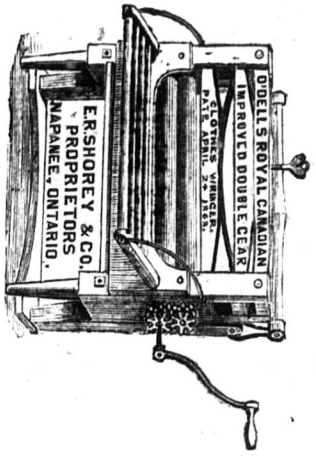
from one to six years, can be repaired at a very small expense.

These implements are growing in popularity and are being found indispensable on the farm. We are manufacturing an increased number this year to meet an expected large demand. Don't delay in leaving your order.

JOHN HERRING.

ROYAL

OVER 27,000



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CANADIAN WRINGERS

Sold in Canada. A household is not complete without one. Try one and be convinced of the fact.

My Stock of Groceries

Is now complete in every respect.

16 lbs. of Good Bright Sugar for	-	$1.00
3 " Good Japan Tea for	-	1.00
6 " " " " Dust for		1.00

My fresh ground Coffee is taking the cream off them all. It is just delicious.

All that have tried my new 50 cent Tea say that it cannot be excelled for the money. Call and be convinced.

Remember the place.—In the Express Steam Printing House Block.

P.S. -Nice Top Buggy for sale cheap, also House and Lot for sale. Cash paid for eggs.

R. A. SHOREY

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Addres

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,

Post Office Box 450. 41 Ann St New York 15-1y.

STEAM THRESHERS.

Cornell Engine and Wide Awake Seperator,

Manufactured by HAGGART BRO'S., Brampton. This machine has been improved for this seasons, work so as to be a perfect pea thresher, warranted.

Triumph, Horizontal and Woodbridge Upright Engines,

Manufactured by JOHN ABEL, of Woodbridge. Also PITTS' 10 and 12 Horse Power.

TRIUMPH REAPER.

Two Hundred of these Reapers have been ordered for Russia this season

MEADOW LARK MOWER

THE EXCELSIOR HAY CAR AND SLING,

For unloading hay, grain, lose or bound; Peas, &c. Don't believe what agents say about it, come and examine for yourselves.

CORN CULTIVATORS, NEW CHAMPION HORSE RAKE, STUMP MACHINE,

Two men will lift 3,500 lbs. and other agricultural implements.

☞ *Opposite the Cempbell House, Centre-St.*

J. N. McKIM.

1884 CENTENNIAL 1884.

THE BIG BOOT JUMBO.

Ladies see the Latest Boot, CLIMAX.

The Leading Boot & Shoe Store of the Peoples,

CAMPBELL HOUSE BLOCK, NAPANEE.

OUR BUSINESS STEADILY AND HONORABLY INCREASING.

Ladies' and Children's Goods a Specialty.

Thanks to everyone for your liberal patronage.

GEO. E. MAYBEE.

P. S.—See our Celebrated Maltese Cross Goods.

TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL

CHEESE MANUFACTURERS AND BUTTER PACKERS.

Having made a fine selection of the goods you require I am selling them at a very small profit.

Fine Dairy Salt in white Sack, $1.50; fine Franklin Dairy Salt in sack, $1.40; fine Dairy salt in sack, 90 cents; Quarter Sack Fine Dairy Salt, 50c.; Large, Coarse Sack Salt, 70c.; Best Seaforth Salt in Barrels, $1.25. Also the best WESTERN FLOUR, better than any I have received yet, just arrived. One trial is all that is required and you will use no other. The finest Bran and Shorts in town, cheaper than ever.

A full assortmeut of GENERAL GROCERIES. A fine line of TEAS and an extra fine raw SUGAR, 16 pounds for $1.00. Also a large assortment of BUTTER TUBS, in ash, hardwood and the best White Spruce. Give me a call and be convinced that you can get the best value for your money in town.

☞ Remember the Old Stone Building.

JOHN BLEWETT.

COUNTY NEWS.

Petworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

HYMENEAL.—On June 5th Mr. Richard Babcock, aged 75, was joined in wedlock to Margaret Mima, aged 22, daughter of Mrs. Mima, of this place. Early in the morning Mr. Reube Garrison, with his splendid team, escorted the happy couple to Verona, where the ceremony took place. Their return was greeted by the congratulations of friends, and to prevent any noisy demonstrations, the happy bridegroom asked the crowd to wait until Tuesday, when he would be prepared to treat his friends in good style, which he did to the satisfaction of the crowd who gathered. Noise and fun were kept up while the spirits supplied lasted. We tender our congratulations to the happy couple.

Yarker.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

After a week of intensely hot weather, a welcome rain came and has saved the grain and hay crops, which were suffering, especially on high lands with thin soils.

—It is expected the railroad will be finished to Tamworth this week. A switch and station are much needed here.

—Mr. A. C. Scott opens his ice cream parlor on Saturday, at which the Board will be present and Mrs Scott will be ready to supply the cooling cream to the happy ones.

—Mr. Burrows, Public School Inspector, visited the school Monday and found everything satisfactory. On Friday our teacher went to Napanee to attend the Teachers' Convention.

—On Friday morning Mrs. Walroth, wife of Mr. Garratt Walroth, sank to to rest after a long and painful illness which she bore with the utmost fortitude. She was highly respected by all who was acquainted with her, and they were many, from your own town and other places, especially the many commercial travelers who visited Yarker. She was earnest in her endeavors to entertain her guests, and in this she was very successful. No one ever left her table dissatisfied, but was loud in their praise of the treatment they received. On Sunday there was a large gathering of friends in the C M. Church to listen to the discourse of the Rev. Mr. Drew, upon the words of the Prophet Amos: Prepare to meet thy God. After the services in the church the body was taken to to the Wilton Cemetery, followed by a large number of friends. The pall-bearers were Messrs. J. V. Burns, William Gordon, Robert Graham, Sands Guess, J. Fry and Henry Ainsley.

Tamworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Weather extremely hot. Dusters, fans and ice-cream are in order.

—Rathbun's drive has passed through here. Toby says that the run of logs and timber on Wednesday exceeded anything of the kind for last 20 years.

—The great Mogul engine with 13 cars, loaded with ties, rail, &c., crossed the sink-hole this week all right. Several of our townsmen crossed on the train not only over the sink-hole, but from the township of Camden to the township of Sheffield, and now they are boasting that they entered the township on the first train that ever entered Sheffield.

—Our little town is just now crowded with strangers and it is quite difficult for them all to obtain hotel accommodations, although we have four large, well-appointed hotels.

—I suppose the lilliputian thinks that by his contradiction in last week's EXPRESS he has killed me outright, but he will have to repeat the effort several times before he convinces the people of Tamworth that I am wrong.

—Mr. J. W. Fuller has improved the appearance of his property very much by moving his barn from the rear of his shop to the back of the lot, thus giving a view of his fine residence from Main Street. Mrs. J. W. Fuller went to Kingston this morning, taking her daughter Carrie for medical treatment. She has been in a very poor state of health.

PERSONAL.—Mr. O. L. Herring, of Napanee, is at the Wheeler House. Mrs. Thomas Wheeler is still confined to her bed. Miss Rilla Smith, teacher of Tamworth school, and Miss Murray, teacher of Bell's school, went to Napanee on the 6th inst., to attend the teachers' association.

The county road engineer is raising the grade of Ottawa and Concession streets. It needs it, John.

Cloyne.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—For some time a drought was very much feared, but on Monday last, a welcome rain fell.

Desmond.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

POSTPONED.—On account of the centennial at Adolphustown, the social which was to be held here the 18th, will now be held Friday, the 20th. A grand time is expected.

Selby.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. Quigley started last Tuesday for Dakota to visit his son and look after some land he owns there.

—Some others of our citizens, it is rumored, will shortly visit Huron County, Michigan, with the intention of investing, if the land proves as represented.

—Rev. Mr. Ferguson delivered his farewell sermon (so expected) to his Selby congregation, last Sabbath evening in the brick church. It was one of his best efforts. Mr. Ferguson will leave many warm friends in this vicinity.

—Rev. Mr. Robinson has been absent for some time, attending the Brockville conference. He will preach a temperance sermon next Sunday evening in the stone church.

—An ice-cream social will be given in the Thompson school house, east of Selby, next Saturday evening, 14th inst. Music, recitations and readings will enliven the evening. Admission 15 c.

—Wednesday evening, 18th inst., an ice cream social or a fruit festival will be given in the brick church, Selby. Rev. Mr. Card and Miss Card, of Napanee, Rev. Mr. Robinson, Mrs. Robinson, the Selby choir, and others will assist in the entertainment.

Sillsville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—In spite of the long continued drought this part of the county is looking well, and if the showers of Wednesday do but continue to moisten the ground a good yield of all kinds is assured.

—A wedding on Wednesday of last week created quite a hum of excitement. The happy couple, Mr. Wm. Hurbet and Miss Cassie Youngs, have the congratulations of all.

—Messrs. Thos. and Felix Mellow have removed to Sandhurst. They are not entirely lost to Sillsville, however, as they are occasionally seen in this neighborhood.

—The return Base Ball match played in Bath on the 24th of May, between the club of that place and the Sentinels will be played on the grounds of the latter on Saturday, June 14. The score of 17 to 10, by which the Sillsville club were victorious, will probably be considerably lessened in the coming match, as the grounds of the home team are much smoother than those of Bath. A collection will be asked from the spectators of the game.

—Mr. D. Rikely is clapboarding and otherwise repairing his house. Coming events cast their shadows before and this is probably the prelude to a more interesting event.

—Our cheese factory is turning out a large amount of cheese of the finest quality. The amount of milk received is in excess of the most sanguine hopes of the stockholders.

A serious runaway occurred here on Tuesday of last week. Mr. Duncan Hough had harnessed a spirited young horse to a buggy for the first time. The rattle of the buggy over a piece of rough road frightened the animal, and caused it to rush against the fence and so escape from the grasp of Martin Hough, jr., who was leading him. He now became unmanagable, and escaped from Mr. Duncan Hongh, who had jumped from the buggy to stop him, and tore down the road, smashing three of the wheels of the vehicle and doing other damage before he was brought up by the lines winding about the axles and hubs.

—The centennial at Adolphustown is the main subject of conversation at present. The Sentinels propose camping on the ground and have entered for the prize to be given to the best base ball club. A challenge has been sent to the Clarks Mills team to meet them there. A hard struggle for the championship of this part of Ontario will no doubt be the result.

PERSONAL.—Mr. J. W. Hough, B.A., was visiting friends in North Fredericksburg for a day or two this week.—Mr. J. B. Robertson, of F. Calhaack's jewelry establishment was scalded about the face and head by the explosion of a spirit lamp on Saturday last. He is, however, regaining his beauty and enjoying a holiday at his mother's.—Miss Neely attended the Teacher's Convention at Napanee on Friday and Saturday of last week.

NEWS CONDENSED.

—Tilden will accept the Democratic nomination.

—President Arthur takes his defeat philosophically. He attributes it to the defection of the Edmunds men.

Is the only word competent to ex
or two.

Our stock of GLOVES AND
Collars, parasols, light summer Dr
constantly arriving and every vac

THE FOLLOW

Black and colored Lisle Gloves, bl
and 4, 6 and 8 button shapes. Bl
unlined, Zanilla and Cotton, beaut
to match our colored Buntings an
and "a thing of beauty and a joy
receipt of a large lot of rich black

We have no sympathy with t
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in Scotland did that, replied "so
how those gentlemen dress. But
to improve their personal appea
stock of best English and French
very best style and workmanship
last few days we will try to turn
termost with the great number of

We are now showing a new lo

GREAT KID GLOV

dark colors at 50 cents, and our 4
fresh stock of 6 and 8 button leng
to give satisfaction.

Another shipment of those cheap
close prices at Cheapside.

SPRING, 1884.

ENGLISH AND
Stylish Tweed Su
60 Pieces new Canadian Tu

—For some time a drought was very much feared, but on Monday last, a welcome rain fell, moistening the parched earth and giving a great stimulus to vegetation.

—On Sunday last, the Reeve of Denbigh, on his way to attend the County Council, called on some friends adjacent to this place, where he domiciled for the night, taking his departure for Napanee on Monday.

—A number of vehicles of the buck board style have been brought in lately. It is said they are better adapted to the roads in this section than any other.

—Reports coming from parties in the west, formerly of this place, are rather unfavorable, as it is said the labor market is overstocked, employment very difficult to obtain and the wages low.

—In numbers, audacity, activity and penetrating powers, the mosquito excels other insects or animals in the vicinity of the lakes and marshes, from five miles to an indefinite distance to the north. Though it is said their numbers do not at all compare with those of some years ago, yet their hum or song, to the unitiated is very discouraging, and betokens danger and distress.

—Mr. A. P. Wickware has been given one thousand dollars, colonization road money, to expend north of Cloyne Operations were begun about a week ago about five miles distant, and will continue towards the north till the money is spent. According to all accounts the road to what is called the head of the Massinoque is in a bad condition, and from the latter to the Snow road, and on to the Madawaska river, is not only dangerous but almost impassable, becoming more and more so as you travel north. The chief obstructions are the large heaps of stones and immense pine roots the rains and melting snow have laid bare, the material of which the road-bed is composed, being so easily moved and so difficult to solidify.

—The Government mining inspectors paid a visit to some of the mines in this section and gave favorable reports of the auriferous deposits.

Adventures of an Insurance Agent.

[Communicated to THE EXPRESS.]

DEAR JANE,—Yarker is fortunate in having a current of pure air continually passing over the place and so invigorating to the system that the inhabitants step higher and lighter than they do in other rural villages. It is thought by many that their robust appearance is due largely to the excellent bread they daily eat. It is manufactured in the place, weighs four pounds to the loaf and is as light as a man's conscience after he has freely contributed towards the minister's salary. It is no wonder Mr. Scott manufactures good bread for the Yarker grist mill turns out flour of a superior grade and as white as a charwoman's washing after using electric soap.

Notwithstanding the good health the inhabitants as a general thing enjoy, two eminent physicians are located here, and deal out pills and other nauceous mixtures to the ailing public.

The scenery here is delightful; the lovely fall of water puts one in mind of Montmorencey. The river at this point is quite narrow—

But farther up it's much wider,
So I'm told by Hial Snider.

There are but few private gardens but those they have are so artistically arranged that they present a pleasing appearance to the eye.

The country around here is not very prepossessing. There is a collection of houses a short distance below the village and it is generally acknowledged by all that

A man might better kick the bucket,
Than spend his days down in Wood Mucket.

In what particular part of the military drill are the Yarker young men proficient?

There is considerable talk here about the coming U. E. Loyalist celebration. Some of the inhabitants claim to be lineal descendants and are characterized by their intense loyalty to the Queen, and in case of trouble with a foreign power would no doubt be the first to buckle on the armour. Even now on public they are extolled for their pugilistic encounters.

Mine host professes to make a specialty of fancy drinks. I ordered a Suffolk Punch; I see he didn't like it but smiled as usual. His smile is worth two common sized laughs.

I have had the pleasure of forming the acquaintance of the gentleman you alluded to in your welcome letter of the 2nd inst. He is possessed of good morals and is a shrewd financier, and no doubt it will be a pleasure for you to hear that notwithstanding the beauty and accomplishments the Yarker young ladies possess he is still unmarried, and it's for you

My dear sister, to come and then
Trouble the heart of your friend Ben.

Your affectionate brother, WILLIAM.

Ashley's Hotel, Yarker, June 9.

P. S.—Tell mother I have a new pair of boots, made by Mr. Graham, of this place. He thoroughly understands his business and never uses paper insoles.

cally. He attributes it to the defection of the Edmunds men.

—Petitions are being circulated at Toronto, asking the city to suppress the noisy demonstrations of the Salvation Army.

—Burglars entered the store of Dominic Gibbins, Port Colborne, Monday night and stole $145 in cash.

—The bronze statue of the late Hon. George Brown may be expected to arrive here at the end of August or the beginning of September.

—Henry G. Venner, long known to the public as a weather prophet, and in education circles as a scientific man, died in Montreal on Monday. In him Montreal loses one of her foremost citizens.

—The sure effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla are thorough and permanent. If there is a lurking taint of Scrofula about you, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will dislodge it and expell it from your system.

—Two giant powder cartridges, with fusos almost entirely burned, were found on Saturday, under the lock-up, Northville, Fulton County, N. Y.

—A whisker dye must be convenient to use, easy to apply, impossible to rub off, elegant in appearance, and cheap in price. Buckingham's dyes for the whiskers unites in itself all these merits. Try it.

—Mr. H. C. Work, the song writer, who wrote "Marching through Georgia" and "Grandfather's Clock," died at Hartford, Conn., on Sunday evening.

—A man named Casse, acting as a private detective, fatally shot a man on Wednesday at Orillia. He was trying to make an arrest in a house of ill-fame, on a charge of robbery, and in a desperate struggle the accident occurred.

—As a sure remedy for Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Torpid Liver, Biliousness, &c., no medicine is equal to Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. 25 cents per bottle.

—A suit of pearls owned by the late Lady Otho Fitzgerald has been privately bought by Queen Victoria, for £40 000, and is intended as a present to Princess Beatrice.

—To cure Consumption, Ulceration in the Lungs must be stopped, the matter must be thrown off, the membranes and tissues healed and the system invigorated. Downs' Elixir will do all this. Try it. Every bottle warranted.

—China has conferred upon Admiral Lespes, commander of the French fleet in Chinese waters, the order of the Double Dragon, which carries with it the title of Mandarin.

—Health is a duty, disease a crime. Use Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters and be cured of all biliousness or liver trouble. 25 cents will buy a large bottle.

—J. A. Whelpley, of Greenwich, N. B., has invented a three-wheeled vehicle which can be turned safely in its own length. A carriage firm have already decided to introduce the invention in their works.

—Charles Clarke, of the Bay of Quinte House, Kingston, has a curiosity at his farm in the shape of a four-legged chicken. Two legs are in the usual place, the other two shoot out from under the wings.

"I had been for eight months unable to work and felt as though I would lief die as live, through Dyspepsia and Indigestion. I weighed at the time of getting a bottle of McGregor's Speedy Cure 130 ibs.; used 3 bottles, and now weigh 165 lbs, and never was better in my life. It was McGregor's Speedy Cure that brought me around." So says Wm. Fell, Hamilton, Go to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a free trial bottle or the regular size for fifty cents and one dollar.

—The race between Wallace Ross and Courtney did not come off on Saturday as Courtney was missing when time was called. Wallace Ross is disgusted with Courtney and will not row with him again. Some days before the race he proposed to Ross that he should be allowed to win, but Ross to take the money. Ross on Saturday pulled over the course and claimed the $2,000.

A Fact.

There are oils white, and oils black,
Put up in bottles short and tall,
But Hagyard's Yellow Oil, for pain,
Is the very best oil of all.

It cures rheumatism, neuralgia, deafness, sprains, bruises, contracted cords, sore throat, frost bites, burns and all soreness of the flesh. It is for external and internal use.

Danger in the Air.

The recent strange planetary movements and electrical phenomena have developed the fact that the earth is passing through a strange period when atmospheric influence will seriously affect human health. Fortify the weakened system with that grand tonic regulator, Burdock Blood Bitters, and avoid malarial blood poisons

Remarkable Restoration.

Mrs. A. O'Brien, 372 Exchange street, Buffalo, was supposed to be dying with consumption and abandoned by her physician. She suffered terribly and was reduced to flesh to ninety pounds. In this condition she resorted to Burdock Blood Bitters, and now enjoys perfect health and weighs one hundred and forty-six pounds. She will gladly answer enquiring sufferers on receipt of U.S. postage stamp.

Round About Us.

—Messrs. Downey & Preston are building a new dock around their lower elevator, Belleville.

—A fire occurred at Storrington on Wednesday night about 12 o'clock, in the house occupied by a woman named Mrs. Hawk. A spark which lodged in the roof caused the blaze. The occupants had a narrow escape from injury, being awakened from their sleep by the fire. The house and furniture were demolished. No insurance.

—The will of the late D. D. Calvin, of Garden Island, has been entered for probate. The property is divided equally among the five children, four of whom survive. These are Mrs. J. A. Hendry, Kingston; Hiram A. Calvin, Garden Island; Mrs. N. G. Bigelow, Toronto, and Sanford C. Calvin, Garden Island. The children of Mrs. Crevolin, Cape Vincent, will receive the share the demised lady is entitled to. The estate is worth over $450,000, the personal property in the Province of Ontario being valued at $324 000. There is considerable property in the United States and the Province of Quebec.

—The 3.30 express train from the East Tuesday morning came very near meeting with an accident. When about a mile from the G. T. R. station, Kingston, the cow-catcher struck two ties that had been placed on the track by tramps, no doubt for the object of plunder. One of the ties, fortunately, was shunted off the track, the other was carried to the station in the ash pan of the engine. The night was dark and the engineer says he did not see the obstruction, but could hear something grating when the engine struck the ties. Seven or eight tramps had been seen loitering about where the ties were laid on the track.

It is a Well Known Fact! In the Diamond Dyes more coloring is given than in any known Dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors; 10 cts. at all druggists. They are a great success. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-1 2-1y.

BIRTHS.

RICHARDSON.—In Napanee, on Tuesday, June 10th, the wife of Mr. James Richardson of a son.

MARRIAGES.

JELLETT—KELLEY.—On the 7th June, at the Episcopal church, Picton, by the Rev. Mr. Loucks, Lucy S., daughter of Judge Jellett, of the above place, to Fred F. Kelley, of Montreal, son of the Hon. W. M. Kelley, M. L. C., of New Brunswick.

WALTON—HUFFMAN.—On Wednesday, at the residence of the bride, Bridge-st., by Rev. S. Card, Mr. George Walton, of Belleville, to Miss Hannah Huffman, of Napanee.

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW,

UNDERTAKERS,

COFFINS, CASKETS, &c.

Always on hand. All orders promtly attended to

IMMENSE

t to express the rush and raid we have experienced on some lines of goods during the last week

S AND HOSIERY has been assorted freshely twice or three times every week while our Corsets, mer Dress Goods, Prints and Muslins, Plumes and Feathers for the Millinery department are ery vacancy is filled up with the utmost expedition.

LOWING NEW GOOS ARE JUST RECEIVED:

oves, black and colored Silk Gloves, black and colored Taffeta Gloves in Jersey, Mousquetaire es. Black Lisle Hose in all sizes, childern's and ladies'. Parasols in Black Silk, Satin, lined and , beautiful Laces in Eidelweiss, Real Orental Lace and Insertions to match and something new ings and Biscuit Cloth in Oriental Gaylus, beautiful rich goods which it is a pleasure to show d a joy forever" to the ladies who examine and bny them. BLACK PLUMES. We are just in h black plumes of unusually good value.

with the expressions made use of by some of the Toronto papers about the personal appearance the assembly just held in that city. We think like the Scotch lassie who being met by a Eng- ighway walking barefoot with her shoes under her arm, on being asked if all the young ladies d "some of them do and some of them just mind their ain business." It's no ones business . But if any of the DELEGATES TO THE CONFERENCE to be held here next week wish. appearance we shall be glad to assist them to do so for a small consideration. We have a full French Worsteds, Blk. Broadcloths and Doeskins which we are prepared to make to order in the manship, guaranteeing a perfect fit, and in consequence of the increased help obtained during the o turn them out promptly, though our facilities in this department are just now taxed to the ut- mber of orders for suits, pants, &c., on hand.

new lot of fine Silk Hats in the latest style, Neckties, Gloves, Socks, Braces, White Shirts, &c.

LOVE SALE. We will clear out the balance of our stock of 2 button dark shade Josephene Kids for 75 cents a pair. Our 2 button kids in black, light and d our 4 buttons black and colored Kids at 75 cents beats everything. We have just received a on length Mousquetaire Kids in black and tan shades at $1 and $1 75, beautiful rich goods, sure

RUBBER CIRCULARS.

cheap circulars with hood and also those combination Hood and Cape Circulars at the usual

HINCH, PERRY & CO.

4.} **ROBLIN & FORD** {**SPRING, 1884.**

—ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN—

ND AMERICAN STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS,

eed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Worsteds and Spring Overcoatings,

dian Tweed, all Prices. *45 Pieces new French Cambric Shirtins,*

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

an Tweed, all Prices. 40 Pieces new French Cambric Shirtins,

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

ROBLIN & FORD.

U. E. Loyalists' Celebration.

If you are intending to attend the above celebration on the 16th, 17th and 18th of June, be sure to call at our store for a new suit of Clothes, Hat, Boots, &c.

We can make them to order on short notice or supply them ready-made, in good style and at as low price as can be had in the counties.

New Boots and New American Hats arrivingdaily

Rennies Old Corner Store, Napanee.

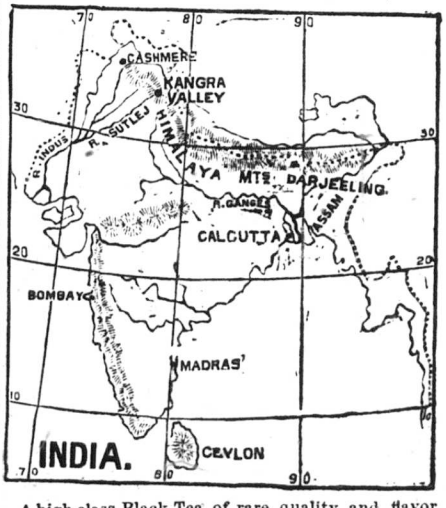
A. ROSE & CO.

GOLD! All Agents, Clerk Peddlers, and every reader of this paper of either sex, will hear of something greatly to their advantage by sending us their name and address on a postal card. It costs you only one cent and may prove the stepping stone to a fortune, or bring hundreds of dollars into your pocket. Mention this paper and address

26. A. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N. S.

GENERAL KEER'S

HIMALAYAN TEA.



A high class Black Tea of rare quality and flavor imported direct from India by Major General Keer o Toronto, in March last. For samples and prices ap ply to

THOS. A. HUFFMAN,
Sole Agent at Napanee

Burdock Blood Bitters

Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

SPRING TIME HAS COME

And so has our stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which will be sold at Rock Bottom Prices.

I would but ask of every man and women to come and inspect our Goods, as I am satisfied that we can suit you in Goods, and at prices that cannot be beat.

BEAR IN MIND WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

PRINTS for five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve cents, splendid in 9.

White, Black and Colored Muslins, Cretonnes with Fringes to match, Dress Goods in endless variety. White and Grey Cottons, twenty yards for a dollar; Ducks, Denims and Drills in all patterns and prices, Shirtings that you would be surprised at the splendid quality for the small price.

We ask for those Men's Suits made to order from two to three dollars less than can be bought in Napanee or Kingston. Young men should see our assortment of English and American hard and soft hats.

Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, Fancy Scarfs and Ties, Collars and Collarettes. The newest Dress Buttons out, something very handsome. Our Boots and Shoes is the best assortment ever shown in the village.

Wall Paper at any price from 5 cents to 40 cents per roll, and Bordering to match. Every lady that has seen them say they are the finest they have looked at. Don't fail to see them.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

A GHOST STORY

"I am going to be married, my dear. I can see the tears in your eyes as you say to Harry, 'Poor Sibyl! she can never be happy as we are.' Of course I can not. No woman can who does not marry her first love, while her past is without regret, and her future without shadow. But I am going to marry what is more rare than first love—perfection. Absolutely he has not a fault, and the wonder of wonders is that he should desire the society through life of one who is so full of faults as I am. He is clever, rich, amiable, good-looking, thirty-two, respected of all men, and (until within the past week) praised of all women. Can you wonder that dear mamma, who has been a little anxious about me this last year or so, is as happy as a queen, and that my acquaintances are all loud in their congratulations? But then, as they say, 'Sibyl Van Eyck has always been a lucky girl.' You and I, my Kate, might differ with them as to that, only it is not worth while recalling such a very old and commonplace mishap. Indeed, I am not without a realizing sense of my mercies myself, for that a young woman facing her thirtieth birthday so nearly as I do, and who has played fast and loose with such good cards as kindly Fate has hitherto thrust into her hands—that such a young woman should become Mrs. Brian Chester is truly a wonderful favor of Fortune. It is not the first time that you have seen his name in my letters, and I dare say that with your usual sagacity you have had suspicions of what might come to pass? Behold me at length on the eve of marriage, figuratively that is, for we are not to be married until June, and this is only January, but it seems very near to me.

"Shall I whisper something to you, my Kate, so low that not even Harry shall hear it? (I know you keep my secrets even from him). I respect Brian Chester, I admire him, I am proud of his preference, and I feel safer and more at rest with him than I ever did in my life—yet, oh, Kate! Kate! it is not such a love as yours for Harry in the days of your love-making, nor like mine for—the knight who wooed and rode away. Is it because I am twenty-eight, and such a dreadful flirt, as people say, or because Mr. Chester's affection for me is so very cheerful and matter of fact? He is evidently incapable of jealousy, and evinces a beautiful faith in me, which my past has scarcely justified. I ought to be immensely flattered, but I am not, for that perfect love which casteth out fear is divine, and far above poor, passionate, doubting humanity. Do not, however, imagine me so foolish as not to know that I am more nearly happy than I have been for years, and that I shall be a very contented woman as Mrs. Brian Chester. Kiss your small Violet for me, and give my love to Harry. I can trust him, whatever his criticisms may be, not to say, as Bob Lisle did when Mary Vincey was married last month, 'Another old landmark gone!'

Always your loving

SIBYL."

With a faint smile at Mr. Lisle's very uncivil remark, Miss Van Eyck addresses her letter, and leaving her writing-table Eyck, and that you have had enough experience of the world to make you wise, but, for all that, you are a child, and a child in some things you will remain as long as you live."

"Ah! you do not know how much nicer I was ten years ago," she says, laughing nervously.

"If I have the bad taste to be content with you as you are, I do not see that it is of any consequence," he says, again taking her hand. "Besides I do not believe it."

"I wish," she began, wistfully, while tears stand in her eyes—"I wish we had known each other then, and that I had never—never—"

"Never fancied you cared for some one else," he breaks in abruptly. "Look here, dear—here in my eyes;" and he puts one arm about her, while he keeps her hand. "Tell me nothing yet; I am not a jealous man, nor afraid of ghosts, and it is not your past I want, but your present and your future."

When he is gone she stands before one of the long mirrors, smiling at herself rather defiantly.

"You have found your master, Miss Van Eyck," she is thinking: "A good master, a tender and true master, but just a little too sure of himself."

When Brian Chester enters his rooms, the first thing he does, after lighting the gas, is to find the evening paper, and glancing hastily over it, to read with sure instinct two verses in its columns.

"Very worldly-wise indeed, my poor little girl," he says to himself, as he lays it down with half a smile and half a sigh; "and a very shabby thing of me to hunt up the cause of your tears after refusing to hear it; but you are more mine now than you think, and you shall be altogether mine yet, in spite of the ghost."

But, for all that, his eyes have a troubled look not usual to them, and he smokes more cigars than are good for him before he goes to bed.

"If I were a jealous man (which, thank Heaven, I am not), I should endure some exceedingly uncomfortable hours," says Mr. Chester, smiling placidly, as he takes possession of Sibyl for a waltz, some six weeks later, at one of the last parties before Lent; "for upon my word these fellows seem to think that I have no right whatever to more than a stray dance."

"Being a philosopher (which, thank Heaven, you are), I suppose it makes no difference to you," she answers as they waltz off.

"I admire their good taste, and am thankful for what I can get at present; also I have some faint idea that Mrs. Chester will give up round dancing."

Sibyl pauses abruptly, and moves out of the circle of waltzers.

"Do not you mean to be a philosopher about—Mrs. Chester?" she asks, softly, looking up at him with radiant eyes and flushed cheeks.

"Do you think that I am always a philosopher now?"

Her color deepens, her eyes turn from his, and then, with a little cry, she puts her hand on his arm, growing suddenly white, and gazing fixedly at somebody behind him. He turns instinctively, and sees a tall, very handsome man, staring at Sibyl with more fixity than politeness permits.

his utter ignorance of the circumstances prevents him from being able to judge whether such a thing could come to pass. To add to his anxiety, during the four days he is in Boston he does not receive even so much as a line from her, though she had promised, half laughingly, to write every day. The result of all of which is that, after having been so absent-minded as to cause his business friends much amazement, he returns to New York two days earlier than he had intended, leaving his affairs very much as he had found them. An hour after his arrival he is walking up the familiar street on which the Van Eycks live, with a great deal of outward cheerfulness, and an old mingling of self-contempt and anxiety at his heart, for he will know his fate in another ten minutes.

"My fate indeed!" he mutters, with rather a failure in the way of a smile. "If I were anybody else what a jealous fool I should call myself!"

Then he starts as if he had been shot, for ascending the steps of the Van Eycks' house, with the confident manner of one who does not come for the first time, is Mr. Devereux. Very still stands Mr. Chester—very still and very pale for a man who is "not jealous or afraid of ghosts"—until Mr. Devereux has rung and is admitted.

"I will wait until he leaves; he will not be long," he thinks, with a strong momentary desire to follow him and confront him and Sibyl together, though all his life he has had the true Anglo-Saxon horror of anything like a scene.

He walks rapidly down to the end of the block, and returns slowly, with his eyes on the Van Eycks' door; but Devereux's visit bids fair to be a lengthy one, and he has time to repeat his manœuvre many times, to the great interest of a couple of school-girls, who from an opposite drawing-room window, are speculating excitedly as to what "Miss Van Eyck's lover" can be about. It is not very fatiguing for a man to pace up and down a block for an hour, and yet, when that time has elapsed, Brian Chester's face has grown oddly worn and haggard-looking. God pity us all! We can most of us remember some such hour, whose sixty minutes held an eternity of suspense, but let those of us render thanksgiving all our days who feared in that hour only death, not faithlessness, for our heart's beloved. It is nearly six when Van Eyck's door opens and closes again on Mr. Devereux, who walks quickly down the street in an opposite direction from Chester, but the latter scarcely glances at the receding figure as he springs up the steps.

"Miss Van Eyck is in the drawing-room," the servant tells him, as he passes in.

Outside it was nearly dark, and here it is quite so, except when the fire is a blaze of light; but he sees her at once, crouched in the corner of a sofa by the chimney, and weeping—ah! weeping as even women given to tears weep only once or twice in their lives. At the sight of that drooping figure, and the sound of those strangled sobs, the strong heart of Brian Chester turns faint and sick, for he knows so well, with such wonderful dreary conviction, just what she has done, and what he must do now. He casts one farewell look about the familiar room,

SIBYL."

With a faint smile at Mr. Lisle's very uncivil remark, Miss Van Eyck addresses her letter, and leaving her writing-table, seats herself in a low arm-chair near the fire.

"I will give it to him to post," she thinks, as she listlessly takes up the evening paper.

For a second or two she glances indifferently over it, and then she reads earnestly, while her face softens, her eyes fill, and two heavy tears fall on the paper as she drops it on her lap. Only a couple of verses, with no beauty or power beyond their truth, and yet they can send her thoughts back over eight years—such a long, long time out of one's youth!—and make her head ache with pity for the difference between the woman of twenty-eight who is to marry Brian Chester, and the girl of twenty who loved so foolishly and so tenderly that the ghost of a handsome, fond, false face can come between her and her future husband even now.

Sibyl Van Eyck is a young woman very appreciative of the advantage of becoming surroundings, but just now she is quite unconscious that her fair head and slender figure in its pale blue trailing dress make a picture very pleasing to a man's eyes as she lies back in a crimson chair in the soft warm glow of the fire. Her thoughts have gone so far and so fast that she does not hear the door open and close, nor a man's quick step on the thick carpet. She has forgotten that she ought to be expecting Mr. Chester, until he seats himself beside her and takes calm possession of one of her hands. She comes back to the present with such a start that he laughs.

"You look as if you had forgotten all about me;" and then gently kissing the hand he has taken, he lets it go, and leaning back in his chair, makes himself comfortable after the fashion, more easy than elegant, of our generation.

She colors like a school girl, though she is "twenty-eight and such a dreadful flirt," and she puts the paper out of sight under the train of her dress.

"And if I had, sir?" she asks, lightly. "I dare say you forget me, often enough, for more than five minutes?"

"Never," he says, rather shortly; and then, after an instant; "What were you crying for just now?"

"Do you not know that we women cry for anything, or nothing?"

"Not you; but do not tell me unless you wish to do so."

"I assure you I have no such intention," she says, gayly. "Does your lordship think that I shall make you my confessor?"

"Some day—yes," he answers, quietly, and looking not at her, but at the fire.

Very quickly she lifts her eyes to his face—a very frank and pleasant face, with a look that shows its owner well content with the world and himself, but just now a little graver than its wont, and she wonders, with a thrill of the same pity she had felt for herself, whether he too in the years which lie behind him has missed something of life's completeness.

"You and I are too old and worldly-wise for that," she says, rather sadly.

"Old?—you child!" his eyes meeting hers with a smile half amused, half tender. "I am aware that you have reached the awful age of twenty-eight, Miss Van

[illegible] him. He turns instinctively, and sees a tall, very handsome man, staring at Sibyl with more fixity than politeness permits.

"Take me away—out of the room—somewhere," she murmurs.

Very much bewildered, he obeys, and presently finds a seat for her in a small deserted room.

"You are tired?" he says, tenderly. "Shall I get you a glass of wine?"

"No, No; stay with me. It is he," she says, looking up piteously in his face, which at those very enigmatical words grows rather pale.

"Who?—the ghost?" he asks, unsteadily.

"Mr. Devereux. I have not seen him since I—since I— Oh, what will you think of me?" she cries, with a sudden burning blush at the change and trouble in his face. "Indeed, it is only the surprise."

"Of course," he says, positively. "You will not mind, now that you know he is here, and when you are a little rested I shall steal somebody else's waltz instead of the one we have lost."

But in spite of his positiveness and her efforts at composure an uncomfortable silence falls upon them, which she breaks by proposing to return to the ball-room. In the doorway they are met by their hostess, and Mr. Devereux himself.

"Sibyl, dear," says the lady, hurriedly, "here is a gentleman who claims to be an old friend, but doubts whether your memory is so good as his."

"My memory is excellent," Sibyl answers, rather coldly, but with that utter self-possession which comes to most women in bitterest need. "I perfectly remember my acquaintance with Mr. Devereux."

"Then that is all right, and I shall carry you off, Mr. Chester."

"We will go together, dear Mrs. Burns," Sibyl says, with her hand still on Brian's arm. "Mr. Chester is going to take me to mamma."

"Will you not permit me?" says Mr. Devereux, speaking for the first time, in a voice which falters perceptibly.

"Thanks, no; I will not trouble you."

"Then may I not have a waltz, or a square dance, for—for 'auld lang syne'?" The last words are very low and eager, but Mr. Chester hears them as distinctly as if they had been spoken in his ear.

"My card is full, thanks," is the steady answer, and then all four enter the ball-room, where Mrs. Burns takes Mr. Devereux in one direction, while Sibyl and Mr. Chester go in another to search for Mrs. Van Eyck, and within half an hour they are driving home.

It can not be denied, though Miss Van Eyck's lover is not a man given to jealousy, that the next week is the longest and most uncomfortable which he can remember. Business compels him to go to Boston so early on the morning after Mrs. Burn's party that he does not see Sibyl again, and in spite of her dignified repulsion of Mr. Devereux he can not forget her pale face and piteous eyes when she had first seen the "ghost." He is convinced that Devereux will do everything possible for a reconciliation, and he calls himself an insane idiot for having refused to hear the story of her first love, which Sibyl had seemed to wish to tell him, for

knows so well, with such wonderful dreary conviction, just what she has done, and what he must do now. He casts one farewell look about the familiar room where he has been so happy, and then his eyes return to the woman he loves and suffers for, as only a man can to whom neither love nor jealousy comes easily.

"Sibyl!" he says, abruptly, in an odd, hoarse voice, which vaguely surprises him it is so unlike his. "Don't cry so terribly; there is no need."

She springs to her feet and faces him n the fire-light with a low cry, and a look that changes instantly from surprise to pity and terror.

"Brian!" she says, tremulously, taking both his hands in hers, "Are you ill, dear?—or has something dreadful happened?" It is the first time she has ever uttered his name, the first time those shy fingers ever sought his, but she does not think of that in fear of the calamity which can have so changed calm, cheerful, philosophical Brian Chester.

At the frightened compassion in her eyes, he glances suddenly in the mirror over the chimney, and stares at himself, with the dull wonder men feel when they are brought face to face with the change an hour's agony can work in them.

"I am a fool," he says, presently, with a miserable laugh, and dropping into the nearest chair, he draws his hands from hers and covers his face.

For an instant she is silent, and then the despair in every line of the bent figure gives her courage.

"Dear," she whispers, kneeling beside him, "surely I, who am to be your wife, may share your troubles, and—comfort you?" and with a rush of tenderness that sweeps her old doubts and fears away forever, she tries to draw his head against her shoulder.

But he springs to his feet, with a flush on his haggard face. "For Heaven's sake do not make it harder for me to give you up!" he gasps.

"Give me up?" she repeats, rising too, and trembling very much.

"You never wrote me"—he begins, passionately.

"Because I would rather tell you than write," she interrupts, quickly.

But he goes on, bitterly: "I saw that man leave the house after he had been here an hour, and I find you breaking your heart for him. What have I done that you should think I would accept such a sacrifice? Do you think I want your life without your love?" He pauses, with a struggle for the self-command that seems to have so utterly deserted him, while she stands silent, with down-bent head and clasped hands. "I see it all," he says, presently, in a very low voice, whose forced steadiness it takes all his resolute will to maintain. "You have loved only him always, and you sent him away to-day that you might keep your faith to me, like the brave, true woman you are; but he will be easy to recall, so—so God bless you!"—and he turns rather blindly toward the door.

But she stands swiftly before him with out-stretched hands, and tearful, shining eyes.

"Oh, Brian, I am no heroine, only a foolish woman to whom God is very good. Mr. Devereux will never again be even a ghost to me. And you—do you wonder I was crying for those years when I fancied I cared for him, and which ought

to have been yours, with all the rest of my life—my love?"

Wild Vines About The House.

While admitting that many foreign plants are all that is claimed for them, I like our own native ones best, because I see great merit in them. I never have understood why persons of excellent taste should neglect them, unless it is because they are not familiar with them. There is no finer vine for use about the house than the Virginia Creeper, (*Ampelopsis quinquefolia*). It is found almost everywhere at the north and is hardy. It grows rapidly, is easily transplanted, has beautiful foliage, and is a miracle of gorgeous coloring in autumn. After the leaves have fallen its purple berries are more ornamental than the flowers of many plants. It is, or should be, to us Americans, what the Ivy is to the Englishman. I you want something to drape the veranda, you can select nothing better. If you wish a vine to climb up to, and all along, the eaves and around the second-story windows, this is the plant to get. The Virginia creeper is a robust, self-reliant vine, and will take care of itself and delight all with its luxuriance if it is given half a chance.

Another very desirable vine is the Bittersweet (*Celastrus scandens*). It has beautiful, bright foliage, which is seldom infested with insects. During the later part of the season its clusters of scarlet berries, enclosed in orange husks, which part snd disclose the fruit within, are showy enough to suit any one. These berries hang on all winter if the birds let them alone. For verandas and porches the Bittersweet or Wax-work is quite equal to the Virginia creeper, and that is high praise.

Another most beautiful plant for those who do not consider that beauty depends on bright and vivid color is, our native Clematis, or Virgin's Bower. This vine has fine and vigorous foliage, and in July is covered with thousands of delicate, white flowers, of delicious fragrance. One of the finest effects that I have ever seen produced by growing two plants together on a trellis, was made by training a Clematis among climbing roses. The contrast of the pink and white flowers was simply exquisite, and the dainty grace of the Clematis added a greater charm to the roses. For use in vases in the house, the long sprays of Clematis, when in bloom, are finer to my mind than anything else to combine with flowers of vivid color. It is easily transplanted and, like the other two native climbers, will take care of itself.

How Animals Play.

Small birds chase each other about in play, but perhaps the conduct of the crane and the trumpeter is most extraordinary. The latter stands on one leg, hops around in the most eccentric manner, and throws somersaults. The Americans call it the mad bird, on account of these singularities. Water birds, such as ducks and geese, dive after each other, and clear the surface of the water with outstretched neck and flapping wings, throwing abundant spray around. Deer often engage in sham battle, or trial of strength, by twisting their horns together and

AGRICULTURAL.

Early Matured Beef.

All intelligent feeders know, from actual experiments, that the younger an animal is, the less food it takes to produce a pound growth in live weight, and they know that the amount of food increases regularly with the age of the animal. When the animal is full fed, it requires less food to put on a pound live weight the first six months than for the second six months, and less the second than the third, and so on; and the reason is, that the food of support constantly increases with age. Our fat stock shows have now proved, most conclusively, under cost of production, that the animal eighteen months old costs less than half as much per pound as the one thirty-six months old.

Early matured beef is becoming more and more popular every year. Three and four-year-old cattle will seldom be seen in market ten years from now, unless from the unfenced range. The lessons of the Fat Stock Show will be heeded, and very soon the old-style feeders will be compelled to change their system of alternate feeding and starving, or they will be obliged to quit the business of feeding. Feeding is now becoming an art, requiring expert knowledge of foods and their combination, and this knowledge cannot be disregarded without certain loss.—*National Live-Stock Journal.*

Petroleum for Farm Uses.

A correspondent of the *Rural New Yorker* writes as follows:—Crude petroleum is a wonderful preservative of wood, but it is in no sense a paint, and should have no pigment whatever mixed with it. It has none of the drying properties of linseed oil, and will never harden upon a surface. On the contrary, it will penetrate where water cannot, filling the pores of wood and completely excluding wet. There is nothing equal to it as a first application to buildings or fences, especially when rough and weather-beaten. I have so applied it, leaving it a few weeks to the action of the air and hot sun, then covering with lead and linseed oil. The wood-work of my farming tools is kept full of it. Applied hot to waggon felloes from time to time, the tires will never loosen. For years I have used it in a multitude of ways, and a barrel of light crude petroleum I should not like to be without. Almost any city has a refinery where it may be procured, and it costs me, per 50-gallon barrel, freight and all, about $5. But if you get any, get understanding with it, and don't try to make a paint of it. Don't grease your harness with it, and don't use it to kindle your fires.

Regular Feeding.

Irregularities as to the amount of rations for morning, noon, and night, will often serve to check all improvement, or even to induce loss of condition. In working horses this becomes especially manifest; those that are fed unequally, or at hap-hazard, consuming often an excessive amount of fodder, yet failing in condition, becoming languid, and easily fa-

outward appearance, physical detriment to the trees results.

If you want early greens you may have them by setting out cabbage stumps, as soon as the frost leaves the ground, where they will not interfere with other crops.

There is no use in cleaning your poultry unless you burn the old nests. They will arbor more of the various kinds of poultry parasites than you can ever exterminate with a whitewash brush.

Garden lands, where level and heavily manured, are now too wet to work, but with a few more bright, warm days, pease, beets, turnips, carrots and onion seeds will be sown,

Keep a good kitchen garden, but occupy no more ground than you can heavily enrich and keep clean; and have it so laid out that you may cultivate most of it with a horse, at a small expense compared with hand-hoeing and finger-weeding.

Keep the quarters occupied by pigs clean and pure, and do not allow the animals which are to afford food for your nice and clean table to wallow in filth and manure. Pigs like cleanness if only allowed a fair chance and if not driven into the dirt by careless owners.

For celery, burn a bed as for tobacco, and, after sowing seed, press the ground firmly, cover with a few brush or old straw; watch closely, and gradually remove the covering after ten days or two weeks. Celery seed requires from two to three weeks in sprouting.

In setting cabbages, cauliflowers, tomatoes and other plants in gardens where there may be cut-worms, wind a small strip of paper around the plant so that it will be about one inch below the surface and two inches above. This is said by an old farmer to be a sure preventive.

Beans, carrots, celery, corns, onions, spinach, may be relied upon for two to three years; beets, lettuce, turnips, tomatoes, for three to four years; peas, radish, cabbage, for four to six years; cucumbers, melons, squashes, and similar seeds will germinate after ten years, and more.

To ensure a stand from asparagus seed, scald the seed with hot water and soak for twenty hours, then mix in a box with moist earth. In about ten days or two weeks they will begin to sprout, when you can sow in the open ground. It is very difficult to get a stand of asparagus from seed without this preliminary treatment.

Save a corner of the garden for a few aromatic herbs. They thrive nicely along the sunny side of the garden fence, but require a deep and fairly rich soil. Thyme, summer savory and sage are great additions to many soups and stews. Cut them just before they bloom on a bright sunny day. Tie them in bunches and hang up to dry.

In order to ascertain the depth to plough, it is recommended to find how deep the soil has been enriched, and do not go much below this point. Where the subsoil is poor, with only a few inches of rich ground on top, the result of deep ploughing would be to turn the poor soil uppermost. On land of ordinary richness a crop of Indian corn will grow better with the same care and manure if it be plough-

ing abundant spray around. Deer often engage in sham battle, or trial of strength, by twisting their horns together and pushing for the mastery. All animals pretending violence in their play stop short of exercising it; the dog takes the greatest precaution not to injure by his bite; and the ourang-outang in wrestling with his keeper, pretends to throw him, and makes feints of biting him. Some animals carry out in their play the semblance of catching their prey. Young cats, for instance, leap after every small and moving object, even to the leaves strewed by the autumn wind. They crouch and steal forward ready for the spring, the body quivering and the tail vibrating with emotion; they bound on the moving leaf, and again spring forward to another. Benger saw young cougars and jaguars playing with round substances like kittens. Birds of the magpie kind are the analogues of monkeys, full of mischief, play and mimicry. There is a story of a tame magpie that was seen busily employed in a garden gathering pebbles with much solemnity and a studied air, burying them in a hole made to recive a post. After each stone it cried "Cur-ack" triumphantly, and set off for another. On examining the spot a poor toad was found in the hole, which the magpie was stoning for his amusement.

The Hod Carriers in Germany.

As there are no hod carriers in Germany, for the simple reason that a hod carrier is as unknown there as an Irishman is, each brick must be passed from hand to hand again. The higher up the bricklayers are the more men are required to toss the bricks. Two men to a storey is about the average, with enough more to lead from the front of the building to the place where the bricks are needed. Thus I have seen three men on the ground, eight on the front of the building, and five on the top, making sixteen men through whose hands each brick passed before it reached its place of destination. I have frequently stood and watched a single brick go climbing up the front of the building leaping from hand to hand, and I have wondered every time why in the world hods, horse power, or steam engines were not used

Potato Starch.

It takes two hundred and fifty bushel of potatoes to make a ton of potato starch. Its manufacture, which is very simple, is as follows: After being thoroughly washed and freed from dirt, the potatoes are reduced to pulp by means of a grater. The pulp, placed in a sieve, is washed by streams of falling water, the starch being carried through the sieve into a proper receptacle, and the fibres washed away as waste. The starch is carried with the water passing through the sieve into the stirring-tank, in which it is washed from the finer articles of waste, and being heavier than water sinks to the bottom. It is then further cleaned in other tanks by washing and stirring, until the water is clear, and is drawn off. The starch is then removed to a kiln, where is it dried and rendered fit for market.

The Walrus is after all the only true specimen of the regular horse marine.

at hap-hazard, consuming often an excessive amount of fodder, yet failing in condition, becoming languid, and easily fatigued in harness, and the subject of frequent attacks of colic and indigestion. In many such instances the remedy is to change the feeder; when upon a smaller ration, even, but in the hands of a careful, observant, and punctual man, the same horses will speedily recuperate, gain flesh, and perform their daily tasks with increasing energy. In other stock the effects may be less manifest, but they are no less real; and all the difference between the success of some stock-owners, and the failure of others, may be traced, in many cases, to this one subject of more or less care in the feeding, so as to adapt it to the wants of the individual beast.—*National Live Stock Journal.*

There are Lots of Them.

The farmer who is hardest to convince of his errors is the one who possesses a single instance within his own experience with which to combat your arguments. If you maintain that Jerseys are good butter cows, he once knew one that could not make a pound of butter. If you hold that roots are good for dairy cows, he once knew one to get chocked to death on them. His one swallow always makes a summer, and he forgets that though experience is a good teacher, it should be the experience of many who have tried several ways, rather than the experience of one, that always creates but a limited knowledge. The Good Book tells us not to be over wise in our own judgment. This should especially be the case in matters pertaining to farming, where every man's experience is so varied in different seasons. Then there are so many conflicting elements about farming, and especially that most fickle of all things, the weather, makes or mars a thousand fortunes every year, and nowhere is she more potent than on the farm.—*American Dairyman.*

FARM NOTES.

Onion seeds and cabbage plants should now be set out doors.

Coal ashes in limited applications will make the soil light and loose.

Lettuce can be set out-doors and seed sown for succession in hotbeds and cold frames.

Soapsuds, a valuable fertilizer for all forms of vegetation, is especially serviceable for small fruits.

The essentials to success in onion culture are plenty of manure, thorough fitting of the ground, good seed and clean cultivation.

The *Rural New Yorker* says sunflower seed is not good for horses or cattle, but it can be fed in small quantities to poultry.

Radishes can now be sown in open ground; grown under glass they are doing well, and a few are being brought to market.

If troubled with white worms in your flower pots, stick in the earth half a dozen or more unlighted matches, points down; it will kill them.

Decayed branches should not be allowed to remain on trees, for aside from the uppermost. On land of ordinary richness a crop of Indian corn will grow better with the same care and manure if it be ploughed only four or five inches deep, than if ploughed eight or ten inches deep

A hundred trees can be set at a cost of ten to twenty dollars, or for almost no cost, if one has spare time and saplings are easily available. These may in ten to fifteen years grow to be worth from $3 to $10 each for needed timber and fuel, or for the fruits or nuts produced. It would be greatly to the advantage of the country, its climate, and its beauty, if the sides of our public highways generally were planted with trees that furnish shade and ornament while growing, and supply at no distant period wood for various purposes.

Encounter With a Tiger.

An exciting incident is reported by the *Georgetown Royal Gazette* (British Guiana). It appears that Messrs. Creaves and Wookey, two overseers of a plantation on the east coast, took a trip into the interior with a black man as their guide, a couple of dogs, and being well armed with rifles, etc., started out on the 10th of March. They had capital sport for two days, shooting birds of various sizes and a deer, which they made many a good meal from. At night they camped out in hammocks slung to trees, with a fire burning to keep away any insects from them with which the interior abounds, also in case of emergencies. On the third night, soon after turning into their hammocks, and dozing off, they were startled by a fearful roar, and they immediately saw a tiger ready to spring. Greaves, who was nearest, kept his eyes fixed on the brute, as he crept out of his hammock with his rifle, and knelt down. When the animal was about to spring he fired. The rifle cap snapped, and in an instant the tiger had thrown Greaves flat. Wookey, who in the meantime crept out of his hammock a few yards distant from Greaves, seeing the fearful position his friend was placed in, fired at the brute and hit him just behind the shoulder, shooting him dead. What with excitement, smoke, etc., he did not know he had shot the tiger, but was much relieved n seeing Greaves creep out, besmeared with blood, and found that he was not injured save a few scratches and torn clothes. The guide who had, for some reason best known to himself, gone a short distance away, was much startled at finding his buckras in such a trim, and when they had settled themselves and got Greaves all square, which he very soon was after a schnappe, they examined there victim, and found him to be a fine specimen. It is needless to say that Messrs. Greaves and Wookey cut short their trip, and were thankful to reach home safe and sound with their prize after such a narrow escape.

An elegantly-dressed young lady recently entered a railway carriage in Paris, where there were three or four gentlemen, one of whom was lighting a cigar. Observing her, with the characteristic politeness of a Frenchman, he asked her if smoking would incommode her. She replied, "I do not know, sir; no gentleman has ever smoked in my presence."

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful manager of the

Largest Hotel Enterprises

of America, says that while a passenger from New York on board a ship going around Cape Horn, in the early days of emigration to California, he learned that one of the officers of the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage, of an obstinate disease by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar cases, and he has never yet heard of its failure to effect a radical cure.

Some years ago one of Mr. LELAND'S farm laborers bruised his leg. Owing to the bad state of his blood, an ugly scrofulous swelling or lump appeared on the injured limb. Horrible itching of the skin, with burning and darting pains through the lump, made life almost intolerable. The leg became enormously enlarged, and running ulcers formed, discharging great quantities of extremely offensive matter. No treatment was of any avail until the man, by Mr. LELAND'S direction, was supplied with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which allayed the pain and irritation, healed the sores, removed the swelling, and completely restored the limb to use.

Mr. LELAND has personally used

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

for **Rheumatism**, with entire success; and, after careful observation, declares that, in his belief, there is no medicine in the world equal to it for the cure of **Liver Disorders, Gout, the effects of high living, Salt Rheum, Sores, Eruptions, and all the various forms of blood diseases.**

We have Mr. LELAND'S permission to invite all who may desire further evidence in regard to the extraordinary curative powers of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to see him personally either at his mammoth Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, or at the popular Leland Hotel, Broadway, 27th and 28th Streets, New York.

Mr. LELAND'S extensive knowledge of the good done by this unequalled eradicator of blood poisons enables him to give inquirers much valuable information.

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Dr. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE

The undersigned having decided to retire from active business, will offer the following valuable properties for sale :—

Lot 26, 6th Con. N., Fredericksburgh, containing 167 acres; about 147 acres under cultivation. Situated on the York road within three miles of Napanee. Good stone house and excellent outbuildings; well watered by creek, spring and wells. A most desirable property.

West Half Lot 10, 2nd Con. Camden, containing 100 acres; 75 acres under cultivation, remainder pasture land. This property adjoins the village of Napanee Mills, five miles from Napanee and 1½ miles from Newburgh. There are on the premises a frame house, large barn with stone stables underneath.

The Napanee Mills Lime Works, situated on Lots 10 and 11, 1st Con. Camden, on the banks of Napanee river and also adjoining the village of Napanee Mills. The property consists of 86 acres in a high state of cultiva-

HOW JUSTICE OFTEN MISCARRIES

Three Cases in Which Individual Liberty Proved a Sham.

Within the last few weeks three cases have occurred in France which illustrate in a very striking manner how completely individual liberty is, even under the beneficent regime of a republic, at the mercy of the police and the administrators of justice. The first case was that of a stableman in the employ of a large cab company in Paris. This man had been detected ill-treating a horse, and the manager of the stables remarked to the inspector of police that it was a pity the law did not admit of the offender being sentenced to more than a week's imprisonment. "Make your mind easy," replied the inspector; "I will keep him in prison for a few months before bringing him up for trial." The second case is that of the footman at the Rue Royale club, who has been in prison for two months on suspicion of having supplied marked packs of cards. He has now been liberated, as, after all the efforts of the police, he could not be induced to give any information as to his supposed accomplices. He has never gone through any form of trial whatever.

The third case is of a different kind. It appears that in the course of the past year a retired officer named St. Elme started a radical newspaper in Corsica. This journal, which attacked in very severe terms the republicans now in office, was naturally much disliked by the prefect of Corsica, by whose order letters addressed to the editor were seized in the postoffice. M. St. Elme, meeting the prefect at a cafe in the town of Ajaccio, taxed him with this, and, after some strong language had been used on both sides, the landlord of the cafe and his waiters set upon M. St. Elme and beat him unmercifully. For this offense M. St. Elme (not the landlord of the cafe) was summoned and sentenced to five months imprisonment. He appealed against the sentence, but a few days before the appeal was heard he was so badly beaten that he had to be brought into court upon a litter. The judgment pronounced by the court below was confirmed, though the term of imprisonment was reduced from five months to six weeks; but the unfortunate man will not undergo the sentence, because he died of his injuries the next day. His death comes as a very striking commentary upon the speech of the public prosecutor, who suggested that his injuries were very trifling, even if he were not "shamming" altogether.—*London World.*

The Flower Garden and Lawn.

It is late to expect the best results from sowing grass seeds, and if the lawn is of but moderate size it will be better to lay sods. The turf from a road-side or pasture should be beaten down to bring its roots in contact with the soil. If grass-seed is sown as late as this month, is is customary to add a sprinkling of oats—say a quart to a bushel of grass seed. The object of this is to afford shade to the young grass, and it is well enough if the oats are not allowed to go to seed. They should be cut early. The lawn should be mowed with a lawn mower, every week

CANADIAN NEWS.

Mr. C. Kirk, the boot and shoe merchant charged with incendiarism at Guelph, has been committed to stand his trial. He will appear before Judge Drew on Monday next. He was admitted to bail at $800.

In the Goderich small-pox case, which was tried at the London General Sessions recently, the jury returned a verdict of guilty against both Dr. Whitely and Little. Merely nominal penalties were inflicted in each case.

A branch of the White Cross Army is to be established in Hamilton. The main objects of this association is the maintainance of purity in word and action amongst men. It is under the auspices of the Church of England.

While Edward O'Donnell was driving a team of horses attached to a roller on the farm of Mr. John Gilbert in Sidney, the horses ran away and the roller passed over O'Donnell's body, breaking some of his ribs and inflicting other injuries of so serious a character that his death will probably result.

Senator McInnes, of Hamilton, was last week offered, by Mr. Geo. E. Tuckett, a marked cheque for $50,000 for Dundurn Castle and park. The amount was not large enough, but Mr. McInnes also refused when it was increased by $5,000. This beautiful and historic spot is held at about $65,000. A few years ago $40,000 would have bought it.

Mr. Wm. Taylor, an old and respected resident of the township of Booke, was killed suddenly, recently, while at his son's place. He was watching them putting down a well. When water was struck the auger was drawn up to the top of the derrick, where it swung round, breaking the chain, and fell on Mr. Taylor's head, killing him almost instantly.

A sad accident occurred at Parkdale, near Toronto, recently, by which Mrs. J. E. Frankish lost her life. It appears that the unfortunate lady had been in the habit of taking decoctions of herbs, and accidentally took an overdose of a narcotic herb. She at once realized that she had made a mistake and sent for a doctor, but she died before he arrived.

James Munn, a melter in the Malleable Iron Works, Hamilton, attempted suicide recently. He walked along Myles' Wharf until he was opposite deep water, when he jumped in. The would-be suicide was pulled out by the mate and a couple of hands from the schooner *Gulnair*, and handed over to the police. He has been drinking hard lately. He is very repentant now.

The London West Council Tuesday evening entertained the report of Engineer Talbott, suggesting the building of an extensive dyke, costing about $8,000, to protect the village from floods. D. Mackenzie, M.P.P., Reeve Platt, and Mr. Fitzgerald were appointed a deputation to visit Toronto and endeavor to secure assistance from the Government in borrowing that amount.

A few evenings ago a young lady named McFarlane engaged a carter to drive her

the village of Napanee Mills. The property consists of 86 acres in a high state of cultivation. There are on the property two large lime kilns which supply the Napanee Cement Works: three or four dwellings and large outhouses.

Also the Fine Large Residence

of the undersigned with commodious outbuildings, garden, etc.

This property offers a splendid opening for a man of some means desirous of embarking in a very profitable business.

For further particulars as to price and terms apply to

GEORGE LASHER,
23 12 Proprietor, Napanee Mills, P. O.

Burdock Blood Bitters

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c. upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned,

Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY,
Water-st., Napanee.

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired. All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of out business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

mowed with a lawn mower, every week or ten days, until dry weather comes, and then the frequency should depend upon the growth. Do not cut up the lawn with too many beds. Place them near the drives or walks where they will be seen. They may be planted in masses one kind each, or in ribbons of contrasted colors. In either make the soil rich and keep the grass margin well defined.

This is the month in which nurserymen advise evergreens to be transplanted. Success with evergreens depends upon keeping the roots from drying. If the roots of a deciduous tree dry out, they can be restored. Not so with the conifers. If their roots are once allowed to dry, no moisture will restore them. Whether evergreens are to be removed from a nursery, or from pastures, keep the roots well covered. When they are set out, if several stones, as large as one can lift are laid over the roots, they will anchor the tree, and serve as an excellent mulch to keep the surface soil moist.

After the fall-planted bulbs—Tulips, Hyacinths, Narcissuses, etc., have bloomed, do not disturb them as long as the leaves remain green. When the foliage begins to turn yellow, the bulbs may be taken up, dried, and kept until time to plant next autumn. Gladioluses, Lilies, etc., may now be planted. Tuberoses may be left until the soil is well warmed, or they may be started in boxes of earth in a sunny window. If no hot-bed is at hand, place dahlia roots in a sunny corner, and cover them at night. When the buds start divide the roots.—*American Agriculturist.*

The Te of Diana.

One building at Ephesus surpassed all the rest in magnificence and in fame. This was the temple of Artemus or Diana, which glittered in brilliant beauty at the head of the harbor, and was reckoned by the ancients as one of the wonders of the world. The sun, it was said, saw nothing in his course more magnificent than Diana's temple. It consisted essentially in horizontal entablatures resting on vertical columns. These colonades were erected as subsidary decorations round the cell which contained the idol, and were, through a greater part of their space, open to the sky. The temple was 425 feet in length and 229 in breadth, and the columns were 60 feet high. The number of columns was 127, each of them the gift of a king; and 36 of them were enriched with ornament and color. All the great cities contributed to the structure. The national pride in the sanctuary was so great that, when Alexander offered the spoils of his eastern campaign if he might inscribe his name on the building, the honor was declined. The value and fame of the temple were enhanced by its being the treasury, in which a large portion of the wealth of Western Asia was stored up.

De soberest man in de worl' is de feller what hab jest got ober a spree, an' he knows dat de advice what he gibs yer is good, 'case he didn't follow it hisse'f.

Question for a debating society out West—"if the Mormon who has eight wives buries one of them, how much of a widower does he become, if any?"

Mcfarlane engaged a carter to drive her to the falls of Montmorency. On arrival there she ordered the carter to stable his horse at Bureau's, as she intended making a stay in the vicinity of the falls. After waiting an hour and a half the carter became alarmed and informed Mr. Bureau of the circumstances, whereupon a thorough search was made. The only thing found was Miss McFarlane's bonnet and cape, which were found on a rock directly above the falls. It is supposed she committed suicide by entering the river above the falls, and was carried over the boiling surf. She has suffered from rheumatism and heart disease for several years. A thorough search was kept up but the body has not yet been recovered.

Lizzie Burdow, 18 years of age, who claimed that Amherstburg is her home, was recently discovered by an officer lying on the corner of McDougal-avenue and Croghan-street, Detroit, in an hysterical fit. She was conveyed to the Elmwood-avenue Station and cared for by Dr. Duff Stewart. She claimed to have come from Amherstburg to bury her mother, adding that her father, mother, sister, and brother had died within the past four months. She also represented that she had become separated from her friends who accompanied her from Amherstburg, and had wandered towards the cemetery. On reaching the point where she was found she lost consciousness. She further claimed to have been robbed while in that condition of a shawl, some rings, a watch, and between $4 and $5 in money. After arriving at the station she suffered from several additional attacks of hysteria. Subsequent investigation proved that the body of a woman named Burdow had been buried at the Elmwood Cemetery several days previous. It is supposed that the girl has been suffering from hysteria incident to grief. She was returned by the Poor Commissioners to Amherstburg.

"For men may come and men may go, but I go on for ever."—The gas-meter.

They talk about "the wisdom of the serpent," forgetting apparently, that it didn't require so very much sapiency to beguile one poor, unprotected woman, whose mind had never been disciplined by shopping or housekeeping.

When Archer, the first jockey of England, recently went to Thrisk, in Yorkshire, to ride, the town crier marched through the streets announcing that "Fred Archer—the wonder of the world—would certainly ride at the races."

On the way home, after his duel with O'Connell, in a hackney coach, Lord Alvanley said, "What a clumsy fellow O'Connell must be to miss such a fat fellow as I am. He ought to fire at a haystack and get his hand in." When the carriage drove up to Alvanley's door, he gave the coachman a sovereign. Jarvie was profuse in his thanks, and said "It's a great deal for only having taken your Lordship to Wimbledon." "No, my good man," said Alvanley, "I give it you, not for taking me, but for bringing me back."

Not another Pill shall go down my throat again, said a citizen "when I can get such a prompt and pleasant cure for my Bilious attacks, such as Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It renders the Blood Pure and Cool and makes a splendid Spring Medicine. Large bottles 50 cents

LIVE HONEY BOTTLES.

A Wonderful Insect from Mexico — Ant Lore Reeled Off.

Thrusting his hand into a desk, the fruit dealer brought out a small box, uncovered it, and lifted out an insect of such curious shape that it seemed impossible that it could be a living reality. Putting his finger under it, the dealer lifted out an ant with a small, black head and an amber-hued abdomen, perfectly round and as large as two peas.

"She's a rouser, ain't she? and as full as a lord," said the fruit importer, gazing at the creature with the eye of an expert.

"Yes, it's a real ant," he continued, "and this isn't the first one that ever came here. I imported five hundred three years ago for a big dinner of some Mexican swell up-town. Do they eat them? Well, I should smile. . You've never been in Mexico, I take it? Well, this is a fair specimen of the honey-ant of Mexico, and there they are considered great delicacies, and are always served as dessert, just as your see shrimps here, only these are put on alive and kicking. My brother has one of the biggest collection of ants in the country. This was brought on for him, and they're trying to fix up some way to preserve it without putting it in alcohol. I reckon they'll put it in Canada balsam. You see those ants live in big families, and most of them don't look like this; but at a certain time of the year certain ones are selected by the others to act as bottles or storehouses for the rest. This being done, the other ants bring all the honey they can collect and give it to the ones selected, and they take it in until each one is as full as it can hold and looks like this. As fast as they are filled they are taken by the other ants to a dark room made for the purpose, where they cling to the wall. In fact, they are living bottles in which the ants store away their honey, and whenever they want it they go to the storehouse and take down a bottle, brush off the cobwebs, and make the ant give out a supply.

"This sounds like a yarn," said the ant authority, "but the story told by Jaegar, the naturalist, is a bigger one. He states that a Catholic missionary was sick in Congo when one of these armies came along, and it was by sheer luck that the natives got him up. As they carried him out of the house the floor was over a foot deep with the insects, and of a cow they forgot in the stable the bones alone told the story next morning.

Employment for Leisure Hours.

Write direct to the author, Mrs. Clarke, 38 Pembroke St., Toronto, for all particulars of "Mrs. Clarke's Cookery Book;" neatly bound, systematically arranged; recipes numbered, intelligibly indexed; sells readily at $1; liberal commission to agents; sample copy, post-paid, for $1; $10 to $20 per week can be easily earned by selling this famous Cook Book, the best in the world.

In the dull, dreary days of spring the soda-water man and his fountain have a melancholy phiz.

ERRATA.—In the advertisement of the Albert Soap Co., in another column, a

$250 to $4,000 on marriage. Ladies & Gentlemen. Apply immediately. R. N. CURRY, J.P., Sec.-Treas., London, Ont. Agents wanted.

IMPROVED WASHING MACHINE, patented, approaches nearer the old method of hand rubbing than any device yet introduced to the public. Easily worked, and washes perfectly clean, without breaking buttons, or injury to the clothes. Descriptive circulars mailed free. Price, $5. J. H. CONNOR, Van Ieek Hill Ont.

FLOUR AND SAW MILL FOR SALE at Lakeside, county Oxford; brick building 40 x 50; 2½ storeys high, containing three pair mill stones and all necessary machinery for flouring and custom work; saw mill 35 x 60, capable of cutting 5,000 to 10,000 feet per day; all driven by new 50-horse-power Buckeye automatic cut-off engine; 3½ acres land, house, stable, drive-barn, good fruit orchard; sheds and stabling for farmers' teams; price $8,000; terms, $5,000 cash, balance on mortgage. G. DALRYMPLE, Lakeside.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.
100 Grey Nun Street, Montreal.
Importers of
Drain Pipes, Portland Cement, Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Vent Linings, Water Lime, Flue Covers, Whiting, Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay, Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay,
Manufacturers of
Bessemer Steel Sofa, Chair & Bed Springs

1883.-ST. JOHN EXHIBITION.-1883

Leather Belting, Fire Engine Hose, &c. Four First Prizes and Two Diplomas. The highest of all Awards for Leather Belting, and Fire Engine Hose were accorded by th Judges at the St. John Centennial and Dominion Exhibition, to ROBIN & SADLER, Montreal, over all competitors.

HOUSE CLEANING TIME.
If you want your houses to be attractive, use
Ramsay's Improved Calsomine Colors
for tinting Walls.—Can be used without the aid of a Painter and do not rub off. Made in fifteen different tints. Apply to your local dealers for them.
MANUFACTURED BY
A. RAMSAY & SON, MONTREAL.

SMOKED SAUSAGES.
The most convenient meat for farmers in their busy season. These meats are cooked and ready for use. Sold by grocers through the Dominion. Send for price to W. CLARK, P. O. Box 342, Montreal.

THE LILY
is a perfect gem, equal to an imported French Corset; fits like a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured only by
THE CROMPTON CORSET Co.,
78 YORK STREET, TORONTO.

F. E. DIXON & CO.,
Manufacturers of Star Rivet
Leather Belting
70 King Street, East, Toronto
Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

COX & CO.
STOCK BROKERS
(Members of the Toronto Stock Exchange). Buy and sell on commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the **Toronto, Montreal and New York**
STOCK EXCHANGES,
Also execute orders on the **Chicago Board of Trade**
—IN GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.—
TORONTO STREET.

Fruit Evapor
J. A. & H. BARTHOLOMEW, Manufacturers and Proprietors of Pacific Stationary, Little Giant and Economy Portables. Illustrated circular and information furnished on application. Agents wanted.

CANADA PLATE.
Price Low For Future Delivery.
Tin Plate.
Galvanised Sheet.
Stamped Goods
FOR SALE BY
COPLAND & McLAREN.
MONTREAL.

WHAT SHALL I DRINK!
THE MONTSERRAT
Lime Fruit Juice.
Cordial, most wholesome, delicious and refreshing beverage. Strictly pure and entirely free from Alcohol. Gold Medal Calcutta Exhibition. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Sole proprietors H SUGDEN EVANS & CO., Montreal. Agents JAS. H. PEARCE & CO. Toronto.

The White Glycerine--The Sharon Bouquet — Palm Oil Bath Soap—Oatmeal Skin Soap, and The Baby's Own Soap.
—MADE BY—
The Albert Toilet Soap Co.'y
ARE UNSURPASSED FOR
Purity and Excellence.
☞ Sold by all leading druggists.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.
Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summ from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St. John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow, and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.
For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's N. F.; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allan & Co., Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; H A. Allan, Portland, Boston, Montreal

Agents Wanted
— FOR THE —
Citizens Insurance Co., of Canada,
Established 1864.—Capital and Assets, $1,426,985.
—Government Deposit, $122,000, Cash.—
As this Company transacts Fire, Life, and Accident business a profitable agency is thus offered to those soliciting insurance risks.
Special terms to those who have valuable connections. Farm property insured as low as by Farm Mutuals.
Address,
Head Office, 179 St. James Street, Montreal.
☞ The stock of this Company is held by many of the wealthiest citizens of Montreal

Mutual Marriage Endowment Ass'n,
INCORPORATED.
—HEAD OFFICE, LONDON, ONT.—
Issues Certificates from $125 to $3,000, payable on marriage at following rates.
For $500, or half Certificate, $4; quarterly dues in advance, $0.75.
For $1,000 Certificate, $6; quarterly dues in advance $1.00.
For $2,000 Certificate $10; quarterly dues in advance $2.00.
For $3,000 Certificate $15; quarterly dues in advance $3.00
A percentage of the Fees applied towards a reserve fund. The only cash payments required at the time of making application for a certificate. The remainder of the liability is made up of assessments at the rate of $1.60 on each $1,000 upon the marriage of members. 12 assessments made the first year payable quarterly, which upon the present large membership secures the payment of a number of Endowments, and a safe and reliable investment for young people. Send for By Laws and full

ERRATA.—In the advertisement of the Albert Soap Co., in another column, a typographical error has been pointed out to us which it is desirable to correct. The *Sham Bouquet* should read the *Sharon Bouquet*. We regret that such a blunder should have occurred, but mistakes will happen, even in the best regulated printing offices.

Antithesis may be the blossom of "with but it will never arrive at maturity unless sound sense be the trunk and truth the root.

Nerviline, What is it?

Polson's NERVILINE is a combination of the most potent pain relieving substances known to medical science. The constant progress made in this department of science points upward and onward Nerviline is the latest development in this movement, and embodies the latest discoveries. For neuralgia, cramps, pains in the head — external, internal, and local—Nerviline has no equal Expend 10 cents in the purchase of a sample bottle of Nerviline and be convinced of its marvellous power over pain. Sold by druggists. Large bottles 25 cents. at all druggists.

"Chinese" Gordon, if a correspondent is to be believed, has not read a newspaper for the past five years. This will be a serious blow to the editors of the rurrl weeklies who have been kindly advising him what to do.

There are lots of people going around grumbling, and half sick at the Stomach all the time; who might be well and happy, if they only used Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters occasionally. It is a splendid Blood Purifier All Druggists 50 cents.

Irish professor in Chemistry—"The substance you see in this phial is the most deadily of all poisons. A single drop placed on the tongue of a cat is enough to kill the strongest man."

St. John N. B.

Falls into line, as Mr. Hawker, one of its leading druggists, writing regarding the corn cure, states—"I don't think I ever sold a bottle, but that I received a good report in return, and consumers recommend afflicted friends to try it. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, is sure, safe and painless — and therefore the opinion expressed by Mr. Hawker above, is the opinion of all druggists in the Dominion. Beware of substitutes. Use only Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, sure pop cure every time. N. C. Polson & Co., proprietors, Kingston.

An ass is not satisfied unless his ears have a conspicious place in the procession.

The Triangle Dyes are such as one friend can take pleasure in recommending to another. Mark well that you get a three cornered package, for they are the only reliable Dyes in the market. 10c.

To forge ahead in this world a good education is necessary. No man can be a successful forger if he cannot write.

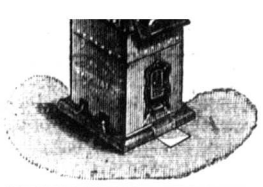
Oh! how tired and weak I feel, I don't believe I will ever get through this Spring house-cleaning! Oh yes you will if you take a bottle or two of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters to purify your blood and tone up the system. In large bottles 50 cents.

The chair of mathematics is occupied at High School, in Stockholm, Sweden, by a Russian lady named Kowalewska.

A. P. 180.

SHORTHAND. LESSONS GIVEN BY mail in Isaac Pitman's system, by practical phonographer. Send for terms and plan to FRANK YEIGH, 262 Sherbourne St. Toronto.

REINHARDT'S HAIR RESTORER AND MOUSTACHE PRODUCER. A genuine preparation which is guaranteed to do all that is claimed for it. Producing luxuriant whiskers and moustache in six weeks. In bottles safely packed to any address for $1. F. REINHARDT, Mail Building, Toronto.



orators!

EW, Vanessa, Ont.: rs of the Fire-Proof ant and Household el circulars and incation. For Agents

Dominion Line of Steamships

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months.

QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

Toronto, June. 7. | *Sarnia, June. 28.
***Oregon. June. 14. | Brooklyn, July. 5**
Montreal, June. 21. | *Vancouver, July 14.

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $65, $65, $80, return, $90, $108, $117, $144; according to steamer and berth, Intermediate $40. Steerage, at lowest rates. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are midships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent, or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents Montreal

GURNEYS & WARE,

STANDARD SCALES.

THE BEST,
THE STRONGEST,
THE MOST RELIABLE.

Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.

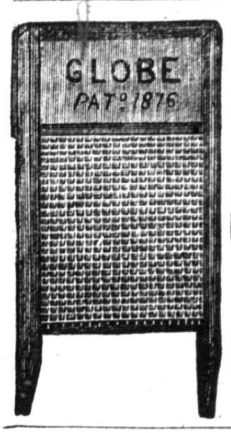
RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILL TRUCKS.

Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST.

GURNEYS & WARE,
HAMILTON, ONT

the present large membership secures the payment of a number of Endowments, and a safe and reliable investment for young people. Send for By Laws and full particulars. W. J. IMLACH, Secretary, London, Ont.



84,000
Sold in 17 Months..

BUY ONLY THE
GLOBE
Walter Woods
HAMILTON, ONT

MUTUAL
Marriage Aid
ASSOCIATION.

$5,000 Paid on Marriages. Over $100,000 Paid in Benefits to Date.

ISSUE IN 1883. OVER $2,000,000.

The only Company in Canada that has paid a claim
UNDOUBTED SECURITY.

Premiums small. Address,
W. B. WEBBER,
Agents Wanted Secretary, Hamilton.

THE MOEEL
Washer
AND
BLEACHER

Weighs but 6 pounds. Can be carried in a small valise Illustration shows Machine in boiler. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

$1000.00 REWARD FOR ITS SUPERIOR.

Washing made light and easy. The clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. A 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person,

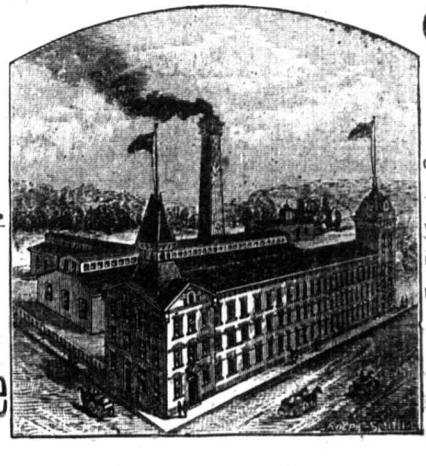
To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2.50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian," says about it—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr. C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor saving machine, a substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence." Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Charges paid $3.00. Send for circulars.

AGENTS WANTED.

C. W. DENNIS,
TORONTO BARGAIN HOUSE.
213 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

MERIDEN
BRITANNIA
COMPANY.

FINEST
Electro Plate



CAUTION.

Goods stamped Meriden Silver Plate Co., are *not our make*. If you want reliable goods insist on getting those made by the

Meriden Britannia Company,
HAMILTON, - ONT

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property.

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDEN'S
BOOKSTORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

ARTIST'S SUPPLIES, A COMPLETE STOCK NOW ON HAND.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CALL AND SEE CELEBRATED THOMAS ORGAN.

A FINE STOCK OF STATIONARY,

WALL PAPER AND HAND MADE SHADES

CHEAP,

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1884

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Office—Hinch, Perry & Co., Dundas street.

ROUND TOWN.

—For sale a piano, cheap. Apply at this office.

—The regular meeting of the Town Council next Monday evening.

—THE EXPRESS from now to the 1st of Jan. '85 for 50c. Now is the time to subscribe.

—The schooner "Nellie P. Downey" cleared on Wednesday for Oswego with rye. She brought in a cargo of coal.

—The engine on the N., T. & Q. Railway ran off the track at the gravel pit last Monday. No damage was done beyond delay.

—The Orangemen of Lennox district intend celebrating the coming Twelfth of July by an excursion and picnic to Davy's Island and Stone Mills.

—The Rev D.L.Lucas, M.A., of Montreal, will preach the Centennial sermon in the east Bridge st. church next Sunday evening. All cordiall invited.

—Any information regarding the departure of boats to or from the U. E. L. celebration at Adolphustown can be obtained from Mr. J. J. Perry, druggist.

—On Wednesday morning Messrs. Harr

—Messrs. Birrell & Phelan have issued a price list of Mr. Birrell's triple purchase hay and grain unloader. It also gives some reasons why this machine is the most practicable in Canada. Farmers would do well to see it.

—The Italian, before the Court of General Sessions, on a charge of larceny, pleaded "guilty," and was sentenced to three hours in jail The services of an interpreter had to be obtained from Kingston.

—The "Nellie P. Downey," a two-masted vessel, owned by Messrs. Downey & Co., and laden with about 6,700 bushels of barley, was run into by a vessel, off Oswego, last night and was sunk. The crew were saved.

—The 47th battalion band vacated their band room in the Warner block Monday evening last and removed to one of the fine halls in the new Cartwright block. The Saved Army will henceforth hold their meetings in the room in the Warner block formerly occupied by the band.

—Last Sunday morning a little son of Mr. S. McLaughlin ran behind his father's horse as it was proceeding to drink and received two ugly kicks in the forehead. The little fellow suffered much but is now doing well and it is thought will soon be around.

—From the list of appointments for the Kingston district we notice that Rev. S. Card is stationed at Brockville (George-st. church), and Rev. J. E. Mavety at Kingston. Rev. Mr. Hansford retains his pulpit at Ottawa and Rev. A. B. Chambers at Montreal.

—One of the most useful inventions we we have noticed yet is a hay car lately perfected by Mr. Henry Ham of North Fredericksburgh. It is 10 inches by 14 and weighs 40 lbs. The car is composed of only one piece comprising the dog and latch and cannot get out of order. It runs upon an iron rod one inch in diameter. Mr. Ham has one in his barn and has sold a number to his neighbours. He intends taking out a patent for the invention.

—The library of a friend has come into my possession, and as I have a large library of my own I propose to offer the best of these for sale on Saturday, June 14th, at 10.30 in the forenoon on the market square. They will be sold by auction by Chief Allen. Friends will please attend. The works are biographical, historical, moral and religious. They are in good condition and all valuable. S. CARD.

—The base for the U. E. Loyalist memorial, the contract for which was some weeks ago awarded to Mr. Wm. Thompson of this town, has been completed and will be shipped to-day. It is of the finest quality of limestone and was taken from Mr. Embury's quarry. It is 5 feet 6 inches square with an 18 inch bed and weighs about 8,000 lbs. It was dressed by Messrs. Thompson, Pipes and Wilson and is a model of workmanship. It will be placed in position on Monday with Masonic honors.

—A grand social will be given in the Methodist (brick) church, Morven, on Dominion Day, July 1st, 1884. The programme will consist of readings, recitations, addresses, vocal and instrumental music. A bountiful supply of strawberries and ice cream, etc., will be given. As this will be the first social entertainment given here by the united church, and as the proceeds are to be applied for circuit purposes no pains will be spared to make it the most enjoyable social gathering ever held in Morven. Refreshment at 6.30 p.m. All are cordially invited. God Save the Queen.

—We learn with pleasure that Mr. John A. Carscallen has opened out a new general store at Flinton. His stock comprises dry goods, groceries, provisions, etc., all of which is bought from the best dealers and is as

Burglaries.

—Early Saturday morning last some person or persons broke a pane of glass in the window of Mr. R. P. Lahey's store and took out a number of the Waterbury watches. Mr. Lahey says that if the person who took the watches will come back he will give the suits that go with the time-pieces.

—Some persons Friday night or early Saturday morning broke a pane of glass in Mr. Dickens' confectionery store window and extracted some cakes. An effort is being made to trace the thieves.

Methodist Conference.

This body assembles in Napanee on Thursday next, June 19th. Monday next at two o'clock, p.m. the stationary committee is called to meet. The following are the members:—Revs. W. Jeffers, D.D., J. Shaw, John Searoyd, John Breden, J. S. Clark, M. L Pearson, Wm Burns, U Williams, J Curts, Wm Jolliffe, J J Rice, T B Stratton, W U Elmslep, Wm Johnson, J A Chapman, B.A., R N Adams. This committee will have a list of stations ready for submission the opening day of conference, which, however, will be subject to revision.

Adolphustown Methodist Memorial Church.

The corner stone of the U. E. L. Memorial Methodist Church, Adolphustown, will be laid to-morrow at 2 o'clock, p.m. by Mrs. Allison, Sr. A grand lunch will be served by the ladies after the ceremony; tickets, 25c. An excursion per steamer "Reindeer" will leave Napanee at 10 a.m., calling at Deseronto at 11 a.m., Picton, at 12.30 p.m., arriving at Adolphustown at 1.30 p.m., returning after the ceremony. Tickets for the round trip 50c. On Sabbath centennial sermons will be preached in the district tent at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. by Rev. D. V. Lucas, M.A. of Montreal, and at 6.30 p.m. by Rev. M. L. Perrson of Napanee. Collection in aid of the building fund at the close of each service. All are invited to attend.

Card of Thanks from Rev. L. A. Betts.

On behalf of myself and wife, I most sincerely desire to thank the many friends of the Bay Circuit and of the town of Napanee, for the kind and Christian attention given me during my sickness for the past six months, for which time I have been consigned to the house and under the care of kind and attentive physicians. For the esteem and good will of all these kind friends I do feel deeply thankful to our common Father, and only hope that I may continue to be remembered by them in their affections and in their prayers. I desire also to give expression to my appreciation of the interest taken in my behalf by Ogden Hinch, Esq., C. Z. Perry, Esq., and others of Union Lodge No. 9, A. F. and A. M., the Rev, M. L. Pearson and many others I could here mention. But in conclusion I not only express my thankfulness but earnestly pray the blessing of the Trinity upon them all now and forever. L. A. BETTS.

Napanee, June 10, 1884.

Grand Jury Presentment.

We, the Grand Jury at the present General Sessions of the Peace for the County of Lennox and Addington, beg leave to report:

That we have visited the county jail and find it clean and well kept, and the prisoners seemed satisfied with their treatment and had no complaints to make.

We find one John Rikely committed to the common jail as a vagrant, by the then Reeve of Newburgh, and in the committal no time is mentioned for his imprisonment nor for his discharge, and we recommend that immediate steps should be taken by the proper authorities for his discharge.

We fully agree with the suggestions made to us by Your Worship, in your charge: That if possible an act should be passed prohibiting the sale of revolvers and spirituous liquors to minors. If this were done two great sources of crime would be checked or at least greatly ameliorated. All of which we humbly submit.

CYRUS B. HUFFMAN, Foreman.

Grand Jury Room, June 11, 1884.

Personals.

—Mr. J. W. Hough spent a few days in town last week.

ture of boats to or from the U. E. L. celebration at Adolphustown can be obtained from Mr. J. J. Perry, druggist.

—On Wednesday morning Messrs. Harris & Empey of the Brisco House sold their interest in the hotel to Mr. Thomas Empey who will hereafter conduct the business.

—Clarks Mills will celebrate Dominion Day by a grand demonstration. The usual programme of sports has been arranged and an enjoyable day is expected. All are invited to attend.

—Saturday evening last Wm. Evans of this town gave an exhibition of tumbling, etc., on the corner of John and Dundas-sts. His performance was very good. He raised a collection from the crowd for his own benefit.

—The laying of the track on the N., T. & Q. Railway was finished at Tamworth no Wednesday. The ballasting is being pushed forward rapidly, and the road will be finished and open for traffic about the 1st of July.

—The steamer "Deseronto" ran into the steamer "Reindeer" on her trip last Tuesday evening and stove a hole in her side. No serious damage was done, however, and the injury has since been repaired.

—The Picton hangman was, it is said, a man named Bendigo of Kingston, the same who bungled the execution of the Sharbot Lake murderer in Kingston. The fellow should not again be entrusted with such a service.

—The excursion of the 47th battalion band on Tuesday last to Picton was poorly attended by reason of the forbidding aspect of the weather. Those who patronized the excursion enjoyed themselves. The boat returned at half-past seven in the evening.

—The old valuable grocer, Mr. John Blewett, makes an announcement in another column of interest to purchasers. His family flour has become the favorite throughout the district, and the salt only requires a trial to give equal satisfaction. Give him a call.

—The members of the 47th battalion band having learned that their playing on Dundas-st. Thursday evening of last week annoyed the persons attending the I. O. O. F. concert apologize for the interruption. They assure the public and the members of Argyll Lodge No. 212, I. O. O. F., that it was far from their intention to interrupt the concert held that evening and that they stopped playing as soon as requested.

—We presume many of our citizens will take advantage of the celebration in Kingston on Dominion Day to visit the Limestone City. The citizens have arranged for a mammoth demonstration of which the following is the programme:—10 a.m., firemen's parade; 10.30 to 12 m., military review and parade; 1 p.m., baseball and quoit matches; 2 p.m., bicycle tournament; 4 p.m., athletic sports; 7.30 p.m., blowing up of a frigate; 8.30 p.m., fireworks.

—The Napanee lacrosse club will play a match on the Adolphustown grounds on Monday next with the Oka lacrosse club of Belleville. The prize will be a silver cup valued at $25. The following is the Napanee team: Goal, J. McNulty; Point, S. McCutcheon; Cover Point, Wm. Normile; Defence Field, Benj. Johnston, Ed. Hayes and Trav. Hosey; Centre, J. F. McAlister: Home Field, W. Doller, T. Boyes and D. Low. Outside Home, Fred. Bruton; Home, R. McNeill; Captain, J. H. Gallagher; Spare men, A. B. McCay and W. Busby. A practice match will be played on their grounds this (Friday) evening.

—**Do not forget**, you can exchange your wool at Perry's woollen mill, Napanee, for the very best tweeds and flannel, also get your spinning done for 10cts. and your roll carding for 5cts., or your carpet yarn twisted two or three ply. Next to Gibbard's on the canal.

A. Carscallen has opened out a new general store at Flinton. His stock comprises dry goods, groceries, provisions, etc., all of which is bought from the best dealers and is as fresh and good as any in the market. He sells as cheaply as Belleville dealers and will, we are sure, receive the public patronage. He takes farmers produce in exchange for goods, thus affording a ready market for every farmer and a chance to get the best goods at most reasonable terms. Give him a call.

—Last Sabbath while a party were visiting in Prince Edward County a laughable mistake occurred which the victims will not soon hear the last of. As the party were preparing to return home the gentlemen undertook to get the horse, but by mistake took one belonging to another person. The animal was harnessed by them and all were in readiness to start before the discovery was made. Since then the unfortunate young men have been the subject of a good many "rackets" on the subject. They can do better at playing lacrosse than harnessing horses.

—The Lennox and Addington Teachers' Association held their session on Friday and Saturday last. Owing to limited space we cannot give a report of the proceedings but merely state that the usual programme was fully carried out. On Friday evening Dr. McLellan delivered a lecture in the Town Hall. He was in his happiest vein and spoke for some time contrasting the former style of teaching with the present. Mr. A. L. Morden occupied the chair, and after the lecture the usual vote of thanks was tendered. The audience was very small there being a lamentable lack of interest on the part of parents in educational matters.

Ho! for the Adolphustown Celebration.

The steamer "Reindeer" will leave Downey's dock every morning during the Centennial celebration at Adolphustown at 7.30 (except Saturday at 10 a.m.) Returning home will leave Adolphustown about 5 p.m. Fares, single return ticket, 75c.; double ticket and return good for one day, $1. A boat has been put on the route to convey passengers over from yorts on the south side of the bay.

Napanee Court of Revision.

The Court of Revision was held in the Council Chamber on Monday last. Present —Mayor Joy, Reeve Wilson, Dep-Reeve Carscallen and Coun. Lane. Upon motion of Reeve Wilson, seconded by Coun. Lane, Dep-Reeve Carscallen was appointed chairman. The clerk submitted the list of appeals as follows:—J. G. Stewart to be entered on the roll as a tenant for lot 45, east side of Centre-st. Moved by Reeve Wilson, seconded by Coun. Lane, that the name of Henry Moss be struck off the roll and the name of J. G. Stewart be substituted as tenants for said lot.—Carried. Charles H. Schryver appealed to be entered as tenant jointly with Mrs. Andrew Fraser for the premises occupied by him on south side of Thomas-st. Moved by Reeve Wilson, seconded by Mayor Joy, that the name of John A. Fraser, assessed as owner, be erased and the name of Charles H. Schryver be substituted as tenant.—Carried. Henry Moss requested to be entered as a tenant of Robt. Boyes for west-half of lot 14 south side of Mill-st. Upon motion of Reeve Wilson, seconded by Mayor Joy, the name of John Wheeler was struck off and the name of Henry Moss was inserted as asked for. Moved by Reeve Wilson, seconded by Coun. Lane, that the assessment roll as revised be finally passed.—Carried. The court then adjourned.

—**You will find** at H. W. Perry's a very fine selection of Harvest tools, consisting of Scythes, Scythe Stones, Hay Forks, Grain Cradles, Hand Pokes, Sections, Section Rivets. All sold cheap for cash.

Grand Jury Room, June 11, 1884.

Personals.

—Mr. J. W. Hough spent a few days in town last week.

—Mr. Rob. Hillyard, of Prescott, Sundayed in town.

—Mr. W. G. Wilson was in Toronto this week on business.

—Miss Herchmer, of Tamworth, is visiting with the family of Mr. James Daly.

—Mrs. Kinsella, of Trenton, was visiting her sister, Mrs. A. McNeill, last week.

—Mr. Chas. Huffman, of Toronto, is in town visiting friends.

—We were pleased to receive a call on Monday from Mr. Wicks, of Prince Edward.

—Mr. A. P. Wickware, Reeve of Barrie, gave us a call on Tuesday. He was en route to Kingston to attend County Council.

—Mr. John Quigley, of Selby, left on Tuesday for Ernest, Dakota, to visit his son. We wish him a pleasant trip.

—Mr. Geo. Challes and family, of Toronto, have been spending a short time in town.

—Mr. Wm. Hanson, of Montreal, spent a few days in town last week.

—Alex. Henry, Esq., and his son Clarence, spent Sunday in Cobourg, visiting friends and Mrs. Henry, who has been in that town for some time.

—Mr. Ed. Dickens and wife spent Sunday and Monday in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Dickens.

—Miss Maggie Love has returned to her home in Picton, after a week's sojourn with friends in town.

—Mrs. W. H. Stevenson arrived in town this week, from Trinidad, Colorado, to join her husband.

—Dr. Day, of Trenton, Ont., has been elected president of the Medical Council of the Ontario College of Ppysicians and Surgeons.

—Mgr. Smeulders, the representative of Pope Leo XIII. arrived in Ottawa on Tuesday and attended the closing exercises of the college there.

—Rev. Dr. Potts will sail for Europe to-morrow. He still shows signs of his recent severe illness.

—Dr. Smith and daughter, of Cape Vincent, N. Y., and Miss Adams, of Watertown, N. Y., are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Leonard.

—Mess Carter, of Montreal, and Wm S. Daly, of Belleville, spent Sunday and Monday in town, the guests of Mr. Jas. Daly.

—We were pleased to receive a call from Messrs. J. A. Fraser and W. D. Mace, of Tamworth. They report business good.

—Mr. John Christie, of the Napanee Paper Co.'s office, left on Saturday last for a short visit to friends in Toronto. During his trip he will visit Fenelon Falls.

—Miss Bristol is absent this week attending the marriage of her brother, Mr. Geo. Bristol, of Hamilton, to Miss Maggie, daughter of the late Thos. White, Esq., of the same city. The wedding took place Tuesday.

—Mr. J. Rudd Perry left on Wednesday for the scene of his contract on the C. P. R. on the north shore of Lake Superior. He does not expect to return till fall. Mr. James Bogart accompanied him as time-keeper.

—Mr. J. R. Smith, of Odessa, left Tuesday, for Ernest, Dakota, on a three months' visit to his son, who resides near that place. He took the precaution of keeping himself posted on local affairs by calling and ordering THE EXPRESS to be sent to him. He expects to make a trip through Kansas and Nebraska before his return.

A Celebrated Case.

The remarkable case of W. A. Edgars, of Frankville, who suffered from disease of the liver and kidneys so badly that all hope of recovery was abandoned. He remained ten and thirteen days without action of the bowels. Four bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters restored him to perfect health, which he had not known for twenty years before.

Fluid Lightning

is the only instantaneous relief for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Etc. Rubbing a few drops briskly is all that is needed. No taking nauseous medicines for weeks, but one minute's application removes all pain and will prove the great value of Fluid Lightning. Twenty-five cents per bottle at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful," "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

The Great Removal Sale

—AT—

J. F McALISTER'S

Is now in full swing and will continue until we remove to our new store in June.

We are selling all our Tweeds at cost, and cut them free. Also our immense stock of Ready-made Clothing, Hats and Gent's Furnishings at cost.

☞ Now is the time to buy a cheap Suit, a stylish Hat or a clean Shirt cheap.

Call Early and Call Often During the Sale.

J. F. McALISTER, The Clothier.

PRESENTATION TO R. A. HELLIWELL.

A Tribute of Esteem to a Worthy Gentleman.

There was a large gathering of the leading business men of the town in the office of the Dominion Bank here Monday afternoon last. They filled the large space outside the railing and even invaded the manager's private office. If a stranger had appeared on the scene at the time he would have suspected a run on the bank. Such, however, was not the case. The gathering was for the purpose of a formal leave-taking of the late manager, R. A. Helliwell, Esq., who has been promoted to the Inspectorship of the Bank with headquarters at Toronto, and for presenting him with a suitable testimonial. When all had assembled, John B. McGuin, Esq., read the following address :—

To Mr. R. A. Helliwell :

We, a few of your many friends in Napanee, having learned of your promotion to the important position of Inspector of the Dominion Bank, offer you our sincere congratulations, though we cannot but regret that the change involves your removal from our town.

In your discharge of the onerous duties as bank manager here, not only have you given entire satisfaction to your directors, as is evidenced by your promotion, but at the same time have, in no less degree won the esteem of all with whom you have had business or social relations.

As a token of our regard and good will, we ask you to accept this solid silver tea service, and we hope that in your new home, you and Mrs Helliwell may win as many and as sincere friends as you have in Napanee.

Signed on behalf of your Napanee friends,

M. W. PRUYN)
R. G. WRIGHT - Committee.
W. F. HALL)

Napanee, May, 1884.

The service consisted of five pieces of solid silver handsomely chased and bearing the inscription : "To R. A. Helliwell from his Napanee friends." The design is elegant and the workmanship excellent. The service was purchased from the manufacturer, through Mr. F. Chinneck, at a cost of over $300.

When this presentation was made Dr. R.

Invaluable to Every Lady.

"MAY DEW"

The Great French Lotion for Beautifying the Face.

It conceals the evidence of age. One application will make the most stubbornly red and rough hands beautifully soft and white. Remember that "MAY DEW" is not a paint or powder that fills up the pores of the skin, and that is injurious to the skin, but a new and great discovery, a vegetable liquid, that causes the cheek to glow with health, the neck, arms and hands to rival the Lily in whiteness. Impossible to detect in the beauty it confers any artificial character. It cures Greasy Skin, Freckles, Wrinkles, Pimples, Black Heads, Crow's Feet, Blotches, Face Grubs, Sun Burn, Tan, Ringworm, Chapped Hands, Sore or Chapped Lips, Barber's Itch, Tetter, &c. It frees the pores, oil glands, and tubes from the injurious effects of powders and cosmetic washes. By its use all redness and roughness are prevented; it beautifies the skin, and will make it soft, smooth and white; imparting a delicious softness; producing a perfectly healthy, natural, and youthful appearance. The best face lotion that the world ever produced. We will send "A LARGE BOTTLE" to any address on receipt of price, $1. When ordering mention this paper.

Address all letters to the MAY DEW AGENCY, 167 Church street, Toronto, Ont.

Parlor and Reception Rooms for Ladies. 31-1 yr

ROBBERY! ROBBERY!

lent. The service was purchased from the manufacturer, through Mr. F. Chinneck, at a cost of over $300.

When this presentation was made Dr. R. A. Leonard, M.W. of Napanee Lodge A. O. U. W., stepped forward and read the following address, while R. G. Wright, Esq., P. M. W. of the lodge, handed Mr. Helliwell a case containing a handsome locket bearing a shield on which was the ensignia of the order :—

R. A. Helliwell, Esq.

We, the officers and members of Napanee Lodge No. 194, Ancient Order of United Workmen, feel that we cannot allow you to depart from our midst without giving some slight token of the appreciation in which you are held by us. As a member of our society you have been unremitting in your efforts and untiring in zeal to increase the number of its members and further the interests of the Order in every possible way. On leaving, you vacate a position among us to which you have done honor, and the duties of which you have most efficiently discharged.

This small souvenir you will please accept from the members of our lodge in kind remembrance of the many pleasant evenings spent together and our esteem for you as a brother.

We understand that the duties of the high and responsible position you have attained in the Dominion Bank will necessitate your frequent appearance among us and we trust that our lodge room may often be graced by your presence. We also hope that your career in the future may ever continue to brighten as it has done in the past and that you may never forget the watchwords—Charity, Hope and Protection.

Signed on behalf of the lodge.

J. L. BOYES, Recorder. R. A. LEONARD, Master Workman.

Napanee, June 9, 1884.

Mr. HELLIWELL in making a reply spoke briefly and with much feeling. He said that his feelings would hardly permit him to give expression to the pleasure he experienced at this evidence of the good will and esteem entertained for him by the many gentlemen he had been associated with in business and social relations during his seven years' residence in Napanee. It seldom fell to the lot of a bank manager to meet with such a general expression of good will from those he had business connection with, and he appreciated it to the fullest extent. He assured the company that their kindly feelings were most cordially reciprocated by him and thanked them for the valuable assistance they had given him in building up a large and prosperous business for the bank. It was with feelings of deep regret that he recognized that his removal would to some extent sever those pleasant business and social relations, but he assured them that he would ever take a deep interest in the welfare of Napanee and its good people. It was here he first brought his wife and here his children were born, and this, if nothing more, should be a sufficient link to bind his affections to the town. In referring to Mr. Gamble, his successor, he most cordially recommended him to the patrons of the bank and the public generally. They would find him a most competent business man, obliging and genial. He was sure that Mr. Gamble would win their confidence and esteem. In closing, he thanked most sincerely his brethren of Napanee Lodge A. O. U. W., for their kind wishes and expressed the hope that the lodge and order would continue to prosper as in the past.

At the conclusion Mr. Helliwell was greeted with hearty applause. The company then gathered round him and each shook him warmly by the hand wishing him God speed. He left by the evening train for Toronto. The addresses and silver are now on exhibition in Mr. Chinneck's window.

Do Not be Discouraged

even if you have tried many remedies for your Kidney disease or Liver complaint without success it is no reason why you should think your disorder incurable. The most intractable cases readily yield to the potent virtues of Kidney-Wort. It is a purely vegetable compound which acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels at the same time and thus cleanses the whole system. Don't wait, but get a package to-day and cure yourself.

ROBBERY! ROBBERY!

A LIBERAL REWARD

For the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who broke into and stole from our window a number of WATERBURY WATCHES.

We have suffered a loss, but we are to some degree repaid by the feeling of gratification that our introduction of those

NOW CELEBRATED, AND EXCELLENT

WATERBURY WATCHES,

in Napanee and vicinity, has met with the greatest success; placing them in the position of a much coveted prize, for the gaining which, as has been seen, our "local crooks" have hazarded their carcases.

Thanks to the vigilance of Mr. Emberson, we have been left with a sufficient number to permit us present (within the short time at our disposal) each and every one of the purchasers of a suit of those

Fashionable and much Sought for Suits of Clothes,

of all sizes and styles, which we are still offering to the public and especially to those who desire to celebrate in a worthy manner, and in that happy and holiday spirit and attire, which animated and robed our noble ancestors on all such occasions as the coming

Celebration of the U. E. Loyalists.

☞ Remember the Popular Clothing House, Rennie Block, Napanee.

R. P. LAHEY.

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, and General Groceries

For the Million.

THE ONTARIO TEA COMPANY

OF NAPANEE,

Have added a full and complete line of CHOICE SELECTED GROCERIES to their Tea and Coffee business, north side of Dundas Street, opposite Dickens' Bakery, and are now fully prepared to supply everybody with Teas, Coffees, and General Groceries of the

PUREST AND FINEST QUALITY,

AS GOOD AS THE BEST AND AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

MR. E. M. FRALICK,

A member of the Company, will have charge of the store.

☞ CALL AND SEE THE GOODS, AND GET HIS PRICES.

THE ONTARIO TEA COMPANY.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. **NAPANEE, O**

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

—o—

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1819.)

—o—

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.

Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor

ENGAGEMENTS:

Monday June 30th—Only a Woman's Heart.

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY R. J. WRIGHT, Morven. Applications strictly confidential. 25-6 mos-pd

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued by NORMAN STORMS, Violet. Applications strictly private and confidential. 20-6 mos.

TO LET.—The premises formerly occupied by THE EXPRESS on East street. Immediate possession given. Suitable for a manufactory of any kind. pply to Mr. E. S. L PUM or to Mr. W. M. O'BEIRNE.

STRAYED TO THE PREMISES OF Wellington Lapum, 7th concession of Ernesttown, a brown mare of medium size, about six years of age, and having a white spot in forehead and one over an eye.

WELLINGTON LAPUM.
Ernesttown, May 31st, 1884. 30-3 in.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned intends to remove to the West offers for sale his farm of 100 acres, being lot No. 16, in the 6th and 7th concessions of Ernesttown. 100 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Good buildings and well watered. A desirable location. Apply to

EDMUND E. SWITZER,
30-3 mos.-pd. Switzerville P. O.

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best **COAL** at the **LOWEST** prices, are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent for the Rathbun Company.
Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4 mos.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON **DENTIST.**

THE

Hay Season!

Will soon be upon us and farmers should have everything in readiness for cutting the crop, which has every sign of being a splendid one.

The New Model Mower

—AND—

The Meadow Lark Mower

Stand pre-eminately ahead of all other mowing machines

The New Model has a front cut and the Meadow Larke a rear cut. Both are strong, durable machines and

Not Excelled by any in the Market

For quality of cut, durability, lightness of draft, adaptability and ease of management. Don't be induced by unscrupulous agents to purchase a foreign made machine.

Our machines have been thoroughly tested and work perfectly. The tendency now days, is to run after something new, "novelties" which nineteen times out of twenty do not meet the expectations of the purchaser, but causes a season of vexsatious delay, and generally the loss of the whole machine. Is this wise? Stop and consider a moment, you who want to purchase.

U.E. LOYALISTS' CENTENNIAL.

SUCCESSFUL CELEBRATION AT ADOLPHUSTOWN.

Glorious Weather—A Large Attendance—Patriotic Speeches.

The celebration of the landing of the U. E. Loyalists in Adolphustown opened on Monday last. For weeks a large and energetic committee composed mainly of residents of the township were actively engaged in completing arrangements, and considering that but few of them had any previous experience in the celebration line, they did remarkably well. The site selected was a part of the farm of D. W. Allison, Esq., M.P., adjoining his palatial residence. It was the spot on which Captain Vanalstine and his band of loyalists landed just one hundred years ago. A better site could hardly have been chosen—not only because of the associations connected therewith but on account of its adaptability. Ten acres, almost as smooth as a lawn, with the bay on one side and a long lagoon on the other, afforded ample space for the varied events on the programme. A grand stand had been erected from which floated many flags while encircling the grounds and dotted here and there were scores of refreshment and dining booths. The 15th battalion of Belleville arrived on Sunday and encamped on the grounds. This was all that was needed to complete the scene and give it an animated appearance, even before the thousands of visitors had arrived. Though the celebration proper did not commence till Monday, a very important event took place on the Saturday previous, and that was the

LAYING OF THE CORNER STONE

of the Methodist memorial church. The new edifice is to take the place of the first church erected in Adolphustown, as early as 1792, and is to be dedicated to God and the memory of the U. E. Loyalists in November next. The first Methodist preacher arrived in the settlement in 1788—one Lyon, a class leader whose exhortations drew around him many of the God-fearing pioneers. He was succeeded in 1789 by a Rev. Mr. McCarthy, but that being a time of oppression to all who openly espoused doctrines not in accordance with the established church, he was banished by the authorities to an island in the St. Lawrence and it is believed perished, his flock never hearing of him afterwards. Rev. Wm. Lossee was the next preacher, and it was under his pastorship that the first church was erected. We give below a copy of the subscription list taken from the original document by Rev. R. N. Adams, the present Superintendent of the Circuit:—

ADOLPHUSTOWN, Feb. 23rd, 1792.

DEAR FRIENDS AND BRETHREN,—As Almighty God has been pleased to visit us in this wilderness with the light of a preached Gospel, we think it requisite to build a meeting-house or church for the more convenient assembling of

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

Rooms lately occupied by Dr Clements, Du Napanee.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music either brass or string on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28-6 mos.

THE REINDEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Steamer "Reindeer" will, until further announcement, run on the following route:—Leave Conway Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m. for Picton and Napanee, touching at all intermediate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a.m. Returning will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and Picton at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1884. 30

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 107, Section 34, Revised Statutes of Ontario, that the creditors of John Stevenson, late of the Town of Napanee, piano manufacturer, who died on or about the 1st April last, are on or before the 14th July next to send by post pre-paid to W. H. Stevenson of the Town of Napanee, for Howard S. Stevenson, Wm. H. Stevenson and John H. Stevenson, the executors of the deceased, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, together with their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and that on and after the said 14th July next the assets of the deceased will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been received, and the said Executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to persons whose claims shall not have been received by them at the time of the distribution of the said assets or part thereof as the case may be.

HOWARD S. STEVENSON,
W. H. STEVENSON,
JOHN H. STEVENSON,
Executors.

31-5 ins.

NOTICE.

To John Blewett, Ira E. Grooms, A. S. Kimmerly, Kate McNeill, Thomas Jamieson, Rufus A. Shorey, Thomas Symington, W. M. O'Beirne, R. P. Lahey, Patrick Slaven, W. A. Rose, Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the Council of the municipal corporation of the town of Napanee intend on the 4th day of August next, to pass a By-law for the confirmation of the special assessment levied against you and each of your property to pay one half of the cost of the construction of a common sewer on the north side of Dundas Street, from the west side of lot number three to East Street. The cost of said sewer is one hundred and twenty dollars and you and each of you are severally assessed on the undermentioned property all on the north side of Dundas Street according to the frontage thereon as follows:—

John Blewett, owner west part of lot number three the sum of $7.06; John Blewett owner, Ira E. Grooms and A. S. Kimmerly occupants, middle part of lot number three the sum of $6.00; John Blewett, owner Kate McNeill, occupant, east part of lot number three, the sum of $3.06; Thomas Jamieson, owner west half of lot number two the sum of $10.00; Thomas Symington, owner, Rufus A. Shorey occupant middle part of lot number two the sum of $6.10; Thomas Symington, owner, W. M. O'Beirne, occupant east part of lot number two the sum of $3.06; Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie, owners, R. P. Lahey, occupant west part of lot number one the sum of $1.57; Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie, owners, Patrick Slaven, occupant middle part of lot number one the sum of $7.32; Mary C. Rennie and Jane L. Rennie, owners, W. A. Rose, occupant east part of lot number one the sum of $8.23

Dated this 12th day of June, 1884.

P. EMBURY,
Town Clerk.

Is this wise? Stop and consider a moment, you who want to purchase.

Buy Your Machines Where Repairs (if Required) can be Had Promptly.

—OUR CENTENNIAL PATENT—

Self-Dump Horse Rake

Is meeting each year with greater success. A boy can operate it. No additional strength is required to discharge the heaviest loads; it immediately resumes its position to rake close to the windrows; it rakes perfectly clean; a lever holds the teeth to their work, or eleyates to move from field to field; it can be adjusted to rake stubble without injury to the clover roots; the teeth are of the best quality of oil-tempered steel and will stand a spring backwards of twenty inches without injury; dumping attachments for both wheels and can be used in turning. It is self or hand dumping, as may be preferred. It is the best, simplest, strongest, most convenient and the most durable. We advise all farmers to buy it. DEALERS do not use the rakes they sell, it does not, therefore, matter so much to them what they sell; but farmers who have to use them until they are worn out should never take anything but the best.

We are booking orders every day for

REAPERS, MOWERS, —AND— RAKES.

Remember that it is our object to manufacture a

Perfect Working Machine

and a durable one.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR

Queen of the Harvest

REAPER, AS IMPROVED FOR 1884.

We warrant it the best.

TH MEADOW LARK

Is the best combined Reaper and Mower in the market. Purchase your machines at home get a first-class machine and where repairs, if needed, can be had promptly.

JOHN HERRING

DEAR FRIENDS AND BRETHREN,—As Almighty God has been pleased to visit us in this wilderness with the light of a preached Gospel, we think it requisite to build a meeting-house or church for the more convenient assembling of ourselves together for social worship before the Lord.

We do agree to build said church under the direction of William Losee, Methodist preacher, our brother who has labored with us this twelve months past, he following the directions of the discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church, or, in his absence, under the direction of any Methodist preacher belonging to the Methodist Episcopal Church in Great Britain or America, sent from there by proper authority, (such as the Bishop), to labor among us.

We do further agree that no other denomination or society of people shall have any privilege or liberty to preach or teach in the said Methodist Church, without the consent or leave of the assistant Methodist preacher then laboring with us. We do further agree to build said church thirty-six feet by thirty feet, two stories high, with a gallery in the upper story or second story, said house to be built on the north-west corner of Paul Huff's lot of land No. 18, Third concession, Fourth town.

We, the subscribers, do promise to pay or cause to be paid to the directors, towards the building of the said church, as it is wanting, the sums of money annexed to our names, underneath, where we have hereunto set our hands the date above written:—

Paul Huff	£10	0s.	0d.
Peter Frederick	4	0	0
Elizabeth Roblin	12	0	0
William Casey	7	0	0
Daniel Steel	3	10	0
Joseph Allison	5	0	0
William Green	1	0	0
William Ruttan	10	0	0
Solomon Huff	2	0	0
Stophel Garman	2	0	0
John Green	3	0	0
Peter Ruttan	4	0	0
Joseph Clapp	5	0	0
John Bininger	1	0	0
Conrad Vandusen	15	0	0
Henry Hover	8	10	0
Casper Vandusen	2	0	0
Arra Ferguson	3	0	0
Daniel Dafoe	2	0	0
Andrew Embury	2	0	0
Henry Davis	4	0	0
William Ketcheson	2	0	0
Total	£108.		

It will be seen that the subscriptions were quite large for people so poor as these first settlers were and shows the great depth of their religious ardour. The new church will be built of brick and will cost about $5,000, the greater portion of which has been subscribed. The ceremony of laying the corner stone on Saturday was witnessed by a large crowd. It was performed by Mrs. J. B. Allison (mother of D. W. Allison, Esq., M. P.,) a lady of 85 years and the daughter of one of the original Loyalists. She performed the ceremony with a handsome silver trowel presented by the superintendent of the circuit, which bore the following inscription:—

"To Mrs. J. B. Allison on the occasion of laying the corner stone of the Methodist U. E. L. Centennial Church, June 14th, 1884."

The gathering then adjourned to the district tent where lunch was served by the ladies. After "the cloth had been removed" Rev. M. L. Pearson, chairman of the district, took the chair and addresses suitable to the occasion were given by Revs. Wm. Briden, Newburgh; J. J. Leach, Odessa; —Gibson, Wolfe Island, and D. V. Lucas of Montreal, the latter making the speech of the occasion. Mr. D. W. Allison, M.P., also made a few remarks.

A copy of the document given above was placed under the stone.

SUNDAY ON THE GROUNDS.

The grounds were the resort of many sight-seers on Sunday as well as of many good people attracted by the services in the Methodist and Episcopalian churches. The 15th battalion arrived early in the morning and their encampment was all bustle and excitement. The vendors of refreshments were busy completing their arrangements for the morrow and the hammer and saw could be heard mingling with the sounds of preachers' voices.

THE OLD U. E. L. CEMETERY

was the main centre of attraction. It is on the

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

2, ONT., FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 32.

the celebration grounds and is marked by a cluster of oak and maple trees. Here many of the pioneers rest without a stone of any kind bearing their names. Some of the mounds are marked only by wooden slabs, all inscriptions upon which, if there ever were any, have been long since effaced. Over one grave, however, stands a stone slab bearing this inscription in letters as if cut with a knife by an amateur sculptor :—

"Here lies entombed Hannah Vandusen, who deceased March 8, 1791, aged 39 years, 10 months and 8 days. She was the wife of Conrad Vandusen, and faithfully discharged the duties of a companion, a parent, and a citizen. C. Shorts facit.'

Two grandchildren of Mrs. Vandusen were on the grounds on Monday—David Vandusen of Picton, aged 76, and his sister, aged 61. This spot was selected as a burying ground because it was here that the first interment after the landing of the pilgrims was made. While Major Vanalstine and his followers were in their tents a little child died and was buried under the trees. Soon afterwards Jasper Hoover, (ancestor of D. W. Allison, M.P.) was killed by a falling tree. Beside those of the little child the remains of this good man were laid. Others died, and soon the reposing ground of the dead was fenced, and thus was formed the "U. E. Loyalist burial ground." The resting place of eight Caseys and Ingersolls, and of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Allison, are enclosed by iron fences and stone posts. These are the only plots which have been cared for.

At three o'clock a military service was held on this spot, Rev. R. S. Forneri, B.A., rector of Adolphustown, giving an excellent sermon, while standing under the shade of the trees, the men sitting round on the mounds which covered the ashes of the pioneers. Services were also held in the large Methodist district tent by Rev. D. V. Lucas of Montreal and Rev. M. L. Pearson of Napanee. In the old English Church the morning service was conducted by Rev. C. E. Thompson of Weston, a U. E. Loyalist.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

At an early hour residents from the surrounding county commenced to arrive in all kinds of vehicles. About noon the steamers "Reindeer" and "Utica" from Napanee; "Hero" and "Deseronto" from Belleville and Picton, and the "Maud" from Kingston arrived bringing thousands of excursionists. They were landed at Allison's dock and escorted to the grounds by the splendid band of the 15th battalion. An admission fee of 25c. was charged and the rudely constructed turnstile was kept in active operation all day. Dinner was the first requisite of the visitors and this was supplied by the ladies of the Episcopalian and Methodist churches, who had made ample provision for the crowd. A bazaar was also held in the Episcopal booth and many beautiful and useful articles, the handwork of the young ladies of the church, were disposed of.

The programme was opened at noon by the band playing the National Anthem and prayer by Rev. D. V. Lucas. About two o'clock the speech-making commenced from the grand stand; above which floated the

received but little attention, and many of the facts relating to their history have been irretrievably lost. No wonder then the U. E. Loyalists are not only mostly forgotten, but have had their conduct, their motives and their character misrepresented. The effort made by Rev. Dr. Ryerson to place before the world a more accurate estimate of the Loyalists, and the attempts by others, in later years, to rescue from oblivion facts honourable to them, have been received incredulously. During the two hundred years that the Loyalists have been engaged in converting the wilderness into comfortable homes, the press of the United States has occupied itself, educating the world to the effect that the American Tories of 1776 were the offscourings of the land. Even Canadians may be found who have nothing but praise for the rebels of 1776, and nothing but obloquy for those who did not think rebellion justifiable and British statesmen and the press of Great Britain have vied to offer to the screaming goddess the most profound adulation. It were amusing were it not humiliating to see bastard Canadians in a feeble way cast discredit upon the United Empire Loyalists. They mostly set out on the supposition that the Loyalists had no love of liberty, that they were willing to be almost, or quite, serfs to pay taxes to the Imperial Treasury without parliamentary representation. Vast numbers were indifferent about liberty. On the other hand there was a large number recognizing the evils existing in the relationship between England and America. But they did not see a grievance to justify rebellion. It is submitted that the United Empire Loyalists were not without a love of liberty, that the subsequent history of the British Provinces presented a steady and healthy development in liberal government, and to-day Canada has more liberty and the government of the people is really more democratic than the United States. But in drawing a comparison between our United Empire Loyalists' fathers and the fathers of the Republic I have no desire to belittle the people of that generation. The bitterness of the last century is all buried. We entertain toward them no feeling but that of good will. We even hope that their destiny may be as great as we believe ours is to be. But while the Canadian nation is on parallel lines in growth and development the lines cannot come together. We celebrate the settlement of this province with no narrow feeling of sectionalism. We are here as Canadians above all. Looking east, west and north over our rich heritage, we say Canada one and indivisible for ever—Canada for the Canadians and Canadians only.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE OF THE U. E. L. MONUMENT.

As Dr. Canniff concluded his address the 15th battalion, headed by their band, came down from the camp and made their way toward the spot where one of the principal events of the day was to take place, the laying with Masonic honours of the corner stone of the new monument to the U. E. Loyalists. Thither the people filed. The Masons, comprising members of Napanee, Belleville, Pic-

if need be, to suffer or die for their convictions. It is of such men the salt of the earth is made (cheers), and we in Canada have a good right to be proud that we can look back upon such ancestors. (Renewed cheers.) You may deem these men foolish in their enthusiasm, but if you are worthy to be their descendants you will agree with me in saying that they dared greatly and succeeded greatly, and they have left behind lessons which we would do well to follow. (Cheers.) We ought, on an occasion like this, to understand what induced our forefathers to make the sacrifice they did. You must look back a little to see America during the course of the eighteenth century. Beginning in 1700 and ending in 1775, a great struggle was going on, waged in different parts of America, between the two greatest nations of Europe. In that struggle these men had many of them borne a part. The struggle was to decide whether England or France was to rule this great continent. Those who look back and consider how far the French pioneers had advanced, what their exertions were, how much blood and treasure England and France had spilled in the struggle, will understand in some degree why it was our forefathers desired not to show themselves ungrateful for the great sacrifices which the present country had made.

MONTCALM'S LETTER.

The other day I came upon a strange letter from that distinguished French General, Montcalm, who fell in the great battle which finally decided the fate of North America. I find that Montcalm was not only a great general but a very able statesman. He put on record a prediction of his own fall, declaring that he would be defeated and that he would not survive the loss of North America. He predicted also that ten years after Canada was conquered the other colonies would assert their independence. As you know, who have paid attention to history, this was fulfilled almost to the hour and day. Canada was ceded to Great Britain in 1763, and within twelve years thereafter the first blood was drawn in the struggle which resulted in the independence of the United States of America. The letter first predicts that if General Wolfe understands his trade that Montcalm must be defeated, and declares that as this defeat means the total loss of North America, and will not survive.

"I console myself, nevertheless, for the prospect of my own defeat, and of the loss of the colony, by my firm conviction that this defeat will prove in the long run better than a victory for France, and that the conqueror, England, will find a tomb in her own conquest. This may appear a pardox, but a little reflection and a glance at the political situation in North America will prove the correctness of my opinion. A large portion of the English colonists are the children of men who left England during the period of the civil war, and betook themselves to America to find a country where they might live and die in freedom and independence. I know them thoroughly, but by means of sure information and correspondence which I have arranged myself, and which if my life had been prolonged I had meant to turn to the advantage of France. In fact all the English colonists would have shaken off the yoke long ago, and

the band playing the National Anthem and prayer by Rev. D. V. Lucas. About two o'clock the speech-making commenced from the grand stand; above which floated the fine flag of the Native Canadian Society of Belleville. Among the members of the press present were Mr. Campbell, Globe, Toronto; Mr. J. G. Elliott, Whig, Kingston; Mr. Magurn, Ontario, Belleville; Mr. Shannon, News, Kingston; Mr. Graham, Courier, Trenton; Mr. J. A. McDonald, Chronicle, Arnprior; Mr. W. M. O'Beirne, THE EXPRESS, and Mr. W. C. Scott, Beaver.

Mr. L. L. BOGERT, President, contented himself with congratulating the people upon the success of the celebration. Those who were running the affair had made him President because he was the oldest descendant of the U. E. Loyalists in the district. He was, however, a plain man, and would prefer to be in the crowd if he had his own way. He then introduced one of the Vice-Presidents,

Mr. A. L. MORDEN, of Napanee. He welcomed them on behalf of the people of Adolphustown to honour the memory of those whose brave deeds—in the words of that grand old man, William Ryerson—and unswerving Christian patriotism form a patent of nobility more to valued by their descendants than the coronets of many modern noblemen. The proud boast of the Roman was, "I am a Roman citizen." To-day to be able to say I am a British subject, meant that the person speaking was protected to the fullest extent in life, liberty and estate. The bravery and unswerving devotion to duty of the men whose lives they honoured had secured to Canadians their positions as British subjects which gallant Brock called upon them not to yield easily, for it was the grandest heritage in the world. (Applause.) He then gave way to Dr. Canniff of Toronto, who has taken an active part in the work of preparing the celebration.

Dr. CANNIFF began with a graphic description of a young couple, his ancestors on his mother's side, leaving Holland for the new world 200 years ago. The story was given not merely for his personal gratification, but to show the stern courage which characterized the first settlers of America. They were mainly descendants of these hardy pioneers of the 15th, who a century later became exiles from their father's homes and who penetrated to the wilderness of Upper Canada to found the noble Province of Ontario. This is not the time to fully discuss the events attending the great American rebellion of 1776. Neither is this the time to consider the reasons why the rebellion commenced in 1776 became a rebellion, why rebels became heroes and the British Empire became dismembered. At the commencement of the hostilities the rebels were in a minority throughout the thirteen colonies. In New England they predominated, but many of the other colonies, especially New York, from which so many of the Bay of Quinte settlers came were largely against the rebellion. Then there was a large number who were indifferent as to the result. There were even a considerable number of Whigs at first averse to independence and forced into accepting it. Then the mistakes on the part of the British officers led to disaster among the Loyalists. Finally, France gave substantial assistance, and at last the surrender of Cornwallis practically terminated the struggle. England recognized the independence of the colonies, and the loyal Americans found themselves without homes, and aliens to the land of their birth. They were subjects of persecution. Many would have become reconciled, but their lands were confiscated. How the Loyalists found their way into Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Canada, is a sad and touching story. While the Americans for a century have been engaged in writing up the Revolution from their point of view, the history of the American Loyalists has

ing with Masonic honours of the corner stone of the new monument to the U. E. Loyalists. Thither the people filed. The Masons, comprising members of Napanee, Belleville, Picton, Adolphustown, Bath and Newburgh lodges, also formed in line and proceeded to the spot in a body. The stone, which was lying on the ground just at the edge of the plot used for the burial ground, was soon surrounded twenty deep by people anxious to witness the ceremony. All being ready, R. W. Bro. Arthur McGuinness, D.D.G.M., of Belleville, acting as G.M., made a brief address, in the course of which he eulogized the Loyalists, and said that the only reason why such men had not already had some such tribute as was now proposed to be erected to their memory must be found in the fact that such acknowledgments of the people's love and gratitude must come when there was time for the cultivation of the arts and wealth to accumulate. He and his brethren deemed it an honour to lay this corner stone of a monument to the memory of men who had sacrificed so much for their allegiance to the British flag. The mystic rites having been duly solemnized, a prayer was offered by Worshipful Bro. Rev. R. J. Craig of Deseronto as Grand Chaplain, and the stone was declared duly laid. The conclusion of the ceremony was announced by the National Anthem by the band, followed by a grand salute of the 15th battalion. "B" Battery band, Kingston, and the Picton silver cornet band, which had arrived on the grounds early in the afternoon, played some lively selections near the speakers' stand.

According to the programme Sir John Macdonald should have spoken next, but he did not put in an appearance.

Sir Richard Cartwright's Address.

Upon resuming—Sir Richard Cartwright was introduced and came forward amid applause. After greeting the audience among whom he recognized many old friends, he proceeded:—I do not believe you could be assembled for a more laudable or patriotic purpose than that which has brought you together to-day. We are here for the purpose of doing what honor we can to the memory of men to whom we owe it that not merely Ontario, but one half of the continent of America, remains to-day under British rule. (Cheers.) It is desirable, too, that we should endeavor to understand the magnitude of the sacrifice made by the noble band who one hundred years ago drew up their batteaux on the shores of Adolphustown. These men were not inconsiderate youths; they were men, most of them of mature years, and some advanced in life, who had won for themselves comfortable independence in a country south of us. At what they conceived to be the call of duty they were ready to sacrifice everything that men commonly hold dear; resign the wealth they had accumulated, forfeit their prospects—their own and their children's—for the sake of their loyalty to the flag under which they had served, and under which many of them had fought and bled. (Cheers.) That was not an ordinary act, and men who performed it were cast in no ordinary mould. Nowadays it is far too common to judge a man's acts by the standard of mere material success. These men had something nobler and loftier before them. Had it been worldly prosperity they looked for they would have cast their lot in with the Republic to the south of us; had they blenched from the trials before them; had they been frightened away from the task of carving a home out of the wilderness—a very few years would have passed before the American flag would have waved over the whole of this continent. The men who did these things possessed

THE COURAGE OF THEIR CONVICTIONS.

Where they thought they were right they were not afraid of being in the minority. (Cheers.) They were prepared to fight, and

information and correspondence which I have arranged myself, and which if my life had been prolonged I had meant to turn to the advantage of France. In fact all the English colonies would have shaken off the yoke long ago, and every one of them would have become a little independent republic had it not been for the fear of France at their doors. As between two masters they preferred their own fellow countrymen to foreigners, taking care, meanwhile, to render no more obedience than they could help; but if Canada is conquered, and if the Canadians and English Colonists become one people the very first occasion on which England will appear and interfere with their interests, do you suppose the colonists will obey her? What have they to fear if they do revolt? I am so perfectly certain of the truth of what I have written that I will only allow ten years after the conquest of Canada to see my predictions accomplished. Now you see the reason which consoles me as a Frenchman for the imminent danger France is incurring of seeing Canada lost forever."

FOUGHT FOR SUPREMACY.

Most of the Loyalists whom we honor to-day fought for the supremacy of Great Britain and of the British race in North America, and they fought after such great sacrifices that had been made they were bound to see that the English race was not robbed of the price of the sovereignty of this continent. Remember, when in 1775 the colonies decided to break off their allegiance this struggle was of very recent date; that many of the men served under British generals in the armies which conquered Canada and took Quebec. There were men of different classes among the Loyalists. Some were impelled simply by honest and laudable instinct of loyalty to the flag to which they had owed allegiance, and they were prepared to make sacrifices for that loyalty. I would have you all make sacrifices where necessary for your convictions; but besides these, there were others among the band. These men, as their name, United Empire Loyalists showed, thoroughly appreciated the enormous future which awaited the English race in North America. It would be a mistake to suppose that they wholly approved of the course of the British Government. As their correspondence shows they objected, as Burke and Chatham objected, but they felt it would be a thousand pities and a disgrace to the race that after all that had passed, the English race should allow itself to be split into fragments, and we have numerous proofs of how powerfully these men's acts and feelings affected the whole destiny of this country. Gentlemen, the Loyalists builded better than they knew. They came a handful of men, perhaps four or five thousand souls, to the Province of Ontario, and yet they have given to a very great extent, impulse and direction to the feelings and destiny of four or five millions who now inhabit the Dominion. But for the effect of the example and traditions they left behind them, I believe you would not see yonder flag float from this ground to-day. (Loud applause.) If there be here as possibly there may be, a few of those veterans who recollect the war of 1812 and 1815, they will tell you how powerfully the example of the Loyalists strengthened their hands for the desperate struggle to preserve Canada to the British Crown. Cheers.

VASTNESS OF THE STRENGTH.

Look to history and you will not find a case in the whole range in which a handful of men maintained themselves successfully against desperate odds, which reflects more lustre on the people who did it than the struggle of our forefathers in that war. America placed along the frontier 20,000 men, a greater number than the whole male population of the province capable of bearing arms at that time. (Cheers.) All the aid the British Government could send during the first year was four companies of regulars. She also sent us Brock who alone was worth an army. (Applause.) Brock with eighteen hundred men reduced seven thousand Amer-

(Continued on fifth page.)

THAT DREADFUL MAN.

BY MRS. M. L. RAYNE.

Deacon Smith brought me a letter. It was from my nephew Tom, and read,

Dear old Aunty:

I've l st every cent of that money. Spec was n. g. What's to become of Hettie and the baby?

Your unlucky
TOM.

I leaned back from my half eaten supper, shoved my spectacles up on my intellectual forehead, and wrinkled my pug nose with disagreeable thoughts. It seemed that I had not escaped domestic troubles by refusing twenty years before to marry Hiram Grimwood. Single life had its vexations, too. Tom was my favorite nephew—my dead sister's only child—and from the hour I took him from his nurse's arms in petticoats and brought him home to be the joy and torment of my life he had kept me stirred up. Measles and mistakes were the principal themes of his baby days, and love and lawlessness attacked him in turn as he got older. I never drew a free breath till he was safely married to pretty little Hettie Maynard, our minister's daughter, who had half the sense of the family, and the good looks, too. I was most as much in love with her as Tom was, but she had one fault—she didn't see through Tom, and thought his wild goose chases were sensible, legitimate ways of making money. I always could take care of my money myself. Giving Tom money was like pouring water into a sieve. But Hettie believed that Tom was the greatest business man in the world. She believed everything that boy told her and even persuaded me into believing in him, too.

Now he had done it. I had advanced him $1,000 of the modest inheritance which would be his upon my death, on his sacred assurance that he would double the money and return the original sum. And he had gone and lost every dollar of it.

"The lame and the lazy are always provided for," I thought bitterly. "Of course Hettie and the baby can't starve. I'll go down to the city and bring them up till he gets something to do, the scamp."

Now I am an old maid, and live alone since Tom married, and it didn't take me long to shut the house up. I lent the cat to my next door neighbor, told her she might have him for his keep till I came back, and the bird I took with me for company and safe-keeping. Somehow, when I was getting ready to go, my heart grew light, and before I knew it I was singing an old love song, though what put it into my head I can't tell. It's twenty years since Hiram Grimwood went to California, and I reckon he's been dead the most of that time, or married, which is about the same.

When I had put on all my things with my back to the glass I turned around and there stood a strange woman. She gave me an awful start.

"Good mornin'," I said; "however did you get in?"

Then I saw it was myself and I laughed and laughed. I had on the same black bombazine dress and bonnet I wore when

"I-I didn't know many people," she said in her pretty bird like voice. "I went to school till my dear mother died and left me alone and pe-en-niless!"

She was crying then and the man in the seat before us turned straight round and stared at her. I gave him a look, I tell you, and he turned away again quicker

And she had to go at the next station I never felt so sorry to part with any one and she actually put her pretty arms about my neck and kissed me, just as if she had known me all her lif , sweet thing!

But what does that man do but insist on carrying her satchel out to the platform, and all the time the cars waited he stopped out there talking to her. I couldn't hear what they said, but I saw her give him something and her face was red and she was just as angry as she could be, as and the car moved off I called to her; but she never took any notice she was that vexed about something! I just made up my mind that he made her pay him for carrying that satchel out, and yet it didn't seem as if any man could be so mean.

After a while the man came back and sat down in the same seat he had occupied all along, and—would you believe it?—he had the audacity to try and start up a conversation with *me*.

"Have you the time?" he asked as impudent as you please.

"Of course I have the time," I answered, in a huff. "I never travel without it."

It was the first time I had been anywhere for ten years, but I didn't propose that he should know it.

"Would you mind telling me what time it is?" he asked, politely.

"Soft soap doesn't go down with me." I looked square at him as I answered.

"Why don't you carry a watch yourself and not trouble ladies?"

He actually smiled. Then I thought maybe he would suspicion that I didn't have any watch, nothing but a gold chain for show, so I took hold of it——

Goodness, gracious! My watch was gone!

I stood right up in the car and screamed at the top of my voice:

"Fire! murder! thieves! I've been robbed! Stop the cars!"

"Hush!" said the man in front of me in a stern voice. "Matilda Jane, sit down and keep quiet; it won't do any good to scream that way."

I nearly fainted. He called me Matilda Jane, and there never was but one person in the world that always gave me my full name, and that was Hiram Grimwood. I pinched myself to see if I was alive.

"That pretty girl took your watch," he said, and it was *his* voice this time.

"Never!" I said indignantly. "You may be Hiram Grimwood or his ghost, and if you are you have no right to come back here and tell lies. That poor child steal, indeed!"

"Matilda Jane, you haven't changed a bit," said that dreadful man. "You're just the same trusting, unsuspicious soul you used to be. That 'poor child' is an adventuress of 30. She came into this car on purpose to rob you."

"My purse is gone," I gasped, "and

FACTS AND FIGURES.

Robert Bonner, of the New York *Ledger* is sixty-two, and is worth $7,000,000.

A steamer which arrived from Mexico, recently brought up $17,000 worth of pearls.

There are 125,000 thousand miles of railroad in the United States, or seven times as many miles as there are in the United Kingdom of Great Britain.

An announcement was made a short time since before the Linnæan Society of New South Wales, by Mr. William Macleay, that the total number of fishes now amounts to 1,291 species.

Some idea of the immense business done by the elevated roads in New York City may be gathered from the fact that on March 29th, they carried 306,209 passengers, and received $21,004 in fares.

An establishment in Bavaria for the manufacture and preserving of railroad sleepers, is able to turn out 50,000 sleepers a year, which is about one-tenth of the number required annually for the maintenance of the German railroads.

In the City of New York alone, it is estimated that there are at present no fewer than 400 millionaires, thirty of whom own from $5,000,000 to $50,000,000 apiece; while there are about ten who possess from $50,000,000 to $150,000,000 each.

The official returns of the financial situation of Germany for 1883-84 are rather unfavorable. The revenue from customs and tobacco is 6,429,924 marks less than the estimate, while the total revenue from the imperial customs is about 11,750,000 marks below. In fact, unless a thorough change in the sugar industry takes place, a catastrophe is imminent. This is chiefly owing to the enormous overproduction that has been going on, and the consequent fall in prices.

The recently completed tunnel through the Voralberg, an Alpine outlier, situated on the confines of the Tyrol, Switzerland, and Bavaria, indicates the remarkable advance that has been made during the last four years in this department of engineering. The tunnel, whose maximum elevation above the sea is about 4,300 feet, is nearly seven miles in length, or somewhat longer than the Mont Cenis, the pioneer of Alpine tunnels, and yet the time consumed in its construction was only about three and a half years, or one and a half years less than the time permitted by contract. The rate of progress was about nine metres (30 feet) per day, or three times that in the case of the Mont Cenis, and double that of the St. Gothard tunnel. The number of persons employed on the service was upwards of 5,000, and the total cost involved in the enterprise, 40,000,000 francs, or somewhat less than $1,250,000 per mile. It is expected that the tunnel railway will be in operation about the middle of the present year.

FOOD FOR FANCY IN EGGS

Facts About them and their Undeveloped Possibilities of Romance.

you get in?"

Then I saw it was myself and I laughed and laughed. I had on the same black bombazine dress and bonnet I wore when Tom's mother died, and as that was about fourteen years ago they had come back to fashion and I looked quite stylish; and ever since I had the fever my hair has been short and curly, and it hung over my eyes just the way the girls wear it nowadays. I declare I looked so young I didn't know myself. Well! it's a true saying that there's no fools like old fools, and the Lord didn't make no exception of me.

When I got to the station everybody stared at me as if I was a show; I didn't take any baggage 'cause I warnt going to stay. So I only had a box with a clean calico in it, and a bundle of sweet herbs for the baby, and some new shirts for Tom, and the bird cage, and my umbrella, and a clock I wanted to get repaired in the city.

"All aboard!" yelled the conductor.

"I don't see any board,' I said, politely, and a man gripped me by the arm and pulled me on just as the cars started. Then I heard some one ask: "Who is the innocent old party?" But I didn't see no party, and I guess they got left.

Talk of adventures! I could write a book full of what happened to me on that trip, but it would sound like a romance and nobody would believe it. Ah! friends, truth is stranger than fiction, and I can prove it.

When I got my things settled in the car I felt kind of homesick and lonesome. There was the old cat left among strangers at one end of the journey, and Tom in distress at the other end, and I kind of swinging between the two, and I thought of the beautiful hymn that says—

"The world is all a floating shoe."

And—now, don't laugh—I just laid my head down on the back of the seat before me, and cried. I wouldn't have let Tom knew it for the world, but I did!

There was a man in that seat, but he did not take any notice of me. His face was covered with whiskers and he looked kind of stern, but a real good looking sort of chap, too. I thought it was him that touched me, and I jumped as if I was shot, but it was the prettiest little blonde girl of 16 I ever saw.

"Will you please let me sit with you?" she said, and her voice was just like a bird singing, aud she had a little white hand all cushiony and dimpled, on my black bombazine arm.

I'm a grumpy old thing myself, and I felt like saying as I heard the rest do, "this seat's engaged," but when she looked at me with her sweet violet eyes, I just gave in and said:

"Certainly, my dear, sit right down."

I suppose the sweet child saw I was crying, for she kind of snuggled up to me and wanted to see the bird, and praised him, and he chirped to her, and she told me her sad story, how she had come all the way from California and was an orphan going to seek a living in the great untried world.

I came near crying again then, but I remembered where I was and straightened up.

"Did you ever know a Mr. Grimwood in California?" I asked. Not that I cared to know what had become of Hiram, but I just did it to make talk.

adventuress of 30. She came into this car on purpose to rob you."

"My purse is gone," I gasped, "and every cent I had with me, and a check—Oh, Tom! Tom! there's another fool in the family! I'll just throw myself on the track."

I suppose I must have been temporarily deranged, as they say on juries, for the next thing I knew I was at the door of the car struggling with some one, who help my hands so I couldn't move, and then I broke down and cried, for this was what that dreadful man whispered in my ear:

"Matilda Jane, I have enough for us both, and if you love me as I love you no knife can cut our love in two."

We had hardly talked matters over, and accounted for each other through all these long years of parting, when we got to the town where Tom lived. We took a carriage; at least Hiram—ahem!—Mr. Grimwood did, and we drove right to the house—a little nest in the outlines—and got there just as Tom and Hettie were sitting down to a strawberry shortcake big enough for a dozen. They were laughing and carrying on like two children, and I declare, they were so glad to see me they nearly devoured me off-hand.

"Oh, Tom, Tom," I wailed, "here's your old aunt, who didn't know enough when the Lord rained common sense to hoist her umbrella—Tom the money's gone."

"Never mind the money," cried Tom. "Money's a fool to this! Give us another hug, old girl! Say, aunty, suppose you introduce your pal!"

That wicked boy! But I had forgotten all about having company.

"It's an old friend," I said blushing like a goose; "Mr. Grimwood, Tom."

'Oh, Uncle Hiram," said the wretch; "I've heard of you all my life. You're right welcome here," and he pinched my poor arm till the tears came.

I postponed telling about the robbery until we had eaten supper, but I had hardly said the first word, when Hiram took out my watch and purse and laid them in my lap.

"Why, then, Hiram, you—you are the robber!" was the next smart speech I made.

"Not quite, ma'am," and he didn't seem a bit vexed. "I said a few words to that 'sweet child' and she quietly handed me your property. I'd been watching her all the time, and she knew it. Now, Tom, your aunt is not fit to travel alone, is she?"

"Of course she isn't," said that mischievous Tom. "She needs some one to keep her from throwing her money away. By the way aunty, my little spec has turned out all right. You shall have that money for a wedding settlement if you're good."

"And you'll be married right here with us," said Hettie, giving me Tom's baby to kiss.

"Me first," said Hiram ducking his head.

"No fools like old fools," said I. "Don't muss my collar, Hiram."

"Bless you, my children," said Tom, but the tears shone in his bright eyes and his voice trembled.

And we were blessed!

Do they ever bury a dead calm?

Facts About them and their Undeveloped Possibilities of Romance.

"I wonder," said a Washington street commission merchant recently, "that clergymen never preach on the subject of eggs."

"Eggs. So simple a thing for a text?"

"And why not? What romances there are within their brittle shells! Romances of love, of life, of doubt, of disappointment and of death. The cyclopedias disclose the large variety and different sizes, and tell us the proportions of yolk and white; but these are only the dry facts to be made alive by imagination. The elegant and observant disciple of polite literature in *Goldsmith's Bee*, if he were to pass down Washington or Greenwich street any day, but especially on a Saturday, would find abundant food for reflection on the thousand and one things that everybody can think and so few write. The egg is so full of meat that it has become the basis of a proverb, and we can not neglect the accumulated wisdom of the ages."

"Can you give anything like an idea of the number of eggs consumed in a year?"

"Taking the aggregate sum of their value, which is placed at $300,000,000, an placing the average price per dozen at 20 cents, it would make the number of eggs consumed in the United States alone 1,500,000,000 dozen, or 18,000,000,000 eggs."

"But where do they all come from?"

"Hens."

"Naturally; but from what places?"

"From all over the country and from Europe. Merchants in Holland and Germand export hundreds of thousands of eggs every year. Don't you remember when the steamer Heimdal was run ashore off Bedloe's island a few months ago because she was on fire, that she had a cargo composed mainly of eggs brought from Hamburg? Eggs used to be shipped in barrels; they are now shipped in cases with paper compartments that allow the air to circulate around them, and it is wonderful to contemplate the length of time they can be kept fresh and sound. Some day when we have an extra rush on I'll send for you, and you will see that my idea of having eggs made the subject of more than a passing thought is something more than a whim.—*New York Mail and Express.*

The desert of Sahara, Africa, which it is now proposed to flood, is supposed to be a pre-historic sea, and covers an area of 2,000,000 square miles, equal to about three-fourths the United States and territories. The proposed flooding, the canal for which has been authorized by the bey of Tunis, will, however, cover an extent of but about 126,000 square miles, equal to the states of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, and that section is broken by several spots of high ground that will appear as Islands, The result of the introduction of such a lake or sea in a hitherto barren country can not yet be definitely stated. It is thought, however, that it will cause great climatic changes, that will extend even into Europe.

Without mounting by degrees, a man cannot attain to high things: and the breaking of the ladder still casteth a man back, and maketh the thing wearisome, which was easy.

AGRICULTURAL.

Ashes from Corn Cobs

When I was a small boy living in the woods, 25 miles from a lemon and groceries of every kind, I importuned my mother to make some shortcake for supper, but she said she had no saleratus to make it light, but if I would burn some corn cobs and dissolve the saleratus out of the ash, she would make the desired shortcake. I established temporary alkali works for this purpose, and was proud of the ingenuity of my mother, who could thus extract "lightness" from cob ashes, for the shortcake was light as a puff. I asked her why cob ashes were better than other ashes for this purpose. "Because they are stronger." She measured the strength by the amount of carbonate of potash they contained.

Inquiring about the manurial value of cob ashes, and not finding a satisfactory analysis, I determined to ascertain for myself the strength of these ashes. I burned ten cobs just as they would be treated if burned for fuel and not as usually done for analysis, viz: to burn them white and thus remove all coal. I obtained the following results of analysis of these gray ashes:—

Alkaline salts, of which 45 per cent. was carbonnate of potash	54.00
Phosphate of lime	7.50
Carbonate of lime	2.20
Sulphate of lime.....	2.00
Carbonate of magnesia.....	8.00
Silica	20.00
Carbon	6.30
	100.00

The alkaline salts and phosphate of lime in one ton of such ashes are worth $58 at current rates for such salts. The value of barn yard manure in your neighborhood you can estimate better than I, but it would be only a fraction of the value of cob ashes.

To Keep Away Rats.

Mary Hadlem writes that rats have so strong an aversion to the odor of peppermint, they will not enter rooms or bins where it prevails. She says of the peppermint plant: "We place it in the oats, rye and corn, when they are brought in, and some goes under the pig-stye. Though we no longer have any rats, we continue to use the plant, for fear they may make us a visit." If this is so, in the absence of the plant, probably a few drops of the oil of peppermint would answer the same purpose.

FARM ITEMS

The *New England* Farmer a first-class journal, gives the following:

President Pierce, of the Western New York Agricultural Club, says that wheat bran, sifted upon cabbage heads, will destroy the cabbage worm. This may be better worth trying than the use of poison for even if it doesn't hurt the worm, it will not spoil the cabbage.

Sheep droppings, compressed into solid cakes two inches thick, are now prepared for florists' use. It is claimed that while it promotes growth in an extraordinary degree, it will not injure plants, even if

for plucking, and hangs wasting its sweetness when it should be plucked.

Matters were brought to a climax with a rush at a certain farmer's residence. A young tiller of the soil had, for months, been paying the most assiduous attention to one of his daughters, but he was such a bashful, modest youth, never having been much in the company of girls, except this one, that he had never been able to raise his courage sufficiently high to pop the question.

He had gone to the house in which the lady lived on twenty different occasions resolved to know his fate, but when ushered into the presence of the fair one, in whose keeping he had placed his heart, his courage would invariably "go back on him," and he would return to his lonely room in greater suspense than before. Upon the evening in question he had determined that, come what would, he would tell his Mary that he loved her. He would once for all decide the matter; but, as upon all his former occasions, he could not get the proposal further than his throat. There it stuck, and he determined to gulp it down, and give up the siege, when the door opened and in walked the girl's father, who advanced to where they were sitting, and thus addressed them:—

"I came in to put a stop to this foolishness. It ain't courtin' expenses I'm lookin' at, for coal is cheap and wood can be had for the haulin', but I'm sick and tired of this billin' and cooin' like a pair of sick doves, keepin' me awake of nights; but it's got to be stopped right here. Do you love John Henry well enough to marry him?"

"Why, father, I—I—you must—"

"Stop that foolishness," cried the old man. "Answer yes or no, and quick, too. It's got to be settled now or never."

"Well—but, father, don't you know—if you'll only wait, and—"

"Answer yes or no! Speak up!" roared the old gent.

"Well, then, yes. There, now," and Mary hid her face.

"That's business; that's the way to talk. Now, John, look here—look up here or I'll shake you all to pieces. Do you want that gal of mine for a wife? Speak out like a man now."

"Why, Mr.——, ain't this rather a—I mean—can't you—"

"Speak it out, or out of this house you'll go head foremost. I won't wait a minute longer. There's the gal, and there ain't a likelier gal in the State, an' you just heard her say that she wanted you. Now, John, I won't stand a bit of foolin'. Once for all, yes or no?"

"Well yes, sir. I have been presumptuous enough to hope that I—"

"Oh, stop your soft soap talk! the thing is settled now. You two fools would have been six months more at the job that I have done in five minutes. I never saw such foolin' as there is among the young people now-a-days. Ain't like when I was young—an' now, good night. You can talk the thing over, an' you an' me, John, 'll go up to town and get the license to-morrow. Soon be time to get to plowin', no time for love makin' then. Good-night, good-night; I hope I wasn't too rough, but I was determined to fix the thing one way or t'other," and the old man went back to bed.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH'S TOMB

Thousands of Busy Feet Trampling Over His Bones in the Heart of London.

It was on an inclement spring afternoon. I had been at Smith's, the eminent maker of law-ventilating wigs, who dwells in the middle of the "Temple," and was hurrying toward Fleet street through the public way that lies between the Temple church and Goldsmith buildings. This is a somewhat curious alley. On one side is the old sanctuary, built by the Knights Templar in 1185 in commemoration of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, and dedicated to the Blessed Virgin. On the other side is an irregular line of houses, mostly occupied by the chambers of members of the legal profession. In one of these lived the author of the "Vicar of Wakefield," just above the apartment occupied by the learned Blackstone, whom he sorely disturbed by his loud lays, his games of blind-man's buff, and his dancing parties. It is there also that he died on the 4th of April, 1774, from too many James' powders.

The pavement of this thoroughfare is peculiar. It consists of tombs. The path has been traced through the old churchyard, and the ancestors' graves have been turned to profitable account by the unbiased ingenuity of the descendants. Worn out by the trampling of the passers by, the epitaphs are nearly effaced, and soon no signs will remain of the desecration. Other sights, however, will probably subsist and preserve for this singular spot its grim character. Inlaid in the external wall of one of the houses facing the church are two funeral monuments, also rapidly decaying in their wretched forlornness. As I was passing, beautiful but most mournful chants suddenly filled the air, and as suddenly stopped, to rise again more lamentable and despairing. I stopped by the railings which inclose the old round sanctuary. There was a minute of silence, and then the invisible voices resumed their plaintive strains. At my feet in the declivity of the ground, between the railings and the shrine, was something indescribably dismal—a yawning tomb. It had been dispossessed of its lid, a pair of dilapidated boards had been carelessly thrown across it, but the eye could penetrate through the gaps they left. Some hideous figures were carousing in the vacant place. I looked away. The disconsolate song still rent the air like a hymn of despair. No doubt it was some mournful hymn, sung with impressive earnestness by a fervent choir, yet it sounded to my ears as a supreme cry for help of the poor departed ones disturbed in their graves.

A little outside the public way formed by the large slabs of the tombs the ground slightly rises. A very unpretending monument lies there. No rails protect it. People pass by and don't look at it, it is so plain and unassuming. It rises only just above the ground. It wears signs of approaching decay. The stone is much chipped; yet it is not very old—only a few years more than the century—but no one evidently looks after it. Nothing is more sad than this humble sepulchre, ejected, as it were, from the churchyard, and thrown on the public road. No doubt the poor forgotten citizen pays the penalty of his obscurity. Unknown in life, he is

it promotes growth in an extraordinary degree, it will not injure plants, even if used immoderately, and that the liquid from it does not form crusts and shelter for insects on the surface of the pots. A bag of 100 pounds is $3, and the same in powder $3.50.

In an address before the Maryland Horticultural Society William Saunders, Superintendent of Grounds and Gardens, Agricultural Department, Washington, D. C., said: "The blight on apple and pear trees is, in the aggregate, a source of much loss. I will not discuss the point as to whether this malady is caused by a low form of vegetable life, fungi, or by a low form of insect life, bacteria, but allude to it to mention the fact that no part of a tree coated with lime has ever been affected."

A western farmer manages the Canada thistle in this way: He keeps about 200 sheep, and whenever he discovers a patch of thistles he salts the sheep there, putting a small handful of salt in each thistle at the root. Besides the action of the salt, which tends to destroy them, the thistles are eaten by the sheep close to the ground, and after one or two saltings the grass among the thistles, as well as everything else that hides from view, has been eaten off so that each thistle is easy to be seen and to receive its handful of salt. After this treatment it is seldom that any thistles are seen the second year.

Sir. J. B. Lawer planted a plot of ground in mangels for forty consecutive years. The ground was well tilled, kept free of weeds, but had no manure in all this time. The yield on this plot the last year was found much better than the main crop, the ground for which had been heavily manured, but owing to the wet season a growth of weeds was allowed to spring up. This shows how nearly Jethro Tull was right when he declared that good tillage is manure, and also that it does not pay to manure for a crop of weeds.

A paint for floors, which economizes the use of oil colors and varnish, is described at much length in the *Builder*, as a recent German invention. For flooring, two and one-eighth ounces of good, clear joiners' glue is soaked over night in cold water, and, when dissolved, is added, while being stirred, to thickish milk of lime, heated to the boiling point, and prepared from one pound of quick lime. Into the boiling lime is poured—the stirring being continued—as much linseed oil as becomes united, by means of saponification, with the lime, and when the oil no longer mixes there is no more poured in. If there happens to be too much oil added, it must be combined by the addition of some fresh lime paste—about half a pound of oil for the quantity of lime just named. After this white, thickish, foundation paint has cooled, a color is added, which is not affected by lime, and, in case of need, the paint is diluted with water, or by the addition of a mixture of lime water with some linseed oil. The substance penetrates into the wood and renders it water-resisting.

a Farmer Facilitates Business.

In Iowa there is no foolishness about some of the farmers who have marriageable daughters, and they know how to precipitate business when the fruit is ripe went back to bed.

A DASHING FRENCH GENERAL.

A Man who Captured Bacninh so Quickly as to Astonish his Commander.

Mœolein is the Annamite word for "quick." And that is the name the French soldiers have give to Gen. Negrier, who is at present looked upon as the most wideawake General in the French army. He commanded one of the brigades in the Tonquin expedition, and it was he who captured Bacninh. The commander-in-chief, Gen. Millot, came after him, much surprised to find the place already taken. Before that Negrier had sent three officers to report the fact to headquarters, but they did not succeed in reaching Millot's brigade. Uneasy at not hearing any news from Gen. Negrier, Gen. Millot sent Capt. de Vignacourt in the direction of Bacninh. On coming close to the place he found a flag flying over the forts, but the fog was so thick he could not see what flag it was. Turning in another direction he came upon another fort, and was surprised to find that the soldiers did not fire upon him. He advanced and saw that they were French troops. He politely asked them if they would be good enough to inform him where he could find Gen. Negrier.

"At Bacninh," was the reply. "He slept last night in the royal pagoda."

Vignacourt rode rapidly back, and arrived at Gen. Millot's headquarters just as the officers were finishing their breakfast.

"Bacninh is taken,' he cried "Gen. Negrier has been there since yesterday evening."

Gen. Millot was astonished, and the correspondent of the *Temps* says that some of the officers expressed dissatisfaction because Negrier did not wait for them to share the honor of taking the place. They said as much to Gen. Millot to whom they wished to give their sympathy for being late, but the general replied that he was delighted.

Negrier is described as a man whose face denotes great energy. He has splendid eyes, and a nose like the beak of an eagle. His beard is thick and bushy, the color being a strange mixture of black and red. He is young and thin, and has the air of a General of the older times.

It is said that just before a Hindoo woman dies a cow is brought in that she may take hold of its tail as her life passes away. Anybody who has been yanked over a two-acre lot of newly-plowed land, deathlessly gripping the tail of an impulsive cow, can understand how the heathen rite is supposed to typify the longing of a person to die.

"You look like a poet," laughed the funny editor, as the handsomely-dressed youngster entered. The boy smiled, and began fumbling in his pocket. "Maybe you write songs, too," suggested the newspaper man. "Yes, sometimes," was the answer. "Have you got one for me?" "Yes, I think I have." "Is it sung by long or short meter?" By this time the young man had fished out a document, which he threw down, yelling excitedly: "Neither, my friend; it is sung by the gas-meter." It was a gas bill for $10.

the poor forgotten citizen pays the penalty of his obscurity. Unknown in life, he is friendless in death, and no one cares to protest against the profanation of his grave.

This assumption is wrong. The ashes cast there under the curbstone are not those of an obscure citizen. Read the fast-fading inscription placed on the stone:

HERE LIES OLIVER GOLDSMITH.

The English nation is a great and grateful nation. How is such a thing possible? Note that this is to be seen, not in a lonely, ignorant, destitute village, but in the heart of the populous metropolis, in the middle of the wealthy and enlightened inns of court which Ben Johnson describes as "the noblest nurseries of humanity and liberty in the kingdom."

Goldsmith, I know, has a monument in Westminster. But what of that, since his remains lie on the public thoroughfare banished from the sacred ground of the churchyard, unprotected alike against injury and oblivion?—*London Correspondence.*

Sun Spots.

Everybody who watched the sun with a telescope last summer must have wondered at the great belt of sun spots lying across the southern part of the disk during the last half of July. Several of the spots and groups were of extraordinary size, and their arrangement very similar. When the belt extended completely across the sun, there was visible at one time almost every characteristic form that sun-spots present. There was the yawning black chasm with sharply defined yet ragged edges, vast enough to swallow up the whole earth, with room to spare, and surrounded by a regular penumbral border as evenly shaded as an artist could have made it; there was the double or triple spot whose black centres, though widely separated from one another, were tangled as it were, in one twisted and torn veil of penumbra, or connected by long and shadowy bands; there was the monstrous spot of grotesque form surrounded by smaller spots of still more fantastic shape, and enveloped in a regular penumbra as wonderful as the mighty sun-chasms enclosed in it; there was the great spot, often of singular outline, accompanied outside its shadowy borders by swarms of minute black specks pitting the white photosphere in the most extraordinary fashion; there was the huge group, visible even to the unaided eye, and consisting of half a dozen large intermingled with smaller ones whose number defied counting, and developed in a penumbral cloak of becoming amplitude; there, near the edge of the disk, were the crinkling lines and heaped-up masses of faculæ, the mountainous, hydrogen flames which marked the places where the intensest solar action was going on—in short, there was a panorama in which every variety of sun-spot passed in a gigantic procession across the disk. And what a procession it was!—long enough to reach from the earth to the moon and back again several times.

Butter is so cheap that th poorest people can make a spread with

AYER'S
Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs: none so trifled with by the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unconscious exposure, is often but the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has well proven its efficacy in a forty years' fight with throat and lung diseases, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

A Terrible Cough Cured.

"In 1857 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded me the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL a permanent cure was effected. I am now 62 years old, hale and hearty, and am satisfied your CHERRY PECTORAL saved me.
HORACE FAIRBROTHER."
Rockingham, Vt., July 15, 1882.

Croup.—A Mother's Tribute.

"While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup; it seemed as if he would die from strangulation. One of the family suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude? Sincerely yours,
MRS. EMMA GEDNEY."
159 West 128th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds we have ever tried. A. J. CRANE."
Lake Crystal, Minn., March 13, 1882.

"I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success, I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. JOSEPH WALDEN."
Byhalia, Miss., April 5, 1882.

"I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung troubles. E. BRAGDON."
Palestine, Texas, April 22, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will *always cure* when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE

The undersigned having decided to retire from active business, will offer the following valuable properties for sale :—

Lot 26, 6th Con. N., Fredericksburgh, containing 167 acres; about 147 acres under cultivation. Situated on the York road within three miles of Napanee. Good stone house and excellent outbuildings; well watered by creek, spring and wells. A most desirable property.

West Half Lot 10, 2nd Con. Camden, containing 100 acres; 75 acres under cultivation, remainder pasture land. This property adjoins the village of Napanee Mills, five miles from Napanee and 1½ miles from Newburgh. There are on the premises a frame house, large barn with stone stables underneath.

☞ **The Napanee Mills Lime Works,** situated on Lots 10 and 11, 1st Con. Camden, on the banks of Napanee river and also adjoining the village of Napanee Mills. The property consists of 86 acres in a high state of cultivation. There are on the property two large lime kilns which supply the Napanee Cement Works; three or four dwellings and large out-

IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF 100 YEARS.

Asa Ayers, a veteran of the war of 1812, died on Sunday in Michigan City. He built the first brick house in Cleveland.

William H. Foster, of Salem, Mass., is the oldest bank cashier in the United States. He has been fifty-eight years in the service.

Mrs. Gordon, of Bluffton, S. C., is over 110 years of age, and still continues her habit of walking over four miles to church at least once a month.

A great lover of tobacco was Mrs. Sarah Smith, of Mattoon, Ill., who has just died at the age of 106. She continued its use to the very last.

Mrs. Polly Shoulders, of Jasper, Ind., is 87 years of age, yet she recently walked a distance of fourteen miles one day, and home again the next day.

Henry Wheeler, of Hickory Flat, Ga., has never seen a city and is 94 years old. He has 122 grandchildren and great-grandchildren. He never used rum or tobacco.

Two sisters and a brother named Plonk, living near Lincoln, N. C., cling to life remarkably. The brother is still called "the baby," although 96 years old. One of the sisters, Mrs. Sallie Weaver, is 99 years old, and the other, Mrs. Jane Toutheron, is 98.

A curious wedding has just taken place in Ekatevinoslay, Russia. Both bride and bridegroom have great grandchildren by former marriages. The groom's father, 103 years old, and the bride's mother who is in her 96th year, were both present at the wedding. The bride is 67 years old, and the groom 65.

James Smith, of Kosciusko, Miss., has been married 47 years, and death has never yet visited his household. He and his wife have had twelve children, all of whom live and are married. They have eighty grandchildren. The entire family live within a radius of twenty-eight miles in thirteen residences.

Spencer on Government Charity

"Yes, truly; your principle in derived from the lives of brutes, and is a brutal principle. You will not persuade me that men are to be under the discipline which animals are under. I care nothing for your natural history arguments. My conscience shows me that the feeble and the suffering must be helped; and, if selfish people won't help them, they must be forced by law to help them. Don't tell me that the milk of human kindness is to be reserved for the relations between individuals, and that governments must be the administrators of nothing but hard justice. Every man with sympathy in him must feel that hunger and pain and squalor must be prevented, and that, if private agents do not suffice, then public agencies must be established."

Such is the kind of response which I expect to be made by nine out of ten. In some of them it will doubtless result from a fellow-feeling so acute that they can not contemplate human misery without an impatience which excludes all thought of remote results. Concerning the susceptibilities of the rest, we may, however, be somewhat skeptical. Persons who,

The Terrible Abatis.

Let a regiment move out of the shelter of a piece of woods to charge a breastwork defended by infantry and artillery, and one man out of every ten will be killed or wounded by shell or round-shot while the lines are forming. Within one minute from the time the nearest man comes within range of the musketry and grape forty men will drop. During the rush at least twenty more will go down, and as the troops reach the works they will meet with such a fire as will break up all organization. One time in forty the works will be carried. Thirty-nine times out of forty the attacking troops are driven back with a loss of from 200 to 450 men.

Take that same breastwork, having a headlog to fire under, and run an abatis along its front, and it is nothing short of murder to send men against it. Let the abatis be simply a winrow of small trees and brush, and no column can pass it without a halt. Men must lay down their muskets and drag at the obstruction, and the broken lines must be reformed, and that within thirty feet of the muskets having a dead rest. Make the abatis of sharpened stakes, with their butt ends driven deep into the earth and the center firmly fastened to a rail running parallel with the works, and five hundred men behind the works can hold them against five thousand. Let telegraph wires be strung from tree to tree or post to post, as was sometimes done, and unless the attacking party bring axes their dead will be piled up three feet deep all along the wire fences.

An Expensive Boot-Jack.

A Belgian hotel-keeper is especially "sweet" on Russian customers. "They are large, see you," he states; "they dispute not the accounts. Once lodged himself with me a Count ——," he relates. "When he arrived I was not in; I returned home from my circle; my wife was all frightened. She cry to me, 'Go speak to Mister Russian; he beat all the waiters; he is in anger; but what an anger?' I asked of what it is question. One tells me the Count he insist that the waiters take him off his boots. They are brave Belgians; they would not. He strike them and say stern follies. I had courage; I; I feared me not of him. I go to his room, and say, 'Mr. the Count, I am the proprietor; what will you; 'Sir,' he say, 'I will thank you pull me off my boots!' My first sentiment is de lui allonger une claque—to give him a smack; bnt I master myself, and say, 'Wait only two minutes, Mr. the Count; I have an order to give.' So I run to my wife, and tell her to give me my dress coat, my gloves gray-pearl, my gibus, my pantaloons black. In two minutes behold me, of great *tenue*. I go back to the Count; I say him, 'Only in dress of gala can the proprietor of this hotel take off your boots,' and, my faith, I take him them off in one, two! He raise himself, bow himself, and thank me very politely. By-and-by, in three weeks, he ask for his bill. I inscribe on it as extra, 'To taking off Mr. the Count's boots by the proprietor in a dress coat and gray-pearl gloves, one hundred francs.' He frown his eyebrows when he read that, but he not say one word. He pay that addition integrally. Never he ask me more to

the village of Napanee Mills. The property consists of 86 acres in a high state of cultivation. There are on the property two large lime kilns which supply the Napanee Cement Works; three or four dwellings and large outhouses.

Also the Fine Large Residence

of the undersigned with commodious outbuildings, garden, etc.

This property offers a splendid opening for a man of some means desirous of embarking in a very profitable business.

For further particulars as to price and terms apply to

GEORGE LASHER,
23 12 Proprietor, Napanee Mills, P. O.

Burdock Blood Bitters

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned,

Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY,
Water-st., Napanee.

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE
BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired. All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of out business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

impatience which excludes all thought of remote results. Concerning the susceptibilities of the rest, we may, however, be somewhat skeptical. Persons who, now in this case, now in that, are angry if, to maintain our supposed national "interests" or national "prestige,", those in authority do not promptly send out some thousands of men to be partially destroyed while destroying other thousands of men whose intentions we suspect, or whose intentions we think dangerous to us, or whose territory our colonists want, can not after all be so tender in feeling that contemplating the hardships of the poor is intolerable to them. Little admiration need be felt for the professed sympathies of men who urge on a policy which breaks up progressing societies, and who then look on with cynical indifference at the weltering confusion left behind, with all its entailed sufferings and death.

Electricity in Vineyards.

M. Henri de Parville, in his *Scientific Review*, calls the attention of wine-growers to the services electricity might render them in protecting their vines from the disastrous effects caused by a sudden fall in the temperature. For several years vines in France have been protected from the effects of cold winds or sudden changes in the temperature by artificial clouds of smoke, produced by the burning of tarred straw and other combustibles. Vine-growers have learned to appreciate the benefits of this system; but it has a drawback which M. de Parville points out—namely, tha to light the fires at the right moment in the night time, it is indispensible to have a thoroughly reliable watcher to whom drowsiness is unknown, and who is ever ready to consult the theremometer. By the aid of electricity a new order of things would, he remarks, be introduced, and safety of the vines would no longer depend on the night watcher. A vine-grower has only to place in his vineyard one or more electric batteries similar to those used to fire mines, the wires being connected with the fires prepared at regular distances. When the theremometer falls towards zero, by means of a very simple arrangement it causes the electric current to pass along the wires; the fires are lighted, the air being filled with the protecting smoke clouds. M. de Parville cites one or two instances in which his system has been most successfully employed with very little outlay to the vine-grower. The plan might be worth a trial. —*London Standard.*

The "bull in the china shop" is generally the proprietor, who endeavours to exalt the price of his wares.

Here is a piece of German repartee. A Frenchman said to a Berliner: "Your Iron Cross, the highest Prussian order, is simply ridiculous—it has an intrinsic value of scarce 5 sous." To which the native of the Prussian capital replied; "I don't deny it, but it has nevertheless cost you two Napoleons."

Why is it that a man never thinks of winding the clock up at night until after he has put the light out and jumped into bed?

Oh! how tired and weak I feel, I don't believe I will ever get through this Spring house-cleaning! Oh yes you will if you take a bottle or two of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters to purify your blood and tone up the system. In large bottles 50 cents.

his eyebrows when he read that, but he not say one word. He pay that addition integrally. Never he ask me more to serve him as a pull-boot."

Honors to Pepys.

In addition to the honors already conferred on him, Pepys is to receive the crowning distinction of having his diary and correspondence enshrined in an *edition de luxe*. It is just such a compliment as one fancies would have been appreciated by so genuine a lover of books—willing as he was to pay good prices, and looking to the outside as well as the inside of a purchase. Such an entry as that of April 8, 1667, reveals the genuine bibliophile: "Away to the Temple, to my new bookseller's; and there I did agree for Rycaut's late 'History of the Turkish policy,' which cost me 55 shillings; whereas it was sold plain before the late fire for 8 shillings, and bound and colored as this is for 20 shillings; for I have bought it fully bound and truly colored all the figures of which there was but six books done so, whereof the king and duke of York and duke of Monmoth and Lord Arlington had four. The fifth was sold and I have bought the sixth." As to his appreciation of the contents of the volumes he acquired, it must be acknowledged he was at least an honest critic. There must be a good many persons for instance, who have derived little enjoyment from "Hudibras," though not many who have had the courage to say so. Such a judgment as the following, however, takes away one's breath: "To Depford by water, reading 'Othello, Moore of Venice,' which I have heretofore esteemed a mighty good play, but having so lately read 'The Adventures of Five Houres,' it seems a mean thing." But it is fair to remember that the play was a translation from Calderon, and that Shakspeare was not always considered above comparison. —*St. James's Gazette.*

The Overwork of the Present Day.

"To have as much work to do as one can do, and a little more," has been given as the best receipt for cheerfulness and contentment; but while readily concurring in the first part of the sentiment, we cannot but suggest that it may be, perchance, that very "little more" which is at the root of half the ill-health, pale faces, and fractious nerves of the present day. It is that last drop in the already full cup, that last straw on the already well-laden back, which is too much, just one degree too much, for the sorely pressed men and women who are fighting in the fight of life, and it is that overplus from which they ought if they can to abstain. They will not see it; they will not do it. Each allows that in the case of another, that other's duty in the matter is plain enough; but for him or herself—and then follow excuses, arguments, and obstinancy not to be shaken. Everybody, it would seem, must attempt something over and above what he or she can possibly accomplish; everybody must drain a little more out of their worrying, feverish brains than can be yielded consistently with only wholesome effort or energy; everybody must fly at game beyond their reach, if only it be within their sight.—*Good Words.*

The Red Man's Foot Marks.

No one can see Indian trails now without his attention becoming suddenly wakened. There is no real difference between any one of those pathways and an ordinary cattle track except, perhaps, they may be worn a little deeper; yet no one can enter upon them for the first time without being in some measure startled, and conscious that this is a roadway distinct from any he has ever seen before. They cannot have been made by cattle. Cattle paths are generally single, or if more than one, they run independent of each other. These are exactly parallel, and there are perhaps half a dozen of them. They do not look as if they had been made by settlers. A white man's road would have followed a straighter line. these are full of curves, and bend from one side to the other, turning with every minor undulation of the ground, as though when they were laid out the distance travelled was of no importance compared with the regularity of the grade. Their curves are always concentric. They all turn as if by one impulse, and they dip down into a valley together, or disappear behind a hill at the same time, constantly maintaining the same distance from each other

This is the first sight of an Indian trail. But at its sudden revelation one seems to have come into a strange world. It may still be the same valley, but with the obliteration of other signs of civilization, the way has taken on an entirely different character. Beyond the last vestige of white activity and noisy struggle, everything seems to grow quiet. All disposition to break the stillness has gone. There is no living thing in sight, but instinctively one hesitates, whether a hunter or not, to raise his voice lest he should frighten the game, of which the woods have now become the home. Silence is the natural condition of existence. A shot would be a sacrilege. The land seems given back to belong to its first inhabitants, who have been content to let it rest in a state of nature. The only marks of men are these pathways, but their easy and unresisting curves are filled with nature's spirits, and they nowhere interrupt her repose.

These simple paths have been made by horses travelling several abreast as close together as horses with their riders can go. They have been there for hundreds, perhaps thousands, of years. They were part of a long highway which once ended only with the limits of the Indian's wanderings; and for centuries they have been traversed by savage bands of warriors, hunters, or horse thieves.

The Coronation Chair of Great Britain.

The other night in the House of Commons, Mr. Kenny complained that the public notice attached to the coronation chair in Westminster Abbey had been altered by the omission of all reference to the legend that the coronation stone (in Irish, Lia Fail) was first used for the coronation of the Irish kings, and was only carried to Scotland by Fergus, the Irish King, who subdued that country. Mr. Shaw-Lefevre in reply offered to show the honorable member a letter of explanation he had received from the dean The legend to which the honorable member referred was not admitted to be accurate by

Employment for Leisure Hours.

Write direct to the author, Mrs. Clarke, 38 Pembroke St. Toronto, for all particulars of "Mrs Clarke's Cookery Book;" neatly bound, systematically arranged; receipts numbered, intelligibly indexed: aells readily at $1; liberal commission to agents; sample copy, post-paid, for $1; $10 to $20 per week can be easily earned by selling this famous Cook Book, the best in the world.

A young man writes to consult us about the best pattern of health lift. We would suggest helping his mother a little with the coal-hod.

The fashionable bathing suit this season worn by the boys who go in swimming along the wharves will be a stone-bruise on the heel

The New Pain King.

Polson's NERVILINE cures flatulence, chills, spasms and cramps.

Nerviline cures promptly the worst cases of neuralgia, toothache, lumbago, and sciatica.

Nerviline is death to all pain, whether external, internal, or local.

Nerviline may be tested at the small cost of 10 cents. Buy at once a 10 cent bottle of Nerviline, the great pain remedy. Sold by druggists and country dealers.

Faith without works is good for nothing when it comes to a clock.

If you will not hear reason,

How can you hope to escape those evils which experience has demonstrated may be avoided, if her voice be listened to. How foolish it is to resort to dangerous drugs when a simple domestic remedy will answer the purpose. In the case of corns some razors to the razor and peril their lives, as lock-jaw is not impossible. While others use dangerous and flesh-eating substitutes for the great sure pop corn cure. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. It never fails nor ever can, or it is just the thing for the purpose. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Take no other.

Never speak ill of a man if you can help it If you must say something bad be sure the other side pays your witness fee.

Not another Pill shall go down my throat again, said a citizen, "when I can get such a prompt and pleasant cure for my Bilious attacks, such as Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It renders the Blood Pure and Cool and makes a splendid Spring Medicine. Large bottles 50 cents.

A.P 181

REINHARDT'S HAIR RESTORER and Moustache Producer. A genuine preparation which is guaraanteed to do all that is claimed for it. Producing luxuriant whiskers and moustache in six weeks. In bottles safely packed to any address for $1. F. REINHARDT, Mail Building, Toronto.

FLOUR AND SAW MILLS FOR SALE at Lakeside, county Oxford; brick building 40 x 50; 2½ storeys high, containing three pair mill stones and all necessary machinery for flouring and custom work: saw mill 35 x 60, capable of cutting 5 000 to 10,000 feet per day all driven by new 50-horse-power Buckeye automatic cut-off engine; 3½ acres land, house, stable drive-barn, good fruit orchard; sheds and stabling for farmers' teams; price $8,000; terms, $5,000 cash, balance on mortgage. G. DALRYMPLE, Lakeside

Advertising Extraordinary!

To advertise our rubber specialities we make the following liberal offer. To any reader of this paper who will agree to try and influence sales among friends we will send prepaid two (2) full sized Ladies' Gossamer Rubber Waterproof Garments as samples of our goods on receipt of fifty cents to pay cost, packing and delivery.

Etoffe Rubber Co. Toronto.

N.B.—Agents wanted to introduce our goods.

W. & F. P. Currie & Co

100 Grey Nun Street, Montreal.

Importers of

Drain Pipes, Portland Cement, Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Cement Linings, Water Lime, Flue

PARIS GREEN

GUARANTEED PURE.

Price Low For Future Delivery.

Copland & McLaren,

MONTREAL.

THE LILY

is a perfect gem, equal to an imported French Corset; fits like a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured only by

THE CROMPTON CORSET CO.

78 YORK STREET, TORONTO.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday, and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow, and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co, St. John's, N. F.; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B. Allan & Co, Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; H. A. Allan, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

Agents Wanted

— FOR THE —

Citizens Insurance Co., of Canada.

Established 1864.—Capital, and Assets, $1,426,985.

—Government Deposit $122,000 Cash.—

As the Company transacts Fire, Life, and Accident business, a profitable agency is thus offered to those soliciting insurance risks.

Special terms to those who have valuable connections. Farm property insured as low as by Farm Mutuals.

Address,

Head Office, 179 St. James Street, Montreal.

☞ The stock of this Company is held by many of the wealthiest citizens of Montreal.

MUTUAL

MARRIAGE AID

ASSOCIATION.

$5 000 PAID ON MARRIAGES.

Over $100,000 Paid in Benefits to Date.

ISSUE IN 1883. OVER $2,000,000.

The only Company in Canada that has paid a claim.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY.

Premiums small. Address

Agents Wanted. W. B. WEBBER, Secretary, Hamilton.

30 DAYS' TRIAL

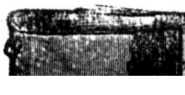
DR. DYE'S

(BEFORE.)

(AFTER.)

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.



THE MODEL

Washer

honorable member a letter of explanation he had received from the dean The legend to which the honorable member referred was not admitted to be accurate by many of the best Irish authorities. The explanation furnished by Dean Badley was to the following effect: Among the interesting features of Westminster Abbey the coronation stone has always been popular. Many years ago an inscription in Latin was attached to it stating that the stone was the pillow on which Jacob rested his head at Bethel, and the legend went on to say that it was carried from Palestine to Egypt, and thence to Spain. From Spain it was said to have been conveyed to the Hill of Tara, in Ireland.

In the year 1851, in order to meet the convenience of the visitors to the Great Exhibition, the head guide wrote on a label a notice to the effect that the stone had been used at the coronation of the ancient kings of Scotland and Ireland, but omitted all reference to the legend relating to Jacob's pillow, while retaining the closing part referring to Ireland. The label having become dusty and dirty, the guide, who has considerable antiquarian knowledge, turned it over recently, and on the back wrote simply the historical fact with regard to Scotland, and ignored the legend entirely. Dean Bradley adds that geologists have conclusively shown that the chair is of Scotch limestone, and that no stone of the kind is to be found in Palestine or Egypt. He has, however, in contemplation the addition of a separate inscription, setting forth the curious legend of its travels in the Holy Land as distinct from the authenticated history of the stone.

The Affection of Mocking Birds.

Some years ago there was a young physician who was loved by all on account of his gentle, loving disposition. Among his more humble but not less devoted admirers was a mocking-bird that had been born and raised in his garden. The bird took the greatest fancy to him, and when he returned home in the evening would hop round his front steps and then fly to a tree near by and sing for hours at a time. The bird appeared to be in an ecstasy of delight whenever the doctor was at home. Finally the yellow fever broke out here, and, among others, the doctor was stricken down. He lingered for four days, and then died. On the night before his death three watchers by his bedside had their attention attracted by the mournful, sobbing notes that the "doctor's bird" (as they called it) uttered throughout the night. The next day the doctor died and that night the bird was silent. After the funeral the family opened the room to air it, and when the bed was drawn aside the first thing seen was the mocking-bird lying at the head of the bed, dead. How it got there no one knew, but there it was, dead, as though it could not survive one it loved so well.

There are lots of people going around grumbling, and half sick at the Stomach all the time; who might be well and happy, if they only used Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters occasionally. It is a splendid Blood Purifier All Druggists 50 cents.

The Triangle Dyes are such as one friend can take pleasure in recommending to another. Mark well that you get a three cornered package, for they are the only reliable Dyes in the market. 10c.

W. & F. P. Currie & Co
100 Grey Nun Street, Montreal.
Importers of
Drain Pipes, Portland Cement, Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Vent Linings, Water Lime, Flue Covers, Whiting, Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay, Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay.
Manufacturers of
Bummer Steel Sofa, Chair & Bed Springs

SMOKED SAUSAGES.
The most convenient meat for farmers in their busy season. These meats are cooked and ready for use. Sold by grocers through the Dominion. Send for price to W. CLARK, P. O. Box 342, Montreal.

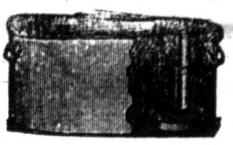
WHAT SHALL I DRINK!
THE MONTSERRAT
Lime Fruit Juice.
Cordial, most wholesome, delicious and refreshing beverage. Strictly pure and entirely free from Alcohol. Gold Medal Calcutta Exhibition. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Sole proprietors H. SUGDEN EVANS & CO., Montreal. Agents, JAS. H. PEARCE & CO., Toronto.

SEND
FIVE CENTS and get a sample copy of TRUTH, the best 28-page Weekly Magazine published. See the big list of books given FREE to each yearly subscriber and clubber. S. FRANK WILSON, 33 & 35 Adelaide St., West, Toronto, Canada.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE
Evaporators.
J. A. & H. BARTHOLOMEW, Vanessa, Ont., Manufactures & Proprietors of the Fire Proof, Pacific, Little Giant, and Household Economy. For durability and simplicity, excelled by none. Illustrated circulars and information furnished on application

DEATH TO POTATO BUGS.
ASK YOUR LOCAL DEALER FOR
RAMSAY'S PURE PARIS GREEN.
Nothing has been found more effective for destroying Potato Bugs. The purest is the cheapest.
A. Ramsay & Son,
Paint and Color Manufacturers, Montreal.

Mutual Marriage Endowment As'n,
INCORPORATED.
—HEAD OFFICE. LONDON, ONT.—
Issues Certificates from $125 to $3,000, payab'e on marriage at following rates.
For $500, or half Certificate, $4 quarterly dues in advance 0.75.
For $1,000 Certificate, $6; quarterly dues in advance $1.00.
For $2,000 Certificate, $10; quarterly dues in advance $2.00.
For $3,000 Certificate, $15; quarterly dues in advance $3.00.
A percentage of the Fees applied towards a reserve Fund. The only cash payments required at the time of making application for a certificate. The remainder of the liability is made up of assessments at the rate of $1.60 on each $1,000 upon the marriage of members, 12 assessments made the first year payable quarterly, which upon the present large membership secures the payment of a number of Endowments, and a safe and reliable investment for young people. Send for By-Laws, and full particulars to W. J. IMLACH, Secretary, London, Ont.


THE MODEL
Washer
AND
BLEACHE
Weighs but 6 pounds. Can be carried in a small valise. Illustration shows Machine in boiler. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
$1,000.00 REWARD FOR ITS SUPERIOR.
Washing made light and easy. The clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. A 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person.
To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2 50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian" says about it.—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr. C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor-saving machine, is substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence." Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Charges paid $3.00- Send for circulars.
AGENTS WANTED.
C. W. DENNIS,
TORONTO BARGAIN HOUSE.
213 YONGE STREET TORONTO, ONT.

GURNEYS & WARE,

STANDARD SCALES.
THE BEST,
THE STRONGEST,
THE MOST RELIABLE.
Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.
THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.
RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILL TRUCKS
Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST.
GURNEYS & WARE,
HAMILTON. ONT

MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.,
—:) MANUFACTURERS OF (:—
Finest Electro Gold and Silver Plate,
New York, Meriden (Ct.), Chicago, San Francisco, London, (Eng.).
BRANCH FACTORY—Cor. Cannon and Wellington Streets, Hamilton, Ont.
TRADE MERIDEN B'C COMPANY MARK.
Many purchasers having through a similarity of names purchased other wares under the impression that they were of our manufacture, we are compelled to ask special attention to the above TRADE MARKS. The fact that our name and Trade Marks are being so closely imitated should be a sufficient guarantee to the public that our wares are the BEST IN THE WORLD.
TRADE
1847 Rogers Bros. A1.
MARK.

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Stoves, Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R. G. WRIGHT'S,

26 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1884.

MR. WILSON "WHITEWASHED."

As will be seen by the report of the County Council proceedings in other columns the Council have fully and absolutely exonerated and acquitted—that is the language of the report—Mr. Uriah Wilson of and from all blame in the matter of the debenture sale. The investigation occupied the whole week and the whitewashing operation was performed in the dying hours of the session on Saturday. We are not at all surprised that the gentlemen who have been hand and glove with Mr. Wilson in the council and elsewhere should go in so heartily for the whitewash. That is in their line. They have got to look upon it as the correct thing—the result of having been forced by their leaders to condone its application to cabinet ministers and the experience some of them had in daubing up a defaulting county treasurer. They were, therefore, not to be expected to wince at such an undertaking as this. But there were others who voted for the report, who not having been intimately associated with Mr. Wilson had no such bad example set before them, and it is the course of these gentlemen we cannot understand. They no doubt have some reason for voting as they did, and we trust, for their sakes, that it will be sufficient to satisfy the ratepayers. For our part we fail to see what excuse they have to offer. The matter of receiving tenders for the debentures was referred to the Finance Committee, and upon the chairman of that committee, Mr. Wilson, devolved the duty of supplying applicants with the necessary information upon which to base their tenders. The advertisement clearly stated this. Now, the correspondence submitted, showed that Mr. Wilson shirked his duty and placed it without instruc-

Machar's standing and a gentleman whose honour has never before been publicly assailed would be guilty of so reprehensible an act, especially in a case like this, where he had nothing to gain? The Beaver will find very few, if any, who will endorse the bad opinion it has given of Mr. Machar, and that gentleman can well afford to let insinuations coming from such a source pass unnoticed.

—The charges of unprofessional conduct some time ago preferred against ex-Vice-Chancellor Blake by J. A. McDonnell were investigated by the Law Society last week with the result that they were found wholly without foundation. The decision does not satisfy the Mail and we may soon expect to hear it bellowing "The Law Society must go."

LENNOX AND ADDINGTON COUNTY COUNCIL.

The June Session.

(Coutinued from last week.)

Moved by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, seconded by Mr. DAVIS, that in accordance with the statutes of Ontario the county judge is authorized to equalize the assessment, and that the Warden be instructed to attend the court and call any member of the council to attend said court.—Carried.

The Council went into committee of the whole on the report of the U. E. L. Monument Committee.

Moved by Mr. T. G. CARSCALLEN, seconded by Mr. LANE, that the report be adopted with the last clause omitted.—Carried.

The committee rose and reported the adoption of the report as amended. This report was laid over till the December session on the following division:—Yeas—Messrs. Bosleay, Brown, J. C. Carscallen, Davis, Denison, Diamond, Ham, Johnston, Reid, Sexsmith and Wagar. Nays—Messrs. Ball, T. G. Carscallen, Lane, Lloyd, Mallory, Polley, Perry, Parks, Sharp and Wilson.

The Council then adjourned till Friday morning.

[We are compelled to hold over Friday's proceedings. The report will appear next week.]

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, the Warden in the chair.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and approved.

The account of Messrs. Downey & Co., coal, $159.50, was ordered to be paid.

The report of the Special Committee was read as follows:—

The report of the Special Committee to whom the charges were referred, made in THE NAPANEE EXPRESS, against Uriah Wilson, Esq., in respect to the sale of county debentures, your Committee beg leave to report as follows:—That they have heard the statements of Mr. O'Beirne and of Mr. A. H. Roe, and all the other evidence adduced before them. That from the said statements and evidence they fully and absolutely exonerate and acquit Uriah Wilson, Esq., of and from any blame whatever in connection with the sale of the said debentures. All of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed B. C. LLOYD,
JOHN D. HAM.
JAMES LANE.

The minority report was then read on motion of Mr. PARKS, seconded by Capt. POLLY, as follows:—

Report on the investigation of the sale of certain debentures of the County of Lennox and Addington, to Dr. McKenzie, of Kingston at 103½ and the comments of

hundred dollars towards the U. E. Monument.—Ordered to be filed.

Mr. REID moved, seconded by Mr. BROWN, that the report of the Equalization Committee be re-considered.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. REID, seconded by Mr. BROWN, that the Council go into Committee of the whole on the report.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. SEXSMITH, seconded by Mr. REID, that C. E. George be paid $1,50 per day for services during the session.—Carried.

The Council went into committee of the whole on the report of the Equalization Committee, Mr. Ham in the chair.

Moved by Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. DIAMOND that Adolphustown be equalized at $365,762.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. SHARP, that Bath be equalized to $95,000.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. BALL, seconded by Mr. LLOYD, that Camden be equalized at $1,700,000.

Moved by Mr. BROWN, seconded by Mr. WAGAR, that Sheffield be lowered on equalization $50,000.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, that Camden be equalized at $1,717,3 30; Sheffield at $538,930.—Carried.

The Committee rose and reported the adoption of the report as amended.

Mr. Wickware, Reeve of Barrie, was heard in reference to joining the townships of Barrie and Kennebec to the County of Lennox and Addington.

The Council went into committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law to strike the county rate.

Moved by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, seconded by Mr SHARP, that the blank be filled up with the rate of 4 mills in the dollar.—Carried.

The Committee rose and reported on the second reading.

The by-law was then read the third time, signed, sealed and finally passed.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. PARKS, the matter relating to the union of Barrie and Kennebec with Lennox and Addington, was referred to the Warden and Mr. J. D. Ham.

The Council then adjourned to meet on the second Tuesday in December.

THE CONFERENCE.

The Bay of Quinte Conference of the United Methodist Church opened here yesterday in the East Methodist Church. Rev. Dr. Carmon, one of the General Superintendants, presided and made a fine opening address. On the first ballot Rev. James Curts was elected President and Rev. Mr. Briden Secretary. The following is the list of stations for these districts:—

I.—BELLEVILLE DISTRICT.

Belleville Centre—John B. Clarkson, M.A., Wellington Jeffers, D.D., Superannuated. Tabernacle—John J. Leach, J. R. Jacques, D.D., Principal of Albert College; W. P. Dyer, Prof. of Natural Sciences; A. Campbell, Bursar; Wm. Bird, S. W. Ladu, superannuated. Belleville West—J. J. Rice. Belleville North—George Leach. Trenton West—Charles Fish; William Young, superannuated. Trenton East—George W. Dewey, Wm. E. Norman, A. C. Maybee, superannuated. Sidney—Wm. H. Cook, Hiram Williams; Alex. Wright, superannuated. Foxboro—E. E. Howard, R. H. Leitch. Canifton—Foster McAmmond, B. A., Hiram Allen. Shannonville—Wm. H. Peake, R. L. Edwards. Frankford—Robert M. Pope, Henry Thomas. T. O'Donahue goes to College.

II.—NAPANEE DISTRICT.

Napanee East—M. L. Pearson; L. A. Betts, superannuated. Napanee West—J. P. Wilson; D. Wilson, superannuated. Deseronto—D. O. Crosley. Morven, George Robinson. Newburgh, Wm. Briden, Wm. Elliott, B.A. Wilton, Thos. Cleworth. Odessa—John A. Jewell, B.A. Bath, R. N. Adams. Adolphustown—S. McCauley. Bay—J. E. Robinson. Selby, John A. McCam-

cessary information upon which to base their tenders. The advertisement clearly stated this. Now, the correspondence submitted, showed that Mr. Wilson shirked his duty and placed it without instructions from the council on the shoulders of the clerk. The result is that the necessary information was not supplied to one of the parties who wished to tender and the county suffers a loss of $630 at least. How the members of the council could conscientiously, in the in the face of this evidence, exonerate Mr. Wilson from blame we cannot imagine. If this loose system is to be introduced into municipal matters the sooner the services of the council are dispensed with the better, and all the business relegated to the clerk. Want of space prevents a further reference to this matter in this issue. We will next week go into further details.

A LAME DEFENCE.

After many weeks of silence, notwithstanding our repeated challenges to discuss the matter, Mr. Wilson's organ at the west end has at last devoted a column to an attempted defence of its patron's course in the debenture deal, and it no doubt now thinks, in its maudlin way, that it has settled the question. We have not the space at our disposal this week to make a long reply to the organ's statements, if, indeed, we considered such was necessary. Had the Beaver published Mr. Machar's letter, which was laid before the committee of enquiry, as any honorable journal would have done before making comments thereon, the article would then have furnished its own reply, and further remarks on our part would have been superfluous. But it suppressed this document because it knew its suppression was necessary to a doctored defence. That letter clearly stated (1) that Mr. Machar had made several unsuccessful efforts to obtain the information which the advertisement stated Mr. Wilson would supply; and (2) that had the desired information been obtained his client would have tendered 105 at least, which is 3½ per cent. more premium than that paid by Dr. Mackenzie, and which would amount to a total gain to the county of $630. To any fair-minded journal this would be sufficient evidence that Mr. Wilson was derelict in his duty in not furnishing the information, and it would have been far from exonerated him from blame on his flimsy statement that the letter had been handed to the Clerk to attend to and that the latter had written accordingly. But the Beaver is never fair-minded in such cases, for the reason that it never takes a stand on a public matter from purely disinterested motives. It always has "an axe to grind" and it is not at all particular how the operation is performed so long as the end is attained. To get over the difficulty in which it finds itself in this instance, it has been compelled to censure Mr. Machar, who, it broadly insinuates, wrote a falsehood in stating that he never received a reply to his letter of 11th February, and that he is stirring the matter up to "re-establish himself with a client for a serious dereliction of duty." Could anything be more infamous? And this is the journal that prates about honor! Is it not the height of improbability that a lawyer of Mr.

as follows:—

Report on the investigation of the sale of certain debentures of the County of Lennox and Addington, to Dr. McKenzie, of Kingston at 103¼ and the comments of THE EXPRESS on said sale, claiming that a better offer was at hand. On an investigation of the matter, and having heard the statements of those who had any particular knowledge of the facts, we beg leave to report that we have read the articles censuring Mr. Wilson published in THE EXPRESS, and also the statement of Mr. Wilson and find that the whole matter hinges on Mr. Machar, of Kingston, not having received a reply to his letter of the 11th February to Mr. Wilson, asking for information on which to base a tender, which reply Mr. Roe states he made at the request of Mr. Wilson and had it mailed by one of the pages at the Legislative Chambers, Toronto.

We believe it would have relieved Mr. Wilson from any great censure it Mr. Roe had answered Mr. Machar in Mr. Wilson's name and had attached his own initials to it.

We believe it was the duty of Mr. Wilson to have answered Mr. Machar's letter himself as he had advertised to do, as he was the only person responsible or could be held responsible for correct information. We also regret very much that Mr. Machar did not receive the desired information, as from a letter written by Mr. Machar and submitted to the Committee, he says he was prepared to give 105 at least, which would have been a gain to the county of about $610. For the information of the Council we submit a copy of the minutes of the Committee.

THOS. POLLEY,
IRVINE PARKS.

Moved by Mr. PARKS, seconded by Mr. PERRY, that the minutes of the Special Committee be read.—Carried.

The minutes of the Committee were read.

Mr. WILSON raised an objection to the minutes.

Moved by Mr. WILSON, seconded by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, that it be inserted in the minutes that Mr. O'Beirne said that he did not accuse Mr. Wilson of putting up a job; he only asked "Was it a job?"—Carried.

The clerk was instructed to enter this on the minutes.

Mr. WILSON also wished it inserted in the minutes that he had stated before the Committee this morning that he had no word from Mr. Machar, that no answer had been received to his letter of the 11th of February until the 11th of March and which was read to the Council on 11th March, before the Committee's report was adopted.—This was done.

Capt. POLLY, desiring to reach home, was relieved.

Mr. T. G. CARSCALLEN wished to know why Mr. Polley had not signed the report, as he had stated he exonerated Mr. Wilson and every one else.

Capt. POLLEY stated that he said this conditionally, on it being shown that Mr. Roe answered the letter in Mr. Wilson's name.

Moved by Mr. REID, seconded by Mr. BALL, that the report of the Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Mr. PARKS called for the yeas and nays, but the motion was sustained on the following division:—

YEAS—Messrs. Ball, Bosleay, Brown, J. C. Carscallen, T. G. Carscallen, Davis, Denison, Diamond, Ham, Johnston, Lane, Lloyd, Mallory, Reid, Sexsmith, Sharp, Wagar—17.

NAYS—Messrs. Perry and Parks—2.

Moved by Mr. REID, seconded by Mr. BROWN, that the report on equalization be re-considered.—Carried.

Adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 p. m. upon resuming business, the Warden read a telegram that the County Council of Prince Edward had given one

ley. Morven, George Robinson. Newburgh, Wm. Briden, Wm. Elliott, B.A. Wilton, Thos. Cleworth. Odessa—John A. Jewell, B.A. Bath, R. N. Adams. Adolphustown—S. McCauley. Bay—J. E. Robinson. Selby, John A. McCamus. Roblin, W. C. Beer. Centreville, James Faul. Tamworth—S. F. Depu. Yarker—M. J. Bates. Marlbank—S. Ferguson. Arden—J. Lawrence. Plevna—Charles Mearing. Vennachar, E. G. P. Sanderson.

Rev. L. A. Duprau, of Morven, is down for Hilton, in the Brighton circuit; Mr. A. Inwood is to be sent to Fenelon Falls, and T. W. Meavety, M.A., to Madoc. Rev. Mr. Curts is to be stationed at Sterling.

III—PICTON DISTRICT.

Picton (Church Street)—John S. Clarke; Garratt J. Dingman, superannuated. Picton (Main Street)—W. R. Young. Consecon—Thos. W. Pickett. Wellington—Francis B. Stratton. Mellville and Hallowell—Edward A. Sanderson (Chisholm.) Ameliasburgh—John Davies, Wm. D. P. Wilson. Rednerville—Thos. J. Edmison, B.D. (Wm. Sanderson.) Bloomfield—Wm. Jolliffe. Cherry Valley—James McFarlane. Milford—Wm. Tomblin. Cressy—S. B. Phillips (Glenora) Samuel G. Rorke (Prinyea.) Demorestville—Wm. H. Palmer. Northport—Christopher L. Thompson, John Inwood.

Great Negligence.

There is great neglect with most people to maintain a regular action of the bowels which causes much disease. Burdock Blood Bitters cure constipation.

The Coe Land Sale.

[From the Ottawa Free Press.]

The latest bubble freighted with Tory hopes for Mr. Mowat's discomfiture has been cruelly pricked. The Attorney-General was specifically charged with bribing the wicked Mr. Coe, in return for opposing the election of the virtuous Mackenzie Bowell in North Hastings. The party which defends at Ottawa, the wholesale bestowal of North-West wheat lands upon Tory partizan or foreign speculators, was virtuously indignant at an alleged similar profligacy in Toronto. Liberals who know the unscrupulousness of the Tories in making charges and their innate horror of all kinds of bribery and corruption, refrained from passing judgment until the accused had been heard. The hearing has now been given and the explanation is satisfactory. It appears that Mr. Coe and several other capitalists constructed, at the cost of two million dollars, the Ontario Central Railway from Weller's Bay on Lake Ontario to the mining region of North Hastings. They did so without receiving one dollar for subsidies. The object of this road was to develop the mining resources of the region tapped. The same capitalists contemplate smelting the magnetic ore of the townships so opened with charcoal and producing a superior quality of iron. It was necessary in order to warrant the investment of a large sum of money that a permanent supply of charcoal be guaranteed. To do this the company applied to the Ontario Government for a grant of one hundred thousand acres of timber lands in the district. After two years consideration, an exhaustive survey of the country affected, the Government agreed to sell the company, under the Mining Act, 51,538 acres of wooded lands which are pronounced to be unfit for settlement. It is believed that this sale will tend to promote the settlement of the remaining district land, which are good for agricultural purposes.

Unknown to Science.

That preparation is undiscovered which can surpass Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry as a cure for cholera morbus, dysentery and summer complaints.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

ALL THE DEPARTMENTS

—AT—

DOWNEY & CO'S.

Our stock in each department is choice, select and reliable, therefore commands the attention of every person in want of good goods and good work. Although very busy still we have plenty of goods arriving daily to fill up the space made by goods going out, and we make every endeavour to fill all orders with promptness.

All our goods are marked at a very moderate profit therefore will be found cheap.

DOWNEY & CO.

The Great Removal Sale

—AT—

J. F McALISTER'S

Is now in full swing and will continue until we remove to our new store in June.

We are selling all our Tweeds at cost, and cut them free. Also our immense stock of Ready-made Clothing, Hats and Gent's Furnishings at cost.

☞ Now is the time to buy a cheap Suit, a stylish Hat or a clean Shirt cheap.

Call Early and Call Often During the Sale.

J. F. McALISTER, The Clothier.

He Knows it.

Hiram D. Maxfield, of Silver Springs, R. I., has no doubt about the wonderful curative powers of Kidney-Wort. He was so afflicted with Kidney Complaint that he could not stand on his feet from pain and weakness. As soon as he commenced to use Kidney-Wort he experienced immediate relief and at once commenced to grow strong and was at once relieved of all pain and unpleasantness. He says: "I know I have been cured by Kidney-Wort."

MONSTER AUCTION !

—Room No. 1.—

Cartwright Block, Napanee.

GREAT SLAUGHTER.

FIVE UNITED BANKRUPT STOCKS.

$25,000

To be closed out within the next two weeks.

DRY GOODS, CURTAINS, QUILTS,

TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL

CHEESE MANUFACTURERS AND BUTTER PACKERS.

Having made a fine selection of the goods you require I am selling them at a very small profit.

Fine Dairy Salt in white Sack, $1.50; fine Franklin Dairy Salt in sack, $1.40; fine Dairy salt in sack, 90 cents; Quarter Sack Fine Dairy Salt, 50c.; Large, Coarse Sack Salt 70c.; Best Seaforth Salt in Barrels, $1.25. Also the best WESTERN FLOUR, better than any I have received yet, just arrived. One trial is all that is required and you will use no other. The finest Bran and Shorts in town, cheaper than ever.

A full assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES. A fine line of TEAS and an extra fine raw SUGAR, 16 pounds for $1.00. Also a large assortment of BUTTER TUBS, in ash, hardwood and the best White Spruce. Give me a call and be convinced that you can get the best value for your money in town.

☞ Remember the Old Stone Building.

JOHN BLEWETT.

1884 CENTENNIAL 1884

To be closed out within the next two weeks.

—

DRY GOODS, CURTAINS, QUILTS,

TOWELLINGS, SHIRTINGS, &c.,

Cloths and Clothings, Silverware, Knives and Forks, Cruets, Salvers, Setts, Watches and Jewellery.

CUTLERY AND HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE, TINWARE, MILK PANS,
DISH PANS, &c.

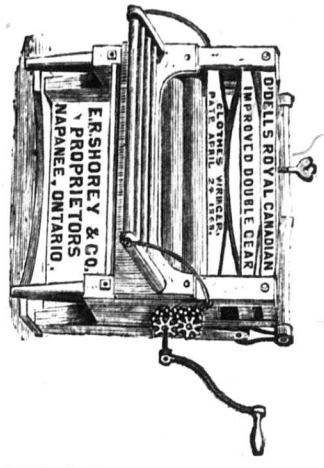
Fancy Goods and Notions.

Sale Every Day from 10 to 12, 2 to 5 and 7 to 10 o'clock.

J. SHILLINGTON,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

ROYAL

OVER 27,000



OVER 27,000

CANADIAN WRINGERS

Sold in Canada. A household is not complete without one. Try one and be convinced of the fact.

My Stock of Groceries

Is now complete in every respect.

16 lbs. of Good Bright Sugar for - $1.00
3 " Good Japan Tea for - 1.00
6 " " " Dust for 1.00

My fresh ground Coffee is taking the cream off them all. It is just delicious.

All that have tried my new 50 cent Tea say that it cannot be excelled for the money. Call and be convinced.

Remember the place.—In the Express Steam Printing House Block.

P.S.—Nice Top Buggy for sale cheap, also House and Lot for sale. Cash paid for eggs.

R. A. SHOREY

MANHOOD

HOW LOST. HOW RESTORED!

We have recently pubished a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

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The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,
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JOHN BLEWETT.

1884 CENTENNIAL 1884.

THE BIG BOOT JUMBO.

Ladies see the Latest Boot, CLIMAX.

The Leading Boot & Shoe Store of the Peoples,

CAMPBELL HOUSE BLOCK, NAPANEE.

OUR BUSINESS STEADILY AND HONORABLY INCREASING

Ladies' and Children's Goods a Specialty.

Thanks to everyone for your liberal patronage.

GEO. E. MAYBEE.

P. S.—See our Celebrated Maltese Cross Goods.

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, and General Groceries

For the Million.

THE ONTARIO TEA COMPANY

OF NAPANEE,

Have added a full and complete line of CHOICE SELECTED GROCERIES to their Tea and Coffee business, north side of Dundas Street, opposite Dickens' Bakery, and are now fully prepared to supply everybody with Teas, Coffees, and General Groceries of the

PUREST AND FINEST QUALITY,

AS GOOD AS THE BEST AND AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

MR. E. M. FRALICK,

A member of the Company, will have charge of the store.

☞ CALL AND SEE THE GOODS, AND GET HIS PRICES.

THE ONTARIO TEA COMPANY.

STEAM THRESHERS.

Cornell Engine and Wide Awake Seperator,

Manufactured by HAGGART BRO'S., Brampton. This machine has been improved for this seasons, work so as to be a perfect pea thresher, warranted.

Triumph, Horizontal and Woodbridge Upright Engines,

Manufactured by JOHN ABEL, of Woodbridge. Also PITTS' 10 and 12 Horse Power.

TRIUMPH REAPER.

Two Hundred of these Reapers have been ordered for Russia this season

MEADOW LARK MOWER

THE EXCELSIOR HAY CAR AND SLING,

For unloading hay, grain, lose or bound; Peas, &c. Don't believe what agents say about it, come and examine for yourselves.

CORN CULTIVATORS, NEW CHAMPION HORSE RAKE, STUMP MACHINE,

Two men will lift 3,500 lbs. and other agricultural implements.

☞ *Opposite the Cempbell House, Centre-St.*

J. N. McKIM.

(Continued from first page.)

icans to capitulation. (Cheers.) In the face of the great European wars the deeds of heroism on the frontier of Canada were lost sight of, but it is not for any patriotic Canadian to forget them. (Cheers. I have said elsewhere and I now repeat that the Colony of Ontario has a proud pre-eminence among the colonies of Britain for this reason. All the other colonies have been founded by men who sought to better their condition or were founded by the government of Britain or obtained by conquest, but Ontario stands alone as the colony founded by men making great sacrifices to maintain their allegiance to Great Britain. (Cheers.) I know of but one community in America or elsewhere, perhaps—that founded by the Puritan fathers in New England. I am not going to make a political harangue, but I have ventured in another place to point out how I thought we descendants of the U. E. Loyalists might best act in the spirit of our forefathers.

FRANCE'S OBJECT.

Bear in mind that what these men sought to prevent was a division which France sought to foster between the great portions of English races. I believe the Loyalists, and the people of Canada who derive their inspiration from them, can best do justice to the spirit of their forefathers by doing all they can to bring together in a union all the English speaking races in the world. (Applause.) I state that as a man loyal to Britain and British institutions. (Renewed applause.) I believe I know whereof I speak when I say no better service can be rendered to the people of Great Britain and of the whole world than to remove all chance of hostility between the two great branches of the English race. As a descendant of a Loyalist, I say it would be a work to which any man might be proud to consecrate his life. It is the part of wisdom for us to do what we can to fulfil the object for which our forefathers sacrificed so much, to bring together as a united people, if not under one sovereign, at any rate in one alliance offensive and defensive, two great nations, which, to the misfortune of the world, have been severed and alienated. You may call this a dream—Cavour was called a dreamer when he hoped for a united Italy; Bismarck was condemned as a visionary when he saw in the future a German Federation. The English speaking people are not inferior to the Italians or Germans when the real welfare of their race is at stake. (Loud applause.) In closing, he urged upon the Canadians to imitate the heroism of their ancestors, because the nation could never become great unless some citizens were willing to sacrifice themselves for the general good, and Canada at the time needed such men. Before concluding he stated that he had in his possession the warrant calling his grandfather to the first Legislative Council of Upper Canada and fixing the place of meeting at the town of Lennox in Adolphustown—the little village yonder—but the meeting place was afterwards changed to Niagara.

Rev. D. V. Lucas, M. A., of Montreal, and the descendant of a U. E. Loyalist in Halton county, said he came to honor the pilgrim fathers who laid the foundations of civilization in Upper Canada by the laws of association. They were carried back for 100 years to the events immediately preceding the time when England lost her colonies, and still further to those epochs in English history when the people slowly but surely emerged from the condition of partial serfdom to the condition of freemen. One of the most successful struggles was that between the depotism of kings and the love of true freedom in the minds of the British people. Before the struggle ended, some kings lost their crowns and others lost their heads, but

"Dominions" and a picked team of the Sillsville and Bath clubs, was next played. The match continued three days. The close of the first day showed Napanee in the rear. The syndicate team had the drop on them from the outset.

This concluded the events of the day. The boats took the majority of the visitors to their homes in the evening, but many remained all night, the residents in the vicinity extending hospitable entertainment. Apart from the oppressively warm weather the day was most enjoyable.

TUESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The second day opened with equally fine weather. The day was known as "Governor's Day," the Lieut. Governor of Ontario having been announced to be present, and as a result, there was a large influx of visitors. All the boats were heavily laden and some of the vessels had to make double trips to ports on the bay to accommodate the people who wished to be present. It was estimated that 10,000 people were on the grounds during the day. The first event was the arrival of the Lieut. Governor, who came by steamer Utica from Napanee. He was met at the wharf by a guard of honor of the 15th Battalion, under Adjt. T. C. Lazier and a troup of 4th Light Cavalry, under Capt. Griffiths, together with the bands of the 15th and 25th Battalions, and conducted to the residence of J. J. Watson, Esq., where refreshments were served. Shortly afterwards the ceremony was commenced by service being opened in St. Paul's church, after which a procession of clergymen was formed in order of rank, and followed by the Lieut. Governor, marched to the site of the new church singing "Onward, Christian Soldiers." Upon arriving at the appointed place the processionists took up their position around a carpeted dais on which stood the Lieut. Governor, the rector, Rev. R. S. Forneri, and Ven. Archdeacon T. Bedford-Jones, who conducted the services from the beginning. After singing and prayer the Archdeacon read an appropriate address, which was elegantly illuminated, and presented His Honor with a silver trowel.

His Honor then read a reply expressing his sentiments in fitting language. [The address and reply will appear next week.]

The stone having then been swung into position, His Honor took the silver trowel and tapping it, declared it properly laid, accompanied by the following words:—"We lay this stone of foundation to the honor and glory of God, and in memory of the United Empire Loyalists, who one hundred years ago laid the corner stone of our Province in peace and righteousness and in loyalty to the British Crown and Empire."

The ceremony was then concluded by the churchwardens taking up a collection. Immediately afterwards short addresses were given by His Honor and Dean Lister, of Kingston, the latter's remarks being specially pertinent to the occasion. He argued that the fact of their having been U. E. Loyalists was due to the perverse policy of Lord North's Administration in dealing with the thirteen American colonies. Had Lord Chatham's (Pitt) counsels prevailed there would have been no rebellion. He also said that many of the U. E. Loyalists, notwithstanding their attachment to the motherland, were in full sympathy with the colonists in resisting the odious taxes placed upon them. Among the clergymen present were the following:—Rural Dean Burke and Rev. D. F. Bogart, Belleville; Revs. C. E. Cartwright and Cook, of Kingston. At the conclusion the party returned to Mr. Watson's residence.

ON THE GROUNDS.

In the meantime the large crowds on the celebration grounds were moving about,

sixth generation, and grandson of the man who had established the first militia in Canada.

Mr. G. E. Henderson, Q. C., Belleville, County Crown Attorney, spoke next.

Lieutenant-Governor Robinson, who had been awaited with some impatience, was then announced. He expressed regret that he had kept them waiting, but surely he was hardly responsible for the great hospitality of the gentlemen of the militia who had entertained him. Considering all that the militia had done in defence of Canada he was proud to be a guest of their representatives in this district. He was of U. E. Loyalist stock, and therefore might be expected to not give all of his time to business, but to devote a little of it to pleasure as well. (Applause.) He had been most kindly entertained also by the clergy at whose instance he had first come here to lay the corner stone of the church to be built in memory of U. E. Loyalists. An American once discussing the Canadian form of Government expressed himself much in its favour on the ground that while the people paid all the expenses the Governor had all the fun. (Laughter.) Part of his fun was to meet so many kind friends at such a gathering as this. Up to a certain point the acts of the English Government in reference to the thirteen colonies were oppressive. U. E. Loyalists did not uphold that oppression, but when it came to revolt, and they saw that something more than redress of grievances was to be demanded, they, through years of war, showed heroism and devotion to their convictions seldom equalled in the history of any country. He recognized old names, having heard them from youth. They were names first known here by the arrival of the heroic band who landed on this point one hundred years ago. If we had a grand country we owe it to them. He had heard the question discussed as to whether the time has come when our political status should be changed; it was not for him as Lieutenant-Governor to discuss these matters, but he would say to Loyalists that while others, be they gentlemen of the press or politicians, discuss that question—the descendants of Loyalist can afford, knowing what they knew of old times, to mark time and listen to the discussions. They must recollect that if medicine is given hurriedly the physician must take good care that the death of the patient does not follow. (Applause.) He hoped that the young people would mark this day, and that when fifty, or sixty, or seventy years hence they went over memory's records they would think that this great celebration took place in the *regime* of Governor Robinson. (Loud applause. A voice—old John B's son. Renewed applause.) Governor Robinson, proceeding, eulogized the great resources of Canada, and added: Knowing the blessings we have received under the British Constitution we can afford to remain some time longer at any rate without changing our position. (A voice—hundreds of years.) He regretted that he had not before visited the lovely scenes through which he passed to-day. He regretted that he had not before had the opportunity of making the acquaintance of the people of this district, but he hoped this would not be his last visit. He hoped they would make this day a grand and permanent success. He hoped they would testify in a substantial way their regard for the Loyalists by subscribing liberally to the monument to be raised to their memory. (Loud applause.)

Mr. D. W. Allison, M. P., though suffering from temporary illness, consented at the earnest request of many to address the meeting. He dwelt with feeling upon the scene which this point had witnessed a hundred years ago yesterday, when the pilgrim band of loyalists landed at the outskirts of an unbroken wilderness, which Ontario was, and contrasted that with the scene of life and luxury which the place presented to-day. He dwelt also upon the strong contrast between the condition of the Loyalists and of their descendants of to-day. The first were victims of persecution, leaving all for the sake of their loyalty to their country and to duty, braving hardships and privations that they might have the flag they loved float over them. Their descendants possessed the land which they had redeemed from the encumbering forests, and in that land peace and plenty regined, so that even the poorest enjoy advantages which the best of their forefathers could not hope to secure. The colonists of these days, instead of coming in the face

Before the struggle ended, some kings lost their crowns and others lost their heads, but the people went steadily on till the great end was gained—permanent constitutional liberty. So far as the introduction of the true principles of liberty into the British constitution was concerned the struggle may be said to have ended when William, Prince of Orange, and his queen signed the famous Bill of Rights. Just at this period in British history a vast continent was opened in the western hemisphere, opened by divine providence for civilization and settlement. Here all those great principles for which the purest and noblest of the English race had contended and suffered were to appear as the golden grain appears after a long and toilsome seed sowing. This continent is to-day reaping the benefit of their labours. If a portion of the early settlers of the continent proved recreant and dishonored the flag which has given all they have that is really good we are glad that there were those who were true and loyal to the British crown. We are proud of our ancestry and thankful to God that they were loyal to those principles which are to-day so highly prized and esteemed. The speaker here quoted the following from Dr. Ryerson's work on the U. E. Loyalists of North America: "Canada has a parentage, the remembrance of which its inhabitants may well cherish with respect, affection and pride, for Canada owes much to these loyalists, not only for union with the British Empire, but for the origin of constitutionol representative government." We are proud also of the prosperity which has characterized the

LAND OF THEIR ADOPTION.

One hundred years ago there were but 10,000 people in Upper Canada, where there are to-day very nearly or quite 2,000,000. We are equally gratified if we consider the growth of Canada enterprise as marked by the growth of its commerce, the facilities for educating our youth, the extension of all those enlightening and civilizing influences which distinguish the older nations of the world. "Annexation to the United States is so impossible as not to be considered at all. Independence, involving separation from the old land, is equally impossible. Like that angel which John saw standing in the sun I think I see standing on this earth a mighty giant, made mighty by the God of nations, his head resting upon those glorious and wonderful British isles; his feet on the golden sands of Australia, his left arm upon India, now being redeemed from the wheels of a Juggernaut and the superstitions of past ages, his right arm, Canada, now being rescued from the whoop of the untutored savage and the growl of the wild beast. I think I see Canada populated with 100,000,000 of true British subjects, and the British Empire, correspondingly great, exercising her mighty influence in the extension of civilizing and Christian principles throughout the whole earth. Anything which looks in the direction of the dismemberment of the vast empire will not only be impossible but unwise."

LACROSSE AND BASE BALL MATCHES.

A lively dispute took place immediately after the speeches commenced between the captains of the lacrosse and base ball clubs as to who should have first use of the grounds and an appeal was made to the committee of management who did not seem to know how to get over the difficulty. The wrangling caused considerable interruption. Finally the lacrosse men got possession and the Napanee and Belleville clubs took the field, but two of the Napanee men refusing to play because they thought the base ball clubs badly used, the teams only numbered 10 each. The match resulted in a victory for Belleville by three straight games.

The base ball match between the Napanee celebration grounds were moving about, seeking the best means of enjoying themselves and to find protection from the blazing sun. Both were difficult to obtain, as the games had all fallen through, owing to rough grounds and lack of competition, while the trees around the graves afforded but indifferent shade. A great deal of dissatisfaction was expressed at the failure of these arrangements.

The speechmaking was, however, resumed, and a large crowd assembled around the grand stand.

President Bogart opened the proceedings by congratulating those present on the large attendance, and on the success which had so far marked the occasion. He introduced Chief Sampson Green, of the Mohawk Indians, of Tyendinaga, Bay of Quinte reserve, who was announced to speak on the federation of the Six Nations. The Chief came forward, dressed in a handsome native costume of black velvet, profusely ornamented with bead work, his head being decked with eagle plumes. He was accompanied by several of his braves, also in native dress. He gave a brief history of the formation of the Six Nations, and explained their present system of government. Any proposition to be brought forward must come from the Mohawks, and was discussed by each tribe in turn, till at last it was discussed by the firekeepers, the Onondagas. There was now no council-fire as in old times, but the man who represented the Onondagas made an opening speech in the council and this was called building the fire. The Mohawks had the right of veto in every proposition. Four of the Indian tribes had been Christianized but all were religious. As Christians offered thanks to God for the harvest, so the Pagans would offer thanks to the Great Spirit for pure water, for the ripening grain, for the fruit of the ground. Still it was the duty of the Christians to spread religion among the pagans of their own country. He glorified the memory of his forefathers for the stand they had taken when the crucial test came—whether they would stand by their allegiance to the Queen, or go with the majority. In 1812, too, the Mohawks, chief and men, fought side by side with the British troups, and in 1837 his own father went to the front to fight against the invaders. In 1866 he himself and others offered themselves as a band to meet the Fenians, but were not required; but they were not satisfied with that, and he and seventeen others joined the 47th Battalion, ready to be called upon. (Cheers.) They were not called but were ready, and were ready still should occasion arise. When the Mohawks left their home in Mohawk Valley and left all their fields and cattle, they were given a grant from George III. in any place they chose to select. John Deseronto, who was the leader of fifteen families, chose the Bay of Quinte Reserve, and Brant went further west to Grand River. The fifteen families here had swollen to a thousand souls, and they had their farms, their schools and their church, as well as a sum of money in the hands of the Indian Department at Ottawa, with the interest of which the affairs of the reserve is carried on. He thanked the committee for having honored the Indians with an invitation to be present, and closed by calling for three cheers for the Queen, which were royally given.

Mr. Parker Allen dwelt upon hardships suffered by the U. E. Loyalists as contrasted with the comfort enjoyed by the people he represented. It was necessary that the committee should have money to proceed with the monument, and he asked that liberal subscriptions be given.

Capt. GRACE, of Lindsay, was called upon. He spoke as one of the youngest representatives of the U. E. Loyalists, being of the forefathers could not hope to secure. The colonists of these days, instead of coming in the face of all hardships, had colonial roads and railways provided in advance of them in the wilderness. The first apples grown here were from seed brought over by the first party when they came. When the first crop was ripe the man who grew them called all the people of the settlement—men, women and children—together, and the apples were shared equally. Had that been in this day the man who had the apples would have been governed by the law of supply and demand and would have sold the apples to his neighbors at the highest price. (Cheers and laughter.) It had been stated that there was a settlement at Kingston before here, but those people did not leave the States till after Independence was declared, and the date given for the Kingston settlement was too early for that. He contended this was the first settlement and that the first line of this township of Adolphustown was the first line ever run by a surveyor in Ontario. He closed by expressing pleasure at the large turn out to do honor to the memory of Loyalists.

Mr. J. S. McQUAIG, Ex-M.P., of Prince Edward, then made a few remarks, after which Mr. J. J. Watson, Corresponding Secretary of the Celebration Committee, read letters of regret from the Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick, Mr. A. F. Wood, M. P.P., and others, who had expected to be present, but were unable to do so. He explained also Sir John Macdonald's absence by stating that he had a letter from the Premier stating that owing to ill-health and press of work at home he would be unable to attend. This concluded the afternoon proceedings.

THE EVENING CELEBRATION.

The evening was to have been occupied with a torchlight procession in which "physiogs" were expected to cause great amusement, but owing apparently to want of executive staff the procession soon degenerated into a mob with torches, which they moved hither and thither all over the village. There were some fireworks; also some addresses by local speakers on the grounds. It was not until near midnight that the last of the excursionists were taken to their homes.

WEDNESDAY.

The third day's celebration was attended by about a thousand people. The only event of interest was a fine address by Dr. Sangster of Port Perry.

NOTES.

—Miss Vanalstine of Picton, grand daughter of Major Vanalstine, was on the grounds during the centennial as a guest of J. J. Watson, Esq. She is the only living relative who bears the name of the Major who led the Loyalists to those shores. Among others on the ground were Mr. E. W. Ruttan, grandson of the man who walked to Montreal for the first bushel of wheat sown in the settlement, paid a guinea for it and walked back with it; and E. L. Bogart, now eighty years of age, the oldest living descendant of the Loyalists, who for this reason was chosen President of the Celebration Committee.

—Several of the men of the 15th Battalion on the guard of honour were overcome by heat and had to be placed under the care of surgeons. The men were well cared for and will soon recover.

—A number of relics of the early settlement were shown in the Secretary's booth. They were laid out on the table of the first court house of the province in which Judge Hagerman and other able jurists prepared their briefs. There is a rude wooden table painted red. Among the relics was a pewter platter 200 years old, owned by Mrs. J. B. Allison, which in its time did service for the whole colony in making pot-pie. A number of old bibles were shown and a collection of old coins by Mr. G. W. Goodwin of Napanee, who had the misfortune to have too rare ones stolen.

Good the Year Round.

At all seasons when the system is foul and the digestive powers feeble, or the liver and kidneys inactive, Burdock Blood Bitters are required.

BIRTHS.

LANE.—In Denbigh, on the 4th inst., the wife of Mr. Samuel Lane of a son.

ASSELSTINE.—In Napanee, on the 12th inst., the wife of E. H. Asselstine of a son.

TREGENT.—In Smith's Falls, on Saturday June 7, the wife of Mr. A. P. Tregent, manager of Molson's Bank, Smith's Falls of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

SWITZER—LEWIS.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. J. J. Leach, Odessa, Mr. Nathan B. Switzer, of Switzerville, to Minnie, only daughter of James Lewis, Esq., Wilton.

DEATHS.

JAYNES.—At Napanee, on the 17th inst., Rachael Jaynes, aged 80 years and 5 months.

HOSEY.—At Napanee, on Sunday, 15th inst., Sarah Catherine, wife of Mr. Alex. Hosey, aged 56 years, 1 month and 18 days.

JUST THE GOODS

FOR THE WARM WEATHER!

FOR THE COOL EVENINGS!

OR FOR THE WET WEATHER!

CHEAPSIDE

——————Is prepared to furnish goods suitable for any weather.——————

FOR THE WARM WEATHER we show New Muslins, Light Prints, Sale Jeanettes, great variety ot White Dress Goods, Laces and all sorts of light weight Black and Colored Dress Goods, Silk and Lisle, thin Gloves and Hoes, light weight Under Clothing as well as Blue Serge Suitings and Light Tweeds for men's ware.

FOR THE COOL EVENINGS we show a fine range of Honey Comb Wool Shawls. in all the best colorings, pink, white, cream, cardinal, pale blue and grenat.

FOR THE WET WEATHER we have a splendid lot of women's and children's Rubber Circulars, in all sizes, to fit small, medium size and tall women and children of all ages. Rubber coats for men.

FOR THE HOUSE FURNISHING.

Grand range of new patterns in Brussels, Velvet, Tapestry and Wool Carpets; extra good value for the money. Scinum for curtains with laces to match; Curtainettes and Lace Curtains, New Style Hollands, Window Hollands, Window Poles, Stair Rods and Stair Pads New Bleached and unbleached Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Towellings, Table Linens, Napkins &c., all in exceedingly good value for the money.

JOB LINES of Tweeds and Dress Goods at about half value.

HINCH, PERRY & CO.

SPRING, 1884} ROBLIN & FORD {SPRING, 1884

——ARE SHOWING ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN——

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS,

Stylish Scotch Tweed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Overcoatings,

Stylish Scotch Tweed Suitings, English Trouserings, Black and Colored Overcoatings,

60 Pieces Canadian Tweed, all Prices. 45 Pieces French Cambric Shirtins

Full Lines in Gents' Furnishings.

ROBLIN & FORD.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-1 2-1v.

Salt Rheum Cured.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Skin, Rough Pimples or Canker Sores; if so go at once to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price twenty-five cents It was never known to fail.

MILES STORMS & SON,

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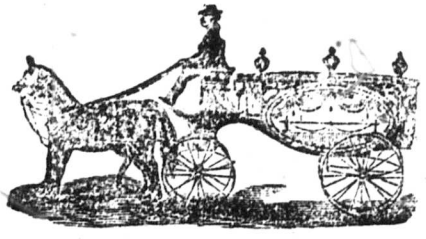

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COFFINS, CASKETS, &c.

Always on hand. All orders promptly attended to.

GENERAL KEER'S

HIMALAYAN TEA.

A high class Black Tea of rare quality and flavor imported direct from India by Major General Keer o Toronto, in March last. For samples and prices ap ply to

THOS. A. HUFFMAN.

Sole Agent at Napanee

FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

A. ROSE & CO. keep a full line of Lustre and Linen Coats and Dusters, Fancy and Common Straw Hats, suitable for this hot and dusty weather.

Their Ready Made Clothing trade is booming this week. having sold double the quantity expected.

NEW SUITS ORDERED EVERY WEEK.

Our $17 Suits are the Best Value in Town.

COME TO US FOR ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING, EITHER ORDERED OR READY MADE.

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Burdock Blood Bitters

Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

SPRING TIME HAS COME

And so has our stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which will be sold at Rock Bottom Prices.

I would but ask of every man and women to come and inspect our Goods, as I am satisfied that we can suit you in Goods, and at prices that cannot be beat.

BEAR IN MIND WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

PRINTS for five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve cents, splendid in 9.

White, Black and Colored Muslins, Cretonnes with Fringes to match, Dress Goods in endless variety. White and Grey Cottons, twenty yards for a dollar; Ducks, Denims and Drills in all patterns and prices, Shirtings that you would be surprised at the splendid quality for the small price.

We ask for those Men's Suits made to order from two to three dollars less than can be bought in Napanee or Kingston. Young men should see our assortment of English and American hard and sott hats.

Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, Fancy Scarfs and Ties, Collars and Collarettes. The newest Dress Buttons out, something very handsome. Our Boots and Shoes is the best assortment ever shown in the village.

Wall Paper at any price from 5 cents to 40 cents per roll, and Bordering to match. Every lady that has seen them say they are the finest they have looked at. Don't fail to see them.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

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Money to Loan.

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Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

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MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

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Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MAR IAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

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Miscellaneous Cards.

FOR SALE—From one to three first class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships.

CHARLES LANE.

Napanee, Feb. 21, 1884. 15-5mos.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationary, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 15

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

19 F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot, Centre Street.

Wharf Property.

Store and Lot, Dundas Street.

Building Lots, Robinson and Richard Sts.

Farm and Mill Property, Croydon.

Farms in Sidney, Hasting County.

Oil Lands,

And all other property belonging to the estate of John Stevenson, deceased.

Apply to the executors,

HOWARD S. STEVENSON.
JOHN H. STEVENSON.
W. H. STEVENSON.

Napanee, April 9th, 1884. 22-3mos.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS.

ROBLIN'S HILL, NAPANEE.

These works have been in operation three years, in which time they have established an enviable reputation for producing the

Best Lime for Brick and Stonework in the Market.

It is approved by the best mechanics, praised by architects, pronounced best by builders and satisfactory to everybody who has used it. It fills the bill in whatever way lime is used. The best building and coursing stone always on hand. Prices exceedingly moderate.

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NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Established 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

The Negro in Virginia.

Emancipation tried them sorely. Exaggerated ideas of freedom drove some from homes that under other circumstances they would have been loth to leave; while others refused to leave their old master even when he told them there were no dollars in the till to recompense their services. This same emancipation found them without surnames—a difficulty which was got over by their adopting with some reluctance the names of the families to whom they had belonged. All this righted itself after a time, for it was natural that the freeman of Virginia should be less averse to labor than his brother of the extreme South or the West Indies, where a warmer climate made it easier to maintain life with a minimum of work, and where the recollections of serfdom were, upon the whole, far less pleasant. Since the war the Virginia negro, considering his training, and traditions, has behaved himself well. A temperate climate has, we have already said, compelled him to work, and if he has done that work in a fashion peculiar to his race, he has, upon the whole, given fair satisfaction. A few have bought small farms, though these have, as a general thing, been low-priced, and consequently indifferent, land. A frequent inability to pay cash for their purchases and a system of deferred payments has hampered many of such small proprietors with a debt, and it is a question whether they are in as good a position as many of their landless brethren. Others work as laborers at wages varying from $8 to $12 a month and rations of bacon and corn-meal. The greater proportion, however, live as tenants upon estates and inhabit, for the most part, fairly comfortable log or frame houses, with garden attached, and the right to cut firewood, with pasture for cow and pigs. —*Macmillan's Magazine.*

The Vastness of London.

London has a population placing it on a level with states of the third order, and almost of the second. According to the return of the registrar-general in 1881, London proper had then a population of 3,816,483 souls; and, if the outer circle be taken into account, "Greater London" as he calls it, had a population of 4,766,661. Compare these figures with those afforded by a few European states and British self-governing colonies, and by Scotland and Ireland. In round numbers, the population of Sweden is 4,160,000; of Switzerland, 2,846,000; of Holland, 4,178,000; of Belgium, 5,520,000; of Portugal 4,160,000; of Denmark, 1,469,000. Ireland has 5,412,000 souls; Scotland, 3,735,000; the entire Dominion of Canada, 4,350,000; the Cape (of all races), 1,250,000; Victoria, 862,000; New South Wales 751,000. If variety of situation and social character be necessary to a nation, London, in its eastern and western portions, contains bodies of citizens as different from one another as the Swiss of the French cantons; as the Belgian Flemings and the Belgian Walloons; as the Lowlanders and Highlanders of Scotland. In wealth and commerce the British metropolitan area stands far at the head of all existing states and communities, with the exception of the United States and France, London is the bank of the world, its treasure house and its clearing house. This statement has been foolishly criticis-

'n B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

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BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. . . LESLIE. Proprietor.
(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st, has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

FOR SALE—A first-class Brick Dwelling and Lot, on the corner of Centre and Isabella Streets. The house is well finished and has every convenience. Excellent out-buildings and garden; most desirable location. Without doubt the cheapest property in Napanee. Apply to Robert McDonald, Proprietor, Tichbourne House. 20

FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition. Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1884. 24

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

YOUR FORTUNE!

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps, we will send by mail, post-paid, as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [3]

AN INSTITUTION.

(Established 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

☞ Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. D.

INDEX

TO DISEASES, COMPLAINTS and ACCIDENTS which HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL is guaranteed to cure or relieve either in MAN or BEAST.

TAKEN INTERNALLY FOR

CROUP,	*COUGHS,*
CRAMPS,	*SORE THROAT,*
ASTHMA,	*COLDS, &c.*

APPLIED EXTERNALLY FOR

RHEUMATISM,	*NEURALGIA,*
CHILBLAINS,	*CALLOUS LUMPS*
SWELLINGS,	*STIFF JOINTS,*
GALLS,	*FROST BITE,*
LAMENESS	*CORNS,*
CONTRACTIONS	*BRUISES,*
LUMBAGO,	*ITCH,*
DEAFNESS,	*PAIN IN BACK,*
SPRAINS,	*PAIN in SIDE, &c.*

Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

PRICE 25c.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors

TORONTO, ONT.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, **Ben Vande** arclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

all existing states and communities, with the exception of the United States and France, London is the bank of the world, its treasure house and its clearing house. This statement has been foolishly criticised, but it is literally true. London is also the emporium of civilization. Of the fabulous mass of commodities stored in its warehouses, docks, and shipping, a great portion belongs to mankind at large; and has been consigned to what has hitherto been considered the securest spot in the world, and the spot least likely to be invaded by human follies. London has further become of late years a manufacturing city, very nearly of the first order. If we must compare London to any one of the smaller states of Europe, it should be Belgium; but the financial, industrial, and mercantile importance of Belgium is not to be named in the same breath with that of the British metropolis.

A Nuisance which should be Abated

According to the Cincinnati *Times*, a citizen of that place recently fell dead in a street car, being poisoned by the dense fumes of tobacco smoke with which the car was filled. "He was an occasional sufferer from heart disease, and the trouble was so aggravated by the suffocating smoke of the car that he died after breathing it a few minutes. The car in which he rode had only one compartment for men, women and children, and the smokers were allowed full sway in it. Two other passengers were overcome by the tobacco fumes."

Every non-smoking traveller constantly encounters this same nuisance in railway cars, omnibuses, street cars, hotels, and wherever he goes. The universal presence of the sickening vapor of this vile weed is one of the charact ristics of civilization. If human beings possess one inalienable right more sacred than any other it is the right to breathe the atmosphere of heaven pure, free, and unadulterated. No man has any better right to puff tobacco smoke into the air I am about to breathe than to sit down beside me at a hotel table and sprinkle upon the food I am about to eat, vile and loathsome substances, obnexious to the senses and deleterious to health. If smokers will persist in defiling themselves, and spoiling the pure air, adulterating its life-giving oxygen with a deadly vapor, offensive to the natural instincts of man and beast, let them be compelled to indulge their precious poison by themselves, apart from the rest of human kind. Let them together enjoy the pleasures of the pipe, cigar, and cigarette. Perchance this plan might result in the annihilation of the whole race of smokers, and rid the world of a vice which originated among savages, and is worthy only of an uncivilized and barbarous race.—*Good Health.*

Little son of a bill broker to his papa: "Papa, what is business honor?" "Business honor? Well, Alphonse, my boy, suppose one of our customers sends a thousand francs too much." "Yes, papa." "Well, I give Mr. Ratipeau, my partner, five hundred of it."

Ah, what stores and stores of solid comfort are embodied in the tender reflection that last year's straw hat is as good as ever, and will do first rate for another season,—after a new band is put on, that one's friends may not recognize it.

Pasteur's School-Days.

Louis Pasteur passed his childhood in a small tannery which his father had bought in the city of Arbois, in the department of the Jura, to which he removed from the ancient city of Dole, in the same department, where he was born. When Louis became of suitable age, he was sent to the communal school, and was so proud of the fact that, though he was the smallest of the pupils, he went on the first day with his arms full of dictionaries away beyond his years. He does not appear, as yet, to have been a particularly diligent student. He was as likely to be found drawing a portrait or a sketch—and the walls of several Arboisan houses bear testimonies of his skill in this art—as studying his lesson, and to go ahunting or afishing as to take the direct way to the school. Yet the principal of the college was ready to predict that it was no small school like this one, but some great royal institution, that was destined to enjoy his services as a professor. As there was no professor of philosophy in the college at Arbois, young Pasteur went to Besancon to continue his studies. Here in the chemistry class, he so vexed Prof. Darlay with his frequent and searching questions, that the old gentleman was disconcerted, and declared it was his business to question the pupil, not Pasteur's to question him. Pasteur then had recourse to a pharmacist in the town who had gained some distinction in science and took private lessons in chemistry from him. He fared better at the Ecole Normale, where he had Balard for a teacher, and also enjoyed the instructions of Dumas, with whom he formed a lifelong friendship at the Sorbonne.

Fresh Paint.

The current belief among householders, that the smell of fresh lead paint is noxious, is founded on pretty general experience but is opposed by the opinion equally current among chemists, that lead compounds are not volatile. A fact recently brought to the notice of our excellent contemporary, the *Lancet*, supports the domestic theory. The basis of the useful and popular luminous paint is known to be sulphide of calcium. Now, this compound, when unprotected by varnish, glass, or some other impervious substance, is slowly acted on by the acids of the air, and sulphuretted hydrogen is evolved, which blackens lead paint. But the curious thing is that unprotected luminous paint is found to be perceptibly blackened by the fumes from fresh lead paint. There seems to be only one possible explanation of this; namely, that a surface freshly-covered with lead paint does actually emit some volatile compound of lead. We believe that many physicians could confirm this view from their own observations in regard to newly painted houses.—*Hall's Journal.*

Once a Great Game Country.

But a dozen years or so ago the Turtle Mountain region on both sides of the line, was the resort of immense numbers of buffalo and other large game. One of the early Dakota settlers says: One Indian during a single season has been known to kill as many as six hundred

AYER'S Hair Vigor

restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray hair to a natural, rich brown color, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use light or red hair may be darkened, thin hair thickened, and baldness often, though not always, cured.

It checks falling of the hair, and stimulates a weak and sickly growth to vigor. It prevents and cures scurf and dandruff, and heals nearly every disease peculiar to the scalp. As a **Ladies' Hair Dressing,** the VIGOR is unequalled; it contains neither oil nor dye, renders the hair soft, glossy, and silken in appearance, and imparts a delicate, agreeable, and lasting perfume.

MR. C. P. BRICHER writes from *Kirby, O., July 3,* 1882: "Last fall my hair commenced falling out, and in a short time I became nearly bald. I used part of a bottle of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, which stopped the falling of the hair, and started a new growth. I have now a full head of hair growing vigorously, and am convinced that but for the use of your preparation I should have been entirely bald."

J. W. BOWEN, proprietor of the *McArthur (Ohio) Enquirer*, says: "AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is a most excellent preparation for the hair. I speak of it from my own experience. Its use promotes the growth of new hair, and makes it glossy and soft. The VIGOR is also a sure cure for dandruff. Not within my knowledge has the preparation ever failed to give entire satisfaction."

MR. ANGUS FAIRBAIRN, leader of the celebrated "Fairbairn Family" of Scottish Vocalists, writes from *Boston, Mass., Feb. 6,* 1880: "Ever since my hair began to give silvery evidence of the change which fleeting time procureth, I have used AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, and so have been able to maintain an appearance of youthfulness—a matter of considerable consequence to ministers, orators, actors, and in fact every one who lives in the eyes of the public."

MRS. O. A. PRESCOTT, writing from 8 *Elm St., Charlestown, Mass., April* 14, 1882, says: "Two years ago about two-thirds of my hair came off. It thinned very rapidly, and I was fast growing bald. On using AYER'S HAIR VIGOR the falling stopped and a new growth commenced, and in about a month my head was completely covered with short hair. It has continued to grow, and is now as good as before it fell. I regularly used but one bottle of the VIGOR, but now use it occasionally as a dressing."

We have hundreds of similar testimonials to the efficacy of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It needs but a trial to convince the most skeptical of its value.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS

MEACHER'S LIME WORKS

NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN.
CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work.

We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend it to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills, George Cliff,
Scott & Perry, W. A. Embury,
Robert Light, F. ... Little
John A. Cliff, Robert McMullen.
Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

PARTICULARLY ADAPTED

TO FARM USE!

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

First Class Engineer and Machinist,

and are now in a position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 8

SEASON OF 1884

dian during a single season has been known to kill as many as six hundred buffalo. Wolves were also very numerous, and when out on a hunting expedition they had to place a strong guard all around their camp to keep the voracious animals away, and sometimes the entire camp had to be aroused to fight them off. They would eat up a horse, harness, bridle, and saddle, or anything else left outside within their reach, and the Indians killed them by thousands. Foxes were plenty and numerous and other large game roamed over the rich rolling pairie. The furs of all the animals were packed and hauled to Fargo and one or two other points where there was a market for them, and they made the Indians' wealth. Of late years, however, the large game to a great extent disappeared, though there are still many foxes and wolves in the mountain region.

Carl Pretzel Gives a Leetle Advice

Dond go mat on little things. Ofer a spider bug break outhis web dewn, eleven or eight times, yoost so often he makes it all right, und neber dond speak a mouthful on account of dot misfortunes vat come on his house; yoost make your head out to do it und you are sure vood have been a great succeed. Dond be afraid ven troubles vas comed; keep up a good shtiff under lip down, und pooty gwick dot dark clouds vas busted all to der deuce.

Ofer it vas the time ven der sun vas going out, keep your eyes on der shtars. Ofer der ground vas dark, look indo der Heafens. Ofer yer temper vas a shmart, gwick one, dor's besser you look out. Even a fire vood sets a house on shparks. One leedle misfit of temper may make you unhappy so long vot you lif. Nefer shtrike to der frount, dond give some evil on ackound you dond got it from an odder feller.

Ofer you got enemies vot dond like you pooty vell, treat him kindly like der deuce und hafe him for a friend, but dond trust him so far as a bull can throw you mit his tail, for you know dot.

"Do you think he is guilty?" asked the new law student of the attorney with whom he was studying, referring to a client who had just left them. "Well, I think—excuse me, I don't know how much money he has," was the response.

Speaking of the improvements in a church edifice a notice reads, "Two charming widows adorn the chancel." The type should have said "windows" instead of "widows." A trifling difference.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President,
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. C. LLOYD, - W. R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
JOHN DOXSEE, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

NAPANEE

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Stairs, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and best workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE

NAPANEE PILLS

SUGAR COATED.

PURELY VEGETABLE

Highly recommended for Biliousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Loss of Memory, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint, or any illness arising from the Stomach, Bowels or Kidneys. They are safe, mild and thorough in their action. From 1 to 3 pills is a dose.

PRICE 25c. PER BOX.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand.

Just received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
Briscoe House Block

Napanee, Dec. 13, 8

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises, and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester.
(Unsurpassed in the world.)
The Celebrated Toronto Mower.
The Massey Mower.
The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake.
The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.
The Wisner Seeder
The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)
The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this season,
The Port Perry Gang Plow

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all changes made with ropes from the floor of the barn. The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous

"CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ **A full line of repairs constantly on hand.**

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas St

ROBBING STAGES OUT WEST.

Two stage-robbers in jail here for operations in the Yosemite valley have been visited by many people and questioned as to their career on the roads, says a letter from Madeira, Cal. Both men are fully identified as the individuals who stopped a coach last fall and relieved the passengers of their valuables, Both claim that this is the only robbery of the kind they ever participated in, but under the influence of free cigars they confessed that they had certain friends and acquaintances who had had some very queer experiences as road-agents, some of them on the Yosemite trail.

"For a man who wants a real good business and an easy sort of life," said Tolman Terhune, one of the prisoners, "I would advise him to go to work on the Yosemite route. Living is comparatively cheap and good in that vicinity, and stages are just plenty enough. You don't want to tackle every stage that comes along, for that would spoil the whole thing. People would not ride, and after a while there would be no stage at all. You must let the recollection of one 'hold up' kinder fade out of mind before you spring another on them. When a 'hold up' hasn't occurred in two or three months drivers get kinder careless and passengers take greater risks.

"My observations have convinced me that there isn't anything in this world that the majority of people fear more than a road-agent. It's all moonshine, but it is a fact, nevertheless, and the boys in the business have to be very careful or they will stampede all the game.

"There is more or less science in doing up a stage, I can tell you. Your mind must be on things present and things prospective. You must work it so you can eat your cake, or a good part of it, and have it, too.

"Now, I had a friend that once did business on the Calaveras road. He was a hog. He wanted everything that came his way, and he took it. The result was that before many weeks elapsed the stages were all taken off but one or two, and the drivers of them used to go over the route alone very often. One time my friend sprang out in front of the stage and ordered the driver to throw up his hands, which he did. Then my friend went around to the side of the coach to interview the passengers, and found that

THERE WASN T A SOUL ON THE RIG.

It made him mad, of course,. So he went back to the horses, and, noticing that the driver was smiling, he remarked: 'I've a notion to slice you up for playing this trick upon me.'

"'Why didn't you tell me that you hadn't anybody aboard?'

"'Because you didn't ask me.'

"'Well, what have you got?' said my friend to the driver; come, now, 'shell out.'

"The driver didn't have anything but a little whiskey, and he gave the agent some and took some himself. Then they got to talking, and after awhile my friend got up on the box and rode five or ten miles with the driver, just to keep him company, and to hear what he had to say. The driver was one of those observing fellows, and he gave the agent some good advice. Says he:

believe that if, when he was going through a stage load, somebody had fired off a gun he would have fainted away, not so much from fright as from surprise.

"My cousin was considered a very good man in his day. He had an air of authority about him, and a voice that could be heard a mile in the mountain air. When he said 'hands up!' hands went up, and no driver ever dared move a peg when he heard him remonstrating. Yet he was downed once, and by a woman, too. He stopped a stage-load of people from New England, and there was a schoolma'am in the crowd who wore spectacles and was a good deal more angular than any of the women they raise out here. When he ordered 'hands up' he didn't notice that she refused to obey, because she was down at the foot of the line, and he didn't pay much attention to her anyway. As he proceeded along the line, working the different victims as he went along, he noticed that her arms were behind her, and that she was a slender old girl. So he said nothing until he came to her. Then, throwing all his power into his lungs, he yelled 'Hands up!' Well,

SHE PUT HER HANDS UP.

She had one of those Cape Cod umbrellas, with whalebone ribs as big as your finger, and when she raised her hands she clutched that umbrella with the grip of death, and down it came on my cousin's head. He told me he saw double for a week after that, and for the time being he was nearly knocked out.

"It was a mighty ticklish moment. As I have said, you work a coach load easily by terrifying them and getting away before they recover their self-possession. Now, here was a woman who had not lost hers at all, and if the men at the other end of the line had had an opportunity to think for a moment they would have been on top of me—I should say on top of my cousin—before he could get out of the way. But he was a clever chap. He just drew a big gun and sailed up to the other end of the line looking very ferocious, and muttered something to the men about never robbing a woman. They took on a fresh fright, and did not understand fully what had happened. He then gave the order to mount, and covered the crowd as they got into the coach. The schoolma'am was the last one in, and she was the only one who was not robbed. Now, I'll bet those fellows felt cheap when they heard her story and found that she had not lost anything.

"That's the whole secret of this staging business. No stage-robber who is fit to follow the road ever kills anybody. He may shoot at times, but not to kill. Whenever you hear of a stage being fired into and lots of people hurt, you may make up your mind that some gang of hard men are at work. No professional does anything of the kind.

"I'm sorry I've got into this difficulty just now. The season opens in about two weeks."

A Dead Shot.

A lot of summer tourists were on the beach at Los Angeles the other day watching some fancy rifle shooting by a party of professional otter hunters who had come over from the Channel Islands for a Sunday lark. These really wonderful

A LOST YOUNG WOMAN.

The Wonderful Travels of a Young Woman Who Got Lost.

Among the passengers on the steamship City of Augusta, on her way to New York, was a young lady whose singular adventure in travelling from Jacksonville to Savannah recently won for herself the title of the lost woman. On Wednesday night last Miss Martha Howes, accompanied by her sister, left Jacksonville, occupying a section in the Savannah Sleeper. They were destined for Boston, and expected to sail by the steamer Gate City on Thursday afternoon.

Some time after leaving Jacksonville Miss Howes asked a porter to escort her to the Cincinnati sleeper, in which were several friends destined to Cincinnati by tha way of Savannah, as they supposed. Leaving her hand-baggage, bonnet, purse, and tickets with her sister, she stepped into the car where her friends, were and sat down. After a pleasant chat she called the porter, this time of the car in which she was riding, and asked him to lead her back to the Savannah sleeper. "The Savannah sleeper ma'am? Why there's no Savannah car on this train!" A look of surprise came over the young lady as she realized her situation, and her friends were equally surprised, as they supposed they were bound for Savannah, also. The porter explained that the Savannah sleeper had been left at Waycross to be taken by the night train, and that they were being whirled on toward Albany. What to do the young lady did not know. The train was some distance beyond Waycross, and too far to ride back by carriage in the night. She was

WITHOUT MONEY OR TICKETS,

and, knowing that her sister was unaware of her whereabouts, and would be concerned for her safety, she explained the circumstances to the conductor, and at the first stop a telegram was sent back to Waycross saying that she would return by the first train. The telegram was not received by her sister, who came on to Savannah and related the circumstances so far as she knew to Messrs. Barnard & Richardson, agents of the Boston line of steamers. Mr. Barnared at once became interested, and set out to find the young lady. A telegraph was sent in her name to Waycross, and to insure its delivery another was sent to the operator stating the circumstances, and asking that the message be placed in Miss Howes' hand as quick as possible. An hour later a reply was received that there was no such person in town. This aroused Mr. Barnard's interest still further, and he determined to find the young lady without fail. Being wholly unaware of her movements after she left her sister below Waycross, he surmised that she had been carried past on the Cincinnati sleeper, and would reach Savannah by the way of Macon and the Central road. The ship by which she expected to sail was to leave at 4 o'clock, and in the hope of her arrival by the 3:25 from Macon, Mr. Barnard made preparations to meet her upon her arrival at the Central depot with a carriage, so that she might reach the ship without delay. He told the story to Maj. Whitehead, of the Central, who, with a significant shake of the head, looked at Mr. Barnard to see if he was in earnest.

"She's skipped! There's a young man

The driver was one of those observing fellows, and he gave the agent some good advice. Says he:

"'You have ruined the business on this road, ruined yourself, and ruined the company. Nobody travels here any more. You have scared them all off. Now you might as well git yourself, too. There is no money here, and won't be till you restore confidence. You can't work a stage line without confidence any more than you can a banking institution. You must clear out of here and stay out, and when the arteries of trade open up once more then you can come back if you want to, but you mustn't be too enthusiastic. You must hold up a stage and then take a rest. Go over to San Francisco for a few weeks and enjoy yourself. Mingle in society, and seek diversion. Then when you feel like it come out and take another crack.

"Well, when I left the stage-driver—I mean when my friend left him—he knew a good deal more than he did before, and I have heard that he profited by it to some extent. At any rate he made fewer hauls, but they were bigger, and he had a good deal less wear and tear.

"Now, there is no danger in stopping a coach. Did you ever hear of a stage-robber being killed? I never did, and I have been on the coast for thirty years. Nobody kills a road-agent. In the first place the passengers are too scared, and in the next they are so almighty anxious to have the thing over with that they do not think of anything but complying with the demands made upon them. It is as safe a business as preaching, and safer than preaching in some towns that I know of. I have heard an acquaintance of mine, who operated in the northern part of Oregon, say time and again that some of the gentlemen whom he invited to shell out made him feel ashamed of himself by giving up things that he would never have thought of asking for. One man, I remember, he told me about in particular. He was standing in the row with

HIS HANDS UP AND HIS TEETH CHATTERING,

and when my friend came up to him and pulled out of his vest pocket a little wad of money, not over $6, the fellow, evidently fearing that some dire punishment would be inflicted upon him in case he did not pan out as well as the others, told the robber that he had more money in his trunk, which was strapped on behind. Well, of course my friend had to get that money, and that took time, but he found it right where the fellow told him it was. He would a good deal rather have gone on without overhauling the trunk, but since the man had told him that there was money in it, he would never have rested easy after that if he had not got it.

"I know dozens of just such experiences. I had a cousin operating on the Yosemite road over near where I was rounded up, who took more pleasure in the business than any man I ever heard of. He enjoyed the fun of the thing, and he often used to say to me that as between robbing a stage and going to a minstrel show, he would take the former every time. Now, that, you see, was because there was absolutely no danger in it. He was an experienced man, and knew that the thing was safe. I honestly

of professional otter hunters who had come over from the Channel Islands for a Sunday lark. These really wonderful marksmen, most of them native Californians, were killing gulls on the water, breaking bottles and hitting dollars thrown in the air, with great eclat, when a dudish-looking young man from Frisco yawned in a bored manner, and remarked in a very audible voice to a companion that he didn't see anything wonderful in that sort of shooting.

This produced a series of sarcastically polite retorts on the part of the original lords of the soil.

"Perhaps the gentleman could show them something better?"

"Well, I don't know," replied the young man, languidly taking one of the hunters' Winchesters. "I might if somebody would hold a cork or something on his head for me."

The riflemen showed their white teeth with amusement.

"Doubtless," said one of them, winking at his companions, "doubtless the gentleman's friend would oblige him."

"Why, to be sure," drawled the dude, looking around. But his fellow dude had sauntered off, and was standing some three hundred yards further along the beach, meditatively smoking a very long nine.

"Ah! there's Cholly," said the languid party, cocking the gun. "Let me see. You observe that cigar he has in his mouth. Very well, I'll put a hole through that," and taking a careless aim he fired. At the report the smoker gave a sudden start, took out and examined his Havana, and then shook his fist angrily.

The entire crowd ran towards him. Sure enough, there was a hole right through the centre of the cigar, almost cutting it in half.

"That's the fourth cigar you've spoiled for me," said the smoking dude, in a vexed tone. "I wish you'd stop that sort of thing!"

As for the other hunters, they looked at each other in mortified silence for a few minutes, then climbed into their boat and set sail.

"That's the most wonderful shot I ever saw," said an old gentleman to the shooter the next morning. "Such a terrible risk, too."

"Nothing wonderful about it," said the California Tell, confidentially. "All you have to do is to have your confederate cut a hole in the cigar with a penknife before hand. It's a boss scheme!"

Rajevsdy, the archpriest of the Russian embassy in Vienna, died suddenly a few days ago at the age of 73. He played a very large part in the Pan-Slavist movement, and owing to his connection with the highest circles in Russia he possessed more influence than many ambassadors; and, in fact, during many years contributed more than any other man to the estrangement of the two empires. He was the agent in Austria for Pan-Slavist committees in Moscow and elsewhere, and had large means at his disposal.

"What kind of sauce will you have with your steak?" asked a waiter of a diner in a restaurant where the condiments were served with the orders. "If the steak is as tough as yesterday's, send me in a couple of circular saws."

the head, looked at Mr. Barnard to see if he was in earnest.

"She's skipped! There's a young man in the case," replied the Major

Mr. Barnard assured him that this could not be, and a telegram was sent to the conductor of the Macon train at Millen to find out if Miss Howes was on board. The reply came back. "Not on train."

Baffled in this move, Agent Knapp, at Macon, was telegraphed a full description of the lady, and asked to keep a lookout for her. Mr. Knapp searched the city, and replied that there was no person answering to Miss Howes' description to be found.

The ship was by this time ready to sail and the young lady's sister was

ANXIOUSLY AWAITING INTELLIGENCE

that might lead to her recovery. Upon the receipt of Mr. Knapp's reply that he had been unable to gain any information of her whereabouts in Macon or along the road, the case began to look mysterious. Mr. Barnard assured her sister that every effort would be made to reach Miss Howes, and that she would be sent by the next steamer. With this assurance the sister left for Boston. Mr. Barnard at once continued his efforts to find the young lady, and by repeated telegrams succeeded in over hauling the Cincinnati sleeper at Chattanooga, where it was learned from the conductor that Miss Howes had been sent back to Waycross that morning. In the meantime the interest of those engaged in the search for the young lady had heightened, and various theories were advanced. It was thought by some she had fallen or jumped from the train and was killed, and by others that the matter had been prearranged, and that she had voluntarily left her sister and eloped. The telegram from the conductor at Chattanooga was not wholly satisfactory to those who believed that such was the case, and it was not until more definite information had been obtained that they were convinced of the young lady's discovery.

Col. Haines, of the Savannah, Florida and Western railway, who had been acquainted with the case, telegraphed the operator at Waycross and learned that Miss Howes had been there, but had gone on to Brunswick, where she had friends. Later a telegram was received from Brunswick announcing her arrival there, and that she would reach Savannah on Friday morning. The Friday morning brought her to the city in company with a gallant young German, who, upon learning of her adventure, assumed the role of protector until he had placed her in Mr. Barnard's care. She had been provided with money by her friends, and further than being wearied by a long day's travel was as unconcerned about her safety as though she had been in her home. The anxiety of her friends had been greater than her own. While tracking her the short distance she had travelled, the telegraph had clicked her name over thousands of miles of wire, and at the offices where inquiry had been made, and on board the trains where the porters inquired, "Miss Howes on board?" she became known as "the lost woman." There are probably few incidents in travel which better illustrate the possibilities of an error, and which show more clearly the wonderful progress of invention than the one just told. The long night ride of Miss Howes from Waycross to Albany and return, her trip to

Jesup and Brunswick and on to Savannah was made without the slightest embarrassment, and she was given the most courteous attention by the train officials by whom she was passed to her destination. Upon arriving here she was driven to the Pulaski house, and in the afternoon was placed on board the City of Augusta en route to her home in the old Bay state. —*Savannah (Ga.) News.*

DISTILLING ATTAR OF ROSES.

The Rose Farms in India where the Planters Get $100 an Ounce for their Product.

"Genuine attar of roses," remarked a chemist, "which is made in India and Australia, costs $100 an ounce at the places of distillation. It takes 50,000 rose blooms to yield an ounce of attar. They are the common roses, and grow in great profusion in California, where the distillation of attar could be made a very profitable industry. I have seen hedge rows near Samana, in that State, so dense with these roses that the odor from them on a warm, sultry day caused a feeling of peculiar faintness and oppression in the passer by. This is the effect of the attar that is distilled by the heat and moist air, and is held suspended, as it were, in the atmosphere.

"There is money in that cause of faintness and indolence, but in this country not only the sweetness, but the great value of the flowers, is wasted on the desert air. In northern India the roses are regularly cultivated. They are planted in rows in fields, and require no particular care. When they begin to bloom they are picked before mid-day. The work is done by women and children, who seem to regard it as more as a pleasure than a pursuit of labor. The rose leaves are distilled in twice their weight of water, which is drawn off into open vessels. These are allowed to stand over night, being covered up with cloths to keep out dirt and insects. In the morning the water is coated with a thin oily film. This is the rare attar of rose. It is skimmed off with a fine feather and dropped into vials. The process continued daily until the bushes cease to bloom. So it may well be imagined that any essence or oil that requires the distilling of 50,000 roses to fill an ounce vial has a right to have a good price set upon it."

A Curious Custom.

I once had what I then considered a singular experience with a wealthy Mexican to whom I had sold a ranch. He invited me to visit him at his home, and I accepted. At the end of the railway journey I found a travelling carriage, drawn by six horses, and accompanied by a number of mounted servitors, awaiting me. Inside were receptacles containing choice wines, ice—a scarce commodity—table ware, and a variety of viands. Arrived at my host's house, he greeted me most cordially, assuring me again and again of his friendship, and conducted me to a school room to see his daughters. There were five, all pretty, the eldest lovable. They ranged in age from eight to seventeen years. They stood in line, in school

NEW GUINEA.

The Island Soon to be Explored by an American.

J. W. Buel, who explored Russia and Siberia, and who has written a work on "Russian Nihilism," recently visited the state department in company with Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, to ask the protection of this government in his proposed exploration of New Guinea. He stated that he would like to be commissioned without pay, the idea being to use the commission as a credential. It was finally arranged that Mr. Buel should go as the accredited representative of the Smithsonian institute. This was perfectly satisfactory, and Mr. Buel left for his home in St. Louis.

"The island of New Guinea," said Mr. Buel to a *Post* reporter just before he left, "is the largest island in the world. It is the only spot on the earth to-day which is really an unknown region. Its area is 25,000 square miles larger than Texas. Although situated under the equator its mountains, as seen from the straits of Torrey, are snow-capped, showing that they must be immensely high. It is known to have two great rivers. In 1876 Prof. Stone of the Royal Geographical society, ascended the Fly river for 150 miles, and is the only person who has written anything accurate about the island. The natives believe in nothing, and, contrary to the general rule, worship nothing. They are not cannibals, nor do I believe they are hostile in their nature."

"When do you start?"

"The expedition will leave next spring, its expenses being borne by a New York millionaire, whose name will not be known until the expedition departs. A schooner will be bought, chartered, and fully equipped. There will be about fifty men in the party, including scientists. I expect to be gone about eighteeen months. I have already travelled through Russia and Siberia, and I have selected New Guinea, first, because so little is known of it, and, secondly, because it will not be many years before it will be a centre of interest. It was first claimed by the Dutch, but their garrison died of malarial fevers, and now England and France have their eyes upon it. But I think it will be annexed to Australia, and make a part of the South Sea republic, which will be formed when the Australian colonies revolt and cut loose, as the United States did, from the mother country.—*Washington Post.*

Grafted Teeth.

Transplanting sound teeth from the jaws of healthy persons who could spare them to those who needed them has been practised by advanced dentists for some time. The mode was as follows: The individual with the superfluous sound tooth and he with the decayed molar were mated together, and the freshly drawn good tooth immediately placed in the cavity made by extracting the other. But it often happens to be necessary to remove a sound tooth from a patient at a time when no person of whom the dentist had any knowledge needed just such a one. It would therefore be lost, for only "living" teeth could be made to grow in a strange mouth, and they died very

Small Economies.

The housewife who desires to practice small economies finds that she has two opposing elements to deal with—her husband and the cook. Of the two, the cook is the frankest. She is under no delusion about her opinions, her principles, or her practice. She does not hesitate for a moment in saying that one method of administration is laudable and becoming to a lady, and the other is mean and not to be encouraged by any co-operation. The two are alike in their opinion of desirable results. Both the cook and the husband like the liberal, well-spread table, but they disagree about the means of reaching these results. The husband believes in the traditional soup made out of almost nothing; the cook likes a good standing-rib, well boiled down, and properly seasoned. The husband agrees with the cook in believing the soup ought to be good, but they misapprehend each other about the means of making it so. To him the merit of the soup is two-fold. It ought to be excellent and cheap. To her the cheapness is the disadvantage, and she gallantly brings the larder to the rescue. He looks to the wife to have the soup answer his just demands. The cook looks to her for her rescources. The two are alike in another respect—they believe in the feast and have no regard for the consequent famine. Nothing so irritates a cook as to have to keep things on hand. What is left from breakfast she wants to use for lunch, and if anything remains from dinner that cannot be used for breakfast, she wants to put it in the slop pail or give it away at the back gate. She hates to have preserves and pickles and canned goods put away as if they were never to be used. She would have plum preserves three times a day if she had her way, and her rule is to empty the jar without regard to the fact that it holds two quarts, and there are but two to eat them. The husband has the same idea. "Why don't you have the strawberries and the watermelon pickle?" he says; and then he adds that he doesn't see the use in putting up things to spoil. They also agree in then expecting the house mistress to be ready for any emergencies, and always have something in the house. Her bricks must be made without straw.

As a Summer Resort.

A few years ago the St. Lawrence and Saguenay rivers were supposed to comprise the only Canadian excursion routes which repaid the tourists the trouble and expense of traversing them. Since then however, Muskoka has claimed a share of the summer holiday seekers; and still more recently Algoma has found favour with those who can afford a few week' vacation during the heated term. Although late in having its claims recognized certain it is that this District will for years to come be the great centre of attraction for tourists.

Those who have but a week or two to spare can spend it most profitably in Eastern Algoma. Nothing could be more invigorating than a trip from Collingwood to the Sault. The fresh breezes from these northern latitudes which swept down the Georgian Bay lend a vigor to

They ranged in age from eight to seventeen years. They stood in line, in school girl fashion, as if about to make a recitation. Blushes suffused their countenances, but they cast at me many a coquettish glance. The father locked at them a moment proudly, and then introduced me, after which he astounded me by saying that I must make a choice of one of his daughters for betrothal to her. I thought he was joking, and made some remark in pleasantry, when he repeated his statement, and demeaned himself so gravely the while, that I was convinced he was in earnest. I scarcely knew how the scene terminated, for I was very much confused, and I am afraid told a falsehood by stating that I had a wife and children. The next day he informed me the betrothal was an act of courtesy toward an ultra-favored guest, was extended to highly distinguished persons only as a rule, and signified nothing more than that the person so honored had the freedom of the house. The granting of this privilege is indeed an honor, for no one but a near relative, can enter any part of an aristocrat's residence, where the females of the household resort. Even the parlor, therefore, is sacred from intrusion, unless one be accepted on the intimate footing accorded to one betrothed, who then becomes as a brother. Should he violate the trust reposed in him, nothing on earth would be more condemned. His punishment would be sure, and his life would be the price of his wrong.

Brazilian Notes.

Many times during a visit to Brazil one will see specimens of that queer mechanical appliance, *monjula*, the only labor-saving machine Portugal ever introduced into her South American dependency. At almost every *fazenda* one will see the heavy beams of these cumbersome machines lazily working, operated by a little stream of water, which, by its weight and subsequent overflow, causes the triphammer to rise and fall, every blow helping to crush the corn or *mandioca* roots in the mortar beneath the heavy pestle. Here, too, one finds the most primitive of all primitive vehicles, the native Brazilian cart, rudely made of heaviest timber, and with massive solid wheels formed of thick plank and heavily mounted with iron. This is the only style of vehicle to be found in Brazil, outside of the coast cities. The ungainly, cumbersome carts, unimproved since the beginning of the Christian era, are drawn over the *campas*, where the topographical features of the country will permit, by any number of oxen from four to twelve. The empty cart alone is a load for a yoke of oxen, and when loaded requires four, five or six yoke with an equal number of drivers armed with wicked whips and cruel goads. When these carts are in transit they emit a loud squeak that is the delight of the dusky *cargeiros*, whose musical education is not of the highest order, and who could not, for any consideration, be induced to lubricate the working parts and thus do away with the squeak.

A brakeman, when the train arrived at Yuma, where the state prison of Arizona is located, the other day, announced to the passengers: "Yuma! Change clothes; ten years' for refreshment."

one. It would therefore be lost, for only "living" teeth could be made to grow in a strange mouth, and they died very soon after being torn from their parent gums. Teeth are "living" so long as the membrane covering the roots has any vitality. It has been a problem of great interest to dentists throughout America to devise some means by which the sound extracted teeth could be kept alive indefinitely, until they should be needed, and to a San Francisco dentist belongs the honor of solving the problem. Dr. W. J. Younger, says the *Call*, has been conducting a series of experiments, which have resulted in the discovery of a means of preserving the life of extracted teeth. It is nothing more or less than "grafting" it as soon as it is drawn, upon the engorged comb of a healthy rooster, and leaving it there properly secured until it is wanted. Then it is cut away, the cock being placed under the influence of chloroform, washed, and everything removed down to the membrane and placed in the freshly made cavity where it it is needed. A representative of the *Call* was permitted recently to examine the mouth of a gentleman in which there was a tooth that had been planted there a week or so before, and which was apparently as firm as those which had always been there. It had been kept alive on a cock's comb for ten days, and had been taken from the mouth of a young lady, whose looks were benefitted by the removal.

A Dutch Doctor's Views of Cholera

A writer in *Good Cheer* tells a quaint story of an old Dutch doctor on whom he called for advice about a friend as follows:—

Ah, mine vriend, pe seated. So? ah yes, your vriend has der Yankee cholera. Vell, it is not tangerous; he must rest a vew days, and eat very little; dat is enough.

Do you know vat I call the Yankee cholera?

Vell, I tells you; you Yankees eats and trinks everydings, and pyeundpye der inflammation sets in, und bains comes on, und der tocter says: "Ah this is Asiatic cholera. Carry der man to der hospital;" and der man dies of fright.

You Yankees live too vell. Look at der Irish girl vat comes here. She never knows vat sickness pees. She lives at home on puttermilk and botatoes der year round. Vell, she comes here, und eats der meat and trinks der ice-vater, und soon she feels sick and veak, und she say: "Oh, der chlimaat; it is killun me." Ah, ha! it is not der climate at all, it is der goot living. Let her eat nodings put puttermilk und botatoes, und all vill pe well. Der Ameaican climate is der *pest* in der vorld.

The smaller the string of fish the bigger the lie.

One of the reasons urged by the advocates of the postal delivery system, in a small city, was that the office should seek the man, not the man the office.

Theodore Thomas responded to a Cincinnati call for an encore by setting the orchestra at once at work on an instrumental piece. The audience cheered for fifteen minutes, but Thomas did not relent, and the brass of the band finally beat the brass of the audience.

these northern latitudes which swept down the Georgian Bay lend a vigor to the invalid or business worn traveller and prepare him to enter with full zest into the enjoyment of the unrivalled scenery in the land-locked and island sheltered waters between Killarney and the Sault.

But the chief pleasure is not attained while on the steamboat; it is in forming a party and coasting around our bays and exploring the rivers of the North Shore. In this way you get the full benefit of our unrivalled scenery; you have an opportunity of climbing the bluffs at Ten Mile Point, West Bay, or Lacloche Mountains, from any of which points of vantage you have spread out before you a vast stretch of water, woodland and waving fields.

Our lakes and creeks also afford abundance of fishing where all who love such sport can indulge this propensity to their hearts' content.

Should the visitor have a month to spare we would advise an extension of this trip in one of the boats which will this year take in the C.P.R. local sports along the north shore of Lake Superior. For sublime grandeur of scenery we defy anything to surpass that rock bound bay indented coast.

But be your time long or short you cannot spend it to better advantage anywhere than in this same District of Algoma.—*Manitoulin Expositor.*

Health Items

Some people prefer hot lemonade to the usual form, but it is only recently that we have seen it recommended in diarrhœa. Dr. Vigouroux recommends a glass of *hot* lemonade every hour, or half hour, as an easy, agreeable, and efficient treatment for diarrhœa.

A writer in the *Medical Times and Gazette* recommends the use of hot milk as a restorative. Milk when heated above 100 deg. F. loses its sweetness and density, but has a most beneficial influence over mind and body when exhausted by labor or mental strain. Its effects are more invigorating and enduring than those of alcoholic stimulants.

The hard fact, recently so often brought to the notice of English scientific societies, that 2,000,000 of bodies have been interred during the past twenty-five years within the limits of the London postal circle has very greatly changed the popular view of cremation. Two years ago three of the scientific papers said that cremation was "unnatural" and "against human feeling," but they now think that self-preservation is the first and strongest of laws.

Straw hats shows which way the wind lows.

Men who hate long sentences—Crimil nals.

The Oil City *Blizzard* is responsible for the statement that strawberries and cream make girls "freckled and cause them to toe in."

Carlyle says:—"Laughter means sympathy." This will bring comfort to a man who has inadvertently trodden on a banana peel.

Love is said to be blind. This will explain why the young lover never sees the dog till it is too late to save the seat of his pantaloons.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

At 6, 6½ & 7 per cent. Straight.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of roperty in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDEN'S
BOOKSTORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

ARTIST'S SUPPLIES, A COMPLETE STOCK NOW ON HAND.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THE CELEBRATED THOMAS ORGAN.

A FINE STOCK OF STATIONARY, WALL PAPER AND HAND MADE SHADES CHEAP,

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Office—Hinch, Perry & Co., Dundas street.

ROUND TOWN.

—For sale a piano, cheap. Apply at this office.

—The fences around the Bridge-st. Methodist churches have been repaired and painted. They present a much neater appearance.

—The bicycle club are devoting themselves to practice and some of the members are trying fancy riding. They bid fair before long to become as proficient as Barnum's professionals.

—The much needed plank walk in front of the Cartwaight block has at last been built. It is highly creditable to the Chief. There are several other places in town which need new plankwalks badly.

—In the report of the County Council in our last issue we referred to a man having been committed to gaol for an indefinite period by the reeve of Newburgh. It is desirable to state that this is not Mr. Ham, the present reeve, but a former one.

—The 47th battalion band, in accordance with their agreement with the citizens, played on Dundas st. Saturday evening last. Their playing was admired by all. The band will not play on Saturday evening, 28th inst., owing to the absence of the leader, but will play some evening during the week instead.

Annual R. C. Pic-nic.

The annual pic-nic of the R. C. Church of Napanee and Deseronto, will be held in Black's Grove, Deseronto, on 1st July. An attractive programme has been prepared and the pic-nic will be conducted in in the usually first-class style which characterizes the entertainments given by these congregations.

Arrest of Swindlers.

Mr. J. S. Hulett accompanied by Chief McKinnon of Belleville, last week went to Hamilton and arrested there Jno. M. Webber and Walter Webber, Vice President and Secretary of the Mutual Marriage Aid Association, on the charge of fraud. An investigation was held and an adjournment procured for two weeks. Mr. Hulett had paid into the concern over $950 and since the exposure has received letters from several persons who have paid in amounts varying from $200 to $2,000. This gigantic fraud has been going on for some time. It is probable the Government will take up the prosecution. Mr. R. J. Perry of this town is also a victim to the extent of some $900.

N. T. & Q. Railway Notes.

The new contractors for ballasting the northern section, Messrs Chisholm, Macdonald & Co., will finish the line from Yarker to Tamworth. They will put fifty men on immediately and fifty more on Monday.

Mr. Fred Miller has been appointed assistant to Mr. M. J. Butler, the engineer of the line, and will take charge of the Northern section.

Three gangs of men are now kept busy day and night lifting the track, ballasting and distributing.

A workman was struck the other day by a plough used in levelling ballast, and hurled into space escaping with a few bruises.

Daring Burglary.

On Tuesday night a most daring burglary was perpetrated at the residence of H. M. Deroche, Esq. After eleven o'clock, the family having retired, it is supposed the rascals entered the front door and made their way to the room where Mr. Deroche was sleeping. They took his gold watch and chain from his vest, which hung at the head of the bed and also his clothes lying on a chair. They also took from his room a box in which were a necklace belonging to Mrs. Deroche, a pair of silver bracelets, a ring or two, some shirt studs and trinkets. They then proceeded to the library from which they took a small desk. The dining room was the next place visited and from the sideboards there they extracted a box containing silver spoons, knives and forks. This was all they took and must have soon left the house. A dog was on the premises, but had been drugged. Mr. Deroche also believes the burglars administered choloform to him. Traces of the rascals were discovered next morning in the broken flowers on the lawn. A small stand was found under the kitchen window as if they had first tried to make entrance there. The number of Mr. Deroche's watch was 80,145. It was highly prized by him as it was a present from his Newburgh friends after his return from the conflict at Ridgeway as a

Dominion Day at Bath.

The good people of Bath, not to be outdone by surrounding towns, have arranged for a grand celebration to be held in that village on Dominion Day. The committee offer two hundred dollars in prizes for competition in the various games and sports which will constitute a part of the day's programme. The steamer Pioneer will make excursions every half hour on the bay. A base ball match will be played at 2 p.m. Dancing platforms are to be erected and first-class music will be furnished. The day's proceedings will conclude with a grand torch light procession and a physiog exhibition. The programme, which is replete with interesting events, will be carried out to the minutest detail, and a most enjoyable time is promised. The people of this district should, in justice to themselves and the people of Bath, and assemble enmasse for a good day's sport.

Eastern Methodist Church.

The following are the services for Sunday next:—Love feast at 9 a. m. It is specially requested that people be prompt at this service to avoid interruption. Regular service at 11, when Rev. Dr. Carman will preach. In the afternoon Sunday School addresses will be delivered by leading members of the Conference. Evening services at 7 p. m.; sermon by Rev. Wm. Jolliffe, of Peterboro.

Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival.

The ladies of the Presbyterian congregation in this town will give a strawberry and ice cream festival in the basement of the church, on the evening of Thursday, 26th inst. Beside the refreshments, which the ladies of this church always provide in great abundance and of the best quality, there will be an intellectual and musical treat of rare excellence, consisting of addresses, readings and music by the choir. The doors will be opened at 7.30 o.clock and the price of admission only 20 cents. The public are cordially invited.

POLICE COURT.

[Before Mayor Joy.]

WEDNESDAY, June 18.—John Shanley, an Irishman hailing from New Hampshire, was up before His Worship on Wednesday, charged with vagrancy and being disorderly. His Worship intends being a terror to tramps, and gave him 21 days in gaol.

THURSDAY, June 19.—Geo. Bates, a Kingstonian, was brought up by Nightwatchman Emberson, charged with drunkenness, and using abusive language. His Worship took pity on him and let him go, upon paying the cost.

OBITUARY.

On Sunday there passed away at her residence on East-st, after a protracted illness, Sarah Catherine Lockwood, wife of Mr. Alex. Hosey. Deceased was born in Camden East in 1828, and was at the time of her decease, fifty-six years of age. She resided a great portion of her time before her marriage with the late Mrs. John W. Perry, and about thirty years ago was united in marriage to Mr. Hosey. Since then she has resided in Napanee. For a number of years she has been in very delicate health, but a short time ago sank into the severe illness from which she never rallied. A remarkable incident occurred just before her death. The Ven. Archdeacon Jones had been sent for on Sunday and during devotional service was just at the commendatory prayer when the last change was noticed. She expired almost instantly after the prayers were finished. The funeral took place on Tuesday, a large number of relations and friends following the remains to St. Mary Magdalene's Church and thence to the cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Geo. Wilson R. G. Wright, Henry Douglas, Uriah Wilson, T. S. Henry and H. T. Forward. Rev. Mr. Foster, of Selby, in the absence of the Archdeacon, conducted the services. She leaves a husband, son and two daughters, as well as a large circle of acquaintances to mourn his loss.

BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS.

—One of the young alligators brought by Mr. Geo. Fox from Florida, died recently.

—A three year old child of James Cole, blacksmith, was bitten on the arm by a dog, but not severely, one day last week.

—Survival of the fittest. Downs' Elixir has outlived every other cough remedy simply because

owing to the absence of the leader, but will play some evening during the week instead.

—Last Saturday evening as Miss McConnell, who lives near Deseronto, was driving down Dundas street, her horse took fright and ran upon the sidewalk near Grange's drug store. The lady held on the reins pluckily and prevented what might have been a serious accident.

—The County Council closed their session last Saturday. A motion was made that they meet on Monday instead of Tuesday, as is the custom. The motion was lost, the opposers of it saying that if they did some work during the first part of the session and not leave it until the last they would not be pressed for time. All who have attended the sessions will concur in this opinion.

—The people of Deseronto are going to celebrate Dominion Day in a manner befitting that enterprising town. The Committee promise a grand entertainment. The programme will consist of the usual sports and games; a tug of war between the different establishments of the Rathbun Company, boat, canoe and yacht races, torchlight procession with physiogs and fireworks. An interesting feature will be the entrance at noon of the Queen of Beauty, attended by maids of honor, selected from the prettiest girls in the district. She will be accompanied by an imposing pageant, to surpass anything seen in this district. Prof. Hand guarantees a fac simile of the pyrotechnic exhibition given at the semi-centennialin Toronto. The people of the adjoining district are cordially invited to attend.

—His Honor John Beverley Robinson, Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, accompanied by his aide-de-camp, Capt. Geddes, arrived in town on Monday by the fast express train. They were met at the station by Judge Wilkison, Ven. Archdeacon T. Bedford-Jones, Dr. Ruttan and others and by the 47th battalion band. They were at once escorted to the residence of Judge Wilkison, whose guests they were during their stay in town. In the afternoon they drove out to Napanee Mills and watched the process of paper-making with great interest. In the evening Judge Wilkison invited a number of prominent gentlemen to dinner and a very pleasant time was spent. The Lieut.-Governor returned from Adolphustown Tuesday evening and left Wednesday morning for Toronto.

—As there was no quorum at the Town Council last Monday evening it stands adjourned until the next regular night for meeting. The celebration at Adolphustown attracted a good many of the town fathers away.

—Persons who have occasion to visit some streets in West ward at night complain of the conduct of some boys who injure people by throwing stones. On several occasions people have been struck in this way. The police should put a stop to the nuisance.

—Mr. James Emberson, our efficient nightwatchman, has a book in which he has copied each night's happenings as long as he has held his present position. He also submits a fortnightly report to the Council. He evidently does not fear investigation of his work.

—The str. Alexandria struck a rock as she was passing through the Lachine Rapids about six o'clock Wednesday evening andas the officers of the steamer noticed she had sprang a leak they grounded her at the foot of the rapids, the passengers and crew getting off in safety. The boat was grounded on level and it is expected that no difficulty will be experienced in getting her off and ready for her regular trips without delay.

turn from the conflict at Ridgeway as a member of the Queen's Own Rifles. The chain was also a present to him and several of the pieces of silver were valued heirlooms in Mr. Deroche's family for several generations. The total value of the articles taken was upwards of $200. The police have been unable to obtain any trace of the thieves. It is believed that the series of robberies recently committed in town was planned by parties residing in town and carried out by skilled burglars from a distance. The police are exercising greater vigilance and the gang may yet be captured.

—The same night the house of Mr. Jas. Brandon, broker, Piety Hill, was visited by burglars, but nothing was taken. The door was found open in the morning.

HYMENEAL.

SWITZER—LEWIS.

A most interesting event took place on Wednesday evening at the residence of Mr. James Lewis, Wilton, being the occasion of the marriage of his only daughter, Minnie, to Mr. N. B. Switzer of Switzerville. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. J. Leach of Odessa. The bride was attended by Miss Switzer, sister of the groom, while he was supported by Mr. John M. Spafford. After the ceremony the guests sat down to a sumptuous repast, after which the happy couple left on a midnight train for Ottawa and other points of interest. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents. We tender our congratulations and best wishes.

RICKELY—GILBERT.

A very happy time was enjoyed in this neighborhood on Thursday, June 12th, 1884, at 11 a. m., when Rev. S. A. Dupraw joined in holy wedlock Mr. Donald Rickely and Miss Minerva Jane, eldest daughter of Daniel Gilbert, Esq. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's father, after which a sumptuous dinner was served to a number of invited guests. The happy couple took the train at Napanee at 5 p. m., en route for Toronto, Niagara etc., returning for the Centennial. The following is a list of presents to the bride :

Bridegroom, large silver cruet; Herbert C. Gilbert, (groomsman) silver butter cooler and handsome glass water pitcher; Wm. P. and Miss Phœbe Miller, (bridesmaid) set china dishes (costly); Miss Delia Sharp, silver butter cooler (very handsome); bride's parents, one dozen silver knives, forks and tea spoons; Mr. and Mrs. Rickely, beautiful set of glass ware (complete); Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Charters, parlor lamp (extra handsome); Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hough, silver pickle cruet; Mr. and Mrs. James Rennie, pickle castor and tongs; Miss Agnes Gilbert, silver sugar bowl; Mr. and Mrs. David Youngs, two large glass dishes (covered); Mrs. White, large glass fruit dish; Mrs. A. Lucas, very handsome pair vases; Miss Emma Lucas, card basket; Mr. and Mrs. Wilmot Gilbert, fruit plate and molasses pitcher; Miss Gertrude Gilbert, cheese plate and pepper castor (glass).

May their happiness through life be as genuine as the gold that cemented their union—and that paid the minister.

The Quickest Thing on Record

Is Fluid Lightning for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Etc. It does not blister or discolor the skin; requires but one application to banish all pain magically without using any greasy liniment or carrying your head in a poultice for weeks. Try a twenty-five cent bottle from T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

No such Word as Fail.

A failure to relieve or cure summer complaints can never be truthfully applied to Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. All dealers sell it.

lived every other cough remedy simply because it is the best.

—It is rumored that Messrs. Merrill & Co., of Stone Mills, contemplate removing their Turbine water wheel manufactory to Napanee.

—Mr. Jonas Sharpe, of this town, shipped on Monday last, 60 fine head of cattle to Mr. Drummond, of Rome, N. Y. He purchased 13 in the vicinity of Napanee and the remainder at Odessa.

—**H. W. Perry**, at the sign of the Golden Auger, is now prepared to give you bargains in Harvest Tools of the latest and most improved patterns. A call will convince you that at his store is the place to purchase.

—Mr. Hugh Davy, of Camden East, Tuesday took a spoonful of ammonia in mistake for some medicine and sustained a frightful burning of the throat and mouth. Dr. Cowan attended him and reports an improvement in his condition. For a time it was doubtful whether he would recover.

—**Farmers will Consult their Interests** by bringing their wool to the Napanee Woollen Mills, where they can get it exchanged for tweeds, yarns, flannels and blankets, or have it spun for 10c. per lb., or carded into rolls for 5c. per lb.

—Mr. Symington has made arrangements for the production on Monday, 30th inst., of "Only a Woman's Heart," as presented by Newton Beers and his New York Company. The play is spoken of most highly by the press, the impersonation of Mr Beers being all that could be desired. Further particulars will be given next week.

—The festival of St. John the Baptist will be celebrated by the Masons of Lennox and Addington District, at Centreville, on Tuesday next. Service will be held in the Methodist Church at noon, after which dinner will be served at Clute's hotel.

☞ **A Pint of the Finest Ink for families or schools can be made from a 10c. package of Diamond Dyes.** All the popular colors, 10c. at druggists. None equal them. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

—It is contemplated holding a printer's picnic at no distant date, of which further information will be given. A meeting will be held at the Cornell House on Monday evening to discuss the matter. It will be held in one of the charming groves on the Bay shore, and it is intended to make it first-class in every particular.

—The Lake Shore House at the Sandbanks has been re-opened under the management of Messrs. McDonald & Hyatt. People find the Sandbanks a most popular summer resort and a well appointed hotel adds infinitely to tourists. They will find this house first-class in every respect and worthy of patronage.

—On Saturday last a lad named Richardson, living across the river, was displaying feats of diving in the river. While on one of these submarine trips his head came in violent contact with a rock, which resulted in a severe wound of the scalp and injury to the lad's neck. He might easily have drowned while sufferingfrom the stunning effects of the blow. So much for Sunday swimming.

—Further particulars of the loss of the schooner "Nellie P. Downey" have been received. It seems that in a dense fog she ran across the tow-line of the tug Glide and was run into by the barge "Oswego." All parties are exonerated from blame in the matter. Mrs. D. C. Jennings, of Napanee, and another lady, were on board at the time, but were saved, as were all the crew. All the property of Capt. Bartley and the crew was lost.

—A grand pic-nic will be held in Carroll's Grove, near the R. C. Church, Chippewa, four miles east of Enterprise, on Tuesday, July 8th. This is to be the first of a series of annual picnics to be given by the Catholic congregation of Chippewa. Refreshments will be served during the day by the ladies of the congregation. A first-class string band has been engaged for the occasion. Special prizes will be offered for running, jumping, &c. Nothing will be left undone to make the day a most enjoyable one. A cordial invitation is extended to the public. Admission to the grounds 25c.

—**Monumental Work.** Mr. V. Kouber is now getting in a large stock of various marbles and fine monuments of the celebrated Scotch Granite in red and gray colors, which are unsurpassed for neatness, design and superiority of finish. As Mr. K. is importing these direct from the makers in Aberdeen, he can sell them nearly as cheap as New Brunswick granites. Owing to increasing trade he has had to increase his show yard to display his stock. Manufactory opposite the Beaver Office, Dundas street, Napanee.

V. KOUBER.

Respect Old Age.

An old favorite is the remedy known as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Thirty years reliable for cholera morbus, diarhœa and summer complaints.

Personals.

—Rev Father Toomey paid us a visit on Tuesday.

—Mr. Burrows, Gas Inspector, is in town for a few days.

—Mr. D. P. Clute, of Centreville, gave us a call yesterday.

—Dr. Brown, of Kingston, paid a short visit to Napanee this week.

—Mr. George Grange returned on Tuesday from an extended trip.

—Mr. Wm. Goodhue, of Montreal, spent a few days in town this week.

—Mrs. Norris Brisco left yesterday to visit friends in Perth.

—Sir Richard Cartwright was in town on Tuesday and gave us a call.

—Miss Kate Phelan, who has been for some time in Montreal, returned home last week.

—Mrs. Fred E. Seymour and Master Theo. Seymour, of Madoc, are the guests of Mr. J. C. Drewry.

—Mr. W. G. Wilson returned on Wednesday from an extended trip to Toronto and other points west.

—Mr. Irvine Junkin, of Bobcaygeon, is in town in connection with the Methodist Conference.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Walton left on Tuesday for their home in Belleville. They carry with them a host of good wishes.

—Mrs. F. H. Howard, of Montreal, was in town this week attending the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Alex. Hosey.

—Mr. Bruce Robinson has about recovered from the severe burning he received some time ago by the explosion of a spirit lamp.

—Mr. P. O'Brien, caretaker of the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, formerly of Belleville and well known in this town, is dangerously ill.

—Mr. E. H. Curlett, of New York, son of Mr. Charles Curlett, of this place, came home on Monday evening to spend a month with his parents and friends.

—Mr. James H. Gallagher has resigned the captaincy of the Napanee Lacrosse Club. This is a matter of surprise to many and regret to all, as he has been zealous in making the club a permanent and successful organization.

—We were pleased to see Sydney Warner, Esq., of Wilton in town to-day, after an absence of two years. He looks exceedingly well after his long and severe illness. He was warmly greeted by many friends. He is attending the Methodist Conference.

IN MEMORIAM.

In Loving Remembrance of Alma E. Benn, Wife of Rufus E. Jackson, who Died May 24th, 1884.

Gone, and forever, strange words and mysterious!
Bearing their burden of misery and woe,
Filling fond hearts with unspeakable weariness,
Leaving them wondering why it is so.

Backward we look as if 'twere but yesterday,
Through bitterest tears that will not be stayed
See her so joyous and fair on her bridal day,
Now in death's slumbers so solemnly laid.

How fair was the dawn of her life's early morning,
Heralding clearly a glorious day,
Vanished is the light in the flush of its dawning,
Gone where no clouds e'er darken the way.

Loved ones left sorrowing. Oh! Death, thou destroyer
Of life and of hope in the heart and in home,
Hastened to claim what was thine, and hast taken her,
Leaving one loving heart dark and alone.

Leaving a father and mother to grieve for her,
Brother and sister to miss her glad smile,
Many a heart feeling lone and bereaved for her,
Though she has left us at most but awhile.

God gave, and he taketh with His wisdom infinite,
At life's early morn or at set of its sun.
And we with bowed heads and in sorrow resign to it,
Murmuring, "Not my will but Thine," Lord, be done.

For God knoweth, tho to us whose short-seeing,
His ways often-times are dark and unknown,
Yet thro'the darkness drear, gloriously gleaming,
Shines forth the radiance of her spirit home.

There she waits us, Oh! glad thought and comforting,
With many a loved one passed on before,
She'll be the messenger Angel who sent to bring
Summons to meet her on that Golden Shore.

ETTA L. BENN.

ROBBERY! ROBBERY!

A LIBERAL REWARD

For the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who broke into and stole from our window a number of WATERBURY WATCHES.

We have suffered a loss, but we are to some degree repaid by the feeling of gratification that our introduction of those

NOW CELEBRATED, AND EXCELLENT

WATERBURY WATCHES,

in Napanee and vicinity, has met with the greatest success; placing them in the position of a much coveted prize, for the gaining which, as has been seen, our "local crooks" have hazarded their carcases.

Thanks to the vigilance of Mr. Emberson, we have been left with a sufficient number to permit us present (within the short time at our disposal) each and every one of the purchasers of a suit of those

Fashionable and much Sought for Suits of Clothes,

of all sizes and styles, which we are still offering to the public and especially to those who desire to celebrate in a worthy manner, and in that happy and holiday spirit and attire, which animated and robed our noble ancestors on all such occasions as the coming

Celebration of the U. E. Loyalists.

☛ **Remember the Popular Clothing House, Rennie Block, Napanee.**

R. P. LAHEY.

Temperance Mass Meeting.

A mammoth temperance meeting will be held in Symington's Opera House on Sunday afternoon next at 4 p. m. Addresses will be delivered by Revs. Joseph Young, of Cobourg and Arthur Browning, of Campbellford.

Odessa.

CHURCH SERVICES.—Rev. Mr. Hull will preach in the Methodist Church East on Sunday morning next, and Rev. Rev. J. A. Jewel, M.A., in the evening. In the afternoon at 2.30 o'clock the above gentlemen with others, will address a gospel temperance meeting in the same church.

Round About Us.

—A large quantity of military stores is being shipped to Brockville, from Kingston, including 40,000 rounds of rifle ammunition.

—The meed of merit for promoting personal aesthetics is due to J. C. Ayer & Co., whose incomparable Hair Vigor is a universal beautifier of the hair. Harmless, effective, agreeable, it has taken rank among the indespensible articles of the toilet. To scanty locks it gives luxuriance, and withered hair it clothes with the hue of youth.

—A young man, belonging to Kingston, on going home at 1 p. m., heard a pistol shot on the street and instantly felt a pain his head. The bullet had gauged a channel in the top of his head.

—Every bottle of Arnica & Oil Liniment sold is warranted by the proprietors to give satisfaction or money will be refunded.

—Monday morning at Kingston an ex-artillerist named James Wingfield, lately in the insurance business, cut his throat with a razor and bled to

JOSEPH GARDNER, BATH,

Furniture Dealer & Undertaker

COFFINS ALWAYS ON HAND.

AUCTION SALE

—OF A—

Valuable Residence

IN NAPANEE.

I have been instructed by D. R. W. Bristol to sell by Public Auction, on

Saturday, the 21st Day of June,

Summons to meet her on that Golden Shore.

ETTA L. BENN.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The adjourned meeting of the School Board was held in the Council Chamber on Thursday evening, the 17th inst., Mr. Morden in the chair. Present—Messrs. McNeil, Strong, Russell, Henry, Perry and McCay.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

A petition was read from Messrs. John Lawrence, Alex. Smith and T. A. Huffman, asking for the use of the West Ward School, for the purpose of holding a convention of the Brethren, in the month of July for two weeks.

Moved by Mr. PERRY, seconded by Mr. MCNEIL, that the prayer of the petition be granted and that the Chairman and Secretary be a Committee to see the terms and conditions upon which the brethren may occupy the building.—Carried.

The Secretary submitted tenders from Messrs. Rathbun & Co., and Downey & Co., to deliver coal.

Moved by Mr. MCCAY, seconded by Mr. MCNEIL, that action on tenders for coal be deferred until the next meeting.—Carried.

The visiting committee made an elaborate report in reference to their visit to the public and high schools.—Consideration of the report was deferred until next meeting.

The Committee for High School were instructed to examine the school grounds and report to the Council on the advisability of fencing them.

The following accounts were disposed of:

W. D. Madden, $11.40, referred to Committee on Printing with power to act; I. J. Lockwood, $11.72, passed; John Vanalstine, wood and coal carting, $2.30, ordered to be paid.

The Board then adjourned.

Adventures of an Insurance Agent.

[Communicated to THE EXPRESS.]

DEAR SISTER,—I left Yarker on Wednesday morning for Colebrook, and was escorted a short distance up the street by several of the leading citizens, or to use a different form of expression, I was helped out of the village, and I am now taking my meals in an erect position.

Colebrook is beautifully located on both sides of the Napanee River and at the foot of a lovely sheet of water, which is prolific of mudcats and other small fry. Occasionally a pike is gathered in to assist in satisfying the craving the inhabitants have for food. Ever since the first settlement of this lovely spot the people have been noted for the enormous quantities of eatables they can make way with in a very short time.

It is an unusual thing to see the Colebrook people absent from church on the Sabbath day, and the sober earnestness that characterizes their actions in a place of worship is worthy of imitation.

Honesty is the prevailing characteristic among the people and a man, even if he be a stranger, is as free from molestation on the public thoroughfares as he would be in New York or Amsterdam.

Some of the inhabitants are proud of their lineage, for like the majority of people in America, they had ancestors on board the illustrious Mayflower. Colebrook has reason to be proud of its hotel, which is conducted on the American plan and situated near the bank of the beautiful river. The table is replete with delicacies and in pie it has no equal.

Mr. Woodruff has expended a large amount of capital in placing his grist mill in a thorough state of repair. He proposes to turn out as good flour as any mill in the country.

There are two good stores in this place and the people have reason to rejoice that they live where they can buy goods so cheap and of such a superior quality.

They are loud in their praises of their public school instructions and claim the children are making rapid strides in paths of learning. In manufactories and handsome private residences Colebrook ranks second to Yarker but in piety and pumps it heads the list.

Only a few miles from Colebrook, at the head of Walroth's Bay, Petworth, lives a celebrated writer of ancient history, who informs us that before the destruction of Sodom, Lot and his family fled from the city. I think it was a good thing for George that he pursued the same course and left Petworth. It is to be hoped nothing of a saline nature interfered with his departure.

This village reminds me of a man who has taken an active part in a free fight and come out of the engagement in a dilapidated condition. Its grist mill in its present state looks as though there had been a Fenian raid on the place and after the flight of the inhabitants, the marauders had amused themselves by peppering away at what was once a splendid mill.

There are some fine farms around here and the soil is especially adapted for the growth of cereals.

Your affectionate brother, WILLIAM.

Petworth, June 14, 1884.

P. S.—Direct your letters to Petworth in care of Alf. Knight.

of Money will be refunded.

—Monday morning at Kingston an ex-artillerist named James Wingfield, lately in the insurance business, cut his throat with a razor and bled to death. He lingered from one until ten a. m. He has lately been in great financial and domestic trouble.

—More people, adults and children, are troubled with costiveness than with any other ailment. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters will cure costiveness and prevent the diseases which result from it.

—A corporal in "B" Battery lately died in the Catholic Hotel Dieu, and Rev. H. F. Bland, in public correspondence, intimated that his faith had been tampered with. Father Fleming explains that he only administered to the dying man, at his own request, the last sacrament.

—For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, and for consumption induced by the scrofulous taint, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

McGregor's Speedy Cure.

From the many remarkable cures wrought by using McGregor's Speedy Cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Affection of the Liver, and from the immense sale of it without any advertising, we have concluded to place it extensively on the market, so that those who suffer may have a perfect cure. Go to T. A. Huffman and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a trial bottle free, or the regular size at fifty cents and one dollar.

FARMERS WISHING TO PURCHASE implements for this season would do well to call and examine the

PATTERSON TWINE BINDER,

—THE—

New Canadian Reaper,

—AND THE—

Patterson Mower and Horse Rake,

knowing the best machines are always the cheapest. Repairing always quickly and neatly done.

JAMES P. GRANT,

Agent, Centre street, Napanee.

Napanee, June 12th, 1884. 20-3 mos.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

DOES WONDERFUL CURES OF KIDNEY DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS,

Why ?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and all Female Complaints.

☞ *SOLID PROOF OF THIS.*

IT WILL SURELY CURE

CONSTIPATION, PILES, and RHEUMATISM,

By causing FREE ACTION of all the organs and functions, thereby

CLEANSING the BLOOD

restoring the normal power to throw off disease.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of these terrible diseases have been quickly relieved, and in a short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

3 Send stamp for Diary Almanac for 1884.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

Saturday, the 21st Day of June,

AT TWO O'CLOCK P. M.

On the premises, his residence and ground on the west side of East-St., there being between a ¼ and a ½ of an acre of land. About two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage on the property with interest at seven per cent. per annum: the balance one-tenth on the day of sale and the remainder within fifteen days on completion of title.

The Vendor reserves to himself one bid parties are invited to call and inspect the premises

ROBERT McCAY,

Napanee, June 11th, 1884. Auctioneer.

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

THE LAKE SHORE HOUSE!

—delightfully situated at the—

SANDBANKS,

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions.

Beautiful scenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms en suite or single.

Board per week	$5 00
" " day	1 40
Meals	0 35
Horses in barn to hay and grain	0 30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NIEL M'DONALD, JOHN W. HYATT, McDONALD & HYATT, 31-3 mos. Proprietors.

J. F. WHELAN & CO.,

(Successor to E. R. Martin),

—Will sell you—

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Cheaper than the Cheapest.

Read the following prices:

20 pounds bright Valencia Raisins		$1 00
15 " "	Currants (new and fresh)	1 00
14 " "	Refined Sugar	1 00
12 "	White Crushed Sugar	1 00

Standard Granulated Sugar 9 cents per pound.

TEAS, TEAS, TEAS.

We are making remarkable reductions in Teas and Tobacco.

6 pounds fine quality Young Hyson Tea		$1 00
6 "	Japan Tea Siftings	1 00
5 "	Extra Tea Siftings	1 00

Our fine Teas are not ground but siftings from an extra quality of Japan Tea, thereby having an excellent flavor and are the best.

3 pounds fine quality Japan Tea $1 00

We are selling a good 50 cent Japan Tea for 45 cents or 5 pounds for $2, also a superior quality "May Pickings" for 50 cents or 5 pounds for $2.25.

TOBACCOS, TOBACCOS, TOBACCOS.

In this line we defy competition. We are selling

McDonald's No. 1 Prince of Wales 12's	38	cents
" " " 10's	40	"
" " " 8's	40	"
No. 1 Napoleon at	40	"
McDonald's No. 1 Brunette Solace	40	"
Adams' No. 1 Gold Coin Solace	45	"
" " Briar	50	"
Myrtle Navy	55	"

A fresh lot of Turkey Plums, the choicest, cheapest fruit in the market, 14 pounds for $1. Canned goods in every variety very cheap.

Chipped Dried Beef 30 cents per can.

Canned Corn Beef 40 " "

Fresh Canned Salmon, Mackerel, Lobsters, Sardines, Fried Smelts.

We also handle Flour and Feed very largely, and are able to sell at lowest Prices. We have the best brands always in stock. Very fine choice flour from $2.60 to $2.80 per hundred. A good article in Cracked Wheat for $1.20 per hundred. Fine white and gold dust cornmeal just received and will be sold cheap.

Long clear bacon only 12 cents, and in everything else you will find we make bottom prices a specialty.

J. F. WHELAN & CO.

☞ Remember the place—the corner store next to the Beaver office 30

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. **NAPANEE, O**

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

—o—

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1819.)

—o—

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.

Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor

ENGAGEMENTS:

Monday June 30th—Only a Woman's Heart.

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

An ient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY R. J. WRIGHT, Morven. Applications strictly confidential. 25-6 mos-pd

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued by NORMAN STORMS, Violet. Applications strictly private and confidential. 20-6 mos.

WANTED—A first-class Cheese-Maker to take charge of Collins Bay Cheese Factory. State wages and apply to PETER GRASS, Collins Bay, Ont.

TO LET.—The premises formerly occupied by THE EXPRESS on East street. Immediate possession given. Suitable for a manufactory of any kind. pply to Mr. E. S. LPUM or to Mr. W. M. O'BEIRNE.

STRAYED TO THE PREMISES OF Wellington Lapum, 7th concession of Ernesttown, a brown mare of medium size, about six years of age, and having a white spot in forehead and one over an eye.

WELLINGTON LAPUM.
Ernesttown, May 21st, 1884. 30-3 m.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned intends to remove to the West offers for sale his farm of 166 acres, being lot No. 16, in the 6th and 7th concessions of Ernesttown, 100 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Good buildings and well watered. A desirable location. Apply to

EDMUND B. SWITZER,
30-5 mos.-pd. Switzerville P. O.

VOTERS' LIST, 1884.

Municipality of the Township of

North Fredericksburgh,

County of Lennox and Addington.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of the Voters' List Act, the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all

THE

Hay Season!

Will soon be upon us and farmers should have everything in readiness for cutting the crop, which has every sign of being a splendid one.

The New Model Mower

—AND—

The Meadow Lark Mower

Stand pre-eminately ahead of all other mowing machines

The New Model has a front cut and the Meadow Larke a rear cut. Both are strong, durable machines and

Not Excelled by any in the Market

For quality of cut, durability, lightness of draft, adaptability and ease of management. Don't be induced by unscrupulous agents to purchase a foreign made machine.

Our machines have been thoroughly tested and work perfectly. The tendency now days, is to run after something new, "novelties" which nineteen times out of twenty do not meet the expectations of the purchaser, but causes a season of vexsatious delay, and generally the loss of the whole machine. Is this wise? Stop and consider a moment, you who want to purchase.

COUNTY NEWS.

Amherst Island.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

PERSONAL.—Mr. D. J. Campbell, of Bath, is engaged by Messrs. Fowler & McGinnis as buyer for their new store at Emerald. He is now in the market making purchases for the firm. Mr. Campbell is an experienced buyer and we feel assured that goods selected by him will find ready sale.

Petworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—An assault case and for using abusive language, was tried before Squire McKim, Murvale. The decision was $1 fine and $14 costs. The parties were Wallace vs. Hill.

—Two men have been engaged for some time catching frogs for the American market. They have been very successful and several barrels have been shipped to the other side. The frogs are worth from 40c. to 60c. per pound.

—Miss Rush is very successful in instructing her scholars, who are fast improving, and they would do better if their parents would send them more regularly.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—A leap year pic-nic was held last week in Mr. Davy's grove. There was a large attendance from the surrounding country. The young ladies sent out invitations to the young men, who responded cheerfully. The principals were Miss Brown, Miss M. Irish, Miss Snider, Miss Lucas and Miss E. Galbraith. A pleasant time was spent and some matches are likely to follow.

—A lawn party was held in Mr. I. Stewart's grove, on the picturesque shore of Varty Lake, for the benefit of the C. M. Church. There was a large turn-out and a pleasant day was spent. The proceedings were enlivened by music, singing and speech making. The proceeds amounted to $20 which were given to the minister.

—The band have received their new uniforms, and on Saturday evening they were out and paraded. They look well.

—The great heat of last week has dried up the fields, making bad prospects for the farmers.

—Owing to the heat our village dude has replaced his ulster with a duster, which is equally good.

—It appears that Sir John had plenty of time after the centennial to go and spend a week or more down the St. Lawrence. Was he afraid to meet Sir Richard?

—The band went to Centreville Tuesday to play for the Masons on St. John's day.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

Wilton does not offer many points for a man to linger over in description. It requires something like a wedding or musical entertainment to awaken his dormant energies, and were it not for the rich musical treat the choir occasionally gives us and the interesting sermons we hear we would have to revel altogether in imagination to satisfy your rapacious appetite for communications.

We have fortunately been favored with the presence of some ladies from a distance, who, having an eye for the beautiful, love to visit this remote spot and take in the general surroundings.

They express their admiration in glowing terms and are especially pleased with the manner in which our educational institutions are managed and the care evinced by those having the offspring in charge.

We expected to have had the pleasure on Sunday of listening to a sermon by the Rev. Mr. Drew, but Conference duties prevented his occupying the pulpit on that day. He delivers his farewell sermon on Sunday next and it is expected there will be a large crowd in attend-

NOTICE is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of the Voters' List Act, the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality, at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at municipal elections; and that said list was first posted up at my office, at Hay Bay, on the 26th day of June, 1884, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and, if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

F. R. McCABE,
Clerk of the said Municipality.

Dated at North Fredericksburgh,
this 26th day of June, 1884.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

MONDAY, JUNE 30th.

THE SUCCESS OF THE CENTURY

ONLY A WOMAN'S HEART.

GREATEST AMERICAN PLAY.

NEWTON BEERS.

The eminent young Actor, supported by

LILLIAN POMEROY

and a Competent Company. Prices, 50c. and 35c. No extra charge for securing seats at Perry's.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 107, Section 37, Revised Statutes of Ontario, that the undersigned Executors of the Will of Howard S. Stevenson, late of the Town of Napanee, Merchant, who died on or about the 14th April last, have not on or before the 14th July next to be paid to W. H. Stevenson of the Town of Napanee, Howard S. Stevenson, Wm. H. Stevenson and John H. Stevenson, the executors of the deceased, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them together with their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and that on and after the said 14th July next the assets of the deceased will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been received, and the said Executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof to persons whose claims shall not have been received by them at the time of the distribution of the said assets or part thereof, as the case may be.

HOWARD S. STEVENSON,
W. H. STEVENSON,
JOHN H. STEVENSON,
Executors.

30 cons.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

BOARD OF AUDIT

—OF THE—

County of Lennox & Addington

will meet to Audit the Public Accounts

At the COURT HOUSE, in the TOWN of NAPANEE,

—ON—

Thursday, the 10th Day of July, 1884,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

All accounts for Audit must be delivered to the Clerk of the Peace on or before the 5th day of July.

A. L. MORDEN,
Clerk of the Peace, County of Lennox & Addington.

Dated at Napanee, June 26th, 1884. 33

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generally the loss of the whole machine. Is this wise? Stop and consider a moment, you who want to purchase.

Buy Your Machines Where Repairs (if Required) can be Had Promptly.

—OUR CENTENNIAL PATENT—

Self-Dump Horse Rake

Is meeting each year with greater success. A boy can operate it. No additional strength is required to discharge the heaviest loads; it immediately resumes its position to rake close to the windrows; it rakes perfectly clean; a lever holds the teeth to their work, or eleyates to move from field to field; it can be adjusted to rake stubble without injury to the clover roots; the teeth are of the best quality of oil-tempered steel and will stand a spring backwards of twenty inches without injury; dumping attachments for both wheels and can be used in turning. It is self or hand dumping, as may be preferred. It is the best, simplest, strongest, most convenient and the most durable. We advise all farmers to buy it. DEALERS do not use the rakes they sell, it does not, therefore, matter so much to them what they sell; but farmers who have to use them until they are worn out should never take anything but the best.

We are booking orders every day for

REAPERS,
MOWERS,
—AND—
RAKES.

Remember that it is our object to manufacture a

Perfect Working Machine

and a durable one.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR

Queen of the Harvest

REAPER, AS IMPROVED FOR 1884.

We warrant it the best.

TH MEADOW LARK

Is the best combined Reaper and Mower in the market. Purchase your machines at home get a first-class machine and where repairs, if needed, can be had promptly.

JOHN HERRING

day of listening to a sermon by the Rev. Mr. Drew, but Conference duties prevented his occupying the pulpit on that day. He delivers his farewell sermon on Sunday next and it is expected there will be a large crowd in attendence. The singing will be especially adapted for the occasion and we invite the ladies to put in an appearance. If a young girl wants to enrich and make large and splendid a young man's idea of her, she can't do better than carry him off to hear an anthem.

Our genial superintendent leaves us at the end of this Conference year. Requiescat—in Pace. COM.

Wilton, June 21, 1884.

Vennacher.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Pleasant weather.

—The crops are looking well.

—Road work has commenced.

—A sugar social was held in the church on the 11th inst., for the benefit of the Rev. Mr. Dafoe, and as usual scored another success.

—Rev. W. J. Sanders, of this mission, has returned from the conference. His many friends congratulate him on having passed a successful examination in the ministry.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sweetnam have returned home, after spending two weeks with friends in Uncle Sam's domain, and judging from the loads of goods that are going to his store, we cannot but think he combined business with pleasure. "Uncle George is always on the "git up and git" side of everything.

—Mr. Samuel Churchill has disposed of his property near this place, to Mr. Charles Bebee, and has removed to the States.

—Mr. Wallace Mallory is erecting a large drive house for convenience sake. Good idea. Boys follow suit.

—Death has again visited us and relieved another old veteran from the cares of this world, in the person of Jacob Terry, who died at his residence on Wednesday 16th inst. The deceased was in his 74th year. He came to this back country about twenty years ago and up to the time of his death was a hard working and industrious man highly respected by all who knew him. The family have the sympathy of the whole community in their sad affliction. The Rev. W. J. Sanders preached an excellent sermon after which the remains were taken to Denbigh for interment.

SHOO-FLY.

Tamworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The long looked for day has at last dawned; the last rail on the N. T. & Q. has been laid and the train is making its daily appearance. The sidings are being laid down and the switches put in place and the whole thing begins to look business like.

The first accident on our end of the road occurred yesterday (Sunday.) Mr. Charles Jones, who had just recovered from a broken leg so as to be able to get around without a cane, somehow missed the church and got down on the track, and while riding on the hand-car, got the same leg broken again. Singular, too, for the church is quite a bit larger than the hand car.

PERSONAL.—Messrs. Henry, Williams, Sherwood and VanLuven, officials of the N. T. & Q., have been in town during the past week. Mr. M. J. Butler, engineer of the road, is here locating the station and switches. Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Wartman have left for Glenvale camp-meeting. Rev. M. J. Bates has returned from the laying of the corner stone of the Centennial Methodist Church, at Adolphustown.

—J. M. Smith is again to the fore with agricultural implements; the machinery he sells gives the best of satisfaction.

—Mr. D. E. Rose's telephone does not work very well yet.

—Cupid has again been about his pranks in our town. It is said he selected two arrows from his quiver and with unerring aim, imbedded them in the hearts of a couple of his victims. I am told that one of the arrows was as sharp as the point of a Singer sewing machine needle. It is quite improbable that the wounded ones can live in their present condition longer than 20th inst. There is some talk that a breach of promise case may arise out of the affair, but we hope not. I would just say—

Boys, when you court, you should deport
Yourselves with circumspection,
For 'tis a sin to seek to ruin,
And trifle with affection.

—Another accident occurred on Sunday. Mr. Griffin, from Parham, with a young lady, Miss Ward, left the town, but before they got fairly started, their horse became unmanagable and upset the buggy, throwing the occupants out, and breaking the young lady's arm. I expect the driver was partially "paralyzed" or something of that sort.

—We now have a tri-weekly mail between here and Arden, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. ANON.

(Crowded out last week.)

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

E, ONT., FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 33.

Adolphustown.

The Adolphustown Base Ball Match.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,-In the last issue of THE EXPRESS I noticed that the Napanee Base Ball Club is said to have been defeated by a syndicate club, composed of the best men of the Bath and Sillsville clubs. It was Bath base ball club that defeated the Napanee club. The captain of the Bath team and another man being absent, their places were filled by two members of the Sillsville club. In the Napanee club, we are told, were two men from Deseronto. You will therefore see that the Bath base club is fully entitled to the victory. By inserting this in your valuable columns, you will greatly oblige. A. MARTYN,
Sec. Bath B. B. C.

Arden.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The weather in this region of country is very dry, and crops are suffering very much for want of rain.

—Our village is still enlarging. Mr. George Clark has commenced the erection of a new dwelling house.

PERSONAL.—Mr. A. Clark, a young man from Toronto, has been appointed to take charge of the Arden R.R. station. It is fondly hoped he has not come for a little while and then to migrate with the summer birds. He is a person whom all would like very much to remain. On his first Sabbath amongst us he set all the youth of our community a good example by finding his way to divine service.

Moscow

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The school concert held here recently was a grand success in every respect. The proceeds amounted to $30.

—A number from here attended the lawn social held at Mr. Israel Stewart's and were all pleased with the evening's entertainment. Much credit is due Mr. Stewart and family for the deep interest shown in the finances of the Wilton circuit fund.

—Business in Mr. George Garrison's cheese factory shows quite an increase this season, Mr. Peters, his cheese-maker, giving general satisfaction.

—A station 24x60 feet is in course of erection. A hand-car load of twenty-eight, from Enterprise paid us a visit last week. Come again when you can stay longer.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Jas. Whittle and sister spent a week with their brother John at Rochester, N. Y...Dr. H. A. Evans, of Picton, and smiling Ben, of Yarker, were calling on friends here last week..Mr. Hiram Johnston, after spending two months in Dakota and Manitoba, returned home on Thursday last, accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Cyrus Asselstine, of Hamilton, Dak. He took eight horses with him, on which we are pleased to learn he had a net profit of about $600. He looks well after his long journey but we are sorry to say Mrs. Asselstine is in poor health...Mrs. Levi Huffman is visiting her brother, G. W. Amey, at Kingston..Mr. McCullough, Mr. VanLuven's cutter, has returned, after spending a month at Toronto and Niagara ...Mr. Arlington and Miss Euretta Benn attended the wedding of Miss C. Robinson, near Morven.

Cloyne.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Efforts are being made to erect scales (something long required) for weighing the large quantities of hay, grain and meats disposed of to the lumber camps, which operate in this vicinity.

—Mr. Amos Spencer is doing a good trade in the eastern division. He has quite a stock of dry goods, groceries, staple and fancy articles, provisions, flour, etc.

—Owing to some unaccountable hitch, the mail from Cloyne to Denbigh has not been re-established since

Written for The Express.

THE U. E. LOYALISTS.

A RONDEAU.

They left their farms, they sped their flight
Through pathless woods, in death's despite,
They feared not man, they feared but God,
Pleased, if He willed, to leave the sod,
Which their strong hands had tilled aright,
Won from the woods by ploughshare bright
And gleaming axe, and logs alight,
Content as exiles sad to plod
They left their farms,
Nor cared for love or home's delight,
Their most prized treasures holding slight,
Where hemlocks dark above them nod,
Thro' swamp and tangled brake they trod,
When Duty called they held the right;
They left their farms.

—C. E. C.

Only a Woman's Heart.

Lovers of the theatrical will hail with delight the appearance of Newton Beers, on Monday night, in his impersonation of "Old Roger," the tramp, in "Only a Woman's Heart." His conception of the part of "Old Roger" is as nearly perfect as can be. The Toronto Daily News says:—"No new play that has been presented this season has created more interest than "Only a Woman's Heart" which was presented at the Grand last night. The leading character is Old Roger (Newton Beers) a tramp and ex-convict, who has nevertheless, good spots in his character. The scoundrel of the piece, a designing adventurer, engages Roger to assist him in the plot to abduct the adopted daughter of a wealthy judge. The plotters succeed in their plans, but Roger discovers that the abducted girl is his own daughter, whom he had lost sight of years before. The tramp then sets to work to undo the villainy he has helped to accomplish, and at every point foils his companion in iniquity. Finally, for the purpose of saving his child from a distasteful marriage, the great-hearted tramp voluntarily returns to prison. The last act unravels all the misunderstanding of the play and turns its sadness into joy. Mr. Beers is the life and soul of the piece, and his appearances were each time hailed with pleasure. He is a thorough artist, and he will always be welcomed in Toronto. Miss Pomeroy, as Hattie Salsbury, did some effective work and altogether it may be justly claimed a very satisfactory performance, and undeniably a success."

The play will be presented here on Monday evening next and a full house is expected. Seats for sale at J. J. Perry's.

Personals.

—Mr. J. Rudd Perry was in town this week.

—Rev. John Inwood left on Tuesday night for England.

—Mr. Ted Flaherty, of Belleville was in town this week.

—Miss Scott, of Yarker, is visiting Miss Eva Taylor.

—Miss Catney, of Fergus, is visiting friends in town.

—Miss Georgie Knight is visiting friends in Norwood.

—Miss Sexsmith, of Cataraqui is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. W. G. Wilson paid a flying visit to Toronto this week.

—Mrs. C. Fessenden has returned from a visit to friends in Toronto.

—Mr. Fred Heath, B. A. of Kingston, spent a short time in town this week.

—Mrs. Uriel Tobey and sons, of Picton, spent a short time in town this week.

—Miss Clements, of Kingston, is visiting in town, the guest of Mrs. Dr. Wray.

—Miss Lou Meek, of Kingston, is visiting the family of Mr. Alex. Henry, Piety Hill.

—Mr. John Christie has been confined to his

A MASS TEMPERANCE MEETING.

Prominent Divines on the Temperance Question—The Opera House Crowded.

On Sunday afternoon last the new Opera House was filled with a most respectable and intelligent audience to listen to members of the Methodist Conference on the great question of temperance. Mr. Charles James was called to the chair. On the platform were Revs. Stratton, Burns, Young, Pearson, Browning, and Messrs. A. L. Morden, Nixon, Jas. Allen and Mayor Joy. The meeting was opened by singing "Hold the Fort" by the entire audience, after which Rev. Mr. Burns made an effective prayer. The chairman, in a few introductory remarks, introduced Rev. J. Young of Cobourg.

Mr. YOUNG, on coming forward, said he was not used to a public demonstration of of this description. In his own pulpit he always felt at home but to get up before a large audience was something out of his line. He was glad to see Rev. Mr. Pearson, whose fellow pastor he had been some time ago in the village of Lyn. Mr. Pearson had risen to offices of distinction in temperance organizations while his powers had been over-looked and he had been kept in the background. However, he was contented to be a worker in the great temperance cause. He thought it unnecessary to tell the people that intemperance was the greatest stumbling block and curse that the nation had and labors under. They know it well enough and the only thing to be done is to work to remove it. This can only be done by earnest endeavor on the part of all classes of people. All who are received into the communion of the Methodist Church should be strict adherents of that law which forbids to touch, taste or handle spirtuous or intoxicating liquor. In fact the Methodists of to-day are in reality a temperance society. He could, and thinks we all, should have little sympathy with any church that smiles upon and upholds the drinking customs of society. A pure and spiritual church cannot be built up by drinking and tippling members. Most of all, should the ministers be abstainers, as their influence will do much with their flocks. The church could not be built upon slavery and he believed that the cause of drunkeness will be driven out from among church members and the people in general as was slavery. He thought the moderate drinker stood in need of much sympathy as all who had become drunkards had once been moderate drinkers. The only safe way was to never touch the first glass, and then assuredly the second glass would never be taken and so the danger would be averted. He spoke of the good work done by the Church of England and some priests of the Roman Catholic Church in putting down this great evil. He mentioned in particular Canon Baldwin, now Bishop of Huron and the late Father Stafford. He believed the crisis was now upon the church. As Napoleon led his men in the midst of Austrian grape shot so ministers

the eastern division. He has quite a stock of dry goods, groceries, staple and fancy articles, provisions, flour, etc.

—Owing to some unaccountable hitch, the mail from Cloyne to Denbigh has not been reestablished yet.

—Some time ago Mr. John Graham was offered and accepted a situation as principal clerk or accountant in this section for the McLaren firm. He will enter upon his duties about the beginning of August next.

—The running of the regular trains on the O. & Q. R.R. on the 1st of July next, will be very much welcomed. They will be of great advantage. The lumber firms intend to have their supplies shipped to Scouton's station then to their destination via the Addington road.

—Can any one account for the phenomenon of how some men—even men with families—pass the ordinary round of life, apparently comfortable, without any visible means of support or any effort, not to say work? "They toil not, neither do they spin," at least, not as ordinary mortals, and though not arrayed in the splendor of the lily, yet the industrious laborer, the consistent mechanic, or the assiduous merchant can scarcely compete in habiliment or in the luxuries with which he supplies the inner man. These appendages or more properly parasites are found life size, preying on the more indulgent, innocent or unsuspecting people. Even here, remote from towns, they ply their burdensome and useless vocation.

—The mosquito abounds and is upon us in numbers, but do not compare with the multitudes further north.

—Many incidents occur, sometimes amusing, where some people, unaccustomed to, or having a prejudice against cosmopolitan habits and ideas, being leaders or local magnates in their section, towards what is called the front, arrive here apparently with egotistical and preconcerted notions of sitting on the backwoodsman, when often to their discomfiture, they find themselves like the eastern "tenderfoot" in the west, sat upon by the innocent natives.

PERSONAL.—Ed. Carscallen, of Beacon Lake and Mr. B. Carscallen, of Flinton, gave us a call on Saturday week. Mr. Wedel, of Bridgewater, was up last week and disposed of two lumber waggons. Messrs. T. Murphy and Eddie Levesque, of Croyden, called on the 7th inst., and were duly received. After prospecting, they report some fine specimens of the bovine race. Probably they may return to make purchases on some future occasion. Mr. F. Beausoileil, sr., and wife, and Mr. D. A. Spencer and wife were visiting friends in Prince Edward County last week. The old man is favorably impressed—quite carried away by his wife's relations and their kind hospitality. The many friends of the Misses Anna and Lizzie Beausoileil regret their departure.

DIED.—At his residence, on the 11th inst., after a short illness of congestion of the brain, Mr. Wm. Wise. His funeral, which took place on the 14th, was one of the largest ever seen in these parts.

Respect Old Age.

An old favorite is the remedy known as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Thirty years reliable for cholera morbus, diarhoea and summer complaints.

Round About Us.

—The leading Reformers of the County of Frontenac are agitating a political pic-nic to be held after harvest.

—Every bottle of Arnica & Oil Liniment sold is warranted by the proprietors to give satisfaction or money will be refunded

—The K. & P. Railway Company will erect a round house at Renfrew with stalls for five or six engines. It will be built on the same plan as the one in Kingston. The company hope to be running trains to Renfrew by the end of September.

—More people, adults and children, are troubled with costiveness than with any other ailment. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters will cure costiveness and prevent the diseases which result from it.

—On Saturday night burglars tried their hand on the safe at Bajus' brewery, Kingston. They forced open the office door with a chisel, and then with brace and drill, they bored two five-eighth inch holes in the safe plate in line with the bolt. It would seem that about this time the burglars were alarmed and decamped, leaving their tools behind them. These were found the next morning and are now in the hands of the police. This is the third attempt to rob the brewery.

Unknown to Science.

That preparation is undiscovered which can surpass Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry as a cure for cholera morbus, dysentery and summer complaints.

Salt Rheum Cured.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Skin, Rough Pimples or Canker Sores; if so go at once to T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price twenty-five cents. It was never known to fail.

—Miss Clements, of Kingston, is visiting in town, the guest of Mrs. Dr. Wray.

—Miss Lou Meek, of Kingston, is visiting the family of Mr. Alex. Henry, Piety Hill.

—Mr. John Christie has been confined to his room this week by a severe attack of illness.

—Mr. Davis, of Brockville, formerly a resident of Napanee, was in town this week on business.

—Mr. W. W. Clarry, of the Doherty Organ Company, Clinton, paid us a flying visit on Saturday.

—Mr. W. S. Williams was in Toronto this week, attending the session of the Grand Lodge I. O. G. T.

—Mr. Young, of the Trenton Courier, was in town last week attending conference and favored us with a call.

—Mr. Fred Blakeley left on Thursday morning for Spanish River to work on Mr. Rudd Perry's contract on the C. P. R.

—We had the pleasure of a call on Saturday from Mr. Hough, of the Cobourg World, who was in town attending conference.

—Mr. McKenty, of Brampton, paid a flying visit to town on Monday. He will shortly remove to Napanee and go into business with R. P. Lahey.

—Mr. and Mrs. Cross, of the Merchant's Bank, Ottawa, who have been spending some time in town, the guests of A. Smith, Esq., left for home on Tuesday.

—Mr. J. Bennett has accepted a position as traveler for the Daly Bros.' Tea Company. He left on Wednesday to begin duties. Mrs. Bennett is visiting with her parents in Port Hope.

—J. L. Mills, city editor of the Belleville Intelligencer, has severed his connection with that journal. His successor is Chas. B. Cook, of Waterloo, Que., who has lately been attending the Ontario Commercial College.

—Rev. S. Card returned on Tuesday from Brockville. He took charge of his church there on Sunday but will preach his farewell sermon here on Sunday next. Mrs. Card and son have been visiting friends in Belleville

—Mr. and Mrs. C. S. McKim and Miss Maud Mills, of Cleveland, Miss Carscallen, Mrs. R. Wright and Mr. Arthur Wright, of Dresden, were in town this week attending the funeral of the late John Aylesworth, Esq. Miss Aylesworth and sister accompany Mrs. Wright to Dresden, where they will spend some time.

—At the convocation of the Academy of Music, Belleville, Mrs. F. A. Carnovski and Miss Hudgins, daughters of Revds. Stratton and Hudgins, graduated with first honors, while in the large second year class Miss Ida Stratton heads the list, carrying off the Professor's prize.

—Mrs. E. S. D. Stevenson returned home on Monday from her two months' visit to Winnipeg. She was accompanied by Mrs. Billings Fairfield, who intends taking up her residence here. They came by the C. P. R. Steamer "Algoma," which was last week reported lost, owing to her not having arrived on time at Owen Sound. The cause of delay was a dense fog which for four days prevented the vessel from making progress.

—Mr. Asa Cronk, formerly of the Tamworth Echo, now publisher of the Wallaceburgh Echo has been appointed Collector of Customs at that port. His many friends in the north will be glad to hear of his success. Asa is somewhat erratic—especially in his politics—but he has a good heart. Mr. Gladstone will now get a rest. Asa has, during the past few years, devoted a great deal of space censuring and correcting the English Premier in his policy. The "grand old man" will no doubt be greatly relieved when he learns that Asa has thrown down the pen and will trouble him no more.

The Half was Never Told

of the wonderful powers and virtues of that best of all medicines, Kidney-Wort. It has been tried and proved. Its cures are numberless and the record of supposed incurable cases that have yielded to its influence is astounding. If you have trouble with your Kidneys, Liver or Bowels, if you suffer from Constipation and Piles, if you are a victim of Rheumatism or Malaria, take Kidney-Wort. You will find it the remedy you need.

The Quickest Thing on Record

Is Fluid Lightning for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Etc. It does not blister or discolor the skin; requires but one application to banish all pain magically without using any greasy liniment or carrying your head in a poultice for weeks. Try a twenty-five cent bottle from T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

—The concentrated power and curative virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla render it the most reliable and economical medicine that can be used. It contains no dangerous or harmful ingredients, and may be safely administered to patients of all ages. When you are sick the best medicine that can be obtained is none too good, and is the cheapest, whatever its cost.

mentioned in particular Canon Baldwin, now Bishop of Huron and the late Father Stafford. He believed the crisis was now upon the church. As Napoleon led his men in the midst of Austrian grape shot so ministers should stand at the head of a column in the fight they are now engaged in. We must agitate, speak, work, pray and touch the hearts of the people and the passing of the Scott Act will be accomplished.

Rev. Mr. BROWNING of Campbellford said he was used to speaking on the temperance platform and delighted in it. There has been all along too much gush on the temperance question but not enough practical demonstration by people with the pocket. Money must be had to carry on successfully any good work and the greatest charge that temperance people have against them at the present day is their penuriousness. The opponents of temperance will subscribe large sums to carry on their work but we cannot raise enough to carry on our cause. Another thing noticeable in this country, different from the United States, was the scarcity of temperance literature. In the United States they have temperance books, pamphlets, papers, etc., to educate their youth. Here there is a remarkable lack of this sort of reading. Dime novels and such trash can be found everywhere, but temperance books scarcely anywhere. He also believed in showing the drunkard that there was mercy for him if he would only accept it; not to tell him, as too many do, that hell is the place for him and he should have been there long ago. He in his own charges knew of almost hopeless drunkards who had been reclaimed to sobriety and reinstated into their first positions in society through the means of kindness shown to them. It is the duty of ministers to reclaim not to cast down. He concluded by thanking God for the beauty and prosperity of Canada and the bright prospects she holds to her sons and daughters.

The chairman then introduced Mr. NIXON of Manitoba, formerly a resident of Ernesttown. He spoke of the great pleasure it gave him to meet them there. He could remember thirty five years ago when they could collect a large crowd and arouse great enthusiasm at a temperance meeting in this county. He spoke of the work in Manitoba. There the Indian is not allowed to have liquor but in that country he took some time to show that the Indian had as much right to have liquor as a white man, and then he also impressed upon the people of Manitoba why the Indian should not use liquor, and he drew them to the conclusion that if liquor is bad for an Indian it is equally bad for a white man. In England under the Church of England Blue Ribbon Society, during the last 21 years, over one one million persons had become abstainers, amongst whom were bishops, ministers and prominent officials. The Roman Catholic Archbishop of Manitoba, with a great number of the priests are also total abstainers, and all over that country Presbyterians, Baptists and Methodists swell the ranks of the temperance men. The R. W. G. Secretary of the Good Templars had been instructed to send circulars to all conferences, synods and assemblies, asking that a week of prayer be appointed for the temperance cause. He himself when in Toronto during the session of the Presbyterian Assembly there, had requested them to take a decisive step in this matter. He is now connected with the C. P. Railway and on one piece of construction they had 6 000 men at work. No liquor was allowed amongst them and they laid track at the rate of four miles a day without a quarrel or strike. This was an event unprecedented but shows what may be done. He firmly believed that the Scott Act is going to be carried successfully.

A collection was then taken up and the meeting closed with the doxology and the benediction by Rev. F. B. Stratton.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons New York. For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C, Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at **6** PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MAR IAGE Licenses and Certificates, Co missioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool,

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE.—From one to three first class brick houses in West Napanee, or will exchange one or two of them for first-class farm lands in the adjoining townships.

CHARLES LANE.

Napanee, Feb. 21, 1884. 15-5mos.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationery, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee. March 7th, 1884. 15

FOR SALE —A first-class Brick Dwelling and Lot, on the corner of Centre and Isabella Streets. The house is well finished and has every convenience. Excellent out-buildings and garden; most desirable location. Without doubt the cheapest property in Napanee. Apply to Robert McDonald, Proprietor, Tichbourne House. 20

FOR SALE —The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition. Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1884. 24

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

19 **F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.**

YOUR FORTUNE!

If you will return this Slip, with a silver quarter, or 9 three cent stamps, we will send by mail, post-paid, as a commencement, a beautiful Parisian Case containing

100 Fast Selling Articles.

These goods are used in every house in the country, and the sale of which will bring you in, honorably, over FIVE Dollars per day, and not occupy more than half your time. Suitable for both sexes. If you do not wish to grasp "Your Fortune," show this slip to a friend, male or female, that needs a helping hand. This may be your last chance. Don't delay. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N.S. [3]

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President,
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. B. LLOYD, - W. R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
JOHN DOXSEE, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884 14-4

NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT INSTITUTION.

(Establ'shed 1874.)

Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro Curative Belts, Insoles and

FOREIGN ECHOES

The Press in Russia—Australian Wheat —Italian Finances — Loss of British Ships, &c. &c.

About 125,000 elephants are annually killed in Africa to supply the ivory trade.

Berliners believe that the truth about the health of the emperor is not made public.

In view of the advent of the tourist season, Geneva claims to be the healthiest city in Europe.

Rome railway station is now lighted by electricity, and it is said to be the finest and most extensive system to be admired in all Italy.

The oldest apothecary shop in Berlin will celebrate in 1888 its four hundreth anniversary. The shop was recently sold for 1,200,000 marks.

Not content with suppressing the newspapers, Count Tolstoi has now "gone for" the reviews on which the Russians so much depended for literary food.

One of the most popular of Western revivalists has great quantities of colored bills posted, circus fashion, on the walls of the towns in which he is to conduct services.

There is a fortune in so small a thing as a device for fastening a necktie. One of the patents in that line has just been sold to a company for $1,000,000 in cash and royalties that may amount to much more.

Notwithstanding Lourdes entirely failed to give eyesight to their son and heir, the Duke and Duchess of Norfolk, steadfast in the faith, are now there on another pilgrimage, this time for the latter's health.

The French Government at a council held yesterday, have determined to celebrate in 1889 the centenary of the French revolution by a grand national exhibition. All nations are to be invited to contribute.

The trade in England in cheap American clocks is growing. During the month of April 27,070 clocks were imported by British dealers, or nearly an average of 1,000 per day. The average price of $1.07.

A dispatch from Adelaide to English newspapers says it is expected that the total export of wheat from South Australia this year will be 11,000,000 bushels. The rainfall throughout the country has been good.

A Prussian was arrested a few weeks ago in the elephant-house of the Jardin des Plantes, in Paris, on a charge of attempting to poison one of the animals. Several flasks of mineral poison were found in his pockets.

Louise Sargent, a proming young actress, committed suicide in Paris by shooting herself, in the Boulevarde de Bonne Nouvelle, the other day. Many stories are flying about as to the cause, but the most probable is that it was an *affaire de cœur*.

The Queen has caused to be placed in the royal yacht Osborne on the spot where the coffin of the Duke of Albany rested during the voyage from Cherbourg to Portsmouth a suitable brass tablet in

Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

A. J. LESLIE, Proprietor.
(Late of Owen Sound.)

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

(Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee.
JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

The Lake Shore House

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED AT THE

—SANDBANKS,—

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions.

Beautiful secenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms *en suite* or single.

Board, per week.....$5 00
" " day..... 1 40
Meals..... 35
Horses in barn to hay and grain,..... 30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat, livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NEIL M'DONALD. JOHN W. HYATT. McDONALD & HYATT, [31-3mos.] Proprietors.

INSTITUTION.
(Establ'shed 1874.)
Queen Street, East, Toronto, Ont.

These Electro Curative Belts, Insoles and Trusses are

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER REMEDY

Known to man for the immediate relief and permanent cure of ailments arising from indiscretion, abuse, or accident, and all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as Nervous Debility, General Weakness, Womb Troubles, Fever and Ague, Dysentry, Paralysis Biliousness, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Impotency, and a host of afflictions over which medicine has little or no control.

They have been nine years before the people of Canada and are more used than ever, which speaks better for them than any private testimonial.

☞ Circular and Consultation Free and Private.

A. NORMAN, M. D.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS or BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vande Barclay street, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

where the coffin of the Duke of Albany rested during the voyage from Cherbourg to Portsmouth a suitable brass tablet in the form of a cross. It was executed at Frankfort during the stay at Darmstadt.

A portion of the Napoleon quay at Antwerp, which extends to the mouth of the great basin, gave away for a distance of over 120 feet a fortnight ago. The walls of some large warehouses were moved somewhat out of the perpendicular line by this accident, but the building did not fall.

The *Medical Times*, referring to the 5,000 incandescent lamps in use at the English hygenic exhibition, says that they are the domestic light of the future, adding that the well-founded objection formerly raised by oculists that the light was a series of flashes is not now true except in theory.

The plan adopted last year in London of sending poor and delicate children into the country for three weeks in midsummer has proved very successful. They are boarded in cottagers' families at the rate of about $1.25 a week. Manchester and other towns are making an effort to the same end.

According to the *Clinical Record*, Dr. Brinton has always looked with a certain amount of disbelief on carbolic acid, but finds corrosive sublimate to be the coming antiseptic. Prof. Koch has shown that solutions of one part of sublimate to 1,000 parts of water will destroy all bacteria, germs, and spores.

Italian finances present an agreeable exhibit. Returns for the first four months of the present year show that the receipts from indirect taxation amounted to 356,975,435 francs, as against 353,906,728 francs during the corresponding period in 1883. This is an increase in favor of 1884 of 3,068,706 francs.

The author of a new Boston novel seems fond of red. One of the young men in the book has "a red-tanned face and amber hair;" another character is a college professor who "hid his celebrity under a reddish beard;" a third has a complexion naturally crimson, and a fourth in "riding by leaves an impression of a long scarlet moustache."

Women in China are deeply interested in avoiding a divorce, as the divorcee loses the honorable position of a wife. The Chinese lady, strongly developed, avoids both scandals and intrigues. The magistrate often composes quarrels instead of pronouncing a decree of divorce, and the wife has an unfailing source of consolation in the upbringing of her children.

The observations of two French scientists, made during a passage from Rio Janeiro to Bordeaux, have done much to confirm the notion that the air above the sea is singularly free from low forms of animal life. The atmosphere immediately above the vessel practically swarmed with microorganisms; the vessel seemed to be surrounded by an "atmosphere of microbes."

The Nun of Kenmare, who has acquired considerable celebrity in Ireland and England, and who has not been in favor with the Irish "hierarchy" was recently in Rome, where the Propaganda and the Vatican received her well. She has obtained from the Vatican full authoriza-

tion to found at Nottingham a new order of sisters of grace for training female domestic servants.

Prince Victor, who is now at Cambridge, is giving special attention to the study of history. He will not go to Oxford for a part of the course, as was expected, but will complete his university career on the Cam. The London *World* recommends this decision as "sensible," for the high and potent reason that a change would make necessary "the forming of an entirely new set of acquaintances."

Dr. Norman Kerr says in the *Medical Press* that "there is little relish in England for genuine fermented wine, our taste has become so corrupted by the spirituous fortification called for by the English market. A few days ago a well-known Englishman, on tasting a glass of pure, unsophisticated sherry brought over from Spain by a vine grower, exclaimed, to the latter's amusement, 'This is more vinegar than water.'"

After enduring for years the visits of book canvassers and the rest of the office-infesting tribe, a Glasgow firm tried what butter would do, and issued a notice as follows:—"The hours of attendance in this office are—To canvassers to church subscriptions, 10 to 2; book and insurance agents, 2 to 4; commercial travellers, beggars and advertising men, all day. We attend to our business at night."

Developements and illustrations in sanitary science have everywhere been very marked of late. Following upon the opening of the health exhibition in London, the Prussian ministry of public instruction is now considering the establishment of an institute of hygiene, in connection with the University of Berlin, and Koch, of the German cholera commission, has been named as the head of the new institution.

HEBREWS IN BUSINESS.

Something About the Men who Do a Large Portion of New York's Trade.

Considering the small number of Jews in New York—only 60,000—in comparison with the number of Christians, their success in the business world is simply phenomenal. There are millions upon millions of Jewish capital invested here in the wholesale trade. In fact, the business in many lines of trade is nearly monopolized by Jewish firms. I started from Union square the other morning and walked down Broadway to Wall street, following the interesting occupation of some of my fellow beings from the country, namely, of reading signs. I counted no less than 650 upon which Jewish names were painted. These names represented almost every kind of wholesale and jobbing trade located on the great artery. The millinery, clothing, hat, cap, and fur trades predominated. I also found many retailers of Jewish nationality. In one block I found only one Christian firm.

Turning Wall street, I found the same evidences of Jewish prosperity, only in a lesser degree, among bankers and brokers. Two of the largest banking houses in the country, J. & J. W. Seligman, and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., are distinctively Jewish. In the Stock Exchange are the Henriques

KING'S EVIL

Was the name formerly given to Scrofula because of a superstition that it could be cured by a king's touch. The world is wiser now, and knows that

SCROFULA

can only be cured by a thorough purification of the blood. If this is neglected, the disease perpetuates its taint through generation after generation. Among its earlier symptomatic developments are **Eczema, Cutaneous Eruptions, Tumors, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas, Purulent Ulcers, Nervous and Physical Collapse,** etc. If allowed to continue, **Rheumatism, Scrofulous Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Diseases, Tubercular Consumption,** and various other dangerous or fatal maladies, are produced by it.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only powerful and always reliable blood-purifying medicine. It is so effectual an alterative that it eradicates from the system **Hereditary Scrofula,** and the kindred poisons of contagious diseases and mercury. At the same time it enriches and vitalizes the blood, restoring healthful action to the vital organs and rejuvenating the entire system. This great

Regenerative Medicine

Is composed of the genuine *Honduras Sarsaparilla,* with *Yellow Dock, Stillingia,* the *Iodides of Potassium* and *Iron,* and other ingredients of great potency, carefully and scientifically compounded. Its formula is generally known to the medical profession, and the best physicians constantly prescribe AYER'S SARSAPARILLA as an

Absolute Cure

For all diseases caused by the vitiation of the blood. It is concentrated to the highest practicable degree, far beyond any other preparation for which like effects are claimed, and is therefore the cheapest, as well as the best blood purifying medicine, in the world.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

[Analytical Chemists.]

Sold by all Druggists: price $1; six bottles for $5.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS.

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS

NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN.
CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work.

We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend it to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills, Scott & Perry, Robert Light, John A. Cliff, George Cliff, W. A. Embury, F. W. Little, Robert McMullen, Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.

PRINGLE & CO.

We beg to notify our many customers and others that we are manufacturing a new style of

WIND MILL,

PARTICULARLY ADAPTED

TO FARM USE!

Every person wanting a mill should see ours before purchasing elsewhere.

We are also manufacturing a superior article of

Thimble Waggon Skein

for lumber waggons.

We have added to our staff a

First Class Engineer and Machinist,

and are now in a position to repair steam engines and boilers, and do all kinds of foundry and machine work on most reasonable terms.

PRINGLE & CO.

Napanee, Dec. 13, 8

SEASON OF 1884.

Two of the largest banking houses in the country, J. & J. W. Seligman, and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., are distinctively Jewish. In the Stock Exchange are the Henriques Bros., Wormser, Marx, and a host of others, all of whom stand high, and wield an influence among their fellow members and carry large accounts for their customers. In Maiden lane and John street, the centre of the wholesale and retail jobbing jewellry trade of the country, the name of the Hebrew is found right and left, above and below. A round $5,000,000 of capital is employed by the Jews in this trade alone, and with it they transact fully 33 per cent. of the business done in it.

West of Broadway, in Broome, Mercer, White, Leonard, Greene, Grand, and other streets comprising the great dry goods and clothing districts, is a modern Jerusalem. Seventy per cent. of the entire wholesale clothing trade is done by Jews, who employ a capital of $25,000,000. In clothers' trimmings the Jews have $10,000,000 invested.

Ninety-five per cent. of the ladies' cloaks and suits sold throughout the country come from New York Hebrew houses, who annually turn and return $50,000,000 of capital. In the fur trade 50 per cent. of the firms are Jewish, and the capital invested is $15,000,000. The Hebrew controls exclusively the manufacture of caps, and on about 40 per cent. of the hats made he figures his profits. In the manufacture of silks and ribbons the Jew is at home. His capital here amounts to $25,000,000, and of the business in this line of feminine apparel he transacts 60 per cent. He is also active in the tobacco, sugar, and wholesale liquor traffic, holding large interests in each. Strange to say, the Jew is never found in the retail liquor business. "Gin mills" and "gin slinging" he gives the grand go by, and allows our statesmen of Hibernian and German extraction to run the saloon without his interference or competition. There is not a bar, I am told, in Gotham, presided over by a Hebrew.

Poverty of a Grand Duke.

The pecuniary embrrassments of the grand duke of Hesse-Darmstadt are of long date. His branch of the Hessian family used to be the smallest, and is still the least wealthy. But when the little potentates of Hesse-Castle and Hesse-Homburg were leasing the military resources of their states to the king of England and Hanover for service in America and Ireland, the margrave of Hesse-Darmstadt though the opportunity a good one to win the favor of the king of France. His successor owed his grand ducal title to French patronage. Darmstadt, his new capital, was modeled on a Versailles pattern. If Napoleon had held his own against the allied sovereigns he would have raised still higher the Hesse-Darmstadt family in the Germanic confederation. But as he fell the fortunes of the house underwent an eclipse.

Prudence and religion are above accidents, and draw good out of everything. Affliction makes a wise man patient, strong and enduring. Providence, like a wise father, brings us up to labor, toil, and danger; whereas the indulgence of a fond mother makes us weak and spiritless.

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

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They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

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Are p. ant to take. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

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FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand.

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

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J. F. SMITH,

Briscoe House Block

Napanee, Dec. 13, 8

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises, and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester,
(Unsurpassed in the world.)
The Celebrated Toronto Mower,
The Massey Mower.
The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake,
The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.
The Wisner Seeder,
The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)
The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this season,
The Port Perry Gang Plow.

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all changes made with ropes from the floor of the barn. The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous

"CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ **A full line of repairs constantly on hand.**

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas St

A SEARCH FOR A SWEETHEART.

A German Girl's Perseverance and Pluck Finally Rewarded.

The little village of Homburg, Baden, Germany, has something to boast of in the person of Lena Kratz. Lena was the only daughter of Burgomaster Kratz, the wealthiest man of the village.

Lena was the toast of the country for miles and miles around. She was a perfect model of beauty and grace. The fame of her exceeding great beauty was continually bring her offers of marriage from young men whose station in life was a great deal higher than hers. She refused all of them, however. She was about five feet three inches in height. A wealth of luxuriant blonde hair flowed in graceful disorder far down below her shapely waist. Her features were delicate and her beautiful pink complexion was the envy and admiration of some of her less handsome but more wealthy neighbors. Her rosebud mouth was always in a roguish pout. People wondered that she could hear anything through her small pink ears. She had everything that she wished for.

Until she was 19 years of age Lena remained heart whole. Then came a change. One morning a tall, strapping young fellow entered the village. He carried his worldly possessions in a huge cotton handkerchief tied to the end of a stout stick, and slung across his shoulder. He was so strong and good-natured that every one was prepossessed in his favor at once. When, therefore, he applied to old Burgomaster Kratz the latter at once employed him. The newcomer was a native of America. His name was John Duganon. He became at once the pet of the village. The maidens set their caps for him. Three months after his arrival it was understood, however, that he had fallen desperately in love with the coquettish little daughter of his employer. The capricious little beauty nearly drove him crazy. She would smile on him one day, and again for weeks afterward he could not get a kind word or look from her. He was not the kind of fellow to stand this kind of treatment long, it seems. One night he made known his love to her, and asked her to be his wife. To his great surprise she naively murmured "Yes."

There was a condition attached, however,—her father's consent. He went to his employer. "There is only one obstacle. Renounce your country. I can not allow my daughter to wed a native of the land whose people are continually insulting our beloved Bismarck."

The young man indignantly declined this proposal. He would never renounce his country.

"Then you will never marry my Lena!" shouted the exasperated old man. "You can also leave my house as fast as you can!"

John obtained an interview with Lena before he left the house. While she could not blame him for not renouncing his country, she steadfastly refused to marry him without her father's consent.

John left the village. He started back for his native land. He was sincerely mourned by the honest villagers. That was six months ago. Lena never ceased

Triumphs of Surgery.

The gleam of light which has shed some radiancy over the gloominess of cancer comes from surgery. It may be said of the surgery of the present day that better results are obtained from the surgical treatment of cancer than was probably the case in any former age. Some operations are now being practiced which hitherto were not considered justifiable, owing to the want of success which followed their performance. Others have lately been introduced the practicability of which has proved the wisdom of their conception. Sufferers from cancer, who formerly would not have been relieved, are in the present day benefiting from the application of the principles of scientific surgery. Years of life—some years at least—and the mitigation of much physical and mental suffering fall to the lot of surgeons to confer. Even the stomach, which in the male after a certain age commonly becomes the seat of cancer, has been dealt with, and a portion of it removed which was diseased, the result being favorable in so far as suffering was relieved and life prolonged. It must be, however, remembered that the successful treatment of cancer depends much upon its early recognition as upon the means adopted for its relief. There should be no hesitation in ascertaining the nature of a tumor or swelling which is suspicious or uncertain. The improvements in the methods of diagnosis enable surgeons to recognize cancer in its earliest stages; and as soon as the presence of the disease becomes unequivocally demonstrated the probability of a successful result is largely enchanced by its early removal. The reason for this is obvious. Cancer commences in each person presumably as a local disease. But it spreads and infects by means of the blood vessels and lympathics, first the neaerst lympathic glands and then the more distant organs of the body. When this has occurred the disease is no longer a local one; it has become what is called constitutional. It is therefore manifest that the most favorable time at which to obtain the best results from surgical interference is when the disease exists simply as a local growth and when the blood and tissues of the body have not received the impress of a cancerous taint.

Zebehr Pasha.

In a sketch of Zebehr Pasha the London *World* says: "It is impossible not to entertain a real liking for Zebehr. He is the politest and most genial of hosts. There is a freshness and a frankness about him which contrast with the manner of the used up generation of Cairo Pashas. He is never tedious except when he starts off, with the bit between his teeth, on the subject of his pedigree. Then he begins with his great progenitor, Abba, the nephew of the prophet; and with a complacent smile on his large lips, and a rhythmic swinging of his body, he will repeat in a sing-song chant and in the genealogical style of a chapter of the Old Testament, the names of all his subsequent ancestors in exact order, from father to son, with all their guttural patronymics, to the eleventh century, when the Abbasides migrated from Arabia in

THE CZAROWITZ

How the Attainment of his Majority was Celebrated at St. Petersburg.

The correspondent of the London *Evening Standard*, writing from St. Petersburg on the 18th of May, says: "To-day being the sixteenth anniversary of his birth, the coming of age of the czarowitz was celebrated according to custom by ceremonies and rejoicings of great solemnity and splendor. The city was decorated with flags from an early hour, and a very pretty effect was produced by anchoring a whole flotilla of imperial yachts and launches, gayly decked with bunting, in the broad waters of the Neva, under the windows of the Winter palace, where toward 1 o'clock the court, diplomatic corps, detachments of troops of the guard, and deputations from all classes assembled.

The chief feature in the day's ceremony was the swearing by the young prince of a special oath of allegiance as heir to the throne, and the ordinary military oath as a soldier of the Russian army, into which the czarowitz enters to-day as a sub-lieutenant in the First brigade of the horse artillery of the guard. The former oath was administered in the palace chapel, in the course of a special service, by the metropolitan of Novgorod and St. Petersburg, in the presence of some fifty royal and imperial personages, among whom was Prince William of Prussia, and the corps diplomatique, the members of the holy synod, etc, The following are the terms of the oath:

"In the name of God Almighty upon his holy gospel, I promise and vow unto his imperial majesty, my most gracious lord and father, truly and without deceit to serve and in all things obey him, sparing not life itself to the last drop of blood to preserve and defend to the utmost of my reason, capability, and power, all the rights and prerogatives appertaining to tne high authority and power of his imperial majesty by law established, or to be established, aiding in all things that may contribute to the loyal service of his imperial majesty and the good of the empire; and as heir to the throne of all the Russias and the thrones of the kingdom of Poland and grand duchy of Finland united with it, I promise and vow to observe all the regulations as to the succession of the family establishment as set forth in the fundemental laws of the empire in all their force and integrity, so may I answer before God on the day of judgment. O Lord God of our Fathers, Ruler of Rulers! inform, teach, and direct me in the great work to which I am appointed! May that wisdom which is before Thy throne be with me; from Thy holy heavens let it light upon me, that I may understand that which is good in Thy eyes, and that which is righteous according to thy word. My heart be in Thy hand! Amen."

The second oath was administered in the magnificent hall of the military order of St George, where, in addition to the above named, were gathered the rest of the court, the troops, the pupils of the military schools, and others.

The oath was in the following terms:

"I promise before Almighty God to

for his native land. He was sincerely mourned by the honest villagers. That was six months ago. Lena never ceased to love him. Her father died about three months ago. All his money was left to her. After her father was finally laid at rest Lena resolved to come to America. She wanted to find her sweetheart. All she knew of him was that he was in America. She arrived in this country a few weeks ago. She searched all the large cities throughout the United States for him without avail. The last place the faithful girl scoured was Chicago.

When she could find no trace of John there she determined to return home. For this purpose she started for New York. Last night she arrived at the Grand Central depot. The hackmen who surround the vast building when the trains arrive singled her out for legitimate prey. A rush was made for her by several of them. She became frightened. She did not know what to do.

"Oh, let me alone, please," the poor foreigner pleaded; "I do not want a carriage."

The only reply was the demoniacal yell: "Hack, lady? Take mine." "Hack? Any place in the city." She was being pulled about in every direction.

Suddenly a stalwart young fellow who had been sitting on the box of one of the new cheap cabs jumped to the ground and yelled as he ran to the struggling hackmen:

"Leave that woman alone. Do you want to pull her to pieces?"

His fists flew out in every direction. The mob jumped to ther feet and ran away.

As he turned around to the trembling woman he began:

"Please accept a seat——"

Suddenly he threw his arms around the young girl, and as he did so he cried:

"Bless my soul, it's little Lena!"

She recognized him almost at the same time, and cried out as she fainted:

"Oh, thank God, John, I have found you at last!"

He put her into his coach and drove her to his humble home in Harlem. He placed her under the care of his mother, after explaining who she was. It is probable that the happy couple will be married in a day or two, or as soon as Lena recovers from the fatigue of her long search.

Talk to your children about the Lord Jesus Christ, and the redemption which He brought into the world. Teach them what redemption is; impress on their minds the awfulness of sin; make them see that sin is real—a violation of God's law which incurs as its penalty the forfeiture of the divine favor, and make them understand that sin forever alienates the soul from God and heaven; be thus faithful, and they will not be careless and indifferent about their eternal destiny—no, they will be anxious to provide for the future.

Here thou art but a stranger travelling to thy country, where the glories of a kingdom are prepared for thee; it is therefore a huge folly to be much affected, because thou hast a less convenient inn to lodge in by the way.

The first banks to go under—The Newfoundland banks.

tronymics, to the eleventh century, when the Abbasides migrated from Arabia in the Soudan. With some tact, his hearer may escape Zebhr's enumeration for the next six hundreds years. The descendant of Abbas is proud of his connection with the prophet. He is a pure Arab, which the 'nigger' messiah in Kordofan can not pretend to be. In truth, Zebehr would not be altogether displeased if you should suggest to him that he might do worse than run against Mahomet Achmet for the mehdiship. But Zebehr has lately become the object of new suspicions, and some people are keeping their eyes upon him."

The London Clubs.

Pall Mall is the resort of all the club men of England. Here are situated the most powerful and influential political and social clubs in the world. Hansom cabs in numbers come and go, dropping their occupants at the doors at one or other of the great club-houses, and about dinner-time quite a stream of quiet, well-dressed men, stroll down the street and are absorbed in these immense buildings. Among them will be the greater portion of the rank and wealth of the country. Every political celebrity belongs to one or the other of these clubs, either to the Carlton, the Reform, the Junior Carlton, or to the Beaconsfield. The Army and Navy and the United Service embrace all the men illustrious in arms; while the church and learning are represented by the Athenæum and the Oxford and Cambridge. Fond as are the people of England of Gothic architecture that style has no representative in Pall Mall. Here everything is classical, although the degree to which the classical architecture is adhered to differs widely between the chaste Italian of the Reform and the florid display of its next door neighbor, the Carleton. The one blot in the street is the property of the nation. The war office is altogether out of keeping with the clubs upon the same side of the way. The building is already doomed, and some day, when times are better, a building more worthy of its purpose and surroundings will no doubt rise in its place.

"Misther, misther, what have you done?" called a native of Wicklow to an Englishman who had just tied his horse to a telegraph pole. "Well, Pat, what's the matter?" "Jist this, your honor. Ye've hitched yer horse to the magnetic telegraph, and ye'll be in Dublin in two minutes if you don't look out?"

During the troublous times of the 1745 Rebellion an Arboath carrier was pressed by the Highlanders to assist in taking part of their baggage northwards. At the Rossie Brae his cart broke down, and after he had toiled hard in vain for some time to repair the mischief, he exclaimed —"Vow, me! fat a trouble it tak's to flit kings."

A celebrated Irishman wrs urged to write a "Life of Shakespeare" on very favourable terms. He refused, protesting loudly that his admiration and "rivirence" for that greatest of bards prevented him. "I couldn't do it—don't ask me; my rivirence for the immortal." He then added in quite a casual way—"Besides, I know very little about him."

The oath was in the following terms:

"I promise before Almighty God to serve his imperial majesty and most gracious lord, my father, according to all the military regulations, truly, obediently, and exactly; I promise to oppose to his enemies and the enemies of the empire a brave and determined resistance with body and blood, in field or in fortress, by sea or by land, combat and battle, in siege and assault, and in all military eventualities whatsoever. I promise to report whatever I may see or hear against his majesty, his majesty's soldiers, his subjects, or the interest of the empire, and to defend and preserve all these to the best of my conscience and ability so truly as are dear unto me, my honor and my life; I promise in all things to do as becomes an honest, obedient, brave and valiant soldier. So help me, Lord God Almighty! Amen."

In each case the emperor led his son to the altar which had been specially raised, whereon lay the cross and a copy of the holy scriptures. The youthful heir to the throne of all the Russias, though somewhat pale with emotion, pronounced the oaths without faltering, in a loud, clear voice

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Jay Gould's Millions.

It was thought by many in the midst of the Wall street excitement that Jay Gould was on the point of bankruptcy, writes a New York correspondent. On the other hand, it is argued that a mere marking down of prices does not affect him in the least, because he is the outright owner of the securities in his possession. Believers in this theory look upon the great gambler's calmness as real. I have happened to get at trustworthy second hands, just what he said about it. Ex-Mayor Wickham said: "Mr. Gould told me to-day that in his candid opinion the bottom had been reached; but that it made no difference to him whether it had or not. He declared that he had no need or desire to sell Western Union at a low price, and that he had no intention of unloading any of his stocks. His wealth is in his strong box, safe out of the reach of panics." Washington Connor, a partner of Gould, or, literally, of his son George, laughed with exceeding scorn when I spoke of Gould as a bankrupt.

"I'll tell you one thing about Mr. Gould that I've never seen published," Connor said. "He divides his securities into two parts. The proportion differs, according to circumstances. One part he keeps in his vault as a permanent investment. That is his rock of Gibraltar. The other part he uses for speculative purposes. Of course, an emergency might arise which would call out the reserves, but that is remote and improbable. I assure you that, with the worst that ever can come, Mr. Gould will never lose more than half his fortune. Write that out in any way you please. Say something about his not trusting all his eggs in one basket. Liken his method to that of self-insurance. Put the fact in any form you choose —only make it plain that Jay Gould can't possibly be wrecked."

God dwells in our hearts by faith, and Christ by His Spirit, and the Spirit by His purities; so that we are also cabinets of the mysterious Trinity.

WITHOUT FOOD FOR 23 DAYS.

A Scotch Miner Whose Experience was Not so Comfortable as Dr. Tanner's.

As a measure of comparison for testing the genuineness of alleged cases of long fasting, the case of John Brown, a collier of Killgrammie, Scotland, who was sealed in a coal mine on the 8th of October, 1835, and rescued alive on the 31st of the same mont, may serve a good purpose. During 23 days this man remained in the depths of the earth without a particle of food, although various attempts were made to rescue him. After all hope of finding the unfortunate prisoner alive had been abandoned, a member of an exploring party in the mine fancied he heard a distant groan.

The men were speechless with fright, and, one of them, gathering all his courage, broke the silence by solemnly demanding:

"If that's your ain groan, John Brown, in the name of God, gie anither."

They listened, and presently another groan was heard, apparently a few yards ahead. They crept forward, and found Brown alive. His first words were "Gie me a drink."

Not daring to endanger his life, they merely dipped the sleeve of a coat in one of the little runnels which trickled down the wall of the mine, and attempted to moisten his lips with it. He, however, pushed it away, feebly exclaiming, "No mak' a fule of me."

His appearance, when carried to daylight, has been described as follows: His face had not the pallor of death or of a fainting fit, but a strange sallow hue, like that of a mummy. His flesh seemed entirely gone, nothing left but the bones, under a thin covering of leather-like skin. This was specially marked about his face. Every atom of fatty matter in the body seemed to have been consumed. He lived for three days. He said that for some days after he was shut in the mine he was able to walk about and supply himself with water, but, as he grew weaker, he fell, and so remained until rescued. Water ran down the mine near him, but he could not reach it.

I saw Dr. Tanner at the conclusion of his alleged fast, and observed that he was apparently in good condition and robust health. I also saw a specimen of his blood under the microscope, and noticed nothing unusual in its appearance, the stellate form of the corpuscles being very commonly see in the blood of healthy persons.

The Men With the Pig.

A few days ago two men, who were afterward found to be Detroiters, arrived in a town about fifty miles to the west of that place leading a pig. It was perhaps big enough and heavy enough to be called a hog, but they termed it a pig, and as they turned it over to the care of the landlord at whose inn they proposed to rest for the night one of the men explained:

"Be awful careful with that pig. He's a daisy—a new breed just from Scotland. We've sold him to a farmer out here for $50, and we don't want anything to happen to him."

The landlord locked the pig up and then

India of To-day.

India is in a state of transition, her caste and religion both passing away. The work before this generation and probably the next is to pull down and destroy. It will remain for those who come after to begin the more difficult labor of building up. We met at Benares strings of water-carriers, carrying brass vessels on each end of a pole borne over the shoulder. These come here for hundreds of miles on foot, and take back to their customers in the country the sacred water of the blessed river. It is a regular business and furnishes employment for thousands of men. Upon no account must this water be carried by railway, and be deprived of its healing powers by being handled by unbelievers. It must be carried by Hindoos of the proper caste on foot, or it has no virtue. Science invades everything nowadays, and the officials have recently had the water of one of the wells analyzed by a chemist—audacious dog of an infidel—and here he comes with his C02, and all the virtue of this water of life is gone. It is found unfit for human use, and the well has been ordered to be closed. The chemist, in the eyes of the ignorant natives, has sacrificed spiritual for physical health; preferred the welfare of their bodies to that of their souls, as is the custom with these wicked scientists. We pass booths in which native jewelers sit hard at work fashioning rings, brooches, and other articles of personal adornment. Their dexterity is marvelous; without elaborate appliances of any kind, with only a small blow-pipe and a few rude tools, they will take gold coin from you and before your eyes shape it into any form selected; but it is said they must have a model to copy from—no original design emanates from them. The booths, or little shops, are curious affairs. They are built of mud, with neither window nor door, their floor, on which the artisans sit, being about four feet above the narrow street level.

I never was more thoroughly impressed with the position of the European of India than to-day when pushing through the crowded, narrow lanes of Benares. Our native guide went before us carrying a whip which he cracked and brandished among the crowd, calling out, "Sahib! Sahib!" and the people, casting one glance behind, at once hurried out of our way, making a clear track for our august person supposed to represent the conquering race. The respectful salaams, as we caught the eye of one native after another, the respectful, not to say obsequious, attitude as we passed—all tells its story. That "all men are born free and equal" will not enter the Hindoo mind for centuries—not till England has brought it up to the standard of self-government, which it is gradually doing, however, by its schools and colleges. Benares has been famous for centuries for its manufacture of its gold and silver embroideries. I remember that Macauley speaks of them in his essay on Warren Hastings as decorating alike the court of Versailles and the halls of St. James. We went to the native village and saw the work carried on. How such exquisite fabrics come from the antiquated looms situated in mud hovels it is hard to understand, but they do. We saw one man who had no less than thirty-three different tiny spools

REPULSED BY A DYING WIFE.

A Pathetic Scene in the Cleveland Infirmary.

Some time ago a young girl giving her name as Kittie Sheridan, emoloyed as a domestic at the residence of Mr. John Tod, was taken so seriously ill that she was removed to the city infirmary, where she now lies very sick. Late Saturday afternoon a flashily-attired youth of about 25 entered the infirmary office in the city hall and inquired for this girl. The young man was extravagantly attired. White kid gloves were drawn tightly over his hands, and a white silk tie was artistically bowed about his spotless collar. His suit was a full-dress affair, and in his hand he carried a delicate little cane, with a gold tip. He said he had called at the place where the girl had last been employed, and learned that she had been taken to the infirmary. He handed Mr. Mellen a card, on which appeared the following: "Morris Strakosh, day clerk, the Windsor Hotel, New York."

He was questioned regarding his anxiety in the matter, and bending close to the superintendent's ear, whispered that he was her husband. He told the story of their marriage, and again insisted on seeing the woman immediately. Mr. Mellen doubted the young man's story, but the latter produced letters showing conclusively that he was the husband of the young lady. The first of the series of communications was very tenderly worded, but the last one received by him, and which in his anxiety to prove his identity, he turned over to the superintendent, concluded as follows: "And now I am going to die. You have not been a good husband to me, and I never want to see your face again. Do not come to me, for I will not see you."

Mr. Mellen telephoned the infirmary and Steward Braggins conveyed the message to the girl. He did not tell her that her husband was in the city, but said that he had heard from him, and asked her if he should come. The young woman vigorously protested, and the facts were communicated to Mr. Strakosh, who was wild with excitement. Mr. Mellen finally told him that him that he would see the girl himself on Monday, and would talk with her on the subject. The young man grew impatient, however, and on Sunday evening visited the infirmary and demanded admission, but again he was refused at the request of the young woman herself, and yesterday Mr. Strakosh returned to New York.

The story the woman tells is not a pleasant one. She was living with her mother and sister in Liverpool when she first met the young man who afterwards became her husband. He was from Germany and was on his way to America, but remained in England long enough to woo and wed the young lady. They then came to Hamilton, Ont., but not obtaining work they came on to Cleveland. Here they also failed to secure employment until she finally obtained a position as domestic in the family of Mr. Tod. Her husband remained idle, and the first $30 of her earnings went to his support. It was while at Mr. Tod's that she resolved to again take her maiden name, Kittie Sheridan, and as such she has been known ever since. New she is dying of troubles that she asserts her husband is responsible for, and

a daisy—a new breed just from Scotland. We've sold him to a farmer out here for $50, and we don't want anything to happen to him."

The landlord locked the pig up and then began to think and cogitate and suspect. When the strangers had gone to bed he called in some of the boys and said :

"I've twigged the racket ; them two fellows are sharpers, and that's a guessing pig. To-morrow they will give you a chance to guess at his weight at ten cents a guess, and you'll be cleaned out—only you won't ! As the fellows sleep we will weigh their pig and beat their game."

Nobody slept until the pig was taken over to the scales and weighed. He pulled down 170 pounds to a hair, and the villagers went home and hunted up their nickels and dreamed of pigs and scales and sharpers through the remainder of the night.

Next morning the pig was led around in front, and before starting off on his journey, one of the owners remarked to the assembled crowd :

"Gentlemen, I'm going to weigh this pig directly. Maybe some of you would like to guess on his weight ? I'll take all guesses at ten cents each, and whoever hits it gets fifty cents."

This provoked a large and select stock of winks and smiles, but no one walked up until the pig man said that any one person could guess as many times as he cared to, provided a dime accompanied each guess. Then a rush set in. Three or four merchants put up fifty guesses each. A Justice of the peace took thirty. A lawyer said about twenty would do for him. Before there was any let up in the guessing about 600 had been registered and paid for. Every soul of 'em guessed at 170 pounds ! It was curious what unanimity there was in the guessing, but the pig men didn't seem to notice it. When all had been given a chance the pig was led to the scales, and lo ! his weight was exactly 174 pounds !

"You see, gentlemen," explained the spokesman, "while this animal only weighs 170 pounds along about 11 o'clock at night, we feed him about five pounds of corn meal in the morning before weighing ! You forgot to take this matter into consideration !"

Then somebody kicked the landlord, and he kicked the Justice, and the Justice kicked the merchant, and when the pig men looked back from a distant hill the whole town was out kicking itself and throwing empty wallets into the river.

Hygienic Experiments With Salt.

Experiments for the purpose of discovering the effects of salt and other condiments when used in cooking, have been made by Dr. Hussen. It is shown, among other things, that in cooking butcher's meat only an ounce of salt should be used with from six to twelve pounds of meat; if more is employed it will either modify the structure of a portion of the muscular fibre so as to render it more resistent to the action of the gastric juices or it will itself check and retard the peptic fermentation, the very groundwork of digestion. It follows that salted and smoked meats are more indigestible than fresh. Vinegar, it appears, may be used with good effect, provided it is not in a quantity to irritate the stomach, and it is a pure dilution of acetic acid, freed from sulphuric or hydrochloric acids.

on. How such exquisite fabrics come from the antiquated looms situated in mud hovels it is hard to understand, but they do. We saw one man who had no less than thirty-three different tiny spools to work from in a piece not more than a yard wide. All of these he had in turn to introduce in the web, and pass through a greater or less number of threads, the one starting in where the other left the woof, before one single thread was complete from end to end of the warp and could be driven into the pattern. The people of Benares also excel as workers in brass.

A Triumph of Surgical Skill.

On the 15th of March Prof. Loreta forcibly dilated the cardiac orifice in the surgical clinique of Bologna. The patient —E. L.——, a young woman of 20,—had for four years manifested all the symptoms, rational and direct, of ulcer on the stomach. For the last twelve months constriction had steadily increased ; at first solids and then liquids entered the stomach with difficulty, so much so that only a few drops of broth could be swallowed at a time. Regurgitation of substances swallowed became the rule. The body wasted rapidly, and life could only be maintained with nutritive enemata. Having diagnosed stenosis of the cardiac orifice Prof. Loreta proceeded to dilate it. He opened the abdomen in the linea alba, and found the stomach thick, small, and contracted. He incised it freely and passed an elastic sound through the cardiac orifice to make way for his dilating instrument. This soon overcame the obstacle in spite of efforts to vomit, and the æsophagus was found much dilated. The apertures in the stomach and in the abdominal wall were sutured separately. The operation was performed under chloroform in thirty minutes, and the patient, so soon as she had recovered from the narcosis, to the great surprise of the onlookers, swallowed three spoonsful of water with perfect ease. Prof. Loreta has favored us with an obliging note, stating that the patient has completely recovered ('ora trovasi completamente guarita')." Shorn of technicalities, these are the essential facts of the report : A young woman having become unable to swallow, in consequence of extreme narrowing of the opening from the gullet into the stomach, wasting of the body and loss of power threatened death. Prof. Loreta made an opening into the body over the stomach, then freely cut into it, introduced an instrument through the narrowed opening from the gullet, and widened it after the fashion of a glove-stretcher. The wounds were closed by stitches and the patient allowed to wake from her thirty minutes' painless slumber under chloroform. The happy result was soon proved by the patient swallowing three tablespoonsful of water with perfect ease, whereas before the operation she could only take a few drops of broth at a time. Recovery was complete within five weeks. As to the authenticity of the facts there can be no question, the operation having been performed by the professor of surgery in the university of Bologna, which is one of the oldest and most celebrated seats of learning in Europe.

Naething is got without pains but an ill ame and long nails.

Mr. Tod's that she resolved to again take her maiden name, Kittie Sheridan, and as such she has been known ever since. New she is dying of troubles that she asserts her husband is responsible for, and it was for this that she refused to see him. After leaving Cleveland he obtained employment as a clerk at the Windsor hotel in New York, where he has since been employed. The girl is a fair-complexioned lass, about 25 years of age, and has been very pretty. She tells her story amid sobs and tears and realizes that she cannot recover. They were married in September last and she has been in the infirmary since Jan. 9 of the present year.—*Cleveland Leader.*

The Kaiser's Life-Work.

The German Emperor looks upon himself as the first servant of the nation; and even now, with 87 summers on his brow, he works incessantly and unsparingly for its weal. He has repeatedly declared that the woes of the workingman sit heaviest on his heart, and that if he could but do something to better the lot of his poorer subjects he would deem that the close of his reign had been richly blest. The Emperor William has been called a prince of peace. He has done everything he could to appease and remove the causes of popular discontent in his own dominions, and even his foes will not deny that he is both the peacemaker and the peacekeeper of Europe. About sixteen years ago, in the course of a hot discussion in the North German parliament on the naval budget, Count von Molke said that there was only one possible way of converting the money spent in the service of war to the interests of peace, and that was "the formation in the heart of Europe of a power which without being aggressive itself, should yet be strong enough to forbid its neighbours from waging war." This wonderful prophesy has now been fulfilled, and the German emperor is the instrument of its realization. The German army is the police force of Europe, and yet Europe is content to profit by its passive services without much show of appreciation. But what Europe fails to express the German people themselves most warmly feel. No sovereign was ever more popular with his subjects than is the octogenarian kaiser. Berlin is a cold and unreverential city, but when the emperor drives through the streets the universal veneration of which he is the object lends them an Oriental air of worship.

France is ahead of most countries in the encouragement she gives to the commercial education. The senior students of the Paris high school of commerce are now off on their yearly trip to the manufacturing and commercial districts of the Nord and Belgium, where they will have practical demonstrations of what has been taught them in the class-room. For the best general report of the journey, the Paris chamber of commerce gives a sum of of money toward defraying the expenses of the successful pupil for a further and practical study of any branch of manufacture.

Learning, it is said, may be an instrument of fraud ; so may bread. if discharged from the mouth of a cannon, be an instrument of death. Each may be equally effective for evil.

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Stoves, Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

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R.G. WRIGHT'S,

26 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

LENNOX REFORM ASSOCIATION.

The adjourned meeting of the Lennox Reform Association will be held in

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE,

—ON—

SATURDAY JULY 5th,

at 2 p. m. A full attendance is requested.

S. GIBSON, President. A. H. ALLISON, Secretary

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1884.

—The drought of the past three weeks has caused irreparable injury to the crops in this vicinity. The hay has been stinted in its growth and the barley has suffered greatly. It is feared the crop will be very light in this county, especially in the rear townships. There were a couple of small showers this week but not more than sufficient to wet the bare surface of the ground.

—The poor old Standard has even awakened to the realization of the necessity of saying something to bolster up the badly wrecked reputation of Mr. Uriah Wilson as a municipal legislator. It says there was no ground for our charges. If the Standard is not already convinced in its heart that there is ground, it may be before many weeks realize that there is a whole continent underneath the charges.

—Mr. Geo. Stephen, President of the C. P. R., has recently had built for him in New York the finest piano manufactured on this continent, at a cost of $4,000. It is now placed in his million dollar residence in Montreal. In order that Mr. Stephen should be able to indulge in such luxuries the Parliament of Canada last session voted him thirty million dollars. The people of Canada are nothing if not magnanimous.

—Our readers will remember that in January last when Mr. Uriah Wilson was seeking re-election to the County Council his strong argument was that he should be returned because it required men of experience to manage the proposed sale of debentures. It was an absurdly egotistical argument, but it had its effect and he was elected. The debenture sale was entrusted to him and he made a pretty mess of it. Figuring the loss one way the county has by his mismanagement of the sale dropped $630, and if a comparison is to be instituted between his figures and that secured by the N., T. & Q. Railway for township debentures, the amount is not less than $900. Mr. Wilson should try his hand again at selling debentures and then—well do something very ridiculous.

—Sir John Macdonald was in Kingston on Monday week, the day he was announced to speak at Adolphustown, but for some reason failed to put in an appearance at the latter place. The excuse of his frends was that important matters of state detained him. That may be the case, but isn't it strange that a couple of days later he could manage to tear himself away from Ottawa and go down the St. Lawrence for a six weeks' holiday trip? If he could leave the helm of state for such a long holiday he ought to have been able to have got off for one day to join the friends of his youth in Adolphustown in celebrating so important an event as the centenary of the landing of the U. E. Loyalists. His friends no doubt expected to hear him dish up the barefooted boy's story again and they longed to revel in the gush which usually accompanied it. It was really too bad that he should have disappointed them. But probably Sir John never had any great love for the scene of his boyhood days and since a certain event which took place last fall he does not give a darn if his friends know it.

THE DEBENTURE DEAL.

In resuming our comments on the action of the County Council in dealing with Mr. Wilson's management of the debenture sale, we wish to point out briefly wherein, in our opinion, injustice was done the public. The majority report of the investigating committee gave the Council no information as to the evidence submitted, but merely exonerated Mr. Wilson from blame. The minority report, on the other hand, was accompanied by the evidence and it was from this the deductions contained therein were based. This report was, we hold, a fair statement of the case, and had the members been prompted by a desire to do justice all round rather than to shield Mr. Wilson from censure, they would have adopted it. The report affirmed, what any man possessing a knowledge of municipal matters must believe, that it was the duty of Mr. Wilson, as chairman of the Finance Committee and duly advertised to furnish the information, to have answered Mr. Machar's letter himself and not trusted a matter so important to any other person. This cannot be denied. In fact any man tendering would not feel safe in accepting particulars from any other source. Mr. Wilson was the only person authorized to furnish them and he should not have shirked the duty. It is no excuse for him to say that the Clerk is paid for doing this work, for that is not the case. The Clerk is paid merely to assert that the real reason of the Premier's failure to appear at Adolphustown was that Mr. John Shields telegraphed him that he (Shields) was to be in Ottawa on the day the celebration took place. Singularly enough Mr. Shields turned up here on that day.

LENNOX AND ADDINGTON COUNTY COUNCIL.

The June Session.

The following is a report of Friday's proceedings, held over from last week:—

The Council met as 10 a. m. The Warden in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Mr. HAM moved the second reading in Committee of the whole, of the by-law dividing the County of Lennox and Addington into high school districts. He spoke at some length of the present state of education in this county.

The Council went into Committee of the Whole on the second reading, and reported. The third reading was deferred.

The Council then adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 3 p.m., the Warden in the chair.

Mr. T. G. CARSCALLEN presented the first and second reports of the Committee on County Property recommending.

That $4.50 be deducted from the account of Brown Bros.; that the accounts of Boyle & Son., and T. H. Waller be paid; that the report of the Grand Jury be referred to the County Attorney to act, and that the petition of Judge Wilkison and others, respecting telephone communication, be granted; and also that the accounts of R. Light, $2.55, T. H. Waller, $3.97 and the balance of T. Trimble's account of last year, be paid.—Received and adopted.

Mr. DIAMOND presented the report of the Committee on Printing and Education recommending.

That the memorial of the County Council of Peel for the amendment to the public school Act be left with the Minister of Education to propose legislation, also in reference to the matter of reducing the number of County Councillors and changing the present law to compel the county to build certain bridges, they could not see any better method than the existing one. On the communication of James Mills, of the Ontario the Agricultural College, they recommended that farmers' sons should avail themselves of the advantages offered by this institution. They also recommend that the accounts of the County Clerk, $10.20, and T. S. Henry, supplies and printing, $22.35, be paid. They recommend the appointment of a board of examiners, consisting of Messrs. Burrows, Hicks and Deroche.

The Council went into Committee of the Whole on the report, Mr. Diamond in the chair, and rising reported the adoption of the report without amendment—Received and adopted.

Mr. SEXSMITH presented the first report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges. The Council went into Committee of the Whole on the report, Mr. Sexsmith in the chair, and rising reported the adoption of the report by amending the last clause recommending that the by-law to assume a certain road in Camden as a County road be passed—Received and adopted.

The Council went into Committee of the Whole on the second reading of the by-law, to assume a certain road in Camden as a County Road, Mr. Perry in the chair. The Committee rose and reported on the second reading without amendment.

Moved by Mr. REID seconded by Mr. WAGAR that the by-law be now read the third time, signed, sealed and finally passed —Carried.

Moved an amendment by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN seconded by Mr. DIAMOND that the third reading of the by-law be referred until the next session.—Lost.

The yeas and nays were called for, but the original motion was sustained on the following division: YEAS—Messrs. Brown, Ball,

ment of Canada last session voted him thirty million dollars. The people of Canada are nothing if not magnanimous.

—Mr. Wilson seemed to place great weight on the statement of the editor of THE EXPRESS before the investigating committee that he did not charge him with jobbery. It is quite true that we did not make such a charge, but it is also true that we stated we had a strong suspicion of a job having been perpetrated. The reason why THE EXPRESS did not make the direct charge was because the evidence was not at hand to fasten guilt on the proper party. It may come yet, though.

—The Mail having stated that Sir Richard Cartwright's speech at Adolphustown was a political harangue, the Ottawa Citizen (Tory) says that after perusal of Sir Richard's manly utterances it fails to see any attempt at making political capital. It is not often that justice is done Sir Richard by the Tory press, therefore we take pleasure in making note of the Citizen's straightforward utterance.

—Will Mr. Wilson please explain how it is that he considers his sale of county debentures at $103\frac{1}{8}$ a good one in the face of the fact that the N., T. & Q. Railway Co. two years ago sold the debentures of Napanee, Camden, Sheffiield and Newburgh for 107? The rate of interest was the same and the debentures ran nearly the same length of time, but any difference that there might have been in favor of the Railway Co. in this respect was fully counterbalanced by the better security afforded by the county. If he had made as good a sale as did the Railway Company the county would have received an increased premium of at least $900. Mr. Wilson and his organs should wrestle with this question for a week and then let the public know the result.

—Some dissatisfaction has been expressed by visitors to the Adolphustown centennial celebration at the failure of the committee to carry out the programme of sports announced, and some people politically opposed to Mr. D.W. Allison, M.P., are trying to make capital by attributing the blame to him. They call it a "grit affair" and say that Mr. Allison was at the head of it. Nothing could be further from the truth. The men who put themselves most prominently forward in the management were Conservatives, and notwithstanding that Mr. Allison gave the grounds for the celebration free of charge and contributed liberally in other ways, they placed every obstacle in the way of his taking a prominent part in the proceedings for fear if the affair proved a success he would reap some political advantage therefrom. Mr. Allison had no more to do the arrangements than any other member of the general committee and is willing to bear his fair share of blame, if any is due, but no more. The failure of the sports was due largely to lack of experience of the committee in such matters. If the advice given by THE EXPRESS some months ago, to hold the meetings of the committee in Napanee and enlist in the undertaking the assistance of men experienced in celebrations, had been followed, we feel certain there would have been no cause for complaint. It is to be regretted that this feature of the celebration was not a success.

the Clerk is paid for doing this work, for that is not the case. The Clerk is paid merely to record the proceedings of the Council and to perform other duties which are clearly defined. It was Mr. Wilson who was paid to do the work entrusted to him, and if he felt himself incompetent to perform it he should have resigned and given place to some man who could have answered an ordinary business letter. What would the people say if the Finance Minister of the Dominion, who bungled a loan, should try to shirk the responsibility by placing the onus on the shoulders of the Clerk of the House? Is it at all likely that Parliament or the people would accept such an apology for such remissness of duty? Not likely. Well, the the cases are parallel, and how the Council could arrive at the conclusion that Mr. Wilson was blameless we cannot understand. We can only attribute their action to a desire to gloze over a scaly transaction and get rid of it with as little trouble as possible. But surely it is bad enough that the county should lose $630 by Mr. Wilson's neglect of duty without the Council giving encouragement to a repetition of the offence. This they have done. If their action means anything it means that the chairman of a committee upon whom a duty has been imposed can delegate it to an officer of the Council and if a loss is sustained the chairman will be blameless. This is an entirely new principle that has been introduced into our municipal system, and if it is to be acted upon the services of the Council may at once be dispensed with and the Clerk and his assistant left to perform all the work. If jobbery should then become the order of the day there would at least be a fund saved from from the salaries and travelling expenses of the Council to help make up the loss entailed. But if we do not greatly mistake public opinion no such principle will be allowed to prevail in the Council. The ratepayers demand that the business shall be transacted by their representatives whom they hold responsible for faithful discharge of duty. And Mr. Wilson and those who voted to sustain his action will find this out when they come to give an account of their stewardship.

Truthful For Once

[From the Napanee Standard.]

THE EXPRESS isn't responsible to any other tribunal than the public for its opinions.

WHY HE FAILED TO CONNECT.

[Ottawa Correspondence of the Globe.]

Various reasons have been assigned for the failure of Sir John Macdonald to put in an appearance at the U. E. Loyalist Centennial celebration at Adolphustown. It has been asserted that it was urgent departmental business that necessitated his sudden return to Ottawa, but that is absurd, because departmental cares never trouble the Premier. "Masterly inactivity" is his motto with respect to his official duties. But it seems that Sir John found that it would be very dangerous for him to attempt to make political capital for his party in the presence of Sir Richard Cartwright, and in a county where he was so recently unseated for corrupt practices, and where his candidate was afterwards beaten. Hence he declined to face the music. No doubt he was also conscious that his old "rum 'un to look at, but rare 'un to go" speech would not compare favorably with the learned and eloquent address delivered by Sir Richard. His well-known inclinations towards annexation, as expressed in his speech at the Conservative Convention in 1881, would also render him uncomfortable in the presence of an audience of loyalists. But a usually well-informed Conserva-

The yeas and nays were called for, but the original motion was sustained on the following division: YEAS—Messrs. Brown, Ball, Denison, Ham, Johnston, Lane, Lloyd, Mallory, Polley, Perry, Reid, Sharp, Wagar and Wilson—14. NAYS—Messrs. Bosley, Carscallen, (J. C.) Carscallen, (T. G.) Davis, Diamond, Parks and Sexsmith—7. The By-law was then read a third time, signed, sealed and finally passed.

Moved by Mr. HAM, seconded by Mr. WILSON, that the Warden and Treasurer are hereby authorized to borrow on their notes from time to time from the Dominion Bank here, such sums as may be required to pay the current expenses of the county until the next meeting of this Council, and in no case to exceed the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. HAM, seconded by Mr. J. C. CARSCALLEN, that the Warden and Treasurer are hereby authorized to draw an order on the Dominion Bank, of Toronto, for debenture No. 5, for $2,500, due Jan. 1st, 1886, debenture No. 6, for $2,700, due Jan. 1st, 1887, debenture No. 7, for $2,900, due Jan. 1st, 1888, debenture No. 8, for $3,100, due Jan. 1st, 1889, issued by the corporation of the County of Lennox and Addington and that the Chairman and Secretary of the Finance Committee are hereby authorized to countersign the aforesaid order.—Carried.

Mr. WILSON presented the first report of the Finance Committee as follows:

1st. That we recommend the adoption of the Auditors' report.

2nd. That we would further recommend that the abstract statement of receipts and expenditures with statements of assets and liabilities and the auditors' report be printed in the minutes.

3rd. We would further recommend that the abstract statement of revenue and expenditure for 1883 be printed in such form that it may be attached to the minutes.

4th. We also recommend that the Treasurer urge immediate payment from municipalities that are in arrears of taxes.

5th. That the account of the Treasurer for postage and stationery from June to Dec. 1884, be paid.

6th. Your committee have carefully considered the financial requirements of the County and estimates the expenditure and receipts of the fiscal year of 1884-85 as follows:—

EXPENDITURE

For administration of justice	$6,000 00
" County Council	1,500 00
" County building and insurance	400 00
" Salaries	3,250 00
" Gaol	500 00
" High and model schools	2,908 00
" Board of public instruction	300 00
" Printing and stationery	100 00
" County Roads	6,500 00
" Interest on debenture	9,250 00
" Sinking fund	2,500 00
" Interest on loans of short date	100 00
" Registry office	100 00
" Miscellaneous accounts	500 00
Total	$34,208 00

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand	$2,000 00
Administration of justice	1,800 00
Government grant to H. & M. schools	1,456 00
Auctioneers' and pedlars' licenses	120 00
Amount Due from Newburgh	300 00
Bonus on sale of debentures	1,050 00
Due from municipalities for county for 1883	884 68
Total	$7,610 68

Your Committee would also recommend that a by-law to levy four mills on the dollar on the equalized assessments of the county for county purposes be passed.

The report was received and adopted.

The Council then adjourned till 10 a. m. Saturday morning.

He Knows it.

Hiram D. Maxfield, of Silver Springs, R. I., has no doubt about the wondertul curative powers of Kidney-Wort. He was so afflicted with Kidney Complaint that he could not stand on his feet from pain and weakness. As soon as he commenced to use Kidney-Wort he experienced immediate relief and at once commenced to grow strong and was at once relieved of all pain and unpleasantness. He says: "I know I have been cured by Kidney-Wort."

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Our stock in each department is choice, select and reliable, therefore commands the attention of every person in want of good goods and good work. Although very busy still we have plenty of goods arriving daily to fill up the space made by goods going out, and we make every endeavour to fill all orders with promptness.

All our goods are marked at a very moderate profit therefore will be found cheap.

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PALACE CLOTHING STORE,

—IN THE—

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The delight of the people and the envy of our competitors. A new idea for our neighbours to imitate.

We are now in a position to execute all orders for Clothing equal to, if not superior to, any city establishment.

Everybody is cordially invited to call and see us in our new quarters—Aylsworth Block, nearly opposite the old stand.

J. F. McALISTER, The Clothier.

P.S.—First-class coat, pant and vest makers wanted at once, constant employment and good prices for the right hands.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your res by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-I 2-1y.

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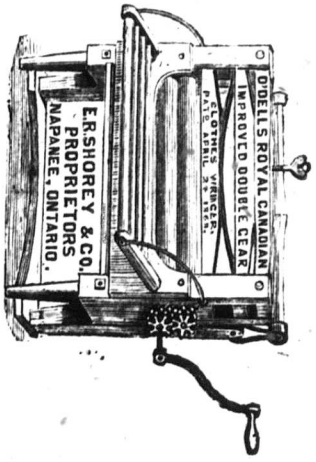

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My fresh ground Coffee is taking the cream off them all. It is just delicious.

All that have tried my new 50 cent Tea say that it cannot be excelled for the money. Call and be convinced.

Remember the place.—In the Express Steam Printing House Block.

P.S. -Nice Top Buggy for sale cheap, also House and Lot for sale. Cash paid for eggs.

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The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

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Fine Dairy Salt in white Sack, $1.50; fine Franklin Dairy Salt in sack, $1.40; fine Dairy salt in sack, 90 cents; Quarter Sack Fine Dairy Salt, 50c.; Large, Coarse Sack Salt 70c.; Best Seaforth Salt in Barrels, $1.25. Also the best WESTERN FLOUR, better than any I have received yet, just arrived. One trial is all that is required and you will use no other. The finest Bran and Shorts in town, cheaper than ever.

A full assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES. A fine line of TEAS and an extra fine raw SUGAR, 16 pounds for $1.00. Also a large assortment of BUTTER TUBS, in ash, hardwood and the best White Spruce. Give me a call and be convinced that you can get the best value for your money in town.

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THE ONTARIO TEA COMPANY

OF NAPANEE,

Have added a full and complete line of CHOICE SELECTED GROCERIES to their Tea and Coffee business, north side of Dundas Street, opposite Dickens' Bakery, and are now fully prepared to supply everybody with Teas, Coffees, and General Groceries of the

PUREST AND FINEST QUALITY,

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A member of the Company, will have charge of the store.

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Cornell Engine and Wide Awake Seperator,

Manufactured by HAGGART BRO'S., Brampton. This machine has been improved for this seasons, work so as to be a perfect pea thresher, warranted.

Triumph, Horizontal and Woodbridge Upright Engines.

Manufactured by JOHN ABEL, of Woodbridge. Also PITTS' 10 and 12 Horse Power.

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Two Hundred of these Reapers have been ordered for Russia this season

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THE EXCELSIOR HAY CAR AND SLING,

For unloading hay, grain, lose or bound; Peas, &c. Don't believe what agents say about it, come and examine for yourselves.

CORN CULTIVATORS, NEW CHAMPION HORSE RAKE, STUMP MACHINE,

Two men will lift 3,500 lbs. and other agricultural implements.

☞ *Opposite the Cempbell House, Centre-St.*

J. N. McKIM.

BAY OF QUINTE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

The Bay of Quinte Conference met at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon in the Eastern Methodist Church of this town. The Rev. Dr. Carman, General Superintendent, who occupied the chair, opened the proceedings with devotional service. Dr. Carman delivered a stirring and eloquent address, in which he referred to the difficulties and triumphs of Methodism during the past. At the close he stated that as the Conference was first called to meet at Picton, it was necessary to open there in order to conform with the act of incorporation. The meeting had therefore been convened at Picton at 7 o'clock on that morning and an adjournment was made till the afternoon at Napanee.

The Rev. John S. Clarke and George W. Webb were appointed provisional secretaries, after which the roll was called, when 131 clerical and 64 lay members reported themselves present.

THE PRESIDENT ELECTED.

The first ballot for President gave John S. Clarke 24 votes, John Learoyd 31, John Bredin 36, and James Curts 51, with scattering votes, making the whole number 194. A majority of the whole number being necessary, there was no election. A second ballot gave Bredin 72 and Curts 90 votes, with a large number of scattering votes. A third ballot gave Bredin 99 and Curts 103 The fourth ballot gave 105 votes each to Bredin and Curts—the chair ruling that as he was not a member of theConference he couldnot give a casting vote. The fifth ballot gave Mr. Bredin 101 votes and Mr. Curts 112, who was declared duly elected. Mr. Curts briefly addressed the Conference, thanking his brethren for the honor conferred on him.

THE SECRETARY.

The first ballot for Secretary gave Rev. John Bredin 125 votes; he was therefore duly elected.

The Conference adjourned till half-past six.

EDUCATIONAL MEETING.

The Conference educational meeting was held the same evening, Rev. Dr. Carman, General Superintendent, presiding.

The Rev. Dr. Bredin briefly introduced the proceedings.

Rev. Dr. Jacques, President of Albert University, addressed the audience, showing that as patriots, we are bound to diffuse education, inasmuch as it tends to ameliorate many of the sorrows and sufferings of life. Education also tends to prolong life; enlarged knowledge tends towards virtue. This is clearly proven by criminal statistics. In our educational enterprise we are thus working for God and for humanity. As Christians, we are called to do all we can in this work. Christianity and true culture are inseparable. The speaker submitted the claims of this society on the Methodist Church in the Dominion, briefly illustrating the amalgamation of Albert University with that of Victoria, and referring to the fact that Albert College remains in Belleville to go on with its work.

The Rev. Dr. Nelles submitted a resume of the work and wants of the several Universiversities and Colleges immediately under the control of the Methodist Church. The income from the western Conferences last year was about $8,000, and the aim is to raise the annual receipts to $15,000. The tendency of university life is towards growth, and the time never can come in the history of our educational institutions when they shall want nothing more; growth is a law of their existence, and with growth there comes a continuous demand for support. The enlargement of the professional staff and the equipment necessary for the several departments

teaching of Holy Scriptures in the public schools.

Mr. Edward Kerr moved, and Rev. Wm. Pattyson seconded a resolution of condolence with Her Majesty Queen Victoria in her recent bereavement in the death of her youngest son.

The Rev. John S. Clarke was elected a member of the Transfer Committee, the Rev. John B. Clarkson, M. A., a member of the Alma College Board, and the Rev. John Bredin a member of the General Missionary Board.

THE MISSIONARY COMMITTEE.

The following laymen were reported as elected to the Conference Missionary Committee:—Belleville—R. T. Lazier; Cobourg—H. Hough, M. A.; Brighton—R. Scripture; Napanee—W. F. Hall; Picton—J. S. Lowden; Lindsay—J. R. Dundas, M. P.; Peterboro—W. A. Morrow.

The Conference adjourned at 11 p. m.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Conference resumed at 9 o'clock Monday morning. The usual devotional services were observed, after which the minutes were read and confirmed.

CONFERENCE ARRANGEMENTS.

The Rev. THOS. MANNING, B.A., read the following report of the Committee on Conference Arrangements, which, on motion was adopted:—The Committee recommend that the Conference of 1885 be held in the town of Port Hope; that each delegate pay $2 towards the expenses of entertaining the Conference; that the secretaries of the Manitoba district meetings collect this amount from each delegate and forward it with the names of the delegates to the secretary of the Billeting Committee stating who have paid; that the Billeting Committee provide a home for each delegate, either in private families, hotels, or boarding-houses; that any delegate declining to pay the $2 required shall be responsible for his own accommodation; that in case of a surplus arising it shall be handed over to the Contingent Fund Committee; that the President of Conference, the Superintendent of District, and the ministers of the town where the Conference is held be a committee to make arrangements for the public service of the Conference.

CONTINGENT FUND.

The Rev. JOHN R. CLARK submitted a series of resolutions for the establishment of the "Home Relief and Contingent Fund of the Bay of Quinte Conference." The motion elicited considerable discussion, and was ultimately referred to a small committee who shall report at a future session of the Conference.

EVANGELISTIC.

The draft of a constitution for a proposed Evangelistic Society was read and adopted, except the last clause, which was referred to the Stationing Committee.

The Committee on the Board of Examiners recommend that the names of James C. Seymour and T. J. Edmison, B.D., be added to the Board.

The Rev. F. H. Wallace, B.D., was appointed examiner for theological students at Cobourg, and Rev. Chas. Fish for the same purpose at Montreal.

On motion the Revs. Dr Jacques and A. Campbell with Messrs. W. F. Hall and J. Aylesworth were added to the Committee on Education, and it was resolved that the Committee be instructed to consider and report as to the future work of the Rev. A. Campbell as agent of Albert College.

The report of the Committee on Statistics was read, slightly amended, and adopted, as follows:—That in the absence of authentic reports from the different branches forming the Methodist Church, the Conference order each Superintendent, immediately on his re-

Ladu, superannuated; Belleville west, J. J. Rice Belleville north, George Leach; Trenton West Charles Fish, Wm. Young, superannuated; Trenton east, George W. Dewey; Wm. E. Norman, superannuated; Sidney, Wm. H. Cook, Biram Williams, Alexander Wright, superannuated; Foxboro, E. E. Howard, B. H. Leitch, A. C. Maybee, superannuated: Canifton, Samuel McCauley, B. A., Hiram Allen; Shannonville, J. C. Ash, R. L. Edwards; Frankford, William H. Peake, Robert M. Pope, W. B. Tucker, T. O'Donahue, to go to College.

Napanee District—Napanee East, M. L. Pearson, L. A. Betts, superannuated; John Inwood, left without an appointment at his own request; Napanee west, J. F. Wilson, D. Wilson, superannuated; Deseronto, D. O. Crossley; Morven, J. A. Jewell, B. A.; Newburgh, Wm. Briden, G. S. Reynolds; Wilton, George Robinson; Odessa, J. J. Leach, Bath, R. N. Adams; Adolphustown, R. N. Young; Bay, J. E. Robeson; Selby, Thos. Clenworth; Roblin, C. P. Frizell; Centreville, James Paul; Tamworth, S. F. Depew; Yarker, M. J. Bates; Marlbank, E. A. Sanderson; Arden, Moses Metherall, N. D. Drew; Plevna, Charles Wearing; Vennachar, E. G. P. Sanderson.

Picton District—Picton, Church street, John S Clarke, Garrett J. Dingman, superannuated: Main street, Wm. Elliott, B. A., who shall exchange with, and be under the superintendency of the Minister of Picton, Church street; Consecon, Thos. W. Pickett; Wellington, E. N. Baker, M. A.; Melville and Hallowell, Wm. Limbert (Chisnolm); Ameliasburgh, S. B. Phillips, Wm. D. P. Wilson; Rednerville, Thos. J. Edmison, B. D., Wm. Sanderson; Bloomfield, Wm. Jolliffe; Cherry Valley, Jas. McFarlane; Milford, W. Tomblin; Cressy, J. C. Seymour, Picton; F. H. Osborne, Prinyer; Demorestville, Wm. H. Palmer; Northport, Christopher L. Thompson.

Brighton District—Brighton, John Bredin, D.D. Charles Taggart, superannuated; R. Hewitt, a member of the Irish conference who is permitted to reside in Canada; Main street, P. J. Park; Colborne, I. Weldon, James Hughes, George Carr, superannuated; Salem, Tobias Myers; Smithfield, Joseph Kilgour; Castleton, Alexander R. Campbell; Hilton, S. A. Duprau; Norham, Alexander Martin; Wakeworth, Wm. Buchanan; Campbellford, Arthur Browning, R. B. Denike, superannuated; Seymour east, George Dunkley; Seymour west, R. W. Marsh; Hastings, E. D. Lewis, Woller, Wm. Tucker.

Cobourg District—Cobourg, Division Street, Francis H. Wallace, B. D., Samuel S. Nelles, D. D., LL. D., Chancellor of Victoria University; Nathaniel Burwash, S. T. D., dean of faculty of theology and professor of Biblical and systematic theology; Alfred H. Reynar, M. A., professor of modern languages and literature; George C. Workman, M. A., adjutant professor in theology; Richard Jones, Robert Brooking, John English, superannuated; Cobourg, King street, Joseph Young; Port Hope, Brown street, John Learoyd, Alex. T. Green, superannuated; Port Hope, Walton street, George H. Copeland, F. R. Hull, supernumerary; Grafton, John W. Marvin; Canton, John Davies, Gilbert Horton; Welcome, R. T. Courtice, W. H. Learoyd, R. Hurley, superannuated; Plainville, Wm. J. Maybee, M. A., H. E. Bailey; Baltimore, Richard M. Hammond; Centreton, Robert Taylor; Venella and Alderville, Joseph C. Bell.

Peterboro District—Peterboro, George street, Isaac Tovell, J. W. Butcher, superannuated; Peterboro, Charlotte street, Thos. Manning, B.A.; Ashburnham, Foster McAmmond, B. A.; Millbrook, James Anderson; Cavan, Albert C. Wilson, South Monaghan, Francis Johnston; Keene, Jno. Toseland; Norwood, Daniel F. Gee; Lakefield, Wm. Johnston, S. W. Thompson; Warsaw, w. W. Lloyd; Bethany and Janetville, David N. McCamus, Ed. A. Tompkin, W. Down; South Manvers W. J. West; Hiawatha, W. V. Sexmith; Blairton, J. W. Puffer; Hall's Bridge, John Mears, under the superintendent of Lakefield; Mud Lake to be supplied from Hall's Bridge; Chandos, J. X. Moran, H. W. Mounteer.

Lindsay District—Lindsay, William H. Emsley, Percy M. Punshon, James Greener, John A. Rogers, superannuated; Dunsford, John Power; Omemee, John C. Wilson, R. J. Fallis; Oakland, A. Doxsee, G. Carpenter; Little Britain, Roger Allen, James Calbeck; Manilla, R. Malletl, B. A.; Cannington, W. Burns, Alfred Inwood, Fenelon Falls, Charles W. Watch; Minden, H. Thomas, J. H. Oak; Haliburton, Edward Keys, Coboconk, T S. McKee, one to be sent; Kinmount, S. Ferguson; Bobcaygeon T. P. Steel, A. L. Adam; Woodville, Wm. M. Pattyson; Beaverton, W. L. Scott; Atherly, Benj. Greatrix, H. C. Garbutt; Victoria Road, Richard Duke; Dalrymple, John Lawrence, Mammoth, Hiram Fusee; David Balfour and M. E. Wilson go to College; Gooderhom, one wanted.

Madoc District—Madec, F. B. Stratton and W. C. Beer; Stirling, Lambley and McQuade; Tweed, Edward Crogg, J. W. Andrews (at Bridgewater); West Huntingdon, J. A. McAmus; Thomasburgh, D. Williams, J. J. Rea; Marmora, Andrew Wilson; Madoc North, R. L. Oakley; Flinton, T. Brown; Limerick, Wm Combe; Bancroft, T. H. McDonald. Cloyne, W. J. Saunders; Wm. B. Tucker, D. Williams, W. Combes. J. Ferguson go to college; W. H. Hudgins to be provided a station.

ment of the professional staff and the equipment necessary for the several departments of science claim a continuous and increasing financial support. The speaker referred to co-education as a comparatively new feature in college life, and he hoped that Albert College would soon be filled with students and its treasury replenished with funds. Referring to the location of Victoria University at Cobourg, he said that if it were to remain there they would require at least $100,000 to erect suitable new buildings. There was a strong feeling in the west that Victoria ought to go to Toronto. In that case $500,000 would be needed for building purposes. In reference to amalgamation with the Provincial University, he thought that the advocates of that union do not fully understand the position. Their views are partial and one-sided. So grave a question cannot be settled without patient and prolonged study. Victoria University never would contract her sphere of operation to a mere theological school. The true theory is for the church to hold herself responsible for the entire education of her youth.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Conference opened at 9 o'clock Friday, President Curts in the chair. After devotional services, which were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Bredin, the minutes were read and confirmed. The Secretary nominated the Rev. J. J. Rice, Assistant Secretary, and the Rev. Mr. Emsley Journal Secretary. The nominations were confirmed by the conference.

COMMITTEE ON NOMINATIONS.

The following Committee on Nominations was reported as elected by ballot:—Revds. John Learoyd, J. Clarkson, M. L. Pearson, J. S. Clarke, T. Manning Wm. Burns and Messrs. T. Gibbard, S. Wilmott, J. Aylsworth, G. D. Platt, J. C. Sherm, Wm. Eyres. The Committee was instructed to nominate Standing and Special Committees on Missions, Education, Memorials, Course of Study, Contingent Fund, Sabbath Schools, the State of the Work, and the Centenary of Methodism in America. The Committee were allowed to retire, and afterwards brought in their report on the above committees, which was adopted by Conference.

ONTARIO LADIES' COLLEGE.

Mr. H. B. Taylor, Treasurer of the Ladies' College, in Whitby, was introduced to the Conference, and addressed the assembly on the position and prospects of that institution. It was moved by Rev. Dr. Badgley, and seconded by Rev. Mr. Leach, "That having listened to the address of Mr. H. B. Taylor, and also the address of Rev. I. Tovell, a visitor of the College, we heartily express the pleasure given to us by their statements, and extend to the college our cordial sympathy and patronage.

The cordial greetings of the Guelph Conference were presented by telegram to the Bay of Quinte Conference.

The Secretary was instructed to send a suitable reply, and also to send Christian greetings to the Toronto Conference now in session.

The report of Alma College for the past year was read by the Secretary. The institution is in a prosperous condition.

On motion, the Rev. Richard Jones was added to the Committee on Education, and appointed Treasurer of its funds.

After an interesting discussion, involving the fate of several motions and amendments it was resolved that the next annual meeting of this Conference commence on the first Thursday in June, 1885. A resolution of thankfulness for the partial restoration to health of the Rev. Dr. Rice was cordially adopted by a rising vote.

On motion, it was resolved to appoint a small committee to act in conjunction with similar committees of other evangelical bodies to secure a place for the Methodist Church, the Conference order each Superintendent, immediately on his return, to furnish a correct report of the membership and connexional funds by appointments to his successors and also to the Financial Secretary of his district, who shall immediately report to the Secretary of the Conference; the membership to include those on trial under 16 years of age and the amount of salary.

The Rev. Dr. JACQUES read the pastoral address which was adopted.

The Conference adjourned at half-past four in order that the Stationing Committee should complete their work.

The Conference met at 8 o'clock Monday evening and was opened with the President in the chair. The reports of the following committees were read and adopted: On Sunday Schools, Alma College, on the Children's Fund, on Missions, on Temperance, on Church Property, on the Pastoral Address, and Sale of Church Property.

CHURCH PROPERTY.

The following properties were allowed to be sold, the proceeds to be applied according to the terms of the basis of union:—M. E. Church in Colborne, M. E. Church at Zion, M. E. Church in Castleton, C. M. Church in Providence, C. M. Church in Tamworth, Church at the Armstrong appointment, Church in Sydney, B. C. Church in Cobourg, B. C. Parsonage in Port Hope, Mallory's Church in Grafton, M. E. Church in Smith's Falls, M. E. Church and Parsonage in Campbellford, B. C. Church and Parsonage in Campbellford, M. E. Church and Parsonage in Hastings, M. Church in Lifford, B. C. Church in Lindsay, M. Church in Woodville.

SUPERANNUATES.

The Revs. Thos. Woolsey, John Ferguson and Eli Woodcock were placed on the list of superannuated ministers.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

The committee reported organization as follows:—Rev. John Bredin, D.D., chairman; Rev. Isaac Lovell, secretary. It was resolved that the examiners shall forward their manuscript questions to the secretary the first week in April; the secretary shall superintend their printing and distribution; the Board of Examiners shall meet the probationers and candidates in Brighton on the last Wednesday in April, 1885, at 9 o'clock a.m., and the certificates shall be presented to the successful candidates at the close of the examination.

HELP WANTED.

A memorial from the Official Board of the Tabernacle in Belleville was received, asking for financial relief from the funds proposed to be raised for embarrassed churches. The memorial was referred to the committee on the Centennial of Methodism.

A RESIGNATION.

Rev. Mr. MAVETY, M.A., tendered his resignation and asked for credentials of ministerial standing. The request was granted with expressions of regret that Mr. Mavety should feel it his duty to sever his connection with the Methodist Church in the Dominion.

EVANGELISTICAL AGENCY.

The report of the committee on the State of the Work, which recommended the employment of one or more evangelists, was received. The Stationing Committee recommended that the question of employing an evangelist by the Conference be deferred for one year. After discussion the recommendation was adopted.

FINAL LIST OF STATIONS.

The secretary read the stations as finally revised by the committee as follows:—

Belleville District—Belleville Centre, John B. Clarkson, M.A., Wellington Jeffers, D. D., superannuated; Tabernacle, James Curts, president of conference; J. R. Jacques, D. D., principal of Albert College; W. P. Dyer, professor of natural sciences; A. Campbell, bursar; Wm. Bird, S. W. [illegible], W. Combes. J. Ferguson go to college; W. H. Hudgins to be provided a station.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

After which the following officers were elected:—

Belleville District—President Curts, Superintendent; Chas. Fish, Financial Secretary.

Napanee District—M. L. Pearson, chairman; and Wm. Breden, Financial Secretary.

Picton District—John S. Clarke, Chairman; and Thos. Pickett, Financial Secretary.

Brighton District—John Breden, D.D., Chairman; and A. Browning, Secretary.

Cobourg District—John Learoyd, Chairman; and Joseph Young, Secretary.

Peterboro District—Isaac Lovell, President; J. Anderson, Secretary.

Lindsay District—Wm. Burns Chairman; Wm. Emsley, Secretary.

Madoc District—O. R. Lambley, M.A., Chairman; F. B. Stratton, Secretary.

In the afternoon session the reports of the Committees on Church Property and the State of the Work were presented.

Rev. Mr. Clarkson resigned his position on the Conference Special Committee, in order to allow the ex-Bible Christian Church to have representation thereon. The name of Rev. J. J. Rice was then substituted.

Rev. Wm. Joliffe was elected a representative to the Sabbath School Board.

It was moved that the financial secretaries meet the day before conference to make their returns to the general treasurers of the connexional funds.

The Centenary Fund Committee urged that the fund be employed to aid in connexional purposes. Another item of the report asked that $2,500 be raised within the bounds of the conference to cover church debts, etc., half payable this year and half next. Referred to the special conference committee.

There was considerable discussion over the request for special aid for the Tabernacle church, Belleville. Some maintained that it was necessary to still hold the church, others that it should be sold. It was urged that the singling out of one church for aid was a bad precedent. Anything done in connection with the edifice must be done before the 1st August.

It was ordered on motion that each superintendent of circuit, seeing that there is only one collection for the Contingent Fund in the year, bring this collection well before the minds of his people.

THE PRESIDENT'S CLOSING ADDRESS.

President CURTS then expressed his gratitude to conference for its forbearance. He had not heard one unkind word during all the session. Of course they had been enthusiastic and in earnest, but had considered the feelings of every brother. He trusted that the spirit of Christian sympathy and love would continue and get stronger until the perfect day. They were now about to separate, and in the ordsr of kind Providence hoped to meet again, but if not he wanted to meet all in that grand and glorious region above. He trusted that Good would make this year the most successful they had ever seen. He believed such would be the case; did the conference? (Cries of "Yes, yes.") If it pleased the Lord we shall have it. The brethern should come to next conference bearing many sheaves, which shall by and bye be the stars in their crown of rejoicing. May God grant it.

The doxology was sung heartily and the President pronounced the benediction.

Down in Dixie.

The wife of Mr. J. Kennedy, dealer in drugs in Dixie, was cured of a chronic cough by Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. The best throat and lung healer known.

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FOR THE COOL EVENINGS we show a fine range of Honey Comb Wool Shawls, in all the best colorings, pink, white, cream, cardinal, pale blue and grenat.

FOR THE WET WEATHER we have a splendid lot of women's and children's Rubber Circulars, in all sizes, to fit small, medium size and tall women and children of all ages. Rubber coats for men.

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BIRTHS.

LANE.—In Denbigh, on Wednesday June 4th, the wife of Mr. Samuel Lane of a son.

REID.—In Napanee, on Thursday, June 26th, the wife of Dr. Reid of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BRENNAN—LYNCH—At Centreville, on Monday 23rd of June, by the Rev. Father Twomey, Mr. Daniel Brennan of North Fredericksburgh, to Miss Mary Lynch of Croyden.

DEATHS.

AYLSWORTH—At Napanee, on Sunday, June 22nd, 1884, John Aylsworth, aged 80 years and 9 months.

—The soothing and restorative effects of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral are realized at once in all cases of colds, coughs, throat or lung troubles, while its far reaching and powerful healing powers are always demonstrated in the most serious pulmonary disorders.

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SIDNEY'S FOLLY

CHAPTER I.

When John Daunt built the first cloth mills at Ashford, in Broadshire, the county gentry, who mustered pretty strongly in the neighborhood, had been at first petrified with astonishment, then boiling over with indignation. That their charming valley should be disfigured by those ugly structures of brick and mortar rising on its most beautiful sites, that their silvery streams should be stained with obnoxious dyes, that the streets of their quiet sleepy aristocratic old town, which piqued itself on its Conservative principles, should be overrun by mill hands, that their select but eminently dull society should perhaps be taken by storm by some objectionable tradesman who had made his money by broadcloth, was not to be borne with equanimity. The whole population—at least the "upper ten"—of Ashford rose up in arms; they would petition Parliament—they would show these upstart *nouveaux riches* that they were not to be imposed upon; they would send Mr. Daunt to Coventry, and take very good care that their doors were not open to him.

It was doubtful whether John Daunt was ever aware of the animosity with which they regarded his establishing himself among them. If he was, he certainly took no heed. The sites chosen were admirably suited for his purpose, the water of the pretty river winding in and out among the hills like a silver eel was excellent for dyeing, and no opposition would have prevented him from carrying out his plans. Swiftly and inexorably the great many-windowed buildings rose, with their outbuildings and boilers and chimneys. Presently the silvery waters in the neighborhood of these buildings became of as many colors as Joseph's coat, and on the surrounding fields lay great layers of wool drying and bleaching; long rows of pretty little cottages sprang up as if by magic; loud bells rang at stated hours, calling the mill hands to work or announcing their dinner hour, disturbing the decorous quiet of the little town; busy workers passed to and fro, the tradespeople brightened at the rapid increase of business. Mr. Daunt advertised for plans for a new church, the parish church not being sufficient for the increased and increasing number of inhabitants; and from a quiet sleepy indolent centre sprang up a hive like community.

But the climax of Mr. Daunt's presumption was only reached, in the eyes of the gentry of Ashford, when he purchased the beautiful estate of Lambswold, and settled there with his wife and little son. Lambswold had been for centuries in the possession of the ancient but impoverished family of Langdons; and the last of the race was heartily glad to find a purchaser for an estate which he had neither the means to keep up nor the inclination even if he had had the means. The sale itself was bad enough, Ashford thought; but that the beautiful park and stately Elizabethan residence should become the property of a tradesman was infinitely worse. To be sure, their views were modified a little when it became known that Mr.

languor which characterised his manner. His hair was dark, and slightly waved, but cut close to a well shaped head, set proudly upon his shoulders, and he wore a short thick dark beard, which made him look older than his thirty years. His dress was extremely plain, and utterly void of any suspicion of dandyism, but he wore it easily and well, and the cut of his coat showed that he patronized a first-rate tailor and did him honor.

The great iron-clamped hall door behind him was wide open, but Stephen stood looking over the autumnal landscape with a very softened dreamy look in his gray eyes and a little smile about his mouth, like the expression of one who has some pleasant thought to bear him company. He lingered thus for a few minutes; then he turned and entered the house.

The gray autumn dusk had crept into the great hall, and was struggling with the ruddy light of the blazing fire for the mastery. It was a stately, lofty apartment, with a floor and ceiling of shining dark oak, the latter massively carved, and a superb wainscoting and panels of the same wood. There was a Turkey carpet in the centre of the polished floor, the furniture consisting of high backed carved chairs, and oaken cabinets containing curious old Indian china; and a handsome black retriever rose up from a rug before the fire, and came to meet Stephen, wagging his tail in friendly salutations, and looking up into his face with pleading, beautiful brown eyes.

"Eyes like," Stephen Daunt began, half aloud, then broke off suddenly, with a little laugh, and a slight color in his usually pale cheek, which perhaps had been brought there by the heat of the great wood fire burning so cheerfully on the open hearth under the tall carved mantel piece, the shelf of which was about level with Stephen's head, as he stood tall and straight before it.

Perhaps it was the recollection of those other eyes of which Rover's eyes reminded him which made him bend over the dog and stroke his shining head so gently; but Stephen Daunt was very fond of animals, and they returned the affection with interest.

"How are you, old fellow?" he said cheerily. "You ought not to lie so near the fire; it will do you no good. Where are the ladies, Brooke?" he asked turning to a servant who was crossing the hall and came forward to remove his young master's overcoat.

"Her ladyship is in the yellow drawing room, sir; I have just taken tea in there."

Most of the sitting rooms at Lambswold opened into the hall; and passing through a little ante-room full of old china and *bric-a-brac* of various kinds, Stephen entered the yellow drawing room, pushing aside the heavy Eastern looking *portiere* with due precaution, for Lady Eva's nerves were not, or she thought they were not, of the strongest, and her son loved her tenderly and believed in her ailments implicitly.

The autumnal dusk which the ruddy glare of the fire had so successfully combated in the hall had obtained more mastery in the yellow drawing room, where the light of the wood fire was carefully shaded and screened. It was a long nar-

"Then why don't you pour it out?" he asked.

"I thought you would prefer waiting for Sibyl," Dolly answered. "You always say her tea is the best."

"You lazy little mortal! I verily believe you do not want the trouble of pouring it out!" said her brother, laughing. "Where is Miss Neil?"

"She is out."

"Out? Then we certainly shall not wait for her. Where is she gone? Into town?"

"No, only into the park. I thought you would have met her. She said she would not be long, and she has been gone nearly an hour."

"Well, I don't think we need wait for her," Stephen Daunt remarked. "Give me some tea, Dolly."

"Miss Neil was entertaing Mr Rutledge most of the afternoon," said Lady Eva languidly, as her son brought her some tea, and stood holding the sugar and cream while she sweetened it to her taste.

"Indeed," he said slowly, his face changing a little. "I suppose she required some fresh air after her exertions?"

"She said she did," Dolly answered laughingly. "Here is your tea my impatient brother!"

"Thank you, my Griselda among sisters," he said, taking it from her and going back to his arm chair. "How did it happen that Miss Neil had to do the honors to Mr. Rutledge?"

"Simply because he asked for her," Dolly replied quickly.

"Asked for her!" the young man echoed in surprise. "For Miss Neil?"

"Even so," Dolly replied sententiously, and there was a little silence, during which the girl's bright eyes glanced keenly at her brother's face as he lay back in his chair sipping his tea lazily, with an expression she could not quite understand.

"Did he remain long?" he asked presently.

"Yes, nearly an hour."

Stephen laughed a little, and the shadow which had gathered on Dolly's pretty face lifted slightly.

"It would be a most excellent match for Miss Neil," Lady Eva said, in her calm even tones. "He is very well off and holds a good position. If she refuses him, it will be very foolish of her."

"I hardly think she means to refuse him," Dolly remarked, with a troubled look on her fair young face.

"No, she is a sensible girl," rejoined Lady Eva. "Handsome as she is, she could not have expected such good fortune. Men do not generally care to marry girls who have no antecedents, neither family, nor position, nor money."

"But Sibyl is so beautiful, mamma."

"Yes; but that alone is not sufficient," Lady Eva answered. "She is too silent on the subject of her family not to wish to hide something."

"But one does not marry a woman's family—one marries herself," remarked Stephen cooly from the depths of his arm chair.

"But one likes to know whom one is marrying," Lady Eva returned quickly. "Mr. Rutledge is so hopelessly in love that he does not consider the matter

To be sure, their views were modified a little when it became known that Mr. Daunt's wife was an earl's daughter; and presently people thought it would only be right to call upon Lady Eva Daunt and receive her husband for her sake; and, having once done so, they found that the despised tradesman was a true-hearted, upright, honorable man, none the less a gentleman in the only true sense of the word because he was a clever man of business, who had to some extent indeed been the maker of his own fortunes. And thus gradually Mr. Daunt became the most influential man in Ashford, not only because of his vast wealth, but because of his great ability.

When his son was old enough to take an active share in the management of the business, John Daunt was elected to represent his borough in Parliament—the first Liberal candidate ever returned for Ashford. This honor—one he duly prized and appreciated—kept Mr. Daunt in London during some months of the year; but Lady Eva and her young daughter remained at Lambswold. Her ladyship's health was very delicate, and she was never so well as when she was at Lambswold. It would be time enough to go to London, she said, when she was obliged on Dolly's account; but Dolly was only seventeen now, and could not be presented yet. And Stephen Daunt, for reasons best known to himself perhaps, preferred Ashford to any other spot on earth; he had made the grand tour on leaving college, and had never cared to go away for any time since. He was thoroughly interested in his business, anxious for the moral and physical welfare of the "hands," and, if there were any other attraction which kept him at Lambswold during eleven months of the year, Dolly, with her bright blue eyes, was the only person who suspected it.

After all, it would have been difficult to find a more charming home than Lambswold. The quaint old house stood in the midst of a well-wooded, extensive, and beautiful park which always looked lovely—in the spring with its tender greens and budding leaves, in the summer with its fuller, richer beauty, in the autumn with its varied tints of brown and russet and orange, and in the winter, when the grass was covered with snow and the trees were hung with icicles glittering in the sunshine like myriads of diamonds.

It was autumn now—for the month was September. But few of the leaves had fallen as yet, for the weather had been mild and balmy; but the green of the foliage had given place to gold and brown and russet, and it was only the more lovely for the change.

Stephen Daunt, coming round from the stable yard, whither he had driven on his return from the factory, to see a favorite dog which had been ailing, stood still for a moment on the broad stone steps leading up to the hall door, and looked away over the park, which familiarity had by no means robbed of its beauty in his eyes.

He was a tall man of thirty, strongly yet finely built, with dark gray eyes, which, although their usual expression was keen, almost piercing, could look very tender at times. He was not a handsome man, but he was pleasant to look upon, and there was something very attractive in the blending of strength and tery in the yellow drawing room, where the light of the wood fire was carefully shaded and screened. It was a long narrow room with three tall French windows opening on to a terrace, and lighted in the immediate vicinity of the fire by two shaded lamps, which made a soft pleasant illumination at the end of the dim room. Two ladies were sitting there in the mellow lamplight. One was leaning back in a cushioned arm chair, with closed eyes and a bored, languid expression on her still beautiful refined face; the other was sitting on a stool, an open book upon her knee, and the light fell upon her as she sat, turning her pretty fair hair into threads of gold and touching a flower-like young face which bore a strong likeness to the other lady's lovely faded countenance.

As Stephen entered, two pairs of blue eyes turned towards the door and brightened perceptibly—eyes very like each other even now, although one pair was faded and languid, the other bright and clear—and two voices in glad tones uttered his name—

"Stephen!"

The young man went forward, smiling, and giving one swift glance round the room. Perhaps he was disappointed at finding his mother and sister its only occupants; but there was no trace of disappointment in his voice as he bent over his mother and put his lips to her brow.

"Mother, how are you to-day?" he said gently; and Lady Eva Daunt smiled languidly, and said she was pretty well, and asked if he was not rather early, and looked at him kindly with her pretty, faded blue eyes, very fond and proud, as they always were when they rested on her son.

It was always a subject of faint wonder to Lady Eva how she had become the mother of such a tall son, she herself being so small and fairy-like, like her daughter, who was a regular "pocket Venus," and who looked not unlike a pretty piece of Dresden china, as she stood in the firelight, smiling at her tall brother, in her pretty velvet dress of a rich crimson hue, with a quaint Vandyke collar and cuffs at her white throat and wrists, a most becoming dress to her flower like complexion and golden hair.

"You are delightfully early to-day, Stephen,' she said gaily. "It is so pleasant to see you!"

"Is it? That is a very welcome greeting, Dolly," he replied, in a low mellow tone. "I suppose you have been somewhat bored?"

"Just a little. You are in time for some tea."

"So I was glad to hear from Brooke," he answered, leisurely dropping into an arm chair near the little tea table. "Mother, I had a telegram from London this afternoon.

"I had a letter from your father," she said languidly. "He is well, and will return in a few day. I suppose your telegram related to business."

"Yes, partly," Stephen answered slowly, smiling a little, for Lady Eva's knowledge of business was absolutely *nil*, and her indifference equalled it. "Well, Dolly, is the tea sufficiently drawn?"

"Yes, I think so," Dolly replied, peering into the Queen Anne tea pot with a little laugh.

marrying," Lady Eva returned quickly. "Mr. Rutledge is so hopelessly in love that he does not consider the matter sufficiently perhaps, and Miss Neil is a very lucky girl."

"How lucky, *madre*?"

"To marry so well," Lady Eva answered, relapsing into her usual languor, but glancing keenly at her son nevertheless.

"To marry a man she dislikes!" Stephen Daunt said contemptuously.

"Why should she dislike him?" Lady Eva said plaintively, flushing a little.

"I know no reason; but that she does so is almost evident," Stephen replied calmly. "Dolly, some more sugar, if you please."

"I have seen nothing to make me suppose she dislikes him," his mother rejoined.

"Have you not, *madre*? Where have your eyes been?"

"I saw that she was flirting with Frank Greville," Lady Eva said, putting down her empty cup. "But that, of course, would be absurd. He is some years her junior. Mr. Greville would not hear of it, and Frank could not marry without his father's consent. Besides, Mr. Greville has other views for his son."

"Frank is hardly likely to let those views prevent him from falling in love," Stephen replied, with a sudden color in his face, as he impatiently caught up a little hand screen of peacocks' feathers and held it between his face and the fire.

"No, perhaps not; but those views would effectually prevent Miss Neil from giving any serious encouragement to his attentions," remarked Lady Eva, with some decision; and there was another pause.

Dolly glanced wistfully at her brother. He was sitting leaning a little forward, with a thoughtful, almost sad look on his face; then, meeting her glance, he smiled, threw aside the little screen, and rose from his seat.

"I think I will go and have a cigar before dinner," he said carelessly. "Will you have a turn with me, Dolly?"

"Yes. I have not been out to-day," the girl answered readily. "I will not keep you waiting, Stephen. Can I do anything for you before I go, mamma?"

"No, thank you, my dear. Don't stay out long," continued her ladyship, nestling back upon her cushions. "It is damp and chilly to-night."

Stephen had not to wait many minutes before his sister joined him; and they sauntered away together, Dolly's hand through her brother's arm, Stephen with a cigar between his lips. The dusk had crept over the park now, and there was a slight mist rising, but it was pleasant enough in the long avenue.

Both brother and sister were silent for some minutes, then Dolly spoke, with just a *soupçon* of timidity in her sweet girlish voice.

"Do you think Sibyl will marry Mr. Rutledge?" she asked.

"If he asks her, I dare say she will," Stephen answered hurriedly, some painful feeling making his voice rather husky and strained. "For goodness sake drop the subject, Dolly! I am tired of it. For the last month Miss Neil's matrimonial chances have been the subject of conversation everywhere. I am tired of them."

Dolly's blue eyes opened to their widest extent. Stephen was, in general, so calm and languid and even-tempered that his irritability rather surprised her; and she held her tongue discreetly, wondering what had annoyed him. They strolled on in silence under the clustering foliage.

"Was not that some one like Frank Greville?" Stephen said, breaking the silence at last, and removing his cigar from his lips as he looked after a man's figure hurriedly disappearing in the direction of the lodge.

"I did not notice," Dolly answered. "It would not be Frank though, Stephen, because he has not been here this afternoon.

"He may have met Miss Neil in the grounds, and remained with her.'

"Shall we go down the covered walk then?" Dolly suggested. "We shall meet Sibyl, if she is still out."

They turned into a walk leading from the avenue to a more retired part of the grounds, which was so favorite a walk of Lady Eva's when she was able to be out that it was generally called "My Lady's Walk," and one or two pretty garden seats had been placed there for her convenience. The young people were walking slowly, still arm in arm, and the tip of Stephen's cigar was burning redly in the twilight, when Dolly suddenly quickened her pace.

"There is Sibyl on the second seat," she said hurriedly. "She is resting I suppose."

"Yes, that is Miss Neil," Stephen responded, hastening also; while Dolly raised her voice and called out gaily—

"Sibyl, Sibyl!"

There was no answer, and the lady on the seat did not turn her head towards them.

"She has gone to sleep," Dolly said, laughing, as they hurried on; but the next moment, when they reached the seat, they found that she was not asleep, but evidently a prey to some overwhelming fear or agitation, which made Dolly run to her pityingly and put her arms round her.

"Why, Sibyl, what is it, dear?" she asked gently; and Miss Neil rose, looking around her with wild terrified eyes.

Even her intense pallor and convulsive agitation could not conceal the wonderful beauty of Dolly Daunt's governess. Her features were perfectly regular and purely Greek in outline; her eyes, now wide and wild and fearful, were "darkly, deeply, beautiful blue;" in stature she was tall and queenly, and the graceful form which stood swaying to and fro was clad in soft dark robes which fitted it to perfection.

"What is it, Sibyl?" Dolly repeated. "Are you ill? Oh, Stephen, she will fall!" the girl cried in distress.

"She has been frightened," said Stephen, in a low voice, giving the failing form the support it needed. "There is nothing to fear now, Sibyl," he added gently.

At first the gentle words seemed to have no significance, for the girl stared at him wildly; but the next moment she murmured something unintelligibly with pallid lips, the convulsive movements of her hands ceased, and her head fell back on Stephen's shoulder as she fainted away.

FOR THE FARMER.

How One Farmer "Struck."

The last year's crop of potatoes was a large one all through the country, and it became evident to a Central Massachusetts farmer, who reads the papers, that the price must rule low through the winter, and that his best time to sell would be directly after harvesting. Having decided to sell he approached a few of the grocers in the village of his town, and proposed to furnish them with a few hundred bushels to supply their retail trade, requesting them to let him know when they were ready to lay in their stock for the winter.

Supposing from their replies that he would be duly notified, he went home and harvested his crop which was a fine one. A few days later carloads of potatoes arrived from out of the State, and were unloaded into the dealers' cellars. On learning of the fact our enterprising farmer inquired, "Why is this thus?" and the following conversation, in substance, passed between the parties:

Farmer—"Mr. Grocer, did I not ask you to let me know when you was ready to buy my stock of potatoes, and did you not promise to do so?"

Grocer—"Well, yes, I suppose I did, but then I had no idea that you would be willing to sell yours at any such price as we can buy these carred potatoes for, from Maine and New York State."

F.—"But it was your duty to do as you promised before purchasing. Now what do these imported potatoes cost you?"

G.—"We pay fifty-five cents by the carload."

G.—"Then including cost of trucking from the cars to your cellars, and the loss of weight from shrinkage between the field where they were grown and weighed, perhaps two or three weeks ago, they must cost you about sixty cents a bushel in your cellars."

G.—"I suppose about that figure."

F.—"Now I have made up my mind to sell you my potatoes at sixty cents per bushel, and if you should have done by me as you agreed, the trade would now be made, and I should be hauling the potatoes to your cellar."

G.—"Well, if you wish to sell at fifty-five cents, what we paid for the others, we will take them."

F.—"No! But that is not what they cost. If you take mine you must pay me sixty."

G.—"Can't do it."

F.—"My dear friend, I am a citizen of the same town in which you are doing business. I am taxed heavily for the privilege of owning a farm, and living and working upon it, within convenient distance of this village market, and I propose at this time to show you that I intend to make the most of the advantages for which I am taxed. If your policy is to give your trade to farmers four hundred miles away, out of town, and out of the State, then I must protect myself as best I can. Tomorrow morning I will have circulars printed, and ready to distribute to every house holder in this village, and in those circulars I will state that I have just harvested a fine lot of first quality home potatoes, which I will deliver to families in five or ten bushel lots, at sixty cents a bushel; that I will receive orders by post-

to load a light manure cart, with sprinkler for spreading on the land; such apparatus would not be very expensive; its cost would probably be repaid by the increased product in a very few years, and the labor of handling the liquid in this way would be far less than of loading and spreading manure in the ordinary way. Those who have used a windmill, and knows how cheaply and easily it pumps a large supply of water, will readily understand how easily the liquid manure could be taken care of in this way.

Such an arrangement would be very useful also upon a market garden where strawy horse manure is handled from the city in large quantities, and must be kept from overheating in summer. If wet down often with liquid manure from a windmill tank, it would rot rapidly, and be worth several times as much as the "firefanged" mass we often see on gardeners' premises in autumn.

The problem of applying the sewage of our large cities to irrigation is still puzzling the best engineers; the sewage could be used, perhaps, with profit in a dry summer, but what to do with it in a wet summer, or in winter, are still unsolved questions. It must be disposed of all the time, and the only safe way now seems to be to dump it into the sea at enormous expense and at considerable risk of filling the channels of our harbors.

Harrowing Spring Crops.

It was just twenty-three years ago when I wanted to harrow in a field to which access could only be had by the road a mile around, or across a corner of a field of fall wheat. I told my man to drag the harrow across the wheat. "It will destroy it," said he. "Never mind, I don't think it will; and if it does it is better than going around by the road." It was done, and the wheat was supposed to be ruined. It was a heavy straight-toothed harrow. But by and by a bright green stripe could be seen across the wheat where the harrow had gone over it, and when we came to look at it, the plants were taller and thicker than anywhere else. And when the wheat was cut the man remarked as we crossed the strip, "there's where we drew that harrow." Since then I have harrowed every crop in the spring—the fall grain, corn and potatoes. The harrow is a light one, with forty teeth, which slope backward, and it loosens up the ground about the fall grain, and mellows the soil for the grass seed. Corn and potatoes are harrowed as soon as the planting is done, and again when the plants first show above ground. Not one plant in a hundred is disturbed, but the young weeds lie on the surface in myriads. I have kept up the harrowing until the plants were several inches high, and if it were not for the necessity for working the soil my last years' corn crop would have needed no cultivation at all after the second harrowing, for it would have kept them down without help. I have learned to believe very firmly that the harrow is the most useful of our farm implements, and if we only study it and its work more we shall appreciate it far more highly than we do, and of course we shall use it more skilfully and profitably.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

SNAKE POISONING.

mured something unintelligibly with pallid lips, the convulsive movements of her hands ceased, and her head fell back on Stephen's shoulder as she fainted away.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Woman's Toothache.

She looked in at the dentist's door, say the Lewiston *Journal*, and said she had a tooth she believed had a cavity in it, may be she'd have it out if he wouldn't hurt any. The dentist aasured her he never hurt anybody. She said she expected her teeth would hurt awful hard. They wasn't like anybody's else. He said he guessed that was so. She said she knew it would kill her to have a tooth pulled, for she couldn't stand anything. She knew she should faint or scream or do sonething horrid, and the like of that ; she always did. He said he didn't believe she would do so very badly, but she said she should. Oh, she knew she should ; she wasn't like anybody else in this world, and her teeth were awfully sensitive. Mary Ellen Jones could sit right down any day and have any amount of teeth out, and the like of that, but she never could, she knew she couldn't. She said she could fly right up through the roof to think of it. The dentist said she might take something, but she said she couldn't, she shouldn't dare to. She'd heard of a girl out west who took laughing gas and she laughed three weeks and the like o' that, and all the family went crazy ; and she didn't want to drive her family crazy, for if their girl went away they were going to break up this summer and go down to the beach, and she was doing everything she could to make it hard for the girl so she would go away, for she'd heard there was a lovely rink down to the beach and the like o' that, and she wanted to go. And then she asked the dentist if he thought her mouth would be a good one to fit false teeth to. He said she'd better sit down and let him look at the one that ached, but she said she guessed she wouldn't trouble him to-day. The tooth didn't ache any then ; she didn't know as she could tell which one it was and maybe 'twas only tired, she'd chewed so much spruce gum this spring and like o' that ; anyway she wouldn't bother him. She 'sposed dentists were awful busy folks. And she gave place to an unshaven man then jumped five feet in the air when the dentist pulled out a molar with inch fangs.

"I regard the use of beer as the true temperance principle. When I work all day and am exhausted nothing helps me like a glass of beer. It assists nature you understand." "It makes a fool of me," the friend replied. "That's what I say. It assists nature."

They chopped down one of the big trees of Mariposa, Cal., a few days ago, the rings of which betokened its age to be 4,300 years, and imbedded in the heart of the monarch of the forest was found a joke about house-cleaning and a man falling down stairs on a piece of soap.

It is not sufficient to constitute ourselves just men and women that we may strictly pay our debts, keep our promises, and fulfil our contracts, if at the same time we are stern where we should be kind, hard where we should be tender, cold where we should be sympathetic ; for then we pay only half our debts and repudiate the other half.

vested a fine lot of first quality home potatoes, which I will deliver to families in five or ten bushel lots, at sixty cents a bushel ; that I will receive orders by postcard, and will set apart two days in each week for filling the orders, so that all may be served promptly ; and further, I will offer to sell sample lots of a peck for trial at fifteen cents. I am going to sell my potatoes, and sell them as soon as I can at that price. I am not going to peddle them, but shall sell at wholesale price, and in wholesale quantities."

G.---"Well ; I suppose you may bring us fifty bushels."

F.---"No, my friend, that looks too much like peddling them to sell to you in fifty bushel lots, when you buy of the Aroostook County farmers by the car load. I will not sell you so small a lot as fifty bushels ; you are a dealer, and buy in large quantities, the way I wish to sell."

Exit Farmer, who calls upon the two or three other grocers, where a similar line of conversatien is carried on, with similar results. Farmer goes home, and prepares copy for the printer. Before it is finished a dispatch is received from Grocer No. 1, which reads in this wise :

Mr. John Doe, Dear Sir.---On further consideration of your proposition, and after consulting with my partner, we have concluded to take what potatoes you have to spare. You may deliver us two hundred bushels ; take a hundred bushels to the store next to ours, another hundred to the neighbor across the street, and if there are any left Mr.-------will take the balance. Believe me your obedient servant. RICHARD ROE.

The strike was ended without blows, blood, or bitter feelings.

Liquid Manure.

The Boston *Farmer* says:---Probably there is no one leak so generally neglected on the average New England farm as the waste of liquid manure. In spite of all that chemists tells us of its value, and in spite of the experience of practical men who have put its value to the test of trial upon their crops, the waste go on. The barn is located on soil with good natural drainage with the express purpose of getting rid of the troublesome wet cellar, and the very life's blood of the farm allowed to leach away to pollute the nearest spring or water course. Chemists tell us, and practical men confirm their statements, that the liquid excrements are worth more than double the average solid excrements of ordinary farm animals ; especially is this the case with horses. The question remains how to save them. Probably the small farmer who keeps ten head of cattle or less will find it most practical to use plenty of absorbents, such as forest leaves, dry muck, dry loam or sawdust, one or all of them within easy reach ; straw with us is too valuable, being worth now in Boston more than good English hay.

Where a larger herd of twenty or more cattle are kept, we are inclined to believe that it would be good economy to make a tightly cemented cellar under the stable, draining into a liquid manure tank, capable of holding the drainage of the cellar for several months ; let the windmill or steam engine, which pumps water for the stock, be connected with another pump with a small elevated tank to store a few hundred gallons of the liquid, high enough we shall use it more skilfully and profitably.---*N. Y. Tribune.*

SNAKE POISONING.

Dying by Inches after the Bite of One of India's Deadly Serpents.

Among many instances of snake-bite poisoning I have seen was a strong young Brahmin of 20, well-known to me, who had been bitten during the night while watching his maize crop. Ere I knew of it they had brought him into my compound in front of the bungalow. As yet he walked quite steadily, only leaning slightly on the arm of another man. There was that peculiar drowsy look in his eyes, however, as from a strong narcotic, which indicated his having been bitten for some time, and left but little room for hope now. He could still clearly tell me particulars. He had been bitten, he said, on putting his foot to the ground while moving off his charpoy in the dark, but, thinking the bite was that of a non-poisonous snake, had given no more heed to the matter, and gone to sleep again, till he was awoke by his friends coming in search of him. With some difficulty I was able to find the bite—very faint, no larger than a prick from a pin, but still the unmistakable double mark of the poison fangs. He felt the poison, he said, gradually ascending the limb, and pointed to a part just above the knee, where he felt it had already reached, the limb below that being, he said, benumbed and painless to the touch, like the foot when "asleep."

I gave him the remedies, and kept him walking to and fro, but gradually his limbs seemed to be losing their power of voluntary motion, and his head was beginning to droop from the overpowering drowsiness that was surely gathering over him. At intervals he pointed out the poison line steadily rising higher, and was still able to answer questions clearly on being roused. At length it seemed to be of no use torturing him further by keeping him moving about, and he was allowed to remain at rest. Shortly after this while being supported in a sitting posture, all at once without any premonitory sign, he gave one or two long sighs, and life ceased, about an hour after he himself had walked into the compound.

There was something terribly real in this faculty of pointing out each stage of the ascending poison (as the snake-bitten patient always can) that was gradually bringing him nearer and nearer to death, with the prospect of only another hour or half hour of life remaining to him ; and yet the patient does not seem to realize this with the keenness that an on-looker does, probably from the poison benumbing at the same time the powers of the mind, as well as of the body.

A master joiner in the village of A——— having occasion to go out on business that would detain him for some time, left instruction with his apprentice as to the jointing of some planks. "I want them so," said the master, "that not even a hair could get between them." On his return, he asked if the planks were done. "Oh, aye," quoth the apprentice, "they're dune ; an' I don't think a *hare* could get between, but I think it could get it's fit in."

If any man offend not in word, the same is a perfect man.

Steamboats.

THE REINEEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Steamer "Reindeer" will, until further announcement, run on the following route :—Leave Conwa Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m. for Picton and Napanee, touching at all intermediate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a.m. Returning, will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and Picton at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1884. 30

DESERONTO NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

Until further notice the following steamers of the above company will run as follows :

STR. DESERONTO.

L've Napanee	6 00 A.M.	L've Picton	3 00 P.M
" Deseronto	6 45 "	" Deseronto	5 30 "
Arrive Picton	8 30 "	" Napanee	6.50 "

This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto.

L've Picton	9.30 a.m.	L've Deseronto	1.00 p.m.
Arr. Deseronto	11.00 a.m.	Arr. Picton	2.30 p.m.

STR. PILGRIM.

L've Napanee	9.00 a.m.	1 00 p.m.	4.00 p.m.
" Deseronto	7.30 "	10.30 a.m.	2.30 "

STR. QUINTE.

L've Picton	6.00	L've Trenton	1 00 p.m.
" Deseronto	7.30	" Belleville	3.00 "
" Northport	8.00	" Northport	4.30 "
" Belleville	10.00	" Deseronto	5.30 "
Arr. Trenton	11.00	Arr. Picton	7.00 "

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best COAL at the LOWEST prices are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent for the Rathbun Company.

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4mos.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music, either brass or string, on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28-6mos.

E. R. SHOREY

General agent for Napanee and vicinity for the

Dominion Pianos and Organs,

the cheapest and best instruments in the market. Instruments kept constantly on hand at his residence, Isabella Street, near G. T. R. Station.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

The undersigned having decided to retire from active business, will offer the following valuable properties for sale :—

Lot 26, 6th Con. N., Fredericksburgh, containing 167 acres; about 147 acres under cultivation, Situated on the York road within three miles of Napanee, Good stone house and excellent outbuildings; well watered by creek, spring and wells. A most desirable property.

West Half Lot 10, 2nd Con. Camden, containing 100 acres; 75 acres under cultivation, remainder pasture land. This property adjoins the village of Napanee Mills, five miles from Napanee and 1½ miles from Newburgh. There are on the premises a frame house, large barn with stone stables underneath.

A Death Warning.

Towards the close of November, 1779, Lord Lyttleton had gone down from London to Pitt-place for the purpose of spending a week or two in field sports or other recreation, and he had taken with him a gay party of friends. On the 24th of that month he had retired to bed at midnight, after spending the evening at cards with his guests, when his attention was attracted by the fluttering of a bird, apparently a dove or a pigeon, tapping at the window of his bed-chamber. He started, for he had only just put out his light, and was about to compose himself to rest, and sat up in bed to listen. He had gazed and listened for a minute or so, when he saw, or at all events fancied that he saw, a female clothed in white enter—whether by the door or by the window we are not informed—and quietly approach the foot of his bed. He was somewhat surprised, and not agreeably surprised, when the figure opened its pale lips, and told him that three days from that very hour he should cease to live. In whatever manner this intimation, real or unreal, from the other world was conveyed to him, whether by sound of the voice or by any other mode of communication, one thing is certain, that Lord Lyttleton regarded it as a reality, and a message from the world of spirits.

The third night came, and everything had gone on as usual. The guests had sat down to dinner, played their rubbers of whist and retired; but none of them had dared to rally the young Lord Lyttleton on the depression of spirits under which he labored. Eleven o'clock came; the party broke up and went to their several rooms, wishing each other goodnight, and heartily desiring that the night were passed and gone, so restless, anxious, and uncomfortable did they feel without exception. Twelve o'clock came, and Lord Lyttleton was sitting up in bed, having given his servant orders to mix him a dose of rhubarb, though apparently in the best of health. The dose was poured out, and he was just about to take it when he found there was no teaspoon. A little out of patience with the valet for neglecting to have a spoon at hand, he ordered him to go and fetch one from the pantry at the foot of the stairs. The man was not absent from the room more than a minute, or possibly a minute and a half, but when he returned he found his master lying back at full length upon the bed speechless and motionless. No efforts to restore animation were of any avail, and no symptom of consciousness showed itself. His lordship was dead, having died on the third day, as the spectre had foretold.

A piece of steel is a good deal like a man; when you get it red hot it loses its temper.

"Poor John, he was a kind and forbearing husband," sobbed the widow on her return from the funeral. "Yes," said a very sympathising neighbour, "but it's all for the best. You must try and comfort yourself, my dear, with the thought that your husband is at peace at last."

AYER'S PILLS.

THE ASSASSIN'S HORSE.

The Steed that Bore Booth Away the Night He Murdered Lincoln.

Much has been written about the movements of John Wilkes Booth after he had assassinated President Lincoln, but the question has often been asked, "What became of the horse that he mounted in the alley in the rear of Ford's theatre and rode to the lower part of Maryland, accompanied in his flight by the young man Harold?"

At the time the tragedy was enacted by Booth he had for some time previous been a guest at the National hotel. In the rear of the hotel, on C street, and upon the opposite side is a large livery stable, which in 1865 Mr. James W. Pumphrey was, and is at the present time, proprietor of

Mr. Pumphrey, in conversation with a Washington *Republican* reporter, gave the following interesting particulars concerning the hiring of the animal which Booth rode on Good Friday, 1865, the night of the assassination.

Said Mr. Pumphrey: "Booth had been taking rides for six months prior to the day preceding the night of the assassination. He generally came to the stable in the morning, but sometimes in the afternoon. On Good Friday he came to the stable at about 1.30 p. m., and asked me for his horse. His favorite horse was a large sorrel. I told him the sorrel was hired out, but that I could let him have a small bay mare then standing in a stall. He said, 'All right,' and asked me if I would go and have a drink with him, which I declined.

"While the animal was being saddled and bridled, Booth, who always wore spurs when riding, stooped down and commenced putting on the spurs, which had been handed him, right near a pool of muddy water, made by the washing of carriages. I remonstrated with him for doing so, and asked him why he didn't put his foot upon a box. 'Oh! it doesn't make any difference,' he replied. He showed the same affable and pleasant manner so characteristic of him when coming to the stable, and apparently had nothing special upon his mind. He always wore one suit when riding, a dark blue suit, with a slouch hat of color to match. I saw him mount and leave the stable, but have never seen that bay mare since. She was a mare that could make very good speed, and as horses were high at the time I valued her at $240."

"What do you suppose became of the animal?"

"All I know about it is this: During the trial I was told by Harold that before Booth and he crossed over to the Virginia side of the Potomac they destroyed the horses they rode."

Continuing, Mr. Pumphrey said: "At the time of the assassination police headquarters were on Tenth street, where a military court of inquiry had been established. Upon going to police headquarters I was shown a spur, which I swore to having been worn by Booth. I was requested to be very careful in my testimony, and was asked how or by what particular mark I could tell the spur was the one usually worn by Booth. 'Because,' I replied, 'it is a fine steel spur, and as I have handled it so often I ought to know it.' I was then asked to select from a

from Napanee and 1½ miles from Newburgh. There are on the premises a frame house, large barn with stone stables underneath.

The Napanee Mills Lime Works

situated on Lots 10 and 11, 1st Con. Camden, on the banks of Napanee river and also adjoining the village of Napanee Mills. The property consists of 86 acres in a high state of cultivation. There are on the property two large lime kilns which supply the Napanee Cement Works: three or four dwellings and large outhouses.

Also the Fine Large Residence

of the undersigned with commodious outbuildings, garden, etc.

This property offers a splendid opening for a man of some means desirous of embarking in a very profitable business.

For further particulars as to price and terms apply to

GEORGE LASHER,
23-12 Proprietor, Napanee Mills, P. O.

SCORCHED BUT NOT BURNED.

J. MONTGOMERY,

of the Napanee Steam Dye Works would announce that since the fire which threatened the destruction of his premises he has put his establishment in better condition than ever, and is prepared to do work promptly, and to the complete satisfaction of his customers.

Shawls Dyed from 30c upwards, Clouds from 10c. up; Yarn 20c. per pound. All Dyed in the Latest Shades of Color. Give a call and you will be satisfied with his price and work.

Furs and Kid Gloves Cleaned, Feathers cleaned and dyed any shade. All kinds of goods cleaned, dyed and pressed on short notice.

Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage in the past, I would solicit a continuance of the same. J. MONTGOMERY,
Water-st., Napanee.

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired. All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carriage making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B.

AYER'S PILLS.

A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangement of the stomach, bowels, and liver. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS act directly upon these organs, and are especially designed to cure the diseases caused by their derangement, including **Constipation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Dysentery,** and a host of other ailments, for all of which they are a safe, sure, prompt, and pleasant remedy. The extensive use of these PILLS by eminent physicians in regular practice, shows unmistakably the estimation in which they are held by the medical profession.

These PILLS are compounded of vegetable substances only, and are absolutely free from calomel or any other injurious ingredient.

A Sufferer from Headache writes:

"AYER'S PILLS are invaluable to me, and are my constant companion. I have been a severe sufferer from Headache, and your PILLS are the only thing I could look to for relief. One dose will quickly move my bowels and free my head from pain. They are the most effective and the easiest physic I have ever found. It is a pleasure to me to speak in their praise, and I always do so when occasion offers.

W. L. PAGE, of W. L. Page & Bro."
Franklin St., Richmond, Va., June 3, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S PILLS in numberless instances as recommended by you, and have never known them to fail to accomplish the desired result. We constantly keep them on hand at our home, and prize them as a pleasant, safe, and reliable family medicine. FOR DYSPEPSIA they are invaluable.

J. T. HAYES."
Mexia, Texas, June 17, 1882.

The REV. FRANCIS B. HARLOWE, writing from *Atlanta, Ga.*, says: "For some years past I have been subject to constipation, from which, in spite of the use of medicines of various kinds, I suffered increasing inconvenience, until some months ago I began taking AYER'S PILLS. They have entirely corrected the costive habit, and have vastly improved my general health."

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS correct irregularities of the bowels, stimulate the appetite and digestion, and by their prompt and thorough action give tone and vigor to the whole physical economy.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

YOUNG, OLD, AND MIDDLE-AGED.

All experience the wonderful beneficial effects of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Children with Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, or any scrofulous or syphilitic taint, may be made healthy and strong by its use.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot, Centre Street.
Wharf Property.
Store and Lot, Dundas Street.
Building Lots, Robinson and Richard Sts.
Farm and Mill Property, Croydon.
Farms in Sidney, Hastings County.
Oil Lands.

And all other property belonging to the estate of John Stevenson, deceased.

Apply to the executors,

HOWARD S. STEVENSON.
JOHN H. STEVENSON.
W. H. STEVENSON.

Napanee, April 9th, 1881. 22-3mos.

replied, 'it is a fine steel spur, and as I have handled it so often I ought to know it.' I was then asked to select from a number of hats shown me the one that Booth wore on the day he hired the mare, and after tumbling over several of them I selected the one which I have referred to. The spur was found sticking in a portion of the decorations of the box at Ford's theatre from which Booth leaped on the night of the assassination. I can not say where the hat was found, whether in the theatre or the alley where he mounted and rode off. I never received any compensation for the loss of the mare.

"On the night of the assassination several of the government detectives came to my stable, and I was the first one to give them a clew to the whereabouts of Payne, Booth, and Harold. I told them to go first to the residence of John Surratt's mother, on H street, and there to Surrattsville. The result of this clew is, of course, familiar to everybody."

Employment for Leisure Hours.

Write direct to the author, Mrs. Clarke, 38 Pembroke St., Toronto, for all particulars of "Mrs. Clarke's Cookery Book;" neatly bound, systematically arranged; recipes numbered; intelligibly indexed; sells readily at $1; liberal commission to agents; sample copy, post-paid, for $1; $10 to $20 per week can easily be earned by selling this famous Cook Book, the best in the world.

Not another Pill shall go down my throat again, said a citizen, "when I can get such a prompt and pleasant cure for my Bilious Attacks, such as Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It renders the Blood Pure and Cool and makes a Splendid Spring Medicine. Large bottles 50 cents.

France exports one million dollars worth of eggs annually.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the City.

"Subdued Snuff" is a handsome new color not to be sneezed at. Get a package of the famous *Triangle Dyes* and color over that old dress, those faded stockings, ribbons, ties, and other garments, and perfect happiness will ensue. 10cts a package everywhere.

It is a mournful picture that Christ becomes a stranger to his own friends, and is excluded from his own house.

"How fresh and green everything looks,' murmured Claribel, as they wandered alone the road. "Everything?" questioned Adolphus, looking down into her violet eyes. "Yes, everything," she replied abstractedly. He wanders with another girl now.

Complain as we may

About our lot in life, we cannot deny that any are exempt by their position from the common lot of pain and suffering. The highest, as well as the most humble, must ever on the alter to take advantage of such means as will relieve when pain makes relief a necessity to our comfort. By a letter from "Government House, Ottawa," asking for a supply of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, we are reminded of two things; first that corns are universal, and secondly that Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is recognized by all classes as the most certain painless, and non poisonous remedy, for corns. Beware of the article but as good, and use only Putnam's Extractor.

$10,000.00.

—IN—

"LADIES' JOURNAL"

BIBLE COMPETITION

No. 7,

CLOSING SEPTEMBER 11.

OPEN TO THE WORLD.

GREAT CLUB OFFER.

The Leading Rewards are Lot 50x150 at Toronto Junction, Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines. Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Tea Sets, &c.

The proprietor of the *Ladies Journal* now announces a magnificent list of rewards for correct answers to Bible questions. It is surprising how little is known of the Bible. The questions are not so difficult this time as last, and there should be a hearty response. It was announced in the June issue of the *Ladies' Journal* that the competition which closed last month would be the last for the present, but it has been decided to try one more.

All money must be sent by post office or express. No information will be given to any one more than is stated here. So send on answers, and don't waste time writing. Do not send postage stamps unless six cents is added for the discount. Remit by postoffice order, script or small coin.

THE BIBLE QUESTIONS

1.—Mention the case of a man who was sorry for loosing what he had borrowed?

2.—Mention the names of a king, a counsellor, and a scoundrel who committed suicide?

3.—Where is mention made in the Bible of a man who had on each hand six fingers and on each foot six toes?

Now, any one having a knowledge of the Scriptures ought to be able promptly to answer these questions with a little study, and so secure some one of those rewards. Bear in mind every one competing must send FIFTY CENTS with their answers, for which the *Ladies' Journal* will be sent one year to any address. If you answer each of the questions correctly and your answers are in in time you are sure to secure one of these costly rewards.

THE FIRST REWARDS.

1—One Elegant Rosewood Piano, a magnificent instrument	$525 00
2—One Fine Cabinet Organ by Bell & Co., Guelph	250 00
3—One Beautiful quadruple plate, finely chased Silver Tea Service, six pieces	110 00
4—One Lady's fine Gold Hunting Case genuine Elgin Watch	100 00
5 to 11—Seven heavy Black Silk Dress patterns	420 00
12 to 23—Twelve solid quadruple plate Ice Pitchers	440 00
24 to 47—Twenty-four Ladies solid coin Silver Watches	600 00
48 to 61—Fourteen Solid quadruple plate Cake Baskets	168 00
62 to 89—Twenty-eight solid Quadruple Plate Cruet Stands, 6 bottles	280 00
90 to 111—Twenty-two renowned Waterbury Watches	111 00
112 to 179—Sixty-eight volumes of World's Cyclopœdia a library in itself	194 00
180 to 227—Forty-eight solid rolled gold Brooches, elegant patterns	144 00

The above two hundred and twenty-seven costly rewards will be given to the first two hundred and twenty-seven persons who send correct answers to the Bible questions given above Then come the

MIDDLE REWARDS.

1—A lot 50 x 150 in excellent position at Toronto Junction; clear title, and will be shortly worth double or treble its present value	$250 00
2—A very fine cabinet Organ, by Bell & Co	235 00
3 to 10—Eight celebrated Williams Singer Sewing Machines	520 00
11 to 13—Three Ladies' Solid Gold Hunting case Genuine Elgin Watches	300 00
14 to 20—Seven fine heavy Black Silk Dress pa	500 00

North American Life Assurance Company of Toronto.

Among the truest indications and best evidence of the financial status of a country is included the condition of its life companies. In this respect Canada is at present specially favored. The companies in that country have of late made great progress, and the North American Life is among the most progressive companies. Its development, considering the great competition existing in the life business, has been something marvellous, and at its present progress it bids fair in a very few years to take a leading position in the issue of new business in Canada. There is a cause for everything, and there is no doubt in this case the true reason of the North American Life meeting with such high appreciation from the insuring public is owing to its very marked endeavor to place within the reach of all those desiring the great benefit of life insurance all the most popular plans attainable, so that when a person requires an investment or maximum insurance for minimum outlay he can secure it with the North American Life Assurance Society.

No doubt the success of this company is largely due to its management being in the hands of an accomplished underwriter, Wm. McCabe, Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Great Britain, a gentleman who has the reputation of being thoroughly acquainted with all the mysteries and science of life insurance. Among its directors are to be found the names of some of the leading citizens of Canada, and at its head as president stands the Hon Alex. Mackenzie, M P., ex Prime Minister of Canada, a gentleman whose name in that country is a household word for honesty and fair dealing. *New York Insurance Spectator, May 15th, 1884*

A Sure Remedy for Neuralgia.

Neuralgia is one of the most common and distressing complaints incidental to this clima . It is not confined to any particular season, for whilst most general in the winter seasons, yet many suffer its excruciating agony in the heat of summer. In late years this form of disease has become better known, and consequently the means of relief have become greatly increased in numbers, as well an efficacy. Among the most powerful and penetrating combinations, placed within the reach of the public for the relief of neuralgia, we can mention no remedy equal to or more certain than Polson's NERVILINE. Its power over pain is something wonderful, and we advise a trial for neuralgia, or any other painful complaints. Nerviline is sold by all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, also trial bottles at 10 cents.

When you fume and fret at the petty ills of life, remember that the wheels which go round without creaking last longest.

Oh! how tired and weak I feel, I don't believe I will ever get through the Spring house-cleaning! Oh yes you will, if you take a bottle or two of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters to purify the blood and tone up the system In large bottles 50 cents.

A.P. 182.

Reinhardt's Hair Restorer and Moustache Producer.

A genuine preparation which is guaranteed to do all that is claimed for it. Producing luxuriant whiskers and moustache in six weeks. In bottles safely packd to any address fo F REINHARDT, Mail Building, Toronto.

1883-St. John Exhibition-1883

Leather Belting, Fire Engine Hose, &c. Four First Prizes and Two Diplomas. The highest of all Awards for Leather Belting and Fire Engine Hose were accorded by the Judges at the St. John Centennial and Dominion Exhibition, to ROBIN & SADLER, Montreal, over all competitors.

Import Orders.

BAR IRON.
SHEET METALS.
FIRE CLAY GOODS.
CHEMICALS AND OILS.
Orders to import solicited.

Copland & McLaren,

Wellington Street, Montreal. Wellington Chambers, Glasgow. 28 Paternoster Row, London.

W. & F. P. Currie & Co.

100 Grey Nun St,, Montreal.
Importers of
Drain Pipes, Portland Cement,
Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Vent Linings,
Water Lime, Flue Covers, Whiting,
Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay,
Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay
Manufacturers of
Bessemer Steel sofa, Chair & Bed Springs

COX & CO.

STOCK BROKERS

(Members of the Toronto Stock Exchange). Buy and sell on commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the Toronto, Montreal and New York

STOCK EXCHANGES,

Also execute orders on the Chicago Board of Trade

—IN GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.—

26 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday, and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St. John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow, and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co, Halifax: Shea & Co., St. John's N. F.: Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allan & Co., Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; H. A. Allan, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

The Newell Patent Universal Grinder.

Award of Gold and Silver Medals.

NEWELL & CHAPIN
Proprietors,
95 St. James-st wes
Montreal

These Mills time, grind any kind of grain very fast and without heating. Larger Size Mills working on same principle with different style of cutter, grinding phosphates, gold and silver ores, quartz, plaster, clay, bones, fish-scraps, bark, &c. Please call or write for particulars.

Mutual Marriage Endowment As'n,

INCORPORATED,

—HEAD OFFICE. LONDON, ONT.—

Issues Certificates from $125 to $3,000, payable on marriage, at following rates.

For $500, or half certificate, $4; quarterly dues in advance, $0.75.

For $1,000 Certificate, $8; quarterly dues in advance, $1.00.

For $2.000 Certificate, $10; quarterly dues in advance, $2.00.

For $3,000 Certificate, $15; quarterly dues in advance, $3.00.

A percentage of the Fees applied towards a reserve fund. The only cash payments required at the time of making application for a certificate. The remainder of the liability is made up of assessments at the rate of $1.60 on each $1,000 upon the marriage of members. 12 assessments made the first year payable quarterly, which upon the present large membership secures the payment of a number of Endowments, and a safe and reliable investment for young people. Send for By-Laws and full particulars. W. J. IMLACH, Secretary, London, Ont.

THE MODEL

Washer

9 to 10—Eight celebrated Williams Singer Sewing Machines	$20 00
11 to 13—Three Ladies' Solid Gold Hunting case Genuine Elgin Watches	300 00
14 to 20—Seven fine heavy Black Silk Dresses	720 00
21 to 37—Seventeen solid quadruple-plate Ice Pitchers	480 00
38 to 58—Twenty-two Ladies' fine coin Silver Hunting case Watches	570 00
59 to 81—Twenty-three beautiful heavy Silver-plate Cruets	345 00
82 to 211—One hundred and thirty volumes Chambers' Cyclopedia	325 80
212 to 479—Two hundred and sixty-eight solid Rolled Gold Brooches, beautiful patterns	670 00
480 to 532—Fifty-three Triple Silver-plate Butter Knives	53 00

The lot at West Toronto above described will be given to the person sending the middle correct answer *of the whole competition from first to last*, and the five hundred and thirty-one rewards following the middle one will be presented to the five hundred and thirty-one persons sending the next correct answers following the middle one. So you can compete any time and be almost sure to get something in addition to the *Ladies' Journal*, which is great value for the half dollar subscription. Then below the

CONSOLATION REWARDS.

1—The gentleman's solid gold stem-winding and stem-setting genuine Elgin Watch	$100 00
2—One fine quadruple plate Silver Tea Set, 6 pieces	100 00
3—One ladies' solid gold stem-winding and stem-setting genuine Elgin Watch	95 00
4 to 7—Four fine, heavy Black Silk Dress Patterns	240 00
8 to 19—Twelve quadruple plate Ice Pitchers, finely chased	390 00
20 to 31—Twelve Genuine Coin Silver Hunting-case Ladies' Watches	360 00
32 to 50—Nineteen Fine Black Cashmere Dress Patterns	380 00
51 to 69—Nineteen fine quadruple Silver Plate Cake Baskets	228 00
70 to 100—Thirty-one beautiful bound volumes Hood's Poems	93 00
101 to 157—Fifty-seven fine rolled gold Brooches	171 00

The list of consolation rewards will be given to the *last* one hundred and fifty-seven persons who send correct answers to the Bible questions given above. But bear in mind, your letter must bear the postmark where mailed of 11th September, the closing day of the competition. Fifteen days will be allowed after closing day for letters, from distant points to reach the *Ladies' Journal* office. But you can, of course, send in any time between now and the 11th of September, and your letter will take its place at the publication office in the order it arrives there. All letters are carefully numbered as they arrive, and there can be no mistake. If your answers are correct, and they reach there in time, you will surely get some reward in addition to *The Ladies Journal* which alone is big value for the half dollar. If you don't get anything but the *Journal* you will be well pleased with your investment, as it consists of 20 pages of fashions, illustrated, short and serial stories, poetry, newest music, household hints, etc., etc.; in fact, just the paper to suit every lady.

By subscribing in a club with your neighbours you will secure some considerable advantage—that is, there must be least thirty of a club, and all who send correct answers to the Bible questions may have their choice of a handsome ring, heavily gold-plated ladies' gold brooch, which retails at about one dollar and a half, or a triple-plated butter knife. Either of these you may wish will be sent postage paid. You will thus secure to a certainty one or other of those two presents, and in addition will have as good an opportunity of gaining some one of the other large rewards in lists given above just as well as though you had sent in singly. This is simply an inducement to get up clubs. We are sure our readers could not do better than to try their skill in hunting up these questions and competing for these rewards. Everything will be carried out exactly as promised.

Prizes in last competition went all over Canada and to many parts of the United States.

Address, Editor LADIES' JOURNAL, Toronto, Canada.

Whatever our place, alloted to us by Providence, that for us is the post of duty. God estimates not by the position we are in, but by the way we fill it.

There are lots of people going around grumbling, and half sick at the Stomach all the time; who might be well and happy, if they only used Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters occasionally. It is a splendid Blood Purifier All Druggists 50 cents

highest of all Awards for Leather Belting and Fire Engine Hose were accorded by the Judges at the St. John Centennial and Dominion Exhibition, to ROBIN & SADLER, Montreal, over all competitors.

FLOUR AND SAW MILL FOR SALE—at Lakeside, county Oxford; brick building 40 x 50; 2½ storeys high, containing three pair mill stones and all necessary machinery for flouring and custom work: saw mill 35 x 60, capable of cutting 5,000 to 10,000 feet per day; all driven by new 50-horse-power Buckeye automatic cut-off engine; 3½ acres land house, stable, drive-barn, good fruit orchard, sheds and stabling for farmers' teams, price $8,000; terms, $5,000 cash, balance on mortgage. G. DALRYMPLE, Lakeside.

THE LILY

A perfect fitting, stylish to an imported French Corset, flexible as a glove to the figure; very stylish, elegant in appearance, and approved of by the most fastidious. Manufactured by

THE CROMPTON CORSET CO.

8 YONGE STREET TORONTO.

SMOKED SAUSAGES.

The most convenient meat for farmers in their busy season. These meats are cooked and ready for use. Sold by grocers through the Dominion. Send for price to W. CLARK P. O. Box 342 Montreal.

F. E DIXON & CO.

Manufacturers of Star Rivet

Leather Belting!

70 King street, East, Toronto.

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts

The Ready Mixed Paints

MANUFACTURED BY

A. RAMSAY & SONS, MONTREAL,

are ground in Pure Linseed Oil and Turpentine. The American Mixed Paints are to a large extent ground with Silicate of Soda, and are dear at any price. Ask for Ramsay's, and see that you get them. Apply to your local dealers.

WHAT SHALL I DRINK!

THE MONTSERRAT

Lime Fruit Juice.

Cordial, most wholesome, delicious and refreshing beverage. Strictly pure and entirely free from Alcohol. Gold Medal Calcutta Exhibition. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Sole proprietors H. SUGDEN EVANS & CO., Montreal. Agents, JAS. H. PEARCE & CO, Toronto.

Burton's All Healing

TAR AND GLYCERINE

SOAP!

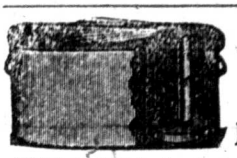
The best in the world for all diseases of the Skin, on Man or Beast Sold by all druggists.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO.'S

TRANSPARENT

CARBOLIC ACID AND GLYCERINE

Is the best in the market.



THE MODEL

Washer

AND

BLEACHER

Weighs but 6 pounds. Can be carried in a small valise Illustration shows Machine in boiler. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

$1000.00 REWARD FOR ITS SUPERIOR.

Washing made light and easy. The clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. A 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person.

To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2.50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian," says about it—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr. C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor saving machine, substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence. Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Charges paid $3.00. Send for circulars.

AGENTS WANTED.

C. W. DENNIS,

TORONTO BARGAIN HOUSE,

213 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

GURNEYS & WARE,

STANDARD SCALES.

THE BEST,
THE STRONGEST,
THE MOST RELIABLE.

Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.

RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILL TRUCKS.

Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST.

GURNEYS & WARE,

MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.,

—:) MANUFACTURERS OF (:—

Finest Electro Gold and Silver Plate,

New York, Meriden (Ct.), Chicago, San Francisco, London, (Eng.).

BRANCH FACTORY—Cor. Cannon and Wellington Streets, Hamilton, Ont.

TRADE MERIDEN B. CO. COMPANY MARK.

Many purchasers having through a similarity of names purchased other wares under the impression that they were of our manufacture, we are compelled to ask special attention to the above TRADE MARKS. The fact that our name and Trade Marks are being so closely imitated should be a sufficient guarantee to the public that our wares are the BEST IN THE WORLD.

TRADE

1847 Rogers Bros. A1.

MARK.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property.

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of roperty in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDEN'S
BOOKSTORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

ARTIST'S SUPPLIES, A COMPLETE STOCK NOW ON HAND.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THE CELEBRATED THOMAS ORGAN.

A FINE STOCK OF STATIONARY, WALL PAPER AND HAND MADE SHADES CHEAP,

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Office—Hinch, Perry & Co., Dundas street.

ROUND TOWN.

—Remember Dominion Day celebration at at Bath. A grand time is promised.

—For sale a piano, cheap. Apply at this office.

—The brick work on Dr. Leonard's new block is being pushed along rapidly.

—The Napanee Cornet Band has been engaged for the celebration at Bath on Dominion Day.

—On Tuesday evening six cars filled with volunteers for the camp at Kingston passed through town.

—A meeting of the directors of the N. T. & Q Ry., will be held on Monday next for general business.

—The meeting of the Board of Health was to have been held on Monday night last, but there was no quoram.

—Mayor Joy evidently intends to be a terror to evil-doers and tramps. Eleven were sent up in one day this week.

—"Only a Woman's Heart" on Monday evening next. Newton Beers and Miss Lilian Pomeroy are unsurpassed.

—The Scott Act demonstration which was announced for Dominion Day is postponed.

—The Episcopal Memorial Church at Adolphustown is called the church of St. Alban the Martyr.

—Mr. Hugh Grange has removed his stock from his late premises to those formerly occupied by E. R. Martin, next door to the Beaver office.

—Mr. A. P. Wickware of Cloyne reports having seen in that vicinity a herd of moose deer, the first ever seen in this section of country.

—Work is being pushed on the Tamworth end. A train was sent to Yarker for eighteen hands on Wednesday and one hundred are expected to arrive about Monday.

—The Rev. C. L. Thompson of British Columbia will preach in the eastern Methodist Church next Sabbath morning and evening.

—If you want to buy sugar cheap, your attention is directed to J. F. Whelan & Co.'s advertisement in another column.

On Wednesday last as Mr. Sager of the Deseronto road was passing the Huffman cemetery his horse took fright at a passing bicyclist and ran away breaking his buggy.

—Mrs. A. C. Davis of Adolphustown went out to a well last week with a tea kettle of boiling water. She fell into the well which was some twelve feet deep and sustained some injuries, her arm being severely scalded.

—The weather of last week was oppressively hot. The thermometer ranged as high as 95° in the shade. On Wednesday there was a marked change in the temperature and resort had to be made in the evening to overcoats.

—On Sunday morning Rev. Mr. Card of the west end Methodist Church, by special request, will preach the funeral sermon of the late Mrs. Jaynes. On Sunday evening Mr. Card will preach his farewell sermon. He leaves for Brockville next week.

—The Golden Auger has got the best stock of harvest tools and machine oils in this town, and is selling them cheap and don't you forget
H. W. PERRY.

—The printers of the town intend giving a select picnic on the 22nd of July of which further particulars will be given next week. They intend making it a most enjoyable affair. The Napanee cornet band (Mr. Amos Kimmerly, leader) will accompany them. They should be well patronized.

—At the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, held in Toronto this week, Mr. T. W. Casey was re-elected G. W. Secretary; Mr. Thos. Lawless was elected G. W. C. and Rev. J. J. Leach, of Odessa, G. W. Chap. The next meeting will be held at Hamilton, on the fourth Tuesday in June, 1885.

—A grand farewell social will be given Rev. S. Card in the west end Methodist Church on Monday evening next. Strawberries and ice cream will be provided in abundance and a good programme will be surnished. A general invitation is extended to make this farewell social a grand success. Tickets, 20c.

—The place in town to obtain first-class western flour is at the store of Mr. John Blewett. Only a trial is needed to convince anyone that it is the best. Western shorts, the finest in the market, also always on hand. A car load of fine dairy factory salt just received, cheap. Barrel salt, $1.25. Groceries of all kinds cheaper than ever.

—The students of the Collegiate Institute Kingston, have been undergoing military drill under a trained Sergeant of "B" Battery. This is a fixed item on the High School programme. If the same were adopted in the Napanee High School an improvement would be effected in the bearing of some of our

—There will be a grand strawberry and ice cream festival under the auspices of the Methodist Church, in Mrs. P. Miller's grove at Napanee Mills on Tuesday evening, July 1st. The grove will in all probability be illuminated by electric light. Besides an abundance of strawberries and ice cream an entertaining programme has been provided. All are invited. Tickets, 25c.

Accident on the N., T. & Q. Railway.

While seven cars were coming down the grade from the gravel pit Wednesday afternoon they got out of the control of the brakesmen and commenced to run at a terrific speed. The driver of the engine on the road heard them coming and suspecting something was wrong put his engine in motion. He was too late however to escape them and they ran into the engine with a terrible crash. Two of the cars were entirely broken up but luckily the engine escaped damage. This is the most serious casuality that has happened yet upon the road.

Serious Runaway Accident.

On Sunday last as the Misses Slush and Miss Bird of Stoco, and Mrs. Elliot of South Fredericksburgh, returning home from the country where they had been visiting, reached the market square it was thought best to give the horse a drink. They stopped at the pump on the square and Mrs. Elliot jumped out, handing her baby to Miss Bird. She undid the bit to allow the horse to drink, but just at that moment a parasol frightened the animal, which dashed down Centre-st. When it reached the corner of Dundas and Centre streets it turned sharply, throwing out the occupants. The horse then ran down Dundas-st., where it was caught. Miss Bird was the most severely injured, it being found upon examination that both of her wrists were broken. The child of Mrs. Elliot, which was in the arms of one of the young ladies, was stunned, but escaped further injury. Miss Slush sustained a severe sprain of the ankle. The other young lady was uninjured. The buggy was pretty badly smashed.

St. John's Day.

The Freemasons of Centreville and surrounding district celebrated the festival of St. John the Baptist at that village on Tuesday last. Napanee was represented by Messrs. Ogden Hinch, C. Z. Perry, J. Walters, Wm. Shannon, W. C. Scott and Mayor Joy. The representatives marched in a body to the Methodist Church where Rev. Mr. Smith, Presbyterian minister, preached an able and instructive sermon appropriate to the occasion. The annual installation of the officers of Victoria Lodge, No. 299 of Centreville, was then proceeded with, conducted by Ogden Hinch, P. M., of Napanee. The following were installed:—H. A. Baker, I. P. M.; A. Wilde, W. M.; W. J. Mulholland, S. W.; Wm Lockridge, J. W.; J. D. Wagar, Sec.; W. A. Rombough, Treas.; J. B. Lucas, L. D.; E. H. Perry, J. D.; Seymore Keller, I. G.; A. Walsh, O. G. Dinner was afterwards served by Mr. D. P. Clute in the Town Hall in his well known excellent style. A notable feature of the dinner was the presence of a large number of ladies. All were highly pleased with the day's proceedings.

Stabbing Affray near Lonsdale.

On Tuesday a serious stabbing affray which may yet have a fatal result took place at a logging bee at Michael Kennedy's in the 4th concession of Tyendinaga, about half mile north west of Lonsdale. Jack McAuley and James Alexander, both considerably under the influence of liquor, quarreled over some old feud they had, and others joined in. They were pacified for a short time but soon renewed the quarrel. One

Lilian Pomeroy are unsurpassed.

—A couple of attempts were made last week to burglarize houses but in both cases the burglars were frightened away.

—The regular meeting of the Town Council will be held next Monday night unless the heat prevents a quorum from being formed.

—No. 4 troop of cavalry of Napanee and district went to Kingston on Tuesday where twelve days' drill is to be held on Barriefield Commons.

—Residents living along the river above the covered bridge complain that parties who go in bathing, break down the fences and do other damage.

—Last week a child only a few days old was left at the door of a prominent resident of Centreville. The township council is now providing for it.

—Messrs. Robt. McDonald and Amos Kimmerly are this week putting in annual drill at Trenton with the 49th Batt. of Belleville, of which they are members.

—To-morrow being the 28th of June, the day appointed for observance of Her Majesty's birthday, will be recognized as a bank holiday throughout the Dominion.

—Rev. G. E. Benn will hold service on Sunday in the Town Hall every fortnight at 2:30 p. m. He will discourse next Sunday on "Baptism." All are cordially invited.

—As there is to be no celebration in town on Tuesday next (Dominion Day) our townspeople will likely avail themselves of the attractions offered at Kingston and other places.

—The St. Lawrence base ball club of Kingston, have made arrangements with the Newburgh club for a match on Dominion Day. The Newburghers are old hands at the business.

—The following were appointed officers of the Napanee Cornet Band at a meeting held a short time ago: W. R. Mitchell, Pres.; Amos Kimmerly, Treas.; William Burns, Sec.

—Capt. McCracken of the Salvation Army, formerly of Napanee, has been gaoled in Grand Rapids. Her conduct has merited the publication of her portrait in the War Cry.

—We understand it is the intention of some of our bicyclists to compete in the Meet and Tournament of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association to be held in Toronto on July 1st. We wish them every success.

—The Oddfellows are looking forward with great anticipation to the International Demonstration to be held at Brockville on the 9th, 10th and 11th of July. The arrangements are being completed and it is expected to be the greatest demonstration ever held in the St. Lawrence district. The medals to be given for athletic sports are now on exhibition in F. W. Smith's window.

—On Saturday last as Rev. Mr. Phillips of Morven, accompanied by Mr. German of Picton, was driving into town, the horse turned into a lane which it had been accustomed to enter, and the buggy overturning, the gentlemen were thrown out. They alighted within a few inches of a telegraph pole, which, had they struck, would no doubt have caused serious injuries. As it was they were pretty badly bruised.

—Rev. Mr. Duprau being about to remove from Morven offers for sale at the parsonage, Morven, the following articles of furniture, etc.:—Parlor suite, book case, dining room furniture and house-keeping utensils; also a quantity of wood and a horse and buggy. These must be disposed of before the 9th of July. Intending purchasers can examine them at any time. 32-2.

be effected in the bearing of some of our young men.

—Mr. W. D. Madden is going to enlarge his stock of organs. He has some of the finest instruments on hand now that have ever been seen in Napanee, and in a short time will receive some of a different style. One of the new styles will be with a pipe top of most elegant design and finish. These instruments have only to be seen to be appreciated.

—The Chautauqua movement has been extended to include the young folks, who already have a "Reading Union." They are now to have an illustrated periodical of high character, which will be issued in July by the publishers of the far-famed Wide Awake magazine, D. Lothrop & Co., Boston, who will send it free for two months to any of our readers who may request it.

—The 47th battalion band have secured the services of Mr. Wright of Kingston, formerly in "B" Battery band. He is an experienced cornetist and will prove a valuable acquisition to the band. They have received new selections of music this week. They will play on Dundas-st. this (Friday) evening instead of Saturday evening on account of the absence from town of their leader, Mr. Brooks.

—The ropes that hung Tompsett and Lowder in Picton have been cut into little pieces, and in nearly every house in Prince Edward an inch or so of strand, neatly knotted, is to be seen. Young ladies talk silly about the little bit of hemp and declare, with an ugh! "I wouldn't touch it for anything." A prominent merchant in Picton says if the demand continues he has a coil of rope that may be utilized. Who'd know the difference?

—The Napanee Cornet Band made their first appearance on the street on Saturday evening in their new uniforms, which are very neat and elegant. The material is of navy blue; sack coats buttoned close with small turn down collar, heavy gold cord on sleeves and shoulders and gold buttons; the pants have wide gold braid down the sides and the cap is the Gilmore pattern with gold cord reaching over the top. They were furnished by the clothing house of A. Rose & Co., and are models of workmanship. The playing of the band was much admired.

—Rev. J. J. Leach of Odessa was down on the first draft of stations for the Tabernacle, Belleville, but a change was subsequently made and Rev. Mr. Curts, President of the Conference, was given the Belleville post and Mr. Leach left in Odessa. The good people of Odessa are greatly rejoiced that Mr. Leach is to remain with them for he is dearly beloved by all. We may state that the proposed promotion to Belleville was quite unsolicited by Mr. Leach and that while he fully appreciates the good opinion formed of him by the stationing committee is satisfied to be left where he is, as he believes the President is entitled to the larger field.

—The Orangemen of Lennox and Addington will celebrate the 19th anniversary of their order on the 12th July, by a grand picnic and concert in the maple grove on Basswood hill near Centreville. At 11 a. m., a promenade concert; from 12 to 1, dinner, and at 1:15 the concert of the day will begin. The artists in the concert will be Mrs. McCullough, nee Miss Barr of Hamilton, Miss Burton of Kingston; Rev. H. G. Parker of Toronto; Miss Shibley of Newburgh and Miss Armstrong the wonderful whistler of New York. An oration will also be delivered by a gentleman selected for the occasion. The 47th Batt. Band will also be present.

Good the Year Round.

At all seasons when the system is foul and the digestive powers feeble, or the liver and kidneys inactive, Burdock Blood Bitters are required.

time but soon renewed the quarrel. One Joe Morden knocked McAuley off a fence but he arose quickly and commenced a tussle with Morden, stabbing him at the same time. The night was dark and the knife was not noticed until Morden had received about twenty cuts. Two of these were very severe, one being in the neck near the jugular vein and the other over one of his lungs. Morden walked about twelve feet and then fell. Drs. Redner of Lonsdale, Clinton of Deseronto and Donovan of Melrose were immediately sent for and dressed the wounds. The cut on the side is more dangerous than was first thought, it being large and leaving the lung exposed. If inflammation can be prevented the doctors think he will pull through. No arrests have yet been made. McAuley escaped and has not yet been captured.

Dominion Day at Enterprise.

The good people of Enterprise have arranged for a grand celebration on Dominion Day in that village. A most highly interesting and amusing programme has been prepared at a large expense and it is one calculated to afford an entertainment worthy of the patronage of the people of the surrounding country. At 10 a. m., the Carniveroautiterocion Troupe will give a gigantic comic procession accompanied by a select band secured for the occasion. In the afternoon the athletic games and sports will take place, consisting of foot races, horse races, sack race, tub race, jumping, etc., for which suitable prizes will be given. Another item of interest will be a boxing match with soft gloves between C. Kelley, English professional, and John T. Niff, amateur. A wrestling match will be engaged in by two experts. In the evening a mammoth torchlight procession will be given, followed by a magnificent display of fireworks. Those who wish to engage in dancing will have ample opportunity afforded them. No pains and expense have been spared to make this an unqualified success. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

An Elegant Clothing Store.

Mr. J. F. McAlister removed this week to his new premises in the Aylsworth block, and is fully settled. He has now the handsomest clothing and gent's furnishing store in the province, nothing in Toronto being equal to it. Shelves are entirely dispensed with, except in the rear where two large cabinets with glass doors extend along the sides. The front space is occupied in the centre, by five large handsome show cases in ebony an silver which contain gent's furnishings of all kinds, while on the sides are a number of tables of ash and walnut upon which are piled immense quantities of tweeds and ready-made clothing. The show cases which are from the establishment of M. Frost & Co., Belleville, and the tables which were manufactured by J. Gibbard & Son, are of beautiful design and highly finished. It is Mr. McAlister's intention in future to confine his operations to fine ordered clothing, hats and caps and gent's furnishings, and with this object in view has selected a stock which is complete in every respect. The finest goods are shown in every department. The ordered clothing department is under the management of Mr. Williamson, a cutter of wide experience and whose skill is acknowledged by all who have garments from him. His room is in the rear of the main store and the manufacturing department occupies the greater portion of the upper storey. The general appearance of the store is indicative of refined taste of the proprietor. The establishment is highly creditable to the town and therefore we wish Mr. McAlister a full measure of success in his new departure.

Lennox Reform Association.

The adjourneed meeting of the Lennox Reform Association will be held in the Opera House on Saturday, July 5th, at 2 o'clock p.m. It is to be hoped there will be a large attendance as important busisiness is be transacted.

POLICE COURT.

[Befcre Mayor Joy.]

FRIDAY, June 20th, 1884.—James Dixon was arrested at the instance of Jacob Ham of North Fredericksburgh, for furious driving and breaking his (Ham's) buggy at the Centennial on the 17th inst. Mayor Joy sat on the case this evening, and after hearing the evidence fined Dixon $5 and costs. Mr. Ham's buggy was overturned and himself thrown out by Dixon's driving, the buggy being now a complete wreck. Mr. Dixon held that he could not hold the horse and the collision was purely accidental. He has appealed the case.....John Parkins was brought before his Worship on the charge of drunkeness and paid the regular sum of $1 and costs....Lorinda Luffman was up before His Worship this morning charged with disorderly conduct and being a common prostitute. Several witnesses were heard in the case and the evidence all went to show that she was an exceedingly hard character. She had broken the furniture in her husband's house and made life miserable to him generally. His Worship on hearing the evidence fined her $40 and $11.70 costs or six months in gaol. She was imprisoned for three days when her fine was paid by her husband who had repented.

SATURDAY, June 21st.—George Williams, a navvy, was charged by Constable Holmes with being drank and disorderly. He confessed to the fault and was fined $1 and $4.50 costs or ten days in gaol. His fine was paid.....Wm. Hourie, John Mewell, Robt. Smith, James Ruston and John McDonald, five other navvies, were up on the same charge and were fined $1 and $4.50 costs each. Mr. Row, contractor, paid their fines.

WEDNESDAY, June 25th.—Alexander Fee was up this morning on the charge of indecent exposure on the street. Fined $5 and costs or twenty days in gaol. He was allowed till 2 o'clock to get the money and during the afternoon paid $3, but since then has not been seen. It is believed and hoped he has left the town....Mary Morrison of Clarksville, made her appearance before the Mayor this afternoon charged by Mrs. Lafferty with insulting and abusive language and assault. The evidence went to show that Mrs. Lafferty had sustained a choking at Mrs. Morrison's hands. The latter is very quarrelsome and troublesome to her neighbors and has been in the police court before. She was fined $5 and costs or thirty days. Plaintiff wanted defendant bound over to keep the peace, but upon the latter not respondingin this matter she was committed to gaol.

OBITUARY.

The Late John Aylsworth, Esq.

After a long and painful illness Mr. John Aylsworth passed away at the residence of his son, Mr. Jehial Aylsworth, Robinson street, Sunday morning last. He was born at the family homestead near Bath, in Ernesttown, in the year 1803. When he came of age and could manage for himself he purchased a farm near Odessa and after living there some time removed to N. Fredericksburgh, but afterwards removed back to Odessa. The greater portion of his life he spent in these townships. About twelve years ago his health began to fail him and he removed to town taking up his residence

R. P. LAHEY'S

POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE

For the best value in MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS, MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, LINEN DUSTERS, ALPACA COATS, WATERPROOF and RUBBER COATS, UMBRELLAS, &c., &c.

Remember we are still giving one of those CELEBRATED WATERBURY WATCHES with every Suit or $12 worth of Goods.

SPLENDID TWEED SUITS AT $5.50, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $14.00, $16.00, &c., &c.

☞ Remember the Popular Clothing House, Rennie Block, Napanee.

R. P. LAHEY.

SUGARS! SUGARS!! SUGARS!!!

NOW IS THE TIME TO PURCHASE YOUR SUGARS.

Sugar is now lower in the market than it has been for some time before, and there is no doubt that sugar has touched the bottom and may be expected to take a jump upwards very soon, as it always does before the fruit season begins.

Intending purchasers would do well to buy now and get the advantage of low prices, as in three weeks you may pay from ½ to 1 cent per lb. more than you will pay now

Your attention is directed to our prices, which you will find to be specially low.

We are selling 16 lbs. Genuine Port Rico Sugar for $1.00
" " " 15 " very bright Refined " " $1.00
" " " 12½ " Extra White Crushed " " $1.00
" " " 11½ " No. 1 Standard Granulated " $1.00

Special reductions to parties wanting larger quantities, and in everything else you will find we make

BOTTOM PRICES A SPECIALTY.

☞ YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

J. F. WHELAN & CO.

SPRING TIME HAS COME

And so has our stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which will be sold at Rock Bottom Prices.

I would but ask of every man and women to come and inspect our Goods, as I am satisfied that we can suit you in Goods, and at prices that cannot be beat.

BEAR IN MIND WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

PRINTS for five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve cents, splendid in 9..

White, Black and Colored Muslins, Cretonnes with Fringes to match, Dress Goods in endless variety. White and Grey Cottons, twenty yards for a dollar; Ducks, Denims and Drills in all patterns and prices, Shirtings that you would be surprised at the

years ago his health began to fail him, and he removed to town taking up his residence with his son, with whom he has resided ever since. He was a quiet, unobtrusive man and never sought any public positions or honors. His tastes did not run in the direction of display of any kind, and therefore, notwithstanding, he was always a staunch Reformer, he took no part in the organization of the party, but merely cast his vote when the time arrived. The only field in which he took a prominent position was in the church and in its work he took a very deep interest. At an early age he connected himself with the Canada Methodist body and for upwards of forty years was a local preacher and class leader. His disposition was of the kindest and with none was it better displayed than in his treatment of little children with whom he was, especially in late years, a great favorite. He was one of a family of nine, one elder brother surviving him. He also had a family of six, four of whom are still living. The funeral took place Wednesday morning Switzerville cemetery, the remains being placed alongside of his wife. The funeral was largely attended. The pall bearers were Messrs. C. R. Miller, James Shorey, Miles Shorey, Chauncey Lapum, Peter Fegart and Geo. Cliff, all old friends of the deceased. The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. Wm. Briden, by request of Mr. Aylesworth some years ago, in the Switzerville church. It was a most appropriate discourse and did full credit to the memory of the good man over whose remains it was said. Among the relatives present from a distance were two daughters, Mrs. Carscallen and Mrs. Wright of Dresden, Ont., and Mr. and Mrs. McKim of Cleveland, Ohio.

Lennox Agricultural Society.

A meeting of the directors of the Agricultural Society was held in the council chamber on Saturday last for the purpose of revising the prize list and appointing judges. A communication was received from Mr. J. B. Aylesworth, one of the members of the Council of the Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario, asking the Lennox Society to appoint two judges, one on Ayrshire cattle, and the other on agricultural implements, at the Dominion Exhibition. On motion Mr. W. N. Doller was elected judge of agricultural implements and Mr. Benjamin Briseo, jr., judge on Ayrshire cattle. On motion Messrs. Wm. Miller, W. N. Doller, R. H. Potter and the Secretary were appointed a committee to have a new fence built round and enlarge the track on the exhibition grounds. It was decided to grant the following special prizes:—For best display by merchants, 1st, $10; 2nd, $6; for best exhibition of hardware, $8 and $6; for best trotting stallion, $5. The meeting then adjourned. The show will be held in Napanee on the 6th and 7th of October next.

Notice.—If the person who took a parcel containing a shawl and two feather pillows done up in a shawl strap from the Reindeer, on the 18th, will kindly leave the same at the EXPRESS Office or at the residence of Mr. Charles Stevens, they will be rewarded. If the articles are found in any one's possession in one week, they will be prosecuted.

Napanee, June 26th, 1884.

—**Do not forget**, you can exchange your wool at Perry's woollen mill, Napanee, for the very best tweeds and flannel, also get your spinning done for 10cts. and your roll carding for 5cts., or your carpet yarn twisted two or three ply. Next to Gibbard's, on the canal.

—Ayer's Sarsaparilla operates radically upon and through the blood, and is a safe, reliable and absolute cure, for the various diseases, complaints and disorders due to debility or to any constitutional taint or infection.

—Avoid by all means the use of calomel for bilious complaints. Ayer's Cathartic Pills, compounded entirely of vegetable ingredients, have been tested for forty years, and are acknowledged to be the best remedy ever devised for torpidity of the liver, costiveness and all derangements of the digestive apparatus.

and Drills in all patterns and prices, Shirtings that you would be surprised at the splendid quality for the small price.

We ask for those Men's Suits made to order from two to three dollars less than can be bought in Napanee or Kingston. Young men should see our assortment of English and American hard and soft hats.

Hosiery, Gloves, Laces, Fancy Scarfs and Ties, Collars and Collarettes. The newest Dress Buttons out, something very handsome. Our Boots and Shoes is the best assortment ever shown in the village.

Wall Paper at any price from 5 cents to 40 cents per roll, and Bordering to match. Every lady that has seen them say they are the finest they have looked at. Don't fail to see them.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

Reception of Bishop Cleary.

The Bishop of Kingston returned on Wednesday from Rome, for which place he started on Oct. 8. Rev. Fathers Gauthier and Twohey proceeded to Quebec and greeted His Lordship on landing from the "Parisian" and Mgr. Farrelly and Fathers McCarthy, Murray, Shanteen, McDonough, and Hogan went to meet him at Montreal. The Catholic people prepared a remarkable reception. There was a great display of banting, and when the Bishop arrived in a special Pullman car, which ran over a number of fog signals en route to the city from the lower depot, he was greeted with music from the band of B. Battery and the applause of a vast multitude. A procession was formed and proceeded to the Cathedral, where a considerable body of clergy were in attendance.

HYMENEAL.

A most auspicious event was celebrated at the residence of Mr. F. Webb last evening, being the marriage of his daughter Lizzie, to Mr. N. W. Gautt, of Kingston. The ceremony was performed at half past eight by Rev. M. L. Pearson, in the presence of a large number of friends. The bride was attended by Miss Eva Taylor, while the groom was supported by Mr. J. W. Reid. After the ceremony the guests sat down to a sumptuous repast and a most pleasant time was spent until the midnight hour, when the happy couple and friends left on the train. They will in future reside in Kingston, where the groom is very popular. The following is a list of presents:—

Silver breakfast cruet, Mr. J. W. Reid; two napkin rings, Miss E. Taylor; cruet stand, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Waddell; biscuit bowl, W. J. Livingston; chair, Mr. James Reid; easy chair, R. J. Reid; table napkins and cloth, Miss Georgie Reid; parlour lamp, Mrs. E. and Robert Gautt; china tea set, from the bridegroom's employer; parlor lamp, Miss Jane Reid; silver sugar bowl and spoon holder, A. Empey; silver cruet stand, W. Shannon and A. Spellman; glass fruit dish, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Henderson; silver cake basket, Mr. and Mrs. James Taylor; silver card receiver, J. M. Anderson; pair vases and picture, Miss Rose Beeman; toilet set, Mr. and Mrs. J. Noyes; crumb brush, Miss Rose Embury; silver sugar spoon and butter knife, Mr. Will Tobey; port folio, Mr. T. Hosey; silver card basket, Mr. J. M. Taylor; kitchen furnished by the boys of Kingston, silver spoon holder, Mrs. G. K. Steward, and numerous other elegant presents.

In Miss Webb the town loses one of its most estimable young ladies. All, however, join in tendering congratulations and a host of good wishes.

DUKE—SPRAGUE.

The Rev. Richard Duke and Miss Mary Ella Sprague were united in holy matrimony at the residence of the bride's father, N. Sprague, Esq., Demorestville, on the 26th inst. The guests were numerous, comprising several of the elite of Prince Edward. The presents were costly and beautiful. The ceremony was conducted by the Rev. M. L. Pearson. The happy couple left for an extended tour among the Islands, carrying with them the good wishes of all.

☞ **A Pint of the Finest Ink** for families or schools can be made from a 10c. package of Diamond Dyes. Try them. All druggists keep them. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sample card, 32 colors, and book of directions for 2c. stamp.

—**Survival of the fittest.** Downs' Elixir has outlived every other cough remedy simply because is the best.

No such Word as Fail.

A failure to relieve or cure summer complaints can never be truthfully applied to Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. All dealers sell it.

—James Brayley Hamilton, says "I read the testimonials for McGregor's Speedy Cure and found that I had not to go to New York, Philadelphia, Louisiana or Texas to find living witnesses of its value, we had plenty of persons right here to prove its merits. I got a bottle and it helped me right away. I was as bad with Biliousness, Fever and Indigestion as I think any one could be. I have taken three bottles and am nearly well and can eat any kind of food without it hurting me. I may say that I am better than I ever expected to be. Free trial bottles at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont.

SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately occupied by Dr. Clements, Dundas St., Napanee.

MONSTER AUCTION

—ROOM No. 1.—

Cartwright Block, Napanee.

GREAT SLAUGHTER.

FIVE UNITED BANKRUPT STOCKS.

$25,000

To be closed out within the next two weeks.

DRY GOODS, CURTAINS, QUILTS,

TOWELLINGS, SHIRTINGS, &c.,

Cloths and Clothings, Silverware,

Knives and Forks, Cruets, Salvers,

Setts, Watches and Jewellery.

CUTLERY AND HARDWARE.

GLASSWARE, TINWARE, MILK PANS,

DISH PANS, &c.

Fancy Goods and Notions.

Sale Every Day from 10 to 12, 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 o'clock.

J. SHILLINGTON,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

FARMERS WISHING TO PURCHASE implements for this season would do well to call and examine the

PATTERSON TWINE BINDER,

—THE—

New Canadian Reaper,

—AND THE—

Patterson Mower and Horse Rake

knowing the best machines are always the cheapest. Repairing always quickly and neatly done.

JAMES P. GRANT,

Agent, Centre street, Napanee.

Napanee, June 18th, 1884. 20-3 mos.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'Beirne, Proprietor. **NAPANEE, ONT.,**

Hartfod Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(Established 1810.)

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(Established 1819.)

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.

Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, . . Proprietor

ENGAGEMENTS:

MONDAY, Oct. 6th.—Tavernier Dramatic Co. Wolf's Eccentric Comedy, "The Mighty Dollar."
TUESDAY, Oct. 7th.—Tavernier Dramatic Co. Comedy Drama, "Ticket of Leave Man."

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH & QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Special Time Table No 1.
In Effect August 4, 1884, 5 A. M.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 1. A.M.	No. 3. P.M.	No. 5. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	5 00	12 30	5 00
Napanee Mills	"	5 15	12 45	5 15
Newburgh	"	5 20	12 55	5 25
Thompson's Mills*	"	5 25	1 05	5 35
Camden East	"	5 27	1 10	5 40
Yarker	"	5 37	1 20	5 50
Galbraith Road*	"	5 45		5 59
Moscow	"	6 00		6 17
Mudlake Bridge*	"	6 20		6 39
Enterprise	"	6 30		6 50
Wilson's Crossing*	"	6 35		7 01
Tamworth	Arrive	7 00		7 27

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 6. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 30		7 40
Wilson's Crossing*	"	7 55		8 06
Enterprise	"	8 00		8 20
Mudlake Bridge*	"	8 10		8 31
Moscow	"	8 30		8 55
Galbraith Road*	"	8 45		9 13
Yarker	"	8 53	4 06	9 25
Camden East	"	9 03	4 15	9 35
Thompson's Mills*	"	9 05	4 20	9 40
Newburgh	"	9 10	4 25	9 50
Napanee Mills	"	9 15	4 30	10 00
Napanee	Arrive	9 30	4 40	10 20

*Stop only when passengers at or for.

Commencing Saturday, Aug. 30th, and until further notice, Saturday excursion tickets will be issued from any station on the line at one fare for the return trip. Tickets good to go and return by any regular train on date of issue only.

R. C. CARTER, Ass't Gen. Mgr. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. E. W. RATHBUN, Gen. Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.—Two or more experienced

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

TICKET AGENCY!

Tickets sold to all parts of the world by the most direct routes, at lowest fares; also return and excursion tickets. Baggage checked through to destination.

Trains leave Napanee as follows:

—GOING WEST—

Afternoon Express	4.54 P. M.
Morning "	3.28 A. M.
Fast "	6.07 A. M.
Mixed	8.37 A. M.

—GOING EAST—

Noon Express	12.55 P. M.
Midnight "	12.53 A. M.
Mixed	11.00 P. M.

No mixed east Saturday nights. No express trains east or west Sunday afternoons. No fast express west Monday mornings. Second-class tickets not good on fast express.

PARTIES GOING TO ANY POINT should purchase through tickets from

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent, Napanee.
Office of the Great North-Western Tel. Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

ROOMS in a respectable family without board for two gentlemen. Address X, Y, Z, THE EXPRESS office.

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued by NORMAN STORMS, Violet. Applications strictly private and confidential. 20-6 mos.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY R. J. WRIGHT, Morven. Applications strictly confidential. 25-6 mos-pd

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR

Forces luxuriant Mustache, Whiskers, or Hair on Bald Heads in three to four weeks. Will prove it or forfeit $100. Both young and old, surprises everybody. Price per package with directions sealed and post-paid, 50 cents. Stamps or silver.

W. J. AGNEW,
89-4 in. 105 Amelia Street, Toronto.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received until

FARMERS!

—Who will attend the—

Lennox Agricultural Exhibition

Can make more than their expenses by purchasing the Farming Implements required for this fall and next season's use, from the

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS!

We have determined to give a most Liberal Discount in all implements purchased from us during the show week. Therefore, to farmers who require

A First-Class Single Harvest Queen Reaper,

A "Meadow Lark" Single Reaper,

A Dodge Single or Combined Reaper,

A New Model Mower (Improved,)

Each machine of which is warranted to do work equal to the best in the country.

R. C. CARTER, H. D. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN,
Ass't Gen. Mgr. Superintendent. Gen. Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.—Two or more experienced dress-makers. Apply to MISS ALLISON, over P. Slaven & Co's.

WANTED.—A young man of one or two years, experience in carriage-making and wood work, under instructions. WEBSTER & BOYES.

TO LET.—Store in new Cartwright block, Dundas-st. Apply to NORMAN W. SCOTT or S. V. PERRY. 40

FOR SALE.—Two or three good farms, situated within a few miles of Napanee. In excellent state of cultivation and good buildings. For full particulars apply to S. GIBSON, Barrister, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE FOR FARM PROPERTY.—The Napanee Opera House and the Eastern Store in the Opera House block. Located on best position on Dundas street. For particulars apply to THOMAS SYMINGTON, proprietor. 45

FARM FOR SALE.—Front part of Lot No. 17, 2nd concession of Richmond, containing 84 acres, within a mile of Napanee and on the leading road to Deseronto. A fine property. Will be sold at a bargain. For full information apply to JOHN ENGLISH, Solicitor, Napanee. 43-tf

FOR SALE.—South half of lot No. 25 in the 8th concession of Hinchinbrooke, being 100 acres of timbered land. A great bargain for somebody as timbered land is coming up. For particulars apply to DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

BUILDING FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The premises formerly occupied by the Napanee Brush Co., situated between Mill and Water streets, suitable for manufacturing of any kind. Terms easy. For full particulars apply to NELSON GERMAN, on the premises adjoining. 34-4 mos.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned intends to remove to the West offers for sale his farm of 166 acres, being lot No. 16, in the 6th and 7th concessions of Ernesttown, 100 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Good buildings and well watered. A desirable location. Apply to
EDMUND B. SWITZER,
30-3 mos.-pd. Switzerville P. O.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—For sale on liberal terms or to let for a term of years. Situated three miles east of Napanee on the Kingston road; contains about 175 acres; particularly suitable for grain or dairy purposes. Excellent buildings, good fences, plenty of water. Privilege of ploughing and cultivating this fall. Possession given first of January. C. R. MILLER.
Napanee, July 2nd, 1884. 34-3 mos.

FARM FOR SALE.—As good a farm as there is in the township—west half of lot 24 in the 7th concession of Hinchinbrooke, containing 100 acres, being 25 acres under crop and 10 acres chopped that have never been cultivated. There is a new frame house 18x24 ft., and frame barn 24x36 ft.; quite a number of bearing fruit trees and a well that never fails; new fence; house and barn; easy terms in payments. For further particulars apply to
DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS FARM FOR SALE, IN [illegible] of lot No. 24, in the 7th concession of N[illegible] and east part of No. 1 in 7th concession of Hinchinbrooke, [illegible] in Napanee, and Napanee Mills Stations, being well fenced; [illegible] well watered by wells; large orchard.
41-3 mos. ABNER BROWN.

A JUMBO BARGAIN.—Farm for sale. North half of Lot No. [illegible] in the 4th concession of the township of Camden, at the village of Moscow, and only half a mile from station on the N. T. & Q. Railway, containing about 100 acres, with about 80 acres fit for the plough and 20 acres pasture and wood land. This is a very desirable farm, having all the advantages of daily stage and mail, post and telegraph offices, good school, good and abundant water, good orchard, well fenced, small frame house with wood house attached, splendid frame barn 36x48 with shed attached, 52x60, and good horse and cattle stable. The land is under excellent cultivation and contains all the good qualities of a Huffman street farm, and ready for crop in the spring. Good reasons given for selling. Apply to
ZARA VANLUVEN,
42-tf. Moscow P.O.

89-4 in. W. J. AGNEW,
105 Amelia Street, Toronto.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received until

Monday, the 13th of October,

for repairing the inside of the Methodist Church and building an addition to same, 20 x 32 on Bridge-st., in the village of Tamworth.

Plans and specifications can be seen at D. E. Rose's drug store, Tamworth.

The lowest or any tender not necessary accepted.

Tamworth, Sept. 23rd, 1884. 46-2

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition of certain electors of the County of Lennox & Addington, addressed to the Governor General in Council, asking for the adoption or bringing into force of the Temperance Act of 1878, in said county, and the submission of the same to a vote of the electors of said county, will be filed for public inspection in the office of the Registrar of Deeds, at Napanee, on Friday, the 17th day of October, instant.

Dated at Napanee, this third day of October, 1884.

W. W. MEACHAM,
2-ins Secretary.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal Colle e Dental Surgeons, Ont
SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately c upie Dr Clements, Du Napanee.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of Ontario Statute 43 Victoria, Chapter 67, and amending Acts, and a resolution passed at a meeting of the Provisional Directors of the

Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway Company,

held in the city of Toronto, on the thirteenth day of September A.D., 1884, that the Stock Books of the said The Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway Company will be formally

Opened for the Purpose of Receiving Subscriptions for Stock

in the said Company, at the offices of the Company, 18 Court Street, in the city of Toronto, in the county of York and Province of Ontario, on

SATURDAY NOV. 1st, 1884,

at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1884.

JOHN LEYS,
Solicitor for the said Company

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE.

—TWO NIGHTS—

Tavernier Dramatic Co'y

HEADED BY THE POPULAR ARTIST

IDA VAN CORTLAND.

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 6th.
WOLF'S ECCENTRIC COMEDY,

THE MIGHTY DOLLAR,

The most delightfully funny comedy ever written. It has charmed thousands. It will charm you.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 7th.
THE FAVORITE COMEDY DRAMA,

Ticket of Leave Man,

With a Strong Cast and Elegant Stage Sitting.

Little Annie Bird, In her new Character Songs between the acts.

POPULAR PRICES - - 25c., 35c., and 50c.

Reserved seats at J. J. Perry's Drug Store, on Thursday, Oct. 2nd.

Each machine of which is warranted to do work equal to the best in the country.

WE WILL ALLOW

A Discount,

On any of the above, at this season, which reduces the price to a much lower figure than such machines have ever before been offered in these counties.

AND IF ANY FARMER REQUIRES

A First-Class Single Plough,

(Warranted A 1,)

A Two-Moldboard Iron Gang Plough, (Best,)

A 2-Horse Iron Cultivator,

A Cider Press, Self or Hand Dump Rake, Straw-Cutter,

Or any other implement of our manufacture, will be allowed a Liberal Discount if their order is booked with us during the show week. We mean business, and would direct special attention to our new

Line of Plows

AND ALSO THE ABOVE

IMPLEMENTS,

which will be on exhibition at our Warerooms and also on the Fair Grounds.

☞ FARMERS, GIVE US A CALL.

THE NAPANEE
AGRICULTURAL
WORKS.

JOHN HERRING

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

NT., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 46.

COUNTY NEWS.

Newburgh.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—As a new subscriber to your paper I like it very much. I think THE EXPRESS is the best paper printed in Napanee to-day, and I know the majority of the people think the same if they acknowledge the truth. Times are good here at present as taxes are down. We have the right man in the right place as reeve, and we should keep him there. Our sidewalks are in the best repair that they have been for years.

—We are very much pleased to see Mr. Stickney around able to attend to business again as he was very low at one time.

—Our school is giving good satisfaction under the management of the present teachers.

—Mr. D. A. Burdett is putting up a nice dwelling house on Front-st. "Dan" is an enterprising citizen. I wish we had a few more like him.

—Mr. Jacob Detlor has remodeled his house and made a cosy little one out of it. It stands in front of St. Jacob's well and when you raise the lid of the well you can see the whole outside and inside of the house. Don't you believe it? If not come and see for yourself.

—A new sidewalk has been laid down on Baldwin-st. It was badly needed.

—Two weddings in Newburgh next week. Wouldn't you like to know who the happy parties are?

—The flower of Newburgh, our dress-maker, Miss Madden, has removed from the village.

—Mr. George Stickney and his mother have returned home from their visit among their relations up west. They must have enjoyed the visit judging from their looks.

—We are going to have a vote on the Scott Act in Newburgh. It can't be said that the Scott Act keeps the price of grain down, for when the Dunkin Bill was in force grain was high.

—Next Saturday is our county show and I don't want you to forget it.

—D. B. Stickney & Co. have started on another batch of reapers and mowers for another year. That speaks well for the firm in years past.

—The farmers are nearly all done threshing around this section and they say that grain yields well.

—Mr. D. K. Aylsworth has been very poorly but is recovering.

—The council meets to-night. If it was not for that we could give you a little more news.

JACK THINKER.

Cloyne.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Among the many influences brought to bear on the electoral vote in the late contest in Lennox by the Grits, says the well informed Picton Gazette, was that of colonization roads. Wonder where Lennox colonization roads are? Evidently the writer is on a par with an English journal some years ago, when it said the Ottawa river emptied into Lake Huron. The statements of Tory journals, principally imbibed from the Mail, are most ridiculous and absurd and fast bringing them into contempt with all good honest men.

PERSONAL.—Messrs. J. and D. and T. Perry drove to Tamworth on business on the 25th ult. ....The government colonization road engineer, Mr. P. H. Aylesworth, paid an official visit to this section on the 19th ult....Among the guests at Mr. Will Spencer's, head of the famed Massinoge, on the evening of the 28th inst., were Mr. D. A. Spencer and wife, Mr. Beausoileil and wife, Mr. Burrows, P.L.S. for Lennox and Addington, Napanee, Mr. L. T. Hanston of the firm of McLaren & Co., and the writer....Mr. L. Johnston of Belleville was negotiating for the purchase of Mr. Waite's farm, eastern division, on the 23rd ult. The difference between buyer and seller was so far they failed to connect. He was accompanied by his amiable wife who was amused and delighted with the scenery, invigorated by the healthy air balmy breezes and exhilarating drive over the winding rugged highways, ascents and precipitous declivities found in this region....Mr. Elias McKim of Tamworth was prospecting in flour and oxen on the 22nd inconvenience. I give one instance: Last Saturday morning by the up train from Napanee a lady with two children stopped off here with their luggage; it was raining at the time—a not very pleasant situation to be landed on a platform made from ties. Some men carried her trunks down to the hotel where she could put up until her friends came for her.

Bath.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Bath gardens producing this year second crop of beans, cucumbers and raspberries.

—Bass and pike fishing still remains good in our bay at this late season, the result no doubt of the fishing nets being withdrawn. Next year we predict a glorious sporting time for anglers.

—Dr. Kennedy's dwelling is progressing rapidly, and when completed will be an ornament to the place. Who next?

—Our hotels are working splendidly, preserving good order and making every effort to accommodate the public by adding to their improvements.

—The movement in barley has not commenced owing to the extreme lowness of price. We do hope to see a slight advance now, as the month of October has set in cool and malsters are making enquiries for the famous Bay of Quinte barley. May our farmers get a good price is the wish of the ROSICRUCIAN.

Selby.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Lots of rain and roads muddy.

—The new bell in the Roman Catholic Church, Napanee, can be distiuctly heard here.

—Mr. Alex. Rose returned last week from Manitoba, to spend the winter at home.

—Mrs. John McKim has been seriously ill for some time, but we are pleased to say she is now convalescent.

—Mrs. John Quigley went last week to visit friends in Chatham, and other parts of western Ontario.

—Mr. Charles Dean has enlarged his establishment by the addition of a new ware-room. He has Mr. Werden, a good wood-worker, engaged, and is building a lot of cutters for the winter trade.

—Mr. Wells' sale, a fortnight ago, was well attended. Chief Allen disposed of goods and chattles at a rapid rate. Mr. Wells will move to Michigan in about two weeks. His son has already been there about two months.

—There are a number of vacant houses in Selby at present, but the prospects are that every dwelling will be occupied during the winter.

—Active preparations are being made for the anniversary tea next Wednesday night, in the C. M. Church. A good programme of speeches, recitations and music will be provided and the ladies will spread an attractive table.

Odessa.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—We were pleased to see Grand Curiosity in our town again, notwithstanding the old bird is riding in on a rail. Never mind, my good fellow, we will never send you out in the same way.

—The Ernesttown Agricultural Society held their show last Saturday and although the rain did its best the show was good. Everything exhibited was of first-class order and the officers are to be congrrtulated on another success. They say that another year they will have worked the business up to a point that they can successfully compete for the honors with the county shows.

—At last, after Mr. P. P. Booth's daughter, Annie, was run over by furious driving through our streets, our citizens have formed themselves into a committee with the necessary funds to prosecute the first they can catch now at such reckless work.

—The east end of our town is being lighted by lamps being placed in front of resident's premises at their own expense. How nice it would be if our centre and west end parties would do the same. It would be so convenient to see on dark nights how to climb around the holes and over

SCOTT ACT CONVENTION.

It Decides to Submit the Act at Once.

A convention of temperance men favoring the submission of the Scott Act to the electors of the county, was held as per announcement, in the Town Hall, on Saturday last. Owing, doubtless, to the inclemency of the weather, a heavy down-pour of rain continuing nearly throughout the whole day, the attendance was small, there not being more than fifty or sixty persons present. The meeting was, however, very enthusiastic, the majority present expressing themselves as anxious for the fray. The chair was occupied by Rev. M. L. Pearson, pastor of the Eastern Methodist Church, Napanee, President of the Scott Act Association, and Dr. Meacham, of Odessa, was the secretary.

The Chairman, in his opening remarks, stated the object of the meeting, and urged prompt action in the circulation of the petitions. He thought it best not to be hasty in bringing on the election. Hastings was about to organize. The temperance people of Frontenac had commenced work, a meeting having already been held there, and another was called in the city of Kingston for some time next week; also that the people of Hastings were merely waiting for us to take the initial step. As for Prince Edward county, its petitions have been deposited with the Government, and an election ordered for October 30th.

Several others spoke, some urging on the election this year, while others, though as much in earnest as temperance men could be, thought they should wait another year before taking a vote. Their argument was that as the Dunkin Act had been a failure in this county, partially because neither Hastings nor Frontenac had a prohibitory measure, placing this county between two fires, and as the movement was started both in Frontenac and Hastings, and they would no doubt be gone on with successfully, the temperance people of Lennox & Addington should wait, but not cease working, till it was carried in either or both of those counties, and then bring the Act before the people here. They had no doubt then it would be carried by a large majority.

The Secretary stated that he had most of the petitions in, and the returns showed that the names already received numbered 1,150, with some 200 names yet to be obtained before they could be filed, but as several of the polling divisions had not yet been heard from, and there was yet two weeks to work he did not see any difficulty in obtaining the requisite number, and so bring on the election at once.

After several other opinions were expressed in favor of deferring the time of polling and otherwise, it was

Moved by Mr. T. W. Casey, Napanee, seconded by Mr. Allen Caton, Newburgh, that the meeting be adjourned for two weeks, the canvassers in the meantime to go on with their work, and that the Secretary be authorized to insert the necessary notices of application to the Government for submis-

and seller was so far they failed to connect. He was accompanied by his amiable wife who was amused and delighted with the scenery, invigorated by the healthy air balmy breezes and exhilarating drive over the winding rugged highways, ascents and precipitous declivities found in this region.... Mr. Elias McKim of Tamworth was prospecting in flour and oxen on the 22nd and 23rd ult.... Messrs. Chown domiciled at the hotel on the night of the 22nd ult. They were on business in connection with their firm in Kingston.... Mr. Charles Kenyon, formerly of this place but now of Belleville, is gradually sinking from his malady. No hopes are entertained of his recovery.... Miss Lucy Armstrong is engaged in millinery and dressing-making at Mr. B. Clark's.... Mr. P. Kenefec, manager for Gilmore & Co., Trenton, calls occasionally. He is at present very busy arranging for the winter's lumber campaign.... Mr. S. A. Weatherspon who succeeded the late Mr. Geo. Hartgraves as manager for Mr. William Sutherland, Belleville came up to attend to the latter's lumber interests and to haul down five thousand logs over Gilmore & Co.'s tramway from the Massinoge to Loon Lake.... Mr. F. Burrows, P. S. Inspector, was a guest at Mr. Will Spencer's, head of the Missinogue, on Sunday night, 28th ult. on his way to the northern part of the county. While there he told the writer of many of the recent events in Napanee.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—On Friday morning between 9 and 10 o'clock the following despatch was received here:—"Mrs. Cannon, meet me at Harrowsmith; Herbert is dead. Dr. Cannon." The sad news caused a shock to all in the village and Mr. Fred. Shibley, operator, conveyed the telegram to Mrs. Cannon which was a great shock to her, it coming so sudden and unexpected. She was soon surrounded with sympathizing friends and offers of assistance given. Teams and conveyances were procured and a number with Mrs. Cannon went to Harrowsmith to be ready to receive the corpse on the arrival of the train from Sharbot Lake. Imagine their surprise when the train arrived. Dr. Cannon was alone. The telegram was a mistake; it should have read:—"Mrs. Cannon—Meet me at Harrowsmith—Herbert is better." The blunder is to be regretted as Mrs. Cannon was at considerable expense telegraphing to friends in the west; besides, the shock to her feelings was terrible. Dr. Cannon desires to tender his thanks to the people of the village for their kindness to him and Mrs. Cannon in their supposed bereavement.

—A large number, accompanied by the band, went by the evening train to the Good Templars, picnic, Cedar Point. The rain continuing on their arrival none left the cars and those on the ground left and went on the train as far as Moscow station. The Tamworth portion went on home; the Napanee and Yarker portion remained at the station until the return of the train. The band played several selections, dancing by some was indulged in and addresses were given by Mr. W. S. Williams and Mr. A. Henry and an excellent reading styled "The Three Bachelors," by Miss Allen, daughter of Chief Allen, Napanee. A very pleasant time was spent in spite of the rain.

—Friday evening Mr. W. S. Williams, Secretary of the N. T. & Q. R.R. met the villagers of Colebrook at Mr. G. Garrison's store. The object of the meeting was to come to some amicable arrangement about the location of the station. Mr. Williams, on behalf of the Company, wanted the people of Colebrook to point out where they would like to have a station located and the Company would build them one. Mr. Samuel Bell addressed Mr. Williams for the villagers and asked the Company to bind themselves in writing to build us as good a station as there is along the line where they would point out and to build no station at Yarker or allow anyone else to build one there. Then they would be satisfied. Mr. Williams said he could do this then Mr. Samuel Bell said, "We will communicate with Mr. Rathbun and let him know our demands" and the conference ended. The Company will now build a station at Yarker.

—A meeting of the trustees of the Methodist Church was held in the church this week, Rev. Mr. Bates in the chair. Considerable business was done. One part the public is interested in is that the seats in the church are free to all. A collection will be taken up to meet expenses instead of pew rent.

—A daughter of Mr. Hugh Davey of Ernesttown was buried in the cemetery here, Rev. Mr. Bates conducting the services. There was a very large turn out of friends who accompanied the remains to their last resting place.

—Mr. Thos. Love, farmer, Ernesttown, was taken to his last home to-day. He has been a great sufferer for the last two years. His remains were taken to Carks Mills cemetery, Rev. Mr. Elliott conducting the services. Mr. Love was highly respected and a very large number attended the funeral. He leaves a wife and child to mourn his loss.

—The Railway Company have fenced in the ground they purchased and it is hoped they will soon provide shelter for persons having to take the cars at this point. Some have suffered great prosecute the first they can catch now at such reckless work.

—The east end of our town is being lighted by lamps being placed in front of resident's premises at their own expense. How nice it would be if our centre and west end parties would do the same. It would be so convenient to see on dark nights how to climb around the holes and over the rotten plank in the board walks, the same which are a good showing of our magnanimous council.

—The Tories were well pleased with the assessor's work, as evidenced by their entering four appeals only.

Personals.

—Mr. David Richardson spent Sunday in Belleville.

—Mr. Benjamin Howell of Deseronto spent Sunday in town.

—Miss Nettie Bowen left on Thursday of last week for Dresden, Ont.

—Mr. J. F. Roblin of Picton gave THE EXPRESS a call on Tuesday.

—Mr. Charles Diekens of Woodstock is visiting in Napanee and vicinity.

—A. D. Fraser, Esq., of Hawley, has returned from Kansas, evidently much improved in health.

—Mr. T. Coughlin, formerly conductor on the N., T. & Q. Railway, has accepted a similar position on the Bay of Quinte Railway.

—Mr. L. T. Lochhead left on Tuesday last for Kingston to commence his course in Arts at Queen's University. We wish him success.

—Mrs. A. P. Tregent, who has been visiting with her mother, Mrs. M. P. Roblin, for some time, left for Woodstock on Monday evening where she will reside in future.

—Miss Williams returned on Tuesday from a two months' visit to Grand Rapids, Mich. Miss Blanche Williams, who accompanied her to the West, will remain in Grand Rapids with her uncle and attend a young lady's seminary for a year.

—Dr. W. J. Webster, son of John Webster Esq., has decided to open an office at White Lake, Aurora County, Dakota. He made a tour of the district and is delighted with the climate and the country. We wish him a full measure of success.

LITERARY NOTES.

Popular Science Monthly.

The October number of the monthly now to hand would seem to completely "fill the bill," as a scientific magazine. The object of the magazine is to bring forward distinctively and prominently the higher human aspects of scientific enquiry, and every one of the fifteen articles of the present number sustains this character. The first paper, by Dr. F. J. Shepherd, on "The Significance of Human Anomalies" is an illustrated and very timely exposition of those aberrations of structure in the human system which for centuries were the puzzle of anatomists, but which are now completely cleared up by the doctrine of descent and evolution. Francis Galton's paper on the "Measurement of Character" is a skilful and most suggestive attempt to bring the higher human characteristic within the pale of quantitative science. Lord Rayleigh's survey of "The recent Progress of Physical Science," which was his presidential address before the Montreal meeting of the British Association, is given in full, as it deserves to be, though elsewhere generally it appears only in abstracts. Being of great interest in itself, and the most striking production of a memorable occasion, readers will especially value it for its completeness. A biographical sketch and a fine portrait of Lord Rayleigh are also given. "Dip" in the County," by Williams series on the "Chemistry of Common Things," "Wages, Capital and Idle Men," "The Biological Aspect of Mesmerism," "The Conditions of Happiness" conclude "Questions at Issue." "Lightning," "The Cholera Germ," "The Origin of Cultivated Plants" are all from readable and meaty papers. Prof. J. W. Gi[illegible] tributes "Further Remarks on the Greek Accentuation" and the editor keeps up his lively fight with the classicists for more room and higher consideration for science in education. New York: D. Appleton & Co., 50 cents a number, $5 a year.

A New Suit. Faded articles of all kinds restored to their original beauty by Diamond Dyes. Perfect and simple. 10c. at all druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

What to D[illegible]

If troubled with an unhealthy, slow-healing sore use McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. You will find it invaluable for healing, cleansing and completely removing your trouble. If the blood is out of order take with it a few doses of McGregor's Speedy Cure from T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and at Jas. Aylesworth's drug store, Tamworth.

seconded by Mr. Allen Caton, Newburgh, that the meeting be adjourned for two weeks, the canvassers in the meantime to go on with their work, and that the Secretary be authorized to insert the necessary notices of application to the Government for submission of the Act in this county.

Moved in amendment by Mr. S. Gibson, seconded by Mr. Marsh Bogart, that the canvassers go on with their work for the next two weeks, but that no notices be inserted in the papers till after the next meeting.

The original motion was carried, and a meeting was appointed to be held in the Town Hall, two weeks hence, Oct. 11.

A subscription list was circulated to defray current expenses and the meeting then adjourned.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—The Ocean King has arrived at Gibralter.

—Teemer beat Ross at Point of Pines on Monday.

—Arnica & Oil Liniment is the best remedy known for stiff joints.

—A man was killed at Eddy's saw mills, Hull, on Saturday.

—A verdict of wilful murder has been returned in the Mattawa tragedy.

—Ryan, the man suspected of the Jackfish Bay tragedy, cannot be found.

—The Beamishes, father and sons, were adjudged guilty of manslaughter on Monday, in the Blythe murder case.

—The history of Downs' Elixir is identified with the history of New England for the last fifty years. It cures coughs and colds.

—Costiveness is the cause of the intolerable "bad breath" of multitudes. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters remove the cause and prevent the evil, and cost only 25 cents.

—Gladstone, having been accused of supporting the Roman Catholic Church, denies the statement and demands the name of the author.

—"My daughter has taken the medicine faithfully, according to directions, and her health and spirits are now perfect. The humor is all gone from her face. I wish every anxious mother might know what a blessing Ayer's Sarsaparilla is in such cases."

—Near Pittsburgh, Pa., the other day, a tramp met a young lady on horseback, knocked her on the head and went off with the horse. It would have been more fashionable if he had knocked the horse on the head and run away with the young lady. He was evidently never a coachman.

—Sufferers from the effects of quinine, used as a remedy for chills and fever, will appreciate Ayer's Ague Cure, a powerful tonic bitter, composed wholly of vegetable substances, without a particle of any noxious drug. Its action is peculiar, prompt and powerful, breaking up the chill, curing the fever, and expelling the poison from the system, yet leaving no harmful or unpleasant effect upon the patient.

—What is most amusing about the numerous elopements in the United States is the fact that the proud fathers, who [illegible] the low marriages of their daughters early in life themselves began life the same way and climbed the ladder. Drake the New York millionaire, is now [illegible] daughter [illegible] Carroll, is said to be [illegible] attache of Dan[illegible]

SALE REGISTER.

Saturday October [illegible] an extensive [illegible] O'Dea, [illegible] valuable farm stock [illegible] mence at one o'clock [illegible]

Wednesday, October [illegible] auctioneer, has received instructions from J. N. Alcombrack, lot 25, 6th [illegible] Ernesttown, to sell at his residence all his farm stock, implements and household furniture. Sale commences at 12 o'clock, noon.

Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

Figures Won't Lie.

The figures showing the enormous yearly sales of Kidney-Wort demonstrate its value as a medicine beyond dispute. It is a purely vegetable compound of certain roots, leaves and berries known to have special value in Kidney troubles. Combined with these are remedies acting directly on the Liver and Bowels. It is because of this combined action that Kidney-Wort has proved such an unequalled remedy in all diseases of these organs.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Soliciter in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office—McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office—Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons New York For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C, Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Ste., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at **6** PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

Miscellaneous.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS.

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationery, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 15

FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1884. 24

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best **COAL** at the **LOWEST** prices are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent for the Rathbun Company

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-1mos.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music either brass or string, on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28 6mos.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail.

Give me a call.

19 **F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.**

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President.
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. B. LLOYD, - W. R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
J N. McKIM, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the

Torpedo Warfare.

Side by side with the construction of huge ironclads has proceeded the development of a specific bane for these prodigious war-ships—the torpedo. This implement of destruction has been greatly perfected through the well-known inventions of Whitehead, Swartzopf, Lay, and others, and through devices now under examination in this country by a board appointed for the purpose. In some of these, gun-cotton or dynamite is invoked to increase the destructiveness of the projectile. Ericsson's *Destroyer*, with its submarine bow gun for shooting torpedoes several hundred feet through the water, has a character all its own. In torpedoes of the Whitehead and Haight-Lay class, which are not fired from guns, but provide their own motive power, compressed air, or carbonic acid gas, or electricity as the case may be, furnishes the propulsion or controls the point of explosion. In the modern torpedo-boat, to use the words of Lieutenant-Commander Barber to the Senate Naval Committee, we find "the most wonderful combination of speed, lightness, and handiness that is now afloat, and of these boats Europe possesses hundreds." A cut on page 579, representing a fleet of Yarrow sea-going torpedo vessels passing each other at a speed of twenty knots to attack line-of-battle ships, gives an idea of the possibilities of this form of warfare.

Germany has arranged to add no fewer than one hundred and fifty torpedo vessels to her coast defenses. Russia began several years ago the construction of one hundred torpedo boats, after her experience of torpedo warfare in the Black Sea during her last conflict with Turkey. England this year adds four new torpedo boats to her fleet, and has great quantities of torpedoes ready for use. France and Italy are among the foremost in this rivalry, and the great armored ships of the latter power carry torpedo launches in the holds.

Not long ago, on the coast of Algiers, Admiral Jaures made practical tests of *Torpilleurs*, which he declared to be decisive of their efficiency. Two torpedo boats easily attained the great speed of eighteen knots an hour; and as these boats are constructed for use as rams, it is evident that a squadron attempting to escape at the speed of an ordinary ironclad might be overtaking and struck at a high velocity by the pursuers. If, on the other hand, the armored ships move at full speed against the torpedo boats, the time during which the latter are under the fire of the artillery is so reduced as to greatly avoid the chances of their being hit and sunk. The trials at Algiers were made in a calm sea, with bright moonlight, at a fixed hour of the night, when the officers and men of the squadron were on the lookout. The *torpileur*. nevertheless, was not descried until within a distance of three-fifths of a mile; and as the boat and squadron were approaching each other, about one minute after the former was seen she was within sixteen feet of the admiral's vessel. No fact could more strikingly show how like a thunder-bolt the perfect torpedo vessel of the future will hurl itself upon its gigantic adversary, trusting to its speed, and to the minuteness of the target it furnishes, for protection against his cannon.

Experiments made at Toulon this

H. B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALLISON, DORLAND & NEWBURY, Proprietors.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

(Opposite Railway Station) John st, Napanee,

JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21 1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

The Lake Shore House

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED AT THE

—SANDBANKS,—

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions.

Beautiful secenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms *en suite* or single.

Board, per week	$5 00
" " day	1 40
Meals	35
Horses in barn to hay and grain	30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat, livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NEIL M'DONALD. McDONALD & HYATT,
HN W. HYATT. [1-3mos.] Proprietors.

It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

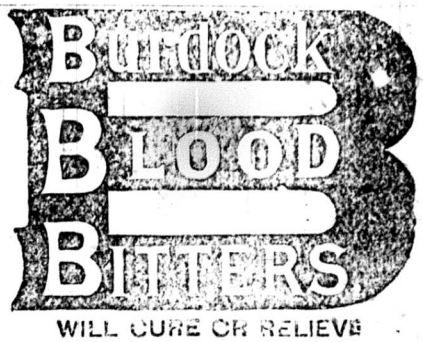
The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired. All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B



WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE.	OF THE HEART,
ERYSIPELAS.	ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM,	THE STOMACH.
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN.

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS or BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vandelf & Co. 12 Barclay street, New York.

torpedo vessel of the future will hurl itself upon its gigantic adversary, trusting to its speed, and to the minuteness of the target it furnishes, for protection against his cannon.

Experiments made at Toulon this summer in a high wind and rough sea showed that the boats invariably hit the target with their torpedoes, in spite of the disturbance produced by the rush of speed. Above all, since the torpedo system is based on the attack of a blockading squadron not by a single boat, but by a swarm of boats, the chances of destroying several costly iron clads with these comparatively cheap assailants are multiplied.

What special counter-agencies have been provided to meet this danger? First, it is believed that the electric light will prevent these enemies from stealing swiftly up without discovery. Unquestionably this light will be an aid; but the boats would come in from all directions, and the light would help the assailants as well as the assailed, especially as a flotilla might include gun-boats firing heavy projectiles at a well-illuminated target. In the second place, a modern armored squadron has its own torpedo launches and its despatch-boats for scouting. Still, these smaller craft would run some risk of being mistaken for the enemy, and of attacking each other. The main source of defence, however, is the suspension of a steel netting several yards distant from the side of the vessel. While the use of these hanging screens is undeniable, it is obvious that they must greatly reduce the speed of the vessel and interfere with its handling. Even for protecting vessels at anchor they are cumbersome to carry.

One English writer is so impressed by the ruin which a fleet of torpedo vessels could produce that he proposes changes in construction for iron-clads, sacrificing speed to fighting power, and then having a faster squadron to accompany these slower ones. His vessel would be "a short and broad and strong-bowed ship, with a tumble-home side, and of deep draught; a cellular ship both above and below a submerged armor-plated deck, placed five feet below the water line, the bow and stern only being cased in armor; a recessed side of hull, shelving downward from the water line," this recess to be protected by a stout fixed net-work extending fifteen feet downward to arrest the blow of the torpedo, but not carried around the bow, since "increased cellular protection with cork fillings" can be afforded to that part of the ship. The novel feature of design in this device, which we have described in the phraseology of its proposer, "is the projecting side at the water line, to admit of a recess below, thus affording a water cushion to minimize the effect of a torpedo explosion."

It is suggestive to find the enormous iron-clads seeking protection against their swarming little enemies—the Goliaths alive to the dangers in the slings of the Davids.

"I never saw such a woman in all my life," said Bass, "you are never satisfied with anything." "People who knew the man I took for a husband," replied Mrs. B., "think, on the contrary, that I am very easily satisfied."

Clever Jewel Robbers.

"Yes," said a jeweller, "we are constantly on the watch for thieves. Of course the imperative rule is not to let goods go out of your sight until you get the money. The trick of having goods sent to hotels and boarding houses with bills for collection is so stale that the undeviating rule is to keep your goods in sight. But a shrewd fellow once managed to get three watches from me by a clever dodge, A bright sharp-looking person came in one day and said: 'I am from Ohio, and have a commission to buy some goods for my sister who is about to be married there.' He picked out a bill of five hundred dollars' worth of various articles and said: 'Just send them around to my store on Broadway at twelve o'clock,' naming a well known carpet store in Broadway. The goods were sent by a clerk, who found the customer ap arently engaged in showing carpets and perfectly at home. He recognized the clerk and said: 'Ah! just step this way, and I will gice you a check.' He went with the clerk to a desk, drew a check, and took the goods. He appeared to be so perfectly at home that the clerk had not the slightest suspicion. Of course the check was worthless, and we found that he had secured the desk privilege at the carpet store by pretending that he was buying a large stock of carpets among other purchases in the city. He fooled five jewellers in New York, and others in other cities. One day a swarthy, foreign looking, well dressed young man called on a brother jeweller and handed him his card —'Alexander Dumas, Prussian Legation, Washington.' He said he was with his wife and child at the Ss. Nicholas Hotel, and wanted to buy some watches and jewellery, for which he would pay cash. He said his wife was too sick to leave the hotel, and wanted the goods sent with the bill. The jeweller thought he would make a sure thing of it and take the goods himself. He went to rhe St. Nicholas, was told that Mr. Dumas was stopping there and was shown to his room. Mr. Dumas was busy writing, but welcomed the jeweller cordially. 'Ah,' he said, 'I am glad you have come. I am sorry that my wife is confined to her bed, I will just step into the next room and let her make her selections.' The jeweller in a moment of weakness, consented. After waiting five minutes he began to get nervous. He did not like to disturb a sick lady, but went to the office to make some inquiries. There he found that Mr. Dumas had just stepped out, and had no wife or child in the house. He was finally caught, after he had played the same game on a number of jewellers, and lodged in Sing Sing. When he was captured he tried to conciliate the last victim by the presentation of a beautiful overcoat. But the overcoat proved to have been stolen."

Alaska Belles.

At Killiseo, writes a correspondent, blackened faces were almost the rule, and every native woman had her face coated with a mixture of seal oil and soot. It gives them a wild strange look, and they giggle in the silliest way when one points to them. The old theories that they wore it as a sign of mourning, because

KING'S EVIL

Was the name formerly given to Scrofula because of a superstition that it could be cured by a king's touch. The world is wiser now, and knows that

SCROFULA

can only be cured by a thorough purification of the blood. If this is neglected, the disease perpetuates its taint through generation after generation. Among its earlier symptomatic developments are **Eczema, Cutaneous Eruptions, Tumors, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas, Purulent Ulcers, Nervous and Physical Collapse,** etc. If allowed to continue, **Rheumatism, Scrofulous Catarrh, Kidney** and **Liver Diseases, Tubercular Consumption,** and various other dangerous or fatal maladies, are produced by it.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only powerful and always reliable blood-purifying medicine. It is so effectual an alterative that it eradicates from the system **Hereditary Scrofula,** and the kindred poisons of contagious diseases and **mercury. At** the same time it enriches and vitalizes the blood, restoring healthful action to the vital organs and rejuvenating the entire system. This great

Regenerative Medicine

Is composed of the genuine *Honduras Sarsaparilla,* with *Yellow Dock, Stillingia,* the *Iodides of Potassium* and *Iron,* and other ingredients of great potency, carefully and scientifically compounded. Its formula is generally known to the medical profession, and the best physicians constantly prescribe AYER'S SARSAPARILLA as an

Absolute Cure

For all diseases caused by the vitiation of the blood. It is concentrated to the highest practicable degree, far beyond any other preparation for which like effects are claimed, and is therefore the cheapest, as well as the best blood purifying medicine, in the world.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

[Analytical Chemists.]

Sold by all Druggists: price $1; six bottles for $5.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE

PLANING MILLS.

Steamboats.

THE REINEEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Steamer "Reindeer" will, until further announcement, run on the following route:—Leave Conway Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m. for Picton and Napanee, touching at all intermediate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a m. Returning, will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and Picton at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1884. 3)

DESERONTO NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED

Until further notice the following steamers of the above company will run as follows:

STR. DESERONTO.

L've Napanee 6 00 A.M.		L've Picton 3 00	P M
" Deseronto 6 45 "		" Deseronto 5 00	"
Arrive Picton 8 30 "		" Napanee 6.50	"

This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto.

L've Picton 9.30 a.m.	L've Deseronto 1.00 p.m.
Arr. Deseronto 11.00 a.m.	Arr. Picton 2.30 p.m.

STR. PILGRIM.

L've Napanee.....9.00 a.m.		1 00 p.m.	4.00 p.m
" Deseronto.....7.30 "		10.30 a.m.	2.30

STR. QUINTE.

L've Picton.....6.00		L've Trenton....1 00	p. m
" Deseronto ..7.30		" Belleville...3.00	"
" Northport...8.00		" Northport..4.30	"
" Belleville.. 10.00		" Deseronto 5.30	"
Arr. Trenton....11.00		Arr. Picton.... 7.00	"

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS

NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN.
CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work

We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend it to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills,	George Cliff,
Scott & Perry,	W. A. Embury,
Robert Light,	F. W. Little
John A. Cliff,	Robert McMullen.

Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.

SEASON OF 1884.

gives them a wild strange look, and they giggle in the silliest way when one points to them. The old theories that they wore it as a sign of mourning, because they were angry or rejoiced, or penitent are exploded now, and it is known that it is simply a protection against the gnats and mosquitoes on land, and to keep their faces from burning when out in their canoes. Itis an excellent cosmetic for the women, keeping their complexion soft and smooth, and when the wash it off on grand occasions their faces are as creamy white as the fairest of their Japanese sisters. A group of these blackamoors made a picture as they sat inside a cabin-door weaving their pretty baskets of the fine inside bark and roots of the cedar. One younger women wore a silver pin sticking out through her under lip, another had a bone labrette, or tip ring, put through like a collar button, and the third, a wrinkled old crone, wore a great plug of wood over an inch across. These lip ornaments are worn by nearly all the women of the island tribes, and are a mark of age as certain as a family record. The big wooden plugs that they put in in their sere and yellow days push the lip out and give a hideous look to the wrinkled, blackened old crones who wear them. Nose-rings and ear rings, silver rings on their fingers and bracelets on their wrists complete their full dress array, and if they only wore something more barbaric than shawls and calico dresses, they would be far more interesting as savage studies.

Venetian Women.

The poor women who are the only examples of the sex generally visible, are on the whole inferior to the men in good looks. For one thing their dress is the most unbecoming possible. A large shawl generally woollen and very often dingy, covers them almost from head to foot, concealing every possible charm of figure under the long shapeless wrap, which is never put on coquettishly, as in France or drawn over the elbows, but allowed to hang in a straight line, the arms concealed under it—the hands only appearing now and then to huddle it about the neck. The feet are covered with white stockings (almost invariably clean) and shoes without any heels, in which it must be a work of extreme difficulty to shuffle about; and last, and worst of all, there seems to be a popular prejudice against combing the hair, which is generally abundant, and always uncovered, but which hangs about their brows in elf locks—a wild exaggeration of the fringe of modern fashion. This is all the greater misfortune that the hair itself is often beautiful, and that its wild condition does great wrong to a pretty little fresh countenance underneath, which does not possess the fine and picturesque outline which half justifies a picturesque disorder, but is of the class which requires and rewards tidiness and care. The occasional vision of a higher beauty here and there is not much more common in Venice than in other places. In Torcello, in the wild and melancholy desert which was once a lesser Venice, are one or two pale lovely young women of a higher type, and the lace girls of Burano, bending over their endless work, have a considerable amount of beauty among them.

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for bes qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand

Just received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH.

Briscoe House Block

HOARSENESS ET.

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See the Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester.
(Unsurpassed in the world.)

The Celebrated Toronto Mower.

The Massey Mower.

The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake.

The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.

The Wisner Seeder.

The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator.
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)

The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow.
(Made especially for us for this season

The Port Perry Gang Plow

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all change made with ropes from the floor of the barn. The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous "CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ A full line of repairs constantly on hand.

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas

A Belle's Toilet.

A human eye becoimng detaahed from the person of the fashion reporter of The St. Louis *Post-Dispatch* it secured surreptitious entry into a West End boudoir, and so disposed itself that its visual angle was substended by the bureau, the pier glass, the wardrobe, and the bed.

Then the eye waited.

Prcsently a vision of loveliness floated into the room. This was at 4:10 P. M. The vision was clothed in a calico wrapper, and its long, yellow hair lay damply matted along its back. There was not much effort to be beautiful in the vision, its prettiness being of the natural and unadorned order, suggestive of brown windsor, Turkish towels, and cold water. When the vision sat down, it was evident that no silken or other hose was between the little pink heel and the kid slipper. No cuffs were on the wrists, and, indeed, the wrapper clung damply to shoulder and arm, and suggested all manner of thoughts to the eye—of naiads and the rolling surf and Bougureau's pictures. "My gracious goodness !" exclaimed the apparition ; "its after 4 o'clock. I must hurry." It hurried thus : Taking a couple of good stiff brushes from th dressing-case, it disposed a towel about its shoulders, and brushed the yellow hair, and brushed and brushed, and brushed and brushed. The little toy-clock on the mantel ticked for the half hour, and then for three-quarters past 4, and still that tireless arm weaponed with the brush continued its task While the eye had been mesmerized by the monotonous cadence of bristle upon upon bristle, and had been soothed into drowsiness that passed into sleep, an interval of which no note could be taken, and when the eye stared vigilantly into the room again a lightning-change act had occured. Instead of the blue calico wrap, the form upon the chair was now incased in snowy dimity, with abbreviated, lace-edged skirt, the loose hair had been knotted into a figure eight, and the hands of the toy-clock pointed to ten minutes past 5. After so much exertion of course must come a rest, and the vision toyed with a manicure while the eye busied itself with a dimple on the vision's elbow and an inventory of the little toes, each armed as the Harolds say, with a little sea-shell nail. The vision finished its hands at 5:25 P. M., yawned and stretched languorously as though every detail of the toilet were being enjoyed, and then leaned sideways to an adjacent chair upon which hung pendant several pairs of stockings. A blue pair and a whitish-lace looking pair were closely inspected, the inspection consisting chiefly in patting the fabric stretched out over the instep. It took four minutes to decide this momentous question, which was finally adjudged in favor of the blue, and ten more to adjust the hosiery in situ. A half a dozen approbatory pats were bestowed upon the garments, and a little crease which insisted on appearing just over the toes was carefully smoothed out, then the vision went before the pier glass humming a strain from "The Chimes of Normandy," and taking the pose of *Serpolette*, passed judgement upon herself and found herself good. A pair of shoes next went on, an unsuccessful search for a shoe-buttoner ending in the use of a hair-pin, and the

Paper Making from Bagasse.

A breeze has been made in paper manufacturing circles lately, more particularly at the South, by the appearance of a recent edition of the New Orleans *Picayune* printed on paper made of bagasse. This material is the refuse of the sugar cane after the juice has been squzzed out. Quite recently it has begun to be utilized in a small way for fuel, but it has previously been considered a worthless material and only a source of expense in carting it off to dumping grounds where it was burned.

Experiments to utilize bagasse in paper making have been considered for a long time, but it is not until very lately a New Orleans man—Mr. Harang—has made the claim of practically solving the problem. A lot of bagasse was shipped to a paper mill in Canada and 5.000 pounds of paper made. It was rather more brittle and darker than most newspaper but was, nevertheless serviceable paper material. Whether its production will pay is another question. Paper stock of all kinds, rags, wood pulp, jute butts, were never so low as now and the cost of paper making has been reduced by this course to such low figures that we have ceased to buy foreign paper, but instead export largely.

Ground wood pulp can doubtless be made cheaper than bagasse paper material, but enthusiasts believe there is a field for it. At least it would seem as though bagasse might be profitably used in the manufacture of tubs, barrels, dishes and such articles. An effort is being made to raise a working capital of $100,000 with which to erect a first-class pulp and paper mill.

The effort is a commendable one. It is possible that it may result in a new industry for the South of like nature as the cotton-seed oil manufacture. It is only a few years ago that thousands of tons of cotton seed were dumped into rivers to get it out of the way. The discovery of a process of obtaining oil from the cotton seed has built up an immense industry, which is to-day the leading manufacturing business of New Orleans.

A Battle with an Alligator.

A trapper and hunter, while trapping for otter on West Choctawpatchie River, in Alabama, had a terrible fight with an alligator. Seeing the water agitated in a hole near the river, and supposing that otters were fishing therein, he mounted a pole on a tussock just about the water's edge. His steel traps were in a sack suspended from his neck. His only weapon was his hatchet. He sat on the pole with a mass of vines at his back, he held his weapon ready to strike an otter should one arise. Soon he saw a young alligator near him. He caught it up and it uttered a cry. In an instant there was a terrible splash of water, and a huge alligator with distended mouth and glittering teeth rushed for him. With little hope of escape he fell back upon the vines, and as he did so kicked the pole from under his feet. The terrible jaws closed on the pole and crushed it. Carroll tried to interpose the traps, but a vine had caught them and partly held him down. Seizing his hatchet he struck into the open mouth of his assailant. It closed on the weapon, and with great difficulty he sav-

A FEW PICKLES.

Old Virginia Pickles.—Put up all the articles reserved for the pickle in a jar—tiny cucumbers, onions, cauliflowers cut in pieces, ears of young corn about an inch or two long, &c. Cover with boiling salt and water, allowing them to remain in it for forty-eight hours. Then take out of the water, place in a thick cloth, and expose to the sun to dry, turning them over occasionally. When thoroughly dry place them in a jar, cover with cold vinegar, to which has been added a small quantity of tumeric, to color them ; let them stand in this for two weeks to drain out the water and plump them ; then pour off this vinegar and add that made by the following recipe. In three months they will be fit for use.

Vinegar for Virginia Pickle.—One pound each of gingea, celery seeds, horseradish and mustard seed ; one ounce each of mace, nutmeg and of the long red peppers used in pickling. Put these spices into a stone jar or pot free from grease or anything that will impart an unpleasant oder to the vinegar ; pour over them two gallons of strong vinegar ; stir frequently, and allow to stand a year without using. After pouring off the vinegar for the pickles add more spices, and fill again for future use. Keep well covered. A superior pickle that repays time and expense of preparation, and will keep any length of time.

Pickled Lemons.—Cut the lemons in quarters, not entirely apart, and put a teaspoonful of salt in each one ; put them where they will dry, either in the hot sun or by the stove ; when they are so dried that they are black, and look good for nothing, prepare the vinegar with cloves, cinnamon, nutmeg, ginger root, onion and a little mustard seed, and pour it boiling hot over the lemons. Keep a year before using, when they will be found equal to the West India lime. They require more vinegar than other pickles, as the lemon swells to its natural size.

Leisure Hour Pickles.—Take a jar with a close lid or bung, and half fill it with the best and strongest cider vinegar ; then vegetables of all kind that come to hand, such as small beans, cauliflowers, radish pods, young cucumbers, onions, &c. ; throw them in taking care always that there is sufficient vinegar to cover them. When nearly full add mustard seeds, bruised ginger, shallots, whole peper, &c , to taste. Tie down tightly, and place the jar in a vessel of water over the stove until the articles are soft enough.

Pickled Cucumbers.—The best cucumbers for pickling are not larger than a man's thumb, and should be fresh gathered. Put young cucumbers in a jar and cover them with a brine made one part salt to four of boiling water, pour hot over the cucumbers, cover and let stand for twenty-four hours, and to every six cucumbers put one small white onion in the hot brine ; when you take the cucumbers from the brine wash them in cold water and vinegar, half and half ; wipe dry in a soft towel and put them back in the jar; make a pickle of—to every quart of vinegar, two ounces of brown sugar, two sticks of cinnamon, two pieces of mace, six cloves, two teaspoonsful of allspice, one of whole black pepper, one long pod of

self good. A pair of shoes next went on, an unsuccessful search for a shoe-buttoner ending in the use of a hair-pin, and the vision at 5:55 was complete as to her foundation. When the clock struck 6 she was in the middle of a heated controversy with a corset, which had to be taken off and tightened, taken off and loosened, taken off and tightened again before she was entirely suited. Following the corset came an avalanche of white skirt that flew balloon-like into position and then nestled lovingly, beginning its evening work at exactly 6:10 P. M.

The vision now began the serious work of the evening; it took a damp towel and dabbled its face and neck there with all dried by pressure, not by rubbing and with a soft fluff of swansdown dusted the fair skin with powder—rather heavily the eye thought. Next the powder was rubbed off as carefully as it had been put on; the front hair was taken out of the papers in which it had been reposing, and a few careless passes of the comb clustered the yellow ringlets into a mast artistic bang upon the fair forehead, all of which was accomplished at 6:30 P. M.

Another white skirt, this time of lawn, went over the pretty head and down the supple waist, where it was fastened adroitly and shaken two or three times until it hit just that golden mean between too near and too far, which the ideal skirt upon the ideal girl should occupy. Of course this was not done without constant reference to the glass, and one or two liftings of the lower edge so that the wearer might with judicial accuracy calculate the effect of a neat blue upholstered ankle beneath that maze of white upon the masculine intellect. So the time passed until 6:50 P. M. Then the waist, also of diaphanous lawn, went on, the vision seeing to it that through its thin texture gleams from the pale, rosy shoulders and bosom should properly pass. Shrugs of the aforesaid shoulders and affectionate patting from the prettiest hands in St. Louis assisted in this process, bringing the day to 7:15 P. M. A collar of the minaret kind, and a haze of white lace went round the throat and were buttoned, pinned, and tied in ten minutes more. A bunch of artificial lilacs took five minutes to adjust, and the actual work of the toilet was done by 7:25 P. M., just three hours and fifteen minutes after it commenced. Ten minutes more, however, was devoted to criticism, the little form bending backward and forward before the pier glass into every possible position, studying the effect of the costume, which was, the eye thought, a thing of beauty and a joy forever.

She floated out of the room at 7:40 P. M., leaving the eye a wiser and a more wistful eye than it had been, and as it prepared to return to the body from which for nearly four hours it had been divorced, the eye moralized that those four hours had not been lost, and that, considering the time, the feminine result was superb.

A foolish friend does more harm than a wise enemy.

A bird upon the wing may carry a seed that shall add a new species to the vegetable family of a continent; and just so a word, a thought, from a living soul, may have results immeasurable, eternal.

ing his hatchet he struck into the open mouth of his assailant. It closed on the weapon, and with great difficulty he saved the hatchet. Getting free from his traps he dealt the alligator a fatal blow on the skull as it made the next charge. He secured the skull and such teeth as had not been destroyed in the fight. The length of the alligator was about 9½ feet. The hole was its den. Alligators rarely attack human beings.

The Wife

Ruskin, whose voice is that of a prophet, recalling men and women to those domestic ways in which pleasantness and peace are found, thus writes of the beautiful word "wife."

It is the great word in which the English and Latin languages conquered the French and Greek. I hope the French will some day get a word for it instead of *femme*.

But what do you think it comes from? The great value of the Saxon words is that they mean something. Wife means "weaver."

You must either be housewives or housemoths; remember that. In the deep sense you must either weave men's fortunes and embroider them, or feed upon and bring them to decay.

Wherever a true wife comes, home is always around her.

The stars may be overhead, the glow-worm in the night's cool grass may be the fire at her feet; but home is where she is, and for a noble woman it stretches far around her, better than houses ceiled with cedar or painted with vermillion—shedding its quiet for those who else are homeless.

This, I believe, is the woman's true place and power.

Catching a Cormorant.

Ned Monaghan, a Newark Bay fisherman, says he had a remarkable experience on the water on Sunday afternoon.

"I was having no sort of sport at all," he said, "and at about 5 o'clock in the evening I was lying half asleep in the stern of the boat, watching a lot of big black divers that were going under the water, catching lots of good fish and flyin' away with them. I had a long stretch of line out, but I was not thinking about it, when I got a bite that nearly pulled my wrist out of joint. I began to haul in the line, but it was no easy job, for the thing at the end of it was struggling like a shark. However, I had nearly got it all in, and I was watching for the head of a big fish to appear, when suddenly my line shot up out of the water and soared towards the clouds, carried by a diver that I had caught. It did not take him long to stretch it all out, now that he was on the wing. It broke off close to the reel, and the bird sailed away with the line streaming behind him. Cormorants, they are called, and a catch of one makes all the fishing you want for a day.—*New York Sun.*

Intercession is the very safety valve of love. When we feel that we can really do nothing at all in return for some remarkable kindness and affection, how exceedingly glad we are that we may and can pray.

of cinnamon, two pieces of mace, six cloves, two teaspoonsful of allspice, one of whole black pepper, one long pod of red pepper and a tablespoonful of mustard seed; let the vinegar boil for five minutes; pour the vinegar boiling hot over the cucumbers, and when perfectly cold tie up, and they will be fit to eat in a week.

A Sacred Tree.

In the East, the greatest veneration is paid to the Indian *Ficus religiosa*, the sacred and consecrated fig-tree or peepul-tree, of knowledge and wisdom, the holy Bo-tree of the lamas of Thibet. It is met with in most countries of South-eastern Asia; but the descriptions of it in botanical hand-books are confused and misleading. It is a handsome tree, growing frequently to a great height, an evergreen, which puts forth its flowers in April, and the bark yields freely upon incision an acrid milk containing a considerable proportion of india-rubber. According to Balfour, "the leaves are heart-shaped, long, pointed, and not unlike those of some poplars; and as the footstalks are long and slender, the leaves vibrate in the air like those of an aspen. It was under this tree that Gautama slept, and dreamed that his bed was the vast earth, and the Himalaya Mountains his pillow, while his left arm reached to the Eastern Ocean, his right to the Western Ocean, and his feet to the great South Seas." (Balfour's *Cyclopædia of India.*) This dream warned him that he was about to become a Buddha; and when its prophecy was fulfilled, he was again seated beneath the same tree.

In the year 250 B.C. a branch of this sacred tree was sent to the ancient city of Amuradhapoora, in the interior of Ceylon, together with the collar-bone of Gautama, and his begging-dish with other relics. Here it was planted, and was known by the name of the Bo-tree. The highest reverence was paid to it for two thousand years, and it is to this day the chief object of worship to the pilgrims who every year flock to the ruins of this city. These ruins are of vast extent, and abound in intricate and magnificent carvings. "An inclosure of three hundred and forty-five feet in length, and two hundred and sixteen in breadth, surrounds the court of the Bo-tree, designated by Buddhists the great, famous, and triumphant fig-tree." It is declared to be the same tree sprung from the branch sent by Asoka from Buddh-gya, and the amazing vigour and longevity of these trees make the assertion within the limits of the possible. "The city is in ruins," says Ferguson; "its great dagobas (sanctuaries containing relics) have fallen into decay; its monasteries have disappeared; but the great Bo-tree still flourishes, according to the legend: 'Ever green, never growing, or decreasing, but living on for ever for the delight and worship of mankind.' There is probably no older idol in the world, certainly none more venerated."

"Molly, I wish you would be a better little girl," said an Austin father to his little daughter. "You have no idea how sorry I am, that mama has to scold you all the time." "Don't worry about it, pa," was the reply of the little angel; "I am not one of those sensitive children. Half the time I don't hear what she says."—*Texas Siftings.*

GEMS OF THOUGHT.

On their own merits modest men are dumb.

The agitation of thought is the beginning of truth.

A straight line is the shortest in morals, as in mathematics.

It is vanity to desire to live long, and not to care to live well.

A man displeased with the world, is never satisfied with himself.

We are all frail but do thou esteem none more frail than thyself.

Until the vine leaves of youth are faded, who knows their value or sweetness?

There are times and circumstances in which not to speak out is at least to connive.

When the sun of virtue is set, the blush of shame is the twilight. When that dies, all is darkness.

Sloth, like rust, consumes faster than labor wears, while the key often used is always bright.

Taking things as they come isn't so very difficult. It's parting with them as they go that's hard.

What are the best days in memory? Those in which we met a companion who was truly such.

I have seldom known anyone who deserted truth in trifles that could be trusted in matters of importance.

Never reason from what you do not know. If you do you will soon believe what is utterly against reason.

Not one is perfect; all have their defects. Each one leans upon the rest and love alone can render this weight light.

The champion widow lives in Iowa. She sees that the graves of her eleven husbands are kept green. She takes no note of men but by their loss.

Mrs. Julia K.: "What is the best thing for a lady to carry to occupy her hands with, and keep them from appearing awkward?" A baby, madam.

Sunken Treasures

The list of treasure lost in the sea would indeed be a long and melancholy one; instancing for example, the *Madagascar*, from Australia, which, in the days of the gold fever there, having on board the precious yellow dust in enormous quantity, was never heard of and left not even the faintest clue to speculation as to her fate. And in later years the *Thunder* steamer, from Calcutta to China, with some £300,000 worth of silver, destined never to reach the expectant consignees, was supposed to be lying abandoned among the awful sandbanks at the mouth of the Hooghly, but, in spite of many rumors, never to be seen there. These are instances, out of many, of treasures never heard of. The wreck of the *Royal Charter* steamer from Australia, lost in a frightful gale on the Anglesea coast in October, 1859, with some £800,000 of gold on board, will doubtless occur to the readers mind, coupled as it was with such a lamentable loss of life. In this case, happily, a great part of the treasure was recovered subsequently, but there is still a fortune left at Moelfra for the fortunate being who can find it. In old days Vigo

A CITY OF PRETTY GIRLS.

The Way Steep Streets and Pure Air Contribute to the Beauty of Quebec Women.

"There are no homely girls in Quebec," a native-born Canadian said to a visitor to the ancient citidel city of Canada. "I have often stood at a window and watched for one in the throng passing on the sidewalks, but I have never yet seen a Quebec girl who could be described as ugly. I don't claim that they are all absolutely beautiful; but there is something in the clear, invigorating air, and perhaps in the soil and surroundings of this lofty and rocky city, that gives them sparkling eyes, brilliant complexions and elasticity of step. Montreal is full of pretty women, but Quebec can beat her in this respect. Have you noticed how easily our Quebec girls climb the steep city streets? When they are ascending a sidewalk that slopes upward at an apparant angle of 30°, they don't get out of breath, they don't stagger from one side of the walk to the other. They just go up as lightly and gracefully as any lady can walk across a parlor floor. You can't do it and keep pace with them unless you've been brought up here. They'd tire you out before you got half way from Breakneck steps to Dufferin Terrace. The exercise they get is partly the secret of their good looks.

"Then there's another thing that helps. They're out of doors half the time. On a pleasant evening the terrace, that broad plank promenade which stretches for a quarter of a mile along the the top of the precipice under the brow of Cape Diamond, is crowded with them, strolling in pairs and groups, chatting, laughing, and perhaps flirting a little. You don't mind that, do you? No. Well, look what a pleasure ground it is. Two hundred feet above the waters of the St. Lawrence, and facing one of the very finest views in the world, as everybody admits, which extends from Point Levi down the river to Cape Tourment, and from the gorge of Montmorenci far back among the Laurentian Mountains. You can't blame us Quebeckers for being proud of it. And there's where the Quebec girls breath the pure air that puts roses in their cheeks and the snap into their eyes. Yes, sir; steep streets and plenty of fresh air, and, perhaps, the subtle influences of a world-famous landscape, form the chief secret of the beauty of our girls."

Superstitions of Gamblers.

A friend of mine, who years ago used to travel up and down the Mississippi river, said to me: "I have watched gambling on the Mississippi steamboats night after night, and I have had a pretty fair chance of observing some of the superstitions of the old-time gamblers. For instance, they do not believe that there is any great luck in any of the precious stones except diamonds. If you have noticed the professional gamblers, even of these days, you will see that he usually wears no other ornament except diamonds. I don't believe that you could hire a gambler to wear a sun opal. Opals of all kinds are supposed to bring bad luck, but a sun opal, in a gambler's estimation, brings the worst luck of all. I have yet to see a gambler with nerve enough to sit down to a game wearing a sun opal. Another thing,

A New Application of Electricity.

The applications of electricity are continually being added to, but we doubt if one more curious or characteristic of the age in which we live has been adopted than the lighting up of a battlefield after nightfall to clear it of the wounded, in order that they may be more readily and speedily succored than can be the case with the ordinary methods of search. Last year experiments were made with success at Vienna by Dr. Beron Mundy, and this year following the example at Vienna, experiments have been made at Aldershot. The National Society for aid to the Sick and Wounded in War provided the funds, and on the 24th July Dr. Baron Mundy himself with Surgeon H. R. O. Cross, A. M. D., and a large party of army medical experts made the experiments at Aldershot. A movable steam engine was drawn by a pair of horses to a position on the brow of Cambridge Hill, about a hundred yards in front of it was placed a stand on which were the dynamo, the lamp, and the apparatus for burning the light, connected by a cable with the engine in the rear. A battle had been supposed to have taken place whilst daylight lasted, and the wounded were scattered on the slopes and in the valley. These men the bearer column with the aid of the electric light were to find, dress their wounds and take them into the collecting station in the valley. The electric apparatus did not work so smoothly as was desirable, the light being very intermittent (this defect can no doubt be remedied by other lamps or carbons). When the light was on, the searchers could not possibly have missed a wounded man lying in the white light; there was abundance of light for dressing wounds. The whole of the imaginary battlefield was searched in sections, the light being turned on to the next station as soon as the one immediately preceeding it was cleared of the wounded. The experiments proved the success of the principle, but many details will require to be perfected before it can be considered absolutely successful. The next step that we may expect to hear of is the continuance of a battle after nightfall by the illumination from the electric light. These experiments show that there is still further scope for the electrical engineer.—*Journal of Commerce.*

How to Buy a Horse.

An old horseman says; "If you want to buy a horse, don't believe your own brother. Take no man's word for it. Your eye is your market. Don't buy a horse in harness. Unhitch him and take everything off but his halter, and lead him around. If he has a corn, or is stiff, or has any other failing you can see it. Let him go by himself a way, and if he staves right into anything you know he is blind. No matter how clear and bright his eyes are, he can'a see any more than a bat. Back him, too. Some horses show their tricks in that way when they don't in any other. But, be as smart as you can, you'll get caught sometimes. Even an expert gets stuck. A horse may look ever so nice and go a great pace, and yet have fits. There isn't a man could tell it till something happens. Or he may have a weak back. Give him the whip and off he goes for a mile or two, then all of a

happily, a great part of the treasure was recovered subsequently, but there is still a fortune left at Moelfra for the fortunate being who can find it. In old days Vigo Bay had always an attractive sound to treasure seekers, from the reported wealth on board the Spanish fleet destroyed there by Sir G. Rooke 1702; but the infinite pains, money, and patience extended over its recovery have been thrown away, the silver (even if it is there, which is somewhat doubtful) obstinately refusing to make a reappearance in the world.

Escaping From Brigands.

The circumstances under which the son of Consul Dussi, recently captured by brigands near Rodosto, Roumelia, was liberated without paying a ransom, are related as follows: The brigands were surrounded by a detachment of troops under orders not to attack until the young man should be in safety. Meanwhile the brigands had run short of provisions, especially of wine M. Dussi, their captive, suggested that he should be allowed to write to his father to send a few bottles, which was readily assented to. M. Dussi accordingly wrote the letter, but, as none of the band could read, he proposed that a strong narcotic should be mixed with the wine, and that a sum of $500 and a free pardon should be promised to the messenger if he assisted him to escape. The plan was carried out. When the wine arrived the brigands eagerly partook of it, and were soon stupefied by the effects of the narcotic it contained. M. Dussi and his guide were thus enabled to get away and to reach the nearest village occupied by the gendarmes. The brigands were then easily taken prisoners by the troops under the command of General Mehemet Pacha. The member of the band who contributed to M. Dussi's escape has received the $500 promised to him, and will not be in any way molested by the authorities.—*English Paper.*

"Blind as a Bat."

"Blind as a bat" is an old saying so much the reverse of fact that it is not easy to explain how it ever obtained currency among people who had seen the animal. Nevertheless, bats are not dependant upon their eyesight for a means of getting about in the dark. They are able to fly with great speed and accuracy, to avoid obstacles, and to enter small holes without making the least mistake. Experiences have shown that this singular power of direction is due to a remarkable development of the sense of touch especially to be found in their great expanse of wing. Further, these animals possess large ears and curious nostrils, some of which are leaf-like formations of the most extraordinary description. The skin growths are all supposed to have reference to the skill with which the creatures wing their way in the darkest caves. Most bats feed on insects which they catch on the wing; some of them eat fruit, and a few enjoy a bad name because they suck the blood of other animals. Of the last are the so-called vampire bats, respecting which it used to be said that they fanned their victim with their wings while they sucked its lifeblood, but that part of the tale is altogether fabulous.

opal, in a gambler's estimation, brings the worst luck of all. I have yet to see a gambler with nerve enough to sit down to a game wearing a sun opal. Another thing, your professional gambler will never allow you to touch his chair when he is playing. In old times, when the stakes were high on the river boats, many a bloody quarrel has grown out of an infraction of this unwritten law. Usually a gambler will at once leave the game, and if he returns he will not play for large stakes. Now I will give you one more, which, perhaps, is the most universal rule among gamblers, even to this day. At midnight, the "old timer" will arise from the board and partake of a light lunch, and, perhaps, a little wine. When he resumes his seat you will observe that he has changed his hat. This is an unvarying rule. To sit through a game with the same hat on in the gambler's maxims considered little less foolish than giving his money away. Do all of the gamblers of to-day keep up the same superstitions? Some of them do, but they have no need to. There are very few games nowadays where a man is not certain to lose all he has if the gambler only wishes to take it. Within the past fifteen years I have not seen a game where cheating, more or less adroit, was not indulged in to trip the unwary."—*Cor. Boston Traveller.*

A Matter of Interest.

Peter Cooper was always a careful and prudent business man. He was strongly opposed to the methods of many merchants who launched out into many extravagant enterprises on borrowed money, for which they paid exorbitant rates of interest.

Once, while talking about a project with an acquaintance, the latter said he would have to borrow the money for six months, paying interest at the rate of three per centum per month.

"Why do you borrow for so short a time?" Mr. Cooper asked.

"Because the broker will not negotiate bills for longer."

"Well, if you wish," said Mr. Cooper, "I will discount your note at that rate for three years."

"Are you in earnest?" asked the would-be borrower.

"Certainly I am. I will discount your note for ten thousand dollars for three years at that rate. Will you do it?"

"Of course I will," said the merchant.

"Very well," said Mr. Cooper, "just sign this note for ten thousand dollars, payable in three years, and give me your check for eight hundred dollars, and the transaction is complete."

"But where is the money for me?" asked the astonished merchant.

"You don't get any money," was the reply. "Your interest for thirty-six months, at three per centum per month, amounts to one hundred and eight per centum or ten thousand eight hundred dollars; therefore your check for eight hundred dollars just makes us even."

The force of this practical illustration of the folly of paying such an exorbitant price for the use of money was such that the merchant determined never to borrow at such ruinous rates, and he frequently used to say that nothing could have so fully convinced him as this rather humorous proposal by Mr. Cooper.

fits. There isn't a man could tell it till something happens. Or he may have a weak back. Give him the whip and off he goes for a mile or two, then all of a sudden he stops in the road. After a rest he starts again, but he soon stops for good, and nothing but a derrick could move him

The weak points of a horse can be better discovered while standing than while moving.

If he is sound, he will stand firmly and squarely on his limbs without moving any of them, the feet flatly upon the ground, with legs plump and naturally poised: or if the foot is lifted from the ground and the weight taken from it, disease may be suspected, or at least tenderness, which is a precursor of disease. If the horse stands with his feet spread apart, or straddles with his hind legs, there is a weakness in the loins, and the kidneys are disordered. Heavy pulling bends the knees. Bluish, milky cast eyes in horses indicate moon blindness or something else. A bad tempered horse keeps his ears thrown back. A kicking horse is apt to have scarred knees. A stumbling horse has blemished knees. When the skin is rough and harsh, and does not move easily to the touch, the horse is a heavy eater, and digestion is bad. Never buy a horse whose breathing organs are at all impaired. Place your ear at the side of the heart, and if a wheezing sound is heard it is an indication of trouble.—*Rural Record.*

The Architecture of South American Indians.

There is considerable variety in the shape and appearance of the houses made by South American Indians, even of the same tribe. In this village there were three different designs. First there was the open-sided shed which appeared to be used in common by the whole village for cooking purposes; then there were three rectangular building with roofs sloping nearly to the ground and sides made of split palm-leaves woven in and out between small poles, which were occupied by the larger portion of the villagers; and last of all was a large, round affair with a comical roof of palm thatch, and with plaited sides, which was occupied for sleeping purposes, but, singularly enough solely by the men. These last four houses were provided with narrow entrances, but were unlighted in any other way. Their floors were of Mother earth, trampled smooth and hard by many naked feet, and their roofs inside were shiny black from the soot and smoke wich had accumulated there. Strung wherever space could be found were the small cotton hammocks of the Indians, and beneath each during the night burned a little fire to warm the naked body of the sleeper. In the rafters overhead, stretched from pole to pole, were the long straight bows and shiny yellow arrows of the warriors, and may be among the lot the deadly blow-pipe, or hanging from a peg, the paddle-shaped war club used by these people. Various earthernware utensils lay around, and the ingenious basket-work matapie, or cassava strainer, was never absent.

Truth—the open, bold, honest truth—is always the wisest, always the safest, for anyone in any and all circumstances.

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils,

Glass, Varnish, Stoves,

Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R. G. WRIGHT'S,

26 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE. FRIDAY, OCT. 3, 1884.

Three Months Free.

THE EXPRESS will be sent to new subscribers to 1st January, 1886, for one dollar. This is a very liberal offer. It places the paper within the reach of all. Send in names at once.

The pressure on our advertising space this week—in consequence of the approach of the fall show—compells us to hold over a large amount of editorial matter. The rush will be over in a couple of weeks and we will then be able to do justice to important matters of a political nature.

—The Standard thanks us for publishing its editorial "What Should be Done," but at the same time takes good care not to reproduc oeur comments thereon. To show that it has no claim to fairness in discussion it cuts out sentences of THE EXPRESS at random and then makes some silly remarks thereon which are supposed to be very smart. The Standard, as Dundreary would say, has a capacity for "making an ath of ithelf" unequalled by any modern journal that we know of.

—The local Tory organ denies the charge of THE EXPRESS that it defended corruption in Sir John Macdonald's election in 1882. We have not files of the Standard at hand to quote the exact language from, but everybody knows who reads that paper that it did defend the corruption then practiced by its friends. It is all very well for the organ now to challenge us to proof when it knows its issue is so small that one would require a search warrant to find a copy just after the edition is mailed, not to speak of one a year old.

—The Presidential fight is waxing warm across the lines. Cleveland's chances are in an equally lofty tone, and the people will be more than edified. Talk about mud-slinging! If this does not capture the bakery, what will?

ERNESTTOWN FALL SHOW.

The Ernesttown Agricultural Society held their annual exhibition in the drill shed, Odessa, on Saturday, 27th ult. Although the weather was a little leaky that did not deter an unusual number of exhibitors from getting their exhibits on the ground. A large crowd of ladies and gentlemen were in attendance which must be exceedingly gratifying to the management, demonstrating to an iota that the people are taking a keen interest in the welfare of the Society. The general features were excellent On the track the tug of war was between "Legacy" and "Thunder," the former easily winning the trot and with it the special prize offered by Messrs. Sproule, Hunter and Switzer. Through the kindness of the Secretary we are enabled to append the following

PRIZE LIST:

CLASS I.—General purpose stallion, Geo Fralick. General purpose team, L H Stover. General purpose mare, B E Aylesworth; 2nd, J Pellow. Three year old colt, L H Stover; 2 W D Johnston. Two year old colt, Simeon Presley. Yearling colt, B E Aylesworth; 2 B E Aylesworth. Foal 1884, John Pellow; 2 B E Aylesworth.

CLASS II—CARRIAGE HORSES—Carriage stallion, Templeton & Beeman; 2 N H Walker. Carriage team, W D Johnston; 2 Fred Kaylor. Single carriage horse, R N Switzer; 2 Fred Kaylor. Brood mare, L H Stover; 2 G A Parrott. Three year old colt, L H Stover; 2 G A Parrott. Two year old colt, Wm Hogle. Yearling colt, W D Johnston; 2 Wm Hogle. Foal, 1884, L H Stover; 2 G A Parrott. Trotting horse, Ralph Benjamin; 2 J W Amey & Bro.

CLASS III.—DURHAM CATTLE—Bull calf, 1884, R N Switzer. Milch cow, R N Switzer; 2 D B Booth. Yearling heifer, Wm Dawson & Son; 2 R N Switzer. Two year old heifer, Wm Dawson & Son; 2 D B Booth. Best heifer calf 1884, Wm Dawson & Son; 2 D B Booth. Ayrshire cow, Thos Caton. Ayrshire heifer, Thos Caton. Calf 1884, Thos Caton.

CLASS IV.—GRADE CATTLE—Milch cow, D B Booth; 2 Henry Hunter. Two year old heifer, D B Booth. Yearling heifer, D B Booth; 2 R N Switzer. Calf 1884, R N Switzer.

CLASS V.—SWINE—Sow, short breed, Henry Hunter. Pigs, long breed, R N Baker.

CLASS VI.—SHEEP—Long wool ram, Wm Gordon; 2 R N Switzer. Shearling long wool ram, Wm Gordon; 2 R N Switzer. Long wool ram, 1884, R N Switzer; 2 Wm Gordon. Two ewes, long wool, Wm Gordon; 2 R N Switzer. Two ewe lambs, 1884, R N Switzer; 2 Wm Gordon,

CLASS VII.—SOUTHDOWN SHEEP—Ram, Dawson & Son; 2 Dawson & Son. Shearling ram, Dawson & Son; 2 Jas Dawson. Ram lamb 1884, Wm Gordon; 2 Dawson & Son. Two ewes, Dawson & Son. Two lambs, 1884, Wm Gordon; 2 Dawson & Son. Shearling, Wm Gordon; 2 Dawson & Son,

CLASS VIII.—POULTRY—Pair Lang Shangs, O D Lewis; 2 O D Lewis. Pair Couchin fowls, Edward Bowman; 2 Jno McKay. Pair geese Edward Bowman; 2 Thos Milsap. Pair ducks, T W Beeman.

CLASS IX.—GRAIN AND SEEDS.—Spring wheat, R N Baker; 2 Chas Snider. Rye, Thos Caton; 2 Thos Milsap. Barley, Chas Snider; 2 Thos Caton. Peas, J C Johnston. Oats, W D Johnston; 2 Chas Snider. Buckwheat, J C Johnston; 2 Thos Caton. Clover seed, J C Johnston. Beans, Wm Gordon; 2 Chas Snider. Corn, L H Stover.

CLASS X.—DAIRY PRODUCTS.—Butter, Mrs. Thos Milsap; 2 Mrs. Wm Gordon. Bread, Mrs. Joshua Booth. Cheese, S D Clark. Maple sugar, Wm Gordon. Honey, Jno Denyes. Flour, J. C. Johnston; 2 Thos Milsap.

CLASS XI.—VEGETABLES, ROOTS AND FRUITS—Potatoes, Ed Bowman; 2 H Denyes. Turnips, W H Hunter; 2 Thos Caton. Carrots, W H Hunter; 2 Jas Dawson. Mangolds, Wm Gordon; 2 W H Hunter. Beets, L H Stover; 2 B Derbyshire. Winter radishes, Wm Gordon; 2 W H Hunter. Onions, W H Hunter; 2 L H Stover. Cabbage, R N Baker; 2 Wm Gordon. Fall apples, R N Baker; 2 W H Hunter. Winter Apples, J C Johnston; 2 R N Baker. Pears, J C Johnston. Grapes, T P Hillier; 2 D G Storms. Red peppers, Thos Milsap; 2 Wm

LETTERS FROM KHARTOUM.

The Times' Correspondent Sends Extracts from his Diary.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Times' Khartoum correspondent, April 28, reports that Gordon was laying mines in all directions. Food was dear. Gordon had issued paper money, the treasury being at Berber, and was paying the soldiers with it. The town was quiet. Half of the population joined the rebels previous to the beginning of the siege. No news had been received from the British government. Under date of July 30 the correspondent says the town was closely besieged for five months, and would be able to hold out only two months longer. Rations were being issued to the poor. The correspondent sends extracts from his diary in the course of which he says:—One Arab horseman suffices to frighten 200 of our men. On the day Saati Bey was killed, eight rebels charged 200 of our men, armed with Remington rifles, and dispersed them. The only men we are able to depend on are degroes. He states that Gordon is well.

Napanee Market Prices.

Napanee, Oct. 3, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel		$0 60 to	$0 70
Spring wheat,	do	1 00	1 80
Barley,	do	0 65	0 75
Oats,	do	0 25	0 30
Peas,	do	0 00	0 55
Rye,	do	0 60	0 70
Onions,	do	1 00	0 00
do	per bag	0 40	0 50
Potatoes,	per bag	0 40	0 50
Flour, fall,	per 100 lbs	2 00	2 25
Flour, spring,	per 100 lbs	2 25	2 50
Corn		0 75	0 75
Butter	per tub	0 16	0 18
Butter,	per lb.	0 20	0 22
Cheese	"	0 12½	0 12
Lard	"	0 11	0 12
Tallow	"	0 06	0 07
Musk Rats,	lb	0 10	0 11
Beaver,	per	1 50	1 60
Lamb	per lb	0 08	0 10
Mutton,	per lb	0 07	0 09
Wool,	per lb	0 15	0 00
Calfskins,	per lb	0 08	0 10
Eggs	per doz	0 12	0 13
Bacon,	per 100 lbs	12 00	13 00
Mess pork		0 10	0 11
Beef hides		5 00	5 50
Deeken skins		0 40	0 50
Pelts		0 40	0 50
Lambskins		0 50	0 60
Bran	per ton	14 00	15 00
Shorts	"	20 00	22 00
Hay,	"	8 00	9 00
Clover Hay	per ton	4 00	5 00
Mink Skin		0 60	1 00
Fox	"	0 50	1 00
Turkey		0 75	1 25
Cheese		0 50	0 75
Chickens		25	0 30

Cheese contracted for 11½

A Strong Endorsement.

The Clergy, the Medical Faculty, the Press and the People all endorse Burdock Blood Bitters as the best system renovating, blood purifying tonic known. Its work bears out their best recommend.

A Cure for Cholera Morbus.

A positive cure for this dangerous complaint, and for all acute or chronic forms of bowel complaint incident to summer and fall, is found in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry; to be procured from any druggist.

Fluid Lightning.

There are but few that have never suffered almost intolerable pain from Toothache, Neuralgia or like acute pains. To them such an instant relief as Fluid Lightning is an untold blessing in time of trouble. No disgusting offensive medicines to be taken for days. One application of Fluid Lightning cures. Sold at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and at James Aylesworth's drug store, Tamworth.

BIRTHS.

SHOREY.—In North Fredericksburgh, on Saturday, the 27th ult., the wife of Mr. William Shoreyof a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

HAYWARD—LEE—At Odessa, on the 24th ult., by the Rev. John J. Leach, Mr. John Hayward to Miss Jessie Lee, all of Odessa.

across the lines. Cleveland's chances are beginning to look brighter. The scandal of his youthful days unearthed against him has been almost counterbalanced by one in which Blaine figures, and as Cleveland's public record is pure and his opponents badly smeared by the notorious Mulligan and Fisher letters, there is a prospect of the former being chosen. If it should result that Butler and St. John poll a sufficiently large vote so that neither Cleveland nor Blaine gets a majority of the whole electoral vote then Congress will elect the President, and as Congress has lately been Democratic, Cleveland's election would be almost certain. However, the 4th of November will decide the issue.

—It seems that the "minions of the law" are experiencing some difficulty in serving Mr. Hawley with the writ protesting his election, that gentleman being away from home. The Mail of Wednesday had the following in connection therewith.—

"Mr. Hawley's organ in Napanee recently proclaimed that that gentleman was ready—aye, ready—to face the protest against his election. He was said to be confident of success. He is displaying his anxiety in a somewhat remarkable manner. For three days a shoriff's bailiff has been after him for the purpose of serving him with a writ, but the nimble member has managed so far to elude him. He is a very active young man."

Mr. Hawley should feel flattered. For a Liberal M.P.P. to be called an "active young man" by the Mail is great praise. That journal usually speaks of Liberals as "bull pups," etc. We have no doubt Mr. Hawley will return home when it suits his convenience, and that the writ will be duly served. There is no law to compel him to remain home all year or put himself to any inconvenience to meet the behests of a sheriff's bailiff. Our Conservative friends should therefore keep cool. If they wish the trial to proceed they will have a full opportunity. Mr. Hawley, we know, has no fear of the result; if anything annoys him at all it is the knowledge of the expense and inconvenience he will be put to, no matter how the trial ends—and he is not a man who has either time or money to spare in litigation. He knows, as does everybody else, that the protest is merely a petty piece of persecution instigated for the purpose of driving him out of public life. But it will be unsuccessful. The trap set for him will yet catch the man who set it.

—The Beaver and Kingston News are just now exchanging courtesies. The Beaver calls the Kingston contemporary an "old dame," and the News retorts by dubbing the Beaver "a miserable straddle-the-fence and gossips' manual." It further says:—

"It [the Beaver] has mistaken its vocation. The braying of a jackass may appear supremely awe-inspiring to the inhabitants of Dundas-st., but we are afraid that they only afford a little harmless amusement to any one who has crossed the Napanee River. Length of ears is certainly a consideration in gossip-mongering, but the enunciation of the principles of statecraft require increase in another direction. * * Ignorance is not, so far as we are aware, a crime; it may not even be considered a fault in a-gatherer-up-of-unconsidered trifles, but it has no place in journalism. This need not, however, cause the editor of the alleged paper in question any concern, as the imbecility of the few remarks which it does occasionally grind off, has not the remotest connection with the profession mentioned. * * We can only smile at his ludicrous attempts to slay not one thousand, but one, with the jaw-bone of an ass. * * What is bred in the bone will come out in the flesh, and the silly old Beaver will be the same silly old woman to the end of the chapter."

This is rather rough on our local contemporary, and we extend our sympathy. But the Beaver will, no doubt retort this week

J C Johnston. Grapes, T P Hillier; 2 D G Storms. Red peppers, Thos Milsap; 2 Wm Gordon. Tomatoes, Jas Dawson; 2 T P Hillier. Celery, W H Hunter. Squash, Geo Parrott; 2 C C Montgomery. Pumpkins, Wm Gordon; 2 Ed Bowman.

CLASS XII.—WAGGONS AND CARRIAGES.—Market waggon, N H Walker; 2 Jno A McKay. Lumber waggon, Wm M Caton; 2 Wm Gordon. Top buggy, Geo Watts; 2 Jno Jones. Open buggy, Geo Watts; 2 B Derbyshire.

CLASS XII.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—Plow, S D Clark; 2 Jno Denyes. Cultivator, Wm Gordon. Sulky rake, John Denyes. Gang plow, Jno Denyes. Corn cultivator, Jno Denyes. Single harness, B Derbyshire. Double harness, J C Johnston.

CLASS XIV.—GENERAL MANUFATURE.—Fulled cloth, B A Booth. Tweed. B. A. Booth; 2 J A McKay. Yarn, W D Johnston; 2 B A Booth. Home-made carpet, Wm Gordon; 2 Jos Sproule. Wool shawl, J W Amey & Bro; 2 B E Aylesworth. Knit bed spread, H Denyes; 2 Jno Amey & Bro. Crochet bed spread, W D Johnston. Pieced bed spread, Jos Sproule; 2 Jas Dawson. Pair mitts, Wm Caton; 2 Jno Denyes. Pair socks, W D Johnston; 2 Wm Gordon. Home-made coverlet, Chas Snider; 2 Jno Denyes. Quilt, Thos Milsap; 2 Jas Dawson. Muffler, Chas Snider; 2 S Presley. Horse blanket, Jno McKay; 2 Wm Caton.

CLASS XV.—FINE ARTS.—Three pictures, R W. Aylesworth. Oil painting, B Derbyshire; 2 Wm Gordon. Wax flowers, R W Aylesworth. Berlin wool, R W Aylesworth; 2 S D Clark. Crochet work, W D Johnston; 2 Thos Milsap. Hair work, R W Aylesworth; 2 D G Storms. Bouquet fresh flowers, Wm Gordon. Collection birds, R W Aylesworth; 2 D. G. Storms. Specimen natural history, T W Beeman; 2 D G Storms.

SPECIAL PRIZES.—By Messrs. Sproule, Switzer and Hunter, $10.00—Best trotting stallion, Templeton & Beeman, Legacy.—By Jas E Watts, Westbrook, $2.00.—Best walking gelding or mare to harness, W D Johnston. By Dr. Booth, $1.00.—Best Prince Ernest bull calf, Thos Caton. By N H Walker, $3.00.—Best colt sired by Sir Jno A Allan, H Denyes, $1.50; 2 Jas Lee, $1.50. Specials recommended to D G Storms, Indian curiosities; Mrs R W Aylesworth, twine work; Mrs R W Aylesworth, wool work.

A BURGLARIOUS ASSASSIN.

He Pulls out a Revolver and Shoots a Would-Be Capturer.

Considerable excitement was caused at Brockville on Sunday last by the report that a man had been shot at Bellamy's Station, nine miles from Brockville on the Canada Pacific Railway. The following are the facts of the case:—During Friday and Saturday burglaries have been perpetrated in the village of Irish Creek, on the C. P. R. Early on Sunday morning the burglars, three in number, entered the general store of Mr. C. Richards, of Irish Creek, but when they were alarmed by a boy sleeping in the store they took a hasty departure without securing any booty for their trouble. Mr. Richards, surmising that the burglars had gone towards Brockville, started in pursuit, taking eight men with him on a hand-car. When they arrived at Bellamy's Station at three o'clock Sunday afternoon they discovered three men sitting on the fence beside the railway. The hand-car was stopped and Richards asked where they were going, whereupon one of the men pulled a revolver and shot him through the face, the ball entering the cheek on the left side and after passing through his mouth and dislodging a number of teeth, passed through his right cheek. He was at once placed on the hand-car and brought to Brockville, and the alarm was given in the neighborhood where the affair occurred. The Chief of Police, accompanied by two officers and a number of men armed with revolvers and rifles, immediately started for the scene of the shooting, and hopes are entertained that the guilty parties will be captured. The wounded man is now lying at the St. Lawrence Hotel, Brockville, and it is expected that he may recover.

Respect Age.

Age should always command respect, in the case of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry it certainly does, for 25 years that has been the standard remedy with the people, for cholera morbus, dysentery, diarrhœa, colic and all bowel complaints.

By the Rev. John J. Leach, Mr. John Hayward to Miss Jessie Lee, all of Odessa.

LEE—BABCOCK—At Odessa, on the 25th ult., by the Rev. John J. Leach, Mr. Wm. R. Lee to Miss Nellie Babcock, all of Odessa.

CO-OPERATIVE WAREHOUSING CO., OF NAPANEE.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Co-Operative Warehousing Company, will be held in the

TOWN HALL, NAPANEE,

—ON—

SATURDAY, OCT. 11,

AT 1 O'CLOCK, SHARP,

to receive Mr. McArthur's report of the late treasurer's accounts and of the affairs of the company, and for considering, if necessary, the advisability of selling the property and winding up the business; also, for considering certain resolutions prejudicial to the interests of the stockholders in obtaining the highest prices for their grain, and for any other business deemed necessary.

As this is a very important meeting, we hope every stockholder will be present promptly at the hour named.

By order of the Board,

JAMES DALY, Manager.

Napanee, Sept. 25, 1884.

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW,

UNDERTAKERS.

COFFINS, CASKETS, &c.

Always on hand. All orders promtly attended to.

JOSEPH GARDNER, BATH,

Furniture Dealer & Undertaker

COFFINS ALWAYS ON HAND.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently pubished a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,

41 Ann St., New York

Post Office Box 450. 15-1y

P. SLAVEN & CO.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INVITE

All Visitors to the County Fair next week,

TO CALL AND EXAMINE

THEIR STOCK OF NEW FALL GOODS

which is very large and attractive and consists of all the Newest Shades and Patterns in

DRESS GOODS, MANTLE CLOTHS, SHAWLS, KNITTED GOODS OF ALL KINDS, RIBBONS, GLOVES AND HOSIERY, Etc., Etc.

We have been making a display of our new Millinery during the past week and judging by the compliments we have received from the ladies and the number of orders taken already, we feel justified in saying that we have the Nicest Stock of Millinery in town. We invite the ladies, however, to call and judge for themselves.

OUR CLOTH DEPARTMENT

is now stocked with the very finest goods that are imported, and we invite customers in want of Ordered Clothing to call and see our stock and leave their measures with MR. HOGAN.

☛ DRESS AND MANTLE-MAKING ON THE PREMISES. ☚

P. SLAVEN & CO.

REMOVAL!

New Premises--New Goods--New Prices!

Everything New except the Proprietor!

S. McLAUGHLIN

Has much pleasure in being able to announce that he has removed to his new store in the Dominion Block, on the old stand (third store from the corner of Dundas and John streets)

Has much pleasure in being able to announce that he has removed to his new store in the Dominion Block, on the old stand (third store from the corner of Dundas and John streets) where he will sell for the next thirty days, for Cash,

The Cheapest Lot of Groceries and Provisions

ever sold in Napanee. This special cheap sale is held as an appropriate form of house-warming, in which all can participate, whether living in town or country.

LOOK AT SOME OF THE PRICES !

20 lbs. Bright Sugar, $1 ; 17 lbs. Extra White Sugar, $1 ; 13 1-2 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar, $1 ; 3 lbs. 50c. Tea for $1 ; 4 lbs. extra choice Japan Tea for $1 ; 5 1-2 lbs. Tea Siftings (uncolored) for $1 ; 12 Bars Good Washing Soap for 50c. ; 20 lbs. Best Rasins for $1 ; 15 lbs. Currants for $1. All other groceries in like proportion.

FLOUR AND FEED! ! FLOUR AND FEED!!

Choicest Western Flour (100 lbs.) $2.40 ; next grade, $2.25 ; Good Family, $2.00. Bran and Shorts cheap. Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Grain of all kinds, Vegetables of all kinds, Poultry and other Farm Produce bought and sold at best market rates. Good prices paid for Partridges and other game.

OYSTERS AND FISH !

I handle Oysters from Baltimore direct, all of the best brands. I have made arrangements for a car of Salt White Fish and Salmon Trout, to be delivered in December, at the lowest prices.

Give me a call at my new store, and be convinced that I can give you the best value obtainable in town.

Remember the place—Dominion Block, third door west of John on Dundas Street.

S. McLAUGHLIN.

DOWNEY & COMPANY.

MILLINERY — DEPARTMENT !

On and after Tuesday Sept. 30th, '84,

Downeyand Co.'s Millinery Show Rooms will be open for the Fall and Winter Season.

The stock will be found replete with all the newest New York, English and Parisian Novelties and of exceptionally good value.

Magnificent range of Plumes, Tips, Fancy Feathers, Flower Wreaths, Jets, Plushes, Velvets, Ornaments and Fancy Trimmings. This Department is still under the management of Miss PHELAN.

Immense New Fall Stock for every department.

DOWNEY & CO.

THE MILLINERY OPENINGS.

Elaborate Display of Ladies' Head Wear.

The weather on Saturday was not favorable to a large attendance at the millinery openings, but notwithstanding large numbers of ladies visited the leading establishments and inspected the elaborate conceptions of modestes for their adornment. A drizzling rain continued all day and walking was anything but pleasant. Those who were in town, therefore, were driven to the refuge of the stores and the bright and beautiful displays therein furnished a striking contrast with the dreary state of things outside. Below we give brief descriptions of the displays of leading establishments :—

P. Slaven & Co.

Though this popular house did not announce a formal opening it was well known that a fine display of millinery would be made and hence there were many visitors. There was no attempt at decorations but the newest and most fashionable goods were shown in great profusion in every department. Interest however largely centred in the millinery department, over which Miss Shannon so efficiently presides. We give below the result of our representative's visit :—

In conversation with Miss Shannon as to the new styles and shapes we learned that this season the hats will have a tendency to roll, which makes them much more becoming. The much worn but still popular poke is still in vogue. The names of some of the other favorites are Argyle, Antique, Rubina, Primrose, Amaranth, Minnock and Maisie. The trimmings this season are unusually rich and beautiful, the knotted chenille velvets, Terras and Tinseled Ganaze being among the novelties. Fancy feathers, tips and plumes of every description are used in great profusion and ornaments of every shape and design are still in great demand.

Among the hats on exhibition was a very handsome pattern made of golden brown velvet. It was covered perfectly plain. The edge is formed of a net work of beads of the same shade about two inches in width. The trimming is rendered very effective by having the plume drooping over the left side and falling low on the hair. The front finished with an an Aigrette of golden tips to match the plume and large bow of very rich ribbon caught with jewelled spears.

Another very beautiful hat was of Mousse velvet with very large square crown, brim slightly rolling in front, the edge formed of a handsome trimming of misel and bronze chenille, two very large Mousse plumes twisted so as to form an elegant trimming in front, the tips of one falling off at left side, the right side of the hat being entirely plain. The plumes are fastened with a very pretty silver buckle and knot of velvet of same shade.

One bonnet in copper-colored velvet, especially caught the eye. It was in the Marie Stuart shape, the brim being made almost entirely of small gold bead, the inside of the brim having a full puffing of copper-colored satin and the trimming composed simply of beautiful large Argrette held in place by a large golden claw. The crown of the bonnet was dotted with small gold beads, ties to match bonnet in copper color and gold and caught with small bronze bugs.

We noticed an exceedingly pretty bonnet for a child in Coquelicot velvet, that bright shade being unusually becoming. The shape was called the Frow Frow and was trimmed very prettily with a twist of velvet and cluster of tips of same shade and shining through the tips was a beautiful gold butterfly.

There is in connection a well maintained dress-making department conducted by Miss Allison, who has a thorough knowledge of the business and leaves nothing undone to and gentlemen. The entire display was most creditable to the firm. It should be seen to be appreciated. It will be seen by advertisement elsewhere that the decorations will be kept up till to-morrow (Saturday) in order to give people from the country who were prevented by the rain of last Saturday from seeing the display, to witness it.

In the fur department this firm may be said to excell all others both in point of larger variety, rich goods and superior make and finish. They are just now in receipt of all their new stock for this season and their display is well worth going to see. We noticed some very rich Persian lamb coats for men as well as the fine prime North-Western coon coat which they have sold so largely other seasons. They also show for ladies fine seal, Persian lamb, Bokaren lamb and Astracan dog mantles. A large lot of fur lined circulars as well as muff bows and caps of seal, Persian lamb, Astracan, Bokaren, Mink, &c. Men's seal and Persian lamb caps and large lots of robes, in fact everything that is new, tasty, rich, warm and good and at prices in unison with the low figure of barley. They also show the packages of skins of same quality as that from which their furs are made and whenever desired are prepared to make up men's coats and ladies' mantles in first-class style and fit. The number of these garments which they have made up in the past three seasons is a sufficient guarantee of their ability in this line. We should say from the large stock they are now showing they intend to do the fur trade for these counties.

Downey & Co.

Up to a few years ago this firm marked their openings by gorgeous decorations throughout the whole establishment and the occasion was a fete day with the ladies, but for the past three or four years they have dispensed with all paraphernalia and left the goods to speak for themselves in the natural way. The result has been most satisfactory. The goods look in the store the same as when taken to the homes of the purchasers, and there are no complaints. Our representative took a walk through the various departments on Saturday, and the result of his observations is given below :—

In the Dress Goods Department the newest goods shown are, all wool Tricots, Bayadere Frise effects, with plain to match, for combination suits; Guillemmas, French Tuilles, Astrakhan checks, Repps, Bison Cloth. They have also a special importation of English mourning goods. The new colors for dress goods are Punch and Neapolitan Blues, Tobacco and Golden Browns, Russet and Huntsman's Greens, Pompeiian Red, Powder, Wood, Ash Greys, etc. Special value in Silk Plushes, Plush Trimmings, and Plush Velveteens, which will be largely worn for suits and trimmings. Plain and Brocaded Frise in Silk and Satins, in Rhadzimir, Sicilienne, Marveilleux. Duchess and Venetians will also be fashionable.

The Dress Making Department is under the efficient management of Miss Green, and is increasing in popularity, notwithstanding that this department has always occupied a leading position in the firm's business. All the latest fashion plates are shown.

In the Fancy Goods and Notions Department there are full lines in kid gloves, Jersey gloves, ladies' braided and plain Jerseys, ladies' and children's wool hoods and fascinators, tobogganing tuques, corsets, hosiery, rubber circulars, ladies' and children's lace collars, shawls, linen and silk handkerchiefs, mantle clasps, ornaments, etc.

In Mantle Cloths, they have Chevoit Checks, Sealettes, Persian Lamb, Jersey Webbing, Ottomans, Mattalaisse, and Polarian, a new woolen stuff for jackets, ulsters,

Hooper & Barber.

The millinery rooms of this new and enterprising firm were open on Saturday. In the main store a very choice display of all kinds of dry goods was made, while in the millinery department, which is under the management of Miss Wilson, a modiste of much taste and skill, an elegant show of hats and bonnets was made. The dress-making department, which is superintended by Miss Henderhan, was also a centre of interest and excellent work was shown. We append descriptions of a few of the many elegant hats and bonnets shown in the millinery room :—

Among the hats are the following :—A covered hat of moss green silk velvet, high tapering crown, straight rim, sloping at at back, an ostrich feather headed with bunch of tips, on side of crown a large shaded bird peeping from under tip, a large round double fan of velvet on left front extending a couple of inches above crown with a battle axe pin on each pleat. Another pretty conception was a high crown olive green felt hat, rolling rim, a deep band of cut silk velvet, band of silk velvet drawn loosely around the crown caught in antique loops with cone shaped gilt pins, a large ostrich aigrette on left front with short green plume falling gracefully over rim to back. A third was a cadet grey felt, medium crown, rolling rim, large in front, close at back, trimmed with three reversed pleatings of London smoke silk velvet, tips of the same color with a large aigrette of terracotta.

Among the bonnets was one in two shades of golden brown, a close V shaped crown, slightly flaring front of reversed pleats three in cluster with space between crown a darker shade three-quarters of a yard with crown to front, three groups af pleak with a space between, slanting down at back of crown—the fullness is divided and comes in pleats at each tie—made ties of velvet in large bow—a large shaded gold and brown plume twisted on top front.

New York Bonnets—Small square crowns of straw and made velvets—fancy gilt velvets in different designs—Chenille, Aigrettes, Antique, feather bonnets in amber brown Champignion and the different shades of Coquelicot; handsome flowers in all the new shades and designs. French bonnets trimmed very high in front; New York bonnets very flat. A very nice variety of crape bonnets in all the new shapes is also shown.

An Ex-Alderman Tried It.

Ex-Alderman Taylor of Toronto tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil for rheumatism. It cured him after all other remedies had failed.

A Sad Neglect.

Neglecting a constipated condition of the bowels is sure to bring ill-health and great suffering. Burdock Blood Bitters regulate the bowels in a natural manner, purifying the blood and promote a healthy action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest is a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it,

the business and leaves nothing undone to please her customers.

HINCH, PERRY & CO.

This firm, as usual, at considerable expense and labor, made a most magnificent display throughout their entire establishment. The windows were elegantly dressed ; the inside of the main store was carpeted and the long stretch of room was canopied by lace curtains. The right counter contained an elaborate display of silks and satins most tastefully arranged ; the left counter was weighed down with tweeds, coatings, gents' furnishings, etc., while the rear counters contained ladies' haberdashery, fancy goods and a variety of articles which space will not permit of mentioning. The exquisite blending of rich draperies, beautiful flowers and bright colored ribbons rendered the millinery show room, which is located in the rear of the main store, the centre of attraction. The display in this department was unique in design, variety and richness of material and reflected the highest credit on the lady in charge, Mrs. Doxsee. In conversation with her we learned that among the leading shapes in bonnets for this season are the Marie Stuart, Leona, Ruby, Pearl, Langtry, and the Horse-Shoe is still worn. Our attention was drawn to one bonnet in particular, a French pattern called Marie Stuart. The brim comes to a point in front and is covered with chenille cord in two shades of green and the crown is covered plain with velvet of the same shade and is trimmed on the right side with folds of velvet caught down with two steel birds, and the left side is finished with a bunch of flowers in chenille of the same shade and ties to match.

Another bonnet, very much the same shape made in golden brown plush. The brim is made all in cords of plush, and is folded loosely from the point in the front over the crown, which forms the trimming and all, and a bunch of aigretts and wings of the same shade near the front, ties of satin ribbon with raised velvet flowers caught at each side with gilt and steel pins in the shape of a claw.

A French pattern hat in bronze green felt called the Duchess has a high pointed crown and a narrow rolling brim turned up to a point in the front, trimmed with velvet and pins of the same shade and a cluster of tips and wings near the front, shaded from a bronze down to gold.

Another hat, high square crown. The brim turns up high on the left and slopes off to the crown on the right and covered plain in golden brown plush and trimmed with feathers and pon pons.

Among the leading shapes for hats are Primrose, Roslyn, Natalie, Warwick, Mascotte, Mother Hubbard, Abbie Anderson. Few flowers and those chiefly of Chenille will be used while large quantities of tips, aignettes plumes, birds, wings, large pon pons, ornaments, pins, etc., are displayed, which, with plushes, Terry velvets and ribbons form the chief decorations and adornments. The new colors are Coquelicot, Mousse, Moidre, Ardoise, Coleus Fentre, Poudre and Tabac. In ribbons very rich effects are obtained by the new double face designs, the chief being combinations of plain velvet and satin, Terry velvet and Ottoman silk, Ottoman velvet and plain satin, Ottoman satin and Ottoman velvet, gold Ottoman cord satin and plain black satin.

The second flat was occupied entirely by a display of carpets and raw silk curtains. The carpets were suspended along the walls and covered the floor. They composed about seventy-five pieces in Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry, and for richness of design and quality were the finest ever displayed in town. A number of gentleman's hats and caps were also shown here, besides an elaborate display of furs for both ladies and gents. In the ladies' department we noticed a new woolen stuff for jackets, ulsters, trimmings; it comes in smooth, curled, fleecy, piled surface, imitating the skins of the Persian Lamb in Iron Rust Browns, Dark Greens, Bronze and Black. The new Marabout trimming will largely take the place of fur, as it comes in all the new shades to match the goods.

In the Fur Department is shown a magnificent range of South Sea Seal, Persian Lamb, Otter, Coney-Alaska Mink, French and Persian Seal, Arctic Seal, in caps, capes, muffs, boas, etc., Astrachan, Bokharen, Persian Lamb and South Sea Seal mantles. Japanese goat robes in black, white and grey. An immense stock of staples is displayed.

The Millinery Department, presided over by Miss Phalen, contained an immense variety of hats and bonnets. A few are described herewith, together with some notes as to the new shapes and trimmings:—

"The Felicia," a golden brown French felt hat, high crown, broad rolling brim, slightly flaring towards the front, trimmed high to the left with alternate loops of golden brown Ottoman plush ribbon and pompoms of the same shade, from which falls to the right an elegant golden brown ostrich plume.

"The Sombrero"—An extremely stylish shape, becoming to almost any style of beauty—done in Powder Grey Plush, the crevassing of the brim alone showing artistic taste. Three Ash Grey plumes, held in position by a handsome cat's paw of same shade, constituted the trimming of one of the most elegant hats of the season.

"The Papellotte"—A Bronze soft French felt, a hat made expressly to be worn with the tailor made suit. The rim is plainly bound, and the crown, which is extremely high, is piquiantly adorned by a fancy plume and bird, shading from a bronze to a Cresson Green.

Quite a variety of extremely stylish bonnets are shown, in all the new shades. One in particular attracted our attention, "The Onita," having a ground work of Pompeiian red Silure, over which was drawn a network of red gold tinselette. The narrow brim was done in crevassed Pompeiian plush; to the left were foullettes of embossed plush ribbon, finished with fancy Aigrette ties of the same material, held in position by miniature tiger's claws.

Children's capotes are shown in a variety of styles from the snug fitting Normandy cap to the becoming and comfortable Mother Hubbard and Fish-Wife.

Plumes and feathers, both plain and ornamental, will be worn in profusion. Bird's wings, aigrettes and fancy claws still hold precedence; any flowers worn will be of the most expensive French manufacture. Fancy ribbons will play a very prominent part in millinery this season. They come in all the new shades and the designs are really elegant.

French felts and the English fur felt, will find an opponent in the stylishly made, plush hat and bonnet.

The new shades which come to us this season are the Powder and Wood Ash Grey, Pompeiian Reds, Cresson Green, and no longer are we sure of the exact shade of our fashionable and sedate brown. We have the color in endless deviations, tones and semi-tones, with a gradual blending from the old original brown, golden, sombre reddish, iron rust, to the coffee brown, with plenty of cream in it. Neapolitan blues and olive shades will also be very fashionable.

The tailoring department, under the efficient management of Mr. J. Walters, is as usual, at this season, crowded with orders. The stock this year is large and more varied than ever before. Among the new goods are Elysian naps for overcoatings, which be very fashionable this season.

the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-1 2-1y.

TO THE FARMERS !

Having made arrangements with the Co-Operative Warehousing Co.'y for the storage capacity of their warehouse, I am prepared to pay

The Highest Market Prices

—FOR—

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

Any farmers wishing to store their grain, can do so on the same conditions as they always have with other buyers. A call is respectfully solicited before selling elsewhere.

Yours very truly,

42-2 CHAS. E. BARTLETT.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Co-operative Warehousing Co

OF NAPANEE,

hereby forbid any person, except the Manager, issuing tickets in the Company's name or in any way making the Company liable for grain stored in Company's warehouse.

By order of the Board.

JAMES DALY,
Manager.

Napanee, Sept. 18, '84.

TAKEN A TUMBLE.

R. A. SHOREY

—IS SELLING—

12½ lbs.	Standard Granulated Sugar		$1.00
16 "	Nice Bright	"	1.00
18 "	" Yellow	"	1.00
3 "	Good Japan Tea		1.00
6 "	" " Dust		1.00

BEST VALUES IN

Fresh Ground Coffee, Fine Flavored Teas, Pure Spices, best American and Canadian Baking Powders, Confectionery, Fruit, Nuts, Raisins, Currants, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, Wooden Ware, Clothes Wringers, Glass Fruit Jars, etc., at

BOTTOM PRICES

P. S.—Nice Building Lot at a Bargain, also House and Lot in good locality for sale cheap.

☞ CASH PAID FOR EGGS.

A Call Solicited.

R. A. SHOREY.

ANOTHER GRAND OPENING!

Owing to the unfavorable weather which prevailed last Saturday preventing numbers of people from witnessing our Grand Dispiay, we have decided to hold

Another Grand Opening To-Day, Saturday,

THE WHOLE STORE WILL BE DECORATED THROUGHOUT.

The fair number of people who had the courage to face the storm last Saturday were delighted, and every one declared it the finest display we have ever made. The coming one will be still finer. As numbers of hats are sold Mrs. Doxsee and her able staff will work early aud late to provide delectation for the ladies in the shape of New Hats and Bonnets to look at.

We have received a lot of New Goods in Millinery, as well as new Ulsterings, Mantle Cloths and some fine Furs, all of which will be displayed on Saturday. A cordial invitation is therefore extended to all.

Our Stock in every department is the most complete, richest, best assorted and cheapest we have ever shown at Cheapside.

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT is full of orders.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is more than busy.

OUR DRESS AND MANTLE-MAKING DEPARTMENT will be opened next week under the management of MRS. CLAPP, so long and favorably known to the ladies of Napanee and the surrounding counties. We GUARANTEE all work done by her to be satisfactory.

ULSTERS AND SEAL JACKETS.

All our Ulsters and Seal Jackets are cut, fitted and made by our Tailor, MR. MAX FOX, and we call the attention of the ladies to the superior fit and finish of our "Tailor Made" Ulsters and Jackets, and the advisability of having them made by a Tailor in preference to any dressmaker.

The choice stock we offer to any person wanting any of the above goods is not equalled anywhere.

THE COUNTY SHOW.

Look out for the big display of Furs in the Palace from CHEAPSIDE.

HINCH, PERRY & CO.

NEW FALL GOODS!

—AT—

DOWNEY & CO.'S

We are now showing a full stock of new and desirable goods. This week we desire to call attention particularly to our stock of DRESS GOODS. The Latest and most Stylish Goods procurable; also PLUSHES and PLUSH TRIMMINGS in all the new fancy designs to match. Our CHECKED CHEVIOTS and OTTOMAN CORDS, Plain and Fancy, Cloths in all the new shades for Mantles, Wraps and Dolmans are complete and attract the attention of every one.

As we make it a study to procure trimmings to match the goods we buy, customers leaving their orders with us cannot help but be well pleased with the very choice goods we are now showing, as dress material and trimmings match perfectly.

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is now full of the most stylish and handsome goods in Suitings, Coatings and Pantings. They are only to be seen to be admired. Prices are the lowest we have ever quoted.

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is now full of the most stylish and handsome goods in Suitings, Coatings and Pantings. They are only to be seen to be admired. Prices are the lowest we have ever quoted.

STAPLES--Our stock of Grey Cottons is immense, and at the lowest prices ever offered, only 4c. per yard; also a full stock of Striped Shirtings, Tickings, White Cottons, etc., at bottom prices.

GLOVES and HOSIERY--A large and full stock of all the newest goods.

DOWNEY & CO.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the

BOARD OF AUDIT

—OF THE—

County of Lennox & Addington

Will meet to Audit the Public Accounts

At the COURT HOUSE, in the TOWN of NAPANEE,

—ON—

Tuesday, the 14th of October, 1884,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

All accounts for audit must be delivered to the Clerk of the Peace on or before Tuesday, the 7th of October, 1884.

A. L. MORDEN,
Clerk of the Peace, County of Lennox and Addington.

Napanee, September 24th, 1884. 45-2.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

As the lease of our Foundry and Machine Shop expires on the 1st of November next, we are offering at cost our stock of

PLOWS, PLOW-SHARES

—AND—

Thimble Wagon-Skeins,

Besides a general stock of repairs for

THRESHING MACHINES

PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, ROLLERS,

and almost all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

also, one nearly new

P.R.Dederick's Iron Lined Hay Presses

size of bale, 14 x 18; cost $500, will sell for $250;

ONE SEVEN-HORSE POWER ENGINE,

nearly new and in perfect order; also,

THREE BOX STOVES,

Lioness Pattern; 4 foot wood.

PRINGLE & Co.

Napanee, August 26th, 1884.

GOLD! All Agents, Clerks Peddlers, and every reader of this paper of either sex, will hear of something greatly to their advantage by sending us their name and address on a postal card. It costs you only one cent and may prove the stepping stone to a fortune, or bring hundreds of dollars into your pocket address

Mention this aper and.

26. A. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, NS

FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

A. ROSE & CO. keep a full line of Lustre and Linen Coats and Dusters, Fancy and Common Straw Hats, suitable for this hot and dusty weather.

Their Ready Made Clothing trade is booming this week. having sold double the quantity expected.

NEW SUITS ORDERED EVERY WEEK.

Our $17 Suits are the Best Value in Town.

COME TO US FOR ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING, EITHER ORDERED OR READY MADE

A. ROSE & CO.

WATCH THIS SPACE

NEXT WEEK.

G.E.MAYBEE

CAMPBELL HOUSE BLOCK, NAPANEE.

Just Received by

J. F. WHELAN & CO.

A CHOICE LOT OF FINE FLOUR, WHICH WE WILL OFFER AT WHOLESALE PRICES, VIZ.:

A very fine quality of family flour at $2.40 per cwt.; Rathbun's No. 1 S. B. flour, only $2.65 per cwt.; an extra fine quality in western flour, only $2.70 per cwt., (no charges for bags), also all grades varying in price from $2.40 to $2.60 per cwt.

WE ARE ALSO GIVING REMARKABLE VALUES IN TEAS AND SUGARS.

19 lbs. good quality refined sugar, $1.00,
17 lbs. good quality, Porto Rico Sugar, $1.00,
16 lbs. extra fine quality Porto Rico Sugar, $1.00,
No 1 Standard Granulated Sugar, only 8 cents per lb.,
14 lbs. White Crushed Sugar, $1.00.

No. 1 Napoleon Tobacco, 8 plugs to the lb., only 40c. We have just opened an extra fine quality of 50c. Japan Tea which will be offered at 45c. per lb., or 5 lbs. for $2.00; a good quality in Japan Tea Siftings and Young Hy on Teas at 20c. per lb., or 5 lbs for $1.00, also an extra fine quality in Japan Tea Siftings and Young Hyson Teas at 25c. per lb., or 5 lbs, for $1.00, and in everything else you will find we make bottom prices a specialty.

☞ YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

J. F. WHELAN & CO.

SIDNEY'S FOLLY

CHAPTER XVII.—(Continued.

"Good-morning," said Sidney, giving him her hand with a little smile. "I forgot that you were going to hunt to-day Where is the meet?"

"At Cotley Hall. I thought you would go with us."

"No," she answered, with a little shake of her pretty head, "I shall not hunt this winter. Are we late, I wonder? Stephen does not like to be kept waiting on these occasions, or indeed on any other," she added, with a laugh. "I do not know any one who does."

Stephen Daunt, also attired in hunting "pink" and faultless "tops," was in the dining-room, glancing over the morning papers, and Dolly, in a bewitching costume of seal-brown velvet, was hovering between the window and the table, and glancing impatiently at the clock now and again. At sight of Sidney she uttered a little exclamation of disappointment.

"Oh, Sidney, have you forgotten? We promised Lady Cotley we would drive over for the meet," she said eagerly; and Sidney looked over at her blankly.

"I had quite forgotten, dear," she answered hurriedly—"I really had quite forgotten."

Lloyd Milner was not so completely entranced by the charming little vision in brown velvet, with the pouting expression of disappointment on its fair face, but that he saw the cold conventional greeting which passed between Sidney and her husband—a greeting perfectly courteous, and yet as perfectly indifferent as if they were visitors at the same country-house, but had only a very slight acquaintance.

"It is the perfection of a hunting morning," Stephen said heartily, as Sidney walked to the head of the table, and began to make the tea. "You are favored, Milner."

"Yes, I was just saying to Mrs. Daunt that we had the proverbial southerly wind and cloudy sky," Milner returned, smiling. "You don't hunt, Miss Daunt?"

"No, I ride to the meet sometimes," Dolly answered; "but I hoped Sidney would drive me there to-day."

Sidney said nothing; her slim white fingers were moving deftly among the delicate old china and silver, and she seemed not to have heard. In reality she was wondering how she could surmount the difficulty which had suddenly arisen to hinder her going to Lymouth. She had utterly forgotten her promise to drive to Cotley; but, if Dolly did not go, she—Sidney—would have no opportunity of going alone to meet Frank.

"How did you sleep, Milner?" Stephen asked, as he threw aside the newspapers and came over to take his place at the table. "Well, I hope?"

"Tolerably well," said his friend, with a laugh. "Easthorpe is too new a residence to possess the distinction of a ghost, I presume?"

"I suppose so," Stephen answered carelessly. "Why do you ask?"

"Because, if it were not, I should say I heard one last night," was the reply. "Mrs. Daunt, may I send you some of this omelet?"

"What do you mean, Mr. Milner?" said Dolly eagerly. "Did you hear any

with a little unsteadiness in her low tones and with her eyes downcast. "But," she added in a moment, raising them suddenly and looking over at her guest with a glance of mingled entreaty and defiance, "I think Mr. Milner has drawn as largely upon his imagination as he is capable of going at one sitting."

"No, on my honor," the young man declared laughingly, "I am dealing solely with facts this morning, Mrs. Daunt."

"Are you?" she said coldly. "Then forgive me for being sceptical as to your supernatural visitors."

"You cannot be more sceptical than I am as to their connection with the spirit-world," he replied,

"Mr. Milner," put in Dolly impatiently, "pray be more explicit. I can keep my curiosity within bounds no longer."

There was a short silence. Stephen was glancing over his letters, and not paying much attention to the conversation between his sister and his friend. Sidney, her heart beating to suffocation, was dreading with a terrible dread what Milner might say next.

"It was a beautiful moonlit night," began Mr. Milner gravely, breaking the top off an egg, and speaking with great deliberation.

"Well?" Dolly said impatiently, as he paused. "You begin like the old song—

"'Twas a beautiful night,
And the stars shone bright,
And the moon o'er the waters played.'"

"And, if you like, I will continue in the same manner," he said—

"'When a cavalier
To a bower drew near
A lady to serenade.'"

Dolly laughed.

"*La suite a demain*," she said with a pout. "You are inventing as you go on."

"Not at all, I assure you. I am merely putting into poetical language what you are anxious to hear," he answered quietly.

"Do you mean that any cavalier was serenading a lady in this bower?"

"I mean just that," he said coolly, looking up suddenly and glancing from Dolly's eager, puzzled, smiling face to Sidney's, so pale and startled.

"What fun!" cried Dolly gaily. "How did he serenade? Had he a guitar? Whose window did he look at? I should think it was Lord de la Poer serenading you, Sidney!"

Sidney forced a smile to her pale lips; the suspense and uncertainty were almost more than she could bear. What had he seen? What had he heard? What was he going to say next? She felt ill and giddy in her terror, but struggled desperately against the feeling of faintness which increased every moment, and to which she dared not yield. If she were to swoon now, they would begin to suspect something, and this keen eyed barrister's suspicions—for he suspected her undoubtedly—would become certainties. Her long sleepless night had made this more of an effort than her strength was quite equal to; but she gathered up all her courage, and, when she spoke, her voice was languidly sweet as usual, but very low.

"Serenading me! Is that likely, Dolly, when you are here?" she said. "Besides, the Earl plays no instrument. I

"Don't you think a drive would do you good, Sidney?" her husband said presently, throwing aside the newspaper that he had been reading. "You look very pale this morning."

"My head aches too much to go out," she answered petulantly. "But"—eagerly—"there is no need for Dolly to stay at home. I shall do very well alone."

Dolly made a feeble protest, her blue eyes denying her words.

"I shall be better alone," Sidney said eagerly, repenting of her eagerness the next moment when she discovered Lloyd Milner's eyes fixed upon her over his newspaper.

"But I am afraid Dolly is not to be trusted with your ponies, Sidney," said Stephen, glancing at his sister and smiling.

Sydney looked blank. She must have the ponies herself, to drive to Lymouth.

"No," she said dubiously; "but Lady Golightly will carry Dolly beautifully, and she would not be long changing her dress."

"Oh, that will be too delightful!" Dolly cried ecstatically. "Don't say 'No' Stephen. I promise I shall not want to follow. I will come home with the groom as soon as I have seen the meet."

"Of course, if Sidney likes to trust you with Lady Golightly, I am quite willing," the young man answered lightly. "Milner may take the responsibility of your care upon his shoulders, if he likes."

"Will you, Mr. Milner?" Dolly asked demurely. "I won't be a very great nuisance, I promise you."

"I think I can bear the infliction for once," was the grave answer, while the pleasant gray eyes frankly show ther delight at the proposal; and Dolly hastened away to put on her habit just as the horses were brought round.

Sidney breathed a sigh of relief; when once they were gone, she would be free for a few hours—and she had plenty of work before her. On looking into her purse that morning, she had found that her supply of money was very small, amounting to merely a few pounds, she must therefore go and cash a cheque before going to Lymouth. This would entail a drive into Ashford, which was the only difficulty—for Stephen's liberality had made his wife a rich woman, able to draw cheques without much fear of overdrawing her banking account. Of course it would require time, and she had not much between this and twelve o'clock. She glanced at the timepiece—it was nearly ten. The meet was at half-past ten; but Cotley was but three miles from Easthorpe.

"You are quite sure you will not be dull?" Dolly said, coming into the room, looking distractingly pretty in her dark blue habit and coquettish riding-hat. "It seems so selfish to leave you, Sidney."

"Not at all," Sidney answered, with almost feverish eagerness. "I shall enjoy being alone. And—and—Dolly, don't hurry back on my account. If—if you think you would like to go to Lambswold, pray do; I shall not be dull."

"You seem awfully anxious to get rid of me," pouted Dolly. "I believe you have some desperate design on hand, Madam Sidney."

Ah, how cruel the hot blood was that it rose so redly in her pale cheeks at Dolly's laughing heedless words! Sidney

Mrs. Daunt, may I send you some of this omelet?"

"What do you mean, Mr. Milner?" said Dolly eagerly. "Did you hear any sounds in the house last night?"

"Yes," he replied smilingly, glancing at the pretty eager face, "I heard soft swift footsteps and the rustling of a woman's gown along——"

A little clatter drowned the remainder of the words. Sidney had let the sugar-tongs fall from her unsteady fingers, and they had broken one of the fragile old china cups of the costly breakfast-service. Dolly, an ardent chinamaniac, looked dismayed.

"Oh, Sidney, what a pity! One of those lovely old cups!"

"It was very awkward," Sidney murmured with pale lips, looking far more startled than such a small catastrophe warranted, and uneasily conscious that Lloyd Milner's keen eyes were watching her with a keen scrutiny.

"It is not worth while getting so pale over it," Stephen said kindly, glancing at the little pale face. "It is a very small misfortune and easily repaired. Why, Sidney," he added, with a smile, "you look as frightened as if you had seen Milner's ghost!"

If Lloyd Milner had thought his young hostess pale before, he was startled now by the strange, almost ghastly pallor which spread over her face. What was its cause? he wondered. Had she an absurd dread of the supernatural, or——

"Tell us something more about your ghost, Mr. Milner," Dolly broke in gaily. "I shall be frightfully jealous if Stephen and Sidney set up a ghost here when we do not possess one at Lambswold. I have always been so sorry not to have a legend or something equally delicious associated with it."

"I am afraid the Easthorpe ghost will turn out something so very prosaic that you will not envy its possessors," said the barrister calmly, eating his breakfast, yet keenly observant of Sidney under his air of indifference.

"Prosaic? How can a ghost be prosaic?" asked Dolly, laughing. "How can soft swift footsteps and mysterious rustlings be prosaic?"

"Perhaps the term is misapplied," the young man answered, with a smile; "for surely there is nothing prosaic in midnight rendezvous given '*au clair de la lune.*'"

He was looking at Dolly as he spoke, but his keen vision took in also Sidney's pale face and drooping figure.

"The plot thickens," Dolly said, laughing, and affecting to shudder. "To soft swift footsteps and mysterious rustling robes we have to add midnight and moonlight. Pray go on Mr. Milner; I am on thorns with curiosity."

"Do you find the position a pleasant one?" he asked, looking over at her with a smile.

"By no means. Release me from it," she pleaded, with a delicious little *moue*.

"Dolly, what a chatterbox you are!" said Stephen, laughing. "Let Lloyd get his breakfast in peace."

"I will as soon as he relieves me from the agony of curiosity which prevents me from enjoying my own breakfast," she answered. "Come, Sidney, are you not curious also?"

"Devoured by curiosity," Sidney said, low.

"Serenading me! Is that likely, Dolly, when you are here?" she said. "Besides, the Earl plays no instrument, I think. Mr. Milner is the only friend we have able to serenade us,"

"The serenading was poetical license," the young barrister interposed lightly. "My 'gay cavalier' did not serenade. He waited silently for his lady to appear."

"And did she come?"

"Yes, at last," he answered, smiling. "She was not very punctual; but he was patient, and his patience was rewarded."

"Did you see her?" asked Dolly eagerly.

"Oh, yes!" he answered. "Did I not tell you that the moon was shining? But, however charming her silver light may be for legitimate love rambles, it is not equally desirable for stolen interviews."

"This is becoming interesting," said Miss Daunt, smiling. "Stephen do you hear?"

Stephen glanced up from his letter abstractedly.

"I hear a great deal of chatter," he answered, smiling. "What is it all about?"

"Do you allow lovers' meetings in your grounds at midnight?" she asked demurely. "Because Mr. Milner was the reluctant witness of one last night."

"What does this madcap mean?" Stephen inquired, turning to his friend. "Is she talking nonsense? Did you see anything unusual in the grounds last night?"

"Something very unusual," was the laughing reply. Then Milner's tone changed to one of swift alarm. "Mrs. Daunt, is anything the matter? Are you ill?"

Three pairs of startled inquiring eyes went swiftly to the head of the table. Sidney had risen, and was supporting herself by one hand upon the table and the other on the back of the chair from which she had risen. She was pale to ghastliness, her eyes were half closed, and she seemed on the point of fainting. In an instant Stephen was by her side, but with almost equal rapidity she rallied.

"It is nothing—nothing," she declared, forcing a smile. "It is so close this morning that the heat made me feel faint. I am sorry to have startled you, Stephen," she added tremulously, her little fingers closing involuntarily over the strong hand which held hers; "but it is nothing. Indeed I am quite myself now."

She resumed her seat at the table, trying to ignore her husband's anxious eyes, and those other inquiring eyes which were so much more unpleasant to meet and so much more difficult to avoid, and waited tremulously for the conversation to continue; but her sudden illness had been effective in silencing it, and, when her companions spoke again, they had changed the subject.

Breakfast was over at last; the two young men had left the table, and were glancing over separate sheets of the local newspapers; Dolly, in her seal brown gown, was looking out of the window with a wistful look in her pretty blue eyes. In Sidney's troubled brain the thought was how she was to get to Lymouth alone and unseen. She must be doubly cautious now. Ah, why had such a cruel fate brought Lloyd Milner to Easthrope at this juncture?"

Madam Sidney."

Ah, how cruel the hot blood was that it rose so redly in her pale cheeks at Dolly's laughing heedless words! Sidney glanced nervously at Mr. Milner; but he was settling Dolly's habit, and did not see the hot vivid blush, or Sidney thought he did not, as she watched them ride away, the slender girlish figure between the two red-coated ones, leaving her free to keep her promise to Frank Greville—a promise which was to cost her very dear. Hardly had the horses disappeared down the avenue than she had rung the bell, ordered her pony carriage to be brought round with as little delay as possible, and was donning her outdoor attire with nervous little fingers which almost defeated their own haste, uneasily haunted the while by the strangely questioning, meaning look in Lloyd Milner's gray eyes. What had he seen? What did he suspect?

Sidney would have started on her mission with yet more trepidation if those questions had been truly answered, and if she could have known the result of that morning's ride.

CHAPTER XVIII.

"I'm awfully sorry I said anything about the nocturnal apparition," Lloyd Milner said confidentially to Dolly, as they rode side by side behind Stephen in a lane which was a short cut to Cotley, and which was too narrow to allow them to ride three abreast.

"Why?" asked the girl, looking upher some surprise from under the brim of the dainty riding-hat.

"I am afraid I alarmed Mrs. Daunt," he answered.

"Oh, dear, no! Sidney is not so absurdly nervous," remarked Dolly confidently, with a smile of superior knowledge. "You do not really mean that you think that made her ill this morning?"

"I fancied so."

"Oh, then you are quite mistaken!" declared Miss Daunt, nodding her wise golden head. "She does not seem very well, I think," she added, in a minute. "There has been so much visiting and going about lately that she is tired out, I dare say; and the winter always tries Sidney."

"She does not look very strong," remarked Mr. Milner.

"Oh, she is strong enough! She rarely has anything the matter with her. Stephen," she added, raising her voice as she addressed her brother, "that is not the way to Cotley. What are you thinking of?"

Stephen laughed carelessly as he turned his horse's head in another direction, and the color rose slightly in his brown cheek. He had lost himself in reverie, half bitter and half pleasant, the pleasantness being in the thought of what might have been, the bitterness in the thought of what really was. If Sidney had loved him, how happy, how nearly approaching perfection, their lives might have been! But she did not love him, and it was all a failure.

When he married her, he had hoped that by patient endeavor and tenderness and love he would win what love she had kept from the wreck of her first love-affair, he had believed that she was learning to forget Frank Greville; but on his wedding-day this belief had been torn from him, and he possessed instead—or

thought he possessed—the certainty that she still believed in, still loved Frank, who, he felt was guilty of the hideous crime of which he was accused. Had he not held such a belief, he would have left no stone unturned to prove the innocence of the man whom Sidney loved, even had that innocence parted her from him—Stephen—for ever. He loved her well enough, he told himself again and again, to have made her happy at any cost. But believing as he did, he had forbidden his wife, out of very pity for her, to make any efforts to prove Frank's innocence. A close inquiry into the matter would probably only result in overwhelming proofs of his guilt; and it was better, he thought sadly, for Sidney to mourn for her lost lover and his hard fate than to know that he was unworthy either of her love or of her sorrow. There can be no greater suffering, he knew, than to know the unworthiness of one we love. This, then, was the true reason of the severe and decided prohibition which Sidney resented so bitterly, and which stood between the husband and wife like an iron wall which neither could break down, and which gave color to the terrible suspicions which were about to be implanted in the young wife's heart and almost to shipwreck her whole life.

"I wonder Mrs. Daunt does not hunt!" remarked Lloyd Milner, when they were riding abreast again.

"This is stiff country, you know," Stephen said carelessly. "Sidney is a very good horsewoman; but I am glad she does not care for hunting."

"Has she ever tried it?"

"Yes, once." Stephen said briefly, recalling the occasion with a keen pang of pain, remembering all that had taken place since then, and how in the dusk of the wintry evening he and Frank Greville had ridden up the street together and seen Sidney's slight girlish form in the window of the firelit room in the Gray House.

"Did she come to grief that she has not repeated the experiment?"

"No."

"Then I am surprised she did not do so. It is becoming so very general for ladies to hunt."

"Yes, more's the pity!" Stephen answered carelessly. "In my opinion, women are out of place in the hunting-field."

"That s an exploded notion, *mon cher*."

"I know that. May I ask if you intend Mrs. Milner to hunt?" Daunt inquired, laughing.

The color rose in the young barrister's cheek.

"Mrs. Milner—if ever there be such a person," he said laughingly—"will not have the chance. She will not be able to afford it."

"Nonsense! We know what big fees Q.C.'s get."

"No doubt. But Q.C.'s are few and far between."

"Here is Cotley," said Dolly, who had been silent for some minutes, and whose cheeks were very pink—possibly from the exercise. "Is it not a charming old house, Mr. Milner?"

"A fine place, decidedly," answered the young man, looking at the rose-hued cheeks with more interest than at the

The Moroccan Army.

The army of Morocco numbers several thousand soldiers, commanded by nearly as many generals and officers. The Tunisian arm seems to have served as the standard for the organization of the Moorish forces, for a more comic mixture of so ldiers can not be found in any modern opera bouffe. There are infantry, cavalry, and artillery, but without any distinction. The cavalry is permitted to ride on horseback whenever the Sultan furnishes the horses from his own stables. The artillery was established in 1862, when Sultan Mohammed received from the Spanish Government some old cannons. Four of these are still on wheels, to the great surpise of those who know the condition of the streets and roads in the Moorish capital. The uniform, if such there be, resembles the uniform of an English soldier. A quantity of old red jackets of tho Gibraltar garrison were sold on one occasion to the Moorish Government. The headwear is a fez, a turban, or a capot. The army wears slippers instead of shoes. The arms are old guns with crooked bayonets, and a few swords, lances and pistols. The soldiers are of all ages, boys of 9 or 10 years old and men with gray beards. There is no regular conscription, no limitation of service, and no systematic promotion. Boys unable to read or write become officers, even colonels, though the influence of some eunch or harem beauty. Many soldiers of comparatively superior intelligence have served for twenty or thirty years without promotion in the ranks with black Soudan negroes, Bedouins and Berbers of all colors and shades. In addition to the so-called regular army there is the black body guard of the Sultan, composed of Herculean negro slaves, and some sort of militia, called to service in case of war. The multi-colored crowd of soldiers present a ridiculous aspect but they are a most formidable foe in wars against Christians. It is neither the drilling nor the capacity of the officers which makes them so respected by the French and Spanish armies. It is their fanatical hatred and personal bravery, not to say fury. When children they are taught by their parents and Koran teachers to hate the Christians. The Moors have lost all tradition of their glorious achievements in science and arts, but they have not lost sight of the more realistic side of their past, of having possessed Spain and the entire coast of the Mediterranean Sea and her islands. Many Moorish families, although greatly mixed with the Berber and nomadic tribes of the south, bear still the proud name of some Spanish castle or city. They preserve through generations their ancient family documents, written on parchment, and even the keys to their residences in Spain, and they indulge in the hope of regaining possession of what they have lost. These thoughts inspire the Moors when fighting the Christians. They will fight and die, but will not be taken prisoners.—*N. Y. Sun.*

How to Make a Pretty Vase for Flowers.

Take a common lamp chimney—one that is flaring at the top and finished with scallops or points will make the prettiest

AGRICULTURAL.

The Horse for the Farm, and the Importance of Proper Training.

RURAL NEW YORKER PRIZE ESSAY

No other animal that man has domesticated, is capable of such varied and surpassing excellence as the horse. We breed and train him with special reference to speed, making him realize thousands and tens of thousands of dollars for his owner; or we breed draft horses, large and powerful; but neither of these compares in its importance with the farm horse, and if the latter is bred as carefully with reference to those qualities most valuable to the farmer, we may as surely accomplish the results desired in the farm horse as in the racer or draft horse. The fact that the United States has 11,000,000 horses shows that this branch of husbandry is of national importance, and that special attention should be given to increasing the commercial value as well as the efficiency of the horse.

The welfare of the farmer requires a horse equally adapted to the farm and road. He wants a horse of more strength and better qualities than the average of those he now has. The perfect horse for the farm and road is one possessing those combined qualities, which render him valuable for whatever duty he is required to perform, whether in the field or on the road; and this horse is the one that is docile, of good temper, quick and easily managed, with steady nerve added to strength and endurance. Good-natured, docile animals are always the best workers; the fractious horse worries more under restraint or guidance, is more liable to be abused by his driver, and consequently cannot thrive as well.

Let the farmers get sound, good-blooded colts and then make them, by training, just what they want them to be; for no animal is more susceptible to teaching than the horse, and none more ready to respond to kindness by willing obedient service. The colt is not naturally ill-tempered, and if it becomes so blame is due to some one who has handled it.

Rapid walking increases greatly the value of farm horses, and this is largely the result of training. So long have our farmers been negligent and careless in the cultivation of those qualities they most need in the horse for farm and road, that they must be educated up to their own best interests before we shall attain excellence in this direction. This will soon be accomplished when our agricultural societies and journals and Farmers' Institutas, take up the subject in earnest and persistently. In Massachusetts and a few other States an example has been set, which it would be well if all the States would imitate. It is confidently predicted that the Norman-Percheron, already a favorite in the West for farm and road, will prove equally so in New England, combining, as it does, desirable size, stamina, and all the better qualities of temper and action.

Latent Power of Manure.

Sir J. B. Lawes says, in the North British Agriculturist, that it does not follow, as a matter of course, that although the application of a manure has produced no effect upon the growing crop, it may not prove effective at some future time.

the young man, looking at the rose-hued cheeks with more interest than at the big red-brick house which rose above the trees of the park. "We are in good time, Daunt."

"Yes; the meet is in a field to our right."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Girls than Ours'

The notion that girls are too delicate to be useful is limited to a comparatively small part of the globe. Throughout Asia, Africa, and in large portions even of Europe and America, there prevails an old belief that they are born to labor. In Turkestan and on the Tartar steppes, the Kirghese sultanas and their daughters, and princesses in whose veins flow the blood of long lines of kings, still milk the cows and goats, and perform the menial offices of the household, as the Sanscrit maidens did six thousand years ago in the same localities. They cook, take care of the younger children, make garments, cure the skins of the wild fowl, with the feathers on, for caps, spin cotton, weave cloth, and tan leather by means of sour milk. In this delectable region the mother wears rich attire, while the daughter goes in humbler weeds, like Cinderella. If there is a piano, the mother plays on it in the front room of the tent, while the daughter brews the koumiss, stews the mutton, and broils the camel chops in the back kitchen. This is the benighted condition of patriarchal people who adhere to a nearly obsolete theory of filial duty. Similar ideas prevail throughout India, China, and among the native tribes of Siberia, who have been driven northward by aggressive neighbors. The Tungusian girl gathers the snow, melts it, makes the tea and the fish soup, sews, and, being skillful in archery, helps to keep the larder supplied with game. The Yakut and Samovede maidens, and all who dwell along the Arctic ocean, help in summer to lay up winter supplies, and in winter to perform all necessary domestic duties. The Abyssinian girl grinds corn in the simple mills in use in that country. The Kaffir girl weaves baskets and draws water. The girls in the other part of the dark continent pulverize the grain, weave mats, make earthen vessels, and are the hatters of their tribe. The theories of the tribes and nations of Asia and Africa are shared by the Indians of North and South America, who compel the young girls to learn the duties and hardships of life at an early age.

A woman's reason: "Man more constant than woman! Oh, no, Sir Peter. Look at my husband! In all things he puts his sister before his wife! Look at my brother! In all things he puts his wife before his sister! When in both cases it ought to be exactly the reverse! Now, did you ever hear anything so absurdly contradictory in all your life?" Sir Peter wisely gives in.

SCALDS AND BURNS.—Thrust the injured part immediately into cold water; this protects it from the oxygen of the air; then cover the burn with soda or with wheat flour. If severe the patient should live on tea and toast and ripe fruits.

Take a common lamp chimney—one that is flaring at the top and finished with scallops or points will make the prettiest vase—and rub it over with mucilage or "*stickalive.*" Then take some white zephr worsted and begin at the bottom of the chimney and wind it closely around the whole of the glass. Dissolve three pounds of alum in hot water, only enough to melt the alum. Put the chimney into a tin pail a little higher (an inch or two will do) than the chimney and turn the solution of alum all over it, wetting it slowly, and filling the pail even full. Let it stand all night. In the morning lift out the vase carefully and let it dry. The alum will not break off easily, and the vase will have a bottom formed by the crystals and it will look like a piece of rock candy. If you wind the glass with Zephyr it will give a rosy shade to the crystals. If with blue they will take that shade. A wooden cross, or an anchor can be wound with worsted and dipped in strong alum water in the same way and made very ornamental for a corner bracket.

HOW TO MAKE A MANTEL VALANCE.—Very elegant mantle valances (or lamprequins can be made of crazy or mosaic patch work. Cut a strip of Canton flannel the length of the mantle, and sew the bits of velvet, silks, satins, brocades, etc., upon it to the depth of five or six inches. A very pretty way to brighten up dark pieces of silk is to paint a spray of flowers upon them or transfer embroiders of butterflies, flowers, fans or the like. Or better still, embroidery sprigs of forget-menots, pansies, snowdrops, rosebuds or any pretty flower mosaic upon the thicker cotton; lining will give it more substance, and it can then be lined with surah-silk or satin, and trimmed with a deep band of crimson, or old gold, peacock blue, or green plush running accross the bottom for a border. Then sew upon that many little pompone tassels of every imaginable hue, and you will have a beautiful valance for your mantel-piece, which will prove highly decorative. It can be nailed upon a board covered with decorative felt or plush, or it can be hung on a tiny brass pole, with gilt rings in imitation of the fashion of hanging *portieres*, and draperies for the windows. Similar lambrequins can be made for corner brackets and by using very small pieces of silk, and many of them of velvet and plush, the effect is very pleasing.

How Many Ties to 100 Feet?

The number of cross-ties in a mile of railway track varies largely in different roads. Every first class line has at leas 2,640, or one every two feet, and some exceed 3,200 per mile. Then, again, there is a difference on different parts of the same road. A tie, to grade, must present a clear surface of eight inches and a thickness of six inches. Sometimes ties below grade are used and the difference balanced by increased numbers.

To look back to antiquity is one thing to go back to it another. If we look back to it it should be as those who are running a race, only to press forward the faster, and to leave the beaten still further behind.

the application of a manure has produced no effect upon the growing crop, it may not prove effective at some future time. Years afterwards when perhaps all recollection of the application has passed away, or possibly when the farm has passed into other hands, some unaccountable luxuriance on certain portions of a field may indicate the burial ground of a manure which was supposed to have failed. In one of his experiments at Rothamsted, in the year 1844, about two-thirds of an acre of land was manured with a considerable amount of potash and phosphate of lime. The crop was wheat, and the produce was 15½ bushels per acre. As the land which received no manure whatever yielded a crop of 15 bushels per acre, it was evident that the manure had practically failed. In the following year salts of ammonia were applied, and the produce was 37½ bushels per acre.

Our cousins across the border in Ontario, Canada are bestirring themselves in good time for the conservation of their timber. In that Province the total area of timber land runs up to 130,000,000 acres Of this only about 10,000,000 have been partially cleared; yet there is a bill now before the Canadian Parliament for the encouragement of tree planting, offering a bonus of not over 25 cents for each of certain specified species planted along a highway or a farm boundary line, or within six feet of such line. The trees along the highways are to be the property of the owners of the land, but they must not be removed without permission from the authorities. There are some things which even we Americans can learn from our neighbors.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Swallows and Cholera.

It has been stated again and again that swallows desert a district infected with cholera. The cholera correspondent of the *Times* says that "it is certain that there are none just now in Marseilles." Biologists appear to have hitherto regarded the statement as a popular fancy, but I think it worthy of better treatment. The idea that the bird has a mysterious instinct by which it divines the evil and avoids it is, of course, absurd; but there may be other very good and practical reasons, from a swallow's point of view, for leaving any place where the virus abounds. We know that swallows feed chiefly on gnats, and also that by far the longest period of gnat life is spent in the water. The gnat is a winged air-wandering creature only during the last brief breeding state of its existence. During all its growing life it is an aquatic animal: the egg floats on the surface of the water; the pupa is a twisting, jerking, jointed, worm-like creature, living and feeding in the water, though breathing air through a tube, which it thrusts above the surface; the big headed, wriggling, tufted larva lives in a like manner, and elaborates within it the winged creature that merely merges to perform parental duties in air and die. As cholera is propagated by polluted water, there is nothing unreasonable in supposing that such pollution is inimical to gnat life, and if so, the disappearance of the swallows is at once explained. They naturally desert the place from which their food supples are cut off.—*The Gentleman's Magazine.*

FASHION NOTES.

Very odd is the notion of a seaside hat, the Neptune, the fancy of a Paris milliner. It is a large capote of gray-green rushes, burdened around the brim with gray-green plush, and on one side an aquatic miniature landscape composed of water-plants and sea weeds, a pretty pink-lined shell, and a small green frog dressed in green velvet and pale yellow silk, with great melancholy eyes looking at you through the rushes.

Embroidered bretelles, or, prettie still, those made of lace and net, wide on the shoulders and tapering to a point at the belt, front and back, over the bodice, are again in vogue. These graceful additions are always becoming, relieving as they do the severity of a plain waist. Bodice of opaque white, in cashmere, nun's veiling, or even silk, are never pretty at the back unless the blank out lines are softened by some suchaccessory. Lace berthas and fichus, so long worn, are now giving place to bretelles, which are still more chic and graceful.

There will be a rage this season for the small French capote bonnet made of black velvet, black satin covered with escurial or beaded Spanish lace, and not a few of fine French felt in all the new deep, rich shades to match the costume. Wall flowers, nasturtiums, or shaded geranium blossoms, each made of silk velvet, are set in large clusters on one side of the crown. Upon some very stylish looking gypsy hats of the darkest green velvet are coneets of orange colored nasturtiums, mingled with sprays of pale-green maiden-hair fern.

The display of wash materials is unusually large this season, and the fabrics and colorings were never more beautiful. Paler shades are more noticeable than formerly, and in fabrics of chambery, gingham, parcale, sateen, organdie, and French muslin, the new dyes rival the tintings of the most delicate silks and satins. Especially blue, dove-gray, corn, and pink. The sateens, with their brilliant gloss, when stylishly made up and trimmed with edgings of fine Torchon lace, look quite as rich as silk. They wash admirably, and with little care will last two seasons.

Some of the newest bridal dresses of white satin have the trains garnished with an embroidery of white velvet ribbon work and white chenille appliques in heavy raised designs about six inches wide, which border the entire train. In front, the tablier literally disappears under a network of chenille flowers, waves of lace, and dainty wreaths and clusters in ribbon work, deftly and beautifully intermingled. One magnificent dress of milk-white Ture satin is decorated with a marvelous embroidery in chenille of golden rosebuds and pale plush roses. Another of cream-white satin, has the train and petticoat garnished with Marguerites in chenille pale-blue forget-me-nots in raised silk embroidery.

The magpie fashion of wearing a mixture of black and white which has been in such vogue for two seasons past seems likely to remain a fashionable color combination even long after the conditions of "court mourning" have been fulfilled. A

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

Wash and scrape, boil until tender, cut into quarters of convenient length, and cover with vinegar. It is the best way to prepare carrots for the table.

MILK TOAST.—A good way to dispose of dry bread is to make it into milk toast. It is very popular with the working men and children, and often solves the problem that disturbs the cook when she is thinking what is to be got for supper. Toast the bread a short time before it is wanted. Set a half pan of milk on the stove and let it get scalding hot. Put in a little salt, spread the toasted slices with butter and put them into the hot milk, and in a very few minutes remove to the table. If the toast is put in too soon, the bread will fall in pieces and is not so nice to serve. There should be plenty of milk for the amount of bread.

BREAD PUDDING.—A pudding may be made of the small pieces of bread, if the family taste does not rebel. The bread should be broken fine, covered with milk, and set on the stove where it is not too hot, until it becomes soft. Remove and stir in a tablespoonful of sugar, one of butter, a small teaspoonful of salt, also a pinch of cinnamon, or allspice, and, if liked, a half teacup of chopped raisins, or dried raspberries. When cool enough, stir in a egg, well beaten, and bake an hour in a moderate oven. To be eaten with cream and sugar, or pudding sauce, as preferred. I knew a lady who kept all the broken pieces of bread in a bag, that was hung where they would dry and not mold, and she had the material for a pudding always at hand. The price of flour and cost of living would determine whether such economies would pay. Where wheat is a dollar a bushel, home raised, there is no waste in giving broken pieces to the fowls. But it is often a convenience, as well as a duty, to look after small savings.

QUINCE MARMALADE.—Pare, core, slice, and weigh the fruit, stewing the skins and cores, in a dish by themselves, with water enough to just cover. When the parings are tender, turn into a cloth bag, and squeeze out every drop of juice; put the quinces into the kettle, pour over the juice, cover, and let cook slowly, stirring and mashing with a wooden spoon until the pieces have become a smooth paste. Now add three-quarters of a pound of white sugar to each pound of the fruit, boil ten minutes longer, stirring constantly. Remove from the fire, turn into jelly-jars and tie down.

RIPE TOMATO PRESERVES.—Select the yellow egg tomato, peel and weigh out seven pounds, add six pounds of sugar and let stand over-night. Drain off the syrup, let boil, skimming carefully. Put in the tomatoes and boil 20 minutes. Take out the fruit with a skimmer and put into jars, boil the syrup until it thickens, adding the juice of three lemons just before you pour it over the fruit. Seal or tie up.

SWEET PICKLED TOMATOES.—Select the husk, or strawberry tomato. Take seven pounds of the fruit, four pounds of white sugar, a pint of good cider vinegar, mace, cinnamon and cloves tied up in a bag. Pick the fruit, and put with the sugar into a preserving kettle; heat to a boil, add the vinegar and spice, boil five minutes,

The Woman Question in Europe.

A book of no common interest as a record of social progress has recently appeared under the title of "The Woman Question in Europe." It consists of original essays by writers who are authorities on the special subjects of which they treat. The topics embraced under the general title include woman's progress in education, in the professions, in industrial opportunities, in legal rights and in the suffrage, and each country of Europe is brought in turn under review. So impressive a showing of woman's capacity so humiliating an exhibition of the arbitrary limitations imposed upon her by the stronger sex, and so many hopeful indications of larger and better things in the future, it is safe to say were never brought together between one set of book cover before. England has been thought very slow in her recognition of the public and professional claims of women, and with justice, but in these, as in other matters, the English have a plodding persistency which accomplishes great things in the long stretch. The agitation for the extension of suffrage to woman first began in Great Britain in connection with the discussion of the reform bill of 1867. Municipal suffrage was granted in 1869, and in 1870 the act was passed conferring on women householders the power to vote at school board elections and qualifying them to sit as members of school boards, a qualification that has been availed of by increasingly large numbers. Parliamentary suffrage still remains to be worked for, and it comes up anew in each successive session. Meanwhile the Isle of Man, which has its independent Legislature, has given women all the voting powers that men enjoy, and the experiment is considered to have proved in a high degree satisfactory.

More important than the suffrage, as many readers will think, are the educational movements, and those looking to the enlarging of professional and industrial opportunities. Dense crusts of prejudice had to be broken through before these could make headway, but they have now acquired an impetus that nothing is likely to check. At the conservative universities of Cambridge and Oxford, as well as at the University of London, young women can enjoy every educational advantage that young men are offered, and win substantially the same honors. In the medical profession such names as Dr. Elizabeth Blackwell, Dr. Elizabeth Garrett Anderson, and Dr. Frances Elizabeth Hoggan, are among its distinguished ornaments, and a complete medical training, which for many years an English woman could obtain only by going to Paris or Germany, is now open to her at London. In the other European countries progress out of the mediæval condition, or rather that worse than mediæval condition of women which the revolutionary era created by destroying chivalry before intellectual quickening had begun, is only in its birth stages. It is by studying the unhappy lot of women in France, Germany, Spain and Russia that one comes to a vivid realization of their relatively high position in England and America. More than by all else will one be impressed by the fact that moral progress has been greatest where legal recognition and the enlarge-

duration even long after the conditions of "court mourning" have been fulfilled. A lady writing from England to a friend in New York states that at Goodwood recently the princess of Wales and her sister-in-law, the crown princess of Prussia, wore mixtures of this kind. The latter lady dressed entirely in dead-black silk, with an ivory-white silk bonnet with white plumes. The princess of Wales wore a dress skirt of black and white striped satin, with a black satin brocaded overdress with white satin waist coat, and a bonnet glittering with cut jet ornaments.

AYER'S
Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs: none so trifled with by the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unconscious exposure, is often but the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has well proven its efficacy in a forty years' fight with throat and lung diseases, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

A Terrible Cough Cured.

"In 1857 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded me the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL a permanent cure was effected. I am now 62 years old, hale and hearty, and am satisfied your CHERRY PECTORAL saved me.
HORACE FAIRBROTHER."
Rockingham, Vt., July 15, 1882.

Croup.—A Mother's Tribute.

"While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup; it seemed as if he would die from strangulation. One of the [illegible] suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude? Sincerely yours,
MRS. EMMA GEDNEY."
159 West 128th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds we have ever tried. A. J. CRANE."
Lake Crystal, Minn., March 13, 1882.

"I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success, I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. JOSEPH WALDEN."
Byhalia, Miss., April 5, 1882.

"I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung troubles. F. BRAGDON."
Palestine, Texas, April 22, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will *always cure* when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

Muir's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Rear [illegible] place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Anaheim and Bridge Sts.

a preserving kettle; heat to a boil, add the vinegar and spice, boil five minutes, skim out the fruit on to plates, boil down the syrup, put the fruit into glass jars, and pour over the syrup. Cover tightly.

LEMON MERINGUE CAKE.—Ten eggs, one pound of sifted flour, and the juice of one lemon, add the rind of two. Beat the yolks of all the eggs and the whites of seven separately; add the sugar, beating thin the flour and the juice and lemon peel. Bake as for jelly cake. To the three beaten whites add a pound and a quarter of powdered sugar, free from lumps. Add the juice and part of the rind of a lemon, and when the cakes are almost cold, spread this between the layers. The icing for the top should be made stiffer by adding more sugar.

A French Baby Farm.

A Parisian paper gives an account of a high-class baby farm known as *Les Oublettes*, near Charenton. The writer says: "The good woman who takes care of them said, 'That is the son of a great lady. When she pays a visit here her carriage stops at the Jardin des Plantes; thence she takes a cab here. I have three children belonging to wives separated from their husbands, another is the son of the Marquis de——— by a friend of his wife's. That little fellow who seems so sad, and is now engrossed in making a sand pie by the steps, has never received a visit. His name is Ivan, and his mother is Russian. He looks wistfully at the others when their friends comes, as it were, to gather up the crumbs of the caresses lavished on them. One day a lady embraced him and brought tears of joy to his eyes. When she went away Ivan said to his companion 'Won't you give me a little bit of your mama?'

A Great Drought.

Richard A. Proctor says that the age of the earth is placed by some at 500,000,000 years, and still others of later time, among them the Duke of Argyll, places it at 10,000,000 years. None place it lower than 10,000,000 years, knowing what processes have been gone through. The earth must have become old. Newton surmises, although he could give no reason for it, that the earth would at one time become perfectly dry. Since then it has been found that Newton was correct. As the earth keeps cooling it will become porous, and great cavities will be formed in the interior which will take in the water. It is estimated that this process is now in progress so far that the water diminishes at the rate of the thickness of a sheet of writing paper a year. At this rate in 9,000,000 years the water will have sunk a mile, and in 15,000,000 years every trace of water will have disappeared from the face of the globe.

Among the graceful gilets, now so fashionably worn with nearly every sort of dress, are dainty ones made of white silk and embroidered down the front and on the wide pocket flaps with small flowers like arbutus, lilies of the valley, or small carnation pinks or wrought entirely with white silk rose buds outlined with tiny mother-o'-pearl beads. These vests are very stylish and elegant, and can be worn with many different toilets.

that moral progress has been greatest where legal recognition and the enlargement of intellectual and professional opportunities has been greater. Not in England, but in France under the barbarous code of Napoleon, and in Spain, is society honeycombed by the moral degeneracy of women. The thesis that for the well being of humanity women should not know too much is not borne out by facts any more than it is by reason.—*Domestic Monthly.*

A Novel Cure for Shying Horses.

"Does your horse shy, boss?" asked a small colored boy of an *American* reporter who was driving along the Lebanon pike in a buggy. Being anxious to know what the boy meant, the reporter pulled in his horse and told him that the animal he drove had the bad habit he referred to. "Din I kin git you sumfin what'll cure him for a nickel," said the boy. The reporter handed over the nickel, and the boy produced from the confines of his capacious pocket a small chameleon, evidently much the worse for wear, but still alive. Handing it to the reporter, the boy told him to take the lizard and keep it until the full of the next moon, when it was to be boiled to nothing in a pint of water. "What then?" said the reporter, "Why yeu just take an' 'uint (anoint) de eyes of yo' hawse wid it and he won't shy no mo." The reporter thought that the boy had fallen upon a shrewd way to beat him out of 5 cents, but he learned upon inquiry that it is quite a well-grounded belief among many of the negroes who live upon farms in this State that the treatment recommended by the colored boy will cure horses and mules of the trick of shying, and is often resorted to by negroes living in this section.—*Nashville American.*

Never Made a Failure.

"I have never made a failure of anything I ever undertook," said the seedy individual, as he answered to call of "have a drink!"

"Your appearance belies your statement," said the other. "How is it that you are in such a ragged state, if you never made a failure of anything you undertook?"

"Because," sadly smiled the other, wiping his lips, "because everything I've attempted was a failure before I took hold of it."

nent sanitarians insist that cellar should never be constructed under dwelling houses; but if our houses are already built and we must for convenience make use of the cellars, we should keep them scrupulously clean from all decaying substances, give their walls a frequent co of whitewash, secure good drainage, and above all open the outside door and windows wide every day during warm weather, and every week at least during the winter, thus effecting a free interchange of air.

Youthful rashness skips like a hare over the meshes of good counsel.

Not another Pill shall go down my throat again, said [illegible] "when I can get such a prompt and pleasant [illegible] for my Bilious attacks, such as Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It renders the Blood Pure and Cool and [illegible] a splendid Spring Medicine. Large bottles 50 cents

A True Incident.

Some time ago the children's ward for incurables, in one of the large hospitals, was frequently visited by a young lady, who took great interest in the little ones. Meeting the nurse, one day on entering, she asked:

"Are there any new ones since my last visit?"

"Two, I think. One brought in yesterday. Been run over—she's very bad, too."

After speaking to several, whose eyes brightened at her coming, the lady stood by the cot where the maimed little body lay. The great pathetic eyes lifted so appealingly to hers, moved her strangely.

"What can I do for you, my dear? Is there something you would like to have?"

"Yes'm a parasol."

"A parasol! but my child you could not use it here, you know. Had you not rather have a pretty doll, and some nice fruit?"

"No'm, I'd rather have a parasol—a lacy one—more'n any other thing."

"Very well, I'll bring you one to-morrow," and giving her a pretty picture, she went away: but that strange fancy haunted her, and after returning home, and fearing that the little life might slip away before the morrow, she asked one of her brothers to go out with her to make the purchase, as it was nearly dusk.

"Just like Mary," he laughingly said. "If the child had asked for the moon she would have been devising some plan to get it for her. Suppose we buy a box of flannels to send to India same time, Mary."

Parasols were out of season, and the clerk looked so amazed when she asked for them that she felt obliged to explain.

"I think we have a very few expensive ones laid by," he said.

After some delay they were brought, when one daintily-lined, lace-trimmed was selected; and bought for five dallars: then proceeding to the hospital, she sent the beautiful gift up to the child.

"I never saw anything like it," the nurse said next day to the giver. "She laughed and cried, and hugged and kissed it, and it has really seemed to make her forget her pain."

Nearly a week the child lingered, and then with her wasted hand grasping the dainty handle the little waif—who had found both Life and Death so hard—passed away to the Happy Land where all desires are satisfied.

The parasol was then given to another little girl, and when she died to another, until it was owned by seven in the ward, most of whom had never had the delight of holding one in their hands before; so, although the gift was neither meat nor drink, medicine nor care, it was a most gracious charity.

A Hebrew Girl's Dowry

Settling the dowry is one of the most important parts of a Hebrew engagement. Very few Hebrew girls marry now without $1,000 to $50,000. Sometimes there is some difficulty in arranging this. The proposed bride's father offers $5,000, and the proposed groom's father thinks it is not enough. They argue, wrangle, bargain, and finally compromise. No written agreement is taken, but it is officially

A Question.

How can we raise more corn to the acher? Why, of course, by using PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor has given universal satisfaction, for it is sure, safe and painless. Like every article of real merit it has a host of imitators, and we would specially warn the public to guard against those dangerous substitutes offered for the genuine Putnam's Extractor. N. C. Polson & Co., proprietors, Kingston.

The judicious planting eucalyptus trees has been recommended by Baron Von Mueller as a means of increasing and maintaining the water-supply of Australia. These trees—known also as the "blue gum" trees—are credited with remarkable power of collecting and absorbing water, and of condensing into water the moisture in the air.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 600 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

Love is the most terrible and also the most generous of the passions; it is the only one that includes in its dreams the happiness of some one else.

Home Testimony.

Many hundred recommendations similar in character to the one given below have been received, and give proof of the great value of Polson's NERVILINE as a pain remedy. Try it.

ATOHL, Feb. 20.—We hereby certify that we have used Nerviline in our families, and have found it a most reliable remedy for cramps in the stomach, also for headache, and externally for rheumatic pains. No house should by without his invaluable remedy. LUKE COLE. ELISHA COLE J.P

By holding a very little misery quite close to our eyes we entirely lose sight of a great deal of comfort beyond which might be taken

Astronomers tell us in their own simple intelligible way that the gradual lengthening of the days is due to the "obliquity of the ecliptic to the terrestrial horizon." This ought to set at rest the foolish idea that the days are longer because the sun rises earlier and sets later.

Young Men! Read This.

The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

Swedenborg says, "Words are things." They are more; they are spiritual forces—angels of blessing or cursing. Unuttered, we control them; uttered, they control us.

A growth forming a scum upon a pond near Campbelton, New South Wales, has been noticed to have a rich green color in the mornings, turning into deep red in the afternoons.

There are lots of people going around grumbling, and half sick at the Stomach all the time; who might be well and happy, if they only used Dr. Carson's Stomach

WANTED in every City, Town, Village and County in Canada, Lady and Gentleman to sell "Queen Victoria, her girlhood and womanhood," by Grace Greenwood. 400 pages. The cheapest and fastest selling book ever published. Send 75c. for sample copy, and address for terms and territory: The Canadian Subscription Company, 8 Exchange Bank Buildings, Montreal.

SMOKED SAUSAGES.

The most convenient meat for farmers in their busy season. These meats are cooked and ready for use. Sold by grocers through the Dominion. Send for price to W. CLARK, P. O. Box 342 Montreal.

F. E. DIXON & CO.,

Manufacturers of Star Rivet

Leather Belting!

70 King Street, East, Toronto

Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.

100 Grey Nun Street, Montreal.

Importers of

Drain Pipes, Portland Cement,
Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Vent Linings,
Water Lime, Flue Covers, Whiting,
Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay,
Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay

Manufacturers of

Bessemer Steel Coil Chain & Bed Springs

MACHINERY.

For sale 1 Westinghouse Traction Farm Engine. 1 Able Triumph do. 1 G. U. Morrison do, 15 h. p. Portable Engine and Boiler on Skids. 1 35 h. p. Horizontal by Northy. 1 do. by Waterous with cut off valve, and 20 engines and boilers of smaller sizes, all thoroughly refitted before leaving shop. 2 24-inch Planers and Matchers. 1 20-inch Pony Planer. 1 Iron Frame Tenoning machine. 1 Blind Slat Tenoner. 1 Buggy Plainer or jointer. 2 band saws. 10 Saw Tables. 1 Fire-Proof Safe. 1 Jeweler's Rools Steel. 1 Book-Binder's Screw Press. 1 42-inch French Burr Portable Grist Mill. 1 62-inch inserted Tooth-Saw &c., &c. Send for new list, No. 9, containing full description of machinery in stock. Address,

H. W. PETRIE, Brantford, Ont.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summ from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St. John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow, and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's N. F.; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B. Allan & Co., Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; H. A. Allan, Portland, Boston, Montreal

Dominion Line of Steamships.

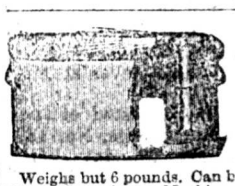
Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months. Sailing dates from

QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

Brooklyn,	Aug. 24	Montreal,	Sept. 13
Toronto,	Aug 30	*Vancouver,	Sept. 20
*Oregon	Sept. 6		

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $60 $65, $80. Return, $90, $105, $117, $144, according to steamer and berth. Intermediate $35. Steerage at lowest rates. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion felt, and no cattle or sheep is carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & Co.,
General Agents, Montreal



THE MODEL
Washer
AND
BLEACHER

Weighs but 6 pounds. Can be carried in a small valise. Illustration shows Machine in boiler. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded within 30 days

$1000.00 REWARD FOR ITS SUPERIOR.

Washing made light and easy. The clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. A 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as

the proposed groom's father thinks it is not enough. They argue, wrangle, bargain, and finally compromise. No written agreement is taken, but it is officially given out that on the wedding day so much, say $7,000, will be paid down in hard cash to the bridegroom, before the ceremony takes place. Here is where some sharp practice occasionally comes in. The bride's father, after he is assured that the groom is in love with his daughter, tries to beat down the dowry, and the groom holds him to his expressed intention. An instance occurred here recently in which a Boston Hebrew fell in love with one of the pretty Brooklyn Hebrew young ladies. He became engaged, and $10,000 was promised him with the girl. On the marriage day he came to her house with his friends. The money was not forthcoming, and he was met with repeated explanations and excuses. He held to his verbal bond, but finding that the intention of the bride's father was actually to give him much less than had been agreed upon, he made excuses that he wished to be shaved and left the bridal party. Once out of the house he secured a hack, drove to the New York Central Railway Station, and took the first train for Boston; no persuasion could afterwards bring him back.—*Brooklyn Eagle*,

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Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern science has been attained by the Dixon Treatment of Catarrh. Over 2,000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent. have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of the patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefitted, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissues, Mr. Dixon at once adopted his cure to their extermination; this accomplished the catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure, the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King-street West, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on catarrh.—*Montreal Star.*

"What does your husband call you by?" said a bride to a friend who had been married several years. "Does he call you ducky or lovey? My darling calls me ducky." "Does he? Mine used to call me popsey-wopsey, but he doesn't use that term now." "What does he call you then?" "He calls me, 'say there.'"

A young man had his girl out carriage-riding the other evening and the horses took fright and ran away. In turning a corner the vehicle was overturned and the young lady was pinned to the earth, the body of the carriage lying heavily across her waist. She was rendered unconscious. When she was released from her perilous position, she slowly opened her eyes as consciousness returned, and faintly gasped: "Don't—squeeze—me—quite—so—hard—next—time—John."

Oh! how tired and weak I feel, I don't believe I will ever get through this Spring house-cleaning! Oh yes you will if you take a bottle or two of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters to purify your blood and tone up the system. Large bottles 50 cents.

the mornings, turning into deep red in the afternoons.

There are lots of people going around grumbling, and half sick at the Stomach all the time; who might be well and happy, if they only used Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters occasionally. It is a splendid Blood Purifier All Druggists 50 cents.

PHRENOLOGY. EXAMINATIONS GIVEN BY WALLACE MASON, 362 Yonge St., Toronto.

THOS. GALLOWAY & Co., Cotton, Woollen, Silk, Carpet, and Worsted Shuttle Makers, Dundas, Ont.

OVER 200 FARMS IN MICHIGAN FOR SALE Description and price list furnished free to applicants. GEO. W. SNOVER, 103 Griswold street Detroit, Mich.

PARTY WANTED TO PURCHASE CARRIAGE shops 24 x 118 feet; double stoop, with office 24 x 60; blacksmith's shop, 20 x 42; lumber, barn, and shed horse barn, two acres of land with dwelling-house suitable for two small families; two cisterns, cellar, and well, situated at Ross' Corners, four miles from Belleville, on main gravelled road; good locality, where a business from $8 000 to $10,000 per annum is done. The premises are now in full blast, and will be sold to good live man at a bargain. HARFORD ASHLEY, Belleville.

MUTUAL MARRIAGE ENDOWNMENT AS Incorporated. Head Office, London, Ont. Issues Certificates from $125 to $3,000, payable on marriage, at following rates: For $500, or half certificate, $4; quarterly dues in advance, $0.75. For $1,000 Certificate $6; quarterly dues in advance $1.00. For $2,000 Certificate, $10; quarterly dues in advance $2.00. For $3,000 Certificate, $15; quarterly dues in advance $3.00. The only cash payments. Assessments on marriages $1.60 on each $1000. First years quarterly assessments are promptly paid, on present membership at end of year. Endowment reserve account will amount to $20 000, providing for a large number of endowments, which places this association in a sound financial position. No connection with any similar institution. A good saving society for young people. Send for By-Laws, &c. W. J IMLACH, Secretary, London, Ont.

MEN WANTED Active pushing men wanted to wholesale my famous teas to consumers. Salary from $900 to $2000 per year. Send stamp for particulars. JAMES LAUT, Importer, Toronto.

HOUSE CLEANING TIME. If you want your houses to be attractive, use Ramsay's Improved Calsomine Colors for tinting Walls.—Can be used without the aid of a Painter and do not rub off. Made in fifteen different tints. Apply to your local dealers for them. MANUFACTURED BY A. RAMSAY & SON, MONTREAL.

E. E. KNOTT'S Speculator's Mart. Adelaide St. East, Toronto. All kinds of real estate sold or exchanged on commission. Money loaned on all kinds of real estate at lowest rates of interest. Application for money from farmers a peciality. Rents collected and estates managed in town or country. N.B.—Best of references on application.

H. WILLIAMS, SLATE AND FELT ROOFER. Manufacturer and Dealer in Tarred Felt, Roofing Pitch, Building Paper, Carpet Felt, &c., at lowest Prices. 4 ADELAIDE ST. EAST, - - TORONTO. A. P. 196.

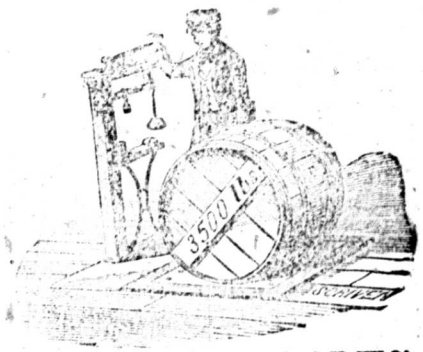
guaranteed or money refunded within 30 days. $1000.00 REWARD FOR ITS SUPERIOR. Washing made light and easy. The clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. A 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person.

To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2.50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian," says about it—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr. C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor saving machine, substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence. Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Charges paid $3.00. Send for circulars.

AGENTS WANTED.

C. W. DENNIS, TORONTO BARGAIN HOUSE. 213 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

GURNEYS & WARE,



STANDARD SCALES. THE BEST, THE STRONGEST, THE MOST RELIABLE.

Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.

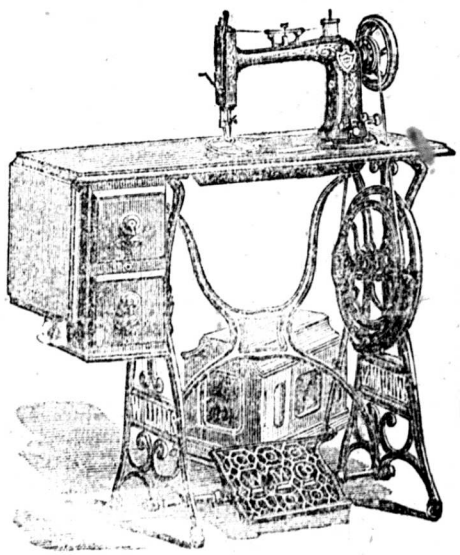
RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILL TRUCKS.

Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST.

GURNEYS & WARE, HAMILTON, ONT.

THE NEW WILLIAMS



High Arm Machine is now recognized as the

Sewing Machine of the Period.

It is Light and Easy to run.

Silent and Rapid in movement.

Plain and Simple to Learn.

It is strong, durable, and well built, of the very best material that money can buy or skill produce.

It was awarded five medals and three first prizes at the Dominion Exhibition last October. It is rapidly superseding all the old fashioned makes everywhere. See it, try it, buy it, and make sure that you get it.

THE WILLIAMS' MFG CO. 1783 Notre Dame St., Montreal, and 58 King St., West, Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDEN'S

BOOKSTORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

ARTIST'S SUPPLIES, A COMPLETE

STOCK NOW ON HAND.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THE CELEBRATED

THOMAS ORGAN.

A FINE STOCK OF STATIONERY,

WALL PAPER AND HAND

MADE SHADES

CHEAP.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 3, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

ssued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications trictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. ffice—Hinch, Perry & Co., Dundas street.

ROUND TOWN.

—County show next Monday and Tuesday.

—See McAlister's new fall hats.

—Regular meeting of Town Council next Monday evening.

—The wicked are taking a rest—nothing in the Police Court this week.

—Do not fail to see Gibbard & Son's fine display of Mantles at the County Show.

—Several deer hunting parties leave town next week for the north.

—E. F. Lahey's for the cheapest and best overcoat.

—See Gibbard & Son's fine display of Furniture at the County Show next week.

—Farmers, read the important announcement made by John Herring, on first page, and act accordingly.

—Full line of new mitts and gloves at McAlister's.

—A full attendance is requested of the members of Loyal True Blue Lodge, No. 18, at their regular meeting next Monday evening as business of importance will be transacted.

—Messrs. L. A. Magurn and T. West, —Look for Gibbard & Son's fine show of Furniture at the Lennox Exhibition. It will be unusually attractive.

—Call and see that overcoat McAlister is selling for $10.

—All the arrangements for the county show have been completed, and all that is wanting now is good weather to make it a complete success.

—Gentlemen will find the cheapest wool underclothing at R. P. Lahey's.

—There will be a total eclipse of the moon on Saturday evening, but at such an early hour that it is not likely to be seen here. The time is 5.30 to 6 p.m.

—Special value in boys' overcoats and suits at McAlister's.

—A few days ago Mr. John Galvin, an employee of Potter & Williams, liverymen, had a new $18 watch stolen from his pocket while he was asleep in the stable.

—New overcoatings and new trouserings opened this week at McAlister's.

—Brick is being laid down on the corner of Bridge and John-sts. for a new residence for Mr. John Wagar. The excavation of the cellar is now being proceeded with.

—McAlister's underclothing is cheaper than barley at 50c. per bushel.

—The promenade social in the Western Methodist Church on Tuesday evening was a most pleasing entertainment. The attendance was good and the evening was most enjoyable.

—McAlister is showing the finest stock of tweeds ever brought to Napanee.

—In the Eastern Methodist Church the Rev. M. L. Pearson will, on next Sunday evening, take for his subject, "The exhibition of next week," or the work of the farmer and artizan.

—The most elaborate display of Furniture ever made in this district will be made by Gibbard & Son at the County Show.

—On Friday evening last seven new white coats arrived for the 47th battalion band and on Saturday evening they received two new cornets which will place the band in a better position for engagements.

—Mr. J. S. Hulett has received from New York a patent chair in which to photograph infants. He has several other new acquisitions to his gallery which enable him to do more artistic work than ever before. Give him a call.

—Lost, on John street, about a fortnight ago, a fine woven red silk tuque with a white and colored band and red silk tassel. The individual in whose possession it is will kindly leave it at this office when he will be suitably rewarded.

—The annual harvest thanksgiving service will be held in St. Mary Magdalene's Church next Sunday. The elaborate decoration of the church, usual in former years, will not be attempted this time though no doubt the church will be made look very pretty.

—S. McLaughlin has removed to his new store this week. It is large and commodeous and one of the best appointed grocery establishments in the district. Space will not permit of a description of it this week. In the meantime his advertisement in another column should be read and acted upon.

—Mr. F. A. Webb has leased the hall over the second store in the new Leonard block and will in the course of a couple of weeks open out therein a rolling skating rink. Roller skating has become a very popular pastime across the line and is gaining favour here. Further particulars next week.

—Dr. J. D. Stewart, the well known oculest and aurist, died at Belleville last week from paralysis. He had been under treatment by electricity in an eastern city when his condition became much worse and he

Vandalism on John Street.

The residents on this street contemplate the organization of a vigilance committee to punish ruffians who commit depredations on their property. Last spring Mr. M. Parrott had several trees girdled, and only a few nights ago two fine trees were pulled up by the roots and at the same time the tops of several fancy pickets were pulled of the fences of Mr. A. W. Grange and Mr. Thos. Symington. A stop should be put to this vandalism.

Church of England.

The second Congress of the Church of England in Canada will be held in Toronto commencing on Tuesday, Oct. 14th. Bishop Sweatman will preside. The following will represent the diocese of Ontario:—Ven. Archdeacon Jones, Rev. Rural Dean Kirpatrick, Rev. G. L. Low, Rev. E. P. Crawford, Judge Macdonald, and Messrs. James Reynolds, R. T. Walkem and A. J. Matheson. Papers will be read by a number of gentlemen, including the Bishop of Ontario, and Revs. Messrs. Low and Crawford.

At Home.

The first of a series of "At Homes" in connection with the Eastern Methodist Church is to be given by the pastor on Monday evening, 13th inst. The young ladies will hold theirs a fortnight from that date. These receptions are to be held every two weeks. The young gentlemen of the congregation will invite their friends on the evening of Nov. 3rd, then will follow the "At Homes" of the mothers and the husbands on 17th Nov. and Dec. 1st. Then, if not before, the trustees, it is reported, intend to entertain the congregation at a plain tea. The last named will be without money and without price. Fifteen cents will be the admission fee on the occasion of the others.

Presented With a Purse.

Mr. Harry Reid, engineer, for thirteen years an employee of the G. T. R., and for five years on the pilot engine, has severed his connection with that road and accepted a position on the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway as conductor. He was agreeably surprised on Saturday night when Messrs. Dunnett of the Shedden Company; Smith, engine driver; and Nicholson, telegraph operator, went to his house in Kingston and presented him with a purse of $100, contributed by the Grand Trunk men and merchants of that city in consideration of the courtesy he had shown them in the despatch of business. Mr. Reid made a short reply, thanking his friends for their kind consideration and assuring them that he would never forget it.

A Painful Accident.

Reuben Woodhames, a young man of some twenty years, son of Mr. James Woodhames, sec. master at Ernesttown station, met with a dreadful accident on Saturday evening last while working with a gang of men at the station, by which he suffered amputation of one leg at the ankle, and the loss of a part of his other foot, thus rendering him a cripple for life. The men were employed in relaying anew the track at the station on the south side of the road, and the section master had given orders to the switchman to switch wholly on the north side in order that the men might not be hindered at their work, and the switchman had done so during the day, but on the approach of the eastern express he shifted the switch to the south side without warning the men employed. On the approach of the express, poor Reub. thought it would be ran on the main line and while warning the men to look out, he stepped with one foot over the south switch and was caught by the express and hurled to the ground with the result as above given.

members of Loyal True Blue Lodge, No. 18, at their regular meeting next Monday evening as business of importance will be transacted.

—Messrs. L. A. Magurn and T. West, Belleville bicyclists, arrived in town Tuesday evening and left for Kingston Wednesday morning to take part in the bicycle races in that city.

—**R. P. Lahey's** for the cheapest and best tweed suit.

—The plate glass is now in the Campbell House block and the stores are being pushed to completion. Scott Bros., barbers, will occupy their new premises next week. They will be elegantly furnished.

—Mr. Sheriff Pruyn requests us to state that the money for the payment of deputy-returning officers for services in the recent election has arrived, and he desire that they should call at his office as early as possible and receive their allowances.

—**Gent's** furnishings in endless variety at McAlister's.

—Messrs. Gibbard & Son are supplying elegant furniture for the new rooms in the Campbell House. A large number of the rooms are now completed. When all are furnished the hotel will be the most commodious and complete in the district.

—**For** correct styles in new fall hats and caps, go to R. P. Lahey's.

—Prof. McDonald will close his dancing class here in the course of a couple of weeks, when he goes to Montreal where he will with the assistance of his son, open classes in Queen's Hall for the winter months. At the close of the quarter here he will, as a grand finale, give an assembly.

—**The** drawing for the organ takes place at McAlister's on Tuesday, October 7th, at 5 p.m. Be there.

—The half yearly celebration of the Lord's supper will be held in the 8th concession church, Camden, next Sabbath. The service will begin at 11 o'clock a.m. Members of other churches are cordially invited to participate in the blessed sacrament. The Rev. Mr. Smith will preach in Tamworth on Sabbath.

—**Visitors** to the show will find the cheapest clothing, hats, caps, furs, and men's furnishings at R. P. Lahey's.

—A partridge a few days ago flew into the residence of John T. Grange, Esq., West-st., and every day flocks of wild geese are to be seen crossing over the town. Is this an indication of game being plentiful, or are the feathery songsters of the primeval indulging in bravado over our local nimrods, and insinuating that they are harmless?

—**Do Not Forget** that if you are wanting Machine Oil, Axle Grease, Leather Belting, or anything in threshing furnishing H. W. Perry's is the place to call. A full line of building hardware.

—Miss Allen, dressmaker, will remove to the new Leonard block about the second week in October. In the meantime she will be glad to see customers at her residence, corner of West and Mill Streets. She has received the fall and winter plates and is prepared to do dress and mantle making in the best possible manner. 2ins

—Mr. John Blewett has erected a brick smoke house in the rear of his store on Dundas-st. and will this season smoke the hams and bacon he sells in his store. This will ensure nicely smoked fresh meats. The smoke house is commodious and well adapted for the purpose. Lovers of smoked meats should make a note of this.

—Sermons in behalf the Educational Society will be preached in the Eastern Methodist Church on Sabbath, the 12th instant. In the morning it is expected that an eminent minister of the connection will preach. In the evening the celebrated pulpit orator, the Rev. Dr. Douglas of Montreal, will occupy the pulpit. Fuller announcement will be made next week.

—Dr. J. D. Stewart, the well known oculest and aurist, died at Belleville last week from paralysis. He had been under treatment by electricity in an eastern city when his condition became much worse and he was brought home to Belleville, where a short time after his arrival he had the fatal attack. He leaves a wife and daughter, both of whom are well known and esteemed in Napanee, Mrs. Stewart being a daughter of Mr. Abel Yates of this town.

—One of the waiter girls of the Brisco House had a narrow escape from being burned to death Wednesday morning. She was standing near the stove when her dress caught fire. She was nearly enveloped in the flames, when some of the other girls promptly seized a couple of pails of water, which were near by, and threw it over her. Fortunately she escaped with but slight injury, her hands being the only portion of her body any way seriously burned.

—Ellen Nora Fernia, the young girl committed to gaol last week by the Mayor for prostitution and vagrancy, was on Monday ordered by His Honor Judge Wilkison to be transferred to the Girls' Industrial Refuge at Toronto for a period not exceeding five years. This institution is in connection with the Mercer Institute, and is a reformatory for young girls who have fallen. They are discharged as soon as they prove themselves able to lead a virtuous life. This is the first commitment to the Refuge from this county.

—The judges of the prize farm competition arranged by the Agricultural and Arts Association of the province, have handed in their report. They report favorably on the majority of the farms visited and the evidences of progress in husbandry which they witnessed. Among the prizes we notice that John Sharp, Esq., reeve of Ernesttown, was awarded a bronze medal for his farm which contains 200 acres and is situated on the Bath road, ten miles south-east of Napanee. Mr. John Wilmot's farm, township of Pittsburgh, was also awarded a prize medal.

—Remember the Tavernier Dramatic Company in the Opera House next Monday and Tuesday evenings. The company have been playing in Ottawa during the provincial exhibition and drew large audiences. All the papers write in their praise. The Citizen says, "They beyond question deserved the frequent plaudits which were tendered to their really first-class rendition of the various parts assigned to the caste." In order to give our citizens an opportunity to inspect the display in the palace and at the same time attend the theatre, the curtain will not rise Monday night till half past eight o'clock. Reserved seats now on sale at J. J. Perry's drug store.

—The St. Quinten Opera Co. gave two excellent performances in the Opera House on Friday and Saturday evenings. The bill first night was "La Mascotte," and to say that it was most delightful but properly describes its rendition. Miss St. Quinten's "Bettina" was probably the cleverest representation of a character ever witnessed here, while Mr. Wolff as "Prince Lorenzo" from from the outset kept the audience bubbling over with laughter by his drollery and witty "gags." Miss Marcellus sustained the part of the "Fiametta" with much ability and Mr. Reid Wilson as "Rocco" was more than funny. Several of the members of the Company being afflicted with bad colds, the singing of the support was not up to expectations, though the music all round was very satisfactory. Saturday night "Olivette" was presented and the same high degree of merit shown in the first performance was sustaintained. Should the Company return they will be greeted with larger audiences, the deficiency in this respect being caused by the inclement weather.

thought it would be ran on the main line and while warning the men to look out, he stepped with one foot over the south switch and was caught by the express and hurled to the ground with the result as above given. Considerable indignation is expressed against the switchman for not warning the men of the change of switch. Drs. Ruttan, Price and Meacham were summoned and attended to the wounded man, who passed through the ordeal with great firmness.

Mr. Abel Yates' Drama.

We clip the subjoined advertisement from the New York Clipper. It will be seen from it that Mr. Yates has his play completed and ready for the boards. The adv. is written in Abel's own quaint way and as an item of local interest we reproduce it :—

A CARD TO MANAGERS

Of Successful, Critical and Speculative Character.

I am poor (it's a crime); I am unknown as author, (that mars merit, if any); but I have written and got copyright to a new Drama I think, with smooth, fair talent, nicely selected and duly managed, would please from peasant to prince. The plot is laid in California. It's a Tragi-Comedy in four acts. Title, VIOLETS, OR JASPER LUCKINGS, THE KANUCK LANDLORD AND CALIFORNIA GARDENER.

Cast of Characters :

Nellie.....Orphan and Violet Girl
Ruth.....Widow
Eliza.....Niece of Ruth
Rachel.....Joe's Wife
Alonzo.....Villain
Jack.....Gambler
Joe.....From Jarsey
Merrill.....Wells Fargo's Bank Agent
Kit Welch.....At the Willows
Kentuck and Hoosier.....At Cherokee Ravine
Jasper....Kanuck Landlord and California Gardener

Nine stage people (three are explained). I am no Diamond, but if managed right might make a fair Jasper. I never saw Pat Rooney but once (bar self-eulogy). He said I'd down 'em all. I never saw Billy Emmett but once. He said hurry up my piece and come to the front, for I am getting old. I am tired being called Alvin—for nothing, when I can't change my looks. What good manager will correspond with the idea, if there is merit, by shaping and shaking out sufficient to place before the public for true verdict? Address ABEL YATES, Box 253, Cape Vincent, N. Y., or Napanee, Ontario, Canada. Either place will catch me.

Grand Concert and Tea at Tamworth.

The Presbyterians of Tamworth give a grand tea and concert on Tuesday evening next, the 7th inst., in the town hall of that enterprising little town. The Presbyterians have had the reputation of giving a first-class bill of fare in past years, but this year they are determined to excell all previous entertainments. They have secured the able services of Prof. Heath to preside at the organ, while Messrs. Crumley, Middleton and Galloway of Kingston will keep the audience laughing and crying almost simultaneously with their side-splitting eccentricities. In addition Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Rose, whose services have been so much appreciated in past years, will also endeavour to be present on the occasion, and Miss Wagar, who has just returned from California, an excellent songstress, will sing a couple of songs. The Revs. A. Young of Napanee and Depew of Tamworth, and John W. Bell, Esq., M.P., will deliver addresses. The tea will be served at 7.30; concert to begin at 8.30. This will give an opportunity for those who have been attending the show at Napanee and coming home hungry to come right down from the train and have their tea and enjoy themselves the balance of the evening. The tickets which are only 30c., remember, admits to both tea and concert.

Photograph Gallery at Newburgh.

M. A. Jackson has constructed a portable photograph gallery on Main-st., Newburgh, and as he is going to return to Tamworth for the winter, all of those wanting first-class pictures should call at once. 44-3 in.

Dakota Illustrated.

A 32-page paper, descriptive of the North-West and far west, and a county map of Dakota sent free, for 2-cent stamp. Send your address to A. V. H. Carpenter, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee.

DISTRICT NEWS.

—B. McMahon of the Edinburgh Hotel, Kingston, has purchased the Anglo-American from Geo. Hoggard, Belleville.

—Dr. Tuttle's office and Wright's store at Tweed were entered by burglars on Saturday night and some money and promissory notes stolen.

—Friday morning ten bicyclists rode into Kingston from Gananoque. They were members of the Toronto Bicycle Club westward bound. They have been on a visit to Ottawa. They passed through Napanee on Saturday.

—On Saturday afternoon, as Mr. H. C. Kennedy of Morrisburgh, and his sister, Mrs. Urquhart, were returning from a visit to Frankford their horse, frightened by the approach of a train, bolted and the buggy upset. One of Mr. Kennedy's arms was dislocated, and he received several cuts on the head and bruises on the body. Mrs. Urquhart was also bruised considerably. Mr. Kennedy went home by the midnight train.

—The temperance men of Kingston district held a temperance meeting on the 25th inst., at Glenvale, under the auspices of the Sydenham Blue Ribbon Association. There were fifteen speekers. The Scott Act was discussed and strong reasons advanced for the passage of the Act in Frontenac. A motion made to the effect that application be had for the submission of the Act to the people was carried. A committee was named to take the management of the matter. It meets here on Thursday to arrange details and discuss the advisability of testing the popularity of the Act in the city.

—At Kingston, on Friday evening last, a woman got in a G. T. R. car, bound east. She held her baby up to the window, near Wales. Suddenly it dropped from her hands and disappeared. The woman frantically jumped out of the car after it, the train's speed being about forty miles an hour. It was stopped as soon as possible and a freight train notified to pick up the mangled remains of the woman and child, as it was not expected that they were alive. Both were found, however, alive and but little the worse of the episode through which they had passed.

—John Frall, John Henry Zufelt and Mary Ann Harrigan were before J. J. B. Flint, on Friday last at Belleville, for a preliminary examination on a charge of burglariously entering the house of Mr. H. B. Rathbun, Deseronto, on the night of the 29th of July and stealing silverware to the value of $700. Mr. H. B. Rathbun, jr., and Mr. John Croft identified portions of the silver found with the gang as part of that which belonged to Mr. Rathbun and had been stolen. About twenty witnesses appeared from Deseronto and the members of the gang were committed to stand their trial. The prisoners exhibited nervousness on hearing the decision.

Bible Society Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Napanee Branch of the Upper Canada Bible Society will be held in the Town Hall on Thursday evening, October 9th, at 7.30 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. Thos. J. Hodgkin, agent of the Society, by the resident ministers of the town, and by members of the committee. As the Society does an important work a large audience is requested.

REV. A. YOUNG, President. W. J. BLACK, Secretary.

A Rare Plant.

The Wild Strawberry Plant possesses rare virtue as a cleansing, cooling, astringent, antiseptic, and healing medicine, and when combined with other valuable vegetable extracts, as in Dr.

THE PRINCIPAL ATTRACTION

—AT THE—

COUNTY EXHIBITION

—WILL BE—

The Giving Away of the Grand Parlor Organ

—BY—

J. F. McALISTER,

—AT THE—

PALACE CLOTHING STORE, AYLSWORTH BLOCK.

The drawing will take place at five p.m., on Tuesday, Oct. 7th, and all holding tickets are requested to be present to see that the drawing is conducted to their satisfaction.

We do not purpose having anything to do with the drawing but will leave the matter entirely in the hands of ticket holders.

Those who have not yet secured a chance may do so by leaving their orders for clothing or purchasing other goods amounting to $5 up to the hour of drawing.

A general invitation is extended to all visiters to the exhibition to call and see the finest clothing store in the Dominion.

J. F. McALISTER,
THE CLOTHIER, AYLSWORTH BLOCK.

HOOPER & BARBER

Have this week made further additions to their stock, consisting of

NEW DRESS GOODS, NEW MANTLE CLOTHS, NEW ULSTERINGS, NEW GREY FLANNELS, NEW WHITE BLANKETS (Extra Value), NEW GREY BLANKETS, NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS, NEW SHIRTINGS, NEW WHITE AND GREY COTTONS.

For our Millinery Department we receive all the latest novelties as they appear each morning by express and are already very busy on orders.

In the Dressmaking Department Miss Hendrahan is crowded with work and is giving the best of satisfaction.

Charges moderate. Fashionable and good fitting gar-

A Rare Plant.

The Wild Strawberry Plant possesses rare virtue as a cleansing, cooling, astringent, antiseptic, and healing medicine, and when combined with other valuable vegetable extracts, as in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, it is an unfailing remedy in all bowel complaints.

Merit Proven.

Dollar upon dollar is frequently spent on the faith of recommendations for articles entirely worthless. Not so with McGregor's Speedy Cure, you are not asked to purchase it until its merits are proven. Call at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and at Jas. Aylesworth's drug store, Tamworth, and get a free trial bottle, and if not convinced it will cure you of the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, &c., no matter of how long standing, it costs you nothing. Sold in 50c. and $1.00 bottles. See testimonials from persons in your own town.

—VISIT TO NAPANEE—

Fifty Thousand Dollars will be Given —Away.—

The Spirometer Given Free!

The above offer holds good for this visit only.

To the Medical Profession and Sufferers from Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs and Consumption.

My motive is not one of money only, but for science and the good of suffering humanity.

To convince the public and prove to the skeptical that the Spirometer is the best instrument ever invented for the treatment of diseases of the air passages, and that it is all I have ever claimed for it, anyone suffering from the above named diseases can call at the

——HUFFMAN HOUSE——

—ON—

WEDNESDAY OR THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15th or 16th,

and consult the surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute, will be given a Spirometer free, the medicines alone to be paid for. I do this to show the confidence I have in the treatment, and to convince the medical profession and others who are still skeptical (notwithstanding the thousands of people who have been cured by it) that the Spirometer I have invented and the medicines and treatment prescribed by the surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute are curing and will cure a larger percentage of these diseases than any other treatment in the world.

If impossible to call upon the surgeons during their visit to your city, write for International News and List of Questions.

Address Dr. M. Souvielle, Ex-Aide Surgeon of the French army, 173 Church St., Toronto, Ont.

KIDNEY-WORT

DOES WONDERFUL CURES OF KIDNEY DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS,

Why?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and all Female Complaints.

A SOLID PEARL OF THIS.

IT WILL SURELY CURE

CONSTIPATION, PILES, and RHEUMATISM,

By causing FREE ACTION of all the organs and functions, thereby

CLEANSING the BLOOD

restoring the normal power to throw off disease.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of these terrible diseases have been quickly relieved, and in a short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

8 Send stamp for Diary Almanac for 1884.

KIDNEY-WORT

In the Dressmaking Department Miss Hendrahan is crowded with work and is giving the best of satisfaction.

Charges moderate. Fashionable and good fitting garments guaranteed,

For the Tailoring Department we have just received some very handsome Scotch Suitings, West of England Trowserings, Nobby Overcoatings and Naps for Pea Jackets. MR. MAX FOX, Cutter. All work warranted, and none but the best trimmings used.

HOOPER & BARBER,

Importers.

Bargains at the Popular Clothing House!

—IN—

NEW FALL GOODS.

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
YOUTH'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
BOY'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' WOOL UNDERCLOTHING, the best value ever shown.

RUBBER AND WATERPROOF COATS of all kinds from $2 up.

SILK AND ALPACA UMBRELLAS, RUBBER RUGS AND BLANKETS very cheap.

Stock complete in NEW FALL HATS, CAPS, FUR GOODS AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

☛ **Remember the Popular Clothing House, Rennie Block, Napanee.**

R. P. LAHEY.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

TAKE NOTICE

That now is the time for any one wanting bargains to call on C. CUMMINS.

Men's Tweed Suits for $6.00, worth $8.00, such as the Napanee firms are selling for $8.00 with a fifty cent watch thrown in. You can get a half bushel of wheat for the $2 that you will save by buying from us. Our selection of Merry Boys and Juvenile OVERCOATS is not surpassed by any house in the County, neither is our stock of BOOTS and SHOES. Our expenses are small and we will give the benefit to our customers by giving them goods at prices that cannot be beaten.

You ought to see the yards wide COTTON that we are giving twenty yards of for One Dollar.

Cretonnes for 12½, 15 and 20 cents per yard, such as have been offered to the public before. Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' Jackets and Ulsters ready made, also Cloakings and Mantle Goods with Button and Fur Trimmings to match. We have a splendid assortment of those goods which we will offer at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Young men you should see our stock of Nobby Tweeds and all fits are guaranteed, and we can save you Two Dollars any time you call by buying your Fall and Winter Suit from us.

C. CUMMINS, Bath

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT

Hartfod Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

—o—

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.

(ESTABLISHED 1819.)

—o—

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.

Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - - Proprietor

ENGAGEMENTS:

SATURDAY Oct. 11.—Howorth's Grand Hibernica and Dublin Dan comedy company.

TUESDAY, OCT. 21.—"Only a Farmer's Daughter" company.

SATURDAY, Oct. 25.—Baker and Farren's Comedy Co. in "Emigrants."

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH & QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Special Time Table No 1.

In Effect August 4, 1884, 5 A. M.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	No. 1. A M.	No. 3. P.M.	No. 5. P.M.
Napanee..... Leave	5 00	12 30	5 00
Napanee Mills..... "	5 15	12 45	5 15
Newburgh..... "	5 20	12 55	5 25
Thompson's Mills*.. "	5 25	1 05	5 35
Camden East..... "	5 27	1 10	5 40
Yarker..... "	5 37	1 20	5 50
Galbraith Road*..... "	5 45		5 59
Moscow..... "	6 00		6 17
Mudlake Bridge*.... "	6 20		6 39
Enterprise..... "	6 30		6 50
Wilson's Crossing*.. "	6 35		7 01
Tamworth.....Arrive "	7 00		7 27

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.	No. 6. P.M.
Tamworth.....Leave	7 30		7 40
Wilson's Crossing*.. "	7 55		8 06
Enterprise..... "	8 00		8 20
Mudlake Bridge*... "	8 10		8 31
Moscow..... "	8 30		8 55
Galbraith Road*.... "	8 45		9 13
Yarker..... "	8 53	4 05	9 25
Camden East..... "	9 03	4 15	9 35
Thompson's Mills*.. "	9 05	4 20	9 40
Newburgh..... "	9 10	4 25	9 50
Napanee Mills..... "	9 15	4 30	10 00
Napanee..... Arrive	9 30	4 40	10 20

*Stop only when passengers at or for.

Commencing Saturday, Aug. 30th, and until further notice, Saturday excursion tickets will be issued from any station on the line at one fare for the return trip. Tickets good to go and return by any regular train on date of issue only.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN,
Ass't Gen. Mgr. Superintendent. Gen. Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DON'T FORGET

—THAT—

Herring's Mould-board Gang-Plough

s ahead of any other gang-plow sold in these parts. We guarantee it superior.

—EXAMINE OUR—

New Dominion Plough!

If not proved, on trial, to be the best plow you ever handled, return it.

We know by thorough tests that the above plows are beyond question the easiest working plows ever introduced in these counties.

The 2-Mouldboard Gang and New Dominion Single Plow sell at sight.

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

JOHN HERRING.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

TICKET AGENCY!

Tickets sold to all parts of the world by the most direct routes, at lowest fares; also return and excursion tickets. Baggage checked through to destination.

Trains leave Napanee as follows:

—GOING WEST—

Afternoon Express.....	4.54 P. M.
Morning "	3.28 A. M.
Fast "	6.07 A. M.
Mixed	8.37 A. M.

—GOING EAST—

Noon Express.....	12.55 P. M.
Midnight "	12.53 A. M.
Mixed	11.00 P. M.

No mixed east Saturday nights. No express trains east or west Sunday afternoons. No fast express west Monday mornings. Second-class tickets not good on fast express.

LENNOX FALL SHOW.

THE FINEST EXHIBITION EVER HELD IN THE COUNTY.

GOOD WEATHER--LARGE ATTENDANCE.

Splendid Financial Result.

The exhibition held by the Lennox Agricultural Society on Monday and Tuesday last was the finest in the history of the Society. The weather of both days was exceptionally fine—Nature seeming to guide on and approve the efforts of the efficient board of directors to make the exhibition a success. The membership roll showed an increase of over one hundred over last year, the total being 402, and the gate receipts of the two days figured up the remarkable sum of $997.95, at a fee of 15c. The result of all this is that the Society's finances are in a highly flourishing condition that will enable it to pay the cost of improving the race course and fences, besides a sum close on $1,000 on the grounds, which the Society have lately taken out of the hands of the stock company. The grounds and buildings are now in a much better condition than ever, while the race track, which has been enlarged to about a third of a mile, is a great improvement on that previously used. The credit for this state of affairs is largely due to the efficient Secretary, Dr. Reid, who was ably assisted by President Allan and Wm. Miller, Esq., Treasurer; and in fact by all the members of the board of directors.

The First Day.

The morning of Monday was devoted to receiving the exhibits and allotting positions. The scene inside the palace was rendered lively by the sound of the hammer and saw, and the general bustle usual on occasions of this kind among exhibitors in getting their wares in order. Outside, the vendors of refreshments were engaged in the erection of booths, while the fakirs usually to be found on fair grounds were busy preparing for the harvest they expected to reap on the morrow. The feature of the day was the horse-races, and this attracted a large attendance in the afternoon. The races were conducted under the supervision of the President of the Society, Chief Allen, and the Judges were Mr. G. Drummond, Rome, N.Y., Mr. Jesse Johnston, Bath, and Mr. A, Dunbar, Kingston. The first race, that for stallions, was called shortly after 2 p.m. The entries were Potter & Williams' "Glenelg," Templeton & Beeman's "Legacy" and John Ward's "Rattler," and the race was best two in three heats. This was the most interesting event of the day, the rival horses "Legacy" and "Glenelg" being pitted against one another. "Legacy" was driven by H.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN,
Ass't Gen. Mgr. Superintendent. Gen. Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.—Two or more experienced dress-makers. Apply to MISS ALLISON, over P. Slaven & Co's.

WANTED.—A woung man of one or two years, experience in carriage-making and wood work, under instructions. WEBSTER & BOYES.

TO LET.—Store in new Cartwright block, Dundas-st. Apply to NORMAN W. SCOTT or S. V. PERRY. 40

FOR SALE.—Two or three good farms, situated within a few miles of Napanee. In excellent state of cultivation and good buildings. For full particulars apply to S. GIBSON, Barrister, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE FOR FARM PROPERTY.—The Napanee Opera House and the Eastern Store in the Opera House block. Located on best position on Dundas street. For particulars apply to THOMAS SYMINGTON, proprietor. 45

FARM FOR SALE.—Front part of Lot No. 17, 2nd concession of Richmond, containing 84 acres, within a mile of Napanee and on the leading road to Deseronto. A fine property. Will be sold at a bargain. For full information apply to JOHN ENGLISH, Solicitor, Napanee. 43-tf

FOR SALE.—South half of lot No. 25 in the 8th concession of Hinchinbrooke, being 100 acres of timbered land. A great bargain for somebody as timbered land is coming up. For particulars apply to DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

BUILDING FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The premises formerly occupied by the Napanee Brush Co., situated between Mill and Water streets, suitable for manufacturing of any kind. Terms easy. For full particulars apply to NELSON GERMAN, on the premises adjoining. 34-4 mos.

FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned intends to remove to the West offers for sale his farm of 166 acres, being lot No. 16, in the 6th and 7th concessions of Ernesttown. 100 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. Good buildings and well watered. A desirable location. Apply to
EDMUND B. SWITZER,
30-3 mos.-pd. Switzerville P. O.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—For sale on liberal terms or to let for a term of years. Situated three miles east of Napanee on the Kingston road; contains about 175 acres; particularly suitable for grain or dairy purposes. Excellent buildings, good fences, plenty of water. Privilege of ploughing and cultivating this fall. Possession given first of January. C. R. MILLER.
Napanee, July 2nd, 1884. 34-3 mos.

FARM FOR SALE.—As good a farm as there is in the township—west half of lot 24 in the 7th concession of Hinchinbrooke, containing 100 acres, being 25 acres under crop and 10 acres chopped that have never been cultivated. There is a new frame house 18x24 ft. and frame barn 24x36 ft.; quite a number of nice young fruit trees and a well that never fails between the house and barn; easy terms in payments. For further particulars apply to
DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS FARM FOR SALE, IN the County of Lennox, being a part of Lot No. 23, in the 7th concession of North Fredericksburgh and a part of No. 1 in 7th concession of Ernesttown, three miles from Napanee, containing about 132 acres, being well fenced; good buildings; well watered by wells; large orchard.
41-3 mos. ABNER BROWN.

A JUMBO BARGAIN.—Farm for sale. North half of Lot No. 45 in the 4th concession of the township of Camden, at the village of Moscow, and only half a mile from station on the N, T. & Q Railway, containing about 100 acres, with about 80 acres fit for the plough and 20 acres pasture and wood land. This is a very desirable farm, having all the advantages of daily stage and mail, poet and telegraph offices, good school, good and abundant water, good orchard, well fenced, small frame house with wood house attached, splendid frame barn 36x48 with shed attached, 52x66, and good horse and cattle stable. The land is under excellent cultivation and contains all the good qualities of a Huffman street farm, and ready for crop in the spring. Good reasons given for selling. Apply to
ZARA VANLUVEN,
Moscow P.O.

No mixed east Saturday nights. No express trains east or west Sunday afternoons. No fast express west Monday mornings. Second-class tickets not good on fast express.

PARTIES GOING TO ANY POINT

should purchase through tickets from

J. L. BOYES,

Ticket Agent, Napanee.

Office of the Great North-Western Tel. Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.--TWENTY GIRLS, BE-tween the ages of 14 and 70 to work in the Napanee Brush Factory. Apply at the office. 47-1m

MARRIAGE LICENSES issued by NORMAN STORMS, Violet. Applications strictly private and confidential. 20-6 mos.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY R. J. WRIGHT, Morven. Applications strictly confidential. 25-6 mos-pd

BARN FOR SALE.

The undersigned will receive tenders till the 20th inst. from persons wishing to purchase the lumber in the large hay barn now standing on Pringle & Co's dock. Not bound to accept the highest or any other tender. All particulars can be obtained by calling at the office. JAMES DALY.
Napanee, Oct. 4, 1884. 47-2 ins

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition of certain electors of the County of Lennox & Addington, addressed to the Governor General in Council, asking for the adoption or bringing into force of the Temperance Act of 1878, in said county, and the submission of the same to a vote of the electors of said county, will be filed for public inspection in the office of the Registrar of Deeds, at Napanee, on Friday, the 17th day of October, instant.
Dated at Napanee, this third day of October, 1884.
W. W. MEACHAM,
2-ins Secretary.

AUCTION SALE OF AN AGRICULTURAL ENGINE.

There will be sold by public auction on

Saturday, November 1st, 1884,

At 2 o'clobk p m at

G. L. Mair's Blacksmith Shop, Napanee,

One fire-proof Champion engine No. 3 in size, No. in make, manufactured by the

Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited,

Brantford. The said engine has been used four years. It will be sold just as it is and where it is, for cash.
R. McCOY,
Auctioneer.
Napanee Oct. 7, 1884. 47-sins

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, 1st of November,

at the hour of 1 o'clock the afternoon, at the

Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee,

the following valuable town property:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land, and premises situate, lying and being in the

TOWN OF NAPANEE,

in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, being composed of

Lot No. 5 on the East Side of John St.,

in the said Town of Napanee, containing by admeasurement one-quarter of an acre of land, more or less.

Upon the premises is erected a large frame house which is in a good state of repair and newly painted.

Terms will be made known at time of sale. For further particulars apply to
S. GIBSON,
Vendor's Solicitor.
Napanee Oct. 9, 1884. 47-4ins

best two in three heats. This was the most interesting event of the day, the rival horses "Legacy" and "Glenelg" being pitted against one another. "Legacy" was driven by H. Covert, of Belleville, a professional driver, while Mr. Wilson Huff drove "Glenelg," and both horses looked well. The first heat was won by "Legacy;" the second by "Glenelg," who though not coming in first was awarded it for fair and square trotting, and he also took the third heat. "Legacy" labored hard in the last heat and when he came to the pole was bleeding profusely at the nose. It proved to be only a small vein in the nostrils that had broken. People were astonished at the speed and fine trotting action of "Glenelg," which up to a few weeks ago had no training whatever; while disappointment was everywhere expressed with the performance of "Legacy." After making all due allowance for his superfluous fat, which rendered him in no condition for trotting, they did not find the speed they had been led to believe he possessed, while his action was abominable. He ran with his hind feet and trotted with his front, which made a very awkward gait, while his frequent breaks rendered it questionable whether he trotted half the distance. "Rattler" took the third the third prize.

The second race was for the "Farmers' Premium," $53 contributed by the hotel keepers, for single mare or gelding in harness, best two in three heats. There were five entries. The race was well contested and was finally won by Clancey's little black mare, with John Johnston's chestnut a good second. W. F. Miles' pony took the third.

The prize for span trotting horses in harness attracted six entries. Mr. Fred Kaylor's fine team took the three heats, with Mr. John Johnston's 2nd and Mr. Thomas Empey's 3rd. The first heat of this race was a burlesque, nearly all the teams running over the course. It looked much like an old time chariot race. The other heats were, however, well trotted. The pacing race was a failure, there being only one entry, A. Schryver, and he was given the prize. This closed the races for the day.

In the evening the palace was thrown open for inspection and was visited by many townspeople.

Second Day.

The attendance on Tuesday was the largest ever on the grounds. In the afternoon there must have been at least eight thousand people inside the gates. The scene was very animated and the palace and grounds showed off to good advantage. Visitors from a distance pronounced it the best county show they ever attended.

The Outside Show.

The outside display of stock, machinery, etc., was never better. The first department reached on entering the grounds was that devoted to carriage work. The number of rigs was unprecedented and the quality of work surpassed anything ever shown here. The exhibitors were mainly from a distance.

CARRIAGES, ETC.

The Napanee exhibitors were Mr. N. German, who showed a fine top buggy; R. J. Wales, top phaeton, top buggy and wagon; Joy & Sons, 2 top carriages, 2 market wagons and a lumber wagon; Mr. Ash, a top buggy. The wagons of Joy and Wales were especially deserving of mention though they were not awarded the leading prizes.

Mr. Geo. W. Robinson, of Kingston, showed a handsome coupe, manufactured for Mr. A. Gunn, M. P., of Kingston, at a cost of $1000; a top phaeton, a village cart, a democrat wagon, a Portland cutter and a child's sleigh. The designs of the rigs were neat and novel while the workmanship was of the highest order. He also showed a pony cart to which were attached two teams of Shetland ponies. This was an attractive fea-

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

NT., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 47.

ture to the children, and during the afternoon when he distributed ten dollars worth of new coppers the boys more than scrambled for the lucre. His exhibit was most creditable.

Mr. Brown, of Kingston, also showed a number of fine rigs.

Messrs. Bertrim Bros. of Harrowsmith, showed a number of rigs which attracted much attention and admiration.

Mr. F. W. Adams, of Picton, was a most successful exhibitor. He showed a two-seated canopied top carriage and a top buggy, upon both of which he won first prizes. They were elegant rigs.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

In agricultural implements there was a large display, the largest and most varied of which was that of the Napanee Agricultural works, Mr. John Herring, proprietor. The implements included Herring's Harvest Queen Reaper which has been improved this year so that now the knives, rakes and table are all controlled by the driver from the seat. The machine is light, strongly constructed and works like a charm. It was well finished and attracted much attention. Alongside was a New Model Mower which has an improved gearing added this season. The next machine was a Cultivator and Quack Harrow combined. This very useful implement takes the place of two machines. There are two setts of teeth and it can be used as a cultivator or for cutting up quack land. It was pronounced by farmers to be just the thing that is wanted. A Meadow Lark Combined Reaper and Mower was also shown, but as it is well known to the farmers a description of it is unnecessary. Among the other machines shown were a Self-Dump Horse Rake, Corn Cultivator, Straw Cutter, Cider Press. They also show a fine line of ploughs, the two-mould-board gang plough especially attracting attracting attention. This plough has improvements which renders it the best gang in the market. The New Dominion Single Plough was also much admired. The entire display was most creditable to Messrs. Herring, They carried off 9 first prizes and 1 second prize.

Messrs. Birrel & Phalen made a fine exhibit of the celebrated Massey Manufacturing Co.'s machines. It comprised a reaper, single mower, horse rake, seed drill, plows, cultivator, fanning mill and Birrell's hay and grain unloader. These machines are so widely known and approved that it would be superfluous to give them more praise. The unloader especially attracted the attention of farmers to whom it commended itself.

The Mann Manufacturing Co., of Brockville, were represented on the grounds by Mr. Mann himself. He showed the New Champion Hay Rake, which has a number of valuable improvemants, and a Combined Seeder and Harrow. The latter was in operation and was a subject of interest to the farmers.

Mr. J. N. McKim, Napanee, showed the Triumph Reaper, manufactured at Grimsby, Ont. The following from the Syracuse, N. Y. Standard shows what the Triumph [illegible] prize-winners here. Dawson & Sons, of Ernesttown, were also large exhibitors. The Messrs. Gordons and Dawsons are well known as leading breeders of sheep in this section of the province and their flocks are difficult to be excelled. Mr. S. K. Miller showed a couple of pens of Shropshires, to which breed he is giving much attention, and is establishing a high reputation as a breeder. Mr. R. N. Switzer, Switzerville, showed Cotswolds and Leicesters, and Messrs. Samson & Sons, of Tyendinaga, showed Oxford Downs, and both made most creditable exhibits.

The space devoted to swine was well occupied, Suffolks being in the majority. There were, however, several good Berkshires shown.

—The show of poultry was very fine. Mr. Martin, of Tyendinaga, was the leading exhibitor and carried off the lion's share of the prizes. Messrs. Webster & Boyes also showed some very fine birds and got their full share of red tickets.

INSIDE THE BUILDING

was a grand display. Here, as is always the case with the people of Lennox, our representatives of the fair sex and our enterprising agriculturists, manufacturers and merchants, vied with each other in exhibiting the results of their many hours of tedious work with the needle, the crayon and the wheel, days of hard toil in the boiling sun, weeks of planning and work in the shop and months of study in the markets of the world and fashions of the worldly. The displays in this portion of the exhibition were creditable alike to the exhibitors and those entrusted with the management of the fair, and the thousands of visitors who thronged through the building felt well repaid for the time and trouble expended in traveling miles to witness the specimens there on view of the bountiful goodness of nature and the skill and handiwork of their fellow-creatures.

To the right, on entering, Messrs. Gibbard & Son showed several very fine suits of furniture, finished in the latest and most magnificent styles and arranged in a tasty and thoughtful manner.

Passing around, we viewed with interest vegetables, roots and grains of excellent quality; some specimens of "Beauty of Hebron" potatoes and of cabbage and mangold wurtzel being ot unusual size. Next in order comes the display of Thomas' organs, by Mr. W. D. Madden, six beautiful instruments being shown, including a fine pipe-top Cherub of superior finish and tone, a new Favorite, Garnett, two Rubies and a Grand Harmonica, ranging in value from $100 to $200. Messrs. Boyle & Son exhibited an assortment of cook stoves, ranges and hall and parlor stoves which fully merited the attention bestowed on them. Mr. H. W. Perry had on exhibition a display of hinges, axes plow coulters, augers, horse-shoes, bells, etc., all shown to good advantage. The apple exhibit of Mr. Fred Memberry, of Adolphustown, was a tempting sight, even to those who boasted of their self-command in the infinite credit. They have built several others during the past summer, all of which met with a ready sale.

The display consisted of two elegant bedroom suits in walnut, marble topped, French burl veneered panels and British plate mirrors; two parlors suits, one in ebony and gilt lined, upholstered with raw silk and terra cotta, and the other in walnut upholstered with crimson silk plush and peacock blue bands; two side boards in walnut, one with marble top and the other embellished with French burl panels; an elegant hall rack in walnut, marble top; and a collection of easy chairs beautifully upholstered. A striking feature of the display was a rich mantle in ebony and gold with British bevelled plate mirrors. It was recommended for a special prize The work was only a fair sample of the furniture turned out every day from the factory. For design, quality and prices they cannot be surpassed by any factory in the province.

PRIZE LIST:

CLASS I.—HORSES. — *Roadsters.* — Judges. — Messrs. Allan Smith, S M Herrington and Zara Vanluven. Stallion, 4 years old and upwards—1, R N Potter, Napanee; 2, S W Bradshaw, Belleville; 3, G H Williams, Napanee. Stallion, 3 years old and under—1, Wm Hogle, Ernesttown; 2, J L P Gordanier, Morven; 3, Dr. Bingham, Cataraqui. Brood mare and colt—1, L H Stover, Violet; 2, Jas J McRonnack, Tamworth; 3, T Trimble, Napanee. Three-year-old gelding or mare—1, L H Stover, Violet; 2, Robt Perry, Morven; 3, Fred Kaylor, Morven. Two-year-old gelding or mare—1, Geo Lott, Napanee; 2, Chas Kayler, Morven; 3, F Vanslyck, Morven. One-year-old colt—1, R N Lapum, Wilton; 2, W Hogle, Ernesttown; 3, Chas Wilde, Selby. Span carriage horses—J B Blanchard, Napanee; 2, John Johnston, Odessa; 3, Robt Davidson, Picton. Span trotting horses in harness—1, Fred Kaylor, Morven; 2, John Johnson, Odessa; 3, T Empey, Napanee. Carriage horse or mare in harness—1, S G White, Belleville; 2, M Shannon, Centreville; 3, Geo McDonald, Hay Bay. Single trotting horse in harness—1, D C Clancy, Camden; 2, D Lake, Belleville; 3, W Fanning, Sydenham. Single pacing horse in harness 1, L Brown, Shannonville; 2, A B Schriver, Napanee. Saddle horse—1, R N Switzer, Switzerville; 2, S Madden, Napanee; 3, Dr. Ward, Napanee. *Special*—Foal of 1884, got by "War Cry"—1, J Johnson, Odessa; 2, G A Parrott, Odessa; 3, T Trimble, Napanee. Same got by "Young Glenelg"—1, S K Miller, Bath; 2, R G Hawley, Napanee; 3, B Davis, Wilton.

Farm Purposes. — Judges.—J Mallory, C Shorey, T H B Purdy. Span geldings or mares—1, J N Lapum, Wilton; 2, S Sagar, Chambers; 3, A Hawley, Napanee. Span draught horses geldings or mares—1, F Vanslyck, Morven; 2, S K Miller, Bath; 3, T D Creighton, Hawley. Yearling colt—1, H Vankoughnet, Selby; 2, J Hunt, Sydney Crossing; 3, E and E Walls, Napanee. Two-year-old gelding or mare—1, J Milling, Napanee; 2, T Drasy, Marysville; 3, R S Dennison, Selby. Three-year-old gelding or mare—1, E & E Wall, Napanee; 2, R H Baker, Collinsby; 3, S Gibson, Napanee. Brood mare and colt—1, S K Miller, Bath; 2, N Giles, Ameliasburgh; 3, J Carscallen, Napanee. Stallion, 2 years old—1, F Vanslyck, Morven; 2 T Delong, Ameliasburgh; 3, R L Cunningham, Ameliasburgh. Stallion, 4 years old—1, W E Baker, Northport; 2, E A Brockman; 3, R N Potter, Napanee. *Special* given by Potter & Williams—Foal of 1884 by "Prince Royal"—1, S K Miller; 2, John Fellows, Bath; 3, Jas Carscallen, Napanee. Given by W E Baker, Northport—Percheron foal of 1884—S Sagar, Chambers; 2, Homer Miles, Napanee; 3, N Giles, Ameliasburg.

CLASS II. — CATTLE. — *Grade Durhams.* — Judges. H Rankins, J Shibley, J Stewart. Best bull. 1, W Nugent; 2, T D Creighton, Hawley. Two-year-old bull—1, J Russell, Napanee; 2, S

farmers.

Mr. J. N. McKim, Napanee, showed the Triumph Reaper, manufactured at Grimsby, Ont. The following from the Syracuse, N. Y., Standard, shows what the Triumph can do:—At a trial of reapers on the farm of L. R. Gaylord, Lafayette, N. Y., the Triumph No. 2 came out victorious, competing with the Johnston, Osborne No. 8, Royce, Rawson, Champion and Buckeye. After seeing them work in wheat and badly lodged rye, the judges, Willis Alexander, J. H. Northway and Levi Mayhew, decided in favor of the Triumph No 2, which Mr. Gaylord purchased."

MARBLE WORK.

Mr. V. Kouber showed a "Cottage" style of a monument, made of Aberdeen grey granite; it is a new model and the workmanship is excellent. This was imported to order, for Mr. Jacob Alcombrack, of Hamburgh. Mr. Kouber is the only importer, from this section of these celebrated Scotch granites. By producing nothing but the very best work and material, his trade has increased to a considerable extent within a few years, in these as well as in adjoining counties. Call on him before you purchase, West Dundas Street, Napanee.

STOCK.

The show of cattle was not large but it included a number of fine animals. Messrs. Percy, Switzer and Neville, of Switzerville, showed a fine lot of thoroughbred Durhams. These gentlemen have done much by their enterprise to improve the stock in this vicinity and should be well supported. Mr. Adam Forshee showed a fine Durham bull. The Rathbun herd of Jerseys was not exhibited this year, but five fine young animals of this popular breed were shown by Mr. G. M. Beeman, of Napanee.

In horses there was a large show, especially of roadsters. Mr. Fred. Kaylor showed a fine team which carried off the red ticket. Close in the order of merit came the team of Mr. John Johnston, of Ernesttown. Mr. John Blanchard's fine carriage team was also much admired and carried off the prize in that class. In single roadsters, Mr. D. C. Clancey and Mr. M. Shannon, of Camden, showed fine animals. For saddle-horses, Mr. R. N. Switzer took the red ticket, with Mr. S. Madden a good second. The special prizes offered for "War Cry" colts brought into the lists several fine young animals which show this popular stallion to be an excellent stock getter. One of the colts gives promsse of being a duplicate of his sire in appearance as well as action. The "Glenelg" colts also showed up well. In the farm and general purpose class the Percheron stallions owned by Baker & Buchman carried off the honors, with Potter & Williams "Prince Royal" a good third. Mr. J. M. Lapum, of Wilton, showed a fine span of general purpose horses, and F. Vanslyck, of Morven, S. K. Miller and T. D. Creighton, spans of draughts. The show of horses was on the whole most creditable to the county.

Mr. John Carson, of Kingston, showed his fine imported Suffolk Punch stallion which was a centre of attraction. This animal was raised on the late Prince Leopold's estate and is one of the finest animals of his class living. Mr. Carson deserves great credit for his enterprise in introducing such a fine beast into this section. He was awarded a special prize.

In sheep there was a large display and the quality was up to the standard. Mr. F. Vandebogart, the pioneer breeder of sheep in the county, showed three pens of Southdowns, though no attempt was made to dress them up for show purposes. Messrs. William Gordon & Sons, of Odessa, showed four pens of fine Cotswolds and Southdowns. They took thirteen prizes and a diploma at the Kingston Central, and were also all shown to good advantage. The apple exhibit of Mr. Fred Memberry, of Adolphustown, was a tempting sight, even to those who boasted of their self-command in the matter of senses, while to the small boy the spectacle of so much luscious fruit was enough to cause a repetition of the crime alluded to in Genesis. Mr. Membery fully merited the red ticket awarded him, as the staff of THE EXPRESS can fully attest. Mr. R. Vance had a very good showing of fancy goods and a considerable crowd surrounded his stand almost constantly, while a spectacle vendor and a Yankee inventor of a patent needle threader held forth close by.

At the foot of the stairs leading to the upper floor was the irrepressible and cosmopolitan pea-nut vendor, at whose hands hundreds received the oily kernal and the dry and brittle shell—the one to derange the gastric juices of the stomach and the other to litter the floor. But the people were happy and delighted with the sights which met their gaze and with the luxury with which they treated their palates, and the pea-nut man reaped a harvest, therefore no one was left to criticise to the disadvantage of either. Reaching the top of the stairway we look around and view the fine assortment of clothing, hats, caps, and all manner of gents' furnishings belonging to Mr. J. F. McAlister. Skill in manufacture, shrewdness in purchase and taste in arrangement enabled him to make a very attractive showing and to carry off the prize for general desplay. Perry & Co.'s perfumery, toilet soaps, cigars, patent medicines and velvet portrait frames were also worthy of inspection. But the grandest desplay in the building was that of Messrs. Hinch, Perry & Co. in furs. The floor and the space occupied by them was covered with Brussels carpets, while the ceiling was hid from view by a tasty arrangement of raw silk. The exhibit consisted of furs made up into coats, mantles, caps, etc. A silk lined bokharen mantle of exceeding fine finish was much admired as were also some Persian Lamb coats and caps, and Japanese wolf and bear robes. Conspicuous among the display were a stuffed badger, brought from the North-West, and a wild-cat. Next in order were blankets, carpets, tweeds and full-cloths of good quality. Then came the exhibits of sewing machines and an organette by Mr. J. N. Mc Creary. A. Rose & Co. showed a grand assortment of ladies' and gents' fine boots and shoes, and the general opinion was that an injustice was done him in not getting first first prize.

The ladies' work was up to its usual standard. There were there in magnificent profusion, sofa pillows, pillow shams, quilts, crocheting, and all kinds of needle-work, knitting, etc., and fine specimens of pencil and crayon drawings and oil paintings, as well as wax work of superior execution. A case of wood carving drew considerable attentions as also did some fine wall brackets.

Notes.

—Mr. H.W. Perry, of the Golden Augur, showed a white Angora and a black Russian goat.

—The ladies of the Presbyterian church served meals in the refreshment booth during the day, and realized $136 by their exertions.

—The 45th Battalion Band was in attendance Tuesday afternoon, and rendered a choice musical programme.

—K. J Strong & Co., made a fine large display of single and double harness and other articles in their line and secured several prizes.

—An elegant hearse, manufactured by Mr. Ezra Pringle and Mr. W. T. Gibbard attracted much attention. The gearing and frame was made by Mr. Pringle and the finishing and upholstering was the work of Mr. Gibbard. Between the two of them they produced a hearse which does them

eron foal of 1884.—S Sagar, Chambers; 2. Homer Miles, Napanee; 3. N Giles, Amelianburg.

CLASS II.—CATTLE.—*Grade Durhams.*—Judges. H Rankins, J Shibley, J Stewart. Best bull. 1, W Nugent; 2, T D Creighton, Hawley. Two year old bull. 1, J Russell, Napanee; 2, S K Miller, Bath; 3, S Sager, Chambers. Yearling bull. 2, Jas Galt, Chambers; Bull calf of 1884. 1, C W Neville, Switzerville; 2, T D Creighton, Hawley; 3, R N Switzer, Switzerville. Milch cow. S K Miller, Bath; 2, P Bristol, Hawley; 3, Chas Kaylor, Morven. Two-year-old heifer. 1, E Hawley, Camden East; 2, Chas Kaylor, Morven; 3, T D Creighton, Morven. Yearling heifer. 1, R N Switzer, Switzerville; 2, Chas Stevens, Napanee; 3, R Lloyd, Chambers. Heifer calf of 1884. 1, S K Miller, Bath; 2, A H Allison, Napanee; 3, R N Switzer, Switzerville. Yoke working oxen. 1, W McCall, Centreville; 2, S K Miller, Bath; 3, Jas Aylesworth, Bath.

CLASS III.—DURHAMS.—*Thoroughbred, with Pedigree.*—Judges.—Same as in previous class. Best bull. 1, Adam Friskins, Napanee. Yearling bull. 1, L E Percy, Newburgh; 2, S Files, Napanee. Bull calf. 1, R N Switzer, Switzerville; 2, L E Percy, Newburgh. Best cow. 1, R N Switzer, Switzerville; 2, S Gibson, Napanee; 3, L E Percy, Newburgh. Two-year-old heifer. 1, W Dawson, Collinsby 2, C W Neville, Switzerville; 3, S Gibson, Napanee. Yearling heifer. 1, W Dawson, Collinsby; 2, R N Switzer, Switzerville; 3, S Gibson, Napanee. Heifer calf. 1, W Dawson, Collinsby; 2, L E Percy, Newburgh; 3, S Gibson.

CLASS IV.—AYRESHIRES.—*Thoroughbred with Pedigree.*—Judges same as in previous class. Yearling bull. 1, D Ham, Napanee; 2, T D Creighton, Hawley. Bull calf. 1, A Knight, Cataraqui. Best cow. 1, T Trimble, Napanee; 2, John R Collins, Napanee; A Knight Cataraqui. Two-year-old heifer. 1, E Hawley, Napanee; 2, W Dawson, Collinsby; 3, T D Creighton, Hawley. Yearling heifer. 1, Robt Collins, Napanee; 2, J H Rutherford, Belleville; 3, T D Creighton, Hawley. Heifer calf. 1, T D Creighton, Hawley; 2, A Knight Cataraqui; 3, R Collins, Napanee.

CLASS V.—JERSEY CATTLE.—Judges same as in previous class. Two-year-old bull and over. 1, Templeton & Beeman, Napanee. Bull calf, 1, Templeton & Beeman, Napanee. Cow. 1, Templeton & Beeman, Napanee. Heifer calf. 1, Templeton & Beeman, Napanee.

CLASS VI.—SHEEP.—Judges. T. Marshall, John Fraser and James Forsythe. Leicesters. 1 ram 2 shears and over. 1, R. N. Switzer, 2, John Milling; 3, Wm. Nugent. Shearling ram. 1, R. N. Switzer; 2, C. W. Neville; 3, R. Garbett. 1 Ewe, 2 shears and over. 1, R. N. Switzer; 2, R. Garbett; 3, C. W. Neville. 1 Shearling ewe. 1, R. Garbett; 2, R. N. Switzer; 3, C. W. Neville. 1 Ewe lamb. R. Garbett; 2, A. Knight; 3, R. N. Switzer. 1 Ram lamb 1884, R. Garbett; 2, A. Knight; 3, R. N. Switzer.

CLASS VII.—COTSWOLDS.—Judges the same as in the former class. 1 Ram 2 shears and over. 1 Wm. Gordon 2 C.W. Neville 3 Edward Hawkins. Shearling ram. 1 R. N. Switzer 2 Wm. Gordon 3 C. W. Neville. Ewe 2 shears and over. 1 Wm. Gordon 2 Wm. Gordon jr. 3 R. N. Switzer. Shearling ewe. 1 Wm. Gordon jr. 2 Wm. Gordon 3 R. N. Switzer. Ram lamb 1884. 1 Wm. Gordon 2 R. N. Switzer 3 Wm. Gordon jr. Ewe lamb [illegible] 1 R. N. Switzer 2 Wm. Gordon 3 Wm. Nugent.

CLASS VIII.—SOUTHDOWNS. Judges, M. Patterson, James Fee and M. Crabb. Ram 2 shears and over. 1 Wesley Dawson 2 Wm Dawson. Shearling ram. 1 Wm. Dawson 2 Wesley Dawson 3 F. Vandebogart. Shearling ewe. 1 Wm. Gordon 2 Wm. Dawson 3 Wm. Gordon jr. Ram lamb 1884. 1 Wm. Dawson 2 Wesley Dawson 3 F. Vandebogart. Ewe lamb 1884. 1 Wm. Gordon 2 Wm. Gordon jr. 3 Wesley Drwson.

CLASS IX.—SHEEP.—OXFORDSHIRE DOWNS. Judges the same as above. Ewe 2 shears and over. 1 E. Hawkins 2 A. Walker. Ram lamb 1884. 1 E. Hawkins. Ewe lamb 1884. R. Sampson 2 Wm. Nugent.

CLASS X.—SHEEP SHROPSHIRE DOWNS. Judges the same as before. 1 ram 2 shears and over. 1 S. K. Miller. Shearling ram. 1 S. K. Miller. Ewe 2 shears and over. 1 S. K. Miller 2 E. Hawkins 3 S. K. Miller. Ram lamb 1884. 1 S. K. Miller. Ewe lamb 1884. 1 S. K. Miller.

CLASS XI.—SMALL BREED. Judges. M. Fee, M. Davey, Wm. Goodman. 1 Boar any age. 1 A. Rose 2 R. G. Martin 3 W. H. Crabb 4 Wesley Dawson. 1 W R Dorn 2 A Knight 3 J M Rutherford 4 W Dawson. Boar pig 1884. 1 A. Knight 2 R. G. Martin 3 J. H. Rutherford. Sow pig 1884. 1 R. H. Baker 2 J. L. P. Gerdanier 3 Wesley Dawson.

CLASS XII.—SWINE.—LARGE BREED. Judges same as before. Boar any age. 1 E. B. Switzer 2 R. Garbett 3 Wm Charters. Breeding sow. 1 A Walker 2 R Garbett 3 J L P Gordanier 4 S Files. Boar pig 1884. 1 R Garbett 2 E. Hawkins 3 J L P Gordanier. Sow pig 1884. 1 R Garbett 2 R H Baker. 3 E Hawkins. The judges recommended that swine should hereafter be exhibited in pens on the ground.

(*Continued on Fifth Page.*)

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons New York. For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

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WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co. Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE

Miscellaneous.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS.

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationery, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 15

FOR SALE —The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1884. 24

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best **COAL** at the **LOWEST** prices are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,

Agent for the Rathbun Company

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4mos.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music, either brass or string, on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28-6mos.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

19 **F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.**

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President,
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. C. LLOYD, - W. R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
J. N. McKIM Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

AGRICULTURAL.

The practice of cutting top-stalks is a wasteful one, wasting good fodder and valuable time, and should be abandoned by every one who calls himself a farmer. Grain does not ripen any better standing on the butt stalk than it does in the stock if cut at the right time and put up properly.

Keep the sheep well fed now. It will soon be time to couple them, if early lambs are wanted for market next spring. A little extra feed at this season is all important for this purpose. And those which are not to be kept over winter should begin to fatten now, and they may be ready for the butcher in December.

The earliest buckwheat is rarely well filled unless a succession of cool days and nights come as the grain is forming. The latest date which will ripen the grain before frost will give the best crops. Salt is a good application for buckwheat from the property which salt has in making the soil moist and cool.

If strawberries have been kept reasonably clean until the crop has been gathered, the bed may be preserved another season by plowing two furrows togethee between each row, leaving the ridge onr or two weeks until the living plants are destroyed, and then levelling down with a one-horse cultivator. The spaces in the rows should then be thinned by removing the poorest plants and all weeds, and the whole kept clean until another season.

Continue the potato digging as fast as they ripen. They are better out of the ground than in it. Do not leave them too long exposed to the sun. Many a boy has good reason to be thankful that the introductien of new and earlier varieties, and the practice of earlier planting to avoid the beetles, has so modified the cultivation of the potato that the digging of them no longer need be left until after frost comes, for it was sometimes cold work pulling the vines and picking up the late potatoes.

Some kinds of land are so full of water most of the year that underdraining is only possible after the summer has dried out the soil. But on ordinary fields, not excessively wet, the soil is now too hard to underdrain properly, unless machinery is used which works better when the ground is firm for horses to work on. Drains dug in the fall will, however, do better service next season than those delayed till next spring. The frost in winter deepens the soil and makes water courses through which the drains are reached.

It is not profitable to plant many sweet apples, though good as baking apples, though every farmer should grow enough for a home supply. When we go into the market, however, not one bushel in fifty is wanted of the varieties of sweet apples. Most people seem to have an idea that tart apples to make pies, with sugar to sweeten, are the only kinds it will pay to purchase. At this season the Golden Sweet is one of the very best apples either eaten out of the hand or baked. No seasoning is needed to make them delicious.

Before the days of ice creameries and refrigerators our grandmothers learned

Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Companies Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits,&c., Odessa, Ont

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALLISON, DORLAND & NEWBURY Proprietors.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee.

JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

The Lake Shore House

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED AT THE

——SANDBANKS,——

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions

Beautiful secenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms *en suite* or single.

Board, per week	$5 00
" day	1 40
Meals	35
Horses in barn to hay and grain,	30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat, livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NEIL M'DONALD. McDONALD & HYATT,
JOHN W. HYATT. [31-3mos.] Proprietors.

t possesses all the latest improvements and as no superior in the market. Also

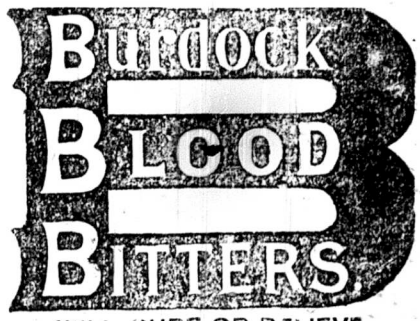
The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest uns light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock

WEBSTER & BOYES,
12 116 Dundas-st, Napanee.

The carriage making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W & B



WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE.	OF THE HEART,
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM,	THE STOMACH,
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, **Ben Vandelf & Co.**, 12 Barclay street, New York.

them delicious.

Before the days of ice creameries and refrigerators our grandmothers learned the advantages of setting milk in deep cans in wells. They got more and better cream by this method, but there were some disadvantages connected with it. The milk would occasionally be spilled and this soured the water and made it unfit to drink. The cream was disturbed in bringing it up, and altogether it is much better to use the modern creamery, taking cold water from the well if ice cannot be had, and changing the water once after it has absorbed the heat from the new milk.

Persons who are not practical farmers are unanimous in advising that the aftermath be allowed to grow as large as possible as a protection against freezing out in winter. There is something to be said on both sides of this question. On very rich land the aftermath will grow so thickly as to injure the roots, especially if heavy snow falls. It forms a harbor for mice and in the spring the grass has to make its way through this dense mass as best it can. It is probably better to let the aftermath grow for a while after mowing and then cut or pasture later in the season.

The *Farmers' Home Journal* says that it takes weeks and months and almost endless correspondence to get an animal recorded in the American Short-Horn Herd Book, and that "the way in which the correspondence of the Secretary's office has been neglected is causing the greatest complaint." The Secretary is not responsible for any delays that may occur in the work of the editors, and the correspondence in his office is cleared away each day. If the editors spend their time in writing "endless correspondence" they probably do it because they have no time for a vacation and must have a little fun.

Colman's Rural World of St Louis says the sale of Aberdeen-Angus and Galloway cattle by Leonard Bros. of Missouri, at Cheyenne, was not a success. "No doubt was entertained of the excellence of the bulls, but it was rainy weather, and in fact rather late in the season to sell such stock. Only four head out of thirty were sold, at an average of $300 apiece, all to J. T. Limberg of Leadville. That is just what the animals cost in Scotland. There was much to contend against in Cheyenne for anybody handling the Polled Angus or Galloway, as the general sentiment among the cattlemen of that section favors the Herefords, the Short-Horns coming next."

The Cabbage Worm.

Every gardener knows from experience that great loss to the crop is caused every year by the green cabbage worm which feeds greedily upon the heads of the growing cabbages. The most effective remedy yet discovery for this destructive pest is Persian insect powder, or pyrethrum. This can be obtained at the druggists and should be thoroughly mixed with twenty times its bulk of flour and sprinkled well over the heads and leaves of all the growing plants. Another excellent remedy is a solution of saltpetre in water; a tablespoonful of the former to four quarts of water will be found plenty strong enough. Sprinkle the cabbage heads freely and the worms will

loose their appetite for them. It is inexpensive and can be applied often.

Saltpetre water is probably one of the best antidotes for the rose bug and current worm that has yet been discovered. Apply to grape vines and current bushes with a force pump or garden syringe. It is said that grape rot can be prevented by syringing the fruit with a carbolic acid water made by mixing one ounce of carbolic acid with three gallons of water.

Saving Clover Seed.

A new enemy has appeared which destroys the clover seed. It is a weevil or beetle which bores into the seed pods and eats out the interior of the seed, leaving only empty shells. Ii a head of ripe clover is examined closely, it will be found to consist of a number of pods very much like those of peas or beans and the seeds are contained in these pods. It is thus related to the pea and bean family, and classed in the great botanical family of the Luguminosæ. Curiously, this family is pestered with a peculiar insect—a small beetle which punctures the pods and lays its eggs in them. The young larvæ, when hatched, bore into the seeds, and are the very common weevils which we find in peas and beans. And now a weevil has appeared which injures clover seed in the same way. By sowing infested seed, this pest is of course sown with it and propagated in the most favourable manner for its increase and spread. This fact is of interest to those farmers who buy clover seed, because this insect is quite preralent in localities where clover seed is grown as a crop, and so much so in parts of the western States as to injure very much the business of making and selling clover butters. Every farmer, then, should save his own seed who can do it. Morever, he should examine the seed by rubbing it in his hands and testing its solidity and weight. If it is infested with the weevil it should be destroyed by burning it. If not, it should be harvested and saved with care, so as to avoid the risk of using infested seed.

Clover is cut for seed in September, when the seed heads are ripe and brown. As the stems are necessarily hard and woody, and the leaves dry and withered, the crop is useless for feeding, but is valuable for litter after the seed is thrashed out. For home use it is necessary to hull the seed or separate it from the chaff, as it may be sown with the chaff, just as well as if cleaned, and the seed may be more liberally used. The clover is left on the ground until it is thoroughly dry, and a few wettings and drying are a help to the easy thrashing of the seed, as they tend to loosen the tough pods and cause them to become brittle. When it is thoroughly dry the clover should be stored where it can be reached in the winter, and then thrashed out on a cold, sharp, dry day. Mice are very destructive to the thrashed clover, and it is best, therefore, to bag it and store it out of their reach.

The Use of Lime.

It is a sort of axiom among farmers that "where limes are used the land and the farmers are rich." This is an old but true adage and deserves to be made one of the established axioms of agriculture

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.

"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully,

HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures **Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin.** It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS

Steamboats.

THE REINEEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Steamer "Reindeer" will, until further announcement, run on the following route:—Leave Conway Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m. for Picton and Napanee, touching at all intermediate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a m. Returning, will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and Picton at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1884. 30

DESERONTO NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED

Until further notice the following steamers of the above company will run as follows:

STR. DESERONTO.

L've Napanee	6 00 A.M.	L've Picton	3 00 P M
" Deseronto	6 45 "	" Deseronto	5 00 "
Arrive Picton	8 30 "	" Napanee	6.50 "

This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto.

L've Picton 9.30 a.m. L've Deseronto 1.00 p.m.
Arr. Deseronto 11.00 a.m. Arr. Picton 2.30 p.m.

STR. PILGRIM.

L've Napanee	9.00 a.m.	1 00 p.m.	4.00 p.m
" Deseronto	7.30 "	10.30 a.m.	2.30

STR. QUINTE.

L've Picton	6.00	L've Trenton	00 p. m
" Deseronto	7.30	" Belleville	3.00 "
" Northport	8.00	" Northport	4.30 "
" Bel eville	10.00	" Deseronto	5.30 "
Arr. Trenton	11.00	Arr. Picton	7.00 "

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS

NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN.
CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work

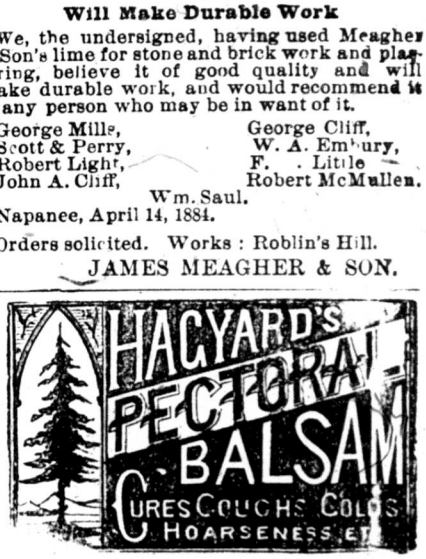
We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend it to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills, George Cliff,
Scott & Perry, W. A. Embury,
Robert Light, F. Little
John A. Cliff, Robert McMullen.
Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.



the farmers are rich." This is an old but true adage and deserves to be made one of the established axioms of agriculture. It is true in two ways—one, that lime is an exceedingly valuable fertilizing agent of itself, and in addition exerts a most beneficial influence upon the soil as a solvent of the silicates, chiefly of potash, and also in decomposing organic matter in the soil and favoring its nitrification and the production of the indispensable nitrification and the production of the indispensible nitrates which so greatly enrich the soil, the other that its use is one of those higher attributes of skillful farming which is consistent only with the best culture of the soil and the most thorough and systematic working of it. It is, in fact, in the farmer's hands, one of those instruments which is rarely or never found excepting where every part of the farm work is done in the most excellent manner, so that it is not so much that the farmer uses lime as that he uses it as a part of a system of farming which is thoroughly excellent, and, of course, very profitable. Lime is thus not to be used in a haphazard way, and simply to extract from the soil the last vestiges of fertility it can bring out. When thus used another common adage, that "lime enriches the father and impoverishes the son," will surely be found true, because it is like a last turn of the screw which squeezes the last drop of juice from the cider mill.

The place of lime in good farming is its application to the land at the fall season when rye or wheat is sown and grass or clover seeding follows. The land has then become more or less supplied with organic matter from the roots and waste of previous crops, and it has accumulated a store of nitrogenous and carbonaceous matter which cannot be made available until it is decomposed nor until a sufficient quantity of mineral matter has been set free in the soil to balance the supply of plant food required for a new rotation of crops. Besides at this season and with fall grain the regular manuring of the land is given, and the manure is generally coarse and undecomposed. It is precisely under such conditions that lime is of the greatest use and value and fits the soil for a new round of crops.

The quantity of lime usually applied is forty to fifty bushels per acre of freshly burned or stone lime. In the air-slacking by which it is prepared for use it swells to three times its original bulk and becomes a fine powder which is spread from a waggon, with a long-handled shovel, evenly over the soil. This should be done upon the plowed land immediately before sowing, when it is harrowed in previously. As lime is quite soluble in this fine condition, requiring only 700 times its own bulk of water to dissolve it, it should never be plowed in, or it will be very quickly carried down into the soil, below the reach of the roots of any plants, excepting those of clover. Clover is one of the plants which are wonderfully benefited by lime, and it is for this reason among many others, that its use is to be encouraged, because it provides the skillful farmer with one of the most valuable sources of manure, viz., a heavy clover sod to be plowed in.

Sober thought about one's own sober soul and its destiny is by no means a favorite occupation with men.

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURE[illegible]RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are p[illegible]ant to t[illegible]. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,

Briscoe House Block

HOARSENESS [illegible]

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester.
(Unsurpassed in the world.)

The Celebrated Toronto Mower,

The Massey Mower.

The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake,

The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.

The Wisner Seeder,

The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)

The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this season

The Port Perry Gang Plow

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all change made with ropes from the floor of the barn. The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous

"CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ A full line of repairs constantly on hand.

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas

CANNIBALISM IN ARCTIC SEA.

Belief that it was Practised by Franklin's Men.

Letter from Dr. J. Rae to the Editor of the London Standard.

In a leader in the *Standard* on the horrible disclosures regarding the recent Greeley expedition, the writer expresses a hope and belief that these charges may be found as baseless as similar ones made regarding the unfortunate Franklin expedition. It is not my wish to rake up a very sad story, but I would (being a party concerned) take it as a great kindness if the writer of your leader, or any one else could inform me what proofs there were that the story about cannibalism among the Franklin party was "baseless." I read carefully everything written on this subject, from Dickens downward, and found little to justify your statement. True, there was a quantity of scurrilous abuse of a people of whom the writers knew nothing, the Esquimaux, whom that great and honest and distinguished man Parry called, after two year's experience, the most honest and truthful people he had ever met, agreeing in this with my own experience, comparing most favorably with the lying, deceit, and dishonesty spread broadcast among all classes in civilized life, very, very few of whom I could trust as I would the so-called savage Esquimaux. Had you, Sir, or any other honest and intelligent man heard, as I did, the story of my friends the Esquimaux about the dead of the Franklin expedition, communicated through my very efficient interpreter, the conviction would have been forced upon you that they spoke the truth. Even my man, John Beads, left in charge at Winter quarters, and informed by natives who had visited him by signs (Beads know not the Esquimaux language) of what had taken place.

Your leader says that discipline would have prevented men having resource to cannibalism. I do not believe any discipline would eradicate the cravings of nature, and it is all very well for those who, probably, have never been twenty-four hours continuously without food in their life to enlarge most indignantly on the subject. Had they been for days, as I have, living, or, rather existing, on the smallest scraps of skin and bones, and enjoying the most disgusting-looking food as if it had been the greatett delicacy, had they but witnessed the sufferings and cravings of some of my fine fellows during these times of privation, they would have had some knowledge of whrt starvation meant. Thank God! I myself was in a great measure free from very painful sensations of hunger, and could shoot as coolly at any game that came in the way as when I was on full allowance. * * * I feel bound to tell all I heard, however unpleasant and unacceptable it might be. A distinguished naval officer who followed up and found correct in almost every particular the information I obtained, even to the saddest part, was more politic—or more mean. Schwatka, the American, heard the same story that had been told to me, in almost the same words. A well-known Admiral once said of me that "Rae would tell the truth even to his injury." This to the Admiral referred to seemed something unusual.

What Arctic Exploration has Accomplished

From an "Open Letter," entitled "Is Arctic Exploration Worth Its Cost?" by J. E. Nourse, in the October *Century*, we quote the following:

"A true estimate of what Arctic exploration has gained will, in part, be reached by a comparison of the knowledge of our own continent half a century ago with that shown upon the school boy's map of to-day. The maps of 1825 exhibited for our northern coast line Baffin's Bay only on the east, and westward, dots only for the mouths of the Mackenzie and Hearne Rivers, up to the icy Cape of Cook, and theBehring Sea,—all which was then known except the new sweep of Parry's voyage in the far north. The charts of to-day accurately delineate the zone of land and the coast lines within the 60th and 130th degrees of west longitude, up to Cape Parry, latitude 71° 21', a region not largely frequented by the trader. To these add the explorations in the Eastern Hemisphere by the Russians, Danes, Austrians, Dutch and Swedes, crowned by the circumnavigation, first in the world's history, of northern Asia. And now Lockwood has extended the line of North Greenland.

"Again, no Arctic expedition has been fruitless of commercial and scientific gains. Cabot failed to find the passage, but he established the claims for our inheritance of English liberty and law. The first attempt to find the passage by the north-east, brought from the ill-fated Willoughby news like that from our De Long:

> "'He, with his hapless crew,
> Each full exerted at his several task,
> Froze into statues.

"But Willoughby's second ship made the discovery of Russia's wealth—'a new Indies'—for England, the beginning of maritime commerce on the north. Among the direct or indirect gains of this kind for us have been the whaling grounds of the north-east and the fisheries of Behring Strait, a region rendered safe by the voyage and charts of the *Vincennes*, the explorations of the Coast Survey, and latest by the *Corwin* and the Signal Service. Alaska is now attracting immigration; but its shores seemed forbidding in the extreme before the surveys of Rodgers and the trial observations of Dall and others were charted for the guidance of the mariner. The increasing returns to the Government and to the merchrnt from the fur, seal and the otter have shown the wisdom of the purchase.

"Still higher results are associated with the hydrogaphy of the great oceans; the observations needed for the further knowledge of the laws governing the origin and the course of storms, and magnetism, with its relation to the compass, the telegraph, and the telephone. 'We shall never accurately know,' says the President of our own Geographical Society, 'the laws of aerial and oceanic currents, unless we know more about what takes place in the Arctic Circle.'"

The Colors of Horses.

The Arabs of Sahara are very particular as to the color of their horses. White is the color for Princes, but does not stand heat. The black brings good fortune,

A Famous Gambler Dies in Poverty.

Emile Dupressoir, who in his time enjoyed a wide though questionable celebrity, died a few days ago at Baden-Baden. He was the successor of the famous M. Benazet as lessor of the gambling tables, converted the German watering place into a miniature Paris, and conducted everything in so magnificent a style as to gain for himself the brevet rank of "King of Baden-Baden." In 1871 Dupressoir made an offer to the French Government to pay the whole of the war indemnity demanded by Germany if he might be allowed to build on the site of the Ministry of Finance, which was destroyed during the Commune, a vast Alhambra and gambling house. In 1872, his term being at an end, he was compelled to discontinue his enterprize at Baden-Baden. He then attempted to obtain concessions for starting gambling houses at Fontarabia, on the Spanish frontier, and in the little republic of Andorre, but failed in both attempts. His next speculation was the establishment of the Cercle International at Paris, which, however, was not successful.

He embarked in various other luckless ventures that engulfed the whole of his vast fortunes. He died almost in poverty, the only possession left in his family being the Baden Court Hotel, which had been settled on his wife. Nothing succeeded with him. He was even compelled by ill-health to give up the management of the Casino of Monaco, which some time ago was intrusted to him. Gambling had taken so entire possession of his mind that he seemed not to be able to think of any other means whereby money could be made or a livelihood gained.—*London Times.*

Bears.

Not long since I was riding toward Cloud Peak, and had gone only three miles when I discovered two enormous grizzlies down in a horse-shoe canon. I left my pony, went to the canon wall, and opened fire on the enemies. The bears were five hundred yards away. My first shot wounded one of the monsters, and the wounded one immediately attacked the other bear. They fought desperately for fifteen minutes. It was a terrible encounter. The wounded bear was beaten by its antagonist, after which I shot the victor. They were both ferocious looking animals, and the two would weigh over three thousand pounds. Their tusks measured three inches, claws four inches, feet fourteen inches, and the bears were twelve feet long.

Leaving the two bears, I walked over a ridge not more than a mile away, and came on to four more, two black and two silver-tip bears. They did not see me, and my position was a good one, on the lee and near a nice smooth crag of granite. Slipping on a pair of moccasins, I was soon on top of the granite knob, 150 feet above ground. I opened fire immediately, only 200 yards, killed two at the first shot, and soon had them rolling down the mountain together.

It was an exciting time; the four bears made a terrible noise. After seeing a large eagle swoop down among the pines, catching a grouse, I descended from my rocky knob and ventured up to the bears. There they all lay in a heap, all dead and

said of me that I'd would tell the truth even to his injury." This to the Admiral referred to seemed something unusual, although it appears to me very simple and natural, In the case of the Franklin party's cannibalism, it was certainly the simplest and best thing that could be done, because the story would surely have come to light through my men, who knew as much as I did by conversing with the interpreter, and the very person who attacked me for telling the story would have been equally ready, and had a far better reason to be down upon me for withholding facts. I repeat that cannibalism took place as surely among some of the Greeley party as it did among some of Franklin's people, and it took place among the latter as surely as that I am sitting writing this communication at this present time.

A Dakota Girl.

A broad-shouldered compactly built young woman, with brown face and hard hands, sat in the Lake Shore depot last evening, waiting for the departure of a train for the East. She had just arrived in town from Dakota.

"We don't waste any time in foolishness out our way," she said to a young man who seemed to be acquainted with her. "There is no love making on my half section. It's nothing but No. 2 wheat from May to August. That's what we are out out there for. Now, I own and manage a farm of 320 acres, and this year I took out a crop of eighteen bushels to the acre and sold it, got the cash, put it in the bank, discharged all my men but one, who will look after things this winter, and I'm off for a little fun down East. Marriage?" said she, in response to some remark by her companion; "that's what all the good-for-nothing cranks of men that I see from ploughing time to harvest can talk about. What do I want to get married for? There are more than three hundred of us girls farmers in Dakota, and we will hold a convention some time. I never saw a man yet that I would have around. I intend to farm till I get money enough to live on comfortably, and then I'll see. I'm in the habit of doing about as I please. There was a nice young fellow in my neighborhood last July, who tried to be very gallant and wanted to help me whenever I did any work. If I chopped a little wood he wanted to do it. If I went after a pail of water he wanted to carry it. If I put a bag of grain on my shoulder he insisted on giving me a lift. He was a pretty nice boy, but he made me tired. One day I wanted the hay-rack on the waggon, and I took hold of one end and clapped it up on the wheel so quick that it made him dizzy.

"'Let me,' says he, but he only threw the whole thing down in trying to get the other end up. He didn't have the strength.

"Says I: 'Oh, go away. You don't eat enough No. 2 wheat.' Then I put the rack up in good style.

"We meet lots of such fellows out there. They are good enough I suppose, but when I want one I will send for him."

The lightsome countenance of a friend giveth such an inward decking to the house where it lodgeth, that proudest palaces have a cause to envy the gilding.

the color for Princes, but does not stand heat. The black brings good fortune, but fears rocky ground. The chestnut is the most active. If one tell you that he has seen a horse fly in the air, ask of what color it was; if he replies "Chestnut," believe him. In a combat against a chestnut you must have a chestnut. The bay is the hardiest and most sober. If one tells you that a horse has leaped to the bottom of a precipice without hurting himself, ask of what color he was, and if he replies "Bay," believe him. Ben Dyab, a renowned chief of the desert happening one day to be pursued by Saad-el-Zenaty, turned to his son and asked, "What horses are in the front of the enemy?" "White horse," replied the son. "It is well; let us make for the sunny side, and they will melt away like butter." Some time afterward Ben Dyab again turned to his son and said, "What horses are in the front of the enemy?" "Black horses," cried his son. "It is well; let us make for stoney ground, and we shall have nothing to fear; they are the negroes of Soudan, who cannot walk with bare feet upon the flints." He changed his course, and the black horses were speedily distanced. A third time Ben Dyab asked, "And now what horses are in the front of the enemy?" "Dark chestnuts and dark bays." "In that case," said Ben Dyrb, "strike out, my children, strike out, and give your horses the heel, for these might perchance overtake us had we not given barley to ours all the summer through."

Is Man Descended from Reptiles?

The British Association at Montreal was greatly moved a telegram crouched in these words: "Caldwell finds monotremes viviparous, mesoblastic ovum." That does not seem to outsiders to be an epoch-making message; but it is explained by the scientific to signify that Mr. Caldwell, a physiologist of adequate knowledge, has discovered that the lowest known mammal, the duck-billed platypus, lays eggs like a bird, though it subsequently suckles its young, and that the structure of the egg is analogous to that of reptiles. Consequently, a high probability arises that all mammals, including man, descend from reptiles, instead of from amphibia, as has recently been imagined; and the Darwinian physiologists are shunted on to a new line, and must study the pedigree of reptiles as the possible channels through which progressive life descended with a quite new interest. The discovery is of value, though it help little toward the ultimate question—the origin of life on the planet. The existence of progressive energy in the original germ is not the less wonderful because it was developed first through reptiles, instead of amphibia. How did it come there at all?

Woman was the original "side issue."

Let us encourage the beautiful, for the useful encourages itself.

"So hot water is a great cure, is it? Well, I shan't let any of my boarders get sick for want of that medicine. Just put another gallon of hot water in that oyster soup, Maria, and I guess you had better take out that oyster now—it might be too rich."

catching a grouse, I descended from my rocky knob and ventured up to the bears. There they all lay in a heap, all dead and in the gulch together. These six bears would weigh over 7,000 pounds.

A nese Quarter in

The Chinese colony in Queen's Gate consists of two buildings of the bungalow type—the one of considerable size, containing the living-rooms, the other and smaller the kitchen and eating apartment. The dining-hall, if it may be so called, consists of a fairly large chamber, entered by glass-paneled doors, which permit plenty of light to penetrate. The kitchen adjoins, allowing food to be served fresh and hot from the pot. The dining-tables are all square, it being contrary to the Buddhist practice to eat off any other shaped table. The origin of this curious custom is the legend that the affairs of the world were originally under the joint responsibility of eight gods of equal power. These spirits used invariably to sit round a four-sided table, two abreast, and it becomes all good Celestials to imitate their gods. The principal articles of food, which are here served out in three separate meals during the day, are rice and pork, those being the comestibles for which John has the most weakness, and green vegetables. For quenching thirst the almost universal panacea is, of course, tea, which, a small quantity being made at a time, is drank without either milk or sugar. The only intoxicant at present provided at South Kensington is samshou wine, a distillation from a Chinese rice, somewhat pungent to the taste, and very intoxicating in its effects. The hours at which meals are served are: tea at 8, dinner at 12, and supper at 6.—*London Globe.*

Naked Slaves in Timbuctoo

This girl was being brought Morocco gate, on the road from the city of Morocco. She was nude, comely of face and figure, with large, dreamy, lovely eyes and streaming long black hair. Her color was of the Olivian type, which shows the red blood coursing in the veins. She was of medium height and aged about 16 years. Four old Arab "dealers," garbed in all the glitter and tinsel of the Orient, guarded this girl as if she were an amazon of strength and powess. One old Arab in a loud voice cried out her merits and nationality as they passed out in the centre of the town. Halting, the whole party were suddenly surrounded by intending buayers, both Christians and pagans. They came up to the crouching girl, pulled her arms two and fro, opened her mouth and looked at her teeth, made her stand erect and then haggled over the price. "She is worth $100," says the Arab dealer in one simultaneous cry, "but we will let her go for $90 if you take her now." Our dragoman translates and tells us how she will go to Egypt and fetch $200 at the first bid.—*Cor. Baltimore Sun.*

"I have been going around all day, and now I am tired," remarded an exhausted Austin mother. "You are not like a wheel, are you, ma?" asked Tommy. "Why, little boy?" "You are tired after you go around, but a wheel is tired before it goes around."

WORDS OF WISDOM.

Wrinkles disfigure women less than ill-nature.

In judging of others, a man often rereth; but in examining himself, he always laboreth fruitfully.

We may laugh or weep at the madness of mankind; we have no right whatever to vilify them.

No action will be considered as blameless unless the will was so, for by the will the act was dictated.

Doctrines are of use only as they are practised; men may go to perdition with their heads full of truth.

Be courageous and noble-minded; our own heart, and not other men's opinions of us, forms our true honor.

The living Christian—pure of heart and unspotted by the world—is the best preacher of the gospel in these days.

That state of life is the most happy where superfluities are not required and where necessaries are not wanting.

The years write their records on human hearts as they do on trees, in hidden inner circles of growth which no eye can see.

A loving act does more good than a fiery exhortation. What mankind needs is not more good talkers, but more good Samaritans.

The man whose soul is in his work finds his best reward in the work itself. The joy of achievement is vastly beyond the joy of reward.

The recollection of a deep and true affection is rather a divine nourishment for a soul to grow strong upon than a poison to destroy it.

He that does not know those things which are of use and necessity for him to know, is but an ignorant man, whatever he may know besides.

How abundant are the men and women who crave martyrdom in leadership! How few are willing to honour themselves in the loyalty of service!

This is the law of benefits between men; the one ought to forget at once what he has given, and the other ought never to forget what he has received.

He who is conscious of his ignorance, viewing it in the light of misfortune, is more wise than one who mistakes superficial polish for real knowledge.

Faith though weak, is still faith; a glimmering taper, is not a glowing torch; but the taper may give light as truly as the torch, though not so brightly.

Patience strengthens the spirit, sweettens temper, stifles anger, extinguishes envy, subdues pride, bridles the tongue, refrains the hand, and tramples upon temptations.

Falsehood is in a hurry; it may be at any moment detected and punished. Truth is calm, serene, its judgement is on high; its king cometh out of the chambers of eternity.

As the sun does not wait for prayers and incantations before he rises, but straightway shines forth and is hailed of all, so do not wait to do good for applause and noise and praise, but do it with your own desire, and, like the sun, you will be loved.

The history of the world teaches no

Riding an Alligator.

"I came in my journey," says a traveller, "to the banks of a river which was crossed by a ford. A train of pack-mules was passing, and while waiting my turn I went into the ferry-house to escape the heat of the morning sun. Several other gentlemen were there. Presently, an Indian came to the door, and addressing us in Spanish, asked 'Would the senors like to see me ride the alligator?'" "Handing around his hat, he received with satisfaction several gold pieces. He placed these in his money belt, and saying, 'I am ready,' led the way. He then drew out a sharp-pointed knife, and felt its edges as he walked along. The river lay before us, with deep black water on either side the shallow ford. The opposite bank was steep, and a Don at my side remarked that below the water's edge it was dug out in burrows, where the caymans (as they are called in those parts) were wont to lie in bad weather, tier above tier. Now they were out in full force, spread over the sand on our shore like scaly logs. Our Indian, a lithe, active fellow, ran lightly up to one of the beasts, and before the astonished animal could recover himself enough to sweep his tail around and dash him down, his enemy was upon his back, and had seated himself directly behind the fore legs, clasping the body, and holding the knife still in his hand. Rage and fury entered the beast's heart. He slipped into the deep water, and made for his particular place of refuge. Once there, woe to the rider! But the dominion given to man over all beasts did not fail now. With a prick of the knife in the creature, his rider defeated his purpose, and he plunged madly around the water basin. No rider was ever wilder, no circus rider more skilful, than the clinging Indian in the wild race that was now begun. Stirring the muddy depths, churning the waves with the greatest commotion, round and round they flew, ever faster and faster, now above, now below the surface. The Indian, cool and wary, by an occasional prod of the knife caused his strange steed to swerve from the dangerous points. Whichever direction he wished him to take, he pricked him on the opposite side. When it became evident to our circus rider that he had given us a fair display of his powers, we saw him watchfully and cautiously prepare to land. And this part of the exploit was the most wonderful of all. How to leap in mid-career from the furious creature—this was the task—and it was as admirably executed as any part of the performance. As they neared our shore the Indian, having gathered himself up, leaped lightly off, waded to short, and came towards us with as much of a smile on his countenance as any of his race ever show.

"Now downwards, swifter than if a thousand spurs were driving him, dived the great creature, to solace himself in the cold, sunless caverns of the river's depths."
—*English Paper.*

The Fighting Parson of Texas.

Texas still has some pioneer preachers. The San Angela *Standard* reports briefly a sermon delivered last Sunday in that place by Audrew Jackson Potter, the fighting parson. Among other things he

SCIENTIFIC GOSSIP.

M. Berthelot's experiments establish a hitherto undetermined existence of a function of plants, which gives rise during an ascertained stage of vegetation to the formation of nitrates in certain tissues.

A tricycle postal delivery system is to be tried by the Postmaster-General of Victoria at Portland, Sale, and Ararat, with the view of extending it, if it proves successful, to other districts of the colony.

A German paper trade journal says that a waterproof paper which will shine in the dark can be made of 40 parts paper stock, 10 parts phosphorescent powder, 10 parts water, 1 part gelatine, and 1 part bichromate of potash.

Of all the remedies, readily and easily applied, the fluid extract of serpentarin is perhaps the most efficacious in cases of rhus poisoning. Cloths well moistened with it are laid without any friction upon the parts affected. Immediate relief is experienced and two or three applications generally effect a cure.

MM. Delume et Cie have undergoing trial at Toulouse a method of laying subterranean telegraph cables. The arrangement consists of beton pipes, having a longitudinal opening on the top, and connected with cement sleeves. After the cables are placed in them, by simply unwinding as the work proceeds the longitudinal opening is cemented up.

On Jan. 1, 1884, there were in the British Navy 28 armored ships in commission, and in reserve 14 complete, 9 preparing, 4 awaiting repair, and 7 building or ordered to be built, The unarmored ships in commission numbered 122; in reserve, 39 complete, 25 preparing, 21 waiting repair, and 14 building or ordered to be built. In addition there are 74 torpedo boats—19 first class, 48 second class, and 7 wooden boats, and also 4 torpedo boats of the first class ordered to be built since Jan. 1 of the present year. Besides these there are 2 third-class cruisers not in the sea going list, though suitable for repair, and 11 composite gun vessels which, after some not very expensive repair, could be of use for coast guard service.

Lettuce, says the *Lancet*, is a neglected vegetable, although it constitutes a prominent ingredient in every good salad. At one time the lettuce was supposed to possess soporific properties, but of late years it has, perhaps too hastily, been disestablished as a drug in the repertory of the therapeutist. Some are now strongly insisting that lettuce should be used more generally as food, and suggesting that the leaves ought to be boiled, after which treatment they are said to be as palatable as spinach. If this be the fact it is worth knowing, as spinach is necessarily excluded from the diet of the oxaluric patent and it is precisely in this class of cases the soothing properties of the lettuce, if it have any, would be valuable.

In a paper by M. C. E. Brown-Sequard on attitudes after death, published in *La Nature*, the following general summary is formulated: 1. The preservation after death of the attitudes of life, and of the facial expression, does not depend upon

own desire, and, like the sun, you will be loved.

The history of the world teaches no lesson with more impressive solemnity than this; That the only safeguard to a great intellect is a pure heart; that evil no sooner takes possession of the heart, than folly commences the conquest of the mind.

Politeness is the religion of the heart as piety is that of the soul. It is good nature in action. It renders whoever may be its object contented and happy under its softening influence. It consists in acts which shows their source—the heart.

Strange Antipathies.

The following are a few of the more striking manifestations of that unaccountable feeling of antipathy to certain objects to which so many persons are subject, and with instances of which—in a modified form, perhaps—most people are acquainted.

Erasmus, though a native of Rotterdam, had such an aversion to fish that the smell of it threw him into a fever.

Ambrose Pare mentions a gentleman who could never see an eel without fainting.

There is an account of another gentleman who would fall into convulsions at the sight of a carp.

A lady, a native of France, always fainted on seeing boiled lobsters. Other persons from the same country experienced the same inconvenience from the smell of roses, though particularly partial to the odor of jonquils or tuberoses.

Joseph Scaliger and Peter Abono never could drink milk.

Cardan was particularly disgusted at the sight of eggs.

Uladislaus, King of Poland, could not bear to see apples.

If an apple was shown to Chesne, secretary to Francis I., he bled at the nose.

A gentleman in the court of Emperor Ferdinand would bleed at the nose on hearing the mewing of a cat, however great the distance might be from him.

Henry III., of France, could never sit in a room with a cat.

The Duke of Schomburg had the same aversion.

M. Vangheim, a great huntsman in Hanover, would faint, or, if he had sufficient time, would run away, at the sight of a roasted pig.

John Rol, a gentleman in Alcantara, would swoon on hearing the word lana, wool, although his cloak was woollen.

The philosophical Boyle could not conquer a strong aversion to the sound of water running through a pipe.

La Mothe le Vayer could not endure the sound of musical instruments, though he experienced a lively pleasure whenever it thundered.

Quite a Difference.

"What a conceited man Jenks is," observed Brown to Simpson.

"I never noticed it."

"I have. The other day he met me on the street and detained me half an hour telling me how he was once offered the position of Minister to Turkey. I never met such an egotistical man."

"That isn't egotism."

"What is it then?"

"A lie."

a sermon delivered last Sunday in that place by Audrew Jackson Potter, the fighting parson. Among other things he said: "I have preached out here on the frontier for the past 16 years, and I have lived and supported a large family. I must say, though, I got most of my support from the cowboys. Years ago, where the town of Uvalde now stands, I have skipped from thicket to thicket in my endeavors to escape from the leaden bullets that were flying around in order to reach a little old log school house where I could preach to a few women and children. Now, look at Uvalde to-day, with its five fine churches, whose spires point heavenward. I went to Fort Clark to preach several years ago. and started in without a church member, and at the end of 12 months I quit without a member. I thought that was the hardest place I had struck. One day, just after the boys had been paid off, I was walking up the street and noticed a lot of soldiers and gamblers collected in front of a saloon. As I was passing, one of them hollered: 'Hullo Parson!' I went across, and they asked me to preach, saying this was the biggest crowd I'd ever have an opportunity to talk to in Brackett. I said: 'Gentlemen, preaching is my business, but I always make it a rule before beginning to take up a collection Fifty cents is the regular donation.' Taking off my hat I started around. All that I presented the hat to threw in 50 cents until I came to a young gambler. He looked at the hat, shook his head, saying, 'Parson, I'd like to chip in, but I'm busted.' I got more money in that place than any I have been in. Holding services at a place one time I took up a collection for the support of missions. There was a poor old lady present who I noticed dropped a five-dollar gold piece in the hat. I knew she was very poor and not able to afford so much, and thought she had intended to throw in a quarter, but made a mistake. So next day I met her husband and said to him: 'Look here, your wife put a five dollar gold piece in the hat yesterday. I think she must have made a mistake.' 'No, no,' he replied, 'my wife didn't make no mistake. She don't fling often, but let me tell you, when she flings the flings.'"

The Lady and the Raven.

One of our literary celebrities, happening not long ago to visit a lady of his acquaintance, found her engaged in watching with great interest the freaks of a tame raven hopping about the room. "Come and see my purchase," she said. "I bought him yesterday." "In memory of Edgar Poe?" he asked. "No," she replied; "you'll never guess why," "I give it up." "Well, then, I was told that ravens live 300 years, so I thought I would buy one just to satisfy myself whether they did or not."

Passenger—"Here, porter, take this thing away." Sleeping Car Porter—"Why, sah, that's a pillow." "A pillow! This little thing?" "Why, yes, sah. What did you 'spect it was?" "I thought it was a poultice."

"The tied comes in," remarked the hotel clerk, as two newly married couples came blushingly forward and registered under the full glare of the Brazilian diamond.

Harry and James Garfield are Seniors at Williams College.

death of the attitudes of life, and of the facial expression, does not depend upon the sudden appearance of what is called cadaveric or post-mortem rigidity, but upon the production of a vital act of rigidity or tonic contraction, like the fixed spasm that we often aee in hysterical or paralytic persons. 2. A number of causes of death, acting without the ordinary agony, may produce that strange phenomenon which is characterized by a persistence after death of the attitude and facial expression that existed at the moment of the last sigh.

To obtain aluminum, the *Chemiker Zeitung* says, ferrosilicium is mixed with fluoride of aluminum in equal proportions, and the mixture brought to a fusing heat. The materials decompose each other, and volatile fluosilicium is produced, with iron and aluminum alloyed together. To extract the vnluable aluminum a copper alloy is formed by melting the iron alloy with metallic copper and by reason of the greater affinity of the copper for aluminum this is attained, leaving only a slight residue of aluminum with the iron. When the fused mass is cold, copper bronze and iron have so settled that both bodies can be easily separated. Instead of the pure fluoride of aluminum the chloride may be used when chlorsilicum and iron aluminum alloy will be formed.

A Clever Commander.

Some amusing details are gradually coming to light in regard to the recent revolt of the female convicts in the prison of Alcala, in Spain. They drove out all the guards and took complete possession of the place, which they barricaded and guarded day and night. They had an ample supply of provisions, and when the troops arrived to capture the prison the women jeered them through the windows and pelted them with bread and vegetables from their abundant supply. The officer in charge of the expedition against these viragoes found himself in a bad fix. For eight days he did not know what to do. To use artillery against the young ladies was out of the question, and to get into the prison without smashing down the walls seemed impossible.

Every day telegrams from Madrid were poured upon the unfortunate old commander, giving him instructions. But all these instructions were far easier to give than to execute. At last he conceived a brilliant idea. He gathered together a band of the best looking soldiers in his command, made them shave, wax their moustaches, and put on their gayest uniforms. Then he sent them with a flag of truce to the Amazons. The handsome fellows were at once admitted, but were not allowed to return; in fact, they did not want them to get back, and it was part of the commander's plan of campaign to have them captured. In a very short time these military prisoners spread disunion and mutiny among the Amazons and then the place was easily taken

A Narrow Escape.

Cannibal King (to missionary)—I think the best thing that I can do is to eat you.

Missionary (in earnest protest)—I do not agree with you, sir.

Cannibal King—Well, I musn't eat anything that doesn't agree with me!

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils,

Class, Varnish, Stoves,

Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices,

GO TO

R. G. WRIGHT'S,

26 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 10, 1884.

WHY SIR JOHN HAS GONE TO ENGLAND.

The sensation of the week has been the mysterious departure of Sir John Macdonald on Tuesday last for England. None of his friends seemed to know beforehand of his intention nor the object of his going, and he himself when interviewed by a Montreal reporter could give no better reason than that he wanted a little sea air and rest. Sir John may induce people in other parts of the Dominion to believe the trip is for health and semi-official business, but he cannot by any such pretences lead astray the people of Lennox who know the ins and outs of his campaign in this county in 1882.

The main object of Sir John Macdonald's hasty departure—no matter what the other reasons may have been—was to avoid the subpœna which he knows has been taken out to secure his evidence in the cross-petition against Mr. M. W. Pruyn, to be tried here on the 11th of next month. He well knows that his relations with Mr. Pruyn in that campaign will be investigated, and to thwart the exposure that might result he has resorted to his favorite old trick of keeping out of the way. This trick worked well for him in his celebrated trial in Kingston, when all that saved him from disqualification was the securing of Sir Alexander Campbell's withdrawal from the country until after the trial. Sir Alexander saved him them; probably Sir John now thinks that his "withdrawal" will save Mr. Pruyn. But that remains to be seen.

What have the people who have been yelling themselves hoarse about Mr. Hawley's absence got to say now? If it was a great sin in Mr. Hawley to go away four few days on a visit to some friends

BURNING OF THE WINDSOR HOTEL KINGSTON.

Many Narrow Escapes—A Costly Conflagration.

Shortly before three Monday morning a fire broke out in the kitchen of the Windsor Hotel, a building situated in the rear of the main building. The flames spread rapidly, and but a short time elapsed before the back of the main building was on fire and the whole building filled with dense smoke. There was quite a large number of transient guests and boarders in the house. They were aroused as quickly as possible, and all escaped, but in most instances lost all their effects, some of them not even saving personal apparel. Those sleeping on the fourth floor had much difficulty in getting out. Geo. McMahon, of the G. N. W. Telegraph Company's office, jumped from a third story window and was severely hurt. The firemen were early on hand, and both steam engines were put into service, but the fire had much rapid headway and there was no hopes of saving the hotel. The firemen turned their attention to saving the adjoining property. By four o'clock the whole structure was in ruins. No furniture was saved.

When the fire commenced rain descended in torrents, and this kept the fire from spreading. Never in the history of Kingston were there so many miraculous escapes. The heroic conduct of Henry O'Brien, brother of the proprietor, and young Blanche Meyers require special mention. The former went to the assistance of Mary McManus, Kate Thomas and Mary Walker, and dragged them to a window on the fourth story, where they slept. They refused to go out, but Henry put his arm around the waist of each, and in turn placed them on the fire escape, and they reached the ground in safety. Blanche Meyers seized an ulster and made for the stairs. She met Thomas O'Brien on the landing almost suffocated, and put the ulster over him and brought him to the stairs, when he got out safely. Blanche then got on the bannisters and slid from landing to landing. Martin O'Brien, the proprietor's wife and two children escaped in their night-clothes, losing their way twice in the smoke. All the inmates lost everything. Rhoda Wagar, the cook, rushed through the flames and received such severe burns about the head, arms, hands and feet that she was sent to the hospital. Annie Woods received bad burns about the head while trying to escape Geo. McMahon, telegraph operator, while jumping from a window, got caught on the sill by his suspender, and he dangled in the air, struggling violently. He fell thirty-five feet, injuring himself in several places, but not fatally. A thief stole a pair of pants which he drew out of the window, containing $75. The following escaped in their night clothes:—Prof. McDonald, wife and two children; M. O'Brien, wife and two children; Thos. and Henry O'Brien, G. McMahon; J. H. Morton, Port Hope; W. H. Weston, Brantford; M. B. Parsons, Detroit; M. J. Dickson, Brockville; F. Hislap, medical student; Capt. E. B. Estes, Miss Clow, of Napanee, carried out insensible; M. A. Whting, H. W. Hinch, Binghampton; C. Barrett, millinery samples, carried out insensible; Z. Davis, Montreal; De La Hooke had a very narrow escape, losing his way in the hall; Frank Conway, H. Crothers, of Bath. All the guests and boarders lost their watches. Mr. O'Brien's loss is $12,000, insured for $5,000; B. M. Britton owned the building, insured for $10,500 and $3,600 on furniture; Geo. Sarsfield, boots and shoes, loss $2,000; insured for $1,000; J Franklin, flour dealer, loss $2,000; insured for $475. The Singer Sewing Machine office, Oddfellows' hall, School Board rooms and G. B. Wilkinson's store

Napanee, showed the Singer sewing machine.

The ladies' department, though containing many handsome articles, was not very well supported. The show, on the whole, was inferior, and the county should make an effort next year to redeem its reputation. Following is the

PRIZE LIST:

HORSES.—Judges.—John Johnston, R. N Switzer, John Freeborne. Stallion—J Sigsworth, Moses Spafford, Geo Fralick. Three-year-old stallion—Nelson Williams. Brood mare and colt—M C Shorey, J Youmans, A V Price. Span farm horses—M Storms, J Paul, John Wood. Carriage horses—W J Delmage, B Simkins, E Hinch. Single horse—Wm Dunn, J Allan, M Shannon. Three-year-old colt—A Walker, J Allan, J Clancy. Two-year-old colt—J Wood, M Storms, F Shutler. Fastest trotting horse—A Clancy, H Paul, Homer Miles. Fastest trotting team—J Paul, W J Delmage, A Clancy.

CATTLE.—Judges.—John Allan, Wm E Bell, W Crabb. Aged bull—W Nugent, A Walker. Two-year-old bull—R Nugent, Wm Whelan, F Shelter. Yearling bull—R Fee, A V Price. Cow—R Fee, R Nugent, A V Price. Two-year-old heifer—R Fee, H Neely, R Nugent. Yearling heifer—R Fee, R Nugent, E Jones. Working oxen—Wm McGill, J Youmans, A Walker. Bull calf—R Fee, A V Price, Wm Nugent. Heifer calf—R Fee, R Nugent, E Hawkins.

SHEEP.—Judges.—L H Stover, J Forsyth, Geo Denison. Coarse wool aged ram—Wm Nugent, M C Shorey, E Hawkins. Shearling ram—M C Shorey E Hawkins, Wm Nugent. Ram lamb—Wm Nugent, F Shetler, E Hawkins. Shearling ewe—E Hawkins, A Walker, Wm Nugent. Ewe, two shears—Wm Nugent, A Walker, M C Shorey. Ewe lamb—Wm Nugent, A Walker, E Hawkins. Fine wool ram—A V Price, E Hawkins, J Paul. Ram lamb—J Paul, E Hawkins, J Walker. Ewe—E Hawkins, J Paul, A V Price. Ewe lamb—E Hawkins, J Walker, J Paul.

PIGS AND POULTRY.—Judges.—Wm Lucas, H W Casey. Boar—Benson Buck. Breeding sow—J B Aylesworth, E Hawkins, T Scott. Boar pig—J B Aylesworth, J Allan, E Hawkins. Sow pig—J Allan, J B Aylesworth, Anson Aylesworth. Geese—F Shetler, J Allan. Large fowls—Wm Nugent. Polands—Anson Aylesworth. Plymouth Rock—J B Aylesworth, J W Courtney. Leghorn—J B Aylesworth, A V Price. Ducks—A V Price, John Allan.

GRAIN.—Judges.—J W Bell, Harvey Lake, G Harkness. Fall wheat—S W Wood, J Byrnes, John Wood, J B Aylesworth. Rye—J B Aylesworth, Anson Aylesworth, S W Wood, John Wood. Spring wheat—J Byrnes, Wesley Potter, Nelson Williams. Corn—A V Price, J B Aylesworth, D W Lucas, Henry Kerr. Peas—Benson Buck, J B Aylesworth, Anson Aylesworth, Wesley Potter. Barley—J Wood. M Spafford, B Buck, S Wood. Oats—Adam Amey, S Wood, J Wood, J B Aylesworth. Buckwheat—J Wood, S Wood, R Nugent. Timothy seed—M Storms, R Fee, M Spafford. Clover seed—B Buck, R Nugent. Beans—A V Price, Wesley Potter, R Nugent.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.—Judges.—H A Baker, Jas L Miller. Potatoes—D W Lucas, A V Price, W Potter. Sweed Turnips—J Forsyth sen, J Forsyth jun, N Williams. Field Turnips—J Forsyth sen, J Forsyth jun, R Fee. Carrots—R Fee, J Forsyth, sen, J Forsyth jun. Mangolds—J Forsyth sen, J Forsyth jun, R Fee. Beets—M Storms, A V Price, W Potter. Onions—N Williams, W Potter, A V Price. Cabbage—E Hinch, J Clancy, N Williams. Table Apples—T Scott, M Storms, A Clancy. Winter Apples—R Fee, T Scott, M Storms. Pears—M C Shorey. Pumpkins—J B Aylsworth, A V Price, J Forsyth jun. Squash—J Farley, B Buck, W Nugent. Citrons—N Williams, T Scott, T Shelter. Tomatoes—A Clancy, J Moore, M C Shorey. Grapes—E O Lanfear, T Scott.

DAIRY AND DOMESTIC.—Judges.—J E Gunsolus, James Keely, H N Williams. Butter—R Nugent, R Fee, W Potter. Cheese—J Byrnes, Wm Whelan, Wm Nugent, E Hinch, J Allen. Honey—J Jackson, M Storms, J B Aylesworth. Sugar—M Shannon, Stover Clark, D W Lucas. Bread—J B Aylesworth, J Moore, M C Shorey. Woolen shawl—E Jones, E Hawkins. Wool carpet—M Spafford, W Potter, Silas Johnston.

FINE ARTS AND LADIES' WORK.—Mrs J E Guensolus, Mrs L H Stover, B Mc Aylesworth. Coverlet—B Buck, A Walker, M Storms. Quilt—M Spafford, W Potter, M Storms. Knit bed spread—R Nugent, E Jones, J Forsyth jun. Log-cabin quilt—R Nugent, B Buck, E Hinch. Stockings—R Nugent, A Amey, J B Aylesworth. Socks—R Nugent, A Amey, J B Aylsworth. Mittens—R Nugent, D W Lucas. Oil painting—J Jackson. Wax Fruit—T Scott, J C Wells. Wax Flowers—J C Wells, T Scott. Medley Picture—T Scott, W Courtney. Hair Flowers—E Hawkins, T Scott. Berlin Wool Work—J W Courtney, J Paul, E Hinch. Crochet Work—J Forsyth sen, S Wood, W Potter. Home-

yelling themselves hoarse about Mr. Hawley's absence got to say now? If it was a great sin in Mr. Hawley to go away for a few days on a visit to some friends while a writ was out against him in an election protest, when there was recourse to substitution of service, what have they to say of their adored leader running away on the eve of an election trial to avoid giving evidence? Will they defend such a proceeding? It is more than probable that they will. Nothing that Sir John Macdonald can now do will disgust them. They have become so accustomed to condoning outrages he has perpetrated against the state and the law that they can go to any extreme now.

It is not unlikely that an application will be made to have the trial postponed until the Premier's return, as with such an important witness out of the way full justice could not be done in the case.

OBITUARY.

The Late Rev. Nathan F. Perry.

Died, at St. Albans, N.Y., on Wednesday, 17th September, Rev. Nathan F. Perry, son of W. R. Perry, Esq., of Violet, after an illness of only ten days. The Rev. gentleman contracted a cold at a camp meeting which brought on congestion of the lungs and an attack of heart disease, to which latter disease he was subject. Appropriate services were held at St. Albans, after which his remains were removed to Ludlow, where he first labored, and interred in the cemetery there. The deceased was born at Violet on the 13th October, 1840, and was converted under the labors and preachings of the Rev. Father Taylor, in the school house at Violet. His father was anxious that he should become a land surveyor and consequently sent him to Victoria College, Cobourg, but this did not seem to be the bent of his mind. At a camp meeting held on the old Ebenezer Camp Meeting Ground, under the superintendency of the Rev. James Gray, he there decided to take the work of the ministry. The following summer he went to visit his sister then living in New York State. The presiding elder persuaded him to take work, and there he preached his first sermon. He then concluded to go to Boston Theological Seminary. In the vacation he was sent to a town called Ludlow to preach. The following summer the congregation at Ludlow petitioned the conference then assembled to send him there as their pastor, which request was granted. His labors were crowned and blessed by a gracious revival, and the erection of a large and beautiful church with his name inscribed in large letters on one of the front windows and a life-size portrait hanging near the pulpit. He afterwards labored for thirteen years for his Master, with great success. His last place of work was at St. Albans, N.Y.

A memorial service was held on Sunday, the 28th Sept., in the church at Violet when a very appropriate sermon was delivered by the Superintendent of the Wilton Circuit, Rev. George Robinson, from the words "For me to live is Christ, but to die is gain." A large number of relatives and acquaintances assembled to pay the last tribute of respect to one so dearly loved.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its active power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

$1,000; J Franklin, flour dealer, loss $2,000; insured for $475. The Singer Sewing Machine office, Oddfellows' hall, School Board rooms and G. B. Wilkinson's store were also damaged. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is believed to have been caused by leaking gas coming in contact with a kitchen stove.

ADDINGTON FALL SHOW.

Not up to the Standard of Former Years.

The weather of Saturday was not favorable to a large exhibit or to a large attendance at the Addington fall show, held at Newburgh. It rained in the morning, and during the day there were lowering clowds, with occasional showers. This, together with the rule adopted by the directors, excluding any persons except residents of the electoral division from exhibiting, rendered the show inferior to those of former years. The outside exhibits were, apart from the carriages and horses, very small. In cattle the only animals worthy of particular mention were three yoke of oxen, owned respectively by Messrs. McGill, Walker and Youmans, of Camden, and they were really first-class animals. There was a fair show of sheep, but not nearly as good as last year, when the Ernesttown breeders exhibited. They were mainly Leicesters and Southdowns. The exhibit of swine was small, only two or three pens being occupied. Several fine carriage horses, single and double, were shown and their movements in the ring were the most interesting feature of the day. The show of carriages was the finest we have ever seen at a county exhibition. Mr. Finkle, of Newburgh, showed fifteen rigs—comprising a 3-seated covered carriage, a 2-seated carriage, 1 open and top phaeton, 3 top buggies, 2 open buggies, 3 market wagons, a covered market wagon and two cutters. The design of each rig was elegant and the workmanship superior. The 3-seated covered carriage attracted particular attention and deserved all the praise bestowed on it. Mr. Finkle was a large prize-winner. The next largest display was made by Bertrim Bros., of Harrowsmith, who carried off the honors at the Kingston Central. They showed 2 top buggies, 1 open buggy, a covered phaeton, a 2-seated top carriage, a 2-seated market wagon and a lumber wagon. The workmanship and material were superior, while the painting was exceptionally good. They carried off several prizes. Messrs. Burdette & McKim, of Newburgh, were also exhibitors in this class—showing 3 top buggies and a 2-seated market wagon, all of a high order. Mr. Thos. Scott, of Newburgh, showed two cutters. In agricultural implements Messrs. Stickney & Co., were the sole exhibitors. They showed their well-known "Improved Victor" and "Victor" reapers. The former has the new feather head, and the driver from the seat controls the knives, lowering apparatus and rakes. Both machines are so well known that they reduire no "puffing." They also showed a New Model Mower and a Corn Cultivator. Messrs. Connolly & Son of Yarker, showed their celebrated plows, and of course carried off the honors.

The inside display was up to the average. In roots and vegetables there was a good showing, but fruits were not up to the standard. The two setts of harness—one in gold and rubber and the other in nickle—which took the prizes, were both manufactured by Mr. G. W. Goodwin, of Napanee, and were of a superior quality. A fine display of stoves was made by Mr. Miles Caton, of Newburgh, who sells all the leading makes, including Powell & Jones, Smith's Falls, Stewart Manufacturing Co., of Brockville, Mann & Co., of Kingston, Hunt & Smith, Belleville and McClary, of London. The Newburgh tannery made a fine display of leathers, and Mr. Mr. J. N. McCeary, of

Wax Flowers—J C Wells, [illegible]. Picture—T Scott, W Courtney. Hair Flowers—E Hawkins, T Scott. Berlin Wool Work—J W Courtney, J Paul, E Hinch. Crochet Work—J Forsyth sen. S Wood, W Potter, Home-made Rug—R Nugent, W Potter, W Nugent. Feather Flowers—E Hawkins, T Scott. Feather Wreath—E Hawkins. Cone Work—E O Lanfear, T Scott. Stuffed Birds, J C Wells.

MANUFACTURES.—Judges.—B S O'Loughlin, A Wilde. Phaeton—G H Finkle, J W Bertram. Two-Horse Carriage—J W Bertram, C H Finkle. Special prize to Henry Finkle for large carriage. Top Buggy—J W Bertram, C H Finkle, Burdett & McKim. Open Buggy—H Finkle, J W Bertram. Cutter—C H Finkle, T Scott, H Finkle. Carriage Harness—M Storms. Single Harness—M Shannon, J Jackson, J C Wells. Upper Leather—J W Courtney. Calf Skin—J W Courtney. Pebble Leather—J W Courtney. Wheat Flour—R Nugent, Hooper & Percy, W Nugent. Buckwheat Flour—Hooper & Percy, R Nugent. Corn Meal—Hooper & Percy. J B Aylesworth. Pot Barley—Hooper & Percy. Fruit Dryer—T Scott. Horse Shoes—T Scott, E O Lanfear, J Byrnes. Bee-hive—J Jackson, T Scott. Window Blind—M Storms. Pannel Door—E Jones. Hubs, Spokes, Measures—E W Benjamin.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.—Judges.—B Asselstine, S Rockwell, Henry Counter. Plow—Connolly & Son, J C Connolly, Wm Nugent. Harrow—J Clancy, T Scott, J Farley. Hook-tooth Harrow—J Farley, R Fee. Field Cultivator—R Nugent, Wm Nugent. Corn Cultivator—Stickney & Co, W Nugent, T Scott. Lumber Wagon—J W Bertram, S Wood, W J Delmage. Market Wagon, double—J W Bertram, R Fee, H Finkle. Market Wagon, single—C H Finkle, H Finkle. Lumber Harness—J C Wells, E O Lanfear. Barley Fork—M Storms. Mower—Stickney & Co. Reaper—Stickney & Co. Seed Drill—W J Delmage. Pump—W and F Wartman. Land Roller—E Jones.

An Ex-Alderman Tried It.

Ex-Alderman Taylor of Toronto tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil for rheumatism. It cured him after all other remedies had failed.

——"Why; what's the matter?"

Lady—(with face envelloped in roll of hot cloths)—"Oh! I'm crazy with that Neuralgia that continually troubles me."

——"Well, how foolish! Why don't you go to Grange's or Huffman's drug store, Napanee, or Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth, and get a bottle of Fluid lightning? It cured me in less than one minute. I always keep a bottle in the house. It only costs 25cents.

—Costiveness is the cause of the intolerable "bad breath" of multitudes. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters remove the cause and prevent the evil, and cost only 25 cents.

A Cure for Cholera Morbus.

A positive cure for this dangerous complaint, and for all acute or chronic forms of bowel complaint incident to summer and fall, is found in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry; to be procured from any druggist.

—If you should be so unfortunate as to burn, scald or wound yourself in any way, the proper thing to keep clean and heal it is McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price 25 cents at Huffman's or Grange's drug store, Napanee, or Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth. What they sell is genuine.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of Ontario Statute 43 Victoria, Chapter 67, and amending Acts, and a resolution passed at a meeting of the Provisional Directors of the

Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway Company,

held in the city of Toronto, on the thirteenth day of September A.D., 1884, that the Stock Books of the said The Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway Company will be formally

Opened for the Purpose of Receiving Subscriptions for Stock

in the said Company, at the offices of the Company, 18 Court Street, in the city of Toronto, in the county of York and Province of Ontario, on

SATURDAY, NOV. 1st, 1884,

at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1884.

JOHN LEYS,
Solicitor for the said Company

CARD OF THANKS

FROM

P. SLAVEN & CO.

HUNDREDS OF LADIES

Visited our Show-rooms last Saturday and also on County Show day, and all expressed their delight with the grand display we have made this year of

Millinery, Mantles, Mantle Ornaments,

Mantle Cloths, Shawls,

DRESS SILKS, VELVETS, PLUSHES,

&C., &C., &C.

We beg leave to thank those ladies for their kind attendance and also for the many compliments we received from them, and assure them that we shall do all that can be done to place before them the newest and best goods at the lowest prices. We are showing this week a very large assortment of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERCLOTHING

in Merino, all wool Vests, Drawers and the Combination Suits. These suits are, as the name implies, a pair of Drawers and Vest made into one garment, and are the best protection from colds that any person can wear.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

NEW FALL GOODS!

—AT—

DOWNEY & CO.'S

We are now showing a full stock of new and desirable goods. This week we desire to call attention particularly to our stock of DRESS GOODS. The Latest and most Stylish Goods procurable; also PLUSHES and PLUSH TRIMMINGS in all the new fancy designs to match. Our CHECKED CHEVIOTS and OTTOMAN CORDS, Plain and Fancy, Cloths in all the new shades for Mantles, Wraps and Dolmans are complete and attract the attention of every one.

As we make it a study to procure trimmings to match the goods we buy, customers leaving their orders with us cannot help but be well pleased with the very choice goods we are now showing, as dress material and trimmings match perfectly.

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is now full of the most stylish and handsome goods in Suitings, Coatings and Pantings

OUR TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is now full of the most stylish and handsome goods in Suitings, Coatings and Pantings. They are only to be seen to be admired. Prices are the lowest we have ever quoted.

STAPLES--Our stock of Grey Cottons is immense, and at the lowest prices ever offered, only 4c. per yard; also a full stock of Striped Shirtings, Tickings, White Cottons, etc., at bottom prices.

GLOVES and HOSIERY--A large and full stock of all the newest goods.

DOWNEY & CO.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received until

Monday, the 13th of October,

for repairing the inside of the Methodist Church and building an addition to same, 20 x 32 on Bridge-st., in the village of Tamworth.

Plans and specifications can be seen at D. E. Rose's drug store, Tamworth.

The lowest or any tender not necessary accepted.

Tamworth, Sept. 23rd, 1884. 46-2

CO-OPERATIVE WAREHOUSING CO., OF NAPANEE.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Co-Operative Warehousing Company, will be held in the

TOWN HALL, NAPANEE.

—ON—

SATURDAY, OCT. 11,

AT 1 O'CLOCK, SHARP,

to receive Mr. McArthur's report of the late treasurer's accounts and of the affairs of the company, and for considering, if necessary, the advisability of selling the property and winding up the business; also, for considering certain resolutions prejudicial to the interests of the stockholders in obtaining the highest prices for their grain, and for any other business deemed necessary.

As this is a very important meeting, we hope every stockholder will be present promptly at the hour named.

By order of the Board,

JAMES DALY, Manager.

Napanee, Sept. 25, 1884.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

As the lease of our Foundry and Machine Shop expires on the 1st of November next, we are offering at cost our stock of

PLOWS, PLOW-SHARES

—AND—

Thimble Wagon-Skeins,

Besides a general stock of repairs for

THRESHING MACHINES

PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, ROLLERS,

and almost all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

also, one nearly new

P.R.Dederick's Iron Lined Hay Presses

size of bale, 14 x 18; cost $500, will sell for $250;

ONE SEVEN-HORSE POWER ENGINE,

nearly new and in perfect order; also,

THREE BOX STOVES,

Lioness Pattern; 4-foot wood.

PRINGLE & Co.

Napanee, August 26th, 1884.

FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

A. ROSE & CO. keep a full line of Lustre and Linen Coats and Dusters, Fancy and Common Straw Hats, suitable for this hot and dusty weather.

Their Ready Made Clothing trade is booming this week, having sold double the quantity expected.

NEW SUITS ORDERED EVERY WEEK.

Our $17 Suits are the Best Value in Town.

COME TO US FOR ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING, EITHER ORDERED OR READY MADE

A. ROSE & CO.

Just Received by

J. F. WHELAN & CO.

A CHOICE LOT OF FINE FLOUR, WHICH WE WILL OFFER AT WHOLESALE PRICES, VIZ.:

A very fine quality of family flour at $2.40 per cwt.; Rathbun's No. 1 S. B. flour, only $2.65 per cwt.; an extra fine quality in western flour, only $2.70 per cwt., (no charges for bags), also all grades varying in price from $2.40 to $2.60 per cwt.

WE ARE ALSO GIVING REMARKABLE VALUES IN TEAS AND SUGARS.

19 lbs. good quality refined sugar, $1.00,
17 lbs. good quality, Porto Rico Sugar, $1.00,
16 lbs. extra fine quality Porto Rico Sugar, $1.00,
No 1 Standard Granulated Sugar, only 8 cents per lb.,
14 lbs. White Crushed Sugar, $1.00.

No. 1 Napoleon Tobacco, 8 plugs to the lb., only 40c. We have just opened an extra fine quality of 50c. Japan Tea which will be offered at 45c. per lb., or 5 lbs. for $2.00; a good quality in Japan Tea Siftings and Young Hyson Teas at 20c. per lb., or 5 lbs for $1.00, also an extra fine quality in Japan Tea Siftings and Young Hyson Teas at 25c. per lb., or 5 lbs. for $1.00, and in everything else you will find we make bottom prices a specialty.

☞ YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED. J. F. WHELAN & CO

TAKE NOTICE

That now is the time for any one wanting bargains to call on C. CUMMINS.

Men's Tweed Suits for $6.00, worth $8.00, such as the Napanee firms are selling for $8.00 with a fifty cent watch thrown in. You can get a half bushel of watches for the $2 that you will save by buying from us. Our selection of Merry Boys and Juvenile OVERCOATS is not surpassed by any house in the County, neither is our stock of BOOTS and SHOES. Our expenses are small and we will give the benefit to our customers by giving them goods at prices that cannot be beaten.

You ought to see the yards wide COTTON that we are giving twenty yards of for One Dollar.

Cretonnes for 12½, 15 and 20 cents per yard, such as have been offered to the public before. Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' Jackets and Ulsters ready made. also Cloakings and Mantle Goods with Button and Fur Trimmings to match. We have a splendid assortment of those goods which we will offer at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Young men you should see our stock of Nobby Tweeds and all fits are guaranteed, and we can save you Two Dollars any time you call by buying your Fall and Winter Suit from us.

C. CUMMINS. Bath

COUNTY NEWS.

Selby.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The former M. E. Church and parsonage were sold by the trustees on the 6th of this month. The church was sold to the Township of Richmond for the sum of $1,200, to be used as a Town Hall. W. H. Hazard, Esq., bought the parsonage for his future residence.

—The Methodist soiree and concert, last week, at Selby, was not very largely patronized, although the programme was full and of a most excellent character.

—We are glad to chronicle the improvement of Mrs. John McKim.

Emerald.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mrs. Richard Hitchins is very ill and her recovery is doubtful.

—Mrs. Kelly has not yet returned home, and her sister, Mrs. O'Hanlon, of Adolphustown, is visiting with Miss Mary O'Drain.

—Rev. Father McWilliams has been on the Island this week.

—Mr. John O'Drain had a stalk of peas measuring thirteen and a-half feet in height.

—Mr. Thomas Polly, of Stella, is rebuilding after the burning affair. We sincerely hope that such an accident will not occur again.

—Mr. Henry Flemming is ill again, being confined to his bed.

—Messrs. Burke and Howard have arrived home from the west. Look out for tall fish stories.

—Will the Belle of Stella not deign to accept the challenge of the Amherst Belle? I guess not. Well then, the Amherst Belle is still champion of these waters, and I guess always will be.

Shannonville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

FALL SHOW.—Our township show was held in Shannonville on Saturday last and was up to the average standard, and in many respects surpassed it. The morning opened clear and promising, but to the weather-wise there were certain indications of approaching rain and in the afternoon it came in teeming and abundant showers. The people had chiefly gathered before the rain came, so that it did not perceptably affect the attendance, but it marred the enjoyment of the day. There were 430 entries, quite an increase over last year, and many of the exhibits showed a spirit of amulation and enterprise, espeeially among the farming community. The young stock, both of horses and cattle were, specially good, and afforded evidence that special care had been given to the improvement of stock within the last few years. Much of the stock exhibited was so nearly equal in value that the labor of the judges had to be especially discriminate and onerous, but the result on the whole was generally satisfactory. When the chief purpose of such shows is to excite a spirit of healthy rivalry, it seemed a pity that in so many departments there was only a single exhibitor so that he had only to sweep the course. For example, it appears to an outsider, not specially creditable to the enterprise of Shannonville that all the prizes for harness-making and buggies should be carried off by Lonsdale. It was, I suppose, a foregone conclusion that Mr. Martin would scarcely have a successful rival in his fine exhibit of poultry, as in more imposing exhibitions he can scarcely be beat. It is said that at the late Central show, at Kingston, Mr. Martin carried off $49 as prizes for his magnificent show of poultry. Not so bad, that, for Tyendinaga. The day was not permitted to come to a close without some deplorable cases of brawling and drunkenness, in one case ending in a serious stabbing affray.

STABBING AFFRAY.—It appears that some young men unwisely provoked a Mohawk who was under the influence of liquor and he finally thrust out recklessly with a knife and stabbed one of them in several places, but nothing serious is likely to result from it, and very little sympathy is shown. It is

(Continued from first page.)

CLASS XIII.—POULTRY. Judge. Peter Johnston, James Meyers and James McLeod. Pair geese. 1 R G Martin 2 F. W. Creighton 3 T. W. Anderson. Pair ducks. 1 Wesley Dawson 2 F. W. Creighton 3 F Vandebogart. Trio dark Brahmas. 1 R G Martin. Trio Plymouth Rocks. 1 R G Martin 2 Webster & Boyes 3 R Perry. Trio white leghorns. 1 R G Martin 2 Webster & Boyes 3 Wesley Dawson. Brown leghorns. 1 R G Martin 2 Geo N Huff. Polands. 1 R G Martin. Hamburgs. 1 R G Martin. Black Spanish. 1 Webster & Boyes. Houdans. 1 R G Martin. Buff Cochins. 1 R. G. Martin. Light brahmas. R. G. Martin. Game. 2 Dan Henwood. 3 R G Martin. partridge cochins. R G Martin.

CLASS XIV.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. Judges. John Allen, F Van Luven and A V Price. Plough. 1 Connolly & Son 2 Patterson & Bro 3 D E Howatt. Gang plough. 1 John Herring. 2 G Tugwell 3 Boyle & Son. 2-horse pleasure carriage. 1 F W Adams 2 Bertrim Bros 3 Finkle & Son. Phaeton. 1 R J Wales 2 Bertrim Bros 3 G W Robinson. Covered buggy 1 F W Adams 2 David Ash 3 Bertrim Bros. Combined reaper and mower 1 John Herring. Single mower 1 John Herring 2 Birrell & Phalen. Single reaper. 1 John Herring 2 Stickney and Co 3 Birrell and Phalen. Cutter. G W Robinson 2 J W Brown 3 Finkle and Son. Harrows. 1 R J Wales. Fanning mill. 1 Isaac Paton 2 Geo Conway. Cultivator. 1 John Herring 2 Birrell and Phalen 3 G Tugwell. Horse rake. 1 John Herring 2 J W Mann Co 3 G Tugwell. Horse fork and car. 1 E Lazier 2 Chas Graham 3 Birrell and Phalen. Double market wagon. 1 Bertrim Bros 2 Joy and Sons 3 W G Robinson. lumber wagon 1 F W Adams 2 R J wales 3 Joy and sons. Straw cutter. O L Herring 2 John Herring. Highly recommended—coupe, village cart, pony cart and child's sleigh G W Robinson.

JUDGES.—J B Aylsworth, H Finkle and N Lapum. Family sewing machine, J N McReary, Sewing machine, manufacturing purposes, J N McReary. horse shoes. 1 Ezra Pringle 2 John Lowery 3 F W Adams. horse cultivator. 1 John Herring 2 G Tugwell 3 J M Denyes. sett parlor furniture. 1 John Gibbard. 2 W T Gibbard. sett bedroom furniture. 1 John Gibbard 2 W T Gibbard. sideboard. 1 John Gibbard 2 W T Gibbard. Improved cooking stoves. 1 Ed Boyer 2 Boyle and son. Parlor coal stove. 1 Boyle and son 2 Ed Boyer. Display of hardware H W Perry. seed drill. 1 Mann Manufacturing Co 2 Birrell and Phalen 3 Geo Conway. hand drill Israel Stewart. blinds, sash and doors S V Perry, beehive for outside wintering Allen Pringle. beehive for summer purposes Allen Pringle. honey extractor Allen Pringle. manufactured marble V Kouber. pump W and F Wartman 2 Geo Conway. Recommended—2-horse corn caltivator and potato digger G Tugwell; fine mantle Gibbard and Son.

CLASS XV—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS. Junges H Wilson, G Wright and chas Benjamin. spring wheat 1 Wesley Dawson 2 A Knight 3 James Madden. rye 2 J B Aylsworth 2 C Schryver. barley 1 Geo McDonald 2 James Madden 3 Robt Madden. small peas 1 James Madden 2 Robt Madden. large peas 1 J J Gardner 2 A Knight 3 R M Brisco. black oats 1 A Knight 2 Wesley Dawson 3 chas H Hawley. white oats 1 Robt Madden 2 R M Brisco 3 J B Aylsworth. yellow Indian corn 1 A Buck 2 J B Aylsworth 3 A H Allison. sweet corn for table 1 Fred Newman 2 T Timbrl e 3 A Knight. Indian corn, white, 1 E Sills 2 Robt Perry 3 A J Dunbar. timothy seed 1883 1 A Walker 2 A Knight 3 wesley Dawson. clover seed 1883 1 A Knight 2 J L P Gordanier 3 James Caton. winter wheat 1 Wesley Dawson 2 James Madden 3 W R Gordanier. potatoes early rose 1 G Vanalstine 2 Charles H Hawley 3 G P Wagar. potatoes any variety 1 Robt Perry 2 chas Doller 3 E Sills. best variety potatoes 1 T D Creighton 2 E Sills 3 T W Anderson. buckwheat 1 Jas Madden 2 A walker 3 James caton. beans 1 A Buck 2 James Madden 3 A J Dunbar.

CLASS XVI.—HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS.—Judges. B M Aylsworth, C R Allison and J L Wright. white cabbage 1 T Trimble 2 webster and Boyes 3 Joseph wiseman. red cabbage 1 J B Blanchard 2 E sills 3 T Trimble. Sweedish turnips 1 Israel stewart 2 G P Wagar 3 Robert Wiseman. globe mangolds 1 Wm Gordon 2 wm Gordon jr 3 W R Gordanier. pumpkins 1 N Solmes 2 Geo N Huff 3 G vanalstine. squash 1 N Solmes 2 E Sills 3 A J Dunbar. carrots w f 1 John C Carscallen 2 Wm Gordon 3 Joseph Wiseman. orange field carrots 1 Geo Fralick 2 A J Dunbar 3 Robt Wiseman. intermediate long carrots 1 Robt Samson 2 Wm Gordon jr 3 Wm Gordon. long red carrots for table 1 A Knight. heads cauliflower 1 T Trimble 2 Jas Wiseman 3 F Newman. onions 1 E sills 2 L H Stover 3 A Knight. white onions 2 E sills 2 T Trimble 3 J Wiseman. sugar beats 1 A Knight 2 T D Creighton 3 R Maddon. rooted beats 1 T D Creighton 2 F W Creighton 3 H Vankoughnet, mangold wortzels 1 W Gordon 2 W R Gordanier 3 Israel stewart. blood beats 1 L H Stover 2 T D Creighton 3 H Vankoughnet. table parsnips 1 Geo Fralick 2 webster and Boyes 3 E. Bartlett, photograph finished in crayon; special to Miss H. Grange, drawing, water-color on satin. The judges awarded special prizes for swifs to R H Baker.

COMMERCIAL.

The Local Market.

The price for barley can now be said to be fixed. The Bay barley, which a few years ago had the highest reputation in the Oswego market, this season ranks as No. 2, while in Toronto it is classed No. 3. The sole cause of its depreciation is its colour. The price in Toronto is 52c on board cars and in Napanee from 50c. to 55c., but only the best samples bring the latter figure. Dealers complain that the Canadian market has been paralyzed by the Scott Act agitation. Brewers positively refuse to lay in stocks until they know the result of the contests now pending. There is no doubt that this has a depressing effect on the home market, but, of course, it does not effect the American markets. Canadian barley now, however, finds a strong competitor in Western barley, which this year is better in color and weight than usual. On the whole, the outlook for higer prices is bad. Deliveries are increasing and already some five or six cargoes have been shipped from this port. The hop market is also very dull. Medium lots in Toronto only bring from 16c. to 18c. though choice are held higher.

The market of Saturday was quite large notwithstanding the rain. All kinds of produce were in brisk demand. Following are the quotations up to date :—

Napanee Market Prices.

Napanee, Oct. 3, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel		$0 60 to	$0 70
Spring wheat,	do	0 80	0 90
Barley,	do	0 50	0 55
Oats,	do	0 25	0 30
Peas,	do	0 00	0 55
Rye,	do	0 60	0 70
Onions,	do	1 00	0 00
do	per bag	0 40	0 50
Potatoes,	per bag	0 40	0 50
Flour, fall,	per 100 lbs	2 00	3 25
Flour, spring,	per 100 lbs	2 25	2 50
Corn		0 75	0 75
Butter per tub		0 16	0 18
Butter, per lb.		0 20	0 22
Cheese "		0 12½	0 12
Lard "		0 11	0 12
Tallow "		0 06	0 07
Musk Rats, lb		0 10	0 11
Beaver, per		1 50	1 60
Lamb per lb.		0 08	0 10
Mutton, per lb		0 07	0 09
Wool, per lb		0 16	0 00
Calfskins, per lb		0 08	0 10
Eggs per doz		0 14	0 15
Bacon, per 100 lbs		12 00	13 00
Mess pork		0 10	0 11
Beef hides		5 00	5 50
Deeken skins		0 40	0 50
Pelts		0 40	0 50
Lambskins		0 50	0 60
Bran per ton		14 00	15 00
Shorts "		20 00	20 00
Hay, "		8 00	9 00
Clover Hay per ton		4 00	5 00
Mink Skin		0 60	1 00
Fox "		0 50	1 00
Turkey		0 75	1 25
Cheese		0 50	0 75
Chickens		25	0 30

Cheese contracted for 11½

—Arnica & Oil Liniment is the best remedy known for stiff joints.

MARRIAGES.

MILLING—ARMITAGE.—At Tyendinaga, on Oct. 6, by the Rev. Thos. Cleworth, of Selby, Mr. Henry Milling, of Richmond, to Miss Jane Ann Armitage, of Tyendinaga.

DEATHS.

ROBINSON.—In Richmond on Oct. 3rd, Hamet H Robinson, aged 28 years.

WAGAR.—In North Fredericksburgh on Oct 3rd Hamet wagar, aged 52 years.

DREWRY.—In Napanee on Oct 8th Jennie May, infant daughter of Mr J C Drewry.

ALCOMBRACK.—In South Fredericksburgh on Oct 7th Maurice S, son of Mr J G Alcombrack, aged 2 years 1 month.

PERRY.—At St. Albans, N. Y., on Wednesday, Sept. 17, Rev. Nathan F. Perry, son of W. H. Perry, Esq., Napanee, aged 29 years.

but nothing serious is likely to result from it, and very little sympathy is shown. It is a pity that all bar-rooms are not shut by law on all fair days. Such scenes as were witnessed last Saturday on our streets would do more to hasten the enforcement of the Scott Act than a dozen temperance meetings.

CHURCH NOTES.—On Sabbath next the Hallelujah Band of Belleville, by special invitation, will hold their services in the Methodist church at Melrose. The Rev. James Curts, President of the Bay of Quinte conference, will preach on Sabbath next in the Spencer church, Thurlow, in the afternoon, and in Shannonville in the evening.

Newburgh.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Our show was a very poor one, considering that it was a county show. I have seen better townships shows by far. It was worse than last year's and that was thought to be poor, I don't wonder at the fact. There are only 70 odd members this year while there were 130 last year. It has hurt the show not leaving it open to Ernesttown. People seem to be dissatisfied with the way it is conducted. They say there is no fair play shown. They have the same old judges every year and there are a few in Addington who rule the whole business, all for popularity or packet, I don't know which There are things in the place that are shown year after year and never taken away but left there till the next year. People don't like that. If a change is not made Newburgh county show will run out. They get as much from government as any other county $700. Of course Lennox gets share of that, but why don't they try to compete with Lennox? Newburgh years ago had the best show in the counties.

—That big law suit that was to come off in Belleville between H. Paul and C. Thompson is settled. Charley gives Henry the water by putting a pipe under the ground to carry it into his celler, and each pays his own costs.

—Miss Sweet was married to Mr. Colden of Belleville, on Saturday at the parsonage by the Rev. Mr. Briden.

—James Sutton is siding up and painting a large mansion on Front street.

—James Daly is selling out his stock on his farm in this village.

—Henry Dunn is doing a good business at blacksmithing. Hank takes the lead at horse-shoeing and repairs.

—We had a death in our village last week—a child belonging to Mr. Harry Care. The funeral was well attended to the English Church burying ground at Clarks Mills.

—Our Presbyterian minister, the Rev. Mr. Pollock, left for Scotland on the 2nd inst. We wish him a safe journey. It is not known who takes his place yet.

—The largest crowd of people that has ever gone on the train since the railway started, passed down on Tuesday for the county show at Napanee.

—No quorum of the Council Monday night.

—Two bloods from Newburgh went to the county show and got so excited that they started home with another man's horse. Johnny followed them and caught up with them and traded horses; and then they did'nt have their own horse, so they took the rig back next morning to hunt up the owner and get their own.

—We have two photographers in Newburgh. Mr. Marshall A. Jackson takes the lead.

—There is another wedding talked of.

—Newburgh station (Mr. Barber) sold on Tuesday eighty-three tickets, Clark's Mills (Mr. Johnston) seven-eight, Napanee Mills (Mr. Flynn) sixty-four.

EYE OPEN.

Stover 2 T D Creighton 3 H Vankoughnet. table parsnips 1 Geo Fralick 2 webster and Boyes 3 Fred Newman. white celery 1 R N Lapum 2 Jas Wiseman 3 R wiseman. red celery 1 R wiseman 2 T Trimble 3 F Newman. best variety apples named 1 Fred Membery 2 R Perry 3 Jas Madden. winter apples named 1 G Vanalstine 2 J L P Gordanier 3 Wm Gordon. table appies 1 R H Baker 2 S K Miller 3 R Perry. peas 1 Webster and Boyes 2 R Madden 3 N solmes. grapes 1 J Gibbard 2 A Knight 3 W T Gibbard. red pepper 1 E sills 2 J Gibbard 3 webster and Boyes. tomatoes 1 J cook 2 W Nugent 3 E sills. citron 1 E sills 2 C M weese 3 A schell.

CLASS XVII.—DAIRY PRODUCTS.—Judges—L P Wood E Betts and John Hogle. Cheese. 1 W F Gerow 2 W R Dorn 3 J L P Gordinier 4 W Charters. Butter. 1 P Bristol 2 T D Creighton 3 D Dafoe 4 J R Doller. Home-made bread. 1 H Vankoughnet 2 R Wiseman 3 P Bristol. Baker's Bread. 1 S Files 2 J L P Gordinier. Maple sugar. 1 M Shannon 2 A Knight. Honey in comb. 1 Allen Pringle 2 J R Doller 3 J Langdon. Extracted honey. 1 J Langdon 2 Allen Pringle 3 A Knight. *Special* by Ontario Tea Co. 20 lbs Butter T D Creighton to 10 lbs P Bristol.

CLASS XVIII.—ARTS AND MANUFACTURES.—Judges—J J Watson W C Jenkins J Carson and W E Bell. Full Cloth. 1 A Knight 2 James Madden 3 J L P Gordinier, Canadian Tweed. 1 James Madden 2 J L P Gordinier 3 L and E Fretts. Tweed. 1 R Madden 2 R Perry 3 H Vankoughnet. Horseblankets. 1 K J Strong 2 J Carson 3 G W Goodwin. Coarse Boots. 1 T D Creighton 2 A D McRossie 3 A Rose and Co. Fine Boots. 1 A D McRossie 2 A Rose and Co. Coarse Boots and Shoes. 1 A D McRossie 2 A Rose and Co. Farming harness. 1 B Davis 2 F W Vandusen 3 K J Strong. Carriage harness. 1 J Waddell Kingston 2 T Trimble 3 K J Strong. Single harness. 1 K J Strong 2 F W Vandusen. Side upper leather. 1 W Nugent 2 E Haw. Side harness leather. 1 J Carson. Organ. W D Madden. Suit Canadian Tweed. 1 J F McAlister. Team Collars. 1 J Carson 2 K J Strong. A diploma recommended for his display of organs to E G Thomas and Co, Woodstock.

CLASS XIX.—LADIES' DEPARTMENT.—Judges.—Mrs. Peter Johnston, Mrs. C. H. Hawley and Mrs. B. Brisco. Home-made flannel, white. 1, J. L. P. Gordanier; 2, James Caton; 3 D. Dafoe. Colored flannel. 1, J L. P. Gordanier; 2, R. Perry; 3. Jas. Caton. Home-made blankets. 1, John Johnston; 2, H. Miles; 3, James Caton. Woolen carpet. 1, H. Miles; 2, R. M. Brisco. Rag carpet. 1, A. N. Hermance; 2, W. Gordon; 3, J. R. Doller. Hearth rug. 1. A. Knight; 2, W. Nugent; 3, J. M. Hawley. Stockings. 1, A. Knight; 2 R. Madden; 3, J. Johnston; Socks 1, Irvine Parks; 2. J. Johnston; 3, W. C. Davey & Son. Woolen Mittens. 1, R. Madden; 2, J. M. Denyes; 3, A. Knight. Home-made quilt. 1, Chas. Doller; 2, C. E. Bartlett; 3. J. L. P. Gordanier. Tuft quilt. 1, Thos. Empey; 2, C. M. Weese; 3, H. Miles. Knitted quilt. 1, E. Hawkins, 2, P. Bogart; 3, J. L. P. Gordanier. Crochet quilt. 1, J. Johnston; 2, James Cook. Silk quilt. 1, R. M. Brisco; 2, M. C. Davey & Son. Log cabin quilt. 1, R. M. Brisco; 2, A. Knight; 3. J. Cook. Home-made coverlet. 1, Geo. Fralick; 2, A. Walker; 3, C. M. Weese. Home-made shawl. 1, E. Vanalstine; 2, B. Davis, 3, C, M. Weese. Flower wreath. 1, E. Hawkins, Hair flowers. 1, E. Hawkins. Wax flowers. 1. John Gibbard; 2, J. N. Hough; 3, G. B. Joy. Berlin wool flowers. 1, W. F. Gerow; 2, A Walker. Wax fruit, 1, Chas. M. Weese; 2, Stephen Madden. Embroidery in muslin. 1, N. R. Lapum; 2, Geo. A. Parrott; 3, Jas. Cook. Embroidery in flannel. 1, R. M. Brisco; 2, J. M. Hawley, Crochet work. 1, J. Johnston; 2, P. Bogart; 3, C. E. Bartlett. Point lace handkerchief. 1, N. R. Lapum; 2, Miss Grange. Point lace. N. R. Lapum; 2, N. R. Lapum; 3, G. Vanalstine.

JUDGES.—Mrs. E. Gautier Ferrin, Mrs. C. H. Allison and Mrs. P. Bristol, honiton lace. 1, Miss H. Grange; 2, W. R. Gordanier; 3, Jas. Cook, Berlin wool flat.—1, W. R. Gordanier; 2, P. Bristol; 3, W. Blewett. Berlin wool raised.—1, J. N. Hough; 2, Miss H. Grange; 3. W. Charters. Berlin and bead work.—1, C. E. Bartlett; 2, James Cook; 3, C. E. Bartlett. Ladies' work of any kind upholstered.—1, N. R. Lapum; 2, Chas. Doller; 3, T. Empey. Berlin wool sofa pillow.—1, Jas. Cook; 2, L. H. Stover; 3, Chas. M. Weese. Bead sofa pillow.—1, Miss H. Grange; 2. Jas. Cook; 3, R. M. Brisco. Cone work.—Geo. N. Huff; 2, O. T. Pruyn; 3, S. N Huff. Farmers' wreath.—1, R. Perry; 2, G. Vanalstine. Crewel work.—1, N. R. Lapum; 2, P. Bogart; 3, T. Empey. Drawing on net.—1, James Allen; 2, C. M. Weese; 3, S. Files' McCremiee lace or twist work.—1, J. M. Hawley; 2, G. Vanalstine; 3, P. Bristol. Woolen tidy.—1, L. H. Stover, 2, R. H. Baker; 3. W. Charters. Braiding.—1, A. Knight; 2, 2, J. R. Doller; 3, W. Nugent. Toilet work.—1, Miss H. Grange; 2, B. Davis. Appleque work.—1, C. Doller; 2, L. H. Stover; 3, C. Bartlett. Table drapery.—1, A. Rose & Co.; 2, Dominion Spectacle Co.; 3, G. Vanalstine. White shirt.—1, J. Langdon; 2, Wesley Dawson; 3, A. Knight. Special prize on Rick-rack.—1, C. Bartlett; 2. P. Bogart; 3, P. Bogart. Arrcene work.—Perry & Co.

JUDGES.—Rev. A. Young, S. J. Walker, J. E. Herring. Oil painting.—1, F. W. Smith & Bro; 1 Perry & Co.; 3, Miss H. Grange; Crayon drawing. Miss H Grange 2 F Smith & Bro. Pencil drawing.—1, W. T. Gerow; 2, Miss Grange; 3 R. Dennison. Water-color drawing.—F. W. Smith & bro. (or A. Walker;) 2, Fred Smith & Bro. Matt in Berlin wool.—1, W. R. Gordanier; 2, R. Madden; 3, W. Joy. Corner bracket.—1, G. B. Joy. Assortment bracket work.—T. W. Anderson; special to C.

aged 3 years 1 month.

PERRY.—At St. Albans, N. Y., on Wednesday, Sept. 17, Rev. Nathan F. Perry, son of W. H. Perry, Esq., of Violet, after an illness of only 10 days.

—A peculiar virtue in Ayer's Sarsaparilla is that while it cleanses and purges the blood from all corruptions and impurities, and thereby roots out disease, it builds up and invigorates the whole system, and makes one young again.

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY OCTOBER 18TH.—Mr. John S. Miller, auctioneer, has received instructions from Mr. M. O'Dea, to sell by public auction at Enterprise his valuable farm stock and implements. Sale commences at 10 o'clock, sharp.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29TH.—Mr. Jas. Storms, auctioneer, has received instructions from Mr. J. N. Alcombrack, lot 24, 7th concession, Ernesttown, to sell at his residence all his farm stock, implements and household furniture. Sale commences at 12 o'clock, noon.

[Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

—The history of Downs Elixir is identified with the history of New England for the last fifty years. It cures coughs and colds.

A Strong Endorsement.

The Clergy, the Medical Faculty, the Press and the People all endorse Burdock Blood Bitters as the best system renovating, blood purifying tonic known. Its work bears out their best recommend.

Respect Age.

Age should always command respect, in the case of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry it certainly does, for 25 years that has been the standard remedy with the people, for cholera morbus, dysentery, diarrnœa, colic and all bowel complaints.

—James Brayley, Hamilton, says: "I read the testimonials for McGregor's Speedy Cure, and found that I had not to go to New York, Philadelphia, Louisiana or Texas to find living witnesses of its value; we have plenty of persons right here to prove its merits. I got a bottle and it helped me right away. I was as bad with bilious fever and indigestion as I think any one could be. I have taken three bottles and am nearly well, and can eat any kind of food without it hurting me. I may say that I am better than I ever expected to be. Free trial bottles at T. A. Huffman's and A. T. Grange's drug stores, Napanee, and Jas. Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth.

TAKEN A TUMBLE.

—o—

R. A. SHOREY

—IS SELLING—

12½ lbs.	Standard Granulated Sugar		$1.00
16 "	Nice Bright	"	1.00
18 "	" Yellow	"	1.00
3 "	Good Japan Tea		1.00
6 "	" " Dust		1.00

BEST VALUES IN

Fresh Ground Coffee, Fine Flavored Teas, Pure Spices, best American and Canadian Baking Powders, Confectionery, Fruit, Nuts, Raisins, Currants, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, Wooden Ware, Clothes Wringers, Glass Fruit Jars, etc., at

BOTTOM PRICES

P. S.—Nice Building Lot at a Bargain, also House and Lot in good locality for sale cheap.

☛ CASH PAID FOR EGGS.

A Call Solicited.

R. A. SHOREY.

GREAT SUCCESS

OUR SECOND GRAND OPENING!

AND DISPLAY OF FINE, RICH GOODS IN

Carpets, Millinery, Dress Goods, Furs,

MANTLE AND ULSTERING GOODS,

Silks, Cloths & Tweeds.

Was the most successful ever held at Cheapside, we had a larger crowd of visitors than ever before, and everyone expressed themselves delighted with the fine show of goods in every department. No where does the advice "what you don't see ask for" apply so forcibly as at our store its size does not permit us to show quantities of fine goods in every department, which are thus perforce hidden away from sight until called for. Our assortment is so large that we find it a great exception to be asked for any particular article not in stock. So well is this known that it is an axiom among the ladies that "what you can't find at Cheapside, no use looking elsewhere for."

OUR GRAND DISPLAY on Saturday convinced every person of the fact that there was no necessity of going outside of Napanee for the finest, richest, newest, most tasty goods, any person may require.

WE AIM TO DO WELL every branch of our large business and the very extensive and increasing patronage we enjoy, shows our efforts are not in vain. Our desire is to make CHEAPSIDE a household word throughout this and surrounding counties, and a store of which our citizens are proud. We think this in a great measure accomplished, as people visiting the town are not supposed to have done justice to its attractions without a visit to our store.

We have received congratulations on every side on the success of Saturday's opening, and the grand show of Carpets, Curtains and Furs, which we made at the County Show, and these exhibitions, visited by thousands of people, must convince every person that if they want anything in Furs, Carpets of any sort, Millinery, Mantles, Ulsters, fine Dress Goods, Silks, rich ornaments and Trimmings, fine Cloths and Tweeds, general Fancy Goods, as Gloves, Hosiery Corsets, Underclothing, etc, in fact anything they want to clothe themselves and families or to furnish their houses

Cheapside is the Best Place to Buy.

THE COLD SNAP WILL REMIND EVERYONE OF THE WANT OF FLANNELS, Blankets and Underclothing. We are just now showing a fine range of Men's Boys' and Ladies Underclothing in all sizes and prices.

We have just opened a large shipment of grey and white Blankets at lower prices than ever before seen in town.

We have just made a large purchase of Grey Flannels of the best make at unprecedentedly low prices, and will offer these goods lower than ever seen in Napanee before.

OUR MANUFACTURING BRANCHES are now in full swing and under the most competent management.

Our Dress and Mantle-making department is under the management of Mrs. Clapp, who has few equals and no superior.

Our Millinery deparment is under the management of Mrs. Doxsee.

Our Tailoring department is under the management of Mr. Max Fox, the champion cutter, who cuts and makes all our ladies heavy mantles, ulsters and tweed jackets, as well as men's clothing.

Of the above "array of talent" it may be said "they have no superior in their particular specialities," and we GUARANTEE all work from each of the departments perfectly satisfatory.

HINCH, PERRY & CO.

REMOVAL!

New Premises--New Goods--New Prices!

——Everything New except the Proprietor!——

S. McLAUGHLIN

Has much pleasure in being able to announce that he has removed to his new store in the Dominion Block, on the old stand (third store from the corner of Dundas and John streets) where he will sell for the next thirty days, for Cash,

The Cheapest Lot of Groceries and Provisions

ever sold in Napanee. This special cheap sale is held as an appropriate form of house-warming, in which all can participate, whether living in town or country.

——LOOK AT SOME OF THE PRICES!——

20 lbs. Bright Sugar, $1; 17 lbs. Extra White Sugar, $1; 13 1-2 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar, $1; 3 lbs. 50c. Tea for $1; 4 lbs. extra choice Japan Tea for $1; 5 1-2 lbs. Tea Siftings (uncolored) for $1; 12 Bars Good Washing Soap for 50c.; 20 lbs. Best Rasins for $1; 15 lbs. Currants for $1. All other groceries in like proportion.

FLOUR AND FEED! ¦ FLOUR AND FEED!!

Choicest Western Flour (100 lbs.) $2 40; next grade, $2.25; Good Family, $2.00. Bran and Shorts cheap. Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Grain of all kinds, Vegetables of all kinds, Poultry and other Farm Produce bought and sold at best market rates. Good prices paid for Partridges and other game.

——OYSTERS AND FISH!——

I handle Oysters from Baltimore direct, all of the best brands. I have made arrangements for a car of Salt White Fish and Salmon Trout, to be delivered in December, at the lowest prices.

Give me a call at my new store, and be convinced that I can give you the best value obtainable in town.

☞Remember the place—Dominion Block, third door west of John on Dundas Street.

S. McLAUGHLIN.

SIDNEY'S FOLLY

CHAPTER XVIII.—CONTINUED.

No doubt it was the short conversation he had held with Lloyd which brought to Stephen's mind so clearly and vividly that other meet at which Mrs. Rutledge had made her first appearance after her return home, and at which Sidney Arnold had been present, with a knot of violets at her breast and her handsome *fiance* by her side. As he rode into the field, he almost expected to see the well-appointed carriage, with its black horses and its beautiful occupant, to meet Frank Greville's mocking glance, to see the unfortunate Squire's angry face, to hear again Sidney's earnest voice—"I do trust you—I do trust you, Stephen"—and to see the pretty drooping figure as she rode away.

The meet was a full one. The weather was so essentially hunting weather that even the most languid sportsman had donned their pink. There had been a breakfast at Cotley Hall; and Lady Cotley, a handsome, middle-aged woman, as straight a rider and as ardent a votary of Nimrod as her lord himself, rode up to Stephen to reproach him for his wife's non-appearance.

"Why did you not bring your beautiful wife?" she said, in her loud cheerful voice. "I believe you are so jealously inclined that you would like to shut her up *a la* Bluebeard, and deprive us of the pleasure of looking at her. Headache! She has a headache, and you left her at home, when the very best remedy in the world would have been a good straight cross-country gallop! Miss Daunt, why do you let him act the *mari jaloux*, and why were you not here earlier?"

"We said we would come to the meet, Lady Cotley," Dolly answered, smiling.

"I told Lord de la Poer that you were coming to breakfast, and he has looked as angry as possible ever since. Ah, here he comes!" added her ladyship gaily, as she turned to greet some late comers; and Lord de la Poer came up, raising his hat to Dolly and glancing rather suspiciously at the face and figure of her cavalier, who returned the glance frankly enough, and yet with a quick jealous pang at his heart, for the Earl, leaving his title and rent-roll out of the question, looked as if he might be a dangerous rival.

Eighteen months of foreign travel had bronzed the handsome patrician face and given the tall slim figure a greater breadth of shoulder, so that Lord de la Poer was a decidedly handsome man; but his sojourn in foreign lands, which had so improved his appearance, had not entirely obliterated the impression Dolly Daunt had made upon him at the Hunt ball, at which she had made her *debut*, and when he returned home he was greatly pleased to find that she was still unwon. It was true Dolly was not quite in that circle from which the Earl should take his bride; but was not her mother an earl's daughter?

Since his return home Lord de la Poer's attentions had been as marked as his languid manner and natural indifference would allow them to be; and since Sidney's return from her wedding-tour, and Dolly had been her guest at Easthorpe, he had haunted her pretty drawing-room persistently, and had become, as Sidney and discussing the probabilities of a good run. But presently, as the hounds began to work, the horsemen forgot the excitement of their little flirtations for the greater one of the chase, and cantered about or took up positions which they considered most favorable.

Lord de la Poer was still in Dolly's immediate vicinity, looking somewhat sulky and annoyed, and casting occasional looks of sovereign displeasure at the young man whose hand still rested lightly on Dolly's bridle; but Miss Daunt, if she perceived his vexation, did not take the slightest heed of it. She sat, feeling pleasantly excited, and just sufficiently alarmed to make Lloyd Milner's protection delightful, and looking like a rose in June with her sweet rose-hued cheeks and smiling blue eyes.

At last a fox was found at the other end of the oover, and away galloped tho field, Lloyd Milner lingering for a moment by Dolly's side, reassuring her with a bright tender smile as he saw the anxious look she cast on him, satisfied himself that Lady Golightly would behave perfectly; and the next minute Dolly and her groom were left sole possessors of the field.

Dolly looked after the swift horses and fast-disappearing scarlet coats, and then with a little sigh turned Lady Golightly's head, and rode quietly homewards, with flushed cheeks and sweet lips which looked as if they held a happy secret.

"Is Mrs. Daunt in the morning-room?" she asked, as she stood for a moment in the pretty oak-panelled hall, her habit caught up over her arm.

"Mrs. Daunt is out, ma'am," was the servant's unexpected reply.

Dolly stared.

"Out?" she repeated, in surprise. "Walking?"

"No, ma'am. Mrs: Daunt is driving," The mystification on the pretty face deepened.

"Driving!" she repeated. "In the pony-carriage?"

"Yes, ma'am. Mrs. Daunt went quite alone."

"Without Hart?" asked Dolly quickly, almost incredulous, knowing that Sidney was but a timid charioteer.

"Yes, ma'am."

"How foolish—how imprudent of her!" Dolly thought, as she went slowly upstairs, to change her habit, "Those ponies are so uncertain, and Sidney seemed so unwell this morning. It was worse than foolish!"

Thoughts of Sidney's imprudence occupied her for some minutes; then pleasanter thoughts came—thoughts of the gray eyes which had looked so tenderly and reassuringly into hers, of the hand which had touched hers so kindly; and Dolly forgot everything else in the absorbing delight of that vision than which there is nothing in life so sweet—love's young dream.

Meanwhile the Cotley hounds were having a fairly good time of it. After a burst of some fifty minutes, which left some of the field in the rear, the fox got into a dense beech-wood and kept dodging about it for an hour and a half, puzzling the scent repeatedly, keeping the huntsmen winding in and out among the trees, risking their horse's legs in rabbit-holes, and, finally coming out at the other side of the wood, allowed them to

turned?" she said in dismay, looking up from her flowers.

"Quite sure, ma'am," replied the man decidedly.

"I will wait half an hour," Dolly said hesitatingly. "Mrs. Daunt did not tell me that she would not be at home for luncheon."

She spoke quietly, hiding her dismay as much as possible, with a vague consciousness that her fears were absurd and ridiculous; and when the man had left her, she tried to resume her occupation. But the effort was vain; the fragrant blossoms had lost all charm for her, and she threw them aside and went over to the window, anxiously looking out and listening for the sound of Sidney's carriage-wheels.

The gray misty morning had grown up into a dull dreary day; the mist had become rain—a fine, drizzling, wetting rain, which hung heavily over the trees in the avenue, and made everything look sombre and melancholy. The sky was leaden-hued and scowling, and early in the day though it was still, the rooms looked dark and gloomy, notwithstanding the cheery firelight.

Whither could Sidney have gone? Dolly wondered anxiously going to the window for the twentieth time in as many minutes, and peering out anxiously into the misty rain. She had said so decidedly that she would not go out, that her head ached too much to allow her to drive to Cotley, and now she was out in her pony-carriage, without a servant, in the rain. Oh, surely there was some mistake—she had left a message which they had forgotten to deliver!

Ringing the bell, Dolly desired the servant who answered it to tell Mrs. Daunt's maid to come to her; and, when the coquettish little Frenchwoman appeared, she questioned her closely, but obtained no information likely to lessen her anxiety.

Madame had ordered the pony carriage immediately after mademoiselle and *ces messieurs* had departed. She seemed in great haste, and had spoken quite sharply to Hart, who had however brought the carriage round as soon as it was possible. Madame had refused to allow Hart's attendance and had gone quite alone, and she—Josephine—had really not dared to remonstrate.

"Madame did not say where she was going?" queried poor Dolly, sorry beyond words that she had questioned the Frenchwoman who had all her countrywomen's talent and love for intrigue, and whose significant looks were very displeasing to the sensitive young girl.

"Oh, no!" Josephine said, tightening her lips, with an expression which said as plainly as any words that, if madame had not wished to keep her destination secret she would not have gone out unattended.

"I should think she has gone to Lambswold to see my mother," said Dolly, affecting a careless manner. "That will do, Josephine. Tell Mills that he may bring in luncheon."

Dolly made a feint of eating luncheon, and returned to the drawing-room, restless and uneasy, telling herself that her fears were ridiculous and ungrounded, but unable to subdue them nevertheless. It was the first time that Sidney had driven out unattended, and her ponies had

ney's return from her wedding-tour, and Dolly had been her guest at Easthorpe, he had haunted her pretty drawing-room persistently, and had become, as Sidney said sometimes, almost as regular as the institution of afternoon-tea itself.

"Good morning, Miss Daunt. Will you let me have the honor of escorting you to-day?" he said, as Dolly gave him a little gloved hand and a pretty smile of greeting.

"Thank you," the girl answered laughing; "Nichols is going to have that honor to-day."

"Nichols?" queried his lordship, elevating his straight dark brows.

"Yes, Nichols, my brother's groom," explained Dolly, laughing.

"Are you not going to follow?"

"No; I never hunt, you know. Let me introduce Mr. Milner to you," she added rather shyly. "Mr. Milner—Lord de la Poer."

Two stiff bows were made; the Earl's dark eyes glanced at the young lawyer's with an expression which seemed to ask, "Who are you, and what are you doing here?" and Lloyd returned the look with perfect calmness and composure.

"Is this your first visit to these parts, Mr.—Mr. Milner?" asked his lordship.

"Oh, no," Milner answered cooly, "not my first by several!"

"I have not had the pleasure of meeting you before, have I?"

"No; your lordship has generally been absent from home, I think."

"Ah, probably! Mrs. Daunt is not with you this morning, Miss Daunt?" asked the Earl, turning to Dolly again.

"No; Sidney preferred to stay at home."

"Too cruel of her! And you too are going to desert us!"

"I should be far too great a coward to do anything else," said Dolly, smiling, "Even now Lady Golightly is far too frisky for my peace of mind, and too crablike in her motions. I am afraid I shall not be able to hold her in," she added nervously, glancing appealingly at Lloyd, whose eyes brightened as he leaned forward and put his hand upon her bridle.

"I don't think you need fear," he said, smiling, with a tender protectiveness in his tone and manner which was anything but satisfactory to Lord de la Poer. "She is just a little excited, as we all are this morning; she will calm down again directly."

"Perhaps I had better return," she suggested dubiously.

"Oh, no!" he objected eagerly. "They will not find yet; and you must enjoy this pretty sight."

"Yes, it is very pretty," Dolly said; but, as her white lids were downcast and her golden lashes rested on a very pink cheek, it is doubtful whether she was contemplating the pretty sight just then; and the pretty sight which the young barrister was enjoying was not the meet with the gay coats and satin-colored horses, but a slender golden-haired girl, on a pretty roan mare, who looked just frightened enough to add to her prettiness.

There were several ladies in the field, most of whom "looked like business," as Lord de la Poer said in his languid tenor as he glanced at their short hunting habits tightly braided hair, and business-like appearance. Most of them too were surrounded by riders chatting and laughing huntsmen winding in and out among the trees, risking their horse's legs in rabbit-holes, and, finally coming out at the other side of the wood, allowed them to sight him for a moment, as he disappeared over the crest of some rising ground.

The excitement was intense, and shared equally by dogs, horses, and men. Lady Cotley, on her large-boned chestnut was well to the fore, Sir John Cotley, and Stephen Daunt were leading. The Hunt had thinned considerably, for some had been thrown out, and one or two of the less enthusiastic had been alarmed at the pace and the stiff ground; but Lloyd Milner was keeping up well with the rest although his horse was showing signs of distress, while the Earl was riding beside him neck to neck.

Straight before them were two meadows separated by a thick hedge from a ploughed field, into which the fox darted, the hounds yelling at his heels; but Reynard had cunning as well as speed by which to escape from his pursuers. He doubled, the hounds dashed on, and for a minute the scent was lost, then found again; and they went on pell-mell over the stiff ground.

Midway across the field many of the riders pulled up, deterred by a leap which awaited them at the end—a high quickset hedge on a bank between two ditches—a leap which not many could take. Some turned back, one or two turned to find another way; only three rode at the jump—Sir John Cotley, his wife, and Stephen Daunt. It was a foolish, daring leap, one only justifiable by the intense excitement of the moment. Lady Cotley's horse took it like a bird; her husband followed, slipped, but regained his footing and scrambled on. Lloyd Milner, glancing back at the moment, saw the third horse stumble and go headlong into the ditch, throwing his rider over his head. The next minute the horse was careering wildly after the hounds; but Stephen Daunt lay where he had been thrown, stunned and motionless.

CHAPTER XIX.

Having devoted nearly an hour to her pretty innocent dream of girlish love and future happiness, Dolly roused herself with a little self-reproach at her idleness, and, leaving her room, ran down lightly to the conservatories to gather flowers for the reception-rooms, a task she had arrogated to herself when Sidney, who at the Gray House had made it an unfailing duty—it being such a pleasure—had languidly given it up, saying the gardeners might do it.

It was a labour of love to Dolly, and she lingered over it, toying with the fragrant blossoms, arranging them with an artistic appreciation of their colours and hues, filling the old china bowls with roses and the slender Venetian specimen-glasses with buds of rare loveliness, until the drawing-room and Sidney's boudoir, were fragrant and beautiful with bloom.

She was still lingering over her pleasant task when a footman came to ask her if luncheon was to be served, or whether they were to wait for Mrs. Daunt; and Dolly started violently to find that the luncheon-hour had chimed some twenty minutes previously, and that Sidney had not yet returned.

"Are you sure Mrs. Daunt has not returned?"

"Quite sure, miss; I saw her ponies go round to the stables more than an hour ago."

Dolly's fears were ridiculous and ungrounded, but unable to subdue them nevertheless. It was the first time that Sidney had driven out unattended, and her ponies had been a very recent purchase.

Dolly tried to console herself by thinking that ill-news travelled apace, and that if anything had happened, she would have known it by now; but the attempt was almost a failure, and finally she took up her position in one of the deep seats of the hall windows, and sat, half shrouded by the heavy Eastern-looking curtains, looking out into the gray misty October day, all her pleasant thoughts of the morning swallowed up by her anxiety. How would she face Stephen on his return, she wondered, if she had to tell him that Sidney had met with an accident, had been hurt—killed perhaps? How would he bear it? Oh, it could not be! Surely, surely she was safe at Lambswold; or perhaps she had taken shelter elsewhere from the rain, and was waiting for it to clear off. Then, suddenly deciding that it was foolish to remain in this agony of snspense when she could so easily relieve it by sending a mounted groom to Lambswold, she sprang off the cushioned window-seat, and was just going to carry her intention into effect, when the sound of a horse's hoofs rapidly approaching struck upon her ear, and she turned back to the window. A horseman in splashed hunting garments was riding rapidly up to the house, urging his wearied horse to its utmost speed, and, as he came nearer, Dolly recognized Lloyd Milner, his face very pale and anxious.

"Something has happened," the young girl thought, a sudden strange calm coming over her, as she went quickly to the door and opened it, just as Milner swung himself from the saddle, threw the bridle to a servant who had come round at sound of the horse's hoofs, and met her on the threshold as he entered, splashed and breathless from the haste with which he had ridden.

"Dolly!" he exclaimed, as his eyes fell upon the graceful little figure and frightened blue eyes, uttering her name for the first time aloud and involuntarily putting out his hand and taking hers in his anxiety to soothe and comfort her.

"What has happened?" she said quietly, looking up at him and seeing how pale he was. "Sidney?"

"Where is she?" he asked hastily, still holding the little trembling hands, and looking down at her with a tenderness which thrilled her even in her anxiety.

"Is she not with you?" Dolly asked, the frightened look deepening in the fair young face,

"Is she not here?" he replied, answering her question by another.

"No; she is out. I thought you had come to tell me that——"

In the sudden revulsion of feeling she began to tremble so exceedingly that Milner put his arm round her to support her, and a great fear struck him that something else had happened to distress her besides this accident of which he had to tell her.

"What is it, Dolly?" he whispered gently, "Has anything happened to Mrs. Daunt?"

"No, no!" the girl said eagerly, trying to recover herself. "It was awfully stupid of me; but, when I saw you riding up alone in haste, I thought that she had met with an accident, and that you had come

——" She paused, trying to laugh, and hurriedly putting her hands to her eyes for a moment.

"She is out then?" he said, relieved that he was spared the necessity of telling Sidney of her husband's accident. "It is just as well perhaps."

"Why is it as well?" Dolly asked wonderingly. "I am anxious about her. It is so damp and cold, and she has been out for—— Mr. Milner, something is wrong!" she said suddenly. "Tell me. I could think only of Sidney; but—but——"

Her voice faltered and broke. Lloyd Milner's strong arm closed round her yet more tenderly.

"Dolly can you be very brave?" he asked gently.

"Yes," she said steadily. "You need not be afraid—I know—you need not tell me. Stephen has been thrown!"

"Yes."

"And—and he is killed!"

"No, no!" cried Miner hastily. "He is not even, I believe, seriously hurt. On my honour, Dolly, you may believe me!" he assured her, angry with himself, for having so alarmed her, yet almost willing to bless any chance which allowed him to put his arm round the slender drooping form. "He is hurt—not seriously—indeed I hope only slightly; but they are bringing him home, and I want you to see that all his ready for him. We have sent for Doctor Arnold. The Earl rode off for him at once."

"They are bringing him here," she echoed faintly. "He could not ride then?"

"My dear little girl, he was faint and giddy from his fall," he answered earnestly. "Indeed you may believe me, Dolly. Don't you trust me, dear?"

"Yes, yes," she answered hastily, then uttered a little cry of joy and sprang forward into her father's arms.

One of the gentlemen had ridden over to Lambswold to prevent any garbled account of Stephen's accident from reaching his father and mother, and Mr. Daunt, who had just driven home from Ashford, had immediately proceeded to Easthorpe. His presence was a great comfort to Dolly who struggled against her tears, cheered by his composure and strong gentle manner, so like his son's, and she was able to issue her directions with something like calmness. Just as she was turning away to see that they were properly carried out, a thought struck her.

"Does Sidney know, papa?" she asked quickly.

"Have you told her?" he said, looking a little surprised.

"How could I? Is she not at Lambswold?"

"At Lambswold? No; we have not seen her to-day. Good Heaven, Dolly, what is the matter?"

Dolly's explanation was almost an incoherent one, made between sobs that she could not repress; and although Mr. Daunt strongly repudiated the notion of any accident, he blamed Sidney's imprudence greatly, and looked even graver and more anxious than he had looked before.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

MORSELS FOR SUNDAY CONTEMPLATION.

The Amateur Mind Reader.

"This mind-reading racket is all a fraud," remarked a gentleman who was sitting in front of the Capitol Hotel yesterday, to a group of friends.

"It seems there must be something in it," said another of the party; "the mind readers in London are succeeding in attracting large audiences and doing wonderful things."

"What is this fake, anyway?" said a cynical looking man, biting a half inch off the end of his cigar, and blowing it halfway across the street.

"Why some article is concealed, unknown to the mind-reader, or some object is thought of. Then the mind-reader takes the other man by the hand, and reading his mind through the contact of the fingers and wrist, leads him to the article thought of."

"Don't believe any such thing can be done," said another. "It's all nonsence."

"There must be something in it, for scientific men have investigated it and find they can't explain it."

"Well, suppose we try it once."

"All right. Who'll be the mind-reader?"

"I will."

"You think of something—some article or other," said the cynic. "Then this gentleman takes you by the wrist and leads you to it."

"Yes. Go ahead."

Then the amateur mind-reader took the doubter by the wrist, and then started up the street, the party following. It had been understood that the doubter was to keep the article in mind. The crowd followed.

When a point was reached opposite a store that bore a sign of "Fine Old Bourbon," the mind-reader paused.

"Astonishing!" exclaimed the party

The mind-reader was encouraged. He started in the open door.

"Keep your mind right on the article," he said. "Don't let up a minute or you'll bust the charm."

"You bet!" said the subject emphatically.

They passed through and stood in front of the bar.

"Give us that bottle of whiskey!" yelled the mind-reader, joyfully. "Who says I can't read a man thoughts? Wasn't that it, pard?"

"That was it. It's wonderfu how you could do it."

By this time the barkeeper had furnished every gentlemen with a glass; and made the custimary inquiry:

"What's yours, gents?"

They all said they'd take the same. But the mind-reader said he didn't call for the drinks. He had only been trying an experiment.

The barkeeper coldly remarked that the experiment would cost him ninety cents.

'By Jove, it is a fraud," said the mind-reader, as he passed over a stove-lid dollar and filled its place in his vest pocket with a Mexican dime.—*Houston Post.*

Bringing the Dead to Life.

The idea of pouring plaster of Paris in a liquid state into the moulds left by the bodies in the soft ash did not occur to

TERRIBLE FAMILY TRAGEDY.

Shooting Down Wife, Daughter and Self

As Edward DeCamp of Boonton, New Jersey, was driving past the cottage of William W. Messer, formerly superintendent of the Boonton paper mill, with his sister, about 8 a. m. recently, he heard a woman shriek. Immediately afterward Mrs. Messer, the aged wife of the owner of the house, appeared in the doorway and screamed:

"Send Dr. Ryerson here at once."

Mr. DeCamp whipped up his horse and drove to Dr. Ryerson's, telling Enoch Hammond and Mary Jenkins, whom he met on the way, to go to the Messer house, as something was wrong. They started at once, and DeCamp arrived with Dr. Ryerson shortly after they did. The first thing to be seen on entering the cottage was the body of Mary Messer who lay stretched on the floor of the sitting-room, which is also used as a hall. She was alive and conscious, but was evidently terribly wounded. In the adjoining parlor Mrs. Messer sat on a chair in a corner. She also was desperately hurt. When the door of the dining-room in the rear, which was shut, was forced open the dead body of Mr. Messer was found lying against it in a pool of blood. A 38-calibre revolver, four barrels of which had been discharged lay beside him. A bullet hole was in his right temple.

According to the ante-mortem statement which Miss Messer made to Justice Dennis, acting as a Coroner, she and her mother had sat down to breakfast in the dining room shortly before 8 o'clock. Presently Mr. Messer entered, and sitting in the corner nearest to the door leading to the sitting-room began examining a revolver with which he had shot a dog last Sunday. Alarmed at the sight of the weapon, Miss Messer said:

"Father, put up that pistol; I don't like to see it. If you don't put it away I shall leave the room."

As Mr. Messer did not comply with her request, she arose and walked past him toward the sitting-room. She had just got past him when he fired at her, the ball striking her in the back. She walked a few steps further into the front room, and then fell where she was subsequently found lying. Mrs. Messer in terror tried to follow her daughter, but as she neared her husband he fired two shots. Her face was toward him. One bullet hit her in the breast and the other a little below. She tottered a few steps further, and laid herself down by her wounded daughter.

While mother and daughter thus lay side they heard a fourth pistol shot in the dining-room. After shooting his wife and daughter, Mr. Messer put the pistol to his right temple and shot himself through the head. Death must have been instantaneous. Mrs. and Miss Messer were both alive but neither is expected to recover. Miss Messer's spine is injured, and both legs are paralyzed. The bullet which entered Mrs. Messer's breast came out at the back. The other passed through the liver.

The cause of the shooting as the jury's verdict declares was insanity. Mr. Messer was sunstruck early in August, and his brain was sensibly affected. He disregarded the advice of his physician, Dr. Carpenter, and recently exposed himself

TION.

If youth only knew and age only could!

Wealth legitimately acquired is valuable, and it is only valuable when thus acquired.

Nothing is rarer in literary history than a scholar who confesses that he has been refuted in anything.

Nothing is great but the inexhaustable wealth of narure. She shows us only surfaces, but she is million fathoms deep.

A sordid love of money is certainly a very senseless thing, for the mind much occupied with it is blin to everything else.

When we find we are not liked we assert that we are not understood, when probably the dislike we have excited proceeds from our being too fully understood.

We may read, and read, and read again, and still find something new, something to please, and something to instruct.

Lov e thy wife and cherish her as long as hou livest. Flattery is better than roughness and will make her contented and diligent.

Emerson says "There is always safety in valor," but Emerson never was interviewed by a red headed woman, with a cold and relentless cowhide under her shawl.

Beware how you let words pass for more than they are worth, and bear in mind what alteration is sometimes produced in their current value by the course of time.

It is only through the morning gate of the beautiful that you can penetrate into the realm of knowledge; that which we feel here as beauty, we shall one day know as truth.

Resolve not to be poor. Whatever you have, spend less. Poverty is a great enemy to human happiness. It certainly destroys liberty, and it makes some virtues impracticable and others extremely difficult.

If the Spring put forth no blossoms, in Summer there will be no beauty, and in Autumn no fruit; so if youth be trifled away without improvement riper years will be contemptible and old age miserable.

A man's time when well husbanded, is like a cultivated field, of which a few acres produces more of what is useful to life, than extensive provinces, even of the richest soil, when overrun with weeds and brambles.

Conductor (contemptuously)—"Wot's this?" Passenger—"My ticket book." Conductor—"Tain't good on this road." Passenger, looking at the book, discovers that he has handed out his Testament by mistake—"No, I should say you had no be for it here."

"My son, you should not smoke twenty-five cent cigars." "Then you do not believe, father, the advice you have s often quoted from Shakespeare." "What is that?" "Costly thy habit as thy purse an buy."

a liquid state into the moulds left by the bodies in the soft ash did not occur to anyone till it suddenly flashed across Fiorelli about twenty years ago. Of the one hundred and eighty human beings discovered in Pompeii in the first hundred years of the excavations there is consequently only a written record. It is only from the "Journal of Excavations" for the year 1831 that we know of the touching and famous sight which greeted the eyes of the first discoveries of the "House of the Fauna." On the floor of the banqueting hall lay the body of a woman, probably the mistress of the house, with her jewels scattered where she had thrown them in despair of rescue or escape. The roof had been crushed in by the weight of falling ash and pumice stone, and the hands of the dying woman were upstretched in a vain effort to keep off the impending weight. Parts of the body and clothing could still be made out and a drawing could be made of a charming foot. But such records are lifeless and tame indeed beside the extraordinary portrait statutes which are now to be seen in the live musuem at Pompeii. There are nine of these, or were a short time since, and to see them is like seeing the men and women themselvess of eight centuries ago. Fiorelli's method is as simple as possible. A small opening is made, the plaster delicately poured in, and when it has had time to harden, the surface crust of ash is peeled of, and the man or woman comes back to life again. The details of clothing and feature have all left their mark on the soft ash, and are all faithfully preserved in the plaster cast.

The results achieved by Fiorelli are striking and complete. Take the cast of the elderly slave, for instance, probably a man of somesixty years old who appears to have been taking his siesta when the eruption began, and to have been painlessly asphyxiated in his sleep. He lies on the right side, the knees a little bent, the left leg drawn up, and the cheek resting on the right hand. The coarse, strongly-marked features, and peaceful expression of the sleeper, have all been perfectly preserved. A hardly less easy death must have been the lot of the four persons found lying on their backs in the street. Three of these were men, one of them a negro of the most pronounced type. The fourth was a woman of unusual stature whose time for becoming a mother was not far off. The three persons found lying on their faces do not appear to have found quite so easy a death. Two of them are women. One of them an elderly woman with a thin figure, lies by herself, her face buried in her arms, as if to protect herself from the fatal rain. The other lies side by side with a man in whose company she appears to have taken flight. She has covered her face with a fold of her dress and the hands are tightly clenched in the last throe of the death agony.—*English Paper.*

A great big dog was roaming about the yard muzzled, when a little girl rushed into the house in terror. Her sister, younger but more valiant, coolly surveyed the situation and reassured her by remarking: "He can't bite he's got on his bustle."

garded the advice of his physician, Dr. Carpenter, and recently exposed himself to the sun. The intense heat of the past werk caused him to grow worse. Before his sunstroke he had the reputation of being eccentric. He ate but one meal a day like Goethe, and that at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. He smoked incessantly sometimes almost continuously for sixteen hours at a time. He spent his nights in reading, and slept in the daytime. Before last February, however, he kept more regular hours, as he was obliged to do, being until then superintendent of the Boonton paper mill. He gave up his position because of a disagreement with the members of the company. He went to Boonton about four years ago. Previous to that he was interested in gold mines in Colorado. Previous to that he was in the sugar business in Boston, where he is said to have had Warren Fisher, the father of Blaine's friend Warren Fisher, jr., for a partner, and also to have had a brother-in law of Blaine's for another partner. Blaine himself is said to have been a bookkeeper of the firm. Mr. Messer went to California shortly after the gold discovery ann before that he was a dealer in hardware in Maiden Lane in New York.

During the war Mr. Messer was a carrier of secret despatches between this country and England. He knew something of medicine, and had a smattering of other professional knowledge, While he and his family lived plainly, keeping no servants, he seemed always to have plenty of money. He carried himself erectly, and kept his full white beard and hair well trimmed. Mrs. Messer's age is 72, Miss Messer's is 35. There is a son about 40 in California, and the youngest of the family is Arthur J. Messer, who is in the paper business in New York. He was formerly connected with the mill of which his father was superintendent. He sometimes lost his temper with the mill-hands, and he was so conscious of his failing that he began to think every one disliked him.

Mr. Messer got his revolver put in order on Thursday. When somebody who saw him carrying it asked, "What are you doing with a pistol?" he answered. "I want it in good order." His shooting the dog on Sunday is believed to be due more to an insane impulse than to a belief that it had hydrophobia.

A Rattlesnake in Church.

From the Tallahasse Land of Flowers.

A large congregation had assembled at River Sink Church. When the pastor was at the height of one of his most brilliant theological flights a terrible commotion was noticed near one of the entrances. In the middle of the aisle, thickly crowded on both sides with men, women, and children, lay a monster rattlesnake, seven feet long, with ten rattles and a button.

"Ain't you almost boiled?" inquired a child of a gentleman calling on her father and mother. "No, little one, I can't say that I am. On the contrary, I feel quite comfortable." "That's funny. I should think you would be." "Why, so, Daisy?" "Oh, because I heard mamma say your wife kept you in hot water all the time."

SHOCKING DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

A Wronged Husband Shoots his Faithless Wife and her Paramour.

For several days Mr. Thomas M. Jackson, proprietor of the Atlanta Box Factory, had imagined that he could detect a handkerchief flirtation between his wife and Mr. Will McDonald, a saloon keeper across the street. For fourteen years he had lived happily with his wife, and five interesting children had been born to them. He tried to repress suspicion, but it continued to grow upon him. Recently he announced to his wife that he was going north on the evening train. He secreted himself during daylight, and, arming himself with a shotgun and revolver, he awaited the night's developments. No sooner had Mr. Jackson departed than the following note was sent across the street by his wife:

Mr. Willie McDonald.

SIR: If you wish you can call tonight. My husband will be gone. Cal- at 10 o'clock. Come back way. Let me know if you are coming. Yours truly,

M. J. J.

Hastily closing his place of business as 9 o'clock, McDonald jumped the back fence, a dark object following slowly after him. Mrs. Jacksom met him at the door and fell into his arms. The door was closed, but the avenger was peeping through the chamber blinds. Soon the revelations were sufficient to confirm his worst suspicions, and, raising his shotgun, he fired a load of buckshot into the bed With a scream, McDonald jumped up and wildly discharged his pistol in the direction of the window. He attempted to escape, but found the windows barred and the doors locked. Meantime Jackson had run to the front door to give the departing guest a shot as he came out. He saw a figure coming, and he blazed away, when his wife, whom it proved to be, sank down on the steps mortally wounded. McDonald came directly after her, firing his revolver wildly in his fright, and Jackson winged him again.

By this time half a dozen police and fully five hundred people who had been awakened by the fusillade of musketry had gathered at the house. The wounded woman, in her death agony, was taken to a house across the street and the two men were taken to the police station. Inside the Jackson house a frightful scene was presented. Five little children, who had been put away in their cribs for the night by the mother, were running around the rooms in their night clothes crying with terror. The wounded couple cannot live. Mrs. Jackson was a member of the Baptist Church, and the family has always moved in the best circles.

The Newsboy's Hard Luck

He had a bundle of papers under his arm and was standing near the Brooklyn Bridge weeping. "What is the matter little boy?" asked a pleasant faced gentleman. "If I go home without selling me papers me' fether and mother will bate the life out of me." "That's bad." "Yes, sor; but the worst of it is that I am an only orphint." "Yes," replied the philanthropist, allowing a nickel to drop back into his pocket, "only it doesn't

FOREIGN NEWS.

A New Piano—A Shocking Discovery—Some French Census Figures, &c., &c.

The report of the British commissioners of patents for the year 1883, states that the number of applications for letters datent during the year was 5,993, being 248 less than the preceding year.

The dress of a native woman of British India consists of a "serree." This is five yards of cloth without a stitch in it. If the woman is married there is a red strip in it, about half an inch wide, around the edge of the "serree." The cloth is first wound around the waist and falls to the ankles. Then it is thrown up over the shoulder, and the same garment makes a head-dress. The men are dressed on as simple a plan.

A recent article in the *Journal des Economistes* gives the following particulars as to the amount of food consumed in Paris during 1882: Fish, 27,293,312 kilogrammes (one kilogramme — 2.21 pounds); oysters, 5,332,726; fowl and game, 24,622,623; meat, 32,797,305; butter, 17,408,737; eggs, (20 to a kilogramme) 21,074,338; cheese, 6,967,357; fruit and vegetables, 20,444,777; bread-353,040,997; wine, 4,500,000 hectolitres (one hectolitre—22 gallons).

The prefect of the Seine has just published the returns of the last census, from which it appears that Paris then had 2,239,928 inhabitants, of whom 1,113,326 were males, and 1,126,602 females. When the previous census was taken in 1876 the total was 1,988,806, so that there had been an increase of 251,122. There were 68,126 inhabited houses, and 2,075,800 of the inhabitants were French by birth, the foreigners numbering 91,972 males and 75,542 females, consisting of 45,281 Belgians, 31,190 Germans, 21,547 Italians, 20,810 Swiss, 10,789 English, 5,987 Americans, and 65 Chinese.

A murderous assault was made recently on M. Constant Tripart, lately a judge of the Dijon court of appeal, by a released convict named Marquis, who in 1875 was condemned to five years' imprisonment for murder by M. Tripart. M. Tripart, who is 71 years of age, was leaving church on Sunday morning with his son when Marquis fired two bullets at him, one of which lodged in his loin and the other in his leg. M. Tripart's son attempted to grapple with the aggressor, but received a shot from the revolver, which struck him to the ground. The man then tried to escape across the fields, but was captured. It appears that Marquis on finishing his term had worked as a journeyman molder, and was intent on securing the life of the judge who had sentenced him.

The prominent feature of the present autumnal movement of travellers says the Glasgow *Herald*, is the extraordinary numbers of first-class passengers which are being taken by each of the various Atlantic steamer lines leaving London, Liverpool, and Glasgow for America. The rush, it seems, began with the past month of August, and every week since an increasing stream of travellers have crowded the ocean racers from Liverpool to overflowing, whilst the ordinary steam ers of the several lines have all been extra

as much as we are in ours." The plague, therefore, still prevails over the city, but a Dresden pianoforte firm has, it appears, found a way out of the difficulty by constructing a dumb piano—that is, an instrument the sound of which is so far reduced by a strong felt border between hammers and strings that the music can only be sufficiently heard by the player to enable him to distinguish between the chords. If it is true that the mechanism of the piano suffers in no way by the insertion of the felt, the Dresden firm may well be congratulated on its ingenious invention, and next-door neighbors all over the world will clamorously demand that legislators should make the use of felt universally compulsory.

The Geysers of New Zealand.

The Geyser Valley of Wairakei is one of the most marvellous creations of its kind to be found perhaps in any part of the world. It forms, as it were, one of the principal arteries of thermal action which which would seem to extend from the volcano of Tongariro in the south through the lake region to Whatkori, the active crater in the Bay of Plenty, in the east. The bottom of the valley is situated at an elevation of 1,000 feet above the level of the sea, while down its centre, which was a gradual fall to the east, a warm stream of water, known as Te Wairakei, flows rapidly on its course to join the Waikafo. Its steep, winding sides rise in some places to a height of over 200 feet, and above these again flat terraces spread out bounded by clusters of conical, fern-clad hills, which mount upward, as it were, in increasing elevation to the heights beyond. Looking down the valley from one of the elevations one sees the winding course of the great fissure filled with a dense growth of vegetation, forced into vigorous life, as it were, by the white clouds of steam that mount into the air on every side. There is one great charm about the Geyser Valley of Wairakei, and that is that it is not a melancholy, dismal-looking place. It has not the Hades-like appearance of Tikitere nor the Valley-of-Death-like look of Whadarewarewa. One is at once struck with the varied growth of vegetation which everwwhere abounds, the luxuriance of the trees, the rich beauty of the ferns and the vivid green of the thick carpet of rare and beautiful mosses which spread itself everywhere about the margin of the stream be low to the very tops of the steep, smoking cliffs. Every geyser, spring, and mud hole has its clustering vegetation, and as you grope your way through the thick undergrowth along the tortuous stream each thermal wonder bursts suddenly upon the view with a fresh and startling beauty. As we descended into the valley by a tortuous pathway, we heard the rushing of waters below, as the turbulent stream beneath swept onward over a series of miniature cascades: then the noise of hissing steam bursts upon the ear, the heated ground seemed to quake beneath our feet, the boiling mud holes send forth a noise like the incessant "thud" of a steam hammer, which mingled in a weird way with the loud roar and splashing of the geysers as they threw up their columns of boiling water above the trees. Gazing anywhere, up and down the valley, some of the most

back into his pocket, "only it doesn't often happen that a boy has such hard luck.

"Can't you walk anywhere except on my feet?" demanded an exasperated passenger on the rear platform of a horse car of a good looking lad who had just jumped on. "You can see for yourself that it would be rather difficult, sir," returned the lad politely. And then everybody laughed and tried to get a view of the passenger's shoes.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian
HAIR RENEWER

was the first preparation perfectly adapted to cure diseases of the scalp, and the first successful restorer of faded or gray hair to its natural color, growth, and youthful beauty. It has had many imitators, but none have so fully met all the requirements needful for the proper treatment of the hair and scalp. HALL'S HAIR RENEWER has steadily grown in favor, and spread its fame and usefulness to every quarter of the globe. Its unparalleled success can be attributed to but one cause: *the entire fulfilment of its promises.*

The proprietors have often been surprised at the receipt of orders from remote countries, where they had never made an effort for its introduction.

The use for a short time of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER wonderfully improves the personal appearance. It cleanses the scalp from all impurities, cures all humors, fever, and dryness, and thus prevents baldness. It stimulates the weakened glands, and enables them to push forward a new and vigorous growth. The effects of this article are not transient, like those of alcoholic preparations, but remain a long time, which makes its use a matter of economy.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FOR THE
WHISKERS

Will change the beard to a natural brown, or black, as desired. It produces a permanent color that will not wash away. Consisting of a single preparation, it is applied without trouble.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

FOR ALL THE FORMS
OF
Scrofulous, Mercurial, and Blood Disorders,

the best remedy, because the most searching and thorough blood-purifier, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles, $5.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

ers of the several lines have all been extra well filled for the season of the year. The reason given for this unusual spurt in the passenger-carrying trade to America is the fact that the presence of cholera in the southern portions of France and Italy, causing those who depended upon a continental tour for their autumn vacation to change their route for a trip across the "herring pond," and a closer acquaintance with our American cousins on their own side of it.

A shocking discovery has been made near Castletownroche, Ireland. Some seven years ago a Mrs. Sheehan, her son, and daughter, mysteriously disappeared from their home and farm, about which the woman had had a dispute with her son. The people of the district were led to believe that these people had gone to America, but the discovery of a few days ago would tend to show that they were murdered. There was a well in an adjoining farm twenty-five feet deep, from which the owner of the farm, a Mr. Broderick, drew his supplies of water. Owing to the recent dry summer the water in the well ran low, and a man was sent down to clear it out. He discovered in the bottom of the well the skeletons of three bodies, which a doctor has pronounced to be the remains of two females and a male, which agrees with the loss of Mrs. Sheehan and her son and daughter. A portion of a cloak and of boots similar to those which would be worn by a woman, in Mrs. Sheehan's position in life were found.

Owing to the unusual slackness of business in Paris, consequent upon the almost total absence of visitors this season, the report of the failure of another of the great cafes on the boulevard will excite no surprise. Following closely upon the discomfiture of the proprietors of the Cafe du Helder came that of the leaseholders of the Grand cafe. These disasters have now been followed by that of the Cafe du Suede, which had acquired a certain amount of celebrity. Established in 1860, this cafe soon acquired a good custom, thanks to its exceptionally advantageous position, and became the rendezvous of actors and the minor writers on the press. Since the war it has passed through the hands of several different owners, the last of whom, a cafe owner of Lyons, added a cheap restaurant to the ordinary business. Though in liquidation, the cafe is not likely to be closed, a receiver having been appointed to continue the business on behalf of the creditors. The Cafe du Suede is one of the thirty-three cafes or restaurants along the boulevard from the Madeleine to the Faubourg Montmartre, irrespective of the numerous establishments crowding the side streets.

After much pain and suffering, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, a remedy has at last been discovered for the piano plague, of which the citizens of Berlin have been bitterly complaining. Legislation was for a long time believed to be the only cure; but the conviction is growing that Prof. Hanslik, the musical composer, was right when he declared in the *Gartenlaube* that "nobody has either the right or the power to influence the piano vampire by any means whatever. He is master in his own house and at his own piano just

up and down the valley, some of the most beautiful and curious sights presented themselves. The warm stream which gathered its waters from the overflowing geysers and springs wound its course amid the trees, sparkling and glittering beneath the sun. In some places its sides were entirely fringed with silicious deposits, some white and beautiful like overhanging folds of lace, some dipping down into the water in the form of enormous stalactites while others, assuming a rounded buttress-like formation, were green with ferns and dank mosses of varied hue. At another moment a rocky point came into view, and above the clustering ferns, brilliant in the soft rays of light, the tall manuka trees, which here attained to wonderful proportions, cast their gnarled branches in a dense canopy overhead, and from the very water's edge, where the warm springs bubbled and hissed, to the very summit of the valley on either side, the heated soil gave life to countless wonders of the great vegetable world.

The Secret of Mr. Gladstone's Vigor.

In the latest Healthery Handbook, subject "Athletics," by the Hon. E. Lyttelton, we find the following excellent remarks on the duty of chewing food:—

The veriest dullard who thinks for a moment on the daily task entrusted to our digestive machinery, how incessantly it recurs, and how serious are the issues involved in its fulfilment; and who has, moreover, learned anything of the delicacy of those organs, and their close relation to happiness, will understand the need of lightening that task as far as we can, and the cruelty of any wanton increase of it. Our system asks for food well chewed and well lubricated, and we give it dry nuggets, at rapidly-recurring meals. . . . I could name a dyspeptic, who travelled in search of a cure all in vain, till a stranger told him to masticate his meat, and he obtained instant relief. But there is a better instance at hand than either of these. Mr. Gladstone is a man about whose physical vigor there can be no question. Men are known in troublesome times to cavil at his statesmanship, but no one has anything to say against his digestion. Now, as early as the year 1848, Mr. Gladstone formulated to himself rules for chewing food. Previously to that he had always paid great attention to this requirement of nature; but at that date he laid down a rule for his children that thirty-two bites should be given to each mouthful of meat, and a somewhat lesser number to bread, fish, etc. It is also known that to get into a habit of following his example is as easy as can be. A little attention paid to it for two days will insure the duty being unconsciously performed through life, with the most beneficial results. Truly, history turns upon small causes! The philosopher of future ages may busy himself with pondering what the course of the world would have been had that number been twenty-two instead of thirty-two.

Not another Pill shall go down my throat again, said a citizen, "when I can get such a prompt and pleasant cure for my Bilious Attacks, such as Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It renders the Blood Pure and Cool and makes a Splendid Spring Medicine. Large 50 cents.

A Strange African People.

In the course of a paper read by him in the geographical section of the British association, Gen. Lefroy said: Having alluded to Dr. Paul Pogge, whose death at Loanda in March last deprives geography of an adventurous explorer, I may add that the account of his journey in 1875 to Mussumba, the capital of the powerful negro kingdom of Muata Yanvo, or Matianvo of Livingstone, published in 1880, remains to be translated. That great traveller failed to reach it. Cameron crossed the territory, but a long way to the south of it, and no previous traveller that I am aware of has described it. Dr. Pogge resided there four or five months. and we learn many interesting particulars from him, and from Dr. Max Buchner, a subsequent traveller.

The people, although fetish worshippers, practice the rite of circumcision; they are a fine, warlike, race, unhappily addicted to slave hunting, but far in advance of their cannibal brothers of Kauanda. Their institutions are of a feudal character; Muata Yanvo is an hereditary title. Among many peculiar customs is one which invests one of the king's half-sisters, under the designation of the lukokescha, with the second authority in the kingdom. She is forbidden to marry, but permitted a sort of morganatic alliance with a slave, any offspring being ruthlessly destroyed, and on the death of the king she has the principal voice in designating his successor, who, however, must be selected from among the sons of the late king. Since Dr. Pogge's visit the Muata Yanvo has been deposed and poisoned by his lukokescha. The extraordinary custom prevails here that a man's children do not belong to him, but to the eldest brother of their mother, and should a child die the father must make compensation.

A Plucky Engineer.

Many plucky engineers have crawled down on the cowcatcher of their locomotive, as the machine was rushing along at the rate of twenty miles an hour, and snatched a child or baby from certain destruction beneath the ponderous wheel of the iron horse, but none have as yet the experience of Christoval Mendoza, an engineer on the Mexican railroad. The other day as the train was nearing Jalapa, he discovered an old beggar, 101 years, on the track. The old fellow being deaf and imbecile, paid no attention to the shrieks of the whistles, so Christoval climbed down on the cowcatcher, snatched the old fellow almost mummified with fright, up into a safe berth beside him just as the monster was about to grind him into a thousand fragments.

Made Sane by a Jump.

On the train recently was Miss Ichmann of Milwaukee, who was sent West in charge of her mother in the hope that the change might avert threatened brain troubles. When near Laramie, Miss Ichmann jumped from the car window. It was some time before she was missed, and after telegraphic inquiry she was heard from at Laramie, where she had been taken by the crew of a freight train. In jumping Miss Ichmann fell in front of the freight train, and was terribly bruis-

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 600 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the City.

A woman of Greenwood, Me., is reported to be cutting her fourth set of teeth. Why, what's the matter? Don't they fit?

Philosophy from the cornfield corner: It ain't de man whut reads de mos' dat thinks de mos'. It ain't de puseon whut eats de mos' dat's de stronges'.

Oh! how tired and weak I feel, I don't believe I will ever get through the Spring house-cleaning! Oh yes you will, if you take a bottle or two of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters to purify the blood and tone up the system Large bottles 50 cents

A silent partner is one who is expected to keep his mouth shut when he sees the confidential clerk speculating with the funds of the firm.

Purely Vegetable.

First the bud, then the blossom, then the perfect fruit. These are the several stages of some of the most important ingredients composing the painless and sure corn cure—Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. The juice of plants greatly concentrated and purified, gums and balsams in harmonious union, all combined, give the grand results. Putnam's Extractor makes no sore spot, does not lay a man up for a week, but goes on quietly doing its work until a perfect cure results. Beware of acid substitutes.

A strong decoction of the leaves and stems of tomato plants is said to be deadly to caterpillars, mice, and other enemies of vegetation without being injurious to the plants.

A.P. 197.

PHRENOLOGY. EXAMINATIONS GIVEN BY WALLACE MASON, at 362 Yonge st., Toronto.

THOS. GALLOWAY & Co., Cotton, Woollen, Silk, Carpet, and Worsted Shuttle Makers, Dundas, Ont.

GRAND OPPORTUNITY FOR A FARMER RETIRING and able to command from $12,000 to $20,000, large city estate, embracing about 30 houses, will bring such rental as will give good interest on investment and handsome return for necessary attention; property compact. W. HAMILTON, 231 Talbot street, London.

MEN WANTED.

Active pushing men wanted to wholesale my famous teas to consumers. Salary from $600 to $2000 per year. Send stamp for particulars. JAMES LAUT, Importer, Toronto.

SMOKED SAUSAGES.

The most convenient meat for farmers in their busy season. These meats are cooked and ready for use Sold by grocers through the Dominion Send for price to W. CLARK P. O. Box 342 Montreal.

PARTY WANTED TO PURCHASE CARRIAGE shop 24 x 118 feet; double stoop, with office 24 x 60; blacksmith's shop, 20 x 42. lumber, barn, and shed, horse barn, two acres of land with dwelling-house suitable for two small families. two cisterns, cellar, and well, situated at Ross' Corners, four miles from Belleville, on main gravelled road, good locality, where a business from $8,000 to $10,000 per annum is done. The premises are now in full blast, and will be sold to good live man at a bargain. HARFORD ASHLEY Belleville.

E E KNOTT'S Speculator's Mart, Adelaide St. East, Toronto. All kinds of real estate sold or exchanged on commission. Money loaned on all kinds of real estate at lowest rates of interest. Application for money from farmers a speciality. Rents collected and estates managed in town or country. N.B.—Best of references on application.

W. & F. P. Currie & Co.

100 Grey Nun St,, Montreal.

Importers of

Drain Pipes, Portland Cement,

Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Vent Linings,

Water Lime, Flue Covers, Whiting,

Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay,

Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay

Manufacturers of

Gas-maker steel sofa, Camp Bed & Springs

The Ready Mixed Paints

MUTUAL MARRIAGE ENDOWMENT ASN Incorporated, Head Office, London, Ont. Issues Certificates from $125 to $3,000, payable on marriage, at following rates. For $500, or half certificate, $4; quarterly dues in advance, $0.75. For $1,000 Certificate, $6; quarterly dues in advance, $1.00. For $2,000 Certificate, $10; quarterly dues in advance, $2.00. For $3,000 Certificate, $15; quarterly dues in advance, $3.00. The only cash payments. Assessments on marriages $1.60 on each $1000. First years quarterly assessments are promptly paid on present membership at end of year. Endowment reserve account will amount to $10,000, providing for a large number of endowments, which places this Association in a sound financial position. No connection with any similar institution. A good savings society for young people. Send for By-Laws, &c. W. J. MLACH, Secretary, London. Ont

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday, and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St. John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow, and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co, Halifax: Shea & Co., St. John's N. F.: Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allan & Co., Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; H. A. Allan Portland, Boston Montreal.

Dominion Line of Steamships.

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday, during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months. Sailing dates from

QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL

Brooklyn,	Aug. 23	Montreal,	Sept. 13
Toronto.	Aug. 30	*Vancouver	Sept. 20
*Oregon.	Sept. 6		

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $60, $65, $80. Return, $90, $108, $117, $144, according to steamer and berth. Intermediate $35, Steerage, at lowest rates. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For farther particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent or local agents of the Company, or to

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General Agents, Montreal

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TAR AND GLYCERINE

SOAP!

The best in the world for all diseases of the Skin, on Man or Beast. Sold by all druggists.

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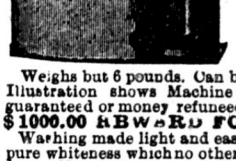
CARBOLIC ACID AND GLYCERINE

Is the best in the market.



THE MODEL

Washer

AND

BLEACHER.

Weighs but 6 pounds. Can be carried in a small valise. Illustration shows Machine in boiler. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refuneed within 30 days.

$1000.00 REWARD FOR ITS SUPERIOR.

Washing made light and easy. Mhe clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. A 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person.

To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2 50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian," says about it—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr. C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor saving machine, substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence. Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec Charges paid $3.00 Send for circulars.

AGENTS WANTED.

C. W. DENNIS,

TORONTO BARGAIN HOUSE,

213 YONGE SREET. TORONTO, ONT.

GURNEYS & WARE,

taken by the crew of a freight train. In jumping Miss Ichmann fell in front of the freight train, and was terribly bruised, but to just what extent is not yet known. The fall seems to have cleared her brain, for she was as bright, mentally, as any woman.

What's the Use?

Why suffer a single moment, when you can get immediate relief from internal or external pain by the use of Polson's NERVILINE, the great pain cure? Nerviline has never been known to fail. Try a 10 cent sample bottle. You will find it just as recommended. Neuralgia, toothache, cramps, headache, and all similar complaints disappear as if by magic when Nerviline is used. Large bottles 25 cents. Test bottles 10 cents, at druggists and country dealers.

Very Big Boy—"Please, Miss Blank I, don't think father would like to have me 'kept in' after school." Pretty Young Teacher—"Why not, if he knows it is for breaking the rules?" Big Boy—"This is leapyear, you know." She let him off.

Young Men!—Read This.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich. offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days' trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

Smith—"I notice that milkmen, as a rule, wear very heavy shoes." Brown—"Yes, they do it on purpose, I guess." Smith—"Why?" Brown—"Because, you know, it would be rather suggestive if they wore pumps."

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern science has been attained by the Dixon Treatment of catarrh. Out of 2,000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent. have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of the patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefitted, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissues, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination; this accomplished the catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King-street West, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on catarrh.—*Montreal Star.*

"Pa, is lye awfully bitter?" "Yes, my son, it's very bitter indeed." "Well, will it poison anybody?" "I guess it would, if you took enough of it." "Why don't more people die then? I read in a paper that the public was made to swallow great deal of campaign lie."

There are lots of people going around grumbling, and half sick at the Stomach all the time; who might be well and happy, if they only used Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters occasionally. It is a splendid Blood Purifier All Druggists 50 cents

Icelanders—The ice men.

Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay
Manufacturers of
Gossamer Steel Sofa, Cot & Bed Springs

The Ready Mixed Paints
MANUFACTURED BY
A. RAMSAY & SONS, MONTREAL,

are ground in Pure Linseed Oil and Turpentine. The American Mixed Paints are to a large extent ground with Silicate of Soda, and are dear at any price. Ask for Ramsay's, and see that you get them. Apply to your local dealers.

1883-St. John Exhibition-1883

Leather Belting, Fire Engine Hose, &c.
Four First Prizes and Two Diplomas. The highest of all Awards for Leather Belting and Fire Engine Hose were accorded by the Judges at the St. John Centennial and Dominion Exhibition, to ROBIN & SADLER, Montreal, over all competitors.

F. E DIXON & CO.
Manufacturers of Star Rivet
Leather Belting!
70 King Street, East, Toronto.
Large Double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts

MACHINERY.
For sale 1 Westinghouse Traction Farm Engine. 1 Able Triumph Do. 1 G. J. Morrison do. 8 n. p. Portable Engine and Boiler on Skids. 1 35 h. p. Horozontal by Northy. 1 do. by Waterous with cut off valve, and 20 engines and boilers of smaller sizes, all thoroughly refitted before leaving shop. 2 24-inch Planers and Matchers. 1 20-inch Pony Planer. 1 Iron Frame Tenoning machine. 1 Blind Slat Tenoner. 1 Buggy Plainer or jointer. 2 band saws. 10 Saw Tables. 1 Fire-Proof Safe. 1 Jeweler's Rouls Steel. 1 Book-Binder's Screw Press. 1 42-inch French Burr Portable Grist Mill. 1 62-inch inserted Tooth-Saw, &c., &c. Send for new list, No. 9, containing full description of machinery in stock. Address,
H. W. PETRIE, Brantford, Ont.

GURNEYS & WARE,

STANDARD SCALES.
THE BEST, THE STRONGEST, THE MOST RELIABLE.

Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.

RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILL TRUCKS.

Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST.

GURNEYS & WARE,

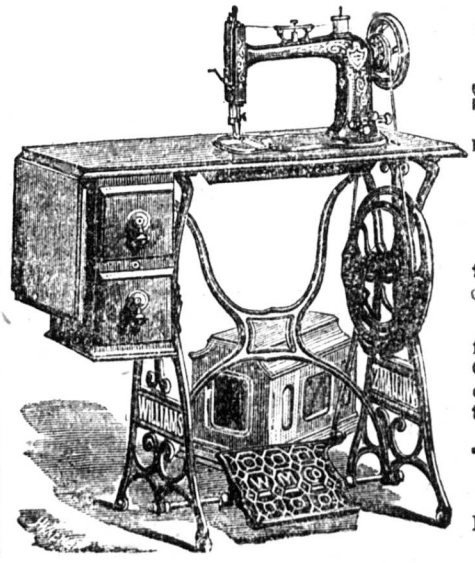
MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.,
—:) MANUFACTURERS OF (:—
Finest Electro Gold and Silver Plate,
New York, Meriden (Ct.), Chicago, San Francisco, London, (Eng.).
BRANCH FACTORY—Cor. Cannon and Wellington Streets, Hamilton, Ont.

TRADE MERIDEN B. COMPANY. MARK.

Many purchasers having through a similarity of names purchased other wares under the impression that they were of our manufacture, we are compelled to ask special attention to the above TRADE MARKS. The fact that our name and Trade Marks are being so closely imitated should be a sufficient guarantee to the public that our wares are the BEST IN THE WORLD.

TRADE
1847 Rogers Bros. A1.
MARK.

THE NEW WILLIAMS



High Arm Machine is now recognized as the

Sewing Machine of the Period.

It is Light and Easy to run.
Silent and Rapid in movement
Plain and Simple to learn

It is strong, durable, and well built, the very best material that money can buy or skill produce.

It was awarded five medals and three first prizes at the Dominion Exhibition last October. It is rapidly superseding all the old fashioned makes everywhere. See it try it, buy it, and make sure that you get it.

THE WILLIAMS' MFG CO.

1783 Notre Dame St., Montreal, and King St., West, Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store.
Napanee.

MADDEN'S

BOOKSTORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

ARTIST'S SUPPLIES, A COMPLETE STOCK NOW ON HAND.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THE CELEBRATED THOMAS ORGAN.

A FINE STOCK OF STATIONERY, WALL PAPER AND HAND MADE SHADES CHEAP.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 10, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

ssued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications trictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses.)ffice—Hinch, Perry & Co., Dundas street.

ROUND TOWN.

—Scott Act meeting, Saturday, at 2 p.m.

—**Lahey's** for cheap overcoats,

—Camden show to-day at Centreville. Sheffield show at Tamworth to-morrow.

—The Court of Revision of the Napanee Voters' List will be held on Tuesday next.

—For a cheap tweed suit go to Lahey's.

—Mr. A. F. Holmes was the lucky man in the drawing for the organ at Mr. J. F. McAlister's on Tuesday.

—Mr. Eldley Brown, of North Fredericksburgh, has an apple tree in full bloom. This is a very rare occurrence at this season.

—**Lahey's** for the newest fall hats.

—Mr. Abraham Woodcock, of North Fredericksburgh, laid on our table a sample of oats grown on his farm, the head measuring 22 inches. This beats the record.

—The Rev. M. L. Pearson will be glad to meet his friends on next Monday evening at the reception which will be held in the Eastern Methodist Church at 7:30 o'clock.

—**Persian Lamb** caps cheap at Laheys.

A well contested base-ball match was played in town on Tuesday, between the

—The fire alarm was sounded late Wednesday night. The fire was in the woodshed attached to the residence of Mr. James Bogart, near St. Patrick's church. Nothing more than the shed was destroyed.

—Mr. Marsh Parrott of Belleville, son of J. M. Parrott, Esq., was married on Wednesday to Miss Briden, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Briden, Newburgh. The happy couple went to Manitoba on their wedding tour.

—Another hunting party left town on Tuesday afternoon. It was composed of Messrs. J. C. Huffman, W. T. Gibbard, F. Gibbard and John McAffee. The scene of their operations will be Wolf Lake. They expect to be gone a couple of weeks.

—Eastern Methodist Church, Rev. M. L. Pearson, Pastor. The Educational Anniversary Sermons will be preached next Sunday, October 12th at 10:30 a.m., by the Rev. J. R. Jacques, D.D., and at 6:30 p.m., by the Rev. George Douglas, LL.D.

NOTICE. — Having disposed of my book debts to Mr. John English at a rate on the dollar, parties indebted to me will find their accounts at his office, where payments should be made. Those holding contra accounts can have them adjusted by calling at the store. J. F. MCALISTER.

English Church Union.

The musical and literary sections of this organization purpose giving an entertainment to open the season in about a fortnight. Thursday, the 28th inst, has been named as the day for the opening of a series of popular concerts and readings to be continued throughout the winter. The Archdeacon has secured assistance for the opening evening from ladies in Belleville of the highest musical talent, and the programme which will be announced next week will be specially attractive.

TOWN COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Town Council was held Wednesday evening. The business transacted was merely of a routine character. The Street Committee made their report recommending no action in the matter of the wire fence erected by Mr. S. Gibson because they considered it not substantially built. They also recommended a new sidewalk, 6 feet 6 inches, on the west side of John-st., from Mr. Daly's store to Bridge-st., and rebuilding a culvert on Robinson-st. The report was adopted, except the clause respecting the fence, which was deferred till next meeting. The committee on the entertainment for relief of the Port Perry fire sufferers reported a deficit of $26.60; that the printers had cancelled their bills and that Mr. Symington would accept $12 in full payment. This was ordered to be paid. A number of accounts were passed, after which the council adjourned.

A Correction.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—In your last issue I noticed a short paragraph headed "A Painful Accident." Will you please allow me to correct it and give the true facts of the case, as the person who gave you the information must have been some one who knew nothing about the case whatever? The poor unfortunate young man does not blame any person but himself, neither does any of his fellow-workmen, as they all knew the switch had been changed and were working only a few yards from the switch. The young fellow had forgotten about the switch being changed and in stepping back as he supposed to get out of the way of the train stepped in front of her; therefore, as he says himself, no blame can be attached to anyone but himself, and any one who knew anything about the case would not sentence another. Yours truly,

G. P. HOUGH,
Switchman.

Barrie Road Work.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—Noticing a very extraordinary letter in your issue of the 19th inst., pointing directly to

Tamworth.

Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.

—The Presbyterian tea-meeting held last night in Tamworth was a success—receipts $51.

—We find our railway to be a great convenience. I have heard a good deal of blowing about the stations along the line being better than ours, but, sir, we have the nicest station and grounds, the handsomest agent and the best furnished office on the line. Any person disputing this should take a trip over the road and see for himself or herself. ANON.

Odessa.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

A SAD AFFLICTION.—Two little children of Mr. Edward Clark of this place, died on Sunday last of diptheria. The family have the sympathy of the whole community in their double affliction.

—The young people of the Methodist Church, Odessa, will give an oyster supper in the brick church, on Friday evening, 17th instant. First-class oysters and other refreshments will be served from 6 to 8 p.m. A well-selected and interesting programme will be rendered and no pains spared to make this one of the most successful entertainments of the season. The public are cordially invited. Admission to oysters and entertainment, 25c.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The contract for ornamenting the C. M. Parsonage at Wilton, has been given to William Jordon of Campbellford.

—We are pleased to hear that Mr. J. Jackson has erected a new building on the triangle.

—There's a Devonshire youth living with Mr. Parkins near this place, who is considered a musical curiosity. He has a sweet voice and sings his own compositions. He is open for engagements during the winter.

—Mrs. H. Thompson of Renfrew, is visiting friends at Wilton.

—It's a pleasure for us to announce that Mr. Sperry Shibley has fully recovered from his illness. He took an active part in the Toronto exhibition.

—The ladies at the corner were delighted with the eclipse on Sunday evening.

—Mr. D. S. Warner has just received a new supply of marriage licenses. Who would'nt get married; only two dollars for a license, two more for the minister makes four, and only think of the presents—napkin rings, salt cellars and pickle dishes.

—Mr. Isaac McEwen expresses himself as delighted with the Odessa show, but in consequence of unpleasant weather was prevented from attending the one at Newburgh Saturday last.

—The services in the Methodist Church on Sunday last were curtailed on account of the intense cold.

—Our boys, as a general thing, conduct themselves in a manner worthy of honorable mention, but some of them of late have been addressing language to some of the inhabitants that has had an immoral bearing. I understand legal steps will be taken to prevent a repetition.

—Mr. Edward Jackson and family of Harrowsmith, have been visiting friends at Wilton.

—Our cheese factory is working wonders this season. The cheese is first-class and the prices are satisfactory. JOSEPH.

Bath.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

AN ENTERPRISING UNDERTAKER.—Hiram Hoselton on quitting business as undertaker a few months ago, had on hand some twenty hand-made orthodox coffins, the relics of the

---**Persian Lamb** caps cheap at Laheys.

A well contested base-ball match was played in town on Tuesday, between the Clark's Mills club and a team from the Bath and Sillsville clubs. The match resulted in victory for the Clark's Mills club by 7 points.

—An interesting foot-ball match was played in town last Saturday between the Young Canadians of Napanee and the Union Jacks of Deseronto, two junior clubs. The match resulted in a victory for the Napanee boys by three goals.

—Mr. Jacob Wells, of North Fredericksburgh, informs us that on the 1st of October he had a mess of fine raspberries, which were picked from his farm. They were a little out of season, but nevertheless welcome.

The Windsor Hotel is to be rebuilt at a cost of $30,000, and Mr. O'Brien is to be the landlord. The safe of the burned building was opened and the contents found more or less injured. A considerable sum of money in it will not be passable.

---**For** men's furnishings go to Lahey's.

—We were misinformed last week as to the Harvest Festival in St. Mary Magdalene's Church. It has been decided to postpone it until the 6th Nov., and incorporate it with the General Thanksgiving proclaimed by the Governor-General.

—Howorth's Hibernicon and Comedy Co., in the Opera House Saturday evening. This is the oldest Irish company travelling and are favorites wherever they go. The entertainment is chaste, instructive and intensely amusing. Reserved seats at J. J. Perry's Drug Store.

—The Prince Edward show was held on Wednesday and Thursday. It was a comparative failure, owing to the bad weather and the narrow-mindedness of its directors. No exhibitors were allowed from outside the county. The Prince Edward people should follow the example of Lennox and throw their show open to all the surrounding counties. That is the only way to insure success.

key's for men's and boys' underclothing

—The engagements at the Opera House include "Only a Farmer's Daughter Co." for the 21st inst., and Baker & Farron in the "Emigrants" on the 25th inst. The Montreal Gazette says of the performance of the former company at the Academy of Music:

"Miss Lillian Terry surpassed herself last night as the New York Belle, being recalled after every act. Miss Esther Lyon, as the Farmer's Daughter, created a most pleasing impression. Miss Emma Frank, as Mother Stark in Poverty Hollow, and Miss Etta Frank as Little Minnie's attendant, were most acceptable. Little Minnie showed herself as clever as ever in her important part. During the performance Miss Lilian Lewis was presented with a very handsome basket of flowers. The balance of the cast was good."

---**Waterproof** and rubber coats at Lahey's.

—Mr. S. Roblin will on 1st Nov. retire from the firm of Roblin & Ford and go to England to push the manufacture and sale of Gardner's Baby Jumper, which has become almost world wide in its popularity. Messrs. J. H. Roblin and Robt. Ford will continue the business under the same name of firm. They have laid in a remarkably fine stock for the winter trade which should receive the attention of every intending purchaser. The tailoring department has received large acquisitions in the way of suitings, trouserings, coatings, etc., of the best European makes, and with Mr. Ford's superior cut, the best of satisfaction is assured. We specially direct attention to the fine stock of gentlemen's fur caps and overcoatings. They are prepared to make up to order overcoatings of any kind and quality of fur. The stock of hats, caps and gents' furnishings will also be found very replete and is deserving of a visit of inspection.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—Noticing a very extraordinary letter in your issue of the 19th inst., pointing directly to me, I hope you will allow me to say a few words in reply. In the first place I wish to state that I have carefully read the whole of Antler's letters and can vouch for the truth of every word contained in them, but am sorry to say that I cannot do the same for your Cloyne correspondent, as his statement that he had a full gang of men, numbering thirteen, working on Barrie road, No 2, on July 11th, 1884, is absolutely false. There was not that number on Barrie road, No. 2 on that day, even including the interested visitors and a man and his wife that chanced to pass along the road. Then he says in his letter that Antler used unbecoming language to his lady visitors. Antler alluded to them as in different degrees of relationship to himself, and if that is any disgrace it must arise from their relationship with him, but this is not the whole of it; as in his wrath (keep cool, John) he must needs alude to a respectable lady that once had the misfortune to be a widow, who is proud to say that she is no relation of his. Then how can he justify himself in including her in his dirty slang. I will not pursue the subject further by administering the severe castigation he deserves, as it is of no use, for where there is no sense there is no feeling, but will treat him as the boy did that other donkey, impute it to his ignorance, as, poor thing, he knows no better.

THOS. TAPPING,
P. M. Hardinge.

Sept. 30th, 1884.

Personals.

—Sir Richard Cartwright was in town this week.

—Mr. Moore, of the Tecumseh House, London, is in town.

—Mr. James Lahey, law student, of Toronto, spent a few days in town this week.

—Mrs. Neilson, wife of Judge Neilson, of Brooklyn, N.Y., and Miss Neilson are visiting relatives at Morven and Napanee.

—Miss Addie Blewett returned home last week after a three weeks' visit with friends in Toronto and Peterboro'.

---Mr John Madden and son of Delta were the guests of Mr K J Strong on Saturday.

---Mr Fred Kenyon of Glen's Falls N Y, is visiting Mr Chas cornell.

---Mr D W Allison M P and Mr Geo D Hawley M P P were in attendance at the county show on Tuesday.

---Prof and Mrs McDonald were among the victims of the Windsor Hotel fire, Kingston. In consequence of the nervous shock and losing all their wardrobe they did not fill their engagement in Napanee this week.

---Miss H Madden of Newburgh left with her father on Monday last to reside at Farmersville she having been a resident of Newburgh for the past three years where she leaves a host of admiring friends. We wish her the same good fortune in her new home.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The Napanee fair is popular in this neighborhood; fifty-four tickets were bought at the station here and a large number went with their teams. The weather was all that could be desired.

—George Graham has returned home after an absence of a few years to recruit his health.

—Herbert Cannon is here alive and visiting his home. It was between Harrowsmith and Sharbot Lake that the blunder was made.

—George McDonald is buying grain and he will pay the highest price going.

—The chairman of the committee reports that they are meeting with great success in procuring signatures to the petition for the incorporation of the two villages. They are waiting for the sub-committee of Colebrooke to finish. They have partially agreed on the name of the united villages and they would recommend to call it "Benjamin Falls," as appropriate.

—The ballasting on the road from here to Tamworth is about completed.

—The Italians arrived here from Tamworth on Tuesday evening and occupied the church shed which sheltered them and their luggage. They left Wednesday by teams for Harrowsmith to go to work on the K. & P. RR. They were quiet and peaceable, as they have always been while here. They wanted their pay before they left for another job.

Hoselton on quitting business as undertaker a few months ago, had on hand some twenty hand-made orthodox coffins, the relics of the medæval times, and he has succeeded, he informs us, in selling the whole lot to a maiden lady and her sister of this municipality, at a nominal sum. The ladies in question, though still hale and hearty, have selected their burial spots in the English Church cemetry at this place, and have had their tombstones erected. The undertaker says they desire to be laid away in the smallest caskets, which are to be telescoped into the larger ones, until each one is encased in ten of his wooden overcoats. This will be equal to the embalming process of the Mosiac dispensation, and far more humane than the "cremating furnacerios" now so much lauded in France and the other countries of the old world. These two ladies are full communion members of the Methodist church, and attend regularly divine service therein, and why they should have selected burying plots in the Church of England cemetery is a puzzle to the natives. It would seem to show that the Methodist doctrine, though good to live by, is not good enough to be laid away with finally.

DISTURBING THE ARMY.—A young man, acting as grain thresher for Mr. Vanslyck, named Alverson, disturbed the meeting on Saturday evening last, by behavior unbecoming any youth possessed of brains. The laws of this country when carried into effect make it extremely warm for youths of this class, for displaying their idiocy in places of public worship, and they had better take warning and govern themselves as civilized beings when assembled in the house of God, or they may find themselves peeping through the bars of "Castle Vanluven."

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.—Mr. D. Grasse, of Collinsby, a wealthy farmer, is about buying a lot at Bath with the intention of removing here next spring.....Mr. George Cook, a well-to-do yeoman of Parrot's Bay, is also similarly inclined, and was here in company with his wife this week, selecting a spot to build on. We welcome them to our village, and will do all in our power to make their stay among us an agreeable one.

REAL ESTATE.—Mr. Joseph Dennee, late at South Fredericksburgh, is about purchasing a house and lot on the north side of Main street, from Mr. Mark Rowse, of Ernesttown.....Mr. John Hogle, H. M. Customs, is busily engaged in rebuilding a house on his premises on the south side of Main street, and Mr. Thomas Edwards has given the contract for raising and remodeling his house on the water's edge....We were in error last week in stating that Mr. Morrow, of Emerald, would build a summer hotel at the upper end of the town. He will, it is said, build some tenement flats on his property here in lieu of the hotel. We hope he may do so, as tenement houses are very scarce, and if built would add much to the prosperity of our village.....Mr. D. W. Ball intends to erect a fine residence for himself and family at the foot of Davy street, overlooking his mill property.

—The board of health are doing a good work. Their inspector has notified the board of the nuisances in their midst, and the board have ordered their removal. The people generally acquiesce in the demands as issued by the board, and our village is fast assuming what nature intended it to be, the most healthy spot in the county.

A Popular Fallacy.

Many people think that Rheumatism cannot be cured. It is caused by a bad state of the blood which deposits poisonous matter in the muscles and joints, causing lameness, stiffness and swelling of the joints and excruciating pain. Kidney-Wort will certainly effect a cure. It acts on the Kidney, Liver and Bowels, stimulating them to a healthy action, purifies and enriches the blood and eliminates the poison from the system. Go to the nearest druggist, buy Kidney-Wort and be cured.

IRATE ITALIANS.

40 NAVIES ATTACK A CONTRACTOR.

The Tamworthites Suppress the Row in a Summary Manner.—Several of the Italians Injured.

[From our own Correspondent.]

The ballasting on the N. T. & Q. RR., being about completed and the contractors, Messrs. Chisholm, McDonald and O'Brien, wishing to transfer the majority of their laborers to the works at Calabagie Lake on K. & P. RR., the general overseer (Mr. O'Brien) desired them to take the train for the above named place. This they refused to do until they got their pay for the work done here. They also refused to allow twenty-five of their comrades to go to work in the pit here, driving them from the train with clubs and stones. They then followed Mr. O'Brien around town in a threatening manner until about twelve o'clock, when they pitched upon him at Douglass' Hotel and threatened to take his life unless he would pay them at once, This he could not do as the contractors had not come with the money. He was then taken to the middle of the street by a gang armed with revolvers and dirks, when the citizens went to his aid. The crowd surged across to C. Shield's door, an attempt was made to get him in, and as Mr. Shield's took him by the collar a dirk was immediately thrust at him cutting his hand. The Italians then got the advantage and started towards the bridge with O'Brien. All hope of saving his life now seemed to be gone, when J. M. Smith rushed into the infuriated mob and rescued him single-handed and alone. O'Brien then fled to his hotel and the maddened devils turned upon his rescuer with dirks and revolvers, and while the glittering daggers were descending and just about to enter his body a gallant charge of villagers led by John Sherman, J. P., armed with clubs, guns, pieces of iron and swords, came to his rescue, when the clubs in the powerful hands of J. R. Fraser, John A. Fraser, L. A. Wheeler, C. S. Wheeler, L. Wagar, Reeve ; Wm. Brown, Deputy-Reeve ; Edward McLaughlin, Councillor ; W. N. Somers, Wm. Bragg and others soon rescued him from his perilous position. His escape is looked upon as miraculous, for with the exception of a few bruires, he was unhurt. But now the scene beggars all description. A desperate hand to hand fight ensued with all kinds of weapons, in which the rioters outnumbered the citizens about five to one, but we were fighting for our lives and our property, and by desperate work gained a little advantage. Our little band now began to be pretty well fatigued, when J. M. Smith got hold of a double-barrelled gun and discharged both barrels over the heads of the rioters. This had the effect of causing them to fall back for an instant, but on they came again, when he emptied both barrels fair into the mob. This had the desired effect, for they at once retreated and victory was ours.

THE FOLLOWING VILLAGERS WERE HURT:

James R. Fraser, left arm badly bruised by blows from clubs; J. A. Fraser, both arms badly bruised by blows from clubs; W. N. Somers, constable, two stabs in the left breast obliquely, or his heart would have been pierced; William Brown, councillor, stabbed over the right shoulder blade; Edward McLaughlin, councillor, knocked flat by a stone ; the reeve got a blow from a stone but was not badly hurt. John Somers, J.P., who led the attempt at rescue, had a very narrow escape from a blow on the head with an axe. His son John got knocked flat by a club in rescuing his father, but is not seriously hurt.

THE ORGAN IS GONE

AND THE LUCKY MAN WAS

A. F. HOLMES, OF NAPANEE.

THE WINNING NUMBER WAS

213

A number of ticket-holders were present and expressed themselves as thoroughly satisfied with the manner in which the drawing was conducted.

WE HAVE NOW COMMENCED A GRAND CLEARING SALE OF

OVERCOATS

and Ready-made Clothing.

and as we have an immense stock of the above goods bought at a discount, our friends may expect startling bargains. A call solicited.

J. F. McALISTER,
The Clothier.

1884. FALL STOCK COMPLETE. 1884.

ROBLIN & FORD

INVITE INSPECTION OF THEIR NEW STOCK OF

Gentlemen's Furs, Hats, Caps,

Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

knocked flat by a club in rescuing his father, but is not seriously hurt.

The Italians were badly punished, while our brave boys were pretty badly injured also. All are doing well under the care of Dr. Yourex. He also fixed up the wounds of the rioters. Honorable mention should be made of the following citizens :—J. R. Fraser, J. A. Fraser, L. A. Wheeler, C. S. Wheeler, John Sherman, J. P. ; John Sherman, Jr. ; W. M. Bragg, Sr. ; Wm Bragg, Jr. ; W. N. Somers, L. Wagar, Wm. Brown, Edward McLaughlin, J. M. Smith and Jas. Keller. British soldiers, nor Zulus, never fought better, and had they not fought as they did they would all have been killed and the town sacked. Captain Cox was now sent for, who came with arms and called out a squad who kept the Italians on the east side of the river all night and made twenty-one arrests.

It being impossible to tell who did the stabbing and shooting they could only be tried for assault. It cost them $130. They were then given notice to leave town by the first train or be driven out at the point of the bayonet. They took the train and left. Peace and quietness now reigns. Two of the contractors (Messrs. O'Brien and McDonald) appeared on the scene on the 7th and paid the men off in full.

☞ **Keep this in mind.** In the Diamond Dyes more coloring is given than in any known dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors. 10cents at all druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sample card, 32 colors, and book of directions for 2c. stamp.

—Many forget that the hair and scalp needs cleansing as well as the hands and feet. Extensive use of Ayer's Hair Vigor has proven that it is the best cleansing agent for the hair—that it prevents as well as removes dandruff, cools and soothes the scalp, and stimulates the hair to renewed growth and beauty.

A Rare Plant.

The Wild Strawberry Plant possesses rare virtue as a cleansing, cooling, astringent, antiseptic, and healing medicine, and when combined with other valuable vegetable extracts, as in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, it is an unfailing romedy in all bowel complaints.

A Sad Neglect.

Neglecting a constipated condition of the bowels is sure to bring ill-health and great suffering. Burdock Blood Bitters regulate the bowels in a natural manner, purifying the blood and promote a healthy action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

—VISIT TO NAPANEE—

Fifty Thousand Dollars will be Given —Away.—

The Spirometer Given Free!

The above offer holds good for this visit only.

To the Medical Profession and Sufferers from Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs and Consumption.

My motive is not one of money only, but for science and the good of suffering humanity.

To convince the public and prove to the skeptical that the Spirometer is the best instrument ever invented for the treatment of diseases of the air passages, and that it is all I have ever claimed for it, anyone suffering from the above named diseases can call at the

——HUFFMAN HOUSE——

—ON—

WEDNESDAY OR THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15th or 16th,

and consult the surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute, will be given a Spirometer free, the medicines alone to be paid for. I do this to show the confidence I have in the treatment, and to convince the medical profession and others who are still skeptical (notwithstanding the thousands of people who have been cured by it) that the Spirometer I have invented and the medicines and treatment prescribed by the surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute are curing and will cure a larger percentage of these diseases than any other treatment in the world.

If impossible to call upon the surgeons during their visit to your city, write for International News and List of Questions.

Address Dr. M. Souvielle, Ex-Aide Surgeon of the French army, 173 Church St., Toronto, Ont.

Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

It comprises of everything that is new, choice and reliable. Overcoats of every kind and quality of FUR made to order.

A full line of Gents Furnishings and shirts of best material made to order.

The ordered clothing department never was better equipped and never gave better satisfaction. A call solicited.

GRANGE BLOCK, DUNDAS ST., NAPANEE.

MORE THAN PLEASED.

The crowd of purchasers who visited our store on Tuesday were more than pleased with the values we are offering in all kinds of Dry Goods, and the satisfactory sales made show that our efforts to place cheap goods before the public are fully appreciated.

We are showing a full range of Grey Flannels, in plain and twills, at lower prices than ever before offered here. These goods are selling rapidly, and our stock has been replenished with a big purchase during the last few days.

In Dress Goods we have just opened up some new and saesonable goods bought far below prices asked two months ago, the benefit of which we give our customers. A fresh lot of new Plain Dress Goods, new Grey Dress Goods (scarce goods) and Black Dress Goods just opened up.

A new lot of Mantles and Ulsters cloth opened up on Monday. We show a magnificent range of these goods.

DRESSMAKING done on the premises by Miss Hendrahan who pleases every one.

MILLINERY department full of rich and stylish goods under the management of Miss Wilson, whose trimming is universally admired.

TAILORING department booming ; fresh stock of Overcoatings and Naps just opened up. Max Fox, Cutter.

Call and see our stock and prices. No trouble to show goods.

HOOPER & BARBER,

Bargains at the Popular Clothing House!

—IN—

NEW FALL GOODS.

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
YOUTH'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
BOY'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' WOOL UNDERCLOTHING, the best value ever shown.

RUBBER AND WATERPROOF COATS of all kinds from $2 up.

SILK AND ALPACA UMBRELLAS, RUBBER RUGS AND BLANKETS very cheap.

Stock complete in NEW FALL HATS, CAPS, FUR GOODS AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

☞ **Remember the Popular Clothing House, Rennie Block, Napanee.**

R. P. LAHEY.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'BEIRNE, Proprietor. NAPANEE ONT

H Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(ESTABLISHED 1819.)

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.
Capital and Suiplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor

ENGAGEMENTS:

SATURDAY, Oct. 25.—Baker and Farren's Comedy Co. in "Emigrants."

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.
J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH & QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Special Time Table No 1.

In Effect August 4, 1884, 5 A. M.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 1. A M.	No. 3. P.M.	No. 5. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	5 00	12 30	5 00
Napanee Mills	"	5 15	12 45	5 15
Newburgh	"	5 20	12 55	5 25
Thompson's Mills*	"	5 25	1 05	5 35
Camden East	"	5 27	1 10	5 40
Yarker	"	5 37	1 20	5 50
Galbraith Road*	"	5 45		5 59
Moscow	"	6 00		6 17
Mudlake Bridge*	"	6 20		6 39
Enterprise	"	6 30		6 50
Wilson's Crossing*	"	6 35		7 01
Tamworth	Arrive	7 00		7 27

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.	No. 6. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 30		7 40
Wilson's Crossing*	"	7 55		8 06
Enterprise	"	8 00		8 20
Mudlake Bridge*	"	8 10		8 31
Moscow	"	8 30		8 55
Galbraith Road*	"	8 45		9 13
Yarker	"	8 53	4 05	9 25
Camden East	"	9 03	4 15	9 35
Thompson's Mills*	"	9 05	4 20	9 40
Newburgh	"	9 10	4 25	9 50
Napanee Mills	"	9 15	4 30	10 00
Napanee	Arrive	9 30	4 40	10 20

*Stop only when passengers at or for.

Commencing Saturday, Aug. 30th, and until further notice, Saturday excursion tickets will be issued from any station on the line at one fare for the return trip. Tickets good to go and return by any regular train on date of issue only.

C. CARTER, Asst Gen. Mgr. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. E. W. RATHBUN, Gen. Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DON'T FORGET

—THAT—

Herring's 2-Mould-board Gang-Plough

is ahead of any other gang-plow sold in these parts. We guarantee it superior.

—EXAMINE OUR—

New Dominion Plough!

If not proved, on trial, to be the best plow you ever handled, return it.

We know by thorough tests that the above plows are beyond question the easiest working plows ever introduced in these counties.

The 2-Mouldboard Gang and New Dominion Single Plow sell at sight.

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

JOHN HERRING.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

TICKET AGENCY!

Tickets sold to all parts of the world by the most direct routes, at lowest fares; also return and excursion tickets. Baggage checked through to destination.

Trains leave Napanee as follows:

—GOING WEST—

Afternoon Express		4.54 P. M.
Morning	"	3.28 A. M.
Fast	"	6.07 A. M.
Mixed		8.37 A. M.

—GOING EAST—

Noon Express		12.55 P. M.
Midnight	"	12.53 A. M.
Mixed		11.00 P. M.

No mixed east Saturday nights. No express trains east or west Sunday afternoons. No fast express west Monday mornings. Second-class tickets not good on fast express.

COUNTY NEWS.

Napanee Mills.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The quiet of our little village has been disturbed lately by the inmates and frequenters of one of the tenement houses on what is known as the Devil's E'bow, and the devil himself has been there lately having full sway. The inmates are a man, his wife, mother and a young married woman who has parted from her husband. The house was visited Sunday by three Deseronto roughs and the night was made hideous by these drunken brawlers, and on Monday morning the exposition of the persons of these parties was something that should not be tolerated for one moment. Surely the owner of the house cares something for the reputation of the place and will not allow such things to continue to disgrace a respectable community.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS]

—Work has commenced on the station here, which is much needed to accommodate the increasing travel and freight traffic. Colebrook station is completed and there is no movement to open a road, except that one of the directors in an underhand way is prompting the Colebrookers to demand a road from the company. Mr. Rathbun ought to give him the grand bounce, as he has been the main cause of all the trouble between Colebrook, Yarker and the Company about this station, to gratify some private malice he has against some one in Yarker and it cuts him bad to see a station built at Yarker.

—The parties who had the row at Centreville fair came to a settlement before bringing it into court, by the defendant paying costs.

—The band serenaded the village Saturday evening. There is a marked improvement in their playing.

—The double dwelling house built by Mr. J. A. Shibley was occupied as soon as completed. R. Marseilles occupies one part. It is something new for him to build fires and carry water. Such is life. R. Freeman occupies the other end. He has retired from his farm on account of failing health. Robert Ashley has rented his farm and moved onto it.

Selby.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—W. E. Hazard, Esq., has moved into his lately purchased dwelling, the former M. E. parsonage.

—Mr. Warren Hunt will return to Selby to reside in a few days.

—Mr. Jas. Gonu is erecting a new house north of the village. He is now absent in the northern townships, hunting and fishing.

—Mr. Jas. Wells and Mr. Alva Hazard moved last week to Huron Co., Michigan. Mr. R. J. Hazard moved more than a year ago. They have all purchased land there and expect to reside in that place permanently.

—The Council have taken possession of the brick church, which is henceforth the Town Hall.

—His Honor Judge Wilkison was out last Monday at the instance of the Reformers of Richmond to revise the voters' list. They made a gain of 15.

—Rev. R. N. Adams preached in the Methodist church last Sabbath morning.

—A young men of our village took unto himself a "better half" last Thursday evening, and to judge from appearances, more will follow his example ere long.

Erinsville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

I thought I would inform you as to what is going on in our little village, as the old maid has dropped the quill.

—The farmers are busy getting their fall ploughing done and in other ways preparing for the winter.

—Cupid has been at work, and the first result of his labors in this vicinity was the capture of

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GIRL WANTED, — Apply at Cornell House, Chas. Cornall. 49-tf

WANTED.—TWENTY GIRLS, TO work in the Napanee Brush Factory. Apply at the office. 47-1m

FOR SALE.—100 Cattle, Oxen, Steers, etc., by J. W. DENISON, Selby road, near Napanee. 48-2t.

WANTED.—A woung man of one or two years, experience in carriage-making and wood work, under instructions. WEBSTER & BOYES.

TO LET.—Store in new Cartwright block, Dundas-st. Apply to NORMAN W. SCOTT or S. V. PERRY. 40

FOR SALE.—Two or three good farms, situated within a few miles of Napanee. In excellent state of cultivation and good buildings. For full particulars apply to S. GIBSON, Barrister, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE FOR FARM PROPERTY.—The Napanee Opera House and the Eastern Store in the Opera House block. Located on best position on Dundas street. For particulars apply to THOMAS SYMINGTON, proprietor. 45

FARM FOR SALE.—Front part of Lot No. 17, 2nd concession of Richmond, containing 44 acres, within a mile of Napanee and on the leading road to Deseronto. A fine property. Will be sold at a bargain. For full information apply to JOHN ENGLISH, Solicitor, Napanee. 43-tf

FOR SALE.—South half of lot No. 25 in the 8th concession of Hinchinbrooke, being 100 acres of timbered land. A great bargain for somebody as timbered land is coming up. For particulars apply to DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

BUILDING FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The premises formerly occupied by the Napanee Brush Co., situated between Hill and Water streets, suitable for manufacturing of any kind. Terms easy. For full particulars apply to NELSON GERMAN, on the premises adjoining. 34-4 mos.

SALE OF OLD BRICK SCHOOL HOUSE On Thursday, Nov. 6th. The above will be offered for sale by Public Auction at 2 o'clock p. m., on the premises of S. Section, No. 17, Ernesttown, One and a-half miles east of Violet.

A. M. SCOUTEN,
Ernesttown, Oct 21st, 1884. 49-2in Sec.-Treas.

STOLEN, FROM THE PREMISES OF F. Fitzmartin, Newburgh road, on Oct. 8, a fox-colored horse with one white spot on forehead and two on the back, and one white hind leg. The horse is 14 1-2 hands high and 5 years old; $40 reward for the recovery of the horse, rig and thieves and $20 for the horse and rig alone. Address, CHIEF CONSTABLE ALLEN or F. FITZMARTIN. 48-6

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—For sale on liberal terms or to let for a term of years. Situated three miles east of Napanee on the Kingston road; contains about 175 acres; particularly suitable for grain or dairy purposes. Excellent buildings, good fences, plenty of water. Privilege of ploughing and cultivating this fall. Possession given first of January. C. R. MILLER.
Napanee, July 2nd, 1884. 34-3 mos.

FARM FOR SALE.—As good a farm as there is in the township—west half of lot 24 in the 7th concession of Hinchinbrooke, containing 100 acres, being 25 acres under crop and 10 acres chopped that have never been cultivated. There is a new frame house 18x24 ft. and frame barn 24x36 ft.; quite a number of nice young fruit trees and a well that never fails between the house and barn; easy terms in payments. For further particulars apply to
DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

A JUMBO BARGAIN.—Farm for sale. North half of Lot No. 45 in the 4th concession of the township of Camden, at the village of Moscow, and only half a mile from station on the N., T. & Q. Railway, containing about 100 acres, with about 80 acres fit for the plough and 20 acres pasture and wood land. This is a very desirable farm, having all the advantages of daily stage and mail, poet and telegraph offices, good school, good and abundant water, good orchard, well fenced, small frame house with wood house attached, splendid frame barn 36x48 with shed attached, 52x60, and good horse and cattle stable. The land is under excellent cultivation and contains all the good qualities of a Huffman street farm, and ready for crop in the spring. Good reasons given for selling. Apply to
ZARA VANLUVEN,
Moscow P.O.

Monday mornings. Second-class tickets not good on fast express.

PARTIES GOING TO ANY POINT should purchase through tickets from

J. L. BOYES,

Ticket Agent, Napanee.
Office of the Great North-Western Tel. Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FARM TO RENT.—LOTS 17 AND 18, in the 5th Con. of Adolphustown. Address, R. H. BAKER, Deseronto. 49-4

FOR SALE:—At a bargain, a farm of 135 acres in the Township of Sidney, County of Hastings, good markets, Railway &c. Also for sale what is known as the Unger farm, about 185 acres situated near the village of Deseronto. Apply to
W. H. STEVENSON.
49-4nd Executor.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS FARM FOR SALE, IN the County of Lennox, being a part of Lot No. 29, in the 7th concession of North Fredericksburgh and a part of No. 1 in 7th concession of Ernesttown, three miles from Napanee, containing about 132 acres, being well fenced; good buildings; well watered by wells; large orchard.
41-3 mos. ABNER BROWN.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal College Dental Surgeons, Ont
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)
Rooms lately occupied by Dr Clements, Dundas st. Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HOUSE.

—ONE NIGHT ONLY—

Saturday, October 25th, 1884

THE KINGS OF LAUGHTER,

BAKER & FARRON,

Producing their latest success, a Comedy Drama in four acts, entitled

"THE EMIGRANTS,"

Supported by a

Superb Company of Artists.

Seats on sale at J. J. Perry's drug store.
Tickets,—Reserved seats, 75 cents. 49-1t

SALE OF GRAIN STOREHOUSE.

The Co-operative Warehouse

OF NAPANEE,

will be sold on the premises, by Public Auction

—ON—

Friday, 21st November Next,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

The warehouse is 85,000 bushels capacity, built of stone with iron roof. It has a first-class elevator and blower and is convenient to ship by water or cars.

TERMS made known at time of sale.

By order of the Board,

JAMES DALY,
Manager.
Napanee, Oct. 18, 1884. 49-td.

the winter.

—Cupid has been at work, and the first result of his labors in this vicinity was the capture of of Mr. John Hunt, of Hungerford, by one of the fairest and most amiable maidens in that section, Miss Annie Gaffney. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Hogan on Monday last. The bride was richly attired in seal brown silk and looked lovely. About two hundred and fifty guests were present and beautiful gifts were numerous. They have the best wishes of a large circle of friends for their future felicity.

—Mrs. Blewett and daughter have gone to New York. Libbie intends spending a year in the Convent of the Sacred Heart.

—Richard O'Neill left on Monday, 13th inst., for Michigan.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lessard and daughter, of Flinton, were the guests of Mr. M. S. Murphy, on Sunday last.

—Miss Mary Hinch, of Tamworth, is the guest of her cousin, Miss O'Neill.

—R. J. Murphy has returned from Watertown. He is quite a Yankee.

—We are happy to state that Miss M Murphy, jr, is recovering from her recent illness.

NIMROD.

Stella—Amherst Island.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Our fair is all over once more but last night one would have thought that the "Donnybrook Fair" was being held at Stella, where whisky, cudgels and oaths were all mixed up, two-thirds oaths and one-third fight. No sore heads but many sick stomachs to-day.

—We had the pleasure of seeing Mr. G. E. Staley, of Kingston, amongst the guests at the Tichborne to-night. I believe he is going to start a dancing class at Amherst Island for the fall and winter months, the first meeting to be held on Tuesday, Oct. 23, in the Town Hall, Stella, when a committee will be formed to conduct the meetings in proper order. We hope he may succeed.

—The next thing our farmers are going to institute at Stella is a ploughing match, for which $10 has already been subscribed. This is something that is greatly needed here to give the young men an interest in ploughing, as there are too many who think the one who can turn over the most ground in a day is the best plougher going.

—It is certainly very gratifying to Mr. Wm. McDonald to know that the "Black Hawk" and his stock are the winners of so many prizes, and they are deserving of it, for he is a very pretty horse.

—What we want in this township is a good constable. The fruit and vegetables taken to our shows are devoured by a mob of young rascals before the owners can even get in to see if they have got prizes or not.

—We are sorry to hear that Mr. James S. Neilson is very sick. We hope he may soon be around tending to his business as usual.

—The Emerald correspondent says the "Belle of Stella" has not accepted the challenge of the "Amherst Belle." He or she need not get in a flurry about it. I do not doubt but the latter would come out ahead in a light wind, but I do know this, that the "Belle of Stella" can cross the bay when the other dare not.

—The great question now is, does the dairy or butter-making pay the farmer the best. Some say the one and some say the other, but the most experienced ones decide that the dairy is ahead.

—Mr. Hugh Wright has left us again for his home at Chalk River, on the C. P. R. He gives very glowing accounts of that great structure that is to reach from ocean to ocean.

—We were glad to see Mr. O'Beirne, of THE EXPRESS, a visitor among the many who were at our fair. It shows that Amherst Island is not such an isolated place after all and that our stock has a name all through the county.

QUIXOTE.

(The above arrived too late for last week.)

—Not much news this week but still a few items of interest to some.

—I have been informed that Mr. C. F. Howard carried off more prizes at our township show than any other and indeed, more than he was entitled to; out of eighteen entries he received nineteen prizes. He must have got one of mine.

—There were ten residents of Stella summoned to appear at the election trial to come off next month. One party summoned had it explained to him that the reason was, he had a pickle bottle hidden somewhere the day of the election, with something in it stronger than tea, but he is willing to swear it wasn't a pickle bottle but held a pint and a half, imperial measure.

—We had the pleasure of meeting D. W. Allison, M. P., on the Hero on Tuesday evening 18th inst.

—Mr. J. S. Neilson is improving slowly but surely.

—Notwithstanding the inclement weather Capt. Craig is always on hand with his little Hero.

—Barley only fifty cents per bushel and many Scott Act men are beginning to have their doubts about the temperance question.

DANIEL.

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

T., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 49.

Tamworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. A. Jackson, photographer, has returned to Tamworth and opened up business in his old stand across the street from R. Penny's blacksmith shop, and he is now prepared to do first-class work of all kinds, and as he don't calculate to remain long all of those wanting first-class card or cabinet photos will please call early Also enlarging and framing done to order. Call and see our samples.

Hay Bay.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

BASE BALL.—A match game of base ball was played in North Fredericksburg on Saturday last between the White Oaks of Hay Bay and the Royals of North Frederickubgrgh, resulting in a victory for the former club. The following is the score:—

WHITE OAKS.	R	O	ROYALS.	R	O
D. Perry	4	3	C. Hawley	2	3
N. Post	2	5	L. Dafoe	2	2
T. Hambly	3	3	A. Parks	0	5
B. Perry	3	4	A. Loyst	1	3
G. Parker	4	4	S. Spencer	3	2
F. Hambly	5	1	E. Wagar	3	2
A. McCabe	4	1	A. Dafoe	2	4
W. Hambly	3	3	H. Galt	3	1
D. DeCabe	3	3	W. Sharp	1	5

Score by innings:—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
White Oaks—	1	0	8	5	3	2	0	2	10	—31
Royals—	1	3	0	3	2	3	0	2	3	—17

There was some fine playing done on both sides, considering the rough ground. The game was umpired by G. W. McCabe, whose fair and impartial decisions gave entire satisfaction. This is the first time these clubs ever met and the result puts another feather in the caps of the White Oaks.

Bath.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

THE BOOM IN REAL ESTATE.—Mr. Geo. Cook, of Parrot's Bay has purchased the residence of Mr. Isaac Asselstine on First Street. He will rebuild and beautify the premises at once, as it is his intention of taking immediate possession.

—Mr. M. H. Grass was in town on Tuesday, ostensibly for the purpose of securing a lot from Mr. C. L. Rogers, on Main Street, for his father, who is seeking retirement from business.

—Mr. Peter Clark Aitkens, of Collinsby, intends settling at Bath if he can get a lot to suit him. He has recently sold his farm to Mr. Marsh, the proprietor of Marsh's hotel on the Bath road.

—Mr. Joseph Deunee has retired into winter quarters with his son-in-law, Mr. John Murdoch, and will not purchase until next spring.

—Mr. John Morrow was in town on Tuesday and promised to make improvements in his property here.

—Mr. D. W. Ball will not build until next spring, preferring to board during the winter.

—Mr. Edwards will soon commence operations for his new summer boarding house.

—Mr. E. Burley and Mr. D. McBride have recently made permanent improvements in their property.

—The city fathers have consented to an 80-inch plank-walk for Main Street.

Enterprise.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Grain is sold here at market prices less the freight to Napanee.

—Frank VanLuven has resigned his position as station master here. Too much close confinement.

—Mrs. L. Wagar has made improvements in her property and intends settling here for the winter.

—Mr. W. Keech deserves credit for the tidy appearance he has given his house.

—What a surprise those gentlemen did give us. We did not expect them so soon. The next time they call we will have the gate on hinges.

—"Opposition is the life of trade." It will work with sewing machines as well as sugars. Re-

Petworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—J. Boyce, while sailing up the river to a portion of his farm, had a trolling line out. He soon had a bite which gave him a quick jerk, and he had to put forth all his strength to haul in the line, at the end of which was a large pike which he got safely in the boat. It weighed 13 lbs. Some sports would have given him whatever he asked for it but he thought he would have the pleasure of enjoying it himself.

—Miss Minnie Phalen has returned from her sojourn in the States. She says that she likes Canada best.

—Bid Clarke is preparing to go back hunting; we may expect lots of deer.

—Mr. Lakins has commenced building a new barn. A pleasant time was spent at the raising, the string band being present to enliven the scene.

—Elias Garrison is making improvements by raising his house and building a cellar; he is also making an addition to the house, which will be comfortabe when finished.

—Isaac Smith has re-moddled his house, which greatly adds to its appearance.

—William Kerr is enlarging his dwelling which he finds necessary to meets the requirements of his increasing family.

—Richard Lilley has nearly completed the improvements on his barn; when finished he will have a comfortable place.

Shannonville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. Henry Brown, brother-in-law of Miss Jackson of Napanee, has just returned from British Columbia, and expresses himself highly delighted with the prospects that province presents to the industrious working man and to the new settler desirous of securing a good home. Mr. Brown's present purpose is to return with his family in the spring and settle in that province.

—Mr. Lake, of Ernesttown, is getting material together to construct the weigh scales for his coal yard, and he intends to prosecute his business vigorously greatly to the advantage of the village and vicinity, as our coal supply has hitherto been drawn either from Belleville or Deseronto.

—Mr. W. L. Roberts, son-in-law of the Rev. Mr. Baker, of Deseronto, has just returned with his blooming young bride from a protracted bridal tour to New York, and after spending a day with his parents here, proceeded to his western home with many wishes for future happiness and prosperity.

—Harvest thanksgiving services were held in Trinity Church here on Sabbath last. The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion and the offerings were abundant and liberal. In the scarcity of money such offerings from the abundance of the land should gladden the heart of the faithful pastor and acceptably replenish his larder. At the evening service, in the absence of the pastor, Mr. Kemp, station agent here, conducted the service, and read one of Wesley's sermons, greatly to the edification and delight of the congregation.

—The revival services in the Methodist Church, Melrose, continue from night to night with unabated interest and power.

Ernesttown Station.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—As far as THE EXPRESS is concerned, Ernesttown might as well be located in the wilds of Siberia, inhabited only by the unfortunate victims of the autocrat of Russia, or an oasis in the desert of Sahara, the resort of an occasional band of camel drivers. Why don't you drum up some live correspondent to tell you what is going on, who is going to be married, how many fair and cloudy days we have during the week, how far behind time the trains are and all such matters of importance conducive to the welfare of the public?

—I say, can you tell who pays the "beaver" for trying to "bear" the barley market every year? That course is getting just about as stale as it is uncalled for, and the fact of such being the

A STRANGE STORY.

hapter II.

(Continued.)

"Departed spirits of the mighty dead."

Winging swift their silent way through the buoyant morning air
Spirits of dead poets came, gathering from everywhere,
Almost every land and clime represented in the host
Of the present time's progress and their own live deeds to boast.
A convention of those minds whose works many praises bring
Gathered all, and lo we find English Shakespeare is their king!
Glad of this occasion then, let us listen while they give
What they've seen and heard and think of the present race that live.
Many subjects they discuss—Tariff, Gordon and the East;
Shakespeare, rising, "brethren," says "these are all to me the least."

"Yesterday, in a paper, I by chance
Saw laid before me, and with rapid glance
Read o'er the page and saw my own name there,
(Then on a-down with still increasing care)
But not surprised was I at this, for still
My fame is bright, and linger ever will
Both name and fame; that's neither here nor there,
What I at present mean to you lay bare
Is what I read; be patient while I give
You a synopsis of it: As I live
'Twas of two villages, they lying near
Have dispute had ('tis so from year to year)
On the location of a station, see;
One says, give all, the other, half to me.
One is called Ben, the other one is Jim;
Ben wants it all; but Jim just man, to him
A half's enough; but when his brother Ben
(Greedily fatent to gain his aim and end)
Determined is to take his right away
He in defence of right has said his say,
To which true bill Ben, much incensed, replies
And that's the matter which my temper tries.
You mind the trial scene in the Venice court,
Shylock, Portia, Bassanio and in short
All the rest. Well he, this Ben, I mean,
Drags to his pen the all-absorbing scene,
Paints Jim as Shylock—the idiot; heard you e'er
Such senseless stuff; I solemnly aver
There's no comparison—not the smallest part,
'Twixt he and Jim, for Shylock's murderous heart
Dark and revengeful craved a Christian life.
Jim only claims what's his, a Christian right—
Simply his share, just this and nothing more—
In this same station, as I've said before.
Corrupt, indeed, and bought, such words as these,
No wonder flow with such apparent ease,
How well you see does he, the answering scribe,
Mete, by himself, the others powers to bribe.
Full well he knows the judge would, if "not bound"
With anger just on Ben himself come down.
Let those judge who know—I've watched the scene throughout—
My mind of Ben I'll tell you more about:
Ben in his greed, his Jew-like covetuousness
Is Shylock's compeer, and I must confess
Were I on earth to-day wield the quill again
A portrait paint like Shylock of this Ben.
Or worse, I would of schemes, intrigues and shaves,
To put it all in one plain word, 'tis knaves.
You oft have seen the crawling worm fast hold
Take to some solid, then about him fold
His spotted coat, when lo! as days pass by
Comes from this case a gaudy butterfly,
Which in the summer sun and balmy day
Makes but a show and passes life away;
Or compared better to that tempting fruit,
To the eye seeming sure the taste to suit,
Hastening to gather when lo! what surprise
Gone all the beauty, ashes meet the eyes.
So Ben you touch and strip his covering off
Rot to the core and that, to jeer and scoff
Which, as a duty, for no compeer ever
Did half the meanness that is hidden there.
Is it their food? That may have some to do;
Their well spoke beef is like them rotten too

us. [illegible] we did not expect them so soon. The next time they call we will have the gate on hinges.

—"Opposition is the life of trade." It will work with sewing machines as well as sugars. Report says that there is to be a new agent for machines here, while our merchants are already giving as much sugar for a dollar bill as is advertised in your town. Nothing like it.

—Our villagers some time ago subscribed and paid for a sett of hay scales which were to have been placed in working order before this. We are in great need of the scales and some parties talk very strongly of learning "why not?"

The report that our mail after the 1st prox. will come by the N. T. & Q. Railway, was received with satisfaction here. Three mails daily means fun for the boys but death to the postmasters.

– I would like to find the man who stole that hat and put the green tomatoes in my bed. If I catch him he will wish he had never struck on the other side of that gate alive.

Centreville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

Oh! Doctor, don't deceive the parson again by making him think he has a vote.

—Mrs. J. S. Miller has just returned from Morven where she has been spending a week visiting friends.

—The many friends of Mrs. Washburn McCrady will be sorry to hear that her health is not improved any since her return to Prince Edward.

—Rev. M. J. Bates, of Yarker, our former pastor, was around calling on his old friends. All were very much pleased to see him, especially the young ladies.

—The smiling visage of Mr. Alonzo Ash is once more seen around town.

—Two of Tamworth's young ladies spent last week in Centreville. A Manitoba young man very unexpectedly appeared on the scene and astonished the natives by carrying off the Belle.

—Our annual missionary meeting came off on Tuesday, 14th inst., and was a grand success, both financially and oratorically, the principal speakers being Revds. Bates, of Yarker; Robinson, of Wilton; and Faul, of Centreville.

—Mr. B. G. Secord, one of the numerous and persuasive book agents with which this village abounds, left last Monday for "fresh fields and pastures new," after a sojourn of about four months here. The only consolation the girls have is that he has not gone any further away than Tamworth and will, doubtless, be able to get back once in a while. URIAH HEEP.

Jottings from the North.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. James Armstrong was made the happy father of a girl baby on the 17th inst.

HUNTING PARTIES.—Up to the latest accounts the Dulmage hunting party, from Belleville, had killed eleven deer and caught two barrels of salmon, together with a large number of partridges bagged.... Mr. Lester Scott and brother, of Napanee, accompanied by W. Snider, of Belleville, and Mr. Smith, of Napanee, passed on the 17th inst. to the hunting grounds in the vicinity of Plevna. They expect to have a three weeks' outing.... Mr. John Soby, after spending a week with the Perry-Wheeler hunting party and getting two deer, returned home on the 16th inst.... Mr. James O'Brien, son and adopted son, Mr. W. M. Huff came on the 20th inst. and are operating at Wolf Lake. Up to time of writing they had killed ten deer and a number of partridges and succeeded in taking some excellent fish.... The Napanee party who operated near Loon Lake, composed of Messrs. Miller, Pruyn, Perry, Wray and Demorest, who came on the 9th inst., were fortunate enough to slay eight deer. All were pleased with the sport. Singularly enough, the honor of doing the "crack shooting" was accorded to a "green horn" among the party. The party returned to Napanee on Monday, laden with their spoils, rejoicing. Owing to urgent business Mr. A. P. Wickware was unable to attend, only on certain days.... Mr. Peter Amy and hunting party, of Bath, arrived on the 16th and proceeded with their annual hunt.... Messrs. L. A. Wheeler, E. H. Perry, of Centreville, B. Perry, Tamworth, and David Perry, of Ernesttown, arrived on the 18th inst. on a hunting expedition. Owing to urgent business the Messrs. Perry were obliged to return on the 18th inst.

—A short time ago a youth named Rosenplot had a narrow escape from being shot. While dragging his gun after him through some fallen timber and brushwood, it was accidentally discharged. Being in a partly recumbent position, the ball passed in close proximity to his body, from the hips upward, tearing his clothes, splitting his ear and making a hole in his hat close to the band.

—Mr. Harry Coyle, of Napanee, returns in a few days and intends to remain here for the winter.

—Messrs. Wm. and Thos. Dempsey and Ed. Hall, returned from Saginaw, Mich., on the 18th inst. After an experience of twelve months they report business in many lines very dull.

National Pills are unsurpassed as a safe, mild, yet though, purgative, acting upon the biliary organs promptly and effectually.

of the public?

—I say, can you tell why [illegible] Beaver for trying to "bear" the barley market every year? That course is getting just about as stale as it is uncalled for, and the fact of such being the policy of that journal from year to year, not only this year but every year, is leading some to believe that its motive is not wholly disinterested. The very fact of the barley market being subject to such extreme fluctuations ought to be enough to convince anyone of common sense of the childish absurdity of attempting to forecast the price with any degree of certainty. All last fall and winter the Beaver was loud-mouthed in crying down the price of barley. There was absolutely no chance of a rise and it was figured folly to hold in that expectation. What followed? Those farmers who were fortunate enough to hold were rewarded by a sharp advance of from 10 to 15 cents per bushel before the close of the malting season. The result may or may not be the same this year, but let every farmer use his own judgment and sell his barley when he gets ready and not be influenced by any grain dealer or any journal working in the dealers' interest. According to figures furnished by the Ontario Government, Canada will export less barley this year than in '83 and very much less than in '82. All authorities agree that the crop in New York State is considerably below the average, and it should be remembered that New York and California produce a very large percentage of the entire crop of the United States. In this connection and another subject of vital importance to the barley growers, more anon. BEE.

Newburgh.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The Council met on Monday night, the Reeve in the chair. Present, Messrs. Bell, Finkle and Farley. After routine it was moved by Mr. Finkle and seconded by Mr. Bell, that the Collector be paid $40 for collecting the taxes to the amount of $2,600 and upon all over that amount 2 per cent.—Carried.

—Mr. Geo. Stickney left for New Orleans on Monday morning. Before leaving he made Mr. James Holmes a handsome present of a watch worth $50. We wish George a safe journey for he is a fine fellow.

—Mr. John Farley is building a nice barn and stable.

—The anniversary of the Methodist Sabbath School was a great financial success. The Rev. Mr. Depew of Tamworth delivered two excellent sermons on Sunday and an able discourse on the Monday evening following. Somewhat more than $27 were realized.

—The Methodist Church fence is receiving an extra coat of paint.

—Mr. H. Finkle is levelling off a piece of land. We understand he intends building a brick house.

—The sidewalk is undergoing repairs in front of Mr. Miles Caton's store.

—We are pleased to learn that two more of our high school pupils have received certificates and that Miss Ida Rook has been raised from an intermediate to a third-class standing. This speaks volumes for our teachers. A few weeks ago we asked "Where is the high school that has done better?" We have not yet learned the name of any. We have now to add that our school passed more than ninety-four per cent. of those who were pupils for the current year, and this we believe is the largest per centage of pupils passed by any high school or collegiate institute in Ontario. Newburgh high school has always occupied a foremost place and we are proud to see it taking the lead of many schools situated in cities and large towns. Already the pupils from the county far outnumber those from the villiage and it is to be hoped that the county will bear a proportionate share of the expense of supporting an institution that is doing a noble work for the county and for the rising generation.

—Mr. Burrows, Public School Inspector, paid our schools a visit on Monday. We have not yet learned what his report is of the proficiency of our public school pupils.... Mr. R. H. Tisdale has been quite ill.

—The annual meeting of the American canoe association will be held next year on Grindstone Island, opposite Gananoque, the same place as last year.

—The County of Prince Edward exhibition will in future be held on the second Wednesday and Thursday in October. The attention of the directors of the Lennox county society is directed to the fact.

—Hon. T. V. Powderly, of Scranton, Pa., general master workman of the Knights of Labor, of America, visited Belleville on Tuesday last and delivered a lecture on the aims and objects of the association.

The Simple and Perfect Dyes. Nothing so simple and perfect for coloring as Diamond Dyes. Far better and cheaper than any other dye. 10c. Druggists sell them. Sample Card for 2c. stamp. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

[illegible] and that, to [illegible] soon
Which, in duty, for no [illegible]
Did half the meanness that is hidden there.
Is it their food? That may have some to do;
Their well spoke beef is like them rotten too
Compared with Jim, as Dead sea apples fail
When shown with those whose worth must o'er prevail,
So does this Ben, the gaudy butterfly,
Wit the sure bee that honestly lays by
Its future store, nee'r ever think to be,
Though seeming greater half so sure as he."

Through th' assembly, when he ceased, went a murmur and the din
Was about the tale they'd heard, and their favor was for Jim.
"Let us aid," says one and all, "as we may this village Jim,
"And the muse who claims his rights near our spirits be to him."

Colebrook, Oct. 1st, 1884.

DISTRICT NEWS.

—Ameliasburg fair was a success.

—Diphtheria is prevalent in Cataraqui.

—The Scott Act campaign is getting lively in Picton.

—Picton's new roller skating rink is nearly completed.

—The Blue Ribbon Gospel Army is pushing things in Picton.

—A Prescott hunter killed eleven deer in Levant Township last week.

—The Scott Act is to be submitted to the ratepayers of Kingston and Frontenac.

—Renfrew is rejoicing at the prospect of railway communication with Kingston.

Dr. Low's Worm Syrup will remove all kinds of Worms from children or adults.

—"Jack the Barber" and "Pathmaster" will run at the Cataraqui race course for $300.

—The Collector of Customs at Picton has a pair of odd pets in the shape of horned toads.

—Hundreds of wild duck are flying and floating in the waters at the foot of Amherst Island.

—Two Belleville burglars are in jail, in Whitby, charged with stealing a gold watch and chain.

—Three young ladies took the "black veil" at the House of Providence, in Kingston, last week.

—We regret to learn of the death of Elvira Smith, youngest daughter of Mr. Henry Smith, of Collinsby.

Freeman's Worm Powders are safe in all cases. They destroy and remove Worms in children or adults.

—The history of Downs Elixir is identified with the history of New England for the last fifty years. It cures coughs and colds

—The Kingston Council has just paid $15 for damages caused by a runaway, owing to a defective sidewalk.

—Rev. Fathers O'Connor and McGrath, recently of Ireland, have been added to the diocese of Kingston.

—Mr. C. W. Huffle, of Sydney, cultivates peanuts, and claims they can be grown here as well as elsewhere.

—Mary Caulfield, of Kingston, was fined $2 and costs on Monday for selling a five-cent stick of candy on Sunday.

—A lumberman named John Johnston was found dead in the woods Tuesday last with a bullet hole in his breast.

Prof. Low's Magic Sulphur Soap.—Healing, soothing and cleansing for all eruptive diseases of the skin. Delightful for toilet use.

—Ald. T. H. McGuire and E. H. Smythe announces themselves as candidates for the Kingston mayoralty for 1885.

—Deseronto wants a hall in which to hold public meetings and entertainments. She has our assent to the erection of one.

—W. Nugent, a Kingston second-hand clothes dealer, has been sent up for six months for buying articles, knowing them to have been stolen.

—Costiveness is the cause of the intolerable "bad breath" of multitudes. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters remove the cause and prevent the evil, and cost only 25 cents.

—The Union Sabbath School of Deseronto has been discontinued, owing to the fact that the various churches have established schools of their own.

McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate will cure any case of Pimples on the face or Rough Skin on either hands or face and leave them soft as silk. It will also heal any sore when all other preparations fail. Thousands have tested it. Ask your druggist for McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate, and do not be persuaded to take anything else claimed to be as good. It is but 25 cents per box, at A. T. Grange's and T. A. Huffman's drug stores, Napanee; also, at James Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth.

Miscellaneous.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS.

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationery, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 18

FOR SALE —The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1884. 24

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best COAL at the LOWEST prices are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent for the Rathbun Company

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4mos.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music, either brass or string, on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28-6mos.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

19 F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President.
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. C. LLOYD, - W. R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
J. N. McKIM, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L.L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store, Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE. M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C, Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool,

AGRICULTURAL.

Garden Notes.

The month of October is the time for harvesting roots, the fine dry days make pleasant work of it if done in season, but if put off till the colder and wetter weather of November, the men can not accomplish nearly as much work as they can in the pleasant days of this month Beets are harvested first as they are more likely to be damaged by frost than carrots or turnips, which are taken care of later. Parsnips also if wanted for sale in winter, or very early in spring, must be harvested in autumn, though if wanted for use after the ground thaws, they usually keep better in the field undisturbed; the same is true of horseradish.

The best way to keep all kinds of roots is in pits, but if put into a cellar they should be piled not over two or three feet deep, and covered over with a little hay or straw to keep the air from wilting them. The cellar for roots is best kept quite cold, almost freezing, and in case the roots begin to heat, they must be overhauled at once to cool them off; turnips are more likely to heat than other roots, and should not be piled more than two feet deep, and even then will need care to keep them from heating.

Beets and mangolds are pulled by hand and thrown in heaps and topped in the field; carrots and parsnips are pulled quite easily after ploughing a deep furrow quite close to the off side of the row; horseradish needs to be ploughed on both sides of the row, throwing the earth from the roots, and then with a good team and a good ploughman the plough can be run directly under the roots, turning them completely out; it is severe work for both horses and man. The horseradish tops should be cleaned off with hoes and rakes before ploughing out; this is best done quite late, about Nov. 10, for the roots keep growing later than others.

All celery should now be banked up without delay, for there is no danger of rotting in the cool weather. That which is intended for late keeping should be banked last and only banked once, just enough to crowd the leaves together, so that it will pack well in the pit.

Parsley and dandelion roots may be transplanted still for forcing in cold frames, though the work is better done in September. Lettuce plants should have a little heat if transplanted this month, and those in cold beds will need care to keep the frost out in cold, windy nights. Lettuce in greenhouses will usually need a little fire on cold nights before November, but in fine weather the glass will need abundant airing.

October is a good time to gather in a good stock of forest leaves; they are capital covering for keeping frost out of cabbage beds, celery pits, and all sorts of pits in fact, and when plenty may be used for litter with advantage.

During all my experience I never remember seeing so long continued a glut of tomatoes; it is not uncommon to have them sell for a single day or two for less than the cost of picking and selling them, but this year the glut has held out for nearly a month, at prices considerably less than the cost of gathering and carting to market. The pickling establish-

It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

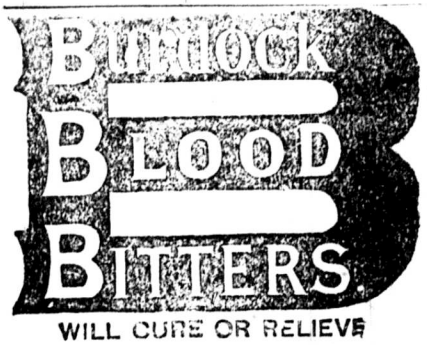
The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired. All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carriage making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B



WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE. OF THE HEART,
ERYSIPELAS, ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM, THE STOMACH,
HEARTBURN, DRYNESS
HEADACHE, OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS or BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, s anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, **Ben Vandelf & Co.**, 12 Barclay street, New York.

Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office —Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALL'SON, DORLAND & NEWBURY, Proprietors.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee.

JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

The Lake Shore House

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED AT THE

—SANDBANKS,—

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions.

Beautiful secenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms *en suite* or single.

Board, per week	$5 00
" " day	1 40
Meals	35
Horses in barn to hay and grain	30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat, livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NEIL M'DONALD. McDONALD & HYATT
JOHN W. HYATT. [31-3mos. Proprietors

but this year the glut has held out for nearly a month, at prices considerably less than the cost of gathering and carting to market. The pickling establishments have had everything their own way this year, and if they have not laid in a large stock they can only blame themselves. These extremely low prices might perhaps be avoided in the future, if the gardeners had the good sense and spirit to combine in a trade union, as other trades do, and limit their production to the wants of the market. If the coal miners, for instance, were to work all their machinery to its full capacity, they would produce nearly twice as much coal as is needed, and the price would be ruinously low; they combine and agree to limit production. The result is a healthy demand and a reasonable price. The glut is a natural result of the high prices of two and three years ago, when extensive droughts at the south limited the crop, making prices very profitable here, where the crop was fairly good. Farmers began to think that the pickle factories would always pay 75c or $1 per bushel for good tomatoes, and this year the amount of land planted was probably double the average. Late frosts in June and a wet season damaged the plants and made the crop ripen later, but in September the yield was enormous, and thousands of bushels have rotted in the fields forwant of market. The loss falls heavily on many farmers who have depended on this crop for a pretty sure source of income.—[N. E. Farmer.

A Gold and Silver Street

Our principal streets are receiving a top-dressing of rock from the waste dumps to put them in order for the coming winter. Very frequently during the summer pieces of good ore have been picked out from among that dumped in the roadway by the carts, but recently it was evident that a new waste dump had been attacked, as there was an unusual preponderance of ore in the material. It seemed, in fact, to be nearly all ore. Close examination, however, showed that a considerable amount of what at the first glance seomed good ore was very base, yet with this base was mingled much rich black sulphuret ore.

From a lot of this dumped on C street, in front of Odd-Fellows' hall, we took two samples, which were crushed up together and assayed by J. R. Ryan, of the Consolidated Virginia assay office, with the following results: Gold, $164.75; silver, $168; total, $332.75.

This is pretty good "waste rock" with which to filll in the streets! We induce a mill man of Silver city to examine the rock that was being dumped from the street carts. At first he thought it all base, but on looking more carefully he began to find lumps of genuine black sulphuret ore, and finally said: "This is better material than most of that now being taken out on the old upper levels. It would pay well for working."

The assay given above was made after this, and the opinion obtained from the millman was founded wholly on what he saw before him. It is said that the rock of which we are speaking is obtained at a waste dump up near the corner of A and Carson streets. The rock was probably brought out of the old Burning Moscow in the early days. Miners were not then good judges of ore. Some portions of the

vein having been assayed and found to be base, it was probably concluded that all was base, as only a practised eye would note the difference of grain. Wherever the rock may have been mined, it is evident that it would pay pretty well to over haul that waste dump. By careful assorting, no doubt a large amount of good ore might easily be obtained.—[Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.

Raising of Stock.

From the report of the select committee appointed by the House of Commons to obtain information as to the agricultural interests of the country, we cull the following remarks which appear in a communication made b Professor Wm. Brown. The Professor says:

"As a people, we live on flour, flesh and fruit, and if flesh be second to flour in importance, it is now, at any rate in the older provinces, the back bone of flour. What can we do to make our farmers realize the difference between breeds—between pure breds and grades—and that Canada all over is a splendid field for their most perfect and economical development? The subject has two aspects: The production of thoroughbreds for ourselves and the American market, and of grades partly for themselves and largely for the British market. I may be too warm on these to give what may be deemed an impartial opinion, for I have always contended that as Canadians we have not yet realized how much we can do as a country in these particulars.

No part of the American continent can compete with us in the healthy maintenance of cattle and sheep, and were our farmers alive at the present moment to what is going on in the United States as preparatory to an almost universal bonanza in beef and mutton, they would surely wake up—for I do not think we want for enterprise—once realized. I see no reason why Canada should not place and hold herself as the sole breeding ground for the United States. The Americans themselves think so. They act upon this belief and yet we do not seem to see it."

Artificial Manures.

The tendency of every country as it increases inpopulation should be toward closer and more economical tillage. In a very short time Ontario and Quebec farmers will have to compete with those of the Northwest, whose farms cost them next to nothing, and who till a soil of well nigh inexhaustible richness. If they would wish to hold their own in this age of keen and vigorous competition, the Ontario farmers must make the most of their resources. Their land is, much of it, partially worn out, but on the other hand labor is cheaper in Ontario than in the North-west, and though her soil may not be particularly fertile in its present state, the country abounds in fertilizers that can be readily made available. It is a well known fact that mineral phosphates abound in various portions of Ontario and Quebec, notably in the counties of Frontenac and Lanark and in the Ottawa Valley. This phosphate has in times past been shipped in large quantities out of the country, but it is to be hoped that

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.

"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully,

HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS

Steamboats.

THE REINEEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Ste "Reindeer" will, until further announcen run on the following route:—Leave Cor Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m Picton and Napanee, touching at all inte diate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a m. turning, will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and P at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1884.

DESERONTO NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED

Until further notice the following steam the above company will run as follows:

STR. DESERONTO.

L've Napanee	6 00 A.M.	L've Picton	3 0
" Deseronto	6 45 "	" Deseronto	5
Arrive Picton	8 30 "	" Napanee	6.5

This steamer makes one extra trip bet Picton and Deseronto.

L've Picton	9.30 a.m.	L've Deseronto	1.0
Arr. Deseronto	11.00 a.m.	Arr. Picton	2.3

STR. PILGRIM.

L've Napanee	9.00 a.m.	1 00 p.m.	4.0
" Deseronto	7.30 "	10.30 a.m.	2.3

STR. QUINTE.

L've Picton	6.00	L've Trenton	0
" Deseronto	7.30	" Belleville	?.0
" Northport	8.00	" Northport	4.3
" Belleville	10.00	" Deseronto	5.3
Arr. Trenton	11.00	Arr. Picton	7.0

MEAGHER'S LIME WOR NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for t selves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recom Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or bu brick and stone. I have been paying part attention to it and other lime and find it the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN. CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work

We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills, George Cliff,
Scott & Perry, W. A. Embury,
Robert Light, F. W. Little.
John A. Cliff, Robert McMullen.
Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.

SEASON OF 1884

ley. This phosphate has in times past been shipped in large quantities out of the country, but it is to be hoped that the time for this sort of thing will soon be at an end. Canada cannot afford to ship her phosphates to England, and the sooner she finds this out the better. The immense accumulations of offal and refuse about the great cities ought to be utilized in the production of fertilizers, and these with the mineral phosphates should be sufficient to enrich, for generations to come, all the worn out land in the older provinces. At present the phosphate is exported and the offal is wasted, but sooner or later all this must be changed. —[Canadian Breeder.

A Startling Potatoe Yield

The editor of the *Rural New Yorker* reports a yield of potatoes upon its experiment grounds of 1391½ bushels per acre. They were dug Aug. 27, weighed, and the yield per acre figured out by disinterested parties. We are not informed as to the size of the field, nor much about the method of culture. This is at the rate of 8 bushels and 41 pounds per square rod. With rows two and three-fourths feet apart (33 inches), there would be six rows to the rod. The above yield would give five pecks and nearly seven pounds to each row one rod long. With the hills sixteen and a half inches apart, there would be twelve hills to the row, and almost seven pounds per hill, or a small fraction less than a half peck. There is plenty of room on an acre of land to bury 1390 bushels of potatoes, but not many farmers have yet learned how to coax that quantity to grow upon so small an area. It is worth something to know that it can be done. Four hundred and eighty-eight bushels was our largest yield of this crop, estimated from the product of one square rod. We are anxious to try again and intend to do so.—[N. E. Farmer.

The Cork Duck.

A pleasant trick to look at was the one which followed. He took a cocoanut shell with one end cut off, and filled it with water. In the water he placed a little piece of cork, having a bent pin on one side, and two straignt pins on the other side, so that the cork as it floated roughly resembled a lilliputian duck. The cork lay dead in the water, and it was difficult to think what magic could possibly be got out of it. Presently the juggler, sitting about two yards off, took out a musical instrument and began to play a lively tune. Instantly the imitation duck commenced to dance violently in the water, suiting its motions to the music. The dancing continued till the tune was ended; then the juggler ordered the duck to salaam, and he was at once obeyed. He even requested the buoyant cork to dive to the bottom of the water, and his request was immediately complied with. While the performance was going on the cocoanut shell was standing almost at our feet, and the performer was not only sitting beyond reach, but both his hands were employed in playing the instrument.—[Chamber's Journal.

Great is he who enjoys his earthenware as it were plate, and not less great is the man to whom all his plate is no more than earthenware.

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings.

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURE

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are p. ant to take. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for best qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
Briscoe House Block

HOARSENESS ETC

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester.
(Unsurpassed in the world.)
The Celebrated Toronto Mower,
The Massey Mower,
The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake,
The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.
The Wisner Seeder,
The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)
The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this seaso
The Port Perry Gang Plow.

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all change made with ropes from the floor of the barn The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous

"CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ A full line of repairs constantly on hand.

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block Dundas

Miscellaneous.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS.

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationery, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 15

FOR SALE —The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1884. 24

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best COAL at the LOWEST prices are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent for the Rathbun Company

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4mos.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music, either brass or string, on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28-6mos.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks. Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

19 F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President.
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. B. LLOYD, - W. R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
J. N. McKIM, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L.L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store, Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE, M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at 6 PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged.

WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. E. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool,

AGRICULTURAL.

Garden Notes.

The month of October is the time for harvesting roots, the fine dry days make pleasant work of it if done in season, but if put off till the colder and wetter weather of November, the men can not accomplish nearly as much work as they can in the pleasant days of this month Beets are harvested first as they are more likely to be damaged by frost than carrots or turnips, which are taken care of later. Parsnips also if wanted for sale in winter, or very early in spring, must be harvested in autumn, though if wanted for use after the ground thaws, they usually keep better in the field undisturbed; the same is true of horseradish.

The best way to keep all kinds of roots is in pits, but if put into a cellar they should be piled not over two or three feet deep, and covered over with a little hay or straw to keep the air from wilting them. The cellar for roots is best kept quite cold, almost freezing, and in case the roots begin to heat, they must be overhauled at once to cool them off; turnips are more likely to heat than other roots, and should not be piled more than two feet deep, and even then will need care to keep them from heating.

Beets and mangolds are pulled by hand and thrown in heaps and topped in the field; carrots and parsnips are pulled quite easily after ploughing a deep furrow quite close to the off side of the row; horseradish needs to be ploughed on both sides of the row, throwing the earth from the roots, and then with a good team and a good ploughman the plough can be run directly under the roots, turning them completely out; it is severe work for both horses and man. The horseradish tops should be cleaned off with hoes and rakes before ploughing out; this is best done quite late, about Nov. 10, for the roots keep growing later than others.

All celery should now be banked up without delay, for there is no danger of rotting in the cool weather. That which is intended for late keeping should be banked last and only banked once, just enough to crowd the leaves together, so that it will pack well in the pit.

Parsley and dandelion roots may be transplanted still for forcing in cold frames, though the work is better done in September. Lettuce plants should have a little heat if transplanted this month, and those in cold beds will need care to keep the frost out in cold, windy nights. Lettuce in greenhouses will usually need a little fire on cold nights before November, but in fine weather the glass will need abundant airing.

October is a good time to gather in a good stock of forest leaves; they are capital covering for keeping frost out of cabbage beds, celery pits, and all sorts of pits in fact, and when plenty may be used for litter with advantage.

During all my experience I never remember seeing so long continued a glut of tomatoes; it is not uncommon to have them sell for a single day or two for less than the cost of picking and selling them, but this year the glut has held out for nearly a month, at prices considerably less than the cost of gathering and carting to market. The pickling establish-

It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

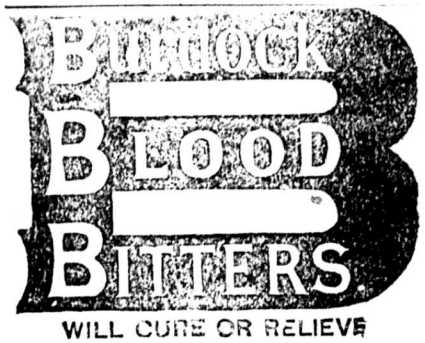
The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired. All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carriage making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction every time. W. & B



WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE.	ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS,	DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
SALT RHEUM,	
HEARTBURN,	
HEADACHE,	

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS or BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, **Ben Vandelf & Co.**, 12 Barclay street, New York.

Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

LYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALL'SON, DORLAND & NEWBURY, Proprietors.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee.

JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

The Lake Shore House

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED AT THE

—SANDBANKS,—

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions.

Beautiful secenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms *en suite* or single.

Board, per week	$5 00
" " day	1 40
Meals	35
Horses in barn to hay and grain	30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat, livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NEIL M'DONALD. McDONALD & HYATT
JOHN W. HYATT. [31-3mos. Proprietors

but this year the glut has held out for nearly a month, at prices considerably less than the cost of gathering and carting to market. The pickling establishments have had everything their own way this year, and if they have not laid in a large stock they can only blame themselves. These extremely low prices might perhaps be avoided in the future, if the gardeners had the good sense and spirit to combine in a trade union, as other trades do, and limit their production to the wants of the market. If the coal miners, for instance, were to work all their machinery to its full capacity, they would produce nearly twice as much coal as is needed, and the price would be ruinously low; they combine and agree to limit production. The result is a healthy demand and a reasonable price. The glut is a natural result of the high prices of two and three years ago, when extensive droughts at the south limited the crop, making prices very profitable here, where the crop was fairly good. Farmers began to think that the pickle factories would always pay 75c or $1 per bushel for good tomatoes, and this year the amount of land planted was probably double the average. Late frosts in June and a wet season damaged the plants and made the crop ripen later, but in September the yield was enormous, and thousands of bushels have rotted in the fields forwant of market. The loss falls heavily on many farmers who have depended on this crop for a pretty sure source of income.—[N. E. Farmer.

A Gold and Silver Street

Our principal streets are receiving a top-dressing of rock from the waste dumps to put them in order for the coming winter. Very frequently during the summer pieces of good ore have been picked out from among that dumped in the roadway by the carts, but recently it was evident that a new waste dump had been attacked, as there was an unusual preponderance of ore in the material. It seemed, in fact, to be nearly all ore. Close examination, however, showed that a considerable amount of what at the first glance seomed good ore was very base, yet with this base was mingled much rich black sulphuret ore.

From a lot of this dumped on C street, in front of Odd-Fellows' hall, we took two samples, which were crushed up together and assayed by J. R. Ryan, of the Consolidated Virginia assay office, with the following results: Gold, $164.75; silver, $168; total, $332.75.

This is pretty good "waste rock" with which to filll in the streets! We induce a mill man of Silver city to examine the rock that was being dumped from the street carts. At first he thought it all base, but on looking more carefully he began to find lumps of genuine black sulphuret ore, and finally said: "This is better material than most of that now being taken out on the old upper levels. It would pay well for working."

The assay given above was made after this, and the opinion obtained from the millman was founded wholly on what he saw before him. It is said that the rock of which we are speaking is obtained at a waste dump up near the corner of A and Carson streets. The rock was probably brought out of the old Burning Moscow in the early days. Miners were not then good judges of ore. Some portions of the

vein having been assayed and found to be base, it was probably concluded that all was base, as only a practised eye would note the difference of grain. Wherever the rock may have been mined, it is evident that it would pay pretty well to over haul that waste dump. By careful assorting, no doubt a large amount of good ore might easily be obtained.—[Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.

Raising of Stock.

From the report of the select committee appointed by the House of Commons to obtain information as to the agricultural interests of the country, we cull the following remarks which appear in a communication made b Professor Wm. Brown. The Professor says:

"As a people, we live on flour, flesh and fruit, and if flesh be second to flour in importance, it is now, at any rate in the older provinces, the back bone of flour. What can we do to make our farmers realize the difference between breeds—between pure breds and grades—and that Canada all over is a splendid field for their most perfect and economical development? The subject has two aspects: The production of thoroughbreds for ourselves and the American market, and of grades partly for themselves and largely for the British market. I may be too warm on these to give what may be deemed an impartial opinion, for I have always contended that as Canadians we have not yet realized how much we can do as a country in these particulars.

No part of the American continent can compete with us in the healthy maintenance of cattle and sheep, and were our farmers alive at the present moment to what is going on in the United States as preparatory to an almost universal bonanza in beef and mutton, they would surely wake up—for I do not think we want for enterprise—once realized. I see no reason why Canada should not place and hold herself as the sole breeding ground for the United States. The Americans themselves think so. They act upon this belief and yet we do not seem to see it."

Artificial Manures.

The tendency of every country as it increases inpopulation should be toward closer and more economical tillage. In a very short time Ontario and Quebec farmers will have to compete with those of the Northwest, whose farms cost them next to nothing, and who till a soil of well nigh inexhaustible richness. If they would wish to hold their own in this age of keen and vigorous competition, the Ontario farmers must make the most of their resources. Their land is, much of it, partially worn out, but on the other hand labor is cheaper in Ontario than in the North-west, and though her soil may not be particularly fertile in its present state, the country abounds in fertilizers that can be readily made available. It is a well known fact that mineral phosphates abound in various portions of Ontario and Quebec, notably in the counties of Frontenac and Lanark and in the Ottawa Valley. This phosphate has in times past been shipped in large quantities out of the country, but it is to be hoped that

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.

"*Gentlemen:* My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully,

HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures **Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin.** It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by E. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS

Steamboats.

THE REINEEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Steamer "Reindeer" will, until further announcement, run on the following route:—Leave Conway Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m. for Picton and Napanee, touching at all intermediate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a m. Returning, will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and Picton at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1881. 39

DESERONTO NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED

Until further notice the following steamers of the above company will run as follows:

STR. DESERONTO.

L've Napanee	6 00 A.M.	L've Picton	3 00 P M
" Deseronto	6 45 "	" Deseronto	5 00 "
Arrive Picton	8 30 "	" Napanee	6.50 "

This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto.

L've Picton 9.30 a.m. L've Deseronto 1.00 p.m.
Arr. Deseronto 11.00 a.m. Arr. Picton 2.30 p.m.

STR. PILGRIM.

L've Napanee	9.00 a.m.	1 00 p.m.	4.00 p.m
" Deseronto	7.30 "	10.30 a.m.	2.30

STR. QUINTE.

L've Picton	6.00	L've Trenton	00 p.m
" Deseronto	7.30	" Belleville	2.00 "
" Northport	8.00	" Northport	4.30 "
" Belleville	10.00	" Deseronto	5.30 "
Arr. Trenton	11.00	Arr. Picton	7.00 "

MEAGHER'S LIME WORKS

NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1881.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN.
CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1881.

Will Make Durable Work

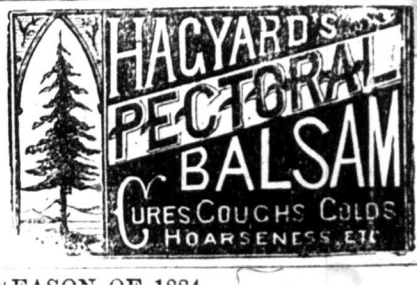
We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills, George Cliff,
Scott & Perry, W. A. Embury,
Robert Light, F. W. Little.
John A. Cliff, Robert McMullen.
Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1881.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.



been shipped in large quantities out of the country, but it is to be hoped that the time for this sort of thing will soon be at an end. Canada cannot afford to ship her phosphates to England, and the sooner she finds this out the better. The immense accumulations of offal and refuse about the great cities ought to be utilized in the production of fertilizers, and these with the mineral phosphates should be sufficient to enrich, for generations to come, all the worn out land in the older provinces. At present the phosphate is exported and the offal is wasted, but sooner or later all this must be changed. —[Canadian Breeder.

A Startling Potatoe Yield

The editor of the *Rural New Yorker* reports a yield of potatoes upon its experiment grounds of 1391½ bushels per acre. They were dug Aug. 27, weighed, and the yield per acre figured out by disinterested parties. We are not informed as to the size of the field, nor much about the method of culture. This is at the rate of 8 bushels and 41 pounds per square rod. With rows two and three-fourths feet apart (33 inches), there would be six rows to the rod. The above yield would give five pecks and nearly seven pounds to each row one rod long. With the hills sixteen and a half inches apart, there would be twelve hills to the row, and almost seven pounds per hill, or a small fraction less than a half peck. There is plenty of room on an acre of land to bury 1390 bushels of potatoes, but not many farmers have yet learned how to coax that quantity to grow upon so small an area. It is worth something to know that it can be done. Four hundred and eighty-eight bushels was our largest yield of this crop, estimated from the product of one square rod. We are anxious to try again and intend to do so.—[N. E. Farmer.

The Cork Duck.

A pleasant trick to look at was the one which followed. He took a cocoanut shell with one end cut off, and filled it with water. In the water he placed a little piece of cork, having a bent pin on one side, and two straight pins on the other side, so that the cork as it floated roughly resembled a lilliputian duck. The cork lay dead in the water, and it was difficult to think what magic could possibly be got out of it. Presently the juggler, sitting about two yards off, took out a musical instrument and began to play a lively tune. Instantly the imitation duck commenced to dance violently in the water, suiting its motions to the music. The dancing continued till the tune was ended; then the juggler ordered the duck to salaam, and he was at once obeyed. He even requested the buoyant cork to dive to the bottem of the water, and his request was immediately complied with. While the performance was going on the cocoanut shell was standing almost at our feet, and the performer was not only sitting beyond reach, but both his hands were employed in playing the instrument.—[Chamber's Journal.

Great is he who enjoys his earthenware as it were plate, and not less great is the man to whom all his plate is no more than earthenware.

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings.

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,
NAPANEE.

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS.

Are p... ant to take. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for bes qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,
Briscoe House Block

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester.
(Unsurpassed in the world.)

The Celebrated Toronto Mower,

The Massey Mower,

The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake,

The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.

The Wisner Seeder,

The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)

The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this seaso

The Port Perry Gang Plow.

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all change made with ropes from the floor of the barn The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal.

The Celebrated Waterous

"CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ **A full line of repairs constantly on hand.**

BIRRELL & PHELAN.
New Cartwright Block Dundas

A QUEER DANISH AMUSEMENT.

Riding Up and Down Inclined Planes

It is called in Danish rutschban, and may as well be dubbed in English rush railway. A tower stands at either end of a railway, which is perhaps 180 feet in length, 40 feet high at one extremity, and half as high at the other. I climbed the rude staircase of the higher tower, and found myself in a room crowded with people waiting their opportunity for a ride. At the entrance stood a pheaton-like car on four small iron wheels, the car being very stout and holding two people with comfort. The wheels were in grooves, and the course extended over the descending and ascending slopes. The people would get into a car and be strapped in by a leathern boot; the car would be started down the inclined plane by an attendant, and away it would go down the first slope, and by its impetus rise to the next height, go over and down again, at each rise pitching a little lower, at each pitch rising to a lesser height, until the last slope, when it rushed up the hill, bumped against a buffer, and the two travellers got out. The car would then be seized, dragged aside, put upon a lift, hauled up to a height above, and sent back, with other passengers or empty, down a corresponding road parallel to the first and terminating in a similar low tower by the side of the one I was in, where it would be hoisted again into place, and be ready to make the round of the rush railway again.

I stood by the entrance where the car started down, watching the couples get into the vehicle and then go thundering down the slope. I saw sedate men who might have been bank presidents get in, and children, and ardent youths and maidens, two by two. They held each other in; they almost lost their hats; they bowed, and fell back upon the huge "thank-you-ma'am's" they looked frightened, and they looked bold; they smiled and they almost cried; but I heard no one scream. At length, when I had politely given way to those more eager I was driven by shame and an inextinguishable curiosity to try this reckless "coast." I paid the fare—about two and a half cents—and took my seat. I jammed my hat down over my brow, grasped the back of the car with one hand, and no doubt turned pale as the push was given and began that awful descent. I felt that thrilling sensation of vibration in the pit of my stomach which one has in a swing when descending, and then we shot up the slope, saw a new abyss, and plunged into it. A delicious reprieve was followed by another fearful descent; four times we dashed in the face of fate, and then, with one triumphant rush; flew up the last incline. I got out of the car with my wits standing on end, and tumbled down the staircase in a bewildered, groggy way, anxious to get my legs upon the immovable earth again.

There was no mistaking the thorough enjoyment which everybody took in this amusing place, and the decorum and good feeling seemed to come by nature. The applause was enthusiastic and energetic, and one formed a most agreeable impression of the sociability of the peo-

CHIT-CHAT.

In Ohio there is one divorce case to every seven marriages. The other six pairs are probably boarding with their parents.

"To be weak is to be miserable"—that's boarding-house coffee. To be strong is to be more miserable still—that's boarding-school butter.

When Clara was asked what she would do if a nice young gentleman would ask her hand in marriage, she naively replied. "I don't think I'd no."

"Will you help me to press some leaves?" the maiden asked her lover. "If you will fasten them in your waist-belt I'll see what I can do," he answered.

"Let husbands consult their wives more and they would be happier," writes a wife in the *Boston Globe*. The use of the word "they" seems a little indefinite in this case.

"Yes, sir," said the stump speaker, "there are lots of real issues in this campaign." "So I see," remarked a bystander, pointing to an adjacent saloon, from which a crowd of drunken fellows came wobbling. "What do you mean?" "Why, 'reel issues,' of course."

An editor published in his paper: "All communications to the editor that are written on both sides of the paper will be thrown into the waste-basket." A day or two afterward he received a long communication from his girl. It was written on both sides of the paper, but it didn't get into the waste-basket.

A dolorous story is current of a gentleman who was asked to write some lines in a lady's album, and commenced "Beautiful nymph, let fall thy eye upon this page." He was surprised that his opening was not appreciated. He was afterward informed that one of the lady's eyes was of glass, and consequently removable.

"My child, I cannot consent to your marrying young Henry. You know perfectly well you are engaged to William." "Yes, papa, but William is on a three years' cruise." "Well, what has that to do with it?" "Why should I waste the time? Henry has solemnly promised that he will consent to a divorce as soon as William arrives."

"Why is it that the employes in telephone offices are all ladies?" Mrs. Brown made this enquiry of her husband. "Well," answered Mr. Brown, "the managers of the telephone companies were aware that no class of employes work so faithfully as those who were in love with their labor, and they knew that ladies would be fond of the work in telephone offices." "What is the work in a telephone office?" Mrs. Brown further inquired. "Talking," answered Mr. Brown.

Robert Buchanan, the English poet, wishes that Americans would "evoke a *dèus ex machina* of a more robust virility than is fashionable with supersensitive and superamatory misses." We have often thought that one of those italic things would fill a long-felt want, but owing to the press of business we could never get time to evoke it.

"Landlord!" cried an irritated traveler who had been eating dried-apple pie at a

Europe's Ironclad Navies.

England stands first with twenty-five modern line-of-battle ships, fulfilling all requirements of the present time, and fourteen obsolete men-of-war, nine modern and six obsolete ironclads for coast defense, and three ironclads cruisers.

France follows with sixteen modern and nine obselete line-of-battle ships, and seven modern and eight obsolete ironclads for coast defense.

Next to these two most important naval powers ranks Germany, with nine modern (five ironclad frigates, four ironclad corvettes) line-of-battle ships, fulfilling all requirements of the present day, and three obsolete ironclad ships (the ironclad frigates Kronprinz and Frederick Karl, and the ironclad corvette Hansa) eleven modern ironclad vessels for coast defense (eleven ironclad gunboats all completed), and one obsolete vessel, the ironclad Arminius.

Austria takes fourth place, with three modern and seven obsolete line-of-battle ships.

Italy has two modern and eleven obsolete ironclad ships at her disposal.

Russia has only one single first-class line-of-battle ship, and seven obsolete ironclads, two modern and sixteen obsolete ironclad vessels for coast defense, and four ironclad cruisers.

Denmark possesses two modern and tw obsolete line-of-battle ships, and two modern and two obsolete ironclad vessels for coast defense.

Holland, one modern battle ship and seventeen modern ironclad vessels for coast defense.

This shows that Great Britian still holds first place with her ironclad fleet; France second, Germany third, Italy fourth, Russia fifth, and Austra sixth place. France, however, is building at present fourteen vessels of the most powerful description, and eight similarly powful ironclad vessels for coast defense, against seven line-of-battle ships and five ironclad cruisers building in Great Britain. In a few years, therefore, France will be able to dispose of thirty battle ships, of which twelve are first-class fighting power, and Great Britain of thirty-two battle ships, numbering, however, only a single vessel of about equal strength to the twelve French ships. Italy is constructing five battle ships of first-class power; Russia three battle ships and three ironclad cruisers; Germany, one ironclad cruiser, and two ironclad gunboats; Austria, one battle ship; Denmark, one ironclad for coast defense. Great Britain's pre-eminence on the seas is, therefore, most decidedly menaced by France, with the completion of the vessels building by both states. As Great Britain is obliged to employ a great portion of her fleet in the Mediterranean and at many distant stations, it may be presumed that from 1887 or 1888 a French fleet of forty-two ironclads would be opposed to an English fleet of, at most, thirty ironclads, including in the latter the vessels reserved for coast defense.

A Distilling Insect.

Livingstone met with a wonderful distilling insect in Africa on fig trees. Seven or eight of the insects cluster round a spot on one of the smaller branches, and these

ergetic, and one formed a most agreeable impression of the sociability of the people.—*Harper's Magazine.*

LOSS BY CHOLERA.

Figures Arrived at from Banker's Returns.

It is said that the loss which the continent has sustained this year from the cholera scare exceeds four millions and a half of money. The figures are arrived at from the bankers' returns as their accounts appeared at the commencement of the current month. The amount seems incredibly large, especially as the expenses of quarantine forms no part of the total. Switzerland has of course suffered most, as her special industry seems to consist in the housing and nurture and transport of travellers, but in actual, though not in relative importance, the loss to France has been greater. The Swiss harvest of tourists is reaped by her hotel-keepers, and railway companies only in the summer months, and it may be said that almost all the crop of 1884 has been lost. The calamity to France has been spread ever a wider area, but on the other hand, the severity of the trial has been mitigated by circumstances. The French seaside resorts have been fuller this year than in any season since 1878, ful- and the influx has consisted almost entirely of French, and very largely of Parisians. The same dread of disease or its probably consequent annoyances which has kept the English from crossing the channel, has kept the French in their own country, and here again Switzerland has been the chief sufferer. But even with these allowances the French losses have been considerable. The line from Marseilles north has for some weeks been congested with traffic, and yet the deficit, as compared with the averages of previous years, has exceeded 3,000,000 francs. The four principal lines of France show since the year commenced a loss of 11,000,000 francs, and in the case of the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean company, the bad commencement will be followed by a worse sequel. The loss to these countries has indeed been a gain to our own. We have seen more Americans, and the Americans have seen more of England than in any year since the Franco-Prussian war.—*London News.*

Accepting a Small Retainer.

Smith—Jones refuses to pay a little debt he owes me, and I want you to bring suit against him for the money.

Lawyer—All right; but lawyers, you know, always expect something in the way of a retainer.

Smith—Certainly; how much will it be?

Lawyer—About fifty dollars, I guess.

Smith—Fifty dollars? Why, Jones only owes me twenty-five dollars.

Lawyer—Oh, well, call it twenty-five dollars then.

Fawn-colored camel's hair cloth will be much used for travelling and promenade costumes.

The long pelisse, stylishly made and trimmed is a favorite autumn wrap for the little maidens.

who had been eating dried-apple pie at a railroad lunch-house, as he held one hand to his shattered jaw and produced a gimlet with the other. "Look at this confounded gimlet. I've found it in your pie and broke half the teeth in my head out on!" "Well, I declare!" said the landlord. "I wanted to use that yesterday and hunted all over for it. Much obliged, stranger."

"I tell you what," airily exclaimed Perkins as he sat down to the supper-table. "I was in a tight place this afternoon." "Yes, I know you were," interrupted his wife, in clear, cold utterances that cut like a knife. "I saw you coming out of it." And then it flashed across Perkins mind that he had incidentally stepped into a saloon with a friend for the purpose of examining a doubtful political statement with the aid of a magnifying glass, and his contemplated anecdote slipped from his grasp like money at a summer resort, while the supper was finished amid a silence so profound that he could plainly hear a napkin ring.

"I have always preserved my family honor," exclaimed an Arkansaw man, with a violent demonstration, "and I shall suffer no insult at this late day. You have said, sir that I am no gentleman. The consequences will be fatal to one of us." "I did not say that you were not a gentleman," replied a red-headed fellow with a whisky squint. "I said that you were a liar. Ain't that what I said, Jim?" turning to a companion. "That's what you said," Jim replied. "Then, sir, I beg your pardon," said the gentleman. "I simply misunderstood you, but you can not blame a man for upholding the good name of his family. Well, what are you going to take?"

The Best Medicine.

Speaking generally, it is not to the laboratory of the chemist that we should go for our potash salts, but to the laboratory of nature, and more especially to that of the vegetable kingdom. They exist in the green parts of all vegetables. This is illustrated by the manufacture of commercial potash from the ashes of the twigs and leaves of timber-trees. The more succulent the vegetable the greater the quantity of potash it contains, though there are some minor exceptions to this. As I have already stated, we extract and waste a considerable proportion of these salts when we boil vegetables and throw away the potage, which our wiser and more thrifty neighbors save. When we eat raw vegetables, as in salads, we obtain all their potash.

Fruits generally contain important quantities of potash salts, and it is upon these especially that the possible victims of lithic acid should rely. Lemons and grapes contain them most abundantly. Those who can not afford to buy these as articles of daily food may use cream of tartar, which, when genuine, is the natural salt of the grape, thrown down in the manner I shall describe when on the subject of the cookery of wines.—[W. Mattieu Williams, in Popular Science Monthly.

If it is part of prudence to face every claimant, and pay every just demand on your time, your talents, or your heart, always pay; for, first or last, you must pay your entire debt.

on one of the smaller branches, and these keep up a constant distillation of a clear fluid like water, which dropping to the ground, forms a puddle. If a vessel is placed under them in the evening, it contains three or four pints of fluid in the morning. To the question, whence is this fluid derived? the natives reply that the insects suck it out of the tree, and naturalists give the same answer. But Livingston could never find any wound in the bark, or any proof whatever that the insect pierced it. Our common frog hopper, which before it get its wings, is called "cuckoo spit" and lives on many plants in a froth spittle like fluid, is like the African insect, but as much smaller. Livingstone considers that they derive much of their fluid by absorbing it from the air. He found some of the insects on a castor oil plant, and he cut away about twenty inches of the bark between the insect and the tree, and destroyed all the vegetable tissue which carried the sap from the tree to the place where the insects were distilling. The distillation was then going on at the rate of one drop in every sixty-seven seconds, or five and a half tablespoonsful every twenty-four hours. Next morning although the supplies of sap were stopped, supposing them to come up from the ground, the yield was increased to one drop every five seconds, or one pint, in every twenty-four hours. He then cut the branch so much that it broke, but they still went on at the rate of one drop every five seconds; while another colony of the insects on a branch of the same tree gave a drop every seventeen seconds.—[The World of Wonder.

Power of Music.

It is true that most people are more impressed by what they see than by what they hear; so that it has become a maxim that one learns more readily through the eyes than through the ears. But Nature is a compensating mother. If the eye begets the most lasting impression, the ear imparts the most active stimulant. Few artists who appeal to the eye have so roused the vital action as those who seek the ear. An illustration of the power of sound, expressed in fitting music to fitting words, is given by Ben. Perley Poore in the Boston *Budget*. He says:

"Jenny Lind's ballad-singing carried her Washington audiences by storm. Without in the slighest degree compromising its character of a simple ballad, she infused into every line of it more of the poetic spirit and meaning than the words, upon the mere reading, seemed to contain.

"It was often the outpouring of the soul of a Scottish peasant lassie, yet it was one of the most charming pieces of vocalization ever listened to.

"What wondrous versatility was here! From Bellini to Burns—from the highest reach of Italian art to the most homely simplicity of Scottish minstrelsy—and the same effect produced by each!

"At the close of her singing the "Last Rose of Summer," on one occasion, Mr. Webster, who occupied a front seat, joined in demanding its repetition, and when Miss Lind came on the stage again he rose and bowed low twice, his swarthy features gleaming with gratification. The audience indorsed the compliment with vociferous applause."

AMONG OUR EXCHANGES.

When a man starts out to paint the town red he does not do it in water-colors.

A crank is a person who does not always agree with you, but has opinions of his own.

"I'm not in politics this year, but I'l take the stump all the same," said a tramp going down into the gutter for a half-smoked cigar.

"Did they feed you well at your boarding-house, Johnny?" asked his fond mother. "Naw, they didn't," responded the youth. "What kind of meals did they give you, dear?" "Oat meals."

"Father, did the boy really stand on the deck?" asked Green's hopeful progeny the other day. "No, Georgie, he stood on three kings and he put the deck up his sleeve to use as occasion demanded."

A paragraph in an article on "The care of clothes" says: "An umbrella should always be carried away from you" It generally is, innocent author; it generally is carried about two miles away.

Little Boy—"Please, I want the doctor to come and see mother." Servant—"Doctor's out; where do you come from?" Little Boy—"What! don't you know me? Why we deal with you. We had a baby from here last week."

"No," wrote a Mills Seminary pupil, "we don't see a man over here once a month, but there's a French girl just come who has a dear little mustache, and we are training her to smoke cigarettes and swear."

"Ma, what are soldiers?" "They are men with arms, dear." "And what is an encampment?" "It is a place where the soldiers go to practice using their arms, my child." "Oh, yes, now I see why they always have an encampment at a place where there are plenty of pretty girls."

Mrs. Blank—"Is your barber a musician?" Mr. Blank—"Not that I know of." Mrs. Blank—"Then why does he call himself a 'professor' if he is not a violinist or something?' Mr. Blank—"Oh, that is because he fiddles around a customer's face in a violent manner with a viol razor."

Husband—It looks like rain, my dear. Don't you think we had better take an umbrella? Wife—Oh, no; we don't want to be bothered with it. Husband—You take great chances, my love. Wife—I know I do. If I were a man I would be a bold speculator. I would never be content, like you, to do an ordinary humdrum business that would just bring me a living. [An hour later, the couple standing in a narrow doorway with the rain beating fiercely in.] Wife—How do I look? Husband—Very much like a speculator, sharer of my joys and sorrows.

"Nothing too good for the Children."

There has been and is much false sentiment thrown away in this world, and in no one direction does this appear to be more strongly the case than in the treatment of children. Perhaps, however, it is not so much in the actual treatment of children as it is in the way in which this subject is treated in literature. There is a certain class of writers who are never

FOREIGN NEWS.

Co-Operative Stores—The Czar in Warsaw—Distress in England—A New Paving, etc., etc.

Only one-seventh of the inhabitants of the 10,000,000 square miles over which Britain's flag floats in triumph are Christians.

The co-operative store system has been in operation in England for nearly a quarter of a century. The "army and navy" stores alone now do a business of $10,000,000 annually.

Prof. Moseley, an English scientist, has lately discovered a mollusk with a thousand eyes. This shell fish ought to become a much better symbol of watchfulness than the fabled Argus whose hundred eyes are reputed to have been set in the peacock's tail.

The Russian Government is said to have determined upon constructing the remaining 127 miles of the Transcaspian railway to Askabad. The rails have been ordered to be shipped at once from a southern manufactory down the Volga and across the Caspian.

Three hundred camels have recently been imported into Australia, and more are to follow soon. Should they thrive, multiply, and prove useful, it is predicted by enthusiasts that the time may come when they will be introduced into southern Europe, and even into England.

The czar's Warsaw tour was about as dismal a merrymaking as can well be conceived. At the state ball not a word of Polish was permitted, and when one was dropped by accident people looked timidly over their shoulders to see whether it had been overheard. The rooms were only half filled, and cheerless, notwithstanding the decorations.

Prof. Forster, who died recently at Aix-la-Chapelle, was one of the first of European entomologists. His collection of insects stands almost without a rival. It was prepared in the most careful manner and classified in strict accordance with scientific rules. Germans stand in fear lest the collection find its way into the South Kensington museum in London.

The Manchester ship canal bill has now been passed and thrown out twice by both lords and commons committees. Last year it occupied thirty nine days in committee, and was passed, and ten days in the lords, and was thrown out; and this session the lords committee sat forty one days and passed the bill, and the commons have taken twenty days and thrown it out.

Field Marshal Gen. Herwart von Bittenfield, who died a few weeks ago at the age of 88, was the oldest officer in the German army, and one of the few surviving German veterans who earned their first laurels at Waterloo or Leipsic. He took a leading part in the three great wars of the present emperor, and was present at Alsen, Koniggratz, and Sedan. His age exceeded the emperor's by only one year.

In the 58 provinces of European Russia there are 19,674,723 horses, of which number nearly 6,000,000 are in the military circle of Kazan. Complaint is made that too many horses are exported from

assumed such proportions that all tramps who fail to give a satisfactory account of themselves are now arrested and lodged in Rome pending inquiry. What renders brigand capture the more difficult in many localities, is that the business of brigandism is followed by persons who are not always at it, but at times pursue rural occupations, and are apparently the most harmless of beings. The authorities continue to fail in their attempts to capture the brigand chief Tibuzi, who operates in the neighborhood of Viterbo. For a long time the farmers and landowners tried to resist his incursions, but now they submit to his terms and pay blackmail to secure a quiet life.

The following curious calculation is published in a Liverpool journal: "A parliamentary statistician has made a curious calculation, which has some bearing on the question, who wastes the time of parliament? Of course the Liberals say it is the Tories. But the real offender is Mr. Gladstone himself. Since he became Premier in 1880 he has spoken for 250 hours in the House of Commons. If every other member of the house exercised the privilege of free speech with the same volubility as the G. O. M., each session would extend to eighty-four thousand hours. In this case the session, which usually runs to six months, would be drawn out to eleven years, sitting twenty-four hours a day, Sunday included."

The twentieth detailed annual report of the registrar general of the marriages, births, and deaths in Ireland for 1883 shows that the marriages registered during the year numbered 21,368, births 118,163, and deaths 96,228. Both absolutely and in proportion to the estimated population the marriages and births are under the annual average for the preceding ten years; the mortality is somewhat in excess of the average. The recorded natural increase of population, or the excess of births over deaths, was 21,935, the loss by emigration amounting to 108,724. There would thus appear to have been a decrease of 86,789 in the population during the year. The estimated population in the middle of the year was 5,015,282.

A new form of paving has been in use in Berlin since last year, which seems to offer some advantages over wood. Layers of brick are put down and impregnated with asphalt. After a short period they lose any air and water they may contain, and absorb from 15 to 20 per cent. of the bituminous matter, becoming remarkably elastic, and capable of resisting pressure and damp. The traffic in the Berlin main thoroughfares is of a heavy character, and it has been found that the new paving lasts much longer than any of the other systems, added to which it offers a sure foothold to horses. Occasionally it is found that after three months' wear some of the bricks crumble into dust, but this is believed to arise from a faulty impregnation with asphalt, and not from any real defect in the system.

Queenly Beauties.

Queen Victoria was very pretty in her youth. She had a lovely bloom, a brow white and smooth as polished ivory, a

children as it is in the way in which this subject is treated in literature. There is a certain class of writers who are never weary of crying out against the "shut up parlor" which is considered too good for the children. Probably these writers are women, but probably they are not mothers, or they would not advocate the rights of children quite so strongly. The fact is, there is neither common sense nor kindness in the idea that no room is too good for children. If you yourself love to have every corner overrun by lawless children, you at least owe it to your friends and calling acquaintances to have one room in which one is not in danger of seating herself upon broken remnants of food, ruining delicate gloves by touching sticky latches and door knobs, or running the risk of a sprained ankle or broken neck by stepping unwarily upon a marble or rolling spool. If one is unwilling to do this much, it were better to hang out a placard at once: "This house is sacred to children. Nobody else has any natural rights or privileges here."—[Boston Courier.

The Adjustments of Life.

Some humorous philosopher avers that there is a way to have all one wants by simply wanting all one has. One thinks of it now and then in this world where "so easily things go wrong," and where circumstances are so transitory as a kaleidscope. It is possibly one of the secrets of happy living to attain that equipose that will not be deflected by the changes of events or the change of mind and mood of other people. Yet this carried out to its fullest results would imply an indifference that is merely insensibility, and what one gained in not feeling pain he would lose in not feeling pleasure. Rather than indifference one might praise the gods for a power of facile judgment to the inevitable; the power of making the best rather than the worst of the daily disappointments of life, and of gathering up the fragments, collecting the broken threads, readjusting the mismatched plans and getting what good one may out of them. Doing this, one finds that the law of compensation prevails. The world is so full of resources, of interest, of people, of plans. You fail of one thing on which your desire was centered, and, behold, a dozen things crowd into its place. Life, like nature, abhors a vacuum. A belief in the divinity of circumstances is a creed of comfort. To do what one can, to do all that is reasonable and right in the furtherance of a cherished plan, and then leave results to come as they will, and accept innovations if we must, is always wise. No loss, or failure, or disappointment is worth sacrificing one's serenity of spirit for or one's best energies for worthy achievment.

Pulled It Herself.

"Will you pull the bell!" she asked of a man across the aisle as the car reached the corner.

"No, madam," he answered with a bow, "but I will be most happy to pull the strap which rings the bell."

"Ah! but never mind! The strap is connected with two bells, and you might stop the wrong end of the car!"

And the look she turned upon him was full of triumph veneered with cayenne pepper.

there are 19,074,720 horses, of which number nearly 6,000,000 are in the military circle of Kazan. Complaint is made that too many horses are exported from the country. The number exported in 1879 was 19,000, in 1880 it was 24,000, in 1882 it was 35,269, and last year the number is believed to have reached 45,000. It is proposed that an export tax of 50 gold rubles on every horse valued at under 300 rubles be imposed.

It is said that Mr. Gamel, of Copenhagen, has offered to send his steamship the Dijmphana on a second expedition to the Arctic regions, via Franz Josef's land, subject to the condition that the Danish government will, as a moral acknowledgement of their interest in the expedition, grant a certain sum of money, however small, toward the expedition, under the same chief, Lieut. Hovgaard, of the royal Danish navy, to whom the crew of the Warna owed their rescue.

More ascents were made of Mont Blanc last August than in any corresponding August, no less than twenty-two persons having climbed the "monarch of mountains," which is nearly at the rate of one for every week day. Among them was a young English lady, who is an excellent mountaineer. The reported decline of Chamouni as a mountaineering centre led to threatening demonstrations by the guides and *cochers* against the author of an adverse paper on the Alpine club, who prudently left the village, on being warned by a friend, to avoid trouble.

The family house-boats, which are one of the most curious phases of domestic life in China, are as practically proving the old truism that "man wants but little here below," for the "little" which forms the clean and happy home of three generations is a boat about the size of two four-post beds set end to end, and covered in at night by a series of telescopic sliding roof, of bamboo matting. Here man and wife, grand-parents and little children cook, sleep, and worship; for, no matter how small the place, the family altar occupies the place of honor.

A painful instance of the dire distress experienced by some families in Sunderland, England, has just been discovered. A lady who kept a pig in the west part of the town, having her suspicions aroused, kept watch upon her stye, and was surprised at dusk to see a man and woman approach and scoop out the bread, etc., which had been put in for the animal's meal. The lady followed the couple to their home, and, after allowing a few minutes to elapse, followed them into the house, and was surprised to discover five little children sitting around a table and readily devouring the food taken from the pig's trough.

An anti-Semitic Austrian colonel, before marching to the scene of the autumn manœuvers at Auzem, wrote to a medical man there to find him lodging, adding that this must not be in a Jewish family. He received this reply: "Honored Colonel: The contingency which you contemplate with so much dissatisfaction, of having to live with Jews during your stay here, is happily obviated by circumstances. There are only two Jewish families in the town. The Archduke Albert is staying with one of them, the Archduke William with the other, which is my own. I have, etc."

Brigandage around Rome has of late

Queen Victoria was very pretty in her youth. She had a lovely bloom, a brow white and smooth as polished ivory, a very pretty mouth, the short upper lip revealing a set of very fine teeth, and a profusion of light brown hair. Her arms and shoulders might have served as models for a sculptor. Every body knows that the royal beauty at present of the English court is the Princess of Wales, and photographs and portraits have been multiplied to give some idea to the out side world of her flower like and gracious loveliness. Queen Victoria, when she was first married, used to call her affectionately "My lily." But those who have never seen her can have but a faint idea of her peculiar and winning charms, which reside no less in the exquisite and simple grace of her manner and the sweetness of her expression than in the delicate outline of her features and shoulders, or in the lustre of her soft blue eyes.

Probably the most famous royal beauty of our epoch was the Empress Eugenie. Like the Princess of Wales, her great charm in her youth lay in the melancholy sweetness of her expression, and in the refined grace of her manners. Her complexion was lovely, her eyes of a true and transparent azure, and her hair was of a golden chestnut hue that was simply indescribably beautiful. The delicate outlines of her features, and the exquisite poise of her head on her long slender neck and shapely shoulders, have been immortalized on canvas and in marble. When she was first married she used to dress with great elegance and simplicity, her favorite color being delicate lilac. She was so beautiful in those early days that she called forth the chivalrous devotion of every American gentleman in Paris. But she received very little public homage, even in those days.

The Empsess of Austria twenty years ago! Ah! how lovely she was, the young and queenly Elizabeth, then in the full pride of her beauty that had won her a place upon the imperial throne of Austria! She was elegantly attired in white muslin, trimmed with valenciennes lace and set off with a sash of violet silk, embroidered with steel. From beneath her small turban hat showed coil upon coil of dark silken braids. The empress is even yet one of the most beautiful princesses of Europe, and certainly she is the queenliest. She looks the empress, every inch of her.

The Empress of Russia, like her sister, the Princess of Wales, is a very lovely woman, *petite* in form, with large, soft brown eyes, and a singularly sweet expression. The third sister, the Princess Thyra, now the Duchess of Cumberland, is on the contrary, very plain.

The daughters of the Princess of Wales are very shy and simple-mannered little girls, quite children yet, though the eldest is nearly sixteen. The youngest of the three, the Princess Maud, gives promise of considerable personal beauty. the eldest girl, the Princess Louise, has a heavy featured, inanimate countenance and is undeniably plain.

I think it must somewhere be written, said Dickens, that the virtues of mothers shall, occasionally, be visited on their children, as well as the sins of the fathers.

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 24, 1884.

—The special session of the British Parliament opened Wednesday. The Queen's speech was short. It urged the passage of the Franchise Bill and eulogized Gordon's defence of Khartoum.

—The Presidential election is waxing warmer as the fourth of November, the day of the great issue approaches. The election in Ohio was accompanied by much bloodshed, and reports of riots are numerous. It has been pretty clearly shown that Butler is in league with the Republicans to defeat Cleveland, and as a result his "boom" is about over. Cleveland's prospects are brightening every day.

—The Tichborne Claimant having served his term of imprisonment has been discharged on parole, and now the daily papers are resurrecting the evidence in this celebrated trial. Let them give us a rest. People have hardly yet survived the large doses of evidence case forced upon them years ago.

—The Standard has a queer idea of an equal division. It said last week that the gains and losses at the Napanee voters' count were about equally divided between the two parties. Forty-two Reform gains to ten Conservative is what our clever contemporary calls an equal division. The Standard's Faber pusher should attend the Mechanics' Institute evening classes and try and abstract some knowledge of arithmetic from the boy who does the sweeping.

—Then, to show how unfair it can be in reporting a voters' court, it gives a list of voters who were struck off the list, all of whom were Reformers. Notwithstanding that over three times that number of Conservatives were struck off not one of their names was published. In order that our readers may see the result of the proceedings we give in another column a complete list of the gains and losses on both the Tory organist to howl about Reform partizan officials.

—It is worthy of note that during the eighteen or twenty years Mr. John Webster held the office of town assessor, a voters' list court never occupied more than a couple of hours and the appeals were very few. This year the Tories accomplished the dismissal of Mr. Webster and put in a man whom they thought they could handle. The result looks very much as if their confidence was not misplaced. That they have been baulked in their little game is highly creditable to the few energetic Reformers who fought the issue. The motive which led to Mr. Webster's dismissal is now quite plain. It was not that his assessment of last year was bad, as they alleged, but because they wanted to be in a position to fix things for themselves this year. The result is that the town has been put to a large expense in getting the list restored to something like an honest one, and the taxes on several lots have been lost altogether. The men who voted for Mr. Webster's removal should be marked next January by every fair-minded and honest ratepayer.

—The Scott Act is sweeping everything in the shape of opposition before it in the counties where it is submitted. Simcoe adopted it by over 1,100 majority, the united counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry have also adopted it, and yesterday it was voted upon in Peel. Bruce, Prince Edward, Huron and Dufferin will vote on the 30th inst. York County N.B., takes a vote on the same day. Norfolk pronounces on the question on November 11th. The Scott Act was defeated yesterday in Peel by a majority of 156.

—A correspondent in another column accuses one of our contemporaries of "bearing" the barley market, and insinuates that it is paid for such services by dealers. The writer must be mistaken. No journal laying claim to respectability could be bribed to do injury to the great majority of its readers. It does not follow that because a journal urges farmers to sell their grain in the fall that it has yielded to any improper overtures. The price of grain, taken one year with another, is invariably better at this season than later on, and the farmer who has made a point of selling early throughout his life has left his neighbor, who is always waiting for a rise, far behind in the race for riches. Then there is another important consideration. When farmers refuse to sell at the proper season, they invariably refuse to pay their accounts past due, and the result is that the business man who has entered into obligations with the wholesale dealers is unable to meet his paper, and in many instances suffers financial ruin. It would be much better all round if farmers would sell sufficient at the proper season at least to pay their store accounts. This holding over grain and making merchants wait for payment of accounts long past due is a much too one-sided transaction to be strictly honest.

That Road Matter.

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—If the Tory organ was at all honest in in its condemnation of partizan officials it should have devoted some of its space to the town and county clerks. The former was almost constantly bobbing in and out of the witness box at the call of the counsel for the Conservatives (without receiving witness fees either), and the nature of his evidence was such as would lead people to suppose that he had constituted himself a board of valuators as it were, whose duty it was to increase the valuation of the property of Tories and lower that of Reformers. Mr. Embury, no doubt, was conscientious in the matter; indeed we would be loth to charge him to the contrary, but ordinary discretion should have told him that a person occupying the position he does should avoid placing himself in the position of being even suspected of partizanship. Then as to Mr. F.A. Roe. His efforts to retain his name on the East ward list was the subject of general comment. He testified that he had for three years paid the rent on a property there, and had received receipts therefor. Mr. Forward, the agent for the Cartwright estate, testified that the lease was in Mr. A.H. Roe's name and he had never given a receipt to to the son, and in fact the last payment was made by Mr. Roe while he was ill and sitting in his carriage on the street. This contradictory evidence led the Judge to adjourn the case to give Mr. F. A. Roe an opportunity of producing the receipts, but the young man being unable to procure even one his name was struck off the list. After this exhibition surely it does not lie with

vouch for the truth of every word the letters contained. As none of the letters having the signature of Antler had any reference to me, I mean to make no reply relative to them. The libellous letter I alluded to had the signature of "A Taxpayer," whom I believe to be Mr. Tapping. In that letter it was alleged that my gang consisted of four men altogether, on July 11th, on Barrie Road No. 2. Now, as the Barrie Road work was the most important paragraph in his letter in the issue of yours of the 10th inst., my object is to promulgate the truth concerning the subject, and confirm the fact by the testimony of three of the workmen who were on the road the aforesaid date.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that on the 11th of July we were employed by Mr. Kennelly, on Barrie Road No. 2, and we can testify that the whole constructing party consisted of twelve men.

Signed, ROBT. ARMSTRONG.
ED. KENNELLY.
THOS. GUINA.

In one of my letters I said there were thirteen men. As I counted the names there appeared thirteen, but in carrying forward the days I found the week of the 11th Jeremiah Kennelly was absent. This, of course, was the cause of the mistake. What but mischief can his object be? His calumny can do me no harm in this locality. The people are well acquainted with all the workmen that laboured on Barrie Road No. 2. Perhaps the gentleman's views may be to arm the opposition by his incredible writings. But this he cannot do by any means as the prudent electors of the township of Barrie know better than to be deluded by him.

Now, in reference to a respectable lady to whom he says I have included in my dirty slang. To this lady I have not in any way given the slightest offence, nor even was it my intention to offer her any insult. I feel confident that I have done her an honor in saying she did not appreciate his amorous advances. I am sure the neighbors will exonerate her in the prudent course she pursued. It is an old proverb "Love is blind," but as the days swiftly glide by we see it has a change in its place of abode; and as the gentleman had no fascinating quality, the lady made a very wise selection.

I hope the gentleman in future will more strictly adhere to the truth and not pay so much attention to "fish stories."

Yours truly, JOHN KENNELLY.

NOTE.—This correspondence has been much too long. Mr. Kennelly has quite clearly established the fact that he had the dozen men at work, and that is all the public is interested in. This must close the discussion. We cannot afford space for personal wrangling.—[Ed. THE EXPRESS.

SALE REGISTER.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29TH.—Mr. Jas. Storms, auctioneer, has received instructions from Mr. J. N. Alcombrack, lot 24, 7th concession, Ernesttown, to sell at his residence all his farm stock, implements and household furniture. Sale commences at 12 o'clock, noon.

MONDAY, Nov. 3.—Mr. R. McCay will sell on Monday, Nov. 3, the farm, stock and implements of Mr. Geo. Cook, at the latter's residence, lot 31, 1st con. Ernesttown. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock noon.

TUESDAY, Nov. 4.—Mr. J. S. Miller will sell on Tuesday, Nov. 4, at 1 p. m. sharp, the farm, stock and implements belonging to Mr. Thomas Laveck, of lot 23, 4th con, Camden. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock sharp.

[Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

From Death's Door

M. M. Devereaux, of Iona, Mich., was a sight to behold. He says: "I had no action of the Kidneys and suffered terribly. My legs were as big as my body and my body as big as a barrel. The best doctors gave me up. Finally I tried Kidney-Wort. In four or five days a change came, in eight or ten days I was on my feet, and now I am completely cured. It was certainly a miracle." All druggists keep Kidney-Wort which is put up both in liquid and dry form.

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IN THE COURT OF APPEAL FOR ONTARIO.

The Controverted Elections Act of Ontario.

ELECTION FOR THE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LENNOX HOLDEN ON THE TWENTY-FIRST AND TWENTY-EIGHTH DAYS OF AUGUST, A. D., 1884.

The Petition of Andrew Gordon Hamilton, of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Insurance Agent, whose name is subscribed.

1. Your Petitioner is a person who had a right to vote and who did vote at the Election to which this Petition relates.

2. Your Petitioner states that the election was holden on the twenty-first and twenty-eighth days of August, A. D., 1884, when George Tate Blackstock and George D. Hawley were candidates, and the Returning Officer has returned the said George D. Hawley as being duly elected.

3. And your Petitioner says that the said George D. Hawley was by himself and by his agents and by other persons on his behalf guilty of corrupt practices as that term is defined in and by "The Election Act of Ontario" and "The Controverted Elections Act of Ontario," before, during and after the said Election, whereby the said George D. Hawley was and is incapacitated to serve in the Legislative Assembly for Ontario, and the said election and return of the said George D. Hawley was and is wholly null and void.

4. That the said George D. Hawley by himself and by his agents before and during the said Election prepared and carried out a corrupt scheme or plan for bringing into and did bring into the said Electoral District divers strangers for the purpose of bribing and who did bribe large numbers of the Electors of the said Electoral District to vote for the said George D. Hawley.

Wherefore your Petitioner prays that it may be determined—

1. That the Election of the said George D. Hawley was and is null and void.
2. And that the said George D. Hawley was, personally, guilty of corrupt practices within the meaning of or as defined by "The Election Act of Ontario" and "The Controverted Elections Act of Ontario," and that corrupt practices, as defined by the the said Statutes, were committed by the agents of and other persons on behalf of the said George D. Hawley, by and with his actual knowledge and consent.

Dated this 24th day of September, A. D., 1884.

Signed,
A. G. HAMILTON.

The above Petition was filed in my office on Monday, the 20th day of October.

O. T. PRUYN,
Returning Officer.

ANOTHER CAR LOAD OF BARGAINS

ARRIVED FOR

P. SLAVEN & CO.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

We have just opened a large line of Dress Goods called "the wonders of the age" and they certainly are a marvel of cheapness and serve as a striking illustration of the great depression that exists in the manufacturing districts of the old country. These goods are nearly a yard wide, strong cloth and good colors and we are selling them at 10 cents a yard. We are offering this week a

FINE QUALITY OF STEAM LOOM COTTON

full yard wide, and perfectly free from any dressing for eight cents a yard by the piece. It is suitable for fine shirts and all family purposes and every family should secure a piece while they have a chance. We are selling good factory cotton at 4 cents a yard. We are selling good sheeting cotton full yard wide at six cents a yard.

MEN'S GREY KNIT DRAWERS at 30 cents a pair. Men's suits of fine Scotch Tweed at $13.00 made by Mr. Hogan. Men's overcoats made to order by Mr. Hogan for $10.00.

We sell the best Stormont check shirting at 12½ cents a yard. The greatest bargains however that we have offered during the past 12 months is a lot of

250 KNIT SHAWLS,

ladies' large size, honey comb pattern with diamond border in Cardinal, Light Blue, Grenna, Grey, White and Salmon colors, your choice for $1.50. The regular price of these shawls is $2.50 and we have been selling them ourselves at $2.00 before we got this lot in. Ladies living out of town should send for one and not wait until they come in, as they will not last long at the price, when you write name two colors so that if one is sold out we will know what other color to send.

We beg leave to say to milliners doing business in the surrounding villages that we are prepared to supply them with millinery either trimmed or untrimmed as cheap as they can buy them in Toronto, and we will give them any quantity they wish for.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY GOODS CHEAP.

The Very Best Goods are the Cheapest to Buy.

Our stock of Fall Goods is, no doubt, the largest, cheapest and most select we have ever bought.

Our Dress Goods were never nicer, and at prices very much lower.

Our Mantle Cloths are the most select and are selling so fast will have to be renewed.

Our stock of Fancy Goods is very large and only one half the price this season as compared with other seasons.

Our orders for Millinery have never pressed us so hard, which shows our styles are right, our goods are right, our prices are low.

In Dress and Mantle making the difficulty is to get hands to complete orders as fast as we would like.

We GUARANTEE all work done in this department.

In Gent's Furnishings and Tailoring our orders are larger than usual. Mr. Walters has the goods and the most select. We only ask an examination of this stock to convince our customers in Fit, Price, Style and Value that we cannot be beaten.

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DOWNEY & CO.

REMOVAL!

New Premises--New Goods--New Prices!

——Everything New except the Proprietor!——

S. McLAUGHLIN

Has much pleasure in being able to announce that he has removed to his new store in the Dominion Block, on the old stand (third store from the corner of Dundas and John streets) where he will sell for the next thirty days, for Cash,

The Cheapest Lot of Groceries and Provisions

ever sold in Napanee. This special cheap sale is held as an appropriate form of house-warming, in which all can participate, whether living in town or country.

——LOOK AT SOME OF THE PRICES!——

20 lbs. Bright Sugar, $1; 17 lbs. Extra White Sugar, $1; 13 1-2 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar, $1; 3 lbs. 50c. Tea for $1; 4 lbs. extra choice Japan Tea for $1; 5 1-2 lbs. Tea Siftings (uncolored) for $1; 12 Bars Good Washing Soap for 50c.; 20 lbs. Best Rasins for $1; 15 lbs. Currants for $1. All other groceries in like proportion.

FLOUR AND FEED! ¦ FLOUR AND FEED!!

Choicest Western Flour (100 lbs.) $2 40; next grade, $2 25; Good Family, $2.00. Bran and Shorts cheap. Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Grain of all kinds, Vegetables of all kinds, Poultry and other Farm Produce bought and sold at best market rates. Good prices paid for Partridges and other game.

——OYSTERS AND FISH!——

I handle Oysters from Baltimore direct, all of the best brands. I have made arrangements for a car of Salt White Fish and Salmon Trout, to be delivered in December, at the lowest prices.

Give me a call at my new store, and be convinced that I can give you the best value obtainable in town.

☞Remember the place—Dominion Block, third door west of John on Dundas Street.

S. McLAUGHLIN.

LOOK HERE!

IF YOU WANT ANY KIND OF

Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnish, Stoves, Tinware

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

—OR—

—THE BEST—

BARB FENCE WIRE

—MADE—

and at Lowest Prices.

GO TO

R.G. WRIGHT'S,

26 and 128 Dundas St., Napanee.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE. FRIDAY, OCT. 24, 1884.

—The special session of the British Parliament opened Wednesday. The Queen's speech was short. It urged the passage of the Franchise Bill and eulogized Gordon's defence of Khartoum.

—The Presidential election is waxing warmer as the fourth of November, the day of the great issue approaches. The election in Ohio was accompanied by much bloodshed, and reports of riots are numerous. It has been pretty clearly shown that Butler is in league with the Republicans to defeat Cleveland, and as a result his "boom" is about over. Cleveland's prospects are brightening every day.

—The Tichborne Claimant having served his term of imprisonment has been discharged on parole, and now the daily papers are resurrecting the evidence in this celebrated trial. Let them give us a rest. People have hardly yet survived the large doses of evidence case forced upon them years ago.

—The Standard has a queer idea of an equal division. It said last week that the gains and losses at the Napanee voters' count were about equally divided between the two parties. Forty-two Reform gains to ten Conservative is what our clever contemporary calls an equal division. The Standard's Faber pusher should attend the Mechanics' Institute evening classes and try and abstract some knowledge of arithmetic from the boy who does the sweeping.

—Then, to show how unfair it can be in reporting a voters' court, it gives a list of voters who were struck off the list, all of whom were Reformers. Notwithstanding that over three times that number of Conservatives were struck off not one of their names was published. In order that our readers may see the result of the proceedings we give in another column a complete list of the gains and losses on both the Tory organist to howl about Reform partizan officials.

—It is worthy of note that during the eighteen or twenty years Mr. John Webster held the office of town assessor, a voters' list court never occupied more than a couple of hours and the appeals were very few. This year the Tories accomplished the dismissal of Mr. Webster and put in a man whom they thought they could handle. The result looks very much as if their confidence was not misplaced. That they have been baulked in their little game is highly creditable to the few energetic Reformers who fought the issue. The motive which led to Mr. Webster's dismissal is now quite plain. It was not that his assessment of last year was bad, as they alleged, but because they wanted to be in a position to fix things for themselves this year. The result is that the town has been put to a large expense in getting the list restored to something like an honest one, and the taxes on several lots have been lost altogether. The men who voted for Mr. Webster's removal should be marked next January by every fair-minded and honest ratepayer.

—The Scott Act is sweeping everything in the shape of opposition before it in the counties where it is submitted. Simcoe adopted it by over 1,100 majority, the united counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry have also adopted it, and yesterday it was voted upon in Peel. Bruce, Prince Edward, Huron and Dufferin will vote on the 30th inst. York County N.B., takes a vote on the same day. Norfolk pronounces on the question on November 11th. The Scott Act was defeated yesterday in Peel by a majority of 156.

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names was published. In order that our readers may see the result of the proceedings we give in another column a complete list of the gains and losses on both sides.

—The Standard went out of its way last week to make a most unwarranted attack upon Mr. Mills, acting County Registrar. It charged him with having been guilty of favoritism to Reformers in the matter of given evidence without exacting witness fees and producing documents without subpœna, and thereupon indited a nice little homily on the iniquity of public officials making an exhibition of partizanship. The charges are entirely false. Mr. Mills was subpœnaed to give evidence by the Reformers, and for every search he was paid full fees. It is true that he did not exact witness fees in every instance, no more than did many other gentlemen who gave evidence. But that was his own business. He was entitled to a fee for every call upon him had he cared to exact it. His intention was to treat both sides alike in the matter of witness fees, and he would not have departed from that resolve even in one instance had he not been roundly abused and misrepresented by the rather excitable counsel who represented Messrs. Holmes, Davis & Co., for the great Tory party. Had he been treated with even common civility he would not have claimed the fee which was due him. It is needless for us here to enter any defence of Mr. Mills. Reformers and Conservatives alike who have had business at the Registry Office have always found him courteous, obliging and painstaking in the performance of duties. His position did not come to him as "the reward of political service or the spoil of party triumph," as the Tory organ falsely states. Politics had nothing whatever to do with his appointment—he was placed there solely on account of his capability to fill the position, and he has performed the duties well. The official the organ had in view when it thus described the way in which he was shelved was of much recent appointment, and he is not connected with the county buildings either.

—If the Tory organ was at all honest in in its condemnation of partizan officials it should have devoted some of its space to the town and county clerks. The former was almost constantly bobbing in and out of the witness box at the call of the counsel for the Conservatives (without receiving witness fees either), and the nature of his evidence was such as would lead people to suppose that he had constituted himself a board of valuators as it were, whose duty it was to increase the valuation of the property of Tories and lower that of Reformers. Mr. Embury, no doubt, was conscientious in the matter; indeed we would be loth to charge him to the contrary, but ordinary discretion should have told him that a person occupying the position he does should avoid placing himself in the position of being even suspected of partizanship. Then as to Mr. F.A. Roe. His efforts to retain his name on the East ward list was the subject of general comment. He testified that he had for three years paid the rent on a property there, and had received receipts therefor. Mr. Forward, the agent for the Cartwright estate, testified that the lease was in Mr. A.H. Roe's name and he had never given a receipt to to the son, and in fact the last payment was made by Mr. Roe while he was ill and sitting in his carriage on the street. This contradictory evidence led the Judge to adjourn the case to give Mr. F. A. Roe an opportunity of producing the receipts, but the young man being unable to procure even one his name was struck off the list. After this exhibition surely it does not lie with

vouch for the truth of every word the letters contained. As none of the letters having the signature of Antler had any reference to me, I mean to make no reply relative to them. The libellous letter I alluded to had the signature of "A Taxpayer," whom I believe to be Mr. Tapping. In that letter it was alleged that my gang consisted of four men altogether, on July 11th, on Barrie Road No. 2. Now, as the Barrie Road work was the most important paragraph in his letter in the issue of yours of the 10th inst., my object is to promulgate the truth concerning the subject, and confirm the fact by the testimony of three of the workmen who were on the road the aforesaid date.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that on the 11th of July we were employed by Mr. Kennelly, on Barrie Road No. 2, and we can testify that the whole constructing party consisted of twelve men.

Signed, ROBT. ARMSTRONG.
ED. KENNELLY.
THOS. GUINA.

In one of my letters I said there were thirteen men. As I counted the names there appeared thirteen, but in carrying forward the days I found the week of the 11th Jeremiah Kennelly was absent. This, of course, was the cause of the mistake. What but mischief can his object be? His calumny can do me no harm in this locality. The people are well acquainted with all the workmen that laboured on Barrie Road No. 2. Perhaps the gentleman's views may be to arm the opposition by his incredible writings. But this he cannot do by any means as the prudent electors of the township of Barrie know better than to be deluded by him.

Now, in reference to a respectable lady to whom he says I have included in my dirty slang. To this lady I have not in any way given the slightest offence, nor even was it my intention to offer her any insult. I feel confident that I have done her an honor in saying she did not appreciate his amorous advances. I am sure the neighbors will exonerate her in the prudent course she pursued. It is an old proverb "Love is blind," but as the days swiftly glide by we see it has a change in its place of abode; and as the gentleman had no fascinating quality, the lady made a very wise selection.

I hope the gentleman in future will more strictly adhere to the truth and not pay so much attention to "fish stories."

Yours truly, JOHN KENNELLY.

NOTE.—This correspondence has been much too long. Mr. Kennelly has quite clearly established the fact that he had the dozen men at work, and that is all the public is interested in. This must close the discussion. We cannot afford space for personal wrangling.—[Ed. THE EXPRESS.

SALE REGISTER.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29TH.—Mr. Jas. Storms, auctioneer, has received instructions from Mr. J. N. Alcombrack, lot 24, 7th concession, Ernesttown, to sell at his residence all his farm stock, implements and household furniture. Sale commences at 12 o'clock, noon.

MONDAY, Nov. 3.—Mr. H. McCay will sell on Monday, Nov. 3, the farm, stock and implements of Mr. Geo. Cook, at the latter's residence, lot 31, 1st con. Ernesttown. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock noon.

TUESDAY, Nov. 4.—Mr. J. S. Miller will sell on Tuesday, Nov. 4, at 1 p. m. sharp, the farm, stock and implements belonging to Mr. Thomas Laveck, of lot 23, 4th con, Camden. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock sharp.

[Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

From Death's Door

M. M. Devereaux, of Iona, Mich., was a sight to behold. He says: "I had no action of the Kidneys and suffered terribly. My legs were as big as my body and my body as big as a barrel. The best doctors gave me up. Finally I tried Kidney-Wort. In four or five days a change came, in eight or ten days I was on my feet, and now I am completely cured. It was certainly a miracle." All druggists keep Kidney-Wort which is put up both in liquid and dry form.

kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL FOR ONTARIO.

The Controverted Elections Act of Ontario.

ELECTION FOR THE ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF LENNOX HOLDEN ON THE TWENTY-FIRST AND TWENTY-EIGHTH DAYS OF AUGUST, A. D., 1884.

The Petition of Andrew Gordon Hamilton, of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Insurance Agent, whose name is subscribed.

1. Your Petitioner is a person who had a right to vote and who did vote at the Election to which this Petition relates.

2. Your Petitioner states that the election was holden on the twenty-first and twenty-eighth days of August, A. D., 1884, when George Tate Blackstock and George D. Hawley were candidates, and the Returning Officer has returned the said George D. Hawley as being duly elected.

3. And your Petitioner says that the said George D. Hawley was by himself and by his agents and by other persons on his behalf guilty of corrupt practices as that term is defined in and by "The Election Act of Ontario" and "The Controverted Elections Act of Ontario," before, during and after the said Election, whereby the said George D. Hawley was and is incapacitated to serve in the Legislative Assembly for Ontario, and the said election and return of the said George D. Hawley was and is wholly null and void.

4. That the said George D. Hawley by himself and by his agents before and during the said Election prepared and carried out a corrupt scheme or plan for bringing into and did bring into the said Electoral District divers strangers for the purpose of bribing and who did bribe large numbers of the Electors of the said Electoral District to vote for the said George D. Hawley.

Wherefore your Petitioner prays that it may be determined—

1. That the Election of the said George D. Hawley was and is null and void.
2. And that the said George D. Hawley was, personally, guilty of corrupt practices within the meaning of or as defined by "The Election Act of Ontario" and "The Controverted Elections Act of Ontario," and that corrupt practices, as defined by the the said Statutes, were committed by the agents of and other persons on behalf of the said George D. Hawley, by and with his actual knowledge and consent.

Dated this 24th day of September, A. D., 1884.

Signed,
A. G. HAMILTON.

The above Petition was filed in my office on Monday, the 20th day of October.

O. T. PRUYN,
Returning Officer.

ANOTHER CAR LOAD OF BARGAINS

ARRIVED FOR

P. SLAVEN & CO.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

We have just opened a large line of Dress Goods called "the wonders of the age" and they certainly are a marvel of cheapness and serve as a striking illustration of the great depression that exists in the manufacturing districts of the old country. These goods are nearly a yard wide, strong cloth and good colors and we are selling them at 10 cents a yard. We are offering this week a

FINE QUALITY OF STEAM LOOM COTTON

full yard wide, and perfectly free from any dressing for eight cents a yard by the piece. It is suitable for fine shirts and all family purposes and every family should secure a piece while they have a chance. We are selling good factory cotton at 4 cents a yard. We are selling good sheeting cotton full yard wide at six cents a yard.

MEN'S GREY KNIT DRAWERS at 30 cents a pair. Men's suits of fine Scotch Tweed at $13.00 made by Mr. Hogan. Men's overcoats made to order by Mr. Hogan for $10.00.

We sell the best Stormont check shirting at 12½ cents a yard. The greatest bargains however that we have offered during the past 12 months is a lot of

250 KNIT SHAWLS,

ladies' large size, honey comb pattern with diamond border in Cardinal, Light Blue, Grenna, Grey, White and Salmon colors, your choice for $1.50. The regular price of these shawls is $2.50 and we have been selling them ourselves at $2.00 before we got this lot in. Ladies living out of town should send for one and not wait until they come in, as they will not last long at the price, when you write name two colors so that if one is sold out we will know what other color to send.

We beg leave to say to milliners doing business in the surrounding villages that we are prepared to supply them with millinery either trimmed or untrimmed as cheap as they can buy them in Toronto, and we will give them any quantity they wish for.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY GOODS CHEAP.

The Very Best Goods are the Cheapest to Buy.

Our stock of Fall Goods is, no doubt, the largest, cheapest and most select we have ever bought.

Our Dress Goods were never nicer, and at prices very much lower.

Our Mantle Cloths are the most select and are selling so fast will have to be renewed.

Our stock of Fancy Goods is very large and only one half the price this season as compared with other seasons.

Our orders for Millinery have never pressed us so hard, which shows our styles are right, our goods are right, our prices are low.

In Dress and Mantle making the difficulty is to get hands to complete orders us fast as we would like.

We GUARANTEE all work done in this department.

In Gent's Furnishings and Tailoring our orders are larger than usual. Mr. Walters has the goods and the most select. We only ask an examination of this stock to convince our customers in Fit, Price, Style and Value that we cannot be beaten.

In Gent's Furnishings and Tailoring our orders are larger than usual. Mr. Walters has the goods and the most select. We only ask an examination of this stock to convince our customers in Fit, Price, Style and Value that we cannot be beaten.

DOWNEY & CO.

REMOVAL!

New Premises--New Goods--New Prices!

Everything New except the Proprietor!

S. McLAUGHLIN

Has much pleasure in being able to announce that he has removed to his new store in the Dominion Block, on the old stand (third store from the corner of Dundas and John streets) where he will sell for the next thirty days, for Cash,

The Cheapest Lot of Groceries and Provisions

ever sold in Napanee. This special cheap sale is held as an appropriate form of house-warming, in which all can participate, whether living in town or country.

LOOK AT SOME OF THE PRICES!

20 lbs. Bright Sugar, $1; 17 lbs. Extra White Sugar, $1; 13 1-2 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar, $1; 3 lbs. 50c. Tea for $1; 4 lbs. extra choice Japan Tea for $1; 5 1-2 lbs. Tea Siftings (uncolored) for $1; 12 Bars Good Washing Soap for 50c.; 20 lbs. Best Rasins for $1; 15 lbs. Currants for $1. All other groceries in like proportion.

FLOUR AND FEED! ! FLOUR AND FEED!!

Choicest Western Flour (100 lbs.) $2 40; next grade, $2.25; Good Family, $2.00. Bran and Shorts cheap. Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Grain of all kinds, Vegetables of all kinds, Poultry and other Farm Produce bought and sold at best market rates. Good prices paid for Partridges and other game.

OYSTERS AND FISH!

I handle Oysters from Baltimore direct, all of the best brands. I have made arrangements for a car of Salt White Fish and Salmon Trout, to be delivered in December, at the lowest prices.

Give me a call at my new store, and be convinced that I can give you the best value obtainable in town.

☞Remember the place—Dominion Block, third door west of John on Dundas Street.

S. McLAUGHLIN.

NAPANEE VOTERS' LIST.

A Gain of Thirty-two for the Reformers.

The Court for revision of the Napanee Voters' List occupied four days last week. Over two hundred appeals were heard, and this did not include all the errors the list contained. Since the appeals were entered it has been ascertained that several properties have not been assessed at all. The house of Mr. Alex. Hosey, East-st, and that of Mr. Robert Webster are among those upon which the town will lose the taxes. Several large property holders are omitted in other wards—notably John Herring, Esq., in East ward, and Dr. Leonard, Centre ward. These omissions cannot, of course, now be remedied. Below we give a complete list of those struck off the list and put on by both parties. The Reformers, for municipal purposes, gained fifteen in West ward, twenty two in Centre ward, and East ward stood even. On the parliamentary vote the Reformers made a gain of thirty-two.

WEST WARD.

REFORM GAINS.		TORY GAINS.	
Fred Schryver	put off	Belyat Conger	put off
Andrew Alexander	do	O. L. Herring	do
E. R. Martin	do	George Herring	do
Henry Good	do	James Herring	do
G. L. Allingham	do	Michael Shean	do
David Mills	do	S. R. Miller	do
J. H. Downey	do	Thos Trimble	do
Wm. Watson	do	Robt. Thompson	do
Wm. Boyes	do	Jas. McCay	put on—9
W. H. Light	do		
G. C. Baker	do		
R. A. Sagar	do		
John Dickens	do		
Robt. Sagar	do		
Paul Peterson	do		
Chas. Pillard	do		
Henry Savage	do		
John Grant	put on		
Wesley Asselstine	do		
H. C. Parks	do		
Peter Bristol	do		
J. B. Vanalstine	do		
Geo. Detlor,	do		
John Good,	do	-24	

CENTRE WARD.

REFORM GAINS.		TORY GAINS.	
Jas. Farrell,	put on	John Brandon,	put on
Patk. Hayes,	do	W. J. Dunlop,	do
Justice Bartles,	put off	R. D. Gamble,	do
James Bennett,	do	O. L. Herring,	put off
R. N. Huffman	do	Fred McDonald	do
T. W. Huffman	do	Geo. Inwood,	do
Chas. A. Bruton	do		—6
Arthur Downey,	do		
Wm. McCallum	do		
Ad. Fullerton.	do		
C. F. Mills,	do		
Geo. A. Parrott	do		
A. M. Parrott	do		
Rich. Hamilton,	do		
A. E. Bartlett,	do		
A. S. Kimmery,	do		
R. A. Helliwell,	do		
Frank Blair,	do		
C. W. Gordon	do		
Chas. Baker,	do		
J. G. Smith,	do		
Benj. Leary,	do		
Chauncy Lapum	do		
Jno. Robinson	do		
Robt. Sharp,	do		
Wm. Burns,	do		
Chas. Paisley,	do		
Geo. A. Blewett,	do—28		

EAST WARD.

REFORM GAINS.		TORY GAINS.	
L. F. Fralick,	put on	John Grant,	put off
F. A. Roe,	do	H. T. Forward,	do
A. J. Empey,	do	O. L. Herring,	do
E. S. Lapum,	do	Jas. Herring,	do
Wm. Conger,	do	S. R. Miller.	do
Ezra W. Huff,	do	W. H. Perry,	do
Wm. Norris,	do	Orten Herring	do
	—7		—7

The following list shows the gains in a Parliamentary election :—

REFORM GAINS.	TORY GAINS.
Fred Schryver,	W. J. Dunlop,
Justice Bartles,	O. L. Herring,
James Bennett,	Michael Shean,
Andrew Alexander,	R. D. Gamble,
E. R. Martin,	Fred McDonald,
Wesley Asselstine	Thos. Trimble,
Henry Good,	Jas. McCay,
G. L. Allingham,	W. H. Perry,
R. N. Huffman,	Geo. Inwood,
T. W. Huffman	Orlin Herring,—10.
David Mills.	

WEDDING AT DESERONTO.

An Event of Unusual Interest—A Fitting Presentation—Tour Eastward.

The Church of the Redeemer, Deseronto, was crowded on Wednesday by the friends and relatives assembled to witness the marriage of Miss Louise Rathbun, daughter of H. B. Rathbun, Esq., of the Rathbun Company, to Edward C. French, son of Rev. E. W. French, D. D., of Jersey City, N. J. The handsome church was prettily decorated with natural flowers and looked exceedingly attractive. The company as they arrived were ushered to their seats by Dr. Clinton and Messrs. Chas. A. Millener, F. W. Powell and Harry Young. At the appointed hour the bride entered, leaning on the arm of her father and followed by her bridesmaids, Miss Topp and Miss Blaikie, of Toronto, the groom being supported by his brother, Mr. Albert French and Mr. W. B. Rathbun. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. J. Craig, M. A., pastor of the church, assisted by Rev. Dr French, father of the groom The bride looked charming. At the close of the marriage ceremony an interesting episode occurred—the presentation of an elegantly bound family bible to the wedded couple by the board of managers on behalf of the congregation. This was in accordance with the time-honored custom, the wedding being the first, however, that had taken place in the church. After the event the party, together with a large number of invited friends, repaired to the residence of the bride's parents, where a sumptuous dejeuner was held. As the bride was a great favorite with a large circle of friends, the bridal presents were unusually numerous, costly and elegant, and were greatly admired. Mr. and Mrs. French took the Grand Trunk express going east for a very extended tour. They visit Quebec, Halifax, Boston and other points. They are followed, it is unnecessary to add, by the congratulations and best wishes of all the residents of Deseronto and a host of friends elsewhere. There were a large number of guests present, including ex-Mayor McMurrich, of Toronto, the Misses McMurrich, and Judge Wilkison and wife, of Napanee.

Napanee Market.

Napanee, Oct. 24, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$0 60 to $0 70	
Spring wheat, do	0 70	0 80
Barley, do	0 50	0 55
Oats, do	0 25	0 30
Peas, do	0 55	0 60
Rye, do	0 50	0 55
Onions, do	1 00	0 00
do per bag	0 40	0 50
Potatoes, per bag	0 30	0 50
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 00	3 25
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 25	2 50
Corn	0 75	0 75
Butter per tub	0 16	0 18
Butter, per lb.	0 20	0 22
Cheese "	0 12½	0 12
Lard "	0 11	0 12
Tallow "	0 50	0 05
Musk Rats	0 10	0 11
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 60
Lamb per lb.	0 06	0 07
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 08
Wool, per lb.	0 16	0 00
Calfskins, per lb	0 08	0 10
Eggs per doz	0 00	0 16
Bacon, per 100 lbs	12 00	13 00
Mess pork	0 10	0 11
Beef hides	4 50	5 00
Deeken skins	0 40	0 50
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 60
Bran per ton	14 00	15 00
Shorts "	20 00	20 00
Hay, "	8 00	9 00
Clover Hay per ton	4 00	5 00
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkey	0 75	1 25
Cheese	0 25	0 50
Chickens	25	0 30
Cheese contracted for 11½		

THE ARCADE

Opened October 18, '84

With a new and complete stock of

DRY GOODS

At Regular Wholesale Prices.

The finest lot of Dress Goods ever shown in Napanee, comprising all the newest materials, colorings and patterns. See our stock of

ALL WOOL PLAIDS, 25c. UP

Ladies' Ulsterings

in all qualities and colorings.

Cloths, Tweeds & Overcoatings

in English, Scotch, French and Canadian

Wool Goods, Flannels, Carpets, Blankets, Tickings, Shirtings, Grey and White Cottons. A full stock of Ladies' and Children's Mantles, Jackets, Shawls and Ulsters.

A call solicited,—no trouble to show goods. Note the place: Next door to Smith's jewelry store,

S. E. LENNOX.

TAKEN A TUMBLE.

—o—

R. A. SHOREY

—IS SELLING—

12½ lbs.	Standard Granulated Sugar	$1.00
16 "	Nice Bright	" 1.00

R. N. Huffman, T. W. Huffman David Mills, Arthur Downey, Wm. Watson, Wm. Boyes, W. J. McCallum, Adam Fullerton, C. F. Mills, Richard Hamilton, F. A. Roe, Jas. Farrell, Albert E. Bartlett, A. J. Empey, W. H. Light, G. C. Baker, John Dickens, R. A. Helliwell, Robert Sagar, Paul Peterson, Frank Blair, C. W. Gordon, Chas. Baker, J. G. Smith, Benj. Leary, Chauncy Lapum, Wm. Conger, Robt. Sharp, Wm. Burns, Chas. Paisley, Geo. Detlor, John Good, Wm. Norris, Henry Savage,—42

Geo. Inwood, Orlin Herring,—10.

HYMENIAL.

Stratton—Boyd.

And still the rage for weddings goes on. This time the happy couple are Harvey J. Stratton of Richmond, and Miss Sara J. Boyd of Thurlow. On Wednesday, the 15th, there were seen wending their way from Brighton, Belleville, Richmond, Kingston, Madoc and elsewhere, many friends of both parties, who were greeted with a cheerful, happy smile at the home of the bride's mother in Thurlow. By 11 a.m., the time set for the ceremony, the residence was packed with delighted guests. Rev. J. B. Stratton, uncle of the groom, officiated in his usual happy style. Mr. Robt. Boyd acted a groomsman, and Miss Maggie Stratton as bridesmaid. The ladies were both neatly attired. The many presents were most splendid, and yet, not better by any means than deserved. We append a partial list:—

Officiating clergyman, a beautiful embossed certificate framed in gilt; Fred Cobb, silver cake basket; Willie Cobb, parlor lamp; Mrs. Cobb, fruit dish; Mrs. Brown, cake plate; Miss Sprague sauce dish; groom, parlor lamps; bride's mother, sett of silver spoons, knives and forks; Willie Boyd, doz sauce dishes; Ida Stratton, fancy cup and saucer; Wm. Fletcher, fruit dish; J. F. Stickney, bedspread; Mr. and Mrs. Colter, bedspread and table linen; Mr. Howe, large water pitcher; Mrs. York, fruit dish; Mr. and Mrs. G. Henderson, silver pickle dish; Mr. and Mrs. Boldrick, silver pickle cruet; Mr. and Mrs. J. Sine, parlor lamp; Mrs. Crindass, water pitcher; Mr. and Mrs. R. Sagar, silver pickle cruet; bridesmaid, silver butter knife; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Stratton, looking glass and bracket; groomsman, hand satchel; Jessie Spence, silver napkin ring; Elijah Colter, cake plate; Mr. Conger, broom.

After a most sumptuous repast the guests dispersed, many of the older ones thinking if they were only young again how differently their weddings would be celebrated. We wish "the two made one" a most prosperous voyage o'er the sea of time.

Fluid Lightning.

Fluid Lightning is the only cure for Toothache Headache, Earache and Neuralgia. It does not take a day or an hour to cure it, but in less than a minute all pain is gone. Thousands have tested its merits within the last year. Fluid Lightning is also a positive cure for Rheumatism. The worst possible cases have been permanently cured in one week. Price, 25c., at A. T. Grange's and T. A. Huffman's drug stores, Napanee; also, at James Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth.

A Successful Result.

Mr. Bloomer, of Hamilton, Ont., suffered for many years with a painful running sore on one of his legs, which baffled all attempts to heal until he used Burdock Blood Bitters, which speedily worked a perfect cure.

Prompt Measures.

Prompt measures should be used to break up sudden colds and cure coughs in their early stages. Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam does this most speedily and effectively.

Chickens	25	0 30
Cheese contracted for 11½		

An Agreeable Surprise.

Those who try Burdock Blood Bitters as a regulator of the bowels, or to purify the blood, aid digestion, regulate the liver and kidneys, or strengthen tired nature, are agreeably surprised at the prompt benefit derived.

Cruelly Murdered.

In the Province of Ontario every year thousands are being slowly murdered by taking unsuitable, untried nostrums for such complaints as Costiveness, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Kidney Troubles, etc., who might easily gain lost strength and energy by using McGregor's Speedy Cure. To convince them that such is the case we will give them a free trial bottle at T. A. Huffman's and at A. T. Grange's drug stores, Napanee; also, at James Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth.

A Decided Hit.

Hagyard's Yellow Oil touches the right spot every time when applied for rheumatism, neuralgia, pain, soreness or lameness, and internally for colds, sore throat, etc., it is equally infallible.

BIRTHS.

SWEET.—Near Fisher, Minn., on Oct. 11, 1884, the wife of Mr. E. A. Sweet, formerly of Selby, of a son. The mother and child are doing well.

RYAN.—In Bay City, Mich., on Oct. 2nd, the wife of Mr. D. L. Ryan of a son.

JENNINGS.—In South Napanee, on Monday, Oct, 20th, the wife of Fred Jennings of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

SMITH—WATTS.—At Odessa, on Monday Oct. 15, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. J. J. Leach, Mr. Henry Smith to Rebecca Ann, eldest daughter of Geo. Watts, Esq.

DEATHS.

CARROLL.—In Richmond, on Oct. 16th, Bridget Carroll, aged 68 years.

CALDER.—In Napanee, on Oct. 17th, infant child of Mr. Wm. Calder.

AUCTION SALE OF AN AGRICULTURAL ENGINE.

There will be sold by public auction on

Saturday, November 1st, 1884,

At 2 o'clobk p m at

G. L. Mair's Machine Shop, Napanee,

One fire-proof Champion engine No. 3 in size, No. in make, manufactured by the

Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited,

Brantford. The said engine has been used four years. It will be sold just as it is and where it is for cash.

R. McCOY,
Auctioneer.

Napanee Oct. 7, 1884. 47-sins

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, 1st of November,

at the hour of 1 o'clock the afternoon, at the

Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee,

the following valuable town property

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land, and premises situate, lying and being in the

TOWN OF NAPANEE,

in the county of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, being composed of

Lot No. 5 on the East Side of John St.

in the said Town of Napanee, containing by admeasurement one-quarter of an acre of land, more or less.

Upon the premises is erected a large frame house which is in a good state of repair and newly painted.

Terms will be made known at time of sale. For further particulars apply to

S. GIBSON,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Napanee Oct. 9, 1884. 47-4ins

12½	lbs.	Standard Granulated Sugar	$1.00
16	"	Nice Bright "	1.00
18	"	" Yellow "	1.00
3	"	Good Japan Tea	1.00
6	"	" " Dust	1.00

BEST VALUES IN

Fresh Ground Coffee, Fine Flavored Teas, Pure Spices, best American and Canadian Baking Powders, Confectionery, Fruit, Nuts, Raisins, Currants, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, Wooden Ware, Clothes Wringers, Glass Fruit Jars, etc., at

BOTTOM PRICES

P. S.—Nice Building Lot at a Bargain, also House and Lot in good locality for sale cheap.

☞ **CASH PAID FOR EGGS.**

A Call Solicited.

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OUR LONG

SEE OUR NEW FALL AN

Boots &

Cheaper and Ne

Don't buy until you see o

Our Style of Busine

We have never decei

Campbell House Block,

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J. F. WHE

A CHOICE LOT OF FINE FLOUR,
WHOLESALE P

A very fine quality of family flour at $2.4 only $2.65 per cwt.; an extra fine quality i charges for bags), also all grades varying in

WE ARE ALSO GIVING REMARKABL

19 lbs. good quality refined sugar, $1.00,
17 lbs. good quality, Porto Rico Sug
16 lbs. extra fine quality Po
No 1 Standard Gr

No. 1 Napoleon Tobacco, 8 plugs to the l extra fine quality of 50c. Japan Tea which $2.00; a good quality in Japan Tea Siftings or 5 lbs for $1.00, also an extra fine quality son Teas at 25c. per lb., or 5 lbs, for $1.00, make bottom prices a specialty.

☞ YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

CHEAPSIDE

THE GREAT

DRY GOODS, CARPET & MILLINERY EMPORIUM

FOR CENTRAL ONTARIO.

CHEAPSIDE is the place to buy men's and boys underclothing, prices from 30 cents to $3.50 each garment.

CHEAPSIDE is the place to buy men's and boys upper clothing. Men's suits from $9.00 to $30.00 made to order in the best possible manner, with best trimmings and warranted a perfect fit. MAX FOX, CUTTER.

CHEAPSIDE is the place to buy FURS, men's coon coats, Astracan and Persian lamb coats and caps, Ladies' Astracan, Bokaren, Persian and seal mantles, caps, Boas, Muffs, robes &c., the finest stock in this part of Canada.

CHEAPSIDE is the place to buy carpets in Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry, Wool, &c.

CHEAPSIDE is the place to buy Dress Goods and trimmings, mantles and ulster cloths. The best stock in Napanee. Mrs. Clapp, dress and mantle maker.

CHEAPSIDE is the place to buy velvets, full range of colors from 50 cents to $1.50, black from 35 cents to $2.00.

CHFAPSIDE is the place to buy plush velveteens and silk plushes. The best range of colors at the lowest prices.

CHEAPSIDE is the place to buy Millinery. By all odds the best assortment of the finest goods to be found anywhere. Under Mrs. Doxsee's charge.

CHEAPSIDE is the plaee to buy ladies' and children's underclothing, hose, gloves and general fancy goods.

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CHEAPSIDE is where the ladies get perfect fits and satisfaction in beautifully made mantles, ulsters and dresses by Mrs. Clapp.

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CHEAPSIDE is where the ladies get "a perfect love of a hat" or bonnet. Under Mrs. Doxsee supervision.

HINCH, PERRY & CO.

$20,000 WORTH OF SELECTED FURS

—AT—

DOWNEY & COMPANY'S.

The largest stock of Furs we have ever shown of the very finest goods made up in the very latest styles.

Jackets, Coats, Muffs, Tippets, Caps in Astracan, Alaska and South Sea Seal. Also an immense stock of Robes of all kinds.

These goods are all guaranteed genuine and are perfect in every particular. They will be soll at a very small advance on cost. Make your selection before they are all sold.

DOWNEY & CO.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

As the lease of our Foundry and Machine Shop expires on the 1st of November next, we are offering at cost our stock of

PLOWS, PLOW-SHARES

—AND—

Thimble Wagon-Skeins,

NEW TAILORING AND

GENTS' FURNISHING STORE.

$1.00
1.00
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EY.

Thimble Wagon-Skeins,

Besides a general stock of repairs for

THRESHING MACHINES

PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, ROLLERS,

and almost all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

also, one nearly new

P.R.Dederick's Iron Lined Hay Presses

size of bale, 14 x 18; cost $500, will sell for $250;

ONE SEVEN-HORSE POWER ENGINE,

nearly new and in perfect order; also,

THREE BOX STOVES,

Lioness Pattern; 4-foot wood.

PRINGLE & Co.

Napanee August 20th, 1884

G PROMISE!

LL AND WINTER STOCK OF

& Shoes.

Neater than Ever.

u see our goods. You know

usiness — One Price Only.

r deceived our Customers.

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ELAN & CO.

LOUR, WHICH WE WILL OFFER AT
ALE PRICES, VIZ.:

at $2.40 per cwt.; Rathbun's No. 1 S. B. flour,
uality in western flour, only $2.70 per cwt., (no
ying in price from $2.40 to $2.60 per cwt.

RKABLE VALUES IN TEAS AND SUGARS.

1.00,
ico Sugar, $1.00,
ality Porto Rico Sugar, $1.00,
dard Granulated Sugar, only 8 cents per lb.,
14 lbs. White Crushed Sugar, $1.00.

to the lb., only 40c. We have just opened an
which will be offered at 45c. per lb., or 5 lbs. for
Siftings and Young Hyon Teas at 20c. per lb.,
quality in Japan Tea Siftings and Young Hy-
$1.00, and in everything else you will find we

J: F. WHELAN & CO.

FURNISHING STORE.

D. J. HOGAN & SON

Have opened up a complete stock of ENGLISH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS, BLACK AND FANCY WORSTEDS, ENGLISH TROUSERINGS AND OVERCOATINGS of every description, and are prepared to make up clothing in the latest style and guarantee satisfaction.

They are also giving great bargains in the Gents' Furnishing line, such as Shirts, Collars, Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Wool Shirts and Drawers, etc.

All cloth purchased in the store will be cut free of charge. Call and see our price in the

CAMPBELL HOUSE BLOCK.

D. J. HOGAN & SON.

R. P. LAHEY'S

POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE

FOR

Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps,

FURS AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

We always keep new and reliable goods and sell cheaper than any other house on the face of the globe. REMEMBER THE RENNIE BLOCK.

R. P. LAHEY.

TAKE NOTICE

That now is the time for any one wanting bargains to call on C. CUMMINS.

Men's Tweed Suits for $6.00, worth $8.00, such as the Napanee firms are selling for $8.00 with a fifty cent watch thrown in. You can get a half bushel of watches for the $2 that you will save by buying from us. Our selection of Merry Boys and Juvenile OVERCOATS is not surpassed by any house in the County, neither is our stock of BOOTS and SHOES. Our expenses are small and we will give the benefit to our customers by giving them goods at prices that cannot be beaten.

You ought to see the yards wide COTTON that we are giving twenty yards of for One Dollar.

Cretonnes for 12½, 15 and 20 cents per yard, such as have been offered to the public before. Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' Jackets and Ulsters ready made, also Cloakings and Mantle Goods with Button and Fur Trimmings to match. We have a splendid assortment of those goods which we will offer at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Young men you should see our stock of Nobby Tweeds and all fits are guaranteed, and we can save you Two Dollars any time you call by buying your Fall and Winter Suit from us.

C. CUMMINS, Bath

SIDNEY'S FOLLY

CHAPTER XX.—CONTINUED.

Again there was a slight movement of the thin firmly-set lips, and this time it was accompanied by a gleam of swift amusement in the keen dark eyes which was equally quick to pass away. No doubt he thought, this beautiful girl had sent for him for some slight matter—to watch a rival's movements or a husband's—and the whole thing would turn out a storm in a tea-cup.

"Such matters are not unusual with us," he said calmly.

"I suppose not," she answered, looking at him with something like curiosity mingled with awe.

"On the contrary, they are of daily occurrence," he pursued. "Will you allow me to ask one question, madam?"

"Certainly. What is it?" she said, with a flash of terror in her beautiful eyes.

"The letter received, desiring my attendance, was signed 'Sidney Daunt,'" he said, taking out a little note-book and glancing at it. "May I ask who the writer was?"

"I was the writer."

"But the name is a man's name," he said, quietly.

"It is mine, nevertheless," she rejoined, with some haughtiness. "I am Sidney Daunt."

He made a slight bow, and there was another short dause.

"There is one thing I wish to ask you," she said nervously. "I should like the object of your visits here to remain a perfect secret; I do not wish any member of my household to suspect who you are, or the reasons for your visits here—that that is, if you are obliged to repeat this one."

"You need be under no apprehensions on that score," he said gravely. "I need scarcely say that we are used to secrecy."

Another slight pause.

"It is a very painful matter," Sidney began, her lips quivering a little; "and I can't give you many particulars. Personally I—I know no more of the matter than any body can know, except that I am assured of the innocence of one person whom others think guilty."

The man looked at her more attentively now.

"May I ask how you possess that assurance?" he said.

"By my knowledge of the character of the accused," she replied. "I know that it is impossible that he should have committed the crime of which he is thought to be guilty."

"I am afraid that very unlikely persons turn out to be guilty, madam," he remarked, with more interest than he had yet shown; and, drawing up a chair, he sat down, and leaning forward, he said gravely—"Will you tell me all you can, madam? My time and your own too, I dare say, are not without their value; and, if you wish the members of your household to remain ignorant of my presence here, it will be necessary to make my visits as short as possible."

"Yes," she said nervously. "I think it will be wiser not to come here again. I will meet you somewhere, if it is necessary. It applies equally well in our case. Unless you tell me the whole truth and all your suspicions, I can do but little."

"I will answer any questions," she murmured faintly.

"Thank you. Then do you think that Mr. Greville—that was the name—I think I am not mistaken—was in love with Mrs. Rutledge?"

"I think so," Sidney murmured.

"Therefore her marriage was a great disappointment to him?"

"Yes."

"So great that he was not able to hide it from you, to whom he was engaged?"

"He did not try to do so. We were very old friends."

"The coroner's jury brought in a verdict of wilful murder against him. They could not do otherwise; the proofs were very strong against him."

"But he was innocent."

"And yet he ran away, and Mrs. Rutledge disappeared at the same time!" the man remarked, with a smile. "Mrs. Daunt, I do not wish to distress you—on the contrary, my only object is to spare you pain and suspense. Let the matter rest; it will be better for Mr. Greville and all concerned. He has had a wonderful escape from punishment; the inquiry and search after him must have been of a very lukewarm kind, or he would have been found long ere this. The matter has sunk into oblivion now. Do not reopen it."

"You think him guilty," she said passionately; "but I am convinced of his innocence. Oh, sir,"—she stretched out her hands with a little appealing gesture—"you do not know how gentle he was, how incapable of doing such a crime! He was as innocent of it as you are. I cannot give up this endeavor to prove his innocence," she added, so earnestly that tears rose in her beautiful eyes. "No one ever tried before; he had not one friend here to defend him. His father believed him guilty. I could do nothing then; and all these long months he has been hunted and in misery and concealment. But now I am rich, I have plenty of money, and I cannot remain passive. Will you help me? Ah, do not make up your mind to his guilt! Surely your experience has taught you how very often innocent people have been condemned, and even proofs are not always to be depended upon? Do help, me sir; I am so powerless alone!"

"But your husband?" he said gently, touched by her passionate distress and by the lovely appealing face.

"He will not help me," she answered, weeping. "He believes him guilty; besides, was he—Frank—not my lover once?" she added passionately. "Can you expect my husband to help him?"

"Ah, true!" he answered gravely. "I had forgotten."

"Think what his life has been!" she continued eagerly, seeing that her words had touched him. "He is innocent, and he suffers as if he were guilty. He has no friends—he whom every one liked once, for whom every one had a kindly word. His father is wealthy, and he has been starving: his sister is fading away, dying from a broken heart at his misery; and he has not a friend—not a friend but me, a poor helpless woman, baffled at

"And others, I dare say. Mr. Greville's attentions could not have been very marked however, since you tell me that he was engaged to you."

The color rose slowly in the lovely anxious face. Remembering his earnest injunction to tell him the truth, she hesitated for a moment, then said bravely—

"We were not engaged until Miss Neil waa engaged to Mr. Rutledge."

"Ah!"

The monosyllable was full of meaning, for the questioner was keen enough to read on Sidney's face that there was something more to hear.

"Mr. Rutledge was a wealthy man?"—"Yes, very wealthy."

"And the young lady preferred wealth. All this seems no doubt very trivial to you, Mrs. Daunt: but we are accustomed to the fact that trifles are most important. How soon after did you become engaged to Mr. Greville?"

"Immediately," murmured Sidney.

"And you accepted Mr. Greville, knowing that his heart belonged to Miss Neil?"

"He was very unhappy."

"And you, as an old friend, wished to console him?" he said, the tone in which he spoke taking the sting from his words

"It was not that exactly," she murmured.

"Will you tell me how it was then?"

"Mr. Greville was very hurt and angry, and threatened to be revenged on Miss Neil or—on her—lover, and when I tried to console him, he said, if I would accept him, he would forego his revenge."

"His revenge on Mr. Rutledge?"

"No," Sidney answered low.

"On Miss Neil?"

"No,"—in a lower voice. Then, looking up suddenly, she went on, "There was some mistake," she said bravely. "I did not understand that Mis Neil was engaged to Mr. Rutledge; I thought it was to some one else."

"To whom?"

The question was asked very quietly, without the least eagerness; but his calm exterior veiled strong excitement—her answer meant so much to the keen detective.

"To Mr. Stephen Daunt."

"Any relative of your husband's?"

"My husband," she said faintly.

"Was he then among the lady's admirers?"

"Yes, he admired her. Who could do otherwise? She was most beautiful," the girl said, with a sudden ring of pain in her voice.

"Ah, just so! But still the lady's desire for wealth was great enough to be the principal motive of her [illegible], and she preferred Mr. Rutledge's wealth. I presume it was greater than that of either of her other suitor's."

"I suppose so, then—that is, unless Mr. Daunt had given consent to an engagement between Miss Neil and his son."

"Did Mr. Stephen Daunt seem to feel Mr. Rutledge's success as much as Mr. Greville?"

Sidney half rose in her passionate, almost unbearable pain. It seemed to rend her heart to speak of that time, so

"Yes," she said nervously. "I think it will be wiser not to come here again. I will meet you somewhere, if it is necessary that you should see me."

"One moment," he interposed, suddenly. "Are you a widow?"

She drew back slightly.

"No, certainly not," she said, hastily. "Why do you ask?"

"Your note desired that whoever was sent should ask for Mrs. Daunt. But pray proceed," he sdded, breaking off and leaning forward again, with his old appearance of attention.

"I think it is very likely that there will be no need for me to go into particulars," Sidney faltered rather nervously, raising her beautiful eyes to his with a pathetic look of entreaty. "You will know as much about it as I do myself—perhaps more—when I recall the matter to your memory; you have not forgotten—"

She paused for a moment; her lips were so dry and parched that speech was almost a difficulty then.

"You have not forgotten," she went on more firmly; "the—the — murder which took place here nearly two years ago?"

"The murder, madam?" he echoed, the interest deepening, although some surprise mingled with it at the unexpected word.

"Yes—a gentleman—Mr. Rutledge of Rutledge Hall"—her voice had sunk almost to a whisper—"who was found in his library shot dead."

There was silence for some minutes in the library. The detective's head was leaning on his hand. Sidney was watching him closely.

"I remember perfectly," he said then, lifting his head. "The body was found in the morning by the servants, a gun by its side, bearing the initials of a gentleman in the neighborhood, who disappeared at the time in company with the murdered man's wife."

"Supposed to be in her company," Sidney murmured faintly.

"There was no proof that he was not."

"There was no proof that he was," she said, quickly.

The detective smiled.

"Was there not?" he said coolly. "Well, perhaps not; but it was a likely supposition. The lady was very much younger than her husband, I believe?"

"Yes."

"And very handsome?"—"Very handsome."

"And the gentleman with whom she fled, or with whom she is supposed to have fled, had been in love with her before her marriage?"

"He admired her very much."

"But was not in love with her?" Sidney made no answer,

"Am I to understand so?" he asked quietly.

"I am not likely to be able to judge," she answered, with some unwillingness, "because he was engaged to me at the time."

"Ah!"

Another momentary pause; then the detective leaned forward, putting his hand impressively on the table.

"Mrs. Daunt," he said gravely, "there is an old proverb which bids you tell your lawyer and your doctor the whole truth. dying from a broken heart at his misery; and he has not a friend—not a friend but me, a poor helpless woman, baffled at every turn. Oh, do help us, do help us! You are so clever; you can prove his innocence; and we shall be grateful, so t ankful!"

Her hand was on his arm now, the little trembling jewelled hand, and the beautiful impassioned face was raised to his in earnest entreaty. The keen stern face softened as he gently made her sit down

"I will help you if I can," he said, and used as he was to scenes of distress and suffering, he felt his lip quiver as he heard her passionate, almost incoherent thanks.

"Thank me when I have proved your friend's innocence," he said. "If he is innocent, I will show his innocence to the world, Mrs. Daunt; do not fear. And now to business," he added, changing his tone to one of coolness. "How much of your time can you spare me now?"

She glanced at the clock; it was only five, and the dressing-bell would not ring before seven; but she did not want her absence from the drawing-room to be noticed. She was begining to dread the young barrister's keen inquiring glances, and she almost wished that his visit would come to a close.

"Will an hour be sufficient?" she said timidly. "I dare not remain with you longer, lest my husband should suspect."

"Mr. Daunt is in the house then?"

"Oh, yes! But he is laid up from an accident in the hunting-field. We are safe from interruption."

"I wonder you were not afraid to receive me here?" he said, looking at her in some surprise.

"It was not very prudent, but I could not wait to be prudent," she answered faintly. "And I am my own mistress to a great extent. But I am afraid of incurring my husband's displeasure and arousing his suspicions; he has a firm belief in Mr. Greville's guilt. Will an hour suffice, Mr. Hopgood?"

"Half that time will be sufficient."

"Thank you," Sidney said timidly.

"The first question I wish to ask you is this, Mrs. Daunt. On what terms were you with Mrs. Rutledge?"

"I know her but slightly."

"Before her marriage or after?"

"Both before and after."

"Was she a resident at Ashford, then, fore her marriage?"

"She lived at Lambswold."

"At Lambswold?" he repeated inquiringly. "Is that in this neighborhood!"

"It is Mr. Daunt's residence. She was governess there to his daugher."

"To your husband's daughter?"

"No," Sidney answered, with a faint smile at the thoughs—"to his sister."

"Ah, to his sister! She was a very beautiful person, I believe?"

"Yes, wonderfully beautiful."

"She was likely to have many admirers, I suppose?"

"Yes," Sidney answered slowly.

"Mr. Greville and Mr. Rutledge included?"

"Yes," was the faint reply from the parched pale lips. Sidney was beginning to dread the questions of the detective who sat opposite to her so keen-eyed and impassive.

Sidney half rose in her passionate, almost unbearable pain. It seemed to rend her heart to speak of that time, so full of misery and unrest, to recall her own anguish, her foolish mistake, her passionate useless rebellion against the trouble which had fallen upon her. More than once during the last few minutes she had reproached herself bitterly for ever having undertaken such a herculean task, but the recollection of Frank's misery, so much greater than anything she could conceive, she thought, gave her patience to endure.

"I do not know," she said, struggling desperately for calmness. "Mr. Stephen Daunt went away almost immediately after the engagement was announced, and remained abroad for several weeks."

"And, on his return, did he seem much as usual?"

Sidney hesitated, remembering the added gravity and gentleness of Stephen's manner, and the look on his face which seemed to say that he had seen trouble.

"He was quieter," she answered in a low voice.

"Did he visit at Rutledge Hall?"--"Oh, yes."

"Frequently?"

"I—I think so."

There was a little silence then. Sidney's visitor was bending over his notebook, glancing through it carelessly enough. Sidney sat trembling very much and dreading what he was going to say next; and so intense was her relief when he rose to go that she almost broke down in sobs.

"I need not trouble you any more," he said calmly. "I will bid you good evening Mrs. Daunt. You will hear from me shortly. No, don't ring; I can find my own way out."

Sidney felt as if a heavy load had been suddenly lifted from her heart as the door closed after him, and she drew a long sobbing breath of relief. For a few moments she stood still, then turned and moved towards the door.

As she passed into the hall, Lloyd Milner was standing there, looking grave and thoughtful, his face turned towards the hall door with a look of puzzled bewilderment Sidney's heart seemed to stand still with fear in the terrible dread which struck her. Had he seen—had he recognised her visitor?

He turned to her as she came across the hall towards him.

"I am wondering where I have seen the man who has just gone out of the house," he said carelessly. "Is he a visitor of yours, Mrs. Daunt? His face seems so very familiar."

"Does it? He is my tailor," Sidney answered, with a perfect calm born of her great extremity.

"Your tailor! Indeed! Of course ladies have tailors nowadays. Then I suppose there is a chance likeness, for it is not by any means with a thimble and a goose that I associate him."

TO BE CONTINUED.

Instruction ends in the school-room, but education ends only in life. A child is given to the universe to educate.

There are few, very few, that will own themselves in a mistake, though all the world deem them to be in downright nonsense.

THE LATEST CHAMPION.

A Man Who Can Consume a Pound of Tobacco a Day.

We have seen says the *Adrian Times*, champion wrestlers, champion oarsmen, champion billiardists, champion ballosters, champion roller-skaters, champions of all sorts and sizes, and yesterday we saw the champion tobacco-chewer, Charles Coleman, of Coldwater, known in the locality where he resides as the "tobacco wonder," and we should judge him to be well deserving of the pseudonym. He is a pleasant-looking man of about 24, who bears his honors with a manly consciousness of being unapproached and unapproachable in his particular specialty.

He says he took his first chew of tobacco at the early age of 6 years, liked it from the first, and has continued to use it ever since. He is in the butter, egg, and poultry business, and some time since, when he used to travel around the country picking up the things he dealt in, he says his regular ration of tobacco was a pound a day. He has now got himself down to half a pound a day, and expects to reduce even that low ration. He says he had an easy victory here at the Moreland Brothers & Crane contest, where he masticated two pounds in two days, chewing three hours and a half each day. "Why," said he, with a touch of conscious pride, "I can easily beat anybody I have seen chew here. I can beat any two of them." He says he never experienced any trouble from using such a large quantity of tobacco, except a slight nervousness at times, which he easily controlled. He was examined by medical experts about a year ago, he said, and was told that he need have no fear of contagious disease—that his system was so full of nicotine the disease would have no show. Mr. Coleman says he is always good-natured, happy, and contented, and never cast down or discouraged. He is now the winner in three hard-chewed contests, and wore the medal, which is the insignia of victory, on the outside of his coat. But he says he has had enough of medals, and if he enters any more chews for a prize it must be cash. And he would like to engage in a six-day contest. "I can get backers for any amount," said he.

Such is fame.

A MASSACHUSETTS ROMANCE.

A Disowned Child Proven to be the Daughter of a Wealthy Lynn Manufacturer.

A story of a wealthy manufacturer of Lynn is told to-day which not only astonishes his friends, but which is the talk of all the Boston club rooms this evening. The man referred to, while a poor bookkeeper ten years ago, married his present wife. While on their wedding tour a daughter was born. The fact was kept from the knowledge of friends and relatives, and the infant was by an agent placed in the care of a thrifty Irishman. For a year or two the child's expenses were paid by its parents. After that no more money was received, and the woman having charge of the child was unable to get any trace of its parents or relatives. The only clue she had was a handkerchief among the child's clothes bearing some

A JAPANESE RESTAURANT.

It has Been Opened in London at the Health Exhibition.

A Japanese restaurant has been opened at the health exhibition. One who has has dined there writes: Lifting the little saucer-shaped lacquer cover from the soup, and taking advantage of the concession to European prejudices the commissioners have made in providing spoons, instead of obliging him to drink his soup like tea from the bowl, the adventurous diner-out will find that he has before him a savory compound called on the card misoshiru. This is made, as the root-word denotes, from miso, a fermented mixture of soy beans, wheat, and salt. Having disposed of this, he will then, if his appetite is good and his taste gastronomically catholic, attack with pleasurable surprise the many little plats on his tray. With these he will wisely play, turning for relief from the white sweetened haricot beans, mixed with kawatake (a kind of mushroom grown in the shadows of rocky bowlders), and the delicate lobster pudding or cold omelette and other trifles included under the head of kuchitori, to the hachimono, which may happen to be a piece of plump sole stewed in soy. Then for a change he may with the pair of wooden chop-sticks which are laid before him on a bamboo tray, divert himself with trying to pick out of a small china cup, made without a handle, the brown soy-coloured beans, and strips of kikurage, or ear shaped mushrooms. Boiled rice is served in a separate bowl. Another substantial dish, wanmori, consists of meat or fish and vegetables, possibly, for instance, a piece of fresh salmon and a slice of vegetable marrow with pieces of soaked fu, a kind of biscuit made from the glutinous part of wheat flour. The gravy in which these pieces de resistance are floating is thickened with a transparent starchy substance, obtained from the root of a climbing plant (pueraria thunbergiana), called by the Japanese kuzu. For salad there are thin slices of cucumber flavored with scraped shreds of dried bonito, a fish much in favor on the Pacific coasts: the cucumber being dressed with vinegar and sugar, but without oil. One other relish must be noticed, the sliced root of the burdock salted and preserved in miso. A sweet kind of sake, described as Japanese wine, is the proper beverage at the meal which is prepared by cooks from Japan, and served just as it would be in a restaurant in Tokio and without any addition of European dishes.—*St. James' Gazette.*

The Woodcock's Wooing

Woodcock have certain peculiarities which endear them to the sportsman, as well as make them an interesting study to men of science. Their love-making is essentially their own. Early in the spring the male bird, seeking a mate, repairs to some well-known covert where the females most do congregate. It is just at sunset. All the day long he has been industriously filling himself full of long, luscious worms, and as nightfall comes his bird thought turns to affairs more sentimental. When he reaches the parade ground he looks anxiously around, and if no suspicious noise jars on his sensitive

SCIENTIFIC GOSSIP.

Dr. M. Bergsman comes to the conclusion that a mixed clime, with relatively mild Winter and warm, sunny Summers, is the best suited for the vegetation ff the temperate zone.

The tonnage of the effective armored fleets of the leading naval powers of Europe is as follows: England, 320,520 tons; France, 201,789; Germany, 74,007; Austria, 63,110; Russia, 83,621, and Italy, 59,905.

The International Geological Congress, it is announced by Prof. John McKenny Hughes, of Cambridge, England, is postponed to September, 1885, in consequence of the outbreak of cholera in the South of Europe.

Mr. Twynam, of Winchester, England, asserts that a single grain of wheat has produced 39 ears containing in all 2,800 grains, and that three of the largest of the ears had respectively 104, 103, and 101 grains

M. Lawroff says, in the *Bulletin* of the Paris Chemical Society, that in the action of metallic glucinum upon mercury dimethyl, we obtain a white, crystalline, volatile substance, which ignites on contact with water.

Consul E. L. Layard, writing from Noumea, does not consider a circular rainbow seen from a hilltop an ususual phenomenon. It depends, of course, on the positition of the observer as regards the sun and his "coign of vantage," namely, having a space below him. In such a situation he has seen one several times in his life.

An international exhibition of inventions and of musical instruments is to be opened in May, 1885, in the buildings now standing in the gardens of the Royal Horticultural Society at South Kensington, London. It is not proposed to allow space for manufactured goods unaccompanied by any illustrations of the process of manufacture.

Olzewshi has employed air as a means for cooling purposes. He has obtained 6 c. c. in a liquid state and submitted it to evaporation at the pressure of one atmosphere, or even in a vacuum. In the latter case he has obtained a temperature so low as —205° centigrade. The temperature of nitrogen evaporating in a vacuum he supposes to be—213°.

Wood may acquire an oak, walnut, or cherry tree color by staining it with ordinary tincture of iodine diluted with spirit until the exact shade is obtained. White shellac must be added to the iodine solution if the stain is to be made permanent, or the wood after the stain is applied may be laid on with a rag or a brush.

Honigmann's locomotive is to be introduced in the St. Gothard Tunnel. It can be charged from a stationary boiler with steam and hot water sufficient to make the twenty minutes' journey through the tunnel without requiring any fire. It therefore does not vitiate the atmosphere with smoke. The exhaust team is taken up by an alkaline solution in a special chamber

Manganese steel is very dense, tough, and hard. It does not require to be forced or rolled to impart strength to it

having charge of the child was unable to get any trace of its parents or relatives. The only clue she had was a handkerchief among the child's clothes bearing some initials. She brought up the girl at her own expense, and she is now a very prepossessing young lady. Not long ago she became afflicted with an affection of the eye resembling a cataract. Her guardian took her to an oculist, who became much interested in the case and said that the only one he had ever seen like it was that of Mrs. Blank of Lynn. The Irish woman instantly noticed that the initials were the same as those on the treasured handkerchief. An investigation was begun, and it was ascertained that the poor bookkeeper had become the Lynn manufacturer, worth almost a million. When the facts were presented to him privately, he admitted them, and paid $7,000 for his daughter's bringing up and agreed to allow her $1,500 annually hereafter. The couple have other children, who do not know that they have an elder sister. In the belief that this whole story could be kept quiet, the disowned child is still unacknowledged. The facts as above outlined are becoming so widely known in private circles that it is probable that the names of all concerned will soon be published.

A Mother's Presence of Mind.

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. William Kennedy, who lives on Fourth street, missed her four-year-old son Carl, and in a state of great anxiety made a search for him. Upon approaching the dwelling of Dave Williams she saw people pointing to her little son, who was hanging to a ladder on the windmill tank seventy or eighty feet from the ground. One little hand grasped the ladder, and with the other one he was reaching out to grasp some pigeons that were sitting almost within his reach. The mother realized the awful peril of her little son, but with a heroism seldom seen she called to the child in a firm voice saying, "Come down, Carl, and mamma will give you a peach." The little fellow looked cautiously around over his shoulder, and seeing his mother started to descend, while the group stood with faces upturned, blanched with terror for fear he would lose his hold and be dashed to pieces; but he came safely down, and as he approached the last rounds of the ladder he said, "I am coming, mamma," and the overjoyed mother caught her child in her arms.—[San Jose Herald.

A Difference.

"What's a good remedy for cholera, doctor?" he asked of the family physician.

"Cleanliness and a proper regard for sanitary laws.

"How much is your charge?"

"About $1.50."

He paid the money with the remark:

"You doctors will swindle a man out of house and home."

A little later he met another physician.

"I say, doctor," he remarked, "I wish you would suggest a preventive of cholera, I'm getting a little nervous."

The physician, who knew his man, replied:

"Plenty of good whisky."

"Thank you, doctor, how much is it?"

"Ten dollars."

"Cheap enough."

his bird thoughts turns to affairs more sentimental. When he reaches the parade ground he looks anxiously around, and if no suspicious noise jars on his sensitive ears he begins with a low introductory overture. Then he grows impatient and utters loud, gutteral bleatings, clucking just before each one. Then he struts up and down the mossy bank as if his performance gave him intense satisfaction. Then he considers himself fairly introduced, and, taking wing, rises in the air, flying up in spiral circles, each growing smaller as he ascends. During this flight he utters a low, sweet, cooing note. After sailing about in a series of aerial somersaults, he swoops down to the spot of his starting. For hours he fools about, displaying his wing performances, until at last the female can no longer resist his antics, and throwing coquetry, as Hamlet did the physic, to the dogs, she approaches with ruffled feathers and dishevelled plumage. The two meet and caress each other with every evidence of affection and all the by-plays of love thrown in, and locking their long bills in each other's grasp, as if too happy for earth, they rise straight in the air and fly far out of sight in the darkness.

The Little Savage.

About the time when baby begins to put away monkey manners, and to stand on two feet like a man, he begins to show, in a very marked degree, the characteristics of savage tribes. For two or three years of this part of his life the best baby is a little savage. His ideas of property are intensely savage. He may be said to be always more or less "on the grab." (I object to slang as much as any man, but really there is no other way of describing the tendencies exhibited at this stage of baby's career.) If he has small brothers or sisters (or both), he is always more or less at war with these neighboring savages. If he is deprived of anything he has come to regard as his property (quite mistakenly, it may well be,) or if he sees in the hands of his small kinsfolk any goods or chattels which seem pleasing in his eyes, he has but one way of expressing his wishes; he goes for the possession of the desired object, using his hands as weapons if he has no others handy, but bringing down a stick or brush or book (as the case may be) on the head of his enemy with all the zeal of a Fijian or an Ojibbeway on the war-path. Girl babies are pretty nearly as bad as boy babies in these matters, only the girl savage differs from the boy savage as much as savage woman differs from savage man. Of course, there are many baby boys and baby girls who show little tendency to savagery, just as there have been many uncultured races of man who have been gentle and innocent. But the quiet babies are always weak and unhealthy. In the struggle for existence they succumb before their more ferocious brothers, just as the quiet and gentle savage tribes perish before their tomahawk-flourishing, spear-throwing, club-wielding neighbors.—[Belgravia.

Whoever looks for a friend without imperfections will never find what he seeks. We love ourselves with all our faults, be they few or many, small or great, and we ought to love our friends in like manner.

Manganese steel is very dense, tough, and hard. It does not require to be forced or rolled to impart strength to it like most steel. It does not tarnish readily. A magnet does not attract it. When brought to a white heat and plunged in water it turns soft and not hard. Its castings have very few flaws. It is made by pouring from 10 to 12 per cent. of rich ferro-manganese into molten steel and mixing the two together before the alloy is run off into ingots.

A scientific journal reports that a composition of sand, cork, and lime molded into blocks is now on trial in Germany for building light partitions. It is said to have the advantage of excluding sounds better than ordinary brick work, while being light and a good non-conductor. But a composition of hard-wood sawdust applied on lath like common plaster is cheaper than the German method of constructing partitions, is much lighter, and has other desirable qualities.

At one of the August meetings of the Academy of Sciences, Paris, M. E. de Jonxuieres made some remark on the volcanic debris collected on the east coast of the Island of Mayotte, at the northwest end of Madagascar. These fragmenss, which were cast ashore in considerable quantities on May 16, 1884, consisted of pumice, probably from Krakatoa. They appear to have traversed a distance of 3,840 nautical miles in 259 days, at a mean velocity of 14.8 miles a day.

A report submitted by Mr. Milne Home to the Royal Society, Edinburgh, states that at a period geologically recent in the earth's history an arctic climate prevailed in part of Northern Europe, and as an effect of this there occurred local glaciers in Scotland, leaving some of their traces still visible. Subsequently Scotland was entirely submerged beneath the sea, and most of the valleys were filled with sand, gravel, and mud. A northwesterly current prevailed, carrying masses of floating ice with boulders which were deposited on the hills.

The Men Who are Promoted.

The *Manufacturer's Gazette*, in a recent editorial, made the following statements, regarding young men and their advancement, which others than the class to whom it is addressed will do well to heed:

"The young men who receive promotion are the young men who do not drink on the sly. They are not the young men who are always at the front whenever there is any strike, nor are they the men who watch for the clock to strike twelve, and leave their picks hanging in the air. They are not the men who growl if they are required to attend to some duty a few minutes after the whistle has sounded. They are the men usually who pay the closest attention to the details of their business, who act as if they were trying to work for their employer's interest instead of to beat him at every crook and turn. They are the men who give the closest attention to every practical detail, and who look continually to see whether they can do any better or not. This class of men are never out of a job. They are scarce. They never strike, they never loaf, and they do not ask for their pay two or three weeks before pay day."

Death in the Alps.

Respecting the fate of Prof. Dreikorn, of Mannheim, who toward the end of August set out on a tour in Switzerland, and who soon afterward suddenly disappeared, nothing further could for some time be ascertained, in spite of an unintermittent search in the district where he was last seen. At length, however, the efforts made to trace him have led to the discovery of his body in a deep and lonely valley on the western side of the Widderstein. The deceased had started from Immenstadt for a pedestrian tour through the Westerthal, and thence by way of Schroccen, to the Bregenz forest and Lindau. It is believed that while going over the pass of Gentschel he was overtaken by a heavy fog which caused him to miss the way, branching off from the pass to Hohenkrumbach. He appears to have wandered in the direction of the Berggrund Alp to the western side of the Widderstein. The mountain here makes a precipitous descent, covered here and there with patches of grass and loose rock, and falling between six and seven hundred feet to the bottom of a narrow gorge over which flows the Berggund torrent. On the edge of this abyss the hat and umbrella of the deceased professor were discovered. It is evident that while endeavoring in the thick mist to ascertain whether three was a pathway down the valley at this spot the unfortunate traveler missed his footing, and after slipping down a short grassy slope fell over the precipice from a height of over six hundred feet into the chasm below, where his mutilated and decaying corpse was finally discovered. This is the second fatal accident which has occurred to pedestrian tourists in the same district during the summer of the present year.—[London Standard.

Much Sleep.

The only rule is take enough. Old Mother Means in Eggleston's "Hoosier Schoolmaster" advised her husband when buying cheap land, "While yer a-gettin', get a-plently." So say we in regard to sleep, a full quantity of which is more valuable than the grandest prairie farms the sun ever shone on.

It is during the wakeful hours that the muscles and the nervous system and brain expend their energies. Muscles are partially recruited during the day by nourishment taken, but the great recuperating work of the nerves and brain is done during sleep. Such recuperation must at least equal the expenditure made through the day or else the brain is ill-nourished, wastes, withers. Persons who, in early English history, were condemned to death by being prevented from sleeping, always died raving maniacs. Persons who are starved to death suffer brain starvation also, and pass into hallucinations and then into insanity.

Not Heeding Advice.

"I say, young man," said a physician, stopping him on the street, "you're not well. Your face is flushed, and you are in a high fever. Let me feel your pulse."

"I—I'm all right," protested the youth.

"No, you're not," said the physician positively, "Your pulse is over a hun-

MORSELS FOR SUNDAY CONTEMPLATION.

To know and not to have the ability to perform, is doubly unfortunate.

The one thing which most agitates the world is that dreadful question of suspense.

A child's questionings seriously answered supply the chief basis of that child's education.

Every man should examine his own genius, and advise with himself what is proposed to apply himself to.

There should be as little merit in loving a woman for her beauty as in loving a man for his prosperity; both being equally subject to change.

The only way for a rich man to be healthy is by exercise and abstinence, to live as if he was poor; which are esteemed the worst part of poverty.

A writer says: "How I hate a selfish woman. She occupies the whole atmosphere. She breathes up all the air; and leaves one gasping, for lack of breath."

It is next to impossible to make people understand their ignorance, for it requires knowledge to perceive it; and, therefore, he that can perceive it hath it not.

We should endeavor to purchase the good will of all men, and quarrel with no man needlessly; since any man's love may be useful, and every man's hatred is dangerous.

Do no think of knocking out another person's brains because he differs in opinion from you; it would be as rational to knock yourself in the head because you differ from yourself ten years ago.

It is not the lot of men to be perfectly happy in this world; the only thing which remains to us is to make the best of what we receive and obtain, being as comfortable and as happy as our circumstances allow.

Nothing so cements and holds together in union all the parts of the society as faith or credit; which can never be kept up, unless men are under some force or necessity of honestly paying what they owe to one another.

Nothing hinders the constant agreement of people who live together but vanity and selfishness. Let the spirit of humanity and benevolence prevail and discord and disagreement would be banished from the household.

The most natural beauty in the world is honesty and moral truth; for all beauty is truth; true features make the beauty of a face, and true proportions the beauty of architecture, as true measures that of harmony and music.

What a vast deal of time and ease that man gains who is not troubled with the spirit of impertinent curiosity about others who lets his neighbor's thoughts and behavior alone; who confines his inspections to himself, and cares chiefly for his own duty and conscience.

Keenness in a man is not always to be taken as a sign of capacity, for it is generally observed most in those who are selfish and overreaching; and his keenness generally ends in that kind of penetration into other people's interests which will

QUADRUPLE TRAGEDY IN NEBRSKA.

A Farmer, his Wife and Child and a Neighbor Found Murdered.

The Hon. W. G. Horne of Fullerton, in Nance county, brings the details of a quadruple tragedy thirteen miles west of that town. The victims are P. G. Percival, his wife and child, and Hugh Myers all English people. They were murdered on Monday night or early on Tuesday morning, and their bodies were not discovered until last night. Percival and his wife and child were shot and Myers was smothered. Percival was a well to-do farmer and well known citizen of Nance county. Mrs. Percival was the daughter of the Rev. G. C. Tanner of Owatonna, Minn., County Superintendent of Schools. Yesterday morning Tom Miller, who had business with Percival, who lives at the head of Horse Creek, went to see him on Wednesday, and before he reached Percival's house he was told by some neighbors that Percival and his folks were not at home, as the house was shut up. Nevertheless, Miller went to the house and rapped on the door. He got no answer, and then returned home.

On Thursday night Miller again went to Percival's house to see if he had returned. He found the door fastened, and thereupon broke it open, thinking that perhaps something might be wrong. He was horrified to find Mrs. Percival dead in bed, she having been shot, and her child lying dead beside her. Mr. Percival was not to be found in the house but Miller soon discovered him lying dead near the hay stack, he, too, having been shot. His body was partly eaten by dogs and wolves. Hugh Myers, his former partner in the cattle business, who had been visiting him, was also found dead on the premises, he likewise having been murdered.

It seems that on Monday last Percival while in Fullerton with his wife and child and Mr. Myers, to do some trading and other business, had in his possession a check for $1,000, which he deposited in a bank and drew $500. The indications were that after putting up his team he was assaulted, killed, and robbed, after which the murderer or murderers went to the house and killed Mrs. Percival and child. It is said that Myers was choked to death or smothered in some way. Two neighbors who are missing are suspected to have been killed, and search is being made for their bodies. They were honest and trustworthy men, and it is not generally believed that they committed the deed, although some people suspect them unless their disappearance is satisfactorily explained. The general belief is that the murders were committed by one man, and that it was done for robbery.

A REMARKABLE BUFFALO HUNT.

A Great Herd Chased Hundreds of Miles and Thousands of Animals Killed.

People living near here, writes a correspondent from Glendive, Montana, were surprised the other day by hearing a loud tramping, and through the clouds of dust kicked up they discovered a herd of buffaloes making at a mad pace for the river.

"No, you're not," said the physician positively, "Your pulse is over a hundred, and in less than two minutes you will be in a cold sweat. You take my advice and go home."

"I—I can't go home. I am resolved to ask old Jones for his daughter's hand to-night, or perish miserably in the attempt."

"Wrong diagnosis," muttered the doctor to himself.

Ruby velvet trimmings are combined with blue with pleasing effect.

AYER'S
Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs: none so trifled with by the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unconscious exposure, is often but the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has well proven its efficacy in a forty years' fight with throat and lung diseases, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

A Terrible Cough Cured.

"In 1857 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded me the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL a permanent cure was effected. I am now 62 years old, hale and hearty, and am satisfied your CHERRY PECTORAL saved me.

HORACE FAIRBROTHER."

Rockingham, Vt., July 15, 1882.

Croup.—A Mother's Tribute.

"While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup; it seemed as if he would die from strangulation. One of the family suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude? Sincerely yours,

MRS. EMMA GEDNEY."

159 West 128th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds we have ever tried. A. J. CRANE."

Lake Crystal, Minn., March 13, 1882.

"I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success, I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. JOSEPH WALDEN."

Byhalia, Miss., April 5, 1882.

"I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung troubles. E. BRAGDON."

Palestine, Texas, April 22, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will *always cure* when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

generally ends in that kind of penetration into other people's interests which will tend to benefit his own.

The Peculiarities of Dogs.

The fashion which cites the dog as a better species of human being, and depreciates men as if they were dogs gone wrong, is, as an English author calls it, "Unnatural History." Dogs, he says, are no better than men, and but for man would have been much worse than they are. They are very like men in their exhibition of the lower passions, such as anger, jealousy, fear and vanity.

A bull-terrier, for instance, used to express its anger in accordance with the human precept, "When the boys hits you, hit the post." If a beggar came to the door, the terrier was frantic. Being restrained from flying at the poor man, he would rush out, as soon as released, and attack the gardener. At other times the gardener and the terrier were excellent friends, but the dog, when angry, seemed influenced by the same nature as leads the husband to grumble at his wife's cap, because the morning news is disagreeable.

A dog was jealous of another pet. In the course of time, the pet died, was stuffed and placed in a glass case. Whenever the dog's attention was drawn to his stuffed rival gazing at him with glassy eyes, he always snarled.

A bull-terrier was a whimsical coward. He was ready to fight anything but an Indian-rubber cushion. When that was filled or emptied of air in his presence, he would go into paroxysms of hysterical screaming. The garden-hose filled him with such terror that he could never be coaxed into the garden when it was used, nor would he enter the room where it was kept.

An old setter once displayed such vanity that it was immediately seized upon to compel him to obedience. He would follow the members of the family, whenever they went out, no matter how troublesome his presence might be.

One day, the children tied a ribbon bow on the tip of the dog's tail. Everybody laughed at his comical appearance, which so mortified the poor setter that he retired under the sofa, and sulked for an hour. The next day the family were going to a croquet party, and the dog seemed bent on accompanying them.

It occurred to one of the young ladies to try the effect of a ribbon-bow. It was tied on his tail, and immediately he rushed into the house, and hid under the sofa. When they returned, he was on the door-step, sitting on his haunches as if concealing something, and refrained even from wagging his tail, lest the hated bow should be seen.

A writer, illustrating the fact that the dog is one of man's noblest servants and one of his chiefest triumphs, says:

"In the beginning Allah created man, and seeing what a helpless creature he was, He gave him a dog. And He charged the dog that he should be the eyes and the ears, the understanding and the legs, of the man."

Medici collars appear on all the handsomest imported dresses for evening wear.

Little girls are wearing very big hats—the littler the girl the bigger the hat.

kicked up they discovered a herd of buffaloes making at a mad pace for the river. The animals appeared to be well-nigh run down, but many of them were furious.

As they came to the bank of the Yellowstone they plunged in pell mell one on top of another, and for a time it looked as though many of them would be killed, but nearly all got out uninjured. They had hardly reached the other side when a yelling, swearing crowd of white men and Indians came up on foam-covered horses. They paused there long enough to get refreshments, and then resumed the chase.

There were four or five hundred buffaloes in the herd, and they were making for British America as fast as their legs would carry them. From the hunters it was learned that the hunt began down in Dakota, on the Cannon Ball river, where not less than five thousand of the animals were found grazing. A few of the men had followed the entire distance, but although the party that passed here numbered only thirty, its members estimated that from first to last three or four hundred men had taken part in the slaughter. Some of the men who started out with the original party had remained behind at various points to secure the hides and others, who only joined in for the sport, had dropped out after satisfying themselves with the chase. The rapidity with which these magnificent animals are slaughtered is shown by the fact that the hunters passing through here said they would have the hides of the remnant of the herd before reaching the boundary line.

Probably this is one of the last big buffalo hunts that will ever occur in this country. The Indian, now that he is assured of enough to eat at the agencies, is as reckless in his slaughter of the bison as the white man. He seems to consider the game as nearly extinct, and he goes in recklessly with the idea of having all the sport he can before the end is reached. The wanton destruction of this herd has caused great indignation throughout the entire section traversed, but as it seems to be the policy to exterminate the bison nothing will be done about it.

A Rooster Kills a Rat.

A Franklin square boy has a pair of pet bantams that are bringing up a brood of diminutive-looking chickens which would pass for young quails. In the yard where they stroll and feed, a rat occasionally makes his appearance, looking for something to eat. Recently a fresh-looking young rat, bent upon making a lunch off from one of the chickens, boldly attempted to seize and carry away one of the brood. The little white cockerel did not take the raid kindly, but jumped upon the rat's back, held him down, and pecked him to death. The only unnatural thing about the proceeding was his omission to crow over his victory.—[Norwich Bulletin.

The prevailing style is for girls under 16 to wear their hair loose down their back.

White and colored wool guipures are either plain or interwoven with very fine gold and silver.

More dresses of black silk will probably be worn on the street this winter than any other material.

Since the inauguration of cheap telegraphy in France, the number of telegrams sent in that country has increased enormously. Last year there were 58 telegrams for every 100 of the population.

It is a great and noble a thing to cover the blemishes and to excuse the failings of a friend; to draw a curtain before his stains, and to display his perfections; to bury his weaknesses in silence, and to proclaim his virtues upon the house top.

No Disappointment.

Disappointments of one kind and another crop up all along life's pathway, for unfortunately it is the unexpected that always happens. There is at least one article of acknowledged merit that never disappoints. PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR is sure to remove the worst corns in a few days, and as no claim is made that it will cure anything else, it cannot disappoint. If you have hard or soft corns just try it. Beware of the article "just as good." N.C. Polson & Co., proprietors, Kingston.

It is now absolutely settled that the Ark was a row-boat, as it was navigated by a Noah.

Will you Try Nerviline

For all kinds of pain. Polson's NERVILINE is the most efficient and prompt remedy in existence for neuralgia, lumbago, and headache. For internal use it has no equal. Relief in five minutes may be obtained from Nerviline in any of the following complaints, viz.; Cramps in the stomach, chills, flatulent pains. Buy a 10 cent sample bottle of Nerviline at any drug store and test the great remedy. Large bottles 25 cents.

The industrious boot-maker ought to live for ever. He is everlasting.

Politic and veracity have the same number of letters, but there the resemblance ceases.

Young Men! Read This.

The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated Electro-Volatic Belt and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

Remember you have not a sinew whose law of strength is not action; you have not a faculty of body, mind or soul whose law of improvement is not energy.

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern science has been attained by the Dixon Treatment of Catarrh. Out of 2,000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent. have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of the patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefitted, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissues, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination; this accomplished the catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the

E. E. KNOTT'S Speculator's Mart. Adelaide St. East, Toronto.

All kinds of real estate sold or exchanged on commission. Money loaned on all kinds of real estate at lowest rates of interest. Application for money from farmers a speciality. Rents collected and estates managed in town or country. N.—e st of references on application

MUTUAL MARRIAGE ENDOWMENT AS Incorporated. Head Office, London, Ont Issues Certificates from $125 to $3,000, payable on marriage, at following rates. For $500, or half certificate, $4; quarterly dues in advance, $0.75. For $1,000 Certificate $6; quarterly dues in advance $1.00. For $2,000 Certificate, $10; quarterly dues in advance $2.00. For $3,000 Certificate, $15; quarterly dues in advance $3.00. The only cash payments. Assessments on marriages $1.00 on each $1000. First years quarterly assessments are promptly paid, on present membership at end of year. Endowment reserve account will amount to $10 000, providing for a large number of endowments, which places this association in a sound financial position. No connection with any similar institution. A good saving society for young people. Send for By Laws, &c W. J IMLACH. Secretary. London Ont.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St. John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow, and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's N. F.; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N.B. Allan & Co., Chicago; Love & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co Quebec; H A. Allan, Portland, Boston. Montreal

SMOKED SAUSAGES.

The most convenient meat for farmers in their busy season. These meats are cooked and ready for use. Sold by grocers through the Dominion Send for price to W. CLARK, P. O. Box 342 Montreal.

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[Manufacturers of Star Rivet

LEATHER BELTING,

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Large double Driving Belts a speciality. Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

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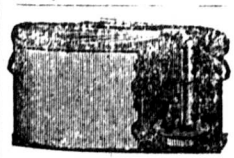
Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months. Sailing dates from

QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

Toronto,	Oct. 11	*Vancouver,	Nov. 1
*Oregon	Oct. 18	*Sarnia	Nov 8
Montreal,	Oct 25	Brooklyn,	Nov. 15

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $60 $65, $80. Return, $90, $105, $117, $144, according to steamer and berth. Intermediate $35, Steerage at lowest rates. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion felt, and no cattle or sheep is carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent or local agents of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal



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AND

BLEACHER

Weighs but 6 pounds. Can be carried in a small valise Illustration shows Machine in boiler. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded within 30 days.

$1000.00 REWARD FOR ANY SUPERIOR.

Washing made light and easy. The clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person.

To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2.50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian," says about it—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr. C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor saving machine, substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Charges paid $3.00 Send for circular.

AGENTS WANTED.

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109 Grey Nun Street, Montreal.

Importers of

Drain Pipes, Portland Cement,
Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Vent Linings,
Water Lime, Flue Covers, Whiting,
Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay,
Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay
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The White Glycerine--The Sharon Bouquet — Palm Oil Bath Soap—Oatmeal Skin Soap, and The Baby's Own Soap.

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THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO.'Y

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Sold by all leading druggists

Coleman Patent Harness.

Improved, works without whiffletrees. Cool, light and durable, much easier on man and teams. This harness is a specialty in orchards, as no trees can be injured. working qualities guaranteed. Price $10.

Territory for sale in United States and Canada.

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STANDARD SCALES.

THE BEST,
THE STRONGEST,
THE MOST RELIABLE.

Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.

RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILL TRUCKS.

Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.

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questioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King-street West, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on catarrh.—*Montreal Star.*

The soundest argument will produce no more conviction in an empty head than the most superficial declaration; as a feather and a guinea fall with equal velocity in a vacuum.

There is in all of us an impediment to perfect happiness; namely, weariness of the things which we possess and a desire for the things which we have not.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot 600 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

Good nature is the very air of a good ind, the sign of a large and prosperoue oul, and the peculiar soil in which virtue prospers.

A. P. 198.

PHRENOLOGY. EXAMINATIONS GIVEN BY WALLACE MASON, 362 Yonge St., Toronto.

THOS. GALLOWAY & Co., Cotton, Woollen, Silk, Carpet, and Worsted Shuttle Makers, Dundas, On

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ONE HUNDRED ACRES—TOWNSHIP ELDON lot 4, concession 1st; choice land, good buildings, orchard, and fencing. G. S. KING, Cannington.

MEN WANTED

Active pushing men wanted to wholesale my famous teas to consumers. Salary from $600 to $2000 per year Send stamp for particulars, JAMES LAUT, Importer Toronto.

HAND STAMPS METAL & RUBBER Stamps of every description, Seals, etc. Bronze Medals the last four years at Toronto Exhibition. Agents wanted

KENYON, TINGLEY & STEWART, MFG. CO., 72 King St., West, Toronto.

GRAND OPPORTUNITY FOR A FARMER RE tiring and able to command from $12,000 to $20,000, large city estate, embracing about 30 houses, will bring such rental as will give good interest on investment and handsome return for necessary attention; property compact. W. HAMILTON, 241 Talbot street, London.

BRITISH AMERICAN

BUSINESS COLLEGE, ARCADE, YONGE ST, TORONTO. Finest rooms in America. Practical in every department. Teachers pushing and energetic, and know what they teach. Endorsed by the leading business men of Ontario, its graduates are filling positions of trust in every city, town and village of Canada. Send for new circular. C. O'DEA, Secretary.

1883.-ST. JOHN EXHIBITION.-1883

Leather Belting, Fire Engine Hose, &c. Four First Prizes and Two Diplomas. The highest of all Awards for Leather Belting, and Fire Engine Hose were accorded by th Judges at the St. John Centennial and Dominion Exhibition, to ROBIN & SADLER, Montreal, over all competitors.

I will supply two year old vines of the

NIAGARA

WHITE GRAPE

without any conditions whatever at

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NORTH-WEST,
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COAL AND WOOD COOK

GRAND DUCHESS,
COAL AND WOOD RANGE.

COUNTESS BASE BURNER,
WITH OR WITHOUT OVEN.

FOR SALE BY STOVE DEALERS HERE.

MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.,

—:) MANUFACTURERS OF (:—

Finest Electro Gold and Silver Plate,

New York, Meriden (Ct.), Chicago, San Francisco, London, (Eng.).

BRANCH FACTORY—Cor. Cannon and Wellington Streets, Hamilton, Ont.

TRADE MERIDEN B. COMPANY MARK.

Many purchasers having through a similarity of names purchased other wares under the impression that they were of our manufacture, we are compelled to ask special attention to the above TRADE MARKS The fact that our name and Trade Marks are being so closely imitated should be a sufficient guarantee to the public that our wares are the BEST IN THE WORLD.

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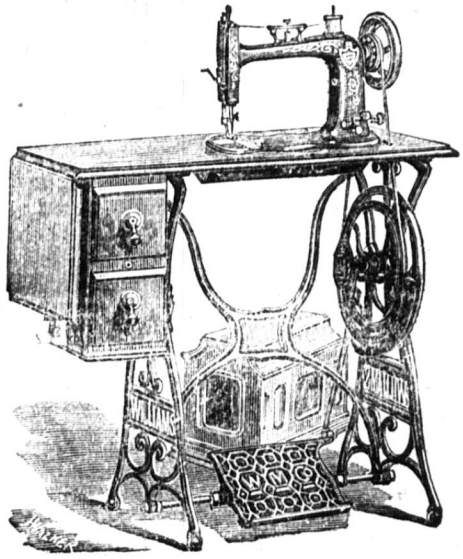
1847 Rogers Bros. A1.

MARK.

THE NEW WILLIAMS



High Arm Machine is now recognized as the

Sewing Machine of the Period,

It is Light and Easy to run.

Silent and Rapid in movement

Plain and Simple to Learn.

It is strong, durable, and well built, of the very best material that money can buy or skill produce.

It was awarded five medals and three first prizes at the Dominion Exhibition last October. It is rapidly superseding all the old fashioned makes everywhere. See it, try it, buy it, and make sure that you get it.

THE WILLIAMS' MFG CO.

1783 Notre Dame St., Montreal, and 58 King St., West, Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDEN'S
BOOKSTORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

ARTIST'S SUPPLIES, A COMPLETE STOCK NOW ON HAND.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THE CELEBRATED THOMAS ORGAN.

A FINE STOCK OF STATIONERY, WALL PAPER AND HAND MADE SHADES CHEAP.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 24, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

ssue l by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications trictly private and confidential.) 40-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Office—Hinch, Perry & Co., Dundas street.

Three Months Free.

THE EXPRESS will be sent to new subscribers to 1st January, 1886, for one dollar. This is a very liberal offer. It places the paper within the reach of all. Send in names at once.

ROUND TOWN.

—**Lahey's** gloves and mitts are cheap.

—The probabilities have set down a blizzard for to-day.

—See Lahey's $8 overcoats.

—Messrs. Reid and Hall shot seventy-five ducks on Hay Bay on Monday. Good sport.

—**Lahey's** for shirts and underclothing.

—There was a slight fall of snow yesterday—the first of the season.

—**A full stock** of axes and cross-cut saws at R. G. Wright's.

—Young ladies' "At Home" in the Eastern church next Monday night.

—**For** a fashionable hat or cap cheap, go to Lahey's.

—The Revs. M. L. Pearson and J. P. Wilson exchange pulpits next Sunday

—**Rev. Father Kelly has been appointed priest of the parish at Sharbot Lake and Harrowsmith.**

—**Lahey always keeps the newest goods and offers no ancient hats to his customers.**

—**A hunting party composed of Mr. Robt. McDonald, Napanee; Mr. C. Files, Newburgh, and Mr. Lasher, of Albany, N. Y., left for the north Monday morning.**

—**A large stock of white mica just received at R. G. Wright's.**

—The steamer "Reindeer" was taken to Kingston on Monday for some repairs to her machinery and was off the route one day which caused considerable disappointment to passenger traffic.

—**We have** received a large variety of new patterns for stamping, C. F. Henderson.

—Argyll Lodge, I.O.O.F., expect to be able to take possession of their elegant new lodge rooms in the Leonard block about the 19th prox. They intend giving a grand concert in connection therewith.

—**Happy Thought and Garland Ranges are the only ranges having the Duplex Grate and no range is perfect without it. Call and see them at R. G. Wright's.**

—The organ exhiblted at the Amherst Island fair was not a "Karn" but a "Thomas'" organ. Mr. W. D. Madden is the local agent, and Mr. A. T. Akroyd is his energetic solicitor of orders. The organ ranks at the head of the list.

—An interesting and well-contested match was played here on the 10th inst. between the Napanee and Deseronto cricket clubs, resulting in a victory for Napanee by four wickets and one run. The score stood 95 to 94 against Deseronto.

—The Miller-Pruyn hunting party returned on Saturday and Monday. They came in detachments and brought with them eight fine deer as evidence of their prowess in the chase. They report deer scarce and hunters plentiful. The doctor felled the largest number.

—Dr. Wray, has returned from his outing in the north and can now be consulted at his dental rooms, over Roblin & Ford's store. He returns greatly invigorated and better prepared than ever to do justice to his old patients and all those who may give him a call.

—The employees of the Gibbard furniture factory took a holiday yesterday and went on a hunting expedition. They divided themselves into gangs of ten each and it was agreed that the gang who captured the least number of birds should pay for the oyster supper for both parties. The party residing south of the canal won by a large majority.

—Mr. Montgomery requests us to state that owing to loss by fire and sickness in his family, he will be unable to continue his business here during the winter. He hopes, however, to be able to resume business by 1st April. Parties having goods at the dye works should call at once and receive them, as Mrs. Montgomery may not be at home at all times.

—From the list of officers of the English Church Union last week the name of Mr. J. S. Robinson was inadvertently omitted as vice-president of the dramatic section. This section, under the able management of Mr. Robinson, was last season the live wing of the organization and this year it will, no doubt, more than sustain its high reputation.

—Two or three minor cases were disposed of by Mr. Chas. James, J. P., this week. On Monday the owners of the steam yacht "Ometa," of Belleville, were before him on a charge of using the vessel for unlawful fishing in Hay Bay on Sunday, the 5th inst. It was shown that the owners of the yacht were not the transgressors. The case was

The P. P. and P. A.

The Rev. M. L. Pearson will preach next Sunday evening on the purposes of the above association—the People's Rights and Protective Association—a society formed this week in Napanee to prevent the passage of the Scott Act. We are requested to state that strangers and all who drive in from the country will be accommodated with seats.

The N. T & Q. Railway.

This road is now in fine running order and is doing an excellent business. The receipts for September far exceeded those of August, while October receipts are away up. Messrs. Chisholm & O'Brien, the contractors on the northern end, have been given a contract to raise the road bed through the drowned lands along the line fifteen inches, so as to prevent wash-outs in the spring. Everybody who travels over the line pronounces it one of the most complete on the continent. Superintendent Sherwood is proving himself a most efficient and obliging official, while his staff of conductors and brakemen are also popular with the travelling public.

Celebrating Her Hundredth Birthday.

A most interesting birthday party was held in Ernesttown, about about a mile and a half this side of Odessa on Monday last—the celebration of the hundreth anniversary of Mrs. D. C. Smith. There was a large gathering of friends and relatives and the old lady, who was in excellent health and spirits, was the recipient of the warmest congratulations. She was born near the Catskill Mountains, N.Y., and came to Ernesttown, which was then a wilderness, when quite young. She is the mother of nine children, six daughters and three sons. All of the daughters are living and one son. These were all present, besides scores of grand and great-grand children. The old lady looks to be good for several years yet. It may be of interest to state that she has smoked nearly all her lifetime and enjoys a pipe now as much as she ever did.

Ernesttown Court of Revision.

Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.

The final session of the Judge's Court of Revision for Ernesttown was held at Odessa on Monday last, Mr. J. C. Drewry appearing for the Reformers and Mr. W. G. Wilson for the Conservatives. Good work was done and the Reformers are justly proud of the result. A total gain of thirty-eight has been made in the township. As usual, the Reformers of Ernesttown have done themselves credit and deserve and have the thanks of their friends in the county. The assessor has been severely censured for the careless way (to put it mildly) in which he done his work. For example, one of the Burley boys, who has been in Dakota for over two years and who was struck off the list last year, was put on this year. The assessor certainly strained a good many points to "fix" things, and judging from the number of Booths wrongly inserted in the list, "Arny" had something to do with the fixing.

Engagement Extraordinary.

The English Church Union of this town have engaged, through the Redpath Bureau of Boston, Miss Florence Marryatt, the celebrated authoress, actress and reader, of London, Eng., for an evening's entertainment in the Opera House on Tuesday evening, November 25th. Miss Marryatt is a daughter of Capt. Marryatt, the famous author, whose name is a household word the world over, and her own works have created for her a name which is scarcely less renowned. She arrives next week, and will open her American tour in Boston and will

—The Revs. M. L. Pearson and J. P. Wilson exchange pulpits next Sunday morning.

—**Children's** wool hoods, hats, jackets, dresses, skirts, mitts, gaiters, &c., at C. F. Henderson's.

—A meeting of the local hotel-keepers took place at the Huffman House Monday evening for the purpose of organizing for the Scott Act campaign.

—**Don't fail** to inspect R. G. Wright's stock of stoves before buying.

—A young man named Edward Arnold, a Kingston cattle buyer, is under arrest on a charge of criminal assault on a young woman named Margaret Ann Powley of Westbrook.

—**You can get** every variety of ladies' and children's underwear both merino and wool, also children's combination suits at C. F. Henderson's.

—The Rev. Dr. Sexton, one of the most eminent English divines, will preach in Napanee on Sabbath, November 2nd, and lecture on Monday night on the "Folly of Atheism."

—The Grand Trunk has discontinued the dining car service between Toronto and Kingston. In future passengers will have to take "pot luck" at the Cobourg refreshment rooms.

—The lightning express train on the G. T. R., yesterday ran into a freight at Point Claire, near Montreal. The driver of the express was killed, and the firemen and several others badly injured.

—**You can get** the largest variety of wool and cashmere hose of all sizes and at the right prices at C. F. Henderson's.

—Read Mr. John Blewett's advertisement in another column. This old and reliable house is better prepared than ever to give the best of value in flour, feed, groceries, fish, pork, etc. Give him a call.

—A subscriber in the far west writes:—THE EXPRESS is quite a treat and is anxiously looked for every week." There are hundreds of people nearer home who would also find it is a great treat if they would give it a trial. Only $1 till 1st Jan., 1886.

—**We are** showing great bargains in ladies' and children's under skirts, knitted, felt and quilted, also the new stripe wincey skirts.
C. F. Henderson.

—"Where is the watering cart?" was the frequent enquiry on Dundas-st., Monday morning. A miniature cyclone prevailed all day and pedestrians' eyes and ears were deluged with dust. It was the worst day of the year. The street committee had blundered in dispensing with the watering cart too early in the season.

—**Furniture.**—The best and cheapest furniture ever offered in this district is now offered by W. E. Baker, next door to the post office, Market Square.

—A special meeting of the Board of Education was called for Saturday evening last for the purpose of transacting business which should have been attended to at the regular meeting. There was no quorum, however, and consequently nothing was done. Those present were Messrs. A. L. Morden, W. F. Hall, J. Webster, A. McNeil, Jas. Perry and K. J. Strong, and the representative of THE EXPRESS.

—**I saw a man** that saw a saw that would outsaw any saw you ever saw. He bought the saw and used the saw to saw his saw logs. If you want to see the saw saw go to the Golden Auger. H. W. Perry.

—The Secretary of State at Washington has requested Mr. W. S. Williams, U. S. Counsul at Napanee, to make a collection of products and manufactures for the World's Exposition at New Orleans, which opens on Dec. 1st and closes 1st May. Full information will be given parties, who would like to exhibit, on application to Mr. Williams. The distance is so long and the magnitude of the exposition so great that it is not likely any person here will feel encouraged in making an exhibit.

[illegible] was shown that the owners of the yacht were not the transgressors. The case was adjourned till Saturday when the guilty parties, it is believed, will be ascertained.

—Lindsay had a $3,000 jewelry burglary on Sunday last. The facetious reporter wound up the account by stating that "intense excitement prevailed and a strict watch was placed in the banks, jewellry stores, newspaper offices and other places where large sums of money and other valuables were kept." It is suspected that there was as much as a twenty-five shin-plaster and a three-cent stamp in the safes of the newspaper offices.

—A lecture on "Our Insect Friends and Insect Foes; and their Habitations," will be delivered in the School-room of St. Mary Magdalene's Church on Wednesday evening next at 8 p.m., by Rev. Thos. W. Files, a distinguished member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. The lecture is very interesting and can be turned to profit by fruit growers and others. It is highly commended by the press of Montreal, where it has been delivered. Admission, 25 cents; children, 10 cents.

—Dr. Brown, formerly of this town, is erecting a brick building on Princess street, Kingston. A few days ago he engaged Messrs. Fred Schryver and Fox, both bricklayers of Napanee, to work on the building and made the former foreman of the works, and allowed them to do the fancy and light work on the building. The Kinstonians working on the building took offence at this and struck Monday morning. They said they were not going to work under a mason from a small town like Napanee. Messrs. Schryver and Newlands then took the contract and engaged a new gang of men and commenced work at noon. The Kingston "kickers" did not make anything by their little strike.

—Thirty hives of bees arrived in town per steamer "India" from Adolphustown on Tuesday and twenty on Wednesday. While en route on the steamer, some of the bees by some means gained their freedom and made matters pretty lively for the passengers for a time. They are the property of Messrs. Dorland & Membery of the Campbell House here and were taken to Mr. Allan Pringle's at Richmond, who will care for them on shares. On the way out, owing to the jolting of the waggon, the bees once more got loose and revenged themselves upon the gentleman in charge, Mr. Anderson, of the Campbell House. The Squire says he is pretty fond of honey, but, in harmony with the antiquated adage, he avers that any undue familiarity with them is not calculated to enhance his admiration for the insects.

— he directors of the Mechanics' Institute have engaged and fitted up rooms over Mr. W. D. Madden's book store, where the library and reading room is now located. The rooms are commodious and well adapted for the purpose. Entrance can be made through the book store or direct from Dundas Street by the stairway. The librarian is Mr. W. S. Busby who will make a most efficient and obliging officer. A meeting was held in the rooms Wednesday night at which the evening classes were arranged. The class for drawing and geography will be conducted by Mr. F. F. Miller, C. E., on Monday evenings; that for book-keeping and business correspondence by Mr. J. B. McGuin, on Wednesday evenings; and arithmetic and mensuration, by Mr. Bowerman, on Friday evenings. The classes will open next week. As the tuition is free we trust the young mechanics of the town will become members of the Institute and avail themselves of the advantages of the classes. The re-organized institute promises to do a good work.

[illegible] for her a name which is scarcely less renowned. She arrives next week, and will open her American tour in Boston and will next visit Montreal and other eastern Canadian cities, after which she will proceed west to Toronto and London, taking in the important towns and cities en route. The members of the Union have assumed a great risk in securing so great a treat for the people of this section and their enterprise should be rewarded by a large audience The following are a few of the many flattering press notices Miss Maryatt has received from the leading journals of England:—

Miss Marryat at once appeals to the sympathy of her audience, and exhibits great dramatic and elocutionary power.—London Morning Post.

Florence Marryat has a commanding presence and a fine voice, is perfectly self-possessed, and her elocutionary and dramatic ability is of a very high order.—London Graphic.

"Love Letters" is a most amusing production and was greatly enjoyed by the audience. Remarkably humerous, it kept the audience for the greater part of the time convulsed with laughter. Miss Marryat has a remarkably fine voice.—Liverpool Daily Post.

Amusement Notes.

—Prof. McDonald closed his dancing school last evening with an assembly. He goes to Montreal where he will organize classes in the Queen's Hall during the winter.

—"Only a Farmer's Daughter" attracted a large audience at high prices to the Opera House, Tuesday night. The play itself is below mediocrity, but the company made as much of it as was possible. Miss Lilian Lewis presents a fine appearance, has an excellent voice and good forensic talent. The entertainment was on the whole disappointing.

—Baker and Farron appear in the Opera House Saturday evening in "The Emigrants." These inimitable comedians are sure to draw a large audience and to send everyone away delighted. The plan is now open at J. J. Perry's drug store.

—Mr. Ragan will this evening give his popular lecture on "Paris, the Beautiful," in the Town Hall, under the auspices of the Mechanics' Institute. The lecture will be illustrated with magnificent views. Mr. Ragan's tours are of a high literary and artistic character and should be well patronized.

OBITUARY.

The Late Mrs. S. Stevens.

It is with deep regret we would record the death of Mrs. S. Stevens, a brief notice of whose decease appeared in the columns of our last week's issue. Mrs. Stevens had for a number of years past resided with her mother, the late Mrs. Briggs, of South Napanee, and during that time had been a devout member of the Eastern Methodist church and a teacher in the Sunday School until unable, from illness, to continue her labors. The large number present on Wednesday last, the interesting nature of the funeral services and the beautiful floral decorations of the church served to show the esteem and affection in which the deceased lady was held. One son and two daughters mourn the loss of a most affectionate mother.

The Late Mrs. McGillivray.

Yesterday morning, Nancy, relict of the late Wm. McGillivray, Esq., died at her residence after an illness of several months. The deceased lady was an old resident and highly esteemed. Her only child was Mrs. William Miller of this town, who survives her. The funeral takes place this afternoon at two o'clock.

No Matter.

No matter where pain, lamenets or soreness exists, Hagyard's Yellow oil taken or applied will give immediate relief, and a positive cure quickly follows its use.

THE CAMPBELL HOUSE.

Our Representative Pays a Visit to this Hostelry and Inspects the Additional Accommodation for guests — Superb Appointments — Elegance and Comfort.

Since taking possession of the Campbell House on the 1st of August last, Messrs. Allison, Dorland & Membery have shown a commendable spirit of enterprise in the determination to keep a house superior to any that can be found in any other town of similar size in the province, and thanks to the energy and outlay on the part of Mr. A. McNeil, the owner of the building, they have been enabled to present to the exceedingly numerous and increasing travelling public a house which is a credit at once to the town, the hosts and the owner.

Learning that work on the additions to the hotel had been almost completed and that soon everything would be in readiness for the reception of guests in the recently erected portion, our representative stepped into the Campbell House on Wednesday and was most courteously shown through the entire building by Mr. Allison, the senior partner. On the ground floor of the west wing we came first to the elegantly fitted barber shop, run in connection with the house by Mr. Lester A. Scott. Everything in this shop is new, the seats being of the most modern and unique design, and the chairs in which the subjects of the facial operations are handled with such ambidexterous facility are easy and comfortable. From this excellent tonsorial parlor a door opens into a wash-room, furnished with three bowls of the best material and supplied with water from a tank on the roof. From hence we entered a spacious room intended to be used as a private reading-room for guests. Near here also are the closets which are fitted up well, and near them is a force-pump, which supplies water to the tank on the roof from a large cistern in the basement. Passing out of the reading-room and along a hall we enter the billiard room. This apartment is 26 × 46 feet, with a ceiling 16 feet high, and is lighted by two large plate-glass windows. It is intended to place four first-class tables in this room for the use of devotees of the game. In the north wing are eight large well-lighted sample-rooms—a boon which will be highly appreciated by the many commercial travellers who stay at the Campbell House while in town.

The number of rooms is now in all 44,—22 being in the old part and 22 in the new. The latter are being supplied with fine new walnut furniture from the factory of Messrs. Gibbard & Son, and are well carpeted, over 1,000 yards of new and excellent carpets being utilized, aside from a large quantity of oil-cloth in the halls and closets, and are lighted by gas. In every room is a bell connecting with the office, while in the hall on the first flat is a speaking-tube which is connected with the bar-room, in order that "medicine" and other requisites may be the more conveniently ordered and more expeditiously obtained. At the three arches in the halls of each of the flats are iron, fire-proof doors, which are calculated in case of fire to confine the consuming element to the immediate section in which it originates and thus save an immense amount of property and probably life from the ravages of a conflagration which would otherwise ensue. On the first flat, too, are closets and a well-appointed bath-room. In the south-west corner, also, is a private parlor for guests, which is furnished in keeping with the rest of the house, and is supplied with a fine piano.

The house is now one of the best that can be found in any town in the Province, and is well worthy the extensive patronage it

GREAT CLEARING SALE.

OF

OVERCOATS

and Ready-made Clothing.

J. F. McALISTER

Will in future manutacture all his own clothing, and has commenced a grand clearing sale of his present stock of Montreal-made goods. We have

Over Four Hundred Overcoats

in Men's Youths' and Boys' sizes, which must be sold. Also stacks of

SUITS, COATS AND PANTS

all to be cleared out before the holidays.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

your Overcoats. Barley at fifty cents per bushel is dear in comparson to the prices we are offering in all kinds of clothing. Call and see us in Aylsworth Block.

J. F. McALISTER.

1884. FALL STOCK COMPLETE. 1884.

ROBLIN & FORD

INVITE INSPECTION OF THEIR NEW STOCK OF

Gentlemen's Furs, Hats, Caps.

Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

It comprises of everything that is new, choice and reliable. Overcoats of every kind and quality of FUR made to order.

A full line of Gents Furnishings and shirts of best material made to order.

The ordered clothing department never was better equipped and never gave better satisfaction. A call solicited

GRANGE BLOCK, DUNDAS ST., NAPANEE.

A FACT.

be found in any town in the Province, and is well worthy the extensive patronage it receives. It is connected by telephone with the central office, and parties staying there may by this means communicate with the principal business houses of the town. Taken all in all, the house might well be termed first-class in every particular, and is one of which Napanee can justly be proud.

Personals.

—Mrs. J. C. Drewry was in Picton last week.

—Mr. William Blair, typo, left last week for Oswego.

—Mr. Ben. VanAlstine and wife were in Picton last week.

—The two Misses Jackson, of Gananoque, are visiting at Mrs. Vrooman's.

—Lady Macdonald and Col. Bernard visited Kingston on Saturday last.

—W. S. Williams, Esq., returned on Monday from a visit to Grand Rapids, Mich.

—Miss Helen Allen has been visiting friends in Westbrook this week.

—Miss Mills spent last week visiting friends in Kingston.

—Miss Strachan of Kingston, was a guest of Mrs. John H. Stevenson this week.

—Mr Alex. Allingham, of Watertown, N. Y., spent a few days in town this week.

—Miss Baker, who has been visiting at Dr. Cook's, returned to her home near Cornwall, on Friday last.

—R. M. Rose, Esq., of Kingston, was in town last week on a visit to his son-in-law, Mr. Wm. Ferguson.

—Mr. Fred Blakely, late at Spanish River, on the Canadian Pacific Railway survey, returned home this week.

—Mrs. Allison, wife of Mr. William Allison, station agent at Parkdale, on the Credit Valley road, was visiting at Mr. Garret VanAlstine's this week.

—Dr. Harvey, who has been in charge of Dr. Wray's dental rooms during the latter's absence in the north of the county, left Wednesday for his home in London, Ont.

—The Whig of Tuesday says:—To-morrow Prof. McDonald, wife and family, leave for Montreal He is very much fascinated with Kingston and its citizens and will return in April.

—Mr. Arch McKim, who has been for some time in Detroit, Mich., visiting his son-in-law, Mr. B. F. Lewis, has returned, we are pleased to learn, greatly improved in health. He is spending a few days in town with friends.

—Mr. D. L. Ryan, a former resident of Napanee, in renewing his subscription to THE EXPRESS, states that he is doing a flourishing business as contractor, in Bay City. He has this summer erected eight dwellings and is now engaged on a store and dwelling.

—Mrs. and Miss Mackie of the Dominion House, Belleville, were at the Campbell House, on Wednesday. They made a very large purchase of carpets during the afternoon, the total amount of which, we understand, reached over $100. This circumstance speaks volumes for Napanee as a purchasing point.

—Mr. E. P. Williams has entered the law office of Messrs. Williams & Wilson and will devote himself specially to the insurance and money loaning business of the firm. He is a young man of excellent business attainments and we have much pleasure in wishing him every success.

—An elastic step, buoyant spirits, and clear complexions, are among the many results of pure blood. The possessor of healthy blood has his faculties at command, and enjoys a clear and quick perception, which is impossible when the blood is heavy and sluggish with impurities. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier and vitalizer known.

—Though numerous causes may operate to turn the hair gray, all that is needed to restore the natural color is Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. For more than twenty years its sales have been enormous, but we have yet to learn of its first failure.

—Brighton and Trenton were visited last week by Hon Messrs. Bowell, Caron, McLenan, Costigan and Carling and Mr. Thos. White, M. P., with a view of inspecting the Murray Canal. On Tuesday the corner stone of one of the piers was laid by Mr. Bowell, when the usual speeches followed.

—John Smith, a well-to-do farmer, living outside Deseronto, has been arrested for forgery. In 1876 he forged a note on his brother for $600. His brother issued a warrant and placed it in the hands of the constable at Shannonville, who telegraphed Constable Gunyon, of Deseronto, and the latter arrested him last night. He has been taken to Shannonville.

SQUARE DEALING AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

The largest stock of the best Western Flour at the lowest prices this year. One trial is all that is required to convince my customers that I am selling THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

Oatmeal by the barrel or pound; fresh ground Corn-meal in large quantities, and a full line of FEED, such as Bran, Western Shorts, Cracked Oats, Cracked Feed, Screenings, Cracked Peas and Cracked Wheat at bottom prices.

The finest STOCK OF GROCERIES just received. Sugars from 5c. per pound up; Teas, cheaper than ever; also, a large quantity of Herrings and Cod-fish, very low in price. I have on hand a quantity of new and second-hand pork-barrels to be sold cheap, and a large quantity of very large grain bags at the remarkably low price of $8 per hundred, and full assortment of bags. Salt, coarse and fine, cheaper than ever, and barrel salt at cost. Be sure and give me a call and obtain cheap bargains at the old stand.

A. BLEWETT.

Better than $1 a Bushel for Barley.

The cheapest and best Boots and Shoes ever sold in Napanee can now be found at A. Rose & Co.'s in the Rennie corner store.

Every person wanting Boots should avail themselves of this opportunity of getting them cheap. An immense stock to choose from and 20 per cent cheaper than ever before.

A. ROSE & Co.

NEW GOODS THIS WEEK

AT

HOOPER & BARBER'S

OUR READY-MADE ULSTERS AND MANTLES.

Have had such a run that we have bought another large lot at greatly REDUCED PRICES, and are in a position to give better bargains than ever We opened on Thursday another case of those low priced ulsters, extra value from $3.50 up. Also a case of German Mantles from $4.00 up.

CHILDREN'S MANTLES.—First lot completely sold out and a fresh stock received which we are offering cheap. Do not miss seeing these goods before buying. Mantles or Mantle Cloths for children.

GENTLEMEN'S UNDERCLOTHING.—Two more cases of our cheap all wool line received this week. These goods are the cheapest in the market and are selling rapidly.

SPECIAL DRIVE IN DRESS GOODS.—We have secured a big bargain in a line of colored dress goods which we bought at 50 cents on the dollar. These goods are offered as long as they last at 12 1-2 cents per yard. Full range of colors: Grenats, Bronzes, Browns, Navies, Myrtles, etc.

LACE CURTAINS.—We also offer some special bargains in Lace Curtains bought at greatly reduced prices.

STOCK COMPLETE in every department and all goods marked at closest possible prices.

Call and see our goods and prices before buying.

HOOPER & BARBER,
Importers, 209 Dundas St.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'Beirne, Proprietor. NAPANEE ON

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(Established 1810.)

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(Established 1819.)

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.
Capital and Surplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

SYMINGTON'S OPERA HALL,

NAPANEE, ONT.,

THOS. SYMINGTON, - - Proprietor

A. O. U. W.

Napanee Lodge No. 194,

Ancient Order of United Workmen meets on the first and third TUESDAYS of every Month, in the Orange Hall, over J. J. Perry's Drug Store, Dundas Street, Napanee.

J. L. BOYES, Rec. 21-1y Dr. LEONARD, M.W.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH & QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Special Time Table No 1.

In Effect August 4, 1884, 5 A. M.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 1. A M.	No. 3. P.M.	No. 5. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	6 00	1 00	5 15
Napanee Mills	"	6 15	1 15	5 30
Newburgh	"	6 23	1 25	5 40
Thompson's Mills*	"	6 30	1 32	5 50
Camden East	"	6 33	1 35	5 55
Yarker	"	6 45	1 45	6 20
Colebrook*	"	6 50	1 50	6 25
Galbraith Road*	"	6 53	1 53	6 28
Moscow	"	7 05	2 00	6 38
Mudlake Bridge*	"	7 15	2 10	6 50
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 15	6 55
Wilson's Crossing*	"	7 28	2 20	7 00
Tamworth	Arrive	7 45	2 35	7 15

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.	No. 6. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	8 15	3 05	7 40
Wilson's Crossing*	"	8 30	3 20	7 55
Enterprise	"	8 35	3 25	8 00
Mudlake Bridge*	"	8 40	3 30	8 05
Moscow	"	8 50	3 40	8 15
Galbraith Road*	"	9 02	3 50	8 23
Colebrooke*	"	9 07	3 55	8 28
Yarker	"	9 10	3 57	8 30
Camden East	"	9 25	4 10	8 50
Thompson's Mills*	"	9 30	4 15	8 55
Newburgh	"	9 37	4 20	9 05
Napanee Mills	"	9 45	4 25	9 15
Napanee	Arrive	10 00	4 40	9 30

*Stop only when passengers at or for.

R. C. Carter, Ass't Gen. Mgr. H. B. Sherwood, Superintendent. E. W. Rathbun, Gen. Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GIRL WANTED, — Apply at Cornell House, Chas. Cornell. 49-tf

WANTED.--TWENTY GIRLS, TO work in the Napanee Brush Factory. Apply at the office. 47-1m

NOTICE.

FROM THE

NAPANEE AGRICULTURAL W'KS

All parties indebted to the undersigned, either by note or book accounts, are requested to pay the same by the

15th Day of November.

We trust all parties interested will accept this notice and pay promptly.

JOHN HERRING.

Napanee, October 31, 1884.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

TICKET AGENCY!

Tickets sold to all parts of the world by the most direct routes, at lowest fares; also return and excursion tickets. Baggage checked through to destination.

Trains leave Napanee as follows:

—GOING WEST—

Afternoon Express	4.54 P. M.
Morning "	3.28 A. M.
Fast "	6.07 A. M.
Mixed	8.37 A. M.

—GOING EAST—

Noon Express	12.55 P. M.
Midnight "	12.53 A. M.
Mixed	11.00 P. M.

No mixed east Saturday nights. No express trains east or west Sunday afternoons. No fast express west

S. McLAUGHLIN

Desires to inform his numerous friends and the public generally that he has removed to his

NEW STORE

in the Dominion block, third door from the

Cor. Dundas & John-sts,

Where he will keep on hand a select assortment of cheap and seasonable

GROCERIES

WANTED.--TWENTY GIRLS, TO work in the Napanee Brush Factory. Apply at the office. 47-1m

TO LET.—Store in new Cartwright block, Dundas-st. Apply to NORMAN W. SCOTT or V. PERRY. 40

FARM TO RENT.—LOTS 17 AND 18, in the 5th Con. of Adolphustown. Address, R. H. BAKER, Deseronto. 49-4

FOR SALE.—Two or three good farms, situated within a few miles of Napanee. In excellent state of cultivation and good buildings. For full particulars apply to S. GIBSON, Barrister, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE FOR FARM PROPERTY.—The Napanee Opera House and the Eastern Store in the Opera House block. Located on best position on Dundas street. For particulars apply to THOMAS SYMINGTON, proprietor. 45

FOR SALE:—At a bargain, a farm of 135 acres in the Township of Sidney, County of Hastings, good markets, Railway &c. Also for sale what is known as the Unger farm, about 185 acres situated near the village of Deseronto. Apply to W. H. STEVENSON.
49-4pd Executor.

FARM FOR SALE.—Front part of Lot No. 17, 2nd concession of Richmond, containing 84 acres, within a mile of Napanee and on the leading road to Deseronto. A fine property. Will be sold at a bargain. For full information apply to JOHN ENGLISH, Solicitor, Napanee. 42-tf

FOR SALE.—South half of lot No. 25 in the 8th concession of Hinchinbrooke, being 100 acres of timbered land. A great bargain for somebody as timbered land is coming up. For particulars apply to DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

BUILDING FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The premises formerly occupied by the Napanee Brush Co., situated between Mill and Water streets, suitable for manufacturing of any kind. Terms easy. For full particulars apply to NELSON GERMAN, on the premises adjoining. 34-4 mos.

STOLEN, FROM THE PREMISES OF F. Fitzmartin, Newburgh road, on Oct. 8, a fox-colored horse with one white spot on forehead and two on the back, and one white hind leg. The horse is 14 1-2 hands high and 5 years old; $40 reward for the recovery of the horse, rig and thieves and $20 for the horse and rig alone. Address, CHIEF CONSTABLE ALLEN or F. FITZMARTIN. 48-6

SALE OF OLD BRICK SCHOOL HOUSE On Thursday, Nov. 6th. The above will be offered for sale by Public Auction at 2 o'clock p. m., on the premises of S. Section, No. 17, Ernesttown, One and a-half miles east of Violet.
A. M. SCOUTEN,
Ernesttown, Oct 21st, 1884. 49-2in Sec.-Treas.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—For sale on liberal terms or to let for a term of years. Situated three miles east of Napanee on the Kingston road; contains about 175 acres; particularly suitable for grain or dairy purposes. Excellent buildings, good fences, plenty of water. Privilege of ploughing and cultivating this fall. Possession given first of January. C. R. MILLER.
Napanee, July 2nd, 1884. 34-3 mos.

FARM FOR SALE.—As good a farm as there is in the township—west half of lot 24 in the 7th concession of Hinchinbrooke, containing 100 acres, being 25 acres under crop and 10 acres chopped that have never been cultivated. There is a new frame house 18x24 ft. and frame barn 24x36 ft.; quite a number of nice young fruit trees and a well that never fails between the house and barn; easy terms in payments. For further particulars apply to DAVID C. WAGER,
36-tf. Odessa P.O.

A JUMBO BARGAIN.—Farm for sale. North half of Lot No. 45 in the 4th concession of the township of Camden, at the village of Moscow, and only half a mile from station on the N., T. & Q. Railway, containing about 100 acres, with about 80 acres fit for the plough and 20 acres pasture and wood land. This is a very desirable farm, having all the advantages of daily stage and mail, post and telegraph offices, good school, good and abundant water, good orchard, well fenced, small frame house with wood house attached, splendid frame barn 36x48 with shed attached, 32x60, and good horse and cattle stable. The land is under excellent cultivation and contains all the good qualities of a Huffman street farm, and ready for crop in the spring. Good reasons given for selling. Apply to ZABA VANLUVEN,

Noon Express ..... 12.55 P. M.
Midnight " ..... 12.53 A. M.
Mixed ..... 11.00 P. M.

No mixed east Saturday nights. No express trains east or west Sunday afternoons. No fast express west Monday mornings. Second-class tickets not good on fast express.

PARTIES GOING TO ANY POINT

should purchase through tickets from

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent, Napanee.
Office of the Great North-Western Tel. Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. E. MING,

VETERINARY SURGEON.

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLL. SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office: Brisco House Block, East-st., NAPANEE,

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 50.

TO LADIES.

Fashionable Event of the Season.

Mrs. Miles, of Mr. Edmund Miles, (late Coiffeur to H. R. H. Princess Louise) London and Paris, Hair Works, Ottawa, under vice-regal patronage during the past twenty years, will, at the solicitation of many ladies, be at the

HUFFMAN HOUSE, NAPANEE,

From

Friday 7th to Monday, 10th November only,

with a large and fashionable selection of Bangs, Waves, All Long Hair Switches for forming the present fashionable coil, coverings for thin hair and other novelties.

Ladies will consult their interests by calling on Mrs. Miles at once, so that more attention can be paid them than in cases of delay until the LAST DAY OF HER VISIT.

Remember that sample rooms are open to ladies only.

An attendant will be in waiting to show ladies to rooms. SEE CIRCULARS. 1-in

SALE OF GRAIN STOREHOUSE.

The Co-operative Warehouse

OF NAPANEE,

will be sold on the premises, by Public Auction

—ON—

Friday, 21st November Next,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

The warehouse is 85,000 bushels capacity, built of stone with iron roof. It has a first-class elevator and blower and is convenient to ship by water or cars.

TERMS made known at time of sale.

By order of the Board,

JAMES DALY,
Manager.
Napanee, Oct 18, 1884. 49-td.

GROCERIES

Provisions, &c.,

FLOUR & FEED

Oysters and Fish

I handle Oysters from Baltimore direct, all the best brands. I have made arrangements for a car of Salt White Fish and Salmon Trout, to be delivered in December, at the lowest prices.

CASH PAID FOR POTATOES, OATS, PEAS AND BUCKWHEAT.

S. McLAUGHLIN.

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

T., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1884. VOL. XXIII. No. 50

COUNTY NEWS.

Bethel.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

--Wedding bells are sounding. At the residence of Mr. Samuel Greenway, Clark's Mills, Mr. David Smith was united to Miss Hattie Greenway by the Rev. Mr. Elliott. A pleasant time to them.

—At the residence of W. Galbraith, 2d Con. of Camden, his daughter Mary was married to Mr. G. Irish, of Hartington.

—J. Alcombrack has built a handsome residence, where he intends to reside.

Jottings from the North.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The manager for Mr. Sutherland, lumberman, of Belleville, left here for Belleville, seriously disposed. Only a week ago he was hauling logs over the tramway, in good health. His family physician has but little hopes of his recovery.

—Mr. Fred Kenyon and sister are the guests of Amos Spencer.

—At Flinton, on the 20th inst, by the Rev. Mr. Brown, Mr. George Deline, formerly of Richmond, to Miss Essa Blanche, second daughter of Mr. A. P. Wickware, of this place. No cards. Among the many friends, the writer extends his warmest congratulations, wishing the happy couple every felicity, trusting their only troubles may be "little ones."

—The Scott-Snider hunting party returned on the 25th ult., on their route to Napanee, from Plevna. Some five deer were the spoil.

Odessa.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Every room in our village is occupied, and inquiries are made daily for tenements and business places to let.

—We very much need a tailor, and last week one Mr. Buchanan, said to be a first-class man, searched diligently for a place to set up business but found every place taken up.

—Among the latest arrivals is Mrs. Seeley, whose name has been prominently before the public in connection with a case recently tried in Kingston.

—Prof. Hodge gave an entertainment in the town hall on Friday evening last, which was well attended.

—Our municipal fathers have at last displayed some regard for the aesthetic and have thoroughly renovated the town hall. The audience room has been enlarged, a new ceiling put on and thoroughly painted throughout. It now has a very pleasing appearance.

—Last Sunday morning a memorial service was held in the church here, when reference was made to Ida and Harry, the deceased children of Mr. E. Clark, who were buried recently, both on the same day.

—The quarterly meeting of the Odessa Circuit will be held here next Sunday morning. The Quarterly Board will meet on Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 4.

—The Odessa Lodge, I. O. G. T., will hold an open temple in the Town Hall, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 4th.

—Dr. Meacham left here on Monday last to lay the petition for the submission of the Scott Act in this county before the Government. It was understood that the Rev. M. L. Pearson would accompany him.

Napanee Mills.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. Ward, agent for the Map of Ontario, published by Mr. Carter, of Toronto, visited Napanee Mills on Tuesday, and exhibited his map to the teachers and one of the trustees. The map is a good one and seemed accurate enough, except that the territory lately awarded to Ontario was not given on the map itself but printed in one corner along with a small map of

After considerable wrangling the Yarker men threw out the bait to Colebrook that if they would support the by-law a station would be built half way between the two places. Colebrook swallowed the bait and agreed to help and the by-law was carried. At that time the line was surveyed to run nearly a mile from Yarker and a half mile from Colebrook, and except at Galbraith's Crossing the station would not have been near either place. Yarker men by giving a bond to the company of $4,000 to secure them against loss, had the line changed to its present position, which has altered the position of placing the stations far from the leading roads of travel and making a station at Yarker a necessity to accommodate the travelling public. Mr. Rathbun, in order to satisfy the Colebrook people, offered to build them a comfortable station at Galbraith's Crossing, which would be the best place for their accommodation, but they refused. To meet the the requirements of the by-law a station has been built half way between the two places, and if not used it can be made a section house. Colebrook's honest poet can now give Chapter 3 by copying another's brain work, without acknowledging the author.

Moscow.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The Yarker correspondent is not satisfied with upholding the Yarkerites in their malignity and strategem with the Colebrook people in regard to the station, but has opened fire on Moscow just because it possessed a director with a little too much wit and influence for them, and didn't get the "grand bounce," as their director did. We don't think Mr. Rathbun desires any advice, especially from the Yarker correspondent, as to whom he will give the g. b. He is a man of good sense and saw long ago who deserved the g. b., and gave it, too. We would advise our Yarker friend to be a little careful how he attacks our directors, as we well know he has been previously attacked by the Yarkerites and they have always got trapped.

—Mr. Samuel Syke being the only shoemaker in town, is doing a rushing business. Rumour says he will take a partner soon. It's all right, Sam.

—Messrs. Benjamin and O'Loughlin, of Yarker, and Mr. VanLuven, of this place are buying barley at the station; very little has been bought yet.

—A large and convenient coal shed has been erected here.

—The population of our little hamlet has been augmented by some new families lately.

—Mr. Hiram Johnston is making preparations to build a grand brick residence next year. Ah, Hiram what next!

—The missionary meeting was held on Monday night last but on account of the storm was poorly attended.

Bath.

Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

THE HUNTERS' RETURN.—Mr. Peter Amey, proprietor of the Bay View House, returned on Tuesday from Gull Lake, in the Township of Clarendon, with five fine deer, the result of one week's work on the hunting grounds. He was accompanied in his expedition by Capt. Jack Miller, a noted hunter of the interior, to whom he is very much indebted for the quantity of game bagged on this occasion. The "king of the forest," a magnificent buck weighing 256 pounds, was captured by Mr. Amey after an exciting chase on Gull Lake. He was first discovered towards the middle of the lake, swimming in true Boynton style against wind and current. Mr. Amey jumped into his little boat and started in pursuit, and after an hour's hard pulling, he had gained sufficiently on him to send a ball across his bow, which instead of stopping his lead added impetus to his movements, and he spurted "a la Hanlon," and left his pursuer far behind. It was some minutes before Mr. Amey could regain his lost ground.

Sharbot Lake.

NOTES.—Messrs. David Taggart and Norman Switzer are home from Oso on a short visit.—There are three operators engaged at the depot.—Several deer have been killed this fall.—John Docil killed a bear last week which weighed 78 pounds and William Harrison one that weighed 250 pounds.—The boys are catching lots of salmon.—Mr. Newlands, of Kingston, is finishing Gen. Aspinwall's cottage.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The dedicalion of St. James' Roman Catholic Church, at Sharbot Lake, took place on Wednesday. Low Mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Twohey, and His Lordship Bishop Cleary delivered an able address. The little church, which will seat about 400 people, was filled. At the close of the services a collection was taken up and the neat little sum of $130 was subscribed. The bishop appointed Rev. Father Kelly, of Kingston, parish priest.—Whig.

Stella—Amherst Island.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Notwithstanding the gale of Monday, the Hero got to Stella safely but lay here for the day, giving the crew a chance to see their friends once more before the season closes.

—The dairy is closed at last after a very successful season, but they have not got all the cheese shipped although they are all made.

—I see your Ernestown correspondent says barley is going to go up. I wish it would start soon, for it is getting late in the season—only one more month to come and go and winter is here.

—The missionary meeting in the Presbyterian Church was a success. Mr. Coulthard gave an eloquent address on missions, and although it is generally a dry subject, he made it very interesting for an hour.

—The first meeting of our dancing school was more than successful, thirty-four members joining and others still to join. Next meeting, Nov. 6th, Thanksgiving Day, I guess we will give thanks in music and dancing.

—If Stella's vote will kill the Scott Act they may as well withdraw the petition to the Government for an election, and let things go on as they are.

—If it was known who spat on that young lady's dress the evening of the dancing class, there would be hot times for a little while.

—No mail Saturday or Monday on account of the high winds. Oh, that we had a telegraph!

DANIEL.

Centreville.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—There, girls, didn't we say that he would be back again?

—The days are now in the "sere and yellow leaf."

—Miss Ida Lucas, of Moscow, has been spending a week with Miss Grace Long.

—Miss Laura Somerson of Newburgh, spent Wednesday with Miss Willie Vrooman of this place.

—Master Harold Miller, son of Mr. J. S. Miller, has been dangerously ill with diphtheria, but under the skilful treatment of Drs. Beeman and Ruttan, is slowly recovering. There have been some other light attacks of the disease in the village but all are now convalescent.

—The residents of the village were gladdened one day last week by the return of Mrs. and Miss Ash from visiting their brother, Mr. Cyrus Ash, who is doing a rushing business in Hastings village.

—Mrs A. Jones, of Centreville, has been spending a few days in Napanee.

—The zeal and enterprise of some of our most influential men in the church, is shown by the handsome new iron fences around two of the grave yards, which have just been completed at a cost of $150. The appearance of the yard is very much improved by the erection of three very handsome monuments.

—The second social under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, was held at Mr. Charles Wagar's, and was a grand success, Tamworth, Enterprise, Moscow and Yarker being well represented. Receipts, about $13, which are to go

map to the teachers and one of the trustees. The map is a good one and seemed accurate enough, except that the territory lately awarded to Ontario was not given on the map itself but printed in one corner along with a small map of Ontario and marked, "disputed territory." Mr. Lasher, trustee, made the remark that maps would soon be published assigning the said disputed territory to its correct position in North-Western Ontario, on the same scale as this map of Ontario, at which this encyclopoedia of knowledge (Mr. Ward) said it would be impossible to do so as a map with the disputed territory and Ontario proper upon it, on the same scale as the one he represented, would have to be seven times as long as the said map of Ontario alone, or about 35 feet. Then came a disagreement between the teacher and the agent at to the size the map should be, when Mr. Ward measured off seven lengths of his map, or tried to do so, but could not find enough counter. Mr. Stratton tried to explain to him that the map would only have to be a trifle more than as long again, when the agent called him a fool, and told him he did not know anything, and indulged in such slang as, "He's a smarty; he's one of the smarty's." Now, Mr. Editor, if the said disputed territory takes up six times as much space on the map as Ontario would take on the same scale, should not Hon. Mr. Mowat, who gained it for Ontario, be carried around upon the hands of the people and held up to future generations as the champion of Ontario's rights instead of being allowed to go with only a public demonstration of his popularity. We hope to meet Mr. Ward, this paragon of knowledge, again.

Yarker.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Corporate bodies, they say, have no souls. It was the first time we were made aware that employees were not possessed of any when that precious epistle appeared in your paper from the telegraph agent at Harrowsmith. He cares nothing about what suffering is caused by blunders made by operators, but he is very anxious that the public should not know it. He denies that the error was made. This denial will not alter the facts, but it directs suspicion more clearly to the Harrowsmith office from the fact that at Harrowsmith there is a loup line leading to Colebrook and Yarker which is sometimes used to send messages, but not very often. The operator at Sharbot Lake states that he sent the message as he received it from Dr. Cannon, that Herbert was better. The message was received by the operator at Kingston that Herbert was dead. The question is, where was the change made? What particular knowledge has the operator at Harrowsmith that the line was open through to Kingston? Let us hear the facts. This is not the only mistake that has been made nor are satisfactory explanations given by the heads of the company. Many people have lost confidence in this mode of communication with friends, and if necessary I can give several mistakes made that have caused inconvenience and trouble to several parties.

—The first accident occurred on Saturday, when the 4 o'clock down train struck a two-year-old heifer belonging to Charles Emberly, the engine lifting her from the track and killing her instantly. No other damage was done. His land is on both sides of the track, and his gates, which were put on by the Company, appear to have been left open, and thus the cow got on the track. There are others who should take warning, for the engineer is greatly annoyed by cows on the track.

—The C. M. Church was comfortably heated on Sabbath, to the satisfaction of all present. New drums and pipes have been put in by W. Drury, tinsmith, and he has accomplished the heating of the church without causing smoke, to the discomfort of the congregation.

—George McDonald is doing a rushing business buying grain and shipping it by the N. T. & Q. Railway. He is securing most of the grain around Moscow, Colebrook and Clark's Mills.

—Mr. Henry Ashley gave a party Monday evening to welcome his son-in-law, Rev. Mr. Jones. Among the guests were Dr. and Mrs. Cannon and Mr. and Mrs. H. Cambridge.

—Mr. G. D. Hawley, M. P. P., was in our village Tuesday and went away by the evening train.

—John Bredin of Kingston, was here Tuesday taking a view of our village. He was surprised at the progress made.

—Mrs. Furz of Violet, was the guest of H. Cambridge on Sunday.

—Mrs. W. Drury of Kingston, visited friends here Sunday.

—J. Crumbley, A. C. Scott's baker, has left for Michigan.

—Miss Scott, of Newburgh, returned home on Saturday after a week's visit.

—I will give your readers a short chapter of the Colebrook and Yarker dispute: The township by-law granting a bonus to the railway company, was defeated on the first vote. To secure its passage a little electioneering was done, and the Yarker men do not profess to be saints, so they set to work to secure the co operation of Colebrook, which was hostile to the road. send a ball across his bow, which instead of stopping his lead added impetus to his movements, and he spurted "a la Hanlon," and left his pursuer far behind. It was some minutes before Mr. Amey could regain his lost ground, but when he did and had levelled his rifle for the second time and fired, the deer was seen to waver in his course, as if wounded; a third shot however, settled the business for him, and Mr. Amey had the proud satisfaction of lassoing and conveying him safely to land. This fine animal will remain on exhibition at the Bay View House for a few days, in order that those desirous of beholding one of the monarchs of the forest, may view his remains.

RESULT OF ADVERTISING.—Mr E. McKenty reports a boom in business since the issue of his celebrated advertisement, offering all kinds of goods at prices reaching way down below zero. He declares now that there is a balm in Gilead, and that balm is printers' ink.

—Mr. F. H. Priest is doing an immense trade through the county. He keeps two teams constantly on the road supplying the farmers with goods in his line. He is deserving of much credit for placing the price of bread at 10c. per loaf, in advance of any other dealer in the county. This is a step in the right direction and worthy of being recorded.

TEMPERANCE.—Mr. McMurray delivered a lecture on this well worn subject, at the town hall on Friday evening last, to a house well filled with lovers of the cause. The Bath choir, under the able leadership of Mrs. C. L. Rogers, furnished the music for the occasion. The lecturer complimented them very highly for their efficiency and expressed himself as delighted with the selections which had been so ably rendered.

PERSONAL.—The Misses Stella and Maud Walker, daughters of Sidney Walker, Esq., of Odessa, and Miss Linter of Kingston, were the guests of Miss May Rogers on Tuesday last. They visited the different places of interest in and around our cozy little town and expressed themselves well pleased with their visit.

Newburgh.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. McMurray, the celebrated Canadian temperance orator, delivered a telling address on Wednesday evening to a large audience. He dwelt on the superiority of the Scott Act over the Dunkin Bill and spoke very forcibly on the ruin intemperance had wrought on the brightest and best in the land. On Sunday morning and evening he addressed large congregations in the Methodist Church. In the afternoon he gave a very excellent address to the Sabbath School children, and a large number of parents, visitors to the school. Monday evening he delivered a very laughable and comical lecture on Wit, Humor and Humorists, and gave many specimens of native English, Irish, Scotch and American wit and humor. He awarded the palm of victory to the son of Erin. The proceeds were something over $10. Mr. McMurray is a fine speaker and writer and has a keen sense of the humorous and ridiculous. We bespeak for him a large house wherever he goes. His lecture stood the test.

—It is reported that the cheese factory here will close in a couple of weeks.

—Mr. Thomas Scott has bought the right and title of the celebrated feather cleaner, and will make the feathers fly this winter.

—Mr. Ed. Madden is re-shingling his drive house and stable.

—Mr. Stephen Hill returned home last week for the winter.

—The coal at the station is selling very fast.

—The telegraph poles on the N. T. & Q. RR. are set up as far as Newburgh.

—Mrs. Jackson, an elderly lady and a highly respected resident of this vicinity, died on Thursday and was buried on Saturday in the Methodist Cemetery. Rev. A. Elliott, B. A., conducted the services at her late residence.

—Miss Coutts Burdett, who has been very low for some weeks past, is now convalescent.

—Rev. Mr. Briden, who has been prostrated during the past week, is slowly improving.

—Mrs. Wm. Nugent has gone west to visit relatives and friends in the vicinity of Peterboro and Port Hope.

—Mr. Burdett's new building on Main Street, is progressing very fast to completion. It will be both useful and ornamental to our village. He is about the only man of an enterprising turn in the place. He builds good commodious dwellings for his tenants and is sure to keep them for a long time. We never heard of a tenant moving from one of his houses to another in the village.

—A hotel keeper in our town who is not in the habit of buying his bread from our village baker, presented him with a number of his bread tickets which he had taken over his bar for whisky. Who would not vote for the Scott Act?

—Mr. Carsallen, of Napanee, has rented Mr. Burdett's hall for a roller skating rink.

EYE OPEN.

Freeman's Worm Powders are safe in all cases. They destroy and remove Worms in children or adults.

—The second social under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, was held at Mr. Charles Wagar's, and was a grand success, Tamworth, Enterprise, Moscow and Yarker being well represented. Receipts, about $13, which are to go towards furnishing the parsonage. The Centre-villians indulged in rather a primitive way of getting there, about twenty-five going in a lumber wagon. However, they were a jolly load, and they didn't get home till morning. The horses seemed to have the easiest time of it as they stood still in the road most of the time, the driver being so absorbed in entertaining the young ladies of the party that he forgot his duty, or perhaps he was moon struck.

—The ladies of the Methodist Church have re-organized a Ladies' Aid Society and propose holding several socials with the view of raising money for the parsonage. The first was held at Mr. E. J. Williams', Tuesday, 21st, and the second at Mr. C. Wagar's on the 28th. The next one will be given by Misses Ash, Shorey and Callary, and will be held at the residence of Miss Ash on November 25th. All are invited.

URIAH HEEP.

LITERARY NOTES.

Popular Science Monthly.

The 26th volume of this popular magazine opens auspiciously with the November number, which contains a number of very interesting and able papers. In the leading article on "The Relations between Mind and the Nervous System," Dr. W. A. Hammond defines mind as a force developed by gray nerve tissues, and maintaining that this force is generated wherever in the living organism, gray-nerve tissue is found. Some of Dr. Hammond's conclusions in this article are at variance with the teachings of Phrenology. In this number Herbert Spencer very ably replies to Frederic Harrison as to the "Origin of Synthetic Philosophy." "Pending Problems of Astronomy," by Prof. C. A. Young, and "What is Electricity?" by Prof. John Trowbridge, are two interesting addresses given at the recent meeting of the American Association. On the "German Testimony on Classics Question" Mr. F. A. Fernald has a very interesting paper, showing the German testimony is not all on one side and outlining the course of study demanded by the Modernists. "The future of the Negro in the South," by J. B. Craighead; "Drowning the Torrent in Vegetation," by S. W. Powell; "Chilian Volcanoes, Active and Extinct," by Karl Ochsenious; "The Chemistry of Cookery," by W. Mattieee Williams; "Domestic Arts in Damaraland," by Rev. C. G. Butner; "The Oil Supply of the World" and a "Sketch of Prof. James Hall" are all interesting articles. The Editor in his usually vigorous and trenchent style comments on the Philadelphia meeting of the American Association, the Spencer-Harrison controversy, and the contrast between Words and Things in education, the reality of which has recently been denied by Prof. Porter. New York: D. Appleton & Co., 50c. a number, $5 a year.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve suffering humanity, I will send free of charge to all who desire it this receipt in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 119 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.

No Matter.

No matter where pain, lameness or soreness exists, Hagyard's Yellow oil taken or applied will give immediate relief, and a positive cure quickly follows its use.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest is a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting of teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 14-1 2-1y.

Dr. Low's Worm Syrup will remove all kinds of Worms from children or adults.

Legal Cards.

WILLIAMS & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.

W. S. WILLIAMS. W. G. WILSON.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

JOHN ENGLISH, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, etc. Office—In the room lately occupied by Mr. E. B. Stone, over Henry's Book Store. Napanee.

A. L. MORDEN, CO. CROWN ATTORNEY, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, etc. Office— McMullen's Block, Dundas-street, Napanee, Ont.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office --Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

JAMES GRANGE M.D., M. C. P. & S., Ontario, Graduate University of Victoria College and College of Physicians and Surgeons New York For some years Physician and Surgeon Royal Cariboo Hospital, B. C. Particular attention paid to diseases of the eye. Office—Corner of Bridge and Centre Sts., Napanee. 1-1y

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan at **6** PER CENT.

Straight loan. No commission charged.

JAMES DALY.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

$200,000 TO LEND AT 6 AND 6½ per Cent. for any term of years. No Commission Charged WILLIAMS & WILSON.

Napanee, Dec. 1, 1881.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox, Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

R. J. GIRVIN, ISSUER OF MAR IAGE Licenses and Certificates, Commissioner in B. R. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool,

Miscellaneous.

NAPANEE LIME WORKS.

We, the undersigned, have engaged the services of first class men and are prepared to furnish Roach Lime at lower rates than any other parties in the county. All our lime is burned by wood. Delivered by boat or rail. All orders promptly attended to.

20-1y PERRY & GALT.

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

Second-hand, stationery, 12-horse power. Engine has been rebuilt since taken out and is as good as new. Boiler is locomotive style and in good order with heater. The above will be sold cheap.

G. L. MAIR & BRO.

Napanee, March 7th, 1884. 15

FOR SALE —The undersigned offers for sale his large brick residence on the west side of East street. The house having been built under his own supervision, with all due attention to drainage, ventilation, etc., is one of the most desirable in the town. Fine garden with choicest fruit trees in excellent condition Terms easy. Apply to

A. S. BRISTOL, M.D.

Napanee, April 22, 1884. 24

I HAVE PLEASURE IN STATING TO my customers that my facilities for furnishing the best COAL at the LOWEST prices are now complete.

Thanking you for your past patronage and soliciting your orders for another year.

R. S. SHIPMAN,
Agent for the Rathbun Company

Napanee, May 23rd, 1884. 28-4mos.

47TH BATTALION BAND.

The 47th Battalion Band is now prepared to accept engagements and furnish first-class music, either brass or string, on the shortest notice. For further particulars apply to

EDWIN BROOKS, Leader.
CHART. BRUTON, Pres.
ROBERT VANCE, Sec'y.
HERMAN MENG, Treasurer.

Napanee, May 22nd, 1884. 28 6mos.

AWNINGS

F. BEZO

Wishes to inform the people of Napanee and surrounding towns that he is prepared to make awnings and tents of any size or shape, also canvas and cord hammocks Hammocks kept constantly on hand, wholesale or retail.

Give me a call.

19 **F. BEZO, Dundas St., Napanee.**

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Grange Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President,
N. A. CATON, ESQ., - - Vice-Pres.

Directors.

B. B. LLOYD, - W. R. GORDANIER,
MILES SHOREY.
CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
J. N. McKIM, Agent.

Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine,

for which we have been appointed agents. It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for them-

AGRICULTURAL.

Seasonable Hints.

Nothing but the best and sweetest of food should be given to a flock of laying hens at this season of the year, because if they should stop laying when cold weather sets in, it would be very difficult to get them to lay again until after the first of January.

The time is approaching when every breeder should see that his fowls are provided with green food for winter use. Fowls as well as other animals require a certain amount of coarse and refuse matter to keep them free from constipation, indigestion and other kindred complaints. Before winter sets in, stow away cabbage, turnips, rowen, onions, and potatoes for the fowls.

There are points about hens moulting that ought to be better understood than they now are. It takes them nearly three months to go entirely through the process. When this begins they are generally sent to market, and unless the pullets are early, and begin to lay before winter sets in, they will probably not begin laying before spring, and the egg crop will be short. A better way is, to feed the hens well when moulting, and as all do not moult at one time, some eggs may be obtained nearly, or quite all through that trying period. By a judicious mode of feeding, connected with a little stimulating food, we may bring them through and put them in a fix to lay and develope a good coat of new feathers before cold weather sets in. Thus the chances will be that, if properly housed, a supply of eggs will be had all winter. From this course may be gained two advantages: Eggs are had in the winter when they command the highest price, and the hens will be the first to sit in the spring just when the good housewife or professional poulry keeper is most anxious to have the hens do that very thing. Hens which have passed the age of usefulness and those which put off moulting into cold weather should be sold as soon as the facts are known. There is no profit in such; let them go.—[American Stock Breeder.

Feeding Milch Cows.

Three times a day will suffice--early in the morning, mid-day, and at night. An exception to this may, however, be made, in the very long nights in winter. At this season a fourth feed to supper up with will be necessary, as the nights being so long too much would otherwise have to be given at the evening meal. Of course, such things as extra cake, &c., would be dealt out at the other feeding times. The cows should be so fed that a clean manger is always found when supplying the following meal. Water, too, should be allowed *ad libitum* with each meal. The feeding of beasts little and often may be carried out too far, as visiting them too often disturbs them in their necessary rest. Neither is it a good plan to be constantly pressing food upon them. Intervals to chew the cud and digest their food are demanded by nature. Some proper foods are sweet meadow hay, given partly long and partly chaffed, with some oat or barley straw mixed with pulp carrots, or cow cabbage, whichever are the more

'n B. K. Agent Standard Insurance Co., Hamilton. Stella P.O., Amherst Isl. 51-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

ANSON STORMS, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, Conveyancer, Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c., Odessa, Ont.

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALLISON, DORLAND & NEWBURY, Proprietors.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee,

JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, ropriетor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-1y

HO! FOR THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT!

The Lake Shore House

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED AT THE

—SANDBANKS,—

Is now open for the season of 1884, under the same management as of former years. This delightful locality is now fully recognized as one of the most inviting places for those who wish to escape the intense heat in towns and cities during the summer months, and retire to a place where all the comforts of a home are at command.

Beautiful scenery, together with a charming view of the far-famed Sandbanks, boating, fine fishing grounds, etc., form a few of the attractions.

Beautiful secenery, well furnished and well-ventilated rooms *en suite* or single.

Board, per week	$5 00
" " day	1 40
Meals	35
Horses in barn to hay and grain	30

Tables supplied with the delicacies of the season. Bath-rooms in connection with the house. Also boat, livery and bathing houses.

Good music for dancing furnished on the shortest notice.

Conveniences for pic-nic parties at reasonable rates.

NEIL M'DONALD. McDONALD & HYATT
JOHN W. HYATT. 131-3mos. Proprietors

It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine.

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired. All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
42 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give atisfaction every time. W. & B

Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING
JAUNDICE.	OF THE HEART,
ERYSIPELAS,	ACIDITY OF
SALT RHEUM,	THE STOMACH,
HEARTBURN,	DRYNESS
HEADACHE,	OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS or BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St. New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dreaded disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 164 Penn st., Williamsburgh, N.Y.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (free) the receipt for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, Ben Vandelf & Co., 12 Barclay street, New York.

foods are sweet meadow hay, given partly long and partly chaffed, with some oat or barley straw mixed with pulp carrots, or cow cabbage, whichever are the more easily obtained, and from one to two gallons of scalded bran per day. A little mixed cotton or linseed cake every day would also improve the condition of the animal and the quality of the milk. Oats, too, are an excellent and cheap milk producer, if some of the above food cannot be obtained. Oats, however, should be crushed, or they would not be digested by all animals.

Fall Ploughing.

Joseph Harris thinks that farm horses can be put to no better use in autumn than pulling the plough. In the September *Agriculturist* he says: "There is nothing pays so well as fall ploughing, and getting land ready for spring ploughing. The longer I live the more I am impressed with this fact. I say nothing on the disputed question in regard to breaking up sod land in the autumn. It is possible, as some claim, that there is a loss from drainage. But if anyone will plough my land in the fall, I will run the risk. But what I have specially in mind is, land not occupied with any crop—corn land, potato land, bean land, stubble land and weed land. Stick in the plough if you can spare the time; if not, harrow or cultivate. Better still, do both. Light, sandy land, ploughed and prepared in the autumn, can be sown in the spring without ploughing. Heavy land, if ploughed and worked in the fall, may need ploughing again in the spring, but the work will be easier and the land better. Keep the horses busy until the snow flies. But the earlier the work is done the better. One ploughing while the land is dry is worth two ploughings when it is wet."

Onions.

Onions require a warm, light soil, such as is found in Spain and Egypt. The Spanish onion can almost be eaten without any condiments, but let any one try the same experiment with our Whethesfield, or other species of onion. The rank flavor is overpowering. To grow fine delicate onions, choose light warm soil and encourage a very rapid growth. We cannot, however, except in a few specially favored localities, grow onions equal to those of Spain, but we can grow better ones than those usually sent to market. For cooking purposes, the strong flavored onion may answer to the majority of persons, but the proper way to eat an onion is to eat it raw. I have eaten them thus in Spain with oil and bread and found them palatable. But I never could go their garlic.

Selecting a Milch Cow.

The best sign for richness of milk is a deep orange color inside the ears. Such is said to be infallible, but there are accompanying points that assist the expert in making this selection from a number. After examining the ears, feel the skin on the rump, and observe that it should be soft, velvety, and fall again to its position when the hand is removed. The hair should be fine and silky, with a yellowish cast underneath. The milk veins should be very prominent, large and uniform in

well balanced, extending full to the rear, and well forward in front. The bones should be fine, the eye mild and expressive, the body showing a tendency to avoid accumulating fat, the teats even and at regular intervals, with the escutcheon well defined, dandruff being easily rubbed therefrom, and the cow should be not only a good feeder but a good drinker also.

Fodder.

I often read in the agricultural press advice as to economy of fodder, and paragraphs are frequently met with wherein the farmer is advised to feed beet tops, or cabbage leaves, instead of allowing them to waste. Putting aside the fact that corn fodder or other green crops can be grown so cheaply, I question very much whether cabbage leaves are food for cattle; they flavor the milk, unless fed after milking, and at no other time. Beet or mangold leaves are good feed, but I would rather let the cows wander through the field and help themselves than bother cutting them for them. This I have done, and though I cannot go so far as to say it was a benefit to the root crop to be shorn of a few of its leaves, I know no injury was done.

Ghost Story from the Far East.

A correspondent in Canton sends us the following story for the Spiritualists from the Marshall Islands: "The end of last year, or the beginning of this, an American ship, the Ranier, was wrecked on these islands, and about twenty men found refuge on them. But their number being too large for their supply of provisions, it was agreed that they should separate. The captain caused a small 20-ton schooner to be built of the remains of the wreck, and, taking ten of the crew and a share of the provisions, sailed away for another island of the group, about 300 miles off. The rest of the crew was left in charge of the first mate—a son-in-law of the captain. The second mate was sent off to make his way to Saigon and appeal for aid. This he did, finally reaching Hong Kong, when the United States corvette Essex was dispatched to the rescue, carrying the second mate as a guide. Meanwhile the King of the island on which the shipwrecked men were, who was kind and friendly to them, was full of forebodings as to the fate of the captain's party, and the second mate said they would never see them again, and so on. But one day he came with different tidings. It seems he was in the habit of holding spiritual communion with his dead wife, by name Olivia. In one of these seances he had, I suppose, asked her if she could give him any tidings, any hopes for his shipwrecked friends. She said that on a Sunday a sail would be seen, and they would be rescued. The King brought these news with great joy to the refugees, and with some curiosity they awaited the result. This must have been some four months after they were wrecked. Sure enough, on the following Sunday a sail was seen, but in spite of their efforts to attract attention the ship passed on her course. But the Sunday after that, the rescuing ship, the Essex, appeared in sight, and eventually took them all off. This story was related by an officer of the Essex to a friend of mine, who at once

A MARVELOUS STORY

TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 28, 1882.

"Gentlemen: My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I could easily name fifty persons who would testify to the facts in his case.

Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Six months ago I was completely covered with a terrible humor and scrofulous sores. The humor caused an incessant and intolerable itching, and the skin cracked so as to cause the blood to flow in many places whenever I moved. My sufferings were great, and my life a burden. I commenced the use of the SARSAPARILLA in April last, and have used it regularly since that time. My condition began to improve at once. The sores have all healed, and I feel perfectly well in every respect—being now able to do a good day's work, although 73 years of age. Many inquire what has wrought such a cure in my case, and I tell them, as I have here tried to tell you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully,

HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures **Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin.** It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by E. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

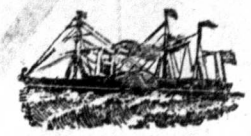
Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

NAPANEE PLANING MILLS.

Steamboats.



THE REINEEER.

CAPT. COLLIER.

The new, fast and commodious Steamer "Reindeer" will, until further announcement, run on the following route:—Leave Conway Dock, South Fredericksburgh, at 5.30 a.m. for Picton and Napanee, touching at all intermediate ports, will reach Napanee at 10 a.m. Returning, will leave Napanee at 3 p.m. and Picton at 5.30 p.m.

Napanee, May 7th, 1884. 20

DESERONTO NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED

Until further notice the following steamers of the above company will run as follows:

STR. DESERONTO.

L've Napanee	6 00 A.M.	L've Picton	3 00 P.M.
" Deseronto	6 45 "	" Deseronto	5 00 "
Arrive Picton	8 30 "	" Napanee	6.50 "

This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto.

L've Picton 9.30 a.m. L've Deseronto 1.00 p.m.
Arr. Deseronto 11.00 a.m. Arr. Picton 2.30 p.m.

STR. PILGRIM.

L've Napanee	9.00 a.m.	1 00 p.m.	4.00 p.m.
" Deseronto	7.30 "	10.30 a.m.	2.30

STR. QUINTE.

L've Picton	6.00	L've Trenton	00 p.m.
" Deseronto	7.30	" Belleville	3.00 "
" Northport	8.00	" Northport	4.30 "
" Belleville	10.00	" Deseronto	5.30 "
Arr. Trenton	11.00	Arr. Picton	7.00 "

MEACHER'S LIME WORKS

NAPANEE.

The following testimonials speak for themselves:

It is the Best.

I hereby certify that I can highly recommend Mr. Meagher's lime for plastering or building brick and stone. I have been paying particular attention to it and other lime and find it is the best. LENDRIK SAUL.

Napanee, April 21, 1884.

Good Quality and According to Agreement.

This is to certify that Mr. Meagher supplied us with lime for house of good quality and according to agreement. HENRY HUFFMAN. CYRUS B. HUFFMAN.

Fredericksburgh, 14th April, 1884.

Will Make Durable Work

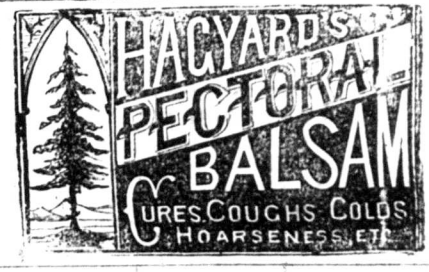
We, the undersigned, having used Meagher & Son's lime for stone and brick work and plastering, believe it of good quality and will make durable work, and would recommend to any person who may be in want of it.

George Mills, George Cliff,
Scott & Perry, W. A. Emery,
Robert Light, F. . Little
John A. Cliff, Robert McMullen.
Wm. Saul.

Napanee, April 14, 1884.

Orders solicited. Works: Roblin's Hill.

JAMES MEAGHER & SON.



SEASON OF 1884.

This story was related by an officer of the Essex to a friend of mine, who at once came and told it to me. I will add, for the benefit of any ardent Spiritualists or newspaper correspondents, who may desire to go at once to the Marshall Islands in search of new revelations from savage mediums, or to interview the King, that these islands are in the North Pacific Ocean, to the Southwest of the Sandwich Isles, and that there is very little communication with them.—[Fall Mal Gazette.

The Brahman's Terrible Mistake

Some shocking tragedies have occured in the Sibsagcr district of India. A travelling honarie jeweller arrived late one evening at the house of a Brahman with whom he had a slight acquaintance, and displayed his wares. The Brahman, after making some purchase, offered to put him up for the night. The offer was gladly accepted, and it was arranged that the jeweller should sleep on the floor in the room occupied by the Brahman's son, the Brahman and his wife occupying the other room. While preparing to turn in the honarie heard the sharpening of a dao, and fragments of conversation between the Brahman and his wife.

Suspecting foul play, he induced the son to change places with him; and as soon as the former was asleep, placed a dummy composed of a bundle of clothes on the bed, crept quietly out, and ascended a tree at the back of the house. In about half an hour he heard the dao doing its work, then exclamations of dissappointment at finding no plunder, shortly afterward followed by a cry of anguish at the discovery of the mistake the murderer had made. From his place of concealment the jeweller then saw the Brahman come under the tree with a hoe. Here he dug a grave, in which he buried the body of his son. At early dawn the jeweller descended from his hiding place and gave information at the nearest thanna. The police found the body under the tree and arrested the Brahman, whose trial comes off at the next assizes.

A Knowing Dog.

A lady in Newport, who honors me with her friendship, owns a remarkable dog. He is a King Charles spaniel, I believe. The dog is certainly a beauty, with his silky coat, his long ears, and his sympathetic eyes. I don't know his name; it is "Too-too," "Tutu," or "Toto," and they all sound alike, and I never have seen the dear dog's name spelled out. When this famous dog is on exhibition in the beautiful home of my friend, he does wonderful things. His mistress giving him a bit of cracker, says: "Tutu, there is sugar in this, and sugar costs a good deal of money." The dog takes a little bite, and in his mouth hands—if a dog can "hand" a thing in his mouth—the rest of the cracker back. If he is told that the cracker is cheap, that it did not cost anything, he eats it greedily. Sometimes he is told: "Tutu, there is poison in that cracker; don't eat it." Then he paws it to pieces and puts it away from him. In everything he shows intellect and intelligence. Darwin, if you remember, exhibits a very pretty line between intellect and intelligence.—[Philadelphia Press.

PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings.

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting anything in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street, NAPANEE.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURE[illegible]RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are p[illegible]ant to take. Contain their own purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FLOUR, FEED,

Grocery and Provision Store.

J. F. SMITH,

is bound to maintain his reputation for bes qualities of

Flour, Feed & Provisions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

A large and Fresh Stock always in hand

Juat received, a choice new stock of

GENERAL GROCERIES

including everything in the line. As I buy largely for Cash I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash.

Agent for the Li-quor Tea Co., of London, England.

GIVE ME A CALL.

J. F. SMITH,

Briscoe House Block

SEASON OF 1884.

Birrel & Phelan

Are now established in their new premises and are again to the front with the leading lines of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

better prepared than ever to supply the wants of farmers.

See their Unrivalled Collection

The Massey Harvester.
(Unsurpassed in the world.)

The Celebrated Toronto Mower.

The Massey Mower.

The Unequalled Sharp Horse Rake.

The Champion Seed Drill,
(Lightest draft machine in the market.

The Wisner Seeder,

The Spring Tooth Wheel Cultivator,
(Which has attained a high reputation in these counties.)

The Celebrated Wilkinson Plow,
(Made especially for us for this seaso

The Port Perry Gang Plow

Birrell's Triple Purchase Hay Elevator

Works with either nets or fork, and all change made with ropes from the floor of the barn The best elevator in the market.

The New McCloskey Separator

Manufactured in Sarnia, which was first introduced here last fall and gained the highest reputation ever attained yet in Canada. Threshing and separating the grain without any equal

The Celebrated Waterous

"CHAMPION" ENGINE.

It is hardly necessary to comment on this engine, as it is without a rival—the only engine that is non-explosive and wholly fire-proof.

Write us for price lists, &c., and be sure and see us before giving an order for any kind of farm machinery. We are always glad to show our implements and to quote prices.

☞ A full line of repairs constantly on hand.

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

New Cartwright Block, Dundas St.

JUGGLERS IN INDIA.

The East has long been famous for the expertn ss of its prestidigitateurs. Between the old Ganges and the Orontes, where the bodies of the people are lithe and their limbs pliant, the arts of tumbling, balancing, and moving the person rapidly and regularly, have been handed down in families for hundreds of years. Fanatical penances and religious orgies, in a country where the body is capable of the most unnatural contortions, first give rise to these tricks of legerdemain. They were supposed to assist in atoning for past sins or predicting future privileges. The arts of breathing fire, of protecting the human skin from the heat of molten metals, of safely handling red hot iron, of resisting scalding from immersion in boiling water, of charming and taming reptiles, and of immunity from the poison of their bite, together with kindred feats of magic, so called, may also have been witnessed any day as well, these last thousand years, in many parts of Hindostan. The cunning priest and needy conjuror still hold their power and increase their thrift in spite of growing intelligence.

Knowledge in India contributes to imposture. It governs the native population in the main without guiding it. In ten thousand towns and villages scattered throughout that populous empire, it is the power of the marvelous that holds every caste in subjection. The sagacity of the European residents unmasks the imposition in vain. The masses persevere in their belief that jugglers are possessed of supernatural power, and though they do not bestow upon them the attributes of gods, they pander to their wants as being possessed with demons.

I witnessed many years ago one of the two great impositions of that day in India. Neither, so far as I know, was ever detected. The one I saw was most satisfactorily explained both in theory and by practice. The other, of which I knew through friends, always remained a mystery. The former was "a man who sat in the air;" the latter "a man who was buried alive." One appeared in 1833 in Madras; the other in 1838 in the Punjaub.

The first announcement of Apoosawmy Ragavah was made in the Madras "Male Asylum Herald." It was stated that this Brahmin of high caste had undertaken, for a stipulated consideration, to appear before the English Governor and Council, and as many friends and spectators as chose to assemble, *seated cross-legged in the air for the space of half an hour.*

At first people were inclined to believe the whole thing a hoax, but the contrary soon appeared. A card, signed by respectable names, shortly came out in the official Gazette, inviting all gentlemen, civil, military and medical, together with their families to assemble at a given hour on a certain day, to see a man sit in the air. The spot proposed for the exhibition was a spacious public square. Everything that would be likely to favor collusion or fraud had been with apparent fairness on the part of the Brahmin scrupulously avoided. The time was noon-day, the place public, the accessories, a pole fixed in the ground and an umbrella to shelter him from the sun's rays; nothing more. There were, indeed, conditions stipulated—such as time for preparation,

For the first few moments after the cloth was removed, the whole mass of spectators seemed too awe-stricken and astonished even to permit themselves to breathe. As they became convinced, however, that their eyes were looking upon a reality—that there was really no delusion—the whole air was rent with acclamations. To the Europeans, too, the exhibition was full of mystery. They agreed that it was the most complete imposition—for such no one doubted it to be—they had ever seen practised, even in India. The most scientific were at a loss for so much as even a surmise as to the cause of the phenomenon. It did not appear possible that it could be any machinery, for the most powerful glasses failed to detect even a wire connecting the seat of the Brahmin with the pole. It could not be nervous energy, were such a theory supposable, for the man who sat there upon nothing was one of the feeblest specimens of humanity. And at that early day Spiritualism, which accounts for all trickeries and cheats by the agency of invisible power, was unknown.

The Brahmin remained moveless, never once shifting his position nor removing his hand from the top of the pole, for exactly thirty minutes. He then offered, through the Pilewahns, to remain suspended as much longer, provided he were paid a certain sum named. But the English were too anxious to possess themselves of the pole used by him to admit of their brooking further delay; besides which, from appearances, the man could sit there from morning till night without suffering the slightest inconvenience. Accordingly, it was intimated to the Brahmin that he had earned his promised reward, and might retire. Disengaging his hand from the pole, he then made a low salaam to the Governor, when his two attendants approached, and with the precision of experts threw the sheet over his head, disappeared behind its folds, and emerged in a moment with both the Brahmin and his pole.

What seemed rather unfair, since the man had apparently performed what he undertook, government peons now laid hold of him and his two attendants, and dragged them into the audience hall. Here the pole was examined by several scientific men and machinists. It was struck, sounded, and searched for secret springs. Some bevelled edge or bulge or projection was carefully looked for. It was in vain. The pole was as smooth and solid as iron could be made. The Pilewahns carried neither bag nor box, and readily divested themselves of enough of their clothing to convince the incredulous that no machinery was concealed about their persons. Within the canvas sheet there was nothing found. To be sure, the Brahmin was subjected to no examination. As every one who has lived in India knows, this would have been an unpardonable outrage upon the laws of caste. He had been assured, besides, that after his performance he should be subjected to nothing that could be construed into an insult to his creed; and as the touch of other than a Brahmin is pollution to a Brahmin, to have searched his clothing would have been a breach of good faith. But it was evident enough that, under the scant garment he wore, no machinery

thing ordinarily necessary to support vitality was to be put away. He was virtually, in fact, to be hermitically sealed up, and to continue so under conditions that would appear to make collusion impossible, until the time arrived when means were to be used for restoring him to animation.

I have said that I did not myself witness any of the various experiments that were made to test the sincerity of this faqueer's professions. But I had friends who did, and who were not only eye-witnesses of his exploits, but participators in the work of laying him out like a corpse, placing his body in a coffin, burying him under ground, keeping watch over the spot, in several cases for a whole night at once for a space of three days' time, and resurrecting and restoring him. These persons were men of good judgement, long resident in the East, and little likely to be imposed upon by any gross charlatary. Their veracity was, of course, beyond all doubt; and they declared, one and all, that, by a certain process, known only to himself, the man caused all the functions of life apparently to cease. He stopped breathing; his eyes closed, and his eye balls, when the lids were pulled up, had the dull appearance of a dead man's; his heart ceased to beat; his extremities, and gradually his whole body, became cold; his jaws fell apart; and in every sign life was shown to have departed. Pins were stuck into his epidermis, but there was no sensation of pain. The soles of his feet were tickled, his flesh was touched with red-hot iron, heavy shocks of electricity from the Leyden jar were given him, acids and alkalies were applied to his palate—it was all to no purpose. To all the uses of life, and to all its ills, too, the man was dead.

Their testimony was equally positive as to the inhumation. They themselves, in full possession of their sober senses, and with a determination to expose what they believed to be an imposture, saw the faqueer coffined, sealed in with the Governor's signet, buried five feet under ground, and each in turn watched the spot, in two instances for a whole night, in another, as has been said already, for several days, until the disinterment. His friends then took possession of the body, and the Englishmen were not allowed to witness the process of revivification. But within a few hours, the very same man, unmistakably the faqueer, Sudder Dewanee, who had died, been buried, lain for days in the grave, and resurrected, stood a living person, and apparently none the worse for his experiment, before them

But there is better testimony still to this idiosyncrasy of Sudder Dewanee. An English officer dispatched to the court of Runjeet Sing relates the following in his published journal:

"The monotony, he writes, "of our camp life, was broken this morning by the arrival of a very celebrated character in the Punjaub. He is a faqueer, by name Sudder Dewanee, and is held in extraordinary respect by the Sikhs, from his alleged capacity to bury himself alive for any period of time. Captain Wade told me that he was present at his exhumation, after an interment of some months. General Ventura having buried him in the presence of the maharajah and

shelter him from the sun's rays; nothing more. There were, indeed, conditions stipulated—such as time for preparation, concealment of the ascent, immunity from interference, and order among the crowd, none of which, however, were considered unreasonable. It was to be a fair trial of the claims of the priesthood of Brahma to the supernatural.

The chief justice of Sudder Dewanee Adawlet wrote to his associate at Chinleput to be sure to be present at the trial. All Englishmen from stations within a hundred miles of the Presidency hastened to Madras. Expectation was everywhere on tiptoe. English colonels and captains, colectors of revenue and supervisors, provincial judges and palkee-bearers, arranged to be present. And when the day came the entrance to the English Governor's gardens were thronged with carriages and horsemen. A sumptuous breakfast commenced the entertainment—the band played the national air—the Governor and his attendants, in full uniform, proceeded towards the extensive awning—and orderlies were ready to fan the guests as they seated themselves preparatory to the spectacle.

The Brahmin, with the utmost confidence, walked into the space, and making a low salaam, commenced operations. There were two men only in his retinue. These, however, were Pilewahns—a race of men of steady nerve and herculean strength, whose training from infancy is to athletic feats. They came forward—splendid fellows, whose thews were like iron and whose sinews almost protruded from the flesh—and salaamed also. Then, according to Indian custom, having solicited and obtained the Governor's leave, they planted a pole firmly in the ground. This pole, simply an iron casting, resembled the shaft of a woollen mill, was, when fixed firmly in the corth, free from all swaying, without joints or appendages, and from the surface of the ground to its top it was about ten feet high. Throwing over it a huge tent of canvas, the Brahmin and Pilewahns entered the shelter, musicians meanwhile contenting the spectators who thronged around until the preparations were completed. Ten minutes might have elapsed, when the two assistants crept out, hauled off the covering, gave a jerk that denuded the pole, and revealed to the spectators the phenomenon of a man sitting cross legged in the air.

There was no mistake about it. There was the pole. At right angle from its top sat the Brahmin, his right hand resting upon its summit. Nothing more. The rest of his body was separated from it an elbow length. There was no sign of other connection between the Brahmin and the pole. Indeed, to persons familiar with mechanical laws, as much as to the awe struck multitude, there seemed to be no possibility of deception. A joint, at such an angle, subjected to so great a strain, no matter by what connection, would have been depressed. This was not. The exhibitor sat as level as if on solid ground. There was no swaying. Neither depression nor elevation was apparent. On a perfect plane, cross-legged, unconcerned, without the slightest apparent support, sat the Brahmin, counting the beads of his rosary in one hand, touching the top of the pole with the other, and staring with indifference at the multitude.

would have been a breach of good faith. But it was evident enough that, under the scant garment he wore, no machinery could be concealed sufficient to sustain him at right angles to a shaft of iron for half an hour, in a sitting posture. The money was paid, therefore, and the Juggler went his way, to reap, as he did for many months, a harvest of gain from all parts of India. Various explanations were suggested of the trick, for such it undoubtedly was; and a young Madras mechanic attempted, by means of crossbars and rods, rings and rivets, to repeat the success. But none of the former were satisfactory, while the latter ended by the ambitious experimenter tumbling ridiculously to the ground.

The second imposture to which I referred was known all over India as "THE MAN WHO WAS BURIED ALIVE." It created far more excitement than the first. For several years the papers were full of the "burying faqueer;" private letters told about him; rajahs feted him (whenever he appeared above ground); residents gave entertainments to witness his marvelous feat; purses were made up to repay his loss of time (for he claimed no reward for his suspension of life); and there was not, and had never been within the tradition or memory of man, so indisputable a wonder in all the Orient.

Everybody knows that certain animals possess the power of suspending animation at will. The squirrel has it. The hare and rabbit and fox and woodchuck use it as a defense. Everybody knows, too, that in the polar regions there are animals who remain torpid for many months, neither eating nor breathing. Darwin discovered in the tropics thousands of three or four species of animals that *astivated*—that is, became inanimated—and remained so during the burning heat of summer. In the insect world, temporary death is as familiar to entomologists as temporary life. To say nothing of the *batrachia* and *mollusks*, warm-blooded animals—animals whose organs of life resemble those of man—do undoubtedly possess the power or submit to the necessity of a suspension of every function of life. The heart does not beat, nor the blood circulate, nor the senses act, nor the breath come and go. The creature, to all the definitions that life demands, is dead, and yet, at will or upon necessity, life returns. Why, then, should it be thought impossible that the same power or susceptibility, call it which we may, should adhere in man? At all events, men have lived who profess ek the same subjectivity or power; and no careful observation or thorough analysis has succeeded in detecting fraud.

To return to our narrative. Sudder Dewanee, a Mahomedan dervish, aroused the attention of the punjaub in 1838, by professing to be able to suspend the functions of life for any length of time. He proposed, in fact, to be buried alive under ground, and to return to life at a given time. The price, of course, was named, but nothing more. For this sum of money, more or less (its amount to be measured by the length of time inanimation was to continue), Sudder contracted to be interred like a dead man, and to remain inhumed days, weeks, or months, as the bargain might be. There was to be no nourishment of any kind given him during the suspension of life. Air was not to reach him. Everymonths. General Ventura having buried him in the presence of the maharajah and many of his principal sirdars; and, as far as I can recollect, those were the particulars as witnessed by General Ventura: After going through a regular course of preparation, which occupied him some days, the faqueer reported himself ready for interment in a vault which had been prepared for the purpose by order of the maharajah. On the appearance of Runjeet and his court, he proceeded to the final preparations that were necessary in their presence; and after stopping his ears with wax, and every other orifice through which it was possible for air to enter his body (except his mouth), he was stripped naked and put into a linen bag. The last preparation consisted in closing his gullet by turning back his tongue. Falling instantly into a lethargy, the bag was closed and sealed, and the whole placed in a deal-box, which was closed and sealed. The box was then put within the vault, earth thrown in and trodden down, a crop of barley sown over the spot, and sentries stationed around it. The maharajah was very skeptical on the matter, however, and twice in the course of the ten months that the faqueer remained under ground, he sent people to dig him up, when everything was found undisturbed.

"At the expiration of the ten months, Captain Wade witnessed, with scores of the courtiers and the maharajah, the disinterment. He saw the seals broken and the box opened. The man was taken out; and upon feeling his heart, not the slightest pulsation was perceptible. The first thing towards restoring him to life was the forcing of his tongue back to its place. Warm water was then poured over his body for several hours, when he gradually came to life, and the next day was as well as ever."

I have given the account of the man who sat in the air, as I saw the thing done. I have given, also, the account of the man who was buried alive, as I heard and read it. No philosophical explanation of either is needed. They were both impostures, ranking in the same category with the witchcraft of the seventeenth century.

A Capital Scheme.

"What do you do when people come in and bore?" a warm personal friend asked of a merchant.

"When they stay too long the office boy, who is very bright and knows just when to interfere, tells me that a gentleman is in the counting room waiting to see me on important business."

"Ha! Ha! That's a capital way to get rid of bores who don't know——"

Just then the boy opened the door and sang out:

"Gent in the counting room wating to see you on important business."

Kircher originated the germ theory of infectious diseases 200 years ago, and not Pasteur, as it is supposed in modern days.

To find out your husband's, your wife's, or friend's special aversions, and to keep the discovery to yourself while you studiously keep them out of sight and hearing either by deed or word, is true courtesy and true friendship.

SCIENTIFIC GOSSIP.

Among the latest acts of the Hygienic Congress was a denunciation of the modern system of education and competitive examinations as eminently prejudicial to the habit of those subjected to it.

A mixture of 70 parts of air and 40 parts of hydrogen gas ignites at a temperature between 1,026° to 1,028° Fahrenheit, while the ignition point of a mixture of coal gas and air in similar proportions varies from 1,202° to 1,215°.

A uranium mineral is found in the feldspar quarries near the seaport of Moss, on the Christiania Fjord, Norway. It contains nearly 82 per-cent. of uranoso-uranic oxide, with 0.38 of the cerium earths and 2.42 of the yttrium earths.

Scientific works by Agassiz, Buchner, Huxley, Lubbock, Lewes, Moleschott, Reclus, Adam Smith, Spencer, Vogt, Zimmermann, have been added to the list of those already prohibited by ukase from circulation by libraries in Russia.

Two ounces of soda dissolved in a quart of hot water will make a ready and useful solution for cleaning old painted work perparatory to repainting. This mixture, in the above proportions, should be applied when warm, and the woodwork afterward washed with water to remove all traces of the soda.

It is announced in the *Nature* that a grotto from 8 to 10 metres high has been discovered in a rock washed by the sea, in the Morbihan, by M. Gaillard. He has since continued his researches at low water, and found some human bones, ancient earthenware marked with allegorical figures, and coins believed to have been struck by the ancient Gauls.

Recently the dome of St. Peter's, in Rome, was reclad at an expense to the Vatican of $40,000. The old sheating required such continuous repairs that it was deemed better to replace it. The sheets of lead which now cover the dome welgh 708,610 pounds, and would extend over more than an acre and a half of land if they were spread out flat.

"Suppose," said an examiner to a student in engineering, "you had built an engine yourself, performed every part of the work without assistance, and knew that it was in complete order, but when put on the road the pump would not draw water, what would you do?" "I should look into the tank and ascertain if there was any water to draw," replied the student.

Experiments indicate that the effect of light upon plant tissues without chlorophyll, such as roots, rhizome, blanched plants, and some parasitic plants, is to decrease the intensity of the respiration, more carbonic acid being given off and oxygen absorbed in darkness than in light. The amount of oxygen absorbed is, however, in the same proportion to to the carbonic acid given off in light as in darkness.

Elastic rubber tubing, perfectly gas-tight and free from smell, has lately been invented. It is made of two lays of rubber, with pure soft tin-foil between them, and it retains the flexibility and elasticity of a simple rubber tube. It ought to be serviceable as a connection between a heating and illuminating gas supply pipe and a gas-burning apparatus which re-

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

SPICE ROLL.—"My children are very fond of spice roll. They are always teasing me to make it on baking-day." "How do you make them?" asked my hostess. "I always like to learn all the ways of cooking possible." "I take a loaf of bread when light, and work in some butter and sugar; when it is light again, roll out about half an inch thick, and sprinkle with flour, spice and sugar; commence at one side, and roll up into a loaf; let it get light again and bake." "That is very much the same way in which I make cinnamon roll," said Mrs. B. "I proceed the same as you do until the spreading; then I use *butter* instead of *flour*, cinnamon, and sugar. Roll up and cut in slices; lay in a pan; let it get light, and bake. Mine are sliced before baking, and yours after." "I call them buns," says my hostess's sister. So an afternoon's visit resulted, among other things, in the above exchange of methods.

CHICKEN PIE.—For the crust, take equal parts of sour cream and buttermilk, one pint of each; a teaspoonful of salt and one of soda, and make a dough the same as for biscuit. Line the sides of a suitable baking dish (a milk pan is an excellent one) with this paste. It needs no bottom crust, as it is apt to be heavy. Have the chicken already boiled until tender in water seasoned with salt and pepper to the taste. Cut the pieces up well and lay them in the dish, and put in bits of butter here and there. Then cover all with the water in which the chicken has been boiled. It must not be thickened with flour, or in the process of baking it will be too thick. Mold some butter into the remaining crust and cover the pie with it, wetting the edges and pressing them well together. Cut some slits in the centre and bake in a moderate oven an hour or more. When there is no bottom crust used, the remains may be more easily warmed over.

TO COOK SALT PORK.—Soak the slices overnight in sweet milk. Scald them in clear water in the morning and fry. Then dip each slice in a batter made of a couple of eggs, half a teacup of sweet milk, a pinch of salt, and as much flour as can be readily stirred in. Cover each slice thickly with this batter and return to the spider, and cook until the batter is done With workmen, this makes an agreeable variety.

COLD BISCUITS.—Those left over from tea may be made better than when freshly baked, by dipping them into hot water and placing them singly on the grate in the oven long enough before breakfast to let them get well warmed through. In warm weather, when ice is not to be had, fix the butter plate neatly, and place it in a pan of cold water fresh from the well an hour before meal time.

CHICKENS AND MUSHROOMS.—Clean and wash your fowls and stuff them with chopped onions and mushrooms. Fill the craws with the usual dressing. Lay them in a pot and pour soup stock over them. Simmer till tender, then take up on to a hot plate, strain the gravy and season to taste. Stir in a little sifted flour, stir up and boil. Some prefer a little milk mixed with it, and finely chopped parsley boiled in the gravy.

LAMB PUDDING.—There was cold lamb left over after it had been to the table, in

Mothers—Their Petty Trials and Some of Results.

I often think how little is understood of the causes that make so many women's lives seem so narrow and petty. People seldom think that we have to set our brains to an evenness with our children's of all ages and temperaments, if the family is large, and to try to keep pleasant and gracious all the time Nothing stimulates so much as to break the monotony, by going out and away, if only for a little excursion to the woods in the bright summer or autumn days, or a brush against the varied minds that city life affords. The mother of a family, large or small, has cares and responsibilities, aches and pains, that are altogether her own, and it is often a wonder to me to see how bright and genial such remain amid many cares. "The back's fitted to the burden" is a homely saying, but a true one, that often occurs to me. As our children grow up and learn more of life, they learn to appreciate better the care and anxiety that have attended their earlier years, and it is a satisfaction to parents to remember that such will be the case. The blessing of a serene mind can never be over-estimated, and a perfect control of one's own spirit will be reflected in the spirit of the household, and form its happiness or misery.

"It is as cross-looking as its mother," I have heard remarked of an ill-tempered child; but no one knows, perhaps, the cause of that mother's humor, or the influence it exerted upon the child even before birth. Men who irritate their wives with every petty trifle, little dream how the effect of such a proceeding may be handed down and reproduced in their children as is the love of tobacco or strong drink. I remember well at the Philadelphia Exposition seeing two infants and their nurse on the grounds, and never did I see the force of expression so fully exemplified. One with a serena face smiled at the passers by, the other held its little face puckered into all sorts of contortions. Yet in dress, and feature, size and complexion they were exactly alike, the difference of the inward spirit making the only variation. Thesigns of old age are more easily seen on a face that bears the stamp of fretfulness, lines form that show the inner working of the mind. Avarice and selfishness are not to be disguised, nor the spirit of unrest that gnaws at many a heart. Yet better for us all, even amid small worries, to be able to govern ourselves, and fight against the narrowing down that is the natural results of our small but unvaried and manifold duties.

The Girls will Marry.

While so many mammas with daughters and carriages are watching the coachmen there are a good many mistresses of households who are watching the maids, says the Philadelphia *Times*. Few family necessities are so rare as good nurses and chambermaids. When they are good ones they are prized, and their mistresses are afraid of losing them. This is more than ever the case during the summer with nursemaids who are taken away to summer resorts with the children. Nurses are as much affected by moonlight nights on the beach, romantic country surroundings, and the persistent attention of ard-

ty of a simple rubber tube. It ought to be serviceable as a connection between a heating and illuminating gas supply pipe and a gas-burning apparatus which requires to be movable, if this sort of rubber and tin tubing can be manufactured of sufficient length

In the course of his Cantor lectures on alloys used for coinage Mr. Chandler Roberts, chemist of the British Mint, said that a short cylinder was the geometrical form which next to the sphere, presented the smallest surface for the greatest weigh', and, consequently, in order to reduce the wear of coins to a minimum, their thickness should be equal to their diameter. Such a form would present many inconviences; but, on the other hand, coins should not be made too thin, and much may be gained by even a small approach to theoretical requirements.

Casting of bronze statues of Buddha is carried on in Bangkok. The process, says a late official report, is of the kind known as "en cire perdue," and the alloy used consists of copper and lead, sometimes with the admixture of a small quantity of zinc. A clay model is first made; upon this a coat of wax is molded, and over this again is put another layer of clay. The whole is then baked, the wax running off through apertures left for that purpose, and the centre core being kept in its place by iron pegs, the alloy is then run into the space previously occupied by the wax.

To prevent the growth of moss or weeds on gravel walks it is recommended to sprinkle salt pretty freely on the paths, (about a pound to the square yard does for one year at least,) care being taken not to let the salt fall on the box borders or the edge of the grass. A damp but not a rainy day is the best for this operation. Some apply a boiling solution of salt (about a pound to a gallon of water) with a common watering pan, so that e pound of salt will be received every square yard of walk. A much weaker solution will serve the same purpose if it should be required again.

For Stutterers.

A gentleman who stammered from childhood almost up to manhood gives a very simple remedy for the misfortune: "Go into a room where you will be quiet and alone, get some book that will interest but not excite you, and sit down and read two hours aloud to yourself, keeping your teeth together. Do the same thing every two or three days, or once a week if very tiresome, always taking care to read slowly and distinctly, moving the lips, but not the teeth. Then, when conversing with others, try to speak as slowly and distinctly as possible, and make up your mind that you will not stammer. Well, I tried this remedy, not having much faith in it, I must confess, but willing to do almost anything to cure myself of such an annoying difficulty. I read for two hours aloud with my teeth together The first result was to make my tongue and jaws ache, that is, while I was reading, and the next to make me feel as if something had loosened my talking apparatus, for I could speak with less difficulty immediately. The change was so great that every one who knew me remarked it. I repeated the remedy every five or six days for a month, and then at

with it, and finely chopped parsley boiled in the gravy.

Lamb Pudding.—There was cold lamb left over after it had been to the table in the form of a hot and then a cold joint, so we cut the meat off, cracked the bones and put over the fire in three quarts of water, with an onion, then boiled all down to a quart, and took out the bones; stiffened with bread crumbs, put in seasoning to taste, beat in it two eggs and a bit of butter, and poured into a buttered mould; set into a pan of hot water and cooked for an hour in the oven. Turn out and pour gravy over it.

Water Cookies.—The following recipe for cookies I found in an old paper; Every one liked them and wanted them again: Two eggs, one and one-half cup of sugar, one cup of butter, one-half cup of cold water, one-half teaspoonful of soda, one of cream-of-tartar, though I use tartaric acid, which only takes half as much.

Canning Tomatoes.—Many people complain of their tomatoes spoiling. The reason is that they do not cook them enough. We are always successful. After they begin to boil, season and let cook 20 minutes; can immediately in ordinary fruit jars.

Cauliflower.—It is best tied up in a piece of netting. It should be put into salted water when boiling, and when done be put into a deep dish with the blossoms upward, and a cupful of drawn butter poured over it.

To Cook Parsnips.—Boil till tender in hot, salted water; scrape; slice lengthwise when they are nearly cold. Flour all over and fry in salted lard or dripping.

Miss Astor's Wedding Dress.

Miss Astor's wedding will take place in New York about the middle of November. Her wedding dress is now being made in Paris and will be sent over about the 1st of November. It is to be of very heavy pearl-white satin, made with a full princesse train, which will be bordered by a pelisse of the satin and on the edge a ruching of fine point lace in a wild rose design. The front is to be covered with ruffles of rare point lace that belonged to Miss Astor's grandmother. The lace will not be cut but will cross over in flounces and at the sides will be caught down in a twist and held by a cluster of orange blossoms and pearls. The corsage will be cut square and bordered with the lace, while the sleeves, slightly puffed on the shoulders and reaching to the elbow, will be met by long white kid gloves, which are being made to order to fit the slender little hand of the bride. The slippers are to be of the dress materials and embroidered in white pearls, while the stockings will be of the finest white silk. The veil will probably be of illusion. There is a rare old point lace veil in the family, and this may be worn, although tulle is more becoming and preferred by the bride.

In one of the Philippine Islands it is customary, when a young fellow asks the old folk for their daughter, to send her into the woods at sunrise; and, if the lover finds her before sunset, she is his. If not, he forfeits all claim. The girl is given a start of one hour. This allows her a fair chance, and she can use her own judgment about hiding after she gets into the woods.

mer resorts with the children. Nurses are as much affected by moonlight nights on the beach, romantic country surroundings, and the persistent attention of ardent swains as the rest of their sex, and, as a natural consequence, a good many of them, about the time summer is over, "give warning" and go off and get married.

Only those who have been brought face to face with the difficulty know what a trial it is to lose in this manner a clean, tidy, obedient nurse, who is intelligent and faithful, and who not only takes a great interest in the children but is liked by them in return. But these, of course, are most likely to be the first ones to go off. For some unaccountable cause the summer season just closed has been a remarkable one in the number of maids at service in prominent Philadelphia families who have married or made their arrangements to marry before the winter. There are few families that went off anywhere with maids at all attractive but have had their maids matrimonially assailed or completely captured. In many cases the sources of danger were the waiters at the fashionable hotels where the families were staying. Some of these waiters are very gentlemanly and agreeable, as well as good-looking fellows, and they managed to wreak havoc in many of the handmaidens' hearts. There were some very amusing cases where families ran away from the places they were at to prevent their maids falling in love with the waiters. At the Berkeley Arms, the most fashionable place on the coast, where Cupid ran amuck in the kitchen and ante-chamber, several families took their deprrture from this cause.

In one case the girl is now on trial as daughters are sometimes tested. The family suddenly concluded to go to Europe, and took their nurse with them in the hope of breaking her infatuation for the waiter, a handsome Frenchman. When, as in this case, the nurse is French also, the mistresses have a hard time of it.

The Truly Honorable.—The truly honorable man takes pains to remain ignorant of things that concern him not. He turns aside from the confidental gossip, glances away from the open desk, shuns the place where a whisper is audible, with just as much care as he would use to avoid profiting by a mistake in his change. His curiosity does not crave the knowledge of such matters. It has the whole wide world for its area, and seeks its satisfaction in more wholesome directions. After all, the information to which we have no right is the smallest and poorest and least valuable to us of any that we can obtain. Let us cultivate a worthy curiosity on subjects that shall enlarge our minds, deepen our feelings, and strengthen our purposes, and we shall shrink from that ignoble inquisitiveness that revels in dishonest gains.

Nothing is easier than fault-finding. No talent, no self-denial, no brains, no character is set up in the grumbling business. But those who are moved by a genuine desire to do good and benefit their fellows have little time for mumering or complaint.

Nicolini is said to cast sheep eyes at the ladies. Patti had better mend the tenor of his ways.

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 31, 1884.

—A special despatch to the Globe announces that Sir John Macdonald has been examined by Sir Andrew Clark, and he pronounces him free from any serious ailment.

—It is in this language that the Standard cruelly gibes its numerous friends who were struck off the voters' lists: "Now they go around town with shame faced expression explaining, 'We can't vote much, but our influence is great.'"

—The Peterboro' Review says that "it knows of no Conservative promise that protection could prevent commercial depression." It would take a very large scrap-book to hold what the editor of the Review does not know about political matters.

—The Standard last week returned to its attack on the County Registrar, and in the course of its wearisome string of words admitted that Mr. Mills had a perfect right to "refuse to come to the court and produce the documents without the Judge's order and the lawful fee." That is quite true. Then why all this talk about the matter? Mr. Mills merely exacted his lawful fee because of the abuse given by the party who subpœnaed him. He did no more than was right, and no more than anybody else would do under the same circumstances. The Tory organ had better hunt up some other grievance; this one will not pass muster.

—What has become of Sir John's little story about the two barley farms? A few years ago it was a sweet morsel on the lips of every Tory spouter. Now they seem to have forgotten it. The reason is that it will not suit the occasion. On the 17th Sept., we have to convey, may be put in these words, 'Sell and pay up.' Don't sell if you do not require to, and if you do not want to; but pay up your accounts any way, or rather your debts. This notion of leaving accounts unpaid is ridiculous and old-fashioned. It should be obsolete. Non-payment of these debts at the time when they ought to be paid, and at the time, too, when everybody expects them to be paid, has a depressing and deadening effect on general business, and increases considerably the costs and worries of trade. It is the bounden duty of every man who owes two dollars, or ten dollars; or one hundred dollars to the merchants of Lindsay, or Woodville, or Beaverton, or Cresswell, or wherever you please, to go and pay it now, and not put it off till winter or spring. Farmers should realize upon their surplus, and pay their store and other debts. If they think it wiser not to sell now of course they must act on their own discretion; but debts should not go unpaid. It is as bad for the farmer as it is for the business man. It will pay the farmer better to settle his accounts now, or on short dates, and not to let them run too long. It is not necessary to enlarge upon this point. Every farmer can see it. Let every farmer interested act upon it.'"

—The great contest for the Presidency of the United States will be fought out at the polls on Tuesday next. Both the Republican and Democratic parties are confident of victory. During the past week, both candidates have been given great ovations in the two great cities of the Republic—Cleveland in New York, and Blaine in Chicago. The processionists in New York were mainly liberal Republicans, who are supporting Cleveland. New York state is now considered pretty safe for Cleveland, and if he carries Indiana and New Jersey, which usually go democratic but are now considered doubtful, he will be the next President. Mr. Hendricks, the Democratic nominee for the Vice-Presidency, has declared himself straight for revenue tariff, and Cleveland is equally as pronounced a low tariff man. With these men at the head of affairs, free trade would soon be established between Canada and the United States, and both countries would be benefitted thereby. It is on this account that so much interest is taken in Canada in the present contest, and that our public journals desire to see the Democrats triumphant.

—The hundredth birthday of Sir Moses Monteifore, the great Jewish philanthropist, was celebrated all over the world on Sunday last. Service was held in all the Jewish synagogues, and Sir Moses, who is in excellent health, was the recipient of eight hundred letters and six hundred telegrams of congratulation, besides numerous addresses and boquets. He attended the special sermon in London and insisted on standing through the entire service. At the conclusion he said, in a very strong voice: "I cannot tell a thousandth or ten thous-

WHO IS BLAINE?

A Knowing Farmer Tells what he Knows about the Presidential Prospects of next Tuesday.

They were seated around the dinner-table of a leading Dundas-st. restaurant last Saturday and the conversation turned upon the pending contest for the presidency of the neighboring republic. Various walks of life were represented among those taking part in the discussion—from the professor to the intricacies of the manipulation of the moveable alphabet, down to the groceryman, whose occupation has been made famous by the humerous pen of Mr. Peck. Seated about midway down the table was a venerable agriculturist.

"Yes," said the last-mentioned gentleman, "I have studied American politics since I was a boy; and I know all the ins and outs of the whole business."

"Well," queried a dry goods clerk, as he for the third time pushed his brass cuff button through the worn-out button hole, "what do you think of St. John's chances?"

"St. John's? Well, he might be elected, but I hope he won't. That one act of his alone of letting that Secretary of the Treasury of his escape to Canada with so money—what was this his name was?"

"Eno," suggested one of his hearers.

"Eno, yes, that's it. That thing alone should defeat him. He had no right to let him off with so much money. These Republicans should be turned out anyway—they're too extravagant.

"How about Cleveland?" asked a noted ex-counselman who sat opposite.

"Cleveland—Cleveland? Oh, yes; that's the fellow that started this here town in Ohio. I was coming down Lake Erie, from Detroit to Buffalo some years agone, and we called in there. The harbor is a sort of bay, running for all the world like a pair of shafts, and we run right down in between them shafts, as it were, and stopped up against an old played-out pier that stuck out like an old whiffletree does when it gets turned around. It looked like a seedy, one-horse place from where we were, and a cloud of smoke hung over the town like a cover. But for all that he might be elected if it wasn't that the old greenback cry had about died out. Then them Democrats have gone to work and nominated a Dr. May Lockwood, or some such name. I think they must have been crazy. Now, if they had nominated Geo. William Curtis they might have elected him, but pshaw!"

"Well," asked one, "Who do you think will get it?"

"I don't know exactly, but I rather think that that widow—what's this her name is? Oh, yes, Mrs. Butler. She might get it. She's the temperance candidate you know, and the temperance cause has strengthened wonderfully in the past few years back. I know down in North Fredericksburgh where I live, my neighbors are all crazy to get a chance to vote for the Scott Act, although I don't know what the dickens they're going to do with their barley."

"What's your opinion of Blaine's chances?" asked the cranium skating-rink man, who holds down the foot of the table every noon.

"Blaine—Blaine? Who's he?" asked the agriculturist. But the five-minutes-to-one bell peeled forth in mournful music just then and the old fellow's question is still unanswered.

When You Feel Blue

and your back aches, and your head feels heavy, and you wake unrefreshed in the morning, and your bowels are sluggish and costive, you need Kidney-Wort. It is nature's great remedy, and never fails to relieve all cases of Diseased Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Malaria, Piles, Rheumatism, &c. It operates simultaneously on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, strengthening them and restoring healthy action. Put up in

of every Tory speaker. Now they seem to have forgotten it. The reason is that it will not suit the occasion. On the 17th Sept., 1878, the day Sir Richard Cartwright was defeated in Lennox, because he would not give "protection" to the farmers, barley sold on the Napanee market for from $1 to $1.10 per bushel. Yesterday, under a protective system, the same quality of barley sold on the Napanee market for 55c. The farmers should, after making this comparison, experience no difficulty in seeing that it was by grossly fradulent statements that they were induced to reject the ex-Finance Minister.

On Tuesday last, the bill of particulars against Mr. D.W. Allison, M.P., was served on his solicitors, Messrs. Deroche & Madden, and the same day the particulars in the cross-petition against Mr. M. W. Pruyn were also served. The charges against Mr. Allison number over two hundred, while those against Mr. Pruyn count up about one hundred and seventy-six. A request has come to us from disinterested parties asking that the charges be published in THE EXPRESS for the information of our readers. This we cannot comply with without committing contempt of court. No doubt many of the charges on both sides are wholly groundless, and it would be a great injustice to the accused to herald to the world a charge of committing bribery or having accepted a bribe when they were innocent. A charge of this kind generally travels farther than a contradiction and invariably when a false charge is made the accused suffers more or less injury. Of course the lawyers on both sides are granted full liberty by the law to make charges if they believe there is foundation for them, but that does not warrant a publisher in circulating them broadcast over the country merely to gratify the curiosity of their readers. If that were allowed, a publisher might as well print the pleadings in any suit in the higher courts. When the case is tried it will be reported fully in THE EXPRESS, and then the charges and contradiction, if any, will appear at the same time.

The short paragraph in last issue on the propriety of farmers selling sufficient of their grain to pay their store accounts, so as to enable merchants to meet their payments and thus avert financial disaster, has met with cordial approval from many of our leading business men. They say that the tendency with many farmers is to hold their grain for as long a period as a year, and make the merchants wait for that length of time for payment of accounts which should be paid promptly every fall. The result is that merchants become embarrassed, business unsettled, and bankruptcy frequently follows. This evil is not confined to Napanee alone, but affects the whole province. The merchants in the smaller villages are also sufferers by this evil. The Lindsay Post has the following appropriate remarks on the same subject: "Now, the message through the entire service. At the conclusion he said, in a very strong voice: "I cannot tell a thousandth or ten thousandth part of what I feel when, by the blessing of the Almighty, I have arrived at so full an age. I thank Him for His merciful providence, and I thank all my friends for their great kindness." Sir Moses has done more from his vast wealth to relieve distress among the Jews than any man living, and his benefactions to Christians have also been on a liberal scale. It was as a philanthropist that he won a baronetcy from Queen Victoria in 1846.

THE SCOTT ACT.

Defeated in Prince Edward, but Carried in Bruce, Dufferin, Huron and York, N. B.

[Special to THE EXPRESS.]

TORONTO, Oct. 31.—Complete returns not yet received; so far as heard, there is a majority for the Act in Bruce of 713, Dufferin, 884; Huron, 1,568, and York, N.B., 300. The Act was defeated in Prince Edward County, by about 125 majority.

A Wise Precaution.

[Peterboro Examiner.]

As a political precaution it is wise to look well after the voters' lists, to see that no proper names are omitted and no improper names inserted. The Reformers of Lennox look well after this matter and the result justifies their efforts. At the recent Appeal Court held in Napanee, thirty-two Reform votes were added to the list for Parliamentary purposes, and thirty-seven for municipal purposes. Had the Tory assessor, whom the wirepullers succeeded in appointing this year, been allowed to work his own sweet will, a difference of sixty-four in a parliamentary election, if it had occurred on this year's roll, would have been the result. It is as easy, if they are not watched, for the Tories to gerrymander an assessment roll as a province.

Sale of Toll Gates.

A few days ago the toll gates upon the Kingston and Napanee road were sold at Cataraqui, Mr. D. J. Walker acting as auctioneer. The purchasers of leases for one year were:—No. 1, Mr. H. Barry, $2,400; No. 2, Mr. L. Babcock, $800. Yesterday the lease of a toll gate on the Kingston and Sydenham road was sold to Mrs. Dougherty for $400.

Fluid Lightning.

Fluid Lightning is the only cure for Toothache Headache, Earache and Neuralgia. It does not take a day or an hour to cure it, but in less than a minute all pain is gone. Thousands have tested its merits within the last year. Fluid Lightning is also a positive cure for Rheumatism. The worst possible cases have been permanently cured in one week. Price, 25c., at A. T. Grange's and T. A. Huffman's drug stores, Napanee; also, at James Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth.

—The history of Downs Elixir is identified with the history of New England for the last fifty years. It cures coughs and colds.

Fluid Lightning.

There are but few that have never suffered almost intolerable pain from Toothache, Neuralgia or like acute pains. To them such an instant relief as Fluid Lightning is an untold blessing in time of trouble. No disgusting offensive medicines to be taken for days. One application o Fluid Lightning cures. Sold at T. A. Huffman's and A. W. Grange's drug stores and at James Aylesworth's drug store, Tamworth.

---

nature's great remedy, and never fails to relieve all cases of Diseased Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Malaria, Piles, Rheumatism, &c. It operates simultaneously on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, strengthening them and restoring healthy action. Put up in both dry and liquid form. Sold by all druggists.

SALE REGISTER.

MONDAY, Nov. 3.—Mr. R. McCay will sell on Monday, Nov. 3, the farm, stock and implements of Mr. Geo. Cook, at the latter's residence, lot 31, 1st con, Ernesttown. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock noon.

TUESDAY, Nov. 4.—Mr. J. S. Miller will sell on Tuesday, Nov. 4, at 1 p. m. sharp, the farm, stock and implements belonging to Mr. Thomas Laveck, of lot 23, 4th con, Camden. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock sharp.

[Parties getting their sale bills printed at this office are entitled to a notice similar to the above free of charge.

A Successful Result.

Mr. Bloomer, of Hamilton, Ont., suffered for many years with a painful running sore on one of his legs, which baffled all attempts to heal until he used Burdock Blood Bitters, which speedily worked a perfect cure.

Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most assuredly quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea" being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. 14-12-1y.

JOSEPH GARDNER, BATH,

Furniture Dealer & Undertaker

COFFINS ALWAYS ON HAND.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE SURE CURE FOR KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CONSTIPATION, PILES, AND BLOOD DISEASES.

PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.

"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. P. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort is always reliable." Dr. R. N. Clark, So. Hero, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort has cured my wife after two years suffering." Dr. C. M. Summerlin, Sun Hill, Ga.

IN THOUSANDS OF CASES it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.

☞ It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system. 2

PRICE, $1.00 LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Dry can be sent by mail.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Burlington Vt.

KIDNEY-WORT

ANOTHER CAR LOAD OF BARGAINS

ARRIVED FOR

P. SLAVEN & CO.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

We have just opened a large line of Dress Goods called "the wonders of the age" and they certainly are a marvel of cheapness and serve as a striking illustration of the great depression that exists in the manufacturing districts of the old country. These goods are nearly a yard wide, strong cloth and good colors and we are selling them at 10 cents a yard. We are offering this week a

FINE QUALITY OF STEAM LOOM COTTON

full yard wide, and perfectly free from any dressing for eight cents a yard by the piece. It is suitable for fine shirts and all family purposes and every family should secure a piece while they have a chance. We are selling good factory cotton at 4 cents a yard. We are selling good sheeting cotton full yard wide at six cents a yard.

MEN'S GREY KNIT DRAWERS at 30 cents a pair. Men's suits of fine Scotch Tweed at $13.00 made by Mr. Hogan. Men's overcoats made to order by Mr. Hogan for $10.00.

We sell the best Stormont check shirting at 12½ cents a yard. The greatest bargains however that we have offered during the past 12 months is a lot of

250 KNIT SHAWLS,

ladies' large size, honey comb pattern with diamond border in Cardinal, Light Blue, Grenna, Grey, White and Salmon colors, your choice for $1.50. The regular price of these shawls is $2.50 and we have been selling them ourselves at $2.00 before we got this lot in. Ladies living out of town should send for one and not wait until they come in, as they will not last long at the price, when you write name two colors so that if one is sold out we will know what other color to send.

We beg leave to say to milliners doing business in the surrounding villages that we are prepared to supply them with millinery either trimmed or untrimmed as cheap as they can buy them in Toronto, and we will give them any quantity they wish for.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY GOODS CHEAP.

The Very Best Goods are the Cheapest to Buy.

Our stock of Fall Goods is, no doubt, the largest, cheapest and most select we have ever bought.

Our Dress Goods were never nicer, and at prices very much lower.

Our Mantle Cloths are the most select and are selling so fast will have to be renewed.

Our stock of Fancy Goods is very large and only one half the price this season as compared with other seasons.

Our orders for Millinery have never pressed us so hard, which shows our styles are right, our goods are right, our prices are low.

In Dress and Mantle making the difficulty is to get hands to complete orders as fast as we would like.

We GUARANTEE all work done in this department.

In Gent's Furnishings and Tailoring our orders are larger than usual. Mr. Walters has the goods and the most select. We only ask an examination of this stock to convince our customers in Fit, Price, Style and Value that we cannot be beaten.

We only ask an examination of this stock to convince our customers in Fit, Price, Style and Value that we cannot be beaten.

DOWNEY & CO.

DR. H. B. WRAY, L.D.S.,

SURGEON DENTIST.

GRADUATE Royal Colle e Dental Surgeons, Ont
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. CLEMENTS.)

☞ Rooms lately occupie Dr Clements, Du Napanee.

MILES STORMS & SON,

MOSCOW.

UNDERTAKERS

COFFINS, CASKETS, &c.

Always on hand. All orders promtly attended to.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST. HOW RESTORED!

We have recently pubished a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.,
41 Ann St., New York

Post Office Box **450.** 15-ly

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, 1st of November,

at the hour of 1 o'clock the afternoon, at the

Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee,

the following valuable town property:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land, and premises situate, lying and being in the

TOWN OF NAPANEE,

in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, being composed of

Lot No. 5 on the East Side of John St.

in the said Town of Napanee, containing by admeasurement one-quarter of an acre of land, more or less.

Upon the premises is erected a large frame house which is in a good state of repair and newly painted.

Terms will be made known at time of sale. For further particulars apply to

S. GIBSON,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Napanee Oct. 9, 1884. 47-4ins

Two Cars of Fine Western Flour

JUST ARRIVED.

The largest stock of the best Western Flour at the lowest prices this year. One trial is all that is required to convince my customers that I am selling THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

Oatmeal by the barrel or pound; fresh ground Corn-meal in large quantities, and a full line of FEED, such as Bran, Western Shorts, Cracked Oats, Cracked Feed, Screenings, Cracked Peas and Cracked Wheat at bottom prices.

The finest STOCK OF GROCERIES just received. Sugars from 5c. per pound up; Teas, cheaper than ever; also, a large quantity of Herrings and Cod-fish, very low in price. I have on hand a quantity of new and second-hand pork-barrels to be sold cheap, and a large quantity of very large grain bags at the remarkably low price of $8 per hundred, and full assortment of bags. Salt, coarse and fine, cheaper than ever, and barrel salt at cost. Be sure and give me a call and obtain cheap bargains at the old stand.

JOHN BLEWETT.

OUR LONG PROMISE!

SEE OUR NEW FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

Boots & Shoes.

Cheaper and Neater than Ever.

Don't buy until you see our goods. You know

Our Style of Business—One Price Only.

We have never deceived our Customers.

Campbell House Block, - - Napanee.

GEO. E. MAYBEE.

TAKE NOTICE

That now is the time for any one wanting bargains to call on C. CUMMINS.

Men's Tweed Suits for $6.00, worth $8.00, such as the Napanee firms are selling for $8.00 with a fifty cent watch thrown in. You can get a half bushel of watches for the $2 that you will save by buying from us. Our selection of Merry Boys and Juvenile OVERCOATS is not surpassed by any house in the County, neither is our stock of BOOTS and SHOES. Our expenses are small and we will give the benefit to our customers by giving them goods at prices that cannot be beaten.

You ought to see the yards wide COTTON that we are giving twenty yards of for One Dollar.

Cretonnes for 12½, 15 and 20 cents per yard, such as have been offered to the public before. Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' Jackets and Ulsters ready made, also Cloakings and Mantle Goods with Button and Fur Trimmings to match. We have a splendid assortment of those goods which we will offer at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Young men you should see our stock of Nobby Tweeds and all fits are guaranteed, and we can save you Two Dollars any time you call by buying your Fall and Winter Suit from us.

C. CUMMINS, Bath.

ERNESTTOWN'S CENTENARIAN.

Sketch of the Life of Mrs. Smith—Interesting Reminiscences.

The Kingston Whig gives the following sketch of the life of Mrs. Smith, Ernesttown's centenarian, whose hundredth birthday was celebrated last week, and to which brief reference was inserted in THE EXPRESS :—

Mary Smith is widow of the late D. C. Smith, who died sixteen years ago at a ripe old age. She came from Schoharie county, New York, with her father, Andrew Leeman, about 1812, and settled near Wilton. Being United Empire Loyalists they found the republic a very warm country at that time of international trouble, and Canada was to them a land of refuge. They settled at Collinsby for a while in the early days of their sojourn in the province. Her father and mother were long-lived, living to be ninety and eighty years respectively, and her sister, Mrs. Dewitt, died last year near Wilton at the great age of 96 years. Mrs. Smith had nine children, of whom seven survive, and there is a following of forty grandchildren. Three of her daughters married three brothers, named Hartman, and survive them. They, with Joseph Smith and widow Booth, and our hostess of Monday (Mrs. Benjamin), brothers and sisters, live in that section. Mrs. Horning, of Dresden, Ont., is the only daughter away from the neighborhood of the family's first settlement. The youngest child, Mrs. Benjamin, is fifty-two years old. Thus, for longevity, the family is remarkable. Andrew Leeman came over in company with Elisha Lewis, Matthew Dice, J. Dewitt and their families, and they early became connected by marriage and have lived as a happy circle since. D. C. Smith, husband of the centenarian, was engineer on the main road between Kingston and Napanee, and of many of the side roads. Later in life he was Superintendent of Lighthouses, a post he relinquished to his late son, Darius Smith, so well known and regarded by Kingstonians.

Mrs. Smith is able to move rapidly about the house, and to eat heartily three or four meals a day, her digestion being remarkable, a result of hardy pioneer life in her younger days. Her hearing is not good, but her daughters are able to converse with her ; while her eyesight enables her yet to do a little sewing. She still "keeps house' in her own room, and makes up the bed daily. She does not furnish a startling evidence of the ill effects of tobacco, as she has been for years a votary of its pleasures.

EARLY SCENES AND INCIDENTS.

Mrs. Smith related to her visitors on Monday many incidents attending her arrival in Canada. The refugees came over in sleighs with horses, and were nearly drowned in crossing the ice at Kingston. A foot path traced out by blazed trees was the only route from Kingston to what is now Odessa. The only house on this latter spot was Booth's mill, to which the settlers carried their grain on horseback, not knowing enough (as she laughingly said) to divide the grain into two bags to balance it on the horse's back ; they balanced it with a stone on one side. The next house to be erected in Mill Creek, the first name for Odessa, or within a mile of it, was Paul Somers' tavern and a few years later every house on the road to Kingston became a tavern or "canteen," as then styled. It used to be said that if a man took care to stop at every canteen on the road he might go to Kingston bareheaded and barehanded without suffer-

THE SCOTT ACT.

Some of the Most Important of the Provisions of the Scott Act which is Going into Force.

In these days of temperance activity the words "Scott Act" are on the tongue of almost everyone, but beyond the hazy idea that the passage of the Act in some way or other puts a sudden extinguisher upon the free sale of liquor, the majority of the people know little or nothing of the provisions of the "Canada Temperance Act of 1878," popularly known as tht "Scott Act," after its originator, the Hon. R. W. Scott, who introduced it into Parliament in the year 1878, that it might take the place of the Dunkin Act, which time had shown to be unsatisfactory in some particulars.

PROVISIONS OF THE ACT.

The Act declares that from the day on which a majority of the electors of a town or county shall decide upon its adoption no persons, whether or not they possess a common liquor license, shall, under any circumstances whatever, sell or barter spirituous or intoxicating liquors, or any mixed liquor capable of being used as as a beverage and parts of which are spirituous. The only liquor which may be sold is that for sacramental or medicinal purposes, or for bona fide use in some art, trade and manufacture, and which may only be vended by druggists and other sellers specially licensed by the Provincial Lieutenant Governor. There may be only one of these vendors in each township or parish and two in each town, while in cities one vendor is allowed for every 4000 inhabitants. Liquor for medicinal purposes can be sold only in quantities of a pint or more, and only on the certificate of a medical man, who has no interest in the sale of liquor by the vendor or druggist who fills the prescription. When liquor is needed for use in any art, trade or manufacture, the applicant must procure a certificate signed by two justices of the peace asserting the bona fide nature of the application, and also make an affirmation that the

LIQUOR WILL ONLY BE USED

in the manner set forth in the application. All druggists and vendors must keep an accurate account of all sales and make an annual return to the Collector of Inland Revenue, giving the names of every purchaser and the quantity he obtained. Distillers and brewers, however, may sell liquor of their own manufacture in quantities of ten gallons or more, or in the case of ale or beer of eight gallons or more to druggists, licensed vendors, and persons whom they have good reasons to believe will carry it out of the town or county into some sections of the country where the Scott Act is not in force. Manufactures of pure native wines made from grapes grown by them in the Dominion of Canada, may be licensed by the municipal councils and other authorities having jurisdiction, to sell wines in quantities of not less than ten gallons at one time, except when sold for sacramental or medieinal purposes, when any number of gallons from one to ten may be sold. Merchants engaged in the wholesale trade may sell in the same way that distillers may.

PENALTIES.

The penalties for infringement of the Act are severe. Any person found selling liquor in violation of the law is subject to a fine of not less than $50 for the first offence and not less than $100 for the second, and to imprisonment for not less than three months for the third and every subsequent offence. An assistant is held equally guilty with the principal and receives the same punishment. All the liquor on the premises of such an offender is subject to confiscation.

PRELIMINARY CONDITIONS.

Napanee Market.

Napanee, Oct. 31, 1884.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$0 60	to $0 70
Spring wheat, do	0 70	0 80
Barley, do	0 50	0 55
Oats, do	0 28	0 30
Peas, do	0 55	0 60
Rye, do	0 50	0 55
Onions, do	1 00	0 00
do per bag	0 40	0 50
Potatoes, per bag	0 30	0 50
Flour, fall, per 100 lbs	2 00	3 25
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 25	2 50
Corn	0 75	0 75
Butter per tub	0 16	0 18
Butter, per lb.	0 20	0 22
Cheese "	0 12½	0 12
Lard "	0 11	0 12
Tallow "	0 50	0 06
Musk Rats	0 10	0 11
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 60
Lamb per lb	0 06	0 07
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 09
Wool, per lb	0 16	0 00
Calfskins, per lb	0 08	0 10
Eggs per doz	0 00	0 16
Bacon, per 100 lbs	12 00	13 00
Mess pork	0 10	0 11
Beef hides	4 50	5 00
Deeken skins	0 40	0 50
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 50	0 60
Bran per ton	14 00	15 00
Shorts "	20 00	20 00
Hay, "	8 00	9 00
Clover Hay per ton	4 00	5 00
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkey	0 75	1 25
Cheese	0 25	0 50
Chickens	25	0 30

Cheese contracted for 11½

MARRIAGES.

McGREER—de MESLE.—At St. Martin's Church Montreal, on Wednesday, Oct. 29th, by Rev. Dr. Stone, Mr. F. E. McGreer, of Napanee to Miss V. Louise Marie, eldest daughter of Pierre de Mesle, Esq., of Montreal.

BROOKS—BRISTOW.—At the parsonage, Napanee on Oct 9, by the Rev. J. B. Wilson, B. A., Mr. Charles Brooks to Miss Emma Bristow, all of South Fredericksburgh.

BIRTHS.

HOLLAND.—At Montreal, on Oct. 23, the wife of Mr. R. K. Holland, (nee Miss Waller, of Napanee) of a son.

JUDD.—In Napanee, on the 27th inst., the wife of Mr. Enos Judd of twins.

TRIMBLE.—In Napanee, on Oct. 27, the wife of Mr. Frank Trimble of a daughter.

BURNUP.—On Sunday, Oct. 12, the wife of Mr. Thomas Burnup of a daughter.

DEATHS.

McCABE.—In Napanee, on Oct. 27, Theodore F. McCabe, aged 2 years and 6 months.

CUMMING.—In Napanee, on Oct. 29, W. M. Cumming, aged 8 years and 2 months.

An Agreeable Surprise.

Those who try Burdock Blood Bitters as a regulator of the bowels, or to purify the blood, aid digestion, regulate the liver and kidneys, or strengthen tired nature, are agreeably surprised at the prompt benefit derived.

A Decided Hit.

Hagyard's Yellow Oil touches the right spot every time when applied for rheumatism, neuralgia, pain, soreness or lomeness, and internally for colds, sore throat, etc., it is equally infallible.

FARMERS WANTED

In every neighborhood to take a

Spring Tooth Harrow

—OR—

CULTIVATOR,

And try it. Don't put it off.

HUNDREDS WILL SAY

They would not be without one for

MANY TIMES ITS VALUE

that if a man took care to stop at every canteen on the road he might go to Kingston bareheaded and barehanded without suffering. Mrs. Smith still bitterly denounces the drunkenness of the old times. Booth's mill was owned by a grandfather of Philip Booth of Odessa. It was a regular custom to go to church on horseback, and many a time Mr. and Mrs. Smith took their young family along, sitting them in front and behind on the animals.

IN A PORTSMOUTH ROMANCE

an uncle of Mrs. Smith figured, early in the days of American independence. He came to Kingston on a visit to friends in the bay that now makes Portsmouth harbor, saw with the Indians two white girls named Rogers. One of them made known her desire to escape. They had been captured in New York State by the savages, their four grandparents being murdered as too old to take along. Families grouped in those days because of the danger of life in detached settlements, and their parents were both working in the bush, and knew nothing of the massacre and capture until they saw the flames of their house and hurried home. The visitor secured the girl's release by an offering of presents, and afterwards married her and lived very happily. Her sister could not be persuaded at first to leave the Indians, but finally joined her sister in her home in N. Y. state.

The American Grain Crop.

The grain crop of America for 1884 is the largest aggregate ever recorded. The statistics given by the Agricultural bureau of Washington, are marvellous. The quantity of wheat is surprising, but the yield of corn is stupendous. The figures given are eighteen hundred millions of bushels. Just imagine the quantity of Johnny cake that means. Why it would cover the entire continent two inches deep with batter. The weight of the grain is five millions of tons, and at twenty thousand pounds to the car, would load five million freight cars—not counting the odd fraction of four hundred thousand tons, or forty thousand cars more! If a solid train was made up, reaching from Portland, Oregon, via the Northern Pacific, Michigan lines, and the Grand Trunk from Portland, Maine; then to Boston, Albany, Chicago, Davenport and San Francisco by the Union and Central; thence to New Orleans by the Southern and Texas Pacific, and via Mobile, Charlestown and Richmond to Washington; thence via Cincinnati, St. Louis, Kansas City, the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and the Mexican Central to the City of Mexico—a distance of over fourteen thousand miles, doubling four times across the continent and taking in half of Canada and Mexico, such a train would contain only one half of the cars necessary to move this crop of corn.

Prompt Measures.

Prompt measures should be used to break up sudden colds and cure coughs in their early stages. Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam does this most speedily and effectively.

To the Ladies.

McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate will cure any case of Pimples on the face or Rough Skin on either hands or face and leave them soft as silk. It will also heal any sore when all other preparations fail. Thousands have tested it. Ask your druggist for McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate, and do not be persuaded to take anything else claimed to be as good. It is but 25 cents per box, at A. T. Grange's and T. A. Huffman's drug stores, Napanee; also, at James Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth.

—Costiveness is the cause of the intolerable "bad breath" of multitudes. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters remove the cause and prevent the evil, and cost only 25 cents.

A Safe Investment.

Investing 25 cents for a bottle of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best throat and lung healer known. Cures coughs, bronchitis, asthma and all pulmonary complaints.

tender is subject to confiscation.

PRELIMINARY CONDITIONS.

In order to submit the Act to the popular vote it is necessary that a petition signed by at least one-fourth of the electors of the county or city, be presented to the Secretary of State for Canada, praying that the votes of the electors be taken for and against the measure. Previous to the petition being sent to the Secretary of State it must be placed in the office of the sheriff or registrar of deeds for ten days, in order that it may be examined by all who desire to do so; and two weeks previous notice of such deposit must be given by two insertions in each of two newspapers published in or nearest to the county or city. All persons qualified to vote at the election of a member of the House of Commons may have the power to vote on the Scott Act. The vote is by ballot.

Prof. Low's Magic Sulphur Soap.—Healing, soothing and cleansing for all eruptive diseases of the skin. Delightful for toilet use.

GAIN
Health and Happiness.

How? DO AS OTHERS HAVE DONE.

Are your Kidneys disordered?
"Kidney Wort brought me from my grave, as it were, after I had been given up by 13 best doctors in Detroit." M. W. Deveraux, Mechanic, Ionia, Mich.

Are your nerves weak?
"Kidney-Wort cured me from nervous weakness &c., after I was not expected to live."—Mrs. M. M. B. Goodwin, Ed. *Christian Monitor*, Cleveland, O.

Have you Bright's Disease?
"Kidney-Wort cured me when my water was just like chalk and then like blood."
Frank Wilson, Peabody, Mass.

Suffering from Diabetes?
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I have ever used. Gives almost immediate relief."
Dr. Phillip C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.

Have you Liver Complaint?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of chronic Liver Diseases after I prayed to die."
Henry Ward, late Col. 69th Nat. Guard, N. Y.

Is your Back lame and aching?
"Kidney-Wort, (1 bottle) cured me when I was so lame I had to roll out of bed."
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Have you Kidney Disease?
"Kidney-Wort made me sound in liver and kidneys after years of unsuccessful doctoring. Its worth $10 a box."—Sam'l Hodges, Williamstown, West Va.

Are you Constipated?
"Kidney-Wort causes easy evacuations and cured me after 16 years use of other medicines."
Nelson Fairchild, St. Albans, Vt.

Have you Malaria?
"Kidney-Wort has done better than any other remedy I have ever used in my practice."
Dr. R. K. Clark, South Hero, Vt.

Are you Bilious?
"Kidney-Wort has done me more good than any other remedy I have ever taken."
Mrs. J. T. Galloway, Elk Flat, Oregon.

Are you tormented with Piles?
"Kidney-Wort *permanently cured* me of bleeding piles. Dr. W. C. Kline recommended it to me."
Geo. H. Horst, Cashier M. Bank, Myerstown, Pa.

Are you Rheumatism racked?
"Kidney-Wort cured me, after I was given up to die by physicians and I had suffered thirty years."
Elbridge Malcolm, West Bath, Maine.

Ladies, are you suffering?
"Kidney-Wort cured me of peculiar troubles of several years standing. Many friends use and praise it."
Mrs. H. Lamoreaux, Isle La Motte, Vt.

If you would Banish Disease and gain Health, Take

KIDNEY-WORT
THE BLOOD CLEANSER.

They would not be without one for

MANY TIMES ITS VALUE

J. M. SMITH, Agent, Tamworth.
JAMES GRANT, Agent, near the Market.

Napanee, Oct. 30th, 1884. 50-3 mos.

SELLING OUT AT COST.

As the lease of our Foundry and Machine Shop expires on the 1st of November next, we are offering at cost our stock of

PLOWS, PLOW-SHARES
—AND—
Thimble Wagon-Skeins,

Besides a general stock of repairs for

THRESHING MACHINES

PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, ROLLERS,

and almost all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

also, one nearly new

P.R. Dederick's Iron Lined Hay Presses

size of bale, 14 x 18; cost $400, will sell for $250;

ONE SEVEN-HORSE POWER ENGINE,

nearly new and in perfect order; also,

THREE BOX STOVES,

Likeness Pattern; 4-foot wood.

PRINGLE & Co.

Napanee August 20th, 1884.

TAKEN A TUMBLE.

R. A. SHOREY

—IS SELLING—

12½ lbs	Standard Granulated Sugar		$1.00
16 "	Nice Bright	"	1.00
18 "	" Yellow	"	1.00
3 "	Good Japan Tea		1.00
6 "	" " Dust		1.00

BEST VALUES IN

Fresh Ground Coffee, Fine Flavored Teas, Pure Spices, best American and Canadian Baking Powders, Confectionery, Fruit, Nuts, Raisins, Currants, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, Wooden Ware, Clothes Wringers, Glass Fruit Jars, etc., at

BOTTOM PRICES

P. S.—Nice Building Lot at a Bargain, also House and Lot in good locality for sale cheap.

☞ CASH PAID FOR EGGS.

A Call Solicited.

R. A. SHOREY.

FUN AT CHEAPSIDE

Down Go the Prices of Wool Goods.

Fine all wool Grey Flannels, such as other houses charge 30 to 35 cents for, we are selling at 28 cents. Fine all wool White Blankets, $2.25 per pair. POSITIVELY THE LOWEST PRICES EVER REACHED IN THESE GOODS.

Heavy, yard wide Cotton, only 5½ cents a yard; good, heavy Cotton for 4 cents; heavy wool (sheep's) Grey Full Cloths, only 65 cents a yard, worth 80 cents.

Heavy twilled, all wool, yard wide Flannel, in white and grey, at 50 cents a yard.

Lots of white, grey and scarlet woollen socks and mits at lowest prices.

GRAND VALUE IN CANTON FLANNELS.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN SCARLET SAXONY FLANNELS.

FURS. FURS. FURS.

In Furs we are showing a wholesale stock of Men's Overcoats, Ladies' Astracan and Bokaren Lamb Mantles, Fur-lined Circulars, Muffs, Boas, Caps in Seal, Persian and Bokaren Lamb, Astracan, Mink, etc. Men's Seal and Persian Lamb Caps.

Ladies, bear in mind that our Astracan and Bokaren Lamb Mantles are all made from selected skins, properly lined and stayed and are first class, reliable goods and are bound to give satisfaction, being made specially for our trade. We defy all honest competition in Furs, as we make a specialty of fine goo dgoods.

We are prepared to make to order Ladies Seal and Persian Lamb Mantles as well as Men's Persian Lamb at the lowest possible price.

We show sample packages of Seal, Persian Lamb, Bokaren Lamb and Astracan Skin which we sell at close prices.

Gents, remember our Coon Coats are made from the best North Western Coon, and we keep no trashy, cheap, painted goods, but the genuine article. They are made specially for us and we guarantee them to give satisfaction.

ROBES, we show a large stock of Black, Grey and White Japanese wool robes at the cheapest prices

A lot of new goods just in this week, call and see them.

HINCH, PERRY & CO.

$20,000 WORTH OF SELECTED FURS

—AT—

DOWNEY & COMPANY'S.

The largest stock of Furs we have ever shown of the very finest goods made up in the very latest styles.

Jackets, Coats, Muffs, Tippets, Caps in Astracan, Alaska and South Sea Seal. Also an immense stock of Robes of al kinds.

These goods are all guaranteed genuine and are perfect in every particular. They will be soll at a very small advance on cost. Make your selection before they are all sold.

DOWNEY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF AN AGRICULTURAL ENGINE.

There will be sold by public auction on

Saturday, November 1st, 1884,

At 2 o'clobk p m at

G. L. Mair's Machine Shop, Napanee,

One fire-proof Champion engine No. 3 in size, No. in make, manufactured by the

NEW TAILORING AND

GENTS' FURNISHING STORE.

G. L. Mair's Machine Shop, Napanee,

One fire-proof Champion engine No. 3 in size, No. in make, manufactured by the

Waterous Engine Works Co., Limited,

Brantford. The said engine has been used four years. It will be sold just as it is and where it is for cash.

R. McCOY,
Auctioneer.

Napanee Oct. 7, 1884. 47-sins

THE ARCADE

Opened October 18, '84

With a new and complete stock of

DRY GOODS

At Regular Wholesale Prices.

The finest lot of Dress Goods ever shown in Napanee, comprising all the newest materials, colorings and patterns. See our stock of

ALL WOOL PLAIDS, 25c. UP

Ladies' Ulsterings

in all qualities and colorings.

Cloths, Tweeds & Overcoatings

in English, Scotch, French and Canadian

Wool Goods, Flannels, Carpets, Blankets, Tickings, Shirtings, Grey and White Cottons. A full stock of Ladies' and Children's Mantles, Jackets, Shawls and Ulsters.

A call solicited,—no trouble to show goods. Note the place: Next door to Smith's jewelry store.

S. E. LENNOX.

D. J. HOGAN & SON

Have opened up a complete stock of ENGLISH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS, BLACK AND FANCY WORSTEDS, ENGLISH TROUSERINGS AND OVERCOATINGS of every description, and are prepared to make up clothing in the latest style and guarantee satisfaction.

They are also giving great bargains in the Gents' Furnishing line, such as Shirts, Collars, Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Wool Shirts and Drawers, etc.

All cloth purchased in the store will be cut free of charge. Call and see our price in the

CAMPBELL HOUSE BLOCK.

D. J. HOGAN & SON.

R. P. LAHEY'S
POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE

FOR

Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps,

FURS AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

We always keep new and reliable goods and sell cheaper than any other house on the face of the globe. REMEMBER THE RENNIE BLOCK.

R. P. LAHEY.

Just Received by
J. F. WHELAN & CO.

A CHOICE LOT OF FINE FLOUR, WHICH WE WILL OFFER AT WHOLESALE PRICES, VIZ.:

A very fine quality of family flour at $2.40 per cwt.; Rathbun's No. 1 S. B. flour, only $2.65 per cwt.; an extra fine quality in western flour, only $2.70 per cwt., (no charges for bags), also all grades varying in price from $2.40 to $2.60 per cwt.

WE ARE ALSO GIVING REMARKABLE VALUES IN TEAS AND SUGARS.

19 lbs. good quality refined sugar, $1.00,
17 lbs. good quality, Porto Rico Sugar, $1.00,
16 lbs. extra fine quality Porto Rico Sugar, $1.00,
No 1 Standard Granulated Sugar, only 8 cents per lb.,
14 lbs. White Crushed Sugar, $1.00.

No. 1 Napoleon Tobacco, 8 plugs to the lb., only 40c. We have just opened an extra fine quality of 50c. Japan Tea which will be offered at 45c. per lb., or 5 lbs. for $2.00; a good quality in Japan Tea Siftings and Young Hyon Teas at 20c. per lb., or 5 lbs for $1.00, also an extra fine quality in Japan Tea Siftings and Young Hyson Teas at 25c. per lb., or 5 lbs, for $1.00, and in everything else you will find we make bottom prices a specialty.

☞ YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

J. F. WHELAN & CO.

SIDNEY'S FOLLY

CHAPTER XXI.

For some days after the interview with the detective Sidney Daunt lived in a pitiable state of excitement and restless uncertainty and suspense, which was likely to tell greatly on her health, but which she struggled hard to conceal under an appearance of gaiety, which more than once was on the verge of becoming hysterical.

She was wretchedly unstrung and excited, far fuller of fear than hope regarding the result of Hopgood's inquiries and full of a vague terror as to her own share in instituting them. The poor girl was so utterly alone in her sorrow that it was no wonder her anguish was doubly increased thereby. There was no one to whom she could go for advice or assistance, no one in whom she dared confide. More than once she thought of telling Christine Greville of Frank's nocturnal visits, and her endeavors in his behalf; but she repudiated the notion as imprudent, for the poor girl was in wretched health, drooping daily like an unwatered flower in the anguish and uncertainty respecting her brother's fate, and Sidney feared that she would by her agitation and distress betray that something had been heard and seen of the unfortunate accused. And yet on that rainy October day on which Stephen Daunt had been thrown from his horse and his wife had driven to meet Frank Greville at Lymouth, the latter had asked Sidney so piteously if there was the least hope of his seeing his sister that she had been sorely inclined to risk the danger. That interview with her old friend and former *fiance* had been far more painful than the first one. Gray as the day was, she was enabled to see by its light much of terrible change in the unfortunate young man which had escaped her in the moonlit summer-house, and it seemed to Sidney that her heart would never cease aching with a dull ceaseless pain which it was impossible to forget even for a moment; and she had vowed to herself then that she would leave no stone unturned until his innocence was proved.

He had not urged this upon her in the second interview as he had done in the first. One or two disjointed sentences had escaped his lips: but he had uttered entreaties that she should endeavor to have the murder sifted, although he had seemed even more downcast and dispirited and despairing. Mingled with the despondency was a strange resignation foreign to his nature, which Sidney could not understand; and she found herself more than once in the act of recalling enigmatical sentences that he had spoken which she did not clearly understand, but which seemed to say that if his innocence were proved it could only beat some terrible cost to her.

She had heard nothing further from the detective; night and morning however, as the post-hours drew near, her heart beat wildly, and she turned sick and faint with anxiety and suspense and dread. Sometimes she feared that her senses would fail, that her brain would give way in her terror and anxiety, that she would fall ill, and in her delirium

The color rose slightly in her face. She believed in Stephen's justice and kindness in all things but in this one—his belief in Frank Greville's guilt.

"Is Christine well enough to leave home?" Dolly asked. "I thought she was very ill."

"She is very ill," Sidney answered impetuously—"dying, I fear; but the change might do her good."

"What is her illness?" Lloyd asked, glancing over at Dolly as she sat opposite to him in her dainty morning dress of pale blue cashmere and velvet.

"A very common one," said Sidney, suddenly looking across at him with unhappy defiant eyes, "although some medical men will tell you that it is a myth—a broken heart."

"If medical men call it a myth, we in in our profession are often forced to acknowledge its existence," the young barrister said, with some feeling in his tone. "Has this young lady seen much trouble then?"

"Yes, very terrible trouble," Sidney answered briefly.

"Some disappointment, I suppose?" he suggested

"Does your professional experience tell you that a girl's trouble must of necessity be connected with love?" Sidney asked with a little bitter laugh.

"No, certainly not," he rejoined, with a slight smile. "But it is a natural association, I suppose. What is this particular trouble?"

"I will tell you," Sidney answered, almost with passion. "She had one brother—one whom she loved as dearly as, ay, ten times more dearly than many women love their lovers—and he was unjustly accused of murder, and sent forth into the world a miserable outcast, hunted and persecuted!"

"Were no efforts made to prove his innocence? How did he escape punishment?"

"By flight," Stephen said, breaking in suddenly, and speaking with unusual bitterness, as he thought how the memory of this man stood between him and his wife and held them asunder so cruelly. "Even before the Coroner's jury had given their verdict he had disappeared; and since then he has successfully eluded pursuit. I think there was no one in Ashford who did not sympathise cordially with his unhappy father and sister; but——"

"They could spare no sympathy for a man unjustly accused and sent out into the world, like Cain, with the brand of a murderer; but, who, unlike Cain, was innocent," Sidney concluded bitterly.

"I think I remember the case," Lloyd Milner said hurriedly, recalling the Ashford murder, and regretting his questions. "It was a very painful one. Well, Miss Dolly," he added abruptly, to change the subject, "is that momentous question of costume decided yet?"

"My costume for mamma's fancy ball on the first?" Dolly said nervously. "Well I am not sure. I am to have some more engravings by this evening's post; and perhaps, if you have nothing better to do this morning, you will help me to look over those I have."

"With much pleasure."

Stephen went away that morning—for the first time since his marriage—without

from her face, even her lips were white; and, save for the passionate burning eyes it might have been the face of a dead woman, so colourless and immobile was it.

"And—and," she said breathlessly; but her voice failed her, the words died away on her parched lips, and she could only stand trembling, gazing at him with terrified dilated eyes.

"You would ask me if I understand the purport of your little note?" he said gently. "Is not that it, Mrs. Daunt!"

"Yes," she breathed, rather than uttered.

"How can I answer you?" he said, with some hesitation, pitying her intense anguish, yet angry with her for the deception she was evidently practising towards her husband. "The few words written therewould have been unintelligible to me, Mrs. Daunt, had a clue to their meaning not been supplied by the conversation at breakfast."

"Ah!"

"I cannot help gleaning that the 'Chrissie' spoken of there," he went on, with the same gentleness of manner, "is the lady spoken of this morning; therefore I conclude that the writer of the note is the unfortunate young man her brother."

Sidney's head dropped. She was calmer now, with the calmness of despair. Doubtless all was lost. This man who had discovered her secret would betray her to her husband; it would be found that Frank had been in the neighborhood, and he would be arrested, and she whom he had trusted would be the cause! The thought was almost unbearable agony. She raised her hands to her head with a little despairing gesture, and pushed back her hair from her forehead feverishly. The young man, watching her, thought he had never seen a face so lovely in its misery, so miserable in its loveliness.

"It will not need much cleverness to guess that for some time you have been in communication with Mr. Greville," he said quietly. "For some days past I have unwillingly been forced to conclude that you had some secret which your husband did not share, and I was grieved to think it. Believe me, Mrs. Daunt, the course you are pursuing can bring you only remorse and trouble. To deceive a man so generous and true and trusting as Stephen Daunt is can give you only remorse at best. Why not have told him that you are anxious to do what you can to prove the innocence of Mr. Greville, and ask his help? He can advise and help you and take from your shoulders a burden they cannot bear alone?"

"Why not?" she echoed bitterly. "You remember what passed in this room half an hour ago, and you ask that! You heard how cruelly and bitterly Stephen spoke; you see how convinced he is of Frank's guilt. Even if he loved me—and you, who sees so much, must have seen that he does not—he would not help me in this."

"He would help you—only ask him," Lloyd Milner said earnestly.

"I have asked him. I have entreated him to do so; but he will not. Ah, if you remember the circumstances you will not wonder at it!" she went on, with increased and passionate bitterness. "She was so beautiful—so beautiful, and—

senses would fail, that her brain would give way in her terror and anxiety, that she would fall ill, and in her delirium betray the truth to Stephen and those around her. Sometimes she thought that she could bear it no longer, that it would kill her, that she must give way under it and let herself drift to that world where she might find peace. But at such times as these the thought of Frank's loneliness and helplessness animated her courage, and she struggled against her despair and took up her weapons to fight the battle of life—her weapons of smiles and gay chatter, with which she managed successfully enough to deceive Dolly, and partly to deceive Stephen, but not in any way to deceive the keen-eyed lawyer, whose gray eyes, kindly and almost compassionate as they were sometimes, Sidney was beginning to dread and shrink from, as if they had the power of reading her very soul.

But even if this arsenal of hers could not conceal the change in her appearance which could not fail to ensue from such intense, ceaseless, if suppressed, excitement—the violet shadows so deep and dark under the sweet eyes which had such a feverish lustre, such a restless light, the hollows in the pale cheeks, the pathetic droop of the sweet mouth which was so infinitely touching and sorrowful. And Stephen Daunt, noticing all this, felt sad and heavy-hearted for the woman for whom he would have laid down his life, but to whom he was unable to give happiness.

He himself was about again. The wound on his head was completely healed, although it had left a scar on his broad white brow and an occasional headache was its consequence, and his arm was progressing in the most satisfactory manner. Lloyd Milner's visit was drawing to a close ; and while his host was most unwilling to agree to his departure and Dolly's pretty blue eyes grew wistful and sorrowful at the thought of it, Sidney felt a most inhospitable relief, for which she chided herself in vain. If he were gone, and Dolly were to return to Lambswold, she would be more free. She would, during Stephen's long absences every day at the mills, to which he gave daily more of his time and attention, have time to collect her thoughts and leisure for the relief of tears she dared not indulge in now, however much her eyes might ache and her temples throb. And, oh, how glad she would be to escape the scrutiny of those keen gray eyes which haunted her even in her sleep and made her wake up sometimes in an agony of terror, her brow damp with perspiration, her hands burning with fever !

It was no wonder then that she avoided their gaze one morning as she addressed her husband with studied calmness across the breakfast-table, wondering if, as she spoke, the intense nervousness under which she had been laboring would be noticed.

"Stephen," she said, "have you any objection to my inviting Miss Greville to stay with us for a few days?"

"Objection, Sidney?" he returned. "No, indeed! Why should I have?"

"Many of her old friends have shunned her since she has been in trouble," said Sidney unsteadily.

"And did you think I was mean enough to do so?" he replied, with a *soupçon* of indignation.

"With much pleasure."

Stephen went away that morning—for the first time since his marriage—without his customary farewell to his wife; and Sidney went up to her rooms too much absorbed in her own thoughts to note the omission. Dolly followed her up stairs making some trifling remarks about the ball; and while the girl went to her room to get the pictures as to which she had asked Lloyd's advice, Sidney went to her boudoir, where she she was secure from observation.

Having locked the door, she sat down before her pretty writing-table and put her hand into the pocket of her cashmere morning-gown, to feel for a note which that morning's post had brought her. The next moment she had risen, grasping the table for support and trembling in every limb—the note was not there!

For the space of a minute Sidney stood spell-bound, unable to move in her agony of terror; then, recovering herself by a great effort, she flew, rather than ran, down stairs to the dining-room. Her husband's friend was there alone, standing in deep thought by the table.

"I have lost something," she said, too unnerved to conceal her agitation—"a letter. I must have dropped it. Not a letter—a note."

She was bending down hurriedly, looking under the table, and she did not see the curious look he gave her.

"Is this it, Mrs. Daunt?" he said quietly. "It can hardly be called even a note."

She stood up eagerly glancing at the bit of paper that he held.

"Yes, yes, that is it," she panted, snatching it from him with an eagerness strangely at variance with her usual languid, calm manner. "Thank you, thank you."

She was about to leave the room, when his voice arrested her steps.

"Mrs. Daunt!"

"What is it?" she said, standing in the middle of the room, her hands holding tightly the slip of paper that she had taken from him.

"I think it right to tell you that I have read what is written there," he said gravely. "I did so unintentionally in lifting the paper from the floor, where I suppose you dropped it."

Her hands sank helplessly to her sides, her whole form seemed to shrink and collapse, and a terrible look crossed her ghastly face. Twice her pale lips moved as if she were about to speak; but no words came, and they stood looking at each other in an awful silence which he would not and she could not break.

CHAPTER XXII.

"You have read it?"

The words came slowly and as it were unwillingly from Sidney's pale dry lips ; and, if Lloyd Milner had not seen them move, and had not known there was no one else in the room, he would not have believed that she had spoken, so harsh and changed, so unnatural did the husky strained sound as the words fall upon the stillness.

"Yes, I have read it," he answered, in a low tone, feeling pained and grieved at the humiliation her tone and manner expressed, as she stood trembling in every limb. Every shade of color had faded

wonder at it !" she went on, with increased and passionate bitterness. "She was so beautiful—so beautiful, and—and Stephen loved her—not Frank only."

She had striven to speak calmly ; but Lloyd, watching her, saw how she trembled, and how, but for the support of a chair on which she leaned, she must have fallen, At any other time he would have tried to soothe her distress; but her last words had startled him even beyond his own powers of self control, and he could only look at her in amazement, and wonder at the meaning of her words.

"You don't understand," she said, striving to steady her trembling lips—"you don't know all. Frank loved her, and Stephen ; but Mr. Rutledge was wealthy, and she married him, and they were miserable. She," she went on, with sudden fierceness—"she is the one who deserved to suffer; she was the cause of it all, not Frank, whose only fault was loving her."

"As you say, I do not know all," he answered gravely. "I remember reading the case at the time; but it slipped my memory. Stephen was not even a witness I think," he went on meditatively. "If he had had anything to say, probably I should remember it all the better on that account. But am I mistaken in the notion that Mr. Greville, who was supposed, I think, to have eloped with the murdered man's wife, was engaged to some young lady here?"

"No, you are not mistaken," she said desperately. "He was engaged to me."

"To you!" he said, in intense surprise. —"To me.'

Lloyd Milner was silent then. Sorry as he had been for Sidney—ay, and for her husband—a few minutes before, he was doubly sorry now; and although it was impossible that he should guess at all the truth, he could not help filling in for himself the blank parts of the story. Sidney, he thought, had married Stephen when her first engagement came to an end, as so many girls married, for wealth and freedom, and, having these, she could not resist attempting to prove the innocence of the man she really loved, even though she believed him in love with another woman. Young as Lloyd Milner was he had had a large experience of the world, and he knew something of the strangeness of womankind—how often they acted with utter disregard of self, and just in the opposite manner to that in which they might have been expected to act. That Sidney was terribly unhappy he did not doubt for a moment; but, much as he pitied her, he was yet more grieved for Stephen, whom he loved, and who had, as he feared, shipwrecked his life by marriage with a woman whom he did not love and who did not love him. And yet surely he loved her ! thought the young barrister, remembering the few earnest words in which Stephen had asked him to come and see him "made the happiest of men," and the look of earnest passionate love in his eyes as he had stood by Sidney on his wedding day. Six months had not yet elapsed, and they were estranged and cold—and they had all their lives to spend together !

"Mrs Daunt," he said earnestly, "I am an old friend of Stephen's, and, for his sake, I should like to be yours. Believe me when I tell you that nothing

but misery can ensue from any such deception as this. It would be better—far better, to entreat Stephen for his assistance—he will not refuse you when he sees how your heart is set upon it—than to keep up this system of deception which must be—indeed I see it is—so distasteful to you."

"Do you think I would have tried it," she cried passionately, "if there had been any other alternative? There is none. He will not help me. He hates Frank, and, if he knew that——" She paused suddenly in terror, afraid that she had betrayed to this keen-eyed lawyer that Frank was in the neighborhood.

"I think, if he knew how much his wife was interested, he would give her his assistance," Lloyd said earnestly. "Mrs. Daunt. spare yourself any more pain and humiliation—for you must feel ashamed and humiliated by this continued deception of a husband whose greatest safeguard should be his trust and confidence in you. How can you betray them and him?

"I don't know," she answered drearily. "I can only hope that the shame and humiliation will kill me at last. You yourself have owned that a broken heart is not a myth. I don't look like a very long-lived woman, do I? And my mother died young. And if you care for Stephen you would be glad to hear that he was free again," she added, looking at him with a strange smile. "Shall I tell you how to free him? Go and tell him what you know, what you have discovered while he is still in ignorance of it. Tell him that the wife he trusts and esteems—although he does not love her—is disobeying his orders, is spending his money in an attempt to clear the man who was his rival for Sibyl Neil's love; tell him that he has been in the neighborhood, that his wife has met him by night and by day; betray us to him, so that he may put the officers of justice on Frank's track; and on the day you do so," she added firmly, with a look on the beautiful face which startled him, "I will find a way out of the difficulty without any man's help, or woman's either."

"Hush!" he said gently. "You speak wildly, and you do not know what you are saying. Why should I betray you to Stephen? I have no wish to add to your unhappiness and to his; it is sufficiently great, Heaven knows! Mr. Greville is safe from any interference of mine; but the risk he runs by coming here is a very great one, and his wisest plan is to do as he suggests here—go abroad while he has the opportunity. And your wisest plan, Mrs. Daunt," he added almost coldly, "is to give up your desire of seeing him cleared and to run no further risk. It is a wonder your imprudence has not already drought about the result you dread so much."

She made no reply. Her excitement was fading away now, and with it her strength. She sank down upon the nearest chair, breathing quickly, her pale lips parted like a person in pain. Suddenly Dolly's voice was heard in the hall without, and a gleam of terror crossed her ashy-pale face. Lloyd made a slight reassuring gesture with his hand, and hurried out of the room; and Sidney heard his voice speaking lightly to Dolly, saying how long she had been, so long that he had thought she must have been making the sketches herself. Then came

Why Mountain Air is Healthful.

One of the best qualities of mountain air, that which makes it so delightful to the weary denizens of plains, is its freshness, and the higher they go the fresher they find it. Swiss savants have ascertained by observations made a sundry Alpine stations that for every 143 metres of altitude the summer temperature of their mountains diminishes one degree centigrade.

The two great advantages of a mountain climate are the freshness of the air and the intensity of the sun's action. The second of these influences, as touching the human organism, is no less important than the first, for the solar radiation penetrates our clothing, comes in contact with the skin, and acts on the blood. A few weeks' stay at a height of 3,000 or 4,000 feet above sea level brings back color to the pallid face and dyes the cheeks a healthy brown.

But young women, sometimes even young men, instead of exposing their countenances to the healthful action of the light, shade their faces with hats and cover them with veils, as if the complexion most to be desired is of that delicate and wholesome tint which comes of late hours and an indoor life. Where can we find handsomer men than the ruddy-faced, dark-eyed *Urner Strassenmann*, who in the days before the big tunnel, used to keep the St. Gothard road free from snow, and spent his life at an elevation of from 5,000 to 7,000 feet above the sea. Their complexions were finer than that of any fashionable beauty who ever reigned in a ball room or shone at a court.

Another peculiarity of mountain air is the relatively little moisture which it contains. As we go higher the humidity diminishes in a ratio more rapid than the pressure of the atmosphere. When we reach an altitude of 6,500 feet we have below us one-half of the total amount of vapor our atmosphere is estimated to contain. The hygrometric condition of the air at these heights is subject to rapid changes. A fog, with its cold and damp, will often be dispersed in a few minutes by a whiff of warm air. Local cases may, however, render some mountains moister than others. For instance, the monks of the Great St. Bernard do not complain of the cold—that they can keep at bay—yet they suffer so much from rheumatism caused by the clouds that roll almost constantly round the Hospice, that after a few years' service they are compelled to go down the Martigny to recruit their health. But Mont Jou, from its position is much exposed to the action of the south wind, which comes charged with moisture from the north Italian plains. Health must be sought at a lower altitude than 8,000 feet.

A Good Word For The Turk.

This brings me now to a subject on which I must appeal to the public sense of justice and fair play. I must protest against the indiscriminate employment of the word "Turk," whenever there is occasion to mention any case of misgovernment, oppression, or cruelty in Egypt. It will probably surprise the reader very much to hear that, speaking generally, there are few, if any, Turks in that country. If proper inquiries were made about these

MISCELLANEOUS.

Oscar Wilde is said to have become quite subdued. Whether as the result of marriage, or some other powerful influence, is not stated.

Catania has been visited by another cyclone. Thirty persons were killed. King Humbert has sent £400 for the relief of the sufferers.

"No, indeed!" exclaimed Mrs. Jones-Brown energetically. "I don't believe in the extension of woman's suffrages at all. She suffers enough now."

An observing man has discovered a similarity between a young ladies' seminary and a sugar-factory, since both refine what is already sweet.

Kossuth lives in a little attic apartment at Turin, having retired from his business as teacher of the English language and is feeble in his old age.

Trouble is anticipated from the rapid extension of a religious sect in Russia, which while remaining loyal to the Government, denies the Czar's religious supremacy.

In retaliation for the action of the Communal Council of Venzielles, Belgium, on closing the girls' school, a mob entered the chamber and drove out the councillors and afterwards pillaged the priests' house.

"Nail-portraits" are the latest fancy among Gallic lovers. A miniature likeness of the beloved one is photographed on the thumb-nail, so that the devoted swain may always have her image before him.

It is reported that the Duchess of Albany, at the termination of her term of mourning, will marry the crown Prince of Wurtemburg, who is the widower of the late Duke of Albany's sister, the late Princess Alice.

Prof. Ludwig Mauthner, the famous Vienna oculist, has just succeeded in restoring sight to a colleague aged 96. In another case he restored sight to a patient of 102 years. The cases are said to be unique in eye surgery.

The Church of England maintains on the continent of Europe two bishops, and, including those of the channel islands, some two hundred clergymen. In addition to these a large number of clergymen exercise their gifts, especially in summer.

Havana ladies have adopted the South American marmoset as a companion and household pet. The little animal should be worn on the wrist or shoulder or else inside the bosom of the dress. At night he sleeps on the pillow of his mistress.

The election agitation is increasing in Germany. Socialist riots have occurred at Brandenburg. The mob tore up the pavement and attacked the police with stones. The military was called out and several persons were wounded on both sides. Numerous arrests were made.

Yokohama and Tokio have been visited by a terrible typhoon. In the latter city 3,000 houses were destroyed and twenty people killed. The loss of life at sea was appalling, and no estimate could be made of the number. The typhoon was followed by another of great force two days later.

Count VonMunster, the Germ'n am-

his voice speaking lightly to Dolly, saying how long she had been, so long that he had thought she must have been making the sketches herself. Then came Dolly's sweet soft voice and gay laughter and his again sounded suggesting an adjournment to the library. Then all was quiet; and presently Sidney raised herself to her feet, and dragged her trembling limbs up-stairs to her room to prepare for her drive into Ashford to see Chrissie, shading her face with her hand as she went lest she should meet any of the household.

Mr. Milner had been pitiful, angry. Would it not be wiser to take his advice and give up this miserable attempt? But it was too late now; the matter was no longer in her hands; she could do nothing now—nothing, save suffer and tremble, and live in suspense and terror respecting what was to come.

(TO BE CONTINUED.

Impoliteness of an Old Bachelor.

It was in a Pullman sleeping car in the middle of the night.

The passengers were all asleep but two. One of these, an elderly female, was moaning in an undertone:

"Oh, I am so dry, I am so dry, I am so very, *very* dry——"

She kept this monotonous cry up until the other wakeful passenger, an old bachelor in the berth opposite, grew wild. He got up, groped his way to the end of the car, where the porter was engaged in blacking boots, gave him a coin, and told him to take a pail of ice water to the old lady and see that she drank every drop of it. Then he got back into his berth.

The porter carried out his instructions, the old lady thanked him gratefully, and all was quiet.

Presently, and just as the old fellow was losing himself in sleep the same voice querulously piped out:

"Oh, I was so dry, I was so dry, I was so very, *very* dry——"

The bachelor passenger bounded to a sitting posture, bumped his head against the bottom of the berth above him, poked his face through the curtains, and shouted indignantly:

"My dear madam, will you be kind enough to *dry up?*"

Had a Picnic.

Everything was ready and they were about starting for the picnic when a heavy rain-storm came on.

"Isn't it too provoking, George?" she said.

George agreed with her.

"We can't go in the rain," she continued, "but the folks are away, and if you like, George, we can spend the afternoon in the parlor. We will have it all to ourselves. You can hold a skein of worsted for me, and we can look at the album together, and I will show you some lovely sketches, and——"

"The parlor," interrupted George, leading the way.

In the evening a friend asked George where he had spent the afternoon.

"At a picnic," he replied.

"In all that rain? What kind of a picnic?"

"A regular picnic."

Genevieve Ward is still in Australia.

will probably surprise the reader very much to hear that, speaking generally, there are few, if any, Turks in that country. If proper inquiries were made about these so-styled Turkish Mudirs, and Turkish soldiers, who are so often referred to in terms of indignation and opprobrium, it would be found that they are mostly Egyptian natives, and although some few may have a dash of Turkish blood from a former generation as part of their inheritance, they have nothing in common with the Turk, as he is understood in England, except their Mohammedan faith. Very different are those men to those who serve the Sultan in the European or Asiatic Provinces, and it is unjust to both that they should be indiscriminately confounded in name. Turks there were in Egypt in the time of Mehemet Ali. Their presence and service was the essence of his strength; and it was with their assistance that he built up his power, and was able to bequeath a principality to his descendants. It was the policy, however, of his successors to get rid of this Turkish element or reduce it to a minimum in the government of the Province, seeing in it one of the strongest ties by which Egypt is bound to Turkey and consequently a great obstacle to the achievement of that independence which the heart of Said, as well as that of Ismail, so strongly longed for. It was a mistaken policy. The Turk, with his well-known fidelity and courage, was set aside, and the Fellah, with his subtlety, unscrupulousness, and cowardice came in, leading to the advance of Arabi Pasha, the bombardment of Alexandria, the battle of Tel-el-Kebir, and all the other evils with which the land of the Pharaohs is now again afflicted, and for which England will in history be made to bear the onus and the disgrace, unless by following the spirit of the national proclivities and tastes she stops in time and retrieves her fair name by generously admitting the errors so far committed and by at once adopting the remedy which will bear out her professions of friendly intentions while consistently acting with due regard to her acknowledged just interests.—[Blackwood's Magazine.

New Bread Did Not Agree with Him

"Will you please give me a crust of stale bread without any butter on it?" pleaded a tramp.

The woman looked at him pityingly.

"Why, my poor fellow," she said, "you might ask for something better than that. I can give you some nice fresh bread, just baked, if you would rather have it."

"No," he replied, waving his hand sadly, "such things are not for me. There was a time when——but ah! never mind. I'm a man whose ambition is gone, and who has accepted hope's defeat. Besides, I'm troubled with indigestion."

Lots of Fun in This World

Wife—I notice a statement to the effect that in New York every year $22,000,000 are spent for liquor, but only $7,000,000 for religion. That's significant.

Husband—Significant of what?

Wife—That you men are having a pleasanter time in this world than you will in the next.

of the number. The typhoon was followed by another of great force two days later.

Count VonMunster, the German ambassador to England, had a consultation with Prince Bismarck, and will soon return to England. Prince Bismarck has charged him to assure Earl Granville of the good will and co-operation of Germany in the settlement of Egyptian affairs

Science and religion each box the compass. An Italian scientist more than two hundred years ago taught that organic life does not originate by spontaneous generation. The theologians opposed the dictum by bringing forward the statement that the carcass of Samson's lion generated bees.

The Rhenish missionaries on the Toba lake, Sumatra, came near being exterminated in the disturbances of that country. The mangarajah offered 750 florins for the head of each white person, and a band of his braves were at one time close upon the mission station. A considerable amount of missionary property was destroyed.

During the recess M. Ferry has strained the powers of the Government to the utmost, and it is doubtful if he can persuade the Deputies to see the wisdom of his actions regarding China. A temporary coalition is spoken of between the Orleanists, Legitimists, and Bonapartists, to censure the Government, which would mean the defeat of the present ministry.

HOW TO LIVE WELL.—To live well, economy is necessary. No matter if persons are rich or have large incomes, they should be economical; for to waste is wicked. Many people would be economical, if they knew how, but the practice of economy is an art. Many people use expensive articles of food and dress when cheaper ones would be in every way better and more serviceable. Especially in regulating table-expenses is there great want of economy. A little information concerning the qualities of food, the amount of nutritive matter they contain, the wants of the human system, and the best way of cooking, would often save fully one-third, and, in many instances, half the expense. A wise economy in table-expenses is favorable to health, and thus prevents doctor's bills, and conduces to strength and happiness.

WORN-OUT MEN.—Life is too short to waste either in idleness or overwork. Some men work too little, and lose their health by inactivity—by the lack of sufficie t exertion to keep the body in good condition. Others ruin their constitutions by over-work; and among this class are the thrifty business men, who, in their prosperous career, are making money so rapidly that they begrudge the time for a little necessary recreation. All their lives are spent in devising ways and means to increase their store of this world's goods; and thus from year to year they go on, the waste of strength and vitality being so gradual and imperceptible to themselves that they are unmindful of it until it is too late for diversion to effect any permanent improvement. Then, utterly worn out, they withdraw from active business for a few weeks or months, and learn to their sorrow that they have deferred the period of enjoyment too long.

Three Kinds of Shoes.

Nothing can be so injurious to a growing girl's foot as to put it into a shoe pointed at the toe, thereby turning the great toe inward, and producing one of the greatest plagues of life—corns, or, worse still, bunions. Young children should invariably wear straight shoes, with "elastic waists," as they are called, giving play to the muscles, and which in adults permits the wearer to walk long distances without fatigue. If heels are used at all; they should be low There are three kinds of boots and shoes—those that are made purely on hygienic principles, without any consideration as to fashion; those that are purely fashionable, and the happy medium that combines the two. I should suggest to my readers to consult their interests by turning their attention to the third-class, for it is decidedly the right path. There are some new inventions in water-proof soles, some new pegged soles for running shoes, and many for the riders on bicycles and tricycles. The 'cyclist shoe seeme to combine all the merits required, for it prevents slipping, and gives a powerful grip on the treadle, enabling the wearer to ride up hill with comparative ease. An excellent invention is the damp-proof boot sole, which consists of a light metal plate, or skeleton frame, provided with solid projections, or teeth, which are forced into and through the outer sole from the upper side, and are thus permanently imbedded in the leather. It is an inexpensive article, and suitable for all descriptions of boots and shoes, and perfectly pliable to the motion of the foot. The sole is prevented from running over, and the upper kept in shape without the inconvenience of heavy nailed boots, They are light and indestructible.—*Cassell's Magazine.*

Some Interesting Statistics.

A journal devoted to insurance interests prints some statistics regarding suicides in the United States during the six months ending with August. From these figures it appears that a man is three times as likely to commit suicide as a woman; that the period of his greatest danger is his thirty-fifth year; that the chances are more than two to one that if he kills himself the deed will be done in the night; that the latter half of each month is a perilous fortnight to him than the first half; and that the probability of his being driven to self destruction more by disappointment in love is slightly greater than that of his coming to a like end through dissipation. The moral of this last comparison is susceptible of reenforcement by bringing in the fact that dissipation frequently leads to insanity, and that the chances of a man dying by his own hand while insane are as three to two to the chances that the cause of his suicide will be either an affair of the heart or devotion to the bottle. There were more suicides in the spring of the year than in any other spring covered by these statistics. In the summer the number fell below the usual summer average; but the fall opened with an alarming ratio, which promises to make the number of suicides for the year somewhat larger than that for 1883. The usual annual average in this country is about thirty-two per mil-

GARNERED WITTICISMS.

She—"Do you believe in love at the first sight?" He—"Certainly. I loved more than a hundred women at the first sight."

Said a lecturer: "The roads up these mountains are too steep and rocky for even a donkey to climb; therefore I did not attempt the ascent."

A fall fashion item says: "There is little change in coats." It is the same way with pantaloons. There is very little "change" in them—especially in the pockets.

Out West the cellar is the place to go in time of a cyclone. and when a man has a barrel of cider in the cellar, it is surprising how many times a day he thinks there's a cyclone coming.

The William Shakespeare who is running for secretary of state in Michigan, will probably be kept busy explaining that he is not the original William Shakespeare who stole the sheep.

When Fog bought some candy, which was apparently one-third terra alba, he handed it back, after tasting of it, with the remark: "I only want what I pay for. I don't want the earth."

"Well, Pat, which is the way to Burlington?" "How did ye know my name was Pat?" "Oh, I guessed it." "Thin, by the powers, if ye are so good at guessing, you'd better guess the way to Burlington."

"Do you ever purchase articles?" he asked timidly, as he entered the editorial room. "Occasionally," said the editor kindly, "when they suit our columns. What have you got—a poem?" "No, sir—parlor matches, a cent a box, or six boxes for a nickel."

"Are you going to make a flower-bed here?" asked a young lady of her father's gardener. "Yes, miss; them's the orders." "Why, it will spoil our croquet ground!" "Can't help it, miss. Your papa says he's bound to have this plot laid out for horticulture, not husbandry."

A conceited young country parson, walking home from church with one of the ladies of his congregation, said, in allusion to his rustic audience, "This morning I preached to a congregation of asses!" "I thought of that," observed the lady. "When you called them your beloved brethern."

A Yorkshire man whose well lately caved in contrived to make the authorities suspect that he had murdered a man and put his body at the bottom of the well, and took things easy at the jail while they dug his well out for him. He now talks of suing the town for false imprisonment.

"How is our old friend Brown out in the west? Doing well?"

"I guess so. He certainly must have been taking things easy from what I hear."

"What's that?"

"He's in the penitentiary for picking pockets."

NOT UP TO BOTANY.—Paterfamilias—"What is included in your curriculum?" Young Hopeful—"Our what, Pa? Pa terfamilias—"The curriculum of your

Count Von Moltke at Ragatz

At the little village of Ragatz, situated on the Chur and Zurich line of railway, and in the Canton of St. Gall, there is sojourning at the present moment one of the greatest military geniuses the world has known. Marshal von Moltke arrived in Switzerland a few days ago, in order that he might take the waters of the famous Ragatz springs. His only retinue consisted of two soldier servants, and his personal baggage might easily have been carried in a child's wheelbarrow, A London morning paper recently stated that the renowned German strategist was mentally and physically broken up. This is not the case for, save in those signs, which must accompany 84 years of age—he having been born on the 26th of October, 1800—Count von Moltke presents no special symptoms of decay, while his intellect is clear, bright, and unimpaired. A tall man, somewhat bowed, with a rugaged face, keen, deep-set eyes, overhung by shaggy eye brows, a massive forehead, and a firm, soldierly tread, von Moltke would be conspicious even among thousands of other conspicious figures. In his manner and habits he is as simple and frugal as was the great Duke of Wellington, and he has a horror of being made a show of. Naturally taciturn, it is seldom he enters into conversation, especially with strangers, and meet him when you will he always seems to be wrapt in thought. He rises early and goes unattended to the Quellenhof, where the waters are drank. Having taken the first glass, as by rule prescribed, he folds his hands behind his back and paces up and down, watching with keen interest the water drinkers, and smiling occasionally as some tyro, taking his first dose, pucker his face up in disgust at the strong sulphurous fumes. These waters rise in Pfaffer's Gorge, three miles away. It is one of the most remarkable gorges in the whole of Switzerland. The furious River Tamina has carved a way for itself through a stupendous defile. In no place is this chasm more than twelve feet wide, while overhead the rocks meet, a few openings here and there admitting the light. Below the river boils with incredible fury, and so terrific and unearthly seems the noise, owing to the reverberations and echoes, that a visitor for the first time can scarcely repress a feeling of alarm. On one side of this weird cavern a wooden gallery about 80 yards in length has been built, being supported by means of iron brackets let into the perpendicular wall of rock. He who would traverse this gallery with a dry skin must clothe himself from head to foot in mackintosh, for the water pours down from above in endless streams. The hot springs bubbles up from the floor of a cavern at the end of the gallery, and run into an enormous reservoir. The cavern is hot, and the fumes of the sulphur so strong, that the curious visitor, being apprehensive of asphyxia, beats a hasty retreat. From the gorge the waters are conveyed by means of conduits to the village, and owing to the great fall and the rapidity with the water flows, it arrives at its destination with the loss of only a very few degrees of heat. It is a very powerful sulphur and iron water, and is said to work miracles in cases of rheuma-

for 1883. The usual annual average in this country is about thirty-two per million of population.

How funny things work around! Sin brought clothes into the world, and if it were not for clothes people couldn't now be induced to go to church.

How can you get a new set of teeth inserted gratis? Go into somebody's garden where a big dog is kept, and kick him.

AYER'S PILLS.

A large proportion of the diseases which cause human suffering result from derangement of the stomach, bowels, and liver. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS act directly upon these organs, and are especially designed to cure the diseases caused by their derangement, including **Constipation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Dysentery,** and a host of other ailments, for all of which they are a safe, sure, prompt, and pleasant remedy. The extensive use of these PILLS by eminent physicians in regular practice, shows unmistakably the estimation in which they are held by the medical profession.

These PILLS are compounded of vegetable substances only, and are absolutely free from calomel or any other injurious ingredient.

A Sufferer from Headache writes:

"AYER'S PILLS are invaluable to me, and are my constant companion. I have been a severe sufferer from Headache, and your PILLS are the only thing I could look to for relief. One dose will quickly move my bowels and free my head from pain. They are the most effective and the easiest physic I have ever found. It is a pleasure to me to speak in their praise, and I always do so when occasion offers.

W. L. PAGE, of W. L. Page & Bro."
Franklin St., Richmond, Va., June 3, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S PILLS in numberless instances as recommended by you, and have never known them to fail to accomplish the desired result. We constantly keep them on hand at our home, and prize them as a pleasant, safe, and reliable family medicine. FOR DYSPEPSIA they are invaluable.

J. T. HAYES."
Mexia, Texas, June 17, 1882.

The REV. FRANCIS B. HARLOWE, writing from *Atlanta, Ga.*, says: "For some years past I have been subject to constipation, from which, in spite of the use of medicines of various kinds, I suffered increasing inconvenience, until some months ago I began taking AYER'S PILLS. They have entirely corrected the costive habit, and have vastly improved my general health."

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS correct irregularities of the bowels, stimulate the appetite and digestion, and by their prompt and thorough action give tone and vigor to the whole physical economy.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

YOUNG, OLD, AND MIDDLE-AGED.

All experience the wonderful beneficial effects of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Children with Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, or any scrofulous or syphilitic taint, may be made healthy and strong by its use.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

Young Hopeful—"Our what, Pa? Pa terfamilias—"The curriculum of your college." Young Hopeful—"Well, to tell the truth, I don't know. You see, being the stroke oar and the picked nine captain, I have not much time for botany."

"Aw, can you sell me, aw, a blue necktie to match my eyes, you know?" inquired an Austin dude in a gentleman's furnishing store. "Don't know as I can, exactly," replied the salesman, "but I can fit you a soft hat to match that head." Then the dude withdrew from the store a crushed strawberry hue diffusing his effeminate features

"Whacher cream wuth?" asked the countryman, pausing before the ice-cream vendor, backed by a crowd of companions. "Ten cents a plate," said the vender, seeing, as he thought, a huge sale. "Lemme see," muttered the rustic, turning and counting his friends; then, after completing his count, he said, extravagantly, "Gimme one plate an' fourteen spunes. I'll swar this gang shan't say ole Hiram's stingy."

He was haggling with a retailer in the Bowery about a coat, and finally enquired, "What's the difference between this long-tailed coat and that bob-tailed one?" "Shust der same brice, my frendt." "But there's a yard more cloth in the long-tailed one." "Oxactly." "And isn't cloth any object?" "Not in der least, my friendt. Der sharge vhas all made for selling der goods and counting oop der profits!" (In buying railroad stocks don't inquire if the road is doing a good business.)

"I understand that you have stopped practising," said the secretary of state to an eminent colored physician. "Yes, sah, 'cluded ter gin up de trade an' go ter preachin'. In dis country dar ain't no money ter be made in de practisin' o' medicine. W'y, sah, ef I had er 'voted my time ez close ter suthin' else ez I has ter this business, I would er been putty well off by dis time. Ober two-thirds of my patients neber paid me, sah." "Why didn't you sue them?" "Twoudn't done no good, 'case da wus dead, sah. I got de 'wus' class o' patients. None o' 'em neber had no health an' constitution."

A little boy had his long curls cut off the other day, and was annoyingly reminded of the fact by the remarks of all his friends. Going with his family into the country, soon after his arrival he came running into the house in great sorrow, crying, "Mamma, mamma, even the hens laugh at me; they all say 'Cut-cut-cut-got-your-hair-cut!'"

The Minutes of the General Assembly of the Irish Presbyterian Church, just issued, present the following statistics: Ministers, 620; congregations, 553; licentiates, 40; students, 82; families, 78,076; communicants, 101,452; elders, 2,075; deacons or members of committee, 7,196; contributors to the Sustentation Fund, 42,030; stipend payers, 64,473. The total amount raised during the past year in the congregations and Sabbath schools was $751,451. The next meeting of the Assembly will be held in May Street Church, Belfast, commencing June 1st 1885.

powerful sulphur and iron water, and is said to work miracles in cases of rheumatism and gout. The village of Ragatz is magnificently situated in a scene of true Alpine grandeur. It stands 1 630 feet above the sea, and close to the spot where the Tamina pours into the Rhine. Its natural attractions and the repute of its waters annually attract about 1 ',000 strangers. Count von Moltke has been in the habit of visiting Ragatz for some years. He generally arrives unexpectedly, and takes the plainest bedroom he can get, for anything like luxury he totally eschews. Von Moltke is an exceedingly frugal eater, wine he seldom touches wine, but now and again he takes a little beer. He is a good walker still, in spite of his four-score and four years. He promenades alone, and without even the assistance of a stick. His habitual attitude is with his hands behind him. He walks slowly and with his head slightly bent forward. In the evening, after dinner, he spends an hour in the *alon* of the Quellenhof, where dancing and games are indulged in, and though he takes no part, he manifests great interest in all that goes on. At 9 o'clock he returns to his hotel, and half an hour later retires for the night.—[London Daily News.

The Chinese Cabinet Maker.

I noticed a door and a window in a court-yard with a very original lattice. I had succeeded in getting a few similar ones, and when time failed me I rubbed black all over a sheet of paper, and then applied it to the lattice, thus obtaining a faithful life-size copy. The Chinese paper being strong, although fine, was eminently suitable to this sort of drawing, and also to copying inscriptions on stones or walls. Not having any such paper about me, I begged a Chinese to and fetch some for me, which he did with alacrity, and when I explained what I was going to do, he ran and got me a stool, that I might reach the window with greater facility. Some of them held it all the time for me, and when they inquired why I was doing this, I told them that the design was very beautiful, and that I desired to have a window like it in my own house. This pleased and flattered them greatly, and to enhance the merits of their town they told me the artist was a native cabinet-maker; some of them even ran to fetch him. I complimented him on his work, but he was very modest about it. I then tore a sheet of paper out of my note-book, and, to leave him a remembrance, sketched my own likeness and offered it for his acceptance. The on-lookers recognized the drawing and uttered exclamations of approval. The cabinet-maker ran off with it, greatly delighted, accompanied by a crowd of admirers. I only mention this fact to prove how easy it is to disarm the distrust and hostility of a Chinese crowd. —*A Russian Through China.*

"Circumstances alter cases; but I wish I could get hold of some cases that would alter my circumstances," said a briefless young lawyer.

A man who did'nt know whether or not it would be etiquette to drive his neighbor's cow out of his garden, won't have any cabbage to put in his cellar this fall.

SHOCKING CRIME IN INDIANA.

A Woman Murdered and Decapitated. Her Husband and Son Lynched.

A horrible crime has been brought to light at Troy, Ind., by the finding of the headless body of a woman in a cistern on the farm of Peter Backer. The body was nude. The head was found in a thicket a hundred yards from the cistern. The body, which was that of a portly woman, weighing about 160 pounds, and of about 40 years of age, was yet warm when taken from the water. There was a deep gash below the shoulder blade, as though made with an axe, and a wound on the forehead, evidently made with some blunt instrument. The body was taken to Troy, when it was recognized as that of Mrs. Stilwell Hindershot, who resided on a farm fourteen miles back of Troy.

A neighbor of Hindershot, while in Tell City, saw the murdered woman's husband. He also noticed a valise marked "T. H. Hindershot." While the steamer Droillard was at Troy a search warrant was procured and the valise opened and found to contain clothing of the victim covered with blood. Warrants were immediately issued for the arrest of Stilwell Hindershot, the woman's husband, and T. H. and William Hindershot, their sons. The old man and his son William were arrested and taken to Troy. The elder son refused to come and defied arrest. An increased posse was sent after him, and he was brought to Troy and placed in jail. He acknowleges committing the crime himself, but says his father and brother had nothing to do with it. The old man's testimony seems to throw the weight of the crime upon himself and the elder son. The murder of Mrs. Hindershot arose from her refusal to sign away the farm, to which she had a deed in fee simple, which the father and son wanted to dispose of.

Several hundred persons were present at the trial, and about noon an effort was made to seize the criminals and mete out summary vengeance on them; but the officers succeeded in averting the attack. The result of the preliminary trial was the release of William. The other brother and father were remanded to jail.

At 7 o'clock the mob at Troy took the eldest son out of jail and hanged him to a beam in the barn where the crime was committed. He made a confession that his father shot his mother and that he cut her head off with an axe.

A man in Nantucket has written a poultry book of 1,200 pages—a regular hencyclopaedia as it were.

"The play's the thing.
Wherein I'll reach the conscience of the king."
And equally true is it that Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" the original Little Liver Pills) are the most effectual means that can be used to reach the seat of disease, cleansing the bowels and system, and assisting nature in her recuperative work. By druggists;

A silent partner—not a wife.

Pain Cannot Stay
Where Polson's NERVILINE is used. Composed of the most powerful pain subduing remedies known, Nerviline cannot fail to

Any Small Boy, with a Stick,
can kill a tiger,—if the tiger happens to be found when only a little cub. So consumption, the deadliest and most feared of diseases in this country, can asuredly be conquered and destroyed if Dr Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" be employed early.

The ambrosia of one generation is the daily bread of the next.

Dyspepsia, liver complaint, and kindred affections. For treatise giving successful self-treatment address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N W.

Almost all the fall hats and bonnets will have a great deal of very bright color on them.

A. P. 199.

PHRENOLOGY. EXAMINATIONS GIVEN BY WALLACE MASON, at 362 Yonge st., Toronto.

ONE HUNDRED ACRES—TOWNSHIP ELDON, lot 4, Concession 1st; choice land, good buildings' orchard, and fencing. G. S. KING, Cannington.

MEN WANTED.
Active pushing men wanted to wholesale my famous teas to consumers. Salary from $600 to $2000 per year. Send stamp for particulars. JAMES LAUT, Importer, Toronto.

HAND STAMPS METAL & RUBBER Stamps of every description, Seals, etc. Bronze Medals the last four years at Toronto Exhibition. Agents wanted
KENYON, TINGLEY, & STEWART M'FG. CO., 72 King St., West, Toronto.

E E KNOTT'S Speculator's Mart Adelaide St. East, Toronto.
All kinds of real estate sold or exchanged on commission. Money loaned on all kinds of real estate at lowest rates of interest. Application for money from farmers a specialty Rents collected and estates managed in town or country. N. B.—Best of references on application.

H. WILLIAMS,
SLATE AND FELT ROOFER.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Tarred Felt, Roofing Pitch, Building Paper, Carpet Felt, &c., at lowest Prices.
4 ADELAIDE ST, EAST, - - TORONTO.

F. E DIXON & CO.
Manufacturers of Star Rivet
Leather Belting
70 King Street, East, Toronto.
Large double Driving Belts a specialty. Send for Price Lists and Discounts

W. & F. P. Currie & Co.
100 Grey Nun St,, Montreal.
Importers of
Drain Pipes, Portland Cement,
Chimney Tops, Canada Cement, Vent Linings,
Water Lime, Flue Covers, Whiting,
Fire Bricks, Plaster of Paris, Fire Clay,
Borax, Roman Cement, China Clay
Manufacturers of
Bessemer Steel Sofa, Chair Bed & Spring

SMOKED SAUSAGES.
The most convenient meat for farmers in their busy season. These meats are cooked and ready for use Sold by grocers through the Dominion Send for price to W. CLARK P. O. Box 342 Montreal.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.
Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore via Halifax and St. John's N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter between Portland and Glasgow, and Boston and Glasgow alternately; and during summer between Quebec and Glasgow and Boston and Glasgow every week.
For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S Cunard & Co, Halifax: Shea & Co., St. John's N. F.: Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B. Allan & Co., Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co. Quebec; H A. Allan Portland, Boston Montreal

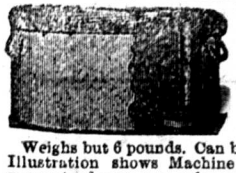
GUNS RAWBONE & CO. PRACTICAL GUN MAKERS
have again resumed business, and want to hear from all their old customers. We have the "inside track" in the gun business, and will furnish you Firearms and Sporting goods at 5 in some cases less than trade prices. Winchester Rifles 1873 model for $12.90, other goods just as cheap. We have removed from Yonge St., and have no connection with the old stand. Note change of address. Send 6c for new ill. Catalogue.
RAWBONE & Co., Shaftesbury Hall, Toronto.

I will supply two year old vines of the
NIAGARA.
WHITE GRAPE
without any conditions whatever at
Two Dollars Each.
Agents wanted, apply to
D. W. Beadle,
ST. CATHARINES.

Dominion Line of Steamships.
Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. Sailing from Quebec every Saturday, during the summer months, and from Portland every Thursday during the winter months. Sailing dates from QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL

*Oregon.	Oct. 18	*Sarnia,	Nov. 8
Montreal,	Oct. 25	Brooklyn,	Nov. 15
*Vancouver	Nov. 1	Toronto,	Nov. 22

Rates of passage: Cabin, Quebec to Liverpool $50, $60, $65, $80. Return, $90, $108, $117, $144, according to steamer and berth. Intermediate $35, Steerage, at lowest rates. The saloons and staterooms in steamers marked thus: * are amidships, where but little motion is felt, and no cattle or sheep are carried on them. For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Railway Agent or local agents of the Company, or to
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal


THE MODEL
Washer
AND
BLEACHER.
Weighs but 6 pounds. Can be carried in a small valise Illustration shows Machine in boiler. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refuneed within 30 days.
$1000.00 REWARD FOR ITS SUPERIOR.
Washing made light and easy. Mhe clothes have that pure whiteness which no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. 10 year old girl can do the washing as well as an older person.
To place it in every household THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED to $2 50, and if not found satisfactory, money refunded. See what the "Canada Presbyterian," says about it—The Model Washer and Bleacher which Mr. C. W. Dennis offers to the public has many and valuable advantages. It is a time and labor saving machine, substantial and enduring, and is very cheap. From trial in the household we can testify to its excellence. Delivered to any express office in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec Charges paid $3.00. Send for circulars.
AGENTS WANTED.
C. W. DENNIS,
TORONTO BARGAIN HOUSE,
213 YONGE SREET. TORONTO, ONT.

SCREWS & WARE,

STANDARD SCALES

Pain Cannot Stay

Where Polson's NERVILINE is used. Composed of the most powerful pain subduing remedies known, Nerviline cannot fail to give prompt relief in rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, pain in the back and side, and the host of painful affections, internal or external, arising from inflammatory action. A 10 cent sample bottle of Nerviline will give sufficient proof of its superiority over every known remedy. Try Nerviline. Large bottles 25 cents; trial bottles only 10 cents.

A young man asked the lady of his affection the other evening how she liked the look of his new style standing collar. After critically surveying him and the collar, she replied, "Very nice indeed. It looks like a whitewashed fence round a lunatic asylum."

The Summer is Come.

The birds with us once more. Nature garbed in the brightest green brings joy to those who hate the cold and dreariness of winter. But summer brings with her many other things beside green fields and singing birds. Corns sprout and grow just as if mother earth had a share in nurturing them, and no person wants them. Go then to the nearest drug store and buy a bottle of the great and only sure corn cure—PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR. A few days will relieve you of them. N. C. Polson & Co., proprietors, Kingston.

The Bible class—Clergymen.

Young Men!—Read This.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days' trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

It is easier for a woman than for a man to hide emotions from a woman.

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern science has been attained by the Dixon Treatment of catarrh. Out of 2,000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent. have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of the patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefitted, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissues, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination; this accomplished the catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King-street West, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on catarrh.—*Montreal Star.*

A tough joint—an opium joint.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 600 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union

N. F.: Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.: Allan & Co., Chicago; Leve & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co. Quebec; H. A. Allan Portland, Boston Montreal

Coleman Patent Harness.

Improved, works without whiffletrees. Cool, light and durable, much easier on man and teams. This harness is a specialty in orchards, as no trees can be injured working qualities guaranteed. Price $10. Territory for sale in United States and Canada.

Address—

J B Dewey & Co.

COLBORNE, ONT.

STANDARD SCALES.

THE BEST,
THE STRONGEST,
THE MOST RELIABLE.

Unrivalled in material, construction and finish, perfect in accuracy and unequalled in durability. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

THEY EXCEL ALL OTHERS.

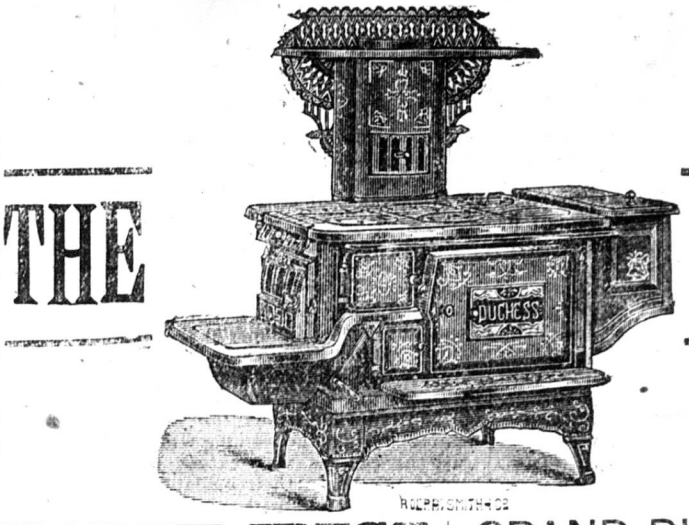
RAILROAD, WAREHOUSE AND MILLS
TRUCKS.

Mills' Alarm Money Drawers.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST.

GURNEYS & WARE,

GURNEY'S STOVES!



THE BEST

NORTH-WEST,
WOOD COOK,

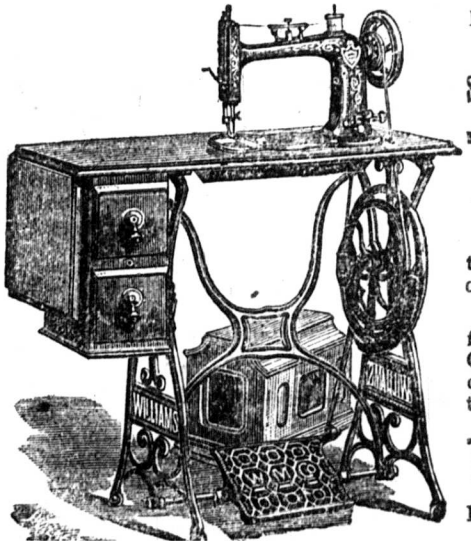
ÆTNA,
COAL AND WOOD COOK,

GRAND DUCHESS,
COAL AND WOOD RANGE,

COUNTESS BASE BURNER,
WITH OR WITHOUT OVEN.

FOR SALE BY STOVE DEALERS HERE.

THE NEW WILLIAMS



High Arm Machine is now recognized as the

Sewing Machine of the Period.

It is Light and Easy to run.

Silent and Rapid in movement

Plain and Simple to learn

It is strong, durable, and well built, the very best material that money can buy or skill produce.

It was awarded five medals and three first prizes at the Dominion Exhibition last October. It is rapidly superseding all the old fashioned makes everywhere. See it try it, buy it, and make sure that you get it.

THE WILLIAMS' MFG CO.

1783 Notre Dame St., Montreal, and
King St., West, Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent,
Office—194 Dundas-st., over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

MADDEN'S
BOOKSTORE

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

ARTIST'S SUPPLIES, A COMPLETE STOCK NOW ON HAND.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS.

CALL AND SEE THE CELEBRATED THOMAS ORGAN.

A FINE STOCK OF STATIONERY, WALL PAPER AND HAND MADE SHADES CHEAP.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 31, 1884.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (applications strictly private and confidential.) 60-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Office—Hinch, Perry & Co., Dundas street.

Three Months Free.

THE EXPRESS will be sent to new subscribers to 1st January, 1886, for one dollar. This is a very liberal offer. It places the paper within the reach of all. Send in names at once.

ROUND TOWN.

—Hallow E'en.

—**Lahey's** for caps, furnishings, etc.

—Next Thursday is Thanksgiving Day.

—**Great** bargains in ulster cloths at Slaven's.

—The Rev. Dr. Sexton's visit to Napanee has been postponed till next month.

—**Examine** the stock of coal stoves and get prices from Boyle & Son.

—Deerdoch post office, Addington, has been closed. An office has been opened at Coe Hill Mines, Hastings.

—**A full stock** of axes and cross-cut saws at R. G. Wright's.

—An intelligent boy, desirous of learning a trade, can obtain a situation at THE EXPRESS office. Apply immediately.

—**Lahey's** for the cheapest underclothing.

—Mr. H. S. Williams, P. E. Co., intended to exhibit his herd of Holstein cattle at the Napanee fair, but missed the boat.

—**We have** received a large variety of new patterns for stamping, C. F. Henderson.

—The large plate-glass fronts were this week put in the Leonard Block, and it is now approcoing completion. It is by far the handsomest building in town.

—**For** rich mantle cloths and trimmings go to P. Slaven & Co's.

—Mr. P.L. Dorland, formerly head master of the Newburgh High School, now a rising lawyer of Detroit, is one of the prohibition party's candidates for the state legislature.

—**Don't fail** to inspect R. G. Wright's stock of stoves before buying.

—Messrs. Carscallen & Case, of New York State, open their new roller skating rink in the old Opera House next Saturday. They are now putting in a new hard-wood floor.

—**Happy Thought** and Garland Ranges are the only ranges having the Duplex Grate and no range is perfect without it. Call and see them at R. G. Wright's.

—The Picton Dramatic Association rendered "Ten Nights in a Bar-Room," on Wednesday evening. By the decision yesterday Pictonians yet, it would seem, have many nights to spend in bar-rooms.

—**You can get** every variety of ladies' and children's underwear both merino and wool, also children's combination suits at C. F. Henderson's.

—Mr. G. E. Eakins, of Campbellford, who a few days ago was wedded to a daughter of Mr. J. M. Ferris, M.P.P., was in town, and left with Messrs. Gibbard & Son a large order for furniture for his residence. Messrs. Gibbard are establishing a wide reputation for making the best and most fashionable furniture at the lowest prices.

—**You can** buy a good lantern that will not blow out, cheap, at Boyle & Son's.

—Mrs. Comer, of Glenora, was in town yesterday and desired us to state that she had closed her house at this pleasant resort for the winter, but will re-open it in an enlarged condition next spring. She has had a very good season, and the number of engagements for next summer warrants her in making the contemplated improvements.

—**At** a recent wedding in London the Princess of Wales wore a dress of brocaded silk velvet. P. Slaven & Co have a large stock of these goods in all colors.

—We call particular attention to John Blewett's advertisement, he having received 1,000 bags of his choicest western flour—the best that has come into the town yet, and he is selling at wholesale prices and cheaper than any other dealer. Bags also for sale. A choice lot of pork barrels cheap. Sugars at 5c per lb., and a fresh lot of groceries cheaper than ever. Be sure and call on the subscriber and secure cheap bargains.

JOHN BLEWETT.

—**We are** showing great bargains in ladies' and children's under skirts, knitted, felt and quilted, also the new stripe wincey skirts.

C. F. Henderson.

—The town of Carthage, N.Y., was almost totally destroyed by fire last week. Among the heavy losers was Mr. James Pringle, formerly of this town, of the firm of Ryther & Pringle, who lost their extensive foundry and residences. The total loss on foundry was $75,000, insured for $17,000. The loss on Mr. Pringle's residence was $3,000. Much sympathy is expressed for him here in his misfortune. Mr. Pringle is a brother of Mrs. Dr. Shirley, of Napanee.

—**All accounts** and notes past due at Boyle & Son's must be paid at once.

—A despatch to the Globe on Monday, announced the arrival of Miss Florence Marryat at Boston. She will make her first appearance in America there. This lady

—Mr. Charles Stevens lost his valuable grey horse this week from lockjaw.

—Mr. T. W. Casey is lecturing on the Scott Act in Eastern counties.

—For assaulting Hoggard, the Belleville hotel-keeper, Huddleston and Henderson, of Kingston, were sentenced to two and four years respectively in the penetentiary.

—Following is the programme of the quarterly services at the Western Methodist Church on Sunday next: Love feast at 9.30; preaching at 10.30 a.m.; Sacrament of the Lord's Supper after evening service.

—The mails for all points on the N. T. & Q. Ry., will be carried by train, commencing to-morrow (Saturday). This will give much better mail service to the people of the north than they have ever enjoyed.

—The annual entertainment in connection with the Methodist Sabbath School at Enterprise will be held in the church building, on Thursday, Nov. 26th, when readings and recitations, etc., will be given by the pupils and short addresses by Rev. Mr. Faull and others. A pleasant time is anticipated.

—On Monday last Lewis Monbreaud and George Martin had a row in a bagnio kept by one Mrs. Watson near the station. Martin had his adversary before ex-Mayor James, who fined Monbreaud $10 and costs. The fellow paid $6 and then skipped the town.

—In conversation with people living along Hay Bay, we are credibly informed over 1,000 rods of gil net, besides a large quantity of hoop net, is constantly set out from both shores, so it is next to an impossibility for a fish to get up to the head of the bay without getting caught. The nets extend from Thompson's Point to the head of the bay. The Bay is always the spawning ground for fish, and in a few years the fish will all be destroyed unless something is done to prevent such wholesale slaughter of the finny tribes.

—A correspondent of the Belleville Ontario writes as follows of the birthday dinner to Mr. John Huffman, of Sidney, by his children and grandchildren, on Oct. 23rd: "Nearly forty sat down to a sumptuous repast, comprising all the delicacies of the season, after which the Rev. Hiram Williams, in a very touching manner, addressed Mr. and Mrs. Huffman and presented them each with a beautiful silver cup and saucer, a gift from their children. It being a complete surprise, Mr. Huffman was not prepared with a speech, although he very feelingly replied. Mr. Huffman is quite smart, having been out that morning and done some plowing, although his eyesight seems to be failing. Several guests from a distance were present and enjoyed themselves exceedingly. It was the unanimous wish of all present that he may be spared to see many more anniversaries." Mr. Huffman is the father of Mrs. W. S. Williams, of this town, and is an octagenarian.

—**I saw a man** that saw a saw that would outsaw any saw you ever saw. He bought the saw and used the saw to saw his saw logs. If you want to see the saw saw go to the Golden Auger. H. W. Perry.

Quarterly Meeting Odessa Circuit.

The November Quarterly Meeting of the Odessa Circuit will be held in Odessa next Sunday, Nov. 2nd, at 11:30 a. m. Seats free. Everyone made welcome.

Scott Act Petition.

The petition for the submission of the Scott Act, was brought to Ottawa on Wednesday, by Dr. Meacham, Secretary of the County Association. We understand that the anti-Scott Act party have forwarded a petition to the Government asking them to delay action, on the ground that many of

R. G. Wright's.

—An intelligent boy, desirous of learning a trade, can obtain a situation at THE EXPRESS office. Apply immediately.

—Children's wool hoods, hats, jackets, dresses, skirts, mitts, gaiters, &c., at C. F. Henderson's.

—The meetings held during the week in the Western Methodist Church have been largely attended and very profitable.

—See the great bargains in knit shawls at Slaven's.

—Mrs. Miles, of the London and Paris Hair Works, Ottawa, is to pay a professional visit to Napanee, next week. See adv.

—$1.00 will buy a heavy, all wool knitted jacket at Lahey's.

—On Wednesday the Kingston stage broke an axle, which caused a delay of two hours, arriving here about 10 o'clock.

—You can get the largest variety of wool and cashmere hose of all sizes and at the right prices at C. F. Henderson's.

—Captain Patterson has handed over the command of the Amherst Island volunteer company to Lieut. Findlay. Lieut.-Col. Villiers, D. A. G., made the transfer of arms.

—Ladies' knit jackets and black silk jerseys just received at Slaven's.

—The Missionary anniversary services of the Eastern and Western Methodist Churches will be held on Sabbath and Monday, 9th and 10th Nov. Rev. Dr. Carman and Rev. D. N. Lucas are the deputations.

—Lahey's for overcoats, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10, $11, $12, $14, &c., &c.

—Attention is directed to the card of Dr. Ming, veterinary surgeon, in another column. He is an experienced veterinary and will, no doubt, work up a good practice. His office is in the Warner Block where he can be found at any time.

—Men's grey knit drawers at 35c. a pair at P. Slaven & Co's.

—Remember the Scott Act meeting this (Friday) evening in the Town Hall. Opponents of the Act are invited to address the meeting. The Rev. D. N. Lucas will be present and give an address.

—A large stock of white mica just received at R. G. Wright's.

—Read D. J. Hogan & Son's advertisement and give them a call. They have opened out a choice stock of tweeds, coatings, etc., and already business is booming with them. Remember the stand, Campbell House block.

"The Arcade" is the name of the new store opened by Mr. S. E. Lennox, in the Grange Block. He has a choice stock, and is receiving a large patronage. Mr. Richardson, a former resident, is one of the salesmen. See advertisement.

—Messrs. Empey & Son have opened a fine billiard parlor in the Opera House block, with Mr. Abel Yates as manager. The premises are a model of neatness and we have no doubt Abel will conduct the business in a proper manner. There are two pool tables and one carom table all in first-class condition.

—On Monday Mr. J. W. Dorland was taking a load of bees out to Richmond and got almost on the railway track at the Selby crossing before he discovered a passing engine. The horses got frightened and dashed into the ditch upsetting four skips of bees off the waggon and smashing the boxes, doing some $30 damage, besides himself getting stung and a sprained foot. Mr. D. threatens to bring an action for damages on account of the engineer not ringing the bell and sounding the whistle at the crossings according to their printed rules. A good skip contains 15,000 bees. Just think of four hives being released all primed for battle. Wilkie says engagement was a hot one while it lasted, but he kept the field and drove the enemy six miles into fort.

announced the arrival of Miss Florence Marryat at Boston. She will make her first appearance in America there. This lady has been engaged to give an entertainment in the Opera House here, under the auspices of the English Church Union, on Nov. 25th. We understand that arrangements are being made to have a special train run, in order to accommodate the people in the villages along the line, desirous of seeing this great artiste. Reserved seat tickets can now be had of members of the Union.

—We do not send our ladies' underclothing out on approbation, so that ladies buying from us can rest assured that no one else has used or tried them on. P. Slaven & Co.

—The young men of St. Patrick's R. C. Church have presented the congregation with a magnificent new organ. A meeting of the young men of the parish was held last Friday evening, when it was decided to hold a grand concert in Symington's Opera House on the first week of December, to assist in raising funds to pay for the organ. Negotiations are in progress with a number of the leading singers and dramatic artists of the province, and as the matter is in competent hands the public may expect a fine programme. The object is laudable on the part of the young men and they deserve encouragement.

—The combination coal cook is ahead of any stove in the market, bar none. Don't buy until you see them at Boyle & Son's.

—A very interesting and instructive lecture, under the auspices of the scientific branch of the English Church Union, was delivered before a fair audience in the school room of St. Mary Magdalene's Church here, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Fyles, of Montreal, subject: "Our Insect Friends and Insect Foes." The lecture was illustrated by numerous colored drawings and by natural objects, and was listened to with great attention by the audience. The chair was occupied by His Honor Judge Wilkison, President of the Union, and at the close a vote of thanks was tendered the able lecturer on motion of ex-Mayor James, seconded by Dr. Ward. This was the first of a series of entertainments which the Union intend holding during the coming winter, and we trust our citizens will extend them every encouragement in their laudable efforts to provide the public with sound and wholesome entertainments.

—It will be remembered that two weeks ago complaint was laid before Mr. C. James, J.P., by Robt. McGee, of South Fredericksburgh, against some parties in Belleville who have on two occasions recently visited Hay Bay and desecrated the Sabbath by fishing and shooting. Being unable to ascertain the names of the parties the owners of the steam yacht in which they came were summoned. Those who appeared were Mr. T. S. Carman, Mr. E. Potts and Mr. John Lake. The two former proved an alibi and were dismissed, but Lake in his evidence having admitted that he was one of the transgressors, and could not remember the names of the others, the case was adjourned till Saturday in order to give him an opportunity to refresh his memory. When the case came up again Lake was fined $40 and $7.50 costs. The others evidently fearing that they might be similarly dealt with caused information to be laid against themselves before Mr. J. J. Watson, J. P., at Adolphustown, and the cases were heard on the 22nd, when each was fined $1 and $1.50 costs. The names are: John Henderson, F. S. Campbell, R. Yarwood, Jas. H. Starling, S. K. Balkwell, C. Corby James Edgar, R. M. Roy, W. H. Biggar, John Stewart, and Samuel Spangenburgh. The contrast in between the two fines is very striking, and is somewhat in favor of the Napanee administrator of the law. It is reported that Messrs. Carman and Potts intend entering actions against the party who caused them to be summoned.

the anti-Scott Act party have forwarded a petition to the Government asking them to delay action, on the ground that many of the petitioners are not duly qualified voters.

Preparing for a Hard Year.

Mr. E. McKenty, of Bath, has issued a circular to his customers and the people of the bay section, in which he quotes all kinds of goods at prices that cannot be beaten. Rare bargains are offered in ready-made clothing, ordered clothing, furs, etc. Silver Star coal oil is quoted at 16 cents a gallon. He has an experienced cutter and milliner on the premises, and in these departments he can compete with the town and city establishments. Mr. McKenty is an energetic business man who always keeps pace with the time. He concludes his circular by saying that as this is a hard year he has made up his mind to sell goods cheaper than ever before. Give him a call.

Day of Thanksgiving, November 6th.

Thursday next being the day appointed as a day of National Thanksgiving for the blessings of Providence bestowed on our country during the year past, there will be two special services in the Church of St. Mary Magdalene (free seat). The first will be at 11 a. m., and consist of a celebration of the Holy Communion, the Christian Sacrifice of Praise and Thanksgiving, and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock a choral service with special anthem, etc. The Archdeacon will preach at both services. It is hoped that all members of the church, who have many mercies to be grateful for this year, will attend at least one of these services and make suitable thank-offering.

Hymeneal.

A happy hymeneal event was consummated at St. Martin's Church, Montreal, on Wednesday morning, in the union of Mr. F. E. McGreer, of this town, and Miss deMesle, of that city. The groom was supported by Mr. W. T. Thompson, of the Merchants' Bank, Napanee, and the bride, who was elegantly attired and looked charming, by her sister. After the ceremony, a recherche wedding breakfast was served at the residence of the bride's father, at which a large number of guests was present. The happy couple shortly afterwards left the city for a short tour through the northern states, and will arrive in Napanee next Monday. Mr. McGreer is one of our most estimable young men and we trust that his wedded life will be "a long and happy one."

To the Farmers.

We wish to thank all of our customers for their liberal patronage during the past four years. In doing so, we feel confident we have given general satisfaction, because we have honestly endeavored to meet the wants of every farmer by supplying only the best implements in the market. As all of our accounts are due on the 1st Novmber, we hope every one indebted to us will come forward promptly and settle the same. Several have called with the money before the accounts were due, thus earning our esteem and gratitude. We have large payments to meet next month, and if our customers settle promptly it will enable us to retain our credit as well as theirs and make matters pleasant for all concerned.

Yours truly,

BIRRELL & PHELAN.

Napanee, Oct. 30, 1884.

☞Do it at Once. For 10 cents get a package of Diamond Dyes at the druggist's. They color anything the finest and most desirable colors. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sample Card, 32 colors and book of directions for 2c. stamp.

—Rheumatism, and similar diseases, caused by a low state of the system, are cured by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

DROWNED IN HAY BAY.

Sad Fate of a Duck Hunter from Belleville.

Early Friday morning as Mr. Ephraim Wagar and a neighbor were duck shooting on Hay Bay they discovered a capsized boat, and on close inspection they found the body of a man underneath entangled among a lot of decoys, which kept it afloat. They conveyed it to the shore where it was identified by Mr. R. S. Bell, of the Belleville Intelligencer, who was fishing in the vicinity, as that of Mr. James Clark, druggist of Belleville. Mr. Bell at first supposed that Mr. Frank Campbell, who was in company with the deceased a few days before, was also drowned and the news was promptly telegraphed to Belleville. The report of Mr. Campbell's death was promptly denied, he being safe in Belleville. It then transpired that Mr. Clark's companion was Mr. Frederick Dewsberry and they came to Hay Bay on Tuesday in the yacht Iolanthe. They started out early Friday morning in separate boats to go to a landing to secure permission to shoot on Hay Bay when the fatal accident occurred. In the darkness Dewsberry, on reaching the shore, discovered that they had landed some distance below the house, and the boats were shoved out. Arriving at the landing spot Dewsberry started to the house to awaken the man, shouting to Mr. Clark, "All right, Jim, come on." Clarke answered, "All right, Pine, old boy, I'll be there," These were the last words he heard from the deceased, who then appeared to be only a few feet from the shore, paddling in about two and a half feet of water. Many theories have been advanced as to the cause of the accident, the most likely of which is that, rising in his boat he made a false step and was precipitated into the water. Under ordinary circumstances the deceased could have extricated himself, but impeded as he was by two heavy overcoats the pockets of which were filled with loaded cartridges, the weight was too much to be overcome. The deceased was 35 years of age and head of the firm of Clarke & Co., druggists, Belleville. He was for several years Commondore of the Bay of Quinte Yacht Club, an office he held with credit alike to the club and himself. He was unmarried. The funeral took place on Sunday in Belleville, and was largely attended.

A Fine Grocery and Provision Store.

Mr. Sam. McLaughlin is now comfortably settled in his new store, which is probably the best appointed grocery and provision house in the county. The store has a fine plate glass front, which affords an attractive window display, and the premises are a model of neatness. The stock, which is large and varied, is displayed to good advantage. In the rear is a large store room where pork is cut up and conveyed to the cellar by an elevator which runs from the third storey to the basement, and there it is cured. The basement, which is large, airy, well lighted and perfectly dry, is also used for storing potatoes and roots of various kinds, which are conveyed to the ground floor by spouts. The third floor is used as a general storeroom for teas, groceries, etc. The goods are all raised by the elevator which has a capacity of 2,000 pounds, and works like a charm. It was manufactured in Toronto. Mr. McLaughlin is to be congratulated on the success attending his business here. Only a few years ago he commenced business in a very small way, and by his industry and perseverance he has worked up to its present large di-

FOR THE COLD WEATHER.

We are prepared with a fine stock of Underwear, in Ladies', Gentlemen's and Boys'. A large assortment of white all wool Blankets, at lower prices than ever before offered. A splendid range of Tie-downs, all qualities. A large lot of Horse Blankets, very cheap.

Our stock of DRESS GOODS is large and very attractive. Our stock of Mantle Cloths is very complete. Our stock of Ulster Cloths comprises the very latest novelties in the trade. We have a full range of Dress Trimmings, Buttons, etc., to match our fine stock of Dress Goods. We have an elegant assortment of Mantle Ornaments, Chenelle Fringes, Marabout Trimmings in Feather and Wool in all the leading shades. Fur Trimmings, all widths, and a first-class dressmaker, who can make either dresses or mantles to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

For our Tailoring department (Max Fox, cutter) we are showing a very fine stock of Overcoatings, Suitings and Trouserings, and have during the past week opened up another case of those celebrated Blarney Tweeds which have sold so well with us. Our Millinery department is replete with all the latest Novelties. Our prices are right. Our goods are all new and fashionable.

Our entire stock is complete in every department, and purchasers can save money by looking through our stock before buying.

During the short time we have been opened we have had a steadily increasing trade, and people who have patronized us so far say our goods are cheap; and, as a further proof that they mean it, come back to us for their next parcel.

REMEMBER—Our stock throughout in entirely new, is marked at the closest living prices, and we are in a position to give bargains in every department. Call and see us and be convinced.

HOOPER & BARBER.

YOU CAN BUY A

No. ONE PERSIAN LAMB CAP

FOR

$6. SIX DOLLARS. $6

AT

J. F. McALISTER'S.

Call and See them

ommenced business in a very small way, nd by his industry and perseverance he as worked up to its present large di- densions. His stock will be found very hoice, and we advise our readers to give im a call.

Personals.

—Miss Clapp was visiting friends in Picton his week.

—Mrs. John Anderson was visiting friends in 'icton this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hanley are visiting in ew York state.

—Mr. Wm. Huff of Pennsylvania, a former esident, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. Vrooman, of Centreville, is continuing is studies at the Toronto school of Medicine.

—Mr. Jennings is acting agent at the G. T. R. tation during Mr. Hanley's absence.

—Mr. Wilson Huff is continuing his studies t the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto.

—Mr. Lew German arrived home on Wednes lay, after an absence of 12 years in California

—Mrs. F. A. Webb returned on Saturday from ew York State and will remain here perman- ntly.

—Mr. Thomas Kidd and family left town on hursday for Auburn, Cal., where they will re- ide in future.

—Mr. Geo. S. Kellar, of Croydon, one of Ad- lington's staunch old Reformers, was in town esterday and renewed his subscrip tion to THE EXPRESS.

—Messrs. W. R Membery and B. Hicks leave n Monday morning for Cincinnati to spend the inter for their health.

—Mr. G. C. Eakins, druggist, Campbellford, as visiting friends in town this week and gave THE EXPRESS a call.

—We had the pleasure of a call yesterday, rom Mr. W. D. Mace, of Tamworth. He is rush- ng the grain trade in that village.

—Mrs. Jehiel Aylsworth, who has been absent or over a year on a visit to relatives in Cali- ornia, arrived home on Wednesday.

—Mr. W. E. Phelps, manager of the Napanee Paper Mills, was called on Monday to the bed- ide of his father, at Atlanta, Ga., who is seri- ously ill.

—Mr. John Taylor, of Selby, has been ap- ointed assistant teacher in the Gananoque High School. He is a matriculant of the Toron- o University.

—Mr. R. J. Durrant, of Toronto, has been en- gaged to fill the position in the culinary depart- ment at the Campbell House. He dishes meals up in first-class style.

—Rev. L. A. Betts and wife have returned from their sojourn at the St. Lawrence Camp Ground. We are pleased to note that the rev- erend gentleman is much improved in health.

—Mr. W. F. Peterson, of Chicago, Ill., adjust- er of claims for the Red Star Union Line of Railway, from Chicago to New York, is visit- ing friends in Napanee and vicinity. Mr. P. has been absent for fourteen years. His former home was Bath.

—Messrs. Stewart Wood and Albert Paul, of Roblin, left on Friday last for Oakland, Cal., where they will reside for the winter. Both are intelligent and progressive young men. We should be very sorry indeed should they decide to remain there permanently. Canada cannot afford to lose such young men.

—Mr. F. S. Richardson, photographer, leaves town on Monday for a trip to New York city to be gone a week or ten days. He will visit the leading studios in the city and if he can get any ideas in his business better than his own, which is doubtful, he will bring them home with him.

—Rev. E. J. Inwood, who returned a few weeks ago from England, left yesterday for Oakland, Cal. We are not informed as to his in .entions, but should he choose to remain there, we can recommend him to the people of that city as an earnest, intelligent and agreeable young Chris- tian minister.

Cruelly Murdered.

In the Province of Ontario every year thousands are being slowly murdered by taking unsuitable, untried nostrums for such complaints as Costiveness, Indi- gestion, Liver Complaint, Kidney Troubles, etc., who might easily gain lost strength and energy by using McGregor's Speedy Cure. To convince them that such is the case we will give them a free trial bottle at T. A. Huffman's and at A. T. Grange's drug stores, Napanee; also, at James Aylsworth's drug store, Tamworth.

—A fine constitution may be ruined and broken by simple neglect. Many bodily ills result from habitual constipation. There is no medicine equal to Ayer's Pills to correct this evil, and restore the system to natural, regular, and healthy action.

Call and See them

AT THE

PALACE CLOTHING STORE

AYLSWORTH BLOCK,

NAPANEE.

Better than $1 a Bushel for Barley.

The cheapest and best Boots and Shoes ever sold in Napanee can now be found at A. Rose & Co.'s in the Rennie corner store.

Every person wanting Boots should avail themselves of this opportunity of getting them cheap. An immense stock to choose from and 20 per cent cheaper than ever before.

A. ROSE & Co.

1884. FALL STOCK COMPLETE. 1884.

ROBLIN & FORD

INVITE INSPECTION OF THEIR NEW STOCK OF

Gentlemen's Furs, Hats, Caps,

Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

It comprises of everything that is new, choice and reliable. Overcoats of every kind and quality of FUR made to order.

A full line of Gents Furnishings and shirts of best material made to order.

The ordered clothing department never was better equipped and never gave better satisfaction. A call solicited

GRANGE BLOCK, DUNDAS ST., NAPANEE.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

W. M. O'Beirne, Proprietor. **NAPANEE, ONT., F**

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(Established 1810.)

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(Established 1819.)

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.
Capital and Suplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED.

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.—An experienced nurse. Apply with references. Also a young girl to assist in house work. MRS. DARLING,
13 John Street.

HOTEL IN ODESSA TO RENT FOR A term of years, known as the Wilton House. For particulars apply to
12 3 pd. DREW EMERY, Odessa.

HOTEL BUSINESS FOR SALE.—The good will and furniture of the Tichborne House is offered for sale. Splendid chance for a good man. For further particulars apply to R. McDONALD, Napanee.
Napanee, Jan. 22nd, 1886. 10

FARM FOR SALE.—A valuable farm in Hamburgh, South Fredericksburgh, containing 125 acres. First-class farm; good buildings and fences; good orchard and well watered; convenient to markets, church, and school. For further particulars apply to A. VANSLYCK,
12 Bath, Ont.

FOR SALE.—Two or three good farms, situated within a few miles of Napanee. In excellent state of cultivation and good buildings. For full particulars apply to S. GIBSON, Barrister, Napanee.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—That valuable new brick house on the corner of John and Bridge-sts., will be sold at a bargain. First-class in every respect. Hard and soft water. Stable good. For further particulars enquire of the owner on the premises. MRS. J. N. WAGAR.

SHINGLES FOR SALE.—A large quantity of cedar shingles for sale at Roblin. The quality is the very best and prices lowest. Orders at Napanee can be left with Mr. J. Storms on the market. WOODS & BROS.
Roblin, Dec. 19th, 1885. 2-mos. pd

TO LET.—The waggon and blacksmith shop and house now occupied by James Welch on Dundas street, in Napanee. Best stand in town and all in first rate order. Possession of shop at once and of the house at a fortnight's notice. H. T. FORWARD.
August 6th, 1885. 38

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR AN ENERGETIC MAN.—For sale or to let at a bargain, the woollen mill and cheese factory with comfortable residence attached, three-quarters of a mile from Ernesttown Station and four miles from Bath and Odessa. The property is better known as Hogle's Mill and Factory. Both factories are in good running order. To a live man possession will be given even if he has only a small capital. For full particulars apply to JOHN HOGLE,
11-8 Bath.

SAW LOGS! SAW LOGS.

The Napanee Steam Saw Mill will be in first-class order about 1st January next. Parties having logs

Money! Money!

MONEY TO LOAN

—AT—

6 per Cent.

MR. W. S. WILLIAMS having made special arrangements can now accommodate parties who desire to borrow money at a low rate of interest.

SEE HIM FOR PRIVATE TERMS OTHER THAN ABOVE

Loans to meet mortgages falling due made promp y and without extra expense.

Purchases and sales of Farms, Town Property, and other Real Estate negotiated.

School and Municipal Debentures Purchased. Mortgages Bought.

Parties communicating will be given any furnished any further information they may desire respecting loans, etc., which will be considered specially private.

W. S. WILLIAMS,
Napanee, Ont.

Fire! Life! Accident

Fire insurance affected in the Royal at a lower rate than can be secured from any other company.

Life Assurance at one-half the ordinary cost in the Dominion Masonic Benefit Association.

W. S. WILLIAMS, Agent.

-: IMPORTANT :- ANNOUNCEMENT

We have much pleasure in the oppor-

PIANOS and ORGANS.

W. A. ROCKWELL,

Warner Block, - - Napanee.

KRANICH & BACH PIANOS, NEW YORK

STEVENSON & CO. PIANOS, KINGSTON

W. BELL & CO'S ORGANS, GUELPH

KARN & CO'S ORGANS, WOODSTOCK

DOHERTY & CO'S ORGANS, CLINTON

—:o:—

O. A. Rockwell and James Perry have charge of rooms and are authorized to sell for me.

W. A. ROCKWELL,
Alice-st., Kings on.

Branches in Picton, Brighton, Belleville, Gananoque and Brockville.

FIRST VISIT OF 1886.

—:o:—

DR.

J. D. Kergan's

British American Surgeons, will be at the

Huffman House, Napanee

—ON—

TUESDAY, MARCH 2nd, '86

and at the

O'Connor House, Deseronto

SAW LOGS! SAW LOGS.

The Napanee Steam Saw Mill will be in first-class order about 1st January next. Parties having logs to saw can rely on having their work properly and expeditiously done. Cash will be paid for good merchantable logs.

S. GIBSON,
Agent.

Napanee, Dec. 10th, 1885. 4

FARM FOR SALE.—A good farm, one mile from the village of Bath, lot 5 in the 1st concession of Ernesttown, containing about 300 acres all under cultivation; 60 acres ready for sowing. A living stream runs across the rear of the farm, with the Bay of Quinte in front. Two good farm houses, two good barns and sheds, stabling for 40 head; good orchard of 20 acres; 500 loads of manure ready for top dressing. For further particulars apply to

L. S. LASHER,
Bath, Ont.

7 tf.

FOR SALE.—That splendid residence in the village of Wilton, owned and formerly occupied by the undersigned, with driving house, barn, and about 70 acres of land, well fenced and watered. This is a very desirable location. Any reasonable time given for payment. Possession of farm and barn given at once; possession of house given 15th October next. I have also decided to dispose of the Beach farm, parts of 37 and 38 in the 7th concession of Ernesttown, containing 100 acres (be the same more or less) subject to a 2 years' lease. Ample time given for payment. Enquire of

D. S. WARNER,
Bridge-st., Napanee, Owner.

Or of H. WARNER, Wilton. 13-4.

DENTISTRY.

Head Office, Campbellford.

The undersigned would respectfully intimate to the ladies and gentlemen of Tamworth and vicinity, that he or his assistant will visit

TAMWORTH ROOMS, AT DOUGLAS' HOTEL,

Commencing Feb. 21st and remaining seven days, and will continue his visits the last seven days of each month.

Also he will visit **ENTERPRISE** the 1st, 2nd and 3rd of each month.

Special attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth by filling in gold, silver and composition.

Artificial teeth inserted at lowest rates.

6-3 mos. J. F. TAYLOR, L.D.S.

MORTGAGE SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY,
BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

SATURDAY, MARCH 27th, '86,

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, by Robt. McCay, Auctioneer, at the

TOWN HALL, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE,

The following valuable farm property in one parcel:—All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Ernesttown, in the county of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement 99 acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the

North Half of Lot No. 10, in the 6th Con. of said Township of Ernesttown.

The said lands are situated at Switzerville about six miles from Napanee.

The school house plot at Switzerville adjoins these lands and is part of this lot.

On the premises are erected a frame dwelling house and two frame barns.

The property is very desirably situated and in good repair. Possession can be given at once.

TERMS.—The Vendor reserves to himself the right of one bidding in respect of the said premises. A deposit of 20 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid at the time of sale, and the balance must be paid in 15 days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Or to Robt. McCay, Auctioneer.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We have much pleasure in the opportunity afforded in thanking our customers for the very generous patronage extended us for the season just past, and for the general appreciation accorded us in our efforts to furnish them FARMING IMPLEMENTS EXCELLED BY NONE in design, convenience of handling and capacity for thorough work.

We propose as hitherto to embody those principles of thorough and progressive workmanship in all our manufactures, and for the season of 1886 we trust to merit a still larger share of your confidence and patronage by placing before you a line of Implements superior to anything yet offered in these counties. Besides the list of articles which it has been our pleasure to offer to the farming community, we have at a considerable expense secured the right to manufacture a

SELF-BINDER.

Believing there will be a demand in this section for such an article we have anticipated the same and will add to our list of manufactures a superior binder for the coming season. The Binder we will make has been thoroughly tested in the field, and is in the estimation of many the best binder in the province. We will have this Binder ready for inspection in a few weeks, and farmers who contemplate purchasing a Binder will do well to give us a call and inspect the same.

Do not neglect to give us a call of inspection when in want of any implement of husbandry.

JOHN HERRING,
Napanee Agricultural Works.

C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.,
(Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Ont.,)

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,
Dundas-st., Napanee.

To the people in the county of Lennox & Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favours, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthetic, Hydrochlate of Cocoaine, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

ONLY $20

—FROM—

NAPANEE to WINNIPEG

—BY THE—

Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific

New all rail route via Brockville,

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH FROM NAPANEE TO DESTINATION.

Passengers should remember this when buying tickets to Manitoba or any part of the United States as baggage cannot be checked through unless the tickets are bought from the Grand Trunk agents, which Company's rates are always as low as the lowest. No change of cars from Napaneee to Chicago. For tickets, maps and reliable information apply to

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent, Napanee.

and at the

O'Connor House, Deseronto

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3rd

To consult with and advise, free, all persons suffering from any disease or deformity peculiar to their age and sex.

References, testimonials, instances of cases cured and illustrated books and phamplets for men and women free, from the Surgeons or headquarters.

Call or write without fail. Address all letters to

DR. J. D. KERGAN,
Corner Woodward and Gratiot Aves.,
Detroit, Mich.

PRICE LIST,

ETC.

FLOUR

American and Canadian at from $2.25 to $2.50 per cwt.

PORK

All kinds at the very lowest rates.

FISH

Labrador Herring, per bbl.....	$ 4 00
" Salmon "	12 00
Lake Herring per bbl.....	5 00
" Trout " pck	4 00
" White Fish "	5 00

SEEDS

Clover, per bush.....	$7 00
Timothy, "	2 00

Sow Grass and Clover Seeds in the winter and insure a good take.

SALT

No. 1 Goderich Salt per bbl.....85c.

GROCERIES

All kinds at cost during the holidays.

THOMAS SYMINGTON,

Grocer, Seed and Provision Merchant,
Opera House Block, Napanee.

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 86

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1886. VOL. XXV. No. 13.

COUNTY NEWS.

Subscribers are respectfully solicited to send news items from their various localities. To ensure publication always enclose name of writer.

Deseronto.

—The Mechanics' Institute is being generally patronized by everyone. The rush for books is very encouraging to the directors.

—The Dramatic Association expects to present another play to the public about Easter.

—The Bay of Quinte Railway handled in January the equivalent of 177 cars of freight. It was one of the best monthly exhibits in the history of the road.

—The schools of Tyendinaga Reserve have been reopened and the Board of Health authorities now consider that after the premises on Eagle Hill have been well disinfected next week all danger of small-pox will be removed.

—Deseronto has now a regularly officered fire brigade. The need of such an organization was made palpably evident at the recent fire in the Goodmurphy block, and no doubt the newly formed brigade will soon become most efficient in its work.

—At a special meeting of Deseronto Lodge I. O. O. F., held on Saturday evening, 6th inst., it was resolved to tender the use of the lodge room to the members of Craig Lodge A. F. & A. M., until they could secure a hall of their own. This kindly and thoughtful offer has been accepted by the Masonic brethren who most fully appreciate the kindness of their Oddfellow brethren.

Wilton.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The usual quarterly meeting was held in the Methodist Church last Sabbath. There was a large congregation who listened attentively to the Rev. Mr. Robinson's interesting discourse.

—Mrs. M. C. Tooker of Brockville, who was called upon to attend the funeral of her brother, Mr. T. Irish of Morven, spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Neilson, of this place.

—Miss Bertha Storms of Napanee spent a few days with her parents.

—Mrs. S. B. Lake of Denison, Texas, who has been visiting friends in Trenton for the past few weeks, has returned to her sister's.

—Quite a large audience assembled at the Presbyterian Church Sunday evening, but were disappointed as no minister came. The cause is not known. Their disappointment, however, was partly abated by the excellent music of the choir.

——Miss Emma Lapum has gone to Kingston to spend a few weeks visiting friends.

—Mrs. Dr. Aylsworth of Newburgh is stopping at Mr. Nelson Lapum's.

[From another Correspondent.]

—MR. EDITOR.—As your fair correspondent did not favour your valuable paper last week with an account of the tea-meeting held at this place on the 10th inst., I feel that its my duty to give you a brief synopsis of one of the best and most successful tea-meetings we have ever had in this village. Great credit is due the committee for the extra effort they put forth in supplying choice bodily and mental food. Our popular pastor, the Rev. Mr. Robinson, occupied the chair, and filled that honourable position corporeally and mentally to the satisfaction of his numerous friends. Among the gifted orators that favored us with their presence the ministerial element largely predominated. Our highly esteemed friend and former pastor, the Rev. Mr. Gibson of Wolfe Island met with a hearty reception, and feelingly referred to his itinerancy on the Wilton Circuit. The eloquent addresses delivered by the Revs. Curts of Newburgh, Thompson of Odessa, Jewell of Morven, and Bates of Yarker, were full of interest and abounded with bursts of eloquence that were fully appreciated by the large, respectable and well fed audience. One of the leading attractions of the evening was the musical programme provided. Mrs. Rockwell of Kingston gave some choice selections of vocal music. Her

Emerald—Amherst Island.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Gray ducks have been seen in this vicinity. Some think their appearance indicates spring.

—A large crowd assembled at the residence of Mr. John Brown on Monday night where they had a most enjoyable time. Dancing was commenced early in the evening and kept up until the "wee sma' hours in the morning." The host and hostess did ample honour to the guests and everything passed off pleasantly.

—Mr. Frank Beaubien of Howe Island is visiting his friends of this place.

—Mrs. James Reid, an old lady, is very ill at present.

Bath.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

THE SCHOOLS.—Our public school is in able hands, and its pupils are making great progress under Mr. A. Martyn as principal, Miss Bellows as teacher of second department, and Miss Annie Price as instructress of the 3rd department. The staff is an excellent one.

—Mr. C. Cummins is in receipt of a fine lot of new calicos and ginghams for common dresses for ladies. They are neat in design and are sure to please. Owing to the dullness of the times his stock of dress goods have not sold as readily as in former years, and as an inducement to purchasers he now offers these goods at a slight shade over the actual cost price. This is a rare opportunity for the fair sex to clothe themselves at wholesale prices.

—Mr. Thomas Bain, the delegate of Bath Lodge, A.O.U.W., 183, went west on Monday to attend the sittings of the grand lodge.

—Mr. John Shibley has gone to St. Louis as carriage trimmer. He served his apprenticeship with Mr. T. A. Seaward of this place, an experienced workmen.

—Mr. Robt. McDonald, proprietor of the Tichborne House at Napanee, was with us on Tuesday. He was accompanied by Mr. Jamieson of Deseronto.

—Mr. Michael O'Rourke, late of Gananoque, is the guest of Mr. Duncan Wemp.

—A fracas occurred on Thursday between a little Englishman from fifth town with pink whiskers, and an athlete belonging to the suburbs. They were "thirsten" for gore, but nary a drop was spilled.

—Mr. D. W. Ball, the energetic and pushing agent of the Mercautile Fire Association of Watertown, has gone home for a few days to enjoy a rest.

—Messrs. Edwards, Laird and Mills are putting up each "anice" house this spring. This shows plainly that Bath is progressing.

Odessa.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Bill Storms, lately of Dakota, skipped between two days for the other side. Some parties of Camden East mourn the absence of a coat.

—Tuesday evening the Lodge of I.O.G.T. were entertained by the brethren to an oyster spread in return for similar favors of a recent date.

—Look out for fun, Town Hall, March 5th, 11 a.m. Lydia will present the side-splitting farce, entitled "How to make out

Amherst Island.

—The annual missionary meeting of the Church of England was held in St. James' Church on Tuesday evening, the 9th inst., and in Christ's Church on Wednesday evening. There was a fair attendance each night, and appropriate remarks were made by the Rev. Mr. Roberts, who, on both occasions, introduced the Rev. Mr. Cooke, of St. George's cathedral, Kingston. Mr. Nesbitt, who had been appointed by the bishop, was unavoidedly absent through indisposition, but his place was ably filled by Mr. Cooke, who made a very good impression, and pointed out the great need of funds, hoping the parish would make fresh efforts and contribute half as much more as formerly given. It would require this from each parish in the diocese in order to meet the demands now incumbent upon it. The collections were about $31.

—The Salvation Army from Bath have applied to the council to rent them the township hall to hold meetings, and are expected over soon.

—The glee club of Bath gave a very interesting entertainment on Friday in the hall, of dialogues, songs, readings and recitation. Owing to the thaw there was not a large crowd, but those present were fully satisfied. It was admitted to have been one of the best entertainments ever held on the Island.

—The roads on the island are almost rendered impassible since the thaw, and the ice is not much improvement on them. Horses break through the upper crust.

—George Henderson and his family have left the island and taken up their quarters at Kingston.

—Three marriages are talked of. This will help to dissipate the lethargy of our residents that has prevailed here most of the winter owing to the poor price of the markets and left us all in a state of despondency.

Piety Hill.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Our little hamlet, though unimportant in size, is not unknown to fame. It is perched on a ledge of rock overlooking the paper mills and the road winding round the foot of the hill. We look down into the farmers' sleighs passing by and see over the beautiful country. Our little community has its little history as have other communities, big and little. It has had its deaths and its weddings, its sorrowings and rejoicings. Tremulous voices tell of the loss of near friends. Years ago the place may have earned its name as a term of reproach but now the name is unmerited. Perhaps not even in the better sense. For though our people are as industrious and large hearted as any to be found on other hills in Canada, I cannot say that we get off long prayers by the hour, but believing that "He prayeth best who loveth best all things both great and small."

—In your last week's Napanee Mills correspondence "parties desirous of a business education" are told to "apply at the new Business College, Piety Hill—McGill, Principal." Several young men in this neigh-

abounded with bursts of eloquence that were fully appreciated by the large, respectable and well fed audience. One of the leading attractions of the evening was the musical programme provided. Mrs. Rockwell of Kingston gave some choice selections of vocal music. Her singing was remarkably fine and a musical treat that we highly prized. The music, both vocal and instrumental, by the Methodist choir, was well worthy of the enconiums it received. The provisions were both excellent in quality and abundant in quantity. JULIUS.

Forest Mills.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—The second annual meeting of the Forest Mills Cheese Company was held at this place on Friday last. It was largely attended, Mr. Elijah Storr occupying the chair as usual. After some little time was spent in routine work for the coming season, the same officers were re-elected with a slight increase in their salaries, Mr. Storr agreeing to act as treasurer and salesman; Mr. Alex. Hewitt, secretary; Mr. Frank Brennan, the cheese-maker and owner of the factory agreeing to paying their salaries in full, only $50 being paid by him last year. The different milk routes were not sold; they will probably be sold privately. The large business of the factory will be considerably increased during the coming season as several new names were noticed on the book. We understand that the cheese made in this factory last season stood second to none. As a cheese-maker Mr. Brennan is a success.

—A few evenings ago a gay and joyous party of ladies and gentlemen went for a sleigh ride. It was a beautiful warm night, a pale young moon shedding its soft mellow light and casting weird shadows athwart the snow covered fields. The party's spirits were several degrees above zero, and they sang gaily accompanied by the merry chime of the sleigh bells, and indeed a jolly lot they were, there being only thirteen of them all told, packed in one sleigh box. Their destination was the home of James Boyd on the 9th concession of Richmond. They arrived there without any mishap. Spending several hours in harmless amusement, such as playing post office and the revised edition of wild Irishman, the horses were once more brought to the door and stood pawing the snow and champing their bits anxious to be off. After some little delay the cheerful party was stowed away in the now groaning sleigh box and the horses started on the homeward course, tossing their heads proudly. Gay and pleasant repartee was the order of the moment, when lo! in coming suddenly into a pitch hole the sleigh was suddenly capsized and the whole party thrown promiscuously into a huge snow bank. The ladies screamed and the men looked dumb-founded. One young lady after extricating herself from a large pile of snow with difficulty, stood up in the centre of the road and said in tones that had a world of pathos in them, "I am going to faint, I know I am." Meanwhile, after dragging their driver some distance the horses sped away like two frightened antelopes, leaving the lucky or rather unlucky number of thirteen to pick themselves out of the snow as best they could. But just when everything looked dark and gloomy and they were about commencing to select the shortest way to foot it across the fields to their respective homes, one of the men who had followed the flying steeds halloed to them to come on that they had captured the chargers, and sure enough a short distance in advance, where the road made a sharp curve into Martin Dewitt's field, the horses were found stuck in a large drift. They had failed to make the turn to the great joy of the whole party. But the party didn't sing any more on the way home; their nerves were too badly shaken.

Tamworth.

[Correspondence of THE EXPRESS.]

—Mr. Ira Hudgins and wife of Richmond spent Sunday visiting friends in Tamworth and vicinity.

—John W. Bell, M. P., was the guest of Mr. Thos. Miller on Saturday and Sunday.

—Mr. John Stewart an old resident of Sheffield was here this week calling on old friends.

—Mr. J. S. Miller and wife were in town this week.

—We are pleased to see Miss Jennie Herchmer home after six months' absence visiting friends.

—Messrs. Shields intend making a large quantity of brick next summer. They shipped two car-loads last week.

—Cordwood is coming in quite freely, although the price is very low.

—Our undertaker and saw mill men seem to be the only persons that are rushing business here. The storekeepers all complain ter spread in return for similar favors of a recent date.

—Look out for fun, Town Hall, March 5th, 11 a.m. Lydia will present the side-splitting farce, entitled "How to make out a cord wood account."

—Mr. Sampson McConnell, ex-Minister of Agriculture, has lately returned from Manitoba. We are pleased to see him once more and would like very much to hear his popular lecture on that country, as what he don't know about it isn't worth knowing.

—Owing to the storm the attendance at the Tory convention at Switzer's Hotel, was not as large as was expected.

—Sixth Division Court on 5th March.

—Mr. Geo. Lucas, a practical and successful farmer, is introducing the celebrated Holstien stock in this township. Durham breeders had better look out for their laurels.

—A touch of the Statute helped the Army immensely. The congregations are better, order better, in fact a higher sancity prevails there. Long may they be spared to ply the good work in their own peculiar way.

—An interesting little journal called the "Hob Goblin," a weekly pen production of rare astistic and literary merit, has been launched on the journalislic wave by the Klu Klux Klub, limited, (to Odessa.) Toronto's komick production had better fasten its "Grip," for should the Gob-git hoblin atter it, fur would have wings and Shoo-fly.

—The Army will hold a grand tea meeting on Thursday, 25th inst.

—All should be on hand next Council sitting to hear Joseph champion the lock-up question.

[From another Correspondent.]

—Last Monday evening a grand oyster supper was given under the auspices of the Good Templars. A pleasant evening was spent. We are glad to see our temple prospering. New members are coming in nearly every night.

—A number from Odessa attended the tea-meeting at Wilton. One load consisted of the following:—Mrs. P. A. Mabee, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. Dr. Meacham, Mrs. Caton, Mrs. Hogle, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Metzlar, Miss Jones, Miss Day, Miss Walker, Mr. Metzler, Mr. Boydan and Mr. Caton. They report having had a grand time.

—A wedding took place in our town last Saturday night. Miss Jessie Asselstine was married to Mr. Herrington, of Napanee Mills. Miss Maud Ham acted as bridesmaid, and Mr. Herbert Asselstine as groomsman.

—Watts & Jones are doing a thriving business

—Dr. Sparks of Kingston was in Odessa on Monday.

—Rev. J. J. Leach of Brighton paid us a flying visit on Monday.

—A party was given Saturday evening by Edith Wycott and Ida Lewis. About thirty children were in attendance. Miss McManus, Miss Denyes, Miss Derbyshire, Miss Jones, Miss Booth and Mr. Burns were invited to help entertain the children. A very pleasant evening was spent.

—Quarterly meeting last Sunday was well attended and a splendid sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Thompson.

—Mrs. J. Jones has been quite ill for some time. We are glad to hear she is recovering slowly.

—A. B. Booth & Co. are doing a thriving business.

—The toboggan slide at Westbrook seems to be quite an attraction for our young people. A party drove down from here Tuesday night. Miss Jones got thrown out of the toboggan and was severely injured.

—A grand concert will be given Friday evening in the Town Hall by the Glee Club of Kingston. A cordial invitation to all.

—Rathbun's strong bakers' flour $2.25 per 100

—In your last week's Napanee Mills correspondence "parties desirous of a business education" are told to "apply at the new Business College, Piety Hill—McGill, Principal." Several young men in this neighbourhood who have seen penmanship executed by the gentleman above referred to have been urging him to start a night school for instruction in penmanship and book-keeping which he has consented to do. Such an intimation by your correspondent would have been kind as well as just. The gentleman in question fails to see that he has deserved the slur conveyed by the article in your correspondence. He thinks that he has not been pretentious in the matter of the proposed school, and that if there is blame deserving of public censure that it attaches equally as much to the parties who advised the starting of the school as to himself. The gentleman is comparatively a stranger here and in these hard times is struggling to support his little family by honourable means. He is sure that if his unknown friend had known him better the unkind reference would have been spared.

Presentation to John Herring, Esq.

Wednesday last was the 68th birthday of Mr. John Herring, and as that gentleman was sitting in his office at 6 o'clock, pondering, probably, on the glories of the past and making new plans for the future, he was "surprised" by the entrance of the entire staff of workmen, headed by Mr. Wm. Allen, an employee of thirty years standing, followed by Mr. Chas. Ashton, who carried in his hand a formidable looking manuscript. The object of the visit was at once disclosed by Mr. Ashton reading the following

ADDRESS.

To John Herring, Esq.:

DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned, on behalf of your employees in the town of Napanee, are desirous of wishing you many happy returns of this your natal day and expressing the hope that you may long be spared to enjoy the profits arising from your ability and industry in an active commercial life. We feel, sir, that the successful building up and prosperity of Napanee has been in no small measure due to you, and we congratulate ourselves in being so fortunate as to be in the employ of one who's reputation as a careful and thorough-going business man is not confined to our own town and county, knowing as we do that the reputation is well deserved.

You, sir, have not been backward in lending your valuable services in the town and county councils, and we beg to express the wish that the day is not far distant when we may again see you or a representative in your family looking after the interests of our town at the council board.

As it has pleased Almighty God to spare your life these 68 years we think this a suitable opportunity for presenting you with this cane, not as a reminder of the number of years you have lived, but as a mark of the esteem in which you are held by all in your employ. We trust, sir, you may long be spared to your family and that in the future, as in the past, our relations as employer and employees will continue on the same pleasant footing, assuring you, sir, that we will do all in our power to aid you in the various branches of the business that you may see fit to entrust us with.

Again extending to you our best wishes and wishing you many happy returns of the day.

We are, sir, truly yours,

WM. ALLEN,
CHAS. ASHTON.

The cane, which was of ebony, with a handsome gold head, was presented on behalf of the employees by Mr. Wm. Allen. Mr. Herring was completely taken by surprise. He said he was exceedingly gratified at the manifestation of their good will and trusted that they and he might long continue to work together for mutual benefit. He thanked them most sincerely for their handsome present upon which he placed a high value. The men then gave three cheers for Mr. Herring and retired. The tribute to Mr. Herring was well deserved. He is one of our most enterprising citizens and a large employer of labor. We join most heartily with his employees in wishing him long life

AN EGYPTIAN ROMANCE.

A Story of Love and Wild Adventure, founded upon Startling Revelations in the Career of Arabi Pasha.

By the Author of "NINA, THE NIHILIST," "THE RED SPOT," "THE RUSSIAN SPY," ETC., ETC.

CHAPTFR XXIX.

THE TERRORS OF THE MOUNTAIN TOMBS.

As he spoke the scorpion eater pointed to a vast fissure that at that point perforated the side of the mountain, but which was almost hidden by a luxuriant growth of creeping plants bearing great waxen-looking flowers.

"Have no fear, they are very tame," was the now thoroughly cowed scorpion eater's answer, and the next minute the entire party had plunged into the profound darkness of the mountain tomb. Nellie, to her no small terror, for the pitchy blackness was well calculated to inspire that feeling.

As for Pat Monaghan, he was a man of few words, or, when they could be conveniently spared, of no words at all; but this may not have prevented him from thinking a great deal, and it would have been wonderful, indeed, if under the circumstances his thoughts had been pleasant.

These mountains had, indeed, more than once been pointed out to him from the ramparts that surrounded the Citadel of Cairo as the haunt of the Djins or Evil Genii and the Spirits or Giant Devils, who, with their powerful breaths, blow up the desert sands until they overtake and bury travelers beneath them, and who are, furthermore, the guardians of buried treasure. So remembering these tales just when he would have most liked to have forgotten them, Pat Monaghan was not quite so comfortable in his own mind as when he had ridden back to encounter with his single arm the three camel and dromedary riders.

Great was his relief therefore when, after they had ridden a little way through the subterranean, trusting entirely to their horses to follow the one that led, he heard a muttered "Halt!" come back from what he knew to be his master's lips, and then the unmistakable snapping sound of flint and steel.

A second later there was a star of light which suddenly leapt into a flame as some kind of a torch was suddenly kindled, and then all three fugitives looked around them in an amazement that was mingled with admiration, for they were in the centre of a vast hall whose walls and even ceilings were covered with paintings, both of animate and inanimte nature, with the color as bright as if they had been laid on yesterday, yet which Frank Donelly and Nellie Trezarr, at all events, knew must have been antique works of art even in those to us ancient days when the Red Sea waves parted to permit of the goming of the Israelites and rushed together again for the drowning of Pharaoh and his host.

This was not a time, however, for the studying of ancient art, for the Bedouins, did they but imagine that they had taken refuge there, might enter the tomb in turn and bestow on them the honor of making it their own.

Frank Donelly therefore sternly bade their guide lead on, not before, however, he had remarked that this was the recluse's usual abode, for there were sufficient evidences of the fact in the few necessaries that it contained, consisting of a mat, a pitcher and a wooden bowl, but even the ordinary Egyptian peasant has nothing more.

the mountains without ever seeing the daylight or the moonshine now. Yea, you shall so die and my lynx and jackal shall pick your bones, whilst your souls shall fizzle and fry forever and forever in the fiery pit of Borhut. You have cast dirt upon my beard and set my turban awry, you dogs, for is it not written that "he who lendeth succor to the oppressor or the unbeliever shall ere long strike his knees in vain?" Wherefore by every hair of the dogs that begot thee, Abou Seif the santon will take bitter vengeance for the indignities that ye have cast upon him."

And having thus spat out his venom, as it were, they could hear his rapidly receding footsteps, mingled with fresh peals of chuckling laughter.

"I wish I'd spitted the old baste on me spear, which sure an' I'd have done if it hadn't been for the winged devils, an' the darkness, an' the not thinking ov it until too late, at all at all," grunted Pat Monaghan.

"Just pass the spear over to me, Pat, to feel the way well in advance with, for I judge 'tis safer now to go on than to turn back, for that old rascal has gone to bring the Bedouins after us, and knowing all the ins and outs of this place we'd have no chance of overtaking him, even on horseback," said Frank Donelly.

"Lord presarve us from him and the likes of him," muttered Pat, as he passed the lance over Nellie's head, whom, as he took it, Frank comforted with the words:

"I feel sure that this passage will eventually lead to freedom, my darling, and the creatures that put out the lights and startled us so much were but bats. I saw them distinctly. Now that the accustomed darkness that they delight in has returned again they trouble us no longer, you see, so let us get on once more."

He waited for no reply, but urged on his horse as he spoke, feeling the way with the long lance so that the animal should not knock its head against anything or plunge headlong down into some hole or pit.

It was, in fact, that kind of darkness that writers say "may be felt," or "may be cut with a knife," and so on, so that it was anything but pleasant traveling when it was impossible to know what possible dangers might not be in the way.

More than once Nellie Trezarr felt convinced that she heard the pattering feet of the jackal and of the still more fearful lynx coming after them, whilst Pat Monaghan's fears were still chiefly of the supernatural, so that every instant he expected that Djin or giant devil would spring upon him and bear him away, where or for what purpose he did not even dare to conjecture.

But imagination was soon destined to give way to reality, for when they had proceeded in this slow and cautious manner for about ten minutes, the path appearing to trend gradually downward the while, they heard the unmistakable sound of other hoofs in their rear and coming on at a much faster pace than their own.

Then, far behind them, there suddenly flashed a glow of ruddy light, and looking round they beheld the hideous scorpion eater coming down the subterranean at a speed that was wonderful for his years, holding

Captain Donelly's and Pat Monaghan's revolvers, the rapid reports going rumbling and roaring into the innermost recesses of the vast subterraneans and awakening a score and more of echoes, which were quickly succeeded by those of the shrieks, howls, groans and execrations of the wounded and the dying as they fell clattering from their high demi-pique saddles to the resounding floor of the passage, whilst those who survived spurred forward over their writhing bodies with shriller cries still, intent on taking vengeance on the slaughterers of their brethren before they could reload.

But Captain Donelly and Pat Monaghan had six charges yet remaining in their revolvers, and now, stepping suddenly forward into view, they discharged them full in the faces and breasts of their swarthy foes, when so near that their tossing and straining horses' heads were almost within arm's length of their muzzles.

Each bullet found its billet on this occasion, and down went the shrieking Bedouins, one over the other, and amongst them the santon, with a hole in his throat, out through which the blood gushed like a fountain.

As he went crashing down his weight burst open the basket at his back, and the great flesh colored serpents, gliding forth, sprang upon the fallen men, and the plunging, rearing horses, hissing fiercely and burying their poison fangs in their prey.

As for the Bedouins who still remained mounted and apparently uninjured, and in number they were but three, they wheeled their horses round and galloped back into the darkness of the tomb, whilst giving utterance to loud cries of horror and dismay.

Ere they had disappeared altogether from view Captain Donelly and Pat were in their saddles and riding calmly forward to rejoin Nellie.

"Thanks to Pat's suggestion, we have got wholly rid of the rascals, for the three who still survive will let us depart in peace, I imagine," said Frank, and then he added, as a puzzled expression came over his fine countenance: "I wish that we knew how to recross the mountain, for we are now on the side of the great desert, which stretches for hundreds of leagues toward the very centre of Africa."

"No, Frank, it cannot be," replied Nellie, "for I feel certain that that is Cairo which I see over away yonder. And there, there are the Pyramids, too, and I feel equally sure that I can just make out a train steaming in that direction, the direction of the North Star, which must be Alexandria-ward, I take it."

"By all that's glorious, you are right, Nellie. Why, we must have come out on the same side of the mountain as that at which we entered. We have described the half of a half, or more likely of an oval, within the subterranean. I dared not have hoped for such good fortune. It saves no end of time."

"Be the saints, yer honor, an' it's a good down that we are into the bargain. It's just meself that knows this blessed plum tree, be the bit branch that I tore off in plucking some of the fruit, an' there it lies in the middle of the track to witness to the truth ov me words," observed Pat.

All was as clear now as the sun at noonday, and all that they seemingly had to do was to re-cross the desert till they struck the railway at the little village of Et-Tarraneh, where there was a station at which they would be able to take train for Alexandria, for the train, which they could still perceive, or to be more correct, the steam from her engine, was proof that the line between the capital and the great seaport had not yet been ripped up.

"After all, we may be aboard a British ship before dawn, darling," said Frank Don-

dences of the fact in the few necessaries that it contained, consisting of a mat, a pitcher and a wooden bowl, but even the ordinary Egyptian peasant has nothing more.

Holding the torch (which seemed to be composed of a bundle of sugarcanes bound tightly together and coated thick with a kind of gum) aloft in one hand, the santon strode on again, his beard still grasped by his captor, who could now watch the movements of the scorpions as they continued to wander all about his person, apparently at their own sweet will, and which, whenever one of them approached too near unto his hand, the young officer dislodged and sent clattering to the ground with the point of his sword. For well he knew that the sting of these hideous vermin is as fatal to a European as a serpant bite.

And now they enter the great painted hall, in the centre of which a vast tomb had evidently once stood, for a wide passage whose walls (where they were not painted) were covered with millions of hieroglyphics, somewhat like those which we see on Cleopatra's Needle and the Obelisk of Luxor, yet differing from them in many essential respects.

They had got down this high and wide passage very far, when they met a lynx and jackal walking quite amiably side by side, though the two animals are as a rule the most bitter enemies conceivable.

"If these are two of your infernal pets and you dare to set them on us your life shall pay the forfeit, remember," said Donelly, fiercely, and at the words the dull red glare that had come into the santon's eyes died out of them again, leaving them the same dull fishy gray as they had been before.

He spoke half a dozen words in shrill tones to the two beasts, at the same time wagging his left arm about with a gesture of menace; and evidently understanding him, their tails dropped and they slunk away into a narrow side passage, from whose pitch dark depths their eyes presently gleamed like live coals.

Nellie, whose heart had palpitated painfully at sight of the savage beasts, drew her breath more freely when they were gone, but one hour seemed to crowd fast upon the heels of another, for as they presently peered into a second and narrower passage a loud rushing noise greeted their ears, like a flapping of ghostly wings, so that Pat began to patter a Pater Noster, making sure that the Afrits, or Giant Devils, were upon them, while Nellie uttered a little scream, and even Frank became utterly disconcerted.

Had he noticed the sly and exultant expression of the scorpion eater he might have been better prepared for what was to come and how to avoid its consequences, for, lo, the uncanny noises rapidly increased in volume, the semi-darkness became all at once full of fluttering wings, hideous little horned heads, and shrill squeaks, and then all in an instant the torch was extinguished and the three fugitives felt themselves beat about their faces by quickly flapping, skinny leather substances, whilst an intolerable stench assailed their nostrils, so that it is little wonder that in the sudden darkness, terror and confusion Frank's hand for an instant relaxed the tightness of its grip on the santon's beard or that he, taking advantage of the opporunity, with a wrench and a bound released himself altogether therefrom, and laughing shrilly and exultantly, rushed away with the certainty that he would not again be caught.

In another minute they could hear him shouting in the distance:

"Yallah! Yallah! By the ninety-nine names of Allah and the hundred and fourteen chapters of the El Koran. By the fig and the olive and the soul of Khaled the blessed, you shall all die in the bowels of flashed a glow of ruddy light, and looking round they beheld the hideous scorpion eater coming down the subterranean at a speed that was wonderful for his years, holding aloft a torch in either hand and closely followed by a dozen or so of mounted Bedouins, whose bright lance points twinkled like stars above their scarlet shawl turbans.

"Lost, lost! We shall be sat upon and slain in this horrible subterranean," gasped Nellie, dropping her reins and clasping her hands together in an agony of terror.

"Bedad, but any how I'll kill some of them first, just for company, retorted Pat Monaghan cheerily, who looked upon the Bedouins (even with the scorpion eater thrown in) as a great improvement on Djins and giant devils.

Frank Donelly, however, had better words of consolation than Pat's, for he suddenly exclaimed:

"If there's a red light behind there's a white one ahead, Nellie, darling, and unless I'm greatly mistaken we will be out in the moonlight again before those fellows can come up with us."

CHAPTER XXX.

A COMBAT OF TWO TO TWELVE—AGAIN ON THE DESERT.

Frank Donelly's words proved prophetic ones, for every minute now the light became brighter in their front, enabling them to push forward every whit as rapidly as they were pursued, so that presently they squeezed their horses one by one through a narrow fissure that was hardly large enough to admit of their passage; indeed, Pat went so far as to declare that it was very like a "rich man struggling to get through the eye of a needle," he should think.

"An sure, yer Honor," he quickly added, "I don't see why we should let the spalpeens as are afther us come any further at all at all, for sure we might defend this narrow opening agin long odds from now till the crack of doom, if need be, like those old Greeks and Romans used to do we read of in the poethry and the story books."

"Another fine idea of yours, Pat; and by St. Patrick, your namesake, we'll put it in practice. Is your revolver charged in every chamber?"

"Aye, I've reloaded it since I settled the camels and the drumbledollies."

"Good; mine is in the same condition. We will dismount, sling our bridle over our arms, and take up our positions one on each side of the opening, sheltered by the rocks, and, by George we'll give those rascals pepper as they come up. Nellie, ride on a little way, my dear. We will overtake you presently."

"Oh, Frank, don't rush into any needless danger," pleaded the fair girl.

"No, darling; that we will leave our enemies to do. They come on unasked, and so they must take the consequences. Do as I ask you, Nellie."

She made no further opposition or observation, but rode on a little way and then drew rein.

Frank Donelly motioned to her, however, to move a trifle more to the right, fearing that she was somewhat in the Bedouin line of fire.

When she had obeyed his mute sign he gave all his attention to the latter gentry.

They were by this time near enough to require it, pounding along through the subterranean at the heels of the onward rushing santon under the full impression, no doubt, that instead of awaiting them just outside, the fugitives were hurrying down the mountain as fast as ever they could urge their horses.

They were soon undeceived on this point, however, for at the same instant "crack! crack! crack! crack! crack! crack!" went

tween the capital and the great seaport had not yet been ripped up.

"After all, we may be aboard a British ship before dawn, darling," said Frank Donelly, "for I dare say they'll be running trains from Cairo as often as circumstances will allow during the night, so cheer up."

Nellie was quite willing to do so, for it's much pleasanter to encourage hope than despair in the heart. As for Pat, he didn't require any encouragement at all, as it was not his nature to look at the dark side of anything.

So they made they made their way down the steep mountain side with ease and circumspection, and directly that they had reached the desert plain steered straight across it as nearly as possible in the direction of Et Tarraneh.

If Captain Donelly really thought that all their dangers were over he calculated sadly without his host, for at least eighteen miles of desert lay between them and the railway station, towards which they were steering, and from all directions troops, regular and irregular, were concentrating towards the capital to swell the forces of the War Minister.

The fugitives proceeded slowly at first, for their horses wanted breathing space, but the once more fresh bracing air of the desert was not long in at all events partially restoring their strength and spirits when they progressed more rapidly, and then it was that Captain Donelly very shortly discovered that the desert in this direction was for the once not the desert at all.

For across it small bands of Bedouins seemed to be perpetually streaming, doubtless on their way to make up the sixty thousand irregular cavalry that Arabi Pasha had boasted he could have enrolled underneath his banner in less than a week, for well he knew that these mounted robbers would swarm like vultures to a feast, for quite as respectable as Turkish Bashi-Bazouks the Bedouin delights in slaughter and plunder quite as much as, according to Dr. Watts, dogs delight to bark and bite.

"Oh, if the moon were not quite so bright," thought the young officer to himself, for the grand luminary of night shed as clear and white a radiance over the sandy plain as a number of electric lights would diffuse over a boulevard or a street, and there were no shadows to take advantage of.

When Frank Donnelly had read of this desert ruse years previously he had never imagined that the time would come when he would be glad to avail himself of it himself.

It was quite effectual, however, for within the next hour they would certainly have been sighted and pursued had they been rash enough to have continued on their way; whilst owing to their precaution large parties of Bedouins passed quite near by without perceiving them.

Then, at last, the danger of discovery seemed to grow less and less, and their part of the desert to be getting empty again, so that they thought of once more remounting and continuing their journey, when, on suddenly looking round, Pat Monaghan beheld yet another party of Bedouins coming towards them, but following a course which betokened that they would pass much nearer by than any of the preceding bodies of the savage horsemen had done.

"Bedad, an' it's as straight as a bede line that the varmints are coming and if we would save our lives we'd better be up and away, yer honor."

"By Jove, I believe you're right, Pat. Up and away be it, then," rejoined his master, and the next instant he was undoing his horses leashings.

When they had seen to their own steeds and turned to perform the same office by Nellie's, lo, the deft and spirited girl had not only released the animal and got him on

his legs, but had also mounted him and was quite ready for flight.

Before long, indeed, Donelly felt that they were like three poor fawns trying to cross a chessboard, with the rival knights, bishops, rooks and queen all bent on rendering the attempt a matter of shear impossibility.

As yet they were evidently unseen, but as he could hardly hope that they would continue so for long, he was presently fain to yield to the inevitable and adopt a ruse.

He called a halt, told Nellie that there was nothing much to be alarmed at, but that nevertheless it was better to be cautious, and then held a brief consulation with Pat Monaghan, the result of which was that all three dismounted, forced their horses to lie down, gagged them so that they could neither neigh nor whinny, tied their legs so that for them to rise was an equal impossibility, and then in the course of a very few minutes raised a circular barrier of sand high enough to conceal both their steeds and themselves as they crouched down.

Her prompt action had saved a couple of minutes at the least, and that brief space of time might be of the utmost value under the circumstances.

Frank gave her a word or two of ardent praise and flung himself into his own saddle even whilst speaking them, nor was Pat slow in imitating his example, and just as they were perceived and the Moslem war cry of "Allah ackbar! Allah, Allah! hu!" rent the air in their rear, accompanied by a great brandishing of scimitars and lances, the three fugitives were off at full speed again, Pat muttering something to the effect that "the devil might take the hindmost," yet for all that himself keeping in the rear, as he considered himself in duty bound to do, and answering the Bedouin defiance by twirling his own lance round and round above his head as though it were a shillelah, whilst he howled out a genuine Irish hullabaloo.

"Keep your breath to cool your porridge, Pat," exclaimed his master, somewhat annoyed. "This is no child's play, I would have you remember, so just postpone all vaporing until we are tearing along at the tail of the iron horse instead of on the backs of our own, my good fellow."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

PERSONAL.

Reuben R. Thrall of Rutland, Vt., is probably the oldest practicing lawyer in the world. He recently celebrated his 90th birthday, and has several cases now on the docket.

When Adelaide Neilson died she had in her possession a copy of every photograph of herself which had been published, and the total of these, cartes, cabinets, panels, etc., was 609.

Sir Michael Hicks Beach is a very nice looking gentleman, handsome, with small features, black hair parted down the middle, black beard and moustache, and a very pleasant expression of face. A young-looking man, too, in his forties.

Mr. Gladstone is, as is well known, fond of using postal cards for his communications. Although the law is that nothing must be written on the address side of the card save the name and address, he invariably puts either his name or his initials there. Thus the recipient is subjected to one penny extra postage.

Autograph hunters are said to deluge Mr. Harris of the *Atlanta Constitution* with requests for his signature. A friend of his says he always drops such letters in the waste basket, but that when he goes to dinner the elevator boy amuses himself by fill-

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

It was within three minutes of the hour for opening the meeting when Brother Gardner received a message to the effect that his wife was in a fit. He left for home in a manner neither too dignified nor too hasty, and the meeting was called to order by Sir Isaac Walpole, who said: While de President hez our sympathy in dis dark hour, as a matter af co'se, yet de bizness of dis kentry mus' not suffer bekase one old black woman dun goes an' has a fit. Let us purceed to bizness, an' it may be well fur me to menshun de fack dat de pussun who puts a licorice drop on de hot stove doorin' our purceedins may find hisself weary of de burdens of dis cold world.

CAN'T INDORSE HIM.

A communication from the Mayor of Buffalo made inquiry if a person calling himself Prof. C. A. Johnson, philanthroplst, professional astronomer, lecturer, literary and educational writer, editor, publisher and philosopher, was a member of the Lime Kiln Club. The Professor lately delivered a lecture in Buffalo, in which he sent forth the following utterances:

I am acknowledged to be the greatest scientific man of the age.

Wind is always in motion. It has a place where it is located when it is not at work.

I don't care a snap of my finger for other scientist's opinions. I am an authority in myself.

The wind is made of a material always in existence, and not as some people think, created for the moment.

There are twelve invisible suns which have shone in great brilliancy in the past and in ten years they will shine again.

The hiding place of the wind is in the interior of the ocean, 300,000 feet from the surface. If you want to ask questions about it you can; I have settled it.

There is more animal life in existence than a good many of us have been able to understand; the "nitroggen" and "hydroggen" gases extend higher than scientists have had time to look into.

I have found within a thimbleful of salt water more living insects than there have been human names created since the beginning of the world. If other men have not looked into this as I have, it's not my fault.

Scientific men tell me that wind is made of atoms of air force coming in contact with currents. If scientific men knew half as much about wind as I do, they would not make this mistake. When I saw their confusion I came to their rescue.

Wind is composed of volcanic gases and atmospheric matter located in the interior of space which is set in motion by astronomic force caused by the rotation of the sun, which coming in contact with counter-currents puts the wind in motion in places where it is hid.

I may be a modest man and I may not, but I don't believe there is a man in the City of Buffalo that knows as much about science as I do. If there had been, this subject would have been explained long ago. But it has been left for me to settle forever the question where the wind comes from.

The Secretary was instructed to reply to the effect that the Professor was neither a member of the club, nor did that body indorse his opinions.

RETURNED A BROKEN MAN.

Trustee Pullback then made a report on his trip to Washington, N. C., as a delegate from the club to attend an emancipation jubilee. He reached there all right after a journey lasting thirteen days, and was warmly welcomed by Archie Moore and J. P. Jones, of the Committee on Arrangements.

THE WORLD OVER.

A farmer in New Hampshire has been fined for cruelty in not providing shelter for his cattle during the late cold weather. He was the richest man in the neighborhood.

Nearly 80,000 acres of lands under water along the Connecticut shore have been sold by the State to oyster growers, and last year's taxes on this area (one-fifth of which is in use) yielded $8,000.

A milkman slipped and fell in New London the other day in such a way that he went head foremost into a can from which he had removed the cover, and, as it was a tight fit, a tinsmith's services were required to extricate him.

Mr. Parnell is a bachelor and lives the simplest sort of life—in lodgings, as a rule, taking his dinner at a hotel. His habits are so quiet that he and his sister Anna were guests at the same hotel for weeks without knowing that they were under one roof.

Few monarchs can boast of progeny so illustrious as King Christian IX. of Denmark. Five out of his six children are married and have families. The eldest sons of each of these families are the prospective monarchs of Denmark, Greece, the British empire, Russia, and Hanover.

According to the *British Medical Journal* the most flagrant dietetic errors on the part of poor people arise from ignorance of the nutritive value of foods. When they cannot buy meats, whose importance they recognize, they do not put proper articles in the place of it. They do not correctly estimate the high value of milk and eggs; and when obliged to use a largely vegetable diet they make no distinction between unnutritious vegetables and those which, like peas and beans, are rich in nitrogen and well calculated to supply the place of animal food.

Nearly three years have elapsed since Gambetta's remains were consigned to the grave at Nice, but nothing has yet been done to give even a decent appearance to his last resting place. An old friend of the departed statesman, who visited the cemetery on the anniversary of his death in order to strew flowers on his tomb, gives a melancholy account of the state of neglect into which it has been allowed to fall. He says it is only a temporary scaffolding, a pyramid of wood covered with wreaths and offerings. The barrier which surrounds it is half rotten. The great tribune, apparently, is forgotten already.

A member of the Geological Survey says that Salt Lake will be of great value in the near future, not only on account of the common salt it will produce, but also for the sodium sulphate it contains. The latter is separated in a flocculent precipitate by the cold weather of wid winter, and annually thrown up on the shore in enormous quantities. There are many other lakes in the far West whence an inexhaustible supply of commercial alkalies may be obtained at small cost. Mono Lake, Cal., alone being estimated to hold over 78,000,000 tons of sodium carbonate.

The peasant Indians of Central America hold some curious superstitions, of which the following are examples: When a child is ill the mother takes a drake, singes its tail feathers, and, muttering certain words, passes it over the patient. A woman feeds a parrot with a few pieces of tortilla and gives the child the crumbs which fall from the beak, as they will make it talk! Colic is due to the evil eye; in order to get rid of the disturbing influence the woman breaks four duck's eggs into a basin, and, having mixed them with rue, places the whole under the child's bed; if the compound be curdled in the morning the spirit

says he always drops such letters in the waste basket, but that when he goes to dinner the elevator boy amuses himself by filling out the blank cards and placing them in the return envelopes addressed "Joel Chandler Harris, Atlanta, Ga."

"Diamond Joe" Reynolds is one of the millionaire curiosities of Chicago. He invariably wears a plain grey suit without an overcoat, a hat several seasons behind, prunella gaiters that have been out of style for years, and always has in his shirt front a first water diamond as large as a filbert and as bright as a dewdrop. He owns more grain elevators than any man in the country and ships more grain than any two men on the Chicago Board of Trade.

It is pretty clear now that General Prendergast made no arrangement for maintaining order at Mandalay after the surrender of Thebaw, that a saguinary riot occurred, that the mob had possession of the town all night, that statements to this effect were calmly disbelieved by the British commander three miles off, and that the Times correspondent was sent back to Rangoon simply because he had telegraphed home a description of this discreditable bungling. Yet it may be taken for granted that Gen. Prendergast will not be repremanded, and that correspondent will be frowned upon by the whole of officialdom, both in India and Pall Mall

George Tiptos was a farmer in Madison county, Kentucky, about twenty years ago. He became financially involved and went to the West Indies. He secured control of a small island of the Bahama group which proved to be rich in phosphates, from which he amassed great wealth. He ruled autocratically, and no women or intoxicating liquors were permitted upon the island. The ruler of this Eveless and prohibited Eden is now on a visit to his native State, and is expected to take back with him a Blue Grass widow and a full supply of Kentucky bourbon.

At the informal opening of Parliament when the Queen was not present in the House of Lords amongst the members of the House of Commons who assembled on the floor of the throne was Sir William Harcourt, who took the liberty of resting his arm upon the railing in front of the royal seat. For this offence—for it is an offence, it seems, when the throne is uncovered—he was promptly reproved by an official, who with equal promptitude was reported by the right hon. gentleman to the yeoman usher. Sad to say, the ex-home secretary was ruled to have been out of order; for when the throne is denuded of its brown holland covering, the Queen is supposed to be present in spirit, if not in person, and that being the case the royal railings must not be leant upon—not even by such a descendant of royalty as Sir William Harcourt.

According to the *Jewish Chronicle*, Baron Alphonse de Rothschild is not the first Hebrew who has been admitted into the French Academy of Fine Arts. The late Achille Fould, the celebrated finance minister to Napoleon III., was elected a free member of the Academy in 1854. The illustrious composer, Halevy, also had a seat in the body as a titular member. The election of Baron Rothschild raises the number of Jewish members of the Institute of France to eight, his colleagues being MM. Breal, Joseph Derenbourg, Henri Weil, and Oppert of the Academy of Inscriptions and Belles Lettres; Adolph Franck, whose election dates back to 1844, of the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences; Loewy and Maurice Levy of the Academy of Sciences. The most famous section of the institute, viz., the Academy Francaise, is the only one which has not yet given a fauteuil to a Jew.

jubilee. He reached there all right after a journey lasting thirteen days, and was warmly welcomed by Archie Moore and J. P. Jones, of the Committee on Arrangements. During the first two hours of his stay some one stole his watch, and later on his satchel and pocketbook were missing. His complaints were treated with supreme indifference, and on the day of the jubilee he was set upon and pounded until he could hardly walk. He had his credentials all straight, and no one disputed them, but he thinks there was a conspiracy to do him up because the Lime-Kiln Club had refused to grant a charter to the "Koon-Killin' Klub" of Washington so act as a branch. Trustee reached home after enduring hardships which would have killed a United States Senator, and has been in bed nearly ever since.

HEROIC MEASURES.

When his verbal report had been submitted there was a murmur of indignation throughout the hall, and Waydown Beboe offered the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, Dat until de Gub'ner of North Carolina forwards us an apology in writin', accompanied by a check of at least $75 to recompense Brother Pullback fur his sufferins, all intercourse between dis club an' de said State of North Carolina must be considered at end."

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

AN IMPOSTOR.

A communication from St. Louis made inquiry if a person named Gen. Syntax Cobalt was a member of the Lime-Kiln Club. He was in jail in that city for soliciting donations to colored orphan asylums and salting the cash down in his vest pocket. He claimed to be a member of the club in good standing, but had no documents.

The Secretary was instructed to telegraph the St. Louis police to proceed against the man in the most vigorous manner, as he has on several occasions falsely claimed to be a member and thereby impossd on the people at large.

Curl Papers and Crimping Pins.

I want to add my protest against curl papers and crimping pins. In the place where I live more than half the women and girls go about with their foreheads thus adorned all the morning, and often the whole day. Besides being very uncomplimentary to the family, callers are liable to drop in at any time. Not long ago I made a call at 7 o'clock in the evening and found the two daughters of the family with foreheads covered with curl-papers. I cannot see any excuse for it.

But there is one thing worse. Some of my neighbors just twist up their hair in the morning, without brushing or combing it, nor do they stop to put on a white collar. I don't see how such women can think much of their husbands if they are willing to sit down to breakfast looking so frowsy. By getting up a little earlier the hair can be neatly arranged and there will be time to relieve the bareness of the neck with a white collar or ruffle. A woman ought to be just as neatly dressed for the kitchen as for the parlor, for her own family as for company.

I have been disgusted to see in many kitchens a brush and comb by the looking-glass, indicating that some member of the family brushed their hair there. I even once saw two switches of false hair lying on the shelf. What could be worse? Brush your hair in any other room in the house say I, but never do it in the kitchen. What say the rest of you?

breaks four duck's eggs into a basin, and, having mixed them with rue, places the whole under the child's bed; if the compound be curdled in the morning the spirit has departed.

Do Animals Think?

A great deal has been written to show that animals think and reason, just as man does, though in a lower degree. Perhaps some of our readers may notice things in animals which show that they have a great deal of intelligence, even if they do not reason. Mr. Paul Brocca, the French author, devoted much attention to this subject. It has been said of animals, writes Mr Brocca, that their actions are always mechanical and without method. This may be true of domestic pets, who are influenced almost entirely by the human beings around them, but does not the beaver change his plans, acting now as builder, now as miner, according to circumstances? Besides this, every one knows that the bee frequently substitutes pentagonal, or five-sided, for hexagonal, or six-sided cells, and that this alteration in the work is made only when necessary. It has also been said that animals do not reason. What then is done by the foxes, which in Thrace, are driven on to the ice to test its strength? These animals step carefully and lightly, with their heads inclined, and turn back suddenly, directly they discover by the sound of the ice cracking that it is not safe to proceed farther. A dog, which, in following a scent, arrives at a cross-road is seen to stop, consider for a moment, then plunge along one of the roads, sniffling cautiously, turn back and try another road in the same manner, and finally dart unhesitatingly down the third. It is evident that his logic tells him that as his prey has not taken one of the first two roads examined, it must necessarily have taken the third road, so he does not waste time in further investigation. That this is not mere instinct is shown by the fact that a dog sometimes makes a mistake in such a case, and when the fact becomes evident he slinks out of sight of the hunters, looking a picture of shame and humiliation.

Foresight is a quality the possesssion of which no one will deny to ants and bees, and the former certainly have a sense of compassion. This is displayed in the tender care bestowed on the wounded during the terrible battles fought between different tribes of ants. The suffering and helpless ones are not left to perish, but are carried off of the battlefield by a regular "ambulance corps." No one doubts the existence of memory in animals, and as to ambition, is it necessary to recount the pitched battles which take place in bee-hives between the different candidates for royalty? How can one pretend that man only has the gift of language! He must be blind indeed who does not see that all animals have some means of communication with each other. To give any one example: there is no possible doubt that ants make themselves understood by their fellows by means of the touch of their delicate, sensitive antennæ or feelers. Before a war a council is held, and messengers hurry about. Scouts or spies are sent out, and the attack is hastened or postponed, according to their reports. All this could not be done without a very complete method of communication, for the giving and receiving of orders, etc. Moreover, if animals had no language, how could they teach their young? That they do teach them is evident from the fact of young foxes in countries where the animals are hunted, being infinitely more wary than full-grown ones in other lands! How else are we to account for this than by saying that the parent foxes tell the children of danger, and to avoid it?

WHY I KILLED HIM.

AN ASYLUM STORY.

BY LILY CURRY.

My head had ached and ached all that morning; beginning before daybreak, the pain gradually altered from an occasional twinge or start to a dull steady throbbing, which could in no way be cured or lessened. I had hardly slept an hour throughout the night; the troubled slumber into which I had dropped at moments had been fraught with horrible scenes and shadows that bore down upon me with stifling pressure. I awakened frequently to toss the coverings away and rise from the bed in the dim light of my quiet room, and each time I would pass hastily to the window of his apartment opposite, where I knew he slept soundly and without fear. I often leaned out of my window into the still September night and listened, listened almost as if I would like to hear him breathing in his peaceful slumber. And when I had leaned and listened and waited until exhausted with my own intensity of feeling, I would return and throw myself again upon the bed and try vainly to find rest. That night! That night! The thought of it still hangs over me like some huge, terrible winged creature of the dark. Never shall I escape its cruel horrors! It was the end of all, and yet I knew it not. It was the last night of many similar nights through which he had slumbered peacefully and I had lain awake and suffered. The end of the torture to which he had subjected me was at hand, and yet I knew it not. Since that terrible day, months previous, when I had first found him false and since which I could place no absolute faith in his deeds and words, he had apparently striven to make amends. He had come to live nearer my own home; he had pleaded over and over again for pardon, had promised over and over that my confidence should never again be so abused. And in the months that needed elapse before our marriage he chose to dwell close to me—so that from his window he could see me at my own, at work or resting, so that I might wave my hand to him and know that he was smiling back.

Just now, in the silence of this place, and with my eyes closed, I could see his face again, framed in the half opened heavy green shutters of his windows; I could hear him whistling a snatch of blithe melody, across the narrow street.

Sometimes my eyes feel as if they were on fire. And yet how long ago it happened! But sometimes even now, when I am sitting here alone, it seems to be all happening over again, and I find myself wandering again the streets of the city, treading the smooth stones of the pavement, as if to tread out my own former footprints left there in hours of bitterest agony. At such times I re-live the whole of that terrible year. Every hour, every moment repeats itself with unaltering fidelity I remember how he looked; how long he had been my lover; how ardent his love and devotion had seemed; how he had sought and pursued me; how at length I had been moved to care for him and had promised to wed him. I remember the certain obstacles which delayed our marriage, and how I had chafed at the delay. I remember how I had found him out, and how I had left him, and how he had followed me, and how I had forgiven him. I remember how I had found him out again

his love and devotion had seemed; now he had sought and pursued me; how at length I had been moved to care for him and had promised to wed him. I remember the certain obstacles which delayed our marriage; the friends who warned me against him; the scorn with which I repelled all who might seek to warn me against him. I remember the sacrifices I made for him. I remember my discovery of his first falsity, and the agony I suffered thereat. After that the old confidence, the old trust seemed to vanish, and life to become a dreadful uncertainty of hopes and fears. All the more sorry was my plight, since I had sacrificed friends and acquaintances because of my lover, rejecting all their hints and admonitions until they turned from me in anger and disgust. All alone was I; all alone, and waiting patiently for the days to pass, and working diligently when and as I could, though secretly disturbed at moments by little things that he might do or say, and other little incidents of which he was unaware.

One was the finding of a letter once after he had gone away, upon the floor, beside the chair on which he sat; a letter from another woman, though whether or no to him I loved I could not tell. No signature but one initial letter curled snake-shaped at the end; no beginning but "My darling." No date so that I could tell nothing, nothing, nothing! I could only fear. It was on the day before this terrible last night, that I had found this letter. In the evening when he had come across to call upon me, I spoke to him of it, questioned him and frankly told him my thoughts. He laughed and kissed me. I know not why, but instinctively I thought of the kiss of Judas, and wondered if that earliest traitor had not laughed, and if his laugh had not sounded like that just at my ear. "A silly girl," my lover had said.

As I said before, my head was aching wretchedly that morning, and I could barely force a smile when the heavy shutters across the way were thrust wide open and his face looked out.

I watched for him to leave the house. He remained a long time in his room, moving about busily, putting things here and there. I wondered why.

When at length I saw him come out into the street, he walked very rapidly and did not once look up to lift his hat and smile.

My head ached dully as I went about my work.

It was mid-afternoon when, seated at my window, watching his window to know when he should have returned, I fell into a dreamless, exhausted doze, from which I shortly aroused at a clicking sound from across. He had come home, for one of the shutters, which had both been open, was closed, and some one moved behind it. I looked eagerly for some sign, and saw that he was rocking to and fro in his rocking-chair behind the shutter which was closed, and at each motion just passing it a little so that I could catch a narrow glimpse of chair back and his head above. I waited and waited. And still he rocked to and fro. And still he never turned to look upon me. I could not understand why he should not turn. I leaned forward and whistled a snatch of tune we both knew and loved. I waved my hand—it seemed to me he must have seen and known. And still he rocked!

Then, suddenly, a terrible thought

So at the single pistol shot he fell down dead; so my duty was done. As of other vermin, the world was well rid of him. And she who waited might wait forever for his voice. He would lie no more; he would harm none other. He was dead, and at my hands.

. . . . . .

Yet here in the grayness and the silence of my retreat, I sometimes remember his easy grace, his careless face, his blithe gait as he came to meet his death, and at such times I like to write it all down, my reason—my reason why I killed him!

Self-Praise.

Conceit is an insufferable quality in a man or woman, an honest self-estimation is quite another thing. A man must, however, have indisputably proved by his deeds that he is worthy to stand among the great, before an assumption of worth can be forgiven him.

Some of the self-laudatory remarks of famous men have an honest simplicity, which amuses us, while we are unable to dispute their substantial truth.

Victor Hugo set a high valuation upon his own genius. It is said that, in speaking of a continued existence after death, he declared that only in a future life should he attain the true greatness which his earthly career merely promised.

"At present," said he, "I am but the tadpole of an archangel."

Although this metaphorical natural (or celestial) history may have struck his hearers as being slightly irreverent, it evidently expressed his honest opinion of his own great powers.

John Hunter, a wonderful anatomist and surgeon of the eighteenth century, had no delicate scruples against laudation of his own talents.

"Ah, John Hunter, still hard at work!" one day exclaimed a medical friend, who found him at the dissecting-table.

"Yes, doctor," was the reply, "and you'll find it difficult to meet with another John Hunter when I am gone!"

Again he is reported as saying, "I know I am but a pigmy in knowledge, but I feel as a giant when compared with other men.

Self-praise is not confined to individuals; often it embraces an entire nationality.

"How do you like the English?" asked a British squire of his Scotch gardener.

"Weel, sir," was the answer, "bein' frae hame, and among the English, I find nae great faut in them; but I maun mak' this remark, that for *mee-nisters* or *gardeners*, or anything needing hede-wark, ye maun come to us i' the north!"

Such remarks are merely amusing, because we are occasionally willing to bear them from a great man, and from a small man they are palpably absurd. Remembering, however, that Socrates earned his right to be called the wisest of men by his recognition of his own ignorance, and that Sir Isaac Newton declared himself to be a child, picking up a few pebbles of knowledge, while the great ocean of truth lay all undiscovered before him, it will perhaps be safest for the great majority of us to preserve a discreet silence in regard to our powers.

In a medical report to the Maritime Customs of China, Dr. A. Henry refers to the astonishing prevalence of suicide at Ichang. One day a young girl broke a basin, and, being scolded, went into an adjoining room and hanged herself. On the same day a man committed suicide in the same way after an altercation with his father. For a similar cause a young man attempted on the following day to cut his throat. The writer says that suicide is a veritable ma[illegible] lady.

of the sled. The top of the toboggan is just like the bottom. It is somewhat thicker than a sheet of writing paper and about as long as an after-dinner speech. Its seating capacity is limited only by the number of people who can get on it. The urbane and gentlemanly conductor sits aft and uses one of his lithe and willowy legs for a steering apparatus by which he guides the toboggan some way or other. It is easy to slide down hill on a toboggan. In fact, after you start down you can't do anything else. True, you could fall off. That is easily done. The flying machine is not high, so you havn't evry far to fall. Still, if you have to fall from a toboggan half way down the slide, or else fall down stairs with a kitchen stove, you take the stove and the stairs everytime. It isn't so exciting and its so soon. The prince and I walked up the stairway for the purpose of sliding down the banister on a toboggan. The president of the club took his place aft; somebody said "let her go." Then we stopped, and the president said "How did we like it?" I left my breath at the top of the slide and we had to go up and get it. There it was, a great gasp 3½ inches long, sticking in the air like an icicle, just where I had gasped it when we started. I took it down, stuck it into my left lung and began to breathe again with great freedom. The toboggan is to any other way of getting down hill what flying is to going to sleep. If I was in a hurry and it was down hill all the way I would rather have a toboggan than a pair of wings any day.

P. S—There is usually an angel on the toboggan with you, which has a tendency to confirm the impression that you are going down with wings.

N.B—A young Canadian of broad experience assures me that Toronto angels really and truly have wings, insomuch that often he has to drive with one hand, using his other arm to hold the angel from flying away.

Addenda—I have known the same thing to happen in this United States.

CURLING.

We went to the Granite rink and watched the curlers. Curling is a game that will probably never become a general popular sport. The maddening excitement attendant upon this thrilling pastime, which seems to be its great fascination, debars any except the strongest heads and steadiest nerves from venturing into the seething maelstrom of its reckless gaiety. It is called curling because it makes your hair curl to watch it. A man takes a boulder of polished granite with a handle to it, and pushes it away from him. Then it slides along the ice. Two men with brooms walk along in front of it and sweep a clean place for it to slide in. Another man says, "Ay mon." He also remarks at intervals, "Soup her oop." A stranger once in a reckless hour joined a company of desperate curlers. In an unguarded moment he said "man" instead of "mon." The frenzied curlers at once tied a "stane" about his neck and chucked him through a hole in the ice.

But then, nonsense aside, everybody knows how knows anything at all, that a man must be to the manner born to appreciate and enjoy curling. A stranger intermeddleth not with the joy of the curler. The barbarian can never be taught to understand it and so his life must ever remain incomplete. And even an alien can see that it is more of a game than chess. I hold it to be solemn, self-evident, heaven-born truth, that a man who will play chess for amusement would saw a cord of wood for a joke.

A GREAT LEVELLER.

The snowshoe is to the Canadian lightsomeness, and to all the rest of the world a stumbling block. A man who has tried snow shoes for the first time is disqualified from

writing about them for six months afterward. He might say something he would not only regret, but which he could not prove, and for which his Church would subject him to severest discipline. The best way for a beginner to wear snowshoes is to imitate the Indian who sells them. He carries them on his shoulder. I am now carrying mine in the baggage car. I will continue to carry them there until we reach the Custom-house. Then I don't know where the inspector will carry them. I don't want to pay duty on a pair of vile conspirators that have held me up to ridicule, thrown me down in the snow, torn my clothes and ruffled my temper. But I would like to get them home, I tried to slip them inside my trousers legs, but if you ever saw a snowshoe you will readily understand how, with the present style of pantaloons, that scheme would be a colossal failure.

Iceland in Summer.

Holiday makers who are at a loss where to go to insure a cool spot, may, perhaps, be tempted to try Iceland. It is not necessarily cool there, notwithshanding the refreshing sound of the name, but it is a good deal less likely to be hot than Swiss or even Scotch valleys, and there is a good deal more to see that would be fresh to the visitor. Nor is the island by any means difficult to get at.

The Danish Royal Mail steamers make a monthly voyage from Copenhagen to Reykjavik, and five of them run all round the island, as well as calling on each voyage at Leith. There is also an English line during the summer from Leith to Reykjavik.

Iceland is by no means the diminutive country which people who do not look at large maps are in danger of supposing it to be, when they read that the population does not exceed that of a third-rate English town. It is possible to travel from east to west in a direct line for a greater distance than from London to Carlisle, so that the island is really of very respectable dimensions.

Nor are the people, remote as is their dwelling-place from the centres of sweetness and light, by any means an uncultured race. They have had a Parliament of their own—the Althing—for now nearly a thousand years, and they are a great deal better instructed than European populations generally

The ordinary cockney tourist would hardly find himself at home among them; but an intelligent observer, interested in the study of nature and in the ways of isolated communities, might really do much worse during the summer months than brace himself up for the winter by a week or two in Iceland.

Fishing and farming are the Icelander's principal pursuits, and fishing is more important, perhaps, than farming. There are practically no manufacturers in the country, and trade is so little developed that up to last year the island did not even possess a bank, though the Althing was seriously occupying itself with the establishment of such an institution. Some interesting information on the Icelandic fisheries is contained in the last report presented to the Foreign Office by Mr. Consul Paterson.

The Iceland fisherman's best customers are not his comparatively near neighbors—he has no neighbors at all but the Greenlanders, within six hundred miles—but the Spaniards. A good deal of the fish caught goes to Copenhagen, but more to Spain, and Spain gets the pick of the catches.

Wheat growing is no part of the Iceland farmer's industry. For that the climate is not warm enough. He breeds flocks and herds, and during his short summer is much concerned for the result of his hay harvest. These, last year, were not satisfactory in the southern parts of the island, owing to the occurrence of wet weather late in the

FOREIGN ECHOES.

Champagne is now the fashionable wine in England.

New Zealand, with a population of about 600,000, has a debt of nearly £31,000,000, or over $250 to each inhabitant.

King Milan of Servia wears a coat of mail made of silk, compressed down and rawhide, which covers his trunk, legs and arms.

African travellers agree that elephant steaks are very tough. It takes half an hour to eat a square inch of elephant meat.

At a race in South Australia a few weeks ago, the falling of a leading horse brought nearly the whole field tumbling over him. Two jockeys were killed outright, half a dozen others seriously (some fatally) injured, and several horses killed or maimed.

The London *Times* lately contained an advertisement for a smart-looking second footman, who must have unexceptionable character and be active, an early riser, and speak French and English. The inducements held out to this paragon are $80 a year.

A woman in Bohemia was lately sentenced to imprisonment for ten days for forgery because she changed her physician's prescription calling for 1.20 gramme of morphine so that it read 6.20 grammes. It is said that no simllar case has ever apepared on the court records of the United States or England.

Lady Granville Gordon, whose new departure as a hat and bonnet maker in London has excited attention, is the daughter of Mr. Roe, the Dublin distiller, who has fallen on evil days. Hence the bonnet shop, as Lord Gordon has not, nor ever had, any money. His grandfather, the Marquis of Huntley, was sold out by the Sheriff, and his brother, the present Marquis, had writs out against him for obtaining money under false pretenses, but his brother-in-law came to his aid at the eleventh hour, and the proceedings were withdrawn.

The "Claimant" has just delivered a lecture in Dublin. He drew an immense audience, who hailed him as he came on with cries of "Hallo, Roger!" and "Wagga-Wagga!" All the other performers with him were hissed off. Sir Roger was in evening dress, and is described as tall of stature, portly in build, of dark complexion, and as solemn as a professional undertaker in appearance. His powers of oratory are not good, his voice is bad, and his twenty minutes' address was of the plainest character.

The railway cars of Russia, says a writer in *Mechanics*, are among the most commodious in the world. They resemble ours rather than the compartment cars in use elsewhere on the continent of Europe, but in Russia the aisle is shifted to one side, so that the seats on the left will accomodate three passengers side by side and those on the right but one. This is especially convenient when the car is not crowded in night travel. The end doors of the car, instead of opening upon the platform, lead into a small, enclosed vestibule, whence doors open out at right and left.

At the Royal Academy exhibition in London, which gives a fair idea of the architectural taste of the time, it will be found that the plain early English style so popular with architects for many years past in the designs for churches, is giving way to later styles, especially the flamboyant decorated. A curious example of this new departure is shown in the subjects chosen for study by the art students in the Architectural Museum, Westminster. A few years since scarcely any subjects were selected for drawing or modelling but the beautiful foliages of the thirteenth century, whereas now

SNOW IN THE STREETS.

How it is Removed in Lond n at a Very Moderate Expense.

The question, what is the best way of disposing of snow in the city streets? is much discussed, says the New York World. One man suggests that the city should appoint officials to stand along the docks and *buy* all the snow that may be offered at a certain price per cartload, pay for it on the spot, and see it dumped into the river. The wise inventor of this method thinks that since almost all the carts and wagons are idle during the prevalence of snow there would be a universal turnout of the unemployed class, and the whole island would be cleared of snow in two days.

In London the snow is emptied in pits excavated for the purpose, with perforated iron bottoms, under which there is a coil of pipes heated by steam. In these pits the snow is rapidly melted, and the water runs away into the sewers. In this manner the snow from the business parts of the city is rapidly removed at a very moderate expense.

In Milan the removal of the snow is let out by contract at so much per inch. As soon as the snow ceases falling the city engineer, in the presence of certain officials and the chief contractors, measures the depth of snow on stone slabs which are completely sheltered from the winds. This measurement furnishes the basis for computing the price which the city is to pay for each ward and district. There are portions of the city which present peculiar difficulties, and for cleansing these the contractors get a larger allowance.

On a winter's day in Milan, after a fall of snow, there will be as many sometimes as three thousand men in the streets sweeping and shoveling.

The remarkable circumstance is the small sum of money which it costs Milan to get entirely rid of its snow. In the winter of 1874-5 the total fall of snow amounted to a little over three feet six inches. The expense of its removal was about $12,000. The winter before last the fall was only five and a quarter inches, which was removed for $5,200. The city, we should add, furnishes all the implements employed except vehicles and horses. Generally speaking, it costs to remove the snow from the streets of Milan about $1,000 an inch.

One thing is certain: The snow should be removed from our cities within forty-eight hours after it has fallen. It is the worst possible economy to let it remain to thaw and freeze and freeze and thaw from November to April.

FOLLY AND PHILOSOPHY.

In matters of love nothing is so common to all women as the desire that another shall not gain that which she herself refuses. —[Hamilton.

When one speaks of women, there is a weapon more terrible than calumny—the truth.—[Leopardi.

Love is more pleasing than marriage, for the reason that novels are more amusing than history.—[Chamfort.

It is inconvenient to be a widow; it is necessary to resume the modesty of a young girl without being able to feign her ignorance—[Mme. d'Houdetot.

It is necessary to have at least four wives in order to find one in good health and gentle humour—[The Koran.

The most beautiful girl in the world can only give that which she has.—[Chamfort.

Women are angels.—[Tennyson.

Angels have wings and always end up in flying off.—[Byron.

We take women for what they are not; we quit them for what they are.—[Saint

not warm enough. He breeds flocks and herds, and during his short summer is much concerned for the result of his hay harvest. These, last year, were not satisfactory in the southern parts of the island, owing to the occurrence of wet weather late in the summer. A further reduction of live stock was the consequence of the scarcity of fodder. In the north, however, the hay crop was good, and the farming interest there is fairly prosperous.

"Canna Thole."

If a Hindoo has a daughter who remains "an unappropriated blessing" at the age of ten years, he considers himself disgraced. From the day of her birth he is anxious to secure her a husband As a portionless girl is not attractive to men, the father saves a little every year, so that his daughter's dowry may increase her value in the matrimonial market.

The young lady is not consulted. The bridegroom may be old and repulsive, but she accepts him as the husband to whom her father has sold her. Even if he is young and comely, her interest in him is far less than that with which she surveys the jewels that adorn her person. The wedding ceremonies and feasts which celebrate her sale and delivery to a master, are far more attractive to her childish nature than is her husband.

When she is transferred, as if she were a heartless and soulless animal, to her lord's house, she begins a dull, dreary life, relieved only by the cares of the kitchen, the nursery, and the idols, and broken by the scoldings of her mother-in-law.

Scholars tell us that not a few of the customs of modern civilization originated in India. Perhaps they would assert that the cultured European marries off his daughter to-day as the uncultured Hindoo has done for hundreds of years. Certainly, the following anecdote, if it is illustrative of a general practice, endorses his assertion.

A Scotch farmer's wife was one day explaining to a neighbor how well she had married her daughter, who had a new house filled with new furniture, and many acres, on which cows, sheep, pigs and poultry fed, to say nothing of a gig, in which to drive to market, "jist like a leddy."

The neighbor expressed her delight at such a grand marriage. "Oh, there's nae doubt it's a grand marriage," answered the mother, "an' it wasna jist for ae thing."

"An' what might the *ae thing* be?" asked the now curious neighbor.

"Weel, ye see," answered the mother, as if tho "ae thing" was of little consequence, "the puir silly cratur canna thole [endure] her man

Hudson Bay Railway.

Mr Hugh Sutherland is in Winnipeg conferring with the contractors for the proposed Hudson Bay road. On being interviewed he said:— "I hope to be able to announce very shortly that all arrangements are complete for the building of the railway, and I believe that in less than two years a train will run from Winnipeg to Hudson Bay. I do not wish it, however, to be understood that all difficulties have been overcome, although I do say that everything looks most promising. It is no easy task to raise $15,000,000, for that is the least it will take." He also submits a report of the Company's officer with the Alert, expressing the opinion that navigation will be open from April or May till November.

It doan meck no diffunce how big er liar er pusson is, he hates er pusson dat won't tell de truth.

Paper rails are made in Russia. They are longer than ordinary rails, and said to have a greater adhesiveness in contact with

the art students in the Architectural Museum, Westminster. A few years since scarcely any subjects were selected for drawing or modelling but the beautiful foliages of the thirteenth century, whereas now perpendicular details are preferred almost to the exclusion of all others.

A scientific journal gives an account of a pianoforte made in Paris in which paper was made to take the place of wood, the whole case being made from paper so compressed that it was enablod to receive a hard surface, which took a perfect polish. The color was cream white. The tone of the instrument is reported to be not loud, but very sweet. The short, broken character of the sound emitted by ordinary pianofortes is replaced by a soft, full, quasi-continuous sound, resembling somewhat that of the organ. It has been suggested that the evenness of texture of the compressed paper may have some influence in effecting this modification of sound.

It is surprising how many British statesmen of note have once at least completely changed their political views. Lord Castlereagh began as a burning Nationalist, and drank, in 1790, at a dinner to the Northern Whig Club, "to the Revolution!" It will not surprise any one if, too, in another decade, his great nephew, Lord Randolph Churchill, should veer round. Again, the late Lord Derby mainly carried, as Whig and reformer, the measure reducing the preposterous number of Irish Protestant prelates. His own son's change of views and that of the late Sir R. Peel are notorious, as is the fact that Lord Beaconsfield was not always an ardent Tory, or Mr. Gladstone an advanced Liberal. Lord Russell never wavered. England cannot point to a more consistent career.

During a rehersal of the "Jota Aragonese" as arranged by Glinka at St Petersburg, recently, Dr. Hans von Bulow stopped the clarionet player in the middle of a phrase, and said: "You have made a mistake; play F natural instead of F sharp." The player remarked that the passage had been so played ever since the piece was written. "Never mind that," answered Von Bulow; "I don't need a lesson in counterpoint." The incident caused much excitement in musical circles. The professors of the Conservatoire protested against their chief composer being corrected by Von Bulow, and the Grand Duke Constantine, honorary President of the Musical Society, sent his aide-de-camp to t the conductor that not a note of Glinak's music must be changed. Von Bulow did not, however, let the matter rest there. Before raising his baton to direct the piece at the public concert, he called out to the clarionet player "You will play F sharp, *by order!*"

"Good gracious," said the hen, when she discovered the porcelain egg in her nest, "I shall be a bricklayer yet."

The purified fat of sheep's wool, which has been introduced into the drug market under the name of lanolin, is said to possess remarkable susceptibility to absorption by the skin. When one thousand parts of it are mixed with one part of a soluble metallic substance and applied to the scalp, a metallic taste is noticed in the mouth within a few minutes. It is thought the substance will be of great value for ointments.

"You didn't stay long at Miss Longcoffin's last night?" "No; Miss Esmeralda was not in good humor. She had the toothache. What are you laughing about?" "She hasn't got a real tooth in her head. She complained of toothache just to make you believe her teeth are not false. I know her dentist, and saw him making a full upper and lower set for her more than ten

Women are angels.—[Tennyson.

Angels have wings and always end up in flying off.—[Byron.

We take women for what they are not; we quit them for what they are.—[Saint Evremont.

Women complain of being misunderstood.—[Balzac.

He who comprehends them is their implacable enemy.—[Diderot.

Perfidious as a wave.—[Shakespeare.

I have seen those (the tempests) of women and I have seen those of the waves and I pity more the lovers than the sailors.—[Byron.

One leads a horse by the bridle, an elephant by his rope, a woman by her heart.—[Oriental Proverb.

Magnified Incidents.

The dwellers in lonely regions are forced to seize on the most trivial events and wring excitement from them, if they would find relief from the stagnations of their daily life. A traveller among the San Francisco mountains tells, in *Outing*, his own experience in finding a trivial circumstance dignified into matter for discussion. He says:

Once at Ash Forks, a collection of a dozen shanties, the ceatless ruffian who served a mockery of a dinner brought me a glass of milk. It had turned a little sour and no wonder; for in that desert place the sun beats down with a tropical heat.

Quite conscious of possible unpleasant consequences, I objected to my milk. The bearded waiter arms akimbo, stared defiantly, then slouched to the door, where sat the bulky landlord, and made known my complaint.

No less than four idlers followed that landlord to my table. The unfortunate glass of milk was passed in silence down the line. I felt the situation to be serious.

"Hanged if it ain't sour!" spoke at last the portly host, and every loafer echoed, "Hanged if it ain't!"

"Hanged if we don't make that ranchman drink the milk!" was the further verdict, supplemented by the chorus, "Hanged if we don't!"

"An' if he kicks, we'll hang him!"

"Shoot us ef we won't!"

That deranged milk was the event of the day for six men It furnished them with material for thought and speech.

Flea and Mosquito.

Fleas abound in southern Europe, an mosquitoes flourish in America. A Spanis or Italian lady would no more blush to be seen with a flea on her person than would an American girl to be bitten by a mosquito. But the American thinks that the presence of fleas indicates uncleanliness, and this fact lies at the bottom of the amusing anecdote told by tho *Argonaut* of San Francisco:

Some days ago a young lady was walking with a gentleman rather older than herself. Suddenly he saw upon her satin neck a black object. It moved—it was an insect—genus pulex.

Taking the advantage to which men with gray hair are so prone,—a younger man would have been more timid,—he at once removed the insect with his finger and thumb. The young lady turned at the touch inquiringly.

"Pardon me," said her companion, "but you had a flea on your neck."

The young lady showed mock displeasure.

"Should I not have removed it?" asked he anxiously.

"Ye-e-es," she replied, hesitatingly, "but you might have called it a mosquito."

A theatrical manager thanks his stars when they don't want all the receipts.

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, FEB. 19, 1886.

—Sir John Macdonald will meet Parliament next Thnrsday with a deficit of FIVE MILLIONS. How about deficits now?

—Hyndman, Burns, Champion and Williams, the leaders of the Socialist rioters in London, are being prosecuted by the Government for their inflammatory speeches.

—Sir Richard Cartwright was in town yesterday. He leaves for Ottawa next week. He is in fine trim to fight "the Beasts at Ephesus," to use one of Sir John Macdonald's pet phrases.

—The Imperial Parliament re-opened yesterday, all the members of the new Government having been re-elected. Mr. Gladstone will make a detailed statement of his Irish policy in a few days. He has written a large number of letters to Irishmen of all classes asking their opinions on the Land question and Home Rule.

—Mr. John A. Barron of Lindsay has, we are pleased to note, been nominated by the Reformers of North Victoria to contest the riding for the House of Commons against Hector Cameron, M.P. Mr. Barron is a clever young man and would be a most desirable acquisition to the House. If any person can redeem the riding Mr. Barron can do it. We hope to see him elected.

—The Dominion Parliament opens next Thursday. It is said there will be no allusion made to the Riel matter in the Speech from the Throne. If this should prove true the omission will furnish conclusive proof

TEACHERS ON TRIAL.

Grave Charges Against Messrs. Tinsdale and Aylsworth of Newburgh.

For some time there has been trouble brewing between the teachers of the High and Public Schools at Newburgh. Mr. David Hicks, B.A., the Principal of the High School, and Mr. Tinsdale, Headmaster of the Public School, could not agree on certain points and the result was the removal of Mr. Hicks by the Board. A great many of the residents of the village were much annoyed at this proceeding, as Mr. Hicks was a man of high character and had done excellent work in the school. Feeling that an injury was done him at the instigation of Tinsdale, Mr. Hicks preferred charges of drunkenness, gambling and profane language against him, and other charges against Mr. Aylsworth, teacher in the High School, and a petition signed by thirty residents was forwarded to the Minister of Education asking for an investigation by the Department, and it was granted. In accordance with this decision, Dr. Hodgins, Deputy Minister of Education, opened the investigation in the Town Hall, Newburgh, on Tuesday at 3 o'clock.

The first case taken up was that of Mr. Tinsdale, charged with drunkenness, gambling and using profane language. Mr. D. H. Preston of Napanee appeared for the prosecution; and County Crown Attorney Morden and Mr. Bolster of Tamworth for the defence. The first witness called was Mrs. Aikens, with whom Tinsdale boarded. She knew nothing wrong in his habits. Mr. Libby, of Napanee High School staff, was next called, and he very reluctantly, not wishing, as he said, to appear as an informer, acknowledged to having seen Mr. Tinsdale drinking at the bar in Hope's hotel, Newburgh, on the night of the Presbyterian concert, Dec 11th last, and heard him use profane language in conversation. Henry Paul swore that he had seen Tinsdale drink on several occasions; also saw him gambling for money at a pic-nic down the river and at Sharbot Lake. Fred. Shibley testified that he had seen Tinsdale drink but could not say that he was drunk. The court then adjourned till 9.30 Wednesday morning.

On resuming Wednesday, Wm. Bell was called and testified that he had seen defendant gambling and had also seen him drink but did not remember having ever heard him use profane language. Geo. Fox acknowledged to having been drunk with Tinsdale in the upper hotel, Newburgh. He said both of them were full. Mr. Angus Martyn, Principal of Bath High School, had known Mr. Tinsdale for 9 years and never knew him to be drunk, or gamble, or use profane language. Tinsdale was troubled with asthma and used liquor for his ailment. The evidence of Messrs. James Murphy, Joseph Davey and D. Burdette was not important, Mr. Murphy's only corroborating that of others previously given. Mrs. Black, with whom Mr. Tinsdale had boarded, testified that he was a quiet inoffensive man and knew of nothing wrong in his habits. This closed the evidence for the prosecution. For the defence Mr. John D. Ham, chairman of the Board of Education, was called. He had heard of no complaints against Mr. Tinsdale until these charges were laid. Had never seen him the worse of liquor or known of his gambling or using profane language. Mr. D. Hicks, the prosecutor, was also called and swore that he had no personal knowledge of the truthfulness of the charges. All he knew of Mr. Tinsdale's alleged misconduct was what people had told him. This closed the case. The counsel then addressed the court, Mr. Morden arguing

L. & A. TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of Lennox and Addington Teachers' Association opened in the Model School building yesterday at 10 a.m. The roll being called forty-eight teachers responded, which number was largely increased during the session. The storm of Wednesday no doubt contributed to the smallness of the attendance as compared with former occasions. The minutes of former meeting were read and adopted. Mr. Burrows, I.P.S., read a circular from the Minister of Education relative to the establishment of teachers' reading circles, and the benefits to be derived therefrom. Appended he gave a long list of works recommended to be read.

Moved by J. M. Lyman, seconded by W. H. Rose, that Mr. Burrows, I. P. S., with such others as he might choose to associate with himself be a committee to consider the subject and report to the convention.—Carried. Mr. Burrows named Messrs. Martyn, Lyman, Lennox, Rose and Miss Vrooman to act with himself as such committee.

The subject of promotion examinations was then introduced by Inspector Burrows, who suggested the advisability of a committee being appointed to report on the subject.

Moved by W. H. Rose, seconded by F. Sanderson, that a committee be appointed to consider the amount of third book work and Arithmetic to be done for promotion.

Mr. Bowerman suggested that it would not be wise to divide the third book literature work.

Messrs. Lyman, Sanderson, Rice, Lennox and Black spoke on the advisability of the work for third class being carried on further than the programme calls for, especially in arithmetic. By a vote of the teachers it was resolved to carry on the arithmetic through vulgar fractions; the third class literature to embrace the first half of the third book for the next examination and the whole book for subsequent promotions. In the subject of Drawing, Book No. 1 of the drawing series will be taken for the next examination.

It was resolved that the present system of grouping schools for the promotion examination be adhered to; and that in case any teacher has no pupils for promotion, he shall nevertheless be present and constitute one of the board of examiners for his group.

The roll was again called that those not present in the morning might have an opportunity of answering to their names. The meeting then adjourned till 5 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session opened at 2 p. m. pursuant to adjournment. One hundred and twenty teachers responded to the roll call.

Dr. Baptie, of Ottawa, was then introduced and proceeded to give an exposition of the subject, "The Kitchen as a Chemical Laboratory." The Doctor illustrated his remarks by some simple experiments which were duly appreciated by all present. He made use of articles in common use in the kitchen, such as soda, cream of tartar, vinegar, etc., and showed how children might be entertained by experiments which could be performed by means within the easy reach of any teacher.

Dr. Hodgins, Deputy Minister of Education, was then introduced and spoke at some length in regard to the position occupied by Canada as compared with other countries, instancing the more marked progress of some of the Western States in educational matters than was the case in Canada or in the older Eastern States. He showed the urgent necessity of fostering the introduction of industrial drawing into our schools, dwelling at some length on the more marked progress which England and France

Thursday. It is said there will be no allusion made to the Riel matter in the Speech from the Throne. If this should prove true the omission will furnish conclusive proof that the Riel discussion was forced on the Ontario Legislature by the Tories merely to make political capital. The session will, it is expected, be a lively one in any event.

—The Crawford Dilke scandal has been disposed of by the courts in England. Mr. Crawford was granted a divorce from his wife, but Sir Charles Dilke was not proceeded against and therefore escaped conviction. The revelations, however, were of such a horrible character, and Sir Charles not having entered the witness box to deny them, they must consign him forever to political oblivion. A cable despatch states that Mr. Chamberlain, who has always been Dilke's warmest defender, has since the exposure cast off his quondam friend.

—The Ontario estimates for 1886 were submitted to the Legislature on Wednesday. The total amount of the estimates are $2,962,514, divided as follows:—Current expenditures $2,474,037, on capital account $460,304, other purposes $28,172. The estimates for 1885 were $345,871 less than the sum, and in 1884 $315,441 less. These figures are of course exclusive of the supplementary estimates which are usually brought down near the close of the session. Hon. A. M. Ross, treasurer, made his budget speech yesterday. A summary will be given next week.

—The notice given of a resolution to be introduced in the Local Legislature this week by Mr. D. J. McIntyre, M. P. P., of South Victoria, created quite a sensation. The motion will provide for an office in the new Parliament buildings for the Lieut.-Governor in which to transact his official business, and doing away with the Government House. The maintenance of Government House involves a large and unnecessary expenditure by the province which could be dispensed with. The salary of the Lieut.-Governor is sufficiently large to enable him to provide a house for himself. The motion should carry.

—For alleged corrupt politicians the Americans can set Canadians a good example. Only a few days ago public opinion forced Mr. Garland, the Attorney-General in President Cleveland's Cabinet, to surrender blind shares he had accepted in the Pan-Electric Co. to a charitable institution. It was argued that a Cabinet officer should not accept shares in a Company which was contesting the right of an existing Company to patents granted by the United States, and Garland had to choose between surrendering the shares or expulsion from the Cabinet. It is estimated that the shares he gave up will be worth at an early date one million dollars. The result of this protest by the press of the United States goes to show that there is a much higher sense of political honour in the United States than in Canada. Here members of Tory Cabinets have become wealthy by blind shares in the C. P. R and other railways, notable among whom are Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. John Henry Pope, whilst nearly three-fourths of the Tory members of Parliament have made large hauls from land and timber grants. Let it not be said after this that United States politics are more corrupt than Canadian. The Tory politician can now give his American prototype points in a match at robbing the public treasury.

ledge of the truthfulness of the charges. All he knew of Mr. Tinsdale's alleged misconduct was what people had told him. This closed the case. The counsel then addressed the court, Mr. Morden arguing that the charges were prompted by malice rather than by a desire to benefit the school. Dr. Hodgins made a short address, stating that the evidence would be submitted to the Minister of Education for his decision. He considered that the case should have been dealt with by the School Board and without troubling the Education Department. In referring to the evidence he said that he trusted that those teachers who were present and any young men present who might hereafter enter the profession, would take warning from what they had heard. A teacher should be like Cæsar's wife, above suspicion.

The charges against Mr. Anson Aylsworth were then taken up, Mr. Preston acting for the prosecutor, and Mr. Allan Aylesworth, of Toronto, for the defence. The charges were infidelity, telling immoral stories to the boys and permitting them to act in an indecent manner in the school room. The infidelity charge was ruled out by Dr. Hodgins. Mr. Aylsworth then submitted a written statement from defendant Aylsworth admitting that he had been indiscreet and promising to do better in future. Mr. Preston considered the apology insufficient and asked that the charges be investigated. Dr. Hodgins agreed to accept evidence on the charge of countenancing indecent exposure of a boy's person. Horace Faul, a lad of 15 years, upon whom the alleged indignity was said to have been perpetrated, was then called. Dr. Hodgins refused to take the boy's evidence on the ground that he was too young. Mr. Preston got riled at this and said he was not to be choked off in such a way. This remark displeased the Dr. and he asked Mr. Preston to withdraw the statement. Mr. Preston refused, and the Doctor then adjourned the court summarily. At this stage in the proceedings Mr. John D. Ham moved, seconded by Mr. Finkle, a vote of thanks from the Board of Education to Dr. Hodgins for the fair and impartial manner in which had conducted the investigation, which was carried. Dr. Hodgins replied, thanking the gentlemen for their resolution and expressing regret that there should have been any necessity for such an investigation. He hoped the school would in the future be better conducted. In closing he stated that he would continue the investigation if Mr. Preston would withdraw his offensive remark. Mr. Preston did so, and a boy named Evans, aged about 18, was called. He stated that he was present on the occasion when the boy Faul was exposed in the way mentioned, but Mr. Aylsworth was not in the room at the time. Mr. Aylsworth, the defendant, was also sworn and he testified that he was not present when any such thing had ever taken place. The case was then closed. Dr. Hodgins said that he would submit Mr. Aylsworth's statement to the Minister for decision. The Deputy Minister returned Thursday night to Toronto.

Attempted Rape.

In the Belleville police court on Monday last Hiram Phillips appeared to answer a charge of attempted rape upon the person of Margaret Ann Briggs. The prisoner was remanded until to-morrow (Saturday.) It is stated that on December 25th last the prisoner decoyed Miss Briggs by means of a letter to Millbridge, and by further false pretences induced her to drive with him to Bannockburn, during which journey he attempted to outrage her. The girl's screams were heard by George Jackson, a farmer living by the roadside, who rescued her from her assailant. Phillips left the neighbourhood immediately afterwards, and was captured and brought to Belleville on Saturday last.

da or in the older Eastern States. He showed the urgent necessity of fostering the introduction of industrial drawing into our schools, dwelling at some length on the more marked progress which England and France were making because of their special attention to this subject.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Dr. Hodgins who was elected an hon. member of the Lennox and Addington Teachers' Association in April, 1877, on the occasion of a former visit to Napanee.

The Dr. replied in fitting terms, showing his appreciation of the thanks rendered.

Messrs. Fraser and Black then placed before the teachers present the respective merits of the "Educational Weekly" and the "Canada School Journal," both strongly recommending the advisability of teachers subscribing to some live educational journal.

After a committee had been appointed to nominated the officers for the coming year, the session adjourned to meet in the town hall at 8 p.m.

ROBUST HEALTH

Is not always enjoyed by those who seem to possess it. The taint of corrupted blood may be secretly undermining the constitution. In time, the poison will certainly show its effects, and with all the more virulence the longer it has been allowed to permeate the system. Each pimple, sty, boil, skin disorder and sense of unnatural lassitude, or languor, is one of Nature's warnings of the consequences of neglect.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only remedy that can be relied upon, in all cases, to eradicate the taint of hereditary disease and the special corruptions of the blood. It is the only alterative that is sufficiently powerful to thoroughly cleanse the system of **Scrofulous** and **Mercurial** impurities and the pollution of **Contagious Diseases.** It also neutralizes the poisons left by **Diphtheria** and **Scarlet Fever,** and enables rapid recuperation from the enfeeblement and debility caused by these diseases.

Myriads of Cures

Achieved by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, in the past forty years, are attested, and there is no blood disease, at all possible of cure, that will not yield to it. Whatever the ailments of this class, and wherever found, from the scurvy of the Aretic circle to the "veldt-sores" of South Africa, this remedy has afforded health to the sufferers by whom it was employed. Druggists everywhere can cite numerous cases, within their personal knowledge, of remarkable cures wrought by it, where all other treatment had been unavailing. People will do well to

Trust Nothing Else

than AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. Numerous crude mixtures are offered to the public as "blood purifiers," which only allure the patient with the pretense of many cheap doses, and with which it is folly to experiment while disease is steadily becoming more deep-seated and difficult of cure. Some of these mixtures do much lasting harm. Bear in mind that the only medicine that can radically purify the vitiated blood is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1;
Six bottles for $5.

ANOTHER MONSTER SALE !

In order to get rid of a lot more winter goods during this heavy winter weather, we commence another big clearing sale

TO-DAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19TH,

To be continued for 15 Days,

And possibly until the 10th of March, but we won't promise longer than 15 days at present. We want to dispose of all our balance of fur goods and blankets during this sale.

And in order to make it a big success, and keep all hands employed, we will offer the entire stock for the time stated at wholesale prices. No reserve of anything will be made.

Large quantities of New Spring Goods just in, which will be offered along with the rest at wholesale prices.

OUR CARPETS will be sold at cost.

OUR TWEEDS will be sold and Clothing made to order at cost.

Our Dress Goods, Velvets, Plushes and Silks will be cleared at cost.

Our Mantle Cloths will be sacrificed.

$22 Silk Sealette will be sold at $16.00 per yard.

All Fur Goods will be cleared at a sacrifice .

No.1 Persian Lamb caps worth $10.00 will be cleared at $6.00.

Persian Caps worth $5 00 will be cleared at $3.00

Persian Muffs worth $13.00 will be sold at $7.50 and all other fur goods in same proportion.

As we have a large stock of Plush Velveteens in lovely colors and best qualities, we are determined to clear them if low prices will do it. We will sell them in lengths of not less than 5 yards at 75c, yd. The original priee of them all over Canada is $1.35. All other Velveteens at cost prices.

We will give great, grand, undoubted bargains in whole pieces of Cottons and Steam Looms, (at mill prices), warranted 10 per cent. less than other houses charge for them.

Shirtings. Ducks, Ginghams, Prints, Muslins, Embroideries, Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Laces, all at cost.

Come to the Sale and save money for yourselves these hard times.

HINCH & CO.

Napanee Market Prices.

Napanee, Feb. 19, 1886.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$0 70	$0 80
Spring wheat do	0 70	0 85

JUST -:- TO -:- HAND

Napanee Market Prices.

Napanee, Feb. 19, 1886.

Fall wheat, per bushel	$0 70	$0 80
Spring wheat, do	0 70	0 85
Barley, do	0 50	0 70
Oats, do	0 28	0 30
Peas, do	0 53	0 57
Rye, do	0 52	0 53
Onions, do	0 50	0 60
do per bag	0 75	0 90
Potatoes per bag	0 50	0 60
Flour, fall, pe 100 lbs	2 00	0 25
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs	2 25	2 40
Corn	0 00	2 60
Butter per tub	0 12	0 13
Butter, per lb.	0 19	0 20
Cheese "	0 10	0 12½
Lard "	0 08	0 09
Tallow "	0 05	0 06
Musk Rats	0 10	0 11
Beaver, per lb	1 50	1 69
Lamb per lb	0 06	0 70
Mutton, per lb	0 07	0 09
Wool, per lb	0 16	0 00
Calfskins, per lb	0 08	0 10
Eggs per doz	0 15	0 16
Bacon, per 100 lbs	6 75	7 00
Mess pork	0 10	0 11
Beef hides	6 50	7 00
Deeken skins	0 46	0 50
Pelts	0 40	0 50
Lambskins	0 75	1 00
Bran per ton	14 00	15 00
Shorts "	17 00	17 00
Hay "	10 00	12 00
Clover Hay per ton.	4 00	5 00
Mink Skin	0 60	1 00
Fox "	0 50	1 00
Turkeys	0 75	1 25
Chickens	0 25	0 30

A Word of Explanation.

The liver secretes bile to move the bowels; the kidneys secrete urine, to carry off urid acid, which would poison the blood; the stomach secretes gastric juice to digest or dissolve the food, etc. Burdock Blood Bitters acts upon these organs and purifies the blood by cleansing all the secretions of the system.

NOTICE.—The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the

Napanee Cement Works,

limited, has been further adjourned to be held at Company's office, Napanee, on Tuesday, the 2nd of March, 1886, at 7.30 p.m.

WM. R. AYLESWORTH,
Secretary.

Napanee, Feb. 15th, 1886. 9

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

SATURDAY, 20th MARCH, 1886,

at twelve o'clock, noon, by Robert McCay, auctioneer, at the

BRISCO HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE,

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, being composed of those

Parts of the North Half of Lot No. Ten in the 4th Concession of the said Township of Ernesttown, Described as Follows:

Firstly:—Commencing at a point on the west side of the road leading to Newburgh and running along the east side of said lot and on the south side of a lane running west from said road to the residence of one Peter Snider, then south along said road four rods, then west parallel to said lane eight rods, then north parallel to the said road four rods more or less to said lane, and then east along said lane eight rods more or less to the place of beginning. And secondly, commencing on the west side of said road leading to Newburgh, and at the north side of said lane running from the said Newburgh road west to the residence of one Peter Snider, then west along said lane twenty-one rods, then north parallel to the Newburgh road fifty-one rods and eleven feet, then east and parallel to the said lane twenty-one rods more or less to the said road, and then south along the said Newburgh road fifty-one rods and eleven feet more or less to the place of beginning, reserving and excluding, however, one acre of the same, heretofore sold and conveyed by one Peter Snider to one Ebenezer Perry.

Upon the premises there are a good brick dwelling; good barn and sheds and outhouses.

Conditions will be made known at time of sale. For further particulars enquire of

W. S. WILLIAMS,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Napanee, Feb. 6th, 1886. 12-4

JUST -:- TO -:- HAND

—AT—

DOWNEY & CO'S

NEW EMBROIDERIES!

Splendid Value and all New Patterns.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

—CASES OF—

WHITE -:- COTTONS

All the best makes—32, 34 and 36 inch.

LONSDALE and KING PHILLIP CAMBRICS.

—BALES OF—

GREY COTTONS

From 3½c. up to the best qualities.

Balance of FURS and all WINTER GOODS still at clearing prices at

DOWNEY & Co's.

F. F. MILLER, B.A., Sc.,

CIVIL ENGINEER,

Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c.

OFFICE—Miller Block, Dundas-St., Napanee. 10-1y

ALLAN R. DAVIS, B.A., Sc.,

Civil Engineer and Provincial Land Surveyor.

Office with T. G. Davis, Dundas-st., Napanee. 8

J. J. OTTO, book binder and blank book manufacturer. Blindery, 197 Dundas street, Napanee, over J. L. Boyes' telegraph office. Magazines, music, illustrated papers and all kinds of binding and repairing done at shortest notice and on reasonable terms. 2-3m.

TO LET. TO LET.

A suitable room for Carpenters' Plane and Machine Shop, with power to drive machinery, to rent. Low rate. Apply to

S. GIBSON.

Parties having standing timber suitable for sa legs for sale, please call.

THE HOUSEHOLDER'S FRIEND

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

The undersigned is manufacturing and putting up a first-class potash for soap-making expressly for family use. It is put up in patent self-sealing tins of 2½ and 3 lbs., price 11c. per lb.; also in cans of 5 and 6 lbs., at 10c. per lb. Full directions for making soap on each tin. For sale at the Ashery and by

JAS. AYLSWORTH, Tamworth. T. A. HUFFMAN, Napanee.

I am also manufacturing a

:-:FERTILIZER:-:

30 per cent. bone and potash, in 100 lb. sacks Price $1.50. The best Fertilizer in the market.

Cash paid for any quantity of Bones and Tallow in the rough.

S. McLAUGHLIN'S

PRICE LIST

100 Boxes New Valencia Raisins

10 lbs. Valencia raisins.....$1 00
16 lbs. new currants..... 1 00
20 lbs. prunes..... 1 00

NEW FIGS JUST IN VERY CHEAP.

20 lbs. Sterving figs..... $1 00
Orange, Lemon and Citron Peel very cheap.

SUGARS.

13 lbs. Granulated sugar.....$1 00
14 lbs. best white sugar..... 1 00
15 lbs. good light sugar..... 1 00
16 lbs. extra good sugar..... 1 00
Also a large quantity of dark and raw sugars for cooking purposes.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

A full keg choice syrup for.....$1 40

SOAPS.

17 bars Dingman's best electric soap.....$1 00
17 bars Queen's Laundry soap..... 1 00
40 bars good laundry soap..... 1 00

CANNED GOODS.

New Tomatoes per can..... 15c
Jams and Jellies very cheap.

CANNED FISH.

Mackarel per can..... 10c
Salmon per can..... 15c
White fish and Salmon Trout 20 lbs. for.....$1 00

FLOUR AND FEED ALWAYS ON HAND.

TWO CARS LOADS OF BRAN JUST IN.

Extra choice Western flour $2.40 per cw.
Good family flour 2.25 per cwt.
Rathbun family flour 2.30 per cwt.

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES.

3 lbs. best 50c. Tea for.....$1 00
4 lbs. extra good Tea for..... 1 00
6 lbs. dust Tea for..... 1 00
Best Coffee 35c. per lb. Good Coffee 30c. per lb.
Fresh pork by the hog 5½c. per lb.
English salt for pork, per sack 65c.
10 car loads fine Goderich salt 90c. per barrel.

Also, I want your Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Corn, Peas, Rye, Oats, etc.

Also, Turkeys, Geese, Chickens, and all kinds of produce for which the highest market price will be paid.

Please call and see for yourself.

S. McLAUGHLIN'S

New Store, Opposite Grange's Drug Store, Dundas-st.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council met in regular session at the Council Chamber on Monday evening last. All the members were present. The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted, after which a petition was read from Messrs. P. Slaven, J. A. Sexsmith, Dr. Leonard, A. W. Grange, W. H. Bruton, and some other merchants in the vicinity, stating that the number of carters who congregate around the south-west corner of John and Dundas-sts., were a source of annoyance and loss to the stores in the immediate vicinity, praying that a license be placed upon the carters and a new stand given them.

Reeve CARSCALLEN moved, seconded by Coun. DAVIS, that the petition be referred to the Street Committee to report.

Coun. GIBBARD moved in amendment, seconded by Coun. JOY, that the petition be referred to the Printing and By-laws Committee, to draft a by-law appointing stands and imposing a small license fee. In support of his motion Mr. Gibbard said the license fee should be a merely nominal one, just sufficient to protect our local carters from interference from outsiders, and he was certain it would be most beneficient and satisfactory to all concerned.

Mr. SLAVEN being present was on motion heard by the council. He explained that his grievances did not arise from the carters themselves but from the large numbers of men who habitually loafed around the corner to the annoyance of everyone.

The original motion was carried.

A communication was read from Mr. W. Morrison of Toronto, calling the attention of the council to his chemical fire engines, which if introduced would not only minimize danger from fire but also greatly decrease the cost of insurance. The communication was referred to the Fire, Water and Gas Committee to report.

Dep-Reeve LAPUM presented the auditors' report, showing the total receipts of last year to be $46,228.80, with a balance on hand Jan. 1st of

CONDENSED NEWS.

—**National Pills** purify the blood, regulate the stomach, liver and bowels.

—The Catholic congregation at Tyendinaga have presented Rev. Father McCarthy with 300 bushels of oats for his horse.

—A meeting of the Farmers' Institute of Prince Edward will be held in Shire Hall, Picton, on Saturday, 27th inst., at 10:30 a.m.

—The shareholders of the Belleville opera house, finding it a financial failure, have decided to sell it. It has not met expenses.

—**Dr. Low's Worm Syrup** will remove Worms and cause quicker than any other medicine.

—In an outpost skirmish at Suakim on Wednesday the rebels were defeated. Reinforcements of the Soudanese rebels are advancing.

—Mr. Hogan is acting as Warden for Frontenac County Council, though without a seat in Council. The question is raised if he can act, but the lawyers say he can.

—**Destroy the Worms** or they may destroy the children. Use Freeman's Worm Powders, they expel all kinds of worms.

—During the dense fog on Thursday last, the Austrian barque from Marseilles, France, struck on Barnegat shoals, N. J., and eleven lives were lost. The barque is a total loss.

—The Mormons of the United States are endeavoring to secure land in Northern Mexico for colonization. It is believed that Mexico will eventually be the canaan of Mormons.

—**For Nettle Rash**, Itching Piles, Ringworm Eruptions, and all skin diseases, use Prof. Low's Sulphur Soap.

—Wm. Foxton attempted to commit suicide at Windsor Hotel the night of the 11th inst., by taking strychine. He is a farmer from Sidney, and has been drinking heavily for several days. He has recovered.

—The board of education, Kingston, has appointed the chairman to proceed to Ottawa to solicit from the government a site for a Central School in the artillery park, now in military occupation.

—The disfiguring eruptions on the face, the sunken eye, the pallid complexion, indicates that there is something wrong going on within. Expel the lurking foe to health by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

—J. S. Kerr's store, Shannonville, was destroyed by fire with all its contents on Saturday night. The stock, which was valued at $3,000 was insured for $1,500. The building was owned by John Doreen, and was valued at $1,000. No insurance.

—The piece of property recently purchased by the Picton corporation from Mrs. Kirkpatrick for park purposes has proved a big elephant on their hands. It is not needed for a park, nor can it be sold without great loss, and in consequence the council are in a quandary.

—As an article for the toilet, Ayer's Hair Vigor stands unrivalled. It cleanses the scalp and preserves it from scurf and dandruff, cures itching and humors, restores the hair, when faded or gray, to its original dark color, and promotes its growth.

—A couple of stores at Paspebiac, Que., were raided Monday morning by about two hundred starving fisherman of the town, who helped themselves to all they could take. About 260 bbls of flour were carried away. A relief fund was started which on the first day totalled $239.

—Hundreds of people visit a cave, recently discovered, on the farm of Owen Reed, near Gilmour, on the Central Ontario railroad. It has four chambers, is composed of blue tinted rock, with a substance that sparkles with gold. There are many colors of paint, and balls of white clay jut out everywhere.

The discovery of the instantaneous process of taking photographs has been quickly followed in the medical world by a perfect and instantaneous remedy for all acute aches and pains, as neuralgia, toothache, rheumatism, etc. This valuable remedy is called Fluid Lightning, and is sold at 25 cents a bottle at Grange's or Huffman's drug store, Napanee, and at Jas. Aylsworth's, Tamworth.

—Lord Dufferin has decided to garrison Burmah with 16,000 troops, under command of Gen. Sir H. Prendergast. The military occupation and martial law will be continued until November, as Lord Dufferin does not think the country is ripe yet for the establishment of civil law. Lord Dufferin has also decided to send a strong military expedition to the Shan Hills.

—Wm. Towler, jr., member of S. Towler & Son, boot and shoe dealers Brantford, is missing. He left the store about eight last Friday night as was supposed for home, but did not reach there. No trace whatever can be found of him. The pocketbook he carried was left in the store and the bank funds had not been touched. The cause of his disappearance is a mystery.

McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate is invaluable wounds, sores, salt rheum, cuts, burns, scalds and fasters, as a healing and purifying dressing. Do not be imposed on with other useless preperations, recommended to be as good. Use only McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Sold at Grange's or Huff-

A Safeguard.

The fatal rapidity with which slight Colds and Coughs frequently develop into the gravest maladies of the throat and lungs, is a consideration which should impel every prudent person to keep at hand, as a household remedy, a bottle of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

Nothing else gives such immediate relief and works so sure a cure in all affections of this class. That eminent physician, Prof. F. Sweetzer, of the Maine Medical School, Brunswick, Me., says:—

"Medical science has produced no other anodyne expectorant so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is invaluable for diseases of the throat and lungs."

The same opinion is expressed by the well-known Dr. L. J. Addison, of Chicago, Ill., who says:—

"I have never found, in thirty-five years of continuous study and practice of medicine, any preparation of so great value as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, for treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs. It not only breaks up colds and cures severe coughs, but is more effective than anything else in relieving even the most serious bronchial and pulmonary affections."

AYER'S
Cherry Pectoral

Is not a new claimant for popular confidence, but a medicine which is to-day saving the lives of the third generation who have come into being since it was first offered to the public.

There is not a household in which this invaluable remedy has once been introduced where its use has ever been abandoned, and there is not a person who has ever given it a proper trial for any throat or lung disease susceptible of cure, who has not been made well by it.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has, in numberless instances, cured obstinate cases of chronic **Bronchitis, Laryngitis,** and even acute **Pneumonia,** and has saved many patients in the earlier stages of **Pulmonary Consumption.** It is a medicine that only requires to be taken in small doses, is pleasant to the taste, and is needed in every house where there are children, as there is nothing so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL for treatment of **Croup** and **Whooping Cough.**

These are all plain facts, which can be verified by anybody, and should be remembered by everybody.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE,
Chancery Division,

LATTA vs. LOWREY, et al.

Pursuant to the judgment or partition order made herein, and dated the 7th day of September, A.D. 1885, and the directions of the Local Master of this Court at Belleville, there will be sold

BY TENDER

with the approbation of John Parker Thomas, Esquire, the afore said Local Master at Belleville, the following remaining parcels of the "Treadway Estate," as follows:—

PARCEL I.—All and singular the east half of Lot Number Twenty-Five, in the Seventh Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, containing about 100 acres less the parts heretofore conveyed by one Francis Treadway to William Henry Carter and the Public School Trustees of School Section Number 17 in the Township of Thurlow, said land conveyances covering about one and a half acre of land.

Upon these premises are a small frame dwelling house and a good barn and shed, also two other frame houses.

port.

Dep-Reeve LAPUM presented the auditors' report, showing the total receipts of last year to be $48,228.80, with a balance on hand Jan. 1st of $902.21. The report was referred to the Finance Committee to report.

The Finance Committee reported recommending that the taxes on the Brush Works for 1885 be remitted.—Adopted.

Coun. JOY presented pay list No. 3, amounting to $74.59, which was adopted.

Reeve CARSCALLEN, chairman of the Fire, Water and Gas Committee, reported that on Saturday evening last a gentleman representing a Waterworks Company, had called upon him and on behalf of his employers, stated that they would erect the waterworks and trust to selling them afterwards to the town. He only asked the privilege of laying the mains on the streets. The Reeve had told him he must make his offer in writing to be presented to the council.

The Town Property Committee reported that they had repaired nearly all the seats in the Town Hall, which would require further strengthening by the addition of iron braces to prevent spreading. The latter work would cost about $10. The committee was instructed to have the work done.

The Printing and By-laws Committee reported payment of the following accounts:—Templeton & Beeman, $15; W. M. O'Beirne, $4. The report was adopted.

The Market Committee reported that they had leased the stalls in the market building at $20 each and received license fees from outside butchers. The report was adopted.

The Poor and Sanitary Committee reported a fortnightly expenditure of $14.23, leaving a balance due the committee of $28.25. The report was adopted. Re the poor house the committee reported that they did not consider it advisable to build such at this season of the year and could offer no suggestion as to providing relief for the poor, as nothing had since been heard of the scheme propounded by the Archdeacon. The committee were waiting for the ministers to take some action in the matter. They would recommend that a poor house be erected about the first of next October. The report was adopted.

On motion the Fire, Water and Gas Committee were instructed to purchase from John Lowry ten cedar buoys at 10c. each.

Coun. GIBBARD moved that the Street Committee be instructed to build all crossings this year of cedar blocks, and that the cedar for the same be purchased in the meantime.—Carried.

The annual list of lands liable to be sold for back taxes was presented and referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.

The collector's time was, on motion, extended until the next meeting of the council.

Dep-Reeve LAPUM moved, seconded by Coun. AYLSWORTH, that the Finance Committee be instructed to draft a by-law to regulate the license fees on the opera house and other places of amusement.—Carried.

On motion the Town Property Committee were authorized to erect a partition in the police office for the purpose of forming apart a private office.

On motion Mr. C. Peterson's note for eight months for $8.50 due on back taxes was accepted.

Coun. GIBBARD moved, seconded by Coun. BOWEN, that the Street Committee be instructed to have stone broken to the amount of 100 toise.

Coun. DAVIS moved in amendment, seconded by Reeve CARSCALLEN, that 150 toise be broken.

The original motion was carried.

The sum of $20 was paid by the Mechanics' Institute for rent of Council Chamber three evenings a week. On motion the money was refunded to the Institute.

The following accounts were disposed of:—Mr. Conway, lighting lamp at covered bridge, $1.50, paid; John Vine, carting, 50c., paid; Jos. Whitmarsh, shovelling, $4.40, paid; William Hooper, cutting ice and shovelling, $2.50, paid; J. Storms, one ticket to Kingston, etc., $1.15, paid; Ferguson Bros., hardware, $5.18, paid; B. Johnston, drawing fire engine, $2, paid $1; A. S. Kimmerly, deputy returning officer, $2, paid.

On motion $50 was granted to the Poor and Sanitary Committee.

The council then adjourned.

Joyful News.

It is certainly glad tidings to the poor invalid to be informed of a remedy that will give prompt and sure relief in case of painful suffering. Such a remedy is Hagyard's Yellow Oil, adapted for internal and external use in all ordinary aches, pains, lameness and soreness. It cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat, croup and all inflammatory pains.

Threatened Danger.

In the fall of '84 Randall Miller, of Maitlands, N.S., was prostrated to his bed with an attack of incipient consumption. Cough remedies all failed. He rapidly grew debilitated, and friends despaired of his recovery. He tried Burdock Blood Bitters, with immediate relief, followed by a speedy cure.

be imposed on with other useless preparations, recommended to be as good. Use only McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Sold at Grange's or Huffman's drug store, Napanee, and at Jas. Aylsworth's, Tamworth.

—On Saturday morning at 7 o'clock two freight trains collided on the G. T. R. between Montreal and Cornwall, and serious damage was done. One engine was standing straight up on its end; the other lay in the ditch. The contents of fifteen cars were scattered over a wide space of ground. The accident will cost $40,000, and it is said to have been the result of a misunderstanding of orders.

—The body of unknown man was found beside the G. T. R. track about 1¼ west of Port Hope station Thursday morning last. At the coroner's inquest it was found that nearly every bone in the unfortunate man's body was broken besides a few large cuts. The G. T. authorities were exonerated from all blame in the matter. It is supposed he was struck by an engine while walking on the track during the night.

—John Doreen, hotelkeeper, Fred. Macauley, grain buyer, Sandy McCabe and Thos. Munley, of Shannonville, were arraigned at Belleville last Friday charged with assaulting and doing bodily harm to David L. Brown, a magistrate and member of Tyendinaga Township Council. A row took place over the name of a trotting horse belonging to Brown, and he was badly beaten. His face was cut, causing paralysis. Macauley was the only one sent up for trial.

—A young man, son of a widow, living in a village near Kingston, on Wednesday of last week, stole from his mother $150. He went to Kingston and for four days put in a riotous time, spending at the rate of $25 per day. His mother did not know whither he had gone until Saturday. Then she found him. He had in his possession only $50. He was tried on Tuesday at Kingston and appeared quite penitent, begging to be released on the promise of being a better boy in future. He was dismissed.

Rev. G. J. Fallis, Dutton, certifies: "For some years my wife has been troubled with dyspepsia, and has tried one thing after another recommended with but little or no effect till advised to give McGregor's Speedy Cure a trial. Since taken the first bottle I have noticed a decided improvement, and can with confidence recommend it to be one of, if not the best medicine extant for dyspepsia." This invaluable medicine for liver complaint, indigestion, kidney complaint, is purely vegetable. Sold at Grange's or Huffman's drug store, Napanee, and at Jas. Aylsworth's, Tamworth.

—Wm. H. Wilkinson was charged at Picton last week with stealing some clothes and $4 from Mr. Cassedy, of Hillier. Wilkinson is one Miss Rye's proteges and came out from the slums of London several years ago. He has been sent to the central prison from here twice and had only got out of the penitentiary about the latter part of Dec. He was arrested for the theft in Hillier and escaped from Constable Beadle's cutter while the latter was in a house a few minutes. The constable secured him again in Big Island. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. Wilkinson is now a strapping heavy set fellow of about 21 years.

Weather Probabilities.

The probabilities are that we shall have much damp, chilly, sloppy weather during the coming season—just the weather to contract sudden colds. Be prepared for them by having on hand Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, a safe, agreeable and speedy cure for colds and their consequences.

MARRIAGES.

FORD—ARMSTRONG—On the 11th inst., at the residence of P. E. R. Miller, Esq., uncle of the bride, Switrerville, by the Rev. James Curts, Mr. Wm. Alex. Ford of the city of Kingston, to Miss Clara Edith Armstrong of Switzerville.

BRIDEN—LOWRY—On the 11th inst., at the residence of P. E. R. Miller, Esq., brother-in-law of the bride, Switzerville, by the Rev. Jas. Curts, Mr. Geo. Shorey Briden of the city of Kingston, son of the Rev. Wm. Briden of the Bay of Quinte Conference of the Methodist Church, to Miss Josephine Lowry of Switzerville.

GALT—WAMSLEY—By the Rev. L. A. Betts, on Feb. 17th, 1885, at the Methodist Parsonage, Bridge-st. west, Mr. Henry Galt to Miss Christina, eldest daughter of the late Andrew Wamsley, Esq., of Adolphustown. No cards.

DEATHS.

HUDSON—In Centreville, on Saturday, Feb. 13th, Deborah M., wife of Wm. E. Hudson, aged 40 years.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.* 1-1y.

a half acre of land.

Upon these premises are a small frame dwelling house and a good barn and shed, also two other frame houses.

Fences are fairly good; soil a clay loam; about 40 acres under cultivation; good young orchard of about 100 trees; situate about 10 miles from Belleville on the gravel road leading from Belleville to Tweed.

PARCEL II.—All and singular the east half of Lot Number Thirty-One in the Seventh Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings, containing one hundred acres more or less. About 50 acres are cleared. The remainder is wood land, some cedar.

Upon the premises are a frame house 20x24, and a frame barn 51x46, in good repair; situate on side line between Tyendinaga and Thurlow, and about a mile from Latta's Mills.

PARCEL III.—All and singular the west half of Lot Number Thirty-One in the Seventh Concession of the Township of Thurlow, in the County of Hastings.

About 50 acres are cleared and under cultivation. The remainder is wood land, partly slashed over. There is a small frame house, barn and shed upon the premises.

PARCEL IV.—All and singular the east half of Lot Number Twenty-Four in the Third Concession, and Lot Number Twenty-Five in the Second Concession (being two-thirds the length of said concession from the front in the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington), containing 200 acres more or less.

Upon the premises are two frame barns 36x48 and 26x34 respectively, with sheds and outhouses attached; also a frame dwelling house 1½ storeys, 50x26; soil a clay and sandy loam. This farm is situate about 2½ miles from the town of Napanee, and is a most desirable situation for a residence and farm.

Tenders must be in writing and be mailed post paid, addressed to John Parker Thomas, Esquire, Local Master of this Court at Belleville so as to be received by him

Not Later than MONDAY, March the 1st, 1886,

and marked on the envelope "Tender, Latta vs. Lowrey."

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders will be opened on Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, 1886, at the Master's office, in in the Shire Hall, in the City of Belleville, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

TERMS OF SALE:—The purchaser or purchasers shall pay down a deposit of $10 for every $100 of the purchase money upon the accepeance of his or their tender, and the balance within one month thereafter without interest.

Conditions of sale to be the standing conditions of sale of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice.

For further particulars apply at the law offices of Messrs. Leonard & O'Brien, S. B. Burdett, E. Guss Porter, Belleville, and D. H. Preston and Stephen Gibson, Napanee.

J. PARKER THOMAS,
Local Master.

Dated, February 10th, 1886.

LEONARD & O'BRIEN,
Plaintiff's Solicitors. 12 3.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 107, Section 34, as amended by 46 Victoria Chapter 9, that all creditors having claims against the estate of

HENRY PULTZ, DECEASED,

late of the township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, in the Province of Ontario, yeoman, who died on or about the thirtieth day of June in the year of our Lord 1884, are required to send by post pre-paid, or to deliver to Messrs. Deroche & Madden, of the town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, solicitors for John Ovens and Eliza Pultz, the Executors of the said Henry Pultz, deceased,

On or Before the 22nd Day of March, A.D. 1886,

their names, addresses and descriptions of their claims duly verified, and the securities (if any) held by them, and that after the said date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Henry Pultz, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, regard being had only to the claims of which notice has been given as above required.

And the said Executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received, duly verified by said Executors at the time of such distribution.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors for said Executors.

Dated at Napanee, Feb. 11th, 1886. 12-6

NEW PRNITS AND CRETONNES.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

Are now showing all the latest novelties in English, Canadian and American Prints. The new Printed Sateens with a hazel ground are very pretty and stylish, and we also have several lines that imitate the new Stuff Dress Goods, that a person would hardly know were print.

Others again look like the pretty French De Laines with a chintz spot that used to be worn so much long ago.

We have also pretty Prints for making combination suits and costumes; also new Regatta Shirtings, Half Mourning and Black Brocaded Prints. Turkey Red and

Self-Colored Prints in all Colors.

New Checked and Striped White Muslins, White Marsales and Pique, new Ticking and Cambric Frilling with Toichan edge; Cambric Muslin and Lonsdale Cambric, Laconia Night-gown Cloth, Pepperill Twills and Good-night Satin for ladies underclothing.

Our White Goods are so cheap that ladies are buying whole pieces to make up before house-cleaning begins.

We have opened a large stock of the celebrated

Merritton Mills Shirtings & Ticking,

The only Canadian cottons that are dyed with pure Bengal Indigo. They never fade.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

For February !

LAHEY,

McKENTY

& CO

& CO.

Our **Spring Goods** will shortly arrive and in the meantime we want to clear out all lines of winter stuff. We have still on hand a few

Heavy Comforters, 65c. each, former price $1.00
Extra Heavy Comforters, 75 each, " " 1.25
Heavy Comforters (better quality), $1 " " 1.50
White & Grey Blankets in good quality, at straight wholesale prices.

Wool Hosiery in Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' sizes at greatly reduced prices.
Ends of heavy winter Tweeds to be cleared at cost.
Grey and fancy Flannels at cost.

C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G All Overcoats at cost, ranging from $4.50 upwards. Good heavy Tweed Suits $5.50 up. C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G

LAHEY, McKENTY & CO.

FOR

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Flour & Feed,

—BE SURE TO CALL AT—

J. F. SMITH'S

Old Reliable House,

BRISCO HOUSE BLOCK.

The Best Goods in the Market only the Lowest Prices, and goods exactly as represented

ARE CHARACTERISTICS OF HIS DEALINGS.

The celebrated Rathbun Strong Baker's Flour always in stock,

$2.25 per cwt.

—SEE OUR—

Choice Teas, Sugars, Coffees, &c

We do not advertise a price list, but if purchasers will call and see our stock and get our prices, we are confident that they will be convinced we are not being undersold anywhere.

J. F. SMITH,
Brisco House Block.

DO YOU WANT

Bran, Oats, Shorts,

—OR—

FEED OF ANY KIND?

IF SO,

Geo. I. Ham's

IS THE PLACE TO GET IT.

The Freshest, Purest and Best Goods in this Line.

—THE STOCK OF—

-:- GROCERIES -:-

Has been fully replenished since the holidays, and the prices in many lines are lower than ever.

Don't forget to give him a call before purchasing your supplies.

☞ Remember the place, next door to Beaver office, Dundas-st., Napanee.

GEO. I. HAM.

UNDERTAKING AT MOSCOW.

MILES STORMS,
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and manufacturers and dealers in Furniture of all kinds.

A first-class Hearse and a large stock of Coffins and all necessary supplies.

Branch establishment at Sydenham.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST. HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.
41 Ann street, New York
Post Office Box 450 151y

HOUSEHOLD.

Choice Recipes.

APPLE CUSTARD.—Lay a crust in your plates; slice apples thin and half fill your plates; pour over them a custard made of four eggs and one quart of milk, sweetened and seasoned to your taste.

MOCK BOLOGNA SAUSAGE.—One part of beef, two parts pork, one part beef suet, a little garlic, sage, black pepper, a small portion of cayenne pepper. Season to taste. Stuff tightly in cloth bags and hang them in a dry place.

FIG PUDDING.—Delicious: One pound of figs, one pound of beef suet, one pound of bread crumbs, one pound brown sugar, six eggs. Chop the figs fine, along with the bread crumbs; boil two hours in a mold well buttered; eat with butter sauce. Any other fruit may be used in place of figs.

TEA ROLLS —Make them up at 12 o'clock in the day. One quart of flour, one-half pint of new milk, and one gill of yeast—one teaspoonful of sugar in the yeast is an improvement. When light, work in a tablespoonful of butter and the yelks of two eggs, then set it again to rise for half an hour before baking. Roll them out and make into any shape you prefer.

OYSTER SOUP.—Put on in a brass kettle one quart of oysters; let them cook until they are nearly done without boiling hard (which makes them tough); stir in a piece of butter about as large as a walnut, rub it thoroughly into one and a half tablespoons of flour, add one quart of rich milk When it boils up once the soup is done. Season with pepper and salt. Pour it into the tureen on a quantity of small pieces of bread. This will be enough for six or seven persons.

SPLENDID OMELET—From four to eight very fresh eggs; break them singly and carefully. When they are sufficiently whisked, pour them through a sieve and resume the beating until they are very light; add to them half a teaspoonful of salt, season with pepper. Dissolve in a small frying-pan two ounces of butter, pour in the eggs, and as soon as the omelet is well risen and firm throughout slide it into a hot dish, fold it together like a turnover, and serve *at once.*

POTATO SALAD.—Slice thinly eight or ten good-sized Irish potatoes (boiled and cold); chop finely one good-sized apple, one and a half small onions, rinse and chop the leaves of a large handful of green-parsley. Spread a layer of the potato in a chopping tray, sprinkle liberally with salt, then half the parsley, apple, and onions, then the rest of the potato, then more salt and the other half of the parsley, apple, and onion; pour half a teacup of sweet oil or melted butter over the whole, with a small cup of vinegar. Mix the whole carefully so as not to break the potatoes.

A subscriber asks a recipe for common biscuit. Will some lady reader kindly furnish her rule?

Household Hints.

Sweet oil mixed with melted beeswax and applied with a soft flannel cloth to wooden furniture will give the wood a high polish. It is particularly effective on mahogany and is what was used in southern families before the war, when polished mahogany tables and chairs were the pride of every housekeeper. The mixture should be well rubbed into the wood, and then polished with a dry piece of chamois.

There is quite an art in pressing the seams of a dress made at home to give it a good finish. The bodice and sleeves seams ought

Time Table.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table No. 6.

In Effect May 18, 1885.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. P.M.	No 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	1 05	5 30
Napanee Mills	"	1 20	5 45
Newburgh	"	1 30	5 50
Thompson's Mills*	"	1 37	5 57
Camden East	"	1 40	6 00
Yarker	"	1 55	6 15
Colebrook*	"	2 00	6 18
Galbraith Road*	"	2 05	6 20
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)			
Moscow	"	2 10	6 30
Mudlake Bridge*	"	2 20	6 40
Enterprise	"	2 30	6 45
Wilson's Crossing*	"	2 35	6 55
Tamworth	Arrive	2 50	7 05

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.		No. 1. A.M.	No. 3. P M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	3 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	3 30
Enterprise	"	7 25	3 35
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 30	3 40
Moscow	"	7 40	3 50
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 50	4 00
Colebrook†	"	7 52	4 02
Yarker	"	7 55	4 05
Camden East	"	8 10	4 17
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 15	4 22
Newburgh	"	8 25	4 28
Napanee Mills	"	8 35	4 35
Napanee	Arrive.	8 50	4 50

∴ Stop only when passengers at or for.

Commencing Saturday, Dec. 6, and until further notice, Saturday excursion tickets will be issued from any station on the line at one fare and one-third for the return trip. Tickets good to go and return by any regular train on date of issue only.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN,
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man,

Legal Cards.

MORDEN & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.
A. L. MORDEN. W. G. WILSON.
Co. Crown Attorney.

W. S. WILLIAMS, BARRISTER, Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Ontario Conveyancer, &c., Napanee.

D. H. PRESTON, BARRISTER, AND Attorney-at-law, Solicitor in Chancery and Insolvency, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Office, Mills' Block, Dundas-st., Napanee, Ont.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public,
R. C. Clute, L.L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store,

QUEBEC'S AWFUL DANGER.

The Gate of the St. Lawrence Menaced.

The Detroit *Tribune* the other day contained an article headed, "Scared Sir John A.—Why did the Canadian Premier make a sudden trip to England?"

A prominent Irishman, who was in Quebec last Autumn, asked the newspaper in question:

"Why were two companies of artillery summoned to Quebec unexpectedly and without apparent cause a short time ago? Why did Sir John Macdonald hasten off to England also without apparent cause?" He continued as follows: "The Canadian papers have been trying to account for these things, seemingly unconnected, but they couldn't see right, for they looked with partisan glasses. The reform press tried to ascribe John A.s' sudden departure to fear that some of the French, angry at his course in the North-West rebellion, might kill him. The Conservative papers denied this imputation of cowardice. But the public remained and still remains, in the deepest ignorance of the motive of the trip. While in Quebec I conceived a plan for

STRIKING A BLOW AT BRITAIN,

but I saw no good opportunity then of acting on it. When the Canadian Government became engaged with the discontented half-breeds and the Indians, I communicated my plans to a few personal friends in Detroit whom I could trust. The immediate result was a series of meetings, some at my home, some at the residence of my friend. These meetings grew larger and larger, until, at last, we were obliged to rent a hall on Michigan avenue. Over 100 young men were let into the secret, mostly gentlemen of means, all educated and daring men who could be relied upon in any emergency. At last it was all arranged. Seventy-five of us were to proceed to Quebec in groups. On a certain day and at a certain hour we were to visit the citidel, all armed with 44 calibre Smith & Wesson self-acting revolvers. The smallest of us were to be women, or as much so as smooth faces, wigs, skirts, and padding could make us. When all had gained entrance, I was to throw handfuls of silver to the soldiers and so collect them at the gate. At that moment my companions were to draw their revolvers and

DRIVE THE MILITARY OUT.

This appeared to all of us as easy as rolling off a log. We had no doubt that after gaining possession and arming ourselves properly we could retain possession until aid should arrive. Riel was beaten and sentenced to be hanged. All Quebec was furious. The allegiance of the French Canadians, merely nominal, after all, was knocked into a cocked-hat. We felt that our time had approached, since we might expect material aid from the Lower Canadians, and we began our final preparations. Good men in all the New England cities were communicated with. They assured us that on two hours' notice they could summon large numbers of men. The old Fenian organization, though practically inert, could give efficient aid with men and arms. All was finally arranged that the hour of our assault 2000 men would be on their way, by rail and by water, to Quebec. They would arrive within a few hours afterwards and reach us under cover of our guns. With their aid we could withstand any force sent against us. This much gained we would establish a direct line of communication with the United States and, making Quebec the base of our operations, overrun the Dominion. Undoubtedly we could enlist the French on our side by giving them a free state. Victory would be certain. We felt that all else

ed with a dry piece of chamois.

There is quite an art in pressing the seams of a dress made at home to give it a good finish. The bodice and sleeves seams ought not to be ironed on a flat surface, but over a roller covered with flannel; this gives them the true tailor's set. An ordinary rolling-pin, such as is used for pastry, will do. The white felt or flannel covering it must be caught tightly together and overcast, but the edges must not overlap, as they would cause a ridge. All the seams of a bodice are ironed over this, and the difference over those ironed on a flat surface must be seen to be believed.

The secret of good puff paste, or even plain, is to have the butter *waxy*. Wash it in ice water and flatten it into wafers; put it into a cold window. It should be almost brittle. If you keep to this rule about the butter, and always work it in with a knife, flouring your hands when you have to touch the paste, you will have light pastry. A tablespoon of salt and one of sugar go to a quart of flour for light paste. Add the water judiciously, as too much water makes pastry hard.

The Latest Tramp Dodge.

Right in the midst of the late January blizzard, a forlorn-looking tramp was blown to the front door of a cottage, and when the woman came out at his knock, he handed her a little note-book, with the request: "Please write my name in this 'ere leedle book."

"Certainly I will. What name, please?"

"My name is Jim Barto, but I want yer to write it so that people will take me for Sam Scadger. I don't want my real name to become known in this town."

"Does anybody in this town know you?"

"No, ma'am."

"Then what difference does it make what name you call yourself?"

"Well, you see, ma'am, I hev a dear old mother livin' in this County, and, as I'm dyin' of starvation, I want ter hide my real name, so that when your neighbors find a dead man on the street, with nothin' in his stomach but a whist of oat straw, my poor old mother will never know it was her poor, wayward son."

That Christian lady stuffed his worthless hide so full of well-cooked grub th it is not likely he'll take to eating oat straw for several days.

Bismarck and Gladstone.

Dr. Theodore Cuyler, in addressing the Yale students lately, referred as follows to Bismarck and Gladstone:—

"To my personal knowledge, the greatest man in modern Germany is a Christian, and Gladstone, perhaps the most powerful intellect of modern times, stands side by side with Bismarck in this respect. With my own eyes I have seen Mr. Gladstone kneel by the side of a common street sweeper and pray for the salvation of his soul. I know of no grander sight than the Premier of England and the leading statesman of the world kneeling by the side of a common street sweeper and pouring forth his eloquent appeal to God in behalf of his humble brother."

☞ Even in this world martyrs shall have their judgment day, and their names which went down in the dust like a gallant banner trodden in the mire shall rise again all glorious in the sight of nations.—[Mrs. H. B. Stowe.

A Japanese inventor has discovered a means of making paper from seaweed. It is thick in texture, and, from its transparency, can be substituted for glass in windows, and, when colored, makes an excellent imitation of stained glass.

R. LEONARD, M. D., C.T.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office—Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

DR. E MING,

Veterinary Surgeon

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLL., SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office:—Brisco House Block

East Street,

NAPANEE, Ont.,

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 50

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.—A FEW THOUSAND dollars private funds at 6 per cent. Mortgages purchased. JOHN ENGLISH, 37-1yr. Solicitor.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 6 AND 6½ PER cent. $50,000 to loan, private funds; in sums to suit borrowers, on security of approved farm and town property, for periods of from two to twenty years, repayable by instalments or at end of term, to suit borrower. Interest payable yearly. Apply to S. GIBSON, Grange Block, Napanee.

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECtor for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

POTTER & WILLIAMS

Have opened a blacksmith shop in the premises vacated by R. J. WALES,

DUNDAS STREET,

And having a staff of skilled workmen are prepared to do general

Blacksmithing and Horse-Shoeing

in the best possible manner and on shortest notice.

☞ Horse-Shoeing will Receive Special Attention.

base of our operations, overrun the Dominion. Undoubtedly we could enlist the French on our side by giving them a free state. Victory would be certain. We felt that all else would be well could we

CAPTURE THE CITADEL,

for that success would kindle the fires of enthusiasm in every Irish heart, and thousands of hands would be extended to aid us. Five days before we were ready to put our plans in operation one of the men whom we had already despatched to Quebec telegraphed me in cypher that two companies of artillery had been ordered to Quebec; that the citadel guards had been strengthened and kept closely to duty, and that but few persons were allowed to collect within the walls at one time. I notified my co-conspirators immediately. Why should these precautions be taken at that moment? we asked ourselves. The fever of excitement in the province of Quebec had passed away, and there were no symptoms of a French Canadian outbreak. We were unable to solve the puzzle, but made up our mind that something had gone wrong. On the following day we learned from Buffalo that a man from that city, who had promised his aid and been informed of our plans, had been seen at Sir John A. Macdonald's residence in Canada. I immediately notified my friends of what had occurred, and our excursion was declared off. Since then the Buffalo man emigrated to Canada.

"Sir John's sudden trip to England about that time was, I have reason to believe, to confer with the home authorities on the scheme which we had prepared."

Murdered by a Madman.

A Victoria, B. C., despatch says: A horrible tragedy is reported to have occurred on the road between New Westminster and Port Moody. A man named Walker has squatted on some land and the other day he took L. Robson, his partner Smith, and another man named Jones to the place, wishing to dispose of his right. They arrived at the ranch late in the afternoon, and after dark Walker picked up a double-barrelled shot gun and said he was going to shoot a crow. One of the men remarked that it was rather late to go shooting, when Walker said he might as well tell them his intention, that he was going to cook their goose for them. He then shot Robson through the breast, killing him instantly. Jones attempted to take the gun away from the murderer, but he received the contents of the second barrel in the leg, shattering his knee. Walker then made for Smith with a knife, but the latter succeeded in getting out of the cabin and escaped. Walker then lashed Jones to the body of Robson and fled. The wounded and dead men were found by constables, who arrived a few hours later. The dead body of Walker was soon afterwards found. He is supposed to have killed himself.

THE MURDERED MAN.

D. L. Robson, murdered by a squatter in British Columbia, is a Kingstonian, and a step-brother of Mrs. Black, wife of the Montreal City Treasurer. He was in Montreal last winter, and only a week before the murder he wrote a letter to a nephew here, saying that as soon as he purchased the claim of a squatter he would start for Kingston again. He was wealthy, and was probably murdered for his money.

They must needs move slowly who would move surely and successfully up the hill of knowledge. Haste does only harm; things must have their natural course, and they who cannot wait should cease all expectation and hope, and betake themselves to some other pursuit.

PEOPLE ARE FLOCKING

—TO OUR—

Clearing Sale

and express themselves as being well pleased with the great bargains we are giving in

BOOTS,

CLOTHING,

HATS, &c.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

Before the stock is run down.

A Full Assortment of

NEW GOODS!

to choose from.

A. ROSE & CO.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALLISON, DORLAND & MEMBERY, Proprietors.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee,

JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

THE FARM.

Forcing Rhubarb and Asparagus.

A method which we have frequently practiced is to dig up, in the fall, or at any time during winter when the ground is not frozen, a number of clumps with as many roots attached as possible, and place them close together in a cold frame, sprinkle fine soil between and over them, water copiously with lukewarm water, level again with soil, cover all with a few inches of dry leaves and put on the sashes. The subsequent care is the same as required for ordinary cold-frames, giving air on mild days, and secure covering in cold weather. Water is rarely needed, as the leaves prevent rapid evaporation. When cold-frames are not available, the roots may be taken into a warm cellar, under a window if possible, and covered with soil and leaves, or straw. Plants in a cellar need more water than in a frame, and the water given should be lukewarm.

Another, and very easy way to forward Rhubarb, is to turn a one-headed barrel over a strong plant, and bank fresh horse-manure all round and over it. The bottom of the barrel should have several holes bored through it to facilitate the escape of superabundant heat and gases, else the stalks are apt to grow up sickly and decay.

Timely Suggestions.

Keep no unprofitable cows over winter. The present is the time to cull the herd, if it has not been done already. Ten chances to one you are keeping one or more cows that do not pay for the feed they eat. You can easily ascertain which cows are profitable for cream by setting a little milk from each cow in a tumbler, or better in a cream gauge. There will be a difference in the thickness of the cream, and that very marked, unless your cows are all of the same breed, and even then the difference in the cream may be noticeable.

A good condition powder may be cheaply prepared on the farm. A mixture of one pound penugreek, one pound of gentian, one pound salt, one pound sulphate of soda, an ounce of sulphur, pound of phosphate of soda, half a pound of chloride of iron, and half a pound of black antimony, given in tablespoonful doses twice a day, will greatly assist the appetite and promote the condition of the animals.

A farmer s scrap-book should be kept on every well-regulated farm. There are thousands of recipes for the curing of sick animals which may be of great value if referred to at the proper time. Useful hints regarding special crops may be forgotten unless preserved in this manner, convenient for reference. Plans for farm buildings or their interior management may be preserved until wanted. Gates, fences, ditches, and the numerous other things which make up the business of the farm, require frequent repairs or entire construction, and the hints and helps which may be afforded if the scrap-book has been well kept are of immense value.

The necessity of keeping horses away from quagmires in the public roads is shown by the manner in which one of my horses is affected since it became stalled in one not long ago. Since the occurrence, whenever the horse touches a soft place in the road it trembles all over with fear, every muscle in its body seeming to shake, and it has to be led away from the spot, refusing to be driven.

Crumbly Butter.

BREEZE'S
Woollen Mill

NAPANEE AND FOREST MILLS.

We have repaired our Mill at Forest Mills and are now running full blast. We have also purchased the

Napanee Woollen Mills,

Formerly owned by James Perry, south of Gibbard's Furniture Store, and put it in first class order for doing a custom business. We can now supply customers with the same kind of goods at either mill. We have on hand a

FULL STOCK OF TWEEDS,

of our own make, and also Fine Tweeds. We have

FULL STOCK OF FLANNELS

fancy and plain, and all kinds of Yarn.

☞ Spinning done for 10 cents.

Highest price paid for Wool in Exchange.

You will find the office for exchanging Wool at each Mill.

All business of the firm of W. and J. Breeze will be settled by William Breeze.

Forest Mills, June 10th, 1885.

National Assurance Co'y

OF IRELAND.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1882.

Capital fully subscribed,

One Million Pounds Sterling!

Fire Risks accepted on all Insurable Property.

The undersigned has been appointed Agent for Napanee and district and is prepared to Insure all classes of Property at lowest current rates.

Any Person wanting Life or Accident Policies it will be to their advantage to call on the undersigned and get rates before insuring elsewhere.

W. S. BUSBY.

Napanee, July 4th, 1885 — 33-3mos.

NAPANEE
PLANING MILLS.

PERRY & COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish every description of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Staves, Draperies, Cornices, Mouldings, Bases and Casings,

Of material and workmanship and with promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

JNO. WHEELER, - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

(Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid to travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47

FREEMAN'S

WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults

THE ENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co

Board of Management for 1884:

JOHN B. AYLESWORTH, ESQ., President
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CHARLES JAMES, Secretary.
MILES SHOREY, Treasurer.
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Napanee, February 14th, 1884. 14-4

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine

for which we have been appointed agents It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock.

WEBSTER & BOYES,
2 116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use o the best materials enables us to give atisfaction everytime. W. & B.

Crumbly Butter.

Winter-made butter carries its own certificate of quality. It is usually white and tallowy, and crumbles into small fragments. It is always deficient in the oily part of the fat. Fat consists of three acids—stearic, margaric, and oleic, combined with glycerine. Stearic acid, or stoerine, is hard, white, and friable; oleic acid, or oleine, is yellow, soft, and oily, and dilutes the whiter and harder stearine and margarine. In the winter the oleine of the butter is in much less proportion, being used up in making fat to keep the animal warm. And unless food that is rich in oil is provided for the cows, the butter made in the winter will always be hard and crumbly, and white in color. This fact applies also to some cows, which consume the oleine of the food, and consequently make white, hard butter at all times; but much more so in winter than in summer, while other's make rich, yellow, and oily butter. The rich butter of the Jersey cows is associated with a lean carcass, while some other cows are always fat and sleek, but their butter is white and of poor flavor.

Much however, may be done in the way of feeding to secure an excellent quality of butter, even in winter. Some of those who have made winter dairying a special business are much troubled by the poor quality of the butter, and farmers generally, who make butter this season, complain almost universally of the same difficulty. While some part of it lies in the cows, beyond doubt, yet the greater part of the difficulty is in the feeding, and dairymen must provide an abundance of food that is rich in oily matter, to supply both the want of the cow for herself to sustain the vital warmth and to leave an abundant surplus for the butter. A caution may be given against depending on the so-called oilmeals for this purpose. By the new processes in use in the mills every particle of oil in cottonseed and linseed is taken out, by means of benzine, or naphtha, as it is sometimes called, which dissolves the oil and leaves the meal entirely free of it. Formerly those meals contained from 10 to 18 per cent. of oil, and they were then most valuable food for fattening and the butter dairy. Now they are of no use for making fat, excepting so far as their protein elements may be converted into it by a roundabout transformation; but it is known that fat, given in the food, is formed into an emulsion by the process of mastication and digestion, and is assimilated directly and taken into the blood by the way of the lacteal vessels and the portal vein. If we want to get rich milk we must feed food rich in oil; and the best food of this kind we can use is hay or fodder, so that it is thoroughly masticated and made to yield up its oil to the action of the saliva.

"Do Nots" for the Driver.

Lord Hampden, who presided at a recent dinner of the London Cab-Drivers' Benevolent Association, commended to the members the following lines relating to the proper care of the horse, which, he said, he had hung up in his own stables:

Up hill—whip me not.
Down hill—hurry me not.
On level road—spare me not.
Loose in stable—forget me not.
Of hay and corn—rob me not.
Of clean water—stint me not.
With sponge and brush—neglect me not.
Of soft, dry bed—deprive me not.
Tired or hot—leave me not.
Sick or cold—chill me not.
With bit and reins—oh, jerk me not.
When you are angry—strike me not.

promptness. None but best stock used and workmanship unexcelled.

Stair Building a Specialty.

They invite a call from parties wanting any thing in their line.

Works: on the Canal, Water Street,
NAPANEE.

Dissolution of Partnership!

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of Birrell & Phelan has this day been dissoived by mutual consent, Mr. John Phelan retiring and James Birrell continuing the business as heretofore, collecting all accounts and notes and giving receipts for the same and paying all liabilities of the said firm of Birrell & Phelan.

Witness, J. BIRRELL.
J. H. MADDEN. JOH PHELAN.

Napanee, April 6th, 1885.

I take this opportunity of thanking our customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and will still continue to supply the farmers with the best Implements in the market and on the most reasonable terms, as the firm of Birrell & Phelan has always done.

Now is the time to get your

Cultivators and Seed Drills

and all Implements for the spring work, and leave your orders early for

REAPERS, MOWERS,
HORSE RAKES and
HAY AND GRAIN UNLOADERS,

Which I claim are the best in the market Be sure to give me a call when in town, and in any event do not place your order until you see our goods.

☞ Parties indebted either by note or book account are requested to call and settle at once, and oblige,

Yours truly,

JAMES BIRRELL.
New Cartwright Block,
DUNDAS STREET, - NAPANEE.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

HEALTH.

Throat Troubles in Winter.

BY D. N. PATTERSON, M D.

The habit which many people have of always muffling up the throat during the winter, is a mistake. It not unfrequently happens that those people commence this prac ice early in the fall, and continue to do so until late in the spring. The result is, that if they should happen to leave off their scarf or muffler for a few hours, they are very likely to take cold. The wearing of this additional and unnecessary neck covering tends only to render the neck and throat more sensitive, and consequently entails a greater liability to take cold. Even with the severe weather which we sometimes have, the days are few when it is necessary to "bundle up" the neck and head, as many do every day throughout the winter. The mistake lies first, in commencing to wrap up too early in the fall. A little process of judicious hardening of the throat and neck would soon enable one to continue until well into the winter, without the employment of such additional covering. The turning up of the coat collar; or a light handkerchief, would be found to be sufficient.

Throat troubles are due not so much to climate, as to the care, or rather the neglect of attention to the rules of health, which should govern the daily life of every person. But one thing should always be remembered, and that is, all mufflers or wraps should at once be removed fron the neck upon entering the house, church, lecture room, concert hall, etc; in fact, whenever one goes from out doors into a ny artificially heated room. The term throat disease comprisrs a large number of affections of that organ and its immediate connecting structures, nearly all of which are to a greater or less extent, dependent upon a catarrhal inflammation of the mucous membrane of those parts. Now catarrh, when located there, or in some other part of the body, is always due to a succession of sudden changes to which the body is subjected in one way or another. Once alone will not usually do it, but let people get well warmed up, and then suddenly expose themselves to the cold, and it will not take many such times to establish a catarrh of throat and lungs, which it may be a difficult thing to eradicate entirely from the system.

We hear a great deal said about the air in certain localities being "too strong" for weak lungs. But the fault is not in the air, but in the ability of one who has weak lungs to withstand that, which to a strong, healthy and robust person, would be only what a vigorous nature absolutely requires. The trouble is, too many people are like hothouse plants. They allow themselves to grow into the habit, by which they are only comfortable in a room at 80°. One writer has aptly remarked that pure air, and plenty of it, night as well as day, even if it be damp and cold, salt laden, providing it is not permitted to fall in draughts on the person, is one of the best prophylactics against taking cold.

Many people are troubled more or less of the time with hoarseness. In this connection it may be incidentally remarked that horseradish is a most excellent remedy for this trouble, and usually affords speedy relief as soon as it is used. The root is to be eaten green, and not after it has dried. Another most excellent remedy for throat troubles, and one which is within reach of every one, is common salt. Those people who use a great deal of salt are less subject to dryness and inflammation of the throat, than those who do not. A very good way to use it is to prepare it in the form of a

THE LOGIC OF EVENTS.

How a Mistake in Filling a Prescription Led to a Marriage.

"Well, well," said Mrs. Catson, putting aside a newspaper and turning to her husband, "a pair of earrings caused the Burmese war, I never heard of anything so strange."

"Oh," said Mr. Catson, "I have heard of stranger things."

"Nonsense."

"Well, I have, and I'll give you an example. One night in Boston a young man, meeting an acquaintance, said: 'Come, let's have a drink.' I never was in Boston, but that remark brought about our marriage."

"Why, George," exclaimed Mrs. Catson "you are foolish. Neither of us were ever in Boston. You must be losing your mind."

"Tell you what I'll do; I promised to get you a new cloak, didn't I?"

"Yes."

"Well, now I'll bet you the cloak that I can prove my assertion."

"All right."

"If I succeed, you don't get the cloak."

"I understand."

"Well, one night in Boston about ten years ago, a young man, meeting a friend, asked him to come out and have a drink. The friend, a drug clerk, did so. He took several drinks and got drunk. That settled it."

"Settled what?"

"The fact of our marriage."

"How can you be so foolish?"

"Never mind, I'll explain. The drug clerk got drunk and went to the store. Shortly afterward a servant girl entered and handed him a prescription. In putting it up he used morphine instead of quinine. The girl went away, and delivered the medicine to Mrs. Potter who took it and died."

"Oh, what's the use of prolonging this foolishness?"

"Hold on. The death of that woman drew you and me closer together than we ever were before."

"We were not acquainted with each other ten years ago."

"That is very true, but wait. Mr. Potter, the lady's husband, was almost crazed by grief. He could stay in New York no longer, so he came down to Kentucky and, after awhile, went into business. Don't see any light yet, do you?"

"Oh, hush."

"Wait a minute. He had not been in business long until I met him. He took a fancy to me and gave me employment. After I had been with him several years, he sent me to Arkansaw. I had been in this State but a short time until I met you. Summary: If the friend had not asked the drug clerk to drink on one certain occasion he would not have got drunk. If he hadn't been drunk he would not have made a mistake in filling the prescription, and had he not made a mistake, Mrs. Potter would not have been killed, and had she not died, Potter would not have left New York, and had he not left that city I should not have met him, and had I not gone into business with him—"

"Oh, for goodness sake, hush. You are enough to drive anybody crazy."

She arose and left the room. Her husband mused: "I'll make her another bet. I'll bet she doesn't get that cloak. I have always thought that the logic of events failed to meet with proper appreciation in this country."

PUTTING THINGS AWAY.

THE MAN

YOUNG FOLKS

Wild Winds.

Oh! oh! how the wild winds blow!
Blow high,
Blow low,
And whirlwinds go
So chase the little leaves that fly,
Fly low and high,
To hollow and to steep hillside;
They shiver in the dreary weather,
And creep in little heaps together,
And nestle close and try to hide;
Oh! oh! how the wild winds blow!
Blow low,
Blow high,
And whirlwinds try
To find a crevice, to find a crack.—
They whirl to the front, they whirl to the back
But Tommy and Will and Baby, together,
Are snug and safe from the winter weather.
All the winds that blow
Cannot touch a toe,
Cannot twist or twirl,
One silky curl;
Though they rattle the door in a noisy pack,
The blazing fires will drive them pack.

Jack's Raccoon.

We have a raccoon! We have had him two weeks. He is half Bob's, and half mine.

Mr. Brownhill caught him and tamed him, and then gave him to us.

Papa says he is quite a superior man, and I think so too. (Mamma says I must explain that I mean Mr. Brownhill.)

The raccoon is a perfect beauty; gray, with black rings on his tail, and his tail is a great bushy tail; and some black stripes on his body, and a sharp-pointed, black nose, and such bright eyes! They are black, too, and they twinkle all the time. They twinkle so that Alice (she is one of my sisters) says —

"Twinkle, twinkle, little coon!
How your voice is out of tune.
Every time I hear you speak,
It is just a horrid squeak."

He *does* squeak, but I don't think it's horrid, any more than the noise her kitten makes.

Well, he belongs to Bob and me together, as I told you; so one week he lives at our house, and the next week he lives at Bob's, and we are going to teach him a new trick every week.

It is Bob's week now, and I miss him very much, though of course I see him every day.

He knows some tricks already.

You give him some snow, and he sits up and makes it into snowballs, patting it with his funny little black hands (of course they are paws, but they really look like hands), till he makes it quite round and hard, and then he rolls it about, or else he throws it away, and then looks at you to give him some more.

He doesn't like to have his feet wet, so when they get wet, he pats them against the wall until they are dry.

He did that in mamma's room one day, and left the marks of his feet all over the pretty pink paper; and mamma whipped him. But I don't suppose he knew that the paper was pink, or pretty either.

I love him very much, and he sits on my shoulder, for he is a young one, and not very big yet.

You ought to see Tom, our great yellow cat, when Coon pulls his tail! He humps himself up and growls, and gets very angry. You see, he knows it isn't a cat, and he knows it isn't a dog, but he doesn't know *what* it is.

Bob has just been here, after I had written that; and oh! what *do* you think Coon has been doing at his house?

Well, you see, he likes to go to sleep on the window sill in the kitchen, where the sun shines in. Bob left him there, sound asleep, all curled up in a ball, with his tail

to dryness and inflammation of the throat, than those who do not. A very good way to use it is to prepare it in the form of a gargle. Take a heaping teaspoonful of salt in a tumbler of water, and gargle three or four times a day. It is well to avoid going out in the cold for fifteen or twenty minutes after using it.

Many do not know to what dangers one is liable who has a severe sore throat. I do not mean diphtheretic sore throat, but the common non-specific sore throat. The danger to be feared, and consequently to be avoided, is ulceration. If this takes place, the case becomes one of a serious nature. Prompt care and attention will generally pevent this additional and serious complication. For dryness of the throat, a small piece of muriate of ammonia, ten or fifteen grains every two or three hours, will be found very serviceable. It is best taken dry in the mouth and allowed to slowly dissolve.

— —

Aspiration.

A fluid often accumulates in one or more cavities of the body, causing much harm by its pressure, and frequently resulting in death. It is sometimes due to inflammation, which increases the natural secretion of the parts, and sometimes to obstructions of the blood-vessels, causing their distention and a leakage, or exudation, of the watery parts of the blood through their walls. The fluid is generally thin, limpid and colorless, or slightly yellow, or, more rarely, gelatinous and turbid. When it is due to inflammation, it tends to become purulent and fetid.

A secreting membrane covers the lungs, and, turning back, lines the sides of the chest, thus forming a closed cavity. A similar one lines every closed cavity of the body, and secretes a thin, lubricating fluid which prevents all friction between adjacent parts. This fluid is called serum. All cavities which opens into the outer world—the mouth, stomach, intestines, bladder, etc.—are lined with a membrane that secretes mucus, a thicker fluid.

A serum-secreting membrane, similar to that which invests the lungs, lines the sac (pericardium) that encloses the heart, also the entire cavity of the abdomen, all the joints of the body, and equally covers and surrounds the brain, dipping down into and lining its ventricles and convolutions. Thus, in pleurisy, "water" may so accumulate between the chest and the lungs as not only to impede but wholly prevent the action of the latter; between the heart and its sac, so as to interfere with the action both of the heart and the lungs; within the abdomen, to the amount sometimes of gallons; within the joints, especially of the knee, and upon the brain, or within its ventricles.

"Tapping" the brain has long been practised, to the great relief of the patient, though temporary, as, the cause remaining, the water rapidly accumulates again. But it is not yet twenty years since the invention of the "aspirator," a great advance on the so-called "trocar."

It is a hollow needle,—the finest only one-fiftieth of an inch in diameter,—attached to a rubber tube, the latter connected with a glass syringe having a piston, stopcocks, and a discharging tube. The hollow needle penetrating to the fluid, the working of the piston creates a vacuum, when the fluid rises up into the instrument and flows out through the tube.

By using cocaine to abolish sensation in the punctured part, or benumbing the surface with a spray of ether, the operation may be rendered painless, all sensation being confined to the nerves of the skin.

The pride of Summer is that which goes before a Fall.

PUTTING THINGS AWAY.

THE MAN.

Man puts things out of the way whenever the necessity of so doing presents itself to him. For example, he finds that his room is in a disorderly state. Too many pairs of boots make themselves painfully obvious; there are more discarded collars on the mantel than propriety would dictate; and the mixture of cigar ashes, clothes brushes, and gloves on his table has reached a stage of confusion which displeases him, He resloves to put things in order and put out of the way whatever is plainly adapted to the process. Accordingly he crowds the superfluous boots under the sofa, thrusts smaller articles of personal apparel into the drawers, empties the cigar ashes and bits of waste paper behind his desk, and thus quickly sets his room in order. Now the result of this process is eminently satisfactory. Not only has he put things out of the way, but he is in a position to find them again as soon as he wants them. The sofa stands faithfully on guard over the boots, and he can at any time poke them out with a cane. The discarded collars, the gloves, the pipes and the various small articles thrown into the drawers, remain there, and the ashes and waste paper could be exhumed from behind the desk, were any possible demand for them to arise.

THE WOMAN.

Of course this masculine process of putting things out of the way excites the derision of woman. She claims it is the worst form and last expression of disorder. To put things away, as the art is practised by women, is equivalent to concealing them more or less completely.

The desire to put things away amounts in most women to a passion. Curiously enough it is always the things of other people—her husband or her children—that she puts away. Her own she wisely keeps where they are handy; and she resents the suggestion, no matter where they may be, they can ever be regarded as objects out of place. All other things, on the other hand, are, in her opinion, always out of place provided they are visible. Her chief object in life is to put them away where no one can see them, and her greatest happiness is attained when she has put them away so securely that she herself cannot remember where they are. Books and papers of a kind which a man is apt to need at any moment are always put away by women of eager enthusiasm. Winter clothing is put away in spring with such success that the owner is convinced that it has been stolen. In short there is nothing that woman will not gladly and effectually put away if it belongs exclusively to a man.

Two men called up the telegraph operator at East Weymouth, Mass., recently, and got him to go to the depot at midnight in order to send a telegram. As he entered the station the men drew revolvers and demanded the money in the safe, knowing it temporarily contained a large amount. Quick as a flash the operator whipped out a pistol and "got the drop upon the would be robbers, who fled in terror.

Although a banker, and one of the best business men in the world, the late Lord Mayor of London, Sir R. N. Fowler, writes so atrocious a hand that a sentence which he intended to be read as follows, "I regard the conduct of the Government in this matter as absolutely inhuman," was, owing to the inability of a printer to decipher what was meant, transformed in type into "I rarely can compass a tale. My grandmother is the best narrator of amusing incidents."

the window sill in the kitchen, where the sun shines in. Bob left him there, sound asleep, all curled up in a ball, with his tail all over his nose; that is the way he sleeps, and he looks so funny, you can't think!

By-and-by Bob's mother came into the kitchen, and she saw that the door of the pie-cupboard, where she keeps the pies, was open. So she went to shut it; and she looked in, and there was Coon, sitting on the top shelf, with a pie in his hands!

When he saw her, he dropped the pie, and it broke all to pieces on the floor, and he jumped right over her head, and ran off as fast as he could run.

And Mrs. Taylor screamed, and Bob came in to see what was the matter, and Coon ran right between his legs and tripped him up, and he fell down on top of the pie.

And then Mrs. Taylor looked at the other pies, and he had patted every one of them all round the edge, and there were the marks of his feet all over them.

There were twelve pies; some of them were squash, and some were custard, and some were cranberry.

She was very angry, and Bob shut up Coon in the wood-closet and came over to tell me about it, and I don't think I ever laughed so much in all my life.

Advice to Farmers.

The fellow who gets off the following thinks himself mighty smart, don't he?

Never give greasy dish-water to pigs; it is too rich for their blood. Feed it to the hired man.

To keep a plow-horse from balking—leave him in the stable and don't try to work him.

The best way to raise potatoes is with a table fork. Some use a case knife; but as its sharp edge is liable to convert a common-sized mouth into an alligator-like abysmal grub-trap, that method should be avoided.

A farm barn should have all the modern improvements. Place a nice roof over it, and put a good fence around it. Then put a big insurance for double its value on it, and some dark and windy night shove a lighted torch under it.

Always postpone threshing until a propitious time. If you've got a grudge against a 200-pound neighbor, wait till some day when he is sick or has his back turned to you. Then jump onto him with a club and thresh the life out of him, if you want to.

Be sure to harvest and sell your eggs before they become over ripe. There is nothing so painful to the average buyer as to open a boiled article of hen fruit at breakfast and find that at some pre-historic period in the halcyon past, it had seen better days. Consumers prefer to meet the egg in the heyday of its existence, and ere it has outlived its usefulness.

Butter must never be trusted to walk alone to the city. It should be muzzled, chained and led by a strong rope, so that it cannot break away and destroy anything. There is an incident on record where a strong, vigorous consignment of extract de cow, en route to market, without a keeper, maliciously stopped on a railroad crossing and threw a train off the track. It cost the farmer owner his whole homestead to pay the damages obtained in court by the railway company.

In conclusion, when coming to the city with your family to visit the "the-ay-ter," instead of lubricating your wagon axles with rancid lard, and putting oil of bergamot on your heads of hair, reverse the order. (Though the odors of the former pale gaslights and suffocate an actor or two still the patrons of the drama in the audience near you will hilariously appreciate the change.

MERRY RIPPLES.

The Onondaga Indians worship a white dog. Their deity must be a holy terrier.

When you see your neighbor in his back yard engaged in splitting wood you may at any moment send a cold chill down his spine by sharply shouting at him, "Look out for that clothes line!"

A San Francisco family recently engaged a young girl from the East who advertised that she had been "four yoars in her last place." The family subsequently learned that she would have remained longer than four years in her last place if the Governor had not pardoned her when he did.

It's mighty seldom dat yer ken tell er pusson 'zactly how yer wants er thing done, an' nine times outen ten it is better for er pusson to do it hisself, fur eben ef it ain' done so well, he is better pleased wid de job. When yer itches 'twixt de shoulders it's er mighty hard matter ter tell er pus son whar to scratch.

"There!" said Mrs. Gummidge, putting aside her paper. "Good for Lillie Devereux Blake." "What has she done, my dear?" "She says that Shakespeare was a brute, and that the play 'The Taming of the Shrew' does woman gross injustice." "Well, I think myself that it would have been truer to nature if he hadn't a-tamed her."

Fesseden, who recently purchased an alarm clock, says the thing is a confounded humbug. "I set the alarm," he explained, "before going to bed, after taking the precaution to stop the clock, so that its ticking shouldn't keep me awake. And would you believe it, I overslept next morning a whole hour later than usual!"

"Want your sidewalk cleaned off?" he asked of a citizen. "Just got a man." "Have any badges on?" "I believe he has five or six." "Then let him keep the job. I'm a tramp and hard up, but them roller-skating champions has got to earn a living somehow, and I'm not the man to stand in their way. They are entitled to public sympathy and assistance."

It was a New York capitalist who flung $1,000 at one of his sons a year ago and said: "There it is, and it is the last dollar you'll get from me. You don't know enough to pound salt. Speculation! Why you haven't sense eneugh to buy and ship eggs. The other day the old man went down to Florida to see about a 3,000-acre tract of land he had purchased at $3. an acre for an orange grove. He went to the headquarters of "The Florida Orange Grove Estate Agency," and he found that his son was President, Secretary, Treasurer and sole owner. Half an hour later he discovered that his 3,000 acres raised alligators instead of oranges, and that the boy had cleared about $8,000 in the single transaction.

A Toronto drummer succeeded last Fall in taking three or four Ontario customers away from a Montreal house, but when he went his rounds a few days ago he was coldly received and no one would give him an order. "I feel," he finally said, "that I have a right to demand an explanation. How have I forfeited your confidence?" "Oh, you see, I have nothing against you or your house," replied the party addressed, "but the fact is, the other drummer is engaged to one of my daughters, and I feel it my duty to help him all I can." The Toronto man received the same explanation from all the others, and being a married man he abandoned the field.

Advice to Young Women.

A lady of intelligence and observation has remarked:

"I wish I could impress upon the minds

A Cure For Drunkenness.

The Cure of Drunkenness is a task with which the regular practitioner has been unable to cope. Nine-tenths of mankind look upon drunkenness as a social vice, which a man may overcome by force of will. Drunkenness is a bad habit we all admit, in the moderate drinker. In the confirmed drunkard it becomes disease of the nervous system. The medical treatment of this disease consists in the employment of remedies that act directly upon those portions of the nervous system which, when diseased, cause lunacy, dementia, and the drinking habit. Remedies must be employed that will cure the appetite for strong drink, steady the trembling hand, revive the lagging spirit, balance the mind, etc. The nervous system of the dram drinker being all unstrung or shattered, must be given a nutriment that will take the place of the accustomed liquor, and prevent the physical and moral prostration that often follows a sudden breaking off from the use of alcoholic drinks. Lubon's medicine may be given in tea or coffee, without the knowledge of the person taking it, if so desired. Those of our readers who are interested in this subject, should send their address for Lubon's Treatise, in book form, on drunkenness, opium, morphine and kindred habits, which will be mailed free to any address, when stamp is inclosed for postage. Address, M. V. Lubon, 47 Welington street east, Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper.

Great is the Commander of the Faithful Recently he took a notion to have an artificial lake made in the Yildiz Kiosk park, that he might take his favorite sultana sailing in a steam launch. So he had the huge basin prepared and the whole water supply of Constantinople turned in, and all the city had to go dry for a day un the lake was full.

Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute.

This widely celebrated institution, located at Buffalo, N. Y., is organized with a full staff of eighteen experienced and skillful Physicians and Surgeons, constituting the most complete organization of medical and surgical skill in America, for the treatment of all chronic diseases, whether requiring medical or surgical means for their cure. Marvelous success has been achieved in the cure of all nasal, throat and lung diseases, liver and kidney diseases, diseases of the digestive organs, bladder diseases, diseases peculiar to women, blood taints and skin diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous debility, paralysis, epilepsy (fits), spermatorrhea, impotency and kindred affections. Thousands are cured at their homes through correspondence. The cure of the worst ruptures, pile tumors, varicocele, hydrocele and strictures is guaranteed, with only a short residence at the institution. Send 10 cents in stamps for the Invalids' Guide-Book (168 pages). which gives all particulars. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Troubles never come singly, sure enough. Immediately following the death of Wm. H. Vanderbilt alleged portraits of his sons appeared in scores of daily newspapers. Some persons seem to take a fiendish delight in multiplying grief.

Don't hawk, hawk, and blow, blow, disgusting everybody, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

In this big world all's for our good; If pipes didn't bust the plumber would.

"Golden Medical Discovery" will not cure a person whose lungs are almost wasted, but it is an unfailing remedy for consumption if taken in time. All druggists.

Had Adam got a patent cut on woman he

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The Snow Drift Baking Powder Co., Brantford, Ont.

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TWO GENTLEMEN AND ONE LADY OF GOOD character and fair education can obtain permanent remunerative employment. INTERNATIONAL BOOK AND BIBLE HOUSE, 48 Front St. East, Toronto.

YOUNG MARRIED persons, or those about to marry, will be greatly benefitted by sending 3c. for sealed particulars of this advertisement. J. W. S. UTEWICK, Toronto, Canada.

WANTED—10,000 Millmen and others interested in machinery to send name and address for a copy of my No. 12 Illustrated Catalogue; sent free. H. W. PETRIE, Machinist and General Machine Dealer, Brantford, Ont.

PLANER KNIVES, STAVE CUTTER, STAVE jointer, cheese box, veneer, leather splitting bookbinders, moulding, tenoning, and other machine knives of best quality, manufactured by PETER HAY, Galt Machine Knife Works, Galt, Ont.; send for price list.

GOOD STOCK AND GRAIN FARM FOR SALE Cheap.—Lots 53, 54, 64, 65 and 66, Maitland Concession, Goderich Township, Huron County, containing 334 acres, 6 miles from Clinton; 250 in cultivation; 84 acres in heavy hardwood timber; well watered by an arm of the Maitland river; frame house and barn erected. Price, $23 per acre if sold before 1st March, 1886. Apply to THOMAS JACKSON, Clinton, or to T. EDE, Barrister, Toronto.

SHORTHAND TAUGHT FREE by mail. Students thoroughly prepared in Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, Grammar, Classics, Matriculation, and Civil Service examinations, by attending our Academy. Students helped to situations when proficient. Shorthand books and periodicals wholesale and retail. Immediately address, The Union Shorthanders' Commercial Academy, Arcade, Toronto.

GUELPH BUSINESS COLLEGE, Guelph, Ont That man only is rightly educated who knows how to use himself, who possesses such practical knowledge and such manual skill as will enable him to compete successfully with his fellows in the business of life. To impart such education, to prepare such man is the design and purpose of this institution. For terms, etc., call at the college or address, M. MACCORMICK, Principal.

JAMES PARK & SON,

Pork Packers, Toronto.

L. C. Bacon, Rolled Spice Bacon, C. C. Bacon, Glasgow Beef Hams, Sugar Cured Ham, Dried Beef, Breast Bacon, Smoked Tongues, Mess Pork Pickled ongues, Cheese, Family or Navy Pork, Lard in Tubs and Pails. The Best Brands of English Fine Dairy Salt in Stock

AXLE AND MACHINE SCREW WORKS.

LINTON, LAKE & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of Carriage and Waggon Axles, Iron and Steel Set and Cap Screws, Studs for Cylinder Heads, Steam Chests, Pumps, &c., GALT, ONT.

Bronze Medal at Industrial Exhibition, 1885. Price List on application.

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—CELEBRATED—

Crocker Roller Skates.

One Million pairs in use in Canada and U. S.

Simplest, strongest, lightest and easiest running. Send for Catalogue. Liberal inducements to parties building rinks. Local agents wanted.

CROCKER SKATE CO.,

Advice to Young Women.

A lady of intelligence and observation has remarked :

"I wish I could impress upon the minds of the girls that the chief end of woman is not to marry young."

If girls could only be brought to believe that their chances for a happy marriage were better after 25 than before, there would be much less misery in the world than there now is. To be sure, they might not have so many opportunities to marry as before, but as they do not need to marry but one at a time, it is necessary that that one should be satisfactory. As a girl grows older, if she thinks at all, she certainly becomes more capable of judging what would make her happy than when younger. How many girls of 20 would think of marrying the man they would gladly have married at 16?

At 30, a woman who is somewhat independent, and not anxious, over-anxious, to marry, is much harder to please and more careful in her choice than one at 20. There is good reason for this. Her mind has improved with her years, and she now looks beyond mere appearances in judging men. She is apt to ask if this man who is so very polite in company is really kind-hearted. Do his polite actions spring from a happy, genial nature, or is his attractive demeanor put on for the occasion and laid off at home as he lays off his coat?

A very young girl takes it for granted that men are always as she sees them in society—polite, friendly, and on their good behavior. If she marries early the man who happens to please her fancy, she learns to her sorrow that in nine cases out of ten, a man in society and a man at home are widely different beings. Five years, at that period of life, produce a great change in opinions and feelings.

We frequently come to detest at 25 what we admired at 16. We advance from the taffy candy and peanut age to the era of gumdrops and *marron glaces*, and even in later years lose our yearnings.

His Reward.

Moral lessons are not easy to inculcate and the distressed teacher finds herself between Scylla and Charybdis. A school teacher in California received for a Christmas gift a pair of flower vases, which she kept upon her table. One of the pupils in the school, an over-grown, half-witted youth, was sadly given to telling falsehoods.

As the schoolmistress entered her room one day, she was met by this youth, who was weeping copiously, and holding in his hand the fragments of one of the vases, shattered to atoms. Overwhelmed by the accident, he had shown (for him) remarkable moral courage in "owning up;" and the teacher, delighted at his truthfulness, though deploring the loss of her present, called him a "good boy," and as a reward of honesty, gave him a picture-book.

But the pride she had experienced over his moral improvement was somewhat abated when, the next morning, she met him with the other vase, totally demolished.

"O missus, I've busted your otha liddle jug! Gimme 'notha picture-book!"

His dull mind had conceived the idea that the reward was for breaking the vase, instead of being given to him for telling the truth, in spite of fear.

A Fine Fellow

He may be, but if he tells you that any preparation in the world is as good as Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor distrust the advice. Imitation only prove the value of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. See signature on each bottle of Polson & Co. Get "Putnam's."

"Golden Medical Discovery" will not cure a person whose lungs are almost wasted, but it is an unfailing remedy for consumption if taken in time. All druggists.

Had Adam got a patent out on woman he might have died a millionaire.

Imperial Cough Drops will give Positive and Instant Relief to those suffering from Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., and are invaluable to orators and vocalists. For sale by druggists and confectioners. R. & T. WATSON, Manufacturers, Toronto.

"And how old are you, my little man?" "I'm not old at all. I'm nearly new!"

Catarrhal Headache, hawking and spitting up phlegm, etc., at once relieved and cured by the use of Dr. Carson's Catarrh Cure. No reason why you should suffer another day. Many cases of Catarrh of long standing have been cured by a single bottle of Dr Carson's Catarrh Cure. All Druggists, $1.00 per bottle

Fur rugs are in demand, and sell at popular prices.

"Chestnut"—A joke that another fellow worked off while you were manipulating its protoplasm.

The entries for the great Colonial and Indian Exhibition still come in from all quarters of the Dominion, and corporations, societies, and institutions of all sorts, are contributing to make the display of the most varied character. One of the novel features in the Dominion display will be a journal printed in the building. This paper will be edited and published by Canadians, printed from Canadian type, on a Canadian press, and from Canadian made paper. It will be published by a syndicate of gentlemen, under the name of the "Trades Publishing Co.," with offices in Toronto and Montreal.

Count Sales is a member of the French Legation. He's the cash-boy of the Legation, we suppose.

There is no excuse for your suffering any longer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, etc., when you can get a remedy guaranteed to cure, and which is perfectly safe. Dr. Carson's Catarrh Cure is a pleasant and effectual remedy. Ask your Druggist about it.

A. P. 267

BENGOUGH'S SHORTHAND AND BUSINESS Institute, Toronto, is the oldest, largest, cheapest and best on the continent. Business men supplied with office help on the shortest possible notice. Write for descriptive calendar. THOS. BENGOUGH, President, C. H. BROOKS, Sec'y-Treas.

WILD LANDS FOR SALE—S. ½ 21, CONCESSION 2, Nottawasaga, Simcoe County; 100 acres; one mile from Stayner: will make a first-class grain or dairy farm; also lot 36, 2 Vespra; 100 acres; will be sold cheap; also lot 35, north boundary Stephen, Huron County; 100 acres; will be sold cheap. Apply to T. EDE, Barrister, Toronto.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

One Million pairs in use in Canada and U. S. Simplest, strongest, lightest and easiest running. Send for Catalogue. Liberal inducements to parties building rinks. Local agents wanted.

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Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday, and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland. Also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow line sail during winter to and from Halifax, Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal, weekly, Glasgow and Boston, weekly; and Glasgow and Philadelphia, fortnightly.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co, St. John's, N. F,. Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allan & Co., Chicago; Love & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brockie, Philadelphia; H, A Allan, Portland, Boston, Montreal

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

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Along the line of the **Chicago and Northwestern Railway in Central Dakota and Northern Nebraska.** New sections are being opened up and rapidly settled in these **wonderfully productive regions,** and the "first comers" will have "first choice" of location.

For full information (which will be sent you free of charge) about the free lands and cheap homes, apply to

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Try Our Canadian Coal Oil, "SUNLIGHT" Brand, Finest in the Market.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and pwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
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Office—194 Dundas-st. over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee.

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NAPANEE, FRIDAY, FEB. 19, 1886.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 1y-40

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Office—Madden's Book Store, Dundas-st.

ROUND TOWN.

—Mr. E. D. McGurn has during the present winter shipped 47 car-loads of barley for Downey & Co. from Marysville station.

—If you wish to refurnish your house now is the time, during Gibbard's cost sale.

—Harry Lindley is doing Kingston this week and will afterwards strike north. The genial Harry is anxiously awaited here.

—For toilet soaps, combs, brushes, musical instruments and tinware, go to the 7 cent store west of the Campbell House. R. VANCE.

—There seems to be a strange fatality to skating rinks. Napanee rink was followed last Saturday by those of Lindsay and Port Hope.

—For glassware, crockery, wooden butter bowls, matches, flour sives, dolls and toys, go to the 7 cent store west of the Campbell House. R. VANCE.

—A number of Napaneeans attended the "Devil's Auction" at Belleville Saturday evening. Most of them were disappointed with the performance.

—**H. R. Duff, M.D., C.M.**, physician, surgeon, accoucheur, etc., Main-st., Newburgh, over Grange's drug store 2-1y.

—The spring assizes will be held in Napanee March 15th; Picton, March 8th; Kingston, March 22nd; Belleville, April 26; Chief Jusice Cameron, presiding.

—Petitions to the Senate and House of Commons are being numerously signed in town asking that the Scott Act be amended by providing wine and beer licenses.

—If you are thinking of furnishing a house and setting up for yourself you will save money by ordering your furniture at once. See Gibbard & Son's announcement.

—The cheapest place to buy the best makes of sewing machines is at Gibbard & Son's.

—Remember the Farmers' Institute meeting Feb. 26 and 27. 2

—Ham sandwiches made to order at fleming and davis'.

—The town is crowded with pretty school "marms" attending the teachers' convention.

—The very finest extra select and standard oysters received by fleming and davis.'

—Mr. J. Shaltry, has disposed of his meat market in the west end to Mr. Joshua Anderson.

—A meeting of the Lennox Farmers' Institute will be held in the Town Hall, Napanee, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 26 and 27.

—Butter is a very scarce article on the market now, and brings at the rate of 25c. lb. Hardwood is valued at from $3 50 to $4 per cord.

—The tenders received by the R. C. vault committee having been found too high, the plans and specifications have been altered and fresh tenders are being asked for.

—A number of invitations have been received by Napaneeans for the grand ball given by Trenton snow shoe and toboggan club, to be held in Trenton this evening. Napanee snow shoers will be well represented.

—A rather novel funeral took place Sunday. The body of a child belonging to a Mr. McCabe was taken to the Town Hall where the Saved Army burial rites were performed by Mr. Irvine, a Belleville evangelist, after which the corpse was deposited in the vault.

—The many friends of John B. Gough, the celebrated lecturer, who charmed a Napanee audience last year, will be sorry to hear of his sudden attack of apoplexy while delivering a lecture in Philadephia Tuesday evening. It is doubttul if he will recover.

—Our dealers report an unusually large sale of valentines this year, especially of the "horribles." The practice of showing one's friends to themselves as they are seen by outsiders was generally indulged in this year to the exclusion of the finer class of valentines bearing little messages of love and friendship. The post office officials looked as mad as hornets all day Saturday and Monday, but the frowns have cleared from their brows and everything is working smoothly once more.

—We are pleased to announce the coming of those celebrated American specialists from Dr. J. D. Kirgan's Medical and Surgical Institute of Detroit. In another columu may be seen the day and date of their visit to Napanee and Deseronto. Those who have tried, so far, in vain to obtain a cure for their disease or deformity should not give up all hope until they have visited these physicians and obtained their opinion, which may be considered correct, and in all cases free and impartial. 13

—About twenty members of Argyll Lodge 212, Napanee, paid a fraternal visit on Wednesday evening of last week to their brethren of Deseronto Lodge, No. 102 During the visit two initiation ceremonies took place, each lodge taking turn. A very pleasant evening was spent in the lodge room by the brethren, and it was observed that there were representatives of Belleville, Oswego, Farmersville and Buffalo lodges also present. After the meeting an adjournment was made to the Deseronto House where supper was served and a pleasant time enjoyed.—Tribune.

—A unique social and literary entertainment under the auspices of the Chautauqua circle will be held at the residence of Mr. Chas. James on the evening of Friday, 26th inst. The occasion is the Longfellow memorial day, and the invitations will be issued by the C. L. S. C. The programme will include the names of Mrs. Symington, Mrs.

—Rose walnut creams and chocolate drops fresh to-day at fleming and davis'.

—A portion of the police office in the market building has been partitioned off as a private office.

—The "Gem" billiard parlor is being fitted up as a boot and shoe store by Mr. John Cliff. It will be occupied by Mr. A. D. McRossie.

—Mr. R. H. Trimble carried off all the principal prizes in the class in which he exhibited at the Bowmanville Poultry Show recently held.

—A meeting of the Young People's Association of the Western Methodist Church will be held in the lecture room of the church to-morrow (Saturday) night.

—Prof. Mills, of the Ontario Agricultural College, and an assistant, will address the Farmers' Institute meetings in the Town Hall, Napanee, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 26 and 27. 2

—There being as yet no legally qualified representative of the stock of the late A. McNeill, Esq., the annual meeting of the Cement Works Co. has been further adjourned till 2nd March.

—We understand that a stock book for an Electric Light Company in town has been opened. The Company will have a capital of $10,000, of which $6,000 has been subscribed. An application will be made for a charter in a few days.

—A tramp applied for lodging at the police station the other night who claimed to have walked from Montreal to Napanee in a week—an average of nearly 30 miles per day. This rivals as far as it goes Peter Dufour's celebrated walk from Winnipeg to Quebec.

—Young lady and gentleman driving along Newburgh road, after passing a deep pitch-hole. She—"We have a new name for pitch holes now." He—"What is it?" She, (with a blush)—"Kiss-me-quicks." The silence which followed was only broken at quick intervals by the sound of loud osculations. He understood.

—In compliance with the wishes of a large number of our merchants the Mayor has called a public meeting of the citizens of Napanee for this evening to consider the advisability of forming a Board of Trade to protect the interests of the town. There should be a full attendance, as the subject is of vital importance.

—The case of G. S. Asselstine vs. Joy & Sons, a dispute over wages, was heard before Chas. James, Esq., J. P., yesterday morning and judgment reserved until Monday next at 10 a. m.....The plaintiff in Hamilton vs. Simons appeared in court Monday morning and paid costs, the defendants having taken the magistrate's advice and vacated the premises.

—The Telemann Septette Club will give one of their inimitable entertainments in the Opera House on Tuesday evening, March 9th, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church. Their return will be warmly welcomed. Since their last appearance here the family have established a provincial reputation as the rivals of the famous Mendelssohn Quintette Club. Keep in mind the date and be sure and not miss the treat.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the only person in Napanee who can sell you a coupon ticket to Manitoba and British Columbia. If you buy from other than authorized agents you are compelled to exchange at junctions, therefore save all trouble and annoyance by purchasing your tickets from W. D. Madden authorized agent of the C. P. R. Office—Madden's Bookstore and Telephone Exchange. 13

—If you are thinking of furnishing a house and setting up for yourself you will save money by ordering your furniture at once. See Gibbard & Son's announcement.

—The cheapest place to buy the best makes of carpet sweepers, bird cages, knives, forks, spoons, churns, and all kinds of stoves and house furnishing goods is at Boyle & Son's.

—We regret to learn that the wife of Rev. L. A. Betts is very ill from rheumatism. She has been confined to her room for over eight weeks. Her many friends wish her speedy recovery.

—A cow belonging to Mr. Ogden Hinch got in the river above the falls on Tuesday. It was extricated with difficulty just as she was about exhausted, by means of a rope drawn round her horns.

—The Sporting World this week contains a portrait intended to be that of Harry Horsey, the Kingston fire-bug, which has not the slightest resemblance to the supposed original.

—The Salvation Army of Bath announce a protracted jubilee of three days' duration, commencing on the 20th inst. Staff Capt. Eadie and wife will be present together with Napanee officers and corps.

—The Standard reporter must be afflicted with color blindness or something of the sort. He solemnly avers he only saw two dogs all last week. Probably he means unlicensed canines without the customary tag.

—The great clearing sale of boots and shoes, trunks and valises, is still in full blast at James H. Downey's. New and elegant goods selling at very low prices. Boots and shoes to fit and prices to suit all pockets. JAMES H. DOWNEY.

—Mr and Mrs. John Dickens returned to town on Monday and stopped at the Campney restaurant where they were serenaded in the evening by the band. The boys were taken in and treated to the oysters.

—For a clean shave, a fashionable hair cut, or an invigorating shampoo, try the Campbell House barber shop. Neatness, cleanliness and respectful treatment of patrons are characteristics of the establishment.

—"Bob" Burdette of the Burlington Hawkeye has been lecturing at Kingston, Peterboro', Ottawa and various other places in Ontario, and is always greeted with bumper houses. An effort should be made to bring him to Napanee.

—Mr. Will Hunt, the popular dispensor of liquids at the Dominion House, has become a benedict. A few days ago he returned from a six weeks tour bringing with him a bride in the person of Miss O'Brien of Hamilton. Congratulations, Will.

—Several gentlemen from this section left town on Tuesday to attend the session of the Grand Lodge of the A. O. U. W., which is in session at St. Catharines. Messrs. R. G. Wright and W. A. Rose represents Napanee lodge; Dr. Beeman, Centreville lodge; and Mr. Bragg, Tamworth lodge.

—The cheapest and most convenient place to buy all your goods is at Perry & Co.'s, 2 doors east of Tichborne House. We want all your clover and timothy seed and will pay you the highest market price. A fresh and enormous supply of garden and field seeds just arrived, all of which we will guarantee. We want all your bees-wax.

—A hymeneal paragraph in last week's issue stated incorrectly that the wedding of Mr. York and Miss Cynthia Scouten took place at the residence of the bride's father, Napanee Mills, on Sunday evening. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's cousin, Rev. W. J. Young, Tweed, on Saturday evening, 6th inst.

—Two large cases of tinware received at Gallagher's Book and Notion Bargain House this week. Note a few of his bargains:—1 quart pail 7c., 2 quart pail 10c., 3 quart pail 12c., 10 quart pail 15c., 14 quart pail 18c., 8 quart dish 12c, 14 quart dish 21c., and many other things too numerous to mention; also bargains in books, stationery, music and notions, at Gallagher's Book and Notion Bargain House.

—"No Surrender Lodge" No. 18, Loyal True Blues, elected their officers on Monday evening as follows:—Bro. W. Warner, W.M.; Bro. Chas. Wager, D.M.; Bro. M. S. Plumley, Treas.; Bro. J. F. Scott, Rec. Sec.; Bro. Geo. Cole, Fin. Sec.; Bro. Jas. Sanderson, Chap.; Bro Wesley Schryver, First Committeeman; Bro. Thos. Woodcock, Second Committeeman. The lodge meets in the Orange Hall on the first and third Monday evenings of each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.

—Another narrow escape from destruction by fire was averted Saturday evening last at the Brisco House by the prompt action of Mr. Thos. Empey, the leasee. A lamp in the bar-room suddenly took fire around the wick and a bright flame immediately shot up to the ceiling. Mr. Empey was in the room at the time and with rare presence of mind and fortitude seized the burning lamp and threw it out on the street, where it sputtered and fizzed in the snow for some time. Mr. Empey's timely action saved the hotel.

—The annual meeting of the Napanee Agricultural Society will be held in the Council Chamber on Saturday, 12th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. for the election of officers for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. A full attendance of members is requested. By order of the President. W. H. GRAHAM, Secretary.

—The Napanee Mills Literary Society will hold a social in the Methodist church, Napanee Mills, on Friday evening, 11th inst. The following programme will be rendered:—Chairman's address; Reading, Miss Lizzie Hinch; Recitation, Miss Lizzie Hinch

POOR RELIEF.

[To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.]

SIR,—The report of the meeting to discuss the question of relief for the poor has suggested the idea that perhaps the plan so successfully adopted by the town of Cobourg might work equally well in Napanee. A large and representative committee of ladies of the town have full charge of the work of relief, and to this committee the council give an annual grant. Private contributions are also received, consisting of various articles of food, fuel, clothing, etc. From what I have learned and seen the plan has been economical and quite satisfactory. Should the promoters desire full information I am sure they could obtain it through Mayor C. C. Field, Cobourg.

Yours, &c.,
C. C. JAMES.

Ont. Ag. College, Feb. 8th, 1886.

Vote of Thanks.

Following is a copy of the resolution thanking the manager and officials of the N., T. & Q. Railway for the courtesy extended the members of the County Council in giving them a pleasure trip over the line while in session here :—

"Moved by Mr. Parks, seconded by Mr. Carscallen, and resolved, that the thanks of the "County Council of the County of Lennox and "Addington are due and are hereby tendered "to E. W. Rathbun, Esq., the General Manager of the Napanee, Tamworth and Quebec "Railway Company, for the very pleasant and "agreeable trip over the line of said railway, "had by the Council Board this day, and we "trust that the management of said Company "may soon see their way clear to extend their "road to connect with the Canadian Pacific "Railway which will enable our merchants, "manufacturers and farmers to avail themselves of two of the great highways of this "county, viz:—The Grand Trunk Railway and "the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the thanks "of the Council Board is hereby tendered to "Mr. Alex. Henry, Mr. W. S. Williams and Mr. "H. B. Sherwood, the President, Secretary and "Superintendent, respectively, of said road, "who accompanied us, for the courtesy shown "us on the trip."—Carried unanimously.

—AT COST. I am offering my whole stock of boots and shoes at cost for cash until February 20th, and all who may need goods in my line will find it to their advantage to give me a call before buying elsewhere, as I mean to sell boots cheaper than they have ever been sold in Napanee. Remember, only until the 20th of Feb. will I sell at cost. No trouble to show goods. Campbell House block. J. Moss.

HYMENEAL.

There was a double wedding at the residence of P. E. R. Miller, Esq., Switzerville, on Thursday evening of last week. The brides were Miss Clara E Armstrong and Miss Josephine Lowry, nieces of Mr. and Mrs. Miller. The ceremony was performed by Rev. James Curts in the presence of about fifty guests, principally relatives of the contracting parties. Mr. W. A. Ford, of Kingston, was united to Miss Armstrong, and Mr. G. S. Briden, of the same place, to Miss Lowry. The occasion was a very happy one indeed and the guests were profuse with congratulations. After the ceremony a recherche repast was partaken of, after which the happy couples started on a tour in the West. The presents to both brides were numerous and valuable. We extend congratulatians and wishes for unlimited happiness.

—Lockwood will supply the Fireside Weekly as follows :—One year for $2 with forty pieces fine cut music; six months for $1 with twenty pieces fine cut music; three months for 50 cents with ten pieces fine cut music. He keeps a full line and parties can select at once from his stock. Call for particulars. This is a rare offer. Corner Brisco House block.

An Eccentric Youth.

Horace S. McCabe, a young man about 17 years of age, hired a rig from Hatch & Burns

DISSOLUTION of PARTNERSHIP

MR. S. H. ROBLIN has retired from the firm of Roblin & Ford, and in future the business will be carried on in all its branches under the same name, J. N. ROBLIN and ROBT. FORD continuing in the business. In consequence of the above change we purpose reducing our stock, and on

Saturday, 6th inst., and month following will offer our whole winter stock at such reductions as will be sure to sell it.

We do not often advertise goods at cost, as the public are well aware that merchants cannot sell goods without a profit and live, but we guarantee for the time mentioned to sell the following goods as low as they can be purchased wholesale :

Fur Caps, Woolen Underwear, Woolen Shirts of every description, Mufflers, Woolen Socks, Gloves and Mitts, Cardigan Jackets, Flannels, etc.

Also on Clothing ordered we will allow a genuine reduction of 10 and 15 per cent.

☞ The above reductions will be for cash only, and all parties indebted to us will please take notice that accounts one and all must be paid at once.

ROBLIN & FORD.

GETTING READY.

HOOPER & DOXSEE

Are working night and day buying and selling and getting in shape for spring trade.

We have placed large orders for and are receiving every day shipments of the newest and latest novelties in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, consisting of new Prints, new Ginghams, new Shirtings, new Cretonnes, new Tickings, Cotton Tweeds, Grey Cottons, White Cottons, etc., and a very choice stock of new Spring Dress and Mantle new Laces, new Embroideries, Frillings, Cuffs, etc., all of which we are

English, Irish,

Horace S. McCabe, a young man about 17 years of age, hired a rig from Hatch & Burns on Monday morning and drove to Hay Bay, where he pulled up at the residence of Mr. Philip McCabe, his uncle, and asked for a loan of $10, giving as a reason that his mother was ill and he had no money. Mr. McCabe knew the story to be a concocted one, as the lad had been for some time choppingin the woods near Enterprise and had come to town with his wages the Saturday previous. The loan was therefore refused and Mr. Horace then proceeded to Mr. John F. Parks' house, about three quarters of a mile away, where the same request was made, his story this time being that Mr. McCabe, in the absence of his son, had sent him to borrow the money. The youth's word was accepted and the money given. The receiver turned and drove off in the direction of Mr. McCabe's house but was seen repassing the house a very few minutes afterwards. Mr. Parks at once "smelt a mice" as he had not been gone long enough to reach McCabe's house and return. An enquiry revealed the fact that he had been duped, and getting into his cutter he drove to Napanee where he found his deceiver in durance vile, having been captured at the station where he was waiting for the express train, by Mr. Jas Richardson, G. T. R. constable, who arrested him as a suspicious character. Mr. Richardson's attention was attracted to young McCabe by the latter's actions, bobbing around corners and hiding himself wherever possible, as it fearful of being seen. In the police court on Tuesday the prisoner was sent up for trial at the spring assizes. It further appears that on Saturday young McCabe ordered large quantities of groceries, dry goods, jewelry, etc., from a few of our local merchants, ranging in value from $10 to $25, but which he never called for as promised. The young man evidently is not in full possession of his senses, as many of those who knew him at all intimately testified.

—Mr. J. S. Hulett, photographer, has just completed an excellent life-size photo of the late Mr. Wm. Ham, finished in oil and water colors. The likeness is perfect and the picture is finished with a skill and taste that elicits the highest enconiums from all observers. Mr. Hulett also excels in winter scenes, some of his late productions being so natural and true to life that the beholder can scarcely realize that he is gazing upon a picture only. 12

Personals.

—Gas Inspector Burrows was in town this week.

—Miss Hayden of Camden East is visiting at Dr. Cook's.

—Miss Ida Hope of Newburgh is visiting at Mrs. J. D. Roblin's.

—Miss Cook returned this week from a month's visit to friends east.

—Judge Price of Kingston is in town on business connected with the Dominion Voters' List.

—Mr. T. M. Henry of Belleville has been appointed headmaster of the Newburgh High School.

—Mr. J. F. McAlister leaves town for Trenton next week. In the language of the Mikado, "he surely will be missed."

—Mr. E. D. McGurn of Marysville leaves next Tuesday for Ottawa to resume his duties as Sessional Clerk of the House of Commons.

—Mr. Fred. Shibley of Newburgh left yesterday for Providence, R. I., where he has accepted a position on a newspaper. Mr. Shibley is an excellent writer and we have no doubt of his success

—A call at the "Golden Auger" will convince the greatest unbeliever in facts that Henry has the best stock of barbed wire in Central Ontario, including Glidden 2 Point Barb "Buffalo," 4 Point Barb, also the best Buckthorn. Having secured the sale of the Washburn and Moen wire he is prepared to speak with confidence, and the fear of man to him on the wire question has gone. Paint oil for house floors already prepared with dryer. No extra charge. Concentrated Lye for house cleaning and making soap, a fine stock. Shelf and heavy hardware, the best stock in Ontario. Call and see and be satisfied. Nubian polish for silverware Try a box, the best thing made.

Grey ... choice stock of ... Goods, new Laces, new ... Corsets, Collars, Cuffs, etc., all ... marking at very low prices.

We are showing a fine range of English, Irish, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds and Pantings at rock bottom prices. Clothing made to order. MAX Fox, cutter.

DRESS-MAKING.—Our customers will be pleased to learn that MISS LESLIE, who is so well and favorably known, has taken charge of our Dress-making Department, and will be pleased at all times to give her advice and assistance to customers whether they desire their garments made up or not.

MILLINERY—Under Mrs. Doxsee's management all orders neatly, promptly and satisfactorily executed. We have already placed large orders for the spring. In the meantime, balance of stock will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

☞ Our clearing sale of winter goods still continues. Many lines sold out but many bargains remain. No reasonable offer refused for winter goods of all kinds.

HOOPER & DOXSEE.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

JOHN PHELAN,

Brisco House Yard, East-st. - Office, Warner Bock.

I have great pleasure in calling the attention of the farmers of Lennox and Addington to my stock of Farm Implements for 1886, viz.,

The Celebrated John Abell Gold Medal Steam Engines "Paragon," "Vibrator" and "Advance," Threshing Machines and Portable Saw Mills Coulthard, Scott & Co. Seed Drills, The Maxwell Low Down Binder, Maxwell Reaper, Mower and Horse Rake, first-class Steel Plows and Cultivators.

☞ ALSO AGENT FOR THE WEBER PIANOS AND ORGANS.

I have no partner in the business and intend conducting it solely myself.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS !

During the past week we have been very busy handing out

BOOTS AND SHOES,

-: *Trunks and Valises,* :-

To large number of close buyers, who always buy at the cheapest store. We have sold large quantities of good goods, and we will

Continue our Great Clearing Sale until February 15th,

1886, when we will take stock and prepare for spring business.

☞ Remember the place,

Jas. H. Downey

ONE PRICE BOOT & SHOE STORE.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT 6 PER CENT.

$53.000 of Private Money.

Old mortgages paid off. New loans taken and mortgages purchased. Apply to

GIBSON & CLUTE,

Barristers, Napanee.

Or on Thursdays and Fridays at our Tamworth office.

ALLAN LINE.

Londonderry and Liverpool.

Steerage only **$13.00** To or from Halifax or Portland.

The last train connecting at Halifax leaves Napanee every Thursday at 1.03 p.m.

Winter Sailings.

SARMATIAN	from Portland	Feb	4
"	" Halifax	"	6
PERUVIAN	" Portland	"	11
"	" Halifax	"	13
POLYNESIAN	" Portland	"	18
"	" Halifax	"	20
CASPIAN	" Portland	Mar.	4
"	" Halifax	"	6

The last train connecting at Portland leaves Napanee every Wednesday at 1.03 p.m.

For tickets and every information apply to

J. L. BOYES,

Ticket Agent

Office G. N. W. Telegraph Office, Napanee.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ON

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(ESTABLISHED 1810.)

The Oldest American Company doing business in Canada. Capital and Surplus over **Four and a Quarter Million Dollars.** Losses paid, over **Thirty Million Dollars.**

Ætna Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONN.
(ESTABLISHED 1819.)

THE LARGEST CAPITAL,
THE LARGEST ASSETS,
THE LARGEST SURPLUS,
of any American Company.
Capital and Suplus, **Over Nine Million Dollars.** Losses paid in 65 years **Over Fifty-six Million Dollars.**

FARM PROPERTY INSURED.

In either of the above companies at as low rates as in small mutual companies. Lightning Clause attached to each policy without extra charge.

JAMES H. DOWNEY,
Agent, Napanee.

TO LOAN.—$1,000 on first mortgage at 7 per cent. Enquire at this office. 22ly

PRESTON & RUTTAN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE—Mills Block, Dundas street, Napanee.
D. H. PRESTON, L. L. B. 22ly G. F. RUTTAN.

FOR SALE.—Two or three good farms, situated within a few miles of Napanee. In excellent state of cultivation and good buildings. For full particulars apply to S. GIBSON, Barrister, Napanee. 22tf

NOTICE.

Customers who have borrowed cans or bottles from me, will please return them at once, as having lost a great many by the recent fire I require all now out. I trust no further notice will be required.
22tf J. J. PERRY.

HOTEL BUSINESS FOR SALE.—The good will and furniture of the Tichborne House is offered for sale. Splendid chance for a good man. For further particulars apply to R. McDONALD, Napanee.
Napanee, Jan. 22nd, 1886. 10tf

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—That valuable new brick house on the corner of John and Bridge-sts., will be sold at a bargain first-class in every respect. Hard and soft water. Title good. For further particulars enquire of the owner on the premises. 23tf MRS. J. N. WAGAR.

BOLGER & DREWRY,

Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyors, Civil Engineers, Architects, &c.

BELLEVILLE, — — ONT.
T. O. BOLGER, 22 W. S. DREWRY.

TO LET. TO LET.

A suitable room for Carpenters' Plane and Machine Shop, with power to drive machinery, to rent. Low rate. Apply to
S. GIBSON.
Parties having standing timber suitable for sale or for sale, please call. 22tf

THE CASEY ESTATE FOR SALE.

This well known property situated on Hay Bay, in the Township of Adolphustown, containing 138 acres more or less. For particulars see posters, or apply to M. T. OSTROM, Peterboro', or to E. A. HAY, Adolphustown. 21tf

THOROUGHBRED STOCK FOR SALE.

Three Shorthorn Bulls, five Shorthorn Females, registered in B. A. Herd Book. Prices reasonable. Apply to
CHAS. SHIBLEY & SON,
17-8 pd. Harrowsmith.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.—Two notes made last March by Abram Dies to Patterson & Bro., of Patterson, Ont. One due Dec., '86, and one due Dec., '87. All parties are advised not to deal for said notes as payment has been stopped. W. H. CADMAN, Agent.
24 3ins. Patterson & Bro.

A Pleasant Duty.

"I feel it my duty to say," writes John Borton, of Desert, P. Q., "that Burdock Blood Bitters cured my wife of liver complaint, from which she has been a chronic sufferer. Her distressing, painful symptoms soon gave away, and I can highly recommend the medicine to all suffering as she did."

AWNINGS.

Tents, awnings, hammocks, horse covers and waggon covers kept on hand, or made to order. Any person requiring any of these articles, please give me a call. F. X. BEZO,
24 3mos. Dundas-st Napanee.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO FARMERS.

In order to introduce my

Bone and Potash Fertilizer,

in this section, I will make a reduction for the next thirty days of twenty per cent.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD CROP OF HAY OR CORN TRY IT,

CHAS. STEVENS.
24 4ins.

HOLSTEIN BULL.

The throughbred imported Holstein Bull,

"METTLE,"

bred by Vander Zuaag, Paddenhad, Holland, and registered No. 2,243, Holstein Herd Book will stand for service of cows at Mr. Gibson's stables near the station on the Selby road.

"Mettle" is one of the finest animals of this breed ever brought to Canada. He weighs although only in ordinary condition 1,600 lbs. His sires dam has a milk record of 84 lbs. a day, and 16½ lbs. of butter in 7 days, and his dam a milk record of 82 lbs. a day, and 17 lbs. 4 oz. of butter in seven days.

JACOB H. ROBLIN.
April 24, 1886. 23tf.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

THE

HERRING REAPER

Achieved its greatest success during the harvest of 1885. No Reaper could have done better work or given more general satisfaction. Of the great number sold during last harvest we are proud to say each worked to the best satisfaction of the purchaser.

We had Not One Reaper or Mower left over from last year.

What greater recommendation is to be asked than this?

An Important Improvement

this year is made in the LIFTING APPARATUS.

THE HERRING

NEW MODEL MOWER

FOR 1886

Is a model of mechanical skill, the result of past experience, and I have not the least hesitation in asking comparison with any Mower in Canada. The Machine has always given satisfaction and with the

17-8 pd. Harrowsmith.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

I am prepared to effect loans and on farm security at a very low rate of interest, both private and Company funds.

Applications by mail will receive prompt attention. Apply to

T. E. McDONOUGH,
Colebrook, Ont.

Colebrook, March 16th, 1886. 17tf

SEALED TENDERS!

Will be received up to 10th of May for the brick work of Dr. Cook's building, now in course of construction on the corner of Dundas and John streets, Napanee.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of John Cliff, Esq. Address.

Dr. H. L. COOK, Napance.

FARM FOR SALE.—A good farm, one mile from the village of Bath, lot 5 in the 1st concession of Ernesttown, containing about 300 acres all under cultivation; 60 acres ready for sowing. A living stream runs across the rear of the farm, with the Bay of Quinte in front. Two good farm houses, two good barns and sheds, stabling for 49 head; good orchard of 20 acres; 500 loads of manure ready for top dressing. For further particulars apply to

L. S. LASHER,
17 tf. Bath, Ont.

A. S. ASHLEY, L.D.S.,
NAPANEE, ONT.

27 Years' Experience in Canada and the United States.

Vitalized Air, the most pleasant and safest Anæsthetic known to the profession used in the extraction of teeth. Full setts, upper and lower, from $10 upwards.

Office—John-st. over Grange's Drug store. 17

W. S. BUSBY,
GENERAL INS. AGENT,

Representing National of Ireland, (Fire), Citizens' Insurance Company, Fire, Life and Accident. Plate Glass, the Hand-in-Hand Insurance Company.

OFFICE, AT THE RESTAURANT, DUNDAS-ST., Napanee.

Napance, April 8th, 1886. 22.

FARMS FOR SALE.

Bargains—cheap, grain, stock, dairy and fruit farms in the County of Wellington, near Guelph, and in several other counties. All kinds of farms, and all sizes and prices. Railway fare paid, unless a bargain offered of good and well improved farms, in a good section of the country, and if Wellington is not the best grain and stock raising county in Canada. Send for our "Canadian Farm Advertiser," which gives full particulars and prices of over 250 farms. Advertiser sent free. Address,

JOHN J. DALEY & CO.,
20-6 mos. Guelph, Ontario.

REAL ESTATE.

A number of good houses for sale or to let; also several vacant lots in various parts of the town for sale.

Properties Bought and Sold,

Terms reasonable.

S. GIBSON.

Napanee, April 19th, 1886. 22-3mos.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of Charles Bicknell, one of the Infant Children of Richard Bicknell, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Surrogate Court, of the County of Lennox and Addington, after the expiration of twenty days from the first publication of this notice for the appointment of Beagle D. Parrott, of the Townsnip of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, manufacturer, as guardian of Charles Bicknell, one of the infant children of Richard Bicknell, late of the Township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, farmer, deceased, and that letters of guardianship may be granted to the said Beagle D. Parrott, of the person and estate of the said infant.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solhctors for Beagle D. Parrott.

Dated at Napance, this 29th day of April, 1886. 23 4

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington and Frontenac.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. B. Aylesworth, M. W. VanLuven, B. C. Lloyd, E. R. Sills, Miles Shorey and A. C. Parks.

President—John B. Aylsworth, Esq.
Vice-President—B. C. Lloyd, Esq.
Secretary—Chas. James, Esq.
Treasurer—Miles Shorey, Esq.
General Agent—J. N. McKim.
Auditors—Ira B. Hudging and E. L. Percy.

The Board meets at the Secretary's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee, April 19th, 1886. 22-1y.

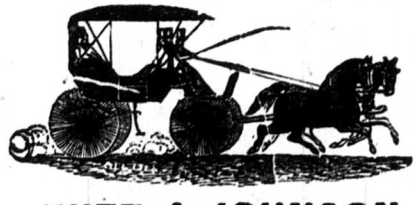
PASTURAGE.

A Rare Opportunity for Persons Wishing to Increase their Stock, Costing only $11.50 till Four Years Old.

The undersigned will receive cattle at his farm in Newburgh on the 10th of May next, to be pastured at Arden for the season at the following rates, viz.: One year old, $2.50; two years old, $4.00; three years old and over, $5.00; except oxen and cattle for a less period than the season, when a small addition will be charged. Will be responsible for escapes providing cattle are branded or marked, so they can be identified. Cattle will be delivered at Newburgh about the middle of October or 1st of November, when due notice will be given to the owners free of any charge except as above mentioned.

Napanee, April 21st, 1886. 23-2 JAS. DALY.

NEW HACK LINE.



HUFF & JOHNSON

Begs to announce that they have secured a first-class hack, and will be in attendance at all trains and boats. Family driving by the hour. Private calls promptly attended to.

Baggage delivered as heretofore. Leave orders at Huff's livery stable, Centre-st. 24 4

MORRIS' RESTAURANT.

F. W. MORRIS

Begs to notify the public that he has now got the restaurant in first-class order. The house has been renovated throughout, and improvements made which will be appreciated by its patrons.

Notwithstanding the increase of rates of the hotels on account of the Scott Act, the charges at the restaurant will be the same.

25 Cents a Meal,

and a good feed every time.

Special rates for day boarders.

Hours for meals—Breakfast from 7 to 9; dinner from 12 to 2; supper, 6 to 7. Lunches served from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

A call solicited. 23-3 F. W. MORRIS.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

In the Matter of the Guardianship of the Infant Children of Richard Bicknell, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that after twenty days from the first publication of this notice, application will be made by the undersigned to the Surrogate Court, of the County of Lennox and Addington, to be appointed guardian of Charles Bicknell, and Albert Edward Bicknell, infant children of Richard Bickwell, late of the Township of Ernesttown, Esquire, deceased.

ELECTA BICKNELL,
BY MORDEN & WILSON,
Her Solicitors

Dated at Napanee, 28th April, 1886. 23-3

and with the

NEW TILTING APPARATUS!

Added this season we have a mower

Superb in every Way.

Our prices are as low as are consistent with good workmanship, good material and a reasonable margin.

Examine the good features of these machines before making your selection of a Reaper or Mower.

WE NOW CLAIM

We are manufacturing a lime of implements which, for variety, are unsurpassed by any manufactory of equal capacity in Canada. And we claim our Machines and Implements are FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT and SECOND TO NONE.

It is a matter of astonishment and admiration to our farmer friends when inspecting our works to see the immense number of machines we are turning out.

THE KEY TO ALL IS THIS: Common sense is showing and experience is teaching the utterly Bad Policy of buying foreign machines, to pay double and treble prices for repairs, to be stopped for days in the midst of harvest when every day or hour represents loss. We are right here on the spot and in case of breakage can give repairs promptly.

The Herring Binder, Iron Duke Cultivator, New Dominion, Centennial Self Dump and Ithica H. D. Rake.

PRICES LOW. TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

Yours Respectfully,

JOHN HERRING,

Napanee Agricultural Works.

221y

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

NT., FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1886. VOL. XXVII. No. 24.

COUNTY CURRENCY.

Contributed by County Correspondents of "The Express."

Subscribers are respectfully solicited to send news items from their various localities. To ensure publication always enclose name of writer.

Bath.

—Bowen E. Aylsworth, Esq., of Ernesttown, recently sold a pair of Percheron colts, 4 years old, for the magnificent sum of $400. This knocks all other dealers in colts, in this section, "cold."

—Mr. Charles Wemp, a popular young man of our village, is lying dangerously ill at his father's residence. Drs. Kennedy and Price are in close attendance, but not much hope is entertained of his recovery. We do trust, however, that he may be spared to us, as his loss would cast a gloom over the whole neighbourhood. His illness was caused by an accident. One day recently he jumped from the the upper deck of a vessel to the wharf, and received serious internal injuries.

Emerald—Amherst Island.

—Farming operations are progressing favorably.

—Miss Catherine Howard was badly bitten by a dog belonging to Mr. John Morrow. Miss Howard was about to enter Mr. Morrow's house on a friendly call, but his (Mr. Morrow's) dog did not reciprocate the call, and bit Miss Howard's leg so badly that she couldn't walk; She had to be removed to have the wound dressed. The same dog bit a child of Mr. Bobeen a short time previous.

—Mr. Chas. Cummins vacated that desirable store on Main-st., Bath, on May 1st, having occupied it for the past seven years. Any person desirous of entering the mercantile business would do well to communicate with D.J.Campbell, Bath.

Selby.

—The Methodist quarterly meeting here next Sunday.

—Selby school is doing well. Our schools in Richmond have a splendid supply of teachers this year.

—The showers this week have refreshed matters all over, and vegetation is making rapid progress. The late floods have made havoc in places with the roads and bridges.

—I see in Napanee the famous cartoonist Bengough left his mark behind him. He is a marked man, and will yet succeeded in marking many of the famous and infamous men of our country. His paper, the "Grip," is far wiser than Dicken's raven, and much longer lived. May it live forever.

—Some of our young men are going to the United States. We are annexing this country to the U. S. as fast as possible. Our entire policy is drifting us in that direction. We want more enterprise, more public spirit, more liberality, more intelligence, more taste, more christianity, and not so much politics and whiskey.

—Mr. and Mrs. Rose and son, Alexander, have gone to Ottawa. We sent our compliments by them to the Premier, and that is an augury of his early resignation. We knew that was a canard in the Toronto News as soon as we read it. We said, "No, that is not him, the shot is to big for the bore." We shall have a grander country when something equal to that gets at the helm of affairs.

This is the time for tree planting, except evergreens which should be planted on or about the 1st June. We should have all our schools and churches surrounded with trees. A farm looks much better with a sprinkling of trees all around the fences, than to be utterly destitute. Why not have a premium offered to encourage this work? Let us strive to adorn our farms as well as our towns and cities. The outside of Napanee, on the north especially, would be much improved by planting trees. Were all

Tamworth.

—Don ! Don ! !

—Division court next Tuesday.

—Mr. John Sherman is quite ill.

—We are to have another doctor.

—Uncle Luke says the drouth set in mighty early this year.

—James Thompson and wife have moved to Kingston. One of the results of the Scott Act.

—Shields has got in a new brick machine, and the manufacture of brick will at once be commenced. Another result of the Scott Act.

—Mrs. J. Wheeler was brought before Mr. Aylsworth, J. P., by Mr. Wells for destroying fruit trees. She was fined $6 and costs.

—Donaldson Dowling, C. E., and wife spent a few days with Thos. Miller this week. Mr. Dowling left on Tuesday for Ottawa en route for the Rocky Mountains. He goes with the Dominion Geological survey party. Mrs. Dowling will remain in Tamworth during his absence.

Picton.

The annexation of Prince Edward County to Belleville, by means of a bridge across the bay, is having its periodical airing just now. This city seems to have fallen on hard lines lately; finding it difficult, apparently, to maintain a satisfactory dignity on its present resources, anything that could have the slightest appearance of drawing trade to its merchant's counters has always been greedily attempted, though not often with satisfactory results. Covetous glances have ever been cast to the green fields over the water representing the wealth of Ameliasburg's farmers, and it is thought this may be secured to them more surely by means of a bridge than by the present ferry system. By the way, should the floods Belleville is annually subjected to increase, the bridge might be indefinitely extended and used to advantage by its inhabitants during the time of submersion. We certainly have nothing but amicable feelings towards our neighbors, but we do hope it will be a long time before the navigation of our beautiful bay will be interfered with.

That a car coupler, superior to all others on the long list of such inventions, has been patented by a Prince Edward man speaks well for our inventive ability. Mr. Miles Pettit is the name of the fortunate inventor, and Messrs. McMullen and Noxon are placing it on American railway cars. It is claimed to possess all the points required in this most necessary contrivance without the objectionable features of those hitherto in use.

For several weeks past the question of lighting our town by electric light has been the subject of consideration. Very nearly the required number of subscribers have been obtained to warrant the company in proceeding, and it is only reasonable to hope before long it will become an accomplished fact. It will certainly be a leap, from coal oil lamps to electricity, but we hope to be able to take it with no bad results.

Our Methodist ministers are busily en-

ethereal that the naked eye fails to catch the depth and harmony of color so artistically blended into one superb hue. There is only one little fault to be found with this picture. The artist in the fervid intensity of her desire to do justice to the original has in some places applied the match too freely, consequently there is a slight intermingling of colors, while several miniature rivulets of variegated hues meander carelessly over the canvas,—we mean the pasteboard,—thus giving it a slight resemblance to the appearance of a flour barrel after the rats had been playing hide-and-seek in it during the calm hour of midnight, when everything was hushed and silent except the cats of the neighborhood who were holding one of their ghostly seances on the other side of the fence, just out of the reach of bricks and old boots. But we are wandering. Back, then, to the subject from which we have digressed. The painting must be seen in order to be able to fully drink in its beauty and magnificence. The work was done by a lady (married, too) living a few miles from town, and we understand she intends opening up classes for instruction in painting. Terms moderate. An effort is to be made to have them placed in the art gallery at our next county show. The idea is a good one, and should carry. Anyway, don't fail to call at the earliest opportunity and inspect and admire these works of art.

Navigation Notes.

—A small vessel with timber for Rathbun & Co. entered the harbor Tuesday and cleared on Thursday with a load of coal screenings.

—The Gipsy, we understand, is allowed to carry 300 passengers this year. This is in advance of the number allowed her last season.

—The Reindeer is kept busy between hours towing vessels clear of the river. She has a monopoly of the business. The Reindeer always makes close connections.

—The schooner Fabiola came up the river Saturday with a load of coal for Rathbun & Co. She cleared the following Wednesday with barley shipped by C. E. Bartlett.

—The Montreal Witness announces that the S. S. "Dominion," of the Dominion line, was the first boat into the harbor from sea this season. She left Bristol on April 17th and arrived here on the 30th.

—The Reindeer was in Picton Monday to undergo an inspection. The inspector found that there were not enough mud ports in her boiler and accordingly she was laid over for a day or two to have the necessary repairs made. She has resumed her route.

—Some complaints having been made by the captains of vessels running into Napanee harbor relative to the absence of buoys from the river, which are greatly needed at this time of the year when the water is high, the Fire, Water and Gas Committee have been instructed to have the same laid down at once.

C. P. R. Exhibition Car.

around the fences, than to be utterly destitute. Why not have a premium offered to encourage this work? Let us strive to adorn our farms as well as our towns and cities. The outside of Napanee, on the north especially, would be much improved by planting trees. Were all sections to do this our roads would not be so blocked in the winter, and the country would be more lovely in summer.

Mill Haven.

—Not having heard from the Mill Haven correspondent for some time I thought I would give you a few items of interest.

—Miss Kate Benjamin, of Cheboygan, Mich., is visiting friends here.

—Mr. William J. Armstrong is able to walk out again after a severe illness.

—Robert Finigan has opened up a grocery store here and is doing a good business.

—Making flower gardens and beautifying yards is the order of the day at present.

—Mr. Fairfield talks of building a new mill, but I am airaid it will end in talk.

—Mr. Pledger has moved away from Mill Haven and the house on the Fairfield farm is vacant.

—Mr. Sterling has rented the Louis Hartman farm and moved into the house. Mr. Hartman has moved to Portsmouth to keep bach.

—John Fleming has been confined to the house with a thesalow, but we are glad to see him around again attending to his business in the shop.

—The dwelling house and contents of Mr. Isaac Sterling were consumed by fire last week. Cause of fire unknown. Loss $1,000; insured in the Watertown for $700.

Odessa.

—Scott vs. Mabee, assault, before A. Storms, J.P.: $4 and costs.

—A robbery case is reported from the West End, N. F. Snider, L.D.S., having been victimized.

—A special meeting of the council was held on the 3rd inst., in reference to bridges lately damaged.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Harry Benjamin (nee Moore) passed through en route to Morven cemetery.

—Legee Duffin, our enterprising barber, has removed to more spacious quarters—second door east af previous stand.

—N. Sharp, in turning, upset his wagon and contents on the street. Mr. Sharp, we are pleased to say, escaped unhurt.

—Dennis Wright. R.E., is having a portion of our board walk re laid, Messrs. Kenny and Stitt doing the work in good shape.

—Quarterly service will be held in the East End Methodist Church at 10 o'clock next Sunday morning. Invitation extended to all.

—Sheldon Hawley has been laid up, having met with a slight accident by too familiar contact with the big circular saw in the mill. Nothing daunted the saw is having another "round."

—The dying kick of the "crater" expended itself in the shape of a bon-fire on the 30th ult., and the hotel keepers have taken a commendable course in running their hotels with the usual good accommodation, with the exception of the prohibited articles.

—A number of kind-hearted farmers very generously left their own pressing work to help a brother through, making a bee and doing considerable of Harvey Denyes' seeding, who, we are sorry to note, has been confined to the house seriously ill. Bravo lads!

—Before magistrates Davy and Clark, Etta Young, seventeen years old. pled guilty to a charge of prostitution, and was sentenced to four months in the county jail. One sensational evidence was taken, in which the names of several of our village gents (?) figured prominently. Magistrate Clark talked to her like a Dutch father, sympathetic words failing to bring

before long it will become an accomplished fact. It will certainly be a leap, from coal oil lamps to electricity, but we hope to be able to take it with no bad results.

Our Methodist ministers are busily engaged perfecting arrangements for the conference of that denomination which meets here early in June. The entertaining of 300 lay and clerical delegates will exercise the hospitality of our little town, but it will without doubt prove equal to the occasion.

With the majority of our citizens the great and absorbing questions of the day have vanished out of sight, while the intensely, ever-occuring process of house-cleaning occupies the place of consideration instead, and claims the individual attention of every member ot the household. The Times man says this simple announcement is enough to explain the worn and tired look of the men you meet, but we think he is a little mistaken this time. He must be thinking of his male friends living in some other locality, for really the gentlemen here seem to enjoy the annual spring turn out quite as much as their lady friends. In fact we have heard several remark that they doated on picnicing in the wood shed and bivouacing on the front stairs. Certainly the echo of well-directed blows on waving carpets proves them to be men of muscle, as well as men ot mind, and perhaps explains their amiability. GAFFER GREEN.

"THEM PICTERS."

Mr. T. A. Huffman has on exhibition in his office two or three wonderful productions of paint and brush. A great many people have called during the week to inspect them, and all are loud in their praises of the genius of the artist. Our art critic is on the sick list this week, (he drove a tack in his thumb while nailing down his mother-in-law's carpet), and we are therefore obliged to dispense with his services and perform the delicate task of criticizing the aforesaid "picters" ourselves. We hope our readers will pardon us if they notice any slight inaccuracies in our use of art parlance. In the first place the pictures are too small for general use. They were evidently not intended to be hung up in any common room, being of slight, aristocratic build—probably intended for the White House or Westminster. The finest one of the group is undoubtedly the "Sun set," but its glaring brilliancy is so dazzling that one generally prefers a rear view—it is less hurtful to the eyes. This excellent representation of old Sol's transcendent effulgence is painted (in water colors, we presume) on a pear-shaped piece of pasteboard which probably had seen active service as the side of a taffy box. The colors—well, here we are all at fault. Our pen is dumb, yea, thrice dumb, for want of words to describe the exquisite pathos and wildly bewitching charm of that conglomeration of colors. It must be seen to be appreciated. No. 2 shows a sectional view of a house—at least, we suppose it's a house. Now, this house is a very peculiar one. It somewhat resembles the leaning tower of Pisa in its astonishing disregard for perpendicularity, while its whole build shows an utter lack of ability on the part of the contractor. But the artist very generously overlooked many little irregularities which might tend to detract from the contractor's reputation as a master-builder, and consequently, though the structure is not a model residence by any means, its condition is greatly improved. The last, but not least, is supposed to represent a beautiful exotic of most delicate construction. And it conveys the idea intended--if you look at it in the right light. A sort of bird's-eye view from the distance "lends enchantment to the scene," as it were. The artist says it is an admirable portrait indeed, and we are prepared to accept the statement unequivocally. In fact the flower is so fragile and

high, the Fire, Water and Gas Committee have been instructed to have the same laid down at once.

C. P. R. Exhibition Car.

The C. P. R. Co'y have fitted up a car containing exhibits from Manitoba, and are sending it for free exhibition all through Canada. The car was at Napanee from Friday until Saturday morning last and was visited by hundreds. It is built after the design of the Pullmans, the exhibits being arranged on stands on either side, while the roof is literally thatched with grain and grasses. Among the grains we noticed samples of No. 1 hard red fyfe wheat, weighing 66 lbs. to the bushel; white fyfe, white potato oats, weighing 48 lbs. to the bushel; two and six row barley weighing 55½ lbs. to the bushel, also black, white and brown hulless barley averaging 60lbs. to the bushel. These samples were enough to gladden the heart of any Canadian, to think that we had a country capable of producing such grain. Then there were peas both white and black, and flax seed with various articles manufactured from it, including linseed oil and oil cake. This oil cake is used very extensively for fattening cattle in the North West, and the manufacture ot it has recently been been added to the list of industries in Winnipeg. Among the samples of flax seed shown us was one grown on the farm of Mr. Donald Fraser, formerly of Ernesttown A head of oats 24½ inches long was shown us, and a stool showing 6,000 grains as the result from one grain. Fifty-three varieties of native grass were shown, varying in length from 9 inches to 9 feet 4 inches, all but two being nutritious. A great variety ot vegetables were exhibited, including twenty different kinds of potatoes. Any one of the potatoes shown would make a good meal for a family of five. Cultivated and wild fruits of an extraordinary size; coal from the Galt mines near Fort McLeod; copper ore from the Bow river; free stone from Calgarry, and many other exhibits convince us that there is a yet great future for the North-West. The Co. have shown commendable enterprise in thus advertising Western Canada. Over 600 bush. ot seed grain have already been given away at the car. Parties who had not an opportunity of visiting the car, can see samples of the wheat and oats by calling at THE EXPRESS office.

The mayor and council of Napanee, in a body, were shown tarough the car by Mr. Bailey on Friday. The councillors speak highly of Mr. Bailey's courtesy and affability.

A High Compliment.

The Montreal Star (Ind.) says;—A Great compliment was paid to Mr. S. H. Blake, Q. C., the other day. He was counsel for the defence in the libel case of ex-Mayor Dunnet, of Belleville, against the vestry of Christ church at Belleville, the suit arising out of a circular issued by the vestry touching upon the character of the plaintiff, and the matter has been referred to Mr. Blake for judgment, both parties agreeing to abide by this decision. It is not unusual to compromise such cases by the abritration of third parties, but it is very unusual to refer the matter to the counsel for defence. It is an acknowledgment of Mr. Blake's reputation for fairness and intergrity.

The discovery of the instantaneous process of taking photographs has been quickly followed in the medical world by a perfect and instantaneous remedy for all acute aches and pains, as neuralgia, toothache, rheumatism, etc. This valuable remedy is called Fluid Lightning, and is sold at 25 cents a bottle at Grange's or Huffman's drug store, Napanee, and at Jas. Aylsworth's, Tamworth.

One Dollar Against Five Hundred.

Isaac Brown, of Bothwell, Ont., was afflicted with chronic humor in the blood. He says one dollar bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters was worth more than $500.00 paid for other medicines. It is a reliable blood purifier.

THE FARM.

Plowing.

Farmers, as a general rule, says one of them in a recent letter, do not take pains enough with this part of their farm work. I am convinced that I can get more clear cash from an acre that is well plowed than I can from an acre that is only half plowed. What I mean by half plowed is where it is plowed by guess, deep here and shallow there, wide furrow here and a narrow one there, with the furrows standing on edge or turned over very flat. We can do good plowing just as easily and just as fast as we can hog it over.

The first thing in good plowing is to commence right. In marking out a bed I use two stakes, one at the opposite end of the field from which I begin to plow and the other about eight rods from this toward the end where I begin. Get the stakes in line with the furrow where you start, and then take some object away beyond the first stake you set in exact line with the stakes and furrow where you begin, and then go ahead with the plow until you come to the first stake. Step and take the stake down and lay it to one side out of the way, and then go ahead again, taking the end stake and the object beyond for your guide. In plowing the first two times around set your plow-wheel so as not to plow more than 4½ inches deep. After you have gone thus far raise your wheel so as to plow the depth you wish to have your plowing done. By doing as I have described we avoid the high back furrow we would have if we plowed the first two times around as deep as we do the rest of the bed.

In plowing the first two furrows (the first time around) we have two essential things to look after. First, to do our plowing straight; second, to turn the furrows over in good shape, and have the edges of the furrows meet and set firmly together. This will prevent the grass from growing up between the furrows to a great extent. Now we can go ahead and finish up our bed. Be sure to keep the furrows straght and the same width the entire length of the field. If you hold your plow firm and steady your furrows will be as straight as a line. Keep your beds the same width at both ends of the field, and then when we come to finish we have only one furrow the entire length of the field to turn out. This, I think, is much better than to have one end finished and from one to five furrows on the other end to turn out yet. Right here I would like to say a word which I consider very important in doing a good job of plowing. It is this: I consider it very essential that the driver and team understand each other pretty well. If you have a good, strong, well-kept team, and one that is steady and true to pull, I see no reason why we can't do our plowing in a workmanlike manner.

Sowing Grass Seed.

The amount of seed required for an acre of ground intended for grass cannot be properly estimated, although most farmers sow a given quantity every year without giving proper consideration to the quality of the seeds or the condition of the soil. The soil may be in excellent condition to-day for seed, but may require double the quantity of seeds in two or three days after. In the first place, seed will not germinate unless the proper conditions are favorable for so doing. When the ground is hard, as is sometimes the case when grass seed is sown upon growing grain, there are a great many chances against the seed. Birds eat much of it, while a large portion of it rots on the surface. In such cases a large quantity of seed is necessary. Many of the poor "catches" of clover are due to not using

Time Table.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.
NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table No. 6.

In Effect May 18, 1885.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. P.M.	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	1 05	5 30
Napanee Mills	"	1 20	5 45
Newburgh	"	1 30	5 50
Thompson's Mills*	"	1 37	5 57
Camden East	"	1 40	6 00
Yarker	"	1 55	6 15
Colebrook*	"	2 00	6 18
Galbraith Road*	"	2 05	6 20
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)			
Moscow	"	2 10	6 30
Mudlake Bridge*	"	2 20	6 40
Enterprise	"	2 30	6 45
Wilson's Crossing*	"	2 35	6 55
Tamworth	Arrive	2 50	7 05

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.		No. 1. A.M.	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	3 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	3 30
Enterprise	"	7 25	3 35
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 30	3 40
Moscow	"	7 40	3 50
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 50	4 00
Colebrook†	"	7 52	4 02
Yarker	"	7 55	4 05
Camden East	"	8 10	4 17
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 15	4 22
Newburgh	"	8 25	4 28
Napanee Mills	"	8 35	4 35
Napanee	Arrive.	8 50	4 50

.*. Stop only when passengers at or for.

Commencing Saturday, Dec. 6, and until further notice, Saturday excursion tickets will be issued from any station on the line at one fare and one-third for the return trip. Tickets good to go and return by any regular train on date of issue only.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C CARTER, H B. SHERWOOD, E.W. RATHBUN,
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man,

Legal Cards.

PRESTON & RUTTAN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE—Mills Block, Dundas Street, Napanee.
D H PRESTON, L L B. 16 G F RUTTAN

MORDEN & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.
A. L. MORDEN. W. G. WILSON.
Co. Crown Attorney.

W. S. WILLIAMS, BARRISTER, Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Ontario Conveyancer, &c., Napanee.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L.L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office—Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.,

HERE AND THERE.

Esther Dow, of Deerfield, N. H., who recently died, aged 88 years, had never in her life seen a railway train, and for years had not been off her farm.

Daniel Arnold, of Macon, Ga., hid his savings ($700) in a hole near his house, but the recent flood inundated the hole and carried away Dan's wealth.

A remarkable bedstead, made to order by a Milwaukee furniture firm, is 24 feet wide and has nine compartments, each intended to hold one of the purchaser's children.

One of the barbers who was arrested in Washington the other day for keeping his shop open on Sunday had employed a part of the day of rest in shaving President Cleveland.

Sam Small has given $140 for the benefit of an Atlanta, Ga., mission Sunday-school. He writes:—"I hope it will do away with the necessity of an entertainment, for I do not believe these means of getting money for the Lord's work, are to either His honour or glory. Try to avoid all such schemes. Let people give what they will, but please don't barter them anything for the Lord's sake."

A Texas jeweller hung a watch in his window and labelled it: "Look at this watch for $10," and the unsophisticated gentleman from a neighboring county who stared at the article and then went in and wanted the $10 had to get down on the floor with the jeweller and roll over and under him a number of times before he could be made to understand that he couldn't have any $10.

Thunder from a clear sky could hardly have more surprised the passengers in a street car recently than the sudden exclamation made by a 3-year-old child, of remarkably beautiful face and form. It had been lying half asleep in its mother's arms, and had been awakened, when it straightened up and cried, loud enough to be heard from one end of the car to the other, "Ma, if you don't let me alone I'll break your nose."

A Maine fisherman, who used to sail the Southern seas, reports that he saw a sea serpent the other day off Wells. It was like one he once saw in the Caribbean Sea, except that it has grown considerably. It held its head, the size of a barrel, high in the air; its eyes, as big as saucers, gleamed with a marvelous light, and its huge open mouth was armed with triple rows of teeth. The paper that reports this says the old salt is not addicted to drink.

A recent study of comparative heights and weights among different classes of population in Great Britain shows that the criminal class average no less than 45 pounds in weight, and 4½ inches in height less than their antagonists, the Metropolitan police. Compared with the general population, too, this class is seen to be 18 pounds in weight and 2 inches in stature below the average, standing on about the same plane in physical endowments as lunatics.

A goose which has just died at Stuttgart left the flock while still a gosling, and resolved to have nothing more to do with its companion geese, but to try a new way of life for itself. So it boldly marched into the barracks of a Uhlan regiment one day and stationed itself near the sentry box. The Uhlans were touched by the goose choosing to ally itself with their corps and built a shed for it to live in. For twenty-three years neither threats nor persuasion were able to separate this bird from its adopted regiment. When the corps changed quarters the goose went with them, and when the Uhlans went to fight for their country the desolate crea-

chances against the seed. Birds eat much of it, while a large portion of it rots on the surface. In such cases a large quantity of seed is necessary. Many of the poor "catches" of clover are due to not using care in seeding. A light harrow passed over the field immediately after the seeding, if the ground is hard, will not only cover the seed, but greatly benefit the grain crop. When grain is sown in the spring the grass seed should be sown at the same time, in order that both may have the advantage of thorough preparation of the soil, and less seed will then be required. Even a "brushing" of the field after sowing grass seed is better than simply scattering it on the surface. It is not too late for seed yet, nor should the opportunities be thrown away of taking advantage of the spring rains. In sowing seed do not trust entirely to the roller, and there will be a better chance of the seed germinating.

SPRING SPARKLES.

"Did you ever see anything like this?" said a young lady at a church fair, when raffling was in progress. "Only once," replied he. "When was that, dear?" "Once on a train out West, when it was robbed by bandits," was the gentle response.

One little girl was heard to say to a playmate: "When I grow up I'm going to be a school-teacher." "Well, I'm going to be a mamma, and have six children." "When they come to school to me I'm going to whip 'em," "You mean thing! What have they ever done to you?"

"We feel," writes a Western editor, "that an apology is due to Widow Grimes. In our issue of last week we stated that she had eloped with an 18-year-old man. The truth is that she was thrown from an 8-year-old mare, which she was riding in a lope, and which slipped and fell. Mistakes will happen in the best-regulated newspaper-offices, and we are confident that when we state the item was sent over a telephone-wire no other apology will be needed."

It is said to be Japanese etiquette for a gentleman caller never to leave the house of a lady friend until she has given him the signal for departure. There are a great many young men in this country who never leave the house of a lady friend until she gives the signal, but it is not etiquette. And it is not healthy, either. It deprives both parties of too much sleep. Sometimes the signal is so long delayed that the old folks are compelled to give it. And that is not very healthy either—especially for the young man.

Chicago Damsel (to New York dude who has been talking about "dear old London, doncherknow')—"Are you a relation of the Browns, of London, Mr. Brown?" Mr. B—"Naw; fact is, ye know, Miss Benton, my name is Van Duzen-Brown—with a hyphen, doncherknow; and I pwefer to be called Mistah Van Duzen-Brown." Chicago Damsel (sympathizingly)—"Oh, I am so serry, Mr. Brown; but we're so particular in the West, and really I haven't been introduced to the Van Duzen half of you yet."

Two newly-fledged physicians met the other day, and the following highly interesting conversation ensued; "Ah! good morning, doctor." "Good morning, doctor." "And how are you to-day, doctor?" "I'm all right. Got a good case of meningitis at your hospital, doctor?" "Yes; come down and take a look at it, doctor. Anything special up your way, doctor?" "Man fell from scaffolding and broke his neck two days ago; still alive; may get over it. Please to have you call, doctor." "Thank you; I will, doctor. Good-day, doctor." "Good-day, doctor."

Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office—Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.,

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Ont

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the county of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocaine, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

DENTISTRY.

Head Office, Campbellford.

The undersigned would respectfully intimate to the ladies and gentlemen of Tamworth and vicinity, that he or his assistant will visit

Tamworth Rooms, at Douglas' Hotel,

Commencing Feb. 21st and remaining seven days, and will continue his visits the last seven days of each month.

Also, he will visit **ENTERPRISE** the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd of each month.

Special attention given to the preservation of the material teeth by filling in gold, silver and composition.

Artificial teeth inserted at lowest rates.

13-3mos. J. F. TAYLOR, LDS.

DR. E MING,

Veterinary Surgeon

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLL., SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office:—Brisco House Block

East Street,

NAPANEE, Ont.,

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 50

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALLISON & JOHNSON, PROPRIETORS.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stabling.

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee,

JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

DOMINION HOUSE, NAPANEE.

Adjoining old Lennox Hotel.)

P. McALPIN, roprietor.

This fine new house, centrally situated on Dundas st., has been furnished luxuriously throughout and is now ready for the reception of guests. Every attention will be paid travellers and the farming community. The bar is well supplied with the best of liquors and cigars.

The stable and sheds are the largest and best in town. Terms—$1 per day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. 47-

neither threats nor persuasion were able to separate this bird from its adopted regiment. When the corps changed quarters the goose went with them, and when the Uhlans went to fight for their country the desolate creature took up for a time with a battalion of infantry, but no sooner did the first Uhlans enter the town than the goose marshed out to meet them, and went with them to her old quarters. Since her death she has been stuffed, and is to be seen in a glass case on the gate of the barracks of Stuttgart.

Mrs. Prudence Crandall Philleg, now living in a "three-room pioneer box house" at Elk Falls, Kan., who has just been compensated by the Connecticut Assembly with an annuity of $400 for outrages sustained 53 years ago when she was driven out of a Connecticut town for keeping a school for nergo girls, has written a grateful letter of thanks for the relief at last afforded. She is under especial obligations to the press and to progressive persons who petitioned in her behalf as well as to the Legislature, and notes the change in Connecticut sentiment as follows: "In 1833, when the law was passed by which my life prospects were destroyed it was celebrated by ringing the bell hung in the steeple of the church, into which we were not allowed to enter, and by firing a cannon thirteen times, placed upon an eminence a few rods from my door; and to-day when your telegram arrived, the only jubilant display I wished to make was to have a private nook where my tears of joy and gratitude could flow unobserved for the change that has been wrought in the views and feelings of the mass of the people.

The following story is told of an enterprising Toronto jobber, the events having taken place some time ago: The merchant in question, having heard of the arrival of a country trader who was know to be a large purchaser and of unquestionable credit, was resolved to get him to visit his establishment, and once there, he felt sure he could secure him as a customer. He accordingly sent out one of his drummers, of whom he had quite a number, adapted to every taste and disposition. The one sent, however, returned without success. No. 2 was dispatched, with no better result, and again No. 3, and so on until all had gone and come back without their man. The merchant now determined to go himself, and finding that brandy and water and free tickets to the theater were of no avail, for the country trader did not take one or go to the other, he was reduced to the necessity of employing a ruse, which, as the sequel shows, was simple as well as effectual. On taking his departure after a pleasant interview the merchant took care to commit the "mistake" of taking the trader's hat instead of his own. Next morning, as was expected, the merchant received a prompt visit at his store from the trader, who came to look up the hat which he supposed had been hurriedly exchanged. This was what the merchant wanted, and through this means he sold a good bill of goods and secured a regular customer.

Royalists Learning to Labor.

Prince Ludwig, of Battenberg, who, like the Russian princes, has been taught a handicraft, was lately initiated into the mysteries of printing. Having mastered the business he taught it to his wife, and the princely pair have just set up in type and printed a book of 200 pages, entitled "My Journey to Bulgaria." The author of this little volume, which is intended only for private circulation, is the Countess Maria, of Erbach, Schoenberg, Prince Alexander's sister. The Knights of Labor would hardly approve of Prince and Princess Ludwig's competition, but they could find little fault with their printing.

DO YOU WANT

BRAN, OATS, SHORTS,

—OR—

Feed of any Kind?

If so,

GEO. I. HAM'S

IS THE PLACE TO GET IT.

The Freshest, Purest and Best Goods in this Line.

The Stock of Groceries

Has been fully replenished since the holidays, and the prices in many lines are lower than ever.

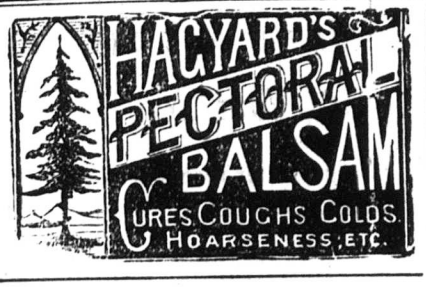
Don't forget to give him a call before purchasing your supplies.

☞ Remember the place, next door to Beaver office, Dundas Street, Napanee.

GEO. I. HAM.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN—A FEW THOUSAND dollars private funds at 6 per cent. Mortgages purchased. JOHN ENGLISH, Solicitor. 37-1yr.



Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies. Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

JAMES AYLSWORTH, ISSUER OF Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Mair's Machine Shop.

Caged Fires.

The fate of the *Oregon* has shown the danger to be dreaded from water, and the more fortunate experience of the steamer *Crystal* only two months ago, suggests the peril in which a vessel may be placed by fire. In the case of the *Crystal* the bulkheads were undoubtedly of great assistance.

On January 11 John Gray, the steward, thought he could feel unusual heat in his room. He waited until 8 o'clock, and then went into the chief officer's room to report his suspicions. When he opened the stateroom door he was met by a dense cloud of smoke, and with difficulty aroused the mate. A volume of smoke was pouring in at a small hole bored through the bulkhead to allow a telegraph wire to run from the forward steering wheel to the after one, and it was four hours before the mate was returned to consciousness. The second officer, whose room was abaft the mate's with a similar aperture in the bulkhead, was also unconscious. The vessel was then 700 miles east of Newfoundland.

When the full extent of the danger was made known to Captain Stannard, he at once ordered all the openings described to be closed up and the hatches battened down. The ship is divided into four water-tight compartments, with iron bulkheads seperating them. That one where the fire was located was about forty feet long, and reached from the upper deck to the keelson. There were stowed bales of jute, carpets, paper stock and burlap, and Captain Stannard rightly concluded it to be useless to attempt to distinguish the fire with water. The smoke from the smoldering mass permeated every corner of the vessel and made it impossible for the men to remain below decks. Several of them were prostrated during the passage and had to be cared for in the engine room.

A consultation of the officers was held, and all but the coptain thought it advisable to make for St. John's or Halifax. Some dissatisfaction was expressed when Captain Stannard made up his mind that he would bring the vessel to New York.

The succeeding ten days and nights were filled with apprehension. The decks are of iron covered with wood, and it was feared that before reaching port the heat would force its way upward to the deck and give vent to the smoldering flames. Both fore and aft bulkheads of the conpartment containing the fire, it was feared, would give way, and then the flames would have a clean sweep fore and aft. But with a steady courage and admirable coolness the captain continued on his course and quieted the fear of his crew.

"I have been at sea many years and have suffered shipwreck," he said, "but never was I placed in so terrible a position as on this passage. Sailors can fight all the elements except fire. In a gale of wind, so occupied are the crew with their duties that they have but little time to think of danger, but in this case all know their fearful peril."

The consignees are much pleased with the manner in which Captain Stannard acted, and say that to his determination is due the safe arrival of the ship. The damage to the cargo is said to be in the neighborhood of $10,000, mostly covered by insurance

A South Sea Horror.

The latest horror from the South Seas is the roasting of two white men by the natives, who afterwards feasted on the remains. The information of the shocking affair has just been received from Brisbane, where it appears some fears were entertained of the safety of the cutter Alice Grey. The Alice Grey left Brisbane for McArthur river, in the northern territory. She was

FOR

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FLOUR AND FEED

BE SURE TO CALL AT

J. F. SMITH'S

Old Reliable House,

BRISCO HOUSE BLOCK.

The Best Goods in the Market, only the Lowest Prices and goods exactly as represented

ARE CHARACTERISTICS OF HIS DEALINGS.

The Celebrated Rathbun Strong Baker's Flour always in stock. $2.25 per cwt.

—SEE OUR—

Choice Teas, Sugars, Coffees,

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We do not advertise a price list, but if purchasers will call and see our stock and get our prices, we are confident that they will be convinced we are not being undersold anywhere.

J. F. SMITH,
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Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS,	DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA,	DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,	FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE.	ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS,	DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
SALT RHEUM,	
HEARTBURN,	
HEADACHE,	

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

Cigarettes.

Cigarettes are largely used by boys; but cigarette-smokers, both young and old, usually regard with skepticism the statement made by physicians concerning the evil consequence of the habit. The smokers say that their cigarettes are made of the "purest Virginia," but if they want to know what this "purest Virginia" is, they should read what a large manufacturer of tobacco recently said to a

n any part of the counties of Lennox and ddington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds o Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

F. F. MILLER, B.A., Sc.,

CIVIL ENGINEER,

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OFFICE—Miller's Block, Dundas st., Napanee 10 ly

The Householder's Friend!

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned is manufacturing and putting up a flirst class potash for soap making expressly for family use. It is put up in patent self-sealing tins of 2½ and 3 lbs., price 11c per lb.; also in cans of 5 and 6 lbs., at 10c. per lb Full directions for making soap on each tin. For sale at the Ashery and oy

JAS. AYLSWORTH, Tamworth. T. A. HUFFMAN, Napanee.

I am also manufacturing a

FERTILIZER.

30 per cent. bone and potash, in 100 lb. sacks. Price, $1.50. The best Fertilizer in the market.

Cash paid for any quantity of Bones and Tallow in the rough.

CHAS. STEVENS.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine.

for which we have been appointed agents It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made; never out of repair to kept clean; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest, runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock

WEBSTER & BOYES,
116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carrisge making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use o the best materials enables us to give satisfaction everytime. W. & B.

where it appears some fears were entertained of the safety of the cutter Alice Grey. The Alice Grey left Brisbane for McArthur river, in the northern territory. She was seen between Kimberly and Swear Island, after which nothing was heard of her. Whilst making inquiries to the fate of the vessel, the master of the schooner Pelton learned that the natives of the territory between the McArthur and Robinson rivers had murdered two white men. After killing the two men the natives were reported to have roast d the bedies and then feasted on them It was supposed that the unfortunate men belonged to the crew of the Alice Grey; but before the report had reached Brisbane a dispatch was received from the Government Agent at Normington reporting the arrival of the Alice Grey. The two men were then thought to belong to another trading vessel.

Few by sickness grow better and more reformed; so also they who wander much abroad, seldom thereby become holy.

Mrs, Snugmuch (who is the first guest to arrive) to her hostess—"And so you expect Mrs. Dash? Fine woman, very fine woman; though, between ourselves, a trifle loud. And, really, she shouldn't go on as she does with young Mr. Milds. And he's coming, too? Nice fellow, extremely nice fellow, if he does make me think of a monkey every time I look at him. And Miss Jolie? Lovely girl! Pity she's so very plain and unpleasantly rude. And Ritewell, the auther? Clever man, but horribly conceited. And Mrs. Wood? Ah, there's a charming old lady! I admire her so much for this reason: You never hear her say a word against anybody."

An old member of the medical profession tells us a story which, he says, Dr. J. Adams Allen, told him many years ago. Dr. Allen, as the story goes, was just beginning his practice when, one Winter day, seated in a car, muffled to the ears, he overheard this conversation between two passengers who were sitting where they could not see his face. "Say, George," said one, "what kind of a doctor is this young Allen?" "All that I know about him is that he snatched my aunt from the grave last Summer—that is, I shall always think he did." "Did he, indeed?" said the other; "well, he must be a pretty good doctor then. What was the matter with your aunt!" "Oh, she was dead and buried, you know."

A curious old custom among the quarry men of the Isle of Purbeck was observed recently at Corfe Castle. There is among the quarrymen a charter bearing the date of 1551, which is rigorously obeyed, in order to keep the working of the stone quarries in the Isle of Purbeck, in the hands of the freemen. To be able to take up one's freedom one must be the legitimate son of a freeman. He must be 21 years of age, up to which time his wages belong to his parents. Once during the year the quarrymen meet at Corfe Castle town hall and there read the charter, and on that occasion—namely, Shrove Tuesday—"free boys' claim and take up their freedom. Each man has to sign the roll of freeman, pay a fee of six shillings and eight pence, provide a penny loaf made on purpose by the baker of the of the place and to buy a pot of beer. The man thus sworn in becomes his own master. Should any of the freemen desire to marry during the next year, he has to pay to the stewards "a marriage shilling," and should he neglect to do this his wife loses all interest in the quarry and cannot take an apprentice to work for her.

of the purest Virginia. But if they want to know what this "purest Virginia" is, they should read what a large manufacturer of tobacco recently said to a New York reporter. "The quantity of drugs used in cigarettes is appalling," he declared, "and the commonest of these is valerian and tincture of opium.

"An experienced tobacconist can detect the presence of valerian by the smell The drug imparts a sweet, soothing effect, that in a little time obtains a fascinating control over the smoker. The more cigarettes he smokes, the more he desires to smoke, just as is the case with one who uses opium. The desire grows into passion. The smoker becomes a slave to the enervating habit.

"By the use of drugs it is possible to make a very inferior quality of tobacco pleasant. They are put on the market at such a price that the poorest can easily procure them, and boys go in swarms for them."

"That is this Havana flavoring that is so much used?"

"It is made from the tonca bean, which contains a drug called mellolotis, a deadly poison, seven grains being sufficient to kill a dog. It has become quite an article of commerce, and is extensively used in the manufacture of cigarettes."

"Does the paper wrapper of a cigarette add a great deal to its injuriousness?"

"Certainly. There are three sorts of paper in common use, made respectively from cotton, from linen rags and from rice straw. Cotton-paper is made chiefly in Trieste, Austria, and the linen and rice-paper in Paris.

"The first, manufactured from the filthy scrapings of ragpickers, is bought in large quantities by the manufacturers, who turn it into a pulp, and subject it to a bleaching process to make it presentable.

"The lime and other substances used in bleaching have a very harmful influence upon the membrane of the throat and nose.

"Cotton-paper is so cheap that a thousand cigarettes can be wrapped at cost of only two cents. Rice paper is rather expensive. Tobacconized paper is manufactured.

"It is the common paper saturated with tobacco in such a way as to imitate the veins of the tobacco leaf very neatly. It is used in making all-tobacco cigarettes. Arsenical preparations are also used in bleaching cigarette-papers, and oil of creosote is produced naturally as a consequence of combustion. The latter is very injurious to the throat and lungs, and is said to accelerate the development of consumption in any one predisposed to the disease."

Doctor—"You need more sleep, my friend; that is the whole trouble with you; what is your business?" Patient—"I'm a policeman." Doctor—"Then it must be something else, but I surely thought it was loss of sleep. After all, perhaps you don't take enough exercise."

A reporter called on an officer's wife to know the whereabout of her husband, who was on a certain committee: "Is Mr. Blank attending a meeting this evening?" asked the reporter. "No, sir. He went to the meeting, but an hour since he came back and said the committee had adjourned sine qua non, and said he was going down-town. You'll find him at one of the hotels."

YOUNG FOLKS.

"CHIP."

"Cheep! cheep!" Where did it come from—that plaintive little cry?

John heard it in the conservatory, and going out into the garden found a wee baby-bird, evidently too young to fly, and much frightened at being left alone.

Kind-hearted John gathered the fluttering creature up in his hands, and carrying it into the warm conservatory set it gently down under a fragrant lemon tree. Then, finding some cracker-crumbs in his pocket, he soaked them in the watering-can, and strewed them before the birdling, which was at first too frightened to touch them, but as John quietly resumed his work at a little distance at length began to feel more confidence, and soon was busily picking up the crumbs with contented little chirps.

It had such a wide-awake, self-satisfied air as it grew comfortable and more at home, smoothing its wisps of feathers in such comical imitation of bigger birds, that John's honest heart warmed toward the little thing, and soon boy and bird became the best of friends. He called it "Chip," and never tried to cage it, but gave it the whole conservatory for a play-ground, with which arrangement the little guest seemed perfectly satisfied, never trying to escape, even when the windows were open, probably not knowing the difference between clear space and transparent glass.

After the first day Chip never showed the slightest fear of John, alighting on his shoulder with perfect confidence, and after a little even taking food from his lips. As time passed he learned many cunning tricks; as, for instance, when John would say sternly, "Naughty Chip!" he would droop his little head as if ashamed, and when he cried, pleasantly, "Good Chip!" "Pretty Chip!" would raise it again with a merry "Peep!"

He had too, a cunning way of playing hide-and seek with John. Placing himself under the drooping leaf of a calla, or palm, he would keep very still, while John hunted up and down the terraces of plants, calling "Chip! Chip!" till at last with a queer little chuckling noise, he would hop into sight as delighted as a child. The people who employed John often brought visitors into the conservatory, and all admired his pretty pet.

Once, a gentleman, whose only son was a little cripple, saw the cunning bird, and, thinking it would amuse his poor child, asked John what he would take for it.

"I'm sure I don't know, sir," he answered, modestly. "I never thought of selling Chip, and I'm afraid he wouldn't be so playful anywhere else. You see he's used to me, and knows I never hurt him in my life—that's why he's so tame."

"Yes," said the gentleman, looking thoughtfully at John, "I see—unvarying kindness will tame almost anything. But will you let me take him home and try? I don't live far away, and if Chip will do as he does here I'll give you thirty dollars for him."

This seemed a great sum to John, who was poor, so he reluctantly consented, and, for the first time putting Chip in a cage, let the gentleman take him away; but when released in the cripple's beautiful room, though there were almost as many plants as he had been used to, poor Chip only flew about with sharp cries of fright till quite tired out, then hid himself under a begonia leaf, where he sat in sulky silence, refusing to eat, and pecking at every hand that came near him

The next morning the gentleman went after John.

ANECDOTES OF GREAT MEN.

BY THE REV. W. S. BLACKSTOCK.

Thomas Carlyle is another of those characters of whom it is not easy to make fine gentlemen. He had more irritability, though perhaps less ferocity, than Johnson; and, in some of his moods, was, I suspect, not an altogether amiable companion. The dyspeptic stomach, no doubt, was responsible for much of his irascibility. But without that disordered part of his internal economy, against which he enveighed so bitterly, he would not have been the unique figure in literary history that he really is. If it be true that even in things evil there is a soul good, it is not improbable that even to this diseased organ which inflicted so much torture upon its unfortunate possessor, the readers of his works are indebted for a good deal of their edge, and point, and firey energy. A man who is habitually in the condition of one who has breakfasted or dined upon pen-knives or razors, especially with the brain of such a one as Thomas Carlyle, whether he pay very minute attention to the graces of style or not, is sure to say sharp things at least.

And this, by the way, raises an interesting physiologico-psychological question: this, namely, whether a diseased gastric apparatus is not a positive advantage, if not a necessity, to men, like Thomas Carlyle, who deem it their special mission into the world to detect and expose cheats and shams. This, we know, Sidney Smith regarded as his special function; but, though he succeeded after a fashion, no one can tell how much more effectively he might have fulfilled his mission, if instead of being a *bon vivant*, he had been condemned to lenten fare perpetually, by a chronically disordered stomach. Whether it would have given him greater clearness of vision, and enabled him to discern more clearly between the evil and the good or not, it would doubtless have enabled him to apply the knout with more stinging effect to the back of unfortunate transgressors.

Poor Tom! He appeared upon this planet as one born out of due time. Whether he knew the people of his own generation or not, it is evident that they did not know him. I suspect, indeed, that they were much more at a loss to understand him than he was to understand them. Nothing is more amusing than the attempts of some of his liliputian critics to assign him his proper place among men. One of them, writing in a first-class American newspaper, thirty years ago, alluding to the complaint of some one else that he was neither a Christian nor a gentleman, said, he made no pretention to being either the one or the other of these, but simply a heathen and a devil-worshipper!

And yet, Thomas Carlyle was not only the greatest Scotchman probably that has hitherto appeared, but one of the most highly gifted beings that trod the earth during his lifetime. The last of the Cynics, he was a worthy successor to Diogenes. With an eye quick to detect genuine manhood, whenever it might be found, he could not be induced to accept every "forked radish with a curiously curved head however fastidiously and elaborately clothed," as a fitting representative of the *genus homo*. He had a profounder insight of the "science of clothes," and of the religion of the "Dandaical Sect" than any of his contemporaries; and, should the race survive for any considerable length of time, and its pregress should be upward, the probability is, that "Sartor Resartus" will be read with more thorough appreciation in the wiser ages to come than it is at present.

correctness, that, "upon the whole, a truer, more right-hearted Englishman never existed." "Wherever you see a line of his own writing, you may be sure to find nothing but truth there." Then, speaking of the wretched mistakes which different ages make concerning their greatest, he said: "Why the Jews took Jesus for a scoundrel, and thought all that they could do with Him was to nail Him up on a gallows. Ah, that was bad business; so He returned to Heaven, and they go wandering about the streets buying old clothes."

This was in 1844. In 1846 Caroline Fox visited Carlyle, and found him thin but well, and recovering from the torment of the sixty new Cromwell letters; and with a grim determination to not take in any more fresh ones on any terms. But evidently he was possessed of the spirit of his subject. And we are not surprised to find that the year following he was not writing, but resting, reading English history, and *disagreeing with the age*. Blessings on him! I have great respect for a man who, when he forms his opinions as the result of large reading, careful study, and profound thought, dares to differ from the age. It is easy to swim with the current, and to run with the multitude; it is easy to re-echo the sentiments of the chattering crowd, and to conciliate those whom we flatter, but the multitude—not over wise at any time—need to be instructed as well as flattered; and when a real man appears on the scene, if he is true to his mission, he will find more serious work to do than offering incense to the multitude, or singing peans to the age.

The Most Northerly Railway in the World.

In the report of Consul General Mitchell on the trade of Norway, it is stated that the Ofoten-Lulea Railway, which will, when completed, greatly influence the future of the iron trade of Europe, was commenced last summer at Lulea, on the Gulf of Bosnia, and has made very considerable progress. The contractors confidently expect to have the first section, Lulea-Gellivara (one-third of the entire railway), completed and opened for traffic by the end of 1886. The commencement of work at the Norwegian terminus has been delayed a year, in consequence of a disagreement as to the site of the terminus at Ofoten, necessitating fresh surveys being made. These have now been completed, and the plans, etc., of the Norwegian portion of the line deposited with the Norwegian Government, upon the approval of which work at Ofoten will be commenced. The site chosen for the terminus at Ofoten is on the west shore of Narvig Bay, a commodious and well-sheltered natural harbor at the bottom of the Ofoten fjord and within a few hours steam of the famous Lofoten cod fisheries. On account of the influences of the gulf stream, the Ofoten ford is navigable throughout the year. The length of the Norwegian section of the line is only 28 miles. It will cross the Kolen Mountains, at the frontier at an elevation of 1,600 feet above sea level. On the Norwegian side the country is very wild and mountainous, but the engineers anticipate no difficulties of an unusual nature either as regards the nature of the country, the severe climate, or the snow. This railway, when finished, will be the most northerly railway in the world.

The railway is being built by English engineers, contractors for the Northern of Europe Railway Company (Limited), which was formed in London in 1883, with an authorized capital of £1,500,000 in shares, and £1,500,000 in debentures. The railway has been most favorably regarded in Scandinavia, except by the Swedish iron-masters,

near him

The next morning the gentleman went after John.

"It's as you feared," he said, "and Arthur is so disappointed! Will you come and see what you can do with the little thing? Your master said you were at liberty now."

Always glad to please others, John at once consented, and soon was in the great house where so much sorrow dwelt, for its sweet mistress was dead and her boy a hopeless invalid.

After he had spoken with the pale-faced child, John looked slowly about the room and made a peculiar sound with his lips—something between a whistle and a kiss.

The begonia leaf stirred. He repeated it, when there came from under it a quick, loud "Peep!" and out flew Chip, straight for John, where, almost hiding himself in the boy's coat collar, he fluttered clear around his neck in the funniest little dance of joy you ever saw!

At this the little lame boy laughed so heartily that he had to lean back in his chair, while, looking up, John saw the happy tears spring to the father's eyes.

"It is the first time he has laughed aloud in weeks," he explained to John, as, after putting the now good-natured bird through all his tricks, he was about going away. "John, I know you have a kindly heart, from the way you have tamed this little, wild creature. If your master will consent, would you like to come and be a companion to Arthur—wheel him about, amuse him, read to him? You can read, John?"

"Oh, yes, sir," his eyes sparkling at thought of the books he had pored over by night, and the opportunity this would give him to read more; "and if my master's willing I'll gladly come."

So John and Chip went to the great house and both made the little cripple very happy, but when, in his mercy, God at length took Arthur home, John had become well enough educated to be private secretary to the gentleman, so he remained at a good salary.

And Chip? Alas, that I must tell it!—a cruel cat ate him up! But we hope his end was sudden and painless, for he had richly repaid his kind protector's care.

Modern Proverbs.

In a multitude of counselors there is nothing done.

Where's there's a will, there's a way to break it.

Good deeds are never lost, if you have a good lawyer.

Honesty is its own reward; dishonesty pays cash.

Always put off until to-morrow any contemplated meanness.

Man propases, woman accepts if the collaterals are good.

Marry in haste and escape a breach of promise suit.

Pay your debts, even if it makes you appear eccentric.

Have stability; a rolling stone gathers no moss.

Avoid stability; a setting hen never gets fat.

"Does death end all?" Alas, no; there is the monument subscription-fund.

Student—"Well, we treated the patient in a most approved way." Doctor—"How?" Student—"Well, we put him on milk diet; then he was put on wine; then we put him on electrical treatment; then we put him on quinine, and now—" Doctor—"You will put him on ice."

is, that "Sartor Resartus" will be read with more thorough appreciation in the wiser ages to come than it is at present.

It was a somewhat cynical estimate of the character of his countrymen that Carlyle made when he described Great Britain as a country of twenty-three millions of inhabitants, more or less, mostly fools. But, though he may have been mistaken in his judgement, this at least is to be said in his favour, he possesses the courage of his convictions. And this, in an age of which demagogism is the besetting sin, and the modern hydra, the many-headed monster, is the object of such unstinted adulation, is no small virtue. He did not believe in *Schwarmerei*, the government of the world by "the count of heads," and he had the courage to say so.

Carlyle, like most great men, especially such of them as have their natures pervaded by the poetic and humorous element, can only be understood and appreciated by such as have some of the same ingredients in their own composition. Like some others of the best things in literature his works must be read between the lines, if their deep earnestness and pathos are to be perceived. In a letter to a friend, written while he was engaged in writing "Past and Present," he affirms that his work made him "sad and sickly." That work was not written *con amore*, but of necessity. He was goaded to it by a voice which could not be silenced or gainsayed. One who knew the feeling with which he wrote, a personal friend and correspondent, says of this particular work: "Terrible as it is to him to pronounce the words that he does, he feels that these and no others are given him to speak; he sees some twenty thousand in pauper bastilles looking for a Voice, inarticulately beseeching, 'Speak for us,' and can he be silent?"

And when this disagreeable task had been performed, the seer was not at rest, for he felt that more work of the same sort was waiting to be done. After the publication of "Past and Present," John Sterling, his intimate bosom friend, said: "Carlyle does not seem quite happy; though he has blown so loud a blast, and though it has awakened so many deep echoes in the hearts of thoughtful men; there are other trumpets to sound before Truth can get itself recognized, even by those who have gone far."

The "Life of Cromwell" is thought by the critics to be Carlyle's *chef d œuvre*; but, like all best things, it cost an immense deal of labour and suffering. In a letter to Caroline Fox, he says: "I am about writing upon Oliver Cromwell—still *about* it; for the thing will not stir from the spot, let me shove it never so desperately! It approaches the impossible, this task of mine, more nearly than any task I ever had. How awaken an oblivious world incognizant of Cromwells, all incredulous of such; how resuscitate a hero sunk under the disastrous wrecks of two such centuries as lie dead on him?" Caroline called on him four months after this, and still found him ill at ease. "He groaned over Oliver Cromwell, for his progress in that memorial is slow and painful; all that had been said or written in his favor had been destroyed or ignored when Charles II. came to reign; as a Calvinistic Christian he was despised; and as a ruler and regicide he was hated; the people would not forgive him for having seemed to deceieve them, and so they dug up his body and hanged it at Tyburn, and have been telling the most abominable lies about him ever since; lately there has been some better feeling, but the case is still very bad."

He felt that in his attempt to put things right, and so put Oliver in a true light before mankind, it was Carlyle against the world. And yet the stubborn and hard-headed Scotchman not only maintained his opinion, but went far toward proving its

and £1,500,000 in debentures. The railway has been most favorably regarded in Scandinavia, except by the Swedish iron-masters, who have opposed it from the first, although the export of these iron ores from Lapland can hardly influence the Swedish iron industry, but could rather compete with the interior Spanish ores from Bilbao.

The New Gold Mines in Asia.

The new gold mines discovered in the valley of the Djolgute river are called New California. The valley is upon the Chinese bank of Amoor, opposite the Russian colony of Tgnachino, and as the soil is very marshy, and there is no roads it is only accessible in the winter. Gold was first discovered there in May, 1884, and it soon attracted a great many adventurers, the earliest comers being Russian desertere and escaped convicts from Siberia, and by the month of January in last year there was a colony of 9,000 Russians, the total having been very much increased since, while there are also about 6,500 Chinese and 150 adventurers of different nationalities, the last named of whom have joined the Russians, the organization of the colony being altogether Russian.

The goldfinders are divided into 722 small groups of workmen, all of whom are absolutely equal. These groups elect twelve elders, who did not work themselves, but superintend the diggings, and receive a salary of 200 roubles a month. They are selected from among the dealers in gold and tavern keepers, and form a sort of district police corps. They do not meet with any interference from the Chinese authorities in this remote valley, the laws of which are very simple but severe, the penalty of death being inflicted for cheating at play, for adulterating the gold dust, or for theft; while flogging is inflicted for drunkenness during the hours of labor or for bringing females into the colony.

Since the foundation of the colony there have been only three murders and two inflictions of the death penalty; a Russian having been hung for adulterating the gold dust, and a Jew flogged to death for having spread false news as to the approach of a body of Russian troops, hoping thereby to send down the price of gold owing to the panic. There are twenty-seven taverns in the colony, and, owing to the competition, the prices are not high, except for spirits. The gold fields which are twenty-five miles in length by three miles broad, are said to be very rich, and 7 pounds of gold are obtained from 32 cwt. of gravel, even with the primitive mode of washing adopted there.

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Mr. Elijah Lane, of Keene, weighing 210 pounds and standing six feet eight inches high, is the tallest man in New Hampshire, and describes himself as "one of the lanes that has no turn."

That was a cautious old tramp who said, being asked whether he would have a drink of whisky, as he was beginning a job of sawing wood, or would have it when he had finished it, answered: "Well, mum, I think I'll take it now. There has been a pile of sudden deaths lately."

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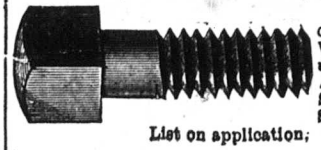

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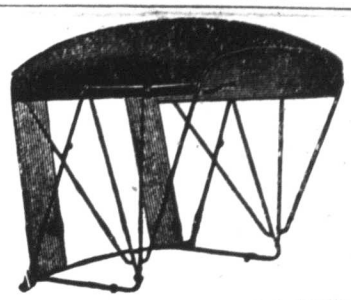

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Peerless Oils

Are made only at the **Queen City Oil Works,** and have received during the last three years

SIX GOLD MEDALS

ample barrel. If it does not prove satisfactory we will pay freight both ways.

SAMUEL ROGERS & CO., 30 Front St. East, Toronto

THE EAGLE BRAND

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES.

Best Wearing, Fitting, Looking

IN THE MARKET

Every pair and every box bears this eagle,

AS TRADE MARK.

TAKE NO OTHER.

RE ! FIRE !

Thousands of dollars worth of property and many lives are being saved by the use of

HAND GRENADE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS.

No house, store or factory can afford to be without them. Over 1,000 buildings were saved last year in Canada and United States by their use. Hundreds of our Napanee citizens saw the merits of the grenades tested on the market square on the evening of February 23rd, and are loud in praise of their efficacy. One Hand Grenade would have prevented the great fire in Chicago. No house can afford to be without ½ dozen Grenades.

Call and see them and get full particulars from

221y **R. G. WRIGHT,**

Agent for Lennox and Addington.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1886.

—It is expected that the Dominion Parliament will be prorogued about the 24th of the present month.

—Jas. Beatty, M. P., has accomplished his end. Notwithstanding the revelations in the Beatty-Woodworth affair, the North-West Central Railway bill has been passed by the Railway Committee. Toronto political influence, it is said, proved too strong for the Government to resist. Nothing else could be expected. Jobbers love jobbery and it must have its reward.

—The electors of Lennox and Addington are to be congratulated on having such men as Judge Wilkison and Judge Price acting as Revising Barristers. It is a guarantee of fair play that it indeed comforting in these times of Morganized constituencies. The appointment of such men as Judge Morgan, of York and Judge Boys, of Simcoe, to the position of Revising Barristers is an insult to the County Judges, a large majority of whom are men of the highest honor. By placing such a trust in the hands of unscrupulous partizans, working under an act containing unlimited possibilities for doing wrong, the injustice of the act is brought more fully before the public, and from far and near the cry goes up, let the act be wiped from the Statute book. It is estimated that the cost of working this unnecessary piece of machinery will be upwards of a million of dollars considered, and a satisfactory solution arranged between the different interested parties, more serious dangers to all concerned must inevitably be the result.

THE WHISKEY DROUTH.

How the Act is Received by the People --Hotel-keepers Raise their Rates.

—"The Scott Act !" "The Scott Act ! !"

—Well, the Scott Act is really in force, and we are still alive. Dry, of course, but still able to eat three square meals a day, even if the price has been raised.

—The action of the local hotel-keepers in charging for shed room, and raising the price of meals has been subjected to sharp criticism, and we think unjustly so. Every man using an hotel shed or barn has a right to pay for the accommodation. Heretofore the poor man who drank the whiskey paid in that way for the privilege of free sheds being granted to his temperate neighbor. It was a wrong principle and we are glad that it is changed. Let every man pay for the accommodation that he gets; in other words, let every man pay his own way.

—The same reasoning applies to the question of meals. If the man who drank whiskey had to help pay for meals furnished at twenty-five cents when they were worth thirty-five, the principle was wrong.

—If meals could be furnished at twenty-five cents each before the 1st May, they can be now, though we belive the price now charged is not an unreasonable one, especially for dinner.

—One of our hotels took in $10 fees for shed accommodations on Saturday.

—"The drouth struck us early" is the way one individual announced the incoming of the Scott Act.

—A week ago Saturday one of our hotel men had forty-eight for dinner; last Saturday only ten.

—A couple of drunks on Monday attracted a good deal of attention. Where did they get their liquor ?

—The increase in hotel prices booms Mr. Morris' restaurant, where dinner can be secured for 25c. His tables are filled.

—Last Saturday horses could be seen tied to telegraph poles or any other available stand-point. It was far cheaper than going into an hotel shed.

—We understand the subject of erecting sheds for the free accommodation of farmers teams has been mooted by some merchants. This would certainly convenience the farmers.

—The schooner Nellie Hunter conveyed the stock and household furniture of Mr. W. K. Pruyn to Trenton Monday night. She was towed out of the river by the steamer "Reindeer."

—John Grant & Co. have closed up their store on John-st. None of the hotels have quit business yet. It is hard to say, however, how long some will be able to keep their heads above water.

—The hotel keepers have made a change of rates all around. Meals may now be had for 35c; shed accommodation for a single rig, 10c.; barn accommodation for a team, 25c.; with hay, 40c.; with hay and oats, 50c.

—The inauguration of the Act was announced Saturday morning by a couple of "Italians from Cork," who went about town squeezing the most doleful strains imaginable from Irish bagpipes. The music (?) was certainly dry.

—Hard cider is an effectual antidote for too much Scott Act. A young man got so drunk on ancient apple-juice Wednesday night that he saw 7 electric lights in front of the Brisco House. Had cider not better be placed on the list of intoxicants ?

—It is whispered about town that an enterprising anti-Scott Act party is about to great many farmers in consequence did not "put up" their horses at all, but did their business quickly as possible and returned home. They will be better prepared next Saturday. If prices had been lowered to 5c. there would not have been so much grumbling among the farmers.

—The Scott Act is in force in Brant, Leeds and Grenville, Kent, Lanark, Lennox and Addington, Elgin, Lambton, St. Thomas, Wellington, Frontenac, Lincoln, Middlesex, Victoria, Ontario, Peterboro, Northumberland and Durham; Brame and Chicoutimi, Quebec; and Guysboro, N.S. The Act has been in force in twenty-seven places in the Maritime Provinces, twelve in Ontario, three in Quebec, and two in Manitoba, and is therefore now in operation in sixty-three of the counties and cities of the Dominion.

—The Act came into full force at Guelph on Saturday. All the hotels closed, and farmers coming into the city were unable to get stabling for their teams. Commercial men could not secure accommodation. The contents of the Royal Hotel, which has heretofore been one of the oldest and most notable of Western Canada hostelries, has been sold. Both the proprietors will leave Guelph. Thomas Watts, of the Wellington House has closed his place. The City Hotel has also gone under the hammer. John A. Woods, one of the largest merchants, has given up business and will remove to Parkdale.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

The annual meeting of the Mechanics Institute Board of Management was held in in the Town Hall Monday evening, with an attendence of about fifty persons. The Treasurer's statement was presented and adopted. It was as briefly as follows :—

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand May 1st, 1885	$170 21
Membership fees	215 00
Legislative grant	352 00
Donations, etc	159 00
	$896 21

EXPENDITURES.

Rent, lighting, etc	$100 00
Salaries	37 49
Books (not fiction)	173 31
Fiction	53 31
Magazines and newspapers, etc	84 83
Evening classes	114 00
Miscellaneous	74 86
	$637 80
Balance on hand	$258 41
Due from government on evening classes	50 00

The Librarian's report was then read, reporting the number of books on the catalogue at 1293, with a total issue during the year of 3340, an increase of 200 per cent. over 1885. Although the number of books drawn from class C (fiction) predominated largely over that of other classes, there was an encouraging increase in the demand for books of history, biography, and travels and adventures, especially among the boys. The magazines were circulated to the satisfaction of the membership. There was a most gratifying increase in the circulation of books.

The Director's report briefly reviewed the work and progress of the Institute during the year, which was most satisfactory. The evening classes were well attended with the exception of the drawing classes. The board also thanked Messrs. J. B. McGuin, Geo. M. Elliott, W. J. Black, and F. F. Miller, for their valuable services in connection with the classes. Sympathy was expressed for the family of the late Wm. Tilley, whose loss was mourned by all. He had been a faithful worker in connection with the Mechanics' Institute as secretary, librarian and teacher. The report recommended the amendment of the constitution in accordance with the requirements of the new Act regulating Mechanics' Institutes. The assets of the Institute were estimated at $1,558.41 in excess of the liabilities. In conclusion the

injustice of the act is brought more fully before the public, and from far and near the cry goes up, let the act be wiped from the Statute book. It is estimated that the cost of working this unnecessary piece of machinery will be upwards of a million of dollars, while in Lennox alone the cost will be in the neighborhood of two thousand dollars. This represents the price of a bushel of barley to each elector in the riding. To be sure the tax is not a direct one, yet we as surely pay it. It will be one of the questions for the people to decide at the next election, whether or not we shall longer be burdened with this unnecessary evil.

On Tuesday of this week the Colonial and Indian Exhibition was formally opened at London by the Queen. The weather was all that could be desired. Immense crowds thronged the route taken by Her Majesty from Buckingham Palace and greeted her with enthusiastic cheers. The opening ceremonies were conducted in the main hall, after which the Royal party visited the Canadian court. The Prince of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh, Prince Henry of Battenberg and his wife and Princess Beatrice led the royal procession, and were followed by such notables as Lord Hartington, the Marquis of Salisbury and the Earl of Derby. The Princess Louise also attended the opening. The gay court dresses and the glittering uniforms of the British officers present combined to make a magnificent spectacle. Judging from the appearance of the exhibits already in place the exhibition will prove a decided success.

The Queen was repeatedly cheered most heartily and seemed delighted at the loyal reception accorded her. Her Majesty and the Prince of Wales were presented with handsomely bound copies of the catalogue of Canadian exhibits, the Prince expressing his intention of spending considerable time in the Canadian court later on. Canada's exhibit does credit to her, and no doubt will help dispel the 'eternal snow and ice' delusions which seem to fill the minds of a majority of old country people.

To an interested observer of the political events of the past year, it would seem that a small portion of the superabundant wisdom exhibited in the construction of our wonderful Franchise Bill might have advantageously been directed towards satisfactorily settling the Fisheries question. The great mind who invented such a complicated piece of mechanism must either have exhausted his stock of original ideas, or still have unused material left on hand, which is available for the developement of our beloved country. If the first conjecture is correct, we beg to state that the most of us would have delayed somewhat longer the pleasure of an introduction to the Revising Barrister. The truth compels us to state we would have been much better satisfied had it never been necessary to make his acquaintance at all, rather than that the amicable relations existing between two nations should be endangered, as is the case in the present state of affairs. Poundmaker and his friends possibly might not have suffered materially had they waited a little longer without the power to vote, if by receiving this privilege one of the great industries of our country should be left to the mercy of another nation, or protected simply as it is by a gun boat or two. If more than one such great experiment in lawmaking is not to be expected from our Government, it is very regretable that the Indian and the Revising Barrister had not made their simultaneous appearance on the political stage a little later on, after this far more important question of life or death to the fishing population of the eastern provinces had been attended to. If this matter is not

drunk on ancient apple-juice Wednesday night that he saw 7 electric lights in front of the Brisco House. Had cider not better be placed on the list of intoxicants?

—It is whispered about town that an enterprising anti-Scott Act party is about to establish a bus line between Napanee and Deseronto, to be run Saturdays only, for the purpose of enabling tipplers to purchase a weekly supply of "budge." The fare will be 25c. to Deseronto and return.

—Last Friday, the last day of "liberty," as it has been termed by some, was celebrated with great eclat by many bibulistically inclined persons. There were more drunks last Friday floating around town than on an average fair day. In consequence there were numerous sore heads next morning.

—There was not quite as much business done, or so large an attendance of farmers as on the previous Saturday, but it would be difficult to say if this was the effect of the Scott Act. Last Saturday was a remarkly fine day, and no doubt many were kept at home by the rush of spring work, which must be done when the weather is favorable.

—John Brisco, who resides about three miles from Eganville, purchased high wines from a Kingston firm, took it home, drank it freely, and in a short time was unconscious. On the following morning his three year old daughter drank about half a cup of the pure liquor. Inflammation of the bowels set in, death alone ending the excruciating pains.

—The Scott Act enacts that liquor cannot be sold directly or indirectly, but their seems to be a misunderstanding as to the exact meaning of the word "indirectly." According to the best authority it means that one cannot sell anything to a person and then give or convey to him any spirituous liquors. This effectually squelches the old scheme of selling oranges, etc., for 25c. each and afterwards giving the purchaser a sly pull at the flask.

—A young man from a distance arrived in Napanee Saturday morning, totally unaware of the fact that the Scott Act was in force here. He was accordingly obliged to go to Deseronto in order to get "full." This he did at the latter place in true Parisian style, and missed the evening train in consequence. Had he not been offered a ride to Napanee by a friendly acquaintance, he would have been compelled to "Sunday over" at Deseronto. As it was, he reached home all O.K.—except for a sore head.

—On Monday in the House of Commons there was a flood of petitions presented praying that no alteration be made in the Canada Temperance Act. Mr. Jamieson presented one signed by the Bishop of Huron and others, and one was presented by Mr. Beaty, signed by the Mayor of Toronto and many others. Messrs. Robertson, Mulock Somerville, McCraney, Sir Richard Cartwright and others presented these petitions. Besides these a number of petitions signed by municipal corporations were read to the same effect.

—Three young men entered an hotel and called for one bottle of soda water. The pop was handed over, five cents paid for it, and three glasses handed out. The soda water was put into each of the glasses, and then, reaching to his hip pocket one pulled out a flask of sterner stuff, and filled them up. The bar-tender protested that it was unfair to him to have three drinks taken at his bar for which he only received five cents, but 'twas "the Scott Act you know." The treater winked, the bar tender laughed and the boys "smiled again."

—This increase of rates for shed and barn accommodation took the farmers by surprise, no such movement having been expected In order to strictly enfore their demands two of the hotel yards were stoutly barricaded with rope netting, no entrance being possible without the ticket of admission. A

The report recommended the amendment of the constitution in accordance with the requirements of the new Act regulating Mechanics' Institutes. The assets of the Institute were estimated at $1,558.41 in excess of the liabilities. In conclusion the report appealed strongly to the membership for further and continued support. The reports were adopted unanimously.

The election of officers for the ensuing year then took place. The board of management was reduced (in accordance with the provisions of the new law) by doing away with a 2nd vice-president, and reducing the number of Directors from 9 to 5. The following officers were elected by acclamation: Pres., Jas. E. Herring; Vice-Pres., J. B. McGuin; Sec., W. C. Scott; Treas., J. Ferguson; Directors,—L. McGoun, Jas. Taylor, J. J. Taylor, W. N. Doller, P. Slaven. Votes of thanks were passed to the President and Secretary. The date of holding the annual meeting was changed to the first Monday in May, after which the meeting adjourned.

Deseronto's Deformities.

—A truly deplorable state of affairs exist in Deseronto—according to the Tribune. In the last issue of that journal we notice that, "there is an ugly crack in the small bridge on the boundary road just near the slash road, which should be attended to at once by the proper authorities or an accident will surely result." We also observe that there are some "unsightly pools of water and mud in front of the post office," and that an "example will be made of some boys and men who are in the habit of tearing down bills and posters." The Tribune calls attention to the fact that "a number of Deseronto men and boys, without having the fear of the law before their eyes, occupied the greater part of last Sunday by shooting musk-rats from the bridge on the Slash Road. It might be to the interest of our worthy Chief of Police to extend his rambles in that direction next Sabbath." The following paragraph caps the climax:—"Rumours of shocking depravity in a family not far from this village have reached our ears, and if the scandal continues we shall feel it our duty to make a public statement in the interest of justice and public morality" Deseronto truly is a most moral town. The Tribune is evidently determined to Christianize and civilize the inhabitants.

Presenting The Medals.

Saturday forenoon the members of "A" Battery and the 14th P. W. O. Rifles were presented with North West Rebellion medals at the Tete-du-Pont barracks, Kingston. Mrs. Lieut-Col Cottor pinnned the medals to the left breasts of the winners coats. The medals depended from a blue and red ribbon, and were without clasps. The trophies were won by 32 members of "A" Battery and 2 gunners from the Halifax Garrison Artillery. Mrs. Lieut-Col. Villiers presented medals to 9 members of the 14th P. W. O. Rifles. The balance of the 107 medals received by "A" Battery were given to the men previous to their discharge, while 32 of them will be despatched to Moose Jaw. There is displeasure among the soldiers over the unheard-of proceeding of tendering medals to them without clasps. Said one old veteran, "The medal is of little value alone, and unless a clasp is given I guess I'll trade it off for a drink." The medals are about the size of a silver half-dollar, having on the obverse side a cast of Her Majesty's head, surrounded by the inscription, "Victoria Regina et Imperatrix." The other side bears a wreath of maple leaves surrounding "North-West, 1885, Canada." The men have to get their names engraved on the medals at their own expense.

—The hectic flush, pale hollow cheeks and precarious appetite, indicate worms. Freeman's Worm Powders will effectually remove them

What about that new Spring suit?

LEAVE YOUR ORDER EARLY THAT WE MAY GET IT DONE IN TIME.

Downey & Co.

Our Spring Tweeds and Cloths are open and ready for inspection. We have as usual a large stock to select from of the very best Tweeds at the lowest prices. Our Scotch and English Tweeds are just what we represent, NOT IMITATIONS, and will give satisfaction to the purchaser every time.

Our Canadian Tweeds we are selling from 40c. per yard upwards. We can make you a suit of clothes for $10.

Recollect our Mr. Walters makes the best fitting suit, puts in the best trimmings and gives you the best value for your money.

DOWNEY & CO.

221y

FARES REDUCED TO

DAKOTA.

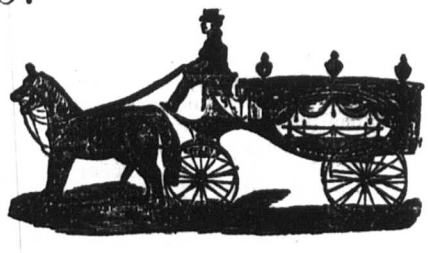
$25 to Neche, St. Thomas, Dawson, Hamilton, and other Points in Dakota.

$21 from Napanee to Winnipeg.

J. L. BOYES,

221y Grand Trunk Ticket Agent.

J. GIBBARD & SON,



Leading Undertakers of the County.

:o:

They turn out a better trimmed job than any other house, and keep all the latest improvements connected with their business.

YOU CAN BUY

33⅓ yards Good Factory Cotton for $1.00
12½ yards Heavy Fast Colored Shirting for $1.00
16⅔ yards Wide English Fast Colored Print for $1.00
14¼ yards Blue and Brown Denims for $1.00
10 yards Striped Shirtings worth $1.50 tor $1.00
Heavy Twilled Sheeting, 2 yards wide, at 25 cents per yard.

You can buy these goods at above prices if you come at once. The quantity we have is limited and cannot be replaced at anything like the prices offered.

AT HALF PRICE.

We bought a special lot of 20 dozen Silk, Lisle and Taffeta Gloves at 50 cents on the dollar and are offering them for a few days, as they won't last long, at half their value.

100 pairs Pure Silk Mitts, in new colorings and blacks, at 25 cents per pair worth 75 cents.

IN MILLINERY.

We are still crowded with orders. Mrs. Doxsee and staff are working every night till 12 o'clock on ordered work only. The very latest New York novelties opened this week. If you want the correct thing in Millinery be sure to see our stock.

GENTLEMEN.—We have a fine stock of Seersuckers, Serges and Halifax Tweed. Just the thing for summer suits. New Striped and Solid Colorings in Black, Navy, Brown and Garnet. Cotton Socks, new Neck Ties,

—:o:—

They turn out a better trimmed job than any other house, and keep all the latest improvements connected with their business.

Embalming a Specialty

which prevents any unpleasant odorus or any change of colour. 22-1y J. GIBBARD & SON

GENTLEMEN.—We have a fine stock of Seersuckers, Serges and Halifax Tweed. Just the thing for summer suits. New Striped and Solid Colorings in Black, Navy, Brown and Garnet. Cotton Socks, new Neck Ties, Underware and White Shirts at close prices.

221y HOOPER & DOXSEE.

Still They Come

In addition to the great bargains in Damaged Goods announced last week

P. SLAVEN & CO.

Would invite the attention of buyers to a lot of

New Goods Opened This Week.

The buyers for the wholesale houses all start for the old country as soon as the spring openings are over for the purpose of buying summer goods and placing orders for fall goods. Their purchases are now to hand and as several lines were purchased at our special request they cannot be found in other stores.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

Especially is very attractive just now. Our opening display on the 27th March last was the most successful we ever held, but being so early in the season of course the most of the goods were only suitable for spring wear and are now all sold. We have opened during the past week several cases of NEW SUMMER HATS from New York, London and Paris, such as the Thalia, Andover, Vassar, Thisle, Tulla, Cleta, Juno, Atlanta, Cassino, St. Elmo, Athuton, Amnique, Tarbouche and other new styles especially adapted for summer wear; also large quantities of new Ribbons, Gauzes and trimmings of all kinds. Every lady who wants to be well dressed without paying extravagant prices should see our goods before purchasing as Miss Trevail's good taste may be relied on to sell only what is becoming to them. She has acquired such a perfect mastery of the millinery art during her experience among the most fashionable and refined ladies of Toronto that she seems to have an intuitive knowledge of what is the correct thing for every lady to wear.

In future we will have no wholesale prices on Saturday. We will be glad to see wholesale customers en any week day and will cut prices very fine, but our retail trade is the most important and is increasing so much that everyone that comes in on Saturday must pay retail prices.

We extead a cordial invitation to all our customers and the public generally to visit our store on Saturday evening to see the electric light and the lightnig cash carrier in operation.

The goods go out of the door and the cash goes into the desk so fast that you you can hardly see how it is done.

Two good Milliners and one good Salesman wanted.

24 P. SLAVEN & Co.

A TAME SESSION.

The Waterworks an Almost Settled Question—Unanimously in its Favor.

The regular meeting of the Town Council was held in the council chamber on Monday evening. Present—Mayor Wilson, Reeve Carscallen, Deputy-Reeve Lapum, and Couns. Gibbard, Joy, Bowen, Carson, Aylsworth, Davis, and Lowry.

After the minutes had been read and confirmed, the taxes on Mrs. Prue's property, amounting to about $3, were remitted.

The Fire, Water and Gas Committee were instructed to have the buoys placed in the river.

The Mayor said complaints had been made that the willow tree on Robert-st. in front of Mrs. Baker's, had grown so large as to have filled up the drain and burst open the sidewalk. Attention was also called to the tree on Bridge-st. in front of Mr. R. Easton's residence. —The street inspector was instructed to have the trees chopped down.

STREET SPRINKLING.

A petition signed bynumerous ratepayers was presented praying that the street sprinkler be placed on Dundas-st., from Joy's blacksmith shop to Robert-st., and on John-st., from Dundas to Bridge-sts., including the market square. An extra petition was also presented praying that the services of the street sprinkler be continued from Robert-st. to West-st. This latter petition was referred to the clerk to be dealt with similarly to the former petition. The original petition was referred to the Street Committee with power to act.

Dep.-Reeve LAPUM moved, seconded by Coun. GIBBARD, that the motion disposing of the second petition be reconsidered.—Carried.

Coun. GIBBARD supported his motion by remarking that the motion as worded as present instructed the committee to have that part of the street sprinkled, even if another cart and team had to be placed on the road. It was impossible for one team to do the whole work.

On motion of Coun. GIBBARD, seconded by Dep.-Reeve LAPUM, the second petition was referred to the Street Committee with power to act.

PETITIONS.

A petition was read from Dr. H. L. Cook and others, stating that the drain leading from Robert-st. to Centre-st., on Bridge st, had been tested and found defective, and praying the council to take some action to have it repaired.—Referred to the Street Committee to report.

From Ira Kimmerly and others, asking for a sidewalk 3 feet wide on the east side of Raglan-st., from Dundas to Mill-st.—Referred to the Street Committee to report.

From T. H. Waller and others, asking for a sidewalk on the west side of Union-st., from Dundas to Bridge-st.—Referred to the Street Committee to report,

From a number of ratepayers in the vicinity, asking for a drain on the south side of Dundas-st., from Union to Raglan-st.—Referred to the Street Committee to report.

From Robt. McMillan, asking for a crossing in front of his dwelling on the Camden road.—Referred to the Street Committee with power to act.

A communication was read from Mr. Morrison, of Toronto, calling the attention of the council to the great efficiency of chemical fire engines.—Filed.

John Conger tendered for contract of sprinkling the streets at the rate of $2 per day. There was a little discussion as to the advisability of accepting this offer without a written contract, as the man might get enough of the job and throw it up, thereby leaving the town in the lurch. The matter was finally placed in the hands of the Street Committee with power to act.

Dep.-Reeve LAPUM presented the treasurer's monthly statement, showing an expenditure for the month of $1,390.23, or gross receipts for the year of $10,168.01, disbursements for the month, $1,082.16, and a total expenditure for the year of $6,646.22, leaving a balance of $3,340.97, at the credit of the corporation in the bank.—Adopted.

Coun. JOY presented pay list No. 9, amounting to $47.00, which was adopted. For the Street Committee he also requested further time to report on the petitions of Chas. Lane and others, and Ed. Roberts and others; recommended that no crossings be built in the centre of the blocks; reported that the committee had estimated the expense of paving, gravelling and placing water tables on the streets at $3 per rod; reported a collection of $11.00 by the Chief for dirt, but he had not been able to complete his collections on account of illness; further reported the drain repaired west of the Western Methodist Church, and recommended that the willow tree in front of Mr. Robert Easton's residence be cut down.

The report was taken up [illegible] clause.

Dep.-Reeve LAPUM, that the report be adopted. —Carried.

Nightwatchman Emberson's report was read and filed.

MOTIONS.

Complimentary motions of thanks were made to the Mayor and Council, and chief officers and members of the fire departments of Port Hope, Lindsay and Peterboro, and also to Mr. W. Henderson, Superintendent of waterworks at Peterboro, for their courtesy extended to the deputation, which visited their towns for the purpose of inspecting the waterworks systems in those places.

The motions were unanimously carried.

A resolution of thanks was made Mr. E. A. Bailey, Emigration Commissioner, for his kindness in showing the council through the car of North-West products, which visited this town last week. It was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Coun. GIBBARD, seconded by Coun. AYLSWORTH, the sum of $3 was ordered to be sent to Mr. Sanders, clerk of Port Hope, for a copy of their waterworks contract.

On motion the collector's time was extended to the next regular meeting.

On motion of Coun. CARSON, seconded by Coun. BOWEN, the Street Committee was instructed to purchase the stone which is being taken from Dr. Cook's cellar at 25c. a load.

Moved by Coun. CARSON, seconded by Coun. JOY, that lumber be purchased from Mr. L. F. Doller at $12 per M.—Carried.

On motion the matter of impounding cattle was referred to the street inspector.

Moved by Coun. DAVIS, seconded by Coun. CARSON, that the Court of Revision be held on May 20th, at 10 o'clock.—Carried.

Dep.-Reeve LAPUM introduced a by-law to provide a Court of Revision. The by-law passed its third reading, the court being composed of Uriah Wilson, Mayor, and Councillors Aylsworth, Lowry, Joy and Dep-Reeve Lapum.

Moved by Coun. JOY, seconded by Coun. LOWRY, that Geo. Cliff's account be paid.—Lost.

Moved by Dep.-Reeve LAPUM, seconded by Coun. BOWEN, that the account be referred to the Street Committe with power to act.—Carried.

Moved by Coun. DAVIS, seconded by Deputy-Reeve LAPUM, that Dr. Grant's account be referred to the Poor and Sanitary Committee with power to act.—Carried.

Moved by Coun. LOWRY, seconded by Coun. GIBBARD, that Downey & Co.'s account be referred to the committee on Fire, Water and Gas with power to act.—Carried.

Moved by Coun. DAVIS, seconded by Coun. JOY, that the account of E. J. Hooper be referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.—Carried.

Moved by Coun. CARSON, seconded by Coun. BOWEN, that the Finance Committee be instructed to collect $3 from the treasurer for searching sureties and obtaining abstract, and that the amount be deducted from his pay.—Carried.

Moved by Coun. CARSON, seconded by Coun. LOWRY, that a satisfactorily endorsed note for one month be accepted from Miss Hill for taxes. —Carried.

On motion the sum of $20 was placed in the hands of the Poor and Sanitary Committee.

Moved by Coun. CARSON, seconded by Coun. DAVIS, that Mayor Wilson and Coun. Aylsworth and Gibbard be a special committee to take into consideration the matter of waterworks and report at a special meeting of the council.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

PERSONALS.

—Mr. T. W. Casey was in town this week.

—Mr. J. B. McGuin was in Kingston Wednesday.

—Mr. H. S. Grange has returned from Detroit.

—Mr. William Boyd, the noted sprinter, is in town.

—Miss D. Fairfield, of Bath, was in town last Saturday.

—Miss Jenkins, of Kingston, was in town last Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Will. Huffman left for Stratford Monday.

—Mr. Garret Taylor, of Deseronto, was in town Sunday.

—Mrs. Chas. Gunsolus, of Bobcaygeon, is visiting her parents.

—Miss Bogart, of Deseronto, has been visiting friends here.

—Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Clark, of Ernesttown were in town Monday.

—We are pleased to learn that Mr. Will Thompson is improving.

—Mr. R. J. Dickinson, of Kingston, is stopping at Mr. T. F. Waller's.

—Mr. Richard Spencer, of Trenton, was in town a couple of days this week.

Rising From the Ashes.

The burnt district is rapidly assuming a business-like aspect again. Mr. John Coates' brick terrace is being swiftly reared sky-ward under the superintendence of Mr. John Conger, who has the contract for the brick work. The work of excavating Dr. Cook's corner is rapidly approaching completion and will be finished probably in a few days. Mr. John Hearns has the contract. Belyat Conger has already commenced laying the stone foundation of the building. The contract for the brickwork on Messrs Carson, Chinneck and Symington's new block has been awarded to Mr. John Tucker, who has commenced work. Mr. Chinneck's jewlery vault has been re-bricked and repaired throughout. The work of clearing the debris from the cellars of Mr. Harshaw's block was delayed somewhat by his difficulty with the insurance companies, but the rubbish is now being carried out by a gang of men and the cellars will be "clean as a whip" in a few days. Material has been laid down and building operations are being pushed forward with the greatest energy. Mr. Coates, proprietor of the Dominion House building, is also erecting extensive sheds in the rear of that hotel. The stores on the north side of street which were scorched by the fire have been repainted and repaired, giving them a neater appearance than before.

—Use Prof. Low's Sulphur Soap for prickly heat, nettle rash, scaley eruption, itch, and all diseased conditions of the skin.

A Double Benefit.

Harry Ricardo, of Toronto, certifies to the benefits received from the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil as a cure for rheumatism and deafness, his affliction with these combined troubles being a severe one.

Deaths.

WINTERS—At Lonsdale, on Friday, April 30th, Margaret Winters, aged 46 years.

NORRIS—In Richmond, on Tuesday, May 4th, the infant child on Wm. Norris.

PERRY—In Napanee, on Thursday, May 5th, Frances A., beloved wife of J. J. Perry, druggist, aged 33 years, 7 months and 20 days. The funeral takes place to-day (Friday) from her late residence, Dundas-st., at 3:30 p. m.

A Severe Trial.

Those who endure the torturing pangs of neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatics, lumbago, and similar painful complaints are severely tried, but there is a speedy relief in Hagyard's Yellow Oil as thousands who have used it joyfully testify. It banishes pain and lameness quickly.

Cemetery Improvements.

The fine weather has come and the season for having monuments and tombstones erected in the cemeteries. Before buying or promising your orders to anyone, call on V. Kouber. He is noted for doing the best work in this section. See his stock of marble and Scotch and Canadian granite. Yard and works opposite the Beaver office, Napanee. No canvasser employed.

22-2 mos. V. KOUBER.

A Modern Miracle.

In a recent letter from R. W. Dawson, of Delaine, Ont., he states that he has recovered from the worst form of dyspepsia, after suffering for fifteen years; and when a council of doctors pronounced him incurable he tried Burdock Blood Bitters, six bottles of which restored his health.

Napanee Market Prices.

Napanee, April 23 1886.

Fall wheat, per	bushel	$0 70	$0 80
Spring wheat,	do	0 70	0 80
Barley,	do	0 50	0 75
Oats,	do	0 33	0 35
Peas,	do	0 50	0 60
Rye,	do	0 52	0 53
Onions,	do	0 50	0 75
do	per bag	0 75	0 90
Potatoes	per bag	0 50	0 25
Flour, spring,	per 100 lbs	2 00	2 30
Cornmeal		0 00	1 75

Western Methodist Church, and recommended that the willow tree in front of Mr. Robert Easton's residence be cut down.

The report was taken up [illegible] clause.

On the second clause Coun. AYLSWORTH *moved, seconded* by Coun. DAVIS, that the *clause* be referred back to the committee to report on.—Carried.

On the third clause Coun. AYLSWORTH moved, seconded by Coun. DAVIS, that the committee be instructed to get estimates for properly rubbling the street from water table to water table, and for placing six inches of gravel on the side and ten inches in the centre of the street.—Carried.

The report was then adopted as amended.

Coun. CARSON, for the Fire, Water and Gas Committee, recommended the payment of Angus McLeod's account less $2.—Adopted.

Coun. GIBBARD reported receipts of the market committee for the month of April of $45.11. The report was adopted.

Coun. LOWRY, of the Poor and Sanitary Committee reported an expenditure for the month of April of $36.50, leaving a balance due the committee of $10.40. The report was adopted.

THE WATERWORKS.

Coun. GIBBARD, for the special committee appointed to visit Port Hope and some places re the investigation of a waterworks system, reported as follows:—

NAPANEE, MAY 30th, 1886.

To the Mayor and Council:—

We, your committee, selected to visit Port Hope and other towns to inspect their water works system, beg leave to submit the following:—

1. We visited Port Hope, Lindsay and Peterboro, where we were shown every courtesy, and their officials took every pains to impart all in their power to us regarding waterworks The Mayor and Council of Port Hope met us upon our arrival, and escorted us to their fire hall, where everything was in readiness. After our inspection of the hall the fire alarm was given to the man who had charge of the pumps, and the hose company at once turned out, and in a few minutes there were four streams playing through 100 feet of hose, throwing over 30 feet above a very high four-storey building through 1¼ in. nozzle; and your committee were very favorably impressed with their system of waterworks.

2. Your committee then visited Lindsay, and were given a cordial reception by their Mayor and Council, who took every pains to inform your committee regarding their system, called out their fire brigade and gave a display, which also pleased your committee.

3. Your committee learning that Peterboro had just put in waterworks which were recommended as being of the latest improved pattern, we proceeded to that town, and through the courtesy of their Mayor we with him visited the pumps and station and found the most improved pumps working to our entire satisfaction We then were kindly offered by the secretary of the Waterworks Co. the services of their superintendent, Mr. W. Henderson, who spent part of the forenoon giving us very valuable information, he being one of the most practical men in the province. His estimates for about one mile of 6 inch pipe and ½ mile of 8 inch pipe with 17 hydrants of the latest improved pattern, laid in our town would cost $7,000, and the buildings with the machinery $3,000, making the total cost about $10,000.

4. Your committee would recommend that if any additional fire protection be added to our town, that it be the Holly system of waterworks.

Signed,

URIAH WILSON, Mayor.
J. AYLSWORTH,
W. T. GIBBARD.

Coun. GIBBARD said they had recommended the adoption of the Holly system of waterworks because of their great superiority over any other system. The Holly system differed from other systems, in that it forced the water directly through the pipes by strong pumps, whereas other systems supplied water by reservoirs. He briefly reviewed their visit to Port Hope and Peterboro, and wound up by giving some figures, relative to the size of pumps and pipes. If Napanee was to have any waterworks, the best and only the best should be had.

The Mayor called the attention of the council to the recommendation of the committee that the Holly system be adopted. The question was now open for discussion.

Coun. DAVIS said he understood that another superior system of waterworks was in use in the United States. It would be well to investigate the truth of the rumor.

Coun. GIBBARD replied that there were only two systems of waterworks—the pumping system and reservoir system. The difference was only in the pumps. The Holly Co. did not make a first-class pump.

The Mayor and Coun. GIBBARD gave some figures relative to the Holly system of waterworks, but as all this will come out at the public meeting to be held, we will not enter into any detailed statement here.

Coun. AYLSWORTH, CARSON and DAVIS carried on a desultory conversation for a few minutes when Coun. BOWEN moved, seconded by

Thompson is improving.

—Mr. R. J. Dickinson, of Kingston, is stopping at Mr. [illegible]'s.

—Mr. Richard Spender, of Trenton, was in town a couple of days this week.

—Mrs. Geo. Blewett and mother, Mrs. Mancur, are visiting friends in Picton.

—Miss Hattie Davis, of Adolphustown, is visiting at Mrs. Thompson's, Dundas-st.

—Mrs. Hiram Williams, of Toronto, (nee Miss Allen), is visiting her father, Jas. Allen, Esq.

—Mrs. John Cooper and daughter Lizzie, of Kingston, are visiting John Smith, Centre-st.

—Mr. John Phelan, of Brockville, has been visiting a few days this week with his parents.

—Mr. John Fennell, lately with R. G. Wright, is now travelling for Smart Bros., of Brockville.

—Messrs. Geo. Stevenson and Will. Scott have returned to Trinity College School, Port Hope.

—Mr. Storms, a graduate of Kingston Medical College, was in town this week on a visit to friends.

—Messrs. Fred. Allison and Rod. Morden, of Picton, spent Sunday and Monday with friends in Napanee.

—John Perry left on Saturday night last for New York en route to Boston. The girls he left behind him are weeping.

—Mr. Alfred Geddes and bride, of Ottawa, stopped at Judge Wilkison's a few days this week on their wedding tour.

—Mr. and Mrs. Christie, parents of Mr. John Christie, returned home Monday, after attending their son during his late illness.

—Mr. J. C. Johnson, of Bath, was calling on friends in Napanee this week. Although eighty years old he is still hale and hearty.

—The Deseronto Tribune says Rev. Mr. Harding, of Napanee, assisted in the Easter services in St. Mark's Church in that village.

—Miss Benson, who formerly lived at Napanee, but lately has resided in Picton, has returned to town to reside permanently.

—Mr. Ruttan, of Sproule & Ruttan, was out last week for the first time since December. He has been quite ill, but is now improving.

—Mr. J. S. Ham left for Port Hope on Monday, where he resumes his studies at Trinity College. His friends wish him every success.

—Mr. J. J. Ashton, of Hampton, brother to our townsman of the same name, is one of the graduates in arts at Queen's University, Kingston.

—Mr. L. A. Lochhead and his sister left last week to enter upon the duties of public school teaching in Frontenac county. We wish them success,

—Messrs. H. N. Dunning, F. M. Young and L. T. Lochhead and Miss L. A. Lochhead, of Queen's University, Kingston, are home for the holidays.

—Mr. D. B. Dowling, B.A.Sc., Ottawa, was in town Tuesday morning en route to the Rocky Mountains. He goes in connection with the Geological survey.

—Wm. H. Moutray, Esq., the popular township clerk of Amherst Island, left on Tuesday last for Ireland. Mr. R. G. Girvin, of Stella, will act as clerk pro tem.

—Mr. Frank Dine, a North-West volunteer who saw active service at Cut Knife Creek under Col. Otter, spent Sunday in Napanee, en route to Kingston. He stopped with his aunt, Miss M. A. Stevens.

—Ven. Archdeacon Bedford-Jones and Rev. A. Young, of Napanee, attended the closing exercise of Queen's University at Kingston last Wednesday, on the occasion of conferring degrees on the graduates.

—Mr. Frank Roblin left for British Columbia Monday evening. The 47th Batt. Band of which he has long been an active member accorded him a hearty send-off at the depot, rendering some of their finest music in good style.

—W. C. Stoddart, of Deseronto, called on us Thursday. A short time ago he slipped and fell in the streets of Belleville and broke his arm close to the shoulder. We were pleased to see that he has almost entirely recovered from the effect of the fall.

—Rev. Sidney C. Shorey, of the Sherbourne-st. Methodist Church, Toronto, is very popular with his congregation, says the Globe. He receives a salary of $2,000 per year. with parsonage furnished free gratis. The rev. gentleman is a Camden boy, and only left this district a few years ago.

McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate is invaluable for wounds, sores, salt rheum, cuts, burns, scalds and festers, as a healing and purifying dressing. Do not be imposed on with other useless preparations, recommended to be as good. Use only McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Sold at Grange's or Huffman's drug store, Napanee, and at Jas. Aylsworth's, Tamworth.

Onions,	do	0 50	0 75
do	per bag	0 75	0 90
Potatoes	per bag	0 50	0 25
Flour, spring, per 100 lbs		2 00	2 30
Cornmeal		0 00	1 75
Butter, per lb.		0 14	0 15
Cheese "		0 11	0 12
Lard "		0 08	0 09
Tallow "		0 05	0 06
Musk Rats		0 10	0 11
Beaver, per lb		1 50	1 60
Lamb per lb		0 06	0 70
Mutton, per lb		0 07	0 09
Wool, per lb		0 16	0 00
Calfskins, per lb		0 08	0 10
Eggs per doz		0 10	0 11
Bacon, per 100 lbs		8 00	9 00
Mess pork		0 12	0 15
Hay "		7 00	8 00

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D New York City.* 1-1y.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and pwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property,

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rates. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 65c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited T. G. DAVIS,
Insurance and Money Loaning Agent.
Office—194 Dundas-st. over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee. 221y

CHEAP RATES TO CALIFORNIA

—AND OTHER—

Western States.

Now is your time to go West before the rates are higher

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent
221y Office, N. G. W. Telegraph Office Napanee

THE IMPORTED SUFFOLK PUNCH STALLION, THE PALMER,

—Will stand at—

Switzer's Hotel, Odessa, every Monday,

Commencing the first Monday in June.

Farmers wishing to improve their stock will have an opportunity of doing so by using this horse.

For terms and other information apply to
JOHN PURDY,
Or to Grocm.
JOHN CARSON, ESQ., Kingston. 22-3

MONEY to LOAN AT 6 PER CENT.

$53.000 of Private Money

Old mortgages paid off. New loans taken and mortgages purchased. Apply to

GIBSON & CLUTE,
Barristers, Napanee

Or on Thursdays and Fridays at our Tamworth office. 221y

Lahey, McKenty & Co.,

—MORE NEW BARGAINS AT THE—

GREAT :. UNDERVALUE :. SALE !

To hand this week a job line of

CORSETS

We have just opened a lot of twenty dozen fine Corsets in all sizes and a variety of makes, bought at less than half their price. We will give customers their choice of the lot for

Fifty Cents a Pair.

Every pair is worth from $1.25 to $1.50. They are all fine goods from standard makers.

For our Staple Department.

NEW GREY COTTONS

THE FINEST VALUE WE HAVE EVER SHOWN. A splendid heavy yard wide Grey Cotton at 4½c., heavier still, 51-2c., and for 61-2c. a Cotton worth 9c. anywhere. See them.

STARTLING BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

At The Popular Dry Goods House,

Lahey, McKenty & Co.

231y

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

We wish to call the attention of the farmers of this and adjoining counties to our line of farm implements. We make a specialty of THE CHAMPION THRESHING ENGINE, and the best makes of SEPARATORS, also

MASSEY HARVESTER, TORONTO MOWER, MASSEY MOWER, TORONTO LIGHT BINDER, SHARP'S HORSE RAKE, DUCKFOOT CULTIVATOR, SPRING TOOTH CULTIVATOR and SOLID FRAME CULTIVATOR, WISNER CELEBRATED SEED DRILL,

And a specialty of HAY & GRAIN UNLOADERS and HORSE FORKS, in fact every kind of Implement used on the farm.

We invite you to call and inspect before purchasing.

BIRRELL & CO.,

DUNDAS-ST., NAPANEE, Opposite Brisco House

☞ The best and most improved Steel Ploughs always in stock. 221y

UNDERTAKING AT MOSCOW.

MILES STORMS,

UNDERTAKER

and manufacturer and dealer in Furniture of all kinds.

The Undertakers' Association does not affect the prices of boxes.

A first-class Hearse and a larges tock of Coffins and all necessary supplies.

Branch establishment at Sydenham 221y

SPRING CLOTHING.

D. J. HOGAN & SON

BUSINESS CHANGE.

Having purchased the Sash Factory known as the

PERRY FACTORY

We beg to inform the people of Napanee and throughout the counties that we are prepared to furnish

SASH,

DOORS

D. J. HOGAN & SON

Beg to announce that they have just received a complete stock of Spring Suitings in

ENGLISH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS.

Also a splendid assortment of BLACK AND COLORED WORSTEDS.

Our stock of Spring Overcoatings cannot be equalled in the county. The best value we have ever shown.

Give us a trial.

D. J. HOGAN & SON.

Campbell House Block. 221y

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

We wish to call the attention of the farmers of this section to our new stock of Farm Implements which are unsurpassed by any in the market. Read our list.

THE PATTERSON CORD BINDER.—This Binder has points of excellence over any other Binder in the market.

THE CELEBRATED PATTERSON REAPER.—This Reaper has 5 Rakes, which is a great advantage.

THE YOUNG CANADA MOWER.—This Mower is without a superior and has few equals.

Also HORSE RAKES, GANG PLOWS, SEED DRILLS and CULTIVATORS.

We are also agents for the MORRIS & WATTS SEPARATOR, the best in the market, and will give our customers their choice of three of the leading Steam Engines in Canada.

We are also agents for the celebrated WARTMAN & WARD HORSE FORKS AND CARS. These goods have stood the test for years and have no equal.

Our shop is on the WEST SIDE OF THE MARKET SQUARE. Give us a call. No trouble to show our goods. A full line of repairs always on hand. We hope by strict attention to and a thorough knowledge of the business to merit a fair share of the patronage of these counties.

SPROULE & RUTTAN.

18 6 mos.

TO BE

WELL SUITED

—GO TO—

ROBLIN & FORD'S.

The latest and most fashionable Imported and Domestic SUITINGS, COATINGS, TROUSERINGS, Etc.

☞ See our Novelties in GENTS' FURNISHINGS and STYLISH HATS.

221y ROBLIN & FORD.

AGRICLTURAL IMPLEMENTS

JOHN PHALEN,

Brisco House Yard, East-st. - Office, Warner Block.

I have great pleasure in calling the attention of the farmers of Lennox and Addington to my stc of Farm Implements for 1886, viz.,

The Celebra ted John Abell Cold Medal Steam Engines "Paragon," "Vibrator" and "Advance," Threshing Machines and Portable Saw Mills Coulthard, Scott & Co. Seed Drills, The Maxwell Low Down Binder, Maxwell Reaper Mower land Horse Rake. first-class Steel IPlows and Cultivators.

ALSO AGENT FOR THE WEBER PIANOS AND ORGANS.

☞ I have no partner in the business and intend conducting it solely myself 221y

---

PERRY FACTORY

We beg to inform the people of Napanee and throughout the counties that we are prepared to furnish

SASH,
DOORS,
BLINDS,
MOULDINGS,
COPE SIDING,

and all kinds of Matched and Dressed Lumber.

TURNING DONE on SHORT NOTICE

Having added to the above the manufacture of

BEE HIVE SECTIONS,

we beg to solicit the patronage of those interested in this branch of busines as we can furnish them cheaper than they can be imported.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

E. F. & F. E. VANLUVEN.

Napanee, April 14th, 1886. 211y

MANHOOD

HOW LOST. HOW RESTORED !

We have recently published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, &c., resulting from excesses.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in his admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Address

The CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co.
41 Ann street, New York
Post Office Box **450.** 15-1

LUMBER !

—:o:—

To our patrons and the general public in the vcinity of the

N., T. & Q. RAILWAY,

We beg to announce that we have at each station on this road and in the town of

NAPANEE

A stock of all kinds of lumber, both

Dressed and in the Rough,

—ALSO—

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings

and all kinds of house finish on hand and made to order on short notice

WATER LIME, PORTLAND CEMENT, COAL AND LAND PLASTER.

Please call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. With thanks for past favors and hoping for a continuance of your patronage.

Most respectfully Yours, 14-3 mos.

The RATHBUN CO.

AN EGYPTIAN ROMANCE.

A Story of Love and Wild Adventure, founded upon Startling Revelations in the Career of Arabi Pasha.

By the Author of "NINA, THE NIHILIST," "THE RED RIDER," "THE RUSSIAN SPY, ETC., ETC.

CHAPTER LVII.

BEHIND THE CURTAIN IN THE HAREM OF THE WAR MINISTER.

Whilst the first victory upon Egyptian soil has thus been gained by her husband, Nellie is half guest and half captive within the pink walls of Arabi Pasha's palaces at Cairo.

The war minister had kept his word by dispatching her and her parents thither, exactly as he had promised he would do, and here she has been during the whole of the five intervening weeks, leading a dull and sadly monotonous life behind the harem curtain, seeing her mother daily, but her father never once, for he might not enter into that supposed sanctuary of female loveliness though it ottimes screens female hideousness as well.

So Mr Trezarr is the guest of the war minister's only son, a pleasant gentlemanly youth, who does his best to make the banker's enforced imprisonment bearable to him, and never lost an opportunity of informing him that if he were to venture forth into the street he would assuredly be killed, and who has always some wondrous tale to tell of the sinking of British ironclads, or the annihilation of British armies, or that the Sultan was on his way to help them, for the Egyptain leaders were quite clever at the spreading of false reports as were the Russians.

Very similar tales were told to Nellie by Arabi Pasha's wife, only to her account was always added something of the miraculous, as was to be expected from a lady who believed in sorcery and always kept a dream interpeter in her employ in whose predictions she placed the most implicit confidence.

Nellie felt very uncomfortable in this lady's presence at first, lest she might know or guess the future that was intended to be in store for her and feel angry or hurt thereby. But she before long broached the subject of her own accord, and it did not appear to be at all a sore one.

"When you are my sister we shall love each other very much," she murmured gently.

"When I am your sister? I don't exactly understand?' answered Nellie; nor did she.

"Why, when you are Ahmed's wife we shall be sister, shall we not? That is what all wives of one man call each other in this country, and they generally love each other like real sisters as well. That is to say, when they have so good and kind a husband as Ahmed, you know."

"Then I must be your sister already, for the pasha believes that he has married me."

"Believes, little one? If he has done so he must know for certain, I should say."

"Well, he thinks so then," rejoined Nellie, petulantly, "but I am quite sure that he has not, first, because I was no consenting party, and secondly, because I was another man's wife at the time."

"Ah, but, little sister, if any one has made a mistake in the matter it must be yourself, for you are young and doubtless foolish, whilst Ahmed Arabi has the wisdom of more than double your years, and beside, he would not do wrong to the meanest thing that breathes. A good and blessed thing it is to be the wife of such a man, for she never hears an angry word drop from his lips. He

At this point the Valide Khanoum glanced up off the letter at her auditor, to note what effect it had made upon her and she uttered a little cry of mingled pity and consternation upon perceiving that her "little sister," as she delighted to call her, had sunk down upon a softly pillowed divan in a dead swoon.

CHAPTER LVIII.

FRANK DONELLY AT LAST CROSSES SWORDS WITH ARABI.

When Captain Donelly fell back with his little force on the main body of his regiment, carrying his wounded and the captured Egyptian battery, he received some praise from the colonel for the success which had attended his reconnaisance, and upon his representations and at his request Pat Monaghan was given a corporal's chevrons on the spot.

It was not the time to rest on a mere handful of laurels, however, for the war upon which they had entered was to be one of the sabre and the spur far more than of the cannon and the rifle.

Within twelve hours of this brush at El-Magfar Sir Garnet Wolseley felt strong enough to press on towards Cairo, for he knew that against an Oriental foe dash and daring were everything. With General Drury Lowe's splendid cavalry brigade, Graham's fire-eating Irish and Scottish infantry and the stolid English guards, under the Queen's third son, the Duke of Connaught, who, if not very quick in the advance, would at all events, be a deuced deal slower in running away, he prepared to carry a strong position at El-Mahula, ten miles nearer to the capital

But the Egyptians found out that they only doubled in number the British and so retreated precipitately directly they came in view.

Thereupon, Drury Lowe's cavalry, comprising the Irish dragoons, the Life Guards and an Indian lance regiment, made a sweeping flank movement on Mahsameh station and the railway, hoping to get in their rear and cut them off to a man, but the Egyptians were so swift footed and the ground so bad for cavalry that he failed in this.

By midnight the British vanguard, consisting of General Graham's brigade of 1,800 bayonets, a Bengal lance regiment and our friends, the Irish dragoons, were at Khassassin, with their nearest supports half a dozen miles in their rear and the slow moving guards just as far to the rear of them again.

The British van had thus accomplished a quarter of the distance to Cairo with no loss at all to speak of, but now intelligence was gathered that at Tel-el-Kebir, some dozen miles in advance of them, Arabi Pasha had formed a perfect desert Gibraltar, with three lines of defenses, all defended by heavy batteries of Krupp guns, and that there he had displayed the green standard of the prophet and had called together the ulemas to bless his cannon and his cause, all this that his soldiery might be brought to consider defeat impossible.

Such a formidable position, defended by so many heavy cannon and manned by five times as many soldiers as the British could bring up against him, formed ample grounds to authorize such hopes and fill him with such convictions.

pounds against my ribs more joyously than it has done for weeks, for he who has stolen my young wife leads that cavalry in person, and I will soon discover whether either his sword or his vaunted talisman can guard his life," responded Frank, as he looked back at Pat with flashing eyes and grinning teeth.

At this moment the gray-haired colonel shouted in clarion-like tones:

"Close up! Close up! At them like an iron wedge, my lads? Gallop! Ch-arge!"

A joyous ringing shout, a momentary flash of sword blades in the air, the neighing of the war horses rushing to the battle, the blare of trump, the clattering of empty sword scabbards and the jingling of chain bridals was succeeded the next instant by the shock of the charge (for, inspirited by their great leader's presence among them, the Moslem cavalry came to the scratch for once), and then steel rang on steel and horse bit at horse, and there was the horrid noise of cloven skulls and the thud of falling men, all intermingled with shrill British cheers, the demon-like Arab tecbir or battle cry, curses, shrieks and groans, and now and then a pistol shot, but, strange to say, this latter few and far between.

Amidst the tumultuous sea of swaying human forms and tossing horse's heads it was some little while before Frank Donelly could discover him whom he especially sought, but suddenly in the very thickest of the strife, he found himself face to face with him.

The recognition was mutual, and the next instant their blades were crossed.

Both had been previously whetted, and both Briton and Egyptian was full of the blood lust that is ever born of such deadly strife.

This, added to the private animosity that each bore unto the other, made them fierce indeed, and they attacked each other so furiously that sparks of fire flew from the tempered steel, and almost immediately they were engaged to the very hilt.

Both were superp swordsmen and each horse knew how to aid its rider by rear, demi-volt and curvet, but the Damascus steel had for once to succumb to the well forged Sheffield blade—for Damascus forging is not what it once was—and Arabi Pasha found himself all in a moment grasping little more than the hilt of his weapon, for nine-tenths of the blade had been whirled into the air.

There was no time to draw a pistol from his holster, for his rival's sword was at his throat, and there was death in that rival's eyes, if it was expressed by human orbs.

"Strike," gasped Arabi in French, "strike! Do I look as though I was afraid to die?"

For a moment longer Frank Donelly striking aspect of one who could not help hetbero, but then he suddenly lowered his sword point, at the same instant hissing between his teeth:

"Shall a Christian be outdone in generosity by a Moslem? Never. Retain your life, at whatever cost to me and mine. I cannot take it," and as though fearful that he might still be tempted to do otherwise, he wheeled his charger sharp round and galloped away.

But by this time the battle was nearly over. The Egyptian infantry were in full retreat and a second or two later the Egyptian cavalry also broke and fled, whilst the Irish dragoons, now reinforced by the swarthy Bombay cavalry, pursued them across the desert plain to almost under the guns of the Tel-el-Kebir batteries.

(CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK.)

"Phil."

There were a bent and trembling old man—a white-haired and broken old woman, and as they sat beside the coffin the old man said:

"He was about ten years old. We found him in a basket on our door step one night

foolish, whilst Ahmed Arabi has the wisdom of more than double your years, and beside, he would not do wrong to the meanest thing that breathes. A good and blessed thing it is to be the wife of such a man, for she never hears an angry word drop from his lips. He is really one in a thousand, and now that he has sunk all the English ships and taken the English King prisoner he will doubtless be made the sovereign of all Egypt and will be almost as great as the Sultan himself."

His taking of the English King prisoner amused Nellie, despite the sorrows of her heart. After that she saw it would be a vain and foolish thing to pump the Valide Khanoum as to how the war was going on, since her replies would be very untrustworthy indeed.

From that date Nellie felt that she should know no rest until she was possessed of better information concerning affairs of moment outside her gilded prison.

Mrs. Trezarr accommodated herself to her changed position wonderfully well.

She felt a keen interest in the most trivial themes of harem gossip, and would roll her eyes and clap her hands at any marvelous narration as though to the manner born. As to Mr. Trezrrr, she seldom even inquired after him, such conduct marking the difference between living with a husband twenty years and two hours.

One day the Valide Khanoum came into Nellie's little room with an open letter in her hand and a face that was very cheerful and bright, and addressing the fair girl by her usual affectionate epithet of "Little Sister," said to her in excited tones:

"I am the bearer of good new. I have received a letter from our lord and husband."

"And what news does his letter contain and how is he?" said Nellie, desirous as much for information on several points as she was anxious to put a stop to this indiscriminate praise of one whom she was firmly resolved should never be any more to her than he was at the present moment.

The Valide Khanoum quickly made answer:

"Praise be to Allah and his only prophet, he could not be better and he writes in the highest spirits. Hear what he writes, little sister, for though he writes in Arabic, as a true believer ever should. I will do my best to turn it into, I hope, understandable French."

Nellie nodded her head, for she was too agitated to speak, save when of necessity.

"Our lord and husband is a great man, but I need not trouble you with the commencement of his letter, since it mostly consists of compliments addressed to myself. I will dip into the middle of it at once, where he declares that he has at last got the Feringhee invaders in the hollow of his hand and has had to close it in order to utterly crush them. He next pays many compliments to their courage and the generalship of their chiefs, but says that their graves, nevertheless, await them at Tel-el-Kebir and that in another sun and moon, by which he means a day and night, they will have occupied them and Egypt be free. And now comes the all important part of our lord's letter, little sister. He goes on to say that the very hour in which he is crowned with victory he shall hurry hither and change from conquerer to slave in your presence, but he hopes my kind heart, quick sympathy and good counsel (what sugar plums of speech for the both of us!) have ere now taught us to yield freely and without regret to the inevitable (there you see, little sister, he says the inevitable and so there is no getting out of it,) though, if not, it will not much matter, he adds for it will only leave him the task he had intended for me, that of teaching you himself to bless the inevitable and to thank Allah that he had not given you to a Ghiour."

Such a formidable position, defended by so many heavy cannon and manned by five times as many soldiers as the British could bring up against him, formed ample grounds to authorize such hopes and fill him with such convictions.

But at the last moment he had not sufficient patience to wait for the hated foe to immolate themselves in front of the grinning muzzles of his cannon, but on learning how far the British vanguard had pushed ahead of its supports, and its paucity of numbers as well, he resolved to attack it at once with overwhelming odds, roll it up and have done with it.

So he quitted his trenches and advanced on Khassassin in force during the night, hoping to catch General Graham napping, but that gallant commander slept with one eye open, weasel fashion, and his out pickets were too tried soldiers to sleep at all, so the sea-like murmur of the advancing Egyptians was challenged in three different places at once by the wasp-like "ping-ping-ping" of British rifles, and the out sentries retiring on the pickets the alarm spread like lightning, and within five minutes the infantry brigades were falling in at the double and the cavalry trumpets were sounding "boots and saddles."

By this time the Egyptains' shells were whistling into the British camp, fired point blank like cannon balls, and knocking over the red-coated infantry like ninepins.

But before they had done much damage a battery of horse artillery ran their guns up to the top of a sand hill and began to give them cold iron in turn, so that for a little while it was "bowl devil, bowl baker," and when the British infantry deployed as steady as on parade and peppered the dusky foe with their Henri-Martinis, the seasoning was so hot that it seemed to turn their stomachs for fighting.

But hark to the screeching of the railway engines as they bring up long lines of open cars, all crowded with soldiery, to the support of their comrades, and behold away to the left the dark clouds of Egyptian cavalry sweeping across the plain with the evident resolve of outflanking the small British force, even if their further aim is not to drive every mother's son of them into the narrow Fresh Water Canal.

An aide-de-camp at this juncture galloped up to the First Dragoons and saluting the colonel, says tersely, as he points his drawn sword towards the advancing horse:

"The general looks to you to account for those fellows, I am sure I need say no more."

"Not a word, sir, to either me or my men," was the proud retort as the veteran drew his sword.

Its brandish in the air was sufficient signal for every trumpet to blow out, for every knee to grip the pigskin, for every foot to turn in and every heel to drop.

Obedient to each brazen sound the regiment formed by the troops, changed into serried squadrons and then advanced out into the plain at a rapid trot in a glittering column of squadrons at wheeling distance.

It was a grand sight to see a body of men so cooly advancing to engage a force that outnumbered them by at least five to one, and who were evidently the elite of the enemy's cavalry.

Then, suddenly, a fearful shell fire was opened upon them from a battery on the railway bank, and many a man and horse was rolled over.

But not the slightest apparent confusion in their ranks was occasioned thereby, and Pat Monaghan presumed on their long close intercourse to observe to Captain Donelly, whose horse's tail twitched the newly-made corporal's charger's nose,

"Bedad, an' this is a hard pounding, yer honor; but the laugh will be to them who pound the longest."

"Right, my brave fellow, and my heart

XIII.

There were a bent and trembling old man—a white-haired and broken old woman, and as they sat beside the coffin the old man said:

"He was about ten years old. We found him in a basket on our door-step one night in the long ago. We were old people then, but wife she begged that we should take the little stranger in and care for him."

"Because my own children were sleeping under the sod," she explained as she wiped the tears away.

"So we made him our child," resumed the old man, "and in a little time we came to love him as if he had been born to us. He was a strange boy—quiet, gentle, thoughtful, sorrowful. There seemed to be a burden of grief weighing him down. He came to know in time—not from us, but from others—that he was no kin to us, and it troubled him much. Not that he did not love us but that we were old and poor, and he felt himself a burden upon us. Last night a creditor came and abused us because we could not pay a debt. Little Pail had crept off to bed, but he must have been awake yet and heard every word. The man was angry because we could not pay, and he said something about our picking up paupers to feed and clothe. If it was his case, he said, he'd ship the boy off to the County House."

"I went in to say good night to him," whispered the woman, "but he had his face to the wall and seemed to be asleep. We hoped he had not heard the harsh words, for we knew how they would wound him. Why, sir, if worst comes to worst, I'd have gone hungry to give that boy food. He was the bit of sunshine in our lives."

"In the morning when I got up," said the father, "I called to Phil, but he did not answer. I entered the room to find that he had put a rope over one of the clothes-hooks and strangled himself—committed suicide. He must have got up soon after we went to bed, for his body was cold and stiff."

"And—and he left this on the stand," sobbed the woman as she held out a note.

It was written on the leaf of an old memorandum book, and the writing was in pencil. It read:

"I no you wouldn't send me to the county house, but you are poore and in det. I'd go away if I could, but I doan't no where to go. Doan't feel bad. If God lets me into Heven I'll see you up there.—PHIL."

Disraeli's Assurance

A little volume has recently been published made up of the correspondence of Lord Beaconsfield with his sister in the years 1832-1842. This man's career was indeed wonderful, and it is interesting to observe the young Hebrew novelist, Benjamin Disraeli, foretelling his subsequent career. His firm belief in his talents is thus expressed in a letter written to his sister in 1833:

Went to the House of Commons to hear Bulwer adjourn the House; was there yesterday afternoon during the whole debate—one of the finest we have had for years, Bulwer spoke, but he is physicially disqualified for an orator, and, in spite of all his exertions, can never succeed. He was heard with great attention, and is evidently backed by a party. Heard Macaulay's best speech, Shiel, and Charles Grant. Macaulay admirable; but between ourselves I could floor them all. This *entre nous*: I was never more confident of anything than that I could carry everything before me in that House. The time will come!

His brother Ralph, who edits the collection, adds with evident pride this foot-note: "Thirty-five years after he was Prime Minister."

Fond parents should not forget that a child can shoot a pistol as hard as anybody—especially a pistol that is unloaded.

HEALTH.

Cautions for the Aged.

Age works great physical changes, many of which are generally recognized. Some of them involve dangerous liabilities, and impose the need of constant caution.

One is to guard against undue exertion. The tough, elastic coat of the arteries is apt to become, on the one hand, chalk-like and brittle, or, on the other hand, fatty and weak. Nature seeks to guard against the consequent danger by rendering older persons less inclined to effort. But a little extra exertion put forth suddenly, may cause the weakened vessels to give way, from the increased force with which the heart throws the blood into them. Hence may result apoplexy or fatal aneurism—the latter being a sudden bulging out of arteries.

So, too, the heart itself (or its aorta—the great curved trunk which first receives the blood from the heart) may be in a similar condition, and suddenly fail because of undue exertion, when it might have been equal to the ordinary work of years. Such no doubt was the last case, when an elderly gentleman hurried to reach a railroad train, and fell dead on entering it. The aged should firmly refuse to hurry.

A like caution applies to whatever quickens the action of the heart. Every one knows the power of violent emotions in this respect. No one wishes to fall dead in a fit of anger. Undue eating, especially of stimulating food, is almost as dangerous. All the appetites need to be kept under control.

A special caution is needed in descending the stairs. In our normal voluntary movements there are certain nice adjustments affected by unconscious mental acts. But age effects such a change in the brain substance that mental activity is lessened. An old man can no more think as quickly as a young than he can run as fast, or jump as high. Hence the missteps of the aged in descending stairs. Aged persons, therefore, should form the habit of taking their bearing, so to speak, at the top of the stairs, and keep their mind on each step down by a conscious voluntary effort.

The aged should also most carefully guard against a chill. It is more dangerous for an old man to catch cold than for a young man to catch a fever.

Pack the Lungs with Air.

Deep breathing and holding of the breath is an item of importance. Persons of weak vitality find an uninterrupted succession of deep and rapid aspiration so distressing that they are discouraged from perserving in the exercise. Let such persons take into the lungs as much air as they can at a breath and hold it as long as they can, and they will find a grateful sense of relief in the whole abdomnial region. Practice will increase ability to hold the breath and the capacity of the lungs. After a time the art may be learned of packing the lungs. This is done by taking and holding the long breath and then forcing more air down the treachæ by swallows of air. The operation may be described by that of a fishe's mouth in water. To those who have never learned it will be surprising to what extent the lungs may be packed. Caution at first is needful but after practice will warrant large use of the treatment. The whole thoracic and abdominal cavities will receive immediate benefit and continuance and temperance in eating, good air and right exercise, will bring welcome improvement.

Palatable and Pure.

PEOPLE.

Mark Twain is talked of for Mayor of Hartford.

Henry Ward Beecher is out West on his "last" lecturing tour.

The belle of Bath, M. T., wears a shoe fourteen inches long and has been tendered the captaincy of a base ball nine.

Dr. Burney Yeo, of London, reports the curious observation that there are persons who usually drink tea without injury, but in whom, when in a depressed mental condition, it occasions indigestion and palpitation of the heart.

Baron Tennyson has been in great distress over the sickness of his second son, Lionel, who contracted the Indian fever during his recent visit to Earl Dufferin, but at latest accounts the young man was in a fair way to recovery.

It is admitted that the receptions offered by Secretary and Mrs. Whitney at Washington have been the most interesting gatherings of the season there, although Miss Cleveland's luncheons have had the striking merit of originality.

Oscar Wilde's mother, a particularly bright woman who writes stories and poems, and from whom Oscar derives his little literary ability, has completed the compilation of what is considered an important collection of Irish legends.

Physiologists who hold that the race is deteriorating should remember that Miss Kitty Austin walked the other day from Clarasburg, Md., to Rockville, fourteen miles, and expressed herself as being lively as a cricket. Miss Kitty was 83 last birthday.

Mr. C. F. Gunther, of Chicago, has one of the largest and most valuable collections of autographs in this country. Mr. Gunther is a baker, but he prides himself particularly on his rolls of original manuscripts, which include Payne's manuscript of "Home, Sweet Home," and many other unique specimens.

Hereafter women deaconesses of the Church of England are to be specially consecrated to the work by the laying on of hands by the Bishop. This is according to the recommendation of the Dean of Ghester, who, in a report from a committee appointed to investigate the question, considers their work of peculiar value.

Lampasas Jake, the cowboy revivalist, who is doing successful work in New Mexico, was, it is said, never in church in his life. He is described as a tall, loose-jointed fellow, with a full beard covering sunken cheeks, a big mouth, a high forehead, and a voice that might be heard a mile if the wind was right.

Frank R. Stockton insists that the strange characters in his stories are drawn from real life, and that the odd Pomona in his "Rudder Grange" was actually a young servant girl in his family, while his latest, "Mrs. Null," was a Virginia termagant, whose husband killed himself rather than live with her.

The Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar has intrusted several of the most distinguished grammarians and philologists of Jena, Weimar and Eisenach with the work of correcting the German vocabulary, studying the necessity of introducing into the language foreign words and deciding whether such words should be Germanized.

Queen Victoria has decided to visit Liverpool some time during May in connection with the International Exhibition to be opened in that city. Her Majesty's last visit to Liverpool took place October 9, 1851.

VICTORIA CITY.

What an Englishman Says of British Columbia's Capital.

An Englishman thus writes of Victoria, B. C. :— The climate of Victoria appears to me all that could be desired. Thoroughly temperate and healthful; winter short and pleasant, with a very scanty snowfall; summers such as we in England and Ireland remember with regret, or hear our elders tell of many years ago. The only complaint I heard was concerning a cool breeze which blows every evening with greater regularity, coming over the Olympian snow-range in Washington territory. It acted on my constitution like a most invigorating cold bath. The country round Victoria is lovely. The roads are fringed with thickets of wild roses, and here and there wild strawberries carpet the ground. Gorse and brown (both from the old country) in immense bushes. The roads remind one of the lanes in Kent, but nowhere in Kent is such luxuriance of vegetation; such wealth of green and light and shadow. A land of extreme beauty; a very paradise of scenery, with the great snowy background of the Olympian range. Compared with Victoria—this Belle of the Pacific—Tunbridge Wells is the worn-out commons, and Brighton and Eastbourne, with all their wealth, are far outshone by the natural charms of the Canadian Pacific.

* * * A most lovely neighborhood But, oh! these Victorians want to make up their destiny; to learn to spend as well as make money; to drain, and clean, and water, and light, and do the very little nature has not done for them. Day by day the dusty streets are swept by the breeze to the infinite discomfiture of the dweller and visitor. Night by night the noxious gasses of their primitive roadside gutters are disinfected by the cool draft from the mountains. Were it otherwise they would soon learn their penny wisdom was pound foolishness, and even as it is, typhoid is too common,

A Sleeping Car Incident.

In a sleeping car, just at the time when the seats were being turned into beds, I happened to be lazily eyeing a bridal couple on their honeymoon tour. How did I know? Because for an hour her head had been laying on his shoulder. Might they not have been married several years? No; her manner did not have the confident, proprietary air of an accustomed wife. Then why was I sure that they were not an enamoured pair, unjoined by wedlock? Because the girl was neither ashamed or defiant. Nobody ever makes a mistake in picking out honeymoon tourists. Therefore, the negro porter of the car astounded me when he said to the young husband:—"Wouldn't yo' sistah, sah, like to have her berth let down?" She lifted her head from the martial shoulder, smiled sweetly, and murmured, "Yes."

"This is my wife, you rascal," said the man, but with what seemed to me singular amiability; "you needn't make up the upper berth in this section. The lower one will be enough."

"Beg pardon, sah. Yes, sah;" and the porter went at the job with the kind of vim and alacrity never seen in a darkey who isn't sure of a special fee.

The incident puzzled me, and I sought an early opportunity to get the porter's explanation.

"It's dis way, boss," he said, "de brides den't like to be spotted. 'Course dey is ebery time, but dey flatter demseleves dat dey can't be told from odder ladies. 'Sperience teaches me dat dey is tickled mightily ef you mistakes dere husbands fo' brudders. I does it ebery time now, an' hits 'em fo' a

Palatable and Pure.

Distilled water is not essential to good health. It is "flat, stale and unprofitable." Unless well erated it is unpalatable. The process of distilling separates the mineral matter, but not the volatile substance. The con pounds of nitrogen and sulphur may reappear in the distilled water, and the peculiar odor so repulsive to delicate tastes. If clean soil-water cannot be obtained, make a large, deep and clean cistern, and keep it clean. Take a sound oak or ash barrel, put a false bottom (perforated) 3 inches from the bottem of the barrel; place three inches of clean washed gravel on the top of the perforated bottom; on this twelve inches of granulated charcoal, made from hard maple; on this 4 inches of clean washed sand, and then place a perforated false top over the sand, so that water poured into the barrel will not disturb the filtering materials beneath. Insert a wooden faucet in the side of the barrel, close to the bottom, and you will have a filter which will make good rainwater filtered through it as clean and palatable as can be desired.

Eating Lemons.

A good deal has been said through the papers about the healthfulness of lemons. The latest advice is how to use them so that they will do the most good, as follows: Most people know the benefit of lemonade before breakfast, but few know that it is more than doubled by taking another at night also. The way to get the better of the bilious system without the blue pill or quinine is to take the juice of one, two, or three lemons, as appetite craves, in as much ice-water as makes it pleasant to drink without sugar, before geing to bed, In the morning, on rising, at least a half-hour before breakfast, take the juice of one lemon in a goblet of water. This will clear the system of humor and bile with efficiency, without the weakening effects of calomel or congress water. People should not irritate the stomach by eating lemons clear.

Bad Effect of Pickles.

The influence of acid in retarding or arresting salivary digestion is further of importance in the dietectic use of pickles, vinegar, salads and acid fruits. In the case of vinegar it was found that one part in 5000 sensibly retarded this process, a proportion of one in 1,000 rendered very slow, and one in 500 arrested it completely; so that when acid salads are taken together with bread the effect of the acid is to prevent any salivary digestion of the bread, a matter of little moment to a person with a vigorous digestion, but to a feeble dyspeptic one of some importance. There is a very widespread belief that drinking vinegar is an efficacious means of avoiding getting fat, and this popular belief would appear from these experimental observations to be well founded. If the vinegar be taken at the same time as farinaceous food it will greatly interfere with its digestion and assimilation.

The Wreck of the "Algoma."

The C. P. R. authorities mean to raise part of the cargo and the engines of the wrecked steamer "Algoma." The cargo embraces a valuble consignment of steel rails. Drivers have visited the wreck and declare that there will be no difficulty in raising the most valuable part of the freight. The company have called for tenders from the leading wrecking companies of the United States.

There are plenty of bandits in Peru yet, and thay are giving as much trouble as the brass bandits in this country.

pool some time during May in connection with the International Exhibition to be opened in that city. Her Majesty's last visit to Liverpool took place October 9, 1851, when she was accompanied by the Prince Consort, the Prince of Wales, the Princess Royal, and the Princesses Alice and Helena.

The Prince of Wales is said to be troubled with chronic dyspepsia. Too much high living will bring a prince as well as a plebeian to grief. The stomach of royalty differs in no way from the stomach of every day life. As the Prince sets the fashion in England, dyspepsia should be very popular there just now. In fact, no real "swell" can afford to be without it.

Dr. Mary Putnam Jacobi told the Nineteenth Century Club that woman has become "discursive and superficial" in her habits of mind, because she has always three things to think of, the pot on the fire, the baby and the expected husband coming home in a stew. Whereupon one of the fashionable ladies, of whom the audience was chiefly composed, whispered to her neighbor: "Neither the pot, the baby nor the husband ever trouble me. Do they you?"

The number of suicides at Monaco appear to be increasing at an alarming rate. One of the noblest families of Austria has been thrown into mourning by the death of a son at Monte Carlo, who, after losing over $20,000 at the gaming table, blew his brains out in the doorway of Monsieur Blanc's establishment on the 20th February last. It is announced on good authority that the Italian Consul of Monaco has just been arrested at Rome for falsifying, and in some cases totally suppressing, the reports of the deaths by suicide at Monte Carlo of Italian subjects.

The Deadly Knife in Sicily.

A horrible deed of blood committed near Girgenti gives an illustration of the use of the knife in the Island of Sicily. Two butchers, father and son, of the name of Indelicato, who kept a shop in that town, not long since took two brothers, named Alfonso and Giovanni Cannetonis into partnership. Before long the Cannetonis began to trade in lambs' carcasses separately on their own account, and disagreements arose, which ultimately led to a collision between Baldassare Indelicato and Alfonso Cannetoni. They drew their butcher's knives from their belts on each other. Alfonso aimed a well-directed blow at Baldassare. He parried it with his left arm, which was cut to the bone, and at the same instant drove his knife into the heart of Alfonso, who fell dead on the spot. At that moment a young son of Alfonso, aged 19, came up with a bludgeon to his father's assistance. Baldassare struck him to the ground, and then cut his throat across, "as he would have slaughtered a sheep." Mad with rage, Baldassare then rushed into the shop, and taking Giovann the brother of Alfonso, by surprise, killed him with a slash across the abdomen. Turning then to leave the shop, he inflicted a serious wound on a person just entering. All this occurred within the space of four minutes, the result of the collision being three persons killed and two wounded.

What with strikes and defaulting bankers and treasurers the lump in this country's throat never gets a chance to subside.

The codfish continues to grow indefinitely, without regard to age, so long as it has a plentiful supply of food. The eldest codfish are the largest, and they sometimes grow to be as long as a man is high. They swim about near the bottom of the sea, not often ascending to the surface, feeding on all sorts of animal life, such as crabs, shell fish and other small fish, but not on vegetable.

teaches me dat dey is tickled mightily ef you mistakes dere husbands fo' brudders. I does it every time now, an' hits 'em fo' a dollah shuah."

The secret was plain once it was out. The gentle bride is delighted to think that her bridal fondness looks like sisterly affection and familiarity.

The Cruelties of Heathenism.

On his way to the centre of Africa, Mr. F. S. Arnot wrote from Bihe as follows to Mr. Sanders at Ballundu, concerning "a Bihe barbarity": "A few days ago I noticed a little boy, about eight years of age, who belongs to Ruskit's town close by, going about with both his hands in a sad mess. The left one was completely distorted and three of the fingers jointed together in one red, sore mass, the palm bulging forward. the arm above the wrist was skinned and also the right hand. I found that this youngster had been out visiting at the king's town or somewhere near there. The boy in playing about had stolen some beans belonging to a daughter of Jamba Yamina, the king, they call her Naroma Cunengile, who, to punish the child for stealing her beans, put his hands into a pot of boiling water. I have seen something of that work before, and from the state of the child's hand's she must have kept the left hand, at least, for a few seconds in the water. The poor little fellow, smart and good-looking, is injured for life, and this creature in woman's shape has not been called in question for her cruelty. If you are passing here at any time, you could see the child; the boiled hand beggars description."

To this Mr. Sanders adds:—

"People talk of the innocence of the heathen, but they only need to live in a heathen land to learn that 'the dark places of the earth are full of the inhabitants of cruelty.' What do you think of a man taking his hands full of dried grass, setting it on fire and then applying it to the naked shoulders and breast of his wife, simply because his beans were not cooked quite as soen as he thought they ought to be? This has happened here in Cnilumi.

The Good Die Young.

The right kind of a fellow is modest and mellow
and generous and brave and benign;
His nature's apparent and clear and transparent like yours, gentle reader, and mine
He has no verbosity, no tongue tortuosity, and he never is boastful and loud;
He is gentle and quiet and plain in his d'et, and never gets mad in a crowd;
He's grand and majestic, yet meek and domestic, and spends his spare evenings at home;
He's a tireless searcher for all kinds of virtue like the author and proprietor of this pome;
He don't play the fiddle, part his hair in the middle, nor dress like an Anglican dude.
When he goes to a party with Meigs or McCarty he never is noisy and rude;
He lives in frugality and sweet conjugality, and wants pie but two times a day;
He never eats onions nor treads on your bunions nor growls when you get in his way;
He's wise and he's witty, pe severing and grit ty, and has a magnificent head;
He's all light and sweetness, he's thorough completeness, he's perfection in short—but he's dead!

More than four thousand devices for coupling have been patented, and yet thousands of bachelors and maidens go it alone in this country.

A young married lady who moved into the country from a city home considered keeping hens a pleasant and profitable duty. As she became more absorbed in the pursuit her enthusiasm increased, and "hens" made a favorite subject of her thoughts and conversation. During one of her animated descriptions of success, a friend inquired: "Are your hens good hens?" "Oh, yes," she replied in a delighted tone, "they haven't laid a bad egg yet."

"I Will Praise The Lord."

BY L. A. MORRISON.

"I will sing of thy mercy in the morning"
—Psalm ix 16

My Father, this morning my spirit is praising
Thy Fatherly keeping so bounteous and free,
In gladness a song of thanksgiving is raising
For pardon and mercy and favors from Thee.

Through the night Thou has shielded and given sweet slumber;
Each pathway in Dreamland with angels was trod
My soul for Thy blessings and gifts beyond number
With rapture adores Thee, my Father and God.

Each day that Thou givest is token of kindness;
Is proof of Thy Fatherly keeping and love:
Oh keep me from wasting, in folly and blindness,
Thy bountiful gifts, that may crown me above.

The gladness that comes with the sunlight of morning,
That shines in the dew that be-cry sta's the hills,
Is seen in the flowers the meadows adorning,
Is heard in the song that the mead ow-lark trills.

This gladness and sunshine and music and sweetness.
Oh grant me! let love all my being enthrall!
Then thought, word and action, in blessed completeness
Shall praise the Beneficent Giver of all.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Housekeeping in Japan.

A lady writing from Japan says: "Housekeeping here has no trials. The worn and vexed spirits of American chatelains ought to rest in Japan after death. Capable and faithful servants are plenty and cheap. Our establishment boasts five, and for these we pay about what two would cost in New York. I do not visit my kitchen once a month, never give an order outside of a spoken wish, yet the domestic machinery moves with an ease and perfection unattainable at home by almost any effort on the part of the mistress. The manners of the servants are amusing, not to say startling, to an American accustomed to the cheerful familiarity of her native help. Every night at bedtime our five retainers appear, prostrate themselves in succession to the earth, and retire. This is to wish me good-night and to renew their testimony of profound respect and pleasure over the privilege of serving me. It was difficult at first to preserve the necessary dignity for the ceremony, but now I am as majestically gracious as any other potentate. The other day, on one of my rare visits to the kitchen, a hairpin became loosened and dropped without my notice. I had been seated in my own room only a few moments when my houseman entered, bearing a small salver, which he presented to me with many genuflections. Fancy my surprise to see a little hair-pin upon it, and to learn from my proud but embarassed servitor that it had fallen to the kitchen floor from my head. Afterward I found there had been a discussion as to who should pick it up, and almost a quarrel as to whom belonged the inestimable honor of bearing it to its owner!"

Household Hints.

Everybody has a cure for sore throat, but simple remedies appear to be more effectual. Salt and water is used by many as a gargle, but a little rum and honey dissolved in sage tea is better. An application of clothes wrung out in hot water and applied to the neck, changing as they begin toughen it. If gravy is not desired just add a bit of butter to the shaved meat and stir until all is heated; season, and it is ready to serve on a hot platter.

A delicious soft gingerbread is made by pouring on a piece of butter the size of a walnut a half teacupof hot water, adding, when the butter is well melted, one cup of molasses, one teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of ginger, and sifted flour to make a thin batter. Bake in flat tins in slow oven. Is very nice eaten warm with butter.

COLD WATER CAKE.—One cup of sugar, one and a half cups of flour, half cup of cold water, two eggs, butter the size of an egg, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, half teaspoonful of soda.

Unpleasant Camping Out.

On the plains of Afghanistan, in Central Asia, a joint commision of Englishmen and Russians is slowly laying down the boundary line which, it ishoped, will mark the farthest limit of Russian progress southward on the road toward the English possessions in India.

A correspondent who is with the commission writes to the London "Pioneer" an account of the cold weather which has been experienced. Those who have enjoyed the delights of campingout in the long summer vacation will perhaps shiver a little at this story of tent life in the valley of the Oxus:

On the night of the 23rd of December the thermometer went down to 2 deg. below zero. "One's breath froze into ice on one's pillow, and many of us found it difficult to sleep despite all the clothes we could pile on. I myself was awoke toward morning by a loud report, which I found was caused by the bursting of a bottle of what had been drinking water, but which had turned into a block of ice and burst under my bed, and once awake the cold was too intense to get to sleep again. At nine in the morning the thermometer was still only at 6 deg., and it continued to freeze all the day through, despite the sun. In the afternoon I was out shooting with the sun full on my face, yet my breath froze on my moustache the whole time. The poor cook, I think, had the hardest time of it. His eggs, he says, are all frozen hard, and he can make nothing of them; and further, as fast as he roasts his joint on one side it freezes, he says, on the other. I confess, though, that I did not witness the latter. Writing with ink, of course, is an utter impossibility—every ink pot in camp contains simply a solid block of ice, and it is no use in thawing it, as it freezes on the paper before it has time to dry. I am writing this, therefore, in pencil. It is wonderful how well the men and followers are standing the cold, but a liberal issue of meat and tea and sugar seems to make them all proof against any thing. I must say, though, that they are precious quiet in the mornings, and loath indeed to get up; their ablutions, too, I dare say, are few and far between, but really I cannot blame them. When it comes to our having to thaw our tooth-brush every time we have to use it, and when everything around is frozen hard, little wonder that the poor Hindu is chary of touching water. The bheesties, I think, I pity most. They can fill their mussucks certainly at the running canal, although even that is frozen over, but by the time they get back into camp the water they are carrying is frozen, and absolutely refuses to run out of the mussuck again.

STODDARD'S MULE.

A Story of How It Broke Ferryman Daggett's Business.

THE LIME KILN CLUB.

Just previous to the opening of the meeting Elder Juneberry Davis and Judge Holdback Johnson got into a dispute as to whether the crow-bar belonged to the Glacial Epoch or the Drift Period, and after some hot words had passed the Elder punched the Judge on the nose and received a crack on the jaw in return. Brother Gardner came in as they were pulled apart, but he seemed to take no notice of the affair and nothing was said until the meeting opened. Then he looked around the hall and observed:

"If Elder Juneberry Davis an' Judge Holdback Johnson am in de hall to-night I should like to spoke a few remarks to 'em."

Both gentlemen walked forward to the platform with anxiety depicted on their faces, and the President continued:

"Elder Davis, when did dat Glacial Epoch take place?"

"I dunno, sah."

"Judge Holdback, what do you know bout de Drift Period?"

"I reckon dar' was a good deal o' driftin' aroun', sah."

"Yes, I s'pose dar' was. Didn't happen to drift any 'taters an' meat your way, did it?"

"No, sah."

"Elder Davis, did dat Glacial Epoch pay up any of your back rent or git new shoes fur de chillen?"

"No, sah."

"Dat's 'nuff; you kin boaf set down. While I blame two old members like you for settin' a bad example befo' de club, I must at de same time acknowledge dat it am only de weakness of human natur'. Moas' of us would sooner fight over de aige of de world dan to resent a straight insult.

"We would argy longer to convince a man about de size of Noah's ark dan to convert him to our religun of de present day.

"We let our chil'en go bar'fut while we hunt fur evidence to convict de Gauls of shiftlessness.

"We spend hours assertin' an' denyin' dat de moon am inhabited, while fifteen minutes used to fix de bottom hinge on de front gait am looked upon as time frown away.

"While we sot an' wonder why Sodom and Gomorrah didn't behave deirselves an' escape destruckshun, de ole woman scrapes de bottom of de flour-bar'l, an' de fiah goes out in de kitchen steve.

"Jist what aige de crow-bar belongs to, or who invented it, or why it was invented, am queshuns which needn't trouble any member of dis club. De fack dat de crow-bar am heah wid us should satisfy all. Let us now purceed to attack de bizness which has called us together.

THANKS.

The Secretary announced the receipt of a Japanese newspaper called the Romaji Zasshi, published at Tokio. The proceedings of the Lime-Kiln Club at one of its January meetings was as follows:

"Brother Gardner konnichi no arisama taru kaku no gotoku ni gaikoku kosai no shigeki wo ukete, bummei no shimpo wa hi wo ote sumiyaka naru ni, shin-jibutsu no masumasu waga ni yunyu shi kitaru wa ikiei no shikarashimuru tokoro nari to su Giveadam Jones ni waga kokumin ga sono shin-jibutsu ni meisho wo kudasu ni atari, oneeno katte shidai naru moji wo mochiite, oneeno tekito no imi wo arawasu koto atawazaru toki wa; mei-jitsu no aida ni soi wo shozuru mono zokuzoku idete, shorai ni ikanaru keka wo shozenka bakari shirubekarazaru nari. Omou ni, shorai wa masumasu bunji jo no henzatsu wo toku tsui ni

solved in sage tea is better. An application of clothes wrung out in hot water and applied to the neck, changing as they begin to cool, has the most potency for removing inflammation of anything we ever tried. It should be kept up for a number of hours; during the evening is usually the most convenient time for applying this remedy.

A small piece of resin dipped in water which is placed in a vessel on a stove will add a peculiar property to the room, which will give great relief to persons troubled with a cough. The heat of the water is sufficient to throw off the aroma of the resin, and gives the same relief that is afforded by a combustion of resin. It is preferable to combustion, because the evaporation is more durable. The same resin may be used for weeks.

If you wish to clean your spice mill, grind a handful of raw rice in it. The particles of spice and pepper, or of coffee, will not adhere to it after the rice has passed through it.

Half a teaspoonful of common salt dissolved in a little cold water and drank will instantly relieve "heartburn," or dyspepsia. Dr. Vigorous recommends a glass of hot lemonade every hour or half-hour as an easy, agreeable, and efficient treatment for diarrhea. Never wash the feet in warm water except just before retiring cold water with a little ammon or salt dropped in is much pleasante and more healthful. Coarse brown pap r soaked n vinegar and placed on the forehead is good for a sick headache. If the eyelids are gently bathed in cool water the pain in the head is generally allayed.

Although it is a good plan sugar in canned fruit at time of sealing it is not necesary to keep it from spoiling. The essential thing is to exclude the air. Where this is not done the fruit will turn sour and the additional sugar will only make the vinous fermentation more active and thorough. The cans should be examined frequently, but without being much handled. Any that show loose covers or any mold on the top should be used before spoiling further.

Choice Recipes.

ROASTED PORK.—Separate each loin of the joint and make an incision into thick part of the meat in which to place the stuffing, made as follows: Mix one cup of bread-crumbs with one chopped onion, pepper, salt, sage, or summer savory, and one-fourth of a cup of hot water. Press into the meat, sew the edges together to keep it in place, and bake it in a quick oven.

A FARM DINNER IN FEBRUARY.—Boiled ham, boiled potatoes, hot corn bread, pickles, celery, buttermilk or cold water; no butter, no desert. Rule for corn bread: One quart of buttermilk, three eggs n thoroughly, three spoonfuls of mi e d shortening, a good pinch of salt, soda to neutralize the acid of the buttermilk (the quantity must be learned by experience), one cupful of flour, and cornmeal enough to make a rather stiff batter. Now I cannot say two or three cupfuls, for I do not know the size of the cups or the kind of meal you will use. By making corn bread of one kind several times in succession one learns how to proportion everything. Bake in a quick oven.

An excellent dish for breakfast or supper is made by shaving cold steak, or uncooked is just as good. Make a gravy by dusting into the hot spider a tablespoonful of flour and one of butter; when this browns, pour about a cupful of water frem the teakettle, stirring briskly the while; this is now ready for the shaved beef, which will only require to be heated through, as boiling will

STODDARD'S RUIN.

A Story of How It Broke Ferryman Dagget's Business.

Many years ago down in Idaho, during a gold excitement, a good many men went into the country to make money outside the gold hunting industry. Their idea was to make the old fellows delve for the gold while they appropriated it afterward. Rollin Daggett, afterwards Nevada's congressman, says the Carson (Nev) Appeal, established a ferryboat on a small creek and named the place "Death's Ford," at the same time inventing a musty legend to the effect that it was thus named because so many lives had been lost in the attempt to cross it. The stream was not over a dozen yards wide and the water nowhere over two feet deep, but he rigged up a flatboat and pulled it back and forth by a rope contrivance. Whenever prospectors crossed he regaled them with horrible tales of the treachery of the stream, and the remorseless quicksands which had drawn so many men and mules to terrible deaths.

In the night when he ferried people over he would caution them not to get too near the edge of the boat, as a fall overboard was certain death. By letting the dim old lantern go out and making slow time he frequently impressed the passengers with the idea that the stream was half a mile wide; For night trips he charged $5, but if the wind was high and the weather bad he struck sanguine prospecters for much larger sums. In the daytime $1 was his modest charge.

He went along in this way for several months, the men who rushed to the hills looking upon him as the benefactor to his race by this conquering of so formidable an obstacle to travel as "Death's Ford." One day Charlie Stoddard, the prometer, appeared on the bank with a mule and boarded the flatboat to cross. In the midst of the stream, just when the ferryman was telling how dangereus the place was, the mule grew restless and fell overboard. One leg caught on a rope and he got his head under water, and, unable to extricate himself, was drowned. When he was cut loose he lay there in the middle of "Death's Ford" half out of water so that all who came along saw what a miserable sham the ferry was, and that any four-footed animal could walk across. Daggett tried to get the mule away but he was too heavy to budge, and so he lay there in sight for weeks, until Daggett's business as ferryman was ruined. That's the reason old Dag hardly ever speaks to Charlie Stoddard when he meets him.

Celestials in British Columbia.

The Victorians have a very sharp way of dealing with the cheap labor difficulty. No vessel is allowed to bring to port more than one John Chinaman for every hundred tons of its size. Consequently a ship of fourteen hundred tons would only be allowed to carry fourteen of the heathen ones. We have just seen in a file of Victorian papers that a vessel of that size was found to have fifty Chinamen on board, and the captain was mulcted in a penalty of $500. Every Chinaman coming to Victoria has to take out papers of naturalization and pay a poll tax. But the cute Celestials post their naturalization papers to their friends in China, who come over with them, and thus escape the tax.

Lay not thy heart open to every one; but treat of thy affairs with the wise, and such as fear God.

We must have love toward all, but familiarity with all is not expedient.

ikanaru keka wo shozenka bakari-shirubekarazaru nari. Omou ni, shorai wa masumasu bunji jo ne hanzatsu wo zoka, tsui ni kosei no gakusha wo Pickles Smith wa Samuel Shin kono kotoba wa nani to iu imi wo shimesu mono naru ka, kono kotoba ni wa sushu aru ga izure ni beki ka nado to ichi ji ikku no tame ni sono imi wo sensaku suru ui hijo on kushin wo yosuru naran. Shika nomi narazu moji no nan-i wa ikkoku no keizai ni oite tasho no kankei ari to su. Waydown Bebee oyoso ga gakumon wo shugyo sono chishiki wo hattatsu suru ni atarite, dai ichi ni sono shugyo hattatsu no nakadachi taru bunji ni oite tadachi ni sono mi we jubun ni akiraka ni suru koto wo ezaru toki wa.

On motion of Judge Baldy Cabiff the Secretary was instructed to return the thanks of the club to Seko Naohiko, Tanaka Toyotara and Romaji Kai, the editors and proprietors of the Romaji Zasshi.

DON'T KNOW HIM.

A communication from Talbot, Mich., stated that:

"About four weeks ago a colored man struck this town who gave his name as Gen Mentgomery Scott, and claimed to be a member of the Lime Kiln Club and a cousin of the King of Dahomey. The General was selling what he termed 'Scott's Death to Corns,' together with a cream tooth paste. With every box or bottle sold for twenty-five cents he gave a photograph of Brother Gardner. He was here about two weeks, and then suddenly skipped. Among the thirty or forty colored people who purchased his corn-salve every single man has been rendered a cripple; those who used the tooth-paste find their teeth ready to fall out. You will soon receive a visit from a Talbot lawyer, who will be authorized to settle this case with your club for the sum of $40,000. We are good-natured and long-suffering, but we propose to put a stop to this sort of business.

TWO HUNDRED INDIIGNANT CTIZENS."

The Secretary said that he had carefully consulted the rolls, but had failed to find the name of Gen. Scott thereon. It was

WHAT'S ALL THIS NOISE A

likely that he was one of the dozen impostors traveling around the country and using the name of the club to further their ends.

CHARTER GRANTED.

A petition signed by sixty-four colored residents of Lunenburg, N. S., set forth the following facts:

1. They sighed for intellectual progression.

2. They had no place to hang out o' nights.

3 They felt that they could do the whole continent good.

4. Their watchword was: "De Taller Candle Nebber Explodes."

And they would humbly petition that authority be granted them to organize a Lime Kiln Club, and a charter granted them to work to the thirty-first degree.

The petition was recommended by the Warden and Counsellors of Lunenburg County, together with Capt. A. J Wolf, S. Watson Oxner, F. B. Wade, Dr. C. C. Aitken and James Dowling. On motion of Judge Chewso the petition was granted and the Secretary instructed to forward the charter.

NOT CARRIED.

Waydown Bebee then offered the following preamble and resolution:

"*Whereas*, Medical science has demonstrated de fack dat de habit of drinkin' ice-water has a tendency to bring on heart disease, lumbage, liver complaint, insomnia and Mr. Bright's disease; now darfore

"*Resolved*, Dat dis Lime-Kiln Club not only abstains from ice-water doorin' de comin' summer, but it advises de cull'd people of dis kentry to do de same thing."

Prof. Ambidexter Smith, Giveadam Jones, Samuel Shin and Sir John Skinner opposed the resolution, while Elder Toots, Whalebone Howker, Cæsar Johnston and others favored it, and upon a vote being taken a tie was the result. Brother Gardner said he did not care to take the responsibility of a decision on his shoulders, and suggested as a compromise that Sundown Davis be submitted to a series of experiments from May to October to determine the matter. The suggestion was accepted and the resolution withdrawn.

MILITARY REPORT.

Col. Erastus White, of the Committee on Military Affairs, reported that his committee had carefully investigated the subject of defenses, as required by a late resolution and had reached the following conclusion:

1 In case of war the enemy's fleet could easily bombard any city on the coast. We would therefore suggest that all these cities be moved back fourteen mile.

2. The enemy would have no trouble in landing troops on our shores. The only trouble would be in getting any off them alive again. The only suggestion we have to offer is that Ben Butler be notified to be on hand early in the morning.

3 If a new Paradise Hall be erected it should be placed at least twelve miles from any spot accessible to the gun-boats.

4. We don't want a war, but if one happens to fall out of a tree and hit us we shan't run away.

5. It is better to apologize than to get licked. This advice is for such nations as may feel like knocking the chip off our shoulder.

The report was accepted and adopted, and all unfinished business being placed on a shelf to dry, the meeting adjourned.

Servants in India.

"In India," said a gentleman with an Oriental tan on his face, "the customs with regard to the servants are somewhat peculiar. When a man is invited to a dinner party, or

FEEDING ON HUMAN FLESH

Awful Sufferings of Four Canadian Fishermen in an Open Boat.

Full details of the terrible story of cannibalism have been obtained from only one of the survivors who is able to speak of the affair. The boat landed at Louisburg, N. S., the other afternoon, with two exhausted survivors. A ghastly sight met the gaze of the crowd that assembled about the boat when from beneath the piece of canvas covering them in the stern were brought to light the remains of James McDonald and Angus McDonald. The former was in a frightfully mutilated condition. The right arm was missing from the elbow, the throat was cut and hacked in a sickening manner and two great pieces of flesh had been chopped, as by a knife, from each thigh. In the bottom of the boat in a pool of blood, which washed to and fro with the motion of the waves, lay three

LARGE PIECES OF HUMAN FLESH

that had been bitten, partly masticated and then spat out. The spectacle was of a nature witnessed but once in a lifetime, and the feelings of those looking on were so wrought with horror that the strongest in the crowd turned away, unable to stand it any longer. The two half-perished survivors of the terrible voyage are Colin Chisholm, of Harbor Bouche, N. S., and Angus McEachern, of Long Point, Strait of Canso Chisholm told the following story: "We belonged to the American fishing schooner Cisely H. Low, Captain McKenzie. The vessel had fourteen hands altogether, and sailed from Gloucester on Wednesday March 15. After a fair passage we arrived on the Western banks on the succeeding Tuesday. On the Monday following, about eight o'clock in the morning, McEachern and myself left the vessel to attend to our trawls in company with another dory containing the two McDonalds. While at our work fog suddenly shut down, hiding the vessel from our view. As soon as the trawls were all set we started to find the schooner, and in trying to do so fell in with the other boat. No answer came to our signals and we concluded

WE WERE LOST

We kept in company all day and night and until noon of the following day, when the McDonalds got into our dory and we set the other adrift after securing her oars. We observed a sail but could not attract their attention. We had neither food nor water and began to suffer awfully. On Thursday evening James McDonald, who was more thinly clad than the rest and had been gradually growing weaker and weaker from hunger and exposure, felt that he was dying, and looking at the three of us from the stern where he was lying, said in a voice I shall never forget, 'Good by! good by, mates! I am dying." These were his last words. We kept his body, thinking the rest of us might yet be rescued. We kept on in the direction we thought the land lay, though every stroke was weaker than the last, and none knew at what moment one of us would give up in despair. On Friday, after James McDonald died, Angus McDonald said he was starving and thirsty, and that as he must have something to eat and drink he was going

TO DRINK JIM'S BLOOD,

He had no sooner uttered the words than he seized his knife and cut off Jim's arm; sucking some of the blood and eating some of the flesh. Then looking at me with his mouth smeared and with a piece of flesh in his hand, he asked me if I would have some, remarking at the time that the blood tasted like cream, I tasted it, and at once spat it out, saying if I was to die within an hour I would neith-

FOREIGN ECHOES.

A missionary's wife writes from Jaffa that there is nothing in the missionary boxes that more delights them than dressed dolls for the litttle girls in their schools. They can never have too many dolls.

An English dean, at the close of a sermon in which he warned his hearers of the speedy end of all things, asked for a liberal contribution to rebuild the tower of the church in which he was preaching.

There is something exquisite in an American's reply to the European traveler when he asked him if he had just crossed the Alps —"Wal, now you call my attention to the act, I guess I did pass risin' ground."

Count Leon Tolstoi, the Russian novelist, has, it is reported, abandoned literature to become a shoemaker. As a deeply religious man he has determined to carry out to the letter the precepts of the Sermon on the Mount.

"Chambermaids" in Mexican hotels are male Indians, termed mazos. They are deft and quick, and will hire themselves to a stranger in the capital for $3 a week, giving their employer undivided and very welcome service.

A German scientist Herr Luders, of Gerlitz, has invented a "photographic hat." It is a hat which contains a small but complete photographic apparatus. There is a minute opening in front of the hat in which is a lens. By pulling a string the wearer can at any time take an instantaneous photograph of any object he wishes.

The Presbyterion Church at Loch Kanza, Arran, Scotland, finds it hard to get the kind of a minister it wants. The last candidate was dismissed in short order because he walked with a frivolous gait. The elders said that his conversation was all right, but his walk was decidedly heretical.

A royal battle took place between a bull and a buck, the latter weighing over 200 pounds, on the farm of the Hon. Oscar Turner in Ballard county, Kentucky. The two were found dead. The bull had received three thrusts from the horns of the buck, the last being through the heart.

A very interesting discovery is [illegible] have been made by the experts w[illegible] said to examining the collection of p[illegible]are now ing of many thousand re[illegible]pyri consist- found at El Fayoum, in F[illegible]s which were quired by the Archdu[illegible]gypt, and were ac- perts declare that [illegible]e Ralher. The ex- several autogra[illegible] among the rolls are Mahomet. [illegible] letters of the Prophet

Justice of Peace Kurganowski, of the Province of Perm, in Russia, while holding court, was twice interrupted by his wife, once with the announcement that dinner was ready, and again that the soup was getting cold, whereupon he fined her three roubles for disturbing the dignity of his court, and then paid the money from his own pocket.

Sir Richard Garth, the chief justice of Bengal, has left India. Ill health has compelled him to retire from the department a year before the completion of the usual term. Sir Richard Garth was held in high esteem. He was regarded as an able and excellent judge, and it is proposed by some leading native neblemen of his service to provide a prominent memorial of him in Calcutta.

Sealing-wax was quite the rage with fashionable letter-writers six months and even three months ago, but ultra-fashionable women use it no longer. The rage for decorating the backs of envelopes with huge blots of red, blue, black, or green wax, in which was impressed a monogram or initial

"In India," said a gentleman with an Oriental tan on his face, "the customs with regard to the servants are somewhat peculiar. When a man is invited to a dinner party, or is sitting at the table in his boarding-house, his own 'bearer,' or body servant, stands behind his chair to wait upon him. The exigencies of the feast often make it necessary for a bearer to serve somebody other than his master, but on such occasions the guest is expected to overlook any shortcomings of which the attendant may be guilty; for in India the rule, 'Insult my servant, and you insult me,' is acknowledged everywhere. Once at a boarding-house on the Chouringee road, in Calcutta, I saw a bearer who was serving a stout, choleric Englishman with curry, spill a little of the copper-colored mixture on his trousers. Furiously turning around, the angry Briton found that the delinquent was not his own bearer, but the employee of a gentleman sitting at the other side of the table. 'Well, sir,' he said this vis-a-vis, 'I won't kick your servant, but, by gad, sir, I'll kick my own!" and an astonished and innocent bearer, who was twenty feet away when the offence was committed, was ignominiously kicked out of the room."

Four Years of Faithful Service.

"Patrick, are you sure you can handle a pair of horses if they're a little vicious?"

"Be gorra, I can, sur."

"How long were you in your last place?"

"Four years, sur."

"That speaks well for you. You don't drink?"

"Whaisky, do you mean? Sure, niver a drop passed my lips durin' all that time, sur."

"Good for you, Patrick. Oh, by the by, where were you during those four years?"

"I was in jail, sur."

Phillips Brooks, of Boston, when rector of a church in Philadelphia some years ago, received so many pairs of slippers from his devoted young lady parishioners that he was popularly called the clerical centipede.

...SE AND BUSTLE ABOUT?

a piece of flesh in his hand, he asked me if I would have some, remarking at the time that the blood tasted like cream, I tasted it, and at once spat it out, saying if I was to die within an hour I would neither eat the flesh or drink the blood. In the afternoon Angus again turned to me and said:—'I am going to cut Jim's throat to get some more blood.' I begged him not to do so, saying:—"For God's sake, whatever else you do, don't cut his throat. Do what you like, but don't do that." In the morning we found he had cut the dead man's throat, and, not finding any blood there, had also cut pieces of flesh out of his left thigh. His hunger and thirst not being then appeased, Angus cut another piece of flesh out of Jim's right thigh and during Saturday

ATE SEVERAL PIECES.

Mr. McEachern attempted to eat some, but could not. The taste made him sick. On Saturday night, "having kept rowing, we met a quantity of drift ice and we were then, I should judge, sixty miles east southeast of Guyon Island. By this time Angus McDonald, I noticed, was becoming crazy and going aft to try to get him to lay down, he picked up an oar and struck me twice, but not hurting me much. Sometime afterward McEachern and myself lay down to sleep. At daylight we awoke, to find that Angus McDonald had thrown all the oars overboard. We took the thwarts and paddled through the ice searching for the oars, and at last found five of them. All day Sunday we rowed through the ice as best our weakness would permit us. About noon

ANGUS LIED INSANE,

never having spoken after striking me the previous day. As evening drew near we made out what afterwards proved to be Guyon Island, but darkness coming on and squalls setting in we were then unable to find it. We lay down to sleep but cold and anxiety to reach land made sleep impossible. All night long the waves beat over us, and when dawn broke at last we were covered with ice and hardly able to move, but land was now close by, and by strenuous efforts we managed to make gradual headway. About ten o'clock on Monday morning our dory grounded on the beach of the island, and the lighthouse keeper, who had observed us through the ice, came down with his two boys and carried us up to his house. Neither of us was able to walk when we were assisted to land; the feet of both of us had turned purple and raw and were horribly swollen. After we got into the ice we used to suck it to allay our thirst, and that was the only thing we had in the shape of water for over eight days. Now it is all over, and I am very thankful to God for having been preserved."

A Snake Story.

For six months a young man named Ferguson, who resided at Great Falls, has been in failing health, despite the care of his physicians. Among many odd symptoms was that of a peculiar choking sensation, which was not understood until one day a snake thrust its head out of the young man's mouth. The sick man called his sister, and she, wrapping a cloth around her hand, when next the hissing head appeared, seized it, and with a quick pull landed the venomous reptile at her feet. Her action killed her brother. The tail of the snake had grown into the young man's body, and in tearing it away a blood vessel was broken, and the young man bled to death.

If your biography is to be written, my son, do the work yourself. If somebody else should write it he might accidentally wander into truth now and then and spoil the whole thing. A biography is valuable in indirect ratio to the amount of truth it contains.

even three months ago, but ultra-fashionable women use it no longer. The rage for decorating the backs of envelopes with huge blots of red, blue, black, or green wax, in which was impressed a monogram or initial, spread among women generally. So fashion has now tabooed it and has returned to the habit of using ready-gummed envelopes.

An Alabama newspaper seriously tells its readers that 4-year-old Dillie Welsh and a small Jersey calf are great friends. One day Dillie went to an unused well and peeped over the low curb. The calf saw her, and seized her dress in its mouth. The little girl lost her balance and fell over the curb, but the calf haug on, and for half an hour held her thus suspended until the child was rescued. Then the calf was very happy.

Of late years many valuable products have been got out of coal-tar. Sir Lyon Playfair announced lately in Liverpool, that it has been discovered that a crystal can be extracted from it, an almost imperceptible amount of which will fully sweeten a considerable quantity of solid or liquid food, and that this new sweetener has the advantage over sugar of passing so rapidly away from the digestive organs, that it neither fattens those who take it nor encourages rheumatism. This will be good news to the disciples of Banting who still have a hankering after sugar.

In acquiring Burmah, England has got possession of vast forests of teak, which, never plentiful in India, was becoming commercially very rare. Of all the woods grown in the East this is the most valuable. It is neither too heavy nor too hard; it does not warp or split under exposure to heat and dampness; it contains an essential oil which prevents its rotting under wet conditions, and at the same time acts as a preservative to iron and repels the destructive white ants; it is, withal, a handsome wood, of several varieties of colour and grain and takes a good polish.

The Lancashire pit-brow girls do not want to be forbidden from working at the pit-brows. They say that they wear trousers because they are more convenient, that they are more healthy than factory girls, and that their work does not demoralize or unsex them, because they are neither demoralized nor unsexed. The Vicar of Pemberton, who has taken up their cause, threatens to bring up 500 of these girls in a special train, and put them in evidence before the House of Commons. If the girls like their work, why should they be legislated out of it?

He said: "Gentlemen of the jury, charging a jury is a new business to me, as this is my first case. You have heard all the evidence, as well as myself; you have also heard what the learned counsel have said. If you believe what the counsel for the plaintiff has told you your verdict will be for the plaintiff; but if, on the other hand, you believe what the defendant's counsel has told you, then you will give a verdict for the defendant. But if you are like me, and don't believe what either of them have said, then I'll be hanged if I know what you will do. Constable, take charge of the jury."

An Unemployed World.

A fond husband was monkeying around the cook, who said, indignantly:

"Go way wid yer. I heard yez tell yer ould woman the other day that she was all the wurld to yez."

"That's so, Biddy, but you know there are two worlds—the old world and the new world."

The pay of a second lieutenant in the French army is but $37.80 per month, and his sword knot costs $5.

MANY MINOR MATTERS.

—Roadwork has commenced throughout the county.

—Market baskets all sizes cheap at Gallagher's bargain store.

—Ladies' rubber circulars for $1 at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—Work has been commenced on the R. C. cemetery vault.

—If you want some real fine photographs call at Hulett's studio.

—A braided Jersey jacket for $1 at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—Sunday was the anniversary of the battle of Cut Knife Creek.

—Repairing of fine watches a specialty at F. Arnott's, opposite Campbell House.

—If you want a life-size portrait that cannot be excelled anywhere, call at Hulett's studio.

—Before purchasing your baby carriages call at Gallagher's bargain store and see his stock.

—The cheapest grey cottons in the counties at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—The heart of the doctor rejoiceth. The cucumber season is fast approaching.

—A fine stock of watches, clocks and jewelry at F. Arnott's, opposite Campbell House.

—The very latest in men's stiff hats, 25 per cent. under value, at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—Mr. Adsit, living about two miles north of Odessa, had a fire on his premises Good Friday night.

—Baseballs and bats, lacrosse sticks, croquet, hammocks, etc., cheap at Gallagher's bargain store.

—H. R. Duff, M.D., C.M., physician, surgeon, accoucheur, etc., Main-st., Newburgh, over Grange's drug store. 22-1y.

—Several of our citizens are placing boulevards in front of their residences. A move in the right direction.

—Grand value in parasols, every style and quantity at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—If you want first-class job work done, send your orders to THE EXPRESS office. Bill and note heads a specialty.

—The roads throughout the county are not in a satisfactory state, notwithstanding the fine fine weather we are having.

—Gibbard & Son are manufacturing a new line of furniture which is in great demand in the city markets. Call and see it.

—Quite a number of shade trees have been planted in different parts of the town the past week.

—Immense bargains in corsets. $1.25 quality for 50c. at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—Petitions for sidewalks, crossings and drains, the first of the season, were disposed of by the Council Monday night.

—Gallagher's bargain store is the place for cheap wall paper, and don't you forget it. Good paper 5c. a roll. Gold paper 30c. a roll.

—New stock of silverware coming this week. Be sure you see it before you buy elsewhere, at F. Arnott's, opposite Campbell House.

—The handsomest and cheapest prints in town at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—House cleaning time is approaching. When you are at it renew your worn-out furniture by buying the latest styles at Gibbard & Son's.

—The Sabbath School will be well attended from this on. The pic-nic and excursion season is about opening.

—The latest novelties and the lowest prices in dress goods at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—The tramp now trampeth. One visited us this week. Getting the usual quarter, the old typo struck out for other pastures.

—A big drop in cook stoves. $42.00 cook stove for $38.00. $30.00 cook stove for $26.00. Other articles in proportion. Boyle & Son.

—Castile soap, white and mottled, 5c. a cake. Glycerine, 2 cakes for 5c. Call and Gallagher's for bargains in toilet soaps.

—Firecrackers are making their appearance, heralding the near approach of the Queen's Birthday. The small boy is accordingly happy.

—Cheap lace curtains, cheap carpets, cheap cretonnes at Lahey, McKenty & Co's.

—Before you buy your boots and shoes call on Moss and see his spring goods of every kind, the best and cheapest in town. Campbell House block.

—Just received another lot of cheap hosiery, bought at 25 per cent. discount, black and dark colors. Call and see them before they are all sold. C. F. Henderson.

—The invigorating fizz of the soda-water fountain, and the refreshing coolness of the ice-cream are now anxiously looked forward to by our thirsty citizens.

—The great clearing sale of boots and shoes, trunks and valises, is still in full blast at James H. Downey's. New and elegant goods selling at

The Verdict

Is that W. D. MADDEN'S stock of

Ceiling Decorations,
Window Shades,
Borders,
Dadoes,
Wall Paper, &c.

Is as large and varied as former seasons. We claim to have the best selected stock in the market, and at right prices.

WE DON'T HANDLE TRASH.

What we advertise we carry out. Don't be afraid to give us a call as we don't crowd our goods on any person. If our stock and prices don't suit you then there is no harm done. So

SEE OUR STOCK BEFORE YOU PURCHASE.

REMEMBER THE PLACE. 221y

MADDEN'S BOOKSTORE.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1886.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 22-1y

Marriage Licenses

C. Z. PERRY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Office—Madden's Book Store, Dundas-st. 221y

TOWN AND VICINITY.

—All lovers of lacrosse are requested to meet at THE EXPRESS office this Friday evening at 7:30.

—Feed from clean grain for sale at Close's Mills. 22-3

—There were registered at the town clerk's office during the month of April, 4 births, 1 marriage, and 2 deaths.

—Remember J. J. Perry's new stand, Cartwright block, two doors east of R. G. Wright's.

—A meeting of the quarterly board of the Western Methodist Church will be held in the church this (Friday) evening.

—Large loads of feed are ground daily on arrival at Close's Mills. 23-2

—A number of bad mud-holes in the streets are being filled up with course gravel. There is room for lots of improvement.

—With the electric light and Scott Act in full operation and waterworks on the way, Napanee can certainly boast of being a model modern town.

—Cheap fares to California points, J. L. Boyes, Grand Trunk ticket agent, Napanee.

—Parties intending to build would save money by calling on J. J. Perry for their paints, oils, glass, etc., as his prices are rock bottom.

—A postponed Sheriff's sale of a quantity of household furniture will be held at the Court House, Napanee, on Saturday May 8th, at 2 o'clock p.m.

—TO LET. The residence next to Dr. Cook's, on Bridge-st., now occupied by W. M. Pruyn, will be to let about the May 1st.

—The daily mail between Enterprise and Verona is about to be re-established.

—Both the Eastern and Western Methodist Churches will be lighted by electricity Sunday night.

—Brakesman McCollom, of the N., T. & Q. R., had a couple of his fingers jammed the other day. They are healing.

—Mr. Atkins Marlow had one of his hands crushed and badly cut on Wednesday morning in the Big Mill, Deseronto.

—J. J. Perry has a full stock of mixed paints ready for use, oils, etc., besides a new stock of drugs ond patent medicines at his new store, Cartwright block. Goods cheaper than ever.

—At the last meeting of the Town Council a by-law was passed appointing a Court of Revision. The court will be composed of Mayor Wilson, Deputy-Reeve Lapum and Couns. Aylsworth, Lowry and Joy.

—There was a small run-off on the N., T. & Q. R. Wednesday forenoon near Wilson's Crossing. A flat car loaded with cordwood jumped the track and delayed the morning train about an hour. Not much damage was done.

—In order to introduce his Bone and Potash Fertilizer among the farmers of this section, Mr. Chas. Stevens will for the next 30 days make a reduction of 20 per cent. This Fertilizer is invaluable to farmers, and the offer should be eagerly accepted.

—Messrs. Davis & Fleming with their usual enterprise and go-ahead-itiveness now take the lead in fancy bread carts. They have placed on the road a cart of unique design and handsome appearance, which in point of attractiveness surpasses everything.

—Counterfeit bills are in circulation. A merchant in town took in a five dollar bill this week which on being presented at the bank was pronounced bogus—the figure five was stamped all along the bottom and top of the bill. It will be well to be on the look-out for this kind of currency.

—To be or not to be? That is the question. Whether you will live and prosper in the light of learning, or merely exist, in blissful ignorance of the world's doings. A good local newspaper is indispensible in a well ordered household. THE EXPRESS fills the bill exactly. From now to Jan. 1st '87, for 60c

—Says the Kingston Whig: D. C. Hill, late with J. A. Hendry & Bro., has been appointed agent of the Sun Life Insurance Company for Kingston and the counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington. He is a young man of many good qualities, and will succeed with such a strong institution so creditable to Canada.

—Some persons have been in the habit of milking Mr. Chas. James' cow, which is pastured just across the river. We are authorized to warn the parties against any repitition of the offence. Mr. James says he is going to place a sentry with a "double-barrelled dog and a gun" to watch the bovine. So look out for squalls.

—Mr. P. Embury, town clerk, received news Wednesday morning of the sudden death of his mother-in-law, Mrs. E. F. Dunham, wife of the postmaster at Kaladar, which sad event occurred most unexpectedly about 7 p. m, Tuesday. Deceased was 73 years old, and highly esteemed by all who knew her. Mr. and Mrs. Embury attended the funeral yesterday.

—The runaway accident reported in THE EXPRESS last week as occurring at Farnsworth had a most fortunate and miraculous termination. The facts as related were true but strange to say the men were not much injured. The team belonged to a pop and

—The invigorating fizz of the soda-water fountain, and the refreshing coolness of the ice-cream are now anxiously looked forward to by our thirsty citizens.

—The great clearing sale of boots and shoes, trunks and valises, is still in full blast at James H. Downey's. New and elegant goods selling at very low prices. Boots and shoes to fit and prices to suit all pockets. JAMES H. DOWNEY.

—Parties wanting bedding, house or vegetable plants will do well to call at once on Perry & Co. and leave their order. A carload of plants will be ordered as soon as the weather settles, and by leaving your order now you will be sure to get good plants at bottom prices.

—Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best that can be employed to correct irregularities of the stomach and bowels. Gentle, yet thorough, in their action, they cure constipation, stimulate the appetite and digestive organs, and strengthen the system.

—The "baby elephant" man is in Napanee again, this time with an open-air shooting gallery. He does a rushing business in the Tichborne House gang-way.

—The "constantly tired out" feeling, so often experienced, is the result of impoverished blood, causing enfeebled vitality. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enriches the blood, increases the appetite, and promotes digestion. The system, thus invigorated, feels new strength and energy.

—The best milk pans you can buy is the cheapest. Boyle & Son are putting in the best stock that can be bought, and are making them up first-class; prices right. Go and see them A great reduction in all kinds of tinware until the 1st June for cash. Call and secure some of the bargains.

—The growth so far this season has been unprecedented. "Fully three weeks ahead of last year," is what one farmer says.

—The rays of the electric light point to Lockwood's cheap wall paper emporium, where will be found all the latest patterns at lowest prices. Rubber balls, base balls, bats, croquet, and full line of everything useful and ornamental. Don't fail to give him a call when in town. Corner Brisco House block.

—Parties in want of paints or oils (wholesale or retail) can get supplied 15 per cent. cheaper at Perry & Co. than any other dealer in the county. A carload to hand yesterday. They are really doing the paint, oil and seed trade of the town. Parties can rest assured they will get full value for their money.

—D. Kennedy, of "Kennedy's hotel," Centreville, will continue business in the old stand. Parties driving into yard or using shed are expected to pay for same at the bar. Meals 35 cents. 24

—Now is the time to secure bargains in hardware. Perry & Madole have in a full line of every description. Buffalo barb wire takes the lead. Cut nails of the Peak Benny make. Use no other. A lot of goods damaged by fire are being sold very cheap. Remember the place, old Rennie corner store. 23tf

—Lockwood's for new music. Butterfly Dude, White Wings, Hush Little Baby, Don't You Cry, Spanish Cavalier, or any number you want. Don't you want some wall paper, if so we can safely recommend Lockwood as the cheapest and widest. Novels, fashion books, etc., at Lockwood's Bazar and Bookstore, corner Brisco House. 24tf

—The fruit season having just nicely opened up we will advise our old patrons of the fact that we have just received a delicious assortment of fruit, bananas, pineapples, oranges, lemons, new layer dates and cocoanuts. We have just opened several cases of firecrackers, which will make as much noise and annoyance as any other fireworks. Fleming & Davis.

—New goods to arrive next week at the 7 cent store. Two crates of crockery and glassware, also a fine assortmeet of novels and books by the best authors. Any person wishing to get any magazine, book or novel in the world can get the same by leaving your order at the 7 Cent Store, west of the Campbell House. R. Vance.

—Perry & Co. are doing the leading business in paints, oils, glass, putty, and seeds of all kinds, of any other dealer in the county. They sell goods 15 per cent. cheaper and guarantee everything as represented. Oil cake, 2½c. per pound. More sugar and tea for $1 than any other dealer will give you. Prime timothy seed wanted—500 bushels immediately. Call and see for your satisfaction. It is now an established fact they sell goods cheaper than any other dealer can or will.

Rev. G. J. Fallis, Dutton, certifies: "For some years my wife has been troubled with dyspepsia, and has tried one thing after another recommended with but little or no effect till advised to give McGregor's Speedy Cure a trial. Since taking the first bottle I have noticed a decided improvement, and can with confidence recommend it to be one of, if not the best medicine extant for dyspepsia." This invaluable medicine for liver complaint, indigestion, kidney complaint, is purely vegetable. Sold at Grange's or Huffman's drug store, Napanee, and at Jas. Aylsworth's, Tamworth.

Court House, Napanee, on Saturday May 8th, at 2 o'clock p.m.

—To LET. The residence next to Dr. Cook's, on Bridge-st., now occupied by W. M. Pruyn, will be to let about the May 1st. Apply to Dr. H. L. Cook. 22-tf.

—The trial of the case Snider vs. the Lennox and Addington Division Grange, which was to have taken place at Belleville during the present assizes, has on the application of the plaintiff been postponed till fall.

—Mr. W. S. Williams leaves on the 19th for Washington and the Southern States on an extended tour. Mr. Herbert C. Parks has been appointed Vice-U. S. Consular agent in his absence.

—Kingston Whig:—"Several days ago two painters, one from Napanee and the other from Odessa, boarded at the Beaupre House. F. Wildon also stopped there and missed a coat and vest. The articles were found in a pawn shop, and the painters are suspected of having sold them. They have quit the city." Who are they?

—J. J. Perry has re-opened his drug store in Birrell's agricultural implement store, two doors east of R. G. Wright's, where he will be pleased to receive the orders of all his old customers and as many new ones as will favor him with a call.

—Quarterly meeting will be held in the Eastern Methodist Church next Sabbath morning. The love feast and fellowship meeting will be held at 9.30 a. m., the sacrament of the Lord's supper being administered at the close of the usual morning service.

—A circular is posted conspicuously in the lobby of the post office asking contributions towards the erection of a suitable monument at Port Hope in memory of the late Lieut-Col. Williams, who fought and died in the North-West. Subscriptions will be received and forwarded by Ven. Archdeacon Jones. This is a laudable undertaking and should be highly successful.

—The mrchinery for the new soap factory has arrived and been put in position. The first make of soap was packed on Wednesday to fill an order for immediate delivery. The firm are not yet settled, however, but expect to be in complete working order in a few days. Next week we will give a brief review of this industry, which will no doubt be of interest to all our readers.

—A congregational meeting of the Western Methodist Church will be held in the basement next Tuesday evening. Reports for the year will be presented from the Young Peoples' Society, the pastor of the church, the superintendent of the Sunday School and the treasurer. After the business has been transacted refreshments will be served. A full attendence of church goers is requested.

—Would it not be well for our town fathers to have our sidewalks put into proper shape? At present they are in some places disgraceful. A general tidying up would not be out of place. Nothing detracts so much from the appearance of a town as untidy streets. Let fences be straightened, rubbish cleared away and paint applied where necessary, and wonderful will be the improvement.

—The sugar social given the children of the Western Methodist Sabbath School, on Friday night, proved a rare treat for the little ones. There was a full attendance. The children were allowed to chat and enjoy themselves one way and another until about 8.30 when they were feasted with sugar. Several hymns were heartily sung by the school during the evening. Just before closing a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Fralick for the interest manifested by him in the school during the year. This was carried by the scholars cheering and clapping their hands lustily.

EXPRESS last week as occurring at Tamworth had a most fortunate and miraculous termination. The facts as related were true but strange to say the men were not much injured. The team belonged to a pop and soda-water man, and were caught after running a long distance. We have not been able to learn the names of the men.

—Kenneth Huff and George Johnson, who have for some time past been running opposition baggage waggons, have joined hands, forming a new back line. They have secured a first class hack and announce by advertisement in another column that they will be in attendance at all trains and boats. They will also continue their baggage business. Kip and Percy know how to accommodate the public.

—The adjourned vestry meeting of St. Mary Magdalene's Church was held last Monday night. There was a good attendance. Mr. James E. Herring was appointed church-warden by the Archdeacon and Mr. R. D. Gamble was elected to that position by the people. A number of accounts were audited and adopted. The financial reports made a satisfactory showing. At the previous meeting Dr. Bristol was re-elected delegate to the Synod.

—His Lordship Bishop Jamot died at the Episcopal Palace, Peterboro, on Tuesday of last week. His Lordship visited Belleville and while in that city caught a cold, a mild attack of bronchitis following. On Sunday he had several fainting attacks, and in the evening inflamation of the lungs set in which rapidly grew worse until death relieved his suffering. The funeral takes place to-day (Friday) at 10. 30 a. m.

—An exchange says there is a tendency among its correspondents towards gossip. It applies to THE EXPRESS fellows as well. This we do not want. It is news we are after. The public as a rule do not care whether a couple is well or ill mated, or whether Jabez Aaron Kalbfleisch climbed the fence, cleared it, or crawled through and drew the dog after him. If Wesley Morley Punsheon Spultherick was off on a bender night 'fore last, it's no one's business but his own, and the village gossip's. A. Augustus Spindlemasher may have escorted Miss Cora Annette Pileton home on Sunday evening and had a foot race with old Pileton's brindle pup, still the matter is of no interest to any but himself and the village tailor. Parson Skyclaver has a perfect right to pay his attention to Miss Angelica Hymnscreecher, if she and the old folks are satisfied and he means business, without the matter being ventilated in the local paper. Let's have the news.

—"The Other Side of the Story" is the title of a well got up pamphlet containing a series of reviews criticizing Mr. J. C. Dent's "Story of the Upper Canadian Rebellion." It also contains the letters which appeared in the Toronto press in the Mckenzie-Rolph controversy. These are connected together with a short accounnt of the controversy, and are followed by a lengthy critique on "The New Story" by Mr. John King, M. A., Barrister, Berlin, who also contributes an Introductory. The publication of the pamphlet is justified on the ground that the promise given the public that the Story of the Rebellion would be written from a "Liberal but non-partisan point of view" has not been kept. Mr. King's critique is a slashing and racy review by a Liberal, of Mr. Dent's narrative and, without being so avowedly, is a strong vindication of the character and career of William Lyon Mackenzie. Those who have read the "Story" should certainly read this reply, and those who have not read it may, with great advantage, read what the critics say about it. The price of the pamphlet is 25 cents. It may be had at the bookstores

—Mrs. Davy is removing to her island this week. She will be ready to receive patrons in a short time.

—The Orangemen of Lennox and Addington will participate in the grand demonstration to be held in Belleville on the 12th July.

—A special meeting of the town council will be held some night next week to receive the report of the special committee appointed to consider the waterworks question.

—At the last meeting of the Womens' Missionary Society of the Picton Methodist Church, a farewell address accompanied by a purse of $25 was presented to the wife of Rev. Mr. Dingman, who is about to leave that town.

—A complimentary resolution thanking Rev. A. L. Green, of Adolphustown for his friendly and gratuitious assistance to the rector, Rev. R. S. Forneri, was passed at last meeting of the vestry of St. Paul's Church, Adolphustown.

—Mr. Thos. Jamieson, baker, lost a valuable horse last Saturday. He was going his rounds as usual on Piety hill, when without a moment's warning the animal fell dead in the traces. No cause can be assigned for its sudden death.

—Messrs Potter & Williams have started an omnibus line, to run from the station to the hotels or any point in Napanee or vicinity. The fares are :—From station to hotels, 15c.; to or from station and return, 25c.; to or from private residences, 25c, Orders to call at residences left at hotels will receive prompt attention.

—A meeting was held in an up-town office Friday evening last for the purpose of forming a lawn tennis club. The club was started with a fair membership, but the promoters are not vet satisfied. No names are to be made public until the club is in first-class condition.

—We would call special attention to the report of town council meeting Monday night, which will be found in another column. The report of the special committee appointed to investigate the waterworks systems of Port Hope and other places is given verbatim. It is interesting.

—The bill to amend the N., T. & Q, R'y charter has received two readings, and been referred to the railway committee. On the application of the member presenting the bill, it has been enlarged till to-day(Friday). Napanee's interests are ably looked after by Mr. D. H. Preston and M. W. Pruyn, M.P.

—A new department is added to the Deseronto shipyard, the manufacture of railway cars. Mr. Evans has repaired several passenger cars, and is building a smoking and express car for the N. T. & Q. Railway. A passenger coach will be next attempted. Mr. Evans intends erecting a car shop 85 feet long and 36 feet wide.

—In the Globe of Thursday last we notice the name of Miss Marie C. Strong, who is well known here, in connection with the production of Gilbert & Sullivan's "Sorcerer" at Toronto by the Hamilton Musical Union. Miss Strong is highly commended, not only for her rich and finely trained contralto voice and her thoroughly elegant and refined stage presence, but for her excellent acting and the exquisite taste displayed in her costume.

—A jubilee and banquet was held in the town hall Friday evening last, by the Saved Army. We understand it was fairly successful. The jubilee took the shape of a farewell supper to Capt. Pratt, who left Monday night for Brighton. During her five month's labor here the Capt. has made a host of warm friends who were extremely sorry to loose her. Capt. Truen, of Enterprise,

AN ACCOMPLISHED FACT

Napanee Lit Up by Electric Light.

The long-talked of and anxiously-watched for electric light is now in complete operation, and to the satisfaction of every one. The dynamo, a Thompson-Huston machine made by the Royal Electric Light Co., of Montreal, is located in the Big Mill, the power being furnished by the immense water wheel in that building. The operations of the company have been in charge of Mr. Badger, an expert electrician who thoroughly understands his business. After Mr. Badger'departure the machine will be managed by Mr. Dafoe, of the mill, Mr. F. F. Miller will also assist. The light was first put in operation Monday night, and though at first there was a slight flickering noticeable, it gadually wore off and left the light strong and steady as possible. The following stores are lighted:—Perry & Co., A. W. Grange & Bro., P. Slaven & Co., S. McLaughlin, Jas. H. Downey, A. Rose & Co., Hinch & Co., (two lights,) Downey & Co., (two lights,) and the Campbell House billiard room. Wednesday night a light was suspended from a cable in front of the Brisco House. This was a piece of private enterprise, a number of merchants in the vicinity "chipping in" and making up the requisite amount. The streets were crowded with citizens viewing the "electric light" and all expressed extreme satisfaction. Each light is of 2,000 candle power, and one jet is sufficient to illuminate the largest store in town. The company have contracted for 20 lights already, and no doubt as soon as these can be supplied, more will be ready. Indeed the success of the undertaking is assured, and our merchants should see to it that they do all in their power to aid the enterprise.

—To break up a cold or cough or its ill results there is no better remedy than Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam.

—**Fever** colic, unnatural appetite, fretfulness, weakness, and convulsions, are some of the effects of worms in children; destroy the worms with Dr. Low's Worm Syrup.

To All Whom it May Concern.

Take Notice that my wife

Ida Hambly having left my bed and board

without just provocation I will no longer be responsible for debts contracted by her.

JOHN W. HAMBLY.

Napanee, April 22nd, 1886. 22 4 in.

Money! Money!

MONEY TO LOAN

—AT—

6 per Cent.

MR. W. S. WILLIAMS having made special arrangements can now accommodate parties who desire to borrow money at a low rate of interest.

SEE HIM FOR PRIVATE TERMS OTHER THAN ABOVE

Loans to meet mortgages falling due made promp y and without extra expense.

Purchases and sales of Farms, Town Property, and other Real Estate negotiated.

School and Municipal Debentures Purchased. Mortgages Bought.

Parties communicating will be given any furnished any further information they may desire respecting loans, etc., which will be considered specially private.

W. S. WILLIAMS,
Napanee, Ont.

Fire! Life! Accident

Fire insurance affected in the Royal at a lower rate than can be secured from any other company.

Life Assurance at one-half the ordinary cost in the Dominion Masonic Benefit Association.

221y W. S. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Downey & Co.,

Are showing the contents of five cases of

LATEST -:- NOVELTIES.

Lovely Swiss Muslins, Embroidered Robes, New Silk Lace Flounces, New Kid Gloves, Clasp or Button. All the latest shades and styles in Lisle, Taffeta and pure Silk Gloves.

New Hosiery for Ladies', Misses and Children. Every size, color and quality.

BIG DRIVES

In STAPLE GOODS, SHIRTINGS,
DUCKS and DENIMS, TOWELLINGS,
WHITE and GREY COTTONS, TICKINGS,
YARNS FOR CARPETS, White and Colored. Best makes

Our WOOL CARPETS are the best value ever shown and acknowledged by all to be the handsomest patterns.

In our Dress Making, Millinery and Ordered Clothing Departments we are rushed with orders, but by working overtime and making special efforts we

month's labor here the Capt. has made a host of warm friends who were extremely sorry to loose her. Capt. Truen, of Enterprise, fills the vacant post temporarily.

—Rev. Mr. Emsley suffered from a severe cold last Sunday. In the morning he was obliged to curtail his sermon by hoarseness, and in the evening he was relieved at intervals during the delivery of his sermon by anthems from the choir. The pieces were arranged appropriately to strengthen the sermon, and the service, though unusual, was most enjoyable. The choir, under the able supervision of Mrs. Yorke, of Toronto, has made marked progress in their singing of late. Mrs. Yorke is an excellent teacher.

Grand Trunk R. R.

Trains leave Napanee as follows:—

Going West,	*	Express	3.47 a. m.
"	†	Mixed	8.35 "
"	†	Express	5.06 p. m.
"	†	Mixed	9.45 "
Going East,	†	Express	1.03 "
"	‡	Mixed	11.29 "
"	*	Express	12.45 a. m.
"	†	Mixed	8.50 "

* Daily; † daily, except Sunday; ‡ daily, except Saturday.

A Sudden Demise.

On Thursday morning at 5:15 Francis A., beloved wife of Mr. J. J. Perry, druggist, aged 33 yrs., 7 months and 20 days, breathed her last at the family residence on Dundas street west. Deceased was of weakly constitution and received a fright the night of the fire, May 5th. She was prostrated for a day or two, but rallied and seemed to be on the highway to recovery, when an accidental fall caused a relapse, and despite the best efforts of medical skill and loving attendants she rapidly grew worse. Wednesday evening a change for the better was noticed, the patient becoming quite cheerful and carrying on a conversation with those about her. Hopes of ultimate recovery were entertained until about an hour before her death, when a sudden and fatal relapse set in which terminated fatally at 5.15. Deceased was cheerful and resigned to the last, and died peacefully and without a struggle in the midst of the conversation. Mr. Perry has our symyathy and that of a host of friends in his sad bereavement. The funeral takes place to-day (Friday) at 3.30 P. m.

Important Meeting of the Board of Trade.

A meeting of the Board of Trade has been called for next Monday evening to discuss several questions of vital importance to the merchants of our town.

The action of the hotel-keepers in charging for shed room will be brought up and if thought advisable the question of free sheds under the control of the Board will be proposed.

It is likely that the Post Office question will be further discussed. The matter of the proposed extension of the N. T. & Q. Ry., will be brought before the meeting. It is presumed that something definite will have then been heard from Ottawa as the Railway Committee deal with this question to-day. Mr. D. H. Preston is at present in Ottawa and with Mr. Pruyn will oppose the bill in Committee.

The proposed waterworks scheme will also be investigated from a financial stand point.

We trust that every effort will be put forth to secure a first class water system for our town. Now that we are on the upward move let us not weary in well doing, but let us deserve the reputation we now have of being the most enterprising town in Ontario.

—**National Pills** are sugar coated, mild, but thorough, and are the best stomach and liver pills in use.

by all to be the handsomest patterns.

In our Dress Making, Millinery and Ordered Clothing Departments we are rushed with orders, but by working overtime and making special efforts we are still enabled to turn out work as promised.

Our imported goods are giving splendid satisfaction and our customers realise that for GENUINE BARGAINS in reliable goods and the largest assortment the place to go is at

21 **DOWNEY & CO.'S**

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

HATS.

A. ROSE & CO.,

Have opened the finest assortment of New Straw Hats ever shown in town. They are showing very fine Hats from 25c. to $3.00 in straws, and you can get 5 Canada Straws for 25c. In felt and fur Hats they also beat the town. No such stock can be found outside our store.

Don't forget us when you want a new Hat. Old men, young men and boys can get just the hat to suit them at A. ROSE & Co.'s in the Mills Block, one door east of Downey & Co.'s Dry Goods Store, Napanee.

221y **A. Rose & Co.**

Necessaries not Luxuries.

Our fine stock of Ladies' Fine Button Boots and Low Shoes ranging from $1 to $5, are marvels of beauty, combine, wear and comfort with looks are made of fine material and accompanied with the best workmanship and at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

The Gents' and Boys' Fine Boots and Shoes such as King's, Pinkerton's Eagle Brand and the Maltese Cross Brand in Lace, Button or Gaiter, hand or machine sewed, ranging from $1.25 to $6.50 in all widths and will please the most fastidious. Fresh Spring goods are being placed in our ONE PRICE SHOE STORE. Do not make any mistake about the place. The only shoe store with which I have any connection whatever is situated on the NORTH SIDE OF DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE.

Jas. H. Downey

221y ONE — PRICE — SHOE — STORE

THE FARM

Poultry.

Fowls prefer, as well as need, good pure, cold water, especially in warm, sultry weather.

Young chickens may be allowed the run of the garden, the mother being cooped, and the havoc they make among insects is an excellent thing.

Inflammation of the egg organs is generally caused by overfeeding. Eating the seeds of grapes, or grain affected with ergot, is said to produce this inflammation. Symptoms: the hen going into the nest without laying; having a straddling gait; laying shelless eggs; dropping eggs from the perch or elsewhere. Treatment: one grain of calomel and one-twelfth of a grain of tartar emetic, given in oat or barley meal. If necessary, a second dose may be given.

When a dealer wishes to add a knock-down argument to all he has said about the merits of the breed of fowls he has for sale, he urges that their flesh is of extra quality, Now there is no breed of fowls under the sun, the chickens of which, if well fed all their lives, will not be tender, juicy and toothsome if killed before they are too old. And there is no breed that will be plump, tender and fit for the table unless fed thus. Mind, we do not say that there is no difference at all in breeds, but we say, that of the two things, the breed and feeding, the latter is most important.

The white of an egg has proved to be the most efficacious remedy for burns. Seven or eight successive applications of this substance will soothe the pain and effectually exclude the burn from the air. This simple remedy seems preferable to collodion, or even cotton. Extraordinary stories are told of the healing properties of a new oil, which is easily made from the yolks of hens' eggs. The eggs are first boiled hard, and the yolks are then removed, crushed and placed over a fire, where they are carefully stirred until the whole substance is just on the point of catching fire, when the oil separates and may be poured off. One yelk will yield nearly two teaspoonfuls of oil. It is in general use in South Russia as a means of curing cuts, bruises and scratches.

I think the lime-dust treatment the best of all cures for gapes in chickens. It is cheap, simple and effective. I put a whole breed of chickens in a peck measure with a bag over the top. A barrel partly filled with air-slaked lime, as dry as powder, was turned on its side and the lime was stirred with a stick until the whole barrel was filled with lime floating in the air. The chickens were put in this, with the bag over the mouth of the barrel. They were put into the dust three times, not more than a minute each time. They should be kept in the measure all the time. We let one breed stay in too long and lost five out of seven. The windpipes of the dead chickens were found more than half filled with gape worms, which made it more difficult for them to breathe. My little son, seven years old, treats his chickens in this way successfully. The lime can be slaked with water and then allowed to dry so as to powder. A lot of lime thus prepared will last for years for this purpose.

Timely Suggestions.

G. J. Kremer, Cape May county, New Jersey, has been very successful in breaking cow of the habit of sucking herself by ...ting the teats with mucilage and then ...ing them with pure capsicum (red pep-

It will not sicken the cow, but she

THE CAREFUL FARMER.

Some gentlemen from the city went out in the country on a fishing trip recently, and a rain coming up suddenly they pulled their boat ashore and went to a barn near a farm house to get in out of the wet. They found the farmer in the barn sitting on an upturned half bushel, whittling a cob, waiting for the rain to cease so he could go out and kill potato bugs. He bowed to the men as they came in, and sat their fishing tackle down, though he eyed them pretty closely. He didn't talk much, but answered their questions politely. They asked all about the farming business, and he told them how things were running. Finally he said:

"I suppose you are gentlemen from the city, come out here for recreation, but I didn't know at first but you might have some scheme to get me to buy something, or make me agent for some patent, or that you wanted to get me to sign some paper that would seem innocent enough, but which would turn out to be a note that I would have to pay. There's sharks around here every few days trying to pick up farmers, and we have to keep our eyes and ears about us. I am satisfied I have made a mistake in you, gentlemen, so I apologize."

The gentlemen laughed at his fears, but accepted his apology, and finally asked him what course the sharpers usually took to beat a farmer.

"O, they take every kind of a course," said he, as he took another cob to whittle. "Anything to get a man to sign his name. Once a farmer's name is on paper, and they get it on to a promissory note, and into the hands of an innocent party. I had a man come along here two years ago, with a patent churn, and he left it for my wife to try. She tried it, and liked it, and wanted to buy it, but he wouldn't sell it. He said he was just getting it patented, and he wanted a few of the the best farmers to try it, and make any suggestions they thought of to improve it, and he would make the improvements and get it patented. He said when it was patented, and was a success, he had just as soon make my wife a present of a churn, but he shouldn't sell any, as he should put it in the hands of some large factory to build, and he would get a royalty. He wanted a few letters from those who had tried the churn, to send to our member of congress, who had promised to go to the patent office for him. He wrote out a letter to our member of congress, saying that I believed there was merit in the churn, and I signed it. How the deuce he got my name off of that letter, and put it at the bottom of a note for two hundred and fifty dollars, I don't know, but I had to pay the note, and my wife has never got the churn. But the slickest thing that farmers ever got took in on was Bohemian oats. About ten years ago a man came along with a baking powder can full of oats without any hulls on—just the plain meat of the oats. He said he was an agent of the German government, and that one farmer in every township could buy a bushel of the oats for five dollars, if he would contract not to sell the crop of hull-less oats to anybody but the authorized agent, and he was to agree to pay four dollars a bushel. The idea was to create a monopoly in hull less oats. He just mentioned it to me, he said, that I might think it over, and in the meantime he would make some inquiries as to my standing. Well, for a week I dreamed of nothing but Bohemian oats, and by the time he came around again I was as ripe as the oats, and I wanted ten bushels. He said he would have to communicate with the general office before he could sell me more than one bushel, but he didn't know

"COME IN WILLIAM."

A Charitable Head Agent's Little Scheme.

In 1866, which was almost before the Canada Pacific Railroad was thought of, the writer of this was encamped on Beaver River, in the Canadian North-West well up in the foothills of the Rockies. Six of us, who were prospecting, hunting, and taking things pretty easy for July weather, occupied a large cabin which had been built and deserted some time before. From this central point small parties branched out and were gone for several days at a time. We had no trouble with anything or anybody until, after we had occupied the place seventeen or eighteen days, a bad spell of weather came on and drove all the detached parties in for shelter. We were well heeled in the matter of firearms, and there was something like

A THOUSAND DOLLARS IN GOLD

among the six. For cook we had an old soldier who had been discharged from the regular army after long service.

One morning, it being the third day of the bad weather, and the rain still falling, Joe, our cook, went down to the forks of the Beaver to meet a canoe which we expected up with provisions. The door of the cabin was shut, and there was a bit of fire on the hearth at which some of the men were moulding bullets, and over which a kettle of pork and beans was boiling. Two of the gang were playing cards, and a third was reading, while I was examining some mineral specimens. In this state of affairs the door softly opened, and in walked a young man about 23 years of age. He was smooth-faced, red-cheeked, and had such a smile on his phiz that the sight of him would have set anyone to grinning. He looked from one to the other, as if to make sure that all were present, and then stepped back and opened the door and called.

"Come in, William, they are at home."

A short, stout, ugly-faced man of forty pushed his way in, shut the door, and stood with his back to it. That he was a hard pill no one could doubt after looking into his face; that he meant business was apparent from his having a revolver in either hand. Had

SOME ONE YELLED "INDIANS!"

I think the six of us, each with a revolver ready to shoot, would have been out doors in twenty seconds. Here we all sat as dumb as oysters and as helpless as snails, for we realized that it was a "stand up."

"Now, gents," said the young man shewing his white teeth as he smiled, "I want to raise a few hundred dollars for an orphan asylum in the States. I shall expect each one of you to contribute. If any gentleman should so far forget himself as to pull his gun, my friend William, who shoots both-handed, will promptly attend to his case."

It was only after this little speech that we fully comprehended what was going on' William kept every man of us under his eye' with his two pistols ready for service, and we were cowed. I knew that the average man will feel contempt for us and assert that he would have done this or that had he been one of the six, but he is mistaken. Under like circumstances, unless he was a fool, he would have tamely submitted. That red-cheeked boy, as we were not long in concluding, was a road agent named Col. Lee, and the man William had justly earned

THE NAME OF "BLOODY BILL."

Only six months before they had held up the Mariposa stage, in which one of our number was a passenger.

"Come, gents, time is money with us," said the Colonel as we sat staring at him. "Here's my cap, who chips in the first hun-

ing them with pure capsicum (red pep-
It will not sicken the cow, but she
entirely satisfied with one taste of
eats.

his season of the year pruning defen-
dges, as, for instance, osage orange,
ney locust, is a measure of economy.
mature shoots are now easily cut,
work may in consequence be per-
n at least half the time required
weed is fully ripened. Summer
s a tendency to weaken growth,
uch to be desired in a full-grown
he second crop of young shoots
and more numerous, thus very
adding to the compactness of the

ard at work in warm weather
frequently. If a handful of oat-
vn in a pailful of water, and one
ows given twe or three times
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stimulate them to renewed ex-
eep them fresh all day. This
ation has no bad after effects,
which men often take in the
l. The work of harvesting with
is now as severe for teams as
was in the old times for men
by hand-labor, and it is a time
ed for horses has been mostly
th the labor thus thrown on
need proportionate good care.

peat our advice to farmers
the same undergarments
day. It is more than worth
ke off the undershirt as
labor is finished, rub the
vith a harsh towel, and
which are perfectly dry.

successful dairymen we
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the general office before he could sell me more than one bushel, but he didn't know but the could arrange it so I could have a county right, and be the only man in the county who could raise the oats. He said he hated to let one man have such a chance to get rich, but he had struck three or four farmers that had no standing, and he wouldn't let them have a kernel of the oats for love or money, and as he had got to go to Iowa soon he might give me the county, but I must not say anything about it. He would be back in a week, and by that time he would know if I could have the county. He might have let me have the earth, if he had waited another week. Well, to make a long story short, I bought fifty bushels of oats, signed a contract to sell to nobody but him, and I got two farmers to sign with me as security, and the next spring I sowed the oats."

"What did you get?" asked one of the fishermen, as he looked out of the barn door, and found that the rain had cleared off.

"Get!" said the farmer, as he rose up and kicked the half bushel measure across the barn. "I got a fair crop of common oats, with hulls on, which I sold from the thrashing machine for twenty cents a bushel The oats he sold me were common oats, with the hulls taken off, and I paid him five dollars a bushel for them in cash, and the contract I signed, turned out to be a note for five hundred dollars, endorsed by twe of the best farmers in town, and I paid it."

"Well, he spoke the truth when he said he di in't like to see one man get too rich," said one of the fishermen, "but I should have supposed he would have come round the next year and bought your crops, as he promised. But I suppose you violated your contract by selling the oats to other parties."

"Come around again," said the farmer. "He would have been lynched. Why I found that he had sold Bohemian oats to over fifty farmers in this township, and in the county I don't know how many farmers took the bait. You can't imagine how I felt, after hugging that secret to my heart all summer, and watching the oats grew, to see them head out just like ordinary oats, and when it came over me that I had been sold, and was not going to be rich, but poorer than ever, I was actually sick for a month. The doctors called it nervous prostration, but it was Bohemian oats fever, hat's what it was."

Well," said one of the fishermen, "the over, and we will go out and see if ill bite as well as the farmers," ent off, while the farmer was paris green in a pan, and look- he had rather feed it to the the oats than to the po-

Money.

young to earn one egg for arrying the r washing coal or l they own, ng

"Come, gents, time is money with us," said the Colonel as we sat staring at him. "Here's my cap, who chips in the first hundred?"

He held it toward me, and I dropped in four twenties, which was all I had. The next man came down with $200; the next with $150, and by the time the last had contributed the Colonel had $800 in his cap. In transfering it to his pocket he counted the money, and as he put his cap on his head he said:

"This will go a good way toward making the little orphans happy. I don't want anything else, gentlemen, and we will now take our leave. I would advise you not to follow, though of course you can act your own pleasure. I wish you good morning."

The two backed out and shut the door, which swung out instead of in. Scarcely had it closed before we made a rush, but they were still too smart for us. They had braced a log against it, and there was only one window in the house. Before anyone had volunteered to crawl out of that the two fellows had made good their escape.

In going away they met our cook on his way back, and the Colonel handed him a flask of whiskey and asked him to present it to us with his compliments. We took the trail and pursued it for several hours, but we had seen the last of them.

A Faithful Animal.

A very strange and pathetic occurrence has just come under observation at Tiffin. Last October little Freddy Luiz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Luiz of Tiffin, was taken suddenly ill and died. He was a kind and loving boy, and had for a pet a little terrier dog, to which he was very kind. After his death the dog showed signs of great grief, crying and howling piteously. Since the death of their loved son the parents have regularly visited his grave and strewed flowers and dropped tears upon the little mound. The dog always accompanied them, and at the grave would show unmistakable signs of grief. A few days ago the family visited the grave and the dog did not return home with them. Late in the evening the superintendent of the cemetery, Mr. Clouser, saw the dog lying on his young master's grave howling piteously and tried to drive him away, but he would not go. He laid there until the middle of the next day, when he was finally driven away with great effort.

A Short Outfit.

When Ethalinda De Wiggs visited her cousins in the country last week, one of them said:—

"Linda, don't you want to help me pick peas this morning?"

"I'd like to, dear," replied Ethalinda, "but I am not preperly dressed for picking peas."

"Why, how is that?"

"I forgot to bring a pea-jacket with me.

A Startling Discovery.

A startling and important discovery was made when, after long and patient experiments, the combination of Nerviline was chel. A grand victory, indeed, for the ring have an ever ready, prompt, ef- and cheap remedy at hand. Do you t for 10 cents you can buy a trial Polson's Nerviline and test its over pain of every description? line cures chills, pain in the back, rheumatism; in druggists and country

Canadiana

13 Aug 1886

P.7

In the Good Old Colony Times.

(From the Pennsylvania Gazette of 1729.)

Some time since six convicted servants, viz, four white men, one white woman, and one mulatto man, living with several masters on Rappahanneck River, combined together to run away, and accordingly stole a boat, went down the river to the bay, and proceeded to the mouth of York River, where they met with an old man and his boy in a small sloop going to carry corn from one part of the bay to another. They forced the man and boy to surrender the sloop and gave them the boat which they had. Then they proceeded in the sloop toward New York, but, by their unskilfulness in navigation and contrary winds, they were kept out so long that they were almost perished with hunger. At length they were met by Capt. Long in his Majesty's ship the——. The convicts told the Captain a formal story that they sailed from London in a ship bound for these ports, but were unfortunately met with by pirates on this coast, who took them and their ship, stripped them of all, and turned them (poor creatures) adrift in that little sloop, &c. The Captain had compassion on them, took them on board, ordered them to be better clothed and fed, and so proceeded toward Virginia. Meantime one of the man-of-war's sailors, rummaging their little sloop, found some screws and rollers, who immediately informed the Captain of it, and told him that as these things were used in no other country than Virginia or Maryland for rolling tobacco, he believed these people were runaways from thence, and had imposed falsehoods on him. The Captain thereupon ordered one of them (a young man of better countenance than the rest) to be brought to him, who, upon examination, confessed the whole story of their running away, and taking the poor old man's sloop from him. They were secured, and when the ship arrived in Virginia were delivered up to justice, committed to prison, and were last week tried at this city by a Court of Admiralty, were found guilty of piracy, and all six received sentence of death. His Honour the Governeur, through his own clemency and the intercession of Capt. Long, has been pleased to reprieve the young man above mentioned, and one other, and the rest, viz., two white men, one white woman, and a mulatto man, are to be executed in a few days, and two of them hung in chains, viz., one at Rappahannock River, near the place whence they ran, and the other at York River, near the place where they committed the piracy. This account we thought proper to publish, in hopes it may be a means to deter others from such wicked courses, lest they should fall under the like unhappy circumstances.

"Vice Versa."

"Let me see some of your black kid gloves," said Mrs. Snaggs to a clerk in a store. "These are not the latest styles, are they?" when the gloves were produced. "Yes, madam," replied the clerk, "we have had them in stock only two days." "I didn't think they were, because the fashion paper says that black kids have tan stitches, and vice versa. I see the tan stitches, but

A CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS, opium, morphine, cnleral, tobacco, and *kindred habits.* The medicine may be given in tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it *if so desired.* Send 6c in stamps, for book and testimonials from those who have been cured. Address M. V. Luben, 47 Wellington St. East, Toronto, Ont. Cut this out for future reference. When writing mention this paper.

A Guelph tin peddler and his horse were attacked by a swarm of bees belonging to a prospective customer and severely stung.

A.P. 293

MEN—THREE—and two ladies—as Canvassers good pay. H. E. KENNEDY, Toronto, Ont.

BAND SAW MACHINES—ALL SIZES—LATEST improvements; bracket band saws for attaching to posts; neat, cheap and durable; send for circulars. JOHN GILLIES & CO., Carleton Place, Ont.

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AGENTS FOR NEW PARALLEL FAMILY BIBLES—large type, splendid maps, beautiful illustrations; contains 4,000 questions and answers on Bible Topics; liberal terms. International Book and Bible House, Toronto, Ont.

SCHOOL Teachers & Students Attention! During Holidays a special course of private lessons, by highest masters, will be given School Teachers and Students, on Shorthand, Drawing or Painting. All who can should come. Send immediately for special circulars. THE UNION SHORTHANDERS' ACADEMY, Arcade, Toronto.

$700 80 Acre Farm—$500 60 Acre Farm—1 mile from Dundalk—100,000 acting plays, 15 cents; 100,000 5 cent music; instruments half price. BUTLAND, 37 King-st. W., Toronto.

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ON OUR
Improved "EUREKA" Gear.
LIGHT, STYLISH, STRONG, DURABLE AND THE EASIEST RIDING BUGGY MADE.
As now improved the "Eureka" Gear is free from defects of any kind, and is meeting with a ready sale. Made to suit open or top buggies and phaetons. For sale by all the Leading Carriage Builders. Send for our descriptive price list. J. B. ARMSTRONG M'F'G CO. (LD.), GUELPH, CANADA.

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Hamilton, - Ontario.

In the Good Old Colony Times.

(From the Pennsylvania Gazette of 1789.)

Sometime since six convicted servants, viz, four white men, one white woman, and one mulatto man, living with several masters on Rappahanneck River, combined together to run away, and accordingly stole a boat, went down the river to the bay, and proceeded to the mouth of York River, where they met with an old man and his boy in a small sloop going to carry corn from one part of the bay to another. They forced the man and boy to surrender the sloop and gave them the boat which they had. Then they proceeded in the sloop toward New York, but, by their unskilfulness in navigation and contrary winds, they were kept out so long that they were almost perished with hunger. At length they were met by Capt. Long in his Majesty's ship the——. The convicts told the Captain a formal story that they sailed from London in a ship bound for these ports, but were unfortunately met with by pirates on this coast, who took them and their ship, stripped them of all, and turned them (poor creatures) adrift in that little sloop, &c. The Captain had compassion on them, took them on board, ordered them to be better clothed and fed, and so proceeded toward Virginia. Meantime one of the man-of-war's sailors, rummaging their little sloop, found some screws and rollers, who immediately informed the Captain of it, and told him that as these things were used in no other country than Virginia or Maryland for rolling tobacco, he believed these people were runaways from thence, and had imposed falsehoods on him. The Captain thereupon ordered one of them (a young man of better countenance than the rest) to be brought to him, who, upon examination, confessed the whole story of their running away, and taking the poor old man's sloop from him. They were secured, and when the ship arrived in Virginia were delivered up to justice, committed to prison, and were last week tried at this city by a Court of Admiralty, were found guilty of piracy, and all six received sentence of death. His Honour the Governeur, through his own clemency and the intercession of Capt. Long, has been pleased to reprieve the young man above mentioned, and one other, and the rest., viz., two white men, one white woman, and a mulatto man, are to be executed in a few days, and two of them hung in chains, viz., one at Rappahanneck River, near the place whence they ran, and the other at York River, near the place where they committed the piracy. This account we thought proper to publish, in hopes it may be a means to deter others from such wicked courses, lest they should fall under the like unhappy circumstances.

"Vice Versa."

"Let me see some of your black kid gloves," said Mrs. Snaggs to a clerk in a store. "These are not the latest styles, are they?" when the gloves were produced. "Yes, madam," replied the clerk, "we have had them in stock only two days." "I didn't think they were, because the fashion paper says that black kids have tan stitches, and *vice versa* I see the tan stitches but not the *vice versa*." The clerk explained that *vice versa* was Latin for seven buttons, and Mrs. Snaggs bought the gloves.

"Dinna Be Fear't!"

The following incident is said to have occurred at a recent volunteer encampment. On a misty night a sentinel walked his allotted number of paces with martial steps, all unconscious of danger. But a stealthy tread strikes on his ear. He stops short in his march, brings his rifle to the charge, and in stern voice demands—"Who goes

A CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS, opium, morphine, chloral, tobacco, and *kindred habits.* The medicine may be given in tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it *if so desired.* Send 6c in stamps, for book and testimonials from those who have been cured. Address M. V. Luben, 47 Wellington St. East, Toronto, Ont. Cut this out for future reference. When writing mention this paper.

A Guelph tin peddler and his horse were attacked by a swarm of bees belonging to a prospective customer and severely stung.

A. P. 293

MEN—THREE—and two ladies—as Canvassers good pay. H. E. KENNEDY, Toronto, Ont.

BAND SAW MACHINES—ALL SIZES—LATEST improvements; brackes band saws for attaching to posts; neat, cheap and durable; send for circulars. JOHN GILLIES & CO., Carleton Place, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED—IN EVERY TOWN AND County, for the O. K. Parer and slicer. Best thing out; sells at sight; sample Knife sent on receipt of price, 15c. Q. D. DAY, Agent, 40 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

REPRESENTATIVE in each county to sell "Proposal and Espousal"—a book on Love, Courtship, Matrimony and kindred themes. Write for circulars. International Book and Bible House, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS FOR NEW PARALLEL FAMILY BIBLES—large type, splendid maps, beautiful illustrations; contains 4,000 questions and answers on Bible Topics; liberal terms. International Book and Bible House, Toronto, Ont.

SCHOOL Teachers & Students Attention! During Holidays a special course of private lessons, by highest masters, will be given School Teachers and Students, on Shorthand, Drawing or Painting. All who can should come. Send immediately for special circulars. THE UNION SHORTHANDERS' ACADEMY, Arcade, Toronto.

$700 80 Acre Farm—$500 60 Acre Farm—1 mile from Dundalk—100,000 acting plays, 15 cents; 100,000 5 cent music; instruments half price. BUTLAND, 37 King-st. W., Toronto.

THE POPULAR Story Paper, **The Fireside Weekly.** Six serial stories by the most talented authors in each issue. A number of interesting Complete Tales of Love, Romance, and Adventure, Choice Poetry, Short Sketches, Household Recipes, Science, Wit and Humor, etc., contained in each issue of **The Fireside Weekly.** 5c. per copy; or, with **40 of the most desirable songs** of the day, $2.00 per year; six months and **20** pieces music, $1; three months and **10** pieces music, 50c. **Subscribe now.** Agents wanted everywhere. Liberal commission. **Sample copies free.** THE FIRESIDE WEEKLY, 28 Colborne St., Toronto, Canada.

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BENGOUGH'S Shorthand and Business Institute, Toronto. This is the oldest and leading Shorthand and Typewriting School in Canada. Its Teachers and Lecturers are men of lengthened practical experience. Special inducements during summer months. Positions secured graduates. Shorthand books for sale. Correspondence invited.

AGENTS!—YOU CAN'T FIND A BOOK THAT gives better satisfaction or that you can make money faster with than "World's Wonders." Sells to all classes—Christians and Infidels, Catholics and Protestants, old and young; old agents who have not canvassed for years are going into the field with it; C. F. Jenkins sold 128 the first week; J. E Brace says: "The first week with "Wonders" netted me one hundred and sixteen dollars." A good chance for unemployed persons; outfit free to actual canvassers; write for terms. BRADLEY, GARRETSON & Co., Brantford.

Hams, Breakfast Bacon.

SNOW DRIFT —THE— **FAVORITE** There Is NO BETTER **BAKING POWDER**
The Snow Drift Baking Powder Co., Brantford, Ont.

Guelph Business College
GUELPH, ONTARIO.
The Third Scholastic Year begins Sept. 1st. Patronage drawn from TEN STATES AND PROVINCES. Young men and boys thoroughly prepared for business pursuits. Graduates eminently successful. Practical work, moderate rates and straight dealing characterize the Institution. Ladies admitted. For information address M. MACCORMICK, Principal.

BRANTFORD COLD WATER RICE STARCH NEVER FAILS.

ASK FOR THE **GLOBE Washboard** KEPT BY ALL GROCERS
MANUFACTURED BY Walter Woods & Co. HAMILTON & TORONTO

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Phaeton Carriage ON OUR Improved "EUREKA" Gear.
LIGHT, STYLISH, STRONG, DURABLE AND THE EASIEST RIDING BUGGY MADE.
As now improved the "Eureka" Gear is free from defects of any kind, and is meeting with a ready sale. Made to suit open or top buggies and phaetons. For sale by all the Leading Carriage Builders. Send for our descriptive price list. J. B. ARMSTRONG M'F'G CO. (LD.), GUELPH, CANADA.

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Consumers will find it to their advantage to ask the trade for our make of Files and Rasps. **Re-Cutting a Specialty.** Send for price list and terms.
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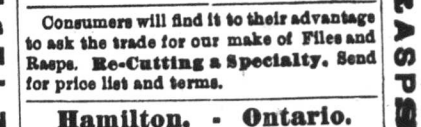

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TENTS, FLAGS, HAMMOCKS, AND CAMPING GOODS.
Macnair's, **169 YONGE ST., Toronto.**
Every enquiry cheerfully answered.

DALLEY'S

read strikes on his ear. He stops short in his march, brings his rifle to the charge, and [illegible] stern voice demands—"Who goes there?" From out the gloom comes a thrill, calm voice—"Dinna be fear't sedger; 's jist me!" as an old woman, with a basket ever her arm, confronts the astonished warrior.

In a Store.

Lady—"Your store has been recommended to me as having some very nice silk parasols."

Clerk—"You pet ve has got 'em. Our new parasols throws everydings in det line in de shade."

Coming Home to Die.

At a period of life when budding womanhood requires all her strength to meet the demands nature makes upon it, many a young woman returns home from the severe mental strain of school with a broken-down constitution, and her functions disarranged, to go to an early grave. If she had been wisely counseled and given the benefit of Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" her bodily development might have kept pace with her mental growth, and health and beauty would not have given way to decline and death.

Col. Knapp, of Carson, Nev., going suddenly into his chicken yard, found a dead fox lying on the ground. It was still warm. He took it into the house, and his wife held the body in her lap while the children played with it. Some one opened a window, and the fox jumped from the startled woman's lap and made a leap for the window. He fell short, and was captured. It was a remarkable exhibition of "playing 'possum."

A Free Fight.

The great reputation of Briggs' Electric Oil is such that it has induced unprincipled persons to adopt other names as near like it as possible. The proprietors of Briggs Electric Oil have the name and style of the Electric Oil registered both in Canada and the United States, and no one can use it but themselves. Others hearing of the success of Briggs' Electric Oil have adopted other names similar, such as "Eclectric Oil," "Electron Oil," &c., and are striving to induce the public to buy them instead of the genuine Electric Oil.

In fact so determined were they that they brought a suit at Law, in the High Court of Canada, to deprive Briggs & Sons of their right to control the same; but the Courts and the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa fully sustained their registered trade mark.

Briggs' Electric Oil cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains and Bruises, complaints arising from Colds such as Sore Throat, Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and difficult breathing.

A favorite drink of the late Bavarian King Ludwig was white wine in which violets had been well steeped. He also was very fond of champagne poured over white violets.

Young or middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility, loss of memory, premature old age, as the result of bad habits, should send 10 cents in stamps for large illustrated treatise suggesting unfailing cure. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Rabbits are becoming so abundant in portions of Colorado that it is suggested that the Legislature offer a bounty for rabbit scalps, to prevent them from overrunning and laying waste the whole country.

Chronic nasal catarrh—guaranteed cure—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Mr. Henry M. Stanley has accepted a proposal to lecture throughout England next autumn, on African topics.

Don't use any more nauseous purgatives such as Pills, Salts, &c., when you can get in Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, a medicine that moves the Bowels gently, cleansing all impurities from the system and rendering the Blood pure and cool. Great Spring Medicine 50 cts.

Co., Brantford.

Hams, Breakfast Bacon.

Our goods are of the Finest Quality, Full Flavour and Sugar-cured. Silver medals awarded us for past seven years for excellence of cure.

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Artistic Designs, combined with Unequalled Durability and Finish.
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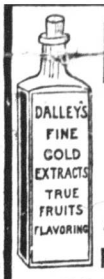

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FINE GOLD
EXTRACTS.
ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM SELECT FRUIT.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N.F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter to and from Halifax, Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, N.F.; Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N.B.; Allen & Co., Chicago; Love & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brockie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

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MANUFACTURERS AND MILLERS WILL SAVE MONEY BY USING

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Try it once and you will use no other. — — Every Barrel Guaranteed.
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Also Cylinder, Engine, Wool and Harness Oils.

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Try Our Canadian Coal Oil, "SUNLIGHT" Brand. Finest in the Market.

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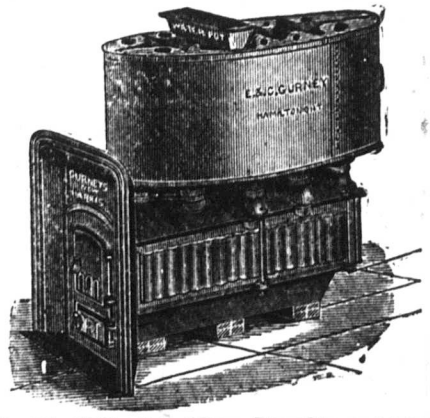
NEW HARRIS AND MAMMOTH
STEEL DOME HOT-AIR FURNACES.

FOR WOOD



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MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

MELANGE.

Selected Sagaciously—Scrupulously Served

—If you want some real fine phto graphs call at Hulett's studio.

—Buy your school books and school supplies at Gallaghers Book and Nation Bargain Store

—Harvest tools, largest stock and best value at R. G. Wright's.

—**Low's Sulphur Soap** should be found with every toilet. It is cleansing and healing

—If you want a life-size portrait that cannot be excelled anywhere, call at Hulett's studio.

—The celebrated Napa buck harvest and threshing mitts; don't fail to get a pair at R. G. Wright's.

—Mikado exercise and scribbling books for sale at Gallaghers Book and Notion Bargain Store.

—**Freeman's Worm Powders** are safe, sure and speedy to remove worms for children or dults.

—Parties wishing genuine machine oil would do well to call on J. J. Perry. Money and time saved by buying of him. Genuine Paris Green, paints and oils.

—You can buy the Arnold Automatic Steam Cooker cheaper from Boyle & Son than from the travelling agent, who has been canvassing the town.

—All the new school books can be purchased at Gallaghers Book and Notion Bargain Store.

—Parties wishing residences or other outside views photographed would do well to call on J S. Hullett.

—Gibbard & Son are manufacturing a new line of furniture which is in great demand in the city markets. Call and see it.

—A big drop in cook stoves. $12.00 cook stove for $38.00. $30.00 cook stove for $26.00. Other articles in proportion. Boyle & Son.

—**H. R. Duff, M.D., C.M.**, physician, surgeon, accoucheur, etc., Main-st., Newburgh, over Grange's drug store. 22-1y.

—House cleaning time is approaching. When you are at it renew your worn-out furniture by buying the latest styles at Gibbard & Son's.

—**Always Required**—A good cathartic medicine. National Pills will not disappoint you.

—James H. Downey is turning out some very fine work in men's button and lace boots and low shoes. He employs none but the very best workmen and uses the best material that can be bought. **He guarantees a fit every time.**

—Just received a full range of ladies and children's black cashmere hose all sizes very cheap. W. HENDERSON.

—A car of coal oil just to hand at Perry &

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, AUG 13, 1886.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 22-1y

James Aylsworth,

Issuer of marriages licenses, conveyancer, commissioner, etc., in H. C. J., and genealr business agent, Tamworth, Ont. 22ly

—Mr. Robert McCay has been re-appointed collector of taxes.

—The N. T. & Q. R'y brougbt about 900 people to town Tuesday.

—Cheap fares to California points. J. L. Boyes, G. T. R. ticket agent, Napanee.

—Lord Cecil will be in town Sunday and preach in the hall over Grange's drug store.

—Remember the I. O. O. F. excursion to Wells' Island on Wednesday, Aug. 25th. See bills for particulars.

—Camden East Presbyterian S. S. held a mammoth excursion to Glenora last Friday via the N., T. & Q. R'y. A pleasant time was experienced.

—Two cents on the dollar is the rate of taxation to be levied in Napanee for the ensuing year. For estimates of receipts and expenditures see our town council report in another column.

—Mr. Thos. White has purchased from Mr. Ezra Pringle for $175 the small brick building on Dundas-st., occupied by Mr. W. Schryver as a shoe store.

—W. D. Madden agent for the Canadian Pacific R'y, is prepared to offer exceedingly low rates to British Columbia, as well as to all points in the United States; office, Madden's Bookstore.

—A lively runaway Tuesday night was terminated rather suddenly in front of the Campbell House by the fall of one of the horses, dragging the other also to the ground. No person was hurt.

—There were numerous noisy drunks on the streets Tuesday, though a very perceptable improvement was noticeable over other years. Five arrests were made, while about 815 escaped. They were dismissed.

—A lawn social will be held on the grounds of W. A. Hogle, near Link's Mills, Odessa circuit, on Monday evening, 22nd inst. Proceeds for Methodist Church funds. Admission 15c. Various refreshments.

—Dr. Wartman, dentist, left town on Tuesday on an extended holiday trip. Accordingly his office in Napanee will be closed during the month of August. Notice of his return will be given in THE EXPRESS. 36tf

—The Salvation Army of Kingston have been paid $3,650 in settlement of the loss sustained recently by the burning of their barracks. A handsome new brick barracks costing over $5,000 will at once be erected.

—Owing to the illness of Rev. Mr. Emsley, the Rev. J. P. Wilson withdrew his service in the morning at the brick church and Dr. I. B. Aylsworth, of Mount Forest, preached to a large audience in the Eastern Church.

—A first class tuner from the factory of Mason & Risch will be in Napanee early in September, and all parties who require pianos tuned should leave their names with W. D. Madden, agent for Mason & Risch, Madden's Bookstore.

—From Mr. W. S. Busby, now in "Merrie England" doing the exhibition, we have received a letter descriptive of his trip to the old country and the sights seen after his arrival. It came too late for this issue but

—Two good general servants wanted at once. Apply at this office.

—Division Court next Wednesday. About the usual number of cases are on the docket.

—Quite a number attended the Reindeer's excursion to Seeleys Bay, etc., yesterday afternoon.

—Five drunks were placed in the cooler Tuesday and allowed to go when sober with a warning.

—The Sabbath School of the Presbyterian Church, Napanee, have their annual excursion this (Friday) morning to Massassaga Point.

—The School Board was to have met Tuesday evening, but it being circus night and adjournment was made till to-night (Friday.)

—Miss McInness of Grand Rapids, Mich., will sing in the Eastern Methodist Church Sunday next prior to her departure for home.

—Morven, Big Creek and Little Creek Sabbath Schools excursed per str. Gipsy to Glenora and Picton yesterday. There was a large attendance.

—Forepaugh's Circus occupied and filled two fields near the track. The main tent was by far the largest ever pitched in Napanee.

—Joseph Hambly, a young man of 19 years, died of diptheria in North Fredericksburgh last Saturday and was buried on Sunday. He was ill only a few days.

—Napanee Cricket Club goes to Syracuse, N.Y., next Tuesday to play a series of matches with the clubs of that city. They will probably return the following Saturday.

—The will of the late H. B. Rathbun, Deseronto, has been offered for probate. The personal estate is valued at $561,460. The court fees, stamps etc., amount to $860, and of this sum the judge's commission is about $580.

—Some parties have been in the habit lately of entering Mr. Chas. James' garden in rear of the Eastern Methodist Church, and despoiling the vegetables. Mr. James is building a fence aeound the plot that cannot be easily scaled.

—The Soap Works are now running full blast but cannot keep up with the orders. One thousand boxes of electric soap were shipped to Manitoba last week. The merits of Messrs. Roblin & Co's., soap are recognized everywhere, hence the large sales.

—Mr. Forepaugh before leaving town Tuesday night said that with one or two exceptions Napanee was the only place where he had exhibited this season without some disastrous accidents happening. Everything passed of most happily here.

—Call at F. W. Vandusen's if you want to get satisfaction in harness, whips, curry combs, brushes, sweat pads of every description, and in fact everything that would be found at a first-class harness shop. First door west of the Campbell House block.

—At Friday's meeting of the Dairymen's Association 2272 colored and 768 white cheese were boarded. 8⅞c. was offered for the lot but refused. Separate offers were then made, ranging 8⅞ to 8⅞, but no sales were made. Sellers are holding back for higher prices. Five buyers were present.

—The Roman Catholic Church, Deseronto, was broken into Friday night last and altar silverware stolen, as well as prayer books. Two Hamilton men were arrested on suspicion. One man gives his name as Joseph Goddard. He was committed for trial by W. R. Aylsworth, reeve.

—The usual complement of fakirs, shell-and-pea men, three card monte and other

children's black cashmere hose all sizes very cheap.

C. F. HENDERSON.

—A car of coal oil just to hand at Perry & Co.'s, wholesale and retail for less money than any other dealer will charge you. They also have the Centennial Illuminating Oil; for burning will last longer and give a far better light

—James H. Downey has commenced a great mark down sale of trunks and valises. These goods will be sold at ¼ less than regular prices to make room for manufacturing and for new fall footwear to arrive about August.

—Perry & Madole are showing the best machine oil ever brought to Napanee and the prices right. Let us show a sample of our oils before you buy. Agents for the Red Strip Belting, a full line of leather belting.

PERRY & MADOLE.

—Look at this. Boots and shoes of all kinds selling at actual cost. As I am determined to sell all my spring and summer stock to make room for the fall goods, people coming to the show and wishing a bargain in my line will miss a good chance if they do not give me a call. Remember the place, Campbell House block. J. Moss.

—**Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup** is a safe and reliable worm remedy for all worms afflicting children or adults.

—We are clearing out the balance of our parasols at 20 per cent. discount with a good variety to choose from.

C. F. HENDERSON.

—Perry & Co. are doing the leading business in paints, oils, glass, machine oils, in town. They do, for a fact, sell 15 per cent cheaper than any of their opposition. They are also sole agents of the town and county for the justly celebrated Castorine Machine Oils and axle grease; also Paragon coach varnish, the best in the world. Something new, manufactured from bees wax; warranted not to check in hot or cold weather.

—Lead pencils 10 cents per dozen, pens 3 cents per dozen, foolscap, ink, slates, etc., sold equally low at Gallaghers Bargain Store.

The safest, speediest and best cure for ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, COUGHS, COLDS, ETC.; affording instant relief after the use of a single Cigarette. Persons suffering from any of the foregoing diseases, no matter of how long standing, will find it to their advantage to give this remedy a trial, and may do so with the utmost confidence of a speedy recovery. Sold in boxes, each containing twenty cigarettes, at $1 per box. Sent by mail, postpaid, anywhere in Canada and the United States, with full directions for use, on receipt of price.

—Everything rushing at the 7 Cent Store. A fine stock of new goods just received in cuff buttons, brooches, pins, collar buttons, finger rings, pipes, purses, slate pencils, slates, lead pencils, 10c. a doz., china plates, vases, crockery, tinware and some of the latest novelties at the 7 Cent Store, west of the Campbell House block. R. Vance.

—There are three points in the law regarding newspapers which every reader ought to be conversant with. First—If any person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether it is taken from the office or not. Second—Any person who takes a paper from the post office, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the pay. Third—If one orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, and the publisher continues to send, the subscriber is bound to pay for it if he takes it out of the post office.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and price 25c. a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

Cholera Preventative.

In order to withstand cholera and such like epidemics a perfect purity of the blood, and the proper action of the stomach, are required. To insure that end, in the cheapest, most available and complete manner, use McGregor's Speedy cure for dyspepsia and impure blood. There is no purer, safer or more reliable remedy in existence for indigestion, dyspepsia, costiveness, etc. Ask your neighbor or any person who has used it. Sold at Grange's and Huffman's drug stores, Napanee, and at Jas. Aylsworth drug store Tamworth.

received a letter descriptive of his trip to the old country and the sights seen after his arrival. It came too late for this issue but will be published next week.

—The rain for once was conciliatory on Tuesday and kept itself behind the clouds all day. At Kingston it rained steadily all day from 10 a. m., till midnight, but notwithstanding the excessive dampness there was a large attendance at the circus.

—The question of providing a retreat for the indigent portion of the population of our county during the winter was mooted at the town council meeting Monday night and referred to a committee. Such an institution would materially lessen the charity expenses.

—Upwards of 140 head of cattle were shipped by G. T. R. from Napanee Wednesday by Mr. James Aiken, to Liverpool, Eng. It was a remarkably fine herd of animals and was valued at $10,000. The cattle were all purchased within a radius of two miles of Centreville.

—Messrs. McKim and Lowe having purchased the stock of C. W. Knight & Co., Tamworth, will continue the business in the old stand. They hope to see all old customers and lots of new ones too, and as they are well known to be excellent workmen, success should be their reward.

—One of the self-binders manufactured by John Herring was recently tried on the farm of Mr. Rooks, in Richmond, and gave the best of satisfaction. Messrs. Manly Jones, W. G. Gunn, Robert Shannon and J. W. Rooks were present and say that the machine did its work well. Twelve acres were cut and one team used.

—Mr. James Hosey has been improving his premises on the corner of Bridge and West-sts. The fence has been removed and the lawn nicely graded, while both houses have been painted inside and out and a new porch erected in front of the brick residence. We would like to see more of our citizens follow Mr. Hosey's lead in thus beautifying their residences.

—A rare opportunity to purchase an excellent farm of 100 acres is offered. The farm is situated on lot 16, first concession of Hallowell, the pleasantest part of Prince Edward county; 2 miles west of Bloomfield, 6 miles from Picton and 3 miles from Wellington. The proprietor wishes to sell on account of ill health. For further description of premises see advt.

—Monday evening a disturbance occurred on East-st., near the entrance of the Brisco House yards. The police appeared and ordered the crowd to disperse, when a young man named Kerr, of Belleville, in direct defiance of the officer's command, struck a bystander and knocked him over. He was arrested but allowed to go with a warning from the Mayor.

—Lockwood has the latest novel, "The Heiress of Glen Gower." New organ books, latest music, young ladies journal, cheap indelible pencils, the grenadier bank, a new thing and a great curiosity. For the boys interested in fiddling a sample line called the "Russian violin" will be soon to hand. As they say in the circus, "Wait for it." Lots of new things coming to hand daily at the Bazaar bookstore. Corner Brisco House block.

—Rev. Bidwell Lane, of New York City, occupied the pulpit of the Western Methodist Church on Sunday evening last. The church was crowded and the vast audience listened with marked attention to the able discourse delivered. The beautiful authem sung by the choir and the well chosen hymns formed an interesting part of the service. We were glad to notice that the Rev. Mr. Emsley had so far recovered from his illness as to be able to be present.

W. R. Aylsworth, reeve.

—The usual complement of fakirs, shell-and-pea men, three card monte and other tricksters arrived in town with the circus Tuesday, but were speedily made to "close up shop" by the Chief and Mayor. Chief McKinnon took a run down from Belleville Tuesday afternoon for the purpose of "spotting" these gentry.

—The "Grain" committee of the Board of Trade are making arrangements tending to increase competition in the barley trade, whereby the farmer will be greatly benefitted. With good crops of bright plump barley, and the efforts of this committee to sharpen trade, the prospects are good for a profitable season.

—At the council meeting Monday night Chief Allen was instructed to see that the dog tax by-law was strictly enforced. A batch of summonses to derelict parties will probably be issued next week. We have been authorized to state that this year costs will be added. If your dog has not been registered, see to it at once and save money and endless trouble.

—Chief Allen receiving private admonition Monday night to be on the look-out for a gang of burglars, pick-pockets and "bunko" men of all sorts who preceded and followed in the wake of Forepaugh's circus, extra policemen were placed on patrol and night-watchman Emberson was given a "pointer" to be specially alert. As a result of these extra precautionary measures no cases of theft or roguery have as yet been reported.

—The yacht Atlanta now owned in Brighton has been entered at all of the regattas of the Lake Yachting Association this season. At Belleville she took second money and at Kingston, Oswego, Toronto and Charlotte first money. With such yachts as the Norah Aileen, Ethel, Ariadne, Cygnet and Verve to compete with the above record is indeed a creditable one. The Atlanta was built by Cuthbert.

—Mr. Chas Stevens is doing a very large business in leached and unleached Canada hardwood ashes, which are shipped in large quantities to farmers in the United States, principally as a soil fertilizer. Last week he shipped seven carloads, one car being an extra quality of hardwood ashes for manufacturing purposes; the other six were despatched to one man in New Hampshire. Mr. Stevens has had some handsome circulars printed at THE EXPRESS office this week and intends booming the business.

—Bay of Quinte District camp-meeting will be held (D. V.) on Thursday, Aug. 26th, at 2 p. m., at Twelve O'clock Point, the head of the Bay of Quinte and entrance to the Murray Canal. Several distinguished Ministers will be in attendance. Cheap rates have been arranged for on the C. O. R. A cordial invitation is extended to Minister of adjacent circuits to attend. Kingstons camp-meeting will commence on the Glenvale camp-ground (about 8 miles from Kingston, on the K & P. R.) on Thursday August 26th.

—The regularly meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held at Mr. Symington's residence Tuesday afternoon. There was a large attendance of ladies despite the numerous outside attractions, and all greatly enjoyed the plain, practical address delivered by Rev. Mr. Lane, of New York. The rev. gentlemen spoke of the great benefits to be accrued by mankind from such an organization and referred to the good work done by similiar societies in the States. Committees were appointed to circulate the world's petition for prohibition, to be signed by women only. This is a mammoth undertaking, ladies of all climes and latitudes uniting in requesting prohibition all over the world.

New. New. New.

DOWNEY & CO.,

Are showing handsome Jersey Jackets, all sizes. Jersey Cloths, black and brown, plain and braided Jerseys.

Special line of Dress Goods, all new shades,

--: At 12 Cents per Yard. :--

NEW BUTTONS AND CLASPS,

NEW RIBBONS AND LACES,

In fact our fall importations are now coming in freely and we expect in a short time to be able to announce new goods in every department, meantime being anxious to further reduce the balance of our summer stock great bargains are being offered at

DOWNEY & CO'S

Parties having their own Cloth and wishing it Cut, Trimmed and Made Up can have it done in first-class style and at very reasonable prices at A. ROSE & CO.'S, in the

REAL ESTATE.

A number of good houses for sale or to let; also several vacant lots in various parts of the town for sale.

Properties Bought and Sold,

Terms reasonable.

S. GIBSON.

Napanee, April 19th, 1886. 35-3mos.

$500,000

OF PRIVATE AND COMPANY'S FUNDS

TO LEND

At 6 PER CENT.

Straight Loans.

A. ROSE & CO.'S, in the Mills Block, Napanee.

Remember a perfect fit guaranteed. A. Rose & Co.

Straight Loans.

NO COMMISSION CHARGE

Mortgages Purchased and Money Adva

To buy farms or build houses.
Apply to
W. S. WILLIAM
Or HERBERT C. PA

Nane pe,n June 24th, 1886. 31-tf

"HOW CHEAP GOODS ARE AT SLAVEN'S!

Said the Duke to the Prince, in a Tamworth Railway Dining Car.

"By Jove, Yes! Cheaper than the At Home,"

Said the Prince to the Duke in a Ta Railway dining car.

Our New Fall Goods ars coming in so early this season that in several different makes of French Dress Goods, including Colo Cloths, French Serges with Boucle Stripes, new French Cashr

We also show a large stock of New Black Dress Cloths, Cashmeres, etc. Our stock of Black Dress Goo

We will open to-day a stock of New Mantle the best fitting Mantles that we have seen for som fashionable and best makes, Ribbons in all the r Cream, Coffee and Beige, at low prices.

MISS

Is now at her home in Toront fall trade.

We expect her

NAPANEE EXPRESS
20 AUG 1886. (?)

COUNTY CURRENCY.

Contributed by County Correspondents of "The Express."

Subscribers are respectfully solicited to send news items from their various localities. To ensure publication always enclose name of writer.

Bath.

—Diptheria seems to have completely died out in our midst. The doctors complain of having but little to do. Thanks to our efficient board of health.

—Mr. D. T. Rouse is busy completing repairs on his corner building, in which there will be two fine stores with plate glass fronts. The stores will be ready for business this fall. We wish David every success and trust he will be ready with his "sling" to sling out good goods at very low prices.

—Angling here is increasing and parties from a distance go away more than pleased with the good results.

—People outside having got over the epidemic scare are beginning to flock into our village and find the disease was not as bad as was reported outside, the cases being altogether confined to young children.

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—One day last week Mr. T. Evans took a drove of cattle to Montreal by rail. Sales reported favorable.

—Harvest operations are being pushed vigorously. Some kinds of grain are above the average. Grain harvested in good conditions.

—Mr. Jas Blewett, formerly of this place, now of New York, wife, brother-in-law and a young friend have been visiting here the past three weeks. Great praise is due our friend, James, for his push and energy in the great city, the modern Gotham, where so many have been carried down in the whirlpool of poverty and ruin.

—Our merchants are pushing sales, each having a rig on the road. Competition is becoming keen.

Tamworth.

—Some of the boys have excursions north, where they say many and various games and sports are indulged in. The route taken is some times via Marlbank. One of their number while at a game called "log rolling" got badly left, the train on the C.P.R. being on time.

—Mr. E. McKim, jr., has purchased the cabinet shop of the Knight firm and intends to carry on the business with vigor.

—Although the attendance of the brethren was not as large as expected, the 12th of Aug. was duly celebrated by the Orangemen and a gala day was spent. Quite a number of people came in, the number of spectators being very large.

—Everybody and his wife went to the Forepaugh Show. Some 150 boarded the early train and the noon train had a goodly number.

—Jim is getting ready for cold weather.

—Business very moderate since the harvest season.

—Miss Nina Gordon has been east on a holiday.

—Harvest will soon be completed and the crop is said to be fair.

—Agricultural implements have found quite a ready sale in this vicinity.

—A very good sidewalk has been built opposite the Dominion House.

—The water is getting low in the wells, cisterns and river.

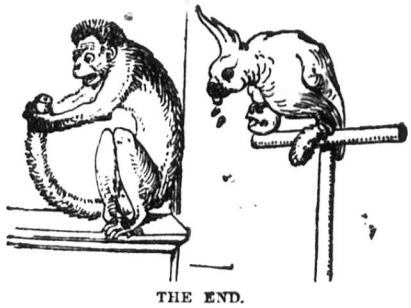
—A 90 000 brick kiln was burned lately and another of 100,000 is in course of preparation by Mr. Samson Shields.

The Monkey and Parrot War.

"NOW I'LL FIX HER."

"ISN'T THIS FUN?"

NOT QUITE SO FUNNY.



THE END.

—Harper's Young People.

Proposed Light in Mid-Ocean.

SILKS AND

Having purchased a large quantit
tremendous sacrifice, we are pr
of bargains in th

AT 30 CENTS

We offer a fine well finished plain Col
the ordinary way, would be cheap
Pink, Cream, Cardinal, a

AT 50 CENTS

We offer a grand Spot Satin which wo
Pink, Cream, Cardinal, Old Gold,
and Golden

These are all fresh, new and desira
and at above prices are a dead bargain
or street dresses or fancy work.

We have also just received a splen
Satin Merveilleaux extra good value.

HOOPE

ANNOUNCEMENT to the FA

Owing to the death of Mr. Peter M. H
& Ruttan ceases. I will carry on the busi
am Agent for

**The Patterson Cord Binder, Celebrated
Mower, Morris & Watts Separator,
Forks and**

Also HORSE RAKES, GANG PL
CULTIVAT

I will also give my customers the choi
Engines manufactured in Canada.
Shop on West Side of Market Square.
that I am handling a first-class line of Impl

I. W.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 A   U     U  GGG  U     U SSS
AA   U     U G    G U     U S  S
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A    A U   U G    G U     U S  S
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PERSONALS.

—Mr. Chas. Munson is in town.

—Mr. J. Hall, of Trenton, is in town.

—Miss Roberts, of Hinch & Co., is in Toronto.

—Miss Emma Smith is holidaying at Kingston.

—Miss Robinson of Uxbridge is visiting in town.

—Mr. Fred. M. Young is holidaying in Toronto.

—Miss Dafoe, of Belleville, is visiting friends in town.

—Miss Somers of Trenton is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. Frank Schryver of Syracuse is holidaying in town.

—Miss Ida Newlands of Kingston is visiting Miss Katie Hinch.

—Miss Gordanier, of Morven, is visiting Mrs. Jas. Fellows.

—Mr. Crowe, of Boston, Mass., is visiting friends here.

—Mr. Will Smith is expected home from England this week.

—Mrs. Capt. Collins, of Picton, left Thursday for her home.

—Miss Minnie Hope, of Trenton, is visiting friends in town.

—Miss Covert, of Belleville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Baker.

—Miss Elvie Noxon of Bloomfield is visiting Mr. T. A. Huffman.

—Mr. H. Wright and son of Detroit are visiting friends in town.

—Mr. J. G. Conway, merchant, of Lonsdale was in town Tuesday.

—Miss Agnes Benson of Northport is visiting at Mr. John Gibbard.

—Mr. Stanley Warner is visiting relatives in Napanee and vicinity.

—Miss Mata Roblin, of Wolfe Island, is in town visiting friends.

—Miss Burgess and Miss Dean of Deseronto are visiting Miss Lou Daly.

—Mr. Chas. Hawley and father of Cleveland, O., are visiting in this section.

—Mr. H. T. Flynn and wife, of Napanee Mills, were at Kingston Wednesday.

—Rev. D. F. Bogart passed through town Wednesday night en route to Toronto.

—Miss Maud Jeffery and Miss May Haylock of Picton are visiting Mr. Chas. Taylor.

—His Honor Judge Wilkison and lady are spending the heated term at the seaside.

—Miss Rose Lee, of this place, is at Niagara Falls visiting her brother, Mr. J. D. Lee.

—Miss Agnes Phelan left on Tuesday last for Chicago. She will be absent about two weeks.

—Mr. Rankin, of St. Augustine, Florida, spent a couple of days with Mr. William Rankin this week.

—Mr. Thos. Blatherwick and sister of Shannonville are visiting at Mr. John Smith's, Centre-st.

—Mr. J. S. Hullett was attending a meeting of the Provincial Photographer's Association at Toronto.

—Mr. J. B. Drewry of Listowel spent a couple of days at Camp Bonnie Doon, Thompson's Point.

—Mrs. J. C. Drewry and daughter went to Wells' Island yesterday with Adolphustown friends.

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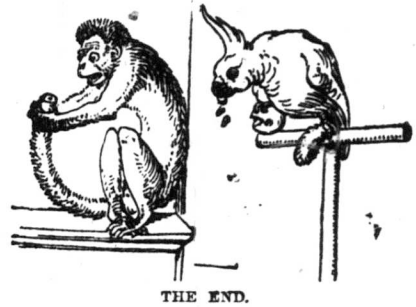

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—Harper's Young People.

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Evarts, the genial, generous and ent of Forepaugh's circus, gave . Harry is known far and giant orator."

stol, daughter of our worthy was successfully in the ma- ations of Queen's College, arts and botany and win- .

, Past Grand Master, I. O. ed attend and deliver an with the ceremony of de- f deceased brethren by o-day (Friday.)

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A Successful Result.

Mr. Frank Hendry, writing from Seaforth says: "I purchased one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters to purify my blood. It did purify it, and now I have excellent health." As a blood purifying tonic and system regulator the result of taking B. B. B. is always successful.

Marriages.

ROGERS—GEE—By the Rev. W. Smith, B.D., at the manse in Centreville, on Tuesday, the 17th August, Mr. Wm. Rogers to Miss Sarah Gee, both of the township of Sheffield.

Deaths.

TRIMBLE—In Napanee, August 14th, George F., infant son of Mr. R. H. Trimble.

FRALICK—In Napanee, on Monday, August 16th, Luther F. Fralick, aged 67 years, 10 mos. and 5 days.

HAMBLY—At N. Fredericksbugh, on August 14th, Joseph F. Hambly, aged 19 years and 5 months.

o Not Delay.

Do not delay, if suffering any form of Bowel Complaint however mild apparently may be the attack, but use Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. It is the old, reliable cure for all forms of Summer Complaints that require prompt treatment. Ask your druggists and all dealers in patent medicines.

—The war in ocean steamships rates has brought down the price of a steerage passage from New York to Liverpool to $12.

It Never Fails.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry will never fail when taken to cure Dysentery, Colic, Stomach or any form of Summer Complaint, almost instantaneous; a few doses cure. remedies fail.

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Dangerous conditions is a neglect, When you suffer from kness and other urinary back a Burdock Porous Blood Bitters, the best neys, Stomach and

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A Pleasing Duty.

"I feel it my duty to say," writes John Borton of Desert, P. Q., "that Burdock Blood Bitters cured my wife of liver complaint, from which she had been a chronic sufferer. Her distressing, painful symptoms soon gave way, and I can highly recommend the medicine to all suffering as she did.

Horsemen, Attention

When your horse is galled, scratched or cut, or has an ugly sore, bathe twice daily, and apply McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. It is undoubtedly the finest healing and cleansing application for it Be sure you get McGregor's & Parke's. Sold for 25c a box, at Grange's and Huffman's drug stores, Napanee, and Jas. Aylsworth's, Tamworth.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D New York City.* 11-y.

AWNINGS.

Tents, awnings, hammocks, waterproof horse and waggon covers kept on hand, or made to order. Any person requiring any of these articles, please give me a call.

F. X. BEZO
24 3mos. Dundas-st Napanee

FARM FOR SALE.

East half of lot No. 1, in the first concession of Ernesttown, lying on Bay of Quinte and known as the Coleman Bristol farm. This farm has a number of fruit trees. A young orchard of 200 trees or more doing well and in a good state of cultivation. A good time to inspect while crop is on. It is about 2 miles from Bath, a good grain market. Eighteen acres of summer fallow, besides a good quantity of manure. This is a valuable property and beautifully situated. Possession given immediately for fall ploughing. Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

D. T. ROWSE,
34 tf Bath, Ontario.

ND GENTLEMEN !

SONAL APPEARANCE AND COMFORT

's be the first two considerations in life. the use of living unless you can have e two advanages. Remember then that

ORENWEND,

TO,

SILKS AND SATINS

Having purchased a large quantity of Silks and Satins at a tremendous sacrifice, we are prepared to offer unheard of bargains in these goods.

AT 30 CENTS PER YARD

We offer a fine well finished plain Colored Satin, which, if bough the ordinary way, would be cheap at 75 cents, in Pale Blue, Pink, Cream, Cardinal, and Golden Shades.

AT 50 CENTS PER YARD

We offer a grand Spot Satin which would be cheap at $1.00, in l Pink, Cream, Cardinal, Old Gold, Light Navy Blue, Bronze and Golden Brown.

These are all fresh, new and desirable goods, the shades are r and at above prices are a dead bargain. Just the thing for eve or street dresses or fancy work.

We have also just received a splendid range of Black and Col Satin Merveilleaux extra good value. Ask to see these goods.

HOOPER & DOXSE

ANNOUNCEMENT to the FARMING COMMUNIT

Owing to the death of Mr. Peter M. Ruttan, the partnership of Spr & Ruttan ceases. I will carry on the business as usual in the old stanc am Agent for

The Patterson Cord Binder, Celebrated Patterson Reaper, Young Cai Mower, Morris & Watts Separator, Wartman & Ward's Horse Forks and Cars.

Also HORSE RAKES, GANG PLOWS, SULKY PLOWS an CULTIVATORS.

I will also give my customers the choice of three of the leading St Engines manufactured in Canada.

Shop on West Side of Market Square. Give me a call, I will satisfy that I am handling a first-class line of Implements.

I. W. SPROULE.

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   A    U      U   GGG   U     U  SSS  TTTTTT      BBBBB     A
  AA    U      U  G     G U     U S   S    T        B    B   AA
 A A    U      U  G     G U     U S        T        B    B  A A
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A    A   UU     GGGG     UU     SSS     T         BBBBB  A  A
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—A T—

The Popular Dry Go

LAIEW MINE

LAHEY, McKENT

Throughout this month will hold a

BARGAIN S.

Of all lines of Summer Goods. Our heavy purchases of F
come to hand, and in order to make room for them we mu
possible point.

ALL SUMMER GOODS TO BE

Medium weight All Wool Dress Goods, 10c., 15c. and 18c.
Good quality Dress Goods in Oxford, Beige and Brown at
Striped Summer Silks at cost to clear.
Prints in all qualities at wholesale prices. Good Prints at
Embroideries cheaper than they have ever been shown in town.
Cotton Shirtings cheaper than ever.
Grey Cottons always the cheapest in town.
Steam Looms, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Tickings, Table Linens, Towellings, Napkins etc., are also to be sold at reduced prices.

REMNANTS. REMNANTS.

All Remnants to be sold for whatever they will bring. Jerseys, Beaded and Braided, astonishing value.

GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

In this department we show the newest and choicest stock and by far the lowest prices be found in Napanee. Our stock of Ties, Collars, Braces, White and Colored Dress s, Underclothing, Hosiery, etc., is not surpassed by anything in this district

Clothing at Straight Cost Prices all this Month.

in the best style and at lowest prices.

The Popular Dry Goods House,

McKENTY & CO.

THE CAPITAL OF CANADA.

The Spot Where Queen Victoria Dropped Her Finger.

A correspondent of the Detroit *Free Press* thus describes the Dominion Capital:—The years can almost be counted on the fingers of two hands that have elapsed since the day when a map of the British Possessions in North America was spread out for the inspection of Her Majesty Victoria, by the Grace of God Queen of Great Britain and Ireland and Empress of India. The august lady had been left the selection of a capital for the Dominion of Canada. Mindful of the mutual ambitions and jealousies of the great cities of this American realm—Montreal, Toronto, Kingston and Quebec—she dropped her finger on a point on the map that seemed to her the best compromise between the four, and which was the junction of three rivers.

"What is there?" she is said to have asked.

"The little hamlet of Bytown, your Majesty."

"Let that be the capital of my Canadian dominions."

So spoken so done. But there were many who mocked the regal selection. A capital removed from the center of population, in a howling wilderness and on a stream with impeded navigation, Bytown seemed to have no future. But time demonstrated the wisdom of Victoria's choice. Bytown, now Ottawa, has grown to be not only an important, but a very busy city. It is located on that great artery, the Canadian Pacific. It possesses an unusually beautiful location, and is fast becoming a noted pleasure resort. From the touch of the royal finger Ottawa sprang by magic from a straggling hamlet to a handsome city of more than 30,000 souls.

At first sight the capital of the consolidated Canadas has a decided tendency to make a person tired. The vicinage of the Canadian Pacific depot is especially wearisome. It has all the appearance of a backwoods lumber town. The buildings are roughly knocked together and daubed with different pigments. The city seems to end, after two blocks of this, in an abrupt high bluff. But it is after the ascent of this bluff that the city proper breaks upon the observer, a thing of exceeding beauty. New as it is, there is no prettier Canadian city. It may be said that the streets are altogether too narrow, and that there is too frequent an attempt to architecturally aggrandize stuffy little buildings.

The Parliament buildings stand on an imposing bluff on the south bank of the Ottawa River. The location is admirable and commanding. They front on Wellington street, one of the city's principal thoroughfares, and at the back look out upon the expanse of the Ottawa River from the Rideau to the Chaudiere Falls. The architecture of the building differs from that of any structure in the United States of like character. The design is Italian Gothic, and the material used in their construction is cream-color and red sandstone. They cost $3,000,000, and furnish a very elaborate and commodious headquarters for the government of 5,000,000 of people. The buildings, which include the departmental offices, occupy three sides of a square and face a principal street of the city. The Rideau Canal runs through a series of locks at one side of the grounds.

In the pretty suburb of New Edinburgh, across the Rideau River, is the home of the Governor-General, Rideau Hall, whence the Marquis of Lansdowne administers the government as the viceroy of Victoria. The citizens of Ottawa are very proud of this

CANADA AT THE COLONIAL.

Practical Results from the Exhibition.

Canada's contribution to the Colonial Exhibition is above all things practical. Hence it is interesting and important to note how far it is commanding success in this its chief aim and end. Last week we spoke of the trade results which may be expected to flow from the mineral display. The good effect of the game trophy is every day more and more apparent. Next week a party of eight start on a hunting tour for the North-West, and hardly a week passes but some sportsmen leave under Mr. Hubbard's directions. One might also point to the textile fabrics, the organs and pianos, and the miscellaneous manufactures, and enlarge upon the possibilities of results in each direction. But most patent of all is the outcome of the agricultural display. Canada's supreme want is population and capital. To attract both the one and the other, she properly realises that one of the best ways is through her agricultural resources. And it is from recognition of this fact in one united effort that Canada is deriving so great a benefit. Thus Captain Clark, now in charge of the Agricultural Court, there can be no better authority on this point, and he emphatically says:—"The fact that we exhibit our agricultural products as one Dominion rather than as isolated Provinces is a great point. We don't spread the whole over so many courts as our friends the Australians have done. All question of jealousy between Province and Province, district and district, is entirely done away with, and we present a solid front. No matter regarding what Province inquirers want information, I can point my explanations with the products of every part, from eastern Prince Edward Island to the distant Vancouver."

The visitors to the Agricultural Court fall, according to Captain Clark, into one of the following classes:—Those having relatives and friends in Canada, those about to emigrate, the investing class, and the commercial class. To the first class, those having friends in Canada, many visitors belong, and they all have reports of these in the new land. As a whole, these reports are so far satisfactory, as showing a strong liking for the natural conditions of Canada, and a faith in their own future independence. That there should be no unfavorable reports would be as unnatural as to imagine that every settler who leaves the British shores is suited to the new life. This, however, Captain Clark finds from experience since he has been in England; that to follow up unfavorable reports with care, tracing the career of the settler at home, is generally to learn that he was and is at best indifferent to good honest work, and altogether unlikely to succeed in any country and under any circumstances. As to the second class of visitors, the benefits of the display are directly apparent in the many inquiries for literature and, what is still more sought after, personal information. London does not, of course, in itself supply an emigrating class of the most promising kind, and were it not a gathering place for all people of all grades, the result of the Exhibition in this respect might not be as desirable as it promises to be. And this cosmopolitan feature of the great metropolis will be more than ever strikingly represented next month when the special railway arrangements throughout the kingdom bring to the Exhibition the people of the agricultural districts of the Provinces. The third and fourth classes of visitors, British investors and men of commerce, take [illegible] but

VARIOUS TOPICS.

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He'd Vote the Way His Master Did.

Old Tam Murray, who was well known for his Radical opinions, was interviewed at the last general election by the laird's wife, who was canvassing for the local Tory candidate, and great curiosity was experienced by Tam's comrades as to what reception the lady would meet with. "Weel, how gat ye on wi' my leddy?' was the first question asked at Tam, as he presented himself at the smithy on the evening of the interview. "Oh, brawly," said Tam, with a twinkle in his eye: "I'm thinkin' there'll be a pheasant up my way the morn." "Ay, man! what said she? Was she askin' ye to vote for Sir George?" "Ay, an' I pleased the body gran', for I tell't her I was to vote the way the maister veted. Ye see the maister'll vote for the man that he likes best, an' I'll vote for the man that I like best, an' that's votin' the same way as the maister does, isn't it?"

Ha!

When trade grew slack, and bills fell due, the tradesman's face grew long and blue; his dreams were troubled through the night with sheriffs' bailiffs all in sight. At last his wife unto him said, "Rise up at once, get out of bed, and get your paper, ink, and pen, and say these words unto all men: 'My goods I wish to sell to you, and to your wives and daughters too; my prices are so very low, that all will buy before they go.'" He did as his good wife advised, and in the paper advertised. Crowds came and bought of all he had, his bills were paid, his dreams were glad; and he will tell you to this day how well did printer's ink repay. He boasteth, with a knowing wink, how he was saved by printer's ink.

Petroleum of good quality has been found oozing from a hole in a river bank in the

Marquis of Lansdowne administers the government as the viceroy of Victoria. The citizens of Ottawa are very proud of this shadowy semblance of royalty. They were prouder still of what some were pleased to denominate the preceding "reign" of her Royal Highness the Princess Louise and her consort, the Marquis of Lorne. Lansdowne does not have enough governing to do to trouble his rest at night. Sir John A. Macdonald relieves him of most of these burthens. He is a very blue-blooded figurehead and that is all, but he costs Canada the pleasing stipend of $50,000 per annum besides the maintenance of Rideau Hall.

Looking to the northward from old Barracks Hill, the rocky promontory on which the Parliament buildings stand, the eye crosses the broad Ottawa River, the little fringe of settlement on the opposite bank and then spans a long vista of green and almost virgin country that stretches away for many miles to the foot hills of the Height of Land. It is a beautiful landscape. This all lies in the Province of Quebec. It is an unbroken wilderness, except for the lumber camps of the Upper Gatineau and an occasional very small group of French squatters. Communication with these remote camps and petty settlements is very difficult, as may be illustrated by the fact that just the other day a horrible murder in one of the Gatineau lumber camps reached the Ottawa newspapers about two weeks old. It is related in Ottawa that the few people in this expanse of country only pay taxes about once in five years and then at the earnest solicitation of a militia company sent up from the capital.

Ottawa has no tributary farming country worth speaking of, although the railroads are developing that portion of Ontario north and west of the city very rapidly.

The city, now the seat of Britain's American domain, may yet see itself the capital of a mighty rival of our own greatest government on earth. The Canadian Pacific has opened up to her an empire of timber, coal, grazing and grain country. It has already knit the people of Canada into a harmonious whole. There are dreamers about the Parliament buildings who confidently expect to one day hear a Canadian Pacific conductor shout: "Ottawa! Change cars for New Orleans, New York, Upernavik, Hudson Bay, San Francisco, Sitka and Pekin!"

Present Need.

More gentleness, more sympathy, more consideration, more knowledge of character, more real respect for one another, are needed in all the relations of life. Something of the old chivalry needs to be revived. Let there be more deference of husband to wife, of brother to sister, of parent to child, and homes will become more blessed. Let there be more deference of employers to employed, of wealth to poverty, and many social problems will be settled. Let the strong defer to the weak, the healthy to the sick, the wise to the unlearned, the skilful to the unskilful, the righteous to the erring, and the roots of equity will be strengthened, and the rich fruits of human love and happiness will abound.

Edward Lacey of Lewiston, Me., stood on a street corner the other day and noticed a gray-haired stranger approaching. The man said: "My name is John Lacey. I'm a stranger here, but I've got a brother living here whom I haven't seen in thirty years. His name is Edward Lacey. Can you tell me where he lives?" Mr. Lacey said he'd show the stranger where Edward Lacey lived, and he led him to his own house and then made himself known to long lost brothers.

tricts of the Provinces. The third and fourth classes of visitors, British investors and men of commerce, take it—but slowly, and take long to digest them. They must not be hurried; to hurry them is often to arouse their fears of some "Yankee trick." But though progression is slow it is at least sure, and in this sense satisfactory. To speak of one class of agricultural exhibits—grains, seeds, and milling products—inquiries are constant for the addresses of shippers. The quality of these products is happily a foregone conclusion with most of these men of commerce. But with some there still remains that vague and rapidly vanishing prejudice against all things "Canadian"—a prejudice which should teach producers this moral:—"To send second-rate products to a central emporium such as England is to raise a wall of prejudice which it will take years of good imports to overcome: send nothing if you can't be sure it will bear close inspection and comparison." Canadian meal and flour are products in which extended inquiry seems prevalent, but most of all the Red Fyfe wheat of Manitoba and the North-West claims attention. Of this the only complaint is that enough is not to be had. And why? For the very simple reason that the North-West has not hitherto had the supply to meet these outside demands. "Local demands," says Captain Clark, "and the wants of Ontario millers are such that the amount available for export out of Canada has been next to nothing. This year, on account of the splendid crop that is ripening, the problem of quantity for export to Europe will be solved, and the amount will increase each season when once a genuine start has been made toward direct shipments. Dealers here are willing and anxious to have the wheat, but their business is such that they must be able to calculate upon a fairly steady supply season after season. The very irregular and isolated quantities of the first-rate grain which it has in the past been possible to send do not at all answer the purpose."

Social Importance of the Fireside.

The fireside is a seminary of infinite importance. It is important because it is universal, and because the education it bestows, being woven in with the woof of childhood, gives form and color to the whole texture of life. There are few who can receive the honours of a college, but all are graduates of the hearth. The learning of the university may fade from the recollection, its classic lore may moulder in the halls of memory; but the simple lessons of home, enamelled upon the heart of childhood, defy the rust of year, and outline the more mature but less vivid picture of after years. So deep, so lasting, indeed are the impressions of early life, that you often see a man in the imbecility of age holding fresh in his recollection the events of childhood, while all the wide space between that and the present hour is a blasted and forgotten
You have, perchance, seen an old
obliterated portrait and in the
have it cleaned and restored y
seen it fade away, while a b
perfect picture, painted b
to view. This portr
the canvas is no ins
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WORTHY

Of Confidence.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla is a medicine that, during nearly 40 years, in all parts of the world, has proved its efficacy as the best blood alterative known to medical science.

SARSAPARILLA (extracted from the root of the genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla) is its base, and its powers are enhanced by the extracts of Yellow Dock and Stillingia, the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and other potent ingredients.

IS your blood vitiated by derangements of the digestive and assimilatory functions? is it tainted by Scrofula? or does it contain the poison of Mercury or Contagious Disease?

THE leading physicians of the United States, who know the composition of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, say that nothing else so good for the purification of the blood is within the range of pharmacy.

ONLY by the use of this remedy is it possible for a person who has corrupted blood to attain sound health and prevent transmission of the destructive taint to posterity.

THOROUGHLY effective renovation of the system must include not only the removal of corruption from the blood, but its enrichment and the strengthening of the vital organs.

RELIABLE witnesses, all over the world, testify that this work is better accomplished by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA than by any other remedy.

BLOOD that is corrupted through disease is made pure, and blood weakened through diminution of the red corpuscles is made strong, by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

PURIFYING the blood and building up the system require time in serious cases, but benefit will be derived from the use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA more speedily than from anything else.

MEDICINE for which like effects are falsely claimed, is abundant in the market, under many names, but the only preparation that has stood the test of time, and proved worthy of the world's confidence, is

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

Time Table.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table No. 9.

In Effect July 1, 1886.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4, P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 40	5 10
Napanee Mills	"	10 55	5 25
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 30
Thompson's Mills	"	11 15	5 38
Camden East	"	11 20	5 43
Yarker	"	11 35	6 00
Colebrook	"	11 40	6 02

Legal Cards.

PRESTON & RUTTAN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE—Mills Block, Dundas Street, Napanee.
D H PRESTON, L L B. 16 G F RUTTAN.

MORDEN & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.
A. L. MORDEN. W. G. WILSON.
Co. Crown Attorney.

W. S. WILLIAMS, BARRISTER, Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Ontario Conveyancer, &c., Napanee.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L.L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.
H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.—A FEW THOUSAND dollars private funds at 6 per cent. Mortgages purchased. JOHN ENGLISH,
37-1yr. Solicitor.

Medical Cards.

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros', Hardware Store, Napanee.

C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.,
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Ont
OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,
Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the county of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.
The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocaine, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.
☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

DR. EMING,

Veterinary Surgeon

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLL., SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office:—Brisco House Block, East Street,

NAPANEE, Ont.,

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 50

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALLISON & JOHNSON, PROPRIETOR

Large, commodious, well furnished, centrally situated. The leading hotel in town. Extensive sheds and good

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st

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Frank Bunton and Jim Adams of Music, Carter county, Ky., were enemies. This was why Adams gave Mrs. Bunton a thrashing when her husband was away, and that was why Bunton loaded his gun with buckshot and went gunning for Adams. The latter, who was playing cards saw his enemy coming. He held a good hand, and, laying it face down, asked his friends to wait until he had settled Bunton. He drew his pistol and crawled under a freight car, and when Bunton, who had had not seen him, came along, fired and missed him. Bunton saw Adams peering from under the car and fired a load of buckshot into his upturned forehead, killing him instantly.

In declining the Bishopric of Edinburgh, Canon Lidden says that, for one reasen: "During a great part of the last year I was seriously out of health, so much so as to be obliged to give up my regular occupations nearly altogether; and, although by God's mercy, and as a consequence of the long rest which the doctors insisted on, I am feeling fairly well now, I have yet to discover how far or how long a time I can return to my old habits of work. Until this is clear, it would appear at least doubtful whether I ought to undertake new and very serious duties." The Canon's delicate constitution gives his friends much solicitude, and he will probably never be a well man.

Donaldson, the swimmer, recently swam the Mohawk at Schenectady tied hand and foot. A young athlete thought that he could do the same, and after a friend had well tied him he started to cross the river. Half way across he gave out and went down. His frightened friend in a boat tried to get him into the boat, but couldn't. Neither could he untie the ropes. Meanwhile the swimmer was taken with severe cramps. Finally the man in the boat tied a rope around the swimmer's neck, and has towed the half-drowned athlete to shore, where it took considerable rubbin and stimulant to reduce the cramps and the youth in good condition again.

Lord Hartington, the Liberal lead has been Mr. Gladstone's opponer recent political struggle, is a mar energy, with a remarkable love for study, and with a most t sition. He does not cour affects a manner of ind when he comes into Oddly enough, n him as a rathe who prefers t sport of an tirel

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Newburgh	"	11 07	5 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 38
Camden East	"	11 20	5 43
Yarker	"	11 35	6 00
Colebrook*	"	11 40	6 02
Galbraith Road	"	11 50	6 05
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			6 10
Moscow	"	11 50	6 15
Mudlake Bridge*	"	12 00	6 25
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 30
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 13	6 38
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 50

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M.	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	6 45	2 45
Wilson's Crossing†	"	6 55	2 55
Enterprise	"	7 00	3 05
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 07	3 15
Moscow	"	7 15	3 20
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)			
Galbraith Road‡	"	7 25	3 30
Colebrook†	"	7 28	3 32
Yarker	"	7 30	3 35
Camden East	"	7 45	3 50
Thompson's Mills*	"	7 50	3 58
Newburgh	"	7 55	4 03
Napanee Mills	"	8 05	4 15
Napanee	Arrive.	8 20	4 30

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth. Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

* Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which trains may be expected to arrive at and from the several stations; but, as the ity of trains depends on connecti lines, the arrivals and depar stated is not guaranteed, n hold itself responsible f nience arising theref

R. C CARTER, H B Asst Gen. Man.

ALLISON & JOHNSON, PROPRIETOR

Large, commodious, well furnishe entrally situated. The leading hot own. Extensive sheds and good

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st

JNO. WHEELER.

This house is now undergoi overhauling, and will be furni with new and elegant furnitu are being erected. No pains make the house comfortable the farming community. icited.

Business

GEO. B. SILLS, for tor the Lice Office in Mr. S. Gibs Block.

W. F. HALL, A and Marine, and London and G Office, Napanee I

C. L. ROGERS Licenses an etc., Bath, Ont

CHARLES L BIAGE Licen —Front of C Nap

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRI

W. S. BUSBY,

GENERAL INS. AGENT,

Representing National of Ireland, (Fire), Citizens Insurance Company, Fire, Life and Accident. Plate Glass, the Hand-in-Hand Insurance Company.

OFFICE, AT THE RESTAURANT, DUNDAS-ST., Napanee.

Napanee, April 8th, 1886. 22.

NOTICE.

NAPANEE
Agriculutral :-: Works

We have yet a considerable amount outstanding on our books and must again urge all parties who are indebted to us either by note or book account to pay the same immediately. We think we have now given sufficient time to all parties interested and unless they comply with this notice and pay promptly their account will be placed in a lawyer's hands for collection.

JNO HERRING.

Napanee Agricultural Works.

ELECTION ADVICE.

Elect to go to the sign of the thistle and get your groceries and provisions fresh, new and cheap.

Elect to bring your eggs and butter to Symington and get the fullest satisfaction.

Elect to get your flour there also, and get the best straight grade that the County affords, at much less than ring prices.

Elect to go for your fish where you will not be caught with lying baits.

Elect to go to Symington's where they mix no lies with their goods, guarantee satisfaction or no sale We are always glad to meet healthy competition, and will not be undersold.

Elect to go to the first door west of the Harshaw block, where you will find the agent for the L. & L. Fire

---

FOR SALE.—Two or three good farms, situated within a few miles of Napanee. In excellent state of cultivation and good buildings. For all particulars apply to S. GIBSON, Barrister, Napanee. 22tf

---

S. J. MELLOW, M.D., C.M.,

Bath, Ont.

OFFICE—In rooms lately occupied by Doctor Jolliffe. 281y

BOLGER & DREWRY,

Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyors, Civil Engineers, Architects, &c.

BELLEVILLE, — — ONT.

T. O. BOLGER, 2 W. S. DREWRY

FARM FOR SALE.

Situated in the Township of Richmond in the County of Lennox and Addington, being all that part of the north east quarter of lot No. 2, in the 2nd concession of said township, lying north of Grand Trunk Railway, containing 45 acres more or less. For further particulars apply to JOHN PHELAN, Napanee. 987d

---

THE DOMINION HOTEL,
Main Street, Odessa.

Having decided to run my hotel as a temperance ouse I solicit the patronage of the travelling public. Drive house and sheds, with large stock yards, in connection.

Prompt and courteous attention to guests.

26ly. JOSEPH SPROULE.

WANTED AT ONCE.

100 Cords of Dry Body Soft Wood.

Ash, elm, soft maple, tamarac, etc. Please note I want wood that was cut green last winter. Apply at once. CHAS. STEVENS.

West Bridge street,

Ashery. 987tf Napanee.

BOOT AND SHOES.

REPAIRING.

The undersigned has opened a repair shop, in the shop next Phillips barber shop, in the Warner block, East-st. Boots and shoes neatly repaired. Moderate charges.

786m GEORGE MITCHELL.

TAX COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

For Ward No. 2, Ernesttown.

To all whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE—that all parties indebted for taxes in above named ward, on and after the 26th instant, will be prosecuted according to law and costs made in every instance, THOMAS PREST. 986tf

---

FARM FOR SALE.—A good farm, one mile from the village of Bath, lot 5 in the 1st concession of Ernesttown, containing about 300 acres all under cultivation; 60 acres ready for sowing. A living stream runs across the rear of the farm, with the Bay of Quinte in front. Two good farm houses, two good barns and sheds, stabling for 40 head; good orchard of 20 acres; 500 loads of manure ready for top dressing. For further particulars apply to

L. S. LASHER,

17 tf. Bath, Ont.

A. S. ASHLEY, L.D.S.,
NAPANEE, ONT.

21 Years' Experience in Canada and the United States.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Four Years of Suffering.

Mrs, Torrance McNish, of Smith Falls, Ont. after our years of intense suffering with scrofula, from which her head became bald, was cured by Burdock Blood Bitters after the best medical aid had failed.

WANTED

A good general servant. Apply to G. Wright, corner Bridge and East Streets. 1087-b

---

J. J. OTTO,

BOOKBINDER,

197 DUNDAS STREET.

Over G. N. W. Telegraph Office,

NAPANEE. 78tf

THE DEAD HAS COME TO LIFE.

A. J. EMPEY & BARNES

have opened a new blacksmith shop opposite Potter & Williams' livery, and are prepared to do all kinds of work at very reasonable rates, and will be pleased to have all old customers, and new ones also. 1087h A. J. EMPEY & BARNES.

LAND PLASTER!

THE NAPANEE CEMENT CO.
(LIMITED).

Offer a fine quality of pure, fresh ground Land Plaster at lowest price.

Quantity to suit purchaser.

Farmers requiring a good fertilizer will save money and otherwise serve their own interests by giving us a call.

Office, foot of West-st., Napanee. 1087m

The Canadian Horticulturist!

THE BEST PAPER IN THE WORLD

—FOR CANADIAN—

Fruit Growers, Farmers and Gentlemen owning Rural or Suburban Homes.

A monthly magazine, with beautiful colored plate in each number—well illustrated—premiums of Trees and Plants given away. Also, the valuable report of the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario. Only $1.00. Sample free. Address

L. WOOLVERTON, M.A.,

1087a Grimsby, Ont.

A RARE CHANCE.

Farm for Sale in North Fredericksburgh

The subscriber offers for sale his valuable farm, being part of lot No. 26, in the 6th con. of the township of North Fredericksburgh, comprising 167 acres. It lies three miles from the town of Napanee on the Kingston road. 130 acres are under cultivation, about 70 of which are seeded and the balance fall ploughed. The lot is well fenced, and watered by never failing creek and wells. Good buildings. Immediate possession given. As I purpose leaving this section, the property will be sold at a bargain.

GEO. LASHER.

Napanee Mills, Jan. 26, 1887. 1087m

MONEY

Elect to go to the first door west of the Harshaw block, where you will find the agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Co.

THOS. SYMINGTON.

43ly

$500,000

OF PRIVATE AND COMPANY'S FUNDS

TO LEND

At 6 PER CENT.

Straight Loans.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED.

Mortgages Purchased and Money Advanced

To buy farms or build houses.

Apply to

W. S. WILLIAMS,

Or HERBERT C. PARKS

GENTLEMEN.

Come and see us when in want of the following goods, as we can give you bargains.

CLOTHING.

If you want a suit or an overcoat we can make it for you in the best style and guarantee satisfaction.

SHIRTS.

White and Flannel Shirts made to order

Underwear of every Description

Fur Caps and Coats.

Gloves and Mitts.

Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Braces, Socks, Cardigan Jackets, Wool Gloves.

Call on us. Our prices are right.

ROBLIN & FORD.

A. NAPANEE, ONT.

27 Years' Experience in Canada and the United States.

Vitalized Air, the most pleasant and safest Anæsthetic known to the profession used in the extraction of teeth. Full setts, upper and lower, from $10 upwards.

Office—John-st. over Grange's Drug store. 17

FOR SALE

RIVER VIEW TERRACE,

(SOUTH NAPANEE.)

Beautifully located, overlooking the town and river; double tenement house. Each tenement has seven rooms, kitchen, butry, good cellar and cistern. Wood house, barn, garden, fruit trees and never-failing well; best of water. Apply to

F. BEZO

East Dundas-St., Napanee, Ont.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that The Brockville, Westport and Sault St. Marie Railway Company will apply to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, at its next session, for the passage of an Act to amend the Act incorporating said Company, by giving said Company power to lease to, or amalgamate with other railway companies and corporations and other powers.

W. B. SMELLIE,

BROCKVILLE, 30th Dec. 1886. 751g Secretary.

FARM FOR SALE.

East half of lot No. 1, in the first concession of Ernesttown, lying on Bay of Quinte and known as the Coleman Bristol farm. This farm has a number of fruit trees. A young orchard of 200 trees or more doing well and in a good state of cultivation. A good time to inspect while crop is on. It is about 2 miles from Bath, a good grain market. Eighteen acres of summer fallow, besides a good quantity of manure. This is a valuable property and beautifully situated. Possession given immediately for fall ploughing. Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

D. T. ROWSE,

312f Bath, Ontario

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Ont

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoaine, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property.

AT 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom rice. First-class farm and isolated property insured pt 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited T. G. DAVIS,

Insurance and Money Loaning Agent.

Office—194 Dundas-st. over Ferguson Bros.' store, Napanee. 221y

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THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington and Frontenac.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. B. Aylesworth, M. W. VanLuven, B. C. Lloyd, E. R. Sills, Miles Shorey and A. C. Parks.

President—John B. Aylsworth, Esq.
Vice-President—B. C. Lloyd, Esq.
Secretary—Chas. James, Esq.
Treasurer—Miles Shorey, Esq.
General Agent—J. N. McKim.
Auditors—Ira B. Hudging and E. L. Percy.

The Board meets at the Secretary's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee, April 19th, 1886. 221y.

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purpose leaving this section, the property will be sold at a bargain.

GEO. LASHER.

Napanee Mills, Jan. 26, 1887. 1087m

MONEY.

A large amount of private money to loan on Real Estate at best terms and least expenses.

FARMS.

Bought, sold, rented or exchanged.

INSURANCE.

Placed in the best Companies and at the lowest rates.

For list of properties apply to

J. LYONS BIGGAR,

Real Estate Agent, Etc.

201y Belleville, Ont.

1873. GRIP! 1887.

CANADA'S COMIC JOURNAL!

Announcement for this Year.

GRIP is now so well known as to require very little of either description or praise. It is

The Only Cartoon Paper in Canada,

and it is furnished at about ONE-HALF THE PRICE of similar journals in the United States.

GRIP'S CARTOONS, in addition to being strictly impartial when they refer to politics, are always on the side of patriotism and morality.

The late improvements are universally admired. The journal is enlarged to 16 pages, and it is printed upon heavy toned and well-calendered paper. This gives both the engravings and the letter-press a beautiful appearance. And, notwithstanding this enlargement and improvement, the price of GRIP is only $2 a year; Single copies, 5 cents, (the price it commanded when but a four page sheet).

GRIP'S PLATFORM:

Humor without Vulgarity; Patriotism without Partizanship; Truth without Temper.

☞ Do not be without this favorite Canadian Cartoon Paper. Its price places it within the reach of all.

Address the Grip Printing and Publishing Co., 26 and 28 Front Street West, Toronto.

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER.

All subscribers to GRIP, new or old, are entitled to a copy of the magnificent lithograph "CONSERVATIVE LEADERS," or the companion plate "LIBERAL LEADERS," shortly to be published, on payment of 5 cents for postage.

☞ THE EXPRESS and Grip will be furnished to subscribers, by special arrangement with the publishers of the latter journal, both papers for only $2.75. 1087b

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J. GIBBARD & SON.

Leading Undertakers of the County.

—:o:—

They turn out a better trimmed job than any other house, and keep all the latest improvements connected with their business.

Embalming a Specialty

which prevents any unpleasant odors or any change of color. 22-1y J. GIBBARD & SON

EXPRESS

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year

IDAY, JANUARY 28, 1887. VOL. XXVI. No. 10.

AT LAST!

THE CRISIS IN QUEBEC.

The Tories Hold Office until Compelled to Resign.

Thursday was a day long to be remembered in Quebec. Mr. Mercier, who by the choice of the people was returned to power as Premier of the Province, has, since the election, been harrassed on every side. The Tories were bound to hold office until compelled to resign.

Yesterday afternoon the House met and appointed the Speaker. Mr. Marchand, proposed by Premier Mercier was elected by a majorty of ten. This was a surprise for the boodle gang and was received by the populace with great rejoicing. Intense excitement prevailed.

Up to the hour of going to press we had not learned any further particulars.

PERSONALS.

—Mr. Geo. M. Woods, of Brockville, is in town
—Mr. S. J. Neilson, of Stella, was in town Tuesday.
—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Drewry spent Sunday with friends at Picton.
—Mrs. (Rev.) J. P. Wilson was over Sunday with Kingston friends.
—Mr. P. Degroff, typo of Watertown is on a visit to friends in town.
—Mr. A M. Scouten, of Violet, favored us with a call on Wednesday.
—Miss Nellie Vanluven, of Murvale, spent a season with friends in town.
—Miss Ford, of Brighton, is spending a season with Miss Hattie Davern in town.
—Miss Annie M. McGoun, left on Wednesday for a visit with friends in Toronto.
—Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Potter, of Campbellford, were in town a few days, visiting friends.
—Miss Fraser is still confined to the house, but hopes are entertained of her recovery.
—Miss Emma Stewart, of Desmond, has been visiting at Boxwood Cottage, Bridge street, west.
—Mis Norah Waggoner, of Glenburnie, is visiting her sister, Miss Annie Waggoner, of Hinch & Co.'s.
—Miss M. Sinclair, of Cannington, is visiting in town, the guest of Mr. T. H. Waller, West Napanee.
—Miss Minnie McGraw, returned home on Wednesday after a lengthy visit with friends in Belleville.
—Miss Bella Douglass has returned to Hamilton, to resume her studies in the Wesleyan Ladies' College.
—Mrs. Percy Clark and daughter Neta, of Kingston, were the guests of W A. Baker for a few days this week.
—Mr. J. M. Bogart, of Texas, brother of our genial and popular postmaster, is visiting friends in Napanee.
—Mr. and Mrs. Adam Roney, of Rochester, N. Y., is visiting in town, the guest of Mrs. Roney, Centre street.
—Mr. Lou J. Beauchamp, and wife, of Ohio, were the guests of Mr. W. S. Williams during their stay in town.
—We regret to state tha Mr. Geo German, of Gosport, is in poor health. He has been confined to the house for some weeks.
—Mr. Williams, father of our esteemed townsman, W. S. Williams, leaves to-day for Southern California. He will spend the winter with his brother.

TOWN COUNCIL.

An adjourned meeting of the council was held on Friday evening last for the transaction of business. Present—Mayor Cook, in the chair; Deputy-Reeve Lapum and Couns. Stevenson, Saul, Lowry, Davis, Aylsworth, Carson, Bowen, Gibbard and Joy.

A communication was read from the London & Lancashire Life Ass. Co., of Montreal, in the matter of interest on debenture coupons. Referred to the Finance Committee.

A copy of the petition to be signed by the council and sent to the Minister of Justice, asking for the release, or the shortening of the sentence, of Philip Hearns, was read before the council. A declaration made by one Wm. Keating, who is also serving a term in the Kingston Penitentiary, was also read, showing that Hearns was not present at the house at the time the assault was made, and that he (Keating) saw nothing of Hearns, excepting a few days prior to the assault, until they appeared in court at the assizes.

Moved by Deputy-Reeve Lapum, seconded by Coun. Bowen, that the petition be signed by the council as a body. Carried.

The petition was then circulated and signed by all the councillors, excepting the Reeve, who was not present.

The Finance Committee presented the following report:—

"That we have examined the by-law regulating the remission of taxes on the Napanee Brush Works, and find that it calls for an employment of twenty operatives, and $5.000 to be paid in wages. We find that the conditions of the by-law are filled in the statement presented to this council, as that number of hands have been employed and $6.626.06 have been paid as wages. We recommend that the taxes of 1886 be remitted."

"That in the matter of the assessment on the Harshaw block, destroyed by fire, we find that the assessment roll for 1886 has been revised as per the minutes kept by the court of revision clerk."

The report was adopted.

Coun. Carson stated that Mr. Symington had been assessed for the opera house for the year 1886.

On motion the matter was referred to the Finance Committee to report.

Coun. Joy, of the Street Committee, stated that $3.10 had been expended for snow shovelling since last session.

Moved by Coun. Carson, seconded by Coun. Gibbard, that the matter of opening up the street in East ward, from Vine's, northward, be referred to the Street Committee with power to act. Carried.

The Market Committee presented a report, the principal item being that they intend to put a stop to forestalling, and also the selling of butcher's meat without a license.

After a few minor amendments the report was adopted.

The Mayor asked the clerk to read, at the next session of the council, the by-law governing the granting of billiard licenses, as he had heard several complaints of minors frequenting billiard rooms.

Moved by Coun. Gibbard, seconded by Coun. Aylsworth, that in the matter of the real estate occupied by the Custom house, that half a year's taxes be remitted therefrom. Carried.

A GROWING INDUSTRY.

Push and Energy Building up a Good Trade.

It is not generally known that our townsman, Mr. Chas. Stevens, is doing quite a trade in Ashes—leached and unleached. Daily his teams are seen passing along the streets of our town, with loads of ashes, gathered from the various farm houses in the country. And the amount gathered in this way in this section, we understand, does not begin to represent the extent of his business. He has storehouses erected at different points on the railways, in which is stored ashes gathered in the several sections. From this place, or from his various storehouses, he is shipping almost daily. His business lies chiefly with the New England States, although he ships to other sections. Last week a car-load was shipped to Florida.

It is a puzzle to some where the ashes all come from. This is easily understood when it is known that they are gathered from the various farmers and villagers,—"in a personal canvass" as the politican would put it,—none being gathered from factories where tanbark, or other refuse, is used for firing. This our townsman claims is one of the great secrets in the production of a good article.

Mr. Stevens has given much attention to his business, and he believes he has it now down fine. His ashes he claims are cared for in the best possible manner, and being carefully selected, are number one. The growth of his business he attributes largely to advertising, as all do who succeed to any great extent. As an instance of how he values this medium of reaching the public ear, we may state that a few days ago he made a contract with one man for $225.

The push and energy displayed by our townsman are commendable, and we hope great success may crown his efforts.

INTERESTING LECTURES.

Three nights of this week Mr. Lou. J. Beauchamp, of Ohio, delivered three very interesting lectures in town, the audience on each occasion being good.

On Monday the subject was "Sunshine or 100 laughs in 100 minutes." This subject was the basis of a lecture on how to make homes attractive for the young. The speaker mingles the comic with the pathetic strains, and thereby wins the attention of his listeners. He spoke a little over two hours, his audience listening with wrapt attention.

On Tuesday evening his subject was "Temperance." He portrayed his course, by graphic descriptions of the benefits of prohibition and how it is to be attained. It was also listened to with great attention, the lecture throughout being well thought out and entertaining. On Wednesday evening he again spoke in the town hall and highly delighted his audience. At the close it was decided to form a Good Templars' Lodge, Seventy of the townspeople decided to join, each taking the pledge.

Mr. Beauchamp is a man that is master of

Gosport, is in poor health. He has been confined to the house for some weeks.

—Mr. Williams, father of our esteemed townsman, W. S. Williams, leaves to-day for Southern California. He will spend the winter with his brother.

—The many friends of Rev. Hiram Williams, of Belleville, will be sorry to hear that he is lying very low with diabetes. His recovery is considered doubtful.

—Mr Morgan, traveller for Messrs Buntin, Reid & Co., of Toronto, was in town Tuesday. He speaks hopefully of the Liberal prospects in in Yorks and Torontos.

—Mr. Clayton Taylor, druggist, of Lynn, was in town a couple of days this week, the guest of Mr. K. J. Strong. His many friends were pleased to see him looking so well.

—Mr. Geo A. Parrott, of Belleville, formerly 1st Deputy Reeve, of Ernesttown, is visiting in town, the guest of Mr. John Parrott. He is accompanied by his wife.

SCHOOL STATISTICS

To those interested in school matters the following extracts from the annual report of the public schools of Napanee for 1886 will be looked over with pleasure, and the good and bad points ferretted out. The first section gives the number who attended the schools for 1886 and alongside, for comparison, the attendance for 1883. It will be observed that in the total number on the register there was six more in 1883 than last year. A greater number of boys attended in 1883, while of girls there was a predominence in 1886. The next lot of figures shows the number in attendance for different terms during the year, a pleasing feature being that there was a larger percentage present for the longer terms than the shorter Then follows the number of pupils attending each month for five years, and the average attendance for each year. These figures throughout are fairly even, but the better average for the greater portion of the past year calls for special note; the average the year round being much ahead of formers years

	West Ward.	East Ward.	Total	1883.
No pupils on register	519	324	843	849
Boys	260	171	431	442
Girls	259	113	412	407
No who attended less than 20 dys. during the year	42	20	62	58
Betn 20 and 50 ds.	52	40	92	102
" 51 " 100 "	69	63	132	188
" 101 " 150 "	151	99	250	218
Over 150 days	205	102	307	283
No. in first book				
Parts I and II.	122	155	277	305
Second Book	115	74	189	213
Third Book	96	95	191	182
Fourth Book	186	not used	186	149
Drawing	519	324	843	149

Number of pupils attending each month for 5 years.

	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.
January	633	588	574	553	576
February	659	585	591	551	611
March	662	590	609	583	636
April	657	694	645	652	671
May	655	657	644	666	681
June	625	628	647	551	670
September	629	620	662	647	674
October	647	642	648	657	674
November	643	632	639	629	675
December	590	587	577	579	643
Average daily attendance for each year	475	421	458	443	514

Sure Cure For Rheumatism.

If the system is properly cleansed by some medicine that acts upon the bowels, kidneys and skin, such as Burdock Blood Bitters, and the sufferer will use Hagyard's Yellow Oil according to directions, there are few cases of rheumatism, however bad but will yield promptly to the treatment.

More Trouble May be Expected.

If you do not heed the warnings of nature and at once pay attention to the maintainance of your health. How often we see a person put off from day to day the purchase of a medicine which if procured at the outstart of a disease would have remedied it almost immediately. Now if Johnson's Tonic Liver Pills had been taken when the first uneasiness made its appearance the illness would have been "nipped in the bud". Johnson's Tonic Bitters and Liver Pills are decidedly the best medicine on the market for general tonic and invigorating properties. Pills 25c. per bottle. Bitters 50c. and $1 per bottle. Sold by Perry & Co Druggists, sole agents.

Coun. Aylsworth, that in the matter of the real estate occupied by the Custom house, that half a year's taxes be remitted therefrom. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Davis, seconded by Coun. Gibbard, that the Town Property Committee be authorized to have the vault repaired for the purpose of keeping public papers and that public property be deposited therein. Carried.

Accounts from Jas. Allen, for amounts paid, amounting to $3.10; also from D. W. Fralick, for polling booth, etc., amounting to $5, were passed, when the council adjourned.

Addresses of Condolence.

The following addresses of condolence with two brothers, who have lately been called upon to suffer domestic affliction, were passed by Napanee Lodge, A. O. U. W.:—

To Bro. J. E. Richardson:—

The members of this Lodge are grieved to know that the home of Bro. James E. Richardson has been clouded by sorrow, by the death of his beloved wife. Recognizing the great loss to him and his children, who have thus been deprived of the loving care of their mother, the members desire hereby to express their heartfelt sympathy with Bro. Richardson and family in their bereavement, and also their hope that he and they will find consolation in the recollection that all our affairs are directed by a kind and loving Father, who is too wise to err and who doeth all things well.

Signed on behalf of the Lodge.

T. D. Pruyn, M. W.
J. J. Taylor, Rec.

Napanee Lodge, No. 191, A. O. U. W.

To J. Lester Boyes:—

As the peculiar ties which bind us together in the fraternity of Workmen call upon us to sympathize with, as well as relieve the necessities of those who mourn, your brethren of Napanee Lodge, No 191, A. O. U. W., desire to express the sorrow which one and all feel at the severe affliction which has recently befallen your home. The Great Master Workman, in his inscrutable wisdom, has seen fit to remove your companion and helpmeet, but the hand that has bereaved can soften and asswage the keenest sorrow and line the darkest cloud with the radiance of an imperishable hope of a blissful hereafter. To Him we commend you, and to His care your motherless little one, assuring you that both will ever have the sympathy and good-will of your brother workmen. We remain yours, in the bonds of fraternal affection.

T. D. Pruyn, M. W.
J. J. Taylor, Rec.

Matrimonial.

[Crowded out of last issue.]

On Wednesday, 13th inst., at 8 p.m., at the residence of Thomas Miller Esq., Tamworth, Miss Maud, his eldest daughter, a young lady of rare excellence, was united in marriage to Mr. Marshall C. Wagar, youngest son of John V. Wagar, of Centreville, in the presence of a large number of friends. Rev. Mr. Faul, of Centreville, officiated. The bride was supported by Miss Ida Caton, of Napanee, and the groom by Mr. Reuben Miller, brother of the bride. After the ceremony and congratulations were over the guests sat down to a sumptuous supper, a spread that could not be surpassed. The bride, who was admired by all present, was the recipient of a large number of valuable presents, among which was noticed a large bible. After a most enjoyable time the happy couple left for Ottawa, bearing with them the ardent wishes of a large number of friends for their future happiness and prosperity.

Johnson's All Healing White Ointmen

The wonderful healing and soothing properties of the above named salve have been found by many who have used it to be most efficacious in the treatment of salt rheum, pimples, blotches, boils, ulcers, scalds, burns, chafings, etc. One trial will be sufficient to prove that what we claim for it is correct. For sale at 25c. per box by Perry & Co. druggists, sole agents.

Threatened Danger.

In the fall of '84, Randall Miller of Maitland, N. S., was prostrated to his bed with an attack of incipent consumption. Cough remedies all failed. He rapidly debilitated, and friends despaired of his recovery. He tried Burdock Blood Bitters, with immediate relief, followed by a speedy cure.

decided to form a Good Templars' Lodge, Seventy of the townspeople decided to join, each taking the pledge.

Mr. Beauchamp is a man that is master of the subject, and his lectures are both entertaining and instructive. He has a marked accent, which makes it pleasant to listen to him. At the close of each lecture a hearty vote of thanks was carried on behalf of the speaker. He will return and speak again next Wednesday evening, when the officers of the lodge will be selected.

ROBBERY.

Neighbor Jamieson has again been unfortunate, but this time not in the runway line. On Monday night an entrance was effected into Mr. Jamieson's bakery by two parties and two bags of flour carried off. The entrance was made through a window over the oven. The flour was taken from among a few bags, and placed outside the door, without closing either window or door. Suspicion at once fell upon "Tom" Davy and Gage Nelson, the former having been seen hanging around there Saturday. The matter was placed in the hands of the police, and the flour was discovered in a small house on the Switzerville road, occupied by Gage Nelson and "Miss" Davy. The parties were arrested and placed in the cooler.

It was about the most clumsily managed piece of work seen for some time, but nothmore than we could expect from such "professional amateurs."

On the same night they entered Mr. J. M. Parrott's and Rev. Mr. Harding's barn, taking from the former two bags of grain and from the latter a sett of harness.

The culprits were brought before Justices James and Cook and on hearing the evidence were sent up for trial.

In the interest of the community it is well that these young men were caught, as it is believed they have been committing other depredations, and to what extent they would have been carried it is hard to say had they not been checked.

Addington Agricultural Society.

The annual meeting of this society was held at the village of Yarker on the 19th inst. On account of the drifted state of the roads the attendance was not as large as usual. Joseph Connoly, Esq, presided.

The secretary read a report of the society for the last year.

The auditors reported that they had carefully examined the Treasurer's books and the financial accounts of the society for 1886, and found them correct; that after paying all the premiums awarded, and all other claims, the society had a cash balance in hand of $64.46. It was signed by R. B. Hope and D. Connoly, auditors.

The report of the auditors, and that of the secretary were received and adopted.

The following were elected officers for the present year:

President—W. J. Delmage.
Vice President—J. W. Bertram and C.H. Finkle.
Secy.-Treas.—J. B. Aylsworth.
Directors—Sidney W. Wood, J. Forsyth, Thos. Scott, W. D. Mace, R. Nugent, M. Storms, Wm. Coburn, M. C. Shorey and Alonzo Walker.
Auditors—R. B. Hope and Wm. Nugent.

By a unanimous resolution the meeting decided to open the subscription lists to the whole world this year.

$1000 FORFEIT!

Having the utmost confidence in its superiority over all others, and after thousands of tests of the most complicated and severest cases we could find, we feel justified in offering to forfeit One Thousand Dollars for any case of cough, cold, sore throat influenza, hoarseness, bronchitis, consumption in its early stages, whooping-cough, and all diseases of the throat and lungs, except asthma, for which we only claim relief, that we can't cure with West's Cough Syrup, when taken according to directions Sample bottles 25c. and 50c. Large bottles $1 Genuine wrapped only in blue. Sold by all druggists, or sent by express on receipt of price. JOHN C. WEST & CO.

RUTH ELLIOTT;

OR,

A PROPHECY FULFILLED.

A TALE OF SOCIAL LIFE IN CANADA.

BY W. E. BESSEY, M. D.

PART III.—(CONTINUED.)

Discouraged and heart-broken with trouble and grief she returned home, and that night began to gather together a few articles of clothing, that she thought would be required; and hurriedly packing a valise, she retired after having given a few hasty instructions to her servants, and telling them she was about going on a journey for a few days. She retired early to get, if possible, some rest before starting on the early morning train; for she had resolved to seek her brother's interference on behalf of her worthless husband, if possible to secure his release. Such is woman's love. She could endure the misery of a drunken husband, but she could not bear the mortification and humiliation of the thought, that her husband, the father of her child, should be branded as a common felon; and the only hope she saw to save him was to enlist her brother Percy's co-operation. She did not intend to be long away if her efforts were successful, but if not she would much rather never see Montreal again.

With such feelings as these she arose early, after a sleepless night, and taking a light breakfast and wrapping baby carefully in travelling attire, she started for the station, accompanied by a maidservant, who carried her valise, all the while wondering what freak this was her mistress, always so sensible and nice, had taken. Always thoughtful for her mistress' and baby's welfare, she had fixed up a nice lunch, which she stowed away in a basket with a nice bottle of fresh milk, and seeing her mistress on the 7.30 train she wended her weary steps back to the house, wondering in her heart what new trouble this could be, or whether, in desperation, she had finally concluded to escape from her misery by deserting her home, and her miserable husband. Of course she was not yet aware that he had been arrested.

It was a cold, stormy night when Ruth reached Toronto; and being weary, she sought shelter in a quiet looking hotel near the station, where she was directed by the kind-hearted watchman, whose stentorian voice has waked the echoes in the vaulted roof of the Union Station for so many years.

"By George," he mused to himself, that's the most beautiful face I ever saw, be she flesh, or spirit, or both, it's all the same; she's a beauty and no mistake. It's too bad to see her in such trouble, poor lady; she looks as if she was after loosing every friend she ever had in the world. Perhaps she's lost her money; I guess that's it. Well, an' faith, if that's so, I'll be true to my country's good name, for I'm not an Irish gintleman if I don't go over to old Stubbs who keeps the 'St. James' and volunteer to pay for the night's lodging for herself and her baby; she hadn't much luggage, naythor; only a valise. Sure that thing don't look just right; there's something wrong. Maybe she's been turned out of house and home by some drunken blackguard or another."

And so off started No. X to make things smooth for the distressed lady.

"Faix, Mr. Stubbs, and I sent you a very dacent lady in distress over from the station. [illegible]

"Gone home," she sighed, with a groan.

"Yes, and he lives more than three miles from here," said the man, 'way out on Davenport Road."

"Davenport Road?" she repeated, "and where is that, may I ask?"

"Oh, I perceive you're a stranger here. Well, ma'am, it's a long way out, and it's snowing too hard now; it's too stormy for you to find it to-night. You take Yonge Street cars and then you get off and follow the road into the country. There are many fine houses along that road, and I can't direct you, but if you make inquiries you'll find it. He'll not be here till Monday now, to-morrow, Saturday, is Christmas, you know, and I'm shutting up to go home now till Monday. We won't be open till then."

"Oh, I must see him at once, to-night. I must see him," she said, as the snow blew in her face, almost blinding her. "God help me," she said, as her heart sank at the prospect of delay; if her errand was to be of any use it must be done quickly; it would not brook delay.

Wild grew the tempest, as it howled among the tall warehouses, and it was growing dark early. She pushed on, but lost her way and went several blocks too far; finally, through the kindness of a city watchman, who accompanied her to within sight of the hotel, she got back and sank exhausted on the lounge in her bedroom.

"Did you find him?" enquired the kind-hearted landlady, as she entered.

"Find him, no; but I heard of him and he's a long way out of the city. Oh, I must see him to-night, I must see him to-night," she exclaimed.

The landlady, now thoroughly interested in her, tried to soothe and comfort her, and encouraged her by saying that after she had got some warm supper she might go out and she would care for baby.

With a few cups of good warm tea her heart seemed to gain strength and with it new resolve. She would undertake the journey, she didn't know the house, but she would take the street cars, and she could enquire. But here a new difficulty arose. He lived with some friend; he was not married, had no house of his own. What was the name of the people with whom he lived? She could only hope by enquiries to succeed.

Wrapped in a heavy winter shawl kindly lent her, off she started, and taking the first car at the corner, forgot to ask where it went to until, on Sherbourne Street, well up, she asked where Yonge Street was, and was told she must alight and walk across to it; So Carlton Street led her to Yonge, and there, bewildered by the crowd of faces, not one of which she recognized, she, after making enquiries for Davenport Road, started on foot, no car as usual being in sight. On, on she sped through the blinding snow. Finally she reached the little chapel; this was Davenport road. And then for the experiment of finding a man in a multitude without any direction.

There was no time to lose; the storm continued with unabated vigor; the snow was blinding if one faced it; it was dismal, but her's was a heroic spirit; for love's sweet sake, and because she pitied and forgive one heard in that bright region where there is no night and storms never come, and a swift winged messenger had been sent to guide her to the very spot.

The place was all ablaze with light. She hesitated; she shrank from her task. She was all out of breath. She was all agitated. She must calm herself before she should enter. She leaned against a clump of evergreen trees beside the walk, and brushing the snow from the seat by its foot, sank down upon it.

"Oh, God, that I knew where I should find him! What if he is not here!"

That moan saved her life for the sound of a human voice, disturbed the spaniel dog which, bounding out from the porch, began to bark furiously at something down the walk, of which he appeared to be afraid.

Fearing that there must be some unusual cause for the dog's action, as he rushed back and forth between the porch and the cluster of evergreen trees down the walk, Major Dawson and Percy Elliott, who was enjoying a quiet game of chess, while the family were preparing Christmas trees, decorating the rest of the house, and preparing other pleasing surprises for the morrow, rushed out, and following the dog down the walk, came to the shivering shrinking form of a female, wrapped loosely in a winter shawl, and crouching half hidden behind the trees, with the bench at the foot. As Percy, who was in advance, approached, the woman looked up, and with chattering teeth, and with tremulous voice said.

"Can you tell me where Per—Percy—Elliott—lives."

"Yes, I'm Percy Elliott, what do you want him for?"

"Oh, Perch, don't you know me, Percy?' she said, as she made an effort to rise, "I'm almost perished hunting you in the storm, and cold. Oh, Percy, I've come to ask you to help me to—" and she choked for utterance, as she hung upon his breast; and he, in dumb amazement, stood like one who had lost his senses.

At last he found utterance, and exclaimed.

"Who are you, what brings you here, and so cold and wet? Why, what can this mean? Tell me, what do you want me to help you to do? For God's sake explain."

"Don't you know me, Percy? I want you to to hold me up, I am so tired and weak. I have been looking for you all the day long and all the evening until now. Oh (shuddering), Percy, I am so cold. Hold me up; I feel like fainting."

"Come into the house out of this storm and wind. Come, let me help you." He tried to move her, but her head fell back and sank like one lifeless at his feet.

"She faints!"

Her cheeks are cold, and the last leaden sleep
Hangs heavy on her lips.

Major Dawson, who stood by all the while, offered his assistance to carry her into the house, where they laid her on a couch. She lay there, pale, cold, and unconscious, like one that death was just about to claim for his own. But good, kind-hearted Mrs. Dawson rallied her daughters to her assistance; and by dint of hard rubbing, ammonia to nostrils, hot bottles to the feet, etc., etc., in a short time she was restored to consciousness, and looked around in strange bewilderment. Seeing Percy near, she held out her jewelled hand, on which she wore her mother's ring, to him, saying Percy, "Don't you know me, now, I'm Ruth!" and burst into a flow of tears, which brought tears to the eyes of all present.

Percy now recognized her, and exclaimed:

"Why, yes, it is Ruth, my sister, what, in heaven's name, has brought her here?"

At Mrs. Dawson's suggestion a cup of hot tea was drank gradually: and she was carried and put in a warm bath, the cold, wet

And so off started No. X to make things smooth for the distressed lady.

"Faix, Mr. Stubbs, and I sent you a very dacent lady in distress over from the station. She arrived by No. 4 from the East. Now treat her well, and if she hasn't any money to pay with call on me. Now, d'ye mind. Don't distress her any more, poor thing, she's lost a friend or home, or maybe she's only a little gone in the head. Heaven knows, but whatever happens her I hope she'll not fall into the hands of the ghouls of the city and lose her character."

At the thought of the possibility he turned back to say to the landlord that if she seemed impecunious he had better let him know at once, and he would make it his business to acquaint the charitable ladies of the city of the case, so that she might be assisted if necessary.

All this was going on in the mind and heart of the old watchman, whose quick eye had taken a true measure of the lady in distress; and who, timidly strange, in a strange city, was all too innocent and two intent upon the errand she had come about, to be in any danger of running in harm's way. All honour, all the same, to the good Irish heart of the watchman; may he always be as true to his own kindly instincts, and as faithful in his duty to the stranger and wanderer, and some day he'll hear a Voice shouting "All-aboard for heaven," and, as the angel chariot pulls up at its destination, "Well done, good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord." "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these ye have done it unto me."

The landlord's heart was touched. He spoke to his wife. She spoke kindly to Ruth, interested herself in her, had a nice cup of tea made for her and something nice got for her to eat; fresh milk also for baby, making an excuse of her interest in babies to relieve the poor, weary mother of her charge and attend to its wants, getting it to feed well and to drink heartily of warm milk.

Supper over she showed her to a cosy, warm room, and bade her try and rest, as she feared unless she got a good night's rest she would be sick; her cheeks looked so hollow and sunken, her eyes so suffused and red with tears and fretting.

All night long her sobs and sighings could be heard in the adjoining room, as she tossed and turned, and reflected upon the position of affairs with herself and her unfortunate husband.

Next morning, after paying her bill (for she was not yet penniless, although she had but little money with her), which was liberally discounted by the generous landlord, she set out to find her brother, leaving her sweet little babe in the care of her new found friend, the landlady.

She searched the City Directory in vain for his address; she had forgotten to ask for it, or indeed hardly dared to, lest her intention and destination should be suspected; she wished neither.

All she knew was, that he was engaged in a branch house of a large Montreal firm.

All day long she searched through the business portion of the city and visited every branch of a Montreal house that she was directed to without result. At last weary and disheartened she turned her face homeward to the hotel and baby, and was hurrying along rapidly, when in passing along Front Street a name caught her eye, "Percy Elliott, agent for Messrs. Lyman, Kerry and Evans, Montreal, Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, Dye-stuffs, Druggists, Sundries, Surgical Instruments, &c."

An exclamation of delight escaped her, which attracted the attention of the man at the door. "Is Mr. Elliott in?" she said. "No," was the reply, "he's gone home more than an hour ago."

[illegible] tinued with unabated vigor; the snow was blinding if one faced it; it was dismal, but her's was a heroic spirit; for love's sweet sake, and because she pitied and forgive one who had grievously wronged her, she would persevere. If God's own Son could expose himself to the miseries and infelicities of this sad, sinful world to save sinners, why shouldn't she, although she were an angel from heaven in purity, do her endeavour to save the man she had sworn to love from the ignominy and disgrace he had recklessly brought upon himself and all who bore his name.

As she hurried along, despite the blinding snow, remembering the directions of the woman of the inn that the road was a winding one and no gentlemen's residences existed along the first half mile or so, she felt that either the weather was growing colder or she was losing strength.

Would baby be all right with the woman at the inn. What would Percy say when she found him. Would he, could he, refuse to help her. No, surely not. Percy had always loved her, and through all the happy days of childhood and youth, as they grew up together, had he not called her his dear little "golden hair" until, growing tired of it, she had insisted on being called by her proper name, "Ruth;" and then Percy did not know anything, or, at least, very little of her sad experience; it had been kept from him at her own urgent request.

Ah! she thought, here they are, at last, those wealthy residences. She entered the first open gate; she rang the bell. A colored servant answered the door.

"Does Percy Elliott live here?" she asked.

"No mam, dere's no sich name on dis street, as I knows on."

She turned away sorrowful. A bad beginning, she thought, but she remembered those sweet lines:

"Lead kindly light, amid the circling gloom,
Lead thou me on;
The night is dark, and I am far from home,
Lead thou me on;
Keep thou my feet, I do not ask to see
The distant scene, one step enough for me."

And then she prayed that kind heaven might guide her footsteps to the door of her brother's habitation. And God's ever watchful angels carried that message to the skies. On she sped to another, and still another, and another, with like result. Oh! it was pitiful, to see that lonely woman, out in that blinding storm, seeking for succor at the risk of her life for a wretch who had cursed her very existence.

Again she rings the door-bell of an isolated residence and beautiful grounds; and this time an old servant woman, answering the door, was at once interested in the weary-looking stranger and besought her to come in out of the storm. She would enter the porch only. Well, thought the old servant, I have heard that name often, "Percy Elliott," why, that gentleman was here only last night, and I think he lives in a large house up the road about half a mile; there is a white picket fence in front of the grounds, evergreen trees stretch their branches over the walk; it is a pleasant, cheerful looking house, with a large porch. You will know it by an immense drooping elm tree that stands nearly opposite; and it is called by some 'The Elm,' although the gentleman who owns the grounds calls it 'Pleasant Cottage,' or Chateau-gay."

Thanking the kind old servant, she hastily renewed her journey, this time inspired by renewed hope and energy. But she was growing chilly, and felt her strength would give way if she did not succeed soon. The storm continued with unabated severity. She reaches the elm tree, and the white picket fence. She entered the gate. Ah! how nice—just like Percy to choose such a place for a home. Her petition had been [illegible] in heaven's name, has brought her here?"

At Mrs. Dawson's suggestion a cup of hot tea was drank gradually: and she was carried and put in a warm bath, the cold, wet clothes replaced with dry warm things, furnished by one of the young ladies. Percy was as much amazed and dumb-founded as if one long dead had arisen, but was forbidden to trouble her just then with questions, and kept still.

In a little while, with the warm bottles of hot water, etc., etc., natural heat seemed to return, and exhausted nature sank into a deep sleep.

Still Percy watched by her side, and after sleeping about forty-five minutes, she became restless; and muttering, called for her child, which woke her. Percy asked her if she recognized him, and if she felt better.

"Oh, yes, Percy. I'll be all right again. The way was so long, and it was so cold and stormy. I was only exhausted. I'll soon be all right now. I am not sick. But, my child," she exclaimed so earnestly as to startle Percy," my poor baby, where is my baby," and recovering her thoughts again she said, "Oh, my baby, Percy." I must go back to the hotel to my baby. Let me get up. Do, Percy, please. I must go back to baby."

"What hotel is baby at?" he asked. "I will go and bring it. You cannot leave here to-night."

"At the St. James, near the station," she replied, "and my valise is with it."

He hastily drew on his great-coat and leaving his sister to the tender care of Mrs. Dawson and her daughters, accompanied by the Major, who volunteered to go with him, they sallied forth. It was a wild night. The wind howled fiercely from the north; the snow which kept falling fast was driven in all directions by the wind. They made their way down the road to Yonge street and succeeded in catching the last car. How Percy shuddered at the thought of his poor sister being exposed on such a night. He could not divine the cause; it was a mystery to him yet.

They arrived at the hotel and enquiring for a baby left by a lady who had been seeking him, Percy Elliott, the anxious hotel people were much relieved to hear that she had found him out after all. They had tried in vain to dissuade her from attempting it on such a night, but she was desperate, and then they trembled lest she might have lost her way, and perished from cold and exposure.

The good landlady wrapped baby carefully up. Percy took it in his arms, Major Dawson carried the valise, and calling a sleigh, they were not long in reaching home with their precious burden. Mrs. Dawson took charge of baby. If an angel had arrived in that household it could not have received a warmer welcome than did that little one. The whole household vied with each other in attention to both child and mother.

Next day was Christmas. All Percy's engagements were cancelled, and the Dawson's, out of sympathy, spent a quiet day at home. Percy spent all day listening to his sister's story of grief and suffering. He was touched by her pleadings in favor of the man who had so cruelly wronged her. It was a woman's love—so tender, so forgiving. She had exposed her life to the wildest of storms, and a long and anxious journey, to ask his aid in behalf of her worthless husband. He must yield; he could not refuse her; but he was careful to let her know that it was for her sake and not his.

"For my dear baby's sake, then," she said; he nodded assent.

"And now," said he, "as soon as you are able we will start.

Meantime when Mrs. Blackstone was

missed from home, all sorts of wild rumors were set afloat as to the cause of her flight and whither. No one knew, so secret had she kept her intention.

Arthur Blackstone had plenty of time to get sober in his criminal cell. Whiskey is not a part of prison rations; but he grew quite nervous and restless; this was heightened by the absence of any news from his wife. He expected she would have frantically flown to the prison to see him and to seek his release. He was more puzzled than any one; his conscience condemned him; he grew more wretched daily. The gaol doctor was applied to for something to quiet his nerves and give sleep. A sleeping draught was ordered—morphia, chloral, and bromide of potassium, in full doses. Blackstone saw, as he thought, lots of company that night in his cell. More than he wished to see. Big devils and little ones, baboons, monkeys, snakes, lizards and many-headed monsters appeared before him; and amid the gloom he thought he saw a skeleton pointing its finger at him, and with its fiery eye balls glowing at him, shout, "Yes, you are the man, you did it, you brought me here: and so you're here at last, are you? All right, now here's for it, let's see which can torment the other most." And then she would scream at the top of her voice until all pandemonium seemed to ring with the sound, "Yes, you did it, 'twas you."

His attendants failed to quiet him with the dose of medicine ordered, and growing desperate he seized the bottle and drank it off. The bottle contained several doses. He soon sank into a heavy stentorous sleep, which seemed to grow more profound until the attendants, becoming alarmed, the doctor was summoned.

Seeing that it was a case of narcotism, he used every means to arouse the patient from his stupor and to counteract the effect of the drug he had taken. It was no use, the breathing became slower and deeper, the pulse grew weak, flickered, life trembled in the balance.

"No constitution; prostrated from drink," exclaimed the doctors, for by this time more had been summoned. The pulse grew fainter, the breathing weaker and slower, until about four in the morning it ceased altogether. And he was gone—dead! the brilliant student; the fascinating lawyer; the dissipated husband; the forger against his wife—gone, dead! in a felon's cell!—no friend or companion near—Oh! the desolation of that hour.

Next morning the obituary notice in the paper read: "Died, on Christmas night, in a felon's cell, ARTHUR BLACKSTONE, the once brilliant lawyer. Young men, take warning. A promising youth died in a drunkard's and felon's cell. This is drink's doings. God bless the Scott Act or any other act that would keep men sober."

The day after Christmas, being Saturday, Percy Elliott arranged for apartments on the Pullman for himself and sister to Montreal. Reaching there on Sunday morning, they were shocked to find crape on the door of the Blackstone mansion; the blinds down, and the whole place wearing a funereal look. Oh, 'tis a ruse against something, they thought; but on entering and enquiring what was the matter, imagine their surprise on being told that Arthur Blackstone, whom they had come to secure the release of from prison, had already been released by death, the work of his own hand, accidentally swallowing an over dose of medicine.

This was a new grief for poor Ruth, but her tears refused to flow, her eyes were as dry as the hearth stone in front of the grate there.

"Poor fellow," she exclaimed, "if he had only known what I was doing for him I would have been satisfied," she said. "He will now think he was deserted by all,

YOUNG FOLKS.

Double Boys.

I do not mean twin boys, two little brothers so nearly alike that friends can hardly tell them apart, but two very different boys in one little body. You never heard of such a thing and do not see how that can be.

Let me see. If I were to take a handful of almond nuts and sit down to crack them, with you all standing about me, by-and-by you would see two little kernels lying in one nut-shell. When I was a little girl I used to call such nuts philopenas. Do you?

Well, just as those two little kernels lie snugly together in one nut, which looks exactly the same as other nuts on the outside, so do two little spirits lie inside of your little bodies, making you double boys.

Now if you look at some of the philopena nuts you will see that the two kernels are pressed and crowded out of shape; one will often be much larger than the other, but neither will be of the smooth, oval shape that belongs to almond nuts. This is because they are crowded two in one shell that was meant to be the house for but one nut. The shell is only just large enough for one, and if there are two, you see they must push and press and crowd each other.

So each little boy was meant for one dear little boy, and if two boys try to live in it, don't you see they crowd and press each other so that neither is of a right and perfect shape?

Shall I tell you of some of these double boys among you? Here is Harry. He has a very sunny, happy boy living in him with such a cross fretful double. Some days the happy boy looks out through his eyes, talks in his voice, and sings in his laugh; then whatever mamma asks him to do or says he may not do, there rings out the pleasantest "All right." I think that is the happy boy's name. Other days nothing is all right, but lessons, work, brothers, playmates, play, even dear mamma herself, are all wrong. That is because Master Fret is the biggest and strongest boy on those days and happy All Right is crowded close against the wall and the sunshine is all squeezed out of him.

Frank has two boys also. One is a loud boy that stamps and shouts, bangs and slams in the house as well as out of doors. His mate is a quiet little gentleman who remembers that too much noise disturbs the busy or sick or nervous people in the house.

One of Robbie's boys is deaf and doesn't hear well when he is called to lessons or bidden to do some work or when Papa says, No. The other of that double boy answers so quickly, pleasantly, and politely when he is spoken to that everybody likes to have him around,

In Ned's body lives the laziest fellow, who growls out, "I can't," "Too much trouble,' "I don't feel like it;" then he yawns and stretches and says, "I'm so tired." Along with him lives an active, cheerful fellow who plays with all his might and main, and sometimes when it is study time sets at lessons with a will and is such a nice scholar.

Now is it not a pity to have two such different boys in one little body? Would it not be ever so much nicer to have only one, and that the better one, growing into the fairest and most perfect shape? I am sure you think it would, so I am going to tell you that each of you can help the boy you like best to grow so fast as to crowd the bad ugly fellow into such close quarter, that he will shrink up and grow smaller and smaller till there is almost nothing left of him

Don't you know sometimes you'll find in

We are One in God.

A FRAGMENT.

God is a Spirit
Everywhere,
In Earth, in Air,
On Land, on Sea,
Where fixed stars be,
Or planets shine;
Wide as His own eternity,
He reigns whom saints adore,
Eternal God for evermore,
The Pure, the Holy, the Divine.

The Spheres, that in their course
Obedient to His will
Roll on for-evermore;
The Mighty Laws of force,
That magnify His skill;
Each in their Treasure-store,
Hath God within; He reigns
Where harmony obtains.

The children of His grace,
Who joy to do His will;
Who, everywhere can trace
His handy-work and Skill;
In Him, where'er they dwell,
Find fellowship complete,
In unison, their praises swell,
Their Heavenly pulses beat.

A Curious Phenomenon.

The following account of a recent strange occurrence was published a few days ago in the *Scientific American*. The correctness of the statements are vouched for by Mr. Warner Cowgill, American Consul at Maracaibo, Venezuela. He says:—

"During the night of the 24th of October last, which was rainy and tempestuous, a family of nine persons, sleeping in a hut a few leagues from Maracaibo, were awakened by a loud humming noise and a vivid, dazzling light, which brilliantly illuminated the interior of the house.

The occupants, completely terror stricken, and believing, as they relate, that the end of the world had come, threw themselves on their knees and commenced to pray, but their devotions were almost immediately interrupted by violent vomitings, and extensive swellings commenced to appear in the upper part of their bodies, this being particularly noticeable about the face and lips.

It is to be noted that the brilliant light was not accompanied by a sensation of heat, although there was a smoky appearance and a peculiar smell.

The next morning the swellings had subsided, leaving upon the face and body large black blotches. No special pain was felt until the ninth day, when the skin peeled off, and these blotches were transformed into virulent raw sores.

The hair of the head fell off upon the side which happened to be underneath when the phenomenon occurred, the same side of the body being, in all nine cases, the more seriously injured.

The remarkable part of the occurrence is that the house was uninjured, all doors and windows being closed at the time.

No trace of lightning could afterward be observed in any part of the building, and all the sufferers unite in saying that there was no detonation, but only the loud humming already mentioned.

Another curious attendant circumstance is that the trees around the house showed no signs of injury, until the ninth day, when they suddenly withered, almost simultaneously with the development of the sores upon the bodies of the occupants of the house.

This is perhaps a mere coincidence, but it is remarkable that the same susceptibility to electrical effects, with the same lapse of time, should be observed in both animal and vegetable organisms.

I have visited the sufferers, who are now in one of the hospitals of this city; and although their appearance is truly horrible, yet it is hoped that in no case will the injuries prove fatal."

"Poor fellow, she exclaimed, "if he had only known what I was doing for him I would have been satisfied," she said. "He will now think he was deserted by all, even by me. Oh, my God, my burden is greater than I can bear. Lord help me to cherish his good deeds, forgetting the evil, and so fulfil the law of kindness."

The funeral took place next day. All present seemed struck with dumbness, gloom being over all the scene.

Were we not in a reflective mood, and a believer in Providence, we might not have indulged in such thoughts as "What a happy deliverance," "What a special providence," "How strangely evils work their own cure, sometimes."

It was a gloomy Christmas at the Elliott mansion, and yet it had ended in a feeling of intense relief. No one conjectured where Ruth had fled to or what had been the object of her sudden journey; but it had terminated better than they had dared to hope, and she had brought back Percy with her. Blackstone was buried and, let us hope, all the sorrows of which he was the author, with him. Let us hope, also, that his disastrous career, and unhappy end, may have a lesson in it for those who think they can succeed in life, with ability or brilliant talents, without good moral habits.

As for Ruth, some sympathized, some blamed, but those who knew her best, admired her heroism and self sacrificing devotion to a worthless man. As for her mother she had prayed and waited for the deliverance which had come at last. And now Cowper's beautiful hymn on Providence haunted her like an inspiration, and she wondered why she had never before seen so much beauty in it, and so she kept singing over and over again:

"God moves in a mysterious way
His wonders to perform,
He plants His footsteps on the sea,
And rides upon the storm.

"Deep in unfathomable mines
Of never failing skill
He treasures up His bright designs
And works His sovereign will.

"Ye fearful saints fresh courage take;
The clouds you so much dread
Are big with mercy and will break
In blessings on your head.

"Judge not the Lord by feeble sense,
But trust Him for His grace;
Behind a frowning providence
He hides a smiling face.

"His purposes will ripen fast,
Unfolding every hour,
The bud may have a bitter taste
But sweet will be the flower."

Ruth, too, seemed to have changed greatly in a short time. She had grown more self-reliant and hopeful; and her strength and health seemed to be returning. When she did allow herself to reflect upon the sad career of her late unfortunate husband, she had but one regret, she bemoaned the action of her friends that had thrown him into a felon's cell for her protection—rather all had gone than that should have occurred.

"I should have thanked God," she would sometimes say, "had his good name been restored before he died. I did all I could, but I was too late and but for a merciful providence would have perished in the attempt. Had he but known I was working for his freedom I should be better satisfied." Thus mourned a faithful wife for a dissolute husband and father.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Brilliant Prospects.

Worthless father—"What's the matter, Tommy?"

Tommy—"I havn't had anything to eat for two days, and I'm so hungry."

Worthless Father—"Never mind, Tommy; if I get time I'll whittle you out a bow and arrer for a New Year's gift."

that he will shrink up and grow smaller and smaller till there is almost nothing left of him

Don't you know sometimes you'll find in an almond shell a good, fair, whole nut and one tiny, little shrivelled up speck that hasn't had any chance to grow into a philopena? Now the nut-shell hasn't any power to control what is inside of it. God makes to grow in it what he likes, one or two kernels; but God has made you different and leaves it to you to help the inside boy to grow. By thinking and taking a little care you can hush that loud boy's voice and step so they will not annoy others and make you seem rude; you can cure that boy's deafness so he will hear every time he's spoken to. The lazy boy will wake up and stir himself if he is only managed right; and the merry, happy boy can just swallow Master Fret if he is only given half a chance.

Is it hard? Well, yes, of course! But hard things are what make men of boys, and you all want to be men, you know, just as soon as ever you can.

Mark Twain and the Conductor.

A good story that has not yet been printed is told of Mark Twain by a friend. It appears that last winter, having to fill a lecturing engagement in a western city, the humorist boarded a train that is noted for its slowness and is always avoided by regular travelers. But the lecturing committee had written to the humorist, agreeing to meet him at the depot upon the arrival of this train, and so he had no alternative. Two hours traveling, however, served to put Mark out of patience. Stopping the conductor as he passed through the car, Mark asked as civilly as he could: "Why don't you people run this train faster?" The conductor, ignorant of who his questioner was, rejoined: "It runs fast enough to suit us. If you don't like the rate of speed why don't you get out and walk?" "Well, I would," returned Mark, settling back in his seat, "but that some friends won't come to meet me until this train arrives, and I don't want to be waiting around the depot for two or three hours."

A Remarkably Sharp Witness.

Sam Johnsing, having attended a night school for a few weeks, believes that he is the smartest nigger in Austin. He was a witness in a burglary case, and created a sensation by his intelligence.

"Do you think you would recognize the burglar if you were to see him again?"

"Why, boss, of course I would."

"You are sure you would identify the thief if you were to see him again?"

"I tell you so ag'in. I'se not one of dese fool niggers what doesn't know nuffin.' I could 'dentify dat man eben if I nebber seed him ag'in. I don't hab ter see him ag'in to 'dentify him."

Of Course.

"If you had a note to pay to-day," he said as he sat in an insurance office looking straight at the agent, "and you had all the money but $5, would you ask a friend to lend it to you, or would you let your note go to protest and ruin your credit?"

"Let the note go to protest, of course!" was the prompt reply.

Then the clock ticked and ticked, and the noise of a hair falling to the floor sounded like a crow-bar, and the man with the note said he guessed it was going to snow, and the entrance of a couple of visitors mercifully permitted him to escape.

though their appearance is truly horrible, yet it is hoped that in no case will the injuries prove fatal."

No Light in the Window.

As the train sped along in the night, with drowsy passengers outstretched upon the seats, the conductor was observed frequently peering out of the frosty window into the darkness. The night was black, and nothing could be seen but a sheet of snow over the shadowy landscape, and yet the conductor shaded his eyes with his two hands and held his face—a weary looking face it was, too—close to the window-pane.

"Looking to see if your girl is awake yet?" inquired an inquisitive passenger, with a coarse laugh.

The conductor looked around and shuddered, as with a husky voice he replied simply, "yes."

And then the inquisitive passenger became garrulous and familiar. He sat down beside the conductor and poked him in the ribs as he lightly said: "Ah, I see. Going to get married and quit the road. Going to marry a farmer's daughter. Worth much?"

"She's worth a million to me."

Further remarks in a similar vain did the passenger make, but the conductor deigned no more replies. Suddenly the whistle of the locomotive gave a long, low moan, the conductor stuck his eyes still closer to the window, seemed to fasten his gaze upon some object in the darkness, and then fell back in his seat with a cry of despair upon his lips.

The passengers gathered round to inquire the nature of the trouble, when the brake man assisted his chief to rise and led him into the baggage car. The conductor's face was as white as the snow-banks which fringed the iron roadway, and his eye was a look of tearless grief.

"Poor Sam!" said the brakeman, upon his return; "it's a bad night for him. Four weeks his little girl had been ill. Night after night he was at her bed, but then she got better and he came back to his train. He arranged with his wife that if all was well with the little one she'd display a lighted lamp right in the window of the sick-room. The boys all knew it, and every night we looked for the light almost as eagerly as Sam himself. He lives by the side of the track back a few miles—and to-night there was no light in the window for Sam."
—*Chicago Herald.*

A Colossal Liar.

I think lying is older than gambling. The primordial protoplasmal globule lied, I believe. In old Olympus the gods lied like pirates, and if you read mythology you'll find that Jupiter had to lie to Juno nearly every night. And she caught him out nearly every time. Juno was a rustler. I don't believe lying ever reached such absolute perfection as in a man who came on the overland with a friend of mine lately. He could not be beaten, on any proposition. They got talking about gold mines, and the Californian thought he knew a good deal about that subject. The stranger was a mine owner.

"You should see my Peruvian mines," said the traveler. "That's the place where they have gold. I've seen specimens—specimens that ran up into the hundreds of thousands."

"Well," said the Californian, "I have myself a specimen of pure virgin gold."

"My dear boy, I've a hundred specimens that beat virgin gold."

"Say!" said the Californian, "In your travels did you ever hear of a man named Baron Munchausen?"

"Oh yes. He owns the next claim to me."

RIFT AND SPRAY;

OR,

LOVE AND VENGEANCE AMONG THE SMUGGLERS.

THE MOST FASCINATING OCEAN ROMANCE SINCE THE DAYS OF COOPER AND MARYATT.

CHAPTER XX.—TO THE RESCUE.

We left Captain Morton, of the Nautilus yacht, in the honest and sympathizing society of Admiral Clifford. Between them had sprung up a friendly feeling, such as was more than likely to unite men of equal generosity of soul. A hidden community of feeling—of which they could hardly be said to be fully aware as yet—more firmly united them together; and as they listened to the guns from the Spray, which announced her entrance to port, each seemed to look at the other, as if he would say:

"These sounds are interesting in some way to both of us, because they will be interesting, certainly, to one."

But a great change was about to take place in the mode of proceeding of the two officers in their search for the daughter of Captain Morton—a change which no longer in any way necessitated that assistance which the admiral had suggested.

That change was brought about in this way: During the slight pause that ensued while they listened to the guns of the Spray in the offing, a miserably clad woman came up to the admiral and put into his hand a folded paper, which he at once without opening, returned to her, with a shilling on the top of it, as he said·

"My good woman, I dare say it is all here, and you are very badly off. But I am not able to give more, because I am forced to give so often."

"I do not want charity," she said.

"Then what is it?"

"Read that, sir."

The admiral opened the letter, and read the following words:

"If ever it should happen, while I am away on a cruise, that any inquiry is made about either of the children, it will be safer to make away with them, than allow any one to get them from you. I have, as you know, full confidence in you and although, of course, the girl is of very little consequence to me and my project, compared with the boy, still I will not have her go; and I would rather hear that she was dead, than that she had got away. Besides, she knows too much now and is clever far beyond her years, as you well know. Take her to the cave at once, on the least alarm, and do not let her stir till it is so completely over that there can be no danger. There is however, not much chance of any stir being made about her, since the American ship was never spoken of; and I believe that she was the only living soul saved from it. So now, Wagner, I beg of you to be very discreet indeed. I will take Gerald with me next cruise and that will be the last, as I hear the port admiral is on the lookout for the Rift. I sent this by Bowline, who will call at the cottage to see you about other matters."

"What is all this about?" said Admiral Clifford.

"You have read it?" said the woman.

"I have."

"Then read it to me, sir."

The admiral did so; and then the woman clapped her hands and said

"That is it; I know now. That's what makes madam such a fine lady, that she can't so much as say "sit down" to her

arm of the admiral as in accents of deep emotion he said:

"My child! my child! my own dear little one! At once, at once I will go. I ask for no help, for no assistance; for I feel that there is danger to my darling's life. I shall now seek her alone, admiral. This cottage, I will go to it at once; she may be there. I know the cottages on the beach; I will seek her there now, on the moment."

"Stay," said the admiral. "The cottages you speak of are not those you will have to seek. A boat will be your best conveyance to those in the occupation of the fisherman. I have heard of this man Dolan."

"Yes, my dear friend. God bless you for all your help and sympathy! A boat! I will go in a boat at once."

"Avast heaving, admiral!" said the sailor. "Here's Captain Grey and some of his quarter deck big guns, sir."

"Captain Gray? Oh! Captain the Honorable Minto Grey!" said the admiral, with a slightly perceptible smile. "We shall hear something now of the cruise of the Spray."

The noble captain of the Spray had landed, and was with a look of intense ennui, slowly approaching where stood Admiral Clifford and Captain Morton. The lieutenant of the Spray was close to his captain. When sufficiently near to do so with effect, the Hon. Minto Grey put up to his eye—where he at once fixed it by muscular contraction—a glass, and took a good look at the admiral.

"'Pon life," he said, "it's the old commodore."

"Yes, sir—the port admiral," said the lieutenant.

"What a providence!—seems no end of bother. Well, admiral that's over. Sunk the Rift."

"Sunk her?"

"Oh, yes! Rather a low affair, ah. To London, now as fast as post horses can take me."

"Sunk the Rift have you, Captain Grey?"

"Oh, yes. It's in the log."

"Oh!"

"Yes, ah. Quite a trouble, but it's in the log. Where's the log, Mr. Green—eh? The log."

"Here sir."

"Oh! Well let the admiral have the log. Haul down my flag on board the Spray. I'm off. Good-day, admiral—by-by! Ah, what a fatigue! That's over"

The Honorable Minto Grey strolled slowly away, leaving the lieutenant with the ships log-book in his hands, which he had taken from a sailor who had followed with it from the boat.

"The puppy!" said Admiral Clifford.

The lieutenant coughed.

"Oh, I beg your pardon, sir!"

The lieutenant bowed.

"I shall be happy to see you to dinner, sir, and then you can tell me more than captain Grey seems inclined to do of the [illegible]."

The lieutenant coughed again.

"You look, sir, as if there were some mystery in this affair. What is it?"

"The log-book, admiral, states that the Rift is sunk, under fire from the guns of

the extent of the cavernous recess was to that amount increased.

And against the covering of the sea-cave, where rode the Rift so securely, came the lashing tide, and a deep, misty gloom settled upon the face of the sea and the darkness was thick and palpable.

The smuggler and pirate felt that the authority was no longer of the character it had been among the lawless men he commanded and he had an appreciation of the necessity for conciliation.

It was, then, with such an idea that he called aloud to the crew of the Rift after the departure of Gerald from the vessel.

"Forward, all hands—forward! I have a something to say which may be for the good of all."

"You know my men," said Dolan, "that we have a prisoner on board the Rift."

"Aye, aye," was the cry. And a dark, scowling look came over the faces of some of them; for, contemporaneous with the thought of the possession of that prisoner, came the idea of the necessity of getting rid of him.

"You all know," added Dolan, "who that prisoner is."

"Aye, aye—the French captain!"

"Yes, the French captain. Now, my men, Captain Mocquet knows by this time a great deal about us."

"Death! death!" cried several.

"And Captain Mocquet is a rich man. There can be no doubt but that if we set a handsome value on his life he would pay it. Why should he not pay it?"

The crew were silent They did not fully comprehend the scope of Dolan's remarks.

"I mean," he added, "that if we let him go free we ought to be paid."

"Aye, aye," cried several.

"And as we are about to separate and give up this little confederation—as you are all about to leave me, each taking his share of the plunder and the profit of our cruises, why, such profit may as well be increased by a good round sum from the Frenchman.

"I propose, then, that he be ered his life for a hundred thousand francs."

"How much is that?" growled one.

"Five thousand pounds!"

Several of the crew whistled.

"Well, if you think it too much, we will say half that sum; but I am sure he is rich, and can pay whatever amount we want of him."

"And if he won't pay?" said Martin.

"Then I should say, for the general safety, hang him!"

"Belay there, mates!" said Martin, as there arose an angry growl from the crew. "The general safety won't be a bit better if he does pay the money; because then, you see, mates, he can go away at once."

"Oh, no!" said Dolan.

"Then, mayhap, captain, you will say what he is to pay the money for?"

"Aye, aye! Old Martin is right. What an out-and-out sea lawyer he is, to be sure!" said one.

"We can still keep him," said Dolan, "until we are dispersed; and anything he might say or do would be of no consequence to us."

"Mayhap, then," added Martin, "we can do that in any case; and then you see, mates, you wouldn't foul your hands and your souls with a useless murder?"

"You are a mutinous rascal!" cried Dolan. "My men, I call upon you to seize this fellow; he is a spy—he will betray you some day!"

No one stirred.

Old Martin looked as calm as possible, and then he said:

"Why, you see, mates, if I was what the captain says, and if I meant anything wrong to you all I should keep a smooth, civil tongue in my head; but you know, and he

clapped her hands and said

"That is it; I know now. That's what makes madam such a fine lady, that she can't so much as say, "sit down," to her poor sister. I thought as much!"

"What do you mean?"

"Why, that my sister, Mrs. Wagner, is carrying on affairs for Captain Dolan, to be sure, of the Rift, and that this letter, which I put in my pocket when she was not looking, is from him, and means that the little girl is to be murdered some day if anybody comes to look after her. I only asked her for a few pounds to take me to Gibraltar, where my husband is—he's a soldier; but she turned me out of her cottage, and I saw this letter, with just the corner of it peeping out of a closed door, so I dragged it out and brought it with me. And I know that Captain Dolan is a smuggler, and not a bit a fisherman."

"But what child—what little girl do you talk of?" said Captain Morton, with emotion.

"Oh! She told me about that long ago; it was saved from an American ship. She sha'n't turn her back on me for nothing. You had better, sir, as you are a great admiral, go and rout out Dolan; for I tell you he's a smuggler, and the Rift goes out smuggling—not fishing. And then there's an end to your airs and graces, Madam Wagner! Hoity-toity! indeed—not so much as 'you are welcome for a day or two, sister.'"

"Woman," cried Captain Morton, "you have said too much and too little."

"What do you mean, sir? You are hurting my arm."

"I do not mean to hurt you; but if you will answer me what I shall ask of you, I will give you the money you want to join your husband at Gibraltar."

"It's three pounds, sir."

"There are five. Now tell me where this Mrs. Wagner is to be found."

"In one of the cottages, sir, on the beach. In Dolan's cottage you will be sure to find her or Mrs. Green."

"Mrs. Green!—who is she?"

"Oh! very old, indeed. She minds the cottage while Mrs. Wagner is away."

"Away where?"

"That she never would tell me. But I know that she and Dolan and all the smugglers have got somewhere to go to that they can hide in, and where nobody can find them. I'll teach her to show me the door! Who's she, I wonder? Let a beggar on horseback! Oh! indeed!—and her fine carriages too, bobbing about? Hoity-toity! a great madam we are!"

"But the child—the girl!" cried Captain Morton; "what of her?"

"Well, sir, I don't know anything more of her but that she is with Mrs. Wagner."

"At the cottage?"

"To be sure."

"You saw her?"

"Well, no; she was not there, but that's where she was a year ago."

"You saw her, then?"

Captain Morton's voice was almost choked with emotion.

"To be sure."

"And she was—that is, was she very beautiful, with fair hair, inclined to auburn, and long lashes? She—she had a very sweet smile—so light, so gentle; and her eyes—something sad about the eyes, I think."

"Well, I think yes; and I saw the corals."

"The what?—the corals?—a necklace. Bracelets, jagged, natural corals that the child wore when the ship was wrecked. The snaps were rough Indian gold."

"Yes, I saw them, and a fan made of feathers, which was found in a box that came ashore after the wreck, Mrs. Wagner said."

Captain Morton leaned heavily upon the

"You look, sir, as if there were some mystery in this affair. What is it?"

"The log-book, admiral, states that the Rift is sunk, under fire from the guns of the Spray."

"Well, sir, I suppose there can be no mistake about that?"

"I hope not, admiral; but if you will permit me to go on board the Spray again, and continue the cruise, I shall feel greatly indebted to you, sir."

The admiral bit his lip.

"Now, is not this too bad!" he said. "I ask for a vessel on a special mission and they give me one with such a commander as—as that—"

The admiral pointed to the retreating lounging figure of the Honorable Minto Grey who was making his way to the principal hotel as quickly as was consistent with the lazy habits he usually indulged in.

"Very well, sir," added the admiral. "Then go on board the Spray and take the command as from me. Do your duty, sir. It is not for me to do so serious a thing as question the logbook of Captain Grey; but go, you, sir, and do your duty."

The lieutenant bowed.

"I shall be glad to have a report from you, sir, whenever you please; and if you want any stores, you can have them, sir!"

"We want nothing, sir; and I have the honor to bid you good morning, sir!"

"Good morning! Captain Morton! Eh!—what?"

"Went off, admiral, in full sail," said the sailor servant. "Clapped on ever such a lot of extra canvass when he got to the corner, and went before the wind, sir."

"And that woman—where is she?"

"Nor'-nor'-west, sir. Tacked up Albion street, sir, and got somehow into port; for I didn't see no more of her."

"Well, well. No doubt we shall soon hear something more of Captain Morton. He seems a noble fellow."

"As true a seaman, admiral, as ever stepped between stem and stern. There, sir—there lies his little craft! the Nautilus, sir. Ain't she shapshape? Hilloa!"

There was evidently some movement on board the Nautilus. In another moment, as if some sea-bird had spread its wings, a streak of snow-white canvas fluttered aloft. Then a small boat might have been seen dancing over the water. Captain Morton was going on board his yacht.

At the same moment another boat was, at an angle from that one, making for the Spray, which had not dropped her anchor, but stood off and on in the roads.

Lieutenant Green was going to take his new command.

Bang! went a gun from the Nautilus; and the admiral accepted the salute as a "good-day to you, dear friend," from Captain Morton.

"Good fortune attend him!" he cried "He is a gallant fellow."

The stars and stripes, then, of the United States flag flew out from the Nautilus; and she went on her way, like a sea-bird, toward the cottages that had been indicated as those in which Dolan and Mrs. Wagner had their abode.

CHAPTER XXI.—The Pirates Divide Their Plunder.

There is a heavy roll of sea up the English channel and against the chalky ramparts of old England the waves beat tumultuously, rushing back in foam and with sounds resembling the boom of artillery in the distance.

And into the cavernous recesses of the old cliffs, with a hissing vehemence, went the salt ooze, dashing into every crevice and bringing away chalk and flintstones to add to the debris at the bottom of the sea, while

"Why, you see, mates, if I was what the captain says, and if I meant anything wrong to you all I should keep a smooth, civil tongue in my head; but you know, and he knows, that it is not true. All I have to say is that it's a sad and horrid thing to kill the Frenchman. You will say, some of you, he is only a Frenchman. I know that; but, poor man, that's his misfortune, not his fault."

"Good," said several of the crew.

"I propose, then," said Dolan, "that Captain Mocquet be offered life for fifty thousand francs—death, if he refuse! Who says ay to that?"

"Ay, ay!" cried several voices.

Then old Martin dipped his hands in the water and shook them over its surface.

"Look, you mates!" he said; "you know, some of you, what that means? It's a sailor's way of saying he washes his hands of that affair! Some of you have said ay to it; I say no?"

"Come on board, all of you," said Dolan. "It is one for all, now, and all for one. Let the boats drift."

One of the boats was made fast to a ring-bolt in the side of the cavern, and the rest were let float about, attached to it by the tow ropes, how they pleased.

"Bring him up," said Dolan. "Off with the main hatch!"

The order was obeyed; and then Dolan slowly crept away from the hatchway; for he knew not but that the first object that might meet his gaze would be the fair young face of that (as he believed) drowned girl, who had terrified him in the cabin; so that he would not have descended to it again for the whole sum he had just mentioned as Captain Mocquet's ransom.

"Ahoy!" cried Bowline down the hatchway. "Come up, you mounseer. Come up, will you? Ahoy!"

No one came.

"Very good," said Dolan; "go and fetch him."

"I are here!" said Captain Mocquet, looking pale and wan, as he appeared above the hatchway—"I are here. What for to go do you want of me?"

"Close the hatch," said Dolan.

The hatch was closed; and then Captain Mocquet uttered a kind of sigh of relief. His heart was in the cabin of the Rift, with his darling child.

"What want you at me?"

"Look you here, Captain Mocquet," said Dolan, "you are in our hands; you know now the secret of our cavern—at least, you will be able to guess it. You are dangerous to us; therefore—"

"Arretez. Monsieur Capitaine," said Mocquet, "I shall tell you. I, as one prisoner, was obliged here. I do not come (what you call him?) my own self, but unwillingly."

"That may be true enough, but it is the fortune of war."

"War? Non! Bah!"

"In a word, then, Captain Mocquet, we intend to hang you! Do you comprehend that?"

The French captain slightly bowed his head.

"I was to know," he said, "that to be one smuggler was to go by the custom-house—was to not pay what you call the duties—eh bien. That was little. I am for the trade free, on the shore of all nation, the goods of all nation, and the high bidders shall buy him. Bien! I care not for one smuggle. I place my hand on what you say one stomach—que dites-vous en Anglaise—no stomach? Stomach! ah, non—on my heart. I place my hand on my heart and I say to him, be tranquille—soyez tranquille—I say to him soyez tranquille, and smuggle! Bah!"

"But what's all that to us?" growled Bowline.

"I shall say to you what you call clear to the most mean and despicable capacity."

"Well, that's civil."

"Mais, as I say, I smuggle; but when I smuggle I do not cut de troat—coupez la—bah! bah! I will promise, parole d'honneur, I will not say of this place, or of anything; but I will go free, and I will have no more to deal with the Rfft."

"That won't do," said Dolan.

Captain Mocquet shrugged his shoulders and his hand shook as it rested on the hatchway. He knew he was—supposing a direct line could be drawn from him to her—about sixfeet from the heart of his Maria.

"Listen, n " added Dolan. "We in tend to divide our gains and to disperse. Pay us—give us an order on some one in France and when we get the money for it—an order for fifty thousand francs—and I say when we get the money for it you will be free."

"Ah, you disperse—you smuggle no more—and the Rift—the cutter—the Rift?"

"That we shall take to some port and sell."

The countenance of the French captain brightened up, but his hand trembled still more as he said hurriedly:

"Bien, you sell him. I buy—I buy of you all the Rift. I give you fifty thousand francs for the Rift and for my life. I take him—I sail away wid him. I say bon soir, messieurs—I say no more. I buy him and give the order on the bank at Havre. I have spoke, mes amis. It shall be—eh? Eh?"

"That's fair!" cried Martin again.

"No," said Dolan. "I won't part with the Rift."

Mocquet's countenance fell.

"She's mine," added Dolan.

"Oh, no—no! Dieu merci! No—no!"

"Why, what's the matter with you now?" growled Bowline. "The rope is not round your neck yet, mounseer!"

"You will not sell to me the cutter?"

"No; I will not sell the cutter to any one," said Dolan, "at present. I will take another thought about that; and if I do sell her, it will be for more than you say. You offer nothing.

"Bien! nothing?'

"Nothing. The fifty thousand francs are for your life. You offer nothing for the cutter."

"Ah, I see. I shall give—what shall I give? I shall give fifty thousand more for the cutter."

"That's a good offer," said Bowline.

Dolan was silent.

"Hark you, captain," said Martin. "that's fair, and my mates right and left of me think it so. They fancy it will be a good round sum to divide among us along with what you have got to give us as well.

"Be it so," said Dolan, briefly.

A flush of color came to the face of Mocquet, and clutching the hatchway, he said:

"Then he is mine—mine, and no one dare—no one shall go! Hush! Bah! I shall say too much. I will buy him, then, one hundred thousand francs for life and the Rift?"

"Yes."

"I shall write one order; and I shall promise that one seal is on my lip—one seal.'

"What does he mean?" said Bowline.

"He means that he will be secret," said Dolan.

"Oui—yes—secret. I will never—never say one word of the place, nor of the cruises of the Rift—never—never!"

"Lights closer here!" said Dolan.

Several flaming flambeaux were now brought close to the little group on the deck of the cutter, and Dolan, turning to Bowline, said:

"Go below; in my cabin you will find pens and ink and paper."

Some More Prehistoric Houses.

Dr. Schliemann, accompanied by his wife, has left Athens for a voyage up the Nile as far as the second cataract. He hopes to be able to begin excavations in Crete in the spring, on his return from Egypt.

Originally he had intended resuming his work at Mykene, in the hope of discovering the palace of the Atreidæ. His calculation was that about one hundred laborers would be necessary, during three years, for removing the accumulated debris in the acropolis and in the lower town. However, the Greek Archæological Society resolved upon taking the matter in hand, and has been engaged on the work since June last. Owing to the small number of laborers employed (sixteen) the work has gone on slowly. No gold ornaments have been found except a gold wire in spirals. The surmise that a prehistoric building would come to light has been verified.

On this subject Dr. Schliemann writes to a friend: "A fortnight ago I was at Mykene, and I have convinced myself that on the summit of the rock the foundations of the prehistoric edifice have really been found. But they have afterward been altered and evidently used for a Doric structure—probably a temple. The prehistoric building seems to have been the old palace. Of the walls no trace is preserved. On the other hand, at the south side below the summit, one-half of a hall and a little room have been brought to light which seem to belong to the old palace—all the more so as in the hall itself one-half of a round hearth, exactly as in Troy and Tiryns, is preserved.

"Of the walls of this hall, and of the little room also, a portion still exists. The walls have the same style of building as those of the Tirynthian Palace; that is, they consist of a lower part of quarry stone and clay, and above of sun-bricks; and they are first covered with a thick layer of clay dressing, and then with a wall-dressing of lime. This palace has also been destroyed by fire; and the heat was so fierce that nothing has been preserved of the wall paintings *in situ*. In the rubbish, however, several pieces of painted wall plastel were found. I also found some such at Mykene in 1876."

No further excavations have been made on the slope of the castle rock. On the lower terrace, where the laborers were afterwards set to work—that is, to the right of Dr. Schliemann's former excavations—a small house with three little rooms was discovered. In the largest of these the fireplace is in the centre (as is always the case), and in good preservation. With the exception of some fragments of terra cotta vases and idols, no finds dating back to a prehistoric epoch have been made. A Doric capital was found, which seems to belong to the later building on the summit of the rock.

How Iron Breaks.

Hundreds of existing railway bridges which carry twenty trains a day with perfect safety would break down quickly under twenty trains per hour. This fact was forced on my attention nearly twenty years ago, by the fracture of a number of iron girders of ordinary strength, under a five-minute train service. Similarly, when in New York last year, I noticed, in the case of some hundreds of girders on the elevated railway, that the alternate thrust and pull on the central diagonals from trains passing every two or three minutes had developed weaknesses which necessitated the bars being replaced by stronger ones after very short service. Somewhat the same thing had to be done recently with a bridge over the river Trent, but the train service being small, the life of the bars was measured by years instead of months. If ships were always

A Pretty Woman's Secret.

Fear of discovery, when she resorts to false hair and dyes, is a source of constant anxiety to her. The very persons from whom she most desires to hide the waning of her charms are the ones most likely to make the discovery. But there is no reason why she should not regain and retain all the beauty of hair that was her pride in youth. Let her use AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, and, not only will her hair cease to fall out, but a new growth will appear where the scalp has been denuded; and locks that are turning gray, or have actually grown white, will return to their pristine freshness and brilliance of color. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR cures

Hereditary Baldness.

GEORGE MAYER, *Flatonia, Texas*, was bald at 23 years of age, as his ancestors had been for several generations. One bottle of HAIR VIGOR started a growth of soft, downy hair all over his scalp, which soon became thick, long, and vigorous.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

is *not a dye*, but, by healthful stimulation of the roots and color glands, speedily restores to its original color hair that is

Turning Gray.

MRS. CATHERINE DEAMER, *Point of Rocks, Md.*, had her hair suddenly blanched by fright, during the late civil war. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR restored it to its natural color, and made it softer, glossier, and more abundant than it had been before.

Scalp Diseases

Which cause dryness, brittleness, and falling of the hair, dandruff, itching, and annoying sores, are all quickly cured by AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. It cured HERBERT BOYD, *Minneapolis, Minn.*, of intolerable **Itching of the Scalp**; J. N. CARTER, JR., *Occoquan, Va.*, of **Scald Head**; MRS. D. V. S. LOVELACE, *Lovelaceville, Ky.*, of **Tetter Sores**; MISS BESSIE H. BEDLOE, *Burlington, Vt.*, of **Scalp Disease** and **Dandruff**. Torpidity of the roots of the hair, which, if neglected, may result in incurable baldness, is readily cured by AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. As

A Toilet Luxury

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR has no equal. It is colorless, cleanly, delightfully perfumed, and has the effect of making the hair soft, pliant, and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

FOR

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

FLOUR AND FEED

BE SURE TO CALL AT

J. F. SMITH'S

Old Reliable House,

BRISCO HOUSE BLOCK.

The Best Goods in the Market, only the Lowest Prices and

brought close to the little group on the deck of the cutter, and Dolan, turning to Bowline, said :

"Go below ; in my cabin you will find pens, and ink and paper."

"Ay, ay."

"I saw him !" shrieked Mocquet. "I saw him, sacre Dieu ! I saw him myself !"

"Saw who ?"

(TO BE CONTINUED)

ETIQUETTE NOTES.

Say *woman* or *lady*, not "*female*," when speaking of a girl or woman.

Take off your overcoat and overshoes and leave them in the hall before entering a parlor.

In introductions gentlemen are presented to ladies ; young men to older men ; young women to older ones.

Do not tilt your chair, sit on it in an easy position., keeping your feet as quiet as possible, also your hands. Both may of course be moved quietly, but not so frequently as to attract notice. Above all, do not lounge or take ungainly attitudes. If you must do this, do it in your own room, where you will annoy no one.

The following are from a very sensible little manual written by a well known literary man, and entitled "Don't" :

"Don't repeat the scandals and malicious rumors of the hour."

"Don't discuss equivocal people or broach topics of questionable propriety."

"Don't be witty at another's expense ; don't ridicule anyone ; don't infringe in any way the harmony of the company."

"Don't be longwinded. When you have a story to tell, do not go into every detail and branch off at every word—be direct, compact, clear, and get to the point as soon as possible."

"Don't cling to one subject ; don't talk about matters that people generally are not interested in ; don't, in short, be a bore."

An Auction Story.

The auction is a mine for story-tellers, and the tale which follows is a good one, which will not be hurt by prefacing it with another. In a college recitation the professor, a dignified man of few words, had asked a question relating to the reign of Charles I. of England. The student answered without hesitation, and his answer was wrong.

"In the year 1618," he said.

"Impossible," said the professor, "Charles was not yet king."

"1619," ventured the student, who knew he was working in the right direction.

The professor shook his head.

"1620," the student advanced.

"No," said the instructor, without looking up.

"Twenty-one."

Raising his eyes from the desk to the student, who was becoming conscious of his ridiculous position, the dignified professor said slowly and with some severity,

"*Mr. Sanford, are you at an auction ?*"

Mr. Sanford resumed his seat amid a roar of laughter, and the profesor called for another victim.

Six million barrels of beer are consumed annually in this city, at a cost to the consumers of at least $80,000,000. Since more than half the population never drink beer at all, those who do average over $100 a year apiece for it, even allowing, as the *Sun* suggests, that the people who come from out of town drink a good deal of it. This seems rather an expensive luxury.—*N. Y. Mail and Express.*

be done recently with a bridge over the river Trent, but the train service being small, the life of the bars was measured by years instead of months. If ships were always among great waves, the number going to the bottom would be largely increased. It appears natural enough to every one that a piece, even of the toughest wire, should be quickly broken if bent backward and forward to a sharp angle ; but perhaps only to locomotive and marine engineers does it appear equally natural that the same result would follow in time if the bending were so small as to be quite imperceptible to the eye. A locomotive crank-axle bends but one-eighty-fourth inch, and a straight driving-axle a still smaller amount, under the heaviest bending stresses to which they are subject, and yet their life is limited. During the year 1883 one iron axle in fifty broke in running, and one in fifteen was renewed in consequence of defects. Taking iron and steel axles together, the number then in use on the railways of the United Kingdom was 14,848, and of these 911 required renewal during the year. Similarly, during the past three years no less than 228 ocean steamers were disabled by broken shafts, the average safe life of which is said to be about three or four years. Experience has proven that a very moderate stress, alternately from tension to compression, if repeated about 100,000,000 times, will cause fracture as surely as a bending to an angle repeated only ten times.

Minnie Lee.

BY J. R. WILKINSON.

I shall never see thee more, Minnie Lee,
Minnie Lee, with the gold brown hair ;
And thy violet eyes, so sweet and pure,
And thy face so wondrous fair.
I've loved thee long, and well, Minnie Lee,
But the dream was all in vain ;
And the busy years that drift away
Have left a weary ceaseless pain.

Do you remember a time, Minnie Lee,
When we wandered hand in hand
By a silver stream in the fair sunlight,
That wound through a summer land ?
The world was glad and bright, Minnie Lee,
Mantled in wondrous bloom
Of beautiful waves of foliage and flowers,
And laden with rich perfume.

The emerald fields stretched far away,
In the mellow, rosy rays ;
And the crown of the distant hills was lost
In a purple and golden haze.
The soft south wind toyed with thy hair,
And sighed among the flowers ;
And wandering on o'er the billowy lea,
Was lost in woodland bowers.

Ah ! sweetly, and gladly the song birds sung,
Aye, thrillingly glad and free ;
And gazing enrapt on thee, I knew
That time was Heaven to me.
But the summer passed and changes came
O'er the face of the world so wide ;
And an iron hand pressed cold on my heart,
And banished me from thy side.

I never shall see thee more, Minnie Lee,
And I'm tired and sad to-day ;
And longing for rest and finding none,
As the years drift slowly away.
I bow my head and the tears fall fast,
And my soul is heavy with pain ;
I can only see the gathering gloom,
My prayer was all in vain.

Just the Man He Wanted.

A burglar, who was doing a neat job on a large safe, was horrified, on looking up, to see a man standing quietly beside him. He was about to retire, when the gentleman said :

"Go ahead. I am interested in that job."

"Why ?" asked the astonished burglar.

"Because I have forgotten the combination, and no person living knew it but myself. If you can get that safe open, I'll make it worth your while."

The Best Goods in the Market, only the Lowest Prices and goods exactly as represented

ARE CHARACTERISTICS OF HIS DEALINGS.

The Celebrated Bathbun Strong Baker's Flour always in stock, $2.25 per cwt.

CHOICE TEAS & COFFEES

Granulated	Sugar,	14	lbs.	for	$1.00.
Best Light	"	15	"	"	"
Medium Light	"	16	"	"	"
Light Brown	"	17	"	"	"

J. F. SMITH,

Brisco House Block.

F. F. MILLER, B.A., Sc.,

CIVIL ENGINEER,

Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c.

OFFICE—Miller's Block, Dundas st., Napanee

10-1y

FRIENDSHIP.

BY JOHN IMRIE, TORONTO.

Friendship ! thou holy bond that binds my heart
To others that to mine seem counterpart,—
Love-giving, yet love-getting all the more,
Thus daily adding to our mutual store
Of kindly deeds and words, each thought and look
As readable and clear as printed book ;
Enjoyable in life's gay, golden hour,
Yet doubly so when clouds of trial lower ;
Then closer draw, as lambs do in the fold,
To gather heat, and 'scape the rain and cold;
Till warmth and sunshine take the place of rain,
Then off to gambol on the hills again !
h ! Friendship ! thou art like a golden chain,
Each link a friend—each friend a golden gain !

An Electrical Crematorv.

An electrical crematory is said by the Philadelphia *Ledger* to have been devised by a process described as follows : The body, being shrouded in sheets made of asbestos, is laid upon a frame composed of firebrick, while at the head and foot are large copper plates, to which the leads from specially constructed dynamos of large electromotive force are attached. The body apparently occupies the position of the filament in an incandescent lamp, and, upon the current being passed through it, would be instantly carbonized ; while, as the air would have free excess to it, the process of destruction, or rather decomposition would be immediate. This process appears to have the recommendation of great rapidity of action, and freedom from many of the objections to cremation in the ordinary way, and admits of several little improvements upon all recognized forms of burial.

STOVES.

STOVES.

I have now in stock the largest and best assortment of

Coal Cooking Stoves

AND RANGES.

Wood Cooking Stoves,

Coal Heating Stoves,

WITH AND WITHOUT OVENS.

Parlor Stoves for Wood

And Box Stoves

IN NAPANEE.

Do not fail to see my stock before buying.

22ly **R. G. WRIGHT**

SAVINGS BANK

—BRANCH OF THE—

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE.

Deposits taken of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required.

WALTER DARLING,

OFFICE: MARKET SQUARE. 43ly AGENT.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

in the interest of

D. W. ALLISON

will be held as follows:

NAPANEE—Central Committee Rooms Every evening.

SOUTH FREDERICKSBURGH, No. 1, at Cyrus Allison's, on Monday evening, January 31st, at 7 o'clock.

SWITZERVILLE School House, Friday evening, Feb. 4th, at 7 o'clock.

Let every worker be present.

C. J. CURLETTE, Secretary. S. GIBSON, President.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JAN. 28, 1887

D. W. Allison's Committee Rooms are in the building lately occupied by W. A. Rose, opposite the Cornell House. Anyone wanting information about the voter's lists can receive it by calling at the rooms. Parties from the country will do well to drop in when in town.

Work! Work!! Let every Reformer buckle on the armor for the next twenty-six days

the lives of some of our countrymen had been taken did Sir John A. Macdonald's government move; then they did that, which if done a few days sooner, would have saved much bloodshed. Here is the opinion of Mr. Blake, Canada's greatest statesman, of the men who so neglected their duty:—"In the Commons House of Parliament I have told these men face to face, that before God and man I hold them responsible for every drop of blood spilled, every pang suffered, every dollar of treasure spent, all our loss of reputation, all our blasted hopes, because of this rebellion."

100 per year has been the average increase to the staff of civil service employees during the past seven years. When the Tory party assumed control in 1878, they complained that the number of employees—480—was too great. According to the Tory rule of reduction the figures 480 in seven years was changed to 1180. The hard working people of Lennox are reminded that these 1180 persons, whose office hours on an average are not more than five hours per day, are paid by the taxpayers of the county. Here is a comparative statement of the employees in 1878, during the Mackenzie regime, and in 1885, under Sir John.

Departments.	1878.	1885.
Gov.-General's office.....	11	13
Privy Council office.....	12	28
Department of Justice.....	12	20
Militia and Defence.....	32	33
Secretary of State's depar'mt	36	58
Department of Interior.....	41	254
Departm't of Indian Affairs..	None	43
Auditor-General's office.....	None	23
Finance department.....	57	50
Department of Customs.....	27	34
Departm't of Inland Revenue	28	34
Department of Public Works	31	148
Departm't of Rail'ys & Canals	None	81
Post-Office department.....	110	191
Department of Agriculture .	40	127
Departm't of Mar. and Fish's	28	33
Receiver General's office.....	15	Abolished.
	480	1180

THE CHIEF'S STATEMENT.

James Allen, Chief of Police in this town, at the dictation of certain interested parties, rushed into print last week and indignantly denied "everything." We repeat again that James Allen, Chief of Police, Napanee, did say that "there are about four hundred loose women in this town." The statement was made by James Allen to the editor of The Express, while standing near A. W. Grange's office window, on John street, during a conversation about the morality of the town. Furthermore we thought the statement was exaggerated then and still are of the same belief. After the Chief had denied making the statement he was spoken to about it, and said that he could'nt remember making such a statement, but did not "emphatically deny" having done so. In fact the Chief seemed anxious to avoid any conversation on the subject. This occurred in the hall-way of the Brisco House, on the afternoon of Friday, Dec. 31st, 1886. The Chief spends a great deal of time in talking and it would be hard for him to remember all the statements he makes during even a limited period. The reputation he has made for himself has been rather on the the line of "that puts me in mind of a story," than in the line of duty. We repeat again the morals of Napanee are

Morven.

Miss Mittie Fraine, the elocutionist, who has been winning golden opinions in the western cities is to give an entertainment in Morven on the 11th of February, in the brick church. Her renderings will be interspersed with choicest music. We have not forgotten her last success here. Tickets 25c. children half price. To commence at 7 p. m.

Yarker.

J. A. Shibley and wife are very much pleased with the climate in California. They can pluck oranges fresh from the tree, while we are enjoying the beautiful snow.

Everything is booming in our little town.

Connoly & Sons, have three teams doing the country with pumps. Messrs. Homan & Long are putting in a steam engine in their chair factory. Success to these firms.

A. C. Scott has completed his storehouse and put in a car of flour from the west, the first car of flour that has come over the N. T. & Q. R'y.

The name of the firm of Connolly & Benjamin has been changed to Benjamin & West. Their factory is running in full blast with a full staff of hands.

Our hotels are doing a good business under the Scott Act. Our merchants are also doing a rushing trade, From the very large orders they are giving commercial travelers, they evidently anticipate a good spring's business.

From all appearances our town eclipses most towns of its size in Ontario. It is noted for its neatness, sobriety and push.

Mrs. Joiner is improving. She was able to be out to church on Sabbath last.

The ice harvest has commenced and the ice is the finest ever seen here.

The Salvation Army is flourishing in great style here at present. They march the streets every night at 7 o'clock, and then go to the barracks, where they make things lively for a few hours. They are getting quite strong. Sixteen souls were reported saved the other night, and they are talking of building a new $700 barracks here in the spring.

Empey Hill.

The late thaw has rendered some of the roads in this vicinity almost impassable.

Walter Wilson who has been attending the Napanee High School for the past three terms, left his home on Monday to undergo a course of training at the Ontario Business College, Belleville. His many friends wish him every success.

Great credit is due Marcus E. Sexsmith for the high standing obtained by him as a result of the examination for admission to high schools, recently held in Napanee.

They say "there is a wedding on the tapis."

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, and the almost impassable state of the roads, an enjoyable evening was spent by "a goodly number" at the Empey Hill Church on the evening of the 18th inst., the occasion being that of a "basket social" held in connection with that of the Spencer Hill Sabbath School. After each purchaser had sought out and seated himself beside the fair owner of his basket, the assembly presented rather an amusing appearance. What a scene to behold! Brother and sister, husband and wife, maiden and lover separated by what? A basket social. The contents of the baskets having been unselfishly shared, the chair was occupied by James Gordon, the efficient Superintendent of the Sabbath School, and the following programme rendered:

Chorus—S. S. Children.
Duet—Misses Empey and Whelan.
Reading—F. Smith.
Duet—Misses Doyle.
Recitation—Miss Jolly.
Solo and Chorus—E. J. Sexsmith. and Choir.
Recitation—W. Barker.
Quartette—Misses Empey and Weller. Messrs Sexsmith.

the rooms. Parties from the country will do well to drop in when in town.

Work ! Work ! !

Let every Reformer buckle on the armor for the next twenty-six days and a most glorious victory will follow for those who have the welfare of our Dominion at heart. If every Liberal will but do his duty faithfully until the close of the poll on the 22nd of February, the boodlers will be routed ; those who have mismanaged the Northwest will be supplanted by honest governors ; those who are spending the hard earnings of the people in junketing tours and costly house furnishings, will be driven from power. In a word, if lovers of good government will but use a little effort our fair Dominion will be saved from the degradation into which she is fast falling through the carelessness and extravagance of an incompetent Ministry. Do your duty, Reformers, and you will be well repaid.

$5 Every 15 Minutes

is what the people of Canada pay for the travelling expenses of Dominion Government Ministers, Since the present government assumed office in 1878 the travelling expenses and cab hire for Ministers and their friends have cost, (see public accounts) $194,884 ;

Average for one year.....	$27,840 00
Average for one month (twenty-six working days)..	2,320 00
Average for one day (ten working hours).....	89 00
Average for one hour.....	8 90

Such extravagance as this our own Uriah asks the people to endorse. Workingmen, earning $1 for each day you work, can you afford to help pay $89 per day for Minister's junketing tours? Farmers, receiving 40c per bushel for barley, are you in a position to give your quota of $8.90 per hour for those receiving salaries each year greater than the value of your farms? Think of these matters seriously.

Negligence !

If there is one thing above another for which the government at Ottawa should be condemned by the people on the 22nd of February, it is for the mismanagement of affairs in the Northwest. Through the incompetency of officials and the deaf ears of the Ministers at headquarters, a rebellion of no mean extent for Canada was precipitated. Many valuable lives were lost, simply through petition after petition from the wronged half-breeds being pigeon-holed. That the administration were in possession of sufficient warning to have averted the serious trouble that ensued no one can gainsay. Even The Mail, though blind with partizanship, was forced to admit it, and evidence of an undeniable nature was forced from the Ministers themselves during the last session of the House. Had the Government listened to the entreaties of Mr. Blake, even after the trouble had commenced, and taken active steps, the serious results which followed might in a great measure have been prevented. But, no; these Ministers, bound up in self and the endeavor to satisfy the cravings of greedy boodlers, were determined to pursue their defenceless course. Not until the statements he makes during even a limited period. The reputation he has made for himself has been rather on the the line of "that puts me in mind of a story," than in the line of duty. We repeat again the morals of Napanee are not what they ought to be. We are cursed with the social evil in our midst, and it must be stamped out. If James Allen knows of these things and makes no effort to put a stop to them, he is no longer fit to be Chief of Police of this town. If he does not know of them, certainly his usefulness is gone. If he will grapple with this evil in a lawful way, he will receive a hearty support in the efforts he may put forth to make Napanee a moral town. If he refuses to do his plain duty, we will unhesitatingly do what we can to have his place filled by a man with some backbone.

SHAMEFUL IN THE EXTREME.

For consummate cheek and bare-faced trickery the deputy-reeve of this town is hard to beat. At the session of the County Council on Wednesday, quite a bout took place on the appointment of the second auditor. Finally Mr. W. F. Hall was appointed. This was not done, however, before unpleasant remarks were made by John D. Ham regarding Mr. Hall's system of book-keeping. To this Mr. Hall briefly replied, stating that the remarks were insulting and showing that the system was not calculated to lead anyone astray, as it was plain double entry. This was more than his mightiness, J. D. Ham, could stand, and as he felt that he had pliant tools at his back he must needs resent Mr. Hall's remarks in some forcible manner. He was not man enough to do it himself, however. In E. S. Lapum he found a ready henchman, one quite willing to "fire" Mr. Hall. Their heads were put together, and on Thursday morning they were quite alive, bustling here and there and doing considerable "talk on the quiet." Yesterday afternoon the bubble burst. Ham moved, seconded by Mr. Brydon, that the appointment of second auditor be reconsidered ; Lapum moved that the appointment of Mr. Hall be rescinded, and then moved T. G. Davis be appointed. The strings had been pulled so well that the latter was appointed to the position, and the gentleman who the day previous was appointed, thrust out. The motive for such action is quite patent to all who give it a thought. Mr. Hall is a Grit, and that is sufficient in the eyes of E. S. Lapum to disqualify him from any position. The council will we fancy regret this action, for in W. F. Hall they loose a man well qualified for the position, he being a practical accountant, and having filled the office for a number of years, while in T. G. Davis they have a man of but little experience and no ability, his only qualification being that he is a Tory. Such action as that on Thursday is shameful and disgusting to all lovers of decency, only capable of being transacted by those who have sunken low in principles of right and honor.

—The best regulatorsfor the stomach and bowls the best cure for biliousness, sick headache, indigestion and all effections of the disordered liver are without exception Johnston's Tonic Liver Pills, Small in size, sugar coated, mild, yet effective. 25c. per bottle. Sold at Perry & Co's drug store, Sole agents.

Chorus—S. S. Children.
Duet—Misses Empey and Whelan.
Reading—F. Smith.
Duet—Misses Doyle.
Recitation—Miss Jolly.
Solo and Chorus—E. J. Sexsmith. and Choir.
Recitation—W. Barker.
Quartette—Misses Empey and Weller. Messrs Sexsmith.
Recitation—S. S. Children.
Music -Choir.
Recitation—Miss Weller.
Solo—Miss B. Dewitt.
Dialogue—Misses Jolly, Sexsmith and Russell
Trio—Misses Smith and Armitage, and Mr. Smith.
Recitation—Miss Empey.
Parting Song—Choir.

Centreville.

The annual meeting of Camden and Tamworth congregations was held in the church on Wednesday, 12th Jan., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The pastor presided, after devotional service. The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and sustained. Messrs Smith Gilmour, jr., and William Reid, were appointed auditors. The financial state of the congregations were found to be in a flourishing condition, and with a good balance in the treasury to begin another year. The contributions for the past year to the several schemes of the church amounted to $64. Sabbath collections to over $50. The minister's salary for the half year ending Oct. 1st, 1886, $400, was reported as paid. The congregations owe no man anything, being entirely free from all encumbrances. No socials, concerts, tea-meetings, or the like, have been held, such as other churches with larger membership are in the habit of resorting to at the public expense, for paying for the gospel, and maintaining a stated ministry. The steady-going Presbyterians of this section of the Lord's vineyard, with the pastor, have entirely abolished all such things, as aids in spiritual matters, believing that all such methods are wrong in the extreme, hurtful to the good of the cause, besides being unscriptural and highly displeasing to the King and Head of the church. For all temporal purposes in connection with a church and congregation, such entertainments of course are quite allowable. The reports of the auditors were on motion of Wm. Brown, sec. by Smith Gilmour, sr., received and sustained. The treasurers of the congregation was authorized to pay each caretaker of each church their amount for services rendered during the year. Messrs R. Reid and A. Gilmour were appointed to the treasurerships. Mr. Smith Gilmour, elder, having resigned his position of collector in his district, Mr. Smith Gilmour, jr., was appointed in his stead. Mr. Wilson Hyland and James Wilson were the collectors appointed for the 8th and 9th concession of Camden. Mr. Joseph Galbraith and Wm. Reid, (Chippewa,) were appointed collectors for Croydon and Chippewa respectively. The lady collectors for the missions of the church appointed at last annual meeting and comfirmed at this meeting, are as follows: Miss Belle Wilson and Miss Fingland, (district, embracing Camden 8 and 9, Croydon and Centreville.) Miss Hunter and Miss Sarah Milligan, Tamworth. As the ladies will begin their work of collecting shortly, it is hoped that all upon whom they may wait will be as liberal, if not more liberal, than last year. Let all give cheerfully what they do give and give quickly, remembering the good old adage, "He who gives quickly gives twice." The sacrament of the Lord's Supper was celebrated twice during the year, viz: In June and October and twenty new communicants have been received and their names added to the roll of membership. The minister's session and congregation rejoice in the increase of prosperity, both temporal and spiritual during another year, and pray for a double blessing from on high to rest upon them throughout the year, upon which they so auspicially enter.

Sweeping Reductions.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OF—

WINTER CLOTHING

—AT THE—

Little Old Man's

GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE.

We beg to intimate to the inhabitants of Napanee and surrounding country that in order to make room for our spring stock, we will offer for the next 30 days our entire stock of winter goods, consisting of

Men's, Boys' and Childrens' Suits and Overcoats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishings

At wholesale prices. Come and see for yourself and don't miss this chance to get a good suit or an overcoat at the manufacturers' price. A perfect fit is what our customers never fail to receive. Be they stooped shouldered or straight, big or little, old or young, they are sure to receive garments that are good in material, reliable in make and new in style at prices never equalled in Napanee. We defy merchant tailors to compete in style or price. Come and look before buying elsewhere. We will be happy to show you our goods and will not ask you to buy.

Don't forget the place, one door east of the Campbell House.

R. H. DICK & CO.

Wilton.

The Telgmann Family had arranged with the Methodists of this place to give a concert on Monday last, but on account of the stormy weather and bad roads it is postponed till Saturday, Jan 20th. All are invited.

Mr Simmon's grist mill is once more at work, thanks to the recent rain.

On account of the impassable roads of last Sunday there was no preaching in the Presbyterian Church, but weather and roads permitting there will be service next Sabbath evening; and the attendance at the Methodist church in the morning was unusually small

MARRIED.

BURLEY—LAFFERTY—On the 26th, inst, at the Methodist parsonage, Morven, by Rev, John A. Jewell, B. A., Wm Sanford Burley, son of Robt Burley Esq., of Ernesttown, to Miss Isabella Lafferty, of Napanee.

VISSER—WOODCOCK.—On the 20th inst., by the Rev. J E. Robeson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Walter D. Visser, merchant, of the village of Navan, Russell county, to Miss Georgena Woodcock, of Hay Bay.

DIED.

READ THIS!

It Will Not Take Long and Will Repay You

The largest, the best assorted and the newest stock of Holiday Presents in Napanee is at Henry's Bookstore.

From various causes the amount of money in circulation amongst us is less this year than usual and in order that our customers may not feel the full effect of the scarcity we have determined to meet the want by offering the whole of our well selected stock of

the Rev. J. E. Robeson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Walter D. Visser, merchant, of the village of Navan, Russell county, to Miss Georgena Woodcock, of Hay Bay.

DIED.

SMITH.—At Deseronto, on Sunday, Jan. 16th, 1887, Florance Naomi, youngest daughter of R. McD. Smith, aged 13 yrs, 2 mos and 12 days.

—West's Cough Syrup. A sure cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat and all diseases of the throat and lungs. 25c, 50c. and $1 per bottle. All druggists.

A Lucky Escape.

Mrs. Cyrus Kilborne, of Beamsville, Ont, had what was thought to be a cancer on her nose, and was about to submit to a cancer doctor's operation, when she tried Burdock Blood Bitters, which effected a radical cure. This medicine cures all blood diseases.

The Deaf Made to Hear.

"After eight years of suffering from deafness so bad that I was unable to attend to my business, I was cured by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil. With gratitude I make this known for the benefit of others afflicted." Harry Riendo, Toronto.

—World's Best. West's Liver Pills, a sure cure for liver complaint, dyspepsia, sick headache and indigestion. 30 pills 25c. All druggists.

Be on Your Guard.

Against sudden colds, irrating coughs and soreness of the throat. Keep Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam at hand for these prevalent troubles of Fall and Winter.

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and manufacturer and dealer in Furniture of all kinds.

A first-class Hearse and a large stock of Coffins and all necessary supplies.

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DANDELION

Infallible Blood Purifier, Tonic, Diuretic Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, all Kidney Diseases, Scrofula, Diseases peculiar to Females, Salt Rheum, Eczema and all Skin Liseases, Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Sour Stomach and Heart Burn. Purely Vegetable.

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FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS 43ly

of the scarcity we have determined to meet the want by offering the whole of our well selected stock of

Holiday Goods at Prices Lower than Before Quoted in Town.

Everyone who has seen has expressed admiration for our beautiful lines in **Gift Books** in all kinds of bindings and embracing all the leading Poets, books of Travels, books of Adventure and books for the young, the middle aged and the elderly.

Family Bibles with the old version and the new version side by side, at half pedlar's prices; A genuine Bagster Bible for $2; large size $4. usual price $6.50. A Teacher's Bible, yap binding, for $1.50.

Episcopalian **Prayer** and **Hymn Books**. A City stock of Catholic Prayer books, Methodist and Presbyterian hymn books, all kinds.

We have one of the finest stocks of **Photograph** and **Autograph Albums** yet shown and can astonish Cheap John's customers with prices. we sell a large size Album, holding Cabinets, Panels and Cartes, for 60 cents, and would like to see anything to surpass it at $1.00.

We have as fine a stock of **Dolls** as ever was shown in one store in town, and we will positively offer them to intending purchasers at net cost.

We have a few setts of **Popular Authors**, and offer at prices which we will not repeat this season. Black's novels, 7 vols., Publisners price $10.50; our price, $6.00. Carlyle's Works, 11 vol., publishers price $16.50 we offer at $10. Elliott's Novels, 8 vol., very fine, publishers price, $12; we sell at $7.50. Thackeray's Complete Works, 11 vol., publishers price, $16.50 we offer at $10.00. Chamber's Encyclopedia, 10 vols., editio nof 1886, price $25,; we will sell for $16.50., McCaulay's History of England, 5 vols., $2.50

We have new stock of **Window Poles**, and offer a fine line, complete brackets, rings and all complete for 65 cents, the same style we took the lead in this summer at $1.00, we now sell at 75 cents.

Ladies Satchels, new style, Purses, Diaries, Gints and Ladies Dressing Cases, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Toilet Setts, Smoktng Setts, Whisk Holders Perfume Cases.

A line of **Bronze Ornament** never before offered in this place.

In fact we cannot enumerate in this space half the lines we have to show but ask intending purchasers to examine our stock and compare value before bnying.

486tf **T. S. HENRY.**

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—Great Clearing Sale of—

Winter Goods!

Is in full blast. Grand Bargains are being offered.

GOOD TIE-DOWNS at 60 cents each.
WHITE BLANKETS at $2.co per pair.
HORSE BLANKETS at your own prices.
FURS to be sold regardless of cost.
CLOUDS, Wool Squares, Hosiery, etc., at cost.
MEN'S WOOLLEN SOCKS. 2 pairs for 25 cents.
BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY.

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over the Grand Trunk R'y, the only line running through cars to Chicago.

Montreal Carnival, Feb. 7th to 12th

Napanee to Montreal and return $6 60 ; tickets good to go Feb. 4th, 5th, 6th and 10th and return until Feb. 16th.

$4.70 Special Excursion tickets, good to go Feb. 7th, 8th and 9th and return until Feb. 16.

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22lv

COUNTY COUNCIL.

First Session for 1887—The Reeve of Camden Elected Warden—Motion to Do Away with the March Session.—Lively Time Appointing Auditors,

TUESDAY, Jan. 25.

The members-elect of the Lennox and Addington county council, as given by us a couple of weeks ago, met this afternoon in the court house and filed the necessary certificates of office with the clerk, when it was

Moved by Mr. Baker, sec. by Mr. Charters, that we now proceed to elect a Warden for 1887 without nomination.—Carried.

Three ballots were taken with the following result:

	1st Ballot.	2nd Ballot.	3rd Ballot.
Parks	4	3	1
Reid	6	7	11
Aylsworth I.F.	4	2	2
Carscallen	5	7	
Filson	2	2	1

The Clerk then declared Mr. Jas Reid, Reeve of Camden, as Warden of the county of Lennox and Addington, for the year 1887.

Mr. Reid was escorted to the chair by Mr. Carscallen, when he took the declaration by His Honor Judge Wilkison.

The Warden elect expressed his thanks to the members for the honor conferred upon him. He felt the honor more at this time, as the county was not only paying off the current expenses, but also the county debt as it fell due; of which he said one-sixth is now paid. The fiscal year has also been changed from June to November, As several of the municipalities had heavy railway bonuses to pay, and taxes being high and barley low, he considered it to be a crisis with some farmers, and thought the councillors should not raise the taxes any more. He said the heaviest expenditure was on roads; last year the over expenditure was nearly doubled, owing to freshets. He held that the roads should be properly kept up, but an effort should be made to reduce the expenditure as much as possible. An other point suggested was the dispensing with the March session. If the council would which on motion was filed.

An account from J. H. Gallagher, for ink, amounting to 75c., was referred to the committee on County Property.

An account from F. A. Roe, for postage and stationery, amounting to $2.30, was presented and ordered to be paid.

Accounts from the Napanee Board of Examiners, amounting to $121.40, for the late examiners, was presented; from the County Board of Examiners, amounting to $55.15; from the Newburgh Board of Examiners, amounting to $83.83 were read. Referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

The special committee appointed to strike the standing committees for the year reported as follows:

FINANCE—Messrs Ham, Lapum, Storr, B. E. Aylsworth and Sweetnam.

ROADS AND BRIDGES—I. F. Aylsworth, Brown, Baker, Filson and Parks.

COUNTY PROPERTY—Messrs Carscallen, German, Weese, Fraser and Detlor.

EDUCATION AND PRINTING—Messrs Kennedy, Brydon, Charters, Jackson and Allison.

The council adjourned till 2 p.m.

Council resumed at 2 p.m.

A communication was read from Messrs Deroche & Madden, stating that they had been instructed by Mr. John Grange to enter a suit against the county, for damages incurred to a horse which had its leg broken on the county road in Richmond.

Mr. Grange who heard before the council giving the facts of the case.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, sec. by Mr. Baker, that the matter of the claim for damages from Mr. John Grange be referred to a committee composed of Messrs Ham, Filson, I. F. Aylsworth and the mover and seconder.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Baker, sec by Mr. Weese, that we do away with the March session, and that the committee on Roads and Bridges make their appropriation to roads at the present session. Laid on the table.

A petition was read from the Napanee S.trustees, stating that of the large number of pupils in attendance at the high school only a small proportion belong to the town, That in consequenee the tax-payers of the town are obliged to pay an undue proportion towards the maintenance of the high school. They asked the council to grant such aid as the circumstances warrant.

Mr. C. Fessenden, headmaster of the high school, addressed the council, giving the points relative to the state of the high school. He said the number of scholars was 128, with only four teachers. The rooms were crowded to such a capacfty that they could not put in any more desks. Several scholars from outside the county had been refused admittance.

Mr. A. L. Morden, of the school board, also addressed the council from a financial point of view. He said that Napanee had to pay the enormus sum of $1,735.00 for the tuition of scholars, a large percentage of whom were from the county outside, of the town. He thought in all fairness the council should bear half of the expenses over and above the usual grant of $225 given to high schools.

Messrs Burrows, I.P.S., and W. F. Hall, high school trustee, also spoke on the matter.

Mr. H. M. Deroche addressed the council on behalf of a petition from the Newburgh school board, asking for a grant, to aid in the maintenance of that school. A petition was read from Newburgh board, asking council to grant $150 over and above the usual grant of $200.

Both petitions were referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

Moved by R. Filson, sec. by T. B. Germain, that Mr. H. Finkle be appointed a trustee of Newburgh High School.—Carried.

Moved by T. B. German, sec. by R. Filson, that Mr. J. D. Ham be appointed

Moved by J. D. Ham, seconded by T. G. Carscallen, that Mr. Williams, headmaster of Newburgh high school, be placed on the county board of examiners.—Carried.

Council adjourned till 10 a.m. to-morrow.

THURSDAY, Jan. 27th, '87.

Council met at 10 a.m. Members all present excepting T. B. German. Minutes of yesterday's session were read and confirmed.

An account from Grange & Bro., for court house supplies, amounting to $11.40, and another for jail supplies, amounting to $17.15, was referred to Committee on County Property.

An account from R. G. Wright, for supplies, amounting to $1.55, was referred to the same committee.

An account from Jas A. Baker, for printing, amounting to $72.00, and also an account from T. S. Henry, for supplies, amounting to $10.70, were referred to the Committee on Education and Printing.

Moved by W. Brown, sec by R. Filson, that we go into committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law to appoint a game inspector, and fixing the salary of said officer. The by-law was then read a second time in committee, clause by clause.

T. B. German entered and took his seat.

The first clause of the by-law appointing Luke A. Wheeler as game inspector was adopted.

The committee rose and reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

Mr. E. Storr's motion, re bills to be presented on or before the second session, was put and carried.

Moved by J. D. Ham, sec by E. S. Lapum, that the treasurer be instructed to present to this council a statement of the amount of taxes due from each municipality in the county, as well as the amount due by the county to banks, etc. other than debenture debt.—Carried.

The special committee to whom was referred the matter of the co-operation of this council, in asking the government to place a School of Science in Kingston, reported recommending that the Warden be authorized to sigh a memorial on behalf of the council, to send to the Governor in Council, in accordance with the ideas set forth by the projectors of the scheme, and that a copy of this resolution be attached to said memorial, and that the clerk be instructed to notify said projectors of the action taken by the council.—Adopted.

Council adjourned till 2 p.m.

Concluded next week.

—West's World's Wonder, or Family Liniment, a never failing cure for rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, burns, bruises, wounds and frost bites. 25c and 50c. All druggists.

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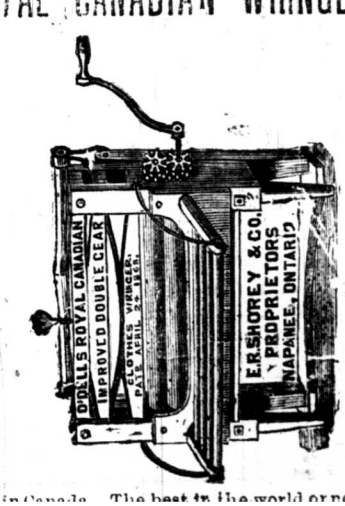

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other point suggested was the dispensing with the March session. If the council would make their appropriations to roads at this session, the March session could be done away with this year, as there was no particular points to legislate. And this is a heavy expense to the country. He felt confident he could not fill the chair with the dignity of his predecessor, but he hoped the members would over-look any mistakes.

The Warden then appointed Dr. M. I. Beeman, of Centreville, as auditor, which was confirmed by the council.

Several motions were made naming the second auditor, those in the field being Messrs Jas Hayden, Camden East; A. P. Booth, Odessa; W. F. Hall, Napanee; T. G. Davis, Napanee; I. V. Sexsmith, Selby; Thos. W. Beeman, Odessa; L. A. Carscallen, Napanee.

The motions for these gentlemen were all lost, upon which it was

Moved by Mr. Ham, sec. by Mr. Filson, that the election of the second auditor be laid over till to-morrow afternoon.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. B. E. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Parks, that W. F. Hall be re-elected High School trustee for 1887.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, sec. by Mr. Brydon, that we now elect by ballot a committee of seven, to strike the standing committee for the year.—Carried.

The following were then elected: Messrs Filson, Baker, Carscallen, Detlor, Ham, Parks and Sweetnam.

The clerk then read the minutes of the last session in December which were confirmed, and council adjourned till 10 a.m., to-morrow.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 26th, 1887.

Council met at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. Minutes of yesterdays session read and confirmed.

The arbitrators appointed at December session, to examine the matter of dissolving school section No. 30, of Camden, reported, recommending that said section be dissolved, as in their opinion it would be in the interest of education in that locality of the township. Filed.

A communication was read from Lieut-Col. Otter, asking for a grant of $10 towards the Ontario Rifle Association. Filed.

Letter was read from the Treasurer of the prisoner's aid association, Toronto, asking for a grant to pay off the debt on their buildings. Filed.

A communication was presented from the county clerk of Perth, stating that a delegation of engineers, appointed by municipalities under the Drainage Act of 1883, are going to interview the Government relative to having that act changed, and recommending that a delegate be appointed to represent the farmer's interest at such interview. Referred to committee composed of Messrs Ham, Filson, Parks, German and Charters.

Communication was read frem the clerk of Kingston, asking the council to assist in memoralizing the Ontario Legisiature to establish a school of science at Kingston. Referred to a committee composed of Messrs Ham, I. F. Aylsworth, Lapum, German and Dr. Kennedy.

Communication was read from Beverley Jones, Toronto, asking that the Torrens system of lands transfer be adopted by this council. Referred to special committee composed of Messrs Storr, Baker, Ham and Brown.

A letter was read from the county of Hastings, asking that this council assist the council of that county in memoralizing the Ontario Legislature relative to changing the system, whereby lunatics are confined in the county jail, owing to the want of accommodation in the Provincial Asylum. Filed.

A report was read from the county Registry of the year ending December 31st, 1886,

Moved by T. B. German, sec. by R. Filson, that Mr. J. D. Ham be appointed as a member of the board of auditors for 1887.—Carried.

The Roads and Bridges Committee presented a report appointing Mr. Brown as chairman, and Mr. Filson as secretary of the committee.—Adopted.

Moved by E. Storr, sec by Mr. Jackson, that all bills and accounts be presented on or before the second day, and if not then presented must lay over till the next session. Laid over till to-morrow.

Moved by E. S. Lapum, sec by Mr. Brydon, that Mr. W. N. Doller be appointed a member of the board of auditors for 1887.

Moved by E. Storr, sec. by I. Parks, that Mr. T. V. Sexsmith be appointed as a member of the board of audit for 1887.

The motion to appoint Mr. I. V. Sexsmith was carried.

Moved by Mr. I. O. Aylsworth, sec. by J. D. Ham, that Mr. A. P. Booth be appointed as the second auditor for the year 1887.

Moved in amendment by I. Parks, sec by Mr. B. E. Aylsworth, that Mr. W. F. Hall be appointed as secodd auditor for the year 1887.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, sec by T. B. German, that Mr. T. G. Davis be appointed as second auditor for 1887.

Moved by J. B. Allison, sec. by Dr. Kennedy, that Mr. W. R. Membery be appointed as second anditor for 1887.

Moved by S. Weese, seconded by W. Charters, that this council select the second auditor by ballot.

Mr. Parks, in support of his motion, said that Mr. Hall had introdnced and the treasurer was now workinga new system of bookkeeping whereby the county expenses were kept separate.

Mr. Ham said that, after listening to the explanations regarding the new system he was fully convinced that another man should be appointed, as Mr. Hall would in all likelihood draw them into a system of which the council knew nothing whatever.

The yeas and nays were taken on the amendment with the following result:

YEAS.—Messrs. B. E. Aylsworth, Baker, Brown, Brydon, Carscallen, Charters, Filson, Lapum, Reid and Weese—10.

NAYS.—Messrs. I. F. Aylsworth, Allison, Detlor, Fraser, German, Ham, Jackson, Kennedy, Parks, Sweetnam and Storr—11.

The motion to appoint T. G. Davis was lost on the following division:

YEAS.—Messrs. Brown, Brydon, Carscallen, Charters, Filson, German, Lapum, Storr and Weese.—9.

NAYS.—Messrs—I. F. Aylsworth, B. E. Aylsworth, Allison, Baker, Detlor, Fraser, Ham, Jackson, Kennedy, Parks, Reid and Sweetnam—12.

The motion to appoint W. F. Hall was carried.

Mr. Hall in reply thanked the council for the position accorded him. He would have been just as well pleased had they not elected him, as he had plenty of his own work. He wished to reply to the statement dropped from Mr. Ham as to the system he had adopted. The statements he said were very insulting, casting several reflections upon him; as to the system it was nothing else than plain double entry. He said he would serve the county to the best of his ability.

Moved by R. Filson, sec by W. Brown, that the printing for the year be let by tender, to be received by Committee on Education and Printing.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. I. F. Aylsworth, sec by T. B. German, that we go into committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law to amend by-law No. 109, assuming all bridges 100 feet or over.

The council went into committee on the by-law with Mr. I. F. Aylsworth in the chair.

After passing through several stages the by-law was reported and adopted.

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BOOTS NEARLY AS CHEAP

NO ABJECTIVES!

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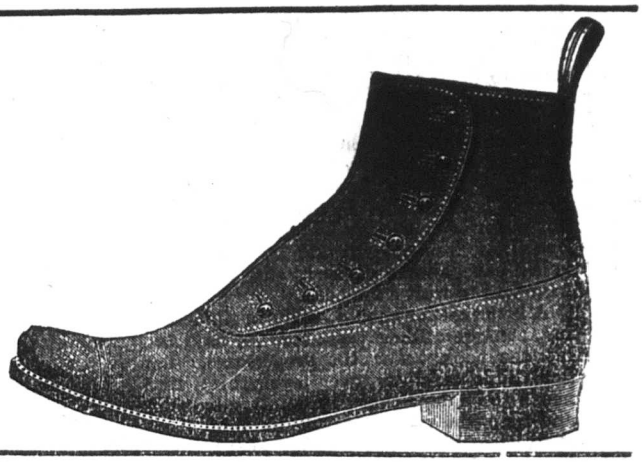
$3.87 per **PAIR!** Ladies' Finest Kid button Boots medium or common sense lasts, any size or width. This boot is a marvel of beauty and fits perfectly, made from the finest French kid. Plenty of ladies wear them every day for a year. Regular price 4.75 and 5.00



$3.87 per **PAIR.** Men's hand-made Shell Cordovan or French Calf lace or button. Regular price $4.50 to $5.00. For wear and fit this boot connot be equalled.

$3.25 PER **PAIR** Women's French Kid button Boot, wears and fits well, regular price 4.00; cheapest and best boot

$1.98 PER **PAIR** Two hundred pairs men's lace boots, sewed or pegged, anv size from 6 to 11. This boot will give splendid wear for the money.

PER PAIR. Boot, wears and fits well, regular price 4.00 ; cheapest and best boot ever sold; any size or shape.

PER PAIR. boots, sewed or pegged, anv size from 6 to 11. This boot will give splendid wear for the money.

$1.98 PER PAIR. For a cheap and durable boot this is the boot to buy. Woman's kid or calf button, guaranteed all leather, regular price $2.50 to 3.50.

98C. PER PAIR. Children's Kid and Calf Boots, sizes 6 to 11, medium or spring heels, regular price $1.25 to $1.50.

75C. PER PAIR. Job lot Women's Lace Boots for every day wear, worth $1.00 to 1.25

$1.05 PER PAIR. Two hundred pairs of Women's low boots for every day wear. A great bargain. Regular price $1.25 to $1.60.

Women's Rubbers 33c., Men's Rubbers 48c., Women's Button Boots 88c., Women's Carpet Slippers 25c.

All goods just as represented. One price to all. No credit given, don't ask for it,

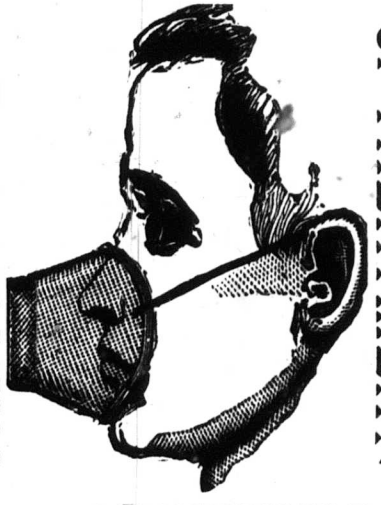
Jas. H. Downey,

North Side Dundas-St,

1087ly

Vapor Cold Medicated!

THE PRINCIPLE OF TREATMENT.



N. WASHINGTON, M.D.,

L. C. P. S. O. Graduate Victoria University 1872, with honors, also passed the examinations of the College of Physician and Surgeons of Ontario the same year, and after having devoted years to the special study of diseases of the Throat and Lungs, is prepared to treat nearly all the cases which may come before him successfully, Diseases treated—Catarrah, Catarrhal Deafness, Loss of Voice, Removing Enlarged Tonsils, Growths from the Nose, also removes Chronic Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption. "The method, inhalation"

Will Visit the Huffman House,

NAPANEE.

Feb. 14, One Day Only

Polyphus, or Growths of the Nose Removed and Catarrh Cured.

DUNDALK, Co. Grey, Oct. 20th, 1886.

N. WASHINGTON, Throat and Lung Surgeon, 215 Young st., Toronto—

DEAR SIR—I write you about the results of your operation on my nose. Since your operation of removing the growth from my nose, I have had no difficulty whatever, and feel thankful to you as as all other remedies had failed to give me any relief. I can recommend any who may be sufferiug from Catarrh or growths of the nose, or in fact any other disease of the throat and lungs, to your skilful attention. Yours Truly, Geo. GLAZIER

36ly

D. J. HOGAN & SON

Wish to announce that they have received their

—FALL STOCK OF—

Imported and Canadian WOLLENS,

for the Fall Trade, and it is the

Largest Assortment & Best Value

hat we ever had. We would be pleased to have intending pucrhasers of a suit or overcoat call on us while in town, and we will be happy to show them through our stock

—o—

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

—o—

D. J. HOGAN & SON,

Merchant Tailors, Campbell House Block, Napanee, Ont

ANOUNCEMENT to the FARMING COMMUNITY

Owing to the death of Mr. Peter M. Ruttan, the partnership of Sproul & Ruttan ceases. I will carry on the business as usual in the old stand. am Agent for

The Patterson Cord Binder, Celebrated Patterson Reaper, Young Canada Mower, Morris & Watts Separator, Wartman & Ward's Horse Forks and Cars.

Also HORSE RAKES, GANG PLOWS, SULKY PLOWS CULTIVATORS.

I will also give my customers the choice of three of the leading Steam Engines manufactured in Canada.

Shop on West Side of Market Square. Give me a call, I will satisfy you hat I am handling a first-class line of Implements.

22ly

I. W. SPROULE.

HOUSEHOLD.

Economizing The Morning Hours.

A raw young housekeeper is frequently overwhelmed by domestic details, with which an older housekeeper of mature judgment and large experience can readily cope, accomplishing the same amount of work in one-half the time, and with less than half the trouble and friction. This does not arise merely from the fact that the older housekeeper has acquired greater mechanical skill and swiftness, but, what is still more important, she has acquired the habit of forethought and the faculty of organizing. She has learned to carefully and judiciously lay her plans and make her rules and arrangements, so *dovetailing* the various details of her household work that one task will not conflict with another. For instance, before the fire dies out in the stove, she will carefully reflect over everything that has to be cooked or heated before the next meal, whereas, the inexperienced young housekeeper will perhaps only remember after the morning fire is all out that she wanted an extra kettle of hot water, or she wanted to make a dish of blanc mange, or some other dessert for dinner, early enough to avoid interfering with the cook when the latter sets about getting dinner. I will take this occasion to advise all young housekeepers to make an especial point of keeping on hand a perpetual supply of hot water. (I am addressing myself, now to country housekeepers who have not a range supplying them with this article.) Make it a rule that your cook shall always have at least one kettle of hot water on the stove, and that she shall always replenish this immediately after pouring out its contents. It is so little trouble to do this, and it will incalculably facilitate your domestic routine. It is very disirable to keep two kettles, so you need never interfere with the kettle of hot water intended for making tea of coffee. If you will insist on always having a kettle of hot water on the stove, you will so often have a sudden and unexpected need for it that you will be glad you have established this rule. For instance, you will sometimes want to draw a hasty cup of tea for an ailing friend, or some sudden illness might arise in which every moment of time gained was an object, and then you might find a kettle of water already heated of invaluable service. I have known a housekeeper thrown back an hour by having to wait for hot water after the fire had died out, when, by a little forethought, and by making the rule I have above advised, she would not have had to wait a moment.

A housekeeper should, early in the morning, arrange all her plans for the day and let the cook know the programme. Let her think carefully over everything that needs to be done that day, and try to order and time the various details so that there shall be no hitch nor conflict about them. For instance, if coffee is to be roasted, the best time to have this done is immediately after the cook has taken up dinner. The stove is then nicely heated and just in the right condition for roasting coffee. By setting the cook to do it then, both time and fuel will be saved, and the task will probably be completed by the time you have dined and are ready to give the cook her dinner. This is also a good time for making yeast.

Kitchen Hints.

PUMPKIN BREAD.—One quart stewed pumpkin run through a fine sieve, one quart buttermilk, one teaspoonful salt, one cup New Orleans molasses, corn-meal enough to make a thick batter. Bake in a Dutch oven slowly all night. In the morning it will be baked thoroughly, and ready for breakfast.

batter. A cupful is the usual quantity. Mix, and divide into six parts, and tie in six different small cloths which have been first dipped in boiling water. Tie lightly, leaving room for the dumpling to swell, and put into water which *boils*. Let the dumplings boil gently one hour and a half; then make a lemon sauce for them of a teaspoonful of flour, one tablespoonful of butter, half a cup of sugar, juice and grated rind of a lemon, and large cup of boiling water. Boil all up once, and serve hot in a sauce-boat, with dumplings.

Thrift and Economy.

Economy is not parsimony, although it is often falsely so called, and by many considered disreputable. It is a most commendable virtue, and should be most sedulously cultivated. It is not always a gift, and is as often acquired as inherited. It is the result of care, thought, industry, and unceasing watchfulness, and is, indeed, one of our highest duties. It is not only a "gathering up of fragments, that nothing be lost," but it is also a seeing that there are few fragments to be thus taken care of—the opposite of wastefulness and extravagance, and it is only the mentally weak who effect to despise and ridicule so excellent a quality.

A thrifty, economical person can make one dollar go twice as far as a heedless, unthoughtful person will. Poverty need not go hand in hand with careless waste and shiftlessness, though it generally does. If ever thrift and good management is needed, it is where money is scarce. Never "put your best foot forward" at the expense of self-respect. It may take a great deal of courage to say "I cannot afford it," but it is nobler far than to hide behind subterfuges, or go to unwarrantable expenses to cover up undesirable poverty, whose most galling sting is the fancied necessity of "keeping up appearances"—of sailing under false colors, and aping the expenditures of more affluent neighbors. Many whose good sense in other matters is indisputable, wear out body and brain in the insane struggle to keep up a style in household expenses and dress which is utterly beyond their means, and which blinds nobody to the true state of affairs; or, if it indeed blind a few, it is so transparent to others as to result only disastrously to themselves.

It is not the thrifty, economical class who, to-day, are paralyzing all branches of business with their insane demands upon "capital." The men and women who "gather up the fragments" are not of the howling mob who fight under the red flag, and devastate and destroy legitimate avenues of labor by their brutal onslaughts upon the very hands that feed them. It is not in their homes that discontent and anarchy are bred. The power which employs idle hands finds in their ranks no material to build upon. They have no time nor inclination to "fly to evils they know not of." With them the "gush" of the so-called "laboring man's friend" is regarded as so much "twaddle," or the wily cant of the vote-seeking politician, and, sooner or later, it proves to be the truth.

Winter Spearing.

Spearing through the ice in winter affords considerable sport at a time when other methods are stopped by the severe cold. It may be practiced with comparative comfort, and on the hundreds of small lakes to the north of us, with certainty of success. To begin then construct a small shanty of common siding, about five feet square, and with a small door for entrance. It should be made without other opening and without crevices, which would admit the light. This is floored having a hole a little

HERE AND THERE.

Gladstone celebrated his seventy-seventh birthday on Wednesday last.

A number of Eastern taxidermists are encamped among the Ten Thousand Islands, near Ponce de Leon Bay, Fla., slaying the now nesting feathery tribe by the wholesale.

A Utica firm has just made a rope thirty feet long with which Mrs. Druse, the murderess, will be hanged if she hangs at all. It is five-eighths of an inch thick, made of 615 strands of shoe thread, and is almost as strong as a wire rope of that size.

The Bishop of Moosonee in his annual circular letter, speaks of the reappearance of disease amongst the little community at Moose Factory, on Hudson's Bay, resulting in twenty-four deaths, seventeen males and seven females.

A carload of furs recently shipped from Winnipeg to New York, consisted of 437 bears, 65 silver foxes, 5,137 beavers, 800 foxes, 4,255 lynxes, 8,178 martens, 291 wolverines, 216 wolves, 65 grey foxes, and a host of small animals. It was valued at $71,000.

A man in Wisconsin was out hunting and a shower came up. He put his hand over the muzzle of his gun to keep the powder dry, when a heavy clap of thunder coming he involuntarily jumped, his knee struck the hammer of the gun, and his hand was blown to pieces.

Jeremiah Bansher, of Hamburg, Pa., was awakened the other night by his watch dog, which had set up a barking and howling under his window. Getting up and following the animal he arrived at his warehouse, some distance away, in time to frighten off two burglars.

He wasn't a journalist, only a common reporter, that wrote this:—Love is the precious loom whose enchanting shuttle weaves all the tangled threads of life into that exquisite lace of witchery which makes perfect and complete the glorious fabric of rapture and delight.

Winnipeg advices say that with the new year the Dominion Government will make a number of postal extensions throughout Southern Manitoba where railroad construction has taken place this year, extending the postal car service and giving a mail twice a week at all available points.

The *Railway Age* says that in the year just closing 8,010 miles of new main line railway track have been built in the United States. Kansas leads the country with the surprising amount of 1,520 miles, the greater part laid within the last six months. Assuming the average cost throughout the country to have been but $20,000 per mile, the expenditure for roadway alone was $160,000,000. Present indications show even greater activity.

Alsace-Lorraine must be a true paradise for sportsmen. Last year there were shot in the forests of the Reichlande 37 wolves, 1,199 wild boars, 152 wild cats, and 2,680 foxes, with, of course, an abundance of ordinary game. Lorraine has long been endeavoring to rid herself of predatory animals, but so far to little purpose, for French huntsmen are not so zealous in exterminating the wolf as they might be.

Two sons of John Haslam, of Waltham, Me., while driving through the woods the other day came upon two deer—one alive, one dead—locked together by the horns. The ground was all torn up around them so that the lead buck was nearly buried. The boy shot the live deer, and then found that the other had been dead several days. Its neck had been broken. They had to get stout stakes in order to pry the deers' antlers apart.

A serious difference exists between the

buttermilk, one teaspoonful salt, one cup New Orleans molasses, corn-meal enough to make a thick batter. Bake in a Dutch oven slowly all night. In the morning it will be baked thoroughly, and ready for breakfast.

A great deal is thrown away, even by the poor, that in Europe assists to make good food. The skin and bones of fish, for example, put again into the liquid in which a fish has been boiled, simmered and strained off, will be as good to use as is much of that sold for gelatine. This may be used as a simple broth. It may be thickened with rice and flavored with onion and pepper; or, with the addition of a little flat fish and suitable spices, it will form a fair fish soup. Taken in any of the ways mentioned, it makes a nourishing meal, while, with a third of milk added, and warmed, it is a very comforting and restoting drink for an invalid. There is much virtue in despised fishbones.

A dish formerly despised, but which is beginning to be better known, is Toronto scrapple, a compound of fresh pork boiled to a jelly, seasoned, and thickened with prepared Indian-meal and wheat-flour. This food is considerod very healthful, and is bread and meat in one. It is usually fried a light brown, and may be eaten cold. It is excellent for men to carry who have to take their dinner to their work in fields or shops, and may be supplemented by apple-pie, or apples and gingerbread. To these hints we add a few "old-fashioned" recipes, which may be found interesting.

PIE CAKE.—One quart of sour milk, one teaspoonful salt, fresh butter (a lump size of an egg), stewed pumpkin, mashed very fine, one pint, four tablespoonfuls of molasses. Stir in flour—usually coarse, unbolted flour—until the batter is thick. Beat an hour to insure lightness (as no soda is used), finally mix stiff, roll out into a flat cake, and bake in the skillet, before the open fireplace, upon a bed of coals.

A BIT OF THRIFT.—When apples are frozen, many housekeepers consider them good for nothing. When thawed, press out the juice of the soft and seemingly spoiled apple. For apple marmalade boil down a quantity of the frozen liquid and thicken with fresh apples, pared and quartered. Stir until thick and smooth, season with bruised cloves, allspice, and stick cinnamon. Marmalade made in this way is finer flavored than that made from sound apples.

A delicate, clear jelly is made from the juice of frozen apples and two-thirds the quantity of white sugar. Boil until it jellies, then pour into glasses.

MIXED TURNIP AND POTATO.—Turnips in any form are supposed to be the appropriate vegetable to serve with boiled mutton. To many, however, the turnip is somewhat indigestible, and by others its flavor is objected to. It is therefore necessary to mix it with other things to tone it down, and potato is the best for this purpose. Mash the boiled turnip, and also an equal quantity of boiled potatoes; mix thoroughly. season with salt and pepper, and for each portion of the mixture add a piece of butter of the size of a walnut, and milk enough to make it quite soft. Put it into a baking-tin, add a small piece of butter, and bake to a delicate brown. This mixture, combined with egg and bread crumbs, rolled into shapes, and then fried, is acceptable as croquettes.

TO MAKE LEMON DUMPLINGS.—You must take half a pound of bread-crumbs grated, half a small cup of sugar, quater of a pound of chopped and sifted suet, the juice and grated rind of one large or two small lemons, a saltspoonful of salt, the yolk of one egg, and enough of milk to moisten the ingredients but not reduce them to a

cess. To begin then construct a small shanty of common siding, about five feet square, and with a small door for entrance. It should be made without other opening and without crevices, which would admit the light. This is floored having a hole a little larger than a flour barrel. If so inclined you may provide a luxury in the shape of a small stove of sheet iron with stove pipe of about two inches in diameter. Being now ready for operations, convey the shanty out upon a frozen lake or river where the water beneath is from five to fifteen feet deep. Cut a hole through the ice to correspond with the hole in the floor of your shanty. Place the latter over this hole. If light enters between the bottom of the shanty and the ice, block up with snow. If the lake is covered with snow scrape off a space around the shanty to admit daylight into the water.

On entering this shanty the eye can distinguish nothing, in the almost total darkness, but the glaring hole and bright water beneath. In a few moments the outlines of objects are distinguishable, and on looking downward into the water, the weeds and bottom appear with almost startling clearness. No matter how cold without, or how wildly blows the wind, your may here take your comfort as thoroughtly as in you own snug home.

Having provided a wooden minnow, loaded at the bottom with lead, gaudily spotted with red and blue and having a bright tin fin on each side and a tin tail, fasten it by a line from three to six feet long (depending on the depth of the water) to a stick about eight inches in length. This is held in the left hand, the minnow is dropped into the water, and by bending the fins and tail a little, it is made to "rove" over a circuit of several feet by a slight continuous jerking of the little stick. A little practice will enable the novice to "get the hang of it," and a day or two will make him an adept. The minnow is thus made to dart hither and thither across the hole, and three feet or six feet below the surface.

A pike perhaps discovers the minnow and makes a dash for it, but the eccentric movements of the latter deceive him, and he misses the prize. Again and again he returns to the attack each time more slowly until a convenient opportunity is offered to strike him. Very often he comes to a dead stand-still below the minnow, following it slowly to the surface, if it is gradually raised and kept roving.

The spear used neccessarily has a short handle. It is kept with its point resting on the edge of the ice-hole ready for instant use. A stout cord is attached to the handle for its recovery.

Excellent sport can be obtained in this manner all through the winter months, and large fine fish taken, which being thrown outside the shanty soon freeze, and are brought to the table in better flavor than at any other season of the year. It is astonishing that this plan is not more generally known and practiced, being wholly free from the objections to netting as it is no butchery and does not unduly thin out the game.

There are several lakes near McHenry, in the State of Illinois, which are dotted with scores of these shanties from the time the ice becomes fairly solid until spring warns their owners to remove to a better foundation.

"Wealthy Merchant—"What! You here again! Why I kicked you down stairs and out into the street this morning, you impudent fellow."

Peddler—"Ish dot so? Vat a splendid memory! I had forgotten all apout it. Don't you vant to puy a fedder duster pefore you kick me out some more."

that the lead buck was nearly buried. The boy shot the live deer, and then found that the other had been dead several days. Its neck had been broken. They had to get stout stakes in order to pry the deers' antlers apart.

A serious difference exists between the Cabinets of Vienna and Berlin. It is claimed Prince Bismarck is serving Russian designs without regard to the interests of Austria. Herr Von Tisza, the Hungarian Premier, it is stated, will soon hold a conference with Count Kalnoky, and will insist that the situation be cleared up, and that Prince Bismarck be asked to declare whether Germany is an ally of Russia or Austria-Hungary.

Ida Newman, of Quihi, Tex., was bitten by a snake, and died, and Major Henry Brown writes thus to the Pearsall *News*: "I read in your last of the death from snake bite of little Ida Newman, of Quihi, and my heart almost bled for her parents, under the belief that if they had immediately applied a warm, wet poultice of tobacco the little innocent would have survived. Two just such bites were overcome in just that way near me at Belton in 1858."

At the Walker ranch, on the John Day River, in Oregon, a hunter named Marsh is resting up after a hard tussle with a black bear, which he smoked out of a hollow tree. He went in for a hand-to-hand encounter, and the bear not only broke his knife but cut and scratched him up most fearfully, and after sitting down on him quite a little while, went off to find new quarters for the winter. The hunter dragged himself to Walker's, where he will have to "hole up" for some time.

Lord Dufferin's health is in a very unsatisfactory state. He has been more or less unwell for a long time past, and it is clear that his constitution will not stand the Indian climate. There are grave fears that he will be unable to complete his term of office as Viceroy, but he is sure to stop in India until he is literally compelled to return home. Lord Dalhousie and Lord Canning and Lord Elgin all died prematurely because they insisted on working on at Calcutta long after they had been warned that they must leave India.

At a meeting the other day of all the leading citizens of Halifax the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—"That in order to secure the permanent unity of the Empire some form of federation is essential. That for the purpose of influencing public opinion in Nova Scotia by showing the importance and advantages of maintaining British connection by the adoption of such a system of organization, a society be formed to advocate and support the principles of federation. That this society be now formed, to be called the Nova Scotian Branch of the Imperial Federation League."

A shocking and fatal accident occurred on an up freight special on the eastern division of the C. P. R. on Monday night, two miles east of Nepigon. A carpenter named Gordon, from Port Arthur, was riding on engine 269, together with brakesman Frederick, Fireman Harry Brunell and Engineer Ramsay, when the crown sheet burst. The frightful rush of steam blew the three first named men out of the engine on to the track where they had to lie in the cold, with the temperature 40 below zero. All were terribly scalded and frozen. Gordon died two hours after with a broken back. The fireman had one leg broken, and was badly frozen on the face, hands and feet. The brakesman was badly scalded and smashed about the face, but was able to walk. The engineer escaped injury.

A young girl named Taylor, fifteen years of age, living near Grayson sulphur springs, Grayson county, was engaged to marry an

Englishman named Rudd, stopping at the springs. The time was fixed for the marriage and all its preparations were made, when the girl changed her mind and refused to marry him. The Englishman applied to Squires Alley and Frost for a warrant to arrest the girl. They issued it, and the girl was brought before them to answer the charges preferred, whatever they were. Rudd insisted that the marriage take place then. She refused to comply, but the justices insisted that she must keep her promise or go to prison. The frightened girl finally consented, and the ceremony was quickly performed. There is no doubt whatever of the correctness of the above statement, and intense excitement exists in the neighborhood since the facts leaked out.

A despatch from St. John's, N.B., on Thursday last, says :—The small steamer, Sir John, left this port last night about 11 o'clock for Shulee, N. S., with a general cargo. When near Black Point, a short time after leaving port, fire broke out in the galley of the steamer, and rapidly spread over the vessel. The only boat was soon launched, but it upset and drifted away. As their only chance, Capt. Purdy then took the helm and steered for the shore, two miles distant. After much suffering from smoke and fire they ran the vessel on the rocks, when the captain jumped overboard and reached the land. The next man to jump, John Sinclair, failed to reach the shore and was drowned. The remainder of the crew, four men, then got ashore by a rope secured by the captain from the vessel. All of the survivors are more or less burnt. They had to remain on the beach in the cold till daylight. The captain reached here this afternoon. The steamer was built last summer, was valued at $10,000 and was insured for $5,000. She was owned by Captain Purdy and his brother, of Sackville, N. B.

SOME OF DOSE SAYINGS.

BY CARL DUNDER.

I vhas better to do a big peesness in a shmall shtore dan to do a shmall peesness in a big shtore.

Some folks vhas sooch kickers dot dey complains of der shmall size of apple-cores.

Many a coon dot ish kildt oop a tree could haf got avhay all right on der groundt.

I haf took notis dot dose peoples who borrow der moas' tea und coffee und sugar from deir neighbors, borrow der least troubles for demselves.

Der family who doan' provide for a rainy day will sooner or later see sooch a dry time as nefer vhus.

Sometimes Truth goes out to take a walk and meets Gossip, but de pair nefer comes home together.

I belief dot if I vhas vhort $10,000,000 I could feel sorry for der troubles of der whole worldt.

Good Luck vhas somepody who vhill help a fool ash queek as a wise man. Success vhas der reward of hardt vhork und perseverance.

Der leedle shildren dot we see aroundt us vhas de rain-drops dot keep der hearts of men from becoming parched und dusty.

One haf der peoples goes up a ladder to look for a prize vhich vhas under der house all der time.

Maype it was petter for us dot we haf some troubles. If not, tings happen vhe become so happy dot vhe melt avhay und der side-vhalk vhas all grease.

Kind vhords cost nothings ; dot's vhy so many of us carry such a sthock of 'em.

Der working man who has good credit mit

KING'S EVIL

Was the name formerly given to Scrofula because of a superstition that it could be cured by a king's touch. The world is wiser now, and knows that

SCROFULA

can only be cured by a thorough purification of the blood. If this is neglected, the disease perpetuates its taint through generation after generation. Among its earlier symptomatic developments are **Eczema, Cutaneous Eruptions, Tumors, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas, Purulent Ulcers, Nervous and Physical Collapse,** etc. If allowed to continue, **Rheumatism, Scrofulous Catarrh, Kidney and Liver Diseases, Tubercular Consumption,** and various other dangerous or fatal maladies, are produced by it.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only powerful and always reliable blood-purifying medicine. It is so effectual an alterative that it eradicates from the system **Hereditary Scrofula,** and the kindred poisons of contagious diseases and mercury. At the same time it enriches and vitalizes the blood, restoring healthful action to the vital organs and rejuvenating the entire system. This great

Regenerative Medicine

Is composed of the genuine *Honduras Sarsaparilla,* with *Yellow Dock, Stillingia,* the *Iodides of Potassium* and *Iron,* and other ingredients of great potency, carefully and scientifically compounded. Its formula is generally known to the medical profession, and the best physicians constantly prescribe AYER'S SARSAPARILLA as an

Absolute Cure

For all diseases caused by the vitiation of the blood. It is concentrated to the highest practicable degree, far beyond any other preparation for which like effects are claimed, and is therefore the cheapest, as well as the best blood purifying medicine, in the world.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass

[Analytical Chemists.]

Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

Time Table.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 10.

In Effect Nov. 15, 1886.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 00	5 10
Napanee Mills	"	10 15	5 25
Newburgh	"	10 27	5 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	10 36	5 38
Camden East	"	10 40	5 43
Yarker	"	10 55	6 00
Colebrook*	"	11 00	6 02
Galbraith Road	"	11 05	6 05
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			6 10

Legal Cards.

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A. L. MORDEN. W. G. WILSON.
Co. Crown Attorney.

W. S. WILLIAMS, BARRISTER, Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Ontario Conveyancer, &c., Napanee.

GIBSON & CLUTE, BARRISTERS Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario. Conveyancers, Notary Public, R. C. Clute, L.L.B., Counsel. S. Gibson

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee Money to loan on easy terms.
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R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital,) Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office —Over Ferguson Bros'. Hardware Store, Napanee.

Hotel Cards.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

ALLISON & JOHNSON, PROPRIETORS.

Large, commodious, well furnished and centrally situated. The leading hotel of the town. Extensive sheds and good stablin

QUEEN'S HOTEL.

Opposite Railway Station) John st., Napanee
JNO. WHEELER. - PROP.

This house is now undergoing a complete overhauling, and will be furnished throughout with new and elegant furniture. Large sheds are being erected. No pains will be spared to make the house comfortable for travellers and the farming community. Your patronage solicited. 21-1yr

Business Cards.

GEO. B. SILLS, LICENSE INSPECTOR for the License District of Lennox. Office in Mr. S. Gibson's Law office, Grange Block. 18-1y

W. F. HALL, AGENT CANADA FIRE and Marine, Lancashire and Liverpool, and London and Globe Insurance Companies Office, Napanee Paper Co., John-st.

C. L. ROGERS. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates, Conveyancer, etc., Bath, Ont

CHARLES LANE ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses and Certificates. Office —Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales

Kind vhords cost nothings ; dot's vhy so many of us carry such a sthock of 'em.

Der working man who has good credit mit der grocer und butcher vhill always be a poor man.

People vhill look for oranges in a cabbage field, und pecause no oranges vhas foundt, dot same peoples are determined not to appreciate cabbage.

Truth vhas a big thing, but dere vhas sometimes when a big lie vhas vhort two of him to make der family all right. Dot vhas mine experience mit philosophy.

Heavy Snowstorm in England.

One of the severest snow storms that ever visited the country passed over England recently. The snowstorm appears to have done an amount of damage to the telegraph wires which is unprecedented. The telegraph wires in London were snapping with alarming rapidity, and in Fleet street the policemen curled the broken ends round the lamp posts. A train on the Midland line was delayed over an hour by the falling of telegraph wires across the track. There was very severe weather at Reading on Tuesday. The snow that fell in the afternoon was heavier than has been experienced for years, whilst the wind blew a hurricane, causing considerable damage to the roofs of houses. Trees were also badly damaged. In one cutting on the Great Western railway the trains were delayed by snow drifts. On the line from Paddington to Reading and from Bath to Bristol all the telegraph poles are a perfect wreck, most of the poles being splintered like matchwood and lying in all directions. The railway "block" lines being down, the trains are considerably delayed and are signalled along the line by flags. It seems probable that the wires between Bristol and London will not be restored for two or three days. The telegraphs in other directions have suffered equally as far as can be ascertained.

Woman in the Home.

A woman's life should be written in her home, her past with its warmth of sunlight, its shadows of memory, her present with its strength of service, its grace of sympathy, and her future with its calmness of coming twilight, its restfulness of hope beyond the night. No woman's life has full, visible expression without a home. Homeless women are denied their natural language, and speak with conscious effort, with sense of loss, a language less vital and human, like deaf mutes by sign and gesture. But emotion is more than utterance, life more than utterance, life more than its utmost expression. We may miss the rightful insignia of our home, but we cannot be disinherited. Those whose spirits are at home in the truth, the faith, the love which are immortal, have built for themselves, not tabernacles on the Mount of Transfiguration, but eternal homes.

A Discussion of Gender.

"Why do you call a vessel she?" said Henry to Fred, the other day.

"Perhaps because she wears a bow in front," answers Fred.

"That might be one reason but another is that she is not ready for business until she is properly manned."

"Yes ; and it takes a good many yards to rig her out."

"Then I hear old sailors speak about her going in stays."

"Conclusive ! But you must admit a ship is not always feminine."

"Well?"

"When she is a man-of-war."—[Chicago Ledger.

Thompson's Mills*....	"	10 35	5 38
Camden East.....	"	10 40	5 43
Yarker.....	"	10 55	6 00
Colebrook*.....	"	11 00	6 02
Galbraith Road.....	"	11 05	6 05
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground			6 10
Moscow.....	"	11 10	6 15
Mudlake Bridge*....	"	11 20	6 25
Enterprise.....	"	11 30	6 30
Wilson's Crossing*..	"	11 35	6 38
Tamworth.....	Arrive	11 50	6 50

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M.	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth.....Leave		6 45	2 30
Wilson's Crossing†..	"	6 55	2 40
Enterprise.....	"	7 00	2 50
Mudlake Bridge†.....	"	7 07	3 00
Moscow.....	"	7 15	3 05
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground)			
Galbraith Road†.....		7 25	3 15
Colebrook†.....		7 28	3 17
Yarker,.....		7 30	3 20
Camden East.....		7 45	3 35
Thompson's Mills*..		7 50	3 42
Newburgh		7 55	3 50
Napanee Mills	"	8 05	4 10
Napanee.....Arrive.		8 20	4 15

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Enterprise for Babrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

* Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations ; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

N.B.—Saturday's No. 2 Train will leave Napanee or Tamworth at 11 00 a.m., and in consequence on that day will be an hour later at each station.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults

Burdock
BLOOD
BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE. ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

—Front of Grammar school, Bridge Street, Napanee.

BYRON DERBYSHIRE, LICENSED Auctioneer, Odessa, will attend all sales in any part of the counties of Lennox and Addington. ☞ Correspondence solicited.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Sts.

C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.,

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Ont

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St, Napanee.

To the people in the county of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocaine, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

DR. E MING,

Veterinary Surgeon

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLL., SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office :—Brisco House Block, East Street,

NAPANEE, Ont.,

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 50

SIMPLE, DURABLE, EFFECTIVE BEAUTIFULLY FINISHED.

These are a few of the characteristic features of the

New Royal "A" Sewing Machine

or which we have been appointed agents It possesses all the latest improvements and has no superior in the market. Also

The Williams Singer Sewing Machine

These machine have justly won for themselves the approval and commendation of the Canadian public, as being one of the most durable and easily managed Sewing Machine now made ; never out of repair kept clean ; is capable of doing the largest range of work, from the finest to the coarsest runs light and easy, and almost noiseless.

Sewing Machines of all makes repaired All kinds of needles and oil kept in stock

WEBSTER & BOYES,
116 Dundas-st., Napanee.

The carriage making department of our business continues to turn out the best work in the district. Long experience and the use of the best materials enables us to give satisfaction everytime. W. & B.

HEALTH.

Only an Apple Left.

One morning in the winter of 1878 a Christian lady, who had often distributed to the necessities of saints, sat alone in the room, where advanced age and the beginning of what proved to be her last illness confined her.

Roused from her meditation by the entrance of her daughter, she said: "My dear, old Mr. and Mrs. W. have been on my mind all night. I hear they were not at church on Sunday. I know that they are poor; they may be sick and in want. I wish you would take a basket, call a cab, drive to the market, buy a good supply of provisions, and take it to them." Here she gave the address, and as her daughter was leaving the room, she added, handing her a thick flannel skirt, "Perhaps you would do well to take *this*, too; the weather is cold and Mrs. W. may need it."

The younger lady went. The provisions were bought, and at the head of the third flight of stairs in the tenement house to which she had been directed, she stopped short. Through the thin door she could hear Mr. W.'s voice asking a blessing upon the food before him.

At the conclusion of the grace, and smiling at what she now believed to be her mother's unnecessary anxiety, she knocked and entered. Sure enough, there they were at dinner, the wife at the foot of the table, waiting to be helped, the husband at the head, carving—one large apple, all the food they had!

With tears in her eyes, the lady drew forth her kindly stores, and while a comfortable meal was being prepared, she listened to their thanks, and heard from uncomplaining lips their pitiful story—how they earned a precarious living as clear starchers; how the husband had been attacked by rheumatism, and the wife by a felon; how, though utterly destitute, they had poured out before their God all their troubles; and how they had surely believed that He would send some one to help them.

This excerpt presents all the usual accompaniments of society as it is usually found: 1. "A Christian lady" in her "last illness" benevolently inclined, and accustomed to look after the poor. 2. Sends her daughter to the "market to buy a good supply of provisions," and take it to the old and indigent couple. 3. "The husband has rheumatism, and the wife a felon."

These conditions are in the strictest harmony with what is expected, and does happen in all grades of society as it is now constituted. These improper foods, illnesses and deaths, are the result of a lack of a proper understanding of the laws of health. The superabundant carbonaceous substances in the shape of animal fats, sugary preparations, starch and fine flour, cake and bread supplies, all of which are devitalized by the cooking process, causes the blood to become thick and dark, clogging up the capillaries, superinducing inflammations and abnormal strictures. Our green-grocer supplies are only once elaborated in the process of growth and are consequently insufficiently vitalized to supply such human tissue as God has made ample provision for; and upon the basis of which He, by implication, promised our first parents an exemption from a physical death.

The proper human food supply is designated in Gen. 1:29, and consists of ripe uncooked fruits and grains. These should be eaten in very great moderation, and not oftener than twice a day.

Usually, if fruit is eaten, it is eaten after more than enough of other and much less

SCIENCE.

A Russian engineer reports that he has discovered a process of reducing petroleum to a form of crystals which may be easily and safely transported to any distance and then reconverted into liquid form.

The oxide of iron is one of the most adhesive cements for iron. With this a join can be made so perfect that the iron will break before the cement will part. It is mixed with sulphur and sal-ammoniac moistened with water.

The diminished cost of production in metal work was illustrated recently by Dr. John Percy, in an address to the British Iron and Steel Institute, by the statement that a gross of steel pens, formerly costing $35, might now be produced for eight cents. The cost of making gold chains has been reduced to an eighth of what it was.

A series of experiments at a Russian military hospital, upon soldiers suffering only from slight injuries, yielded results which indicate that the habit of smoking has a tendency to retard digestion. The smoker required seven hours to digest a meal made up of the same kind and quantity of food which was digested in six hours by those who did not smoke.

Probably few persons realize how unreliable are the unprofessional thermometric reports which are telegraphed in Winter over the country after each cold wave, so untrustworthy are even the best of spirit thermometers in unskilled hands. Dr. John Rae expresses the opinion that the thermometer which is quoted as having recorded 58 degrees below zero in Manitoba is from 13 to 15 degrees in error. An instrument for the accurate measurement of low temperatures is needed as much as a reliable pyrometer for testing the temperature of molten metals.

The ratio of sickness rises and falls regularly with the death-rate in all countries, as shown by Dr. Farr and Mr. Edmonds at the London Congress of 1860, when the following rule was established: Of 1000 persons, aged thirty, it is probable ten will die in the year, in which case there will be twenty of that age sick throughout the year, and ten invalids. Of 1000 persons, aged seventy-five, it is probable 100 will die in the year, in which case the sick and invalids of that age will be 300 throughout the year. For every 100 deaths, let there be hospital beds for 200 sick, and infirmaries for 100 invalids.

One would almost imagine that the power of the microscope had reached its limits; but it is now claimed that, by the discovery of a new kind of glass, that power will be increased to an incredible degree. The new ingredients in the improved glass are phosphorus and boron, and the difference between the new and the old glass is found in the refraction of light. With the old glass the full power of the microscope was the discernment of one five-hundred-thousandth part of an inch, and with the new glass it is claimed that the one two-hundred-and-four-million-seven-hundred-thousandth part of an inch can be distinguished.

There is more in a heap of coal than most persons are aware of. Besides gas, a ton of gas coal will yield 1,500 pounds of coke, 20 gallons of ammonia water, and 140 pounds of coal tar. Destructive distillation of the coal tar gives 69·6 pounds of pitch, 17 pounds of creosote, 14 pounds of heavy oils, 9·5 pounds of naphtha yellow, 6·3 pounds of naphthaline, 4·75 pounds of naphthol, 2·25 pounds of alizarine, 2·4 pounds of solvent naphtha, 1·5 pounds of phenol, 1·2 pounds of aurine, 1·1 pounds of aniline, 0·77 pound

LATE DOMINION NEWS.

Hanover has two brass bands.

An Orange Lodge has just been organized in Calgary.

A black fox was seen at Laprairie, Que., last week.

A 3,200 pounds steer was s aughtered at Victoria, B. C., not long ago.

The census enumeration shows the Protestant school population of Winnipeg to be 3,683.

An insane girl has been sent out from Spanish River, on the C. P. R., to the Orillia asylum.

It has been decided to close the Manitoba immigration office at Winnipeg for the winter months.

John H. Tiffin, of Wallaceburg, took an everdose of laudanum a few days ago and died from the effects.

St. Johns, Que., has been warned to improve its fire appliances or prepare for an increase in insurance rates.

A tramp at Truro, N.S., broke a $150 pane of glass in order to get into gaol for food and shelter for the winter.

The Medicine Hat, N.W.T., Times, states that it has got hold if a sensational morsel of news, but it declines to publish it.

Mrs. Chas. Sugden, formerly of Thorndale, recently shot at Grenfell, N. W. T, a lynx measuring six feet in length.

Not long since a Dorchester, farmer delivered to a London butcher a fat heifer, eighteeu months old, weighing 2,400 pounds.

There has just been found at Rat Portage the skeleton of a man named Taylor, who was drowned while bathing there two years ago.

Mrs. Eliza McCague, of Mono, has been fined $20 and costs for having in her posession property stolen from St. Luke's Church, Mono.

Edward Johnson, of Eden Mills, arrested for the illicit distilling of whiskey, has been sent up for trial by Police Magistrate Saunders, of Guelph.

A case before the Stipendary Magistrate at St. Johns, Que., had to be postponed last week because no one present could understand the signs of the chief witness, who was deaf and dumb.

A pulp boiler weigning thirteen tons, twenty-three feet long, seven feet in diameter, and which it required eight horses to draw to the depot, has just been turned out by a firm at Sherbrooke, Quebec.

Medicine Hat has the name of being the most peaceable town in the Territories. No rows, in which whiskey takes a part, occur there. In the towns surrounding people are continually hanled up charged with violating the liquor laws; but here the laws are not violated.

A Campbellford lady, well known for her kindly disposition and her earnestness in working in any good cause, was much surprised a day or two ago on being addressed by name and having a sum of money placed in her hand, with the request to apply the money to charitable purposes.

The Court of Queen's Bench of Manitoba has declined, on the ground of having no jurisdiction, to issue a mandamus compelling County Judge Prudhomme to pronounce on the re-count upon all ballots cast in the North Dufferin election. At the re-count the judge declined to consider any but rejected ballots.

A young man by the name of W. J. Butters was killed in a saw mill in the Tp. of St. Vincent, on Friday of last week, by the bursting of a pulley which he was turning—a piece striking him on the forehead be-

oftener than twice a day.

Usually, if fruit is eaten, it is eaten after more than enough of other and much less valuable tissue-building food has been taken. Under such circumstances, it is impossible to have the processes of vitalization by steeping in the vital fluids, and oxydation by breathing imparted to the blood.

A proper understanding of God's laws leads irresistibly to the conclusion that ample provision has been made for the daily reparation of the used up tissues with as good material as was used the previous day. If this high standard of excellence is strictly maintained, it is clear that sickness, old age, dicrepitude and death can be avoided.

This is not immortality; but it is "incorruptibility," the contention for which the Saviour always contended.

This story of an aged lady, charitably disposed, with ample means, is ill with what proves to be her last illness, instructs her daughter to go the market, buy a supply of food and take it to an aged couple of whom she had been thinking during the night. On her arrival she found the husband suffering from rheumatism, and the old lady with a felon, the three cases of illness being the result of the use of such food as is usually used,—suggested the foregoing thoughts, which are held by the writer as a result of 30 years carefully devoted to the study of the human system and its legitimate requirements.

How to Take a Bath.

There is a right and a wrong way of taking a bath. The wrong way may result in evil, but the proper mode of bathing is sure to bring benefit. A separate bath-tub is not essential in taking a good sponging. For healthy persons, who are accustomed to a daily bath, cold water would be best on account of its invigorating influences. Those, who can take a bath only once a week, had better use warm or tepid water, as it cleanses the body more thoroughly. In using warm water caution should be taken, to avoid contracting colds. The best way is to sponge the body with cold water immediately after the warm has been applied; have a coarse crash towel at hand and rub the body thoroughly until a flush and glow appears all over the surface.

A warm bath should not be taken in a cold room. It is well to have the temperature of the water correspond somewhat with that of the room. If the bather has no tub, but merely uses the sponge and bowl, great care should be taken to avoid exposing much of one's person at a time. Beginning at the head, sponge but a portion of the body at a time; rub and dry the moistened part, and continue this plan until the bath completed. Especially do we advise this method, when the combined, warm and cold bath is taken. We would lay some stress on the advantage of using cold water. It is much superior as a guard against cold. Weakly or invalid people should be warned, however, against using cold water if their system is not vigorous or robust enough to withstand its sudden influence. If it gives a shock to the system, the bather must desist at once. But if a pleasurable feeling is experienced and a glowing sensation follows, it is always the sign of a healthful and successful bath; no fear of taking cold need then be entertained.

A farmer at Dundee, Que., recently undertook to take home, without payment of the $5 of duty to which it was liable, some furniture which he had purchased at Fort Covington, but he was intercepted by a Customs officer and it cost him to settle about nine times as much as he paid for the furniture.

pounds of anthrene, 2·4 pounds of [illegible] naphtha, 1·5 pounds of phenol, 1·2 pounds of aurine, 1·1 pounds of aniline, 0·77 pound of toludine, 0.46 pound of anthracine, and 0·9 pound of toluene. From the last named substance is obtained the new product known as saccharine, which is said to be 230 times as sweet as the best cane sugar.

A imple Story, Sweet and Sad.

BY GEORGE MURRAY.

Come, listen to my mournful strains,
A simple story, sweet and sad,
This tale of one who loved in vain,
Was told me by a harvest lad.

A gleaner brown, a rustic flower,
Loved a rich peasant's only son;
But she could bring no other dower
Than the fond heart that he had won.
She wept: The father said at last:
"Go, reap yon barley field of mine—
If, when three days from now have pass'd,
The task is done, my boy is thine."

The father spoke—The listening maid
With joy and love nigh swooned away;
Forthwith she seized a sickle blade,
And deftly plied it, night and day.
When, faint and wearied, in despair,
She felt her yearning strength depart,
She drew fresh courage from her prayer,
And prayer was prompted by her heart.

A daisy in her path delays
The tender glances of her eye;
"Price of my happiness," she says,
"Poor harmless darling thou must die!"
But while it perished in its youth,
It looked so beautifully mild,
That the fond maiden wept for ruth—
She, too, was but a blossom wild.

The third day passed—with twilight shade
The rich man to his barley came—
Breathless and pale, there stood the maid.
Her eyes triumphantly aflame!
"I did but jest, my girl," he cried.
"Ten crowns thy toil will amply pay,"
Alas! one more frail blossom died,
Cut to the heart, ere close of day!

Such is the story, sad and sweet,
I heard amid the golden grain;
The maidens sing it when they meet
And mingle weeping with the strain.

Calvin's Influence Still Lives There.

The small republic of Geneva spends annually one-fourth of its income for public instruction; this policy is not modern, but it has existed since the Reformation, when it was taught by Calvin that knowledge is the strength of a nation. Calvin himself created the college which bears his name, and installed in it the same building which is still used for the same purpose and called St. Antoine; it is the Geneva boys' pride to finish their studies in that establishment. The first degree of instruction is given to children from three to six years old in 56 schools, divided among the whole canton and counting over 3,000 scholars. The primary instruction is gratuitous and obligatory from 6 to 13 years old. At the end of each academic year (beginning of summer) examinations take place, after which prizes, consisting of books and silver medals, are delivered to the best scholars. This distribution of prizes is followed by a fete given to all the children of the different schools in the town. After meeting all in one of the public gardens they are led in procession through the principal streets, with bands and escorted by soldiers, to large shady grounds where games of all kinds are prepared for them. When playing is over they receive cakes, wines and fruit, and later in the evening a magnificent exhibition of fireworks closes the day, which is talked about during all the holidays.

A beggar, to all appearance slightly befogged, thus accosted a passer-by: "Sir, would you please give me a little money to buy a bit of bread, for I am so dreadfully thirsty that I don't know where I am to get a night's lodging."

bursting of a pulley which he was turning—a piece striking him on the forehead between the eyes. He lived but two hours after the occurrence. Deceased was 33 years of age, and leaves a wife and four children.

One day last week the people of Victoria, B.C., were treated to the novel spectacle of an imposing Chinese fuueral, which was conducted with all the barbaric pomp possible. The hearse was preceded by gong-beaters, men on horseback carrying flags and banners, and curiously-attired figures. Immediately following the hearse was a black horse, saddled and bridled, supposed to be for the use of the spirit of the deceased celestial. A line of carriages filled with chattering Chinese brought up the rear.

On Thursday of last week Mrs. Stephen Van Worden was found dead in the woods at Port Saxon, N. S., about two miles from the main road. The circumstances are reported as follows:—Since the death of her husband the deceased had resided with her son, Mr. Abram Van Worden, at Port Saxon, and at the time had been paying a visit to her daughter, Mrs. William Chisholm, at Clyde River, some three or four miles away. Having stayed beyond the limit arranged for, Mrs. Van Worden had sent one of her children to inquire if the grandmother was all right and still at Mrs. Chisholm's. It was then ascertained she had left for home two days before. A search was immediately instituted, with the result stated. The deceased was a native of Aberdeenshire, Scotland, and was more than eighty years old.

During the past year 77,221 cases of lobsters were packed on P.E. Island, valued at about $405,410. The number of fish killed amounts to over 25,946,256, averaging in size about seven to a can. The greater portion of these goods were shipped to England. Besides these some 14,703 cases, put up in Newfoundland, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, were brought there for shipment. On the whole the season has not been satisfactory, and in all probability the packers will soon hold another convention to consider their course for the future. Compared with last year the output has been about 1,430 cases more, but the fish have decreased again in size; for whereas in 1885 it took six and a half lobsters to fill a can, during the past year it took seven. In fact, ever since 1879, when it took but three to a can, the fish have steadily decreased in size, sometime by three-fourths of a fish to a can per year.

How to Dress Small Skins.

To dress small fur skins, clean and scrape the skin and moisten it with water; then cover the flesh side with a paste made as follows: One pound each of powdered alum and salt and of rye flour; mix into a thin paste with warm water, and spread it on the skin a quarter of an inch thick. Lay another skin upon this, and so on in pairs; then put a board on the top and a light weight. After ten days take out the skins, clean and scrape them, and repeat three times; then stretch the skins and rub them smooth with pumice stone and chalk.

Make a note of This.

Pain banished as if by magic. Polson's NERVILINE is a positive and almost instantaneous remedy for external, internal, or local pains. The most active remedy hitherto known falls far short of Nerviline for potent power in the relief of nerve pain. Good for external or internal use. Buy a 10 cent sample bottle. Large bottles 25 cents, at all druggists.

How to Succeed.

A correspondent, who appears to be in earnest, writes: "As a new year has begun, I thought an article from your pen on 'How to Succeed' might prove of interest to those who, like myself, are always ready and anxious to learn, and who desire to commence 1887 with a laudable ambition to succeed, if success is within their power.' This is rather a strange request, as we are not aware that we possess any special qualifications for imparting information on this subject to our inquirer which he does not possess himself. We do not believe the good old way can be improved on; at least, if it can, we are not acquainted with the method.

We well remember the supreme contempt with which we regarded the teachings of some of the wisest philosophers who ever lived, when first reading their advice to those entering the race of life, who aspired to succeed, or occupy an honorable position. How commonplace seemed their arguments and recommendations? To be assured that to reach the goal, integrity, sobriety, persistence, attention to business, regard for truth and honor, a settled determination to make the word as good as the bond, were indispensable, seemed so ridiculous, so frivolous, so out of character with the end sought for, which we had expected to secure by a patented or pyrotechnic method, that we threw them down in disgust; and we have no doubt that thousands of others have had a similar youthful experience, and labored under a similar delusion. But the old, old story has been repeated, as it will be repeated to the end of time. The then esteemed dreary platitudes have materialized into the wisdom of the sage, and proven that the possession and exercise of these virtues are as essential, nay, more essential now, to achieve a lasting success than they were a century ago, because fraud and tinseled shams were not then as rampant, as dangerous, as positive or as deceptive factors in the make-up of society as they are to-day.

Napoleon's definition of genius—*success*—explains its significance when coupled with his well-known aphorism: "Providence generally favors the heaviest battalions.' The student who carries off the honors at Oxford or McGill more frequently owes his triumph to laborious, unflagging study than a special so-called natural gift, exemplifying the fact that there is no royal road to learning. When the Prince of Wales' sons entered the British navy, the instructions given to the officer under whom they were placed, in effect were: "*Teach* them their duty, and show no favoritism," thus practically recognizing that although born with silver spoons in their mouths, they had to learn by actual experience, equally with the humblest seaman, how to splice a rope or box the compass. And thus it is in the ordinary walks of life. Not more senseless was King Canute's command to the ocean than is the too prevalent expectation that a special freak of fortune will bridge the chasm between ignorance and knowledge, and afford a loop-hole for a genius (?) to prove his superiority over sublunary mortals.

History repeats itself, and he is a wise man who cannot learn by the experience of others. As the lighthouse warns the mariner of the hidden rock or dangerous shoal, so the failures of the past should act as beacons to those who are anxious to avoid the pit holes which constantly beset their pathway.

Many of the failures are the result of misdirected effort. There is an old though trite saying, "You cannot make a whistle out of a pig's tail," so a man who has mistaken his calling cannot expect to successfully compete with a rival peculiarly adapted by taste and training for it. Others trust to chance in preference to following the beaten path. A few years ago we in-

MONEY to loan on Mortgage. Trust funds. For particulars apply to BEATTY, CHADWICK, BLACKSTOCK & GALT, Toronto.

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WOOD ENGRAVER
10 KING ST EAST
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SAUSAGE CASINGS.

New shipment from England, Ex. Steamship "Norwegian." Lawest prices to the trade. We are sole agents in Canada for McBride's Celebrated Sheep Casings. Write for quotations.

JAS. PARK & SON, TORONTO

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM,
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BABY'S BIRTHDAY.

A Beautiful Imported Birthday Card sent to any baby whose mother will send us the names of two or more other babies, and their parents' addresses Also a handsome Diamond Dye Sample Card to the mother and much valuable information.

Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

FILES R. SPENCE & CO., RASPS

Consumers will find it to their advantage to ask the trade for our make of Files and Rasps. **Re-Cutting a Specialty.** Send for price list and terms.

HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

JUNE 19, 1885.—For two years my wife's health was run down. She was greatly emaciated and too weak to do anything for herself; she was given up by five doctors, they all passed the opinion that she could not live. She commenced using Dr. Jug's Medicine in December, 1884, and after taking six bottles she was so much improved that she could look after her household duties. J. M. RODDICK, Engineer, C. P. R., West, Toronto.

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The largest and most prosperous open Assessmant Association in the world—desires active representatives in every section of Canada; liberal inducements. It has full Government Deposit, and under the supervision of Insurance Department at Ottawa.

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23 ADELAIDE ST. E., TORONTO.
All classes of fine work. Mfrs. of Printers' Leads, Slugs and Metal Furniture. Send for prices.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter to and from Halifax, Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld.; Wm. Thompson & Co., **St. John, N.B.; Allen & Co., Chicago**; Love & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto;

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Wholly unlike Artificial Systems—Cure of Mind Wandering—Any book learned in one reading. Heavy reductions for postal classes. Prospectus, with opinions of Mr. PROCTOR, the Astronomer, Hons. W. W. ASTOR, JUDAH P. BENJAMIN, Drs. MINOR, WOOD and others, sent post FREE, by

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ARMSTRONG'S PATENT TEMPERED STEEL BOB-SLEIGHS.

Made in two sizes, carrying from **500** to **2,500** lbs. Light, Neat, Strong and very Durable. Will stand by actual test **300 per cent.** over raw steel, and the runners wear **six times** longer, and, being **spring** tempered, do not drag or grip, drawing fully **one-half easier** on bare ground. Prices are RIGHT, and orders should be placed AT ONCE to secure delivery this season, as our entire supply is being rapidly taken up. Just the thing for delivery sleighs, carryalls, democrats, etc. Send for circular with full particulars, and ask your carriage makers for these goods. **J. B. ARMSTRONG M'F'G CO. (Ld.), GUELPH, Canada.**

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address DR. H. G. ROOT,

Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto.

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MANUFACTURE ONLY

FINEST SILVER-PLATED WARE.

Artistic Designs, combined with Unequalled Durability and Finish.

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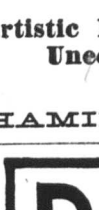
DALLEY'S FINE GOLD EXTRACTS.



ABSOLUTELY PURE
FROM SELECT FRUITS
SOLD EVERYWHERE

out of a pig's tail," so a man who has mistaken his calling cannot expect to successfully compete with a rival peculiarly adapted by taste and training for it. Others trust to chance in preference to following the beaten path. A few years ago we inquired of one of the most prominent of Colorado's miners, what, in his opinion, had been the ratio of successful to non-successful mining adventurers, during fifteen years. The reply was that *one in ten thousand* would be a liberal computation. Is it not rational to suppose that if these nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine failures had turned their attention to legitimate business the result would have been far different? Some fail because too little attention is paid to details, others because they simply skim the surface and fail to use the subsoil plough.

Life is a continual struggle from the cradle to the grave, and the man who is not prepared to meet with and overcame obstacles has no right to expect success. No cross, no crown. While it is certain that everyone who starts in pursuit of wealth or fame will not become a Crœsus, a Bacon, or a Webster, it is equally certain that those who follow the divine injunction "Whatever thy hand findeth to do, do it with all thy might," and are guided by honor and principle, may rationally expect a certain meed of success to attend their efforts.

Four Belfast rioters have been sentenced to four months' imprisonment each.

The most expensive paper, the most worthless paper, the paper that beats everybody who takes it and the paper that is the hardest to discontinue is the paper of toba co.

Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are cured in from one to three simple applicatione made at home. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free on receipt of stamp by A. H. Dixon & Son, 308 King Street West, Toronto, Canada.

"He who imagines he can do without the world deceives himself much; but he who fancies the world cannot do without him is under a far greater deception."

People who are subject to bad breath, foul coated tongue, or any disorder of the Stomach, can at once be relieved by using Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, the old and tried remedy. Ask your Druggist.

"There never was a saint in the form of a man that wasn't secretly flattered by the thought that he might inspire a passion if he set himself to try."

YOUNG MEN suffering from the effects of early evil habits, the result of ignorance and folly, who find themselves weak, nervous and exhausted; also MIDDLE-AGED and OLD MEN who are broken down from the effects of abuse or over-work, and in advanced life feel the consequences of youthful excess, send for and READ M.V. Lubon's Treatise on Diseases of Men. The book will be sent sealed to any address on receipt of two 3c. stamps. Address M. V. LUBON, 47 Wellington St. East Toronto Ont

"Teach him to use wealth, not worship it, or become its victim. That's the secret of happiness with riches."

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, and their attendant evils, take at once a dose of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. Best family medicine. All Druggists, 50 cents.

A. P. 315.

THE INDUSTRIAL UNION OF B. N. A.—Incorporated 1884. Effects Assurances for Sickness Accident and Death; also endowments. Agents Canvassers and Collectors wanted. Apply, WILLIAM JONES, Secretary, 45 Arcade, Toronto.

100,000 SHEETS OF 5 & 10c. MUSIC; '30,000 Plays,' Brass Inst's, 'Violins,' 'Flutes,' 'Fifes,' and Musical Inst. Trimmings, at reduced prices. R. B. BUTLAND, 37 King-st. W., Toronto.

and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE
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Use on your Machinery only the Well-known

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NINE GOLD MEDALS have been awarded it during the last four years. Try also our **PEERLESS AXLE GREASE** for your Waggons and Horse Powers.

Manufactured at QUEEN CITY OIL WORKS, by

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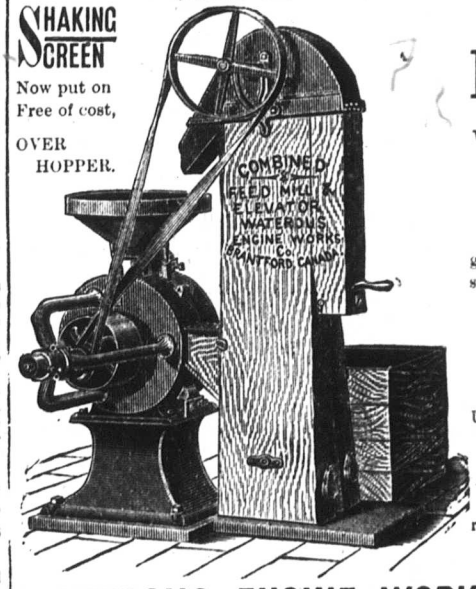
STANDARD CHOPPING MILLS!

(Sizes—12 inch, 20 inch, 30 inch, 42 inch),

SHAKING SCREEN

Now put on Free of cost,

OVER HOPPER.



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Best French Burr Stones,

With and Without Elevator Attachment, as Shown in Cut.

With Elevator one man can attend to mill and grind 10 to 35 bushels per hour, depending on power, size of mill, and degree of fineness meal is ground.

FRENCH BURR STONES,

Used in these mills, are acknowledged by all the best grinders in the world.

The Mills are exceedingly simple; any one with common sense can run them successfully.

Send in orders early, as our season's output rapidly going.

WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO., **Brantford, Canada,** and **St. Paul, Minn., U. S. A**

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GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $1,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT. - - - A HOME COMPANY.

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The Association has been fifteen years in operation, during which time $915,000 has been returned to the Policy Holders.

This year (1886) closes the third Quinquennial Period. It is expected there will be a surplus of over $350,000. The surplus at December 31st, 1885, being $282,199.

Guarantee Capital and Assets now over $2,800,000. Policies in force over $14,000,000.

Policies **Non-Forfeitable** after two years, and after three years **Indefeasible.**

—Coffees, fresh ground daily, at P. S. Hicks.

—We have still a fine assortment of wool hose all sizes which we are clearing out cheap.
C. F. HENDERSON.

—Found that West's Cough Syrup is the best for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases. All druggists.

A large stock of S. boards, extension tables, hall racks, etc., to choose from at Gibbard's, at prices that cannot be beaten.

—For cheap tinware, crockery, soaps, combs, brushes, knives and forks, tea and table spoons, purses, violins, guitars, banjoes, accordeons, and concertinas. A large asssortment of valentines and you can get any musical instrument repaired at the 7c. store, West of the Campbell House Block.
R. VANCE

If you want a bed-room suit go to Gibbard's where you have 30 different styles to choose from

—A specialty made of the new bromide process life size, at Hulett's studio.

You can buy a good hardwood sideboard at Gibbard's for $9.

—Teas. Secure some of that 60c. Tea, 5 lbs. for $2, at P. S. Hicks.

LAMPS	LAMPS	LAMPS
LAMPS	LAMPS	LAMPS
LAMPS	LAMPS	LAMPS

A large collection of good goods, cheap. J J Perry, opposite the Brisco House.

—Fine cabinets and cartes at Hulett's studio, at right prices.

—Men are engaged repairing the house on Thomas street, recently occupied by Mrs Doyle, but which was destroyed by fire a short time ago.

—The cheapest and best horse blankets in town at F. W. Vandusen's. Harness oil first-class and cheap in any quantity. All my harness guaranteed. Also a good stock of Whips which will be sold away down low for to make room for a new stock coming. Call and be convinced that you can do better with me, than any other shop in town. Shop first door west of the Campbell House Block.

—Sick headache and all liver diseases yield immediately to West's Liver Pills. Sugar coated. All druggists,

—STOVES, STOVES. Headquarters for stoves. Doyle & Son are showing some very handsome stoves this season. Among them are the Art Royal, the champion of all parlor stoves Agents for the J. F. Pease Furnace Co. Call and see them.

—It is expected that the latter part of February the Kingston serenade club will visit Napanee and favor our citizens by one of their pleasing entertainments.

—Lockwood has just received a new supply of school books, both for the model and high schools, among which is the old speller, the companion to the old readers. Everything in the above line complete. He has an Art Garland parlor stove, nearly new, with oven attached, which he will sell cheap for cash, or exchange for wood. Please call. Corner Brisco House block.

—Persons who are weary of saying "How doth the little busy bee," may try the following Chinese version :

How ? Sie belly small chin chin sting bug
Im-im-plove ebly sixty mionit all a time,
Go, pickee up sting-bug jusie all a day
All kin' places' loun' flowels just got busted!

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth ? so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and price 25c. a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

Consumption Cured!

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing the stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 44 [illegible] Block, Rochester, N. Y. 48l6

—In our advertising columns will be found an advertisement from Mr. A. J. Empey, who some years ago carried on business in the blacksmithing. He has formed a partnership with Mr. Barnes, and opened in the shop opposite Potter & Williams livery stable. We wish the new firm every success.

—Ayer's Sarsaparilla is prescribed and recommended by eminent physicians, and is taken with perfect safety by old and young. It's cleansing and vitilizing effects are sure and speedy, and it is universally conceded to be the most effective of all blood purifiers.

—The many complimentary testimonials which we notice concerning the Dominion Business College, Kingston, goes to show that it stands at the head of all commercial schools in Canada. Young men should make a thorough investigation before deciding where to attend. 586tf

—Messrs. Peter and F. E. Vanluven having purchased Mr. J. D. Wagar's interest in the co-operative warehouse are now the sole owners of the same. We understand that it is the intention of the Messrs. Vanluven to buy grain on their own account next season, and as they now have the finest storehouse in the county and the very best facilities for handling grain will be prepared to pay the highest price in the market. We wish them success.

—Albert College met with unusual success at the recent Departmental and University examinations. Out of nine candidates for matriculation in Arts eight were successful. Out of six candidates for second-class certificates four were successful ; and out of twenty candidates for third class certificates eleven were successful. For circulars address Rev. W. P. Dyer, M.A., Principal.

—The Christmas number of the Montreal Star was a gigantic success, being now in great demand at $1 a copy, four times the publishers' price, but it is to be eclipsed by the coming Carnival number of The Star. This, the Queen's Jubilee year, will not be soon forgotten by Canadians. The Carnival number of The Star will fix it indelibly on the mind of everybody. The Carnival Star is to be some forty odd mammoth pages, with five plate supplements, each worthy of a frame, and each good value for the cost of the whole paper.

—The Carnival number which is being issued this week by the Montreal Witness, will, we believe, command a most unprecedented sale, as it is published at the extremely low price of 15 cents, or two copies for 25 cents—all free by post. It is to contain 24 pages, literally crowded with excellent colored pictures and engravings of the principal scenes of the carnival, correctly as well as beautifully executed. The idea of sending two copies at such a reduction is a capital one; everybody can afford to buy one copy to keep, and at least one other to send to friends at a distance.

Headquarters for Oysters.

Davis' restaurant is the headquarters in Napanee for the finest brands of oysters, which are received daily from the packing houses. Fine confectionery and delicious cakes, as well as bread of a superior quality. Fine Florida oranges and every kind of fruit in season.

eform Committee Rooms,

The Central Committee Rooms of Mr. D. W. Allison are, as we announced last week, in the premises lately occupied by Messrs Perry & Madole, on the corner of Dundas and East streets. They are comfortably heated and open at all hours for the convenience of friends of the cause. Those desirous of receiving information regarding the voter's lists can obtain it at the rooms, where there are parties in waiting to assist in the work.

J Websier, celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary. Quite a large gathering of friends were present, who were pleased to do honor to their esteemed neighbors. The presents were many, some being quite valuable. A very pleasant time was spent, the company departing with wishes for many happy returns of the day.

—Hon. Lou J. Beauchamp will again visit Napanee on Wednesday evening and deliver his farewell lecture in the town hall on Temperance. But few men can interest an audience like this gentleman, and we advise all who desire to spend an intellectual night to hear Mr. Beauchamp. Admission free. A collection will be taken to defray expenses, At the close of the lecture the organization of the Good Templars Lodge will be considered.

The Markets

The markets remain about stationary, very little grain being brought in. The only noticeable change was a slight upward tendency of oats. The prices offered are about as follows :—Wheat 80c ; Oats 28c to 30c ; Peas 50c ; Barley 40c to 45c.

Don't Marry

Don't marry too hastily, don't be too slow about it, don't marry a miser, don't marry an idle spendthrift, don't marry for spite, don't elope to marry, dont spurn a man for his poverty, don't marry without an eye to comfort, don't marry recklessly, don't miss seeing gallagher's superb stock of new wall papers, don't forget that gallagher' book and notion store is the cheapest place in town for school books, stationery, etc.

Band Concert.

—The band have decided to hold their concert on Feb. 10th. They are in communication with several prominent singers one of whom is Miss Braniff, of Toronto, and from the way in which they are working they will evidently give the people of Napanee one of the finest musical treats held for some time. Miss B. is a host in herself. The Toronto Globe, in giving an account of her appearance there, says : "She has a fine, light voice, of equal quality great compass and pleasing timbre. Her vocalization shows careful and conscientious study. Miss Baniff's rendition called forth strong and long plaudits, enforced by hand some boquets."

—The distressing paleness so often observed in young girls and women, is due in a great measure to a lack of the red corpuscles in the blood. To remedy this requires a medicine which produces those necessary little blood constitutents and the best yet discovered is Johnson's Tonic Bitters Price 50c and $1 per bottle at Perry & Co's drug store, sole agents.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of liver complaint, dyspepsia, sick headache, indigestion, constipation or costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Large boxes containing 30 sugar-coated pills, 25c. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeit and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., Toronto, Ont.

Not a Book Agent.

Perry & Co., Druggists, are not book agents, but have the agency in Napanee for Johnson's Tonic Bitters, which they can heartily recommend for any complaint to which a tonic medicine is applicable. This valuable medicine has been used with most astonishingly good results in cases of general debility, weakness, irregularities peculiar to females, extreme paleness, impoverishment of the blood, stomach and liver troubles, loss of appetite, and for that general worn out feeling that nearly everyone is troubled with at some part of the year. Don't forget the name Johnson's Tonic Bitters 50c. and $1 per bottle at Perry & Co's drug store, Sole Agents.

DURING STOCK-TAKING!

Downey & Co.

Are offering a number of "Jobs" which they are anxious to clear out and in order to make a rapid clearance have marked them at a price that must sell them. This week we have put out on the counter a job lot of

Ladies' and Childrens' Wool Hosiery.

Childrens' all-wool Hosiery from 10c. per pair.

A line of Childrens' and Misses' Cashmere Hose at 17c. per pair, worth 40c.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, nice fine make, at only 35c. per pair, worth 50c.

Childrens' Plain and Striped $\frac{3}{4}$ Hose, all wool, at only 5c. per pair.

These are much under cost price, but must be cleared out.

22ly **DOWNEY & Co.**

The Last Call!

FOR WINTER GOODS.

Lahey, McKenty & Company

Have received advices of heavy shipments of Spring Goods to arrive within the month for

40 per Cent. OFF

—AT—

MADDEN'S BOOKSTORE.

On all Xmas Goods.

N the time to select you New Year's Gifts

All kinds of School Books and Schoolsupplies constantly n stock at

MADDEN'S BOOKSTORE.

22ly

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JAN. 28, 1887.

Marriage Licenses

ssued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 221y

James Aylsworth,

Issuer of marriages licenses conveyancer, commissioner, etc in H. C. J., and genealr business agent. Tamworth Ont. 221y

—A choice 50c, Tea, 3 lbs. for $1, at P. S. Hicks

J. Gibbard & Son have a fine assortment of ratta rockers on hand now.

You can got a good carpet couch at Gibbard & Son for $1.50.

—Teachers! Buy "Hopkins outline study of men," and "Fitches lecture on teaching" at Gallagher's Bargain Store.

—**Low's Sulphur Soap** should be found with every toilet. It is cleansing and healing.

Oysters received daily direct from Baltimore at P. S. Hicks.

J. Gibbard & Son are selling a good hardwood bedstead with castors, etc. all complete, for $2.75.

—SKATES, SKATES, SKATES at the Golden Augert chopping axes, chopping axes, at the Golden Auger, and in cross cut saws the best stock ever brough Napanee. Perry & Madole.

—Messrs. Perry & Co take pleasure in announcing that they have secured the services of H. T. Junkin to take the place of Mr Salter. Mr J comes highly recommended, having attended the College of Pharmacy where he stood seventh out of thirty candidates. He will have full charge of the dispensing. By courteous treatment and prompt attention to the wants of their customers, Messrs. Perry & Co trust to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

J. Gibbard & Son have a lot of odd W. stands and bedsteds that they will sell very cheap.

—**Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup** is as safe and reliable worm remedy for all worms afflicting children or adults.

—Flour. Choice Western Flour, Rathbun's and other grades, at lowest prices at P S. Hicks.

—**Always Required**—A good cathartic medicine. National Pills will not disappoint you.

—Plain gold wedding rings made to order, any size and quality, at F. Chinneck's

—If you want anything in books, stationery, wall paper, or in fact anything usually kept in a first class bookstore. W. D. MADDEN.

—Worth its weight in gold. West's World's Wonder, the cheapest and best liniment in the world cures more cases and goes further than any other medicine. Rheumatics, try it. 25 and 50c. All druggists.

J. Gibbard & Son have a lot of odd bureaus they are selling at reduced prices.

—Coffees, fresh ground daily, at P. S. Hicks.

—We have still a fine assortment of wool hose all sizes which we are clearing out cheap.
C. F. HENDERSON.

—Found that West's Cough Syrup is the best for

—**The various bookstores are now flush with valentines.**

—**The Napanee Cement Co. offer land plaster at reasonable rates. See ad.**

—**The river from the falls to the swing bridge was clear of ice on Monday last.**

—**The electric light has been placed in front of Mr. Allison's committee rooms.**

—**The W. C. T. U. meets on Tuesday next in the council chamber at 3 o'clock p.m**

—**Walking on the sidewalks on Wednesday was very dangerous, owing to the great amount of ice thereon.**

—Those wishing to "take in" the Montreal ice carnival can do so quite cheaply. See advertisement of Mr. J. L. Boyes.

—Two or three young men can secure good board and lodging by enquiring at this office. Good rooms and first class board. 1087b

—Messrs Dr M. J. Beeman, of Centreville and T. G. Davis, of Napanee, were appointed as auditors for 1887, by the county council.

—See our new advertisements in this issue. Among them will be found one from Mr. Geo. Lasher, offering for sale a valuable farm in Ernesttown.

—The returning officer for Lennox, for the election on the 22nd, is Sheriff Prnyn and Mr. J. B. Walkem, of Kingston, has been appointed to the same position for Addington.

A one-hundred-acre farm, with good buildings, within 8 miles of Napanee, in the Township of Richmond, for sale at a bargain. Terms easy. Apply to JOHN ENGLISH. 786tf

—At the recent annual meeting of the Western Methodist Sabbath School. all the old officers and teachers were re-elected. Quite an addition has recently been made to the library.

—Mr. Hiram McKim, J. P., of Murvale, has been appointed Police Magistrate for Frontenac, without salary. The appointment is highly spoken of, being strongly endorsed by the ratepayers as well as by the Scott Act Association.

—Mr D. Ross, who was here looking up matters in connection with the electric light for Mount Forest, unfortunately fell while fixing one of the lamps in that town and injured himself severely. We are pleased to state that he is able to be around again.

—The many friends of Mr. S. McCutcheon will be glad to learn that he likes his position at Stratford very well. He has been appointed to the position of head clerk. His successor here is a Mr. Sheppard, who comes from Stratford. We welcome him to our midst.

—Lost, on Tuesday evening, January 20th, on the York road, between Morven and Odessa, or between Odessa and Wilton, a coonskin gauntlet for the right hand. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at THE EXPRESS office, or sending word where it can be found. 1087a

—The best regulators for the stomach and bowels the best cure for biliousness, sick headache, indigestion and all affections arising from a disordered liver, are without exception Johnson's Tonic Liver Pills. Small in size, sugar coated, mild yet effective 25cts per bottle. Sold by Perry & Co, Druggists. Sole Agents.

—Mr Adam Fullerton has been appointed local agent for the Equitable Life Assurance Society. The company are fortunate in securing the services of Mr Fullerton and we are sure the appointment will be mutually advantageous. Fred E. Burritt, the Assistant Inspector of agencies, is in town posting Mr Fullerton.

—In our advertising columns will be found an advertisement from Mr. A. J. Empey, who some years ago carried on business in the blacksmithing. He has formed

Hon. E. Blake

WILL ADDRESS THE ELECTORS

At the Brisco Opera House

NAPANEE, ON

TUESDAY NEXT

At 7.30 p. m.

—Mr. N. A. Asselstine has been retained as teacher for 1887 for school section No. 17 Ernesttown.

—The new electric at the corner of Bridge and John streets, opposite the Eastern Methodist church, was connected with the main wire for the first time Sunday evening. It illumined that section very nicely.

—A tea-meeting will be held in Switzer's church, Switzerville, on Feb. 3rd. Addresses by Rvs. W. H. Emsley, J. P. Wilson, J. Curts and W. R. Young and Messrs D. W. Allison and Uriah Wilson. Good music. Tea served at 6 o'clock. Tickets, single 40c; double 75c.

—Prof. Bernara Bigsley, M. A., an authorzed English inspector of the American system of education, has selected the Dominion Business College, Kingston, as the typical business college of Canada.—British Whig, Kingston. We must congratulate Messrs. McKay and Wood, the principals. 586tf

—Our readers are reminded of the social to be held at the residence of John Gibbard, Esq., on Tuesday evening next. The committee having the affair in hand are sparing no pains to make it a success. Everything points to a very pleasant time. All are welcome. Admission 15c.

—On Monday afternoon last the Napanee Corps of the Salvation Army went to Deseronto to unite with the Deseronto brethren in the funeral of Mr. Curtis, of that village, whose sister is a member of the army. A detachment from Picton was also present. The body was placed in the vault at the Huffman cemetery, west Napanee.

—On Thursday evening the newly elected Warden entertained the members of the county council to an oyster supper in Mr. Thos. Jamieson's restaurant. The bivalves were served in mine host's best style and all relished the sumptuous repast. Mr. J. D. Ham, ex-Warden, acted as chairman with Mr. F. Burrows, I. P. S., as vice chairman, when a list of toasts were responded to.

—At Morven on Wednesday Mr and Mrs Wm Webster, brother of our townsman, Mr J Websier, celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary. Quite a large gathering of friends were present, who were pleased to do honor to their esteemed neighbors. The

—We have still a fine assortment of wool hose all sizes which we are clearing out cheap.
C. F. HENDERSON.

—Found that West's Cough Syrup is the best for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases. All druggists.

A large sfock of S. boards, extension tables, hall racks, etc., to choose from at Gibbard's, at prices hat cannot be beaten.

—For cheap tinware, crockery, soaps, combs, brushes, knives and forks, tea and table spoons, purses, violins, guitars, banjoes, accordeons, and concertinas. A large asssortment of valentines and you can get any musical instrument repaired at the 7c. store, West of the Campbell House Block.
R. VANCE

If you want a bed-room suit go to Gibbard's where you have 30 different styles to choose from

—A specialty made of the new bromide process life size, at Hulett's studio.

You can buy a good hardwood sideboard at Gibbard's for $9.

—Teas. Secure some of that 60c. Tea, 5 lbs. for $2, at P. S. Hicks.

LAMPS LAMPS LAMPS
LAMPS LAMPS LAMPS
LAMPS LAMPS LAMPS
A large collection of good goods, cheap. J J Perry, opposite the Brisco House.

—Fine cabinets and cartes at Hulett's studio, at right prices.

—Men are engaged repairing the house on Thomas street, recently occupied by Mrs Doyle, but which was destroyed by fire a short time ago.

—The cheapest and best horse blankets in town at F. W. Vandusen's. Harness oil first-class and cheap in any quantity. All my harness guaranteed. Also a good stock of Whips which will be sold away down low for to make room for a new stock coming. Call and be convinced that you can do better with me, than any other shop in town. Shop first door west of the Campbell House Block.

—Sick headache and all liver diseases yield immediately to West's Liver Pills. Sugar coated. All druggists,

—STOVES, STOVES. Headquarters for stoves. Doyle & Son are showing some very handsome stoves this season. Among them are the Art Royal, the champion of all parlor stoves Agents for the J. F. Pease Furnace Co. Call and see them.

—It is expected that the latter part of February the Kingston serenade club will visit Napanee and favor our citizens by one of their pleasing entertainments.

—Lockwood has just received a new supply of school books, both for the model and high schools, among which is the old speller, the companion to the old readers. Everything in the above line complete. He has an Art Garland parlor stove, nearly new, with oven attached, which he will sell cheap for cash, or exchange for wool. Please call. Corner Brisco House block.

—Persons who are weary of saying "How doth the little busy bee," may try the following Chinese version :
How ? Sie belly small chin chin sting bug
Im-im-plove ebly sixty mionit all a time,
Go, pickee up sting-bug jusie all a day
All kin' places' loun' flowels just got busted!

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth ? so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and price 25c. a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

Consumption Cured!

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing the stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Power's Block, Rochester N. Y. 48G

—In our advertising columns will be found an advertisement from Mr. A. J. Empey, who some years ago carried on business in the blacksmithing. He has formed a partnership with Mr. Barnes, and opened in the shop opposite Potter & Williams livery stable. We wish the new firm every success.

—Ayer's Sarsaparilla is prescribed and recommended by eminent physicians, and is taken with perfect safety by old and young. It's cleansing and vitilizing effects are sure and speedy, and it is universally conceded to be the most effective of all blood purifiers.

—The many complimentary testimonials which we notice concerning the Dominion Business College, Kingston, goes to show that it stands at the head of all commercial schools in Canada. Young men should make a thorough investigation before deciding where to attend. 586tf

—Messrs. Peter and F. E. Vanluven having purchased Mr. J. D. Wagar's interest in the co-operative warehouse are now the sole owners of the same. We understand that it is the intention of the Messrs. Vanluven to buy grain on their own account next season, and as they now have the finest storehouse in the county and the very best facilities for handling grain will be prepared to pay the highest price in the market. We wish them success.

—Albert College met with unusual success at the recent Departmental and University examinations. Out of nine candidates for matriculation in Arts eight were successful. Out of six candidates for second-class certificates four were successful ; and out of twenty candidates for third class certificates eleven were successful. For circulars address Rev. W. P. Dyer, M.A., Principal.

—The Christmas number of the Montreal Star was a gigantic success, being now in great demand at $1 a copy, four times the publishers' price, but it is to be eclipsed by the coming Carnival number of The Star. This, the Queen's Jubilee year, will not be soon forgotten by Canadians. The Carnival number of The Star will fix it indelibly on the mind of everybody. The Carnival Star is to be some forty odd mammoth pages, with five plate supplements, each worthy of a frame, and each good value for the cost of the whole paper.

—The Carnival number which is being issued this week by the Montreal Witness, will, we believe, command a most unprecedented sale, as it is published at the extremely low price of 15 cents, or two copies for 25 cents—all free by post. It is to contain 24 pages, literally crowded with excellent colored pictures and engravings of the principal scenes of the carnival, correctly as well as beautifully executed. The idea of sending two copies at such a reduction is a capital one; everybody can afford to buy one copy to keep, and at least one other to send to friends at a distance.

Headquarters for Oysters.

Davis' restaurant is the headquarters in Napanee for the finest brands of oysters, which are received daily from the packing houses. Fine confectionery and delicious cakes, as well as bread of a superior quality. Fine Florida oranges and every kind of fruit in season.

eform Committee Rooms,

The Central Committee Rooms of Mr. D. W. Allison are, as we announced last week, in the premises lately occupied by Messrs Perry & Madole, on the corner of Dundas and East streets. They are comfortably heated and open at all hours for the convenience of friends of the cause. Those desirous of receiving information regarding the voter's lists can obtain it at the rooms, where there are parties in waiting to assist in the work.

J Websier, celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary. Quite a large gathering of friends were present, who were pleased to do honor to their esteemed neighbors. The presents were many, some being quite valuable. A very pleasant time was spent, the company departing with wishes for many happy returns of the day.

—Hon. Lou J. Beauchamp will again visit Napanee on Wednesday evening and deliver his farewell lecture in the town hall on Temperance. But few men can interest an audience like this gentleman, and we advise all who desire to spend an intellectual night to hear Mr. Beauchamp. Admission free. A collection will be taken to defray expenses, At the close of the lecture the organization of the Good Templars Lodge will be considered.

The Markets

The markets remain about stationary, very little grain being brought in. The only noticeable change was a slight upward tendency of oats. The prices offered are about as follows :—Wheat 80c ; Oats 28c to 30c ; Peas 50c ; Barley 40c to 45c.

Don't Marry

Don't marry too hastily, don't be too slow about it, don't marry a miser, don't marry an idle spendthrift, don't marry for spite, don't elope to marry, dont spurn a man for his poverty, don't marry without an eye to comfort, don't marry recklessly, don't miss seeing gallagher's superb stock of new wall papers, don't forget that gallagher' book and notion store is the cheapest place in town for school books, stationery, etc.

Band Concert.

—The band have decided to hold their concert on Feb. 10th. They are in communication with several prominent singers one of whom is Miss Braniff, of Toronto, and from the way in which they are working they will evidently give the people of Napanee one of the finest musical treats held for some time. Miss B. is a host in herself. The Toronto Globe, in giving an account of her appearance there, says : "She has a fine, light voice, of equal quality great compass and pleasing timbre. Her vocalization shows careful and conscientious study. Miss Baniff's rendition called forth strong and long plaudits, enforced by hand some boquets."

—The distressing paleness so often observed in young girls and women, is due in a great measure to a lack of the red corpuscles in the blood. To remedy this requires a medicine which produces those necessary little blood constitutents and the best yet discovered is Johnson's Tonic Bitters Price 50c and $1 per bottle at Perry & Co's drug store, sole agents.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of liver complaint, dyspepsia, sick headache, indigestion, constipation or costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Large boxes containing 30 sugar-coated pills, 25c. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeit and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., Toronto, Ont.

Not a Book Agent.

Perry & Co., Druggists, are not book agents, but have the agency in Napanee for Johnson's Tonic Bitters, which they can heartily recommend for any complaint to which a tonic medicine is applicable. This valuable medicine has been used with most astonishingly good results in cases of general debility, weakness, irregularities peculiar to females, extreme paleness, impoverishment of the blood, stomach and liver troubles, loss of appetite, and for that general worn out feeling that nearly everyone is troubled with at some part of the year. Don't forget the name Johnson's Tonic Bitters 50c. and $1 per bottle at Perry & Co's drug tore, Sole Agents.

DURING STOCK-TAKING!

Downey & Co.

Are offering a number of "Jobs" which they are anxious to clear out and in order to make a rapid clearance have marked them at a price that must sell them. This week we have put out on the counter a job lot of

Ladies' and Childrens' Wool Hosiery.

Childrens' all-wool Hosiery from 10c. per pair.

A line of Childrens' and Misses' Cashmere Hose at 17c. per pair, worth 40c.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, nice fine make, at only 35c. per pair, worth 50c.

Childrens' Plain and Striped $\frac{3}{4}$ Hose, all wool, at only 5c. per pair.

These are much under cost price, but must be cleared out.

DOWNEY & Co.

22ly

The Last Call!

FOR WINTER GOODS.

Lahey, McKenty & Company

Have received advices of heavy shipments of Spring Goods to arrive within the month for

Have received advices of heavy shipments of Spring Goods to arrive within the month for which we must make room. In order to do so we will clear out anything in heavy Winter Goods at once if low prices will sell them. We have still a large stock of fresh, desirable Winter Goods, which everyone wants, and as we never carry stock from one season to another we will sell them at

SLAUGHTERING PRICES !

This is the opportunity of the season to get BARGAINS.

Heavy all-wool Dress Goods from 20c., worth 40c.
Fine Velveteens, in Black and Colors, at Cost.
Balance of our Mantle Goods at Cost.
Heavy Winter Goods at less than wholesale prices.
Boys' and Men's Underwear all reduced.
Grey and fancy Flannels for less than we could buy them.
All Overcoats at Cost.
All Winter Suits at Cost.
The cheapest place in Napanee for Ordered Clothing. Work guaranteed.

The Popular Dry Goods House,

LAHEY, McKENTY & CO.

22ly

A Rare Chance to get Cheap Overcoats !

A. ROSE & CO.

Have a lot of very fine Overcoatings left and they will make them up to order in splendid style at about one-half the original price rather than carry them over.

This will be an opportunity to get good and cheap Overcoats seldom had. Be sure to call if requiring anything in the Clothing line.

A. ROSE & CO.

22ly **MILLS BLOCK.**

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

JOHN PHELAN,

Brisco House Yard, East-st. - Office, Warner Block.

I have great pleasure in calling the attention of the farmers of Lennox and Addington to my stc Farm Implements for 1886, viz.,

The Celebrated John Abell Cold Medal Steam Engines "Paragon" "Vibrator" and "Advance." Threshing Machines and Portable Saw Mills. Coulthard, Scott & Co. Seed Drills,

ALSO AGENT FOR PIANOS AND ORGANS.

☞ Two Second-hand Engines and a Threshing Machine for sale on easy terms. 22ly

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YOU CAN GET AT

SAM McLAUGHLIN'S

—TO DAY—

Cheaper Than Any Other House

IN TOWN, THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES :—

Western Flour,	Devonshire Sauce,
Rathbun Flour,	John Bull "
Buckwheat Flour,	Lard,
Graham Flour,	Pork
Corn Meal,	Sausage,
Oat Meal,	Salt,
Rolled Oats,	Syrups,
Rolled Wheat,	Sugars,
Peas,	Teas,
Oats,	Raisins,
Buckwheat,	Currants,
Screenings,	Prunes,
Shorts,	Rice,
Beans,	Tapioca
Cracked Oats,	Sago,
Cracked Peas,	Corn Starch,
White Beans,	Spices of all kinds,
Canary Seed,	Mustard,
Flax Seed,	Soda,
Timothy Seed,	Baking Powder,
Clover Seed,	Lemon Peel,
Alsace Seed,	Cetron Peel,
Potatoes,	Orange Peel,
Carrots,	Apples,
Turnips,	Oranges,
Beets,	Lemons,
Celery,	Figs,
Cabbage,	Nuts,
White Fish,	Grapes,
Salmon,	Starch,
Mackerel,	Soaps,
Herring,	Bluing,
Haddie,	Stove Polish,
Codfish,	Shoe Polish,
Canned Salmon,	Lamp Chimneys,
" Mackerel,	Matches,
" Beef,	Brooms,
" Tomatoes,	Pails,
" Berries,	Wash Boards,
Sardines,	Clothes Pins,
Vinegars,	Cothes Lines,
Pickles in Bulk,	Mops,
Pickles in Bottles,	Baskets,
Butter Tubs,	Churns,
Pork Barrels,	Hand Sleighs,
Crockery,	Stone Ware,
Crocks,	Churns,
Jugs, Jars,	Batter Pails.

Please call and see for yourself.

286ly **S. McLAUGHLIN.**

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.] WITH SU

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FR

FARM TO RENT.

One mile from Odessa. 100 acres. Known as the Mancur farm. Apply to G. A. MANCUR, ODESSA, ONT.
5287c

FOR SALE

The goodwill and furniture of the Brisco House are offered for sale at a bargain. Applications received at any time, until December 31st, 1887.
187atf THOMAS EMPEY & SON

ALL ACCOUNTS

DUE DOWNEY & CO.

must be settled at once to save costs, at their office, foot of Centre-street.
4287atf DOWNEY & CO.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS

The Large Flour Mill in Napanee,

At present occupied by Mr. John Downey. Possession given on the 9th November next. Storage capacity over fifty thousand bushels. Apply to
H. T. FORWARD,
July 12th, 1887. 5087dtf Napanee, Ont.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

Lot 9, con. 5, in the township of Richmond, containing 150 acres. There are thirteen acres of fall wheat sown and twenty to twenty-five acres of fall ploughing done. 25 bearing fruit trees. Good frame house, 24x36; barn, 40x60 and drive house, 18x24. Good drinking water. Well fenced. Terms liberal. Apply to T. G. DAVIS, real estate agent.
5287c

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste Marie Railway Company will apply to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario at its next session for the passage of an act to amend the act incorporating said company by giving said company power to lease to or amalgamate with other railway companies and corporotions and other powers

W. B. SMELLIE,
Secretary
Brockville, 30th Nov., 1887 287f

MORTGAGE SALE !

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage to the Vendors, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Town Hall, in the town of Napanee, on

Thursday, December 22, 1887

At 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, viz :

FIRST.—The south 55 acres of the west half of lot No. 15, in the 10th concession of the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, excepting 5 acres of the south west corner of the said west half of said lot, heretofore conveyed to one Charles Pringle, and described as follows : Commencing at the south west angle of said lot, thence northerly on the west side line of said lot, 40 rods, to a point easterly parallel with the base line of said lot, 20 rods to a post planted thence southerly parallel with the first line described 40 rods to the front of the 10th concession, thence westerly on the concession line 20 rods to the place of beginning.

SECOND.—All that part of the west half of said lot number 15, particularly described as follows ; Commencing at the southern limit of a road, crossing said half lot at the line between said lot 15 and lot 14, then southerly along said line between lots 14 and 15, eleven rods more or less to a post, then east-

MORTGAGE SALE

OF VALUABLE

Farm Property !

IN THE

Township of Fredericksburgh.

Pursuant to a power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold at public auction

By JMES ALLE Auctioneer,

AT THE

TOWN HALL, NAPANEE

—ON—

Saturday, Dec. 3, 1887

at the hour of 2 p.m., the east half of lot No. 17, in the 2nd concession of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing 101 acres. Upon the premises are a house and barn ; land all cleared ; ten acres covered with stumps ; soil sandy and clay loam There is also an orchard on the property

The terms of payment are as follows:—Ten per cent. cash to be paid to the Vendors or their Solicitors at the time of sale and balance in one month thereafter without interest. Other conditions will be made known at time of sale

The Vendors will not be required to produce any abstract of title, title deeds, copies of deeds or papers or other evidences of title other than those in their possession

The Vendors reserve the right of making one bid at sale

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Auctioneer or to the Vendors Solicitors,

Edgar, Malone & Garvin,
Vendors' Solicitors,
5287c 27 & 29 Wellington-St. East, Toronto

MORTGAGE SALE !

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by John Gault, to the vendors, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by

Public Auction

—AT THE—

Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee

—ON—

Saturday, Dec. 3rd, 1887

AT ONE O CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON,

the following valuable property, viz : All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, being composed of lot numbers seven and eight according to a plan of the west half of lot number twenty south of the macadamized road in the seventh concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh, made by J.W. Nash, P. L. S., and registered in the Registry office for the County of Lennox and Addington, on the 20th day July, A. D. 1867

LOCAL.

—On Tuesday evening next the A.O.U. W. will nominate officers for the ensuing year. A full attendance is urgently requested.

—The river was frozen over on Thursday morning. The evening previous skating was indulged in by the boys on the glassy surface.

—On Monday last Mr Hugh Rankin, formerly of Selby, took possession of the Cornell House, having secured a lease for a term of years.

—Our former townsman, Mr E B Stone, was married on Thursday of last week, at St. Thomas, to Miss H A Gorman, of Belleville. We extend congratulations.

—A new wharf is to be built at Massassaga Point. It will extend farther out than the old one and have a depth of thirteen feet along the front during high water.

—Thursday morning last the stock and fixtures of A Frank Hamilton, insolvent were sold by auctioneer McCay. Mr T S Henry was the purchaser at 33 cts. on the dollar.

Jas. H. Downey has the finest quality of boots, shoes, rubbers, overshoes and moccasins, ever offered in town. Call at his store and see his stock and we are sure you will purchase.

—Some time ago, the officers of the steamer Hero entertained their friends at Stella. Friday night last the islanders had a ball to entertain the officers, and a very happy time was spent.

—The Rev. Jos. Young assisted at the meeting in the Western Methodist church, on Tuesday night. He was here in the interest of the Bible society but owing to the special services no meeting was held.

—Anniversary services of the 4th con (Ernesttown) church will be held on Sunday, Dec 11. On the Monday evening following an oyster supper will be given. Good music and speaking. Admission : single tickets 40c ; double 75c.

—If men you were as men you are by show you would not use a gentle lady so by depriving her of a pair of the best quality of boots, but you would call at James H. Downey's one price boot and shoe store and get for her the best of his stock.

—On Wednesday next auctioneer Derbyshire will sell for Mr W T Card, on W Jenkins farm, in the 5th concession of Ernesttown, some stock and implements. Sale to commence at 1 p.m. $10 and under cash ; above that amount nine months credit.

Mr F S Richardson has on exhibition in James H Downey's window a picture of Mrs Burns (formerly Miss Leette Burdette) which to say the least is excellent. The copy was a cabinet of just the head, and the dress was supplied by the artist, It is worth a careful inspection.

The Rev. John Bredin, D.D., of Colborne, ex-President of the Bay of Quinte conference, preached two able discourses last

Commencing at the southern limit of a road, crossing said half lot at the line between said lot 15 and lot 14, then southerly along said line between lots 14 and 15, eleven rods more or less to a post, then easterly at right angles to the line between lots 14 and 15, 98½ rods more or less, across said hal lot, then northerly at right angles on the line between the east and west halves of said lot 15 to the southern limit of said road, then westerly along the southern limit of said road to the place of beginning.

Upon the premises are erected a small frame dwelling and a frame barn with shed attached.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of the purchase money must be paid down at the time of sale and the balance within 30 days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale enquire of

MORDEN & WILSON,
Vendors' Solicitors

Napanee, Nov. 22, 1887. 187d.

SANTA CLAUS

—AT THE—

7 CENT STORE.

Christmas buyers are delighted with our

Great Display of Bargains

In curious, useful and ornamental articles.

At Prices Nobody Cares to Imitate.

Come one and all to the 7 Cent Store, it will do you good to see our display in

Toys, Vases, Paint Boxes, Banks, China Cups, Saucers and Plates, Dolls, Child's setts of Dishes, Trumpets, Drums, Beads, Toilet setts, Mouth Organs, Christmas Cards, Toy Stoves, Autograph Albums, Cuff Buttons, Broaches,

and Thousands of Articles at 7c each

West of the Campbell House

R. VANCE.

of the macadamized road in the seventh concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh, made by J.W. Nash, P. L. S., and registered in the Registry office for the County of Lennox and Addington, on the 20th day July, A.D. 1867.

The following improvements are on the premises. **A comfortable Brick Dwelling House** and out-buildings. **A Frame Barn and Drive House**. All buildings in a good state of repair; Also a **Large LimeKiln**, known as **"Gault's Kiln"** in good condition, and a small orchard. The property is distant about a mile from the market square Napanee,

Terms: 10 per cent of the purchase money must be paid down at the time of sale and the balance within 30 days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale enquire of

MORDEN & WILSON,
Napanee, Nov, 10, 1887. 5187d Vendor's Solicitors

Auction Sale of Timber Berths.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH.)

Totonto, 18th October, 1887.

NOTICE is hereby given that under Order in Council Timber Berths in the following Townships, viz.: Livingstone, McClintock, Lawrence, McLaughlin, Hunter, Bishop, Devine, Butt, Biggar, Wilkes, Ballantyne, Chisholm, Canisbay, Pentland and Boulter, will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Thursday, the Fifteenth day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto.

T. B. PARDEE,
Commissioner.

NOTE.—Particulars as to locality and description of limits, area, etc., and terms and conditions of sale, will be furnished on application personally, or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands,

No unauthorized Advertisement of the above will be paid for. 4887h

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate of Benjamin Brisco, late of the Township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, Deceased.

Pursuant to Revised Statutes of Ontario Chapter 107, Sec. 34, and 46th Victoria, Chapter 9, and amendments, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having any claims against the said Benjamin Brisco, deceased, to send in to Messrs. Morden & Wilson, Napanee, Ont., Solicitors for R M Brisco and Benjamin Brisco, Executors of the last will of the said deceased, on or before the

15th day of December, 1887,

their christian names, surnames, addresses and discriptions, with full particulars of their claims, statement of accounts and nature of security, if any, held by them, after which date the said Executors will distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said Executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of distribution.

MORDEN & WILSON.
Solicitors for Executors.

Napanee, 8th Nov., 1887 5187c

FOR SALE—One of the best farms in Richmond. The west half of lot 20, in the 3rd concession First class stone house and large barn and sheds. Good stable A stream of water, orchard and good well on the place Only one and one-half miles from Napanee. School house within half a mile Land well cultivated and at present nearly all seeded down Possession given March 1st, 1888. Terms easy. For price, etc., apply to

J C DREWRY,
5187c Napanee

worth a careful inspection.

The Rev. John Bredin, D.D., of Colborne, ex-President of the Bay of Quinte conference, preached two able discourses last Sunday morning and evening in the Eastern Methodist church, the pastor, Rev. W. H. Emsley, being absent preaching anniversary services on the Newcastle circuit.

—The Methodist church on the Newburgh charge intend to hold a mammoth tea-meeting on Tuesday, the 20th December next, to commence at 7 o'clock p.m. A large and influential committee will spare no pains to have a highly interesting programme. The proceeds to supply the deficiency in church funds caused by the ate fire.

—The latest news regarding the inquest on the loss of the propeller California, on which Miss Membery was lost, is that Capt. Horbottle, inspector of steamboats, has returned to Toronto from Beauharnois where he examined Chatnean and Rauzor, deck hands. He obtained important evidence bearing on the conduct of the crew, but does not care to make it public just at present.

HEADQUARTERS FOR STOVES

It is to the interest of every one wanting a First-class Stove to call and inspect the most elaborate display of all kinds of Stoves ever exhibited by any one firm in this county. All Stoves are this year's make and of the latest designs. Each Stove warranted.

Boyle & Son,

Agents for the Celebrated Economy Warm Air Furnaces.

45 7at

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale the south part of lot seventeen, in the third concession of South Fredericksburgh, containing seventy acres of land. This most desirable farm is situated in the Hamburgh neighborhood, about six miles from Napanee. Three churches within sight and a post office within a mile. A frame house with woodhouse and kitchen attached and frame barn are on the premises; also a splendid orchard of over one hundred bearing trees, a good well and a living spring. For further particulars apply to Morden & Wilson, J. C. Drewry or

WILLIAM F. GANNON,
4687m Hamburgh P O., Ont.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Estate of David Aylsworth, late of the Township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, Deceased.

Pursuant to Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 107, Section 34, and 46 Victoria, Chapter 9 and amendments, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having any claims against the said David Aylsworth, deceased, to send in to Messrs Morden & Wilson, Napanee, Ont. Solicitors for Bowen E. Aylsworth and Eleanor Aylsworth, executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased,

ON OR BEFORE THE

2nd Day of JANUARY, 1888,

their christian names, surnames, addresses, descriptions, with full statement of accounts, particulars of their claims, nature of security (if any) held by them, after which date the said Executors will distribute the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of distribution.

MORDEN & WILSON,
Solicitors for Executors.

Napanee, 29th November, 1887

E EXPRESS

SUPPLEMENT

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1887. VOL. XXV I. No. 2.

"SHE"

Improbabilities Sometimes Become Real Realities—A True Woman's Fidelity.

Several works bearing unique titles, written in fascinating style, and giving evidence of wonderful imaginative power have lately been received by the reading public with much popularity and pleasure.

Perhaps the most striking of them is the book bearing the odd title of "She." In this the author has fairly outdone himself in his popular line. Ayesha and her beloved Kallikrates are unique characters in fiction Ayesha, the heroine, is a beautiful creature who tasted of the essence nature's forces at the fountain head, and became immortal.

Her patient waiting for the coming of Kallikrates, the beloved of her youth, whose individuality was maintained through centuries, though the change called death regularly occurred, only to be followed by rebirth, is a fine illustration of woman's fidelity.

The closing scene, when she conducts Kallikrates to the very centre of the earth, the birthplace of all life, in order that he may taste of immortality, is a fit climax to the fine creation.

The question naturally suggested by this strikingly original story is whether there is not somewhere in nature, a potent force whereby life may at least be temporarily prolonged.

Mrs Annie Jenness Miller, editor of "Dress" says: "In every instance Warner's Safe Cure has the effect to give new energy and vitality to all my powers. 'Mme. Gray, teacher of Oratory and Physical Culture at Syracuse, declares: "Before I tried physical culture and Warner's safe cure, I was a confirmed invalid. I owe much to that excellent remedy, and do not hesitate to acknowledge it."

Human life seems too short, though men in former ages lived longer than those of the present. History tells us that they lived more in accordance with nature's laws—their mode of living was extremely simple, and in their daily life they followed the dictates of human intelligence.

If sickness comes, we of to-day seek the remedy among the artifical forces instead of resorting to the field of nature.

If when diseases come, we would consult nature, the chances are that we would fare better, for we would then treat the cause of such disorders. Modern research has shown that most of the commonly known diseases owe their origin to the unhealthy state of the kidneys, the blood purifiers of the system and if they are kept in a healthy state by the use of Warner's Safe Cure, a vegetable compound and simple production of nature, much of the prevailing sickness would be happily averted.

It is probable that the author of "She" derived many of his beautiful imaginings from close communings with nature, for we are all agreed that whatever is of or from nature, is more beautiful and wholesome than that which is artificially constructed.

Change of Time-Tables.

On Monday, Nov. 28th, a change of G. T. R. and N. T. & Q. Railway time tables took place. The train formerly arriving at 12.20, noon, now arrives at 11.49 a.m., while the train formerly arriving at 4.27 p.m., now arrives at 5.06. Below are the tables:

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GOING WEST.		GOING EAST.	
Express	3.17 A. M.	Express	12.54 Midnight
"	6.21 "	Express	11.49 Noon
Express	5.06 P. M	"	1.22 P.M.
Mixed	9.45 "	Mixed	8.30 "
Mixed	9.22 A M	Mixed	9-45 P. M.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH & QUEBEC RAILWAY.

GOING NORTH		GOING SOUTH	
Lve Napanee	11.50 AM	Lve Tamworth	6.40 AM
"	5.10 PM	"	2.30 PM
Ar Tamworth	1.30 "	Ar Napanee	8.20 AM
"	6.50 "	"	4.15 PM

HOURS FOR CLOSING MAILS.

G T R going east, 11.20 a m; G T R going west, 4.35 p m; N T & Q railway, 11.20 a m, and 4.35 p m Night mail closes at 9 o'clock Mails collected from street boxes 10.45 a m, 4 p m and 6.30 p. m.

LAW BREAKERS.

Brought before James Daly, P.M.

On Tuesday last Thomas Empey was fined $100 for contravening the Scott Act—a second offence.

On Thursday J. Wheeler was brought to justice on a second offence for infraction of the Scott Act and confessing judgment he was fined $100.

To-day (Friday) Messrs Luke Wheeler, of Tamworth, and L. Timmons, J. Kennedy and M. O'Dea, of Enterprise, will be brought to answer to the charge of selling liquor under the Scott Act—the latter for the second offence.

On Saturday last Levi Simpson was charged with being drunk and disorderly. Fined $2 and costs and in default of payment was sent to jail for 10 days.

On the 21st inst. Masters Thomas Scott and Lasher Jaynes were before the Magistrate for putting cayenne pepper on the stove in the town hall during the Salvation Army services. They were each fined $2 and costs. The former went to jail for 10 days and the fine of the latter was paid.

To Our Readers.

We cannot too strongly urge upon our readers the necessity of subscribing for a family weekly newspaper if first-class—such, for instance, as THE INDEPENDENT, of New York. Were we obliged to select one publication for habitual and careful reading to the exclusion of all others, we should choose unhesitatingly THE INDEPENDENT. It is a newspaper, magazine, and review, all in one. It is a religious, a literary, an educational, a story, an art, a scientific, an agricultural, a financial and a political paper combined. It has 32 folio pages and 21 departments. No matter what a person's religion, politics or profession may be, no matter what the age, sex, employment or condition may be, THE INDEPENDENT will

COMMERCIAL UNION

The Farmers Institute Invite Speakers —Grant from County Council and Government.

On Saturday afternoon last a meeting of the Lennox Farmers' Institute was held in the council chamber. The attendance was fairly good. The chair was occupied by J. Carscallen, President, and Mr M. Bogart acted as secretary pro tem. The minutes of the last session were read and confirmed.

Mr Carscallen stated that some time ago he received a communication, from western Ontario, stating that a central Farmers' Institute was about to be organised in Toronto and asked this institute to send a delegate. This communication was not received until about two or three days previous to the session, and he, being unable to go, the institute had no representative.

The secretary read a circular, from the secretary of the central union, containing the minutes of the first session, and also the objects of the union.

Mr Bogart stated that some time ago he wrote to Mr Shaw, of Hamilton, secretary of the commercial union club, of Toronto, asking him and Mr Fuller, president of the central Farmers' Institute, to pay Napanee a visit in the interests of commercial union and cheese and butter making.

The secretary received a reply that Mr. Fuller could not come this fall. Mr. Shaw said he would come and asked if the institute would get other speakers, or if he would make the supply.

It was suggested that opposition speakers be secured if at all possible.

It was the general impression that it would be of more interest to the farmers, to have Commercial Union for the subject than butter and cheese.

Mr Pringle thought it better to have Messrs. Shaw and Prof. Smith and that the Toronto World be asked to send a man in opposition.

Moved by R. Switzer, seconded by C. W. Neville, that the meeting be held on Friday and Saturday, December 16th and 17th. The first days speaking to be held in the village of Odessa, and the second in Napanee. both discussions to be on Commercial Union. Carried.

A communication was read from Mr. J. Mills, of the Ontario Agricultural College, stating that the programme was now being made out and they would endeavor to send a man to address a meeting, in the interest of the institute of this place.

Moved by George Lott, seconded by R. Switzer, that the treasurer collect from the members their membership fees,

Moved in amendment by Mr. Dunbar seconded by C. W Neville, that a pass book be furnished each director and that the names of the members be entered thereein and that the directors collect the fees.

The amendment was carried.

On motion J. Dunbar was added to the board of directors for North Fredericksburgh, and B. E. Alysworth for Ernesttown.

On motion the president, Mr Bogart and

nature, is more beautiful and wholesome than that which is artificially constructed.

C2ristains and Temperance Workers.

What are you doing for the young men of Napanee? You are no doubt doing something toward keeping them from drinking habits, but what are you giving them as a substitute, which will tend to keep them in the right direction. We all know and must admit, that it is impossible to keep them at home, after their day's work is done. They want companions, and companions they will have, and when out with these friends they generally find some resort where they can have a social chat and some amusement.

The only places which are now open to them, continually, are such as will influence them for evil rather than good, and where they find companions not desirable for any young men, and who will gradually draw them away from all that is good and ennobling.

Our young men must and will have companions, and they will have amusement; then why not give them in their proper place and without any evil influences.

Those who profess to care for these young men, should put their hands into their pockets, and prove their interest in their cause, by providing a set of rooms, where the young men will be able to have innocent amusement, literature of the day, companionship, and these all surrounded by christain influences.

The writer thinks there is nothing to compare in this way with a Young Men's Christain Association, where christain young men are working for the good of their fellows.

In an organization of this kind, you have almost, if not all, that is required, for the young men of Napanee, or any other town, and they would here be influenced continually for good, as well as be improved mentally, physically, morally, and spiritually.

The room should be supplied with the leading daily papers, with religious and secular periodicals, (carefully selected) and a number of innocent games, such as checkers, chess, cro[illegible]inole, dominoes, etc.

There is, [illegible]o doubt, a great necessity for some such plac[illegible]s in all towns and cities, and if the christain pe[illegible]ple, and those who profess to care so mu[illegible] for the young men, will not take some ste[illegible] in this direction, from whom can it be expe[illegible]ted, and to whom can we look for help.

I would like to hear soon of so[illegible]e decided steps being taken, and I hope the[illegible] some christian young men of Napanee will be found, who are earnestly interested in their fellows to carry on the work.

Yours truly, K[illegible]

—Mr C. E. Caiger, advertising agent for Toronto News, says, I was induced to try Nasal Balm for a severe and troublesome cold in the head Once using it literally washed out the clogged secretions, and left my head as clear as a bell.

Not a Book Agent.

Perry & Co., Druggists, are not book agents, but have the agency in Napanee for Johnson's Tonic t[illegible] which they can heartily recommend for any complaintto which a tonic medicine is applicable, This valuable medicine has been used with most astonishingly good results in cases of general debility, weakness, irregularities peculiar to females, extreme paleness, impoverishment of the blood, stomach and liver troubles, loss of appetite, and for that general worn out feeling that nearly everyone is troubled with at some part of the year. Don't forget the name Johnson's Tonic Bitters. 50c.and $1 per bottle at Perry & Co's drug tore, Sole Agents.

Johnson's All Healing White Ointment

The wonderful healing and soothing properties o the above named salve have been found by many who have used it to be most efficacious in the treatment of salt rheum, pimples, blotches, boils, ulcers, scalds, burns, chafings, etc. One trial will be sufficient to prove that what we claim for it is correct. For sale at 25c. per box by Perry & Co. druggists, sole agents.

religion, politics or profession may be, no matter what the age, sex, employment or condition may be, THE INDEPENDENT will prove a help, an instructor, an educator. Our readers can do no less than send a postal for a free specimen copy or for thirty cents the paper will be sent a month, enabling one to judge of its merits more critically. Its yearly subscription is $3.00, or two years for $5.00.

Those who desire to subscribe for The American Agriculturist as well as THE INDEPENDENT cannot make a better bargain than by accepting THE INDEPENDENT'S offer to send both papers for one year for the sum of $3.75. Each subscriber will thus save seventy-five cents on the two papers.

Address, THE INDEPENDENT, 251 Broadway, New York City.

PERSONALS.

—Mr John Rennie was in town this week.
—Mr J Hall, tailor, has moved to Brampton.
—Rev H. Williams was in town last week visiting friends.
—Mr Geo Hoag, night operator at Kingston, spent Sunday in town.
—Mis Kate Kenyon, of Slaven & Co's, left on Friday for her home in Odessa,
—Miss Lucy Madden, of Newburgh, is visiting this week at Mr K. J, Strong's.
—We regret to learn that Mrs J. H Gallagher is very low with inflammation.
—Mr Jonathan Stovel, of Guelph, has been visiting friends in town for a few days.
—Rev D. S. Houck, of the Newburgh circuit made a pleasant call upon us Wednesday.
—Mr W.M.F. Hawley, of Lansing, Mich., was this week the guest of Mr R. A. Shorey.
—Mr Ogden Hinch, of Cheapside, was in Toronto and Hamilton this week buying goods.
—Mr R. S. Bailey, of Kingston, was in town over Sunday, on a visit to his sister, Mrs Gould.
—Geo A Booth, of Odessa, has returned from an extended trip to British Columbia on business
—The friends of Mr Geo Napier will be pleased to know that he has so far recovered as to be able to be out.
—We are pleased to be able to state that Mr Chas James, J.P, has so far recovered as to be able to come down street.
—Miss Mary Ann Madden, of Verona, is very low and not expected to recover. She has been ill some time past.
—Miss Frankie Fraser, of Violet, daughter of Isaac Fraser, was married last week to an American, who carried her to his new home in New York State.
—Messrs J R. Fraser and J. F. Sherman, of Tamworth, made a pleasant call upon us this week. So did the popular division court clerk of the Tamworth circuit, Mr Jas Aylsworth.
—Mr. Ira Pringle, and wife, left for San Jose California, on Tuesday of last week. They will be absent about five months. They have gone via Los Angeles where they will spend a portion of their time.
—The many friends of Mr B. M Britton, Q.C. of Kingsion, will be pleased to know that his eldest son, Edward Halton, who is well known by a number here, has been sworn in as a barrister. We wish him success.
—Rev Andrew B. Chambers, L.L.B., of Mon[illegible] well known in this section, has been in tran[illegible] the pastorate of the Oshawa Methodist vited to [illegible] June, and will accept if the transchurch nex[illegible] of the conferenee approve. fer committee

—On Wednesday night next, beginning at 7.30, a meeting in the interest of the Sons of England Benevolent Society will be held in the town hall, with the object of starting a lodge in Napanee. Past Grand President J.W. London, D.D.G.M., and Dr Hulme Surgeon of the Belleville lodge, will be present and deliver addresses, on the objects, aims and benefits of the order. The public are cordialiy invited.

—On Tuesday evening last St. Mary Magdelene church gave their second social reunion, which was well attended. Refreshments were served at the first part of the evening, after which an excellent program was carried out, consisting of instrumental selections from Misses H. Daly, and R. Mills, and H. Herring and N. Grange; vocal selections by Arch deacon T. Bedford-Jones and Mr. Jewell, and a reading by Mr. W. S. Herrington. A collection was taken up.

board of directors for North Fredericksburgh, and B. E. Alysworth for Ernesttown.

On motion the president, Mr Bogart and W. N. Doller were appointed a committee to wait on the county council, asking them for their grant of 1887.

The same committee was appointed to solicit the government for their grant for 1887.

Those present then paid their fees for the year 1887.

On motion Messrs Neville, Pringle, Carscallen, Bogart, Doller, Lott, Chambers and Alysworth, were appointed a committee to arrange for the Commercial Union meeting.

Moved by W. N. Doller, seconded by R. N. Switzer that M. Bogart be assistant secretary of this institute.

M Bogart brought up the subject of establishing creameries in the county. He understood that creameries were in operation in the west, assisted by the government, and it would be well to get figures as he understood that creameries were more profitable than cheese factories. Mr Fuller would be able to give full information regarding the matter.

Mr Doller stated that according to the latest figures, cheese factories were more profitable than creameries.

The institute adjourned, and the Commercial union committee was instructed to meet next Saturday afternoon at 2 p.m.

RE-OPENING SERVICES.

The Presbyterian Church to Open Again Sunday.

Our readers are reminded of the re-opening of the Presbyterian church of this town which takes place on Sunday next. As we stated last week the Rev M. W. McLean, M. A, of St Andrew's church, Belleville, will preach in the forenoon and Rev W. H. Emsley in the evening. There will be a gathering of the Sabbath School children and friends in the afternoon, at which addresses will be given by Rev Messrs Baker, of this town; Craig of Deseronto, and others. The public are invited. Collection at all services in aid of the repair fund.

On Monday evening a soiree will be held. Refreshments will be served in the basement at 7 o'clock sharp, after which there will be addresses in the church by the above named gentlemen and Rev, M. McGillivray, B.A., of Kingston, and Rev J. H. George, M.A, of Belleville. The choir, which has attained considerable reputation as a singing band, will furnish the music. Tickets; single, 40c; lady and gent 75c; children, 25c.

OBITUARY.

FREDONIA R. BALDWIN.

We glean the following facts from The Pacific Methodist of a recent date: Mrs Baldwin died at Stockton, Kansas, on Tuesday, October 15, 1887. She was the daughter of Garret and Emeline German, of North Fredericksburgh, and sister of Thomas B. German, deputy-reeve of that township. In December, 1874, the subject of this notice was married to Joseph Baldwin, and resided with him in this county until April, 1886, when they removed to Stockton. Deceased was an earnest christian and died trusting in her Saviour.

—Rev Eli Woodcock says, I have been severely troubled with catarrh for 15 years. On the recommendation of a friend I tried Nasal Balm. I have used part of a small bottle which has given me great relief.

A Matter of Economy.

As a matter o economy B.B.B. is the cheapest medicine in use for it takes less to cure chronic diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood, than of any other known remedy. B. B. B. is only one dollar a bottle.

NUTTIE'S FATHER.

CHAPTER V.—(CONTINUED.)

"O don't leave off, mother. Do tell me. How long did you have him?"

"Six weeks then—and afterwards one fortnight at Dieppe. He was not free. He had an old uncle, General Egremont, who was sick and hot tempered, and he was obliged to keep everything secret from him, and therefore from everybody else. And so I was to live at Dieppe, while he went out to take care of his uncle, and you know——you know———"

"Yes, I know, dear mother. But I am sure he was saving somebody else, and it was a noble death! And I know how Aunt Ursel came to Dieppe, and how I—your own little Frenchwoman—came to take care of you. And haven't we been jolly without any of these fine relations that never looked after you all this time! Besides, you know he is very likely to be on a lonely coral island, and will come home yet. I often think he is."

"My dear child, I have been happier than I deserved," said Alice Egremont, drying her eyes. "But oh! Nuttie. I hope you will be a wiser woman than your mother."

"Come, don't go on in that way! Why, I've such advantages! I've Miss Mary, and Aunt Ursel, and Mr. Spyers, and Mr. Dutton, and you, you poor little thing, had nobody! One good thing is, we shall get the water-soldier. Mr. Dutton needn't come, for he's like a cat, and won't soil his boots, but Gerard is dying to get another look at the old ruin. He can't make up his mind about the cross on one of the stone-coffin lids, so he'll get it out of the pond for us. I wonder when we can go. To-night is choir practice, and to-morrow is cutting-out day.

Miss Headworth was not sorry that the small sociabilities of the friends did not leave her alone with her niece all that evening, or the next day, when there was a grand cutting-out for the working party,—an operation always performed in the holidays. Miss Headworth had of late years been excused from it, and it gave her the opportunity she wanted of a consultation with Mr. Dutton. He was her prime adviser in everything, from her investments (such as they were) to the eccentricities of her timepieces; and as the cuckoo-clock had that night cuckooed all the hours round in succession, no one thought it wonderful that she should send a twisted note entreating him to call as early as he could in the afternoon. Of course Nuttie's chatter had proclaimed the extraordinary visitors, and it needed not the old lady's dash under '*on an anxious affair*' to bring him to her little drawing-room as soon as he could quit his desk. Perhaps he hastened his work with a hope in his heart which he durst not express, but the agitation on the usually placid face forbade him to entertain it for an instant, and he only said "So our expedition has led to unforeseen consequences, Miss Headworth." And then she answered under her breath, as if afraid of being overheard: "Mr. Dutton, my poor child does not know it yet, but the man is alive!"

Mr. Dutton compressed his lips. It was the greater shock, for he had actually made inquiries at the Yacht Club, but the officials there either had not been made aware of the reappearance of the two Egremonts, or they did not think it worth while to look beyond the record which declared that all hands had perished, and the connection of the uncle and nephew with the Yacht Club had not been renewed. Presently he said, "Then hers was a right instinct. There is reason to be thankful."

and looked at the door, as if she expected to see him appear that instant, clad in skins like Robinson Crusoe, but her aunt's nervous agitation found vent in a sharp reproof: "Nuttie, hold your tongue, and don't be such a foolish child, or I shall send you out of the room this instant!"

"But aunt?" gasped Alice, unable to bear the suspense.

"Yes, my poor dear child, Captain Egremont with the General got off with some of the crew in a boat when the *Ninon* was burnt. He spent a good many years abroad with the old man, but he has now inherited the family place, and is living there." Miss Headworth felt as if she had fired a cannon and looked to see the effect.

"Ah, if we could have stayed at Dieppe!" said Mrs. Egremont. "But we did write back to say where we could be heard of."

"That was of no use. Mark found no traces of us when he went thither."

"Did *he* send Mark?"

"No. My dear Alice, I must not conceal from you that this is all Mr. Mark Egremont's doing. He seems to have been helping his uncle with his papers when he came on the evidence of your marriage, and, remembering you as he does, he forced the confession of it from the captain, and of his own accord set forth to discover what had become of you and to see justice done to you."

"Dear little Mark!" said she; "he always was such an affectionate little boy."

"And now, my dear, you must consider how you will receive any advances on his part."

"Oh, Aunt Ursel, don't! I can't talk now. Please let me go to bed. Nuttie, dear, you need not come yet."

The desire for solitude, in which to realize what she had heard, was overpowering, and she fled away in the summer twilight, leaving Nuttie with wide open eyes, looking after her vanished hero and desert island.

"My poor Alice!" sighed the old lady.

"Aunt Ursel!" exclaimed Nuttie, "was—I mean—is my father a good or a bad man?"

"My dear, should a daughter ask such a question?"

"Aunt Ursel, I can't help it. I think I ought to know all about it," said Nuttie gravely, putting away her childishness and sitting down by her aunt. "I did not think so much of it when mother told me they eloped, because, though I know it was very wrong, people *do* do odd things sometimes when they are very much in love (she said it in a superior patronising tone that would have amused Miss Headworth very much at any other time); and it has not spoilt mother for being the dearest, sweetest, best thing in the world, and, besides, they had neither of them any fathers or mothers to disobey. But, then, when I found he was so old, and that he kept it a secret, and must have told stories only for the sake of *money* (uttered with extreme contempt,) I didn't like it. And if he left her as Theseus left Ariadne, or Sir Lancelot left Elaine, I—I don't think it is nice. Do you think he only pretended to be lost in the *Ninon* to get rid of her, or that he could not find her?"

"The *Ninon* was really reported lost with all on board," said Miss Headworth. "That was ascertained. He was saved by a Chilian ship, and seems to have been a good while making his way back to Europe. I had taken care that our address should be known at Dieppe, but it is quite possible that he may not have applied to the right people or that they may not have preserved my letter, so that we cannot feel sure that he was to blame."

"If he had been worth anything at all, he would have moved heaven and earth to find her!" cried Nuttie; "and you said

Leave was given, half reluctantly, and with a prohibition against mentioning the subject to any one else, but both mother and aunt had confidence in Mary Nugent's wisdom and discretion, so the two friends sat on the wall together, and Ursula poured out her heart. Poor little girl! she was greatly discomfited at the vanishing of her noble vision of the heroic self-devoted father, and ready on the other hand to believe him a villain, like Bertram Risingham, or "the Pirate," being possessed by this idea on account of his West Indian voyages. At any rate, she was determined not to be accepted or acknowledged without her mother, and was already rehearsing letters of refusal Miss Mary listened and wondered, feeling sometimes as if this were as much a romance as the little yacht going down with the burning ship; and then came back the recollection that there was a real fact that Nuttie had a father, and that it was entirely uncertain what part he might take, or what the girl might be called on to do. Considering anxiously these bearings of the question, she scarcely heard what she was required to assent to, in one of Nuttie's eager, "Don't you think so?"

"My dear Nuttie," she said, rousing herself, "what I do think is that it will all probably turn out exactly contrariwise to our imaginations, so I believe it would be wisest to build up as few fancies as possible, but only to pray that you may have a right judgment in all things, and have strength to do what is right, whatever you may see that to be."

"And of course that will be to stick by mother."

"There can be little doubt of that, but the how? No, dear, do not let us devise all sorts of *hows* when we have nothing to go upon. That would be of no use, and only perplex you when the time comes. It would be much better to "do the nexte thinge," and read our *Marie Stuart*."

Nuttie pouted a little, but submitted, though she now an then broke into a translation with "You know mother will never stand up for herself," or "They think I shall be asked to stay with the Egremonts, but I must work up for the exam."

However, the school habit of concentrating her attention prevailed, and the study quieted Nuttie's excitement. The expedition took place as arranged. There was a train which stopped so that the party could go down by it, and the distance was not too great for walking back.

Mr. Dutton met them on the platform, well armed with his neat silk umbrella, and his black poodle, Monsieur, trotting solemnly after him. Gerard Godfrey bore materials for an exact transcript of the Abbot's monumental cross, his head being full of church architecture, while Nuttie carried a long green tin case, or vasculum as she chose to call it, with her three vowels, U A E, and the stars of the Little Bear conspicuously painted on it in white.

"You did not venture on that the other day," said Mr. Dutton. "How much of the park do you mean to carry away in it?"

"Let me take it," said Gerard politely.

"No, thank you. You'd leave it behind, while you were pottering over the mouldings."

"You are much more likely to leave it behind yourself."

"What—with my soldier, my *Stratiotes*, in it? I think I see myself."

"Give it to me," said Gerard. "Of course I can't see you carrying a great thing like that."

"Can't you, indeed?"

"Gently, gently, my dear," said Miss Mary, as the young people seemed very near a skirmish, and the train was sweeping up. Then there was another small scuffle, for Nuttie had got her heart on the third

hands had perished, and the connection of the uncle and nephew with the Yacht Club had not been renewed. Presently he said, "Then hers was a right instinct. There is reason to be thankful."

Miss Headworth was too full of her own anxieties to heed his causes for thankfulness. She told what she had heard from Lady Kirkaldy and from Mark Egremont, and asked counsel whether it could be Alice's duty to return to the man who had deserted her, or even to accept anything from him. There was an impetuous and indignant spirit at the bottom of the old lady's heart, in spite of the subdued life she had led for so many years, and she hardly brooked the measured considerate manner in which Captain Egremont made the first move. At present no one was acting but young Mark, and, as Mr. Dutton observed, it was not a matter in which a man was very likely to submit to a nephew's dictation.

There was certainly no need for Mrs. Egremont to *force* her presence on him. But Mr. Dutton did think that for her own sake and her child's there ought to be full recognition of their rights, and that this should be proved by their maintenance.

"I imagine that Ursula may probably be a considerable heiress, and her rights must not be sacrificed."

"Poor little girl! Will it be for her happiness? I doubt it greatly!"

"Of that I suppose we have no right to judge," said Mr. Dutton, somewhat tremulously. "Justice is what we have to look to, and to allow Nuttie to be passed over would be permitting a slur to be cast on her and her mother."

"I see that," said Miss Headworth, with an effort. "I suppose I am after all a selfish, faithless old woman, and it is not in my hands after all. But I must prepare my poor Alice for what may be coming."

"If any terms are offered to her, she had better put the matter into the lawyer's hands. Dobson would be a safe man to deal with."

Miss Headworth was amazed that he—who had helped her in many a little question bordering on law—should not proffer his aid now in this greatest stress. He was a resolute, self-controlled man, and she never guessed at the feeling that made him judge himself to be no fitting champion for Alice Egremont against her husband. Ever since, ten years ago, he had learned that his beautiful neighbour did not regard herself so certainly a widow as to venture to open her heart to any other love, he had lived patiently on, content to serve her as a trustworthy friend, and never betraying the secret hope so long cherished and now entirely crushed.

He was relieved to escape from the interview, and the poor old lady remained a little more certain as to her duty perhaps, but with a certainty that only made her more unhappy, and she was so restless and nervous that, in the middle of the evening's reading of Archbishop Trench's *Lectures on History*, Alice suddenly broke off in the very middle of a sentence and exclaimed, "Aunt Ursel! you are keeping something from me."

Miss Headworth made a faint attempt by saying something about presently, and glancing with her eyes to indicate that it was to be reserved till after Nuttie's bedtime, but the young lady comprehended the signs and exclaimed, "Never mind me, Aunt Ursel,—I know all about mother; she told me last night."

"It is!" broke in Mrs. Egremont, who had been watching her aunt's face. "You have heard of *him*."

"Oh, my father! You really have!" cried Nuttie. "Then he really was on the desert island all this time; I was quite sure of it. How delightful!" She jumped up

he was to blame."

"If he had been worth anything at all, he would have moved heaven and earth to find her!" cried Nuttie; "and you said yourself it was all *that* Mark's doing!"

"He seems to be a very upright and generous young man, that Mr. Mark Egremont," said Miss Headworth, a whole romance as to Nuttie's future destiny sweeping across her mind in an instant, with a mental dispensation to first cousins in such a case. "I think you will find him a staunch companion ever against his own interests."

Perceptions came across Nuttie. "Oh, then I am a sort of lost heiress, like people in a story! I see! But, Aunt Ursel, what do you think will happen?"

"My dear child, I cannot guess in the least. Perhaps the Egremont property will not concern you, and only go to male heirs. That would be the best thing, since in any case you must be sufficiently provided for. Your father must do that."

"But about mother?"

"A proper provision must be insisted on for her," said Miss Headworth. "It is no use, however, to speculate on the future. We cannot guess how Mr. Mark Egremont's communication will be received, or whether any wish will be expressed for your mother's rejoining your father. In such a case the terms must be distinctly understood, and I have full trust both in Mr. Mark and in Lady Kirkaldy as her champions to see that justice is done to you both."

"I'm sure he doesn't deserve that mother should go to him."

"Nor do I expect that he will wish it, or that it would be proper; but he is bound to give her a handsome maintenance, and I think most probably you will be asked to stay with your uncle and cousins," said Miss Headworth, figuring to herself a kind of Newstead Abbey or some such scene of constant orgies at Bridgefield Egremont.

"I shall accept nothing from the family that does not include mother," said Nuttie.

"Dear child, I foresee many trials, but you must be her protector."

"That I will," said Nuttie; and in the gallant purpose she went to bed, to find her mother either asleep or feigning slumber with tears on her cheek.

CHAPTER VI.

THE WATER-SOLDIER.

"Presumptuous maid, with looks intent,
Again she stretched, again she bent,
Nor knew the gulf between."—GRAY.

It all seemed like a dream to Ursula, perhaps likewise to her mother, when they rose to the routine of daily life with the ordinary interests of the day before them. There was a latent unwillingness in Mrs. Egremont's mind to discuss the subject with either aunt or daughter; and when the post brought no letter, Ursula, after a moment's sense of flatness, was relieved, and returned to her eager desire to hurry after the water-soldier. It was feasible that very afternoon. Mary Nugent came in with the intelligence.

"And can Gerard come? or shall we only look at it."

"Yes, Gerard can come, and so will Mr. Dutton," said Mary, who, standing about half-way between Mrs. Egremont and her daughter, did not think herself quite a sufficient chaperon.

"He will look on like a hen at her ducklings," said Nuttie. "It is cruel to take him, poor man!"

"Meantime, Nuttie, do you like an hour of *Marie Stuart*?"

"Oh, thank you!" But she whispered, "Aunt Ursel, may I tell her?"

"Ask your mother, my dear."

"Gently, gently, my dear," said Miss Mary, as the young people seemed very near a skirmish, and the train was sweeping up. Then there was another small scuffle, for Nuttie had set her heart on the third class; but Mr. Dutton had taken second-class tickets, and was about to hand them into a carriage whence there had just emerged a very supercilious black-moustached valet, who was pulling out a leather-covered dressing-case, while Gerard was consoling Nuttie by telling her that Monsieur never deigned to go third class.

"It is a smoking carriage," said Miss Nugent, on the step. "Pah! how it smells," as she jumped back.

"Beautiful backy—a perfect nosegay," said Gerard. "Trust that fellow for having the best."

"His master's, no doubt," suggested Mr. Dutton.

"You'd better go in it, to enjoy his reversion," said Nuttie.

"And where's my escort, then?"

"Oh, I'm sure we don't want you."

"Nuttie, my dear," expostulated Miss Nugent, dragging her into the next carriage.

"You may enjoy the fragrance still," said Nuttie when seated. "Do you see—there's the man's master; he has stood him up against that post, with his cigar, to wait while he gets out the luggage. I daresay you can get a whiff if you lean out far enough."

"I say! that figure is a study!" said Gerard. "What is it that he is so like?"

"Oh! I know," said Nuttie. "It is Lord Frederick Verisopht, and the bad gentlefolks in the pictures to the old numbers of Dickens that you have got, Miss Mary. Now, isn't he? Look! only Lord Frederick wasn't fat."

Nuttie was in a state of excitement that made her peculiarly unmanageable, and Miss Nugent was very grateful to Mr. Dutton for his sharp though general admonition against staring, while, under pretext of disposing of the umbrella and the vasculum, he stood up, so as to block the window till they were starting.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Too Late.

Mr. George Kennan, the Siberian traveller and writer, has been blacklisted by the Russian Government and will not be permitted to re-enter the Czar's dominions. "I expected, of course," says Mr. Kennan, "to be put on the Russian blacklist. I am only thankful that I succeeded in crossing the frontier with all my material and papers coming this way. The outside of the Russian frontier line is a good enough side for me at present. I became satisfied before I got half through Siberia that I should never be permitted to go there again, and that after the publication of my papers no other foreigner would be allowed to make investigations there, and I lost no possible opportunity to secure accuracy and thoroughness. I brought back more than fifty pounds of notes, papers and original documents, many of the latter from secret Government archives, besides 500 or 600 foolscap pages of manuscript prepared for me by political exiles in all parts of Siberia, and covering the most noteworthy episodes in their lives. I visited every convict mine in Siberia, and every convict prison except one, and I believe I know the exile system better than most officers of the exile administration, and far better than any outsider. I can regard the blacklisting, therefore, with a certain degree of complacency. The stable door is locked, but the horse has been stolen—and I've got him."

A good man may serve the public and himself in any station.

SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.

Tobacco, contrary to the common belief, does not destroy disease-germs. Smoking will not confer immunity from contagion.

Dr. Martineau, a French physician, asserts that carbonate of lithia and arseniate of soda in aerated water, used to the exclusion of other drinks, is almost infallible for diabetes.

It is popularly supposed that flame, or at least a temperature equal to the white or red heat of iron, is necessary to ignite benzene vapour, but this is a mistake. Friction can develop sufficient electricity to inflame benzene vapour, especially if the surface rubbed be very dry or varnished with shellac.

The locomotive is recommended as a cheap hygrometer for farmers and others living near railways. When the escaping steam remains long suspended the air is near its point of saturation with moisture; but, when the steam quickly disappears, as if swallowed up, the weather is dry, and there is little prospect of rain.

Should a horse refuse to drink, and cough after swallowing a little, it indicates sore-throat or swelling of the glands of the neck. It is one of the symptoms of distemper. Give the horse a warm bran mash, with one drachm of chlorate of potash in it, daily for a week or ten days. There is nothing serious to be apprehended.

When milk is slowly and partially frozen, the ice takes up the greater part of the cream; the unfrozen remainder contains the casein, milk, sugar, and salts, but, in consequence of its loss of cream, appears like diluted milk, and would be described as such if merely tested by the ordinary lactometric instrument. Milk which has been frozen should therefore be well thawed and shaken up, and not sold whilst any ice is visible.

Polish suitable for polishing pianos: A fine varnish is made as follows. Take seven hundred parts of alcohol, fifteen parts of copal, seven parts of gum-arabic, and thirty parts of shellac. The resins are first pulverised and bolted through a piece of muslin, the powder is placed in a flask, the alcohol poured over it, and the flask corked. By putting the flask in a moderately warm place, the solution will be accomplished in two or three days. It is then strained through muslin and kept in hermetically sealed bottles.

Coal-ashes are of some value as a fertiliser, especially to mix with clayey soil. But the use to make of the ashes is for roads and paths. A good covering, over which a little soil is thrown, will soon form a hard solid road. To make a better walk, prepare and level the bed, excavating it a few inches below the general surface. Pour on a coating of coal-tar and cover it thickly with coal-ashes. When this is dry, repeat with another coat of tar and ashes, and so on, until there are four coats of tar and as many of ashes. In a short time this will harden and make a walk as hard as stone.

Sir Charles Dilke's Reception by the Sultan.

Sir Charles Dilke, on his recent visit to Constantinople, did not expect to see the Sultan, and declined to ask for an audience. He was [illegible]ore, agreeably surprised to receive a visit from an imperial chamberlain, who made an offer to Sir Charles, in the Sultan's name, of the Grand Cordon of the Medjidie, and to Lady Dilke of the Chefakat.

He also signified that a private audience would be granted to Sir Charles, who naturally availed himself of this favor, and remained a long time with Abdul Hamid. At the close of the audience the Sultan expressed a wish to make the acquaintance of Lady Dilke, and said: "Come and dine here

PLEADING WITH A SAVAGE KING.

Efforts of the English to Stop the Terrible Angoni Raids.

Many years ago a large number of adventuresome Zulus left their own country and travelled hundreds of miles north, until they reached the region of Lake Nyassa. There they settled and multiplied, some of them making their homes among the highlands west of the big lake, and others travelling around the north end of the lake and settling on the northeast side of it. They still wear on their heads the ring that denotes a Zulu warrior and they speak the Zulu language in a corrupted form. They are the best fighters of the Nyassa region and have long been the terror of all the other tribes living around the lake. They travel with great celerity, and sometimes go a hundred miles or more on slave and cattle stealing raids. Large regions have been almost wholly depopulated by these terrible raids, and the remnants of several once prosperous tribes are now living on mountain tops eking out a most miserable existence, and never free from the fear that their enemies will seek them out, even in the fastnesses to which they have retreated.

Ever since Livingston first visited the Nyassa region we have heard of these terrible Angoni west of the lake. Every year the missionaries at Blantyre, south of Lake Nyassa, have sent home reports of Angoni raids in the fertile districts around them. Several missionaries have visited them, and two years ago Mr. Montagu Kerr, formerly a Wall street broker, spent some time in their chief town and wrote an entertaining descripton of these remarkable people. It has long been evident that unless their raids were stopped the work of depopulation would go on until thousands of square miles were swept clear of inhabitants.

The pitiful reports sent to England by the missionaries induced the British Government recently to send Mr. Hawes, the English-Consul in the Nyassa territory, to the King of the Angoni, to see if he could not be persuaded to give up his terrible raids. The King was notified that the representative of a great Queen was coming to see him, and he recieved Consul Hawes with much display of good will and with all the honors he could render. He told Mr. Hawes that he wished to live on good terms with the English, and he said that as far as Angoni were concerned he would guarantee the safety of all the missionary stations. He was not quite so ready to promise to discontinue his incursions among the tribes south and east of the great lake, but after many discussions of the matter he finally promised that his warriors should not cross the Shire River, through which the waters of Nyassa pour into the Zambesi. It remains to be seen whether his promise is worth anything. If he keeps his word, a very large district in one of the fairest parts of Africa that was once the home of a large and comparatively peaceful population, will in future be spared the terrible Angoni raids. It is in this region that the African Lakes Company has opened some coffee plantations, and quite a number of white men are there engaged in missionary and commercial pursuits.

Mr. Hawes says that the Angoni yield the most implicit obedience to the commands of their King, and he was impressed by the great consideration the King and all his officers received from their people.

Two Bad Men.

Mr. Frith, R. A., in his recently-published autobiography, has an interesting reminiscence of the Princess of Wales. When painting her portrait, he describes himself as reduced to despair through discovering

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

"If I war' to lib my life over agin I should seek to be a philosopher," said Brother Gardner, as the thermometer marked ninety-eight degrees in Paradise Hall. "I has spent a good sheer of de las' sixty y'ars fightin' philosophy, an' feel dat it has been de wuss fur me. If I had de chance to begin all ober agin, I should do differently.

"As a baby, I should reason dat de mo' I slept de faster I would grow, an' de faster I growed de sooner I'd get beyand babyhood.

"As a child, I should reason dat bumps, thumps, falls an' heart-aches war' a part an' parcel of my lot, an' de mo' I had of 'em de tuffer I would grow.

"As a youth, I'd take a bit of chalk an figger up dat I'd git about so many lickin's a week—hev about so many fights wid de boys—l'arn about so much rascality—be disappointed about so often.

"As a young man, I'd figger dat de world was heah bcfo' I was heard of; dat I'd be stepped on about twice a week; dat I couldn't reform nobody nor nuthin'; dat de mo' anxious I was to upsot things de mo' shoe-leather I'd wear out; dat de churches could be left to de preachers, an' de guv'ment to de pollytishuns.

"As an ole man I'd feel dat what is ar' all right. I'd take my blizzards in de winter—my roastin' in de summer—births, deaths, joys, sorrows, fears, hopes an' all dat as sunthin' dat had to come in dis life an' be put up wid to de best of our ability. You may figger an' figger, but I'm tellin' you dat de man who kin find a wallet in de road to-day—lose his mule by death to-morrer—diskiber dat his wife has eloped de day arter, an' turn up at de reg'lar Friday eavenin' prayer meetin' in good shape am gwine to take a big sheer of dis world's comforts an' git to Heaben jist as soon as de rest of us. Let us now purceed wid de reg'lar order of bizness."

NOT ENCOURAGED.

The Secretary announced a communication from the Hon. Gigback Taylor, a resident of one of the suburbs of Montgomery, Ala., known as "Vesuvius," stating his readiness to journey to Detroit and appear before the club and deliver his lecture on: "Is the world Growing Badder—She Is." He didn't want to make any money out of the club, and would, therefore, come if all his expenses were paid and he was presented with a pair of two-shilling suspenders when he left for home.

Pickles Smith, who had his wheelbarrow stolen the other day, and, consequently, believes in the badness of the world, moved that the terms of the speaker be accepted, but the President waved him aside and said:

"We kin not incouraige de Hon. gem'lan to put in an appearance. In de fust place de price am too high; in de next place, if de world am growin' badder we can't help it, an' his lecktur' won't make it any better. 'deed, I can't accept his conclushun at all. Now an' den some one may break into my hen-coop, pizen my dog or stick me wid a lead nickle, but de world in gineral can't be held to blame fur it. I believe we ar' growin' better—much better."

A VAIN APPEAL.

Some time since the branch club at Halifax bounced a member named Limited Johnson for having declared his belief that the world was flat. He was given every opportunity to retract and change his opinions, but he positively refused to do so. When his name was erased from the books he made an appeal to the home club to be reinstated. This appeal was referred to the Committee on Astronomy for investiga-

mained a long time with Abdul Hamid. At the close of the audience the Sultan expressed a wish to make the acquaintance of Lady Dilke, and said: "Come and dine here with her on Monday, at sunset."

Sir Charles could not accept the Medjidie, but his wife wore the Turkish order in going to the dinner, which was served at 6. A band played in an adjoining hall. The chief civil and military officers of the Sultan were at table. The imperial host had been told that Lady Dilke was an authoress, and he informed her that he meant to get her "Shrine of Death" translated into Turkish.

When the English guests were leaving, the Sultan took up a small packet which he asked Sir Charles to accept, "though of no intrinsic value, it contained some views of Constantinople." When it was opened at the hotel, the packet was found to contain a gold cigarette-box, with enamelled views of Constantinople set in brilliants. An irade was also given to enable Sir Charles and Lady Dilke to see the treasure and the palaces; and, if it did not, said the Father of the Faithful, cover everything, further facilities would be granted.

The Vicar-General called on Sir Charles and his wife to express the desire of the Greek Patriarch to see them. They were received by him, attended by the Synod, containing seven Archbishops. The Patriarch gave his visitors his blessing, telling them when he did so how "truly glad and deeply moved he was at receiving one who had done so much for the Greek cause." Finally, they were shown the relics of St. Chrysostom and the treasure of the Greek Church.

Mastodons Said to be Still Alive in Alaska.

In conversation with D. H. Summers, formerly of Denver, Col., who came out this fall with a party of miners from Forty Mile Creek, we learned that the existence of living mastodons as not the mere fabrications of Northern furriers, but that the Stick Indians had positively told him that such animals had been seen by them. One of the Indians said that while hunting one day in that unknown section he came across an immense track sunk to a depth of several inches in moss. It much resembled an elephant's track but was larger round than a barrel. The Indian followed up this curious track, which to all appearance was very fresh, tracking from one immense stride to another, a distance of some miles, when he came in full view of his game. The hunter gave one look, then turned and fled. These Indians as a rule, are the bravest hunters. With no other weapon than their spear they will attack and kill a grizzly, but the immense proportions of this new style of game both startled and filled the hunter, brave as he was, with fear. He described it as being larger than Post Trader Harper's store, with great shining yellowish tusks and a mouth large enough to swallow him at a single gulp. He said the animal was doubtless similar to those which furnished the immense bones scattered over that section. If such animals are now in existence, and Mr. Summers has no reason to doubt the veracity of the Indian, as other Indians, and also Mr. Harper confirmed it, they inhabit a section very high in altitude, but rarely visited by human beings. We have also no reason to doubt the Indian tale, for at no very distant period Yukeon country was inhabited by these animals, as hundreds of their massive skeletons strewn along the creeks are silent but truthful witnesses. On Forty Mile Creek bones can be found projecting partly from the sand and among the driftwood of the stream on the creek below this these skre also eletons, quite numerous.

Potatoes are advancing in price with a rapidity that causes the economical housekeeper no little anxiety.

ed autobiography, has an interesting reminiscence of the Princess of Wales. When painting her portrait, he describes himself as reduced to despair through discovering that the illustrious young lady did not know that the keeping her face in one position was necessary to enable an artist to catch a resemblance of it. "That first sitting can I ever forget? I did not dare to complain till after two or three more fruitless attempts. With downright failure staring me in the face, I opened my heart to the Prince of Wales. 'You should scold her, said the Prince. Just at this time the Princess was sitting for her bust to the celebrated sculptor Gibson, R. A., in a room at Marlborough House. I was sent for by the Prince, and, before I was admitted to an interview, I was shown into the sculptor's studio, and found him waiting for a sitting from the Princess. The bust was already in an advanced stage. I did not think it was very like, and, in reply to Gibson, said so. 'Well, you see," said Gibson, 'the Princess is a delighful lady; but she can't sit a bit." Just at this moment I was summoned to the Prince, whom I found with the Princess; and I saw, or thought I saw, a sort of pretty smiling pout, eloquent of reproof and of half-anger with me. The Prince had something to show me—photographs, I think—and then he led the way to Gibson, the Princess and I following. No sooner did we find ourselves in the sculptor's presence than—after some remarks upon the bust—the Prince said, 'How do you find the Princess sit, Mr. Gibson?" 'Now,' thought I, 'if ever man was in an awkward fix, you are, Mr. Gibson; for, after what you said to me a few minutes ago, you cannot, in my presence, compliment the beautiful model on her sitting.' The Prince looked at Gibson, and Gibson looked in dead silence at the Prince, and then at the Princess; he then looked again at the Prince, smiled, and shook his head. 'There, you see—you sit properly neither to Mr. Gibson nor to Mr. Frith." 'I do—I do!' said the lady. "You are two bad men!" After this however all smiled, and everything went well.

He Wasn't Color Blind.

Mrs. Jonsing—"Wy, Sam, yo look tired. Wat yo work so hard for?"

"We got to arn a libin."

Mrs. J.—"Wy don't you be a loafer?"

Sam—"Whars de bred and butter comin' from?"

Mrs. J.—"Wy, honey, go into politics and get a office."

Sam—"Wat, me, American bawn, mix wid dose low white trash,—dose Canuckers, dose Scotchers, and dose Irishers! You insult me."

Mr. Jones Makes a Proposal.

Mr. Jones (in a voice slightly husky)—"Miss Smith, before I say good night I want to ask you—that is, I would—er—er—do you think you could—er—"

Miss Smith (faintly)—"Pray go on, Mr. Jones."

Mr. Jones—"Could you, do you think—er—bring me a glass of ice water?"

One Thing Besides Pie.

Guest—What you got for dessert, waiter?

Waiter.—Dar's pie, sah.

Guest—Nothing after pie?

Waiter—No, sah; nuffin' but feein' de waitah.

A Plausible Suggestion.

Sharp-visaged Female (to grocer's boy)—"I've waited here so long, young man, that I forgit what I cum for."

Grocer's Boy (meekly suggestive)—"P'raps it's winegar, mum."

made an appeal to the home club to be reinstated. This appeal was referred to the Committee on Astronomy for investigation and report, and the Chairman now reported:

"When a pusson stands in de middle of a cotton field an' squints dis way an' dat way it 'pears to him dat de world am flat. We doan' blame Brudder Johnson for believin' his eyes, but we blame him fur not believin' in geography. Geography says de world am round. All the white folks say so. All de intelligent cull'ud people say so. It's sartin den dat de world am round. A member of a lodge dat believes otherwise wouldn't stop dar. He'd soon assert dat de world wobbled instead of turned, an' dat de moon was hung up dar' on purpose to make onions grow at night. He'd keep de lodge stirred up and everybody mad, an' de result kin easily be predicted. De offishul appeal of Limited Johnson to be reinstaten am, darfo' denied, an' de ackshun of de Halifax branch in droppin' him from de rolls is sustained by a large majority."

On motion of Trustee Pullback the report was accepted and adopted.

LESS PREACHING—MORE WORK.

A communication from the Rev. Moses Green, of Franklin, Ky., was then announced. The Rev. Green stated that he was a preacher in search of a flock, and wanted to know what the chances were in the North. The ranks were not only overcrowded in the South, but the recompense in dollars and cents was so small that colored preachers had the hardest kind of work to live and maintain their dignity.

"I reckon dat's a fackt," said Brother Gardner as he scanned the communication. "De Seckretary will answer him kindly but firmly. Let him be informed dat dar' am no vacancies in de No'th, an' let him understand dat it am our advice dat he orter preach les an' work mo'. If ebery cull'd man in de South who feels dat he orter preach could make a libin' dat way dar' wouldn't be 'nuff folks left to chop out de cotton an' hoe de co'n. Dar's too much preachin' and too many preachers down dar'. A reasonable amount of religion am a good thing to hev, an' none of us should neglect it, but between two services on Sunday, two prayer-meetin's a week, de Saturday holiday an' gwine to de depot in de mawnin' an' to de postoffis at night, de cull'd brudder south of de Ohio Riber has got about all he kin attend to. It mought not be a bad thing fur him to drop some of his religun, an' fur seberal thousand preachers to pick up de hoe an' go to work."

PROGRESSING SATISFACTORILY.

Whalebone Howker then secured the floor to make an inquiry. He wanted to know if the fishery dispute with Canada had yet been settled. He hadn't had a good night's sleep since the talk of war, and his wife had quit buying fish with a Canadian look around the gills for fear they had been poisoned by the enemy.

"De Chair am happy to state in reply," said the President, "dat de matter am under advisement an' progressin' in a satisfactory manner. Dar' won't be any fout between dis kentry an' Canada, an' de time am not fur distant when de Yankee an' de Canuck will once mo' sit on de same log an' spit on deir bait in unison. Let us go home."

Miss Clara Noon, who teaches school at Sabina, Ohio, caught a pupil in a falsehood, and, to punish him for lying, scrubbed out his mouth with soap and water. The boy's parents objected to this form of punishment and preferred charges. The trustees, after a bitter trial, upheld the young schoolmarm.

DEFEATING DEATH.

A STORY OF FAR WESTERN LIFE.

"Good-bye, John; take good care of yourself and come back as soon as you can."

"Good-bye, Nellie, dear, and don't forget me while I am away."

Their hands warmly pressed each other as their lips would have done had not others been near. Then they separated. Nellie Browning watched the tall, strong form of John King until it was lost in the high grass of the prairie and with a sigh returned to duty.

Never before had the little isolated way station on the Canadian Pacific seemed so dull, the clink of the telegraph instrument so monotonous. There was literally nothing for her to do after the customary "putting to rights." No train would pass for hours, messages seldom troubled her, she had exhausted her little stock of reading. What could she do to make the hours pass less wearily?

She rested her head upon the key-board and gave herself to pleasant waking dreams, to mentally following her lover and murmuring aloud of the pictures thought photographed upon her heart.

"It will take John all day to inspect the line to the little wooden island in the middle of the prairie, and he will have to sleep there alone in the log cabin. I wonder if he will think of me all the time, as I will of him? How I wish I could be with him!"

But do what she would her thoughts wandered to her lover, the lack of comfort he would experience, and the happy day when she would have the right to be ever by his side.

As if the hours had become leaden-footed they crept along. At noon she listlessly ate the lunch she had brought from her farm home; then wished night would hurry along that she might be with her lover, at least in dreams.

Darkness did come after long and weary waiting; her hours of duty had ended and she was preparing to leave when the station was called and she was told in clicking whispers that on account of an extra that was wildcatting she would have to remain until midnight.

With the reverse of a pleasant expression upon her face and an almost defiant tossing back of her auburn curls she sat down again. The workmen about the station went home and left her alone; the frogs croaked mournfully from a neighboring slough and the wires made weird music as the brisk night wind played upon them. But the experience was not new to her; there was nothing to fear and her father would come for her when the night was done.

Eight, nine, ten passed and the silence was becoming painful. Something must be done. She failed to remember being so much oppressed by the lack of society and wondered how Robinson Crusoe could have existed before his man Friday. Then she thought of a female friend who was operator at the next westward station, and, nearly dying for some one to talk to, summoned "Sterling."

There was no reply. Try as she would directly she could get none, but utilizing a circuit she was answered and asked:

"What is the matter with the main line?"

"Matter enough," was answered, and her trained ear instantly told her the touch was not of a delicately fingered girl, but a heavy-handed man. "The prairie is all on fire between here and Buffalo Heart Grove; that is beginning to burn and when the thread of beaten earth, with fire swiftly rushing toward it from either side.

The horse, brave and blooded as he was, hesitated, as well he might; but the hand of the rider was firm and the whip merciless. A brief hour had transformed the gentle girl into a woman maddened by love and superior to danger. The one idea that had taken possession of brain and pulsing heart remained permanent. John King was in danger of being consumed. She must him save or—

And very soon the horse became mad as well. With long and seemingly tireless strides he stretched himself. His dark skin was flecked with foam, his sides were heaving as a bellows, like escaping steam his breath was blown, his eyes were red with exertion and his frame trembling with excitement.

On, on they pressed, on thus far in little danger, for the fire was yet at a distance. But with every moment it became nearer, nearer, closed upon them, and blazing sparks fell thick as rain.

On, on, and the flames leaped upward and at times closed over their heads; they were rushing as through a tunnel of hissing, roaring fire; it was crowding in upon them, was beneath their feet, was playing in fantastic shapes around and above.

Mad as the girl was with desire to reach her lover the horrors of the situation were forced upon her brain. She bowed her head to the firey storm, shielded her face and often extinguished her blazing dress; spoke encouragingly to the horse, patted his quivering neck, used the deep-cutting lash, cutting a hundred times more cruelly, for his sides were cracking with the heat and blood was oozing from the blistered wounds.

On, still on, but more slowly at every stride, with steps less firm and secure, breath more scant, courage less high and pace less swift. Never yet steed that could long bear such a fearful strain; never flesh that could resist a prairie fire with hundreds of acres of dry, tall grass and reeds for fuel and fanned by a gale.

On! The girl shielded her eyes with her trembling hands, and above the smoke saw the waving of trees. As yet the furious fire had not reached, at least not penetrated, them. There was life, safety, and, more than all, love. Could she reach them? A scanty half mile had yet to be travelled. Instinct, often as clear to discovery as mind, told the horse of the situation as clearly as her eyes. She called upon him, and he answered; she bowed to the saddle, she shut her eyes and then!

The flames swirled around, they were wrapped as in a winding sheet of them, the red forked tongues touched them with blistering kisses, the wind roared through the gigantic furnace, the earth was hot beneath, the air burning above; deer, wolf, every creeping thing were outfooted in the race, were beaten down by a swift death, and how could they possibly escape.

On! Between them and the sheltering trees but a few rods remained; but a few feet. Could they be overcome? Voice and lash urged the noble horse on. He struggled to obey, but his best efforts were becoming feebler, his heart was beating slow, the iron-muscled limbs were fast becoming useless. A single burst of speed, as at the beginning would have been enough—the racing of a few seconds all that was required.

Frantically the girl shouted, in despair she lashed the reeking sides. The horse gathered for a supreme effort, reeled, staggered, fell even as the wind roared and the fire hissed more savagely.

But the impulse had been sufficient to

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Maine man has had an encounter with a bear. The doctor used up four spools of silk and broke thirty-nine needles in sewing him up, and its takes three hours a day to dress his wounds.

In China the rule of the road is to keep to the left, but the coolie bearers can't be taught to mind it, and there are frequent collisions, in which the women or others in the jinrichshas or sedan chairs are badly hurt.

Texas prospectors recently saw a battle between eight big gray wolves and a herd of 300 cattle. The wolves separated a cow and calf from the rest and attacked them. The herd came to the rescue, and drove the wolves away.

"Hold this baby while I have a fight with that man," said an East Boston woman to a sailor who had just come ashore. The sailor, always ready to be entertained, took the infant, and the woman took the man's arm and walkedaway.

A man has been discovered in Portland, Me., who has been for many years a secret agent of the Mormon Church. It is said that he has made a number of converts in Maine and Massachusetts, and has shown his faith by his works, having taken seven wives.

Miss Laura Winkler of Iowa is one of the most successful temperance workers in the State. The fact that she is totally blind seems no bar to her vigorous work in her favorite field, the workshop, where she makes strong and personal appeals to men to give up liquor drinking.

Two items of show news come from across the Atlantic. One is that in London a pack of trained wolves are delighting the little folks by doing tricks such as are taught to performing dogs; the other is that in Paris a lot of cats are doing much the same tricks at the Winter Circus.

Corea recently broke down her ancient barriers so far as to send an envoy to Japan, but the Government was so poor that it could not support him, and, soon coming to the end of his resources, he had to ask aid of the Japanese Government to avoid being put in desperate straits.

An immense picture of the crucifixion was recently found painted in oil with a great deal of artistic skill on the wall of a cave on the island of Davaar, in Campbelton harbor, Scotland. The discovery made a great sensation until a Mr. Archibald McKinnon acknowledged that it had been painted by him.

The boys on an English reform ship in the Mersey mutinied recently, and for several hours were in possession of the ship. They smashed the furniture and did a great deal of damage, after which seventeen of the worst ringleaders lowered a boat and escaped to the shore. Some of them were recaptured.

Senorita Matilde Montoya is the first Mexican girl to become a doctor. A committee of young men of the City of Mexico got up a bull fight in honor of her courage, and devoted the proceeds to the purchase of books and instruments for her. In the bull fight two of the toreros were hurt, one of them seriously.

A Hungarian historian, rummaging through the archives at Buda-Pesth, discovered over 500 wills dated between 1802 and 1874, which had been put away so safely that they had been lost sight of, and the estates to which they related have been treated as though the persons making them had died intestate. A dreadful crop of lawsuits is expected to follow.

The native merchants of China are said to be inveterate swindlers. A foreign dealer

handed man. "The prairie is all on fire between here and Buffalo Heart Grove; that is beginning to burn and when the flames sweep round on your side you'll have to look sharp if they don't catch you napping, my pretty daisy."

At another time she would have closed the key with an angry snap at the impudent familiarity. Now there was room in her brain for only one maddening thought.

John King was sleeping in the cabin in the grove, would be surrounded by fire, be stifled by smoke, be burned to death!

"Prairie round Buffalo Heart Grove a sea of flame, line down, bridges over culverts probably burned. Stop all trains at X," she managed to flash back over the wire.

Then she dashed out where all should have been darkness but was not. For miles earth and sky were illuminated, the roaring of the flames could be distinctly heard, their furious leaping distinctly traced, their speed swifter than the greyhound and their force resistless as a cyclone. Nothing to her now was duty, nothing that it wanted two hours of midnight, nothing that many lives might hang upon her remaining at her post. One life she knew was in danger, and that was to her more than all others in the world.

With flying feet, with a desperate resolve forming in her brain, she hastened homeward, but did not enter the house—dared not for fear of the thwarting of her purpose. As she passed the window she saw her old father nodding in his chair, and a satisfied smile parted her lips. For all the hidden wealth of mountain and canon she would not have him waken.

Well she knew the swiftest and most untiring horse in the stable. That it was one she had never ridden, a young, fiery, valuable blue blooded stallion, she never gave a thought. Speed and courage were the things now to be desired, and all other considerations, even her own safety, were dwarfed into nothingness by them.

With soothing voice and gentle hands the girl led the horse out, bridled, saddled and mounted. Astonished by her daring, he quietly submitted. The charm of womanhood had easily accomplished what had ever been a difficult task for men. Then, startled by the unusual burden and flapping of skirts about his flank, he reared, plunged, pawed the air, kicked vigorously and made a desperate effort to unseat the rider. It was unsuccessful. The hands that held the reins, little as they were, had a grip of iron, and the whip left a welt upon the glossy skin. Madly shaking his head, dashing out with his heels, with the breath whistling through the thin nostrils, he made a second attempt; shivered as he received a still more stinging blow, then dashed furiously down the road.

The clatter of hoofs disturbed the dreams of the old farmer. He sprang to the window, but only to catch an indistinct vision of something, glanced at the clock, murmured contentedly of having an hour before going for Nellie, and settled himself for another nap.

Little idea had he that his only child and costly steed were indulging in the wildest of races under a sky lighted as by the flames of hell and surrounded by its fires.

The switchman saw the girl as she flew past; saw the swift galloping horse, the rider with her long hair streaming in the wind, the horse as if breathing smoke—saw without recognition, and superstitiously imagined that the ghost of some red child of the wilderness, whose bones had been disturbed in building the iron track of the pale face, was out for a midnight revel.

For a considerable distance the road was over the undulating prairie, and both horse and rider enjoyed the race; then they were forced upon the ties, and heavily shod hoofs clattered along the bridges; then they left it and safety and plunged upon a narrow

ed, fell even as the wind roared and the fire hissed more savagely.

But the impulse had been sufficient to cary him beyond the blazing death and the bushes closed behind and the trees rose above and protected them from the scorching shower.

"God be thanked," exclaimed the suffering girl as she knelt beside the gallant horse. "God be thanked, and she flung her arms around his neck and shed bitter tears as she saw how scared and burned he was, regardless of her own sufferings.

With difficulty she urged him to his feet and led him forward. But he knew as well as see of their safety, of the necessity of moving, and lamb-like followed deep into the wood where the cabin stood.

"John, dear John," rang out the voice of the girl.

"Nellie! Great God, is that you?" was answered and questioned, and a moment later she was locked within his protecting arms.

In a few words she told all, and begged him to do all possible for the horse.

"Now and ever," he answered. "One moment." He climbed to the top of a tall tree, looked around, descended, and said cheerfully: "The wind has changed; the fire is rushing away from the timber; we are safe here. But why in the name of heaven did you attempt such a dangerous chance, Nellie?"

"Because, dear, I loved you so," and she drooped fainting upon his anxiously throbbing breast.

Never Found One.

Sweet Girl (disrobing)—"Did you look under the bed?"

Old Maid—"What for?"

"To see if there is a man there."

"No, dear, I've given up all hope."

had died intestate. A dreadful crop of lawsuits is expected to follow.

The native merchants of China are said to be inveterate swindlers. A foreign dealer at Tientsin recently contracted for 1,500 bales of camel's wool, guaranteed free of dirt and sand. When the first installment had passed through the cleaning machine 35 per cent. of its gross weight was found to be sand and gravel, and besides that the wool had been wet to make the dirt stick in and also to make it heavier.

It takes nearly one hundred million foreign eggs a month to keep the English in cakes and puddings. The matter of the protection of the English hen from the competition of the pauper fowls of France has been thought so serious that even Gladstone has paid some attention to it. Experts estimate that the consumption of eggs in England is one hundred a year for every person. Nearly fifteen million dollars is paid every year for the eggs imported into the country.

A plausible man has visited the farmers of Maine this fall, and after setting forth the value of birds as insect destroyers, and the wickedness of those who kill them, has presented a well worded document, apparently a pledge, not to kill a bird for a year, for the farmers to sign. If he did sign, the paper came back to him in a short time in the shape of a promissory note. Not a few agriculturists were thus swindled.

As the schooner Isle of Pines was off New London not long ago, an eagle slowly winged its way to the vessel, and perched on the topmast. The bird was evidently very tired, and kept its place until dark, and then Robert Burley, one of the sailors, climbed up and caught it by the legs. The eagle showed fight, and Burley was bleeding in many places when he reached the deck with his captive, which he caged and kept.

A flock of strange birds was heard going over Troy, Mo., one evening recently, and a

EXPERTO CREDE.

Young Wife discussing her first dinner party: WELL, THEN, HANNAH, HOW SHALL WE H
Cook: WELL, MUM, YER GO OUT INTER SOCIETY MORE THAN I DO; YER OUGHT TER BE ABLE

short time afterward one which had strayed from the flock was captured by a servant girl in the yard, where it had alighted. It is about the size of a goose, black, web-footed, and with a long, snake-like neck and a strong bill three inches long. It is believed to be a cormorant, and to have come from the sea coast. It is still alive, and will eat nothing but live fish.

Gruyere cheese, which has been made by the farmers of Jura, Switzerland, under a system by which each in turn made a cheese of the milk of the whole community given to him every day, is now made in a factory to which all the farmers take their milk, and the product of which is common property instead of each cheese being the individual property of the man who made it. This makes the cheese more uniform and of better quality, and increases the farmer's profits.

From 8,000 to 10,000 gallons of blood a day are used in making buttons in a large factory in Bridgeport, near Chicago. About 100 men and boys are employed in the factory. The blood must be fresh beef blood. A Mr. Harsh was the first to introduce the business, some years ago, and is now immensely wealthy. Much of the blood evaporates in the process of drying, but the albumen remains. Blood sheets are used by cloth manufactures for "setting" the color in calico goods. These sheets, broken up, will make buttons, earrings, breastpins, belt clasps, combs, and even door knobs. There are a number of "blood" utilizing factories in England, and a blood door knob factory in Trenton, N. J.

In the Leipzig Stadt Theatre there is an enormous cistern that overhangs the stage, from which an alarming quantity of water can be flooded down on the boards at the shortest warning. The knowledge of this provision has hitherto been a great source of comfort to the actors. They were not, however, prepared for an impromptu that occurred two weeks ago. Without a moment's warning, and in the presence of stalls, pit, and curtain, nearly the whole company were soundly drenched. They had to make a very hasty retreat from the stage, to drop the curtain, and to get their clothes dried before they could again "go on." The audience seemed immensely amused, and no "demoralizing panic" has to be recorded.

For years a huge column of black smoke by day and lurid flames by night rolled up from a dense swamp, but no one penetrated the swamp far enough to discover the cause. Recently a young man noticed that the smoke and flame had disappeared, and he determined to find the spot where they had been. With great labor he worked his way into the swamp until he came upon a large mound of rent and shattered rocks, which looked as though they had been subjected to a terrific upheaval. Their under sides were covered with soot, and so were the crevices between, but no smoke or heat was discovered. The explorer decided that the fire was caused by the burning of a natural oil well, which had burned itself out.

Boiler-Scale.

The application of soda-ash or any other scale resolvent to a dirty boiler should be followed by a thorough cleaning shortly afterwards to remove any scale which may be detached or loosened, or injury to the boiler may result. The idea obtains in some cases that it is only necessary to put the solvent into the boiler and let it work, no further attentions being necessary. This is a great mistake. If a solvent does any good, its action is either to loosen scale so that it becomes detached either in flakes or in a finely divided state, or it dissolves it so that it remains in the water in solution.

In the first case, the accumulation of a

STATISTICS.

France possesses the largest area of vineyards in the world, consisting in round numbers of 5,000,000 acres of vines.

On an average, every man, woman, and child in the United Kingdom receives "a mail," as the Americans say, of 63 pieces per annum. This compares well with the 36 of France, the 18 of Austria-Hungary, the 35 of Denmark, and even with the 43 of Germany.

The orange industry of Florida has increased tenfold in five years. In 1880 only 100,000 boxes were shipped out of the State, while in 1884 and 1885 the exports were 1,000,000 boxes, and their value £3 0,000. The United States eatts, it is estimated, 600,000,000 of oranges yearly, enough to give to each man, woman, and child 10 oranges.

From the four principal mines in Griqualand—which all lie within a circle with a diameter of three miles—calculating the amount of diamondiferous ground removed and the known average yield per load in each, it is found that not less than 32,000,000 carets of diamonds—or more than 6½ tons weight—must have been extracted since the first discovery, realizing, in round numbers, £40,000,000 sterling.

The Metropolitan Police district extends over a radius of 15 miles from Charing-Cross, exclusive of the City of London, and embraces an area of 688·31 square miles, extending from Colney Heath, Hertfordshire, on the north, to Mogadore, Todworth Heath, in the south, and from Lark Hall, Essex, in the east, to Staines Moor, Middlesex, in the west. The ratable value of the metropolitan area for the year 1886-7 was £33,815,723, but of the enormous actual value of the property in charge of the police it is impossible to form any estimate.

The United States Debt reached its maximum at the end of August, 1865—a few months, that is, after the close of the Civil War. In round figures it then slightly exceeded £551,250,000 sterling, and the annual interest on the Debt somewhat exceeded £30,000,000 sterling. At the end of June last—the close, that is, of the last financial year—the Debt was reduced to a little over £235,000,000 sterling, and the annual interest charge to somewhat under £8,250,000 sterling. In the 22 years therefore £361,250,000 sterling has been redeemed; while the annual interest charge has been reduced by £21,750,000 sterling. This is a feat of which any people might be proud.

PEARLS OF TRUTH.

If a man has a right to be proud of anything, it is of a good action done as it ought to be, without any base interest lurking at the bottom of it.

Any system of instruction which does not teach a lad to think falls very far short of the best results of education, and leaves him without the most vital element of success.

A fussy, nervous mother who is always trembling for the safety of her darlingst and will not let them do anything that their companions rejoice in, either makes her sons weak and deficient in self-reliance or drives them to deceitful habits of doing on the sly what they would not wish her to find out, though very likely in itself the amusement is harmless enough.

The intervals of life should not be left to haphazard—should not be regarded as idle waters in which each one may drift at pleasure without compass or guide. They should be held as trusts for certain definite objects, and regarded of as much importance

YACHTING ON LAND.

Swift Sand Boats in England—A Wagon with Wings.

Southport is the locality *par excellence* for sand yachting, the great stretches of firm, smooth sand along this part of the Lancashire coast affording ample "sea" room for the evolutions of these singular and somewhat ghostly looking craft. The sand yacht is simple in construction, consisting essentially of a long, narrow body, with seats along the sides for passengers, mounted on four wooden wheels. The back wheels of a sand yacht serve exactly the same purpose as the rudder of a boat. The wheels are strongly built, with wide treads to prevent their sinking in the sand when passing over soft places, and are covered with splash boards in the usual manner. The yachts are of different sizes, some being able to accommodate about twenty people, though they rarely carry so many. The smaller crafts are cutter-rigged with large mainsail and jibsail stretched from the point of a bowsprit some six feet long projecting from the front axle. The larger yachts have two masts, carrying mainsail, foresail and jib. The sails, rigging and running gear are almost identical with those common on boats and small yachts, the spread of canvas being about the same as on racing boats of equal length. Local fishermen form the crew, the cutters being manned by two and the schooners by three men.

When a sand yacht is ready for a cruise, with all sail set and her complement of passengers aboard, the steersman takes his place at the helm, while his mate gives the craft a start by placing his back to the front axle and pressing against the sand with his feet. When he feels that she is fairly under weigh he climbs nimbly on board and seats himself or stands near the mast, his duty being to attend to the jib sheet and keep a sharp lookout ahead, while the helmsman directs the course and looks after the main sheet. If there is a good breeze the yacht soon acquires considerable velocity, which is liable, however, to continual variation, according to the force of the wind and the state of the sand. At one time, with a fresh breeze and firm, smooth bottom, she may be gliding along at perhaps a rate of twenty miles an hour. Directly afterward a lull in the wind and soft or rough sand may reduce the speed to seven or eight miles. Regarding the maximum speeds attained, the fishermen tell some pretty stiff yarns.

We have heard a hundred miles an hour spoken of quite seriously; but there does not seem to be any good reason for believing that under the most favorable circumstances a velocity of thirty-five or forty miles an hour is ever exceeded. Even this is an enormous speed, and it is plain that the vehicles moving at anything approaching such a rate must be handled in a very careful manner to avoid accidents. And here we may say that the addition of powerful brakes to the front wheels would be an improvement. So far as we have noticed, none of the yachts are at present fitted with these useful appliances.

The sand yachts are able to proceed against the wind by "tacking" or making a zigzag course. With a stiff breeze they sail very close to the wind, and have a great advantage over their sisters of the sea in not making any "leeway."

Fogs.

Mr. John Aitken's theory of fogs is gaining credence, and it is certainly one that has much to recommend it. There can be no question that it covers the ground better than any other. Mr. Aitken attributes the production of mists, fogs, and rains to the

so that it becomes detached either in flakes or in a finely divided state, or it dissolves it so that it remains in the water in solution.

In the first case, the accumulation of a mass of scale on the bottom of the shell is more than likely to result in burning the plates. The only thing to do is to open the boiler and remove it mechanically. In the second case, the result will depend more or less upon the nature of the scale and the amount and character of impurities that find their way into the boiler. If the scale is cut by the action of the solvent into a fine powder, and grease gets into the boiler, as it will in all cases where an engine exhausts into an open heater for the purpose of heating the feed, trouble is sure to result. Burning plates may always be expected in these circumstances. The only thing to do is to blow off all the water in the boiler, thoroughly clean it out, and begin again, omitting the grease.

Antidotes for Certain Poisons.

A standing antidote for poison by poison oak, ivy, etc., is to take a handful of quicklime, dissolve in water, let it stand half an hour, then paint the poisoned parts with it. Three or four applications, it is said, will cure the most aggravated case. Poison from bees, hornets, spider bites, etc., is instantly arrested by the application of equal parts common salt and bicarbonate of soda, well rubbed in on the place bitten or stung.

A gentleman once wrote to a lady whom he had offended by his dilatoriness, and who for a long time had refused to speak to him. His letter was earnest in supplications for forgiveness. It concluded with—"One word from your lips will make me happy. When and where will you speak it?" Her answer was—"Next Wednesday, at the altar." To which he sent the following reply: "will be there!"

E.

ALL WE HAVE THE MUSHROOMS COOKED
R BE ABLE TO GIVE *me* A SUGGESTION.

waters in which each one may drift at pleasure without compass or guide. They should be held as trusts for certain definite objects, and regarded of as much importance and requiring as much thought and care as the principal business of life, which too often holds us with a relentless and nerve-relaxing grip.

No one should underrate the inevitable sorrows of life, nor deny to them the sympathy and loving aid which should ever be extended to them; but permanent misery cannot be regarded with very much respect. It certainly speaks of grave defects in character, of faults that need pruning away, of feeble qualities that need stimulating. Life is largely what we make it, and, whatever may be its clouds and storms, they will be chased away at length by the clear sunshine of a strong and noble character. "Fill thy heart with goodness, and thou wilt find that the world is full of good."

The Dissapearance of the Blonde.

A highly interesting question is being agitated in Europe. It has been asserted that there has been a gradual decrease of blondes in Germany. Almost 11,000,000 school-children were examined in Germany, Austria and Belgium, and the result showed that Switzerland has only 11.10, Austria 19. 79 and Germany 31.80 per cent, of pure blondes. Thus the country, which since the days of ancient Rome has been proverbially known as the home of yellow hair, has to-day only thirty-two pure blondes in 100, while the average of pure brunettes is fourteen per cent. The fifty-three per cent. of the mixed type are said to be undergoing a transformation into pure brunettes. Dr. Beddoe, in England, has collected a number of statistics which seem to point in the same direction. Among 726 women he examined he found 369 brunettes and 357 blondes. Of the brunettes he found that seventy-eight per cent, were married, while of the blendes only sixty-eight per cent. were married. Thus it would seem that the brunette has ten chances of getting married in England to a blonde's nine. In France a similar view has been put forth by M. Adolph de Candolle. M. de Candolle found that when both parents have eyes of the same colour eighty-eight per cent. inherit this color. But it is a curious fact that more females than males have black or brown eyes to the proportion of forty-five to forty-three. It seems that with different colored eyes in the two parents fifty three per cent. follow the father in being dark-eyed, and fifty per cent. follow the mother in being dark-eyed. An increase of five per cent. of dark eyes in each generation must tell in the course of time.

No Confidence in That Doctor.

Wife (to third husband)—"If you feel so unwell, John, I think we had better send for my old family physician."

Third husband (somewhat hastily)—"No, my dear, I would prefer to send for some one else."

Made a Minute of it.

"Can you tell me darling," he asked, as they sat together in the weak spot of the sofa, "the exact physiological and mathematic duration of a kiss?"

"About a second and a half, I believe," she answered demurely.

"Thanks," I will make a minute of it."

The consumption of coffee in this country is now less than it was 20 years ago. Last year it fell 10 per cent. The present average is about 14 oz. of coffee and one-third that quantity of chicory per head.

has much to recommend it. There can be no question that it covers the ground better than any other. Mr. Aitken attributes the production of mists, fogs, and rains to the presence of particles of solid matter in the atmosphere. Professor Tyndall was the first to demonstrate how the atmosphere could be filtered, and to show it in a comparatively pure state. Mr. Aitken is of opinion that water-vapour clings to and condenses on these particles, either bringing them down as rain, or remaining suspended with them as mist or fog. Chloride of sodium derived from the sea is the most extensive fog-producer, but sulphur is the common base of town fogs; and he suggests that it is well that it should be so, because the sulphur has an antiseptic effect on the stagnant air, and saves us from worse evils than fog. This is good news to the sufferers from an annoyances which, if the theory broached be true, cannot be got rid of. There is no special cause of uneasiness as to the sulphur fogs, and, on the whole, they are blessings in thick disguise. All the same, if we strained our smoke a little, so as to get rid of the dirty carbon, it would be more cleanly, and altogether better for us.

Self-Made Men.

Self-made—though there is really no creature of that sort in creation—is a title which in current use has come to be received as a kind of indisputable challenge to admiration, a proof of intellectual nobility and fitness for high office. Great respect is doubtless due to the energy of any man who makes the most of his gifts or his opportunity. Such men may here and there rise to the peerage of the world. But the self-made man is badly made who is not ready to confess that other men might have made him better than he has made himself, and especially that institutions which gather and treasure up the wisdom of the past and are complicated instruments perfected by ages are likely to educate better than an individual mind, however vigorous, or an individual will, however resolute, or a personal aspiration left to itself, however persistent. Who would not rather have as his ruler, his doctor, his preacher, his attorney, or his judge, the pupil of the best that the world has thought and learned than the pupil of a master who is master and pupil at the same time, and who therefore at any given moment has an uneducated mind for his educator?

Two Experiments and Their Results.

The other night two American cruisers were anchored at Newport. They were provided with all the modern equipment necessary to repel a supposed attack of torpedo boats. The attack took place and the boats were beaten off in all directions. But it was only a few weeks ago that a simple experiment was tried in England and the torpedo boats carried all before them. There was no practical difference in the method of defence. In that the Americans were as good as the English, but at Portsmouth the authoritees used real torpedo boats that churned through the water at the rate of 22 knots an hour while at Newport they used row boats, or slow tenders, and they were discovered long before they could get near the cruisers.

Business.

Solomon Isaacs: Vader, Meester Moses says vat you charch him for dose two-dollar paints?

Israel Isaacs: Vat did Moses pay ven he failt last time?

Solomon: Twenty-five cents on der dollar.

Israel: Charch him eight dollars for dose paints, Solomon.

W. A. ROSE,

Insurance

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Intelligence Office.

Next Door to W. S. Williams' Office,

PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

W. A. ROSE

1871y

SAVINGS BANK

—BRANCH OF THE—

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE.

Deposit taken of one dollar. Interest from dat of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required.

WALTER DARLING,

OFFICE: MARKET SQUARE. 4487ly AGENT.

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 2, 1887

—It is expected that the Ontario Legislature will be called together the last week in January.

—Mr Baird, M. P. for Queen's, has forwarded his resignation to the speaker and it has been accepted.

—Word received from Washington says Sir Charles Tupper has offered to concede to the Americans the right of purchasing supplies, engaging men and unloading cargoes in Canadian waters, provided the Americans will agree to abandon purse seines as a means of taking fish.

—It will be remembered that the County Council of Frontenac refused to pay its portion of the expenses in connection with the enforcement of the Scott Act, the principal ground for refusal being that the Act as voted upon by the people was not the Act embodied in the revised statutes. Suit was brought to recover the amount It was heard before Chancellor Boyd, who decided against the county, judgment being entered for the plaintiffs with costs He held that councils in Scott Act counties were obliged to pay the expenses of the License Commissioners, that the consolidation of statutes was "to be considered as a continuance and modification of old laws rather than an abrogation of those old and the re-enactment of new ones," and that Ontario legislation co... the enforcement of the Act wa... Thi decision virtually settles t... Lennox commissioners, ... Co...

LENNOX REFORMERS.

The adjourned meeting of the Lennox Reform Association was held in the town hall, Napanee, on Saturday afternoon last, a large number of representative men being present. Vice-President Hudgins occupied the chair, and asked that the election of officers be proceeded with.

On motion Mr Black was elected Secretary pro tem.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, Mr Deroche said he did not think it was necessary to further deal with Mr Gibson's resignation as President of the Association and that he had much pleasure in nominating D. W. Allison for that position.

J. C. Drewry seconded the nomination, and Mr Allison was unanimously elected, He at once assumed the duties of his office, taking occasion to thank those present for the honor conferred upon him, and also to make a few remarks as to what the Association ought to be, and how managed. In the course of his remarks he referred to the question of unrestricted reciprocity, and declared himself strongly in favor of it. He declared it his belief that it Commercial Union was granted, that within a year's time every acre of land that he owned in this Province would increase in value from twenty-five to thirty-five per cent.

Proceeding with the election of officers—J. C. Drewry nominated Bowen E. Aylsworth, first deputy-reeve of Ernesttown, as first vice-President. H.M. Deroche seconded the nomination,

It was the wish of the Association that Geo D. Hawley be given this position, but as he preferred being out of office, Mr Aylsworth was unanimously elected.

Mr Chas Lane, of Napanee, was chosen as second vice-President and Dr Leonard was elected Treasurer.

On motion of R. N. Switzer, of Ernesttown, seconded by John W. Denyes, of Odessa, Mr Stanley C. Warner was elected to the responsible position of Secretary of the Association.

The officers of the association were appointed a committee to prepare a new constitution and by-laws and they were instructed to report at the next meeting.

The association then adjourned, subject to the call of the President.

The meeting was largely attended and the utmost good feeling and unanimity prevailed It was felt than there are bright days ahead for the association, and, judging from the feeling displayed at the meeting, there will be a rallying of forces around the new officers and determined efforts put forth for success in the future.

—Ex-Mayor Robt Bowie, Brockville, Ont, says, I used Nasal Balm for a bad case of catarrh, and it cured me after having ineffectually tried many other remedies. It never fails to give immediate relief for cold in the head.

A Hint to Housekeepers

Mrs Robt Williamson, of Glenila, Parry Sound Ont, says, "I could not keep house without Hagyard's Yellow Oil at hand." I have used it in my family for croop, sore throat and a cut foot, and can highly recommend it to everybody.

More Trouble May be Expected.

If you do not heed the warnings of nature and at once pay attention to the maintenance of your health. How often we see a person put off from day to day the purchase of a medicine which if procured at the outstart of a disease would have remedied it almost immediately. Now if Johnson's Tonic Liver Pills had been taken when the first uneasiness made its appearance the illness would have been "nipped in the bud". Johnson's Tonic Bitters and Liver Pills are decidedly the best medicine on the market for general tonic and invigorating properties. Pills 25c. per bottle. Bitters 50c. and $1 per bottle. Sold by Perry & Co. Druggists, sole agents.

In a Dreadful Condition.

...ing E. Manethorn, of Mill Village, Ont, says ...

The Markets.

THE EXPRESS Office,
Napanee, December 1st, 1887

Grain is moving very slowly owing to bad roads. The price is about the same, there being little or no change. Navigation has closed and shipping is done by rail. The principal articles on the market are fowls, potatoes and apples. There are a number of fine turkeys being offered. Below are the quotations:

Fall Wheat....	70@	75	Eggs per doz..	..		18	
Spring Wheat.	70	75	Potatoes, bag.	85		90	
Bran per cwt..	..	75	Apples pr bag	50	1	00	
Shorts " ..	..	85	Apples per bbl.	2	00	2	50
Barley per bus	50	70	Turkeys.....	60		1	50
Peas "	..	55	Geese.....	40		60	
Oats "	35	37	Ducks pr pair..	40		65	
Rye "	...	50	Partridges "	35		40	
Buckwheat.	..	40	Chickens "	50		60	
Corn "	..	55	Hay per ton	10	00	12	00
Beef, hind qr..	3 50	5	00	Straw pr load	3	00	3	50
Beef, fore qr..	2 50	3	50	Beef, hides..	4	00	5	00
Mutton per lb.	6	7	Sheepskins..	15		30		
Lamb "	6	7	Pelts.....	40		70		
Hogs per 100..	5 00	5	50	Wool.....	20		22	
Butter rl per lb	23	25					
Butter tb " ..	18	20					

MARRIED.

BENNETT—PRINGLE—At the parsonage, on November 24th, by the Rev. E. N. Baker, Mr Jas Bennett to Miss Alberta Pringle both of Napanee.

LAWERENCE—MARSH—By Rev F.B. Stratton on Nov 30th, at the Methodist parsonage, Tamworth, Francis F. Lawrence to Miss Emma Jane Marsh, both of Hungerford.

BIRTHS

PENSE—In Kingston, Nov 23d, the wife of Mr E. J. B. Pense, of THE WHIG, of a daughter.

WAY—In Tamworth, Nov. 22d, the wife of Mr L Way of a son.

DIED

CARSCALLEN—In Napanee, on Nov 30th, Edna Muriel, only daughter of Mr T G Carscallen, aged 3 mos.

GRAHAM—At Napanee, on Nov 28th. Bessie A, daughter of Knox Graham, aged 3 yrs, 9 mos and 28 days.

Nil Disperandum.

"Never despair," is a good motto for all. If afflicted with any lingering disease, remember "while there is life there is hope." Never despair until you have tried Burdock Blood Bitters. It cures diseases of the stomach, liver and blood when all other remedies fail.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. is used by the United States Government, endorsed by the heads of the great Universities, as the

enforcement of the Act was ... This decision virtually settles t... Lennox commissioners vs. one County Council, as it is similar to the above.

—Probably very few persons are aware of the enormous possibilities of cheapening light by the use of electricity, if only the problem of subdividing the "unit" of light could be satisfactorily solved. At present it is possible to supply one "arc" light, having an illuminating power equal to two thousand candles, for about four cents per hour. Such a light is, however, to a great extent, wasted in any ordinary building, and is quite too intense for household purposes. On the other hand, though great improvements have been made by Edison and others, no one has succeeded in producing a subdivision of the arc light without an enormous loss of power, amounting in most cases to ninety per cent. of the light produced by the arc. Could this subdivision be effected without material loss, it is obvious that no known species of light would have much chance in competing. One arc light, of two thouiand candle power, equals one hundred gas jets burning five to six feet of gas per hour, i.e., one arc gives light eqnal to that produced by the consumption of five hundred feet of gas of the best quality. It follows that if one arc light can be furnished for five hours at a cost of twenty cents, the same amount of light, if it could be subdivided into one hundred or even fifty portions, could be supplied at a rate about equal to eight cents per thousand feet of gas. Perfect subdivision is of course very unlikely to be achieved, but if the electric light could be subdivided into portions, with only a loss of thirty, forty, or even fifty per cent., it is clear that few other means of illuminating have much prospect. It is the knowledge of this fact, and that Edison believes he has now mastered the difficulty, which has so much to do with the present fluctuations of gas stocks in the American and European markets.

A Claim Verified.

B.B.B. claims to cure all curable diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, kidneys and blood. That it actually performs all it claims, is proven by testimonials from parties which none can dispute.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth. If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c. bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

Consumption Cured

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail, addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W... Nov... 1
Power's Block, Rochester, N.Y. 48

In a Dreadful Condition.

Miss Lettie E. Manethorn, of Mill Village, Ont, says, "My cough was dreadful. I could not sleep at nights on account of it, but when I used Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I had rest and was quickly cured. All druggists sell the invaluable cough remedy.

homes for more than a quarter of a century, is used by the United States Government, endorsed by the heads of the great Universities, as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr Price's the only Baking Powder that does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans.
DR PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
New York. Chicago, St Louis.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT

J. A. REID, Treasurer, in account with THE CELEBRATION COMMITTEE.

To Corporation	$100 00	By Queen's Own	$200 00
Celebration committee fund	304 43	Deseronto Navigation Co	125 00
H. B. Wray	356 50	Printing	120 73
W. C. Scott	54 00	Electric light	20 00
J. Kirby	161 18	Ground and tent rent	40 00
F. Jemmett	100 30	Banquet	171 55
W. Busby	82 95	Band	50 00
E. S. Lapum	380 38	Prizes, medals, etc	162 30
N. F. Paisley	7 00	Travelling expenses and liveries	50 75
J. H. Downey	40 20	Fire Co	17 80
W. E. Doxsee	5 00	Fire works	66 50
James Allen	40	J. A. Cliff	69 20
G. F. Ruttan	78 00	Telegrams and postage	13 65
K. Huff	5 00	Police	20 50
		Salaries	26 75
		G. F. Ruttan	9 50
		Sundries	48 88
		J. H. Downey	2 21
		Balance	460 02
	$1,675 34		$1,675 34

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF CELEBRATION COMMITTEE:

We, your auditors, beg leave to report that we have examined the books of J A Reid, your treasurer, and find the same correct, and herewith submit an abstract statement of receipts and disbursement, showing a balance in bank of $460.02. In accordance with the resolution of your committee, we recommend that one cheque each for $100 and $354.02 be drawn payable to Robert Easton, Treasurer; also that one cheque each be drawn payable to Templeton & Beeman and J. C. Drewry, for $3 for printing auditors' report.

T. G. DAVIS,
J. W. ROBINSON, } Auditors.

SACRIFICE SALE!

C. F. HENDERSON,

Being desirous of reducing his stock, which is much too large for the store will hold for the next month,

A GRAND SACRIFICE SALE.

The stock being so well known, scarcely needs enumerating, consisting of every description of Fancy Dry Goods, Wool Goods, Wools and Fancy Goods.

We have a large stock of

Toys, Dolls and Fancy Goods.

This sale will be a good opportunity to procure your

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS VERY CHEAP.

A JOB LOT OF WOOL GOODS

Including Scarfs, Shawls, etc., will be cleared at whatever they will bring
Come early and secure the choice Goods.
TERMS—CASH ONLY.

C. F. HENDERSON,

Dundas st, ... McAlpin's Hotel ...87d

Number of Purchasers

Served in November this year,	3,262
Number served in November last year,	1,797
Increase for this year,	1,465

THE ARMY OF

CHEAPSIDE'S PATRONS

IS BEING RE-INFORCED EVERY MONTH.

The sales for November this year are seventy-five (75) per cent. more than for November last year, and are equal in volume to the ANNUAL SALES of plenty of houses.

Reader, Why is it?

Now then we want to have, and expect to have, and are bound to have, a larger increase for this month of December this year, over December of last year, than we have had for November.

WE ARE LAYING OUT OUR BEST ENERGIES AND WILL OFFER THE BEST POSSIBLE INDUCEMENTS TO COMPASS THIS END.

We have just laid in some bargains which, if you read the papers, and particularly our advertisement in the paper, then act as your judgment dictates, will result in our mutual profit. Some people, you know, boast that "oh, I never read advertisements," and that's where they often get left.

We will tell you a little story of a lady who "did not read advertisements", and perhaps dont take a paper, but that is a very unusual occurrence in this enlightened age. This lady went into a certain store to look at Seal and Persian Lamb Muffs. Their lowest price for No. 1 Persian Muff was $12. They were right, they are worth that, but this lady had heard we were selling Furs cheap, and came to see us, when she bought the same Goods at $7.50, ends bound with Seal and Seal Tassels. She had a narrow escape from losing $4.50, and you can just think what she could buy for that $4.50. Now we don't claim that these are every day occurrences or that we can do that the whole year around but it shows you we have often "rock bottom" prices in Goods which nobody else has, and that it is not safe to buy anything we deal in till you see our stock and hear our figures, any more than it is safe to "do without a newspaper" and

these are every day occurrences of ... often "rock bottom" prices in Goods which nobody else has, and that it isn't safe to buy anything we deal in till you see our stock and hear our figures, any more than it is safe to "do without a newspaper" and never read advertisements.

We sell Persian Lamb Caps as low as $3.50, and our $6 Persian Lamb Caps are the same as other houses charge $9 and $10 for. Our best Seal Caps at $11 and $12, are the same as, or better than you can buy for from $15 to $17. Our seal Muffs at $12 are the same as you have to pay $18 for elsewhere, and more than that, we make a good fair profit on them at these prices, and more than that, they are first-class goods, made of whole skins, and with the best trimmings.

How do we do it? do you say.

Its all in the buying and judging, and in consequence of our large business—our ability to handle large lots.

One of our firm just returned from attending a Trade Sale of Mens and Boys Overcoats where he bought some Famous Bargains in Overcoats to fit Boys from 10 to 18 years of age, and all sizes of Mens Overcoats, so cheap that we shall be able to sell them at the regular wholesale cost.

Now lots of people don't know we sell ready-made overcoats so we have repeated it THREE TIMES, and set it in big type, that it may be so impressed on your minds that you will see it in your sleep.

MENS & BOYS OVERCOATS AWFULLY CHEAP
MENS & BOYS OVERCOATS AWFULLY CHEAP
MENS & BOYS OVERCOATS AWFULLY CHEAP

We will sell a good heavy Tweed Overcoat, mens' sizes, lined with Tweed, for $5, worth $7 anywhere, and all others in proportion. We also bought some elegant Seal Dolmans, worth $45, at such a price that we can sell them at $20 and $25, and make a fair profit. But it is not in Overcoats and furs alone we are giving bargains by any means, as witness "the wonderful value" of our Flannels, the "competition" "slaying" prices of our Silks and Satins

The "unapproachable value" of our Dress Goods
The "splendid value" of our Corsets and Gloves
The "home thrust" prices of our Hosiery
The "close prices" and good assortment of our Gents' Furnishings
The "death of all oppositiion" prices on our TableLinens, Towels, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons
The "low prices" on our Order Clothing, both Suits and Overcoats
The "style and reasonable prices" of our Millinery
We are awake and up to the wants of tee buying public
We are alive to the necessity of giving extra value to induce large patronage

We are Determined to Secure Your Confidence

and good wishes, as well as your money, in exchange for the best value it is possible to give in Legitimate Goods

We will not misrepresent our Goods
We will not cheat you if we know it
We will give you the advantage of our close bargains and superior purchasing abilities
We will try to make your business intercourse with us pleasant and agreeable, as well as mutually profitable

Give us your trade this December,

HINCH & CO.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

EXCURSIONS

—TO—

SAN FRANCISCO

And other California points.

$108.10.

Tickets are first class. good to go via Chicago and Omaha or Kansas City and return in six months.

GRAND TRUNK and C.P.R

EXCURSION

—TO—

British Columbia, Portland, Oregon and San Francisco.

$80.00

Tickets are first class and good for six months. For further particulars address

J. L. BOYES,
2287ly Grand Trunk Ticket Agent.

Tamworth.

Miss Ida Straton is visiting college associates in and about Belleville.

Mr and Mrs D E Rose have been visiting friends in Kingston.

W J Doller and his bride were serenaded by the Tamworth band last Friday night, before leaving for his new field of labor.

Confirmation services were held in the Episcopalian church last Monday, His lordship Bishop Lewis being in attendance. There were a number of candidates.

The missionary anniversary of the Methodist church came off last Sunday, Rev F B Stratton, and E D Lewis, of Centreville, delivering appropriate sermons.

Wilton.

A cap of honey was stolen this fall from Mr. John Peters, an overcoat was next missing from his drive house and the latest is that the dog is poisoned. But thieves sometimes come once too often for their own good.

About two weeks ago one sheep belonging to Mr. W. Neilson and six to Mr. J. Evans were killed by dogs. Again one night last week Mr. S. Davison lost six sheep by the same means.

Mrs. Ira Shibley, of Toronto, and Mrs C. Lapum, of Napance, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. Nixon, of the A.O.U.W., intends holding a meeting in the hall next Saturday night.

Morven.

Mrs. Hall, of Brandon, Man., is visiting at Mr. John Bell's this week.

The missionary service will be held at the White Church on next Sunday morning. Lutheran in the afternoon, and at the Brick Church in the evening. Missionary meetings—White church on Monday evening, 5th inst., and at the Brick church on

Hida Smith is at Ottawa.

Fred Alysworth and Uriah Caton have been doing Stirling and Thurlow. They had a splendid time.

Wm H Smith reports big fish on his trip to the lakes.

The A.O.U.W. lodge is booming.

A new fence should be put around the Catholic church lot. The old one resembles an old faded buffalo skin with the hair off in several spots at once.

Mr Fellows has moved his livery to Dr. Booth's stables on Gore street.

Mrs P. S. Timmerman is recovering slowly.

Sheldon Hawley has moved into Mrs. Watts' house.

The attendance at the Methodist Sunday school is increasing rapidly.

Deseronto.

Rev D. O. Crossley, and G. M. Dewey, after a successful season of evangelistic work at Wyoming, are now at Lindsay where the prospect of a glorious work is very encouraging.

The reeve has issued a notice forbidding all coasting on the boardwalks. There have been many and the chief has orders to arrest all offenders.

A new charcoal kiln, the second ot the year, and the third at the works, is being constructed at the Chemical Works.

The wideawake little boy now finds his way with great regularity to the Sunday school, in order to share the pleasures of Christmas tide.

Mr. E. W. Rathbun, together with Hon. Benjamin Butterworth and Mr Eratus Wiman, addressed a public meeting in Oswego, last Saturday evening. The meeting was called by the board of trade to discuss Commercial Union. The Oswego papers state that all the speeches were of a high order.

Mrs M. Meredith has been quite seriously ill, but we are glad to say she is now recovering.

Miss Dora Clancy, of Newburgh, is visiting at her sisters, Mrs Thomas Black, of this place.

Give Ely's Cream Balm a Trial.—This justly celebrated remedy for the cure of catarrh, hay fever, cold in the head, etc. can be obtained of any reputable druggist and may be relied upon as a safe and pleasant remedy for the above complaints and will give immediate relief. It is not a snuff, liquid or powder; has no offensive odor and can be used at any time with good results as thousands can testify, among them some of the attaches of this office—Spirit of the Times.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the error and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T INMAN, *Station D New York City* 1y

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once and Cures

COLD in HEAD

CATARRH

Hay Fever.

Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from injurious drugs and offensive odors.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail

LAHEY, M

THE DRY G

—HA

50 doz Grey Wool Hose at 15c per pair

30 doz heavy All Wool Hose at 19c, worth

20 doz fine, heavy Cashmere Hose a price 50c

20 doz Colored 4 button Kid Gloves a price 75c to $1

A full range of Dress Meltons in all colors

A full range of Colored and Black Al Cloth Dress Goods, heavy weight, at

A complete range of the newest material a

Dress Goods at very low prices

A job lot of Light Prints, out of seas Goods at 5c per yard

A big stock of Shirtings from 7c per ya value we have shown

We are completing a cle nicest Goods to be had, and we

Come and see us.

At our new store in the

The Popular D

LAH

2287ly

GRAND

XMAS

GAL

Book and N

ing, 5th inst., and at the Brick church on Tuesday, 6th. Each meeting to open at 7-30. Deputation—Rev. Emsley, Baker and Thompson.

The Sunday School at the Brick church is to have a festival about the 3rd week in January.

Rev Mr Duke's lecture on our Indian Empire at the White church delighted many. The Bath choir gave us excellent music.

Napanee Mills.

Mr Creighton, the new paper mill foreman, is winning the respect of our people. He is a gentleman possessing experience in the manufacture of paper and is showing himself to be fully qualified for the respectable and important situation he occupies.

Less Deline has charge of a gang of men getting out cordwood for the paper company, a couple of carloads of which is required daily.

Some real estate has of late changed hands: The paper co's farm has become the property of Jas McGuire and Robert O'Neil purchased a dwelling house on the hump from J. R. Scott.

Mr Wm Miller, who is the guest of Mrs P Miller, of this place, is suffering from a severe attack of sickness.

A series of revival meetings are being held in the church. We trust much good may result.

Everybody is wishing for snow and sleighing. Muddy roads and drizzly weather depress the spirits. Though summer's heat is pleasant, it is not more so than the cosy warmth of the big overcoat and soft gloves, when the sleigh bells are singing and the snow flakes falling, and though the summer the roses are all dead, the maiden has them planted in her cheeks by winter's breath. Young blood knows no such enjoyable season as bracing winter.

Odessa.

Allen Chadwick, Sr., has had erected, at Wilton cemetery, a handsome monument to the memory of his stepdaughter, Minerva Lowry, who fell asleep four years ago. Amoug her host of friends memory will ever revert with a pleasant tinge to her exemplary characteristic.

O. D. Lewis and family have returned home from New York state.

Miss Emma Copeland is in town.

Miss Walker has returned from an extended trip.

T. C. Burns, the popular principal of Odessa public school, has been re-engaged for '88. 2nd and 3rd departments open for consideration.

Rev C. L. Thompson is doing the missionary act.

Time to talk up the Christmas tea-meeting. Ain't it?

When one word of slang will express a whole column of dainty words, we shall use the former, etiquette to the contrary.

Farmers are busy plowing. Some of them will be half a day behind even should this weather continue till after next harvest.

Sherman Bond is building a large warehouse at the rear of his store.

Jos. Smith intends taking a spin through the Eastern States this winter, for pleasure.

Ye young folks spent an enjoyable evening, the guests of Bernard and Miss Toomey.

The change in the G. T. R. time-table gives business men a chance; arrives here from west at 1.15 p.m., leaves for west at 2.45 p m.

Two gentlemanly men have charge of the Salvation Army corps here.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. Circulars ee. ELY BROS Drggists, Owego, N.Y. 1887ly.

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BY

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BY

THOMAS WENTWORTH HIGGINSON and other critical and literary articles by MAURICE THOMPSON, CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER, JAMES PAYNE, ANDREW LANG, EDMOND GOSSE, R H STODDARD, MRS SCHUYLER VAN RENSSALEAR, LOUISE IMOGEN GUINEY, H H BOYESEN, and others

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FISH.

We have just received some very choice boneless, pure Cod Fish, not hake, in 2lb and 3lb boxes, and a fresh supply of Finnon Haddies which we shall keep constantly on hand so long as cold weather lasts.

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HEALTH.

Hunger.

This is a sensation which correctly indicates the real wants of the system, at least, if the stomach is in a normal condition. It was manifestly intended that this should fairly represent—as the thermometer does the temperature—to what extent the body has been wasted, its tissues actually destroyed, by exercise, physical and mental food being indicated by this "foodometer," for the repair of such waste. Hard work, violent efforts, mental labors included, increase the appetite, simply because such unusual labors waste the tissues unusally,

On the other hand, if the usual amount of labor is diminished, there is naturally a diminished appetite, mercifully indicating a demand for less food. (It is for this reason that those who have been very active in business life, generally live but a short time after leading an indolent life, particularly those who do little save to eat and sleep. They overpower the organs of digestion, practically starve themselves. The digestive organs, in their debilitated state, being unable to appropriate enough to meet the wants of the system.)

On the principle of the formation of bad habits, by the use of intoxicants, tobacco, etc., the appetite may become so vitiated, so revolutionized, that what is regarded as hunger will not fairly represent the true wants of the system, never to be taken as a guide in the matter of food-taking. Thus, when one habitually uses too much food, more than the system demands, gradually learning to eat more by one-third than usual, a habit is formed, an abnormal appetite created, the result of which is an artificial hunger, or what is called hunger, in no sense reliable. A similiar result is produced when rich and unnatural food is taken, food which satisfies a false appetite, this sensation of supposed hunger being no more reliable then the tobacco-user's desire for the "filthy weed." Unnatural longings are induced by these causes, often mistaken for hunger, the gratificarion of which necessarily leads to dyspepsia and various digestive disturbances.

The Pancreas.

The pancreas is a long and narrow organ, extending horizontally back of the upper part of the stomach. It is what in animals is called "the sweet bread." Its office is to secrete one of the digestive fluids, called the pancreatic juice, which flows into the duodenum—that part of the intestines nearest the stomach. The pancreatic juice passes usually through the same duct that carries the bile, though sometimes it occupies a duct of its own.

In some respects it resembles saliva, and thus converts starch into sugar; unlike saliva, and like the gastric juice, it also digests albuminous food (flesh); and, still further, like the bile, it aids in digesting fat, forming an emulsion, and resolving it into glycerine and the fatty acids.

It will be seen that the pancreas is a very important organ, and yet less is known about its diseases than about those of any other organ of the body. Its proper symptoms are largely hidden by symptoms in other organs disturbed by it.

For instance, it may of itself give no sensation of pain, though greatly diseased; and yet the inflammation or irritation of the pancreas, extending to the neighboring "solar plexus," a great number of nerves near the kidneys, may give rise to agonizing neuralgias.

The pancreas may be congested, and suffer a consequent hemorrhage, because of obstruction in the portal circulation—the circulation through the liver. It may become shrivelled (atrophied) from wasting disease;

the dilutent effect of water is often sufficient to eliminate an excess of alcohol from the blood, as after taking too much wine. Another effect of large draughts of water is to make the pulse slower, and to diminish slightly the normal temperature of the body.

Increase of weight has been claimed as a result of systematic water drinking on retiring for the night. The latest researches do not bear out this conclusion. Water thus taken will prevent any actual loss of weight, but it is not shown that it will do anything more. With the addition of a moderate stimulant, however, it has often a decidedly fattening effect.

To Remove Warts.

The *Medical Press* says that warts may be removed by the use of magnesia taken internally: "It is fairly established that the common wart, which is so unsightly and often so proliferous on the hands and face, can be easily removed by small doses of sulphate of magnesia taken internally. M. Colrat, of Lyons, has drawn attention to this extraordinary fact. Several children treated with three-grain doses of Epsom salts morning and evening, were promptly cured. M. Aubert cites the case of a woman whose face was disfigured by these excrescences, and who was cured in a month by a drachm and a half of magnesia taken daily. Another medical man reports a case of very large warts which disappeared in a fortnight from the daily administration of ten grains of the salts."

Cure For a Bone-Felon.

Take the juice of the leaves of rue, one tablespoonful; good, strong soft soap, one tablespoonful; and the juice of one red onion; these three articles should be thoroughly mixed, then add a piece of alum and a piece of copperas, each the size of a small marble, finely pulverized; when the whole has been well mixed it is ready for application, by pouring it into a soft, thin leather bag or oil cloth to fit the diseased member, but not very tight, let it remain on till suppuration takes place. The time it takes this composition to produce suppuration depends on the length of time the felon has been in progress; but it will generally remove the pus from the bone in the course of two hours, when the suffering will cease.

Disinfection of the Sick-Room.

In the sick-room no disinfectant can take the place of free ventilation and cleanliness. It is an axiom in sanitary science that it is impracticable to disinfect an occupied apartment, for the reason that disease-germs are not destroyed by the presence in the atmosphere of any known disinfectant in respirable quantity. Bad odours may be neutralised, but this does not constitute disinfection in the sense in which the term is here used. These bad odours are for the most part an indication of want of cleanliness or of proper ventilation; and it is better to turn contaminated air out of the window or up the chimney than to attempt to purify it by the use of volatile chemical agents, such as carbolic acid, chlorine, &c., which are all more or less offensive to the sick, and are useless so far as disinfection—properly so called—is concerned.

Mont Blanc.

Mont Blanc may, perhaps, on account of its great height,—15,781 feet,—and its immense glaciers, of which the "Sea of Ice" is the largest, and which covers one hundred and four square miles, be called the most famous mountain in the world. This mountain celebrated its centenary this year; that is to say, the people of Chamou-

The Little Church Covered With Ivy.

BY NORA LAUGHER.

One spot in the home of my girlhood
Is graved on my memory still,
The little church covered with ivy
That stands at the foot o' the hill.

No place half so peaceful and prayerlike
As that near the whirr of the mill
On the bank of the rippling river
That flows at the foot o' the hill.

I have seen many silvery streamlets,
To me none so dear as this rill
Which waters the English "God's Acre"
That stands at the foot o' the hill.

I listen to far grander music
Which never has power to thrill
My soul, like the simple old anthems
We sang at the church o' the hill.

Stored in my heart's garner no picture
Could ever replace or refill
The little church covered with ivy
That stands at the foot o' the hill

What Hath Life For Thee, Brother?

BY L. A. MORRISON, TORONTO.

Life hath days of peace
For the pure in heart;
And a sweet increase
For all whose part
Hath been well and truly done
In love and faith before the sun,—
Hath been well and truly done.

* * * * *

Do thy part;
Let thy heart
Be pure.

Life hath wealth untold:
Each bright brooklets runs
Over sands of gold.
Her faithful sons
Shall be crowned each happy day;
Who toil, and trust, and watch, and pray,
Shall be crowned each happy day.

* * * * *

In thy place,
—By His grace—
Live right.

Life, with toiling past,
Hath, through Jesus' Blood
For us each, at last,
Sweet rest in God:
A Home by His dying won,—
A "*Crown of Life*" for work "*well done;*"
A Home by His dying won.

* * * * *

Trust in God,—
Let the Blood
Wash clean.

Stray Lines in Other Lands.

I.—WAITING ON LONDON BRIDGE.

I stood there watching all the people,
The throng that came and went
Until the bells struck from the steeple
And half the day was spent.

There came no face that smiled up to me,
And yet I waited long;
No well-remembered friend who knew me
Of all the hurrying throng.

The river seaward ran beneath me,
The increasing throng above,
Nor was there one who would bequeath me
A friendly look of love.

How little did I know that waiting
Across the stormy sea,
One by Heaven's gentle fating
Was waiting there for me.

II.—AT HOLYROOD.

Alas for thee, poor Mary, Holyrood
Is opened to the world—the coarse, the crude—
The noisy Yankee and the ribald stare
At the dimmed grandeur of thy bed-chamber.
Here by the window where the sun once shone
So often on thee, Mary, in days gone—
Where you have slept aforetime, murdered queen,
Grief swells above for what all has been—
Fate was it, Mary, that they should discover
Thy secrets and kill thine Italian lover?—
There is a stain where his red blood did spill,
A great black spot and it remains there still
There is a stain, Queen, on thy life, time's river
Will ne'er wash out, for it is stained forever.

III.—A RAIN SHOWER ON LAKE WINDERMERE.

neuralgias.

The pancreas may be congested, and suffer a consequent hemorrhage, because of obstruction in the portal circulation—the circulation through the liver. It may become shrivelled (atrophied) from wasting disease; from diabetes; from pressure of other enlarged organs, or tumors, on it; from fatty degeneration; from old age.

Its ducts may be obstructed, and result in destruction. Calculi may form in it. Cancer may attack it.

It will be sufficiently evident from this catalogue of maladies of the pancreas, many of which may easily be mistaken by the patient for a liver trouble, or a disorder of some other organ, that all such disturbances of the system should have the faithful care of an experienced physician.

Persons who "doctor themselves" may guess rightly what ails them, but they are quite as likely to guess the wrong disease, and they may even be in error as to the organ that is out of order.

Positions that Affect Sleep.

According to Dr. Granville the position affects sleep. A constrained position generally prevents repose, while a comfortable one woos sleep. He says lying flat on the back with the limbs relaxed would seem to secure the greatest amount of rest for the muscular system.

This is the position assumed in the most exhausting diseases, and it is generally hailed as a token of revival when a person voluntarily turns on the side; but there are several advantages in the supine posture which impair or embarrass sleep. Thus, in weakly states of the heart and blood vessels and certain morbid conditions of the brain the blood seems to gravitate to the back of the head and to produce troublesome dreams.

In persons who habitually in their gait or work stoop, there is probably some distress consequent on straightening the spine. Those who have contracted chests, especially persons who have had pleurisy and retain adhesions of the lungs, do not sleep well on the back.

Nearly all who are inclined to snore do so in that position, because the soft palate and uvala bang on the tongue, and that organ falls back so as to partly close the top of the windpipe. It is better, therefore, to lie on the side, and in the absence of special diseases rendering it desirable to lay on the weak side so as to leave the healthy lung free to expand, it is well to use the right side, because when the body is thus placed the food gravitates more easily out of the stomach into the intestines, and the weight of the stomach does not compress the upper portion of the intestines.

A glance at any of the visceral anatomy will show how this must be. Many persons are deaf in one ear and prefer to lie on a particul side, but, if possible, the right side should be chosen. Again, sleeping with the arms thrown over the head is to be deprecated, but this position is often assumed during sleep, because circulation is then free in the extremities, and the head and neck and muscles of the chest are drawn up and fixed by the shoulders, and thus the expansion of the thorax is easy.

The chief objection to these positions is that they create a tendency to cramp and cold in the arms, and sometimes seem to cause headaches during sleep and dreams. These small matters often make or mar comfort in sleeping.

Water as a Medicine.

Ordinary drinking water, if taken in large quantities, acts as a solvent and diuretic, and also increases the perspiration if the temperature of the air be high. Taken in the quantity of one or two quarts at a time,

mense glaciers, of which the "Sea of Ice" is the largest, and which covers one hundred and four square miles, be called the most famous mountain in the world. This mountain celebrated its centenary this year: that is to say, the people of Chamounix, at the mountain's foot, have celebrated the hundredth anniversary of its ascent by Benedict de Saussure, an illustrious man of science, who was the first to climb Mont Blanc. Chamounix has erected a monument to De Saussure, which has just been dedicated, and it will also raise one to Jacques Balmat, who was De Saussure's guide on the occasion of his first ascent in April, 1787.

De Saussure was a botanist, and his botanical studies at the base of the mountain had given him a strong desire to climb to the summit. It was no idle curiosity which prompted him, but a desire to obtain a knowledge of the geological laws which had governed the formation of the chain of the Alps, which fixed the age of its granites and limestones, and would explain the composition and apparent disorder of its ledges.

Two Englishmen, Pococke and Wyndham by name, had attempted the ascent before. They came with a retinue of baggage-bearers, and even with soldiers, and were dressed, for some unknown reason, in Arab costume. They ascended no further than the timidest travellers now climb, and were then compelled to turn back.

Having finally provided himself with hardy mountaineers for guides, De Saussure set out for the summit. He was gone four days. Almost at the outset a terrible avalanche swept away one of his guides.

Presently the rarity of the air began to tell on the whole party. After throwing three or four shovelfuls of snow that lay in their path, the men would sink down exhausted. The wilderness of glaring snow blinded them; the thinness of the air made their ears buzz, and they became the victims of fears and hallucinations.

Their food was soon frozen. Fearing every step might be their last, the men faltered, but De Saussure urged them on and on.

Finally, the last precipice was climbed. Could the men believe their eyes? They were at the summit. De Saussure has left an account of his impressions, in which he says:

"It seemed to me like a dream when I saw below me the majestic summits, the redoubtable peaks of the other Alps, whose very bases had been difficult and dangerous of approach to me.

"I noted their position, their relations, their structure; a single glance resolved the doubts that I had been trying years to clear up!"

De Saussure died in 1799, so that he has been a long time awaiting his monument. Jacques Balmat, who accompanied him, became a famous Mont Blanc guide. Once, with only his staff, abandoned by his companions, Balmat spent three days at the top of the mountain. Since De Saussure, nearly eight hundred travellers have climbed to the summit where he was the pioneer.

A man who attended fifty bull fights in Spain was asked the other day why he went to so many. "In the hope that I might see one of the bull fighters killed," he answered. "The sport is so brutal and cruel that I wanted to see the men who are the cause of this brutality receive a just compensation for their work."

The Chambers of Commerce of Milan, Pavia, Vicenza, Sienna, and Ravenna have sent to the Italian Merchants' Exchange of San Francisco for samples of seed of alfalfa and millet, with the idea of trying to introduce them into Italy.

A great black spot and it remains there still
There is a stain, Queen, on thy life, time's river
Will ne'er wash out, for it is stained forever.

III.—A Rain Shower on Lake Windermere.

The pearly drops of rain
Are falling once again
Flowers and leaf it softly drenches
In the dark green chestnut branches.

And the mist drops brightly twinkling
Fall on dried leaves half unwrinkling,
Fall here and there and come
To this red-flowered geranium.

A gold-finch where the branches swing
Flies with its fluttering yellow wing,
A little wanderer
Without a thought, without a care.

Here the hill-top rises proud
In the gem-shot folds of cloud;
There Windermere's unruffled sheen
Shines through the leafy sprays of green.

Marguerite Keith.

Phenomenal.

"Oh, George!" cried young Mrs. Merry, running to meet her husband at the door. "I've something the best to tell you."

"No?" said George; "what is it?"

"Why, don't you think—the baby can talk! Yes, sir, actually talk! He's said ever and ever so many things. Come right into the nursery and hear him."

George went in.

"Now baby," said mamma persuasively, "talk some for papa. Say 'How do you do, papa?'"

"Goo, goo, goo, goo," says baby.

"Hear him!" shrieks mamma, ecstatically. "Wasn't that just as plain as plain can be?"

George says it is, and tries to think so, too.

"Now say, 'I'm glad to see you, papa.'"

"Da, da, boo, bee, boo."

"Did you ever?" cries mamma. "He can just say anything! Now you precious little honey bunny boy, say, 'Are you well, papa?'"

"Boo, ba, de, goo, goo."

"There it is," said mamma. "Did you ever know a child of his age who could really talk as he does? He can just say anything he wants to; can't you, you own dear little darling precious, you?"

"Goo, goo, dee, dee, di, goo."

"Hear that? He says, 'Of course I can,' just as plainly as anybody conld say it. Oh, George, it really worries me to have him so phenomenally bright. These very brilliant babies nearly always die young."

Abstract Ideas.

Very often parents and teachers are grievously disappointed on finding that, in spite of all their patient explanation and convincing arguments, which have been received without question or dissent, the practical conduct of their charges is in direct opposition. They think that they have failed in the manner of presenting the subject, and hasten to make fresh efforts, with perhaps no better success. Their mistake may be traced to an undue reliance on abstract ideas. While it is well to cultivate a child's thinking powers and to call his attention at times to the relation between knowing and doing, it should never be forgotten that such general ideas can dawn upon him only by very slow degrees, and can operate as a motive force only in rare cases and in small measure.

A work done in our sight by another directs us better in the practice of it; it is more acceptable and of more powerful efficacy to reform us than admonition by word.

VARIETIES.

The Presbytery of Dallas (Texas), says the New York *Independent*, has just ordained and received into full membership a negro graduate of Lincoln University. He passed as thorough an examination as any white man in Hebrew, Greek and Latin, the sciences, philosophy, theology, Church history and then preached an extemporaneous ser which all said was unusually fine. He has full and equal rights in the Presbytery and nobody is hurt. Now, that is Christian and is an argument against driving negroes into separate bodies. Of course it is, and yet, if such a man as referred to were seeking admission into some of our theological halls in Toronto would he be sure of receiving a hearty welcome?

There are no greater sinners against a country's welfare than those who would encourage the maintenance of more than one language within its borders, for there is no greater cause of national weakness than diversity of tongues. Wherever the English flag flies there should the English tongue be the official one, and wherever there is an English colony, there nothing but English should be used in the schools or in the courts of law. All are welcome to come to such lands, but it should be on one distinct understanding, that their children must go to schools where English is the common and official tongue. If people cannot submit to such a condition, all right. Let them stay away from the country. Don't let them come and then grumble of hardship. Whether it be Gaelic or French, or German, or Swedish or anything else it does not matter. In schools and courts English ought to be supreme. Gaelic is dying out. Let it die. It may have been the language of Paradise. It is not going to be the language of Canada. So of French. To have two special Canadian languages is worse than absurd. It is criminal. In short to encourage the permanence of different languages in any country is to encourage and promote national disintegration.

To all appearance the end of the old German Emperor is at hand. He tries to go forth and shake himself as at other times, but, poor old man, the effort makes the real facts of the case only more apparent. He no doubt rallies after his different attacks of illness, but with the weight of ninety years upon his head it is not to be expected that such rallies should be more than the mere sudden flickering before the light finally goes out. It is generally felt that his death, along with the sickness, and it is to be feared, fatal sickness of his son, will greatly endanger the peace of the world. Bismarck is old, no doubt, but he is not yet used up, and with young Prince William as Emperor he may carry through another war with France, to make, as he says, the Fatherland finally and for a long time secure. Hot rinks, so goes the rumor, that war is inevitabte, and that the present is just as suitable a time for it as can be expected. He is bound to bleed France white t is time, and his opportunity comes when his old master disappears. It is very horrible to think of people calmly speculating on a European war, with all its horrors, and arranging for it coming on at an early date. When *will* men be wise and try to settle their differences in a more reasonable way?

Another of those disgraceful whisky riots has taken place in London the little. It would seem that the friends of free whisky are bound by every means in their power to bring themselves and their cause into discredit. Surely every man is entitled to protection against mob violence. Even a criminal who has been caught red handed is protected by all the strength the executive

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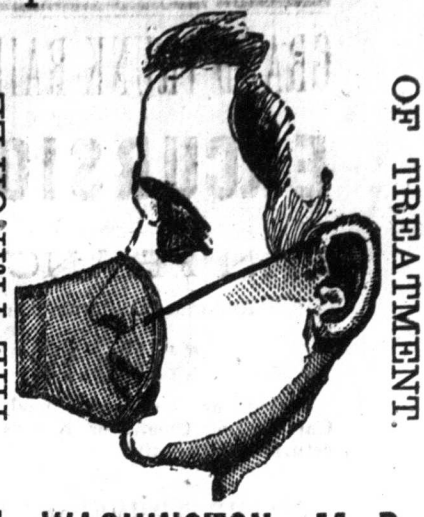

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Mrs. James Emberson, Napanee, Ont., Bronchitis, long standing.
John A. Little, Dundalk, Ont., Catarrh.
John E. Kersey, Badgeroes P. O., Ont., Catarrh, bad form.
A. D. Urlia's son, Wallacetown, Ont., Catarrh, head and throat.
Robert Menziees, Wareham, Ont., Catarrh, head and throat.
Mrs. F. Scott, Stirling, Ont., Catarrh, throat, long standing.
Edith Pierce, Strathroy, Ont., Enlarged tonsils.
W. Lindsay, Petrolea, Ont., Catarrh.
Mrs. John Tait, Vyner, Ont., Catarrh, head and throat.
Mr. R. Noble, Jeweller and Watchmaker, Petrolea, Catarrh, throat.
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credit. Surely every man is entitled to protection against mob violence. Even a criminal who has been caught red handed is protected by all the strength the executive can exert against mob violence or lynch law. It is one of the very first principles of civilization that it is in every way to be prevented that people should take the law into their own hands. If the men who were mobbed in London had been horse thieves they would have been protected from violence so as to let law have its solemn and regular course. But because they were detectives acting under the sanction of law and seeking to make the Scott Act effective, the officials then, like their brethren in Woodstock, winked hard and allowed the unfortunates to be half killed. Such wiseacres may find themselves brought up by a sharp turn. Mr. Mowat has lately informed them that all officials are bound to uphold every law in the statute book whether they approve of it or not. It surely did not require a Premier to lay down as a great principle what seems the very tritest and most evident of axioms. Still it is well that officials who have a natural sympathy for whiskey and lawlessness should understand that they tread on dangerous ground when they cease to enforce any law which has not received their personal endorsation.

Russia never gives up any of her schemes. She may have to hold them in abeyance for a longer or a shorter period. She may have to give up talking about them, but she never gives up thinking, and in due time she show that if all things are not made to work together for good, everything is turned to issue eventually for her advancement. She can wait, she can appear to recede. But all the same she waits her time, and when the hour strikes she is ready. Constantinople is the prize she keeps sturdily in view. She has been looking and longing for it more than a hundred years and she is as determined as ever upon securing it. One of her deplomatists lately put the matter in the following way:—'Constantinople is destined to be ours; we shall have it by envelopment. European Turkey is so largely Slavic that we shall expand into all that region; and the people, Roumanians, Bulgarians, Bosnians, Servians, will be one with us, to the banks of the Dardanelles and the Sea of Marmora. Nothing can keep Russia back in that direction. The people are already Russian. They will welcome us as deliverers from the Turks. Europe can never object to the gradual and healthy expansion of an empire. If any nation seizes upon any great strategic point, then it becomes a European question. Russia attempted that, and will never repeat her mistake. But, when Russia shall have gradually expanded into European Turkey on one side, and into Asiatic Turkey on the other, so as to envelop Constantinople, into whose hands will it fall? The wisest and most moderate statesmen of Russia know well that she is not ready for that great possession. To have it now might cause great and dangerous divisions. The later it comes the better. It is the military element of the Government that is rash and impatient. But our Czar will never be forced by it into conflicts with Europe. Constantinople will give to Russia certain rights, for which she must contend until she attains them. She must have a free, untrammelled passage through the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles for her commerce and her fleet, with no frowning forts on their shores. When Russia has all that, there is one thing further. We shall then dispute with England the passage through Egypt, if we do not get her Indian empire through Afghanistan. That Russia is bound to have, because she alone knows how to govern the people of the empire."

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Time Table, No. 12.

In Effect May 16, 1887.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4 P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 30	4 45
Napanee Mills	"	10 45	5 00
Newburgh	"	10 57	5 05
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 05	5 13
Camden East	"	11 10	5 18
Yarker	"	11 25	5 35
Colebrook*	"	11 30	5 37
Galbraith Road	"	11 35	5 43
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 40	5 50
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 50	6 00
Enterprise	"	12 00	6 05
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 05	6 13
Tamworth	Arrive	12 20	6 25

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	6 45	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	6 55	2 26
Enterprise	"	7 00	2 35
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 07	2 45
Moscow	"	7 15	2 59
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 25	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 28	3 02
Yarker	"	7 30	3 05
Camden East	"	7 45	3 20
Thompson's Mills*	"	7 50	3 27
Newburgh	"	7 55	3 35
Napanee Mills	"	8 05	3 45
Napanee	Arrive.	8 20	4 00

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

* Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the rains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

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HOUSEHOLD.

Indoor Amusement for Children.

The woodbox will afford one if it is full of sticks, split or round, of different kinds of wood. Let the little folks take out the sticks, one by one, and bring them to you to name. Oilnut, oak, maple, birch, beach, elm, hemlock, and ash wood may be in that pile in the box, and even the little six-year-old can easily be taught to detect and correctly name some of the varieties. The smooth, mottled bark of the beach, the ragged shreds of the yellow and gray birch, and and the color and crystal beads of pitch gum of the pine and hemlock when in round sticks. Sections of limbs are sure guides of their kind and easy to name, but not so always when the wood is in split sticks, without a tell-tale half-inch of bark surface.

Perhaps you cannot tell a chip of maple wood from one of elm or beach. If so, you can study the contents of the woodbox and chip basket with your children. Tell them elm wood and sound rock maple and oak wood, whether in split or round sticks, seldom snap when burning, and are comparatively safe for night fires in open, deep fireplaces. Tell them if they want to burn big holes in mamma's carpet and rugs, to lay butternut and poplar and soft-wood pine, cedar or hemlock on the open fire and let the sticks pop live coals right and left, as well as straight ahead from the grate.

Tell them an old nurse, many years ago, burned a house and seven poor people in it one night because she could not tell one kind of wood from another. She rolled a great backlog of butternut wood on to the andirons of the big fireplace one evening for a night fire to keep warm a little new baby and its mother, believing the log was of elm wood, and when they were all asleep a live coal snapped out and burned and smoldered away in the floor till it blazed into fierce, leaping flames that roared and rushed so terribly swift, that all the people up stairs were burned in their beds.

I once saw a woman camp down one night on a thick cotton comfortable spread before an open grate, while watching with a sick child. She knew so little about wood she thought one kind was as safe as another, and did not think the poplar sticks she had just laid on the fire would snap and throw coals, but they did, and if the child had not roused with the dense smudge of burning cotton, no doubt the smoldering puff would soon have blazed and done terrible mischief.

I know a little boy who has a boxful of sections of different woods. He is always on the lookout for a new specimen and has a bit of every kind of tree or shrub he can find in his father's fields and woods. When visitors come, he delights in showing them his collection of woods, and in having them puzzle over the pretty cubes and cylinders of wood, and if they mistake a kind he is quick to know it.

This indoor study of chips and wood brought in to replenish winter fires will amuse the children when time hangs heavy, and by close notice of bark and fibre and grain and smell and color and slivering of wood they will soon learn to detect the common kinds from each other, and, perhaps, wake to such an interest in the study, that when summer time again comes, they will commence a collection of native woods, and the green growing trees and shrubs will bear to them new, keen interest.

Cleaning Lamps.

Cleaning the lamps is very apt to be put off until the latter part of the day, as they seem able to wait attention better than some other things. In many households the duck of early evening reminds the hurrying

CUSTARD PIE.—One pint of milk, three eggs, one tablespoonful of sugar, salt; flavor with extract of lemon.

APPLE FRITTERS.—Stir into one quart of milk thin slices of apple, two teaspoons of baking powder, a little salt, and two eggs; add flour to make a stiff batter and drop by the spoonful into hot lard; sift sugar over them while hot.

MAHOGANY CAKES.—One pint of milk, one and one-half pints of flour, two eggs, piece of butter the size of an egg, salt; bake in cups.

Mutton Suet as a Household Remedy.

It is very vexing and annoying, indeed, to have one's lips all break out with cold sores, but, like the measles, it is far better to have the cold strike out than to strike in. A drop of warm mutton suet applied to the sores at night, just before retiring, will soon cause them to disappear. This is also an excellent remedy for parched lips and chapped hands. It should be applied at night in the liquid state, and be well rubbed and heated in before a brisk fire, which often causes a smarting sensation, but the roughest of hands, by this treatment, will often be restored to their natural condition by one application. If every one could but know the healing properties of so simple a thing as a little mutton suet, no housekeeper would ever be without it. Get a little from your butcher, fry it out yourself, run into small cakes, and put away ready for use. For cuts and bruises it is almost indispensable, and where there are children there are always plenty of cuts and bruises. Many a deep gash that would have frightened most women into sending for a physician at once, I have healed with no other remedies than a little mutton suet and plenty of good castile soap. A wound should always be kept clean, and the bandages changed every day, or every other day. A drenching of warm soap suds from the purest soap that can be obtained is not only cleansing but healing; then cover the surface of the wound with a bit of old white muslin dipped into melted mutton suet. Renew the drenching and the suet every time the bandages are changed, and you will be astonished to see how rapidly the ugliest wound will heal.

He Was Only An Englishman.

A certain Englishman went by ship to France about the beginning of this century. He was very stout and paralytic, and when he came on board glared morosely—as paralytic gentlemen sometimes will—at the officials who addressed him. As for answering them, he never dreamed of doing such a thing. The idea never entered his head; and the two liveried footmen, both Frenchmen, who supported him, had to explain as best they could the stolid silence of their master. "*C'est un Anglais—voila tout*"—"He is an Englishman—that is all"—they whispered to the astonished captain. The ship was no sooner in motion than his servants hurried him off to his private cabin, and arranged him so that he could go to sleep. The winds blew, the waves dashed over the ship, the footmen were horribly ill, but the paralytic gentleman lay in his birth like an infant slumbering in its cradle. It was observed by the sailors that his cabin reeked of tobacco, and the presumption was that while the horricane was at its height he had been aroused, and had indulged in a good smoke. At last port was reached, and the footmen, finding their master still stretched out at full length, had to raise him up unceremoniously and remove him from the ship. Still the same silence and the same forbidding glare, Was it a foreboding of the terrible fate that now awaited him? After his bags had been examined at the Custom-house, the two treacherous men-

ROYAL WEDDING GIFTS.

The Emperor of China's Presents to His Bride—Curious Selections.

The choice of the bride for the young Emperor of China has at last been made, and in due time the daughter of the Duke of Chao, the brother of the present Empress, will be Empress of the Celestial Empire. Although the wedding will probably not take place before 1889, thousands of hands are already busy with the lady's trousseau and wedding presents, which have probably never been equalled in wealth at any other court.

The following are the presents which the young Emperor is presenting his fiancee before their marriage, after the actual engagement present which consists of a gold seal, richly inlaid with jewels, the handle being formed by two gold dragons. Up to a month previous to the wedding the lady is presented with ten piebald horses, with complete trappings; ten gilt helmets and cuirasses, 100 pieces of satin of the first quality, and 200 pieces of cotton material. As wedding presents the bride receives 200 ounces of gold, 10,000 ounces (taels) of silver, 1 gold tea service, consisting of teapot and 1 cup, with a lid; 1 silver tea service, 2 silver wash basins, 1,000 pieces of satin of the best quality, 20 horses with complete trappings, 20 horses without trappings, 20 saddles for pack horses and mules.

The parents of the lady receive also 100 ounces of gold, one gold tea set, 5,000 taels silver, one silver tea set one silver wash basin, 500 pieces of silk, 1,000 pieces of cotton material, six horses completely harnessed, a helmet and cuirass, a bow and a quiver with arrows, each parent one court dress for summer and one for winter, one every-day dress, and a sable coat. The brothers and servants of the bride also receive rich and costly presents.

The bride's hats are the most remarkable articles among the rich trousseau. The winter court hat has a rim of sable, the crown is made of red velvet, from the centre of which rises a button composed of three parts, each of which is ornamented with three small oblong pearls of particular beauty, and seventeen ordinary pearls, while in the centre of each part another splendid pearl is set in gold, and surmounted by a gold phœnix. The button is surrounded by seven gold phœnixes, of which each is inlaid with seven large and twenty-one small pearls and a cat's eye.

At the back of the hat, below the button, a gold pheasant is placed with one cat's eye and sixteen pearls. The tail of the pheasant is divided into five parts by 302 small and five large pearls, forming a pendant, the centre of which is made of a *lapis lazuli*, surrounded by pearls. At the end of the pendant a big coral is suspended. A collar is fastened at the back to the hat, the outside of which is of sable, the inside of bright yellow material, with velvet ribbons embroidered at the end with diamonds.

The three gala court dresses are of a dark blue color, with borders of gold embroidery, and large dragons embroidered all over the dresses, while down the front are sewn in gold thread the words "Wan-Fu" (eternal happiness) and "Wan-Shon" (eternal life). The necklaces and chains are of an enormous value, and composed for the most part of pearls, turquoises, corals, and diamonds. A handkerchief which is worn in the belt is green, richly embroidered, trimmed with tassels of jewels and yellow ribbons.

A gala apron of red and blue satin, trimmed with otter skin and embroidered in gold, dragon fans, and skirts of many different kinds are also a part of this gorgeous outfit, and the furniture for the future Em-

Cleaning the lamps is very apt to be put off until the latter part of the day, as they seem able to wait attention better than some other things. In many households the dusk of early evening reminds the hurrying housewife that her lamps are still neglected, and she then fills them hastily and is obliged to light one at once. This is wrong, because the vapor of the oil about a freshly-filled lamp is liable to explosion. A lamp should be filled at least two thirds in depth, and one which has but a spoonful or two of oil in it should never be lighted, as the empty oil space is filled with explosive vapor.

Lamps filled to overflowing are very uncleanly, soiling everything brought in contact with them; and to most persons, the odor of kerosene is extremely unpleasant. A lamp-wick should fit exactly into its space and should be kept clean. When it becomes black from the sediment in the lamp, it must be thrown away, or washed and dried before using again. When nearly burned away, a wick may be lengthened by a fold of canton flannel, which, reaching to the bottom of the lamp, will feed the wick as the oil burns out. It is not best to put strips of red flannel or yarn into a lamp, as the inside should be colorless, that any impurities may be seen. If such appear, wash the wick, empty and cleanse the oil reservoir.

A burner sometimes becomes so clogged that it does not allow perfect combustion of the oil. In such a case, remove it from the lamp, place in cold water in which a sliced potato has been added and boil an hour or two; rub with a dry cloth, when it will be entirely clean and bright as new. To keep the chimneys shining and clear, nothing is better than daily washing them in soap and water and rubbing them clear with a soft cloth free from lint; old print is good for this purpose. A small sponge attached to a stick is convenient for washing lamp chimneys.

Hanging lamps are best to use where there are small children to endanger upsetting. Common table lamps and small metal hand lamps on a broad saucer-like base are the most safe to carry about, as it is nearly impossible to overturn or break one.

Contributed Recipes.

CHILLI SAUCE.—Two very large ripe tomatoes, two onions, two green peppers, all chopped fine; two tablespoons of salt, two cups of vinegar, two tablespoons of sugar; boil one hour. If the vinegar is very strong, use two cups to one of water, more sugar and less salt, and simmer half-an-hour longer. You will have a sauce that will even be an improvement to grange beans, a dish that is always highly complimented.

LEMON TAPIOCA.—Three tablespoons tapioca soaked in cold water till it can be stirred to a mixture of the appearance of milk. Let it come slowly to boiling, and boil till clear as a jelly; then add one cup white sugar, quarter of a teaspoonful of salt and the juice of one large lemon, or two small ones. To be eaten cold, with milk or cream and sugar if desired; but it is very nice without.

CRACKER PIES.—Four common crackers, one cup of water, one cup of molasses, one cup of sugar, one cup of raisins, one half cup of melted butter; add spice as for mince pies.

LEMON PIES.—One lemon, one cracker, one cup of sugar, one egg and one cup of water; grate the rind of the lemon and add the juice.

MOCK APPLE PIE.—The juice of two lemons, two cups of sugar, two cups of water, three soda crackers rolled, and three eggs; season with nutmeg.

from the ship. With the same choice and the same forbidding glare, Was it a foreboding of the terrible fate that now awaited him? After his bags had been examined at the Custom-house, the two treacherous menials hurried the fat and paralytic Englishman to a hotel, took off all his clothes, and then proceeded to cut off his face and hands! But such was the phlegm of the paralytic man that he neither spoke nor uttered cry, nor did one muscle so much as quiver. This perhaps was not so strange as might at first appear when it is explained that the corpulent cripple was in the hands, not of two footmen, but of two smugglers disguised as such, and that he consisted—with the exception of his hands and face, which were wax—entirely of tobacco, which in the garb of a human being was thus introduced free of duty into the sunny land of France.

Life in Siberia.

The Russian policy of banishing troublesome citizens to Siberia has been one of the worst features of the Czar's despotic government. To those accustomed to good society, and to comfortable habits of living, such an exile is a living death. The severity of the climate, the cruelty of the officials, the general character of the people, and the separation from old friends, make the life of banishment almost intolerable.

But recent travellers in this dreary land bring to light some facts which mitigate the evil of the cruel exile. The families of the banished prisoners are permitted to join them, as the government argues wisely that a prisoner will be more contented, and less inclined to engage in new plots, if family life is re-established.

There are also opportunities of acquiring wealth, by working in the mines, or engaging in overland commerce. One exile, by birth the son of a serf, who had large business capacity, became a millionaire by establishing the overland tea trade.

Others have been equally fortunate in other branches of business, so that a few, a very few, of the prisoners prefer to remain in their new home when the long sentence of exile has expired.

Unconventional People.

Everybody has encountered the people who take to themselves what they suppose to be the credit of being unconventional, who offer a statement of that fact as the sufficient excuse for all sorts of violations of good breeding and social rules, and who assume the license to do as they please, as if they had the power to lift themselves above the authority of ordinary canons of behaviour. It is a pity that these foolishly self-blinded and, for the most part, decidedly unpleasant people cannot be made to see their conduct in its true aspect. It should not be forgotten that society is, in a sense, in an artificial state. Whatever general natural principles underlie it, its formulated rules are purely arbitrary, and it is, in effect, a conventional arrangement. It follows that one who wishes to take part in its social life must accept its conditions. To attempt to be unconventional in society is an anomaly and a contradiction of terms.

Appropriate Mottoes.

Hotel Keeper—"I want to put up some sort of a notice to keep guests out of the back hall. Some of them have got into the kitchen, and the chief cook is very jealous of his professional secrets."

Friend—"Send out and get a 'No admittance' sign."

Hotel Keeper—"That sounds too harsh. I want something which won't look so much like a regular order—some motto or other."

Friend—"Oh, put over the kitchen door 'Ignorance is bliss.'"

med with otter skin and embroidered in gold, dragon fans, and skirts of many different kinds are also a part of this gorgeous outfit, and the furniture for the future Empress is keeping every trade brisk throughout China.

Turkish Superstition.

Some curious stories of Turkish superstition are related by the anonymous author of *Stambul und das moderne Turkenthum*, the most light-giving of recent works on the internal condition of the Turkish Empire. The mysterious caprice with which distinguished arrivals at Constantinople are treated by the Sultan and his ministers is explained by an anecdote told of the well-known astronomer Peters, when he visited Constantinople in 1850 with letters of introduction from Humboldt and other eminent men of science. He found it impossible to proceed with the mission with which he was charged, because on the same day that he was presented to the Grand Vizier, Reshid Pasha, by the German ambassador, the man-of-war *Nustretie* was blown up in the arsenal. "This Frankish astronomer," the Grand Vizier is reported to have said, "either knew that the explosion was going to take place or did not know. In the former event he is a mischievous person for not warning us; in the latter he is an impostor;" and forthwith the word was passed that Peters was not to be encouraged or assisted. Sometimes a visitor unconsciously carries his comdemnation in his name. In the reign of Abdul Aziz no one was more persistently snubbed at Court than Dr. Muhlig, physician to the German Embassy; and all because the Turks pronounced his name "Muchlik, which in Arabic means "murderer."

Scene at an Irish Wake.

Clanty—"It's th' purty cor-r-rpse."

Kelly—"It's a shem th' good man shlipped his fwhishtle!"

Mullin—"Th' handiest man on th' wurr-rk wik a hod, Mrs. Cleary—t'anks—me poipe is full."

O'Shane (under his breath)—"Thim handles is afther costin' not liss than six shillings Oi'm layin' me bets!"

Farrel—(also whispering)—"Sivin! They do be th' price tag on that wan nigh Phelim's lift feet!"

Mrs. Cleary—"Whirra, whirra, whirra! Oh, phy, oh, phy did he doie?—who-ee—who-oo! (Lave a sup in th' jug, John O'Shane; yer betthers is afther havin' t'roats as well as yersilf.) Who-ee-who-oo!"

Young Health Officer (coming in)—"What did the deceased die of, my good woman?"

Mrs. Cleary—"Plain innocnence, docther!"

Health Officer—"Innocence? There's no such disease in materia medica!"

Mrs. Cleary—"Hang yer Frinch galleywoggle; it was plain innochence, Oi tell yez! Riley lift th' thrap-dure open on th' t'ird story av Dineen's new build'n', an' poor Phelim hang th' bit he knew it!"

Honest and True.

This is eminently the case with Polson's NERVILINE, the great pain cure. It is an honest remedy, for it contains the most powerful, the purest, and most certain pain subduing remedies known to medical science. It is honest, for it does all it claims to do. It is honest, because it is the best in the world. It only costs 10 or 25 cents to try it, and you can buy a bottle at any drug store. Nerviline cures toothache, neuralgia, pain in the back and side. All pains are promptly relieved by Polson's Nerviline.

A WONDERFUL SUCCESS.

The following are a few of the many testimonials received by the Breadmakers' Yeast Company:

I bought a package of your yeast from our Grocer, and am happy to say that I think it altogether superior to anything of the kind in the market. It rises quicker, makes lighter and sweeter bread than any yeast I have tried yet and I think I must have tried them all, and I intend using yours for the future.—MISS ELLA LAVIS, Prescott.

I have tried your yeast. I am fourteen years old and never did a baking before, but I have baked with your yeast to-day according to directions, and had excellent bread.—MISS E. WIDEMAN, Stouffville.

I am a little girl 13 years old, I never baked before. I did it with your yeast and father says he thought mother was the best bread maker in the country; he says that I made from your yeast as sweet bread as ever he ate. My name is Mary M. Palmer. —MR. JOSIAH PALMER, Sebright P.O., Ont.

I bought a package of your yeast and have tried it and like it very much. I have been baking bread for the last 24 years, and I find it to be superior to any other yeast I have ever used.—MRS. H. RUSHTON, Dundas.

I am a young girl but twelve years old and have tried your yeast cakes and can say that they are excellent. I don't see why any young girl cannot learn to bake nice bread if she uses Breadmaker's Yeast. Our folks are delighted with my bread.—SYLVIA HAMMOND, Villa Nova.

Justifiable Generosity.

"Take a cigar with me, boys?"
"Are they on a boy or a girl?"
"Neither."
"What's happened, then?"
"Oh, I spent an evening at Simpson's, where they have both a boy and a girl, and I'm setting 'em up because I have neither."

Inventions of the 19th Century.

The steamboat, the reaper, the sewing machine,
Cars run ing by night and by day,
Houses lighted by gas and heated by steam,
And bright electricity's ray.

The telegraph's click speeds like lightning released,
Then the telephone comes to excel it;
And, to put on the finish, the last but not least.
Is the famed little Purgative Pellet.

Last but not least is Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellet, because it relieves human suffering, adds to the sum of human comfort, and enables the relieved sufferer to enjoy all the blessings and luxuries of the age we live in.

If every person would be half as good as he expects his neighbor to be, what a heaven this world would be!

Yes, he loves you now, 'tis true,
Lass with eyes of violet blue,
Lips as sweet as honey-dew,
Bonny little bride!
Will he love you as to day,
When your bloom has fled away,
When your golden locks are grey—
Will his love abide?

Yes, if it is the true kind it will survive all the inevitable wastes and changes of life. But, it is every woman's desire and duty to retain, as long as she can, the attractions that made her charming and beloved in youth. No one can keep her youthful bloom or equable temper if weighed down and suffering from female weakness and disorders. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a remedy for these troubles. Sold by druggists.

An Offensive Breath

is most distressing, not only to the person afflicted if he have any pride, but to those

---

WORK FOR ALL. $30 a week and expenses paid. Valuable outfit and particulars free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

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RUBBER STAMPS, SEALS, Stencils, and Burning Brands, &c. Send for Catalogue. BARBER BROS. CO., 37 Scott St., Toronto.

CHRISTMAS CARDS, by mail. Packets of 25 assorted cards for 15c, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 each packet. Packets of one dozen each for half above amounts. One fringed instead of five plain when so desired. Cash to accompany order. MATTHEWS BROS. & CO., Toronto.

Water PURE LIVING STREAM **AUGERS,** bore 20 feet per hour. Also **Rock Drills**—Hand, Horse or Steam Power. Send for Catalogue.
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HAMILTON, ONT.

P. W. GRAHAM & CO., 283 Yonge St., Toronto, dealers in all kinds Band and Orchestra Instruments. Both New and Second-Hand. Vocal and Instrumental Music, Music Books, etc. Instruction Books for every Instrument. Agents for Carl Fischer's BAND & ORCHESTRA MUSIC. Send for Catalogues.

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BEST IMPORTED ENGLISH SHEEPS, also Small American Hogs Casings. Quality guaranteed. In lots to suit purchasers. Write for prices.

JAS. PARK & SON.

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LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY.
INCORPORATED A.D. 1855.

Subscribed Capital,	**$3,500,000**
Paid-up Capital,	**2,300,000**
Reserve Fund,	**1,180,000**
Total Assets,	**9,301,615**

Office:—Coy's Bldgs, Toronto St., Toronto.

STRAIGHT LOANS, OR CREDIT FONCIER PLAN.

The Company has a large amount of money to lend on Real Estate securities at the lowest current rate of interest repayable either in one sum or by instalments as may be desired by the borrower.

Applications may be made direct to the undersigned by letter or otherwise, or to the local representatives of the company throughout Ontario. As the Company always has funds on hand no delay need be expected. Expenses reduced to minimum.

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J. HERBERT MASON, Managing Director.

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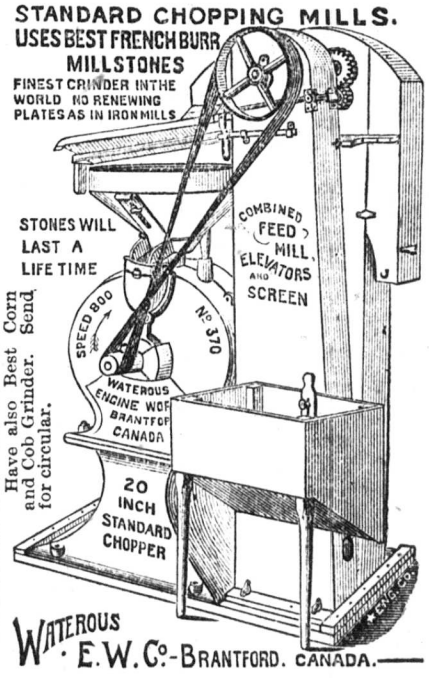

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On receipt of $15.00, I will express to any address, an English made double barrel breach-loading shot-gun, with cover and tools complete.
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FOR BUTTER, ETC.

NEW Importations.—Higgins' Eureka, Washington and Ashton Brands, in large or small sacks Also Rice's Canadian Salt. Write for prices.
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1,000 Miles of new Line of Railway built this season. Land all for settlement. Unsurpassed for grain or stock farms. 480 acres free. To learn how to get it, send your address on postal card.
J. M. HUCKINS, 96 King St. W., Toronto.

BABY'S BIRTHDAY.

A Beautiful Imported Birthday Card sent to any baby whose mother will send us the names of two or more other babies, and their parents' addresses. Also a handsome Diamond Dye Sample Card to the mother and much valuable information.
Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

MAY APPLE BLOOD SYRUP

THE greatest discovery of the present age for REGULATING THE BOWELS, AND CURING ALL BLOOD LIVER AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS. A perfect Blood Purifier A few in Hamilton who have been benefited by its use:—
Mrs. M. Keenan, 192 Robert St., cured of Erysipelas of 2 years standing; Robert Cornell, 24 South St., daughter cured of Epileptic Fits after 3 years' suffering Jennie Birrell, 55 Walnut St., cured of weakness and Lung Trouble; John Wood, 95 Cathcart St., cured of Liver Complaint and Biliousness, used only 3 fifty-cent bottles; Mrs. J. Beal, 6 Augusta St., troubled for years with Nervous Prostration, two small bottles gave her great relief. Sold at 50c. & $1.00.
F. F. DALLEY & CO., Proprietors.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships.

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling

medy for these troubles. Sold by druggists.

An Offensive Breath

is most distressing, not only to the person afflicted if he have any pride, but to those with whom he comes in contact. It is a delicate matter to speak of, but it has parted not only friends but lovers. Bad breath and catarrh are inseparable. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases as thousands can testify.

The natural gas well at Port Colborne has been sunk fifteen hundred feet, the supply being abundant and of good quality.

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He who courts and goes away may live to court another day; but he who weds and courts girls still may get in court against his will.

The Sporting Record,

In Book form, contains a correct record of the FASTEST TIME and best performances in all DEPARTMENTS OF SPORT, Aquatic and Athletic performances, Billiard, Racing and Trotting records, Baseball, Cricket, Lacrosse, etc. Price 6c. Stamps taken. Address all orders to THE RECORD, 50 Front St. East, Toronto, Canada, Room No. 15.

The normal state of man is waiting—of which the other name is hope, and the converse, endeavour. It is always waiting with us, from the cradle to the grave—always that looking for something that has to come—always that reaching out to something that has to be won.

YOUNG MEN suffering from the effects of early evil habits, the result of ignorance and folly, who find themselves weak, nervous and exhausted; also **MIDDLE-AGED** and **OLD MEN** who are broken down from the effects of abuse or over-work, and in advanced life feel the consequences of youthful excess, send for and **READ M. V. Lubon's Treatise on Diseases of Men.** The book will be sent sealed to any address on receipt of two 3c. stamps. Address M. V. LUBON, 47 Wellington St. E. Toronto Ont

When the religious fear of God possesses the heart it expels the ignoble fear of man, and becomes the principle of courage and magnanimity.

Coff No More.

Watson's cough drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. See that the letters R. & T. W. are stamped on each drop.

If we love a vicious person our friendship will be vicious too; it will be like those to whom it is given.

People who are subject to bad breath, foul coated tongue, or any disorder of the Stomach, can at once be relieved by using Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, the old and tried remedy. Ask your Druggist.

There was a man given to flings and sneers, whom his wife called a fellow of infinite twit.

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion and their attendant evils, take at once a dose of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. Best family medicine All Druggists, 50 cents.

A. P. 373.

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IF you have invented anything useful, patent it and make money. Write for HARVEY'S GUIDE TO PATENTS, to A. Harvey, Patent Attorney and publisher of "The Patent Review," Ottawa, Ont. 25 yrs. experience.

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LADIES' Dress and Mantle cutting by this new and improved

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Satisfaction guaranteed to teach ladies the full art of cutting all garments worn by ladies and children. PROF. SMITH 183½ Queen St W., Toronto. Agents wanted.

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$2.75 WATCH FOR $2!

For Five Dollars you can buy of CHARLES STARK, 52 Church St., Toronto,

A good, reliable ten-dollar Silver Watch (ordinary retail price), eleven jewelled, patent lever, expansion balance, 3 oz. silver case for $5
Higher grade movement, in same case 8
Wm. Ellery, Waltham, in same case 9
P. S. Bartlett, Waltham, in same case 10

If engraved silver cases are preferred, add 50c. to above prices. The silver cases are our own manufacture, and fully guaranteed.

A Reliable Stem-winding Watch for $2. Ordinary retail price $2.75.

On receipt of price will send by registered mail, postage prepaid.

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Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter to and from Halifax, Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly

For freight, passage, or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld.; Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N.B.; Allen & Co., Chicago Love & Alden, New York; H. Bourlier, Toronto Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brockie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen Portland Boston Montreal.

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Is the only stove made that will burn wood or coal equally well. It will heat one or more adjoining rooms and retain fire with either fuel all night. It is the farmers' wood burner and will make home as comfortable as with a self feeder coal stove. The largest size is an unrivalled heater for schools, hall and churches. The family Keystone, the largest first-class Stove for the money made.

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Is revolutionizing cooking with coal. Its patent fire-pot and grate makes it the most durable, easiest to manage, best to retain fire night and day, and most economical of coal stoves. These were the only stoves awarded a medal for new and meritorious inventions this year.

If your dealer has not got them write us for information.

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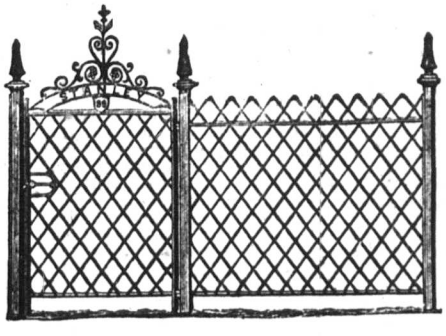

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IRON FENCES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. · Send for Catalogue.

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TAILORING DEPARTMENT.—Mr Walters is very busy. The rush of orders have been so great that some of our customers have been annoyed because they have had to wait so long. We are glad to tell you that we have this week engaged three more hands and will now be able to turn out orders with despatch. Do you want a good Overcoat? Go to Walters'. Do you want a good suit of Clothes? Go to Walters. Do you want Ready-made Clothing? Go to Walters. Do you want anything from the finest Broadcloth down to the cheapest Tweed? Go Walters.

CARPET, LACE CURTAINS AND OILCLOTH DEPARTMENT.--Housekeepers and intending housekeepers are interested in this department. Our stock of Carpets is well selected and cannot fail to please. The values are especially good. In Lace Curtains we have a very fine assortment. We commence them at $1 per sett. Examine them and see if they are not cheap. Floor and Table Oilcloths

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 2, 1887

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2287ly

Chas Lane

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Gramma school, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2287ly

Thos. Flynn.

Issuer of Marriage Certificates. To be had at the bookstore of W. D. Madden, who has been appointed deputy issuer. 2487ly.

—Fresh Finnan Haddie at SPENCER'S

—All our wool goods are reduced in price this month. C. F. HENDERSON.

—You get all things necessary to keep the wolf from the door at GEO. I HAM'S.

All groceries reduced in price at SPENCER'S

—Another carload of that life giving family flour arrived to-day at GEO. I. HAM'S.

—SPENCER'S is the place to buy tea at reduced prices.

—For the cold weather—Ladies' and childrens' gaiters and over-stockings. C. F. HENDERSON.

—It will put money in your pocket if you buy groceries at GEO. I HAM'S.

—Something appropriate for every stocking. Gifts for young and old at the 7c store. R. VANCE

—Just opened fresh breakfast bacon. HENRY R. SPENCER

—Come, drop in and see the finest assortment of creams at Davis'

—The finest article for cleaning old furniture and giving it a nice polish is now for sale at J Gibbard & Son's.

—All our wools, wool work and fancy goods reduced in price during this month. C. F. HENDERSON.

—Come one and all to the 7c store. It will do you good to see our display in toys and Christmas presents, R. VANCE.

—Cheapest place in town for all groceries at H. R. SPENCER'S.

—GREAT FLANNEL SALE going o at ROBINSONS & COS'.

—On Wednesday afternoon the steamer Quinte had to break her way through large cakes of ice on her way down from Belleville.

—Christmas buyers delighted with our grand display of bargainsin curious, useful and ornamental articles at the 7c store. R. VANCE.

—Lost, on Tuesday last between Selby and Sharp's corners, a black overcoat The finder will confer a favor upon the owner by leaving it at the Carnell House. 2187a

—If you want a first-class cooking, parlor or box stove, dumb stove, gallows pipes, tee pipes, damper pipes, or stove pipes, you will consult your own interests by going to R. G. Wright, opposite the Brisco House.

—Johnson's decorators' pure white lead, Johnson's pure ready-mixed paints, paint oil, turpentine, varnish, glass, putty, building paper, chopping axes, cross-cut saws at rock bottom prices at R G Wright's, 126 and 128, Dundas street.

The Ernesttown township council meets on the 14th inst., instead of the date formerly fixed. The change is owing to the county council meeting on the 10th.

—$5 per month will buy a good piano. A large stock of second-hand and new pianos which are offered on easy payments. Call at Madden's and see them. You will also see the finest stock of Xmas cards ever shown in Napanee. Madden's Bookstore is the place,

—Caton Bros' hall, Enterprise, will be opened on Tuesday, Dec 6, when Delavanti's European Sensation will give an entertainment This show is highly spoken of and is composed of slack wire performanees, juggling, singing and other specialties. Doors open at 7.30, performances at 8 o'clock. Admission 15c and 25c:

—PERRY & Co have just received a carload of lamp chimneys the handsomest assortment of anyj shown in town, and they are selling them away below any other house in town. Give them a call if you want bargains. Also four carloads of coal oil just to hand cheaper than anywhere else by the gallon or barrel.

—If you want anything fine in the way of Silverware, Jewelry or Watches at lowest living prices, call at the F W Smith's Jewelry Store, or if you have a watch or clock which needs to be repaired, leave it with him. He has a staff of workmen well up in the business and upon the

—The days begin to lengthen and the cold to increase.

—Malaga grapes, fine eating figs, Florida oranges, at Davis'.

—Steps are to be taken for the incorporation of Deseronto as a town

The electric light has been placed in front of Cheapside and the medical hall by the enterprising proprietors.

—Any amount of money to loan on real estate at lowest rates of interest. Apply to J. C. Drewry, at THE EXPRESS office.

—Everton, fig, almond, latier, and marrabone taffies at Davis'

The proprietors of the Campbell House are having a furnace placed in the building, which will make a material improvement.

—Every young man should attend the evening classes at the Mechanic's Institute rooms. Class opens Monday night. Full course $5.00.

—On Sunday morning last Rev H. Wi?iams, of Belleville, occupied the pulpit of the Western Methodist church, delivering an excellent sermon.

—Young men,—young women,—attend the evening classes at the Mechanics' Institute rooms in book-keeping, arithmetic and writing. Full course $5.00, Come Monday night.

—Oh woman in our hours of ease, uncertain coy and hard to please, but, if you want to give her unbounded pleasure call at James H Downey's one price boot and shoe store and take her home a pair of first class boots.

—The following sums were contributed to the Pope's jubilee fund from this district :

	LAITY	CLERGY
Erinsville	$ 30	$ 91 25
Camden	30	89 35
Napanee	30	100 00

—Those having good horses for sale will be pleased to learn that the popular horse buyer, Mr. H. W. Adams, will be at Potter & Williams livery stable on Friday and Saturday, December 2nd and 3rd—to day and to-morrow.

Lost on Sunday night last, on Robert St., between Mill street and the Western Methodist church, a pair of gold rimmed spectacles enclosed in a brown leather case. The finder will confer a favor by leaving them at THE EXPRESS office.

—Mr J. P. Northey is having an engine house erected at the rear of the waterworks pump house. He has secured a 100-horse power engine, to use in case the supply of water is insufficient to work the pumps. The engine was purchased from Goldie & McCullough, Galt.

—The albert college Business School, Belleville, Ont., is one of the most thorough and practical in the Province. Book-keeping, banking, type-writing, shorthand, ornamental penmanship, etc., taught by professors and specialists of large experience. Fees : 20 weeks scholarship, $25 : Life scholarship. $35. Attendance last year, 170, representing several provinces and states For announcement, address REV. W. P. DYER, M. A., Principal.

—MILLINERY, MILLINERY, MILLINERY at ROBINSON & CO'S.

—Our Little Ones and the Nursery for December, gives its usual quota of good things and something more in happy glimpses of holidays to which the little people are looking forward with great expectations. These stories will go straight to the juvenile heart, and set young ears listening for the first tinkle of bells denoting the approach of beloved Santa Claus. This beautiful monthly has its corps of special writers and artists; and all it contains is freshly gotten up with care to please and cultivate the class for whom it is designed. Russell Publishing Co., 36 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.

cheap. Floor and Table Oilcloths Oilcloth Mats, 1½ and 2 yds square, a specialty.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,—The populatity of our Dress Goods Department is steadily increasing. This year we have secured so many bargains and our Goods are so new and bright that everyone is pleased. Our 25c and 27½c All-Wool Goods are some of the plums. Our Tailor-made Costumes are a specialty. We are noted for stylish Dress Goods.

UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.—Ladies' Merino Undervests, winter weight, Drawers to match. Ladies Misses and Childrens' Combination Suits in Scarlet, Claret, White and Grey. Ladies Cashmere Underrests. Mens 'double breasted ribbed Shirts, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c. Special line all-wool Shirts, 65c, Drawers to match.

FLANNEL DEPARTMENT—Don't forget our bargains in Flannels The cheapest Flannels in town. All-wool Grey Flannels from 18c per yard up.

Robinson & Co

Successors to Downey & Co.

prices, call at the F W Smith's Jewelry Store, or if you have a watch or clock which needs to be repaired, leave it with him. He has a staff of workmen well up in the business and upon the work turned out by them he can guarantee perfect satisfaction. Call on F W SMITH, Jeweler

—Xmas and wedding cakes a speciality —select and standard oysters received daily at Davis'

—Judgment has been given in the suit of Symington vs. Jamieson which has been pending for some time. This was a dispute regarding the power of Mr Jamieson to use the west wall of Mr Symington's building as a support for the projection of the building which covers the driveway between the two properties. The case was referred to Judge Wilkison who decided in favor of Jamieson, the plaintiff to pay costs.

—The stock of W H Bruton, confectioner, has been purchased by Robinson Bros, soda water manufacturers. Yesterday stock was taken and today the store is open under the new management. Mr Bruton and family will move to Deseronto where he will join his son in business.

—A week from next Saiurday, Dec 10, Deiavanti's museum will be opened in town,—the place not yet decided upon. One of the attractions will be a south African sheep, having a long under jaw, the mouth at the side of its head and only one nostril—its face represents more that of a human being than that of a sheep. Doors open from 10 a-m, to 10 p,m. Admission 10c. In the afternoon children will be admitted for 5c.

—Last week Mr Cook, of Gananoque, purchased the interest of Mr E. Healy, in the livery stable owned by Healy & McNulty, and the firm will now be known as McNulty & Cook. They have leased the Huffman House sheds and will also operate there for the next two months when they will move the old livery stable into the Huffman House yard. An office is being erected in the rear of the hotel, with the entrance north of the building

—Last week the friends of Mr. W. J. Doller, mail clerk on the N. T. & Q. R., received a genuine surprise. On Friday last the fact of his having been united in marriage to Miss Minnie Douglass, of Tamworth, became known. The ceremony was performed about a month ago by Rev. W. S. Smith, of Centreville. Willet's many friends hope his wedded life may be a prosperous and joyous one.

—The Dioptric system of measuring lenses was unanimously adopted and recommended by the second international congress, ophthalmology and of medicine which met in 1875, being adopted from the report of a committee appointed by a previous congress to devise an improved method. Its standard is the metre which is everywhere the same in length, while the old standard, the inch, differs in different countries. Hence a lense whose focal distance is one metre is said to measure a dioptric. Thus the new system is to be preferred because it is adapted to all countries, by its common standard and has the sanction of all leading authorities. F. Chinneck is the only one in this district who has a dioptric instrument

—Friday night last Bro F Welsh, D D, of Kingston, visited the Masonic Lodge here. A large attendance was present, there being visiting brethren from surrounding lodges. The principal business was the election of officers, the following being elected; W M, Wor Bro W C Scott, re-elected; Sen Warden, Bro J G Fennell; Jun Warden, Bro F F Miller; Sec Bro S C Warner; Treas, Bro W Joy; Chap Wor Bro O Hinch; Tyler, Bro Bryce Allen; Auditors, Bro C James and E S Lapum, Refreshments were served in the ante-room, after which speeches were given by several of the members and visiting brothers Rt Wor Bro W Smeaton, D D, of Belleville, was also present and delivered an address.

—TIE DOWNS and WOOLEN BLANKETS cheap at ROBINSON & COS'

—You are invited to visit Gallagher's Book and Notion Bargain House and inspect his new and carefully selected stock of books, bibles, annuals, toys, sleighs and fancy goods. Everything marked at hard times prices. In order to avoid the jam and confusion of Christmas week, J. H. Gallagher has decided to make an inducement for his customers to buy their holiday goods earlier. Accordingly between now and December 10 he will allow a discount of 10 per cent. from the regular price. This liberal allowance, added to the advantage of a full and "first pick" selection, should make every customer who can afford it buy their gitts now to lay aside until Christmas morning. No forced sales. Our goods and prices speak for themselves. Note the place, J. H. Gallagher's Book and Notion Bargain House, opposite J. Aylsworth's grocery store. Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

care to please and cultivate the class for whom it is designed. Russell Publishing Co., 36 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.

—There is no better Christmas present than a fine life-size portrait made by the bromide process at Hulett's studio. Those desiring such are requested to call at once as from present appearances Mr. Hulett will be extra busy from now until after the holidays. By leaving orders early better pictures can be secured. He is also turning out some handsome cabinets which only require to be seen to be appreciated. Mr Hulett has on hand a fine stock of albums which will be sold at reduced prices during the holiday season.

—That THE EXPRESS is the leading adversising medium of Lennox and Addington, has become a recognised fact. It reaches nearly every home in the county, the few who do not subscribe for it borrowing at times from their neighbors "just to have a look at it." We have had a number of direct evidences lately of its value, In one instance there were no less than nine replies to one advertisement inside a few hours, and last week Mr. K. J. Strong advertised having found a good fur robe. The same evening the owner, Mr. Wm. Sutton, of Newburgh, saw the advertisement and came in for it. He had lost it on his way home from Napanee.

—On Thursday of last week special constable Cronk was sent to Odessa to arrest R Wycott, on the charge of selling liquor under the Scott Act. He arrested his man in the hotel, and handed him over to county constable Hillier for safe keeping. Wycott watched his chance and made a bound for the street, Cronk was after him hot-foot and, seeing he was makiug for a hiding place, pulled a revolver and fired in the air. The prisoner pawed the ground but did not move a foot, and he was recaptured. A friend attempted to save him by picking up a stone and threatening to throw it, but upon being favored with a glimpse of the revolver dropped the missle. Wycott was brought to Napanae, before James Daly, J.P.. who imposed a fine of $50 and costs for infraction of the act.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall st N.Y

Announcement Extraordinary!

-GREAT-
FOOTWEAR
-SALE-

At Manufacturers' Prices

Being engaged in other business we are anxious to sell our immense stock of

Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, Overshoes

Trunks and Valises,

and offer it to the public at **Manufacturers' Prices, or First Cost,**

For CASH ONLY.

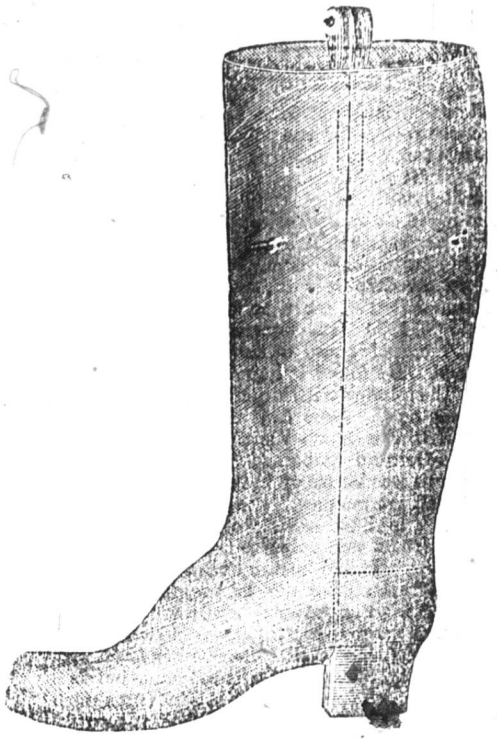
We have some lines which we will sell at about half price. Boots and Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, Overshoes, from all the leading manufacturers, Styles, the latest. Qualities, excellent. **Prices, Lower than First Cost.** Remember that this immense stock will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE. First come first served We are anxious that you should take advantage of this great sale. A few of our prices:

Woms Btn Boots, 75c Women's Rubbers, 30c

1,000 prs Slippers at 50c.

1,000 prs Slippers at 50c.

Woms Lace Boots, 75c Women's Slippers, 40c



Children's Boots from 50c up.

Men's American Rubbers. 50c

Mens Overshoes (Snow Excluders) $1.37

Mens Hand Made Kip Boots, $3.10

BOYS BOOTS AT ANY PRICE YOU LIKE

FINE GOODS.

Ladies Sol Calf Button Boot for $1.50

Ladies French Kid Btn Boot for $2.35

Our Regular Price for Above was $2 and 3.25

Come and See this Stock before purchasing your Fall and Winter Footwear.

Remember that this is no advertising dodge to catch customers and that we are selling these goods at manufacturers prices to please the public.

We want to devote our time and invest our money in other business

NO GOODS SOLD ON CREDIT

JAS. H. DOWNEY,

ONE PRICE SHOE STORE.

North side Dundas-street, NAPANEE, ONT.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.] WITH SUPP

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., F

THE

Napanee Agricultural Works

OFFER A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

CORN AND POTATO CULTIVATORS.

Two styles are shown—the "Iron Duke" iron frame cultivator, and the "Herring Wooden Frame Cultivator." Several styles of steels can be selected from.

These cultivators are strongly made, the "Iron Duke" being a very ingenious piece of workmanship. Prices low.

Parties raising potatoes or corn will be amply repaid for the comparatively small investment by the increased output and the great saving of labor.

THE HERRING IMPROVED

New Model Mower

is again confidently placed before the farmers of these counties as a mower capable of doing work in a manner unsurpassed.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,

2588dtf. Barristers, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The undersigned offers to either sell, or rent, the south three-quarters of the east half of lot 27 in the fourth concession of Richmond. Terms very liberal. Apply to

2888dtf JOHN ENGLISH, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Manitoba Lands.

Parties wishing Manitoba Lands or Winnipeg Property may purchase or exchange for property in this vicinity by applying to

S. BURROWS,
2888z BELLEVILLE

NOTICE.

Those having claims against the late Hiram W. Johnson, farmer, of the township of Camden, in the county of Lennox and Addington, are requested to fyle the same with SILAS JOHNSON, Moscow P.O., on or before Friday, July 20, 1888.

SILAS JOHNSON,
WILLIAM PERRY,
NELLIE JOHNSON } Executors.

Camden, June 2nd, 1888 2888d

A. S. ASHLEY, L.D.S.,
NAPANEE ONT.

Years' Experience in Canada and the United States

Vitalized Air, the most pleasant and safest Anæsthetic known to the profession used in the extraction of teeth. Full setts, upper and lower, from $10 upards

Office—Albert Bl'kover Hinch & Co's store. 2288ly

HOUSE PAINTING

BY

S. W. PRINGLE

PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING, KALSOMINING, GLAZING, ETC.

First-class workmen. Prompt service and moderate charges.

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.

2088ly

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway Company will be held at the Company's offices, in the town of Napanee, on

Monday, August 13, '88,

at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of directors and general business.

W. R. AYLSWORTH,
Vice-President.

Napanee, Ont., June 25th, 1888. 3188d

BOATING,

BOATS TO LET

At DEY'S BOAT HOUSE, foot of Robert street.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

In the township of North Fredericksburgh, being part of lots 25 and 26 in the 4th con., containing 86 acres, situated in a healthy and pleasant location, close by Fredericksburgh station on the G T R Good buildings and never-failing well on premises; eighty acres cleared Good heavy soil watered by living stream running through it Will sell farm and crop, most grain; or farm only. Terms easy Apply on premises or by letter to

MRS ELIAS SMITH,
3188mtf Chambers, Ont

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel. 2288ly

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

CHANCERY DIVISION.

BETWEEN

The Hastings Loan and Investment Society vs **Sager, et al**

Pursuant to the judgment and order of this honorable court made in this action, there will be sold by

Public Auction,

with the approbation of SAMUEL SHAW LAZIER, Esq, Local Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario at Belleville,

AT THE COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE,

AT THE HOUR OF TWO O'CLOCK P. M. ON

Saturday, July 14, 1888

The following valuable

Grist Mill Property

Being composed of all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the village of Newburgh, in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, described in a deed from George Madden to the said Michael Davern, bearing date the 24th day of June, A.D. 1870, as follows; that is to say, as laid down on a plan of that part of said village, situated on the rear of Lot No. Seventeen, in the First Concession of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, commencing on the east side of Main street on the line between the property of George and Sylvester Madden; thence in an easterly direction along the said line three hundred and sixty-two feet; thence

is again confidently placed before the farmers of these counties as a mower capable of doing work in a manner unsurpassed.

Its simplicity commends itself, and the unsolicited praise bestowed on it last season by all purchasers and eyewitnesses of its working lead us to assert that it

Has no Superior

whole list of Canadian mowers. We confidently ask you to examine it, knowing you will be favorably impressed. Call and see the Mower at our works.

We trust to merit add receive, as formerly, the patronage of the people of these counties, and we invite all to inspect our works and view for themselves the large quantity of implements being turned out.

We call your attention especially to the

NEW SULKY PLOW

we are this season turning out. Kindly call and inspect it.

Buy Early and get the Advantage of Low Figures.

JOHN HERRING

Napanee Agricultural Works.
1688tf

BOATS TO LET

At DEY'S BOAT HOUSE, foot of Robert street. Open from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

A first-class stock of boats on hand. Furnished by the day or hour.
2388m **D. DEY.**

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,

Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 45871y

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DR. E. MENG,

Veterinary Surgeon.

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLLEGE, SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office:—Brisco House Block,
NAPANEE, ONT.

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 2288ly

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THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Ladies' Hair Cutting and Trimming a Specialty.

E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors, Toronto.

P.S.—Mr. Jas. Miller is still to be found at the parlors.
2788dtf

LOOK INTO THE

RESERVE BONUS PLAN

—OF THE—

Standard Life Assurance Co'y.

$100,000,000 Assurances. $32,500 000 Funds.

G. A. GATON
General Agent for the County
81y

SEASON OF 1888.

Davy's Island.

Ease, comfort, health and enjoyment for the summer months.

THE POPULAR BAY OF QUINTE SUMMER RESORT.

BOATS DAILY TO ALL BAY POINTS. LARGE DINING HALL AND COTTAGES FOR GUESTS.

Good fishing grounds; boats to hire; ice cream, lemonade and all summer refreshments

Special Terms for Families and Picnic Parties.

For full particulars address

MRS. JOHN CHRISTIE
2488m NAPANEE, ONT

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part of that part of said Village, situated on the rear of Lot No. Seventeen, in the First Concession of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, commencing on the east side of Main street on the line between the property of George and Sylvester Madden; thence in an easterly direction along the said line three hundred and sixty-two feet; thence southerly one hundred and thirty-seven feet across the canal to a line between George Madden and D. B. Stickney; thence southwesterly along the line between George Madden and D. B. Stickney forty-eight feet; thence southerly ninety feet more or less to the road running from Main street to D. B. Stickney's foundry; thence westerly along the north side of said road leading to D. B. Stickney's foundry one hundred and fifty-two feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Main street one hundred feet more or less to a road leading from Main street to the axe factory of R. F. Hope; thence westerly one hundred and eight feet to Main street; thence northerly along the east side of Main street to the place of beginning. Upon which land is erected a grist mill, house, mill shed and driving house, together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging; which said land and premises may be otherwise known as part of the lot or parcel the registered map or plan of the village of Newburgh, in the Township of Camden aforesaid, marked "G. Madden."

Together with and also the first right to the flow and the use of sufficient water flowing through the canal leading from the canal to the grist mill aforesaid to run two run of mill stones and the necessary machinery connected therewith in the state and position, and with appliances and wheels in use at said grist mill on the said 24th day of June, 1870, or such other machinery as would require an equal propelling power.

Also the right to use water for two additional run of stones when there is sufficient water in said canal in excess of the first right aforesaid, after Edward Jones or his privies in estate takes from the canal the water directed to them; and D. B. Stickney or his privies in estate takes what he is entitled to, and water equal in quantity to that leased at the date of the said deed (24th June, 1870) to R. F. Hope and Mr. Gaston. The said Edward Jones being now represented by John D. Ham, and said Hope and Gaston now represented by Billings Asselstine.

Together with all estates, rights, privileges or easements by him, said grantor, possessed, used or engaged to, in, or over, the tail-race from the above-described grist mill, upon condition that the said grantee, his heirs or assigns, shall be at half the expense of keeping the dam, raceway or canal, in an efficient state of repair.

Together with all the rights granted by said deed to the said Michael Davern, his heirs and assigns, to cross over and use such portions of the lands of the said George Madden, or which were the property of the said George Madden on the 24th day of June, 1870, as might be necessary or required to upon said dam and canal or raceway.

Reserving the right of the road leading from Main street to the old axe factory for the use and benefit of the public as a general highway or road.

There are erected upon said premises a stone grist mill, 10x60, 2½ storeys high, with three run of stones, mill shed, driving house and two-storey stone house.

The above property is situated in the village of Newburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, about eight miles from the Town of Napanee, and is a valuable water privilege situated on the Napanee river.

The said property will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the said Master.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of the purchase money at the time of sale, and the balance in one month thereafter.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Geo. D. Dickson, Q.C., Belleville.

Dated 13th June, 1880.

(Signed) **S. S. LAZIER,**
Local Master.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for Vendor, 2988e

E EXPRESS

IPPLEMENT

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

NT., FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888. VOL. XXVII. No. 31.

THE NEW POST OFFICE.

The Address to the Ministers—The Document Placed in the Stone—Banquet Notes.

Following is the full text of the address read by Mayor Cook to the Ministers at the laying of the corner stone of the new post office on Thursday of last week:

To Hon. Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs:

Honorable Sirs,—We, the mayor and members of the corporation of the town of Napanee, desire hereby to express to you our kindly feelings in this your official visit to our town.

It has seldom been our privilege to entertain Ministers of the Crown, and it is with more than ordinary pleasure that we this day extend to you a cordial welcome, so closely identified as you are with the great work of Confederation.

The result of your efforts, gentlemen, and those of your colleagues is that we have to day the Dominion of Canada embracing half a continent and spanned by the most extensive and magnificent railway system in the entire world.

Under your administration our seafaring facilities are prominently utilized, our water stretches brought into practical usefulness, and the commerce of our country has been steadily increased until our influence is now felt and acknowledged throughout both the eastern and western hemispheres.

But it is pleasing to know, gentlemen, that amid the great questions which must of necessity occupy your attention our wants here are not forgotten.

The beautiful edifice which, on behalf of the government, you are presenting to us to-day, will stand as a monument of your good will towards the County of Lennox, the pioneer district of the Province of Ontario.

We trust, Honorable Sirs, that your visit here will be most pleasant and agreeable, and that you will never have cause to regret the sacrifice which you must of necessity have made in honoring us this day with your presence.

The Banquet

at the Campbell House, was, if anything worse than the afternoon's "entertainment". Perhaps we should qualify this. If we take Worcester for it, a banquet is a feast. This there was on Thursday night, for mine host Johnson had even excelled his former efforts in this line. The bill of fare would be difficult to excell, Mr Johnson being complimented on all hands. Mrs Johnson also came in for considerable praise, the table decorations being such as to call forth encomiums. The large dining hall looked exceedingly pretty, being nicely decorated with bunting and flags. A portrait of Sir John hung at the head of the room. We previously said that if we take Worcester as authority for the meaning of a banquet there is no room for questioning. If, however, we take it in its more modern acceptance it was an absolute failure. The management was defective throughout. Finding that the running of things on political grounds during the afternoon was unpopular, the Wilson-Lapum clique endeavored to swing the banquet into a citizens' affair. It was no go, however. Notwithstanding that for two days previous different individuals did their best to sell the $5 tickets, some had to be given away in order that fifty (the number guaranteed Mr Johnson) might be made up. We are credibly informed that 51 sat down at the tables. As, according to the local Tory organ, "the attendance included the

We could if we felt inclined, make the assemblage look more ridiculous; suffice it to say that, taking out those who are directly interested in the new building, forty were present and in that number are included a number of parties who received complimentary tickets. In other words, the Tory Beaver notwithstanding, the gathering was not a representative one, of either the town or district, and on Wilson, Lapum & Co lies the blame.

After the good things had been partaken of, the following toasts were proposed and responded to in the order given: "The Queen", by the Venerable Archdeacon Bedford-Jones; "Her Majesty's Ministers" was responded to by Messrs Langevin and Bowell; "Those who have been instrumental in bringing the wants of the town to the notice of the Ministers", by Mr M. W. Pruyn, ex-M.P. and Uriah Wilson; "The Architect and Contractor", by Messrs G. Neelands, F. Bartlett and Geo Cliff; "The Corporation", Mayor Cook; "The Ladies" Messrs G. W. Goodwin, Jas E. Herring, and A. A. Richardson.

The Record.

The record placed in the stone read as follows:

The corner stone of this building was laid on the 21st day of June, 1888, in the fifty-second year of the reign of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, by the Hon. Sir Hector Langevin and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell.

The cost of the building is estimated at $30,000 and is erected by the government of the Dominion of Canada for the accomodation of the following offices in the town of Napanee: Post office, custom house, inland revenue office, gas inspectors office, weights and measures inspectors office, customs examining warehouse.

The contractor is George Neelands, Esq., of the city of Kingston; Thos. Fuller, Esq., of the Public Works Department, Ottawa, is chief architect; Frederick Bartlett, of Napanee, is local architect; James E. Herring, Napanee, is clerk of works.

The Governor General of the Dominion of Canada is Baron Stanley, of Preston, in the Peerage of Great Britain.

The cabinet ministers are Rt. Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B. Premier, etc., etc.; Hon. Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works; Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Railways; Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs; Hon. Sir Adolphe Caron, Minister of War; Hon. John Carling, Minister of Agriculture; Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue: Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, Minister of Justice; Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Secretary of State; Hon. G. A. Foster, Minister of Finance; Hon. C. H. Tupper, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Uriah Wilson, Esq., is sitting member for the riding of Lennox and John W. Bell, Esq., for the riding of Addington in the House of Commons.

The members of the Legislative Assembly, Toronto, are: W. W. Meacham, Esq., M. D., for Lennox and John S. Miller, Esq., for Addington.

The Dominion officials resident in Napanee, are W. H. Wilkison, Esq., Judge of the county court of Lennox and Addington, chairman of the general sessions of the peace and revising barrister for the electoral division of Addington. Gilbert Bogart, Esq., Postmaster; G. M. Elliott, collector of customs; Chas. B. Perry, landing waiter in H. M. Customs; W. L. Hamilton, Esq., inspector of inland revenue for the district of Kingston; Fleming Rowland, Esq., collector of inland revenue, division of Kingston.

The members of the municipal council of the town of Napanee are H. L. Cook, Esq., M. D., mayor; T. G. Carscallen, Esq., Reeve; E. S. Lapum, Esq., deputy reeve. Councillors: East Ward, John Fennell, Wilder Joy and W. T. Gibbard; West Ward, Chas. Lane, W. D. Madden

giving the names of the cabinet ministers, town officials, etc., was the penmanship of Mr. Jas. E. Herring, who has been privileged to write a number of similar documents. It is needless to say it was well done; more like printing than writing.

The deceit displayed in the management was even shown in the address. It was no wonder that there were expresions of surprise when the following clause was read: "The result of your efforts, gentlemen, and those of your colleagues, is that we have to-day the Dominion of Canada," etc., etc. The listeners naturally asked what had Bowell to do with confederation. He did not sit in the House until the year the united Provinces set out as the Dominion of Canada.

Reasons for the Fizzle.

As everything, as far as weather, etc, was concerned, was favorable to a great gathering it is quite natural that the people should ask "Why the Fizzle?" The reasons are numerous.

First and foremost it was through the conceit of Uriah Wilson, Ed. Lapum and Capt. Holmes, who undertook to run the affair themselves without consulting the other members of the committee; in fact they put on at least two names without even asking their consent.

Another reason is that it was run as a political affair. At first it was to be non-political, but Wilson and Lapum thought they could see a "boom" in it for themselves and took it in their own hands; as a consequence the people felt reluctant to aid them in working up a scheme for their own benefit.

The unsatisfactory manner in which replies were given to the query: "Is Sir John coming?" created distrust. Had Lapum and Wilson taken the townspeople into their confidence a much larger crowd would have been present, even had it been definitely announced that only Langevin and Bowell would speak.

The promises of Sir John and his following, re good times and crops, had much to do with the fizzle. Farmers felt sorely at the promises made but unfulfilled, and naturally kept aloof from anything that would tend to show their sympathy for the party in power.

The keeping of The Express in the dark concerning the affair had no little tendency to weaken the confidence of the public. When Lapum, as secretary, was asked for information, his reply was "Oh! Sir John, Hector and Mackenzie Bowell will be here." Had politics not been introduced there was no reason to withold information from the Reform journal. On the other hand, every reason that all information be furnished.

Another reason, and not the least either, was that the people had lost confidence in Lapum, through the mismanagement of the demonstration last year, and the utter disregard Wilson had for the state of the people when making his speech on commercial union in the House.

Many more reasons could be given, all pointing to the incompetency of Wilson and Lapum. These are sufficient, however.

$, tickets some had to be given away in order that fifty (the number guaranteed Mr Johnson) might be made up. We are credibly informed that 51 sat down at the tables. As, according to the local Tory organ, "the attendance included the leading gentlemen of the district," we give the names of those who were present and alongside those who were not present :

THOSE PRESENT.	THOSE NOT PRESENT.
Mayor Cook, presiding.	Rev. W. H. Emsley, Methodist,
On his right—	Rev. A. Young, Presbyterian,
Sir Hector Langevin,	Rev. E. N. Baker, Methodist,
Uriah Wilson, M.P.,	Father McDonough,
Archdeacon Bedford-Jones.	Not an official representative of the Board of Trade,
On his left—	Judge Wilkison,
Honorable Mackenzie Bowell,	Sheriff Pruyn,
Dr. Meacham, M.PP.,	W. P. Deroche, clerk of the county court,
M. W. Pruyn, ex-M.P.	Police Magistrate Daly
The other guests—	Postmaster Bogart,
John Herring, manufacturer, Napanee,	Robt. McCay, sheriff's officer,
George Neelands, post-office cont'ctor, Kingston,	Not a reeve or councillor of North Fredericksburgh,
Fred. Bartlett, architect of post-office, Napanee,	John J. Watson, division court clerk, of Adolphuston.
Jas. E. Herring, clerk of works at post-office, Napanee,	Two of Ernesttown's reeves,
Thos. Jamieson, baker,	Robt. Filson, ex-reeve of Amherst Island,
E. S. Lapum, deputy-reeve of Napanee,	Napanee's five newspaper men,
W. Jenkins, ex-merchant, of Centreville.	Neither of Richmond's reeves,
John Storms, farmer, Ernesttown,	The town clerk,
C. E. Bartlett, commission merchant, of Napanee,	Deputy-Sheriff Pruyn,
A. Fullerton, druggist,	Registrar Gibson,
W. Gurren, dry goods merchant, Napanee,	Ten of Napanee's lawyers,
F. W. Smith, jeweler,	The town treasurer,
T. G. Davis, councillor,	Division Court Clerk Hawley,
Alex. Henry, ex-mayor of Napanee,	J. W. Bell, M.P.,
J. Aylesworth, councillor, Napanee,	Five of the Napanee councilmen,
W. D. Madden, councillor, Napanee,	Not a representative of Sheffield,
G. W. Goodwin, saddler, Napanee,	None of the high school teachers,
Fleming Rowland, inland revenue officer, Kingston,	A. L. Morden, clerk of the peace,
Captain A. F. Holmes, gentleman, Napanee,	Not a representative of S. Fredericksburgh,
G. M. Elliott, customs officer, Napanee,	W. F. Hall, president of the Paper Co.
T. G. Carscallen, warden of Lennox and Addington Co., Napanee,	Not one of the town doctors—even Dr. Ruttan was absent.
John D. Ham, reeve of Newburgh,	With two exceptions, the manufacturers of the town.
W. Joy, councillor, of Napanee,	Not a member of the board of education.
Patrick Blake, furnisher of stone for post-office,	Gaoler Vanluven.
A. A. Richardson, merchant, Deseronto,	Not one of the bank officials.
Ogden Hinch, dry goods merchant,	A. T. Harshaw, merchant.
A. P. Booth, deputy-reeve of Ernesttown,	The Messrs. Downey.
Robt. Clapp, the twice defeated conservative candidate of Prince Edward,	Not a representative of the Rathbun Co.
Geo. Cliff, contractor of post-office,	H. Douglas, merchant.
Jno. N. Hough, farmer, N. Fredericksburgh,	H. B. Sherwood, supt. N. T. & Q. Ry.
W. J. Mellow, farmer, N. Fredericksburgh,	Bailiff Ham.
John Sagar Brown, farmer, Ernesttown,	Six of the town druggists,
W. N. Doller, retired farmer, Napanee,	With two exceptions, the grocers of the town.
John Wilson, shoemaker, brother of Uriah Wilson, M.P.,	J. R. Scott, vice-president of the paper company.
F. Burrows, inspector public schools,	Not a representative of the Farmers' Institute.
C. F. Wilkins, fishery inspector, Belleville,	The Messrs. Daly, tea merchants.
Hugh Milling, blacksmith, Napanee,	Not a member of the cheese board.
James Fennell, councillor, Napanee,	Elijah Storr, ex-reeve of Richmond.
T. A. Hodge, deputy-reeve of Camden,	With two exceptions, the dry goods merchants.
J. F. Tilley, printer,	Not a hardware merchant.
M. Parrott, grocer,	T. S. Henry, I. Lockwood and J. H. Gallagher, booksellers.
George Parrott, gentleman, Napanee,	Not one of the public school teachers.
G. F. Ruttan, barrister,	C. B. Perry, landing waiter,
Mr. Christie, The Empire reporter,	Not a representative of Adolphustown.
Kingston; Fleming Rowland, Esq., collector of inland revenue, division of Kingston.	

The members of the municipal council of the town of Napanee are H. L. Cook, Esq., M. D., mayor; T. G. Carscallen, Esq., Reeve; E. S. Lapum, Esq., deputy reeve. Councillors: East Ward, John Fennell, Wilder Joy and W. T. Gibbard; West Ward, Chas. Lane, W. D. Madden and E. K. Bowen; Centre Ward, Jehiel Aylsworth, John Carson and T. G. Davis.

The town officials are P. Embury, clerk; Robt. Easton, treasurer.

Board of Education: J. A. Sexsmith, chairman; C. J. Carlette, secretary; W. Templeton, J. P. Hanley, T. S. Henry, John Webster, Robt. McCay, W. F. Hall, H. V. Fralick, D. H. Preston, W. Coxall and A. L. Morden.

Committee of the day: U. Wilson, (M.P), T. G. Carscallen, J. Carson, T. G. Davis, W. T. Gibbard, W. Joy, John Fennell, W. D. Madden, E. K. Bowen, John Herring, Dr. A. Ruttan, M. W. Pruyn, (ex-M.P.) W. N. Doller, F. W. Smith, A. Henry, D. H. Preston, Jno. Downey, O. Hinch, A. W. Grange, A. T. Harshaw, John Paisley, Thos. Jamieson, A. F. Holmes, O. L. Herring. H. L. Cook, chairman; Coun. J. Aylsworth, treasurer; E. S. Lapum, deputy reeve, Secretary.

"God save the Queen."

Notes.

More flags were displayed than on the 24th May.

The absence of drunkenness throughout the day was quite noticeable.

The Ministers were driven round town during the afternoon by Mayor Cook.

The Ministers were guests at the Huffman House. It was decorated for the occasion.

The address to the Ministers was neatly penned by Mr. J. W. Robinson of Robinson & Co.

The near approach of the Ministers was announced by some tramp horn and bag pipe players and some harpers.

The reformers were hinted at as being pollywogs by Mackenzie Bowell. Think of a citizens' banquet after that !

The "record" above is an exact copy of the document placed in the stone. THE EXPRESS is the only paper giving it.

Had it not been for the townspeople there would have been very few more than can be seen on an ordinary Tuesday market day.

THE EXPRESS inserted in the stone was a copy of the issue containing the difficult nuts to crack given Uriah and his importations.

The 47th batt band came up from Ganan oque camp and played for the occasion. They were entertained at supper at the Campbell House.

Many were the expressions of dissapointment at the turn things had taken. What should have been a great demonstration amounted to nothing.

It will be noticed that the name of Hon. Mr. McLelan, the late incompetent Finance Minister, and more recently Postmaster General, was left out of the document placed in the stone.

A noticeable "feature" of the day was the absence of cheering. During the laying of the stone there was not a cheer until a Reformer suggested one ; then several faint ones followed.

One thing that must have been distasteful to Uriah was the credit given by Mackenzie Bowell to M. W. Pruyn, M. P., as the first to move in the way of securing the post office for Napanee.

Alex Henry and Uriah Wilson, M. P., accompanied Messrs Langevin and Bowell to Deseronto, where they were guests of Mr E. W. Rathbun until the departure of the str. Deseronto for Trenton.

Several of the committee of the day did not even receive an invitation to the banquet and others did not know they were on until after the banquet they saw a bill of fare with their names on.

The whole thing was a failure from beginning to end ; thanks to Uriah Wilson and Ed Lapum. Had they consulted the members of the committee it would have been otherwise. They chose, however, to run the show themselves and a fizzle of fizzles it proved.

The document placed inside the stone, regard Wilson had for the state of the people when making his speech on commercial union in the House.

Many more reasons could be given, all pointing to the incompetency of Wilson and Lapum. These are sufficient, however.

CHEESE.

1,500 boxes sold at Ingersoll on the 26th for 9¼.

The highest price paid at Peterboro board on Wednesday was 9¾

Two more cases have been before the Belleville police magistrate for tampering with milk. Judgment has been reserved.

On our supplement will be found the judgment of the police magistrate at Belleville in the case of Prof. Whitton against H. Lennox, for skimming and diluting milk, alluded to by Mr. McCargar at the meeting of the cheese board here last week. It should be read by all furnishing factories with milk.

A few days ago a couple of individuals met in THE EXPRESS office and commenced an argument regarding cream and milk in the manufacture of cheese. One contended that much of what was in the bulletins lately sent out was all "fudge" and that cream would not make cheese ; that cream during the process of manufacture was carried away, the milk making the cheese. The other held that it was all-important that the cream be retained in the milk ; the quality of the cheese depending greatly upon the richness of the milk. Our dairy editor held to the latter opinion, but not considering himself sufficiently versed to give a decided view, submitted the question to Prof. Robertson, of the Agricultural College. Here is his reply :

DEAR SIR,—Your letter of enquiry of 18th inst. has been duly received.

When fat is removed from milk by skimming, or withheld by the keeping back of the strippings, two effects are at once noticeable in the cheese made from such milk. A larger quantity of milk is required to yield a pound of cheese ; and the cheese is of inferior quality. The fat of milk is present in the shape of small globules, held in suspension by the milk serum. When milk is set these globules rise to the top and mainly constitute the cream. When milk is coagulated for cheese making the curd encases the globules and holds them in its own body. A small per cent. of them escapes in the whey, being rubbed off the surface of the pieces of cut curd. Fine Canadian cheddar cheese has, at least 30 per cent. of its weight made up by these fat globules. You will thus see that when they are removed very much less cheese can be made from a given quantity of milk. The cheese will also be inferior in richness of body and flavor as the natural flavor of milk mainly resides in the fat. I am, yours truly,

JAS. W. ROBERTSON.

Why Baking Powders are Best.

(From Hall's Journal of Health)

Baking powders properly compounded and containing pure cream of tartar, are more convenient than yeast ; and bread and pastry made with them are just as wholesome and far more palatable.

We are in entire sympathy with the manufacturers of the Royal Baking Powder—who commenced and are vigorously conducting the war against the use of adulterated baking powders.

Before committing ourselves, however, we made tests of a sufficient number of baking powders to satisfy ourselves that the substitution of alum for cream of tartar in their composition had not been over-estimated, while a careful examination of the Royal Baking Powder confirms our belief that Dr. Mott, the government chemist, when he singled out and commended this powder for its wholesomeness did it wholly in the interests of the public.

We do not hesitate to say that the Royal Baking Powder people deserve the gratitude of the community whom they are endeavoring to protect.

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LIKE AND UNLIKE.

By M. E. BRADDON,

Author of "Lady Audley's Secret," "Wyllard's Weird," Etc., Etc.

CHAPTER XXII.—Mr. Beeching's Ultimatum.

Mr. Beeching took a hansom and drove to a street off Cavendish-square, a street well known to all the best dressed women in London. As he drove along he debated what he should do for Mrs. Baddeley. He was so inherently a man of business—albeit he had never soiled his fingers with the grime of a city office—that it irked him to fling a hundred pounds into this harpy's maw, as a sop is flung to Cerberus. It would please him better to make some kind of bargain with the harpy, even if the transaction should cost him more than a hundred pounds. He wanted to get some advantage for his money.

He sent his card to Mrs. Ponsonby, and was at once admitted into the very sanctuary of the house near Cavendish-square—the lady's private room, study, office, or boudoir, which ever she might prefer to call it; and here he was recieved with gracious smiles by Mrs. Ponsonby herself.

She needed no explanation of his errand, for she had seen him in attendance upon the handsome Mrs. Baddeley at race-meetings and other places of public resort, whither Mrs. Ponsonby went occasionally to see how the world was using her customers. It was there that she made up her mind about all her doubtful patronesses, as to how far they might be worthy of her confidence. That which she saw at Hurlingham or at Sandown served as the chart by which she steered in dangerous seas. In the dressmaker's estimation of Mrs. Baddeley—whose acount was a bagatelle compared with other accounts—Mr. Beeching was an important factor. He had never crossed her threshold until to-day, and she felt pleased with herself for having written the letter that had brought him there.

She was not so pleased, however, after a quarter of an hour's conversation with Mr. Beeching.

Of money on account he would not give her a sixpence. If she were prepared to settle her account upon equitable terms, say thirty-three per cent., he would give her his cheque and take Mrs. Baddeley a receipt in full of all demands. If she were not disposed to accept this offer, she must look to Mrs. Baddeley alone for her money. He would have nothing to do with it. He knew what dressmaker's bills were, and the usurious profits they exacted. He was assured that thirty-three per cent. would pay for all that she had supplied, and leave a margin of profit. At any rate that was his ultimatum. Mrs. Baddeley had given him plenary powers. As for the gowns for this evening, Mrs. Baddeley could do very well without them. It was by her acting, not by her costume she was to please her audience. It was not to be supposed that he was to be frightened into paying an exorbitant account.

Mrs. Ponsonby held out for a long time. She was not in the habit of compromising an account. She was in no immediate want of money. She meant to have her due. Mrs. Baddeley would be obliged to pay her.

"My good soul, it is all very well to talk," replied Mr. Beeching, who was more at his ease in a business interview than in think I would allow you to be unhappy for the sake of a paltry hundred?" said Beeching, tenderly. "Oh, Leonora, how little you know me."

This was a plunge. He had never called her Leonora before.

Tory gave a short indignant bark, either at Mr. Beeching's familiarity or at his mistress's neglect.

"I have done something more than you asked," continued Beeching, still more tenderly. "I have got you out of debt. You don't owe Mrs. Ponsonby a shilling. There is the old account, and there is the account for your new gowns, both receipted."

"You darling! How can I ever be grateful enough?" How can I ever repay you?"

"You might repay me easily, if you tried, Leonora. Show me a little of that favor which you lavish so freely upon your sister's lover. Give me some of those smiles you give to St. Austell. Let me be something more to you than a stop gap and a convenience. Leo, you know that I adore you."

He drew nearer to her, regardless of Tory, whose yellow eyes were shining ominously.

"You won't refuse me a kiss, Leo?"

"One! Half a dozen if you like."

He sprang to clasp her waist, to press those exquisite lips, and was met by a cold black muzzle, which touched him for an instant, and was withdrawn just as it widened into a growl, preliminary to a snap. Mrs. Baddeley had snatched up Tory. He was to her as Medusa's head was to Minerva, and almost as invincible.

"My dear Beeching, I hope your kindness in helping me out of a difficulty does not make you forget that I have a husband in India," she said with dignity, and Beeching stood before her, crestfallen and angry, but unable to reply.

He began to understand that he was to write cheques whenever they were urgently wanted, but that he was to get nothing but afternoon tea and Tory's attentions for his money.

"You are very cruel," he said, sulkily. "Good day."

You'll come to see the play, dear Beeching," she said, as he was departing.

"I'll be——if I do!"

"Oh, I hope you won't be that; but I know you'll come to see Peg Woffington.'

He met the milliner's basket and the young woman just emerging from the left. He had none of that generous glow which is said to follow the doing of a good action. He felt angry and savage at being foiled.

"The next time she's in a difficulty she may whistle for me," he said to himself; but when eight o'clock came he could no more keep away from the Victorian Hall than a moth can keep away from a candle. It was so near his chambers in the Albany. He had not even to order his brougham. He just slipped on his overcoat, took one from half a dozen guinea tickets on his chimneypiece and walked to the place of entertainment. Carriages were setting down at the entrance. Lady Belfield, Helen and Sir Adrian were going in just in front of him, amongst a fashionable crowd. His stall was next but one to Helen's, and St. Austell occupied the seat between them.

"How odd that we should be side by

"And you go from party to party—from crowd to crowd—alone?"

"What do you mean by alone? I am under my elder sister's wing, always."

"I don't think that wing is quite enough to shelter you, Helen, I don't like to think of you about in society without your husband."

"I should see very little of society if I waited for Valentine to take me about. Do you know that I should have gone out of my mind a few months ago—gone melancholy mad—if Leo had not come to my rescue?"

"That is very sad, Helen. I must talk to my brother——"

"Don't! It would only make bad blood between us. It is all over with us as a devoted couple; it was all over directly after our honeymoon. I was so fond of him, and I thought we were going to be so happy together—not commonplace married people, leading commonplace semi-attached lives, but wedded lovers. I very soon found out my mistake."

"But you have only been married two years. You cannot be tired of each other yet. Valentine is too much accustomed to have his own way, and to seek his own amusement; but I have no doubt he loves you as fondly as ever."

"You have not seen us together, or you would know better."

"I cannot believe that there is any change in his feelings," persisted Adrian; "but I think the kind of life you are leading is calculated to estrange him. The knowledge that you are going about in society without him will make him more and more careless of his home, more intent upon his own pleasures."

They were at Mrs. Baddeley's door by this time.

"Good night," said Helen, offering Adrian her hand.

He pressed it gently, with a brother's kindly grasp.

"We may meet again, perhaps, before morning. I saw Glandore at the Junior Carlton, and he asked me to look at her ladyship's party, and hear Patti."

"*Au revoir*, then," said Helen, with an undefinable feeling that Adrian's presence would spoil the evening.

He had told her that he did not approve of her butterfly life; and she could not shake of the idea that he could read her thoughts and knew the downward road on which she was travelling.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Lake Shipping.

The traffic upon the Great Lakes is enormous, the tonnage passing through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal is in excess of that making use of the Suez. During the last season of navigation seventy-three vessels, of an aggregate tonnage of over twenty thousands tons, and a value, with their cargoes, of two and a half millions, were cast away on these waters. What proportion of these disasters is due to the fact that neither the United States nor Canada have as yet made any attempt to prevent unseaworthy vessels from plying upon the lakes as freighters, or the overloading of any but passenger craft? The Inspector General of steam vessels on the Great Lakes for the United States, has reported to Congress that there is no law of the United States regulating the loading of lake vessels, and that his department in fixing a limit to the depth to which passenger steamers may be loaded down to, had gone beyond its legal powers. As a result of the "Victoria" and "Waubuno" disasters, both the engines and hulls of all Canadian passenger vessels on the great lakes are inspected, and the number of passengers they may carry is fixed

Baddeley would be obliged to pay her.

"My good soul, it is all very well to talk," replied Mr. Beeching, who was more at his ease in a business interview than in society; "but can you get blood out of a stone? Can you get nine hundred pounds out of an officer's wife—a lady whose husband is being roasted alive at Candahar or somewhere, in order to keep body and soul together. *You* have made your mistake in trusting a lady in Mrs. Baddeley's sad position, and you ought to think yourself uncommonly lucky if you get a clear third of your account, without law expenses or bother of any kind."

"Mrs. Baddeley may not have money, but she has friends," argued the dressmaker, doggedly.

"No doubt she has friends—hosts of friends—but I take it I am the only one among 'em who would pay six and eight pence in the pound to get her out of difficuty. One thing I can assure you, Mrs. Ponsonby, I won't pay seven shillings. I have made my final offer."

He had his cheque-book in the breast pocket of his summer overcoat, the end showing distinctly against the silk lining. He touched the book lightly as he spoke, and that touch decided Mrs. Ponsonby.

She had felt some uneasiness about Mrs. Baddeley's account, and it was something to get the cost price of her materials, with the credit of having dressed a lady who was known and admired in a particular set, and who had brought Mrs. Ponsonby a good deal of custom.

I should be sorry to disoblige a lady for whom I have a great liking," she said, with a patronising air; "and rather than do that I will accept your cheque."

"And give me a receipt in full of all demands?"

"Yes, so far as the account you have there. The gowns that are to be delivered this afternoon are not in that account."

"What are they to cost?"

Mrs. Ponsonby looked at a document on her Davenport.

"Seventy-seven pounds eighteen shillings and ninepence."

"I'll add thirty-five to your cheque, and you can cross Mrs. Baddeley out of your books altogether."

"What! I am to take a third of my account and to lose my customer?"

"Not at all. She says there is no one in London but you who can make her a gown. She will go on dealing with you I have no doubt; but if she takes my advice she will always pay ready money, and always know what she is going to pay when she gives the order. You'll both of you find the system ever so much pleasanter."

"Not if my prices are to be cut down in this way," replied Mrs. Ponsonby.

There was a further discussion, but Mr. Beeching's logic and his cheque-book prevailed. He wrote his cheque, got the two receipted accounts, saw the milliner's basket deposited on the top of a cab, with a young woman in charge of it, and then drove back to Wilkie Mansions. He passed the four-wheeler and the big basket before he reached the Park.

Mrs. Baddeley was in her drawing-room, pale, anxious, but lovely, in a Japanese tea-gown, lime-blossom green, under a cloud of coffee-coloured lace.

"Dearest Beeching, have you got me my gowns?" she gasped, with clasped hands as he stood just within the doorway.

Tory, always eager to distinguish himself, rushed at the half open door and banged it, and then came back to his mistress on his hind-legs to ask for his accustomed reward of biscuit or sugar, but Leo was too agitated to think of Tory.

"Your gowns will be here in ten minutes, I passed them on the road. Could you

Helen and Sir Adrian were going in just in front of him, amongst a fashionable crowd. His stall was next but one to Helen's, and St. Austell occupied the seat between them.

"How odd that we should be side by side," said his lordship, loud enough for Lady Belfield to hear.

Helen made no answer. She was not yet mistress of those arts of hyprocisy which enable a woman to glide from flirtation to flirtation, and from intrigue to intrigue, with a bold front and a lofty crest. She had not passed the border line of guilt, and yet her head was bent by the burden of conscious shame. That slight droop of the head, and languid pensive air enhanced her beauty, in an age when brazen mirthfulness is the commonest attitude of woman. She had a fragile look, like a tall white lily bent almost to breaking. Some of her friends said she looked consumptive and would not last many seasons.

She knew that St. Austell had taken infinite trouble to get that stall next to her's. He had been with her at tea-time to find out the number of her seat—had been with her, they two alone, in the Japanese drawing-room—without even a Tory to make a diversion from perilous sentimentality—and then driven off to the Hall in a hansom to get his own number exchanged; and now he expected her to act surprise.

"Masks and Faces" was listened to with politeness and appropriate applause by people who remembered Fanny Sterling in the heyday of her charms as Peg Woffington; by people who could hardly dissociate the character from Mrs. Bancroft, and by other people who had seen Mrs. Bernard Beere. As for Mrs. Baddeley, her diamonds and her gowns were lovely. Her acting was easy and refined, and utterly undramatic; but she was above the level of her fellow performers, and was supposed by them and by herself to be taking the town by storm. Applause is given so freely to amateurs, since approval means nothing and compromises nobody. People who have been coaxed into buying guinea stalls for an old familiar play, must at least pretend to enjoy themselves, and the audience was fashionable, and could console itself with the idea that it was the right thing to be there.

Lady Belfield and her daughter-in-law parted in the vestibule. Helen was going on to a party in Regent Terrace with her sister. She had to go to Mrs. Baddeley's dressing-room and wait there while that lady changed her dress, which would be rather a long business no doubt. St. Austell offered to take her to her sister's room, but Adrian gave her his arm, as if by a superior right.

"If you'll take care of my mother, I'll be back in a few minutes," he said to St. Austell, as he walked off with Helen.

It was the first time she had touched his arm since they were affianced lovers, and her fingers trembled faintly as they rested on his sleeve. She had so many causes for agitation that night. St. Austell's pursuit, unobtrusive, but fatal: her fear of her husband's return, which might occur at any moment; and now her dread of this grave, earnest brother-in-law, whom she had wronged in the past, and whom she shrank from in the present as from one who had an occult power to read her heart.

"You are looking pale and tired, Helen," said Adrian, as they went along a passage leading to the back of the Hall, "Must you really go to a party to-night?"

"I am due at two. There is Lady Glandore's musical evening, which I would not miss for worlds, and a dance afterwards—a late dance— which means coffee and carriages at six o'clock to-morrow morning."

"I believe you are killing yourself with this kind of life.

"Oh, but it is only a spurt: it lasts so short a time. 'A rose's brief bright life of joy,' as somebody has said."

As a result of the "Victoria" and "Waubuno" disasters, both the engines and hulls of all Canadian passenger vessels on the great lakes are inspected, and the number of passengers they may carry is fixed by competent authorities, so that in this respect Canada is in advance of the United States. Unfortunately, however, for the sailors, there is no Government inspection of the hulls of vessels engaged in carrying freight, nor is there any attempt at regulating the manner in which these vessels are loaded. The disinclination of the underwriters to insure a vessel that is so rotten as to be too great a risk, has, doubtless, a certain effect for good, but in many cases it simply drives unseaworthy vessels out of the hands of responsible shipowners into those of unscrupulous men, who may be clever enough to place the risk and make money out of the loss of the vessel. The tendency to overload even sound vessels upon the lakes, where for days together the water is as smooth as that of a mill pond, is very great, especially when rates are low. When a few hundred bushels extra makes all the difference between a profitable trip and a dead loss, the captain that will not run the risk of a "snorter" catching him is much more prudent than are the most of the lake men. When a craft, unseaworthy through lack of strength, sail area, or steam power, is sadly overloaded, it does not require very much of a gale to produce a disaster. A barge foundered in Lake Ontario a short time ago, which was simply a floating coffin, and within a few days a small schooner went down in the same lake within fifteen miles of her port of departure, having been fatally injured by merely touching the bottom. It is not wonderful, therefore, that the lake sailors should have asked Parliament to insist upon the inspection of hulls and rigging, boats and life preservers, and the establishment of a "Plimsoll's mark" on the great lakes. Mr. Foster, late Minister of Marine and Fisheries, has, since Parliament adjourned, promised them a bill which will bring this about, and it is to be hoped that the Americans will take similar action.

The Beef-Eater are the Bosses.

The history of the whole world shows that the beef-eating peoples of the world are foremost in peace and war, art and science. That has been the history of our race, and will be to the end of recorded time. .... In Great Britain the average consumption of each individual was 105 pounds per annum, in France 74 pounds, in Germany 69 pounds, in Russia 48 pounds, in Italy 23 pounds, in Austria 64 pounds, in Spain 49 pounds, in Scandinavia 67 pounds, and in United States 120 pounds. In Great Britain the consumption annually was 105 pounds, and in the United States 120 pounds' so that the two great English-speaking peoples of the world, the foremost in empire and civilization, Great Britain and the United States, are the largest beef consumers of the nations upon the face of the earth

Looking for Something Choice.

"Eany good butter?" inquired an old lady of the grocer.

"There's never any flies on our butter, madam."

Then the old lady, whose knowledge of English is limited, said:

"Well, if flies won't eat it, 'taint good enough fer me," and she went across the way where only the choice brands are sold

The Brute!

Wife—"Dear me, John! What's the baby doing with that paint-box?"

Artist Husband (taking it from the baby)—"Just trying to mix the colors on his palate, my love."

To an Aerolite.

BY E. H. S.

Thou secret of another world!
Tossed flaming from thy troubled rest;
Unerringly through darkness hurled
On this strange planet's syl an breast.
Pray tell me of thy silvery course,
Across the unending universe.
Didst hear the musick of the spheres,
Accompanying the chaunt of years?
Sad meteor in thy course through night,
Didst see the hosts arrayed in white?
The spectre dead of earth that hover
About it, whirling on through space;
Keeping for aye an equal pace,
Beneath night's murk, and day's blaze cover.
Hissing awhile with fury heat,
Soon cold thou growest at my feet;
Thy fiery hue is fading fast,
Thy strange unearthly look has passed,
The change grows more and more complete;
Now thou art black and cold at last.

Through thy swift passage through the sky,
Thou wast watched by a maiden's eye;
She watched thee from the dewy grove
And breathed a tender wish of love:
For Hylas was the gentle sigh,
And still she held her eyes above,
"You were not kind to him yestern,"
Said mystick memory in turn—
"He loves you still" the same voice said;
The maiden dropped her gentle head,
And held her white hand to her breast,
The fluttering heart that would not rest;
She whispered "would indeed that I
Had been more kind by being less shy;
By yonder blazing orb that fell,
I felt full more than I would tell;
I love poor Hylas all in all,
Oh would that he might hear me call;—
But hark! the clinging thicket stirred,
The woven branches broke asunder,
A voice said, "Sweet, I heard each word,
Nor fly away in timorous wonder.
My heart was sore and so I came
To be near thee and dream away
Into the night my piteous flame,
And only leave you to the day—
But oh, I love you, I was weary,
Confronted with my heart alone,
I did not mean to hear, when here I
Came wandering, but I heard you moan
And couldn't help what I have done—"
'Twas Hylas, and the beauteous maid
Blushed at the words that he had said,
Nor unto Hylas would she own,
The soft words spoken when alone.
But he had seen into her heart,
And seen it and had heard it speak;
Love taught him better far than art:
He only kissed her tender cheek.
Kisses draw love from where it lingers;
It shines in eyes and darts from fingers.

Thou silent meteor lying so,
Thy ebon night sky was thy bridge;
And little, little didst thou know
Thou came to be a lover's pledge.

But, ho, there was a sadder scene
Here in the sombre earth's demesne.
The little stars that brightly glitter,
The streaks of stars and myriads there,
That deckt the pale moon's golden litter,
Looked down upon a dead man's bier.
With burning, sunken, fevered eye,
The dying soldier swept the sky;
He thought again of war's and battle;
He heard again the drum's wild rattle.
Ere death we go back over life's story
And flush with its forgotten glory.
The moon shone, he gazed long at her,
As thou, swift-pinioned meteor
Flashed by, he gasped and dropped his head,
Whispering—"My Death Star," and was dead

Oh messenger from worlds unknown!
Traverser o' the skies alone!
Mysterious secret, tangible,
What is thy mute strange-hidden spell?
Herald of love and death!—Oh hold your
Hot wings of fire—Death to the soldier
That pillar like for a nation stood—
And love to children in the wood.

McGILL UNIVERSITY, 1884

Summer Twilight.

BY J. R. WILKINSON

I sit at the twilight hour
Just where the roses sleep;
And the thoughts that come unto me
Are, oh! so calm and sweet.
I list for the sound of a footfall
I know will come to me,
At the golden glow of sunset,
When shadows steal o'er the sea.

And restful, and soul-refreshing
As dew to the drooping flower;
Inwardly invigorating,
Imparting new life and power.

A $60,000,000 W. W. Scheme.

The people of Paris, France, are discussing a scheme submitted by a Swiss engineer to the municipality for furnishing the city with an ample supply of drinking water from Lake Neufchatel, Switzerland, at a cost of $60,000,000. The distance between the lake of Neufchatel and Paris 312 miles, and the surface of the lake is 1,620 feet higher than the mean level of Paris, its total area covering 140 square miles. This vast body of water, even if it were not replenished, would be sufficient to supply Paris for two years at the rate of 133 gallons per head per day, the level of the lake falling no more than three feet, and the water would arrive in Paris at a temperature of 50 degrees Fahrenheit. It is not proposed to take the water from the surface of the lake, but to draw it off by an underground heading 262 feet below the surface of the lake, where it has a temperature of only 43 degrees. The water would be taken through a tunnel twenty-two miles long under the Jura Mountains to the Dessoubre valley, in the department of the Doubs, and thence in an arched conduit along the slopes of the hills to Paris, where it would arrive still at an elevation of 394 feet. As the present reservoirs of Paris have an elevation of only 295 feet, raising the fall, or pressure, by 100 feet, with a flow of 4,400 gallons per second, would give a tremendous motive power.

The Use of Spectacles.

A vast amount of popular misapprehension and prejudice exists as to the use of spectacles. Many persons who need them object to wearing them for various reasons. Some fear that it will lead their friends to suspect that they are getting old. Others think it will cause them to be suspected of wishing to appear learned or cultured. Some persons do not want to begin to wear them lest, having acquired the habit, they may not be able to leave them off or to see well without them. Others, again, object to glasses only on account of their inconvenience. I have personally met with many of all these classes of persons, but I have frequently heard of another class that I have never met with, namely, those who do not need glasses, but who wear them just for effect and to attract attention. Now, the simple truth is that there are just two good reasons for wearing spectacles, and only two. One is that we may see better, the other is that our eyes may be relieved of strain. Often both these reasons are combined in the same case.—Professor David Webster, M. D.

Eli Perkins Was Too Funny.

Eli Perkins, the humorist, was too humorous the other day. He wrote a letter to D. W. Caldwell, the general manager of the Nickel Plate railway line, asking for a pass to Chicago. Thinking to be funny he added this postscript:—"P. S. I enclose you $5—if you can find it." Mr. Caldwell is a generous but somewhat austere man. He answered the letter in due course of business, ostensibly granting the favour, but inclosing no pass. Here is the postscript he added to his reply: P. S. "I enclose you pass—if you can find it." Eli had been too funny.—Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.

The Effect of Too Much Education.

"I understand you ran away from a polecat the other night," said Colonel Yerger to Sam Johnsing.

"Dat's jess what I did."

"With considerable alacrity, I suppose, when you learned the nature of the animal."

"No, sah, with contrifugal force, sah," replied Sam, who is attending a night school.

STATISTICS.

The great Montezuma irrigating tunnel, in Colorado, has been completed. This tunnel is over a mile long and runs under one of the ranges of the mountains composing the Rockies. With the fifty miles of canal, it will convey the water of the Dolores river over the richest agricultural valley in Colorado. Over 200,000 acres of land will be reclaimed by this enterprise.

The total mileage of pipes for natural gas in the United States is not far from 2,000 miles, not including small pipes for individual use. One-fifth of this quantity of pipes is laid in the city of Pittsburg. The gas wells of Pennsylvania produce from 1,500,000 to 15,000,000 cubic feet a day. High and low pressure wells are also found in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, and as far west as Kansas. The total consumption of gas for 1887, as estimated by coal displacement, was equivalent to 10,000,000 tons of coal.

The Mississippi river is again on the rampage. Its great volume of water, swollen by the immense floods pouring down from its headwater tributaries in Minnesota and Wisconsin, is overflowing its banks and breaking through its levees, carrying widespread destruction in its course. That long, narrow valley, known as the Sny bottoms, lying between the river and the bluffs, a strip fifty miles by five of the richest land in the world except, perhaps, the Valley of the Nile, is now a lake, its crops destroyed, its hopeless and homeless people flying to the highlands, a million dollars' worth of crops upon which they depended for their coming year's sustenance ruined.

New York World:—The number of Americans going to Europe this year is greater than ever before. The Atlantic steamship companies are having all they can attend to, and could make use of many more vessels than they own. It is becoming, more and more clear that there is a brilliant future in store for Europe as an American summer resort. Though we have a population now of but 60,000,000 people, we already largely support the inhabitants of many interesting localities in the effete monarchies. By the time we reach 200,000,000 it can readily be understood that the energies of the Europeans will be mainly devoted to securing a living through making it pleasant for us over there during our pleasure tours and sojourns for health.

A recent dispatch from London says: "Russia is beginning to be regarded with particular suspicion. The latest reports say that she now has three corps of armed men on her western frontier. She has recently strengthened her navy and during the last month has shown a change in activity in the way of military preparation. It is now noted that Russia has a better opportunity for raiding the East than she has had for years. Germany is sorely troubled by the uncertain condition of the Emperor. England is unprepared for war, and has home-rule divisions at home to prevent harmonious action against swift aggressive action on the part of Russia towards the East. Germany has, through Bismarck, shown such conciliatory tendencies towards the Czar that Russia regards that country as good as neutral. Austria it does not care for, France is now an ally, Russian finances are at their worst, and might be remedied by the capture of a new territory. Outbreaks and insurrections are constantly being fomented by Russian agents in the East. It is believed here that Russia intends within the next month to make a positive showing of an aggressive Eastern policy. In financial circles great uneasiness is beginning to be felt.

In a recent lecture in London, England,

And restful, and soul-refreshing
As dew to the drooping flower;
Inwardly invigorating,
Imparting new life and power.
And thus removed from the turmoil
Of day, with its din and strife;
I listen in calm contentment
To the hum of insect life.

And the songs I hear in the branches,
Just stirred by the wandering breeze;
A concert of birdling music
Thrilling my heart's glad ease.
The silvery, mystic moonlight
Enfoldeth the earth and sea;
And the summer night is throbbing
In nature's harmony.

O, sun, and sea, and shadow;
O, eve, with thy soft twilight;
I revel amid your splendor,
Enwrapt in deep delight.
Aleene, I await thy coming,
And the clasp of thy gentle hand;
To wander in blissful dreaming
Near Heaven's border-land

The Vehicle of Thought.

BY WILL T. JAMES.

As music floats upon the air
In undulating waves of sound,
So thoughts of savants swell and bear
Their import all the world around,
Launched with a mythic mercury's flight
Upon Illiteracy's dark night.

As knowledge in her chariot rides
Across the sable wilderness
Of Error, like a mist divides
Man's mental chaos, and the press—
The car in which she onward sweeps—
O'er bigot-builded barriers leap.

Gleaming with fire, its golden wheels
Reflect the splendor of the sun
Of Truth althwart a world that feels
Their emanations as they run,
Rejoicing as its fulgent glow
The paths of wisdom clearly show.

Each gilded spoke in brightness turns,
Diffusing radiance o'er the land;
While they o'ershadow him who spurns,
They crown with halos Caxton's band,
Adding more lustre to the name
Of him whose talents merit fame.

Speed on triumphant, ever fraught
With treasures rich as earth's best gem
Men but assimilate the thought
To wear the scholar's diadem.
Beneficence no more could bless
Mankind than with a pure, free press

He Knew What a Mountain Was.

It was in a Tar Flat school a week or two ago. The school teacher was worming the usual kind and amount of information out of the boys. At length she asked the question:

"What is a mountain?"

That seemed to stump the class for a minute. Finally a little hand was timidly held up.

"Well, do you know what a mountain is?"

"I guess I know."

"What is it?"

"It is a lot o' land pointin' up in the air."

Preparing For Him.

Young Featherly (waiting for Miss Clara)—"And so your sister expected me to call this evening, did she, Bobby?"

Bobby—"Yes, sir, I guess she did. I heard her tell ma that she had set the clock an hour ahead."

Mitchell. R. K. Coutts.

In this century the population of London has increased fourfold and its area about fifteenfold. Every year some 70,000 fresh souls are added to the population by immigration or birth. Every ten years there is added to London by immigration alone the population of a city as large as Lisbon or Bristol; and by immigration and birth together there is added a population as large as that of St. Petersburg or Vienna.

when you learned the nature of the animal."

"No, sah, with contrifugal force, sah," replied Sam, who is attending a night school.

"Centrifugal force! What do you know about that?"

"Dat which goes away from a given scenter. Heah! heah! Didn't you nebber study jogerfy?"

She Thought So, Too.

"I think," said the minister, who was visiting a parishioner, "that it is easier to coax children than to drive them. Gentle words are more effective than harsh ones."

"I think so, too," said the lady tenderly. Then she raised her window and suddenly shouted to her boy; "Johnnie, if you don't come in out of that mud-puddle I'll break your back.

Giving Up a Career.

"I'm goin' to be a soldier, ma, when I grow up," said Bobby, as he crawled into bed, "and fight in wars and battles."

"All right, Bobby; now go to sleep."

In the morning she shook him for the fourth time and said;

"Bobby, you *must* get up; the idea of a soldier lying abed at this hour!"

"Well, ma," said Bobby, sleepily. "I've changed my mind about being a soldier."

The Time to Lay in Stock.

Aunt Dinah (reading the paper)—I sees, Rastus, by de papah, dat poultry am quoted as wery quiet.

Not Safe to Leave it Around.

Colored Deacon—"Sister Simonades, ain't you 'fraid dat boy of yourn'l take de meningitis, runnin' wild all ober town?"

Sister S.—"Well, brudder, I'se tried to raise dat chile right, but if dey leab any of it whar he kin git his hands on it, he's more'n likely to steal it, de trifflin' nigger!"

A Heavy Domestic Expense.

Customer—"Some children's shoes, please."

Dealer—"Yes, sir. Now, there is an excellent make of shoe. How old is the child?"

Customer (with a sigh)—"Child! I have nine of 'em. Show me to the wholesale department.

The Air Better than the Words.

As the last note of "Comin' through the Rye" trembled on the air, she turned to her escort and said:

"Is it not exquisite, Col. Blood?"

"Ye-es," assented the Colonel, in a half-hearted tone of voice, "the air is fine, but down our way, Miss Breezy, we go in more for Bourbon, you know."

A curious sight was to see in Boston the other day during the rain a wet umbrella leaning against the wall outside a railway office. A country visitor did not wish to carry the dripping head protector within the precincts of the office, and there it remained for fully a half hour without molestation. Hundreds were the questive glances cast at the tempting article, and occasionally some pedestrian unsupplied with such protection would advance a step or two toward it, but would then draw back and go his way, evidently thinking it was a trap. Had the countryman left it inside the door, or in any less prominent place, it would undoubtedly have disappeared almost immediately upon leaving his hand, but there it was secure, and has probably settled the vexed question as to the safest place to leave an umbrella.

of an aggressive Eastern policy. In financial circles great uneasiness is beginning to be felt.

In a recent lecture in London, England, Mr. T. D. Mocatti gave some interesting details respecting the present number of Jews in the world, and their distribution. He estimated their whole number as between 8,000,000 and 10,000,000. Of these about 100,000 are found in the United Kingdom, seven-tenths of them living in London, Germany contains 600,000; France, 70,000; America, 500,000; Persia, from 40,000 to 50,000. Large numbers of them dwell in Northern Africa and Abyssinia, and there has been a large influx of Jews to Palestine during the present century from other parts of the Turkish dominions, and from Poland, Russia and Central Europe. The Turkish government shows entire toleration towards them, but is not favourable to their further immigration. Mr. Mocatti says the condition of the Jews in the Holy Land is not a happy one. There is but little outlet for their energies. A large number give themselves entirely up to Hebrew study, while the bulk of them eke out a miserable livelihood by small industries, apparently aided, but in reality intensified in pauperism, by the pernicious system of "Halukah" or distribution of alms sent from various countries, which are doled out among the Jewish population in small sums.

A Useful Invention.

A Prairie avenue inventor, who has six daughters, has applied for a patent on a parlour alarm clock. His application reads thus:—"What I claim is the combination and arrangement of the various cams, levers and gongs, in conjunction with wires, batteries and explosives, whereby the clock is made to sound a loud and distinct warning at 11 p.m., and at the end of five minutes thereafter to explode a charge of dynamite on the under side of the seat of each and every occupied chair in the room, substantially as and for the purposes set forth."—[Chicago Tribune,

FORCE OF HABIT.

She was a pretty salesgirl;
He asked for a kiss,
For he was the accepted
Of the fair and blushing miss.
She gave him one, and as she drew
Her rosy lips away,
"Is there," she asked in trembling tones,
"Anything else to-day?"

The Buffalo Billeries.

An English provincial paper says that the Buffalo Billeries will be exhibited this summer in the borough of Erastina, in the Province of Staten Island, and that an expedition has been sent to the interior of the province to capture a number of wild Indians for the show.

It is said that no one can arrest the flight of Time; but who is there who is not able to stop a minute.

Activity is the price of strength. Tie your arm tight to your side, giving it no motion, and its strength will flee away from the conquering palsy. The oak, that king of trees, girds itself with giant might because it is full of activity; energy runs through a thousand roots gathering the strength of the soil and building it into the heart of the oak; activity runs through a million leaves and gathers the commerce of the air and the sunlight to enrich the strength of the magnificent giant. Man no less must be full of bustling, busy activity, else he cannot be strong in the years of life nor staunch in the tests of manhood.

NUTTIE'S FATHER.

BY CHARLOTTE M. YONGE.

CHAPTER XXXVI.—NUTTIE'S KNIGHT.

"The night came on and the bairnies grat,
Their minnie aneath the mools heard that."

"LINDHURST, 4th July.—Philip Dutton to Miss Egremont. Found. Waterloo, 6.15."

"I knew he would," said Nuttie, with a strange quietness, but as she tried to read it to her father her voice choked, and she had to hand it to Annaple. But for the first time in her life she went up and voluntarily kissed her father's forehead. And perhaps it was for the first time in *his* life that the exclamation broke from him, "Thank God!"

Perhaps it was well that the telegram had not come earlier in the day, for Mr. Egremont was very restless, showing himself much shaken in nerves and spirits before the time for driving to the station, which he greatly antedated. Nuttie could hardly keep him in the carriage, and indeed had to persuade him to return thither, when he had once sprung out on the arrival of a wrong train.

And after all, when the train did come his blue spectacles were directed to the row of doors at the other end, and Nuttie was anxiously trying to save him from being jostled, when a voice said "Here!" and close beside them stood Mr. Dutton, with a little boy close by his side who looked up in her face and said "Sister!" It was said in a dreamy, almost puzzled way, not with the ecstatic joy Nuttie had figured to herself; and there was something passive in the mode of his hearing his father's "My boy, my boy!" Instinctively all turned to the harbour of the carriage; Mr. Dutton lifted Alwyn in, and as Nuttie received him, a pang shot across her, as she felt how light, how bony the little frame had become in these three weeks.

"Come in! Come back with us! Tell us all!" said Mr. Egremont, as Mr. Dutton was about to help him in.

"My dog," said Mr. Dutton, while Alwyn looked up from nestling in Nuttie's lap to say, "Mithter Button come. And Mothu!"

"We have room for him," said Mr. Egremont graciously. "Here, poor fellow."

"He has the right," said Mr. Dutton, "for he was the real finder."

And Monsieur, curly and shiny, occupied with great dignity the back seat beside his master, while Alwyn, in a silent but dreamy content, as if he only half understood where he was, rested against his sister's bosom with his hands in his father's.

"Come, old chap," said his father cheerily, "tell us all about it."

But Alwyn only shuddered a little, raised his eyelids slightly, and gave a tiny faint smile.

"I think he is very much afraid," said Mrs. Dutton. There was a good deal to be done to make him presentable this morning. You must forgive me for sacrificing his curls, there was nothing else to be done with them."

"Ah!" and Nuttie looked again. The boy was in a new, rather coarse, ready-made, sailor suit that hung loosely upon his little limbs, his hair was short, and he was very pale, the delicate rosy flush was quite gone, and with it the round outline of the soft cheek; and there were purple marks under the languid eyes. She bent down and kissed him saying, "Was Mr. Dutton nurse to you, Wynnie?"

He smiled again and murmured, "Mr. Dutton made me boy a ain."

After a question and answer or two

"Yes," said Mr. Dutton; "I verily believe we might have missed one another, but Monsieur ran up to him and, as I was actually whistling him off, I heard a little voice say, 'Mothu! Mothu!' and saw they were—well, embracing one another, and then came 'Mithter Button, Mithter Button, oh, take me home!'"

Eager caressing hands were held out to Monsieur, who jumped off the seat to receive the pats and laudations lavished on his curly round pate, and had to be reduced to order before Mr. Dutton could answer the question whether he had any further difficulty or danger.

"I took him up in my arms, and a handsome truculent-looking woman burst out on me, demanding what I was about with her caild. To which I answered that she knew very well he was no such thing. Her man came swaggering up, declaring impudently that I had better be off—but I believe he saw that the people who came round would not take his part, for he gave in much more easily than I expected. I explained as loud as I could that this was a gentleman's son who had been stolen from his nurse in the Park. The man began to protest that they had found him deserted, and taken him with them out of charity, requesting to be paid for his keep. So I thought it better to give them a sovereign at once, so as to have no further trouble, and get him away as fast as I could. The woman came after me, making further demands, but the sight of a policeman in the distance turned her back. I went up to him and explained. I found he knew all about the loss and the reward, and looked regretfully at my prize. We went back to the hotel, where I saw Alwyn to rights as well as I could, sent out for some clothes, such as the place would produce, and which at least, as he says, made a boy of him again. I'm afraid the process was rather trying from such unaccustomed hands, though he was very good, and he has been asleep almost all the way home, and, his senses all as in a dream bound up."

The heaviness—whether weariness or content, still continued. Alwyn seemed to find it too much trouble to talk, and only gave little smiles, more like his mother than himself. He clung quite desperately to his sister when Mark offered to lift him from the carriage, but nurse was close behind, and it was good to see the little arms stretched out, and the head laid on her shoulder, the hand put up to stroke her cheek, and the lips whispering "Wyn's own nursie." The jubilant greeting and triumphant procession with which he was borne upstairs seemed almost to oppress him. He appeared almost as if he was afraid of wakening from a happy dream, and his lively merriment seemed all gone; there were only beams of recognition and gladness at "Wyn's own nursery," "Wyn's own pretty cup," touching it as if to make sure it was real, and pleased to see the twisted crusts, his special treat.

But he could not eat much of them, and soon laid his head down as one weary, with the exhaustion of content; and nurse, who had allowed that Mr. Dutton had, considering all things, done much for the outward restoration of the daintiness of her recovered child, was impatient to give him the hot bath and night's rest that was to bring back the bright joyous Alwyn. So Nuttie only lingered for those evening prayers she had yearned after so sorely. When she held his mother's picture to him to be kissed, he raised his eyes to her and said: "Will she come to me at night now?"

"Who, my darling?"

"She, mother dear."

"Here's her picture, dear boy."

"Not only the picture—she came out of it[illegible]

the dining-room door was shut. "I must feast my eyes on him.

Annaple replied by throwing an arm round her and looking into her eyes, kissing her on each cheek, and then, as they reached the landing in the summer twilight, waltzing round and round that narrow space with her.

"You ridiculous person!" said Nuttie. "Do you mean that you saw!"

"Of course I did; I've seen ever so——"

"Nonsense! That's impossible——"

"Impossible to owls and bats perhaps, but to nothing else not to see that there was one sole and single hero in the world to you, and that to him there was one single being in the world; and that being the case——"

"But, Annaple, you can't guess what he has always been to me."

"Oh! don't I know?—a sort of Archbishop of Canterbury and George Heriot rolled into one. So much the more reason, my dear, I don't know when I've been so glad in my life than that your good times should be coming."

"They are come in knowing this! It is only too wonderful," said Nuttie, as they stood together among the plants in the little conservatory on the way upstairs. I always thought it insulting to him when they teased me about him."

"They did, did they?"

"My father, incited by poor Gregorio. Oh, Annaple! don't let any one guess till we know how my father will take it. What is it, Ellen?" as the nursery-maid appeared on the stairs.

"If you please, ma'am, Mrs. Poole would be glad if you are coming up to the nursery."

They both hastened up and nurse came out to meet them in the day nursery, making a sign to Ellen to take her place by the cot, and withholding the two ladies. She made them come as far off as possible, and then said that she was not at all satisfied about Master Alwyn. There had been the same drowsiness and disinclination to speak, and when she had undressed and washed him, he had seemed tender all over, and cried out and moaned as if her touch hurt him, especially on one side where, she felt convinced, there was some injury; but when she asked about it his eyes grew frightened and bewildered, and he only cried in a feeble sort of way, as if sobs gave him pain.

She had soothed him, and he had gone into his own bed with the same gentle languid gladness, but had presently begun moaning, and imploring in his sleep, wakening with screams and entreaties, "Oh, I'll do it! I'll try" and she thought him very feverish. Would it not be better that a doctor should see him?

Nurse was always an alarmist, and Nuttie could not help thinking that to wake the child to see a stranger to-night would only add to his terror and distress, while Annaple declared her entire belief that though no doubt the poor little fellow had been cruelly knocked about and bruised, a night's rest would probably restore his bright self, and make all that was past only like a bad dream. There was no judging to-night, and sleep was wonderful reparation to those little beings.

Then however the moans and murmurs began again, and now the awakening cry. They started forward, and as Nuttie came to the cot-side the child threw himself into her bosom with, "Sister! Sister! It is sister!" but his eyes grew round with terror at sight of Annaple, and clinging tightly to Nuttie, he gasped, "Send her away! don't let her touch me! Fan's not here!"

To tell him she was Cousin Annaple, Billy's mamma, had no effect; he did not seem able to understand, and she could only retire—

Dutton nurse to you, Wynnie?"

He smiled again and murmured, "Mr. Dutton made me boy a ain."

After a question and answer or two as to main facts of place and time of the discovery, Mr. Dutton told his story. "I did not effect much with my inquiries after the circuses. All I heard of were of too superior an order for kidnapping practices However, I thought the only way would be to haunt fairs and races, and look at their camp followers. At a place in Hertfordshire I saw a performance advertised with several children as fairies, so I went to see it. I was soon satisfied that Alwyn was not there; but it struck me that I had known the face of the prime hero, a fine handsome supple fellow, who was called in the programme Herr Adalbert Steinfuggen, or some such name. Well, it seemed that he knew me, for as I struggled out after a considerable interval, I heard myself accosted, 'Mr. Dutton! Sir, surely have the honor of speaking to Mr. Dutton of Micklethwayte?' I assure you he was the very pink of politeness. Do you remember, Miss Egremont, Abel Stone?"

"Oh, Abel Stone! He was a choir boy at Micklethwayte, I remember! He was very handsome, and had a splendid voice; but he was a real monkey for mischief; and nobody could manage him but mother. She was always pleading that he should not be turned out, and at last he ran away.'

"Yes; he went off with a circus, and there he found his vocation, rose and throve, married the prima donna, and is part owner. He seems very respectable, and was so friendly and affectionate that I ventured to consult him; when on hearing whom I was seeking, he became warmly interested, and gave me just the information I wanted. He said he had little doubt that Funny Frank was a clown called Brag, with whom he had had words some years back for misusing the children. He said he did not hold with harshness to the little ones in teaching them to do the feats, which certainly were wonderful. If they were frightened, they were nervous and met with accidents; but make much of them, and they thought it all fun, and took a pleasure in their performances. However this Brag, though a clever fellow, could not be hindered from bullying, and at last he went off with a girl of the troupe and set up on their own account. Stone, or whatever he pleases to call himself, had met them several times, but he spoke of them with great contempt as "low," and they did not frequent the same places as he does. However, he referred to one of his men, and found that they had been at Epsom on the Derby day, and moreover, that there was a report of them having lately narrowly escaped being in a scrape about a child who had been injured. There was no scruple as to advising me where to look for them, or as to the best means of detection. Stone was very indignant, and made me understand that all his young people were either to the manner born, or willingly hired out by their parents. I saw them in private life, and they looked happy and well fed, but that was no guarantee for Funny Frank. Well, I followed him up without success, trying each place Stone had set down for me, till I came last night to Lyndhurst, a very pretty place in the New Forest, where there is to be a fair tomorrow, beginning this afternoon. Stone advised me to look about before the affair opened, while unpacking and arranging was going on. Well, after all, it was very simple. I strolled out with my dog round the field where the vans and booths were getting into order. There was what I thought a little girl in a faded red petticoat sitting on the steps at the bottom of a yellow van with her head on her hands."

"That was me," said Alwyn, lighting up. "And Mothu came and kissed Fan!"

"Who, my darling?"

"She, mother dear."

"Here's her picture, dear boy."

"Not only the picture - she came out of it, when I cried, up on the nasty-smelling bundle in the van all in the dark."

"She came?"

"Yes, she came, and made it so nice, and hushed me. I wasn't afraid to go to by-by when she came. And she sang. Sister, can't you sing like that?"

"Not here, I'm afraid, dear, dear boy," she whispered, holding him so tight that he gave a little cry of "It hurts." Then came the prayers, not a word forgotten, and the little voice joined in her murmured thanksgiving for bringing him home.

She was much moved and awe-stricken at these words of her little brother; but she had to dress in haste for dinner, listening the while to her maids rejoinings and vituperatious of the wretches who had maltreated the child.

When she came down she found no one in the drawing-room but Mr. Dutton, whom her father had asked to the happiest meal that had perhaps ever been eaten in that house.

She went towards him with winged steps in her white dress: "Oh! Mr. Dutton, we have not said half enough to you, but we never, never can."

He gave a curious, trembling half smile, as she held out her hand to him, and said: "The joy is great in itself," speaking in a very low voice.

"Oh! I am so glad that you did it,' cried Ursula, "It would not have been half so sweet to owe it to anyone else."

"Miss Egremont, do you know what you are saying?" he exclaimed.

"Don't call me Miss Egremont! You never used to. Why should you?"

"I have not dared ——" he began.

"Dared! Don't you know you always were our own Mr. Dtton——best, wisest friend of all, and now more than ever."

"Stay," he said, "I cannot allow you in your fervour to say such things to me, unaware of the strength of feeling you are stirring within me."

"You! you! Mr. Dutton!" cried Nuttie, with a moment's recoil. "You don't mean that you care for *me*."

"I know it is preposterous——" he began.

"Preposterous! Yes, that you should care one bit for silly, foolish, naughty, self-willed me. Oh, Mr. Dutton, you can't mean it!"

"Indeed, I would have kept silence and not disturbed you with my presumption, if——"

"Hush!" she cried. "Why, it makes me so glad and so proud, I don't know what to do. I didn't think anybody was good enough for you—unless, it was dear, dear mother—and that it should be me."

"It is true," he said gravely, "my younger days were spent in a vain dream of that angel, then when all was ended, I thought such were not for me; but the old feeling has wakened, it seems to me in greater force than ever, though I meant to have kept it under control——"

"Oh, I am glad you didn't! It seems as if the world swam round with happiness," and she held his hand as if to steady herself, starting however as Annaple opened the door saying, "We've been sending telegrams with the good news."

Then an arch light came into her bright eyes, but the others were behind her, and she said no more.

CHAPTER XXXVII.—Found and Taken

"The angels of the gateway
Bent softly to the child,
And stretched glad hands t take him
To the kingdom undefiled."—B. M.

"Come up and see him," said Nuttie, as touch me! Fan's not here!"

To tell him she was Cousin Annaple, Billy's mamma, had no effect; he did not seem able to understand, and she could only retire—nurse being thus convinced that to let him see another stranger to-night would only do further harm. Nuttie and nurse succeeded in reassuring him that he was safe at home and with them, and in hushing him off into what they hoped would be a quiet wholesome sleep in spite of the hot sultry night, on which Annaple laid a good deal of the blame of his restlessness and feverishness.

Nuttie only came down for a short time before the visitors went away; and then she wrote a note to Dr. Brownlow, which Mark promised to leave as he went to the city in the morning, Mr. Egremont, in his present relief, pooh poohing all fears, and backing up Annaple's belief in the powers of "tired nature's soft restorer"; but Mr. Dutton looked grave and said that he had remarked the extreme tenderness, but had hoped that much was due to his own inexperience in handling little children. The parting clasp of the hand had a world of meaning in it, and Nuttie openly said that she hoped to tell him after matins at St. Michael's how the boy was. But she could not be there. When she went upstairs at night the half delirious terrors had returned, and there was another difficult soothing and comforting before the child slept again. Nurse fancied the unwonted presence might disturb him, and insisted on her going to her own room.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Race Prejudice.

I grinda de org' and I plays de fid'
And I sella de ripea banan';
No steala, no rob, I never did
But I work like de honesta man.
I buy me de monk wid de leeta red hat
And I tie 'em a string by de neck,
I grabs de org' and I t'inks me dat
I maka de mon' by de peck.
I play de tune from "Il Trovatore"
And "Tom by His Mudder He Stick,"
And de monk' he climb up de seconda story,
Where de leeta gal gib 'im de nick.
I worka t'ree day and I maka four dol,
And I feel me so rich like de king,
When—sacra diavlo, estrito chrystal!
De Irish kid cutta de string.
Like—what you call 'em? Ah, yes, de blue streak,
De monk' break away and was hid.
I find 'im no mo', and I go busted dat week,
Dat's why I hatea de Irisha kid.

Easily Discouraged.

"Yes," said a base ball man, "I'm discouraged, and have given up the business forever. Why, the very first game they got onto me in the second inning, and pounded me all over the field."

"That ought not to discourage you. Many a pitcher has had similar luck."

"Yes, but I wasn't the pitcher; I was the umpire."

Red, white, and blue is the favorite color combination for lawn tennis suits.

Madame Patti, according to her own statement, received $10,500 as her share of the receipts of her first concert in Buenos Ayres in April last. The services of Theodore Thomas and his orchestra of sixty musicians can be secured for a single concert for $3,000. Yet there is more educational value in one concert given by Thomas's orchestra than in a score of concerts at which Patti is the star, and as is generally the case at her concerts, the only competent artist. The comparison is an instructive commentary on the state of musical culture of the present day.

HOUSEHOLD.

Family Mending.

DARNING, PATCHING, REPAIRING AND MAKING OVER.

The mother of a family appreciates the full force of the homely proverb, "A stitch in time saves nine." Many times nine are saved by prompt attention to repairs, and the greatest help to making is mending. Family mending consists of darning, patching, repairing and making over.

To darn well, select the number of thread or silk best suited to the material, and use the finest needle that will carry it. The edges of splits and tears must first be caught lightly together with long basting stitches that can easily be cut and drawn out when the darning is done. This prevents one edge stretching more than the other. Run the needle from the darner in very small stitches in and out its whole length before drawing through; then towards the darner in the same way, and so on, backwards and forwards till the length of the tear is covered. Tears are apt to be three cornered. Begin such in the center to make the point fit even, and darn towards each end. All darning of this character is done in the same way, but the finer the material the finer must be the needle and cotton.

In darning much worn material, baste under the split a piece of the same goods and darn the two together. In all cases it strengthens to darn upon another piece but does not make so smooth a darn. A ragged tear must have always a piece put under it. Ravellings of the same are best for darning flannels or dress goods, and if the mend is dampened and pressed with a hot iron it is almost unnoticeable. Tears in cloth darned upon the wrong side, the stitches run upon the surface, not going through, scarcely show upon the right side. In lined articles the darning must, of course, be done upon the right side.

All tears must be darned before washing. If the edges are once stiffened by wetting and drying they can never be mended neatly.

To darn a hole in a stocking begin with as long, a strand of cotton as can be easily managed, and a long, slim needle. Pass the needle back and forth across one way, letting each long stitch lie close to the one next it, and running the needle a little beyond the edge of the hole for greater strength, being careful not to draw the cotton tight enough to pucker. When the hole is covered, cross the other way, taking on the needle every other stitch of those in the first crossing. When finished you have a neat, strong basket work; neither a wide checker work than can be seen through, nor a thick, uneven surface that hurts the foot. After mending the holes the thin places in stockings should be run thickly, backwards and forwards with needle and cotton to prevent breaking. In darning toes and heels it is helpful to darn upon a china egg, but in other parts of the stocking a flatter darn is made by using only the hand. To darn woolen stockings wool must be used. For cotton stockings a French darning cotton, that comes in small, soft balls, is superior to that bought upon cards. It runs through several numbers, is fine and smooth, and keeps its color well.

Holes in garments or house-linen must be patched. To patch, baste a square of the same material under the hole, cut the edges of the hole even, turn under, and hem in small stitches neatly down to the patch. Then turn the edges of the patch and hem down upon the garment. This finishes both sides neatly. If the garment patched is figured or striped, the figures and stripes of caraway seed; roll out, cut and sift with sugar; bake in a quick oven.

OATMEAL COOKIES.—One cup of sugar, two eggs, one cup of flour, one cup of cold boiled oatmeal, one teaspoon of soda, two teaspoons of cream tartar, one tablespoon of butter; roll thin and bake in a quick oven.

SMOTHERED RICE.—Boil for ten minutes one cup of cold boiled chicken chopped fine, two cups of cold boiled rice and one cup of chicken broth, seasoned with salt, pepper and butter.

CRUMB PUDDING.—One quart of sweet milk, one pint of bread crumbs, three-quarters of a cup of sugar, yolks of four eggs, butter size of an egg, flavor with lemon; bake in a slow oven; when done spread over a layer of jelly, whip the whites of the eggs to a froth, add one cup of powdered sugar, pour over the jelly and bake a light brown.

ORANGE PUDDING.—Put in a baking dish three sweet oranges pealed and sliced; pour over one cup of sugar, one pint of milk yolks of three eggs, one tablespoon of corn starch boiled until thick. Whip the whites pour over the top and set in the oven to stiffen.

CORNSTARCH CAKE.—One cup of sugar, one-fourth cup of butter, one-half cup of milk, two thirds of a cup of cornstarch, one cup of flour, two eggs, one teaspoonful of baking powder.

GINGERBREAD.—One cup of molasses, one-half cup of brown sugar, one-fourth of a cup of butter, one cup of sour milk, one egg, one teaspoon each of cream tartar, soda, ground ginger and cinnamon, flour enough to make a medium batter.

SPICE CAKE.—One cup of butter, one and one-half cups of sugar, two cups of flour, one cup of raisins, one and one-half teaspoons of baking powder, two eggs, one and one-half teaspoons each of cloves, cinnamon and nutmeg.

SLICED APPLE PIE.—Line pie-pan or plate with crust, sprinkle with sugar, fill with tart apples, sliced very thin, sprinkle sugar and a very little cinnamon over them, and add a few small bits of butter and a tablespoonful of water, dredge in flour, cover with the top crust and bake about three-quarters of an hour; allow four or five tablespoonfuls of sugar to each pie.

BLANQUETTE OF VEAL.—Cut three pounds of the breast of veal in pieces two inches square, put them in enough cold water to cover them, with one saltspoonful of white pepper, one teaspoonful of salt, a bunch of sweet herbs, half a carrot scraped, a turnip peeled, and an onion stuck with three cloves; bring slowly to a boil, skim carefully till no more scum rises, and cook gently for thirty or forty minutes until the veal is tender; then drain it, returning the broth to the fire. Meantime make a white sauce by stirring together over the fire one ounce of butter and one ounce of flour until they are smooth, then adding a pint and a half of the broth gradually; season with a little more salt and pepper and a quarter of saltsooonful of grated nutmeg; when the sauce has boiled up well stir into it with an egg; whip the yolks of two raw eggs, put in the meat and cook for five minutes, stirring occasionally.

FRIZZLED BEEF.—Shave very thin half a pound of dried beef. Melt one large tablespoonful of butter in a frying pan, add the meat, stir over the fire about two minutes, or until the butter begins to brown; dredge in a little flour, stir again, add half a pint of milk, a very little pepper, and stir till it boils. Add the beaten yolk of one egg just as you take from the fire. Serve immediately.

CHICKEN RISSOLES.—Take cold baked chicken left from dinner; free the meat

THE MISERIES OF MISERS.

Some Remarkable Men Who Regarded Wealth Above all Physical Comforts.

Perhaps the most famous miser that ever lived was John Elwes, an Englishmar, who died from neglect because he refused to incur the expense of physicians and nurses, though worth not less than $4,000,000. In the case of John Elwes, his sordid character was not the result of ignorance for he was a graduate of a Swiss university and later in life was a member of Parliament. His greed of gold was an hereditary sin. He was a son of a London brewer, who died when the boy was only four years old. His mother survived, but to such an extent did her passion for money gain a hold upon her that, though she had $500,000 in her own right, she actually starved to death. An uncle, Sir Marvey Elwes, was also a miser, and the example of these two blood relatives exercised such an influence upon John Elwes that he became the most famous miser of three centuries. After his return to England from Geneva Elwes moved in fashionable London society, where his prospective wealth entitled him to recognition.

When he visited his uncle in Suffolk, where the latter lived in most abject penury, his hopeful nephew would play a double part. He would wear his fashionable garments as far as a little inn in Chelmsford, where he exchanged them for a pair of patched trousers, a worn out coat, darned stockings, and clodhopper shoes with iron buckles. In this attire he would call upon his uncle. The latter would not permit a fire on cold March days on the score of its being extravagant, and the two would sit with a crust of bread and one glass of wine between them until it was too dark to see each other's faces, and then they would retire to save the expense of candles. When this uncle died he left his nephew a fortune of $1,000,000.

As he grew older John Elwes developed the terrible avarice that marked his life by a passion for cards. He would sit in his threadbare clothes with the Duke of Northumberland and play with feverish eye and trembling hand with thousands at stake, and then after having lost or won as the case might be, he would walk to his miserable lodgings, three miles distant, in a peltering rain rather than pay for a cab.

Elwes owned a magnificent country seat in Berkshire. When he would leave London to visit it he would put three hard boiled eggs in his pockets, then mounting a horse would ride over fields and through lanes, going miles out of his way to avoid roads where he would have to pay a few pennies toll. A more than faithful biographer says of him:

"He would eat his provisions in the last stage of putrefaction rather than have a fresh joint from the butcher, and at one time he wore a wig about a fortnight which he picked out of a rut in a lane, and which had apparently been thrown away by a beggar."

At his country seat he allowed of no repair a save little brown paper and a bit of broken glass. During the harvest he would amuse himself with going into the fields to glean the corn on the ground of his own tenants, and they used to leave a little more than common to please the old gentleman, who was as eager after it as any pauper in the parish. To save bed coverings, before his death, he would go to sleep completely dressed with boots and hat on. He died miserable, his mind weakened by worry and privation. The value of his fortune, which went to two sons, was not less than $4,000,000.

Another celebrated miser was Ephraim Lapes Pereira, Baron d' Aguilar, formerly cashier of the Empress Maria Theresa, of Austria. Strange to say, the early years of

small stitches neatly down to the patch. Then turn the edges of the patch and hem down upon the garment. This finishes both sides neatly. If the garment patched is figured or striped, the figures and stripes must be made to match in putting in the patch. Cloth is too heavy usually to turn the edges in patching. The edges of the patch must be run in small stitches upon the wrong side and the edge of the hole darned down closely on the right side.

The Boys.

Don't make the mistake of thinking that "anything will do for the boys!" Upon what is done for your boys depends their life-long habits and career. With a small, dark room, dull carpet, hard bed and all the old furniture, what boy can be taught the pleasures of owning nice things, and the importance of keeping them in order? Give the boys equal advantage with your girls. Coax them to stay at home with good books and periodicals, pictures, ornaments and comforts in their sleeping rooms, have their "chums" come to dinner frequently, invite their girl friends often, and treat them with great politeness at all times. A wise mother, well known to us, puts little lunches for her boys in their room when they have been out spending an evening and come home late. Not long since one of them said to her, "I don't believe anybody else will ever do that for me, and I doubt very much if I ever have another home that will be as pleasant as this has been."

Oh, it pays to treat the boys well!

Non-Breakable Lamp Chimneys.

Some person has studied out this way to prepare lamp chimneys so that they will not break: With a diamond cut the bulging part of the chimney with perpendicular lines at short distances apart. These cuts are said to give the glass the necessary room for expansion and contraction when quickly heated or cooled. If a diamond is not available, put the chimney in a pail, for protection, and immerse it in the reservoir of water on your cook-stove when the water is cool in the morning and let it remain all day while the water is hot and all night when it will slowly cool. This is a kind of annealing process that is said to toughen the glass. The use of soapsuds is to be avoided in cleaning, and only clear hot water used.

Cooking Recipes.

SOUP BALLS.—Boil five eggs until hard; remove the shells and pound the yolks until powdered. Add the whites of two uncooked eggs, with a little flour and salt. Mix into balls, boil and drop into the soup.

STEWED POTATOES.—Peel and cut into small pieces. To one pint of potatoes add one-half pint of milk, butter size of an egg, salt and pepper. Stew twenty minutes. Thicken with a tablespoonful of flour stewed in a cup of milk.

BEEF PIE.—Line a dish with a rich crust. Put in a layer of cold beef cut up fine, then one of onions; one of potatoes, then another layer of meat. Season with pepper and salt. Dredge with a little flour. Put on water enough to make a gravy, then a top crust. Bake one hour.

COOKIES.—One cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, two eggs, one-half cup of sweet milk, one teaspoon of baking powder, three cups of flour; roll thin, cut in shape and bake in a quick oven.

SEED COOKIES.—One cup of butter, three cups of sugar, two eggs, one cup of cream, eight cups of flour, two and one-half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoon boils. Add the beaten yolk of one egg just as you take from the fire. Serve immediately.

CHICKEN RISSOLES.—Take cold baked chicken left from dinner; free the meat from the bones and chop fine. Rub a little dried bread into fine crumbs, and to this add any heated liquor of chicken, or hot water, and moisten the bread thoroughly. To a pint bowl full of crumbs and meat allow one teaspoonful of salt, one of pepper, one of sifted sage and one heaping teaspoonful of butter. Make into little cakes, dust with flour and fry to a light brown.

COOKIES.—One cup butter, two cups sugar, four eggs, four cups flour, three tablespoonfuls milk, three teaspoonfuls baking powder. Rub the flour and butter thoroughly together, cream the butter and sugar, beat the egg separately, add to the whole nutmeg, cinnamon or any flavoring preferred. Sift in the flour and baking powder and make it stiff enough to roll out and cut in any shape desired.

PORK CAKE.—One pound of fat salt pork chopped fine, one and one-half cups of boiling water poured over the pork, two pounds of raisins, currants and citron, two cups of sugar, eight cups of flour, one tablespoonful soda, and cloves and cinnamon to taste.

Hungry for Love.

Delays are always dangerous, but never so irredeemably as in the case of loving words or deeds. It always proves impossible to speak to-morrow exactly the cordial or affectionate word which to-day demanded of us.

A mother whose child had died suddenly was so entirely prostrated with grief that some of the too officious friends asked her to consider if her sufferings were greater than that of others who had lost friends.

"Oh, it is not the same, it is not the same!" she cried. "My little girl was different from other children; she was so loving! She used to come to me and beg me to kiss her, or take her in my lap for a minute, and sometimes I was busy and told her to run away and play.

"I hurt her little heart. I made it shut up its little leaves when it ought to have been coaxed open by the sunshine. I shall never forgive myself."

She never did forgive herself, and though she was almost pathetically loving to the children who were left, no lapse of time could ever erase from her mind the memory of that little girl who was hungry for love.

A Warning to Brutal Parents.

An immense impetus will be given to the Rev. B. Waugh's and other efforts for the protection of children from cruel parents by the sentence passed at Liverpool recently. The ill-treatment of a little girl by her father and stepmother was exceptionally bad. The father was a compositor, and his wife said that he was not responsible. The child was confined in a cellar, the air being excluded. It had little or no food, it was brutally flogged and kicked, and a red hot poker applied to it. The judge sentenced the man to seven years penal servitude and the woman to the same punishment for life. It is an awful sentence. Our only fear is that its very severity may evoke undue sympathy for cruel parents. On the other hand, we may undoubtedly hope that it will deter many a brute from putting his little ones to a slow death.

Nicely Put.

"Now, Mr. Bjones," said Mrs. Ringfinger, who was visiting Mrs. Bjones, "don't try to be polite. Do just as you would if we were not here, and we shall feel ever so much more at home."

$4,000,000.

Another celebrated miser was Ephraim Lapes Pereira, Baron d' Aguilar, formerly cashier of the Empress Maria Theresa, of Austria. Strange to say, the early years of his life at the Austrian court were years of splendor. Then he moved to England, married a wealthy lady and settled down. He lived in sumptuous style; kept several carriages and twenty servants. He was married twice, and after his second marriage he left his family and friends and withdrew himself from the fashionable world. He turned farmer. At this time he was worth $1,000,000. After a year in the country his place began to be known as "Starvation Farmyard." His cattle and poultry were a mass of skin and bones, and peasants began to hoot at the baron whenever he appeared for his mean treatment of his animals. He always insisted on being present when the stock was being fed, so that he might see that there was nothing stolen or wasted. He went about his farm clad in mean and dirty clothes, and refused to spend money to buy new ones. After a life of selfishness and meanness he died in March, 1802, leaving property estimated at $1,100,000. His diamonds alone were worth $150,000, while his solid silver plate weighed over 700 pounds.

But exceeding by far the example of John Elwes is that of Daniel Dancer, whose life is the most striking example perhaps in all history of the insatiable thirst for gold.

His father died and left him, together with a sister, a comfortable fortune. Dancer and his sister lived in a miserable hut near Harrow, in Middlesex, England. Their fae consisted of a piece of cheap beef and fourteen hard dumplings boiled on Sunday, and this lasted them the rest of the week.

The pair dressed in rags, and when the sister was dying from cold and starvation her brother refused to summon medical aid on the ground that he could not spend his money for medicine, because if the "old girl" was going to die the doctors couldn't save her anyhow. Dancer was too miserly to provide soap and towels for himself.

He would wash in a neighboring pool and lie out in the sun till he was dried. His clothes, a mass of patches, were held up by a belt of twisted hay, and his whole appearance was that of abject misery. Duncan on his rambles never returned empty handed. He would gather up the bones in the village streets and lanes, bring them home, and after picking them clean himself would crack them and feed them to the dog. Once neighbors complained that his dog worried and killed their sheep, and for fear that he would have to pay for future depredations, he took the dog to a blacksmith's where he had all the poor dog's teeth broken off to prevent a further recurrence of the trouble. He mended his own shoes and wore one hat continuously for thirteen years.

When he lay on his dying bed his only garment was an old sack. When remonstrated with he said that he came into the world without a shirt and he would go out of it that way. When a visitor suggested that he have a pillow for his head he ordered his only servant, whose weekly wages was thirty cents, to bring him a wisp of hay, which he used as a pillow till his death, a few days later. He left an estate valued at $25,000 amply sufficient for a his needs during his life-time, had he so desired. This money, in odd sums, was hidden in old rags, nailed down to the under part of the manger floor in his miserable cow shed, and over $10,000 was found hidden in the manure pile, where it had lain for years.

Artful.

"What a perfect picture Mrs. Mournful is this evening!"

"Indeed yes. She is exquisitely painted."

SAVINGS BANK

—BRANCH OF THE—

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE.

Deposit take of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required

WALTER DARLING,

OFFICE MARKET SQUARE. 4487ly AGEN

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888.

—The plans and specifications of the proposed extension of the Napanee, Tamworth & Q. R. from Tamworth to Tweed have been filed at Ottawa. Upon the township of Hungerford voting a bonus of $15,000 the work will be pushed rapidly forward to completion. The matter is now being "worked up" in Hungerford and it is likely that a few days will determine the action of the township in the premises.

—It is announced that the Hon. Mr. Laurier will make a tour of Ontario this summer and address the people on the questions of the day. As leader of the Opposition in the House during the past session he has won much favor with the people and no doubt will receive a hearty reception whereever he speaks. We would suggest that the Reformers of Lennox secure him for one day. The French leader on the government side, Sir Hector Langevin, has been heard; now let us hear his opponent.

—For some reason or other a rumor has been set afloat in Ernesttown to the effect that the credit for baulking the Colebrook bridge scheme was due to the new members at the council board this year. This, anyone reading the report in THE EXPRESS of last week, can see is not the case. Reeve Parks, of North Fredericksburgh, is entitled to the credit. He first ferretted the matter up. This Messrs Reid and Baker, of Camden, corroborated at the late session. Having found that the bridge was not county property, Mr. Parks showed it to other members, Messrs Bowen Aylsworth and E.S. Lapum in particular. The fight really commenced at the December session before the new members were honored with seats at the council board.

—Considerable amendments have been made in the summary convictions act, which come into force at once. Perhaps the most important is that regarding witnesses refusing to answer summonses. By so doing they now make themselves liable to arrest without the warrant being "backed" and liable for all costs of summons, warrant and detention in custody. The Scott Act has also been amended. The clauses regarding druggists selling liquor and doctors' furnish certificates are made more stringent and the decision of police magistrates in the case of the latter can be appealed against

FROM THE CAPITAL.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 26th.—The Postmaster-General has been asked to reduce the rate of postage from three to two cents, but has declined: First because the change would seriously impair the postal revenue, and secondly while there is a two cent rate in the United States we have a lower rate for drop letters and a parcel post which is unknown in the U.S. Canada uses almost 58,000,000 of three cent stamps. If therefore, the two cent rate was adopted the revenue would have suffered $575,000, provided the lower rate did not multiply the number of letters, which, however, was the experience of the States. Canada should at least raise the limit of weight to an ounce as there is more annoyance over the uncertainity whether your letter is overweight than there is over the cost of the stamp. The American limit is an ounce. The P.O. revenue is about $2,500,000 a year.

LORD STANLEY'S CARRIAGE.

The Governor General has brought a carriage with him which is a great curiosity to the natives. The bottom of the carriage rests on leather straps which are suspended from four high springs attached to the axles. The seat for the coachman in front is up about five feet, but the seat for the footman away up behind is even higher in the air. The trappings of the carriage are gorgeous. The massive wheels have silver plated caps for the hubs and the boxes are emblazoned with the coat of arms of the ancient house of Stanley's.

THE OLDEST SERVANT.

The oldest civil servant in the Dominion is Mr W.H. Griffin, the deputy Postmaster General, who has served Canada for 57 years, and is 76 years of age. He began in 1831 as a clerk and was steadily promoted. His successor will probably be Lieut-Col. White, the present Secretary of the Post Office Department, who is thoroughly up to the work. Mr W. D. Le Saueur, the the young literateur who is now Supt of the Savings Bank Branch, will likely take Col White's position.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

Prince Roland Napoleon Bonaparte, whose grandfather was a brother of the great Napoleon, was here a few days ago and was entertained by Hon Messrs Chapleau and Caron.

THE RAILWAY PROGRESS.

The Government statistics of the railways of Canada have been prepared up to 31 Dec., 1887. Thirteen new lines are in existence and several of the older lines have added to the mileage under traffic. Iron rails are fast being replaced by steel. The increase in traffic over 1886 is represented by $5,000,000. Of track laid there are 12,332 miles, of which 11,691 are in operation. The earnings were $38,842,010, working expenses, $27,624,683 so that the net earnings were over eleven millions. Out of 10,698,638 passengers carried only 10 were killed and 49 injured. Up to date the Federal Government have aided railways to the extent of $129,000,000. The Ontario government have given $6,000,000 and Quebec over $7,000,000, New Brunswick $4,000,000, Nova Scotia $1,653,000, Manitoba $1,895,000. The municipalities gave over $12,000,000. Counting other sources the capital given by the people of Canada to railways amounts to the enormous sum of $63,000,000 or $55,117 for every mile. This record will compare with any other in existence.

MANITOBA'S SON.

On the 1st July, the twenty-first anniver-

An Extraordinary Offer to Wanting Employment.

We want live, energetic, agents in every county in the United States and Canada to sell a patent article of great merit, ON ITS MERITS. An article having a large sale paying over 100 per cent. profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected in the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure for us. With all these advantages to our agents, and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every housekeeper, it might not be necessary to make "AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $300 a month clear, and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. No such employer of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double this amount. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and these we wish to send to everyone out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure the agency in time for the boom, and go to work on the terms named in our extraordinary offer.

Address, at once,

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Something Entirely New.

The latest and the best! "Every man's guide," to book-keeping, banking, business forms, and correspondence, commercial law, business, arithmetic, precis, writing and indexing. Published by the Kingston Business College, contains new and advanced ideas in relation to the principles and practice of modern business customs. Every young man, no matter what his calling, should have a copy of this valuable work at hand for reference. No library is complete without a copy. It contains 245 pages, printed in two colors, on No 1 paper, bound in cloth. Price, post paid, $1.50. Address, McKay & Wood, Kingston.

TESTIMONIALS.

The best work of the kind I have ever seen.—ROBT. GREENSHIELDS, accountant, Ottawa.

It can scarcely fail to obtain a wide circulation wherever introduced.—A. SMIRLE, school inspector, Ottawa,

"No work has appeared in Canada to compare with it. I do not know of any book where so much that is really useful has been so judiciously selected and so clearly and so concisely expressed."—R. R. COCHRANE, B. A.

Quite Correct.

I have used Dr Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and found it the best remedy I have ever used for Dyspepsia and all summer complaints among children, and I think no household should be without it." Mrs A. Baker Ingoldsby, Ont.

After Long Years.

"I was troubled with Liver Complaint for a number of years; finding no cure I tried B.B.B. I took four bottles and am now perfectly cured, strong and hearty." Mrs Maria Askett, Alma, Ont.

A Severe Trial.

Frances S. Smith, of Emsdale, Muskoka, Ont, writes:—"I was troubled with vomiting for two years and I have vomited as often as five times a day." One bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me.

The Chs

certificates are made more stringent and the decision of police magistrates in the case of the latter can be appealed against. The magistrates hitherto have had no power to issue search warrants for liquor until it was actually brought out in evidence that liquor was secreted in the premises and then if 500 gallons were found only 20 could be destroyed or confiscated. Now any one suspecting that liquor is on certain premises can so state before a police magistrate, who will issue a warrant, and upon any liquor, no matter what quantity, being found, it, and the articles in which it is stored, can be confiscated, providing of course that it is clearly shown that the liquor was for illegal purposes.

PERSONALS.

—The Misses Tilley are at Davy's Island.

—Miss Lily White, of Kingston, was visiting her parents on Saturday and Sunday.

—Miss Sarah J. Duncan (Garth Grafton) has been visiting at the home of Mr S. C. Warner, Bridge st.

—Mr J B Gordon, of Kingsford, made a call upon us Monday and of course subscribed for Napinee's popular local paper.

—Mrs C H McMullen went to Mrs Christie's summer resort—Davy's Island—on Wednesday where she will remain a season.

—Mr Jno R Tilley, who has been ill at the home of Mrs Tilley, Robt st, is spending the week at the popular summer resort—Davy's Island.

—We were pleased to receive a call from Rev D S Houck on Monday last. He is on the Newburgh circuit for another term and no doubt will prove as popular as ever.

—We regret to learn that Mrs Capt Collier has been lying dangerously ill for some time. At latest accounts she was improving and hopes are now entertained that she may recover.

—Messrs P Slaven, J P Hanley and D J Hogan went to Kingston on Wednesday as delegates from this section to the reception tendered Bishop Cleary on his return from Rome. Father McDonough was also in attendance.

—The following parties spent Sunday at Davy's Island: T E Anderson; P Barton and wife; W Light and A H Allison, of Napanee, Miss Pike, of Deseronto. Mr H M Deroche and family were also at the Island Sunday and remained over Monday.

—Our townsmen, the Messrs. Jones, deserve the highest commendation for their work at Trinity University. Mr H H was in the second year examinations and came out away ahead of all competitors. He passed with honors in classics and mental and moral philosophy, standing first in each case. His name appears first in the list of passmen in divinity, Latin and mental and moral philosophy. Mr Jones obtained the Wellington scholarship for mental and moral philosophy. His brother, Mr A C M, passed the first examination for B A, securing the governor-general's medal and 1st class honors in physical and natural sciences.

—Work they say has its reward. Such has proven the case with Capt A. F. Holmes, of this place. Our doughty friend has done more for the tories of Lennox than any other; his work has not been confined to this section either for he has assisted outside. That he would some day be rewarded was expected; therefore Wednesday morning when word reached Napanee that he had received a government appointment the townspeople were not greatly surprised. That he should receive one so agreeable to himself and for which he is so well qualified was cause for rejoicing. The captain has been appointed inspector of fisheries for northern waters. He will have command of the steam yacht Cruiser, which the government lately purchased from Allan Gilmour. The boat is a fine one, fitted up, it is said, at a cost of $20,000. It will ply chiefly on the Georgian bay. Friend Holmes is a Tory out and out; still there is no reason why we should not congratulate him, which we most cheerfully do. He possesses just the qualities to fill such a position.

existence.

MANITOBA'S SON.

On the 1st July, the twenty-first anniversary of Confederation, Senator Schultz will take office as Lieut-Governor of Manitoba in whose affairs he has had his lifetime been deeply interested. He was born in 1840, at Amherstburg, in the county of Essex, and graduated in medicine at the Kingston college in 1871. He has been in Parliament since 1871, when Manitoba was made a Province, and is married to a lady who was his devoted nurse all through his recent illness, an illness so severe as to leave him only the wreck of what he once was physically. Dr Schultz was once a very handsome man and is still of impressive presence. He endured many dangers and hardships during the first Northwest rebellion, when he was leader of the Canadian forces. During the last two sessions he has been the means of bringing to the knowledge of Parliament the resources of the McKenzie district.

THE CABINET.

The report that Mr Weldon, M. P. for Albert, N.B, is to be taken into the cabinet in place of Mr Costigan, is credited here as a very likely event. The change would give the Premier an able colleague in place of an incapable one. Mr Weldon is inexperienced but he is a promising member of the House. The purchase of a house by Mr Dewdney in Ottawa, confirms the report that he will become Minister of the interior Mr McLelan will leave the Postmaster-Generalship for the gubernatorial residence of Nova Scotia early in July. Hon C. H. Tupper will reach here this week to assume his new office as Minister of Marine. The Premier arrived in Toronto this morning where he went to reconcile his followers to Mr Dewdney's appointment. According to Judge McGuire, of the Northwest, Mr Dewdney is an eminently proper representative. He will, it is believed, seek a constituency in British Columbia.

ANOTHER LIEUT-GOVERNOR.

Hon Joseph Royal, a French Canadian lawyer, will be sworn in as Lieut-Governor of the Northwest Territories, on Dominion Day. He was associated with Hon J. A. Chapleau, in the defence of Lepine and Naud charged with the death of Thomas Scott. He wrote for the press until 1871 when he went to Manitoba and was styled the leader of the French of that Province. He was a member of the first Ministry in Manitoba. He was returned for Provencher in 1879 to the House of Commons and now vacates the seat by accepting an office under the Crown. He is Vice Chancellor of the University of Manitoba, and made his way mainly by the influence of Archbishop Tache, whose protege he was. He is 51 years old.

CAPITAL CHAT.

There are now five seats vacant in the Commons:—Cardwell, Nicolet, Provencher, Cumberland and Colchester. They all returned Conservatives at the general election.

Mr Hayter Reed has been appointed Indian Commissioner in place of Mr Dewdney.

General Middleton will inspect the Royal Military college at Kingston before it closes on the 29th. Sir John Macdonald has promised to present the prizes if possible.

DIED

ROE—At Wingham, Ont. on the 27th inst. Alex H Roe, third son of the late A H Roe, M P P, aged 18 years and 9 months.

SHARP—At the residence of his daughter, Dundas st, Robt Sharp, father of Mrs W A Baker, in his 87th year.

The Cha

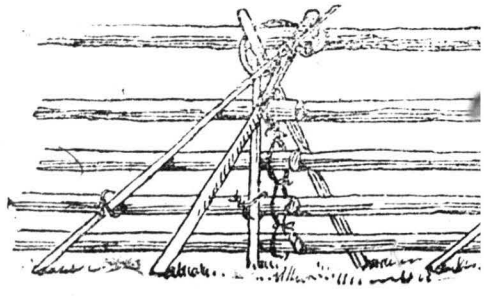
P. SLA

are selling off

DRY GOODS, C

damaged by smok
next door, at cleari
We have cut off
Dress Goods, Twee
laid them out on
half the regular p
fore buying a new
Come soon if you
not last long at the

JUST OPENED.—A
Plain Black Lawns, Chambrays,
Summer Goods that we offer at



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It only requires one-half the timber; easier than your buildings. Stock cannot ru than the old-fashioned rail fence. It is far a It is far cheaper than wire fence, with none in use than all other fences. Any ordinary to each length and one pound of wire, to mak pound. The expense of building and repairi rail fence to make two good Russell fences, w all other fences introduced to the notice of stockmen. It is rapidly coming into general

Farm Rights for Russell's Improved Fen build your fence for 15 cents per rod. For fa

Orders left at MORRIS' RESTAURANT

Get the Best.

Dr Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is the best, most prompt and safest cure for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Sick Stomach, Cramps, Colic, Diarrhœa and Cholera Infantum, that has yet been discovered. Its popularity increases each year. All medicine dealers sell it.

NO CURE NO PAY!

A Fair and Square Offer to Invalids to try The New Method Treatment

By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been so uniform, that we will now guarantee to treat bad or recent incurable cases, for a stipulated price until cured, and in case of failure to refund all the money paid us under such written guarantee. It will cost you nothing to investigate this offer, as consultation at the office or by letter free. Take no chance—pay no money to a doctor, unless he has confidence enough in skill to guarantee a cure. No matter what name or nature of your disease may be, call or write to us, giving age, sex, complexion & symptoms. Send stamps for 10 page pamphlet on the NEW METHOD CURE books.

Part I, contains 228 pages, over 200 illustrations, symptoms of diseases and reports of over 30,000 cures; Prescriptions for the cure of acute diseases by Allopathic, Homœopathic and Eclectic remedies; Hygienic instructions for every lady, gentlemen and family. Will be mailed on receipt of 20 two-cent stamps, or 40 cents in silver.

Part II, private information for men and boys, young or old, mailed sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps, or 10 cents in silver.

Part III, information and instructions for ladies, married or single, 14 colored illustrations, symptoms, advice and reports of cures; mailed to ladies only, sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps or 10 cents in silver. The three books will be mailed for 25 two-cent stamps, or 50 cents in silver, or will be given free at

The Offices of The Drs. K & K Surgeons, either at 159 Griswold St., Detroit, Mich. or at 168 Elm St., Cincinnati, O. All letters must be addressed to Dr. J. C. Kennedy, Hall's Block, Detroit, Mich.

We have cured invalids in all parts of the world

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

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The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

FOR SALE.

The following valuable property will be offered at Public Auction on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1888,

At the hour of one o'clock p.m., at the Campbell House, by Thos. Flynn, Auctioneer.

72 acres of land, composed of the southerly part of the west half of lot No. 17 in the 6th concession of North Fredericksburgh, adjoining the town of Napanee, known as the property of Thos. Briggs.

The property is delightfully situated and within ten minutes walk of the post office in the central part of the town of Napanee.

The land is of excellent quality and well adapted for market gardening and agricultural purposes, and suitable for being laid out in building and park lots.

This is a favorable opportunity for a safe and profitable investment, lying as it does so close and convenient to the Napanee market and business part of the town. Possession given on completion of sale.

Terms easy—Made known at the time of sale.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to

THOS. BRIGGS, Kingston,
or THOS. FLYNN, Auctioneer, Napanee.

June 25th, 1888.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited T. G. DAVIS
2288ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent

F. X. BEZO,

MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

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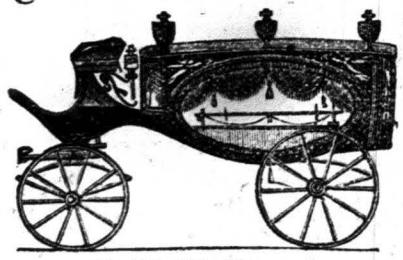
UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH



E. M. McKim, Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
2587ly Tamworth

THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS IN CANADA.

OVER 100 STYLES OF

HAY SCALES,
GRAIN SCALES,
FARM SCALES,
TEA SCALES,
IMPROVED SHOW CASES
MONEY DRAWERS
Meat Choppers
AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES

ADDRESS IN FULL, Write for terms.

C. WILSON & SON,
ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO, ONT.

Mention this paper every time you write.

INVENTION

has revolutionized the world the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required; capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & CO. Augusta, Maine. 588ly

25 Cts

On the Dollar.

We have just bought still another lot of Hats at about 25 cents on the dollar, and offer your choice of a big lot of new and fashionable shapes at from 25 to 50 cents each This is the last lot of Straw Hats we will buy this season, and at such extraordinary low prices we expect to clear them out with a rush.

Remember, we do not show an old shape. Every 25 cent hat guaranteed this season's goods.

Lace Parasol.

Now is the time to secure a Lace Parasol at a big discount. We have marked every Lace Parasol in the house down to prime cost, and in many cases below cost to clear them out quickly. Don't miss seeing the bargains we are offering in these goods

Dress Goods.

We are making some startling reductions in Dress Goods to clear out balance of summer stock. We have laid out a table of Dress Goods, which we have ticketed at 12½ and 15 cents per yard, which are dirt cheap. We have a lot of ends of dress goods from 2 yards to dress lengths, which we are offering at startling prices.

Gloves and Hosiery.

hance of the Year

.AVEN & CO'Y,

NAPANEE,

ing off their whole stock of $25,000 worth of

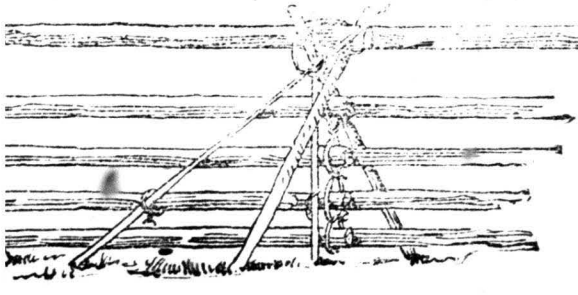
, CARPETS, MILLINERY, ETC.,

smoke and water from the recent fire,
clearing prices.
it off the smoked ends of all our Silks,
Tweeds, Prints and all damaged goods,
on tables and marked them at one-
lar prices so as to clear them out be-
new stock.
If you want bargains. Our stock will
it the prices we are offering it.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

D.—A large assortment of White Victoria Lawns, India Linens. mbrays, Girls' Black Lisle and Cotton Hose, Chambrays, and other offer at close prices.

P. SLAVEN & CO



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INVESTIGATE THE MERITS
—OF—

L'S IMPROVED FENCE

(PATENTED 1883)

ELF BY ITS SIMPLICITY, CHEAPNESS AND DURABILITY
HY IT IS THE BEST

e timber; takes up but half the room of the common rail fence; will not blow down any cannot rub or throw it down. No stakes or posts in the ground to decay. It is better It is far ahead of board fence; it is stronger and can be built for less than half the cost. with none of its dangers, as wire fencing has ruined more stock in the short time it has been y ordinary old rail fence contains enough material, with the addition of a couple of stakes ire, to make a good substantial fence. The wire for this fence costs about three cents per and repairing fences exceed all other taxes combined. There is enough material in an eight ell fences, which will be more durable and better looking. Russell's Improved Fence excels e notice of farmers, and is endorsed and strongly recommended by the best farmers and to general use in the United States and Canada wherever introduced.
proved Fence, 5 cents per acre. You furnish the material and we will find the wire and od. For farm and township rights in Lennox and Addington counties apply to,

F. H. NEIL, Lucan, Ont.

TAURANT, Napanee, will be promptly attended to

2688m

Gloves and Hosiery.

3 pairs Ladies' Black, Brown, Navy or Heather Hose for 25 cents.

2 pairs Ladies' Black or Oxford Mixed Hose (extra heavy) for 25 cents.

2 pairs Mens' extra heavy Seamless Socks for 25 cents.

10 dozen pairs of a special extra good hose in Ladies' Heavy Seal and Marone at 18 cents per pair, or 3 pairs for 50 cents; worth 25 cents per pair.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose (extra value) at 10, 12, 15, 20 and 25 cents per pair.

Our 25 cent Black Cotton Hose is a daisy. Warranted fast dye.

In Gloves we can beat the world for values.

Ladies' Black and Colored Lisle Gloves at 15 cents, worth 25

Ladies' Black Taffeta Gloves at 20 cents, worth 40

Ladies' Black Pure Silk Gloves at 25 cents, worth 45

We have a few dozen pair of a job lot on Ladies' Black and Colored Pure Silk Gloves at 35, 45 and 50 cents per prir, which are worth double the price asked

Remember, we have these cheap Hats, cheap Parasols, cheap Gloves, cheap Hosiery and cheap Dress Goods NOW If you come at once you can get some of these bargains If you come in two or three weeks they will be all gone If you want bargains in Dry Goods come and see us, and come at once

HOOPER & DOXSEE

1888q

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

GOING WEST		GOING EAST	
Express.....	3.08 A.M.	Express..	1.23 Midnigh
"	6.13 "	Express..	11.50 Noon
Express.....	5.06 P.M.	" ..	1.23 P.M.
Mixed.....	9.45 "	Mixed....	8.30 A.M.
Mixed	9.21 A M	Mixed....	9-45 P. M.

EXCURSION!

-TO-

SAN FRANCISCO

And return, good for 90 days. Tickets good to go between

June 13 and July 11, Inclusive

FARE $90.50

Passengers can return via British Columbia by paying a small additional charge

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N WTel Co, Napanee

88ly

Wilton.

Miss Thompson is visiting friends in Kingston.

Misses Carrie and Flo Meyers have gone to Belleville to attend the closing exercises of Alexandria college.

On Saturday a base ball match was played between the Floridas and Wiltons. The former were victorious. Score 28 to 26.

Mrs. Herbert Lapum has resigned her position as organist in the Methodist church. A meeting will be held Friday night to appoint a new one.

Desmond.

Mr. W. J. Switzer's wife presented him with a young son on the 22nd.

The Rev. E. B. Lewis preached his farewell sermon on Sunday last.

A heavy rain passed over this place on Saturday night, improving the appearance of the crops.

Mrs. J. C. Switzer is now lying at the point of death. The doctors have given up all hopes of her recovery.

The people of this place should greet the Rev. Mr. Dunkeley by a large attendance on Sabbath next, it being his first sermon.

Camden East.

The young people of the Methodist church here will give an ice-cream and strawberry festival next Wednesday evening, July 4th, on the beautiful lawn at the residence of Mr. Hugh Saul. The grounds will be brilliantly illuminated. Good music and short addresses by Rev. J. J. Leach and others. Admission to grounds only 10 cents, (programme alone worth twice the money); refreshments, (strawberries, ice-cream, lemonade, etc.,) extra and very cheap. All are cordially invited. God save the Queen.

Yarker.

Mrs Capt Montgomery arrived home last week.

Mr A. W. Benjamin left for the west last week.

Peter Lee and family have removed to Alexandria Bay.

Mrs John Juniac has gone on a trip to Toronto and Oswego, N.Y.

Benjamin, West & Co. are introducing new machinery into their wheel factory

PRESENTATIONS

To Rev. W. H. Emsley Before Leaving Napanee.

Monday evening, June 18th, Rev. Mr. Emsley met his class in the Eastern Methodist church, the service throughout being more interesting and impressive than usual through his connection with them being about at an end. At perhaps a later hour than at other times the service closed, Mr. Emsley retiring to the parsonage, little suspecting that later on he was to again meet the friends. Just as Mr. Emsley's family were thinking of retiring for the night the door-bell rang, and at once the class entered. Order being restored, the following address was read, and a handsome easy chair presented to the retiring clergyman:

TO REV. W. H. EMSLEY,

Dear Pastor and Leader,—The members of your Monday night class assure you that they realize with difficulty that your relation to them, which has existed so harmoniously, has been severed by the operation of church laws and the action of church authorities. But though you have been removed to another field of labor, within the bounds of another conference, imaginary lines cannot interfere with the liberty of esteem, the freedom of love or the influence of remembered joys. Whilst we have with others enjoyed the benefits of the word preached, it has been our special privilege to be associated with you in class relationship, for which we devoutly thank God. Under the influence of your anxiety in our behalf we have been aided to a fuller realization of God, as our loving Father, and of His Son Jesus Christ, as our loving personal Saviour, to whom we may at all times come with the utmost trust and confidence. We gratefully acknowledge that we have been so strengthened by your constant presentation of the love and goodness of God as to become partakers of your conviction that he not only provides for each the best of the life which now is, but that He will also in the life which is to come furnish the means whereby we may rise to the full perfection of our divinely bestowed powers.

As a pledge that we will walk in the way of the Lord until called to sit down with the King in His glory, as well as a visible token of our gratitude, we present for your kind acceptance this easy chair, indulging the hope that, as in physical weariness you betake yourself to its comfort and find rest, your spirit may in the hour of exhaustion or perplexity rest on the sure word of prophesy and find consolation and refreshment there. We hope and pray that the God of all grace may continue to use your eminent abilities for the advancement of His Kingdom and that he will abundantly bless you and Mrs. Emsley in your new field of labor, and long preserve your lives and conserve your happiness.

Signed on behalf of the Monday night class Napanee (East) Methodist church.

J. R. DAFOE,
F. W. VANDUSEN.
(and others)

Napanee, June 18, 1883.

Never was man more surprised than Mr. Emsley. With tears in his eyes he replied as only he can. At first it was with difficulty that the rev. gentleman could speak at all, so visibly affected were the donors as well as the honored. In a little he, however, collected himself and replied very affectionately, thanking the friends for the present, and expressing sorrow at the parting about to take place. Not only as pastor had his sojourn in Napanee been pleasant but as a class-leader he had received an inspiration from them to better fight the battles of life and live for the Master. In his counsels he had always sought to give them words that would make them better men and women and had backed his teaching with prayers. He closed by again thanking them and trusting that the class would look steadfastly at Him in whom was all fullness.

The chair is an exceedingly fine one—walnut, finished in silk plush. The main covering is of mauve color, while across the front of the chair is a band of beautiful blue plush; the head rest is also blue.

Thursday morning, a little before Mr Emsley left for Brockville, he was again most agreeably surprised, by being

furnishing them with copies of THE EXPRESS. They were welcome "visitors" at the camp; like letters from home.

The boys received letters from home saying that the Napanee people heard that some of No 6 company had received sunstrokes. There is no truth in the report. There has been no sickness in our company whatever and only four men in the whole 47th battalion.

On Monday the 47th went to the butts and did some good shooting. Following is the score made by No 6 company:

Yards	100	200	300	400	Total
Sergt Thompson	10	14	13	4	31
Sergt Sills	15	10	14	13	52
Corp. Robinson	3	3	0	0	6
Corp. Ash	14	8	12	5	39
Pte Loucks	10	10	2	2	24
Pte Pringle	5	0	5	0	10
Pte Lloyd	8	4	4	3	23
Pte Perry	7	0	6	0	13
Pte Frallick	2	0	4	4	10
Pte Briggs	12	5	4	0	21
Pte Withers	6	0	13	3	21
Corp Wilson	3	0	3	0	6
Pte Pringle	10	4	12	8	34
Pte Boyd	6	4	8	4	22
Pte Cronk	12	3	14	12	41
Pte Lloyd	2	2	3		7
Pte Wood	9	6	0	0	15
Pte Sexsmith	12	6	10	6	34
Pte Wamsley	13	7	2		21
J T Robinson	12	9	11		40

St. John's Day at Tamworth.

The brethren of Lorne Lodge, No. 404, A. F. & A. M., celebrated St. John the Baptist's day by meeting in their lodge room at 10.30 o'clock a.m. on the 24th inst., from thence marching in public procession to the Methodist church, Bridge street. After listening to a most excellent and instructive sermon, delivered by W. Bro. the Rev. F. B. Stratton, they returned to their lodge room and from thence to their homes.

On Monday evening the installation of officers took place, W. Bro. J. M. Smith installing officer. The following are the officers for the ensuing year: W. Bro. J. M. Smith, I.P.M; V. W. Bro. G. M. Richardson, W.M.; J. H. McLaughlin, S.W.; J. E. Perry, J.W.; J. F. Fuller, Treas.; J. Aylsworth, Sec.; W. Bro. F. B. Stratton, Chap.; J. F. Sherman, S.D.; T. F. Hodge, J. D; P. B. Smith, I.G.; C. S. Wheeler Tyler; H. E. Thornton and G. Harkness, Stewards; George Stinson, D.C. Visitors were present from Union (Napanee), Prince of Wales (Newburgh), and Victoria (Centreville), Lodges. W. Bro. J. M. Smith was presented by the lodge with a very fine past master's jewel. After close of the lodge the brethren were served to a sumptuous dinner by mine host Bro. L. A. Wheeler.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth if so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

30ly81y

ROYAL

Toronto and Oswego, N.Y.

Benjamin, West & Co. are introducing new machinery into their wheel factory here.

Work has commenced on the new roller mill here, and will be prosecuted with vigor.

Rev Smith, Presbyterian minister, of Centreville, ably filled the pulpit in C. M. church here on Sunday night.

The base ball match on Saturday, between Enterprise and Yarker, resulted in victory for the Yarker boys—14 to 10

The crops in this vicinity are looking fairly well. A big change will be noted in a few days owing to the fine rain on Saturday night.

Gull Creek.

Mr John A. Lott is laid up at present, supposed to be by a slight sun-stroke while working out in the field.

Things were appearing to suffer for the want of rain, but the rain came on Sunday afternoon and revived the sufferers much.

The water is drying up very fast. Cross Lake reservoir has been exhausted it is said, but the dam is still kept up on the Clare River.

Mr Loyst's mare came in contact with an old wire fence recently and greatly injured herself. Wire fences are dangerous where animals are running at large.

The berry season has commenced Strawberries are the go at present, many creeping over the ground after the little dainties. Some say that they are not very plentiful; and their season will soon be over.

Huckleberries will be here soon. Many were predicting last week that these would be a failure on account of the intense heat. Probably the recent rain may have helped them.

Centreville.

Miss Shorey, of Maitland, spent a few days at Mr. M. C. Shorey's.

Mr. Peter Hinch has, so we are informed, bought out the business of Mr. Loucks.

Mr. James Tuttle, of Bridgewater, has been visiting friends in this vicinity lately.

Miss Dunbar, teacher of Reid's school, was the guest of Wesley Wagar Saturday and Sunday.

Some Centreville people attended the lawn social at J. D. Wagar's, Enterprise, on Wednesday, 27th.

M. C. Shorey was through part of Prince Edward county last week visiting friends. He reports it very dry in that section.

Mr and Miss Carlaw and Mr. Kent attended the "send off" given the Rev. Jas. Curts at Newburgh, on Wednesday evening of last week.

A meeting of the directors of Camden Agricultural Society met at Kennedy's hotel, on Saturday, 23rd. It was decided to hold the annual show on Saturday, October 13th.

The ladies of Centreville propose holding an entertainment on the evening of Saturday, October 13th. Proceeds for church purposes in connection with the Methodist church.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 149 Block Rochester N.Y. 148y

Thursday morning, a little before Mr Emsley left for Brockville, he was again most agreeably surprised, by being presented with a complete set of Encyclopedia Brittanica, bound in sheep. The presentation was made by a number of the reverend gentleman's friends in and outside the church. The usual address was in this instance omitted, the presentation made in a quiet manner.

FROM THE CAMP.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Gananoque girls have caught the "scarlet" fever.

Excursions arrive here every day, and the parade grounds are crowded with strangers.

The boys have taken a number of trips down among the Islands. Boats are running all the time.

We have had a great deal of rain, supposed to be caused by the firing of the cannon and rifles.

Major General Middleton and the Minister of Militia after reviewing the troops left Wednesday morning.

The Kingston News says: "Lieut Smith is to be complimented on having the neatest company in camp."

Mr Geo Napier took a canoe down with him, and enjoyed many a pleasant hour on the St. Lawrence.

The soldiers appreciate the efforts of the Y. M. C. A. All sorts of amusements are furnished by them free of charge.

Baseball is the general sport of the evening and it is not an unusual sight to see twenty different nines playing at once.

The 47th batt band played for a garden party on Wednesday night. They are without doubt the best on the ground.

The battalion was inspected by Col Van Straubenzie on Wednesday. He was well pleased with the appearance of the men

At the Battalion drill on Monday afternoon the colonel complimented No 6 company upon their fine appearance and drill.

Messrs W. S Henry and H. Jamieson visited the camp on Monday and enjoyed the hospitality of "the boys" in the evening.

The Napanee band played for the excursion to General Middleton and Sir Adolphe Caron, Minister of Militia, on Monday evening.

A few days ago a soldier from Amherst Island was injured by falling on a tent pin. He was sent to the Kingston General Hospital.

Among the list of infantry officers who did not report was Capt Lennox, of the 49th Batt, who I understand is a resident of your town.

It is the intention of the boys to maintain No 6 company and to always deserve the praise which they have received at the Gananoque camp.

No 6 have formed a mess of their own and live about as well as the officers of the 47 h batt. The Gananoque girls have been very kind to the boys.

Lieut Sharp drilled No. 6 until Capt Helliwell came. The boys think Lieut. Sharp a perfect officer and a courteous gentleman. The boys owe much to him.

A free excursion for the boys is announced for Thursday evening I is tendered by the staff of the 47th. It will be to Brockville and return up the American channel per str Geneva.

The Napaneeans were pleased to see the following from home, who came down with the excursion on Monday last: Mrs F. W. Smith, Mr and Mrs Jno Stevenson, H Jamieson, W. S. Henry, Jas Miller, and Jas Wilson.

The members of No 6 company and the band boys appreciate your kindness in

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall-st 4087ly.

WHAT

WARNER'S Safe Cure CURES

BACK ACHE,
BLADDER TROUBLES,
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
HEAD ACHE,
NERVOUSNESS,
INDIGESTION,

There is NO DOUBT of this great remedy's potency. It is NO NEW DISCOVERY, UNKNOWN and mayhap WORTHLESS, but is familiar to the public for years as the only reliable remedy for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Stomach. TO BE WELL, YOUR BLOOD MUST BE PURE, and it never can be pure if the Kidneys, (the only blood purifying organs) are diseased.

DIZZINESS,
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BAD EYES,
IMPOTENCY,
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CURED WITH WARNER'S SAFE CURE.

Ask your friends and neighbors what WARNER'S SAFE CURE has done for them. Its RECORD IS BEYOND the RANGE of DOUBT. It has CURED MILLIONS and we have millions of testimonials to prove our assertion. WARNER'S SAFE CURE will CURE YOU if you will give it A CHANCE.

LAHEY & McKENTY

LAST WEEK IN OUR PRESENT STAND.

ON TUESDAY, JULY 3rd, 1888

We open our elegant new stand in the Rennie block, the old corner stand. For balance of this week we offer

Clearing Prices on all White Goods

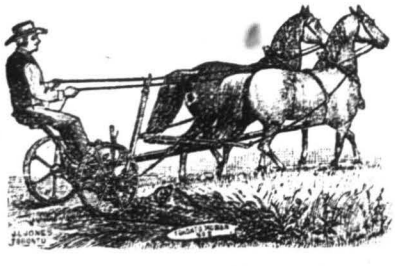
Swiss Embroidered Skirtings, Lawns, Spot Muslins Skirting Laces, All-overs, Swiss and Hamburg Edgings and Insertions, &c.

Bargains all over the Store.

See us on SATURDAY

LAHEY & McKENTY.

Harshaw Block. 2288ly



The Massey Manufacturing Co.

OF TORONTO,

are manufacturing 15000 Harvesting Machines for the season of 1888. They are the oldest and largest manufacturers of Harvesting Machines in Canada, this being their 41st year, and their agents,

Birrell & Co

can supply intending purchasers with the best harvesting machines sold to-day, viz.:

THE MASSEY MOWER,
THE TORONTO MOWER,
THE MASSEY HARVESTER,
SHARP'S RAKE, and
TORONTO LIGHT BINDER.

SHINGLES.

Parties about to reshingle their outbuildings and in want of a cheap grade of shingles, would do well to give us a call. We have extra good values to offer.

THE RATHBUN CO.,
2788atf Napanee Agency.

MEN!

Our Specific No. 23 permanently restores EXHAUSTED VITALITY, LOST MANHOOD and GENERAL DEBILITY when other treatment fails. Send 6 cents in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS for home cure. TORONTO MEDICINE Co. 343 Spadina Ave. Toronto, Ont.
2888ly

NOTICE.

Having leased the Bill Mill for a term of years and it having been repaired and now in the best of running order, I am now prepared to do all kinds of

GRISTING

at shortest notice. All grists weighed in and out

Flour and Feed Constantly on Hand.

NOTICE

To Fence Builders.

All parties purchasing Shedd's Patent Fence are hereby notified that the owner of the patent therefor is still selling patents in the County of Lennox and Addington, and is prepared to defend his right to do so in the courts if necessary.

ASSELSTINE & MARTIN.
May 26, 1888. 2788d

LARGEST IN CANADA.

Fonthill Nurseries.

We want reliable energetic men to sell our nursery stock; previous experience not necessary; any man with tact and energy can succeed; terms liberal either salary or commission; outfit free.

Our agents have many advantages, such as selling home grown hardy Canadian stock. This season we have a number of choice specialties which are of value and which can only be secured from us, such as a complete list of New Russian Apples, the Ritson Pear, Saunders Plum Hilborn Raspberry, Moore's Ruby and Black Champion Currants Moore's Diamond Grape, etc.

We have given particular attention to the propagation of hardy varieties suitable to the northern sections of Canada. For terms apply to

STONE & WELLINGTON,
2988m Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE.

WOOL WANTED.

THE MASSEY MOWER,
THE TORONTO MOWER,
THE MASSEY HARVESTER,
SHARP'S RAKE, and
TORONTO LIGHT BINDER.

Birrell & Co. also handle every implement required on a farm Wilkison Plows, Hay Cars, Tedders, etc.

Mill and Factory men supplied with machinery from the Watercus Engine Works, Brantford, on short notice.

Threshing Machines and Engines of the best make and latest designs. Farm and School House Bells. The Dowell Washer has been sold satisfactorily in Napanee for six years. Sold on its merits. Also, several style of Wringers. Call and inspect our stock.

BIRRELL & CO.

Sale rooms opposite Brisco House. 2288mtf

UNDERTAKING AT MOSCOW

MILES STORMS,

has had over forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equal to any in the Dominion.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices.

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any change of color.

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend all funerals. MILES STORMS

2238ly.

TROTTING STALLIONS.

The undersigned would announce that his standard bred trotting stallions,

Passion and Dexter,

will stand for mares the season of 1888, at his stable, Dundas st., Napanee, opposite the Campbell House.

These stallions are fine high bred horses and parties wanting to improve their stock cannot do better than patronize them. Persons contemplating using them, will please arrange for use early as I intend putting them in training after season.

Terms will be made known on application to

T. A. MARTIN.

2388h Napanee

$100.000 TO LOAN

—AT—

6 Per Cent Straight Loans,

Re-payable at any time the borrower chooses.

No Commissions and no fines charged

W. S. WILLIAMS.

4087ly

Flour and Feed Constantly on Hand.

The highest cash price paid for all kinds of grain. Your patronage solicited.

87m JOHN R DAFOE

The Manufacturers Life Insurance COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE, 38 KING STREET EAST TORONTO, ONT.

Incorporated by special Act of the Dominion Parliament.

Authorized capital and other assets over 200,000.

Full Deposit with the Dominion Government

—o—

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J. B. CARLILE, Managing Director
GRANT & LEONARD, Medical Examiner
2388m, **E. HOOPER**, Agent, Napanee.

Seed Obituary.

—o—

At this, the end of a very prosperous seed season (in which we have sold seeds at much below the ordinary rates we take the opportunity of thanking an appreciative public for their generous patronage and confidently promise even lower prices for 1889

ADVICE GRATIS.

Plant Manitoba Potatoes and secure improved crops (On hand at $1 25 per bag.)

Eat Germ Wheat Meal and cheat dyspepsia out of a victim (We sell it at 5c per lb)

Use Germ Wheat Flour mixed with higher grades for bread, and straight for pancakes Mixed with bran for feeding cattle, pigs, horses, etc It will cost you $1 50 per cwt

Eggs, Butter and all kinds of farm produce taken in exchange for goods, or highest price in cash paid.

All outstanding accounts (over one month old) must be paid or arranged at once to save credit and costs

THOS. SYMINGTON,

Produce Dealer Dundas st, Napanee

Also agent for the L & L Fire Insurance Co. 2288ly

NOTICE.

WOOL WANTED.

Wm. Breeze has bought out the interest of W. and J. Breeze in the

WOOLEN AND SAW MILL AT FOREST MILLS

I have no interest in any other mill. I am running the Woolen Factory at Forest Mills personally and am now ready to spin, card and manufactur wool in tweeds, flannels and fulleloths

am also Buying Wool and will Pay the Highest Price in Trade or Cash.

I have on hand a stock of fine and coarse tweeds; also fine and course flannels to exchange. Roll carding 4 cents per pound; spinning 10 cents per pound.

WILLIAM BREEZE

Forest Mills, May 8th, 1888 2558z

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of NELSON WELLS of the township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer.

The said insolvent, having made an assignment to me under the Act 48 Vic., Chap. 26, respecting assignments for the benefit of creditors, all persons who are creditors of the said insolvent are hereby notified to send by post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the undersigned at the

COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, ON OR BEFORE

SATURDAY, June 30th, 1888,

their christian names, surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, verified by affidavit, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 30th day of June, A.D. 1888, the assets of the said insolvent will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required, and this notice being given under the provisions of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chap. 107, Sec. 34, as amended by 46 Vic., Chap. 9, (Ontario) the undersigned will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

O. T. PRUYN,
Sheriff County of Lennox and Addington,
ASSIGNEE.

Dated at Napanee this 5th June, A.D. 1888.
2388d

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Matter of Andrew E. Markland, of the Village of Tamworth, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Tanner.

The above named insolvent, Andrew E. Markland, has made an assignment to me in pursuance of Ontario Statutes, 48 Vic., Chap. 26, and amending acts in trust, for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Andrew E. Markland will be held at the

OFFICE OF JAMES AYLSWORTH, ESQ., IN THE VILLAGE OF TAMWORTH, ON

MONDAY, July 9th, 1888

At the hour of 7 o'clock p.m., for the appointment of inspectors and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by said act.

And notice is hereby given that after the 10th day of August, 1888, the said assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said debtor among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given. And he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

HIRAM KEECH, ASSIGNEE.

Dated at Tamworth, this 27th June, A. D. 1888.
3188b

YOUNG FOLKS.

THE PRICE OF A DINNER.

BY JOHN R. CORYELL.

One hot, dusty day in early May—it seemed like a midsummer day out of place—a lad with a weary, painfully lagging step toiled up the road that led to the hill-top overlooking the little town of Maple Centre.

Almost hidden under the lofty sugar-maples, with here and there a peaked roof or a gable window peeping out of the cool green, the town looked a paradise to the worn-out boy, who stopped in the hot sunshine, and emitted under his breath a soft "Ah!" of thankfulness.

For a moment a happy smile brightened his dark face, and one seeing him then would have thought him handsome; but the next moment he could as well have been thought ugly, for a sullen scowl chased away the boyish smile, and left a prematurely old and almost vicious expression.

"Won't let me stay there neither, I s'pose!" he muttered. "Well, they can't stop me from going through the town, an' they can't lock me up if I don't beg."

Near the foot of the hill he passed the school-house, and as he heard the hum of voices floating out of the open window, he wondered bitterly what it would be like to lead the comfortable, easy lives of the boys in there.

He was thirsty. A pump stood in the school-yard. He cast a quick glance around, and seeing nobody, stole in at the gate and towards the pump, with a manner at once stealthy and defiant, as if willing to escape detection, but ready to brave the consequences of it.

No one saw him, and he greedily drank down two brimming dipperfuls of the cool water. Then he stole out of the yard again, and limped on toward the centre of the town, until, unable to resist the tempting shade of one of the great maples, he dropped on the grass, and with a sigh stretched his numbed limbs.

The school doors had opened, and it was the buzz of eager young voices that had caused him to sink back, courting such obscurity as the grass and shade afforded. Laughing, shouting, running, throwing stones in the usual boy fashion, the boys came boisterously down the road. Furtively the little wayfarer watched their approach, hoping they would either not see or notice him, but preparing with dogged fierceness for the disappointment of his hopes.

There was a sudden hush as they drew nearer to him, and he knew he had been seen.

"It's a tramp," he heard one of them say; and though he did not stir, the angry blood rushed to his face, and turned the clear olive of his skin to a copper bronze.

When they drew nearer, and could distinguish more clearly, he heard the words, "It's only a boy."

Something in the tone of the voice impelled him to glance quickly around, and he did so just in time to see a stone leave the hand of one of the largest boys and come directly towards him.

To dodge the stone and spring to his feet seemed but one act, and in a second he stood, with scowling alertness, scanning the boys now crowding curiously together, and casting upon the one who had thrown the stone an angry look that in some subtle way seemed to contain an invitation to repeat his act of aggression if he dared.

The latter seemed to feel it so, for he laughed awkwardly, and said, "You'd better get out of here; we keep a jail in this town for tramps."

Some of the boys laughed, but most of

Harry, though his head was already aching and his eyes swelling from the telling blows he had received, had the courage to rush once more at his antagonist. Down he went again before the well-directed blows of the stranger; but this time, before he could recover again, his schoolfellows with one accord made a rush at the fighter and hustled him this way and that, with very little regard for the rules of fair play.

The stranger lad fought the crowd fiercely, making no outcry and saying no word until, having been pushed headlong into the dust of the road, he rose, faced the crowd, and sobbing and hoarse with passion, cried out, "I can whip any two of ye in a fair fight."

There seemed no disposition among the boys to put him to the test, but one small voice from the rear called out, "We'll have you arrested."

"You're afraid of me," he said, paying no heed to the threat. "Of me!" and there was a sort of pathetic self-pity in his taunt. "An' I've walked twenty miles since daylight, an' 'ain't had nothin' t' eat since yesterday morning."

He stood there defiantly for a few seconds as if waiting for another onslaught, and then, as the boys, now ashamed of themselves, did not move, he turned wearily away, more faint than before the excitement of the quarrel had lent him a false strength.

He paid no more attention to them, but accepting their treatment of him as a perfectly natural episode in his miserable young life, he limped sullenly through the town, asking no help and expecting none. On the outskirts of the little town he stopped from sheer exhaustion, and leaning against a fence, watched listlessly the movements of a young horse grazing in the field.

As he stood there a young girl hurried past him. He looked up and caught a backward, scared glance from her. She ran on, and he followed slowly, resenting in an undefined way her fear of him.

"What had she to be afraid of?" he asked himself. Not of him, surely, for he was too weary now to hurt anybody—too weary, indeed, to drag his feet any further.

He dropped weakly under a tree, and crossing his arms on his bent knees, laid his head forward on them, wondering if hi strength was going to give out before he could reach a place where he could get something to eat.

"If you will come home with me, I am sure I can get you something to eat,"

He looked up with a start. The little girl whose fear of him he had resented stood near him, looking down at him in a pitying yet partly fearful way.

His scowling scrutiny of her alarmed her, and she retreated a pace or two as she timidly went on:

"I heard you say you were hungry. I am sure mamma will give you something to eat."

"Yes," he said, with an ugly sneer, "so's she can have me arrested, for beggin'. No, you don't; you don't catch me so easy. Go on now, and leave me alone."

"Oh!" exclaimed the little girl, in a shocked tone, "how can you say such things? Mamma wouldn't do that for anything."

"No, of course not," he began, sarcastically. And then even his savage fortitude broke under his hunger and weariness, and with a quick, catching sob he wailed appealingly: "Why can't you leave me alone? What have I done to you?"

The brown head fell once more on the ragged arms, and with wide-open eyes the little girl saw the fierce fighter of a few minutes before crying bitterly.

Tears filled her own eyes, and after a moment of timid hesitation she stole up to the friendless lad and gently laid her little

"The one that pelted me? the one I whipped?"

"Yes," responded Katie, uneasily; and then to change the subject, said, "He—the horse I mean—killed our cow last week."

"Did, eh?"

"Yes, Daisy broke in somehow, and he just kicked her so that she died."

"Did he give you another cow?"

"No; he said Daisy had no business to break the fence."

"Has he ever tried to have the horse broken?"

"Yes indeed; but nobody can. He feels bad about it too, for he says its a splendid horse."

"Yes, it's a nice horse. Do you live in that house there?"

"Yes, the green house there. It's the last house this end of town."

"Katie Morris, you said, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"All right. Is that Squire Blodgett's house?"

"Yes."

"Good by, Katie."

"Good-by."

Dick turned back toward the town, and walked away, leaving Katie to wonder what he meant by his odd, quickly put questions, and by returning to town. In the midst of her wonderment she heard her mother calling her, and ran at once to tell what had happened.

Dick, glancing over his shoulder, saw her return home, whereupon he retraced his steps to the gate of Squire Blodgett's lane, and opening it, walked in with the utmost confidence.

Ten minutes later Squire Blodgett was saying to him, "Break my horse? What nonsense is this? What do you mean, you little jackanapes, by coming here with such a story? Who sent you?"

"I tell you I can break your horse to drive kind an' gentle. 'Tain't no nonsense, an' nobody sent me. 'Twon't hurt you to let me try, will it?"

"It won't hurt me, but it would you. Why, he would kick your brains out in two minutes. But see here," exclaimed the Squire, with sudden sharpness, "aren't you the little tramp that got into a fight with my boy?"

Dick's dark eyes flashed angrily, and a saucy retort rose to his lips, but he who had never controlled his temper for his own sake now subdued it for the sake of those who had been kind to him. With an effort he answered, calmly: "I'm no tramp. Your boy pelted me with stones, and I whipped him; that's all."

"That's all, is it?" cried the Squire, angrily. "You little scoundrel!" He caught Dick by the collar, and lifted his hand to cuff him.

"It was *my* fault, father." Dick turned quickly, and saw Harry, with both eyes black and blue, hurrying up to save him from the squire's wrath.

"I hit him first," continued Harry.

"Oh, you did, eh?" growled the Squire, loosing his hold of Dick, and looking foolish. "Well, get out of here, and be thankful I don't lock you up."

But Dick was not prepared to go yet. "About the horse, Squire?"

"Why, you little impostor, d'you think I'd take the risk of your neck?"

"It's no risk at all, Squire. I've broken hundreds, if I am only a boy. I was born in a stable, an' spent my life there, an' I know some things 'tain't many does know. Let me try."

"Well," said the Squire, impressed by Dick's earnestness, "I'll let you try; but mind, if you get killed, don't blame me."

"I won't. And about the pay for it?"

"Well, if you really do break the horse,

The latter seemed to feel it so, for he laughed awkwardly, and said, "You'd better get out of here; we keep a jail in this town for tramps."

Some of the boys laughed, but most of them moved uneasily to one side, and stood there as if too curious to be willing to lose the chance of seeing what might take place, and yet disinclined to endorse the action of their school-fellow.

With a sort of contemptuous fierceness the stranger glanced from the head to the feet of the boy, and back again to his head, and then said, tauntingly, "You kin throw stones at a feller behind his back an' you kin talk to his face, but you dassent lay a finger on me."

The girls had come up by this time, and were moving slowly by, waiting for something tohappen at which they should scream and run.

"Leave him alone, Harry!" "Come on, Harry!" "What's the matter?" exclaimed several of the older girls; but Harry found himself unable to gracefully extricate himself from the quarrel, and therefore answered the boy with a sullen nttempt at carelessness:

"I don't want to touch you. Why should I?"

"What did you want to throw the stone for, then?"

Harry might properly have answered that he had done it thoughtlessly, and was sorry for it; but it is not very often a boy's way to substitute moral courage for physical, and as Harry had plenty of the latter sort of courage, he met the taunting logic of the stranger's question by taking a menacing step forward and answering, angrily, "Because I wanted to. What of it?"

The prospect of a fight had a singular effect upon the strange lad. His eye lost its hunted, sullen look, and became brightly alert, his feet shifted position a little, and his hands clinched, though they hung carelessly by his side. His manner lost its excitement, and became quitely, almost pleasently expectant. He answered Harry with an exasperating sneer. "Talk's cheap. Why don't you do it again if you dare?"

Harry could feel that his school-mates were wondering if he were afraid of the boy so much smaller than himself, and in a gust of anger he stopped, picked up a small stone, and threw it at his antagonist.

According to the boys' unwritten code of honor a fight was now necessary, and the two lads understood it so, for in a twinkling they stood facing each other.

Harry stood as he had seen pugilists in pictures stand; the stranger lad seemed to the excited boys who watched him to be a mere novice in the art af fighting, since he held one arm loosely by his side, and had the other but slightly raised in front of him.

Harry hated to strike a boy so poorly prepared to guard himself, but he was angry enough to be willing to teach him a lesson, so he said, as he struck at him, "Take that."

Just where Harry's fist went out not even the lookers-on could see. Somehow the unguarded boy had evaded the blow, and had delivered in return a quick pat-pat that sent Harry reeling backward. And then, before he could recover himself, came another pat-pat that laid him flat upon his back.

The girls screamed, the boys crowded nearer, and the young pugilist stood alertly on guard, keeping his eye at once on Harry, struggling in a dazed way to his feet, and on the latter's friends, who were glancing at him with mingled curiosity and anger.

Nothing daunted, but seemingly stimulated by the prospect of more fighting to do, the stranger lad exclaimed, tauntingly: "Has he got enough yet, or does he want more?"

little girl saw the fierce fighter of a few minutes before crying bitterly.

Tears filled her own eyes, and after a moment of timid hesitation she stole up to the friendless lad and gently laid her little hand on his shoulder, and said, sympathetically: "Please don't cry. I'm so sorry for you!"

"G'way now, I tell you!" he snarled, jerking his shoulder from under the pitying hand. "Leave me alone."

She cast upon him a sorrowful look of wonder, and then turned and ran away.

The boy had rejected her offers of help and her sympathy with churlish distrust, but underneath the distrust an atom of hope had struggled for recognition, and therefore when the child accepted her repulse and ran away, a heavy despair smote the lads heart, and he threw himself at length on the grass, murmuring, as if it had but just come to him, "I'm so hungry!"

He had not lain there long when he heard approaching footsteps. He did not look up; he was reckless of the consequences of being seen there.

"Won't you please eat this? Indeed we wouldn't have you arrested for anything."

He looked up into the distressed face of the little girl, and then down at a heaped-up plate of food which she had placed beside him. Then without a word, but with frequent furtive glances at her as she leaned against the fence, he ate every morsel on the plate.

"What's your name?" he asked, abruptly, as she stooped to pick up the plate.

"Katie Morris."

There was an awkward pause, during which he seemed engaged in fixing her name in his memory. Presently to relieve her embarrassment, she asked, "What's yours?"

The lad's cheeks flushed and his brown eyes searched her blue ones as he answered slowly, "Dick."

"Dick what?"

Again he cast upon her a quick, searching glance, and then, hesitating a moment, said, "Won't you tell anybody if I tell you?"

"No—o," she answered, in uneasy surprise.

"Dick Rodriguez," he said, lowering his voice, and yet showing signs of some pride in the name.

She repeated the name, and he was evidently surprised that she showed no emotion at hearing it.

"Champion boy bare-back, you know," he said, in an explanatory tone.

"Oh," she ventured, doubtfully, "in a circus?"

He nodded his head proudly, and then with a sudden relapse into his ugly scowl, said: "He was allus a-lickin' me, an' I ran away. He ain't my father anyhow, an' he 'ain't no right to lick me. Don't you give me away if anybody comes around askin' for me, will you?"

"I won't," said Katie, at the same time frightened and pleased at being taken into the confidence of the runaway circus boy.

"Yes," said Dick, finding it pleasant to talk of his troubles and himself. "I've walked over a hundred miles. I'm going to Toronto. They don't let a feller beg, do they? I'm willing to work, but they all call me a tramp and drive me away."

Katie looked shocked; and then, seeing Dick was silent, asked him, by way of drawing him out, if he could ride that horse, pointing to the one grazing near by.

"Of course," he said, carelessly.

"But he's awful. Nobody can drive him or do anything with him. They can't even get near him."

"So," said Dick, eyeing the horse with critical interest. "Is he yours?"

"No—o; he belongs to Squire Blodgett, the boy's father."

"Well," said the Squire, impressed by Dick's earnestness, "I'll let you try; but mind, if you get killed, don't blame me."

"I won't. And about the pay for it?"

"Well, if you really do break the horse, I'll see you don't complain."

"No, sir, I want to make a fair, square bargain beforehand. I can break the horse, an' I want fair pay."

"You do. What is your price, then, my young Rarey?"

"A cow?"

"What?"

"A cow. I'll agree to break your horse to drive safe an' gentle, and I want you to give an order for the choice of your cows when it's done."

"You're very modest."

"It's worth it, an' you know it. What d'ye say?"

"Have it your own way. If you break the horse—and I begin to have some confidence in you—you'll have earned the cow. Can you catch the horse? Nobody here can."

"I can catch him. Can you give me a long piece of strong clothes line?"

It is unnecessary to tell by what means Dick subdued the Squire's horse, for subdue it he did, much to the Squire's amazement and delight. He employed a few simple devices well known to horse tamers, and did not occupy over an hour in making the vicious colt as gentle as an old horse.

The Squire endeavored to discover who the young horse-tamer was, but without success, for Dick refused to answer any questions; but having obtained the order giving the choice of the Squire's cows, he drew Harry to one side, and said: "That was mighty square of you to own up to the old man. Will you shake hands?"

Harry took his hand, and shook it heartily. Dick flushed, and after hesitating a minute, said, awkwardly, "You can write, I s'pose? I can't."

"Yes," answered Harry, "I can write. Do you want me to write something for you?"

"Yes; I want you to please put down plain on a piece of paper, 'Dick Rodriguez is no tramp; he pays for what he eats.'"

Harry wonderingly wrote as dictated, and then looked at Dick.

"Anybody can read that, Mr.?"

"Oh yes."

"Then just put both papers in a envelope, and let Mrs. Morris have 'em—Katie Morris's mother, you know."

"I will."

Maple Centre talks to this day of Dick Rodriguez and how he paid for his dinner, and Dick Rodriguez is the proprietor of a big circus now.

There is one thing he never allows in his circus—children can never be abused there.

Eddie Williams, of Franklin, Me., went hunting, and the gun he carried "kicked" very hard when he fired it. A few days afterward he was taken ill and died. The recoil of the gun had caused concussion of the base of the brain, producing partial paralysis of the spine and digestive organs.

about 20 in 1,000, while in New York it is 26 in 1,000. The population of New York is also much more crowded, there being an average of 16 persons to a dwelling, while in London the average is only 7.

The *Rappel* says that the gang which has lately issued false French bank notes is composed of wealthy Russians and Austrians. They possess ships and crews and all the necessary apparatus. The notes are engraved at sea and the plates are thrown overboard into the water. The ships put into ports where accomplices receive the notes, scatter them and give them back unused. Then the whole establishment travels to another port.

HEALTH.

Moderation and Regularity.

The means to be adopted for the attainment of robust health are cleanliness, regularity of habits, moderation in diet, exercise, preferably in the open air, in accordance with the capacity of the individual and nature of the contest, and abstinence from strong drinks and tobacco.

If a man trains simply to improve his health he does so more or less moderately; if for a contest, more or less strictly in accordance with the importance of the event. A man can do either without a trainer if he has an ordinary amount of common sense and will power. The man who simply desires to live in a sound, healthy condition should follow these rules, modifying them slightly, according to the age or physique:

Get up not later than 7 A. M., sponge and rub yourself with a coarse towel until the skin is red. It is good exercise. Then dress and take a fairly long walk before and after breakfast. Walk to your place of business. Attend to work in the usual way, resisting every inclination you may have to give way to indolence. Walk home. Never mind the weather; a little rain will not hurt you and Summer heat will not affect you when you have done it long enough to do you good. Then have dinner, avoiding, as at your lunch and breakfast, fat, greasy, sweet, highly flavored or seasoned food. Water is the best thing to drink and that is better drank after finishing your meal. Take your time over dinner in particular and other meals in general. If you have not time to get a meal leisurely go without it, as it will not injure you quarter as much as it will to eat it in a hurry. Amuse yourself in the evening according to your taste, which as you get healthier will incline to active rather than effeminate amusements. Repeat the sponging and rubbing and go to bed before 11 P.M.

A gentleman of our acquaintance on the shady side of 40, who is following this programme, stands about six feet and weighs nearly 200 pounds. He took my advice and has long since done away with his collection of medicines and embrocations, while since commencing he has had no occasion for a doctor. Neither the heat last Summer nor the cold this Winter troubled him. During the day business tasks have ceased to be burdensome, and at night he sleeps the sleep of the just. The little trouble it takes has become a pleasure, and he is quite satisfied that the benefit he has derived is worth more to him than he could pay for it. He never has any inclination for and can easily resist the temptation to partake of luxuries or bilious dishes.

The professional should train more strictly. Nearly all the time he is not sleeping or eating he should spend out of doors or in practising that, or some part of that, feat which he is training for. Neither amateur nor professional should work too hard at first, but should at all times bear in mind that over-exertion is more harmful than insufficient exercise. I advocate the subjugation but not the extinction of any natural desire. A requirement of nature should always afford pleasure, but should never become a propensity. If a person desires to improve deportment, grace and freedom of motion, and to acquire vigor, he should box or fence, or both, taking lessons at first that he may commence with a good system.

A Lesson From a Pugilist.

In writing lately on muscle-forming food, we referred to the interdependence between the different bodily organs and tissues, so that the body, to be properly built up, must

Follicular tonsillitis is a more serious form of sore throat. It is perhaps due to an infectious element, but even this is generally powerless where the physical condition of the person who is exposed to it is otherwise good. In this case, too, the stomach may be the prime offender. More frequently the disease comes to those whose physical condition is depressed by bad hygienic surroundings.

There are feverish symptoms, the tonsils are inflamed and swollen, and covered more or less with small white circular spots. These may individually enlarge, so as to form patches somewhat resembling the characteristic patch of diphtheria, which, however, is a skin like membrane, while the patches in tonsillitis are merely an exudation on the surface, which can be wiped off. The case should, nevertheless, always have the care of a physician.

Sometimes the tonsils become greatly inflamed, with a tendency to abscess. It becomes difficult to swallow, and, indeed, to open the mouth. Behind the lower jaw a painful swelling is observed.

The difficulty may increase for several days, and then the inflammation may go down, or, what is quite as likely to happen, a very painful abscess may be formed, on the evacuation of which the symptoms subside. This is what is often called quinsy.

"Soda-Water."

The drinking of so called "soda-water" is becoming more and more general. Soda fountains are found not only in drug stores, but in restaurants, bar-rooms, confectionery stores, and retail merchant establishments.

All are familiar with the effervescence and foam that attend the mixing in water of carbonate of soda and tartaric acid. As the term "soda" is applied both to the fountain and to the drink issuing from it, one naturally supposes that there is soda in the foaming fluid he is taking.

It is not so, however. The water is charged with carbonic acid, and is flavored and sweetened with some of the various syrups. The carbonic acid gas forced into water with a pressure of one hundred and eighty pounds to the square inch, and it is the escape of this gas, when the faucet is turned and the water flows into the tumbler, that causes the foaming.

The gas was formerly obtained from carbonate of soda, and hence the present name, which still clings to it; but it is now obtained from marble, which is a carbonate of lime. Marble is simply lime and carbonic acid chemically combined. The union is a weak one. Sulphuric acid has a much stronger affinity for the lime than the carbonic acid has, and upon being poured on powdered marble releases the carbonic acid, which is then absorbed by the water. It makes no difference with the drink whether the carbonic acid is obtained from soda or from marble, since nothing but the acid passes into the water.

In, and in the neighborhood of, large cities, the sellers of soda-water do not charge their own fountains. It is done for them at large central establishments.

The question has been put to us if soda-water is wholesome. Almost any acidulated drink is pleasant in summer, and it often meets a real need to the system. Probably carbonated water is as wholesome as any.

We should advise less of the syrup than is commonly taken, partly because it is apt not to be pure, and partly because, even if pure, it is not very good for the stomach. "Plain soda" is better than soda with syrup, and, after a little time, quite a pleasant as that.

We believe that care is taken to have the

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In writing lately on muscle-forming food, we referred to the interdependence between the different bodily organs and tissues, so that the body, to be properly built up, must be built up as a whole. Even muscular development may be carried to such an extent as to impoverish the brain and reduce the fat below what is required as surplus food against emergencies, as a protection against cold, and to supply those parts which consist largely of fat—the brain, nerves and marrow.

For, while surplus fat is an incumbrance, and sometimes a disease, a normal amount —and this not small—is as essential as muscular fibre.

An illustration of some of these principles is given by the experience of Sullivan, the pugilist, in his recent fight in France, and it is perhaps the only useful consequence of that brutal encounter.

Sullivan had spent six weeks in preparing for the contest, and is said in that time to have reduced his weight forty pounds—at the rate of nearly a pound a day! But while thus getting rid of fat, he was not at the same equally building up muscular fibre. This is a far slower process than "training down to weight."

Moreover, the loss of fat made him oversensitive to the chilling rain, in the midst of which the fight was carried on, while the muscles needed an extra support for their long-continued and exhausting work. At the same time the nerve power was greatly reduced, for the fat, of which the brain and nerves so largely consist, is as essential to their normal action as is any other constituent. And, indeed, this nerve-power is the working force of the system as truly as steam is of the engine.

Says Mr. John Boyle O'Reilly, the well-known poet and writer, and a good authority in physical culture: "Sullivan was over-trained. This is the rule rather than the exception with English trainers.

"They reduce a man's nervous or vital force to build up his muscular powers, and they take out all his fat, so that he gets chilled when he strips, and cannot heat again.

"It vas just the same when Heenan fought King in England. He was a marvel of beauty when he stripped, but before the fourth round his breath was roaring in him as he said himself. He had to come to a stop while his muscles were filled with power, because there was no nervous force to drive the muscles."

This is admirably put, but it is hardly proper for Mr. O'Rielly to say, "while the muscles were filled with power." There was only a capacity for the use of power—the nervous force—which the central nervous system was not then in a condition to furnish to the degree required.

Sore Throats.

Few ailments are more common than sore throats, yet they are largely preventable. That is, they seldom come to one in vigorous health, except as the result of some violation of physical law.

The more simple form of sore throat is commonly due to exposure to inclement weather, but often indirectly to a disturbed stomach. In fact, it is not unfrequently due to this cause alone. The person says he has taken cold, and wonders how he could have done so, while the truth is, he has not taken cold at all.

The stomach, œsophagus, mouth, nose, etc., are lined with a mucous membrane continuous through this whole region, and the irritation begun in the stomach is propagated over the whole mucous surface. In all such cases the seat of the trouble is the stomach, and accordingly the efforts at cure, whether by medicine, by diet, or by treatment, should be directed to that organ.

"Plain soda" is better than soda with syrup, and, after a little time, quite a pleasant as that.

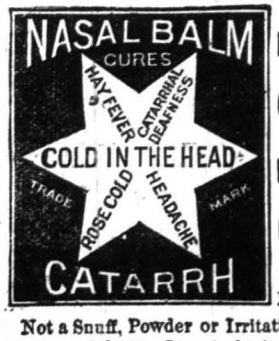
We believe that care is taken to have the water pure, and to keep the apparatus free from corrosive matter, and when this done, no harm is likely to result from a moderate resort to the fountain.

Precautions Against Sunstroke.

The full meaning of sunstroke is not included in that term. Heatstroke or insolation is a better word, and implies a further peril besides the downright glare of an unclouded sun. The concentrated heat of a close workroom, as well as the exposure incurred by some careless laborers in the open field may lead to most serious consequences. The exhaustion of work also, particularly if clothing is heavy, is a predisposed condition which should not be lost sight of. Ventilation, regular nutrition, light clothing, and, as far as possible, remission of the pressure of work, are strongly indicated by the weather conditions under which we are now living, and we therefore venture to impress their importance alike on employer and employed. Beer and other stimulants are hurtful rather than helpful, and the substitution of non-intoxicant cooling drinks for those beverages is a truly scientifi and sanitary advance in public taste. Protection of the head is a subject which is now fairly well understood. It should not be forgotten that the neck as well as the cranium requiries to be covered.

A Torch for Insect Nests.

A late bulletin (No. 10) issued by the entomologist, Prof. C. V. Riley, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, gives the following directions for making a torch to be used in burning the nest of such insects as the orchard caterpiller and fall web worm. Take a piece of soft brick known as salmon brick, and trim it to an egg shape; then take two flexible wires, cross them over the brick, wrap them around it, and twist the ends together. Then attach it by the wires to a long stick, and soak the brick in coal oil; light it with a match, and you are armed for the work. Asbestos may be used to advantage; and a little thorough work early enough in the season, will obviate the necessity of more expensive remedies at a later time. The soaking in the oil may be repeated as often as required to maintain the flame.



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EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	11 50	5 10
Napanee Mills	"	12 05	5 25
Newburgh	"	12 15	5 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	12 20	5 38
Camden East	"	12 25	5 43
Yarker	"	12 40	6 00
Colebrook*	"	12 43	6 02
Galbraith Road	"	12 45	6 05
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground		12 50	6 10
Moscow	"	12 55	6 15
Mudlake Bridge*	"	1 03	6 25
Enterprise	"	1 10	6 30
Wilson's Crossing*	"	1 18	6 38
Tamworth	Arrive	1 30	6 50

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	6 40	2 30
Wilson's Crossing†	"	6 55	2 49
Enterprise	"	7 00	2 56
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 07	3 00
Moscow	"	7 15	3 05
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 25	3 15
Colebrook†	"	7 28	3 17
Yarker	"	7 30	3 20
Camden East	"	7 45	3 35
Thompson's Mills*	"	7 50	3 42
Newburgh	"	7 55	3 56
Napanee Mills	"	8 05	4 00
Napanee	Arrive	8 20	4 15

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

* Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart rom the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other ines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

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EUROPEAN NEWS.

Universal Grief at the German Emperor's Death—Gratitude to the English Doctor—The Mikado of Japan Discouraged by the Results of His Liberel Rule.

Among the members of the English royal family the feeling even stronger than that of grief at the Emperor Frederick's death is gratitude to Sir Morell Mackenzie, without whose skill the Queen's eldest daughter would never have been Empress, but lived a royal pauper, depending on her wealthy mother and the unreliable charity of the German Reichstag. Sir Morell Mackenzie intends taking a trip of three weeks on the Continent before returning to England. When he does come back there is no doubt that he will be made a baronet, and it is even believed that the custom which has hitherto prevented any medical man from being made a peer may be abolished in his favor. All sorts of extravagant guesses have been made as to the amount paid to Mackenzie by his royal patient. The amount which he has really received is payment at the rate of $100,000 a year ever since he took charge of the case. On his return there is no doubt that his practice and income as a physician will be greater than that of any doctor in England.

The sympathy felt for the late Emperor and the grief at his death among English people are very great. No foreign monarch's death has ever caused so much sincere sorrow. His fortitude and simplicity, which are qualities much admired in England, won for him the liking of the English people. Innumerable anecdotes and endless memoirs have been written of his life.

The Mikado of Japan is disappointed in his queer-eyed subjects. They failed to appreciate the liberal edicts by which he granted them freedom of press and permission to do as they liked. The press devotes itself principally to poking fun at the royal family, and the people have been industriously forming themselves into all kinds of secret societies, which his Majesty considers objectionable. Now the press has been remuzzled, the societies have been broken up, and the Mikado announces that he will resume his line of conduct as a well-meaning despot.

SAVING A CHILD FROM AN ALLIGATOR.

Thrilling Experience of Life in California.

A family named Lambert living on Lake Charlie Apopka, California, or Tsala Lake, as it is called, report a very thrilling experience. The family is composed of Mr. and Mrs. Lambert and three children, two boys and a girl baby, the boys being 8 and 15 respectively, and the girl just able to toddle about. They moved there some two years ago and preempted a homestead on the south side of the lake.

The house is built about 20 feet from the lake and on a slight elevation, the land in front sloping down gradually to the water's edge. At the left, off some little distance, is an immense saw grass pond. Near this Mr. Lambert built an enclosure for his pigs, one side facing the lake, and up to a month ago he had a magnificent lot of porkers. One night several weeks ago he heard

A TREMENDOUS UPROAR

Suddenly, with a heavy sinking of the heart, she felt that her foot was in the water, and that, if no help came, she was doomed to a terrible death.

THE HORROR GAVE HER STRENGTH

for a moment, and she made another frantic effort to free herself, but it was in vain, and she felt herself drawn into the water. Suddenly her hands, which were nervously clutching at anything and everything that seemed to promise support, passed over the the axe handle. With the swiftness of thought and with superhuman energy she seized the helve and scrambled up, and how she cannot say. She managed to deal the 'gator a heavy blow with the blade. With rare good fortune it struck his other eye and crushed into the head. The maddened and wounded reptile opened its jaws with a roar of pain and rage, and Mrs. Lambert's dress slipped off its huge teeth. Scrambling up she seized her baby and fled wildly to the house and fell on the porch in in a dead faint.

Her husband, on returning home at night, found her there unconscious, with the child patting her mother's cheek and trying to arouse her. Doctors were at once summoned, but at last accounts the sorely tried mother was living over again her heroic fight in the fever of delirium. The next day Mr. Lambert went to the lake, and at the same spot soon found out the old 'gator lurking in the weeds. As footsteps were heard approaching, he came forth menacingly, but two shots from a 44-calibre Winchester soon placed him hors de combat. The wounds in his head were deep, and showed that the mother's arm had struck a terrible blow. The little child was not hurt, as the 'gator's teeth had caught in its dress.

ENGLISH AS VOLAPUK.

Anglo-Saxon Gradually Becoming the Language of all the World.

A universal language must be a growth. Some national language must expand until it covers the whole world. Of late years the English language alone has been much spoken of as likely to grow so great. Hardly any philosophic linguist attempts to forecast the future without some discussion of the destiny of English; and De Candolle calculates that within 100 years English will be spoken by 860,000,000 of men, German by 124,000,000 and French by 96,000,000. At present the populations either speaking the English language or under the domination of English-speaking peoples number more than 318,298,000, or one-fourth of the population of the globe.

English-speaking races occupy one-fourth of the dry land of the earth, and own nearly two-thirds of the tonnage of the ships. They live in all regions; they handle all articles of trade; they preach to all nations; they command one-half of the world's gold and silver, and distribute more than two-thirds of the Bibles and Testaments. More than one-half of the letters mailed and carried by the postal service of the world are written, mailed and read by the English-speaking populations, The expectation that English will come into universal use is not based upon anything in the nature of the language, but rather on the character and circumstances of the people.

The English people have been the great colonizers of modern times. They have taken possession of America, of Australia, of South Africa, the regions which are to be the seam of new empires, and they control and assimilate the populations which flow into them and which grow up in them.

The Water of Lake Superior.

How cold the dark water of Lake Superior.

A Mother's Dream Verified.

An inquest, which Mr William Carter styled one of the strangest that had ever come before his notice, was held at the Branksome Arms, Branksome Road, Brixton, England, recently. The deceased was Alice Elizabeth Baker, aged four years, the daughter of George Baker, a postman, living at 24 Branksome Road. The mother stated that at about half-past six o'clock in the morning she had a dream, in which she thought her child was dying, and heard a voice saying, "How happy it is to die in peace." She woke up suddenly, thinking she heard her child cry "Mother mother!" Hurrying to the bedside she found the child dying. Medical aid was at once summoned, but the child died a few minutes later from congestion of the lungs. The jury returned a verdict of "Death from natural causes."

Not So Soft as They Look.

"Country boys are not such squash-heads as they sometimes look," said the sociable drummer at the Broezel house. "One day last week I was out riding with a fellow who seemed to think it his mission to say or do something smart every minute. Presently we overtook a barefoot urchin driving a cow home from pasture, and my companion reined up the horse and spoke to him, saying, 'Say, my little man, what time will it be at six o'clock this afternoon?' Without a moment's hesitation the lad answered:—'Twill be bedtime for hens and fools. You're not a hen, but 'twill be your bedtime all the same.'"

"She's Much Older Than Her Husband."

We heard a young girl make the above remark the other day about a lady with whom we are slightly acquainted. It was not true, yet the lady in question actually does look five years older than her husband, although she is really several years his junior. She is prematurely aged, and functional derangement is the cause. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription would cure her, and should be recommended to her, and to all others who are in the same condition. If the reader of this chances to be a similar sufferer, let her get the "Prescription." It will back her lost beauty, and, better still, it will remove all those distressing symptoms which have made life a burden to her so long. Money refunded if it don't give satisfaction. See guarantee printed on bottle wrapper.

Lace trims or covers all dressy parasols.

$500 Not Called For.

It seems strange that it is necessary to persuade men that you can cure their diseases by offering a premium to the man who fails to receive benefit. And yet Dr. Sage undoubtedly cured thousands of cases of obstinate catarrh with his "Catarrh Remedy," who would never have applied to him, if it had not been for his offer of the above sum for an incurable case. Who is the next bidder for cure or cash?

Buttons are coming into favor for all sorts of dress decorations.

P stands for Pierce, the wonderful doctor,
Providing safe remedies, of which he is concoctor,
Pleasant to taste and easy to take,
Purgative Pellets now "bear off the cake."

The large silk dust cloak is the rage in Paris at the moment.

A pink, a black and a white pearl make a fashionable combination in scarf and bonnet pins.

Hus! Cough Cure cures in one minute.

The great talker's definition of a bore: "One who's always talking about his affairs when I want to talk about mine."

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion and their attendant evils, take at once a dose of Dr.

is an immense saw grass pond. Near this Mr. Lambert built an enclosure for his pigs, one side facing the lake, and up to a month ago he had a magnificent lot of porkers. One night several weeks ago he heard

A TREMENDOUS UPROAR

in his hog pen, and hurrying out with his shot gun and lantern, he was just in time to see one of his fine hogs disappearing in the lake in the mouth of a huge alligator, while the scores of balls of fire seen glittering in the darkness on the lake showed the presence of others.

From that beginning their inroads were kept up with great regularity, and though he killed a dozen or more, yet the pork was too nice for them to relinquish their feeding ground. Lately they have grown so bold as to crawl into his yard in daytime, and the predatory raids of the marauders on his hogs and fowls have rendered Mr. Lambert's life a burden.

A recent adventure, however, of two members of his family with one of these dreadful creatures has so terrified the farmer and has so alarmed his entire household that he is seriously contemplating abandoning his place. One Saturday afternoon a short time ago Mrs. Lambert, who was in the back part of the house, was

ATTRACTED BY THE SCREAMS

of her little girl and frantic cries of "Mamma! Mamma!" Hurrying to the front of the house, she could not at first locate the little one's whereabouts, but her piercing screams continued, and the almost frantic mother soon discovered the flutter of her child's dress near the lake shore, the palmetto bushes nearly hiding from her view. Snatching up an axe from the wood-pile, she flew to the water's edge, and as she rounded the palmetto patch a sight burst upon her that nearly drove her crazy. On the edge of the bank, with its body half in the water, was a huge alligator with its forepaws outstretched, raising it from the ground, while its tail lashed the water into foam. Just in front of it, and clinging to a palmetto root with her tiny hands for dear life, was the little girl, her dress being held in the jaws of the alligator, who was slowly dragging the child. The alligator's dull eyes gleamed with anger, like red coals of fire, and when Mrs. Lambert appeared the monster uttered a hoarse bellow and started backward, tearing loose the child's slight hold.

The latter's infantile features were drawn into an agonized appeal and as the animal dragged her down she was too completely paralyzed with fear to even cry out. The peril of her baby banished all fear from Mrs. Lambert, and she rushed up and

STRUCK THE SAURIAN

over the head with the axe, and, seizing the child with both hands, tried to pull her away.

The sharp blade cut into the alligator's eye, and mad, with pain, he opened his jaw and half sprang at the woman. This left the child free, and they both fell backward Mrs. Lambert said afterward that at this moment she never expected to save her life.

As she fell the alligator swung around its tail with a terrible sounding whisk, but the fortunate fall of the two just placed them outside its deadly sweep. The alligator advanced as far as it could with unwieldy waddle, and Mrs. Lambert attempted to rise and escape. Her dress caught on a root, and before she could get up and free herself, the alligator made a snap at her and missed, catching hold of her dress instead. Finding that it had secured something it commenced backing toward the water, dragging along the prostrate woman, who now fully realized her peril, and filled the air with her cries for help. She frantically clutched at the roots as she was dragged over them, but her dress was of stout material, and the alligator's strength soon overcame her feeble resistance.

like the populations which flow into them and which grow up in them.

The Water of Lake Superior.

How cold the dark water of Lake Superior is! One evening when we were steaming across that lake I asked the mate what was done when a man fell overboard. He coolly replied, "Nothing." "Why?" I asked, astonished at his heartlessness. "The water of Lake Superior is so cold that a man cannot live in it during the time it takes to stop a rapidly moving vessel and lower a boat," he replied. Then he added: "I have sailed on this lake for twenty years. During that time I have known many men to fall off vessels. I know of one man only who escaped death. He was saved by a scratch. The others were apparently killed by the shock produced by falling into such cold water." He picked up an empty can to which a long string was attached and cast it overboard. The can skipped from the crest of one wave to that of another for an instant, then dipped and filled. The hoary-headed mate drew the full can up and handed it to me, saying, "Take a drink of that, and then say what you think of your chances of swimming in Lake Superior for ten or fifteen minutes." I drank deeply, and it was as though liquid ice flowed down my throat. "It is alleged," the mate said, "that this lake never gives up its dead, that to be drowned in Lake Superior is to be buried for all time. I do not know whether this is true or not, but I do know that I have never seen a corpse floating on the lake." I wonder if that is true? I doubted it, but I could find no sailor who had ever seen a dead body floating on the Lake.

Where Women Excel.

Women may not have a great head for many things, but they have for secreting valuables. There was a woman on Holly avenue who possesses some handsome diamonds. She puts them in a box, puts the box in a rag bag, puts the rag bag on the closet floor, and at night puts the watch dog in the closet on the top of the rag bag and locks him in there, and every night hides the key in a different place. Her husband says that if she had her way she would arm him to the teeth and put him in the closet with the dog.

Too Much for Him.

At the close of an amateur theatrical performance a gentleman was discovered in a fainting condition. Great beads of perspiration stood upon his brow, and his face was ashy white.

"Great heavens! what is the trouble?" was the excited inquiry.

"Ladies and gentlemen," gasped the unfortunate man, faintly, "I'm the author of the play."

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"You think, then, that your husband no longer loves you as formerly?" "Alas! I am too sure of it." "What proof have you?" "What proof? Why, my dear friend, when he kisses me now he doesn't even disturb my face powder!"

The great talker's definition of a bore: "One who's always talking about his affairs when I want to talk about mine."

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion and their attendant evils, take at once a dose of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. Best family medicine. All Druggists, 50 cents.

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7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Trayser Piano Co., N. Y.	200 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by J. & C. Fischer, N. Y.	215 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Harmonic	220 00
7½-octave, Rosewood Case, by C. L. Thomas (square grand, like new)	250 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Steinway & sons, N.Y. (Price $675)	335 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Decker Bros. (like new, price $575)	350 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Decker Bros. (like new, price $600)	375 00

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5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 4-stop, by Victoria Organ Co.	40 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 6-stop, by Geo. A. Prince & Co.	45 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 6-stop, by Uxbridge Organ Co.	50 00
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Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N.F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow line sail during winter to and from Halifax Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld., Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Chicago Love & Alden, New York; H. Borulier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brookie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

Nervous Debility.

DR. GRAY'S Specific has been used for the past fifteen years with great success, in the treatment of Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from excesses, over-worked brain, loss of vitality, ringing in the ears, palpitation, etc. For sale by all druggists. Price $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price. Pamphlet on application

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Toronto.

present age for REGULATING THE BOWELS AND CURING ALL BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS A Perfect Blood Purifier. A few in Hamilton who have been benefitted by its use: Mrs. M. Keenan, 192 Robert St., cured of Erysipelas of 2 years' standing; Robert Cornell, 24 South St., daughter of Epileptic Fits after six years' suffering; Jennie Birrell, 55 Walnut St., cured of weakness, and Lung Trouble; John Wood, 95 Cathcart St, cured of Liver Complaint and Biliousness, used only three 3 fifty-cent bottles; Mrs. J. Beal, 6 Augusta St, troubled for years with Nervous Prostration, two small bottles gave her great relief. Sold at 50c. & $1.00.

F. F. DALLEY & CO., Proprietors.

BREADMAKER'S YEAST

ALWAYS AHEAD!

BREAD made with this Yeast took first prizes at 132 Township and County Fairs in Ontario in 1887, at such places as Flesherton, Markham, Whitby, etc. Over 10,000 ladies have sent us letters and postal cards to say that it is superior to any yeast ever used by them. It makes the lightest, whitest, sweetest and most wholesome bread, buns, rolls and buckwheat cakes. Directions in each package with full instructions.

TAKE NO OTHER. PRICE 5 CENTS.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

Recovery from this distressing condition is often sought by having recourse to tonics or medicinal treatment, which only serves to aggravate the trouble. **The system demands nutrition** that can be **easily digested** and thoroughly assimilated by the weakest stomach. **JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF** supplies this demand, because it is **The Most Perfect Form of Concentrated Food.** It contains all the materials necessary for **Renewing the tissues** wasted by disease. It readily passes into the circulation and produces **Firm Muscle and Nerve. The GREAT STRENGTH GIVER.**

There are many IMITATIONS of

"Peerless"

MACHINE OIL,

but none equal it in lubricating properties. FARMERS, MILLMEN, etc, find none equal to the GENUINE Peerless made by

SAMUEL ROGERS & CO., TORONTO.

Sold by dealers everywhere.

CONFEDERATION LIFE Ass'N.

Capital and Funds now over $3,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE, - - 15 TORONTO ST., TORONTO.

A Home Company, Established October 1871.

To this Date, October 31, 1887, there has been returned:

To the heirs of Policy holders (death-claims)	$649,219 00
To the holders of matured Endowment Policies	26,492 63
To Policy-holders on surrender of Policies	98,656 09
To Policy-holders for Cash profits (including those allocated and being paid)	432,544 02
To holders of Annuity Bonds	16,967 84
Loaned to Policy-holders on the Security of their Policies	82,264 98
	$1,306,174 47

Policies in Force over 10,000. **Amount over $ 15,000,000**

PRESIDENT—HON. SIR W. P. HOWLAND, C.B., K.C.M.G.

VICE-PRESIDENTS—WILLIAM ELLIOTT, ESQ.; EDWARD HOOPER, ESQ.

J. K. MACDONALD, Managing Director.

Policies Non-forfeitable after 2 Years and Indefeasible after 3 years.

Summer Goods

Ladies' Summer Dresses.

Our large stock of summer dress goods at very low prices are in perfect accord with the weather and the times. Nainsooks, Lawns, Lemon de Syries, Muslins, Prints, Chambrays and Seersuckers, all qualities, all styles and all prices. We are always headquarters for dress goods. Miss Allison will make you up a dress, guaranteed satisfactory in every way, or will gladly give any information you may require regarding style, etc. Don't buy dress goods in any case until you have seen our stock.

Gloves and Hosiery.

Our all-Silk gloves, in all shades, at 35c. per pair, are a bargain. We were completely sold out of them last week, but have a fresh stock on hand. We have a very large assortment of gloves of every description from 10c. per pair up. Hosiery in all sizes, all styles, all qualities, and all prices.

Corsets.

Corsets in Lily, Modjeska, Yatisi, Belle, Sisal and Coraline. We always keep a full supply of the celebrated Yatisi Corset in stock.

Mens' Summer Coats.

We have a large stock of

Pianos & Organs

—AT—

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Good second hand instruments for sale on small payments. Now is your time to secure a bargain in pianos. A fine Emerson at one quarter regular price.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

Of every description. Special lines in Ladies Notepaper and Envelopes. Wall Paper and Window Shades at 25 per cent. off.

Madden's Bookstore.

W. D. MADDEN,
Ticket Agent C. P. R.

2288ly

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas Lane

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Gramma chool, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

—Try SPENCER'S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—A. S. KIMMERLY sells 12 bars good family soap for 25c.

—You get all things necessary to keep the wolf from the door at GEO. I HAM'S.

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2.50 at GIBBARD'S.

—Coil wire bustles at 15c each at C. F. HENDERSON'S.

—We have received another new lot of Collars and Cuffs, the latest styles and very cheap. C. F. HENDERSON.

—You can buy a good hardwood side board at GIBBARD'S for $7.50 with glass back.

—Johnson's decorators pure white lead, Johnson's pure ready-mixed paints, paint oil, turpentine, varnish, glass, putty, building paper, chopping axes, cross-cut saws at rock bottom prices at R G Wright's, 126 and 128 Dundas street.

—Try SPENCER'S Japan tea, 3 lbs for $1.

—A. S. KIMMERLY pays 13c per doz. cash for eggs.

—It will put money in your pocket if you buy groceries at GEO. I HAM'S

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—You can get a very nice braided jersey, all wool, for $1, at C. F. HENDERSON'S.

—Gallagher's is the place for fancy hair pins, fans, new style of purses, perfumes and soaps. Everything in school supplies.

—Try C. F. HENDERSON for your gloves. They are the best value we have ever shown from 10cts per pair upwards. We have a special line of silk gloves for 25 cents per pair.

—A. S. KIMMERLY pays 13c per doz for eggs

—Another carload of that life giving family flour arrived to day at GEO. I. HAM'S.

—Just arrived at Gallagher's, window poles complete only 50c, biggest bargain in town.

—We have received another lot of those cheap black cashmere hose, 25c a pair. C. F. HENDERSON.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—A. S. KIMMERLY continues selling flour and feed cheaper than all grocers.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The schools close for the summer holidays to-day.

—A few days ago Mr D. Gleason, South Napanee, had a horse drop dead. Cause unknown.

—Quite a number availed themselves of the excursion to Davy's Island on Saturday night last.

—Among the samples of Canadian iron ore to be shown at the great exposition at Cincinnati, are some by Messrs. Allison & Platt, Adolphustown, from the Clarendon mine.

—Rev. Mr. Chambers, the new pastor of the Eastern Methodist church, arrived from Stanstead, Quebec, last evening and will occupy his pulpit next Sunday morning and evening.

—The Presbyterians had a nice load on the excursion to Massassaga Point and Belleville on Friday last, all enjoying themselves. The Y. P. A. added about $20 to their treasury.

—The business of our townsman, Mr. F. X. Bezo, in the manufacture of tents and awnings, we are pleased to know, is growing. This week he shipped an awning to a merchant at Alexandria.

—The annual meeting of the N. T. & Q. Ry will be held at the company's offices, Napanee, on Monday, August 30th, at 1 o'clock p.m., for the election of directors and general business.

—Roller flour (best in the market) and seed corn just arrived at the big mill. All kinds of bran, shorts, corn meal and feed always on hand at bottom prices. At the big mill. JNO. R. DAFOE. 3088atf

—Next Friday the Y. P. A. of the Western Methodist church hold a lawn social at the residence and grounds of Mr. J. Dickens, east Napanee. A good programme will be furnished and refreshments will be served Admission, 15 cents.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—On the fourth page of this issue will be found an advertisement, offering for sale a valuable property in South Napanee. It will be sold by public auction at the Campbell house, on Wednesday, July 18th, at 1 p.m., by Thos. Flynn, auctioneer.

—An excursion from Trenton, calling at all bay points, to the Thousand Islands, will be run on August 18th, under the auspices of Hilton circuit, in aid of the funds of the new parsonage. The steamer Quinte has been engaged for the occasion. Full particulars in due time.

—A mass meeting of farmers and fruit growers will be held in the town hall, Picton, on Wednesday and Thursday, July 11 and 12, commencing at 10 o'clock, under the auspices of the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario. Interesting subjects will be discussed. Meetings all open to the public.

—1000 ISLANDS PARK—Rev D.O. Crossley takes his annual excursion to the Thousand Island Park on Saturday, Aug 11, per strs. Hero and Quinte. The Hero starts from Trenton. The Quinte will leave Napanee on arrival of N. T. & Q R. train, and will be in charge of Rev F. B. Stratton, Tamworth.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The str Eleanor and barge Minnie have been in twice this week with stone for the post office and cleared light. The sloop Woodduck was also in twice with lumber for Rathbun. The sloop Murray, of Trenton, was in twice with lumber for Light. The schooner Kate, of Oswego, arrived on Tuesday with coal for the Downey Co. and cleared light.

—In a number of instances those interested have gone outside Napanee for their wedding cakes. Why this has been the case, we are at a loss to know. The past few days Mr W. H. Davis has demonstrated beyond a doubt that it is needless. He has supplied two cakes; one weighing 50lbs

Mens Summer Coats.

We have a large stock of men's cool coats in all styles and at all prices from $1.25 up.

Clothing.

This reminds us of our clothing department. We have ready-made clothing of every description. We make to order clothing of every description. Jas Walters, cutter Our clothing department is the acknowledged leader We have such a large stock to choose from, we have such a superior artist in Mr Walters, that it is surely to the advatnage of every person to buy their clothing from us We are making this department so popular that our numerous customers are publishing its fame far and wide If you are not buying your clothing from us it is high time you did It you buy clothing from us once you will always buy from us.

Boys' Clothing.

Don't forget the boys or the fact that we make a specialty of boys' clothing Bring your boys to us for a handsome suit

Carpets.

We have still quite a large stock of carpets on hand which we will sell you very cheap. Tapestry carpets from 28c per yd up Wool carpets from 85c per yd up Union carpets from 35c per yd up Hemp carpets from 10c per yd up.

ROBINSON & CO

Successors to Downey & Co

black cashmere hose, 25c a pair. C. F. HENDERSON.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—A. S. KIMMERLY continues selling flour and feed cheaper than all grocers.

—Don't fail to see that $15 bedroom sett, all hardwood and extra finished, at GIBBARD'S.

—If you want a first-class cooking, parlor or box stove, dumb stove, gallows pipes, T pipes, gimpe pipes, or stove pipes, you will consult your own interests by going to R. G. Wright, opposite the Brisco House.

—A. S. KIMMERLY sells a 3-pound box soda biscuit for 23c.

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon, you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—A new line of solid silver lace pins, etc, for ladies, imported from England, just received at Chinneck's jewelry store. Something choice. Low in price,

—All bedroom setts sold by GIBBARD & SON have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap trash that makes your face look as though you had lost the best friend on earth.

—At Gallagher's bargain house, they have just received their third supply of baby carriages for this season. The reason they have such a rush, is they sell cheaper than any one else in town.

—Our stock is very complete with Spring and Summer Hosiery from the cheapest cotton to the best silk. We have an extra good line in Boy's ribbed knickerbocker hose very cheap. C. F. HENDERSON.

—J. GIBBARD & SON have just manufactured the finest hardwood bedroom sets ever produced in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead, bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

—$5 00 per month will buy a good second hand piano worth $125 Several second hand organs and pianos to rent or will sell at very low price Don't buy an instrument without calling on W D Madden, Napanee All correspandence attended to promptly

Just received a fine line of oil paintings at the seven cent store, also new stock of glassware, tinware, toys, dolls, fancy goods, brooches, cuff buttons, teapots, pails, whisks, brushes, toilet soaps, electric soaps, note paper, tacks, envelopes and thousands of other goods, at the seven cent store, west of the Campbell house

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The only police court news is the fining of Wm. Wallace $2 and costs for being drunk and disorderly.

—Perry & Co. received a ton of Paris green this week, which they are offering away below other dealers. As it is going very fast those desiring any of the bug exterminator, at rock bottom prices, will do well to call at once.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—Every person doing a large business requires a heavy scale of five or ten tons capacity. And business competition is so keen that inventors are hard at work trying to keep up with the times to save time and labor, which are always capital to the most of our business men. The greatest weighing scale at the present time is made by C. WILSON & SON, Esplanade Street, Toronto. It will weigh the coal and subtract the weight of the wagon from the load without the use of any figures. The town of Ridgetown and several other large corporations have purchased them recently.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream st Davis'

—Check Muslins from 5c. per yd up at Robinson & Co's

—Although school is about closed for the summer holidays the following, which we clip from an exchange, will be read with interest by teachers, if not by parents: An interesting case has just been decided by Chief Justice Armour. A lady teacher in Ramsay township suspended a boy for misconduct—disobedience—until he should offer an apology. She was backed by the trustees, and the "Old Man" backed the boy by applying for a mandamus to compel his admittance. The judge dimissed the application, ordering the "Old Man" to pay all the cost. His Lordship said that the teacher and trustees were right, and that the father ought to have compelled his son to acknowledge he was wrong in what he did and to go quietly back to school.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

wedding cakes. Why this has been the case, we are at a loss to know. The past few days Mr W. H. Davis has demonstrated beyond a doubt that it is needless. He has supplied two cakes; one weighing 50lbs and the other 46. Both were handsome table ornaments, great taste being shown in the selection of the flowers, etc. And not only were they nice looking but the cake itself was A. 1. This THE EXPRESS can vouch for having been favored with a piece of the former. Photos of the two cakes Mr Davis has on exhibition in his parlors.

—Big Bargains in Carpets at Robinson & Co's

—Argyll Lodge, No 212, I. O. O. F., announce the biggest and best excursion of the season. It will take place on Wednesday next, July 4th, to Cape Vincent and Thousand Islands, per str Quinte. At the Cape there will be one of the largest demonstrations held this year in northern New York. Those desiring may have a delightful sail as far as Wells Island. The 47th batt. brass and string bands have been engaged for the trip. The steamer will leave Napanee at 6 a.m; Deseronto at 6.45; Glenora 8; Adolphustown 8.30; Bath 10; Stella 10.15; all other bay ports when flagged. Passengers from Picton can connect with excursion by taking str Deseronto at 6 a.m. Returning will leave Cape Vincent after the fireworks and evening demonstration. Tickets—Napapanee and Deseronto, single $1; double $1.50; Picton to Adolphustown, 75c; Bath to Stella, 50c. Meals served on board—breakfast and supper 26c; dinner 35c. State rooms under the direction of the committee.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—Saturday last among the many teams standing on the market was Mr. Marshal Wagar's. Becoming frightened at a piece of paper flying about, the horses started out from their place in the row and turning west started to runaway with Mrs Wagar in the wagon. The commotion occasioned four other teams to start off, and it looked as though there was going to be a general stampede. Fortunately the four were checked in time to save damage. Not so with Mr Wagar's, however. They continued west, increasing their speed as they proceeded. Shortly after they cleared the other rigs, Mr G. W. Wagar, son of the owner, ran out and caught the rein of the off horse, but could not stop them. At the corner of Centre-st the horses turned north and in doing so threw the wagon almost entirely off the street. The young man was here thrown to the ground, and narrowly escaped being trampled on and run over. After throwing Mrs Wagar and the contents of the vehicle out, the wagon was carried on to the corner of Bridge-st, Here the horses took one on each side of the telegraph pole. Breaking the double tree in two the animals were free of the wagon. One was caught before proceeding further; the other continued north with G.W. after him as hard as he could run. The horse was captured on the common near the railroad track. Both animals were slightly hurt in the feet, but nothing serious. One hind wheel of the wagon was "dished" and the double-tree broken. Mrs Wagar, who was thrown on the sidewalk, was at first thought to be seriously injured as blood was running from her nose and she could not straighten up. A doctor being close at hand was immediately at her side, and had her assisted to Mr Smith's shop. On examination it was found that she was more stunned than injured. After resting a little she revived and when the rig was ready proceeded with her husband to the home in Camden. Mr. G. W. Wagar had his pants torn and received a bruise on the knee; otherwise he was not injured.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—Hugh Rankin is having an electric light put in his hotel this week. Hugh manages to keep fully abreast of the times.

—The Western Methodist church choir have tendered the leadership, made vacant through the removal of Mrs. H.W. Casey, to Mr. H. V. Fralick. He has accepted and will assume charge next Sunday.

—We are requested to state that the Mechanics' Institute excursion and fireworks at Davy's Island have, on account of the rain, been postponed until this (Friday) evening. The boat will leave the wharf at 7.30 p.m.

—Monday next, July 2nd, the str. Reindeer runs an excursion, in connection with the N. T. & Q. R., from Tamworth and points along the line of railway to Massassaga Point and Belleville. At the latter place the Canadian Wheelmen's Association have races, fancy riding, etc. The rate from Tamworth and return is $1 ; Yarker, 75c, and Napanee 50c. The boat will leave Downey's wharf at 8.30 a.m.. and return in time to catch the Tamworth train.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The Salvation Army at this place hold a monstrous jubilee in the opera hall, on Wednesday, July 11th. It will be led by Comr. T. B. Coombs, who will be assistep by Major Bailey, chief of staff; Majors Glover, Woolley and Spooner ; Staff-Capts. Morris, D.O., Baugh, D.O., F. Simco ; Adjts. Philpott and wife, Bolton, Evans, Marshall, with officers and soldiers from surrounding stations. Admission by ticket 10 cents.

—Ginghams fast colors at 6c per yard at Robinson & Co's

Mr Emsley's Farewell.

Sunday evening last the Rev W. H. Emsley occupied the pulpit of the Eastern Methodist church for the last time as pastor of the term just expired. The church was well filled, representatives being in attendance from each of the Protestant and R. C. churches. The opening hymn was the 612th and the reading lesson the 34th Psalm, both appropriate to the occasion, as was also the anthem, "Onward," by the choir. The text was Eph. 6 : 10—"Finally, my brethren, be strong in the Lord, and in the power of His might." It is needless to say that the discourse was a good one. Mr Emsley appeared to be fully at home as ever, although he at the close said that it was with considerable difficulty he preached. He reviewed the history of the church from its inception to the present age, and held Christ up as a noble example. He offered kind words of advice to the congregation—the young people were asked to select the best literature and avoid flippancy of life ; the church to avoid formality which stifles enthusiasm and to be strong in faith, in prayer and the consolation which history brings. The three years he had spent in Napanee had been three happy years. Although the work on his part had been inperfect, he had striven to exalt Jesus only—never to stand between Christ and man. Whilst in Napanee he had had many joys here it was that his greatest sorrow had come upon him—the death of his father. He thanked the friends, not only of his own congregation but of all for the very great kindness shown him. He hoped by the grace of God to meet all in the better land. The rev. gentleman closed with some good advice regarding the incoming pastor—receive him kindly, give him hearty sympathy and do not keep reminding him of the one just gone—and a prayer that heaven's choicest blessings might rest on all. Mr Emsley omitted the closing exercise and upon the voluntary, usually played during the lifting of the collection, being finished, arose and

CRICKET.

As announced the military cadets of Kingston visited Napanee on Saturday last and played a game with our cricketers in the afternoon. It was a day off for scoring, particularly with Napauee, as will be seen by the score given below. The local team won the game by four wickets.

CADETS.

1st innings.		2nd innings.	
A Cayley, b Williams	9	c Daly, b Burrows	6
E Morris, b Williams	3	not out	15
B Allan, run out	17	b Burrows	0
D Jones, cRichardson, b Williams	0	b Williams	3
Capt Straubenzie, Stp Rich'son b Williams	3	l. b. w., b Williams	2
G Kenny, b Williams	1	l. b. w., b Williams	0
J Smart, c&b Burrows	0	run out	0
C Farrell, b Burrows	0	c Rich'son, b Burrows	1
B Wilson, c Burrows b Williams	0	b Burrows	0
J Murphy, b Burrows	8	b Burrows	0
F Barker, b Burrows	2	c Williams, b Burrows	0
A Bremner	5	c Daly, b Williams	0
Byes	5	Byes	5
	56		32

NAPANEE.

1st innings.		2nd innings.	
F S Richardson, c&b Allan	0	c & b Allan	0
G A Maybee, run out	2	c Barker, b Allan	13
Jno Daly, c Kenny	4	c Wilson, b Allan	0
C W Williams, b Allan	5	c Kenny, b Allan	0
G Burrows, c Allan, b Straubenzie	3	c Allan, b Morris	0
F Daly, c Jones	9	b Morris	0
W Daly, run out	14	c & b Morris	0
J Herring, c&b Wilson	13	c Straubenzie, b Morris	1
Dr Leonard, b Straubenzie	0	Run out	0
F Young, c Jones, b Straubenzie	4	Not out	0
—McLeod, b Jones	2	c Kenny, b Morris	4
—Stokes, not out	6	c Straubenzie, b Morris	0
Byes	7	Byes	5
	69		23

Napanee Cheese Board.

The board met on Wednesday afternoon, with a very small attendance at the opening

The following boarded, the cable being reported at 44 :

	White.	Colored.
Enterprise		100
Forest Mills		50
Gould		100
Odessa		100
Conway		70
Napanee	90	60
Bath	50	
Uni n		100
Albert		100
Money More		50
Reed		15
Rose Bud	30	
Clark's Mills		75
Newburgh		100
Platt	70	
Selby		100
Phenix	40	
Centreville		150
Wilton		100
Amherst Island	70	
Sheffield		80
Empey		100
	350	1450

The train being late only two buyers were present. The time of the meeting was taken up by talking over the matter of constitution, it being shown by Mr Storr that there was considerable discrepancy in the laws governing the board.

On motion of Messrs Storr and Whelan the following were appointed a committee to examine and revise the constitution, to report at next meeting : The president, secretary, Gould, Madden, Thompson and the mover and seconder—the president to be the convener. Carried.

The board adjourned until 3.30.

The board met again according to adjournment, with the following buyers in attendence : Thompson, Dickey, Downey, Bartlett, Madden, Stewart and McCargar.

The first bid was by Thompson, 8⅞ for the board, which ran up to 9¼ by Bartlett, after which selections were made.

All the factories having colored accepted

—Do you want to borrow money on real estate? If so apply to J.C. Drewry.

—Having sold out to Mr. E. M. Fralick who will continue the business, we beg to recommend him to our customers and others All accounts must be paid as we must close up our books. Accounts will be left at Gibson & Clute's law office, where parties will please call and settle. E. F. Vanluven & Co. 2788dtf

—The druggists take different means of announcing to the public that they have Paris green for sale. Detlor & Fullerton by a handsomely painted sign of potato bug with the words "Paris green" above it ; A. W. Grange & Bro. by painting a plank in front of each of their doors green and similar lettering ; Perry & Co by an imitation bug shell painted green, on which is painted a bug and appropriate lettering.

—Sunday evening the general capt. Nicholson of the Hero was relieved of a gold watch and chain. They were taken while that officer was at supper at Bellevllie. The chief of police was at work on the case, and about prepared to arrest a suspected party when a respectable citizen returned the watch, saying his son took it and was trying to trade it for a pocket-knife at school when the ownership was discovered.

Its superior excellence proven in millions o homes for more than a quarter of a century. I is used by the United States Government, endors ed by the heads of the great Universities, as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia Lime or Alumn Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER Co.

FOR SALE

—BY—

THE DOWNEY CO

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Choice Cornmeal
Choice Flour,

At Lowest Prices

gone—and a prayer that heaven's choicest blessings might rest on all. Mr Emsley omitted the closing exercise and upon the voluntary, usually played during the lifting of the collection, being finished, arose and addressing the congregation, said: "I again wish you all good bye; may God bless you" and decended the platform

Yesterday the rev. gentleman and his family left for their new home at Brockville. They were escorted to the station by a number of friends. In Mr Emsley, Napanee loses a good man—a man respected, not because of his ability as a minister only, but for his many other good qualities. All join in wishing him every success on his new field.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

SHARP.

Saturday last death removed from our midst a well known figure, in the person of old Mr. Robt Sharp. About two weeks ago the old gentleman had a paralytic stroke, from which he never recovered, although not completely helpless. He was quite conscious up to the last and died quite easily. For over twenty years Mr. Sharp was a resident of Napanee, and worked here at the tailoring during a considerable portion of the time. For the last two years he has been very stooped, but up to that time was an exceedingly upright figure. He was born at Quebec and at an early age started out to see the world for himself, travelling through a great portion of Canada and many of the States. Mr. Sharp leaves a wife and only daughter, Mrs W. A. Baker, to mourn his loss.

ROE.

Wednesday Mr Alex H. Roe, third son of the late A. H. Roe, M. P. P., died at Wingham, in his nineteenth year. Alex had been poorly all winter and at Easter give up teaching, which he had followed for some time—the first year at the school on the Kingston road east of Napanee and latterly at Mount Pleasant school, on the Belleville road—with the view of recruiting. He commenced to improve and his many friends thought that he would soon be in his usual health. About a month ago he left for Wingham to spend a time with the family of his uncle, Alfred Roe, Esq. Nothing unfavorable was heard until a week ago when word was received that he had had a bad attack of what the doctor said was bronchial asthma. His eldest sister at that time proceeded to Wingham and was pleased to send word that he had recovered and was out of danger. By the noon mail of Wednesday his mother received a letter penned by himself stating that he felt as well as when he left here. The feelings of the mother can be better imagined than described when we state that in the evening word was received that he had been again attacked and half an hour after another telegram announcing his death. Miss Roe, along with the uncle, accompanied the remains to Napanee on last night's train. The funeral will take place to-day at 2 p.m. from the house, Centre-st, to the church of England; thence to the Napanee cemetery.

CULHANE.

Another of our young men departed this life this week, in the person of Mr Wm Culhane. For some time he had been ailing from that generally fatal disease, consumption. Last fall he visited Denver, Col., for the benefit of his health, but it did not appear to do him any good. About two months ago he returned and since has been visiting friends here and at Deseronto. At the time of his death he was stopping at his uncle's, Mr McCallum, at the Indian Woods, near Deseronto. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon, the remains being interred in the R. C. cemetery here.

The first bid was by Thompson, 8¾ for the board, which ran up to 9¼ by Bartlett, after which selections were made.

All the factories having colored accepted Thompson's bid of 9¾, except Conway and Centreville.

Bath accepted Thompson's offer of 9½.

Bartlett's offer of 9½ was accepted by Platt.

Centreville and Conway sold to Downey for 9⅞c.

McCargar bought Napanee's make of white at 9½c.

Bartlett's offer of 9½ for Amherst Island, subject to inspection at Montreal, was accepted.

Phenix and Rosebud did not sell

Choice Flour,

At Lowest Prices

ALSO

Cracked Corn,
Cracked Peas,
Bran and Shorts

THE DOWNEY CO

3188atf

CANNED SOUPS.

We have now in stock the following delicious soups in 2 lb tins:

OX TAIL, GIBLET, CHICKEN, HARE, VERMICELLI KIDNEY, VEGETABLE, JULIENNE and MULLIGATAWNEY.

—ALSO—

Canned Compressed Corned Beef
Canned Ham, Chicken and Tongue
Canned Sandwich Ham
Canned Lunch Tongue,
Canned Lambs Tongue,
Canned English Luncheon Beef,
Canned Pigs Feet
Canned Chicken,
Canned Turkey

—AND—

Chicken, Ham and Tongue Sausage in lb pieces

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Harshaw block, Napanee 2388ly

TEA TEA TEA

Having purchased from the Ontario Tea Company their stock of Tea at very much less than cost, I will give the people of these counties great bargains.

50 cent Tea for 35 cents per lb.
40 cent Tea for 30 cents per lb.
75 cent Tea for 50 cents per lb.

Give this Tea a trial, save a few dollars and at the same time get a good article.

MY WAGONS WILL START AT ONCE,

Z. VANLUVEN.

Moscow, May 28, 1888. 2788tf

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.] WITH SUPE

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT.,

THE

Napanee Agricultural Works

OFFER A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

CORN AND POTATO CULTIVATORS.

Two styles are shown—the "Iron Duke" iron frame cultivator, and the "Herring Wooden Frame Cultivator." Several styles of steels can be selected from.

These cultivators are strongly made, the "Iron Duke" being a very ingenious piece of workmanship. Prices low.

Parties raising potatoes or corn will be amply repaid for the comparatively small investment by the increased output and the great saving of labor.

THE HERRING IMPROVED

New Model Mower

is again confidently placed before the farmers of these counties as a mower capable of doing work in a manner unsurpassed.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,

2588dtf. Barristers, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The undersigned offers to either sell, or rent, the south three-quarters of the east half of lot 27 in the fourth concession of Richmond. Terms very liberal. Apply to

2888dtf JOHN ENGLISH, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Manitoba Lands.

Parties wishing Manitoba Lands or Winnipeg Property may purchase or exchange for property in this vicinity by applying to

S. BURROWS,
2888z BELLEVILLE

NOTICE.

Those having claims against the late Hiram W. Johnson, farmer, of the township of Camden, in the county of Lennox and Addington, are requested to fyle the same with SILAS JOHNSON, Moscow P.O., on or before Friday, July 20, 1888.

SILAS JOHNSON,
WILLIAM PERRY,
NELLIE JOHNSON } Executors.

Camden, June 2nd, 1888 2888d

A. S. ASHLEY, L.D.S.,
NAPANEE ONT.

Years' Experience in Canada and the United States

Vitalized Air, the most pleasant and safest Anæsthetic known to the profession used in the extraction of teeth. Full setts, upper and lower, from $10 upards

Office—Albert Bl'k over Hinch & Co's store. 2288ly

HOUSE PAINTING

BY

S. W. PRINGLE

PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING, KALSOMINING, GLAZING, ETC.

First-class workmen. Prompt service and moderate charges.

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.

2088ly

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway Company will be held at the Company's offices, in the town of Napanee, on

Monday, August 13, '88,

at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of directors and general business.

W. R. AYLSWORTH,
Vice-President.

Napanee, Ont., June 25th, 1888. 3188d

BOATING,

BOATS TO LET

At DEY'S BOAT HOUSE, foot of Robert street. Open from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

In the township of North Fredericksburgh, being part of lots 25 and 26 in the 4th con., containing 86 acres, situated in a healthy and pleasant location, close by Fredericksburgh station on the G T R Good buildings and never-failing well on premises; eighty acres cleared Good heavy soil watered by living stream running through it Will sell farm and crop, most grain; or farm only. Terms easy Apply on premises or by letter to

MRS ELIAS SMITH,
3188mtf Chambers, Ont

C. D. WARFMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel. 2288ly

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

CHANCERY DIVISION.

BETWEEN

The Hastings Loan and Investment Society vs Sager, et al

Pursuant to the judgment and order of this honorable court made in this action, there will be sold by

Public Auction,

with the approbation of SAMUEL SHAW LAZIER, Esq, Local Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario at Belleville,

AT THE COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE,

AT THE HOUR OF TWO O'CLOCK P. M. ON

Saturday, July 14, 1888

The following valuable

Grist Mill Property

Being composed of all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the village of Newburgh, in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, described in a deed from George Madden to the said Michael Davern, bearing date the 24th day of June, A.D. 1870, as follows; that is to say, as laid down on a plan of that part of said village, situated on the rear of Lot No. Seventeen, in the First Concession of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, commencing on the east side of Main street on the line between the property of George and Sylvester Madden; thence in an easterly direction along the said line three hundred and sixty-two feet; thence

is again confidently placed before the farmers of these counties as a mower capable of doing work in a manner unsurpassed.

Its simplicity commends itself, and the unsolicited praise bestowed on it last season by all purchasers and eyewitnesses of its working lead us to assert that it

Has no Superior

whole list of Canadian mowers. We confidently ask you to examine it, knowing you will be favorably impressed. Call and see the Mower at our works.

We trust to merit add receive, as formerly, the patronage of the people of these counties, and we invite all to inspect our works and view for themselves the large quantity of implements being turned out.

We call your attention especially to the

NEW SULKY PLOW

we are this season turning out. Kindly call and inspect it.

Buy Early and get the Advantage of Low Figures.

JOHN HERRING

Napanee Agricultural Works.

BOATS TO LET

At DEY'S BOAT HOUSE, foot of Robert street. Open from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

A first-class stock of boats on hand. Furnished by the day or hour.
2388m **D. DEY.**

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONBR, ETC., IN H.C.J.,

Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4587lv

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DR. E. MENG,

Veterinary Surgeon.

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLLEGE, SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office:—Brisco House Block,
NAPANEE, ONT.

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 2288lv

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THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Ladies' Hair Cutting and Trimming a Specialty.

E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors, Toronto.

P.S.—Mr. Jas. Miller is still to be found at the parlors.
2788dtf

LOOK INTO THE

RESERVE BONUS PLAN

—OF THE—

Standard Life Assurance Co'y.

$100,000,000 Assurances. $32,500 000 Funds.

G. A. GATON
General Agent for the County
81y

SEASON OF 1888.

Davy's Island.

Ease, comfort, health and enjoyment for the summer months.

THE POPULAR BAY OF QUINTE SUMMER RESORT.

BOATS DAILY TO ALL BAY POINTS. LARGE DINING HALL AND COTTAGES FOR GUESTS.

Good fishing grounds; boats to hire; ice cream, lemonade and all summer refreshments

Special Terms for Families and Picnic Parties.

For full particulars address

MRS. JOHN CHRISTIE
2488m NAPANEE, ONT

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plan of that part of said village, situated on the rear of Lot No. Seventeen, in the First Concession of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, commencing on the east side of Main street on the line between the property of George and Sylvester Madden; thence in an easterly direction along the said line three hundred and sixty-two feet; thence southerly one hundred and thirty-seven feet across the canal to a line between George Madden and D. B. Stickney; thence southwesterly along the line between George Madden and D. B. Stickney forty-eight feet; thence southerly ninety feet more or less to the road running from Main street to D. B. Stickney's foundry; thence westerly along the north side of said road leading to D. B. Stickney's foundry one hundred and fifty-two feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Main street one hundred feet more or less to a road leading from Main street to the axe factory of R. F. Hope; thence westerly one hundred and eight feet to Main street; thence northerly along the east side of Main street to the place of beginning. Upon which land is erected a grist mill, house, mill shed and driving house, together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging; which said land and premises may be otherwise known as part of the lot or parcel the registered map or plan of the village of Newburgh, in the Township of Camden aforesaid, marked "G. Madden."

Together with and also the first right to the flow and the use of sufficient water flowing through the canal leading from the canal to the grist mill aforesaid to run two run of mill stones and the necessary machinery connected therewith in the state and position, and with appliances and wheels in use at said grist mill on the said 24th day of June, 1870, or such other machinery as would require an equal propelling power.

Also the right to use water for two additional run of stones when there is sufficient water in said canal in excess of the first right aforesaid, after Edward Jones or his privies in estate takes from the canal the water directed to them; and D. B. Stickney or his privies in estate takes what he is entitled to, and water equal in quantity to that leased at the date of the said deed (24th June, 1870) to R. F. Hope and Mr. Gaston. The said Edward Jones being now represented by John D. Ham, and said Hope and Gaston now represented by Billings Asselstine.

Together with all estates, rights, privileges or easements by him, said grantor, possessed, used or engaged to, in, or over, the tail-race from the above-described grist mill, upon condition that the said grantee, his heirs or assigns, shall be at half the expense of keeping the dam, raceway or canal, in an efficient state of repair.

Together with all the rights granted by said deed to the said Michael Davern, his heirs and assigns, to cross over and use such portions of the lands of the said George Madden, or which were the property of the said George Madden on the 24th day of June, 1870, as might be necessary or required to upon said dam and canal or raceway.

Reserving the right of the road leading from Main street to the old axe factory for the use and benefit of the public as a general highway or road.

There are erected upon said premises a stone grist mill, 40x60, 2½ storeys high, with three run of stones, mill shed, driving house and two-storey stone house.

The above property is situated in the village of Newburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, about eight miles from the Town of Napanee, and is a valuable water privilege situated on the Napanee river.

The said property will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the said Master.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of the purchase money at the time of sale, and the balance in one month thereafter.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Geo. D. Dickson, Q.C., Belleville.

Dated 13th June, 1880.

(Signed) **S. S. LAZIER,**
Local Master.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for Vendor, 2988e

EXPRESS

PPLEMENT [$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

., FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888. VOL. XXVII. No. 31.

THE NEW POST OFFICE.

The Address to the Ministers—The Document Placed in the Stone—Banquet Notes.

Following is the full text of the address read by Mayor Cook to the Ministers at the laying of the corner stone of the new post office on Thursday of last week:

To Hon. Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs:

Honorable Sirs,—We, the mayor and members of the corporation of the town of Napanee, desire hereby to express to you our kindly feelings in this your official visit to our town.

It has seldom been our privilege to entertain Ministers of the Crown, and it is with more than ordinary pleasure that we this day extend to you a cordial welcome, so closely identified as you are with the great work of Confederation.

The result of your efforts, gentlemen, and those of your colleagues is that we have to day the Dominion of Canada embracing half a continent and spanned by the most extensive and magnificent railway system in the entire world.

Under your administration our seafaring facilities are prominently utilized, our water stretches brought into practical usefulness, and the commerce of our country has been steadily increased until our influence is now felt and acknowledged throughout both the eastern and western hemispheres.

But it is pleasing to know, gentlemen, that amid the great questions which must of necessity occupy your attention our wants here are not forgotten.

The beautiful edifice which, on behalf of the government, you are presenting to us to-day, will stand as a monument of your good will towards the County of Lennox, the pioneer district of the Province of Ontario.

We trust, Honorable Sirs, that your visit here will be most pleasant and agreeable, and that you will never have cause to regret the sacrifice which you must of necessity have made in honoring us this day with your presence.

The Banquet

at the Campbell House, was, if anything worse than the afternoon's "entertainment". Perhaps we should qualify this. If we take Worcester for it, a banquet is a feast. This there was on Thursday night, for mine host Johnson had even excelled his former efforts in this line. The bill of fare would be difficult to excell, Mr Johnson being complimented on all hands. Mrs Johnson also came in for considerable praise, the table decorations being such as to call forth encomiums. The large dining hall looked exceedingly pretty, being nicely decorated with bunting and flags. A portrait of Sir John hung at the head of the room. We previously said that if we take Worcester as authority for the meaning of a banquet there is no room for questioning. If, however, we take it in its more modern acceptance it was an absolute failure. The management was defective throughout. Finding that the running of things on political grounds during the afternoon was unpopular, the Wilson-Lapum clique endeavored to swing the banquet into a citizens' affair. It was no go, however. Notwithstanding that for two days previous different individuals did their best to sell the [illegible] tickets had to be given away in order that fifty (the number guaranteed Mr Johnson) might be made up. We are credibly informed that 51 sat down at the tables. As, according to the local Tory organ, "the attendance included the

We could if we felt inclined, make the assemblage look more ridiculous; suffice it to say that, taking out those who are directly interested in the new building, forty were present and in that number are included a number of parties who received complimentary tickets. In other words, the Tory Beaver notwithstanding, the gathering was not a representative one, of either the town or district, and on Wilson, Lapum & Co lies the blame.

After the good things had been partaken of, the following toasts were proposed and responded to in the order given: "The Queen", by the Venerable Archdeacon Bedford-Jones; "Her Majesty's Ministers" was responded to by Messrs Langevin and Bowell; "Those who have been instrumental in bringing the wants of the town to the notice of the Ministers", by Mr M. W. Pruyn, ex-M.P. and Uriah Wilson; "The Architect and Contractor", by Messrs G. Neelands, F. Bartlett and Geo Cliff; "The Corporation", Mayor Cook; "The Ladies" Messrs G. W. Goodwin, Jas E. Herring, and A. A. Richardson.

The Record.

The record placed in the stone read as follows:

The corner stone of this building was laid on the 21st day of June, 1888, in the fifty-second year of the reign of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, by the Hon. Sir Hector Langevin and Hon. Mackenzie Bowell.

The cost of the building is estimated at $30,000 and is erected by the government of the Dominion of Canada for the accomodation of the following offices in the town of Napanee: Post office, custom house, inland revenue office, gas inspectors office, weights and measures inspectors office, customs examining warehouse.

The contractor is George Neelands, Esq., of the city of Kingston; Thos. Fuller, Esq., of the Public Works Department, Ottawa, is chief architect; Frederick Bartlett, of Napanee, is local architect; James E. Herring, Napanee, is clerk of works.

The Governor General of the Dominion of Canada is Baron Stanley, of Preston, in the Peerage of Great Britain.

The cabinet ministers are Rt. Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, K.C.B., Premier, etc., etc.; Hon. Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works; Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Railways; Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs; Hon. Sir Adolphe Caron, Minister of War; Hon. John Carling, Minister of Agriculture; Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue; Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, Minister of Justice; Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Secretary of State; Hon. G. A. Foster, Minister of Finance; Hon. C. H. Tupper, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Uriah Wilson, Esq., is sitting member for the riding of Lennox and John W. Bell, Esq., for the riding of Addington in the House of Commons.

The members of the Legislative Assembly, Toronto, are: W. W. Meacham, Esq., M. D., for Lennox and John S. Miller, Esq., for Addington.

The Dominion officials resident in Napanee, are W. H. Wilkison, Esq., Judge of the county court of Lennox and Addington, chairman of the general sessions of the peace and revising barrister for the electoral division of Addington. Gilbert Bogart, Esq., Postmaster; G. M. Elliott, collector of customs; Chas. B. Perry, landing waiter in H. M. Customs; W. L. Hamilton, Esq., inspector of inland revenue for the district of Kingston; Fleming Rowland, Esq., collector of inland revenue, division of Kingston.

The members of the municipal council of the town of Napanee are H. L. Cook, Esq., M. D., mayor; T. G. Carscallen, Esq., Reeve; E. S. Lapum, Esq., deputy reeve. Councillors: East Ward, John Fennell, Wilder Joy and W. T. Gibbard; West Ward, Chas. Lane, W. D. Madden and [illegible] Centre Ward, Jabial Arlington, Jas. Wilson and Jas. Hanley.

giving the names of the cabinet ministers, town officials, etc., was the penmanship of Mr. Jas. E. Herring, who has been privileged to write a number of similar documents. It is needless to say it was well done; more like printing than writing.

The deceit displayed in the management was even shown in the address. It was no wonder that there were expresions of surprise when the following clause was read: "The result of your efforts, gentlemen, and those of your colleagues, is that we have to-day the Dominion of Canada," etc., etc. The listeners naturally asked what had Bowell to do with confederation. He did not sit in the House until the year the united Provinces set out as the Dominion of Canada.

Reasons for the Fizzle.

As everything, as far as weather, etc, was concerned, was favorable to a great gathering it is quite natural that the people should ask "Why the Fizzle?" The reasons are numerous.

First and foremost it was through the conceit of Uriah Wilson, Ed. Lapum and Capt. Holmes, who undertook to run the affair themselves without consulting the other members of the committee; in fact they put on at least two names without even asking their consent.

Another reason is that it was run as a political affair. At first it was to be non-political, but Wilson and Lapum thought they could see a "boom" in it for themselves and took it in their own hands; as a consequence the people felt reluctant to aid them in working up a scheme for their own benefit.

The unsatisfactory manner in which replies were given to the query: "Is Sir John coming?" created distrust. Had Lapum and Wilson taken the townspeople into their confidence a much larger crowd would have been present, even had it been definitely announced that only Langevin and Bowell would speak.

The promises of Sir John and his following, re good times and crops, had much to do with the fizzle. Farmers felt sorely at the promises made but unfulfilled, and naturally kept aloof from anything that would tend to show their sympathy for the party in power.

The keeping of The Express in the dark concerning the affair had no little tendency to weaken the confidence of the public. When Lapum, as secretary, was asked for information, his reply was "Oh! Sir John, Hector and Mackenzie Bowell will be here." Had politics not been introduced there was no reason to withold information from the Reform journal. On the other hand, every reason that all information be furnished.

Another reason, and not the least either, was that the people had lost confidence in Lapum, through the mismanagement of the demonstration last year, and the utter disregard Wilson had for the state of the people when making his speech on commercial union in the House.

Many more reasons could be given, all pointing to the incompetency of Wilson and Lapum. These are sufficient, however.

...ere said to be given away—in order that fifty (the number guaranteed Mr Johnson) might be made up. We are credibly informed that 51 sat down at the tables. As, according to the local Tory organ, "the attendance included the leading gentlemen of the district," we give the names of those who were present and alongside those who were not present :

THOSE PRESENT.	THOSE NOT PRESENT.
Mayor Cook, presiding,	Rev. W. H. Emsley, Methodist,
On his right—	
Sir Hector Langevin,	Rev. A. Young, Presbyterian,
Uriah Wilson, M.P.,	
Archdeacon Bedford-Jones.	Rev. E. N. Baker, Methodist,
On his left—	
Honorable Mackenzie Bowell,	Father McDonough,
	Not an official representative of the Board of Trade,
Dr. Meacham, M.PP.,	
M. W. Pruyn, ex-M.P.	Judge Wilkison,
The other guests—	Sheriff Pruyn,
John Herring, manufacturer, Napanee,	W. P. Deroche, clerk of the county court,
George Neelands, post-office cont'ctor, Kingston,	Police Magistrate Daly
	Postmaster Bogart,
Fred, Bartlett, architect of post-office, Napanee,	Robt. McCay, sheriff's officer,
	Not a reeve or councillor of North Fredericksburgh,
Jas. E. Herring, clerk of works at post-office, Napanee,	John J. Watson, division court clerk, of Adolphuston,
Thos. Jamieson, baker,	Two of Ernesttown's reeves,
E. S. Lapum, deputy-reeve of Napanee,	Robt. Filson, ex-reeve of Amherst Island,
W. Jenkins, ex-merchant, of Centreville.	Napanee's five newspaper men,
John Storms, farmer, Ernesttown,	Neither of Richmond's reeves,
C. E. Bartlett, commission merchant, of Napanee,	The town clerk,
	Deputy-Sheriff Pruyn,
A. Fullerton, druggist,	Registrar Gibson,
W. Gurren, dry goods merchant, Napanee,	Ten of Napanee's lawyers,
F. W. Smith, jeweler,	The town treasurer,
T. G. Davis, councillor,	Division Court Clerk Hawley,
Alex. Henry, ex-mayor of Napanee,	
J. Aylesworth, councillor, Napanee,	J. W. Bell, M.P.,
	Five of the Napanee councilmen,
W. D. Madden, councillor, Napanee,	Not a representative of Sheffield,
G. W. Goodwin, saddler, Napanee,	None of the high school teachers,
Fleming Rowland, inland revenue officer, Kingston,	A. L. Morden, clerk of the peace,
	Not a representative of S. Fredericksburgh,
Captain A. F. Holmes, gentleman, Napanee,	W. F. Hall, president of the Paper Co.
G. M. Elliott, customs officer, Napanee,	Not one of the town doctors—even Dr. Ruttan was absent.
T. G. Carscallen, warden of Lennox and Addington Co., Napanee,	With two exceptions, the manufacturers of the town.
John D. Ham, reeve of Newburgh,	Not a member of the board of education.
W. Joy, councillor, of Napanee,	Gaoler Vanluven.
Patrick Blake, furnisher of stone for post-office,	Not one of the bank officials.
A. A. Richardson, merchant, Deseronto,	A. T. Harshaw, merchant.
Ogden Hinch, dry goods merchant,	The Messrs. Downey.
	Not a representative of the Rathbun Co.
A. P. Booth, deputy-reeve of Ernesttown,	H. Douglas, merchant.
Robt. Clapp, the twice defeated conservative candidate of Prince Edward,	H. B. Sherwood, supt. N. T. & Q. Ry.
	Bailiff Ham.
Geo. Cliff, contractor of post-office,	Six of the town druggists,
Jno. N. Hough, farmer, N. Fredericksburgh,	With two exceptions, the grocers of the town.
W. J. Mellow, farmer, N. Fredericksburgh,	J. R. Scott, vice-president of the paper company.
John Sagar Brown, farmer, Ernesttown,	Not a representative of the Farmers' Institute.
W. N. Doller, retired farmer, Napanee,	The Messrs. Daly, tea merchants.
John Wilson, shoemaker, brother of Uriah Wilson, M.P.,	Not a member of the cheese board.
	Elijah Storr, ex-reeve of Richmond.
F. Burrows, inspector public schools,	With two exceptions, the dry goods merchants.
C. F. Wilkins, fishery inspector, Belleville,	Not a hardware merchant.
Hugh Milling, blacksmith, Napanee,	T. S. Henry, I. Lockwood and J. H. Gallagher, booksellers.
James Fennell, councillor, Napanee,	
T. A. Hodge, deputy-reeve of Camden,	Not one of the public school teachers.
J. F. Tilley, printer,	C. B. Perry, landing waiter,
M. Parrott, grocer,	Not a representative of Adolphustown.
George Parrott, gentleman, Napanee,	
G. F. Ruttan, barrister,	
Mr. Christie, The Empire reporter,	

inland revenue, division of Kingston.

The members of the municipal council of the town of Napanee are H. L. Cook, Esq., M. D., mayor; T. G. Carscallen, Esq., Reeve; E. S. Lapum, Esq., deputy reeve. Councillors: East Ward, John Fennell, Wilder Joy and W. T. Gibbard; West Ward, Chas. Lane, W. D. Madden and E. K. Bowen; Centre Ward, Jehial Aylsworth, John Carson and T. G. Davis.

The town officials are P. Embury, clerk; Robt. Easton, treasurer.

Board of Education: J. A. Sexsmith, chairman; C. J. Carlette, secretary; W. Templeton, J. P. Hanley, T. S. Henry, John Webster, Robt. McCay, W. F. Hall, H. V. Fralick, D. H. Preston, W. Coxall and A. L. Morden.

Committee of the day: U. Wilson, (M.P), T. G. Carscallen, J. Carson, T. G. Davis, W. T. Gibbard, W. Joy, John Fennell, W. D. Madden, E. K. Bowen, John Herring, Dr. A. Ruttan, M. W. Pruyn, (ex-M.P.) W. N. Doller, F. W. Smith, A. Henry, D. H. Preston, Jno. Downey, O. Hinch, A. W. Grange, A. T. Harshaw, John Paisley, Thos. Jamieson, A. F. Holmes, O. L. Herring. H. L. Cook, chairman; Coun. J. Aylsworth, treasurer; E. S. Lapum, deputy reeve, Secretary.

"God save the Queen."

Notes.

More flags were displayed than on the 24th May.

The absence of drunkenness throughout the day was quite noticeable.

The Ministers were driven round town during the afternoon by Mayor Cook.

The Ministers were guests at the Huffman House. It was decorated for the occasion.

The address to the Ministers was neatly penned by Mr. J. W. Robinson of Robinson & Co.

The near approach of the Ministers was announced by some tramp horn and bag pipe players and some harpers.

The reformers were hinted at as being pollywogs by Mackenzie Bowell. Think of a citizens' banquet after that!

The "record" above is an exact copy of the document placed in the stone. THE EXPRESS is the only paper giving it.

Had it not been for the townspeople there would have been very few more than can be seen on an ordinary Tuesday market day.

THE EXPRESS inserted in the stone was a copy of the issue containing the difficult nuts to crack given Uriah and his importations.

The 47th batt band came up from Ganaoque camp and played for the occasion. They were entertained at supper at the Campbell House.

Many were the expressions of dissapointment at the turn things had taken. What should have been a great demonstration amounted to nothing.

It will be noticed that the name of Hon. Mr. McLelan, the late incompetent Finance Minister, and more recently Postmaster General, was left out of the document placed in the stone.

A noticeable "feature" of the day was the absence of cheering. During the laying of the stone there was not a cheer until a Reformer suggested one; then several faint ones followed.

One thing that must have been distasteful to Uriah was the credit given by Mackenzie Bowell to M. W. Pruyn, M. P., as the first to move in the way of securing the post office for Napanee.

Alex Henry and Uriah Wilson, M. P., accompanied Messrs Langevin and Bowell to Deseronto, where they were guests of Mr E. W. Rathbun until the departure of the str. Deseronto for Trenton.

Several of the committee of the day did not even receive an invitation to the banquet and others did not know they were on until after the banquet they saw a bill of fare with their names on.

The whole thing was a failure from beginning to end; thanks to Uriah Wilson and Ed Lapum. Had they consulted the members of the committee it would have been otherwise. They chose, however, to run the show themselves and a fizzle of fizzles it proved.

The document placed inside the stone, people when making his speech on commercial union in the House.

Many more reasons could be given, all pointing to the incompetency of Wilson and Lapum. These are sufficient, however.

CHEESE.

1,500 boxes sold at Ingersoll on the 26th for 9¼.

The highest price paid at Peterboro board on Wednesday was 9¾.

Two more cases have been before the Belleville police magistrate for tampering with milk. Judgment has been reserved.

On our supplement will be found the judgment of the police magistrate at Belleville in the case of Prof. Whitton against H. Lennox, for skimming and diluting milk, alluded to by Mr. McCargar at the meeting of the cheese board here last week. It should be read by all furnishing factories with milk.

A few days ago a couple of individuals met in THE EXPRESS office and commenced an argument regarding cream and milk in the manufacture of cheese. One contended that much of what was in the bulletins lately sent out was all "fudge" and that cream would not make cheese; that cream during the process of manufacture was carried away, the milk making the cheese. The other held that it was all-important that the cream be retained in the milk; the quality of the cheese depending greatly upon the richness of the milk. Our dairy editor held to the latter opinion, but not considering himself sufficiently versed to give a decided view, submitted the question to Prof. Robertson, of the Agricultural College. Here is his reply:

DEAR SIR,—Your letter of enquiry of 18th inst, has been duly received.

When fat is removed from milk by skimming, or withheld by the keeping back of the strippings, two effects are at once noticeable in the cheese made from such milk. A larger quantity of milk is required to yield a pound of cheese; and the cheese is of inferior quality. The fat of milk is present in the shape of small globules, held in suspension by the milk serum. When milk is set these globules rise to the top and mainly constitute the cream. When milk is coagulated for cheese making the curd encases the globules and holds them in its own body. A small per cent. of them escapes in the whey, being rubbed off the surface of the pieces of cut curd. Fine Canadian cheddar cheese has at least 30 per cent. of its weight made up by these fat globules. You will thus see that when they are removed very much less cheese can be made from a given quantity of milk. The cheese will also be inferior in richness of body and flavor as the natural flavor of milk mainly resides in the fat. I am, yours truly,

JAS. W. ROBERTSON,

Why Baking Powders are Best.

(From Hall's Journal of Health)

Baking powders properly compounded and containing pure cream of tartar, are more convenient than yeast; and bread and pastry made with them are just as wholesome and far more palatable.

We are in entire sympathy with the manufacturers of the Royal Baking Powder—who commenced and are vigorously conducting the war against the use of adulterated baking powders.

Before committing ourselves, however, we made tests of a sufficient number of baking powders to satisfy ourselves that the substitution of alum for cream of tartar in their composition had not been over-estimated, while a careful examination of the Royal Baking Powder confirms our belief that Dr. Mott, the government chemist, when he singled out and commended this powder for its wholesomeness did it wholly in the interests of the public.

We do not hesitate to say that the Royal Baking Powder people deserve the gratitude of the community whom they are endeavoring to protect.

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LIKE AND UNLIKE.

By M. E. BRADDON,

Author of "Lady Audley's Secret," "Wyllard's Weird," Etc., Etc.

CHAPTER XXII.—Mr. Beeching's Ultimatum.

Mr. Beeching took a hansom and drove to a street off Cavendish-square, a street well known to all the best dressed women in London. As he drove along he debated what he should do for Mrs. Baddeley. He was so inherently a man of business—albeit he had never soiled his fingers with the grime of a city office—that it irked him to fling a hundred pounds into this harpy's maw, as a sop is flung to Cerberus. It would please him better to make some kind of bargain with the harpy, even if the transaction should cost him more than a hundred pounds. He wanted to get some advantage for his money.

He sent his card to Mrs. Ponsonby, and was at once admitted into the very sanctuary of the house near Cavendish-square—the lady's private room, study, office, or boudoir, which ever she might prefer to call it; and here he was recieved with gracious smiles by Mrs. Ponsonby herself.

She needed no explanation of his errand, for she had seen him in attendance upon the handsome Mrs. Baddeley at race-meetings and other places of public resort, whither Mrs. Ponsonby went occasionally to see how the world was using her customers. It was there that she made up her mind about all her doubtful patronesses, as to how far they might be worthy of her confidence. That which she saw at Hurlingham or at Sandown served as the chart by which she steered in dangerous seas. In the dressmaker's estimation of Mrs. Baddeley—whose acount was a bagatelle compared with other accounts—Mr. Beeching was an important factor. He had never crossed her threshold until to-day, and she felt pleased with herself for having written the letter that had brought him there.

She was not so pleased, however, after a quarter of an hour's conversation with Mr. Beeching.

Of money on account he would not give her a sixpence. If she were prepared to settle her account upon equitable terms, say thirty-three per cent., he would give her his cheque and take Mrs. Baddeley a receipt in full of all demands. If she were not disposed to accept this offer, she must look to Mrs. Baddeley alone for her money. He would have nothing to do with it. He knew what dressmaker's bill's were, and the usurious profits they exacted. He was assured that thirty-three per cent. would pay for all that she had supplied, and leave a margin of profit. At any rate that was his ultimatum. Mrs. Baddeley had given him plenary powers. As for the gowns for this evening, Mrs. Baddeley could do very well without them. It was by her acting, not by her costume she was to please her audience. It was not to be supposed that he was to be frightened into paying an exorbitant account.

Mrs. Ponsonby held out for a long time. She was not in the habit of compromising an account. She was in no immediate want of money. She meant to have her due. Mrs. Baddeley would be obliged to pay her.

"My good soul, it is all very well to talk," replied Mr. Beeching, who was more at his ease in a business interview than in society; "but can you get blood out of a stone? Mrs. Baddeley has not a penny piece in the world. She is living upon her dressmaker's credit, and upon the generosity of her friends. She has not a penny piece in the world. Her husband left her nothing but debts. Her settlement was a few hundreds a year, which he had anticipated before his death. Mrs. Baddeley

Baddeley would be obliged to pay her.

"My good soul, it is all very well to talk," replied Mr. Beeching, who was more at his ease in a business interview than in society; "but can you get blood out of a stone? Can you get nine hundred pounds out of an officer's wife—a lady whose husband is being roasted alive at Candahar or somewhere, in order to keep body and soul together. *You* have made your mistake in trusting a lady in Mrs. Baddeley's sad position, and you ought to think yourself uncommonly lucky if you get a clear third of your account, without law expenses or bother of any kind."

"Mrs. Baddeley may not have money, but she has friends," argued the dressmaker, doggedly.

"No doubt she has friends—hosts of friends—but I take it I am the only one among 'em who would pay six and eight pence in the pound to get her out of difficuty. One thing I can assure you, Mrs. Ponsonby, I won't pay seven shillings. I have made my final offer."

He had his cheque-book in the breast pocket of his summer overcoat, the end showing distinctly against the silk lining. He touched the book lightly as he spoke, and that touch decided Mrs. Ponsonby.

She had felt some uneasiness about Mrs. Baddeley's account, and it was something to get the cost price of her materials, with the credit of having dressed a lady who was known and admired in a particular set, and who had brought Mrs. Ponsonby a good deal of custom.

I should be sorry to disoblige a lady for whom I have a great liking," she said, with a patronising air; "and rather than do that I will accept your cheque."

"And give me a receipt in tull of all demands?"

"Yes, so far as the account you have there. The gowns that are to be delivered this afternoon are not in that account."

"What are they to cost?"

Mrs. Ponsonby looked at a document on her Davenport.

"Seventy-seven pounds eighteen shillings and ninepence."

"I'll add thirty-five to your cheque, and you can cross Mrs. Baddeley out of your books altogether."

"What! I am to take a third of my account and to lose my customer?"

"Not at all. She says there is no one in London but you who can make her a gown. She will go on dealing with you I have no doubt; but if she takes my advice she will always pay ready money, and always know what she is going to pay when she gives the order. You'll both of you find the system ever so much pleasanter."

"Not if my prices are to be cut down in this way," replied Mrs. Ponsonby.

There was a further discussion, but Mr. Beeching's logic and his cheque-book prevailed. He wrote his cheque, got the two receipted accounts, saw the milliner's basket deposited on the top of a cab, with a young woman in charge of it, and then drove back to Wilkie Mansions. He passed the four-wheeler and the big basket before he reached the Park.

Mrs. Baddeley was in her drawing-room, pale, anxious, but lovely, in a Japanese tea-gown, lime-blossom green, under a cloud of coffee-coloured lace.

"Dearest Beeching, have you got me my gowns?" she gasped, with clasped hands as he stood just within the doorway.

Tory, always eager to distinguish himself, rushed at the half open door and banged it, and then came back to his mistress on his hind-legs to ask for his accustomed reward of biscuit or sugar, but Leo was too agitated to think of Tory.

"Your gowns will be here in ten minutes, I passed them on the road. Could you

Helen and Sir Adrian were going in just in front of him, amongst a fashionable crowd. His stall was next but one to Helen's, and St. Austell occupied the seat between them.

"How odd that we should be side by side," said his lordship, loud enough for Lady Belfield to hear.

Helen made no answer. She was not yet mistress of those arts of hyprocisy which enable a woman to glide from flirtation to flirtation, and from intrigue to intrigue, with a bold front and a lofty crest. She had not passed the border line of guilt, and yet her head was bent by the burden of conscious shame. That slight droop of the head, and languid pensive air enhanced her beauty, in an age when brazen mirthfulness is the commonest attitude of woman. She had a fragile look, like a tall white lily bent almost to breaking. Some of her friends said she looked consumptive and would not last many seasons.

She knew that St. Austell had taken infinite trouble to get that stall next to her's. He had been with her at tea-time to find out the number of her seat—had been with her, they two alone, in the Japanese drawing-room—without even a Tory to make a diversion from perilous sentimentality—and then driven off to the Hall in a hansom to get his own number exchanged; and now he expected her to act surprise.

"Masks and Faces" was listened to with politeness and appropriate applause by people who remembered Fanny Sterling in the heyday of her charms as Peg Woffington; by people who could hardly dissociate the character from Mrs. Bancroft, and by other people who had seen Mrs. Bernard Beere. As for Mrs. Baddeley, her diamonds and her gowns were lovely. Her acting was easy and refined, and utterly undramatic; but she was above the level of her fellow performers, and was supposed by them and by herself to be taking the town by storm. Applause is given so freely to amateurs, since approval means nothing and compromises nobody. People who have been coaxed into buying guinea stalls for an old familiar play, must at least pretend to enjoy themselves, and the audience was fashionable, and could console itself with the idea that it was the right thing to be there.

Lady Belfield and her daughter-in-law parted in the vestibule. Helen was going on to a party in Regent Terrace with her sister. She had to go to Mrs. Baddeley's dressing-room and wait there while that lady changed her dress, which would be rather a long business no doubt. St. Austell offered to take her to her sister's room, but Adrian gave her his arm, as if by a superior right.

"If you'll take care of my mother, I'll be back in a few minutes," he said to St. Austell, as he walked off with Helen.

It was the first time she had touched his arm since they were affianced lovers, and her fingers trembled faintly as they rested on his sleeve. She had so many causes for agitation that night. St. Austell's pursuit, unobtrusive, but fatal: her fear of her husband's return, which might occur at any moment; and now her dread of this grave, earnest brother-in-law, whom she had wronged in the past, and whom she shrank from in the present as from one who had an occult power to read her heart.

"You are looking pale and tired, Helen," said Adrian, as they went along a passage leading to the back of the Hall, "Must you really go to a party to-night?"

"I am due at two. There is Lady Glandore's musical evening, which I would not miss for worlds, and a dance afterwards—a late dance— which means coffee and carriages at six o'clock to-morrow morning."

"I believe you are killing yourself with this kind of life.

"Oh, but it is only a spurt: it lasts so short a time. 'A rose's brief bright life of joy,' as somebody has said."

As a result of the "Victoria" and "Waubuno" disasters, both the engines and hulls of all Canadian passenger vessels on the great lakes are inspected, and the number of passengers they may carry is fixed by competent authorities, so that in this respect Canada is in advance of the United States. Unfortunately, however, for the sailors, there is no Government inspection of the hulls of vessels engaged in carrying freight, nor is there any attempt at regulating the manner in which these vessels are loaded. The disinclination of the underwriters to insure a vessel that is so rotten as to be too great a risk, has, doubtless, a certain effect for good, but in many cases it simply drives unseaworthy vessels out of the hands of responsibls shipowners into those of unscrupulous men, who may be clever enough to place the risk and make money out of the loss of the vessel. The tendency to overload even sound vessels upon the lakes, where for days together the water is as smooth as that of a mill pond, is very great, especially when rates are low. When a few hundred bushels extra makes all the difference between a profitable trip and a dead loss, the captain that will not run the risk of a "snorter" catching him is much more prudent than are the most of the lake men. When a craft, unseaworthy through lack of strength, sail area, or steam power, is sadly overloaded, it does not require very much of a gale to produce a disaster. A barge foundered in Lake Ontario a short time ago, which was simply a floating coffin, and within a few days a small schooner went down in the same lake within fifteen miles of her port of departure, having been fatally injured by merely touching the bottom. It is not wonderful, therefore, that the lake sailors should have asked Parliament to insist upon the inspection of hulls and rigging, boats and life preservers, and the establishment of a "Plimsoll's mark" on the great lakes. Mr. Foster, late Minister of Marine and Fisheries, has, since Parliament adjourned, promised them a bill which will bring this about, and it is to be hoped that the Americans will take similar action.

The Beef-Eater are the Bosses.

The history of the whole world shows that the beef-eating peoples of the world are foremost in peace and war, art and science. That has been the history of our race, and will be to the end of recorded time. .... In Great Britain the average consumption of each individual was 105 pounds per annum, in France 74 pounds, in Germany 69 pounds, in Russia 48 pounds, in Italy 23 pounds, in Austria 64 pounds, in Spain 49 pounds, in Scandinavia 67 pounds, and in United States 120 pounds. In Great Britain the consumption annually was 105 pounds, and in the United States 120 pounds so that the two great English-speaking peoples of the world, the foremost in empire and civilization, Great Britain and the United States, are the largest beef consumers of the nations upon the face of the earth

Looking for Something Choice.

"Eany good butter?" inquired an old lady of the grocer.

"There's never any flies on our butter, madam."

Then the old lady, whose knowledge of English is limited, said:

"Well, if flies won't eat it, 'taint good enough fer me," and she went across the way where only the choice brands are sold

The Brute!

Wife—"Dear me, John! What's the baby doing with that paint-box?"

Artist Husband (taking it from the baby)—"Just trying to mix the colors on his pal-

To an Aerolite.

BY E. H. S.

Thou secret of another world!
Tossed flaming from thy troubled rest;
Unerringly through darkness hurled
On this strange planet's syl an breast.
Pray tell me of thy silvery course,
Across the unending universe.
Didst hear the musick of the spheres,
Accompanying the chaunt of years?
Sad meteor in thy course through night,
Didst see the hosts arrayed in white?
The spectre dead of earth that hover
About it, whirling on through space;
Keeping for aye an equal pace,
Beneath night's murk, and day's blaze cover.
Hissing awhile with fury heat,
Soon cold thou growest at my feet;
Thy fiery hue is fading fast,
Thy strange unearthly look has passed,
The change grows more and more complete;
Now thou art black and cold at last.

Through thy swift passage through the sky,
Thou wast watched by a maiden's eye;
She watched thee from the dewy grove
And breathed a tender wish of love:
For Hylas was the gentle sigh,
And still she held her eyes above,
"You were not kind to him yestern,"
Said mystick memory in turn—
"He loves you still" the same voice said;
The maiden dropped her gentle head,
And held her white hand to her breast,
The fluttering heart that would not rest;
She whispered "would indeed that I
Had been more kind by being less shy;
By yonder blazing orb that fell,
I felt full more than I would tell;
I love poor Hylas all in all,
Oh would that he might hear me call;—
But hark! the clinging thicket stirred,
The woven branches broke asunder,
A voice said, "Sweet, I heard each word,
Nor fly away in timorous wonder.
My heart was sore and so I came
To be near thee and dream away
Into the night my piteous flame,
And only leave you to the day—
But oh, I love you, I was weary,
Confronted with my heart alone,
I did not mean to hear, when here I
Came wandering, but I heard you moan
And couldn't help what I have done—"
'Twas Hylas, and the beauteous maid
Blushed at the words that he had said,
Nor unto Hylas would she own,
The soft words spoken when alone.
But he had seen into her heart,
And seen it and had heard it speak;
Love taught him better far than art:
He only kissed her tender cheek.
Kisses draw love from where it lingers;
It shines in eyes and darts from fingers.

Thou silent meteor lying so,
Thy ebon night sky was thy bridge;
And little, little didst thou know
Thou came to be a lover's pledge.

But, ho, there was a sadder scene
Here in the sombre earth's demesue.
The little stars that brightly glitter,
The streaks of stars and myriads there,
That deckt the pale moon's golden litter,
Looked down upon a dead man's bier.
With burning, sunken, fevered eye,
The dying soldier swept the sky;
He thought again of war's and battle;
He heard again the drum's wild rattle.
Ere death we go back o,er life's story
And flush with its forgotten glory.
The moon shone, he gazed long at her,
As thou, swift-pinioned meteor
Flashed by, he gasped and dropped his head,
Whispering—"My Death Star," and was dead

Oh messenger from worlds unknown!
Traverser o' the skies alone!
Mysterious secret, tangible.
What is thy mute strange-hidden spell?
Herald of love and death!—Oh hold your
Hot wings of fire—Death to the soldier
That pillar like for a nation stood—
And love to children in the wood.

McGILL UNIVERSITY, 1884

Summer Twilight.

BY J. R. WILKINSON

I sit at the twilight hour
Just where the roses sleep;
And the thoughts that come unto me
Are, oh! so calm and sweet.
I list for the sound of a footfall
I know will come to me,
At the golden glow of sunset,
When shadows steal o'er the sea.

And restful, and soul-refreshing
As dew to the drooping flower;
Inwardly invigorating,
Imparting new life and power.
And thus removed from the turmoil
Of day, with its din and strife;

A $60,000,000 W. W. Scheme.

The people of Paris, France, are discussing a scheme submitted by a Swiss engineer to the municipality for furnishing the city with an ample supply of drinking water from Lake Neufchatel, Switzerland, at a cost of $60,000,000. The distance between the lake of Neufchatel and Paris 312 miles, and the surface of the lake is 1,620 feet higher than the mean level of Paris, its total area covering 140 square miles. This vast body of water, even if it were not replenished, would be sufficient to supply Paris for two years at the rate of 133 gallons per head per day, the level of the lake falling no more than three feet, and the water would arrive in Paris at a temperature of 50 degrees Fahrenheit. It is not proposed to take the water from the surface of the lake, but to draw it off by an underground heading 262 feet below the surface of the lake, where it has a temperature of only 43 degrees. The water would be taken through a tunnel twenty-two miles long under the Jura Mountains to the Dessoubre valley, in the department of the Doubs, and thence in an arched conduit along the slopes of the hills to Paris, where it would arrive still at an elevation of 394 feet. As the present reservoirs of Paris have an elevation of only 295 feet, raising the fall, or pressure, by 100 feet, with a flow of 4,400 gallons per second, would give a tremendous motive power.

The Use of Spectacles.

A vast amount of popular misapprehension and prejudice exists as to the use of spectacles. Many persons who need them object to wearing them for various reasons. Some fear that it will lead their friends to suspect that they are getting old. Others think it will cause them to be suspected of wishing to appear learned or cultured. Some persons do not want to begin to wear them lest, having acquired the habit, they may not be able to leave them off or to see well without them. Others, again, object to glasses only on account of their inconvenience. I have personally met with many of all these classes of persons, but I have frequently heard of another class that I have never met with, namely, those who do not need glasses, but who wear them just for effect and to attract attention. Now, the simple truth is that there are just two good reasons for wearing spectacles, and only two. One is that we may see better, the other is that our eyes may be relieved of strain. Often both these reasons are combined in the same case.—Professor David Webster, M. D.

Eli Perkins Was Too Funny.

Eli Perkins, the humorist, was too humorous the other day. He wrote a letter to D. W. Caldwell, the general manager of the Nickel Plate railway line, asking for a pass to Chicago. Thinking to be funny he added this postscript:—"P. S. I enclose you $5—if you can find it." Mr. Caldwell is a generous but somewhat austere man. He answered the letter in due course of business, ostensibly granting the favour, but inclosing no pass. Here is the postscript he added to his reply: P. S. "I enclose you pass—if you can find it." Eli had been too funny.—Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.

The Effect of Too Much Education.

"I understand you ran away from a polecat the other night," said Colonel Yerger to Sam Johnsing.

"Dat's jess what I did."

"With considerable alacrity, I suppose, when you learned the nature of the animal."

"No, sah, with contrifugal force, sah," replied Sam, who is attending a night school.

"Centrifugal force! What do you know about that?"

STATISTICS.

The great Montezuma irrigating tunnel, in Colorado, has been completed. This tunnel is over a mile long and runs under one of the ranges of the mountains composing the Rockies. With the fifty miles of canal, it will convey the water of the Dolores river over the richest agricultural valley in Colorado. Over 200,000 acres of land will be reclaimed by this enterprise.

The total mileage of pipes for natural gas in the United States is not far from 2,000 miles, not including small pipes for individual use. One-fifth of this quantity of pipes is laid in the city of Pittsburg. The gas wells of Pennsylvania produce from 1,500,000 to 15,000,000 cubic feet a day. High and low pressure wells are also found in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, and as far west as Kansas. The total consumption of gas for 1887, as estimated by coal displacement, was equivalent to 10,000,000 tons of coal.

The Mississippi river is again on the rampage. Its great volume of water, swollen by the immense floods pouring down from its headwater tributaries in Minnesota and Wisconsin, is overflowing its banks and breaking through its levees, carrying widespread destruction in its course. That long, narrow valley, known as the Sny bottoms, lying between the river and the bluffs, a strip fifty miles by five of the richest land in the world except, perhaps, the Valley of the Nile, is now a lake, its crops destroyed, its hopeless and homeless people flying to the highlands, a million dollars' worth of crops upon which they depended for their coming year's sustenance ruined.

New York World:—The number of Americans going to Europe this year is greater than ever before. The Atlantic steamship companies are having all they can attend to, and could make use of many more vessels than they own. It is becoming, more and more clear that there is a brilliant future in store for Europe as an American summer resort. Though we have a population now of but 60,000,000 people, we already largely support the inhabitants of many interesting localities in the effete monarchies. By the time we reach 200,000,000 it can readily be understood that the energies of the Europeans will be mainly devoted to securing a living through making it pleasant for us over there during our pleasure tours and sojourns for health.

A recent dispatch from London says: "Russia is beginning to be regarded with particular suspicion. The latest reports say that she now has three corps of armed men on her western frontier. She has recently strengthened her navy and during the last month has shown a change in activity in the way of military preparation. It is now noted that Russia has a better opportunity for raiding the East than she has had for years. Germany is sorely troubled by the uncertain condition of the Emperor. England is unprepared for war, and has home-rule divisions at home to prevent harmonious action against swift aggressive action on the part of Russia towards the East. Germany has, through Bismarck, shown such conciliatory tendencies towards the Czar that Russia regards that country as good as neutral. Austria it does not care for, France is now an ally, Russian finances are at their worst, and might be remedied by the capture of a new territory. Outbreaks and insurrections are constantly being fomented by Russian agents in the East. It is believed here that Russia intends within the next month to make a positive showing of an aggressive Eastern policy. In financial circles great uneasiness is beginning to be felt.

In a recent lecture in London, England, Mr. T. D. Mocatti gave some interesting details respecting the present number of Jews

When shadows steal o'er the sea.

And restful, and soul-refreshing
As dew to the drooping flower;
Inwardly invigorating,
Imparting new life and power.
And thus removed from the turmoil
Of day, with its din and strife;
I listen in calm contentment
To the hum of insect life.

And the songs I hear in the branches,
Just stirred by the wandering breeze;
A concert of birdling music
Thrilling my heart's glad ease.
The silvery, mystic moonlight
Enfoldeth the earth and sea;
And the summer night is throbbing
In nature's harmony.

O, sun, and sea, and shadow;
O, eve, with thy soft twilight;
I revel amid your splendor,
Enwrapt in deep delight.
Aleene, I await thy coming,
And the clasp of thy gentle hand;
To wander in blissful dreaming
Near Heaven's border-land

The Vehicle of Thought.

BY WILL T. JAMES.

As music floats upon the air
In undulating waves of sound,
So thoughts of savants swell and bear
Their import all the world around,
Launched with a mythic mercury's flight
Upon Illiteracy's dark night.

As knowledge in her chariot rides
Across the sable wilderness
Of Error, like a mist divides
Man's mental chaos, and the press—
The car in which she onward sweeps—
O'er bigot-builded barriers leap.

Gleaming with fire, its golden wheels
Reflect the splendor of the sun
Of Truth althwart a world that feels
Their emanations as they run,
Rejoicing as its fulgent glow
The paths of wisdom clearly show.

Each gilded spoke in brightness turns,
Diffusing radiance o'er the land;
While they o'ershadow him who spurns,
They crown with halos Caxton's band,
Adding more lustre to the name
Of him whose talents merit fame.

Speed on triumphant, ever fraught
With treasures rich as earth's best gem
Men but assimilate the thought
To wear the scholar's diadem.
Beneficence no more could bless
Mankind than with a pure, free press

He Knew What a Mountain Was.

It was in a Tar Flat school a week or two ago. The school teacher was worming the usual kind and amount of information out of the boys. At length she asked the question:

"What is a mountain?"

That seemed to stump the class for a minute. Finally a little hand was timidly held up.

"Well, do you know what a mountain is?"

"I guess I know."

"What is it?"

"It is a lot o' land pointin' up in the air."

Preparing For Him.

Young Featherly (waiting for Miss Clara)—"And so your sister expected me to call this evening, did she, Bobby?"

Bobby—"Yes, sir, I guess she did. I heard her tell ma that she had set the clock an hour ahead."

Mitchell. R. K. Coutts.

In this century the population of London has increased fourfold and its area about fifteenfold. Every year some 70,000 fresh souls are added to the population by immigration or birth. Every ten years there is added to London by immigration alone the population of a city as large as Lisbon or Bristol; and by immigration and birth together there is added a population as large as that of St. Petersburg or Vienna.

[illegible] when you learned the nature of the animal."

"No, sah, with contrifugal force, sah," replied Sam, who is attending a night school.

"Centrifugal force! What do you know about that?"

"Dat which goes away from a given scenter. Heah! heah! Didn't you nebber study jogerfy?"

She Thought So, Too.

"I think," said the minister, who was visiting a parishioner, "that it is easier to coax children than to drive them. Gentle words are more effective than harsh ones."

"I think so, too," said the lady tenderly. Then she raised her window and suddenly shouted to her boy; "Johnnie, if you don't come in out of that mud-puddle I'll break your back.

Giving Up a Career.

"I'm goin' to be a soldier, ma, when I grow up," said Bobby, as he crawled into bed, "and fight in wars and battles."

"All right, Bobby; now go to sleep."

In the morning she shook him for the fourth time and said;

"Bobby, you *must* get up; the idea of a soldier lying abed at this hour!"

"Well, ma," said Bobby, sleepily. "I've changed my mind about being a soldier."

The Time to Lay in Stock.

Aunt Dinah (reading the paper)—I sees, Rastus, by de papah, dat poultry am quoted as wery quiet.

Not Safe to Leave it Around.

Colored Deacon—"Sister Simonades, ain't you 'fraid dat boy of yourn'l take de menin gitis, runnin' wild all ober town?"

Sister S.—"Well, brudder, I'se tried to raise dat chile right, but if dey leab any of it whar he kin git his hands on it, he's more'n likely to steal it, de trifflin' nigger!"

A Heavy Domestic Expense.

Customer—"Some children's shoes, please."

Dealer—"Yes, sir. Now, there is an excellent make of shoe. How old is the child?"

Customer (with a sigh)—"Child! I have nine of 'em. Show me to the wholesale department.

The Air Better than the Words.

As the last note of "Comin' through the Rye" trembled on the air, she turned to her escort and said:

"Is it not exquisite, Col. Blood?"

"Ye-es," assented the Colonel, in a half-hearted tone of voice, "the air is fine, but down our way, Miss Breezy, we go in more for Bourbon, you know."

A curious sight was to see in Boston the other day during the rain a wet umbrella leaning against the wall outside a railway office. A country visitor did not wish to carry the dripping head protector within the precincts of the office, and there it remained for fully a half hour without molestation. Hundreds were the questive glances cast at the tempting article, and occasionally some pedestrian unsupplied with such protection would advance a step or two toward it, but would then draw back and go his way, evidently thinking it was a trap. Had the countryman left it inside the door, or in any less prominent place, it would undoubtedly have disappeared almost immediately upon leaving his hand, but there it was secure, and has probably settled the vexed question as to the safest place to leave an umbrella.

of an aggressive Eastern policy. In financial circles great uneasiness is beginning to be felt.

In a recent lecture in London, England, Mr. T. D. Mocatti gave some interesting details respecting the present number of Jews in the world, and their distribution. He estimated their whole number as between 8,000,000 and 10,000,000. Of these about 100,000 are found in the United Kingdom, seven-tenths of them living in London, Germany contains 600,000; France, 70,000; America, 500,000; Persia, from 40,000 to 50,000. Large numbers of them dwell in Northern Africa and Abyssinia, and there has been a large influx of Jews to Palestine during the present century from other parts of the Turkish dominions, and from Poland, Russia and Central Europe. The Turkish government shows entire toleration towards them, but is not favourable to their further immigration. Mr. Mocatti says the condition of the Jews in the Holy Land is not a happy one. There is but little outlet for their energies. A large number give themselves entirely up to Hebrew study, while the bulk of them eke out a miserable livelihood by small industries, apparently aided, but in reality intensified in pauperism, by the pernicious system of "Halukah" or distribution of alms sent from various countries, which are doled out among the Jewish population in small sums.

A Useful Invention.

A Prairie avenue inventor, who has six daughters, has applied for a patent on a parlour alarm clock. His application reads thus:—"What I claim is the combination and arrangement of the various cams, levers and gongs, in conjunction with wires, batteries and explosives, whereby the clock is made to sound a loud and distinct warning at 11 p.m., and at the end of five minutes thereafter to explode a charge of dynamite on the under side of the seat of each and every occupied chair in the room, substantially as and for the purposes set forth."—[Chicago Tribune,

FORCE OF HABIT.

She was a pretty salesgirl;
He asked for a kiss,
For he was the accepted
Of the fair and blushing miss.
She gave him one, and as she drew
Her rosy lips away,
"Is there," she asked in trembling tones,
"Anything else to-day?"

The Buffalo Billeries.

An English provincial paper says that the Buffalo Billeries will be exhibited this summer in the borough of Erastina, in the Province of Staten Island, and that an expedition has been sent to the interior of the province to capture a number of wild Indians for the show.

It is said that no one can arrest the flight of Time; but who is there who is not able to stop a minute.

Activity is the price of strength. Tie your arm tight to your side, giving it no motion, and its strength will flee away from the conquering palsy. The oak, that king of trees, girds itself with giant might because it is full of activity; energy runs through a thousand roots gathering the strength of the soil and building it into the heart of the oak; activity runs through a million leaves and gathers the commerce of the air and the sunlight to enrich the strength of the magnificent giant. Man no less must be full of bustling, busy activity, else he cannot be strong in the years of life nor staunch in the tests of manhood.

NUTTIE'S FATHER.

BY CHARLOTTE M. YONGE.

CHAPTER XXXVI.—NUTTIE'S KNIGHT.

"The night came on and the bairnies grat,
Their minnie aneath the mools heard that."

"LINDHURST, 4th July.—Philip Dutton to Miss Egremont. Found. Waterloo, 6.15."

"I knew he would," said Nuttie, with a strange quietness, but as she tried to read it to her father her voice choked, and she had to hand it to Annaple. But for the first time in her life she went up and voluntarily kissed her father's forehead. And perhaps it was for the first time in *his* life that the exclamation broke from him, "Thank God!"

Perhaps it was well that the telegram had not come earlier in the day, for Mr. Egremont was very restless, showing himself much shaken in nerves and spirits before the time for driving to the station, which he greatly antedated. Nuttie could hardly keep him in the carriage, and indeed had to persuade him to return thither, when he had once sprung out on the arrival of a wrong train.

And after all, when the train did come his blue spectacles were directed to the row of doors at the other end, and Nuttie was anxiously trying to save him from being jostled, when a voice said "Here!" and close beside them stood Mr. Dutton, with a little boy close by his side who looked up in her face and said "Sister!" It was said in a dreamy, almost puzzled way, not with the ecstatic joy Nuttie had figured to herself; and there was something passive in the mode of his hearing his father's "My boy, my boy!" Instinctively all turned to the harbour of the carriage; Mr. Dutton lifted Alwyn in, and as Nuttie received him, a pang shot across her, as she felt how light, how bony the little frame had become in these three weeks.

"Come in! Come back with us! Tell us all!" said Mr. Egremont, as Mr. Dutton was about to help him in.

"My dog," said Mr. Dutton, while Alwyn looked up from nestling in Nuttie's lap to say, "Mithter Button come. And Mothu!"

"We have room for him," said Mr. Egremont graciously. "Here, poor fellow."

"He has the right," said Mr. Dutton, "for he was the real finder."

And Monsieur, curly and shiny, occupied with great dignity the back seat beside his master, while Alwyn, in a silent but dreamy content, as if he only half understood where he was, rested against his sister's bosom with his hands in his father's.

"Come, old chap," said his father cheerily, "tell us all about it."

But Alwyn only shuddered a little, raised his eyelids slightly, and gave a tiny faint smile.

"I think he is very much afraid," said Mrs. Dutton. There was a good deal to be done to make him presentable this morning. You must forgive me for sacrificing his curls, there was nothing else to be done with them."

"Ah!" and Nuttie looked again. The boy was in a new, rather coarse, ready-made, sailor suit that hung loosely upon his little limbs, his hair was short, and he was very pale, the delicate rosy flush was quite gone, and with it the round outline of the soft cheek; and there were purple marks under the languid eyes. She bent down and kissed him saying, "Was Mr. Dutton nurse to you, Wynnie?"

He smiled again and murmured, "Mr. Dutton made me boy a ain."

After a question and answer or two as to main facts of place and time of the discovery, Mr. Dutton told his story.

"Yes," said Mr. Dutton; "I verily believe we might have missed one another, but Monsieur ran up to him and, as I was actually whistling him off, I heard a little voice say, 'Mothu! Mothu!' and saw they were—well, embracing one another, and then came 'Mithter Button, Mithter Button, oh, take me home!'"

Eager caressing hands were held out to Monsieur, who jumped off the seat to receive the pats and laudations lavished on his curly round pate, and had to be reduced to order before Mr. Dutton could answer the question whether he had any further difficulty or danger.

"I took him up in my arms, and a handsome truculent-looking woman burst out on me, demanding what I was about with her child. To which I answered that she knew very well he was no such thing. Her man came swaggering up, declaring impudently that I had better be off—but I believe he saw that the people who came round would not take his part, for he gave in much more easily than I expected. I explained as loud as I could that this was a gentleman's son who had been stolen from his nurse in the Park. The man began to protest that they had found him deserted, and taken him with them out of charity, requesting to be paid for his keep. So I thought it better to give them a sovereign at once, so as to have no further trouble, and get him away as fast as I could. The woman came after me, making further demands, but the sight of a policeman in the distance turned her back. I went up to him and explained. I found he knew all about the loss and the reward, and looked regretfully at my prize. We went back to the hotel, where I saw Alwyn to rights as well as I could, sent out for some clothes, such as the place would produce, and which at least, as he says, made a boy of him again. I'm afraid the process was rather trying from such unaccustomed hands, though he was very good, and he has been asleep almost all the way home, and, his senses all as in a dream bound up."

The heaviness—whether weariness or content, still continued. Alwyn seemed to find it too much trouble to talk, and only gave little smiles, more like his mother than himself. He clung quite desperately to his sister when Mark offered to lift him from the carriage, but nurse was close behind, and it was good to see the little arms stretched out, and the head laid on her shoulder, the hand put up to stroke her cheek, and the lips whispering "Wyn's own nursie." The jubilant greeting and triumphant procession with which he was borne upstairs seemed almost to oppress him. He appeared almost as if he was afraid of wakening from a happy dream, and his lively merriment seemed all gone; there were only beams of recognition and gladness at "Wyn's own nursery," "Wyn's own pretty cup," touching it as if to make sure it was real, and pleased to see the twisted crusts, his special treat.

But he could not eat much of them, and soon laid his head down as one weary, with the exhaustion of content; and nurse, who had allowed that Mr. Dutton had, considering all things, done much for the outward restoration of the daintiness of her recovered child, was impatient to give him the hot bath and night's rest that was to bring back the bright joyous Alwyn. So Nuttie only lingered for those evening prayers she had yearned after so sorely. When she held his mother's picture to him to be kissed, he raised his eyes to her and said: "Will she come to me at night now?"

"Who, my darling?"

"She, mother dear."

"Here's her picture, dear boy."

"Not only the picture - she came out of it when I cried, up on the nasty-smelling bundle in the van all in the dark."

the dining-room door was shut. "I must feast my eyes on him.

Annaple replied by throwing an arm round her and looking into her eyes, kissing her on each cheek, and then, as they reached the landing in the summer twilight, waltzing round and round that narrow space with her.

"You ridiculous person!" said Nuttie. "Do you mean that you saw!"

"Of course I did; I've seen ever so——"

"Nonsense! That's impossible——"

"Impossible to owls and bats perhaps, but to nothing else not to see that there was one sole and single hero in the world to you, and that to him there was one single being in the world; and that being the case——"

"But, Annaple, you can't guess what he has always been to me."

"Oh! don't I know?—a sort of Archbishop of Canterbury and George Heriot rolled into one. So much the more reason, my dear, I don't know when I've been so glad in my life than that your good times should be coming."

"They are come in knowing this! It is only too wonderful," said Nuttie, as they stood together among the plants in the little conservatory on the way upstairs. I always thought it insulting to him when they teased me about him."

"They did, did they?"

"My father, incited by poor Gregorio. Oh, Annaple! don't let any one guess till we know how my father will take it. What is it, Ellen?" as the nursery-maid appeared on the stairs.

"If you please, ma'am, Mrs. Poole would be glad if you are coming up to the nursery."

They both hastened up and nurse came out to meet them in the day nursery, making a sign to Ellen to take her place by the cot, and withholding the two ladies. She made them come as far off as possible, and then said that she was not at all satisfied about Master Alwyn. There had been the same drowsiness and disinclination to speak, and when she had undressed and washed him, he had seemed tender all over, and cried out and moaned as if her touch hurt him, especially on one side where, she felt convinced, there was some injury; but when she asked about it his eyes grew frightened and bewildered, and he only cried in a feeble sort of way, as if sobs gave him pain.

She had soothed him, and he had gone into his own bed with the same gentle languid gladness, but had presently begun moaning, and imploring in his sleep, wakening with screams and entreaties, "Oh, I'll do it! I'll try" and she thought him very feverish. Would it not be better that a doctor should see him?

Nurse was always an alarmist, and Nuttie could not help thinking that to wake the child to see a stranger to-night would only add to his terror and distress, while Annaple declared her entire belief that though no doubt the poor little fellow had been cruelly knocked about and bruised, a night's rest would probably restore his bright self, and make all that was past only like a bad dream. There was no judging to-night, and sleep was wonderful reparation to those little beings.

Then however the moans and murmurs began again, and now the awakening cry. They started forward, and as Nuttie came to the cot-side the child threw himself into her bosom with, "Sister! Sister! It is sister!" but his eyes grew round with terror at sight of Annaple, and clinging tightly to Nuttie, he gasped, "Send her away! don't let her touch me! Fan's not here!"

To tell him she was Cousin Annaple, Billy's mamma, had no effect; he did not seem able to understand, and she could only retire—nurse being thus convinced that to let him see another stranger to-night would only do

Dutton nurse to you, Wynnie?"

He smiled again and murmured, "Mr. Dutton made me boy a ain."

After a question and answer or two as to main facts of place and time of the discovery, Mr. Dutton told his story. "I did not effect much with my inquiries after the circuses. All I heard of were of too superior an order for kidnapping practices However, I thought the only way would be to haunt fairs and races, and look at their camp-followers. At a place in Hertfordshire I saw a performance advertised with several children as fairies, so I went to see it. I was soon satisfied that Alwyn was not there; but it struck me that I had known the face of the prime hero, a fine handsome supple fellow, who was called in the programme Herr Adalbert Steinfuggen, or some such name. Well, it seemed that he knew me, for as I struggled out after a considerable interval, I heard myself accosted, 'Mr. Dutton! Sir, surely have the honor of speaking to Mr. Dutton of Micklethwayte?' I assure you he was the very pink of politeness. Do you remember, Miss Egremont, Abel Stone?"

"Oh, Abel Stone! He was a choir boy at Micklethwayte, I remember! He was very handsome, and had a splendid voice; but he was a real monkey for mischief; and nobody could manage him but mother. She was always pleading that he should not be turned out, and at last he ran away.'

"Yes; he went off with a circus, and there he found his vocation, rose and throve, married the prima donna, and is part owner. He seems very respectable, and was so friendly and affectionate that I ventured to consult him; when on hearing whom I was seeking, he became warmly interested, and gave me just the information I wanted. He said he had little doubt that Funny Frank was a clown called Brag, with whom he had had words some years back for misusing the children. He said he did not hold with harshness to the little ones in teaching them to do the feats, which certainly were wonderful. If they were frightened, they were nervous and met with accidents; but make much of them, and they thought it all fun, and took a pleasure in their performances. However this Brag, though a clever fellow, could not be hindered from bullying, and at last he went off with a girl of the troupe and set up on their own account. Stone, or whatever he pleases to call himself, had met them several times, but he spoke of them with great contempt as "low," and they did not frequent the same places as he does. However, he referred to one of his men, and found that they had been at Epsom on the Derby day, and moreover, that there was a report of them having lately narrowly escaped being in a scrape about a child who had been injured. There was no scruple as to advising me where to look for them, or as to the best means of detection. Stone was very indignant, and made me understand that all his young people were either to the manner born, or willingly hired out by their parents. I saw them in private life, and they looked happy and well fed, but that was no guarantee for Funny Frank. Well, I followed him up without success, trying each place Stone had set down for me, till I came last night to Lyndhurst, a very pretty place in the New Forest, where there is to be a fair to-morrow, beginning this afternoon. Stone advised me to look about before the affair opened, while unpacking and arranging was going on. Well, after all, it was very simple. I strolled out with my dog round the field where the vans and booths were getting into order. There was what I thought a little girl in a faded red petticoat sitting on the steps at the bottom of a yellow van with her head on her hands."

"That was me," said Alwyn, lighting up. "And Mothu came and kissed Fan!"

"Who, my darling?"

"She, mother dear."

"Here's her picture, dear boy."

"Not only the picture - she came out of it when I cried, up on the nasty-smelling bundle in the van all in the dark."

"She came?"

"Yes, she came, and made it so nice, and hushed me. I wasn't afraid to go to by-by when she came. And she sang. Sister, can't you sing like that?"

"Not here, I'm afraid, dear, dear boy," she whispered, holding him so tight that he gave a little cry of "It hurts." Then came the prayers, not a word forgotten, and the little voice joined in her murmured thanksgiving for bringing him home.

She was much moved and awe-stricken at these words of her little brother; but she had to dress in haste for dinner, listening the while to her maids rejoinings and vituperatious of the wretches who had maltreated the child.

When she came down she found no one in the drawing-room but Mr. Dutton, whom her father had asked to the happiest meal that had perhaps ever been eaten in that house.

She went towards him with winged steps in her white dress: "Oh! Mr. Dutton, we have not said half enough to you, but we never, never can."

He gave a curious, trembling half smile, as she held out her hand to him, and said: "The joy is great in itself," speaking in a very low voice.

"Oh! I am so glad that you did it,' cried Ursula, "It would not have been half so sweet to owe it to anyone else."

"Miss Egremont, do you know what you are saying?" he exclaimed.

"Don't call me Miss Egremont! You never used to. Why should you?"

"I have not dared ——" he began.

"Dared! Don't you know you always were our own Mr. Dtton——best, wisest friend of all, and now more than ever."

"Stay," he said, "I cannot allow you in your fervour to say such things to me, unaware of the strength of feeling you are stirring within me."

"You! you! Mr. Dutton!" cried Nuttie, with a moment's recoil. "You don't mean that you care for *me*."

"I know it is preposterous——" he began.

"Preposterous! Yes, that you should care one bit for silly, foolish, naughty, self-willed me. Oh, Mr. Dutton, you can't mean it!"

"Indeed, I would have kept silence and not disturbed you with my presumption, if——"

"Hush!" she cried. "Why, it makes me so glad and so proud, I don't know what to do. I didn't think anybody was good enough for you—unless, it was dear, dear mother—and that it should be me."

"It is true," he said gravely, "my younger days were spent in a vain dream of that angel, then when all was ended, I thought such were not for me; but the old feeling has wakened, it seems to me in greater force than ever, though I meant to have kept it under control——"

"Oh, I am glad you didn't It seems as if the world swam round with happiness," and she held his hand as if to steady herself, starting however as Annaple opened the door saying, "We've been sending telegrams with the good news."

Then an arch light came into her bright eyes, but the others were behind her, and she said no more.

CHAPTER XXXVII.—Found and Taken

"The angels of the gateway
Bent softly to the child,
And stretched glad hands t take him
To the kingdom undefiled."—B. M.

"Come up and see him," said Nuttie, as touch me! Fan's not here!"

To tell him she was Cousin Annaple, Billy's mamma, had no effect; he did not seem able to understand, and she could only retire—nurse being thus convinced that to let him see another stranger to-night would only do further harm. Nuttie and nurse succeeded in reassuring him that he was safe at home and with them, and in hushing him off into what they hoped would be a quiet wholesome sleep in spite of the hot sultry night, on which Annaple laid a good deal of the blame of his restlessness and feverishness.

Nuttie only came down for a short time before the visitors went away; and then she wrote a note to Dr. Brownlow, which Mark promised to leave as he went to the city in the morning, Mr. Egremont, in his present relief, pooh poohing all fears, and backing up Annaple's belief in the powers of "tired nature's soft restorer"; but Mr. Dutton looked grave and said that he had remarked the extreme tenderness, but had hoped that much was due to his own inexperience in handling little children. The parting clasp of the hand had a world of meaning in it, and Nuttie openly said that she hoped to tell him after matins at St. Michael's how the boy was. But she could not be there. When she went upstairs at night the half-delirious terrors had returned, and there was another difficult soothing and comforting before the child slept again. Nurse fancied the unwonted presence might disturb him, and insisted on her going to her own room.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Race Prejudice.

I grinda de org' and I plays de fid'
And I sella de ripea banan';
No steala, no rob, I never did
But I work like de honesta man.
I buy me de monk wid de leeta red hat
And I tie 'em a string by de neck,
I grabs de org' and I t'inks me dat
I maka de mon' by de peck.
I play de tune from "Il Trovatore"
And "Tom by His Mudder He Stick,"
And de monk' he climb up de seconda story,
Where de leeta gal gib 'im de nick.
I worka t'ree day and I maka four dol,
And I feel me so rich like de king,
When—sacra diavlo, estrito chrystal!
De Irish kid cutta de string.
Like—what you call 'em? Ah, yes, de blue streak,
De monk' break away and was hid.
I find 'im no mo', and I go busted dat week,
Dat's why I hatea de Irisha kid.

Easily Discouraged.

"Yes," said a base ball man, "I'm discouraged, and have given up the business forever. Why, the very first game they got onto me in the second inning, and pounded me all over the field."

"That ought not to discourage you. Many a pitcher has had similar luck."

"Yes, but I wasn't the pitcher; I was the umpire."

Red, white, and blue is the favorite color combination for lawn tennis suits.

Madame Patti, according to her own statement, received $10,500 as her share of the receipts of her first concert in Buenos Ayres in April last. The services of Theodore Thomas and his orchestra of sixty musicians can be secured for a single concert for $3,000. Yet there is more educational value in one concert given by Thomas's orchestra than in a score of concerts at which Patti is the star, and as is generally the case at her concerts, the only competent artist. The comparison is an instructive commentary on the state of musical culture of the present day.

HOUSEHOLD.

Family Mending.

DARNING, PATCHING, REPAIRING AND MAKING OVER.

The mother of a family appreciates the full force of the homely proverb, "A stitch in time saves nine." Many times nine are saved by prompt attention to repairs, and the greatest help to making is mending. Family mending consists of darning, patching, repairing and making over.

To darn well, select the number of thread or silk best suited to the material, and use the finest needle that will carry it. The edges of splits and tears must first be caught lightly together with long basting stitches that can easily be cut and drawn out when the darning is done. This prevents one edge stretching more than the other. Run the needle from the darner in very small stitches in and out its whole length before drawing through; then towards the darner in the same way, and so on, backwards and forwards till the length of the tear is covered. Tears are apt to be three cornered. Begin such in the center to make the point fit even, and darn towards each end. All darning of this character is done in the same way, but the finer the material the finer must be the needle and cotton.

In darning much worn material, baste under the split a piece of the same goods and darn the two together. In all cases it strengthens to darn upon another piece but does not make so smooth a darn. A ragged tear must have always a piece put under it. Ravellings of the same are best for darning flannels or dress goods, and if the mend is dampened and pressed with a hot iron it is almost unnoticeable. Tears in cloth darned upon the wrong side, the stitches run upon the surface, not going through, scarcely show upon the right side. In lined articles the darning must, of course, be done upon the right side.

All tears must be darned before washing. If the edges are once stiffened by wetting and drying they can never be mended neatly.

To darn a hole in a stocking begin with as long, a strand of cotton as can be easily managed, and a long, slim needle. Pass the needle back and forth across one way, letting each long stitch lie close to the one next it, and running the needle a little beyond the edge of the hole for greater strength, being careful not to draw the cotton tight enough to pucker. When the hole is covered, cross the other way, taking on the needle every other stitch of those in the first crossing. When finished you have a neat, strong basket work; neither a wide checker work than can be seen through, nor a thick, uneven surface that hurts the foot. After mending the holes the thin places in stockings should be run thickly, backwards and forwards with needle and cotton to prevent breaking. In darning toes and heels it is helpful to darn upon a china egg, but in other parts of the stocking a flatter darn is made by using only the hand. To darn woolen stockings wool must be used. For cotton stockings a French darning cotton, that comes in small, soft balls, is superior to that bought upon cards. It runs through several numbers, is fine and smooth, and keeps its color well.

Holes in garments or house-linen must be patched. To patch, baste a square of the same material under the hole, cut the edges of the hole even, turn under, and hem in small stitches neatly down to the patch. Then turn the edges of the patch and hem down upon the garment. This finishes both sides neatly. If the garment patched is figured or striped, the figures and stripes

of caraway seed; roll out, cut and sift with sugar; bake in a quick oven.

OATMEAL COOKIES.—One cup of sugar, two eggs, one cup of flour, one cup of cold boiled oatmeal, one teaspoon of soda, two teaspoons of cream tartar, one tablespoon of butter; roll thin and bake in a quick oven.

SMOTHERED RICE.—Boil for ten minutes one cup of cold boiled chicken chopped fine, two cups of cold boiled rice and one cup of chicken broth, seasoned with salt, pepper and butter.

CRUMB PUDDING.—One quart of sweet milk, one pint of bread crumbs, three-quarters of a cup of sugar, yolks of four eggs, butter size of an egg, flavor with lemon; bake in a slow oven; when done spread over a layer of jelly, whip the whites of the eggs to a froth, add one cup of powdered sugar, pour over the jelly and bake a light brown.

ORANGE PUDDING.—Put in a baking dish three sweet oranges pealed and sliced; pour over one cup of sugar, one pint of milk yolks of three eggs, one tablespoon of corn starch boiled until thick. Whip the whites pour over the top and set in the oven to stiffen.

CORNSTARCH CAKE.—One cup of sugar, one-fourth cup of butter, one-half cup of milk, two thirds of a cup of cornstarch, one cup of flour, two eggs, one teaspoonful of baking powder.

GINGERBREAD.—One cup of molasses, one-half cup of brown sugar, one-fourth of a cup of butter, one cup of sour milk, one egg, one teaspoon each of cream tartar, soda, ground ginger and cinnamon, flour enough to make a medium batter.

SPICE CAKE.—One cup of butter, one and one-half cups of sugar, two cups of flour, one cup of raisins, one and one-half teaspoons of baking powder, two eggs, one and one-half teaspoons each of cloves, cinnamon and nutmeg.

SLICED APPLE PIE.—Line pie-pan or plate with crust, sprinkle with sugar, fill with tart apples, sliced very thin, sprinkle sugar and a very little cinnamon over them, and add a few small bits of butter and a tablespoonful of water, dredge in flour, cover with the top crust and bake about three-quarters of an hour; allow four or five tablespoonfuls of sugar to each pie.

BLANQUETTE OF VEAL.—Cut three pounds of the breast of veal in pieces two inches square, put them in enough cold water to cover them, with one saltspoonful of white pepper, one teaspoonful of salt, a bunch of sweet herbs, half a carrot scraped, a turnip peeled, and an onion stuck with three cloves; bring slowly to a boil, skim carefully till no more scum rises, and cook gently for thirty or forty minutes until the veal is tender; then drain it, returning the broth to the fire. Meantime make a white sauce by stirring together over the fire one ounce of butter and one ounce of flour until they are smooth, then adding a pint and a half of the broth gradually; season with a little more salt and pepper and a quarter of saltspoonful of grated nutmeg; when the sauce has boiled up well stir into it with an egg; whip the yolks of two raw eggs, put in the meat and cook for five minutes, stirring occasionally.

FRIZZLED BEEF.—Shave very thin half a pound of dried beef. Melt one large tablespoonful of butter in a frying pan, add the meat, stir over the fire about two minutes, or until the butter begins to brown; dredge in a little flour, stir again, add half a pint of milk, a very little pepper, and stir till it boils. Add the beaten yolk of one egg just as you take from the fire. Serve immediately.

CHICKEN RISSOLES.—Take cold baked chicken left from dinner; free the meat

THE MISERIES OF MISERS.

Some Remarkable Men Who Regarded Wealth Above all Physical Comforts.

Perhaps the most famous miser that ever lived was John Elwes, an Englishmar, who died from neglect because he refused to incur the expense of physicians and nurses, though worth not less than $4,000,000. In the case of John Elwes, his sordid character was not the result of ignorance for he was a graduate of a Swiss university and later in life was a member of Parliament. His greed of gold was an hereditary sin. He was a son of a London brewer, who died when the boy was only four years old. His mother survived, but to such an extent did her passion for money gain a hold upon her that, though she had $500,000 in her own right, she actually starved to death. An uncle, Sir Marvey Elwes, was also a miser, and the example of these two blood relatives exercised such an influence upon John Elwes that he became the most famous miser of three centuries. After his return to England from Geneva Elwes moved in fashionable London society, where his prospective wealth entitled him to recognition.

When he visited his uncle in Suffolk, where the latter lived in most abject penury, his hopeful nephew would play a double part. He would wear his fashionable garments as far as a little inn in Chelmsford, where he exchanged them for a pair of patched trousers, a worn out coat, darned stockings, and clodhopper shoes with iron buckles. In this attire he would call upon his uncle. The latter would not permit a fire on cold March days on the score of its being extravagant, and the two would sit with a crust of bread and one glass of wine between them until it was too dark to see each other's faces, and then they would retire to save the expense of candles. When this uncle died he left his nephew a fortune of $1,000,000.

As he grew older John Elwes developed the terrible avarice that marked his life by a passion for cards. He would sit in his threadbare clothes with the Duke of Northumberland and play with feverish eye and trembling hand with thousands at stake, and then after having lost or won as the case might be, he would walk to his miserable lodgings, three miles distant, in a peltering rain rather than pay for a cab.

Elwes owned a magnificent country seat in Berkshire. When he would leave London to visit it he would put three hard boiled eggs in his pockets, then mounting a horse would ride over fields and through lanes, going miles out of his way to avoid roads where he would have to pay a few pennies toll. A more than faithful biographer says of him:

"He would eat his provisions in the last stage of putrefaction rather than have a fresh joint from the butcher, and at one time he wore a wig about a fortnight which he picked out of a rut in a lane, and which had apparently been thrown away by a beggar."

At his country seat he allowed of no repair save little brown paper and a bit of broken glass. During the harvest he would amuse himself with going into the fields to glean the corn on the ground of his own tenants, and they used to leave a little more than common to please the old gentleman, who was as eager after it as any pauper in the parish. To save bed coverings, before his death, he would go to sleep completely dressed with boots and hat on. He died miserable, his mind weakened by worry and privation. The value of his fortune, which went to two sons, was not less than $4,000,000.

Another celebrated miser was Ephraim Lapes Pereira, Baron d' Aguilar, formerly cashier of the Empress Maria Theresa, of Austria. Strange to say, the early years of

small stitches neatly down to the patch. Then turn the edges of the patch and hem down upon the garment. This finishes both sides neatly. If the garment patched is figured or striped, the figures and stripes must be made to match in putting in the patch. Cloth is too heavy usually to turn the edges in patching. The edges of the patch must be run in small stitches upon the wrong side and the edge of the hole darned down closely on the right side.

The Boys.

Don't make the mistake of thinking that "anything will do for the boys!" Upon what is done for your boys depends their life-long habits and career. With a small, dark room, dull carpet, hard bed and all the old furniture, what boy can be taught the pleasures of owning nice things, and the importance of keeping them in order? Give the boys equal advantage with your girls. Coax them to stay at home with good books and periodicals, pictures, ornaments and comforts in their sleeping rooms, have their "chums" come to dinner frequently, invite their girl friends often, and treat them with great politeness at all times. A wise mother, well known to us, puts little lunches for her boys in their room when they have been out spending an evening and come home late. Not long since one of them said to her, "I don't believe anybody else will ever do that for me, and I doubt very much if I ever have another home that will be as pleasant as this has been."

Oh, it pays to treat the boys well!

Non-Breakable Lamp Chimneys.

Some person has studied out this way to prepare lamp chimneys so that they will not break: With a diamond cut the bulging part of the chimney with perpendicular lines at short distances apart. These cuts are said to give the glass the necessary room for expansion and contraction when quickly heated or cooled. If a diamond is not available, put the chimney in a pail, for protection, and immerse it in the reservoir of water on your cook-stove when the water is cool in the morning and let it remain all day while the water is hot and all night when it will slowly cool. This is a kind of annealing process that is said to toughen the glass. The use of soapsuds is to be avoided in cleaning, and only clear hot water used.

Cooking Recipes.

SOUP BALLS.—Boil five eggs until hard; remove the shells and pound the yolks until powdered. Add the whites of two uncooked eggs, with a little flour and salt. Mix into balls, boil and drop into the soup.

STEWED POTATOES.—Peel and cut into small pieces. To one pint of potatoes add one-half pint of milk, butter size of an egg, salt and pepper. Stew twenty minutes. Thicken with a tablespoonful of flour stewed in a cup of milk.

BEEF PIE.—Line a dish with a rich crust. Put in a layer of cold beef cut up fine, then one of onions; one of potatoes, then another layer of meat. Season with pepper and salt. Dredge with a little flour. Put on water enough to make a gravy, then a top crust. Bake one hour.

COOKIES.—One cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, two eggs, one-half cup of sweet milk, one teaspoon of baking powder, three cups of flour; roll thin, cut in shape and bake in a quick oven.

SEED COOKIES.—One cup of butter, three cups of sugar, two eggs, one cup of cream, eight cups of flour, two and one-half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoon boils. Add the beaten yolk of one egg just as you take from the fire. Serve immediately.

CHICKEN RISSOLES.—Take cold baked chicken left from dinner; free the meat from the bones and chop fine. Rub a little dried bread into fine crumbs, and to this add any heated liquor of chicken, or hot water, and moisten the bread thoroughly. To a pint bowl full of crumbs and meat allow one teaspoonful of salt, one of pepper, one of sifted sage and one heaping teaspoonful of butter. Make into little cakes, dust with flour and fry to a light brown.

COOKIES.—One cup butter, two cups sugar, four eggs, four cups flour, three tablespoonfuls milk, three teaspoonfuls baking powder. Rub the flour and butter thoroughly together, cream the butter and sugar, beat the egg separately, add to the whole nutmeg, cinnamon or any flavoring preferred. Sift in the flour and baking powder and make it stiff enough to roll out and cut in any shape desired.

PORK CAKE.—One pound of fat salt pork chopped fine, one and one-half cups of boiling water poured over the pork, two pounds of raisins, currants and citron, two cups of sugar, eight cups of flour, one tablespoonful soda, and cloves and cinnamon to taste.

Hungry for Love.

Delays are always dangerous, but never so irredeemably as in the case of loving words or deeds. It always proves impossible to speak to-morrow exactly the cordial or affectionate word which to-day demanded of us.

A mother whose child had died suddenly was so entirely prostrated with grief that some of the too officious friends asked her to consider if her sufferings were greater than that of others who had lost friends.

"Oh, it is not the same, it is not the same!" she cried. "My little girl was different from other children; she was so loving! She used to come to me and beg me to kiss her, or take her in my lap for a minute, and sometimes I was busy and told her to run away and play.

"I hurt her little heart. I made it shut up its little leaves when it ought to have been coaxed open by the sunshine. I shall never forgive myself."

She never did forgive herself, and though she was almost pathetically loving to the children who were left, no lapse of time could ever erase from her mind the memory of that little girl who was hungry for love.

A Warning to Brutal Parents.

An immense impetus will be given to the Rev. B. Waugh's and other efforts for the protection of children from cruel parents by the sentence passed at Liverpool recently. The ill-treatment of a little girl by her father and stepmother was exceptionally bad. The father was a compositor, and his wife said that he was not responsible. The child was confined in a cellar, the air being excluded. It had little or no food, it was brutally flogged and kicked, and a red hot poker applied to it. The judge sentenced the man to seven years' penal servitude and the woman to the same punishment for life. It is an awful sentence. Our only fear is that its very severity may evoke undue sympathy for cruel parents. On the other hand, we may undoubtedly hope that it will deter many a brute from putting his little ones to a slow death.

Nicely Put.

"Now, Mr. Bjones," said Mrs. Ringfinger, who was visiting Mrs. Bjones, "don't try to be polite. Do just as you would if we were not here, and we shall feel ever so much more at home."

$4,000,000.

Another celebrated miser was Ephraim Lapes Pereira, Baron d' Aguilar, formerly cashier of the Empress Maria Theresa, of Austria. Strange to say, the early years of his life at the Austrian court were years of splendor. Then he moved to England, married a wealthy lady and settled down. He lived in sumptuous style; kept several carriages and twenty servants. He was married twice, and after his second marriage he left his family and friends and withdrew himself from the fashionable world. He turned farmer. At this time he was worth $1,000,000. After a year in the country his place began to be known as "Starvation Farmyard." His cattle and poultry were a mass of skin and bones, and peasants began to hoot at the baron whenever he appeared for his mean treatment of his animals. He always insisted on being present when the stock was being fed, so that he might see that there was nothing stolen or wasted. He went about his farm clad in mean and dirty clothes, and refused to spend money to buy new ones. After a life of selfishness and meanness he died in March, 1802, leaving property estimated at $1,100,000. His diamonds alone were worth $150,000, while his solid silver plate weighed over 700 pounds.

But exceeding by far the example of John Elwes is that of Daniel Dancer, whose life is the most striking example perhaps in all history of the insatiable thirst for gold.

His father died and left him, together with a sister, a comfortable fortune. Dancer and his sister lived in a miserable hut near Harrow, in Middlesex, England. Their fae consisted of a piece of cheap beef and fourteen hard dumplings boiled on Sunday, and this lasted them the rest of the week.

The pair dressed in rags, and when the sister was dying from cold and starvation her brother refused to summon medical aid on the ground that he could not spend his money for medicine, because if the "old girl" was going to die the doctors couldn't save her anyhow. Dancer was too miserly to provide soap and towels for himself.

He would wash in a neighboring pool and lie out in the sun till he was dried. His clothes, a mass of patches, were held up by a belt of twisted hay, and his whole appearance was that of abject misery. Duncan on his rambles never returned empty handed. He would gather up the bones in the village streets and lanes, bring them home, and after picking them clean himself would crack them and feed them to the dog. Once neighbors complained that his dog worried and killed their sheep, and for fear that he would have to pay for future depredations, he took the dog to a blacksmith's where he had all the poor dog's teeth broken off to prevent a further recurrence of the trouble. He mended his own shoes and wore one hat continuously for thirteen years.

When he lay on his dying bed his only garment was an old sack. When remonstrated with he said that he came into the world without a shirt and he would go out of it that way. When a visitor suggested that he have a pillow for his head he ordered his only servant, whose weekly wages was thirty cents, to bring him a wisp of hay, which he used as a pillow till his death, a few days later. He left an estate valued at $25,000 amply sufficient for a his needs during his life-time, had he so desired. This money, in odd sums, was hidden in old rags, nailed down to the under part of the manger floor in his miserable cow shed, and over $10,000 was found hidden in the manure pile, where it had lain for years.

Artful.

"What a perfect picture Mrs. Mournful is this evening!"

"Indeed yes. She is exquisitely painted."

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888.

—The plans and specifications of the proposed extension of the Napanee, Tamworth & Q. R. from Tamworth to Tweed have been filed at Ottawa. Upon the township of Hungerford voting a bonus of $15,000 the work will be pushed rapidly forward to completion. The matter is now being "worked up" in Hungerford and it is likely that a few days will determine the action of the township in the premises.

—It is announced that the Hon. Mr. Laurier will make a tour of Ontario this summer and address the people on the questions of the day. As leader of the Opposition in the House during the past session he has won much favor with the people and no doubt will receive a hearty reception whereever he speaks. We would suggest that the Reformers of Lennox secure him for one day. The French leader on the government side, Sir Hector Langevin, has been heard; now let us hear his opponent.

—For some reason or other a rumor has been set afloat in Ernesttown to the effect that the credit for baulking the Colebrook bridge scheme was due to the new members at the council board this year. This, anyone reading the report in THE EXPRESS of last week, can see is not the case. Reeve Parks, of North Fredericksburgh, is entitled to the credit. He first ferretted the matter up. This Messrs Reid and Baker, of Camden, corroborated at the late session. Having found that the bridge was not county property, Mr. Parks showed it to other members, Messrs Bowen Aylsworth and E.S. Lapum in particular. The fight really commenced at the December session before the new members were honored with seats at the council board.

—Considerable amendments have been made in the summary convictions act, which come into force at once. Perhaps the most important is that regarding witnesses refusing to answer summonses. By so doing they now make themselves liable to arrest without the warrant being "backed" and liable for all costs of summons, warrant and detention in custody. The Scott Act has also been amended. The clauses regarding druggists selling liquor and doctors' furnish certificates are made more stringent and the decision of police magistrates in the case of the latter can be appealed against

FROM THE CAPITAL.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 26th.—The Postmaster-General has been asked to reduce the rate of postage from three to two cents, but has declined: First because the change would seriously impair the postal revenue, and secondly while there is a two cent rate in the United States we have a lower rate for drop letters and a parcel post which is unknown in the U.S. Canada uses almost 58,000,000 of three cent stamps. If therefore, the two cent rate was adopted the revenue would have suffered $575,000, provided the lower rate did not multiply the number of letters, which, however, was the experience of the States. Canada should at least raise the limit of weight to an ounce as there is more annoyance over the uncertainity whether your letter is overweight than there is over the cost of the stamp. The American limit is an ounce. The P.O. revenue is about $2,500,000 a year.

LORD STANLEY'S CARRIAGE.

The Governor General has brought a carriage with him which is a great curiosity to the natives. The bottom of the carriage rests on leather straps which are suspended from four high springs attached to the axles. The seat for the coachman in front is up about five feet, but the seat for the footman away up behind is even higher in the air. The trappings of the carriage are gorgeous. The massive wheels have silver plated caps for the hubs and the boxes are emblazoned with the coat of arms of the ancient house of Stanley's.

THE OLDEST SERVANT.

The oldest civil servant in the Dominion is Mr W.H. Griffin, the deputy Postmaster General, who has served Canada for 57 years, and is 76 years of age. He began in 1831 as a clerk and was steadily promoted. His successor will probably be Lieut-Col. White, the present Secretary of the Post Office Department, who is thoroughly up to the work. Mr W. D. Le Saueur, the the young literateur who is now Supt of the Savings Bank Branch, will likely take Col White's position.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

Prince Roland Napoleon Bonaparte, whose grandfather was a brother of the great Napoleon, was here a few days ago and was entertained by Hon Messrs Chapleau and Caron.

THE RAILWAY PROGRESS.

The Government statistics of the railways of Canada have been prepared up to 31 Dec., 1887. Thirteen new lines are in existence and several of the older lines have added to the mileage under traffic. Iron rails are fast being replaced by steel. The increase in traffic over 1886 is represented by $5,000,000. Of track laid there are 12,332 miles, of which 11,691 are in operation. The earnings were $38,842,010, working expenses, $27,624,683 so that the net earnings were over eleven millions. Out of 10,698,638 passengers carried only 10 were killed and 49 injured. Up to date the Federal Government have aided railways to the extent of $129,000,000. The Ontario government have given $6,000,000 and Quebec over $7,000,000, New Brunswick $4,000,000, Nova Scotia $1,653,000, Manitoba $1,895,000. The municipalities gave over $12,000,000. Counting other sources the capital given by the people of Canada to railways amounts to the enormous sum of $63,000,000 or $55,447 for every mile. This record will compare with any other in existence.

MANITOBA'S SON.

On the 1st July, the twenty-first anniver-

An Extraordinary Offer to Wanting Employment.

We want live, energetic, agents in every county in the United States and Canada to sell a patent article of great merit, ON ITS MERITS. An article having a large sale paying over 100 per cent. profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected in the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure for us. With all these advantages to our agents, and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every houseowner, it might not be necessary to make "AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $300 a month clear, and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. No such employer of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double this amount. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and these we wish to send to everyone out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure the agency in time for the boom, and go to work on the terms named in our extraordinary offer.

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TESTIMONIALS.

The best work of the kind I have ever seen.—ROBT. GREENSHIELDS, accountant, Ottawa.

It can scarcely fail to obtain a wide circulation wherever introduced.—A. SMIRLE, school inspector, Ottawa,

"No work has appeared in Canada to compare with it. I do not know of any book where so much that is really useful has been so judiciously selected and so clearly and so concisely expressed."—R. R. COCHRANE, B. A.

Quite Correct.

I have used Dr Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and found it the best remedy I have ever used for Dyspepsia and all summer complaints among children, and I think no household should be without it." Mrs A. Baker Ingoldsby, Ont.

After Long Years.

"I was troubled with Liver Complaint for a number of years; finding no cure I tried B.B.B. I took four bottles and am now perfectly cured, strong and hearty." Mrs Maria Askett, Alma, Ont.

A Severe Trial.

Frances S. Smith, of Emsdale, Muskoka, Ont, writes:—"I was troubled with vomiting for two years and I have vomited as often as five times a day." One bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me.

The Cha

certificates are made more stringent and the decision of police magistrates in the case of the latter can be appealed against The magistrates hitherto have had no power to issue search warrants for liquor until it was actually brought out in evidence that liquor was secreted in the premises and then if 500 gallons were found only 20 could be destroyed or confiscated. Now any one suspecting that liquor is on certain premises can so state before a police magistrate, who will issue a warrant, and upon any liquor, no matter what quantity, being found, it, and the articles in which it is stored, can be confiscated, providing of course that it is clearly shown that the liquor was for illegal purposes.

PERSONALS.

—The Misses Tilley are at Davy's Island.

—Miss Lily White, of Kingston, was visiting her parents on Saturday and Sunday.

—Miss Sarah J. Duncan (Garth Grafton) has been visiting at the home of Mr S. C. Warner, Bridge st.

—Mr J B Gordon, of Kingsford, made a call upon us Monday and of course subscribed for Napanee's popular Dem paper.

—Mrs C H McMullen went to Mrs Christie's summer resort—Davy's Island—on Wednesday where she will remain a season.

—Mr Jno R Tilley, who has been ill at the home of Mrs Tilley, Robt st, is spending the week at the popular summer resort—Davy's Island.

—We were pleased to receive a call from Rev D S Houck on Monday last. He is on the Newburgh circuit for another term and no doubt will prove as popular as ever.

—We regret to learn that Mrs Capt Collier has been lying dangerously ill for some time. At latest accounts she was improving and hopes are now entertained that she may recover.

—Messrs P Slaven, J P Hanley and D J Hogan went to Kingston on Wednesday as delegates from this section to the reception tendered Bishop Cleary on his return from Rome. Father McDonough was also in attendance

—The following parties spent Sunday at Davy's Island: T E Anderson; P Barton and wife; W Light and A H Allison, of Napanee, Miss Pile, of Deseronto. Mr H M Deroche and family were also at the Island Sunday and remained over Monday.

—Our townsmen, the Messrs Jones, deserve the highest commendation for their work at Trinity University Mr H H was in the second year examinations and came out away ahead of all comers. He passed with honors in classics and mental and moral philosophy, standing first in each case His name appears first in the list of passmen in divinity, latin and mental and moral philosophy Mr Jones obtained the Wellington scholarship for mental and moral philosophy His brother, Mr A C M, passed the first examination for B A, securing the governor-general's medal for 1st class honors in physical and natural science.

—Work they say has its reward. Such has proven the case with Capt A. F. Holmes, of this place. Our doughty friend has done more for the tories of Lennox than any other; his work has not been confined to this section either for he has assisted outside. That he would some day be rewarded was expected; therefore Wednesday morning when word reached Napanee that he had received a government appointment the townspeople were not greatly surprised. That he should receive one so agreeable to himself and for which he is so well qualified was cause for rejoicing. The captain has been appointed inspector of fisheries for northern waters. He will have command of the steam yacht Cruiser, which the government lately purchased from Allan Gilmour. The boat is a fine one, fitted up, it is said, at a cost of $20,000. It will ply chiefly on the Georgian bay. Friend Holmes is a Tory out and out; still there is no reason why we should not congratulate him, which we most cheerfully do. He possesses just the qualities to fill such a position.

existence.

MANITOBA'S SON.

On the 1st July, the twenty-first anniversary of Confederation, Senator Schultz will take office as Lieut-Governor of Manitoba in whose affairs he has all his lifetime been deeply interested. He was born in 1840, at Amherstburg, in the county of Essex, and graduated in medicine at the Kingston college in 1871. He has been in Parliament since 1871, when Manitoba was made a Province, and is married to a lady who was his devoted nurse all through his recent illness, an illness so severe as to leave him only the wreck of what he once was physically. Dr Schultz was once a very handsome man and is still of impressive presence. He endured many dangers and hardships during the first Northwest rebellion, when he was leader of the Canadian forces. During the last two sessions he has been the means of bringing to the knowledge of Parliament the resources of the McKenzie district.

THE CABINET.

The report that Mr Weldon, M. P. for Albert, N.B, is to be taken into the cabinet in place of Mr Costigan, is credited here as a very likely event. The change would give the Premier an able colleague in place of an incapable one. Mr Weldon is inexperienced but he is a promising member of the House. The purchase of a house by Mr Dewdney in Ottawa, confirms the report that he will become Minister of the interior Mr McLelan will leave the Postmaster-Generalship for the gubernatorial residence of Nova Scotia early in July. Hon C. H. Tupper will reach here this week to assume his new office as Minister of Marine. The Premier arrived in Toronto this morning where he went to reconcile his followers to Mr Dewdney's appointment. According to Judge McGuire, of the Northwest, Mr Dewdney is an eminently proper representative. He will, it is believed, seek a constituency in British Columbia.

ANOTHER LIEUT-GOVERNOR.

Hon Joseph Royal, a French Canadian lawyer, will be sworn in as Lieut-Governor of the Northwest Territories, on Dominion Day. He was associated with Hon J. A. Chapleau, in the defence of Lepine and Naud charged with the death of Thomas Scott. He wrote for the press until 1871 when he went to Manitoba and was styled the leader of the French of that Province. He was a member of the first Ministry in Manitoba. He was returned for Provencher in 1879 to the House of Commons and now vacates the seat by accepting an office under the Crown. He is Vice Chancellor of the University of Manitoba, and made his way mainly by the influence of Archbishop Tache, whose protege he was. He is 51 years old.

CAPITAL CHAT.

There are now five seats vacant in the Commons:—Cardwell, Nicolet, Provencher, Cumberland and Colchester. They all returned Conservatives at the general election.

Mr Hayter Reed has been appointed Indian Commissioner in place of Mr Dewdney.

General Middleton will inspect the Royal Military college at Kingston before it closes on the 29th. Sir John Macdonald has promised to present the prizes if possible.

DIED

ROE—At Wingham, Ont. on the 27th inst. Alex H Roe, third son of the late A H Roe, M P P, aged 18 years and 9 months.

SHARP—At the residence of his daughter, Dundas st, Robt Sharp, father of Mrs W A Baker, in his 87th year.

The Char

P. SLA

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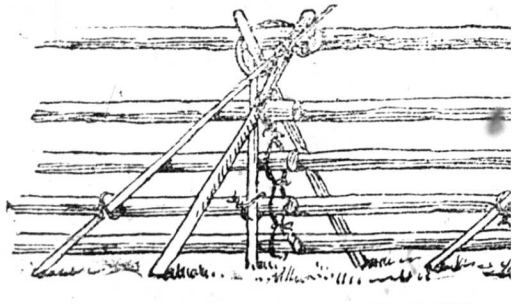
are selling off th

DRY GOODS, CA

damaged by smoke
next door, at clearin
We have cut off t
Dress Goods, Tweed
laid them out on t
half the regular pr
fore buying a new st
Come soon if you
not last long at the

JUST OPENED.—A la
Plain Black Lawns, Chambrays, Gi
Summer Goods that we offer at clo



RUSSELL'S

IT RECOMMENDS ITSELF BY

WHY

It only requires one-half the timber; tak
easier than your buildings. Stock cannot rub
than the old-fashioned rail fence It is far ahe
It is far cheaper than wire fence, with none of
in use than all other fences. Any ordinary ol
to each length and one pound of wire, to make
pound. The expense of building and repairing
rail fence to make two good Russell fences, whi
all other fences introduced to the notice of fa
stockmen. It is rapidly coming into general us

Farm Rights for Russell's Improved Fence
build your fence for 15 cents per rod. For farm

Orders left at MORRIS' RESTAURANT,

Get the Best.

Dr Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is the best, most prompt and safest cure for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Sick Stomach, Cramps, Colic, Diarrhœa and Cholera Infantum, that has yet been discovered. Its popularity increases each year. All medicine dealers sell it.

NO CURE NO PAY!

A Fair and Square Offer to Invalids to try The New Method Treatment

By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been so uniform, that we will now guarantee to treat bad or reputed incurable cases, for a stipulated price until cured, and in case of failure to refund all the money paid us under such written guarantee. It will cost you nothing to invest gold tints or, as consultation at the office or by letter free. Take no chance—pay no money to adventurer, unless we has confidence enough in skill to guarantee a cure. No matter what name or nature of your disease may be, call or write to us, giving age, sex, complexion and symptoms. Send stamps for reply, post on the NEW METHOD CURE books.

Part I, contains 228 pages, over 200 illustrations, symptoms of diseases and reports of over 10,000 cures; Prescriptions for the cure of acute diseases by Allopathic, Homœopathic and Eclectic remedies; Hygienic instructions for every lady, gentlemen and family. Will be mailed on receipt of 20 two-cent stamps, or 40 cents in silver.

Part II, private information for men and boys, young or old, mailed sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps, or 10 cents in silver.

Part III, information and instructions for ladies, married or single, 14 colored illustrations, symptoms, advice and reports of cures; mailed to ladies only, sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps or 10 cents in silver. The three books will be mailed for 25 two-cent stamps, or 50 cents in silver, or will be given free at

The Offices of The Drs. K & K Surgeons, either at 159 Griswold St., Detroit, Mich. or at 153 Elm St., Cincinnati, O. All letters must be addressed to Dr. J. C. Kennedy, Hall's Block, Detroit, Mich.

We have cured invalids in all parts of the world

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. B. Aylesworth M. W. VanLuven, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills, Miles Shorey, Allen Pringle and A. C. Parks.

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Vice-President—B. C. Lloyd, Esq
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General Agent—J. N. McKim.
Auditors—Ira B. Hudgins and E. L. Percy

The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

FOR SALE.

The following valuable property will be offered at Public Auction on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1888,

At the hour of one o'clock p.m., at the Campbell House, by Thos. Flynn, Auctioneer.

72 acres of land, composed of the southerly part of the west half of lot No. 17 in the 6th concession of North Fredericksburgh, adjoining the town of Napanee, known as the property of Thos. Briggs.

The property is delightfully situated and within ten minutes walk of the post office in the central part of the town of Napanee.

The land is of excellent quality and well adapted for market gardening and agricultural purposes, and suitable for being laid out in building and park lots.

This is a favorable opportunity for a safe and profitable investment, lying as it does so close and convenient to the Napanee market and business part of the town. Possession given on completion of sale.

Terms easy—Made known at the time of sale.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to

THOS. BRIGGS, Kingston,
or THOS. FLYNN, Auctioneer, Napanee.

June 25th, 1888.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT.

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited T G. DAVIS
2288ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent

F. X. BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

188mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH

E. M. McKim, Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
2587ly Tamworth

THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS
IN CANADA.

OVER 100 STYLES OF

HAY SCALES,
GRAIN SCALES,
FARM SCALES,
TEA SCALES,
IMPROVED SHOW CASES
MONEY DRAWERS
Meat Choppers

AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES

ADDRESS IN FULL, Write for terms.

C. WILSON & SON,
ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO, ONT.

Mention this paper every time you write.

INVENTION

has revolutionized the world the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required; capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine. 588ly

25 Cts
On the Dollar.

We have just bought still another lot of Hats at about 25 cents on the dollar, and offer your choice of a big lot of new and fashionable shapes at from 25 to 50 cents each This is the last lot of Straw Hats we will buy this season, and at such extraordinary low prices we expect to clear them out with a rush.

Remember, we do not show an old shape. Every 25 cent hat guaranteed this season's goods.

Lace Parasol.

Now is the time to secure a Lace Parasol at a big discount. We have marked every Lace Parasol in the house down to prime cost, and in many cases below cost to clear them out quickly. Don't miss seeing the bargains we are offering in these goods

Dress Goods.

We are making some startling reductions in Dress Goods to clear out balance of summer stock. We have laid out a table of Dress Goods, which we have ticketed at 12½ and 15 cents per yard, which are dirt cheap. We have a lot of ends of dress goods from 2 yards to dress lengths, which we are offering at startling prices.

Gloves and Hosiery.

...ance of the Year

lance of the Year

AVEN & CO'Y,

NAPANEE,

ıg off their whole stock of $25,000 worth of

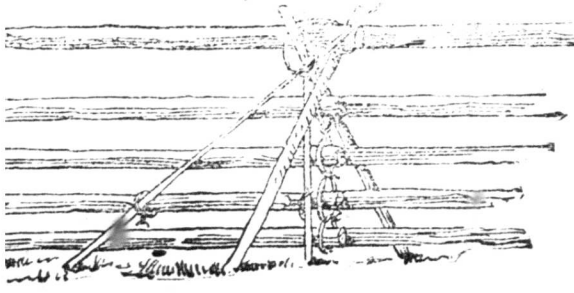
CARPETS, MILLINERY, ETC.,

moke and water from the recent fire,
learing prices.
t off the smoked ends of all our Silks,
'weeds, Prints and all damaged goods,
on tables and marked them at one-
ar prices so as to clear them out be-
new stock.
f you want bargains. Our stock will
t the prices we are offering it.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

D.—A large assortment of White Victoria Lawns, India Linens, brays, Girls' Black Lisle and Cotton Hose, Chambrays, and other ffer at close prices.

P. SLAVEN & CO



FARMERS, ATTENTION!

INVESTIGATE THE MERITS

—OF—

L'S IMPROVED FENCE

(PATENTED 1883)

ELF BY ITS SIMPLICITY, CHEAPNESS AND DURABILITY

HY IT IS THE BEST

timber; takes up but half the room of the common rail fence; will not blow down any cannot rub or throw it down. No stakes or posts in the ground to decay. It is better It is far ahead of board fence; it is stronger and can be built for less than half the cost. with none of its dangers, as wire fencing has ruined more stock in the short time it has been y ordinary old rail fence contains enough material, with the addition of a couple of stakes ire, to make a good substantial fence. The wire for this fence costs about three cents per and repairing fences exceed all other taxes combined. There is enough material in an eight ll fences, which will be more durable and better looking. Russell's Improved Fence excels e notice of farmers, and is endorsed and strongly recommended by the best farmers and to general use in the United States and Canada wherever introduced.

proved Fence, 5 cents per acre. You furnish the material and we will find the wire and od. For farm and township rights in Lennox and Addington counties apply to

F. H. NEIL, Lucan, Ont.

TAURANT, Napanee, will be promptly attended to 2688m

Gloves and Hosiery.

3 pairs Ladies' Black, Brown, Navy or Heather Hose for 25 cents.

2 pairs Ladies' Black or Oxford Mixed Hose (extra heavy) for 25 cents.

2 pairs Mens' extra heavy Seamless Socks for 25 cents.

10 dozen pairs of a special extra good hose in Ladies' Heavy Seal and Marone at 18 cents per pair, or 3 pairs for 50 cents; worth 25 cents per pair.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose (extra value) at 10, 12, 15, 20 and 25 cents per pair.

Our 25 cent Black Cotton Hose is a daisy. Warranted fast dye.

In Gloves we can beat the world for values.

Ladies' Black and Colored Lisle Gloves at 15 cents, worth 25

Ladies' Black Taffeta Gloves at 20 cents, worth 40

Ladies' Black Pure Silk Gloves at 25 cents, worth 45

We have a few dozen pair of a job lot on Ladies' Black and Colored Pure Silk Gloves at 35, 45 and 50 cents per prir, which are worth double the price asked

Remember, we have these cheap Hats, cheap Parasols, cheap Gloves, cheap Hosiery and cheap Dress Goods NOW If you come at once you can get some of these bargains If you come in two or three weeks they will be all gone If you want bargains in Dry Goods come and see us, and come at once

HOOPER & DOXSEE

1888q

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

GOING WEST		GOING EAST	
Express.....	3.08 A.M.	Express..	1.23 Midnigh
"	6.13 "	Express..	11.50 Noon
Express.....	5.06 P.M.	" ..	1.23 P.M.
Mixed.....	9.45 "	Mixed....	8.30 A.M.
Mixed	9.21 A M	Mixed....	9-45 P. M.

EXCURSION!

-TO-

SAN FRANCISCO

And return, good for 90 days. Tickets good to go between

June 13 and July 11, Inclusive

FARE $90.50

Passengers can return via British Columbia by paying a small additional charge

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N WTel Co, Napanee

88ly

Wilton.

Miss Thompson is visiting friends in Kingston.

Misses Carrie and Flo Meyers have gone to Belleville to attend the closing exercises of Alexandria college.

On Saturday a base ball match was played between the Floridas and Wiltons. The former were victorious. Score 28 to 26.

Mrs. Herbert Lapum has resigned her position as organist in the Methodist church. A meeting will be held Friday night to appoint a new one.

Desmond.

Mr. W. J. Switzer's wife presented him with a young son on the 22nd.

The Rev. E. B. Lewis preached his farewell sermon on Sunday last.

A heavy rain passed over this place on Saturday night, improving the appearance of the crops.

Mrs. J. C. Switzer is now lying at the point of death. The doctors have given up all hopes of her recovery.

The people of this place should greet the Rev. Mr. Dunksley by a large attendance on Sabbath next, it being his first sermon.

Camden East.

The young people of the Methodist church here will give an ice-cream and strawberry festival next Wednesday evening, July 4th, on the beautiful lawn at the residence of Mr. Hugh Saul. The grounds will be brilliantly illuminated. Good music and short addresses by Rev. J. J. Leach and others. Admission to grounds only 10 cents, (programme alone worth twice the money); refreshments, (strawberries, ice-cream, lemonade, etc.,) extra and very cheap. All are cordia ly invited. God save the Queen.

Yarker.

Mrs Capt Montgomery arrived home last week.

Mr A W. Benjamin left for the west last week.

Peter Lee and family have removed to Alexandria Bay.

Mrs John Juniac has gone on a trip to Toronto and Oswego, N.Y.

Benjamin, West & Co. are introducing new machinery into their wheel factory

PRESENTATIONS

To Rev. W. H. Emsley Before Leaving Napanee.

Monday evening, June 18th, Rev. Mr. Emsley met his class in the Eastern Methodist church, the service throughout being more interesting and impressive than usual through his connection with them being about at an end. At perhaps a later hour than at other times the service closed, Mr. Emsley retiring to the parsonage, little suspecting that later on he was to again meet the friends. Just as Mr. Emsley's family were thinking of retiring for the night the door-bell rang, and at once the class entered. Order being restored, the following address was read, and a handsome easy chair presented to the retiring clergyman:

TO REV. W. H. EMSLEY,

Dear Pastor and Leader,—The members of your Monday night class assure you that they realize with difficulty that your relation to them, which has existed so harmoniously, has been severed by the operation of church laws and the action of church authorities. But though you have been removed to another field of labor, within the bounds of another conference, imaginary lines cannot interfere with the liberty of esteem, the freedom of love or the influence of remembered joys. Whilst we have with others enjoyed the benefits of the word preached, it has been our special privilege to be associated with you in class relationship, for which we devoutly thank God. Under the influence of your anxiety in our behalf we have been aided to a fuller realization of God, as our loving Father, and of His Son Jesus Christ, as our loving personal Saviour, to whom we may at all times come with the utmost trust and confidence. We gratefully acknowledge that we have been so strengthened by your constant presentation of the love and goodness of God as to become partakers of your conviction that he not only provides for each the best of the life which now is, but that He will also in the life which is to come furnish the means whereby we may rise to the full perfection of our divinely bestowed powers.

As a pledge that we will walk in the way of the Lord until called to sit down with the King in His glory, as well as a visible token of our gratitude, we present for your kind acceptance this easy chair, indulging the hope that, as in physical weariness you betake yourself to its comfort and find rest, your spirit may in the hour of exhaustion or perplexity rest on the sure word of prophesy and find consolation and refreshment there. We hope and pray that the God of all grace may continue to use your eminent abilities for the advancement of His Kingdom and that he will abundantly bless you and Mrs. Emsley in your new field of labor, and long preserve your lives and conserve your happiness.

Signed on behalf of the Monday night class Napanee (East) Methodist church.

J. R. DAFOE,
F. W. VANDUSEN.
(and others)

Napanee, June 18, 1883.

Never was man more surprised than Mr. Emsley. With tears in his eyes he replied as only he can. At first it was with difficulty that the rev. gentleman could speak at all, so visibly affected were the donors as well as the honored. In a little he, however, collected himself and replied very affectionately, thanking the friends for the present, and expressing sorrow at the parting about to take place Not only as pastor had his sojourn in Napanee been pleasant but as a class-leader he had received an inspiration from them to better fight the battles of life and live for the Master. In his counsels he had always striven to give them words that would make them better men and women and had enforced his teaching with prayers. He closed by again thanking them and trusting that the class would look steadfastly at Him in whom was all fullness.

The chair is an exceedingly fine one—walnut, finished in silk plush. The main covering is of mauve color, while across the front of the chair is a band of beautiful blue plush; the head rest is also blue.

Thursday morning, a little before Mr Emsley left for Brockville, he was again most agreeably surprised by being furnishing them with copies of THE EXPRESS. They were welcome "visitors" at the camp; like letters from home.

The boys received letters from home saying that the Napanee people heard that some of No 6 company had received sunstrokes. There is no truth in the report. There has been no sickness in our company whatever and only four men in the whole 47th battalion.

On Monday the 47th went to the butts and did some good shooting. Following is the score made by No 6 company:

Yards.....	100	200	300	400	Total
Sergt Thompson.....	10	14	13	4	31
Sergt Sills.....	15	10	14	13	52
Corp. Robinson.....	3	3	0	0	6
Corp. Ash.....	14	8	12	5	39
Pte Loucks.....	10	10	2	2	24
Pte Pringle.....	5	0	5	0	10
Pte Lloyd.....	8	4	4	3	23
Pte Perry.....	7	0	6	0	13
Pte Fralick.....	2	0	4	4	10
Pte Briggs.....	12	5	4	0	21
Pte Withers.....	6	0	13	3	21
Corp Wilson.....	3	0	3	0	6
Pte Pringle.....	10	4	12	8	34
Pte Boyd.....	6	4	8	4	22
Pte Cronk.....	12	3	14	12	41
Pte Lloyd.....	2	2	3		7
Pte Wood.....	9	6	0	0	15
Pte Sexsmith.....	12	6	10	6	34
Pte Wamsley.....	13	7	2		24
J T Robinson.....	12	9	11		40

St. John's Day at Tamworth.

The brethren of Lorne Lodge, No. 404, A. F. & A. M., celebrated St. John the Baptist's day by meeting in their lodge room at 10.30 o'clock a.m. on the 24th inst., from thence marching in public procession to the Methodist church, Bridge street. After listening to a most excellent and instructive sermon, delivered by W. Bro. the Rev. F. B. Stratton, they returned to their lodge room and from thence to their homes.

On Monday evening the installation of officers took place, W. Bro. J. M. Smith installing officer. The following are the officers for the ensuing year: W. Bro. J. M. Smith, I.P.M; V. W. Bro. G. M. Richardson, W.M.; J. H. McLaughlin, S.W.; J. E. Perry, J.W.; J. F. Fuller, Treas.; J. Aylsworth, Sec.; W. Bro. F. B. Stratton, Chap.; J. F. Sherman, S.D.; T. F. Hodge, J. D; P. B. Smith, I.G.; C. S. Wheeler Tyler; H. E. Thornton and G. Harkness, Stewards; George Stinson, D.C. Visitors were present from Union (Napanee), Prince of Wales (Newburgh), and Victoria (Centreville), Lodges. W. Bro. J. M. Smith was presented by the lodge with a very fine past master's jewel. After close of the lodge the brethren were served to a sumptuous dinner by mine host Bro. L. A. Wheeler.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth if so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

30ss1y

ROYAL

Mrs John Juniac has gone on a trip to Toronto and Oswego, N.Y.

Benjamin, West & Co. are introducing new machinery into their wheel factory here.

Work has commenced on the new roller mill here, and will be prosecuted with vigor.

Rev Smith, Presbyterian minister, of Centreville, ably filled the pulpit in C. M. church here on Sunday night.

The base ball match on Saturday, between Enterprise and Yarker, resulted in victory for the Yarker boys—14 to 10

The crops in this vicinity are looking fairly well. A big change will be noted in a few days owing to the fine rain on Saturday night.

Gull Creek.

Mr John A. Lott is laid up at present, supposed to be by a slight sun-stroke while working out in the field.

Things were appearing to suffer for the want of rain, but the rain came on Sunday afternoon and revived the sufferers much.

The water is drying up very fast. Cross Lake reservoir has been exhausted it is said, but the dam is still kept up on the Clare River.

Mr Loyst's mare came in contact with an old wire fence recently and greatly injured herself. Wire fences are dangerous where animals are running at large.

The berry season has commenced. Strawberries are the go at present, many creeping over the ground after the little dainties. Some say that they are not very plentiful; and their season will soon be over.

Huckleberries will be here soon. Many were predicting last week that these would be a failure on account of the intense heat. Probably the recent rain may have helped them.

Centreville.

Miss Shorey, of Maitland, spent a few days at Mr. M. C. Shorey's.

Mr. Peter Hinch has, so we are informed, bought out the business of Mr. Loucks.

Mr. James Tuttle, of Bridgewater, has been visiting friends in this vicinity lately.

Miss Dunbar, teacher of Reid's school, was the guest of Wesley Wagar Saturday and Sunday.

Some Centreville people attended the lawn social at J. D. Wagar's, Enterprise, on Wednesday, 27th.

M. C. Shorey was through part of Prince Edward county last week visiting friends. He reports it very dry in that section.

Mr. and Miss Cathey and Mr. Kent attended the "send off" given the Rev. Jas. Curts at Newburgh, on Wednesday evening of last week.

A meeting of the directors of Camden Agricultural Society met at Kennedy's hotel, on Saturday, 23rd. It was decided to hold the annual show on Saturday, October 13th.

The ladies of Centreville propose holding an entertainment on the evening of Saturday, October 13th. Proceeds for church purposes in connection with the Methodist church.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 149 Block Rochester N.Y.

Thursday morning, a little before Mr Emsley left for Brockville, he was again most agreeably surprised, by being presented with a complete set of Encyclopedia Brittanica, bound in sheep. The presentation was made by a number of the reverend gentleman's friends in and outside the church. The usual address was in this instance omitted, the presentation made in a quiet manner.

FROM THE CAMP.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Gananoque girls have caught the "scarlet" fever.

Excursions arrive here every day, and the parade grounds are crowded with strangers.

The boys have taken a number of trips down among the Islands, Boats are running all the time.

We have had a great deal of rain, supposed to be caused by the firing of the cannon and rifles.

Major General Middleton and the Minister of Militia after reviewing the troops left Wednesday morning.

The Kingston News says: "Lieut Smith is to be complimented on having the neatest company in camp."

Mr Geo Napier took a canoe down with him, and enjoyed many a pleasant hour on the St. Lawrence.

The soldiers appreciate the efforts of the Y. M. C. A. All sorts of amusements are furnished by them free of charge.

Baseball is the general sport of the evening and it is not an unusual sight to see twenty different nines playing at once.

The 47th batt band played for a garden party on Wednesday night. They are without doubt the best on the ground.

The battalion was inspected by Col Van Straubenzie on Wednesday. He was well pleased with the appearance of the men.

At the Battalion drill on Monday afternoon the colonel complimented No 6 company upon their fine appearance and drill.

Messrs W. S Henry and H. Jamieson visited the camp on Monday and enjoyed the hospitality of "the boys" in the evening.

The Napanee band played for the excursion to General Middleton and Sir Adolphe Caron, Minister of Militia, on Monday evening.

A few days ago a soldier from Amherst Island was injured by falling on a tent pin. He was sent to the Kingston General Hospital.

Among the list of infantry officers who did not report was Capt Lennox, of the 49th Batt, who I understand is a resident of your town.

It is the intention of the boys to maintain No 6 company and to always deserve the praise which they have received at the Gananoque camp.

No 6 have formed a mess of their own and live about as well as the officers of the 47 th batt. The Gananoque girls have been very kind to the boys.

Lieut Sharp drilled No. 6 until Capt Helliwell came. The boys think Lieut. Sharp a perfect officer and a courteous gentleman. The boys owe much to him.

A free excursion for the boys is announced for Thursday evening. It is tendered by the staff of the 47th. It will be to Brockville and return up the American channel per str Geneva.

The Napaneeans were pleased to see the following from home, who came down with the excursion on Monday last: Mrs F. W. Smith, Mr and Mrs Jno Stevenson, H Jamieson, W. S. Henry, Jas Miller, and Jas Wilson.

The members of No 6 company and the band boys appreciate your kindness in

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall-st 4087ly.

WHAT

WARNER'S Safe Cure CURES

BACK ACHE,
BLADDER TROUBLES,
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
HEAD ACHE,
NERVOUSNESS,
INDIGESTION,

There is NO DOUBT of this great remedy's potency. It is NO NEW DISCOVERY, UNKNOWN and mayhap WORTHLESS, but is familiar to the public for years as the only reliable remedy for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Stomach. TO BE WELL, YOUR BLOOD MUST BE PURE, and it never can be pure if the Kidneys, (the only blood purifying organs) are diseased.

DIZZINESS,
AGUE,
DYSPEPSIA,
FEMALE TROUBLES,
BAD EYES,
IMPOTENCY,
DROPSY,

CURED WITH WARNER'S SAFE CURE.

Ask your friends and neighbors what WARNER'S SAFE CURE has done for them. Its RECORD IS BEYOND the RANGE of DOUBT. It has CURED MILLIONS and we have millions of testimonials to prove our assertion. WARNER'S SAFE CURE will CURE YOU if you will give it A CHANCE.

LAHEY & McKENTY

LAST WEEK IN OUR PRESENT STAND.

ON TUESDAY, JULY 3rd, 1888

We open our elegant new stand in the Rennie block, the old corner stand. For balance of this week we offer

Clearing Prices on all White Goods

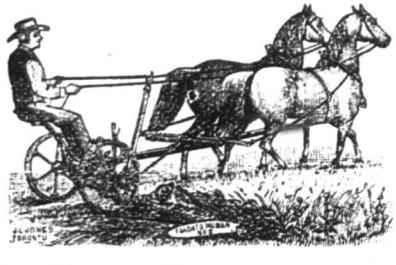
Swiss Embroidered Skirtings, Lawns, Spot Muslins Skirting Laces, All-overs, Swiss and Hamburg Edgings and Insertions, &c.

Bargains all over the Store.

See us on SATURDAY

LAHEY & McKENTY.

Harshaw Block. 2288ly



The Massey Manufacturing Co.

OF TORONTO,

are manufacturing 15000 Harvesting Machines for the season of 1888. They are the oldest and largest manufacturers of Harvesting Machines in Canada, this being their 41st year, and their agents,

Birrell & Co

can supply intending purchasers with the best harvesting machines sold to-day, viz.:

THE MASSEY MOWER,
THE TORONTO MOWER,
THE MASSEY HARVESTER,
SHARP'S RAKE, and
TORONTO LIGHT BINDER.

SHINGLES.

Parties about to reshingle their outbuildings and in want of a cheap grade of shingles, would do well to give us a call. We have extra good values to offer.

THE RATHBUN CO.,
2788atf Napanee Agency.

MEN!

Our Specific No. 23 permanently restores EXHAUSTED VITALITY, LOST MANHOOD and GENERAL DEBILITY when other treatment fails. Send 6 cents in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS for home cure. TORONTO MEDICINE Co. 343 Spadina Ave. Toronto, Ont.
2888ly

NOTICE.

Having leased the Bill Mill for a term of years and it having been repaired and now in the best of running order, I am now prepared to do all kinds of

GRISTING

at shortest notice. All grists weighed in and out

Flour and Feed Constantly on Hand.

NOTICE

To Fence Builders.

All parties purchasing Shedd's Patent Fence are hereby notified that the owner of the patent therefor is still selling patents in the County of Lennox and Addington, and is prepared to defend his right to do so in the courts if necessary.

ASSELSTINE & MARTIN.
May 26, 1888. 2788d

LARGEST IN CANADA.

Fonthill Nurseries.

We want reliable energetic men to sell our nursery stock; previous experience not necessary; any man with tact and energy can succeed; terms liberal either salary or commission; outfit free.

Our agents have many advantages, such as selling home grown hardy Canadian stock. This season we have a number of choice specialties which are of value and which can only be secured from us, such as a complete list of New Russian Apples, the Ritson Pear, Saunders Plum Hilborn Raspberry, Moore's Ruby and Black Champion Currants Moore's Diamond Grape, etc.

We have given particular attention to the propagation of hardy varieties suitable to the northern sections of Canada. For terms apply to

STONE & WELLINGTON,
2788m Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE.

WOOL WANTED.

Wm. Breese has bought out the interest of

THE MASSEY MOWER,
THE TORONTO MOWER,
THE MASSEY HARVESTER,
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TORONTO LIGHT BINDER.

Birrell & Co. also handle every implement required on a farm Wilkison Plows, Hay Cars, Tedders, etc.

Mill and Factory men supplied with machinery from the Waterous Engine Works, Brantford, on short notice.

Threshing Machines and Engines of the best make and latest designs. Farm and School House Bells. The Dowell Washer has been sold satisfactorily in Napanee for six years. Sold on its merits. Also, several style of Wringers. Call and inspect our stock.

BIRRELL & CO.

Sale rooms opposite Brisco House. 2288mtf

UNDERTAKING AT MOSCOW

MILES STORMS,

has had over forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equ to any in the Dominon.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and al sold at reasonable prices.

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant oder or any change of color.

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend a unerals. MILES STORMS

2238ly.

TROTTING STALLIONS.

The undersigned would announce that his standard bred trotting stallions,

Passion and Dexter.

will stand for mares the season of 1888, at his stable, Dundas st., Napanee, opposite the Campbell House.

These stallions are fine high bred horses and parties wanting to improve their stock cannot do better than patronize them. Persons contemplating using them, will please arrange for use early as I intend putting them in training after season.

Terms will be made known on application to

T. A. MARTIN,

2288h Napanee

$100.000 TO LOAN

—AT—

6 Per Cent Straight Loans,

Re-payable at any time the borrower chooses.

No Commissions and no fines charged

W. S. WILLIAMS.

Flour and Feed Constantly on Hand.

The highest cash price paid for all kinds of grain. Your patronage solicited.

87m JOHN R DAFOE

The Manufacturers Life Insurance COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE, - 38 KING STREET EAST
TORONTO, ONT.

Incorporated by special Act of the Dominion Parliament.

Authorized capital and other assets over 200,000.

Full Deposit with the Dominion Government

—o—

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Sir Alex. Campbell, K.C.M.G., Lieut.-Governor of Ontario. George Gooderham, Esq., President of the Bank of Toronto; Wm. Bell, Esq, Manufacturer, Guelph.

AUDITORS:
H. J. Hill, Secretary of the Industrial Exhibition Association, Toronto. Edgar A. Wills, Chartered Accountant, Secretary Board of Trade, Toronto.

CONSULTING ACTUARIES:
Prof. Standen, of New York. Prof. Tabor, of Chicago.

MEDICAL DIRECTORS:
J. J. Strathy, M.D., M.R.C.S., London, Eng
A. F. W. Ross, M.B., L.R.C.P., London, Eng.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. McCarthy, Osler, Hoskin & Creelman.

J. B. CARLILE, Managing Director
GRANT & LEONARD, Medical Examner
2588m, **E. HOOPER**, Agent, Napanee.

Seed Obituary.

—o—

At this, the end of a very prosperous seed season (in which we have sold seeds at much below the ordinary rates we take the opportunity of thanking an appreciative public for their generous patronage and confidently promise even lower prices for 1889

ADVICE GRATIS.

Plant Manitoba Potatoes and secure improved crops (On hand at $1 25 per bag.)

Eat Germ Wheat Meal and cheat dyspepsia out of a victim (We sell it at 5c per lb)

Use Germ Wheat Flour mixed with higher grades for bread, and straight for pancakes Mixed with bran for feeding cattle, pigs, horses, etc It will cost you $1 50 per cwt

Eggs, Butter and all kinds of farm produce taken in exchange for goods, or highest price in cash paid.

All outstanding accounts (over one month old) must be paid or arranged at once to save credit and costs

THOS. SYMINGTON,

Produce Dealer Dundas st, Napanee

Also agent for the L & L Fire Insurance Co. 2288ly

NOTICE.

WOOL WANTED.

Wm. Breeze has bought out the interest of W. and J. Breeze in the

WOOLEN AND SAW MILL AT FOREST MILLS

I have no interest in any other mill. I am running the Woolen Factory at Forest Mills personally and am now ready to spin, card and manufactur wool in tweeds, flannels and fulleloths

am also Buying Wool and will Pay the Highest Price in Trade or Cash.

I have on hand a stock of fine and coarse tweeds; also fine and course flannels to exchange. Roll carding 4 cents per pound; spinning 10 cents per pound.

WILLIAM BREEZE

Forest Mills, May 8th, 1888 2588z

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of NELSON WELLS of the township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer.

The said insolvent, having made an assignment to me under the Act 48 Vic., Chap. 26, respecting assignments for the benefit of creditors, all persons who are creditors of the said insolvent are hereby notified to send by post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the undersigned at the

COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, ON OR BEFORE

SATURDAY, June 30th, 1888,

their christian names, surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, verified by affidavit, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 30th day of June, A.D. 1888, the assets of the said insolvent will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required, and this notice being given under the provisions of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chap. 107, Sec. 34, as amended by 46 Vic., Chap. 9, (Ontario) the undersigned will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

O. T. PRUYN,
Sheriff County of Lennox and Addington,
ASSIGNEE.

Dated at Napanee this 5th June, A.D. 1888.
2588d

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Matter of Andrew E. Markland, of the Village of Tamworth, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Tanner.

The above named insolvent, Andrew E. Markland, has made an assignment to me in pursuance of Ontario Statutes, 48 Vic., Chap. 26, and amending acts in trust, for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Andrew E. Markland will be held at the

OFFICE OF JAMES AYLSWORTH, ESQ., IN THE VILLAGE OF TAMWORTH, ON

MONDAY, July 9th, 1888

At the hour of 7 o'clock p.m., for the appointment of inspectors and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by said act.

And notice is hereby given that after the 10th day of August, 1888, the said assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said debtor among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given. And he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

HIRAM KEECH, ASSIGNEE.

Dated at Tamworth, this 27th June, A.D. 1888.
2588b

YOUNG FOLKS.

THE PRICE OF A DINNER.

BY JOHN R. CORYELL.

One hot, dusty day in early May—it seemed like a midsummer day out of place—a lad with a weary, painfully lagging step toiled up the road that led to the hill-top overlooking the little town of Maple Centre.

Almost hidden under the lofty sugar-maples, with here and there a peaked roof or a gable window peeping out of the cool green, the town looked a paradise to the worn-out boy, who stopped in the hot sunshine, and emitted under his breath a soft "Ah!" of thankfulness.

For a moment a happy smile brightened his dark face, and one seeing him then would have thought him handsome; but the next moment he could as well have been thought ugly, for a sullen scowl chased away the boyish smile, and left a prematurely old and almost vicious expression.

"Won't let me stay there neither, I s'pose!" he muttered. "Well, they can't stop me from going through the town, an' they can't lock me up if I don't beg."

Near the foot of the hill he passed the school-house, and as he heard the hum of voices floating out of the open window, he wondered bitterly what it would be like to lead the comfortable, easy lives of the boys in there.

He was thirsty. A pump stood in the school-yard. He cast a quick glance around, and seeing nobody, stole in at the gate and towards the pump, with a manner at once stealthy and defiant, as if willing to escape detection, but ready to brave the consequences of it.

No one saw him, and he greedily drank down two brimming dipperfuls of the cool water. Then he stole out of the yard again, and limped on toward the centre of the town, until, unable to resist the tempting shade of one of the great maples, he dropped on the grass, and with a sigh stretched his numbed limbs.

The school doors had opened, and it was the buzz of eager young voices that had caused him to sink back, courting such obscurity as the grass and shade afforded. Laughing, shouting, running, throwing stones in the usual boy fashion, the boys came boisterously down the road. Furtively the little wayfarer watched their approach, hoping they would either not see or notice him, but preparing with dogged fierceness for the disappointment of his hopes.

There was a sudden hush as they drew nearer to him, and he knew he had been seen.

"It's a tramp," he heard one of them say; and though he did not stir, the angry blood rushed to his face, and turned the clear olive of his skin to a copper bronze.

When they drew nearer, and could distinguish more clearly, he heard the words, "It's only a boy."

Something in the tone of the voice impelled him to glance quickly around, and he did so just in time to see a stone leave the hand of one of the largest boys and come directly towards him.

To dodge the stone and spring to his feet seemed but one act, and in a second he stood, with scowling alertness, scanning the boys now crowding curiously together, and casting upon the one who had thrown the stone an angry look that in some subtle way seemed to contain an invitation to repeat his act of aggression if he dared.

The latter seemed to feel it so, for he laughed awkwardly, and said, "You'd better get out of here; we keep a jail in this town for tramps."

Some of the boys laughed, but most of

Harry, though his head was already aching and his eyes swelling from the telling blows he had received, had the courage to rush once more at his antagonist. Down he went again before the well-directed blows of the stranger; but this time, before he could recover again, his schoolfellows with one accord made a rush at the fighter and hustled him this way and that, with very little regard for the rules of fair play.

The stranger lad fought the crowd fiercely, making no outcry and saying no word until, having been pushed headlong into the dust of the road, he rose, faced the crowd, and sobbing and hoarse with passion, cried out, "I can whip any two of ye in a fair fight."

There seemed no disposition among the boys to put him to the test, but one small voice from the rear called out, "We'll have you arrested."

"You're afraid of me," he said, paying no heed to the threat. "Of me!" and there was a sort of pathetic self-pity in his taunt. "An' I've walked twenty miles since daylight, an' 'ain't had nothin' t' eat since yesterday morning."

He stood there defiantly for a few seconds as if waiting for another onslaught, and then, as the boys, now ashamed of themselves, did not move, he turned wearily away, more faint than before the excitement of the quarrel had lent him a false strength.

He paid no more attention to them, but accepting their treatment of him as a perfectly natural episode in his miserable young life, he limped sullenly through the town, asking no help and expecting none. On the outskirts of the little town he stopped from sheer exhaustion, and leaning against a fence, watched listlessly the movements of a young horse grazing in the field.

As he stood there a young girl hurried past him. He looked up and caught a backward, scared glance from her. She ran on, and he followed slowly, resenting in an undefined way her fear of him.

"What had she to be afraid of?" he asked himself. Not of him, surely, for he was too weary now to hurt anybody—too weary, indeed, to drag his feet any further.

He dropped weakly under a tree, and crossing his arms on his bent knees, laid his head forward on them, wondering if his strength was going to give out before he could reach a place where he could get something to eat.

"If you will come home with me, I am sure I can get you something to eat,"

He looked up with a start. The little girl whose fear of him he had resented stood near him, looking down at him in a pitying yet partly fearful way.

His scowling scrutiny of her alarmed her, and she retreated a pace or two as she timidly went on:

"I heard you say you were hungry. I am sure mamma will give you something to eat."

"Yes," he said, with an ugly sneer, "so's she can have me arrested, for beggin'. No, you don't; you don't catch me so easy. Go on now, and leave me alone."

"Oh!" exclaimed the little girl, in a shocked tone, "how can you say such things? Mamma wouldn't do that for anything."

"No, of course not," he began, sarcastically. And then even his savage fortitude broke under his hunger and weariness, and with a quick, catching sob he wailed appealingly: "Why can't you leave me alone? What have I done to you?"

The brown head fell once more on the ragged arms, and with wide-open eyes the little girl saw the fierce fighter of a few minutes before crying bitterly.

Tears filled her own eyes, and after a moment of timid hesitation she stole up to the friendless lad and gently laid her little

"The one that pelted me? the one I whipped?"

"Yes," responded Katie, uneasily; and then to change the subject, said, "He—the horse I mean—killed our cow last week."

"Did, eh?"

"Yes, Daisy broke in somehow, and he just kicked her so that she died."

"Did he give you another cow?"

"No; he said Daisy had no business to break the fence."

"Has he ever tried to have the horse broken?"

"Yes indeed; but nobody can. He feels bad about it too, for he says its a splendid horse."

"Yes, it's a nice horse. Do you live in that house there?"

"Yes, the green house there. It's the last house this end of town."

"Katie Morris, you said, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"All right. Is that Squire Blodgett's house?"

"Yes."

"Good by, Katie."

"Good-by."

Dick turned back toward the town, and walked away, leaving Katie to wonder what he meant by his odd, quickly put questions, and by returning to town. In the midst of her wonderment she heard her mother calling her, and ran at once to tell what had happened.

Dick, glancing over his shoulder, saw her return home, whereupon he retraced his steps to the gate of Squire Blodgett's lane, and opening it, walked in with the utmost confidence.

Ten minutes later Squire Blodgett was saying to him, "Break my horse? What nonsense is this? What do you mean, you little jackanapes, by coming here with such a story? Who sent you?"

"I tell you I can break your horse to drive kind an' gentle. 'Tain't no nonsense, an' nobody sent me. 'Twon't hurt you to let me try, will it?"

"It won't hurt me, but it would you. Why, he would kick your brains out in two minutes. But see here," exclaimed the Squire, with sudden sharpness, "aren't you the little tramp that got into a fight with my boy?"

Dick's dark eyes flashed angrily, and a saucy retort rose to his lips, but he who had never controlled his temper for his own sake now subdued it for the sake of those who had been kind to him. With an effort he answered, calmly: "I'm no tramp. Your boy pelted me with stones, and I whipped him; that's all."

"That's all, is it?" cried the Squire, angrily. "You little scoundrel!" He caught Dick by the collar, and lifted his hand to cuff him.

"It was *my* fault, father." Dick turned quickly, and saw Harry, with both eyes black and blue, hurrying up to save him from the squire's wrath.

"I hit him first," continued Harry.

"Oh, you did, eh?" growled the Squire, loosing his hold of Dick, and looking foolish. "Well, get out of here, and be thankful I don't lock you up."

But Dick was not prepared to go yet. "About the horse, Squire?"

"Why, you little impostor, d'you think I'd take the risk of your neck?"

"It's no risk at all, Squire. I've broken hundreds, if I am only a boy. I was born in a stable, an' spent my life there, an' I know some things 'tain't many does know. Let me try."

"Well," said the Squire, impressed by Dick's earnestness, "I'll let you try; but mind, if you get killed, don't blame me."

"I won't. And about the pay for it?"

"Well, if you really do break the horse,

The latter seemed to feel it so, for he laughed awkwardly, and said, "You'd better get out of here; we keep a jail in this town for tramps."

Some of the boys laughed, but most of them moved uneasily to one side, and stood there as if too curious to be willing to lose the chance of seeing what might take place, and yet disinclined to endorse the action of their school-fellow.

With a sort of contemptuous fierceness the stranger glanced from the head to the feet of the boy, and back again to his head, and then said, tauntingly, "You kin throw stones at a feller behind his back an' you kin talk to his face, but you dassent lay a finger on me."

The girls had come up by this time, and were moving slowly by, waiting for something tohappen at which they should scream and run.

"Leave him alone, Harry!" "Come on, Harry!" "What's the matter?" exclaimed several of the older girls; but Harry found himself unable to gracefully extricate himself from the quarrel, and therefore answered the boy with a sullen nttempt at carelessness:

"I don't want to touch you. Why should I?"

"What did you want to throw the stone for, then?"

Harry might properly have answered that he had done it thoughtlessly, and was sorry for it; but it is not very often a boy's way to substitute moral courage for physical, and as Harry had plenty of the latter sort of courage, he met the taunting logic of the stranger's question by taking a menacing step forward and answering, angrily, "Because I wanted to. What of it?"

The prospect of a fight had a singular effect upon the strange lad. His eye lost its hunted, sullen look, and became brightly alert, his feet shifted position a little, and his hands clinched, though they hung carelessly by his side. His manner lost its excitement, and became quitely, almost pleasently expectant. He answered Harry with an exasperating sneer. "Talk's cheap. Why don't you do it again if you dare?"

Harry could feel that his school-mates were wondering if he were afraid of the boy so much smaller than himself, and in a gust of arger he stopped, picked up a small stone, and threw it at his antagonist.

According to the boys' unwritten code of honor a fight was now necessary, and the two lads understood it so, for in a twinkling they stood facing each other.

Harry stood as he had seen pugilists in pictures stand; the stranger lad seemed to the excited boys who watched him to be a mere novice in the art af fighting, since he held one arm loosely by his side, and had the other but slightly raised in front of him.

Harry hated to strike a boy so poorly prepared to guard himself, but he was angry enough to be willing to teach him a lesson, so he said, as he struck at him, "Take that."

Just where Harry's fist went out not even the lookers-on could see. Somehow the unguarded boy had evaded the blow, and had delivered in return a quick pat-pat that sent Harry reeling backward. And then, before he could recover himself, came another pat-pat that laid him flat upon his back.

The girls screamed, the boys crowded nearer, and the young pugilist stood alertly on guard, keeping his eye at once on Harry, struggling in a dazed way to his feet, and on the latter's friends, who were glancing at him with mingled curiosity and anger.

Nothing daunted, but seemingly stimulated by the prospect of more fighting to do, the stranger lad exclaimed, tauntingly: "Has he got enough yet, or does he want more?"

little girl saw the fierce fighter of a few minutes before crying bitterly.

Tears filled her own eyes, and after a moment of timid hesitation she stole up to the friendless lad and gently laid her little hand on his shoulder, and said, sympathetically: "Please don't cry, I'm so sorry for you!"

"G'way now, I tell you!" he snarled, jerking his shoulder from under the pitying hand. "Leave me alone."

She cast upon him a sorrowful look of wonder, and then turned and ran away.

The boy had rejected her offers of help and her sympathy with churlish distrust, but underneath the distrust an atom of hope had struggled for recognition, and therefore when the child accepted her repulse and ran away, a heavy despair smote the lads heart, and he threw himself at length on the grass, murmuring, as if it had but just come to him, "I'm so hungry!"

He had not lain there long when he heard approaching footsteps. He did not look up; he was reckless of the consequences of being seen there.

"Won't you please eat this? Indeed we wouldn't have you arrested for anything."

He looked up into the distressed face of the little girl, and then down at a heaped-up plate of food which she had placed beside him. Then without a word, but with frequent furtive glances at her as she leaned against the fence, he ate every morsel on the plate.

"What's your name?" he asked, abruptly, as she stooped to pick up the plate.

"Katie Morris."

There was an awkward pause, during which he seemed engaged in fixing her name in his memory. Presently to relieve her embarrassment, she asked, "What's yours?"

The lad's cheeks flushed and his brown eyes searched her blue ones as he answered slowly, "Dick."

"Dick what?"

Again he cast upon her a quick, searching glance, and then, hesitating a moment, said, "Won't you tell anybody if I tell you?"

"No—o," she answered, in uneasy surprise.

"Dick Rodriguez," he said, lowering his voice, and yet showing signs of some pride in the name.

She repeated the name, and he was evidently surprised that she showed no emotion at hearing it.

"Champion boy bare-back, you know," he said, in an explanatory tone.

"Oh," she ventured, doubtfully, "in a circus?"

He nodded his head proudly, and then with a sudden relapse into his ugly scowl, said: "He was allus a-lickin' me, an' I ran away. He ain't my father anyhow, an' he 'ain't no right to lick me. Don't you give me away if anybody comes around askin' for me, will you?"

"I won't," said Katie, at the same time frightened and pleased at being taken into the confidence of the runaway circus boy.

"Yes," said Dick, finding it pleasant to talk of his troubles and himself. "I've walked over a hundred miles. I'm going to Toronto. They don't let a feller beg, do they? I'm willing to work, but they all call me a tramp and drive me away."

Katie looked shocked; and then, seeing Dick was silent, asked him, by way of drawing him out, if he could ride that horse, pointing to the one grazing near by.

"Of course," he said, carelessly.

"But he's awful. Nobody can drive him or do anything with him. They can't even get near him."

"So," said Dick, eyeing the horse with critical interest. "Is he yours?"

"No—o; he belongs to Squire Blodgett, the boy's father."

"Well," said the Squire, impressed by Dick's earnestness, "I'll let you try; but mind, if you get killed, don't blame me."

"I won't. And about the pay for it?"

"Well, if you really do break the horse, I'll see you don't complain."

"No, sir, I want to make a fair, square bargain beforehand. I can break the horse, an' I want fair pay."

"You do. What is your price, then, my young Rarey?"

"A cow?"

"What?"

"A cow. I'll agree to break your horse to drive safe an' gentle, and I want you to give an order for the choice of your cows when it's done."

"You're very modest."

"It's worth it, an' you know it. What d'ye say?"

"Have it your own way. If you break the horse—and I begin to have some confidence in you—you'll have earned the cow. Can you catch the horse? Nobody here can."

"I can catch him. Can you give me a long piece of strong clothes line?"

It is unnecessary to tell by what means Dick subdued the Squire's horse, for subdue it he did, much to the Squire's amazement and delight. He employed a few simple devices well known to horse tamers, and did not occupy over an hour in making the vicious colt as gentle as an old horse.

The Squire endeavored to discover who the young horse-tamer was, but without success, for Dick refused to answer any questions; but having obtained the order giving the choice of the Squire's cows, he drew Harry to one side, and said: "That was mighty square of you to own up to the old man. Will you shake hands?"

Harry took his hand, and shook it heartily. Dick flushed, and after hesitating a minute, said, awkwardly, "You can write, I s'pose? I can't."

"Yes," answered Harry, "I can write. Do you want me to write something for you?"

"Yes; I want you to please put down plain on a piece of paper, 'Dick Rodriguez is no tramp; he pays for what he eats.'"

Harry wonderingly wrote as dictated, and then looked at Dick.

"Anybody can read that, Mr. ?"

"Oh yes."

"Then just put both papers in a envelope, and let Mrs. Morris have 'em—Katie Morris's mother, you know."

"I will."

Maple Centre talks to this day of Dick Rodriguez and how he paid for his dinner, and Dick Rodriguez is the proprietor of a big circus now.

There is one thing he never allows in his circus—children can never be abused there.

Eddie Williams, of Franklin, Me., went hunting, and the gun he carried "kicked" very hard when he fired it. A few days afterward he was taken ill and died. The recoil of the gun had caused concussion of the base of the brain, producing partial paralysis of the spine and digestive organs. about 20 in 1,000, while in New York it is 26 in 1,000. The population of New York is also much more crowded, there being an average of 16 persons to a dwelling, while in London the average is only 7.

The *Rappel* says that the gang which has lately issued false French bank notes is composed of wealthy Russians and Austrians. They possess ships and crews and all the necessary apparatus. The notes are engraved at sea and the plates are thrown overboard into the water. The ships put into ports where accomplices receive the notes, scatter them and give them back unused. Then the whole establishment travels to another port.

HEALTH.

Moderation and Regularity.

The means to be adopted for the attainment of robust health are cleanliness, regularity of habits, moderation in diet, exercise, preferably in the open air, in accordance with the capacity of the individual and nature of the contest, and abstinence from strong drinks and tobacco.

If a man trains simply to improve his health he does so more or less moderately; if for a contest, more or less strictly in accordance with the importance of the event. A man can do either without a trainer if he has an ordinary amount of common sense and will power. The man who simply desires to live in a sound, healthy condition should follow these rules, modifying them slightly, according to the age or physique:

Get up not later than 7 A. M., sponge and rub yourself with a coarse towel until the skin is red. It is good exercise. Then dress and take a fairly long walk before and after breakfast. Walk to your place of business. Attend to work in the usual way, resisting every inclination you may have to give way to indolence. Walk home. Never mind the weather; a little rain will not hurt you and Summer heat will not affect you when you have done it long enough to do you good. Then have dinner, avoiding, as at your lunch and breakfast, fat, greasy, sweet, highly flavored or seasoned food. Water is the best thing to drink and that is better drank after finishing your meal. Take your time over dinner in particular and other meals in general. If you have not time to get a meal leisurely go without it, as it will not injure you quarter as much as it will to eat it in a hurry. Amuse yourself in the evening according to your taste, which as you get healthier will incline to active rather than effeminate amusements. Repeat the sponging and rubbing and go to bed before 11 P.M.

A gentleman of our acquaintance on the shady side of 40, who is following this programme, stands about six feet and weighs nearly 200 pounds. He took my advice and has long since done away with his collection of medicines and embrocations, while since commencing he has had no occasion for a doctor. Neither the heat last Summer nor the cold this Winter troubled him. During the day business tasks have ceased to be burdensome, and at night he sleeps the sleep of the just. The little trouble it takes has become a pleasure, and he is quite satisfied that the benefit he has derived is worth more to him than he could pay for it. He never has any inclination for and can easily resist the temptation to partake of luxuries or bilious dishes.

The professional should train more strictly. Nearly all the time he is not sleeping or eating he should spend out of doors or in practising that, or some part of that, feat which he is training for. Neither amateur nor professional should work too hard at first, but should at all times bear in mind that over-exertion is more harmful than insufficient exercise. I advocate the subjugation but not the extinction of any natural desire. A requirement of nature should always afford pleasure, but should never become a propensity. If a person desires to improve deportment, grace and freedom of motion, and to acquire vigor, he should box or fence, or both, taking lessons at first that he may commence with a good system.

A Lesson From a Pugilist.

In writing lately on muscle-forming food, we referred to the interdependence between the different bodily organs and tissues, so that the body, to be properly built up, must

Follicular tonsillitis is a more serious form of sore throat. It is perhaps due to an infectious element, but even this is generally powerless where the physical condition of the person who is exposed to it is otherwise good. In this case, too, the stomach may be the prime offender. More frequently the disease comes to those whose physical condition is depressed by bad hygienic surroundings.

There are feverish symptoms, the tonsils are inflamed and swollen, and covered more or less with small white circular spots. These may individually enlarge, so as to form patches somewhat resembling the characteristic patch of diphtheria, which, however, is a skin like membrane, while the patches in tonsillitis are merely an exudation on the surface, which can be wiped off. The case should, nevertheless, always have the care of a physician.

Sometimes the tonsils become greatly inflamed, with a tendency to abscess. It becomes difficult to swallow, and, indeed, to open the mouth. Behind the lower jaw a painful swelling is observed.

The difficulty may increase for several days, and then the inflammation may go down, or, what is quite as likely to happen, a very painful abscess may be formed, on the evacuation of which the symptoms subside. This is what is often called quinsy.

"Soda-Water."

The drinking of so called "soda-water" is becoming more and more general. Soda fountains are found not only in drug stores, but in restaurants, bar-rooms, confectionery stores, and retail merchant establishments.

All are familiar with the effervescence and foam that attend the mixing in water of carbonate of soda and tartaric acid. As the term "soda" is applied both to the fountain and to the drink issuing from it, one naturally supposes that there is soda in the foaming fluid he is taking.

It is not so, however. The water is charged with carbonic acid, and is flavored and sweetened with some of the various syrups. The carbonic acid gas forced into water with a pressure of one hundred and eighty pounds to the square inch, and it is the escape of this gas, when the faucet is turned and the water flows into the tumbler, that causes the foaming.

The gas was formerly obtained from carbonate of soda, and hence the present name, which still clings to it; but it is now obtained from marble, which is a carbonate of lime. Marble is simply lime and carbonic acid chemically combined. The union is a weak one. Sulphuric acid has a much stronger affinity for the lime than the carbonic acid has, and upon being poured on powdered marble releases the carbonic acid, which is then absorbed by the water. It makes no difference with the drink whether the carbonic acid is obtained from soda or from marble, since nothing but the acid passes into the water.

In, and in the neighborhood of, large cities, the sellers of soda-water do not charge their own fountains. It is done for them at large central establishments.

The question has been put to us if soda-water is wholesome. Almost any acidulated drink is pleasant in summer, and it often meets a real need to the system. Probably carbonated water is as wholesome as any.

We should advise less of the syrup than is commonly taken, partly because it is apt not to be pure, and partly because, even if pure, it is not very good for the stomach. "Plain soda" is better than soda with syrup, and, after a little time, quite a pleasant as that.

We believe that care is taken to have the

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In writing lately on muscle-forming food, we referred to the interdependence between the different bodily organs and tissues, so that the body, to be properly built up, must be built up as a whole. Even muscular development may be carried to such an extent as to impoverish the brain and reduce the fat below what is required as surplus food against emergencies, as a protection against cold, and to supply those parts which consist largely of fat—the brain, nerves and marrow.

For, while surplus fat is an incumbrance, and sometimes a disease, a normal amount —and this not small—is as essential as muscular fibre.

An illustration of some of these principles is given by the experience of Sullivan, the pugilist, in his recent fight in France, and it is perhaps the only useful consequence of that brutal encounter.

Sullivan had spent six weeks in preparing for the contest, and is said in that time to have reduced his weight forty pounds—at the rate of nearly a pound a day! But while thus getting rid of fat, he was not at the same equally building up muscular fibre. This is a far slower process than "training down to weight."

Moreover, the loss of fat made him oversensitive to the chilling rain, in the midst of which the fight was carried on, while the muscles needed an extra support for their long-continued and exhausting work. At the same time the nerve power was greatly reduced, for the fat, of which the brain and nerves so largely consist, is as essential to their normal action as is any other constituent. And, indeed, this nerve-power is the working force of the system as truly as steam is of the engine.

Says Mr. John Boyle O'Reilly, the well-known poet and writer, and a good authority in physical culture: "Sullivan was over-trained. This is the rule rather than the exception with English trainers.

"They reduce a man's nervous or vital force to build up his muscular powers, and they take out all his fat, so that he gets chilled when he strips, and cannot heat again.

"It was just the same when Heenan fought King in England. He was a marvel of beauty when he stripped, but before the fourth round his breath was roaring in him as he said himself. He had to come to a stop while his muscles were filled with power, because there was no nervous force to drive the muscles."

This is admirably put, but it is hardly proper for Mr. O'Rielly to say, "while the muscles were filled with power." There was only a capacity for the use of power—the nervous force—which the central nervous system was not then in a condition to furnish to the degree required.

Sore Throats.

Few ailments are more common than sore throats, yet they are largely preventable. That is, they seldom come to one in vigorous health, except as the result of some violation of physical law.

The more simple form of sore throat is commonly due to exposure to inclement weather, but often indirectly to a disturbed stomach. In fact, it is not unfrequently due to this cause alone. The person says he has taken cold, and wonders how he could have done so, while the truth is, he has not taken cold at all.

The stomach, æsophagus, mouth, nose, etc., are lined with a mucous membrane continuous through this whole region, and the irritation begun in the stomach is propagated over the whole mucous surface. In all such cases the seat of the trouble is the stomach, and accordingly the efforts at cure, whether by medicine, by diet, or by treatment, should be directed to that organ.

"Plain soda" is better than soda with syrup, and, after a little time, quite a pleasant as that.

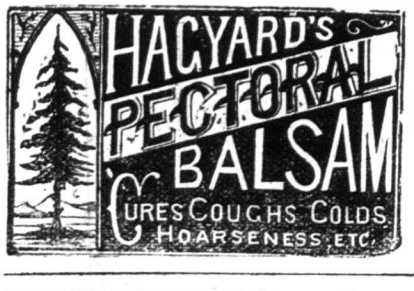
We believe that care is taken to have the water pure, and to keep the apparatus free from corrosive matter, and when this done, no harm is likely to result from a moderate resort to the fountain.

Precautions Against Sunstroke.

The full meaning of sunstroke is not included in that term. Heatstroke or insolation is a better word, and implies a further peril besides the downright glare of an unclouded sun. The concentrated heat of a close workroom, as well as the exposure incurred by some careless laborers in the open field may lead to most serious consequences. The exhaustion of work also, particularly if clothing is heavy, is a predisposed condition which should not be lost sight of. Ventilation, regular nutrition, light clothing, and, as far as possible, remission of the pressure of work, are strongly indicated by the weather conditions under which we are now living, and we therefore venture to impress their importance alike on employer and employed. Beer and other stimulants are hurtful rather than helpful, and the substitution of non-intoxicant cooling drinks for those beverages is a truly scientifi and sanitary advance in public taste. Protection of the head is a subject which is now fairly well understood. It should not be forgotten that the neck as well as the cranium requiries to be covered.

A Torch for Insect Nests.

A late bulletin (No. 10) issued by the entomologist, Prof. C. V. Riley, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, gives the following directions for making a torch to be used in burning the nest of such insects as the orchard caterpiller and fall web worm. Take a piece of soft brick known as salmon brick, and trim it to an egg shape; then take two flexible wires, cross them over the brick, wrap them around it, and twist the ends together. Then attach it by the wires to a long stick, and soak the brick in coal oil; light it with a match, and you are armed for the work. Asbestos may be used to advantage; and a little thorough work early enough in the season, will obviate the necessity of more expensive remedies at a later time. The soaking in the oil may be repeated as often as required to maintain the flame.



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Time Table, No. 13.

In Effect Nov. 28, 1887.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	11 50	5 10
Napanee Mills	"	12 05	5 25
Newburgh	"	12 15	5 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	12 20	5 38
Camden East	"	12 25	5 43
Yarker	"	12 40	6 00
Colebrook*	"	12 48	6 02
Galbraith Road	"	12 45	6 05
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground		12 50	6 10
Moscow	"	12 55	6 15
Mudlake Bridge*	"	1 03	6 25
Enterprise	"	1 10	6 30
Wilson's Crossing*	"	1 18	6 38
Tamworth	Arrive	1 30	6 50

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	6 40	2 30
Wilson's Crossing†	"	6 55	2 40
Enterprise	"	7 00	2 50
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 07	3 00
Moscow	"	7 15	3 05
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 25	3 15
Colebrook†	"	7 28	3 17
Yarker,	"	7 30	3 20
Camden East	"	7 45	3 35
Thompson's Mills*	"	7 50	3 42
Newburgh	"	7 55	3 50
Napanee Mills	"	8 05	4 00
Napanee	Arrive.	8 20	4 15

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Enterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

* Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart rom the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

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EUROPEAN NEWS.

Universal Grief at the German Emperor's Death—Gratitude to the English Doctor—The Mikado of Japan Discouraged by the Results of His Liberel Rule.

Among the members of the English royal family the feeling even stronger than that of grief at the Emperor Frederick's death is gratitude to Sir Morell Mackenzie, without whose skill the Queen's eldest daughter would never have been Empress, but lived a royal pauper, depending on her wealthy mother and the unreliable charity of the German Reichstag. Sir Morell Mackenzie intends taking a trip of three weeks on the Continent before returning to England. When he does come back there is no doubt that he will be made a baronet, and it is even believed that the custom which has hitherto prevented any medical man from being made a peer may be abolished in his favor. All sorts of extravagant guesses have been made as to the amount paid to Mackenzie by his royal patient. The amount which he has really received is payment at the rate of $100,000 a year ever since he took charge of the case. On his return there is no doubt that his practice and income as a physician will be greater than that of any doctor in England.

The sympathy felt for the late Emperor and the grief at his death among English people are very great. No foreign monarch's death has ever caused so much sincere sorrow. His fortitude and simplicity, which are qualities much admired in England, won for him the liking of the English people. Innumerable anecdotes and endless memoirs have been written of his life.

The Mikado of Japan is disappointed in his queer-eyed subjects. They failed to appreciate the liberal edicts by which he granted them freedom of press and permission to do as they liked. The press devotes itself principally to poking fun at the royal family, and the people have been industriously forming themselves into all kinds of secret societies, which his Majesty considers objectionable. Now the press has been remuzzled, the societies have been broken up, and the Mikado announces that he will resume his line of conduct as a well-meaning despot.

SAVING A CHILD FROM AN ALLIGATOR.

Thrilling Experience of Life in California.

A family named Lambert living on Lake Charlie Apopka, California, or Tsala Lake, as it is called, report a very thrilling experience. The family is composed of Mr. and Mrs. Lambert and three children, two boys and a girl baby, the boys being 8 and 15 respectively, and the girl just able to toddle about. They moved there some two years ago and preempted a homestead on the south side of the lake.

The house is built about 20 feet from the lake and on a slight elevation, the land in front sloping down gradually to the water's edge. At the left, off some little distance, is an immense saw grass pond. Near this Mr. Lambert built an enclosure for his pigs, one side facing the lake, and up to a month ago he had a magnificent lot of porkers. One night several weeks ago he heard

Suddenly, with a heavy sinking of the heart, she felt that her foot was in the water, and that, if no help came, she was doomed to a terrible death.

THE HORROR GAVE HER STRENGTH

for a moment, and she made another frantic effort to free herself, but it was in vain, and she felt herself drawn into the water. Suddenly her hands, which were nervously clutching at anything and everything that seemed to promise support, passed over the the axe handle. With the swiftness of thought and with superhuman energy she seized the helve and scrambled up, and how she cannot say. She managed to deal the 'gator a heavy blow with the blade. With rare good fortune it struck his other eye and crushed into the head. The maddened and wounded reptile opened its jaws with a roar of pain and rage, and Mrs. Lambert's dress slipped off its huge teeth. Scrambling up she seized her baby and fled wildly to the house and fell on the porch in in a dead faint.

Her husband, on returning home at night, found her there unconscious, with the child patting her mother's cheek and trying to arouse her. Doctors were at once summoned, but at last accounts the sorely tried mother was living over again her heroic fight in the fever of delirium. The next day Mr. Lambert went to the lake, and at the same spot soon found out the old 'gator lurking in the weeds. As footsteps were heard approaching, he came forth menacingly, but two shots from a 44 calibre Winchester soon placed him hors de combat. The wounds in his head were deep, and showed that the mother's arm had struck a terrible blow. The little child was not hurt, as the 'gator's teeth had caught in its dress.

ENGLISH AS VOLAPUK.

Anglo-Saxon Gradually Becoming the Language of all the World.

A universal language must be a growth. Some national language must expand until it covers the whole world. Of late years the English language alone has been much spoken of as likely to grow so great. Hardly any philosophic linguist attempts to forecast the future without some discussion of the destiny of English; and De Candolle calculates that within 100 years English will be spoken by 860,000,000 of men, German by 124,000,000 and French by 96,000,000. At present the populations either speaking the English language or under the domination of English-speaking peoples number more than 318,298,000, or one-fourth of the population of the globe.

English-speaking races occupy one-fourth of the dry land of the earth, and own nearly two-thirdsof the tonnage of the ships. They live in all regions; they handle all articles of trade; they preach to all nations; they command one-half of the world's gold and silver, and distribute more than two-thirds of the Bibles and Testaments. More than one-half of the letters mailed and carried by the postal service of the world are written, mailed and read by the English-speaking populations, The expectation that English will come into universal use is not based upon anything in the nature of the language, but rather on the character and circumstances of the people.

The English people have been the great colonizers of modern times. They have taken possession of America, of Australia, of South Africa, the regions which are to be the seam of new empires, and they control and assimilate the populations which flow into them and which grow up in them.

The Water of Lake Superior.

A Mother's Dream Verified.

An inquest, which Mr William Carter styled one of the strangest that had ever come before his notice, was held at the Branksome Arms, Branksome Road, Brixton, England, recently. The deceased was Alice Elizabeth Baker, aged four years, the daughter of George Baker, a postman, living at 24 Branksome Road. The mother stated that at about half-past six o'clock in the morning she had a dream, in which she thought her child was dying, and heard a voice saying, "How happy it is to die in peace." She woke up suddenly, thinking she heard her child cry "Mother mother!" Hurrying to the bedside she found the child dying. Medical aid was at once summoned, but the child died a few minutes later from congestion of the lungs. The jury returned a verdict of "Death from natural causes."

Not So Soft as They Look.

"Country boys are not such squash-heads as they sometimes look," said the sociable drummer at the Broezel house. "One day last week I was out riding with a fellow who seemed to think it his mission to say or do something smart every minute. Presently we overtook a barefoot urchin driving a cow home from pasture, and my companion reined up the horse and spoke to him, saying, 'Say, my little man, what time will it be at six o'clock this afternoon?' Without a moment's hesitation the lad answered:—'Twill be bedtime for hens and fools. You're not a hen, but 'twill be your bedtime all the same.'"

"She's Much Older Than Her Husband."

We heard a young girl make the above remark the other day about a lady with whom we are slightly acquainted. It was not true, yet the lady in question actually does look five years older than her husband, although she is really several years his junior. She is prematurely aged, and functional derangement is the cause. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription would cure her, and should be recommended to her, and to all others who are in the same condition. If the reader of this chances to be a similar sufferer, let her get the "Prescription." It will back her lost beauty, and, better still, it will remove all those distressing symptoms which have made life a burden to her so long. Money refunded if it don't give satisfaction. See guarantee printed on bottle wrapper.

Lace trims or covers all dressy parasols.

$500 Not Called For.

It seems strange that it is necessary to persuade men that you can cure their diseases by offering a premium to the man who fails to receive benefit. And yet Dr. Sage undoubtedly cured thousands of cases of obstinate catarrh with his "Catarrh Remedy," who would never have applied to him, if it had not been for his offer of the above sum for an incurable case. Who is the next bidder for cure or cash?

Buttons are coming into favor for all sorts of dress decorations.

P stands for Pierce, the wonderful doctor,
Providing safe remedies, of which he is concoctor,
Pleasant to taste and easy to take,
Purgative Pellets now "bear off the cake."

The large silk dust cloak is the rage in Paris at the moment.

A pink, a black and a white pearl make a fashionable combination in scarf and bonnet pins.

HUB! COUGH CURE cures in one minute.

The great talker's definition of a bore: "One who's always talking about his affairs when I want to talk about mine."

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion

Mr. Lambert built an enclosure for his pigs, one side facing the lake, and up to a month ago he had a magnificent lot of porkers. One night several weeks ago he heard

A TREMENDOUS UPROAR

in his hog pen, and hurrying out with his shot gun and lantern, he was just in time to see one of his fine hogs disappearing in the lake in the mouth of a huge alligator, while the scores of balls of fire seen glittering in the darkness on the lake showed the presence of others.

From that beginning their inroads were kept up with great regularity, and though he killed a dozen or more, yet the pork was too nice for them to relinquish their feeding ground. Lately they have grown so bold as to crawl into his yard in daytime, and the predatory raids of the marauders on his hogs and fowls have rendered Mr. Lambert's life a burden.

A recent adventure, however, of two members of his family with one of these dreadful creatures has so terrified the farmer and has so alarmed his entire household that he is seriously contemplating abandoning his place. One Saturday afternoon a short time ago Mrs. Lambert, who was in the back part of the house, was

ATTRACTED BY THE SCREAMS

of her little girl and frantic cries of "Mamma! Mamma!" Hurrying to the front of the house, she could not at first locate the little one's whereabouts, but her piercing screams continued, and the almost frantic mother soon discovered the flutter of her child's dress near the lake shore, the palmetto bushes nearly hiding from her view. Snatching up an axe from the wood-pile, she flew to the water's edge, and as she rounded the palmetto patch a sight burst upon her that nearly drove her crazy. On the edge of the bank, with its body half in the water, was a huge alligator with its forepaws outstretched, raising it from the ground, while its tail lashed the water into foam. Just in front of it, and clinging to a palmetto root with her tiny hands for dear life, was the little girl, her dress being held in the jaws of the alligator, who was slowly dragging the child. The alligator's dull eyes gleamed with anger, like red coals of fire, and when Mrs. Lambert appeared the monster uttered a hoarse bellow and started backward, tearing loose the child's slight hold.

The latter's infantile features were drawn into an agonized appeal and as the animal dragged her down she was too completely paralyzed with fear to even cry out. The peril of her baby banished all fear from Mrs. Lambert, and she rushed up and

STRUCK THE SAURIAN

over the head with the axe, and, seizing the child with both hands, tried to pull her away.

The sharp blade cut into the alligator's eye, and mad, with pain, he opened his jaw and half sprang at the woman. This left the child free, and they both fell backward Mrs. Lambert said afterward that at this moment she never expected to save her life.

As she fell the alligator swung around its tail with a terrible sounding whisk, but the fortunate fall of the two just placed them outside its deadly sweep. The alligator advanced as far as it could with unwieldy waddle, and Mrs Lambert attempted to rise and escape. Her dress caught on a root, and before she could get up and free herself. the alligator made a snap at her and missed, catching hold of her dress instead. Finding that it had secured something it commenced backing toward the water, dragging along the prostrate woman, who now fully realized her peril, and filled the air with her cries for help. She frantically clutched at the roots as she was dragged over them, but her dress was of stout material, and the alligator's strength soon overcame her feeble resistance.

which grow up in them.

The Water of Lake Superior.

How cold the dark water of Lake Superior is! One evening when we were steaming across that lake I asked the mate what was done when a man fell overboard. He coolly replied, "Nothing." "Why?" I asked, astonished at his heartlessness. "The water of Lake Superior is so cold that a man cannot live in it during the time it takes to stop a rapidly moving vessel and lower a boat," he replied. Then he added: "I have sailed on this lake for twenty years. During that time I have known many men to fall off vessels. I know of one man only who escaped death. He was saved by a scratch. The others were apparently killed by the shock produced by falling into such cold water." He picked up an empty can to which a long string was attached and cast it overboard. The can skipped from the crest of one wave to that of another for an instant, then dipped and filled. The hoary-headed mate drew the full can up and handed it to me, saying, "Take a drink of that, and then say what you think of your chances of swimming in Lake Superior for ten or fifteen minutes." I drank deeply, and it was as though liquid ice flowed down my throat. "It is alleged," the mate said, "that this lake never gives up its dead, that to be drowned in Lake Superior is to be buried for all time. I do not know whether this is true or not, but I do know that I have never seen a corpse floating on the lake." I wonder if that is true? I doubted it, but I could find no sailor who had ever seen a dead body floating on the Lake.

Where Women Excel.

Women may not have a great head for many things, but they have for secreting valuables. There was a woman on Holly avenue who possesses some handsome diamonds. She puts them in a box, puts the box in a rag bag, puts the rag bag on the closet floor, and at night puts the watch dog in the closet on the top of the rag bag and locks him in there, and every night hides the key in a different place. Her husband says that if she had her way she would arm him to the teeth and put him in the closet with the dog.

Too Much for Him.

At the close of an amateur theatrical performance a gentleman was discovered in a fainting condition. Great beads of perspiration stood upon his brow, and his face was ashy white.

"Great heavens! what is the trouble?" was the excited inquiry.

"Ladies and gentlemen," gasped the unfortunate man, faintly, "I'm the author of the play."

Will you Try Nerviline

For all kinds of pain. Polson's NERVILINE is the most efficient and prompt remedy in existence for neuralgia, lumbago and headache. For internal use it has no equal. Relief in five minutes may be obtained from Nerviline in any of the following complaints, viz: Cramps in the stomach, chills, flatulent pains. Buy a 10 cent sample bottle of Nerviline at any drug store and test the great remedy. Large bottles 25 cents.

"You think, then, that your husband no longer loves you as formerly?" "Alas! I am too sure of it." "What proof have you?" "What proof? Why, my dear friend, when he kisses me now he doesn't even disturb my face powder!"

"The great talker's definition of a bore: "One who's always talking about his affairs when I want to talk about mine."

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion and their attendant evils, take at once a dose of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. Best family medicine. All Druggists, 50 cents.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 37 Yonge St., Toronto Ont.

Pretty hats for young girls and children have low crowns and brims raised sharply at the back.

People who are subject to bad breath, foul coated tongue, or any disorder of the Stomach, can at once be relieved by using Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, an old and tried remedy. Ask your Druggist.

CINGALESE HAIR RENEWER restores grey and faded hair to its natural color and prevents falling out.

A. P. 403.

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TORONTO Cutting School—Scientific and reliable systems taught whereby stylish, perfect-fitting garments are produced. Cutters having trouble should secure my systems and ensure future success. Entire satisfaction guaranteed. Shirt system taught separate. A rare chance for young men to acquire a lucrative professor. S. CORRIGAN, Prop, 122 Yonge St. Terms on application.

CANADIAN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, Public Library Buildings, Toronto. Students from British Columbia, California, Kansas, Illinois, and quite a number of other States and Provinces, now in attendance. Write for Descriptive Circulars. THOS. BENGOUGH, President. CHAS. H. BROOKS, Sec'y & Manager.

J. & J. TAYLOR, —PATENTED— AND VAULT DOORS, &C. SAFES Toronto Safe Works.

Water PURE LIVING STREAM AUGERS, bore 20 feet per hour. Also Rock Drills—Hand, Horse or Steam Power. Send for Catalogue. Laidlaw Manufacturing Co. HAMILTON, ONT.

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CANADA SHIPPING CO.—Beaver Line of Steamships, sailing weekly between Montreal and Liverpool. Saloon tickets, Montreal to Liverpool, $40, $50 and $60. Return tickets, $80, $90 and $110 according to steamer and accommodation. Intermediate, $30; Round trip tickets, $60. Steerage, $20; Round trip tickets, $40. For further particulars and to secure births, apply to H. E. MURRAY, General Manager, 1 Custom House Square, Montreal, or to the Local Agents in the different Towns and Cities.

YOUNG MEN

Desiring to obtain a Business Education, or become proficient in Shorthand and Typewriting, should attend the

BRITISH AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE Arcade, Yonge street, Toronto. For Circulars, etc., Address C. O'DEA, Secretary

Paine's Celery Compound

For The Nervous
The Debilitated
The Aged.

CURES Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Weakness, Stomach and Liver Diseases, and all affections of the Kidneys.

A NERVE TONIC.

GEORGE W. BOUTON, STAMFORD, CONN., says: "For two years I was a sufferer from nervous debility, and I thank God and the discoverer of the valuable remedy that PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND cured me. *It is* a valuable remedy. Long may it live. Let any one write to me for advice."

AN ALTERATIVE.

ALONZO ABBOTT, WINDSOR, VT., says: "I believe PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND saved my life. My trouble seemed to be an internal humor. Before I used it I was covered with an eruption from "head to heel." The eruption is rapidly healing, and I am five hundred per cent. better every way."

A LAXATIVE.

A. C. BEAN, WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, VT., says: For two years past I have been a great sufferer from kidney and liver troubles, attended with dyspepsia and constipation. Before I began to take CELERY COMPOUND it seemed as though *everything* ailed me. Now I can say *nothing* ails me.

A DIURETIC.

GEORGE ABBOTT, SIOUX CITY, Iowa, says: "I have been using PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND and it has done me more good for kidneys and lame back than any other medicine I have ever taken.

Hundreds of testimonials have been received from persons who have used this remedy with remarkable benefit. Send for circular.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

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Montreal, Que.

WORK FOR ALL. $30 a week and expenses paid. Valuable outfit and particulars free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

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—SAILING WEEKLY BETWEEN—

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Saloon Tickets, $40, $50, $60. Return, $80, $90 $110. Intermediate, $30. Steerage, $20. Apply to
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PARTIES wishing to purchase improved Manitoba Farms, from 80 acres upwards, with immediate possession, call or write to **G. I. MAULSON,** Mc Arthur's Block, Main street, Winnipeg. Information furnished free of charge, and settlers assisted in making selection. MONEY TO LOAN at current rates of interest.

We Are Building

Large additions to our factory, and as we are removing some of the former buildings, we are

FORCED TO REDUCE STOCK

until the new buildings are erected. We have therefore decided to offer our Choice Stock of second-hand

PIANOS AND ORGANS

AT SACRIFICE PRICES,

FOR 30 DAYS ONLY,

to reliable parties, on payment of one-tenth Cash and one-tenth every three months, until paid for, with int. on balances.

These Instruments have been carefully selected and thoroughly repaired at our factory, and are by reliable makers. Purchasers will have the option of exchange, as we guarantee satisfaction with every instrument.

The following are a few instruments selected from the stock, and from which intending purchasers may form an estimate of the **Bargains we now offer:**

PIANOS.

6-octave, Mahogany case, by Cutler & Whittleseys	$ 60 00
6-octave, Rosewood Case, by Chickering, of Boston	95 00
6-octave, Rosewood Case, by Griffin & Scudder, N. Y.	110 00
6½-octave, Rosewood Case, by Stodart, N. Y.	115 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by G. T. Hayes & Co.	140 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Jas. W. Vose, Boston	165 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Herald Bros.	170 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Dunham, N. Y.	180 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, Weber & Co.	185 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Weber & Co	200 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Trayser Piano Co., N. Y.	200 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by J. & C. Fischer, N. Y.	215 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Harmonic	220 00
7½-octave, Rosewood Case, by C. L. Thomas (square grand, like new)	250 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Steinway & sons, N.Y. (Price $675)	335 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Decker Bros. (like new, price $575)	350 00
7-octave, Rosewood Case, by Decker Bros. (like new, price $600)	375 00

ORGANS.

5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, by White & Co.	$30 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, by Geo. A. Prince & Co.	35 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 4-stop, by Victoria Organ Co.	40 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 6-stop, by Geo. A. Prince & Co.	45 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 6-stop, by Uxbridge Organ Co.	50 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 6-stop, by Mudge & Yarwood	55 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 6-stop, by Canada Organ Co.	60 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 8-stop, by Dominion Organ Co.	65 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 8-stop, by E. G. Thomas & Co.	70 00
5-octave, Walnut Case, Double reed, 8-stop, by Dominion Organ Co.	70 00

And Melodeons at $10, $15 and $20 each.

☞ **We shall be pleased** to afford enquirers any further information that may be needed.

MASON & RISCH,

32 King St. West, TORONTO.

MONEY TO LOAN on Farms. Lowest Rates.

SAULTER BROS., Roofers.
Felt and Gravel
23 ADELAIDE E., TORONTO.
Estimates given. Country work a specialty.

—CHAMPION—

STUMP & STONE

—EXTRACTOR—

SIX years' trial, and over 5,000 in use has proved this machine the best; 6 sizes. Send for circular.
S. S. KIMBALL,
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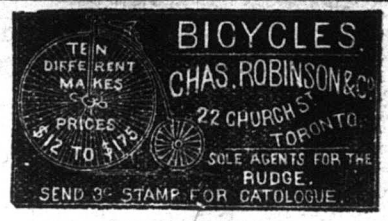

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WALKER BUTTER WORKERS—Store-Keepers and others engaged in Butter business will save time and money by investing. Three sizes. Prices on application.
JAS. PARK & SON, TORONTO.

Bicycles!

120

Second-Hand Bicycles and Tricycles.

Send for List. New Catalogue ready in April.

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The Cheapest place in Canada for

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New and second-hand.

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Repriring of Band Instruments a specialty

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THE greatest discovery of the present age for REGULATING THE BOWELS AND CURING ALL BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS. A Perfect Blood Purifier. A few in Hamilton who

possession, call or write to **G. I. MAULSON,** Mc Arthur's Block, Main street, Winnipeg. Information furnished free of charge, and settlers assisted in making selection. MONEY TO LOAN at current rates of interest.

Merchants, Butchers AND TRADERS generally.

We want a GOOD MAN in your locality to pick up

CALF SKINS

for us. Cash furnished on satisfactory guaranty Address, C. S. PAGE, Hyde Park, Vermont, U S.

The *Shoe and Leather Reporter*, N.Y., and *Shoe and Leather Review*, Chicago, the leading trade papers in the U. S. in the Hide line, have sent their representatives to investigate Mr. Page's business, and after a thorough examination and comparison, the *Reporter* gives him this endorsement;

"*We believe that in extent of light-weight raw material collected and carried, Mr. Page holds the lead of any competitor, and that his present stock is the largest held by any house in this country.*"

And the *Review* says:

"*After a most thorough investigation of Mr. Page's business as compared with others in same line, we have become fully satisfied that in his specialty, light-weight stock, he is unquestionably the lagrest dealer in this country, while in superiority of quality, he is confessedly at the head.*"

QUERY: If Mr. Page's business is the largest in its line in the United States, is it not the best possible proof of his ability to pay highest prices? If he did not do so, would he naturally get more Skins than any of his competitors in the same line?

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

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Manufacturers of the Highest Grades

SILVER-PLATED WARES.

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THE ALBANY STEAM TRAP CO'S SPECIAL BUCKET RETURN TRAP.

- The Celebrated Hancock Inspirator.
- Gresham's Automatic Re-starting Injector.
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- Engineers' & Plumbers' Supplies of every description. Send for circulars.

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MONEY TO LOAN on Farms. Lowest Rates. No delay. Correspondence solicited. E. W. D. BUTLER, Financial Agt., 72 King-st. E., Toronto.

Established 1860.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter to and from Halifax Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld., Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Chicago Love & Alden, New York; H. Borulier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brookie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

Nervous Debility.

DR. GRAY'S Specific has been used for the past fifteen years with great success, in the treatment of Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from excesses, over-worked brain, loss of vitality, ringing in the ears, palpitation, etc. For sale by all druggists. Price $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price. Pamphlet on application

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Toronto.

MAY APPLE BLOOD SYRUP

A covery of the present age for REGULATING THE BOWELS AND CURING ALL BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS A Perfect Blood Purifier. A few in Hamilton who have been benefitted by its use: Mrs. M. Keenan, 192 Robert St., cured of Erysipelas of 2 years' standing; Robert Cornell, 24 South St., daughter of Epileptic Fits after six years' suffering; Jennie Birrell, 55 Walnut St., cured of weakness, and Lung Trouble; John Wood, 95 Cathcart St, cured of Liver Complaint and Biliousness, used only three 3 fifty-cent bottles; Mrs. J. Beal, 6 Augusta St, troubled for years with Nervous Prostration, two small bottles gave her great relief. Sold at 50c. & $1.00.

F. F. DALLEY & CO., Proprietors.

BREADMAKER'S YEAST

ALWAYS AHEAD!

BREAD made with this Yeast took first prizes at 132 Township and County Fairs in Ontario in 1887, at such places as Flesherton, Markham, Whitby, etc. Over 10,000 ladies have sent us letters and postal cards to say that it is superior to any yeast ever used by them. It makes the lightest, whitest, sweetest and most wholesome bread, buns, rolls and buckwheat cakes. Directions in each package with full instructions.

TAKE NO OTHER. PRICE 5 CENTS.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

Recovery from this distressing condition is often sought by having recourse to tonics or medicinal treatment, which only serves to aggravate the trouble. **The system demands nutrition** that can be **easily digested** and thoroughly assimilated by the weakest stomach. **JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF** supplies this demand, because it is **The Most Perfect Form of Concentrated Food.** It contains all the materials necessary for **Renewing the tissues** wasted by disease. It readily passes into the circulation and produces **Firm Muscle and Nerve. The GREAT STRENGTH GIVER.**

There are many IMITATIONS of

"Peerless"

MACHINE OIL,

but none equal it in lubricating properties. FARMERS, MILLMEN, etc, find none equal to the GENUINE Peerless made by

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Sold by dealers everywhere.

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Capital and Funds now over $3,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE, - - 15 TORONTO ST., TORONTO.

A Home Company, Established October 1871.

To this Date, October 31, 1887, there has been returned:

To the heirs of Policy holders (death-claims)	$643,219 00
To the holders of matured Endowment Policies	26,492 63
To Policy-holders on surrender of Policies	98,656 09
To Policy-holders for Cash profits (including those allocated and being paid)	432,544 02
To holders of Annuity Bonds	16,967 84
Loaned to Policy-holders on the Security of their Policies	82,264 98
	$1,306,174 47

Policies in Force over 10,000. **Amount over $15,000,000**

PRESIDENT—HON. SIR W. P. HOWLAND, C.B., K.C.M.G.

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Policies Nonforfeitable after 2 Years and Indefeasible after 3 years.

Summer Goobs

Ladies'

Summer Dresses.

Our large stock of summer dress goods at very low prices are in perfect accord with the weather and the times. Nainsooks, Lawns, Lemon de Syries, Muslins, Prints, Chambrays and Seersuckers, all qualities, all styles and all prices. We are always headquarters for dress goods. Miss Allison will make you up a dress, guaranteed satisfactory in every way, or will gladly give any information you may require regarding style, etc. Don't buy dress goods in any case until you have seen our stock.

Gloves and Hosiery.

Our all-Silk gloves, in all shades, at 35c. per pair, are a bargain. We were completely sold out of them last week, but have a fresh stock on hand. We have a very large assortment of gloves of every description from 10c. per pair up. Hosiery in all sizes, all styles, all qualities, and all prices.

Corsets.

Corsets in Lily, Modjeska, Yatisi, Belle, Sisal and Coraline. We always keep a full supply of the celebrated Yatisi Corset in stock.

Mens' Summer Coats.

We have a large stock of men's cool coats in all styles

Pianos & Organs

—AT—

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Good second hand instruments for sale on small payments. Now is your time to secure a bargain in pianos. A fine Emerson at one quarter regular price.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

Of every description. Special lines in Ladies Notepaper and Envelopes. Wall Paper and Window Shades at 25 per cent. off.

Madden's Bookstore.

W. D. MADDEN,
Ticket Agent C. P. R.

2288ly

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1888

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas Lane

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Gramma chool, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

—Try SPENCER'S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—A. S. KIMMERLY sells 12 bars good family soap for 25c.

—You get all things necessary to keep the wolf from the door at GEO. I HAM'S.

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2.50 at GIBBARD'S.

—Coil wire bustles at 15c each at C. F. HENDERSON'S.

—We have received another new lot of Collars and Cuffs, the latest styles and very cheap. C. F. HENDERSON.

—You can buy a good hardwood side board at GIBBARD'S for $7.50 with glass back.

—Johnson's decorators pure white lead, Johnson's pure ready-mixed paints, paint oil, turpentine, varnish, glass, putty, building paper, chopping axes, cross-cut saws at rock bottom prices at R G Wright's, 126 and 128 Dundas street.

—Try SPENCER'S Japan tea, 3 lbs for $1.

—A. S. KIMMERLY pays 13c per doz. cash for eggs.

—It will put money in your pocket if you buy groceries at GEO. I HAM'S

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—You can get a very nice braided jersey, all wool, for $1, at C. F. HENDERSON'S.

—Gallagher's is the place for fancy hair pins, fans, new style of purses, perfumes and soaps. Everything in school supplies.

—Try C. F. HENDERSON for your gloves. They are the best value we have ever shown from 10cts per pair upwards. We have a special line of silk gloves for 25 cents per pair.

—A. S. KIMMERLY pays 13c per doz for eggs

—Another carload of that life giving family flour arrived to day at GEO. I. HAM'S.

—Just arrived at Gallagher's, window poles complete only 50c, biggest bargain in town.

—We have received another lot of those cheap black cashmere hose, 25c a pair. C. F. HENDERSON.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—A. S. KIMMERLY continues selling flour and feed cheaper than all grocers.

—Don't fail to see that $15 bedroom sett, all

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The schools close for the summer holidays to-day.

—A few days ago Mr D. Gleason, South Napanee, had a horse drop dead. Cause unknown.

—Quite a number availed themselves of the excursion to Davy's Island on Saturday night last.

—Among the samples of Canadian iron ore to be shown at the great exposition at Cincinnati, are some by Messrs. Allison & Platt, Adolphustown, from the Clarendon mine.

—Rev. Mr. Chambers, the new pastor of the Eastern Methodist church, arrived from Stanstead, Quebec, last evening and will occupy his pulpit next Sunday morning and evening.

—The Presbyterians had a nice load on the excursion to Massassaga Point and Belleville on Friday last, all enjoying themselves. The Y. P. A. added about $20 to their treasury.

—The business of our townsman, Mr. F. X. Bezo, in the manufacture of tents and awnings, we are pleased to know, is growing. This week he shipped an awning to a merchant at Alexandria.

—The annual meeting of the N. T. & Q. Ry will be held at the company's offices, Napanee, on Monday, August 30th, at 1 o'clock p.m., for the election of directors and general business.

—Roller flour (best in the market) and seed corn just arrived at the big mill. All kinds of bran, shorts, corn meal and feed always on hand at bottom prices. At the big mill. JNO. R. DAFOE. 3088atf

—Next Friday the Y. P. A. of the Western Methodist church hold a lawn social at the residence and grounds of Mr. J. Dickens, east Napanee. A good programme will be furnished and refreshments will be served Admission, 15 cents.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—On the fourth page of this issue will be found an advertisement, offering for sale a valuable property in South Napanee. It will be sold by public auction at the Campbell house, on Wednesday, July 18th, at 1 p.m., by Thos. Flynn, auctioneer.

—An excursion from Trenton, calling at all bay points, to the Thousand Islands, will be run on August 18th, under the auspices of Hilton circuit, in aid of the funds of the new parsonage. The steamer Quinte has been engaged for the occasion. Full particulars in due time.

—A mass meeting of farmers and fruit growers will be held in the town hall, Picton, on Wednesday and Thursday, July 11 and 12, commencing at 10 o'clock, under the auspices of the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario. Interesting subjects will be discussed. Meetings all open to the public.

—1000 ISLANDS PARK—Rev D.O. Crossley takes his annual excursion to the Thousand Island Park on Saturday, Aug 11, per strs. Hero and Quinte. The Hero starts from Trenton. The Quinte will leave Napanee on arrival of N. T. & Q R. train, and will be in charge of Rev F. B. Stratton, Tamworth.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The str Eleanor and barge Minnie have been in twice this week with stone for the post office and cleared light. The sloop Woodduck was also in twice with lumber for Rathbun. The sloop Murray, of Trenton, was in twice with lumber for Light. The schooner Kate, of Oswego, arrived on Tuesday with coal for the Downey Co. and cleared light.

—In a number of instances those interested have gone outside Napanee for their wedding cakes. Why this has been the case, we are at a loss to know. The past few days Mr W. H. Davis has demonstrated beyond a doubt that it is needless. He has supplied two cakes; one weighing 50lbs and the other 46. Both were handsome

Mens Summer Coats.

We have a large stock of men's cool coats in all styles and at all prices from $1.25 up.

Clothing.

This reminds us of our clothing department. We have ready-made clothing of every description. We make to order clothing of every description. Jas Walters, cutter Our clothing department is the acknowledged leader We have such a large stock to choose from, we have such a superior artist in Mr Walters, that it is surely to the advatnage of every person to buy their clothing from us We are making this department so popular that our numerous customers are publishing its fame far and wide If you are not buying your clothing from us it is high time you did It you buy clothing from us once you will always buy from us.

Boys' Clothing.

Don't forget the boys or the fact that we make a specialty of boys' clothing Bring your boys to us for a handsome suit

Carpets.

We have still quite a large stock of carpets on hand which we will sell you very cheap. Tapestry carpets from 28c per yd up Wool carpets from 85c per yd up Union carpets from 35c per yd up Hemp carpets from 10c per yd up.

ROBINSON & CO

Successors to Downey & Co

black cashmere hose, 25c a pair. C. F. HENDERSON.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—A. S. KIMMERLY continues selling flour and feed cheaper than all grocers

—Don't fail to see that $15 bedroom sett, all hardwood and extra finished, at GIBBARD'S.

—If you want a first-class cooking, parlor or box stove, dumb stove, gallows pipes, T pipes, gimpe pipes, or stove pipes, you will consult your own interests by going to R. G. Wright, opposite the Brisco House.

—A. S. KIMMERLY sells a 3-pound box soda biscuit for 23c.

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon, you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—A new line of solid silver lace pins, etc, for ladies, imported from England, just received at Chinneck's jewelry store. Something choice. Low in price,

—All bedroom setts sold by GIBBARD & SON have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap trash that makes your face look as though you had lost the best friend on earth.

—At Gallagher's bargain house, they have just received their third supply of baby carriages for this season. The reason they have such a rush, is they sell cheaper than any one else in town.

—Our stock is very complete with Spring and Summer Hosiery from the cheapest cotton to the best silk. We have an extra good line in Boy's ribbed knickerbocker hose very cheap. C. F. HENDERSON.

—J. GIBBARD & SON have just manufactured the finest hardwood bedroom sets ever produced in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead, bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

—$5 00 per month will buy a good second hand piano worth $125 Several second hand organs and pianos to rent or will sell at very low price Don't buy an instrument without calling on W D Madden, Napanee All correspandence attended to promptly

Just received a fine line of oil paintings at the seven cent store, also new stock of glassware, tinware, toys, dolls, fancy goods, brooches, cuff buttons, teapots, pails, whisks, brushes, toilet soaps, electric soaps, note paper, tacks, envelopes and thousands of other goods, at the seven cent store, west of the Campbell house

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The only police court news is the fining of Wm. Wallace $2 and costs for being drunk and disorderly.

—Perry & Co. received a ton of Paris green this week, which they are offering away below other dealers. As it is going very fast those desiring any of the bug exterminator, at rock bottom prices, will do well to call at once.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—Every person doing a large business requires a heavy scale of five or ten tons capacity. And business competition is so keen that inventors are hard at work trying to keep up with the times to save time and labor, which are always capital to the most of our business men. The greatest weighing scale at the present time is made by C. WILSON & SON, Esplanade Street, Toronto. It will weigh the coal and subtract the weight of the wagon from the load without the use of any figures. The town of Ridgetown and several other large corporations have purchased them recently.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream st Davis'

—Check Muslins from 5c per yd up at Robinson & Co's

—Although school is about closed for the summer holidays the following, which we clip from an exchange, will be read with interest by teachers, if not by parents: An interesting case has just been decided by Chief Justice Armour. A lady teacher in Ramsay township suspended a boy for misconduct—disobedience—until he should offer an apology. She was backed by the trustees, and the "Old Man" backed the boy by applying for a mandamus to compel his admittance. The judge dimissed the application, ordering the "Old Man" to pay all the cost. His Lordship said that the teacher and trustees were right, and that the father ought to have compelled his son to acknowledge he was wrong in what he did and to go quietly back to school.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

wedding cakes. Why this has been the case, we are at a loss to know. The past few days Mr W. H. Davis has demonstrated beyond a doubt that it is needless. He has supplied two cakes; one weighing 50lbs and the other 46. Both were handsome table ornaments, great taste being shown in the selection of the flowers, etc. And not only were they nice looking but the cake itself was A. 1. This THE EXPRESS can vouch for having been favored with a piece of the former. Photos of the two cakes Mr Davis has on exhibition in his parlors.

—Big Bargains in Carpets at Robinson & Co's

—Argyll Lodge, No 212, I. O. O. F., announce the biggest and best excursion of the season. It will take place on Wednesday next, July 4th, to Cape Vincent and Thousand Islands, per str Quinte. At the Cape there will be one of the largest demonstrations held this year in northern New York. Those desiring may have a delightful sail as far as Wells Island. The 47th batt. brass and string bands have been engaged for the trip. The steamer will leave Napanee at 6 a.m; Deseronto at 6.45; Glenora 8; Adolphustown 8.30; Bath 10; Stella 10.15; all other bay ports when flagged. Passengers from Picton can connect with excursion by taking str Deseronto at 6 a.m. Returning will leave Cape Vincent after the fireworks and evening demonstration. Tickets—Napapanee and Deseronto, single $1; double $1.50; Picton to Adolphustown, 75c; Bath to Stella, 50c. Meals served on board—breakfast and supper 26c; dinner 35c. State rooms under the direction of the committee.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—Saturday last among the many teams standing on the market was Mr. Marshal Wagar's. Becoming frightened at a piece of paper flying about, the horses started out from their place in the row and turning west started to runaway with Mrs Wagar in the wagon. The commotion occasioned four other teams to start off, and it looked as though there was going to be a general stampede. Fortunately the four were checked in time to save damage. Not so with Mr Wagar's, however. They continued west, increasing their speed as they proceeded. Shortly after they cleared the other rigs, Mr G. W. Wagar, son of the owner, ran out and caught the rein of the off horse, but could not stop them. At the corner of Centre-st the horses turned north and in doing so threw the wagon almost entirely off the street. The young man was here thrown to the ground, and narrowly escaped being trampled on and run over. After throwing Mrs Wagar and the contents of the vehicle out, the wagon was carried on to the corner of Bridge-st, Here the horses took one on each side of the telegraph pole. Breaking the double tree in two the animals were free of the wagon. One was caught before proceeding further; the other continued north with G.W. after him as hard as he could run. The horse was captured on the common near the railroad track. Both animals were slightly hurt in the feet, but nothing serious. One hind wheel of the wagon was "dished" and the double-tree broken. Mrs Wagar, who was thrown on the sidewalk, was at first thought to be seriously injured as blood was running from her nose and she could not straighten up. A doctor being close at hand was immediately at her side, and had her assisted to Mr Smith's shop. On examination it was found that she was more stunned than injured. After resting a little she revived and when the rig was ready proceeded with her husband to the home in Camden. Mr. G. W. Wagar had his pants torn and received a bruise on the knee; otherwise he was not injured.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—Hugh Rankin is having an electric light put in his hotel this week. Hugh manages to keep fully abreast of the times.

—The Western Methodist church choir have tendered the leadership, made vacant through the removal of Mrs. H.W. Casey, to Mr. H. V. Fralick. He has accepted and will assume charge next Sunday.

—We are requested to state that the Mechanics' Institute excursion and fireworks at Davy's Island have, on account of the rain, been postponed until this (Friday) evening. The boat will leave the wharf at 7.30 p.m.

—Monday next, July 2nd, the str. Reindeer runs an excursion, in connection with the N. T. & Q. R., from Tamworth and points along the line of railway to Massassaga Point and Belleville. At the latter place the Canadian Wheelmen's Association have races, fancy riding, etc. The rate from Tamworth and return is $1 ; Yarker, 75c, and Napanee 50c. The boat will leave Downey's wharf at 8.30 a.m., and return in time to catch the Tamworth train.

—On Saturday, Jersey ice cream at Davis'

—The Salvation Army at this place hold a monstrous jubilee in the opera hall, on Wednesday, July 11th. It will be led by Comr. T. B. Coombs, who will be assistep by Major Bailey, chief of staff; Majors Glover, Woolley and Spooner; Staff-Capts. Morris, D.O., Baugh, D.O., F. Simeo; Adjts. Philpott and wife, Bolton, Evans, Marshall, with officers and soldiers from surrounding stations. Admission by ticket 10 cents.

—Ginghams fast colors at 6c per yard at Robinson & Co's

Mr Emsley's Farewell.

Sunday evening last the Rev W. H. Emsley occupied the pulpit of the Eastern Methodist church for the last time as pastor of the term just expired. The church was well filled, representatives being in attendance from each of the Protestant and R. C. churches. The opening hymn was the 612th and the reading lesson the 34th Psalm, both appropriate to the occasion, as was also the anthem, "Onward," by the choir. The text was Eph. 6 : 10—"Finally, my brethren, be strong in the Lord, and in the power of His might." It is needless to say that the discourse was a good one. Mr Emsley appeared to be fully at home as ever, although he at the close said that it was with considerable difficulty he preached. He reviewed the history of the church from its inception to the present age, and held Christ up as a noble example. He offered kind words of advice to the congregation—the young people were asked to select the best literature and avoid flippancy of life ; the church to avoid formality which stifles enthusiasm and to be strong in faith, in prayer and the consolation which history brings. The three years he had spent in Napanee had been three happy years. Although the work on his part had been inperfect, he had striven to exalt Jesus only—never to stand between Christ and man. Whilst in Napanee he had had many joys here it was that his greatest sorrow had come upon him—the death of his father. He thanked the friends, not only of his own congregation but of all for the very great kindness shown him. He hoped by the grace of God to meet all in the better land. The rev. gentleman closed with some good advice regarding the incoming pastor—receive him kindly, give him hearty sympathy and do not keep reminding him of the one just gone—and a prayer that heaven's choicest blessings might rest on all. Mr Emsley omitted the closing exercise and upon the voluntary, usually played during the lifting of the collection, being finished, arose and

CRICKET.

As announced the military cadets of Kingston visited Napanee on Saturday last and played a game with our cricketers in the afternoon. It was a day off for scoring, particularly with Napanee, as will be seen by the score given below. The local team won the game by four wickets.

CADETS.

1st innings.		2nd innings.	
A Cayley, b Williams	9	c Daly, b Burrows	6
E Morris, b Williams	3	not out	15
B Allan, run out	17	b Burrows	0
D Jones, cRichardson, b Williams	0	b Williams	3
Capt Straubenzie, Stp Richson b Williams	3	l. b. w., b Williams	2
G Kenny, b Williams	1	l. b. w., b Williams	0
J Smart, c&b Burrows	0	run out	0
C Farrell, b Burrows	0	c Rich'son, b Burrows	1
B Wilson, c Burrows b Williams	0	b Burrows	0
J Murphy, b Burrows	8	b Burrows	0
F Barker, b Burrows	2	c Williams, b Burrows	0
A Bremner	5	c Daly, b Williams	0
Byes	5	Byes	5
	56		32

NAPANEE.

1st innings.		2nd innings.	
F S Richardson, c&b Allan	0	c & b Allan	0
G A Maybee, run out	2	c Barker, b Allan	13
Jno Daly, c Kenny	4	c Wilson, b Allan	0
C W Williams, b Allan	5	c Kenny, b Allan	0
G Burrows, c Allan, b Straubenzie	3	c Allan, b Morris	0
F Daly, c Jones	9	b Morris	0
W Daly, run out	14	c & b Morris	0
J Herring, c&b Wilson	13	c Straubenzie, b Morris	0
Dr Leonard, b Straubenzie	0	Run out	0
F Young, c Jones, b Straubenzie	4	Not out	0
—McLeod, b Jones	2	c Kenny, b Morris	4
—Stokes, not out	6	c Straubenzie, b Morris	0
Byes	7	Byes	5
	69		23

Napanee Cheese Board.

The board met on Wednesday afternoon, with a very small attendance at the opening.

The following boarded, the cable being reported at 44 :

	White.	Colored.
Enterprise		100
Forest Mills		50
Gould		100
Odessa		100
Conway		70
Napanee	90	60
Bath	50	
Union		100
Albert		100
Money More		50
Reed		15
Rose Bud	30	
Clark's Mills		75
Newburgh		100
Platt	70	
Selby		100
Phenix	40	
Centreville		150
Wilton		100
Amherst Island	70	
Sheffield		80
Empey		100
	350	1450

The train being late only two buyers were present. The time of the meeting was taken up by talking over the matter of constitution, it being shown by Mr Storr that there was considerable discrepancy in the laws governing the board.

On motion of Messrs Storr and Whelan the following were appointed a committee to examine and revise the constitution, to report at next meeting : The president, secretary, Gould, Madden, Thompson and the mover and seconder—the president to be the convener. Carried.

The board adjourned until 3.30.

The board met again according to adjournment, with the following buyers in attendence : Thompson, Dickey, Downey, Bartlett, Madden, Stewart and McCargar.

The first bid was by Thompson, 8⅞ for the board, which ran up to 9⅛ by Bartlett, after which selections were made.

All the factories having colored accepted Thompson's bid of 9⅛, except Conway and

—Do you want to borrow money on real estate? If so apply to J.C. Drewry.

—Having sold out to Mr. E. M. Fralick who will continue the business, we beg to recommend him to our customers and others All accounts must be paid as we must close up our books. Accounts will be left at Gibson & Clute's law office, where parties will please call and settle. E. F. Vanluven & Co. 2788dtf

—The druggists take different means of announcing to the public that they have Paris green for sale. Detlor & Fullerton by a handsomely painted sign of potato bug with the words "Paris green" above it; A. W. Grange & Bro. by painting a plank in front of each of their doors green and similar lettering; Perry & Co by an imitation bug shell painted green, on which is painted a bug and appropriate lettering.

—Sunday evening the general capt. Nicholson of the Hero was relieved of a gold watch and chain. They were taken while that officer was at supper at Bellevllie. The chief of police was at work on the case, and about prepared to arrest a suspected party when a respectable citizen returned the watch, saying his son took it and was trying to trade it for a pocket-knife at school when the ownership was discovered.

Its superior excellence proven in millions o homes for more than a quarter of a century. I is used by the United States Government, endors ed by the heads of the great Universities, as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia Lime or Alumn Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER Co.

FOR SALE

—BY—

THE DOWNEY CO

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Choice Cornmeal
Choice Flour,

At Lowest Prices

ALSO

gone—and a prayer that heaven's choicest blessings might rest on all. Mr Emsley omitted the closing exercise and upon the voluntary, usually played during the lifting of the collection, being finished, arose and addressing the congregation, said: "I again wish you all good bye; may God bless you" and decended the platform

Yesterday the rev. gentleman and his family left for their new home at Brockville. They were escorted to the station by a number of friends. In Mr Emsley, Napanee loses a good man—a man respected, not because of his ability as a minister only, but for his many other good qualities. All join in wishing him every success on his new field.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

SHARP.

Saturday last death removed from our midst a well known figure, in the person of old Mr. Robt Sharp. About two weeks ago the old gentleman had a paralytic stroke, from which he never recovered, although not completely helpless. He was quite conscious up to the last and died quite easily. For over twenty years Mr. Sharp was a resident of Napanee, and worked here at the tailoring during a considerable portion of the time. For the last two years he has been very stooped, but up to that time was an exceedingly upright figure. He was born at Quebec and at an early age started out to see the world for himself, travelling through a great portion of Canada and many of the States. Mr. Sharp leaves a wife and only daughter, Mrs W. A. Baker, to mourn his loss.

ROE.

Wednesday Mr Alex H. Roe, third son of the late A. H. Roe, M. P. P., died at Wingham, in his nineteenth year. Alex had been poorly all winter and at Easter give up teaching, which he had followed for some time—the first year at the school on the Kingston road east of Napanee and latterly at Mount Pleasant school, on the Belleville road—with the view of recruiting. He commenced to improve and his many friends thought that he would soon be in his usual health. About a month ago he left for Wingham to spend a time with the family of his uncle, Alfred Roe, Esq. Nothing unfavorable was heard until a week ago when word was received that he had had a bad attack of what the doctor said was bronchial asthma. His eldest sister at that time proceeded to Wingham and was pleased to send word that he had recovered and was out of danger. By the noon mail of Wednesday his mother received a letter penned by himself stating that he felt as well as when he left here. The feelings of the mother can be better imagined than described when we state that in the evening word was received that he had been again attacked and half an hour after another telegram announcing his death. Miss Roe, along with the uncle, accompanied the remains to Napanee on last night's train. The funeral will take place to-day at 2 p.m. from the house, Centre-st, to the church of England; thence to the Napanee cemetery.

CULHANE.

Another of our young men departed this life this week, in the person of Mr Wm Culhane. For some time he had been ailing from that generally fatal disease, consumption. Last fall he visited Denver, Col., for the benefit of his health, but it did not appear to do him any good. About two months ago he returned and since has been visiting friends here and at Deseronto. At the time of his death he was stopping at his uncle's, Mr McCallum, at the Indian Woods, near Deseronto. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon, the remains being interred in the R. C. cemetery here.

The first bid was by Thompson, 8⅞ for the board, which ran up to 9¼ by Bartlett, after which selections were made.

All the factories having colored accepted Thompson's bid of 9¼, except Conway and Centreville.

Bath accepted Thompson's offer of 9½.

Bartlett's offer of 9½ was accepted by Platt.

Centreville and Conway sold to Downey for 9⅞c.

McCargar bought Napanee's make of white at 9½c.

Bartlett's offer of 9½ for Amherst Island, subject to inspection at Montreal, was accepted.

Phenix and Rosebud did not sell

Choice Flour,

At Lowest Prices

ALSO

Cracked Corn,
Cracked Peas,
Bran and Shorts

THE DOWNEY CO

3188atf

CANNED SOUPS.

We have now in stock the following delicious soups in 2 lb tins:

OX TAIL, GIBLET, CHICKEN, HARE, VERMICELLI KIDNEY, VEGETABLE, JULIENNE and MULLIGATAWNEY.

—ALSO—

Canned Compressed Corned Beef
Canned Ham, Chicken and Tongue
Canned Sandwich Ham
Canned Lunch Tongue,
Canned Lambs Tongue,
Canned English Luncheon Beef,
Canned Pigs Feet
Canned Chicken,
Canned Turkey

—AND—

Chicken, Ham and Tongue Sausage in lb pieces

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Harshaw block, Napanee 2388ly

TEA TEA TEA

Having purchased from the Ontario Tea Company their stock of Tea at very much less than cost, I will give the people of these counties great bargains.

50 cent Tea for 35 cents per lb.
40 cent Tea for 30 cents per lb.
75 cent Tea for 50 cents per lb.

Give this Tea a trial, save a few dollars and at the same time get a good article.

MY WAGONS WILL START AT ONCE.

Z. VANLUVEN.

Moscow, May 28, 1888. 2788tf

New Departure

After July 20th I will sell for CASH, and cash only. My choice stock of Groceries, Shorts, Bran and Feed of all kinds will be offered at great reductions.

3288ly G. I. HAM.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

J. A. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT.,

THE

Napanee Agricultural Works

OFFER A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

CORN AND POTATO CULTIVATORS.

Two styles are shown—the "Iron Duke" iron frame cultivator, and the "Herring Wooden Frame Cultivator." Several styles of steels can be selected from.

These cultivators are strongly made, the "Iron Duke" being a very ingenious piece of workmanship. Prices low.

Parties raising potatoes or corn will be amply repaid for the comparatively small investment by the increased output and the great saving of labor.

THE HERRING IMPROVED

New Model Mower

is again confidently placed before the farmers of these counties as a mower capable of doing work in a manner unsurpassed.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway Company will be held at the Company's offices, in the town of Napanee, on

Monday, August 13, '88,

at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of directors and general business.

W. R. AYLSWORTH,
Vice-President.

Napanee, Ont., June 25th, 1888. 3188d

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a court will be held pursuant to the statute in that behalf, by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the Town Hall of the Township of North Fredericksburgh, on FRIDAY, the 20th day of July, 1888, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to hear and determine the several complaints against the Assessment Roll of the said Township of North Fredericksburgh for the current year 1888.

All persons having business at the court are required to attend at the said time and place.

Dated this 7th day of July, 1888.

3188b P. R. McCABE,
Clerk of the said Municipality.

VOTERS' LIST, 1888.

Municipality of the Township of Adolphustown, County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of the "Voters' List Act," the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered, of the list made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said Municipality, to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal elections; and that said list was first posted up in my office at Adolphustown, on the 10th day of July, 1888, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine said list and if any omissions or other errors are found therein to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

3188a RED DORLAND,
July 10th, 1888. Township Clerk.

VOTERS' LIST, 1888.

Municipality of the United Townships of Denbigh, Alinger and Ashby, County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of "The Voters' Lists Act," the copies required by said sections to be so transmitted or delivered, of the list made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at the Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Denbigh on the 30th day of June, 1888, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omissions or other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

Dated at Denbigh this 4th day of July, 1888.

3188a PAUL STEIN,
Clerk of the said Municipality.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

In the township of North Fredericksburgh, being part of lots 25 and 26 in the 4th con., containing 86 acres, situated in a healthy and pleasant location, close by Fredericksburgh station on the G T R Good buildings and never-failing well on premises; eighty acres cleared Good heavy soil watered by living stream running through it Will sell farm and crop, most grain; or farm only. Terms easy Apply on premises or by letter to

MRS ELIAS SMITH,
3188mtf Chambers, Ont

LOOK INTO THE

RESERVE BONUS PLAN

—OF THE—

Standard Life Assurance Co'y.

$100,000,000 Assurances. $32,500 000 Funds.

G. A. GATON
General Agent for the County

81y

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE CHANCERY DIVISION.

BETWEEN

The Hastings Loan and Investment Society vs Sager, et al

Pursuant to the judgment and order of this honorable court made in this action, there will be sold by

Public Auction,

with the approbation of SAMUEL SHAW LAZIER, Esq, Local Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario at Belleville,

AT THE COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE,

AT THE HOUR OF TWO O'CLOCK P. M. ON

Saturday, July 14, 1888

The following valuable

Grist Mill Property

Being composed of all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the village of Newburgh, in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, described in a deed from George Madden to the said Michael Davern, bearing date the 24th day of June, A.D. 1870, as follows; that is to say, as laid down on a plan of that part of said village, situated on the rear of Lot No. Seventeen, in the First

ers of these counties as a mower capable of doing work in a manner unsurpassed.

Its simplicity commends itself, and the unsolicited praise bestowed on it last season by all purchasers and eyewitnesses of its working lead us to assert that it

Has no Superior

whole list of Canadian mowers. We confidently ask you to examine it, knowing you will be favorably impressed Call and see the Mower at our works.

We trust to merit add receive, as formerly, the patronage of the people of these counties, and we invite all to inspect our works and view for themselves the large quantity of implements being turned out.

We call your attention especially to the

NEW SULKY PLOW

we are this season turning out. Kindly call and inspect it.

Buy Early and get the Advantage of Low Figures.

JOHN HERRING

Napanee Agricultural Works.

Dated at Denbigh this 4th day of July, 1888.

3388a PAUL STEIN,
Clerk of the said Municipality.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE BY TENDER.

IN THE MATTER OF ANDREW E. MARKLAND, OF THE VILLAGE OF TAMWORTH, TANNER, AN INSOLVENT.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up till 8 p. m.,

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1888.

addressed to Tamworth, and marked "Tenders for Stock," for the personal estate of the above-named insolvent, consisting of

Leather, tanned and in process of tanning	$619 19
Tan material	70 82
Machinery, plant, etc.	505 50
Book accounts	69 03
Total	$1264 54

Tenders to be at a rate on the $, as per the inventory. Any or all tenders may be rejected. The stock and machinery may be seen at any time at the tannery in the Village of Tamworth, and the stock list by applying to the undersigned.

TERMS CASH.

HIRAM KEECH, Assignee.

Tamworth, July 10th, 1888. 3388a

FOR SALE.

The following valuable property will be offered at Public Auction on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1888,

At the hour of one o'clock p.m., at the Campbel House, by Thos. Flynn, Auctioneer.

72 acres of land, composed of the southerly part of the west half of lot No. 17 in the 6th concession of North Fredericksburgh, adjoining the town of Napanee, known as the property of Thos. Briggs.

The property is delightfully situated and within ten minutes walk of the post office in the central part of the town of Napanee.

The land is of excellent quality and well adapted for market gardening and agricultural purposes, and suitable for being laid out in building and park lots.

This is a favorable opportunity for a safe and profitable investment, lying as it does so close and convenient to the Napanee market and business part of the town. Possession given on completion of sale.

Terms easy—Made known at the time of sale.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to

THOS. BRIGGS, Kingston,
or THOS. FLYNN, Auctioneer, Napanee.

June 25th, 1888.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold by public auction,

AT THE TOWN HALL, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, ON

SATURDAY, JULY 28th, 1888.

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Fredericksburgh, in the county of Lennox and Addington, in the province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement ten acres be the same more or less, and being composed, (1) of that part of lot No. 20 in the 7th con. of the said township of Fredericksburgh, known as lot letter A according to a plan of the west half of said lot made by F. W. Nash, Provincial Land Surveyer. (2) Of a part of the west half of said lot No. 20, in the 7th concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh, which said parcel of land is more fully described in a deed thereof from Benjamin Clark and Amantha Clark his wife to William King, dated on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1843, and registered in the Registry office of the county of Lennox and Addington on the 23rd day of October, A.D. 1845.

This property is conveniently situated about one mile from Napanee. The soil is good and on the premises is a young orchard.

Terms of sale will be made known at time of sale. For further particulars apply to

JOHN SNOOK, Esq.,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Napanee, June 28th, 1888. 3389

George Madden to the said Michael Davern, bearing date the 24th day of June, A.D. 1870, as follows; that is to say, as laid down on a plan of that part of said village, situated on the rear of Lot No. Seventeen, in the First Concession of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, commencing on the east side of Main street on the line between the property of George and Sylvester Madden; thence in an easterly direction along the said line three hundred and sixty-two feet; thence southerly one hundred and thirty-seven feet across the canal to a line between George Madden and D. B. Stickney; thence southwesterly along the line between George Madden and D. B. Stickney forty-eight feet; thence southerly ninety feet more or less to the road running from Main street to D. B. Stickney's foundry; thence westerly along the north side of said road leading to D. B. Stickney's foundry one hundred and fifty-two feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Main street one hundred feet more or less to a road leading from Main street to the axe factory of R. F. Hope; thence westerly one hundred and eight feet to Main street; thence northerly along the east side of Main street to the place of beginning. Upon which land is erected a grist mill, house, mill shed and driving house, together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging; which said land and premises may be otherwise known as part of the lot or parcel the registered map or plan of the village of Newburgh, in the Township of Camden aforesaid, marked "G. Madden."

Together with and also the first right to the flow and the use of sufficient water flowing through the canal leading from the canal to the grist mill aforesaid to run two run of mill stones and the necessary machinery connected therewith in the state and position, and with appliances and wheels in use at said grist mill on the said 24th day of June, 1870, or such other machinery as would require an equal propelling power.

Also the right to use water for two additional run of stones when there is sufficient water in said canal in excess of the first right aforesaid, after Edward Jones or his privies in estate takes from the canal the water directed to them; and D. B. Stickney or his privies in estate takes what he is entitled to, and water equal in quantity to that leased at the date of the said deed (24th June, 1870) to R. F. Hope and Mr. Gaston. The said Edward Jones being now represented by John D. Ham, and said Hope and Gaston now represented by Billings Asselstine.

Together with all estates, rights, privileges or easements by him, said grantor, possessed, used or engaged to, in, or over, the tail-race from the above-described grist mill, upon condition that the said grantee, his heirs or assigns, shall be at half the expense of keeping the dam, raceway or canal, in an efficient state of repair.

Together with all the rights granted by said deed to the said Michael Davern, his heirs and assigns, to cross over and use such portions of the lands of the said George Madden, or which were the property of the said George Madden on the 24th day of June, 1870, as might be necessary or required to upon said dam and canal or raceway.

Reserving the right of the road leading from Main street to the old axe factory for the use and benefit of the public as a general highway or road.

There are erected upon said premises a stone grist mill, 40x60, 2½ storeys high, with three run of stones, mill shed, driving house and two-storey stone house.

The above property is situated in the village of Newburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, about eight miles from the Town of Napanee, and is a valuable water privilege situated on the Napanee river.

The said property will be sold subject to a reserve bid fixed by the said Master.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of the purchase money at the time of sale, and the balance in one month thereafter.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Geo. D. Dickson, Q.C., Belleville.

Dated 13th June, 1888.

(Signed) S. S. LAZIER,
Local Master.

GEO. D. DICKSON,
Solicitor for Vendor, 3388c

EXPRESS

New Departure

After July 20th I will sell for CASH, and cash only. My choice stock of Groceries, Shorts, Bran and Feed of all kinds will be offered at great reductions.

3288ly G. I. HAM.

[$1.50 if not paid till end of year,

, FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1888. **VOL. XXVII. No. 33**

MILK CASE.

Skimmed and Diluted Milk Furnished Empey Cheese Factory.

Wednesday Mr. Ira Pringle appeared before Magistrate Doller to answer a charge, preferred by Inspector Rollins, of supplying Empey cheese factory with skimmed and diluted milk. Mr. S. B. Burdett, M. P., of Belleville, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. W. S. Herrington, of Herrington & Warner, Napanee, for the defence.

At the opening the plaintiff's counsel objected to the jurisdiction of the justice, as he was interested in a cheese factory, being president of the Napanee factory.

The following evidence was taken:

JAS. LUCAS, sworn, said.—I draw milk to the Empey cheese factory; drew milk on the 5th to the factory; I got the milk on the stand at Ira Pringle's; I am acquainted with Mr. Pringle; saw him put milk in the cans when I drew it; I quite often see himself and the rest of his family; himself and family live by themselves; I live two and a half miles from Pringle's; saw Mr. Cleall at the factory; don't remember pointing out Mr. Pringle's milk to Mr. Cleall; I supposed Mr. Cleall was at the factory for the purpose of testing milk; he took a sample from each can; my particular business was to deliver the milk of the patrons at the factory; each persons can was delivered separately at the factory; never delivered one man's milk as the property of another; if I did point out or call out Mr. Pringle's milk to Mr. Cleall, I did it truly; I saw Mr. Cleall take samples of the milk for the purpose of testing it; the milk I received was delivered as I received it from the patrons; the milk I took from Mr. Pringle's stand was delivered in the same state at the factory; Mr. Pringle's can had his name upon it; Mr. Pringle has resided continuously on the same farm; Mr. Pringle told me that if it was watered, some other person had done it; this conversation took place the next morning after the inspector was there; it took place at the milk stand; he told me the inspector had accused him of watering his milk; he said if it was watered some other person had done it; suggested that some person from a distance might have done it; the first conversation with him was on the morning of the sixth; I may have had several conversations with him since; don't remember just the number of times I have talked with him since; may have talked with him two or three times since; have talked to several respecting the matter; Mr. Pringle asked me if I saw any difference in his can of milk on the morning of the fifth; I told him I did not; I told him I did not look at his milk that morning; I thought he poured a pail of milk in his can off the stand that morning; I delivered his milk at the factory; I told him I did not notice his milk particularly at the stand; don't think I said to Mr. Pringle that I made a mistake in handing his milk over to the factory.

P. E. R. MILLER, sworn, said:—I am tested at the Empey cheese factory, according to the tests made of Mr. Pringle's milk, showed that the cream had been removed and the milk watered; the average of the gauge is from 1 to 1½ inch; never knew pure milk to show as low as ½ inch; the standard of the ether gauge would be from 9 to 12; never knew June milk to show as low as 6 marks on the ether test; there have been five cases within my jurisdiction tried in court and eight or nine cases confessed; there have been no cases appealed; there was a case that tested 7 in this county and the party confessed; the Association have Mr. Rollins and James Whitton employed as inspectors; they are subject to my direction. Cross-examined—My jurisdiction extends from Toronto to Quebec; the lactometer and cream gauge combined are reliable and accurate.

ROBERT ROLLINS, sworn, said:—I am milk inspector, appointed by the Dairymen's Association; tested the milk given me by Mr. Cleall as Mr. Pringle's milk; I made two tests; the milk was placed in compartment 30 of the box; the tests were properly and accurately made; the milk was in a proper state to give it a fair test; pure milk at that factory should show from 1 to 1½ in. on the gauge and by the cream test 10 marks; I tested four samples with the ether test; showed from 8 to 11 marks except Mr. Pringle's which showed four marks; I tested 61 samples; the tests averaged from 1 to 1½ in.; the tests were all properly made; the milk said to be Mr. Pringle's had been watered and skimmed; I pronounced it so before testing it; there is no doubt of the ether test being accurate and reliable; Mr. Cleall was with me and I left him at the factory while I went to Mr. Pringle's to get the milk; he said the milk I tested was the same as got from him; I told him the milk was poor, the worst I had tested this season; I milked two cows out clean; the milk that was taken from the cows that evening was less than half that morning; the nights milk would be generally more than the mornings; I tested that with the ether test and it showed nine marks; that test was properly made, as well as the others, and Mr. Pringle's milk of that day should show 9 marks. Cross-examined.—Went to Empey factory on the evening of the fouth of July; I am informed in this case the first milk I tested at the factory was Mr. Pringle's; I always make the tests by the cream gauge; I tested Mr. Pringle's milk by the two processes because the milk was poor; the ether test and lactometer combined are reliable; the ether test alone is reliable; the cream gauge and lactometer are reliable; the cream gauge and lactometer combined would be accurate and reliable in testing; No. 30, the milk I think delivered to the factory, was in four pails; I don't think there was 70 lbs of milk; the cows did not appear to be milked out; I tested milk to-day with the ether test, given to me as Mr. Pringle's milk.

GEORGE CLEALL, on being recalled, said:—The milk Mr. Rollins tested to-day was taken out of Mr. Pringle's can at the factory, after it was turned out of the can into the weigh can, and it showed 12 marks.

Defendant's counsel objected on the ground that the milk was not identified. He further objected that before a prima facie case could be made out the comparison must be made in accordance with section 7 of the statute providing against frauds in the supplying of milk to cheese factories.

The plaintiff's counsel refused to allow Mr. and Mrs. Pringle to give evidence and the case was closed.

The court, after a short adjournment, reassembled, when Magistrate Doller gave his decision to the effect that the case was proven, and fined Mr. Pringle $40 and costs, $9.50

Mr Pringle has decided to appeal the case to

LOCAL.

—Town council next Monday evening.

—At the promotion examinations in Deseronto several teachers sent up pupils, chiefly in the junior divisions, merely for practice.

—The good little Sunday School pupil now yearns for the annual picnic and will be promptly in class until the event is a reality.

—A party drove through the ranks of the Deseronto Salvation Army procession and the affair will be probably ventilated in the police court at Belleville.

—We regret that we are unable to present our readers with the cut of the Rennie block which we hoped to give this week. It will follow in the course of a few weeks.

—The str. Quinte came to Napanee on Friday afternoon last with a large load of excursionists, the occasion being the annual outing of John st. Presbyterian church of Belleville.

—The Montreal Star newspaper announces that hereafter it will accept no complimentary tickets or passes, but it will pay its way and report on matters on their merits. The Star is sensible for once.

—The star spangled banner was seen defiantly doxting to the breeze on the flag staff over the office of the Secretary of the Liberal Conservative Association of Deseronto on the 4th of July. Significent surely.

—W. McGill, Camden, has sold thirty one steers to John Elliott, Kingston, for shipment to England. The price paid was 5¼ cents per lb. live weight, 3 per cent. for shrinkage. The net weight was 39,375 lbs.

—Long Island Watermelons at Davis'

—The voter's lists for the township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby have been issued by THE EXPRESS office and are now in hands of the clerk for distribution. There are 192 names on the list, 42 of which are jurors.

—The Rev. James Curts and family received a very hearty welcome at their new home in Oakwood. Upon their arrival they were accorded a very cordial reception in the lecture room of the chuch where the ladies had made bountiful preparations. After refreshments were served and words of welcome and good cheer given, the introduction was closed with prayer.

—A fine new ten-ft. sidewalk has been laid down in front of Lahey & McKenty's dry goods store. It was done under the supervision of St. Com. Chairman Davis and Chief Allen, who were assisted in the instruction line by quite a number of outsiders. When it came to sawing the outer edge straight, friend T. G's. instructions were useless. Mordecai Sanderson, the contractor, knew how to do it and had his way too.

—The excursion of the Eastern Methodist Sabbath School on Tuesday last was an enjoyable one. The str. Quinte left the wharf here about 9 o'clock with a good load, and returned again at 6.30 p.m, without the least occurrence of any kind happening to mar the day's pleasure. The committee, which we stated last week were

tory; I told him I did not notice his milk particularly at the stand; don't think I said to Mr. Pringle that I made a mistake in handing his milk over to the factory.

P. E. R. MILLER, sworn, said:—I am manager of the Empey cheese factory; I was with the inspector at Mr. Pringle's on the fifth to get milk to test; he attempted to milk some of his cows; I saw the milk in the cans. Cross-examined—Did not authorize, appoint, or tell Mr. Rollins to test Mr. Pringle's milk; Mr. Rollins and Mr. Pringle's family milked the cows and put the milk in the can; the cows were milked about 6 o'clock; would have perhaps gave more if they had been milked at 7; think there was not the ordinary quantity of milk in the can; I judged there was fifty-five pounds of milk in Mr. Pringle's can; the can when full I think would hold about two hundred pounds; think the can was thirty inches high; think there was twelve inches of milk in the can.

THOMAS EMPEY, sworn, said:—I am owner of the Empey cheese factory; never got notice from Mr. Pringle that his milk was skimmed or diluted with water; I did not authorize or appoint Mr. Rollins to test the milk at Mr. Pringle's.

GEORGE CLEALL, sworn, said:—I have been a cheesemaker about twenty years; have had occasion several times during that time to test milk; was at the factory on the morning of the fifth; saw the milk of the evening of the fourth and morning of the fifth delivered at the Empey cheese factory; that load was delivered by Mr. Lucas; he called out the name of Ira Pringle as he put his can upon the scales; I took samples of his milk and samples of about sixty-four from other cans too; I took the proper means to test all the samples; the tests were fairly and properly made; ordinary milk as taken from the cow will average from one inch to one and a half inches; Mr. Pringle's milk averaged one-fourth inch; the other samples tested about one inch; all were fair samples; Mr. Pringle's was the lowest; don't think there was any of the other samples quite half so bad as Mr. Pringle's; was not at Mr. Pringle's home; saw Mr. Rollins test Mr. Pringle's milk with the ether test; I saw him test it; I think the test was properly made; the test showed four marks each; the average test in that factory is about ten marks; tested four samples with ether test; the lowest was eight marks, except Mr. Pringle's; I made an average test; the sample next to Mr. Pringle's was the next lowest; I think these tests are reliable; I would judge the milk had been watered; I would judge from its low test that it had been both skimmed and watered. Cross-examined—The cream gauge I tested Mr. Pringle's milk with I took with me from my own factory; don't know that Mr. Gerow put the No. 30 opposite Mr. Pringle's name; I heard Mr. Gerow say he did; I think the milk had not been tampered with while being transferred; I arrived at the factory in the night; I unlocked the box in the morning after the delivery of the milk, and the milk drawer had left; the test was under my supervision during the time of the delivery of the milk, about 1½ hours, and don't think any person could possibly have touched the box containing the test; the only knowledge I had that Mr. Pringle's milk had been put into No. 30 was that the milk drawer called out Mr. Pringle's name and I called 30, and Mr. Gerow put it down.

J. K. MCCARGAR, sworn, said:—I am president of the Eastern Dairymen's Association; have had experience in testing milk for 14 or 15 years; if tests are properly made there can be no mistake as to the accuracy of the tests, and I have never known to fail if properly made; the milk and Mrs. Pringle to give evidence and the case was closed.

The court, after a short adjournment, reassembled, when Magistrate Doller gave his decision to the effect that the case was proven, and fined Mr. Pringle $40 and costs, $9.50

Mr Pringle has decided to appeal the case to the quarter sessions, the papers for which were served yesterday.

CHEESE.

Inspector Rollins, who has been in this section for some time, has had a number of excuses offered him by those interferring with their milk. The principal one advanced is that the cans were interferred with during the night. Mr. Rollins asks that all patrons look into their cans before pouring in their morning's milk. It can easily be seen whether the milk has been tampered with after they have stood a couple of hours.

Inspector Rollins and Mr. Cleall have been diligent in their work of inspecting the milk furnished the factories in this section, and have succeeded in bringing to book a number of law-breakers. On Saturday a patron of Napanee factory acknowledged skimming his milk and paid $25 in settlement. Another party, a patron of Sillsville factory, also acknowledged the corn and settled by paying a like amount. As these cases were not called in court, and at the request of the inspector, we withhold the names of those guilty.

EARTHQUAKE.

The Citizens Considerably Startled Sunday Evening

On Sunday night between 10 and 11 the residents of Napanee were startled by an exceedingly loud sharp crack, as though a dynamite explosion had taken place, followed by a rumbling noise. THE EXPRESS was awake at the time and heard it distinctly. We were rather startled to be sure, but looked upon it as a sharp peal of thunder, having experienced similar reports before. We were therefore surprised next morning on being accosted by several with the question "Did you hear the earthquake?" and later on to find that the general belief was that the shock was that of an earthquake. All morning it was considerably discussed. The noise was very loud and lasted only a few seconds. Some give it as ten seconds; others fifteen; some half a minute and others a minute. Not having "kept time" we are not in a position to give the exact duration, but are aware that in less time than it takes to write it it was all over. It made the houses tremble, shook the windows, rattled shutters, etc. No damage was done as far as we have been able to learn.

It appears to have been pretty general in this section, being felt at Belleville, Madoc, Tweed, Tamworth, Enterprise, Camden East, and slightly at Kingston.

First reports stated that goods were thrown from the shelves of a store in Tamworth, but we are unable to secure reliable information regarding such.

In the neighborhood of Bath it was felt, much the same as at Napanee.

At Belleville it shook the windows and rattled the shutters. One who heard it plainly, said it resembled the noise of an omnibus going rapidly over a stone pavement.

The campers at Thompson's Point heard it, the noise resembling that of distant thunder.

Our correspondent at Odessa writes thus regarding the shock there: "At this place the rumbling was as if some buggy had passed rapidly over the iron bridge; that's all."

The shock was slightly felt at Desoronto.

Undeniably True.

I have used Dr Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and [illegible] in my family for complaint, I was [illegible] and can truly say [illegible] Alexander [illegible] Co.

an enjoyable one. The str. Quinte left the wharf here about 9 o'clock with a good load, and returned again at 6.30 p.m, without the least occurrence of any kind happening to mar the day's pleasure. The committee, which we stated last week were appointed to go to Rednerville to complete arrangements for the picnic, upon visiting the place found that it would be preferable to hold the gathering at Massassaga. This was accordingly done, and the 208 scholars put in a most happy day there. Some of the excursionists continued the journey to Belleville, and a few to Rednerville.

—Long Island watermelons at Davis'.

—Wednesday afternoon Napanee was visited by the wind storm of the season. About 3 o'clock it blew a perfect hurricane for a time, being closely followed by a very short heavy fall of rain. This cleared off and the elements remained fairly calm until evening, when a regular cyclone set in. Dust blew in every direction, making travel exceedingly unpleasant. The damage reported consisted of breaking trees off, knocking fences down, blowing fruit to the ground in large quantity, and tossing loose articles on the street around in great style. The storm had a decidedly cooling effect upon the atmosphere, the weather Thursday morning being if anything very cold for July.

—Friday afternoon, an old man named Matthew Leonard, residing on the 9th concession of Tyendinaga, went out to fire some stumps. Some time later a neighbor in passing found the fence burning and began to tear it down. While so engaged he heard groans and on looking about discovered Mr. Leonard lying on the ground with his clothing burnt nearly off and his legs and the lower part of his body burnt almost to a cinder. Assistance was at once obtained, but too late, and Leonard shortly after breathed his last. How the accident occurred will never be known, but it is surmised that he fell in a fit, and when his clothing caught fire was unable to help himself and so perished after suffering the most terrible agony.—Belleville Ontario.

—Long Island Watermelons at Davis'.

—The eighteenth annual report of the Entomological society, of Ontario says: In examining the seeds of the common Canada thistle with a view to finding out the extent of their fertility, an observer was surprised to find that in nearly every head most of the seeds had been destroyed by a white dipterous lava, which was generally placed head downwards, only showing a brown disk with two pores on the upper end. It had a peculiar habit of developing itself with the pappus of the thistle, which was wrapped tightly round it, as though the larva had twisted itself round and round and drawn the silky pappus with it until a thick wad was formed. This is certainly good news. If there exists an insect capable of getting away with Canada thistle, it should certainly be encouraged.

—Cloves and Hosiery are special value at Robinson & Co's

—We have in our midst a great number of what are generally termed shrewd business men. They are enterprising, and look after the external parts of the business, and ship goods promptly but very often have scales of the poorest quality. Some of them will take as much to turn the beam, as the profit on the goods weighed would amount to. A grocer the other day was weighing butter, and he could make the scales weigh fifty or sixty pounds, just as it suited him. It always pays a business man to have his scales properly looked after. If there is any doubt [illegible] of the scales, [illegible] scales. [illegible] & Co. [illegible] etc. Their [illegible] sales, or [illegible] ing [illegible] Co.

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LIKE AND UNLIKE.

By M. E. BRADDON.

Author of "Lady Audley's Secret, Wyllard's Weird, Etc., Etc.

CHAPTER XXIII.—(Continued.)

Adrian had a good many opportunities for observing his sister-in-law after that evening at Lady Glandore's, and every new meeting only convinced him the more that all was not well with her. St. Austell's shadow followed her like a blight; and yet Adrian had never seen anything in her conduct which would justify him in remonstrating with her, or even in warning her against Lord St. Austell. She could hardly refuse to know her sister's friends, while she was chaperoned by her sister; and St. Austell was an old friend of Major and Mrs. Baddeley's.

He took the opportunity of a tete-a-tete lunch with Valentine at the Junior Carlton, to speak of his married life.

"You are quite happy, Val?" he asked. "Your marriage has realized all your hopes?"

"Well, yes, I suppose it has. I don't know very exactly what my hopes were. I only know that I was desperately in love, and that you were a good fellow to give me the field, and are a still better fellow for forgiving me as you have done."

He stretched his hand across the table to shake hands with his brother, with more feeling than he was wont to exhibit.

"Time has been very good to me, Val. I am heart whole again, and I can think of Helen as my sister, and love her as a sister should be loved. I can never forget that she is the first woman I ever cared for."

"How about the second, Adrian?"

"There is no second yet. I will not say of myself that I shall never love again. Life means mutability, and so long as a man lives he may change. I can't help wishing, Val, that you and Helen were a little less fashionable. I don't like your semi-detached way of living."

"My dear soul, we live as most of our fellow-creatures live," answered Valentine, lightly. "I am not the kind of man to be tied to any woman's apron string, wife or mistress. To stand in door-ways while my wife dances; to sit out plays I am sick of while my wife looks on, or to jog up and down the Row at her side. If Helen and I are to hang together for the rest of our lives we must be free to enjoy ourselves after our own ideas. She has an excellent chaperon, and I am letting her sow her wild oats. She will be tired of gadding about in a season or two."

"And when she is tired of gadding about, is she to sit by the fire—alone?"

"My dear Adrian, don't lecture. Who knows? By that time I may be tired of knocking about London, and may sit by the fire and smoke—or take to books, like you. In the meantime, Helen and I get on capitally."

"Yes, and she gets on capitally with men who are ever so much more attentive to her than you are—men who don't mind looking on when she dances, and don't mind jogging up and down the Row. St. Austell, for instance."

Valentine frowned, and then shrugged his shoulders.

"You don't suppose you can make me jealous?" he said. "I am not that kind of person. My wife may accept as much admiration as she likes from other men. I know her heart is mine.

He smiled, recalling his slave's devotion; plied Helen, hurriedly, with a troubled manner, Adrian thought, not as one whose mind was as ease.

"Your horse has more breed than mine," he said, by way of changing the conversation. "He is a very beautiful creature. Where did Valentine pick him up?"

"He was bought at Tattersall's. It was not Valentine who chose him. It was Mr. Beeching—or Lord St. Austell—I am not sure which of them really bought him. They are both considered good judges."

"No doubt. But Val paid for the horse, of course?"

"Of course," answered Helen, reddening at the question. "Who else should pay for him?"

"He must have given a high figure, I take it?"

"No; the horse was a bargain. When I told him I wanted a horse, Valentine said he would only give sixty guineas—that was all he could afford—and I believe Ravioli was bought for that money—or a little less."

"Then there is something wrong with him, I suppose. I hope he is not a dangerous horse."

"Dangerous! Not in the least. He has perfect manners."

"And he is not a whistler, nor a roarer?"

"Certainly not."

"Then I congratulate you on having secured a wonderful bargain. Anyone would give you credit for riding a three hundred guinea horse. I gave very nearly two hundred for this fellow, and he is not half so handsome as yours. Ah, here comes St. Austell. Was he in your cotillon last night?"

"Yes: he is devoted to the cotillon."

Lord St. Austell met them both with the easiest air. He, too, complained of sleeplessness. "These late parties are killing us," he said. "One loses the capacity for sleep. I shall have to go to a hydropathic in the wilds of Scotland or Ireland for a month or two, just to pull myself together."

"I should hardly have given you credit for being out so early," said Adrian.

"Wouldn't you? Oh, I am better than my reputation, I assure you. I hate the Row when the mob are out, and the band, and the talk, and the nonsense. Good day." He saluted Halen and cantered away, as if he had no other purpose in his ride than healthful exercise, and Adrian and his companion saw no more of him.

They rode up and down for an hour, Adrian trying the paces of his new horse, which behaved in the "new broom" manner of horses that have been nourished in a dealer's yard for a space, to the subjugation of their original sin. After that quiet hour's ride and quiet talk, Adrian escorted his sister-in-law back to her door, where the man from the livery yard was chewing his customery straw; and here they parted.

"My mother and I go back to Devonshire to-morrow morning, Helen. You'll not forget?"

"No, Adrian. Good-bye."

And so they parted. She said not a word about going to see Lady Belfield that afternoon, and Adrian did not ask her. He heard afterwards that she and Mrs. Baddeley were at Ranelagh, dined there, and drove home late in the evening to dress for a ball.

The beautiful Mrs. Belfield was asked everywhere this season, and fresh young

though she is her sister," said Lady Belfield, after a long reverie.

"I only hope she is not quite the worst," replied Adrian, laying down the new Quarterly. "I wonder that Valentine does not see the danger of such an association."

"Danger is an alarming word, Adrian."

"I can use no other. The beautiful Mrs. Belfield, the latest fashion in beauty, ought not to be meet everywhere in London without her husband, and with such a woman as Mrs. Baddeley for her chaperon; a woman who prides herself in going everywhere with three or four men in in her train."

"It is all very sad, Adrian."

It was all very sad, and it was sadder that Lady Belfield and her son could do nothing to stop this headlong progress of reckless husband and foolish wife, drifting towards ruin. Constance Belfield felt that it was worse than useless to dwell upon the subject in her conversation with her elder son. She wished on his return home, that all things should be made bright and pleasant to him, and yet her own uneasy fears about that other son weighed upon her spirits and made happiness impossible.

She was surprised and somewhat agitated one morning within a week of her return, at receiving a letter from Helen, hurriedly written, and with unmistakeable signs of agitation.

"You told me there were silence and rest for me at the Abbey, and that you wanted me soon," Helen wrote. "May I go to you at once? I am tired to death of London and the season, and I think sleeplessness would kill me if I were to hold out much longer. Valentine has Goodwood and half a dozen other race meetings coming on, so he really does not want me here, since he can hardly ever be here himself. May I go to you to-morrow, dear mother? I shall not wait for a letter, but shall start by the 11 45 train, unless I receive a telegram to forbid me."

The telegram sent in response to this letter was of loving welcome. "Ask Valentine to come with you if only for a few days," was the last sentence in the message.

Lady Belfield drove to meet her daughter in-law. She stood on the platform as the train from Exeter came slowly into the station, and the first glimpse of Helen's face startled and shocked her. That pale wan look which she had noticed on the morning after the ball, had intensified to an almost ghastly pallor. Helen looked wretchedly ill, and there was an expression of misery in that pallid countenance which was more alarming than any physical decay.

Constance Belfield had too much tact to remark that appalling change as she and Helen clasped hands on the platform, or during the drive to the Abbey. She did not even ask what had brought about the change in the young wife's plans.

"I am very glad to have you here, my dearest," she said, and that was all.

Helen was curiously silent and offered no explanation of her sudden visit. She nestled affectionately against Lady Belfield's shoulder, resting her weary head there, smiling faintly, with a smile that was sadder than tears.

"I feel so much happier here than in London," she said. "I feel so *safe* with you, mother."

She had hitherto refrained shyly from that familiar name, but in her yesterday's letter and in her talk to-day, the word mother seemed to come naturally from her yearning heart.

"Yes, dear, you are safe with Adrian and me. He has forgotten and forgiven the past, and you are to him as a dear sister."

"That is so good of him. But how poorly he must think of me. Yes, I know he must despise me for the past, and for the foolish, frivolous present, for all my life this

"You don't suppose you can make me jealous?" he said. "I am not that kind of person. My wife may accept as much admiration as she likes from other men. I know her heart is mine.

He smiled, recalling his slave's devotion; her delight at a kind word, her blushing pleasure at a casual kiss. He forgot that those things belonged to his experience of last year. He had not even noticed the growing change in his wife's manner, so completely was he absorbed in himself and his own pleasures.

"Indeed, Valentine, I have never doubted Helen's affection for you; but I think she deserves a little more of your company—a little more of your care. She is too young and too beautiful to stand alone in London society."

"Bosh! A good woman always knows how to take care of herself. It is only bad ones that want looking after."

Adrain was silent. He felt that he had said as much as he could safely say to Valentine; but there was something which he meant to say to Helen before he went back to Devonshire.

He rode in the Row the day before he left London, to try a saddle horse which he had bought at Tattersall's on the previous afternoon. He rode early, and was surprised to meet his sister-in-law coming in at the Kensington Gate, quite alone, as the clocks were striking nine.

"I heard you wer eto be at two dances last night, Helen, so I hardly expected to see you out so early," he said.

"I couldn't sleep," she answered; "so it was just as well to have my ride before the herd came out."

She had flushed suddenly as he rode up to her, but the colour faded as quickly as it came and left her very pale.

"You look as if you wanted sleep, more than an early ride," he said, gravely, shocked at her waxen pallor, but still more at the startled guilty look with which she had recognised him.

"I daresay I do,' she answered, carelessly. "We were dancing the cotillon at five o'clock. I had no idea you rode in the Park."

"I am only here because of my purchase yesterday. How do you like him?"

Helen looked critically at the handsome upstanding bay.

"Very much. He looks every inch a hunter."

"Isn't it a pity that I only want him for a hack! said Adrian, with a touch of bitterness, remembering those days, when his betrothed had lamented his deficiencies as a sportsman. "Never mind, Helen, you can hunt him in the autumn when you come to the Abbey. You will come, of course?'

"I don't know."

"Oh, but you must come, Helen. You must come and stay with my mother, and take your fill of rest, and dulness, and country air, after the whirl and wear of London life. There is nothing in the world so good as perfect rest in a quiet old country house. Valentino will have the shooting in September and October, and you can have plenty of cub-hunting. I will get one of the Miss Treducey's to look after you. They never miss a morning."

And then, bending over her her horse's neck, he said, with gentle earnestness:

"Remember, Helen, the Abbey is your natural home, and my mother your natural protector, second only to your husband. In the hour of doubt or trouble that home ought to be your haven of refuge. Never fear to fly there; never fear to confide in my mother's love."

"You are very good. Lady Belfield is the dearest woman in the world. Of course I shall be charmed to go to the Abbey if Valentine will take me, and I daresay he will like to go there for the shooting," re-

noon, and Adrian did not ask her. He heard afterwards that she and Mrs. Baddeley were at Ranelagh, dined there, and drove home late in the evening to dress for a ball.

The beautiful Mrs. Belfield was asked everywhere this season, and fresh young beauty had opened many doors which had hitherto been closed against Mrs. Baddeley.

There was an awkward story about that lady's diamonds, the particulars of which had been only correctly known to a select few, but which the select few had not forgotten, while even the vulgar herd knew there was a story of some kind, not altogether creditable to the wearer of the gems.

CHAPTER XXIV.—"IT CANNOT BE."

Lady Belfield went back to Devonshire dispirited at having seen very little of her younger son during her stay in London, and not altogether satisfied as to the aspect of his domestic affairs. That marriage which was no union, that laborious pursuit of pleasure which husband and wife were carrying on in opposite directions, filled her with anxiety.

Those darker clouds which Adrian has perceived on the horizon had not revealed themselves to the matron's innocent eyes. Her experience of life had not familiarised her with the idea of false wives and deceived husbands. These too had married for love, she knew, casting all other considerations to the winds, in order to belong to each other; and it never occurred to her that such lovers could weary of each other. She saw that they were leading frivolous lives, and living very much apart; she saw many tokens of folly and extravagance on both sides; and she left London full of vague fears for the future. But those fears were only vague, and there was no forecast of sin or ignominy in her mind, when she bade Helen good-bye in the little Japanese drawing-room, just before she drove to Paddington.

It was within an hour of noon, and Helen came out of her bedroom, pale and wan, in her white muslin wrapper.

"You have had a very short night, I fear," said Lady Belfield.

"Oh, I wouldn't mind how short it was if I could only sleep," answered Helen, impatiently. "My nights are always too long. The birds were singing when we came home, and I thought if I could only sleep for a couple of hours I should be as fresh as they were; but I lay awake till the birds changed to the milkman, and the milkman to the postman, and then came the tradesmen's carts."

"You must come to the Abbey, Helen; there will be silence and rest for you in your old rooms."

"Oh, I love those old rooms, though I have had some sad thoughts in them. Yes, Val says he will be delighted to go to you for the pheasant shooting."

"But that is a long time for me to wait. I want youvery soon, Helen. A quarter past eleven. I must go, love, our train starts at a quarter to twelve. Good-bye."

And so they parted with kisses, and not wlthout tears on Helen's part.

The door had scarcely closed when she flung herself on the sofa and buried her face in the cushions to stifle her sobs. Valentine was fast asleep after a late night at the club. He had the happy temperament of the man who can live hard, and slumber after a night of riot as serenely as a ploughman sleeps after his placid labours.

Adrian met his mother at Paddington, and they went down to Devonshire together in the seclusion of a reserved coupe, with books and newspapers, fruit and flowers, and all the things that can make a long journey endurable on a hot summer day.

"I'm afraid Mrs. Baddeley is not quite the best companion Helen could have, al-

past, and you are to him as a dear sister."

"That is so good of him. But how poorly he must think of me. Yes, I know he must despise me for the past, and for the foolish, frivolous present, for all my life this last season."

"The season is over now, Helen, with all its frivolities. It is not even worth thinking about."

"No, it is all over now," answered Helen, with a faint sigh. "I don't suppose I have been much worse than other people. I know I have not been half so bad as some women—and yet I hate myself for my folly."

"As long as it has left no sting behind it, dearest, the folly may so easily be forgotten."

"Oh, but there is always a sting, the sting of self-contempt."

"I will not hear you talk of self-contempt. You are coming to the Abbey to be happy, and to get back your roses and lilies. Adrian has a horse that he says will suit you admirably. You will enjoy riding on the moor in the early mornings."

"Adrian is too kind; but I don't care much for riding now."

"Don't you think riding would brace you up after your long spell of late hours and hot rooms? At any rate there will be cub-hunting for you in a month or six weeks, and *that* you are sure to enjoy.

Helen only answered with a sigh, which sounded like an expression of doubt, and was silent for the rest of the drive, as if too weary for speech.

Adrian was in the porch ready to receive his sister-in-law with a brotherly welcome; and he too was startled at the change for the worse which the last week had made in Helen's appearance. That deterioration gave strength to those fears which had troubled him when he left London.

Helen's rooms were in the southern wing, immediately over the library. There was a large bedroom with a wide Tudor window, and an oriel at the southwestern corner; and there was a spacious dressing-room adjoining, which served also as a boudoir, and was provided with all luxurious appliances for reading and writing, or repose. There was a secondary dressing room on the other side of the bedroom, which Valentine had used on former visits, and where there were still some of his hunting and riding whips in the rack, and some of his hunting gear in the drawers.

The casements were open, and the scent of tea roses and honeysuckle came in with the soft breath of summer winds. The view from that wide old window was of the loveliest, a wooded valley through which the broad full river ran sparkling in the western sun, and across the vale rose the bold dark outline of the moor, like a wall that shut off the outer world.

Helen sat at the broad window seat after Lady Belfield left her, looking out at the oaks and beeches, the thickets of hawthorn and holly, and the river flowing behind them at the foot of the hill, looking and not seeing any of those things which showed themselves with such exceeding loveliness in the golden haze of afternoon. She was seeing another scene, far less fair, yet not unbeautiful. A lawn sloping to the Thames, with fine old trees here and there, and in the background a white lamp-lit house, with classic portico and long French windows. Across the river other lamps, shining in many windows and tall chimneys and dark roofs, and a large barge sailing by upon the moonlit stream; and on the rustic bench beside her, in the shadow of a veteran elm, sits a man whose voice thrills her like music, a man who pleads to her, who dwells with ever intensifying urgency upon his own misery how is to be doomed to live apart from her, if he im-

plores her to pity and to bless his despairing love, to let him be the sharer of her life, the guardian of her happiness, since without her life is intolerable for him. He pleads as poor humanity might plead to the angels. He revers, he honours, her in tenderest phrases, in sweetly flattering speech, while he exercises every art he knows to bring her down to the level of the fallen and the lost among her sex. He blinds and dazzles her by the glitter of artful phrases, by the lurid light of a phantasmagoric vision—the fancy picture of the future they two would live together, once having broken the bondage of conventionality. "Conventionality!" That is the word by which Lord St. Austell defines duty to her husband, respect for the world's laws, and fear of God. Conventionality alone is to be sacrificed.

So he pleads to her, half in moonlight, half in shadow, in that quiet corner of Hurlingham lawn, far away from the bustle and the racket of the club-house and the terrace, where frivolity chatters and saunters in the moonshine.

Here there is no frivolity. Here is deepest purpose. He pleads, and she answers weakly, falteringly. No, again and again no—it cannot be.

But for that night at least he can win no other answer than that despairing refusal. They part after the drive home, on her sister's threshold, where they have driven in a party of four, the inevitable Beeching in attendance upon his liege lady, albeit resentful of ill-treatment. They part in silence, but even the clasp of St. Austell's hand at parting is a prayer, scarcely less insistent than those spoken prayers in the Hurlingham garden.

This was the night before last, and she has not seen him since, and she has sworn to herself that she will never see him again.

What shall she do with her life without him? That is the question which she asks herself despairingly now, in the golden light of afternoon, sitting statue-like, with her hands clasped above her head, leaning against the deep embrasure of the good old window. What is to become of her without love, or mirth, or hope, or expectancy? All things that gave color to her life have vanished with that fatal lover, who came as suddenly into her existence as a rainbow glorifies the horizon.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

What the Girls Thought of.

Evelina is engaged. Indeed, she is shortly to be married. Her "set," of whom she is the first to take this important step, are greatly fluttered by the approaching event, and talk it over on every possible occasion.

One of them says it is dreadful for an unknown man to come from away out West and carry off one of their girls. They will never see her again—never! She will come home to visit, probably; but a girl who is married tells "him" everything, and has lost interest in people, and isn't the same at all; and they may as well make up their minds to losing her, once for all.

Here there is a chorus of sighs and groans, and another nice girl says he isn't much to look at, either; she has seen his photograph. He has pale eyes, and a ridiculous little moustache that she knows by his looks he is extremely proud of. Why Evelina wants him, she can't imagine. He isn't handsome, or rich, or heroic, or anything else interesting. He is just a commonplace young man.

Some one here timidly ventures to remark that Evelina is nothing very extraordinary herself, and, perhaps, a commonplace young man will exactly suit her.

Silence follows this observation, and the person who at length breaks it, discreetly

NORTH-WEST INDIANS.

White Wolfers and their Habits—The First Trader—A Visit to an Indian Reserve—An Indian Trade—The Red Man's Eloquence.

To speak of a Canadian republic will seem like the anticipation of history; on the contrary it is, so far as one portion of the North-West is concerned, only the recording of it. These territories one naturally supposes to be a new country in every respect—a country without a history, without monuments, above all without romance. There is, however, a fine chapter of romance to be written about it, although, unfortunately, there are only about half a dozen people living who can write it, and three or four of those have told me that they have no intention of attempting the task. For example, to take one aspect only, the Canadian North West was a lawless republic administered by an irresponsible and self-appointing provisional Government probably never even heard of in England, and yet this state of things existed no longer ago than 1868. At that time the country was inhabited chiefly by Indians, and the principal white industry consisted of the occupation of "Wolfer," the men who shot buffaloes, poisoned their carcasses with strychnine, and collected and sold the skins of the hordes of wolves which they thus destroyed. These "wolfers," a set of men with habits and instincts of the modern cowboy, but infinitely more desperate, formed themselves after a while into a community and organization known as the

"SPITSEE CAVALRY,"

a name taken from the Blackfoot word "Speechea," meaning high bluff. They appointed a captain or president who was practically dictator of the whole of the vast extent of country given over to the buffaloes and the red men, and they executed their decrees mercilessly and with impunity. The names of half a dozen of the leaders still echo occasionally around camp fires or drinking saloons. Jack Healy, Jack Evans, Van Hale and Tom Hardwick, who was afterwards lynched by his own crowd. Jack Healy was, perhaps, the most noted of them all, and an authenticated incident of his variegated career will show what the Spitsee Cavalry was and the character of the men with whom it had to deal. At the junction of the Belly and Old Man Rivers there is a place called Whoop Upso, called from the fact that in still earlier days the whole crowd of whites were driven together there for mutual protection against a furious Indian onslaught; or, in other words, whooped up by the war whoops of the savages—and there Jack Healy kept a miscellaneous store for trading. He was the first man who ever sold or bartered with the Indians modern rifles and fixed ammunition. Before this it had been an unwritten but strictly observed custom to sell no fire arms to the red men except old-fashioned flint lock muskets; and Healy's innovation rendered the Indians much more dangerous enemies and

THE LIFE OF THE WOLFER AND WHISKEY TRADER.

proportionally more dangerous and less irresponsible. Many were the protests made to Healy, and many the threats, of all of which he took no notice. The Spitsee Cavalry are all gone now, with two exceptions, one of whom is a respectable member of the Dominion Parliament, while the other keeps a whiskey den at Fort Macleod.

The Indians, in spite of their fixed ammunition and their Winchesters, are not faring much better. On my Sunday in Calgary I was driven out to visit Mrs. Moore

turned to Jerry and asked him what the chief was saying. Jerry, however, vouchsafed no reply until Standing Buffalo had seated himself in his blankets again. Then the Colonel turned to him, and said, "Now, Jerry, tell me exactly what he said." "He say he d—— glad," was Jerry's reply, and all that Colonel Macleod ever knew of Standing Buffalo's eloquence. When Lord Lorne was taken once to the Indian Reserve at Fort Qu'Appelle, the Indian address was translated first from Sioux into Cree, from Cree into half-breed French—French patois—and from French into English.

The general management of the Indians in the Dominion is extremely good and reflects great credit on everybody concerned, especially when compared with the misgovernment of the Indian reservations in the United States. The one exception is that of the Metlakahtla Indians in British Columbia which looks discreditable to everybody concerned in it. There are 84 Indian reservations in the North-West, containing 17,000 Indians. These Indians have 8511 acres of land under cultivation. They have 1767 houses, 7637 head of cattle. There are 36 Indian schools and three industrial schools. The calculated average income of each Indian family is sixty-nine dollars, to which is added an average Government aid of $185. These are the figures given by Lietenant-Governor Dewdney at the banquet given to him on his retirement from office, by the citizens of Calgary.

OF THE OLD INDIAN LIFE

little remains and that little is discouraged by the authorities. Of the warpath and the scalping knife are only

memories and the tomahawk is no longer ever raised against a white man. The only danger of an outbreak in recent years was when Riel added to his abandoned crimes the absolutely unpardonable one of trying to induce the Indians to take the warpath against the whites; but very few of them responded. The one ceremony which still may be seen occasionally—and even this will be extinct in two or three years is the "Sun Dance"—that is, the ceremony at which the braves are made by torture. Some of the photographers of Calgary have succeeded in photographing this savage ceremony. The pictures show the medicine camp over among the trees, the medicine pole in the centre, the crowd of Indians—men, women and children—gathered around in awe and anticipation, and the unfortunate Indian buck to be made into a brave standing tied to the pole by a leather rope attached to the two ends of a skewer driven through the muscles of each side of his breast. A large tom tom, or medicine drum, is attached in a similar way to a skewer driven through the muscles of his back; and, to an accompaniment of the beating of many drums and frantic yells and whoops of the whole camp, he is supposed to dance, at first quietly, and then with gradually increasing excitement to lash himself into a semi-insane paroxysm, the climax of which is reached when the drum is flung off from his bleeding back, and he releases himself from the pole to fall fainting, but a brave, at its foot, the skewers having been torn out of the solid muscle. The photograhp was taken just at the commencement of the dance, and was only with great difficulty, owing to the buck trembling so much with excitement that it was almost impossible to secure a picture of him at all.

THE CONCLUSION LEFT ON ONE'S MIND

by a few days spent among the Indians is the cynical one that, in spite of all one's convictions about the desirability of philanthropy and good treatment to the dispos-

herself, and, perhaps, a commonplace young man will exactly suit her.

Silence follows this observation, and the person who at length breaks it, discreetly selects another branch of the inexhaustible subject: Does anybody know anything about the trousseau? It appears that they all do, but the information possessed by one exactly agrees with that of no one else, and it is half an hour before they have sifted out the probable truth from a mass of conflicting accounts, all given at once and very loud.

When this most important point has been debated and settled, they take another half hour to express their amusement at the idea of Evelina's actually keeping house; they say it is nearly as absurd as it will be to call her *Mrs.*

They then discuss the coming ceremony, and each gives at length a description of the manner in which her own wedding should be conducted, were she to marry. Several of the girls say they should like to marry just to show their friends what a wedding ought to be.

One remarks that she, too, would like it, that she might demonstrate to everybody that a bride need not be pale, and *can* say "I will," loud enough to be heard beyond the first three pews, if she will only make up her mind beforehand to do it.

When Evelina's marriage really takes place, she is very pale, indeed, and too nervous to attend properly to her train.

But her friends forgive her these little errors of conduct, and admit that on the whole she did very well. One of them who steps down to the station, and stands behind a pillar to see her start off with her husband for their new home, even says afterwards that she has almost forgiven her for choosing *him.*

He looked as commonplace as ever, she declares; only, when two people seem as happy as they did, somehow you have to forgive them everything; and she hopes the other girls will stay single for a long time to come; but as to Mrs. Evelina, she wishes her good luck with all her heart.

This is about the way nice girls behave when one of their numbermakes a commonplace young man happy.

A Humble Apology.

Rev. G. H. Pendleton, of Worcester, Mass., has written a personal letter to President Cleveland apologizing for his "mistake" in talking too freely about what he knew were idle rumours concerning the President's domestic life. He makes in his letter to the President a most humble apology for having been the instrument of disseminating private scandal, and says he regards a man who would do this to be quite capable of any crime. He adds also that upon investigation since the publication of his interview and the articles growing out of it, he has found that he was entirely wrong, and he is now convinced that there is no happier married pair alive than the President and his young wife, and no more virtuous and loving husband in the land to-day than Grover Cleveland.—[Philadelphia Ledger.

Pipes for Anybody.

Citizen (to stranger)—What are your politics, my friend?

Stranger—I have no politics this year; I'm leader of a brass band.

Miss Saratoga—"Is Mr. O. Shaw any relative of yours?" Miss Wauka Shaw—"O yes, he's a distant relative." "How distant?" "He's my brother, but he is the youngest of nine children, and I'm the eldest.

The Indians, in spite of their fixed ammunition and their Winchesters, are not faring much better. On my Sunday in Calgary I was driven out to visit Mrs. Moore at her cattle ranch, and strange enough it was to find in a small prairie home in this far off country Miss Ethel Moore, one of the two young ladies of whose successes at Cambridge, in taking academic honors over the heads of all the men, England had been talking a few months before. Another young ranchman, also an Englishman, had driven over to spend Sunday, and both teams were hitched up together to what is called a "bob-sleigh," a simple square box on runners and covered with hay and rugs; and we were driven across the prairie with this original four horse team, to the Indian Reserve, half a dozen miles away. I have spoken before of the endurance of those horses, and, since then, Colonel Herchmer, the Chief of the Mounted Police, has told me that once, without pressing his horses, and including several idle days, he drove 2405 miles in 50 days with a pair of broncos. In summer the Indians live in their wigwams, but in winter they have warm log huts heated by the modern cast iron stove, and known as "shacks." The reserve

COVERS A GREAT MANY SQUARE MILES

and is given up entirely to the Indians who are in charge of the Government Agent and to whom rations of meat and flour are distributed two or three times a week. Leaving the team at the agent's house, and starting across on foot we were immediately met by the usual self-appointed escort of visitors to the Indian lodges, consisting of some fifty dogs, big and little, of the most impossible breeds, but chiefly yellow and all extremely savage. To get along at all it was necessary to place the ladies in the middle and for each man of the party to arm himself with a club and keep a very sharp eye on the curs who prowled at his heels. The Indians themselves are fairly good looking when not disfigured by disease; and, partly by the sale of the articles they make, partly by the liberality of the government, are very well off—so well off, indeed, that it is almost impossible to strike a bargain with them for anything without paying more than two or three times the value of the things one wishes. A French halfbreed acted as our interpreter and, in the shack of the chief, whose name was Bull Head, I tried to buy a buckskin dress elaborately and gorgeously worked with beads. This the chief said was worth a horse, an Indian horse being commonly valued at thirty dollars. After a while he came down to fifteen dollars, at which sum I agreed to purchase it and the interpreter folded it up and took it under his arm. I produced a twenty dollar bill and asked if any of the party had change.

As soon as the Indian family saw the bill they requested the interpreter with a word to hand the dress back and then calmly nodded that

THE PRICE OF IT WAS TWENTY DOLLARS,

and not a cent less would they take after seeing the bill. To hold a conversation with them is almost impossible, for the interpreter is only one degree less laconic than the Indians themselves. A funny story is told to illustrate this. When Colonel Macleod was first negotiating terms of support between the Government and the Indians, he had a long palaver with an Indian chief named Standing Buffalo. The Colonel, through the interpreter, explained briefly the terms he had to offer. Standing Buffalo then arose and addressed him with solemn tones and impassioned oratory and reiterated gestures for nearly twenty minutes. The interpreter, a famous halfbreed named Jerry Potts, stood silently by. Several times during the harangue Colonel Macleod by a few days spent among the Indians is the cynical one that, in spite of all one's convictions about the desirability of philanthropy and good treatment to the dispossessed owners of these boundless lands, the old Indian fighters are not far wrong when they say that there is no good Indian except a dead one. The red man is dirty, idle, brutal in all his instincts, and of any earthly use to the community he never will be, and the sooner he disappears from the face of the earth and leaves behind only the idealized portraits of Marryat and Mayne Reid, the better for everybody concerned. —*Henry Norman in Montreal Star.*

Married While Dying.

Miss Mary Stauffer, an attractive young woman, 18 years of age, was married the other day to Luke Fisher, at Schuylkill. In less than five minutes after the ceremony had been performed the bride died, surrounded by her weeping husband and family. An hour or two previous she had been walking in a field near the house, and her dress caught fire from a heap of burning brush. She ran screaming, and her cries brought to her aid a party of farm laborers, among them Luke Fisher, to whom she was to have been married next week. There was nothing at hand with which to put out the fire, and Fisher picked her up and carried her to a hogshead of water and plunged her into it. He himself was scorched, and the young woman sustained frightful injuries.

Miss Stauffer was carried into the house, and, though suffering the most excruciating agony, she expressed a wish to be married before she died. The Rev. Mr. Feger was called in and had hardly pronounced the words that made her Mr. Fisher's wife when she became unconscious and soon expired.

A Change of Treatment.

Young Sissy (to Crowley's guardian)—Aw—what do you give Mr. Crowley when he has a cold, aw?

Guardian—When it's not serious, sir, give him flaxseed tea.

Young Sissy—Aw, I don't believe in that sort of treatment, aw—flaxseed tea nevah did me any good.

Guardian—That so? Then I won't give Crowley any more of it.

The elementary stage of knowledge is to make Self, and Self alone, thy study and thy world.

From the yearly reports of the banks it would appear that the business of the country, though not "booming," is yet, as a whole, in a sound, healthy condition. The short crop last year of course made a great difference. The farmers, by the shortage, lost some seven or eight millions of dollars, and their purchasing power was accordingly lessened by that amount. Still, with economy and care the country has been pulling through all right in spite of the infamous failure of two or three banks. Of course, the Central fiasco has afforded all the bank managers a text from which to preach a solemn sermon of warning and reproof. But then the Central, in the long run, may do good. The villainy shown by its managers and wreckers will read a lesson of carefulness and distrust for many years to come, while, if the great sinners connected with it can be brought to justice and sent to pick oakum in the penitentiary they may in some measure, in this way, make reparation for the desolation they have caused. The straightening out of the affairs of that wretched institution more and more reveals a state of scandalism and imbecility that one could scarcely have believed to be possible.

NUTTIE'S FATHER.

BY CHARLOTTE M. YONGE.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.—(CONTINUED.)

Mark's *tete-a-tete* had been with his sister May, to whom he had much to tell of his wife and her gallant patience and energy, and how curious it was that now the incubus that had weighed on his uncle's household was removed, the prejudice had melted away, and he had grown so fond of her that, next to Ursula, she was his best comforter.

"I hope that will lead to more," said May.

"I don't see how," said Mark. "The more we rely only on a blessing on our own portions the better."

"Even when Annaple works within an inch of his life?"

"Now that she is on a right tack about the baby, that will be easier. Yes, May, I do feel sometimes that I have brought her down to drudgery and narrowness and want of variety such as was never meant for her, but she will never let me think so. She says that it is living in realities, and that it makes her happier than toiling after society, or rather after the world, and I do believe it is true! I'm sure it is with me."

"But such work as yours, Mark."

"Nonsense, May: I enjoy it. I did not when I was in the Greenleaf firm, with an undeveloped sense that Goodenough was not to be trusted, and we were drifting to the bad, yet too green to understand or hinder it; but this I thoroughly like. What does one want but honest effective work, with some power of dealing with and helping those good fellows, the hands, to see the right and help themselves?"

May sighed. "And yet, now that poor child is gone, I feel all the more how hard it is that you should be put out of the rights of your name.

"I never had any rights. It was the bane of my life to be supposed to have them. Nothing but this could have made a man of me."

"And don't you have regrets for your boy?"

"I don't *think* I have—provided we can give him an education—such as I failed to make proper use of, or Annaple might be luxuriating at Pera at this moment."

"Well!" said May, pausing as she looked up the vista of trees at the great house; "I can't bear it to go out of the old name."

"Names may be taken!"

"You don't mean that there's any chance of——Oh! not that horrid Mr. Fane?"

"Certainly not."

"Oh!" as a trim black figure appeared walking down the open space. "That man!"

"I am not authorised to tell any one so, May."

"Yes, I understand. The wretch, he is taking stock of the place already!"

"For shame, May, no one has deserved so well of them."

"I don't care, he got you into that horrid concern."

"And got me out of it, and found my work for me. I tell you, May, it is the best thing that could possibly happen to your parish, or the estate, or my poor uncle either! And you will soon come to a better mind."

"Never, while he is to get into your place! Turn back before he comes within hailing distance."

Before Mark could do anything towards bringing his sister to a better mind he was seized on by his stepmother to propound a always felt that it was a great pity he should not have the estate he had been brought up to expect. I believe dear mother thought it would have been the right thing for me to marry him, but I always did mean to give it back to him, even when I didn't like him. Well, then, you know it all seemed settled otherwise, but now, it is so lucky you spoke to me while that dear little fellow was with us, because now you will help me to persuade my father that it is the only satisfactory thing to do to let it go in the male line to Mark and his Willy."

"I see! I see!" said Mr. Dutton eagerly. "It would be an infinite relief if it could be carried out."

"I believe my father would like it," said Nuttie. "He cares for the name; and now no one prevents it; he is fond of Mark, and still more of Annaple! And you! Oh, Mr. Dutton, if he will only take it in the right way, I think you will make me able to do what it grieved dear mother to have brought about for my poor father."

"My whole self is yours to aid you," he said. "You know of course that I could not ask you to detach yourself from one to whom you are so necessary. If he will permit us, we will watch over him together as doing *her* work."

"Thank you," was all Nuttie's lips could utter, though her hand said much more.

And before they reached London they had arranged something of a plan of action for propitiating Mr. Egremont, and bringing the future prospects to be available so as to save Annaple from being worked to death in the meantime.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

ANNAPLE'S AMBITION FALLEN.

"Well, how did you get on, Annaple?"

"Oh! very well, poor old man, on the whole, though it made one pity him doubly that he chose to make as if he forgot everything, and you were all gone on a picnic, taking me out for a long drive in the afternoon—where we were least likely to meet any one—that I will say for him."

"Forgetting is not the best for him."

"As if he could forget! But he was very nice and friendly, and put on his best, most courteous self. I think he looks on me rather as a protector from the solemn Mr. Edsall."

"Surely Edsall treats him well. He was excellently recommended. You know I saw his master's daughter."

"Oh! only *too* well. He takes the management of him as if he were three years old, or a lunatic. He simply *will* not be offended any more than if he had to do with a baby."

"What should offend him?"

"That Mr. Egremont greatly resents being allowed nothing but by what Edsall calls medical sanction. He is too blind, you know, to venture to pour out anything for himself, and besides, Edsall has all the drugs under lock and key, and is coolness itself about any amount of objurgations, such as I fancy go on sometimes."

"Do you think he will stand it?"

"Who? Your uncle? Yes, I think he will. This man really makes him more comfortable than poor Gregorio did."

"Yes; Nuttie said she was sure that there was neglect, if not bullying flatterly. But he must miss Gregorio terribly. They has been together for at least five-and-twenty or thirty years, and had plenty of gossip together."

"Whereas the present paternal despotism and appalling dignity and gravity will keep him more dependent on his right congeners."

"If they are of the right sort, that's all." ness habits, who would do justice to you after I am gone."

"Father," said Nuttie, trembling with the effort, "I want you to do something better than that. I want you to let Mark take the agency with a view to himself—not me. Let him be as he would have been if he had never hunted us up at Micklethwayte, and put me in his place."

"Eh!" said Mr. Egremont. "It is not entailed—worse luck; if it had been, I should not have been bound to dance attendance at the heels of such an old sinner as the General."

"No, but it ought to go to the heir male, and keep in the old name. Think—there have been Egremonts at Bridgefield for four hundred years.

"Very pretty talk, but how will it be with you, Miss. We shall have Fane, and I don't know how many more, coming after the scent of Bridefield now," he said a heavy sigh, ending with a bitter "Hang them all!"

"And welcome," said Nuttie, answering the thought rather than the words "Father, I wanted to tell you——"

"You don't mean that any one has been after you at such a time as this!" he cried.

"It was before—I mean it was the evening when we were all so glad, before we began to be afraid."

"The umbrella man! By Jove!"

"And now," went on Nuttie, in spite of the explosions, "he would hardly have ventured to go on with it but for this—I mean," as her father gave a little laugh of his unpleasant sort, "he said it would be the greatest possible relief, and make it all right for the property to go to the heir male."

"Hein! You think so, do you? See how it will be when I come to talk to him! A shrewd fellow like that who got out of the Micklethwayte concern just in time. Catch him giving up a place like that, though he may humbug you."

"Then you will see him, father?"

"If you turn him in on me, I can't help it. Bless me! umbrellas everywhere! And here you mean to turn me over to the mercies of that solemn idiot, Edsall. I should have been better off with poor Gregorio."

"No, father; Mr. Dutton would not take me from you. We would both try all we could to make you comfortable."

"Convert the old reprobate? Is that his dodge?"

"Don't father," for the sneering tone returned.

"Come now," he added, in a much more fatherly manner, for her voice had struck him. "You don't mean that a well-looking girl like you, who could have her pick of all the swells in town, can really be smitten with a priggish old retired umbrella-monger like that. Why, he might be your father."

"He has been getting younger ever since I knew him," said Nuttie.

"Well. He plays as good a game of whist as any man in England," muttered Mr. Egremont, leaving his daughter in actual doubt whether he meant this as a recommendation, or as expressing a distrust of him, as one likely to play his cards to the best advantage. She had to remain in doubt, for they overtook Clarence Fane, who came and spoke to them in a very friendly and solicitous manner, and showed himself willing to accept a lift in the carriage. Mr. Egremont, willing to escape from perplexities as well as to endeavour to drive away if possible the oppression of his grief, invited him in, and he had some gossip to impart, which at first seemed to amuse the hearer after this time of seclusion, but the sick and sore heart soon wearied of it, and long before the drive was over, Mr Egre-

Before Mark could do anything towards bringing his sister to a better mind he was seized on by his stepmother to propound a scheme she had hatched, namely that as a mutual benefit, Nurse Poole should be allowed the consolation of bringing her chief comforter, his little daughter, down with her on the visit Mrs. Egremont had invited her to pay at Redcastle. He was very grateful, though doubtful whether Annaple would accept the offer, for she was missing her children's company, though they were only at Springfield House, and she had been with them part of every day. And, sad as this month had been, it had been such a rest from sheer physical toil that she had gained almost as much by it as the little one.

There was a general assembly and coffee-drinking on the verandah,—Mr. Condamine, Blanche, and her two young sisters were all there,—and May had to be duly civil to Mr. Dutton, though he came back with some water-lilies that he had fished out of the lake for Nuttie, and she thought it taking possession. Then the Londoners set forth for the station, and there Mark, having perhaps had a hint from his wife, saw Nuttie and Mr. Dutton safely bestowed by Broadbent in an empty carriage and then discovered a desire to smoke, and left them to themselves.

They had not been alone together for more than a second since the evening of Alwyn's return, and there was a great shyness between them, which lasted till the first station was past without any irruption of newcomers. Nothing had been said but a few comments on the arrangements and the attendants, but probably both were trying to begin to speak, and at last it was Ursula who crossed over so that her face could not be seen, and said in an odd tone—

"Mr. Dutton———"

"Yes," and he turned instantly on the alert.

"Did you mean it—what I thought you meant that evening?"

"Can you doubt it?" he said earnestly. "But even then I was surprised into the avowal, and I would have held it back if possible, if I had guessed what was going to happen."

"Ah! but then I should not have had that drop of comfort through it all," and she laid hold of his hand, which returned the pressure strongly, but he sedulously guarded both words and tone as he said:

"Listen, Ursula, before you speak again. How dear you must always be to me, I cannot tell you, but when I then spoke, it was with the sense that on every account, I should meet with strong opposition from your father and family. And now your position is altered, so that the unsuitability is doubled. I am not a young man, remember, and my thoughts must be for you above all, I want you to consider whether, in the present state of affairs, you would not do better to look on what then passed as unsaid, or only as the ebullition of gratitude towards your old friend. Let me go abroad, and give you full opportunity for—for some fresh beginning likely to be fitter for you———"

"Mr. Dutton, how can you say such horrid things? As if a dukedom would make any difference."

"Yes," he said, turning towards her. "If it is only the old-friend feeling, then it is better dropped, but if your heart is in it, child, then we go on, come what may. It is due to you."

She raised her face towards him now, and he gave a grave kiss to her forehead. She drew a long breath, and said after a little pause, "And now I have something to say. One does think of such things even in these sad times, and you can help me. I am so glad it is you, because I know you will, and be rejoiced to do so. You know when Mark found us out first, dear mother and I and appalling dignity and gravity will keep him more dependent on his right congeners."

"If they are of the right sort, that's all."

"He has been making me read him a whole heap of letters; indeed, as you know, I have been doing that all along, when he could not get Nuttie. There were some from Mr. Bulfinch. Do you know that bailiff of his must be next door to a swindler?"

"Bulfinch is coming up to see him tomorrow."

"And, Mark, do you know, he has been putting out feelers as if to discover whether we would do—what he asked us to do five years ago."

"Would you?"

"If it were not for the children, and—and sometimes the extreme pinch, I should say it was more like *life* to work yourself up as a City man," said Annaple. "If you were the Squire, with all his opportunities, it would be a different thing, but there's no outlet there, and I have often admired the wisdom of the Apocryphal saying, "Make not thy self an underling to a foolish man."

"Well, it is lucky you think so, Nannie, for though Dutton is certainly not a foolish man, he will not want an underling. And what do you say to my mother's proposal of having poor Poole to stay at Redcastle, and borrowing baby to comfort her till she goes out again,

"I hate it," said Annaple energetically. "It is very horrid, but is awfully good of the Canoness; and I suppose we will have to let it come to pass, and miss all that most charming time of babyhood which is coming. But most likely it will quite set the little woman up, and be a real kindness to poor Poole."

"If we could only keep her for good."

"Yes, and then our children would not be half so much our own. I do not want to be away with them in our own quarters. I wonder when Nuttie can spare us, but I should like to see her through the great crisis with her father."

That crisis was to involve more than Annaple in the least expected. Nuttie found that the momentous confession could not possibly take place before the interview with Mr. Bulfinch, at which her presence was needed to help her father with his papers. The principal concern was to show the full enormity of the bailiff, and decide upon the steps to be taken, the solicitor being anxious for a prosecution, while a certain tenderness for poor Gregorio's memory, or perhaps for the exposure of his own carelessness, made Mr. Egremont reluctant. There was also a proposal, brought forward with much diffidence from Mr. Condamine's mother, to rent Bridgefield House, but on this, as well as respecting a successor to the bailiff, Mr. Egremont was to give his answer the next day, when Mr. Bulfinch would call again.

Nuttie was thankful for the business that had filled up the hour after luncheon, when Alwyn used to play in the drawing-room and delight his father; but she was feeling desperate to have the crisis over, and resolved to speak when she went out driving with him. It was he, however, who began. "I sonnded Mark's wife yesterday, Ursula. She is a nice little thing enough, and a good wife in her way."

"A very good wife."

"Except when she persuaded him to turn up his nose at the agency. D'ye think he would take it now, since he has tasted the sweets of his umbrella business?" then, as Nuttie paused, taken by surprise; "Five hundred a year and the Home Farm would be better than, what is it, a hundred and fifty and a floor over a warehouse! I don't like to see old Will's son wearing himself out there, and the lad is a good honest lad, with business habits, and he'll be a better manager after this time of seclusion, but the sick and sore heart soon wearied of it, and long before the drive was over, Mr Egremont was as much bored as his daughter had been from the first.

When Mr. Fane got out, he paused a moment to hold Ursula's hand in a tender manner, while he told her that he had not ventured to intrude (he had left a card of inquiry every day); but that if ever he could be of the least use in amusing Mr. Egremont, he was at her service, and would give up *any* engagement.

"Hein! my fine fellow! No doubt you would!" said Mr. Egremont, when his daughter had uttered her cold thanks, and they had driven on. "I see your little game, but it is soon to begin it. We may as well let them know that she is booked before the running begins."

It was a remarkable intimation of his acceptance of her engagement, but Ursula was contented to take it as such, and be thankful.

Mr. Dutton had his interview as soon as Mr. Egremont had rested after his drive, and the result was satisfactory.

No doubt much was due to the Egremont indolence and want of energy, which always preferred to let things take their course. And now that Gregorio was no longer present to amuse, and take all trouble off his hands, Mr. Egremont could hardly have borne to part with his daughter; and, despite of umbrellas and religion, was not sorry to have a perfectly trustworthy son in-law in the house, able to play at cards with him, manage his household, and obviate all trouble about suitors for the heiress. Moreover, his better feelings were stirred by gratitude on his poor little son's account, and he knew very well that a more brilliant match for his daughter would not have secured for his old age the care and attention he could rely upon here. He was obliged likewise to believe in the disinterestedness, which disclaimed all desire for the estate, as involving cares and duties for which there had been no training; and he was actually glad to keep the property in the direct line. The old liking for Mark, and sense of the hardship of his exclusion, revived, strengthened now by regard for Annaple; together with the present relief from care obtained by making him manager of the estate.

When once brought to a point, Mr. Egremont was always sudden and impetuous, chiefly for the sake of having it over and being unmolested and at rest again. So that very evening, while Nuttie only ventured on sharing with Annaple the glad tidings that Mr. Dutton was accepted, and in his marvellous goodness, undertook to make his omen with her father, Mark was almost stunned by the news, confirmed to him by Mr. Dutton as well as his uncle, that he was to be acknowledged as heir of Bridgefield Egremont, and in the meantime manage the estate with an income suitable to an eldest son.

Presently he came upstairs by himself, and beckoned to Nuttie, rather to the alarm of his wife.

"Ursula," he said, and took both her hands, "I cannot have you do this for me."

"Can't you, Mark? You can't prevent it, you see. And don't you know it is the beginning of all my happiness?"

"But indeed, I cannot feel it right. It is a strained sense of justice. Come and tell her so, Nannie."

"What?" said Annapple coming forward.

They paused a moment, then Nuttie said:

"Only that the estate ought to go into the male line."

"Oh, is that all?" said Annaple, I was afraid Mr. Egremont had a fit!"

"Ah. Don't you see what it means,"

said Mark. "They want it to be as if there were an entail—to begin treating me as an eldest son at once. It is Ursula's doing, putting herself out of the succession."

"I always hated being an heiress," said Nuttie. "It would be more dreadful than ever now. Annaple, do be sensible! Don't you see it is the only right thing to do?"

"Billy!" was the one word Annaple said.

"Yes, Billy and Jenny and all," said Nuttie, "before you've all died of your horrid place. Oh you haven't heard that part of it. Of course Mark will have to go down to Bridgefield and look after the place, and live like a gentleman."

"Eight hundred a year," murmured Mark, "and the house at the Home Farm."

"Oh! dear," gasped Annaple, "I wanted you to be Lord Mayor, and now you'll only be a stupid old country squire. No, no, Nuttie, it's—it's—it's the sort of thing that one only laughs at because otherwise one would have to do the other thing."

And she gripped Nuttie tight round the waist, and laid her head on her shoulder, shaking with a few little sobs, which might be one thing or the other.

"It will save her youth, perhaps her life," whispered Mark, lifting Nuttie's hand to his lips for a moment, and then vanishing, while Annaple recovered enough to say, "I'm tougher than that, sir. But little Jenny! Oh, Nuttie, I believe it has come in time. I've known all along that one straw more might break the camel's back. We've been very happy, but I am glad it is over before Mark got worn down before his time. Grinding is very wholesome, but one may have too much; and I haven't Mark's scruples, Nuttie dear, for I do think the place is more in his line than yours or Mr. Dutton's."

"Yes," said Ursula, "you see he was always happy there, and I never was.

The next thing was for Mr. Dutton and Ursula to keep Mr. Egremont up to the point of making his long deferred will; nor did they find this so difficult as they expected, for having once made up his mind, he wished to have the matter concluded, and he gave his instructions to Bulfinch the next day. Of course Mark had to give full notice to his employers; but the allowance was to begin at once, so that Annaple only went back to the warehouse to pack up, since she was to occupy No. 5, while Mr. Egremont and his daughter were going under Mr Dutton's escort to the Baths in Dauphine, an entirely new resort, free from the associations he dreaded, for he could not yet bear the sight of little Willy—the rival "boy of Egremont." But the will was safely signed before he went, to the great relief of Nuttie, who, according to the experience of fiction, could hardly believe his life safe till what she called justice had been done.

After all Mr. Egremont became so dependent on Mr. Dutton, during this journey, that he did not like the separation at its close, and pressed on the marriage even sooner than either of the lovers felt quite reverent towards the recent sorrow. He insisted on Bulfinch having the settlements ready for them on their return, and only let them wait long enough to keep their residence, before there was a very quiet wedding in their parish church, with the cousins for bridesmaids. Then Mark and Annaple took care of Mr. Egremont for the fortnight while Mr. Dutton showed his wife his old haunts in France, returning to Springfield House, where there was plenty of room for Mr. Egrement to make his home with them.

Said Annaple to Miss Nugent, "I never saw Nuttie so youthful and bright. She is more like a girl than I ever saw her since the first."

"Yes," said Mary, "she has some one to rest on now."

HEALTH.

How to Keep Well in Summer.

The title of this communication might lead some persons to suppose that it is a more difficult matter to keep healthy in summer than in any other season of the year. It is, however, by no means an established fact that summer possesses a pre-eminence in increasing the disease or mortality records so far as the country at large is concerned. It is true that owing to the vicious methods of living that prevail among certain classes of the inhabitants of the larger cities, the disease and death rate is woefully augmented, but this is more than compensated for, in the rural districts at least, by the opportunity given by warm weather for living the greater part of the day in the open air, and it must not be forgotten that very cold weather makes sad havoc among those who have reached old age or are subjected to other debilitating causes.

It is not to be questioned, however, that there exist in the summer certain inherent peculiarities which predispose to disease, and which are in a great measure avoidable, and to these I propose to direct the attention of the reader.

Excessive heat causes gastric and intestinal diseases, and especially a peculiar disorder known as heat fever or sunstroke. To lessen the liability to the first group mentioned, some attention to the food taken into the system is necessary, and it is especially requisite to avoid vegetables or fruits that are not fully ripe. There is scarcely a vegetable grown in our climate and which is used as food which is not wholesome if eaten in season, not in a semi-decomposed state, and properly prepared for the table. A like statement is applicable to fruits, from the strawberry, which is the first to appear, to peaches, pears and apples, which come later in the season. But when they are brought from a distance, having been picked when still green, and after their arrival frequently been kept by the dealers until they are more or less rotten, they cannot be considered suitable articles of food. Children are especially liable to suffer from eating such substances. Their digestive systems are exceedingly delicate and their nervous systems are very impressionable. Frequently the groundwork for serious organic disease, from which recovery is scarce y possible, is laid in childhood through the neglect of parents to properly supervise the food of their children during the summer season. I have witnessed many cases of epilepsy which have been caused by green berries and other fruit, especially apples, that have been eaten in childhood.

Heat-fever does not necessarily result from direct exposure to to the rays of the sun. It may be caused by the diffused heat endured by a person while under the shelter of his own house. In these latter cases there has usually been some long continued exhausting disease or some untoward mental disturbance has occurred, or the patient has been indulging in excessive physical exertion.

TAKING PROPER PRECAUTIONS.

The persons who suffer from heat-fever through the action of the direct rays of the sun are generally those whose modes of life have been in some respects vicious, or whose sanitary surroundings are bad. Sunstroke rarely occurs to those who take proper care of themselves, even when they are fully exposed to the direct rays of the sun. The victims are generally those who drink alcoholic liquors to excess or who have overloaded the stomach with improper food. Still, cases of sunstroke do occur when the mode of life has not been at variance with the laws of health. It is, therefore, well for everyone to take proper pre-

safe, simple herb tea quiets, soothes, and induces sleep when bromide and morphine have for him failed to do so." Many who are addicted to old-time methods and medicines, and others who have accidentally learned the virtues of this particular herb, will quite agree with the above estimate of it. The dried herb can be obtained at any drug store.

WARM MILK STIMULANT.

According to the Medical Record, milk heated to much above 100 deg. Fahrenheit losses for a time a degree of its sweetness and density. It is affirmed that no one who, fatigued by over-exertion of body and mind, has ever experienced the reviving influence of a tumbler of this beverage heated as hot as it can be sipped, will willingly forego it because of its being somewhat less acceptable to the palate. The promptness with which its cordial influence is felt is indeed surprising. Some portion of it seems to be digested and appropriated almost immediately, and many who now fancy they need alcoholic stimulants when exhausted by fatigue, will find in this simple draught an equivalent that will be abundantly satisfying and far more enduring in its effects.

COTTON WOOL IN THE EARS.

A Berlin physician advises that only during extreme cold, or stormy or rainy weather should cotton wool be inserted into children's ears; under ordinary conditions the healthy ear does not need to be protected. This precaution must be taken in the case of every ear predisposed to inflammation. All persons whose membranæ are perforated ought to protect their ears with cotton wool. The entrance of cold fluids into any ear must always be prevented; and so, while bathing or diving, the ear ought to be plugged. Patients with perforations of the membranæ should be very careful in this respect, as violent inflammation may be caused by the entrance of cold water.

SHAKE UP THE INTERNAL MECHANISM.

It is a good rule, says an intelligent physician, always to ride up in an elevator, and when coming down to take the stairs. Like going up hill, walking up stairs is hard work and sometimes risky, especially for people with weak lungs, defective respiratory organs, or heart disease. But going down stairs hurts nobody, but is good exercise; going down on a brisk run is a good thing—it shakes up the anatomy without incurring the danger of physical over-exertion. This shaking up is good for one's internal mechanism, which it accelerates, especially the liver, the kidneys, and the blood circulation.

Advice as to a Headache.

A teacher in Tennessee, who has long suffered from headache, and has tried physicians and remedies with only temporary relief, asks our advice—as to diet and manner of living. He has a good appetite and is otherwise apparently well.

We many presume that a headache may be due to one of many causes, or to several causes acting together. A remedy suited to one case may be harmful in another. Nor can any case be cured without the removal of the cause.

Without some knowledge of the habits, the temperament, the physical tendencies and the general surroundings of the sufferer, it is impossible to mark out any any scheme of diet adapted to a particular case.

But any one who is an intelligent observer of himself and is possessed of a strong will, can, probably, treat himself as successfully as any ordinary physician can treat him.

We will address our correspondent directly, but the advice, with the necessary modifications, will do for others:

Said Annaple to Miss Nugent, "I never saw Nuttie so youthful and bright. She is more like a girl than I ever saw her since the first."

"Yes," said Mary, "she has some one to rest on now."

Mr. Egremont lived between three and four years, more contented and peaceful than he had ever been, though frequently suffering, and sometimes giving way to temper and impatience. But Mr. Dutton understood how to manage on these occasions, and without giving up his own extensive usefulness, could give him such care, attention, and amusement as beguiled his discomforts, and made his daughter's task an easier one.

How far the sluggish, enfeebled nature was capable of a touch of better things, or whether his low spirits were repentance, no one could judge. At any rate sneers had ended, and when he was laid beside his wife and boy at Bridgefield, Ursula stood by the grave with a far more tender and hopeful feeling than she could have thought possible when he had rent her away from her old home. She looked up at her husband and said, "Is not her work done?"

[THE END.]

A Woman of a Sensible Turn of mind.

"You never catch me locking up my valuables when I go to bed," said an intelligent lady a few days ago in discussing a burglary, an account of which she had just been reading. "Whether in a hotel or in my own sleeping room I look for the most conspicious place in the room and there place my purse and all my jewelry, I heap it up so that it will at once attract the eye of any plunderer who may come while I am asleep. What I want of a burglar, if he breaks into my house, is to load himself with booty as expeditiously and as quietly as possible and depart. I don't want to be awakened by his voice and frozen stiff with fright. I don't even want to open my eyes and find them looking into the muzzle of a revolver. I never want to he "Your money or your life." I'd rather give up every dollar I have in the world than hear that expression.'

Let it be borne in mind that the cords of love which bind hearts so closely together that neither life nor death nor time nor eternity can sever them are woven of threads no bigger than a spider's web.—[George S. Hillard.

If happiness has not her seat
And centre in the breast,
We may be wise, or rich, or great,
But never can be blest.

—[Robert Burns.

The advance made in England in the matter of Primary Schools since Mr. Foster's great educational measure came into operation in 1871, is marvellous. The accommodation in elementary schools in England and Wales in '71 was for about 2,000,000 children. Two years ago that accommodation had risen to 5,145,000 or 155 per cent. The average attendance during the same period had risen from 1,231,000 to 3,438,000 or an increase of 2.80 per cent. The lives of the people, and especially of the poorer classes, has, as the result, been made happier, less monotonous, more varied, and fuller of interest. Intemperance, too, has greatly diminished, and official statistics show that there has been a great falling off in crime, not only in the more serious forms, but in the lighter classes of offence. This surely is a very encouraging state of things and it gives promise of better things to be accomplished in the future than have as yet been either thought of or attempted.

drink alcoholic liquors to excess or who have overloaded the stomach with improper food. Still, cases of sunstroke do occur when the mode of life has not been at variance with the laws of health. It is, therefore, well for everyone to take proper precautions against all risks. The clothing should be light, and that worn next the body should be of some material capable of readily absorbing the perspiration. Wool is probably to be preferred, and it should be pure—that is, unmixed with cotton. For the head during very warm weather nothing is better than a straw hat, for not only is it of light weight, but, if properly made, free passage of air round the head takes place. The so-called Panama hats, which are so closely woven that they will hold water, are the worst possible coverings for the head in summer.

It is a remarkable fact that sunstrokes are very seldom met with among persons who expose themselves to the full heat of the sun in the country or outside of the limits of large cities.

It would seem, therefore, that one of the best ways to avoid this disaster is to get out into the country as soon as the very hot weather makes its appearance.

WHERE TO REST.

Where to go would seem to be the next consideration. This is a question in regard to which no very definite rules can be laid down. It may be said in general terms that people who reside on the seashore or its vicinity should, at the approach of hot weather, go into the interior, and that those that live far from the ocean should come to some place where they can get sea air. There are exceptions to this rule, and, after all, experience is our only guide.

Of course a large book could be written on the subject of "How to Keep Healthy in Summer." There is scarcely a point in the whole science of hygiene that could not properly be considered, but I have said enough to do some good to those who may be in want of information as to how they should live during the summer, and I have only to say in conclusion that if they keep cool both in mind and body, get a sufficient supply of pure and changed air, attend to the digestive organs by avoiding improper food, bathe frequently in cool water, drink nothing in the way of alcoholic liquors and take moderate open-air exercise they will place themselves in the best condition for living comfortably not only through this summer, but for many other summers yet to come.—[Dr. Hammond.

Old and New Cures.

For sleeplessness, restlessness, and nervousness in general, physicians usually prescribe bromide, chloral, laudanum, or morphine, whichever they happen to favour most. A correspondent of Good Housekeeping reminds us, however, of an old-fashioned herb—scutelaria, or skullcap—that is "safer than bromide or opium, brings to the sufferer none of the ill effects that are sure to result from a continued use of either of these drugs, and is often a more powerful quietus of diseased nerves and an over-active brain." "Years ago," she says, "when one of a household fell sick and became wakeful and nervous, our grandmothers would steep a generous handful of the skullcap herb, and the patient was made to drink freely of the infusion, which often quieted the tortured brain and nerves. I have given this tea to little nervous, restless babies, who twitched and started in their sleep as though convulsions threatened, and it soon quieted the little patients. I have seen skullcap tea prescribed for a diseased old person, who often declares he is nothing but a bundle of nerves, and this of himself and is possessed of a strong will, can, probably, treat himself as successfully as any ordinary physician can treat him.

We will address our correspondent directly, but the advice, with the necessary modifications, will do for others:

1. You are aware that vigorous out-door exercise is essential to sound health in all persons, and especially so in the case of a brain-worker, under the peculiar strain of a school-room. You need, at the minimum, two hours a day of such exercise. Perhaps with your Southern habits and conveniences, horse-back riding might profitably interchange with rapid, cheery walking.

2. You are equally aware that at least eight hours of solid sleep are still more essential—sleep in a well-ventilated, sun-disinfected room.

3. You may not be aware, but it is true, that "biliousness and indigestion are generally due far more to over-eating or under-eating than to the kinds of food eaten. See if you can trace a connection between the quantity of your food and your distressing symptoms. Lessen it below average of the past, and note whether the tendency to headache lessens with it. If it does, you are on the right track. If not, try the effect of more frequent and abundant meals.

4. Constipation fills the blood with poisons that affect the brain. Let this be remedied, if possible, by your food. Abjure white bread, and use bread made from "entire wheat flour," or much from oatmeal or "wheat germ meal," with a free addition of fruit.

5. Notice whether any particular article of food positively disagrees with you—in itself, and the mode of cooking it, or in the quantity eaten—and govern yourself accordingly.

Make trial of these suggestions for three months and note the result.

Milk For Supper.

Mother-wit is never out of place, but is especially valuable in camp, where men are thrown largely upon their own resources. The historian of a Maine regiment furnishes a striking illustration.

In company L was an old soldier—a graduate from the English Army—and a good soldier. Almost everybody in the regiment knew him, from a peculiar habit he had of putting his hat into his bosom and going into battle bareheaded.

One afternoon he came into camp bringing a very small calf, too small, almost, to walk, certainly too young to be of use for food. There was a general expression of disapprobation, and he was greeted with cries of "Shame!" "Steal a calf like that!" "What in the world are you going to do with it?" but he paid no attention to all this, but marched along, like a man who knew what he was about.

He fastened the calf close by his tent, where its bleatings were piteous to hear.

It was not long before the men saw through the scheme, for the cow, attracted by the cries of her offspring, came to its rescue, whereupon the soldier caught and milked her, and then let her and the calf go off happy. Some of those who had cried shame upon the man no doubt envied him his good supper of hardtack and milk.

"How to Treat Inebriates" is the title a book recently published. But inebriate are just the kind of beings who ought neve to be treated.

The military commander of Moscow has directed that special attention be paid during the summer to cavalry manœuvers, principally in the shape of forced marches of large bodies over long distances.

SAVINGS BANK

—BRANCH OF THE—

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE.

Deposit take of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required

WALTER DARLING,

OFFICE MARKET SQUARE. 4487ly AGEN

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1888,

—Notwithstanding that the authorities at Ottawa have, according to their own professions, the authority to regulate matters in general—sugar in particular—the price of sugar has gone up from 7.50 per hundred on June 8th to $8 per hundred on July 12th. This week it has made two jumps, with still an upward tendency.

—Manitoba has declared very forcibly that of Tory rule she has had enough. A week ago nominations for the Provincial elections were held, when ten Liberals were elected by acclamation. Yesterday the elections took place and resulted in a most crushing defeat for the Macdonald-Norquay-Harrison party. As far as heard from there were but four Tories elected in the whole Province. In Winnipeg city, which has hitherto been looked upon as the stronghold of Torvism, two of the conservative candidates are likely to lose their deposits.

—The national debt of the United States was reduced by $14,429,502 during the month of June, and for the fiscal year the total reduction was $113,844,080. Notwithstanding the purchase of outstanding bonds at a premium by the government, with the view of working off the extra revenues, the surplus in the treasury continues to grow. The total interest bearing debt of the United States is now $1,021,692,350, upon which the yearly interest is $41,780,529. The debt per head of population has decreased from $67.10 in 1868 to $19.58 in 1888, and the interest charge per head has fallen from $3.48 to seventy cents during the twenty years. In the same period the Dominion's debt (estimating the population of Canada at 3,500,000 in 1868 and 4,800,000 in 1888) has increased from $27.54 to $57 per head, while the annual interest charge has increased from $1.28 to $2.11 per head. Thus while the Americans have been reducing their national burdens, Canada has been doing something very different. The United States government have now $482,433,917 in the national treasury for which they have no use, and the amount is constantly increasing. What must be said of the policy which seeks to prevent Canada from trading on equal terms with such a wealthy and prosperous neighbor? What would be said of the merchant who placed obstructions in the way of trading with the wealthiest people in his neighborhood?

POLITICAL AND GENERAL

Toronto's rate of taxation this year will be 14 3-8 mills on the dollar.

The cost of the Salvation Army case to the Quebec council will be about $2,000.

The Prince of Wales has 17 brothers-in-laws, 16 uncles, 57 cousins, 58 nephews and nieces.

There were 187 deaths in Montreal last week, a large proportion being due to cho-

NEWS NUGGETS.

Chiefly Relating to this Section of Ontario.

Deseronto's high school is to cost from $12,000 to $14,000.

Extensive alterations are to be made this year on Albert College, Belleville.

The hotel at Massassaga Park had a narrow escape from fire one day last week.

Superintendent Hooper has taken steps to improve the Kingston general hospital.

Chas. Wright, Sophiasburgh, has been appointed clerk of the third division court.

Major-general Cameron has been appointed commandant of the R. M. College, Kingston.

Through taking an overdose of bromide one S. O. Sherrot, of Kingston, died suddenly.

The Salvation Army barracks at Kingston, rebuilt at cost of $10,000, were opened on Sunday.

The chemical works at Deseronto were burned to the ground at noon on Sunday. Loss $35,000. Insured.

The John st. Presbyterian church was reopened, on Sunday last, the first occasion since the fire last winter.

It is estimated that at least a thousand tons of hay will have to be imported into Prince Edward this year.

It is likely that the Belleville baseball club will come off successful in the Eastern International league series.

Fire in Bowmanville destroyed the Alma hotel, Trinity Congregational church and the residence of Mrs. Shaw.

On Wednesday, John Stuart, jr., had three of his fingers badly lacerated by a saw in the Deseronto shingle mill

Dr. Wilson, Edmonton, N.W.T., has been re-elected to the Northwest council. He is a son of C. S. Wilson, Picton.

The Dominion government has granted $8,000 to improve the harbor of Belleville conditionally upon the city giving $6,000.

The hotel men of Harrowsmith have taken steps towards having the Scott Act repealed in Frontenac. Petitions are to be circulated.

Some of the farmers around Castleton are ploughing up their pea fields owing to the ravages of a bug which has destroyed the crop.

The annual regatta takes place at Massassaga, on Monday, 16th inst. A number of first and second class yachts have been entered.

The Whig is authority for the statement that in the neighborhood of Bath there is said to be good barley, notwithstauding the great drought.

The Ontario government has appointed John Collins, of Hastings, license inspector for East Northumberland, in the stead of Robert Cook, deceased.

The Downey Company have received a contract for supplying 3,500 tons of hard coal to the Grand Trunk at stations between Cornwall and Toronto.

William Rorke, formerly of Kingston, took a dose of laudanum at Gravenhurst yesterday, and died shortly afterward. He had been on a protracted spree.

An eight year old son of Mr. Luke Murphy, of Deseronto, was drowned on Sunday. He had gone out on the logs either to fish or bathe and fell into the bay.

The Mayor of Kingston has received a communication from Lord Stanley's secretary, who says his excellency wants to visit Kingston on the earliest opportunity.

Daniel L. Walker, of Deseronto, died suddenly on Wednesday of last week. He was a man well-known, having for a time filled the position of local preacher of the Methodist church.

Rev. G. S. White, of Stella, preached to

AT HYMEN'S ALTAR.

JOY—WALTERS.

On Saturday last one of those events which cause two hearts to beat as one, occurred at the residence of Mr, James Walters, Graham st., when his eldest daughter was married to Mr. Joseph W. Joy, second son of Wilder Joy, Esq. The knot was tied by Archdeacon Bedford-Jones, before a number of friends of the young couple. The ceremony over, the company sat down to a sumptuous repast, after which the newly-married couple were accompanied to the G. T. R station, where they took the midnight-train for Kingston amid showers of rice and old boots. At the latter city they took boat for Montreal and other eastern points. They are expected to return in about a week. The bride was the recipient of a number of valuable presents. Mr. and Mrs. Joy have the well wishes of a large circle of friends for long life and happinees.

HUBBS—KAYLER.

On Thursday evening of last week a very pleasant evening was spent at the residence of F. Kayler, Esq., the occasion being the marriage of his eldest daughter, Susie, to R. H. Hubbs, of Belleville. The bride was charmingly attired in white silk with veil and flowers. Miss Minnie Kayler, of Chicago, who had just returned from Europe, acted as bridesmaid, while the groom was ably supported by W. Campbell, of Belleville. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. A. Jewell, of Bloomfield, former pastor of Morven, in the presence of a number of relatives and most intimate friends. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful presents, accompanied by the well wishes of the donors. The happy couple left on the morning train for the west.

STEVENS—ASHLEY.

On Wednesday last, another of these pleasing events took place, when Mr. George Stevens, of Peterboro, son of our townsman, Mr. Chas. Stevens, was married to Miss Maggie Ashley. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Rice, at the home of the bride's father, Mr. Wm. Ashley, in West Huntington, a number of friends being witnesses. The bride was a favorite in the community, as was evinced by the many handsome presents given her. We wish George and his bride every happiness and the best of prosperity through life.

FLYNN—MURPHY.

On Monday, June 25th, Stoco church was the centre of attraction, it being known that at 11 o'clock Mr. Jas. Flynn, of Camden, was to be married to Miss Margaret Murphy, of Stoco, and that the ceremony was to be performed at the above place. The bride was neatly attired in golden satin trimmed with orange ribbons, bonnet and gloves of white, and looked charming. Miss Mary Murphy and Miss Mary A. Flynn were the bridesmaids, and all looked so neat and pretty that they fully shared the honors with the bride. The groom was attended by Mr. John Flynn and Mr. T. Kearns. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Fleming. After partaking of the wedding dejeuner at the residence of the bride's father, the rest of the evening was spent by the large assembly of invited guests in tripping the light fantastic. To say that the presents received by the bride were both numerous and costly would be to but faintly describe them. The whole community join in extending their hearty congratulations and best wishes to the happy couple.

PERSONALS.

—Mrs J Storms is visiting her son at Oneida, N.Y.

—Miss Henesy, of Odessa, is visiting friends here.

The Prince of Wales has 17 brothers-in-laws, 16 uncles, 57 cousins, 58 nephews and nieces.

There were 187 deaths in Montreal last week, a large proportion being due to cholera infantum.

The judgment of the Privy Council confirms Mr. Patrick Purcell in his position of M. P., for Glengarry.

A recent waterspout in Yorkshire, Eng., excavated on one field in several places to the depth of seven feet.

Mr. Peter White says that he has not asked for nor been offered a portfolio in the Dominion Government.

It is announced that Princess Victoria of Wales will be shortly married to the hereditary Prince of Anhalt.

Mr. H. A. Calvin announces that he will not be a candidate for the representation of Frontenac in the Legislature.

Sir John Macdonald has sued Nathan Michael, a Montreal tobbasonist, for using his name for advertising purposes.

A movement has been started in Dundas County for its separation from Stormont and Glengary for municipal purposes.

A marriage has been arranged between Dr. Stewart, a practising physician of London, and the eldest sister of the Duke of Norfolk.

Dr. D. W. Bliss is making an effort to get the balance (over $10,000) appropriated by congress to pay Garfield's physicians and funeral expenses.

Oregon celebrated the Fourth of July by illuminating with red fire a chain of snow covered mountains stretching from California nearly to the British Columbia line, a distance of seven hundred miles.

It has been arranged to hold the first annual meeting of the Dominion W. C. T. U. in Toronto during January next, when it is expected that Miss Francis E. Willard and other prominent women workers will be present.

The new instructions of the United States Postmaster General are that anything in the nature of an offensive or threatening dun, apparent on an envelope, outside cover of postal card, or conveying the suggestion that such dun is enclosed, must be excluded as nonmailable.

Frances C. Cleveland and 12 other heirs of the late John B. Folsom have filed a petition in the District Court at Omaha for the portion of their interest in 50 lots in that city, valued at several hundred thousand dollars. The petition states that Frances M. Cleveland is the same as Frances C. Folsom, she having intermarried with one Grover Cleveland.

At the recent Republican meeting in Chicago, among other planks adopted was one which virtually gives the Union free whiskey. It was seen that this was a mistake and at the last moment the party attempted to patch it up. But the wool was not to be pulled over the eyes of the temperance men in such a manner, as will be seen by the following from Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, the prohibition candidate for president, who says he has received as high as a thousand letters daily since the Republican convention containing assurances of support. The general says: "The little sickly annex, called the Temperance plank, which the Republicans nailed to their platform, has drawn thousands of Temperance votes into the Prohibition ranks. It reminds me of that character in one of Dicken's novels—I can't recall it at this moment—who was so thin his vest buttons could be seen from behind."

A Fact Worth Remembering.

Mr James Binnie, of Toronto, states that his little baby when three months old was so bad with summer complaint that under doctor's treatment her life was despaired of. Four doses of Dr Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cured her. She is now fat and heavy.

was a man well-known, having for a time filled the position of local preacher of the Methodist church.

Rev. G. S. White, of Stella, preached to the Orangemen, on Sunday afternoon, in the Third Methodist church, Kingston, The preacher wore a scarlet sash over his right shoulder. His text was Joshua 23. 3.

Rev. Mr. Taylor, Foxboro, known in this district, and who was recently poisoned by taking wrong medicine, preached on Sunday, but the effort was so exhausting that he has decided to take a leave of absence to recuperate.

The coroner's jury in the case of David Maracle, who died in the Belleville goal, found a verdict that death was caused from natural causes. A strong protest was also made against the practise of using the goal as a poor house for indigent persons from the city and several municipalities.

During the annual meet of the Canadian wheelmen's association, at Belleville, the hotels were thrown open to visitors, who were treated in a royal manner. A prominent temperance lady protested against this, as it occurred on Sunday, and a dozen or more hotels have been fined for a violation of the Ontario license act.

The Belleville Ontario says: Highway robberies are said to be a common occurrence on our streets after dark. Rowdyism is rampant and peaceable citizens are held up and robbed in a manner which should bring the blush of shame to the cheek of those who love to perpetvate the fair name of the city of the bay. One day last week a respectable merchant was knocked down and robbed of his pocket-book and money. Again on Monday a well-known mariner was fleeced of nearly $100 while enjoying the Dominion day festivities.

The many friends in America, of the late Mr. David Kennedy, who, with his talented family, delighted his countrymen in all lands by his gift of Scottish song, may be interested to know that a massive stone has been erected over the grave in the Grange Cemetery, Edinburgh, a little to east of the resting place of Dr. Guthrie. The stone bears the following inscription:—"David Kennedy, the Scottish Singer, Born at Perth, 15th April, 1825; died at Stratford, Canada, 13th October, 1886."

"We'll meet and aye be fain
In the Land o' the Leal."

—The Globe says: One of the questions that is likely to come up for consideration at the approaching meeting of the Canadian Press Association is that of deadhead advertising. There are a lot of people in every community going about with reputations for benevolence and public spiritedness that really belong to the editors of the local newspapers. They keep themselves before the public by their peculiar capacity for advertising gratuitously themselves and the institutions and movements with which they are connected. They are of the Order of Peanut Philanthropists. Some of the brighest specimens of this remarkable grade of being profess a complete want of faith in the efficacy of advertising, and are rather disposed to regard the press as a means of mischief. If it has a use it is to provide a living for the institutions on which they subsist. The more inferior members of the order are merely thoughtless people who want to be busy at low rates, and do not reflect that it is not the special object of the press to beep them before the public. Perhaps upon the whole there is more want of thought than calculated selfseeking in this practice of deadhead advertising, but it is a fraud on the press—a costly one at that—and it ought to be resisted by newspaper publishers and condemned by the Press Association.

PERSONALS.

—Mrs J Storms is visiting her son at Oneida, N.Y.

—Miss Henesy, of Odessa, is visiting friends here.

—Mr Arthur Ham, of Toronto, is visiting his brother, G. I. Ham.

—Mavor Cook is off on an extended tour through Nova Scotia.

—Mrs Perry, of Morven, spent Wednesday last with her brother, J. C. Huffman, Esq.

—Mrs Frederick Parker, of Grand Rapids, Mich, is a guest at Mr M.B. Hawley's, Bridge st.

—Mrs W. J. Vandusen, of Selby, visited this week at the home of her son, Mr F. W. Vandusen.

Messrs T. E. Anderson, J. L. Boyes and Robt Thompson attended the races at Kingston on Tuesday.

—Miss Fee Shoulchs, of Ottawa, and Miss Irene Shoulchs, of Hamilton, are visiting at Mrs A. J. Empey's.

—We were pleased to receive a call from Mr. W. C. Reid, nurseryman, of Enterprise, on Wednesday last.

—Dr A.M. Rosebrugh, of Toronto, will be at the British American Hotel, Kingston, on Saturday, the 14th inst.

—Mrs J. W. Spencer, of South Fredericksburgh, is spending a few days with her son, Mr Chas Spencer.

—Mr and Mrs Lewis Vanblaricom and daughter, May, of Selby, spent Sunday in town at Mr F. W. Vandusen's.

—On Monday Scott Act Inspector Smith called at THE EXPRESS office on his way to Tichborne for the hearing of seven Scott Act cases.

—Mrs Wm Ferguson and children, of Philadelphia, Penn., are visiting J. C. Huffman and other relatives in Napanee and vicinity.

—Mr W. P. Deroche, county court clerk, was in Toronto on Tuesday, attending the annual session of the countycourt clerks of Ontario.

—Father Wilson called upon us on Friday on his way home from Janetville where he had been on a visit to his son, the Rev W. D. P. Wilson.

—Inspector Rollins and Mr Cleall, who have been inspecting the milk furnished the cheese factories in this section, called upon us Monday

—Mr M. S. Scouten, of Napanee Mills, passed through town on Thursday, on a business trip to Watertown, N Y. He will be gone several weeks.

—Mr P. A. Scott and family, of Vennachar, have been in town for some days visiting friends. He reports the crops in his neighborhood as excellent.

—The Rev. J. P. Wilson, of Brandon, formerly pastor of the Western Methodist church, Napanee, has been elected vice president of the Manitoba Sabbath School Association.

—Rev R. M. Pope, of Belleville, has been in town this week soliciting subscriptions on behalf of the West Belleville Methodist church, which is burdened with a heavy debt.

—We were pleased to receive a call from Mr Thos H. German, formerly deputy-reeve of North Fredericksburgh, on Saturday last. Friend German has been attending the college at Belleville and at the late examinations succeeded admirably. He spent Sunday in the neighborhood of his old home.

—It is with regret that we announce the departure from our midst of a most estimable couple, in the persons of Mr and Mrs Hiram Fralick. Mr F. has purchased a business at 124 York st, Toronto, and has been there some days now looking after it. Next Wednesday Mrs Fralick follo vs, the household effects having been shipped this week They purpose taking up residence in Parkdale Their many friends here wish them every success in the queen city.

—From The Collegian of the Stanstead college we glean the following regarding Miss Chambers, daughter of Rev A. B. Chambers, the newly-arrived pastor of the Eastern Methodist church. She secured the degree of M. L. A. and M.M., won first prize in French and headed the list of those securing honor certificates by obtaining 99 marks out of a possible 100. Napaneeans feel all the more proud of Miss Chambers' success through the fact that she commenced her studies in the public school here. Afterwards she attended the High School at Quebec, Montreal and latterly Stanstead.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

30881y

CRICKET.

On Wednesday the Napanee cricketers visited Kingston and played a game with the Kingston men. The game was a bad defeat for the champions, the result being in favor of the limestone city men by twelve runs and an innings. Following is the score:

KINGSTON.

S. Fields, b Williams	18
J. Bacon, b Burrows	0
F. Ireland, l.b.w., b Williams	0
Capt. Straubenzie, b Williams	28
L. Williams, C. Richardson, b Burrows	4
Capt. Rivers, b Burrows	0
T. Y. Greet, b Williams	10
A. Jones, c H. B. Jones, b Williams	0
F. Dobbs, b Williams	19
J. Galloway, not out	25
P. M. McNiven, b Williams	0
Byes	14
Leg byes	4
No balls	1
	123

NAPANEE.

1st Innings.

F. Richardson, c. Rivers, b Galloway	6
G. Maybee, b Galloway	4
H. Bedford-Jones, b Williams	6
L. Stokes, b Williams	1
Dr. Leonard, b Galloway	16
C. W. Williams, c Greet, b Williams	3
G. Burrows, c Fields, b Williams	9
I. Allum, not out	
H. Daly, c Greet, b Galloway	0
G. Stevenson, run out	0
J. F. McAlister, b Williams	0
Byes	2
	50

2nd Innings

F. Richardson, l. b. w., b Williams	3
G. Maybee, c Straubenzie, b Williams	0
H. Bedford-Jones, not out	31
L. Stokes, c McNiven, b Williams	19
Dr. Leonard, c Jones, b Williams	0
C. W. Williams, b Williams	3
G. Burrows, b Williams	0
I. Allum, run out	0
H. Daly, c McNiven, b Fields	0
G. Stevenson, b Williams	0
J. F. McAlister, c Fields	0
Byes	3
Wide balls	2
	61

Broken Down.

"After suffering with Dyspepsia, Kidney disease, loss of appetite and pain in the head until discouraged, I heard of Burdock Blood Bitters, took two bottles and am happy to say feel as well as ever." Mrs Rufus R. Merry. New Albany, N. S.

YOU SUFFER

from Biliousness, Constipation, Piles, Sick Headache. Sour Stomach, Colds, Liver Trouble, Jaundice, Dizziness, Bad taste in the Mouth, etc.—YOU NEED SUFFER NO LONGER—

Warner's SAFE Pills

WILL CURE YOU **They have** CURED TENS OF THOUSANDS. They possess these points of superiority: sugar coated; purely vegetable, contain no calomel, mercury or mineral of any kind; do not gripe; never sicken; easy to take; mild in operation; and for these reasons are ESPECIALLY THE FAVORITES OF WOMEN. Ask for

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS.

SHINGLES.

Parties about to reshingle their outbuildings and in want of a cheap grade of shingles, would do well to give us a call. We have extra good values to offer.

THE RATHBUN CO.,
2788atf Napanee Agency.

MEN!

Our Specific No. 23 permanently restores EXHAUSTED VITALITY, LOST MANHOOD and GENERAL DEBILITY when other treatment fails. Send 6 cents in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS for home cure. TORONTO MEDICINE Co. 343 Spadina Ave. Toronto, Ont.
2888ly

LARGEST IN CANADA.

Fonthill Nurseries.

We want reliable energetic men to sell our nursery stock; previous experience not necessary; any man with tact and energy can succeed; terms liberal either salary or commission; outfit free.

Our agents have many advantages, such as selling home grown hardy Canadian stock. This season we have a number of choice specialties which are of value and which can only be secured from us, such as a complete list of New Russian Apples, the Ritson Pear, Saunders Plum Hilborn Raspberry, Moore's Ruby and Black Champion Currants Moore's Diamond Grape, etc.

We have given particular attention to the propagation of hardy varieties suitable to the northern sections of Canada. For terms apply to

STONE & WELLINGTON,
2988m Toronto, Ont.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

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Auditors—Ira B. Hudgins and E. L. Percy

The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

The Manufacturers Life Insurance COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE, - 33 KING STREET EAST
TORONTO, ONT.

Incorporated by special Act of the Dominion Parliament.

Authorized capital and other assets over 200,000.

Full Deposit with the Dominion Government

—o—

PRESIDENT:
Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, P.C.,G,C.B

VICE-PYESIDENTS:
Sir Alex. Campbell, K.C.M.G., Lieut.-Governor of Ontario. George Gooderham, Esq., President of the Bank of Toronto; Wm. Bell, Esq, Manufacturer, Guelph.

AUDITORS:
H. J. Hill, Secretary of the Industrial Exhibition Association, Toronto. Edgar A. Wills, Chartered Accountant, Secretary Board of Trade, Toronto.

CONSULTING ACTUARIES:
Prof. Standen, of New York. Prof. Tabor, of Chicago.

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P. J Strathy, M.D., M.R.C.S., London, Eng as. F. W. Ross, M.B., L.R.C.P., London, Eng.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. McCarthy, Osler, Hoskin & Creelman.

J. B. CARLILE, Managing Director
GRANT & LEONARD, Medical Examiner
E. HOOPER, Agent, Napanee.

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS.

GEO. N. FRASER,

(Successor to John Phalen.

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE AT FOOT OF JOHN ST. NAPANEE, IN GERMAN'S OLD STAND.

I have great pleasure in calling the attention of the farmers of this section to my large stock of Farming Implements, among which might be mentioned the following:

THE CELEBRATED JOHN ABELL GOLD MEDAL STEAM ENGINES.

"PARAGON," "VIBRATOR," AND "ADVANCE" THRESHING MACHINES.

PORTABLE SAW AND SHINGLE MILLS.

THE LITTLE MAXWELL STEEL BINDER (RIGHT HAND CUT.

THE MAXWELL REAPER, MOWER AND HORSE RAKE.

FIRST-CLASS STEEL PLOWS, INCLUDING TWO FURROW, GANG AND SULKY.

N.B.—The Maxwell Binder is the only right hand cut Binder manufactured.

A large stock of repairs constantly on hand Call and learn prices before purchasing.

GEO. N. FRASER.

P.S.—A number of second-hand engines for sale cheap. 2288z

TROTTING STALLIONS.

The undersigned would announce that his standard bred trotting stallions,

Passion and Dexter.

will stand for mares the season of 1888, at his stable, Dundas st., Napanee, opposite the Campbell House.

These stallions are fine high bred horses and parties wanting to improve their stock cannot do better than patronize them. Persons contemplating using them, will please arrange for use early as I intend putting them in training after season.

Terms will be made known on application to
T. A. MARTIN,
2588h Napanee

NOTICE.

WOOL WANTED.

Wm. Breeze has bought out the interest of W. and J. Breeze in the

WOOLEN AND SAW MILL AT FOREST MILLS

I have no interest in any other mill. I am running the Woolen Factory at Forest Mills personally and am now ready to spin, card and manufacture wool in tweeds, flannels and fulleloths

am also Buying Wool and will pay the Highest Price in Trade or Cash.

I have on hand a stock of fine and coarse tweeds also fine and course flannels to exchange for carding 4 cents per pound; spinning 10 cents per pound.

WILLIAM BREEZE
Forest Mills, May 8th, 1888 2588z

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS.

J. B. CARLILE, Managing Director.
GRANT & LEONARD, Medical Examiner
E. HOOPER, Agent, Napanee.

per pound.
Forest Mills, May 8th, 1888

WILLIAM BREEZ
2588z

P. SLAVEN & CO.

Have opened this week one case from Boston, of Printed Cocheco Lawns, pretty patterns, at 10 cents per yard.

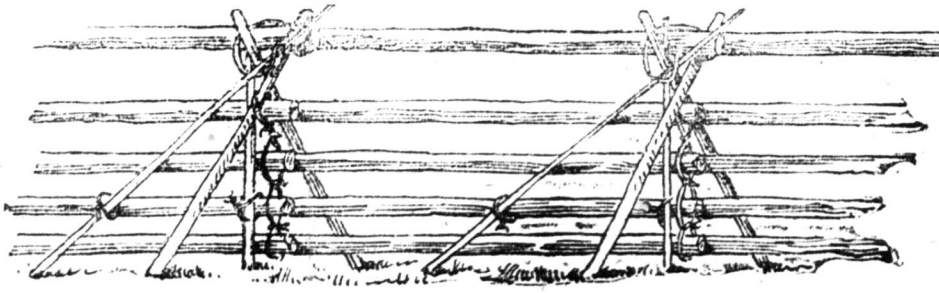
We are also showing Ladies Balbriggan underclothing, high neck and long sleeves, and Gauze Merino with low neck and short sleeves.

Gentlemen's fine Summer Underwear and Hosiery in all sizes and best makes.

We have marked down the prices of our Parasols to one half the usual prices.

We are making great reductions in the prices of all summer goods.

P. SLAVEN & CO'Y.



FARMERS, ATTENTION!

INVESTIGATE THE MERITS —OF—

RUSSELL'S IMPROVED FENCE

(PATENTED 1883)

IT RECOMMENDS ITSELF BY ITS SIMPLICITY, CHEAPNESS AND DURABILITY

WHY IT IS THE BEST

It only requires one-half the timber; takes up but half the room of the common rail fence; will not blow down any easier than your buildings. Stock cannot rub or throw it down. No stakes or posts in the ground to decay. It is better than the old-fashioned rail fence. It is far ahead of board fence; it is stronger and can be built for less than half the cost. It is far cheaper than wire fence, with none of its dangers, as wire fencing has ruined more stock in the short time it has been in use than all other fences. Any ordinary old rail fence contains enough material, with the addition of a couple of stakes to each length and one pound of wire, to make a good substantial fence. The wire for this fence costs about three cents per pound. The expense of building and repairing fences exceed all other taxes combined. There is enough material in an eight rail fence to make two good Russell fences, which will be more durable and better looking. Russell's Improved Fence excels all other fences introduced to the notice of farmers, and is endorsed and strongly recommended by the best farmers and stockmen. It is rapidly coming into general use in the United States and Canada wherever introduced.

Farm Rights for Russell's Improved Fence, 5 cents per acre. You furnish the material and we will find the wire and build your fence for 15 cents per rod. For farm and township rights in Lennox and Addington counties apply to

F. H. NEIL, Lucan, Ont.

☞Orders left at MORRIS' RESTAURANT, Napanee, will be promptly attended to

2688m

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

GOING WEST		GOING EAST	
Express.....	3.08 A.M.	Express..	1.23 Midnigh
"	6.13 "	Express..	11.50 Noon
Express.....	5.06 P.M	" ..	1.23 P.M.
Mixed.....	9.45 "	Mixed....	8.39 A.M.
Mixed	9.21 A M	Mixed....	9.45 P. M,

MASONIC EXCURSION
-TO-
TORONTO

AND RETURN—**$3.00.**

Tickets good to go by afternoon express July 17th, or 6 o'clock morning train, July 18th, and return July 19th.

SONS OF ENGLAND
EXCURSION TO KINGSTON,

JULY 18—FARE 80 Cents.

Tickets good to go by mixed train, 8,30 a.m. and return 9.45 p.m.

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co. Napanee

861y

Wilton.

Miss Maggie Storms is in Deseronto.

Mrs Thompson is visiting friends in Lyn.

Miss Patterson has returned from Harrowsmith.

Mr Will Warner, Napanee, is visiting friends in this vicinity.

There was no service in the Presbyterian church last Sunday evening.

Mrs Lake and Mrs Neilson have gone to Brockville to visit their sister, Mrs Looker.

Desmond.

Farmers busy cutting there hay.

Our school has closed for vacation.

A picnic for the Sunday school is much needed for the pleasure of the scholars.

Mr. Luke Switzer lost a valuable mare a few days ago.

A number from here went to the back lakes on a fishing tour. A big catch and lots of fun.

A shock was felt here on Sunday evening about eleven o'clock, apparently that of an earthquake.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Patterson have the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

Switzerville.

Weather fine; crops good.

Mr. Fred Thompson is expected home from the west daily.

Mrs. P. E. R. Miller and children are visiting friends in Kingston.

Mrs. G. L. Vanluven and daughters, of Murvale, are guests of Mr. C. Lake.

Children happy; school is closed; and Miss Dunbar home to spend holidays.

Misses Eva and Julia Miller wrote at entrance examinations, at Newburgh.

Rev. J. J. Leech, our new pastor, delivered an eloquent address to a large congregation, on Sunday last.

Mrs. Connoly and daughter, of Cataraqui; Miss Lottie Thompson, of Napanee, and Mr. Brooks, commercial traveller, from the west, have been renewing acquaintances in the neighborhood. Mr. B. says our young ladies are not very communicative.

Camden East.

Baseball seems to be almost dead.

being the pivot of the wealthy township of Ernesttown there is no reason why a branch of some good institution could not be made a paying concern here. As now the business is distributed to Kingston and Napanee, making it very unhandy for customers. We invite managers attention and communication with us. The waterworks and telephone are realities, only, of the near future

Morven.

Mrs (Rev) Peake, who has been quite ill, is slowly improving.

Mrs. J. C. Perry and Mrs. W. Ferguson, of West Philadelphia, are spending the summer with their numerous friends here.

Mr. G. D. Grant, our esteemed school teacher, received the sad intelligence of the death of his father who resides in the Northwest. He was kicked by a horse and almost immediately died.

Mr. and Mrs. Mabey Van Fleet, of Riverside, Cal., are guests at Mr. W. R. Gordanier's. Mr. Van Fleet returns to his southern home next week, but Mrs. Van Fleet and children will spend the summer and fall with her sister, Mrs. W. R. Gordanier.

We have reason to be quite proud of our school and scholars. At the recent promotion examination at the 4th concession the three pupils, Tommy Irish, Armond Gordanier and Walter Gordanier who tried were successful. Walter Gordanier, the youngest of those who tried from three schools obtained the highest number of marks.

RECEPTION AT ODESSA.

Greeting to Rev. W. M. H. Quartermaine and Bride.

The village of Odessa has been in a flutter of excitement for the past few days, consequent upon the expected arrival of the Rev. W. M. H. Quartermaine and his bride. Mr. Quartermaine was appointed by the bishop to the newly formed mission of Odessa about one month ago, since which time he has taken to himself a wife, one of Brockville's fairest daughters. After an extended wedding tour through some of the principal cities of the United States they were met at Ernesttown station by a deputation from Odessa and escorted to their new home. On their arrival on Thursday evening they found to their surprise, that their house, previously engaged by Mr. Quartermaine, had been taken possession of by over one hundred of the village people. The rooms were nicely decorated with strips of bunting and flags, the grounds were illuminated with Chinese lanterns. There was a plentiful supply of refreshments of all kinds.

At eight o'clock the proceedings of the evening commenced. After a few complimentary remarks by Dr. Booth, as to the object of the gathering, an address was read to Mr. Burns, who has had charge of the Sabbath School work for some time, expressing the high esteem in which he was held by the people, and thanking him for the efforts put forth by him on behalf of the church. The address was accompanied with the presentation of a large full bound Webster's dictionary, on a beautiful mounted folding stand. Mr. Burns replied verbally in a few feeling words.

An address was then read to Mr. Quartermaine, welcoming him and his partner cordially to the field. It expressed a hope that, under his [illegible] the church, which had worked under difficulties for some two years, would now progress more rapidly. Mr. Quartermaine in his reply, said that he felt proud that his first parish should be that of Odessa, though the people had been so long connected with the Church of England, yet so much remained to be done. He reviewed the past and spoke highly of the work done by his predecessor. He said his first effort should be to erect a church. He would endeavor to carry on the services as they had been done in the past, but that if any differences arose from time to time as to what he did or said if the people would only ask the reason why it would be cheerfully

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co, 106 Wall-st

4087ly.

ISLAND HOME STOCK FARM

Percheron Horses. French Coach Horses. Savage & Farnum, Importers and Breeders of Percheron and French Coth Horses, Island Home Stock Farm, Grosse Isle, Wane County Mich. We offer a very large stud of horse to select from, we guarantee our stock, make prices reasonable and sell on easy terms. Visitors always welcome. Large catalgue free. Address

Savage & Farnum,
DETROIT MICH.

NOTICE.

Having leased the Bill Mill for a term of years and it having been repaired and now in the best of running order, I am now prepared to do all kinds of

GRISTING

at shortest notice. All grists weighed in and out

Flour and Feed Constantly on Hand.

The highest cash price paid for all kinds of grain. Your patronage solicited.

87m JOHN R DAFOE

$100.000 TO LOAN

-AT-

5 Per Cent Straight Loans,

Re-payable at any time the borrower chooses.

No Commissions and no fines charged

W. S. WILLIAMS.

BUILDING!

Camden East.

Baseball seems to be almost dead.

Hay is a general failure around here.

Grain will be well filled but the straw will be short.

Boom in Army on Sunday; sixteen in march, something rare.

The Lawn Social at Hugh Saul's Wednesday was a decided success.

Some of the lads were up to Belleville to the great bicycle tournament.

The Orangemen and 'Prentice Boys are going to Kingston to celebrate the glorious twefth.

Miss Georgia Spafford is home from Boston, where she was paying a visit to her sister.

Miss Minnie Fee is home from Toronto, where she was attending her musical education. Welcome home.

Rev. J. J. Leach, our new superintendent, filled the pulpit Sunday before last and favorably impressed us, both as regards appearance and demeanor.

John Robinson is home from the Business College, Belleville, where he obtained his diploma. He will soon leave for Syracuse. They say he has not forgotten how to pitch in the least.

Odessa.

Wm. V. Smith is home from Cobourg.

Mr. Wartman, Napanee, was here Sunday last

Holidays have begun and the small boy is gladdened.

Lionel Claxton has secured an interest in the drug store.

Mrs. Rowlston, Napanee, is visiting Mrs. Philip D. Booth.

John A. McKay, Napanee, was in town Friday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Reese are spending a day or so with Mrs. Lewis.

Mr. George Smeall, of Nebraska, arrived Wednesday afternoon

Our popular teacher, Mr. T. C. Bourne, has gone to Farmersville.

Mrs. Dr. Cole, Alexandria Bay, N. Y., is visiting the Misses Sproule.

Miss Botting, teacher, has been engaged for the 2nd department O. P. S.

The new school bell has arrived and will be placed in position in a few days.

Thomas and Albert Huff have gone to Uncle Sam's during the harvest operations.

Grandma Lucas, mother of our esteemed George Lucas, Esq., is dangerously ill.

Prof. J. W. Davy, Kingston, spent a few days with his father, Jno. Davy, who is very sick.

The officers of the Salvation Army have removed to the parsonage adjoining the barracks

Mr. Hoppins, agent of the Rathbun Co. Kingston, spent a couple of days here on business.

William Blewett, his mother and her grandchildren, Napanee, spent a pleasant day at Mrs. Toomey's.

Mrs. Chadsey has removed to east end, taking possession of A. B. Gordon's tenement, Factory street north.

A. E. Timmerman slipped off a beam in the barn whilst unloading hay; fell to the floor sustaining a severe bruise on his right side.

A merchant in town advertises on a piece of herring box, nailed up, "Shorts." Just so! we are all that way especially when the collector bobs up.

Hair-lifting stories are reported from the 3rd con. anent the earthquake. At this place the rumbling was as if some buggy had passed rapidly over the iron bridge; that's all.

Rumor has it that Allan Fraser, Esq., Links Mills, has purchased Nelson & Walker's property opposite the Salvation Army barracks and will retire to the village.

Wm. Metzler, Toronto; Sidney Walker, Sydenham; Frank Aylesworth and Malcom Denyes, Collegiate Institute and Jno. Gardiner, teacher, near Farmersville, are spending their holidays at home.

Rev. Mr. Quartermaine and wife arrived and were heartily welcomed Thursday evening. He held his opening service Sunday in Beaver Hall. The young couple are of the right material to make friends.

The drouth is very severe, yet vegetation still vegetates, but not as rapidly as the chronic kicker would wish. Some farmer's faces are drawn as long as a dusty concession road, but a good rain now would change the expression to a cut across lots and furrows all the way round to the backs of their necks.

The Board of Trade is agitating for a branch bank, waterworks and telephone. Odessa

they had been done in the past, but that if any differences arose from time to time as to what he did or said if the people would only ask the reason why it would be cheerfully explained. He thanked the people for their kindly welcome and hoped he would remain long with them.

Both addresses were signed on behalf of the congregation by Lionel Claxton, vestry clerk.

A very handsome white bouquet was presented to Mrs. Quartermaine by Miss Flossie Bennett, on behalf of the Sunday school children. Refreshments were then handed round by ten young ladies of the congregation, and everybody went home well satisfied with their new clergyman and his estimable wife.

BORN.

JOY—In Napanee, on June 24th, the wife of Mr Garrett B. Joy of a daughter.

DIED.

MCCULLOUGH—At his residence, in Napanee, on Thursday, July 12, Charles McCullough, in his 62nd year.

SCOTT—At Clarksville, on the 11th inst., Agnes Scot, aged 65 years.

From Moropano, Man.

Mr Joseph Clark writes—"All last winter I was so bad with Inflammatory Rheumatism that I was not expected to live. I used no other medicine but Burdock Blood Bitters and can now get around again feeling better than I ever was before I was taken sick, and I owe it all to Burdock Blood Bitters."

The third daughter of Emperor Frederick will be married to the Duke of Sparta as soon as court mourning will permit.

Well Tested.

"I was nearly dead with Cholera Morbus, one bottle of Extract of Wild Strawberry cured me, and at another time I was so bad with Summer Complaint that I thought I would never get over it, when two bottles cured me." Mrs E. Askett, Peel, Ont.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 820 Powers Block Rochester N.Y. 148

NO CURE NO PAY!

A Fair and Square Offer to Invalids so very

The New Method Treatment

By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been unbounded, that we will now guarantee to treat and cure all incurable cases, for a stipulated price until cured, and in case of failure to refund all the money paid us under such written guarantee. It will cost you nothing to investigate this offer, as consultation at the office or by letter free. Take no chance—pay no money to advertiser, unless he has confidence enough in skill to guarantee a cure. No matter what name or nature of your disease may be, call or write to us, giving age, sex, complexion and symptoms. Send stamps for reply, post on the NEW METHOD CURE, to-day.

Part I, contains 128 pages, over 200 illustrations, symptoms of diseases and reports of over 1000 cures, prescriptions for the cure of acute diseases by Allopathic, Homeopathic and Eclectic remedies; Hygienic instructions for every lady, gentleman and family. Will be mailed on receipt of 20 two-cent stamps, or 40 cents in silver.

Part II, private information for men and boys, single or old, sealed in plain envelopes on receipt of 6 two-cent stamps, or 10 cents in silver.

Part III, information and instructions for ladies, married or single, 14 colored illustrations, symptoms, advice and reports of cures; mailed in plain envelopes on receipt of 6 two-cent stamps or 10 cents in silver. The three books will be mailed for 25 two-cent stamps, or 50 cents in silver, or will be given free at the offices of The Dr. [illegible] Co., either at 4 Richmond St., Detroit, Mich., or at 186 Elm St., Cleveland, O. All letters must be addressed to Dr. [illegible], Detroit, Mich. We have cured invalids in all parts of the world [illegible]

W. S. WILLIAMS.

BUILDING!

Having bought out the business of E. F. Vanluven & Co. I am prepared to execute all orders for

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Frames Dressed Lumber, Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

On short notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal, next to brush factory. 2388ly

SEASON OF 1888.

Davy's Island.

Ease, comfort, health and enjoyment for the summer months.

THE POPULAR BAY OF QUINTE SUMMER RESORT.

BOATS DAILY TO ALL BAY POINTS. LARGE DINING HALL AND COTTAGES FOR GUESTS.

Good fishing grounds; boats to hire; ice cream, lemonade and all summer refreshments

Special Terms for Families and Picnic Parties.

For full particulars address

MRS. JOHN CHRISTIE

2488m NAPANEE, ONT

The Massey Manufacturing Co.

OF TORONTO,

are manufacturing 15000 Harvesting Machines for the season of 1888. They are the oldest and largest manufacturers of Harvesting Machines in Canada, this being their 41st year, and their agents,

Birrell & Co

can supply intending purchasers with the best harvesting machines sold to-day, viz.:

THE MASSEY MOWER,
THE TORONTO MOWER,
THE MASSEY HARVESTER,
SHARP'S RAKE, and
TORONTO LIGHT BINDER.

Birrell & Co. also handle every implemen required on a farm. Wilkison Plows, Hay Cars, Tedders, etc.

Mill and Factory men supplied with machinery from the Waterous Engine Works, Brantford, on short notice.

Threshing Machines and Engines of the best make and latest designs. Farm and School House Bells. The Dowell Washer has been sold satisfactorily in Napanee for six years. Sold on its merits. Also, several style of Wringers. Call and inspect our stock.

BIRRELL & CO.

Sale rooms opposite Brisco House. 2288mtf

LAHEY & McKENTY

The Popular Dry Goods House,

NEW -:- RENNIE -:- BLOCK.

ARE SELLING

A bargain lot of Dress Goods just received. All goods suitable for present use and to be cleared out at once

All-wool canvas cloths worth 40 cents for 19 cents.
Union Combination worth 30 cents for 12½ cents.
Canvas Stripes worth 35 cents for 15 cents.
Stripped Lawns, fast colors, worth 30 cents for 12½ cents
Canvas Dress Goods, leading shades, worth 20 cents for 10 cents
All-wool Nun's Veilings 12½ cents
All-wool Jersey Cloths 12½ cents.
White Lawns from 10c up
White Check Muslins from 5 cents up
Swiss Skirting Embroideries from 50 cents up
Black Kid Gloves, all sizes at 25 cents per pair, worth 60 cents.
Seamless Cotton Hose, old price 15 cents, now 10 cents.
Ladies' Cotton Hose, all colors, 3 pairs for 25 cents.
Clearing prices on Silk and Lisle Gloves
Clearing prices on Parasols and Jerseys
The cheapest Corsets in Napanee
All standard goods from best makers.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Just placed in stock 50 Men's Tweed Suits, all-wool and well made. $8 to $10, GOOD CLOTHING.

HATS.

New shapes in fine Stiff and Soft Hats Men's Hats at 50 cents. Boy's Hats very cheap at

THE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.

LAHEY & McKENTY.

Seed Obituary.

—o—

At this, the end of a very prosperous seed season (in which we have sold seeds at much below the ordinary rates we take the opportunity of thanking an appreciative public for their generous patronage and confidently promise even lower prices for 1889

ADVICE GRATIS.

Plant Manitoba Potatoes and secure improved crops (On hand at $1 25 per bag.)

Eat Germ Wheat Meal and cheat dyspepsia out of a victim (We sell it at 5c per lb)

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

West of England Trouserings,
Worsted Coatings.
Scotch and Canadian Tweeds,
Handsome Suitings.

In fact everything to be found in a well-appointed Tailoring Establishment.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

per bag.)

Eat Germ Wheat Meal and cheat dyspepsia out of a victim (We sell it at 5c per lb)

Use Germ Wheat Flour mixed with higher grades for bread, and straight for pancakes Mixed with bran for feeding cattle, pigs, horses, etc It will cost you $1 50 per cwt

Eggs Butte iand all kinds of farm produce taken n exchange for goods, or highest price in cash paid.

All outstanding accounts (over one month old) must be paid or arranged at once to save credit and costs

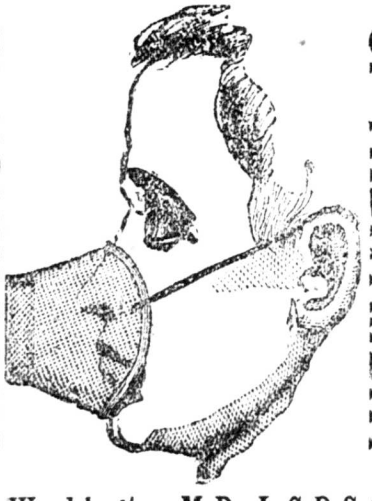
THOS. SYMINGTON,

Produce Dealer Dundas st, Napanee

Also agent for the L & L Fire Insurance Co. 2288l

VAPOR CDLD MEDICATED

THE PRINCIPLE OF TREATMENT



N. Washington, M.D., L.C.P.S.O.

Eminent Throat & Lung Surgeon

WILL VISIT HUFFMAN HOUSE.

Napanee, July 7th, '88

Until 11.30 a.m.

TAMWORTH—Shields' hotel, July 7th, on arrival noon train until night.

A FEW OF THE MANY CURED.

Mrs. John McKelvy, Kingston, catarrh and consumption.

John McKelvy, Kingston, catarrh.

Mrs. A. Hopping, Kingston, broncho consumption.

E. Scott, Kingston, catarrh, head and throat.

Mrs. J. Bertram, Harrowsmith, catarrh, throat.

James Matthews, post master, Acton.

A. E. Irish, gents' furnishings, Belleville, of catarrh of the throat.

Titus Snid r, Bloomfield, catarrh, head throat.

F. ranc s. catarrh, head and throat.

Miss Nell bbe Berlin, enlarged tonsil.

F. Wing, ma . Corunna, catarrh, head

Henry Scott, n, ma.

John Phippin urst, near Napanee, catarrh, head and throa .

Wm. Shoemaker, Rodney, Catarrh.

Joseph Smiley, Fort Gratiot, U. S., catarrh, bad form.

A. D. Urlin's son, Wallacetown, catarrh, bad form.

DISEASES TREATED.—atarrh of the head and throat, catarrhal deafness, chronic bronchitis, asthma and consumption. Also loss of voice, sore throat, enlarged tonsils, polypus of the nose removed.

COME EARLY. CONSULTATION FREE.

3887ly

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

D. J. HOGAN & SON,

488ly Napanee's Clothiers and Tailors.

WOL. WOOL. WOOL.

NAPANEE WOOLEN MILLS.

We beg to intimate to our patrons and the public generally that our Woolen Mills at Napanee are in first-class order, turning out work second none in this part of the province.

We keep one sett running on imported wool of the finest quality, ... are prepared to give you goods as fine as made in large mills.

A full line of Tweeds, Fullcloths, Flannels, Sheetings, Blankets, etc., o our own manufacture constantly on hand, which we guarantee as to workmanship and material.

We also keep a full stock of imported goods direct from manufacturers.

We call special attention to our yarns. We make the finest quality from mported and Canadian pure wool. All grades and colors.

Mr D BREEZE, one of the firm, will be in our office in Shannonville with a full line of goods. Give him a call and be convinced that he will give you better value for your wool than you can get elsewhere.

We will pay the highest price for wool in trade OR CASH.

Spinning 10 cents per pound. Roll carding 4 cents per pound.

BREEZE BROS. & McKAY.

Npanee, M1888 2688dtf

HATS. HATS.

ALL THE LEADING STYLES IN

American and English,

and at prices that knock them all out.

Over 200 different Styles to Choose from

Come to us if you want the newest and best.

2288ly

ROBLIN & FORD.

HOUSEHOLD.

Stay at Home.—A Word to Country Girls.

The following article, taken from an American periodical and addressed to American girls, yet applies with equal force to Canadian girls from the country who seek homes in our cities. In Toronto, Montreal, and even in some of the less populous centres, the destroyer lurks ever ready to seize and despoil the innocentand pure-minded girl from the farm or country-village:—

To the strong and healthy country maiden who seeks not only self-support, but greater excitement, every large city, with its wealth of trade and glittering show, seems a mine ready to yield its rich ore.

All kinds of girls—steady, earnest workers, and giddy, thoughtless and dissatisfied village belles—throng the railway and steamboat stations, utterly inexperienced, often nearly penniless, alone, and strangers. What do they mean to do? Universally, the answer is "Get work," as if it were to be had for the first asking. To obtain board "near by," or to "work for board," seems to their simple experience, very easy to manage. But what are the facts? Arriving in the hurried, rushing crowd, no one meets them, no one notices the bewildered, frightened amazement at so many people, no one directs to the safe shelter of some Young Woman's Christian Association, or lodging house. Ah, yes! here are one or two to notice; this policeman or this hackman, with the badge of authority on his cap, comes politely to the comely maiden and offers to show her to a respectable boarding-house kept by a kind landlady, at very cheap prices. And the unsuspecting girl gratefully accompanies her guide, admiring the wonderful machinery of a great government, to—a house of worse than death, from which she can never go out a pure honest woman. And the hackman or policeman pockets $200, for his half hour's trouble. This is painfully, terribly true. So true, that Christian women, slowly waking to the dreadful facts, have begun their work of opposition. In Boston, the Young Traveller's Aid Society provides for the distribution, on incoming trains and steam boats, of a printed slip bearing the words: "Important Notice to Women!" telling of the lodging houses on Berkeley and Warrenton treets. connected with the Young Women's Christian Association, warning the travelers to "beware of information received from unreliable sources." And to "find at the wharf a lady authorized to give information, wearing a blue badge marked Boston Y. W. C. A."

Every night these workers return with girls who otherwise would have nowhere to go. Think of the risk! Better than all it will be, when farmer's daughters and village girls will stay in their own safe homes, instead of venturing into the abyss of city filth, which even under favorable surroundings, is a miserable struggle for daily bread.

The competition is already so great that for every opening there are dozens of applications. The wages are so low that women who can keep from starving outright, nevertheless lose health and courage. If, after a steady grind, the young girl longs for recreation and fun, where can she find it? Unless she is happy enough to belong to Miss Dodge's Clubs, the Young Women's Christian Association, or some hearty social church, she must leave her cramped, cold bedroom to find her companions on the street or in the dance hall. And such companions! Not the steady, industrious men, for they will not be found there, but those only whose pleasure it will be to lure her from the virtue which has been her only protection. Is this life? Is this the excitement and freedom you long for, country

inently fond of staying at home. Circumstances forced him to move from one lodging to another; but these little journeys remind one of Dr. and Mrs. Primrose's "migrations from the blue bed to the brown." On foreign soil Lamb would have felt forlorn, indeed. He went once to Paris, but the visit left no mark upon his life or writings; he went to Keswick also, to see Coleridge, and that did but serve to make him love the streets of London more. Not even Dr. Johnson loved them better, and he too, though with Boswell's help he reached the Hebrides, had small experience of travel. Certainly the greatest man of letters of this century was a home-keeper. Sir Walter Scott found abundant food for his genius in his native land, and did not need to go abroad even to paint foreign scenery.

Doing up Shirt Bosoms.

A laundress of large experience writes that the doing of that most difficult thing of all in laundry work—the doing up of shirt bosoms—may be made highly successful by observing the following procedure: Enough cold starch to last several months may be made of one ounce of laundry wax, two ounces of borax, one teacupful of water and three teacupfuls of starch. The borax and wax are dissolved in water, sufficiently heated for the purpose, but not hot enough to scald the starch; into this mix the pulverized starch after passing it through a flour seive. In using, take a teaspoonful of this prepared starch and dissolve in water that is not cold enough to prevent the wax from softening.

The hot starch is made, not very thick, and a teaspoonful is allowed to a shirt bosom, the hotter the liquid is the better. Apply a tablespoonful at a time, rubbing in well before putting on more, and after the right side will take up no more, apply to the under side. Unless the starch is well rubbed in, the iron will stick and specks and blisters will appear. The hot starching is done first, the bosom is allowed to dry and then the cold starching is done by dipping the bosoms in the liquid, wringing out and rubbing slightly. After an hour or so, iron, st rubbing the bosom carefully with a cloth wrung out in hot water, to equalize the starch on the surface.

A thin cloth is laid over the bosom the first time the iron is passed over it. When this is removed, dampen the surface of the bosom a little, and finally iron carefully until the finish is satisfactory. Let the outside cover of the ironing board be woolen cloth and the bosom will not stick to it.

Cooking Recipes.

BOILED BERRY PUDDING.—One pint of bread crumbs soaked in one pint of sweet milk, three beaten eggs, one and one-half cups of sifted flour, one-fourth of a teaspoon of salt; roll out and spread with one pint of berries; roll up and boil in a pudding bag one and one-half hours.

SWEET PUDDING.—One cup of suet chopped fine, two cups of flour, two eggs, one cup of sweet milk, one teaspoon of baking powder, one-fourth of a teaspoon of salt; pour into pudding bag and boil one and one-half hours.

SUET PUDDING.—Two cups of suet chopped fine, two cups each of currants and raisins, two cups of molasses, two cups of brown sugar, six cups of flour, three and one-half teaspoons of baking powder, one cup of sour milk; boil in pudding bag two hours.

PULL PUDDING.—Three eggs, one pint of flour, one cup of sugar, two teaspoons of baking powder, one-half cup of butter; steam one hour; serve with sauce.

BERRY SHORTCAKE.—One quart of flour, one teaspoon of salt, one half cup of butter,

AS YOU LIKE IT.

DIRECTNESS.

Do you tell men face to face
What you think;
Or let Speech, like something base,
Rearward slink?
Whispering there your honest word
Vanward rolled,
Falsified, because half heard
And half told.
Save the earth and deadly woe,
Voice and pen!
Be direct with friend or foe,
Man to men.

—Charlotte Fiske Bates.

It costs more to avenge wrongs than to bear them.

The best mind cure is to make up one's mind to be contented.

The talent of success is doing nothing more than you can do well without a thought of fame.

One of the wonders of Paris is a well 2,359 feet in depth. Hot water rushes out of this well in a stream 114 feet high.

The man who does nothing but kill time should be adjudged guilty of a capital crime, for is not time money, and money capital?

Dignity is a very good thing for an elephant or something of that kind, but a man who is alive and kicking has very little use for it.

The Atlanta Constitution notes that "the lumber used in John Brown's gallows is still preserved at Harper's Ferry, and the owner asks $1,500 for it.

A young woman in Lincoln, Neb., has married a man because he had "dreamy eyes." A man with dreamy eyes usually has a dreamy pocket-book.

If a man does not make new acquaintances as he advances through life he will soon find himself left alone. A man should keep his friendship in constant repair.

There are 28,000 shad eggs in a quart Now, then, if a shad and a half lay an egg and a half in a day and a half, how many—but why go on? The reader can finish it.

The difference between men and women is said to be that a man gives 40 cents for a 25-cent thing he wants, and a woman gives 25 cents for a 40 cent thing she does not want.

The sunshine illumines and warms us and makes all that is about us beautiful. And the beauty pleases us because we are ourselves made cheerful and comfortable by that which produces it.

What's the use of growling at the winter, young fellow? Sixty years hence you will be telling dudes with no hair on the top of their heads about the glorious winters we used to have in olden times.

A New York studio is dimly lighted as dusk comes on by a pair of skulls smeared with phosphorus. To the topmost one is fastened a bone containing a candle. It is a lady's studio, too.

"Ah, dear!" he said, tenderly, "how can I leave you and go to my cheerless and lonely abode!" "If you make haste, George," replied the girl, with a glance at the clock, "you can go by the last car."

"Where did you get that new boiled shirt?" asked one tramp of another. "I come by it honorably in the line of my profession." "The line of your profession." "Yes, sir, the clothes line."

"This is the fourth time I've called you, William," said his wife. "You told me that you wanted to get up in good season this morning." "Yes," replied William,

street or in the dance hall. And such companions! Not the steady, industrious men, for they will not be found there, but those only whose pleasure it will be to lure her from the virtue which has been her only protection. Is this life? Is this the excitement and freedom you long for, country friends? Oh, stay at home where your individuality is not lost, where your health and youth can be kept for many years, and where love surrounds you. The work is harder in the city, the love is wanting, youth and beauty fly from tired, weary faces. Stay at home!

Famous Home-Keepers.

What could Shakespeare mean by saying that "home-keeping youths have ever homely wit?" The greatest poet this island has produced was himself undoubtedly a home-keeper. There is no reason to believe that he ever crossed the sea, and on the "sweet soil" that produced him he found food enough and space enough for his amazing genius. He was born at Stratford, lived for years in London, and died at his birthplace; and there is, we believe, no record of his going elsewhere. Spenser crossed the sea to Ireland, but was, otherwise, scarcely more of a traveller than Shakespeare; and no one will credit the great author of "The Faerie Queene" with homely wit. Neither Cowley nor Bacon ever wandered further than France, and it was not until the philosopher was forced to remain quietly at home that he wrote the works to which he owes his fame. It would have been greatly more to Ben Jonson's credit if he had not accepted the post of travelling tutor to Sir Walter Raleigh's son. The young man, discovering "rare Ben's" weakness, is said to have made him dead drunk, and, when in this condition, to have caused him to be drawn on a car through the streets of Paris for the amusement of the bystanders. I suspect that, had he been in England, the wicked young wag would not have dreamt of such a misdemeanor. Bunyan, we all know, never went further from Bedford than London, and wrote his wonderful allegory in a prison. Defoe, although he travelled far from home in his books, did not go beyond Scotland in the flesh. Had it been his misfortune to undergo the painful adventures of "Robinson Crusoe," the world would never have had that delightful story. Defoe's contemporaries, Swift and Pope, the two wittiest men of the age, and men of the keenest intellects, did not find it necessary to travel in search of ideas. Pope's longest journey was to Bath; and Swift's life as a traveller was spent between Dublin and London. Congreve, although he was at one time Secretary to the Island of Jamaica, never left England, and felt painfully enough the disadvantage even of home-travel; for he died in consequence of being upset in his coach when on the way to Bath, the wished-for bourne in that age of every invalid. Thomson, too, met his death by going abroad; for he caught a fatal cold upon the Thames. He travelled on the Continent once, and the sole result of the journey was a dull poem on "Liberty" which it needs considerable courage to read. Cowper, who never crossed the sea, who never saw a mountain, and was daunted by the "tremendous height" of the Sussex hills, is, notwithstanding, one of the best of letter-writers and most delightful of poets. Would he have done better if he had visited China, or caught yellow fever in the West Indies? I trow not; and the mention of Cowper's name reminds me that Charles Lamb, with whom he had some points of affinity, was unlike him in one respect. Cowper lived upon country fare; while Lamb found all the nourishment he needed for his genius in London. Few men have kept so closely to the great city, or fixed their heart upon it with such avidity. Lamb was em-

PULL PUDDING.—Three eggs, one pint of flour, one cup of sugar, two teaspoons of baking powder, one-half cup of butter; steam one hour; serve with sauce.

BERRY SHORTCAKE.—One quart of flour, one teaspoon of salt, one half cup of butter, one cup of sugar, two and one-half teaspoons of baking powder, one cup of water; bake in two layers twenty minutes.

COOKIES.—One and one-fourth cups of sugar, one-half cup of butter, one egg, one-half teaspoon of soda; mix all together; roll out cut, into shape and bake.

NUT CAKE.—One cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, one and one-half cups of flour, one-half cup of cold water, two eggs, one and-half teaspoons of baking powder, two, cups of hickory or walnut meats.

DOUGHNUTS.—Two cups of sugar, two cups of sweet milk, four eggs beaten light, one-half cup of butter, one tablespoonful of melted lard, two quarts of flour, four teaspoons of baking powder, one teaspoon of ground cinnamon. Cut in shape and fry in boiling lard.

SPONGE CAKE.—Two eggs, one cup of flour, one cup of sugar, one teaspoon of baking powder, one and one-half cups of boiling water; bake in a hot oven.

WHITE CAKE.—One cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, one-half cup of sweet milk, two eggs, one and one-half cups of flour, one-half cup of corn starch, one and one-half teaspoons of baking powder; bake in layers and spread with icing made as follows: Two cups of sugar, one-half cup of cold wate; boil till thick as honey; pour over beaten whites of four eggs, flavor and beat till cold.

TAPIOCA FRUIT PUDDING.—One-half cup of tapioca soaked over night in one quart of cold water. In the morning cover the bottom of the baking dish with any kind of fruit, either canned or fresh; sweeten the tapioca with one-half cupful of sugar, add a little salt and nutmeg, pour over the fruit and bake one hour. Serve with sauce.

SPINACH.—Pick carefully, put into boiling water and boil one-half hour; when nearly cooked add a dessert spoonful of salt; drain from the water and put in a dish with a little butter; cut it several times with a knife and garnish with slices of hard boiled eggs.

CREAMED SALT FISH.—Pick into pieces enough salt fish to make one cup; cover with cold water and let it come to the boiling point; simmer ten minutes, then drain; make one cup white sauce, with one tablespoonful butter melted; add one tablespoonful flour and pour on slowly one cupful hot milk; season with salt and pepper and add one beaten egg.

CORN BREAD.—One quart of meal sifted, one teacup of fresh buttermilk, one scant teaspoon of soda, one teaspoon of salt, cold water enough to make the meal into pones, which may require three cups of water; coarse meal requires more than meal ground fine. Always place corn bread in a hot oven.

Those Booming American Towns.

Port Arthur Herald: It is a habit of certain people to point to United States towns when they want to illustrate "go." A gentleman lately from Duluth says that in the zenith city there are at least 5,000 men out of employment. That large number does not include the bums and toughs who get as far away from work as they can, but only men who really want work and cannot get it. Business is bad there.

"Don't you sing?" enquired the musical young lady of the new arrival at the hotel, "why, how stupid of you!" "If you'd ever heard me try," said the young man, with an accent of conviction, "you'd think it was everlasting smart of me."

fession." "The line of your profession." "Yes, sir, the clothes line."

"This is the fourth time I've called you, William," said his wife. "You told me that you wanted to get up in good season this morning." "Yes," replied William, sleepily, "but it was last night when I told you that.

"Oh, tell me where is fancy bred?"
She asked, and getting bolder.
She laid her darling little head
Right down upon his shoulder.
And he, with no more poetry in
His soul than in a Quaker's
Replied with idiotic grin,
"You'll find it at the baker's."

The Economical Scot.

He is not of brilliant qualities, but he is a man of solid ones, who can only be appreciated at his true worth when you have known him some time. He does not jump at you with demonstrations of love, nor does he swear you an eternal friendship; but if you know how to win his esteem, you may rely upon him thoroughly. He is a man who pays prompt cash, but will have the value of his money. If ever you travel with a Scotchman from Edinburgh to London, you may observe that he does not take his eyes off the country the train goes through. He looks out of the window all the time, so as not to miss a pennyworth of the money he has paid for his place. Remark to him, as you yawn and stretch yourself, that it's a long, tiring, tiresome journey, and he will probably exclaim, "Long, indeed, long! I should think so, sir; and so it ought to be for £2 17s 6d.?" I know of a Scot, who rather than pay the toll of a bridge in Australia, takes off his coat, which he rolls and straps on his back, in order to swim across the stream. He is not a miser. On the contrary, his generosity is well known in his own neighbourhood. He is simply an eccentric Scot, who does not see why he should pay for crossing a river that he can cross for nothing.

Eggs for Hatching.

I have watched my hens carefully during the laying season, and I am satisfied that it pays well to select eggs for hatching with care. I always take eggs of medium size as my experience teaches me that they produce the strongest and best formed chicks. I would as soon set a pointed egg as an oval one, provided there was no decided irregularity in the shape. I have found that very large eggs or those badly shaped, always produce badly shaped chickens. I can't see that pointed eggs indicate weakness or a tendency to disease, for the reason that some of my best hens always lay pointed eggs. I have noticed from time to time, rules for selecting eggs that will produce pullets. They have all failed in my practice. I have noticed, however, that where the cocks are exceptionally vigorous, there is a proportion of males.—[Ex.

Disease From Milk.

We frequently hear of deadly diseases, like typhoid and dihptheria, which are derived from milk. If the public could be instructed in the one simple fact that the germs of disease which are found in milk could be throttled at the earliest stage, and killed at any stage, I think that some good would be done, and many lives saved. We only want to make known the simple fact that by placing milk in a bottle and heating it to a certain degree of temperature, we can destroy the disease germs. This has been done in many of our best dairies and establishments in London, but the public in general do not know these facts, nor do many of the retail dealers know them.

HANDSOME MEN.

Mrs. Frank Leslie Gives Her Definition of Male Beauty.

To call a man charming in face, or lovely, or beautiful, or pretty, is to minimize—almost to insult him—writes Mrs. Frank Leslie. A man can only be called handsome, and very, very few men can be called that.

A handsome man must be manly in figure, conveying the idea of strength and energy under the most reposeful exterior. He must have the shapely hands, feet and all that tell of good blood and cultivated progenitors; he must have his head well shaped, well set and well carried.

Colouring does not much matter, so that there be no red upon the cheeks, and not too much in the lips, and perhaps the mezzo tints lend themselves most satisfactorily to manly beauty, but, above all, the handsome man must never be stout. The heavy throat which overflows the shirt collar never carries with it an air of refinement, whatever it may do of strength. A blonde man runs the risk of weakness and insipidity, and a black beard man is handsome, even though he be a trifle melodramatic, but still golden-haired and black-haired men have been very attractive the world over.

Of course, below this grand climacterie in the thoroughly handsome man there are ranks after ranks of good-looking, attractive, pleasant-faced men—some upon whom one loves to look and find sweet content in contemplating faces and forms far from faultless, and yet quite satisfactory. And here we come upon one of the most strange and almost cruel conditions of our being. A man may or may not be handsome, he may or may not have physical attractiveness whatever, but nobody likes him the less for the deficiency, he never finds it a barrier in his career, a source of failure in his life; women love him and men approve of him just as readily as if he is handsome; in fact, the woman or women who love him set him down as handsome in serene defiance of the rules of beauty or the opinion of the world.

What Can be Done by Strong Hinting.

Mrs. Hogan and her husband were neither of them overfond of work. They were perfectly willing to live upon the generosity of their neighbors, which they were by no means backward in soliciting.

One day Mrs. Hogan dropped into Mrs. Farnham's, her next door neighbor, just as the family were sitting down to supper.

Of course she was invited to sit down.

"Your tea's very good," said she; "I wish Mr. Hogan was here. He's very fond of tea, but we're very poor and can't afford to get it, it's so expensive."

This hint was considered rather a stron, one, so Mrs. Farnham handed Mrs. Hogan just as she was going, a pound parcel.

"Thank you," said Mrs. Hogan; "I'm glad to get the tea, but 'taint of much use without the milk."

A quart of milk was consigned to her charge.

"Well," said she, "now if we had some sugar we should be provided."

Mrs. Farnham procured a pound and gave is to her.

"Now," said Mrs. Hogan, "we shall stand a chance to have a good cup of tea. There's nothing I relish with tea like apple pie, as Mr. Hogan often says."

This hint was strong enough to bring out the article desired.

"After all," said Mrs. Hogan, as she took the pie into her hands, "pie ain't pie unless a body has cheese to eat with it. If there's anything I love it's cheese."

It was impossible to resist such an appeal

He is the War Lord.

The young German Emperor has shown by his very first official utterance that he dreams of battle flags and longs to cover himself with "glory." He is the "war-lord" of the German nation. Army, people, everything belong to him. It is "my" this, "my" that, my all the time. His thoughts are feudal. His ideal is the warrior chief sweeping like a whirlwind at the head of a battle charge. He is evidently autocratic in all his ways. The people are his property and he can do with them as he pleases. They have no rights which he is bound to respect except such as a man may render to his dog or an over-lord may feel called to yield to his thrall. All right. Let it come. The collision perhaps is inevitable. The tempest has burst in order that the atmosphere may be cleared. But when the turmoil is over is it quite certain that the German "war-lord" will find himself still firm in his seat? In the meantime it is one of earth's saddest necessities to have to watch the desolation and woe which one rash, ambitious, head-strong young man can cause the world over. Is this all the civilization that is going? Is this all that Christianity can effect after nineteen centuries of effort? The world is still wishing for peace, and the best informed are in a kind of half-hearted way still trying to give the lie to their fears. But the likelihood of such an issue is already but small and seems every day to be becoming smaller still. The dabblers in prophetic interpretations are rather pleased at the prospect and are saying jubilantly, "I told you so." They would rather that millions should be slaughtered than that their elaborate calculations and haphazard guesses should be falsified, and so the world, as in a vast amphitheatre, waits with breathless interest till the curtain rises and the next act of the mighty tragedy goes forward. It is felt to be an hour of momentous interest, and the nations listen with bated breath for the first clash of the crossing swords.

The Bull-Dogs.

R. G. O'Mally says: My remedy for bull dogs and flies on cattle is any kind of grease with a small quantity of coal oil mixed with it, rubbed in the parts that are most liable to be attacked, such as the face and nose, the dewlay and back of the arm or shoulder, also the flanks and udder, in fact where the skin is not thick enough to stand the bites or cannot be reached by the head or tail. For my horses I use common axle grease mixed with coal oil. Grease itself is very good, but the flies do not like the smell of oil. For stock in general that have to be out all day in pasture, bobbing them all would be quite a contract, and the best way out of the difficulty is to get some crotched trees and make posts of them, and make a shed of pole and scrub for the cattle to go into in the heat of the day, as anyone knows that bull-dogs will not stay in a building of any kind if they can get out of it.

When you see a man with a habit of nursing his knee you may know that he is not married. A married man has all the nursing he wants to do in practical reality, without doing any for fun.

Mistress—"I wish I knew how to have my photograph taken so as to please dear Charlie." Familiar maid—"Let me sit for you, Miss Emma."—*Texas Siftings.*

Slavery is dying out fast over all this continent. Indeed with the late manumission in Brazil the work may be said, as far as law is concerned, to be complete. It takes a long time, however, to undo all the evils which slavery has caused. Still the work of undoing is going on all the time. It is said that

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the article desired.

"After all," said Mrs. Hogan, as she took the pie into her hands, "pie ain't pie unless a body has cheese to eat with it. If there's anything I love it's cheese."

It was impossible to resist such an appeal as this. An ample slice having been placed in her possession she paused for a moment, as if considering whether there was not something else she might call for. Failing to think of anything she was about to move off when a thought struck her.

"These things are rather heavy and I ain't so strong as I used to be. I don't know as I shall be able to get home."

Mrs. Farnham volunteered to send her son John to carry a part of the articles, an offer which Mrs. Hogan accepted without the least hesitation. When John had landed his load Mrs. Hogan hinted that she had some wood she would like to have split, but John didn't believe in hints and left without taking it.

The Republican Delegate.

A Chicago correspondent of the New York *Times* says:--The delegate is not as numerous as he will be, still he is numerous and he is easily distinguished. He wears an air that would not become persons engaged in the ordinary affairs of life. He is of two varieties. If of one, he has been at National conventions before; if of the other, this is his first experience. Upon the former the consequential air is worn with ease; it fills its wearer with a comforting sense of importance. Upon the latter it often sits like a misfit, and is evidently worn under the impression that it is one of those things without which no delegate to a National convention should appear in public.

The delegate is gregarious, and he is also a monopolist. He grabs the best seats in the busses, the best rooms at the hotel, the best seats at the table, but being a necessity he is welcomed with an air of unbounded cordiality by everybody, but principally by the hotel keepers. Once at the hotel the delegate becomes gregarious, and finds his way to the large, open space, usually designated as the rotunda, as naturally as water rolls down hill. He is coming by every train, but only in retail lots, therefore he does not form in line and march to his favourite caravansary headed by a brass band and wearing garments that would, on any other occasion, elicit original but not complimentary remarks from the rising generation. The skirmisking line is attired according to the taste of its individual members, and some of the rigs are but evidences of the vastness of a country which compel men in one portion of it to don straw hats and linen dusters, while in another section—at the same period of the year—fashion prescribes Prince Albert coats and slouch hats.

Business Only.

First Party (strictly business, to friend who rejoins him after speaking to an acquantance. "What old case is that?"

Other. Old case! Why, he's one of our most distinguished Ornithologists; he—"

First Party. "Orni—? Oh yes, one of them bug fellows."

Other, "No, no; birds. Has one of the rarest collections in the country."

First Party. "Advise him to unload. They say that the women are 'going to stop wearing birds on their hats."

An Errand to Make a Boy Run.

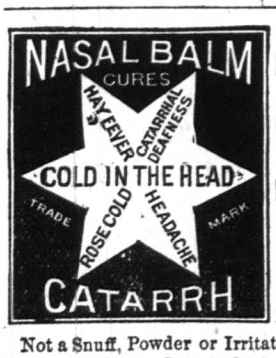
Minister(taking seat at table)—You seem a little out of breath, Bobby.

Bobby—Yes, sir; just before dinner was put on ma said she was afraid one pie wouldn't be enough, so she told me to run round the corner to the baker's for a nuther.

tinent. Indeed with the late manumission in Brazil the work may be said, as far as law is concerned, to be complete. It takes a long time, however, to undo all the evils which slavery has caused. Still the work of undoing is going on all the time. It is said that already in a great number of cases the negroes in the Southern States are undergoing marked changes in their physical peculiarities even where there is no miscegenation. The flat noses and the woolly hair are, it is said, disappearing and so are the thick lips. Why this should take place is not very evident, but if it does there must be some reason for it, either in the better food or in the greater intelligence secured by freedom.

A railroad running through Emanuel County recently killed a razor-back hog belonging to a widow, and she entered a suit for damages for the value of it. The railroad won the case, it being shown that the proper signals were blown and the precautions taken, and the plaintiff was sorely distressed about the result. She had converted the pig into lard, and, as the road would not pay for killing him, she bestowed what remained of the porker on the company. On a dark night she took the pot of grease, and proceeding to the track of the company, coated the rails with a liberal daub of grease for about a quarter of a mile. It took all the sand that the engines could bring to bear on the track for two days to tide over the spot which crippled traffic. Now the widow is threatened with a lawsuit.

There are more people miserable from waiting for what they call "a chance" than perhaps from any other cause, for as Carlyle says, "Idleness is worst, idleness alone is without hope; work earnestly at anything, you will by degrees learn to work at almost all things. There is endless hope in work, were it even work at making money." Waiting, wishing, fretting, moping, mooning. Oh the misery, oh the desolation! Better, infinitely better to wheel stones all day from one corner of a yard simply to wheel them back again. All the day idle! Nothing to awaken interest! Nothing to call forth effort! Nothing to stir up hope! Better than that drive a scavenger cart, become an "odourless excavator" or pick out pieces of burnt coal from any or every cinder heap. The curse of gentility is upon multitudes. They must not only have work, but work suitable for their own blessed and most superfine selves.



A POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH. GIVES Immediate Relief FOR Cold in Head, HAY FEVER. EASY TO USE.

Not a Snuff, Powder or Irritating Liquid. Price 50 cts. and $1.00. If not obtainable at your druggists, sent prepaid on receipt of price. Address FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
41 Ann Street, New York.
ost Office Box 450 4586-ly

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.
NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 13.

In Effect Nov. 28, 1887.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	11 50	5 10
Napanee Mills	"	12 05	5 25
Newburgh	"	12 15	5 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	12 20	5 38
Camden East	"	12 25	5 43
Yarker	"	12 40	6 00
Colebrook*	"	12 43	6 02
Galbraith Road	"	12 45	6 05
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground		12 50	6 10
Moscow	"	12 55	6 15
Mudlake Bridge*	"	1 03	6 25
Enterprise	"	1 10	6 30
Wilson's Crossing*	"	1 18	6 38
Tamworth	Arrive	1 30	6 50

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	6 40	2 30
Wilson's Crossing‡	"	6 55	2 40
Enterprise	"	7 00	2 50
Mudlake Bridge‡	"	7 07	3 00
Moscow	"	7 15	3 05
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road‡	"	7 25	3 15
Colebrook‡	"	7 28	3 17
Yarker	"	7 30	3 20
Camden East	"	7 45	3 35
Thompson's Mills*	"	7 50	3 42
Newburgh	"	7 55	3 50
Napanee Mills	"	8 05	4 00
Napanee	Arrive.	8 20	4 15

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

* Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart rom the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

LASHED TO THE MAST.

How Captain Soper and Crew of the Zouave Were Found and Rescued.

Thirteen men lashed to the mainmast of a water logged hulk, over which the seas constantly broke for three days, with scarcely any water or food, two men killed and several vessels passing, but signals unheeded and no assistance rendered!

Such in brief was the experience of Captain Soper and the crew of the ship Zouave, as related to a reporter by Mate Albert Richmond, of the Zouave, on board the ship Larnica—which rescued them.

The Zouave left Mobile on April 20 loaded with pitch pine lumber for Queensborough, England. The crew consisted of fifteen, all told. The vessel encountered a succession of gales soon after leaving port and scudded before them most of the time under goosewinged maintopsail. Oil was used, but it proved of little effect in the raging seas. The vessel sprang a leak, and for twenty days the men toiled at the pumps, the water constantly gaining, despite their efforts.

ON BEAM ENDS.

On May 22 a hurricane struck her aft on the port side and the old hull was unable to withstand the tempest's fury. She went on her beam ends and the fore and mizzen masts went by the board. The captain had decided on abandoning her as the tempest had lulled, just before the hurricane came upon them. The steward and cabin boy at the time had gone below to secure some provisions. The former is supposed to have been drowned. The cabin boy escaped. A sailor who jumped into the water went down like lead and was lost. Another was knocked off his feet and his head cut open. He managed to regain his footing, however, and joined his mates, who were clinging desperately to the shrouds and port rigging. The vessel remained in that position, with the sea dashing over the men and almost washing them away from their precarious position. Then she suddenly righted. The fore and mizzen rigging had broken loose.

The men climbed into the main rigging and lashed themselves to the mainmast. One of them discovered part of a porpoise tail in the crosstrees, and this on the second day was divided among the crew and ravenously devoured.

OH, FOR WATER!

It rained a little on May 24, and the men managed to catch a little water in their hands which they greedily drank. But it was only sufficient to aggravate their thirst. Several vessels passed that day, but too far away to be hailed, and the men had nothing to use as a signal except a piece of blanket which Mate Richmond had secured.

RESCUED AT LAST.

They had practically given up hope when, at five o'clock on the morning of the 25th, the officers of the Larnica saw the signal and bore down on the wreck. Captain Soper had suffered the most from exposure, but all were able to walk and were transferred to the Larnica's decks in the ship's lifeboat. The seas were still running tremendously high, but the transfer was accomplished without accident.

STABBED HIS SLEEPING MATE.

The Larnica had experienced, like the Zouave, gale after gale, but had passed through them in good shape. Everything moveable was washed from her decks, but her rigging and hull were unimpared. Her voyage after rescuing the Zouave's crew, however, was marked with an incident that very narrowly missed being a tragedy. On the night of June 3rd a Scotch sailor named Bandiman, stealing noiselessly to the berth of another sailor, named Wheeler, stabbed the sleeping man in seven places with a sheath knife. Wheeler's cries awoke the

small Kanaka out to put up the bills. He didn't see any when he went out, and investigation disclosed that the small Kanaka had eaten up all the paste and thrown the posters away. He begged some of the company to stick them up, but they were all too high-toned, and Booth had to go off himself in the middle of the night and paste his bills up. He said he came back with fifty dollars, just as he started, and they had lived on bananas principally.

Carlyle's Description of War.

When are the nations of the earth going to be wise enough to see the folly and the wickedness of war? How long is it to be before they rank the man with a sword by his side with the other man with a cleaver over his shoulder, only putting the latter in point of honor a great way further up, for he kills sheep and bullocks in order to feed men, while the former mangles men in order to feed pride, lust, cruelty, and every crime known either in the codes of earth or of heaven. It is worth while reprinting once more Carlyle's well known description of war in all its native hideousness and absurdity:

"What, speaking in quite unofficial language, is the net purport and upshot of War? To my own knowledge, for example, there dwell and toil, in the British village of Dumdrudge, usually some five hundred souls. From these, by certain 'Natural Enemies' of the French, there are successively selected, during the French war, say, thirty able-bodied men; Dumdrudge, at her own expense, has suckled and nursed them; she has, not without difficulty and sorrow, fed them up to manhood, and even trained them to crafts, so that one can weave, another build, another hammer, and the weakest can stand under thirty stone avoirdupois. Nevertheless, amid much weeping and swearing, they are selected; all dressed in red; and shipped away, at the public charges, some two thousand miles, or say only to the south of Spain; and fed there till wanted. And now to that same spot in the south of Spain, are thirty similar French artisans, from a French Dumdrudge, in like manner wending; till at length, after infinite effort, the two parties come into actual juxtaposition; and Thirty stands fronting Thirty, each with a gun in his hand; straightway the word 'Fire' is given; and they blow the souls out of one another; and in place of sixty brisk, useful craftsmen, the world has sixty dead carcasses which it must bury, and anew shed tears for. Had these men any quarrel? Busy as the Devil is, not the smallest! They lived far enough apart; were the entirest strangers; nay, in so wide a Universe, there was even, unconsciously, by commerce, some mutual helpfulness between them. How then? Simpleton! their Governors had fallen out; and, instead of shooting one another, had the cunning to make these poor blockheads shoot.——Alas, so is it in Deutschland, and hitherto in all lands; still as of old, "What devilry soever Kings do, the Greeks must pay the piper!"

Is all that not honestly, literally true? Have the bears thus described been one bit less abused or more justifiable than is here set forth? And yet men still *go prancing* like so many lunatic monkeys to the music of the fife and drum, and so called ministers of the Prince of Peace preach their inflated, illiterate bombast, which they call patriotic sermons in order to make men and boys, nay, even girls, to fall in love with war. The wars of European and American nations during the period from 1790 to 1880, or ninety years, destroyed four millions and four hundred and seventy thousands of human lives; and fifteen billions and two hundred and thirty-five millions of dollars of the proceeds of human industries. This is an average of fifty thousand lives and of

PEARLS OF TRUTH.

Craft is merely the supplement of inferior abilities.

Woman tempted man to eat; he took to drinking of himself.—[Swift.

The fundamental qualities of true friendship are constancy and fidelity.

Culture is getting the power, through reading, to estimate the proportion and relation in what we read.

The follies of the fool are hidden from himself, but known to the world; those of the wise man are known to himself, but hidden from the world.—[Confucius.

If two men have a misunderstanding it is better to talk it out than to fight it out. An enlightened understanding is better in such a case than a bloody nose or a pair of black eyes.—[T. V. Powderly.

At whatever period of life friendships are formed, so long as they continue sincere and affectionate, they form undoubtedly one of the greatest blessings we can enjoy.

To be happy is no selfish indulgence, no favored condition of fortune; it is a duty we owe to others and to ourselves, a state of mind which we should all strive to acquire.

It has been asserted that if men were to confine their conversation to what they understand, we should witness frequently on earth what St. John witnessed once in heaven: "Silence for the space of half-an-hour.—[Catholic Annual.

The maxim that has been laid down by certain crooked politicians, to behave to a friend with the same guarded caution as we would do to an enemy, because it is possible that he may one day become such, discloses a mind that was never made for the enjoyment of friendship.

Human nature is not a machine to be built after a model, and set to do exactly the work prescribed for it, but a tree, which requires to grow and develop itself on all sides, according to the tendency of the inward forces which make it a living thing.—[John Stuart Mill.

There is not a horse willing to work but can get his food and shelter in requital; a thing the two-footed worker has to seek for, to solicit occasionally in vain. And yet it is currently reported that the two-footed worker has an immortal soul within him.—[Carlyle.

There is something nobler than all these—something that rises above wealth and power, something above lands and palaces, something above raiment and gold. It is the love of right, the cultivation of the moral nature, the desire to do justice, the inextinguishable love of human liberty.—[Robert Ingersoll.

Prepared.

A minister's wife, who is not so serious-minded as her husband is, tells some laughable stories relating to marriage ceremonies which her husband performed while they were living in a newly settled district in the west.

This minister always felt it to be his duty to give each young couple a little serious advice before he performed the marriage ceremony, and for this purpose he usually took them aside, one at a time, and talked very soberly to each of them regarding the great importance of the step they were to take and the new responsibilities they were to assume.

One day he talked in his most earnest manner for several minutes to a young woman who had come to be married to a bright-looking young man.

"And now," he said, in closing, "I hope you fully realize the extreme importance of

very narrowly missed being a tragedy. On the night of June 3rd a Scotch sailor named Bandiman, stealing noiselessly to the berth of another sailor, named Wheeler, stabbed the sleeping man in seven places with a death knife. Wheeler's cries awoke the other sailors, who speedily secured and disarmed the Scotchman, although he struggled desperately, Bandiman was put in irons and locked in one of the staterooms of the cabin. His subsequent conduct proved to Captain Boyd that he had a lunatic sailor on his hands. The man was closely watched until the ship reached her dock at Erie Basin yesterday.

The wounds inflicted on Wheeler were not of a serious nature, though loss of blood made him very weak. Bandiman will be handed over to the English authorities.

Mrs. Stowe in Florida.

A writer in the Lewiston, Me., Journal, peaking of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe and her Florida home, says:

The style of the interior is neither literary, religious, artistic, nor rural, but a peculiar combination of all four, which is a family trait. Prominent in the study, in a niche between two windows, stands a picture of Henry Ward Beecher, so large, so strong, so life-like, that it seems as if he were the host, standing ready to entertain the guests of his sister. Many fine paintings of a semi-religious cast cover the walls, and by the old masters. Her book-shelves are ranged in the walls, not hanging outside them or in cases, and flowers in the greatest profusion fill every nook and corner. Blue pervades the furnishing; the Venus de Milo, the Madonna and Child, and the Duke and Duchess of Argyll keep each other mute company through the long unbroken stillness which bespeaks the frequent absences of the gontle hostess, for she is a great outdoor woman, and may be seen taking her walks, step by step, through the trees these beautiful June mornings, her plain black dress covered with dandelion down, her hands filled with flowers, and her thin, dark face, browned by constant exposure, framed in loose gray locks and black bonnet neither peaceful nor troubled, but waiting.

The dim gray eyes light up in conversation, and some sparks come from between the pale lips, now and again, that impress one with what must have been. Her manners have a more kindly than courteous air, and are tinted with the grace of modern as well as old-time customs. Her hearing is wonderfully acute, and her intelligence glides along side by side with her guests, whom she receives with the air of an old traveler hailing a young one from some foreign part—neither curious nor interested, but forbearing.

An Actor in Honolulu.

Booth told a very amusing story when he was here last of a trip he took to Honolulu, when he was younger and knocking about California. Some actor came up from Australia who had stopped at the Sandwich Islands. He inflamed Booth on the subject of that dramatic El Dorado. He scraped together all the money he could and went to Honolulu. He had fifty dollars when he arrived. With that money he hired the theatre for five weeks at ten dollars a week. He found two or three people and made arrangements to give a show. It was to be "Richard III." The two or three people played all the parts. One man played four, and one woman two, and so on. The question of billing the town arose. He managed to get some posters, but he had not a rag to stick them up with. He bought a bucket of "poi" and some starch or stuff that would help it, mixed his paste and sent a

nations during the period from 1790 to 1880, or ninety years, destroyed four millions and four hundred and seventy thousands of human lives; and fifteen billions and two hundred and thirty-five millions of dollars of the proceeds of human industries. This is an average of fifty thousand lives and of one hundred and sixty five millions of dollars for each year of that period. And what has been the nett gain from all this waste? Gain! It has been only loss, and this immense loss of life and property would all have been avoided, if nominal and professed Christian nations had been Christian in spirit and in truth,—if the wisest, purest, and most cultivated Christian citizens had guided the nation.

Slavery in Brazil Abolished.

The enthusiasm of the Brazilians over the abolition of slavery in the empire of Brazil is glowingly described in the papers of Rio de Janeiro. We are told that the rejoicing was universal, and that the whole population, of all colors, were overcome with noble emotion. In order to give the great act of abolition a sacred character the Senate held a Sunday session for its adoption, and the Princess Regent put her signature to it on the same day. The city was hung with banners, the citizens marched in gay procession, bands of music played as they paraded, and the feast of freedom was turned into a carnival of glory. There seems to have been hardly a sign of opposition, either in the Senate or among the people, to the act of abolition, which has given lustre to the reign of Dom Pedro, and which was promoted and signed by the worthy Princess who reigns in his absence. When we recall the circumstances under which emancipation was brought about in Spanish America and in the British West Indies, and in the Southern States of our Union, we must give especial honor to Brazil and her rulers for what has been so happily accomplished.

Quack Advertisements

Are rapidly becoming a nuisance, and we think it behooves publishers to examine into the merits of many articles puffed up in their columns. We do not deny that many meritorous remedies are properly to be classed under this heading. Take the hundreds and thousands relieved from severe suffering by the use of Polson's NERVILINE, would it not be unreasonable to expect them to condemn that far-famed remedy. Now we know for a fact that Polson's Nerviline is without exception the most powerful, pleasant and certain remedy in the world for pain. It cannot fail, for it goes right to the bottom of pain, penetrates to the nerves, soothes them into quietness, and affords prompt and permanent relief. Nerviline is sold by all druggists. Sample only 10 cents. Try it.

Moving Rapidly.

Policeman (to citizen clinging to lamp post)—My friend, you will have to move on.

Citizen—Move (hic) on! Gra-gracious, ofshur, I'm (hic) makin' fifty milsh 'n hour now.

Rural Thrift.

Little Girl—Mrs. Brown, ma wants to know if she could borrow a dozen eggs. She wants to put 'em under a hen.

Neighbor—So you've got a hen setting, have you? I didn't know you kept hens.

Little Girl—No'm we don't, but Mrs. Smith 's goin' ter lend us a hen that wants ter set, an' ma thought if you'd lend us eggs some, we've got the nest ourselfs.

Ex-boarding-house keeper (at heaven's gate)—May I come in? St. Peter—I'm afraid the children would annoy you. The place without children is over there to the left.

One day he talked in his most earnest manner for several minutes to a young woman who had come to be married to a bright-looking young man.

"And now," he said, in closing, "I hope you fully realize the extreme importance of the step you are taking, and that you are prepared for it."

"Prepared?" she said, innocently, "well, if I ain't prepared I don't know who is. I've got four common quilts and two nice ones, and four brand new feather-beds, ten sheets and twelve pairs of pillow slips, four all-linen table-cloths, a dozen spoons and a good six-quart brass kittle. If I ain't prepared no girl in this county *ever* was!"

"Promising Churches."

At the Unitarian festival in Boston a minister from St. Louis remarked that when ministers came to the "unfenced pasture" in the West he was always tempted to warn them of the privations that awaited them in "promising churches"—that is, churches that promise to pay $700 a year or more and do not keep their promise. Some ministers have found such "promising churches" without taking such a long trip.

Purest Ray Serene.

Nurse (to father of triplets)—Ah, sorr, they be perfect little gems!

Father (dubiously)—Yes, but give me solitaires in preference to clusters every time.

Will You Read This for $500?

For many years the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, who are abundantly responsible financially, as any one can easily ascertain by enquiry, have offered, in good faith, a standing reward of $500 for a case of nasal catarrh, no matter how bad or of how long standing, which they cannot cure. The Remedy is sold by druggists at 50 cents.

The red bandanna boom is spreading ll over the country.

'One breaks the glass and cuts his fingers;
But they whom Truth and Wisdom lead,
Can gather honey from a weed."

Those who are *wise* and who love the *truth*, will believe what we say when we tell them that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done more to relieve the sufferings of women, than all other medicines now known to science. It cures all irregularities, internal inflammation and ulceration, displacements and kindred troubles. It is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, *under a positive guarantee* from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

Red bandanna handkerchiefs have risen in price.

"Logic is Logic."

Now there was the case of our friend McKay:
He said to himself, in his resolute way,
That a cough which was growing from bad to worse
Must be cured, in spite of a slender purse.
An ocean voyage was out of the question,
A Florida trip a useless suggestion;
Yet die he wouldn't! His money he paid
For the "Golden Medical Discovery," by Dr. Pierce made;
And as sound as a nut in his health to-day—
"Logic is logic, that's all I say."

Count Richter, who was recently designated as Swedish Ambassador at London, has committed suicide by shooting

Whenever your Stomach or Bowels get out of order, causing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion and their attendant evils, take at once a dose of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. Best family medicine. All Druggists. 50 cents.

Red is the color of the passing moment.

Where Canada Has the Advantage.

Montreal Witness: It seems incredible that even in Montana eight men could stop a train and rob the passengers, but this occurred near Junction City on Sunday night. A light on the track stopped the train, a fusillade of bullets scared everyone into obedience and the robbers then went through the cars and robbed the passegers. The only man who resisted got a bullet through his hat to quiet him. It was on the Northern Pacific Railway that this occurred. Had it been on the Canadian Pacific what a noteworthy circumstance it would have seemed to the whole United States press. But over there they treat such an occurrence as less surprising than the sea serpent, and often make both the subject of merriment.

—o—

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, Dr. T. A. Slocum, 37 Yonge St., Toronto Ont.

Black lace toilets are as popular as ever.

A fatal encounter occurred in Constantinople between Nubian and Albanian sections of the Imperial Guard.

Hub! Cough Cure cures in one minute.

People who are subject to bad breath, foul coated tongue, or any disorder of the Stomach, can at once be relieved by using Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters the old and tried remedy. Ask your Druggist.

It is stated that, notwithstanding assumed confidence, the death of Emperor Frederick has caused in Paris a feeling very much like dismay.

Cingalese Hair Renewer restores grey and bad hair to its natural color and prevents falling ou

A. P. 405.

KNITTING MACHINES Creelman Bros., Georgetown, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED—"EAGLE" Steam Washer. Address GEO. D. FERRIS, 87 Church St, Toronto.

WORK FOR ALL. $30 a week and expenses paid. Valuable outfit and particulars free. P.O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

MONEY TO LOAN on Farms. Lowest Rates. No delay. Correspondence solicited. E. W. D. BUTLER, Financial Agt., *Established 1860.* 72 King-st. E., Toronto.

TORONTO Cutting School—Scientific and reliable systems taught whereby stylish, perfect-fitting garments are produced. Cutters having trouble should secure my systems and ensure future success. Entire satisfaction guaranteed. Shirt system taught separate. A rare chance for young men to acquire a lucrative professior. S. Corrigan, Prop., 122 Yonge St. Terms on application.

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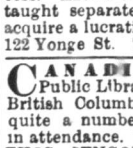

RUBBER STAMPS, SEALS Stencils, and Burning Brands, &c, Send for Catalogue. BARBER BROS. CO., 22½ King St. E, (in rear) Toronto.

Story OF THE BIBLE—By Charles Foster. Profusely Illustrated—Sales Marvellous — Nearly 400,000. Send $1.50 for a copy, and go to work. Agents wanted. Address, A. G. WATSON, Manager, Toronto Willard Tract Depository, Toronto.

Water PURE LIVING STREAM AUGERS, bore 20 fee per hour. Also Rock Drills—Hand, Horse or Steam Power. Send for Catalogue. Laidlaw Manufacturing Co. Hamilton, Ont.

Bicycles RUDGE AND COLUMBIA

Paine's Celery Compound

For The Nervous
The Debilitated
The Aged.

CURES Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Weakness, Stomach and Liver Diseases, and all affections of the Kidneys.

A NERVE TONIC.

George W. Bouton, Stamford, Conn., says: "For two years I was a sufferer from nervous debility, and I thank God and the discoverer of the valuable remedy that Paine's Celery Compound cured me. *It is* a valuable remedy. Long may it live. Let any one write to me for advice."

AN ALTERATIVE.

Alonzo Abbott, Windsor, Vt., says: "I believe Paine's Celery Compound saved my life. My trouble seemed to be an internal humor. Before I used it I was covered with an eruption from "head to heel." The eruption is rapidly healing, and I am five hundred per cent. better every way."

A LAXATIVE.

A. C. Bean, White River Junction, Vt., says: For two years past I have been a great sufferer from kidney and liver troubles, attended with dyspepsia and constipation. Before I began to take Celery Compound it seemed as though *everything* ailed me. Now I can say *nothing* ails me.

A DIURETIC.

George Abbott, Sioux City, Iowa, says: "I have been using Paine's Celery Compound and it has done me more good for kidneys and lame back than any other medicine I have ever taken.

Hundreds of testimonials have been received from persons who have used this remedy with remarkable benefit. Send for circular.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors
Montreal, Que.

SAULTER BROS., Felt and Gravel **Roofers.** 23 ADELAIDE E., TORONTO. Estimates given. Country work a specialty.

BEAVER LINE of STEAMSHIPS.

—SAILING WEEKLY BETWEEN—

MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL.

Saloon Tickets, $40. $50, $60. Return, $80, $90 $110. Intermediate, $30. Steerage, $20. Apply to H. E. MURRAY, General Manager, 1 Custom House Square, Montreal.

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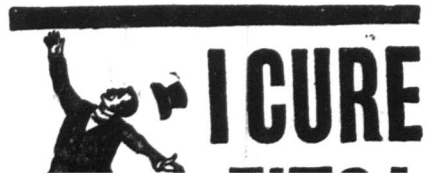
PARTIES wishing to purchase improved Manitoba Farms, from 80 acres upwards, with immediate possession, call or write to G. I. MAULSON, McArthur's Block, Main street, Winnipeg. Information furnished free of charge, and settlers assisted in making selection. Money to Loan at current rates of interest.



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SILVER-PLATED WARES.

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E. G. GOODERHAM, Manager. J. C. COPP, Sec.-Treas.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N. F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow line sail during winter to and from Halifax Portland, Boston and Philadelphia; and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld., Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Chicago Love & Alden, New York; H. Borulier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brookie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

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FOR CHURCHES, DWELLINGS, AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

M'CAUSLAND & SON,

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Merchants, Butchers AND TRADERS generally.

We want a good man in your locality to pick up

CALF SKINS

for us. Cash furnished on satisfactory guaranty Address, C. S. Page, Hyde Park, Vermont, U.S.

The *Shoe and Leather Reporter*, N.Y., and *Shoe and Leather Review*, Chicago, the leading trade papers in the U. S. in the Hide line, have sent their representatives to investigate Mr. Page's business, and after a thorough examination and comparison, the *Reporter* gives him this endorsement;

"*We believe that in extent of light-weight raw material collected and carried, Mr. Page holds the lead of any competitor, and that his present stock is the largest held by any house in this country.*"

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Query: If Mr. Page's business is the largest in its line in the United States, is it not the best possible proof of his ability to pay highest prices? If he did not do so, would he naturally get more Skins than any of his competitors in the same line?

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The Cheapest place in Canada for

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Steam Power. Send for Catalogue.

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Also send for list of some of our Second-hand machines at greatly reduced prices.

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Desiring to obtain a Business Education, or become proficient in Shorthand and Typewriting, should attend the

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We will send by mail an appropriate gift to each maiden, wife, mother or cook—one to a family—who will try the

BREADMAKER'S BAKING POWDER

Cut the red circle from the label and send it in a letter stating honest opinion after fair trial. Either a 5, 10 or 25 cent size will secure the gift. Any grocer or storekeeper knows where to get it if asked for by you.—*Address*—

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SAFES.

FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF Patent Non-Conducting Doors A SPECIALTY.

VAULT DOORS.

J. & J. TAYLOR,
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STUMP & STONE

—EXTRACTOR—

SIX years' trial, and over 5,000 in use has proved this machine the best; 6 sizes. Send for circular.

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TORONTO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

Hon. G. W. Allan, President
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OVER 600 PUPILS FIRST SEASON

50 TEACHERS: Virtually all departments of Music taught from beginning to graduation, including piano, vocal art, organ, violin, sight-singing, harmony, etc.; also elocution. **Certificates and Diplomas.**

Tuition, $5 and upwards per term. Both class and private instruction. Pupils may enter at any date and are only charged proportionately. Board and room provided. **FREE ADVANTAGES:** Elementary harmony and violin instruction, lectures, concerts, recitals, etc. Calendar giving full information mailed on application.

There being private schools bearing names somewhat similar, it is particularly requested that all correspondence for the Conservatory be addressed

EDWARD FISHER, Director,
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When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

Dr. H. G. ROOT. 37 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

Nervous Debility.

DR. GRAY'S Specific has been used for the past fifteen years with great success, in the treatment of Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from excesses, over-worked brain, loss of vitality, ringing in the ears, palpitation, etc. For sale by all druggists. Price $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price. Pamphlet on application

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The Cheapest place in Canada for

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BAND & ORCHESTRA MUSIC.

Repriring of Band Instruments a specialty

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MAY APPLE BLOOD SYRUP

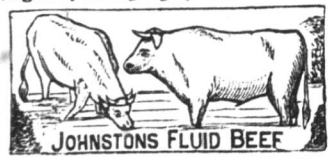
THE greatest discovery of the present age for REGULATING THE BOWELS AND PURING ALL BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS. A Perfect Blood Purifier. A few in Hamilton who have been benefitted by its use: Mrs. M. Keenan, 192 Robert St., cured of Erysipelas of 2 years' standing; Robert Cornell, 24 South St, daughter of Epileptic Fits after six years' suffering; Jennie Birrell, 55 Walnut St., cured of weakness, and Lung Trouble; John Wood, 95 Cathcart St, cured of Liver Complaint and Biliousness, used only three 3 fifty-cent bottles; Mrs. J. Beal, 6 Augusta St, troubled for years with Nervous Prostration, two small bottles gave her great relief. Sold at 50c. & $1.00.

F. F. DALLEY & CO., Proprietors.

KEEP UP YOUR STRENGTH.

Everybody feels the **exhausting** and **debilitating** effect of the **warm weather** and it is the duty of every one to **sustain the strength** by taking highly **nutritious food**.

JOHNSTON'S



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is pre-eminently a food specially adapted to this season of the year. It gives tone to the stomach, stimulates the appetite, keeps the system well nourished and fortifies it against the many disorders peculiar to warm weather.

There are many IMITATIONS of

"Peerless"

MACHINE OIL,

but none equal it in lubricating properties. FARMERS, MILLMEN, etc, find none equal to the GENUINE Peerless made by

SAMUEL ROGERS & CO., TORONTO.

Sold by dealers everywhere.

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASS'N.

Capital and Funds now over $3,000,000.

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A Home Company, Established October 1871.

To this Date, October 31, 1887, there has been returned:

To the heirs of Policy holders (death-claims)	$649,249 00
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To Policy-holders on surrender of Policies	98,656 00
To Policy-holders for Cash profits (including those allocated and being paid)	432,544 02
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Loaned to Policy-holders on the Security of their Policies	82,264 98
	$1,306,174 47

Policies in Force over 10,000. **Amount over $15,000,000**

PRESIDENT—HON. SIR W. P. HOWLAND, C.B., K.C.M.G.

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Policies Non-forfeitable after 2 Years and Incontestible after 3 years.

JUSTICE

Can't be Done

Every week, we realize the fact that justice can't be done to such a large stock as ours', in the small space of one column in a newspaper. You must come and see for yourself. Sometimes we have so many bargains that we can't mention all of them. All the more necessity for you to come direct here, so that if there are any plums to be had, we may have a chance to show them to you, Again some of you are asking other dry goods people, for some of the bargains which can only be obtained from us. Things of that kind are unpleasant for you and unpleasant for them. Our advice to you is to avoid any unpleasantness of this kind, by coming direct to us. We can always do well for you. We can give you bargains which are simply unapproachable. Don't forget during the heated season that we have a very large stock of dress materials of every description with trimmings, and buttons to match. Don't forget that Miss Allison has become proficient in the art of Dress and Mantle making, and is giving such excellent satisfaction to all her numerous customers is able to make you up a dress guaranteed satisfactory. In Millinery goods we have genuine sur-

Pianos & Organs

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Good second hand instruments for sale on small payments. Now is your time to secure a bargain in pianos. A fine Emerson at one quarter regular price.

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Of every description. Special lines in Ladies Notepaper and Envelopes. Wall Paper and Window Shades at 25 per cent. off.

Madden's Bookstore.

W. D. MADDEN,
Ticket Agent G.T.R.

2288ly

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1888

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas Lane

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Gramma chool, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

—Try SPENCER'S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—You get all things necessary to keep the wolf from the door at GEO. I HAM'S.

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2.50 at GIBBARD'S.

—Coil wire bustles at 15c each at C. F. HENDERSON'S.

—At Gallagher's bargain house they have just received another lot of those cheap window poles in ebony and cherry, only 50c, complete.

—Hulett's reputation for first-class pictures, all sizes and kinds, is unequalled. His new bromide process beats everything.

—An exceedingly fine assortment of cuff buttons, ladies' short chains, and fancy hairpins, in plated and solid silver, at Chinneck's.

—We have received another new lot of Collars and Cuffs, the latest styles and very cheap. C. F. HENDERSON.

—You can buy a good hardwood side board at GIBBARD'S for $7.50 with glass back.

—The 7c store is crowded full of useful and fancy articles and the prices are away down.

—Johnson's decorators pure white lead, Johnson's pure ready-mixed paints, paint oil, turpentine, varnish, glass, putty, building paper, chopping axes, cross-cut saws at rock bottom prices at R G Wright's, 126 and 128 Dundas street.

—Try SPENCER'S Japan tea, 3 lbs for $1.

—It will put money in your pocket if you buy groceries at GEO. I HAM'S

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—You can get a very nice braided jersey, all wool, for $1, at C. F. HENDERSON'S

—Gallagher's is the place for all the latest novels. "The Honorable Mrs Vererker", by the Duchess and "Mr Melson's Will." by R. Hafford, have just arrived.

—Try C. F. HENDERSON for your gloves. They are the best value we have ever shown from 10cts per pair upwards. We have a special line of silk gloves for 25 cents per pair.

—Another carload of that life giving family flour arrived to day at GEO. I. HAM'S.

—Long Island watermelons at Davis'.

—David T. Rowse, general merchant, Bath, has assigned.

—Barley harvesting has commenced. It is expected that it will not prove a half crop.

—Bran, shorts, flour, cracked corn, cornmeal, at lowest prices, by the Downey Co. 3388atf.

—The naughty Belleville Ontario, after alluding to the efforts of Napanee council to secure manufacturers for the place says: "A glass factory and brush factory would make the town boom."

—The popular dry goods men, Lahey & McKenty, have had an awning placed in front of their new store, and the inside decorated with notices informing the public that they have "no second price" and that there will be "positively no credit."

—You can save from 10 to 15c by buying your dry goods at Robinson & Co's

—It's a pity that The Ontario, in announcing that "a diciple of Blackstone in Napanee, formerly of Belleville," was shortly to lead Miss Sara Duncan, Garth Grafton, to hymen's altar, omitted to give the name of our townsman. He would have had more free advertising than any other individual in the community.

—Rev. Mr. Card, formerly of Napanee, who succeeds Rev. Mr. Blair, at Almonte, was presented with an address and purse of $85 on the occasion of his leaving Merrickville. The congregation is indignant over the action of the conference in removing Mr. Card before the expiration of his term.

—Long Island Watermelons at Davis'.

—Sir R. Cartwright laid the corner stone of a Methodist church at Sweaborg on Wednesday, 4th inst. He delivered a masterly address upon the power of Christian forces and the teaching of the bible, which contained the greatest treasures prized by the people of the country. He paid a high tribute to those who spent their lives in inculcating the truth that made good citizens and good loyalists.

—The bridge at Close's Mill, North Fredericksburgh, has been completed and is now open for travel. The abutments are of stone, the bridge proper being all oak timber with pine planking. The bridge is 81 feet long, and was erected in two spans, resting in the centre on a pier 22 x 10ft, built of oak and filled with stone. The bridge is one of the finest structures in the county and reflects much credit upon the engineering abilities of the township's popular reeve.

—The following we clip from Monday's Ontario, of Belleville: Louise Whiteman was provided with lodging by the city over Sunday. She is 83 years of age, and left her son-in-law's in Napanee for Campbellford without his knowledge. When she reached here, her money was gone and Mayor Wilson provided her with board at a hotel until this morning when she went to Campbellford to visit her son.

—Long Island Watermelons at Davis'.

—The pulpit of the Western Methodist church was filled on Sunday morning last by the Rev. M. J. Bates, conference evangelist, who preached from the words "Did not our hearts beat within us." He showed the friendship of Jesus and the friendship we should have one for the other. In the evening the Rev. R. M. Pope, of the West Belleville Methodist Church preached in the same pulpit, from the 20th vs. of Eph. 2. The speaker showed that Christ's character had been tried in various ways and had been unharmed; He was a sure foundation.

—Don't forget the excursion to the Sandbanks on Wednesday next, 18th inst. It gives promise of being the most popular of the season. The str. Quinte will leave Downey's wharf at 7 a.m., calling at Deser-

you up a dress guaranteed satisfactory. In Millinery goods we have genuine surprises for all our customers—Miss Smith will give you some royal bargains in Hats and Millinery goods of every description.

CLOTHING.

Our Clothing Department has this season received a much needed and much appreciated complement in our large stock of Boys' Clothing. The mothers are pleased, the boys are pleased—in fact everyone who has seen the handsome lot of suits is pleased. We have suits to fit boys of every age and every size. We take a pride in keeping a good assortment. Bring your boys to us for clothing. Boys' Boating Shirts. Boys' Hats. Boys' Ties. Boys' Collars. In Mens' Ordered Clothing it is hardly necessary to tell you about Mr Walters and his stock. He has a very fine stock and will make you up a suit of clothes not only guaranteed satisfactory, but guaranteed equal in style and finish to any city work. Every year finds him, if possible, more skillful and more obliging than the preceding one. He makes a speciality of Clergymens' Clothing, and clergymen are allowed a liberal discount on all purchases.

In Ready-Made Clothing our assortment is very large and our prices are low. We can give you some bargains in Ready-Made Clothing.

ROBINSON & CO

Successors to Downey & Co

per pair upwards. We have a special line of silk gloves for 25 cents per pair.

—Another carload of that life giving family flour arrived to day at GEO. I. HAM'S.

—Go to the 7c store if you want toilet soaps, brushes, whisks, picture frames and novelties.

—We have received another lot of those cheap black cashmere hose, 25c a pair. C. F. HENDERSON.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—Don't fail to see that $15 bedroom sett, all hardwood and extra finished, at GIBBARD'S.

—If you want a first-class cooking, parlor or box stove, dumb stove, gallows pipes, T pipes, gimpe pipes, or stove pipes, you will consult your own interests by going to R. G. Wright, opposite the Brisco House.

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon, you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—All bedroom setts sold by GIBBARD & SON have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap trash that makes your face look as though you had lost the best friend on earth.

—Gallagher has just received 1000 boxes of soap—three cakes in a box, for 6c a box, the greatest bargain ever offered.

—Our stock is very complete with Spring and Summer Hosiery from the cheapest cotton to the best silk. We have an extra good line in Boy's ribbed knickerbocker hose very cheap. C. F. HENDERSON.

—The 7c store is the place to get bargains in tinware and glassware.

—J. GIBBARD & SON have just manufactured the finest hardwood bedroom sets ever produced in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead, bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

—$5 00 per month will buy a good second hand piano worth $125 Several second hand organs and pianos to rent or will sell at very low price Don't buy an instrument without calling on W D Madden, Napanee All correspondence attended to promptly

—Long Island watermelons at Davis'.

—The chief has had men at work for some days cutting the thistles and noxious weeds on the streets

—The brickwork of the addition to the drug store of Messrs. Detlor & Fullerton is about finished.

—The financial report of the Tamworth Methodist church has been issued. It shows receipts amounting to $835.44, the disbursements being the same.

—The tidy yacht of our former townsman, Mr J. Soby, of Picton, has been on the Deseronto's run most of this week, while the latter has been off relieving the Quinte.

—A. S. Kimmerly will continue selling at rock bottom prices, and if those grocers who are kicking about my cutting prices, cannot compete, his advice to them is to sell out.

—We are pleased to learn that many who have failed to obtain relief by other means, have been much benefitted at Dr Grange's Electropathic Institute. We have no doubt this treatment will be a blessing to a great number now hopelessly suffering. 3388a

—Long Island watermelons at Davis'.

—Having sold out to Mr. E. M. Fralick who will continue the business, we beg to recommend him to our customers and others All accounts must be paid as we must close up our books. Accounts will be left at Gibson & Clute's law office, where parties will please call and settle. E. F. VANLUVEN & Co. 2788dtf

—The first of the popular str. Quinte's excursions leave Napanee to-day (Friday), July 13, for Davy's Island, Glenora and Indian Point. Every one of our overworked townspeople should take advantage of these excursions, which offer a new lease of life to one suffering from the heat and dust of the town. The company have arranged with the N. T. & Q. Ry. to carry pasengers from stations along their line at single fare for the round trip. The offer is a large one, steamer, and a pleasant holiday.

banks on Wednesday next, 18th inst. It gives promise of being the most popular of the season. The str. Quinte will leave Downey's wharf at 7 a.m., calling at Deseronto, Davy's Island, and Glenora, arriving at Picton at 9.30., where there will be first-class carriages to carry excursionists to the banks. Fare for the round trip $1; to Davy's Island, Glenora and Picton 50c. Secure your tickets early. The fare from Deseronto has been placed at 85c.

—The Belleville Ontario is to the front with the following, which it is hoped will not be the experience this year: Thirty-one years ago last Wednesday it commenced to rain heavily in Kingston and vicinity at seven o'clock in the evening, and continued till seven o'clock on the following evening, July 12. The road between Kingston and Cataraqui was blocked with floating planks and rails, and the Bath road was not fit to travel on. Logs floated from the farms of Peter Day and the Baker farm, and impeded progress, while the G. T. R. track at Colinsby was covered with water.

—The lawn festival at the home of Mr. Thos. Dickens, East Napanee, on Friday night, proved an enjoyable affair. The grounds were nicely lighted by Chinese lanterns, and seats were placed here and there on the lawn. The evening being rather too cool for a number of those in attendance, resort was had to the fine residence of Mr. Dickens, where the programme provided for the occasion was carried out. The singing, readings and addresses were pleasing, and the promenade in the nice grounds much enjoyed. During the first and second parts of the programme ice cream and cake were served to all present. About $15 was added to the treasury of the Y.P.A. of the Western Methodist church, under whose auspices the social was held

—There was a meeting of the board of education on Tuesday night, the following members being in attendance: Chairman Sexsmith, Secretary Gurlette, and Messrs. Coxall, Hall, Templeton, Morden and Webster. Minutes of regular and special sessions were read and confirmed. A post card, which the treasuser had received, was read, stating that the legislative school grant, $427, would be forwarded in a few days. On motion of Mr. Hall, the committee on school property was instructed to erect a wire fence along the northern line of the new high school grounds, to protect the trees. On motion of Mr. Morden, the committee on school property for the respective schools was instructed to make the necessary repairs to the schools during vacation. An account of $1.25 from Jas Plumley, for watering trees, and another of $3.50, from Templeton & Beeman, for fifty copies of rules for janitor, were ordered to be paid, and the board adjourned.

—At the last meeting of the Kingston Presbeytery committees for the year were appointed, the convenors being: Home mission—M. W. Maclean. Examination—S. Houston. Sabbath schools—R. Young. Temperance—M. Macgillivray. State of religion—J. Mackie. Sabbath observance—W. Coulthard. Statistics—T. S. Chambers. It was reported that all the stations are supplied during the summer. Rev. A. Givan has left L'Amable to accept a call to Williamstown, and Mr. J. McNeil, of the last graduating class of Queen's, has been sent there, with the hope that he will be appointed successor to Mr. Givan. Arrangements were made to hold communion in all the stations during the summer. There are twelve students and five ordained missionaries employed within the bounds of the Presbytery at the present time. These with twenty-two pastors, make the ministerial staff of the Presbytery, exclusive of the professors.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

—This season's apples are offered for sale in town at 2c each.

—Do you want to borrow money on real estate? If so apply to J.C. DREWRY.

—The G.T.R. ticket agent announces by advertisement cheap trips to Toronto and Kingston.

—Mr. Robt. Thompson's mare secured third place in the green race at Kingston on Tuesday.

—The west bound train was over two hours late last night, owing to an accident east of Brockville.

—A number of Napanee Orangeman visited Kingston yesterday and took part in the twelfth of July celebration.

—Long Island watermelons at Davis'.

—The livery office of Mr. Chas. Anderson, Centre st., has undergone considerable improvement at the hands of the painter.

—Mrs. Chambers will hold a social reception at the Eastern Methodist parsonage on Friday evening next, commencing at 8 o'clock.

—W. Jones, of Sheffield, brought a load of blueberries to market on Saturday, the first of the season, and sold them readily at 12c per quart.

—The only Scott Act case to report this week is that of Mr W. A. Taylor, of the Dominion House, who was fined $100 and cost for a second offence.

—Dr. Meng intends removing from East street to the office recently occupied by the late Dr. Reid on the market square. He will be in his new quarters by August first. 3288c

—The sloops Sidney and Moira have been in the past week with wood for Light and cleared again light. The barge Puritan arrived on Wednesday from Oswego with coal for the Rathbun Co.

The day fixed by Judge Wilkison, for the hearing of Edward Baird's appeals against the assessment of North Fredericksburgh, is Friday, July 20th. The court will be held this year at the town hall, and will open at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

—Long Island watermelons at Davis'.

—For the remainder of July and August the steamers of the Deseronto Navigation Company will call at Davy's Island and Glenora on Saturday evening and on Monday morning. Boat and rail tickets, either place, to Napanee 50 cents, to be had on board. 33 88atf

—The Salvation Army had a great "go" here on Wednesday night. The march on the streets was the best seen for some time, and the music was good. The jubilee was held in the opera hall, where a number of addresses where given by leading officers of the body.

—The inmates and frequenters of the disorderly house have been sent to distant parts for a term. Catharine Brown and Agnes Smith to the Reformatory for twelve and thirteen months respectively, and Charlotte Elliott and Minnie Davy to the Central Prison for six months.

—Be polite to the stranger. If he stops you on the street and asks you where a certain street is, tell him. Go with him if you have time and show it to him. If he asks you what "that big building" is tell him the truth about it. Don't tell him that you own it, or that you own anything. Be good to him. He is away from home. A man away from home appreciates politeness in the man who lives in the town. Don't laugh at the stranger. You have not always been smart yourself.

—On Tuesday night the following officers of Napanee Lodge, No 86, I.O.O.F., were installed by D.D. G.M., E. A. Morden, of Picton: G. F. Ruttan, J. P. G.; A. J. Smith, N. G.; J. R. Dafoe, V. G.; W. H. Boyle, R. S.. W. Busby, P. S.; J. J. Perry, Treas.; F. Bartlett, Warden; W. N. Hosey, Con.; W. Blewett, R. S. N. G.; J. Hender-

SADLY AFFLICTED.

Death Visits the Home of Mr. Mace, Tamworth, and Carries off two Daughters.

The home of W. D. Mace, Tamworth, has been sorely tried this week. His partner in life being ill for some time was at Kingston under medical treatment. During her absence that dreaded disease, diptheria, entered the home and laid hold of the youngest daughter, Jessie, a most pleasing, pretty and promising young girl of five years. After an illness of two days death claimed her as its victim at about 11 o'clock Tuesday morning.

This was not the only sorrow Mr. Mace and his almost prostrated partner were called upon to endure. After coming home from Jessie's funeral on Wednesday, Bella, the eldest daughter, felt very faint and thought to revive herself by partaking of some brandy. She mistook a bottle of carbolic acid, used for fumegating the house, for brandy and swallowed a portion of the burning fluid. Immediately the poor girl detected the mistake and informed the family. Medical aid was summoned, but the efforts of two doctors proved unavailing and within fifteen minutes she died in great pain. Miss Bella was aged 18, and was an estimable young lady, beloved by all who knew her She returned only a few days before from Ottawa, where she had completed her education. The funeral takes place today at 2 p.m.

The shock was almost too much for the afflicted mother and sorrowing sister, Myrtie. It was at one time feared that the latter, who had become quite ill, would also be carried off, but we are exceedingly pleased to be able to state that at latest accounts, just before going to press, this morning both were out of danger and were enduring the affliction with the greatest fortitude.

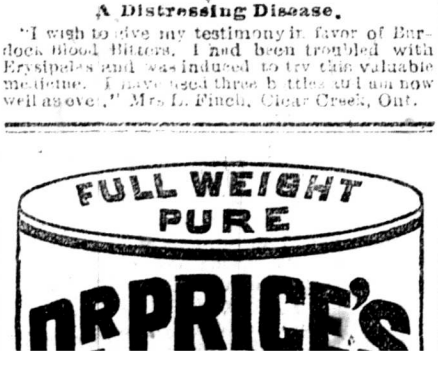
In his sore trial Mr Mace has the sympathy of a large circle of acquaintances, who trust that He who doeth all things well, will give the necessary consolation.

Capture and Release.

For some time there has been a family by the name of Wyman, who have caused considerable trouble at Newburgh. A few days ago the mother made an assault upon a Mr. Hooley at Thompson's mills and for which a warrant was issued and placed in the hands of Constable Storms of this place for execution. Jerry, with some assistance, proceeded to Newburgh and at once visited the house. He arrived there just as the door was about to be closed, which he prevented. No sooner had he accomplished it than down went an axe just in front of him. Immediately he grabbed it and the woman, and calling for assistant Hooper, the handcuffs were placed on the individual in quick order. Before she really realized that she was secure, Mrs. Wiman tried to free herself; finding, however that it was useless the woman let out a string of oaths the like of which Mr Storms said he never heard before. She was brought to Napanee, given a hearing and her case remanded. Upon its being recalled the complainant was not in attendance. After waiting about half an hour the Police Magistrate dismissed the case. In fifteen minutes afterwards Mr Hooley put in an appearance and was very much disappointed to find that Mrs Wyman was once more free and on her way home.

A Distressing Disease.

"I wish to give my testimony in favor of Burdock Blood Bitters. I had been troubled with Erysipelas and was induced to try this valuable medicine. I have used three bottles and am now well as ever." Mrs L. Finch, Clear Creek, Ont.



MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,

2588dtf. Barristers, Napanee.

F. X. BEZO,

MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

188mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The undersigned offers to either sell, or rent, the south three-quarters of the east half of lot 27 in the fourth concession of Richmond. Terms very liberal. Apply to

2888dtf JOHN ENGLISH, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Manitoba Lsnds.

Parties wishing Manitoba Lands or Winnipeg Property may purchase or exchange for property in this vicinity by applying to

S. BURROWS,

2888z BELLEVILLE.

A. S. ASHLEY, L.D.S.,

NAPANEE ONT.

Years' Experience in Canada and the United States

Vitalized Air, the most pleasant and safest Anæsthetic known to the profession used in the extraction of teeth. Full setts, upper and lower, from $10 upards

Office—Albert Bl'k over Hinch & Co's store. 2288ly

HOUSE PAINTING

BY

S. W. PRINGLE.

PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING, KALSOMINING, GLAZING, ETC.

First-class workmen. Prompt service and moderate charges.

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.

2088ly

BOATING.

BOATS TO LET

At DEY'S BOAT HOUSE, foot of Robert street. Open from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

A first-class stock of boats on hand. Furnished by the day or hour.

2388m D. DEY.

INVENTION has revolutionized the world the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required; capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & C Augusta, Maine. 588ly

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor.

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Ladies' Hair Cutting and Trimming a Specialty.

E. VANALSTINE,

Late of the Arcade Tensorial Parlors, Toronto.

P.S.—Mr. Jas. Miller is still to be found at the parlors.

2788dtf

FOR SALE

Picton: G. F. Ruttan, J. P. G.; A. J. Smith, N. G.; J. R. Dafoe, V. G.; W. H. Boyle, R. S.; W. Busby, P. S.; J. J. Perry, Treas.; F. Bartlett, Warden; W. N. Hosey, Con.; W. Blewett, R. S. N. G.; J. Henderson, L. S. N. G.; W. H. Davis, R. S. V. G.; E. I. Boyle, L. S. V. G.; W. Canahan, R. S. S; R. Richardson, L S.S.; Jas. Grange, M. D., Chap.; A. Steacy, O.G.; W. Burns, I. G.

—Boys' Clothing at Robinson & Co's.

—Wednesday night about 11 o'clock the fire alarm sounded and the firemen turned out in quick time. The fire, which was at the slaughter house of Mr. Thos. Trimble, on Frederick st., in the western part of the town, could not be reached in time to do any service, so the engine was stopped en route. The building was completely destroyed. Mr. Trimble estimates his loss at about $500, on which he has an insurance of $330 in the Queen's. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as there was no fire, through smoking or otherwise, at the place.

mLong Island watermelons at Davis'.

--This week Mr. John Bennett of the 7th con. North Fredericksburgh, has been considerably tried. Tuesday he was proceeding to the rear of his farm with his team and mower, to mow some hay, when his horses ran away. He was thrown from the machine on the opposite side to that on which the cutting knife is carried, escaping with several slight bruises. The horses were also unharmed, but the mower was smashed in such a manner that it is impossible to repair it. Wednesday night's storm laid the new patent fence he had just erected across his farm low. In some instances the posts were snapped off at the ground, and others lifted right out. A colt which was tied for a little to one part of the fence was carried off its feet by the gust and tossed in the air in such a manner that it was feared it would be injured; fortunately it freed itself of its fastening and escaped uninjured.

Napanee Cheese Board.

The board met on Wednesday afternoon, Mr. E. Storr occupying the chair in the absence of the president and vice-president.

The following boarded:

	White.	Colored.
Enterprise		250
Forest Mills		150
Gould		150
Odessa		240
Sillsville		90
Napanee		145
Bath	120	
Union		244
Albert		187
Money More		68
Reid		17
Rose Bud		62
Clark's Mills		85
Newburgh		165
Platt		180
Selby		165
Phenix	60	
Centreville		250
Empey		180
	180	2628

The following buyers were present:—Messrs. Hodgson, McCargar, Thompson, Downey, Bartlett, Madden and Stewart.

The committee appointed to look up the oral and written rules regarding the board, reported that they were not prepared to report finally to-day, and asked until next meeting, which was granted.

Madden offered 9¼ for the board, which was run up by one and another, the last offer being 10¼ by Bartlett.

Selections commenced at 9⅝ by Downey, reaching as high as 10½ by Bartlett.

Union, Empey, Bath and Enterprise accepted Thompson's offer of 10⅜.

Bartlett's offer of 10¼ was accepted by Gould, Sillsville, Napanee Forest Mills and Phenix.

The other factories did not sell.

DR PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government, endorsed by the heads of the great Universities, as the strongest, purest and most healthful. Dr Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia Lime or Alumn Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER Co.

Late of the Arcade Photograph Parlors.

P.S.—Mr. Jas. Miller is still to be found at the parlors.

2788tf

FOR SALE

—BY—

THE DOWNEY CO

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Choice Cornmeal

Choice Flour,

At Lowest Prices

ALSO

Cracked Corn,

Cracked Peas,

Bran and Shorts

THE DOWNEY CO

3188atf

TEA TEA TEA

Having purchased from the Ontario Tea Company their stock of Tea at very much less than cost, I will give the people of these counties great bargains.

50 cent Tea for 35 cents per lb.

40 cent Tea for 30 cents per lb.

75 cent Tea for 50 cents per lb.

Give this Tea a trial, save a few dollars and at the same time get a good article.

MY WAGONS WILL START AT ONCE.

Z. VANLUVEN.

Moscow, May 28, 1888. 2788tf

Farmers Threshers and Millowners,

—USE—

McCOLL'S LARDINE MACHINE OIL.

Try it once and you will use no other. Every barrel guaranteed.
We are sole manufacturers of the Genuine Lardine.
Also Cylinder, Engine, Wool and
Harness Oils.

McColl Bros. & Co. Toronto.

Try our fine brands of Coal Oil—"Sunlight" and "Family Safety."

2788tf

The Napanee Express

EXTRA.

NAPANEE, AUGUST 18, 1888.

NAPANEE SENSATIONS

The Gossips have Two Sweet Morsels to Talk About.

Ungentlemanly Treatment of a Napanee Lady

By the Hon. M. Bowell, Min. of Customs.

A Likely Breach of Promise Suit.

Seldom in the history of Napanee have the gossip-mongers had more "sweet morsels" to talk about than they have during the past two weeks. Dame Rumor has been fully alive and great have been the stories cast afloat. From the whole THE EXPRESS has been able to secure the full facts and give them to the public to-day.

The first was the unseemly conduct of two individuals who carry their heads high in society. The information regarding this case reached our reporter just a little before the forms for last issue were being closed. At once he betook himself to the fountain-head for particulars, but was rather late—the peacemaker, or justice miscarrier, had been ahead. Making known his mission the reply was given "Oh! they're all right." At once the reporter gave up the case for that day, as he had not time to "work it up" for the next day's issue. Taking it quietly since, he has gleaned the following: On Tuesday night, July 31st, the two men above referred to, whose names we need not give, as they are pretty well known by this time, who were somewhat the worse of liquor, followed a woman up John street with supposed evil intent. Reaching Anderson's livery stable, the woman entered and shortly afterwards came out again. She retraced her steps down John-st and was followed. Returning once more to the livery stable house the men commenced a conversation with one of the colored women who resides in the premises. The conversation grew, the woman, as far as we have been able to learn, being finally insulted. Not being able to secure accurate information as to this point, THE EXPRESS has to draw conclusions. This is, however, readily done from what followed. The husband of the woman arose and gave the evil designers chase. The younger of the two, whose residence was not far distant, managed to escape, but the

given her a trial trip with his family aboard. Fortunately Mrs Stevenson was one of the friends of Holmes' family, which made matters much more easy to handle. A trip was arranged for—the party to be composed of Ministers Tupper and Bowell, Mr Holmes' family and friends, and—"perhaps it would be well to invite the member and his wife" On the morning of July 2nd, the Cruiser set off for the sail up the bay, under pleasant auspices, with about fifteen aboard besides the crew. Those who watched her move off from the dock had not the slightest conjecture that the minister of customs had his eye on one of our ladies for a wife. Such was, however, the case. The boat ploughed through the waters nicely; dinner was served—first to the ministers and a number more; then the others sat down and in regular outing style the hon gentlemen acted as waiters. Had Capt. Holmes not been compelled to stick to the wheel house so closely, he, with the knowledge he possessed, might have noticed the sly, longing glances that were now and again given by Mr. Bowell towards Mrs Stevenson. Suspicions were not at all aroused and everything went as "merry as a marriage bell" the day through. After visiting the Murray canal the boat returned to Deseronto. Fortunately (!) it was too dark for Capt. Holmes, who had not steered up the river very often, to venture home that night with the Cruiser. Accordingly the company separated. The younger portion of the party betook themselves to a private assembly which was taking place in the village, while other members of the boat load took the mixed and midnight trains for the east. Mr. Bowell took a course of his own. He invited Mrs. Stevenson to a ride home in a carriage. This was accepted. During the drive over to Napanee he "popped the question." Mrs Stevenson did not finally accept the proposition, asking several days to consider it. She, however, a couple of days later accepted and from that on they were engaged.

The date of the next meeting we cannot give, but it was not long after. Then Mr. Bowell wished the day for the wedding fixed. At first he was desirous of having the ceremony performed very quietly and at once. It was, however, fixed for August 15 h.

Everything continued to move along nicely. The son of the hon. gentleman visited our town, spent considerable of his time with the friends of his father's intended wife; the engagement ring was presented; other presents were made; the wedding trousseau was being looked after and the wedding cake ordered. Mrs. Stevenson was complimented on all sides on the prospect of becoming the wife of him who stood so high in the political arena of Canada. But how true that there's "many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip." Joy has given place to sadness.

As in other instances "son-in-law Jamieson" has brought Mackenzie Bowell into not too pleasant positions before the public, so it would seem to be the case in this. On the 3rd of August Jamieson visited Napanee, and has, we understand, been on several other occasions in town. What his mission was no one at the time suspected, unless it was to make better acquaintance with those with whom he and his father-in-

nouncement of the marriage. When the engagement was at first announced it was denied, which was somewhat looked for. Still when the day was fixed, and all arrangements were being furthered, it was hardly expected that he would allow matters to go the length they have. In the Globe of the 13th appeared a telegram from Belleville, in which it was stated that he said he had paid some attention to Mrs. Stevenson on his last visit here, "but the announcement of the wedding was made without my consent." The Mail of the same date said that "there was no truth whatever in the report that he will be married before leaving for the Pacific coast," and The Empire of the same day stated "that the report of the minister of customs' intended marriage is incorrect." This was not enough. On the 13th, two days before the date he himself fixed for the wedding, Mr. Bowell must inform the Ottawa correspondent of The Empire "that all the rumors which have been in circulation with regard to his proposed marriage are incorrect." Such conduct is shameful in the extreme. It looks as though the old man was doting, foolish, or that he had set a deliberate trap to ensnare and destroy the future prospects of a woman.

These would-be denials are made in the face of stubborn facts, such as the passing of the engagement ring; the inviting, by himself, of his friends, and the acceptance by one of them up to Thursday; and the engaging of the Archdeacon to marry him. On one of his recent visits (the beginning of last week, when Mr. James Herring had an evening party, at which C. J. Bowell was was a guest, while his father paid his attentions to his intended next door) Mr. John Stevenson tendered the old gentleman an invitation to make his home his stopping place on the Tuesday evening previous and up to the hour of the wedding on Wednesday. This was accepted in the presence of some friends of the Stevenson families. On Saturday morning, with the mail conveying the letter to Mrs. Stevenson breaking up the wedding, came another epistle to Mr. John Stevenson thanking him for his kind offer, but declining it "for reasons which Mrs. E. Stevenson could give if she chose," and with the same mail was a third letter, cancelling the services of the Archdeacon. In the face of these facts it is cruel for a man to endeavor to throw all the blame on a woman.

Since the above was in type we notice the following in the Ottawa Free Press of the 15th: "Hon Mr Bowell, in conversation with a Free Press reporter to-day, gave the statement of his alleged engagement a denial." In reply, and to further substantiate what we have before said, we would just say that Mr. Bowell personally wrote Archdeacon Bedford-Jones, asking him to officiate at the marriage of himself and Mrs Stevenson, to which the clergyman replied, saying that he would be happy to do so and complimenting him upon his good fortune. Then, in addition, Mr. Bowell, when joked about the affair by various persons in town, did not deny that it was to take place. The wedding attire was being made by Messrs. Robinson & Co. and Hooper & Doxsee and the order for the cake was given to Mr. W. H. Davis.

At once the reporter gave up the case for that day, as he had not time to "work it up" for the next day's issue. Taking it quietly since, he has gleaned the following: On Tuesday night, July 31st, the two men above referred to, whose names we need not give, as they are pretty well known by this time, who were somewhat the worse of liquor, followed a woman up John street with supposed evil intent. Reaching Anderson's livery stable, the woman entered and shortly afterwards came out again. She retraced her steps down John-st and was followed. Returning once more to the livery stable house the men commenced a conversation with one of the colored women who resides in the premises. The conversation grew, the woman, as far as we have been able to learn, being finally insulted. Not being able to secure accurate information as to this point, THE EXPRESS has to draw conclusions. This is, however, readily done from what followed. The husband of the woman arose and gave the evil designers chase. The younger of the two, whose residence was not far distant, managed to escape, but the one with the beard was not so fortunate. The infuriated husband managed to secure his man and a "row" followed, the neighbors being aroused by the cries. It did not last long, so that those disturbed were soon at rest again. Next day "go-betweens" were set to work and continued up to Thursday, when, notwithstanding that a partial engagement was made by the enraged husband with the police magistrate to meet him that evening, justice was miscarried. For $15 the case was settled. It is hoped that this escapade during the absence of his wife will be a wholesome lesson to the man with the spectacles, who has figured in several shady affairs previous to this, and who was quite willing to stand by and see an opponent in politics punished rather severely when he knew that he could have helped him out of the difficulty nicely had he so chosen. He chose rather to see his fellowman bear the brunt of the whole affair. It is an old saying that "chickens come home to roost," and in this the young man came nigh being caught. Should he be found in a similar case again, it is to be hoped it will not be so readily settled.

Mr. Bowell's Love Affair.

The above case had just been nicely secured by the gossip-mongers, when a rumor was set afloat that Hon. M. Bowell was to be married on the 15th to Mrs. E. S. D. Stevenson, of this place. This was cause for comment in fair circles particularly, until Saturday last, when it became known that the engagement was broken off, even more abruptly than it was made. Then all sorts of rumors were started.

The history of this case commences with the laying of the corner stone of our new post office. It will be remembered that this took place on Thursday, June 21st, the officiating gentlemen being the Hons. H. Langevin and M. Bowell. After the stone had been laid and speeches made, mayor Cook took the ministers in hand. During the afternoon they were, with some of the Drs friends, driven round town. Among the latter was Mrs E. S. D. Stevenson, who was introduced by the mayor to the honorable gentleman. As he afterwards said Mr Bowell was at once struck with the pleasing manner and gracefulness of the accomplished widow, and, as he also afterwards said, determined if he could win her to have her for his wife.

The good looking widower of sixty four summers immediately set to work and "played his cards" well up to Thursday last. Capt Holmes of this place had been appointed fishery overseer for northern waters and was placed in charge of the yacht Cruiser which the government had recently purhased from Mr. Gilmour. The boat was still at Kingston, the Captain not having as yet the ceremony performed very quietly and at once. It was, however, fixed for August 15 h.

Everything continued to move along nicely. The son of the hon. gentleman visited our town, spent considerable of his time with the friends of his father's intended wife; the engagement ring was presented; other presents were made; the wedding trousseau was being looked after and the wedding cake ordered. Mrs. Stevenson was complimented on all sides on the prospect of becoming the wife of him who stood so high in the political arena of Canada. But how true that there's "many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip." Joy has given place to sadness.

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All continued well up to Thursday night, when Mr. Bowell paid a visit to Napanee, having received a letter from his daughter in which was the question, "why go to Napanee for a wife, where all the women are bad" or "fast"—something to that effect if not just those words. The father was met at the station by his son C. J., and together they visited the Huffman House, read the letter over, and the son decided that the father should go on and pay no attention to the epistle—do just as though it had not been received. Mr. Bowell visited his intended and showed her the letter, and it was talked over, but nothing of moment transpired. The two parted the best of friends, Mrs. Stevenson fully expecting all was still well. Mr. Bowell was to go to Belleville, consult with his family, and return the next day.

Bowell did not return the next day, and Mrs. Stevenson's surprise can be better imagined than described when we state that on Saturday morning she received a letter from Mr. Bowell to the effect that the marriage must be declared off, as there were rumors afloat regarding Mrs. Stevenson which, whether true or untrue, were sufficient to break up the engagement. No opportunity was given Mrs. Stevenson to explain; she was cut off abruptly. The hitherto overheated love of the minister of the crown had become cooled, whether willingly or unwillingly it is hard to say. He had gone to the home of his children in Belleville, and on Friday had evidently put in a hard day's work with his friends—the latter coming out best in the struggle.

This was naturally very serious news for Mrs. Stevenson. It prostrated her, and on Saturday she took to her bed, where she was confined up to well on in the day of Monday. Even at this writing we understand she is not at all well, and it is difficult to say just what effect he unbecoming action of Bowell will have upon her.

It is quite evident that had it not been for the interference of outsiders, to-day Mr Bowell and Mrs Stevenson would have been man and wife.

In brief, the history of the affair up to this time was thus: Love at first sight; proposition at second meeting; on the third meeting fixing of the day; with a very abrupt breaking off of the engagement inside a few weeks.

But this is not all. As though to add insult to injury, Mr. Bowell has since kept his mouth closed, and allowed damaging reports to be given currency as to the anand other, but declining it "for reasons which Mrs. E. Stevenson could give if she chose," and with the same mail was a third letter, cancelling the services of the Archdeacon. In the face of these facts it is cruel for a man to endeavor to throw all the blame on a woman.

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When the Archdeacon received the letter from Mr. Bowell on Saturday notifying him that his services would not be required he was much taken aback and wrote Mr. Bowell an indignant letter.

Bowell has acted very childish throughout this affair. He was love stricken at first sight, and has broken off the marriage in schoolboy fashion. It would appear as though his word in social matters was no more to be relied upon than it is in political. Had he acted more manly, a woman would have been saved ridicule, and the homes of families undisturbed.

Just what action may be taken in the premises we are not in a position to say. Mrs. Stevenson feels her position very keenly, but being of a weak, nervous temperament, is not inclined to go into court. Her friends, however, say that such must be done—that Bowell must be made to smart severely for his shameful conduct. It is hoped in the interest of womanhood such will be the case. He may go away on his British Columbia trip with the idea that the affair will all blow over before his return, but upon his arrival in Ontario again he may find it different.

Who Is Mrs. Stevenson?

To residents of this section it is hardly necessary to reply to this query, but to outsiders it may be. She is a widow of forty summers, accomplished and pleasing in her manner. She was born at Bath, and in 1869 married Mr. E. S. D. Stevenson, third son of the late Hon. Jno. Stevenson, well and favorably known to the older residents in these counties. Mr. Ed. Stevenson will be known to the older members of the Commons and Senate when we state that for some time he was private secretary to his father in the Legislative Assembly. He was a graduate of Toronto University and had a brilliant career before him. Death, however, cut him off just as he was about entering life in real earnest. As the issue of the marriage there is a son about 17 years old, who resides with his mother on Bridge street. Dame Rumor has been very cruel with Mrs. Stevenson since the breaking up of the marriage. One of the most cruel thrusts is that the affair was of her own seeking, and that it was Bowell's money she was after. This is untrue. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Stevenson has resided in her own house in this place, her mother living with her. Of means she has ample to keep her. She has an interest in the Stevenson estate, which includes the property here and the piano works at Kingston. Comfortable and happy, and moving in good society in Napanee, she had no occasion to seek a change in life.

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examin our stock of Flour, Feed Bran, Pork, Sugar and Tea at prices never heard of before. 3 lbs good tea for 25c. All goods sold to give satisfaction or will cheerfully refund the money. GRAHAM Ars of Front store.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

J. . . . . Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT.,

DON'T -:- FORGET

THAT

McAlister & Co

HAVE

REMOVED

next door to

Boyes' Telegraph & Ticket Office

CALL THERE TO-DAY

FOR YOUR

CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps,

Underclothing,

Ties, Collars and Cuffs, Shirts

UMBRELLAS,

Rubber Coats, Overcoats,

AND SUITS.

BIG STOCK OF

New Goods in each Department

Address to the New Postoffice, Napanee.

Written for THE EXPRESS.

I hope, Postoffice, 'tis nae offence
That I, a lad o' nae pretence,
Would wish ye good an happiness,
An length o' days;
An growing trade an opulence,
Beyond my praise.

Ye're worthy o' a hunder stanzas
To mak my poor inelegant arthis;
An I'se the wiff a verse I'm fain
In humble key,
Twill be as 'twere a friendly chain
'Tween you and me.

My word! ye needna hide your face,
Just jest a credit to the place,
A picture quite o' strength and grace,
And fair proportions;
Your architect ye'll ne'er disgrace,
Like some abortions.

Your massive wa's are faithfu' laid,
Each block is in its proper bed,
Ye needna be the least afraid
Tae stand inspection;
Tae critics cynic ill could be said
'Twould find defection.

An when your sights be lang set fixed
An your odds an ends set right,
Ye'll be a pleasant sight
For many a day;
When they who rode you right an tight,
Have passed away.

An when we sing thy looks so grand,
We can't forget the hands that planned,
The hands that made thee forth tae stand
Of skill a monument;
Who cut and carved wi' cunning hand
Each pleasing ornament.

Guid bless the lads, I ken them a'—
A blither squad I never saw;
They brother-like together draw
In working matters;
Nor quarrels o'er some wee bit flaw,
Or foolish clatters.

The worthy gaffers, Ben and Hugh,
Have hands and brains possessed by few,
And Gordie Thampson, a' folks lo'e,
And Elgin Bill;
Than Peter Traverse, I never knew
A better chiel.

An Johnny Webster, quiet, sedate
And Stevenson, a worthy mate,
And Wiggleworth, a deil tae prate
'Bout bonnie lasses;
And rhyming Jock that's no way blate
Wi' "schooner" glasses.

And others who've left Napanee,
But haven't left our memorie;
Such chiels as dance Jim Emery,
And many mair;
Who've gone away over land and sea,
The Lord keep where.

And other names we haven't time
Tae mention in this random rhyme,
Guid bless them as he's been they climb
To life's sad en'—
Then bring them tae a happier clime.
Amen! Amen!

JOHN M. CALLUM.

TO LET.

Store, Hall and Offices with vaults to let in Rennie block, Napanee, now ready for occupation and will be rented at moderate rents.

App'y to JOHN RENNIE,
15 SAF 20 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,
Or to LAIRD & SCOTNEY, Napanee.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Manitoba Lands.

Parties wishing Manitoba Lands or Winnipeg property can hear of bargains by calling for property
ROBERT WILSON,
Napanee.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a fieri facias issued out of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, and to me directed against the goods and chattels of
THE BAPTISTON CO.,
Limited Agents.

MEN!

Our Specific No. 3 permanently restores EXHAUSTED VITALITY, LOST MANHOOD and GENERAL DEBILITY when other treatment fails. Send 6 cents in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS or Home cure. TORONTO MEDICINE Co. 393 Yonge Ave. Toronto, Ont.
3685ly

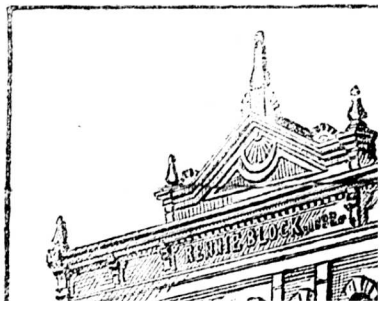
THE ROSSIN HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The leading hotel in Eastern Ontario. Good sample rooms for commercial travellers.

C. A. CORNELL,
PROPRIETOR.

F. X. BIZZO,
MANUFACTURER OF
TENT AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.
1stmf SOUTH NAPANEE



fail's. Send 6 cents in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS or home cure. TORONTO MEDICINE Co. 343 S Ave. Toronto, Ont 2888ly

JOHN RENNIE

Real Estate Dealer and Broker.

30 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,

Has for sale some fine farms in Manitoba and being in a position to give one of two great chances, viz: 320 acres of rich prairie land about 10 miles from Winnipeg. Present price 5 per acre cash. Next year will be worth double in value. Full particulars on application. 1888ly

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4587ly

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sum [illegible] $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

At 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT, STRAIGHT.

[illegible] Borrower, I am [illegible] notes of the [illegible] Parties [illegible] Farm [illegible] property in-

[illegible] O. DAVIS,
[illegible] Loaning Agent

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of Joseph Burley, late of the township of North Marysburgh, in the county of Prince Edward, deceased, offer for sale the east half of lot 17 and lot 18 in the first concession Lake side, east of the Rock, in the said township of North Marysburgh, containing 150 acres more or less.

The soil is of the very best quality.

There is a large frame dwelling house, two frame barns, 30x80 and 44x28, with shed between the barns, about 70 feet in length, and a good orchard on the land.

This farm is situated on the shore of Lake Ontario, and is within convenient distance of churches, schools, shipping port and post office.

Offers, addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to the 15th day of November, 1888.

JOSEPH BURLEY, } Executors.
HENRY W. BURLEY, }
Prince Edward

[illegible]

[illegible] HENRY SUTLIFF, OF [illegible] IN THE COUNTY [illegible] LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, MERCHANT.

The above-named insolvent, Alexander Sutliff, has made an assignment to me of his estate and effects in pursuance of Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chap. 124, in trust for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Alexander Sutliff, will be held at my office

AT THE COURT HOUSE

IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, ON

MONDAY, October 22, 1888,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the appointing of inspectors and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, duly verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by the said statutes.

O. T. PRUYN,
Sheriff County of Lennox and Addington,
Assignee.

Dated at Napanee, Oct. 17, 1888. 1888

New Goods in each Department

McALISTER & CO.

3888z

LARGEST IN CANADA.

Fonthill Nurseries.

We want reliable energetic men to sell our nursery stock; previous experience not necessary; any man with tact and energy can succeed; terms liberal either salary or commission; outfit free.

Our agents have many advantages, such as selling home grown hardy Canadian stock. This season we have a number of choice specialties which are of value and which can only be secured from us, such as a complete list of New Russian Apples, the Ritson Pear, Saunders Plum Hilborn Raspberry, Moore's Ruby and Black Champion Currants Moore's Diamond Grape, etc.

We have given particular attention to the propagation of hardy varieties suitable to the northern sections of Canada. For terms apply to

STONE & WELLINGTON,
1888m Toronto, Ont

TENANT WANTED

FOR

The Switzer Homestead

Having been advised by my physician to go south for the winter, I have arranged to rent my farm upon most advantageous terms. It comprises 200 acres, being Lot 11, in the 6th Concession of Ernestown. The farm is well fenced and in excellent state of cultivation, considerable being new land—only one crop taken off. All is in good condition for spring seeding. A lot of timothy and clover seeding has been done, which has taken nicely. The farm is well situated, being six miles from Napanee and three from Newburgh. On the place is a church and school-house. There is a large stone house and new frame dwelling, and good large barn and stables on the premises, the latter being fitted up comfortably and conveniently for stock raising. The stables are of stone, with water inside. Young bearing orchard. Plenty of fuel and excellent well water. Will be rented low.

R. N. SWITZER.

P S—Implements or stock can be had from me at very reasonable figures.

October, 1888 1888atf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF CHARLES McBRIDE, OF THE TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND, IN THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, FARMER.

The above named insolvent, Charles McBride, has made an assignment to me of his estate and effects in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 124, in trust for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Charles McBride will be held at my office.

AT THE COURT HOUSE,

IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, ON

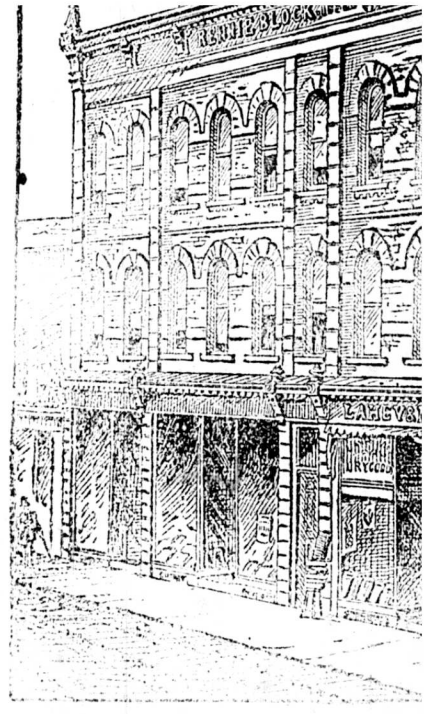
Wednesday, October 31st, 1888,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the appointing of inspectors and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, duly verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by the said statutes.

O. T. PRUYN,
Sheriff County of Lennox and Addington
Assignee

Dated at Napanee, Oct 19th, 1888. 1888



The above is a cut of the new Rennie block [illegible] ago expected to give to our readers. It wi[ll] it is the most imposing looking business block [in] The building is of the latest design, and is fitted w[ith] latest. There are three stores—the one on th[e] largest, and that to the west the smallest. The [is] a boot and shoe merchant; the centre store for [the] other is the dry goods establishment of Messrs. L[ake] The latter is 90 feet deep, and the others 70 [feet] nicely fitted throughout. The stores are lighted [by] glass windows, and the rest of the building wit[h] windows. The ceilings are high, and ventila[tion] heated by hot air from a furnace placed in the c[ellar] ment. It is a fine substantial structure, reflec[ting] upon the proprietor and builders, and adds [to] many fine structures of the town.

The Horses of the County.

Editor of THE EXPRESS

DEAR SIR,—I attended most of the shows in this county this year and was much delighted with the very creditable show of stock. It is quite evident that the people are becoming more alive to the fact that it is best to raise good animals. In grading [up] it is however quite evident that the farmers in this section are trying an impossibility, viz; trying to concentrate in one animal the three qualities of roadster, farm and heavy draught—three distinct types; each requiring a peculiar form and very different from the other. In breeding for farm use, or the foreign market, care must be had as as to the article demanded. For carriage and roadsters we want the thoroughbred sire, of which "War Cry" is a fair type of the former and "Stanton Jr." or "Highland Boy" of the latter. For the farm, either the Percheron or Suffolk Punch—compact, smooth-turned, "2story-on-the-ground" horses, which can draw a moderate load or take you to market without the risk of dying of old age before you get there. "Young Romulus" is a good specimen.

For heavy draught the Clydesdale and shire horses are the favorites, having great bone and muscle, with good walking action, of which "Prince Royal," "Can Grant" and "Western Lad" are good types. Such horses are not in very great demand for home use but find ready sale at good prices in the American market.

There is too much jealousy shown on the part of the owners of Clydesdale throughout

EXPRESS

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examine our stock of Flour Feed Bran, Pork, Sugar and Tea at prices never heard of before; will sell 20 per cent cheaper than any other house in town. 16½ lbs of good Brown Sugar for $1. 12 bars of family soap 25c

3283ly G. I. HAM

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

T., FRIDAY, OCT. 19, 1888. VOL. XXVII. No. 46

Board of Education.

Sept. 24.—A special meeting of the board was held this evening, all the members being present except Mr. Hall.

The chairman presiding stated that the object of calling the meeting was for the purpose of considering the request of Mr. Fessenden, asking to be released from his engagement with the board, in consequence of his having been tendered the position of headmaster of the Perth collegiate institute; and also the resignation of Mr. Martin, the latter to take effect Oct. 31, 1888.

Mr. Martin's resignation was accepted, and the committee on teachers instructed to procure a teacher to fill the vacancy.

Mr. Fessenden's request was not granted.

The monthly meeting was held in council chamber on Tuesday evening. Members present—J. A. Sexsmith, chairman; Wagar, Bradish, Morden, Hanley, Coxall, Preston and Carlisle.

Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

The committee to whom was referred the matter of salaries to janitors made a verbal report, and also a recommendation relative to a claim made by Mr. Pringle,—an allowance for rent.

Upon motion of Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Hanley, the report was referred back to the committee to report more fully in writing respecting both matters at next meeting.

Reports of Messrs. Bowerman and Black received and read, and on motion were ordered to be laid on the table.

Moved by Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Coxall, that the teachers in the public schools keep a record of all cases of corporal punishment inflicted and the reasons, and that a book be provided for that purpose. Carried.

An application from Miss N. L. Grange, asking for an increase of salary, was read.

Moved by Mr. Morden, seconded by Mr. Coxall, that the board cannot entertain any applications looking to an increase of salary until midsummer vacation, and the secretary was instructed to inform Miss Grange accordingly. Carried.

The account of T. S. Henry was ordered to be returned to him, to be made out separately, and then referred to the respective committees with power to act.

to the special committee appointed to procure plans for the Napanee High School building with power to act.

An account of A. W. Grange was referred to committee with power to act.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid: R. Light, lumber, M. S. and S. G., $1.76; J. F. Smith, brooms, $2.65; T. Pearson, labor, $1.20; J. H. Philips, tuning organ, $2.

Presbytery of Kingston.

A meeting of this Presbytery, adjourned from the 17th ult., was held in the Presbyterian Church here on Tuesday, the 9th inst. There was a good attendance of members.

The principal items of business were the consideration of the Rev'd T. S. Chambers resignation of the pastoral charge of Wolfe Island, and also his demission of the office of Presbytery clerk—an office which he has held for a period of nearly twenty-three years. These resignations were caused by the necessity of the removal to a warmer climate on account of the health of a member of the family.

There was also to be considered a call from the congregation of Wallacetown, in the Presbytery of London, Ont., in favor of the Revd Donald Kelso, minister of Roslin and Thurlow.

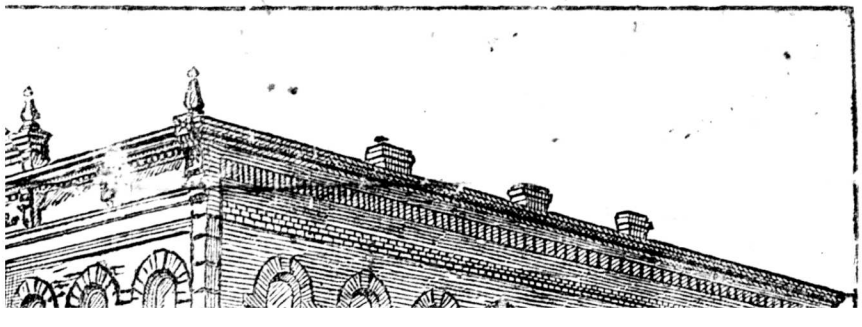
The resignations of Mr. Chambers were accepted with much regret, both on the part of the Presbytery and the congregation of Wolfe Island, but in the circumstances nothing else could be done.

Mr. Young was appointed clerk pro tempore—the appointment of a permanent clerk having been postponed till the next regular quarterly meeting in December.

The Rev. Mr. Kelso having signified his acceptance of the call presented to him, his translation was agreed to, and he was instructed to await the orders of the Presbytery of London, for induction into his new charge.

After attending to a few matters of ordinary routine business, of no interest to the general public, the Presbytery adjourned to meet again in the city of Belleville, and within St. Andrew's Church there, on the 17th of December next at 7.30 o'clock p. m.

The account of T. G. Rutley was referred



N. T. & Q. R. Notes.

Affairs around the tidy station of the N. T. & Q. R. denote that winter is coming. The flowers have been taken in and "embanking" done where necessary.

The head offices have been re-modelled somewhat. Mr Sherwood now has his office a little to the west of his old room. His late desk-room has been thrown into the general office. Other minor improvements have been made, giving the place a pleasing and comfortable appearance.

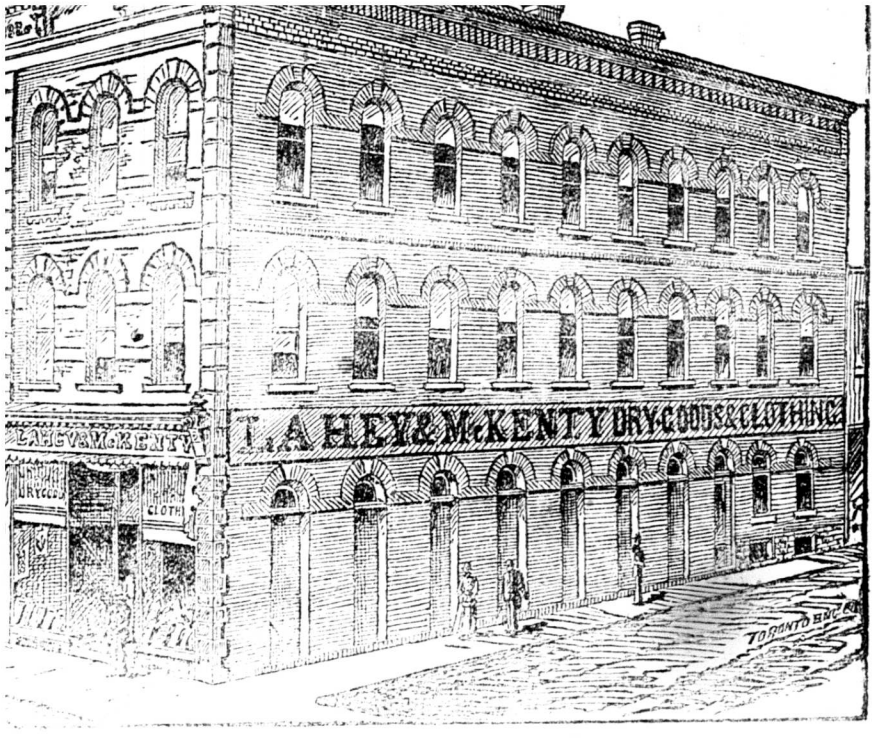
The arbitration between the company and Robt Adair, for his land at Tamworth and damages has been held. Instead of getting the $300 he asked for, Mr Adair receives $75 for about a fifth of an acre of his property and is to be allowed to remove his barn. Each to pay half the costs of arbitration.

For some little time past Messrs W. R. Aylsworth and H. B. Sherwood have been negotiating for the right of way for the Tweed extension. A considerable portion has been purchased. This week they were out there on the same mission.

The company is pushing the work of the extension forward with vigor. Already the road is graded through the farms of Messrs Milligan, Miller and Armstrong, and men are now working on Mr Burns' lot. Tuesday a representative of the Dominion bridge company went out to Tamworth to superintend the construction of the bridge across the Salmon river. It will be an A 1 structure, 67 ft span, of eighteen tons weight, with 'butments of stone.

The Bear Hunt

—The Kingston News gives the following additional particulars regarding the bear hunt at Wilton:—This morning, Mr. O. C. Storms, of Wilton, arrived in the city with the carcas of a black bear, which he and four others killed about four o'clock this morning. The animal is a large one and will weigh near 400 pounds. For some time past it has been annoying the residents around Wilton and fearing it would do some harm, it was decided by Mr. Sweet and Mr. Geo. Babock and others to hunt Bruin. They watched for him all last night and at four o'clock their efforts were rewarded, when by the aid of the lantern they trailed him. A spaniel dog took the lead and the party followed. Babcock carried a lantern and a revolver. Every time he came close to the animal he would fire. Suddenly the bear stopped and Babcock was so close that he run against the brute and quick as lightning the bear was on top. He buried his teeth in Babcock's side, and then in his thigh and leg, lacerating the flesh badly. The rest of the party were afraid to fire for fear of shooting Babcock instead of the bear. The spaniel when he saw Babcock down rushed at the bear and bit so savagely about the hind legs that Bruin was forced to leave his victim alone, and turn his attention to the dog. This gave the rest of the party an opportunity and they soon killed the big fellow. Babcock's injuries though painful will not result fatally. He owes his life to the spaniel, but the poor dog was itself shot



RINNIE BLOCK.

...Since entering their premises the popular [illegible] men have had a number of little additions made to the [illegible] arrangements of the store, and have filled it up with an excellent stock of general goods. As we pointed out at the time we gave an extended description of the block, Messrs Lahey & McKenty have divided their business into departments. Staples, tweeds and gents' furnishings occupy the east side; on the west side are dress goods, silks, fancy goods, corsets, prints, cretonnes, hosiery, gloves, etc. At the rear is the carpet, lace curtain and oil cloth department. Down-stairs is the ready made clothing and hat and cap department, while on the second floor is the dress and mantle making room presided over by Miss Barrett. Another department is that of ordered clothing, to which they are devoting considerable attention. Messrs. Lahey & McKenty have their premises fitted up with the view of expeditiously waiting upon customers, and have increased their business considerably since moving.

...the country. This should not be, for the heavy draft has his place and use, and so has the Percheron and Punch. Let each keep to his own line and not try to produce a cross opposite types in the same animal.

A STOCK LOVER.

Town Council.

The council met in the [illegible] on Monday night. Present the following members in attendance: Mayor [illegible] in the chair, reeve, deputy-reeve, Messrs Bowen, Rowe, Aylsworth, Carson, Fennel, Davis, Madden and Gibbard.

Minutes of former session were read and adopted.

A letter was read from the McMahon Co regarding waterworks and sewers. Filed for reference.

Communications were read from Daniel Henwood and J. Webster, asking to be appointed tax collector.

A letter was read from Omer Killorn, of the Kingston Medical College, asking for bodies of tramps dying in the jail. Filed.

Coun Davis reported pay list for the month of $51.33. Adopted.

The street committee was instructed to build a new sidewalk on the south side of Isabella st, the material in old sidewalk to be utilized, and to continue the sidewalk as far as Mr. Miller's. They were also instructed to fix culvert asked for by Mr. Lloyd some time ago.

Nightwatchman Emberson's report was read and filed.

The question of waterworks was brought up, and after a little discussion the matter was left in the hands of the Fire, Water and Gas Committee.

Coun Gibbard introduced a by-law to amend by-law regarding the tax collector.

It was put through the several stages and finally passed.

Mr. D. Henwood [illegible] appointed tax collector at a salary of $125.

Account from the Dominy Co, for coal, $51.78, was referred to the Fire, Water and Gas Committee; also other from Dr A. Ruttan, $25, for setting leg of man who fell from building, was referred to Finance Committee with power to act; the treasure's vouchers, $52.11, were ordered to be paid, as also Mr. Storms account $5.20, for ticket to Whitby.

On motion Levi Kelly's account of $5, for keeping street clear of cattle, etc, was referred to the Street Committee as his work was not altogether satisfactory. The Committee to have power to act.

Council adjourned until Wednesday night

At the meeting on Wednesday night A. H. Allison was granted a license for two pool tables for the balance of this year, and a short date rate fixed for billiard tables.

The new collector submitted the names of Alex Henry and Jno Wilson as bondsmen, which were accepted, and the clerk instructed to hand him [illegible].

Pra[illegible]

"Lest I [illegible] with [illegible] dock [illegible]

victim alone, and turn his attention to the dog. This gave the rest of the party an opportunity and they soon killed the big fellow. Babcock's injuries though painful will not result fatally. He owes his life to the spaniel, but the poor dog was itself shot by one of the bullets. Mr Storms says that he will endeavor to save the spaniel's life if possible. He was offered twelve dollars for the skin of the bear.

Suit Against Rev S Card

—Our former townsman, Rev. S. Card, is not without his troubles and trials. He is being sued on account of malicious prosecution. A year ago Lucy McKewin, of North Gower, died in Watertown under sad circumstances. Her remains were taken to North Gower for burial, and an action began against an old gentleman named Andrews charged with being the girl's betrayer. Rev. Mr. Card, pastor of the church of which Andrews was a member, began a church investigation. Joel B. Beaman, Merrickville, uncle of the dead girl, who also belonged to Card's church, was found guilty of the offence charged against Andrews, and was expelled. Beaman applied for another trial which was refused, and then Beaman began a suit at law. Messrs. John K. Lavell, Smith's Falls, and Joel B. Beaman, Merrickville, visited Watertown to gather testimony towards proving Beaman's case. It appears that the elder sister of the deceased girl told that a guilty uncle had been supplying her with money, and upon the death of Lucy, she sent a telegram to the uncle to come to Watertown. Beaman came. This evidence was gleaned together with other points. The case was called in court but adjourned until the next Brockville assizes. B. B. Britton, Q.C., has been retained for the prosecution and Mr. J. Jamieson, M. P., brother of our townsman, Mr. T. Jamieson, for the defence.

The A O U W Concert

—The Napanee Workmen have succeeded in securing excellent talent for their concert to take place in the opera house on Friday evening, Nov. 2nd, viz: Miss Annie Fralick of Kingston; Jas. Fax, of Toronto; Miss Burdette, of Belleville, and Mr. and Mrs Bignell, of Guelph. The two first named have been before Napanee audiences and met with much favor, so that it is needless to quote opinions regarding them. Of Miss Burdette, the Toronto Saturday Night says:—"Miss Burdette, of [illegible], made her first appearance in Toronto and speedily won her way into the good graces of the audience. She has a [illegible] contralto voice and fine presence." Mrs Bignell: The Mercury says: "Mrs Bignell was greeted with applause on her appearance. She sang Kerry Dance with [illegible] feeling. Her finely modulated voice appeared to advantage in 'Waiting.'" Admission 35c; no extra charge for reserved seats.

Lapum's Misconduct

—Judge Wilkison presided at the sittings of the Division Court held here on Wednesday. The only case that attracted attention was that of McKay and Lapum, in which John A. McKay sued E. S. Lapum for twenty seven yards of flannel taken from the plaintiff's shop by the defendant. The evidence showed that Lapum knew that he was doing wrong when he took the goods, and the Judge took him to task very severely. In giving judgment against the defendant he said "Mr. Lapum was a guilty party. He admits that he was watching for an opportunity to get McKay absent in order to get the flannel. The whole transaction is discreditable to Mr. Lapum. Lapum [illegible] arrangements which he must have known to be illegal to take the property [illegible] party."

LIKE AND UNLIKE.

By M. E. BRADDON,

AUTHOR OF "LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET," "WYLLARD'S WEIRD," ETC., ETC.

CHAPTER XLIII.—"LET ME BE YOUR SERVANT."

Valentine Belfield did not go to the Great Western Hotel after he left the house in Lisson Grove. He was too deeply agitated to go quietly back to his hotel, and eat a good supper and drink a bottle of wine and go to bed and rest. He knew that sleep was impossible, unless he could bring it about by sheer fatigue, as he had done when he walked from the Abbey to Bideford and had slept the sleep of exhaustion in the bottom of the little sailing boat. His only chance to-night was to walk down the devil of restlessness that was in him; so he turned his face northward and walked to Hampstead, and then struck off towards Finchley and Hendon, and roamed about among fields and lanes all night, and at seven o'clock, breakfasted at a little public-house by the side of a canal, somewhere between Finchley-road and Child's Hill. It was a house chiefly affected by bargemen, and nobody took any particular notice of him, the barmaid merely remarking that in all probabillty he was a swell who had been on the drink last night, and had been walking about to sober himself. He was sober enough this morning evidently, and was proof against all the barmaid's blandishments, though she had taken the trouble to take her hair out of papers before she carried him his breakfast of eggs and bacon and strong tea.

He had eaten nothing yesterday except the dainty little plate of bread and butter supplied by Madge, and he was faint and sick from the unaccustomed fast.

He fell asleep by the fire in the public-house parlour, slept through the entrances and exits of several relays of bargemen, slept amidst the odour of beer and the jingle of pewter pots, dozed on till the afternoon, and then paid his score and went away. He made his way across the fields to the Edgware-road, and thence to Lisson Grove, where he went into a slopseller's shop and bought a complete suit of such clothes as are worn by the lower order of working men—an Oxford shirt, corduroy trousers, fustian jacket, and hob-nailed boots. He changed his clothes on the premises, and reappeared in Lisson Grove in corduroy and fustian, leaving his own things to be kept till called for. The shopman wondered not a little at this transformation.

"It's a lark," answered Mr. Belfield, as he walked out of the shop.

"Well, I must say that I never laid eyes on a less larky looking gent to be up to such a move as that," said the young Israelite, to his fellow shopman, as he put Mr. Belfield's clothes away.

"There's a lady at the bottom of it, I make no doubt, Benjamin," replied the other, dismissing the subject, which remark was more accurate than speculative observations are wont to be.

It was dusk when Mr. Belfield rang the bell at the Folorne Hope. Madge opened the door and did not recognise him, as he stood facing her silently; with his back to the light.

"What do you want, my good man?"

"I want to be your servant, as I told you last night."

Mr. Belfield, why are you still hanging about here?" cried Madge, in an agonized tone. "This is sheer madness.

"I believe it is next door to madness," as window-cleaners. To-night you can take a holiday, but on future evenings we can give you some penmanship to do for us, letters to charitable people who help us. What must we call you, by-the-bye? You have a second Christian name, I think?"

"Yes. I was christened John Valentine but I was always called by the second name, because my mother preferred it."

"Then here we will call you John."

She began to prepare the tea, as she had done on the previous evening, and two of the sisters came in to fetch the trays for their patients. One was an elderly woman, the other a girl of two-and-twenty, a pale gentle-looking creature, with a wistful expression in her large blue eyes.

Madge introduced Valentine to them as Mr. John, a person who in the outside world had been a gentleman, but who offered himself to them as a servant.

"If all the sisters approve, I think we may keep him here and find him very useful," she said. "In the meantime he will stay here for to-night, and he can help you both in carrying round the coal-scuttles after tea."

Sister Agnes, the fair girl, sat down to tea with Madge and Valentine. She had a slightly nervous manner, and spoke rarely but Valentine was interested in her appearance, and inquired her history by-and-bye-when she had gone back to her duties on the upper floor.

"Her's is a sad story. She belongs to very rich people, and three years ago her life was a round of gaiety. She fell in love with an army doctor, and her family were all opposed to the match, and made her break off her engagement. He went to Egypt and was killed in the Soudan. She heard of his death unexpectedly from her partner at a dance, and for six months afterwards she was out of her mind. When she recovered, nothing would induce her to resume her old life of fine clothes and parties, nothing would induce her to hear of another lover. She devotes her life to charitable work, and all the money her father gives her is given to the poor. He is very liberal to her, although he disapproves of her way of life. She spends only one day of every week in this house, but she works for us out of doors, going about the the streets at night, and talking to wretched women whom few girls of her age would have the courage to approach. That fragile looking woman has penetrated the darkest alleys about Clare Market, the most dangerous streets in Ratcliff Highway, where even the police go at the risk of their lives. She has never suffered any harm, has hardly ever been insulted by a coarse word. She has done more good than any other member of our sisterhood, although all have worked well."

"She can take your place when you have gone to the other side of the world, Madge."

Madge shook her head with a sweet, serious look, full of tenderness.

"I shall never leave my work, Mr. Belfield. I have given myself to it as much as if I had taken a vow. I am very sorry for you, I would do much to befriend you or to be of use to you, but I have put my hand to the plough, and I shall never take it away."

Valentine got up and began to pace the room fuming.

chosen to come there, and she had not denied him shelter. She had taken upon herself in some wise the responsibility of his existence, since she had spoken of him to the Sisters; and now she felt that his presence there would be a constant source of anxiety and mental disturbance. She would have to be perpetually on her guard, forever denying a love which was the strongest passion of her life. It had been in her despair at resigning him, that she had gone upon her mission to her mother. All that she had done for others had been the off shoot of her despairing love for him. And now he offered himself to her in honour, and she refused him.

"If I give way to his fancy he will forget all the past, and his repentance will become a mockery," she said to herself. "I cannot stand in the place of his dead wife. I cannot profit by his crime. How could I ever be at peace remembering that it was murder that set him free to be my husband?"

CHAPTER XLIV.—IS THERE NO BALM IN GILEAD?

The Coroner was a portly gentleman of sixty-five, who had fulfilled all the duties of a general practitioner in Chadford and the surrounding villages for upwards of thirty years, and who had retired on a comfortable fortune made partly by his profession, and partly by fortunate investments in modest little branches and loops of the great railway system, which had developed into important lines. He had bought for himself an estate of forty odd acres of excellent pasture land between the Chad and the shoulder of the moor, and he had built for himself one of those essentially Philistine houses, of the streaky bacon order of architecture, which are the delight of men who make their fortunes in country towns. Altogether, Mr. Mapleson was a very worthy person; and when the office of Coroner became vacant his name appeared at the head of the poll. Mr. Mapleson's study was a small square apartment, furnished with red morocco-bound books of reference, a whip rack, and a formidable row of boots, which imparted an odour of Day and Martin to the atmosphere. Into this somewhat prosaic chamber, Monsieur Lenotte, otherwise Markham, the detective, was ushered by the man-of-all-work, *alias* butler, on the morning of the discovery in the Abbey river; and in the briefest phraseology he told what had happened, and his own conclusions therefrom.

"You think it is a case of murder," said Mr. Mapleson, biting the end of his pen.

"It can be nothing else. There is a carpet rolled round the body, and fastened with a silk handkerchief. Nothing has been touched since the remains were lifted out of the water; the colours in the carpet are distinguishable, and the string of silk round it is evidently a large neck handkerchief. There can be very little doubt that the body was thrown into the water after death."

The remains are not in a condition to be identified, I conclude."

"No. Time and the river have done their work of destruction only too well. There may be only means of identification, rings and trinkets of some kind. The remains have not been touched more than was absolutely necessary in carrying them from the river to the dead-house, where they are waiting for the medical examination."

"And you are in a position to affirm that this is the body of Mrs. Belfield?"

"I am in a position to affirm as much, and I hope to be able to prove by circumstantial evidence that her husband murdered her, and threw her dead body into the river between midnight and morning on the 19th of August. But I will not trouble you with any further details. The inquest, which

"I want to be your servant, as I told you last night."

Mr. Belfield, why are you still hanging about here?" cried Madge, in an agonized tone. "This is sheer madness.

"I believe it is next door to madness," answered Valentine following her into the parlour, "but it is madness that only you can cure. There's no use in my going abroad Madge, without you. I should only carry my guilty conscience and my misery with me, go where I might—Africa, Asia, the North Pole—it would be all the same to me. There is no place so strange, no life so wild and full of danger, excitement, occupation, that would make me forget, so long as I were alone. You have the power to comfort me. You have the power to lay the ghost that haunts me. You alone can tell me that I have repented and have expiated my sin. You have the faith that moves mountains, and by your faith I may be saved. Leave me to myself and I shall perish invitably. There is no help, no cure, but through you."

"You are mad," she said. "Yes., it is all madness. I have a good work to do here and I cannot leave it."

"Let me stay here then, and work for you. That is what I have come for; to be your drudge, your slave; to be what Caliban was to Prospero. I am dressed for the part, you see. You will find how handy I can make myself, cleaning windows and scrubbing flag-stones, doing work that you and the sisters cannot do, with all your willingness to toil. And in bad cases, when a patient wants watching at night, I can do my part as a watch-dog. You don't know what I can be under your transforming power. Madge, I have no friend in the world but you."

"You have your mother, a nearer and dearer friend."

"No. To my mother my life has been a lie. She only is my friend who knows my sin and my repentance. Let me stay here, Madge, and when I leave the country, go with me as my guardian-angel and my wife. Test the truth of my repentance, if you will, before you trust me. See how changed a creature I have become. How all that is vilest in my nature has been purged out of it by the horrer of my secret sin. Test me to the uttermost as your servant, before you accept me as your husband."

Madge began to waver. He who was pleading to her knew not how urgently her own heart was pleading for him, how fondly she loved him even in his degradation, stained with the shedding of blood.

"I believe it would be for your own safety to leave England instantly," she said. "There is no knowing when danger may arise, but if you are bent upon staying in this house and helping us in our work, I will talk to the sisters and see what can be done. Our fortnightly committee meeting will be held to-morrow afternoon, and most of the sisters will be here. If they consent to your being employed here—as a servant—I have no objection. There is a little room on this floor at the end of the passage, which you might have as a bedroom. It is small and rather dark, but it is dry and well ventilated."

"Give me any den, any cell," said Valentine. "Do you think I care how I am lodged. I want to be near you, Madge. I wantto feel the support of your presence. That is all I ask.'

"You must not call me Madge here. I am Sister Margaret."

"You shall be Sister Margaret, until you are wife Margaret. And now order me about, let me begin my slavery. Give me any work there is to be done."

"I don't think there is anything you can do to-night, but you shall clean all the windows to-morrow, if you like. Our windows have always been an affliction to me. We have done our best, but women are not good you, I would do much to befriend you or to be of use to you, but I have put my hand to the plough, and I shall never take it away."

Valentine got up and began to pace the room. fuming.

"It is madness," he exclaimed; "a woman's craze. Only a woman would ever think of such a thing. Are there not hospitals for sick women?"

"There are hospitals for disease, but there are no hospitals for the weak and ailing, there are very few refuges for fainting sinners. There are plenty of orphanages for the spotless children, but there are few havens for the girls lost in the dawn of girlhood. Christ loved the innocent children and called them to his knees; but he had inexhaustible pity for the fallen women."

"So be it. You have set the ball rolling. You have begun the work. Others can carry it on."

"I will not leave it to others.

"You can continue your good work in the Antipodes. You will find sin in the new world as well as in the old. There is no colony so recently founded that Satan has not helped to people it. Come, Madge, be reasonable. Three years ago you spurned me because I dared to approach you as a seducer. You did well, and I deserved your contempt. Now I come to you in all honour; I offer you all I have to give—my name, my life, my fortune, such as it is. I am to inherit all my mother's property, and I shall not be a poor man. I come to you with a blemished life, stained with one hour of darkest sin. But I am not altogether vile. I have repented that fatal hour in the long agony of months. I shall repent it all my life. Only you can make that life tolerable; only you can heal my wounds. Be my wife, Madge; take me with all my sins."

She held out her hand to him as he stopped in his pacing to and fro, and they remained for some moments silent, with clasped hands, he looking down at her, his eyes kindling as he looked; she was very pale and her lips slightly tremulous.

"You love me, Madge," he said breathlessly; "you can forget all for my sake."

"I am very sorry for you," she answered softly, "but I have done with individual love. I have given my heart and life to my sorrowing sisters."

"It is a craze, Madge; I say again it is a craze."

"You have not seen the good done—you have not seen the altered faces. There are women now in happy honest homes whom we have picked up out of the gutter. If you were to see one young wife I know of, with her husband and her baby, you would not believe there had ever been a stain on her life. He took her, knowing what her past had been, and he has cherished her as a pearl of price. These are rare cases; but they are bright spots which cheer us and help us onward through many a dark night."

"Well, you are resolute, I suppose. You will go on helping strangers, and you will abandon me to my fate."

"I do not abandor you. I will do anything in my power to help you, short of sacrificing duty for your sake. I think you are very unwise to loiter here when you ought to be getting far away from England, losing your indentity in a strange world. Your wife's relations will not be satisfied for ever without certain knowledge of her fate. An investigation may be set on foot at any moment, and the truth may be brought to light. You should be out of the way before that can happen."

"I tell you I do not value my life unless you will share it. I would rather stay here and clear windows, than riot in luxury at the Antipodes."

Madge answered nothing. She felt the hopelessness of the situation. He had and I hope to be able to prove by circumstantial evidence that her husband murdered her, and threw her dead body into the river between midnight and morning on the 19th of August. But I will not trouble you with any further details. The inquest, which you are to hold to-morrow, will, I hope, be adjourned so as to give time for investigation. All I have done hitherto has been done in the dark. Many more details will doubtless come to light when the fact of the murder has been made public."

"Poor Lady Belfield," sighed the Coroner. "Do you know that I had the honour of attending the family at the Abbey for thirty years. I remember the present Lady Belfield when her husband brought her home as a bride. She was a lovely woman then. She is a lovely woman now, lovely in mind as well as in person. This business will break her heart."

"I fear it will go hard with her."

"She adores her younger son. I have seen her agony when he has been laid up with some childish ailment. All her world was in that sick bed. And to see him accused of murder! Mr. Markham, if you are deluded, if you have not ample justification for the course you are taking, you will be much to blame."

"My justification will be shown at the inquest. There must be an inquest."

"Yes, that is inevitable. I wish, with all my heart, Mr. Markham, you had never had that river dragged."

"Then you would have had an undetected murderer in your midst."

"Better that perhaps, than that a good woman's heart should be broken."

It was a quality of Lady Belfield's character to evoke strong sympathy from all who were brought in familiar contact with her.

Mr. Melnotte had a fly waiting for him at the Coroner's door, and drove straight to the nearest magistrate, from whom, after an interview of some length, he obtained a warrant for the arrest of Valentine Belfield on a suspicion of murder. With the county magistrate, as with the coroner, Melnotte found that sympathy with Lady Belfield was stronger than the abstract love of justice. He only just succeeded in getting the warrant signed in time for him to catch the next train for Exeter.

He was at Paddington at dusk, and went at once to the Great Western Hotel, where he enquired for Mr. Belfield

Nothing had been seen of that gentleman except his luggage. That had been brought by a Great Western porter two evenings before, with an intimation that Mr. Belfield was coming on to the hotel soon after; but nothing more had been heard of him. Three large portmanteaux, a gun case, a roll of rugs and coats, and a hat-box, marked V. B., were stacked in the hall, pending the arrival of the owner.

"Does Mr. Belfield usually stay here when he comes to town?" asked the detective.

"Yes, for a night or two at a time. He is one of our old customers," replied the manager.

Mr. Melnotte was at fault. That Valentine Belfield should have brought all that luggage to London and then left England without it, seemed unlikely. No purpose could have been served by bringing the luggage unless for his use. To bring it to London and abandon it at an hotel, could in no manner assist him in his flight, or tend to the mystification of his pursuers. The only explanation seemed that he had left his property at the hotel while he remained in a state of uncertainty as to his future course. He might be knocking about London, hesitating as to whither he should bend his steps.

That he was in hiding anywhere was unlikely, since he could as yet have no more cause for fear than he had had at any time since the commission of his crime. Arguing

with himself thus, Mr. Melnotte supposed that he would have very little difficulty in putting his hand upon the missing man. He went straight from the Great Western to Scotland Yard, secured an assistant official, engaged a hansom by the hour, and started upon his quest.

"London is a big place, Redway," he said, "but the big London is only an aggregate of little Londons. Each man has his own peculiar metropolis, which is generally no bigger than a moderate-sized country town. Now I take it that Mr. Belfield's London is bounded on the West by Tattersall's, and on the East by the Criterion, on the South by Pall Mall, and by Oxford-street on the North. If we don't find him within those limits we must look for him at Liverpool, Southampton, or Plymouth,"

This was on the way to the Badminton, where Mr. Melnotte alighted and interviewed the porter. Mr. Belfield has not been seem there for six months.

"Not since Lord St. Austell's 'oss Postcard, lost the Great Ebor," said the porter, who dated most events by the Racing Calendar.

From the Badminton, Melnotte drove to the Argus, hard by.

Here again Mr. Belfield had not been seen for months.

Melnotte drove westward, and contrived to see one of the men at Tattersall's, though the yard was shut.

No tidings of Mr. Belfield.

"That'll do for to-night, Redway," said Melnotte, considerable disconcerted. I'll drive you back to the Yard, andthen I'll go and dine and turn in for the night. If Mr. Belfield had been knocking about town in an open, easy-going manner, I believve I should have heard of him at one of those places. So I am disposed to think he has taken the alarm and is trying to get out of the country, I hardly think he can have got clear off yet, but I shall set the wires at work again before I eat my chop.

Mr. Melnotte did set the wires at work to a considerable extent, just before the closing of the chief telegraph office. He telegraphed to all the ports from which a man seeking to escape from justice was likely to attempt a start, and took measures to secure attention for the fugitive.

He was up and about by times next morning, saw Mr. Belfield's tailor, took a stroll and an early cigar in the neighbourhood of Hyde Park Corner, hung about Tattersall's for an hour, looked in at a famous spurrier's in Piccadilly and a fashionable maker of hunting boots in Bond-street, and before eleven o'clock had satisfied himself that Mr. Belfield had not been seen at the West End of London since the previous summer.

The question to be solved was what had become of Mr. Belfield after he arrived at Paddington.

. . . . . .

In such a town as Chadford, the finding of a body in the Abbey river and the notice of an impending inquest at the Ring of Bells tavern in Little George-street, were not likely to remain unknown to the inhabitants. Before Mr. Melnotte had gone far upon his journey to London, everybody in Chadford knew that a body was lying in the dead-house, and that an inquest was to be held upon the following afternoon.

Melnotte had imposed silence upon the men who dragged the river, and yet it was known somehow that there were appearances about the body that pointed to foul play rather than accidental drowning, while there were those who declared that the murdered corpse was that of the missing Mrs. Belfield.

Mr. Rockstone was one of the first to hear of the event which everybody in Chadford was talking about. He came out of the house of a sick parishioner, where all was

is of your mother I have been thinking, Adrian, since I heard of this discovery. How will it affect her?"

"How can it affect her? I cannot see——" Adrian began helplessly.

"If it is found that there has been foul play."

"Why foul play? Should this body be identified as that of Mrs Belfield, the inference will be that she drowned herself."

"The people in Cladford are talking of something more terrible than that. There is a rumour that circumstances point to the idea of murder. Adrian, I must speak plainly," said the Vicar, with undisguised grief. "Suspicion points to your brother as the murderer. It is of your mother I think. What can you or I do to help her to bear the blow?"

"Nothing, I fear. She adores Valentine. If any evil befall him, it will kill her."

"You will do all you can to keep idle rumours from her, and yet to prepare her for anything that may happen to-morrow. Where is your brother?"

"In London, I believe."

"You do not even know his whereabouts?"

"No. He left here with the idea of going abroad—perhaps to Africa, or South America. It was not his own fancy. My mother and I were anxious about his health and spirits, and urged him to travel. He has not written to me since he left."

"That is unlucky. He ought to be here, to face any difficulty that may arise to-morrow."

Adrian was silent. To him, who knew all, the one hope was that his brother might have left the country for ever.

Well, my dear Adrian," said the Vicar quietly, "we must wait and see what to-morrow may bring forth. I think you know that you may count upon me to do anything that lies within the compass of my will or my strength. Would to God I could see my way to being useful to you and your dear mother I shrink from asking you questions, because I feel I am on delicate ground; but if—if you knew anything that could assure me of the falsehood of these rumours—if, for instance, you had heard of your sister-in-law since her supposed elopement——"

"I have heard nothing of her. It is better that I should answer no questions till to-morrow. I suppose I shall be called at the inquest?"

"I conclude so—if there is sufficient ground for identifying the body with your sister-in-law."

"Then I will keep my own counsel till I am before the Coroner."

Mr. Rockstone left Sir Adrian soon after this, somewhat mystified by his calmness.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

OVERBOARD IN THE RAPIDS.

Charles A. Percy Goes Through The Niagara Whirlpool.

Charles A. Percy came very near making a failure the other afternoon of his trip from the Maid of the Mist landing to Toronto by way of the whirlpool and the Niagara rapids. Percy got only as far Lewiston, and had an unexpected experience which nearly cost him his life. At 4.15 George Cheshire, H. G. Richardson, and William Lahey shoved the boat out into the river. It contained 800 pounds of ballast, and a 70 pound iron weight was used as a drag. Percy rowed to the centre of the stream, and at 4:20 fastened his oars and crawled into a hammock in the rear compartment of the boat. At 4:26 the craft passed under the cantilever and railway suspension bridges, going very rapidly and turning around in the eddies in a dizzy way. A few seconds later it struck the first great wave of the rapids. A cry of horror went up from the spectators on the lower bank when the craft spun

AS YOU LIKE IT.

HOMELY COUNSEL.

It isn't worth while to fret, dear,
To walk as behind a hearse;
No matter how vexing things may be,
They easily might be worse;
And the time you spend complaining
And groaning about the load,
Would better be given to going on
And pressing along the road.

I've trodden the hill myself, dear;
'Tis the tripping tongue can preach;
But though silence is sometimes golden,
child,
As oft there is grace in speech.
And I see from my higher level,
'Tis less the path than the pace
That wearies the back and dims the eye
And writes the lines on the face.

There are vexing cares enough, dear;
And to spare, when all is told;
And love must mourn its losses,
And the cheek's soft bloom grow old;
But the spell of the craven spirit
Turns blessing into curse,
While the bold heart meets the trouble
That easily might be worse.

So smile at each disaster
That will presently pass away,
And believe a bright to-morrow
Will follow the dark to-day.
There's nothing gained by fretting;
Gather your strength anew,
And step by step go onward, dear,
Let the skies be grey or blue,

Margaret E. Sangster.

WHEN JIM WAS DEAD.

When Jim was dead,
"Hit sarved him right," the nabors sed,
An' 'bused him fer the life he'd led,
An' him a-lying thar at rest
With not a rose upon his breast!
Ah! menny cruel words they sed
When Jim was dead.

"Jes' killed hisself," "Too mean ter live,"
They didn't hav' one word ter give
Of comfort as they hovered near
An' gazed on Jim a-lying there!
"Thar ain't no use ter talk," they said,
"He's better dead!"

But suddenly the room growed still,
While God's white sunshine seemed ter fill
The dark place with a gleam of life,
An' o'er the dead she bent—Jim's wife!
An' with her lips close—close to his,
As tho' he knew an' felt the kiss,
She sobbed—a touchin' sight ter see—
"Ah! Jim was always good ter me!"

I tell you when that cum to light
It kinder set the dead man right;
An' round the weepin' woman they
Throwed kindly arms of love that day,
And mingled with her own they shed
The tenderest tears—when Jim was dead.

—When you get into a sewing room in a tailoring concern you are apt to find that all the fellers are women.

Philadelphia girl (at the sea shore)—Do you ever find bottles which tell of wrecks? Native— Yes mum, often—empty ones.

A carrier pigeon loft has been established at the United States training station, Newport. The birds are to be used in the naval service.

Mr. Parnell has for years been spending much time and money in seeking for gold on his Avondale estate, with no very promising results yet.

The Prince of Wales intends to join the

murdered corpse was that of the missing Mrs. Belfield.

Mr. Rockstone was one of the first to hear of the event which everybody in Chadford was talking about. He came out of the house of a sick parishioner, where all was quiet and shadow, into the bright winter sunlight, to find a group of townspeople standing in front of the sadler's shop in earnest conversation. From them he heard what had been found in the Abbey river.

His heart turned to lead as he listened. His mind had not been free from anxiety about Valentine's wife. He had been too delicate to question Lady Belfield or her sons, but he had wondered at the prevailing ignorance about the runaway wife's fate. When a woman elopes with a lover, there are generally those who know where she has gone, and who report and criticise her movements; but in this case no one had heard of the fugitive, no one knew where she was hiding her dishonoured existence. And now this finding of the corpse in the river pointed at fearful issues—at the best, suicide; at the worst, murder. He thought of Lady Belfield's agony when the talk of the town should reach her; and it must reach her very soon. In twenty-four hours every fact connected with the disfigured remains yonder must be brought to light, published to the world, discussed and commented upon in a tavern parlour. Friendship and love would be powerless to keep that horror from her, powerless even to blunt the edge of that anguish.

There was a fly crawling down the High-street on its return from the station. The Vicar jumped into it and told the man to drive to the Abbey at his sharpest pace. He wanted to find Sir Adrian before anything was known there. Andrew ushered him into the library, where Adrian was sitting at his desk surrounded with books and papers. He looked ill and careworn, the Vicar thought, but had too calm an air to have heard the evil news.

"My dear Rockstone, this is good of you," exclaimed Adrian, starting up and wheeling a comfortable arm chair towards the hearth, for his friend, and then seating himself opposite him. "It is an age since you have dropped in upon me so early. Tell me all your parish news, and your parish wants, if you have any."

"I cannot talk about the parish to-day. I have come to tell you of something terrible which has come to pass, and which may concern you and yours very nearly."

Adrian's face blanched to a ghastly pallor, and the hand clasping the arm of his chair trembled perceptibly.

"My God!" he gasped, "what is it?"

"A body has been found in the Abbey river—an hour ago."

"How found? Who found it?"

"The river was dragged this morning, I believe, at the instigation of Colonel Deverill's friend, Mr. Melnotte, who dropped his watch out of a boat a day or two ago, and wanted to have it found. A corpse has been found in the deep pool, near the cypress walk, and there is to be an inquest to-morrow.'

It was some moments before Adrian spoke, and then he asked quietly—

"Has the body been identified?"

"No, it is past all recognition, except by circumstantial evidence; but there is a rumour in Chadford, how arising I know not, that it is the body of your sister-in-law."

Again Adrian was silent. He would have given worlds to be able to speak freely, to confess all the hideous truth to this one staunch friend; but loyalty to his brother restrained him.

"My sister-in-law's fate is wrapped in darkness," he said, after a very long pause. "I do not understand why anyone should connect her with this drowned corpse."

"The reasons for such a suspicion will come to light at the inquest, I suppose. It

cantilever and railway suspension bridges, going very rapidly and turning around in the eddies in a dizzy way. A few seconds later it struck the first great wave of the rapids. A cry of horror went up from the spectators on the lower bank when the craft spun around the waves and continued submerged. When it came to the surface it floated keel uppermost for quite a distance. After a terrible tossing, which lasted four minutes, the boat was tossed into the big maelstrom and floated easily around. The water was several feet lower than usual, and the boat grazed the rocks dangerously near, threatening every second to dash it to pieces, and end Percy's career.

The craft eddied in the whirlpool until 6.30, and then Dan Elsheimer and William Adams got it in comparatively still water, and towed it around the point into a current that would carry it to the Devil's Rapids. They narrowly escaped going along. Percy's boat grazed rock after rock, and was capsized repeatedly. He had gone but a little distance when the manhole cover was dashed to pieces by coming in contact with a rock, and the air chamber filled with water. Percy crawled out and clung to the craft for dear life. When near the Devil's Hole he became partly exhausted, and could no longer hold on, as the waves throw the boat about. Then he let go of the boat, and swam three miles further down stream, where at 7 30 that night Fisherman John Gillett picked him up more dead than alive. He was rowed rapidly to Waggoner's Hotel at Lewiston, and was with difficulty revived. When able to speak he told the story of his battle for life. In the upper rapids he was terribly tossed about, but the lower ones, he said, were still more terrible. Most of the trip was made in the dark.

"I seemed to be in a grave of foam," said Percy, "and I can't tell how I escaped with my life. It would have been bad enough if my boat had not been wrecked in the breakers, but that swim in the dark was terrible."

Soon afterward Percy said to a correspondent:

"I made this trip for the purpose of advertising my boat. I thought it would carry me through safely. I didn't expect it to show that the rapids were not dangerous, because I knew they were, but I had no notion that they were so bad as they are. The waves just knock you around until they almost pound the breath out of you, and then drop you into a watery well filled with a suffocating spray. I thanked God when I got to fairly clear water and the fisherman reached me when I was hardly able to swim another stroke. The water was low, and its a wonder I didn't get dashed to death on the rocks. I can't tell you the trip in detail, for I was so busy trying to help myself that I couldn't think of much else."

No bones are broken, but Percy's body is badly racked. His boat was lost, and will hardly be recovered.

An important engineering enterprise now in progress is a railroad in the Artic circle The Swedish and Norwegion railroad now building from Lulea, on the Gulf of Bothnia, to Loffoden, on the North Sea, is partly situated within the Artic circle, and is some 1,200 miles further north than any other railroad in Canada. An interesting meteorological fact stated in relation to this work is that the snowfall is found to be actually less than in some more southern latitudes, while the darkness of the long winter nights has been partly compensated by the light of the aurora. The object in view in constructing this line is to tap the enormous deposits of iron ore in the Gellivara Mountains, the approximate exhaustion of the ore in the Bilbao district rendering very desirable a new field of non-phosphoric ore suitable for steel rail making.

Mr. Parnell has for years been spending much time and money in seeking for gold on his Avondale estate, with no very promising results yet.

The Prince of Wales intends to join the Oddfellows, and will probably be initated into one of the Norwich lodges before the end of the year.

The owner of a Saratogahotel pulled through the season by borrowing $20,000 from his table waiters. Next year they will probably own the house.

—The head waiter at a certain summer hotel was named Topp, and the guests noticed that if they wished to have tip-top dinner they had to tip Topp.

The young Emperor of China is to be married on the twenty-fourth day of the first moon in 1889, and the event will cost the national treasury $2,500,000.

A new dinner-table wrinkle is a dish of dark-colored jelly, in the centre of which is an electric light. The effect of its sudden illumination is said to be magnificent.

A Spanish astronomer has ascertained that there is snow on the moon the same as on the earth. It makes one feel better to know the man in the moon is obliged to shovel off his sidewalks the same as any ordinary mortal.

"The immovable boy" is the latest English device to attract notice to a shop. He stands outside the door without moving a muscle, winking or smiling. He is so noticeable by his impassiveness that one naturally inspects everything that he wears.

General Gordon's Fate.

The fate of General Gordon created an unpleasant sensation all over the world, there having been a prevalent impression that the Gladstone Ministry had been very reluctant to send to his relief. It will be interesting to note that a letter in the *St. James' Gazette* shows from the published memoirs of Mr. Forster that "Forster constantly urged the Ministry to fulfil the responsibilities they had incurred in the case of Gordon, and the resolve, tardily taken, to send the relief expedition to Khartoum, was 'largely due to the persistency with which Forster pressed them on the question.' In one of his urgent appeals against further delay he said, 'I believe everyone but the Prime Minister is already convinced of Gordon's danger, and I attribute his not being convinced to his wonderful power of persuasion. He can persuade most people of most things, and, above all, he can persuade himself of almost anything. When the expedition under Lord Wolseley at length started no one followed its advance with more anxiety than Mr. Forster, and when the fatal tidings came of the fall of Khartoum and the death of Gordon the blow fell on him 'with all the weight of a great personal affliction.' 'I can think of nothing but Gordon and the Soudan,' he notes in his diary the day after he first heard the sad news."

Nothing Like It.

"Ah, my young friend," said the eminent prohibitionist, "what can be more delicious than clear, cold water in the early morning, fresh from the old oaken bucket? It makes life worth living?"

"Yes," responded the young man, "water is a good thing. Are you in the milk business, sir?"

King Otto of Bavaria is sinking fast, his fits of insanity having become much more frequent.

Descriptive. He—"Who is that pretty girl over there?' She—"Jessie Jones." "And who is she?" "My most intimate enemy."

"ROUGHING IT IN THE BUSH."

Moodie shook hands with the old hunter, and assured him that we should always be glad to see him. After this invitation, Brian became a frequent guest. He would sit and listen with delight to Moodie while he described to him elephant-hunting at the Cape; grasping his rifle in a determined manner, and whistling an encouraging air to his dogs. I asked him one evening what made him so fond of hunting.

"'Tis the excitement," he said; "it drowns thought, and I love to be alone. I am sorry for the creatures, too, for they are free and happy; yet I am led by an instinct I cannot restrain to kill them. Sometimes the sight of their dying agonies recalls painful feelings; and then I lay aside the gun, and do not hunt for days. But 'tis fine to be alone with God in the great woods—to watch the sunbeams stealing through the thick branches, the blue sky breaking in upon you in patches, and to know that all is bright and shiny above you, in spite of the gloom that surrounds you."

After a long pause, he continued, with much solemn feeling in his look and tone,

"I lived a life of folly for years, for I was respectably born and educated, and had seen something of the world, perhaps more than was good, before I left home for the woods; and from the teaching I had received from kind relatives and parents I should have known how to have conducted myself better. But, madam, if we associate long with the depraved and ignorant, we learn to become even worse than they. I felt deeply my degradation—felt that I had become the slave to low vice; and in order to emancipate myself from the hateful tyranny of evil passions, I did a very rash and foolish thing. I need not mention the manner in which I transgressed God's holy laws; all the neighbours know it, and must have told you long ago. I could have borne reproof, but they turned my sorrow into indecent jests, and, unable to bear their coarse ridicule, I made companions of my dogs and gun, and went forth into the wilderness. Hunting became a habit. I could no longer live without it, and it supplies the stimulant which I lost when I renounced the cursed whisky bottle.

"I remember the first hunting excursion I took alone in the forest. How sad and gloomy I felt! I thought that there was no creature in the world so miserable as myself. I was tired and hungry, and I sat down upon a fallen tree to rest. All was still as death around me, and I was fast sinking to sleep, when my attention was aroused by a long, wild cry. My dog, for I had not Chance then, and he's no hunter, pricked up his ears, but instead of answering with a bark of defiance, he crouched down, trembling, at my feet. "What does this mean?" I cried, and I cocked my rifle and sprang upon the log. The sound came nearer upon the wind. It was like the deep baying of a pack of hounds in full cry. Presently a noble deer rushed past. Presently a his trail—I see them now, like so many black devils—swept by a pack of ten or fifteen large, fierce wolves, with fiery eyes and bristling hair, and paws that seemed hardly to touch the ground in their eager haste. I thought not of danger, for, with their prey in view, I was safe; but I felt every nerve within me tremble for the fate of the poor deer. The wolves gained upon him at every bound. A close thicket intercepted his path, and, rendered desperate, he turned at bay. His nostrils were dilated, and his eyes seemed to send forth long streams of light. It was wonderful to

term frosty, thus connected with the genial season of the year; the term is perfectly correct when applied to the Canadian spring, which, until the middle of May, is the most dismal season in the year)—he and John Monaghan took a rope, and the dog, and sallied forth to fetch the cow home. Moodie said that they should be back by six o'clock in the evening, and charged me to have something cooked for supper when they returned, as he doubted not their long walk in the sharp air would give them a good appetite. This was during the time that I was without a servant, and living in old Mrs. ——'s shanty.

The day was so bright and clear, and Katie was so full of frolic and play, rolling upon the floor, or toddling from chair to chair, that the day passed on without my feeling remarkably lonely. At length the evening drew nigh, and I began to expect my husband's return, and to think of the supper that I was to prepare for his reception. The red heifer that we had bought of Layton came lowing to the door to be milked; but I did not know how to milk in those days, and, besides this, I was terribly afraid of cattle. Yet, as I knew that milk would be required for the tea, I ran across the meadow to Mrs. Joe, and begged that one of her girls would be so kind as to milk for for me. My request was greeted with a rude burst of laughter from the whole set.

"If you can't milk," said Mrs. Joe, "its high time you should learn. My girls are above being helps."

"I would not ask you but as a great favour; I am afraid of cows."

"*Afraid of cows!* Lord bless the woman! A farmer's wife and afraid of cows!"

Here followed another laugh at my expense; and, indignant at the refusal of my first and last request, when they had all borrowed so much from me, I shut the inhospitable door, and returned home.

After many ineffectual attempts, I succeeded at last, and bore my half-pail of milk in triumph to the house. Yes! I felt prouder of that milk than many an author of the best thing he ever wrote, whether in verse or prose; and it was doubly sweet when I considered that I had procured it without being under any obligation to my ill-natured neighbours. I had learned a useful lesson of independence, to which in after-years I had often again to refer. I fed little Katie and put her to bed, made the hot cakes for tea, boiled the potatoes, and laid the ham, cut in nice slices, in the pan, ready to cook the moment I saw the men enter the meadow, and arranged the little room with scrupulous care and neatness. A glorious fire was blazing on the hearth, and everything was ready for their supper; and I began to look out anxiously for their arrival.

The night had closed in cold and foggy, and I could no longer distinguish any object at more than a few yards from the door. Bringing in as much wood as I thought would last me for several hours, I closed the door; and for the first time in my life I found myself at night in a house entirely alone. Then I began to ask myself a thousand torturing questions as to the reason of their unusual absence. Had they lost their way in the woods? Could they have fallen in with wolves (one of my early bugbears)? Could any fatal accident have befallen them? I started up, opened the door, held my breath, and listened. The little brook lifted up its voice in loud, hoarse wailing, or mocked, in its babbling to the stones, the sound of human voices. As it became

head, and drank a deep draught of its icy waters. On returning to the house, I met near the door, old Brian the hunter, with a large fox dangling across his shoulder, and the dogs following at his heels.

"Why! Mrs. Moodie, what is the matter? You are early abroad this morning, and look dreadful ill. Is anything wrong at home? Is the baby or your husband sick?"

"Oh!" I cried, bursting into tears, "I fear he is killed by the wolves."

The man stared at me, as if he doubted the evidence of his senses, and well he might; but this one idea had taken such strong possession of my mind that I could admit no other. I then told him, as well as I could find words, the cause of my alarm, to which he listened very quietly and patiently.

"Set your heart at rest; your husband is safe. It is a long journey on foot to Mollineux, to one unacquainted with a blazed path in a bush road. They have staid all night at the black man's shanty, and you will see them back at noon."

I shook my head, and continued to weep.

"Well, now, in order to satisfy you, I will saddle my mare, and ride over to the nigger's, and bring you word as fast as I can."

I thanked him sincerely for his kindness, and returned, in somewhat better spirits, to the house. At ten o'clock my good messenger returned with the glad tidings that all was well.

The day before, when half the journey had been accomplished, John Monaghan let go the rope by which he led the cow, and she had broken away through the woods, and returned to her old master; and when they again reached his place, night had set in, and they were obliged to wait until the return of day. Moodie laughed heartily at all my fears; but indeed I found them no joke.

Brian's eldest son, a lad of fourteen, was not exactly an idiot, but what, in the old country, is very expressively termed by the poor people a "natural." He could feed and assist himself, had been taught imperfectly to read and write, and could go to and from the town on errands, and carry a message from one farm house to another; but he was a strange, wayward creature, and evidently inherited, in no small degree, his father's malady.

During the summer months he lived entirely in the woods, near his father's dwelling, only returning to obtain food, which was generally left for him in an outhouse. In the winter, driven home by the severity of the weather, he would sit for days together moping in the chimney-corner, without taking the least notice of what was passing around him. Brian never mentioned this boy—who had a strong, active figure, a handsome, but very inexpressive face—without a deep sigh; and I feel certain that half his own dejection was occasioned by the mental aberration of his child.

One day he sent the lad with a note to our house, to know if Moodie would purchase the half of an ox that he was going to kill. There happened to stand in the corner of the room an open wood box, into which several bushels of fine apples had been thrown; and, while Moodie was writing an answer to the note, the eyes of the idiot were fastened, as if by some magnetic influence, upon the apples. Knowing that Brian had a very fine orchard, I did not offer the boy any of the fruit. When the note was finished, I handed it to him. The lad grasped it mechanically, without removing his fixed gaze from the apples.

"Give that to your father, Tom."

The boy answered not—his ears, his eyes, his whole soul, were concentrated in the apples. Ten minutes elapsed, but he stood motionless, like a pointer at a dead set.

cepted his path, and, rendered desperate, he turned at bay. His nostrils were dilated, and his eyes seemed to send forth long streams of light. It was wonderful to witness the courage of the beast. How bravely he repelled the attacks of his deadly enemies, how gallantly he tossed them to the right and left, and spurned them from beneath his hoofs; yet all his struggles were useless, and he was quickly overcome and torn to pieces by his ravenous foes. At that moment he seemed more unfortunate even than myself, for I could not see in what manner he had deserved his fate. All this speed and energy, his courage and fortitude, had been exerted in vain. I had tried to destroy myself; but he, with every effort vigorously made for self-preservation, was doomed to meet the fate he dreaded! Is God just to his creatures?"

With this sentence on his lips, he started abruptly from his seat and left the house.

One day he found me painting some wild flowers, and was greatly interested in watching the progress I made in the group. Late in the afternoon of the following day he brought me a large bunch of splendid spring flowers.

"Draw these," said he; "I have been all the way to the ——— lake plains to find them for you."

Little Katie grasping them one by one, with infantile joy, kissed every blossom.

"These are God's pictures," said the hunter, "and the child, who is all nature, understands them in a minute. Is it not strange that these beautiful things are hid away in the wilderness, where no eyes but the birds of the air, and the wild beasts of the wood, and the insects that live upon them, ever see them? Does God provide, for the pleasure of such creatures, these flowers? Is His benevolence satisfied by the admiration of animals whom we have been taught to consider as having neither thought nor reflection? When I am alone in the forest, these thoughts puzzle me."

Knowing that to argue with Brian was only to call into action the slumbering fires of his fatal malady, I turned the conversation by asking him why he called his favorite dog Chance?

"I found him," he said, "forty miles back in the bush. He was a mere skeleton. At first I took him for a wolf, but the shape of his head undeceived me. I opened my wallet, and called him to me. He came slowly, stopping and wagging his tail at every step, and looking me wistfully in the face. I offered him a bit of dried venison, and he soon became friendly, and followed me home, and has never left me since. I called him Chance, after the manner I happened with him; and I would not part with him for twenty dollars."

Alas, for poor Chance! he had, unknown to his master, contracted a private liking for fresh mutton, and one night he killed no less than eight sheep that belonged to Mr. D———, on the front road; the culprit, who had been long suspected, was caught in the very act, and this *mischance* cost him his life. Brian was sad and gloomy for many weeks after his favorite's death.

"I would have restored the sheep fourfold," he said, "if he would but have spared the life of my dog."

My recollections of Brian seem more particularly to concentrate in the adventures of one night, when I happened to be left alone, for the first time since my arrival in Canada. I cannot now imagine how I could have been such a fool as to give way for four and-twenty hours to such childish fears; but so it was, and I will not disguise my weakness from my indulgent reader.

Moodie had bought a very fine cow of a black man, named Mollineux, for which he was to give twenty-seven dollars. The man lived twelve miles back in the woods; and one frosty spring day—(don't smile at the

my breath, and listened. The little brook lifted up its voice in loud, hoarse wailing, or mocked, in its babbling to the stones, the sound of human voices. As it became later, my fears increased in proportion. I grew too superstitious and nervous to keep the door open. I not only closed it, but dragged a heavy box in front, for bolt there was none. Several ill-looking men had, during the day, asked their way to Toronto. I felt alarmed lest such rude wayfarers should come to-night and demand a lodging, and find me alone and unprotected. Once I thought of running across to Mrs. Joe, and asking her to let one of the girls stay with me until Moodie returned; but the way in which I had been repulsed in the evening prevented me from making a second appeal to their charity.

Hour after hour wore away, and the crowing of the cocks proclaimed midnight, and yet they came not. I had burnt out all my wood, and I dared not open the door to fetch in more. The candle was expiring in the socket, and I had not courage to go up into the loft and procure another before it went finally out. Cold, heart-weary, and faint, I sat and cried. Every now and then the furious barking of the dogs at the neighbouring farms, and the loud cackling of the geese upon our own, made me hope that they were coming; and then I listened till the beating of my own heart excluded all other sounds. Oh, that unwearied brook! how it sobbed and moaned like a fretful child;—what unreal terrors and fanciful illusions my too active mind conjured up, whilst listening to its mysterious tones!

Just as the moon rose, the howling of a pack of wolves, from the great swamp in our rear, filled the whole air. Their yells were answered by the barking of all the dogs in the vicinity, and the geese, unwilling to be behind hand in the general confusion, set up the most discordant screams. I had often heard, and even been amused, during the winter, particularly on thaw nights, with hearing the howls of these formidable wild beasts, but I had never before heard them alone, and when one dear to me was abroad amid their haunts. They were directly in the track that Moodie and Monaghan must have taken; and I now made no doubt that they had been attacked and killed on their return through the woods with the cow, and I wept and sobbed until the old grey dawn peered in upon me through the small dim window. I have passed many a long cheerless night, when my dear husband was away from me during the rebellion, and I was left in my forest home with five little children, and only an old Irish woman to draw and cut wood for my fire, and attend to the wants of the family, but that was the saddest and longest night I ever remember.

Just as the day broke my friends the wolves set up a parting benediction, so loud, and wild, and near to the house, that I was afraid lest they should break through the frail window, or come down the low, wide chimney, and rob me of my child. But their detestable howls died away in the distance, and the bright sun rose up and dispersed the wild horrors of the night, and I looked once more timidly around me. The sight of the table spread, and the uneaten supper, renewed my grief, for I could not divert myself of the idea that Moodie was dead. I opened the door, and stepped fourth into the pure air of the early day. A solemn and beautiful repose still hung like a veil over the face of Nature. The mists of night still rested upon the majestic woods, and not a sound but the flowing of the waters went up in the vast stillness. The earth had not yet raised her matin hymn to the throne of the Creator. Sad at heart, and weary and worn in spirit, I went down to the spring and washed my face and

his whole soul, were concentrated in the apples. Ten minutes elapsed, but he stood motionless, like a pointer at a dead set.

"My good boy, you can go."

He did not stir.

"Is there anything you want?"

"I want," said the lad, without moving his eyes from the objects of his intense desire, and speaking in a slow, pointed manner, which ought to have been heard to be fully appreciated, "I want apples!"

"Oh, if that's all, take all you like."

The permission once obtained, the boy flung himself upon the box with the rapacity of a hawk upon its prey, after being long poised in the air to fix its certain aim; thrusting his hands to the right and left, in order to secure the finest specimens of the coveted fruit, scarcely allowing himself time to breathe until he had filled his old straw hat and all his pockets with apples. To help laughing was impossible; while this new Tom o' Bedlam darted from the house, and scampered across the field for dear life, as if afraid that we should pursue him to rob him of his prize.

It was during this winter that our friend Brian was left a fortune of three hundred pounds per annum; but it was necessary for him to return to his native country, in order to take possession of the property. This he positively refused to do; and when we remonstrated with him on the apparent imbecility of this resolution, he declared that he would not risk his life, in crossing the Atlantic twice, for twenty times that sum. What strange inconsistency was this, in a being who had three times attempted to take away that which he dreaded so much to lose accidentally!

I was much amused with an account which he gave me, in his quaint way, of an excursion he went upon with a botanist, to collect specimens of the plants and flowers of Upper Canada.

"It was a fine spring day, some ten years ago, and I was yoking my oxen to drag in some oats I had just sown, when a little, fat, punchy man, with a broad, red, good-natured face, and carrying a small black leathern wallet across his shoulder, called to me over the fence, and asked me if my name was Brian B———? I said 'Yes; what of that?"

"'Only you are the man I want to see. They tell me hat you are better acquainted with the woods than any person in these parts; and I will pay you anything in reason if you will be my guide for a few days.'

"'Where do you want to go?' said I.

"'Nowhere particular,' says he. 'I want to go here and there, in all directions, to collect plants and flowers.'

"That is still-hunting with a vengeance," thought I. 'To-day I must drag in my oats. If to-morrow will suit, we will be off.'

"'And your charge?' said he. 'I like to be certain of that.'

"'A dollar a day. My time and labour upon my farm, at this busy season, is worth more than that."

"True,' said he. "Well, I'll give you what you ask. At what time will you be ready to start?'

"'By daybreak, if you wish it.'

"Away he went; and by daylight next morning he was at my door, mounted upon a stout French pony. 'What are you going to do with that beast?' said I. 'Horses are of no use on the road that you and I are to travel. You had better leave him in my stable.'

"'I want him to carry my traps,' said he; it may be some days that we shall be absent.'

"I assured him that he must be his own beast of burthen, and carry his axe, and blanket, and wallet of food upon his own,

back. The little body did not much relish this arrangement; but as there was no help for it, he very good-naturedly complied. Off we set, and soon climbed the steep at the back of your farm, and got upon—— ake plains. The woods were flush with flowers, and the little man grew into such an ecstasy, that at every fresh specimen he uttered a yell of joy, cut a caper in the air, and flung himself down upon them, as if he was drunk with delight. 'Oh, what treasures! what treasures!' he cried. 'I shall make my fortune!'

"It is seldom I laugh," quoth Brian, "but I could not help laughing at this odd little man; for it was not the beautiful blossoms, such as you delight to paint, that drew forth these exclamations, but the queer little plants which he had rummaged for at the roots of old trees, among the moss and long grass. He sat upon a decayed trunk, which lay in our path, I do believe for a long hour, making an oration over some greyish things, spotted with red, that grew upon it, which looked more like mould than plants, declaring himself repaid for all the trouble and expense he had been at, if it were only to obtain a sight of them. I gathered him a beautiful blossom of the lady's slipper; but he pushed it back w- I presented it to him, saying, 'Y- -en 'tis very fine. I have seen that -ten before; but these lichens are splendid.'

"The man had so little taste that I thought him a fool, and so I left him to talk to his dear plants, while I shot partridges for our supper. We spent six days in the woods, and the little man filled his tin case with all sorts of rubbish, as if he wilfully shut his eyes to the beautiful flowers, and chose only to admire ugly, insignificant plants that everybody else passes by without noticing, and which, often as I had been in the woods, I never had observed before. I never pursued a deer with such earnestness as he continued his hunt for what he called 'specimens.'

"When we came to the Cold Creek, which is pretty deep in place-, he was in such a hurry to get at some plants that grew under the water, that in reaching after them he lost his balance, and fell head over heels into the stream. He got a thorough ducking, and was in a terrible fright; but he held on to the flowers, which had caused the trouble, and thanked his stars that he had saved them, as well as his life. Well, he was an innocent man," continued Brian; "a very little made him happy, and at night he would sing and amuse himself like a child. He gave me ten dollars for my trouble, and I never saw him again; but I often think of him, when hunting in the woods that we wandered through together, and I pluck the wee plants that he used to admire, and wonder why he preferred them to the fine flowers."

When our resolution was formed to sell our farm, and take up our grant of land in the backwoods, no one was so earnest in trying to persuade us to give up this ruinous scheme as our friend Brian B——, who became quite eloquent in his description of the trials and sorrows that awaited us. During the last week of our stay in the township of H——, he visited us every evening, and never bade us good-night without a tear moistening his cheek. We parted with the hunter as with an old friend; and we never met again. His fate was a sad one. After we left that part of the country, he fell into a moping melancholy, which ended in self-destruction. But a kinder or warmer-hearted man, while he enjoyed the light of reason, has seldom crossed our path.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

LATE CABLE NEWS.

Emperor William in Austria—Boulanger Looms up Again—The Whitechapel Murders.

As a result of William's visit royalty in Austria has been having times so tremendously big as to keep Europe breathless with amazement. The young Emperor's arrival at the Vienna station was enough by itself to turn the young man's head. There endless bands, of which one alone were 130 members, all playing numbered tunes. The Austrian E- -omplimentary platform, grand as -mperor was on the all the men of -ossible, backed up by ten Archd- -es of the royal family, including -es, who are great guns in that country, besides unli-ited important folk of lesser calibre. -he necessity, prescribed by -court etiquette, of kissing six -the Austrian Emperor, may have -ped young William's joy, but after that it was perfect.

The Boulanger boom is just now more interesting than ever and one well worth watching. All France is alarmed by Boulanger's quiet business way since his return, and men now in power make their uneasiness very plain. On his return Boulanger found 6,000 letters waiting for him, of which 2,000 were marked "confidential and important." He also found himself a much more popular man even than when he so mysteriously disappeared from public view. The Paris mob is hungering to see him. He has arranged his days in a most business-like fashion, keeps his own counsel, and there is nothing for the rest of the world to do but to watch and see how this most important political cat will jump when jumping time comes. For one thing we are informed he intends to be very quiet and unostentatious. No more driving to the Chamber of Deputies in on open landau through howling crowds, but in a closed carriage, with one horse; no fuss and as few speeches as possible. That's his scheme and if true this proves that the lucky adventurer feels very sure of his position and of the fickle Paris mob.

England is more than ever occupied with the Whitechapel murder scare, to the exclusion of everything else. Suggestions made have been endless, and the nonsense poured out on the subject has been unusually amusing. The papers print columns upon columns of letters from excited British matrons and citizens, each of whom wants something else done than is being done to catch the mysterious murderer. Each day sees fresh complaint made against the police. Any number of men want bloodhounds to be scattered all over the place to hunt for the murderer, as though a bloodhound could tell a murderer's scent from a parson's. One man, very much excited, insists that an intelligent bloodhound shall be kept in every police station, and that every policeman be instructed, when next he comes across a mutilated corpse on his beat, to whistle for a bloodhound at the same time he whistles for other constables, and then all shall follow along in a row behind the bloodhound's tail until they reach the criminal. A rather sensible suggestion is that all the police should be shod at night time with rubber, in order that the regular monotonous footfalls of the regulation police boot may not warn the murderer of approaching danger.

THE LAST BIBLICAL P- PUZZLE.

The Hittites, Who They W- Lived and What Ha- About -ere, Where They Been Discovered Them.

There was publi- -shed recently a brief notice of a despatch Bissinger at T- -rom United States Consul ery by G- -eirat, announcing the discovterestin- -rman explorers at Morash of inba- -g Hittite remains, consisting of black -lt blocks, *in situ*, covered with figures of men and animals. This announcement has attracted considerable attention among Oriental scholars and archæologists, and led to a renewal of inquiry in regard to the Hittites and the meaning of these latest discoveries. The stones at Merash undoubtedly are a part of the lower story of a Hittite palace or temple, these edifices being generally built of sculptured stones in their lower stories and of cedar above.

It is an interesting fact that while the Hittites were one of the most powerful nations of ancient times, their empire extending from the frontier of Egypt to the Ægean Sea, had great cities and were far advanced in civilization, and while they are frequently mentioned in the Old Testament, almost nothing has been known about them until within the last twenty years. It shows how a great nation, skilled in the arts of peace and formidable in war, the period of whose power was greater than that of Greece or Rome, may entirely disappear, the sites of its great cities be forgotten and it very existence almost pass out of the knowledge of mankind.

In 1812 Burckhardt discovered at Hanak some stones covered with Hittite hieroglyphics, but more than a century passed before enough of their remains were accumulated by archæologists to enable them to form any definite conception of the characteristics of the Hittites as a people or to construct even the barest outline of their history. Since 1870 very great progress has been made in accumulation of knowledge of the Hittites. Numerous discoveries have been made by Burton, Wright, Couder and by American missionaries and scholars, and several books have been published, besides numerous shorter articles in archæological and religious journals Dr. Williams Hayes Ward, of the New York Independent, was one of the earliest of Hittite scholars.

The Hittites were of Caucasian origin, coming from the North nearly 4000 years before Christ. In one respect they retained a peculiarity of the costume of their ancestors during the 3000 years of their dwelling in more Southern climes. They are represented as wearing shoes the toes of which were turned up in an exaggerated way, the survival of the snowshoe in their ancestral mountains. They were a hairless people, with long, thin mustaches, like those of the Chinese, light complexion, the head partly shaven, leaving a clear and unmistakable pig-tail. The eyes seem to have had a slight inclination, and the facial angle was oblique. A high, peaked cap was the most common style of Hittite head-dress, although square or round head-dresses are represented on some Hittite monuments, but are not as characteristic.

The Hittites were literary people and possessed a culture, an art and a script peculiar to themselves and plainly of indigenous origin. They were well advanced in the arts and had silver. Their bargain with the patriarch Abraham at Hebron was the earliest money transaction on record. They used silver as a standard of value, had balances for weighing it, and regular forms of sale and conveyancing. They gave standard weights to neighboring nations which remained in use long after the break-up of the Hittite empire.

enjoyed the light of reason, has seldom crossed our path.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Warm Weather in Australia.

The most remarkable feature of the Australian climate is the hot wind. The flat, sandy interior of the continent resembles the deserts of North Africa and Arabia, and the winds, therefore, are very similar. Immense quantities of sand are drifted about by the wind and carried beyond the coast a considerable distance out to sea. On Jan. 21, 1845, Capt. Sturt's thermometer rose to 171° in the shade; the mean temperature for December was 101°, for January 104°, and for February 101°. So parched was the ground that there were great cracks in it from 8 to 10 feet deep. At Cooper's Creek on Nov. 11, 1845, he experienced one of these hot-air currents, and thus describes it; "The wind, which had been blowing all morning from north-east, increased to a gale, and I shall never forget its withering effects. I sought shelter behind a large gum tree, but the blasts of heat were so terrific that I wondered the very grass did not take fire; everything, both animate and inanimate, gave way before it; the horses stood with their backs to the wind and their noses to the ground, the birds were mute, and the leaves of the trees fell like a shower round us. At noon I took out my thermometer, graduated to 127°, and put it in the fork of a tree, and an hour afterwards, when I went to examine it, the tube was full of mercury and the bulb had burst; about sunset the wind shifted to west, and a thundercloud passed over us, but only a few drops of rain fell." The bursting of the instrument shows that the temperature was much higher than 127°, the glass being unable to assist the expansion of the mercury. Vegetation suffers greatly from the parching character of this wind. Plants droop, leaves shrivel as if frost-bitten, and wheat crops have been destroyed. Its intense dryness is shown by the relative humidity falling to zero, and evaporation amounting to an inch of water a day. High up in the mountains to the east and south-east, in the midst of a frosty morning, occasional hot blasts are felt from the interior, and they cause a peculiar irritation of the nostrils and throat. Although disagreeable as heated air and fatal to vegetation, this dry wind, like that of India, is healthy. The dry climate is practically free from miasmatic diseases.

Digging Potatoes as The Raced.

An interesting race was witnessed at South Auburn, N.Y., the other day. The race was between two men to see who could dig a row each of potatoes the quickest. There was money up on the result of the race. The contestants were ex-Mayor Haskell of Auburn and J. D. Johnson of Portland. Neither of the men had any knowledge of the art. Each was equipped with a common hoe. Both men went in to win, and it is said that the potatoes and dirt flew surprisingly. It reminded a man standing near of a dog digging for a woodchuck.

At the close the ex-Mayor came out twenty-seven hills ahead of his competitor. It was no fault of his, though, but due to luck. Directly in the path of his row about midway of the stint was a monster stump. Here he went ahead the length of twenty potato hills. A bit further on he came to a place where seven hills had been removed, and the ex-Mayor went to the front and held it to the finish. It was an exciting race.

In Great Luck.

Jack—Gus, lend me a dollar?

Gus [dubiously]—Well, I've only got a couple of dollars to my name.

Jack—You're lucky. I did think of striking you for two.

rubber, in order that the regular monotonous footfalls of the regulation police boot may not warn the murderer of approaching danger.

The Trick of the Ravens.

In the narrative of the Arctic voyage of Captain McClure is the following story of the two ravens which became domiciliated on board the "Investigator." The raven, it appears, is the only bird that willingly braves a Polar winter; and in the depth of the season he is seen to flit through the cold and sunless atmosphere like an evil spirit, his sullen croak alone breaking the silence of the death-like scene. No one of the crew attempted to shoot the ravens, and they consequently became very bold, as will be seen by the narrative. Two ravens established themselves as friends of the family in Mercer Bay, living mainly by what little scraps the men might have thrown away after meal-times. The ship's dog, however, looked upon these as his special perquisites, and exhibited considerable energy in maintaining his rights against the ravens, who nevertheless outwitted him in a way which amused every one. Observing that he appeared quite willing to make a mouthful of their own sable persons, they used to throw themselves intentionally in his way just as the mess tins were being cleaned out on the dirt-heap outside the ship. The dog would immediately run at them, and they would fly just a few yards; the dog then made another run, and again they would appear to escape him but by an inch, and so on, until they had tempted and provoked him to the shore, a considerable distance off. Then the ravens would make a direct flight for the ship, and had generally done good execution before the mortified-looking dog detected the imposition that had been practised upon him and rushed back again.

An Interesting Subject.

The results of an investigation on a subject of striking interest are submitted by the redoubtable "Bab" in the New York *Sunday Star*, when she writes:—

A man asked me the other day how women find husbands. It was such a puzzling question to me that I constituted myself a committee of one and went around among a lot of married women to see how their husbands proposed to them. There wasn't one who had ever had an absolute romantic avowal of love! There wasn't one whose husband had gotten down on his knees, caught the loved one's hand and besought of her, unless she wished to see him stark and cold with a broken heart, that she would wed him! There wasn't one who had ever known the rapture of being held, with a pistol pointed at her head, while the brave lover pronounced that unless she accepted him, he would kill her and then himself! There wasn't one who had been gained even at the dagger's point, and not a single wife had been drugged and wedded in a semi-conscious state! Dorothy, I confess to a certain amount of disappointment. The nearest I could get as to how the question of marriage had been reached was always that they drifted into it. This is deliciously vague, but it seems to mean that they knew the man, that he had the privilege of holding their hands and criticising their frocks for some time, and that then, when there was no special excitement in Wall street, a Presidential election wasn't going on, nor anything else that was distracting, they suggested that it was about time for them to get married.

"Dearest Stanley, what has happened; Speak to me." "Aw, nevah mind! stwive no moah! Spent months and months inventing the scarf. First time I go out I meet a fellow from the Bowwowry with one just like it. No use. I stwive no moah."

of sale and conveyancing. They gave standard weights to neighboring nations which remained in use long after the break-up of the Hittite empire.

Well advanced in the arts of peace, they were also formidable as warriors. Their troops, both foot and horse, are represented in the Egyptian hieroglyphics as marching in battle array with well-drilled precision. But the chariots were their pride, each of which carried three warriors and were very formidable.

The Hittites were a great people for thousands of years, built great cities, excelled in the arts, fought great wars, and then disappeared, leaving almost no trace. Little by little some knowledge of them is gained from inscriptions and hieroglyphics, but it is hard to comprehend that when their overthrow occurred at such a comparatively modern time they should have been so nearly forgotten.

Parrot Chorus.

The traditional "fish story" has many varieties, to which it seems only fair to add the following, even though the fish in this case was a parrot. Doubtless its narrator, an American artist, designed it to be "taken for what it is worth."

He was very fond of knocking about in out-of-the-way quarters of the world, and once left ship with a party of comrades, in order to explore a Central American wilderness. During the cruise of several months, the entire ship's company had devoted their leisure hours to singing to a parrot. The sailors had also lost no opportunity of teaching the bird all the nautical phrases they knew.

When the artist and his comrades had bidden the bird and the sailors good-by, they plunged into the heart of the tropical forest, and after great exertion in accomplishing twenty-eight miles, they reached their camping-place for the night. Just as the sun was going down, they were startled to hear, in the primeval silence, a familiar voice from the top of a tall palm:

"Avast there! Yo, heave, ho!"

It was the ship's parrot. Before they could quite believe in its presence, the faithful bird fluttered down to a dead stump near by, and, with a shrill cry, summoned the little green paroquets of the country. About ten thousand of them circled round the great gray African oracle on the stump, and finally took their places, in good order, on the ground. The explorers looked on in dumb amazement.

When the feathered assemblage became quiet, the ship's parrot broke into the familiar words of "Nancy Lee;" and, to the inextinguishable amusement of the travellers, the surprise of the tropical world, and the delight of the feathered conductor, those ten thousand paroquets, with one mighty burst of song, executed "Nancy Lee."

The late terrible accident at Ottawa with the balloon ought to lead to some stringent regulations being made in reference to that somewhat dangerous amusement. Indeed the fact of its being dangerous is one chief part of its attraction and therefore the more need why the whole thing should be placed under the most careful restrictions. A man has no right to put his own life, however worthless it be, into jeopardy in order to give his fellows sport, or to thrill their nervous system with a strong sensation. Of course it may be urged that if the owner of the life is paid for the risk, he can do as he pleases. Not exactly. Things are not come to that pass in Canada yet, though no one can say apparently how soon they may. It is the danger which gives the chief piquancy to the whole thing, and it is on that account also that it should either be put down or very carefully regulated.

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NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT 19 1888

A Trip Through Manitoba.

By our own correspondent.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE, October 3rd, 1888.

My last letter was dated from Portage La Prairie, and now, after spending a week in the western and northern country, I am again writing from the Portage. This town is not what I expected to find it. The people, like the inhabitants of a good many other places, thought that they were going to have a second Chicago, and the town was laid out on that expectation. There are about 2,500 people here, and they are scattered along Saskatchewan avenue for a distance of considerably over a mile. The streets are but poor affairs, but the stores compare favorably with those of other western towns. The municipality of Portage La Prairie is virtually bankrupt, as it has had to repudiate a portion of its debt and compromise with the rest of its creditors. This makes taxes high. The Portage has the advantage of having a magnificent country to the north and west, and will undoubtedly grow to be a large town if not a respectable sized city. A new hotel has just been opened, the Grand Pacific, at which good accommodation can be obtained at reasonable rates; everything clean and nice and good meals. A week ago while here, rain was falling in torrents, so I postponed my drive into the country and went to Brandon by the C. P. R. The country is somewhat broken along the line of the railway between these points, but at Burnside, and especially at Carberry station, I saw some magnificent fields of wheat. At Carberry station a man by the name of Lyons has a field of wheat of 400 acres. I am told that it will average thirty bushels to the acre, and believe that is about right. It is a magnificent sample, and the sight of 400 acres of choice wheat is enough to make the heart of an Ontario farmer bound with delight.

At Brandon I was met by Rev J. P. Wilson and driven to the parsonage in his phaeton, where I had a royal welcome. Found Mr Wilson and his family all well and enjoying life. I remained with them five days, and during that time was driven around the city and country and given ample opportunity to see the sights. Mr Wilson drove me out of Brandon about two miles to see Frank Reid's farm. It consists of 640 acres of good land with first-rate frame buildings on it, and cost Mr Reid $10,000 about two years ago. Last year he cropped between 300 and 400 acres, and this year about the same. Last year he had 14,000 bushels of wheat, besides some barley and oats. He keeps a large herd of cattle and sells milk in Brandon. This year Mr. Reid has about 11,000 bushels of wheat for which he is offered $1 a bushel, and also has a little over 2,500 bushels of barley and oats. He only paid $500 down when he bought his farm, and in the two years he will have his farm, implements and stock all paid for and money in the bank. A pretty good record for farming in Manitoba! His crop

town, procured a team of horses and an open carriage and drove his brother, Mr Laidman, of Hamilton, Ont., and myself out through the Portage Plains. We drove along the line of the Manitoba and North-western Railway as near as possible and saw sights that I never expected to see. In the first place the roads are perfect, and there is no more jolting than there would be in driving over a level floor. In the next place the farms are all under cultivation, properly fenced and with first-class buildings on them,—and then, to cap all, we drove through miles and miles of wheat. The large sheeks stood on the ground as thickly as I ever saw sheaves in Ontario. On one man's farm the grain was stacked up, and he had twenty-six large stacks. Threshing was going on at Mr Sisson's farm, about four miles northwest of Portage La Prairie, and we drove in to see the machine at work. The thresher was a monstrous affair, driven by a steam engine, the straw being used for fuel. Four teams were drawing to the machine and three more teams taking the grain away. A load of wheat stood at each side of the machine and the men were pitching for all they were worth down to the feeders. The grain was pouring from the machine as thick as a man's leg, and such grain I never saw before. Mr Sisson has a farm of 400 acres, and has a little over half of it to wheat this year. He told me his crop was turning out a little over thirty bushels to the acre and weighed sixty-five pounds to the bushel. What would an Ontario farmer think if he had such a crop as that? Passing on we drove a couple of miles past the station of Macdonald and saw thousands and thousands of acres of just such wheat as I have described. Just near the station we visited the farm of McLean and McRobbie. The grain buyer was there at that time and Mr McRobbie sold him 8,000 bushels of wheat for $8,000. This is but a portion of their crop. They are farming 900 acres and Mr McRobbie told me that they would clear over $12,000 this year. They have just sold 400 acres about a mile from the station for $10,000, and are buying an unbroken half section just near their other farm for which they pay $20 an acre. The frost has been very slight in this section and I am of the opinion that as the country is settled, there will be little or no trouble with frost. Even with the frost the crops are vastly in excess of anything I ever saw in Ontario. The soil is said to be the best in the world, and is certainly the best that I ever ran across. It works up better than a dry ash heap. During our drive we saw many curious sights. We met a papoose heading for Portage and driving four dogs, each with a bag of grain roped on its back. Another dog helped her look after the four. The grain is gleaned where the threshers have been at work and the squaws and papooses make many a dollar in this way. At one farm at which we stopped, an Indian was at work as a farm hand. His "teppee" or wigwam, was erected in the yard and the farmer's wife asked us to examine it. The squaw was in it and was very indignant at the white folks' intrusion. She turned her back to us, drew her blanket over her head and refused to talk, even to the woman. The teppee is a curious affair. It consists of a lot of poles set up in the shape of a cone a covering of skin stretched around them. A fire was burning in the centre of the teppee and the remains of the dinner were scattered around. It was not such a place as I would like to live in, but the Indians seem perfectly contented. I saw many Indians at work in the fields. They get a dollar and a half per day and make fairly good workmen. We reached home about dusk, having driven about thirty miles through what I believe to be the finest farming country in the world.

For Frost Bites.

There is no better remedy for frost bites, chilblains and similar troubles, than Hagyard's Yellow Oil. It also cures rheumatism, lumbago, sore throat, deafness, and lameness and pain generally. Yellow Oil is used internally and externally.

An Open Letter.

Messrs. T. Milburn & Co.

I wish I had used B. B. B. sooner, which would have saved me years of suffering with erysipelas, from which I could get no relief until I tried B. B. B., which soon cleared away the itching, burning rash that had so long distressed me. Mrs. Edward Romkey, Eastern Passage, Halifax, N. S.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed a night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

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only paid $500 down when he bought his farm, and in the two years he will have his farm, implements and stock all paid for and money in the bank. A pretty good record for farming in Manitoba! His crop was slightly frosted, which knocked off at least five bushels to the acre. I visited another farm about two miles south of Brandon, and found that a fine crop of about twenty bushels to the acre had been grown on fifty-six acres. This wheat had also been slightly frosted. The worst section near Brandon, if not the worst in the whole of Manitoba, is about twelve miles northwest of the city in the electoral district of north Brandon. A strip about three miles in width, extends right through the township and here the frost has not left a kernel. The farmers are completely destitute. On Saturday last they were visited by Arthur Sifton, M. P. P., with a view of finding out the facts and Mr Sifton told me the above at the tea table that evening just after his return. It is expected that the government will supply seed wheat to these farmers next spring. In driving through the country we took guns with us and had some rare sport. On one occasion we came across a flock of teal just at a ford in the Assinaboine river, and blazed away at them. With one shot each we knocked over five, and Dr. Carman, who helped eat them on Saturday evening, pronounced them "fine birds." We also shot a couple of very large plover, so we had quite a game dinner. The soil in the immediate vicinity of Brandon is rather light and sandy. Some claim that it is better than the richer land, as it ripens the grain earlier, but this year the frost seems to have struck full as heavily there as at the [illegible] where the soil is the richest in the [illegible]

[illegible] is a growing town, and to [illegible] finest places in the north-[illegible] section is perfect, its streets [illegible] Ontario towns, [illegible] boasts [illegible] electricity that [illegible] nearly seven years old. On [illegible] and streets back of Rosser [illegible] Princess street). I counted seven-[illegible] course of erection, the majority [illegible] being of white brick. Upwards of seventy-five new buildings have gone up this year, and they are of that substantial character that forces you to the conclusion that the success of Brandon is a settled fact. The town now has a population of nearly 7,000, and is growing rapidly. Rent costs from $15 to $30 a month. Living is high. Coal costs $12 a ton, and wood $5 and $6 a cord. Groceries and dry goods are slightly in advance of Ontario prices, while apples sell for 5c. a pound. Fruit is very scarce and very dear. Beef sells at a York shilling, poultry at from 15 to 20c. a pound. Everything in that line sells at so much per pound.

On Saturday afternoon Dr. Carman arrived, and preached two very able sermons on the Sabbath. The church of which Mr. Wilson is pastor is in a highly prosperous condition, and the people are delighted with their pastor; in fact he is one of the most popular men in Brandon, judging from what the people told me. The church will seat about 600, and is well filled morning and evening. The loose collections—that is, the collections outside the envelopes—run from $15 to $20 per Sunday, and on Sunday last were a little over $25. Last fall Mr. Wilson asked for a special offering, and over $700 was put on the plates. These western people are "busters" to give.

On Monday afternoon I left Brandon on my return trip and arrived at the Portage shortly after three o'clock. Ever since Wednesday last the weather has been simply charming. The bright clear days are apt to make one think that September and not October, has just commenced. I never experienced finer fall weather in my life.

Yesterday Mr. Isaac Laidman, of this dollar and a half per day and make fairly good workmen. We reached home about dusk, having driven about thirty miles through what I believe to be the finest farming country in the world.

Correct Account of the Moscow Burglary.

On Tuesday night the store of Vanluven Bros, general merchants, of Moscow, was entered by burglars with the intention of taking what they wished, in which they failed.

Egerton, one of the brothers, retired in a bedroom in the upper part of the store about 9.30 o'clock and was awakened about 12 o'clock by a noise. He listened a minute and could plainly hear men talking at his room door. He could not hear what they were saying but thought they were conversing over the best method of entering his room, the door being located to put him in a position that he would make no noise to disturb them in their plunder.

This thought Egerton, and he did not wait to consider further knowing that he was without fire-arms for the first night in a long time, but sprang to his feet and opening a window which lets down from the top a short distance, he shouted Murder, Murder. This frightened the robbers and they ran down stairs and into the road and on seeing no stir from the neighbors they fired two shots at Eg. At this moment Everton, who was sleeping at the house, which is about 20 rods distant, heard his brother's wild cries for help and in response shouted, from his bedroom window, that he was coming with a rifle but before Everton, after considerable could get part of his clothes on and get his revolver they had fired two more shots at Eg and then fled in an unseen direction. Everton ran to the store and fired a shot at random not being able to see or hear the robbers. Some of the neighbors were then routed and after deciding that there was but little chance of a capture in pursuing them, on account of there being four leading roads from the store branching into other roads only short distances from here and it was not known which road they went. An examination of the premises was made which showed that they had entered the store at the front door by bursting the lock and it is supposed they walked straight to the safe in the office which is directly under where Egerton was then asleep with the intention of opening it as soon as they fixed Egerton so he would not give an alarm, as they left a couple of chisels on the safe that they took from Mr Palmer's carriage shop to assist in this purpose. They were just about as well off that they were saved of this trouble as there was only a small amount of cash in the safe, the brothers having decided from the many safe robberies of late that a safe is an unsafe place to keep money, had what cash they had on hand in a more safe place.

It seems to be the general opinion that the robbers came quite a long distance. The fact that the brothers are treasurers for the patrons of the Moscow cheese factory and only on Tuesday paid out quite an amount of cheese money and had they been near here they would likely have known that the cheese money was to be divided and would therefore have a good reason to expect a better haul on Monday evening.

One of the balls that they fired at Eg was buried deep in the wood near where his head was.—Com.

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We are offering this week 40 pieces of Silk Plushes, both plain and colored, at 35c, that we sold last week at 40c, and stacks of other goods in proportion. Underclothing for men, women and children, in different qualities, at the lowest prices.

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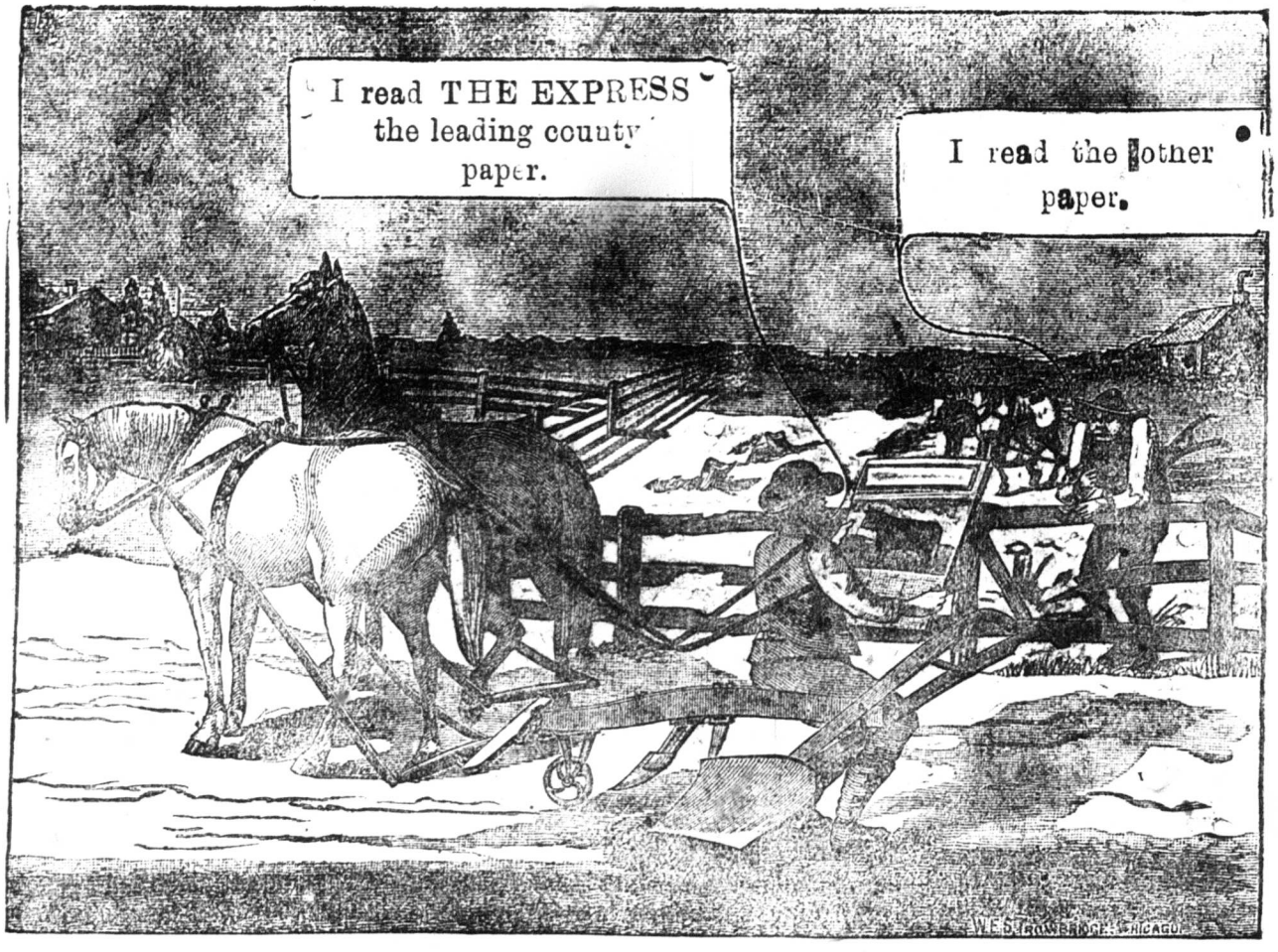

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FROM NOW

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

GOING WEST		GOING EAST	
Express	3.08 A.M.	Express	1.23 Midnigh
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MANITOBA

If you intend going to Manitoba or British Columbia, buy through Coupon tickets from J. L. Boyes, over the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk R. R., where you can get your baggage checked through and save all trouble. No other agent can do this.

Ocean tickets sold by the Allan, White Star and Anchor lines.

J L BOYES

Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co. Napanee

2238ly

Centreville.

The best concert held here for some time took place the night of the Camden Show. There was a good attendance, the proceeds being $82.

A good program was supplied by Misses Briggs, Blair and Messrs Maylee, Ferguson and Craig of the Presbyterian Choir, Napanee, and Messrs. Crumley, Cooper, Galloway and Smythe of Kingston. Recitations were given by Miss Vandewater, and Messrs. Ferguson and Crumley. Mr W. C. Scott acted as chairman.

Westplain.

Mr. James McKitrick intends employing W. D. Waddell to lay out the lawn in front of his house. Mr. W. is an adept at this work.

Our village blacksmith, Mr. J. McCumber, and his cousin, (two young nimrods), went hunting the deer or some other game; with what luck has not been told.

Master W. H. A. Waddell went to Napanee this morning with two of his friends, to leave that town for Roscommon, for a winter campaign in the wild woods of Michigan.

Miss Minnie D. Waddell is enjoying herself at Rochester. She says the Genesee Falls are wonderful and grand. She and Miss Breamer had a look at the whirpool where her father used to swim when he lived in Rochester, 35 years ago.

Pleasant Valley.

There has been considerable sickness on this street this season.

Mr Elias Smith is very ill with the fever, and Miss G. Hominy is very poorly.

Mrs David Ruttan is going to remove from the model farm, and Mrs Frank Vandebogart removes about 1st November.

We are pleased to be able to state that Mr and Mrs Smith have recovered from their sickness so far as to be able to be out and around. Their son Frank is also on the mend.

The young men who have a habit of visiting round and leaving their horses tied outside while they make love inside are asked to remember the young man who recently lost his horse, and take warning—they may have a similar experience.

Enterprise.

Mr Clancey's new house will soon be finished.

Mr Jones, of Gull Creek, is seen in this vicinity frequently.

Miss Hannah Peters is dangerously ill at her home with typhoid fever.

One else, and failing other means of furthering their courtship, they had better give up the field.

Thorpe.

I hereby deny ever having said or intimated to any person or persons, either privately or publicly, that I ever saw Mr Norman Storms or any of his family, either skimming his can of milk or tampering with the milk in any way, such a report having been started with a malicious intent against Mr Norman Storms; also without any foundation.

MRS. T. M. CATON.

Thorpe, Ont., Oct 15th, 1888.

Selby.

The services in connection with the Methodist Church held on the 14th and 15th were a complete success. On Sabbath Dr. Williams delivered eloquent and instructive sermons to large congregations; in the evening the church was literally packed.

On Monday evening tea was served in the lecture room and over three hundred assembled to enjoy this festival. The ladies spared no pains to make this part of the entertainment a success and as a result the feast was everything that could be desired. The programme was more than usually interesting, although several speakers who were invited were unable to attend. W. F. Hall, Esq., of Napanee, not being present, Rev. W. H. Cook presided. Addresses were delivered by Dr. Williams and Rev. T. Cleworth. The music was furnished by Miss Cook, Miss Jaynes, Miss Hudgins, Mr Rose, Mr Jaynes, Mr Paul, and the choir, and was excellent. The church is said by all to be a great improvement on the old one and the building committee are to be congratulated on the way they have managed affairs.

Malarial fever is quite prevalent in the village, Mr Wartman's family have been very much afflicted with it, but we are glad to hear are improving.

Mrs R. J. Hazzard, of Bad Axe, Mich. is the guest of her father in law W. E. Hazzard, esq.

Yarker.

M. Dunn has been appointed station master here.

Bible class meetings have been resumed for every Monday night.

Mrs. Adam Wiseman, of Odessa, is at her daughter's Mrs. S. Winter.

A. Vanluvan, Wm. Gorden and A. Connolly left for Tweed, to settle there.

Peter is not at all jealous of the Mills who shot the bear, as he succeeded recently in downing a fine deer.

Wm. Silver, of Carthage, N.Y., is at his brother's here. He had the misfortune to lose his leg, but is improving fast.

Car loads of coal from the Rathbun Co. are moving over the N. T. & Q. for the various villages; coal in Yarker $6 per ton.

The scholars of Yarker public school sent a handsome floral wreath to be placed upon the coffin of Miss Mary Smith, their late school teacher.

Fenwick Connolly is enclosing his property with handsome fences. A fine monument has been erected over the remains of the late J. C. Connolly.

The new roller mill is turning out a good grade of flour, and is crowded with orders. G. McDonald is paying the highest price for wheat, so farmers have a good market at home.

Quarry men are at work here getting out stone for the completion of bridges and culverts on the N. T. & Q. railroad. This road will be completed to Tweed next year.

Close's Mills.

On Tuesday evening, 17th inst., about 6 p. m., lightning played havoc on a barn occupied by Geo. Vanalstine, near Close's Mills, in North Fredericksburgh. It tore off nearly all the clapboards on the east end of the large barn; ripped into kindling the second rafter and another about 20ft from the end and slivered up a large beam. The pieces were scattered a long distance east of the barn. Two sons, who were in the stable attending their teams, were stunned and unable to move for a few minutes but recovered. One of the horses dropped as if shot but soon recovered. Two of the family who were milking close by, saw fire roll along the roof and smoke issuing which had filled the building. Fire did not catch as the mow was empty. Damage done to the building about $60.

ATTAR OF ROSES.

An Account of Its Manufacture—A Precious Essential Oil.

Until the sixteenth century we have no authentic mention of attar. The story of its origin is told in the history of the Mogul empire. The sultana Nourmahal, the light of the harem, during a feast which she gave to the grand mogul Jehanguir, caused a canal to be filled with rose water, where they bathed in its perfumed water and floated about over its surface. After some days a curious substance was observed on the surface. Upon examination it proved to be the essence of the roses, which the heat of the sun had caused to gather on the top of the rose water, and the delicious fragrance induced them to turn this accidental discovery to account. Since that day roses have been cultivated in Persia, in India and in Turkey for the manufacture of the essence.

While in different parts of the east great quantities of roses are grown for their essential oil, the province of Roumelia is perhaps the most important center for the industry. On the lofty plain, bounded on the north by the Balkan mountains, are planted the great rose gardens, where the finest attar in the world is made. Kasanlik, the center of the district, means in the Turkish tongue place of boilers. The roses are planted by the farmers of this district on sloping ground facing the sun, and where the soil is sandy. Laying down a rose garden may be done in the spring or fall, the ground being cleared of weeds. Young rose shoots are torn from the old plants, so as to carry with them a part of the roots. These are laid almost horizontally in trenches five feet apart. In six months or so the shoots appear, and are earthed up, and in almost a year the plants stand like young hedges, about a foot high. It is not till the end of the third year that the blossoming is of any importance. At the end of the fifth the plants are in full bearing, and they continue blooming for fifteen years longer. It does not do to enrich the soil too heavily, as it injures the quality of the essential oil quite as much as it improves the quantity. Hoar frost, fog and dampness are very injurious; in 1870 all the roses in this district were killed.

In May, when the gardens are a sheet of bloom, the harvest begins. The roses are of several kinds, but all single or nearly so—pale pink or white, and very much like our wild roses. Early in the morning the pickers begin, while the dew is on the flowers. The petals are taken from the stalks, and at once put into great copper alembics, capable of holding about 240 pounds of water. Into each of these alembics, with their downward pointing nozzles, are put 180 pounds of water and twenty-five pounds of rose leaves. This is then distilled till the turbid rose water amounts to twenty-five pounds. The boilers are emptied, cleansed, and the process is re-

vicinity frequently.

Miss Hannah Peters is dangerously ill at her home with typhoid fever.

Miss Jennie Wager, of Selby, is spending a few weeks with friends here.

We understand that Mr A. Walker is repairing his residence. That's right.

The Misses O'Dea have removed their shop to Mr. Kennedy's house opposite the hotel.

Two weddings last week, and rumor says there is soon to be another. The bells are already ringing.

The hum of industry is heard in the village, and potato digging and corn husking is the general occupation among the farmers.

Napanee Mills.

Miss A. Jenkins, of Napanee, spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday with her sister, Mrs R. Scott.

A couple of weeks ago Mr Armstrong shipped a car load of eggs, and on Tuesday another carload.

Mrs S. Miller has leased the farm recently vacated by Reuben Herrington, to Mr Sexsmith, of Deseronto.

The population of this place is on the increase. During last week a number of families moved here from Newburgh and other places. Business is lively.

Some of those who were first prostrated with the fever, we are pleased to see able to be out doors again. More fresh cases are reported, and in one instance the infection is said to have been carried on the wings of cupid.

While Mr S. Scouten was assisting in an apple orchard, the other day, the step ladder on which he stood spread, allowing him to come down rather unceremoniously, with a basket of fruit in his arms. Nothing worse happened than a slight shaking up, we are glad to say.

Some wag, with chalk, has christened the spot where the new sidewalk ends abruptly at the corner of the old boarding house, the "lubbers, (not lovers) leep." It may prove a convenient means of exit to those who meet with disappointment in love, and a tragic circumstance or two of the kind would lend to the precipice a tender melancholy interest.

The home-made bread of this place has been pronounced to be excellent. The pie we know is good, and suppose that some susceptable young man will next discover that the cake is exceptional; also young ladies should take great pains in perfecting themselves in the art of cookery; for no matter what personal charms they may possess, these will not always supply the place of such substantial accomplishments. The average man is the fastidious feeder and generally, very soon after the honeymoon, exhibits much more stomach than heart, to the consternation of the tender young wife.

We regret that the good name of the place, on Sunday evening, was compromised by the culpable conduct of four or five of our young men, of whom we certainly expected better things. It seems that a gentleman from Napanee, attending the prayer-meeting, was set upon and rotten egged and Mr. Thos. Budd, the station master, who was in his company at the time, was bespattered with the filthy stuff. We have failed to learn that there existed any justifiable provocation for such ungentlemanly conduct, though it has been hinted that the Napanee young gentleman enjoys the favor of certain of our fairest and most respectable maidens, and that the egg throwing was the result of jealousy. Hitherto we have considered our people above such actions, and trust that the like will never happen again. Young men will find out that such work will not raise them in the good opinion of sensible ladies, or any

Quarry men are at work here getting out stone for the completion of bridges and culverts on the N. T. & Q. railroad. This road will be completed to Tweed next year. Four bridges will have to be built and the finest of limestone is got from J. Brawley's right on the track

Odessa.

Oct 16.—The concert in aid of the church of England building fund, Friday evening, was very successful. A good programme; a bumper house and about $40 in the treasury,

Since our last writing three deaths have occurred, and in the trio the fact is brought stubbornly to bear that the old must die, the young may.

Uncle Jonn P. Davy had over-reached the Psalmist's margin, being 84 years, 10 mos and a few days, when the dissolution came. He passed his lengthened visit on the farm of his choice in Quobin, on the banks of a pretty river, was an inoffensive man and thereby held the esteem of his large acquaintance. He was a staunch reformer in his political views, having followed the destinies of that particular one of the two great parties from its earliest inception, and in his time has seen many noble enactments traced on the statutes through their efforts, to the tendency of a fairer Dominion. Whilst thus engaged he made sure of his own more important election with the blessed. The funeral on Wednesday was largely attended. Rev Mr Young preached an able sermon after which the remains of one of our oldest and much respected friends were conveyed to Wilton cemetery.

The latter part of our quotation may die, is patent in the death the same day, of the infant son of Joseph and Mrs McConnell, at about two years of age.

The third bereavement in our locality for the week was the very sudden death of Mrs John McDonald, in her 62nd year, from heart disease. The lady was devoted to her family and church, and among the worshippers attending mass on the 20th of September last, who were so kindly photographed in Father McWilliams' justly celebrated views, stands prominently Mrs McDonald. The remains were deposited in the Catholic vault at Kingston.

Whilst some are called on to mourn, others rejoice. Such is the way of the world. Our hunters have hied themselves hither to the back wood, expecting a most enjoyable outing and plenty of game. May both of the latter be in abundance and Stanley, Jud and others return to us brown as a muffin and hearty as a robust buck.

There appears to be a great deal of courting, making ready for Judge Wilkison's coming. John A.,—the clerk—is issuing licenses left handed. Some people, it seems, prefer a court receipt to any other.

We were pleased to see Mr Allan Chadwick, sr., up street again to day, the first in about two months.

Mrs (Dr) Mabee has been lately very ill, but is now improving,

Mr and Mrs Fitzsimmons, of Brockville, are spending a pleasant time with their daughter,. Mrs (Rev) Quartermaine. Mr Fitzsimmons is postmaster at Brockville.

William and Mrs Lee, of Alexandria Bay, N. Y., are visiting friends here.

Mr George Ferguson and Mr Adam Wiseman have set out a number of shade trees across their property, beautifying the places muchly.

Important to Working Men.

Artizans, mechanics and laboring men are liable to sudden accidents and injuries, as well as painful cords, stiff joints and lameness. To all thus troubled we would reccomend Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the handy and reliable pain cure for outward or internal use.

is then distilled till the turbid rose water amounts to twenty-five pounds. The boilers are emptied, cleansed, and the process is repeated. The turbid fluid is again distilled, and then allowed to remain at rest. On the surface of this double distilled rose water the precious essential oil rises like a greenish or yellowish scum. This is skimmed off by means of a conical spoon, with a small hole in the bottom to allow the water to run away. The appliances are all very rude, and there must necessarily be much waste in a material so precious. According to estimates made at Kasanlik it takes about 4,000 pounds of roses to make one pound of oil. And from 4,000 to 6,000 pounds of roses are the largest crops raised upon an (English) acre of land. The price for the pure attar is about $4 per ounce.—Sophie B. Herrick in The Cosmopolitan.

When the Mountains Were Made.

The chief beauty of Mount Desert Island is in its mountains. From a little distance they seem to rise grandly out of the very blue of the sea. The highest, Mount Green, reaches an elevation of nearly 2,000 feet. As you approach the sunshine flooding their rounded peaks gives them a bronzed, metallic appearance. But from a league away their real beauty and grandeur break lovingly upon the vision. Verdure clad in places, again showing massive bulwarks of rock, and from each height sloping in graceful undulations to the sea, a rare and winsome charm, as well as a broad and stalwart majesty, possesses them. Wherever one may be within sight of the splendid masses it is impossible to cease their contemplation. Thus musing on them in the spirit of geologic conjecture and revelry, I half unconsciously asked my skipper if he had any idea of their age.

"A leetle up'ard 'n a hundred year," he answered promptly. I looked at him with amazement, and it nettled him.

"A leetle up'ard 'n a hundred year!" he repeated stolidly, setting his teeth hard upon his tobacco and eyeing me askance, as if with initiatory feelings of resentment at my unaccountable ignorance. "Them ar thirteen mountings ain't thar fur nuthin'. Them ar thirteen self same mountings riz plum' up outen the bay the very day they d'clar'd 'pendence to these Yoonterd States! Them as seed it lived right hereabout."

"But, captain," I pleaded, aghast at this startling revelation, "you know De Monts and Champlain discovered the island just 284 years ago; named it 'L'Isle des Monts Deserts,' from the dreary appearance of the tops of those very mountains; and Briard and Masse, the French Jesuits, established a mission over there on the western shore of Some's Sound?"

In tones of awful scorn my skipper merely answered: "Did, did they? Wall, I s'pose sech scallops comes from schoolin'. I say no man livin' was in these parts afore my forefathers; an' them that's dead and doubted"—this with contemptuous grief—"seed with their own eyes them thirteen mountings hist up their heads. Howsumdever, there's no argerin with sneerers!"—Edgar L. Wakeman's Letter.

His Preference.

"Of all seasons of the year, Dr. Diagnosis," she said to a young physician who was helping her look at the moon, "which do you most prefer?"

"I think I prefer the watermelon season," he replied in a low business tone of voice.—The Epoch.

On The Platform.

Public speakers and singers are often troubled with sore throat and hoarseness and are liable to severe bronchial attacks which might be prevented and cured by the use of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam—the best throat and lung remedy in use

Lahey & McKenty

LARGE LOTS OF NEW GOODS JUST OPENED

AMONG THEM ARE

A big lot of Underclothing at cut prices, the best values yet.

A small lot of Genuine Persian Lamb Caps (samples) will be sold at $2.50 each.

One case of the latest styles in Gents' Ties, very nobby, 20 and 25 cents.

Extra heavy durable Cardigan Jackets, worth $1.50 going for $1.

New arrivals in Grey Cottons, away ahead of old ones for value.

New arrivals in Fancy Woolens Soft and Fleecy, and rare in colorings. Values right.

New Overcoatings for Ordered work. Fine Beavers, Elysians, Worsteds, etc. See them.

New Overcoats, from 24 to 44 inches, chest measure. Superior goods, low prices.

We are making large sales in Ladies' Ulsters and Walking Jackets.

We have the handsomest and most extensive line of these goods in Napanee, direct importations. Our prices defy competition. The right value always at THE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.

LAHEY & McKENTY.

RENNIE BLOCK. MISS BARRETT, Dress and Mantle Maker.

C. D. WARIMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth.

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2488ly

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THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS IN CANADA.

OVER 100 STYLES OF

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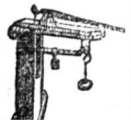
GRAIN SCALES,

FARM SCALES,

TEA SCALES



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Try it once and you will use no other. Every barrel guaranteed.
We are sole manufacturers of the Genuine Lardine.
Also Cylinder, Engine, Wool and Harness Oils.

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Try our fine brands of Coal Oil—"Sunlight" and "Family Safety."

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ODD SIZES.

About 200 Hard Hats,

HAY SCALES,
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FARM SCALES,
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IMPROVED SHOW CASES
MONEY
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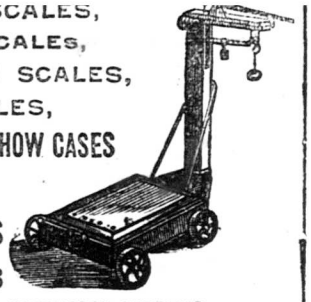

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BUILDING!

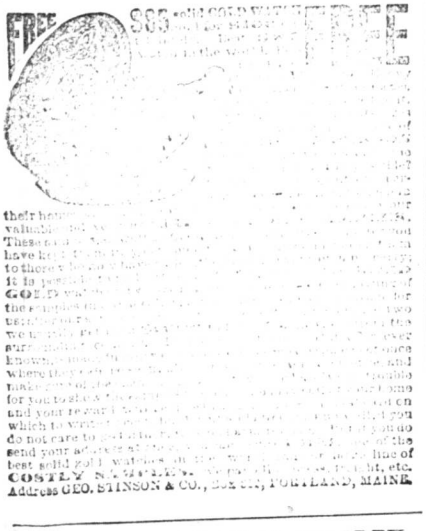
Having bought out the business of E. F. Vanluven & Co. I am prepared to execute all orders for

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Frames Dressed Lumber, Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

On short notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal, next to brush factory. 2388ly



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Address GEO. STINSON & CO., [illegible], PORTLAND, MAINE.

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E. M. McKim, Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, ought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly one.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
Tamworth

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About 200 HardHats,

two and three left of each kind, which we are offering

At 75c to $1 less than the regular price.

All new, fine goods this season, but as we have but one or two sizes left of each kind, we want to clear them out. If you want a good hat at a bargain call.

2288ly **ROBLIN & FORD.**

WOOL. WOOL. WOOL.

NAPANEE WOOLEN MILLS.

We beg to intimate to our patrons and the public generally that our Woolen Mills at Napanee are in first-class order, turning out work second to none in this part of the province.

We keep one sett running on imported wool of the finest quality, and we are prepared to give you goods as fine as made in large mills.

A full line of Tweeds, Fullcloths, Flannels, Sheetings, Blankets, etc o our own manufacture constantly on hand, which we guarantee as to workmanship and material.

We also keep a full stock of imported goods direct from manufacturers,

We call special attention to our yarns. We make the finest quality from imported and Canadian pure wool. All grades and colors.

Mr D BREEZE, one of the firm will be in our office in Shannonville with a full line of goods. Give him a call and be convinced that he will give you better value for your wool than you can get elsewhere.

We will pay the highest price for wool in trade OR CASH

Spinning 10 cents per pound. Roll carding 4 centsper pound

BREEZE BROS., & McKAY

Napanee, 2688tf

NEW : TEAS

We beg to advise our numerous customers and the public generally that we are now in receipt of our New Tea, this year's crop, comprising Japan, Souchong, Oolong, Congou and finest Assam Pekoe which we have resolved to sell at the smallest living profit in order to enlarge our tea trade which has grown immensely of late, and which in future we intend to make a specialty in our business

To convince those who have heretofore bought tea of peddlers of the extreme folly of paying from 10 to 20 cents more per lb for tea than a better article can be bought for from us, we ask but one trial of our new teas. In these tight times for money a saving of only ten cents per lb on tea means quite a saving in the yearly expenses of a family.

Remember that for the trifling sum of 25 cents per lb we are now selling an extremely fine drawing Japan Tea far surpassing anything in that line heretofore sold at that price. Try it, it will cause you to come for more.

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Harshaw block, Napanee, Aug. 17 1888 2388ly

HEALTH.

Diagnosis by Position.

There is much in the position assumed by the sick which, when carefully observed, will help to determine the nature of the malady.

A writer on the subject says:

The position on the back, which fat people adopt for convenience, is characteristic of inflammation of the bowels, since those who suffer from this affection are not able to endure the least friction of the abdomen, and it is observed also in diseases of acute and grave character, such as tetanus, articular rheumatism, etc. This is assumed passively when the patient, having lost his strength, occupies the lowest part of the couch, the head falls from the pillow of its own weight, the arm, as indeed the whole organism, obeys the action of gravity, as occurs in infectious diseases and intense inflammatory processes. This position is usually accompanied by disordered movements of the hands, as if the patient would reach up to something suspended before the face. It always indicates a grave condition.

Lying over on the stomach is observed in abdominal diseases accompanied by strong nervous pains, gastralgias, flatulent, nervous and nephritic colics, etc., and sometimes in case of anterior pulmonary cavities. In the former affections the patients find relief by compressing the affected region; and in the latter they hinder by this position the escape of the secretions from the cavities through the corresponding bronchial tubes, consequently calming the cough.

Children who suffer from hydrocephalus have a tendency to place the head lower than the body, and therefore when held in the arms they allow the head to fall.

Lying upon the side, and especially the right, is the most physiological position that the sick can adopt, and it always indicates a satisfactory degree of muscular strength.

In pneumonia children generally rest on the left side, but not so adults, who, if they do not adopt the supine position, lie ordinarily on the sound side. This double position in the same disease may be explained by the fact that in children pneumonias are more diffused and affect nearly the whole of a lung, and therefore they instinctively avoid compression of the sound lung in order to allow it to perform its function with greater freedom; in adults, on the contrary, the disease is ordinarily limited, and there is no inconvenience in adopting a lateral position on the sound side; at the same time they avoid in this way increasing the contagion of the affected part, and thereby diminish the pain and cough.

In painful dry pleurisies the patient keeps the affected part still as much as possible, and at first rests on the sound side, to diminish the congestion of the affected side, by the elevation of which the cough and pain are mitigated; but when fluid beginsto accumulate in the chest cavity, later in this disease, the patient will constantly adopt a position on the diseased side so as to avoid compressing the opposite lung, and to allow it to perform its function with entire freedom.

A continual change of position indicates intense excitation of the nervous system, the head of the patient turns continuously from right to left, the trunk is not quiet, and the whole individual is attacked with a general irritability, so that he makes continuons efforts to leave the bed. This phenomenon is usually observed at the acme of acute infections fevers and brain inflammations. The upright position, characterized by a general distress, the forward inclination of the trunk, the fixation and elevation of the arms, as if to give the thorax a point of support and to bring into exercise the state of the inner surface, which may be accompanied with some pain. When the eye tires easily, rest is not the proper remedy, but the use of glasses of sufficient power to aid in accommodating the eye to vision.

The Little Girl of Ten.

I met her at the depot in the ticket-buyers' row;
She was travelling unattended to the town where I must go,
And I saw her buy a ticket for an adult with surprise,
When a "half' card would have answered for a maiden of her size.

I heard the agent ask her if she wanted one "full rate."
And she said, "I want a ticket" (very curtly did she say it);
So I did not at the moment interfere in her affairs,
Though I wondered what she meant by such very aged airs."

Then at length I said most kindly to the girl so slightly grown,
"Do you travel very often on the railway all alone?"
"Not so very often," said she; "but I had a wish today
To leave the noisy city and go very far away."

Then I told her of her error, which had prompted to speak
(Here a blush of modest crimson ran its course upon her cheek),
And to do her simple justice I would go with her and make
The agent fix the matter as it should be, for her sake.

To my proffer she assented, and not vainly was it tried,
For she got the cheaper ticket, with a dollar at its side,
And she thanked me. Then I asked her to go with me to a seat,
Which she did not hesitate to do, and went on nimple feet.

But I fancied as we rode along, and passed from place to place,
That she had a world of knowledge for so very young a face;
That she seemed a trifle older than her modest height would show;
Then, with manners quite avuncular, I thought it best to know.
Our talk and trip were ending, but I soon adventured then,
"My little girl, you are not, are you, very far from ten?"
But she said, with farther blushing—with a twinkle not unseen—
"I am doubtless very childlike, but *my age is just sixteen.*

Then I looked and saw my blunder, but the vexing ways of Fate
Left my heart to solve a problem and to wildly palpitate:
For I had put my arm around her, and was toying with her hair,
And she seemed to think it kindness—or she didn't seem to care

In a moment, if the answer had not come so pat as this,
I should have proffered her directions on arrival with a kiss.
But my wisdom always happens much too early or too late.
For the girl was very pretty and—confound the course of Fa's!

So I jumped up with my satchel (barely looking as I went)
From a task begun in pity, ending sharp in discontent.
But she bowed and smiled most sweetly, while I thought how very mean
That I couldn't stoop to kiss her just because she said "sixteen!"

Fashion Notes.

The majority of dress skirts are made either with flat pleats down the front and sides that reach from belt to hem, or with long Greek overdresses that are so lightly draped as to cover nearly the whole of the underskirt front and back.

Too late to be of much use this year, but in time to be adopted extensively next summer, says The New York Sun, the girls have learned the beauty of the flannel shirt idea and many of them have put it into operation. A flannel shirt exactly like those made for the men, boy's size, worn inside of a dress body and belted in at the waist, is very charming and comfortable beyond imagining.

A CANADIAN SNAKE CHARMER.

A St John, New Brunswick, Man Who Makes Pets of Reptiles.

The St. John, N. B., *Progress* says there is nothing about the personal appearance of William McIntosh to indicate that he has more controlling force than any ordinary person. He is a young man, rather light complexioned, quiet of voice and speaks in a deliberate manner that shows his careful good sense.

Mr. McIntosh is a successful snake charmer.

At his father's flower store on Charlotte street he has at present a common black snake, about two feet long, which he treats much the same as anybody else would treat a piece of rope that long, only more affectionately, perhaps. The snake is poisonous and shows his mettle with everybody but Mr. McIntosh, who can coil him round his neck, rub the snake's tongue on his face, and, in fact, handle the reptile in any way and carry him around in his pocket. The snake was found by its present owner while strolling near Lily Lake a few weeks ago. He placed it in his pocket and carried it home, and since that time the snake has been his pet. Mr. McIntosh generally has the snake at the Charlotte street store, and shows it to all his friends and numerous

INQUISITIVE SCHOOLBOYS.

Considerable fun is extracted through the medium of this dangerous reptile. Some intimate friends were in the store the other day, when Mr. McIntosh took the snake out of his coat pocket and rubbed its tongue against his face. Although it is not the tongue that "stings," as most people imagine, yet it is a very disagreeable thing to do. One of his friends nearly fainted and could hardly be prevented from seeking a doctor to undo the deadly work he imagined the snake had done. A young lady was suddenly taken by surprise to see the snake appear out of its owner's pocket, and left the store in a hurry. She has not been back since.

Mr. McIntosh is unable to account for his control over snakes, except from the fact that he never had any fear for a reptile of any kind. He feels that once he gets a snake to look him in the eyes he has complete control of it and it will stay with him.

His first knowledge of this power he received ten years ago. Walking through the woods, one day, he accidentally stepped on a snake. Finding what he had done he stooped down and stroked it gently on the back. Then he picked it up, put it in his pocket and carried it home. Here he met great opposition to his new pet, as nobody had any desire to see a snake

CRAWLING ROUND THE HOUSE.

He kept it, however. From that time he has always been greatly interested in all kinds of reptiles.

During the centennial exhibition of 1883 everybody will remember that there was a kind of side show to a circus running on the grounds at the rear of the large building. The attractions were a performing goat, a few other things and a collection of snakes. Mr. McIntosh visited this show and being interested in snakes drew the attention of the regular snake charmer, who suggested with a sarcastic grin, that he pick up one of the snakes. Mr. McIntosh picked up one about six feet in length, and wound it about him to the astonishment of the regular charmer and the audience. Before leaving the city for Ontrrio about three years ago. Mr. McIntosh had seven snakes, many of them of good size, He made them his pets, much the same as a boy would rabbits, or a woman a pug dog, and kept them in his room. The snakes, however,

The upright position, characterized by a general distress, the forward inclination of the trunk, the fixation and elevation of the arms, as if to give the thorax a point of support and to bring into exercise the auxiliary muscles of respiration, is observed always when an obstacle hinders almost completely the contact of air with the respiratory surfaces, whether this obstacle be in the larynx, the trachea (as foreign bodies, false membranes, cicatrices, or tumors, which act either by stopping up the passages or by compression), or in the bronchia or pulmonary vessels (exudates in capillary bronchitis, pneumonia, tuberculosis, emphysema, or pulmonary compression by exudates and pleuritic transudations, pneumothorax, flatulent dyspepsia, ascites, etc.), in asthma and in cardiac affections, especially in those the right side, which then depend principally on extravasations in the pulmonary veins.

The more obtuse the angle formed by the trunk and the surface of the bed, the more intense is the orthopnea. Consumptives are accustomed to remain seated for many hours, with the object of hindering the escape of liquids from cavities through the corresponding bronchia.

Simple Method for Re-Animation.

At a meeting of the last congress of German scientists this subject was discussed, and Dr. H. Frank mentioned that there are but two ways to stimulate the heart—electricity and mechanical concussion of the heart. The first is considered dangerous by him, as it may easily destroy the last power of contraction remaining in the organ. But what is termed "pectoral concussion" is decidedly preferable. Dr. F.'s method is as follows:

He flexes the hands on the wrist to an obtuse angle, places them both near each other in the ileo-cæcal region, and makes vigorous strokes in the direction of the heart and of the diaphragm. These strokes are repeated from fifteen to twenty times, and are succeeded by a pause, during which he strikes the chest over the heart repeatedly with the palm of his hand. In favorable cases this method is early successful, and sometimes a twitching of the lids or the angles of the mouth appears with surprising rapidity as the first sign of returning life. As soon as these symptoms are noted, the simple manipulations above described must be earnestly continued and persevered in from a half to one hour, for, with their cessation, the phenomena indicating beginning return of life also cease. Generally, the face assumes a slight reddish tint, and at the same time a faint pulsation may be felt in the carotids. By this method Dr. F. has seen life return in fourteen cases, among whom were such as had hung themselves, drowned, and asphyxiated by carbonic oxide, and in one case by croup.

Tired Eyes.

People speak about their eyes being fatigued, meaning that the retina, or nerve portion of the brain that does the seeing is fatigued, but such is not the case, as the retina rarely tires. The fatigue is in the inner and outer muscles attached to the eyeball, and the muscle of accommodation which surrounds the lens of the eye. When a near object is to be looked at, this muscle relaxes and allows the lens to thicken, increasing its refractive power. The inner and outer muscles are used in covering the eye on the object to be looked at, the inner one being especially used when a near object is to be looked at. It is in these three muscles mentioned that the fatigue is felt, and relief is secured temporarily by closing the eyes or gazing at far distant objects. The usual indication of strain is a redness of the rim of the eyelid, betokening a congested

tion. A flannel shirt exactly like those made for the men, boy's size, worn inside of a dress body and belted in at the waist, is very charming and comfortable beyond imagining.

The duchess is a stately redingote designed for late autumn wear, made of dove-grey soldier's cloth and trimmed with a single row of fine gold and silver passementerie. There is a full drapery of the cloth at the back, gathered closely and applied to the centre forms of the bodice portion. The sleeves are half open, and lined with grey and gold shot surah.

A lady who has given the matter much attention is authority for the declaration that in kissing all men kiss with too much force. A kiss to be appreciated by a girl, she says, must be gentle and not rough, and under no circumstances should have any suggestions of tobacco or John Barleycorn. As the result of comparing notes with many ladies married and engaged, she asserts that the kisses of three-fourths of mankind, husbands lovers and brothers, are "smoky."

Very long scarfs of black lace in various fine delicate patterns are imported and are to be as fashionable as they were a few years ago. These come in lengths which vary from two and one-half to four yards, and some are nearly a yard in width. They are to be worn either in the picturesque fashion of Spanish women, or fastened closely at the throat with a gold or silver lace-pin or clasp set with gems. The ends of some of the longest reach quite to the edge of the skirt hem.

Large Directoire hats with low crowns and projecting brims are imported both in velvet and felt. These are stylish and picturesque for visiting and carriage wear, but for general uses the toque and the English turban will be highly favoured. The "Aureole" hat is another rather striking model for dressy wear. The crown is wreathed with large, full ostrich plumes; and at the edge of the brim is a band of the same plumage, short and fluffy, which surrounds the face like a halo.

Many of the new basques and bodices are lengthened to cover the hips more deeply. The vest buttoned on each side to the corsage, the plastron, the separate waistcoat, the pleated shoulder-pieces, the demure nun's corsage with soft folds lapping each other over the chest, the surplice front crossing from right to left, the round waist with its charming belt adornings, the pointed corsage with revers of all shapes and kinds, each and all, are among the new or repeated fancies of the season. It is almost impossible to go far astray in the design of the bodice, as the variety of models is now so limitless that any graceful style becoming to the wearer is good form. The broad and showy Directoire revers give the effect of breadth, and are seen alike on the simplest and the richest gowns. The high military collars and the deep turn-over models are equally popular.

There are twenty-five miles of shelves in the British Museum reading room.

Col. L. Fontaine of Canton, Miss., has trained a pair of pet bears so that he drives them double to a buggy. He occasionally appears on the streets with them, scaring the horses half out of their wits, and amusing the small boys greatly. The bears amble along at a pretty fair sort of a pace.

John Kaufman of Brazil, Ind., who died suddenly the other day, had a most curious mania for stealing women's shoes. He never stole anything else. A few years ago he was arrested, and forty or fifty pairs of shoes and slippers were recovered. He was imprisoned for a short time for the offence. After his death over sixty pairs of women's shoes were found in the hut where he lived alone.

many of them of good size. He made them his pets, much the same as a boy would rabbits, or a woman a pug dog, and kept them in his room. The snakes, however, had a habit of crawling out of their box and exploring the house, where one of them was found under a mat by the lady of the house. There was a scene, and the snakes were ever after consignad to more appropriate quarters.

Mr. McIntosh intends taking a vacation in the country in a few weeks. If his plans succeed, he will bring back a finer collection of snakes than ever met the appreciative eye of a man in the clutches of delirium tremens.

The Gilbert Islands.

A San Francisco dispatch says that the Germans are taking steps to add the Gilbert archipelago to their other posssessions in the Pacific. This group forms a portion of a chain of small islands stretching between the Philippines and the Fijis. Nearest the former lie the Pelews, then come the Carolines; east and north of the latter are the Marshall Islands, subdivided into the Radack and Ralick; southeast of these are found the Gilbert; finally, south of the Gilbert is the Ellice group, which brings the line toward the Fijis and Samoa. This chain covers a distance of more than 3,000 miles. The dispute between Germany and Spain three years ago as to the ownership of the Carolines caused a more careful defining of the groups. Under the decision of Pope Leo, to whom as arbiter the controversy was referred, the Carolines proper, situated south of the Ladrones, were assigned to Spain, like the Pelews to the west of them. The eastern limit of the Carolines was put at 164°, and dominion beyond that point was conceded to Germany, who promptly took possession of the Marshall Islands, put them under a Commissioner, while a German commercial company on the island of Jaluit took charge of the trade of the group, imposing port fees. It is said that they also put a small tax on the natives, who were accordingly by no means favorably impressed with their new allegiance.

The Pope's decision had at least carefully separated Spanish from German jurisdiction, so that the former extends over an unbroken area, including the Philippines, Pelews, Ladrones, and Carolines; but the extent of German sovereignty did not so distinctly appear. Since then, however, Great Britain and Germany are said to have drawn a line, mutually satisfactory, in this region, so that presumably the formal occupation of the Gilbert Islands accorded with their arrangement. Although the little trading as yet done in that region has fallen more into the hands of Germans than into those of Americans, yet the American Board of Foreign Missions has had its stations established there for more than thirty years. It is stated that of late the religious work in the Marshall and Gilbert groups has been largely or wholly under the charge of the Sandwich Islanders, who can better endure the climate than Americans; but there is a training school for the two groups on the island of Kusaie, in the Eastern Carolines. The Gilbert and the Marshall group were, until the German annexation of the latter, independent, being governed by their own chiefs. These islands are of the usual low coral formation, having few products of importance for export except dried cocoanut, but this attracted German traders to the islands of Jaluit and Sikieb, and the formecan now boast of a German Consular

The Gilbert Islands lie directly on the equator, stretching through several hundred miles of north and south latitude. They include scores of small islands, among the most important being Makin, Maraki, Nanonti, Apamama, Onatoa, and Arorai. On

recent German maps the indication of German sovereignty has been distinctly confined to the Marshall group, leaving the Gilbert group unclaimed. But the conference held a year or two ago on the subject of the boundaries in this part of the Pacific between England and Germany has presumably governed the recent action of the Germans, who are said to have established themselves on one island of the Gilbert group, and to have visited others as if with intent to occupy them. The Marshall and Gilbert Islands may properly enough be under the same rule. When the Madrid papers announced the decision of the Pope in the Carolines dispute they conceded that both the Marshall and Gilbert groups were to go to Germany. The process of snapping up groups and single islands in the Pacific has been greatly stimulated by the prospective opening of the isthmus route, in which case even possessions which now seem of little value may possible be turned to some account.

PASSING NOTES.

"Do you enjoy good health?" "Why, yes; to be sure: who doesn't?"

The origin of pools is not known. The Pool of Siloam is probably the first of which history speaks.

At 260 yards the Lepel rifle would go through two men. The French arsenals have enough ammunition to supply each soldier with 2,500 cartridges.

Smallpox and other epidemics are threatening to break out. The more reason why cleanliness should be preached and practised. The scavenger and engineer do more for health than the doctor.

The census of those territories taken in 1885 shows that out of a white population of nearly 50,000 less than 2,000 were foreign born. In Manitoba, with a population of over 100,000, less than twelve per cent. are foreigners and nearly 70 per cent. of the people were born either in Ontario or Manitoba

Near Edgbaston, England, is a pasture where a horse and a goat grazed. Some rude boys amused themselves by throwing stones at the goat and beating it, and were having a fine time when the horse cantered up, kicked, struck, and bit at the boys, and grabbing one young ruffian by the coat collar yanked him clean over the hedge.

We occasionally hear complaints because of the alleged slow growth of Manitoba and the North-West Territories and we would all be glad to see this newer portion of the Dominion make even more rapid progress than it is now making. There is, however, one fact connected with this to be greater Canada which must be gratifying to all true Canadians and that is that the boundless prairies promise to be peopled by those to whom the title of British and Canadian will be something more than a mere empty name.

Dr. Dastre, a French physiologist, who has been experimenting with animals to determine the nature of seasickness, reports that after they had been subjected to various kinds of motion, corresponding to the rolling and pitching of vessels, he found their intestines strangely displaced. He concludes that a similar disturbance produced seasickness on board ship. Cocaine is said to be an excellent remedy. Another French physician who agrees with Dr. Dastre as to the causes of seasickness, claims to have discovered two infallible remedies, one a mixture of atropine and strychnine, and the other caffeine.

We have no reason to feel ashamed of the growth of our North-West. Winnipeg is to-day a thriving city containing upwards

Oh, Canada!

The haddock's feet are on thy shore,
Canada, my Canada!
The halibut is at the door,
Canada, my Canada!
For smelt and gudgeon, chub and eel,
For codfish, hake, and mackereel,
Arise and meet the Yankee steel,
Canada, my Canada!

Thou wilt not cower in the brine,
Canada, my Canada!
Thou wilt not drop thy fishing line,
Canada, my Canada!
Defend thy sculpine, save thy skate,
Strike for thy shad with sole elate,
Don't swear and spit upon thy bait,
Canada, my Canada!

Deal gently with a herring race,
Canada, my Canada!
Put up your swordfish in its place,
Canada, my Canada!
If for reprisal you would sue,
Just turn your other cheek; please do
And take a Yankee smack or two,
Canada, my Canada!

—[Philadelphia Inquirer

Proud of His Memory.

Brown: I say, Dumley, you haven't forgotten that ten dollar bill you borrowed of me a long time ago, have you?

Dumley (in a hurt tone of voice): Forgotten it, my dear boy? Do you think I'm so weak-minded as all that? I'd rather a man would impugn my credit any day than my memory.

Opposition is what we want, and must have, to be good for anything. Hardship is the native soil of manhood and self-reliance.

Pans of water placed in fruit and berry patches will keep birds from eating the fruit. An English naturalist claims that the reason birds eat cherries and strawberries is because in the blazing heat they get dreadfully thirsty. If the birds can easily get at water they soon leave off taking the fruit.

Preacher (at Waifs' mission)—"Yes, my dear children, you little know of the blessed influences which now surround you. My son is here with me to-day, and I will ask him for a leaf from his own experience. Stand up, my son, and speak so all the children can hear you. How were you led to the Sabbath school?" Preacher's son (fiercely)—"By the ear."

Would Throw That In.

"My friend," said a tight-fisted banker to a young man who had pulled him out of the water, "I appreciate the fact that you have saved my life and I am prepared to reward you—to reward you liberally for your services. What can I do for you?"

"Well, sir, there was a suit of clothes spoilt," said the rescuer, who was good-natured, though not educated; "that would be about seventeen dollars; then I lost my hat; that would be fifty cents; then I took considerable liquor to keep off a cold, which cost me a quarter. I don't think of anything else, sir."

"But you do not mention the fact that you have saved my life. What can I do for you on that score?"

"Oh, well, call the whole thing eighteen dollars—that's as much as it's worth, I guess."

The Sea.

The word of the sweetest songs, and all songs,
That strong and delicious word which, creeping to my feet,

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We have no reason to feel ashamed of the growth of our North-West. Winnipeg is to-day a thriving city containing upwards of 20,000 people, and yet the man is still young who can remember Fort Garry as a Hudson Bay port, surrounded by its beggarly collection of huts. But we say emphatically that even had the development of the North-west proceeded more slowly than it has it would be better so than that it should lose its distinctive British and Canadian character and become a collection of foreign colonies whose people would remain unmoved at the sight of the maple leaf or red cross of St. George.

Hostilities have been resumed in the Soudan, and the forces of the Mahdi have made an attack upon the British garrison at Suakim. There is reason to believe that the troubles at so many points in Africa have been due to a concerted policy on the part of the Arabs, who have discovered in a slowly advancing civilization the danger of serious set-back to the traffic which they have carried on so long and so defiantly. A half-hearted policy on the part of Great Britain at this juncture, such as that which led to the fall of Khartoum, might involve very serious and far-reaching consequences.

Credit is the curse of the working classes in this country. It is the enemy of all thrift. Men and women literally drift into debt and it is only when it is too late they find there is no escape. The facilities for furnishing on credit have much to do with the evil of too early marriages and those who begin married life in debt as a rule never get out of it except by bankruptcy and the insolvent's sponge, and that means, with working men being completely sold out. Men marry on credit and repent on judgment summonses. Then a women often gets into debt without the knowledge of her husband and keeps him in ignorance of proceedings being taken against him tell it be too late. A wife that will go into debt without letting her husband know ought to be divorced, though, to be sure, there are often great temptations when doing so. All sound credit rests on the two bases of property or character, and it is just those who are most destitute of both that rush most easily into debt. If it had not been for credit many would have been comfortable if not wealthy who are now beggars If people could only be persuaded to do without every thing for which they cannot pay in cash the half of life's miseries would disappear.

Michel Eugene Chevreul, the discoverer of margarine, is lying in Paris at the point of death at the extremely advanced age of 102. Most people imagine that this substitute for butter is a recent invention, whereas it was in 1813, seventy-five years ago that Chevreul discovered pig's lard yielded two fats; and one of them, because of the pearly appearance of its potash salt, he called "Margarin," the term being derived from the Greek word for a "pearl-shell." All the world is now familiar with the name, it having been misappropriated by those who manufacture beasts' fat for the butter market, as also by the Governments in legislating for the traffic. Chevreul has been mankind's schoolmaster in fat and soap. It was he, too, who first obtained the pure spermaceti fat from the substance that is mixed with the oil in the head of the great sperm-whale. And talking of margarine we note that under the newly enacted law of England requiring oleomargarine and other substitutes for butter to be called by their right name, the importation of the stuff has greatly decreased, while the importation of butter has very materially increased, proving plainly that the deception practised was largely the cause of the former great demand for olemargarine, butterine, etc.

The Sea.

The word of the sweetest songs and all songs,
That strong and delicious word which, creeping to my feet,
The sea whispered me

It was a habit of the late Professor R. A. Proctor to take an hour's nap every afternoon, and his wife always sat by his bedside while he was sleeping.

Mrs. Simpkins—"Did you go to the grocer's to-day and pay that bill?" Mr. S.—"I started there, but concluded to put it off." "You did! And yet you had the money in your pocket." "My dear, didn't you ever go to a dentist to have a tooth pulled and turn back? And yet you had the tooth in your head. I don't see why a woman can't be consistent sometimes."

A Juvenile Financier.

Harry (who had some money given him to spend at the fair): Papa, things were so cheap at the fair that thirty cents of my money was wasted.

Papa: Wasted?

Harry: Yes; I didn't spend it.

Toronto. F. B. HAVILARD

He Liked to be Accurate.

The farmer's wife ran out to the road and looked up and down. A tramp was shuffling along, when she hailed him. "I say, did you see any cows in the corn in that corner lot?"

"No, ma'am," he replied as he lifted his hat, "I didn't see any cows in the corn, but I did see some of the corn going into the cows at—"

But she was off.

At Opelika a venerable colored man struck me for a quarter to "help repair our meetin' house from damage by de cyclone." "Where is the meeting house?" I asked. "Right ober yere about a mile." "You are the fifth person that has asked for money for that church within three hours. When was it damaged by a cyclone?" "A spell ago." "I rode by it yesterday and it appeared all right." Yes, sah, it ar' all right, now." "We ar' expectin' anoder cyclone in de fall, sah, an' it's gwine ter be a hustler an' blow de spire cl'ar off. Ize collectin' agin it, sah, so we kin make quick repa'rs."

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Time Table, No. 13.

In Effect Nov. 28, 1887.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	11 50	5 10
Napanee Mills	"	12 05	5 25
Newburgh	"	12 15	5 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	12 20	5 38
Camden East	"	12 25	5 43
Yarker	"	12 40	6 00
Colebrook*	"	12 43	6 02
Galbraith Road	"	12 45	6 05
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground		12 50	6 10
Moscow	"	12 55	6 15
Mudlake Bridge*	"	1 03	6 25
Enterprise	"	1 10	6 30
Wilson's Crossing*	"	1 18	6 38
Tamworth	Arrive	1 30	6 50

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	6 40	2 30
Wilson's Crossing†	"	6 55	2 40
Enterprise	"	7 00	2 50
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 07	3 00
Moscow	"	7 15	3 05
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 25	3 00
Colebrook†	"	7 28	3 15
Yarker	"	7 30	3 15
Camden East	"	7 45	3 17
Thompson's Mills*	"	7 50	3 20
Newburgh	"	7 55	3 35
Napanee Mills	"	8 05	4 42
Napanee	Arrive.	8 20	4 50

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

HOUSEHOLD.

Parental Responsibility.

This sounds old, and yet parents keep right on forgetting their responsibility.

One of the most difficult lessons to be impressed on any mind, is the power and extent of individual influence. In nine cases but of ten, the mother's influence is more lasting in her family than the father's, but both parents are equally responsible in their high and holy callings, and it is a pity that parents are so slow to believe that their children are what they make them.

Now, I want to talk just for a few minutes with you, mothers. It may be dry talk—nothing "funny," but true.

The oak which waves in our forests to-day wes its form, its specie and its tint to the acorn which dropped from its ancestor. Human life extends beyond the three score and ten years which bound its visible existence here. The characters of the dead are inwrought into those of the living; the generations below the sod formed that which now dwells and acts upon the earth. Parents of this generation are molding that which shall succeed it, and distant posterity shall inherit the characteristics which we impress into our children to day. Is it indeed true that the generation crumbling with the dust formed that which now dwells and acts upon the earth? Is it true, that when we ourselves are mingled with it a generation shall be left behind which shall bear our impress; that the happiness of the living are indeed affected by those whose very names are forgotten upon this earth? We must believe it is truly so.

Ten thousand shades of character make an age, ten thousand influences leave the playground to tell upon the nation. In what light then must we regard parental responsibility? Let the parents whose work is yet to do or now in progress ponder it well. If it is true that the happiness of families, the well-being of the nation are in the trust of parents, if parental character produces effects which stretch from time into eternity, which are seen through all the phases of society, commencing around the cradle and extending into the company of seraphim, then surely parental responsibility is a subject worthy of deepest consideration.

As parents, we should not treat lightly our commission, and yet not be over-sensitive with a feeling that such responsibilities are awful. They ask but faithfulness and love, and met by these return a reward, soul touching and unending.

Mischievous Babies

Are a great care to the mother who is cook, housemaid, sewing woman and nurse all at once, and where to put them for safety is a great problem. For my creeping children, I had made a sort of little table, with outward-sloping legs mounted on casters. The top of the table was twenty-two inches square. One half the top was moveable, attached by a pivot. In the centre of the table was a hole just large enough to admit the baby below the arms. When in this, the six-months-old baby could travel as fast as any of the older children. There was no danger of burnt fingers or other hurts, for the table projected two or three inches beyond the little fingers. A slight rim around the edge sufficed to keep toys in reaching distance. Care was taken not to allow the child to become tired. There were no bad results from the use, but I think he would have walked alone sooner without it, as he was a year old before he would attempt to walk where he could not touch his fingers. A better contrivance, because two children can be secured in it at once, is to have a large dry goods

chop half of a small, raw onion and two sprigs of parsley. Put a tablespoonful of butter in a sauce-pan, and let heat; put in the onion and parsley with half a cup of flour, stir well until cooked, then add a cupful of soup stock, and stir until a smooth paste. Season with pepper and salt, a little grated nutmeg and the juice of half of a small onion; stir well together, and mix in the pieces of chicken. Mold into croquettes, roll in cracker crumbs, dip in egg, and fry in boiling lard. Garnish with parsley, and arrange standing on a large dish.

TO TOW WHEAT TO EUROPE.

A Scheme from Duluth but one not Likely to Succeed.

A man in Duluth has an invention which he thinks will cheapen by half the cost of transporting grain and lumber from the Northwest to Europe. In his idea there are suggestions of the Leary raft, a canal boat, and a torpedo boat. His plan is to make cigar-shaped cylinders of steel, which are to be loaded in Duluth with grain, sealed up, taken in tow through the lakes to Buffalo, through the Erie Canal to Albany, down the Hudson, and over to Liverpool, without once breaking bulk.

One of these shells is now on the stocks at Duluth, and it will be sent to Liverpool as soon as it is tested and the necessary contracts for towing are made. It is likely, though, that more than one shell will be built before an experimental trip across the ocean is made, as it would not be a complete experiment nor would it pay to take over only one shell. The shells are made as large as the locks of the Erie Canal will permit. That is the limit to the size of any vessel bound from Duluth to New York.

The shells are made of steel plates riveted to each other like a boiler's plates. Inside there is a sheathing to prevent the water from getting into the wheat. That is all there is to the interior. Outside there is a railing around the hatch and a place for a man to stand and steer. The steering apparatus is detachable. The intention is to have a steersman on each shell while going through the Erie Canal and other canals on the way from Duluth to New York, but at New York to lash the shells together and tow them across to Liverpool, taking the quietest time of the year to go and the easiest routes, without an effort to make any quicker transit than a sailing vessel would, though in time improvement might come that would allow quicker transportation.

The saving would be in elevator charges, in the cost of loading and unloading at Buffalo and New York, and in the reduced cost of towing, as it would be cheaper to tow the shells over than to load the wheat on a steamer and take it across. The grain comes by rail from the wheat fields of Minnesota, Dakota, and Manitoba to Duluth, where it is put in the grain elevators until ready for shipment. At present it is taken from there through the lakes to Buffalo, elevated again, put in canal boats, taken to New York, again elevated, put into a steamer, and sent to Liverpool. The waves can wash over the shells all they wish, as the shells are hermetically sealed, and the water will not get in unless the seams start.

The main trouble will be in keeping the tow together in the ocean. The waves may break the tow line or a storm may arise and swamp everything. The towing steamer might have to part with the shells to save itself, but they would float, and though the chance of picking them up after they were once cut loose would be small, there would be a possibility of it.

If this invention turns out well it will cut the cost of transporting wheat from Duluth to Liverpool five to twelve cents a bushel.

ON A FEVER TRAIN.

Incidents of a Trip Northward of Panic-Stricken Refugees.

Never, says a correspondent, did man take a ghastlier ride than our correspondent when he left the Union depot with the train of yellow fever refugees from Florida.

The stop in Atlanta, the serving of lunches and the excitement of the city, seemed to have infected the crowd, and from the time the train pulled out of the depot it was apparent that Dr. Guiteras had lost control of them. Men and women were nervous to an uncontrollable degree. A half dozen stronger spirits would organize on each car and practically take charge of it. If a passenger complained of feeling unwell there was instant demand for him to be put off the train. In two cases this demand would have been enforced by main strength but for the determination of two or three humane and determined men. In one car a woman was taken with a chill, which in a few moments was succeeded by fever. She was immediately taken from one car into another, and the car she was ejected from was barricaded and no one allowed to go out or in. This trick was soon discovered, and as the rumour passed that there were sick people on this car, a quarantine was immediately established in every other car. The consequence was that before the train reached the Carolina line every car was practically barricaded against every other car, and there was quarantine all along the line. Having been locked up for nearly two days and nights, without sleep, excited by the fears of the plague, hungry and thirsty, it is remarkable that there were not actual tragedies enacted on the train.

A curious and ludicrous effect was produced at almost every station. The crowd of loafers that usually hang about depots came peering about the car windows to investigate the train. Upon being informed that it was the yellow fever train, they fled like sheep, and as the contagion spread, one could see from the car window whole villages scudding around corners, and taking for the woods, as the dread train moved its slow and ghastly length along. At Westminster, or near Westminster, S. C., four of the passengers on the train were missing. It was presumed that in some way they had escaped from the car after the train had pulled out, and taken their chances by a jump from the cars and a dash into the woods.

A very strange thing was done upon the arrival of the refugees at Hendersonville. Dr. Guiteras removed all restraint upon reaching this point. There was no quarantine established, and the excursionists who had been so carefully guarded all the way from Florida to this point were at liberty to go where they pleased. There being no quarantine against Hendersonville, and no quarantine there, there is nothing to prevent the 400 refugees, seven of whom are down with the fever, going where they please. They are scattering widely.

When the train load of yellow-faced, gaunt, and nervous refugees were dumped at Hendersonville's gates a scene was witnessed which rivalled the most affecting scenes of war times. Men who, in the rush at Jacksonville, had been separated from their families, hustled into cars and locked up, and who had made the entire trip without knowing whether or not their families were on board, upon being given their freedom rushed madly from one group to another in the too frequently vain search for their loved ones, until, worn out and completely undone from loss of sleep and nervous prostration, they sank to the ground unable to go further, and remained there until the relief committee which had been

before he would attempt to walk where he could not touch his fingers. A better contrivance, because two children can be secured in it at once, is to have a large dry goods box mounted on casters. Remove the nails projecting on the inside, and pad the sides with old comforts or cotton batting ; cover with cretonne or furniture calico. If two or three six inch square windows are left in it, it becomes a veritable doll house, and few children will refuse to go into it. However, it must be always understood that it is a house for good children. If the child is put there for punishment it will never be thought a nice house again. One woman utilized the sawn into portions of a sugar hogshead to keep two lively youngsters out of harm's way.

Any of these arrangements saves the mother a great deal of worry and the child a great deal of suffering. Every large city daily has accounts of more or less little children scalded or bruised or burned, falling from windows or drinking lye or other poisons that nobody thought the child would touch. I am acquainted with a woman, now nearly sixty years old, who has never been able to either speak or hear since the time she toddled out where her mother was making soap and drank some strong lye.

Recipes.

WAFFLES.—Beat three eggs very light, to which add one pint of rich milk, two tablespoonfuls of butter, a teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, with flour sufficient to make a soft batter. Bake quickly in buttered waffle-irons, and serve very hot.

BAKED APPLES.—Pare and core large, juicy apples. Fill the cavities with sugar and a little lemon juice and thin slices of the rind ; put them in a pan with a little water, and sprinkle sugar over the tops ; baste them often, and when done, set them away to cool. Serve with cream.

BROILED PHEASANT.—Place on a steamer over hot water until tender ; rub over with salt, pepper and butter ; lay on a greased gridiron, and set over live coals ; broil and turn until both sides are brown. Take up, put on a pan and cover with butter. Put in a very hot oven ten minutes, and serve with currant jelly.

BOILED CORNED BEEF.—Put a piece of corned beef in a pot with cold water to cover, let come to a boil, and set on the back of the stove to boil slowly. Let simmer fou hours—longer if very large. When nearly done, scrape a dozen carrots and drop in. When done, dish, and arrange the carrots around. Serve with small pickles.

TOMATO SOUP.—Peel a dozen large tomatoes, boil until they are thoroughly done, and press through a sieve. To a quart of tomato pulp add a teaspoonful of soda. Put an ounce of butter in a sauce-pan, and heat, stirring in a small tablespoonful of flour ; when cooked, pour in a pint of hot milk. Season with a little cayenne pepper and salt. Throw in a handful of broken crackers, let boil, and add the tomato pulp. Heat without boiling, and serve.

FRIED LIVER WITH BROWN SAUCE.—Cut the liver in slices, cover with boiling water, and let stand five minutes ; take out of the water and wipe dry ; dredge with flour, salt and pepper. Put two slices of fat bacon in a frying pan, put the liver in, fry brown on one side and then on the other. Place on a hot dish with the bacon, cut in small pieces. To the grease in the pan add a tablespoonful of flour, and stir until brown ; pour in half a pint of soup stock, a tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce and mushroom catsup each, with salt to taste ; pour over the liver and serve.

CHICKEN CROQUETTES.—Boil one large chicken, with an onion thro vn in the water. When done, cut the chicken in small pieces; once cut loose would be small, there would be a possibility of it.

If this invention turns out well it will cut the cost of transporting wheat from Duluth to Liverpool five to twelve cents a bushel. That will be a big item when multiplied by the millions of bushels yearly exported from the Northwest. The saving by not having to break bulk at Buffalo would alone amount to three to five cents a bushel, and if the New York to Liverpool part of the experiment is a failure there remains a large probability of cutting the wheat rate between Duluth and New York while navigation on the Erie Canal is open.

This, if successful, will be a much bigger thing than Mr. Leary's experiment of bringing lumber from Nova Scotia here in rafts, as it will change the whole lake trade. If successful, the lake schooners which are now making enough profit in three good years to pay for themselves will have to come down in their freight rates, and the railroads running to Duluth will be banned, while the all-rail freight routes most will suffer. There is a fight between Duluth and Chicago now for the wheat of the Northwest. Duluth has the advantage of shorter distances of railroad transportation from the wheat fields, while Chicago has the larger capital and the older business. Duluth has large ore shipments in addition to the grain, and, though the ore is not shipped to Europe a cheap rate of transportation would enable the ore companies to send it to New York. It already goes to Cleveland. On the return the shells might be used to take coal to the Northwest. Most of the coal consumed in the Northwest comes from Buffalo, the freight west being coal, and east grain and ore.

A Trifle Skeptical.

Minister—Well, Bobby, what did you learn at school to-day?

Bobby—I learned that the world is round, and turns on hinges like that globe in the parlor.

Minister—Well, what did you think of that?

Bobby—I think they're asking me to believe a good deal for a small boy.

Education in Toronto.

Toronto is steadily advancing in educational matters. The University has had two additional professorships endowed by the city, and is erecting a large and handsome building for the School of Practical Science ; a new Ladies' College has been opened under the auspices of the Baptist University, and a College of Music has been opened under the direction of Mr. F. H. Torrington, who has been for sixteen years organist of the Metropolitan Methodist Church and conductor of the Philharmonic Society. In its system of teaching and the scope of its departments, the College resembles the University and provides a practical education, for both professional and amateur, in all branches of music.

A Single Trial

Is all that is needed to prove that Polson's Nerviline is the most rapid and certain remedy in the world for pain. It only costs 10 cents for a trial bottle. A single trial bottle will prove Nerviline to be equally efficacious as an external or internal remedy, and for pain of every description it has no equal. Try 10 cent sample bottle. Sold by druggists. Large bottles 25 cents. Avoid substitutes.

Two young Germans in Berlin fought a duel with tricycles. Starting at 300 yards apart, they charged full tilt against each other, with slight injury to themselves and serious hurts to their machines. Their honor was satisfied.

for their loved ones, until, worn out and completely undone from loss of sleep and nervous prostration, they sank to the ground unable to go further, and remained there until the relief committee which had been organized by the citizens carried them to the hospitable homes of some of the villagers, where they were cared for. Mothers with babies in their arms, and children clinging to their knees, as they cried for food and water and a resting place, were vainly searching among the crowd for missing husbands. Children were searching for parents, and parents for children. It took the whole day to get the refugees comfortably quartered, and this was not accomplished until long lines of tents had been pitched in every part of the town.

The Kindlier Country Way.

Now it is inevitable that the kindliest people living in cities should fall into a greater reserve of manner toward strangers than that developed in the country, where people know all about their neighbors. In a city you cannot nod to everybody you meet on the street ; there is not time for it. You cannot even call on those who live in the same block with you. You may be living in the next house to a professional gambler and have no means of ascertaining the fact. All these things produce in people from the cities a habit of more guarded intercourse, which is certainly less pleasant than the kindlier country way, but is not easy to lay aside. Again, the mere possession of a new acquaintance, as such, is a privilege to one who habitually lives an isolated life, but is not a thing so eagerly desired by those who live in a crowd all the time, and have rather to acquire the habit of defending themselves against numbers. Indeed a great deal of what is called hospitality in thinly settled regions and new communities has no especial unselfishness about it ; where neighors and guests are few it is really the visitor who confers the favor. To give the pleasure of his company becomes in that case a phrase of some meaning.

A Little Too Much.

Dumley (to driver)—How much?

Driver—Ten dollars, sir.

Dumley—Wha-at ! That's too much.

Driver—It's a long drive out there an' back, sir, an' them hosses had to have oats, an' (dubiously) I'm afeered that nigh one had too much ; he ain't actin' right.

Dumley (indignantly)—Well, I don't propose that you shall kill your horses at my expense.

Colonel Markham, an English hunter, has a good record in the tiger line. He has killed seventy-two.

Harvest Excursion to Minnesota, Dako-ta and Montana. First class accommodation. Tickets good for 30 days, including stop over privilege of 10 days going and 5 days returning, on the following ateds : Tuesday, Sept. 25 ; Tuesday, Oct. 9 and Tuesday, Oct. 23. For free maps, books and all particulars, address J. M. HUCKINS, Trav. Pass. Agent, Palmer House Block, Toronto ; F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent ; J. BOOKWALTER, Land Commissioner

Memphis has a charter for a bridge across the Mississippi, and Vicksburg is likely to obtain one, also

Coff No More.

Watson's cough drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. See that the letters R. & T. W. are stamped on each drop.

A Better Name.

Pretty Cousin (to young Sissy) Why, Charley, since I last saw you you have grown quite a beard.

Young Sissy—Ya'as, Maude; mutton-chop whiskers, you know.

Pretty Cousin—Oh, are they? Why they look more like lamb chop whiskers.

Economy in Dress.

Dressmaker—There doesn't seem to be stuff enough here to make a train three yards long.

Society Belle—Dear me! how much more is needed?

"About half a yard."

"Well, take it off the neck."

Harvest Excursions.

The Chicago & North-Western Railway Company announces a series of harvest excursions to points in Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota and Nebraska, for which tickets will be sold, September 11th, September 25th, October 9th, and October 23rd, at the rate of one fare for the round trip. These excursions will afford exceptional opportunities for personal inspection of the productive country reached by the Chicago and North-Western Railway lines. For full information address E. P. Wilson, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

The home of Audobon, the naturalist, on Twelfth avenue, New York, is to be sold.

"He most lives who thinks the most,
Acts the noblest feels the best,
And he whose heart beats quickest
Lives the longest, lives in one hour
More than in years do some whose
Fat blood sleeps as it slips along their veins."

These lines describe that condition of perfect health which all men and women *wish* to enjoy. To be able to think clearly, to incline to do noble acts, to live long and joyously, we must be free from the domination of disease. By taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery we may, by purifying the blood, escape consumption, general debility, and weakness, and *all* blood and skin diseases, and verify the truth of poetry as well as fact.

My love was like a lily fair,
Low crooping in the sultry air,
My heart was rent with grief and care.
I loved her well.

But lo! The wonder grows and grows;
My love's now like a blooming rose.
How bright her face with beauty glows,
I dare not tell.

The wandering bee would stop to sip,
The nectar of her perfect lip.
'Twas Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription wrought the spell.

Oscar Wilde has made a success of his fairy stories.

The only reliable cure for catarrh is Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

James Carlyle, brother of Thomas, is the only surviving member of the Carlyle family now in England.

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Merchants, Butchers,

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We want a GOOD MAN in your locality to pick up

CALF SKINS

For us. Cash Furnished on satisfactory guaranty. Address,

C. S. PAGE,
HYDE PARK, Vermont, U. S.

TO FIRST APPLYING, WHILE THEY LAST.

We will send by mail an appropriate gift to each maiden, wife, mother or cook—one to a family—who will try the BREADMAKER'S BAKING POWDER

Cut the red circle from the label and send it in a letter stating honest opinion after fair trial. Either a 5, 10 or 25 cent size will secure the gift.

Any grocer or storekeeper knows where to get it if asked for by you.—*Address*—

CHURCHILL & CO., TORONTO

Nervous Debility.

DR. GRAY'S Specific has been used for the past fifteen years with great success, in the treatment of Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from excesses, over-worked brain, loss of vitality, ringing in the ears, palpitation, etc. For sale by all druggists. Price $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price. Pamphlet on application

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Toronto

Now that the Cool Autumn Days

Have come, every one feels the want of a WARMING, INVIGORATING BEVERAGE, and this want is fully supplied by

JOHNSTON'S

FLUID BEEF

THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER. It is the greatest generator of heat. It stimulates the circulation, nourishes the system and fortifies it against the attacks of cold and disease.

There are many IMITATIONS of

"Peerless"

MACHINE OIL,

but none equal it in lubricating properties. FARMERS, MILLMEN, etc, find none equal to the GENUINE Peerless made by

SAMUEL ROGERS & CO., TORONTO.
Sold by dealers everywhere.

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASS'N.

Capital and Funds now over $3,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE. - - 15 TORONTO ST., TORONTO.
A Home Company, Established October 1871.

To this Date, October 31, 1887, there has been returned:

To the heirs of Policy holders (death-claims)	$649,249 00
To the holders of matured Endowment Policies	26,492 63
To Policy-holders on surrender of Policies	98,656 00
To Policy-holders for Cash profits (including those allocated and being paid)	432,544 02
To holders of Annuity Bonds	16,967 84
Loaned to Policy-holders on the Security of their Policies	82,264 98
	$1,306,174 47

Policies in Force over 10,000. **Amount over $15,000,000**

PRESIDENT—HON. SIR W. P. HOWLAND, C.B., K.C.M.G.
VICE-PRESIDENTS—WILLIAM ELLIOTT, ESQ.; EDWARD HOOPER, ESQ.
J. K. MACDONALD, Managing Director.

Policies Non-forfeitable after 2 Years and Indefeasible after 3 years.

Hop Bitters

RELY ON THEM. A Wonderful Nerve Tonic. A Medicine, Not a Drink. Recognized "the best" in England, Australia and United States.

Hop Bitters

CURE ALL DISEASES of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Urinary Organs. Get at Druggists to-day; may save your Life.

Hop Bitters

Greatest known Remedy for Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints, DRUNKENESS.
☞ 1000 Reward for case they will not cure.

Robinson&Co

Successors to Downey & Co

Millinery.

Our sucessful opening of three weeks since presaged a successful season. Thus far we are glad to say that it has been very successful, and there is not the slightest reason why it should not continue. Our goods are right, and our prices are in correspondence with the times. Miss Smith and Miss Ham are first class artists. They can please you if stylish goods, neatly trimmed, at a low price, coupled with kind and courteous treatment, can please. We are satisfied that if you once try us for Millinery you will always buy from us. This is the experience of hundreds of ladies who have made their purchases from us this season. Remember, millinery goods are sold at the regular dry goods profit here.

Dress Goods.

We excel in fine Dress Goods, Without a doubt we handle more dress goods in a month than a great many houses do in a year. This enables us to continually present to our customers the very newest goods and the very latest styles. We have a magnificent stock of Trimmings to match all goods. Our dress goods range in price from 8c per yd up.

Bazaar Glove-fitting Patterns.

We wish to call the attention of the ladies to the fact we have now a full stock of these celebrated patterns in stock. Catalogues furnished free on application.

Gloves.

The Downey Co.

Keep constantly on hand, for sale at lowest prices, the

GENUINE SCRANTON COAL.

o Blossburgh and soft coals an Hard and soft wood, cut to d split, or uncut, delivered any part of the town.

HAY,

direct from eastern townships

Good Quality, Low Price,

Cracked Feed, Corn Meal, Bran, Shorts, Hen Feed, Oats Rye, Wheat, Corn, Timothy and Clo ver, Slt etc. Try our

HUNGARIAN

flour. C sh f r all kinds of grain. Storehouse open the year round. Always in the market for grain. A call solicited.

THE DOWNEY CO.

Office, yard and storehouse, foot Centre-st.
4088ly

Pianos & Organs

—AT—

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Good second hand instruments for sale on small payments. Now is your time to secure a bargain in pianos. A fine Emerson at one quarter regular price.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

Of every description. Special lines in Ladies Notepaper and Envelopes. Wall Paper and Window Shades at 25 per cent. off.

Madden's Bookstore.

W. D. MADDEN,
2288ly Ticket Agent G. P. R.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 19, 1888

—Archer,
—The great organist,
—On Saturday night next,
—In the Eastern Methodist Church.

—Thursday, November 15th, has been appointed Thanksgiving Day.

— Go and hear the great organist in the Eastern Methodist Church Saturday night,

—A good cooking stove for sale cheap, for cash, or time if required. Apply to Geo. I. Ham 3888atf.

—Allen Van Blaricom, Amherst Island, has sold his pedigreed St Bernard dog to a New York fancier for $150.

—On our supplement will be found considerable local and other interesting matter crowded out of last issue.

—Boys ready-made suits and overcoats cheap at Robinson and Co's.

—The fall assizes for this county will be held at Napanee, on Thursday, Nov. 1st, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m.

—Rev. Dr. Bredin preached two very acceptable sermons to good congregations in the Eastern Methodist church on Sunday last.

—At the council meeting on Monday night Mr D. Henwood was appointed tax collector at a salary of $125. He is now at his work.

—The Ernesttown court of revision took place before Judge Wilkison on Friday. As there were but few errors the sitting was of very short duration.

—We were visited by quite a heavy rain storm on Tuesday evening accompanied by vivid lightening and loud thunder. Between this place and Newburgh the storm was very heavy.

—On Tuesday last a monstrous pumpkin was brought to town to town by wm. Shibley. It was raised by Dr. McCartney near Bath and weighed 101 pounds. who can beat it?

"Who will be mayor and who will be councillors next year?" is a question that is already beginning to agitate the minds of "ward politicians." Some may come and some may go, etc.

—The meetings in the western Meth. ch. have so increased in interest that the congregation will go into the church tonight. A number have been seeking religion and some converted.

—The date of Archer's visit has been changed to Saturday, 20th inst, owing to circumstances that could not be controlled here. He will on that evening appear in the Eastern Methodist Church.

—Hullett, the photographer, takes picture in sunshine or rain, mud or dust. Saturday he had his pants rolled up and was busy in the mud taking outside views. His pictures are always admired. Call and see specimens.

—Methobist Ministers in the Napanee district are hereby requested to attend a district convention in aid of the Education work on Tuesday the 3rd inst., commencing at 3 p. m. in the Eastern Meth church. A. B. Chambers, chairman.

—There is a good chance for some active and trusty men to secure paying work at once by engaging with Jas E. Whitney, nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y., to sell his warranted nursery stock. He furnishes outfit free and the work is steady. Experience is not required. 4388m

—For infraction of the Scott Act these parties have been fined this week. Wm. Grieves, of the Rush Inn, $50; Robt. Robinson, of the Richborne House, $50; Marshall Amey, second offence, $100; Mrs. Chester Files, Colebrook, $50.

—On our first page will be found an ad-

free on application.

Gloves.

Gents' Gloves in Kid Napa Buck, Buck & Wool. Gents' Mits In Kid, Napa Buck, Buck and Wool. Our Ladies' Stitched Back Kid Gloves (manufactured to our order) at $1 per pair are pronounced a superior article and the best value in the trade.

Hosiery.

Gents' Hose in Lisle, Cashmere, Scotch Wool and Wool in all sizes and at all prices. Ladies' Hose in Silk, Lisle, Cashmere and Wool. Our Ladies' Cashmere Hose at 25c per pair are a speciaty. A line of Children's Hose reduced to 5 and 10c per pair, which were 20, 25 and 30c per pair.

Flannels.

People say to us, Why is it that you can sell Flannels so so much cheaper than your neighbors? You sell us Flannels for 18, 20 and 25c that others charge us 20, 25 and 30c for. The reason is simply this—we have discovered the cheapest market in which to buy Flannels, and are giving our customers the benefit. Handling them in large quantities we handle them very closely. Our Flannels are by long odds the best values in the market to-day. Ask to see our special line of all-wool Flannels at 18c per yd.

Fine Ordered Clothing.

In this department Mr. Walters informs us that he has a splendid lot of Overcoatings for the winter season. Leave your order early, and secure a first-class garment. His stock of Scotch and Canadian Tweed Suitings is also very large.

Robinson & Co

Successors to Downey & Co

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288 1y

Chas Lane

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Gramma chool, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288 1y

D. S. Warner,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Residence next door to Dr Cook. Office, Warner block, Napanee. 2288z

—Try SPENCER'S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2.50 at GIBBARD'S.

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon, you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—You can buy a good hardwood side board at GIBBARD'S for $7.50 with glass back.

—Platform and counter scales for house and farm use, best in quality, low in price, at R. G. Wright's.

Now is the the time, if you want a new watch, go to Mr. F. Chinneck's. Just received a new lot of gold and silver watches.

—For sale at Perry & Co's—Coal oil, coal tar, pine tar, pitch, resin, lamps, chimneys, glass, putty paints oils dye stuffs patent medicines etc etc, cheaper than anywhere else in town.

—Peerless machine oil, axle grease, leather and rubber belting, lace leather, copperine babbit metal, asbestos, rubber, hemp, and soap stone packing, and all other threshers' supplies, at bottom prices at R G Wright's.

—A S Kimmerly wishes to inform the public that having secured a large stock of choice western flour before the advance he will continue to sell cheaper than other dealers can buy it wholesale. Now is the time to secure your winter's supply before a further advance. I have just received another lot of that choice 25 cent tea, beats all others,

—A large stock of Agateware just received a R. G. Wright's.

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—J. GIBBARD & SON have just manufactured the finest hardwood bedroom sets ever produced in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead, bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—Don't fail to see that $15 bedroom sett, all hardwood and extra finished, at GIBBARD'S.

—Call and see big bargains in all musical instruments school book, stationery etc. at Madden's bookstore

—All bedroom setts sold by GIBBARD & SON have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap hash that makes your face look as though you had lost the best friend on earth.

—Men's ready-mads suits and Overcoats cheap at Robinson & Co's.

—We strongly advise all our readers visiting our fall fair, to call at Gallagher's Bargain House if they require anything in wall paper, window shades, window poles, mirrors, oil paintings, school books, stationary, fancy goods, toilet soaps, etc. His stock is well selected and his prices are the lowest. A call at Gallagher's Bargain House will convince you.

—Everything goes at the 7 cent store. The man goes to strike the mouse and the mouse goes out of sight and the bargains go out of the shop as fast as they go in. Vance has large boxes of matches at 8c per box, 3 boxes of starch for 25c 2 good brooms for 25c, 2 papers of pins for 5c, 3 cakes of glycerine soap for 7c, goblets 5c, lead pencils 8 for 7c; also tinware, crockery, glassware and musical instruments at the 7 cent store, west of the Campbell House.

—Wednesday's 2 o'clock train had Tom Buckley and five other persons on board for Kingston penitentiary. THE EXPRESS reporter had a look at the individuals, and was very much struck with the hard looking appearance of the men, a harder lot it would be hard to get together. At Belleville among others who had a look at the men was a little boy, who, pointing his finger at Buckley, asked if that was the man who killed the woman at Toronto. The prisoner heard him and called out, "Yes; come here and I'll kill you too."

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

insoa, of the Tichborne House, $50; Marshall Amey, second offence, $100; Mrs. Chester Files, Colebrook, $50.

—On our first page will be found an advertisement, asking a tenant for the Switzer homestead in Ernesttown. As Mr. Switzer has been advised to go south for his health, he has determined to rent. This is an excellent opportunity for anyone desiring to secure a good farm on reasonable terms.

—On Saturday night last there was stolen from D. Bartles, residing on the old Bartles homestead, about a mile east of Morven, 27 turkeys, 9 geese, a barrel of feathers and a grindstone. The parties have been well acquainted with the surroundings as the fowl were closed in a building from foxes that had killed a number of turkeys a short time ago. No trace of the thieves.

—Send to F. P. Shumway, Jr., Boston, Mass., for a free sample copy of the COTTAGE HEARTH, a beautiful, illustrated magazine, and so realize what an extraordinary offer we are making when we offer to send both the COTTAGE HEARTH and THE EXPRESS a full year for only $1.50, when the price of THE COTTAGE HEARTH alone is $1.50 a year, thus giving you two standard publications at price of one.

—Miss Mary Detlor will open a copying office in the Campbell House Block on Monday next. Miss Detlor will be prepared to do copying of all kinds as well as shorthand work at reasonable rates. Besides doing this work Miss Detlor intends forming a class of pupils in both short hand and type writing and will be pleased to receive applications for either private or class instruction. 4688a

—Monday afternoon Mr. J. McBride, of Tyendinaga, was unloading some grain at Downey's. He had just got through his task when he commenced coughing. Losing his balance he fell out of the wagon, and there lay until picked up and carried into the office. Bleeding at the lungs set in. A physician was sent for who treated him. The man now lies at Grieves' hotel, being unable to take the journey home.

—Youths ready-made suits and overcoats cheap at Robinson & Co's.

—Mr W. A. Rose, of Turner, Rose & Co., came home the latter part of last week and left his valise, containing grocery samples and price book, just within the kitchen door of his house on John st. The next morning they were missing. On Sunday the book was returned to him, having been found on the railroad track along with some of the samples, which were spoiled. Evidently some sneak thief had pounced upon them thinking he had struck a bonanza.

—The residents of this section will be pleased to hear that the Napanee cemetery vault has undergone a thorough repair, inside and out and is now in a good strong condition—stronger than ever—for the reception of dead bodies. The front has been fitted up with new arch, door jam and coping. The stones used are of full width instead of in small pieces as formerly. The company consider they have the vault thief proof.

—Our townsmen, Messrs A. S. Kimmerly and F. Bartlett visited Kingston last week and took part in the Kingston rifle association matches. The former made 36 points in the president's and association matches, and the latter 45 in the merchants, each taking prizes. At the second day's shooting Bartlett scored 38 in the Carruthers match, 20 in the extra series, standing; 67 in the batallion shooting and 139 in the grand aggregate Kimmerly obtained 23 in the 400 and 500 yds. range; 22 in the extra series, kneeling, and 49 in the battalion shooting.

PERSONALS.

—Miss Annie Nash visited friends at Kingsford last week.

—Doutney, the temperance orator(?)is at Woodstock.

—Mr S. Gibson, registrar, spent Sunday at Picton.

—Mr Jno Downey, of Belleville, was in town on Tuesday.

—Inspector Smith, of Tamworth, called upon us Saturday.

—Mr A H Noyes, of Montreal, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr J H Gallagher returned from his western trip on Tuesday.

—Mr Jas W Garrison, of Ottawa, is spending a few days in town.

—Miss Addie and Mina Empey left on Thursday for Vancouver B C.

—Mr McQuade, Reeve Carscallen's undertaker, has arrived in town.

—Mr J. C.Drewry returned from his Manitoba trip on Friday night.

—Mr M H Kirkpatrick, of Kingston, was in town on Friday last.

—Mrs. Jas Cannif visited at the home of Mrs. M. Park, Deseronto, last week.

—Mr. H V Fralick has been the past week on a visit east, in the interest of his firm.

—Mr Stevens and his wife arrived home from their trip to New York last Saturday.

—Mr Moffatt, of the Hamilton stove firm, has been in town this week, looking up business.

—Miss Alice Shaldis, of Hamilton, spent a few days with her friend Mina Empey this week.

—Capt Garrett, late master of the Ella Ross, contemplates entering the life insurance business.

—Messrs. H Knight and Joe Bennett have returned to town and resumed work at Gibbard & Sons.

—Mr M. W. Pruyn has returned from a trip to Manitoba, looking fully better for his sojourn there.

—Mr Archie Valleau, who is attending the medical college at Kingston, was in town Wednesday.

—Rev Dr Mavety and wife, of Normolle, Ill., is visiting the latter's father and other friends in this section.

—Mrs. M. A. Schryver has gone to Chicago to reside with her son Frank, who has been there for some time.

—Mrs. Geo Eyvel, of Watertown, Dak., has returned to her home after visiting Mrs. Chas James for a time.

—Sir Richard Cartwright has been addressing a series of meetings in his constituency, South Oxford, this week.

—W C Coxall, wife and family, went to Colborne on Tuesday to the wedding of Mr. Percy Phillips and Miss Lina Coxall.

—Mr M B Sheffel, who has been working at his trade no Watertown during the summer, returned home on Tuesday evening.

—Messrs Thos Hawley and B F Smith, of Tamworth leave to-day for Basin city, Montana, having secured employment there.

—Mr Thos Jamieson returned Monday evening from a week's visit at points in the east, including Ottawa, Pembroke and Peckenham.

Mr W T Walker, of Winnepeg, formerly of Napanee, is about entering into partnership with his brother in the publication of the Perth Courier.

Rev A B Chambers, of the Eastern Methodist church, was east over Sunday. He attended the marriage of his brother which took place on Monday.

—Mrs. T. Symington returned from the W. C. T. U. annual meeting at Sarnia Friday night She was elected vice-president for Lennox and Addington.

—Mrs John McLaurin and family, of Gananoque, have moved to Napanee to reside. Mrs McLaurin is mother of Miss McLaurin, teacher in west ward school.

Dr. Fred Warner has gone to Brockville where he has decided to locate for the practice of his profession. His many friends here wish him every success.

—Mr J. R. Scott and wife have returned from their trip to the Northwest. They were gone for six weeks and, as usual with those who visit that country, enjoyed themselves.

—Mr T W Casey is lecturing in North Gower on behalf of the temperance cause. In about a month he expects to be through in the east and then goes to Iowa State for the winter.

—Mr Thos Bengough, cousin to Mrs (Rev) E N Baker, was the official reporter at the S S convention in Kingston. He is an expert shorthand writer and an old newspaper man.

—The Messrs. Haley and Burton, with their families, have taken up residence in the late Huffman house, which these gentlemen now run under its former name—the Paisley house.

—Dr. Archie Walker, formerly purser on the Quinte, has been married to Miss Cotter, of Northport, and intends locating at Shannonville, where he will hang out his shingle as a physician.

—Mr. Hub. Winnams has returned from Connecticut, where he has been with 130 head of cattle and a car load of horses. He reports business somewhat at a standstill throughout the Presidential matters in connection with the Ernesttown poll.

—Rev. Wm. W. Miller, of Wolfe Island, is about moving to town to take up residence in his house on East st., lately occupied by Mr Keller.

—We regret to learn that the Rev. Dr. Aylesworth, of St. Thomas, formerly of this place, has been quite ill. His friends will be glad to learn that he is recovering.

—Mrs. Jno. Christie has forsaken Davy's Island for the winter and has taken up residence in the house of Mr. P. Barton on Robert st., the latter moving to his hotel.

—Mr T. M. Henry, B. A., has secured the position of master of the Perth Collegiate Institute. We congratulate him upon his good fortune and the school upon securing one so well qualified.

—The Board of Education, of Perth, appointed Mr. C. Fessenden, of Napanee, as headmaster of the Collegiate Institute, but the Napanee Board refused to release him, and T. M. Henry, B. A., was appointed in his stead.—Journal.

—Mrs. N. Shannon and family left on Tuesday evening for Bay City, Mich., to join her husband where he has been some time filling a good position at his calling of baker. Included in the family was their son, William, who has for some years been an employee of this office. Billy is a steady, industrious lad and should succeed in the west.

EXPRESS CLUBBING LIST.

THE EXPRESS will be clubbed with the following papers for the price quoted—the balance of 1888 of THE EXPRESS free.

The Weekly Globe	$1 75
The Weekly Mail and Farm and Fireside	1 75
The Cottage Hearth	1 50

MARRIED.

HAWLEY—WHITE—In Kingston, Oct 2nd, 1888 by Rev William Timberlake, Harry M Hawley of that city, to Miss Lillie White, formerly of Napanee.

MABEE—WRIGHT—On October 4th, by the Rev G W Henderson at the residence of R P Wright, Esq, Dresden uncle of the bride Oscar Curtis Mabee, M D of new Providence Iowa, U S of America, to Nellie E eldest daughter of Jas L Wright, of Ernesttown, and neice of Mr Jas, Fellows, of Napanee.

ALLAN—CARSCALLEN—On Oct 5th, at the parsonage Centre st. by Rev E N Baker, B D Wm P Allen, of Hungerford to Frank Carscallen, of Napanee.

BORN.

PARKS—At Deseronto, on the 15th inst., the wife of Mr. M. Parks of a son

DIED.

CLEARY—At Liverpool, England, on the 7th October Maggie, beloved wife of W W Clarry, European representative of the Doherty Organ Co Clinton, Canada Mrs Clarry was the eldest daughter of Mr Harris Conger, formerly of Napanee. She reisded with her father's family on West st.

BURNIP—In Napanee, on the 13th inst, Jno J Burnip, aged 80 years.

The Triumphant Three.

"During three years' suffering with dyspepsia I tried almost every known remedy but kept getting worse until I tried B. B. B. I had only used it three days when I felt better; three bottles completely cured me." W. Nichols, of Kendal, Ont.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, *Powers' Block Rochester N Y.* 14

DR. E. MENG,

Veterinary Surgeon.

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLLEGE, SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office:—Opposite Market, John-st.

NAPANEE, ONT.

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 2288ly

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

s confined exclusively to isolated farm property and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. B. Aylesworth M. W. VanLuven, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills, Miles Shorey, and A. C. Parks.

Honorary Directors—D. W. Allison, A. P. VanLuven, J. W. Bell, M. P., James Baker, Jacob Schemerhorn and D. C. Forward, Allen Pringle.

President—John B. Aylsworth, Esq.
Vice-President—B. C. Lloyd, Esq
Secretary—N. A. Caton, Esq.
Treasurer—Miles Shorey, Esq.
General Agent—J. N. McKim, J. C. McNeill.
Auditors—Ira B. Hudgins and E. L. Percy

The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

60,000 BRICK,

¾ hard, for sale cheap, at

SYMINGTON'S.

10,000 ft good Pine Lumber,

13 and 16 feet long. A good chance for any person wanting lumber for fence or shed building. To be sold cheap at SYMINGTON'S.

APPLES, GRAPES, etc., wholesale and retail.

FLOUR & FEED as usual.

GROCERIES of all kinds.

TEAS—India, China and Japan, at very lowest prices.

T. Symington

PRODUCE DEALER,

South side Dundas st., Napanee.

NO CURE NO PAY!

A Fair and Square Offer to Invalids to try The New Method Treatment

By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been so uniform, that we will now guarantee to treat bad or reputed incurable cases, for a stipulated price until cured, and in case of failure to refund all the money paid it under such written guarantee It will cost you nothing to investigate this offer, as consultation at the office or by letter free. Take no chances—pay no money to a doctor, unless he has confidence enough in his skill to guarantee a cure. No matter what name or nature of your disease may be, call or write us. Give age, sex, complexion & symptoms, and [illegible] by return posta, on the N. Y. [illegible] Books.

Part I. contains [illegible] illustrations, [illegible] of over 10,000 [illegible] diseases [illegible] the remedies [illegible] treatle- [illegible] receipt of 20

Part II. [illegible] days, [illegible] Part III. [illegible] Part IV. [illegible] Part V. [illegible] Part VI. [illegible] Part VII. [illegible] Part VIII. [illegible] Part IX. [illegible] Part X. [illegible] Part XI. [illegible] Part XII. [illegible] Part XIII. [illegible] Part XIV. [illegible] Part XV. [illegible] Part XVI. [illegible] Part XVII. [illegible] Part XVIII. [illegible] Part XIX. [illegible] Part XX. [illegible] Part XXI. [illegible] Part XXII. [illegible] Part XXIII. [illegible] Part XXIV. [illegible] Part XXV. [illegible] Part XXVI. [illegible] Part XXVII. [illegible] Part XXVIII. [illegible] Part XXIX. [illegible] Part XXX. [illegible] Part XXXI. [illegible] Part XXXII. [illegible] Part XXXIII. [illegible] Part XXXIV. [illegible] Part XXXV. [illegible] Part XXXVI. [illegible] Part XXXVII. [illegible] Part XXXVIII. [illegible] Part XXXIX. [illegible] Part XL. [illegible] Part XLI. [illegible] Part XLII. [illegible] Part XLIII. [illegible] Part XLIV. 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—Mr. Hub. Williams has returned from Connecticut, where he has been with 130 head of cattle and a car load of horses. He reports business almost at a standstill thoroughthe Presidential election.

—Mrs. Wm. G. McConnell returned to her home in Little Washington P. A. after an extended visit with her uncle, Jacob Schermehorn, Richmond. She was accompanied as far as Buffalo N. Y. by her cousin Manly Jones.

—Rev. Mr Chambers, of Wolfe Island, intends leaving shortly for California for the benefit of his wife's health. As will be noticed by report elsewhere he has been released from the charge there and that of Presbytery clerk.

—Revd. A. Young; Mr and Mrs. A E Paul, Mrs J C Drewry, Mr and Mrs G M Elliott and the latter's mother, Misses. Exley, Lucy Anderson and Edwards were among those in attendance at the Provincial Sabbath School convention at Kingston this week.

—Still the exodus to uncle Sam's domains continues. Mr W R Dorn, who has long been a resident of Ernesttown proposes going to Louisana. On Wednesday he sold his stock preparatory to making the change. And yet he shouts, support the N P.

—With this month Mr Martin ceases teaching in the High School here, his resignation having been accepted by the Board of Education. He goes to the west to engage in mercantile persuits We join with the citizens in regret at his proposed removal but trust that success may attend him in his new calling. The Board are now looking round for a successor

—The residents will regret to learn that Dr W J webster, of White Lake, Dak., is very ill. His father Mr Jno Webster, received a letter from there on Wednesday, under date Oct 13th, stating that, since Sept 21, he has been in bed with a fever On Oct 8th the fever left him and he began to get better, doing nicely for three days On the 11th, the fever came again and took more of a typhoid type He is now quite ill The informant assured the father that Will was in good hands, every attention being paid him, and said he would report further regarding his condition It is feared the attack will go hard with the doctor as he is completely worn down through overwork In a letter to his father some days ago he said he had twenty cases of fever, besides other patients, and had not had his clothes off for three weeks, so urgent were the calls upon him. He had worn out his own horse and was then using two livery animals

Crowded out of last issue.

—Mr F. H. Neil, of Lucan, arrived in town Tuesday.

—Mr E. Freeman, of Deseronto, was here on Thursday.

—Mr Fred Wilson, of Stone Mills, visited here Thursday.

—Mr J. T. Thorn, of Brighton, was in town on Wednesday.

—Mr C. H. Thompson, of Newburgh, was in town on Monday.

—Mr James Rennie, of Hay Bay, gave us a call on Thursday.

—Mr John W. Wartman, of Camden, was in town Wednesday.

—Mrs D. Unger has returned from an extended visit in the west.

—Mr Frank S. Hamilton, of Buffalo, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. K. Huff, of the Globe Hotel Belleville, visited his old home on Friday.

—Mr. W. S. Busby, of Trenton, spent Sunday here renewing old acquaintances.

—Mr Gould has again arrived home and intends opening up shop once more.

—Mr Ed. Wright and Mr Doyle, of Picton, were in town Thursday and Friday.

—Mr and Mrs Christopher Keller, of Kaladar, were in town last week visiting friends.

—Mr Stanley Cascallen, of Tamworth, was in town a few days last week visiting relatives.

—Nial P. Wood, of Kingston Penitentiary farm, was in town last Friday and Saturday.

—We were pleased to receive a call from Mr. C. W. Timmerman, of Odessa, on Thursday.

—Mrs Jonathan Stovel, of Guelph, is on a visit to her friends here, the Messrs. Anderson.

—Mrs G. M. Elliott, with her mother and son, have returned home from their visit to Saginaw.

—Mr Frank Trimble, of Toronto, formerly of this place, paid the town a short visit this week.

—Mr. T. B. German, of Belleville, ex-reeve of North Fredericksburgh, was in town Saturday.

—Rev. Fr. McDonough attended the consecration services of the new R. C. Church at Belleville last Sunday.

—Master Wm. Grieves, who is attending the Dominion Business College, Belleville, was home on a short visit last week.

—Mr Chas. Hunter, formerly of the British American hotel, Kingston, has taken charge of the Campbell House, here.

—Mr. Samuel Philips left town Thursday evening for British Columbia, where he intends carrying on his business as barber.

—We are pleased to learn that Gaorge Vanluven has so far recovered from his late illness as to undertake a visit to friends at Moscow.

—Judge Wilkison revised the Kingston voters' list, and to-day visits Odessa to rectify

NAPANEE, ONT.

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 2288ly

sed to Dr. J. C. Comes, Hall's Block, Detroit, Mich. We have cured thousands in all parts of the world

Big Bargains

THIS WEEK

WE INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO

Our 20c all-wool Grey Flannels,
Our 25c Heavy Twill Grey Flannels,
Our 8 and 10c Heavy Canton Flannels,
Our 8c Melton Dress Goods,
Our 10c Tweed Dress Goods,
Our 12½c Costume Dress Goods,
Our 20c all-wool Dress Goods,
Our 25c Amazon Cloth Dress Goods,
Our 50c Color'd Cashmere, 1¼ yds wide
Our 50 & 75c double fold Ulster Cloths
Our 50c all-wool Tweeds for Ulsters,
Our 20c Cashmere Gloves,
Our 15c all-wool Hose, (Ladies),
Our 20c Black Cashmere Hose, 3 pairs for 50c,
Our Mens' Underwear at 25c,
Our Mens' Wool Sox, 2 pr for 25c.
Our Grand Stock of Dress Trimmings,
Our Superb Stock of Furs of all kinds,
Our Fine Assortment of Tweeds & Suitings,
Our Big Range of Overcoatings,
Our Magnificent Stock of Millinery, Newest, Cheapest, Richest and Best in Town.

HOOPER & DOXSEE,

The Leading Millinery House.

Bu s call and examin our tock of Flour, Feed Bran, Por k, Sugar and Tea at prices never heard of before. 3 lbs ó dust tea for 25c. All goods warranted to give satisfaction or will cheerfully refund the money. GEO I HAM wes of 7 cent store.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum Strictly in Advance.]

J. . . DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT.,

TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the taxes for North Fredericksburgh must be paid in on or before November 20th. If not then paid proceedings will be immediately taken to collect the same.

W. R. MILLER,
4888b Collector.

ATLAS

FIRE ASSURANCE CO.

LONDON, ENG. Established 1808.

Capital, - - $6,000,000.

Insures mercantile property, private residences, Farm and every class of insurable risks at lowest rates, Losses promptly adjusted and paid. EDMUND HOOPER, Agent.

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249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.
88ly

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

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s confined exclusively to isolated farm property and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. B. Aylesworth M. W. VanLuven, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills, Miles Shorey, and A. C. Parks.

Honorary Directors—D. W. Allison. A. P. VanLuven, J. W. Bell, M. P., James Baker, Jacob Schemerhorn and D. C. Forward, Allen Pringle.

President—John B. Aylsworth, Esq.
Vice-President—B. C. Lloyd, Esq
Secretary—N. A. Caton, Esq.
Treasurer—Miles Shorey, Esq.
General Agent—J. N. McKim, J. C. McNeill.
Auditors—Ira B. Hudgins and E. L. Percy

The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

THE

Semi-Weekly Journal.

Issued every Monday and Thursday morning.

THE BEST FAMILY PAPER PUBLISHED IN OTTAWA.

Among other features are the following:

Reliable Market Reports.
District News, fresh from our own Correspondents.
Telegraphic and Cable News.
An Agricultural Column, written specially for the Journal.
Also a Good Story, written by some popular author.

Subscribe now, balance of 1888 free. $1 per

A Rare Combination.

There is no other remedy or combination of medicines that meets so many requirements, as does Burdock Blood Bitters in its wide range of power over such Chronic Diseases as Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Complaint, Scrofula and all humors of the blood.

SERVANT WANTED.—APPLY DURing afternoon to Mrs. H. C. STOVEL, corner Centre and Mill streets. 4988a

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2888ly Barristers, Napanee

Wanted At once. Local and traveling agents for our goods. Liberal commissions, or salary and expenses, to competent and reliable men. For terms and full particulars, address

J. F. LECLARE, Nurseryman,
4688d Brighton, N.Y.

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario. Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,
4288 PROPRIETOR.

F. X. BEZO,

MANUFACTURER OF TENTS AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

881mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

TO LET.

Stores, Hall and Offices with vaults to let in Rennie Block, Napanee, now ready for occupation and will be rented at moderate rents.

Apply to JOHN RENNIE,
4588dtf 30 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,
Or to LAHEY & MCKENTY, Napanee.

VOCAL CULTTRE.

Anyone wishing to take vocal lessons, private or class, will please leave their names at Henry's bookstore, where information will be given regarding terms, etc.

ANNIE FRALICK,
Late of the Boston Conservatory of music.
4788d

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Manitoba Lands.

Parties wishing Manitoba Lands or Winnipeg Property may purchase or exchange for property in this vicinity by applying to

S. BURROWS,
2888z BELLEVILLE

SHINGLES.

Parties about to reshingle their outbuildings and in want of a cheap grade of shingles, would do well to give us a call. We have extra good values to offer.

THE RATHBUN CO.,
2788atf Napanee Agency.

MEN!

TOWM COUNCIL.

The council met in regular session on Monday night, with the following members present: Mayor in the chair. reeve, deputy-reeve and couns. Fennell, Madden, Aylsworth, Davis, Carson, Bowen.

Minutes of last regular and special sessions (excepting those illegally held) were read and on correction were adopted. The correction was the consertion of the motion adopting of the specifications of John-st sewer which was omitted.

Petition was presented from H.B. Wray, W. D. Madden and H. B. Sherwood, asking the deepening of drain on Dundas-st north from Donald-st east to neighborhood of Light's factory, which has always been too shallow to carry off the water. Deputy-reeve Lapum moved that the prayer be granted. Seconded by coun. Aylsworth. Adopted.

Mr Edwards appeared before the council asking for the opening of Robert-st. He wanted the street opened up to the railway track in accordance with former agreement of couucil. Coun Aylsworth moved that it be opened to the railway property. Coun Bowen seconded the motion and it carried.

A communication was read from Mr. Jno. Briggs stating that, owing to his gate being taken off on Hallowe'en, his cow had been impounded. He asked refund of poundage. Coun Bowen, seconded by coun Aylsworth, moved that it be granted. Carried.

A letter was read from James Harmer, setting forth that he had sustained injury through there not being a light placed on Bridge-st, of which he had notified the council before. It had been referred to committee he understood, but he had heard nothing further of the matter. It was referred to street committee to report, on motion of the deputy-reeve and reeve.

The treasurer's statement was read as follows:

Amount from last statement		$15,894.08
RECEIPTS.		
Taxes	$655 23	
Dog Taxes	39 00	
Market	38 00	
Market stalls	20 00	
License	36 00	
Poundage	3 25	
Plank	40	
		$791.88
		$16,685.96
Amount from last statement		$16,084.44
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Streets and improvements	$361 00	
Street Sprinkling	1 25	
Fire, water and gas	215 39	
Poor and Sanitary	31 15	
Salaries	404 63	
Market	1 00	
Town property	3 50	
Finance (selecting jurors)	12 00	
Printing	75	
Interest	50	
	$1,031	$17,115.52
Amount due Treasurer		$429 56

The report was ordered to be fyled.

The street committee reported an expenditure of $81.90 for the past three weeks. Adopted.

The poor and sanitary committee report-

specially for the Journal.
Also a Good Story, written by some popular author.

Subscribe now, balance of 1888 free. $1 per anuum in advance. Agents wanted in every district. Address

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4988b Publishers, Ottawa, Ont.

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THAT

McAlister & Co

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CALL THERE TO-DAY

FOR YOUR

CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps,

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UMBRELLAS,

Rubber Coats, Overcoats,

AND SUITS.

BIG STOCK OF

New Goods in each Department

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MEN!

Our Specific No. 28 permanently restores EXHAUSTED VITALITY, LOST MANHOOD and GENERAL DEBILITY when other treatment fails. Send 6 cents in stamps for our TREATISE and DIRECTIONS for home cure. TORONTO MEDICINE Co. 343 Spadina Ave. Toronto, Ont
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Real Estate Dealer and Broker,

30 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,

Has for sale some fine farms in Manitoba and for quick sale can give one or two great chances, viz: 240 acres of rich prairie land about 40 miles from Winnipeg. Present price $5 per acre cash. Next year will probably double in value. Full particulars on application. 4188ly

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,
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ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
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TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4587ly

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Ladies' Hair Cutting and Trimming a Specialty.

E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors, Toronto

VALUABLE

Horse for sale.

The well-known Stallion "HYLAND BOY," from celebrated trotting stock, whose foals have taken first prizes at Kingston and elsewhere. Is a sure foal-getter; is kind in his disposition, has good action and is sound in every respect. Parties wishing to purchase will get a bargain. He can be seen at the stable of the subscriber, South Napanee. For further particulars inquire of

JOHN H. PHILLIPS,
4888d Box 55, Napanee.

SPENCER HILL

Church & Lot on Selby Road for Sale.

Sealed tenders for the purchase of the Methodist Church, known as Spencer Hill church, will be received by the trustees up to the 21st inst. The church and lot of ½ acre may be purchased together or separately, to suit parties desiring. All tenders to be marked outside thus: "Tender for Spencer Hill Church," and addressed to Rev. W. H. Cook, Selby.

The trustees do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

W. H. COOK,
4988b Minister in charge.

STARTED AGAIN.

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing that he has the

Big Mill Running Again

And is now in a better position than ever to do gristing of all kinds. Grists ground on the shortest notice.

The best brands of flour and feed always on hand

J R DAFOE

P. S.—A large quantity of bran on hand

Amount due Treasurer..... $429 56

The report was ordered to be fyled.

The street committee reported an expenditure of $81.90 for the past three weeks. Adopted.

The poor and sanitary committee reported from Sept 3rd to date, showing an expenditure of 11.83; balance due the committee of $1.83.

On motion of coun Carson, a complaint regarding the assessment of Jas Blewett was referred to the Finance committee.

A similar complaint was read from Hugh Duncan, and was also referred to Finance committee.

Coun. Carson asked if clerk gave assessor bills dated 1887 for this year; he knew such was the case. The clerk said the schedules were furnished by the county.

Deputy-reeve Lapum submitted the tax bill of the Salvation Army, which was referred to the Finance committee.

Deputy-reeve Lapum brought up matter of Mr Johnson's horse, which, through opening of his gate, came over to Napanee, and was impounded. He asked refund of poundage. Deputy-reeve Lapum moved, seconded by coun. Bowen, that it be granted. On being put the vote resulted in a tie; the mayor voted against the motion and it was lost.

Chief Allen said that some boys had been playing truant and causing trouble at school. They had a pistol there at last time and fired several shots. There were eight boys in the town that should be severely dealt with as they had been causing much trouble. The trustees wished him to lay complaint. He desired expression of the council before taking action as he did not wish to be put in for costs.

Coun. Carson asked, on behalf of Mr. Taylor, that he be allowed to pay $15 down and $1 per month in advance afterwards for billiard tables. Referred to Finance committee, with power to act.

Coun. Aylsworth moved, seconded by deputy-reeve Lapum, that the street committee be empowered to deepen the drain on Dundas st north from Richard-st east to the creek at Mrs. Thompson's,—a continuation of the drain asked for by petitioners above.

Coun. Aylsworth claimed that the work should be done as it was of great benefit to the whole of the residents.

Coun Carson opposed it in the ground that it was wrong in principle to drain one portion of the town at expense of the whole.

Coun. Davis suggested that a tile drain be built in centre of the street, which he thought could be laid down at little expense over the other work.

The motion carried.

Accounts were presented and dealt with as follows: Robt Light, $363.90, G. B. Joy, $88.45, and Rathbun Co, $174.47, each, for lumber, to street committee; from Ferguson Bros, nails, $20.13, to same committee; Thos Butcher, digging drain, etc, $9, ditto; Treasurer's vouchers, $93.48, paid; Jos Plumley, carting, $5.20, paid; Boyle & Son, copper, etc, $1,20, to Fire, Water and Gas Com; Thos Scott, impounding cattle, $7.50, paid; constable Storms, tramps care and tickets $4.30, and salary $37 50, paid; P. M. McCabe, special constable, $1.50, paid.

Coun. Davis moved, seconded by deputy-reeve Lapum, that Robt Light be granted an advance of $100 and G. B. Joy $50 as soon as the treasury will allow, on order of the street committee.

An advance of $15 was ordered to be made the poor and sanitary committee.

Council then adjourned.

A Quarter of a Century.

For more than twenty-five years has Hagyard's Yellow Oil been sold by druggists, and it has never yet failed to give satisfaction as a household remedy for pain, lameness and soreness of the flesh, for external use in all painful complaints.

EXPRESS

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examine our stock of Flour Feed Bran, Pork, Sugar and Tea at prices never heard of before; will sell 20 per cent cheaper than any other house in town. 12 bars of family soap 25c.

3288ly G. I. HAM

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

NT., FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1888. VOL. XXVII. No. 49

DAVIS, THE GLASSWORKS MAN.

Leaves Town Indignant—He Visits Port Hope on the Same Mission—Is he a Fraud?

Naturally Mr. Davis was not over-pleased with many of the remarks made at the meeting against his proposition. From the manner in which the meeting supported the scheme he apparently believed he had baited the townspeople nicely. But his action in making a purchase of the old glassworks knocked the botton out of the whole affair. Even those who had in a measure sided with the old gentleman gave him a rather cold shoulder after this. The next morning, when asked by Mr. Douglas why he acted so foolishly in announcing the purchase of Mr. Herring's works he said "I wanted to let him down easily," and further stated that the price to be paid was $3000.

As stated before Mr. Davis was here years ago and worked for a time in the glassworks. As far as we can learn he was one of the promoters At the starting he was here a few weeks, and then he left, the public did not know why. About six months afterwards he again visited Napanee and in company with Mr. Douglas had a look through the works, which by this time were running nicely. Together they returned to the former's store. Considerable conversation followed, during which Mr. Davis informed our townsman that inside two years Mr. Herring would be worth nothing if the works were carried on as they were then being. Whether the man knew what he was talking about we cannot say, but the works were closed inside that time.

Upon reaching Napanee three weeks ago, he at once called upon Mr. Douglas and told him that he was on his way to Milwaukee to oversee the building of a large glass factory. Our townsman told him he had struck Napanee in a good time. There was an agitation afoot looking to securing additional factories. Davis said he had no idea of starting here. At Montreal he was told that Napanee was moving in the matter of encouraging factories and he thought he would step off and learn what was being done. Mr. Douglas asked him to remain over a day or two; something might be done for him should he start a factory for the manufacture of bottles, etc. Davis said he could not; he had only the privilege to lay over one day and on Thursday morning he would have to proceed on his journey to Milwaukee as the plans for the works there had preceded him and he did not wish to be too far behind them. However Mr. Douglas prevailed upon him to remain and introduced him to Coun. Madden, who had the bonus committee and a few citizens called together—the result being that the public meeting was held on Friday night.

At the informal meeting it was agreed, so it is held by the councillors, that should his proposition not to be entertained by the public meeting that Davis fare to Milwaukee would be paid. At the meeting it was entertained and so on Saturday when Davis applied for his passage to Milwaukee he was told that such was not the agreement. At being refused the ticket, Davis was indignant and left for Port Hope. The Port Hope Times would like to know who furnished the mysterious stranger with the railway ticket. We cannot say, but do know that Napanee did not.

THE AUTUMN ASSIZES.

On Thursday of last week at half-past eleven o'clock the fall assizes were opened before Mr. Justice Rose. R. C. Clute, of Belleville, acted for the Crown, while, in addition to the local bar, Walter Cassels, Q. C., W. A. Reeve, Q. C., and Mr. McKenzie of Toronto; John McIntyre, Q.C., of Kingston and Wm. Kerr, Q.C., of Cobourg, were present on behalf of the various litigants.

The Grand Jury embraced the following residents of the county: J. Hayden, Foreman; W. Baird, J. B. Blanchard, T. Clancy, Lewis Doller, James Fraser, Stewart Millsap, Wm. Millsap, James Miller, S. McKeown, T. E. McDonough, Michael Nolan, Thomas A. Percy, W. H. Perry, Lawrence Sharp, Lewis H. Stover, Norman Storms, A. B. Sills, Nelson Sills, Colin A. Schryver, B. B. Vanslyck, Edward Wright, Richard Wright and Daniel Wright.

After the Grand Jury had been duly sworn, Judge Rose briefly addressed the members, telling them that they had but little to do, as the Sheriff had presented him with a pair of white kid gloves, emblematic of the purity of the county. But one case had to be dealt with by them and that was a case of stabbing. The jury were carefully instructed as to their duty, after which they retired to investigate the case to be brought before them.

The docket was by no means a lengthy one there being but four on the jury list, viz:

Howard vs Davy.—John McIntyre. Q. C. for the plantiff and Deroche & Madden for the defendant.

Hodgson Bros. vs McCargar.—S. B. Burdett for plaintiff and Clute & Williams for the defendant.

Proctor vs Porte et al.—Wm. Kerr, Q. C. for plaintiff and J. W. Gordon and F. E. Titus for defendants.

Sexsmith vs Glasgow & London Insurance Co'y.—Preston & Ruttan for plaintiff and Smith, Rae & Greer for defendants.

There was but one non-jury case, that of Herring vs the Canada Permanent Loan & and Savings Co'y et al. E. J. Hooper appeared for the plaintiff, and Jones Bros & MacKenzie and Blake, Lasn, Cassels & Holman acted for the various defendants.

The first case called was that of Howard vs Davy—An action arising over a dispute about the right of way over the east half of lot twenty-two in the first concession of South Fredericksbugh. The case is between relatives and like most of family rows, grew out of a very small matter. In this case the starting point was a difference over a line fence. Mary Hall Howard is the plaintiff and Alberta Davy is the defendant. Judge Rose reseved his decision.

The fourth case on the list, that of Sexsmith vs the Glasgow Insurance Company, was settled by a consent verdict being entered for the plaintiff for $1050 without costs.

The case of Proctor vs Porte is a suit from [illegible] tion of the homestead not included in the mortgage to the company. In consideration for so doing, Mr Herring has for eight months the right to sell the whole or any portion of the property at rates and terms agreed on and apply all such monies in the reduction of the mortgage, he to have any surplus. In the meantime Mr. English to collect the rents and pay the taxes, receiving five per cent for the work, and account to the company for the sums received. Each party to pay their own costs.

Court adjourned at half-past nine on Friday evening.

On Saturday morning the jurors re-assembled and after roll call received their pay, were discharged and the fall assizes were at an end.

Ode to Canada.

The following patriotic poem is from the pen of Robert Matheson, A. M., formerly Principal of the Napanee High School. Mr Matheson is now a resident of Chicago, and editor of The British-American, a very neatly printed and spirited weekly published in that city. Our friend has bloomed into a fine poet since his residence west, and it will be seen that he still retains his patriotic ardor for the land of his birth.

Swift as the lightning's vivid beam
Flasheth from east to west,
So runs the thrill of brotherhood
In each Canadian breast.

Instinctive as the needle's flight
To its magnetic pole,
So turns each true Canadian heart
As to its destined goal.

As graven on each exiled palm
The name of Zion shone,
So deep enshrined in ev'ry heart
Is Canada's proud throne.

Whene'er the honor of our land
Is touched by foreign foe
There leaps to life a fervid flame,
A patriotic glow.

From ocean shore to ocean shore
Her wide domain extends,
From inland sea to frozen pole
Her kingdom never ends.

The wave that frets Atlantic coast
That laves Pacific shore,
The iceberg in the Arctic seas
Her scepter floateth o'er.

Her deep soil, tickled by the hoe,
Shall laugh with harvest mirth,
Her boundless prairies yet shall fill
The garners of the earth.

Hurrah, hurrah for Canada,
The young, the free, the brave,
In all her grand Dominion
Her flag floats o'er no slave.

O God of Nation, be the guide
To lead our nation on,
Should North and South as kindred drops
Be mingled into one;

Or linked with adamantine bond
With noble motherland;
Or as youngest among nations
We independent stand,

May Canada's glad mission be
To aid the coming dawn,
When like an overflowing sea
The gospel tide flows on,

And man to man a brother is,
And nations disappear,
And all are one in Christ's wide fold,
Love banishing all fear.

Underground Explorers.

About two weeks ago L. M. Vrooman and

proposition not to be entertained by the public meeting that Davis fare to Milwaukee would be paid. At the meeting it was entertained and so on Saturday when Davis applied for his passage to Milwaukee he was told that such was not the agreement. At being refused the ticket, Davis was indignant. He told Mr. Douglas, that they had treated him shabbily ; they had agreed to pay his ticket to Milwaukee and should do so. Mr. Douglas questioned him pretty closely regarding his having a ticket to Milwaukee. Davis told him he had ; that it was a second class one and that he had burnt it. In corroboration of this he appealed to Brock Leary, who said that after the meeting on Wednesday night Davis came to the Brisco House and stated that as he had to remain over he would destroy his ticket. Brock says he protested, telling him it was good, but the old gentleman said "No" and with that threw it, along with other papers, into the stove.

Saturday Davis told Mr. Douglas that he would leave Sunday morning for Milwaukee. Sunday afternoon Mr. Douglas walked down town and called at the Brisco House to see if Davis had gone. He was astonished to find him still there. Davis said that as the committee had not made good his ticket he would go back to Montreal and from there go to Milwaukee by C. P. R. He could not do anything here for four weeks and he could go on to Milwaukee and get the proposed works underway.

That Davis is an adventurer we have no doubt. The Mr. Hunter he spoke of has been written to by the town clerk. Whether anything will arise out of the correspondence is yet to be seen, but of Davis we do not expect to hear or see anything again.

Davis Visits Port Hope.

A few days after being here he turned up at Port Hope and worked his game pretty well. Evidently the people there had noticed that he had been here and asked him regarding it. Davis said he would not locate at Napanee even if $100,000 was raised. Why he did not say, but we presume that it was because his fare to Milwaukee was not paid. The Port Hope people took hold of Davis proposition and entered into an agreement whereby they agreed to provide site and a frame building 60x70 suitable for the business, with exemption from taxation for ten years. In consideration of this Davis agreed that his company would erect whatever additional buildings might be required, provide all the plant and machinery, and employ a minimum of 500 hands at a proposed expenditure of $1200 per day. The Port Hope papers "waxed eloquent" over the prospect. The Guide stated that the works were expected to be in operations early in January, 1889.

Is He a Fraud ?

A man named R. Davis, supposed to be the same individual, visited Penetanguishene, Owen Sound, Listowel, St. Thomas and other places, some years ago, and attempted the starting of glassworks. It was then window glass and not bottles as now proposed. Whether they were to be run by "gas" we cannot say, but of such Davis proved to be largely possessed. At Penetang he worked his game so well that he got a company formed and attempted to start glassworks. Davis proved a fraud of the first water and succeeded in getting into the good graces and books of every business man in town. He made them believe that they had the finest sand in the country for glass. The company built quite extensive buildings and got so far as to melt, but then discovered that Davis did not know very much about it. Davis was tarred and feathered.

The Ontario says :—"The "Mr Davis" who was building glassworks in different Ontario towns, left Port Hope for Milwaukee to purchase a plant for $14,000.00. The

fendant. Judge Rose reseved his decision.

The fourth case on the list, that of Sexsmith vs the Glasgow Insurance Company, was settled by a consent verdict being entered for the plaintiff for $1050 without costs.

The case of Proctor vs Porte is a suit from East Northumberland and is of no interest to our readers.

In the suit of Hodgson Bros. vs McCargar, the matter was referred by consent to S. S. Lazier, Local Master at Napanee under section 101 of the Judicature Act. H. M. Deroche appeared for S. B. Burdette, plaintiff's solicicitor, and R. C. Clute represented the defendant.

The greater part of Friday was taken up with the hearing of the East Northumberland case which resulted in a verdict for the defendants.

At this stage the Grand Jury presented the following report :

The Grand Jurors of our Soverign Lady the Queen at this court of assize for the county of Lennox and Addington beg leave to report:

That we feel deeply indebted to your Lordship for the address to us at the opening of the court respecting the indictment to be laid before us, and our other duties as grand jurors, an address remarkable for its lucidity. That we feel proud to have you the recipient of the emblem of purity from the hands of the sheriff, indicating in this instance a comparative absence of crime in this our county.

That we have visited the gaol, inspected it thoroughly and find everything in connection with the duties of the officers thereof in a very satisfactory condition.

That we wish to call the attention of the proper authorities to the very bad state of privy vaults of the gaol and court house, and the necessity from a sanitary point of view of an immediately improvement in them either introducing earth closets or water. And that the court house floor requires to be more efficiently matted to decrease the noise caused by walking.

That we wish to take this means of conveying to the crown counsel, R.C. Clute, Esq., our thanks for his assistance to us and the kind and courteous manner in which it was rendered.

That the sheriff, clerk and other officers of the court cheerfully rendered to us any assistance required.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

Signed,

James S. Haydon, Foreman.

Dated at the Court House Napanee, Nov 2nd, 1888

In replying to the report Judge Rose took occasion to refer to the disgraceful condition of the court room. He said that it was one of the worst in the Province, being poorly ventilated and totally inadequate to the wants of the county. He suggested that the county council chamber should be thrown into the court room and other improvements made, including the building of a new council chamber and residence for the gaol officials. He urged the county council to deal with the matter at once and threw out the hint that they might get themselves into trouble if they did not do so.

After disposing of the above, the only criminal charges, two against an old man by the name of Smith, for stabbing a couple of men at Fish Point, on Amherst Island, in August last, were disposed of. The particulars were given in The Express at the time. Both of the victims were in court and in giving evidence admitted that the fault was their own. R. C. Clute for the crown and H. M. Deroche for the prisoner. The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty in the first case, and then were re-sworn and gave a formal verdict of not guilty in the second one, the evidence being the same on both charges. The prisoner was accordingly discharged.

On Friday evening the case of the Canada Permanent Co. English was taken up. Judge advised a settlement after the case stated to him and an hour was spent ing to come to terms. Then the case started again, and again Judge Rose a settlement. Finally, after over two of skirmishing, the parties came to an ment whereby Mr Herring has opportunity to redeem the property. In the place the sale was confirmed. Mr Herring has to pay Mr English a bonus of $50 and a month and to forth with deed him that

The gospel tide flows on,
And man to man a brother is,
And nations disappear,
And all are one in Christ's wide fold,
Love banishing all fear.

Underground Explorers.

About two weeks ago L. M. Vrooman and Isaiah Loyst, of Sheffield, accompanied by Mr. Green, of Kennebec, started from Tamworth with the determination to find out the mystery regarding the outlet of Little Gull Lake, about eight miles north of that village. The water seemed to disappear through a subterranean passage and during the present low water this was found to be the case as the opening is now in full view. About three hundred feet from Little Gull Lake lies Puzzle Lake and a passage similar to the one opening from the former opens into the latter. Vrooman is prospecting for iron ore and thought it worth his while to go through this passage "to see what he could see." After much persuasion Loyst consented to accompany him—but Green was too much afraid of snakes to make the venture. He volunteered however to get pine knots for the others and to raise an alarm if anything happened, so the others started. They drove out a large number of bats much to Green's alarm, but did not find any snakes. At present a small stream of water goes through the passage. The explorers had a difficult time in working their way through, the opening being very small in some places and in others the footing was anything but good. Shortly after entering the passage Loyst was struck in the face by a huge bat and he yelled so loudly that Green thought that the explorers had been attacked by snakes. They were very glad to see daylight again and don't want to go through a similiar experience. No iron ore was found. It is said that about forty years ago and old trapper went through the same passage—but we cannot vouch for the truth of the story. Certain it is that Messrs. Vrooman and Loyst were exceedingly venturesome.

Western Methodist Church.

The Y. P. A. is getting in shape for the winter season's entertainments.

The Sabbath School have announced the annual entertainment for Christmas night.

Next Sunday evening the Rev. E. N. Baker will preach a sermon to young women.

Several new additions have been made to the popular choir of this church, increasing its efficiency.

Regular service next Sunday. Love feast at 9 ; preaching at 10.45 ; Sabbath school at 12 o'clock ; preaching at 7 p. m. ; Sacrament after evening service.

Miss Maggie Bailey who has for some time efficiently acted as organist, is about leaving for Toronto conservatory of music. During her absence Miss Cook, neice of Mayor Cook will preside over the organ.

For some time the attendance at the Sunday services have been so large that it has been compelled to be seated in the gallery. Now some of the regular attendants have taken sittings there.

The new parsonage will shortly be completed. The second coat of plaster has been put on this week, and the painting, etc., will be proceeded with at once. It is expected that in a six week's time the pastor's family will move in.

Five weeks Rev. E. N. Baker has conducted a series of revival meetings in the church. He has worked alone as far as ministerial help is concerned. A number of the members of the church have, however, aided him considerably. The result is that an excellent work has been done ; souls have been converted and lukewarm christians revived. The work has been conducted quietly and earnestly.

LIKE AND UNLIKE.

By M. E. BRADDON,

AUTHOR OF "LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET," "WYLLARD'S WEIRD," ETC., ETC.

CHAPTER XIV.—TRUE TO EACH OTHER.

The police had not been idle during the day of the inquest, or during that day on which Mr. Belfield was making his first experiment in the art of window-cleaning. The usual machinery had been at work, and with the usual result of failure during the first forty-eight hours of pursuit. The first few days in such a hunt are generally blank.

Markham, the detective, had not gone back to London after the inquest. He relied on subordinate intelligence, assisted by photography, to track the suspected criminal. His own work he felt lay in the neighberhood of Chadford, where the final links in the chain of evidence were to be put together. Lord St. Austell was still at the Bridge Hotel, keeping very quiet, but ready at all seasons to confer with Mr. Markham.

* * * * * * *

Sir Adrian spent the first day of his imprisonment in a listlesss indifference as regarded himself or his own convenience, but keenest anxiety about his brother. He had Mr. Gresham, the solicitor, with him upon the evening of his arrest and talked over the evidence given at the inquest with his gentleman, but committed himself to statement or admission whatever.

"You have to deal with the evidence as it stands, Gresham," he said. "I admit nothing about myself or my brother."

"I am sorry to say, Sir Adrian, that unless you can disprove John Grange's statement, you tacitly admit yourself guilty of perjury."

"I am not in a position, at present, to disprove Grange's statement; but I think I have as good a right to be believed as he has."

"On any indifferent matter, your word would doubtless be taken in preference to his; but on a question of life and death for your brother, the statement of any disinterested witness would be preferred to yours."

"What am I to do in my brother's interest? I do not care about myself."

"In both your interests we must try to secure Distin. I will telegraph to him directly the office is open to-morrow morning."

Mr. Distin's fame as a criminal lawyer was not unknown to Sir Adrian Belfield, and it seemed to him well that in this struggle with Fate he should have the best assistance that training and hereditary instinct could afford. Distin had been suckled upon criminal law, and cradled in the Old Bailey. No doubt Distin was the man.

It was a shock to Sir Adrian, therefore, when Mr. Gresham came into his room next morning—soon after the coffee and hot rolls which an obsequious official had brought over from the Ring of Bells—carrying Mr. Distin's reply telegram: "Sorry I cannot accept your retainer. Am already engaged by Colonel Deverill."

"This is unlucky for us, Sir Adrian. It is bad enough not to have Distin with us; but it is worse to have him against us."

"You can get some one else, I suppose, if you are not strong enough yourself to protect our interests."

"I am not a criminal lawyer, Sir Adrian; but perhaps my regard for your family may stand in the place of experience at the Old Bailey. I am not afraid to undertake your defence if you will trust me."

"I would rather trust you than any other member of your profession."

The inquiry before the magistrates involved a recapitulation of the evidence that had been given before the Coronor, except in the case of Sir Adrian, whose lips were now sealed, and who sat apart, with a constable standing near his chair.

The Doctor repeated his statement. Colonel Deverill once again declared his conviction that the body found in the Abbey river was that of his younger daughter, and again swore to the rings which she had worn. Again Mrs. Marrable, with evident unwillingness, identified the missing Persian rug. The important question of indentity was fully established in the minds of the county magistrates, as it had been in the minds of the Coroner and his jury.

The next question was how the deceased had come by her death.

That she had not drowned herself was established already by the evidence of the surgeon. That she had been killed by a blow upon the temple, and had been thrown in the river after death, was indisputable. Mr. Tompion cross-examined the medical witness in the endeavour to shake his testimony upon this point, but the attempt was obviously half-hearted and futile.

Mrs. Marrable was severely handled in cross-examination by Mr. Distin. She admitted that Mr. Belfield had been disturbed in mind since his wife's disappearance, and had seemed altogether an altered man; that he had avoided the rooms his wife had occupied, and had never been heard to mention her name; all this had been thought only natural in a gentleman whose wife had run away from him. She admitted that Sir Adrian's behaviour on the morning of Mrs. Belfield's disappearance had caused some talk in the household. One of the men-servants had met him on the stairs going up to his room, early in the morning, and had been struck by his dejected countenance.

"Was that before Mrs. Belfield's disappearance was known to the household?" asked Distin.

"Two hours before."

Mr. Gresham objected that this was not evidence. It was only an impression derived from another person.

"We can call the servant who made the remark," said Distin.

At this moment there was a movement, and the sound of voices at the further end of the room, near the door opening to the street, and then the crowd made way for a tall man in a loose overcoat with a fur collar, who came slowly up to the magistrates' table. A silence of wonder came upon the whole assembly, which was broken only by a faint cry from Lady Belfield, who had risen, pale as death, at the approach of her younger son.

"Valentine," she cried piteously.

"Perhaps it would be as well to hear *my* evidence before you waste time upon details," said Valentine Belfield.

He too was pale, but he was thoroughly self-possessed, confronting all those eager faces calmly, as one whose mind had fully realised the worst that could befall him, and who was prepared to endure it in the full strength of his manhood.

"I am here to answer for the death of my wife," he said, gravely and quietly, standing like a rock, with his face towards the bench, and with an air of seeing no one but the magistrates who sat there. "It was I who killed her."

fell at my feet—dead. I hardly know whether she breathed after she fell, for I was unconscious for some minutes after her fall. I believe I fainted.

"When I recovered my senses my brother was in the room. He told me that my wife was dead, and urged me to make the fact public at once, and to exonerate myself from any darker crime than that of which I was guilty. The crime of an unpremeditated blow, which had proved fatal. Had I been wise or reasonable, I should have taken my brother's advice; but I was maddened at the thought of my wife's treason and my own peril. I wanted to save myself from the danger of an inquiry. My statement might not be believed, my crime might be called murder. I thought myself clever enough to escape any question about that night's work. My wife's letter announced her intention of running away with her lover. My wife's trunks were packed ready for the journey. The world should be made to believe that she had carried out her intention.

"Unwillingly, under strongest protest, my brother looked on while I carried my dead wife through the shrubbery to the river, and threw her in at a spot where I knew the water was deepest. I took measures to weigh the corpse, and it would have lain there quietly till the crack of doom had no search been made. When the business was over, I left the Park, and walked all through the rest of the night. I got into Bideford next day, and took a boat, and was knocked about the coast for a week or so before I went back to the Abbey.

"No one but my brother knew of my being at the Abbey that night: no one but my brother knew of my crime. His was not a guilty knowledge. He knew nothing until the deed was done; he gave me no help in getting rid of the body; he did his uttermost to induce me to confess what I had done.

The constable who had charge of Sir Adrian, was presently ordered to take Mr. Belfield into custody; but the prisoner was treated with considerable courtesy, and accommodated with a seat while the enquiry went on. As Valentine seated himself near his brother, Adrian stretched out his hand, and the brothers clasped hands silently, amidst the silence of the court. Lady Belfield sat with her head bent and her face hidden. There was a strange conflict of feeling in her breast. Gladness and pride because her beloved had acted an honest part, apprehension at the thought of his danger, that peril which he had of his own accord returned to face.

The next witness was one who had not been called previously, a witness whom Mr. Markham had hunted down since the inquest.

This was the man whose boat Valentine had hired on the twentieth of August, and who swore to the strange manner of his fare, and the state of physical exhaustion in which he had remained for a long time.

This was the only new witness. The others only repeated the evidence given at the inquest, with such additional details as Sir Adrian's counsel or Mr. Distin could extort in cross-examination.

But there was no startling effect produced by any of these witnesses. It was felt by most people present that the drama was nearly played out.

No one doubted the truth of Valentine Belfield's confession. He was there, a voluntary witness against himself, and there was the stamp of truth upon every word he had spoken.

His wife's own hand acknowledged her guilty intention, and in the unfinished letter there was some justification for the husband's violence. He had done well to be angry—but he had gone too far in his anger. That was all. Between the justifiable anger

you are not strong enough yourself to protect our interests."

"I am not a criminal lawyer, Sir Adrian; but perhaps my regard for your family may stand in the place of experience at the Old Bailey. I am not afraid to undertake your defence if you will trust me."

"I would rather trust you than any other member of your profession."

The following day was Sunday, a dismal Sabbath for Adrian, who had so rarely been absent from his place in the old parish church, and whose Sundays had been verily days of rest; days devoted to kindly visitings among the old and infirm, to serious reading and quite thought. A gloom had overshadowed all his days since his brother's crime, but Sunday had been not the less a day apart, a time of prayer and meditation, remorseful memory of the hapless dead, and intercession for the sinner.

This day he spent with his mother sitting beside him, in mournful silence, or in silent prayer, for the most part. They sat together through the dull wintry day, taking very little heed of time—only noting the passing of the hours by the church bells, sounding with a heavy monotony from the old Norman tower near at hand—the fine old square tower with its crocketted finials, rising high above old tiled gable ends, clustering on the summit of the hilly street. More distant bells came with a softer sound from a church on the other side of the river, and mingled with these, came the shrill single bell of a Nonconformist conventicle. To that mourning mother's ear, it seemed as it the air were full of bells and she thought, shudderingly, of that great bell of St. Sepulchre's which she had read of tolling with funereal stroke for the passing of a sinner's soul. The bells had done their worst by seven o'clock in the evening, when Adrian entreated his mother to share the dinner that had been brought from the hotel for him. She had ordered her carriage to come for her at ten o'clock. They sat down at the shabby little table, in the light of a paraffin lamp, and each made a pretence of eating in the hope of encouraging the other.

There was to be an enquiry before the magistrate to-morrow, an enquiry at which Adrian would appear in his new character—no longer a witness, but a prisoner, accused of being implicated in his brother's crime.

The morning came, with drizzling rain and a south-west wind, a low gray sky and a heavy mist, through which the long black ridge of the moor looked like the shoulder of a reclining giant sprawling along the level earth, and shutting out the sea. Adrian rose after a sleepless night, horribly depressed. His ignorance of his brother's movements filled him with anxiety. The unutterable anguish in his mother's face yesterday, in those long hours of silence, broken only by half mechanical speech, had agonised him. What could he do to comfort her if the worst should happen, and Valentine should be arrested and brought back to the scene of his crime? What could he do, he asked himself. And the answer meant only despair. He knew too well that the dominant feing of his mother's heart was her love for her younger son. Her grief for him would be an inconsolable grief.

The magistrate's room was crowded, as the Coroner's room had been. There were three magistrates on the bench, all of whom knew and honoured the name of Belfield, and felt for the unhappy mother who sat apart in her black raiment, with the old family lawyer by her side. Lord St. Austell and Colonel Deverill were present, and the legal element was represented by Mr. Cheyney, the sandy-whiskered gentleman from the Treasury Mr. Distin, who watched the case on behalf of Colonel Deverill, and Mr. Tompion, Q. C., whom Mr. Gresham had engaged to protect his client.

Markham, *alias* Melnotte, sat near Mr. Distin.

realised the worst that could befall him, and who was prepared to endure it in the full strength of his manhood.

"I am here to answer for the death of my wife," he said, gravely and quietly, standing like a rock, with his face towards the bench, and with an air of seeing no one but the magistrates who sat there. "It was I who killed her."

The clerk began to take down his evidence, which was given slowly and distinctly, with a deliberation that made the writer's task easier than usual.

"Yes, it was I who killed her. She had been a loving wife, and I had been a selfish and neglectful husband, over-secure in my confidence, forgetting that there are always scoundrels and profligates on the watch for such prey—a pretty woman with a careless husband, intent on his own pleasures. We had never quarrelled, and I had never seen occasion for jealousy, till one night in a railway carriage, I over-heard a conversation between two men, which informed me that my wife was being pursued by a notorious seducer. At first I was inclined to be incredulous, but on discovering certain facts connected with the sale of a horse which I had given to my wife in good faith, but which had practically been the gift of her admirer, I saw that this person's intentions were as vile as they could possibly be. The fact that he had been my particular friend would, I suppose, hardly make his conduct baser. The seducer is generally the husband's friend.

"I came down to Chadford without an hour's delay, meaning to save my wife, if there were yet time, but in no soft temper towards her. The first thing I heard upon arriving was that the seducer was living in the neighbourhood, in hiding. I entered my mother's house after midnight, with no worse intention than to call my wife to account for her falsehood and her folly, and to have a complete understanding with her. Such an explanation might have resulted in total severance, or in reconciliation. I had not asked myself which way it was likely to end. I was very angry; my heart and my head were both on fire. God knows I had no thought of killing her; but I desired nothing more keenly than an encounter with her lover.

"I found her after midnight, with her trunks packed ready for departure, all her preparations deliberately made. She was writing when I entered the room. She tried to keep the letter from me in her terror, but I snatched it out of her hand. This is the letter—unfinished."

The letter was handed to one of the magistrates, who read it first to himself and then aloud, amidst the breathless silence of the court.

At the far end of the room, among the spectators was a tall woman in black, who had entered immediately after Valentine, and who stood there watching and listening. She wore a small black straw bonnet, very plainly made, and a thick veil. Behind that veil, and in that bonnet, no one noticed Madge Dawley's striking beauty. She was only one figure more in the closely packed crowd a intent upon the man who stood in front of the magistrates' table, making a confession of his crime.

"We had some conversation after I had read that letter, a little dialogue which only served as a commentary on ext. She loved another man and she ha ceased to love me. She stood before me elling me this, looking me in the face and elling me that she meant to dishonor me.

"I couldn t stand this, and I lifted my malacca cane and struck her. I suppose I meant to knock her down. I don't believe I meant to kill her."

There was a pause, and a little choking sound in his dry throat, before he went on very quietly.

"Unluckily, my cane had a loaded handle. I struck her on the temple and she

was the stamp of truth upon every word he had spoken.

His wife's own hand acknowledged her guilty intention, and in the unfinished letter there was some justification for the husband's violence. He had done well to be angry—but he had gone too far in his anger. That was all. Between the justifiable anger that would cast off an erring wife, and the savage fury which slew her, there was a wide gulf; but that gulf had been too easily crossed by the man who had never learnt to curb his temper or to control his evil passions. That was what most people in the magistrates' court though about Mr. Belfield, as the brothers sat quietly, side by side, like and yet unlike, but never truer in their allegiance to each other, come weal, come woe, that they were to-day.

The result of the inquiry was that Valentine Belfield was committed for trial at the next assizes, charged with the wilful murder of his wife, Helen Belfield, on the morning of August 20th, while Sir Adrian Belfield was set at liberty, the Bench of Magistrates choosing to ignore those points in his brother's confession which showed that though he was guiltless of being an accessory *before* the fact he was admittedly an accessory *after* the fact. Local influence and spotless character here bore down the weight of evidence, and there was a murmur of opprobation in the room when Sir Adrian Belfield was ordered to be released from custody. Even the fact that he had deliberately perjured himself was forgotten.

During the five weeks which elapsed before the opening of the assizes, Lady Belfield never left Exeter. She saw her son every day and spent hours with him in his imprisonment, comforted by the mere fact of being in his company, comforted still more by the softened temper which he showed in all things, His whole nature seemed to have been subdued and chastened by that long agony of silent remorse, which his strong resolute soul had struggled against in vain.

"I fancied I could forget that night, mother," he said, "blot the whole thing out, live out my life just as if no such horror had ever happened; but I did not know what the shedding of blood means. Never for one single hour of my life have I forgotten—never shall I forget, while I have a brain to remember. But I can bear the memory better now. It is not so heavy a burden."

"You have done all you could in atonement," said the mother, fondly. "It was noble of you to come back."

"Noble! I should have been the veriest cur had I hesitated, when I saw my brother's honour at stake. But perhaps I might have been that cur had it not been for a woman!"

"What woman, Valentine?"

"One who has eaten the bread of dependance in your house, mother, but as good and noble a woman as you are. I cangive her no higher praise."

And then he told his mother the story Madge Dawley s life, from his wicked wooing in the idle autumn afternoons, and her scornful repulse of his overtures, to his last experiences in the Forlorn Hope. He spared himself in no wise, confessing how dishonourable his intentions had been in the beginning; how true and steadfast she had shown herself from first to last.

"And yet she loves me, mother, as men are not often loved. She has loved me from the first. She loves me mone the less because of this cloud upon my life. She has been to this prison once a week since I was brought here. She has come all the way from London, absenting herself from those duties which she holds sacred, and she has sat with me here hand clasped in hand, for an hour or so and then has kissed me good-bye, and has gone quietly back to her work, travelling so many miles just for that one hour, and she will be true to me to the bitter end. If ever I am a free man again, Madge Dawley will be my wife.

Will it wound your pride, mother, that I should marry a daughter of the people?"

"My dearest, if she is as good a woman as you think her, I will welcome her with all my heart, I would be grateful to her, even if she were an erring woman, for the sake of her devotion to my son."

"She is spotless, mother, and as true as steel."

"Then when the glad day comes that you are free to marry, I will be proud of her."

Mr. Gresham, and the famous Tompion, Q. C., who was to conduct Valentine's defence, aided by a pair of clever juniors, had fully discussed the chances of the prisoner, and were of opinion that he would be acquitted on the capital charge. It would be a narrow escape, at best, as the concealment of the body was a damning fact. But it was hoped that the wife's letter would influence the jury, and incline them to a lenient view of the circumstances, nor could the feeling inspired by the respectability of the Belfield family be ignored. There was no doubt that Lady Belfield's personal character would have weight with a judge and jury.

Mr. Tompion was not mistaken in this view of the case. He surpassed himself in the eloquence of his defence; he melted at his own pathos; and drew floods of tears from his audience. He dwelt on the agony of the husband's feelings, stung to madness by the treason of the wife he adored; he painted the peaceful family life, the mother with her twin sons, the family circle, into which evil feeling had never entered until the seducer came there, like the serpent into Eden. He depicted the remorse of the unhappy man, who in the moment of maddened feeling had struck down the creature he idolized. How, in his horror at finding himself an involuntary assassin, he had tried to hide his deed from the light, had tried to forget what he had done. In vain, in vain. You have heard, gentlemen, that the prisoner was a changed man from that hour. He was no hardened reprobate. The pangs of conscience tortured him by night and day, and he knew not one moment of relief until he stood up boldly before his fellow-men, and voluntarily confessed his crime, inviting whatever punishment the law might inflict.

And then Mr. Tompion went on to show that in no case could the crime be more than manslaughter. The act had been altogether unpremeditated; the blow had been struck by an instrument which happened to be carried in the prisoner's hand, and to which no evil intent could attach itself. It had been the act of a single moment. The medical evidence showed that there had been but one blow, and that had been unhappily fatal. Yet it had not been necessarily fatal. Had the blow fallen upon any other part of the victim's head, it might have stunned, but it need not have killed her. There was nothing to show that the prisoner had ever contemplated her death. Had he taken his brother's advice, and at once alarmed the house, the suspicion of murder could not possibly have attached to him.

This and much more, urged Mr. Tompion in mitigation of Valentine Belfield's guilt; and the judge followed with a summing up which strongly favoured the prisoner, albeit he took care to point out the reprehensible nature of all his acts after the fatal blow, and the cruel wrong done to his dead wife's reputation and to the feelings of her kindred, in allowing her to be talked of as a runaway wife, while she was lying in her unconsecrated grave, unhonoured and unmourned. The whole course of the prisoner's conduct after his first fatal act must be considered as an aggravation of the guilt of that act, said the judge.

The result was a verdict of manslaughter. The judge pronounced sentence—two years' imprisonment with hard labour.

LATE CABLE NEWS.

Lord Sackville's Indiscretion—Continental Affairs—The Sectarian Schools.

Very full details of Lord Sackville's dull folly and of the comments and agitation to which it has given rise have been cabled to London during the last two days, and the episode for the moment transcends in interest even the Parnell Commission. I have talked with a good many Englishmen in Parliamentary and official life and have found not one who does not regard the thing as an unpardonable piece of stupidity. The London press has preserved an almost absolute silence on the subject, but the Manchester "Guardian's" remark that "the letter was a blunder of the most unfortunate character, and Lord Salisbury will no doubt deem it his duty to take official notice of the indiscretion," expresses the general English feeling. Lord Salisbury has cabled to him a rebuke couched in such terse and energetic terms that his prompt resignation is taken for granted in Downing-street and that provision has already been made to retire him on a second-class pension of $6 500 yearly, to which his term of service entitles him. It may be mentioned incidentally that the fact that he is a brother of the Countess of Derby, who is the stepmother of Lord Salisbury, does not improve his relations with the Prime Minister.

Apart from the sudden reappearance of the shadow of Boulangism the only interesting thing on the Continent is the Servian politico-matrimonial squabble. About this European opinion, speaking now of all Europe save France and Russia, is curiously divided. Personal sympathy runs very generally with Nathalie. Political sympathy is with Milan. No doubt the Queen is individually in the right, and has been treated brutally by her dull, drunken gambler of a husband, but, on the other hand, Milan, disreputable libertine though he may be, represents the Austrian ascendency in Servia, and that is felt to be more desirable for European peace and public policy generally than Russian domination. What will come of the King's bold step, which is an odd parody of Henry VIII.'s trick in first creating his Archbishop and then getting from him his divorce, remains to be seen. Nathalie is going to St. Petersburg when the Czar and Czarina return from the Caucasus, and will be received there in state. Whether she will get overt assistance from Russia is another matter, but the present effect will be to increase the secret Pan Slavic agitation in Servia, and thus strengthen Austria's hold on the King. It is well known that if Milan could get money enough to live handsomely the rest of his life he would chuck up the whole business of Kingship and go to Paris, whither all his inclinations lead him. Perhaps his abdication and a setting up of his son under Austrian tutelage is the most likely outcome.

England this month will be deeply agitated by the question of the secularization of public schools. Sectarian schools now receive fully $10,000,000 annually from the Treasury. The report of the Royal Commission on Education, a body which contains, besides Cardinal Manning, a preponderant number of Church of England dignitaries and sympathizers, now proposes to levy on the taxes as well for the support of these sectarian schools up to the amount of $250 for every scholar in average attendance. The whole Nonconformist body is up in

PASSING NOTES.

Wife—"You never call me an angel now, John." Husband—"I am willing to call you one, my dear."

The new English Salt Trust has put up the price of pure salt from 60c. to $2.25 per ton, and lump export salt from $2 to $3.75.

"That's an easy one," said the officer of the law, much relieved. "use all them war has been declared and a draft ordered

The only trimmings used on black silk dresses when made entirely of one kind of silk, faille, gros grain, peau de soie or moire are jet passementeries and fine black chantilly lace.

"A good deal of real estate is changing hands," said a neighbor. "Oh, no," answered a witty purchaser. "A good deal of money is changing hands; that's the real state of the case."

This is the season when the bride who does not intend to keep house looks over her wedding presents and finds four dozen silver spoons, eight silver pickle dishes, and enough soup tureens to bail out a water-logged yacht.

Rural editor—Martha, here's a big head of cabbage that Abe Jackson left at the office to-day. His wife—You ought to have kept it at the office. Editor—Why? His wife—Then there would have been some sense in your writing "we" instead of "I."

"There is too much noise in here," warningly remarked a policeman to the proprietor of a down town saloon. "Sure it's meself knows that," said the proprietor, apologetically, "but phat can Oi do? The byes do be dhrinkin' that harrud they don't know phat's wrong wid 'em an' they're shoutin' for a war wid Canada over this here fisheries foight. Oi'd quiet 'em soon enough if Oi knew how."

A curious case has just been decided upon appeal in a Scottish court. A young woman brought an action of breach of promise against a young man who admitted having been engaged to her. His defence was that she objected to his smoking and finally said, "Choose between your cigar and me." He made the choice in favor of the weed, and when she sued him the judge held that by offering the alternative she was responsible for the swain's desertion, and the superior court sustained the decision.

A very stylish dress for a young lady is of plain and fancy silk. The skirt is of the plain silk; the front of the fancy goods, in very elaborately draped folds. The sides are plain from the edge of the basque to the bottom of the skirt; the back is in very full box-plaits, slightly draped. The body is plain, with vest and wide revers of the fancy material, like the apron front; the collar is plain. The sleeves are full from shoulder to elbow, and plain from the elbow to the wrist. Bands of handsome trimming are set on the neck below the collar, around the sleeves at the elbow, and fall from either side of the front from the basque point over the plain side pieces.

Bears have not so good a chance in preying on horses, as they are too slow for these swift-footed animals; but a mountain lion can easily catch a horse, says a Colorado despatch to the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*. An incident of this kind recently occurred in South Park, at August Lesenberg's ranch, near the head of Michigan Creek. A large lion attacked two horses and a colt of this range, killing the colt and badly wounding the mother and a two year-old. The mare and the lion waged a terrible fight, for the mother made a hard struggle to save her colt. The mare bore evidences of this almost unequal contest with the lion, for she was badly scratched and her ears were

wife, while she was lying in her unconsecrated grave, unhonoured and unmourned. The whole course of the prisoner's conduct after his first fatal act must be considered as an aggravation of the guilt of that act, said the judge.

The result was a verdict of manslaughter. The judge pronounced sentence—two years' imprisonment with hard labour.

It was a heavier sentence than the sanguine had hoped for; but to Lady Belfield, whose fears had been terrible, this worst and last result of her son's wrong-doing seemed light. She clasped her hands in silent thankfulness when the sentence was pronounced.

There was another woman who stood with clasped hands, full of resignation—that woman who had promised to be his wife when his hair was white. Madge Dawley saw him move slowly away from the dock between two warders, and knew that for two weary years the law would hold him in subjection like a little child, meting out his tasks and regulating every movement of his life. She knew that his slow hours would pass in automatic labours—cleaning his cell, going out and coming in at the word of command, working with a gang of other toilers, each the image of himself; eating, drinking, kneeling to pray by line and rule, living for the most part in a death-like silence, in which the ticking of the clock or the sudden opening of a door is almost too much for the prisoner's weakened nerves.

She found a friendly sergeant at last, who told her the Dartmoor regulations, which seemed hard and cruel to her, who would have travelled from London to Devonshire every week, just for the comfort of sitting by the captive's side for an hour, in mournful silence for the most part.

Sir Adrian met her as she was leaving the court.

"I have been looking for you, Margaret," he said. "My mother would like to see you before you go back to London. May I take you to her?"

"I should like to see Lady Belfield very much. There is no train that will take me back to London this evening. I have engaged a room for the night, and shall go by an early train to-morrow."

"Then you can spend the evening with us. My mother wants to talk to you—to thank you for your devotion to my brother."

"She has no need to thank me. I have only obeyed my destiny. I could not help loving him. I loved him only the better in his sin and misery, than I loved him when he was proud and happy."

They walked together to the old gray house in which Lady Belfield was lodging, and Adrian led Madge Dawley up to the drawing-room, where his mother was sitting in an easy chair by the fire, weeping the quiet tears of resignation for the son whom she must see so seldom in those two unhappy years. She had seen him led off as a criminal, to expiate his crime among other malefactors. It was not enough that he had confessed his guilt, that he had suffered the slow tortures of remorse. He must pay the penalty. And he had looked so ill and wan in the grey winter light, and afterwards in the glare of the gas. Would he live to accomplish his penance? Would he ever come forth again into the the light of day, a free man?

Madge went over to the sorrowing mother and knelt down beside her. Lady Belfield put her arm round the girl's neck and kissed her.

"He told me all that you had done for him," she said. "I thank God that there is one other woman in the world who loves him as well as I do."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The agriculture and trade of the Bahama Islands are both declining.

ury. The report of the Royal Commission on Education, a body which contains, besides Cardinal Manning, a preponderant number of Church of England dignitaries and sympathizers, now proposes to levy on the taxes as well for the support of these sectarian schools up to the amount of $250 for every scholar in average attendance. The whole Nonconformist body is up in arms against this proposal and a big education conference is called to fight it tooth and nail.

A Man of Sin.

Magistrate (to Uncle Rastus)—This policeman, Uncle Rastus, says he caught you stealing chickens last night.

Uncle Rastus—Yes, sah, an' I tole de gemman when he 'rested me dat der minister was comin' ter dinner de nex' day, an' I hadn't a scrap ob meat in de house. Yo' see, sah it was a matter of religyun wif me. It wouldn't do ter disappoint one of de Lawd's elect.

Magistrate—And what did the policeman say?

Uncle Rastus—He said "Rats" sah. Now yer Honah dat man hain't got 'nuff 'respec' fo' de relijus side ob life ter be ev'n motely connected wif de majesty ob de law.

Music and the Churches.

The New York "Christian Inquirer" (Baptist) says: "In the Church of the Divine Paternity of this city it is proposed to devote a succession of Sunday evenings to 'music and politics.' To use the pastor's own words:—

'The idea is to give more prominence to music and less to preaching, and such words as do come from the pulpit shall pertain to the political issues of the day.'

"To this end a male quartet, and a chorus of forty voices have been added to the regular quartet, and an elaborate musical programme will be offered each Sunday evening."

Remedies for Ugly Girls.

A New York newspaper lately contained an account of a young girl in that city who, in attempting to give her hair, which was of a dull hue, a golden lustre, burned the flesh off her head with a powerful acid, and injured her sight for life.

Another young woman, in New Orleans, following the directions of some flash Society paper, in endeavoring to remove the moles upon her face, poisoned the flesh and died in great agony.

The use of certain hair dyes, containing lead, in many instances has brought on affections of the brain.

A well-known American writer attributes an obstinate attack of typhoid-fever, which left her an invalid for years, to her use of a popular Anti-Fat system of diet and violent exercise. She lost sixty pounds of flesh in a few weeks, but the sudden weakening of the tissues rendered her susceptible to the poison of typhoid and unable to resist it.

A Passion for Yellow.

"I think that Miss Quigsby has the worst taste in the world!"

"Why?"

"She has a perfect passion for yellow. She has yellow bonnets, yellow dresses, yellow ribbons, and I guess she's sorry that she hasn't yellow hair."

"Where is she now?"

"Gone to Florida. I suppose she wants to contract the yellw fever."

Blunders Worse than Crimes.

The "Daily News" says:—"Lord Sackville has done nothing of which an honest man need be ashamed. But there are blunders which are worse than crimes."

lion attacked two horses and a colt of this range, killing the colt and badly wounding the mother and a two year-old. The mare and the lion waged a terrible fight, for the mother made a hard struggle to save her colt. The mare bore evidences of this almost unequal contest with the lion, for she was badly scratched and her ears were split. In pawing at the lion the latter had leaped upon her back, and only by a terrible effort did she save herself. She was bleeding from various wounds when found in the morning. The colt was dead, and the mare was nearly exhausted from the result of her struggle with the lion. The two-year-old colt was also badly scratched, but escaped.

The Thrush.

The song-thrush, or mavis, is one of the best-known and best-loved of British songbirds, and with reason, as not only is it one of the best of singers, but, with the exception of its cousin, the missel-thrush, or storm-cock, as it is called in some countries, it is the first bird that by its song suggests the coming spring. No sooner has the new year begun than, given a few warm days, the thrush may be heard from its favourite post, on one of the higher branches of a tree, piping—in half-hearted manner, it is true, and as if it were almost ashamed of its presumption, but still delightfully. As a London bird the thrush is far from uncommon, being found in all the parks and in most of the larger gardens and pleasure-grounds of the inner suburbs, where houses are fewer and gardens more plentiful, this bird is almost as common as it is in the country. It is essentially a "homely" bird, fond of human society, as is proved by the fact that it will nest in gardens, often close to much-frequented paths. Unlike most birds—songsters—the thrush has a song which can be translated into words, no doubt nonsensical, but nevertheless conveying the song exactly—in fact, to quote the late Frank Buckland, the bird does sing the following words—"Knee deep, knee deep, knee deep; cherry du, cherry du, cherry du, cherry du; pretty joey, pretty joey, pretty joey."

Curiosity Fully Satisfied.

Small man (on railway train, writing letter to his wife)—It would afford you some amusement, my dear, if you could see the freckle-faced long, lean, gamble-shanked, knock-kneed, sneaking, impertinent, ill-bred half-baked specimen of a backwoods gawky that is looking over my shoulder as I write this—

Large man on seat behind (fiercely)—You lie; you little scoun—

Small man (turning round)—Beg pardon, sir; are you speaking to me?

Large man (confusedly)—Y—no! No! I didn't say anything. I wasn't speaking. I—I—.

Small man resumes his writing. Large man goes back to the last platform of the last car on the train and relieves his mind by swaring volubly at the flying landscape.

Surprising Ignorance.

Jeff (a railroad passenger)—I say, Clem, wha—what am de ax an' saw hangin' up dar fo'?

Clem—When yo' arsk foolish questions, Jeff; don't shout so's yo' kin be heered all de way frum de cow-ketcher to de lars station. Dey's fo' cuttin' railroad san'wiches. Ise 'sprised at yo' ignorunce.

Nearly all new winter dresses are made with sleeves in more or less fanciful style, and the fulness around the armhole is a marked feature.

Clean oil cloths with milk and water; a soap and brush will ruin them.

"ROUGHING IT IN THE BUSH."

CHAPTER XII.—(Continued).

"The next morning by daylight he continued his journey, not forgetting to blaze with his axe the trees to the right and left as he went along. The ground was so spongy and wet that at every step he plunged up to his knees in water, but he seemed no nearer the end of the swamp than he had been the day before. He saw several deer, a racoon, and a ground-hog, during his walk, but was unmolested by bears or wolves. Having passed through several creeks, and killed a great many snakes, he felt so weary towards the end of the second day that he determined to go home the next morning. But just as he began to think his search was fruitless, he observed that the cedars and tamaracks which had obstructed his path became less numerous, and were succeeded by bass and soft maple. The ground, also, became less moist, and he was soon ascending a rising slope, covered with ash and beech, which shaded land o the very best quality. The old man was now fully convinced that he had cleared the great swamp; and that, instead of leading to the other world, it had conducted him to a country that would yield the very best returns for cultivation. His favorable report led to the foundation of the road that we are about to cross, and to the settlement of Peterborough, which is one of the most promising new settlements in this district, and is surrounded by a splendid back country."

We were descending a very steep hill, and encountered an ox sleigh, which was crawling slowly up it in a contrary direction. Three people were seated at the bottom of the vehicle upon straw, which made a cheap substitute for buffalo-robes. Perched, as we were, upon the crown of the height, we looked completely down into the sleigh, and during the whole course of my life I never saw three uglier mortals collected into such a narrow space. The man was blear-eyed, with a hare-lip, through which protruded two dreadful yellow teeth that resembled the tusks of a boar. The woman was long-faced, high cheek-boned, red-haired and freckled all over like a toad. The boy resembled his hideous mother, with the addition of a villanous obliquity of vision which rendered him the most disgusting object in this singular trio.

As we passed them, our driver gave a knowing nod to my husband, directing, at the same time, the most quizzical glance towards the strangers, as he exclaimed, "We are in luck, sir! I think that 'ere sleigh may be called Beauty's egg-basket!"

We made ourselves very merry at the poor people's expense, and Mr. D——, with his odd stories and Yankeefied expressions, amused the tedium of our progress through the great swamp, which in summer presents for several miles one uniform bridge of rough and unequal logs, all laid loosely across huge sleepers, so that they jump up and down, when pressed by the wheels, like the keys of a piano. The rough motion and jolting occasioned by this collision is so distressing, that it never fails to entail upon the traveller sore bones and an aching head for the rest of the day. The path is so narrow over these logs that two waggons cannot pass without great difficulty, which is rendered more dangerous by the deep natural ditches on either side of the bridge, formed by broad creeks that flow out of the swamp, and often terminate in mud-holes of very ominous dimensions. The snow, however, hid from us all the ugly features of the road, and Mr. D—— steered us through in perfect safety, and landed us at the door of a little log house which crowned

We had now passed through the narrow strip of clearing which surrounded the tavern, and again entered upon the woods. It was near sunset, and we were rapidly descending a steep hill, when one of the traces that held our sleigh suddenly broke. D—— pulled up in order to repair the damage. His brother's team was close behind, and our unexpected stand-still brought the horses upon us before J. D—— could stop them. I received so violent a blow from the head of one of them, just in the back of the neck, that for a few minutes I was stunned and insensible. When I recovered, I was supported in the arms of my husband, over whose knees I was leaning, and D—— was rubbing my hands and temples with snow.

"There, Mr. Moodie, she's coming-to. I thought she was killed. I have seen a man before now killed by a blow from a horse's head in the like manner." As soon as we could, we resumed our places in the sleigh; but all enjoyment of our journey, had it been otherwise possible, was gone.

When we reached Peterborough, Moodie wished us to remain at the inn all night, as we had still eleven miles of our journey to perform, and that through a blazed forest-road, little travelled, and very much impeded by fallen trees and other obstacles; but D—— was anxious to get back as soon as possible to his own home, and he urged us very pathetically to proceed.

The moon arose during our stay at the inn, and gleamed upon the straggling frame-houses which then formed the now populous and thriving town of Peterborough We crossed the wild, rushing, beautiful Otonabee river by a rude bridge, and soon found ourselves journeying over the plains or level heights beyond the village, which were thinly wooded with picturesque groups of oak and pine, and very much resembled a gentleman's park at home.

Far below, to our right (for we were upon the Smithtown side) we heard the rushing of the river, whose rapid waters never receive curb from the iron chain of winter. Even while the rocky banks are coated with ice, and the frost king suspends from every twig and branch the most beautiful and fantastic crystals, the black waters rush foaming along, a thick steam rising continually above the rapids, as from a boiling pot. The shores vibrate and tremble beneath the force of the impetuous flood, as it whirls round cedar-crowned islands and opposing rocks, and hurries on to pour its tribute into the Rice Lake, to swell the calm, majestic grandeur of the Trent, till its waters are lost in the beautiful bay of Quinte, and finally merged in the blue ocean of Ontario.

The most renowned of our English rivers dwindle into little muddy rills when compared with the sublimity of Canadian waters. No language can adequately express the solemn grandeur of her lake and river scenery; the glorious islands that float, like visions from fairy land, upon the bosom of these azure mirrors of her cloudless skies. No dreary breadth of marshes covered with flags, hide from our gaze the expanse of heaven-tinted waters; no foul mud-banks spread their unwholesome exhalations around. The rocky shores are crowned with the cedar, the birch, the alder, and soft maple, that dip their long trees in the pure stream; and from every crevice in the limestone the harebell and Canadian rose wave their graceful blossoms.

The fiercest droughts of summer may diminish the volume and power of these romantic streams, but it never leaves their rocky channels bare, nor checks the mournful music of their dancing waves.

Through the openings in the forest, we

Canadians, is the result of the same very reasonable mode of arguing. The unpeopled wastes of Canada must present a dreary aspect to the new settler that the world was to our first parents after their expulsion from the Garden of Eden; all the sin which come defile the spot, or haunt it with the association of departed evil, is concentrated in their own persons. Bad spirits cannot be supposed to linger near a place where crime has never been committed. The belief in ghosts, so prevalent in old countries, must have had its foundation in the consciousness of guilt.

After clearing the low, swampy portion of the woods, with much difficulty, and the frequent application of the axe, to cut away the fallen timber that impeded our progress, our ears were assailed by a low, roaring, rushing sound, as of the falling of waters.

"That is Herriot's Falls," said our guide. "We are within two miles of our destination."

Oh, welcome sound! But those two miles appeared more lengthy than the whole journey. Thick clouds, that threatened a snow-storm, had blotted out the stars, and we continued to grope our way through a narrow, rocky path, upon the edge of the river, in almost total darkness. I now felt the chillness of the midnight hour, and the fatigue of the long journey, with double force, and envied the servant and children, who had been sleeping ever since we left Peterborough. We now decended the steep bank, and prepared to cross the rapids.

Dark as it was, I looked with a feeling of dread upon the foaming waters as they tumbled over their bed of rocks, their white crests flashing, life-like, amid the darkness of the night.

"This is an ugly bridge over such a dangerous place," said D——, as he stood up in the sleigh and urged his tired team across the miserable, insecure log bridge, where darkness and death raged below, and one false step of his jaded horses would have plunged us into both. I must confess I drew a freer breath when the bridge was crossed, and D—— congratulated us on our safe arrival in Douro.

We now continued our journey along the left bank of the river, but when in sight of Mr. S——'s clearing, a large pine-tree, which had newly fallen across the narrow path, brought the teams to a stand-still.

The mighty trunk which had lately formed one of the stately pillars in the sylvan temple of Nature, was of too large dimensions to chop in two with axes; and after about half-an-hour's labour, which to me, poor, cold, weary wight! seemed an age, the males of the party abandoned the task in despair. To go round it was impossible; its roots were concealed in an impenetrable wall of cedar-jungle on the right-hand side of the road, and its huge branches hung over the precipitous bank of the river.

"We must try and make the horses jump over it," said D——. "We may get an upset, but there is no help for it; we must either make the experiment, or stay here all night, and I am too cold and hungry for that—so here goes." He urged his horses to leap the log: restraining their ardour for a moment as the sleigh rested on the top of the formidable barrier, but so nicely balanced, that the difference of a straw would almost have overturned the heavily-laden vehicle and its helpless inmates. We, however, cleared it in safety. He now stopped, and gave directions to his brother to follow the same plan that he had adopted; but whether the young man had less coolness, or the horses in his team were more difficult to manage, I cannot tell; the sleigh, as it hung poised upon the top of the log, was overturned with a loud crash, and all my household goods and chattels were scattered over the road.

Alas, for my crockery and stone china! scarcely one article remained unbroken.

formed by broad creeks that flow out of the swamp, and often terminate in mud-holes of very ominous dimensions. The snow, however, hid from us all the ugly features of the road, and Mr. D—— steered us through in perfect safety, and landed us at the door of a little log house which crowned the steep hill on the other side of the swamp, and which he dignified with the name of a tavern.

It was now two o'clock. We had been on the road since seven; and men, women, and children were all ready for the good dinner that Mr. D—— had promised us at this splendid house of entertainment, where we were destined to stay for two hours, to refresh ourselves and rest the horses.

"Well, Mrs. J——, what have you got for our dinner?' said our driver, after he had seen to the accommodations of his teams.

"Pritters* and pork, sir. Nothing else to be had in the woods. Thank God, we have enough of that!"

D—— shrugged up his shoulders, and looked at us.

"We've plenty of that same at home. But hunger's good sauce. Come, be spry, widow, and see about it, for I am very hungry."

I inquired for a private room for myself and the children, but there were no private rooms in the house. The apartment we occupied was like the cobbler's stall in the old song, and I was obliged to attend upon them in public.

"You have much to learn, ma am, if you are going to the woods," said Mrs. J——.

"To unlearn, you mean," said Mrs. D——. "To tell you the truth, Mrs. Moodie, ladies and gentlemen have no business in the woods. Eddication spoils man or woman for that location. So, widow (turning to our hostess), you are not tired of living alone yet?"

"No, sir; I have no wish for a second husband. I had enough of the first. I like to have my own way—to lie down mistress, and get up master."

"You don't like to be put out of your *old* way," returned he, with a mischievous glance.

She coloured very red; but it might be the heat of the fire over which she was frying the pork for our dinner.

I was very hungry, but I felt no appetite for the dish she was preparing for us. It proved salt, hard, and unsavoury.

D—— pronounced it very bad, and the whiskey still worse, with which he washed it down.

I asked for a cup of tea and a slice of bread. But they were out of tea, and the hop-rising had failed, and there was no bread in the house. For this disgusting meal we paid at the rate of a quarter of a dollar a-head.

I was glad when the horses were again put to, we escaped from the rank odour of the fried pork, and were once more in the fresh air.

"Well, mister; did not you grudge your money for that bad meat?' said D——, when we were once more seated in the sleigh. "But in these parts the worse the fare the higher the charge."

"I would not have cared," said I, "if I could have got a cup of tea."

"Tea! it's poor trash. I never could drink tea in my life. But I like coffee, when 'tis boiled till it is quite black. But coffee is not good without plenty of trimmings."

"What do you mean by trimmings?"

He laughed. "Good sugar, and sweet cream. Coffee is not worth drinking without trimmings."

Often in after years have I recalled the coffee trimmings, when endeavoring to drink the vile stuff which goes by the name of coffee in the houses of entertainment in the country.

graceful blossoms.

The fiercest droughts of summer may diminish the volume and power of these romantic streams, but it never leaves their rocky channels bare, nor checks the mournful music of their dancing waves.

Through the openings in the forest, we now and then caught the silver gleam of the river tumbling on in moonlight splendour, while the hoarse chiding of the wind in the lofty pines above us gave a fitting response to the melancholy cadence of the waters.

The children had fallen asleep. A deep silence pervaded the party. Night was above us with her mysterious stars. The ancient forest stretched around us on every side, and a foreboding sadness sunk upon my heart. Memory was busy with the events of many years. I retraced step by step the pilgrimage of my past life, until, arriving at this passage in the sombre history, I gazed through tears upon the singularly savage scene around me, and secretly marvelled, "What brought me here?"

"Providence, was the answer which the soul gave. "Not for your own welfare, perhaps, but for the welfare of your children, the unerring hand of the Great Father has led you here. You form a connecting link in the destinies of many. It is impossible for any human creature to live for himself alone. It may be your lot to suffer, but others will reap a benefit from your trials. Look up with confidence to Heaven, and the sun of hope will yet shed a cheering beam through the forbidding depths of this tangled wilderness."

The road now became so bad that Mr. D—— was obliged to dismount, and lead his horses through the more intricate passages. The animals themselves, weary with their long journey and heavy load, proceeded at footfall. The moon, too, had deserted us, and the only light we had to guide us through the dim arches of the forest was from the snow and the stars, which now peered down upon us, through the leafless branches of the trees, with uncommon brilliancy.

"It will be past midnight before we reach your brother's clearing" (where we expected to spend the night), said D——. "I wish, Mr. Moodie, we had followed your advice and staid at Peterborough. How fares it with you, Mrs. Moodie, and the young ones? It is growing cold."

We were now in the heart of a dark cedar swamp, and my mind was haunted with visions of wolves and bears; but beyond the long, wild howl of a solitary wolf, no other sound awoke the sepulchral silence of that dismal-looking wood.

"What a gloomy spot!" said I to my husband. "In the old country, superstition would people it with ghosts."

"Ghosts! There are no ghosts in Canada!" said Mr. D——. "The country is too new for ghosts. No Canadian is afeard of ghosts. It is only in old countries, like your'n, that are full of sin and wickedness, hat people believe in such nonsense. No human habitation has ever been erected in this wood through which you are passing. Until a very few years ago, few white persons had ever passed through it; and the Red Man would not pitch his tent in such a place as this. Now, ghosts, as I understand the word, are the spirits of bad men, that are not allowed by Providence to rest in their graves, but, for a punishment, are made to haunt the spots where their worst deeds are committed. I don t believe in all this; but, supposing it to be true, bad men must have died here before their spirits could haunt the place. Now, it is more than probable that no person ever ended his days in this forest, so that it would be folly to think of seeing his ghost."

This theory of Mr. D—— s had the merit of originality, and it is not improbable that the utter disbelief in supernatural appearances which is common to most native-born

or the horses in his team were more difficult to manage, I cannot tell; the sleigh, as it hung poised upon the top of the log, was overturned with a loud crash, and all my household goods and chattels were scattered over the road.

Alas, for my crockery and stone china! scarcely one article remained unbroken.

"Never fret about the china," said Mr. Moodie; "thank God, the man and the horses are uninjuried."

I should have felt more thankful had the crocks been spared too; for, like most of my sex, I had a tender regard for china, and I knew that no fresh supply could be obtained in this part of the world. Leaving his brother to collect the scattered fragments, D—— proceeded on his journey. We left the road, and were winding our way over a steep hill, covered with heaps of brush and fallen timber, and as we reached the top, a light gleamed cheerily from the windows of a log house, and the next moment we were at my brother-in-law's door.

My brother-in-law and his family had retired to rest, but they instantly rose to receive the way worn travellers; and I never enjoyed more heartily a warm welcome after a long day of intense fatigue, than I did that night of my first sojourn in the backwoods.

The Otonabee.

Dark, rushing, foaming river!
I love the solemn sound
That shakes thy shores around,
And hoarsely murmurs, ever,
As thy waters onward bound,
Like a rash, unbridled steed
Flying madly on its course;
That shakes with thundering force
The vale and trembling mead.
So thy billows downward sweep,
Nor rock nor tree can stay
Their fierce, impetuous way;
Now in eddies whirling deep,
Now in rapids white with spray.

I love thee, lonely river!
Thy hollow restless roar,
Thy cedar-girded† shore;
The rocky isles that sever
The waves that round them pour.
Katchawanook‡ basks in light,
But thy currents woo the shade
By thy lofty pine-trees made,
That cast gloom like night,
Ere day's last glories fade.

Thy solitary voice
The same bold anthem sung
When Nature's frame was young,
No longer shall rejoice
The woods where erst it rung.

Lament, lament, wild river!
A hand is on thy mane§
That will bind thee in a chain
No force of thine can sever.
Thy furious headlong tide,
In murmurs soft and low,
Is destined yet to glide
To meet the lake below;
And many a bark shall ride
Securely on thy breast,
To waft across the main
Rich stores of golden grain
From the valleys of the West.

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*Vulgar Canadian for potatoes.

†The banks of the river have since been denuded of trees. The rocks that formed the falls and rapids blasted out. It is tame enough now.

‡The Indian name for one of the many expansions of this beautiful river.

§Some idea of the rapidity of this river may be formed from the fact that heavy rafts of timber are floated down from Herriot's Falls, a distance of nine miles from Peterborough, in less than an hour. The shores are bold and rocky, and abound in beautiful and picturesque views.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Fate of an Inspiration.

A pensive maid sat reading. "What genius rare!" she sighed.
"O, would I were a poet!" she rapturously cried.
"I feel such inspiration! Oh, what a blissful doubt—
Perhaps I am poet, and never found it out!"

"I think I'll write a sonnet." So sat her down to write,
Somehow the fit ideas all took themselves to flight;
Somehow she really couldn't find anything to say,
Although she toiled and struggled through half a summer's day.

At last she cried, bewildered o'er various themes sublime,
"I know I could write sonnets, if they didn't have to rhyme!"
She wept, this embryo poet, then said, as teardrops fell,
"I'll look in my receipt-book, for maybe that will tell."

And there she found

"A RECEIPT FOR A RHYME."

"Take a trifle of poetry, a small pinch of prose,
And a handful of nonsense, as every one knows;
Then put to simmer, and boil them in time,—
And when it is finished you'll have a good Rhyme."

The damsel was delighted, here was a perfect guide;
Now she would write her sonnet; she took her pen and tried.
She tried, but strange to mention that poem wouldn't be,—
Before, she had ideas, but minus rhymes was she;

Now she could rhyme superbly, but all ideas had fled;
So, useless was her knowledge. "Blank verse might do," she said.
Then with new hope she tried it, but this result was worse,—
Blank brains and blanker paper, but not one small blank verse.

"Perhaps," she mused, "in poetry, the same as making cake,
You have to "use your judgment,"—so I'll my judgment take;
I've mixed the other items, and now I shall succeed;
I'll write a lovely poem." The silent minutes speed,

The watchful clock keeps ticking, the verses must be done;
She eyes a spotless paper, with not a line—not one!
The mocking clock ticks gaily, the saucy minutes fly,—
Oh! can such aspiration, such high ambition die?

At last a tearful maiden uplifts her pensive head:
"I've added all my judgment—it's freezing cold," she said.
"But it is all that's needed; it leads me to infer
That I am not a poet; but oh, I wish I were!"

MORAL

O would-be bards! take warning from this fair maiden's fate,
And learn to "use your judgment" before it is too late;
Don't try to write at random, with naught to write about,
For if there is no rhyme within, there'll be

MISCELLANEOUS.

Young Doctor—They don't bleed people no wadays as they did 20 years ago, do they, Professor? Professor—Not with the lancet.

Some of the new long cloaks for midwinter wear have yokes as well as bands of fur down the front and around the long, flowing sleeves.

Mr. Edison intends to utilise the pond of water which now separates his laboratory from his new phonograph factory. He will build a small ferry-boat to be run by electricity, and it will be run back and forth from the laboratory to the factory every half hour.

An Englishman has invented an electric gun. There is a small storage battery fixed in the stock, from which a current strong enough to explode the cartridge is communicated. It is said that one charging of the cell will explode five thousand cartridges.

A lady who was one of a party of tourists making the ascent of Pike's Peak, last week, was struck by lightning while standing at the door of the signal service station on the very top of the mountain. This is the first instance known in the State of an electrical disturbance occurring above the clouds.

In France a very practical use of photography has recently been made. Several persons were imprisoned by the caving in of a wall. A hole was bored, and down this a tube with a camera was slid. The photograph showed the faces of some of the dead men, and demonstrated the uselessness of efforts at rescue.

A new bullet proposed for the English army is of an unusually small calibre, and is encased in an outer sheet of nickel, which increases its power of penetration. It is used with a rifle of greater thickness of barrel, in which a heavier charge than usual can be fired. Several hundreds of the rifles have been made for experimental use.

A swiss inventor has perfected a method of making artificial boards and is advocating their use in building. They are made of a mixture of plaster of paris and reeds pressed into shape by hydraulic presses. The material has the advantage of incombustibility and lightness and will resist the warping action of atmospheric charges.

In Carlisle, Eng., tall factory chimneys are being utilised as sewer ventilators with good results, twenty-nine now being used. The velocity of the rising air has been measured by Surveyor Mekie, and it is found to be 1,202 feet a minute in ordinary weather. The owners of the factories make no objection to this use of their chimneys, and the practice seems to meet with general approval.

An endless railway train, consisting of 400 platform cars, is to be one of the attractions at the Paris Exhibition. The line will be sunk so that the platforms will be on a level with the surface, and the train will run slowly enough to permit most people to step on and off while it is in motion; but for the accommodation of elderly people a stop of fifteen seconds every minute will be made. The motive power will be electricity.

The fitting up of coast defense guns with devices for finding positions is now being agitated in England. The cost is estimated to be about $250 a gun. By means of this invention, an officer located in any prominent position is able by electrical wires to strike a ship which may be invisible from the battery itself. Major Watkin's "position finder" has been adopted by the British Government, and he has received an award of $125,000 for the invention, and is also to be paid a royalty of $5,000 a year for the next ten years.

The first session of the fiftieth Congress of

Strained Relations.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The relations between the German and English courts have latterly become something more than strained, and both the Emperor and Prince Bismarck have become furious against this country, which will doubtless before long have excellent reasons for deploring the blundering fatuities of our royalties in their dealings with the Kaiser. It will be a surprise if the Emperor's visit to Rome does not lead to a coldness between this country and Italy. Emperor William does not disguise his hostility to England and particularly towards his English relations, and he did not respond with any cordiality to the Austrian Emperor's offer to bring about a reconciliation between him and the Prince of Wales.

THE ITALIAN RECEPTION.

The cordial reception given the Emperor by the Italians could hardly be taken as a personal compliment to himself, as they knew nothing about him. It was a political demonstration against France and in favour of the Triple alliance, which is designed to keep France in order.

THE EMPEROR'S GIFTS.

The Emperor's tour in Austria and Italy will cost not less than $200,000. The amount which he has given away to the servants of the sovereigns whom he visits is something fabulous, and his presents of various kinds cost a frightful sum. The Emperor took with him from Berlin 80 diamond rings, 150 silver stars, 50 scarf pins, all richly jewelled; 30 diamond bracelets, six splendid presentation swords, 30 large photographs of himself with the Empress and their children, all in gold frames; 30 gold watches with chains, 100 cigar cases with the Imperial arms and monogram in gold, and 30 stars in diamonds of the order of the Black and Red Eagle.

An Artist's Ready Reply.

Even a severe criticism may be disarmed of its severity by a happy answer that changes its meaning, and it is no less fortunate to be able to turn a good natured one. Sir John Watson Gordon, who ultimately became president of the Royal Scottish Academy, used to tell this story of Lord Palmerston:

"I had exhibited for several years, but without any particular success. One year, however, Lord Palmerston took a sudden fancy to my picture called 'Summer in the Lowlands,' and bought it at a high price. His lordship at the same time made inquiries after the artist and invited me to call upon him. I waited upon him accordingly. He complimented me upon the picture, but said there was one thing about it he could not understand.

"What is that, my lord?" I asked.

"That there should be such long grass in a field where there are so many sheep," said his lordship promptly and with a merry twinkle of the eye. It was a decided hit, and having bought the picture and paid for it he was entitled to his joke. "How do you account for it?" he went on, smiling, and looking first at the picture and then at me.

"Those sheep, my lord," I replied, "were only turned into that field the night before I finished the picture."

"His lordship laughed heartily and said 'Bravo!' at my reply and gave me a commission for two more pictures, and I have cashed since then some very notable checks of his, dear, old boy!"

How Heelers Work.

The atmosphere has got to be very frigid when Collingwood Schrieber gets left. A few days ago—during his late tour of inspection—Mr. Schrieber had occasion to go over one of the branch lines of the Intercolonial

O would-be bards ! take warning from this
fair maiden's fate,
And learn to "use your judgment" before it
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no rhyme without.

She Knew What She Was Fond of.

"Madame, I have the pleasure of presenting to you my friend Mons. T., the famous chronologist."

Madame (who is a fool)—"I am very glad to know your friend, my dear M., but I do not know what a chronologist may be."

Mons. T.—"Oh, madam, nothing dangerous, I assure you. A simpel dealer in dates"

Madame (surprised, but still polite)—"I am so very fond of dates."

Bear's fur and others of long, shaggy fleece will be fashionable trimmings for winter cloaks.

A new car-brake of great promise has been invented by Mr. Widdifield, of Uxbridge, which, at recent tests on the Lehigh Valley railroad, stopped the train on each occasion in apparently as short a distance as it was safe to stop it. The invention consists of a composite sleeve cast on to the car-axle upon which two friction pulleys, thrown into action by an impulse of electricity, wind a chain gear which applies the brake. The electricity may be stored in cells or supplied from a dynamo on the engine and carried by an insulated cable along the train. It is used only to give an impulse, the momentum of the train supplying the power that works the brake. The first cost and running expenses, it is claimed, are much less than of the air brakes now in use.

There would seem to be room for some discipline in Kingston penitentiary. A convict escaped from there the other week in a way which argued censurable carelessness on somebody's part. The story goes that a guard allowed him to go to a shed, professedly for the purpose of shaving, and that he then took the opportunity to escape Surely it is an unusual degree of conideration for the prisoners to allow them the use of dangerous things like razors in that way. If they must shave there surely is or ought to be an official whose duty it is to act the barber. No wonder that judge and jury, before whom the re-arrested convict was brought, were surprised, and that the former ordered a report on the case to be sent to the Warden of the penitentiary, and to the Minister of Justice.

One of the last, if not indeed the very last link connecting the present generation of Scotch people with that in which Robert Burns lived, was recently broken by the death of a Mrs. Gilchrist, of Edinburgh, at the age of ninety-eight. Her maiden name was Martha Brown and she was a native of Kilmarnock. She had a distinct recollection of a sight she once had of the great poet. She was between four and five years old at the time, and happened to accompany her mother to the house of a relative who lived on Nelson street, Kilmarnock. Burns was visiting some friends a few doors off, and when he left every body crowded out to see him,—little Martha Brown among the rest. He wore a Tam O'Shanter bonnet and looked like a well-to-do farmer, and Martha, though a child, was impressed by his tall and sturdy form, his swarthy complexion, and kindly expression. He did not exchange greetings with anyone, but proceeded down the street, followed by the respectful gaze of the crowd. Mrs. Gilchrst had also many interesting reminiscences of some of Burns' noted contemporaries, among others of some of the clergymen immortalized in "The Two Herds" and "The Holy Fair."

strike a ship which may be invisible from the battery itself. Major Watkin's "position finder" has been adopted by the British Government, and he has received an award of $125,000 for the invention, and is also to be paid a royalty of $5,000 a year for the next ten years.

The first session of the fiftieth Congress of the United States closed last Saturday. The session, thanks mainly to the fisheries, tariff and retaliation discussions, was the longest on record, having lasted no less than 321 days, or within six weeks of a whole year, Sundays being included in the enumeration of days. No wonder that Congressmen have to be paid. If such sessions are maintained they will want good substantial incomes to idemnify them not only for their services to the country but for injury to their businesses. Either that, or the standing of representatives and senators will seriously fall off.

There is an old custom still widely prevalent in Brittany that immediately after the priest has wedded a couple the bridegroom slaps the bride in the face saying, "This is how you will fare if you make me angry;" and then kissing her say, "And this is how you will fare if you treat me well." Not long ago a young Breton married a German girl, and after the ceremony gave her the time-honored slap. She didn't understand it at all, and returned the stroke with interest, saying. "Look here, I don't approve of such behavior." Thereupon the husband preceeded with the second part of the ceremony with such ferver that the angry bride was entirely satisfied.

To indulge in kissing without due warrant from the kisser may be innocent enough as an amusement, or it may not; but some London (England) magistrates are bent upon making it an expensive one. A lawyer's clerk was recently fined £5 for kissing a waitress against her will. He was perhaps one of those young men who labour under the delusion that almost every young woman, and especially every young woman who earns wages, needs only to be asked and she will bestow the honey of her lips upon anything man-shaped if so be that it is not positively grotesque. We have them in Toronto here:—Mashers, lady-killers, who ogle the girls in the restaurants, and evidently conceive of themselves as perfectly irresistible. It is a pity some of those fine buck could not be fined on the accusation of some of these girls, for annoying behaviour.

The recent meeting of the world's conference of Young Men's Christian Associations in Stockholm had the largest number of delegates ever present at any conference of the kind. The progress of the Y. M. C. A. movement is one of the most remarkable characteristics of the present age. Thousands of Associations are being formed every year. The increase in Europe alone during the last four years has been 40 per cent. and in other quarters the progress has been not less remarkable. Mr. George Williams, of London, who is regarded as the father of Young Men's Christian Association work was present at the meeting in Stockholm and delivered an address. It must have been an occasion of special gratification and thankfulness to him that he had been spared to see the enterprise assume such large and influential dimensions. It is to be hoped that the work will go on with ever increasing efficiency and it will be as well to remember that the young women need almost as much attention as the young men, and that little effort has been put forth for their comfort and improvement. Nobody would say that too much had been done for the one sex, but surely in that case too little has been done for the other. There are, it may be conceded, peculiar difficulties connected with the organization and working of young women's Guilds, but not of such a kind that zeal, energy and Christian wisdom could not successfully overcome.

How Heelers Work.

The atmosphere has got to be very frigid when Collingwood Schrieber gets left. A few days ago—during his late tour of inspection—Mr. Schrieber had occasion to go over one of the branch lines of the Intercolonial in Nova Scotia. Everything appeared to be moving along swimmingly. The section men were working like beavers, the perspiration rolling from every pore, and everybody appeared to be earning his salary. Mr. Schrieber smiled patronizingly, professed to be greatly pleased, and moved along. Three miles from where the section gang were labouring so hard, he ordered his train to be stopped, and then to be backed down two miles. This was done, and then Mr. S. got out and walked the remainder of the distance. When he reached the spot where the men had been perspiring a few minutes before, there was not the slightest sign of life to be seen—everything was as still as the grave. The section foreman was sent for and his time book examined, when it was found that full time had been given all the men for the day. Not being able to give satisfactory answers, the track-master was summoned. His explanations were also so unsatisfactory that Mr. Schrieber ordered the dismissal of the whole batch of men.

It Was A Tin Wedding.

Dudely—"I say, chappy, didn't you think the bride and groom looked splendid last night ?"

Jack—"Well, now your talking ! I thought it as pretty a tin wedding as I ever saw."

Dudely—"Er tin wedding, I can't see the point."

Jack—"Why, yes. Isn't she an heiress, and he all but penniless ?"

Dudely—"I believe that is the way it stands, but where does the tin part of it come in ?"

—"Blame it all, man, are you blind ? He married her for her 'tin,' don't you see ?'

Dudely—"O-h, y-e-s ! Ha ! ha !"

An Every-Day Matter.

Jinks—"What was the matter at your house last night ?"

Blinks—"Matter ?"

"Yes ; something unusual going on, wasn't there ?"

"Not that I know of."

Eh ? Why, as I passed your house I heard a woman's voice yelling, 'Brute ! monster ! etc., and a voice that sounded like yours shouting back' 'Old hen ! old fool !' and I don't know what all, and then there was a great banging of furniture, and pretty soon a broomstick came through the window. Wasn't that something unusual, come, now ?"

"No, nothing unusual."

What he Got.

"Phwat's the matter, Pat ? It's not cheerful ye air, at all at all."

"Faith, no ! It's down to the cattle foire as the pig an' meself have walked, twinty moile an' it's mighty toired oi am."

"Got the first proize, I hope ?"

"No."

"Second ?"

"No"

An' didn't ye get annything ?"

"Begorra, yis ! The playsure av the pig's sacoiety down an' back, annyway."

Must be Recalled.

The "St. James' Gazette" maintains that Lord Sackville cannot remain at Washington. It says he should have known better than to walk into a net spread before his eyes.

SAVINGS BANK

—BRANCH OF THE—

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE.

Deposit taken of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required

WALTER DARLING,

OFFICE MARKET SQUARE, 4167ly AGENT

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1888.

Harrison, Republican, was elected president of the United States on Tuesday, defeating Cleveland, the present occupant of the white house.

Sir Richard Cartwright, in addressing his constituents, is following out a practice adopted by many of England's great men. Gladstone addresses his constituents during recess; Lord Hartington, Lord Randolph Churchill, Sir Wm. Harcourt, Sir Geo. Trevelyan, Mr. Balfour, and other leading Englishmen, render an account of their stewardship. We have in our midst a GREAT MAN but he is unlike the others in this respect—he waits till his leader speaks before he gives expression to his views on leading matters. It would be interesting to hear him on the questions of the day. Uriah, stand up.

The question of unrestricted reciprocity has now become, by the decision of the representatives of the Liberal party in the House of Commons of Canada, a cardinal point in the platform of the party. And I may add that in the whole course of my experience, I have never known a question of anything like that importance so promptly and unanimously received, with as few exceptions indeed, by the members of any political party, as the question of unrestricted reciprocity, or, fuit and free trade with the United States. (Cheers.) Moreover, in this we have the advantage and happiness of knowing that we enjoy the support of a very considerable portion of those who thought differently from us on political subjects.—Sir Richard Cartwright, at Ingersol.

—Once more the G. T. R. have shown themselves lacking in realizing the wants of the public and have taken a step backward. The withdrawal of the morningexpress east is a serious in convenience not only to the travelling public but also to business men all along the line and especially those in the country. At Napanee the Toronto papers and mail matter are not distributed until nearly two o'clock instead of at twelve as heretofore. Owing to the change in the time table, the N. T. & Q. are compelled to leave long before the arrival of the express from the west in order to get back again and connect with the afternoon express from the east. This deprives the

The Horses of the County.

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS

Dear Sir,—In your issue of 19th Oct., I noticed an article treating on the above named subject, from one who subscribes himself "A Stock Lover," in which he gives farmers and breeders credit for showing a much greater amount of interest and enterprise in the matter of horse breeding than in former years, but intimates that the enterprise is yet in its infancy, to a great degree; that there is yet much to learn, both in theory and practice, to make it the success financially, or otherwise, that it is possible to accomplish.

He also thinks breeders are committing grave errors by trying to concentrate too many qualities in one aminal, viz., by seemingly trying to produce a horse that will take the place of a road, carriage, general purpose, or a draught horse, which certainly cannot be accomplished with satisfaction either to breeder or purchaser. I heartily subscribe to "Stock Lover's" views thus far. One good omen for horse breeding is the gradual discarding for the penny wise and pound foolish system, formerly advocated by some and practiced by many, of using the cheapest sires; that, being considered a sufficent recommendation as to their fitness. Many of our best farmers (and the number are yearly increasing) are now making praiseworthy efforts to use the best sires available, regardless (to a reasonable degree) of cost; and the much improved quality of the young colts and horses that are growing up in this, and the adjoining counties, speak too plainly to be misunderstood the wisdom of such a policy. But there is another important feature connected with this question (second only to that just maned) and one which is seemingly lost sight of by far too many farmers; and that is the desirability, I might say necessity (if we would have uniform and satisfactory results) of having a good dam as well as sire, as much depends on the qualities of the dam. Many, who consider themselves first-class farmers, seem to look upon it as too great a sacrifice to keep their best young mares for breeding purposes, but think it a better policy to place them in the market, as they will command a higher price; and take some old broken down and infirm mares, which may have been of some value in their younger days, but through many years of hard work and probably much ill treatment have become comparatively worthless, yet are considered good subjects for breeding purposes. To such a course of management, much, yes a large percentage, of the inferior horses of the counties may be traced. Even though sires of superior qualities and of the finest strains of breeding be used with such dams, disappointment, to a greater or less extent, is the almost inevitable result. If we would have pernament success in breeding horses for the general market, and home use as well, we must first obtain good sized, well formed healthy mares, as free as possible from constitutional blemishes or ailments; then use our best judgment in the selection of a first-class, high bred stallion to cross with them, and we may reasonably expect the result to be highly satisfactory and disappointments exceptionably few.

I fully endorse "Stock Lover's" views, as being sound on the proper method of getting road and carriage horses, viz., by using the thoroughbred race horse for sire. Unquestionably, he is the best adapted, with a proper cross, to produce those classes of horses; being compact in form, having a strong and robust constitution, possessed with a wonderful amount of endurance, good feet, and legs with tendons like steel, a naturally fine and lofty carriage, and with activity and energy unbounded. These and other superior qualities, possessed **compact in form, with sufficent energy and good style and action, and crossing them with a good heavy draught sire, we will, in most cases, obtain a very desirable farm or general purpose horse, weighing from 1100 to 1300 lbs, which I consider large enough for that class; when beyond that line they are bordering on the heavy draught.** "Stock Lover" claims that the produce of the Punch and Percherons can not only draw a moderate load, but will carry a person with such rapidity "that he need not fear dying of age before he arrives at the market." Intimating, I would infer, that the Clydesdale and Shire were quite too slow. I will just say, if I wished to raise a quick motion horse I should not be inclined to employ a Percheron sire in preference to a Clydesdale, for as far as my observation goes the get of the Clydesdale are far superior as to style, action and ambition, to that of the Percheron, and for other reasons as well. I am fully pursuaded that the Clydesdale is really the king of draught horses.

Hoping I have not wearied your patience too far or trespassed too much on your valuable space. I remain, respectfully,

R. H. P.

The Glassworks and Davis' Meetings.

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.

Dear Sir,—I was much pleased with your issue last week. Since assuming control of THE EXPRESS you have done good service in exposing trickery and jobbery. You have shown that you are not subservient to this one and that one simply because they may have printing or advertising to do. Continue in the line you have adopted; success will be yours.

I was glad you gave full particulars regarding the John-st sewer. There was evidently a plot to do the town out of $90, and you struck the niggers finely. I notice that you let Bartlett down very easily though. He endeavors to throw the blame for the work not being done before this on the council, in their putting the matter off. If, as he says, the petition was ready signed for weeks why did he not press the matter. Instead, he was off at different places shooting. If it was so important that the work be done early, that money might be saved the town, why did he not show his interest in the place by remaining here and pushing it through. I don't know what he made at the matches, but this is evident that Davis would not have made an effort to secure the commission (as from what you give it was not until quite lately that he wrote to undermine Bartlett) so Bartlett would have been ahead $90. The town would have had to pay the $90 commission, but according to the story of Bartlett and the opinion of the contractors, a considerable sum would have been saved the town, much more we are led to believe than $90.

As to Lapum I hope the citizens are getting sufficient of him. They rejected a man with some honor when they voted Mr Rose out. The inspector has some faults, like us all, but he is a much more sterling man than the present deputy-reeve.

Coun Davis has always been a conundrum to the majority of the people. How he could manage to live the way he does and spend so much time on the streets they could not understand. This transaction explains it somewhat. He has been a good man for the centre ward this summer, there's no doubt. But at the expense of the others. He has treated his fellow-councilman, Mr. Lane, shamefully. Mr Lane is an old man, but not too old to see through Mr Davis, and has brought down upon his hoary head the displeasure of Davis because he exposes his little tricks.

One thing you omitted to mention in connection with the public meeting, and that was the readiness that coun Madden jumped up to move his motion after the one entertaining Davis' proposition had been carried by so large a majority, notwithstanding the fact that the chairman had repeatedly asked the opinion of the councillors on the matter. He evidently thought by so doing he was going to gain popularity. He, it was, I understand, that got what is called the informal meeting up, and when Davis asked that his ticket to Milwaukee be made good, as the one he had was of no use if he stopped over, sat quietly by and said nothing, instead of, as a ticket agent, asking to see the non-usable ticket.

The fact of the matter is that Madden, and other Tories are smarting under the present policy of the government, and would be only too glad to have a something start up that would go to show that the country was not depressed. Why don't they form a company themselves and start a factory of some kind. Let Madden, Wilson, Carscallen, Lapum, Davis, etc, etc, not forgetting Mr Douglas, Mr Davis' friend, who the chairman announced was quite anxious that something be done for the place, put their heads together and start a tall chimney. I might suggest that tanneries pay at different points,

tofore. Owing to the change in the time table, the N. T. & Q. are compelled to leave long before the arrival of the express from the west in order to get back again and connect with the afternoon express from the east. This deprives the people of the villages along that road of their midday mail. We trust that Mr. Hickson will see his way clear to give a better service east of Toronto and that the necessary changes will be made at once.

—Now that the iniquity, the loss, the vexation and confusion to Manitoba and the whole Dominion of the Canadian Pacific are so thoroughly demonstrated to all the people, it may be as well to remember that our own dear Uriah, who mis-represents Lennox, was one of those who voted favorable to the continuance of that grinding monopoly, and confidence in the government responsible for it, during the session of the House of Commons in 1886. The Reformers then sought to adopt a resolution condemning that blight on the success of the North-west and Uriah Wilson voted with the balance of Sir John's faithful in favor of keeping it on. So long as Lennox and other counties send men to Ottawa willing to endorse "the old man," no matter how iniquitous and injurious his acts, so long will the country suffer shame and loss, because of reckless and corrupt administration. The C. P. R. now dares to put the people and the interests of Manitoba at defiance because it knows Sir John is at its back, willing to defend it, and Sir John dare put the best interests of Canada at defiance because he knows a majority of the present parliament are at his back willing to wade into any mud after him. Such a subservient Tory following is an expensive luxury to Canada.

—We have received from the London Advertiser a copy of their quarter-century number, a handsomely gottenup sheet, printed from new type on a web printing machine. It is profusely illustrated with cuts of the Camerons, the buildings of the city and employes of the establishment. Among the latter we notice Messrs Arch Bremner and Tom Bland, who, with the writer, were years ago on the Free Press. Both of these gentlemen might have been interviewed to advantage in connection with the life of printing in the city of the west. They could have told something about the a thousand and two-thirds in orders; working all night in the composing room, then going down stairs and folding until after break o' day. Wonderful have been the changes in a few years. The Tiser has for twenty-five years done yeoman service in the cause of morality and good government. It is a staunch Liberal journal. Long may it continue in its excellent work.

—The Northwest Legislature which opened at Regina last week is made up of a number of Ontario men. Among the number is Mr J. F. Betts, of Prince Albert, known to a considerable extent in this district. He is a son of our former townsman, Rev. L. A. Betts, of Brockville, and went to Prince Albert section in 1879. He is a merchant and a J. P. of Prince Albert, and chairman of the public school board. Is against the permit system, and favors the licencing of beer. He is a conservative. Dr Wilson, formerly of Picton, Ont, is also a member, and has been elected the first speaker of the new chamber.

strong and robust constitution, possessed with a wonderful amount of endurance, good feet, and legs with tendons like steel, a naturally fine and lofty carriage, and with activity and energy unbounded. These and other superior qualities, possessed by the thoroughbred to a far greater degree than perhaps any horse, is destined, at no very distant day, to make him a universal favorite (even in these counties) as a sire of the best road and carriage horses. Again as the producer of saddle horses, an animal, which is rapidly growing in favor and popularity with the public, more especially in large towns and cities, the supply of which (for good ones) is not nearly equal to the demand at present; with that demand even at fancy prices constantly increasing, prices averaging far higher than is obtained for road or carriage horses. I say as the producer of this very important class of horses, no other sire can rival the thoroughbred race horse. And why? Because high breeding is an indispensible quality of the saddle horse. A number one saddle horse, that is less than one half of thoroughbred blood, is an extremely rare exception. The get of the thoroughbreds are naturally saddle horses, and as a consequence usually find purchasers at fancy prices, as soon as they arrive at maturity and even sooner. Need we wonder, then, at the growing popularity of the thoroughbred sire with the breeders of saddle, carriage and roadster horses? I think not. I do not feel altogether like quarrelling with 'Stock Lover" for naming Way Cry as a good type of the thoroughbred sire. And judging from the great and increasing demand for his colts for the past two years, in this section, and at prices ranging far above that of other breeds of horses, I readily conclude he is a sire worthy the patronage of the best farmers and breeders in this or any locality, and one whose loss would be deeply deplored should he be removed.

But I do not think it advisable for farmers to confine themselves exclusively to raising the clases of horses above named, nor to any one class, no more than I would advise the raising of one kind of grain on the farm, to the exclusion of all others.

There is the farm or general purpose horse and also the draught horse; each useful in its proper place, and a good demand for each in the market at remuneration prices, and consequently profitable to raise. And they also have an advantage over the higher grades, insomuch that a small pimple or blemish of any kind does not effect their marketable value to the same extent. Now I feel just a little inclined to take exception to "Stock Lover's" views with reference to these classes of horses, for it appears to me he is getting things considerably mixed, I cannot understand on what ground he places the Percheron and Suffolk Punch in a distinctly different class from the Clydesdale and Shire. I never before heard of them being so classified, although distinctly different breeds, as well as different in form and color, yet they are all invariably classed as heavy draught; and there are probably as many heavy specimens to be found in the families of Percherons and Punches, as there are in the Clydesdales and shires, and I do not think it would be difficult to prove as many good traits, such as hardness, ambition, style, activity and general soundness, predominating in the latter families named, as in the former. "Stock Lover," after classing Percherons and Suffolk Punches as as farm horses, names Young Romulus a good specimen. Now it so happens that Young Romulus is neither a Punch nor a Percheron. He is a half-breed, sired by a Percheron. There is vast difference between him and a pure bred. I am fully convinced that by a proper selection of our common bred mares, not over large, but

Why don't they form a company themselves and start a factory of some kind. Let Madden, Wilson, Carscallen, Lapum, Davis, etc, etc, not forgetting Mr Douglas, Mr Davis' friend, who the chairman announced was quite anxious that something be done for the place, put their heads together and start a tall chimney. I might suggest that tanneries pay at different points, and there is a very fair building on Water-st, formerly used for this purpose. No doubt it could be had quite reasonable and Mr Madden knows something about it I fancy. Then there is the brush factory—a concern which Mr Stevenson says paid very well last year; they might take hold of it. If the country is as prosperous as Uriah Wilson would have us believe they should have no difficulty in securing funds enough to start it. But no, these men do not care to run the risk. Like Carscallen they would rather bring in the cheapest coffin, even to the injury of a large manufacturer, providing they could pocket a little by the transaction.

AN ELECTOR.

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2288ly

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$100,000 TO LOAN

—AT—

Six Per Cent. Straight Loans,

Re-payable at any time the borrower chooses.

No Commissions and no fines charged

W. S. WILLIAMS

FREE $85 solid GOLD [illegible] FREE

their homes, now to the [illegible] our valuable and very useful [illegible] These samples, as well as the [illegible] after you have kept them in your home [illegible] them to those who may have use [illegible] it is possible to make this [illegible] GOLD watch and [illegible] the samples in any locality, [illegible] for us; after our samples have been [illegible] we usually get from [illegible] the surrounding country. This [illegible] known, is made in order that [illegible] where they can be seen, all over the [illegible] make sure of the chance. Reader [illegible] for you to show the samples to those who [illegible] and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know all, if you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure [illegible] one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 812, PORTLAND, MAINE.

SALESMEN WANTED. Permanent positions guaranteed with **Salary and Expenses paid.** Any determined man can succed with us. Peculiar advantages to beginners. Stock complete, including many fast-selling specialties. Outfit free. Address at once,

(Name this paper.) BROWN BROS.,

4188h Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

Are now showing all the latest novelties and most desirable colors in

Dress Goods, Mantle Cloths, Colored Silks, Satins and Plushes,

Our stock of Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Dress Trimmings, Braids, etc., is more complete than usual, while our Staple Department has been fully sorted up for the cold snap that is sure to come in a few days.

We show extra good value in Red, Grey and Navy All-wool Flannels. Opera Flannels, Canton Flannels, Plaid and Checked Flannels, Blankets, Quilts and Counterpanes.

We have Underclothing of all sizes and colors, for men, women, boys and girls, and at prices from 25c per pair up to the finest quality of imported goods.

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NOTICE.

WOOL WANTED.

Wm. Breeze has bought out the interest of W. and J. Breeze in the

WOOLEN AND SAW MILL AT FOREST MILLS

I have no interest in any other mill. I am runnin the Woolen Factory at Forest Mills personally and am now ready to spin, card and manufactur wool in tweeds, flannels and fullcloths

am also Buying Wool and will Pay the Highest Price in Trade or Cash.

I have on hand a stock of fine and coarse tweeds; also fine and course flannels to exchange. Roll carding 4 cents per pound; spinning 10 cents per pound.

WILLIAM BREEZE

Forest Mills, May 8th, 1888 2588z

-THE-

MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Head Office—TORONTO.

CARSCALLEN & BROS.

NEW UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT.

CENTRE ST., ONE BLOCK SOUTH OF MAIN.

We would inform the public at large that we have opened a new Undertaking house and solicit their patronage. We will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of the best Coffins, Caskets, Robes, etc., that can be had anywhere in the Dominion.

Having purchased one of the handsomest Hearses at the Toronto Exhibition, we are prepared to attend funerals on short notice and in a manner equal to the best. We have engaged an undertaker of large experience, and are confident of doing everything in the most satisfactory manner.

Embalming a Specialty.

A call is solicited. Charges moderate. Remember the place, Centre-st, stand long occupied by T G Carscallen as a paint shop. 4488hly

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NEW FRUIT

INSURANCE COMPANY

Head Office—TORONTO.

Sir John A. Macdonald, Pres.

J. B. CRALIE Man. D'tor.

—o—

Authorized Capital $2,000,000. The most successful company in Canada. The business in the Life and Accident department is over $30000 a day. Low Rates Popular Plans.

Agents wanted in this section.

E. HOOPER, General Agt, Napanee
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Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterborough Ont
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THIS YEAR'S

MYRTLE

CUT and PLUG

SMOKING TOBACCO

FINER THAN EVER.

See

T. & B.

IN BRONZE ON

Each Plug and Package.

4488ly

MILES STORMS

has had over forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equal to any in the Dominon.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices,

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any change color.

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend all funerals.

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NEW FRUIT

RECEIVED THIS WEEK

SWEET FLORIDA ORANGES,
MALAGA LEMONS,
EXTRA CHOICE NEW FIGS,
NEW DATES, NEW RAISINS,
CHOICE CRANBERRIES,
CANNED MARROWFAT PEAS,
CANNED SWEET CORN.
CANNED SWEET PEAS.
CANNED TOMATOES

—FISH—

Shredded Codfish in 2 lb cans ; very nice Finnan Haddies

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Harshaw block apanee, Oct. 23 1888 2388ly

Farmers Threshers and Millowners,

—USE—

McCOLL'S LARDINE MACHINE OIL.

Try it once and you will use no other. Every barrel guaranteed.
We are sole manufacturers of the Genuine Lardine.
Also Cylinder Engine, Wool and
Harness Oils.

McColl Bros. & Co. Toronto.

—o—

Try our fine brands of Coal Oil—Sunlight" and Family Safety."

2488z

WOOL. WOOL. WOOL.

NAPANEE WOOLEN MILLS.

We beg to intimate to our patrons and the public generally that our Woolen Mills at Napanee are in first-class order, turning out work second to none in this part of the province.

We keep one sett running on imported wool of the finest quality, and we are prepared to give you goods as fine as made in large mills.

A full line of Tweeds, Fullcloths, Flannels, Sheetings, Blankets, etc of our own manufacture constantly on hand, which we guarantee as workmanship and material.

We also keep a full stock of imported goods direct from manufacturers,

We call special attention to our yarns. We make the finest quality from imported and Canadian pure wool. All grades and colors.

Mr D BREEZE, one of the firm will be in our office in Shannonville with a full line of goods. Give him a call and be convinced that he will give you better value for your wool than you can get elsewhere.

We will pay the highest price for wool in trade OR CASH

Spinning 10 cents per pound. Roll carding 4 centsper ound

BREEZE BROS., & McKAY.

Napanee. 2688tf

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Excursion to

CALIFORNIA!

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 21st, 1888

Fast Time Low rates Superior Accommodation

Enquire, for full particulars, to

J L BOYES

Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

2288ly

Centreville.

Your readers are asked to remember the musical and literary entertainment to be held in the town hall, here, on Friday next, Nov. 16th, under the auspices of the Methodist church. The programme promises to be the most entertaining ever presented in Centreville. Admission 25c, children 15c. Go, and enjoy a pleasant time.

Sillsville.

Miss Effie Campbell spent Sunday with her parents.

Dr Mellow, of Bath, paid us a flying visit a few days ago.

Mrs B. B. Perry visited her sister, Mrs E. R. Sills, week before last.

Mr G. B. Card is building a Lodge Room at Conway for the A. O. U. W.

The singing school at Sandhurst is an attraction for the young people here.

Barley is a very good price at present but farmers are waiting for the dollar.

Messrs D. Young and J. Rennie are buying a car load of stock to ship to Montreal.

Miss Annie Anderson, of Napanee, is renewing old acquaintances in the neighborhood.

Our cheese factory has closed for the season. Mrs Robinson will return to her home in Morven, and G. H. will stay another week.

Mr F. Burrows, I. P. S., paid our school an official visit on Tuesday of last week and gave our teacher, Mr J. R. Sills, much praise for the great advancement of the pupils since his last visit.

Bath.

Thanksgiving services in the Methodist church at 10.30 a. m. to offer graditude to God for his bounteous mercies during the current year.

We have a flourishing juvenile missionary band which meets semi-monthy. Always a good progamme of singing, recitations and also adding funds to the mission cause.

The parlor entertainment at John Hogle's was a grand success; nearly one hundred present; all appeared to enjoy themselves. These ***entertainments are becoming very popular.***

Quarterly meeting services last Sabbath in the Methodist church conducted by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Allen. In the evening he preached a sermon on Mystery; a fine congregation.

Adolphustown.

The remains of Mrs. Hover, (formerly Miss Knapp, of Kingston), relict of the late Samuel Hover, were brought recently from Prince Edward county, and interred at the Methodist burying ground, Adolphustown. She died in her 78th year.

Desmond.

Mr E. Bell spent Sunday with parents.

The weather is fine. Some think we are having our Indian summer.

Miss H. Denyes, of Violet, is visiting her sister, Mrs Fred Johnson.

Bible class will be held on Wednesday evening instead of prayer-meeting.

Mr Herbert Esford left on Monday for Michigan to secure work for the winter.

The festival and lecture on the 5th was a success. The night being fine there was a large attendance.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mr Dora Switzer (son of Mr Ezra Switzer) of Violet, which took place on Monday.

Tamworth.

The right of way for the N. T. & Q. Ry extension to Tweed has been purchased.

The extension of N. T. & Q. is being rapidly pushed forward, under the able management of Mr Mann, the overseer.

Auctioneer Carscallen announces an auction sale of new furniture on Saturday, Nov. 24th. The sale will take place at the furniture factory and commence at 1 o'clock p. m. sharp.

Division Court was held here to-day. Some very crooked cases on the docket, but they were soon disposed of by the array of lawyers that met here for that purpose. Judge Wilkison presided.

B. F. Smith, who has been in the cabinet and undertaking business here for twenty years, has gone to Basin city, Montana, where he will locate. Before leaving his friends presented him with a handsome bible. Mrs. Smith will not go out until spring.

The iron bridge over the Salmon river for the Tweed extension has been placed in position. On Monday an engine crossed it for the first time. It is a fine structure. After seeing the "iron horse" cross the bridge, Mr. Fisher, manager of the bridge company, left for his home

A very sad accident happened here Tuesday evening. Mr. George Wheeler, a respectable man, and brother of our esteemed townsman, Mr. L. A. Wheeler, was found drowned in Mr. W. D. Mace's millpound. It is supposed he got overbalanced and fell in. He was an elderly man and in feeble health. The friends have the sympathy of the community.

Odessa.

James Dawson has removed to Manitoba.

Daily Thomas has sold his house to Jas. Murphy.

Sol. Benjamin returned to Watertown this morning.

Mrs. Abel Babcock has been laid up for some time.

The township collectors for 1888 are on the war path.

Hallow'een passed along quietly with the usual pranks.

The material for the Catholic Church will be laid down this fall.

Robt. Bennett shipped by train a heavy consignment of rags last week.

James Shane, absent for some time, returned from Watertown Saturday.

Mrs. S. S. Winter, of Yarker, is visiting at her mother's, Mrs Adam Wiseman's.

No div. court last Friday on account of no disputes. Some fifteen cases settled out of court.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 149 *Powers' Block Rochester* N Y.

The Modus Operandi.

The mode of operating of Burdock Blood Bitters is that it acts at once and the same time upon the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and the blood, to cleanse, regulate and strengthen. Hence its almost universal value in Chronic Complaints.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economica than ordinary kinds, and, cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, or alum phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st

4087ly.

NO CURE NO PAY!

A Fair and Square Offer to Invalids to try The New Method Treatment

By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been so uniform, that we will now guarantee to treat bad or reputed incurable cases, for a stipulated price until cured, and in case of failure to refund all the money paid us under such written guarantee It will cost you nothing to investigate this offer, as consultation at the offices or by letter free. Take no chance--pay no money to a doctor, unless he has confidence enough in his skill to guarantee a cure. No matter what the name or nature of your disease may be, call or write to us, giving age, sex, complexion and symptoms. Send stamps to prepay postage on the NEW METHOD CURE books.

Part I, contains 228 pages, over 200 illustrations, symptoms of diseases and reports of over 10,000 cures; Prescriptions for the cure of acute diseases by Allopathic, Homeopathic and Eclectic remedies; Hygienic instructions for every lady, gentlemen and family. Will be mailed on receipt of 20 two-cent stamps, or 40 cents in silver.

Part II, private information for men and boys, young or old, mailed sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps, or 10 cents in silver.

Part III, information and instruction for ladies, married or single, 25 colored illustrations, symptoms, advice and records of cures, medicines for ladies only, sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 10 two-cent stamps or 20 cents in silver. The three Books will be mailed for 25 two-cent stamps, or 50 cents in silver, or will be left on request.

The Offices of Dr. [illegible] are at 35 Garfield St., Cincinnati, O. All letters must be addressed to Dr. J. C. [illegible], Hall's Safe Depot, &c.

We have cured invalids in all parts of the world

entertainments are becoming very popular.

Quarterly meeting services last Sabbath in the Methodist church conducted by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Allen. In the evening he preached a sermon on Mystery; a fine congregation.

Many of our citizens are anxiously looking over the water concerning the Presidential election, but our entertainments move on. There is to be one at Miller's church an Tuesday night, 13th inst., with refreshments, and a grand programmee. And a mammoth concert in town hall, Thanksgiving night (Thursday, 15th inst.)

Wilton.

Harry, eldest son of James Wallace, died Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock. He had been ill with neuralgia and had partially recovered, but caught more cold, which settled on his lungs. A doctor was sent for, but no relief could be given him. The funeral from the Presbyterian Church on Monday was largely attended by sympathizing friends and relatives. Kind friends arranged flowers about the altar, and the casket was covered with floral gifts. The deceased was 16 years old, and it may be truthfully said, that Wilton has lost one of its best boys.

The repairs to the Methodist church, at this place, having been finished, the church will be re-opened on Sunday next, 11th inst. Rev. J. J. Leach, Ph. D., of Newburgh, will preach at 10.30 a. m., and Rev. F. B. Stratton, of Tamworth, chairman of the district, at 2 30 p. m, Collection at each service in aid of the repair fund. On the Monday evening following a grand tea will be served in the church, commencing at 6 p. m. Addresses will be delivered by the above named gentlemen and others. Choice selections of music by the Sydenham quartette, and Mrs. Alfred Hunter of Harrowsmith, Tickets 35cts, children, 20c. A good time is looked for.

Gull Creek.

The fishing commotion has quieted down. The inspector came up and got the nets in his possession. The pretended authorized fisherman has left; his whereabouts is unknown. His bill of fare here and around Beaver Lake is not settled and not much hopes for being settled except in a dead beat.

Hallowe'en night passed very lively in this locality. It is said the fairies were around busybodying themselves with wagons and buggies. One lumber wagon was taken apart and strung along the fence and the tongue suspended on the top of a tree. The wheels of a spring wagon were changed about. The owner without noticing the change, was on his way to town when one of the neighbors asked him. "what is wrong with your wagon Mr. R." It was then the man noticed the "disorderly" state of his wagon. The good neighbor then helped him to place things to rights once more. A buggy in the neighborhood was dealt with in the same manner, but happily the owner noticed it in time. A cow bell was taken from the cow and rattled at a neighbor's door. The good man of the house had to get up and out in his shirt tail after the fairies but he could not see them. The good lady of a house heard some noise around the place. Thinking some body was helping themselves to the butter in the cellar she got up and out. She could not see anybody, but it is said that the busybodies could see her. They made a raid on the school house, piled the seats on top of one another and set the desk and the chair on the top of the pile, and the broom to cap all. The flowers were carefully taken from the window and set in a circle on the middle of the floor. The teacher is very thankful to the busybodies for their tender care of the flowers.

turned from Watertown Saturday.

Mrs. S. S. Winter, of Yarker, is visiting at her mother's, Mrs Adam Wiseman's.

No div. court last Friday on account of no disputes. Some fifteen cases settled out of court.

The excitement all summer has been base ball; for winter amusement we suggest snow ball.

Rev. Mr Young will preach the A. O. U. W. anniversary sermon Sunday evening next at the Methodist church.

Fire destroyed the barn and contents belonging to George Cummings at Kellar's bridge. Partially insured.

Jas. H. Johnston and Shell Hawley have painted and kalsomimed the Wilton Methodist church, doing a fine job. The committee are well pleased.

Judson T. Mabee left this morning for Moose Jaw, N. W. T., having obtained a situation on the C. P.R. there. He is first lieutenant No. 10 Co., 47th. Batt., Frontenac and a popular and efficient young officer he is. Success.

J. A. Timmerman has on exhibition three Cookoo clocks. At the half hour the bird appears and cookoos "jus onch" and at hours the regular number of times. The tone is distinct and quite loud. They are a curiosity in this section.

Mrs. Jno. G. Henry has an aged cent. One side bears a bust and "I know that my redeemer liveth—G. E. F." And on the reverse side "for the decayed members, widows and orphans benovelent Chor—Inst'— date 1701" being 167 years since issued.

We think the electors of Ernesttown quite capable of making a judicious choice for the reeveship for 1889 without any chin music from the county town. This is one of the township's local matters and should receive local treatment.

We have a board of trade, but the president seems to be a Rip Van Winkle and will probably wake up in the railroad matter twenty years after date. What's wrong? Why don't the board rouse up and present Odessa's case? The traffic especially is a strong and indisputable argument, Kingston's 'axle grease' alderman notwithstanding. We expect, gentlemen of the board, to see you do something, or else call your institution the slab of trade and be done with it.

A Narrow Escape.

"How many deaths?" asked the hospital physician, while going his rounds.

"Nine."

"Why, I ordered medicine for ten."

"Yes, but one wouldn't take it."—Exchange.

Diamond Measure.

"How do you suppose Mr. Poorcase manages to get diamonds for his wife?" asked a lady of her husband.

"Oh, buys them by the quartz, I presume."—Detroit Free Press.

Of Greater Value.

Chicago Citizen (to lawyer)—Why do you charge me $200 for a divorce, Mr. Blank? It only cost me $5 to get married.

Lawyer—Why do you pay $200 for a diamond and $5 for a Rhine stone?—New York Sun.

No Interest in Archery.

Reports from England of the futile efforts made to revive interest in archery show how thoroughly dead the noble pastime is. Of course, that settles the question of its popularity in this country.—Chicago Herald.

The Mexican state of Morelos offers a premium for the establishment of new industries and grants exemption from taxation for the same for the term of five years.

books will be mailed for 25 two-cent stamps, or 50 cents in silver, or 1 bottle or more

The Officers of Dr. Pierce's Surgical Institute, 663 Delaware St., Buffalo, N. Y., are pleased to refer to Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

We have cured laughter in all parts of the world

BETTER THAN EVER.

The Western Advertiser

commemorates its quarter of a century by appearing in an entirely new outfit and presenting a magnificent Souvenir Picture to each subscriber for the year 1889, entitled "The Falls of Niagara." This beautiful premium, which is a large photo-lithograph, is 18x24 inches, and is being specially executed for us on plate paper. A photograph of this size sells for $2.50, and cannot be distinguished from the lithograph when placed beside it. It is acknowledged by art critics all over Canada to be the finest specimen of photo-lithography ever produced in the Dominion. Will be mailed in December.

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60,000 BRICK,

¾ hard, for sale cheap, at

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10,000 ft good Pine Lumber,

13 and 16 feet long. A good chance for any person wanting lumber for fence or shed building. To be sold cheap at SYMINGTON'S.

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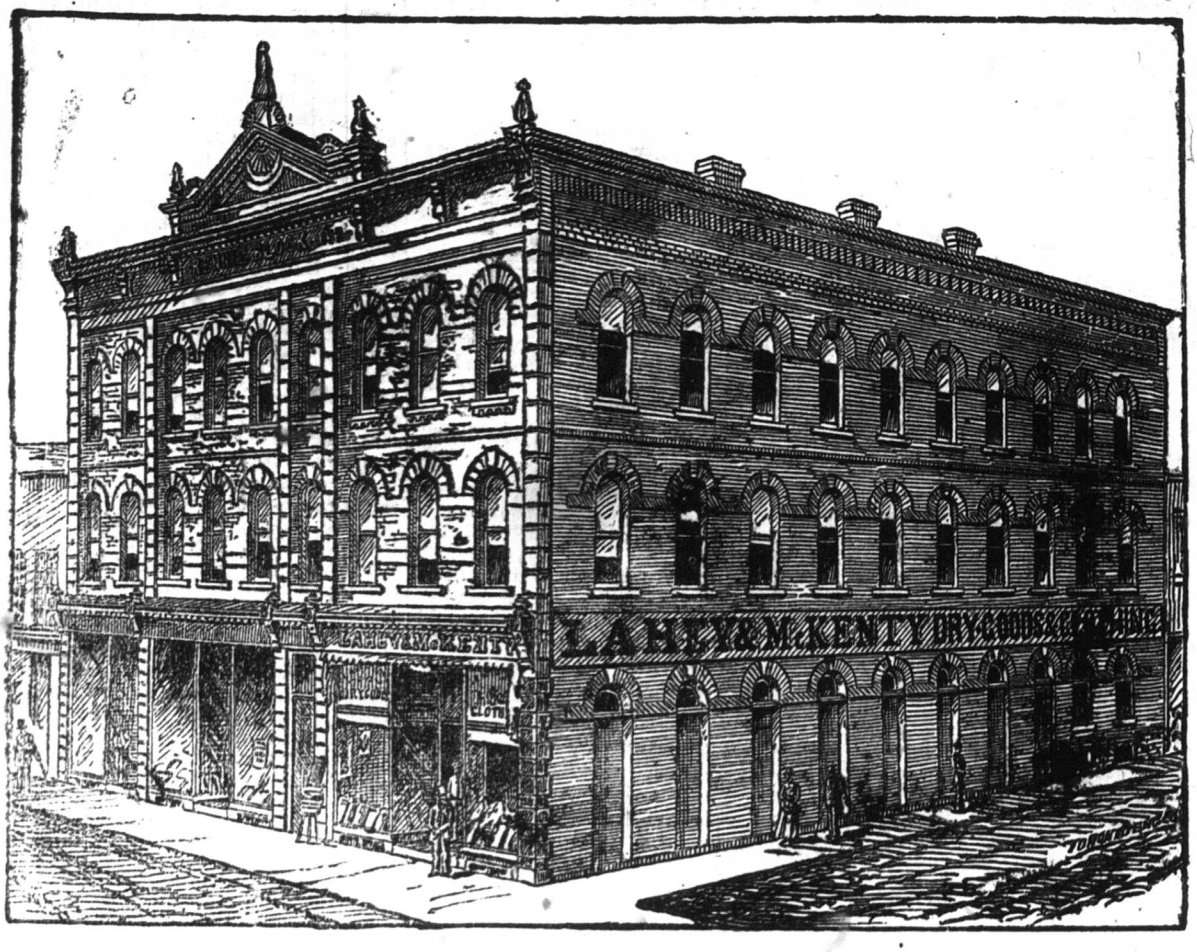

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We are giving wonderful value in Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Mantle Goods, Tweeds, Ordered Clothing, Fancy Woollens, Flannels, Blankets, Yarns, Tie-Downs, Underwear, Cottons, Shirtings, Cantons, Shawls, Mantles, Jersey Jackets, Jersey Gloves, Hosiery Corsets, Cretonnes, Carpets, Lace Curtains and Mens' Furnishings of every description

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Special purchase of 2 cases mens's English Worsted Bound Suits, made for fine city trade, to retail at $18 and $20, and the finest goods ever offered to Napanee buyers. Prices $10, $12, $13.

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I have great pleasure in calling the attention of the farmers of this section to my large stock of Farming Implements, among which might be mentioned the following:

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"PARAGON," "VIBRATOR," AND "ADVANCE THRESHING MACHINES.

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☞A large stock of repairs constantly on hand Oall and learn prices before purchasing.

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About 200 Hard Hats

two and three left ot each kind, which we are offering

At 75c to $1 less than the regular price.

All new, fine goods this season, but as we have but one or two sizes left of each kind, we want to clear them ut. If you want a good hat at a bargain call.

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MECHANICALLY the XMAS GLOBE will be in every way first-class and no expense will be spared in having it surpass anything of the kind heretofore published in this country.

AS THE DEMAND will be very great, we would advise intending purchasers to leave their orders at their newsdealer's or send direct to this office, not later than the end of the present month, as the supply will necessarily be limited and we cannot undertake to print a second edition.

The price has been placed at ONLY 25 CENTS PER COPY.

It is intended to have the edition ready the first week in December in order to allow plenty of time for mailing copies long distances so as to reach destination before Christmas.

THE GLOBE PRINTING CO., Toronto.

The NAPANEE EXPRESS, (the leading local paper of the county), The Weekly Globe, (the best family newspaper in Canada), and the Rural Canadian, (the best agricultura paper in Canada). All these from now to the end of 1889 for $2.

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HOUSEHOLD.

A Plea for Father.

It is not because wives and children are cold and cruel, nor yet because they are selfish, but only because of thoughtlessness or wrong training, that father occupies the unenviable position in his own home that is characteristic of the majority of households to-day. Whether it is in the family of the millionaire or in that of the man who ekes out an existence on the miserable pittance of one dollar a day, the position he occupies in his own home is the same—simply the supporter of the family, the one on whom depends the easy running of the domestic machinery, and whose personal feelings receive very little consideration.

Of course, there are many exceptions to this rule—families where the very name of "father" seems hallowed, and where his tastes and desires must be considered above all others; but in many more families, an entirely different state of affairs exists. It is a fact beyond dispute that a man's family must look to him for support, comforts and pleasures, and it is right that this should be so. But it also right that reason should be allowed to judge how far this dependence should go. I have known some families in which the position of the head of the house seemed a most unenviable one, where he appeared to be regarded merely as a money-getting, want-supplying machine, and where it was necessary for him to give so much time and thought to others, to strive to the utmost limit of his powers to gratify desires and supply requirements as to exclude all thought of self and leave no time for enjoyment or rest.

That this is true, is caused much by habit and wrong instruction. Children are taught from early infancy to look upon "father" as the gratifier of all wishes and desires, and come to believe that it is in his power to promote the fruition of every wish, and grant every request; and as they grow this habit naturally grows with them and stays only to be transferred from father to husband, when exchanging one protector for the other, and is, in turn, transmitted to children. Thus, the evil of misunderstanding the rightful position of the father in his household grows and brings other evils in its train. Father's occupation of "running" things, keeping everything "moving," has been his so long, his position is so thoroughly established and is so firmly believed in, that seldom is he thought of as one deserving pity or extra care and attention, because of the burdens put upon him and which are so uncomplainingly borne; and yet the life the average "head of the family" lives is truly not an enviable one. To feel that all family and business cares, the comfort and happiness of dependent loved ones must rest on one's shoulders, however tired or bent they may be, and to feel that nothing short of genuine helplessness must hinder one in his labor when so much is depending upon him, is certainly depressing to the highest spirits. To those on whom no responsibility rests, life goes so smoothly on, so smoothly as to sometimes savor of the monotonous, that we fall naturally and unconsciously into accepting and finally forget that there is back of it all a something that keeps things moving just so, and not until that something gives out, stops—to us suddenly, yet as it must perforce do in time—do we realize the frail support we have been resting on in seeming security for so long.

Surely one who labors so constantly and so well, enduring disappointments and misfortunes for those depending on him, those so fondly dear to him, deserves a little kindness and thoughtfulness, a little tender attention at their hands, and more than all these, does he deserve patience and respect. After being out in the world working to

dissolving sugar in the proportion of three pounds of sugar to one pint of water. Many persons prefer the flavor of syrup made of Orleans sugar to that made of the white.

Rice griddle cakes are very delicious. The rice is cooked until perfectly soft, drained dry, mashed with a spoon until the grains are well broken up. For each cupful of rice take two eggs, one pint of milk, one heaping teaspoonful of powder, one-half teaspoonful of salt, and flour enough to make a thin batter.

For hominy cakes take two cupfuls of cooked hominy and crush it with a potato masher until it is a smooth mass. Add one level teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and one cupful of flour. Stir together; then add by degrees one quart of milk, and lastly three well-beaten eggs. Bake in thin cakes.

Very delicate and delicious cakes are made by allowing two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and one-half teaspoonful of salt to one quart of milk, and sufficient corn meal, mixing all into a smooth, thin batter; no eggs or butter are used for these. The cakes bake quickly to a rich deep brown, and are extremely tender and light.

A very delicious, sweet pancake is made by taking one pint of sweet milk, four eggs, two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, one teaspoonful of baking powder, and flour enough to make a moderately thin batter. Beat the eggs whites and yolks separately, until well frothed, stir the butter, sugar and one cupful of flour, into which the baking powder has been mixed, into the yolks, then add the milk. If needed, add more flour. Bake in small cakes, butter each one as it comes from the fire, place four in a pile, with very thin layers of any kind of sweet jelly between, and powdered sugar over the top. They should be baked very thin and four served to each person.

Economical Receipts.

HAM TOAST.—Mix pounded cold ham with beaten egg, season with pepper, lay it on buttered toast, and put into a hot oven for five minutes.

CHICKEN PUDDING.—Cut a chicken into pieces, season, and dredge with flour; place in a basin with a few mushrooms, previously stewed with butter. Add some gravy, cover with thin paste, and steam two hours. Serve in basin.

FRENCH BEANS SALAD.—String some French beans, and boil them whole in plenty of salted water. When cold, dress them with oil, vinegar, pepper, and salt, some tarragon and capers minced, and garnish with hard-boiled eggs, anchovies, and beetroot. The dish must be well rubbed with a shallot.

DRIED FRUITS.—All kinds are much improved by being washed, soaked over night and cooked in the water in which they were soaked. Berries should be stewed only a few moments, other fruits longer. Do not sweeten until they are done, then cook just enough longer to dissolve the sugar.

POTATO CHOWDER.—Take six large potatoes, one onion, one quart of milk, one tablespoonful of butter, two ounces of salt pork and one egg. Cut the pork in small pieces and fry; add the potatoes and onion sliced, cover with boiling water and cook until potatoes are tender; add the milk scalded and the seasoning, and lastly the egg beaten light.

CHEAP CREAM PIE.—One cup of sugar, three coffee cups of milk and one teaspoonful of salt. Let these get boiling hot. While they are heating stir free from lumps, one and one-half cups of flour into one coffee cup of cold milk, then pour it into the boiling milk, stirring constantly till it boils again, then add one teaspoonful of extract of lemon, and set it away to cool. This will

WHITHER BOUND?

A Complicated Canadian Problem.

BY J. E. WELLS.

We Canadians are just now in a most peculiar position. Perhaps all history might be ransacked in vain for an instance of a country, possessed of anything like the population, resources, and intelligence of the Canada of to-day, standing hesitatingly at the cross-roads, with so many diverging highways opening out before it, and with such perfect freedom of choice, so far as any external pressure is concerned. The *Globe* has thrown open its columns and invited discussion of four different propositions, each involving to a very great degree the future history and well-being of the country, and each having its quota of earnest advocates. But, as a matter of fact, it is evident that the currents of popular opinion are just now flowing not into four, but at least six distinct channels. Considered from a national point of view some of these may, it is true, be regarded but as subdivisions or co-ordinate branches of the larger "streams of tendency." The four leading possibilities which just now divide and classify

CANADIAN PUBLIC SENTIMENT

are in relation to the United States, 1st, political Union, or Annexation, and 2nd, Political Independence with Unrestricted Reciprocity or Commercial Union; with relation to Great Britain, 1st Independence, and 2nd, continued connection, either in the present colonial relation, or in some form of closer alliance now vaguely designated Imperial Federation. Or you may, for the sake of clearness, tabulate the conditions somewhat differently but with the same general result.

A. AS RELATED TO THE UNITED STATES.

I.—Annexation.

II.—Independence with (a) Commercial Union, (b) Unrestricted Reciprocity.

B. AS RELATED TO GREAT BRITAIN.

I.—The Present Colonial relation Continued.

II.—Imperial Federation.

III.—Independent National Existence.

But, as will be seen on inspection, this sex-angular arrangement does not exhaust all the possibilities of the situation since, as many think, we may still retain our colonial relation to the mother country and at the same time enter into an agreement for Unrestricted Reciprocity, or even Commercial Union with the United States. Hence if one were anxious to multiply subdivisions by way of illustrating the peculiarities of the case, the following classification might be substituted:

I.—The Colonial Relation as at present.

II.—The Colonial Relation with (a) Unrestricted Reciprocity; (b) Commercial Union.

III.—Independence, with present tariff arrangement.

IV.—Independence with (a) Unrestricted Reciprocity; (b) Commercial Union.

V.—Imperial Federation.

VI.—Annexation.

Here we have in reality not six, but eight distinct issues presented for our choice, and one of the eight we must definitely choose before very long.

One peculiar and most gratifying characteristic of this singular state of affairs is, as before said, that so far as appears, the people of Canada are perfectly free to look all possibilities and contingencies fairly in the face, and make their selection, untrammeled by any considerations, but those of self-interest, sentiment, and social and political affirmity. There is not, probably, the slightest reason to fear any attempt at coercion, on the part of either of the two great powers who are

SPECIALLY CONCERNED

Surely one who labors so constantly and so well, enduring disappointments and misfortunes for those depending on him, those so fondly dear to him, deserves a little kindness and thoughtfulness, a little tender attention at their hands, and more than all these, does he deserve patience and respect. After being out in the world working to obtain the wherewithal with which to meet the many bills—rent, provisions, dry goods, millinery, tuition, physican's charges—bills of all kinds coming due every day, often being compelled to put off many or effect a compromise, with the coming of the night and the time to lay aside active business cares for a time, the longing for rest that comes over the weary father, can only be gratified at his own fireside, beside those he loves and labors for; and surely it isn't hard to turn the care and thoughtfulness of years, with a little patience and sweet kindness when craved by a weary and discouraged husband or father; and surely it savors of heartlessness to taunt him with the epithet "penurious" when his pocket-book is empty, or to designate the possible irritability of his utter weariness as "cross." Patiently, day by day, he toils on, often to go home when the day is spent and its labors over, to find dullness when brightness and good cheer should rule, cross words, sullen looks and impatience, when his heart is longing for kindness and love.

The life the average wife leads is no sinecure, I know. Cares, many and weighty, beset her path on every side; yet she has advantages the head of her family lacks. Her work may stop for a time and may be caught up, without any very serious results; but with the other, not very often can the lost be regained, and he feels acutely how much is depending on him, and so long as strength holds out keeps going. Despite repeated failures, a step growing gradually slower day by day, furrowed lines of care in his worn face, the once dark locks turning to gray, he yet toils on asking of his loved ones only appreciation of his efforts in their behalf, only little kindness and thoughtfulness. If we all would only look on "father" ever and under all conditions, as commanding our greatest respect and veneration, would strive to emulate the noble example of steadfastness of purpose and loyalty to dear ones under his care and protection, that he is setting us day by day; remember that to be compelled to refuse a request because of incapability to grant it, hurts him much more than the disappointment does us; if we would strive always to accept the truth, bow to the inevitable with good grace, however unpalatable such a course may seem,—then would father's cares be made lighter, his days be made longer and brighter and all our homes be brighter and happier thereby.

Pancakes in Variety.

On cold winter mornings pan cakes of all kinds hold an important place at the breakfast table; the buckwheat cake the most cherished of all. When properly made this is the most delicious of all the griddle cakes, but it has been said against it when made from yeast or risen over night that it was difficult to make light and sweet, and that disagreeable effects frequently followed its eating. is found that by the use of baking powder to raise the batter these objections have been entirely overcome, and that buckwheat cakes are made a most delicious food, light, sweet, tender and perfectly wholesome, that can be eaten by anyone without the slightest digestive inconvenience. Once tested from the following receipt no other will be used: Two cups of buckwheat one, cup of wheat flour, two tablespoons of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful of salt, all sifted well together. Mix with milk into a thin batter and bake at once on a hot griddle.

The purest and richest syrup is made by three coffee cups of milk and one teaspoonful of salt. Let these get boiling hot. While they are heating stir free from lumps, one and one-half cups of flour into one coffee cup of cold milk, then pour it into the boiling milk, stirring constantly till it boils again, then add one teaspoonful of extract of lemon, and set it away to cool. This will make three pies. Bake six crusts and fill them with the mixture.

POTATO SALAD.—When one is anxious to prepare supper quickly, a leading dish can be arranged right after dinner with the potatoes left from the meal. Cut them into nice slices with a few slices of onions between, a little salt; then pour over a dressing made as follows:—One egg well beaten, into which put a tablespoonful of sugar and one of water; beat again, add a cup of vinegar, and butter the size of an egg; let it just come to a boil, remove from the fire and add a teaspoonful of mixed mustard; pour over the potato, set away covered till tea-time.

Notes.

To remove white spots from furniture rub with spirits of camphor.

Finger marks may be removed from varnished furniture by rubbing them with a soft woollen cloth, moistened with sweet oil.

To blanch almonds, shell them, pour boiling water on them, and let them stand a few minutes. Then remove the skins which will slip off easily, and dry them in a towel.

Mix a little carbonate of soda with the water in which flowers are immersed, and it will preserve them for a fortnight. Common saltpetre is also a very good preservative.

Plaster, brick and statuettes may be cleaned by dipping them into thick liquid cold starch, i. e., clear starch mixed with cold water, then drying them, and when the starch is washed off, the dirt comes with it.

A lamp standing for some time in a cool room, and then filled full of cold oil, will run over through the expansion of the oil when taken where it is warm. Then the lamp is blamed for leaking. To obviate this, never fill the lamp quite full.

With very little labor, washing silver in water in which a teaspoonful of ammonia has been added, will keep the silver with a white polish, and glassware will polish much more easily if washed in water to which ammonia has been added.

Another recipe for cleaning silver, is highly recommended; Mix two ounces of ammonia, two of prepared chalk, and eight ounces of rain water; apply with a soft flannel and rub with chamois skin. For the filigree work use a silver brush.

Any woman who wishes to preserve her shoes as long as possible, will strictly avoid the use of prepared, so-called, French dressing. It undoubtedly cracks the leather and makes it rotten. Far better is white of egg, or some good oil—olive or sweet oil—applied with a bit of flannel. It keeps the color of the leather, and shoes thus treated do not harden after being thoroughly wetted. The oil is the proper dressing for patent leather—linseed oil, some shoe-makers say. It is first rubbed on, and then polished with a dry flannel. Patent leather treated in this way does not crack or become dull after wetting.

Giving Her Away.

Snobberly—"Have you ever crossed the ocean, Miss Flirty?"

Miss Flirty—"No, Mr. Snobberly, I have a dread of the water. I don't think I ever could be induced to embark in a ship of any kind."

"How about a court-ship, sis?" asked Jonny, Miss Flirty's younger brother.

contingencies fairly in the face, and make their selection, untrammeled by any considerations, but those of self-interest, sentiment, and social and political affirmity. There is not, probably, the slightest reason to fear any attempt at coercion, on the part of either of the two great powers who are

SPECIALLY CONCERNED

in the matter. The situation is really unique in this respect. It is more than doubtful if in all history a parallel case could be found; that is to say, a case in which, on the one hand, a people could exist in perfect security, beside a great nation of ten times its strength and earnestly desirous of annexing them and their country; and a case in which, on the other hand, a people constituting a valuable colony of a great empire, could choose between continual subordination, national independence, annexation to another state, with a moral certainty that their deliberate choice, whatever it might be, would not be forcibly interfered with.

But, it may be asked at the outset, is it really true that we are at the cross-roads? Is there a real necessity for making any of the changes indicated? Is not the Dominion going on very well as it is? Do not the people of Saxon and Celtic descent who inhabit it manage to live, in the main, in tolerable comfort and independence? Have not the older provinces all the indications of moderate wealth and prosperity in their comfortable homes, their fine churches, their numerous and well-equipped schools and universities, their costly and in some cases magnificent public buildings, their prosperous mercantile and manufacturing establishments, their well-to do official and business classes, with here and there a sprinkling of Knights and millionaires, etc?

In answer to such questions, which will suggest themselves to many minds, it might be sufficient to point to patent facts. It is a patent fact that the feeling of unrest, bordering on discontent, is in the air. The impression is widespread, almost universal, that things cannot remain as they are, that important if not radical, change is inevitable; in a word, that federation has gone nearly as far as it can go along the present lines, and that we are on the eve of a new departure. Else what means all this

DISCUSSION AND AGITATION

which are constantly going on on the platform, in the press, and even in Parliament? Why is it that one can hardly take up even a country newspaper in which he will not find articles or letters advocating one or the other of the changes above enumerated?

Going a step farther and inquiring into the causes of this general political unrest, some of them at least, it will be seen, are not far to seek, though various and somewhat complex. In the first place, it has become obvious to many of the more thoughtful, even of those who were its ardent promoters, that Confederation has not been a success. It has failed, to a large extent, in accomplishing the first great end for which it was brought about, the creation of united sentiment. The Maritime provinces, Nova Scotia in particular, entered the union with reluctance in the first place. In fact the last named Province, as the discontented never fail to remind us on occasion, was legislated into the confederation, not only without the sanction, but against the will of the great body of her people. At no time during the twenty-one years of confederation, probably, have a majority of Nova Scotians cordially accepted the Union, and there can scarcely be a doubt that were a peaceful way out of it pointed out, and a plebiscite taken to-morrow upon the question, freed from all partisan and other complications, a large majority would vote for separation. This is sufficiently clear from the fact that a local administration hostile to Confederation is maintained in power. True, a *quasi* sanction of the present order of things seemed to have been

gained in the result of the last election, but it is no secret that that result was mainly due to

LAVISH EXPENDITURE

and promise of expenditure of Dominion funds for local objects—a growing practice which is in itself, not less inimical to the stability of the Confederation than to political morality. In New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, the manifestations of dissatisfaction have been less positive and emphatic, but it is clear to all observers that the inhabitants of these provinces, as a whole have no real love for the Union, no enthusiasm for its success. They scarcely recognize themselves as Canadians, and not infrequently are almost ready to repudiate the designation.

Turning to the other extremity of the Dominion, the situation is scarcely more hopeful. Every observant visitor of Manitoba and the North West must have been struck with the feebleness of the attachment to Canada shown by very many, at least, of the citizens. Though a large proportion of them are from the older provinces, the bond of nationality already seems to have become attenuated to a mere thread. The effect of distance and divergence of local interest has been greatly increased by the galling chain of the tariff, of which more anon, and by the persistent attempt of the Ottawa authorities to keep the settlers under the feet of the great railway monopoly. With the filling up of the prairies, the centre of population and so of political powerwill gradually move, westward, and the probability is that at no distant day it may be located west of Lake Superior. But present indications are that unless some very powerful influences can be brought to bear to foster community of interest and sentiment, it will be very difficult when that day comes or even before, to hold the Northwest in its present relations to old Canada. Other causes of the prevailing unrest must be deferred to another article.

In A Leopard's Den.

"Cigar" was a Hottentot, and a mighty hunter of both large and small game. His skill in the use of fire-arms was so great that report credited him with having shot several white men. Circumstances made Cigar the guide and companion, in South Africa, of Parker Gilmore, who won his heart by treating him with kindness. One night, as they sat together on the wagon-box, Cigar told his master the story of an adventure with a leopard, which we condense from the author's "Days and Nights in the Desert":

One day, while looking out for buk, Cigar came across the spoor of a leopard, a beast far more cunning and dangerous than a lion. The Hottentot's gun was an old flint-lock musket, which did not always go off. But he was nearly out of ammunition, and the leopard's skin would buy him a trade-bag of powder; so he followed the leopard's spoor from stone to brush, and from stump to tree.

The chase was a long one and led the hunter to a rocky ravine, where the tracking would have been difficult and dangerous had not a pack of baboons unexpectedly come to his aid. When the baboons discovered their enemy stealthily creeping among the rocks, they followed at a safe distance, howling out their rage and hatred.

Cigar heard the cries and made for an elevated rock, whence he saw the leopard ascend the opposite side of the ravine and enter a cleft in the rocks. Knowing that the leopard had gone into her den, Cigar selected a hiding place within easy range of the ledge on which the cave opened, and waited for the animal to come out.

As soon as the baboons began to howl the

Some Little Things.

The little things we shall now speak of are appropriate as the cold weather is about to begin.

1. See to it that the children thoroughly warm their feet before going to school, and on returning home. They are seldom disposed to do it of themselves. Many a serious cold, or other inflammatory attack, might be prevented by attention to this precaution.

2. Teach the children, when out of doors, to keep their mouths closed, and breathe through their nostrils. This prevents the air—the temperature of which may be zero—from striking directly on the tonsils and the larynx. As the nasal passages are kept constantly warmed by the breath from the heated lungs, the inbreathed air is warmed, as it passes circuitously through them.

3. Children who are liable to inflammation and swelling of the tonsils, or to troubles in the ear, should wear hoods that come well over on the forehead and well down over the neck. Hats are dangerous for such children, and so are bonnets, unless care is taken to bring them down over the side of the head.

4. In our cities and large towns especially children are inclined to sit together on the stone doorsteps, which are often ice-cold. This practice needs to be guarded against. Every thoughtful mother will readily see how dangerous it is for her girls.

5. On returning from a cold walk or ride, throw off all but the home clothing at once. The outer clothing is nearly at the temperature of the outer atmosphere, and, if kept on, must absorb much heat, which might otherwise have come to the wearer immediately.

6. In dressing and undressing in a cold room, move about as little as possible, when the slippers are off. The carpet under the feet is warmed by abstracting heat from the feet, and the person has the advantage of it; while every change takes additional heat to warm a new place. In undressing keep the slippers on as long as convenient; in dressing, put them on as soon as possible.

7. If a chamber is without woolen carpet, be sure to have a woolen mat or rug or bit of carpeting near the bed on which to stand.

8. All slippers for use in cold weather should have extra inner soles, to lift the feet from the cold floor and to retain the natural heat. Where nothing else can be had, such soles can be cut from cardboard; a thickness of woolen cloth should be stitched on each side.

9. For women in the kitchen slippers made of woolen uppers and thick felt soles are desirable. Slippers are preferable for home use to buttoned boots, as they facilitate the warming of the feet, which is otherwise apt to be duly neglected.

Practical.

Make starch with soapy water. It keeps the iron from sticking and makes a glossy surface.

Coffee and tea should never be given to children at night. They disturb the nerve system and make the children cross and peevish.

Tomato vinegar is patented in England. It is made by reducing ripe tomatoes to pulp, steeping the pulp in water twenty-four hours, then drawing off the liquid, adding sugar and allowing it to ferment.

To remove indentations from furniture, wet the indented places well with warm water; then take some brown paper five or six times doubled and well soaked in water, and cover with it the bruises. Then apply to the paper a hot flat-iron until the moisture is evaporated, and, if the indentations have not disappeared, repeat the application until the whole surface is completely level.

Boiled or roasted onions are a specific for colds on the chest. They may not agree

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elevated rock, whence he saw the leopard ascend the opposite side of the ravine and enter a cleft in the rocks. Knowing that the leopard had gone into her den, Cigar selected a hiding place within easy range of the ledge on which the cave opened, and waited for the animal to come out.

As soon as the baboons began to howl the leopard came forth from her den, followed by two cubs, about twelve weeks old. Thereupon the baboons forsook the Hottentot, and directed their attention to the leopard, who had extended herself upon the ledge, and lay on her side, in order that the cubs might more easily take their food.

Cigar having taken time for a steady aim at her heart, fired, and the beast rolled over on her back dead. The cubs ran into the cave and the baboons scuttled up the rocks. Cigar ran to the ledge, skinned the leopard, kicked the carcass into the ravine, and then considered how he should secure the cubs alive.

The interior of the cave was dark, and low in the roof, but smooth on the floor, which was thickly covered with sand. Cigar crawled on his stomach to the end of the cave, where he groped about and soon touched a spitting and hissing cub. With much trouble and many scratches and bites, he secured it and brought it out into the daylight, where he left it lying on the ledge with its four feet tied together.

On re-entering the cave, Cigar took with him his loaded musket, thinking that the father might return and discover him rifling his home.

The second cub had squeezed itself into such a deep crack that it took the Hottentot half an hour to draw it out. While tying its feet, the little light failed, all was dark within. There could be but one cause for the darkness, and the Hottentot prepared for the fight that must end in the death of hunter or leopard, or of both.

He knew, even in the darkness, where his foe was, for the leopard's eyes glowed like balls of fire. The roof was so low that the animal could not spring upon the hunter, and it had to advance slowly, stretching out its body to its full length.

Anxiously Cigar took aim; the report answered the snapping of the lock; the leopard was struggling in front of the man. The Hottentot reloaded his gun—a slow process on account of the constrained position—and then, knowing that the wounded beast was struggling toward him, shoved forward the musket. Its muzzle touched the leopard's body. Cigar pushed the gun, and pressed the trigger. There was a stunning report and then all was still. He had won.

It took him a long time to crawl over the dead beast, so closely was it wedged in the passage, and a longer time to draw out the carcass. His first shot had smashed the animal's lower jaw, and the second had entered the chest and passed along the spine to the root of the tail, where it lodged.

The brave hunter sold the cubs and the skins to a party of English gentlemen, for nearly fifty dollars in trade and cash.

His First Night Out.

Bride (of a month)—My husband seems to be out very late to night.

Maid—Yes'm; it's after 11 o'clock.

"Mercy on me! Do you suppose he could have met some former sweetheart, and——"

"No, indeed, mum; the butler tells me your husband is at the club having a good time with his bachelor friends, and I think, ma'am, you ought to do something about it."

"Why, of course. How thoughtless I am! Get me that box of phosphorus from the cabinet."

"Dearie me! You ain't going to commit suicide?"

"Suicide! You must be crazy. I'm going down to the front door to rub phosphorus on the keyhole."

and cover with it the bruises. Then apply to the paper a hot flat-iron until the moisture is evaporated, and, if the indentations have not disappeared, repeat the application until the whole surface is completely level.

Boiled or roasted onions are a specific for colds on the chest. They may not agree with every one, but to persons of good digestion they will not only be found to be a most excellent remedy for a cough and the clogging of the bronchial tubes, which is usually the cause of the cough; but if eaten freely at the outset of a cold they will break up what promised, from the severity of the attack, to have been a serious one.

Why do so many women object to methods of making their work easier? Some say it looks lazy? Nonsense. Men always improve such contrivances to the utmost and are never called lazy for so doing. Now, for instance, why should not a woman have a chair high enough to sit in for many operations of kitchen and cooking work, arranged to permit a free use of the arms? It would promote health, save strength and prevent much weariness.

Because man is the only animal that can laugh one might naturally conclude that he has always laughed, but such is not the case. At least laughter, as our expression of merriment or pleasure, has only been in vogue for a short time as compared with the age of the race. The Puritans and Quakers who came to America a couple of hundred years ago held it to be a misdemeanor to longh boisterously or heartily, and even to this day their descendants regard laughing as being indecorous, if not actually unbecoming to a Christian.

How we do hate that expression "genteel employment!" There is only one thing worse—that is the term used by a young woman who says she is willing to do "anything not menial." Now, doubtless there are some employments more congenial than others, something we all prefer—but silly talk about menial work has ruined the career of many a working woman. According to its Saxon derivation, menial simply means anything connected with the household, the most honorable employment of a gentlewoman, according to old-style ideas. The impression that any form of honest work lowers the social standing is too absurd to be considered, and deserves to be pushed out of sight with the lumber of bygone centuries.

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Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect Oct. 29, 1888.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee.....Leave	10 45	5 05
Napance Mills..... "	11 00	5 20
Newburgh..... "	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*.... "	11 15	5 35
Camden East..... "	11 20	5 40
Yarker..... "	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*..... "	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road..... "	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground		
Moscow..... "	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*.... "	11 58	6 18
Enterprise..... "	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*.. "	12 15	6 35
Tamworth..... Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS	No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth.....Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†.. "	7 15	2 30
Enterprise..... "	7 21	2 35
Mudlake Bridge†..... "	7 27	2 42
Moscow..... "	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground		
Galbraith Road†..... "	7 45	3 08
Colebrook† ..... "	7 48	3 12
Yarker,..... "	7 50	3 15
Camden East..... "	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills* .. "	8 10	3 35
Newburgh ..... "	8 15	3 48
Napanee Mills..... "	8 25	3 50
Napanee.....Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

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This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

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HEALTH.

Unimpeded Perspiration.

Among the various parts of the human body none seems most strikingly suggestive of design than the skin, regarded as part of the excretory system. A single sweat-gland with its spiral duct, seen under the microscope, is marvellous if considered as a product of evolution, but when we consider that according to the calculations of Eichhorn there are no fewer than 10,000,000 of these glands scattered through the skin, the complete system seems as if must be the result of special design very specially carried out. Assigning an average length to each, if straightened, of about one-sixth of an inch, which is short of the truth, their total length, for a human body of average size (with a surface of fourteen square feet), amounts to more than twenty six miles. Through these twenty-six miles of tubing, divided up into 10,000,000 sections, the perspiration is constantly exuding, passing away in the form of invisible vapor except when formed rapidly as during violent exercise, or in certain forms of disease.

The fluid which thus passes away is chiefly water, in which minute quantities of animal and saline matter are dissolved, with lactic acid, nitrogen, and carbonic acid (or carbon dioxide). It is estimated that on the average, the sudorific glands remove each day from the body about 2½ lbs of watery vapor. But the amount varies largely, not only from day to day, but from hour to hour; besides being different with different individuals. In a warm hall or theatre in which two thousand people are gathered together, a ton of vaporous or liquid perpiration will be excreted in the course of a single hour—the total length of the sweat glands in action during the evening being no less than 57,000 miles, or more than 2¼ times the circumference of the earth.

NATURE INSISTS ON A FREE SKIN.

Since death results when the cutaneous respiration is absolutely or in a large degree interrupted, it will be understood that even partial interruption of the process must have mischievous effects. These, apparently, are not usually local, that is, the part of the body where the pores are clogged does not appear to suffer directly from the interruption of the cutaneous respiration, but the general health is affected. Otherwise the use of plasters, covered with skin on the outside or made of non-porous materials, would be locally disastrous. As it is, such plasters are usually too small to do much mischief by interfering with the perspiration. The injury to the skin done by such appliances as foolish persons put on the face and arms with the idea of improving the appearance probably does not arise directly from the clogging of the sudoriparous and sebaceous glands, being due rather to physical than to physiological causes; yet there is something singularly perverse in the folly which, where nature has indicated the necessity for a free skin, insists on obstinately clogging the skin with matter which must be mischievous, even though neutral in chemical constitution, and which usually—as in the case of pearl powder, for example—is very far from being neutral.

Although it is absolutely essential to health that the perspiratory pores should be kept free from obstruction and in a state of due activity it must not be forgotten that there is room for error on the side of excess in this as in so many other matters. *Ne quid nimis* is a golden rule in all such cases. There are many, however, who seem to think that because by cleaniness and the frequent use of the cold or tepid bath the action of the sweat glands is encouraged and the health preserved, therefore it must be still better to use the hot bath frequently, and even occasionally to use sudorifics

A DOG-FACED GIRL.

Her Expression, Gait, and Speech Have Canine Peculiarities.

In a lonely cabin on the banks of Otselic Creek, in the town of Willett, Cortland county New York State, may be found a remarkable freak of nature, known through the county roundabout as the "dog-faced girl." Here mother and daughter named respectively Orilla and Sarah Walls, live alone, and in poverty, gaining a precarious support by picking berries and gathering roots and herbs, and from gifts at the hands of the numerous visitors whom curiosity brings to their hut.

The peculiarity of the dog-fased girl's features lies in the chin, mouth and nose, which protrude from the head and neck to an excessive and unnatural degree, and in a shape strikingly like a dog's snout or muzzle. Otherwise she is well formed and fully developed for a girl of 15 years, and is notably robust and active. But she is weak-minded, and the wonderful thing about her imbecility is its canine characteristics in voice and movement.

Up to about 10 years old the girl persisted in running about on all fours, and in this posture she could outrun any child of her age. Her vocal utterances, also, were marvellously like the barking or howling of a dog. As she approached the period of womanhood she learned to walk erect, and her voice lost something of its canine tones, but her features and utterances are still so unmistakably doglike as to attract marked attention and wonder.

She has a constant stream of visitors, including physicians and scientists as well as ordinary curiosity mongers, and these are told truthfully that her father, who died shortly after her birth, was in no way malformed or peculiar. Her mother is good looking in feature and figure, and ordinarily intelligent. None of the dog-faced girl's visitors have as yet suggusted any plausible theory of the freak which gave her to the wor d.

Wheat Crop Shortage.

There is a short wheat crop in the United States and Canada—the shortage, the crop being compared with that of last year, being about 37,000,000 bushels. The quantity already exported is stated to be nearly or quite equal to the annual average, and the home price is at present so high as to prevent further exportation. As the visible supply of wheat is reported to be not more than adequate for domestic consumption, it is unlikely that there will be any material decrease in the price of wheat, and dear, or at least dearer bread is to be one of the conditions of the coming winter. But bread, especially winter bread, need not necessarily be made of wheat, or of rye, even; corn bread is not only nutritious, it is delicious when properly made, and it can be made in many excellent and attractive varieties. The corn crop of the present year is exceedingly large, and the cereal is consequently cheap. The meal of the finer varieties makes an excellent substitute for wheat bread, being, in the opinion of many, much more palatable, and containing ever so much more of brawn and muscle making qualities. Now that wheaten flour is growing dearer, the price of the loaf increasing or the size of it decreasing, and the cold weather, which imparts wholesomeness to corn meal, coming on, corn bread should be given a trial. To the breakfast table, at least, it adds a most appetizing attraction.

That the price of flour and hence bread will be higher during the next few months than it has been during the last twelve will hardly admit of denial, and yet we are tempted to doubt whether the sudden advances that have been made in the price of

The Mormons.

The hold of the Mormons upon Utah Territory is fast being weakened. Since 1882 the provisions of the law against the practice of poylgamy have been enforced with increasing severity, and during the past year or so Cannon, the head or the Church, has been a fugitive from justice. On emerging from his retreat the other day he was promptly arrested, and will, no doubt, be compelled to serve a term of imprisonment as a reward for his unlawful deeds. The heaviest blow which the Church has yet received, however, is that dealt it by the Snpreme Court of Utah in the judgment by which it pronounces the dissolution of the Church as a corporation, and decrees the confiscation of all its property for school purposes in the Territory. As its wealth and its right to tax its adherents have in the past been the chief sources of the Church's power, it is thus reduced to a state of weakness which is certain to endanger its very existence. It loses all its buildings, save those used for purposes of worship, its right to mantain military and police systems, its control of the courts and of all secular affairs in the Territory— in short, it is relegated to the position of a Church only, free to exercise such functions as pertain to religious bodies, and no other. It is no longer the State Church of Utah, and is put upon precisely the same basis as other denominations. Its only hold npon the people will be through the preaching of polygamy, the practice of which doctrine involves disfranchisement and liability to criminal prosecution. Since the passage of the Anti-Polygamy law of 1882 and its amendments 500 polygamists have been prosecuted and convicted in the Territory and sentenced to either fine or imprisonment.

Punishing the Gods.

A curious case of punishing the gods is reported by the last mail from Foochow. The idols of a certain temple in that city were those appealed to by persons who desired to be revenged on their enemies. They were supposed to cause death to those against whom prayers to them were directed. Recently the Tartar military commander died suddenly, and the idea got abroad among the people that he had been slain by the idols in question. The viceroy of the province hearing this at once gave orders that they were to be arrested and punished. The prefect was instructed to see the decree carried out, and, armed with the viceroy's warrant, he went to the temple and had fifteen idols arrested. These were of wood, and about five feet high. Before being brought for judgment before the prefect their eyes were all put out, so that they should not see who was their judge and be able to trouble him either here or hereafter. After a full investigation a report was sent to the viceroy, who gave orders that the idols should be beheaded, their bodies cast into a pond, and their temp'e sealed up forever, to prevent them irom troubling the peace of the town in future.

A Sand Bag for the Sick Room.

Many persons are acquainted with the virtues of the hot water bag, but an exchange suggests that a sand bag is still better.

Get some clean, fine sand, dry it thoroughly in a kettle on the stove; make a bag about eight inches square of flannel, fill it with the dry sand, sew the opening carefully together, and cover the bag with cotton or linen cloth. This will prevent the sand from sifting out, and also enable you to heat the bag quickly by placing it in the oven or on top of the stove. The Herald of Health says that after once using this you will never again attempt to warm the feet or hands of

think that because by cleanliness and the frequent use of the cold or tepid bath the action of the sweat glands is encouraged and the health preserved, therefore it must be still better to use the hot bath frequently, and even occasionally to use sudorifics when they are not called for medicinally. This is a mistake and may prove a serious mistake in the case of persons constitutionally disposed to perspire freely.

The Oil Glands.

Nearly two and a half millions of sweat glands pour out upon the surface of the body a watery fluid, which aids in keeping the skin soft, and, by its evaporation, in regulating the bodily temperature.

Beside these sweat glands, the skin contains the so-called sebaceous glands, that exude opaque and oily matter. The ducts convey it either directly to the surface, or into the upper portion of the hair follicles—the cavities from which the hair proceeds.

The oil is designed to help keep the skin supple, and especially to promote healthiness of the hair. These glands are absent from the under part of the feet and hands, and are most abundant in the scalp, face, canal of the ear and about the nose and mouth. Those in the ear secrete the ear-wax. An excess in the secretion renders the face shiny; a deficiency renders the skin and hair dry and harsh.

The glands are sometimes obstructed, when the oil becomes thick, or when there is a neglect of cleanliness. This gives rise to *papulæ*, or pimples, which on being pressed out through the narrow mouth of the oil duct, resemble worms, or grubs. They are frequently called worms, naturally enough, since the hardened dirt on the outer end looks like a head; but they are only thickened oil, though occasionally a minute living worm chooses one of them for his abode.

Occasionally the more fluid elements of the oil are absorbed, leaving only the solid, and these harden into cutaneous calculi. Or the obstructed secretions—yellow, half liquid and half solid, like putty or mortar—may form small tumors on the eye brows, face, neck and head. They should be cut out when small, or destroyed with caustic. Still, their only harm is in the deformity they cause.

The various forms of acne, or pimple, are due to inflammations of these glands. They occur mainly at the period of puberty, and in the years immediately following, and are regarded as due to the constitutional changes then in process. There is at that period a languid and torpid condition of the skin, a tendency to the accumulation of sebaceous matter, and a congestion of the follicles.

The treatment consists in removing any exciting cause that may exist, improving the nutritive power of the skin and the general system, and stimulating the parts affected. There should also be close attention to diet and habits of life.

Acute Sore Throat.

Among the best remedies for this common affection is hot water. It should be applied outside and inside; outside by means of flannel wrung out of water as hot as can be borne, applied to the throat and well covered, twice a day for fifteen minutes or half an hour. Gargle hot water, as hot as can be borne, every fifteen minutes or half an hour until relieved. Drink plenty of hot water so as to get into a profuse perspiration. A few hours of this treatment will effect a cure in simple cases.

Age Affects Poetry.

Office boy (to editor)—There's a lady outside, sir, with some poetry.

Editor—How old is she?

'Bout seventeen.

Show her in.

That the price of flour and hence bread will be higher during the next few months than it has been during the last twelve will hardly admit of denial, and yet we are tempted to doubt whether the sudden advances that have been made in the price of grain and flour can be sustained for more than a few weeks. It almost always happens that the holder of a staple commodity is quick to seize upon an excuse for raising its selling price, and, so far as retailers are concerned, prices once raised are frequently maintained after the cause for the increase has passed away. But dealers in wheat and dealers in flour have to meet a keen competition, which when duly brought to bear, cannot fail to reduce prices to at least a reasonable level. The advances in the price of wheat have been very largely speculative. How far these increases are justified by the shortness of the wheat crop the future alone can determine, but it seems to us not improbable that the law of supply and demand will operate to place the average selling price of wheat at a point considerably below that which it now holds, and that the western millers, having better opportunities afforded them of purchasing their raw material, will be forced by competition to make lower prices for flour than those which have recently prevailed.

Praying for Gladstone.

A recent issue of the Dundee "News" contains the following letter:—"Dear Mr. Editor: We are all aware that there is nothing impossible to God. We all know that He has made the dead to rise, the deaf to hear, the blind to see, the lame to walk, that prayer was offered up by the Church, and that St. Peter was liberated out of prison. Now, what I am drifting at is this: Why should not all the lovers all over this earth of Mr. Gladstone join in prayer at the same time in one body and send up a petition to God, who is so good to us, to renew Mr. Gladstone's years and make that noble man into youth again, say the years of 21, with all the knowledge and wisdom and goodness that he (Mr. Gladstone) now possesses, and that God would spare Mr. Gladstone full health and strength to see another 80 years in this world to do all the good he intends to do. Dear Mr. Editor, you should start as the leader in this the greatest work you ever did or ever shall do or any other man. I don't thing for a moment that God would refuse the petition of so many millions of His children, and who knows but you might be crowned with much glory. You can do this. There is no denial. Dear Mr. Editor, I never asked a favour of you before and I hope you will not refuse this the first."

The Raw, Cutting Winds

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which successfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

There is only a distinction without a difference between an auburn-haired sweetheart and a red-headed wife.

Nine years ago a Mrs. Manning, of Paris, Ill., vowed that if her son married a certain young lady who was objectionable to her she would go to bed and stay there until she died. The marriage took place, and the mother, true to her resolution, never left her bed until last week, when she was borne to her coffin.

linen cloth. This will prevent the sand from sifting out, and also enable you to heat the bag quickly by placing it in the oven or on top of the stove. The Herald of Health says that after once using this you will never again attempt to warm the feet or hands of a sick person with a bottle of water or a brick. The sand holds the heat for a long time, and the bag can be tucked up to the back without hurting the invalid.

Hypnotism Applied to Justice.

Hypnotism is, for the first time, becomin an instrument in the hands of French justice. A shoemaker named Pichereau, living in the town Paimbœuf, had persistently denied a robbery of 200f., of which he was accused. The judge before whom he was tried went at once to a professional hypnotizer, who had the man's eyes blindfolded, much as if he was giving a public performance, and at last discovered the stolen money under an old stone wall. Thanks to the hypnotizer the shoemaker was convicted and sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

Bismarck's Guards.

Prince Bismarck keeps a guard of four soldiers in a small conservatory in the garden of his official residence at Berlin. "After Blind's attempt on my life," he says, "the Emperor insisted that I should have a bodyguard. But I sometimes forgot these good fellows, and once at Versailles, seeing one of them appear suddenly before me in a corner of my garden, I drew my revolver, thinking he meant mischief."

California.

Ask for tickets via the old established and favorite Overland route comprising the Chicago and North Western and Union and Southern Pacific Railways. Two fast trains leave Chicago daily with unrivalled accommodations for first and second class passengers. Rates no higher than by other lines. Baggage checked through. Full information, covering rates, etc., with time tables and maps given by J. H. MORLEY, Canadian Passenger Agent, 69 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

Rev. Sam Small, the evangelist, has been defeated for the Georgia Senate.

Coff No More.

Watson's cough drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. See that the letters R. & T. W. are stamped on each drop.

Amber-covered opera glasses are novel and beautiful.

ITCHING PILES.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture: intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumours. It is equally efficacious in curing all skin diseases. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Proprietors, Philadelphia. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT can be obtained of druggists. Sent by mail for 50 cents.

A. P. 422.

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What Ails You?

Do you have obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges from head and throat, sometimes profuse, acrid and watery, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid and offensive; dull, heavy headache most of the time, with occasional "splitting headaches"; are your eyes weak, watery, or inflamed; is there ringing in the ears, with more or less deafness; do you have to hack, cough and gag, in your efforts to clear your throat in the morning; do you expectorate offensive matter, scabs from ulcers, perhaps tinged with blood; is your voice changed and is there a "nasal twang" to it; is your breath offensive; are your senses of taste and smell impaired? If you have all or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from that most common and dangerous of maladies—chronic nasal catarrh. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, which is sold by druggists at only 50 cents, will cure it. The manufacturers of this wonderful remedy offer, in good faith, $500 for a case of this disease which they cannot cure.

Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada, came to the States from Wales and went gold-hunting to California in '49. He began with pick in hand and to-day one of his mines yields him $12,000 a month.

Detectives Wanted,

to ferret out and discover, if they can, a single case where Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been used for torpid liver, indigestion, impure blood, or consumption in its early stages, without giving immediate and permanent relief; provided, of course, that the directions have been reasonably well followed.

Joseph Rhodes, of Indiana, starved himself to death by a ten-weeks' fast.

The voyage from maiden fair to womanhood is often attended with many perils. Mothers should insist upon their daughters being prepared with every means of safety. Universally acknowledged as the reliable "Life preserver" on this rough sea of uncertainties, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It has averted many a disaster. It has rescued many a periled life! This popular remedy is prepared especially for Woman. It is the only remedy of its class sold by druggists under a positive guarantee to give satisfaction. This guarantee has been faithfully carried out by the manufacturers for many years.

It is said when potter's ware is boiled for the purpose of hardening it, a handful or two of bran should be thrown into the water, and the glazing will not afterward be injured by acids or salt.

CANCER, TUMORS, ULCERS, SCROFULA, etc., cured permanently without the knife. Apply to DR. W. L. SMITH, 124 Queen Street E, Toronto.

AGENTS! UNEMPLOYED! We handle only standard specialties, of which no other firm has a right to sell in Canada. Write us. Tarbox Bros. Toronto, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE or RENT. ALL SIZES, KINDS and PRICES. Some special bargains. H. S. MITCHELL, DRAYTON, ONT.

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"THE DANDY" PATENT BAGHOLDER, which every farmer wants now, costs only 75 cts., and if there is no local agent, may be obtained free by express or mail), on sending price to C. W. ALLEN & CO., World Building, Toronto.

$255—A HANDSOME COLORED SILK HAND-

Diamond Dyes

Brilliant! Durable! Economical!

Diamond Dyes excel all others in Strength, Purity and Fastness. None other are just as good. Beware of imitations, because they are made of cheap and inferior materials, and give poor, weak, crocky colors. To be sure of success, use only the DIAMOND DYES for coloring Dresses, Stockings, Yarns, Carpets, Feathers, Ribbons, &c., &c. We warrant them to color more goods, package for package, than any other dyes ever made, and to give more brilliant and durable colors. Ask for the *Diamond* and take no other.

A Dress Dyed
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Satisfaction guaranteed to teach ladies the full art of cutting all garments worn by ladies and children. PROF. SMITH, 349½ Queen St. W., Toronto. Agents Wanted.

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Finest soil, best water, land all for settlers. Send your address on Postal Card for maps, books and all information.

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Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N.F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow line sail during winter to and from Halifax Portland, Boston and Philadelphia, and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage or other information apply A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co. Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld., Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Chicago Love & Alden, New York; H. Borulier, Toronto Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brooks, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen, Portland, Boston, Montreal.

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The Cheapest place in

which every farmer wants now, costs only 75 cts., and if there is no local agent, may be obtained free by express or mail), on sending price to C. W. ALLEN & CO., World Building, Toronto.

FREE.—A HANDSOME COLORED SILK HANDKERCHIEF, and a sample of the Wonderful Needle! requires no threading! to all who send us 10 cents silver for postage, etc. We make this great offer to introduce our goods into every home. Address at once, WHITON MANF'G CO., 561 Queen St. W., Toronto, Ont.

ATTENTION! AGENTS!—Ladies or gentlemen girls or boys, The best 25c selling article in the world. Something new and needed in every household. Sells like hot cakes. Sample by mail, post paid, with full particulars, on receipt of 15 cents. Address, C. W. DENNIS, 6 Yonge Street Arcade, Toronto, Ont.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY ACTIVE MEN to sell the Reliable Nursery Stock of the well-known St. Catharines Nurseries. Liberal terms and steady work. Address THE D. W. BEADLE NURSERY CO., Ld., St. Catharines, Ont.

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It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
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It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Cough and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

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BEST VALUE IN THE DOMINION.

F. E. DIXON & CO., MAKERS, 70 KING ST. E, TORONTO

Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

GUELPH BUSINESS COLLEGE, Guelph, Ont.—The Fifth Scholastic year began Sept. 1st. The system of education pursued is at once intellectual and eminently practical, meeting in a very marked degree the requirements of this progressive and commercial age. Few, if any, of the graduates, according to the showing of past results, need be long unemployed. To mention their training school, is, as a rule, a passport, to eligible and lucrative situations. Address, M. MACCORMICK, Principal.

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SHETLAND AND ANDALUSIAN WOOLS, 8c per oz.; Baldwin's best Fingering and Fleecy Wools, 10c per skein; Saxony Wool, all colors, 10c per skein; Merino Wools, all colors, 10c per skein; Embroidery Silks, every color, 10c dozen skeins; American Arrasene, 30c dozen skeins; English Arrasene, large skeins, 8c skein; Stamped Toilet Sets, 5 pieces, 35c set; Stamped Tidys, newest designs, 25c each; Stamped Splashers, do., 40 and 50c each. Ladies will always find with us the very newest material for fancy work. Goods can be sent to any part of Canada by post. Write for price list. A trial solicited. HENRY DAVIS, Importer, 232 Yonge Street, Toronto. Please mention this paper.

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THE

Glory of a Man is His Strength

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JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

IS THE

GREAT STRENGTH GIVER

We are children who cheerfully join in the chorus
When Breadmaker's Yeast *is the subject before us—*
Mamma tried all the rest,
So she knows it's the best, [lightest,
'Cause her bread is the whitest, her buns are the
And we eat all the pancakes she dare set before us.

BUY THE BREADMAKER'S YEAST. PRICE 5 CENTS.

Nervous Debility.

DR. GRAY'S Specific has been used for the fifteen years with great success, in the treatment of Nervous Debility, and all diseases arising from excesses, over-worked brain, loss of vitality, ringing in the ears, palpitation, etc. For sale by all druggists. Price $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price. Pamphlet on application.

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Use Hop Bitters.

Cure All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidney, Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints, DRUNKENESS. $1,000 Reward paid for a case they will not cure.

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Fine Ordered and Ready-made Clothing

Boys' Clothing,
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The most stylish, the best, the cheapest.

Dress Goods from 8 cents per yard up.

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The grandest range to select from. The cheapest stock to purchase from. The most stylish goods to wear.

We make to order Ulsters and Mantles of any and every description.

WE ARE NOTED FOR

Fine Millinery Goods !

Our Millinery rooms contain the most stylish goods in the trade, at the lowest prices. Miss Smith, together with Miss

The Downey Co.

Keep constantly on hand, for sale at lowest prices, the

GENUINE SCRANTON COAL.

also Blossburgh and soft coals

Hard and soft wood, cut and split, or uncut, delivered to any part of the town.

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Good Quality, Low Price,

Cracked Feed, Corn Meal, Bran, Shorts, Hen Feed, Oats Rye, Wheat, Corn, Timothy and Clover, Salt etc. Try our

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flour. Cash paid for inds of grain. Storehouse open the year round. Always in the market for grain. A call solicited.

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WHOLESALE PRICES.

Good second hand instruments for sale on small payments. Now is your time to secure a bargain in pianos. A fine Emerson at one quarter regular price.

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Madden's Bookstore.

W. D. MADDEN,
Ticket Agent C. P. R.

2288ly

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1888

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application

—**Thanksgiving day next Thursday.**

—**Grinding every day at Close's Mills.** JAS. A. CLOSE. 4888d

—We were visited by a slight flal of snow on Thursday morning.

—James Black, Shannonville, has a colt that tipped the scales at 630 lbs when four months old.

—Wanted, a few gentlemen boarders. Good accomodation. Rates reasonable. Apply by letter to box 276, Napanee P. O.

—Yesterday afternoon Mr Robt. Perry appeared before the Police Magistrate for infraction of the Pharmacy Act. He admitted the charge and was fined $50 and costs.

—Hulett, the photographer, has been out to Tamworth and taken a couple of fine views—one of the new railway bridge over the Salmon river and a distant view of the town. The bridge was taken just as it was being placed in position. Both are good views and are selling rapidly

Advertising in THE EXPRESS pays. Three weeks ago Mr R. N. Switzer advertised his homestead to rent. He has since secured tenants in the person of the Messrs. McDonald who have leased the place for five years.

—Assignee Pruyn has advertised a sale of hay, implements and stock, (the property of Chas. McBride, insolvent) for Monday, Nov. 12, commencing at 2 p. m., at the farm owned by D. H. Preston, in the 8th con. of Richmond.

—We have made arrangements whereby we can offer THE Express, Weekly Globe and Rural Canadian for $2. This is an unprecedented offer. Subscribe at once and receive three valuable papers during 1889 for $2, and the balance of 1888 free.

—There is a good chance for some active and trusty men to secure paying work at once by engaging with Jas E. Whitney, nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y., to sell his warranted nursery stock. He furnishes outht free and the work is steady. Experience is not required. 4388m

—Having leased his farm, Mr R. N. Switzer intends holding an auction sale of his valuable stock, farming implements and household furniture. The sale will take place at the Switzer homestead, lot 11, con 6, Ernesttown, on Wednesday, Nov. 27th. Everything will be sold without reserve as the proprietor is going south. See bills for particulars.

—W. R. Aylsworth, vice-president of the Napanee and Tamworth railway co, has notified the Kingston mayor that after examining the country and giving the matter full consideration the company has decided to accept the proposal of a bonus of $75,000 and build the connection from Yarker to Harrowsmith, entering Kingston by way of the K, & P. R. R.

—We regret that we were unable to be present at the A. O. U. W. concert on Friday night last. It was the success of the season. The hall was crowded with an appreciative audience. In the words of one individual "Mr and Mrs Bignell delighted the company, Miss Fralick pleased the audience, while Miss Burdette carried it by storm and Mr Fax brought down the house."

—**Boys ready-made suits and overcoats cheap at Robinson and Co's.**

—On Saturday the team of Mr Thomas Russell, hauling a load of lumber, took fright on Dundas street and running between two buggies, in front of Hinch & Co's dry goods store, smashed one very badly, tossing Mrs Leslie Balance and her child into the road, where they narrowly escaped being injured. Mr Russell had his leg broken about midway between the ankle and the knee.

—In a very short time people will be thinking of Christmas souvenirs to send to friends all over the world. Canada is going to furnish one of the most superb Christmas souvenirs ever seen on this Continent. The

Our Millinery rooms contain the most stylish goods in the trade, at the lowest prices. Miss Smith, together with Miss Ham, of Brantford, and a large staff of assistants, will give you a handsome, stylish Hat or Bonnet for very little money.

WE ARE NOTED FOR

Staples

Our Staple Department was never so full of bargains as at present. Our Grey Flannels can't be beat. Ask to see them. Our Table Linens, Towels, Towelings, Table Covers. All-wool Blankets and Tiedowns, Warps and Yarns, are all extra good value.

WE ARE NOTED FOR

Gent's Furnishings

Mens', Youths', and Boys' Collars, Ties, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Underwear, Hats, etc., very cheap

WE ARE NOTED FOR

Manufactured Furs

Cheap Robes. Mens' Fur Coats are a bargain. Persian Lamb Caps from $2.75 up. Seal Caps, Beaver Caps, Otter Caps, Muffs, Boas, etc, etc

The Reliable Dry Goods House

Robinson & Co

Successors to Downey & Co.

NAPANEE. FRIDAY, NOV. 9, 1888

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas Lane

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Gramma chool, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

D. S. Warner,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Residence next door to Dr Cook. Office, Warner block, Napanee. 4588z

R h Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 1888ly

EXPRESS CLUBBING LIST.

THE EXPRESS will be clubbed with the following papers for the price quoted—the balance of 1889 of THE EXPRESS free.

The Weekly Globe	$1 75
The Weekly Mail and Farm and Fireside	1 75
The Cottage Hearth	1 50
The Weekly Advertiser, including copy of the beautiful picture "The Falls of Niagara"	1 75
The Toronto World	2 50
The Weekly Globe and Rural Canadian	2 00
Scribner's Magazine	3 50

—Try SPENCER'S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—If you want bargains call at Gallaghers.

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2.50 at GIBBARD'S.

—Pictures framed neat and cheap. at Gallaghers.

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon, you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—You can buy a good hardwood side board at GIBBARD'S for $7.50 with glass back.

—Platform and counter scales for house and farm use, best in quality, low in price, at R. G. Wright's.

—Peedless machine oil, axle grease, leather and rubber belting, lace leather, copperine babbit metal, asbestos, rubber, hemp, and soap stone packing, and all other threshers' supplies, at bottom prices at R G Wright's.

—Perry & Co will sell goods at or below cost for 30 days to make room for fall goods. Coal oil 13c gallon; chimneys 3, 4, and 6c each; B. B. Bitters, 65c bottle; R. R. Relief 16c; elec oil 15c, Ready mixed paints $1 gallon; salt 3c lb; soda 4c. Look for prices next week.

—A great big doll for 25 cts at Gallaghers.

—A large stock of Agateware just received a R. G. Wright's.

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—J. GIBBARD & SON have just manufactured the finest hardwood bedroom sets ever produced in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead, bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

Oil paintings and mirrors cheap at Gallagher's

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—Beautiful china cups and saucers only 15cts at Gallaghers.

—Don't fail to see that $15 bedroom sett, all hardwood and extra finished, at GIBBARD'S.

—All bedroom setts sold by GIBBARD & SON have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap hash that makes your face look as though you rad lost the best friend on earth.

—Now is your time to buy a set of Dickens, Geo Elliott, Macaulay Chambers, Gerkies Homs, with the bible, 3 vols Bible Comentary, 4 vols by Jamieson, Fennet Brown, Cruden's Concordance Jay's Family Prayers, Pocket, and family Bible, Hymn books, in fact everything usually found in a first class bookstore, Maddens is the place. Look out for our big display of oil paintings next week.

—**Men's ready-mads suits and Overcoats cheap at Robinson & Co's.**

—Handsome vases only 15 cts a pair at Gallaghers.

—Go to the 7 cent store for glassware, tinware, and toys and novelties of all kinds in purses, vases, broches, cuff buttons, collar buttons, perfume, egg beaters, toilet soaps, potato cookers, wire tosters, china cups and saucers at 10c each) a fine assortment of pipes, graters, mouse traps, corn popers, and thousands of other goods at the 7 cent store west of the Campbell House.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

Mr Russell had his leg broken about midway between the ankle and the knee.

—In a very short time people will be thinking of Christmas souvenirs to send to friends all over the world. Canada is going to furnish one of the most superb Christmas souvenirs ever seen on this Continent. The Montreal Daily Star is issuing a Christmas number at enormous expenre that will be far and away ahead of any previous effort. It will be a grand paper to send to friends in other lands. The publishers have already spent nearly twenty thousand dollars in its production.

—On Tuesday and Wednesday of last week Peter Loveless and Wellington Loveless, his son, were tried for the killing of Wesley Church at Smoke Point, Prince Edward County, a few months ago. R. C. Clute prosecuted for the crown and B. B. Osler, Q. C., defended the prisoners. The addresses to the jury of both counsels and of the judge were exceptionally fine, that of Mr Osler being one of the best ever heard in the Bay district. The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.

—Men working what is known as the "oat scheme" have been in this section lately. With what success we have not learned, but understand that they have managed to get a couple of the residents to work with them in taking in the farmers. The scheme is something of this nature. Seed oats are sold at $10 per bushel; the sellers agreeing to purchase the return therefrom next year at the same rate less 25 per cent for their trouble. Having disposed of the seed oats at this high figure, the work of the men is at an end; they never turn up again. Let our farmers give the tramps a wide berth.

—Just received at Chinneck's a special line of Reid and Barton's celebrated flat ware—knives, forks, spoons, etc. These goods sell fast, being A 1 in quality and right in price. Being sole agent in Napanee for this firm Mr. Chinneck is in a position to offer the goods at a bargain. Call and inspect. Engraving will be done free of charge for those purchasing.

—The following regarding the marriage of Miss Ella Daly we take from the Peterborough Examiner: "Yesterday afternoon (Oct 31st) Miss Ella Daly, of this town, daughter of the late Charles Daly, of Napanee, was united in marriage to Dr Cumberland, of Michigan, one of the most prominent young physicians of that State. The ceremony was performed in St. Paul's Presbyterian church by the Rev Mr Cumberland, brother of the groom, assisted by the Rev. E. F. Torrance, M. A. The bride was assisted by Miss Birdie Daly, of Napanee, with whom was associated, as groomsman, Mr. R. S. Latimer, of Sault Ste. Marie. The wedding was strictly private, and a number of the many friends of the bride were unable to gain admittance to the church." THE EXPRESS joins with the many friends in wishing the Dr. and his estimable young bride the best of happiness through life.

—The McGibney family, which appear here on the 21st inst, travel in a $20,000 palace railway coach. In it there are library, drawing-room, kitchen, parlor, and bath-room. Commodious silver, china and linen closets, and ladies' and gentlemen's toilet rooms are conveniently disposed throughout, while adjoining the library a neat burglar and fire proof safe is placed so as to be entirely hidden from view. In addition to these conveniences, there are sixteen berths and two state-rooms. The splendid traveling carriage is provided throughout with electric call bells, and five servants in attendance quickly supply every want. At night, by means of electric lamps, the car is made as light as day, and as it is heated by steam the temperature is the same at all times. Under the cars are ten lockers, in which can be transported enough provisions for a month's supply, a ton of anthracite coal, half a ton of ice, and whatever other articles they may desire.

Scott Act.

Mrs (Dr) Kennedy, of Amherst Island, was on Saturday convicted of a third offence

Jno Wheeler, of the Queen's hotel, was up for a third time and admitted the offence. He was allowed his liberty under suspended judgment, it being shown that he was far gone with consumption.

Thos Lewis, hostler, was found guilty of selling liquor in the Campbell House barn. He was fined $50 and in default of payment committed to gaol.

Eastern Methodist Church.

The hour of the opening of the Sabbath School has been changed from before the morning service to immediately after—12 o'clock noon.

The Young People's Union have completed arrangements for the holding of a series of entertainments during the winter season. The first will be held this (Friday) evening when a good programme will be presented. It will partake of a musical and literary nature. The programme is in charge of the Vocal Society of the Unionfor this week. Refreshments will be served during the parts. The next entertainment will likely be held two weeks from to-night. This evening the time will be definitely announced as well as the form of the programme for the next entertainment.

The Sabbath School have undertaken the getting up of the dramatic cantata entitled Christmas Time, music by Julius Otto. The entire school will take part. From a glance over one of the books we are led to believe that the cantata will be very entertaining, there being exceedingly nice choruses and recitations. Practices are now being held and are largerly attended by scholars. The drilling is under the supervision of Mr. L. H. Bennett.

Town Council Notes.

As will be noticed by treasurer's statement in council minutes the sum of $665 of this year's taxes was paid in by the town collector up to Monday night.

The meeting of Monday night was noted for the prompt manner in which business was transacted. It was in striking contrast with some of the former meetings.

The sooner the council adopts the plan of having all motions written out, the sooner will the time of the council be saved wrangling over what was and was not moved.

Notwithstanding the motion passed some time ago to the effect that there be no more refund of poundage fees the council ordered several amounts to be paid back.

Deputy-reeve Lapum, in endeavoring to carry a point regarding the proposed drain on Dundas-st said, "the earth is softening so much that large stones ooze up." Imagine stones oozing up in soft earth.

Coun. Davis suggested that a tile drain be laid down in the centre of Dundas-st in the neighborhood of Light's factory. At the mention of the word tile several called out "Let's know the commission." The "alderman" succumbed.

If we accept the motion made by coun. Davis the meeting before last as correct (and which, through the absence of coun. Gibbard, was allowed to pass unchallenged at Monday night's session) the council have very little faith in the committee appointed by themselves some time ago to look after the securing of manufacturing industries for the town. In other words the mayor, and couns. Gibbard and Aylesworth, are the only men at the board competent for the work. The services of other individuals, outside the council, have to be called into requisition. The fact is, the motion as recorded in the minute book is not the motion passed at all. Coun. Gibbard suggested that a committee be appointed to memoralize the

Summary of attendance in the Napanee Public Schools for October, 1888 :

TEACHER.	No. on Register.	Average attendance.	Greatest number present.	Aggregate attendance.
West Ward—				
Miss Aylsworth	62	50	56	1105
Miss Fraser	66	51	58	1130
Miss Ballantyne	50	43	47	964
Miss Walsh	56	47	53	1040
Miss McLaurin	61	50	56	1106
Miss Harris	68	59	63	1296
Total	363	302	....	6641
East Ward—				
Miss Shipman	74	55	61	1219
Miss Grange	47	37	41	812
Miss Mair	53	43	47	946
Mr. Black	43	39	41	839
Total	217	173	....	3816
Total for the town	580	475		10457

School kept open 22 days.

OBITUARY.

SAMUEL FRASER.

On the 2nd inst., Mr. Samuel Fraser died at Brockville. Deceased was formerly a resident of this section. The remains were brought to Morven for interrment.

ISAAC FRASER.

Mr Isaac Fraser, a highly respected resident of Ernesttown, died at his residence near Violet on Friday, 26th ult., aged about 63 years. He leaves a wife and several children. We regret to learn his daughter Hattie is very low and not expected to survive her father.

MARRIED

LOUCKS—CLARK—By the Rev. E. E. Howard at the bride's residence, Oct. 30th, Mr. Richard Loucks, of Napanee, to Miss Emma Clark, of North Fredericksburgh.

DIED.

—SMITH—In Richmond on the 8th inst., Walter F. Smith, aged 14 years and 1 months.

SWITZER—At Violet, on the 4th inst., Doran Switzer, aged 23 years.

—For sale at Perry & Co's—Coal oil, coal tar, pine tar, pitch, resin, lamps, chimneys, glass, putty paints oils dye stuffs patent medicines etc etc cheaper than anywhere else in town.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

30881y

Cured By B. B. B. When All Else Failed.

Mr Samuel Allan, of Lisle, Ont, states that he tried all the doctors in his locality while suffering for years with Liver and Kidney trouble; nothing benefitted him until he took Burdock Blood Bitters, four bottles of which cured him.

Valuable to Know.

Consumption may be more easily prevented than cured. The irritating and harassing cough will be greatly relieved by the use of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam that cures coughs, colds, bronchitis and all pulmonary troubles.

J. GIBBARD & SON.

Leading Undertakers of the County.

—:o:—

They turn out a better trimmed job than any other house, and keep all the latest improvement connected with their business.

Embalming a Specialty

which prvents any unpleasant odors or any change in color. 22881y J GIBBARD & SON

GREAT BREAK IN PRICES

In consequence of the break in the cotton combination, large quantities of manufactured goods have been thrown on the market at slaughter prices. During the last week we have made large purchases of Cotton Goods and will offor on Saturday some startling bargains in these lines, as follows :

6,000 Yards full 36 inch good grey cotton at 4 cents per yard, which a week ago would be good value at 6c.

4,000 Yards, yard wide, heavy grey cotton at 7c per yard, dirt cheap at 8c.

50 pieces shirtings at 10c per yard; standard goods well worth 12½c.

Fine bleached sheetings, two yards wide, at 25c per yard. Grand values in white cottons, cotton flannels, etc. 5 case pound batts at 15c per pound.

Do You want to buy a Dress ?

See our large stock of dress goods. We are showing an immense range of cheap, medium and fine dress goods, newest colorings, at prices ranging from 8c to $1.75 per yard.

Do you want to buy a Mantle or Ulster?

See the magnificent stock of these goods we are showing in Naps, Curls, Beavers, Worsteds, Diagonals, Brocades, Velvets, Sealettes, Plushes, etc.

other individuals, outside the council, have to be called into requisition. The fact is, the motion as recorded in the minute book is not the motion passed at all. Coun. Gibbard suggested that a committee be appointed to memoralize the government regarding the location of the agricultural farm, which it is proposed to establish in eastern Ontario, at this place, but the motion as carried went no further. To show how forcibly the matter struck the councilmen we have but to state that coun. Carson held that it was for an agricultural college not a farm, while coun. Bowen held it was for agricultural works. Think of Messrs Hawley, Deroche, Morden and Judge Wilkison seeking industries under the present iniquitous policy.

—Mrs. Allison returned to Picton on Tuesday.

—Mr. E. Freeman, of Deseronto, was in town on Wednesday.

—Mr S. S. Wheeler, of Deseronto, was in town on Wednesday

—Miss Clara Lane is home once more, after an extended visit in the west.

—Mr M. C. Shorey has taken up residence for a time at Mount Forest, ont.

—Mr. E. Ryerson Sills has arrived and assumed charge of his department in the High School.

—Mr I. T. Lewis, secretary-treasurer of the Pharmacy Association, was in town on Thursday.

—Mrs. Will Miles is seriously ill with typhoid fever. She is at her father's, Datus Dennison, Esq.

—Miss Madge McNeil and Clista McNeil, of Toronto, are spending a few days with friends in town.

—Capt. Holmes has returned to town, looking if anything better for his season's run on northern waters.

—Miss T. Rice arrived home last Saturday night from Normal school, Toronto, where she was taken suddenly ill.

—Misses Mary Mitchell and Annie Duncan have taken a situation with Mr. Hutcheson and have gone to Brockville.

—Miss Maggie Joy, who has been for some time visiting her sister, Mrs. J. N. Armstrong, at Kingston, returned to town on Friday.

—We regret to learn that Mr. Chas stevens, who has been quite poorly for some days, yesterday morning received a bad fright, leaving him quite prostrate. Last night he was a little better.

—Mrs. Chas. James leaves next week on a visit to friends in the States, prior to taking up residence for the winter with the family of Mr Magee at Port Hope.

—Mr A. Martyn, who has for some time been teaching in the high school here, has moved with his family to Ripley, Bruce Co. Mr. Martyn goes into partnership there with his brother. His friends here and at Newburgh wish him every success in his new calling.

—The Queen st. Methodist Church, Kingston, have extended a call to the Rev. James B. Kines, of Sherbrooke, Quebec province, to become their pastor next year. He has accepted the call, subject to the action of the stationing committee, Mr. Kines is well known in this district.

—The many friends of Mr. Wm. Hudson, of Centreville, will regret to learn of his serious illness. He has been in poor health for over a year and is gradually failing of late. Mr. H. has been wholly confined to his house and has been obliged to give up his business, which he has carried on for the last eight years.

—We are exceedingly pleased to learn that Mr, F. R. Blewett, who has for some time been in Preston & Ruttan's law office here, has succeeded in passing his first intermediate examination. Frank has proven himself a young man of sterling qualities, a diligent student and full of ambition. He passed the examination in shorter time than usual and deserves much credit, His friends here look for even greater success for him in the future. He is now engaged with Messrs. Read, Read & Knight, barristers, Toronto.

—Mrs. George Watson (nee Miss Amour) of Kingston, has been in Brockville looking after the effects of one Alex Dumbleau, who was found drowned in the river there some time ago. Mrs Watson was step-daughter of the deceased and she expects to find certain papers leading to the recovery of property in Quebec.

Among the Inidans

"While my husband was trading in furs he came across an Indian who was taken to his lodge to die. He had inward pains and pains in all his limbs. He gave some Yellow Oil internally and applied it externally, and cured him. It also cured my husband of rheumatism, and I find it valuable for coughs, and colds, sore throat, etc." Mrs. A. Besaw, Cook's Mills, Serpent River, Ont.

Do you want to buy a Mantle or Ulster?

See the magnificent stock of these goods we are showing in Naps, Curls, Beavers, Worsteds, Diagonals, Brocades, Velvets, Sealettes, Plushes, etc.

Miss Sanderson

who so ably manages our Dress and Mantle making department, is crowded with orders and has again this week increased her staff We are turning out large quantities of ordered dresses and mantles every week, and garment gives the best of satisfaction.

Do you want to buy Flannels, Blankets or Underwear ?

In these lines we are showing extraordinary values. Good all wool grey flannel from 20c up. Unions from 15c; mens' underwear from 25c up. The cheapest and best grey and white blankets in the country.

Do you want to buy a Suit or Overcoat ?

We are ready with an immense assortment of Tweeds, Suitings and Overcoatings. We can turn out a first class garment at a very moderate price. We use the very best of trimmings only and are in a position to cut prices close Mr Max Fox, the popular cutter, manages this department for us.

Do you want to buy Furs of any kind?

If so, come and see the grand stock of fine furs only that we are showing. One reason why we can afford to sell furs cheaper than our neighbors is that we are under no expense, whatever, in this department. We have a very complete stock of ladies' and gents' furs of all kinds and invite inspection of our qualities and prices.

Do you want to buy Millinery?

If so, come to us. We have the largest, finest and richest stock of Millinery goods in the counties. Our millinery sales this fall far exceeds that of any previous season. Mrs Doxsee each season becomes more popular and has at all times the latest novelties on display in our show-room. We are the acknowledged headquarters for fine millinery. Come and see our stock; you are sure to be pleased

HOOPER & DOXSEE,

The Leading Millinery House.

J. GIBBARD & SON,

MANUFACTURERS,

Are always ahead in Styles and Cheapest in Price

We are now selling a good Walnut Frame, Plush Covered, Parlor Suite for $45 Haircloth Setts for $40 Special sale now on in Walnut Bedroom Setts We offer a good $40 Walnut Bedroom Sett for $30, net cash Our Hardwood Bedroom Sett at $15 is the best for the money in Ontario You can buy a Sideboard, hardwood, panel end, for $8 In fact, for Couches, Extension Tables, Centre Tables and Bedsteads, our prices are below any house in Ontario We give personal attention to our

FUNERAL DEPARTMENT.

and keep ahead in adding every new idea in the shape of Pedestals, Trusses Floor Cloths, Mourning Badges, etc, and have spent much time and expense in learning to preserve the dead so that no discoloration or unpleasant odor takes place, and during the past year our patrons must have appreciated the marked improvements introduced by us in this department We think it no trouble to be personally called night or day to attend to our duties as funeral directors We keep the largest and best stock of Caskets, Robes, Trimmings, etc, in the counties, and will not be undersold by any house

47[8]8m J. GIBBARD & SON.

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examine our stock of Flour, Feed Bran, Pork, Sugar and Tea at prices never heard of before. 3 lbs dn't tea for 25c. All goods warranted to give satisfaction or will cheerfully refund the money. GEO I HAM west of 7 cent store.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRI

TO RENT.

The undersigned offers to rent his farm, near Newburgh. There is a good comfortable dwelling house on the place. Apply to
5288tf DR. GRANT, Napanee.

TEACHER WANTED.

For S. S. No. 17, Ernesttown. Apply to
A. M. SCOUTEN,
Secretary-Treasurer,
5288c THORPE P. O.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2 8881y Barristers, Napanee

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario. Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.
C. A. CORNELL,
4288 PROPRIETOR.

F. X BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF
TENTS AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.
881mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

TO LET.

Stores, Hall and Offices with vaults to let in Rennie Block, Napanee, now ready for occupation and will be rented at moderate rents.
Apply to JOHN RENNIE,
4588dtf 30 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,
Or to LAHEY & MCKENTY, Napanee.

SHINGLES.

Parties about to reshingle their outbuildings and in want of a cheap grade of shingles, would do well to give us a call. We have extra good values to offer.
THE RATHBUN CO.,
2788atf Napanee Agency.

FOR SALE.

The pure bred Holstein Friesian Bull, Facinto, No 6502, calved April 23rd, 1887. This bull is beautifully marked and closely related to families of high milking qualities. This bull is a sure getter and of kind disposition.
W. H. CADMAN,
288 Adolphustown.

FOR SALE.

6,000 Hop Poles

Nearly as good as new, only having been in use about four years. Apply to
GEO. MADDEN,
5288d NAPANEE MILLS

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait

OPERA HALL, NAPANEE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

FRIDAY, DEC. 28, 1888.

PECK & FURSMAN'S

MAMMOTH SPECTACULAR

Uncle Tom's Cabin Company !

As performed 100 Nights in New York City. Produced with New and Realistic Scenery, New and Correct Costumes, Elaborate Properties and Appointments, Appropriate Music, Characteristic Songs, Choruses and Dances.

GRAND SPECIALTY OLIO

THE GREAT FLOATING ICE SCENCE.

Exciting Steamboat Race on the Mississippi, the grand allegorical tableau, "The Gates Ajar," and every accessory that can give picturesque effects and brilliant scenes.

☞Grand Free Street Parade at noon, worth going miles to see.

General admission, 35 cents ; reserved seats, 50 cents ; children, 25 cents.

Reserved Seats now on sale at J. J. Perry's Drug Store.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF JEREMIAH PERRY, OF THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, IN THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, FARMER.

The above-named insolvent, Jeremiah Perry has made an assignment to me of his estate and effects in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 124, in trust for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Jeremiah Perry will be held at my office,

At the Court House, in the Town of Napanee,

—ON—

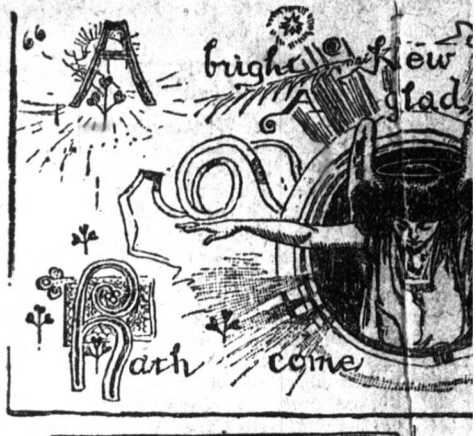
Saturday, December 29, 1888,

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the appointing of inspectors, and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, duly verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by the said statutes.

O. T. PRUYN,
Sheriff Co. Lennox and Addington,
ASSIGNEE.
Dated at Napanee, Dec. 18, 1888.

N. T. & Q. R. R.



FRAGMENTS.

THE NEW YEAR.

What is this fair New Year?
A flower that dropt from the bier
Where the Old Year lay, ere Time bore him away
To the Ages' tomb—with a tear.
—Unidentified.

IN OLDE ENGLAND.

This is Newe Yeare's day,
whereon to every friend

Having bought out the Hair Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.
Ladies' Hair Cutting and Trimming a Specialty.

E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors, Toronto

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,
(County of Lennox and Addington,)
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, etc., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.
TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4587ly

HOUSE PAINTING
BY
S. W. PRINGLE
PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING, KALSOMINING, GLAZING, ETC.

First-class workmen. Prompt service and moderate charges.

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.
881y

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next sitting, for an Act to confirm in all respects a certain agreement between the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway Company, the Kingston & Pembroke Railway Company, and the Corporation of the City of Kingston, respecting the use by the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway Company of a certain part of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway Company's line and business facilities on the terms therein set forth, and also with regard to the bonus voted by the Corporation of the City of Kingston to the Napanee & Tamworth Company on the terms and conditions therein set forth, and for other purposes.

Also, that an application will be made to the Ontario Legislature, at its next session, for an Act for the above purposes, and also to extend the benefit of a certain agreement between the last named company and the said corporation as to the rate to be charged for the carriage of cordwood to all persons who may be injured or damnified by a breach thereof, and to declare said agreement binding on the successors, lessees and assigns of the said Company, and on any Railway Company with which it may amalgamate or form a part.

JAMES AGNEW,
of the City of Kingston.
Solicitor for the Applicants.
Dated this 21st Dec., 1888. 488h

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF ROLLINS HATE PETERS, OF THE TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN, MERCHANT.

The above named insolvent, Rollins Hate Peters, has made an assignment to me of his estate and effects in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 124, in trust for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Rollins Hate Peters, will be held at my office,

At the Court House, in the Town of Napanee,

—ON—

Saturday, December 29, 1888,

At the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the appointing of inspectors and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, duly verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by the said statute.

O. T. PRUYN,
Sheriff Co. Lennox and Addington,
ASSIGNEE.

Dated at Napanee, Dec. 18, 1888.

N. T. & Q. R. R.

New Year's Excursion!

Jan. 1st, 1889, to

NAPANEE

Trains will leave		Return fare
Tamworth,	7.15 a.m.	50 cents
Enterprise,	7.35 a.m.	45 cents
Moscow,	7.50 a.m.	40 cents
Yarker,	8.05 a.m.	35 cents
Camden East,	8.20 a.m.	30 cents
Newburgh,	8.30 a.m.	25 cents
Napanee Mills,	8.35 a.m.	20 cents
Napanee (arrive)	8.50 a.m.	

Returning, leave Napanee at 5.10 p.m.

Return fares to and from all other points along the line on New Year's Day, (Jan. 1st, 1888), will be at single fare rate. Also single fares will be given on Monday, 31st December, good to return till January 2nd, 1889, inclusive.

H. B. SHERWOOD,
Gen. Pass. Agent.

Municipal Election,

1889.

To the Electors of West Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—At the request of a number of my friends, I have decided to run for Councillor for 1889. If elected, I will do my best for the interest of Napanee I respectfully solicit your vote and influence. Yours respectfully,

CHAS STEVENS.

Important Sale

OF VALUABLE

Household Furniture!

MRS. MILLS has concluded to sell her furniture instead of moving it to California. The furniture is all new and of the latest styles, and is now stored at the residence of W. S. Williams, Napanee. It consists of Parlor and Bedroom Suits, Sideboards, Carpets, etc.

Call at the residence of W. S. Williams, Thomas street, Napanee.

All will be sold cheap for cash, 488atf

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On
OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,
Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2288ly

This is Newe Yeare's day,
whereon to every friend
They costly presents in do bring
and New Yeare's gifts do sende;
These giftes the husband gives his wife,
and father eke his childe,
And maister on his men bestowes
the like with favour milde. —Old Song.

WHERE IT BEGINS.

Oh, not when winter comes, through fields of snow,
With half worn shoes the new born year begins;
But where the streams of life unfettered flow,
And blossoms o'er the sunlit meadows blow
The fragrant hope that straight our credence wins. —Philip O'Sullivan.

HIS GOOD LUCK.

A NEW YEAR'S STORY WITH THE SECRET OF SUCCESS IN IT.

WE HAD been talking about the turn of fortune which comes to some people with the New Year. Dr. Mason, the oldest man in the room, said:

I will tell you a story worth writing and printing. I see that it is now the fashionable thing for men and women who have made a little stir in the world to tell all about the books which influenced them and the incidents which turned them into the highways which led to fortune or to fame. Well, I am not famous, thank heaven, but perhaps the experiences of a man who has escaped fame may not be without use to somebody.

I have always believed in luck. I don't attempt to justify my belief. I know that I can't hold my ground in argument against those who say there is no such thing. I only know that I believe in it. The superstition was born in me. There is a proverb in the Castilian tongue which says: "He who expects good luck will surely get it." I read that before I was 12 years old, and at once put faith in it. It confirmed the hope within me, that the future held something exceptionally good for me. Perhaps each one of us has that feeling, but not everybody evolves it into a faith and regularly lives by it. I did.

I had a dreary childhood, a difficult youth and a struggling early manhood. That proverb helped me to go through everything with courage. Usually I hated proverbs. My father had a stock of very disagreeable ones which he showered upon me at all seasons and hours. "They who know nothing fear nothing," "Birds that fly high light low," and others of equally discouraging power were ever on the end of his tongue. But the proverb that promised good luck simply because one expected it was both balm and inspiration to me.

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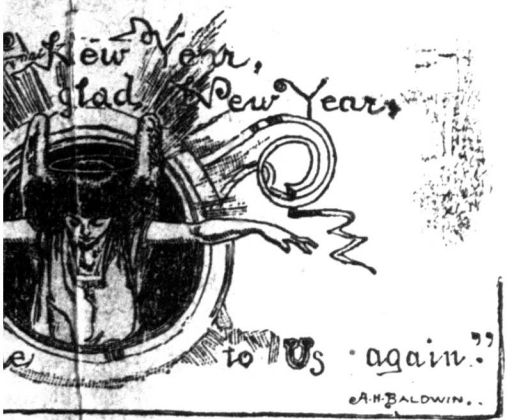

When playing with other boys and trouble of any kind was imminent I always took the most cheerful ground, and assured them that everything would turn out all right. And I was terribly in earnest, too. I felt that all would go well somehow. The result was that every one took hope and met difficulty and danger as his master, not his victim. The boys soon learned to depend upon me for strength and encouragement, and they stuck to me with romantic devotion. I learned then the wonderful influence one mind can have over others when it recognizes no such thing as fear. Call it superstition, foolishness, what you will; but my faith in that proverb was something marvelous. I will admit, however, that I am of a credulous nature. When I was young I believed every assertion I ever heard or read. I was not a questioner or doubter. If a man asserted something I believed him because I supposed that he knew, else he would not assert. It never occurred to me that he might lie. Being honest myself I believed in the honesty of others.

I lived in the country and I longed to live in the city. My parents were well to do; but it was the custom of that locality to live simply and bring the children up to work. Mental accomplishments did not take high rank in the circle in which I moved for the first fifteen years of my life. I wanted a better education than I was ever likely to

A heavy limb of an old dead tree had broken and fallen upon me. When I "came to" I found myself hurt and somewhat frozen. I dragged myself home only to take to my bed for the remainder of the winter. Such a winter as it was—so bitter and hopeless that at times I almost lost faith in my good luck. I couldn't finish my contract of wood chopping, and so the tin store vanished.

In the spring I was able to be about once more; but thin, pale, weak, and with a bad limp. The doctors said I would never be strong again. This was terrible news to me. Alas! for the good luck I had expected. And yet it came, though not as I had planned. It has a way of doing that, I have noticed.

In the early spring Uncle Zeph came to see us. He was a kind hearted, unselfish man, and he took an interest in me.

"Why, the boy isn't able to do hard work. He must be sent to school and to college," he said, after he thoroughly understood the situation. But my father winced and said nothing. Education was but little respected in those parts.

"What else can be done with him?" asked my persistent uncle. "The boy has a good head. There's something in him. Give him a chance. You surely wouldn't force him to live his life without resources and tools with which to aid himself. It's a shame."

At last it was settled that I was to receive a thorough collegiate education, Uncle Zeph, who was childless, paying half the cost of it. Here was a piece of luck, indeed; better even than anything I had expected. It quite renewed my faith in my only proverb. And it had all come out of what I had deemed a stroke of the hardest kind of luck. Take courage, then, all of you, and don't think because you can't see light ahead of you that there is no light.

Well. I was graduated at last from one of [illegible]. After that I took a medical course and went to what was then considered the far west, Indiana, to practice. Patients came slowly, but I expected good luck, as I had learned to do, and had patience, if no patients.

I was just beginning to be a little known when I fell in love. The young lady who had effected this state of my emotions was Miss Alma Adams. She was very handsome. She had the dark eyes I am so fond of, and a

being once more so near the little home circle which held my happiness, I rushed up to her and held out both my hands, saying: "I am so glad to see you. I shall be grateful if you are half as glad to see me."

Her eyes opened wide, with a look that was part pleasure and part astonishment, blended with deprecation. She had the appealing eyes which so often belong to the young who are afflicted with deafness. Something in her look told me that she had not really understood my words, but was honestly glad to see me. So I rattled on telling her how much I had thought of all of them while I had been away, still holding both her hands in a hearty clasp.

"I wish you a Happy New Year and many Happy New Years," I said finally. "Your welcome makes me very, very happy. Now, let us go and find Alma."

"Do you really mean it, Dr. Mason?" and she looked up at me with a strange, yearning expression on her plain face, which was flushing with red, like an early morning sky.

"Mean it? Mean it every word, with all my heart," and I held her hands tighter than ever in my enthusiasm. "Now let us find Alma, for whom I have what I hope may be glad tidings."

She smiled, and her smile was very sweet, although she was so plain. I noticed, too, that her eyes had a strange light in them which made them resemble the eyes we sometimes see in dreams, which speak so much more meaningly than do those we see in our waking hours. This light was the light of joy and nothing else. One does not see it often in woman's eyes. Sometimes only once in a life time.

She slipped her arm in mine and we walked into the house down the wide, old fashioned hall to the sitting room.

"Alma, dear," said Laura, as we opened the door and the tall, dark eyed goddess of my heart arose and came towards us, "Dr. Mason says I have made him very happy, and he wants to tell you of it at once, and so do I."

The goddess glanced at both of us, a faint pink color coming into her white cheek, and smiled at us as she would have smiled at two children, while I was longing to take her in my arms and tell her that I adored her. Instead of greeting me, or giving me a chance to greet her, she bent and kissed Laura, and then turned to me, saying:

"You have won the sweetest heart in the world, Dr. Mason. I congratulate you. I know that you will return an equal amount of good wishes when I tell you that I have promised to marry Mr. Carey. We will be married next month and go to New York to live at once."

I stood, as the novelists say, "rooted to the spot." The whole scene seemed unreal. I, who a few moments before was full of joyful anticipation, now found myself engaged to marry a woman whom I did not love, and hearing the woman I did love tell me that she was soon to marry one of my rivals. At first I could not understand what Alma meant. I thought that she and Laura were enjoying some joke too obscure for me. At last the

ply and bring the children up to work. Mental accomplishments did not take high rank in the circle in which I moved for the first fifteen years of my life. I wanted a better education than I was ever likely to get. Somehow I fancied that I would get it, though I could not see how. The holidays always carry me back in memory to some of the main events of my life. I believe that fortune has a habit of making extraordinary changes when the Old Year goes out and the new one comes. At least it has done so more than once in my case; and that is why I now tell this story to you younger people, who naturally think of new leaves of many kinds in connection with the New Year.

I was only 15 years old when one bitter winter I took a contract to chop a large quantity of cord wood. It was one of the few ways boys had in that locality of earning a little money. It seems like a rough way to me now; but we did not think so then. I was up at 5 o'clock in the morning, and by 6 had had my breakfast, and was in the woods sending the echo of my strokes far over the hills. I was working for a purpose. The winter's chopping would give me money enough to start in a small business upon which I had set my heart. It was nothing less than to buy out a tin shop at "The Corners," the nearest village. In imagination I saw myself a "store keeper," at once a person of dignity in the community and highly satisfactory to himself. I soared even higher than that. I saw myself living in a fine house, growing elderly, pompous and fat, and in all probability president of a bank, like Judge Johnson, for whom I turned off the sidewalk every time I met him at "The Corners," as every other youth did, because he was so rich and important.

New Year's day found me in the woods, chopping away as usual. Holidays were not observed in that community, and festivities were as rare as angels' visits. An extra piece of pie in my lunch pail and a bit of something unusual for supper were all that marked the day from all the other crisp, cold winter days. But I thought of its being New Year's, and dreamed my dreams while I made the ax hum. The luck I expected out of that winter's work I could scarcely put in a small kingdom. While I was dwelling upon this interesting theme something snapped far above my head, there was a crash, some blinding flashes of light, and then—I was nowhere, at least consciously.

SENDING THE ECHOES OF MY STROKES

patience, if no patients.

I was just beginning to be a little known when I fell in love. The young lady who had effected this state of my emotions was Miss Alma Adams. She was very handsome. She had the dark eyes I am so fond of, and a placid, unemotional manner that I greatly admired. She was not rich, and I was rather glad of it, because I wanted to win her and to do everything for her myself. I think a man who is a man ought to feel that way. I was very much in love with her, and I thought that she felt more than kindly to me. But I wasn't sure. She was a queer girl. One could never tell of what she was thinking. I put off learning the actual state of her heart until I saw my way clear to a decent practice. In short, till I put some money in my purse.

Miss Adams' parents had in the family a niece about Alma's age, a plain little body, who was somewhat deaf and, therefore, something of a bore to a selfish young fool like me, who had only eyes and ears for the girl he adored. But Laura, this cousin, was good if she was exceedingly plain, and the girls were very fond of each other.

At last my unspoken love became almost a burden. I thought of but little else than Alma. Rivals I had, to be sure, but none whom I really feared. Young Wilcox, son of the richest man in the growing young town, hung around her constantly; and George Carey, a middle aged swell from "the east," was also devoted to her. But I was not afraid.

One evening as I parted from her my manner betrayed more tenderness than I had meant to express, though not more than I felt. In thinking of it afterwards I was happy in remembering that Alma had not seemed surprised or annoyed at my expression of feeling. "And she must have understood," I said to myself. As I walked to my lodgings I determined to tell her outright that I loved her, and ask her to marry me the very next month. The next day I was called away to the bedside of my dying father, and did not return for two months. Then I was a comparatively rich man, with my share of his estate. That is, rich for that time, not for the present.

I returned to Crestfield on New Year's day. I lost no time in going to see Alma. Visions of this moment of happiness had filled my mind for days. I met Laura just coming out of the house. Full of childish delight at hearing the woman I did love tell me that she was soon to marry one of my rivals. At first I could not understand what Alma meant. I thought that she and Laura were enjoying some joke too obscure for me. At last the beaming look in Laura's eyes enlightened me. She, being somewhat deaf, had mistaken my warm greeting for a declaration of love, and responded affirmatively.

"DO YOU REALLY MEAN IT, DR. MASON?"

With Laura's arm still within mine I walked to a sofa and sat down, she by my side. I had not uttered a word since I met Alma. Speech had utterly forsaken me. And, indeed, what could I say? Could I tell the trusting creature by my side that it was all a mistake; that she had misunderstood me; that I did not love her; that I loved her beautiful cousin? No; I was too shocked and dazed to do anything but sit there in silence, with the perspiration standing in cold drops on my face and my eyes staring vacantly ahead of me. I think I could have spoken had it not been that Alma stood before me looking placid and even happy in telling of her engagement to Mr. Carey. I accepted the situation in desperation. The whole face of life had been suddenly changed for me and I saw nothing but gloom ahead.

I thought myself a strong man, but is it any wonder that I wept like any child on my pillow that night? What a New Year's that was! Whither had my expected good luck gone?

I put the best possible face on my misery and went on in the dismal path fate had marked out for me. Since I could not have Alma, what did it matter whom I married? Ugly little Laura would do as well as any woman. It was fortunate that she expected no extraordinary demonstration of affection from me. Truly I could not have given it. My heart seemed frozen or dead. Yet I

I TOLD HER THE STORY.

could not help seeing that she seemed quietly happy. Her plain face actually began to glow with new life, and there were times when she looked almost pretty. It occurred to me that I might forget my own misery by trying to make her happy. The idea was a spark from the mind of infinite love, for it brought a kind of peace to my sick soul.

I threw myself into the role of promised husband with all the energy I possessed. I suggested that we should be married on the same day that was fixed for the wedding of Alma to Mr. Carey. I can assure you that in those weeks I demonstrated, to myself at least, that I had something of the heroic in my nature.

Well, we were married. Alma and her husband went away, and Laura and I "went to housekeeping," as they say of newly married folk. I did my best to give Laura no

Concluded on fourth page

"THROUGH GOOD AND ILL."

OR,

OLIVER BRANDON'S STORY.

By NORA LAUGHER.

CHAPTER V.—SURROUNDED BY SORROWS.

"Where, when the gods would be cruel,
Do they go for a torture? Where
Plant thorns, set pain like a jewel?
Ah, not in the flesh, not there!
The racks of earth and the rods
Are weak as foam on the sands,
In the heart is the prey for the gods
Who crucify hearts, not hands."

That Christmas Day when the church bells were ringing merrily across the snow I was conveyed to the gaol at Montreal.

Soon after my arrival I was searched, and to my horror and dismay an Indian clasp set with diamonds of immense value was found concealed in the inner lining of my pocket book and which I recognized as belonging to my Uncle Brandon. Again and again I protested that I could not imagine how it came into my possession which only met with a derisive smile.

How did the Indian clasp become secreted in my possession? Alas, how helpless I was to unravel the diabolical mystery!

The justice room was crowded the morning of my examination, for my position as a Canadian artist and being so well known when a boy in Montreal excited an extraordinary and painful interest. I felt calm and collected at first, but later on I was completely dumbfounded when I saw the detective lay down an opal ring which he stated had also been found in my possession—secreted in my small valise—and which I instantly recognised as a ring my Uncle frequently wore.

There stood Gervase Lerhue, his thin cadaverous face turned towards me, his hands folded placidly. Being sworn upon his oath, he testified as to the loud quarrel between his master and myself and declared the Indian clasp and the opal ring to have been the property of his late master Mr. Marmaduke Brandon. A smothered groan indicating the sorrow and indignation he felt escaped from Jack Irvine. He, with Clifford Fairfax had keenly watched the production of the stolen property and breathlessly listened to Lerhue's damnable evidence against me. I knew full well whatever came they would not believe me guilty.

All appearances were, however, against me; whatever I said had no power to move the bench. The magistrates agreed that sufficient evidence had been adduced against me to fully warrant them in committing me for trial.

With the vile brand of murder upon me I was removed to the cell.

The bitter black months that I, an innocent man, suffered in the gaol at Montraal dragged along drearily. Not hopelessly, however, for Gladys would come as frequently as she could to cheer, me generally accompanied by her mother or sister who for the time had taken up their abode at Montreal. My greatest grief was to see the sorrowful look creeping into Gladys' beautiful face, the mournful o'ershadowing of those dear eyes which never met mine save with the same unflinching gaze of unutterable trust and love. I know now that when everything seemed against me, if I had not had Gladys to think of I must have gone mad.

Jack Irvine spent his time alternately with the detectives in Montreal and with my lawyer, Mr. Haymes, in Toronto, again and almost every day would send me a plentiful supply of newspapers and literature.

The twentieth of March, the day of the trial, came at last. I must pass over the crowded court, the sea of faces looking so pitiably at me. I must not stay to give the damnable evidence of Gervase Lerhue, rendered with a saint-like hypocritical expression of his cadaverous features, nor the corresponding evidence of his deaf old wife, Annette

Poor Mrs. Gibson, afraid she should say anything to harm me maintained an almost obstinate silence. They could get little from her except that upon a certain date an old gentleman, purporting to have journeyed from Montreal, called at her house on Jarvis Street, Toronto, and that she believed he stole Mr. Oliver Brandon's pistol to shoot himself with.

The idea of suicide was not entertained by the medical witnesses and Mrs. Gibson's evidence was treated with every sign of unbelief, as though it was merely concocted to procure my release.

Clifford Fairfax's face grew very grave, and soon I missed him from the court.

Hour by hour as the day wore on I fel there was no chance for me. The very fact of the pistol being mine and the Indian clasp and opal ring being found in my possession damned me utterly.

Jack Irvine's massive figure towered nigh above the others, I saw that he could hardly control himself as Gervase Lerhue gave his lying evidence. And I, God alone knows what I endured, but it was for Gladys' sake that I, to outward appearance sat as calm as any ordinary spectator could have

My counsellor pleaded long and earnestly for me as few can plead, but never was guilt brought home to an innocent man so clearly and conclusively.

The jury, after retiring about twenty minutes, which seemed to me like as many hours, found me guilty of wilful murder.

As if in a dream I heard the judge speak, heard women sob convulsively, and heard men whisper words of compassion.

One last thought of Gladys, then a rushing as of water come to my ears and a film passed before my eyes. Jack Irvine regardless of police interference, sprang towards me and I remember no more.

I suppose that I had fainted, for I found myself lying upon my mattrass in the cell where Irvine and the warder had carried me. The man more tender-hearted than most warders, was quite touched by the look on poor Jack's and facebent down and whispered to me "you must try and keep up your spirits, sir, don't give way like this."

About half an hour afterwards I was still lying in the same position in a kind of lethargy, too weak or too miserable to move, when I heard voices outside the door which I immediately recognised as the gaoler's and Clifford Fairfax's.

"It won't do at all, Doctor Fairfax, I have strict orders now not to admit any one to see the prisoner without an order from the governor."

"Sutton," said Fairfax severely. "You forget yourself, I am a medical man and I have an order from the governor to see Mr. Brandon, who is sick, professionally. Come, open the door and let me in."

phial and pouring a few drops of dark liquid into his hand which he rubbed well over my face, neck and hands, staining them the complexion of his own. Then putting on a false brown beard he had in readiness he in the dim light resembled Oliver Brandon in no small degree.

"Now go," said he, warmly shaking my hand, then hastily stuffing the tin can and scraps of hair into my pockets, "for I hear the jaoler coming, I must throw myself face downwards upon the bed, for he will most likely have a lamp with him. Whatever you do, Brandon, don't run. You will find Jack waiting for you in a sleigh not very far from the west corner of the jaol."

He flung himself down upon the hard mattrass. Oh, little did I think that I should never again clasp the kind hand, never again look into the true and noble face of Clifford Fairfax.

"Time is up, Dr. Fairfax, I guess I will get blamed for letting you stay so long," said the jaoler, hurrying me out of the cell and across the prison yard.

I remembered Fairfax's advice not to run, but I walked fast over the still snow-covered ground and found Jack Irvine awaiting me in a sleigh on the road.

"Jump up, Brandon," said he excitedly. "Great Scott! I feared it was Clifford come back. You are as alike as two peas. Hurry up, I must drive like the very devil or we shall miss the train and all will be lost."

It was dusk, but not dark.

Jack drove at a terrific speed, the horses fairly flew over the snow.

We were only just in time to board the train for New York. What an eternity seemed that journey to both of us.

We hastened to one of the largest hotels on Broadway, where Jack unpacked a small valise he had brought with him containing a complete disguise for me, consisting of a suit of clothes for an elderly gentleman a grey wig, beard and moustache and huge pair of foreign-looking spectacles. I arrayed myself with them, standing up a veritable crabby looking, professor-like old man.

Irvine, after giving a few inartistics pulls and touches, burst out laughing.

"Well, upon my word, Oliver, Gladys herself would not know you from Abraham. But who the deuce shall you call yourself, and where shall you go?"

"I guess I had better make for Angus Holroyd's on West 21st Street; he will advise me what to do. I scarcely imagine it will be safe for me to be at large."

Irvine left me as I rang the bell of Holroyd's studio. The door was opened to me by his sister Millicent, a fair, gentle girl, and an artist herself of no mean ability.

"May I see Mr. Homroyd," I asked in a crabbed, shaky voice.

"My brother's name is Holroyd, sir, not Homroyd," she explained, "will you walk into the studio?"

"Yes, I hope he won't keep me waiting long," I said disagreeably as she left the room. When alone I fell back in the old familiar arm chair and laughed immoderately to think that Millie Holroyd did not recognise me.

"I wish to look at some paintings, Mr. Homroyd," I asked as Angus entered the studio, "now, what do you ask for this little water-color. Canadian, is it not?"

"Yes! It is the Rosedale Ravine, near Toronto, but unfortunately it is not for sale. Any thing else that you see I shall be delighted to sell you."

"No, this alone takes me, now what do ou say to $500 for it?"

I knew nothing would tempt him to part with it, for it was not his own work but from the pencil of a beautiful Toronto girl, whom he hoped to make his wife.

mad.

Jack Irvine spent his time alternately with the detectives in Montreal and with my lawyer, Mr. Haymes, in Toronto, again and again re-visiting my landlady, Mrs. Gibson. Mr. Haymes was a clever, clear sighted man who never let the grass grow under his feet and he was working his hardest in my behalf. John Irvine had offered ten thousand dollars reward for the capture of the guilty person or persons, but no notice whatever had been taken of it. Although the detectives and police officers were doing their utmost, yet in my heart I knew they all believed me guilty. I felt that not one man outside my own friends—except one of the warders, a man named Brown who often spoke kindly to me—but what believed me to be the perpetrator of that dastardly and cruel deed.

Sometimes for hours I would console myself that surely in this land of justice they could not bring me in guilty. Irvine and Fairfax did not suppose for one moment that they would do so.

They knew me to be innocent. But alas! to others the strong proof of my guilt seemed too overwhelming to admit of dispute.

Often in my solitude it was most pleasant to me to recall as I last saw it the glorious scenery around Fergus and to imagine once more the majestic rushing of the waters in the beautiful ravine below Elora. Often did I think of the dear old Irvineside homestead and recall some of the golden hours spent there. There was something particularly refreshing and grateful in these recollections, for thoughts and associations were thus called forth elevating and tranquilising in their character—which, God knows, I sorely needed.

At other times, in the night most of all, some devil would rise up in my heart filling it full of evil, and in those hours of darkness I felt hardly answerable for what I did. At such times I would walk round and round my prison room, far more resembling some frantic caged wild beast, than a sane human being. I would listen to the clock slowly striking the dragging hours until, thoroughly wearied with pacing up and down, I would fall down upon my mattrass and sleep the merciful sleep of forgetfulness. It was generally in the dead of night that this kind of feelings came over me. At first, being accustomed to an active life I could not get sufficiently tired to sleep at all.

In the morning I would listen to the numerous bells calling people to matins and prayer. I could hear too, the twittering of sparrows above my casement through which the pale sunshine would sometimes cast little rays upon the floor. I could hear, too, the distant sound of the sleigh-bells along the road, sometimes—and oh, how eagerly I listened—the merry happy laugh of the governor's little children mingling with the loud bark of their pet dog, he was a collie, I had seen him once; one day I heard them calling him what sounded to my ears like "Rhino"—the name of Gladys' dog—Ah! what feelinge did that name bring to me, the remembrance of one lovely winter evening. Oh, God, how long ago it seemed, when the very wintry wind was laden with love and happiness. And I felt then that I would give all I possessed in the world, yea, I would even barter Heaven itself for but one hour's freedom to be out in the bright, keen air with Gladys instead of being immured in that living prison-sepulchre.

Generally during the day time I felt cheerful and would read or write for hours, for I could not believe, nay, I would not believe that I should have to remain there much longer.

Angus Holroyd with true friendship spent his brief holidays at Montreal endeavouring to cheer me as much as possible. Fairfax, too, took up his abode at the Windsor

"Sutton," said Fairfax severely. "You forget yourself, I am a medical man and I have an order from the governor to see Mr. Brandon, who is sick, professionally. Come, open the door and let me in."

The gaoler knew that the young army doctor was a friend of the governor's, and, moreover, believing what he said, finally threw open the door but not without some little grumoling.

"Oh! never fear, Sutton, it's all right, I shall be here about half an hour. Now, don't alarm yourself, the governor is aware I am going to stay so long."

Sutton's face brightened, for he knew the governor was engaged in entertaining friends at his house.

"Then, while you are here, Doctor Fairfax, I'll just run off and speak to my wife I have'nt had time to speak to her all day."

"Dr. Fairax is all right, I guess," he muttered to himself as he locked the heavy cell door behind Clifford.

CHAPTER VI.—Dulce Domum.

"What more felicity can fill a creature
Than to enjoy delight with liberty."

As the gaoler locked the massive door behind Fairfax he quickly crossed the cell to me, whispering "be quick, jump up, Brandon, I am come to get you out of this infernal hole!"

"What do you want, Fairfax?" I asked mechanically. "No! I am innocent, nothupon earth would induce me to fly like a criminal."

"Brandon, don't for Heaven's sake talk like a fool. Hurry up, man, think," said he giving me a hard shake "Think, you are condemned to death—to be hanged like a cur, for a crime you know nothing of. Think of little Gladys, it would kill her. For God's sake and her's be a man; there is no time to lose in foolish arguments."

"Then you still believe in my innocence, Clifford," I faltered.

"How can you ask such a thing? You know that I do and I have come to prove it," said he hastily taking some packages from his pockets.

"But what—," I broke down altogether as I saw what he had brought with him, a pair of scissors, a razor, some soap and a tin can of hot water, with which he commenced cropping off my beard and shaving my face clearly, leaving but the moustache like his own. Then and not until then did it dawn upon me what the noble fellow was going to do.

"Stop, Fairfax, for Heaven's sake desist, I cannot, I will not let you do it."

"Don't bother me or I'll cut your throat!" said he, rapidly going on shaving my face.

"But the risk would be fearful for you, Clifford. No, I cannot let you."

"Nonsense, you will have to, now we have got so far and we must hurry up, too," said he quickly stripping off my outer garments and donning them himself. "There is no risk, I tell you. I am not quite such a born son of a gun as to submit to be hanged instead of you. They will find out the mistake in the morning when you will be out of their reach."

"But I am thinking of your regiment ——"

"Hang the regiment," said he half, laughing. Don't fear. I shall escape all right. Now, Brandon," said he, seeing that I was breaking down again, "for Glady's sake you must do this unless you wish to break her heart. It is her keen wit you have to thank, not me for she herself suggested this way of escape for you. You have no alternative, it is either escape now or death like a dog."

"God bless her and you. You are a noble fellow, Fairfax," I said grasping his hand.

"Don't stay for thanks," said he hurriedly taking from his vest pocket a small

ou say to $500 for it?"

I knew nothing would tempt him to part with it, for it was not his own work but from the pencil of a beautiful Toronto girl, whom he hoped to make his wife.

"I guess nothing upon earth would tempt me to part with that little sketch, sir. I am very sorry to disappoint you."

"Well, look here, say $1000 for it."

"Nothing you could offer me would induce me to part with it, sir," said he coldly.

"Then young man," said I, severely peering at him through my glasses, "I guess you New Yorkers must have more money than sense," and throwing off my hat, wig and spectacles I burst into a fit of laughter at Angus Holroyd's astonishment and delight.

Holroyd threw up his little black velvet cap, over-turned a Venus and a Niobe off their pedestals, embraced me like a Frenchman or a schoolboy, overturning almost everything in the studio in his joy at my escape, until his sister fearing, he was dealing with a lunatic by the commotion we occasioned burst into the room.

It was arranged that for the present I should live in a small room at the top of the house, lighted by a skylight in the centre of the roof and having no entrance except through the studio, which entrance Angus cleverly barred by a large picture.

In a few days time we learnt of Clifford Fairfax's escape. He had heavily bribed one of the French warders, thereby escaping to Egypt, where his regiment was then stationed.

Nine long, weary months was I a prisoner in the little attic room, never going out, never seeing any one but Holroyd and his sister. Only hearing tidings of Gladys or Jack through the personal column of the daily papers. Letters were out of the question, for detectives were continually on the alert and large rewards were offered for my apprehension.

I can never forget the kindness of Millicent and Angus Holroyd, who tended me unceasingly. Often I was capricious and unthankful, growing weary of my imprisonment.

Hot summer days passed drearily on and winter came round again. The glistening snow lay thickly upon my attic roof. How I longed for a sight of Gladys and the dear old Irvineside homestead. I was beginning to wish for death rather than this banishment, perhaps a whole life-time of cruel imprisonment and wrong.

It was the day before Christmas Eve. Never in my whole life did I feel so despondingly and wretched. The daily papers had brought me the sad news of Clifford Fairfax's death upon the battle plain, cruelly shot down by the enemy, whilst ministering to the dying around him. Ah! Egyptian sod never yet covered a braver, nobler heart than that of Clifford Fairfax.

No human being ever felt more wretched than I that morning. At mid-day Holroyd came to my room. I read in his face that all was hopeless. He had no need to tell me that the human blood-hounds were upon the right track at last and my capture might be at any moment.

Left alone my very senses seemed to grow dull and numbed awakening afterwards to a frenzy almost bordering upon madness.

I heard loud voices, then footsteps ascending the stairs to my room. My brain seemed upon fire. I felt that I was rapidly losing my reason. "They shall never take me alive," I groaned in my madness and—oh, coward that I was—I sprang across the room and snatched up a razor lying upon the bureau.

One more second all would have been over but the razor was dashed from my hand. Not, however, by the detectives whom in imagination I already beheld, but by Jack Irvine armed with a proclamation just issued by the Governor General for the immediate pardon of Oliver Brandon.

Gervase Larhue was dying and had confessed to the murder of his old master, had made a deposition to the effect that he himself, disguised like his master, had journeyed from Montreal to Toronto from where he had taken my pistol with which he devilishly planned to lay a fearful crime upon me. Further confessing to having hidden the Indian clasp in the lining of my pocket book and to having placed the opal ring in between the leathern cover of my valise while I lay asleep at my Uncle's house at Montreal.

The happy Christmas bells were ringing their joyful blessing of "Peace on earth," from many a church tower as Jack and I that evening drove from Guelph through beautiful romantic Elora to Irvineside. The tamaracs and maple trees stood boldly out in the bright moonlight as we neared home.

The dear old Irvineside homestead, after my long and wretched absence, looked most divinely lovely to me in its peaceful, winter snow-dress. The icicles hung in lengthy fringes from the quaintly carved and gabled porch, where Gladys, regardless of the cold, north wind was waiting to welcome me. As I clasped her close, close to my happy throbbing heart, I asked, "My darling, you believed and trusted in me always; but suppose you had thought me guilty of that awful deed. You would have left me then, my Gladys?'

And as she nestled in my arms she whispered "Oliver, my dearest, I have never doubted you for one moment, to do so would have broken my heart for I should still have loved you the same through good and ill."

[THE END]

Wilful Cupid.

Caroline, the eldest and perhaps the most beautiful of the daughters of the Duke Maximilian in Bavaria, was, while still a child, selected as a fitting bride for the heir of the Austrian crown, and although there was no formal betrothal her father was informed that she must be educated in such a way as would fit her for her future grandeur. This was more easily said than done, for money was scarce in the ducal palace; but the whole family, from the duke himself to the youngest child, seem to have thrown themselves *con amore* into the work, and to have cheerfuly economized for the sake of the fortunate Caroline. She had professors and teachers of the best, and she well repaid all the care that was lavished upon her, for at 19, clever, accomplished, and regally beautiful, she was the very ideal of what a queen should be.

When the time for the marriage drew near the young Emperor Joseph came on a visit to the Duke in Bavaria (the family title is "in," not "of," that he might make the acquaintance of his future wife. He gazed at the stately creature who had been so carefully trained for him with respectful admiration, but he fell violently in love with her madcap younger sister Elizabeth, who, regarded in the family as a mere child, and one, too, for whom no high destiny was in store, had been allowed to pass her days on horseback scouring the country side. Ministers and courtiers stood aghast, but argument and persuasion were alike wasted on the Emperor, who refused to see that a lack of accomplishments was a blemish in the one whom he loved, and a few months later Elizabeth, thorough child as she was, knowing no more of the etiquette of courts than the veriest little gamin, entered Vienna in state as Empress of Austria and Queen of Hungary.

Although this happened more than thirty years ago she has not yet learned to submit with patience to the restraints that hedge in the lives of sovereigns, and the Viennese, in spite of their love for their beautiful Em-

LATEST BY CABLE.

Lord Salisbury's Unfortunate Gibe—India Excited—The Suakin Trouble A Diplomatic Victory.

It will not be surprising if the most important event in the week's history proves to be the stray, half-humorous, and inadvertent remark in Lord Salisbury's speech at Edinburgh. He was speaking of the recent Holborn by-election, and contemptuously referred to the Liberal candidate in that division in 1886 as a 'black man.' It happens that the gentleman referred to, the Hon. Dadabhai Naoroji, is a wealthy and learned Parsee, who has been prominent in India politics and public life for a long time. He was president of the recent Indian National Congress, and is the most distinguished and cultivated of all the native gentlemen who have yet come to England to reside. This foolish reference has created great excitement throughout India, and even the Government organs among the anglo-Indian press are driven to characterize it as an inexplicable and incredible blunder. Many cabled demands for an explanation and a contradiction have already come from Bombay. The vast Indian Empire was convulsed with a terrible war only thirty years ago over a mere question involving greased cartridges. Since that time there have been educational advancements in India not equaled in any other part of the globe, and of late the existence of a large class of astute and devoted native politicians, who adopt a critical attitude toward the English rule, has made the problem of governing India increasingly difficult and delicate. Lord Salisbury's gibe will do more mischief throughout India than Lord Lansdowne will be able to repair during his whole term as Viceroy, and those here who know the country best say it is the most unfortunate thing that has happened to England in a generation.

Everybody is talking about the coming battle outside of Suakin. Apparently it is certain to be fought very soon and equally certain that it will be a hot and desperate fight, with heavy losses and an entirely problematical result. In either event the next session of Parliament will have to face the necessity of a Soudan expedition unless it is prepared to abandon the Red Sea littoral altogether, for this approaching conflict can be decisive of nothing. If the garrison are defeated and badly handled in their sortie, of course England will be committed to immediate operations. If, on the other hand, Osman Digma is driven out of his trenches he will simply retire to the foothills, where the enemy cannot follow him, and gather his energies for a renewal of the siege at his leisure.

England has just scored a diplomatic victory, which changes the complexion of the whole Central Asian question. Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, whose mission to Persia was bitterly attacked by the Liberals as a sinecure and a partisan job, has succeeded in getting Persia to give a lot of valuable

A DESPERADO DOGGED.

And Finally Captured by two Daring Detectives.

A despatch from West Virginia to the New York Herald gives the following account of the capture of another member of the notorious Hatfield gang of murderers.

Another of the murderous Hatfield gang has been dragged in manacles from the rough mountains, where the desperadoes have so long defied the law and slaughtered as they chose.

The bloody border war that has strewn the shores of the Tug River with graves is being rapidly brought to a close by the iron nerved detectives who are prowling through the great wilderness to which law has so long been a stranger.

It takes a man with a lion's heart to go into the strongholds of the Hatfields now. Every trail over the mountains or along the creeks leading to the Hatfield settlement is picketed by ambushed murderers, who would kill without mercy any man they suspected. These detectives are going through experiences such as one reads of in dime novels. It seems hard for a man who hears their tales to believe that such things can be in a civilized land.

Ellison Hatfield, alias Mounts, the brute who was captured after a desperate struggle in the mountains with Detectives Gibson and Cunningham about three weeks ago, made a full confession. He implicated Alexander Messer as one of the slayers of the McCoy boys, who were shot to death in August five years ago by a merciless tribunal of the woods headed by "Devil Ance" Hatfield.

Messer is known as one of the most desperate ruffians on the border and was a conspicuous figure in Breathitt county trouble in Kentucky a few years ago. It is said that he killed five or six men in that county and boasted that he had killed twenty-six men since the war.

So frightful were the deeds of this man that he was feared even by the Hatfields, to whom the shedding of blood is commonplace. Governor Buckner, of Kentucky, offered a reward of $350 for Messer's body, and Gibson and Cunningham have been on his track night and day since they captured Ellison Hatfield. As he had left the Hatfield settlement soon after the murder of the McCoy boys, fearing the vengeance that Kentucky would wreak, the two detectives found it hard to locate him. It is worth a man's life to ask too many questions or to pry around too much in the region where they had to go.

Finally they struck the desperado's trail and learned that he was living in a log hut, on Ugly Creek, in Lincoln county. On last Wednesday they met a man in Chapman's store in that neighborhood who answered to Messer's description. Fearing to make a mistake, the detectives manœuvred. After a short talk with them the man invited them to his cabin. The detectives accompanied him, and when in his home he mentioned his name. Gibson at once whipped out his revolver and covered the assassin. In another moment Messer was handcuffed. His fury was beyond description.

The captured murderer was brought to this city and taken from here to Catlettsburg, Ky., where he is now in jail. He is about fifty-one years old and has a wife and six children. He was formerly a deputy sheriff in Perry county, Ky. Messer declares that he would never have surrendered and would not have been captured only that the detectives got between him and his gun. He admits having lived with the Hatfields at the time of the murder of the McCoy boys, but denies that he killed either of them. He is the seventh of the Hatfield-McCoy murderers arrested by the detectives.

Although this happened more than thirty years ago she has not yet learned to submit with patience to the restraints that hedge in the lives of sovereigns, and the Viennese, in spite of their love for their beautiful Empress, openly mourn that the Emperor should have chosen one who regards a court ball as a penance and a state ceremony as a thing scarcely to be lived through. From the day of her marriage it seems to have been a constant endeavour to shake off the fetters of her station, and perhaps the happiest hours of her life are those which, while following the hounds of England, or hunting the chamois in her native land, she is able to forget that she is Empress Queen. For her age the Empress Elizabeth is the youngest looking woman in Europe. When one sees her slight, graceful form, eyes brilliant with life and vigour, and complexion that flushes with passing emotions, it seems absurd that she should be the grandmother of big boys and girls.

Caroline, the forsaken one, seems to have met her fate with true royal equanimity. Perhaps she thought that, as her sister gained what she lost it did not really matter. If one may judge by her face, her life has not been a happy one. When she was about 24 she was married to the Prince of Thurm and Taxis, who died some nine years later.

The Game Dinner.

The annual game dinner at the Grand Pacific Hotel, given by Drake, Parker & Co., the proprietors, to their friends is one of the events for November in Chicago. Great preparations are made and the thirty-third of the series, which took place last Saturday evening, was equal, if not superior, to any preceding one. Mr. John B. Drake gave his first game dinner in 1855 at the old Tremont House, on Dearborn St., and each succeeding year he has endeavored to furnish new attractions. The last one certainly was in some respects in advance of any in the long list in the years gone by. On this occasion John B. Drake and Samuel W. Parker were the hosts and the provision made was most elaborate and ample. The variety of game will be noticed from the menu as follows: Leg of mountain sheep, deer tongue, black tail deer, mountain sheep, saddle of antelope, loin of venison, loin of elk, opossum, coon, black bear, wild goose, sand hill crane, ruffled grouse, mallard duck, Virginia partridge, red head duck, sage hen, brant, wood duck, jack rabbit, squirrel, butterball duck, prairie chicken, blue-winged teal, wild turkey, widgeon, pheasant, plover, quail, venison steak, fox squirrel, black birds, snipe, reed birds, red-wing starling, marsh birds, English hare. *Ornamental Dishes.*—Pyramid of game en Bellevue, aspic of birds a la royal, pattie of liver sur socle, boned quail in plumage, red-wing starling au natural. The special ornaments were the bare back rider and the hunter's mishap.

It is a healthy sign of the times that the working classes in Europe are commencing to protest against the enormous burdens imposed upon them to maintain the armed hosts that have been gathered together under the pretence of preserving the peace. The condemnation of the triple alliance by the workingmen of Milan may be taken as an indication that in the not remote future there will be a general and concerted revolt on the part of the working classes of the Continent against the waste of labour and money upon military preparations for war. If the European governments can be forced to disband their armies and agree to a system of international arbitration for the settlement of disputes, a very important step will have been taken towards the bringing about of the millennium.

the whole Central Asian question. Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, whose mission to Persia was bitterly attacked by the Liberals as a sinecure and a partisan job, has succeeded in getting Persia to give a lot of valuable trading privileges to the English and to commercially boycott the Russians. The importance of this will be recognized when it is remembered that Persia is the real game at which the Russians have been aiming through all their feints on the Afghan frontier. The Russian papers have gone into a frenzy of rage at this untoward development, and are talking more excitedly against England than they have done before since the Penjdeh incident. Official dispatches from St. Petersburg to day recognize that the old Anglo Russian difficulty is reopened in a new and threatening direction, and deplore the fact in language which is taken to mean that Germany will seize the opportunity to disarm France and make herself master of Europe.

May Women Propose?

Bill Nye writes the following letter on the subject:—

"I do not see why woman should not propose if she so elect, and then suffer the bitter, bitter consequence. Many men who now live on unloved and in a hand-to-mouth manner might be, oh, so happy! if the onus of popping did not weigh them down like a large three-cornered incubus.

"I am acquainted with several husbands who have been thus acquired, and I am happy to say they are turning out well. Several of them who were not self-supporting to start with have married well, having been wooed and won by girls of means.

Yours truly, BILL NYE.

"P. S.—I am provided for myself.

"P. S. Again—Mr. James Whitcomb Riley, who, as I write, is brushing his hair with a dummy brush which I carry with me, says he trusts that the day will speedily come when woman will propose, and he hopes he will be away up towards the general-delivery window when the office opens. Some good woman could make Mr. Riley very, very happy. Any letters sent to him in my care will be cheerfully read and forwarded to him. B. N."

If Mr. Nye's letter does not encourage some girl who thinks "bitter, bitter consequence" is not any bitterer because of her doing the proposing to utilise her very short time to receive an engagement ring for a Christmas present, I can't see what will. Mr. Nye's marriage certificate seems to hover around his first "P. S." like bumblebees around clover, but there is a chance for some good woman with Mr. Riley. For those who have not seen him I can vouch for him. He is a handsome and a genial gentleman.—NELLIE BLY, in N. Y. World.

A Candid Confession.

"Well, farmer, how are the crops?"

"Very good.

"You don't kick about anything then?"

"No."

"Then what are you looking so blue about?"

"Because I don't know of anything that I can complain of."

Railroad engineers are subject to a peculiar nervous disease brought about by continuous shocks.

A Western medium has interviewed Adam on the question, "Is marriage a failure?" "I don't exactly say that marriage is a failure," remarked the materialised first man, as he sat down on a materialized log just outside of the Garden of Eden, and looked hungrily at the fruit on the other side of the wall, "but if I had remained single this wouldn't have happened."

tives got between him and his gun. He admits having lived with the Hatfields at the time of the murder of the McCoy boys, but denies that he killed either of them. He is the seventh of the Hatfield-McCoy murderers arrested by the detectives.

Gibson, who made the arrest, is the youngest member of the force, but one of the most fearless detectives in the United States. Single-handed he went into the McCoy settlement and captured two of the McCoy gang, brought them to this State and received the reward offered for them. In company with other detectives about two weeks ago he made a raid on the Hatfields, capturing one and shooting the forefinger off Tom Chambers' hand, also shooting him through the side. On that trip Gibson lay in the woods three days without any thing to eat except what chestnuts he could find among the leaves.

Cheesine.—A Yankee Product.

A new name has been coined for an American substance which has been for a long time on the American and British markets and which is alleged to be eatable. It is now called "cheesine," indicating that it is first cousin to those disreputable counterfeits, "butterine" and "oleomargarine." "Cheesine" is doubtless cheese made from milk the natural fat of which has been extracted at the butter factory. To the skim milk cheese any very cheap animal fat is added. The product is sometimes called "lard cheese." The combination of words is quite as insulting to the hog as it is to the cow. Of course anybody who wants to eat a combination of skim milk and the fat from "died' animals is at liberty to do so, but Legislatures everywhere should step in and compel all such commodities to be sold under their correct descriptions. In Canada we have not yet arrived at "cheesine," and in the interest of our immense dairy export business it is desirable that the Dominion Government should prohibit the manufacture of the stuff unless it can be absolutely prevented from going upon the market under a false name.

A Modern Hercules.

Charles H. Sampson, a New York strong man, engaged to slay a steer with his fist. The feat was performed with a single blow in the presence of Emperor Wilhelm and Emperor Francis Joseph. He wears a handsome decoration commemorating that event. This feat of skill and strength was repeated at Ems, Germany, St. Petersburg, and Paris, Mr. Sampson striking but a single blow upon each of the occasions except the last. In this case the steer was running, and his aim was not true, but the first blow knocked the animal down and a second crushed its skull. During his professional experience this Hercules has suffered broken arms no less than seventeen times. He does not attribute his great strength to any freak of nature, but says it is the result of careful training and exercise.

All Skipped.

Senior partner (to office boy)—"What makes the cashier so late this morning?"

"He's taken all the cash and gone to Montreal, sir."

"Where's the clerk?"

"He's skipped to Spain with all the silverware, sir."

"Well, where's my partner?"

"Gone to Europe with all the gold watches, sir."

"Good Heavens! Well, see here! as long as all the rest have gone, I'll take the diamonds and visit South America; and, by the way, you can take that basket there, fill it with nickel watches and cross over to Jersey."

"ROUGHING IT IN THE BUSH."

CHAPTER XV.—CONTINUED.

"I saw the skeleton forms of half-a-dozen more of them slinking among the bushes that skirted a low island; and tired and cold, I gave myself and the oxen up for lost, when I felt the ice tremble on which I stood, and heard men running at a little distance. 'Fire your guns?' I cried out, as loud as I could. My order was obeyed, and such a yelling and howling immediately filled the whole forest as would have chilled your very heart. The thievish varmints instantly fled away into the bush.

"I never felt the least fear of wolves until that night; but when they meet in large bands, like cowardly dogs, they trust to their numbers and grow fierce. If you meet with one wolf, you may be certain that the whole pack is at no great distance."

We were fast approaching Sandy Point, a long white ridge of sand, running half across the lake, and though only covered with scattered groups of scrubby trees and brush, it effectually screened Stony Lake from our view. There were so many beautiful flowers peeping through the dwarf, green bushes, that, wishing to inspect them nearer, Mat kindly ran the canoe ashore, and told me that he would show me a pretty spot, where an Indian, who had been drowned during a storm off that point, was buried. I immediately recalled the story of Susan Moore's father, but Mat thought that he was interred upon one of the islands farther up.

"It is strange," he said, "that they are such bad swimmers. The Indian, though unrivalled by us whites in the use of the paddle, is an animal that does not take readily to the water, and those among them who can swim seldom use it as a recreation."

Pushing our way through the bushes, we came to a small opening in the underwood, so thickly grown over with wild Canadian roses, in full blossom, that the air was impregnated with a delightful odour. In the centre of this bed of sweets rose the humble mound that protected the bones of the red man from the ravenous jaws of the wolf and the wild cat. It was completely covered with stones, and from among the crevices had sprung a tuft of blue harebells, waving as wild and free as if they grew among the bonny heather on the glorious hills of the North or shook their tiny bells to the breeze on the broom encircled commons of England.

The harebells had always from a child been with me a favorite flower; and the first sight of it in Canada, growing upon that lonely grave, so flooded my soul with remembrances of the past that in spite of myself the tears poured freely from my eyes. There are moments when it is impossible to repress those outgushings of the heart—

"Those flood-gates of the soul that sever,
In passion's tide to part for ever."

If Mat and his sister wondered at my tears, they must have suspected the cause, for they walked to a little distance, and left me to the indulgence of my feelings. I gathered those flowers and placed them in my bosom, and kept them for many a day; they had become holy, when connected with sacred home recollections, and the never-dying affection of the heart which the sight of them recalled.

A shout from our companions in the other canoe made us retrace our steps to the shore. They had already rounded the point, and were wondering at our absence.

Oh, what a magnificent scene of wild and lonely grandeur burst upon us as we swept round the little peninsula, and the whole majesty of Stony Lake broke upon us at Hill," from the abundance of oak-trees which clothed its steep sides. The wood of this oak is so heavy and hard that it will not float in the water, and it is in great request for the runners of lumber sleighs, which have to pass over very bad roads.

The breeze, which had rendered our sail up the lakes so expeditious and refreshing, had stiffened into a pretty high wind, which was dead against us all the way down. Betty now knelt in the bow and assisted her brother, squaw fashion in paddling the canoe; but in spite of all, their united exertions, it was past ten o'clock before we reached the mill. The good Norah was waiting tea for us. She had given the children their supper four hours ago, and the little creatures, tired with using their feet all day, were sound asleep upon her bed.

After supper, several Irish songs were sung, while Pat played upon the fiddle, and Betty and Mat enlivened the company with an Irish jig.

It was midnight when the children were placed on my cloak at the bottom of the canoe, and we bade adieu to this hospitable family. The wind being dead against us, we were obliged to dispense with the sail, and take to our paddles. The moonlight was as bright as day, and the air warm and balmy; and the aromatic, resinous smell exuded by the heat from the balm-of-giliead and the pine-trees of the forest added greatly to our sense of enjoyment as we floated past scenes so wild and lonely—isles that assumed a mysterious look and character in that witching hour. In moments like these I ceased to regret my separation from my native land; and, filled with the love of Nature, my heart forgot for the time the love of home. The very spirit of peace seemed to brood over the waters, which were broken into a thousand ripples of light by every breeze that stirred the rice blossoms, or whispered through the shivering aspen-trees. The far-off roar of the rapids, softened by distance, and the long, mournful cry of the night-owl alone broke the silence of the night. Amid these lonely wilds the soul draws nearer to God, and is filled to overflowing by the overwhemling sense of His presence.

It was two o'clock in the morning when we fastened the canoe to the landing, and Moodie carried up the children to the house. I found the girl still up with my boy, who had been very restless during our absence. My heart reproached me as I caught him to my breast, for leaving him so long; in a few minutes he was consoled for past sorrows, and sweetly sleeping in my arms.

A CANADIAN SONG.

Come, launch the light canoe;
The breeze is fresh and strong:
The summer skies are blue,
And 'tis joy to float along;
Away o'er the waters,
The bright-glancing waters,
The many-voiced waters,
As they dance in light and song.

When the great Creator spoke,
On the long unmeasured night,
The living day-spring broke,
And the waters own'd His might;
The voice of many waters,
Of glad, rejoicing waters,
Of living, leaping waters,
First hailed the dawn of light.

Where foaming billows glide
To earth's remotest bound;
The rushing ocean tide
Rolls on the solemn sound:

laying light pieces of round timber across the trunks of the trees, and setting fire to them at the point of contact, by which means the trees are slowly burned through.

It was while busily engaged in this interesting operation that I first became acquainted with the subject of this sketch.

Some twenty or thirty little fires were burning briskly in different parts of the blackened field, and the old fellow was watching the slow progress of his silent "niggers," and replacing them from time to time as they smouldered away. After threading my way among the uncouth logs, blazing and smoking in all directions, I encountered the old man, attired in an old bonnet, or hood, of his wife Judy, with his patched canvas trousers rolled up to his knees; one foot bare, and the other furnished with an old boot, which from its appearance had once belonged to some more aristocratic foot. His person was long, straight and sinewy, and there was a light springiness and elasticity in his step which would have suited a younger man, as he skipped along with a long handspike over his shoulder. He was singing a stave from the "Enniskillen Dragoon" when I came up with him.

"With his silver mounted pistols, and his long carbine,
Long life to the brave Inniskillen dragoon,"

His face would have been one of the most lugubrious imaginable, with his long, tangled hair hanging confusedly over it, in a manner which has been happily compared to a "bewitched haystack," had it not been for a certain humorous twitch or convulsive movement, which affected one side of his countenance, whenever any droll idea passed through his mind. It was with a twitch of this kind, and a certain indescribable twinkle of his somewhat melancholy eye, as he seemed intuitively to form a hasty conception of the oddity of his appearance to a stranger unused to the bush, that he welcomed me to his clearing. He instantly threw down his handspike, and leaving his "niggers" to finish their work at their leisure, insisted on our going to his house to get something to drink.

On the way, I explained to him the object of my visit, which was to mark out, or "blaze", the side-lines of a lot of land I had received as part of a military grant, immediately adjoining the beaver-meadow, and I asked him to accompany me, as he was well acquainted with the different lots.

"Och! by all manner of manes, and welcome; the dhevil a foot of the way but I know as well as my own clearing; but come into the house, and get a dhrink of milk, an' a bite of bread an' butther, for sorrow a dhrop of the whiskey has crossed my teeth for the last month; an' it's but poor intertainment for man or baste I can offer you, but shure you're heartily welcome."

The precincts of the homestead were divided into an infinity of enclosures, of all shapes and sizes. The outer enclosure was a bush fence, formed of trees felled on each other in a row, and the gaps filled up with brushwood. There was a large gate swung with wooden hinges, and a wooden latch to fasten it; the smaller enclosures were made with round poles, tied together with bark. The house was of the rudest description of "shanty," with hollowed basswood logs, fitting into each other somewhat in the manner of tiles for a roof, instead of shingles. No iron was to be seen, in the absence of which there were plenty of leathern hinges, wooden latches for locks and bark-strings instead of nails. There was a large fire-place at one end of the shanty, with a chimney, constructed of split laths, plastered with a mixture of clay and cowdung. As for windows, these were luxuries that could well be dispensed with; the open door was an

were wondering at our absence.

Oh, what a magnificent scene of wild and lonely grandeur burst upon us as we swept round the little peninsula, and the whole majesty of Stony Lake broke upon us at once, another Lake of the Thousand Isles in miniature, and in the heart of the wilderness! Imagine a large sheet of water, some fifteen miles in breadth and twenty-five in length, taken up by islands of every size and shape, from the lofty naked rock of red granite to the rounded hill, covered with oak-trees to its summit; while others were level with the waters, and of a rich emerald green, only fringed with a growth of aquatic shrubs and flowers. Never did my eyes rest on a more lovely or beautiful scene. Not a vestige of man, or of his works was there. The setting sun, that cast such a gorgeous flood of light upon this exquisite panorama, bringing out some of these lofty islands in strong relief, and casting others into intense shade, shed no cheery beam upon church spire or cottage pane. We beheld the landscape, savage and grand in its primeval beauty.

As we floated among the channels between these rocky picturesque isles, I asked Mat how many of them there were.

"I never could succeed," he said, "in counting them all. One Sunday, Pat and I spent a whole day in going from one to the other, to try and make out how many there were, but we could only count up to one hundred and forty before we gave up the task in despair. There are a great many of them; more than any one would think—and, what is very singular, the channel between them is very deep, sometimes above forty feet, which accounts for the few rapids to be found in this lake. It is a glorious place for hunting; and the waters, undisturbed by steam-boats, abound in all sorts of fish.

"Most of these islands are covered with huckleberries; while grapes, high and low bushed cranberries, blackberries, wild cherries, gooseberries, and several other sorts of wild currants grow here in profusion. There is one island among these groups (but I never could light upon the identical one) where the Indians yearly gather their wampum-grass. They come here to collect the best birch-bark for their canoes and to gather wild onions. In short, from the game, fish and fruit which they collect among the islands of this lake, they chiefly depend for their subsistence. They are very jealous of the white settlers in the country coming to hunt and fish here, and tell many stories of wild beasts and rattlesnakes that abound along its shores; but I, who have frequented the lake for years, was never disturbed by anything, beyond the adventure with the wolf, which I have already told you. The banks of this lake are all steep and rocky, and the land along the shore is barren, and totally unfit for cultivation.

"Had we time to run up a few miles further, I could have showed you some places well worth a journey to look at but the sun is already down, and it will be dark before we get back to the mill."

The other canoe now floated alongside, and Pat agreed with his brother that it was high time to return. With reluctance I turned from this strangely fascinating scene. As we passed under one bold rocky Island, Mat, said, laughingly, "That is Mount Rascal."

"How did it obtain that name?"

"Oh, we were out here berrying, with our good priest, Mr. B———. This island promised so fair, that we landed upon it, and, after searching for an hour, we returned to the boat without a single berry, upon which Mr. B———named it 'Mount Rascal.'"

The island was so beautiful, it did not deserve the name, and I christened it "Oak

Where foaming billows glide
To earth's remotest bound;
The rushing ocean tide
Rolls on the solemn sound;
God's voice is in the waters;
The deep, mysterious waters,
The sleepless, dashing waters,
Still breathe its tones around.

CHAPTER XVI.—The "Ould Dhragoon."

It is delightful to observe a feeling of contentment under adverse circumstances. We may smile at the rude and clumsy attempts of the remote and isolated backwoodsman to attain something like comfort, but happy he who, with the bouyant spirits of the light-hearted Irishman, dontrives to make himself happy even while all others would be miserable.

A certain degree of dissatisfaction with our present circumstances is necessary to stimulate us to exertion, and thus enable us to secure future comfort; but where the delusive prospect of future happiness is too remote for any reasonable hope of ultimate attainment, then surely it is true wisdom to make the most of the present and to cultivate the spirit of happy contentment with the lot assigned to us by Providence.

"Ould Simpson," or the "Ould Dhragoon," as he was generally called, was a good sample of this happy character; and I shall proceed to give the reader a sketch of his history, and a description of his establishment. He was one of that unfortunate class of discharged soldiers who are tempted to sell their pensions often far below their true value, for the sake of getting a lot of land in some remote settlement, where it is only rendered valuable by the labour of the settler, and where they will have the unenviable privilege of expending the last remains of their strength in clearing a patch of land for the benefit of some grasping storekeeper who has given them credit while engaged in the work.

The old dragoon had fixed his abode on the verge of an extensive beaver meadow, which was considered a sort of natural curiosity in the neighborhood; and where he managed by cutting the rank grass in the summer time, to support several cows, which afforded the chief subsistence of his family. He had also managed, with the assistance of his devoted partner, Judy, to clear a few acres of poor rocky land on the sloping margin of the level meadow, which he planted year after year with potatoes. Scattered over this small clearing, here and there, might be seen the but-end of some half-burnt hemlock tree, which had escaped the general combustion of the log heaps, and now formed a striking contrast to the white limestone rocks which showed their rounded surfaces above the meagre soil.

The "ould dhragoon" seemed, moreover, to have some taste for the picturesque, and by the way of ornament, had left standing sundry tall pines and hemlocks neatly girdled to destroy their foliage, the shade of which would have been detrimental to the "blessed praties" which he deigned to grow in his clearing, but which, in the meantime, like martyrs at the stake, stretched their naked branches imploringly towards the heavens. As he was a kind of hermit, from choice, and far removed from other settlers, whose assistance is so necessary in new settlements, old Simpson was compelled to resort to the most extraordinary contrivances while clearing his land. Thus, after felling the trees, instead of chopping them into lengths, for the purpose of facilitating the operation of piling them preparatory to burning, which would have cost him too much labor, he resorted to the practice of "niggering," as it is called; which is simply at one end of the shanty, with a chimney, constructed of split laths, plastered with a mixture of clay and cowdung. As for windows, these were luxuries that could well be dispensed with; the open door was an excellent substitute for them in the daytime, and at night none were required. When I ventured to object to this arrangement, that he would have to keep the door shut in the winter time, the old man replied, in the style so characteristic of his country, "Shure it will be time enough to think of that when the could weather sets in." Everything about the house wore a Robinson Crusoe aspect, and though there was not any appearance of original plan or foresight, there was no lack of ingenious contrivance to meet every want as it arose.

Judy dropped us a low curtsey as we entered, which was followed by a similar compliment from a stout girl of twelve, and two or three more of the children, who all seemed to share the pleasure of their parents in receiving strangers in their unpretending tenement. Many were the apologies that poor Judy offered for the homely cheer she furnished us, and great was her delight at the notice we took of the "childher." She set little Biddy, who was the pride of her heart to reading the Bible; and she took down a curious machine from a shelf, which she had "conthrived out of her own head," as she said, for teaching the children to read. This was a flat box, or frame, filled with sand, which saved paper, pens, and ink. Poor Judy had evidently seen better days, but, with a humble and contented spirit, she blessed God for the food and scanty raiment their labor afforded them. Her only sorrow was the want of "idication" for the childrin.

She would have told us a long story about her trials and sufferings, before they had attained their present comparative comfort and independence, but, as we had a tedious scramble before us, through cedar-swamps, beaver-meadows, and the piny ridges, the "ould dragoon" cut her short, and we straightway started on our toilsome journey.

Simpson, in spite of a certain dash of melancholy in his composition, was one of those happy fellows of the "light heart and thin pair of breeches" school who, when they meet with difficulty or misfortune, never stop to measure its dimensions, but hold in their breath and run lightly over, as in crossing a bog, where to stand still is to sink.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Fearfully and Wonderfully Made.

Avoid quotations, unless you are well studied in their import and feel their pertinence. A man the other day, while looking at the skeleton of an ass which had been dug out of a sandpit, and admiring and wondering at the structure of that despised animal, made a very *mal-adroit* use of one. "Ah!" said he, with the deepest humanity, and a simplicity worthy of La Fontaine, "*we* are fearfully and wonderfully made!"

The turkeys and chickens are beginning to roost high and far off.

The Prince of Wales was so delighted with the Hungarian national dance (the "Csardas") that he has made arrangements to introduce it to English society. It will be a feature at the fashionable London balls this season.

Several glass factories now cut the large cylinders of window glass by encircling the cylinder with a fine wire, which is then heated to redness by an electric current, and a drop of water being allowed to fall upon the hot glass, a perfectly clean cut is obtained. The old method was to draw out a fibre of white hot semi molten glass from the furnace by means of tongs, and to wrap it round the cylinder.

MISCELLANEOUS.

So-called "revolutions" in industry, consequent upon discovery and invention, follow one another so quickly in these days that we have well nigh lost the faculty of wonder, as "revolution" succeeds "revolution" with bewildering rapidity. One of the latest is said to be an approaching "revolution" in telegraphy owing to the alleged discovery by a Spanish savant of a method of sending despatches without the use of batteries. Preliminary tests in the presence of expert witnesses are said to have proved thoroughly successful.

We congratulate Mr. O'Connor very heartily on his victory over Teemer. It is something for Torontonians to be proud about, that in this young Irish Canadian they have a champion who seems so likely to prove himself a worthy successor of Hanlan, who may now be set down as out of the race. His day is done, and he must be content to yield the *pas* to younger men. He need not be jealous, however, as he has a brilliant record of victory on which to look back and content himself in the hour of his decrease. We trust that O'Connor will always show himself worthy of the respect as well as the admiration of the people of Toronto.

The recently formed plan of putting down the East African Slave Trade promises to be successful. It is to take the form of a strict blockade of the coast by the English and German fleets assisted so far by the French. By this arrangement it is expected that the imports necessary for carrying on the slave trade will be stopped and at the same time that there will be no outlet, and consequently no market for the slaves brought down to the coast. By this plan, combined with the encouragement of legitimate trade, it is very naturally expected that, as in the case of the West African slave trade, this accursed business along the Eastern shores of the continent will within a comparatively short time be altogether destroyed.

For years past the world has been watching with anxiety and protesting against the growth of European armaments, and the increase of the burden of taxation necessary for the maintenance thereof; yet the process still goes on. To-day Russia is seeking to borrow $100,000 000 for the purpose of keeping up her display of strength; Germany wants $60,000,000 in order to increase the size of her fleet; and England is seriously thinking of expending $50 000 000 in the same manner. What is all this to end in? If not war at an early period, with its frightful cost and its attendant horrors, is there not a danger that the over-burdened people may be driven to revolt against the tyranny and oppression of the system of militarism which is slowly grinding them into the dust?

As everybody who knew anything about the matter fully expected, the researches of the Mining Commission which the Ontario Government appointed, are confirming the opinion, that as yet the majority of Canadians have very faint conceptions of the mineral wealth of their country. There is iron ore in abundance, perhaps in inexhaustible abundance. There is silver. There is copper. There is marble, too, and much other buried wealth which will make coming generations rich and powerful, meanwhile the present generations seems to stand and gaze like Joshua's moon at Askelon, not knowing what to do about it. Capitalists are timid and will not risk loss in setting up blast furnaces, and giving us oscular demonstration, of what experts say is the fact, that we can manufacture as good iron as any on the continent.

The likelihoods seem to predict that with the present winter three of the most distin-

Saint Nicholas.

Saint Nicholas was the most popular of the saints in the Middle Ages. No other whose name is in the calendar was applied to by more people, or by those who were more unlike in character and circumstances. He was made the patron of the common people, of laborers, of prisoners, of slaves, of travellers, sailors, butchers, robbers, clerks, scholars, and in a very special manner of good girls and of boys. He has been made the patron saint of Russia much in the same way that St. George is the patron of England.

Of the life of this saint nothing is known with certainty. The most trustworthy account says that he was a native of Patara in Lycia. As to the time of his birth it is less confident. The supposed date is in the third century of our era, and his life possibly extended into the fourth century. He is mentioned most frequently as having lived under the reign of Constantine the Great.

Nicholas was Bishop of Myra in Lycia. About six hundred years after his death his body was removed from that place to Bari, on the Southeastern coast of Italy. He had already become famous at the time of this removal, and his reputation for performing miracles continued to grow rapidly.

As a specimen of what was reported to his credit, Sir Richard Torkington, who made a pilgrimage to the Holy Land in 1517, tells the following: "We passed the Isle of Seynt Nicholas, where be tooles made of Iron that never lose their edgge by myracle of Seynt Nicholas; as they say—I saw it nott."

The day which, in the calendar, is dedicated to Saint Nicholas is the 6th of December. It is surprising to find the observance of that day postponed to the Christmas holidays. When the change took place, and how it was brought about, would not be easy to discover at this day. That this observance and our present usage of making presents at Christmas are one and the same practice will be seen from the following account of the custom given by an early English writer:

'From a very early day it has been customary, on the eve of St. Nicholas's Day, for children to put their stockings, shoes, or slippers in the bedrooms of those from whom they expect or desire favors, when, sure enough, next morning their little feet-pieces are replete with sweetmeats, toys, or coins."

The manner of observing St. Nicholas's Eve is described by a poet of two or three hundred years ago at considerable length. Room can be found here for only a few lines:

"Children on the eve do cause to fast;
And when they every one at night in senseless sleep are cast,
Both apples, nuts and pears they bring, and other things beside,
As caps, and shoes, and petticoats, which secretly they hide,
And in the morning found, they say, that this St. Nicholas brought."

This shows that at that time in England presents were made on the eve of the 6th of December instead of at Christmas, as now. In the Greek Church and in the north of Europe, however, schoolboys still invoke the liberality of St. Nicholas or Santa Claus, as he is now commonly called, on that night.

How St. Nicholas could become patron to characters so unlike as robbers and good boys is a matter now difficult to understand. There is a ballad relating to his patronage of boys which is one of the most popular ever written. Its story is as painful as that of the "Babes in the Wood." Strange it is that themes most harrowing are most

Notes for Women.

There are twenty-three women inspectors in the New York Custom House. Among them is a sister of Roscoe Conkling. They receive $21 per week.

And yet another American girl is to marry a foreigner and a title. The engagement is announced of Baron Von Schroeder, of the Prussian Imperial Guards, to Miss Pritchard, of Boston.

It is said that the death of Bonanza Banker Flood will give his daughter, Miss Jennie, $50,000,000 and make her the richest young woman in the world. She is fairly well to do now. It is related that one day as she was sitting in her sewing chair, her father dropped $2,500,000 of 4 per cent. U. S. bonds in her lap.

Some distinctive quality has always been associated in the public mind with the lady of the White House. With Mrs. Grant it was interest in national affairs; with Mrs. Hayes, Temperance; with Mrs. Cleveland, beauty, and with Mrs. Harrison it promises to be domesticity. Nearly all the items about her tell of her doing her own marketing and praise her skill as a housekeeper.

A letter from Alabama tells of a girl "who can drive like Jehu, ride and shoot like a cowboy, run like a professional and swim like a duck. She will go rowing with no company but her dog and gun, and she can drop her oars, spring to her feet with her gun and shoot a marsh hen or a grosbeak without rocking the boat or misplacing the oars. She sleeps on pillows of down from birds and ducks killed by her own hand, and expects by next spring to have enough feathers of the same kind to make a feather bed."

Mrs. Harrison is an enthusiastic china painter and showed a correspondent the other day with pride a set of salad and fruit plates carefully painted under the instruction of a skilful Dresden artist now in Indianapolis. Each plate was decorated with the separate ingredients of a salad. One bore a delicate spray of celery, another bore a sliced lemon or a bit of lettuce, another a red tomato cut in half, and so on through the order of pickles, carrots, olives, cucumbers and purple beets. The fruit plates were finely designed with different fruit—currents, gooseberries, plums and grapes. Among other gems were a water color of pansies and a large square tile with chrysanthemums.

Twenty-five years ago the now Princes of Wales and future Queen of England was living on the third floor of a corner house in Copenhagen, and her father, who no one ever dreamed then of being a King, was poorer than many a burgher in the same street. She and her two sisters, now the Czarine of Russia and the Duchess of Cumberland, occupied the same room, scantily furnished, and instead of a wardrobe a curtain drawn across the wall hid the pegs on which their few dresses hung. They had never worn a silk dress in their lives. Now Alexandra doubtless has all the dresses she wants, but it is more than likely that she looks back with pleasure upon those years is the happiest of her life.

Almost any morning about 3 o'clock in Charleston, S.C, a lady who has nerve, not nerves, may be seen going home from her work. She is proofreader for The Charleston World. She comes from a family which is known both for brains and pluck. Her duties take her to the office of the newspaper about 8 o'clock every night and detain her there until 3 the next morning. But she does not rely upon mere courage. She carries a loaded revolver in one hand and a lantern in the other. The police keep a lookout for her goings and comings, and a lookout as she passes their beats. She is a

as any on the continent.

The likelihoods seem to predict that with the present winter three of the most distinguished Englishmen of this generation,—or rather perhaps it would be more strictly correct to say of the passing generation—will have passed away. One of these is a famous poet, another is an equally famous Ecclesiastic, known perhaps as widely by his world renowned hymn, "Lead, Kindly Light," as by his theological services or opinions, and the third is a not less famous Statesman. One is a large Episcopalian, one an ardent Catholic, and one a conscientious Quaker, All three names, it is safe to say, are carved high on the list of the Immortal. All of them are worthy of memorials in the shrine which England has dedicated to the worship of her God, and the memory of her best and greatest. It is hardly necessary to say that we refer to Lord Tennyson, Cardinal Newman, and Mr. John Bright.

They have a Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners in the State of Minnesota, which, acting under instructions from the State Legislature, has been probing the question of the best method of heating railroad cars, and has reached conclusions which are likely to be embodied in useful legislation during the winter. They unhesitatingly condemn the car stove, an antiquated abomination around which there should by this time have gathered associations of horror enough to banish it henceforth, for all time. It is not by any means a question of having the cars heated by stoves, or not heated at all, for the perfect feasibility of adapting steam heat has already been tried by the Rock Island road, as mentioned last week, among others. May the day soon come when our Canadian roads also will of their own accord free their patrons in this way from fears of roasting. If they do not, some means will have to be found of forcing their hand, with more or less decisiveness.

Amid all the pessimistic outcry about the former timer having been better than these, it is pleasant to notice from the regular official returns that the prison population of Britain is always becoming smaller while the general increase of inhabitants proceeds as usual. In the course of ten years the number of prisoners in England and Wales sank from 20,833 to 14,536 a diminution of 30 per cent. from 1877, to 1887. Another very gratifying fact is that the reduction in the number of female prisoners has been greater than among the males, for while the falling off in the number of men has been only 25.3 per cent. the falling off of the female prisoners has been 41.2 per cent. If a still wider range of view is taken the conclusions to be drawn are still more gratifying. During the last quarter of a century the lowest number of prisoners was in 1852.3. when there was a prison population of 16 700, out of a total population of 18,400,000. This shows that last year, with ten million more people, there were 2000 fewer prisoners than there were thirty-six years ago. It would be well if the same thing could be said of all the countries the world over, and so far this can be said. As a general rule the criminal population is not increasing so rapidly as it used to do.

Results of Mouth Breathing.

Many disease germs enter through an open mouth. The mouth was not made for breathing, but for eating and speaking. The nose was made for breathing, and the air, passing through the long, moist nasal passages, is purified, and leaves behind dust, disease germs and various impurities, while the air is warmed and tempered for the lungs. But when the mouth is left open, dust, dirt and disease rush down into the lungs and, fastening there, develop and destroy the whole system.—[Boston Budget.

ever written. Its story is as painful as that of the "Babes in the Wood." Strange it is that themes most harrowing are most popular.

As to this saint's patronage of robbers, we only know that such was the relation. High waymen were called St. Nicholas's clerks Rowley says, "I think yonder come prancing down the hills, from Kingston a couple of St. Nicholas's clerks's."

Christ's Sympathy for Toilers.

When a man's heart is crushed within him by the galling tyranny of sense; when, from the dawning of the day till the setting of the sun, and for hours beyond it, he is compelled to gather straw for Egypt's bricks, and to bake them in the world's scorching kiln, till the spring of life is dried up within, and he is ready to say, let me but eat and drink and sleep, for there is nothing real but this endless task-work; then, how sweet to say to one's self: "And a cloud received him out of their sight." Yes, just out of sight, but as certainly as if the eye could pierce it, there is a heaven all bright, all pure, all real; there is One there who has my very nature, in it toiled as ceaselessly as the most care-worn and world-lader of us all, having no house, and no leisure so much as to eat. He is there—His warfare accomplished, His life's labour fulfilled: He is there, at rest, yet still working, working for me, bearing me upon his heart, feeling for and feeling with me, in each trial and in each temptation; and not feeling only, but praying too, with that intercession which is not only near but inside God; and not interceding only, but also ministering grace hour by hour, coming into me with the very thought and recollection of good, that exact purpose, and resolution and aspiration, which is needed to keep me brave and to keep me pure.—[Dr. C. J. Vaughan.]

Tussel With a Big Catamount.

While George Hardy and his son, a lad of thirteen, were hunting opossums in the wooded country adjoining Bennett's Mills, Ohio, ther dogs treed what was supposed to be one of the animals they were hunting. Hardy lit a torch and stationed the boy some distance off, and approached the tree to get a shot at the beast, when he was horrified to see the animal springing through the air directly toward his son. It struck the little fellow and bore him to the ground, its claws, clutching in the clothing on his shoulder, tearing away a large chunk of flesh. Mr. Hardy rained heavy blows on its back and head with a club. The catamount left the boy and sprang at the man, its teath fastening in the heavy lapel of his overcoat, which was buttened closely about the neck. It would have seized his throat but for the heavy goods warding off the attack. By this time the dogs had seized the beast and dragged it to the ground, where after a hard battle in which the dogs, Hardy and the boy all joined, it was dispatched. The boy was terribly scratched about the shoulder and left side of the face. The father escaped with the loss of his overcoat and a few deep cuts on his chin and jaw. The catamount measured nearly five feet, and is one of the heaviest animals of its kind ever seen in this section.

His Sore Nose.

"Oh, Mr. De Groom, ain t your nose awful sore?" Mr. De Groom—"Why, no, Etta; what made you think so?" Etta—"Oh, mamma said you had your nose down to the grindstone ever since you were married, an' I thought it must be awful sore by this time."

She carries a loaded revolver in one hand and a lantern in the other. The police keep a lookout for her goings and comings, and a lookout as she passes their beats. She is a maiden lady and the task is unpleasant, but she considers it a duty to work, and what "her hands find to do" she does is with all her might."

Tongue Testers.

The popularity of Peter Piper's celebrated peck of pickled peppers will probably never wane as a snare to catch the tongue that would fain be agile; but that test has formidable rivals. The following short sentences, as their authors maintain, do wonders in baffling the ordinary power of speech:—

Gaze on the gay grav brigade.

The sea ceaseth, and it sufficeth us.

Say, should such a shapely sash shabby stitches show?

Strange strategic statistics.

Give Grimes Jim's gilt gig-whip.

Sarah in a shawl shovelled soft snow softly.

She sells sea shells.

A cup of coffee in a copper coffee-pot.

Smith's spirit flask split Philip's sixth sister's fifth squirrel's skull.

A Story of Lord Westbury.

The London "Athenæum" preserves this story of the late Lord Chancellor Westbury—"In his later life, when he was sitting regularly on the Judical Committee of the Privy Council, he met ex-Chief Justice Erle, and asked him why he did not attend. "For three very good and sufficient reasons," said Sir William Erle: "because I am old, because I am deaf, and because I am stupid.' "Those are not impediments," said Lord Westbury; "—— is very old, —— is very deaf, and—— is very stupid, and yet we four make an excellent court."

Blighted Ambition.

Billy—Hello, Jimmy! Why don't you oome out an' play wid the fellers?

Jimmy—I dassen't.

Billy—What for?

Jimmy—You know that book we was readin' out in de barn? Well, I run away and was goin' to be de "Scourge o' de Plains," but before I got to the Sout' Side, pop ketched me.

Billy—Aw, come on out.

Jimmy—I dassen't. Pop took my pants and hid 'em.

A Redeeming Feature.

Dismal dude—"Life has no charms for me. I sometimes think I wish I were dead."

Miss Blunt—"Well, there is one comfort about suicide. It usually strikes the right person."

Indoor Games for Winter.

As cold weather and our deadly northern winter comes again to shut us up, some indoors and some in the grave, there are games with balls to help drive the destroyer away. All these are good. They bring every muscle into play and especially train the eye, as it follows the flying sphere to and fro, to swift accommodation of vision. Battledore and shuttlecock, played in a cool hall or large room, is next best to tennis, and it is astonishing how much sport may be gained therefrom.

Trimming fur is seldom used about the bottom of fur or cloth coats, but silk and brocade pelisses are sometimes bound all around with fur.

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HIS GOOD LUCK.

Continued from first page.

cause to suspect that I was unhappy. The quiet happiness which shone day after day in her face became a joy to me. It even rebuked me, too. It was plain that she loved me devotedly; and she was so unselfish in her love, so wise, so sensible that I soon found myself admiring her. In the wish to do everything possible for her in order to recompense her for the love I did not have to give her, I thought of trying to remedy her defective hearing. We went to Philadelphia for that purpose. The best aurist in the city made an examination and at once assured us that the trouble was caused by a slight obstruction which would yield readily to simple treatment. In two months Laura returned perfectly cured.

Then I began to notice what a very bright woman my wife was, and she seemed to grow sunnier and sweeter every hour. In less than six months I loved her a thousand times more, it seemed to me, than I had ever loved Alma. When I began to realize I blessed Fate over and over again for giving me my own, even through such incomprehensible ways. "I might have known it," I said to myself. "I always expected to have happiness in my home, and I might have been sure of it, although the light refused to shine for awhile."

At the end of a year I was so infatuated with my lovely little wife that I told her the story of how I came to marry her. That she regarded as the best possible proof of my love for her. Then she confessed to me that she had loved me almost from the hour when she first saw me, but had imagined that I cared for Alma. Yet when I met her on that New Year's morning with such extraordinary cordiality her heart rather than her reason caused the misunderstanding. Yet she declares to this day that what she seemed to hear was, "I love you. Come and let me make you happy all the days of my life." Perhaps my wiser self spoke to her in some silent, heartward way and I knew it not. At all events I am grateful that she thought she heard these words if I didn't say them.

I did not see Alma for five years. Then I wondered how I ever could have loved her. She was still beautiful, of course; but devoted to a life of fashion and show, and was not at all the woman I had imagined she would be. She never knew how she had figured in the romance of my life.

You see, I always expected good luck and always got it, but not always in the way I had expected. After my blundering marriage turned out so well I never doubted my Spanish proverb again. It has never failed me throughout my life, and I will be eighty in December. If I were to preach a sermon to young people every day in the week, I think the concluding sentence would always be: "Expect good luck and you will get it." If I could send a New Year's message to every soul on the earth it would be to expect the good. Put it on your New

"WALKING EGYPT."

A Singular New Year Custom Among the Negroes of the South.

F the old slave customs of the southern states, now that the negroes have been free for nearly a quarter of a century, many are obsolete. The "old sperretuals," as the aged colored Christians call their peculiar hyms, are either given up entirely or modernized and refined till they are barely recognizable. But as the old goes and the new takes its place, we can still see—and it is a "persistence of type" worth the attention of philosophers—that the genius of the original African is still there. The song may be an adaptation from Watts' Hymns; but all the same it is an Africanized Watts.

When a traveler or man of science attends a "colored revival" in the back districts of the gulf states and hears this roaring chorus from one thousand throats—

I see St. Petah a standin' in the do',
Dip in the Golden Sea!
An' all my frien's what went befo',
Dip in the Golden Sea!
O, dip me, bathe me, sistahs, you;
O, brothers, won't you help me through?
We'll all ride behind the milk white steeds—
An' dip in the Golden Sea.

he perceives at once that this is African, not Saxon, imagery. And by the eye of scientific faith he can look back 300 years to the time when the ancestors of these people, under the palm or on the sandy shore, sang and rioted in praise of Bennamucka or Mumbo Jumbo.

The negroes have also had one experience common to all freed people. At first there was a violent reaction against everything that belonged to slave times; they carefully discarded the most trifling customs which might serve to imply a slave origin. By and by, when their freedom was an assured thing and taken as a matter of course, there was a counter reaction; they took up the old songs and customs, but gave them a tone that implied a sense of deliverance. Thus, "Roll, Jordan, roll," became an emancipation song, and "Old Nicodemus" was completely transformed. And by a similar evolution one phase of the old "Juba dance" became "Walking Egypt." This is, in plain English, only a mildly religionized form of the walking dance or dancing walk which the Africans, like all heathen people, have always had. The Indians' "corn dance" and "sun dance" are but variations of the same thing.

But "Walking Egypt," as it now is, dates from emancipation, and is performed on New Year's eve—that is, when they "watch the old year out and the new year in." One description, by a white lady who saw it from the gallery of a Georgia church, is as follows:

"The leader took his place on the floor and began the wild, half barbaric chant; then one by one, as the excitement grew, the others followed. Soon the whole line was in a tremor of excitement, and shouts and improvised lines like these:

Who's dat yondah dressed in black?
Oh, it's an angel dressed in black.

"The walk is by a slight forward jerk of the foot. As the walkers warmed to their work and grew wilder in their movements it was easy to see why the better educated colored people are opposed to the walk; for the men and women took most abandoned attitudes. The scene recalled pictures of the orgies of 'hashish' maddened fanatics. The walk went on for hours, up one aisle and down the

SWEARING OFF.

OR, HOW A NEW LEAF IS SOMETIMES TURNED OVER.

This is the day of all the days, when everybody thinks it pays to overturn a brand new leaf. This is the day when all our grief is heightened by the past year's sin. This is the day when we grow thin reflecting over last year's fun and thinking what we might have done.

Heigh O! I'm sad, now it's too late when I remember '88. Think of the money I have spent. Think of the bills (Great Scott! the rent!) 'Bout all I've done is earn my bread. My boy, you ought to soak your head! What use are you upon this earth? Why, pshaw! I tell you you're not worth the powder that would blow you up. I'm blue today. Well, well, my cup is very full. It makes me mad to think that I have been so bad.

But after all, what is the use? What's done is done. Come, come! a truce. My boy, brace up, 'twill be O.K. a hundred years from yesterday. It does no earthly good to fret. The thing is done, and vain regret won't make it better. Come, don't pine; 'twill be all right in '89. All right? Well, I should faintly smile. You bet; I've done with all past guile.

This raking up of chestnuts old is all played out. The day'll be cold when you observe upon my brow such wrinkles as were there just now. It's just as plain as day to me the reason we unhappy be. My son, it's will power, that is all. Exert it, and Old

Nick will fall. Why, all you've got to do is say "I won't!" By George! it's just as plain as day. Let's see, I'd better make a list, so that nothing will e'er be missed.

No more I'll thrum the gay guitar and wake the neighbors near and far. I'll make no bets, nor will I spring old chestnuts from the circus ring upon my friends, nor will I seek to borrow money on my cheek. I'll wake up in the morning bright, and in the dark I'll strike a light and start the fire while my poor wife in bed is lengthening her life. I'll hustle round and put in coal and saw up wood, upon my soul! I'd better keep a diary, too, to chronicle what I will do. No more tobacco! I have spoke. By Jove! a man's a fool to smoke. And in re-

think the concluding sentence would always be: "Expect good luck and you will get it." If I could send a New Year's message to every soul on the earth it would be to expect the good. Put it on your New Year's cards. Write it in your letters. Tell it to the little people. Keep it ever in mind. Believe in it and live by it. The true philosophy of life is in it. "Expect good luck and you will get it."

GERTRUDE GARRISON.

The year is dead! Oh, no! oh, no!
The year still lives! oh, ho! oh, ho!
The rain and wind have ceased, and so
Long life, New Year, to you!
All sounds are hushed, above, below;
Soft on the pane the snow! the snow!
A winding sheet that husheth all
In lowly hut or lordly hall—
A winding sheet for the Old Year—No!
A mantle for the New!

Presentation

The close of school in S. S. No. 17, Ernesttown, was made the occasion of the following presentation and address:

MR. N. A. ASSELSTINE:

Dear Teacher,—We, the scholars who have been permitted to attend the school which has been taught here by you, wish to give some tangible proof of the attachment and regard which we have for you as our teacher by presenting to you this book of poems, written by Mrs. Hemans, which we trust you will accept, and hold with kindly remembrances of us, wherever your future lot may be cast; and always be assured that you have the kind wishes of those who have attended your school in this place.

Signed on behalf of the scholars by

GEORGE ROBSON,
EDNA STORMS,
ETHEL CLARKE.

Mr. Asselstine, in reply, assured them that he would always retain very pleasant memories of his stay of eight and a half years among them as their teacher; and that they should always have a warm place in his affections. He would always feel a keen interest in their future welfare, and be rejoiced at their prosperity, but above all he hoped they should always aim at doing what was right. He assured them that after all this was the one important thing which would secure joys that would outlast the fleeting years of this life. If he should find boys and girls in his next school, as good as those he was leaving, he was certain of a successful career among them.

Mrs. N. Storms then led in singing, "When we all gather home in the morning," and teacher and scholars parted, hoping for many reunions here, and a grand reunion hereafter.

PERSONAL.

—Dr A. Carscallen, of Morris, Man., is on a visit to friends in this section.

—Mrs. T. N. Denyes, of Odessa, is visiting at her mother's, Mrs. Anderson, Centre-st.

—Mr. Alf Knight is moving to town, having taken a house near the east ward school.

—Dr Elizabeth Emory, of Belleville, spent Christmas in town at the home of her parents.

—Mr. Elias T. York, of Oswego, is spending his holidays with his mother, south Napanee.

—Mr N. A. Asselstine, who has for some years taught at S.S. No. 17, Ernesttown, takes charge of the Tamworth school for 1889.

—F. R. Blewett, of Read, Read & Knight, Barristers, Toronto, spent Christmas in town at his father's, John Blewett's.

—Mr. Robert E. Gregory and sister, of Kingston, spent their Christmas holidays at their uncle's residence, John S. Pumps, South Napanee.

—We were pleased to receive a call this week from Mr Charles Allison, of the Peterboro Examiner. He spent Christmas with his mother here.

—Wednesday morning Mr. Jas. H. Gallagher bid his many friends in town good-bye, as he started at noon for 'merrie England.' As Jim's hand was shaken he was wished a pleasant journey and safe return. In this THE EXPRESS joins.

Multum In Parvo.

There is much in a little, as regards Burdock Blood Bitters. You do not have to take quarts and gallons to get at the medicine it contains. Every drop in every dose has medical virtue as a blood purifying, system regulating tonic.

people are opposed to the walk; for the men and women took most abandoned attitudes. The scene recalled pictures of the orgies of 'hashish' maddened fanatics. The walk went on for hours, up one aisle and down the other, new ones taking the place of those

"WALKING EGYPT."

who dropped out exhausted; and at daylight several of the participators were down on their knees, still crawling around the church."

The "Egypt" part of it is an evident reference to the "Walk" of the Israelites out of bondage, for that is a parallel case in the mind of every freedman. But in prosaic fact the "walk" is only one of the thousand ways in which undeveloped people mingle the religious manifestations with the social, the musical and finally the voluptuous. And, of course, as the excitement increases the first element yields to the second and both to the last. In short, the walk is but the survival of some old African fetich worship, and is therefore possible only among the undiluted blacks of the most ignorant class. It is simple matter of truth and justice to add that no freed people in history have ever progressed faster than the negroes; and if they maintain their present rate of development, another generation will see the last of "Walking Egypt."

A Siamese New Year.

All Siamese birthdays are celebrated at New Year's, and at this time the curious custom of "hair cutting" is observed. When a boy reaches the age of 11 or 15, and a girl that of 9 or 13, they are considered no longer children. Up to this time a tuft of hair is allowed to grow just above the forehead, and is always dressed with great care. It is twisted into a graceful knot and held together with a long gold or jeweled pin. At the base of this knot is worn a wreath of fragrant white flowers. The ceremonies of hair cutting often last five or six days. It is the "coming out party" of the boy or girl, and thereafter they are not permitted to mingle with the other sex as children, but are considered to have arrived at a marriageable age.

A Happy New Year! Why not? The path of duty is the path of safety ever, and the separations of the good are for time alone. We are moving in a veritable journey. Our earthboat swims through seas of light sustained by the power that launched it into space.

Have your shrubbery in the front yard boxed up on New Year's day. We once knew a Galveston caller, an otherwise estimable young man, to tumble down the front steps of a lordly mansion and break a valuable tree all to flinders with his head.

SUBSCRIBE FOR "THE EXPRESS."

her life. I'll hustle round and put in coal and saw up wood, upon my soul! I'd better keep a diary, too, to chronicle what I will do. No more tobacco! I have spoke. By Jove! a man's a fool to smoke. And in regard to spending cash I'll not throw it away on trash. This year ha! ha! by hook or crook, I'll put down figures in a book. I'll save? Let's see, well I should say, a cool five hundred in this way. No more you'll catch me out of nights. How transitory those delights. I tell you, will power is the thing. I've seen my day. I've had my fling.

Hello, who's there? Come in. Why, Jack, my boy, how came you back so soon? I'm glad you're here. Come, shake, old man. A Glad New Year. Sit down. Can't stay? Why what's on hand? No, no, my boy, I've too much sand. What's up? Yes? Well, who'll be there? Only this time. Don't know's I care. Remember then, this once I'll go; but after this no more. No; no. Oh, what a jolly time 'twill be! Only this once, mind. Whoopee! What is the use of feeling down in heart? We'll go and paint the town!

TOM MASSON.

LONG LIFE.

Oh! bright New Year, with snow white train,
Oh! glad New Year, you've come again;
Covering the earth, its every stain,
With snow white train from mount to main,
May good live on in you!
The beautiful and true!
Long life, long life to you!

Points for New Year's Callers.

Before starting out borrow the clothes you propose to wear from some dear friend who is fool enough to lend them to you.

When you desire to light your cigar, don't attempt to climb a lamp post for that purpose, as your motives are liable to be misunderstood.

P. Slaven & Co

regret very much that they could not hold the auction sales they advertised at the beginning of the month. The fact is that we had such a rush of retail customers that it was impossible to attend to both.

Next week, however, we will positively sell by auction a large stock of Carpets, Curtains, Tweeds, Mantle Cloths, Flannels, Ready-made Clothing, Underclothing, Horse Covers, Sleigh Robes, and a large assortment of general dry goods.

The sale will be held in the Sexsmith store, next door, on every Wednesday and Friday afterncon.

The store will be well heated and seats provided for the ladies, and good order kept.

E. K. BOWEN, Auctioneer.

In the meantime we are selling all the goods that we had on the 1st of December at cost price in both stores.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

THE MARKETS

EXPRESS OFFICE,
Napanee, Dec. 28, 1888.

Fa Wheat	$1 07	....
Spring Wheat	10	....
Bran per ton	16 00	17 00
Shorts per ton	2 00	22 00
Barley	55	60
Peas	65	....
Oats	35	37
Rye	65	....
Buckwheat	35	38
Beef, hind quarter	4 00	....
fore quarter	3 50	....
Mutton per lb	7	....
Lamb per lb	8	....
Hogs per cwt	7 00	7 70
Butter per lb (roll)	23	25
do (tub)	16	18
Eggs per doz	18	20
Potatoes per bag	40	60
Apples per bag	40	75
do bbl	1 00	1 25
Turkeys	50	1 25
Geese	40	50
Ducks per pair	50	70
Chickens per pair	25	40
Hay per ton	15 00	....
Straw per load	3 00	....
Beef hides per cwt	3 00	4 00
Partridges per brace	30	35
Geese feathers	50	60
Mixed feathers	40	50
Fox skins	50	80
Mink skins	20	40
Sheepskins	50	60
Pelts	60	75

NAPANEE :: WOOLEN :: MILLS

We beg to intimate to our patrons and the public generally that the Woolen Mills at Napanee are in first-class order, turning out work second to none in this part of the province.

One sett kept running on imported wool of the finest quality. We are prepared to give you goods as fine as made in large mills.

A full line of Tweeds, Fullcloths, Flannels, Sheetings, Blankets, etc., of our own manufacture constantly on hand, which is guaranted as to workmanship and material.

Also on hand a full stock of imported goods direct from manufacturers.

Special attention called to our yarns. The finest quality made from imported and Canadian pure wool. All grades and colors

The highest price paid for wool in trade OR CASH

Spinning 10 cents per pound. Roll carding 4 cents per pound

Dundas-st., Napanee. McKAY & CO.

J. GIBBARD & SON,

MANUFACTURERS,

Are always ahead in Styles and Cheapest in Price

Geese feathers	55	60
Mixed feathers	40	50
Fox skins	50	80
Mink skins	20	40
Sheepskins	50	60
Pelts	60	75
Wool	18	20
Cordwood per cord	4 50	

— THE —

MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Head Office—TORONTO.

Sir John A. Macdonald, Pres.

J. B. CARLISLE, Man. D'tor.

—o—

Authorized Capital $2,000,000. The most successful company in Canada. The business in the Life and Accident department is over $30,000 a day. Low Rates Popular Plans.

Agents wanted in this section

E. HOOPER, General Agt. Napanee
W. H. CADMAN, Adolphustown.
WILSON & MORRISON,
Managers for Eastern Ontario, Peterborough Ont
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The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing that he has the

Big Mill Running Again

And is now in a better position than ever to do risting of all kinds. Grists ground on he shortest notice.

The best brands of flour and feed always on hand

J R DAFOE

P. S.—A large quantity of bran on hand

Thomas Symington

—DEALER IN—

Groceries, Flour, Feed & Provisions of all kinds.

FINEST INDIAN TEA A SPECIALTY

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always on hand.

60,000 GOOD HARD BRICK FOR SALE

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Co. Sign of the Thistle. South side Dundas street, Napanee. [illegible] 3388

MANUFACTURERS,

Are always ahead in Styles and Cheapest in Price

We are now selling a good Walnut Frame, Plush Covered, Parlor Suite for $45 Haircloth Setts for $40 Special sale now on in Walnut Bedroom Setts We offer a good $40 Walnut Bedroom Sett for $30, net cash Our Hardwood Bedroom Sett at $15 is the best for the money in Ontario You can buy a Sideboard, hardwood, panel end, for $8 In fact, for Couches, Extension Tables, Centre Tables and Bedsteads, our prices are below any house in Ontario We give personal attention to our

FUNERAL DEPARTMENT,

and keep ahead in adding every new idea in the shape of Pedestals, Trusses, Floor Cloths, Mourning Badges, etc, and have spent much time and expense in learning to preserve the dead so that no discoloration or unpleasant odor takes place, and during the past year our patrons must have appreciated the marked improvements introduced by us in this department We think it no trouble to be personally called night or day to attend to our duties as funeral directors We keep the largest and best stock of Caskets, Robes, Trimmings, etc, in the counties, and will not be undersold by any house

4788m J. GIBBARD & SON

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed a night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth f so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winlow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

3088ly

LADIES ONLY.

French Regulation Pills,

Far superior to Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal or Oxide. Endorsed by thousands of ladies who use them MONTHLY. Never fail. Relieve pain, INSURE REGULARITY, Pleasant and Effectual. Price $2. Toronto Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. 5288mtf

ATLAS

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Insures mercantile property, private residences, Farm and every class of insurable risks at lowest rates, Losses promptly adjusted and paid. EDMUND HOOPER, Agent.

FREE $85 solid GOLD WATCH Sold for $100 until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. Both ladies' and gents' sizes with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one FREE. How is this possible? We answer—we want one person in each locality, to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a complete line of our valuable and very useful HOUSEHOLD SAMPLES. These samples, as well as the watch, we send free, and after you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property; it is possible to make this great offer, sending the SOLID GOLD watch and COSTLY samples free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always results in a large trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality for a month or two we usually get from $1000 to $5000 in trade from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once, and make sure of the chance. Reader it will be hardly any trouble for you to show the samples to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know all, if you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure FREE one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 812, PORTLAND, MAINE.

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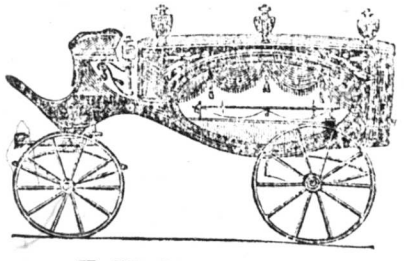

E. M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

25871y E. M. McKIM, JR, Tamworth

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Is confined exclusively to isolated farm property and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

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The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

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I am prepared to lend money in sum $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

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No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. Firs-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited T G. DAVIS
2288ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

REDUCED FARES !

SINGLE FARE,

on December 24th and 25th, etc return December 26th. Also on December 31st and January 1st good to return January 2nd.

Fare & One-third

good to go any day between December 21st and January 1st and to return till January 3rd. CHILDREN, HALF-FARE.

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

2238ly

Sillsville.

Miss Hattie Sills is visiting friends in Belleville.

Mr. G. B. Card has moved to his new home at Enterprise.

Mr. Shultz and wife, from Vermont, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Martin Hough.

The Rev. R. S. Forneri visited a poor family in this vicinity on Tuesday, and provided them with a good supply of food. Let other christians take example.

Gull Creek.

On Saturday night last, it rained sleet so that it was dangerous to travel. Mr. George Webb, who that night was returning home, fell and was badly hurt. It is said that he had to be carried home.

Three bears which were captured during last week, were noticed hanging at the road side opposite Mr. J. F. Lott's residence. Many an offer has been made for them but hitherto the offers were not accepted.

Hawley.

The missionary meeting was not largely attended, owing to the unfavorable weather, but the Christmas tree entertainment was a complete success. The singing, recitations, readings and dialogues, were very efficient, exhibiting the good training they received by O. Fretts, Superintendent; Miss A. Bristol, Mrs D. Fretts and others. The Kinder garten, under the training of Miss McManis, Teacher, was fine. The tree was adorned with many beautiful and costly presents. The Rev H. I. Allen (Pastor) was the recipient of $16 and a big turkey as a Xmas gift by his many friends, too numerous to mention.

Violet.

Mr. G. Shea says he experiences cold weather driving mail.

Mr. Nathan Lighthall is Mr. Charles Snider's sawyer. They do good work.

Mr. Herbert Robinson and Mr. John Hunter talk of having a hunt back on the Bald mountains. Good luck to you.

Mr. George Shea and Herbert Bateson arrived home safe and sound on Thursday from their hunt. They report the deer numerous.

Mr. Stephen Bennett has pulled his old house down on main street, and talks of building on Church street, opposite the carriage factory.

Selby.

Adolphustown and Fredericksburg.

The Rev. J. C. Ash tenders his thanks to friends in Fredericksburg for providing a pair of handsome turkeys for his Xmas table.

At Parma on Xmas we, the s chool house was packed almost to suffocation at the Xmas tree. Under the efficient superintendency of Mrs. Griffith, the S. S. in this locality, started only the past summer, has attained to a high degree of prosperity, and is an example of what an earnest, godly woman may accomplish for the public good. She received many loving testimonials from the school.

The Methodist Memorial Church, Adolphustown, held its annual festival on Xmas night, and while many feared a total failure on account of bad weather, it proved to be a marvelous success. Proceeds $36. Henceforth, this people must bear the palm for a spirit of undaunted courage in carrying forward their church enterprises in the face even of untoward conditions and circumstances. A New Year's festival will be held in the Methodist Church No 1, South Fredericksburg, on New Year's night, and no effort will be spared by the management to make it equal to their reputation for getting up firstrate tea-meetings. Rev. Messrs Peake, of Morven, Allen of Bath, and others may be expected.

The various Xmas gatherings in this locality have been singularly successful considering the unfavorable weather that has prevailed. On Friday last, though the storm had raged all day, the Conway Church was comfortably filled at the Xmas tree in the interests of the S. School. Mr. Frank D. Price, late S. Teacher at Sandhurst, and who is about moving to Napanee, has thrown himself with great vigour into our S. S. work here, and under his superintendency a very acceptable programme was submitted to the people. Among other expressions of good-will was the presentation to Mr. Joshua Cadman, an honored local preacher, of a valuable fur robe and a pair of horse blankets, as a testimonial of regard for the public services he has so cheerfully rendered. There are but few men in the county whose services have been more in demand for funerals, and especially among the poor, and it was felt that this expression of obligation and friendship was richly deserved; and the Conway friends are to be commended for taking the initiative in the matter.

Odessa.

Happy New Year,

Johnie McDermitt is home from N. Y. state.

Charlie Mabee, N. Y. state, is home for holidays.

Rev. and Mrs. Quartermaine spent Xmas at Brockville.

Alphena Hartman, of G. T. Ry., arrived home Monday.

David Huycke has returned for a few days from Deseronto.

J. A. Timmerman is spending the festive season at Ivanhoe, Ont.

Henry and Mrs. Smith and Georgie Watts are spending the holidays at Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs Henry Braun, of Drayton, Ont., are visiting at Henry Benjamin's.

Dr. Millard Mabee, Milford, Mr and Mrs. McGuire, Ottawa, are home for Xmas.

We hung up our sock Christmas eve. What s'pose we got in it. Eh? why a hole in the heel.

The bazars and concerts on the 13th and 18th by the Methodists and Angelicans were quite successful.

Rev. Mr. Peake, of Morven, preached the anniversary sermons of the Odessa Methodist church Sunday eve.

Mr. Fraser, of Walhalla, Dak., Geo. Walker, Kingston, Dan. Gorden, Watertown, N. Y., were home for Christmas.

THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

Sketches of Scenes in the Court Room, Taken on the Spot.

The British are now enjoying (if it can be called enjoyment) one of their peculiar "state trials," of the kind that make up so large a part of England's political history. The phrase "state trial" does not necessarily mean that the government is the prosecutor,

AMENITIES OF OPPOSING COUNSEL.

for, as in this case, the suit may be nominally between private parties, and yet the "government," meaning the party in power in the house of commons, and from which the cabinet is selected, be the real party in interest. In such cases, contrary to all American ideas of fair dealing, the attorney general often acts for the party who is on the "government" side. The annexed engraving represents the attorney general, Sir Richard Webster, opening the case, with the associate counsel and other "big wigs" grouped around him.

Sir Charles Russell, leading counsel for the Irish members, is one of the most suave of gentlemen, and maintains the most cordial personal relations with the opposing counsel; but the American reader who notes the sharp passages between them in the course of the examination may incline to consider this much like the quasi friendly handshake between two pugilists just before they proceed to the serious business of smashing each other's countenances out of all likeness to humanity.

As all American readers know, the question of home rule for Ireland has roused all the fury possible between belligerent Celt and stubborn Saxon; and it was only natural that the organization of the Land League and the attempts of the British authorities in Ireland to suppress it should lead to what is called "agrarian outrages." And as there are always hotheaded and revengeful individuals, there have been some murders, of which the most noted was the assassination of Cavendish and Burke in Phœnix Park, Dublin. Following this The London Times published a series of articles headed "Parnellism and Crime," charging the responsibility for these murders upon the Parnellites. Finally, it published alleged letters of Mr. Parnell justifying the murders. Messrs. Parnell and Egan promptly denounced these letters as forgeries. Hence the suit—nominally a civil suit, but really an attempt to determine judicially whether the Irish members of parliament have been inciting to outrage and murder.

It is, therefore, a trial of the greatest political importance—so important that the government consented to set aside the regular judicial machinery and have the case tried by a commission of eminent judges.

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The Weekly Advertiser, including copy of the beautiful picture "The Falls of Niagara"	1 75
The Toronto World	2 50
The Weekly Globe and Rural Canadian	2 00
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A NEW YEAR'S GREETING !

—FROM—

THE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.

LAHEY & McKENTY

Thank you for the largest year's business we have ever had. We thank you especially for the way you have crowded our store during the Cost Sale epidemic and congratulate you on your judgment of real values and ourselves on getting these values right. We have not made much money perhaps, but we have a proof that we have protected the interests of our customers and always given you THE CHEAPEST GOODS ANYWHERE.

We wish you "A Prosperous New Year."

THE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

Rennie Block,
Napanee.

LAHEY & McKENTY

THIS YEARS

MYRTLE

CUT and PLUG

SMOKING TOBACCO

FINER THAN EVER.

See

T. & B.

IN BRONZE ON

each Plug and Package.

4488ly

ISLAND HOME STOCK FARM

Percheron Horses.
French Coach Horses.

Savage & Farnum, Importers and Breeders of Percheron and French Coach Horses, Island Home Stock Farm, Grosse Isle, Wayne County Mich. We offer a very large stud of horses to

---

PANCAKES.

As this is the season for Pancakes, we beg to inform the public that w now have in stock

New Buckwheat Flour and Delicious Sugar House Syrup,

made from pure sugar and not glucose, as most of the syrup at preser in use is. We also have

Rolled Oats, Oatmeal, Rolled Wheat, Wheat Germ, extra fine quality Cornmeal, Bologna Sausage; Chicken, Ham and Tongue Sausage; English Brawn, Mince Meat, Calves' Feet Jelly, Canned Tongue, Canned Beef, Canned Chicken and Turkey, Canned Soups, Canned Mushrooms; Canned Salmon, Lobsters and Mackerel ; Canned Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds, Shelled Almonds, New Walnuts, Filberts and Almonds, extra Fine Table and Cooking Raisins, French Capers, Essence Anchovies, Celery Salt, Currie Powder ; Essence Vanilla, Lemon, Peppermint, Cinnamon, Cloves, Banana, Orange, Pineapple, Strawberry, Wintergreen, Ginger and Ratafia and

Savage & Farnum, Importers and Breeders of Percheron and French Coach Horses, Island Home Stock Farm, Grosse Isle, Wayne County Mich. We offer a very large stud of horses to select from, we guarantee our stock, make prices reasonable and sell on easy terms. Visitors always welcome. Large catalogue free. Address

Savage & Farnum,
DETROIT MICH.

60,000 - BRICK,

¾ hard, for sale cheap, at

SYMINGTON'S

10,000 ft good Pine Lumber,

13 and 16 feet long. A good chance for any person wanting lumber for fence or shed building. To be sold cheap at SYMINGTON'S.

APPLES, GRAPES, etc., wholesale and retail.

FLOUR & FEED as usual.

GROCERIES of all kinds.

TEAS—India, China and Japan, at very lowest prices.

T. Symington

PRODUCE DEALER,

South side Dundas st., Napanee.

ANY MAN

Who is **Weak, Nervous, Debilitated,** who in his **Folly** and **Ignorance** has **Trifled** away his **Vigor** of **Body, Mind** and **Manhood,** causing exhausting drains upon the **Fountains** of **Life. Headache, Backache,** Dreadful Dreams, **Weakness** of Memory, **Bashfulness** in **Society, Pimples** upon the **Face** and all the **Effects** leading to **Early Decay, Consumption** or **Insanity,** will find in our specific No. 23 a **Positive Cure.** It imparts **Youthful vigor** restores the **Vital Power** in old and young, strengthens and invigorates the **Brain and Nerves,** builds up the muscular system and arouses into action the whole physical energy of the human frame. With our specific No. 23 the most obstinate case can be cured in three months, and recent ones in less than thirty days. Each package contains two weeks treatment. Price $2. Cures Guaranteed. Our specific No. 24 is an infallible **Cure** for all **Private Diseases** no matter of **how long standing.** Sold under our written **Guarantee** to effect a **Cure.** Price $5. Toronto Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont.

MILES STORMS

has had over forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equal to any in the Dominon.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices.

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any change color.

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend all funerals.

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Almonds, extra Fine Table and Cooking Raisins, French Capers, Essence Anchovies, Celery Salt, Currie Powder; Essence Vanilla, Lemon, Peppermint, Cinnamon, Cloves, Banana, Orange, Pineapple, Strawberry, Wintergreen, Ginger and Ratafia and

A Fine Assortment of Xmas Candy.

16 lbs Yellow refined Sugar for $1. 3 good new Brooms for 25c.

M. W. PRUYN & SON

Napanee, Dec. 6th, 188

ODD SIZES

About 200 Hard Hats

two and three left of each kind, which we are offering

At 75c to $1 less than the regular price.

All new, fine goods this season, but as we have but one or two sizes left of each kind, we want to clear them out If you want a good hat at a bargain cll.

2288ly **ROBLIN & FORD**

CARSCALLEN & BROS.

NEW UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT.

CENTRE ST., ONE BLOCK SOUTH OF MAIN.

We would inform the public at large that we have opened a new Undertaking house and solicit their patronage. We will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of the best Coffins, Caskets, Robes, etc., that can be had anywhere in the Dominion.

Having purchased one of the handsomest Hearses at the Toronto Exh tion, we are prepared to attend funerals on short notice and in a manner equal to the best. We have engaged an undertaker of large experience, and are confident of doing everything in the most satisfactory manner.

Embalming a Specialty.

A call is solicited. Charges moderate Remember place—Centre street, stand long occupied by T G Carscallen as a paint shop. 4488hly

$100,000 TO LOAN

—AT—

Six Per Cent. Straight Loans,

Re-payable at any time the borrower chooses.

No Commissions and no fines charged

W. S. WILLIAMS

BUILDING!

Having bought out the business of E. F. Vanluven & Co. I am prepared to execute all orders for

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Frames Dressed Lumber, Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

On short notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2388ly

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

REDUCED FARES!

SINGLE FARE,

on December 24th and 25th, etc return December 26th. Also on December 31st and January 1st good to return January 2nd.

Fare & One-third

good to go any day between December 21st and January 1st and to return till January 3rd. CHILDREN, HALF-FARE.

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co. Napanee

2238ly

Sillsville.

Miss Hattie Sills is visiting friends in Belleville.

Mr. G. B. Card has moved to his new home at Enterprise.

Mr. Shultz and wife, from Vermont, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Martin Hough.

The Rev. R. S. Forneri visited a poor family in this vicinity on Tuesday, and provided them with a good supply of food. Let other christians take example.

Gull Creek.

On Saturday night last, it rained sleet so that it was dangerous to travel. Mr. George Webb, who that night was returning home, fell and was badly hurt. It is said that he had to be carried home.

Three bears which were captured during last week, were noticed hanging at the road side opposite Mr. J. F. Lott's residence. Many an offer has been made for them but hitherto the offers were not accepted.

Hawley.

The missionary meeting was not largely attended, owing to the unfavorable weather, but the Christmas tree entertainment was a complete success. The singing, recitations, readings and dialogues, were very efficient, exhibiting the good training they received by O. Fretts, Superintendent; Miss A. Bristol, Mrs D. Fretts and others. The Kinder garten, under the training of Miss McManis, Teacher, was fine. The tree was adorned with many beautiful and costly presents. The Rev H. I. Allen (Pastor) was the recipient of $16 and a big turkey as a Xmas gift by his many friends, too numerous to mention.

Violet.

Mr. G. Shea says he experiences cold weather driving mail.

Mr. Nathan Lighthall is Mr. Charles Snider's sawyer. They do good work.

Mr. Herbert Robinson and Mr. John Hunter talk of having a hunt back on the Bald mountains. Good luck to you.

Mr. George Shea and Herbert Bateson arrived home safe and sound on Thursday from their hunt. They report the deer numerous.

Mr. Stephen Bennett has pulled his old house down on main street, and talks of building on Church street, opposite the carriage factory.

Selby.

Adolphustown and Fredericksburg.

The Rev. J. C. Ash tenders his thanks to friends in Fredericksburg for providing a pair of handsome turkeys for his Xmas table.

At Parma on Xmas we, the school house was packed almost to suffocation at the Xmas tree. Under the efficient superintendency of Mrs. Griffith, the S. S. in this locality, started only the past summer, has attained to a high degree of prosperity, and is an example of what an earnest, godly woman may accomplish for the public good. She received many loving testimonials from the school.

The Methodist Memorial Church, Adolphustown, held its annual festival on Xmas night, and while many feared a total failure on account of bad weather, it proved to be a marvelous success. Proceeds $36. Henceforth, this people must bear the palm for a spirit of undaunted courage in carrying forward their church enterprises in the face even of untoward conditions and circumstances. A New Year's festival will be held in the Methodist Church No 1, South Fredericksburg, on New Year's night, and no effort will be spared by the management to make it equal to their reputation for getting up firstrate tea-meetings. Rev. Messrs Peake, of Morven, Allen of Bath, and others may be expected.

The various Xmas gatherings in this locality have been singularly successful considering the unfavorable weather that has prevailed. On Friday last, though the storm had raged all day, the Conway Church was comfortably filled at the Xmas tree in the interests of the S. School. Mr. Frank D. Price, late S. Teacher at Sandhurst, and who is about moving to Napanee, has thrown himself with great vigour into our S. S. work here, and under his superintendency a very acceptable programme was submitted to the people. Among other expressions of good-will was the presentation to Mr. Joshua Cadman, an honored local preacher, of a valuable fur robe and a pair of horse blankets, as a testimonial of regard for the public services he has so cheerfully rendered. There are but few men in the county whose services have been more in demand for funerals, and especially among the poor, and it was felt that this expression of obligation and friendship was richly deserved; and the Conway friends are to be commended for taking the initiative in the matter.

Odessa.

Happy New Year,

Johnie McDermitt is home from N. Y. state.

Charlie Mabee, N. Y. state, is home for holidays.

Rev. and Mrs. Quartermaine spent Xmas at Brockville.

Alphena Hartman, of G. T. Ry., arrived home Monday.

David Huycke has returned for a few days from Deseronto.

J. A. Timmerman is spending the festive season at Ivanhoe, Ont.

Henry and Mrs. Smith and Georgie Watts are spending the holidays at Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs Henry Braun, of Drayton, Ont., are visiting at Henry Benjamin's.

Dr. Millard Mabee, Milford, Mr and Mrs. McGuire, Ottawa, are home for Xmas.

We hung up our sock Christmas eve. What s'pose we got in it. Eh? why a hole in the heel.

The bazars and concerts on the 13th and 18th by the Methodists and Angelicans were quite successful.

Rev. Mr. Peake, of Morven, preached the anniversary sermons of the Odessa Methodist church Sunday eve.

Mr. Fraser, of Walhalla, Dak., Geo. Walker, Kingston, Dan. Gorden, Water-

THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

Sketches of Scenes in the Court Room, Taken on the Spot.

The British are now enjoying (if it can be called enjoyment) one of their peculiar "state trials," of the kind that make up so large a part of England's political history. The phrase "state trial" does not necessarily mean that the government is the prosecutor,

AMENITIES OF OPPOSING COUNSEL.

for, as in this case, the suit may be nominally between private parties, and yet the "government," meaning the party in power in the house of commons, and from which the cabinet is selected, be the real party in interest. In such cases, contrary to all American ideas of fair dealing, the attorney general often acts for the party who is on the "government" side. The annexed engraving represents the attorney general, Sir Richard Webster, opening the case, with the associate counsel and other "big wigs" grouped around him.

Sir Charles Russell, leading counsel for the Irish members, is one of the most suave of gentlemen, and maintains the most cordial personal relations with the opposing counsel; but the American reader who notes the sharp passages between them in the course of the examination may incline to consider this much like the quasi friendly handshake between two pugilists just before they proceed to the serious business of smashing each other's countenances out of all likeness to humanity.

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Thank you for the largest year's business we have ever had. We thank you especially for the way you have crowded our store during the Cost Sale epidemic and congratulate you on your judgment of real values and ourselves on getting these values right. We have not made much money perhaps, but we have a proof that we have protected the interests of our customers and always given you THE CHEAPEST GOODS ANYWHERE.

We wish you "A Prosperous New Year."

THE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE,

Rennie Block,
Napanee.

LAHEY & McKENTY

THIS YEARS

MYRTLE

CUT and PLUG

SMOKING TOBACCO

FINER THAN EVER.

See

T. & B.

IN BRONZE ON

each Plug and Package.

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ISLAND HOME STOCK FARM

Percheron Horses. French Coach Horses. Savage & Faruum, Importers and Breeders of Percheron and French Coach Horses, Island Home Stock Farm, Grosse Isle, Wayne County Mich. We offer a very large stud of horses to

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PANCAKES.

As this is the season for Pancakes, we beg to inform the public that w now have in stock

New Buckwheat Flour and Delicious Sugar House Syrup,

made from pure sugar and not glucose, as most of the syrup at preser in use is. We also have

Rolled Oats, Oatmeal, Rolled Wheat, Wheat Germ, extra fine quality Cornmeal, Bologna Sausage; Chicken, Ham and Tongue Sausage; English Brawn, Mince Meat, Calves' Feet Jelly, Canned Tongue, Canned Beef, Canned Chicken and Turkey, Canned Soups, Canned Mushrooms; Canned Salmon, Lobsters and Mackerel ; Canned Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds, Shelled Almonds, New Walnuts, Filberts and Almonds, extra Fine Table and Cooking Raisins, French Capers, Essence Anchovies, Celery Salt, Currie Powder ; Essence Vanilla, Lemon, Peppermint, Cinnamon, Cloves, Banana, Orange, Pineapple, Strawberry, Wintergreen, Ginger and Ratafia and

French Coach Horses. Savage & Farnum, Importers and Breeders of Percheron and French Coach Horses, Island Home Stock Farm, Grosse Isle, Wayne County Mich. We offer a very large stud of horses to select from, we guarantee our stock, make prices reasonable and sell on easy terms. Visitors always welcome. Large catalogue free. Address

Savage & Farnum,
DETROIT MICH.

60,000 - BRICK,

¾ hard, for sale cheap, at

SYMINGTON'S

10,000 ft good Pine Lumber,

13 and 16 feet long. A good chance for any person wanting lumber for fence or shed building. To be sold cheap at SYMINGTON'S.

APPLES, GRAPES, etc., wholesale and retail.

FLOUR & FEED as usual.

GROCERIES of all kinds.

TEAS—India, China and Japan, at very lowest prices.

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PRODUCE DEALER,

South side Dundas st., Napanee.

ANY MAN

Who is **Weak, Nervous, Debilitated,** who in his **Folly** and **Ignorance** has **Trifled** away his **Vigor** of **Body, Mind** and **Manhood,** causing exhausting drains upon the **Fountains** of **Life. Headache, Backache,** Dreadful Dreams, **Weakness** of Memory, **Bashfulness** in **Society, Pimples** upon the **Face** and all the **Effects** leading to **Early Decay, Consumption** or **Insanity,** will find in our specific No. 23 a **Positive Cure.** It imparts **Youthful vigor** restores the **Vital Power** in old and young, strengthens and invigorates the **Brain and Nerves,** builds up the muscular system and arouses into action the whole physical energy of the human frame. With our specific No. 23 the most obstinate case can be cured in three months, and recent ones in less than thirty days. Each package contains two weeks treatment. Price $2. Cures Guaranteed. Our specific No. 24 is an infallible **Cure** for all **Private Diseases** no matter of **how long standing.** Sold under our written **Guarantee** to effect a **Cure.** Price $5. Toronto Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont.

MILES STORMS

has had over forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equal to any in the Dominion.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices.

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any change color.

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend all funerals.

MILES STORMS

Almonds, extra Fine Table and Cooking Raisins, French Capers, Essence Anchovies, Celery Salt, Currie Powder; Essence Vanilla, Lemon, Peppermint, Cinnamon, Cloves, Banana, Orange, Pineapple, Strawberry, Wintergreen, Ginger and Ratafia and

A Fine Assortment of Xmas Candy.

16 lbs Yellow refined Sugar for $1. 3 good new Brooms for 25c.

M. W. PRUYN & SON

Napanee, Dec. 6th, 188

ODD SIZES

About 200 Hard Hats

two and three left of each kind, which we are offering

At 75c to $1 less than the regular price.

All new, fine goods this season, but as we have but one or two sizes left of each kind, we want to clear them out If you want a good hat at a bargain call.

2288ly **ROBLIN & FORD**

CARSCALLEN & BROS.

NEW UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT.

CENTRE ST., ONE BLOCK SOUTH OF MAIN.

We would inform the public at large that we have opened a new Undertaking house and solicit their patronage. We will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of the best Coffins, Caskets, Robes, etc., that can be had anywhere in the Dominion.

Having purchased one of the handsomest Hearses at the Toronto Exhibition, we are prepared to attend funerals on short notice and in a manner equal to the best. We have engaged an undertaker of large experience, and are confident of doing everything in the most satisfactory manner.

Embalming a Specialty.

A call is solicited. Charges moderate Remember place—Centre street, stand long occupied by T G Carscallen as a paint shop. 4488hly

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$100,000 TO LOAN

—AT—

Six Per Cent. Straight Loans,

Re-payable at any time the borrower chooses.

No Commissions and no fines charged

W. S. WILLIAMS

BUILDING!

Having bought out the business of E. F. Vanluven & Co. I am prepared to execute all orders for

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Frames Dressed Lumber, Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

On short notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2388ly

YOUNG FOLKS.

A Telephone Message.

Ah! Here's the little round thing my papa talks into
To tell the folks down town what he wants to have them do.
I'm going to try myself,—now let me get a chair,
And then I'll stand on tiptoe so I can reach up there

"Halloo! (that's what they all say)—you dear old Santa Clause,
I'm going to have a little talk with you, because
I want to tell you alll about a little girl I know,
Who never had a Christmas in her life—she told me so!

I hardly could believe it, but she says 'tis really true.
I'm sure you're always very kind, but I'm surprised at you,
That you should have forgotten such a little one! but still,
You have, perhaps already all the stockings you can fill.

But could you go to her house instead of coming here?
For mamma says that Christmas is the time of all the year
For children to remember poor little girls and boys
Who never hang their stockings up for picture-books and toys.

"I want you please, to carry her a doll with shiny curls.
And eyes that shut and open—that's the kind for little girls—
And a muff to warm her fingers, and a cunning little ring,
And a book with pretty verses—how she'll laugh, the little thing!

"And give her lots of goodies, too, because she's poor, you see,
And ought to have more sugar-plums than you could bring to me,
Now tell it on your fingers, and remember, as you go—
Just pack her little stocking to the very, very toe.

"That's all—only, Santa Claus, I just would like to say,
If you should have more presents than you need on Christmas day,
And could leave me just a few as you pass the chimney—why,
Of course—I would be very glad indeed. Good-bye! Good bye!"

HOW MAXY SPENT ONE CHRISTMAS.

BY MARCH ELLINWOOD.

It was a queer way to spend Christmas, and a queer place for that matter. Maxy had hardly done talking about it before another Christmas came around.

The day had begun very much like others that she remembered, there had been stockings filled with all sorts of delightful things. There had been the usual merry strife to see which should be first with Christmas greeting, then such a happy time at breakfast.

There was one thing about Christmas in Maxy's home that was a little singular, it always kept getting better and better, and the evening was the best of all.

Sometimes, you know, little folks begin to get tired, and after Tommy has eaten a stockingful of nuts and candy he thinks that Willie had more than he did, or his presents don't suit him and he goes to bed feeling that Christmas is a myth.

The secret of it all was in the beginning. Mamma Monroe had them begin right. For one thing they must eat no candy before breakfast—but this won't do, I must go back to my story.

Maxy expected this day to be a little better than an ordinary Christmas; for there was to be company to dinner, and some of her best friends would be there with their papas and mammas, and the whole house was in a delightful state of bustle about 10 o'clock, when Mrs. Monroe called Maxy and gave her a basket to carry to old Mrs. Brown. "You may step and ask Dolly to go with you," she said. Maxy was pleased, for she knew how glad the poor old lady would be, and she loved to hear her praise mamma's goodies, and tell how good she was not to forget an old woman on Christmas day.

footprints, and Maxy had the basket with her in the closet, so that there wasn't trace of her presence to befound.

Mr. Monroe went home quite perplexed, but half hoping to find his little girl there before him.

But no Maxy was there. Quite a little company had gathered by this time, for it was nearly 2 o'clock, the hour for the dinner.

Mamma Monroe said hopefully: "She must have gone somewhere else. She must have gone to Mrs. Brown's while she was out, and she has taken the basket to some one else," but she looked pale and her eyes were anxious.

Dollie was crying in a little heap in a sofa corner, and Katie kept her company.

The ladies gathered around Mrs. Monroe full of sympathy, each one trying to think of something hopeful to say.

At last Papa Monroe said he would go to Mrs. Smith's quite at the other end of town, and see if Maxy had taken her basket there. Mrs. Smith had sometimes worked for Mrs Monroe and Maxy knew she was poor and needed help, she might possibly have thought of her, finding Mrs. Brown absent. A whole long hour dragged by, for he stopped to ask questions of everyone who seemed at all likely to have seen the child, before Papa Monroe came back.

Everybody had been trying to cheer up everybody else, but it did seem so strange that she should be gone so long, that it was hard work to find anything hopeful to say.

"She couldn't lose her way," said Mamma Monroe. "She knows every street in town."

"Here comes papa, alone," said Katie, with her face against the window, and with that she began crying again.

Papa came in, the picture of despair. Mamma grew white and she hadn't a word to say.

Suddenly there was some one stamping off snow in the hall, and a gay little voice cried: "Mamma, am I late for dinner?" Then there was a great rush, you may be sure. Everybody laughed and cried and kissed Maxy, and she told her story as well as she could, and after a while the Christmas dinner was eaten.

"Only think, mamma," said Maxy, "I spent 'most all my Christmas in that closet, and scared you 'most to death, just because I was afraid of that tramp, and he didn't come in after all."

"We all make mistakes, little daughter," said her mother tenderly, "but you are safe and your Christmas isn't quite gone yet."

Youth.

Ah! through the moonlight of autumnal years
How sweet the back-look of our first youth world!
Freshlier and earlier the spring burst then:
The wild brook warbled to a sweeter time,
Through Summer shows that screened from brighter suns;
The berry glittered and the brown nut fell
Riper and riper in the Autumn woods;
And winter drifting on more glorious car
Shed purer snows or shot intenser frosts!
The young were merrier when our life was young:
Dropped mellower wisdom from the tongue of age,
And love and friendship were immortal things;
From fairer lips diviner music flowed;
The song was sacred, and the poet too,
Not art, but inspiration, was his song.

ROBERT BUCHANAN.

His Marriage Wasn't a Failure.

PUTNEY.

One of The Many Villages Engulfed by Mighty London.

BY DAVID KER.

I remember during the Carlist war of 1874 in the north of Spain a Guipuzcoan peasant, being asked by a correspondent whether any one had been killed in a recent skirmish, replied epigramatically, "Ni hombre, ni muger, solamente un cura," (neither man nor woman, only a parish priest.) In the same way Putney may be defined as neither town nor country, only a suburb. Not many years ago it was an independent village on the Thames, with a very distinct individuality of its own and no small sense of its importance, but it is now virtually annexed by that mighty capital which, like a kind of geographical Bismarck, keeps swallowing one by one all the smaller communities within reach. Judging only by the green hedgerows, the trim garden patches and fields behind them, the oarsmen in white flannel sweeping with measured strokes over the broad shining river, the gray church tower looking down upon them from amid its clustering elms, the tilt-covered wagons plodding along the high road, the wide stretch of grassy common, where the cricketers are playing, or the great army of stately trees on the further shore, through which the Bishop of London's palace half reveals its dark red walls, one might imagine one's self miles away from any town, in the very heart of the country. But the permanent shower of soot that "droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven upon the place beneath"—necessitating a washing of hands frequent and vigorous enough to have satisfied a Pharisee—as well as the white omnibuses that come rumbling across Putney Bridge with the fatal word "Bank" conspicuously painted on their sides, are a sufficient reminder how few miles lie between us and the great city which an American tourist defined as "just like New York bigger and uglier and the oysters not so good."

These, however, are not the only characteristic features of this boundary line between the land of plows and the land of paving stones. On the spot where the two districts meet the two opposing tribes that inhabit them meet likewise. Every train that comes up the river bank on Saturday afternoon or Sunday morning disgorge into the quiet, old-fashioned High-street of Putney a crowd of sallow, keen-eyed, jaded-looking men and women, who seem to carry about with them even in this place of repose that air of eternal unrest which is one of the most marked and terrible feature of London. These are clerks and shopmen from the city, mantuamakers from Regent street, bartenders from the Strand, obviously enjoying their brief holiday to the utmost but as obviously enjoying it "against time," and taking their pleasure in the same rushing, bustling way in which they do their business.

Of historical memories Putney has fewer than many of the neighboring suburbs, but it is not without interesting associations of its own. One such at least it possesses which would doubtless outvie all the glories of Westminster Abbey in the eyes of enthusiasts like those who made a special pilgrimage to Farnborough in order to behold the hallowed spot where Sayers and Heenan battered each other's faces out of all semblance of humanity 25 years ago. Between Putney and Mortlake lies the famous "University course," on which the picked oarsmen of Oxford and Cambridge fight it out every year for the supremacy of the river, and a walk of two miles up stream brings one to the very spot where, in 1829,

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may step and ask Dolly to go with you," she said. Maxy was pleased, for she knew how glad the poor old lady would be, and she loved to hear her praise mamma's goodies, and tell how good she was not to forget an old woman on Christmas day.

So she put on her warm wraps and started out in high glee. It was snowing a little, and nothing was so charming as to be out in a snow storm; a feathery, dry snow like this.

Dolly had a sore throat and could not go; Maxy trudged on without her and enjoyed every step of her long walk through the falling snow.

The only blot upon her happiness was Dolly's sore throat.

Her first little tap at Mrs. Brown's door brought no answer, so she knocked louder, then again; but all was still. "She's gone to the neighbor's," thought Maxy; "I'll go in and leave the basket and get warm, anyway, if the door's unlocked," and in she walked.

She looked around carefully. Mrs. Brown might be asleep on the lounge, but no, the house was quite deserted, but the fire still shone red through the cracks in the stove, and Maxy sat down to warm her feet.

Presently the gate latch clicked.

"She's coming" said Maxy,, peeping from the window. "Oh my! it's a tramp!" And it was; one of the dirtiest and most forlorn, at that, and Maxy, like many another little girl, was terribly afraid of anything that looked like a tramp.

"Maybe he'll come right in," she thought, "like I did. What shall I do?" There was but a minute to think. Maxy glanced quickly around and spied a closet door standing ajar. "I'll slip in here and take the basket with me, for he mustn't find that." A minute more and Mary, safely hidden in the closet, heard a knock at the front door, then a shuffling step passed around the house. Then came a knock at the back door, and after a pause the shuffling step came back, the gate clicked again and all was still.

The little girl gave a sigh of relief, for her prison was dark and close, and besides she was beginning to feel in a hurry to go home; but, alas, the door would not open.

In vain she pushed; in vain she turned the little knob. The door had locked itself!

Maxy wanted to cry then, but she tried hard to be brave. "Maybe Mrs. Brown will be back soon and I can make her hear me," she said. "Won't she be scared?"

It was dark in the little closet; there was nothing to do but think, and Maxy thought about the folks at home. What were they doing now? Had she been gone so long as it seemed? And were they wondering why she did not come? What if Mrs. Brown had gone somewhere to spend the day? At this one or two tears fell down.

"I know what I'll do, I'll ask the Lord to help me get out," and down she went on her knees in the dark and offered her prayer, with so much faith that she felt comforted at once.

It was warm in her small prison, and by-and-by, leaning against a pile of comforts, Maxy fell asleep.

Meanwhile they were getting anxious about her at home. Katie had been looking out at the door or window every few minutes for half an hour, and how mamma had begun to say, "How strange it is she doesn't come." The minutes passed on and no Maxy came. At last Papa Monroe could bear it no longer, and he started out to look for her. At Dollie's home he found that she had gone alone and hurried on wondering where she could be. "She would hurry home to-day of all days," he said to himself, "and she is such a faithful little thing, anyway."

He found Mrs. Brown at home, and she assured him that Maxy had not been there.

The snow had quite covered the little

The song was sacred, and the poet too,
Not art, but inspiration, was his song.

ROBERT BUCHANAN.

His Marrigge Wasn't a Failure.

"Vell, Moses, now dot you vas married, can you not oxplain to me vedder or not marriage vos a failure?"

"I should snicker all offer mein face, Isaac, dot I could! Do you see dot suit uf clothes dot I haf on? Vell, I haf tirteen more better as dot, und dey all come mit mein vife. Dey vos left by her first husband, und dey fits me like hair on your head. No, sir: dot marriage vas a picnic uf you fall in mit de vidow uf a dude."—[Peck's Sun.

Expensive Building Material.

"How is your papa getting along?" asked Mrs. Yeast of the Crimsonbeak boy, the other day, when she was waiting for his mother to make her appearance in the parlor.

"Oh, bully! He's going to build a house."

"Going to build a house! How do you know that?"

"Well, I heard mamma say he brings a brick home in his hat every night."

He Didn't Know.

School-mistress—Come here, Charlie, and let me hear you recite your lesson. Why, what is the matter? What are you crying for?

Charlie—Some of the big boys made me kiss a little girl out in the school yard—boo-hoo!

Why, that is outrageous! Why did you not come right in to me?

I—I—didn't know that you would let me kiss you.

She Got a Seat.

She was a little cross eyed woman, and she had stood up in a street car and clung to a strap till she was tired. Suddenly she spoke:

"Thank you, sir. Since you kindly offer me a seat I will take it."

Six men looked up. Each one of the six thought she was staring at himself, and she took her choice of the six seats instantly placed on her disposal. Wonderful is the power of the human eye when it happens to be a little askew.

It Might be Worse.

The Arabs, says an exchange, have a custom of thanking God that it is no worse. If he loses an eye, he thanks God that it was not both eyes; if he loses a hand, he thanks God it was not both hands; if he breaks his leg, he thanks God it was not his neck.

Dr. Johnson used to say that a habit of looking at the best side of every event is better than a thousand pounds a year. When Fenelon's library was on fire, "God be praised," he exclaimed, "that it is not the dwelling of some poor man!"

This is the true spirit of submission; one of the most beautiful traits that can possess the heart. Will not every reader resolve to see the sunny side of the world? If so, you have partly won the battle of life at the outset.

When you want to take out a broken window pane, heat the poker, run it slowly along the old putty, and soften it loose.

At a Western church fair a device for getting up a testimonial to the pastor bore the following legend:—"Drop a dollar in the slot and see the pastor smile."

mous "University course," on which the picked oarsmen of Oxford and Cambridge fight it out every year for the supremacy of the river, and a walk of two miles up stream brings one to the very spot where, in 1829, the Cambridge crew struggled manfully on till their boat actually sank beneath them.

But the town itself offers to its visitors other associations of more ancient date and not inferior interest, even when coupled with the one great disadvantage that nobody can bet upon them. Half way up the High-street, in strange contrast to the trim modern shop fronts and plate-glass windows on either side of it, appears an antique mansion of dark red brickwork, over the spacious front of which the clinging ivy has trailed itself so thickly that in many places the masonry is completely hidden, and the small lozenge-paned casements of the upper story look out from a frame of living green. High upon the ridge of the steep red-tiled roof stand half a dozen of those tall, gaunt, brick chimney stacks beloved by all our great-grandfathers, forming a striking foil to the fresh green leaves of the noble trees behind them, while an old-fashioned sun dial stares out from between the two upper windows of the side wall overhanging the courtyard, which is separated from the street by a heavy wooden gate, on whose weather-stained posts appear the words, "Fairfax House."

There, indeed, is history, and history of the highest class. Does not the very name of Fairfax carry one back more than 200 years to the time when the free spirit of England was battling for life and death against "the right divine of Kings to govern wrong!" As the shadowy twilight deepens around the quaint old mansion, it needs little stretch of fancy to picture to one's self in the recess of one of its ivied windows two men seated at a table covered with papers, one of whom—a tall, fine-looking man, in the prime of life, whose dress is a compromise between the stern simplicity of the Puritan and the fantastic splendor of the Cavalier, looks up nervously ever and anon, as if finding something not wholly to his liking either in the contents of the papers or in the words of his companion. It is Lord Fairfax brave, handsome, elegant, accomplished, lacking nothing save that ruthless concentration of purpose which is the main strength of the stout, plainly-dressed, coarse-featured man opposite him, who has already acquired some reputation under the title of Gen. Oliver Cromwell.

These, however, are not the only relics of this kind which Putney has to show. Just on the other side of the street from my present quarters stands Winchester House, which would be a perfect treasure to Miss Braddon or Wilkie Collins, not merely from its outward aspect, but also from what it contains. The charm begins from the very entrance hall itself, in which a tall, thin high-backed, uncompromising chair, which might have seated Clarissa Harlowe's father while scolding that unfortunate young woman 150 years ago, faces a quaint old Dutch carving in oak, representing a piratical-looking Cavalier riding gallantly upon a very corpulent horse over the jagged letters of one of those delightful inscriptions which only two or three people can decipher at all, and which each of those two or three deciphers in a totally different way. The library is crowded with parchment-bound folios of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, which, as the innocent old country gentleman said of the man who was presented to him as a Baronet of James I.'s creation, "look remarkably well for their age."

And as with one room so with all the rest. Stern and stately figures in faintly-glimmering armor or towering Louis XIV. wigs look stonily down upon you from the shadowy walls.

Unhappily the ghostly traditions of this neighborhood are not all groundless and

childish. Dickens once said, justly enough, that he would rather hear many a German legend with a terrific name than the true story of any old set of chambers in Lincoln's Inn; and the same thing might be said with equally good reason of more than one ancient manor house within easy reach of London itself. I can well remember how, years ago, a quiet old Kentish country house started into sudden and terrible prominence as the scene of a tragedy ghastly enough to draw thither from the capital hundreds, if not thousands, of pilgrims whom no ordinary attraction could have dragged so far from their congenial smoke and dirt.

For many generations the history of th fatal house had been as uneventful as that of the rooks which built their nests in the trees around it. Successive dynasties of hard riding, hard drinking country gentlemen flourished and faded, each exactly like his predecessor. It was only among a few of the very oldest "smockfrocks" in the adjacent village that there still lingered a vague tradition—told now and then by a Christmas fireside with many a knowing shake of the head—respecting a fearful tragedy that had taken place "up at the great house" in the days of old Queen Bess, more than 300 years before. It was whispered that the then lord of the manor betrayed by his wife and his most intimate friend, had taken a dreadful revenge upon the guilty pair, the exact nature of which seemed to be as completely a mystery to the tellers of the story as to every one else. At length the existing proprietor—a hearty, jovial country Squire, who liked nothing better that to fill his house with guests—found even his spacious accommodations too small to keep pace with his boundless hospitality, and decided upon adding a room, or perhaps two, to his house.

Accordingly a London architect was summoned to survey the premises and direct the proposed additions. The expert came, and after going over the house and making sundry measurements, said to his patron, with an air of mingled surprise and amusement: "It seems to me, sir, that you are giving yourself a good deal of unnecessary trouble, for you are probably not aware that there is a room in your house which is still unoccupied."

"Impossible," cried Squire. "I've lived in this house, man and boy, over 50 years, and neither I nor my father before me ever knew of any rooms in this house except those that are in use every day."

"For all that," replied the architect, confidently, "I'm positive that I cannot be wrong. According to the measurements that I have just taken there is a certain space within the walls which is still unaccounted for. In fact, I feel so sure of what I say that if you will allow me to go over the house once more I am willing to stake my professional reputation that I point out the very spot where the missing room is to be found."

The air of perfect conviction with which the man spoke staggered the Squire, while his wife, delighted at the idea of such a romance in her own house, declared that she was absolutely dying to see the "Bluebeard's Chamber." The guests with whom the house was overflowing as usual unanimously agreed that the mysterious room ought to be unearthed forthwith; and when the expert started on his second round he headed a procession comprising the whole population of the house. Many of the younger men, little dreaming what they were about to see, cracked boyish jests about buried treasures and imprisoned ghosts; and there was a general buzz of excitement when the architect, tapping the wall just above the great staircase, announced that behind it lay the long-lost chamber.

A few blows from the pickaxes of two sturdy laborers laid bare an oaken door

HERE AND THERE.

WILL SHE?

Won't it be funny when women vote,
If they act as silly as the men?
The barrels of flour they'll have to "tote,"
The wheelbarrows they'll trundle then.
Will she pay her bills like a little man,
Or hedge with a pretty pink-hued note?
Will it be a game of catch-as-catch-can
When women vote?

Won't it be funny to have it said
Of some political sweet girl-bride,
"She's actually gone and shaved her head—
Made a bet on the losing side"?
Will they bet their boots and their chewing gum,
And the bretty bonnets, on which they dote?
Will we think the milennium has come
When women vote?

It is considered very bad taste for ballet girls to pad unevenly.

A game dinner was served to 600 guests at a Chicago hotel on Saturday night. Thirty-four kinds of game were represented on the menu.

King Kalakaua is coming to America. He has grown tired of the humdrum of Honolulu and wants to take a look at the New York tiger.

The richest gold mine in the world is said to be the Douglas mine, in Australia, which yields about $200,000 every month and has but three owners.

Count Moltke's favorite flower is the rose, and at his home he has one of the finest flower gardens in the world. He is something more than a warrior.

Literary interests in Pittsburgh have received a severe set back in the decision of Judge Ewing, that literary societies cannot run liquor bars as adjuncts.

There is a man living at Luray, Va., who became convinced when young that kissing was wicked because Christ was betrayed by a kiss. He resolved never to kiss anybody. He has been married twenty years and is the father of eleven children, and has never kissed his wife nor any of his offspring.

—A correspondent ask:—"Which is correct, 'Lo, the Conquering Hero Comes,' or 'See, the Conquering Hero Comes'?" It depends upon the location. If the correspondent should be out West and see an Indian making for him with a scalping-knife the former would be the correct way of using the quotation.

Mrs. Hannah J. Bailey, superintendent of the peace department of the National W. C. T. U., is one of the most notable business women in the country. She carries on a large factory in New Jersey, a wholesale and retail store in Portland, and a large farm near Winthrop. In all she employs about 150 men.

A little six-year-old of Point Edward, The Post says, was told by his school teacher that there was smallpox in Sarnia and that he would have to be vaccinated. He ran home to his mother and exclaimed:—"Mamma, they've got the little box in Sarnia and if you don't be baptised you'll catch it and die.'

Manistee, Mich., baby which ate an eight grain dose of morphine was given several antidotes, but it became unconscious and was given up for dead. About 16 hours later, however, while the friends stood around and silently admired the beauty of the corpse the babe awoke, and smilingly demanded a drink of milk.

Here an English paper:—The first in-

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MANHOOD
How Lost, How Restored

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or incapacity induced by excess or early indiscretion.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by

about buried treasures and imprisoned ghosts; and there was a general buzz of excitement when the architect, tapping the wall just above the great staircase, announced that behind it lay the long-lost chamber.

A few blows from the pickaxes of two sturdy laborers laid bare an oaken door clamped with iron, which was speedily burst in. Through the gap crept a damp stifling, sickening odor, at which the gay revelers shivered and drew back as if from the chill breath of the grave. There was a momentary pause, and then the biggest of the workman thrust himself through the mysterious doorway with a defiant oath, only to come staggering back the next moment with his bold, bluff visage as pale as death. Then the Squire himself, with a look of very unwonted gravity upon his jovial face, forced the rusty door wide open. Within lay a small oak-paneled chamber, richly furnished in the style of the sixteenth century, but the dust lay thick on the carved chairs, the costly hangings were faded and mildewed, the silver plates and goblets on the table looked dim and tarnished. In the two further corners of this living tomb lay two human skeletons, (seemingly those of a man and a woman,) whose distorted attitudes told but too plainly in what fearful agonies they must have died.

Putting Down Bribery.

It is satisfactory to find Republicans and Democrats uniting in a demand for stringent laws against bribery at Presidential elections. Of course such laws must be passed by the State Legislatures. A Republican paper of St. Louis says that there were between fourteen and twenty thousand "floaters"—we in Canada call them loose fish—in Indiana alone, every one of them seeking money. It was a ten dollar apiece campaign in that State, and many got twenty dollars for their votes. The plans for raising funds in precincts varied according to the local bosses. In one place the chairman called together secretly the half-dozen men who would in all probability be applicants for the post office, in the event of the party's success. He proposed to them an arrangement which was carried out in this way: Each of the six put up $50, making a fund of $300 for that town. Next they drew lots to see who should have the post-office. Then the lucky man gave each of the five his note for $50, payable after he received the appointment as postmaster. All present pledged themselves to abide by the agreement, and in this way that particular precinct was provided for. Indiana was corrupted because, having been a pivotal State, it had been corrupted in previous elections.

Slaves of Fashion.

Mrs. Anna J. Miller, when she delivered her terrific anathema against bustles in the Detroit Women's Convention characterized them as optical horrors and wretched humps, and declared that women would travel the world over to find skilled surgeons had nature so disfigured her. Anna forgot that women were not born in theatre bonnets or French boots, and that all of their everyday attire and adornment is the invention of necessity and taste, bad taste, maybe, but still women's taste. The decree of a dozen women's congresses and all the ridicule that the newspapers can indite won't shrink the bustle or lower the bonnets and boot heels till the sweet pretty creatures find something equally sytlish, and get tired of them. A trim, nicely adjusted, flexible, spring elastic, incontrovertible wire-woven, and harmonious bustle is a good thing. Its powers of endurance are wonderful. The more you sit down upon it the more popular it seems to grow. Suppose you let the bustle alone and talk

was given up for dead. About 16 hours later, however, while the friends stood around and silently admired the beauty of the corpse the babe awoke, and smilingly demanded a drink of milk.

Says an English paper :—The first inventor of the sewing machine turns out not to be Howe, but a man named Thomas Saint, who took out his patent in 1760, sixty years before Howe produced his machine. A machine made according to Saint's specification is now being exhibited at the exhibition of sewing machines and domestic appliances at the Royal Agricultural Hall, Islington.

Squaring the circle is generally looked upon as either sheer lunacy or unprofitable figuring. It appears, however, that Mr. W. J. Barnwell, a wonderfully clever mathematician and the organist of the East Hundred in Berkshire, England, has really hit upon some feasible scheme, which he has laid before the French Academy of Sciences. His formula consists of eight figures, which, in a concrete shape, form a perfect cyclometer. The discovery has taken fifteen years' hard work.

Forgery and embezzlement are evidently no longer looked upon with the indulgent leniency with which courts of justice in the United States once regarded them. The Sentence of twenty-five years' imprisonment pronounced upon James E. Bedell should have a tendency to discourage these crimes, at any rate in the State of New York. The judgment of the court is generally approved of by the community in New York, who have come to the conclusion that criminals of this class can no longer be trifled with.

It cannot but be mortifying to the national pride of our American cousins to find that citizens of the United States have so often, when abroad, to depend upon the courtesy of British consuls for protection. The most recent instance was at Port-au-Prince, where the captain and passengers of an American steamer seized by a Haytian man-of-war had to beg the protection of the British consul, the U. S. official there having to confess he was powerless to render any assistance. The fact that the British consuls in foreign ports have always been ready to give their good offices on behalf of distressed Americans ought to promote a very friendly feeling towards Great Britain on the part of Americans at home, but, as it often happens that the conferring of a benefit is considered by the person benefited as a ground of grievance against the benefactor, a similar anomaly may occur in the case of nations.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

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BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

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☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

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Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect Oct. 29, 1888.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

TRAINS GOING NORTH

STATIONS.		No. 2. A M	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 7	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

PRISON GATES.

Mercer Reformatory.

"What institute is that?" is the invariable enquiry of the tourist.

"The Mercer Reformatory, for women," is the reply given, provided the question be asked of a well informed citizen.

Passing through the front offices to the reformatory proper, I was shown first the privilege corridor, a bright, airy department, containing some dozen cells.

These cells are really tiny bed chambers, each lighted by a separate window. They contain the needful toilet appliances, a chair, box, bracket shelves and small iron bedstead.

The bedding consists of blankets, sheets, pillows and white quilts, and looks as inviting as any weary body could desire. Altogether these diminutive rooms, so fresh in their cleanliness, must become potent factors in purifying the hearts and lives of their occupants.

"These cells are awarded to those inmates whose good conduct justifies the bestowal of a special privilege," remarked my guide, "and they are a possession much coveted by the inmates."

Further on we entered the sewing room, where the clothing is made and repaired I examined the piles of underclothing that lay en readiness for use, and found all the articles needful for a woman's wardrobe, neatly made of heavy factory cotton.

The inmates wear a uniform costume of blue denham, a material much the same as that used for shirting and overalls On Sunday each woman is given a long white apron and a linen collar. They are allowed the privilege of dressing their hair, which is not cut upon entering the institution, in any neat method.

"The inmates are not allowed to wear any of their own clothing during their stay in the institution," said the attendant. "It is put away for them until their term expires."

"Do they generally come in well supplied?" I asked.

"Occasionally they are very well dressed," was the reply; "but often they are in a terrible state of destitution. It depends a good deal upon the offence for which they are arrested."

Retracing our steps, we next visited the knitting room. In this department all the knitting required by the institution is done, in addition to contract work, which is occasionally given.

"In the knitting and sewing departments," said the attendant, "we have those inmates who, by reason of bodily weakness, are unfitted for more arduous service."

"Have you any difficulty in controlling those under your care?" I enquired, glancing at the groups who were knitting and indulging in quiet conversation.

"Not much," she answered. "They work largely by impulse, and have no more steadiness of purpose than little children. It is difficult also to retain their attention for any length of time. We have educational classes in the knitting room, through the winter months, for an hour and a half each day, when those who wish to do so may learn to read and write."

As education is certainly an aid to reformation, it would surely be a desirable thing to continue these classes all the year around.

The laundry is financially the most productive department in the Mercer; its net revenue last year amounted to over $2,000. There are two distinct laundries, one being used for the Mercer and Central Prison washing; the second being reserved for family and contract washing.

How many respectable working girls are there in Toronto who are compelled to live on less than that amount?

Out of 142 inmates committed, 77 were sentenced for six months, 24 for twelve months, and the reminder between one and two years.

Of these 46 were under 20 years of age, 50 between 20 and 30, 38 between 30 and 50, and the remainder over 50 years.

Fifty out of 142, or over one-third of the total number, were guilty of personal immorality in various phases, 35 were committed for vagrancy, 25 for larceny and 16 for drunkenness.

"There is very little sickness among the inmates of the institution," said the attendant, answering my enquiry. "The hospital is closed at present, and the general health is very good. We had only one death last year."

When we consider the lives of those women previous to incarceration, and the excesses appertaining thereto, such a record bears testimony to the careful supervision exercised in this department.

The chapel is a large handsome apartment, the finest in the building. Religious services for both Protestants and Roman Catholics are conducted at stated times throughout the week, and on Sunday morning a Sunday school is held, when the inmates are brought in personal contact with Christian ladies, who labor earnestly to influence them for good. I have rarely seen a more impressive sight than these women and girls present when assembled for one of these services.

Swayed ever by impulse, a hymn, a text, a tender word will bring a softened look on many faces, and a quick tear even in many eyes, while good resolutions are made, too often to be broken by the evil influence of associates more hardened.

That reformation, thorough and complete, is possible has been proved in many instances; but it has been despite the association, and due rather to the personal efforts of the staff or kindly hearted philanthropists; for as one lady recently remarked: "No one knows what the women in the Mercer have to endure from their companions, whenever they endeavor to fight their way upward into a purer, higher life."

Max O'Rell on America.

When that eccentric and imaginative Frenchman who is known to the reading public as Max O Rell gave to the world his amusing skit upon English men and women entitled "John Bull and his Island," our American cousins found his book extremely entertaining and applauded his keen faculty for analysis and his discrimination as a critic. When subsequently he visited America and, with the traditional politeness of his nation, said all sorts of sugary things about Americans and their institutions, no one in the United States questioned his sagacity. But, alas, since his return to Europe, he has been lecturing in London on the United States, and it is now discovered that he is a very unsafe guide to follow, and that his exaggerations are so extravagant as to take away all value from his criticism. He declared that no man with any self-respect has anything to do with politics in the United States, and that if a senator accidentally gains admittance to a select entertainment the custom of the master of the house is to order that the silver as well as the hats and coats in the hall be carefully watched. In referring to the national predilection for profanity he tells of an American poker party on an English steamer of which each member laid down each card with a new and distinct oath. The same poker party a short time afterwards sang hymns and psalms

Prima Donnas and Their Jewels.

How does a lady singer become world-famed? asks a feuilleton writer in the *Frankfurter Zeitung*, and goes on to explain that their only road to fortune is to have some of their jewellery stolen from them. Bell-like intonation, harmony, a strong voice, acrobat-like technique, impressive expression, distinctness of pronunciation, lively action, and an attractive appearance ought to secure fame to a lady artiste. But only those will say this who have lived in hermitlike retirement, for in order to become famous a lady singer must at least have been robbed a few times. Just now a new candidate has presented herself as qualified for the part of the prima donna assoluta. Miss Sigrid Arnoldson, the attractive young Swedish girl, who has hitherto been like all other singing birds of the opera and the concert hall, has suddenly risen above them all, and her impressario sends out the notice in great delight—at last, at last, she, too, has been robbed. The object was, of course, a case with bracelets, earrings, etc., given to her by Empresses, Queens, and Princes. The impressario was nearly in despair when it appeared as if a row of pearls had been overlooked by the thieves; the clouds only vanished from his face when it was found that the pearls, too, were gone. A thief, remaining undiscovered, belongs as much to the outfit of a phenomally famous singer as does her indispensable rouge pot. She cannot do without a drawing-room Fra Diavolo. The lack of a perfect shape does not signify, the lack of a thief would be ruin. Adeline Patti has been robbed by night and by day, in Europe and America on shore and at sea, in hotels, and on railway trains. And Carlotta Patti and Christine Nelson and—but why mention names? An incredible amount of diamonds and jewels have disappeared in this way without ever turning up again. But the lady artistes are generous, compassionate' forgiving; they do not prosecute the thieves; they do not go to the police; they do not offer rewards. Perhaps they know that the gold in their throat can easily be coined, and that the rippling shakes can soon be changed into rows of pearls. They are easy-going, and soon forget their loss. But the wonder is that the august donors should still continue to present the singers with diamonds. They might have learned by experience that every precious stone they give to them is doomed to be stolen. A royal present to a lady artiste which does not get stolen has missed its object, and cases have indeed occurred where presents were stolen which were never given. The thieves belonging to the latter category are most favoured by the impressario. According to a rough estimate which a statistician has made concerning thefts of jewels from lady artistes, jewels of the value of £15,000,000 have been stolen from singers during the last decade, and however greatly the abilities of the police of countries may differ in other respects, they are alike all the world over in never troubling the thieves who victimize prima donnas. But there remains one consolation to the friends of the fair singers, and that is, that however frequently they are robbed of their jewels they are still ornamented with the same amount of jewellery even directly after the theft has occurred.—[Pall Mall Gazette.

How Beach beat Hanlan.

The special cable account of the Hanlan Beach race on Tuesday says:—

Beach won as he pleased. The race was not for the championship, but for a stake of $2,500 a side. Beach retired from champion some months ago, and Kemp, who recently

There are two distinct laundries, one being used for the Mercer and Central Prison washing; the second being reserved for family and contract washing.

As we entered the ironing room the chatter of the busy workers ceased, and they bent over their tables in silence.

"Do you allow conversation in working hours?" I enquired of the matron.

"In this department, yes," she answered. "The girls are constantly moving, and their remarks must necessarily be made in a tone loud enough for me to hear. Therefore, we know it to be harmless. It is not the loud talking that troubles us, but that which is carried on in low tone and which may be good or evil but most likely the latter.

Then we descended to the refractory ward.

"What forms of punishment do you adopt?" I enquired.

"Deprivation of privileges, solitary confinement in light cells, dark cells, and in extreme cases the dungeon. No, we never resort to corporal punishment in any form."

I inspected the dark cells and dungeon, and found them to be clean, dry and dimly lit, furnished with a straw pallet and coverlet.

"The dungeon, with bread and water diet, will generally reduce the most refractory to obedience," said the attendant, "but we have rarely to resort to these expedients. Months may go by without one punishment, and this ward is often vacant for a long time."

Upon further enquiry I found that the women are locked in their cells at half-past seven each evening. From that hour until five or six in the morning they are free from any supervision beyond that exercised by an overworked watchwoman who makes her long rounds through the extensive building, and who cannot make more than a brief and hurried visit two or three times during the night.

These thirty-three inmates, each with their varied experience in deadly evil, with the restraints of the work room removed, and the freedom of night and darkness about them, have unlimited opportunity to exchange confidences of the worst description without check or rebuke. Is this a desirable thing?

But this is but a small defect compared with the fact that there is absolutely no classification of the inmates. They mingle freely in recreation hours, work together, eat together in one large, gloomy dining room and sleep in adjoining cells.

For vagrancy, larceny, and assault, drunkenness and prostitution of a greater or less degree, these women are sentenced to mingle together for a period of months or years.

Many are first offenders, guilty only of minor evil, sentenced mayhaps by some county judge at the request of an anxious father who desires the reformation of his erring child. Many others, alas, are hardened criminals who have lived a life of the vilest sin that womanhood can compass.

Numbers of the inmates are young girls yet in their early teens, others are elderly women who have spent all their lives in and out of prison.

What good influences can the earnest-hearted staff exert that will not be more than counteracted by the evil resulting from indiscriminate association?

In looking over the latest annual report of the Mercer Reformatory for a record of the number of re commitments—a record which I did not find—a few particulars attracted my attention which may be—which certainly ought to be—of interest to the general public.

The total expenditure for the year ending in September, 1887, was $29,783.40, or close upon $30,000. The net revenue $3,595.93. Therefore, the institution costs over $26,000 yearly, the average daily cost per inmate being 57.98 cents, or $4.05 per week.

poker party on an English steamer of which each member laid down each card with a new and distinct oath. The same poker party a short time afterwards sang hymns and psalms for two hours. Max O'Rell declares that he has met men in other countries who swore and also, he is glad to say, who sang hymns, but America alone produces men who do both with equal facility.

Execution by Electricity.

The New York State law which provides that after January 1st next all executions for murder shall be performed by the agency of electricity is like to bring about a difficulty which was not contemplated when the legislation was passed. It was taken for granted that the new mode of death would be painless, and that there would be no ghastly preparations to add to the agony of the criminal. The Legislature forgot to specify in what manner the death-dealing shock should be applied, and it became necessary to refer the matter to a committee of electromedical experts to suggest a mode of operation. The recommendation made by this committee involves a number of mysterious preliminaries which will, in many cases, inflict agony worse than death itself. The criminal is to be strapped down upon a table or to a chair, then a metal helment is to be placed on his head, and metal points are to be put in contact with various parts of his body, while warm water is to be applied to his hair and head. So protracted and complicated a method of preparing the criminal has aroused much discussion, and exciting strong opposition to the change in the law. Unless some more simple means of electric application can be devised, it is doubtful whether the new law will be carried out.

Was Far Abune the Moon.

One fine moonlight night a Kilmannock farmer setting homeward from Bonhill, where he had sat too long and drunk too deep, had reached the burn near his house. Attempting to cross it by the stepping-stones—to effect which in safety required daylight or a steadier head than John's was on that night—he missed one stone, and came down splash into the burn. Unable to raise himself beyond his hands and knees, he looked down into the clear water, in which the moon was reflected, while the water streamed from his hair. At last he began to shout to his wife, "Marget? Marget!" The good woman hearing his cry, ran out, exclaiming, —"Oh, John, my John! Is that you? Whaur are ye, John?" "Whaur am I?" he rejoined; "I dinna ken, but I see I'm far aboon the mune." It was the same man of whom it is told, that on a moonlight night on his way home, overcome by drink, he had fallen or lain down to rest by the roadside, and had fallen asleep with his feet in a running stream. Awaking after a while, with the impression that he had reached home, and was in bed, he shouted—"Marget, bring anither pair o' blankets to pit on ma feet, and blaw out that cawnel."

Why?

Why suffer a single moment, when you can get immediate relief from internal or external pain by the use of Polson's Nerviline the great pain cure? Nerviline has never been known to fail. Try a 10 cent sample bottle. You will find it just as recommended. Neuralgia, toothache, cramps, headache, and all similar complaints disappear as if by magic when Nerviline is used. Large bottles 25 cents. Test bottles 10 cents, at druggists and country dealers.

It is sad to note that the average Christmas stocking is longer than most purses.

Beach won as he pleased. The race was not for the championship, but for a stake of $2,500 a side. Beach retired from champion some months ago, and Kemp, who recently defeated Hanlan, is still champion.

To-day's race was arranged to give Hanlan a chance to win back some money he lost since he has been here, but he is more out of pocket than ever. A grand start was effected, the men striking water simultaneously, both going away at forty strokes to the minute and the pair rowed at a terrific rate. For the first 200 yards they kept with each other, but at the quarter-mile the pace moderated, Beach striking thirty-seven and Hanlan thirty-eight. Up Blaxland's point, which is a mile from the start, they kept close company, but thence Beach began to improve his position and, despite the Canadian's desperate efforts to hold him, not only secured the lead, but showed the way by a length passing Putney point, a mile and a half from commencement. On drawing clear, soon after leaving Gladesville, Beach sculled dead ahead, treating his opponent to a fair dose of backwash, Hanlan tiring rapidly. He maintained his advantage without much difficulty, ultimately winning very easily by about three lengths in 21. 15. It is reported that Hanlan will not go back to America but will go into business in Australia.

Caught Him Flirting.

They had just come out of a dime museum—a tall lank woman with knife-blade lips and an olive green complexion; the little old man with her was round-faced, blue-eyed and meek of manner. Hardly had they reached the pavement when the essence of vinegar hissed out:

"I seen ye, Abs'lom Kittson."

"Seen me what, Nancy?"

"Oh, I'd ask what! I tell ye I seen ye with my own livin' eyes!"

"Seen me what?"

"Seen you flurritin' with that tattoed woman. Oh, I did!"

"Good Lord, Nancy!"

"Oh, I seen you give her them peanuts. I seen ye!"

"Why Nance, I—"

"And I seen ye flurritin' with the fat woman. I seen ye give her the apple, Ab. Kittson."

"Why, Nance, I merely—"

"I had my eye on ye. I seen ye offer that albino gal a bite of your bolony sassinger, Ab. Kittson; an' I seen ye try to make up to that bearded woman—"

"Good land of—"

"Shet up, Ab. Kittson, or I'll go home! A flurritin with sich! Oh, I seen you, you mizzable big flirrut you!"—[Detroit Free Press.

Insult Added to Injury.

Irascible Old Gentleman—"Confound you sir! That's my corn you stepped on." Affable Stranger—"Excuse me, sir. I am deeply grieved at the result of my awkwardness, and I beg you will accept my sincerest apologies. But since you have introduced the subject, will you allow me to say that I have here a simple and inexpensive little article, which is positively warranted to cure any case of corns, bunions, or ingrow——"

ITCHING PILES.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture: intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumours. It is equally efficacious in curing all skin diseases. DR. SWAYNE & SON, Proprietors, Philadelphia. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT can be obtained of druggists. Sent by mail for 50 cents.

The Federation Question.

It is not the want of success of the appeal for federation which has produced the recent agitation in the ranks of opponents. On the contrary, it is the success of the enterprise and the practical steps recently taken to carry forward the work that has aroused this open antagonism. We would say to all loyal Methodists. Do not be disturbed by rumours about the alleged failure or obstruction of the movement. They are designed to create a feeling of doubt and uncertainty. With God's help we shall go steadily forward till we enter the new Victoria in the Queen's park to take our full share in moulding the intellectual life of this province. Let those who have subscribed arrange to pay their instalments as early as possible. The people of Toronto should now put forth a liberal and united effort to raise $50,000 additional to what they have promised.

ve in a Cottage.

"Chally," said Amarantha Jane, "I notice that your spirits recently seem to be bubbling over with happiness. I am glad to see it, but do tell me dear, what has caused it?" "I will," said Charley, as he encircled her waist and imprinted a kiss on her inviting lips. "You know for a while I was melancholy, blue as indigo—had no appetite, was bilious and dyspeptic, but the use of two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has brought me out and I am 'bright as a button.' I feel like a new man now, Jane, name the day soon; there is more of this medicine at the drug store."

When Tennessee was first split off from North Caroline in 1785 it was made into he State of Franklin.

Wine, Women and Song,"

but the greatest of these is, "women.' "Wine is a mocker," and song is good to "sooth the savage," but women respond to every active power and sentiment of the human mind when in good health. But when afflicted with disease you will find them tantalizing, coquettish, cross, and hard to please. For all "female complaints," sick headache, irregularities, nervousness, prolapsus and other displacements popularly known as "female weakness" and other diseases, peculiar to the sex, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the great world-famed remedy.

Prof. King will go to Europe in a balloon if sufficient funds can be raised. Do raise the money and let him go.

Don't Read This for $500.

For many years, through nearly every newspaper in the land, the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, who are thoroughly responsible, financially, as any one can easily ascertain by proper enquiry, have offered, in good faith, a standing reward of $500 for a case of nasal catarrh, no matter how bad, or of how long standing, which they cannot cure.

Ostrich feather boas, from one o two yards in length, are utilized as that garnitures.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor :—

Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Resp'y, T. A. SLOCUM, 164 West Adelaide St., Toronto, Ont.

Portieres and all curtains must have frequent shakings, or moths will be sure to lodge in their folds.

Diamond Dyes

Brilliant! Durable! Economical!

Diamond Dyes excel all others in Strength, Purity and Fastness None other are just as good. Beware of imitations, because they are made of cheap and inferior materials, and give poor, weak, crocky colors. To be sure of success, use only the DIAMOND DYES for coloring Dresses, Stockings, Yarns, Carpets, Feathers, Ribbons, &c., &c. We warrant them to color more goods, package for package, than any other dyes ever made, and to give more brilliant and durable colors. Ask for the *Diamond* and take no other.

A Dress Dyed
A Coat Colored
Garments Renewed
} FOR 10 CENTS.

A Child can use them!

At Druggists and Merchants. Dye Book free

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO.,
MONTREAL, P Q.

MONEY TO LOAN on Farms. Lowest Rates. No delay. Correspondence solicited. E. W. D. BUTLER, Financial Agt., 72 King-st. E., Toronto.
Established 1860.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES.

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

So disguised that the most delicate stomach can take it. Remarkable as a FLESH PRODUCER. Persons GAIN rapidly while taking IT.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is acknowledged by Physicians to be the FINEST and BEST preparation of its class for the relief of

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, Wasting Diseases of Children, and CHRONIC COUGHS.

Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

ALMA THE LEADING CANADIAN COLLEGE FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

PURE GOLD FLAVORING EXTRACTS
BAKING POWDER
BAKING POWDER IS MADE FROM ABSOLUTELY PURE CREAM TARTAR AND SODA. FLAVORING EXTRACTS ARE THE STRONGEST, PUREST AND BEST.

CANADA SHIPPING CO.—Beaver Line of Steamships, sailing weekly between Montreal and Liverpool. Saloon tickets, Montreal to Liverpool, $40, $50 and $60. Return tickets, $80, $90 and $110 according to steamer and accommodation Intermediate, $30; Round rip tickets, $60. Steerage, $20; Round trip tickets, $40. For further particulars and to secure births, apply to H. E. MURRAY, Genera. Manager, 1 Custom House Square, Montreal, or to the Local Agents in the different Towns and Cities.

LADIES' Dress and Mantle Cutting by new and improved

TAILORS' SQUARE.

Satisfaction guaranteed to teach ladies the full art of cutting all garments worn by ladies and children. PROF. SMITH, 349½ Queen St. W., Toronto. Agents Wanted.

Stained Glass

FOR CHURCHES, DWELLINGS, AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

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76 King St. W., Toronto.

Brown Engines

IRON AND STEEL BOILERS ANY SIZE.

TORONTO ENGINE WORKS, PRINCESS AND FRONT STS.

J. Perkins & Co. - Toronto.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

Don't wait until you are burnt out or robbed. Buy a Safe now and sleep easy, and be sure and get prices, etc., of the new New Champion Safe.

S. S. KIMBALL,

577 Craig St., P. O. Box 945, MONTREAL, P. Q.

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EVERY **MUSIC TEACHER** in Canada to send for our

SPECIAL CATALOGUES of Sheet Music and Music Books,

WE SELL CHEAPER than any other house in the trade. Manufacturers of Band Instruments and Dealers in all kinds of Musical Merchandise.

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Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships

Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for

P. O. address. Resp'y, T. A. SLOCUM, 164 West Adelaide St., Toronto, Ont.

Portieres and all curtains must have frequent shakings, or moths will be sure to lodge in their folds.

SEVERAL HOURS continuous burning these long nights tests the best coil oil, wicks get charred, chimneys smoked and light grows dim. To avoid this ask dealers for, and be sure they give you the genuine CARBON SAFETY OIL.

An "eight-footed horse' was billed as an attraction at the Custer county, Dakota, fair.

Coff No More.

Watson's cough drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. See that the letters R. & T. W. are stamped on each drop.

The Bell Telephone monopoly must defend itself in the United States Circuit Court of Boston.

A. P. 428

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KNITTING Creelman Bros., Georgetown, Ont. **MACHINES**

CANOES. Send for Ill. Catalogue. WM. ENGLISH, Peterboro, Ont.

CANCER and Tumors CURED; no knife; book free. DRS. MCMICHAEL, No. 63 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

CANCER, TUMORS, ULCERS, SCROFULA, etc., cured permanently without the knife. Apply to DR. W. L. SMITH, 124 Queen Street E, Toronto.

TO Save Time—Send for illustrated catalogue of our PATENT PINLESS CLOTHES LINE. It will be ready very soon.

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"THE DANDY" PATENT BAGHOLDER, which every farmer wants now, costs only 75 cts., and if there is no local agent, may be obtained (free by express or mail), on sending price to C. W. ALLEN & CO., World Building, Toronto.

SAUSAGE CASINGS—Season 1888—New importations of English Sheeps, Finest American Hog Casings. Orders filled for any desired quantity. Write for prices. **JAS. PARK & SON,** 41 to 47 Lawrence Market St., Toronto.

TORONTO CUTTING SCHOOL.—Gentlemen desirous of acquiring a thorough knowledge of garment cutting should visit us. Scientific and reliable systems taught whereby perfect fitting garments are produced. Circular with full information on application, S. CORRIGAN, Prop, 122 Yonge st., Toronto.

YOU MAY HAVE ONE!!

Send name and address, and 10c. for postage and packing by Mail a HANDSOME SILK HANDKERCHIEF and The Magic Needle! Astonishes everyone! Address, Whiton Novelty Co., Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, Public Library Buildings, Toronto. Students from British Columbia, California, Kansas, Illinois, and quite a number of other States and Provinces, now in attendance. Write for Descriptive Circulars.

THOS. BENGOUGH, President. CHAS. H. BROOKS, Sec'y & Manager.

"BEAUTIFUL STORY" AND GOLDEN GEMS of Religious Thought, by J. W. Buel and T. De Wit Talmage, D.D.; beautiful illustrations, colored and plain; handsomely bound; large quarto book; plain type and just such a book that takes the eye at a glance; terms to agents extra liberal. WILLIAM BRIGGS, ublisher, Toronto.

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and CHRONIC COUGHS.

Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

ALMA, THE LEADING CANADIAN COLLEGE FOR YOUNG WOMEN. **St. Thomas, - Ont**

Seventeen graduates and certificated teachers in the Faculty. Nearly 200 students last year. Graduating courses in Literature, Music, Fine Arts, Commercial Science and Elocution. Low rates, good board and thorough work. McLaughlin Hall, costing $20,000 now open. Elegant Dormitories for 60 more students. Addre s PRINCIPAL AUSTIN, B.D.

LADIES, LOOK:

BERLIN WOOLS, all colors, 8c per oz.

SHETLAND AND ANDALUSIAN WOOLS, 8c per oz.; Saxony Wool, all colors, 10c per skein; Ice Wool, best quality, 10c per ball; Embroidery Silk, every shade 10c dozen skeins; Arrasene, all colors, 30c dozen skeins; Filoselle, best quality, 48c and 85c dozen skeins; Macrame Cord, 15 colors, 10c ball; Felt, extra quality, 2 yards wide, $1.00 per yard; Woolen Java Canvas, all colors, 45c yard; Always on hand newest materials for fancy work, at lowest prices. Letter orders have prompt and careful attention. Goods can be sent to any part of Canada by post. Write for price list. A trial solicited. HENRY DAVIS; Importer, 232 Yonge Street, Toronto. Please mention this paper

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Are You Bald. Is Your Hair Gray

Falling Out, Try Dr. Dorenwend's

GREAT GERMAN

HAIR A. DORENWEND TRADE MARK PARIS HAIR WORKS **MAGIC.**

It is the finest Hair Tonic in the world.

Price $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5. Try it. It will make your hair grow thick and strong. For sale by all druggists everywhere, or send direct to the manufacturer enclosing the amount.

A. DORENWEND, PARIS HAIR WORKS,

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TRY THE CELEBRATED

EMPIRE BLEND COFFEE,

Guaranteed Pure.

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CANADA PERMANENT

Loan & Savings Company

INCORPORATED 1855.

Head Office: Toronto St., Toronto.

Subscribed Capital	$ 4,560,000
Paid Up Capital	2,560,000
Total Assets	10,000,000

The enlarged capital and resources of this Company, together with the increased facilities it has recently acquired for supplying land owners with cheap money, enable the Directors to meet with promptness and at the lowest current rate of interest all requirements for loans upon satisfactory real estate security.

Application may be made to either of the Company's local Appraisers, or to

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Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N.F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow line sail during winter to and from Halifax Portland, Boston and Philadelphia and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage or other information apply A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld., Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Chicago Love & Alden, New York; H. Borulier, Toronto Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brookie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen Portland, Boston, Montreal.

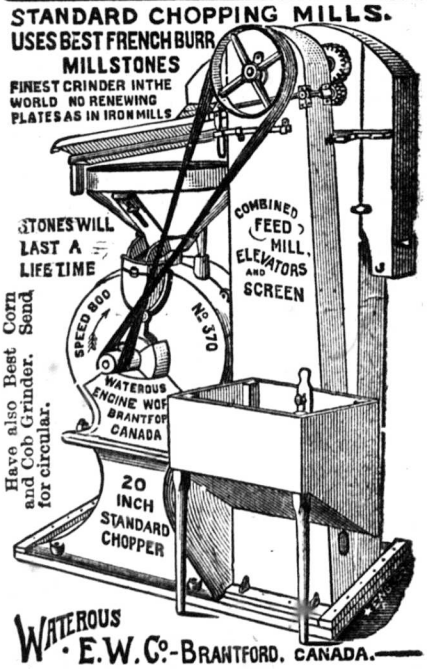
We are children who cheerfully join in the chorus
When Breadmaker's Yeast *is the subject before us—*
Mamma tried all the rest,
So she knows it's the best, [lightest,
'Cause her bread is the whitest, her buns are the
And we eat all the pancakes she dare set before us.

BUY THE BREADMAKER'S YEAST. PRICE 5 CENTS.

STANDARD CHOPPING MILLS.

USES BEST FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES

FINEST GRINDER IN THE WORLD NO RENEWING PLATES AS IN IRON MILLS



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Use Hop Bitters.

Cure All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidney, Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness. Female Complaints, DRUNKENESS. ☛ **1,000 Reward paid for a case they will not cure.**

The Downey Co.

Keep constantly on hand, for sale at lowest prices, the

GENUINE SCRANTON COAL.

also Blossburgh and soft coals

Hard and soft wood, cut and split, or uncut, delivered to any part of the town.

HAY,

direct from eastern townships

Good Quality, Low Price,

Cracked Feed, Corn Meal, Bran, Shorts, Hen Feed, Oats Rye, Wheat, Corn, Timothy and Clover, Salt etc. Try our

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flour. Cash paid for all kinds of grain. Storehouse open the year round. Always in the market for grain. A call solicited.

THE DOWNEY CO.

Office, yard and storehouse, foot Centre-st.
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OH, OH, OH!

That is what people say when they see Madden's stock of

XMAS GOODS!

No such display has ever been seen in Napanee. Elegant Plush Dressing Cases, with Comb, Brush and Mirror, from $1.50 to $25. Our $25 case is worth walking miles to see, to say nothing of the grand music it discourses. Draw out the jewel apartment, and soul-stirring melodies will keep you company.

In Books, such as Dickens, Elliot, Haggard, Jules Vern, Macaulay, etc., our prices cannot be beaten. Dante's Inferno, cheaper than ever. We are allowing Libraries and Schools 30 per cent. off on books. Elegant bound Poets, Hymns, Ancient and Modern Catholic Prayers, Methodist Hymns, and Family and Pocket Bibles in endless variety and price.

Oil Paintings from $1 upwards. Ladies' Purses, Hand Satchels, Leather Valises, Leather Cuffs and Collars, Boxes, Games, Dolls, Drums, Picture Books, Animals, etc., at tremendously low prices. Don't buy without calling at Madden's. It costs nothing to look, and you will not be pressed to buy—so drop in and see us. Remember

Madden's Bookstore

is now in the Grange Block.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 28, 1888

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside,(application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas. Lane,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Grammar School, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

S. Warner,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Residence next door to Dr Cook. Office, Warner block, Napanee. 4588z

R H Peters.

Auctioneer, Commissione Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

—Try SPENCER'S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—Plush cases from $1.50 to $25 at Madden's

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2.50 at GIBBARD'S.

—Handsome plush odor stands, only 60 cts, at Gallagher's,

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—You can buy a good hardwood side board at GIBBARD'S for $7.50 with glass back.

—Platform and counter scales for house and farm use, best in quality, low in price, at R. G. Wright's.

—You can get a packet of 6 Christmas cards for 5 cents at the 7 cent store.

—Teachers, buy your prizes at Gallagher's He gives a very liberal discount.

—A. S. Kimmorly sells 2 lbs fine mixed candy for 25 cents.

—Peerless machine oil, axle grease, leather an rubber belting, lacel eather, copperine babbi metal, asbestos, rubber, hemp, and soap ston packing, and all other threshers' supplies, a bottom prices at R G Wright's.

—See Madden's grand display of Xmas goods.

—A large stock of Agateware just received at R. G. Wright's.

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—Now is your time. Don't delay calling Madden's bookstore for your Xmas presents.

—The 7 cent store is leading in cheap goods for Christmas presents. Call and be convinced that we down them all.

—Gallagher beats the world for bargains in china cups and fancy vases, Store open every vening till 9 o'clock.

—J. GIBBARD & SON have just manufacture the finest hardwood bedroom sets ever produce in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

—An immense variety of gift books, bibles, hymns, Xmas cards and booklets at Gallagher's.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—Gallagher's stock o toys is the largest and his prices the lowest.

—The cheapest toys are to be found at Vance's 7 cent store, west of the Campbell House.

—Don't fail to see that $15 bedroom sett, all hardwood and extra finished, at GIBBARD'S.

—Everybody is talking about Gallagher's new goods and low prices. Call and see for yourself,

—All bedroom setts sold by GIBBARD & SON have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap trash that makes your face look as though you had lost the best friend on earth.

—Handsome gift books, very cheap,at Madden's

—All the latest novelties in Xmas goods, cheap, at Madden's.

—Select your Xmas presents now at Madden's

—Dickens, Eliot, Vern, Swift, Schiller, in sets, cheap, at Madden's.

—Another of Hulett's attractions this week is a very fine picture of Uriah Wilson, M. P., which is on exhibition in Perry & Co's. window. It is true to nature and reflects much credit upon the artist. Hulett does not have to send his work out of town to be executed but does it on the premises. Call and see other specimens.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

—Grinding every day at Close's Mill.
JAS. A. CLOSE. 4888d

—Contractor Babcock has finished the John-street sewer, to the satisfaction we understand of all parties.

—Mr. H. W. Adams, the well known American horse buyer, will be at the Brisco house on Saturday next, Dec. 29th, for the purchase of good horses.

—The N. T. & Q. Ry., will run a special excursion train to Napanee on New Year's day. Hours and fares will be found in the advertisement given elsewhere.

—Oranges, lemons, grapes, cranberries, figs, dates, confectionery, groceries, all kinds of canned goods, fish and oysters at lowest living prices at Bruton's.

—Dr. Leonard has removed from Dundas st. otthe Downey residence, between Mr. M. W. Pruyn's and Dr. Clark's late residence, on John-st. 5188atf

—Men's ready-mads suits and Overcoats cheap at Robinson & Co's.

—A well written piece of poety on Hogamany ; account of a presentation to Rev. D. S. Houck ot Camden East and another to Miss Waller at Little Creek, as well as some other matter, we are forced to hold over for next week.

—On our first page will be found an advertisement announcing the sale of the household furniture of Mrs. Mills, who is about moving to California. The furniture can be seen on application at the residence of Mr. W. S. Williams, Thomas-st.

—There is a good chance for some active and trusty men to secure paying work at once by engaging with Jas E. Whitney, nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y., to sell his warranted nursery stock. He furnishes outht free and the work is steady. Experience is not required. 4388m

—We had this year a green Christmas certainly. During Monday night it commenced to rain and continued more or less all day Tuesday. As a consequence it was a dull Christmas, the people not having the heart to take their accustomed part in the festivities usual at this season of year.

On Friday last, the grist and saw mill of Mr. J. B. Gordon, (known as the Rathbun water mill,) at Kingsford, was totally distroyed by fire. Mr. Gordon, and others had been engaged all morning in the mill and at noon proceeded to the residence for dinner. While there the alarm was given, and by the time they reached the mill all was in flames. Just how it caught is not known, but it is supposed from a defective pipe. The loss will be about $6,000. Insured for $2,500. With commendable energy Mr. Gordon has already commenced operations towards rebuilding.

—On Wednesday the nomination of trustees took place in town. In the West Ward Mr. D. H. Preston was re-elected for another term, as also was Mr. A. L. Morden in the Centre Ward. For the latter ward Mr. A. W. Grange was elected by acclamation to fill the unexpired term of J. A. Sexsmith, resigned. In the East Ward there is to be a contest, Mr. Geo. Mills having been nominated in opposition to Mr. Wm. Templeton, whose termed has just expired. We hope the electors will show their good judgment by again returning Mr. Templeton and thus keep our efficient school board intact.

—This week Mr. T. B. Lund, of Newburgh, is moving over to the Vandebogart farm, which he has engaged to manage for Mr. Gibson, of Napanee. Mr. Lund is expecting friends out from the old country with a consignment of entire horses(expected to be English shires.) It is the intention to try to establish an import trade in pure bred horses from the United Kingdom. They will be

is now in the Grange Block. | Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

SPECIALTIES!

Robinson & Co

(SUCCESSORS TO DOWNEY & CO)

Beg to call your attention to their Special Bargains for the Holiday Season

Mantle Plushes worth $6 for 3.00 per yard
Silk Sealettes worth $15 for 11.35 ; worth 10.00 for 7.25
Black Silks worth $1.60 for 1.07 per yard.
Blac Henriettas worth $1.60 tor 1.15 per yard
Wool Cashmeres, all colors, worth 50c for 30 per yard
50 dozen Silk Handkerchiefs from 25 cents up
Gents' Ties from 20c up Fur Boas of all kinds
50 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs cheap.
Persian Lamb Caps worth $9.00 at 7.00 ; worth 6.00 at 4.00 , worth 4·00 at 3.00
Boys' Nutria Caps worth 2.50 at 1.75

Millinery Goods of Every Description at Cost

MISS SMITH, Milliner

We make a specialty of Mens' Fine Ordered Clothing

JAMES WALTERS, Cutter.

We make a Specialty of Boys' Clothing

For Ladies' Mantles and Costumes

WE CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

Every garment guaranteed satisfactory Our Specialty—Cheapness and good quality combined.

Our bargains must be seen to be appreciated. We want your custom. Try us and you will find that square dealing goes with every transaction.

ROBINSON & CO'Y,

SUCCESSORS TO DOWNEY & CO.

a consignment of entire horses(expected to be English shires.) It is the intention to try to establish an import trade in pure bred horses from the United Kingdom. They will be in direct connection with a gentleman who has had large experience in exporting English shires to the state of Iowa. Nothing but first-class registered stock will be handled by them. Parties wishing to deal may place the utmost confidence in them.

—Boys ready-made suits andover coats cheap at Robinson and Co's.

—Last week search warrants were issued and a raid made upon the hotels of Mrs. Wycott and Jno Babcock, of Odessa. The result wasthat at the former place five packages containing six bottlesofliquor and some beer were found. The packages were very ingeniously done up, to appear as though they were parcels of dry goods. At Babcock's whiskey and beer was also found. Both appeared before the Police Magistrate on two charges, that of keeping and selling liquor contrary to the Scott Act. Babcock's case was adjourned until tnis morning at 10 o'clock and Mrs. Wycott's for a week,and awarrant asked for her arrest.—On Tuesday Jas. McAvoy, of the Rankin House, was up for a first offence. The case was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

--If there was a happy man in town on Wednesday morning it was Mr. H. V. Fralick, superintendent of the Western Methodist Sabbath School The evening previous, Christmas night, the annual Christmas gathering was held, and proved a decided success, much to his credit and that of his coadjutors.—Mr. and Mrs. Paul, Misses Shipman, Miss Marie Tilley and J. C. Drewry. Mr. Paul had charge of the training of the school for the choruses, Miss Shipman the primary class and Miss Tilley the wand exercise and kindergarten songs and each worked with a determination to make it a success and succeeded admirably. At about six o'clock the school assembled in the basement and were given a feast. Tables were set the full length of the room. The centre, and a short one across the top, was fitted up for the primary class, the chairs from the classroom being used. It was an exceedingly happy sight to see the little ones seated round the low tables enjoying the good things provided by the teachers and friends. Tea over the children marched upstairs and seated themselves in the centre seats of the church, some of the larger scholars at the top of each of the side seats. The remaining seats and gallery were occupied by those not members of the school who had assembled to enjoy the treat. The programme consisted of fourteen selections, the little ones acquitting themselves exceedingly well. From the opening to the close there was not the slightest hitch to mar the enjoyment. The song "Clap your Hands for joy" by the primary class ; the wand exercise and the kindergarten songs were highly appreciated. The piece that brought down the house was the recitation by Emma Downer, a little girl of six summers, who recited the most natural we have ever heard. During the evening the superintenant gave a short report, showing that the school was in a flourishing condition, the average attendance for 1888 being 299, an increase of 50 over the former year. The proceeds amounted to over $45, and this in addition to free admission to all members of the school. Before the distribution of the "fruit" Mrs. Freeman Lane was called to the platform and on behalf of her class presented with nicely bound copies of Scott and Byron's poetical works. The presentation was made by Wm. Vandewaters and a suitable address, (which we will give next issue,) read by Chas. Stevens. Leonard, who pumps the church organ, was remembered ; he was presented with a fur cap and muffler.

—The Board of Health met on Monday night last and closed up the year's business by passing a few accounts.

—Report of promotion examination held at S. S. No. 12, Richmond. R. R. Lennox and Wm. J. Taylor, Examiners.—Highest possible marks 255, half to pass.

Olive Provins,	No. 3	Richmond.....	175
Bata Sills,	No. 12	"	164
Wm. Bowen	No. 3,	"	202
Millard Groom,	No. 3.	"	181
Jno. Cline,	No. 12	"	201
Andrew Kitchen	No. 3,	"	190

—On Monday last the nomination of municipal candidates took place at Amherst Island under a special law which favors island municipalities. The candidates are: For reeve—Robert Filson, ex-reeve; Robert Patterson, the present reeve For councillors—William Allen, R. Roden Burleigh, Robert Fleming, Wm. Fleming, Thomas Hill, Charles M. Howard, Alex. McKee, David Reid.

—Peck & Freeman's mammoth spectacular Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. appear at the opera house this (Friday) evening: This company have been playing to crowded houses in the lower provinces for some time and are now making a tour through Ontario. The Recorder of Fredericton N. B., in speaking of their appearance there says "they gave the best performance ever witnessed here, and will receive an overflowing house should they return at any time." Plan of hall at J. J. Perry's.

—Thursday night of last week the most successful bible society meeting ever held in Napanee took place in the Western Methodist church. It was presided over by His Honor Judge Wilkison, who in opening the meeting made an admirable address. There was a very good turnout, showing that the townspeople take quite an interest in the work performed by this organization. Able addresses were delivered by Revs. Messrs. Baker, Young and Chambers. A more extended report will be given next week.

—Promotion to 4th class, Napanee public Schools: West ward, Beatrice Deroche; Lulu Embury; Evelyn Fraser; Winnie Moore; Horeuce Oneill; Emma Robinson; Louis Fraser; David Hamilton; Allan Preston; Alfred Richardson; Perry Schryver; Fred W. Scott; Harry Trumpour; Walter Vanalstine. East Ward, Calder Fletcher; Herbert Collier; George Degroff; Hammel Deroche; Richard Gannon; George Gorden; Hartley Lapum: Harry Scott; Laura Close; Blanche Hill; Maggie McGoun; Winnie Templeton.

—The Rev. E. Dewart Lewis, District Deputy for this County for the Royal Templars of Temperance, has arranged for a series of meetings to be held in Napanee beginning on January 3rd. The aim is "to unite all Christian Temperance people in an effort, to bring encouragement, arouse enthuiasm, and promote the interest of the the temperance cause." The meetings will be conducted by Messrs Dunnett & Stafford of Hamilton, who were so successful recently in Deseronto. As an earnest and effective speaker, Mr. Dunnett, the leader, has a wide reputation. The singing is also attractive.

—On the 11th of next month the citizens of Napanee will enjoy a treat, in the shape of an entertainment by the Hungarian Gipsy Band. They cannot be too highly spoken of as will be seen by the following from the Toronto Mail of Sep. 22nd: The Hungarian Gipsy Band, which has been delighting thousands of people at the Industrial Fair, gave a free concert at the Permanent Exhibition, under the auspices of the Press Club. Their fascinating and original performance gave extreme pleasure to those present. In their selections of Hungarian music the fire and abandon of their playing and the bizarre effects had a strangely exciting facination for their auditors. This was especially the

gramme for the evening entertainment on the 16th Jan; also to attend to printing and advertising.

Messrs Doller and Bogart were instructed to wait on the county council and secure the annual grant of $25.

The meeting adjourned to the 16th of January at 10 a. m.

M. BOGART, Sec.

The Municipal Elections.

As the time for nominating candidates to fill the respective offices of mayor, reeve, deputy-reeve and councillors approaches, Dame Rumor is more lively than ever. There is quite a list of names mentioned in connection with the respective offices; who will and who will not stand we are not in a position to state, most of those whose names are mentioned being undecided as to their course. Next Monday the nomination takes place.

At 10 o'clock a. m. the mayor, reeve, and deputy-reeve, will be nominated at the town hall; Philip Embury being returning officer.

For East Ward councillors the nomination will be held at the shop of Mr. Jno. Fennell, at 12 o'clock noon; Jas. Perry returning officer.

Centre Ward nomination takes place at the town hall at the same hour. S. R. Miller, presiding.

Jas. McCoy will act as returning officer for the West Ward. The nomination will be held at the office of the Cement Works.

Western Methodist Church Anniversary.

A very pleasant gathering took place in the Western Methodist Church on Monday evening of last week, the occasion being the annual meeting of the congregation, at which reports of the different departments of the church work were given.

After singing and prayer, the pastor in his report said that the attendance at the class and prayer services had largely increased during the year, but the point to be noticed particularly was the internal growth of the church.

The president of the Young People's Association gave a most satisfactory report of the year's work, stating that the society never was larger nor more enthusiastic. The report was received and a motion passed expressing the thanks of the congregation for the work done.

After a selection from the choir, the superintendent of the Sunday School, H. V. Fralick, Esq, gave a verbal report of the growth of the school during the year. The average attendance had increased from 240 to 299, while the collection averaged over $4 a Sunday. Mr. Fralick, and the teachers and officers of the Sunday School, received a hearty vote of thanks from the congregation.

After another selection by the choir, some members of the congregation indulged in very complimentary remarks towards that body.

The Recording Steward and treasurer of the church, A. L. Morden, Esq., gave a very elaborate report of the finances, showing a marked increase in all of the funds of the church. That part of the treasurer's report dealing with the parsonage and repair fund was most gratifying. $4,000 had been subscribed, payable in two annual instalments. The expenditure was in the neighborhood of $5,000; of this amount $2394.00 had already been paid in being the first half of the subscriptions and the balance coming from other sources. Mr. Morden received a hearty vote of thanks for the report presented, it being evident that the congregation realized that the success achieved during the year was in no small measure due to the untiring energy of the treasurer.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR! TO ALL

In wishing all our friends and customers a Happy and Prosperous New Year, we may just mention that our Protection Sale has been a grand success, and we have got our stock in finer shape than ever before at this season of the year.

Of course we still have a fine assortment of Winter Goods, which must be cleared out to make room for our early spring shipments, part of which are now on the road.

We are offering clearing prices on all kinds of Winter Goods, as balance of stock of Dress Goods, Tweeds, Mantle Cloths, Blankets, Flannels, Fancy Woolens, Clouds, etc., must be cleared out, and we are offering them at prices that will clear them out quickly.

Our Stock of Furs

is badly demoralized. What we still have are A No. 1 goods, and we are bound to clear out every dollar's worth, if possible. Cost is not taken into consideration. No reasonable offer refused.

In our Millinery Department

strange as it may appear, we are just as

their fascinating and original performance gave extreme pleasure to those present. In their selections of Hungarian music the fire and abandon of their playing and the bizarre effects had a strangely exciting facination for their auditors. This was especially the case in their playing of the celebrated Racocey march. Plan of hall open at J. J. Perry's on Saturday.

—The annual Christmas gathering of the Eastern Methodist Sabbath School was held on Christmas night. There was a very fair attendance, though not as large as the entertainment called for. The cantata "Christmas Eve" was given by 100 voices, under the leadership of Mr. L. H. Bennett, who took considerable pains in training the children. Solos were nicely rendered by Ruby Chambers, Juanita Chambers, Lousie Daly and Eddie Knight; duets by Charlie Wilson and Melville Nixon, Carrie Williams and May Ward. Allen Davis as father Christmas delighted the audience. Myrtle Kennedy's rendition of kindergarten songs was excellent. Recitations were given by Jas Henry, Clarence Warner and Eddie Grange, and an address by Rev. A. B. Chambers. Confectionery, candies, Xmas cards, golden text rolls and pocket lessons for 1889 were distributed. Special presentations were made to Mrs, T. W. Casey and Miss Chambers by their respect ve classes. Proceeds $50.

Farmers' Institute.

NAPANEE, Dec. 15th 1888.

A meeting of the Lennox Farmers' Institute was held in the council chamber, the vice-president, A. J. Dunbar, in the chair.

After reading and adopting the minutes of the last meeting, the following communication, from R. N. Switzer, in reply to the resolution tendered him at last meeting, was read:

To the members of the Lennox Farmers' Institute:

Honored and Dear Sirs,—I beg to say in reply to your sympathetic address that I fully appreciate the very kind sentiments you are pleased to express, and desire to assure you that I am deeply grateful to have secured your confidence and esteem. You will readily believe that it is a great trial to me to be compelled to sever my connection with the scenes and relationship of early life and I assure you it is no small trial for me to resign my membership in your association and give up the active pursuit of agriculture in this, my native county. It is true I have endeavored in an unpretentious way to improve the live stock of this county, but I have been one of many farmers who have made a noble effort to improve the breed of our stock. Though I propose going from Ontario I shall ever cherish a warm interest in your welfare, and you will allow me to say that it is very desirable that the meetings of the Farmers' Institute should be more generally and regularly attended. I may have been as blame worthy as any other but if by some means the farmers generally could be induced to share in the business of the Institutes, it would more truly accomplish the purpose of its existence. Again thanking you for your kind wishes, I remain faithfully yours.

R. N. SWITZER.

Switzerville, Dec. 3, 1888.

A communication from the Agricultural College, giving notice that the 16th of January was the date fixed at which one or more of the professors would be present and deliver addresses on the following subjects, selected out of a number of subjects by the institute; said meeting to commence at 10 a. m. and continue throughout the day and evening.

Prof F. C. Greenside, V. S., day subjects, "Hereditary Diseases of the Horse" and "Horse Breeding in Ontario"; evening, "Disease Germs," of special interest to the people of the town.

D. Nicols, Esq., day subjects "Over Cropping, the Folly of It," and "Rotation of Crops"; evening, "Advice to Young Farmers,"

Mr. Allen Pringle, of Richmond, was requested to prepare a paper on the benefits and advantages of the silo and ensilage.

Messrs Dunbar, Doller and Bogart were appointed a committee to prepare a programme for the next meeting.

A vote of thanks was tendered the chairman for his able conduct in the chair, and the meeting adjourned.

Hearty Vote of Thanks.

At the annual meeting of the Methodist congregation held on Monday evening last, Rev. Mr. Morden received a hearty vote of thanks for the report presented, it being evident that the congregation realized that the success achieved during the year was in no small measure due to the untiring energy of the treasurer.

The pastor and congregation have reason to feel gratified at the years work. Much good has been done; both congregation and Sunday School have increased, the membership has been built up and the people feel that their efforts are being owned of God.

Grand Results.

For several years R. H. Brown, of Kincardine, suffered from dyspepsia, he says he tried several physicians and a host of remedies without relief. His druggist recommended B. B. B. which he declares produced "grand results," for which he gives it his highest recommendation.

MARRIED.

ANDERSON—SOLMES.—On Dec 19th, at the residence of W. N. Doller, Esq. Dundas-St., by the Rev. E. N. Baker, A. Anderson, to Hester Solmes, both of Deseronto.

MILLER—NICHOLSON.—By Rev H. I. Allen, at the home of the bride, on Dec 19, Mr Thomas A. Miller to Miss Alice M. Nicholson, both of Ernesttown.

KEECH—KEECH.—By the Rev. E. E. Howard at the parsonage, South Napanee, Dec 22nd, V. Keech, Esq., of North Fredericksburgh, and Mrs. S. Keech, of Camden.

YERX—SILLS.—On December 24th, at the residence of W. N. Doller, Esq., by Rev E. N. Baker, B D., Jonathan Yerx, of Picton, to Willinna Sills, of Richmond.

BROWN—KELLER.—At the Methodist parsonage, Newburgh, by the Rev John J. Leach, Ph. B., on Christmas day, 1888, Mr J. H. Brown, of Moscow, to Miss Mary Alice Keller, of Camden.

CUTHILL—HOWELL.—At the parsonage, south Napanee, Dec. 26th, by the Rev. E. E. Howard, Mr James Cuthill and Miss Josephine, youngest daughter of Paul Howell, Esq., both of North Fredericksburgh.

DIED.

WEESE.—At Adolphustown, on Dec. 15th, Edward Weese, aged about 12 years.

JANES.—In Richmond, on Dec. 16th, Henry Janes, son of of Mr. Thos Janes, aged 1 year and 1 month.

BROWN.—In Napanee, on Dec. 18th, Albert Brown, aged 32 years and 4 months.

MILLER.—In Ernesttown, on Dec. 20, Leroy P. Miller, only child of Mr Jas Miller, aged 5 years and 20 days.

PARKS.—In North Fredericksburgh, on Dec. 20, Mrs Matilda Parks, aged 58 years and 10 months.

BAKER.—In Richmond, on Dec. 23rd, William Baker, aged 79 years, 5 months and 17 days.

BUTLAND.—In South Fredericksburgh, on Dec 23rd, James Butland, aged 88 years.

BOGART.—At Gosport, on Monday, Dec. 24th, 1888, Lewis Lazier Bogart, aged 84 years, 11 months and 6 days.

In A Dreadful Condition.

Hattie E. Manthorn, of Mill Village, Ont, says, "My cough was dreadful, I could not sleep at nights on account of it, but when I used Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I had rest and was quickly cured." All druggists sell this invaluable cough remedy.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with name, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 149 *Powers' Block Rochester* N. Y.

First-class rigs. Reasonable rates.

Special attention to Commercial Men.

R. H. POTTER'S,

(Formerly Potter & Williams)

LIVERY, SALE AND BOARDING STABLE

East of the Brisco House, Dundas-st., Napanee

In our Millinery Department

strange as it may appear, we are just as busy as ever. No dull season. Stock always well assorted. Balance of Winter Goods to be cleared out cheap, as Mrs. Doxsee is already selecting Spring Goods.

Early Spring Goods.

We are already in receipt of a few shipments of early spring staples, consisting of

Grey & White Cottons,

Sheetings, Tablings,

Cotton Tweeds and Shirtings.

As there is a decided drop in prices as compared with last fall's purchases, customers will do well to examine our prices on these goods before purchasing, as they are considerably below last season's Cost Price.

REMNANTS.

We have a large accumulation of Remnants of all kinds, which we are offering at about half price.

HOOPER & DOXSEE,

The Leading Millinery House.

We have twice requested the immediate payment of all accounts. We must now insist on all accounts being at once paid. We have waited very patiently, and trust now our friends will respond at once, as at this season of the year every account must be paid.

HOOPER & DOXSEE.

B... our st... Bran, P... Tea at p... never heard of bef... 3 lbs dust tea for 25c. All goods warranted to give satisfaction or will cheerfully refund the money. GEO I HAM west of 7 cent store.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FR

TO RENT.

The undersigned offers to rent his farm, near Newburgh. There is a good comfortable dwelling house on the place. Apply to
889dtf DR. GRANT, Napanee.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2888ly Barristers, Napanee

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario. Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.
C. A. CORNELL,
4288 PROPRIETOR.

F. X BEZO,

MANUFACTURER OF
TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.
881mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

TO LET

Stores, Hall and Offices with vaults to let in Rennie Block, Napanee, now ready for occupation and will be rented at moderate rents.
Apply to JOHN RENNIE,
589dtf 30 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,
Or to LAHEY & MCKENTY, Napanee.

FOR SALE.

The pure bred Holstein Friesian Bull, Facinto, No. 6502, calved April 23rd, 1887. This bull is beautifully marked, closely related to families of high milking qualities, of kind disposition and is a sure stock getter.
W. H. CADMAN,
289h Adolphustown

ATLAS

FIRE ASSURANCE CO.

LONDON, ENG. Established 1808.

Capital, - $6,000,000,

Insures mercantile property, private residences, Farm and every class of insurable risks at lowest rates. Losses promptly adjusted and paid. EDMUND HOOPER, Agent.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,
(County of Lennox and Addington,)
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.
TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4588ly

HOUSE PAINTING

BY

S. W. PRINGLE.

PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING,

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT.

The executors offer for sale the house and lot of the late Mich. Ryan, on Piety Hill, on north side of Mill street.

It contains eight rooms. There is a good sized garden, with fruit trees. Frame barn. Good well at the door. Apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors
689dtf John-st., Napanee.

IMPORTED

THOROUGHBRED STOCK.

The undersigned has for sale

Three Pure-bred English Shire Stallions,

duly recorded in the English Stud Book.

They can be seen at Mr. Gibson's stables, near the G. T. R., Napanee. Inspection is cordially invited.

W. H. HUTCHINSON,
989dtf Napanee, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale his farm of 112 acres, being the north part of lot two, in the third concession of Richmond. The greater part of the land is cleared and under cultivation. On the place are a good frame house, barn and two sheds, two wells and a spring, and in the neighborhood are two churches, a school house and cheese factory. The proprietor would accept a small place in part pay for the farm. For particulars enquire of the proprietor, or JOHN ENGLISH, Esq., Napanee.

ROBT MARTIN,
Jan 7th, 1889 789dtf Napanee

NOTICE.

We beg to notify all those who are indebted to the Napanee Agricultural Works by note or book account that

PAYMENT MUST BE MADE BY FEBRUARY 15th, 1889

As we have a considerable amount outstanding, we trust all parties interested will accept this notice and remit promptly, otherwise we shall have to resort to the courts for collection. If you do not get your account by mail call at our office and we shall be pleased to furnish you with a statement.

JOHN HERRING,
589atf Napanee Agricultural Works,

WANTED.

Elm Stave Bolts and Logs For Hoops,

to be delivered at the

Cement Company's Works

at Napanee Mills, or at any point along the line of N. T. & Q. Ry.

For particulars as to cutting, etc., apply to

NAPANEE CEMENT WORKS,
989dtf Napanee Mills.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

CONTINUATION OF THE JANUARY SESSION.

Balance of Thursday's Proceedings.

Moved by Mr. James Reid, seconded by Mr. Thomson, that the chairman of the county property committee be authorized to ask for tenders for wood and coal for the use of the court house, jail and registry office for the present year; also to employ an architect to examine the court-room, in order to get the same properly repaired and ventilated. Carried.

Mr. G. A. Aylsworth, of Newburgh, was allowed to address the council in support of a petition proposed to be sent to the Dominion government, by this council, asking that the municipality of Newburgh be relieved of its railway debt, by the government.

Moved by Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Parks, that a deputation be appointed by this council to present the petition to the government at Ottawa, and that the Warden be authorized to sign the same.

Carried on the following division:

YEAS—Messrs. Aylsworth, Allison, Ball, Baker, Bryden, Carson, Filson, Hinch, Lapum, Parks, Jas. Reid, Sweetnam, Sexsmith, Thomson, Wees, Leonard Wagar, J. H. Wagar—17.

NAYS—Messrs. Derbyshire, Fraser, Jackson, Roblin, Haner Reid—5.

On motion the council adjourned until 10 a.m. to-morrow.

Fourth Day.

Council met at 10 a.m., the Warden in the chair.

Members all present. Minutes of yesterday's session read and confirmed.

A communication from the secretary of the Napanee Board of Education, asking a special grant of $650, was read.

On motion it was referred to the Education and Printing committee to report.

A petition from the Newburgh School Board, asking a grant of $225, was read, and on motion was referred to the Education and Printing committee to report.

Mr. H. Reid gave notice that he would to-morrow introduce a by-law to repeal By-law No. 111.

Moved by Mr. Roblin, seconded by Mr. Derbyshire, that the finance committee, to which was referred the matter of the county treasurer, report at this session of the council. Carried.

A statement of the county treasurer, as to amount of county rate due, cash on hand, etc., was read.

On motion the council adjourned until 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 p. m. the council resumed. The warden in the chair, members all present.

Mr. Aylsworth brought in the report of the special committee re Lochead and Asselstine vs the county, recommending that

S. W. PRINGLE.

PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING, KALSOMINING, GLAZING, ETC.

First-class workmen. Prompt service and moderate charges.

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.
2088ly

THE
ONTARIO MUTUAL
LIFE ASSURANCE CO

The office of the Napanee agency of this company, until further announcement, will be in the boot and shoe store of J. W. Anderson. Policyholders please call there until further notice.

R. B. MASTEN,
General Agent, Picton.
W. PHILLIPS,
889 1tf Agent, Napanee.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

To whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, who have been carrying on the business of millers for some time at Camden East, under the name and style of Bicknell and Parrott, have dissolved partnership, and that all debts due and accruing due to the said firm have been assigned to the undersigned,

R. F. BICKNELL,

and that he alone is entitled and authorized to collect the same.

Dated at Camden East the 16th day of January, A.D. 1889.

(Signed) B. D. PARROTT,
889c (Signed) R. F. BICKNELL.

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anaesthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2288ly

TO OUR READERS!

We have made arrangements with the publishers of the COTTAGE HEARTH, Boston, Mass., to offer the Napanee EXPRESS with their magazine this year.

THE COTTAGE HEARTH

Is a well known Family Magazine now in its 14th year, and is a favorite wherever introduced. It has each month music, floral and health departments, latest fancy work, Sabbath reading, Demorest's patterns, approved receipts, household hints and prize puzzles for children.

THIS BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED

Monthly Magazine has among its many

CONTRIBUTORS

Edward Everett Hale, Lucy Larcom, Celia Thaxter, Louise Chandler Moulton, George McDonald, Margaret Deland, Augusta Moore, Rose Terry Cook.,

It is a large 34-page elegantly printed magazine, and has attained a large circulation solely on its merits as a family magazine. Its

PRICE, $1.50 A YEAR,

is very low for such a desirable home magazine but we offer to send it and THE EXPRESS a year to any one, forwarding $1.50 in cash.

Sample copies sent free on application to F. P. Shumway, [illegible]ton, Mass. For further particulars

EXPRESS,
NAPANEE.

NAPANEE CEMENT WORKS,
989dtf Napanee Mills.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

s confined exclusively o isolated a rm property and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. B. Aylesworte M. W. VanLuven, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills, Miles Shorey, and A. C. Parks.

Honorary Directors—D. W. Allison. A. P. VanLuven, J. W. Bell, M. P., James Baker, Jacob schemerhorn and D. C. Forward, Allen Pringle.

President—John B. Aylsworth, Esq.
Vice-President—B. C. Lloyd, Esq
Secretary—N. A. Caton, Esq.
Treasurer—Miles Shorey, Esq.
General Agent—J. N. McKim, J. C. McNeill.
Auditors—Ira B. Hudgins and E. L. Percy

The Board meets at the Company's office on th first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sum $400 nd upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. Firs -class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

orrespondence solicite T. G. Davis
c2881y Insurance and Money Loaning Agen

THE
Adjustable Head-Raise
SPRING BED BOTTOM

MANUFACTURED BY

G. N. GARRISON,

COLEBROOK, - - ONT

The very best bed in the market, being especially adapted for invalids.

Indespensible—Every house should have at least one.

See samples on Napanee market every Saturday. Send orders direct to

G. N. GARRISON
9893m COLEBROOK.

IN THE MATTER OF SAMUEL MCLAUGHLIN, OF THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, IN THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, GROCER, AN INSOLVENT.

The said insolvent having made an assignment to me in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1887, Chapter 124, in trust for the benefit of his creditors, all persons who are creditors of the said insolvent are hereby notified to send by post prepaid or otherwise deliver to the undersigned at the

COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, ON OR BEFORE

Monday, February 25th, 1889

their christian names, surnames, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, verified by affidavit, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 25th day of February, A. D, 1889, the assets of the said insolvent will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required and this notice being given under the provisions of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1887, chapter 10, sec. 36 the undersigned will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

O. T. PRUYN,
Sheriff County Lennox and Addington,
Dated Napanee, Jan 21st, '89 889d ASSIGNEE

Mr. Aylsworth brought in the report of the special committee re Lochead and Asselstine vs the county, recommending that $150 be offered Lochead and $25 to Asselstine, each party to pay their own cost.

On motion it was received and adopted.

Mr. Parks brought in the report of the special committee re treasurer's sureties, to the effect that the county were secured by a mortgage for $15,000 on Mr. Parrott's real estate, and also held his bond for a similar sum.

On motion it was received and adopted.

The statement of the treasurer re county rate due, cash on hand, etc., was again brought up.

On motion it was ordered filed.

Moved by Mr. Baker, seconded by Mr. Thomson, that the following gentlemen be appointed a deputation to wait upon the Dominion Government, in order to lay before them the memorial from the council with reference to the railway debentures of the village of Newburgh, viz: The warden and Messrs Jas Reid, Lapum, Parks and Sexsmith. Carried.

Mr. Baker brought in the report of the county property committee.

On motion the council went into a committee of whole on the report. Mr Baker in the chair. The committee rose and the chairman reported the adoption of the report with amendment.

On motion the report of the committee of whole was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Baker, seconded by Mr. Reid, that T. H. Waller's accounts for gaol and court house supplies, rendered this session, and amounting to $62.84, and $40.38, respectively, be both referred to the special committee to which was referred Mr. Waller's account for $156.93 for registry office supplies. Carried.

On motion the council adjourned until 10 a. m. to-morrow.

Fifth Day.

The council met at 10 a. m., persuant to adjournment, the warden in the chair.

Members all present. Minutes of yesterday read and confirmed.

Mr. Reid introduced a By-law to repeal By-law No. 111, appointing L. A. Wheeler County Game Inspector.

On motion it was read a first time.

This By-law stands until the March session by consent.

A communication from Messrs. Morden & Wilson in re Lochead vs. the county, was read.

Moved by Mr. Parks, seconded by Mr. Lapum, that the warden be authorized to sign orders, in favor of the plaintiffs in the suits of Lochead & Asselstine vs. the county, for the amount recommended to be paid them, by this special committee, in case they accept said amounts in settlement. Carried

Mr. Fowler addressed the council on behalf of the fishermen, and asked the council to assist in having the size of the mesh of the net used in catching white fish reduced.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Baker, that, after hearing Mr. Fowler respecting a petition to the Hon. Minister of Marine and Fisheries, asking that the Dominion Government take into consideration the advisability of reducing the size of the mesh from 5¼ to 4¼ inches for the purpose of enabling them to net white and other fish on the north shore of Lake Ontario: Therefore be it resolved that this council fully endorses the prayer of said petition, and that a deputation composed of the warden and Messrs. Jas. Ried, Lapum, Parks and Sexsmith, be appointed to assist in presenting the said petition to the government, and press for its aproval, and that a copy of this resolution be attached to the said petition, and that the warden and

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 90

EXPRESS

DO NOT DELAY
But call and exami our stock of Flour, Fee Bran, Pork, Sugar an Tea at prices neve heard of before; wil sell 20 per cent cheape than any other house i town. 18 bars of fam ily soap 25c.
288ly G. I. HAM

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

FRIDAY, FEB. 1, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No. 9.

clerk be authorized to sign on behalf of this corporation. Carried.

Mr. Roblin brought in the report of the committee on education and printing.

On motion the council went into committee of whole on the report, Mr. Roblin in the chair. The committee rose and the chairman reported the adoption of the report without amendment,

On motion the report of the committee of whole was adopted.

This report recommended the payment of certain accounts for printihg, and stationery; that $300 be granted to the Napanee High School, and $225 be given to Newburgh High School; and that the County printing be given, as last year. T. S. Henry tendered for a portion of the printing, but the committe ignored his tender, and stated that THE EXPRESS and Beaver were doing the work satisfactory and at reasonable rates.

On motion the council adjourned until 1.30 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Council resumed at 1.30, the warden in the chair.

Members all present.

Moved by Mr. Sweetnam, seconded by Mr. L. Wagar, that whereas, J. S. Miller, M.PP., deems it necessary for this council to send a deputation of one or two of its members to Toronto, in order to strengthen him in laying before the local government the needs of the colonization roads in the rear of this county, resolved, that such a deputation be sent.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Fraser, seconded by Mr. Derbyshire, that this council memorialize the provincial government to repair or rebuild what is known as the Claire river bridge; also expend such amounts of money on the colonization roads in the rear of this county, as will put them in a fit state of repair for public travel, and the warden and clerk sign and forward the same. Lost.

The original motion was declared carried on the following division:

YEAS—Messrs. Ball, Baker, Bryden, Filson, Jackson, Roblin, James Reid, H. Reid, Sweetnam, Thomson, L. Wagar, J. H. Wagar—12.

NAYS—Messrs. Aylsworth, Allison, Carson, Derbyshire, Fraser, Hinch, Lapum, Parks, Sexsmith, Wees—10.

Mr. Baker brought in the second report of the county property committee.

On motion it was received and adopted.

Moved by Mr. James Reid, seconded by Mr. Ball, that Messrs. Sweetnam, Bryden and L. Wagar be a deputation to go to Toronto to assist Mr. Miller, M.PP., in re grants to Claire river bridge and the colonization roads in this county.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Derbyshire, seconded by Mr. Allison, that Mr. Sweetnam be appointed as a delegate.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Mr Lapum, seconded by Mr. Sexsmith, that Messrs. Sweetnam and Bryden be the deputation. Lost.

The amendment was also put and lost.

The original motion was then put and declared carried.

THE FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS FOR 1889.

County Council Reform Dealt With.

The annual meeting of the above Institute was held in the council chamber on Saturday last at two o'clock. The gathering was much larger than usual, and an increased interest on the part of the farmers was clearly manifested.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting, Mr. C. W. Neville, of Ernesttown, was appointed associate auditor with Ira B. Hudgins, of Richmond, and they, after carefully examining the treasurer's books, submitted the following report:

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand from last audit	$16 75
Government Grant	25 00
Member's subscriptions	16 20
Total	$57 95

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid out as per vouchers	$20 10
Balance on hand	$37 85

On motion the auditors report was adopted.

The election of officers for 1889 was then proceeded with, the following being declared elected:

President—A. J. Dunbar.
Vice-President—Ira B. Hudgins.
Secretary—M. Bogart.
Treasurer—W. N. Doller.
Directors—U. Sills and W. N. Doller for Napanee; Ibri Sills and H. Vankoughnett for Richmond; C. W. Neville, B. E. Aylsworth and M. Empey for Ernesttown; Ira Pringle and J. C. Carscallen for North Fredericksburgh; Wm. Phippen for South Fredericksburgh, and F. C. Bogart for Adolphustown.

Auditors, Alexander Rose and M. Empey.

Allen Pringle and M. Bogart were appointed delegates to the Central Farmers' Institute, to be held in Toronto on February 5th, 6th and 7th. The delegates desired an expression of opinion on some of the matters to be dealt with by the Central Institute, and considerable discussion followed on the questions of statute labor, county council reform and doing away with township shows. It was finally moved by C. W. Neville, and seconded by H. Vankoughnett, that we as an Institute approve of the present system of statute labor, and instruct our delegates to the Central Institute to advocate its retention; that township shows be done away with, and that the number of representatives to the county council should be greatly diminished. Carried.

The secretary opened a discussion on the merits of ensilage and the silo as advocated in Mr. Pringle's paper at the publi meeting, stating that the whole was one of storage and feeding; t ists failed to find any more matter in ensilage than in drie the risk of preserving food in thi very great; if the temperture did not reach

A PROTEST

IN NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH.

Reeve Parks, the Subject of the Proceedings—Edward Baird Again.

For some days rumors have been current, that the election of Reeve Parks of North Fredericksburgh, was to be protested, but by many, the rumors, were not believed. Mr. Parks has fought many a hard battle in and for that township, and certainly deserves better treatment than is being given him at the hands of some of its electors. On Tuesday last, all doubt about proceedings being taken, were set at rest by Messrs Preston & Ruttan, as solicitors for the well known Edward Baird, applying for leave to introduce a motion to test the validity of the election of Irvine Parks as Reeve of North Fredericksburgh.

The motion will be returnable before Judge Wilkison, who will fix a time for the hearing of the evidence.

We understand that the usual charges of bribery and corruption are alleged.

Mr. Parks will fight the protest to the end, as he believes it to be started through spite and jealousy at his receiving eleven votes for the wardenship last week.

Since the above was written we have been informed that a mistake had been made in the proceedings, so that the papers have not yet been served. However, Mr. Ruttan is our authority for stating that the protest is under way.

A Sad Death.

We clip the following account of the sad death of Frank A. Brooks, from the Grayville (Illinois) Mercury, of January 12th. Mr. Brooks was the son of Mrs. John C. Martin, of Bell-rock, in the county of Addington, to whom our heartfelt sympathy goes out:

One of those sudden, fatal casualties causing a feeling of horror to steal into the hearts of strong men and bringing the living heedless human face to face with the certainty of death, was announced in the violent death of Frank A. Brooks at the new mill on last Monday morning at about nine o'clock.

Mr. Brooks was a foreman for Todds & Stanley of St. Louis, and was superintending the fitting up of the mill.

The heavy fly wheel of the engine was being lowered into the engine room through the door in front of the boiler by means of ropes and pulleys, and by the slipping of the wheel or some of the ropes it took an unexpected plunge and fell against the boiler, the rim catching the unfortunate man's head between it and the iron plates at the front of the boiler, literally crushing out his brains.

The skull was cru
nea temple
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hou died

deputation. Lost.

The amendment was also put and lost.

The original motion was then put and declared carried.

YEAS.—Messrs. Ball, Baker, Bryden, Filson, Lapum, Roblin, Jas. Reid, H. Reid, Sweetnam, Thomson, L. Wagar, J. H. Wagar.—12.

NAYS.—Messrs. Aylsworth, Allison, Carson, Derbyshire, Fraser, Jackson, Hinch, Parks, Sexsmith, Weese.—10.

Mr. Jas. Reid brought in the report of the special committee in re T. H. Waller's account.

On motion the council went into committee of whole on the report, Mr. James Reid in the chair.

The committee rose and the chairman reported the adoption of the report with amendment.

On motion the report of the committee of whole was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Sweetnam, seconded by Mr. Jackson, that John Cheetham receive $1.50 per day for services as messenger this session. Carried.

A communication from the county registrar was read asking for a caretaker for the registry office.

On motion it was ordered filed.

Moved by Mr. Ball, seconded by Mr. Bryden, that the clerk be instructed to officially notify the several county officials that if they order any repairs or supplies of any nature or kind whatsoever, on account of the county, without an order from either the clerk or chairman of a committee, that they will be held personally responsible for the payments of the accounts for such repairs or supplies. Carried.

Mr. Lapum brought in the report of the finance committee.

On motion it was received and adopted.

On motion the minutes of to-day were read and confirmed.

On motion the council adjourned until the second Tuesday in March next.

Dr. Meacham on Prohibition,

Dr. Meacham, M. P. P. for Lennox, addressed the Prohibition meeting held in the Toronto Pavillon last Sunday afternoon.

The following account of his speech appeared in the Globe of Monday last: Dr. Meacham, a man also of medium build, with brown eyes and beard, a high forehead and spots of rosy red on either cheek, was the next speaker. His voice was earnest and his arguments emphasised by the movements of his hands as he, too, told of the struggles of Prohibiton along the concession lines of Lennox. Abstinence, he said, benefited not only the man who practised it, but his family and State. Abstinence was an individual gain. He pointed out many cruelties and absurdities in the present licensing law. He was willing to do all in his power to make the license law more stringent, and his opinion was, that for second or third offences against it, the offender's license ought to be taken away. He believed that the reverses of last year in Scott Act counties, would really advance Prohibition by showing people the difference between the results of the prohibitive and licensing laws. His idea was that the next move should be to pass a Provincial law and then go to the Dominion. It would, he thought, be a good thing to have two columns on the ballots at Dominion elections, in which electors might vote for or against Prohibition without regard to party. This would give the country's voice on the matter and keep it before the people.

Look Out For It.

If you are troubled with a cold or cough, however light the attack, look out for it, do not allow it to settle on the lungs: break up the cough by loosening the tough phlegm with Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam.

...was one of storage and feeding, ... ists failed to find any more matter in ensilage than in drie... the risk of preserving food in this ... very great; if the temperture did not reach 125° or exceed 122°, the product was sour, turpid food, and the danger of feeding mouldy ensilage was very great, and productive of disease to the stock; that he failed to discover this new truth, that the value of fodder is governed by the amount of water in it; that Prof. Robinson cautions the farmer against expecting too much from the silo, it does not add anything to the material perserved in it, and all it can do is to enable farmers to reduce the bulky part of the cattle feed.

Mr. Evans, of Ernesttown, produced a sample of ensilage just taken out of his silo, sweet, succilent and nutritious, and will at the next meeting, state his plan of silo and mode of preservation.

In the event of Mr. Pringle being unable to attend the Central, Mr. Neville was selected to go in his place.

In addition to receiving the report of the delegates at the next meeting, Mr. Neville was requested to prepare a paper on the breed of cattle best adapted for the general farmer in this county. Criticism will not be wanting, as much difference of opinion exists.

The meeting adjourned until Saturday February 23rd, at half-past one o'clock, in the council chamber, Napanee.

Better Than Ever.

It did seem as though the seedsmen outdid themselves last year in the line of elaborate catalogues, but here comes Vick's Floral Guide for 1889, from Rochester N. Y., better than all previous issues. "Better" hardly expresses it—rather, we should say, far superior. It has been changed in every respect; new cuts, new type, enlarged in size (opening like an old fashioned singing book); contains three elegant lithographs (8x10¾ inches) of Roses, Geraniums and Melon and Tomato; besides a very fine plate of the late James Vick and his three sons who now own and manage this large business. These features must make the Floral Guide valuable to their many thousands of customers in this country.

We also notice that Vick returns to the plan started by the founder of the business years ago, of offering cash prizes at the State Fair. One would think they were a little out of their heads to offer to the public such a work as the Guide free, for that is what it amounts to, when they say it will be sent on receipt of fifteen cents, and that a certificate good for fifteen cents worth of seed, will be returned with the Guide.

Napanee Cemetery Company—Annual Meeting.

The shareholders of the Napanee cemetery company met in the council chamber on Monday afternoon at two o'clock. The following were elected directors for the year 1889:

A. L. Morden, M. W. Pruyn, Geo. Cliff, Wm Miller, James Perry, Edward Roberts, R. G. Wright, P. Embury, John Webster.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, George Cliff was elected President, A. L. Morden, Vice-President, and John Webster, Secretary-Treasurer.

On motion George Cliff, James Perry and John Webster were appointed a committee of management for the ensuing year.

A. L. Morden and P. Embury were appointed auditors, after which the meeting adjourned.

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The Boa... town, held its ... evening last, the f... present, A. L. Morden, ... and W. N. Doller.

The minutes of the last meeting of the retiring board were read and confirmed.

On motion A. L. Morden was appointed chairman of the Board.

Moved by Mr. Doller, seconded by Mr. Morden, that James Emerson be appointed sanitary inspector, and that the council be asked to confirm the appointment. Carried.

The Board decided to meet on the fourth Monday of each month, the meetings to be held at half-past seven o'clock in the evening, except during the months between April and November, when the meetings will be held at eight olclock.

The Board announced their intention of rigidly enforcing the provisions of the Public Health Act, after which they adjourned.

County Convention.

A few well known temperance men held an informal meeting in Napanee on the 30th inst. The petition for the repeal of the Scott Act and the duty of the temperance electorate were considered at some length. After nature deliberation it was on motion resolved to call a county convention to be held in the town hall, Napanee on Thursday Feb. 7th at 1.30 p. m. for the purpose of deciding on a line of action in view of the petition for the repeal of the Canada Temperance Act. All temperance men are hereby notified and invited to attend.

A. B. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

Confederation Completed at Ontario Business College, Belleville.

The arrival of Mr. Fred Green from Summerside, Prince Edward Island, at Ontario business College, rounds off Confederation. Every province and territory in the Dominion has now been represented, including Newfoundland. Mr G.O. Mayer, from Bermuda, has also arrived. Students from the following countries and provinces are in attendance at this time. Barbados, Bermuda, Montana, California, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Quebec and every part of Ontario. In all 21 states and provinces have been represented.

MARRIED.

ALLISON—LOYST.—By the Rev. J.C. Ash assisted by Rev. W. H. Young, on the 23rd inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Roderick Allison to Miss Maggie, eldest daughter of James L. Loyst.

DIED.

PAISLEY.—At Napanee, on Friday 25th Jan. 1889, Nathaniel F. Paisley, aged 31 years and 7 months.

BORN.

FRINK.—At North Fredericksburgh, on January 29th 1889, Sarah Frink aged 86 years.

SEXSMITH.—At Selby, on the sixteenth day of November, the wife of David R. Sexsmith of a son.

HARWOOD.—At South Fredericksburgh, on January 24th inst., Susannah Harwood aged 8... years 11 months.

A Great Chance.

By special arrangements with the publishers of TORONTO SATURDAY NIGHT and CANADIAN FIRESIDE WEEKLY, we are enable to offer both those valuable journals together with ours at the following remarkable low rates: $3.25 per year

789d

"ROUGHING IT IN THE BUSH."

"Come here, Susanna, and tell me wha has been buried here. It looks like the tai of a dog."

She might have added, "Of my dog." Murder, it seems, will out. By some strange hance, the grave that covered the mortal emains of Chowder had been disturbed, nd the black tail of the dog was sticking at.

"What can it be?" said I, with an air of erfect innocence. "Shall I call Jenny, and ig it up?"

"Oh, no, my dear; it has a shocking smell, but it does look very much like Chowder's tail."

"Impossible! How could it come among my peas?"

"True. Besides, I saw Chowder, with my own eyes, yesterday, following a team; and George C—— hopes to recover him for me."

"Indeed! I am glad to hear it. How these mosquitoes sting. Shall we go back to the house?'

While we returned to the house, John, who had overheard the whole conversation, hastily disinterred the body of Chowder, and placed him in the same mysterious grave with Tom and the pig.

Moodie and his friend finished logging-up the eight acres which the former had cleared the previous winter; besides putting in a crop of peas and potatoes, and an acre of Indian corn, reserving the fallow for fall wheat, while we had the promise of a splendid crop of hay off the sixteen acres that had been cleared in 1834. We were all in high spirits, and everything promised fair, until a very trifling circumstance again occasioned us much anxiety and trouble, and was the cause of our losing most of our crop.

Moodie was asked to attend a bee, which was called to construct a corduroy-bridge over a very bad piece of road. He and J. E—— were obliged to go that morning with wheat to the mill, but Moodie lent his yoke of oxen for the work.

The driver selected for them at the bee was the brutal M——y, a man noted for his ill-treatment of cattle, especially if the animals did not belong to him. He gave one of the oxen such a severe blow over the loins with a handspike that the creature came home perfectly disabled, just as we wanted his services in the hay-field and harvest.

Moodie had no money to purchase, or even to hire, a mate for the other ox; but he and John hoped that by careful attendance upon the injured animal he might be restored to health in a few days. They conveyed him to a deserted clearing, a short distance from the farm, where he would be safe from injury from the rest of the cattle; and early every morning we went in the canoe to carry poor Duke a warm mash, and to watch the progress of his recovery.

An! ye who revel in this world's wealth, how little can you realize the importance which we, in our poverty, attached to the life of this valuable animal! Yes, it even became the subject of prayer, for the bread for ourselves and our little ones depended great[illegible] his recovery.—We were doom[illegible]

After nursing him
[illegible]n and for
[illegible]w da[illegible]rse,
[illegible]

This was something gained, and off we set.

It was so dark in the bush, that our dim candle looked like a solitary red spark in the intense surrounding darkness, and scarcely served to show us the path.

We went chatting along, talking over the news of the evening, Hector running on before us, when I saw a pair of eyes glare upon us from the edge of the swamp, with the green, bright light emitted by the eyes of a cat.

"Did you see those terrible eyes, Moodie?" and I clung, trembling, to his arm.

"What eyes?" said he, feigning ignorance. "It's too dark to see anything. The light is nearly gone, and, if you don't quicken your pace, and cross the tree before it goes out, you will, perhaps, get your feet wet by falling into the creek."

"Good Heavens! I saw them again; and do just look at the dog."

Hector stopped suddenly, and, stretching himself along the ground, his nose resting between his forepaws, began to whine and tremble. Presently he ran back to us, and crept under our feet.

Just at that critical moment the wick of the candle flickered a moment in the socket, and expired. We were left, in perfect darkness, alone with the bear—for such we supposed the animal to be.

My heart beat audibly; a cold perspiration was streaming down my face, but I neither shrieked or attempted to run. I don't know how Moodie got me over the creek. One of my feet slipped into the water, but expecting, as I did every moment, to be devoured by master Bruin, that was a thing of no consequence. My husband was laughing at my fears, and every now and then he turned towards our companion, who continued following us at no great distance, and gave him an encouraging shout. Glad enough was I when I saw the gleam of the light from our little cabin window shine out among the trees; and, the moment I got within the clearing I ran, without stopping until I was safely within the house. John was sitting up for us, nursing Donald. He listened with great interest to our adventure with the bear, and thought that Bruin was very good to let us escape without one affectionate hug.

"Perhaps it would have been otherwise had he known, Moodie, that you had not only killed his good lady, bnt were dining sumptuously off her carcass every day."

The bear was determined to have something in return for the loss of his wife. Several nights after this, our slumbers were disturbed, about midnight, by an awful yell, and old Jenny shook violently at our chamber door.

"Masther, masther, dear!—Get up wid you this moment, or the bear will desthroy the cattle intirely."

Half asleep, Moodie sprang from his bed, seized his gun, and ran out. I threw my large cloak round me, struck a light, and followed him to the door. The moment the latter was unclosed, some calves that we were rearing rushed into the kitchen, closely followed by the larger beasts, who came bellowing headlong down the hill pursued by the bear.

It was a laughable scene, as shown by that paltry tallow, candle. Moodie, in his night-shirt, taking aim at something in the darkness, surrounded by the terrified animals; old Jenny, with a large knife in her [illegible]olding on to the white skirts of her [illegible]garment, making outcry loud enough [illegible] away all the wild bea[illegible] the [illegible] a state of nudity.

His wretched followers with the hope of gain,
Feel in his bosom the immortal fire
That bound a Wallace to his country's cause,
And bade the Thracian shepherd cast away
Rome's galling yoke; while the astonished world—
Rapt into admiration at the deed—
Paused, ere she crush'd, with overwhelming force,
The man who fought to win a glorious grave?

The long-protracted harvest was at length brought to a close. Moodie had procured another ox from Drummer, by giving a note at six months date for the payment; and he and John E—— were in the middle of sowing their fall crop of wheat, when the latter received a letter from the old country, which conveyed to him intelligence of the death of his mother, and of a legacy of two hundred pounds. It was necessary for him to return to claim the property, and though we felt his loss severely, we could not, without great selfishness, urge him to stay. John had formed an attachment to a young lady in the country, who, like himself, possessed no property. Their engagement, which had existed several years, had been dropped, from its utter hopelessness, by mutual consent. Still the young people continued to love each other, and to look forward to better days, when their prospects might improve so far that E—— would be able to purchase a bush-farm, and raise a house, however lowly, to shelter his Mary.

He, like our friend Malcolm, had taken a fancy to buy a part of our block of land, which he could cultivate in partnership with Moodie without being obliged to hire, when the same barn, cattle, and implements would serve for both. Anxious to free himself from the thraldom of debts which pressed him sore, Moodie offered to part with two hundred acres at less than they cost us, and the bargain was to be considered as concluded as soon as the money was forthcoming.

It was a sorrowful day when our young friend left us; he had been a constant inmate in the house for nine months, and not one unpleasant word had ever passed between us. He had rendered our sojourn in the woods more tolerable by his society, and sweetened our bitter lot by his friendship and sympathy. We both regarded him as a brother, and parted with him with sincere regret. As to old Jenny, she lifted up her voice and wept, consigning him to the care and protection of all the saints in the Irish calender.

For several days after John left us, a deep gloom pervaded the house. Our daily toil was performed with less cheerfulness and alacrity; we missed him at the evening board, and at the evening fire; and the children asked each day, with increasing earnestness, when dear E—— would return.

Moodie continued sowing his fall wheat. The task was nearly completed, and the chill October days were fast verging upon winter, when towards the evening of one of them he contrived—I know not how—to crawl down from the field at the head of the hill, faint and pale, and in great pain. He had broken the small bone of his leg. In dragging, among the stumps, the heavy machine (which is made in the form of the letter V, and is supplied with large iron teeth) had hitched upon a stump, and being swung off again by the motion of the oxen, had come with great force against his leg. At first he was struck down, and for some time was unable to rise; but at length he contrived to unyoke the team, and crawled partly on his hands and knees down the clearing.

What a sad, melancholy evening that was! Fortune seemed never tired of playing us some ugly trick. The hope which had so

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The whole
...nder this disad-
... were all to busy too
give ... and their own teams were
employed ... ing their crops. Fortunately,
the few acres of wheat we had to reap were close to the barn, and we carried the sheaves thither by hand; old Jenny proving an invaluable help, both in the harvest and hayfield.

Still, with all these misfortunes, Providence watched over us in a signal manner. We were never left entirely without food. Like the widow's cruise of oil, our means, though small, were never suffered to cease entirely. We had been for some days without meat, when Moodie came running in for his gun. A great she-bear was in the wheat field at the edge of the wood, very busily employed in helping to harvest the crop. There was but one bullet, and a charge or two of buckshot, in the house; but Moodie started to the wood with the single bullet in his gun, followed by a little terrier dog that belonged to John E——. Old Jenny was busy at the wash-tub, but the moment she saw her master running up the clearing and knew the cause, she left her work, and snatching up the carving knife, ran after him, that, in case the bear should have the best of the fight, she would be there to help "the masther." Finding her shoes incommode her, she flung them off, in order to run faster. A few minutes after came the report of the gun, and I heard Moodie halloo to E——, who was cutting stakes for a fence in the wood. I hardly thought it possible that he could have killed the bear, but I ran to the door to listen. The children were all excitement, which the sight of the black monster, borne down the clearing upon two poles, increased to the wildest demonstrations of joy. Moodie and John were carrying the prize, and old Jenny, brandishing her carving-knife, followed in the rear.

The rest of the evening was spent in skinning, and cutting up, and salting the ugly creature, whose flesh filled a barrel with excellent meat, in flavor resembling beef, while the short grain and juicy nature of the flesh gave to it the tenderness of mutton. This was quite a Godsend, and lasted us until we were able to kill two large fat hogs, in the fall.

A few nights after, Moodie and I encountered the mate of Mrs. Bruin, while returning from a visit to Emilia, in the very depth of the wood.

We had been invited to meet our friend's father and mother, who had come up on a short visit to the woods; and the evening passed away so pleasantly that it was near midnight before the little party of friends separated. The moon was down. The wood, through which we had to return, was very dark, the ground being low and swampy, and the trees thick and tall. There was in particular, one very ugly spot, where a small creek crossed the road. This creek could only be passed by foot-passengers scrambling over a fallen tree, which in a dark night, was not very easy to find.

I begged a torch of Mr. ——; but no torch could be found. Emilia laughed at my fears; still, knowing what a coward I was in the bush of a night, she found about an inch of candle, which was all that remained from the evening's entertainment. This she put into an old lanthorn.

"It will not last you long; but it will carry you over the creek."

...ais; old Jenny, with a large knife in her
...olding on to the white skirts of her
...garment, making outcry loud enough
... away all the wild bea... the
...selves in a state of nudity.

... masther, dear! don't timpt the ill-conditioned crathur wid charging too near; think of the wife and the childher. Let me come at the rampaging baste, an' I'll stick the knife into the heart of him."

Moodie fired. The bear retreated up the clearing, with a low growl. Moodie and Jenny pursued him some way, but it was too dark to discern any object at a distance. I, for my part, stood at the open door, laughing until the tears ran down my cheeks, at the glaring eyes of the oxen, their ears erect, and their tails carried gracefully on a level with their backs, as they stared at me and the light, in blank astonishment. The noise of the gun had just roused John E—— from his slumbers. He was no less amused than myself, until he saw that a fine yearling heifer was bleeding, and found, upon examination, that the poor animal, having been in the claws of the bear, was dangerously, if not mortally hurt.

"I hope," he cried, "that the brute has not touched my foal!" I pointed to the black face of the filly peeping over the back of an elderly cow.

"You see, John, that Bruin preferred veal; there's your 'horsey,' as Dunbar calls her, safe, and laughing at you."

Moodie and Jenny now returned from the pursuit of the bear. E—— fastened all the cattle into the back yard, close to the house. By daylight he and Moodie started in chase of Bruin, whom they tracked by his blood some way into the bush, but here he entirely escaped their search.

THE BEARS OF CANADA.

Oh! BEAR me from this savage land of BEARS,
For 'tis indeed UNBEARABLE to me;
I'd rather cope with vilest worldly cares,
Or writh with cruel sickness of the sea.
Oh! BEAR me to my own BARE land of hills,*
Where I'd be sure brave BARE-legg'd lads to see—
BEAR cakes, BARE rocks, and whiskey stills,
And BARE-legg'd nymphs to smile once more on me.

I'd BEAR the heat, I'd BEAR the freezing air
Of equatorial realm or Arctic Sea,
I'd sit all BARE at night, and watch the Northern BEAR,
And bless my soul that he was far from me.
I'd BEAR the poor-rates, tithes, and all the ills
John Bull must BEAR, (who takes them all, poor sinner!
As patients do when forced to gulp down pills,
And water-gruel drink in lieu of dinner).
I'd BEAR the BARENESS of all barren lands
Before I'd BEAR the BEARISHNESS of this;
BARE head, BARE feet, BARE legs, BARE hands,
BEAR everything, but want of social bliss.
But should I die in this drear land of BEARS,
Oh! ship me off, my friends, discharge the sable wearers,
For if you don't, in spite of priests and prayers,
The BEARS will come, and eat up corpse and BEARERS.

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* The Orkney Isles.

J. W. D. M.

CHAPTER XX.—THE OUTBREAK.

Can a corrupted stream pour through the land
Health-giving waters? Can the slave, who lures

partly on his hands and knees down the clearing.

What a sad, melancholy evening that was! Fortune seemed never tired of playing us some ugly trick. The hope which had so long sustained me seemed about to desert me altogether; when I saw him on whom we all depended for subsistence, and whose kindly voice ever cheered us under the pressure of calamity, smitten down helpless, all my courage and faith in the goodness of the Divine Father seemed to forsake me, and I wept long and bitterly.

The next morning I went in search of a messenger, to send to Peterborough for the doctor; but though I found and sent the messenger, the doctor never came. Perhaps he did not like to incur the expense of a fatiguing journey, with small chance of obtaining a sufficient remuneration

Our dear sufferer contrived with assistance, to bandage his leg; and after the first week of rest had expired, he amused himself with making a pair of crutches, and in manufacturing Indian paddles for the canoe, axe-handles, and yokes for the oxen. It was wonderful with what serenity he bore this unexpected affliction.

Buried in the obscurity of the woods, we knew nothing, heard nothing of the political state of the country, and were little aware of the revolution which was about to work a great change for us and for Canada.

The weather continued remarkably mild. The first great snow, which for years has ordinarily fallen between the 10th and 15th of November, still kept off. November passed on; and as all our firewood had to be chopped by old Jenny during the lameness of my husband, I was truly grateful to God for the continued mildness of the weather.

On the 4th of December—that great day of the outbreak—Moodie was determined to take advantage of the open state of the lake to carry a large grist up to Y——'s mill. I urged upon him the danger of a man attempting to manage a canoe in rapid water, who was unable to stand without crutches; but Moodie saw that the children would need bread, and he was anxious to make the experiment.

Finding that I could not induce him to give up the journey, I determined to go with him. Old Wittals, who happened to come down that morning, assisted in placing the bags of wheat in the little vessel, and helped to place Moodie at the stern. With a sad, forboding spirit, I assisted to push off from the shore.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Currency in Venezuela.

In Venezuela all manner of makeshifts have been resorted to for supplying a "circulating medium." In Guanta, for example, the peaple have absolutely no money, and when they wish to purchase a few necessaries they steal cocoanuts by "the dark of the moon," and hand them over to the traders in exchange for the supplies they require. This free-and-easy custom became so universal and alarming that, in order to protect the few who raise the fruit, the Alcaldi of the District of Guanta was obliged to issue a decree which probably has not a parallel in financial circles. He has lately prohibited the use of cocoanuts as money, and threatened with condign punishment all traders who may receive them as such.

So unsatisfactory is the cable communication with Australia that the English papers announce the laying of a new line over part of the distance as the service is constantly interrupted by volcanic eruptions and other causes. The new line will be over a thousand miles in length. The repeated troubles over these old routes all tell in favor of the Pacific project, in which Canada is interested.

YOUNG FOLKS.

THE GOLDEN RULE.

BY JOHN IMRIE, TORONTO.

Speak a kind word when you can—
  Kind words cost but little,
This is far the better plan—
  Human hearts are brittle;
Life is all too short for strife—
  Peace and love are golden,
For they serve to lengthen life—
  So say sages olden!

Let us lend a helping hand
  To a weary brother,
Are we not a pilgrim band
  Bound to one another?
Our reward shall greater be
  When we get to heaven,
If to duty faithfully
  We have daily striven!

Life to us is like a school
  Where our good behavior
Should be as "the golden rule"
  Taught us by our Saviour:—
"Do to others as you would
  That they should do to you;"
Then shall you be truly good,
  And life's regrets be few!

THE HOUSE THAT HILDA BUILT

It was one summer day, and the sun was just going down. Hilda Benson—she was twelve years old—believes she will always remember it, because all the werld around her was very beautiful the few moments she stood looking at the wide sea and the crimson-tinted clouds. Sky Island, on a headland of which she stood, seemed to have drifted away off on the bosom of the ocean to a place where there was never any noise except the lapping of the sea on the rocks, an' the flapping of the fishermen's sails.

"O Tom!" she said to her brother, clasping her hands impulsively, "O Tom! I think it is splended, and I am just as happy as I can be. I wish I could do something good."

Tom was stretched out on the grass reading a sea tale. He looked up at her wonderingly.

"Be a good little girl then, and go get me an apple," he suggested. He always called her a little girl because he was fourteen years old.

"I wish I could do something good," she continued, "something I could think about the last thing before I go to sleep, when I wake in the night, and when I get up in the morning."

When Hilda recalls that beautiful afternoon three years ago she remembers very well how it made her feel, and what she said. And she can tell an interesting story about what happened afterwards, and what she eally did do.

She and her brother had come to sky Island with their Aunt Margaret to pass the summer. But she had no idea that visiting that out-of-the-way place would ever make any difference in the lives of three small boys among the fishermen. She was a generous little girl with the money her father and Aunt Margaret often gave her; she would have given those boys a share of that money to help them buy better clothes, for they looked very poor compared with the boys she was was used to, and she would have helped them in any way she could. But she would have been very much surprised if any one had told her how much she had to give that was not money.

It came about in this way. Seth Cropper and I will get our Aunt Margaret to buy some books for you to study."

Seth and Andy and Piper went to work with a will to fix the old boat-house so it might be a place good enough for Hilda to enter. They swept and scrubbed it clean. Then they built at one end a seat with a canopy of hemlock boughs for her to sit on. Two or three of the fishermen lent them lanterns to hang up on the rafters to light the place. About dark, an old fisherman named Todgers, with a wooden leg, looked in to see what the boys were doing.

"Seems to me you lads have tackled a new reckonin', and are on a new tack, hey?" he said, rubbing his stubby chin.

"Well, I guess so, uncle," Seth answered. "We're pointing for something better'n a school of fish just now."

"You take my advice, and don't reef any sail whilst there's a fair wind." Uncle Todgers went on. "Just keep yourself braced right up for every whiff you can get."

Tom and Hilda were on hand by the time they were expected. They brought reading-books and spelling-books with them, and began as though they had kept school all their lives. But they had never attempted to teach before, and Tom soon discovered that it took a great deal of patience. Seth and Piper and Andy tugged at the short sentences in the readers for two hours harder than they had ever worked at anything.

"If we can only succeed in making them read the way we can read, Tom, I shall be ever so happy," said Hilda, when they had finished the evening, and were going across the Island in the moonlight.

"We'll try," Tom answered. "And I think they ought not to forget you in a hurry, if we do. I shouldn't have thought of teaching them, Hilda, if it had not been for you'

"You are good to help me, Tom," Hilda replied, "and I shall not forget you all my life."

Seth and Andy and Piper stood still and silent, watching them until they had disappeared in the shadow of thick trees that screened the moonlight.

"Look here, fellows," said Seth, soberly; "I move that we make a compact right on this spot this moment to get those books so as we can read them straight from cover to cover before that little girl and her brother leave the Island."

"So be it," said Piper solemnly. I'm agreed."

"So say we all of us," asserted Andy. And they struck hands.

It was the middle of June when the school was begun, and it was the last of September when Aunt Margaret signified to Tom and Hilda that itwas time to go back to their city home. They had taught the three boys more than three months and they could all read. Seth could even write a little, and he promised to write a letter to Hilda every week to let her know how they progressed. Hilda looked for the letters with eagerness; and three or four times she got a long letter which Seth and Piper and Andy had written together, telling all the news at the Island. Once they wrote that a great snow storm had buried the Island in snow. Another time they told about an illustrated book which Seth had received from a gentleman who sent him the five-dollar bill, and what fun they had had reading it together during the winter evenings. In the spring there came a letter that had important news. Sky Island was going to have a regular school-house built, like the one at the village on the mainland. Seth and Piper and Andy, with Uncle Todger's help, had brought the thing to pass.

"That is a surprise!" said Aunt Margaret.

"I would not have believed they could do it," Tom added.

"Oh, I am so glad!" said Hilda.

Resolves for

Of course we all wan[t] resolution on New Yea[r] break them before the wee[k] of us do; but if we look in[to] closely, we will find that we do not make them in the right spirit when they are so easily broken. In the first place, we must study ourselves, our faults and limitations, and then make such resolutions as we see will be most helpful to us to correct these, looking to One who alone is able to help us keep them.

As I am writing to women, I propose to tell them of a code made by a friend of mine, n January, 1887. She is a farmer's wife, with several children, and was a very Martha among women, "careful and troubled about many things." I will quote from her letter, which may help some of you:

"I was fast working myself into that narrow bed which must form our last rest. It was one eternal round of washing, ironing, cleaning, sewing, sweeping and baking. One day when I was fluting the ruffles of my little girls' aprons, I happened to reflect upon the probable future of my little ones if I should be taken sick or die. Probably I was then overtired, for one or other of these catastrophes seemed to be at that moment imminent. That night after I went to bed I framed in my mind a set of resolutions which I afterward wrote out. They were, that I would lie down daily, if only for fifteen minutes. That one afternoon in the week, in winter at least, I would devote to the exchange of ideas with the outer world—I would see some friend, either in her home or mine. That three evenings in the week, in winter at least, I would read aloud, with, or without, the children—that is, sometimes for their benefit, and sometimes for my own.

"Now, in order to do this, the work must be lessened somewhere. First, I left off every ruffle and tuck from garments, little and big. This saved both sewing and ironing. Flannels, plain underclothing (and we soon had no other) were brought from the line on wash day, as soon as dry, folded neatly and hung on the horse to air without taking an iron to them at all. I have since learned that it is considered better not to iron sheets, as it takes off the sweet smell of newly washed linen. If such things are hung up straight, and then not jammed in a wad in a basket to lie over night preparatory to 'sprinkling,' there are few wrinkles that cannot be rubbed out with your two hands. Wash day remained a necessary evil, but I saved washing in every way possible. Little squares of white oilcloth were laid under the children's plates, and in summer when the men were afield, and clothing was necessarily more soiled, a long strip of this material was laid upon either side of the table. Pies, which had been on our table daily, became a rarity; cake, still more rare. Think of the saving of labor that this sacrifice meant, and my husband says it has been no sacrifice, but that on the contrary he thinks doing without these dainties has given him a new lease of life. Baking day, which once with its doughnuts and pies had been my busiest day, now became my day of leisure—comparative leisure, for I still do not luxuriate in idleness. The children are merrier and happier, because I can give them more time. My husband is more pleased, because he says I do not now look overworked, and, altogether, we are satisfied with my resolutions."

My friend could not easily have kept these resolutions without the co-operation of her husband, and, in the name of overburdened womanhood, I ask the husbands who read the "American Agriculuralist" to be in this matter a helpmeet to their wives.—[Alice Chittenden.

But she would have been very much surprised if any one had told her how much she had to give that was not money.

It came about in this way. Seth Cropper had been expecting a letter every day since Tom and Hilda had been rowed over to the Island by him. He had told them all about it, and talked about it and talked of it every time they went to the post-office on the mainland in his boat. That afternoon after Hilda had watched the sun go down, Seth came up from the wharf with the letter in his hand.

"It's come," he said. "Here it is, sure's I'm born."

"Oh! I'm ever so glad," Hilda answered

"What does he say?" asked Tom closing his book.

The letter was from a gentleman who had recently been visiting the Island in a yacht, and it contained a crisp five-dollar bill. Seth unfolded the letter, and showed them the money; but he grew very red and confused when Tom asked again what the gentleman had written.

"You read it aloud, Miss Hilda," he requested. "I guess you can read it better'n I can."

Hilda read it. The gentleman said he sent the money to help Seth get a new boat. He advised him to be a better boy than he had been, to stop swearing, and to try very hard to learn to read and write.

"Why, I'll teach you to read, if you want me to!" said Hilda, the moment she had finishsd reading.

"Will you? Do you really mean it in solemn earnest?" Seth asked, pleased and redder than ever. "I'll do anything to learn, if you will, and I'll row you over to the village for nothing whenever you say so."

Hilda said of course she meant what she said, and she would agree to teach him every day.

Seth had never felt so ashamed of his ignorance as he did now. That night he found a couple of his cronies, Piper Smith and Andy Tarbox, down on the wharf fishing by the light of a brush fire. He confided to them that the little city girl was going to teach him reading and writing, and he meant to turn over a new leaf in the future.

"Look here, Andy; perhaps she'll teach you and Piper, if you ask her," Seth said in a burst of enthusiasm.

"I wouldn't dare to ask her," said Andy.

"Nor" I, put in Piper. "They ain't like us, that little city girl and her brother. He's awful big feeling, that fellow."

"You just, wait, then," said Seth, "and I'll ask her myself."

"We might take the old boat-house up here, put in some benches, and make a regular school-house of it, hey?" suggested Andy.

"That's what I'll tell her," Seth declared. "Mebbe she knows we never have any school on the Island, summer or winter, and have to go over to the mainland for everything we learn."

"We'd know how to read and write like other folks, of course, if 'twasn't for that," said Piper; "if we didn't have to go to the mainland and get thrashed by those village fellows."

"Well, I'll ask her, anyhow," Seth declared again.

And he did ask her the first chance he got the next day. He explained that Andy and Piper did not know even as much as he himself, and that they were very anxious to share his advantages. To his surprise, not only Hilda seemed glad to help him and the other boys, but Tom, who was rather "stuck up" said he would help also.

"We'll teach the three of you down in the boat-house every evening after you get through your work," said Tom. "Hilda garet.

"I would not have believed they could do it," Tom added.

"Oh, I am so glad!" said Hilda.

When Uncle Todgers found out from Seth that the little city girl and her brother were coming to the Island to pass another summer, he declared that the new school-house should be dedicated the day they arrived. All the fishermen on the island agreed with him, and the carpenters and painters made haste to get the little building completed.

One bright June morning Tom and Hilda stood on the shore of the mainland rather bewildered. There was a large fishing-smack, gayly decorated with flags, waiting to take them and their aunt over to the Island. Seth, Piper, and Andy were on board, and so was Uncle Todgers. Everybody was delighted to see them, and the boys were dressed specially for the occasion.

"There's going to be a big time this afternoon," Seth whispered to Tom.

"Going to have a festival," whispered Piper, slyly. "Everybody's folks has got something ready,—cake, mince-pies, ice-cream, everything."

By three o'clock the brand-new little school-house was crowded. It looked as though every soul on the Island was on hand. Uncle Todgers sat on the platform with Tom and Hilda on his right and left. As soon as it could be made quiet, he stood up on his wooden leg, and made a speech, telling everybody how much they owed to Tom and his little sister.

"Mebbe the little girl didn't know how much she was doing when she did what she could to help these boys," he said; "and mebbe the girls and boys here don't know what good they can do hereafter by using what they learn for the good of others; but I want everybody to take notice from the example that's now before them."

Tom and Hilda hardly knew what to say. Before they went to bed that night they stole out, went to the cliff, and took another look at the schohool-use to make sure it was a a fact.

Talking Dolls.

And now Mr. Edison has invented a genuine talking doll. He calls it a Dollphone He puts a little phonograph with a clock-work accompaniment, in the doll's back, and by pressing a spring the doll will say:

"I love you, mamma; I love you dearly, mamma; but I am tired and sleepy now. Please put me in my little bed," or something else equally astonishing. The reporter of the Chicago "Tribune" visited Mr. Edison and saw these wonderful dolls. He says:

"Mr. Edison wound up a brunette doll, with jet black curls and sparkling brown eyes. The doll started off at a brisk rate with the following:

Twinkle, twinkle, little star,
How I wonder what you are,
Up above the world so high,
Like a diamond in the sky.

Another doll-baby sang in a sweet, childish treble "Rock-a by Baby on the Tree Top" all the way through with good expression and without a false note. She sang it quite loudly, too, so that any one could have heard her across a moderate-sized room. Still another sang a pretty German song. It is so constructed that phonograph cylinders are interchanged, and new sets of sentences may frequently be introduced into the toy's talking machine.

There is a good field for missionaries at Tuscumbia, Miller county, Missouri, where there has not been a church building of any kind in 40 years.

womannood, I ask the husbands who read the "American Agriculuralist" to be in this matter a helpmeet to their wives.—[Alice Chittenden.

SMALLPOX SCARE.

Cases all Round Detroit—A Student at Ann Arbor Down.

DETROIT, Jan. 26.—Health Officer Duffield says there is smallpox all round Detroit, and the infection could easily be carried in paper money. He asked for authority to request the banks to have their tellers vaccinated. Comptroller Moran knew of a case of infection from paper money. The health officer was given power to notify the banks of the danger.

ANN ARBOR, Jan. 26.—A student in the School of Pharmacy in the university named Dally had a light attack of smallpox and has been removed to the pest house. He was vaccinated in New York the same day he was exposed, so his attack will not be serious. The case is making quite a scare, however, and everybody is getting vaccinated.

LANSING, Jan. 26.—Dr. Baker says that the State Board of Health has information of outbreaks of smallpox at seven different places in the State—Allis township, Presque Isle county, one case; Deerfield township, Lenawee county, five cases; Dundee, one case; Azalia, Monroe county, fourteen cases; Lansing, two cases; Detroit, two cases; Cheboygan, three cases.

Is Stanley Alive?

Henry M. Stanley, accompanied by nine hundred men, started from Yambuza, on the Congo, on the 23d of June, 1887, for the relief of Emin Bey. His objective point was Wadelai. The distance in a straight line is about 560 miles, but the region being unknown and the impediments frequent the journey probably aggregated 750 miles. Stanley expected to make twelve miles a day, and join Emin in August, and be back in November. This was rather too sanguine, however, for the average rate of Stanley's march in 1876, from Zanzibar to Victoria Nyanza, was only six miles a day. But, even with the full allowance for interruption, a long time has elapsed. One year and six months have gone and his fate is unknown.

Is Stanley dead? The question is the subject of a valuable symposium in the December number of the "North American Review." The writers are Lord Wolseley, President Daly, of the American Geographical Society, and James M. Hubbard and Dr. Franz Boaz, two authorities on African exploration. General Wolseley says, "I feel convinced that he has reached Emin Pasha." He further declares that the circumstances "strengthen the assumption that Stanley and the White Pasha are one and the same person." He continues: "As far as one can gather from all we have learned from Zanzibar, the country between it and Emin Pasha's headquarters, has been so disturbed by this war that no news or messengers have been allowed to pass through the line of contending tribes. It is not only that we have no news of Stanley since last November, but neither have we had any from Emin. To me it is quite evident that we shall hear of both at the same time, and I believe it will be to the effect that Stanley reached Emin about the end of last year. Upon reaching Wadelai it is certain that Stanley would give his men a rest. The four experts all believe that Stanley is alive. Let us hope that the conclusion is correct.—[Baltimore American.

Fur enters largely [illegible]h coats made by ladies' tail[illegible]

[illegible]'S WAITING.

The Story of a Girl's Faithful Love—Peace at Last.

"When I'm a man you shall have a proper horse, and not a thing like this," he said grandly.

"Perhaps we shan't play together then, though," she answered.

"Oh, yes, we shall," he said thoughtfully. "You know," he added patronizingly, "I may marry you—that is, if you are pretty, and can spin a peg-top, and don't funk jumping a ditch, or do stupid things that are of no use at all."

"Perhaps I shan't want you to marry me," she replied scornfully. "I should like to marry a soldier."

"I shall be a soldier, and you are sure to want me to marry you," he said with decision, and she believed him, and from that day forth she considered the matter settled. And when many a year later he told her, laughingly, that he was only a poor soldier, and must marry an heiress or remain on foreign service all his life, she was not very uneasy, for she felt sure that then he was only joking.

They had many a talk and walk together ere the first spell of foreign service came. Alic Granger's uncle lived next door to Maggie Dunlop's parents, and as her father was an invalid, and her mother was wholly engrossed in attending upon him, the goings-out and comings in of that young lady were not subject to the amount of attention they might otherwise have received. The consequence was that when Alic Granger came (as he did at every available opportunity) to Porlock to visit his remarkably well-off uncle, he beguiled his time away by talking with pretty Maggie Dunlop, until he also beguiled her heart away.

"I have got some news for you, Maggie," he said, one day, about eighteen months after he had gained his commission. "Guess what it is." They were walking along the green lanes of Porlock, listening to the ceaseless murmur of the sea, as at intervals they had walked and listened ever since they could remember, at any rate, for she was six years younger than her former playfellow.

"You are going to be promoted," she said.

"Promoted, you little goose! No one ever gets promoted in the British army. Guess again."

"You are going to marry an heiress;" there was a lump in her throat as she said it.

"Wrong again; no inestimable young person with green eyes, a turn-up nose, susceptible heart, and fifty thousand a year has turned up yet. But it's something nearly as good. I'm ordered to China."

"Oh, Alic!" she gasped and burst into tears. It was very foolish of her, but then she was only sixteen, and had not yet acquired the praiseworthy art of concealing her feelings.

"Why, whatever are you crying for?" he asked, and kissed away her tears. He'd kissed her ever since she was five, and thought no more of it than if she had been his sister, or the cat, excepting perhaps that it was nicer—which it was, no doubt. "I shall be away only five years at most, and when I come back I'll bring you a pigtail and an ivory toothpick, and a whole lot of things, and—"

"Yes?" she said, listening attentively.

"But then you'll be a young woman—I forgot—and 'out,' and all that sort of thing, and won't condescend to speak to a poor lieutenant; you will have all the squires and fox hunters about the place at your feet."

"Not one of them will be like you," she said, and he was pleased.

"Well, I'll write to you, and you must write to me, and tell me all the news, and I'll tell you all the news, and—"

"Yes?" she said, listening attentively.

"Oh,

"But then you'll be a young woman—I forgot—and 'out,' and all that sort of thing, and won't condescend to speak to a poor lieutenant; you will have all the squires and fox hunters about the place at your feet."

"Oh, no, indeed, I shan't, Alic," she said eagerly.

"But I tell you, you will. I believe you are a born little flirt, and I shall come back and find you—" But she burst into tears again, and put up her pretty little hands as if to stop his teasing, which she could not bear just then. It seemed so cruel of him to laugh and joke when he was going away for five years. He did not seem to care a bit, and she could have broken her heart on the spot, and would have gladly done so, and thrown the pieces away so as never to be bothered with it again. Then, seeing her mournful blue eyes, he was merciful. "I believe I shall come back, and find you just as great a little darling as you are now, and if we have got any money we'll get married and live happy ever after, and if we haven't we'll get married and starve ever after—unless, of course, the heiress turns up."

"Oh, I hope she won't!" said Maggie, like a truthful little idiot. "Shall you ever write to me, Alic?"

"Yes, of course I shall, and I shall expect you to write back six pages crossed and all that sort of thing, you know. Poor Maggie, it'll ruin you in postage stamps; it's a bob to China."

"I don't care," she answered recklessly, for Maggie was a fearful little pauper, whose father had ruined himself long ago, and just kept up a patched-up sort of appearance, and didn't know what would become of them all if it ever seriously occurred to his creditors to pounce down upon them.

Maggie was twenty years old when her father died, and the creditors did pounce down, and she and her mother were sold up, and all Porlock and ten miles round talked about them for Porlock and ten miles round loved her scandal as much as the rest of the world, and though it grieved over the misfortunes of others, it still appreciated the subject for discussion they afforded. Mrs. Dunlop was offered a home in London by a sister who was well off and bad tempered, and it was thankfully accepted. Maggie was informed that she must get her own living, which being precisely Maggie's own opinion, as well as intention, she advertised for a situation as governess. Now Maggie had a very modest idea of her merits, and therefore only asked for twenty-five pounds a year and a comfortable home, so no less than five answers came to her announcement that she could teach English, French, music, and the rudiments of drawing. One of these answers was from Woolwich, and stated that Mrs. Marshall required a governess for her three little girls. Maggie thought she should like to live in a garrison place; she might even some day see Alic there, not that she would condescend to speak to him after his neglect, of course, and not that she cared—oh, dear, no! Only, out of curiosity, she should like to see what the Chinese wife he had no doubt picked up was like; so to Woolwich she went.

Mrs. Marshall was a stiff-necked sort of woman, and stared at poor little Maggie (who looked almost as childlike and twice as pretty as ever) through double gold glasses. Col. Marshall, her husband, was a nice old man with a bald head and an iron-gray moustache; and there was a grown-up daughter, a Miss Patterson, Mrs. Marshall's daughter by her first husband, who was really the mistress of the establishment. Maria Patterson had a strong will[illegible] was an heiress. "A[illegible]s, too,' poor Maggie was right, for Maria [illegible]nty-five if she was before her. There sat the heiress, with an eager, pleased expression on her face, and leaning over her, talking and laughing, and more handsome than ever, and sunburnt and soldier-looking, was Alic Granger. There was no mistaking him. The color rushed to Maggie's face, as if to say a hurried good bye and then left it altogether. She recovered her self-possession, however, and walked with what she flattered herself was great dignity towards the piano. She felt rather than saw him raise his head and look at her, and the next moment he was by her side.

"Maggie, my dear Maggie! Why, fancy *you* being here; where did you come from? I have been trying to find you out for months."

"I thought you——" And then she did not know how to go on; she added almost piteously, "I am the governess here."

"Are you? Oh, I see, then, that is the reason I have not seen you before, I suppose.'

"Do you really know Miss Dunlop?" the heiress asked, coming up, and speaking in her coldest manner.

Maggie wished sincerely she could sink into her shoes and bury herself.

"Why, of course I do; we have been playfellows ever since we were born—haven't we Maggie?" And Maggie, feeling she was backed up, answered bravely, "Yes."

"Oh, indeed! how interesting!"—then, turning to Maggie, "Will you be so good as to begin a waltz, Miss Dunlop?—this was to be our dance, I think," to Alic, and she sailed off with him triumphantly And Maggie's fingers pattered valiantly over the key-board, but her poor little heart felt a terrible load within her. Alic had always told her he must marry an heiress, and the whole thing was plain. Oh, she was so miserable! That was why he was evidently on such intimate terms with the family. She didn't care—she had got over her foolish feeling for him long ago, but she would give the world to be at the bottom of the sea or a thousand miles away.

He came up to her directly the dance was over. "I went down to Porlock to try and find out where you had gone to," he said, "but nobody knew."

"It didn't matter," she said huskily, letting her fingers wander vaguely over the keys to make believe she wasn't very interested in what he said.

"Yes, it did—it mattered a great deal. Why, I've got a box full of curiosities for you—clubs to fight with, and a little heathen god or two, and a statue of Buddha, and all sorts of things. I told you I should bring you them home. Do you live here—I mean in the house?" he said these last words under his breath, for the heiress came up, and the next minute he was carried off to dance with Mrs. Somebody at the other end of the room, but not before Maggie had nodded a reply to him. Soon after this Miss Patterson came up to the piano, and saying she wished to play herself, and that Maggie looked tired, dismissed her without her being able to get even another look at Alic.

The next morning, to Maggie's very great surprise, Miss Patterson came into the schoolroom before the children had assembled. "Miss Dunlop," she said stiffly, "I should like to know where you say you met Mr. Granger."

"At Porlock. His uncle lived next door to my mother. He is a very old friend indeed——"

"Thank you. I merely wished to inquire, because, of course, you must be aware that it is not usual for anyone in your position to make herself remarkable by having long confidential talks with any gentleman who may visit the house.

"I don't know what you mean, Miss Patterson!" Maggie said indignantly.

"I only speak out of kindness," she said, "Never mind, she was only jealous," he laughed. "Now tell me how soon you can leave here."

"What for?" she asked innocently.

"Why, you haven't forgotten that we agreed to get married when I came back, have you, you little coquette?" And he put his arm round her waist just as of old, and was not reproved. It was so very comfortable, she thought.

"No, but you are engaged, are you not?

"Yes, of course I am—to you."

"Oh! but, Alic—"

"Oh! but, Maggie—" and then he stooped and kissed her, and nothing more could be said, for the door opened, and there stood the colonel, and there stood Mrs. Marshall, and there stood Maria Patterson.

"Miss Dunlop!" screamed Maria, horror-struck.

"Mr. Granger!" said Mrs. Marshall, in astonishment.

"Hoity-toity!" exclaimed the colonel "What does all this mean?"

"She must leave the house at once," said the heiress.

"Of course she must," Mrs. Marshall said. "I never heard of such a thing in my life.'

"No more did I," put in Alic, who was always irrepressible.

"To deliberately send the children out of the way, and have Mr. Granger up into the schoolroom; and what is all this rubbish?"—pointing to the curiosities.

"My dear Mrs. Marshall," said Alic, looking as if he were beginning a speech, "it is all my fault. You told me, and so did the colonel, to consider your house my home, and I have done so. Miss Dunlop here was a playfellow of mine once, and when I went away we were engaged, but somehow we lost sight of each other when there were a few thousand miles between us, and it was the happiest moment of my life to meet her again last night; and so I took the liberty of calling on her this morning, and we were just arranging to get married next week when you interrupted us."

"Quite right, quite right, my dear Granger," said the old colonel heartily, "you shall be married from here—"

"Oh! please let me go to mamma—do let me go at once," pleaded Maggie, finding her little tongue at last.

"I think it would be much more satisfactory if Miss Dunlop went back to her relations," said the heiress sourly.

So they all finally agreed, and that very afternoon Maggie picked up her modest belongings and all the curiosities, and went to the well off and bad-tempered aunt.

"But, Alic," she asked in the railway carriage—for he escorted her to London, of course—"why did you give Miss Patterson a ring? I thought you where going to marry her."

"Did you, Miss Goose?" Well, you see, Miss Patterson is a charming girl, no doubt, but somehow the men don't see it, and in spite of her money and best endeavors she has not got off yet—not that I suppose she would have had me."

"But about the ring?"

"Don't know anything about a ring, excepting that I had one mended for her; I broke it in showing the colonel a conjuring-trick. Any more questions?"

"Well, only don't you think you really had better marry an heiress?'

"Don't you think you had better mind your own business? However, I don't mind telling you that poor Uncle Tom died at Cannes last year, and left me all he had; so you see I can afford to have you, miss, and I hope you feel much obliged."

"Yes, Alic dear, I do," she said truthfully."

The bad-tempered aunt received her niece

very graciously when she found she was going to marry well the following week. It is amazing how fond people are of rich relations, even though the riches concern them little personally. As for poor Mrs. Dunlop, she could have jumped for joy, only she was too old for such violent exercise.

"Pray, miss, what are you laughing to yourself about?" asked Alic the day before their wedding day.

"Nothing, Alic, only when you were away I used to think sometimes that perhaps you'd married a Chinese heiress with a pigtail.

"The sort of thing you would think," he said, grandly; "as it is, you see, I am going to marry a little girl without a pigtail; and I am very happy, my darling—are you?"

"Very, very," she said; and she was.

The Raisin Craze in California.

Our fourth crop of alfalfa has just been harvested (Nov. 1st.) and the fields are now starting up green and luxuriant for the winter pasturage. There has been no frost yet, or rain. The sun shines brightly, and the temperature is delightful. The raisin packers are still busily at work, and long trains, carrying nothing but raisins, are sent out weekly from this San Joaquin valley to Eastern markets. It is estimated that the vineyards of California will have put in market before the close of the present year 1,500,000 boxes of raisins at $2 a box, $3,000,000; 40,000 tons of table grapes at $30 a ton; $1,200,000; 50,000,000 gallons of wine at 20 cents, $10,000,000; 1,500,000 gallons of brandy at $1.40, $2,100,000—aggregating $16,300,000, an income of over $100 per acre for the estimated 150,000 acres of vines now under cultivation. There will be many hundred acres set to raisin grapes about Hanford the coming winter and spring, in addition to the large vineyards put out last spring and those already in bearing. There is nothing more pleasing to the eye than a twenty, or forty, or eighty-acre vineyard, with its straight and seemingly endless rows of verdant growth, from which are peeping the monstrous clusters of ripening Muscats. F. H. Jewett, our leading raisin-packer, tells me it is a poor vineyard that will not yield thirty pounds of Muscats to the vine, and that the yield is oftener forty pounds and frequently fifty. Thus it will be seen that an acre of 400 or more vines will yield from 12,000 to 20,000 pounds to the acre of green fruit. A shrinkage of two-thirds is allowed in drying, making the raisin yield per acre from 4,000 to 6,000 pounds and over per acre.

Every one is after land, and every one, when he gets land, is after raisins. Ministers, bankers and all—no one is exempt from the land and raisin craze. Rev. Mr. Motherall, pastor of the Presbyterian church here, has a raisin vineyard four years from setting, and was offered $120 an acre last August for the grapes upon the vine before being picked,—which he refused. After they were made into raisins he was offered five cents a pound, the estimated crop being 4000 pounds per acre, which offer he also refused. If he packs them, he expects to receive ten cents a pound, which will yield him the very satisfactory sum of $400 per acre. Nothing delighted him more the past season than to take callers through his vineyard, lifting up the vines and pointing out the huge clusters. He thinks some of them were fully as large as the famous "grapes of Eschol." S. E. Biddle, a banker, tells me he refused an offer of $300 an acre for the raisins from his five-year old vineyard, and expects by packing and selling, direct to the packers, to realize much more. Of course the margin between the prices obtained for grapes on the vines and the packed product is not clear profit

The Ladder of St. Augustine.

Saint Augustine! well hast thou said,
That of our vices we can frame
A ladder, if we will but tread
Beneath our feet each deed of shame!

All common things, each day's events,
That with the hour begin and end,
Our pleasures and our discontents,
Are rounds by which we may ascend

The low desire, the base design,
That makes another's virtues less;
The revel of the ruddy wine,
And all occasions of excess;

The longing for ignoble things;
The strife for triumph more than truth;
The hardening of the heart, that brings
Irreverence for the dreams of youth;

All thoughts of ill; all evil deeds,
That have their root in thoughts of ill;
Whatever hinders or impedes
The action of the nobler will;—

All these must first be trampled down
Beneath our feet, if we would gain,
In the bright fields of fair renown,
The right of eminent domain.

We have not wings, we cannot soar;
But we have feet to scale and climb,
By slow degrees, by more and more,
The cloudy summits of our time.

The mighty pyramids of stone
That wedge-like cleave the desert airs,
When nearer seen, and better known,
Are but gigantic flights of stairs.

The distant mountains, that uprear
Their solid bastions to the skies,
Are crossed by pathways, that appear
As we to higher levels rise.

The heights by great men reached and kept
Were not attained by sudden flight,
But they, while their companions slept,
Were toiling upward in the night.

Standing on what too long we bore,
With shoulders bent and downcast eyes,
We may descern—unseen before—
A path to higher destinies.

Nor deem the irrevocable Past
As wholly wasted, wholly vain,
If, rising on its wrecks, at last
To something nobler we attain.

—LONGFELLOW.

Mystery.

BY JOHN IMRIE, TORONTO.

Oh, Life! thou art a mystery!
Each living soul a history
Of hopes and fears,
Of joys and tears,—
An ever-present mystery!

Oh, death! thou art a mystery!
Who knows thy after-history?
From heaven or hell
None come to tell
The living of thy mystery!

Oh, Life beyond! Oh, mystery!
We yet shall know thy history,—
So live each day
That come what may
Our souls shall fear no mystery!

Oh, God! Thou art a mystery!
Thy love a world's history,—
In wonder we
Shall worship Thee
And Thou shalt solve all!

Inseparable.

HATS AND BALDNESS AGAIN.

A New Discussion of a Familiar Topic.

The habit of wearing warm covering on the head is not of recent date, the armies of Europe, for instance, no inconsiderable number of men, with heads close cropped, have worn for a long period warmer and heavier headgear than the modern dwellers in cities, without the same tendency of baldness, says W. C. Gouinlock in the *Builder*. Nor are the heavy fur coverings of northern races incompatible with luxuriant hair. It is also difficult to understand what injury can result from close cutting, *per se*. The growth is in the hair follicle, and in it alone; there is no vital connection between the hair outside the scalp and within; it is usually cut closest at the back of the head and neck, where baldness never occurs. Would not close cutting rather stimulate the growth by exposure of the scalp? Such at least is the popular belief. So, too, with indoor life. Women, who ought to show it most, whether in the home or in the factory, are never bald as men are; on the contrary, it is most common with men in good circumstances, as Mr. Eaton's statistics show, men who spend a larger proportion of their daytime in the open air than the indoor worker.

I believe the common form of baldness is due entirely to the kind of hat that is worn, principally to the high hat and the hard felt hat but also to any other head covering that constricts the blood vessels which nourish the hair bulbs. To have a clearer understanding of this, we must remember that the scalp is supplied with blood by arteries at the back, sides and front of, and lying close to, the skull, which diminish in size by frequent branching as they converge toward the top of the head. They are in a most favorable position to be compressed, lying on unyielding bone and covered by thin tissue. Consider what effect must be produced by a close fitting, heavy rigid hat; its pressure must lessen to a certain extent the flow of arterial blood, and obstruct to a greater extent the return of the venous; the result being a sluggish circulation in the capillaries around the hair follicles and bulbs, a consequent impairment of nutrition, and final atrophy. This pressure is not trivial or imaginary, as any one will admit who has noticed the red band of congestion on the forehead when a hard hat is removed after moderate exercise.

DAZED BY THE LIGHT

How Birds at Sea are Destroyed by the Lighthouses.

The attraction of lighthouses for birds is a very curious phenomenon. It is said that just before the Charleston earth-quake all the lighthouses along the coast as far north as Cape May were enveloped by clouds of agitated birds. Many wonderful scenes are witnessed at the lighthouses on some parts of the British coasts during the seasons of migration. Sometimes when the moon is suddenly hidden by a bank of clouds the lanterns of the lighthouses are the point to which the stream of migrants hasten, and where, in a confused, fluttering throng they beat against the glass [illegible] to and [illegible] ely [illegible]

Biddle, a banker, tells me he refused an offer of $300 an acre for the raisins from his five-year old vineyard, and expects by packing and selling, direct to the packers, to realize much more. Of course the margin between the prices obtained for grapes on the vines and the packed product is not clear profit. There are the pickers to pay, and trays and boxes to buy, all of which aggregates considerably. Yet every owner of a large vineyard will do well to make his own raisins, and by careful and honest assorting and packing he will soon build up an enviable reputation and a paying market for his individual product.

It is claimed that ten acres of California orchard and vineyard will afford a family of five persons a living, and a neat margin at the end of every year. A gentleman not far from where I live has eleven acres, mainly in apricots, peaches, nectarines and raisin-grapes. Through the winter and early spring he prunes his trees and vines, plows the ground and puts everything in "apple-pie" order; in May he cuts and dries his apricots; in June, July and August the early and late peaches and nectarines; in September he picks his first crop of grapes and dries them into raisins; in October his second crop, and in November finishes packing and marketing the whole, thus pleasantly and profitably rounding out the year with a saving of $1,200 to $1,500 above expenses.

E. H. Barber, Tular Co., Cal.

The Result of a Dream.

There was once a mechanic in Bristol, England, whose name was Watts. He was by trade a shotmaker. Watts had to take great bars of lead and pound them out into sheets of thickness about equal to the diameter of the shot he desired to make. Then he cut the sheets into little cubes, which he rolled in a revolving barrel until the corners were worn off from the constant friction. The Chicago Mail thus relates the rest of the story:—

Watts, after an evening spent with some jolly companions at the alehouse, went home and turned into bed. He dreamed that he was out again with the "boys." They were all trying to find their way home when it began to rain shot. Beautiful globules of lead, polished and shining, fell at his feet.

In the morning when Watts arose he remembered his dream, and wondered what shape molten lead would take in falling a distance through the air. At last he carried a ladle full of the hot metal up into the steeple of the Church of St. Mary of Redcliffe, and dropped it into the moat below. Descending he took from the bottom of the shallow pool several handfuls of perfect shot, far superior to any he had ever seen. Watt's fortune was made, for he had conceived the idea of the shot-tower, which has ever since been the only means employed in the manufacture of the little missiles so much used in war and sport.

Good Reasons for Non-Resistance.

Freedwoman Lizzie, a good servant, was married to an unworthy husband, and made complaint of his unkindness. One of the young ladies of the American family in which she served, desirous of knowing how she happened to be so married, asked her about the love-making and courtship. "Lizzie, what on earth did Watt say to you to make you marry him?" "Law, Miss Sallie," answered Lizzie, "you know I couldn't make no answer to Watt when he come co'tin' of me, 'cause Watt's edicated! And he got some on his words out de jogafy and some out de dicshunary. And co'se you know, Miss Sallie, I couldn't make no 'sistance to Watt."

Emperor William has written a very friendly letter to the Czar.

Thy love a world's history,—
In wonder we
Shall worship Thee
And Thou shalt solve all

Inseparable.

EARNEST E. LEIGH, TORONTO.

The bee may fly from the flower,
The leaf may fall from the tree;
But nothing in sunshine or show'r,
Can sever my heart from thee!

The harp may forget its music,
The fountain may lose its spray,
The star may wander erratic;
But never from thee I'll stray!

The curl may droop on the forehead,
The light may forsake the eye;
The blooming cheek may grow pallid,
But affection cannot die!

My heart cannot leave its treasure;
"Send the body if fate will;
O'er mountain, valley and river,"
We are undivided still!

The Coming of His Feet.

In the crimson of the morning, in the whiteness of the noon,
In the amber glory of the day's retreat,
In the midnight, robed in darkness, or the gleaming of the moon,
I listen for the coming of His feet.

I heard His weary footsteps on the sands of Galilee,
On the temple's marble pavement, on the street,
Worn with weight of sorrow, faltering up the slopes of Calvary
The sorrow of the coming of his feet.

Down the minster-aisles of splendor, from betwixt the cherubim,
Through the wondering throng, with motion strong and fleet,
Sounds His victor tread, approaching with a music far and dim—
The music of the coming of His feet.

Sandaled not with shoon of silver, girdled not with woven gold,
Weighted not with shimmering gems and odors sweet
But white-winged and shod with glory in the Tabor-light of old—
The glory of the coming of His feet.

He is coming, O my spirit! with His everlasting peace,
With His blessedness immortal and complete
He is coming, O my spirit! and His coming brings release,
I listen for the coming of His feet.

Petticoat government in the municipality of Oskaloosa, Kansas, seems to have turned out a great success. After an experience of six months under the benign and impartial sway of the new *regime* the citizens, it is said, find reason to congratulate themselves on the step they took with fear and trembling when they elected to the Council a woman mayor and five women councillors. Until the ladies made their appearance at the Council Board Oskaloosa had been a singularly disorderly and immoral place. Now everything but churches, drug stores and hotels have to be closed from Saturday night till Monday morning, and the laws and ordinances are administered with strict impartiality, contractors' rings have been demoralized and broken up, "dead-heads" banished, and the illegel sale of liquor stamped out. Kansas is now willing to enter its petticoat government for a prize, and back it for money against any municipal government in the world.

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compass by the brilliant light... Ducks and geese are traveling with gold crests, and swallows, starlings and finches are flying side by side with gulls and waders. Warblers and herons scatter scientific classification to the winds and fraternize with swans and goat-suckers and larks. Falcons and owls appear to lose all propensity for preying on their companions in misfortune. As soon as the weather clears and the moon shines forth once more the birds appear te get on their track again, and the feathered hosts are gone as suddenly as they came. These migratory movements lend bird-life its greatest charms in Autumn.

A Plan That Works Well.

"Brown, I don't see how it is that your girls all marry off as they get old enough, while none of mine can marry."

"Oh, that's simple enough. I marry my girls off on the buckwheat straw principle."

"But what is that principle? I never heard of it before."

"Well, I used to raise a good deal of buckwheat, and it puzzled me to know how to get rid of the straw. Nothing would eat it and it was a great bother to me. At last I thought of a plan. I stacked my buckwheat straw nicely and built a high rail fence around it. My cattle, of course, concluded that it was something good, and at once tore down the fence and began to eat the straw. I dogged them away and put up the fence a few times, but the more I drove them away the more anxious they became to eat the straw. After this had been repeated a few times the cattle determined to eat the straw, and eat it they did, every bit of it. As I said, I marry my girls off on the same principle. When a young man that I don't like begins calling on my girls I encourage him in every way I can. I tell him to come often and stay as late as he pleases, and I take pains to tell the girls that I think they'd better set their caps for him. It works first-rate. He don't make many calls, for the girls treat him as coolly as they can. But when a young fellow that I like comes around, a man that I think would suit me for a son-in-law, I don't let him make many calls before I give him to understand that he isn't wanted around my house. I tell the girls, too, that they shall not have anything to do with him, and give them orders never to speak to him again. The plan always works first-rate. The young folks begin to pity each other, and the next thing I know they are engaged to be married. When I see that they are determined to marry I always give in and pretend to make the best of it. That's the way to manage it."—[Wasp.

The problem of aerial navigation has been solved to the extent that progress can be made by Renard & Krebs' machine against a fourteen mile breeze. This was effected by a motor of 1,100 pounds weight and ten horse power. Commandant Renard has now perfected a motor of the same weight developing fifty horse power, and with this he expects to produce a speed of 62 miles an hour. In two months the whole apparatus will be complete and a trial will be made from the workshop at Calais. If it is successful there will be another invasion panic in England, the reaction from which ought to overcome the opposition to the Channel tunnel scheme.

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, FEB. 1, 1889.

ANNEXATION NOT DESIRABLE.

While our neighbors across the line are making buncomb resolutions, in the shape of offers to take Canada into the American union, no doubt led thereto in the belief, that, where there is so much smoke there must be some fire, we may well call a halt to some Canadian journals, who are continually calling every man and every paper in the Dominion who advocates Unrestricted Reciprocity, "Traitor and Annexationist." We say this tirade of abuse is misleading the Americans, because they see the ablest journals and the greatest of our statesmen, as well as the agricultural interests, (the latter class composing about 75 per cent. of the Dominion) strenuously advocating Unrestricted Reciprocity, at the same time the 35 per cent. tariff loyalist are denouncing them as annexationist. No wonder the American thinks the country ripe for annexation, but we can tell our neighbors there are a good many substantial reasons why we do not want any such arrangement.

First.—Because our political institutions are dissimilar and irreconcibable. Ours is a limited monarchy, in the traditions and benefits of which we have been educated to believe, lies the pathway to the greatest development of national character and national greatness. Slow, perhaps, but sure. Their's is a republic, composed of different states, having interests antagonistic to ours, and embracing within their bounds elements of discord, which may yet rend them assunder.

The system of electing their chief magistrate is such as no Canadian could be brought to tolerate. We do not desire to have every fourth year a blank, or as our neighbors' style it, an off year. Besides waste of time, there is the further waste of a fabulous amount of wealth in the ever increasing cost to the country of a presidential contest.

Second.—The social problems yet to be solved in the United States, makes the connection undesirable. We mean the absorption or extinction of the negro race in the Southern States. We admit the wonderful powers of assimulation or ab- [illegible] American people, and freely [illegible] nation under the sun [illegible] and [illegible] bed to [illegible] uri Europe [illegible] atest [illegible] the [illegible] is [illegible]

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Postmaster-General Haggart denies the report that he has recommended the adoption of a two-cent letter rate. The Kingston News will please publish another editorial, taking back all of the praise bestowed on Mr. Haggart for doing a thing which he says he has not done. The majority of tory organs are so willing, whenever opportunity offers, to deal out a lot of flattery to the parties who distribute government pap, that it really is refreshing when they run against a denial as the News has done in this case.

By reference to the county council proceedings it will be seen that they have appointed a deputation to go to Ottawa to try and have Newburgh relieved from her railroad debt. We do not know what course the government will pursue, but if they have ever granted such relief, certainly they ought to do so in the present instance. Newburgh has fared badly, and the plucky inhabitants of that village ought to be aided in every possible way, in their efforts to regain their former position. We understand that a deputation will also be sent from the municipality itself, and we hope that the united efforts of the village and county councils will prove successful.

The local Conservative organ last week devoted considerable space to abusing the editor of THE EXPRESS, and lauding I. F. Aylsworth. Our stock of billingsgate is not so large as is that of the Beaver scribbler, so we will not attempt to reply in that way. In fact we are so surprised at the Beaver having a pronounced opinion on any subject, that we are quite willing to overlook the language used in expressing that opinion. That paper certainly owes Mr. Aylsworth a great deal, as reparation for having published his alleged portrait and what purported to be a sketch of his life, just before the recent election, and we presume that they were but doing what they believed to be their duty in coming to his defence last week.

In last weeks issue of the Beaver their correspondent from Beaver Lake made an uncalled for and unwarrantable attack on Rev. B. F. Stratton, of Tamworth. The attack was all the more contemptible as a portion of it was made over the shoulders of Rev. Mr. Garbutt. We are at a loss to know what the Beaver or its correspondent hopes to gain by pursuing such a disgraceful course, but we can assure them that Mr. Stratton is too well and favorably known, not only on his own circuit but throughout the county, to be damaged by any such insulting attacks. In a preceeding issue of the same journal, Mr. P. F. Carscallen came in for a contemptible slur from the same correspondent. We do not know who the writer is, but this we do know, that he or she could easily find better employment, than in contributing spiteful and malicious attacks on estimable people, to a journal ready to fill its columns with anything regardless of right or decency.

The action of the county council last [illegible] in only giving the Napanee High [illegible] a grant of $300 is deeply to be re-

At the present time nearly ninety pupils from the county are in attendance at the Napanee school, necessitating a very large outlay on the part of the local school

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

FORMALLY OPENED for BUSINESS

Changes in the Cabinet—The Mover and Seconder of the Address.

On Thursday afternoon of last week promptly at three o'clock, Lieutenant Governor Sir Alexander Campbell, formally opened the third session of the sixth parliament of Ontario, for the transaction of business. Much of the display usually indulged in such on occasions was left out of this year's programme, so that the opening ceremonies were less brilliant (and less costly to the country) than in previous years. The members of the government were all in their places with the exception of Hon. J. M. Gibson, the recently appointed Provincial Secretary. W. R. Meredith, the leader of the opposition, also turned up, looking none the worse for having recently received the fat solicitorship in connection with the Central bank affairs. One well known face was missing, that of Hon. T. B. Pardee, ex-commissioner of Crown lands, and many were the expressions of regret at the cause of his absence. After the formal programme had been gone through with, the speech from the throne was read, after which Speaker Baxter declared the House open.

The speech from the throne was more than ordinarily lengthy, and dealt with several important questions. Reference was made to the decision of the privy council, confirming the right of the province to the crown lands, including the timber and minerals, situate within the provincial boundaries as decided in 1884; also that the northerly and westerly boundaries will probably be settled by imperial legislation at the next session of parliament. The labors of the mining commission were touched on, as were also the school of practical science, the voters list act, asylum accomodation and the question of the disputed accounts between Ontario and the Dominion and also between Ontario and Quebec. Judging from the matter contained and referred to in the speech, the legislature will have enough to engage their attention for a number of weeks.

FRIDAY'S SESSION.

On Friday the House assembled at three o'clock, and after the presentation of a number of petitions, favoring exemptions, Hon. Oliver Mowat referred to the changes in the Cabinet since the last session. The honorable gentleman paid a glowing tribute to the worth of his late colleague, Mr. Pardee, and told how reluctantly he received the resignation of one with whom he had been so intimately associated since 1872. Mr. Pardee was now lying at his home in Sarnia, hopelessly ill, and would likely pass away before the end of the session.

The recent decision of the Privy Council in regard to the mineral lands of the northern territory, would throw upon the office an enormous amount of increased work, and questions would have to be considered for solution, and negotiations entered into which would make it necessary to have a Commissioner of Crown Lands, in full vigor, to attend to them. Consequently the Government had to come to the conclusion, although with extreme reluctance, that a new Commissioner must be appointed. The choice had fallen on Hon. A. S. Hardy, the then Provincial Secretary, and he thought the House would agree that no more fitting selection could have been made.

The position of Provincial Secretary had

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or rapid in accomplishing.
... to apt too despise the negro, and underrate his abilities, forgetting the great leaders which ancient Carthage and modern St. Domingo have produced.

Well, 'till Uncle Sam gets through with this problem, we have no desire to stake our fortunes on the chances, but prefer to stay by our own institutions, which guarantee us protection in the enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Third.—The fiscal policy of the United States, is such as would seriously cripple our energies, were we to become a part of the union. Our maritime interest, particularly our carrying trade would dwindle into the insignificance into which their absurd policy has driven their own marine.

This fact you say, is equally strong against commercial union; then so much the worse for commercial union.

Unrestricted Reciprocity, leaving us free to push trade with foreign countries, is what we want, what the largest interests in this country demand, and what another election will doubtless place in the way of our getting. When once obtained, you will hear no more about changing the union jack for the stars and stripes and that other rad, Imperial Federation, will be buried so deep that all the lip loyalists in the Dominion will not be able to resurrect.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. Thomas Marsh, of Bath, was in town this week.

—Joseph Roney, of Kingston, spent Tuesday in town.

—Mr. R. L. Meadows, of Toronto, was visiting in town this week.

—Uriah Wilson, M. P. for Lennox, left for Ottawa on Wednesday.

—Mr. Nelson Fralick, of Deseronto, was in town on Sunday visiting friends.

—We regret to learn that Mr. Wm. E. Hudson, of Centreville, is in very poor health.

—John S. Miller, M. P. P., left for Toronto on Monday morning to attend to his sessional duties.

—Mr. Thomas Wild who has been visiting friends in this section, will leave for his home in Manitoba next week.

—Mr. Charles Baker, of Wales, Ont., spent a few days in town this week, the guest of his brother-in-law Dr. Cook.

—There will be a meeting of the W. C. T. U. next Tuesday at three o'clock, in the council chamber. A full attendance is requested.

—Mr. J. G. Corran, of Colborne, was in town on Saturday last, for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late N. F. Paisley. Mr. Corran also paid a visit to his parents at Tamworth.

On Saturday last we had a pleasant call from John O. Sexsmith, one of the Veteran Reformers of the township of Richmond. Mr. Sexsmith is enjoying first-class health, and we trust that he may long be spared to advocate the cause of Reform which is so dear to his heart.

—Miss Ida Johnson, of the Boston Conservatory of music, is the guest of her cousin, Mr. Sanford Johnson, of the Campbell House. We understand that Miss Johnson intends forming a class for instrumental instruction here, which will give a rare opportunity to those desiring to become proficient in music.

—Miss Marie Tilley leaves for Toronto to-morrow, to take a course in voice culture at the Toronto Conservatory of music. Her sister, Miss Maggie, has been at that institution since the Christmas holidays, and we confidently expect to hear them sing even more sweetly than in the past, when they come home for the summer.

A Great Sufferer.

That person who is afflicted with rheumatism is a great sufferer and greatly to be pitied if they cannot procure Hagyard's Yellow Oil. This remedy is a certain cure, not only for rheumatism but for all external aches and internal pains.

at the Napanee school, necessitating a very large outlay on the part of the local school board. This year the grant should have been fully double the amount given, and we express the hope that at the March session a further grant will be made. We do not wish to make a charge of unfairness against the members of the county council, and will not do so if they will deal fairly with the Napanee school. Perhaps they are not aware that considerable less than half as many scholars from the county, are in attendance at the Newburgh High School as are attending at Napanee—yet a grant of $225 is given to Newburgh, and only $300 to Napanee. We believe that the grant to Newburgh is none too large, but in all fairness let us have a grant of at least as much per pupil as our neighbor receives. Let the county council at its next session, find out just how many pupils are in attendance at each high school, let each school be put on an equal footing, and grant them each a rate per pupil, then no fault can be found.

At a recent meeting of the Deseronto Council steps were taken towards erecting a High School building. On that occasion the mayor, E. W. Rathbun, made some very significant remarks, stating, among other things, that he hoped in the near future to see Deseronto an educational as well as a manufacturing centre. The time has come in the history of our own school affairs, when a policy of delay can no longer be tolerated. The present condition of affairs demand that a suitable building be erected in Napanee AT ONCE. The idea that a portion of the High School scholars are to be quartered on Roblin's Hill, and the others in the western part of the town, both in buildings totally unfitted for the work, is simply absurd. The fact that nearly 200 pupils are in attendance, is owing to the brilliant staff of teachers employed, and not to the accommodations offered. A few days ago, Lindsay opened a $30,000 Collegiate Institute, and now Deseronto intends erecting a $15,000 High School. If we wish to let our opportunity slip bye, we can easily do so, but once gone, we may never have another chance to make Napanee an educational centre. By all means let us have a High School building that will meet all requirements, and not only maintain our present reputation, but add largely thereto.

In the Cardwell election trial on Tuesday the petitioneer withdrew his petition against the return of Mr. White. Application was then made on behalf of Mr. Samuel Stubbs that he should be substituted, affidavits alleging collusion being at the same time put in. Argument on this application will take place at Osgoode Hall on Saturday.

Gen. Boulanger was elected for the Department of the Seine on Monday by a plurality of 81,550 over M. Jacques, the "straight" Republican candidate, and a majority of 54,432 over all his opponents combined. The Floquet Ministry is "knocked out," and there may be other and more serious consequences. The General will resign the seat for the Seine and continue to represent the Nord.

A Boon and A Blessing.

A boon and a blessing to mankind is Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the great pain destroyer and healing remedy for external and internal use. Yellow Oil cures all aches and pains, rheumatism, lame back, sore throat, croup, deafness, cramps, contracted cords and lameness. Procure it of your druggist.

the House would agree that no more fitting selection could have been made.

The position of Provincial Secretary had been filled by the appointment of Mr. J. M. Gibson, member for Hamilton, and here, too, they had been most fortunate in securing so able a man.

Mr. Meredith said that, on behalf of the opposition, he concurred in all that the Attorney-General had said regarding Mr. Pardee—his colleagues would miss him and his country would miss him.

Mr. G. B. Smith, the member for East York, then moved the adoption of the address, in reply to the Speech from the Throne. He made a capital speech, dealing principally with the matters referred to in the opening speech. He devoted some time to referring to the recent victory gained by this province in the St. Catherines Milling Company case, and expressed regret that the opposition should so persistently go against the best interests of their country, simply because those interests were being protected by the Reform party.

Mr. Davis, the newly elected member for North York, seconded the motion in a short address, exceedingly well delivered.

Mr. Meredith replied, after which the Premier closed the debate in a rattling speech, and the address was adopted.

Mr. Meredith did not speak at as great length as many expected he would. He referred to the Boundary question and the License Commissioners, indicating that these questions would be likely to come up for discussion again. His touching remarks over the grave of the inter provincial resolutions were rather humorous.

In reply the Attorney-General indicated clearly that these resolutions were the basis on which the next election would be fought, and that they would be resurrected at an early date. He made a good point when he said that the administration of the license laws was a source of weakness to the government, and not of strength, as supposed. Every disappointed liquor seller in the country, he said, was in arms against the government, and in this way, more enemies were made than friends.

MONDAY'S SESSION

The house only set for about five minutes on Monday, that time being occupied in the presentation of petitions.

Hon. A. S. Hardy announced that an Order in Council had been passed commuting at the sum of $3,000 per annum, to be paid in monthly instalments, the fees received by S. S. Lazier, as local Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario, at Belleville, and deputy-registrar of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice at the same place, such commutation to date from November 1st last.

EXPRESS CLUBBING LIST.

THE EXPRESS will be clubbed with the following papers for the price quoted—the balance of 1888 of THE EXPRESS free.

The Weekly Globe	$1 75
The Weekly Mail and Farm and Fireside	1 75
The Cottage Hearth	1 50
The Weekly Advertiser, including copy of the beautiful picture "The Falls of Niagara"	1 75
The Toronto World	2 50
The Weekly Globe and Rural Canadian	2 00
Scribner's Magazine	3 50
The Independent	3 50
Harper's Magazine	4 00
Harper's Weekly	4 20
Harper's Bazar	4 00
Harper's Young People	2 25
The Mail	1 80
The Canadian Poultry Review	1 60
Pigeons and Pets	1 30
The Dominion Illustrated	4 00
Grip	2 70
American Agriculturist	2 00
Fireside Weekly	2
Saturday Night	2

"NAPANEE IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR ME!"

P. SLAVEN & CO.

Have received this week the invoice of a large shipment of

Fine Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, with Borders and Stair Carpets to Match.

The goods were shipped by the S.S. Erin for New York, and we expect to have them open in a week or ten days. In the meantime we are showing a large assortment of

New Prints, Chambrays, Ginghams, Embroideries, Sheetings, etc., etc.

WE HAVE IN STOCK

17 DIFFERENT MAKES OF CORSETS!

in all sizes, many of which are confined to us, including the celebrated Yatisi and Coraline Corsets. Our French woven Corsets are about the finest goods imported, and include the 1000-bone Corset, the C. P. A. La Sirene, Common Sense, Mascot, and other celebrated makes.

We keep a full assortment of **LARGE SIZE CORSETS,** up to 36 inches. Also Childrens' and Maids' Corsets.

Cor. John & Dundas-sts., Napanee.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

GENERAL NEWS.

Gladstone has abandoned his trip to Rome.

Eight applications for divorce will be considered by the senate at this session.

Archduke Rudolf, heir apparent to the Austrian throne, died suddenly on Wednesday.

Port Arthur council has reduced the number of hotel licenses from 19 to 10 and increased the license fee.

Sir William Buell Richards, ex-chief justice of the Canadian supreme court, died at Ottawa on Saturday last.

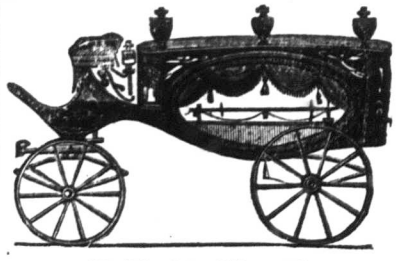
Empress Frederick has a collection of 24,000 obituary notices published in connection with the death of her husband.

It is definitely announced that Sir John Macdonald will cease to represent Kingston after the present parliament expires.

Pews in Dr. Talmage's church, at the recent auction, netted premiums amounting to $6,394. The first choice cost $500.

Richard Holmes, of Plum Hollow, Leeds County, aged 102 years, died on Friday last. He was the oldest Mason in America.

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH.



E. M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, cassets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
Tamworth

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$85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for **$100**, until la... Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. War... ranted. Heavy ... Gold

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$93 Sewing-Machine FREE

To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after **2** months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for **$93**, with the attachments, and now sells for **$50.** Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America.

TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

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LADIES ONLY.

French Regulation Pills.

Far superior to Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal or Oxide. Endorsed by thousands of ladies who use them MONTHLY. Never fail. Relieve pain, INSURE REGULARITY, Pleasant and Effectual. Price $2. Toronto Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. 5288m6f

to $6,394. The first choice cost $500.

Richard Holmes, of Plum Hollow, Leeds County, aged 102 years, died on Friday last. He was the oldest Mason in America.

The report that Lord Sackville would succeed Sir William White, as British ambassador at Constantinople, its officially contradicted.

In consequence of the victory of Gen. Boulanger the Minister tendered their resignations, but President Carnot declined to accept them.

Mr. John Fraser, deputy clerk of the crown and pleas at Kingston, died in that city on Sunday last. Deceased was a brother-in-law of Hon. Oliver Mowat.

MME. ALBANI appeared in Montreal on Saturday night, and was given an enthusiastic welcome. While in Ottawa she will be the guest of Sir John and Lady Macdonald.

Sir John is authority for stating that the coming session of parliament will be a short one. It is expected that prorogation will take place before Good Friday, April 19th.

Mr. A. Sumner, for three years editor of the War Cry, and at one time captain of the Salvation Army in Napanee, has resigned his position and severed his connection with the army.

At the meeting of the Peterboro county council, a petition to the Governor General was unanimously agreed upon to prohibit the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors.

AT a meeting of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council in Ottawa on Saturday, the Northern Pacific and Manitoba railway was given permission to cross the Canadian Pacific railway at Merris.

An Order-in-Council was passed at a meeting of the Ontario Cabinet on Tuesday, appointing Dr. Alexander, of Dalhouse College, Halifax, to the Professorship of English in University College, Toronto.

Mr. Colter defeated Dr. Montague by a majority of 39 in the election in Haldimand for the Commons on Wednesday of this week. This adds another Reformer to the House, Dr. Montague having represented Haldimand for the last two sessions.

J. H. Metcalf, M. P. P. for Frontenac, announces that when Sir John resigns or ceases to represent Kingston, that he will claim the conservative nomination. It would seem as if J. H. was just a little bit anxious for Sir John to get out of his way.

Walter H. Stickney, Bloomfield, passed peacefully away on Jan. 21st, at the residence of his son-in-law, Isaac Wilson, aged 83 years. He was stricken with paralysis some five days before his death and gradually sank under the stroke. He was a brother of Mr. D. B. Stickney, of Newburgh.

The result of the bye elections since the prorogation of the Dominion Parliament is to add to the strength of the Liberal party two more members—Mr. Waldie, Halton, and Mr. Nevun, Joliette—and to reduce the Government supporters by two, or four votes on a division.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed nights and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

30881y

FREE

$85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $100, until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

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The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing that he has the

Big Mill Running Again

And is now in a better position than ever to do custing of all kinds. Grists ground on the shortest notice.

The best brands of flour and feed always on hand

38°8'y J R DAFOE

P. S.—A large quantity of bran on hand

[illegible] watch in the world [illegible] best time [illegible] keeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and handsome. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value [illegible] in each locality can secure one FREE, together with our large and valuable line of HOUSEHOLD SAMPLES. These samples, as well as the watch, we send free and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. It is possible to make this great offer, sending the $85.00 GOLD watch and COSTLY samples free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always results in a large trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality a few months we usually get from $10000 to $15,000 in trade from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once, and make sure of the chance. Reader it will be hardly any trouble for you to show the samples to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know what you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure FREE one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address at once ED. STINSON & CO., Box 812, PORTLAND, MAINE.

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10,000 ft good Pine Lumber,

13 and 16 feet long. A good chance for any person wanting lumber for fence or shed building. To be sold cheap at SYMINGTON'S.

APPLES, GRAPES, etc., wholesale and retail.

FLOUR & FEED as usual.

GROCERIES of all kinds.

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PRODUCE DEALER,

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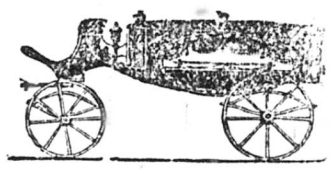
who use them MONTHLY. Never fail. Relieve pain, INSURE REGULARITY, Pleasant and Effectual. Price $2. Toronto Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. 5288m1f



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We keep constantly on hand a full line of every description of

COFFINS, CASKETS AND ROBES.

Also the most perfect deodizer in use, obviating all disagreeable odors.

Embalming a Specialty!

All the latest designs in Badges and Door Crapes. Funerals attended personally and in the most satisfactory manner.

We also have a full line of newest designs of

Wall Paper and Wall and Ceiling Decorations.

Window Shades in all the newest designs. As the selections have been made by a practical man, parties will find it to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Everything new. No old stock. Remember the place, Centre-st., one door south of Main.

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PERCHERON HORSES!

SAVAGE & FARNUM,

ISLAND HOME STOCK FARM, Grosse Isle, Wayne County, Michigan.

About 200 pure-bred animals on hand. Prices reasonable; terms easy. Horses guaranteed breeders. Large catalogue with history of the breed free by mail Address SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.

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Beautifully formed high-stepping Stallions and Mares, superb action, bred under the patronage of the French Government. For catalogue and history of the breed address

Savage & Farnum, Detroit, Mich.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Excursion to Montreal !

DURING THE

CARNIVAL

Tickets good to go from Feb. 4th to 9th, inclusive. Good to return until Feb. 13th, inclusive.

$6.60

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co. Napanee

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Yarker.

George Miller, watchmaker, is located over Stan. Amey's meat shop.

We extend congratulations to Mr. James Carscallen on being the happy father of twin girls.

Prof. Scott and his assistant have been breaking in colts here lately. They are good ones.

An assistant teacher will have to be engaged for the public school here, as the work is too much for one teacher.

Selby.

Messrs. Alex. Spencer and F. Robinson have gone to Manitoba.

The trustees of school section No. 6, just west of Selby, have decided to build a new school house.

The council held their first meeting on Monday last. Ira B. Hudgins, Esq., and Mr. Mearl Sills were appointed auditors, and H. Vankoughnett assessor for 1889.

The annual cheese meeting was held on the 17th, and we clip the following from the auditors report :

Total milk received at factory	1,149,949 lbs
Total cheese manufactured...	114,309 lbs
Total sales including interest from bank.....	$10,222 09
Total Payments.....	10,220 73
Average milk to 1 lb cheese..	10 lbs
Average price per lb. 9c.	

Mr. R. S. Dennison, who has been president of the factory for the last fifteen years, declined to act in that capacity any longer, and Mr. Geo. Cleall, proprietor of the factory, was chosen in his place. Mr. I. B. Hudgins was re-elected Sec. and Treas., and A. Winters auditor. Mr. C. N. Lucas was chairman of the meeting and filled the office to the satisfaction of all parties.

Tamworth.

Mrs. Denyes widow of the late M. Denyes, of Ernesttown, came here Monday evening 14th inst., in apparently perfect health, on a visit to her neice, Mrs. G. S. Hinch. She went upstairs to bed that night as well as ever, but did not come down again until brought down to-day in a casket for burial. She felt something like a slight bilious attack Tuesday morning but did not think it the boys were up to, and in his own happy manner conveyed his overflowing thanks to the kind-hearted people among whom his lot had so providentially been cast. The deputation's report caused us all alike to share the pleasantness expressed by the Rev. gentleman in connection with the event.

Mill Haven.

No stir around here.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fraser, of Napanee, called here last Thursday.

Mr. Will Fleming spent Saturday and Sunday at his father's, Mr. Jno. Fleming's.

Mr. Geo. Forward and Mrs. T. Botting, Napanee, were the guests of Mr. Clinton Forward last Sunday.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. D. C. Forward is no better. He has been confined to his bed for over two weeks now.

Adolphustown and Fredericksburgh.

The friends and adherents of the Methodist church, Sillsville, are preparing for a grand tea meeting and literary entertainment on Friday, Feburary 1st. No efforts will be spared to make this the best of the season. Mark the place—town hall, South Fredericksburg; now follow the crowd.

On Wednesday, the 23rd of January, there was a gay and festive gathering at the residence of Mr. James L. Loyst, Hay Bay, South Fredericksburgh, to witness the nuptial ceremony between his oldest daughter Maggie, and Mr. Roderick Allison, only son of Cyrus R. Allison J. P., reeve of South Fredericksburgh. The ceremony was celebrated by the Rev. J. C. Ash, assisted by the Rev. W. R. Young. The handsome couple, so well mated, received the heartiest congratulations of their numerous friends. They left Napanee by the evening express for a trip to Toronto and other points west.

Morven.

Quarterly meeting next Sunday Feb. 3rd, at the Brick church at 10.30 a. m. We hope there may be a good attendance.

We expect some doings in the White church in the next month. Our friends must look out for the announcements.

Morven has been quietly pursuing its way since last it was reported. It has had a share in the rain and in the sunshine and is endeavouring to improve both.

Mr. Robt. Gibson was severely hurt over the right temple by a part of a tree which he was cutting, rolling against him. It was a very narrow escape from instant death. We hope he may recover, and understand that he is somewhat better.

The post office, about which there has been so much uncertainty of late, because of its non-paying character, is now again assured, the community having raised a bonus for the post master to supplement his small allowance from the department. We are glad of this because the office is convenient and it is very well kept.

Arden.

Rev. J. Wratherdon is on missionary duties.

Mrs. S. Barker, who has been seriously ill, is recovering.

Mr. Herb. Wormworth is going to Toronto next week.

There is a great demand at present for teams in the shanties.

Sorry to say that our school teacher, Mr. Ball, is about leaving us.

Mr. Wm. Youmans has taken a contract of getting out timber for Mr. Green.

Rev. McMullen intends holding revival meetings in the Methodist church next week.

Mr. Tuskie and wife, from Manitoba,

An Incurable Disease.

Insurance Company's Doctor—Of what did you father die?

Texan—Throat affection.

I. C. Doctor—Diphtheria?

Texan—No; a gathering of hemp under his left ear.

I. C. Doctor—Ah, bronchial trouble!

Texan—No, sir, bronco.—Town Topics.

Disposing of Dead Matter.

Editor—What have you done with those two columns of type on that galley?

New Devil—You said it was dead.

Editor—Well, what had that to do with it?

New Devil—Well, I didn't suppose you wanted anything dead around this office, and so I threw it out the back window.—Jewish Tidings.

Up to Jan. 1.

A paper in the upper end of the state says that "the pretty girls" of that section continue to "hold their own." That's all right. This is leap year. Next year young men will resume "holding their own."—Norristown Herald.

THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS IN CANADA.

OVER 100 STYLES OF

HAY SCALES,
GRAIN SCALES,
FARM SCALES,
TEA SCALES,
IMPROVED SHOW CASES
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THE BEST IS CHEAPEST.

Farmer's Advocate & Home Magazine

Every farmer should read the leading and only independent publication devoted to his business. Thousands say there is none equal to it, and no dollar expended from the farm returns so much good. It treats on all branches connected with the farm, and is highly prized by the ladies and children; it has saved many a farmer from the loss of his farm; it has saved the farmers millions of dollars by checking the introduction and spread of contagious stock diseases; it has increased the receipts from our cereals by millions of dollars. Commended by City and County Councils and Agricultural Societies. Agents wanted. Sample copies free. Price $1 per annum. Address FARMER'S ADVOCATE OFFICE, London. Canada.

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ever, but did not come down again until brought down to-day in a casket for burial. She felt something like a slight bilious attack Tuesday morning but did not think it necessary to call a doctor. On Tuesday afternoon she suffered a slight stroke of paralysis which affected her left side, body and limbs. Her daughter, Mrs. J. D. Wagar, of Enterprise, was at once informed of her state, medical aid secured, and the other members of her family informed of her illness. Doctors Clark, of this place, and Beeman, of Centreville, did all they could for her relief, but she gradually sank and suffered another stroke on Wednesday and again another on Friday. Sometimes she would fall so low as to be unconsious, but most of the time she knew what was said and done, and made ready and rational answers to questions put to her by her children and friends, even to within a short time of the end. She passed peacefully away with a bright hope of eternal happiness, about half-past eleven on Tuesday night, the twenty-second instant. The body was taken to Camden East by rail, thence to the old home on the York road, the funeral then proceeding to the Morven vault. Mrs. Denyes leaves six sons—John, James, Harvey, Thomas, George and Sidney, and three daughters—Mrs. D. M. Wright, Mrs. J. D. Wagar and Mrs. J. Johnston—to mourn her loss.

Odessa.

Remember the quarterly meeting next Sunday morning.

Donald F. Henderson, we understand, is going to Manitoba in the spring.

The second consignment of snow, labelled "Odessa," struck town Sunday, making rippin' sleighing now.

Two weddings are on the tee-tee shortly.

Business is brightening up a bit in the Salvation barracks, five new soldiers enlisting just lately.

Visitors—Wm. Fraser, Emerson, Man.; Mrs. Wm. and Edward Shaw, Picton, Ont.; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rutherford, C. P. R., North Bay, Ont.

The A. O. U. W. will give a rousing concert some time in February, in the town hall. The object is more to introduce the order than to raise a pot, consequently the charge will be nominal.

Cordwood is now coming in freely, the price being for No. 1 hard, $3; No. 1 soft, $2 per cord. We saw one cord of soft wood sold for sixteen plugs 7c. Napoleon this week, but this was an exceptional case.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Martin Denyes, on Friday last, was very largely attended, Rev. Mr. Young preaching an able sermon. Her six sons acted as pall bearers, and the remains were deposited at Violet.

The action of the Lennox County Agricultural Society in petitioning the Ontario government to do away with the township shows, and give them the whole boodle to prop up their one-hoss side parody, has caused the alert directors of the Ernesttown Agricultural Society, to get after them with a sharp stick. They have also memorialized the Hon. the Minister of Agriculture, opposing any such scheme, handling the county institution without gloves. Ernesttown, in almost everything, generally sleeps with both eyes open, and other townships should add their protest to the government, without delay.

Since coming among us the Rev. W. H. Quartermaine has made many very warm friends, regardless as to denomination. Saturday [illegible]ng last a deputation dropped in [illegible] rectory, and presented him [illegible]et of single harness, [illegible]lls, top whip and a [illegible]n appropriate address [illegible] of his numerous [illegible]nkling of what

meetings in the Methodist church next week.

Mr. Tuskie and wife, from Manitoba, were the guests of James Williams on Sunday last.

Glad to see Mr. R. A. Smith, agent for C. P. Ry., back again. He is looking well after his holidays.

W. D. Mace was in town Friday last purchasing logs and timber. He intends doing a rushing business in the spring.

[Will be glad to hear from Billy every week, but must know his name; not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Editor EXPRESS.]

Centreville.

The patrons of the Centreville cheese factory met on Tuesday last, nearly all the patrons being present.

Jas. Reid, Esq., was called to the chair.

J. S. Lochhead, secretary, was called upon to read the auditor's report which was adopted unamiously.

Moved by A. V. Price, seconded by Samuel Doupe, that the patrons of Centreville cheese factory approve of the way and manner in which the factory has been conducted during the past year, and that they have every confidence in Mr. Whelan's honesty and integrity. Carried.

Moved by Wm. Paul, seconded by John A. Storey, that Wm. Whelan manufacture cheese for 2½ cents for the year 1889, and that he be re-appointed salesman and treasurer, he to pay all expenses of the factory. Carried.

Moved by Wm. Paul, seconded by B. S. Kellar, that J. S. Lochhead be re-appointed secretary. Carried.

It was moved and seconded that Jas. Teskey be re-appointed auditor for 1889. Carried.

The proprietor, Wm. Whelan, appointed Dr. M. I. Beeman as second auditor, which was approved of by the meeting.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

We, the auditors appointed to examine the books of Centreville cheese factory for the season of 1888, beg leave to report that we have gone over the books of the secretary-treasurer and cheese makers with considerable care and find them (with a few trifling exceptions) to be correct. We find that 1,882,188 pounds of milk were delivered at the factory from which were made 183,038 pounds of cheese which sold for $17,065.20 and which netted the patrons the sum of $13,175.68. This amount was equivalent to a trifle over 70 cents per cwt. from the milk. During the season 10 lbs. and 4½ ounces of milk were required to make a pound of cheese.

We would suggest that the secretary make each month's dividend as close as possible to the amount received for the cheese of that month. All of which is respectfully submitted.

JAS. TESKEY,
M. I. BEEMAN, } Auditors

In Better Humor Now.

"My son aged eleven, was cured of an eruptive humor that covered his head and face with sores, by two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters and Pills," testifies Mrs. Mary Fulford, of Port Hope, Ont.

Consumption Cured

An old physician retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with name, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 147 Powers' Block Rochester N Y.

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By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been so uniform, that we will now guarantee to treat bad or reputed incurable cases, for a stipulated price until cured, and in case of failure to refund all the money paid us under such written guarantee. It will cost you nothing to investigate this offer, as consultation at the offices or by letter free. Take no chance—pay no money to a doctor, unless he has confidence enough in his skill to guarantee a cure. No matter what the name or nature of your disease may be, call or write to us, giving age, sex, complexion and symptoms. Send stamps to prepay postage on the NEW METHOD CURE books.

Part I, contains 228 pages, over 200 illustrations, symptoms of diseases and reports of over 10,000 cures; Prescriptions for the cure of acute diseases by Allopathic, Homœopathic and Eclectic remedies; Hygienic instructions for every lady, gentlemen and family. Will be mailed on receipt of 20 two-cent stamps, or 40 cents in silver.

Part II, private information for men and boys, young or old, mailed sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps, or 10 cents in silver.

Part III, information and instructions for ladies, married or single, 14 colored illustrations, symptoms, advice and reports of cures; mailed to ladies only, sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps or 10 cents in silver. The three books will be mailed for 25 two-cent stamps, or 50 cents in silver, or will be given free at

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HEALTH.

A Penalty of Tight Lacing.

The unnatural and most injurious habit of contracting the waist and chest by stays, in a vice-like grip, interferes with the functions of all the abdominal, pelvic, and thoracic organs. The circulation and proper function of the liver and spleen are greatly interfered with, digestion and chylification are impaired, the pelvic organs are depressed below their normal level, the diaphram is prevented from proper play, and the ribs cannot expand the chest walls; and the inevitable consequence is deficient respiration and aeration of the blood (and consumption.)

Under five years of age, the census of 1870 and 1880 show more deaths of males than females, from this disease. They also show a gradual increase of females after that age to ten years; and after that to fifteen, the increase is quite rapid, so that at the latter age the census of 1870 gives the deaths of males, five hundred and one and of females, one thousand and fifty-six; and for 1880 the disproportion is still greater. Between the ages of fifteen and twenty, it is considerably more than double. This is the tribute females pay to fashion at that age. Females continue to hold the ascendency till thirty-five years, in the census of 1870, and to the fortieth year in that of 1880, when the males again come to the front, and lead the list the balance of life.—[St. Louis Courier of Medicine.

Treatment of Rheumatism.

A combination of salicylic acid and iron is recommended in the treatment of acute rheumatism, the formula for which was obtained in the following way:

About a year ago a hospital nurse was pouring into a common receptacle some remnants of different medicines, when she noticed that a black precipitate formed by iron was turned into a transparent solution of a rich red hue, as soon as she poured the fluid contents of another bottle into it. Being a young woman of an enquiring turn of mind, she asked the house physician the cause of this phenomenon. The house staff, to help her in her desire for information, experimented with the drugs that she had been throwing out, and ascertained that her manipulation of chemicals had been this: she had first poured into the receptacle a salicylic acid. Into this she had poured a solution of iron, with the result of producing a black precipitate. To this she added some sodium phosphate, with the result of producing a clear red solution.

This at once gave a clue to the means of combining iron and salicylic acid without forming a precipitate. The facts were submitted to the apothecary of the hospital, and from them he produced the following formula; which has been in constant use nearly a year.

R. Acidi salicyli	gr. xx.
Ferri pyrophosphatis	gr. v.
Sodii phosphatis	gr. l.
Aquæ	oz. ss.

Milk as Medicine.

[illegible] the best medicines in the [illegible]ut of it. Beef tea rarely [illegible]rth of the nutriment [illegible] is o[illegible] to [illegible] dis[illegible] he [illegible]

[illegible]is consumption, [illegible] diet, and in

One of the hardest working women in England, who has for many years conducted a large wholesale business, retains excellent nerves at an advanced age, owing, it is believed, to the habit of taking one day a week in bed. If we cannot avoid frequent agitation, we ought, if possible, to give the nervous system time to recover itself between the shocks. Even an hour's seclusion after lunch will deprive a hurried, anxious day of much of its injury. The nerves can often be overcome by stratagem when they refuse to be controlled by strength of will.—[Boston Journal of Health.

To Cure a Cold.

An authority gives the following "fine way of curing a cold":—Bathe the feet in hot water and drink a pint of hot lemonade. Then sponge with salt water, and remain in a warm room. Bathe the face in very hot water every five minutes for an hour. Snuff up the nostrils hot salt water every three hours. Inhale ammonia or menthor. Take four hours of active exercise in the open air.

Effects of Tobacco in Excess

Those who can use tobacco without immediate injury will have all the pleasant effects reversed, and will suffer from the symptoms of poisoning if they exceed the limits of tollerance. These symptoms are; 1. The heart's action becomes more rapid when tobacco is used; 2. Palpitation, pain, or unusual sensations in the heart; 3. There is no appetite in the morning, the tongue is coated, delicate flavors are not appreciated, and acid dyspepsia occurs after eating; 4. Soreness of the mouth and throat, or nasal catarrh appears, and becomes very troublesome; 5. The eyesight becomes poor, but improves when the habit is abandoned; 6. A desire, often a craving for liquor or some other stimulant, is experienced.

A Wholesome Stimulant.

Milk heated to much above one hundred degrees Fahrenheit loses for a time a degree of its sweetness and density. No one who, fatigued by over-exertion of body or mind, has ever experienced the reviving influence of a tumbler of this beverage, heated as hot as it can be sipped, will willingly forego a resort to it because of its being rendered somewhat less acceptable to the palate. The promptness with which its cordial influence is felt is indeed surprising. Some portion of it seems to be digested and appropriated almost immediately; and many who now fancy they need alcoholic stimulants when exhausted by fatigue will find in this simple draught an equivalent that will be abundantly satisfying and far more enduring in its effects. There is many an ignorant, overworked woman who fancies she could not keep up without her beer; she mistakes its momentary exhilaration for strength, and applies the whip instead of nourishment to her poor exhausted frame. Any physician will tell her that there is more real strength and nourishment in a slice of bread than in a quart of beer; but, if she loves stimulants, it would be a very useless piece of information.

General Notes.

LEARNING TO WALK.—A young child should never be encouraged to stand alone too soon, or to bear the full weight of its body on its legs before they are strong enough to support it, as, if this is allowed, the legs will most assuredly become "bowed" and disfigured for life. It is a good plan to allow baby to be upon the nursery floor for a short time once or twice a day, and to kick about as Nature may dictate, thus giving strength

PASSING NOTES.

Leeds, England, has a permanent art gallery containing museum court and vestibule, sculpture gallery, and six well-lighted rooms for pictures. Its own collection is small, but the exhibition for the Winter is enlarged by pictures lent from other museums

A circular tomb has been found in a hillside near Epidaurns, Greece, containing skeletons with vessels like those of the prehistoric tombs of Mycenæ, and a bronze spearhead and fibula. It is one of seven, and leads archæologists to believe that it represents an epoch not for a few isolated places only, but for all Greece.

Shakspeare is not relished by the Roumanians. "King Lear," which has just been put upon the boards at the National Theatre in Bucharest, is openly damned by the press. This is what the critic of the leading journal of the Roumanian capital says: "The play is antiquated. The subject dates from before the flood. Instead of being interested in the insanity of the howling king, the public went sweetly to sleep, and won't be likely to come back again.

One of the most lamentable cases of terrible results following indulgence in that fatuous inclination which so many persons have to get off or on railway trains while in motion, happened in Orillia last week, when Mr. A. D. Kean, a barrister of that town, had both his legs taken off above the knee, dying next day. It seems impossible by admonition, to secure much attention to the dictates of common sense in such matters, but surely accidents like that in Orillia ought to preach prudence with tongues louder than thunder.

There is any quantity of curiosity and argumentation going on as to the gentlemen whom President-elect Harrison is likely to honour by calling them to his cabinet. Nothing definite is known, as the General is a man who has a faculty for holding his tongue when he thinks it necessary. Even his friends admit that he is as close as an oyster, a good listener, but a veritable sphinx so far as answering goes. So that it would seem they are all as much in the dark as anybody. The thing is to be settled in the President's own head, and as the responsibile ity will be his in any case he means to settle it without advice.

John Chinaman may be patient under provocation, but he does not always yield his rights without a fight for them. There is a case just now before the Supreme Court of the United States wherein Chae Chan Ping challenges the constitutionality of the Chinese Exclusion Act of 1888. It seems that he went to China in June, 1887, but not without securing a return certificate as required by law from the Collector of the port of San Francisco. This certificate was ignored on his return in 1888, on the plea that the Exclusion Act made it void, and this is the question which the Supreme Court has been called upon to decide.

This is a day of reverses for the German Fatherland. Humiliated in Samoa by the defeat of its forces, and disgraced at home by the conduct of the Bismarck wing in the Geffcken and Morier cases, sackcloth and ashes are the appropriate raiment of the period. The imperious young potentate who calls himself Emperor, started in with much the same spirit as that Jewish King who was going to chastise with scorpions those whom his father had been contented to punish with whips. It will be well if onward results of a similar kind do not follow a similar "pig-headed" policy in the nineteenth century.

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Treatment of Corns.

With properly-shaped and sufficiently-large boots, corns rarely form, and will often disappear spontaneously when the undue pressure is removed. They may be best treated by painting them frequently with tincture of iodine, or a strong solution of bichromate of potash, and shaving off with a sharp knife the hardened outer layers thus acted upon. The corn doctor goes deeper and tries to remove the whole conical wedge of epidermis. The soft corn should be hardened by powdering frequently with tannin and keeping the opposite surfaces constantly apart by means of rings of felting, or little rolls of linen. For an inflamed corn, the foot should be kept in an elevated position as much as possible; evaporating lotions of spirit and water should be frequently used, and softening ointments applied.

Sore Hands.

Apply the following liniment:—Liquor ammoniac, tincture of opium, spirits of turpentine, and olive oil, equal parts of each. After washing the hands in the morning, at midday, and in the evening, and drying, pour a teaspoonful of the liniment in the palm of one hand, and then rub the hands and fingers together as if washing them. Repeat the process, having poured a teaspoonful into the other hand, so that the liniment may be equally distributed. Work the hands together till dry. If the sore parts smart too much, the liniment should have a little oil added to it.

Care of the Feet.

Persons who are troubled with feet which at times emit an offensive odor, in spire of all known preventives, will be glad to learn of the following simple remedy which we have obtained from one of our eminent physicians. It is usually the case that those who are troubled in this way are subject to excessive perspiration. No amount of bathing and washing remedies the evil complained of. The softening of the skin between the toes and leakage of the fetid lymph suggest an astringent application, but even a strong solution of sulphate of zinc, will be absorbed producing swelling and more or less distress; but oxide of zinc, not only possesses the proper astringent property, but effectually arrests the discharge, disinfecting the parts, and effecting a complete cure of the offensive m alady.—[Hall's Journal of Health.

Value of Rest.

There is no better preventive of nervous exhaustion than regular, unhurried muscular exercise (says an exchange), If we could moderate our hurry, lessen our worry and increase our open air exercise, a large proportion of nervous diseases would be abolished. For those who cannot get a sufficient holiday the substitute is an occasional day in bed. Many whose nerves are constantly strained in their daily vocation have discovered this for themselves. A Spanish merchant in Barcelona told his medical man that he always went to bed for two or three days, whenever he could be spared from his business, and he laughed at those who spent their holidays on toilsome mountains.

to support it, as, if this is allowed, the legs will most assuredly become "bowed" and disfigured for life. It is a good plan to allow baby to be upon the nursery floor for a short time once or twice a day, and to kick about as Nature may dictate, thus giving strength and freedom to the limbs.

DEAFNESS IN CHILDREN.—The friends of a deaf child have sometimes not the slightest notion that it is hard of hearing; and, reflecting on the faults and corruption of their own nature in youthful days, they are apt to inform the little sufferer that it is careless or provokingly obstinate, and that "None is so deaf as he that won't hear." We read in Holmes' "System of Surgery" of a boy who, from early life, had been the subject of aural disease, and who actually died from abcess in the brain caused thereby, but whose father used to box his ears for what he termed "inattention."

SLAIN BY A BOY FIEND.

Peculiarly Revolting Murder of an Old Woman in a Country House.

CHILI, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1889.—A horrible murder was committed between the hours of seven and twelve last night at Myron Davis' house in the town of Riga, on the Chili road, two and a half miles from Chili Station and twelve miles from Rochester. Mrs. Mary J. Hale, a lady sixty years of age was killed by Chris Burger or Sticklenburger, a sixteen-year-old boy. The murderer killed his victim with a boot, pounding her head and face to a pulp, breaking the frontal bones of the skull and crushing the nose and forehead.

Last evening Myron Davis' wife and two children left their home about seven o'clock to attend a school entertainment. There were left in the house Mrs. Hale, two of Davis' young children and Chris Burger or Sticklenburger (he went by two names). The boy seemed to be in good humor when Mrs. Davis and the two children left the house.

A GHASTLY SIGHT.

At twelve o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Davis returned. On entering the bedroom occupied by Mrs. Hale and the two children left at home with her they were horrified to find the body of that lady lying on the floor in a pool of blood. The dead woman's face was a terrible sight. Lying on the dead woman's breast, its little hands covered with her blood, was the youngest child, aged three years. It had evidently crawled on the body after Mrs. Hale's death. Upon a search being made it was found that a drawer of a bureau in the room in which the murder was committed had been ransacked. A silver watch, a loaded revolver, a half dollar of the coinage of 1812 which was a keepsake in the family, and a bunch of keys were missing. It was found later that the murderer had also taken Mr. Davis' overcoat.

ROBBERY THE PROBABLE MOTIVE.

Young Burger, the perpetrator of the awful crime, had worked for Mr. Davis six months. Mrs. Hale had been employed by the family only two months. She was born in the house, it having once belonged to her father. Yesterday Burger assisted in killing hogs at a neighboring farmer's. No motive for the crime is known, but Mr Davis thinks that the boy expected to find a large sum of money in the house. One theory is that the boy was opening the drawers, when Mrs. Hale discovered him and attempted to stop him, and that he, being afraid of arrest, resolved to kill her.

PAP FOR CHILDREN.—For infants the following is especially recommended:—one quart of buttermilk boiled with one tablespoonful of wheat flour to the consistency of thin pap.

ish with whips. It will be well if onward results of a similar kind do not follow a similar "pig-headed" policy in the nineteenth century.

Public feeling on the other side is being gradually brought to a boiling point on the subject of the moral pestilence which openly flaunts itself in the Wisconsin woods. After all the outcry about the moral baseness of the Chinese on the California Coast, and the lewdness of Mormon polygamy, careful investigation has demonstrated the fact that in the lumbering districts of Wisconsin, amid white men, and so-called Christians, a state of things prevails which is as bad as what is vilest in the most depraved heathenism.

Mr. Gladstone finds some difficulty in explaining a telegram sent by him from Italy, in which he is said to have said that he favoured the idea of having the question of the Pope's reassumption of temporal power settled by arbitration. He declares that he never said any such thing, though he admits himself to have no very district remembrance of just what he did say. It is likely enough that this story will be made the most of by those who give credence, whether real or assumed, to the silly scandal that Mr. Gladstone is already a papist in disguise, and would be only too well pleased to give support to any scheme that would further the Pope's ends.

U. S. Senator Blair seems to be actually in earnest in his efforts to bring about a political union of Canada and the United States. He made a speech in the Senate recently, in which he called upon his brother dignitaries to consider the advisability of realizing the American dream of nothing short of continental government. If the annexation of Canada rested with the Americans only, it would be very easily accomplished, and Mr. Blair would not need to waste much valuable elequence in persuading his countrymen; but since the Canadians would require to have some "say" in the matter, the Senator is likely to have material for "orating" for a considerable time to come yet.

At a meeting of railroad magnates recently held in New York, some very stringent regulations were laid down as to the way in which railroad business is hereafter to be conducted, and in this there seems to be hope that a more honourable era in the history of railroad management has at length been reached. The way in which some of the Western railroad managers in particular have made ducks and drakes of the money of their shareholders, by wasting it in needless warfare among themselves, has been disgraceful, and if a new leaf shall be found to have actually been turned by the recent meeting in New York everyone will rejoice, and the stock holders in western railroads not the least of all.

The Sackville incident seems to have given impetus to a feeling which had already been working in the minds of some American politicians, this, namely, that it would be well to do away with sending representatives of the United States to foreign courts. This feeling has recently found voice in Congress where Mr. McAdoo, of New Jersey, made a speech which he said was in the line of popular feeling on the subject. He condemned the sending of representatives to foreign courts on the ground that it is a useless, absurd custom, and undignified, inasmuch as the Americans have to take a subordinate place to the more highly decorated plenipotentiaries from elsewhere.

The veteran painter Charles Jacque is about to show in Paris six of his most important paintings. In some regards he can be classed with the Barbizon painters, for he settled there at the same time with Millet. He painted chickens as assiduously 40 or 50

years ago as he has cattle since, and the peasants whom Millet admired did not find him unappreciative. Lately his son surprised him with a very fine etching of one of his best pictures of sheep, the father being quite unaware that his son had artistic power. Jacque is the author of a volume on the breeding of poultry, and is said to be a man of uncommon breadth, critical force, and learning.

A strange case of a mother's lack of gratitude to the preserver of her own child is reported from Boston. It appears that one day last summer Doctor Galvin was attending Mrs. Mary Parker whom he had delivered of a child. The child had been laid upon the bed while some special attentions were being given to the mother, when a bull dog suddenly sprang up from one corner of the room and attempted to seize the child. The doctor sprang to the rescue and a life and death struggle ensued, which ended in the doctor managing to hurl the fierce brute through the window, but not before he had received such injuries as obliged him to withdraw from practice for many weeks. He had to sue Mrs. Parker before he could obtain any satisfaction for the terrible risk he had run and a jury awarded him $700 damages.

That the most complete freedom of conscience in matters of worship prevails in the United States is evident from the fact that a heathen temple for Chinese Buddhist ceremonial was recently opened in New York and the newspapers gave full accounts of the performances. And not only this, but so far as we know, not a word of protest was entered against heathenism being thus permitted to place itself side by side with Christianity. Of course any other views would have been altogether inconsistent with right conceptions of liberty. Buddhism has the same right to erect a temple in New York, and even to carry on a religious propaganda there, as American or Canadian Presbyterians or Baptists have to erect churches in Pekin.

The city, town, village and township parliaments have been chosen for another year. Hundreds of people have been deputed by their fellows to manage their local affairs, and in this way to train themselves for important and prominent duties by and by. Let no man despise such offices. Let no man belittle the duties attached to them. They are of the very essence of liberty. They are schools in which men are taught to transact public business, to interest themselves in the common weal, and to see to it that the country or district shall suffer no wrong. Sometimes those chosen may be no great affairs. Sometimes the position of Councillor or Alderman may be sought for selfish reasons. Never mind, the arrangement lies at the very foundation of self government all the same. It is home government in its essence, and nobody but a fool would speak lightly either of its duties, or of its privileges. If things were exactly as they ought to be, the very best men would be willing to serve in such unpaid positions and the country would see to it that these best men were chosen. To affect to despise such positions, and to make fun of those who occupy them, is a crime against liberty, and so far a preparation to its overthrow.

Planets Visible in February.

Four planets may be seen in February. Mercury, Venus and Saturn are evening stars. Jupiter is morning star.

Mercury, during the first week of the month, is visible to the naked eye, having just passed his nearest approach to the earth, and his period of greatest brilliancy.

STATISTICS.

Philadelphia has 847,000 people and 179,000 houses, while New York, with 1,200,000 inhabitants is said to have but 92,000 houses.

The appropriations for the city government of the city of New York have been completed and aggregate $37,637,069. The city debt at the beginning of last year was $128,268,729, since which time $8,187,215 of bonds have been issued. During the year $3,998,539 of bonds were redeemed. The sinking fund contains $43,746,425 in securities and $596,355 in cash, making the net indebtedness of the city $86,170,214.

The Brooklyn bridge is no less a marvel than it ever was, and the people of the metropolis wonder how they ever got along without it. Over 33,000,000 passengers passed over the bridge during the year ending December 1, of whom more than 30,000,000 were railway passengers. Not a single serious accident occurred on the railway. Fifty-eight persons were injured by falling on the stairs or from other causes. Five lost children were found on the bridge. One person commited suicide by shooting, and there were forty-two runaways with slight damages.

The New York "Commercial Bulletin' says the revenues collected by the United States Government during the year 1888 amounted to $375,000,000, or about $6 per head of the population. The highest rate of Federal taxation ever collected was $15.73 per head, in 1866. The expenditure during 1888 was $290,000,000. The interest-bearing debt was diminished during the year by the sum of $100,000,000. The public debt per capital of population was at its highest in 1865, when it averaged about $70 per inhabitant. The interest-bearing debt is now less than $13 per capita of population. The money circulation of the United States at the close of 1888 was greater by nearly $30,000,000 than when the year began, or, approximately, $1 410,000,000, as compared with $1,380,000,000, at the close of 1887; and this large increase is entirely in notes of small denomination. Such notes have been substituted so rapidly for larger ones that it is probable that the money circulation in denominations of $20 and under was greater at the close of 1888 than at the beginning by nearly $60,000,000.

The Dominion of Canada is composed of seven provinces and a number of vast territorial districts, which correspond to the territories of the United States. The provinces bear a relation to the individual states. They are unequal in size, British Columbia having 390,344 square miles o area, and little Prince Edward island containing only 2,133 square miles. Quebec has 193,355 square miles, Ontario has 107,780, Nova Scotia 21,730, New Brunswick 27,322, and Manitoba possesses 113,961. The enormous Northwestern territory, which has been subdivided into Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Athabaska, comprises 1,919,59 square miles, Keewaytin 895,306; the Arctic islands, 311,700, and the islands of Hudson's bay 23,400. Here is an area in the aggregate of 3,406,542 square miles of God's earth. Polyglot is the population thinly scattered over the land. There are 1,200,000 Frenchmen, the Emerald Isle has contributed 925,000, and the Land o' Cakes has 555,000 representatives. Three hundred thousand trace their nearest descent to Germany; there are about 70,000 relatives of Taffy the Welshman, and the so-called Scandinavians number about 11,000 souls. Ontario, the most thoroughly English province, has a population of 1,700 000 in round numbers; Quebec contains 1,600,000, of whom 1,100 000 are French. Nova Scotia contains 450,000, New Brunswick nearly 400 000; Prince Edward Island, 120,000;

Legal Cards.

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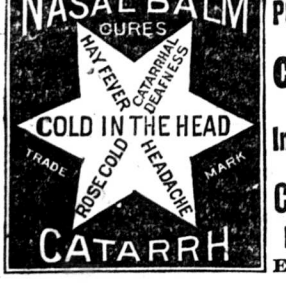

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MANHOOD
How Lost, How Restored

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or incapacity induced by excess or early indiscretion.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay,

Mercury, during the first week of the month, is visible to the naked eye, having just passed his nearest approach to the earth, and his period of greatest brilliancy. He sets on the 1st about an hour and a half after the sun. If the evening be exceptionally clear, an observer will easily find this rarely beautiful planet, three-quarters of an hour after sunset, in the southwest, nearly eight degrees north of the sunset point. An opera-glass will be an aid in finding him, and when found, it is easy to follow his course with the unaided eye.

Venus is the peerless evening star, reigning supreme in the southwestern sky. She reaches her greatest distance east from the sun, on the 18th, and then retraces her steps toward him. Her stay above the horizon, after this time, will be shorter, but her size and brilliancy will constantly increase as she approaches the earth. Venus will be seen in her most charming aspect during February, March and April. She must not be mistaken for the "Star of Bethlehem," which has no present existence except in the popular imagination.

Saturn is evening star. He is nearest to the earth on the 5th, and in excellent position for observation during the whole month. He may be found on the 5th in the northeast, rising when the sun sets, and remaining visible through the entire night. Observers can easily follow his course remembering that he rises four minutes earlier every night. Saturn may be known by his pale yellow color and serene, steady light, and also by the bright star Regulus in the handle of the Sickle, a few degrees southeast of him.

Jupiter is morning star, rising on the 1st, more than two hours before the sun, and on the last of the month, more than four hours before the sun. A glance at the southeastern sky after he has risen will reveal the presence of the majestic king of the stars. He cannot be mistaken for any other, for no other star in the vicinity compares with him in brightness.

The starlit sky of February reveals much to interest those who watch the planets in their courses. Venus and Mercury shine in the southwest in greater and lesser glory. Saturn holds his court in the southeast in the early evening, and Jupiter, sole representative of the brotherhood in the morning sky, reigns without a rival as the sun's bright harbinger.

The Chinese Emperor's Wedding.

The Pekin (China) "Gazette" says :—The Board of Rites presents a memorial concerning the marriage of the Emperor, which will take place Feb. 26. Her Majesty, the Empress Dowager, has already sanctioned a programme presented by the board, wherein are set forth in order the ceremonies proposed to be performed. First will take place the sending of presents to the bride, then the marriage, next joint worship by the imperial pair, the conferring of a patent as Empress on the bride, presentation to the Empress Dowager, reception of felicitations, and imperial banquet. The board now reports that it has given orders for the fabrication of a sheet of gold for the patent and a golden seal. It also presents a list of the duties which should be performed by the various departments of State in connection with the celebration, and it will communicate the same to the departments when Her Majesty shall have given her approval of them. At the festivities attending the marriage will be employed 40,000 horn lanterns, 12,000 glass lamps, and 24,000 pieces of embroidered silks, and skilled artificers are now hard at work manufacturing these articles.

round numbers; Quebec contains 1,600,000, of whom 1,100 000 are French. Nova Scotia contains 450,000, New Brunswick nearly 400 000; Prince Edward Island, 120,000; British Columbia, 120,000, and Manitoba approximately 125,000. — [Detroit Free Press.

Indian Horsemanship.

Given a horse, a man animated by the reckless daring likely to come of a wild, free life, and the Centaur of ancient fable may be fairly realized. A correspondent of the Omaha Herald, having visited an Arapahoe camp, gives the following account of an Indian drill, ordered for his amusement.

Fifty fine-looking young men, mounted upon ponies, drew up before the tents. At a signal from the chief, they began their evolutions, with a loud yell.

In a moment they disappeared over a neighboring hill. Then there suddenly rose a mighty trampling of horses feet, and they swept past again, so compact that I only saw a ball made of horses and men. Splitting in two, one body swept to the right and another to the left, and again they disappeared. Presently they charged each other, in solid lines, and while the spectator waited breathlessly for the shock of collision, the files skillfully opened to the right and left, and the lines passed through the intervals without touching.

Now came the moment for displaying individual horsemanship. Some of the riders approached, each lying so close to his pony's back that nothing but the horse could be seen. Others stood erect upon their animals' backs. Some hung to the horse by one foot and one hand, so that their bodies were completely protected by those of the ponies.

These young warriors also threw objects upon the ground, and picked them up at full gallop, and drew bows and shot arrows from beneath the horses' necks. Some of the men exchanged horses while riding.

Again a men would fall from his horse, as if wounded, and two others, riding up beside him, would take him by an arm and a leg, swing him between their horses, and carry him off.

This exhibition lasted nearly two hours, and, at its close, men and horses were completely exhausted. All that evening the human performers lay in their lodges, while the Indian women brought them food, bathed their limbs and combed their hair.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

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The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

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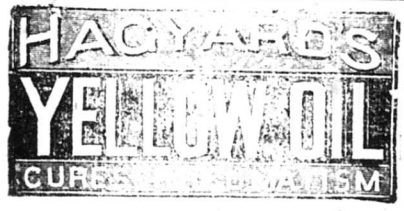

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Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect Oct. 29, 1888.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing*	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge*	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road*	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook*	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Eterprise for Badrock & Verona, Tamworth, for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No. 2 train.

☞ Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed. The Company hold itself responsible for inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H... IBUS
Ass't Gen. M... T.

...LD.

...g Hint.

Down whe... ...-vine
Rustling in... ...eze,
Whispers at the day's decline
Stories to the trees ;
Where the little chilly sounds
That steal across the night,
Stir the heart to sudden bounds,
Only half affright ;
Where the silver lilies pale
Set across the sod,
High above their lattice-rail
Lean and gently nod :
There my pretty truelove goes,
Blushing like the blushing rose.

What can my truelove engage,
Down the garden's green ways straying ?
" Marjoram and mint and sage,"
Hark ? I hear a soft voice saying,
"Mince them fine, and stir about,
Into foaming batter ;
Fry to brown, and then turn out,
Smoking, on a platter.
So I pluck leaves—one, two, three,
Four, five, six—and roll them lightly ;
Spread them over-night to be
Blended well, and mix them rightly :
Thus shall my truelover know
Good housekeeping I can show.

Down where the passion-vine
Rustling in the breeze,
Whispers at the day's decline
Stories to the trees,
With my little truelove here
Often I go straying
She has been my wife a year,
And I'm led to saying :
Poor housekeeping man abhors :
Fast as I am able
I shall hint to bachelors—
If a girl her table
Neatly spreads, and can compound
A savory sweet mint fritter,
Don't delay ! but step around
And try if you can get her ?
—[Good Housekeeping.

School Examinations.

It can not be too often insisted on that examination is a good educational servant, but a bad master. It is a useful instrument in the hand of a teacher to test his own work, and to know how far his pupils have followed and profited by his teaching. But it necessarily exerts a fatal influence whenever it is made of such importance that teachers simply conform to an external standard, lose faith in themselves, sink into the position of their own text-books, and give but little of their own personality to their work. It is true that it is necessary to test the work of teachers ; but it is not necessary for the purpose of doing so, to take the whole soul out of teaching. If examinations are to be defended on the ground that they test the efficiency of teachers, then we reply that other and better ways of doing this are to found, and must be found. We admit quite frankly that they can only be found, and pursued at the price of some trouble and experiment on the part both of parents and those responsible for the conduct of teaching ; but if trouble and thought and experiment are to be spared in this great matter, we had better at once resign the hope of attaining any moral and intellectual results of real value from what we are doing.—[Popular Science Monthly.

New York Loveliness.

"Of late there has been a craze for exercise here which has no parallel elsewhere in the world. New York girls are the most per-

$10 upwards. The salad knife and fork with cut-crystal handles are $9.75 a set. Rose bowls for table decoration are still shown in crystal, but low bowls of silver are preferred for this purpose by floral decorators. A tall, slender vase or pitcher of silver or crystal containing a few rare roses now occupies the center of the table, where an embroidered square of hemstitched linen is also placed, and the huge plateau of flowers formerly seen there is no longer used. Caraffes are little used ; the newest pitcher to take their place is a silver or crystal pitcher in low jug shape which holds about a quart. A charming little pitcher of Japanese porcelain is used by artistic people for this purpose. It is the rule of people of refined taste to serve all iced or frozen dishes in clear, white crystal, never in colored glass, however fine. Occasionally finger-bowls are shown in Venetian glass but this is not considered in the best taste. Fluted celery-boats and knife-rests are especially pretty in the new English crystals which are cut in a variety of patterns, giving play to novel prismatic effects. Little bon-bon dishes are shown in elaborate silver with open-work borders or borders ornamented in repousse work or on crystal or old-rose or Sevres-blue porcelain or the less expensive Royal Dresden or English Coalport china, or any one of an almost endless variety of fine porcelains in market. The only essential feature of the bon-bon and dessert service is that it shall be ornate. The dinner-plates are always severe in decoration, a border of some conventional design being all the decoration allowed. It would be a relief to housekeepers to know that the elaborately decorated silver recently in vogue are being superseded by old fluted English designs.

Cleaning Decanters.

There are several simple and effectual ways to clean decanters. Chopped potatoes, or tea leaves and water, allowed to stand in the bottles for a short time, and briskly shaken round, will be found an excellent recipe. Soda and water is another good thing for the purpose. For port wine decanters, which are most liable to be encrusted with sediments, use sand and water and a long cloth. Lower the cloth into the bottle, holding the upper end in the hand, and then work it round with the sand and water by quickly moving the decanter in a circle.

Choice Receipts.

PASTE FOR TART SHELLS.—Take one half cup of rather thin sweet cream, which has been placed on ice until very cold ; add to it the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs, and whip all together briskly for ten minutes ; add sufficient flour to roll, cut into the required shape, bake quickly, but do not brown. Fill after baking with sweet prunes, prepared by cooking in a small quantity of water, and afterwards rubbed through a colander to remove the skins and stones.

PLUM-PUDDING—REALLY EXCELLENT.—One pound raisins, one pound of suet chopped fine, three quarters pound of stale bread-crumbs, one quarter pound of brown sugar, grated rind of one lemon, one-quarter pound of flour, one pound of currants, one-half of a nutmeg grated, five eggs, one-half pint of orange juice, one half pound of minced candied peel. Clean, wash, and dry the currants, stone the raisins ; mix all the dry ingredients well together ; beat the eggs, add to them the orange-juice, then pour them over the dry ingredients, and mix thoroughly. Pack into greased small kettles or moulds (this will make about six pounds), and boil for six hours at the time of making, and six

WIRELETS.

The banquet of the Montreal ...ard of Trade was a brilliant event.

A commercial treaty has been concluded between Switzerland and Italy.

Morrisburg, Ont., has now an elecceric fire alarm, which works very satisfactorily.

M. de Lesseps will be president and his son Charles vice-president, of the new Panama canal.

Rumours are current t' st the dervishes are massing at Khartoum for an advance on Dongola, and that the Mahdi intends to invade Egypt.

Hon. Joseph Chamberlain spoke in Birmingham the other night on the fisheries and Irish affairs.

The propeller Wisconsin left Elk Rapids, Mich., the other day with a cargo of iron for Chicago.

The Berlin "National Zeitung" denies that either Samoa or Zanzibar is menaced by Germany.

The election of Mr. J. S. Larke, of Oshawa, as warden of Ontario county is a victory for the Scott Act party.

The total production of pig iron in the United States last year was the largest on record—6,490,739 tons.

Six hundred families have been driven from Oklahoma, Indian Territory, by United States troops.

The Prohibitory Alliance of the county of Bruce prefer the Scott Act to the present license system.

The election to the wardenship of Lennox was fought on political lines, and after a sharp contest the Conservatives won.

Reinforcements for the German fleet, now in Samoan waters, left Bremerhaven yesterday on the steamer Nuerenberg.

The Italian Government has decided to augment the naval forces on the Red Sea on account of the Aschinoff mission.

New rules and regulations as to the internal management of the Toronto Customs Department went into operation yesterday.

A Catholic colonization society, with a capital of $100,000, has been formed at Pittsburg to establish Catholic colonies in the South.

A report comes from Montreal that Premier Mercier has decided upon a wholesale gerrymander and will appeal to the electors in June.

The New York papers have despatches saying that the Canadian Pacific railway intend building a bridge over the Niagara at Lewiston.

The Czarina is affected with a kind of a palsy, which is growing worse. She has been subject to trembling fits since the disas er.

The Freemasons of Paris have issued a pronunciamento against Gen. Boulanger, inviting members of the order to support M. Jacques, his opponent.

A boy in Kingston yesterday hitched his sled to a railroad train and was ta...n a couple of miles at a 40-miles an hour ...te. He had enough of it.

Sir John Lister-Kaye yesterday paid in to the Interior Department at Ottawa $75,000, being the purchase money for 50,000 acres of Government land in the North-west.

Henry P. Marshall, cashier of the Seaman's Bank, of New York, died in November last, and an investigation of his accounts shows that he embezzled missionary and other trust funds to the amount of $75,000.

"Of late there has been a craze for exercise here which has no parallel elsewhere in the world. New York girls are the most perfectly groomed women to be found anywhere, for they have mastered their hobby, even to the smallest detail of attire. An Englishwoman often has a strong, robust, and 'horsey' look. The effect, in all likelihood, will be marred by a pair of huge boots or ill-fitting gloves. The typical New York girl allows none of these details to escape her. Her boots are triumphs of the shoemaker's art, and she will spend as much time over her gloves as an Englishwoman will on her gowns. The result is to be found in a series of beautiful, perfectly developed, and thoroughly athletic girls, who are clad with a degree of snugness and nicety that is absolutely unrivalled.

"A New York girl of to-day affects plainness in dress just as her brothers of the dudish type of a few years ago affected a certain sombreness of attire. The bustles are small, the skirts perfectly plain and close fitting, and the bodices look as though the girl had been melted into them. It is all the result of the first and great effort in the direction of distinction in the way of building up their complexion. When a girl once eschews candy, sweetmeats, rich food, heavy dinners, and late hours, and devotes herself to exercise and athletics as a means of building up her complexion she sows the seeds of what will eventually be a flower of beauty and loveliness. These are my opinions, and I spent a good many hours of my time observing the girls about whom I am talking."—[New York Sun.

Black-Heads and Freckles.

Black heads are the orifices of obstructed glands in the skin. The following is the proper treatment: Upon going to bed at night, rub some fine oil upon the affected part, applying the oil very freely and thoroughly. In the morning, sponge the parts with a soft sponge saturated with a mixture of one part of ether to two of alcohol. The purpose of this is to dissolve and wash away the fat which has been softened by the oil. The skin should be gently squeezed so as to press out the contents of the distended glands.

Freckles that are produced by exposure to sun and wind may be easily removed by the application of such remedies as grated horse-radish, lemon juice and borax,—one dram borax to one ounce lemon-juice—or lemon-juice alone. Freckles which are present at all times, whether there was exposure or not, cannot be removed by this means, or by any other with which we are acquainted. They are part of the skin, and are so deep that lotions applied to the surface will not effect them.

Dinner Service.

The fancy for dishes and decoration of silver is a feature of the season. Every article of dinner service from the plain soup-plate to the ornate dessert-plate, made with a border in open work and often entirely covered with gilding, is made in silver. On elaborate tables the entire service will be represented in crystal and silver. The beautiful porcelains which were in demand for different courses and were usually chosen in different patterns, are not as often chosen as something more showy. There is at present an increased demand for entire dinner sets of one pattern for regular use and a fashionable fancy for china decorated in metals of different kinds. The Beleck china which is now made with great success at Trenton, N. J., is beautifully decorated in metal work and is comparatively less expensive than fine ware. A pretty salad bowl of Beleck china may be purchased for 7.50. The salad bowl is most frequently chosen in crystal and in a piece may range from

Pack into greased small kettles or moulds (this will make about six pounds), and boil for six hours at the time of making, and six hours when wanted for use.

APPLE PIE.—Line a tin or granite plate with a thin crust. Cut sour apples in quarters, remove the cores and skins, and cut each quarter in two pieces lengthwise. Fill the plate, putting the pieces of apple round the edge in regular order, and piling slightly in the middle. When the apples are not juicy, add a little water. Cover with crust without wetting the edges, and bake about half an hour. When nearly done, boil three heaping tablespoonfuls of sugar and one of water five minutes. Add the grated rind of one quarter of a lemon, or one tablespoonful of lemon juice. When the pie is done, remove to an earthen plate, pour the syrup through a cut in the top, or raise the upper crust and pour it over the fruit, or simply sprinkle with sugar and bits of butter. Replace the crust; the steam will dissolve the sugar and the pie will be sweeter and of better flavor than if sweetened before baking.

BEEF TONGUE AND OLIVES.—One fresh beef tongue, one bottle of olives, two dozen large, clean, bright, dry Chili peppers, one teacupful (ordinary size) of best vinegar, or, better still, squeeze the juice of two lemons into the cup and fill with vinegar, one teaspoonful of powdered summer savory, two tablespoonfuls finely chopped onion (should be small green onions, but dry will do), salt and olive oil, as you like it. Dissolve a half teacupful of salt in enough boiling water to cover the tongue, cook until done, and only done, or you will have rags. When cool, remove the skin and cut into very thin slices, and the tongue is ready for the sauce. Cut open the peppers the long way, take out every seed and vein, cut off the stem end, drop the skins into an agate kettle of boiling salted water (half cupful of salt). Press the skins under the water and keep at boiling heat for two hours, but the water must not even simmer, or you will find both taste and color gone. Skim into chopping bowl, be sure all water is pressed out,—chop until you have a glowing mass of red pulp; press through a seive to remove skins, and your sauce is ready to season. Do not put in all the salt needed, as the olives will add salt. Add oil and vinegar by spoonful; no danger of curdling. Put in olives last. Dip each slice of tongue into the sauce, pile the slices into a deep dish and pour over them the remaining sauce; serve the next part of the butter thin and lay it on the middle of the paste. Fold the sides towards the middle, then the ends over, and double again. Pat and roll out again. Repeat this process with the remaining pieces of butter. When the butter is all rolled in, the paste should be rolled and folded till no streaks of butter can be seen. After the last rolling, place it on the ice to harden, as it may be cut and shaped more easily.

A religious impostor in New Jersey has been made to feel the pinch of one of those old laws which the stern Puritans of a hundred years ago thought necessary for the defence of true religion against the machination of fraud and humbug. The impostor is charged with "impersonating our Saviour Jesus Christ and permitting his followers to worship or pay him divine honors, and for deluding and abusing the people and for false denunciations of judgment." And if found guilty, the penalty is six months' imprisonment and a $100 fine. It is too bad that such obselete methods of applying the straight jacket of the State for aberrations in theology, should be enforced in an enlightened community like New Jersey. The man is evidently a "crank," if not absolutely insane, and it seems a pity to sully the crown of martyrdom by giving it to such.

last, and an investigation of his accounts shows that he embezzled missionary and other trust funds to the amount of $75,000.

The British steamship Frin, from Baltimore for Kingston, Jamaica, was abandoned off Cape Hatteras a few days ago with her shaft broken. The crew were landed at Newport.

Prince Bismarck's newspaper denies the existence of any treaty precluding European powers from seeking to obtain ascendancy in Samoa. The article causes some commotion in British official circles.

Gen. Poe, who is constructing a new channel for the United States through the St. Clair flats, says that part of the channel undoubtedly lies in Canadian waters, but he anticipates no trouble between the two Governments.

Celina Metayer, a thirteen-year-old girl who was confined in a dark room at the back of a Montreal barber's shop, and kept for immoral purposes, has been sent to the Reformatory for five years. Her seducer has escaped to the States.

A Strictly Business Basis.

A wretched-looking tramp went into an Austin saloon and begged with tears in his eyes for the barkeeper to give him a nickel with which to get something to eat. He got it. As soon as he got it in his hand he slapped it down on the bar and said in a loud, vociferous, peremptory tone of voice:

"Beer!"

It was several minutes before the barkeeper could catch his breath, and then he was eloquent.

"Well, if that ain't gall, I hope I may never live to see any. Why, you—you—you—" etc.

"No speeches. Begging is my business and beer-jerking is yours. Just you attend to your business and I'll attend to mine. It is going to be a cold winter, and if you want to keep your job you had better attend to it," said the mendicant.

The partially paralyzed barkeeper handed out the schooner, the tramp downed it slowly and drifted out, perfectly satisfied with that little business transaction.

The Worst on Record.

Hans Van Spigen is notorious for the quality of his cider, and he is, furthermore, notorious for being the meanest, stingiest Dutchman in existence. He was never known to give a living soul one drop of his delicious beverage.

Now at the time of the following occurrence our friend John Barnes, being on a visit and hearing of the excellent quality of Hans' cider rode over to his farm one morning, when the following conversation took place.

"Good morning, Hans."

"Coot morning', Zhon."

"Hans, you have a fine orchard?"

"Oh, yes, coot orchard."

"Fine press, that of yours?"

"Yes, vine press, vine orchard."

"Hans, I hear your cider is the best in the country?"

"Zhon,, (to his son), "go down and draw us a mug of cider."

John braught up the desired mug, and Hans drained it to the bottom, then, turning rornd to the astonished Barnes, said:

"If you don't believe dat's goot cider, smell de mug."—[Albany Argus.

The Victor's Crown

Should adorn the brow of the inventor of the great corn cure, Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Itworks quickly, never makes a sore spot, and is just the thing you want. See that youget Putman's Painless Corn Extractor, thesure, safe and painless cure for corns.

Not Too Blind to See.

Mendicant: "Please help a poor blind man?" Kind old lady: "Blind? Why, bless me, yes! There's a penny for you." Mendicant: "Thaut ye heartily, ma'am. I know'd the minnit I see ye comin' ye was a kind-hearted ole 'ooman."

An English Medical Authority

affirms that the best regimen for preserving health may be summed up in the maxim, "keep the head cool, the feet warm, and the bowls active." There is a world of wisdom in the observation. Obstinate constipation, or costiveness, is an exciting cause of other diseases; and, with many persons of sedentary habits, or occupations, this inaction of the bowels is a source of constant annoyance, producing piles, prolapse of the rectum, fistula, and various dyspeptic symptoms. All these are warded off, and health is maintained, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.

The Ohio cabbage trust has busted. It possibly lacked a head.

"Like sunshine in a shady place,"
The poet called a woman's face
That gladden'd all who saw its beauty.
A face, no doubt, that beamed with health
That blessing which is more than wealth,
And lightens every daily duty.
O how can woman, whose hard life
With many wearing pain is rife,
Escape the grasp of such affliction,
And be a power to bless and cheer?
The answer comes both swift and clear—
Take Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine for woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, of satisfaction being given in every case or money refunded. See guarantee printed on bottle-wrapper.

Stockings made of two thicknesses, the outer one of silk and the inner one of balbriggan, are popular. They will stand almost any amount of wear.

Don't disgust everybody by hawking, blowing and spitting, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and be cured.

The Germans are a mathematical race; even the student songs are lager-rythms.

Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, is on the war path again. According to him, "Great Britain can form no federation which includes Canada without war with the United States." Should either Great Britain or Canada wish to make any domestic change this belligerent Senator may be assured that neither he nor the United States will be consulted. If his countrymen are determined to interfere in our affairs Senator Blair will do well to look out for a substitute, as he will need to hire one.

Tan of different shades is still the reigning colour for evening gloves.

Coff No More.

Watson's cough drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. See that the letters R. & T. W. are stamped on each drop.

It is expected that the forthcoming Russian Budget will show a surplus of from twenty to twenty-five million dollars.

A. P. 434.

BRONCHITIS CURED.

After spending Ten Winters South, was Cured by Scott's Emulsion.

136 Centre St., New York.

Diamond Dyes

Brilliant! Durable! Economical!

Diamond Dyes excel all others in Strength, Purity and Fastness. None other are just as good. Beware of imitations, because they are made of cheap and inferior materials, and give poor, weak, crocky colors. To be sure of success, use only the DIAMOND DYES for coloring Dresses, Stockings, Yarns, Carpets, Feathers, Ribbons, &c., &c. We warrant them to color more goods, package for package, than any other dyes ever made, and to give more brilliant and durable colors. Ask for the *Diamond* and take no other.

A Dress Dyed
A Coat Colored
Garments Renewed
} FOR 10 CENTS.

A Child can use them!

At Druggists and Merchants. Dye Book free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO.,
MONTREAL, P. Q.

MONEY A large amount of TRUST FUNDS to Loan at a very low rate of interest on first-class security. Apply to

BEATTY, CHADWICK, BLACKSTOCK & CALT,
Barristers and Solicitors,
Wellington St., cor. Church, (over Bank of Toronto)
TORONTO, ONT.

FINE HEADS OF HAIR

IF YOU ARE BALD have GRAY or THIN HAIR send to A. DORENWEND, Toronto and get particulars of his Wigs Toupees Switches, &c., also Frontpieces, Bangs, &c. All grade of finest quality Human Hair as natural as life.

A. DORENWEND,
Paris Hair Works, 103 and 105 Yonge St. Toronto, Can.

H. P DAVIES,

Successor to CHAS. ROBINSON & Co.

RUDGE & COLUMBIA BICYCLES,

Boys' Velocipedes, Blizzard Toboggans, Showshoes Etc., at reduced prices. Footballs, Jerseys, supplied to clubs at special discounts.

SECOND HAND MACHINES AT REDUCED PRICES

22 CHURCH ST., TORONTO.

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PURE GOLD FLAVORING EXTRACTS
BAKING POWDER
BAKING POWDER IS MADE FROM ABSOLUTELY PURE CREAM TARTAR AND SODA
FLAVORING EXTRACTS ARE THE STRONGEST, PUREST AND BEST.

AGENTS WANTED, AGENTS.
The Beautiful Story. The History of Canada. The History of Methodism. Living words. Fifty Years in the Church of Rome. The Cottage Physician. Platform Echoes. Royal Path of Life. Parallel and Pictorial Family Bibles. WILLIAM BRIGGS, Publisher, Toronto.

Leather Belting

BEST VALUE IN THE DOMINION.
F. E. DIXON & CO., MAKERS, 70 KING ST. E, TORONTO
Send for Price Lists and Discounts.

Farm Loans

CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN.
CAPITAL, - - 5$,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.
OFFICE ONTARIO DIVISION:
WELLINGTON STREET, - TORONTO.
This Company lends on good farm property at low est current rate of interest and on favorable terms For information apply to local agents, or to
W. E. LONG, Manager, Toronto.

Whaley Royce & Co

Dealers in all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Agents for the BESSON and HIGHAM Band Instruments. SHEET MUSIC and MUSIC BOOKS. Manufacturers of the

"IMPERIAL" BAND INSTRUMENTS

Best in the world, Eight Year Guarantee. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Testimonials.

283 Yonge St.,
TORONTO.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.
I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS

A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you.

H. G. ROOT, M.C.

CURED.

After spending Ten Winters South, was Cured by Scott's Emulsion.

136 Centre St., New York, June 25th, 1888.

"The Winter after the great fire in Chicago I contracted Bronchial affections, and since then have been obliged to spend nearly every Winter South. Last November was advised to try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites and to my surprise was relieved at once, and by continuing its use three months was entirely cured, gained flesh and strength and was able to stand even the Blizzard and attend to business every day. C. T. CHURCHILL.

Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

PATENTS procured, Patent Attorneys, and experts Est'd 1867. **Donald C Ridout & Co., Toronto.**

KNITTING Creelman Bros., Georgetown, Ont. **MACHINES**

CANOES. Send for Ill. Catalogue. **WM. ENGLISH, Peterboro, Ont.**

CANCER and Tumors CURED; no knife; book free. DRS. McMICHAEL, No. 63 Niagara St., Buffalo, N.Y.

CANCER, TUMORS, ULCERS, SCROFULA, etc., cured permanently without the knife. Apply to DR. W. L. SMITH, 124 Queen Street E, Toronto.

MONEY **TO LOAN** on Farms. Lowest Rates. No delay. Correspondence solicited. **E. W. D. BUTLER,** Financial Agt., 72 King-st. E., Toronto.

Established 1860.

SAUSAGE **CASINGS**—Season 1888 - New importations of English Sheeps, Finest American Hog Casings. Orders filled for any desired quantity. Write for prices. **JAS. PARK & SON,** 41 to 47 Lawrence Market St. Toronto.

TORONTO CUTTING SCHOOL.—Gentlemen desirous of acquiring a thorough knowledge of garment cutting should visit us. Scientific and reliable systems taught whereby perfect fitting garments are produced. Circular with full information on application, S. CORRIGAN, Prop, 122 Yonge st., Toronto.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Send for our Large Illustrated Catalogue of Band Instruments. Violins, Guitars, Flutes, etc., and all kinds of Trimmings. Agent for Trenche's and DeWitt's Plays. BUTLAND'S MUSIC STORE, 37 King St. West, Toronto, Ont.

Artificial **LIMBS.** For circulars address J. DOAN & SON, Toronto, Ont

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IRON AND STEEL BOILERS ANY SIZE.

TORONTO ENGINE WORKS, PRINCESS AND FRONT STS.

J. Perkins & Co. - Toronto.

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22 CHURCH ST., TORONTO.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS

Don't wait until you are burnt out or robbed. Buy a Safe now and sleep easy, and be sure and get prices, etc., of the new New Champion Safe.

S. S. KIMBALL,

577 Craig St., P. O. Box 945, MONTREAL, P. Q

FOR THE LADIES.

EMBROIDERY SILKS,

All Colors, 10c per dozen skeins.

BERLIN WOOLS, all colors, 8c per oz.

SHETLAND AND ANDALUSIAN WOOLS, 8c per oz.; Fleecy Wool, extra quality, 10c per skein; Arrasene, all colors, 20c per dozen skeins; Macrame Cord, 15 colors, 10c per ball; Felt, best quality, $1.00 per yard; Woolen Java Canvas, all shades, 45c per yard; Stamped Toilet Sets, 5 pieces, 35c set Tidys, 25c each; Splashers, 40 and 50 cents. each. A large stock of newest Stamped Goods for outlining to hand. Letter orders have prompt and careful attention. Goods can be sent by post to any part of Canada. Write for price list. **HENRY DAVIS,** Importer, 232 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont, Please mention this paper.

CANADA PERMANENT

Loan & Savings Company

INCORPORATED 1855.

Head Office: Toronto St., Toronto.

Subscribed Capital	**$ 4,500,000**
Paid Up Capital	**2,500,000**
Total Assets	**10,000,000**

The enlarged capital and resources of this Company, together with the increased facilities it has recently acquired for supplying land owners with cheap money, enable the Directors to meet with promptness and at the lowest current rate of interest all requirements for loans upon satisfactory real estate security.

Application may be made to either of the Company's local Appraisers, or to

J. HERBERT MASON Manag'g Director, Toronto

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Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N.F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter to and from Halifax, Portland, Boston and Philadelphia and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

For freight, passage or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax; Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld., Wm. Thompson & Co., St. John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Chicago; Love & Alden, New York; H. Boruller, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brookie, Philadelphia; H. A. Allen Portland, Boston Montreal.

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trial, and it will cure

H. G. ROOT,

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480 ACRES

in Dakota or Montana, Broad Prairies, Fertile Valleys, Wood, Coal and clear mountain streams. Send your address on Postal Card to J. M. HUCKINS, 4 Palmer House Block, Toronto, or, F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

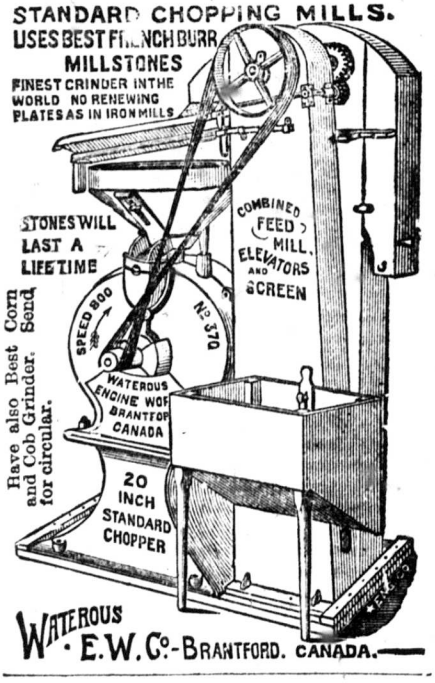
We are children who cheerfully join in the chorus
When Breadmaker's Yeast *is the subject before us—*
Mamma tried all the rest,
So she knows it's the best, [lightest,
'Cause her bread is the whitest, her buns are the
And we eat all the pancakes she dare set before us.

BUY THE BREADMAKER'S YEAST. PRICE 5 CENTS.

STANDARD CHOPPING MILLS.

USES BEST FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES

FINEST GRINDER IN THE WORLD NO RENEWING PLATES AS IN IRON MILLS



Have also Best Corn and Cob Grinder. Send for circular.

WATEROUS E.W. Co.-BRANTFORD. CANADA.

Delicious Beef Tea

That contains all the NUTRITIOUS and STRENGTH-GIVING properties of meat is made from

Johnston's Fluid Beef.

It is recommended by the leading Doctors in England and America as being **The Most Perfet Food,** vastly superior in every way to any other preparation of meat. TRY IT.

Use Hop Bitters.

Cure All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidney, Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness. Female Complaints, DRUNKENESS. **$1,000 Reward paid for a case they will not cure.**

—GREAT—

Stock-taking

SALE.

Winter Goods of every description must be cleared out at once.

PRICES ARE DOING IT.

Men's Overcoats, heavy, from $5 up.

Men's Suits from $5 up.

Boy's Overcoats from $2.25 up.

Dress Goods that were 30c. and 40. for 18c and 25c.

Trimmings of every description at cost.

Tie Downs and Blankets cheaper than the cheapest.

All-wool Flannels from 16c. per yard up.

Underwear for gentlemen cheap.

Underwear for Ladies cheap.

Persian Lamb Caps that were $5 now $3.25.

Spring Goods

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WOOD

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THE DOWNEY CO'Y

FOOT CENTRE-ST.,

NAPANEE : ONTARIO.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA !

CHEAP

EXCURSION !

ON JAN. 29th.

Low Rates to all points in the Northwest and Manitoba, as well as to all United States points. See

W. D. MADDEN

agent for the C. P. R., before you buy your tickets to any point. Office in the Grange block, Napanee.

25881

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, FEB. 1, 1889.

—Do you like home made bread? If so try that made by Davis. It is a prime quality.

—Miss Price has formed a class in painting, in town. Any person wishing to join may learn particulars by applying at her home, 190 John street.

—Remember J.W. Schryver's new stand, next door to Vandusen's harness shop. Wes is still selling genuine French kip boots and shoes at knock down prices.

—The stock of R.H. Peters has been sold by Assignee Pruyn to Jacob H. Wagar, of Enterprise, at forty cents on the dollar. Mr. Wagar will continue to run the store.

—Ladies wanting either a Mexican egg shampoo or their hair singed can have the workwell done at their homes or at "Phil" Vanalstine's tonsorial parlors. Give him a trial. 889b

—On Monday noon Mr. W. T. Vandusen received an order for a set of harness and on Tuesday morning at 4 o'clock had them completed and on the horses. Who can beat this ?

—Mr. J. S. Hulett is preparing a large group of the county council. Members of that body who have not already had their photo taken, will kindly call on Mr. Hulett at the earliest opportunity.

—"The Best," Every person should send for a copy of the Kingston Business college calendar and read the page headed, "Is it a fact that every business college is the best." The circular is free.

—Grand bargains in everyDepartment at Robinson & Co's.

—It is whispered around that Peter S. Hicks, who has been making a somewhat extended "visit" in Toronto, came down from that city on Saturday last, and went out to Camden East on the afternoon train.

—Mrs. James Kennedy, of Enterprise, was before Police Magistrate Daly yesterday, on a second charge of violating the Scott Act. The case was adjourned until Thursday next for further evidence. Inspector Smith is evidently keeping his eyes open.

—There is a good chance for some active and trusty men to secure paying work at once by engaging with Jas E. Whitney, nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y., to sell his warranted nursery stock. He furnishes outht free and the work is steady. Experience is not required. 4388m

—Next week we will publish a letter from our Ottawa correspondent, containing the latest parliamentary news, personal notes, sketches of talked-of persons, new appointments, social and other entertaining gossip and information. A letter will appear each week during the sitting of parliament.

—Miss Mary B. Drewry has opened a private school at the residence of J. B. Drewry, on Centre street. Little children only are received as pupils, and parents can rely on their little ones receiving every attention. Terms two dollars per quarter. Full particulars on application.

—On Wednesday, February sixth, the following Napaneeans will leave for Vancouver, B. C.: Messrs. Al. Randall, John Cliff, Lendrick Saul and John Wagar. Other names are mentioned as likely to join the party. It is to be regretted that our men are forced to leave this Province in search of work.

—The carnival number of the Montreal Star is out and we hear it is a perfectly magnificent number, far eclipsing all carnival pictorials of either the old or new world, a paper that will astonish people in all lands. As a record of one of the greatest carnivals of modern times the Star number is simply incomparable. The price is 35c. a copy.

—The basket social at Selby on [illegible]y evening was a decided success. [illegible] a

oi ries
this season,
...e manufacturers.
We won't tell you about the prices. If you will but take the trouble to examine them we have no fear but that the goods and prices will prove irresistible.

Our stock in all departments for the coming season is better than ever before. The increase in our trade during the past year, even though the times were hard and money scarce, convinced us that you appreciate our efforts to combine the best qualities with the lowest prices

OUR DEPARTMENTS,

—ARE—

Dress Goods,
Silks,
Small Wares,
Gloves and Hosiery,
Prints,
Staples,
Mantles,
Gents' Furnishings,
Ready-Made Clothing,
Carpets and Curtains,
Millinery,
Dressmaking,
Fine Ordered Clothing.

Robinson&Co

Successors to Downey & Co

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch, at Cheapside,(application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas. Lane,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Grammar School, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

R h Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissione Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

—Try SPENCER S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—A. S. Kimmerly is selling the best tea in town at 25 cents per lb

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2.50 at GIBBARD'S.

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—You can buy a good hardwood side board at GIBBARD'S for $7.50 with glass back.

—A. S. Kimmerly is selling the best western flour, cheapest in town.

If you have pictures to frame go to Gallagher's where they do them neat and cheap.

—Platform and counter scales for house and farm use, best in quality, low in price, at R. G. Wright's.

—Go to Gallagher's for school supplies. Lead pencils from 4c and 8c per doz; scribbling pads only 4c; fool's cap from 8c per quire; good quality of square envelopes, 24 for 4c, best quality for 8c per package, leather school bags in great variety.

—A. S. Kimmerly continues selling bran at $16.50 per ton.

—Peerless machine oil, axle grease, leather an rubber belting, lace eather, copperine babbi metal, asbestos, rubber, hemp, and soap ston packing, and all other threshers' supplies, a bottom prices at R G Wright's.

—A large stock of Agateware just received at R. G. Wright's.

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—A. S. Kimmerly has a large stock of fresh fish of all kinds.

—J. GIBBARD & SON have just manufacture the finest ha .dwood bedroom sets ever produce in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

—Gallagher has the best line of fine toilet soaps in town 3 cakes of Baby's Own for 25c, good soap at 20c per dozen; hand glasses, brushes, combs and fancy hairpins at cost price at Gallaghers Bargain House, Napanee.

—A. S. Kimmerly is selling bran at $16.50 per ton.

—Dressmaking an art. Miss Allison. Dressmaker. at Robinson and Co's.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at SPENCER'S

—All bedroom setts sold by GIBBARD & SON have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap trash that makes your face look as though you had lost the best friend on earth.

—If you want bargains in tinware go to the 7 cent store. They have just received a lot of 14, 10 and 5 quart pans, tea kettles No. 8 and No. 9; also wash basins, pudding dishes, tea pots, two and three quart covered pails. Every housekeeper should have a wire dish cloth; you can get one for 7 cents at the 7 cent store, west of the Campbell house.

—Davis if making a fine line of home made bread. Try it.

—Subscribe for THE EXPRESS now, and get careful reports of the Dominion and Ontario Parliaments.

—The directors of the Napanee Cemetery Company are considering the advisability of building a caretakers residence, in or near the cemetery plot.

—Wanted.—Copies of THE EXPRESS of October 12th and 26th, 1888. Kindly leave them at THE EXPRESS office.

—Rev. J. J. Leach, Ph.B., occupied the pulpit of the Eastern church last Sunday, both morning and evening, and preached two able sermons. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Chambers, conducted missionary services in Mr. Leachs' church at Newburgh.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

greatest carnivals of modern times the Star number is simply incomparable. The price is 35c. a copy.

—The basket social at Selby on ...y evening was a decided success. ... a number went out from town, among others, several young men. When the drawing of the numbers took place, it was found that some of the younger boys had secured comely matrons for partners. They did the agreeable as well as could be expected under the circumstances, and the ladies say that the boys behaved well.

—The Napanee Cement Company are advertising for elm stave bolts and logs, to be delivered either at Napanee Mills or at points along the line of the N. T. & Q. Railway. Heretofore, elm trees have been cut into cordwood in this section of country, but owing to the Rathbun Company starting this new industry in our midst, those having elm timber to sell, will secure much better prices than were formerly paid.

—To whom it may concern. Parties in want of flour, feed, corn meal, bran and shorts, will consult their best interests by calling at the big mill before purchasing elsewhere. A large quantity of bran on hand which must be sold; cash will buy it cheap in quantities. J. R. DAFOE. P. S.—Best grades of roller and stone flour constantly on hand. 789c.

—The fortnightly re-union given by the ladies of St. Mary Magdalene's church, as usual, passed off very successfully, although the attendance was not as large as on former occasions. The programme was well rendered. During the evening the Archdeacon stated that the ladies had donated $100 toward paying the debt of the church, and that a similar sum had been given by Dr Cook. The proceeds of Tuesdays entertainment amounted to $23.

THE FIRESIDE WEEKLY is made up exclusively of stories, poetry, and answers to correspondents. The Sheppard Publishing Company truthfully claim it to be the cheapest family story paper in America, its price being $2 per year, while that of its American rivals, not one whit better in style and much inferior as to contents, are each $3 per annum. We offer THE FIRESIDE WEEKLY and the Napanee EXPRESS at $2 per annum. Could anyone ask more? 789d

—The sale of the stock of W. D. Madden, advertised to take place on Monday afternoon, was, at that time postponed until Tuesday, and then again postponed until February 8th. The Sheriff has made a seizure of the stock, under certain executions in his hands, and it is now understood that the matter will have to be settled by an interpleader suit. It will be remembered that the stock was offered for sale under a chattle mortgage held by Mrs. W. D. Madden.

—The orchestral concert given in the Opera Hall last Friday evening under the auspices of the Y. P. A. of the W. M. C. brought together a large audience. The Telgmann orchestra is a fair musical organization bnt in our humble judgment their playing was not evenly balanced. However, they succeeded in pleasing the audience. Mr. Sherlock was suffering from hoarseness and was by no means in as good voice as when he last appeared here. His rendering of Annie Lawrie was very sweet, and in his two numbers with Miss Anna Fralick he sang well. Miss Fralick really did herself credit, her rendering of "A Lullaby Song" as an encore being especially good. Miss Dorette Telgmann pleased the audience both in her vocal and violin solos. Miss Cook, organist of the Western Methodist Church, presided at the piano in a very acceptable manner. The proceeds were most satisfactory, and added a snug sum to the funds of the Young Peoples Association.

—Read Mr. Hutchinsons advertisement regarding the sale of thoroughbred imported horses. He has some good ones.

—The Swiss Bell Rfngers will appear at the Opera House on Thursday and Friday evenings of next week. Prices ten and twenty cents.

—A good muff was left in Mr. T. Jamieson's sitting room about three weeks ago. The owner can have it, by proving property and paying for this notice.

—Elsewhere will be found the card of Dr. W. H. Nicholls. The doctor is rapidly earning a reputation as a skillful veterinary surgeon. His headquarters are Bath.

—Read Geo. I Ham's advertisement regarding bargains in groceries. He has moved into Sam McLaughlin's old stand, and is now prepared to offer rare bargains.

—On Thursday evening of last week, Mr. T. D. Pruyn installed the officers of A. O. U. W. Lodge No. 295, Adolphustown, after which he was entertained at an oyster supper at Pooles hotel.

Quarterly services will be held in the Eastern Methodist chnrch on Sunday next. Love feast and fellowship meeting will be held at twenty minutes of ten, regular service at eleven, and the sacrament administered after the evening service.

—If you want choice confectionery, or first class home made bread, call on W. H. Davis. He guarantees satisfaction.

—There will be a Scott Act convention in the Napanee town hall on Thursday next at half past one o'clock. Among other things the plan of campaign will be mapped out. It is a foregone conclusion that there will be a fight, and it will likely be a bitter one. Let there be grand rally.

—Have you wood for sale? If so, read what the Napanee Paper Company advertise for in another part of this paper. They require over three thousand cords of hard and soft wood, to be delivered at their mills in Newburgh and Napanee. Full particulars on application. The company only want wood four feet in length and of good quality.

—It is said that a couple of would-be sports attempted to get up a prize fight for $20 a side within the past few days. Friends interfered, and the fight was declared off. Surely these parties can find something else to do than engaging in such disgraceful proceedings. We withhold names out of respect for their families.

—The Napanee Paper Company want two hundred cords of basswood, one thousand cords of soft wood and five hundred cords of hard wood delivered at their mills in Newburgh. They also want one thousand cords of soft wood and one thousand cords of hardwood delivered at their works in Napanee Mills. All of the above wood is to be four feet long, and of good sound quality. For further information apply to the Napanee Paper Company.

—On Wednesday evening Rev. B. F. Stratton, of Tamworth, was the recipient of an address and a purse containing $10. The presentation was made by the rev. gentleman's bible class, the money being intended to provide a suitable covering for their teachers head. We might just say that a few days ago the congregation made ample provision for his back, by presenting him with a splendid fur coat. Evidently Mr. Stratton's congregation mean to take good care of their pastor. Our testimony is that he richly deserves a lot of such treatment.

—On Friday evening of next week the new parsonage of the Western Methodist church, will be thrown open to the public for the first time. The Young Peoples' Association are arranging a good programme, so that an enjoyable evening is assured. Instead of a fixed charge at the door, a plate offering will be taken, and we trust that the friends will respond liberally. Everybody will be made heartily welcome.

Their home was always a welcome rest for the weary preacher and many found shelter and comfort there. She was a constant and consistant attendant on the means of grace until a few years before her death. She possessed a sublime faith in a future state of happiness, and longed to depart, knowing that to be absent from the body was to be present with the Lord. Her memory is cherished as a sacred legacy, and unto each of her children, grand children and great grand children, she has left a name which is of more value than thousands of gold and silver. The memory of the just is blessed.

MRS. BENJAMIN CLARK.

The residents of Camden East and vicinity were suprised and grieved on Thursday, Jan. 24th inst., to hear of the sudden illness of Mrs. B. Clark—whose maiden name was Eunice Amantha Barnes. The alarm became greater when it was known to be a severe attack of pleuro-pneumonia, and each day left less hope of recovery. Though all that medical aid and good attendance could do was done, yet the worst fears were realized on Wednesday morning 30th inst., at 4.40, when she was released from the labors and anxieties of life, at the age of sixty-seven years, to enjoy that eternal rest that remains for the people of God. Her aged husband and three children—one son and two daughters—remain to realize that a faithful wife and devoted mother has been taken from them. Not one of the latter was able to be present during her illness and death, her son Mr. Percy Clark, of Kingston, being absent on a business trip to Manitoba and Northwest, and her elder daghter, Mrs. C. Fraser, of Trenton, having gone to Jamiaca to spend the winter in visiting her only sister Mrs. A. D. Cadenhead who resides there. Mrs. Clark was a consistent member of the Methodist church, not only evincing her christian character by attending the public services of the sanctuary, but also in the sunshine and cheer of her own home. It may truthfully be said of her that every act was influenced more or less by self-denial, ever forgetful of self she was always ready to help others. Even when suffering intensely during her last few days upon earth, she often feared that those around her would become wearied by waiting upon her. Thus she never ceased thinking of others until a higher power said—"Cease from labor and be at rest."

—Mantle Pluhss eand Silk Seal ettes. at a bargain at Robinson & Co's

Miraculous.

"My MIRACULOUS CURE was that I had suffered from kidney disease for about two years, was off work all that time. A friend told me of B. B. B., I tried it, and am happy to say that I was cured by two bottles." Wm. Tier, St. Marys, Ont.

DR. W. NICHOLLS, BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 9891y.

Miss Ida Johnson,

CAMPBELL HOUSE,

Teacher of Piano, Theory of Music, and Harmony.

ALL PUPILS WILL RECEIVE ONE LESSON A WEEK IN THEORY, FREE.

A Profe[illegible]

Rev. F. Gunner, [illegible]nt., says regarding B. B. B.. [illegible]r excellent Burdock Compound in [illegible]d, and in my family since 1884, and hold it No. 1 on my list of sanative remedies. Your three busy B's never sting, weaken or worry.,,

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economic than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, or alum phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co 106 Wall-st 40871v.

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2788ly E. VANALSTINE,

Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors, Toronto

THE WITNESS

FOR 1889.

More Interesting than Ever

GREAT INDUCEMENTS FOR CLUB WORKERS AND SUBSCRIBERS.

A copy of the $120,000 picture, "Christ Before Pilate," for the nominal sum of 25 cents, to every old or new subscriber for 1880.

DAILY WITNESS AND PICTURE....$3 25
WEEKLY " " 1 25

The NORTHERN MESSENGER, only 30 cents per annum, published fortnightly. The best illustrated paper published for the price Full of interesting and appropriate reading for young and old. Very popular in the Sabbath Schools of the Dominion and United States. Sunday Schools desiring a good paper for distribution, send for samples and rates. Agents wanted. Liberal remuneration. Sample copies supplied free.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,

589 Publishers, Montreal.

ANY MAN

Who is Weak, Nervous, Debilitated, who in his **Folly** and **Ignorance** has **Trifled** away his **Vigor** of **Body, Mind** and **Manhood,** causing exhausting drains upon the **Fountains** of **Life, Headache,**

sociation are arranging a good programme, so that an enjoyable evening is assured. Instead of a fixed charge at the door, a plate offering will be taken, and we trust that the friends will respond liberally. Everybody will be made heartily welcome, so go and take your neighbors with you. The house is well worth inspecting, and that fact, coupled with the good entertainment offered, ought to fill the house.

—Home made bread is always to be desired. Davis is making a prime article. Try it.

—The marriage of Dr. H. H. Davidson, Toronto, to Miss Carrie McDonald, daughter of Mr. Robert McDonald, proprietor of the Revere house, took place in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, King street west, Toronto, on Wednesday evening. The ceremony was preformed by Rev. D. J. Macdonell, pastor of the church. The bridesmaids were: Miss Fannie Hosey and Miss Georgina Knight, and the groomsmen, Mr. Wm. Davidson, brother of the groom, and Fred D. McDonald, brother of the bride. After the ceremony the party adjourned to the Revere house, where supper was partaken of by a large number of invited guests. A beautiful array of presents was received by the bride. The young couple left by the eleven o'clock train for a honeymoon trip to the United States. On leaving the Revere, they received the customary demonstration of good wishes from a host of friends. We extend congratulations.

OBITUARY.

PAISLEY.

Nathaniel F. Paisley, so well known in Napanee and the surrounding country, passed away about nine o'clock last Friday morning. For the past three months "Than" has been gradually getting weaker, and for several weeks he has been confined to the house. Deceased was born in the village of Enterprise, a little over thirty-one years ago, was married to Miss Addie Douglass, of Tamworth, some half a dozen years since, and she survives him. Mr. Paisley was a member of Napanee Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 86. The funeral took place from his mother's residence on John street, on Sunday afternoon and was very largely attended, upwards of one hundred and forty Oddfellows joining in the procession. Deceased was a brother of Mr. John Paisley with whom he was associated in the grocery trade, also of Charles Paisley and of Mrs. Angus McLeod and Mrs. Walter Coxall, all of Napanee, to whom our sympathy is extented.

ABBOTT.

Margaret Smith, widow of Ralph Abbott, sr., deceased, died Dec. 31st, 1888, at her home, in the township of Tyendinaga, Hastings County, Ont., at the advanced age of 93 years, 6 months and 14 days. Mrs. Abbott was born in Albany county, New York State. She was married in 1816, and came to Canada with her husband and parents and settled in Richmond in 1824. Subsequently she and her husband moved to the adjoining township, called Tyendinaga, in 1827, where she spent the remainder of her life, sixty-one years. When they settled on the new farm it was a wilderness; to-day it is one of the finest farms in Canada. Mrs. Abbott was the mother of seven children, two sons and five daughters, all survive her but one son, Ralph Abbott; she leaves twenty grandchildren and thirteen great grandchildren. Her family are all Methodists, although she was brought up a strict Lutheran, but at a revival held by Revds. John Sills and Savage, she with her sister, Mrs. Stafford, were savingly converted to God and joined the Methodist church in 1836, continuing faithful until the Master called them home to their eternal reward.

and Harmony.

ALL PUPILS WILL RECEIVE ONE LESSON A WEEK IN THEORY, FREE.

Miss Johnson, graduated under James M. Tracy, one of the most eminent musicians in the United States, late of the "Boston Conservatory" and pupil of Bendel and Liszt, while abroad.

"Mr. Tracy feels justly proud of Miss Johnson as a good representative of his successful method of instruction."—"Boston Folio," August, 1888.

Terms moderate. Call from 2 to 4 p. m.

9894tf

MORTGAGE SALE

—OF A—

VALUABLE FARM

In the Township of Richmond, by Public Auction.

By virtue of the power of sale, contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Thursday, February 7th, 1889

At the Town Hall, in the town of Napanee, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon,

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement seventy-five acres be the same more or less, and being composed of the north three-quarters of the east half of Lot Number ten, in the second concession of the said Township of Richmond, saving and excepting that portion heretofore conveyed to the Grand Trunk Railway Company,

Upon the premises are erected a good frame house, barn and drive house.

Terms of payment will be very liberal. Conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale, For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH.
Vendor's Solicitor

Dated Jan. 21, 1889.

ANY MAN

Who is Weak, Nervous, Debilitated, who in his Folly and Ignorance has Trifled away his Vigor of Body, Mind and Manhood, causing exhausting drains upon the Fountains of Life. Headache, Backache, Dreadful Dreams, Weakness of Memory, Bashfulness in Society, Pimples upon the Face and all the Effects leading to Early Decay, Consumption or Insanity, will find in our specific No. 23 a Positive Cure. It imparts Youthful vigor restores the Vital Power in old and young, strengthens and invigorates the Brain and Nerves, builds up the muscular system and arouses into action the whole physical energy of the human frame. With our specific No. 23 the most obstinate case can be cured in three months, and recent ones in less than thirty days. Each package contains two weeks treatment. Price $2. Cures Guaranteed. Our specific No. 24 is an infallible Cure for all Private Diseases no matter of how long standing. Sold under our written Guarantee to effect a Cure. Price $5. Toronto Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next sitting, for an Act to confirm in all respects a certain agreement between the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway Company, the Kingston & Pembroke Railway Company, and the Corporation of the City of Kingston, respecting the use by the Napanee, Tamworth & Quebec Railway Company of a certain part of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway Company's line and business facilities on the terms therein set forth, and also with regard to the bonus voted by the Corporation of the City of Kingston to the Napanee & Tamworth Company on the terms and conditions therein set forth, and for other purposes.

Also, that an application will be made to the Ontario Legislature, at its next session, for an Act for the above purposes, and also to extend the benefit of a certain agreement between the last named company and the said corporation as to the rate to be charged for the carriage of cordwood to all persons who may be injured or damnified by a breach thereof, and to declare said agreement binding on the successors, lessees and assigns of the said Company, and on any Railway Company with which it may amalgamate or form a part.

JAMES AGNEW,
of the City of Kingston,
Solicitor for the Applicants.

Dated this 21st Dec., 1888. 488h

GEO. I. HAM

Having purchased the premises lately occupied by S. McLaughlin, and moved therein, is now prepared to offer

Better Bargains in Groceries

THAN EVER BEFORE.

A Car Load of Salt will arrive Next Week

ORANGES JUST IN!

Remember the place, McLaughlin's Old

9893tf GEO. I. HAM.

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examine our stock of Flour, Feed Bran, Pork, Sugar and Tea at prices never before heard of. 3 lbs. of tea dust for 25c. All goods warranted to give satisfaction, or will refund money. GEO. I. HAM.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRID

Robinson & Co's COLUMN ALWAYS RELIABLE

Don't be deceived by cheap sales of every and any description. Oftentimes the so called cheap Goods prove the dearest in the end. We want you to understand our position. Encouraged by the large increase in our sales last year over the year before, we have purchased very largely for this season. A look through our establishment will soon convince you that our stock is larger and better assorted than ever before.

Our imports alone are larger than that of all the other dealers combined and almost every line, (except. ing perhaps a few lines of staples) is confined to ourselves. Thus we are able to give you a class of goods which cannot be had any place else. Now regarding our prices, everything is marked right down to the lowest possible figure. They can't be marked lower and allow us to clear ourselves. Add to this the fact that by buying direct, we have saved the middleman's commission and you will easily see that our goods should be cheap. No pains will be spared to give you satisfaction in every way. Every piece of Goods will be found to turn out exactly as represented. We want your custom, and if good, honest goods and straight forward dealing are any inducement, we are sure of getting it.

Boys' Clothing.

We don't want you to loose sight of Boys' Clothing.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2888ly Barristers, Napanee

TO LET

Stores, Hall and Offices with vaults to let in Rennie Block, Napanee, now ready for occupation and will be rented at moderate rents.
Apply to JOHN RENNIE,
939dtf 30 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,
Or to LAHEY & MCKENTY, Napanee.

FOR SALE.

Superior Durham Bull,

two years old this month. Also two Durham Bull Calves, from the best milking families. Price to suit the times.
W. R. GORDANIER, P.M.,
1586b Morven.

LIME.

The undersigned begs to announce that he is now prepared to furnish

Roach Lime and Choice Building Stone.

Extra good coursing stone at reasonable prices. The Lime Kiln is now in operation. Orders left at Perry & Madole's hardware store will receive prompt attention.
THOMAS MEAGHER,
1669cm Roblin's Hill, near Napanee.

ATLAS
FIRE ASSURANCE CO.
LONDON, ENG. Established 1808.
Capital, - $6,000,000,

Insures mercantile property, private residences, Farm and every class of insurable risks at lowest rates, Losses promptly adjusted and paid. EDMUND HOOPER, Agent.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,
Clerk, 7th Division Court,
(County of Lennox and Addington,)
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.
TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4588ly

HOUSE PAINTING
BY
S. W. PRINGLE.
PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING,
KALSOMINING, GLAZING, ETC.

First-class workmen. Prompt service and moderate charges.)

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.
2088ly

A. LALONDE.
BARBER SHOP.
MARKET SQUARE, NAPANEE.
First-class work guaranteed. Call and see. 1089 3m

THE BRISCO HOUSE,
NAPANEE.
The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario. Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.
C. A. CORNELL,
4288 PROPRIETOR

PARTNER WANTED.

A PRACTICAL MILLER

With $5,000 cash or property, to take half interest in 50 Barrel Roller Mill in Nebraska. Fortune to right man. Apply at
1289dtf EXPRESS OFFICE

TO EXCHANGE.

Well Improved Farms in South Dakota and Nebraska,

For town or farm property. Apply at
EXPRESS OFFICE

WANTED.

Good Man to Work Farm

near Regina. Will sell three farms in Northwest, all first-class. Bargains here.
1489c J. W. METZLER.

ROBE FOUND.

ON CAMDEN ROAD, NEAR NAPANEE.

Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges.
1489c W. R. MILES, Napanee.

FOR SALE.

Pugs and Lap Dogs.

about six weeks old. Enquire at "Riverview," South Napanee. 1489btf

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 6 p. m., of Thursday, the 28th inst, for the Carpenter, Plasterer and Painter's works, required in the completion of the U. E. L. Memorial Church, Adolphustown.
Plans and specifications may be seen at our offices.
POWER & SON,
Architects, Kingston.
Lion Block, Wellington street.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

undersigned desires to inform the public s is prepared to

Raise or Move Buildings

We don't want you to loose sight of
vs' Clothing.

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.
2088ly

undersigned desires to inform the public
e is prepared to

Raise or Move Buildings

inds on the shortest notice, and most reas-
terms. Satisfaction guaranteed. Call on
ress
39em ALBERT N. WAGAR.

PORTED

THOROUGHBRED STOCK.

The undersigned has for sale

bred English Shire Stallions, Cleve-
nd Bay and Yorkshire Coach Horses.

y recorded in their respective Stud Books.
ay can be seen at the stables in the Brisco
e yard. Inspection is cordially invited.
W. H. HUTCHINSON,
94tf Napanee, Ont.

RM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

subscriber will offers to sell or rent the
part of Lot No. 23, 6th Concession of North
ricksburgh, one and one-half miles east of
nee, on the Kingston Road, containing about
undred acres. Good frame house, 24 x 30,
cellar, good frame barn, 48 x 52, orchard,
other fruit trees, well watered, about fifty
fall plowing done, balance meadow and
e. Possession given immediately. For
r particulars apply to the owner,
CHARLES LOWRY,
1689dtf Kingston Road.

RM FOR SALE.

undersigned offers for sale his farm of 112
being the north part of lot two, in the third
sion of Richmond. The greater part of
id is cleared and under cultivation. On
ice are a good frame house, barn and two
two wells and a spring, and in the neigh-
d are two churches, a school house and
factory. The proprietor would accept a
lace in part pay for the farm. For par-
s enquire of the proprietor, or JOHN ENG-
Esq., Napanee.

ROBT MARTIN,
th, 1889 1589dt Napanee

SALE.

undersigned offers for sale that desirable
y about five and a half miles east of Nap-
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nine tenths acres, better known as the old
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EXPRESS

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examin our stock of Flour, Feed Bran, Pork, Sugar and Tea at prices never before heard of. We sell 20 per cent cheaper than any other house in town 12 bars of family soap for 25 cents.

2888ly **GEO. I. HAM**

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

RIDAY, MARCH 22, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No. 16.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

WARDEN FILSON MAKES AN EXHIBITION OF HIMSELF.

Disgraceful Proceedings in the Council Chamber.

This week we continue the report of the County Council proceedings. In our last issue we included all that transpired up till Thursday night. On Friday, when the committee on Roads and Bridges were in session, the Warden made repeated efforts to have a clause introduced into their report censuring Major Patterson, of Amherst Island. This the committee refused to do. On Friday afternoon, when the report was presented, the council went into Committee of the Whole to consider the report. This gave the Warden his anxiously sought for opportunity to air his spite against the gallant Major. Right here we might say that last year money was expended on roads in Amherst Island without a township engineer having been appointed to superintend the expenditure. No one pretends to say that the money was improperly expended, and Warden Filson's anxiety to attack Major Patterson is the sole reason for trying to drag the matter before the public. Last year's council fully dealt with the matter, therefore the Warden was going out of his way and wasting the time of the council in endeavoring to attack a man who is in every way his superior.

The committee refused to deal with the Warden's so-called grievance, although he persisted in wasting nearly three hours of valuable time in airing his opinions.

On Saturday morning, however, the Warden went to the council chamber with blood in his eye. He had inveigled two other members into introducing the following resolution:

That a return having been made to this council of the expenditure of county money on roads for 1888, which had not been expended under the supervision of a properly appointed engineer and this council having accepted said return on the statement of the representative of the municipality for which the return was made, that the irregularity occurred because he did not know of the requirements of the by-law governing the expenditure of said money, be it therefore resolved than in future the by-law governing the expenditure of money on county roads be strictly enforced.

As soon as the motion was made the Warden

LEFT THE CHAIR,

after asking Mr Cyrus Allison to preside, and immediately went out of the council chamber. This was but a blind, however, for he only went into the ante-room, and very soon appeared in the council room again. According to all rule he should at once have taken the chair, but he did not do so. He had

COME DOWN FOR A FIGHT,

and a fight he was going to have. Mr. Parks spoke against the resolution, pointing out that the Amherst Island expenditure had been dealt with last year, and that other municipalities had improperly expended money so that no one municipality be so insulted next session, I would resign rather than come back."

The Warden's conduct is everywhere condemned and if he again attempts any such bar-room actions he will be taught a lesson that he will not soon forget.

Friday Morning.

The council met at 10 a. m., pursuant to adjournment, the warden in the chair, members all present.

Minutes of yesterday read and confirmed.

Mr. Lapum brought in the first report of the Finance committee.

On motion it was received and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Sweetnam, seconded by Mr. Lapum, that the warden be paid the sum of $20, the same being his expenses in accompanying the Newburgh deputation to Toronto to assist them in obtaining a grant for said municipality. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Sweetnam, that the sum of $36.60 be paid to Mr. Sweetnam; the sum of $26.65 to Mr. L. Wagar, and the sum of $25.60 to Mr. Bryden, the same being the expenses re deputation to Toronto as per resolution of last session of this council. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Sweetnam, that Messrs. Filson, Jas. Reid, Sexsmith, Parks and Lapum, be each paid the sum of $31.10, the same being their expenses to Ottawa on deputation as appointed last session. Carried

Moved by Mr. Sweetnam, seconded by Mr. Parks, that the clerk be instructed to have the report of both Toronto and Ottawa deputations printed in the minutes. Carried

Moved by Mr. Jackson, seconded by Mr. Pdrks, that the order of proceedings for reading of by-laws be opened. Carried.

On motion the council went intc committee of whole on the second reading of the by-law to fix the treasurer's salary. Mr. Jackson in the chair. The committee rose and the chairman reported the second reading of the by-law amended so as to make the salary $700 instead of $600 as first proposed.

The report of the committee of whole was adopted on motion of Mr. Jackson, seconded by Mr. Roblin.

Mr. Lapum brought in the report of the finance committee.

On motion it was received and adopted.

On motion the council adjourned until 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 p. m. the council resumed, the warden in the chair, members all present.

Moved by Mr. Jackson, seconded by Mr. Baker, that Rule 38 be suspended for the purposes of the by-law to fix the treasurer's salary. Carried.

Mr. T. V. Sexsmith brought in the first report of the committee on roads and bridges, which is as follows:

Your committee on Roads and Bridges beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1st. That the sum of $6.149 be expended on co[illegible] roads and the sum of $1,025 as special grants, to be appropriated as follows:

Township of Camden	$ 1518 00

COUNTERFEIT MONEY OFFERED.

Negotiations Opened With a Napanee Merchant.

On Monday last a prominent merchant of this town, received the following circular:

DEAR SIR,—

You have been referred to me as a trustworthy person and one who can keep his own counsel, therefore I would be pleased to open a correspondence with you in regard to the business which I propose, and if you will be guided by my advice and experience there is no reason why you should not make a sure and safe fortune. There is absolutely no risk as the article is (good) money and is perfect as the enclosed newspaper clipping will prove. The sizes are $1's, $2's, $5's and $10's. My terms are $2,000 cost $250, $3000 cost $300, $5,000 cost $400, $10,000 cost $650, $20,000 cost $1,000 and so on at an increasing ratio, so the more you invest the cheaper you get the goods. $2000 in the goods, costing $250, is the lowest amount I will sell under any circumstances, and if you will take $10,000, costing $650, or $20,000, costing $1,000, I will give you the right of your state and no one else can get the goods in your state. Furthermore I do not give you the goods at these figures after the first deal. I only give them now as an extra inducement, and to give you a start, after the first deal, I charge at the rate of 25 cents on the dollar. Now my friend, if you wish to enter this speculation it will be absolutely necessary for you to come here and see me personally as I will only deal face to face with my customers which is the safest and most satisfactory way for both, as by your coming here you will see what you are buying and I see who I am dealing with and both feel better satisfied. I know it is quite a journey for you to come here, but look at the advantages and again think of the large profits to be made and no risks, and so far as expense is concerned I always make a liberal allowance in the goods to cover all expenses. Make up your mind to come here, you will find me a square white man in all my dealings and will never have cause to regret a visit to me. I will meet you in New York City any time you may appoint which I trust will be soon and I will show you my entire stock from which you can make your own selections, then if my goods are not all I claim them to be, I will pay your fare from and to your home. Now what fairer can you ask? In Gods name do not betray me, or mention to a living soul what passes between us as I have never done you any harm and never shall, but will prove a true and lasting friend to you. Make up your mind to come here and in my next letter I will name a hotel for you to stop at, how you will know me and full instructions. Be sure and send me your name and postoffice address as I might lose the one I now have. I will always return your letter to you, and as a guarantee of your confidence I also request the return of this letter and newspaper clipping.

Trusting you will answer at once and return this letter

I remain yours in confidence.

Address as per slip.

The merchant brought the circular to THE EXPRESS for publication. It is to be hoped that anyone who receives a similar circular will treat it exactly as has been done in this case. Just imagine the cheek of the brazen faced scoundrel in appealing in God's name not to be betrayed. We have the slip containing the address and will see that it reaches the proper authorities.

THE CARRUTHERS' ESTATE.

A Wealthy Man's Will.

The will of the late Mr. John Carruther's

and a fight he was going to have. Mr. Parks spoke against the resolution, pointing out that the Amherst Island expenditure had been dealt with last year, and that other municipalities had improperly expended money, so that no one municipality ought to be singled out for attack.

The Warden lost his temper completely, and waded into the discussion with more than his usual roughness, even going so far as to stride across the chamber and shake his fist under Mr. Parks' nose. He made a most uncalled for attack on Major Patterson, ex-reeve of Amherst Island, and then resumed his seat as Warden of the county. Several members then spoke against the resolution, and Mr. Parks again pressed the objections previously raised. He also pointed out that as there was a by-law in force it was absurd to pass a motion that the by-law should be enforced.

By this time the Warden was

IN A TOWERING PASSION,

and again left the chair to reply to the reeve of North Fredericksburgh. Such a scene was never witnessed before in this or any other county. We have never before heard of a presiding officer of any body ever making such an exhibition of himself as did the "distinguished gentleman" from Amherst Island on Saturday last.

Again the first shaking scene was re-enacted and again the Warden resumed the chair.

Reeve Parks then arose to move an amendment, but the Warden refused to listen to him and waving the original motion said. "Are the rest of you ready? I won't listen to this man."

By this time the excitement was intense. the Warden insisting on putting the motion and Mr. Parks holding the floor, refusing to be ignored, and insisting on his right to move an amendment.

The Conservative members of the council were now thoroughly ashamed of their choice.

Reeve Sexsmith, of Richmond, sprang to his feet, and telling Mr. Parks to hold his position, turned to the Warden and indignantly protested against the course he was pursuing. He insisted that Mr. Parks had the right to move an amendment.

The Warden yelled out "I have left this chair twice and if I leave it again it won't be as Warden or Councillor, but as a man to defend myself, and—tapping his coat pocket—"I have got the thing here to do it." No attention was paid to this threat and finally he had to pull in his horns and receive the amendment which was put and lost. The original motion was then put and carried by a majority of one on a straight party vote.

The council adjourned shortly after the motion had been dealt with and then a

SCENE OF ROWDYISM

pired that is anything but creditable
chief actor in it.
Warden left his chair and rushing
o where Mr. Parks stood, shook his
y fist in that gentleman's face and de-
ed in stentorian tones "When did I
gnore you?
. Parks replied "You tried to do so a
inutes ago" to which the gentleman-
lished Warden of this county replied,
a lie; and if you say so you are a liar."
. Parks, recognizing that the man was
himself with rage merely said "Well
re the Warden of the county and per-
that is the kind of language the War-
ght to use," and turned and left the
ber.
s deeply to be regretted that the mem-
of the council have to be exposed to
arseness of such a man as Filson.
inly it won't much longer be borne.
of the most moderate members thus
ssed himself "If I thought we would

Your committee on Roads and Bridges beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

1st. That the sum of $6.149 be expended on county roads and the sum of $1,995 as special grants, to be appropriated as follows:

Township of Camden		$ 1518 00
" "	Ernesttown	1298 00
" "	Richmond	1155 00
" "	N. Fredericksburgh	550 00
" "	S. Fredericksburgh	500 00
" "	Sheffield	550 00
" "	Napanee	275 00
" "	Newburgh	193 00
" "	Bath	110 00
" "	Amherst Island	225 00
" "	Adolphustown	225 00
" "	Kaladar Anglesea and Effiingham	300 00
" "	Denbigh Abinger and Ashby	275 00

2nd. That the chairman of the Roads and Bridges committee, and Messrs. James Reid, and Fraser be authorized to examine a bridge on the Napanee, Camden, and Sheffield county road, at the village of Selby, and if they consider it necessary, to repair or have a new wooden bridge erected, abutments to be built with stone, and cement, sufficient for an iron bridge if ever found necessary to place an iron structure thereon, and that the treasurer be authorized to advance funds when required on the order of the chairman of the Roads and Bridges committee, and that the committee furnish this council with a statement in detail of the expenditure if any.

3rd. That the chairman of the Roads and Bridges committee, and Messrs. Fraser and Parks, be authorized to examine a bridge on the Napanee and Kingston county road known as Kaylors bridge, and if they consider it necessary, to repair or have a new wooden bridge erected abutments to be built with stone and cement sufficient for an iron bridge, if ever found necessary to place an iron structure thereon, and that the treasurer be authorized to advance funds when required on the order of the chairman of of the Roads and Bridges committee, and that the committee furnish this council with a statement in detail of the expenditure if any.

4th. With regard to the communication from the Deseronto cemetery company asking for a bridge with double driveway on the Napanee and Deseronto county road, and for permission to build a boardwalk from the town limits to the cemetery. This council having already repaired said bridge we would reccommend that permission be granted to build said boardwalk providing it does not interfere with the public travel.

5th. That the sum of $995 asked for by resolution of Mr. Baker for Colebrook bridge, be not granted, but the township of Camden may have the privilege of expending $500 of their appropriations for county roads for 1889 and $495 of their appropriation for county roads for 1890, for the purpose of completing Colebrook bridge,

6th. That on the resolution of Mr. Parks, asking a grant of $400 to assist in paying the expense of building bridge in North Fredericksburgh at Close's Mills, we recommend that North Fredericksburgh have the privilege of using $100 of their appropriation for county roads for 1889 for that purpose.

7th. That on the account of Mr. Wm. Chambers for damages sustained on bridge on boundary line between Ernesttown and North Fredericksburgh, we recommend that the sum of $5 be paid in full of said account.

8th. That the chairman of the Roads and Bridges Committee receive one day's pay and mileage for his services in connection with the repairing of Unger's bridge on the Napanee and Deseronto county road, he having been authorized to have said bridge repaired at the January session.

T. V. SEXSMITH, Chairman.
JAMES BRYDEN, Secretary.
I. O FRASER.
JAMES REID.
IRVINE PARKS.

On motion the council went in committee of whole on the report, Mr. Sexsmith in the chair. The committee rose and the chairman reported the adoption of the report without amendment.

On motion the report of the committee of whole was adopted on the following division:

Yeas—Messrs. Aylsworth, Allison, Baker, Bryden, Derbyshire, Fraser, Parks, Jas. Reid, H. Reid, Sweetnam, Sexsmith, Wees, L. Wagar, Jas. H. Wagar—14.

Nays—Messrs. Ball, Carson, Lapum, Filson, Roblin—5.

On motion the council adjourned until 9 a. m. to-morrow.

Saturday Morning.

The council met at nine o'clock pursuant

Continued on 4th page.

THE CARRUTHERS' ESTATE.

A Wealthy Man's Will.

The will of the late Mr. John Carruther's was probated on Monday. The amount left by deceased is $575,000. Of this sum the two sons of the deceased, William Colin and W. Bruce Matthews, and the daughters, Mrs. Major Short and Miss Maud Helen, get $75,000 each, but draw only interest on it. If they die without issue the money will be divided among such of deceased's children as are alive. Should either of the deceased's four children die without issue, but leaving husband or wife, then $25,000 of the $75,000 shall be paid to such husband or wife, and the balance disposed of as provided in the preceding paragraph. To Mrs. McLean, wife of Rev. Mr. McLean, Belleville, is left $5,000 for the education of deceased's nephew. To J. B. Carruther's, the eldest son, is left absolutely $275,000.

The personal estate and effects amount to $517,000, and the real estate to $58,000. The details are: Household goods, $6,000; book debts and promissory notes, $165,000; money secured by mortgage, $170,000; bank shares and other stocks, $22,000; securities for money, $154,000; real estate, $58,000; total, $575,000.

A Rank Swindle.

swindle that leaves the "dull-less oat scheme" a long way behind happened near Avon, Middlesex county, not long ago. On Jan. 23 an elegantly dressed young couple, handsome and gay, drove up to a wealthy rmer's residence accompanied by a young man whom he introduced as Rev. L. B. Simes. The young man told the farmer that he was on his road to Ingersoll to be married, but just a short distance from there they met the minister, and noticing your beautiful place the bride remarked that she would rather be married out there than go into Ingersoll, and if he would allow them to be united in marriage in his house and be provided with a wedding dinner he would be well rewarded.

The farmer, being an accommodating man readily consented and preparations soon began. A groomsman and bridesmaid were furnished from the good man's family and the marriage ceremony performed by the man of much grace, who gave the blushing bride certificate, but before doing so he asked the obliging host to sign as a witness, which of course was done. A jollier party never sat down to a wedding dinner than they, in fact everybody enjoyed a rare treat. They stayed until about 4 o'clock, when the groom handed the farmer $40 in gold to compensate him for his trouble and took his departure, accompanied by his new wife and the minister.

Everything passed off lovely for about a week, when a collector presented a $440 note due on Feb. 1. The farmer was greatly surprised and it was some time before he could think what note it could be. However, it came to his memory that he had a wedding at his house a while ago, and now he had to foot up to the tune of $440. There is no doubt but this whole affair was a deep laid plot, and had been some time in maturing. The young married couple and the minister are away on a visit, and it is not likely they will return very soon.

Eighty Per Cent

of the human race, according to a high authority, suffer from one or other form of blood taint. Never allow this latent evil to develop into serious disease while the blood can be kept pure and the system clean by proper precautions, such as using Burdock Blood Bitters, whenever any scrofulous symptons appear. No medicine equals B. B. B. as a blood cleanser.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

A Circumstantial Evidence.

And English lawyer once said that circumstantial evidence would hang the King of England. While that was putting it pretty strong, it is admitted that a chain of circumstantial evidence has often sent men to he gallows. If a circumstance can be explained away, it is but a shadow. If it cannot be explained away, it becomes a menace to the prisoner's life. A witness may be bribed, abducted, or impeached. A circumstance is a lion in the path demanding blood.

It has been often asserted that innocent men have been hung on circumstantial evidence. There may have been such instances, but they have been rare indeed. In my own experience in law and detective work I have seen some curious things about circumstantial evidence. It is, in one sense, the strangest chain which can be forged, in another the very weakest.

About twenty years ago I was detailed on a murder case in a Kentucky town. It was not to work up the case, but to save if possible the young man arrested for the crime. When I got the facts and details I felt helpless to accomplish anything. He was a young man of 23, named Graham, and was of respectable family. He had been engaged to a young lady of the highest respectability. but they had quarrelled about something. Common friends had brought about a reconciliation, but a new suitor had appeared upon the sceane, and Graham's jealousy had provoked another quarrel. He had not visited her for two weeks, when on the evening of Saturday, Oct. 30., one of Graham's friends met him and said:

"Your rival is up at Lossing's and seems bound to cut you out. Adele seems very sweet on him."

Graham truly loved the girl, and this speech made him wild. He turned pale, trembled, and finally said:

"He is an adventurer and an interloper. Let him look out for himself!"

An hour later he started for Lossing's. He passed several people who saw that he was excited. The house stood back from the road in a grove of trees, and was approached by two paths or drives from the front. Graham fully intended to enter the house, but when he came upon the grounds his courage failed him. He was afraid he might say or do something rash in his present mood, and very sensibly decided to return to town and defer his call till the next day. Next morning his rival's dead body was found on one of the drives, about half way between the house and the fence. He had been struck down with a bludgeon. Conclusions are always jumped at in murder cases. Two of the negro servants were at once arrested, but before noon they were set at liberty and Graham was taken into custody. The chain already contained several links. Others were added the moment he was arrested. He was dreadfully agitated, hesitated to acknowledge that he had been near the place, and a blood stain was found on the right side of his vest. Before he had been in jail one day even his own father believed him a murderer. He was examined and bound over, and it was only after that event that he began to protest his innocence. The girl who had been the cause of it came nobly to his rescue. While she truly loved him, she had been willing to make him jealous, and when murder had come of it, as she believed, she felt terrible conscience stricken and anxious to believe in his protestations of innocence.

When I came upon the ground, the State had its case all worked up, and when I went over it to look for a flaw I could find none. I had to acknowledge that I was without ly. I arrested him, charged him with the crime, and he did not hold out fifteen minutes. His motive was robbery. He did not intend to kill his victim, but only to stun him. He had just struck him when the dogs barked greeting to Graham, and, overcome by sudden fright, Foster dashed away and dared not return. He thought he had only to keep still to render himself safe, and, but for my being present when the saddle was found, he might never have been suspected. Graham was cleared and Foster was hanged. The change had been brought about by the fondling of a dog.

The second case occurred in Ohio, in a town not far from Cincinnati. A young man, Frank Meyers, had become infatuated with a doubtful woman. The affair created a scandal, and his father and friends made every effort to break it up. The young man was finally brought to see the error of his ways, but when he attempted to sever the tie the woman sought to hold him by threats. This angered him, and he indulged in some hard talk of what he would do in case she further annoyed him. Thus matters stood when he set out one evening to see her and make a last attempt to settle. It was a summer night, and they were seen walking in the suburbs of the town. They were overheard in angry talk. She defied him. He returned home pale and excited, his clothing disarranged, and his face bleeding from scratches. An hour later she was found dead, choked to death.

Young Meyers was arrested at midnight. He did not even assert his innocence. It was only on his examination that he protested, and even his own father believed him guilty. I happened to be in the town, and the way I came into the case was by relating the incidents of the one I have already narrated. The prisoner himself sent for me and told me this story:

"I met the woman, Mrs. Albright, by appointment. We walked out on Clark avenue to be alone. I told her that my mind was firmly made up to see her no more, and she was very angry. I should have returned with her, but at the little bridge she ordered me to leave her, threatening to do desperate things if I did not relent by the morrow. I did not return by the highway, as our meeting was a secret one and I did not want it known. I crossed a corner of the graveyard, fell off the fence as I did so, and there my face was scratched by the briers.

"But you hardly denied your guilt," I said.

"Because I was confused and stunned by my arrest, and because I saw no use of it," he replied. "I have told you the truth. I want you to help me prove myself clear."

I left him with the feeling that he was lying to me, and that nothing could be done in his case. Ten or twelve days had elapsed, but there had been no rain. I went to the bridge, crossed the creek at the point he told me to, and soon came upon his trail. At the graveyard fence I found a broken rail and the spot where he had fallen. I found the briers broken and crushed, and from the thorns I gathered several small fragments belonging to the suit he wore. Further on he had stepped into a ditch where mud was soft at the time. It had now dried hard and preserved the print. I measured it, and when I returned to town I had begun to believe that Meyers was either a good talker or an innocent man. His story was all right in one sense, but all wrong in the other. Did he make the trail while leaving the woman alive or dead?

An old saying always goes with an arrest: "If he didn't do it, who did?" Somebody must be held responsible. After two or three interviews with young Meyers and his parents, I doubted if he could have choked the woman to death. He was frail and in

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The "Times'" Case—Affairs on the Continent—Is a Storm Brewing in the Balkans?

The collapse of the London "Times's" case has not been brought about without bitter dissensions inside the circle of its legal promoters. Sir Henry James, who had managed to preserve better relations with his former colleagues and to keep open a safer line of retreat than any other prominent Unionist, is furious now with the Attorney-General for dragging him into such a ruinous fiasco, and it is believed to be due to his vigorous protests that it has been decided to bring the case to a conclusion.

Although it cannot be said that an actual war scare prevails on the Continent, King Milan's desertion of his post in Servia has created an excitement which increases rather than diminishes. As the crisis which his act had produced is studied, it means the return of Nathalie in triumph and the restoration of the Pan-Slavist Metropolitan, Michael, and the complete control of the Russian party. St. Petersburg papers in exultation declare that Prince Ferdinand in Bulgaria, and even King Charles in Roumania, must be similarly cleared out without further delay, and, in truth, it looks as if both would have difficulty in riding out of the Slavic storm which has suddenly begun to rock the Balkans.

So far as Europe in general is concerned, the most immediate point of danger is Bosnia, which the Servians regarded as belonging to them and in which it is only too likely that a state of turbulence will be created which Austria will have to quell by force. Once this step is taken all the fat will be in the fire and the Russian legions will be set in motion forthwith.

The very fact that for the first time in five years we have got into March without any war alarms may turn out to be a part of a shrewd Muscovite plan for a huge conquering stroke. For the moment it is sufficient to indicate that this is a fundamental change in the situation. Whereas, up to the present the preservation of peace depended on Russia's unreadiness for war, it will henceforth depend on Austria's willingness to pocket affronts from her little neighbors and her ability to handle a Slavic uprising within her own borders so as not to give a warlike pretext to Russia.

How Jim Misjudged a Stranger.

"Yes, I'm in mourning," said the man, as he carefully removed his hat and gazed at the piece of crape which hid the band. "It's for my brother Jim who was planted about five months ago.'

"Sick long?"

"Not a minnit."

"Accidentally killed, then?"

"You might call it accident, but it wasn't. It was a case of misreading human nature."

The man tenderly brushed some dust off the crape, put on his hat, and after getting good and ready started out with:

"Me and Jim had a ranch on the Republican River, out in Kansas. I didn't amount to much, but Jim was a dandy. Could judge a hoss or a steer a mile off. He could size a up a man as quick as you can halve an apple. Didn't know what fear was, and the Injuns was as afraid of him as death. I've put up a $300 monument at his grave, and you can judge by that he must been a pretty good man."

of innocence.

When I came upon the ground, the State had its case all worked up, and when I went over it to look for a flaw I could find none. I had to acknowledge that I was without hope. Indeed, I believed Graham guilty. His own explanations rather strengthened that belief. Lossing's house faced the east. The highway in front run north and south. The lawn was twenty rods wide, and one drive led in from the north and the other from the south end. Graham approached from the north. He would naturally turn in at the first drive, but he claimed to have gone on to the second. He followed it to the house, passed around it, played for two or three minutes with the dogs, and then circled about the fish pond, and took a short cut across the grove and struck the road, not hitting the north path at all. The dead man had come from the village as well, and on foot. He had come and attempted to return by the north drive.

If Graham was innocent, who was guilty? Not the slightest suspicion had been directed elsewhere. It seemed hopeless to look. I questioned and cross-questioned him, but he could not give me the slightest foundation for a clue or a theory. What I got came by accident. I asked to see the blood-stained clothing, and I found it to be a single daub of blood on a white vest. It was a curious mark, such as I had never seen before, and when I quietly investigated further I discovered that the murdered man had been struck on the back of his head and fallen forward on his face. He had very thick hair, and while the blow had crushed the skull, he had bled but little. The blood would not spurt from such a blow. The body had not been lifted, and so how did Graham get that blood stain? Accident gave me the knowledge. I was looking the ground over at Lossing's for the fourth or fifth time, when one of the dogs came and leaped upon me in a caressing way. Lossing observed it and remarked:

"Old Fan was always very fond of Graham, and I believe she misses him. Here, Fan, let me look at your paw. Ah! it's about as well as ever, isn't it?"

"What ailed her paw?" I asked.

"She got a terrible cut on a piece of glass a few weeks ago."

"About the time Graham was arrested?

"Yes."

"Then it was her bloody paw that made the mark on his vest that night!"

"Good heavens, but it must have been!"

I had a clue and a hope. Everything changed in an hour, and I now believed Graham innocent and went to work to secure proofs. I posted up to Louisville and examined the police records for arrests. lowed a score or more of cases to their finish, but got nothing. It was my belief that a white man committed the crime, and that he meant robbery, but was frightened off. I returned to the village and looked everybody over, but got no satisfaction. The day of the trial was coming and I was in despair, but accident came to my aid again. I happened into the hotel barn as the landlord pulled a lot of rubbish out of a stall. Hidden away with it was a fine saddle, and as it was brought to light the man exclaimed:

"Bless me, here is the dead man's saddle!"

"Was it missing?" I asked.

"It was stolen on the night of his murder. That's the reason he went down to Lossing's on foot."

Who stole it? What for? An outsider, who stole the saddle for its worth would have carried it off. An insider only would have stored it in the stall. Who was inside? A white man and two negro assistants. Within an hour I had ascertained that the white man, whose name was Foster, was absent for an hour on the evening of the murder, and that since he had acted very queer. "If he didn't do it, who did?" Somebody must be held responsible. After two or three interviews with young Meyers and his parents, I doubted if he could have choked the woman to death. He was frail and in poor health, and she was robust and strong. She had scarcely struggled at all, proving that she had been attacked suddenly and that the grip was a terrible one. Her neck was discolored as well as her throat, proving that two large hands had been employed. However, no suspicious characters had been seen in the neighborhood, and the murderer, if other than Meyers, had made his escape. I was completely blocked, and could only hope that accident would help me out.

It had been said that the body had not been robbed. The only theory seemed to be revenge. If it was not Meyers, then it was some former lover, and I went to Cincinnati to make inquiries. On the way up my watch stopped, and my first call was at a jeweller's. I had not been in his place sixty seconds when in walked a stout strong fellow, who laid a lady's watch on the showcase and said:

"I am going away, and I want to sell this. It belonged to my wife, who is dead."

"We don't buy second-hand watches," replied the jeweller, but he carelessly picked the watch up, examined it and then said:

"This is one of our watches. I remember selling it two or three months ago."

"Yes," replied the man, reaching out for it.

"Let's see the name," continued the jeweller as he went for a book.

"Never mind," replied the man. "If you don't want to buy, very well; I'm in a hurry."

"Sold to Mrs. Albright of ——," said the jeweller, as he handed it over.

"The woman who was murdered!" I said to the stranger. "Were you her husband?"

"N—, yes!" he stammered.

"And you have not been near——? That is strange! You will go with me to the police."

He tried to draw his pistol, but I was too quick for him. The police recognized him as a bully and a degraded character, and inside of half a day I had established the fact that he was formerly a lover of the murdered woman. Then I traced him to the depot and on the train to the village, and later on found two villagers who remembered seeing him there that night. When I had got him reasonably sure I confronted him with my facts, and he broke down and and made a full confesson. He and the woman were bleeding young Meyers. He had come out to see her that night, and he had found her on the bridge and quarreled with her. She was desperate and defiant, and in a fit of passion he had choked her to death. He had seized the watch but left all else, and so the Coroner's jury had been misled.

At Harvard photographs have been obtained of the outer satellite of Mars and of all the satellites of Saturn and Uranus except Mimas.

The electro-magnetic theory of light satisfactorily explains why the waves of light and heat have transverse rather than longitudinal vibrations.

If trade begets wealth, Holland promises to become the richest country in the world. A Swiss financial journal, in publishing some interesting statistics relative to the trade of the different countries in Europe, says that Holland does the largest amount per head of population. The extent of the average Hollander's commercial operations during the year totals up 1,012 francs. After Holland comes Switzerland, with 510 francs per head of population. England, the nation of shopkeepers, comes third with 421 francs, while France and Germany average about 100 francs each.

Didn't know what fear was, and the Injuns was as afraid of him as death. I've put up a $300 monument at his grave, and you can judge by that he must been a pretty good man."

"Well!"

"Well, late last fall, when we had a stock sale at the ranch, a sort of tramp came along and got in Jim's way. Jim run over him and they had some words. The tramp wanted to fight, and the boys put Jim up to skeer the liver out of him. I'm free to say I didn't like the feller's looks. There was sumthin' back of his everyday look, which had a gleam of danger in it. Jim sized him up for a runner, and when I said the chap would fight Jim whispered:

"Pete, ye never knew me to be wrong. I'll skeer him till his hair loosens at the roots."

"To make a great spread of it, the boys fastened the two together by their left arms and gave each a bowie knife. They thought the tramp would back water when it came to the tying, but he didn't. He was thar' and didn't even turn pale. It was agreed that they should fight at the word, and the word was held five minutes to let the tramp wilt. He stood like a rock, and Jim couldn't back, you see, without losing character."

"And they fought?"

"It wasn't much of a fight. Jim was as handy with the knife as any man within a hundred miles, but he stood no show in that rumpus. The word was given, the tramp made a lightning motion, and the next thing I see was Jim dead on the grass, his head cut almost off. Thar' wasn't but one lick struck."

"And—and what?"

"Nothing, much. The tramp untied himself and walked off, as cool as a bar'l of ice, and we planted Jim on a knoll back of the mule pen."

"What did the crowd say?

"Said that my brother had better stuck to readin' the character of mules and steers, and let strangers alone, and I agreed. I'm in mourning fur Jim, but I allow that he bit off more'n he could chaw, and he shouldn't a done it. Crape looks well on mouse-color, don't it? It's a reminder that in the midst of life we may bark up the wrong tree."

Both In Hard Luck.

This story opens on the third floor of a magnificent Harlem compartment house.

He had been twisting about on his chair trying to find words to express his undying devotion, and had already begun to hem and haw, when a voice came from the floor below:

"Miss Candlewick," it said, "I love you passionately—madly: bid me but hope, and all the dark colors of my life will change!"

This was a bonanza for the young man above.

"Miss Clara, darling," he said tremulously, "them's my sentiments."

Then another voice came from below: "No Mr. Goatee, I cannot bid you hope; I love another."

"And them's mine, Mr. Morris," remarked Miss Clara.—[Harper's Bazar.

Four Foolish Boys Burned.

AKRON, O. March 14.—John Greely, John Costigan, Will McGinnis and Fred Shralk, aged about 16, stole some blasting powder and started into the country to explode it. On the way it caught from matches in the pocket of one of them and exploding, frightfully burned all four. Greeley was fairly cooked from the waist down and the flesh hung in shreds. He will die. Fred Shralk's arm was baked and torn, his side was blistered and his clothes burned from him. He is in a critical condition. The other two are not fatally injured, although Costigan suffers terribly.

DOWN A MOUNTAIN.

Rapid and Exciting Descent Much Rougher than Tobogganing.

There is an indefinable exhilaration in rapid motion, as every school-boy knows, else why should he tug up hill, time after time, for the sake of sliding down again? But an Englishman, touring among the Alps, describes a coasting exploit of two ladies of his party, which, however interesting for once, would hardly have been voluntarily repeated. In a small way, and with some difference of method, it reminds one of the common practice of sliding down the Mount Washington railway on a board. The party had finished climbing, and was ready to descend, but then came the question how the descent should be made.

We might return on foot, of course, but that would take two or three hours, and besides, that was not *a la mode*. For all who can pay for it there is a peculiar contrivance of descent, which, sooth to say, had been one of the attractions of the mountain, though whether or not to avail ourselves of it, was a

MATTER OF MUCH DISCUSSION.

Standing about the house were two or three men with long spikes in their shoes, and leaning against the walls appeared certain light wooden frames with long handles. These are sledges, and to do the mountain properly you should go down, like a streak of lightning, on one of them. It seemed a queer and nervous operation, as the sledge marks were visible down the steep crest for some distance, and then pitched round a corner into unknown space. There were, moreover, but two men available just then, so that our party must be divided.

The two ladies at last consented to try and all the little colony of the hill assembled to see them packed. The priests assured us of their safety, and that they would reach the bottom in twenty minutes. One portly old fellow, with a trombone of a voice, was not only emphatic in his assurance, but putting a hand on the shoulder of each of the men preparing to descend, warned them to take special care of the two English ladies.

Yet you should have seen them as they were tilted over the edge! A small pillow tied on each sledge formed the seat; two crooked pegs were all there was to hold by; the feet were pressed against the runners. For precaution, a string gathered in all habiliments lest they should catch against the rocks.

The men putting themselves between the handles in front, and leaning well backward, struck their spikes into the ground. In a minute they were

BEYOND SHOUTING DISTANCE;

n a minute more they were shooting round the shoulder of the hill, and whether for better or for worse, our wives were gone!

As we could not know the result till we reached the bottom ourselves, we made hurried adieus to the friendly priests, and set off at our best speed down the path, reaching Saifnitz in an hour and a half. We met two or three sledges coming up carried on their drivers' backs, but could not learn the fate of those in which we were interested. At the door of the inn, however, we spied them, propped against the wall; and within doors were S—— and A——, hardly yet knowing, it seemed, whether they stood on their heads or their heels.

They described their unwonted flight as a short agony,—which it must be also for the sledgemen themselves, who were steaming with perspiration, and looking much exhausted. The men either ran with the sledges, guiding them round many turns, and pulling them lightly over obstacles; or, when the descent favored, suddenly seating themselves in front of each occupant, left

A MATHEMATICAL WONDER.

Ignorant Old Tom Cubbage and His Astonishing Feats with Figures.

There died at Woodville, Va., some time ago one of the most remarkable characters the Blue Ridge country of Virginia ever produced. Old Tom Cubbage, as he was known, was the mathematical wonder and the pride of the Blue Ridge people. His feats at figures and his calculations were indeed wonderful, and like Blind Tom, the musical prodigy, his powers were intuitive and innate. Old Tom did not know a figure or a letter and never went to school for an hour in his life. He was a rough, ignorant and untutored native of the hills and yet he could solve, almost in a moment, any problem read to him from the text books or from the papers and give the correct answer. He would add a column of figures of any possible length, subtract, multiply or divide, and do it so quickly as to surprise the scholar who tested his remarkable powers.

His answer sometimes will include a dozen or more figures, and knowing absolutely nothing about the numerating of them he would give the figures beginning at the right, and if a mistake had been made or a wrong figure purposely introduced by the person taking down his answer, old Tom would discover it at once and give the correct one. He knew nothing of the notation of numbers, and his whole knowledge was limited to the giving of his answers, figure by figure, as fast as they could be written from the right to the left. Persons of fair education, who tested old Tom, say they could never stump him, though they hunted for the most difficult problems in the books, and believe he could give the correct answer to any possible sum. Problems involving square and cube roots, completing the square of equations were as readily solved by him as simple addition, and yet were you to ask him what cube root meant he would tell you he didn't know. No one knew the way old Tom did these things, indeed he could not tell you himself. He was simply *sui generis* and the only one of his kind ever known to the people of the Blue Ridge.

Old Tom went to the University of Virginia upon the solicitation of some of his admirers, with a view to his education there in his particular line, but after astonishing the professors by his great gifts and having done all the sums given him by the students, he declined all proffers made him and returned to his hut in the Old Rag and to the company of his dogs and his rifle.

The greatest work of this strangely gifted man was the calculations and computations for a hundred-year almanac, made entirely by himself and reduced to writing by one of his neighbors. This work was done by him mentally, and included all the eclipses as well as changes of the moon, and was calculated especially for the part of the State in which he lived. It was never published owing to the outbreak of the war at the time of its completion, but those who have compared the manuscript with other published almanacs say it is a perfectly correct one.

How this unlettered man could understand the movements of the earth and the heavenly bodies is the strangest of all his surprising achievements, and must remain one of the mysteries known only to Him who created man fearfully and wonderfully, and breathed into him the spirit of life. On one occasion he was asked if he could tell the contents of a pile of brush by some person who thought to rig him, and his reply proved Old Tom to be at home where figures were concerned.

"Yes," said he, "put it in water and measure the water it displaces and you will have the solid contents."

Think on These Things.

It is often said that we are "the creatures" of habit." Our habit of thought has a great deal to do with our character and influence. Our thoughts are, of course, determined by our natural disposition and temperament, but in regard to them, as to everything else, it is the truth that, consciously or unconsciously, we *form* the habits which regulate them. In the easy-going, pleasure-loving spirit which takes possession of most of us we are apt to forget that there is going on within us a silent forceful growth of ideas and tendencies which will gradually gain an ascendancy over us, and become the masters of our lives. We are what our thoughts are. It is therefore of the first importance that our habit of thought should be elevating, and that the subjects upon which we dwell should be those which will raise rather than debase us. The great letter-writer who had the care of the churches upon him understood this a very long time ago, and in his Epistle to the Philippians he emphasized it. It was a true love-letter that he wrote to those people, in whom he had great joy and satisfaction, and for whom he wished the best and highest blessings. There are people, and Paul must have known such, in whom there appears, to us a homely phrase, "nothing to begin upon," and it seems rather hopeless to try to make excellent characters out of them; but to this class the Philippians did certainly not belong. They had proved themselves Christians indeed; they believed in Christ and suffered for His sake; they loved Paul, and he loved them so much that "in every prayer of his for them, he made his request with joy." They were, indeed, so good that it seemed possible that they should reach the perfection which he desired for them; and in order to this, he told them what subjects they were to choose for their contemplation and reflection. "Finally, brethren, whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honest, whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report, if there be any virtue and if there be any praise, *think on these things.*" Paul knew that if they did their whole lives would, in consequence, be more beautiful, more helpful, more altogether Christlike.

The advice is as good for us as for those members of the Philippian Church, and quite as necessary to us as to them, for we, too, need to watch our thoughts. Especially to those who are young and who desire to rise to the eminence which is truly Christian are the apostle's words to be commended. "But" some will perhaps say, "we cannot help our thoughts." Oh yes, indeed we can. All sorts of thoughts may flash into the mind; but the disciplined heart will so ignore those which are wrong that they will soon pass away. Guests will present themselves at our doors, but we may either harbour them or send them from us. Evil thoughts will not stay unless they receive a welcome any more than good ones will. We may choose the inmates of our hearts and minds as certainly as we may select those who are to be the inmates of our houses. It requires some decision of character and energy of purpose, it is true, to think only of the things which are virtuous and praisdworthy; but where a man is master of himself it can be accomplished. "I will elect to think good thoughts, to be interested only in excellent things, to examine into the characters that deserve to be imitated." Whoever comes to that resolution, asking for that help from the All Perfect One which is never denied, will have "gotupon the up grade" in very truth, for he will dwell most of all in the presence of the Christ who is Himself the personification of everything that is lovely and of good report.

hausted. The men either ran with the sledges, guiding them round many turns, and pulling them lightly over obstacles; or, when the descent favored, suddenly seating themselves in front of each occupant, left the sledge to its own momentum; then down went driver and sledge, and lady and all, at a velocity which took away the breath.

If a check occurred, or the ground varied, the spiked feet were struck out in a moment; but what with the speed, the shaking and the fright, poor S—— and A—— were aching all over; and though glad to have had the experience, were not inclined to repeat it.

The Sin of Worrying.

One of the hardest lessons in the school of life is the avoidance of worry. Some scholars learn it much faster and more thoroughly than others do. Indeed they seem to have been born without the capacity of worrying, and those who have not been so fortunate are sometimes disposed to deny that such beings are entitled to any credit for their philosophical behaviour. Others never seem able to learn the lesson at all, but have to wear the dunce's cap for their obtuseness to the end of the chapter. The great majority of men and women manage to learn the lesson more or less perfectly after spending more or fewer years in the effort, and after experiences more or less bitter. But even the most chronic and apparently hopeless worryers will willingly admit that there cannot be any intellectual and moral condition that is so absolutely useless. That it never made the future a bit brighter if it looked gloomy, nor in the slightest degree atoned for the errors of the past, is admitted by all. Indeed no sane person could deny it. And yet how prone most of us are to indulge in it more or less. Our reason tells us it is foolish and even sinful, that it is vain and profitless, and yet we indulge in it! Nowhere surely could a more convincing proof be found of the weak and unnatural condition to which man has been reduced by sin. For certainly in its essence worrying is either an evidence of entire forgetfulness of God, or distrust either of his willingness or his ability to help us and provide for us. Worry is always weakening. It fevers the brain, injures the digestion, impairs self-control, deranges the temper, enfeebles the whole nature, unfits a man or woman from making to the best effect those efforts which are necessary to rescue them from the very circumstances which are the bane of their existence and under the stress of which they are so apt to say they "cannot help worrying."

measure the water it displaces and you will have the solid contents."

Christ who is Himself the personification of everything that is lovely and of good report.

HOUSEHOLD.

Ignorant Wives.

It is an old theme, but one that cannot be too often discoursed upon, the theme that the daughters of to-day are not given the education they should have in the practical duties of life, the duties that come to most of them as mistresses of homes, as wives and mothers. We hear often enough of the necessity of training schools for servants, but less is said about the necessity of a training school for mistresses and one is needed as much as the other, for there is no doubt of the fact that the great and ever increasing hue and cry heard about the incompetency of servants arises from the act that so many mistresses are as ignorant of the duties of kitchen and the home in general, as are the servants whom they are expected to direct. In many cases it is an attempt of the blind to lead the blind.

To be sure one hears now of sewing schools and cooking schools, the utility of which one does not question, but the practical, every-day duties of life can be learned only in the home, and they consist in something more than a knowledge of how to make angel cake and oyster patties. I once heard a young woman of almost twenty-five, who was engaged to be married, say with a girlish giggle, that she never made a loaf of bread or swept a room in all her life. My sympathy went out to the man she was to marry. I heard another girl say, "Oh, it's easy to keep house nowadays when one can buy everything already cooked. Why they even bring baked beans and hot brown bread right to the door, and one can buy all sorts of canned things and get up a lovely meal at a moment's notice."

I don't know if she exected to be married soon, but I trust not. I have eaten some of these meals furnished at a "moment's notice" by the baker and the grocer, and I feel sorry for the innocent victim of a woman who expects to feed her husband regularly on that kind of fare.

"Society makes *so* many demands on one's time now, that women are compelled to give less attention to their homes than they once gave to them," I heard a woman say once in feeble excuse for the condition of things in her own badly ordered and half-kept home in which there was always a spirit of unrest and unhappiness.

Is not the welfare, moral and physical, and the happiness of a wife's husband and children of immeasurably greater consequence than all the "society" on earth?

And when it comes to a knowledge of the solemn and sacred duties of maternity it is almost appalling to know how utterly ignorant many young mothers are.

The story would be almost laughable if it were not so pitiful of the young mother who seemed to know simply nothing at all about the care of her baby and when asked if her mother had never talked to her about the laws and duties of maternity, she said simply—"Oh, no; mamma thought it wasn't nice to talk about such things."

Perhaps it is because I have no daughters of my own, all of my own ducks being drakes, a fact I greatly regret, that I think I know just how a daughter should be trained. I know that I would think it a sin to send a daughter of mine to a home of her own as ignorant of its duties and of duty to herself and her husband as are so many wives of to-day.—[Good Housekeeping.

When to Use the Fingers in Eating.

It is said that Cardinal Richelieu detected We a..an ad..turer who was passing himself off armi.. ..his helping himself to ..wo demands i.. ..because it was the one-

cream tartar, and the whites of three eggs; beat with a wooden spoon 20 minutes, when it should be very white and light, and on letting it run from the spoon, preserve its thread-like appearance 3 or 4 minutes. Ice the cake, and when dry it may be ornamented. One can purchase funnels for the purpose of decorating iced cakes, with different shaped ends. In place of no better funnel, make a cornucopia of stiff writing-paper; fill it with icing, and press it out at the small end, forming different shapes according to taste, over the cake. Little centre pieces or leaves can always be purchased at the confectioner's to aid in the decoration.

WEDDING CAKE.—Three pounds each of flour, butter and sugar, six pounds of raisins, six pounds of currants, one once each of nutmeg and cinnamon, half an ounce of cloves, a pound of citron, the grated peel and juice of two lemons, and thirty eggs. Stir the butter and sugar to a cream, beat the yolks and whites of the eggs separately, and add them to the butter and sugar, then by degrees put in two-thirds of the flour, then the spice and lemon-juice, and last the fruit, mixed with the remaining third of the flour. Have the citron ready cut up, and when you have put a little of the cake into the pan, put in a layer of citron, then more cake, and again citron and cake alternately. This quantity will bake in one cake in five hours, in two cakes, three hours.

The Haida Indians.

Not a little of interest and romance attaches itself to the Haida Indians of Queen Charlotte Islands, from a tradition which exists, that their ancestors came, originally, in canoes from a country far to the southward. It is said that they were many moons on the voyage, that they landed at many points on the way—like Æneas and his Trojans of classic story—and that they were repelled by savage natives, or ill omens, till, finally, they reached these outlying islands where they established themselves, built villages and fashioned new canoes from the huge yellow cedar-trees which here reach their greatest size.

It is supposed by some travellers that these exiles, seeking a home and a country, were a remnant of the mighty Aztec people of Mexico, conquered by Cortez and his Spanish cavaliers, and that after the tragic fall of Tenochtitlan, the Aztec capital of Mexico, a band of fugitives made its way down to the west coast and came northward.

Certain it is that the Haidas much excel the other Indian tribes of the north west coast, in warlike spirit, physique and ingenuity. They are now often seen at Sitka, Victoria and Puget Sound ports, but still claim the Queen Charlotte Islands as their home,

What gives the legend of their origin some degree of probability is the art they possess in carving and engraving in stone, wood, bone, silver, copper and gold. As nearly as can be ascertained, the practice of carving the huge *totem* posts which form so odd and striking a feature of the Indian villages along this coast originated with the Haidas.

There is something in the grotesque sculpture and imagery on these totems suggestive of Aztec art, as seen in the museum at city of Mexico. Not even civilized art exceeds the skill displayed by the Haidas in carving plates, platters, tureens, miniature totems and animal groups of statuary from solid, fine-grained black slate; for it is done with such skill, finish, and good taste in design that a single platter or group often commands forty or fifty dollars.

More remarkable yet is the skill exhibited by these people in the modelling and construction of large canoes from the trunks

WARNER ON CANADA

Extracts From Mr. Warner's Letter in Harper's.

CANADIANS CHARACTERISED—A DISTINCT TYPE—NEITHER ENGLISH NOR AMERICAN.

I have been told that the Canadians are second-hand Englishmen. No estimate could convey a more erroneous impression. A portion of the people have strong English traditions and loyalties to institutions, but in manner and in expectations the Canadians are scarcely more English than the people of the United States; they have their own colonial development, and one can mark already with tolerable distinctness a Canadian type that is neither English nor American. This is noticeable, especially in the women. The Canadian girl resembles the American in escape from a purely conventional restraint and in self-reliance, and she has, like the English, a well-modulated voice and distinct articulation. In the cities, also, she has taste in dress and a certain style which we think belongs to the New World. In features and action a certain modification has gone on, due partly to climate and partly to greater social independence. It is unnecessary to make comparisons, and I only note that there is a Canadian type of woman.

But there is great variety in Canada, and in fact a remarkable racial diversity. The man of Nova Scotia is not at all the man of British Columbia or Manitoba. The Scotch in old Canada have made

A DISTINCT IMPRESSION N FEATURES AND SPEECH

And it may be said generally in Eastern Canada that the Scotch element is a leading and conspicuous one in the vigor and push of enterprise and the accumulation of fortune. The Canadian men, as one sees them in official life, at the clubs, in business, are markedly a vigorous, stalwart race, well made, of good stature, and not seldom handsome. This physical prosperity needs to be remembered when we consider the rigorous climate and the long winters; these seem to have at least one advantage—that of breeding vivile men. The Canadians generally are fond of out-door sports and athletic games, of fishing and hunting, and they give more time to such recreations than we do. They are a little less driven by the business goad. Abundant animal apirits tend to make men good-natured and little quarrelsome. The Canadians would make good soldiers. There was a time when the drinking habit prevailed very much in Canada, and there are still places where they do not put water enough in their grog, but Temperance reform has taken as strong a hold there as it has in the United States.

THE FEELING ABOUT THE ENGLISH

is illustrated by the statment that there is not more aping of English ways in Montreal and Toronto clubs and social life than in New York, and that the English superciliousness, or condescension as to colonists, the ultra-English manner, is ridiculed in Canada, and resented with even more warmth than in the United States. The amusing stories of English presumption upon hospitality are current in Canada as well as on this side. All this is not inconsistent with pride in the empire, loyalty to its traditions and institutions, and even a considerable willingness (for human nature is prety much alike everywhere) to accept decorative titles. But the underlying fact is that there is a distinct feeling of nationality and it is increasing.

FRENCH CANADIANS—THE "SOLID" FACTOR IN POLITICS OVER THE BORDER.

Perhaps nothing will surprise the visitor

It is said that Cardinal Richelieu detected a an adventurer who was passing himself off [illegible] is helping himself to [illegible] demands it [illegible] because it was the custom then, as it is now to help one's self from the dish with the fingers, if an olive fork is not provided, rather than to use one of a different pattern. Forks for the dish alone are now manufactured and are very generally used, but after the olive has reached the plate it is always carried to the mouth by the fingers. Of course we are not referring to the stuffed olives which are bottled in oil.

Those who are very particular hold the large end of a spear of asparagus with a fork while with the tip end of a knife they daintily separate the tender green tops from the white end, which is then put aside. Others take the white end between the fingers and carry it to the mouth. Both are correct, but the former is much more dainty and easily done.

Celery is always taken from the dish and carried to the mouth by the fingers. If individual salts are not provided, it is etiquette to use one half of the butter plate for salt. If salt shakers are used, hold the celery in the left hand just over the rim of your plate and gently sprinkle it with salt. and the old custom of putting a spoonful of salt on the cloth is still in practice, When corn is served on the cob it must be taken in the fingers, only managed very daintily. We have seen pretty little doylies for the purpose of holding it, but it is a question if that is not carrying table linen too far. Many housekeepers, and especially in the South, serve corn as aseparate course when finger bowls are placed by each plate and removed with the course.

Lettuce when served without dressing is always pulled to pieces with the fingers. This is usually the lady's duty and there is no prettier picture than that of a young lady preparing a plate of young lettuce leaves in this way, for the tender green shows off to prefection her dainty white hands and she may be be as exquisitely neat about it as she likes, and it is one of the most fascinating and becoming of table duties that a hostess can possible provide for her lady guests, to assist in helping the gentlemen to a social or informal meal.

Water cress is also taken in the fingers and the prettiest way of serving it is to obtain a long low-sided basket or dish, in the bottom of which lay a folded napkin, then heap the cress so as to fill the basket and you have not only an enjoyable, but a very ornamental dish for the breakfast table.

When a slice of lemon is served with fish or meat it is much more correct to take the slice in the fingers, double the ends together and gently squeeze the juice over the article than to use a knife, for that purpose, as is sometimes done.

It is always proper to help one's self to bread, cheese, and lump sugar, if tongs are not provided, with the fingers. Never use your own knife, fork or spoon to take from the dish. It is also correct if a plate of hot, unbroken biscuits is passed, to not only break off for yourself with your fingers, but or your neighbor also.

Choice Receipts.

ALMOND ICING.—Blanch fifteen ounces of Jordon almonds and one ounce of bitter almonds; pound to a smooth fine paste with two tablespoonfuls of orange-flower water; then add one and quarter pound of confectioner's sugar, and four whites of eggs. Mix and pound well for eight or ten minutes, and ice the cake. Put into a "very slow" oven where it should remain for 35 minutes without acquiring any color. It is now ready to be covered with plain icing.

ICING.—Place one pound of confectioner's sugar in a bowl with a level teaspoonful of

mands forty or fifty dollars.

More remarkable yet is the skill exhibited by these people in the modelling and construction of large canoes from the trunks of the gigantic yellow cedars, which, on the Queen Charlotte Islands, attain a diameter of seven and even ten or twelve feet—for Queen Charlotte's is the Lebanon of the northwest coast.

From a single cedar log the Haidas fashion a canoe, sometimes seventy-five feet long, with a breadth of seven or eight feet, a craft capable of carrying fifty persons, a good sailor, seaworthy and safe for a voyage of hundreds of miles on the open sea. The prows of these hgue canoes are often curved upward in a formidable war beak, and decorated like the galleys of classic times.

It will, indeed, be an interesting discovery in ethnology if the arts of these west coast Haidas can be traced to their source in that peculiar Aztec civilization of early Mexico, which Cortez and the *conquistador* e crushed so ruthlessly three hundred and seventy years ago.

One Million Dolls.

A few weeks ago we spoke of the phono graph dolls which Mr. Edison is now inventing, and the Boston Journal has the following additional facts about their manufacture and sale :

Imagine for one moment one million dolls ! Placed side by side theywould almost extend around Boston Common. And yet this number, it is said, has been ordered, and what is still more alarming, these charming little tots are all to be fitted internally with phonographs invented by Edison. Touch a spring and they begin, some to sing, some to play and some to scold. They can be made to talk in any langnage, and sing secular music or anthems. It is true they will keep on singing the tune and repeating the same soliloquy, which may become tedions in time. To obviate this there can be an interchange of dolls. The pet which sings "Home Sweet Home," on Commonwealth Avenue, can be sent on a visit to Beacon Street, and the doll exchanged will recite, " How doth the little busy bee."

It is said that one million of these dolls are to be manufactured by a company which has a stock valuation of two millions of dollars. One million of dolls at $5 each will be $5,000, 000, and this is the number that the market of the Northern States will absorb. The amount to be derived from the rest of the world can be imagined. The Phonographic Doll Company will be listed in Boston and New York, and daily quotations of the stock will be given. The possibilities of this company are beyond Calumet and Hecla, Tamarack, Pullman Palace Car Company, or even the Chemical Bank of New York. At least monthly dividends will be declared, and the doll mania will never die out; because, if you tire of hearing, "The boy stood on the burning deck," you can exchange it at the headquarters of the company, paying a slight compensation, for one which will ask you, "Why should the spirit of mortal be proud?" Childless couples can have a family of these dolls, and even old bachelors may be able to realize with Tupper that "a babe in the house is a wellspring of pleasure."

The lead linings and piping of the recently discovered Roman baths, in Bath, England, were found to be in a wonderfully good state of preservation.

An examination in the public schools ; Professor to pupil : In which of his battles was Gustavus Adolphus killed ?" Pupil, after reflection : "I think it was in his last battle."

The strike of weavers at Fall River, Mass., shows no new developments.

feeling of nationality and it is increasing.

FRENCH CANADIANS—THE "SOLID" FACTOR IN POLITICS OVER THE BORDER.

Perhaps nothing will surprise the visitor more than the persistence of the French type in Canada, and naturally its aggressiveness. Guaranteed their religion, laws and language, the French have not only failed to assimilate, but have had hopes—maybe still have—of making Canada French. The French "national" party means simply a French consolidation, and has no relation to the "nationalism" of Sir John Macdonald. So far as the Church and the French politicians are concerned, the effort is to keep the French solid as a political force, and whether the French are Liberal or Conservative, this is the underlying thought. The Province of Quebec is Liberal, but the Liberalism is of a different hue from that of Ontario. The French recognise the truth that

LANGUAGE IS SO INTEGRAL A PART

of a people's growth that the individuality of a people depends upon maintaining it. The French have escaped absorption in Canada mainly by loyalty to their native tongue, aided by the concession to them of their civil laws and their religious privileges.

The French have always been loyal to the English connection under all temptations, for these guarantees have been continued, which could scarcely be expected from any other power, and certainly not in a legislative union of the Canadian Provinces. In literature and sentiment the connection is with France ; in religion, with Rome ; in politics England has been the guarantee of both. There will be no prevailing sentiment in favor of annexation to the United States so long as the Church retains its authority, nor would it be favored by the accomplished politicians so long as they can use the solid French mass as political force.

THE VIRTUAL RULER OF CANADA—MR. WARNER'S IMPRESSIONS OF SIR JOHN MACDONALD.

For many years Sir John Macdonald has been virtually the ruler of Canada. He has had the ability and skill to keep his party in power, while all the Provinces have remained or become Liberal. I believe his continuance is due to his devotion to the national idea, to the development of the country, to bold measures—like the urgency of the Canadian Pacific railway construction—for binding the provinces together and promoting commercial activity. Canada is proud of this, even while it counts its debt. Sir John is worshipped by his party, especially by the younger men, to whom he furnishes an ideal, as a statesman of bold conceptions and courage. He is disliked as a politician as cordially by the Opposition, who attribute to him the same policy of adventure that was attributed to Beaconsfield. Personally he resembles that remarkable man. Undoubtedly Sir John adds prudence to his knowledge of men, and his habit of never crossing a stream till he gets to it has gained him the sobriquet of "Old To-morrow. He is a man of the world as well as a man of affairs, with a wide and liberal literary taste.

A FORCE THAT MAKES FOR ANNEXATION—LABOR ORGANIZATIONS IN THE DOMINION.

These are in affiliation with those in the United States and most of them are international. The plumbers, the bricklayers, and stonemasons and stonecutters, the Typographical Union, the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, the wood-carvers, the Knights of Labor, are affiliated ; there is a branch of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in Canada, the railway conductors, with delegates from all our States, held their conference in Toronto last summer. The Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners is a British association,

with headquarters in Manchester, but it has an Executive Committee in New York, with which all the Canadian and American societies communicate, and it sustains a periodical in New York. The Society of Amalgamated Engine Builders has its office in London, but there is an American branch, with which all the Canadian societies work in harmony. The Cigarmakers' Union is American, but a strike of cigarmakers in Toronto was supported by the American; so with the plumbers. It may be said generally that the societies each side the line will sustain each other. The trade organizations are also taken up by women, and these all affiliate with the United States.

WHEN A "NATIONAL" UNION

affiliates with one on the other side the name is changed to "International." This union and interchange draws the laborers of both nations closer together. From my best information, and notwithstanding the denial of some politicians, the Canadian unions have love and sympathy for and with America. And this feeling must be reckoned with in speaking of the tendency to Annexation. The present much-respected Mayor of Toronto is a trade unionist and has a seat in the Local Parliament as a Conservative; he was once arrested for picketing for some such trade union performance. I should not say that the trades unions are in favor of Annexation, but they are not afraid to discuss it. There is in Toronto a society of a hundred young men, the greater part of whom are of the artisan class, who meet to discuss questions of economy and politics. One of their subjects was Canadian Independence. I am told that there is among young men a considerable desire for Independence, accompanied with a determination to be on the best terms with the United States, and that as between a connection with Great Britain and the United States they would prefer the latter. In my own observation the determination to be on good terms with the United States is general in Canada; the desire for Independence is not.

AFTER-THOUGHTS ON "RETALIATION"—THE REAL FEELING ON THE SUBJECT IN CANADA.

I happened to be in Canada during the fishery and "Retaliation" talk. There was no belief that the "Retaliation" threatened was anything more than a campaign measure; it may have chilled the rapport for the moment, but there was literally no excitement over it, and the opinion was general that Retaliation as to transportation would benefit the Canadian railways. The effect of the moment was that importers made large foreign orders for goods to be sent by Halifax that would otherwise have gone to United States ports. The fishery question is not one that can be treated in the space at our command. Naturally Canada sees it from its point view. To a considerable portion of the Maritime Provinces fishing means livelihood, and the view is that if the United States shares in it we ought to open our markets to the Canadian fishermen. Some, indeed, and those are generally advocates of freer trade, think that our fishermen ought to have the right of entering the Canadian harbors for bait and shipment of their catch and think also that Canada would derive an equal benefit from this; but probably the general feeling is that these privileges should be

COMPENSATED BY A UNITED STATES MARKET.

The defence of the treaty in the United States Senate debate was not the defence of the Canadian Government in many particulars. For instance, it was said that the "outrages" had been disowned as the acts of irresponsible men. The Canadian defence was that the "outrages"— that is, the most conspicuous of them which appeared in the debate—had been disproved in the investigation.

AUSTRALIA.

Facts About the Wonderful Island Continent.

Australia contains an area of about 3,000,000 square miles, or nearly that of the United States exclusive of Alaska. Owing to its position at the antipodes of the civilized world, this continent was longer unknown than any other country of similar extent.

It was first visited during the seventeenth century, and in the latter half of the eighteenth century was explored along the coast, while in 1788 colonization began by the transportation of a shipload of criminals to Port Jackson. The interior of the country is a plateau studded with groups of small mountains, and there are higher ranges parallel to the east and west coast. There are some excellent and large harbors in various parts of the coast, but the greater part of the shore on the north, the west, and the south, is low and sandy. Nearly all around the coast and the east part of the continent is a rich grazing country, well adapted to the rearing of sheep, of which there were 64,500,000 in 1887. Sheep farming is the most important branch of industry in the country. Speaking generally, one of the most notable characteristics of the continent is its scarcity of rivers and fresh water lakes.

There are few rivers of any considerable size along the whole coast line of 8000 miles, and in one strip of nearly 1500 miles on the southcoast there is not a single water course. There are many small lakes, but numbers of them are salt, and those that are fresh are more like marshes than lakes, being dependent for their supplies of water on the rivers and floods in the rainy season.

The entire central part of the continent is a plain, so destitute of water courses as to be almost a desert. The continent of Australia, extending over twenty-eight degrees of latitude, has, of course, considerable diversities of climate, but far less then those of any other great country. In the southeastern part the rainfall is pretty good, and the heat of the summer season is tempered by the sea breezes. The mean annual temperature is 64 4 deg. Fahr. The province of Victoria has a similar mild character much like Southern Europe. The mean temperature through the year at Melbourne is 58.8 deg. Fahr. The central and western parts of the continent, however, are very dry and intensely hot in the summer months. The continent of Australia is divided into five colonies —New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, and Western Australia. In the mountains minerals abound, comprising gold, copper, iron, and coal in large quantities, silver, mercury, tin, zinc, and others in lesser amount. All the settled portions of the country are intersected by railways, extending to nearly 6000 miles, and with about 59,956 miles of telegraphic wire, connecting all the principal towns. The productions of the different colonies include wheat and all other grains, with all the vegetables and fruits of temperate climes. The total population of Australia was estimated in December, 1888, 2,800,886.

Photographing a Snow-storm.

A certain artist in a New England town had a laughable and yet a somewhat vexatious experience last winter while attempting to photograph a snow-storm. One afternoon in midwinter he was gratified by just such a snowfall as he had desired; the large, white flakes, heavy with moisture, drifted slowly, lazily down to earth.

Mr. Tracy, the photographer, made rapid preparations for his picture, for these "robin

INTERESTING ITEMS.

Li Hi is the name of the King of Korea. He ought to make a fine campaign document.

Prince Kilyakara, Rabipatanasak, Provifvatimoon, and Coiraprovat sons of the King of Siam, ranging in age from 13 to 10 years, are about to come to England to complete their educations. They already speak English fluently.

The road of Marriage is sometimes depicted as a very rough one to travel, but the newly wedded Emperor of China, is bound to be well shod for all eventualities. No fewer than two hundred and sixty pairs of boots having been made for that young bride-groom.

The expanse of telegraph wires on some of the streets of this city is becoming more and more ominously imposing, and what is to be done about it, is a very serious question. We trust that the pilgrimage to New York, which a few of our aldermen have taken in order to get some light on the subject, will have good results. By all means let us have these wires underground, if the thing be at all possible.

It is such occurrences as that at St. George, which shake the conventional veneer from the outside of character and reveal more human nature in ten minutes than would have come to the surface in as many years under ordinary circumstances There are few natures who can stand the test so well, and come out of the furnace more gloriously than was the case with Miss Aggie Nicholson, of Hamilton, who prove herself a real heroine on that awful night.

The rumour goes that Professor Watson of Queen's College, Kingston, has a good chance of being called to succeed Professor Young in the metaphysical chair in University College. As good a choice probably as could be made. Mr. Watson already has a high reputation in educational circles in this country, and his knowledge of the subject is excellent. Queen's no doubt would be loth to lose him, and strong efforts would be made to keep him where he is.

The pros and cons of the underground system of laying electric wires in cities were warmly discussed this week at the meeting of the National Electrical Assocciation. There was anything but unanimity of opinion on the part of the experts. The committee appointed at the last meeting to examine the underground system reported that they communicated with all the electric light companies in the United States and found that in all or nearly all instances defective insulation and defective mechanical construction had interfered much with the electric currents. On the other hand, Prof. Barrett, city electrician of Chicago, pronounced the underground system in his city, where it has been in operation for five or six years in the case of electric light wires and thirteen years in the case of telegraph wires a "big success."

Mr. Waters has again failed to carry his measure for the enfranchisement of women, but he is not discouraged and he need not be. Of course, there is still a good deal of small wit indulged in by those who think that the only thing women are good for is to "suckle slaves and chronicle small beer." That is an experience through which every great change and improvement has to pass. But the change comes all the same, and the dreadful prophecies are not fulfilled. If the great majority of women don't want the franchise and would not use it let them take their own mind on it. But that is no reason why justice should not be done or why women should not get fair play. We have no fear about the disastrous results likely to flow from the dreaded innovation.

had been disowned as the acts of irresponsible men. The Canadian defence was that the "outrages"— that is, the most conspicuous of them which appeared in the debate— had been disproved in the investigation. Several of them, which excited indignation in the United States, were declared by a Cabinet Minister to have no foundation in fact, and after proof of the falsity of the allegations, the complainants were not again heard of. Of course it is known that no arrangement made by England can hold that is not materially beneficial to Canada and the United States; and I believe I state the best judgment of both sides that the whole fishery question, in the hands of sensible representatives of both countries, upon ascertained facts, could be settled between Canada and the United States. It is not natural that, with England conducting the negotiations, Canada should appear as a somewhat irresponsible litigating party bent on securing all that she can get? But whatever the legal rights are, under treaties or the law of nations, I am sure that the absurdity of making a casus belli of them is as much felt in Canada as in the United States. And I believe the Canadians understand that this attitude is consistent with a firm maintenance of treaty or other rights by the United States as it is by Canada.

THE FUTURE OF CANADA—DEVELOPMENT ON THE LINE OF BRITISH CONNECTION.

If one would forecast the future of Canada, he needs to take a wider view than personal preferences or the agitations of local parties. The railway development, the Canadian Pacific alone, has changed within five years the prospects of the political situation. It has brought together the widely-separated Provinces, and has given a new impulse to the sentiment of nationality. It has produced a sort of unity which no Act of Parliament could ever create. But it has done more than this; it has changed the relation of England to Canada. The Dominion is felt to be a much more important part of the British Empire than it was ten years ago, and in England within less than ten years there has been a revolution in colonial policy. With a line of fast steamers from the British Islands to Halifax, with lines of fast steamers from Vancouver to Yokohama, Hong Kong and Australia, with an all-rail transit, within British limits, through an empire of magnificent capacities, offering homes for any possible British overflow, will England regard Canada as a weakness? It is true that on this Continent the day of dynasties is over, and that the people will determine their own place. But there are great commercial forces at work that cannot be ignored, which seem strong enough to keep Canada for a long time on her present line of development in British connection.—Charles Dudley Warner, in Harper's Magazine for March.

Colonel Denison's course in sending a boy to jail for ten days for stealing newspapers from house doors, was severe certainly, but perhaps not too severe. Pilfering of that kind needs to be put down with a high hand both because it is an injury to those who pay for the papers, and not infrequently leads to undeserved disgrace for the route boys, who are an honest, hard-working and ill-appreciated race of laborers. It is a pity, however, that the young thief could not have been sent to some other place than the common jail where he will be kept idle and forced into close companionship with older and more hardened criminals, so that the chances are all in favour of his coming out of jail a much worse boy than when he entered it. Of course the Magistrate had nowhere else to send him, but the fact emphasizes the necessity for our philanthropic citizens and law makers to bestir themselves and consider what can be done to meet such

noon in midwinter he was gratified by just such a snowfall as he had desired; the large, white flakes, heavy with moisture, drifted slowly, lazily down to earth.

Mr. Tracy, the photographer, made rapid preparations for his picture, for these "robin snows," as they are locally termed, are of brief duration. To add vividness and the life-touch to the scene, he summoned a half-dozen village boys to simulate a game of snow balling. He arranged the lads in proper position, snowballs in hand, a few yards from the camera, and then explained to them that when he gave the signal, "One, two, three, fire!" they must all, at the same time, throw their snowballs.

"Throw hard, as if you meant to hit something," he added.

Mr. Tracy either failed to make his meaning plain, or the roguish boys purposely misunderstood.

When everything was in readiness, the photographer retired to his camera, arranged his sensitive plate, gave a final look at the boys, and then, as he put his hand on the top-shutter, he called out:

"Now look at me! One, two, three, fire!"

The boys did fire! Every one of them threw his snowball at the camera! They had aimed well. The apparatus tumbled over into the snow, and the artist, dodging to avoid the missiles, slipped and went down with it, and there for a half-minute he floundered in the snowy depths, struggling to regain his feet.

The boys looked on in dismay, feeling an irresistible desire to laugh; and then, fearing the consequences of the act for themselves, they took to their heels.

The photographer finally extricated himself. He was very angry at first, and had the boys been there, it is quite possible some of them might have felt his indignation; but they had for the time escaped, so he picked up his camera, and fortunately found nothing broken or injured. Intantaneous photography, too, had triumphed; the sensitive plate had the image of the snow-storm the boys with their half-eager, half-roguish expressions, and the snow-balls just leaving their hands.

Mr. Tracy's anger gradually cooled, as he viewed the perfect picture, and then the ludicrousness of the scene dawned upon him.

"The only revenge I ever took on those boys," he said to the writer, as he finished the story, "was to make each of them buy one of those photographs at fifty cents."

franchise and would not use it let them take their own mind on it. But that is no reason why justice should not be done or why women should not get fair play. We have no fear about the disastrous results likely to flow from the dreaded innovation. Any thing worse than the way in which elections have been conducted by men could not be well imagined, and the heavens will not fall though women should have a say in the election of those who are to make laws for them.

There are of course many who hold that man is essentially a fighting animal and that he will continue to be this to the end of the chapter. We, however, rather believe that what is spoken in the Bible about the reign of truth and peace and righteousness is not destined to turn out a falsity and an illusion. The quantity of foolish and unfounded platitudes which have been uttered about the enobling influence of war is of course immense. But after, all what is war but a repeal of the Ten Commandments? The business of the soldier may be a necessary one but it is very damnable all the same. In short, to hear a great many professed christians talking, one would conclude that Jesus Christ had never lived, had never spoken and had never died. Their whole code of morals and of polity are so essentially heathenish, that one is almost tempted to think that those are not far out of the way who tell us that Roman Paganism has again come back and is re-enthroned, while the Sermon on the Mount is to all intents and purposes repealed. "Love your enemies! Do good to them that hate you, and pray for them that despitefully use you, and persecute you!" But who believes that? Has any one met with any body who does? It is all very well in church, and for an hour or two on Sundays; but in the market place, and for all the rest of the week—hem—"enemies" and "haters" had better look out. If they get a blessing we would like to listen to its wording, and look for a moment at the heart which utters the benediction. In these days the "Peace and good will" of Christmas chimes sounds strangely as explained, and illustrated by Anti-Poverty tirades and blood-thirsty threatenings.

Complaints have been made, and with some reason, about the Central Prison method which compels the prisoners for want of more useful work, to wheel sand from one part of the yard to another. It is imperative of course that the men should be kept busy, but a much better plan it seems to us than such objectless, brute-like work at treadmill sand-wheeling would be to put them through a stern "course of sprouts" in the shape of military drill. Why not fasten a weight upon their shoulders, which would be an equivalent to the heavy marching order of soldiers, and set them to learn the manual exercise, to hold their heads up, to keep their backs straight, their toes turned out and their eyes right, to march back and forward, back and forward, slow step, quick step, double quick, to wheel, form fours, mark time, and much else of the same sort, all of which has not only the virtue of giving needful physical exercise, but has mental and moral beneficial tendencies which criminals need. On the theory that punishment ought to be remedial as well as penal much more might be said for such treatment as this than for the purely mechanical and gin horse, soulless, debasing monotony o purposeless sand toting And a similar course would be advantageous to the prisoners at the jail who spend the most of their time in absolute idleness which is hurtful both to body and mind. If they were put through five or six hours, drill every day they would be all the better for it. It would give them something to do, and some of the jail officials are not so very busy but that part of their time could be occupied in such a way to good advantage.

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE FRIDAY MARCH 22, 1889

On Monday last, at Ottawa, Dr. Platt M. P., for Prince Edward county moved the following resolution:—"That it is expedient to remove the duty on and place upon the free list all grains and seeds which do not ripen in Canada, but which are now largely imported and sown for the production of food for cattle under the system of feeding cattle called soiling and ensilage, now largely adopted by the farmers of Canada." The Minister of Customs, and other conservatives opposed the motion, but,so strong were the arguments advanced in favor of it, Mr. Bowell consented to look into the matter, and see if the change could be made.

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.

The Napanee correspondent of the Belleville Ontario very justly commented upon the condition of the High School here by stating that it was overcrowded at present and in such an unsatisfactory condition, that the head master had requested the Board to accept his resignation. The correspondent went on to say that the number of cubic feet per head was only one-half of that required by statute and there was a likelihood of the government withdrawing its grant unless better sanitary arrangements was made and suitable accommodation provided for all the pupils. He then stated that Deseronto had voted $12,000 for a high achool, while Napanee has failed to raise the $8.000 or $9,000 asked. The letter was a fair criticism upon the relative positions of the two towns on the school question. The Beaver must certainly have spilled some of the mud it has been using so freely lately over the perceptive position of its alleged brains when it sums up the correspondent's letters as follows:

"The Napanee correspondent of the Ontario is a person of stupendous intellect, and that he maintains his incog. is a serious loss to the community. He argues that because Napanee High School is full to overflowing; unless the School Board shows more energy, Deseronto will outstrip us in the face. What a pity our school was not languishing and doing inferior work, in order that the poor fellow and our jealous rivals might feel some encouragement.'

If any pupil in the High School had made such a stupid comment upon the letter in question, the teachers would have been justified had they given him a grand flogging. Yours, etc.,

THE ONTARIO CORRESPONDENT.

ACTION BY MRS. BELL AGAINST SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

For Alleged Services as a Private Detective—Judgment for the Defendant—A Case of Blackmail.

OTTAWA, March 15.—The case of Bell v, Tupper, which has been looked forward to with much expectancy for some time past,

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Continued from 1st page.

to adjournment, the warden in the chair, members all present.

The minutes of Friday were read and confirmed.

Mr. Baker presented the report of the County Property Committee which was received and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Ball, that the chairman of county property be authorized to enter into a contract for the supply of coal (during the summer months) for the year 1889. Carried

The treasurer presented a statement as to the amount of county rate due, cash on hand, etc., which was received and filed.

Moved by Mr. Roblin, seconded by Mr. Ball, that the county treasurer be and is hereby instructed to collect the balance due from the several municipalities for county rate forthwith or pay interest at the rate of six per cent per annum. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Sweetnam, seconded by Mr. H. Reid, that John Cheetham be paid $1.50 per day as messenger this session. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Jackson, seconded by Mr. Wees, that the by-law fixing the county treasurer's salary be now read a third time, numbered, signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

The by-law was then read a third time and passed as Number 116.

Moved by Mr. Sexsmith, seconded by Mr. Jas. Reid, that a return having been made to this council of the expenditure of county money on roads for 1888, which had not been expended under the supervision of a properly appointed engineer and this council having accepted said return on the statement of the representative of the municipality for which the return was made, that the irregularity occurred because he did not know of the requirements of the by-law governing the expenditure of said money, be it therefore resolved than in future the by-law governing the expenditure of money on county roads be strictly enforced.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Parks, seconded by Mr. Aylsworth, that it appears that there was a municipality which made a return of expenditure of county grant which was not in accordance with the by-law governing county roads, although said municipality had a regular appointed county engineer,therefore be it resolved that the resolution be amended by adding these words: That irregularities had occurred even in a municipality where an engineer had been appointed. Lost.

The original motion was then put and carried.

Moved by Mr. Jas. Reid, seconded by Mr. Thomson, that the treasurer be instructed to collect from the different municipalities the amount of county rate due from said municipalities not later than the first day of April next. Carried.

The yeas and nays being demanded the motion was declared carried on the following division:

Yeas—Messrs. Ball, Baker, Bryden, Carson, Filson, Jackson, Lapum, Roblin, Jas. Reid, Thomson, Wees—11.

Nays—Messrs. Aylsworth, Allison, Derbyshire, Fraser, Parks, H. Reid, Sweetnam, Sexsmith, L. Wagar and J. H. Wagar—10.

Mr. Roblin brought in the report of the Education and Printing Committee, which was received and adopted.

On motion the council adjourned until 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 p. m. the council resumed, the warden in the chair, members all present.

Moved by Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Jackson, that the motion ordering the treasurer to collect the money due from the

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

OTTAWA, March 19.—Trade questions are this session dwarfing all others in parliament. Five days debate has not yet disposed of the budget though there is an understanding that to-day, the sixth day, will see a division in the wee hours of Wednesday morning. This is really the fourth debate on trade questions so far and others are on the paper. Progress in Supply has been altogether stopped. A government's chief care is of course to get the supplies voted through. The leader of the House patiently waits the termination of talk. I was

IN THE PARLIAMENTARY BARBER SHOP.

Thursday evening, when the Premier came down for a shave. It was between eleven and twelve o'clock and "the old man as he is very often called,looked tired out. I asked him, while he waited a minute for Napoleon to finish swabbing my face, if there would be a division that night, as it was rumored, he was going to force the sitting on until a vote was taken. "No," he replied, "we have just arranged that no vote will be taken till Tuesday," adding "you see the government can't always have things their own way." The chieftain then laid back his venerable head for the barber. Napoloen, the barber, had just been telling me that the Premier had "a funny shaped head" as he termed it. Napoleon has handled all the great heads of the Dominion and professes to be quite a practical phrenologist. Big sleek heads do not, he says, always contain the biggest brains. He is making a collection of a unique character, keeping a lock of hair from the head of each statesman that comes under his tonsorial care. Mr. Blake's is of a fine texture without a trace of gray althought he is 55.

KILLED IN COMMITTEE.

The duel between Col. Tisdale, of Simcoe, and Mr. Brown, of Hamilton, has resulted in victory for the former, and the defeat of the Pigeon Shooting Bill. It had been passed one stage by a majority of one, and defeated another by a majority of one, and then put back on the paper by a majority of four. In committee Col. Tisdale again attacked the bill and the count showed 57 against and only 60 for the bill which was therefore thrown out, this time for good as the session is so far advanced that no further effort this year will be made by Mr. Brown. Live pigeon shooting is not yet, therefore unlawful.

THE JESUITS BILL.

Col. O'Brien's intention to bring up the Jesuits Bill and make the House vote on it is the leading theme here. The gallant member for Muskoka was reported several times to have agreed to withdraw the motion but as I pointed out before he is a man of independent mind where his convictions are concerned and he yesterday declared his original intention unaltered. That intention as announced in the House is to move that the bill should be vetoed as an amendment to the governments motion to go into supply. No amendment to the amendment can be moved on such an occasion so that it would be a straight vote of yea or nay. If it was offered as a substantive resolution there would certainly be two amendments and on the last one the vote would be taken so that Mr. O'Brien's method is the only one compelling a straight vote on the principal involved. Of course such a motion will be one of want of confidence in the government and on that ground many will vote against it who would otherwise vote for a substantial resolution. The Globe's manifesto of Saturday is an invitation to the Liberals to vote with Col.

Case of Blackmail.

OTTAWA, March 15.—The case of Bell v, Tupper, which has been looked forward to with much expectancy for some time past, came before Justice McMahon and a jury at the Carleton Assizes to-day. It is the case where Mrs. R. B. Bell, keeper of a boarding-house in Ottawa, sues Sir Charles Tupper for some $600, alleged to be due for services rendered by her as a "spotter" on the Intercolonial railway in 1881. She testified to-day that she was employed by Sir Charles personally, and he engaged to pay her out of his own pocket. She got passes, and she and her husband were engaged on the work. She made several reports of the result of her observations to Sir Charles. One of the chief duties laid upon her by her employer was to ascertain if Mr. Carvell, who had been superseded by Mr. Pottinger in the management of the road, was still allowed to travel free on the road by the conductors. One unpleasant result of this espionage was that a conductor named Hillson, a nephew of Sir Charles, was reported by Mrs. Bell two or three times for passing persons free. She also found that Mr. Carvell travelled on the road with a pass. She was recalled in December and told by the defendant that she had done her work well, but not to be in a hurry for her money, as he had to pay it out of his own pocket. She had only received $7 of the money due her. Mrs. Bell's husband corroborated her evidence, as did her daughter, Mrs. Short. Mr. McCarthy, in cross-examination, succeeded in puzzling the witnesses considerably, and their stories were not consistent. The defence called Sir Charles Tupper, who denied in toto every statement made by the plaintiff and her witnesses. He had never engaged her for any work, and all the rest of the story was equally fictitious. Mr. Dalton McCarthy, Mr. W. D. Hogg, and Mr. Wm. Mosgrave appeared for the defence, and Mr. J. Gibb and Mr. G. Lount, Q. C., for the plaintiff.

The jury returned a verdict for the defendant.

Judge McMahon then said to Bell that he would take till morning to consider whether he should not direct the grand jury to consider the propriety of considering the charge of perjury against him and his wife. He considered that both had been guilty of the grossest perjury. It was certainly, he added, a case of blackmail on the part of the plaintiff and her husband.

OTTAWA, March 16.—To-day Judge MacMahon sent to Mrs. Bell desiring her presence in court. Mrs. Bell, however, failed to appear, the plea being that she was confined to her bed completely prostrated by a nervous attack.

The plaintiff and her husband are well known not only in Napanee, but through out this county. R. B. Bell is a cousin of John W. Bell, M. P., for Addington, and at one time resided in Napanee.

Mr. Bell has been engaged as doorkeeper of the House of Commons at the munificent salary of $250 per session. On Monday last he received a notification from the speaker of the House that his services would no longer be required.

The Brompton Hospital for consumptives, London, Eng., published a statement that fifty-two (52) per cent. of the patients of that institution have unsuspected kidney disorder. Prof. Wm. H. Thompson of the University of the city of New York, says "More adults are carried off in this country by cronic kidney disease than by any other one malady except consumption." The late Dr. Dio Lewis, in speaking of Warner's Safe Cure, says over his own signature "If I found myself the victim of a serious kidney trouble, I would use Warner's Safe

At 2 p. m. the council resumed, the warden in the chair, members all present.

Moved by Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Jackson, that the motion ordering the treasurer to collect the money due from the different municipalities be re-considered. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Jackson, that the motion before the council relating to the treasurer being instructed to collect from the different municipalities the amount of uncollected rates be rescinded.

The Warden declared this motion lost but Mr. Parks immediately demanded the yeas and nays. Mr. Filson refused to allow the yeas and nays to be taken and said that if Mr. Parks wished to appeal to the council that he could do so.

Mr. Parks said "No. If you wish to violate the rules of the council I prefer leaving you just in that position."

Mr. Sexsmith and Mr. Reid both told the warden that he was wrong and urged him to allow the vote to be taken. Very reluctantly the warden backed down from his untenable position and the yeas and nays were taken with the following result :

YEAS.—Messrs. Aylsworth, Allison, Derbyshire, Fraser, Jackson, Lapum, Parks, H. Reid, Sexsmith, L. Wagar, Jas. Wagar.—11,

NAYS.—Messrs. Ball, Baker, Bryden, Carson, Filson, Roblin, Jas. Reid, Sweetnam, Thomson, Wees.—10.

The motion was then declared carried.

Moved by Mr. Sexsmith, seconded by Mr. Lapum, that the treasurer be instructed to collect all county rate remaining unpaid on the 15th day of May next from the different municipalities. Carried.

The minutes of to-day were read and confirmed.

On motion the council adjourned until the second Tuesday in June next.

NOTES.

Reeve Lapum voted against the reduction in the treasurer's salary. Perhaps he will have to explain why.

The Beaver foisted Robert Filson on the council for the position he now occupies. Warden Filson and Editor Scott are a well matched team.

We congratulate councillors Jackson and Derbyshire on the saving they have brought about to the county. They have made a move in the right direction.

Cyrus Allison, the popular reeve of South Fredericksburgh, has done a good thing for the township he represents, in securing so

in the government and on that ground many will vote against it who would otherwise vote for a substantial resolution. The Globe's manifesto of Saturday is an invitation to the Liberals to vote with Col. O'Brien on the ground that the Act was not within the jurisdiction of the Quebec Legislature. The Minister of Justice has said it was wholly within their jurisdiction, so that there are two opinions on the point. The situation is decidedly interesting. Senator Macdonald has resigned the presidency of the Dominion Evangelical Alliance because the executive of that body decided to petition the Queen. Mr. Macdonald thinks the Dominion authority, the Governor General, should first be exhausted and notwithstanding that the Federal government has passed an order-in-council agreeing not to interfere with the bill they yet have till August within which time the Act may be disallowed.

IN AND AROUND THE HOUSE.

The private bill enabling Queen's College Board to hold property bequeathed to them was challenged by Mr. D. Mills as unconstitutional, but it was carried on a division by a large majority.

Dr. Bergin believes the proposed plans for the security of the Cornwall canal are wrong and that the chief engineer, Mr. Page, adheres to them from professional jealousy of the interference of other engineers. He concluded his statement to this effect yesterday in the House, and his motion for papers carried.

Mr. Kerkpatrick's bill providing for full reciprocity in wrecking, passed, though rejected last session. Under it Canadian vessels wrecked may be relieved by Americans and a similar law will now become in force in the United States.

It is understood the imposition of postage on fortnightly and monthly publications will not be enforced so strong has been the protest.

Mr. Davies the P. E. I. Liberal leader is to visit and speak in Western Ontario this week.

The Royal Canadian Academy of Art is holding its annual exhibition here. Its president, Mr. L. R. O'Brien is brother of Col. O'Brien, M. P.

There is no talk now of Mr. Blake not staying out the session. He is in the House every day but never opens his lips.

Col. Bacon, of Ottawa, has been appointed to the command of the Wimbledon team for 1889.

In future only steamers from Europe putting in both summer and winter at Canadians ports will be subsidized by the government.

The Senate has twenty-three members over 70 years of age, some of them reaching 80 and over. Three are 85 viz., Botsford, Wark and Ryan.

BELLEVILLE, March 18.—The hull-less oat swindle is rapidly approaching a climax here. On Saturday numbers of people who had given their notes were in town demanding them from the holders; and whilst some were put off by artifices, the more determined and persistent succeeded in recovering their securities. The county attorney Mr. Geo. E. Henderson, Q. C., was consulted by an irate farmer and declared the scheme to be a swindle, and stated, that upon application being made in proper form, he will have the swindlers arrested. **Mrs. Elizabeth Way, a widow, who lives in Prince Edward, recovered her note for $200 by the aid of County Constable Johnston; but another widow from the same township, who had given a note for a like amount, was not so fortunate. It is reported, however, that the man who holds the note, for which he is said to have paid $50, will give it up.**

P. SLAVEN & CO'Y

Have opened sixty-five cases and bales of new goods during the past week and are now showing one of the largest and choicest stocks that they have ever shown, comprising all the newest styles and colors of Dress Goods, Prints, Sateens, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Parasols, Embroideries, Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., etc.

—IN THE—

Carpet and House Furnishing Department,

We show a grand stock of fine Carpets, Lace Curtains, Toilet Quilts, Cretonnes, Fringes, Curtain Poles, etc. Prices of all Goods are marked down to meet the closest competition.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

We have just received one carload of Mothproof Paper Felt for laying under Carpets. This Felt should be laid under every Carpet as it makes the room warmer in winter and prevents moths in summer, makes the Carpet smoother and softer to walk on, and makes it wear a great deal longer.

Manitoba and British Columbia.

Parties going to Manitoba or British Columbia should buy through tickets over Canadian Pacific R. R. from J. L. Boyes, Napanee. He can sell a ticket from Napanee to destination and check baggage through. No other agent can do this. When passengers have a through ticket and baggage checked through they avoid all trouble. 1389 2m

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ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed nights and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price, 81 bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOWS SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 88y

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DR. E. MENG,

Veterinary Surgeon,

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLLEGE, SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

The Ontario Mutual Life !

ESTABLISHED 1870.

DOMINION DEPOSIT, - - $100,000

Assurance in force January 1st, 1889	$12,041,814 00
New Assurance written in 1888	2,518,650 0
Cash Income for 1888	393,073 00
Assets, December 31st, 1888	1,313,843 00
Liabilities as per Government Valuation	1,223,516 00

Surplus, $90,337.00.

The new business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been only $6,500.

R. B. MASTIN, General Agent, Picton, Ont.

Headache, Weakness

W. PHILLIPS

RADUATE ONT. VET. COLLEGE, SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

FFICE:—Opposite Market, John-st. NAPANEE, ONT.

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the horse and all domesticated animals. 2289y

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 9895.

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE Farm Property in the Township of Camden

By Public Auction.

In the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement fifty acres, be the same more or less, being composed of the southeast quarter of Lot No. 2 in the Third concession of the said Township of Camden. Upon the premises are erected a good cedar log barn with shingle roof, two frame houses and hog house, and a never failing spring; well fenced with cedar, and situate about six miles from the Town of Napanee, two miles from the Village of Selby, and four miles from the Village of Newburgh. Terms of payment will be liberal. Conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to JOHN ENGLISH.

Dated March 4, 1889. 1489c Vendor's Solicitor.

MORTGAGE SALE OF A VALUABLE Farm in the Township of Richmond, by Public Auction.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale there will be sold, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 28th, 1889,

at the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement eighty-three acres, more or less, being composed of the southerly three-fourths of the east half of lot No. 1, in the Third Concession of the Township of Richmond. Upon the premises are erected a good frame house, with woodhouse attached; also barn, hen and hog house, all in good repair. The land is fertile and well adapted for farming purposes, especially for the production of grain and grass. There are two good wells and a spring on the premises. This farm is situated on the Napanee and Belleville road, about five miles from the Town of Napanee, and three miles from the Village of Desoronto, and within half a mile of the Deseronto Junction, on the Grand Trunk Railway. Terms of payment will be very liberal. Conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale. For further particulars apply to JOHN ENGLISH,

Napanee, Feb. 25, 1889. Vendor's Solicitor. 1380l

OVER 6,000,000 people believe that it pays best to buy Seeds of the largest and most reliable house, and they use

Ferry's Seeds

D. M. FERRY & CO. are acknowledged to be the Largest Seedsmen in the world.

D. M. Ferry & Co's Illustrated, Descriptive and Priced SEED ANNUAL For 1889 will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to last year's customers without ordering it. Invaluable to all. Every person using Garden, Field or Flower Seeds should send for it. Address

D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

699eow

SCHEDULE OF SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

Returned to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, of Lennox and Addington for the Quarter ending the 12th day of March, A. D. 1889.

Name of Prosecutor.	Name of Defendant.	Nature of Charge.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Convicting Justice.	Amount of Penalty.	Time when paid or to be paid to said Justice.	To whom paid over by said Justice.	If not paid why not and general observation. If any
Geo. A. Denyes	Ralph Benjamin	Assault	Dec. 17th 1888	Anson Storms	Fine $1.05 cost $2.95 or 15 days	Forthwith	Township Treasurer	
Emery Snider	George Thomas	Insulting language	Jan. 3rd 1889	do	Fine $1.00 cost $4.00 or 30 days	do	½ to comp. ½ to Tp. Treas.	
Joseph Smith	Thos. Donanghue	Vagrancy	January 11	A. Storms & P. A. Maybee.	Committed to	Common	goal at Napanee for	six months.
Nicholas D. Hicks	Eddie Chadsey	Stealing by juvenile offendor	January 12	A. Storms and H. S. Davy.	do	do	do do	one month.
Chas. W. Emmons	Joseph McConnell	Common Assault	February 25	Anson Storms	Fine $1.00 cost $2.05 or 30 days	March 25 1889.	Not paid time not	expired.
Geo. D. Hazle	James Babcock	Disturbing Religious Worship	January 29	J. A. Shibley	$ 1 00	Forthwith	Remitted	
Geo. D. Hazle	Charles Sylver	do do do	January 29	do	1 00	do	do	
George Forbes	Dennis Craigen	Unlawfully pointing fire arm	January 26	J. Aylsworth & A. Coulter	20 00	5th February	Not paid	Notice of appl given
W. A. Rose	Jas. Roy	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	November 24	James Daly	50 00	10 days	County Treasurer March 12.	Con. previously ret'd
do	Jno. Babcock	do do do do	December 28	do	50 00	10 days	do do do	Liquor destroyed.
do	James McAvoy	do do do do	December 28	do	50 00	Forthwith	do do do	
Acel Dampre	A. J. Sexsmith	Non payment of wages	December 29	do	13 00	21 days		Appealed.
W. A. Rose	E. Wycott	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	January 3	do	100 00	Forthwith	County Treasurer March 12.	Liquor destroyed.
W. Webb	F. Yones	Infraction Ontario Medical Act	January 3	do	50 00	do	Reg. col. of P. S. Ont. Jan. 12.	
J. M. Smith	Thos. Fleming	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	January 10	do	100 00	do	County Treasurer March 12.	
James Allen	Hannah Wood	Vagrancy	January 10	do	1 00	do		Com, 2 months.
do	Thos. Donohue	do	January 10	do	1 00	do		do
J. M. Smith	John Finn	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	January 12	do	50 00	do		Absconded.
do	Frs Bousley	do do do do	January 12	do	50 00	do	County Treasurer March 12.	
A. Perry	B. B. Perry	Abusive langnage	January 16	do	10 00	do	Town Treasurer March 12	
W. A Rose	Jos. Sproule	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	January 19	do	100 00	10 days	County Treasurer March 12.	
J. Storms	Jas. Roe	Vacrancy	January 24	do	1 00	Forthwith		Com. 2 months.
do	Benj. Leary	do	January 25	do	1 00	do		do do
do	Thos. Gray	do	February 1	do	1 00	do		do do
S. Lindsay	F. Scryver	Assault	February 4	do	2 00	10 days	County Treasurer March 12.	
J. Storms	Anges Williamson	Vagrancy	February 7	do	1 00	Forthwith		Com. 8 days.
J. M. Smith	James Kennedy	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	February 14	do	100 00	do		
D. McCumber	G. Joy	Assault	February 26	do	1 00	10 days	County Treasurer March 12.	
W. C. Root	W. A. Taylor	Allowing minors to play at billiards	March 7	do	4 00	Forthwith		
W. A. Rose	Michael O'Roucke	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	March 8	do				Com. 2 months.
James Allen	Hannah Wood	Vagrancy	March 11	do	100 00	Forthwith		do do
W. A. Rose	Hugh Rankin	Infraction Canada Temperance Act.	January 3	do				do do
F. Scryver	S. Lindsay	Assault	March 11	do	1 00	10 days		

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE PEACE,
County of Lennox and Addington, Napanee March 12th 1889.

A. L. MORDEN,
Clerk of the Peace, County of Lennox and Addington.

R. B. MASTIN, General Agent, Picton, Ont.

W. PHILLIPS,

1289dtf Napanee, Agt. for Lennox & Addington.

Headache, Weakness

Great Bank

IS NOW IN FU

HOOPER &

Our store is literally packed with bargains of ever

with the marvellous bargains we are giving. Dress Goods—We show about 3,000 per yard. Think of it! 25 yards of dress goods for $1. Good, useful dress goods at 7½ pieces of Prints at all prices from 4 cts up. One special lot of 368 pieces, your choice for good, all-Wool Tweeds at 30 cts per yard; good Scotch Tweed suits to order at $15, worth of all kinds, qualities and description at about one-half regular prices. $1 Kid Gloves for 4 evenings, when unheard-of bargains will be given. Handkerchiefs—Grand values in Ladie these goods, and though we have a big stock they cannot last long at these prices. We hav must ask you to come and see for yourselves.

BEAR IN MIND, THIS IS

The stock was bought at an up-and-up bargain, and must and will be sold with a cannot be approached by any house in the trade. This sale will be continued without rese rupt Stock Sale now going on at

The Leading Millinery House H

G. T. & C. P. R. Ry's

Will run the first

SETTLER'S TRAIN

To Manitoba and the Northwest, leaving Toronto 9 p. m.,

Tuesday, February 26, 1889

and every Tuesday thereafter during March and April. Settlers cars should be ordered ten days in advance, and must leave Napanee on Monday night.

Parties going to

MANITOBA

can buy through tickets and get baggage checked through to destination by purchasing tickets from J. L. Boyes, Napanee. No other ticket agent can do this.

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

Odessa.

The Napanee stage started Monday night on wheels.

Maple sugar making has commenced, therefore taffy on a chip has become quite

Gull Creek.

The roads are in a bad state, the sleighing is about over for the present season, wheeling has commenced. Yours

There is some talk that Mr. Whelan is going to to build another hotel on the place where the old one was burnt. Probably he will wait and see the result of the present struggle.

Last Wednesday night (13th inst.) a Scott Act meeting was held at the school house, sec. 16. The speakers were Messrs Thornton, Storrings and Barry, who spoke against the "sore evil."

There was a dance in this neighborhood lately, and there is a rumor of another to be shortly. this is only a token of what is anticipated by some. "Rejoice, O young man, in thy youth: and let thy heart cheer thee in the days of thy youth, and walk in the ways of thine heart, and in the sight of thine eyes: but know thou, that for all these things, God will bring thee into judgement."

Odessa.

The Napanee stage started Monday night on wheels.

Maple sugar making has commenced, therefore taffy on a chip has become quite

Honesty and Intelligence.

It pays to be honest, you say.

Granted.

Yet how many are dishonest through ignorance, expediency, or intentionally. One can be dishonest and yet say nothing.

A clerk who lets a customer buy a damaged pieces of goods, a witness who holds back the truth which would clear a prisoner, a medical practitioner who takes his patient's money when he knows he is doing him no good,—all are culpably dishonest.

It is generally known that doctors bind themselves by codes, resolutions and oaths not to use any advertised medicines. Now, there is a medicine on the market which, for the past ten years, has accomplished a marvelous amount of good in the cure of Kidney and Liver diseases, and diseases arising from the derangement of these great organs,—we refer to Warner's Safe Cure. So widespread are the merits of this medicine that the majority of the doctors of this country know from actual evidence that it will cure Advanced Kidney Disease, which is but another name for Bright's Disease.

The medical profession admit that there is no cure for this terrible malady, yet there are physicians dishonest enough to procure Warner's Safe Cure, put the same into plain,

Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co. Napanee

Odessa.

Mrs. J. A. Fraser, son and daughter, of Tamworth, are visiting relatives here.

Dr. Meacham, M. P. P., in answer to a telegram to see a sick man was home again. This is the third time he has been sent for since the opening of parliament.

Rev. W. J. Young preached a most powerful sermon on temperance. We hope it will have its desired effect.

A big Scott Act meeting is to be held in the Town hall. All will be welcome. Be sure and come; no fee, lecture free.

Adolphustown and Fredericksburgh.

Several of our most promising young men have just left for Manitoba, and many more are to follow. A great many horses and young colts have also been shipped to the west.

The travelling on the ice has become unsafe although some are venturing on the bay with light rigs.

The Scott Act meeting, at the Town hall South Fredericksburgh on Monday night, was a great success, considering the terrible state of the roads. Peter Bristol, Esq., in the chair, A. L. Morden, Esq., and the Rev. Baker, of Napanee, were with us, as good men, and true, and gave capital speeches, that cannot but be helpful to the cause.

The Rev. Mr. Ash will preach at Conway next Sabbath, at 3 o'clock, instead of the evening, and will preach a sermon to young men in the Town hall, Sillsville at night. This latter service will be regarded as a valedictory to the young men who are about to leave for Manitoba.

Spencer Hill.

Henry Abbott will try another year on the farm.

Some of our farmers are already making sugar so look out for sugar socials.

Our new Post office will likely be opened the first of May. It will be a great blessing.

Some of the local talent around Empey Hill will soon be called upon to assist at a basket social.

Our girls say that our boys go to Selby altogether too many Sunday evenings. Why is this thus?

Gordon Dafoe is taking his departure for Uncle Sams domains. Still another victim of the N. P.

William Martin, of Moscow, is visiting his brother David Martin Esq. William looks hale and hearty.

David Wilson has returned from his visit to Prince Edward County. He announces that he still prefers Richmond girls.

As I have not seen any correspondence from this part of Richmond I take the liberty of sending you the little news that is floating around.

Our reeve is home once more after a week of hard work at the County Council. We hope that he will succeed in getting the new iron bridge at Selby.

Miss Annie Russell is in Belleville at present and Mr. Joseph Russell is visiting friends in Belleville and Trenton. We trust that Joe will not be disappointed.

We expect a large number of EXPRESSES to come this way when our new office is opened. We want the news and we know that we can get it by taking THE EXPRESS.

S. W. G.

A Life of Ease.

Miss Lizzie Ratcliffe, writing from Falkirk, Ont., says: "I had such a cough I could not sleep and was fast going into consumption; I tried everything I could hear of without relief but when I got Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam I soon go ease. It is the best medicine I ever tried". Lizzie Ratcliffe, Falkirk, Ont.

The Napanee stage started Monday night on wheels.

Maple sugar making has commenced, therefore taffy on a chip has become quite prevalent.

The Whig's imp must have set our copy last week. Weem bound the heft of it was news to I.

A post-office will probably be opened at Asselstine's factory, on the Ernesttown station route.

Its a fight now for right of way on the

Bright's Disease.

The medical profession admit that there is no cure for this terrible malady, yet there are physicians dishonest enough to procure Warner's Safe Cure, put the same into plain, four-ounce vials, and charge their patients $2.00 per vial, when a sixteen-ounce bottle of the remedy, in its original package, can be bought at any drug store in the world for for $1.25.

Perhaps the doctor argues that the cure of the patient justifies his dishonesty, yet he will boldly stand up at the next local medical meeting and denounce Warner's Safe Cure as a patent medicine, and one which he cannot and will not use.

The people are waking up to the truth that the medical profession is far from honest, and that it does not possess a monopoly of wisdom in the curing of disease, doctoring the many symptoms of kidney disease, instead of striking at the seat of disease—the kidneys themselves,—allowing patients to die rather than use a remedy known to be a specific, simply becaue it has been advertised, and when patients are dead from Advanced Kidney Disease, still practicing deception by giving the cause of death in their certificate as pneumonia, dropsy, heart disease, or some other accompanying effect of Bright's Disease.

Lieut. Col. Bacon, of Ottawa, will command this year's Wimbledon team.

Scott Act Meetings

Meetings to oppose the repeal of the

Last week the matter of the re-survey of Kennebec came up in the Legislative Assembly. Mr. Miller moved for copies of all correspondence and orders-in-Council relating to the re-survey of the township of Kennebec, in the County of Frontenac. Also of all correspondence between all members and officers of the Government and L. D. Williams, or anyone on his behalf in reference to the sale to him of lot No. 11. in the 4th concession of Kennebec, or as to issue of a patent therefor. Also, copies of all correspondence relating to the timber license granted for the land, or the rights of the limit holder thereunder. He said that there had been two inaccurate surveys of this township, which had created great hardship and confusion. Men found that their lots and the property they had erected were by the re-survey declared to belong to their neighbors. One man found that the re-survey shifted his property into the lake.

Mr. Hardy admitted there was something to complain of. One of the surveyors who had made erroneous surveys went out of his mind, and the Government did not learn of the fact till some years after. The late Commissioner of Crown Lands had been prevented by illness from adjusting matters. The Government would, no doubt, have to pass a special measure legalizing the surveys which appeared equitable. The Surveyor-in-chief was considering the matter.

Ernestown—

Church—Thursday night, March 28th. Rev. H. I. Allen, S. D. Clark, Rev. T. Myers.

Odessa,—Monday, April 1st. Rev. A B. Chambers, A. L. Morden.

Mount Pleasant, Richmond,—Monday night, March 25th. Rev. E. N. Baker, Marshall Bogart.

Oliver's School House, Richmond—Monday night, March 25th. Rev. A. B. Chambers, G. M. Elliott, Rev. Alex Campbell.

Camden East—Methodist Church, Tuesday night, March 26th. A. L. Morden, Rev. J. J. Leach, Rev. D. S. Houck.

Moscow,—Tuesday night, March 26th, Methodist church. Rev. A. B. Chambers, A. R. Davis.

South Fredericksburgh,—Bethel church, Wednesday night, March 27th. Rev. A. B. Chambers, G. M Elliott, Rev. H. I. Allen.

North Fredericksburgh, — Anderson's Church, Thursday, March 28th. Rev. E. N. Baker, Alex Henry, Rev. E.E. Howard.

Centreville—Town Hall, Thursday, March 28. Rev. F. B. Stratton, Rev. Geo. Dunkley, Rev. Mr. Andrews.

South Fredericksburgh—Conway church, Friday night, March 29th. Rev. E. E. Howard, Marshall Bogart, Rev. J. C. Ash, A. R. Davis.

A. R. DAVIS,
Secretary.

Napanee, March 7th, 1889. 1489

krupt Stock Sale

ULL BLAST AT

DOXSEE'S.

ry kind. Every purchaser surprised at and delighted

pieces, and every piece a bargain. We commence with a line of Dress Goods at 4 cts and 10 cts per yard, worth double the price. Prints! Prints! We are showing over 2,000 r 7 cts per yard, or 15 yards for $1, regular value 12½ cts per yard. Tweeds—we commence h $20 to $22. Hosiery and Gloves at half price—an immense range of Hosiery and Gloves 49 cts. $1.25 best Kid Gloves at 87 cts. Special sale of Gloves and Hosiery on Saturday ies' and Childrens' Handkerchiefs, commencing at 2 cts each. We are selling a stack of ve neither time nor space to tell you of one-quarter of the bargains we have to offer. We

S NO SHAM COST SALE!

a rush. We are selling every article very much below the original cost, and at prices which erve until every dollars' worth is disposed of. Save your dollars by visiting the Great Bank-

OOPER & DOXSEE'S.

Try To Benefit Others.

"I had a very bad pain in my side, of which one bottle of Hagyard's Yellow Oil made a complete cure. I hope that this may be of some benefit to those who read." A. R. T. Walker, 44½ High St., City. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a specific for all inflammatory pain.

A Feeble Failure.

Many persons become feeble and fail in health from disease of the blood, liver, kidneys and stomach, when prompt use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the grand purifying and regulating tonic, would quickly regulate every bodily function and restore to perfect health

BRAN! BRAN!

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran!

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flourcheaper than anyone else in town

1389dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH.

Prize Baking Powder.

Received this week—1 case containing

100 Packages New Era Baking Powder.

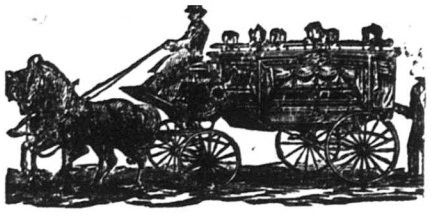
A prize in glassware, worth from 10 to 50 cents, given with every 25 cent package.

One Barrel Evaporated Sweet Corn.

A first rate article; as good as Canued Corn and much cheaper

NEW JAPAN

20 cents per pound, or 5½ pounds for $1—worth 50 per cent more money.



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THE DESERTER.

It was the last year of the Civil War—a year full of anxiety, suspense and privation of every kind. Down here in Louisiana we were beginning to realize that our cause was hopeless, and that the Confederacy was near its end. I suppose it was that knowledge which made people so reckless. Men had lost all sense of responsibility in the whirl of events, and acts were constantly committed, which, in the light of a calmer day, seem the acts of madmen.

New Orleans, in possession of the Federals, had quieted down to a certain extent, but the country parishes were in a ferment, occupied as they were in turn by Confederate and Northern troops. The ravages of irresponsible, plundering bands had become so terrible in some of the Western parishes that, at the urgent invitation of Judge Maxwell, who was a distant relative of mine, I took refuge with him at Boscabel, a plantation in the Red River Country.

This district, it is true, was occupied by Federal troops, but they were well disciplined, and committed no outrages. After the terrors and uncertainties of the "debatable ground," there was a comfortable feeling of security in finding ourselves within the lines and not in danger of capture. Several ladies, friends of Judge Maxwell, had collected at Boscabel, so our social life was far from dull.

Beautiful Adela Maxwell was our host's young daughter-in-law. She had only been married a week when her husband, who had enlisted in General Taylor's army, was compelled to leave her.

She was a lovely, irresponsible child—a spoiled one, too. At sixteen years of age, she had married Theo Maxwell, who was not then twenty. It was due to the recklessness so common at that period that the marriage of the young pair was sanctioned by the two families.

Theo was grave and thoughtful, beyond his years; brave, as were all the Maxwells, almost stern in his ideas of duty, and only weak where his beautiful little bride was concerned.

Most Southern women were brave and high-spirited, ready to make any sacrifice for a cause they considered sacred, but Adela had not a grain of patriotism in her soul. She did not care a straw which cause conquered, so that the war might end and Theo return home. Her standing grievance was that he had joined the army as a private, instead of marching forth in all the glory of a general's paraphernalia.

At times she would give way to a perfect passion of grief, and eat nothing for days. Then the mood would change, and she would be in the wildest spirits, laughing, singing, dancing. She reminded me of a butterfly I once saw lighting on the rim of a cannon the moment before it was discharged.

One morning she burst in upon us in the breakfast-room in an irritable and impatient mood.

"I can't stand this!" she cried. "I never closed my eyes all night thinking of Theo. I can't eat, I can't sleep, and I shall die if Theo doesn't come home! I must see with my own eyes that he is alive and well."

"But how can you expect him to come?" cried Dora Maxwell, the judge's daughter, a sensible, spirited girl, who had not too much patience with her sister-in-law's childish ways. "He is a soldier, a private, too, and they are not allowed a furlough every time their wives happen to cry for them. With all this skirmishing going on around us, you

"Dora, you had better take your sister to her room and make her lie down," the judge said, gently. "Adela, my dear, you must try to control yourself. Remember that your tears will not bring your husband back one day sooner. You are only injuring your health and for Theo's sake you must take care of that."

After they left the room, the judge and I sat silent until the lamps were lighted. Suddenly he sprang to his feet, for we heard the hurried steps of a man on the long veranda in front of the house.

Then the door was violently thrown open and Theo stood before us. Theo pale, wild-eyed, and covered with dust. He looked in our faces strangely, inquiringly, and uttered a deep groan. His parched lips strove to speak but the words died in a gasp.

"My son! what is the matter?" cried the judge, taking his hand.

"Adela, my darling! Is she dead?" the son managed to articulate. "Am I too late?"

"Adela! Why, she is in perfect health—never has been ill. She was in this room five minutes ago."

The judge stopped suddenly, terrified by his son's look. He had grown ghastly pale, and sank into a chair.

He covered his face with his hands, shaking as if in an attack of ague. In a moment he controlled himself and tried to speak calmly. "'Read that," he said, drawing a letter from his pocket, and handing it to his father, "and tell me if I could have stayed away?'

Months afterwards I read the letter. In it Adela told her husband she was dying and he must come to her immediately if he would see her alive, but, ill as she was, no one should write him but herself. If he loved her, come! The letter was written in faint, tremulous characters, as if the hand was too weak to hold the pen and her eyes too dim to see the lines.

Judge Maxwell's face was stern when he laid down the letter.

"It was an unjustifiable deceit," he said. "but you must try to forgive her. You must not let it embitter your visit."

"Father, do you not understand?" cried the young soldier. "I asked for permission to visit a dying wife, but the general positively refused. They expect a battle at Pleasant Pill, and not a man was allowed to leave. I came without permission."

"A deserter! you, Theo Maxwell!" cried the judge, looking stunned.

"Yes, a deserter on the eve of battle," Theo cried, with a bitter laugh. "I've done for myself now, father." There was a hurried step in the corridor, and in a moment Adela was in her husband's arms, crying and laughing hysterically.

"I heard your voice, darling," she cried "Why hadn't I been called? Didn't I tell you all he should come back to me? And now I've got him! I've got him! I've got him!" her voice rising shrill and strained with excitement. "But what is the matter, Theo? Why do you look at me like that? What is the matter with you all?"

"The matter, madam," cried Judge Maxwell, sternly, "is disgrace to my son and your husband. By your falsehoods you brought him from his post—made him a deserter. Do you know what that means. A disgraceful death! Yes, that is what you have brought upon the man you professed to love."

He got no further, for Adela's head fell back on her husband's shoulder in merciful unconsciousness. He strained her to his bosom and pressed a kiss upon her white lips.

"Dora, take her to her room," he said,

"Thank God!" sobbed Dora, "he was spared the ignominious fate of a deserter. I think he wanted to be killed."

Adela's grief at first was violent. She soon returned to her father's house. In a few months I saw her there as lovely, as irresponsible and as gay as if she had not caused the disgrace and death of the man who had loved her more than his duty.

MARIE B. WILLIAMS.

IN A GOSSIPY VEIN.

John Powers, of Middletown, N. Y., aged eleven, has become a raving maniac from the effects of cigarette smoking.

The Washington correspondent of the New York "Herald" believes that no tariff bill will pass the House this session.

Orders have been issued on the Pennsylvania railroad that no freight, except perishable, shall run in future on Sundays.

The people of Missouri on Monday voted on a constitutional amendment, giving the Legislature power to establish lotteries.

Many members of the Viennese aristocracy have been swindled in buying brass filings for Russian gold dust.

It is alleged that the Ameer of Afghanistan is beheading 300 persons daily for interfering with frontier traffic.

One American manufacturer of baseball employs 500 hands and keeps 40,000 dozen balls in stock.

A diamond of wonderful purity, weighing 240 carats, was found at the Jagersfontein mine in South Africa on Christmas Day.

The greyhound Happy Hirondelle is thought to be the best dog seen in England since the memorable wonders Master McGrath and Coomassie.

Pews in the big churches in New York have averaged ten per cent. higher this year in the re renting. "Salvation is free," but fashionable religion comes higher.

"I have an account of a big landslide," said the new reporter. "What head shall I put it under?" "Put it under the 'Real Estate Transfers,'" replied the Snake Editor.

Conolel Pevtsoff is about to start to take up the exploration of Thibet, in which Prjevalski lost his life. Joseph Martin, a Frenchman, will soon attempt to enter Thibet from the side of Pekin.

There are not over 100 men in England who follow the Prince of Wales in any fashion of dress. Indeed anything and everything is fashionable nowadays anywhere, and nobody is obliged to follow.

The gilded rooster on the tower of the First National Bank building in Portland, Me., is the same bird that served as a weather vane on the top of the old Portland Court House over one hundred years ago.

The New york "Herald" says: "The word 'pants' should be annihilated; every self-respecting person should insist on the use of 'trousers' instead." All right—when a dog gets warm he trousers.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Mr. Macdonald, manager of the London *Times*, has resigned.

Rev. C. O. Johnson, late of Hamilton, has been invited to take charge of the Methodist Church at Calgary, N. W. T.

Many French anarchists have removed to Geneva, and their presence causes the au-

they are not allowed a furlough every time their wives happen to cry for them. With all this skirmishing going on around us, you surely don't think there's any chance of his getting off? I do wish, Adela, you would try to be reasonable—for Theo's sake, if for no other reason."

"Look at Mrs. Rogers," she continued. "Her husband is in constant peril, and see how brave and cheerful she is! She says that is the only way in which she can imitate him."

"Don't talk to me of Mrs. Rogers!" Adela looked like a small fury. "Do you pretend to compare *my* love for Theo with hers for her husband? Easy enough to be quiet when she doesn't care a picayune for him! Didn't she actually hurry him off last week, when he hadn't been with her for more than an hour? Don't compare us, and set that cold-hearted thing up as my model!"

"I don't compare you," Dora said, dryly. "Mrs. Rogers is utterly unselfish, a noble woman, to whom the honor of her husband is as dear as his life. She hurried him off, because she knew if he waited until daylight his risk of being made a prisoner would be great. Besides, he had promised his captain to be back that night, and he was in honor bound to keep his word."

Adela burst into a flood of angry tears.

"Honor! honor!" she repeated, petulantly. "I just hate the word! Honor made Theo join the army, and leave me here to be wretched! Honor keeps him away! Some day honor is going to leave him on the battlefield, with a bullet in his heart. What will it do for me, if I lose him, I'd like to know? Nobody here feels for me. Nobody loves Theo as I do!"

She hurried from the room, but stopped on the threshold and turned her pretty, tear stained face to us.

"Theo shall come back to me, in spite of you all!" she cried.

Dora sighed deeply as the door closed behind Adela. "Poor Theo!" she said, softly. "He always seemed to feel such a contempt for silly women! Yet that girl can make him do anything!"

"She is such a child!" I interposed.

"Yes, and that makes her so unfit to be a wife. We are going to have an opportunity of sending letters through the lines today, and heaven only knows what Adela will write to her husband! Enough to make him wretched, I dare say, for she won't spare him a tear of hers. He'll fancy her pining to death, and before night, I dare say, she'll be laughing and singing."

But for once Dora was mistaken. Adela complained of a violent headache, and after writing her letter went to bed, and did not make her appearance until late the next day. Then she wore a subdued, rather frightened look, not natural to her. She appeared like a mischievous child who had done something naughty, and was afraid of being found out.

For the next two following days she was in a state of perpetual excitement almost hysterical. She would rush from door to window, or to any place which commanded a view of the long front avenue. At any unexpected sound she would spring up, and listen breathlessly, and then sink back in her seat with a sigh.

"I am afraid our little girl is getting nervous," said Judge Maxwell on the second evening, putting his arm affectionately around her. "Come, it won't do when Theo returns, for him to find a wife with her nerves unstrung. The women of our family were as brave as the men, and I can't have a Maxwell a coward."

"But I'm not an out and out Maxwell," she answered with an hysterical laugh; "and I'm an awful coward. Oh, why don't Theo come home!" This was followed by a violent burst of tears, and she wrung her hands as if in despair.

bosom and pressed a kiss upon her white lips.

"Dora, take her to her room," he said, "Be gentle with her for my sake, sister. She is only a child and did not know what she was doing. I must get away from here before she revives." He tightened his belt and pulled his cap over his eyes.

The old judge laid a trembling hand on his son's arm.

"Theo, my son," he said, tremulously, "don't go back! There is a squadron of Northern soldiers camped just back here in Miller's field. You can be taken prisoner by them you know, and you'll be safe from, from—"

He stammered and choked.

"I understand you, father," Theo said, quietly. "You mean if I am taken prisoner I will escape a deserter's fate. It would add cowardice to desertion. No, sir, I will get back the soonest I can, and bear my fate as your son should. I had to run a cordon of Federal troops coming here, and I fear it will be hard work getting back through the lines."

"But General Taylor is my friend." The old man's speech was growing inarticulate. "I will write to him, I will go to him. He must listen to me. No court martial could condemn you under such circumstances."

Theo smiled sadly.

"I hope for little leniency. I left on the eve of a battle, you must remember. Farewell, father! Be kind to my poor little wife. Dora, don't unman me." She was clinging to him and sobbing convulsively. "If you love me you will go back to Adela. Do not tell her what may happen to me. I leave her to you all as a sacred charge," he added, solemnly, and before any one answered had gone.

"I will go myself," stammered the judge, trying to rise from his seat. I will explain to General Taylor. My boy shall not be sacrificed." A convulsion passed over his face, his feet refused to support him and he sank back in the chair.

We knew well what was the matter. A year before he had an attack of paralysis, a slight one, and his old enemy had him once more in its relentless grip. For three days and nights we watched beside him until the end came.

A week afterward our cruel suspense as to Theo's fate was over. In trying to pass the Federal pickets he had been shot.

Many French anarchists have removed to Geneva, and their presence causes the authorities considerable uneasiness.

Mr. Robt. Johnson, B. A., of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, has accepted the call from St. Andrew's church, Lindsay.

Mr. Meier, the founder and manager of the North German Lloyds steamship line, is dead.

It is stated that Sir Edward Malet, British Ambassador at Berlin, will represent his Government in the Samoan conference.

The weaving departments of 50 mills at Fall River are practically closed and 6,000 weavers are idle.

The Queen has approved the appointment of Sir Julian Pauncefote as British Minister to the United States.

A boiler in the Cleveland rolling mills exploded, killing two men and injuring a number of others.

Miss Eliza Prouser, of 100 Manning avenue, Toronto, was struck by the C. P. R. express at West Toronto Junction and instantly killed.

Albert Wilson shot and kiled Miss Sarah Marshall near Watford, because she declined to accept his escort.

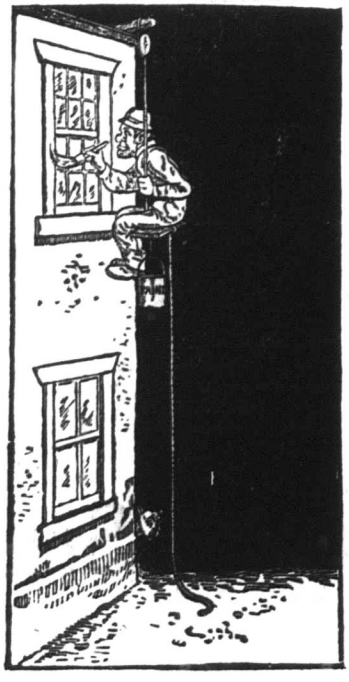
A landlord of county Clare named Creagh, and his sister were shot at on Sunday by unknow parties. Both were hit, the lady's nose being shot off.

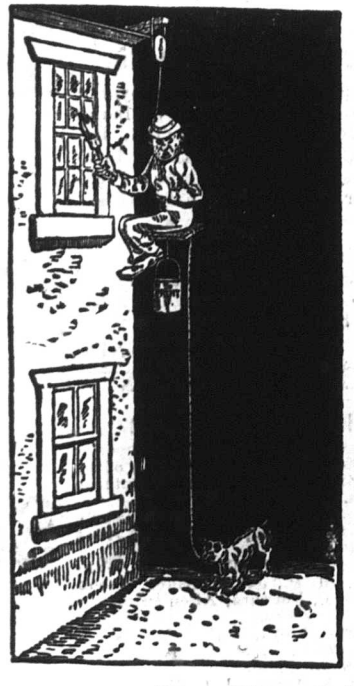
The completion of the C. P. R. through St John, N. B., is to be celebrated by a great display, in which athletic games will have a prominent part.

The St. Clair River Open.

SARNIA, March 14.—Navigation is now open the whole length of the St. Clair river. The American passenger steamer Mary, on the river line, left Port Huron at five o'clock Saturday afternoon for Algonac and way ports, and will continue to make her daily trips, leaving Port Huron at 3.30 p.m.

There is a National Foot Path Protection Society in England. Its object is to resist attempted encroachments on footpaths and roadside land. It has fifteen branches and a membership of several thousand.





The Elevated Painter an

HEAD HUNTING.

As it is Practiced Among New Guinea Savages.

The bad habit some savages have of cutting off the heads of any strangers who fall in their way simply because heads are required to adorn their sacred houses or to serve in the dedicatory exercises of their war canoes, has tragically ended the careers of a number of white men within the past year, says the Boston "Herald." The latest news from New Guinea is that Mr. Armstrong, an Englishman, was recently lured to one of the coast islands, where he was decapitated and his head sent to the coast chiefs as proofs that the islanders were attending to business. About a year ago a brave in one of the wild tribes on the Indian frontier was not permitted to wed the maiden of his choice, because her relatives were of the opinion that he had not acquired a sufficient number of heads to demonstrate his prowess. It was agreed that when he could show two more heads he might have the girl, and so he sallied forth to win reputation and a bride. It happened that the first strangers the brave and his party encountered were Lieutenant Stewart of the British army and his small escort, who were led into an ambush and slaughtered, and their heads taken back in triumph to the village. This was the cap sheaf of a series of head-hunting outrages, and the brave had not long enjoyed his honey-moon before an Indian expedition fell upon the tribe and gave it some new views on the ethics of head-hunting. This favourite pastime has flourished greatly at Borneo, but it is now in a bad way in the British part of that island, where the penalty of death is visited upon every headhunter who is unlucky enough to be caught. A while ago the British authorities, in settling a dispute between two tribes, found that one village persisted in head-hunting because the other fellows had three heads the advantage of them. The accounts were balanced by a small supply of trade goods, and the rival head-hunters promised thereafter to live in amity.

LOST AT SEA.

Thrilling Experience of the Crew of the British Bark Port Gordon.

Chief Officer Smith of the British bar Port Gordon, has arrived at Port Townsend, Wash. Ter., on the tug Sea Lion, with twelve of the crew. He reports that the vessel was lost at 5 a. m. on Feb. 27 by the sea breaking over her, the men having to lash themselves in the rigging to prevent being washed overboard. The heavy sea prevented the men from lowering the boats, as each was crushed when launched. Two seamen attempted to swim ashore with lines, but were lost. The vessel grounded one hundred fathoms from the shore. The officers and crew remained in the rigging all the forenoon waiting for the sea to subside. The after house was torn away and made into rafts, on which four of the seamen got ashore. The vessel had a rope secure to the shore and efforts were made to get the men ashore. The steward and cook accidentally fell out of the basket and were washed ashore and died shortly afterward.

By night everybody excepting Capt. Gibbs, who remained on the wreck thirty-six hours, had got ashore. No clothing or provisions were saved. An Indian village near by supplied the men with food. On the second day the Captain swam ashore, and sent word to Cape Flattery for assistance. The first officer and nine men commenced the journey to Cape Flattery, and

Sikkim and Suakin.

Sikkim and Suakin both threaten to give the British forces and their allies more trouble in the immediate future. The Mahdi is about to send reinforcements to Osman Digna for a new attack on the English lines, while the refusal of the Thibetans to make any concessions to the Indian Government seems to render another campaign among the Himalayas necessary for the coming season. Again, the dangerous impetuosity of the Ameer of Afghanistan needs to be restrained. Flushed with his defeat of Ishak Khan, he proposes, it is said, to take steps against Russia as the suspected instigator of Ishak. This imprudence England would have to restrain, since, however well pleased with the Ameer's fidelity to her, she could not permit him to go beyond his frontier and thereby give Russia an excuse for driving him back and crossing in her turn. Altogether, if the bursting of that "thunder cloud" which the British Secretary of War sees gathering over Europe should not come to pass during the present year, there will yet be some play of distant heat lightning for the British War Office to watch.—[N.Y Times.

The Glory of War Departing.

The Philadelphia "Press" says :—The new English drill book just adopted for the use of the army cuts the space given to company drill to one-half its old space and expands the pages devoted to tactics to thrice the old number. The mechanical wheeling of companies on whose perfection our militia companies pride themselves is left out altogether. So are the movements for counter-marching. The drill is greatly simplified. The figures and movements which make so fine a show on the parade ground and are so useless in battle are omitted. For the long, straight wheel, the rigid line, volley firing, counter-marching, and all the intricate drill to which so much time is given by our national guard, there is substituted a loose order in which the fire is maintained by the independent action of a cloud of skirmishers, and the company officers are occupied in feeding this skirmish line from the rear and keeping the company in hand over a wide area, not by command, but by the intelligent co-operation of the men.

Drew His Gun.

TORONTO, March 18.—Detective Black arrested Laywood Romain, a colored man living at 164 Centre street, and a porter at the Queen's hotel, charged with having shot at Henry Harris, another colored man on Centre street, early the other morning while returning from a dance. It is stated that Romain and his sitter were walking together on their way home when Harris attempted to take the girl away from him. Some hot words ensued and Romain drew a revolver and fired. The bullet fortunately flew wide of the mark and Romain fled without waiting to try a second shot. When taken to police headquarters he denied having fired at Harris, but alleges that his life was threatened if he would not allow his sister to go with Harris.

Calling Out the Militia.

Ottawa, March 21.—A good deal of discussion is being indulged in by the military members of the House relative to the proposal to require a deposit sufficient to defray for eight days the expenses and allowances of militia called out upon requisition in case of a riot or disturbance. A difficulty is foreseen in securing from a municipal corporation the ne-

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THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITT- TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRO.

and sent word to Cape Flattery for assistance. The first officer and nine men commenced the journey to Cape Flattery, and signalled the tug Sea Lion, and arrived here. Four dead members of the crew were buried next day by the Indians. The vessel and cargo are a total loss.

Went Home in Her Stockings.

A lady who visited Hooley's Theatre the other evening suffered through the first act of the play with exceedingly tight shoes. When the curtain fell she confided her sufferings to her husband, and he suggested that she slyly remove her shoes till the performance was over. This she did, and the consequent relief afforded her allowed her a proper enjoyment of the other act. When the curtain went down for the last time she discovered to her horror that her feet had so swollen in the warm atmosphere of the house that she could not get the tight shoes even on her toes. As they had only to walk to the Tremont House, and as the lady had on black stockings, her husband told her to do the shoes up in her programme and walk along as though nothing had happened. This she did, and they started to move out slowly with the crowd. The lady walked along comfortably until near the door, when she suddenly began to jump and cavort around as though mad. Her stockinged feet had struck an exceedingly warm register, and the heat had curled her feet out of shape during her brief sojourn on it. When she struck the stone sidewalk outside a chill replaced the feverish feeling, and when she reached the Tremont she swore never to wear tight shoes to the theatre again.—[Chicago Herald.

penses and allowances of militia called out upon requisition in case of a riot or disturbance. A difficulty is foreseen in securing from a municipal corporation the necessary amount for the militia in case of riot, when the members of the council might be adherents of either one side or the other in the disturbance. It is thought but right that the municipalities should pay for the support of the militia, but it is is thought some better way of ensuring the calling out of the troops could be devised than that suggestad by the officials of the Militia Department.

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Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect Oct. 29, 888.

EASTERN STANDA

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A M	No. 4 P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground	"		
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

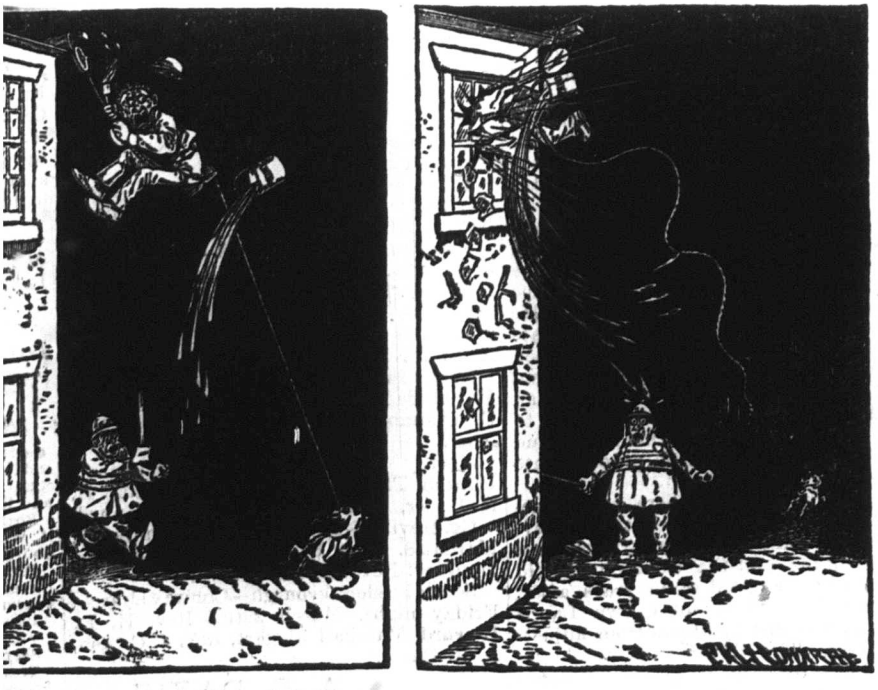
STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 48	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Enterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No. 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time tated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.



er and the Playful Dog.

HEALTH.

About Eating.

The first organ that nature made for a living creature was a stomach. It is the most important to-day, after many thousands of years, and after the evolution of many other organs. But it is that one part of the body which we persist in neglecting or destroying; and just where nature began to build we begin to pull down. The possession of a good digestive organ is really more important than g od eyes and ears, and even more than a large brain; for the relation of the nerves of nutrition are as intimate with the other parts of the body as are the blood vessels. If the stomach be disordered the thinking and recollecting apparatus is also disordered, and the unseating of clear vision and good hearing is as liable to be from bad nutrition as from local causes. So it come about that the first lesson of education is how to eat and not how to think; how to warm up and run the organism and not clog it, rather than how to think; for if there be no hindrances or interferences the brain is sure to do good thinking and plenty of it. Nine-tenths of scholarship is wasted owing to indigestion. Many fine brains are rendered useless by a dyspeptic stomach. There is no getting around this. If you want to do good head-work you must digest suitable food to nourish the brain—enough of it, and not too much. This is exactly the reverse of the common practice, because we have not got over the old celibate and ascetic idea that the mind is somehow higher and better than the body, and can despise it. A college is the paradise of ignorance and stupidity on all matters pertaining to the stomach. Brains are supposed to have the entire control and alone to be worthy of consideration. The object of the whole curriculum is to culture heads; and the result is, the foundation of good head-work becomes impossible. Four out of five graduates are permanently disabled from doing their level best in the world, while the coarsest fellows in life outstrip the finer because they have better stomachs. We need a University of the Stomach, with a full set of professors of nutrition, digestion, assimilation and waste, as well as of general physiology, anatomy and general biology. Or better yet, each college and every common school in the land should teach how to take care of the body and how to save the stomach.

It is hardly possible to use language in such a manner as to place this matter before the people so distinctly and emphatically that they can not mistake its full import. To establish and maintain a sound digestion is not only a duty, but the foundation of all duties. It is our greatest need, and the lack of it our greatest disaster. We are hurrying civilization into degeneration, not by overworked brains, but by badly worked stomachs. The bottom of not only dyspepsia, but of insomnia, of hysteria, paralysis and apoplexy is bad eating. Few people really know or care what they eat if it gives no immediate distress. They bolt their food while reading the morning papers, which is no better that loading a wagon with a pitchfork, hay or turnips as it happens. When the headache follows there is a resort to drugs or alcohol. Others know a deal too much what they eat and drink and are simply desirous of the immediate pleasures of appetite. In either case the very center of the systen, the basis of all life and activity is assailed and destroyed. So far has this one and so widespread is the mischie that civilization affords a very few who can successfully endure the demands and needs of business and culture.

The amount of food devoured is immense-

We are ahead of demands or the

and next to this I believe very ripe currants to be invaluable.

Rules for diet are as common as snowflakes. It is impossible, however, for one to prescribe absolutely for another. The physician is never more severely taxed than when called on to resuscitate an enfeebled stomach. Vegetarians, Grahamites and a thousand other ites have their nostrums and prescribe with great confidence. The real necessity is to discover some preventive rather than a cure. Some one has said that dyspepsia is killing more people than rum. It certainly is undermining the national constitution and therewith the national character quite as fast as drunkenness. Intemperance is altogether the same vice whether it affects food or drink. Horace Mann sounded the note of warning to young men forty years ago in his famous lectures. They should be reprinted and reread. "No glutton or dyspeptic can stand up alongside a man with a sound stomach and clear head." "Nature abhors two things—a vacuum and a foul stomach." Whoever falls to eat wisely carries decay in his stomach. His breath is the smoke of the charnel house. Every faculty of mind and every function of body are affected, and degeneration is the result.

The most unpleasant feature of this intemperance of eating is that it is quite as easily added to heredity as the intemperance of drinking. We have to suffer for the sins of diet of our grandfathers. I have often been able to trace the ancestral blunders of my patients. The grandmother of one was an extravagant lover of tea and condiment. A stout, hale old lady, it was enough for her to know that she was not herself suffering dire consequences for her habits. The daughter was born with an irritable stomach, and suffered more or less all her life with nervous ills, but she adhered to the same diet as her mother. The next generation is now on the field, suffering the full measure of consequences of actions for which it is not personally responsible. Can the natural selfishness of human nature be overcome sufficiently to reverse this tendency, and make it a law that each generation shall have a little better chance than the last? If I am not mistaken, it can be so reversed, and there are pretty sure signs that our next generation will show the change. The boys and girls who in ten years will constitute the working world will have firmer nerves and better digestion, with more common sense habits than we have had.

M. MAURICE, M. D.

The Value of Peanuts.

In the Northern States we know little of the peanut except as the chief luxury of the circus and the ball-ground, where the cheerful cry of "Peanuts, five a bag!" salutes the ear on every side, and where boys sit, like the sailor's wife in Macbeth, "and munch and munch and munch." At the South they are more important. Farmers in that genial clime plant them among the corn, as well as in the fields by themselves, and in the fall, when the corn is gathered, they turn all their pigs loose among the peanut vines to dig and eat.

The pigs root and grow fat. The field furnishes both food an exercise. The animals enjoy life to the utmost of their capacity, and, when Christmas comes, render to their owners, in return for the six weeks' banquet, a year's supply of excellent pork.

The peanut has other virtues During the war, when the Southern farmers had to send all the corn they could spare to the army, they went far more extensively than ever before into the cultivation of substitutes, and then the peanut became a really valuable crop.

Besides nourishing pigs and chickens, and thus saving corn, it was found to be of nutritive power as human food, particularly

THE CANADIAN MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The eight annual meeting of "The Canadian Mutual Aid Association" was held at the company's office, 10 King street east, Toronto, on Thursday, 24 inst., a good representative gathering being present.

The President, Mr. William Rennie, occupied the chair, and in opening the meeting expressed his pleasure at seeing so many of the policy holders present, and was also specially pleased to see the number of the active agents of the Company present. Great success, he said, had been the experience of the past year. Although steady progress had marked the work of the Association from its organization, yet the past year far exceeded its predecessors in the volume of new business. He attributed this to the growing popularity of the assessment system of the insurance and more especially to the equitable and popular plan of our Company. We issued during the year 1888, new and renewed policies, 1,508, representing insurance to the amount of $2,306,000; the total number of policies now in force being 4,393, representing a total insurance of $9,017,000. In Reserve Fund there is now in the credit of policyholders about $40,000. During the past year there was paid out to beneficiaries to the large sum of $88,776 This system of insurance, he said, evidently filled a long felt want, giving, as it did insurance at such rates as were within the reach of the people who most needed such protection. Our Company aimed, not alone at CHEAP INSURANCE, but rather RELIABLE INSURANCE at REASONABLE COST, and our success is the best evidence of the wisdom of our plan of insurance.

The manager, Mr. Wm. Pemberton Page, was then called upon to read the Directors' Report. The following is condensed from the financial statement:

Assets.		
Reserve Funds,(Mortgages)....		$34,390 00
Cash in Bank and due.....		9 817 02
Interest due and accrued.. ..		1,072 13
Amount due from members on assessment to be made for claims accepted.....		20,400 00
Furniture and Fixtures.....		366 77
Total assets.....		$66,045 92
Liabilities.		
Claims for death losses — Adjusted but not due.....		$25,000 00
Due on account of general expenses		2,128 80
Total liability		$27,128 80
Surplus to credit of policy holders..... (Assets in excess of liabilities)		38,917 00
Income.		
Collected on assessments for the year, annual dues, &c ..		$123,536 68
Interest.....		1,944 44
		$125,481 12
Amount on hand at begining of year.....		1,887 45
Total income.....		$127,368 57
Expenditure.		
Cash paid for death and disability losses.....	$88,776 25	
Legal expenses..... ..	130 33	
		$88,906 58
Commissions to agents.....	$13,430 13	
Cash paid for salaries and other expenses of officials, including general agents....	7,254 00	
Other expenses..... ..	3,511 15	
		$24,195 28
Postage, printing, etc.....		3,953 77
Total expenditure.... ...		$117,055 63
Amount of cash on hand (including amount carried to "Reserve and Disbursement Fund.)..... ..		10,312 94
Total.....		$127,368 57

AUDITORS' REPORT

civilization affords a very few who can successfully endure the demands and needs of business and culture.

The amount of food devoured is immense. We are able to meet the demands or the craving [illegible] Growth and repair are the two demands in early life, and repair alone is the requirement of our later years, and these require no such engorgements of food as are indulged in by the masses. The heat of the body must always be sustained at nearly 100 degrees. In summer we have only to combat a few degrees of lower temperature; but in winter by food and clothing, we must raise the body heat from zero outside of us to 100 degrees above zero inside of us. It plainly will not do to eat in summer as we do in winter, as much, or of the same kind of food—if we consider heat alone. But in summer we live, as a rule, more active lives and pass off superfluous heat with great ease and rapidity, while the surface of this body is cooled by perspiration. Besides, in winter we live, on the average, far more sedentary lives, rendering it much more difficult to get rid of superfluous food. It is probable that most people digest and assimilate and dispose of waste so much better in the warm season that they eat more than in winter—and ought to do so. The kind of foods used should, however, be very unlike. It is almost impossible in summer to eat too much of ripe fruits, while of meats very few care to eat in large amounts.

There is a remarkable revolution going on in this matter of diet. Twenty-five years ago the consumption of fruit per capita in the United States could not have exceeded one-half the present consumption, for the simple reason that it was not procurable. The increased growth of small fruits is enormous, but the demand is said to fully keep up with the supply. Thousands of additional acres are planted to berries each season, but there is no glut on the market. Fifty years ago a strawberry garden was almost unknown, and there were no cultivated raspberries ever seen in market. Residents of cities rarely ever enjoyed a dish of berries of any sort. Now our farmers consider their homes incomplete without a good berry garden, while the vegetable garden is less thought of and cared for. One of the most wholesome of all foods is the grape. The enormous increase in its cultivation is to be welcomed by all who desire to see a healthy people.

It is one of those fruits that can be indulged in almost without limit. A surfeit of grapes is hardly a possibility. Thousands of tons are now consumed where one ton was eaten thirty years ago.

It is hardly possible to use too much fruit as food. While it certainly is injurious to be always eating of anything, even apples and peaches and grapes, yet at regular hours an honest stomach not only craves a large supply of fruit, but uses it for the health of the whole system. Most fruits, however, are best in their season, and often injurious out of season. The seeds of canned berries are very often troublesome or positively dangerous. Eaten in the fresh state one by one they are all right in summer, but in the cooked or semi-cooked state they are liable to clog the system. Again a few fruits are poisonous to special organisms Many persons can not eat strawberries. I know one who can not eat an orange without severe suffering and almost convulsions. Red raspberries in one case only I have found to be severely injurious, while black raspberries are often rejected unnecessarily by those who like them. Grapes I have never known to be injurious to any one, if seeds and skins are rejected. We should eat more oranges. The lemon is also of prime value, although the acid should be weakened for most stomachs. For my own health I prefer the sour cherry when quite ripe to all other fruits, the grape excepted.

tutes, and then the peanut became a really valuable crop.

Besides nourishing pigs and chickens, and thus saving corn, it was found to be of nutritive power as human food, particularly when eaten with a little syrup made from the juice of the watermelon. Some wise Southern women learned how to make peanut candy from peanuts and watermelon syrup. The children liked it very much; their mothers found it tolerable, and as to the colored people in the South, they would eat almost anything short of brickbats if it was covered with sweet syrup.

The peanut had another use during the war. As kerosene and whale oil could not be obtained, the women were driven to their wits' end to procure the means of lighting their houses. Among other substitutes, the oil compressed from peanuts was found to be useful. Like other nuts, it contains much oil—more than we should suppose, one nut furnishing several drops.

Perhaps, however, we ought not to call it a nut, since it grows in the ground like a vegetable. The southern people call it by several names, ground pea, ground nut, pindar, peanut and goober, the last name being probably of African origin.

It grows abundantly on the coast of Africa, whence vast quantities are conveyed to Europe, and this name may have been brought from that continent by our negroes. In Alabama, goober is still the common name for the peanut.

Rev. Dr. Parker on the Present and Future.

Dr. Parker is convinced that the whole situation of religion in England needs radical revision. He believes that the Established Church is doing infinitely more harm than good, that the Book of Common Prayer is full of Popery and that the High Churchman is the only consistent interpreter of its teachings. On the other hand, Nonconformists, split up into so many sections, are spending their time and energy in tearing and devouring one another. Their training of men for the ministry is, he says, in seven cases out of ten a simple mockery. Instead of committing the whole Bible to memory and making themselves acquainted with the toiling and starving people around them, they are made to study the Council of Chalcedon, the Filioque controversy, the views of Apollonaris Satellius and Arius, with various tomfooleries that pass under the elastic name of philosophy. He would have the various Nonconformists concentrate their forces, shut up all their colleges but two or three, and try to get for their ministers something like a genuine and practical education, which would help instead of hindering them in their after life work.

All this may be rather strongly put, as is Dr. Parker's way in many cases, but there is a vast deal of truth in it all the same for this as for the other side of the Atlantic.

Amount of cash on hand (including amount carried to "Reserve and Disbursement Fund.).....	10,312 94
Total.....	$127,368 57

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the President and Directors of the Canadian Mutual Aid Association.

GENTLEMEN,—We have carefully audited the books and accounts of your Company, and compared vouchers with expenditure for the year ending 31st December, 1888, and have found them correct. We have also had free access to all bonds, mortgages and other securities held by the Company, and have much pleasure in certifying to their accuracy as shown in the Directors' report.

We find $23,000 of the funds (Reserve and Disbursement) invested at 6 per cent. $11,390 at 7 per cent. and all deposits in banks are drawing 4 per cent.

We would also express our approvel of the very satisfactory manner in which we find the affairs of the Company.

JOHN PETERS, Hastings,
JOHN WALES, Oakville, } Auditors.

Toronto, Jan. 24, 1889.

A Starved Life.

I recall the child who used to come home from his playfellows' houses, bright with chrysanthemums, and watched by some dignified, devoted dog, when the tail of the pet bird rang out between the games, and entering, his own staid, well-kept home, ask piteously of his mother, "Why can't we have flowers and birds like other folks?" "They are too much care," was always the answer, and the poor little life grew up starved for want of pretty things, a cross, unlovely child and youth. When means came to his hands, however, to spend for his naturally good tastes, the change was notable in his looks and disposition. The soured face reflected something of the beauty with which he surrounded himself, the arch of the brow lifted, the eye beamed and expanded, graciousness taking the place of dissatisfaction.

You can not put human nature under continual strain and denial, to have any health or beauty from it—least of all in a child. Hamper children, cross their personal likings only when imperative. If possible, make their likings your own, so far that you cross your own pleasure in crossing theirs, and let them see that you do. If the girl sets her heart on a blue and gold Longfellow edition in place of the white vellum you prefer, grant her choice graciously, and let the boy wear high-colored neckties in his teens, when crude color delights his untamed eye. They will get over these inaccuracies of taste soon, but they will not get over their confidence in the love that was indulgent of their whims.

Parents miss a fast link to a child's heart when by preoccupation or carlessness they lose the chance of sheltering him from fright and griefs. Children suffer terribly from imaginary fears when alone or in the dark, and the cruelty which laughs at them, or turns them over to their terrors unfeeling, is never forgotten. Never to show them anything frightful, in nature or art, should be of one of the cannons of a family. The way their fancy reduplicates anything horrifying is akin to delirium.

A Single Trial

Is all that is needed to prove that Polson's Nerviline is the most rapid and certain remedy in the world for pain. It only costs 10 cents for a trial bottle. A single trial bottle will prove Nerviline to be equally efficacious as an external or internal remedy, and for pain of every description it has no equal. Try a 10 cent sample bottle. Sold by druggists. Large bottles 25 cents. Avoid substitutes.

Is any "Flower Born to Blush Unseen"?

The old wives tell us "that blushing is virtue's livery." But, alas! to many a maiden, whose soul is purity itself, has been denied the gracious privilege of wearing the delicate crimson; and all because her skin is covered with blotches, pimples, yellow "liver spots," and other discolorations. Who can tell how such a maiden loathes the very sight of herself, or who shall intrude upon her as she weeps bitter tears over her uncomely appearance? Thrice unhappy she, if by the use of cosmetics, she shall seek to hide her wretched complexion. But if she will use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, to regulate the liver and purify the blood of all poisonous humors, she will find that her "flesh shall come again like unto the flesh of a little child." It cures scrofula, tetter, salt-rheum, pimples, blotches, eruptions, and all skin diseases. Druggists.

The grocer's right of weigh is of one the most important adjuncts of his business.

The Fastest Time on Record,

in the direction of the nearest drug store, is not too fast for any person to make who is troubled with constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or sick headache, and is, therefore, in need of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Gentle and effective; one a dose.

It was a fly that fell into the cake dough that was carried along with the popular currant.

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More than 100,000 persons annually die in this country from Consumption, which is but the child of Catarrh. $500 reward is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of Catarrh which they cannot cure. The Remedy is sold by druggists, 50 cents.

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Watson's cough drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest, for the voice unequalled. See that the letters R. & T. W. are stamped on each drop.

The American aborigines had none of your modern tools, but they were familar with the Indian file.

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When Breadmaker's Yeast *is the subject before us—*
Mamma tried all the rest,
So she knows it's the best, [lightest,
'Cause her bread is the whitest, her buns are the
And we eat all the pancakes she dare set before us.

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Sailing during winter from Portland every Thursday and Halifax every Saturday to Liverpool, and in summer from Quebec every Saturday to Liverpool, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers for Scotland and Ireland; also from Baltimore, via Halifax and St. John's, N.F., to Liverpool fortnightly during summer months. The steamers of the Glasgow lines sail during winter to and from Halifax, Portland, Boston and Philadelphia and during summer between Glasgow and Montreal weekly; Glasgow and Boston weekly, and Glasgow and Philadelphia fortnightly.

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It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.

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Formerly, for over five years, Principal of the Shorthand Institute in connection with the Canadian Business University. Typewriting department under the management of Mr. GEO. BENGOUGH, agent for the Remington Typewriter. Apply for circular. Mention this paper in writing.

AGENTS WANTED for The Illustrated HISTORY OF METHODISM, by the Rev. W. H. Daniels, A.M. New and enlarged edition. The only Popular and accurate one-volume history of the denomination thoroughout the world. 835 pages, 260 illustrations, superbly bound in cloth gilt, and in half-Russia gilt, marbled edges. Not a dry or uninteresting page in the whole book, from beginning to end Terms liberal WM. BRIGGS, Publisher, Toronto, Ont.

AUTOMATIC SAFETY ELEVATORS

Pat. hydraulic, hand and steam elevators.

LEITCH & TURNBULL,
Canadian Elevator Works, Peter and Queen streets, HAMILTON. ONT

TREES

OF ALL KINDS, Dealers billed out on favorable terms

H. H. HURD & SON
Nurserymen, Burlington, Ont.

A Dozen Car Loads Very Fine Native Onions.

SEEDS

Our Annual DESCRIPTIVE and Illustrated Catalogue of **RELIABLE SEEDS** is now ready and will be sent free to all applicants. It contains all the leading and most popular sorts of **Vegetable, Farm and Flower Seeds**, besides all the desirable novelties of this and last season, and everything else in our line of business. **Every Farmer, Market Gardener, Florist, Private Gardener and Amateur** should see a copy of our Catalogue before ordering It will pay you

J. A. SIMMERS 147 KING Street
(Three doors West of the Market)
TORONTO, ONTARIO

Love & Alden, New York; H. Perullier, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brockie, Philadelphia H. A. Allen Portland Boston Montreal.

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 164 West Adelaide St.
TORONTO, ONT.

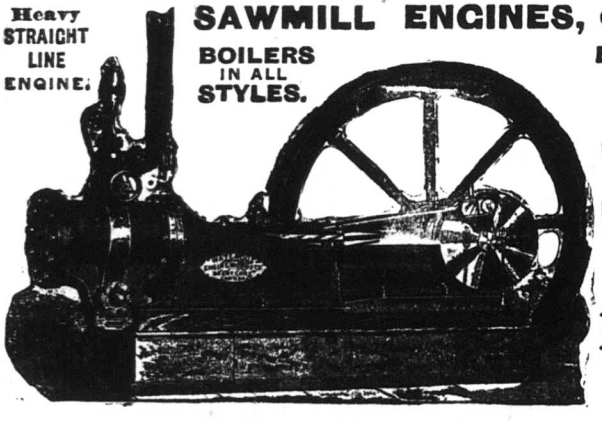
Confederation Life
TORONTO.

THE HOME COMPANY.

OVER **$3,000,000** ASSETS
AND CAPITAL.

SIR. W. P. HOWLAND, President.

W. C. MACDONALD, Actuary. | WM. ELLIOT, E. HOOPER, Vice-Presidents. | **J. K. MACDONALD,** Managing Director.



Heavy STRAIGHT LINE ENGINE.

BOILERS IN ALL STYLES.

SAWMILL ENGINES, Gang Mills,
BAND SAW MILLS,
HEAVY CIRCULAR MILLS With Steel Carriages
SHINGLE, LATH and VENEER Machines.
LINK BELTING for Sawdust Elevators, Conveyors, Carriers

WATEROUS Engine Works Co.,
BRANTFORD, CANADA.

PREVENTION and CURE :

If You Are Strong and Well

Try and keep so by supplying your system with **Strong Nourishment** that will enrich the blood and build up every part of the body, **Flesh, Muscle and Bone,** and fortify you against the attacks of disease.

If You are Sick

Your case demands food that in the smallest bulk contains **POWERFUL NUTRITION** that can be **EASILY DIGESTED** by the weakest stomach

The Food that will supply both these demands is

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,

THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER.

Economy, Equity, Stability.

The Ontario Mutual Life,

ESTABLISHED 1870

Assurances in force, Jan. 1st, 1889	**$12 041 914 00**
New Assurances written in 1888	**2,518,650 00**
Cash Income for 1888	**393 074 00**
Assets, Dec. 31st, 1888,	**1,313,853 00**
Liabilities, as per Government Valuation	**1,223,516 00**
SURPLUS,	**$90,337 00.**

The New Business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while, with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been only $6,500 !

Wm. HENDRY, Manager W. H. RIDDELL, Secretary

LAHEY &

STOCK COMPLETE FOR THE

$24,000 WORTH O

All New, which we will sel

The Grandest Variety of Spring Styles !

THAT YOU HAVE SEEN

We have a bright, new store, filled with new goods, and intend to keep it so. buyers fairly. We want every one interested in dry goods, from a paper of Pins to a S

EST DRY GOODS HOUSI **), AND THE RIGHT PLA**

finest range of Mens' and Boy All Good, Reliable Goods.

ORDERED Cl ts to order from $2.50 up. uaranted first-class. Come f

The Popular House,

REN[illegible]CK.

Before buying Flour, Bran, Shorts, Hay, Coal or Wood, ask the Downey Co. for prices.

A Splendid No. 1 Western Flour

FOR

$2.57

THE DOWNEY COAL

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1889

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas. Lane.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Grammar School, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

R H Peters.

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 488-ly

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Maariage Licenses, 1589fm Camden East., Ont.

—Fresh salmon and white fish, only 10c. per lb at Bruton's.

—Grand bargains in every Department at Robinson & Co's.

—We regret to learn that the Rev. S. Card, of Almonte, has had to relinquish his pastoral duties on account of ill-health. His many friends in Napanee extend

—Robert Perry and Hugh Rankin went fox hunting yesterday afternoon.

—What ! Fresh cod fish and fresh haddock only 7c. per lb at Bruton's.

—Mrs. Albert Brown has purchased the brick residence of John Dickens, on Mill street, and will open a boarding house.

—The Anti-Scott party haved opened committee rooms in the Campbell House block. The windows are coated with what looks like whitewash, but it will take more than whitewash to make such a committee room even appear respectaole.

—Rev Mr. Chambers will on next Sabbath evening, present some lessons from one of our Lords miracles,quite as releavnt to the modern liquor traffic as that of Cana of Galilee. The public are cordially invited.

—The thoroughbred Cleveland Bay and Yorkshire Coach stallions, being imported by Mr. W. H. Hutchinson are expected here to-day. They will be taken directly to the stables in the Brisco House yard where they can be inspected. It will pay farmers to inspect this stock. Adv.

—On Sunday evening Rev. E. N. Baker will deliver a sermon on the sixth com-

THE DOWNEY CO'Y

FOOT CENTRE-ST.,

NAPANEE - ONTARIO.

4088ly

BANKRUPT SALE !

—OF—

BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

FANCY GOODS,

WALL PAPER,

Etc,, Etc.

Having purchased the stock of W. D. Madden, which was sold by auction on February 9th, and not intending to continue the business, I will offer the entire tock, comprising Pianos, Organs, School ooks, Wall Paper, Stationery, etc., at great,y reduced prices.

If you want bargains call early.

F. L. MADDEN.

189cm

—Try SPENCER'S tea, 4 lbs for $1.

—The best hardwood bedstead for $2. 50. at GIBBARD'S.

—For that genuine English breakfast bacon you must go to H. R. SPENCER'S.

—You can buy a good hardwood sideboard at GIBBARD'S for 7. 50 with glass back.

—GIBBARD has the cheapest parlor setts ever offered. You should see them.

—Rubber balls from 1 cent each. Nest Eggs, Marbles, Baskets, Mirrors, Toilet Soap. New supply of Pitchers, Cups and Saucers just arrived at Gallagher's.

—J. Gibbard & Son have just manufactured the finest hardwood bedroom setts ever produced in Canada for $15 per sett, consisting of bedstead, bureau and enclosed washstand. You should see them before buying.

—Dressmaking an art. Miss Allison, Dressmaker, at Robinson and Co's.

—The most delicious sugar cured hams at Spencer's.

—All bedroom setts sold by Gibbard & Son have good true looking-glasses. We use no cheap trash that makes your face look as though you had lost the best friend on earth.

—Be sure and call at Gallagher's, if you want te get new patterns in wall papers and ceiling decorations. The finest lot of new window shades ever brought to Napanee.

—Jack the Ripper—the great detective story of the Whitechapel Murders for 10 cents at the 7 cent store. Bargains in picture frames. 8x10, all complete for 25 cents; an extra good one, worth $1 for 50 cents. Also a nice assortment of printed tea sets of 44 pieces for $2.75 per set, at the 7 cent store, west of the Campbell House.

—Go to Gallagher' for window Poles.

—Go to Gallagher's for School Supplies.

—Go to Gallagher's for Burmese Note Paper.

—Go to Gallagher's for all the latest novels.

partment at Robinson & Co's.

—We regret to learn that the Rev. S. Card, of Almonte, has had to relinquish his pastoral duties on account of ill-health. His many friends in Napanee extend sympathy.

—Persons wishing to improve their memories or strengthen their power of attention should send to Prof. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave., N.Y., for his prospectus post free, as advertised in another column.

1589d.

—Rev. G. S. White, of Amherst Island, was in town on Monday en route to the county of Victoria, where he has gone to assist in the Scott Act campaign. Mr. White is a fluent speaker and will doubtless render valuable assistance there.

—The Brandon Sun says :—"At the late meeting of the quarterly board of the Methodist church it was decided to ask Rev. J. P. Wilson, the present pastor, to remain another term. It has fallen to the lot of few pastors to make such a favorable impression as Mr. Wilson has made in Brandon. He is looked upon as the ablest Methodist minister in the province."

—Edward Shultz, about forty-five years of age, married, was employed in Rothwell's shanty, at Little Lake near Odessa. Two weeks ago to-day while working with a man by the name of Heath, they felled an elm tree which lodged in an ash. The ash snapped, one of the top limbs skimming Shultz's face and breaking his shoulder. He died on Sunday morning last from the effect of his injuries.

—Mr. D. Fowler, of Amherst Island, is an accomplished artist and at the present time some of his pictures are attracting considerable attention in Ottawa where he is showing four water colors at the Art Exhibition. They are named "Low Water Bay of Quinte," "Heavy Squall," "A Wanderer in the Woodlands" and "Old Olive trees at Tivoli. The are all finely executed and show a true artists touch.

—At the Literary Society meeting held in the Eastern Church on Saturday evening, Miss Chambers distinguished herself by spelling down all competitors. As the leader of one of the sides, she rose to the responsibility of the position and although left to oppose no less than seven of the other side came off victorious and made them all take their seats. We congratulate Miss Chambers on her ability. We shall be glad to hear of more spelling matches. They are an educator.

—On Saturday last the Nimmo farm near Camden East was offered for sale by public action. The farm comprises three hundred and fifty acres and a few years ago would readily have brought $11,000 or $12,000. On Saturday it was bid in by Mr. Nimmo, of Edinburgh, for $7,600 or a falling off in price of over thirty per cent. This is another proof of the correctness of the statement recently made in the House of Commons by Sir Richard Cartwright and about which he was so bitterly assailed. The N. P. has done great things for the farmers.

On Monday last no less than seven residents of this county left for various points in Manitoba and the Northwest. A. Gravelstine and wife of North Fredericksburgh go to Morden, Manitoba. Mr. Gravelstine took with him a car load of horses, colts and farming implements. Albert Joyce and Murney Parks of the same township have gone to Deloraine, and Alex. and Thomas Rennie have chosen the same section as their future home. John G. Smith, of Napanee, went to Regina. At this rate of exodus a day's work will soon be worth a day's pay in this county.

to the stables in the Brisco House yard where they can be inspected. It will pay farmers to inspect this stock. Adv.

—On Sunday evening Rev. E. N. Baker will deliver a sermon on the sixth commandment. His sermon last Sunday night was a masterly effort. One week from next Sunday General-superintendent Carman will deliver educational sermons in Napanee.

—Mr. G. W. McCabe has brought us in the champion egg of the season. It measures eight inches one way and nine the other and weighs seven ounces. A Plymouth Rock hen performed the feat of producing this remarkable speciman of hen fruit. The egg is now on exhibition at THE EXPRESS office.

—A load of local talent went out to Switzerville on Wednesday evening to assist at the social held there. They went out in a sleigh but Walt says some of them had to follow a wagon home about two o'clock in the morning, the sleigh having collapsed. And yet people will talk about the fun there is in going to a social in the country.

—The assizes will open here on Monday next, before Justice Falconbridge. Thus far five jury, and two non-jury cases have been entered for trial. There will also be a small amount of criminal business to be disposed of. The jury cases are Webster vs. the Grand Trunk Ry., Wilson vs. the G. T. R., Vanslyck vs. the G. T. R., Lawson vs. Abell, and Curl vs. Baird. The non-jury cases to be tried are Cartwright vs. Stevens and Bartels vs. Vanslyck.

—A peculiar accident happened yesterday at the crossing near Grange's drug store. The horses of Dr. Cowan and Mrs. Sidney Warner met at the crossing, when the Doctor's horse was seized with blind staggers. Rearing, it came down on the wheel of Mrs Warner's carriage and the animal's legs became so entangled in the wheel that the wheel had to be taken off the carriage before the animal could be extricated.

—Harvey Warner and J. Rudd Perry arrived home from the sunny south on Friday last. During their absence they travelled upwards of six thousand miles, passed through twenty-seven States of the Union and took in the sights in some of the most important cities of the Uuited States. They were particularly charmed with New Orleans and its darkeyed beauties.

—On Monday last the Western Canada Loan and Savings Company appointed J. C. Drewry their appraiser for Lennox and Addington, and he is now prepared to loan any amount of money at lowest rates of interest. The Western has a large business in this county. Anyone desiring information regarding either old loans or new ones can procure it by applying directly to J. C. Drewry at THE EXPRESS office.

—Remember the Scott Act mass meeting to be held in the town hall here to-morrow at half-past one. An invitation is extended to all temperance workers in the county. Let there be a grand rally as final arrangements must be made for polling day. Able speakers will address the meeting. Friends of the Scott Act can secure voters lists on application to either A. L. Morden or A. R. Davis. The name of a scrutineer for every polling district in the county must be sent in to the secretary so as to reach him not later than April 1st., as on that day the returning officer will appoint said parties scrutineers for their respection polling districts. Let every committee work faithfully until the night of April 4th, and the result must be the retaining of the Act.

—Mantle Plushes and Silk Sealettes at abargain at Robinson & Co's.

McKENTY.

E SPRING SEASON OF 1889.

OF DRY GOODS

ell extremely cheap for cash.

! The Deepest Cut in Spring Prices !

FOR MANY A SPRING.

. We have a bright and lively business, which we made by selling cheap and treating Silk Dress, to see what we can do. We will prove our claim to being **THE CHEAP-ACE TO BUY READY-MADE CLOTHING.** Spring Stock now complete. The s. No Shoddy. Boys' Suits from $2 up.

Mens' Suits to order from $9.00 up. See these goods and your eyes will be opened. first, last, any time, but don't buy till you come to

LAHEY & McKENTY

—Fresh oranges and lemons only 20c per dozen at Bruton's.

—Mrs. J. W. Bristol in her 88th year has just finished two crib quilts, each containing 1,017 pieces.

—The case of Baird vs. Parks, otherwise known as the North Fredericksburgh protest matter, came up in Toronto on Tuesday last, and was further enlarged until Tuesday, April 9th.

—Division court was held here on Wednesday, before Judge Price. But few cases were disposed of. In the case of John Herring vs. Elias Clapp of Adolphustown, the plaintiff was non-suited, each party to pay their own costs.

—A lively runaway occured on Wednesday afternoon. A horse belonging to Miles Fralick, dashed up Main street as far as John street, and then went up as far as the market square where it was captured. The cutter to which the horse was attached was badly wrecked.

—Messrs. John Rennie and John Cliff, have in contemplation the erection of an Opera House on east street just in rear of the new Rennie block. They propose putt-

SCOTT ACT COLUMN.

It is currently reported that Prayn & Son have secured the refusal of the store adjoining their grocery establishment and that, if the Scott Act is repealed, they will open a liquor store there. Is this why Mr. Harshaw is so opposed to the Scott Act? What do other grocerymen think of this feature of the case?

HOW TO VOTE.

The form of the ballot tickets for the election to take place in these United Counties on the 4th of April, is as below. "Against the Act," is printed in red ink; "For the Act," in black ink:—

AGAINST THE ACT. (Red)	
FOR THE ACT. (Black)	X

Mark your ballots as above,

Hall's remarks he would move to rescind his motion. This was done and then the report of the committee, as originally presented, was adopted.

An effort was made to secure some of the business men to canvass for stock, but nearly all of them pleaded lack of time.

The stock book is now being prepared and will be immediatly circulated.

We trust that the required amount will be raised and that the works will be pushed. The enterprise looks like a safe one, and certainly there is room for such a business in the Bay of Quinte section.

—Twenty-one people left this county for points in Manitoba and the Northwest, on Monday last, and several more have followed them since that time.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. Henry Fralick has gone to New York on business.

—Mr. Henry Lane left for chicago on Tuesday morning.

—Miss Lizzie Miller, is home again after a long visit in Toronto.

—Mrs. J. N. Armstrong, of King[illegible] upon her father, Wilder Joy, Esq.

cutter to which the horse was attached was badly wrecked.

—Messrs. John Rennie and John Cliff, have in contemplation the erection of an Opera House on east street just in rear of the new Rennie block. They propose putting up a fine structure, and fitting it up in first-class style. Mr. Cliff is busily engaged on the plans. If this scheme is carried out, Mr. Ben Brisco, will not rebuild his hall.

—As intimated in last week's paper, Mrs. McCarthy, of Camden East, was, on Saturday last, fined $100 and costs for a second offence against the Scott Act. James M. Gamble, of the Tichborne House, was convicted of having liquor for sale and for offering it for sale, and was fined $50 and costs for each case. He had to contribute $114.50 to the county treasury. Mr. C. A. Cornell, of the Brisco House, has been summoned for to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, to answer to the charge of a second offence against the Scott Act.

—At the last regular meeting of "No Surrender" lodge No. 18 Royal True Blues. The following were duly installed officers for the current year: Bro. J. W. Schryver, W. M.; Bro. Wm. Warner, D. M.; Bro. Jas. Plumley, Chap.; Bro. A. Briggs, R. S.; Bro. M. S. Plumley, Treas.; Bro. F. Scott. F. of C. The nights of meeting were changed to the first and third Thursdays of each month. The lodge is progressing having initiated ten since their December meeting. Visiting brethren are always welcomed.

—For the past few weeks the friends of Amos H. Allison have noticed that he has been rapidly failing in health, and that his mind has gradually been weakening. Last week he grew rapidly worse, so that on Saturday it was deemed advisable to remove him to his brother's residence in the township of Richmond. His mind has become completely unsettled, and it is feared that he will never recover. Heavy losses in bucket shop deals preyed upon his mind constantly, and the result is that today his reason is dethroned.

—On Tuesday afternoon an assault case from Amherst Island engaged the attention of Police Magistrate Daly. The plaintiff was William Fleming and the defendant goes him one better and styles himself William J. Fleming. Both parties reside on Amherst Island. The assault was committed on the 13th day of March, about one mile from the village of Stella. The evidence was conclusive against the defendant and the Magistrate imposed a fine of $4 and costs. Warden Filson was on hand to testify to the previous good character of the defendant, but the Magistrate did not take his evidence.

—We have received a great many reports regarding the sermon delivered on Sunday evening last by Venerable Archdeacon Bedford-Jones. We are informed that he styled prohibition and total abstinence quack remedies, and claimed that the grace of God should be relied upon, rather than the legislation of a parliament, to suppress the liquor traffic. We asked if he advocated the doing away with laws against theft and murder but the reply was "no." Another informant who heard the discourse, tells us that the Archdeacon said "We ought to thank God that we have the whiskey to drink to stimulate us to pray for grace to resist temptation." We can scarcely credit that a professed Christian clergyman should so far forget what he owes to his position and his God as to use his holy office to propogate such damnable doctrine. We prefer thinking that the Archdeacon's hearers have misconstrued his remarks, rather than believe that he forsook the line adopted by our Saviour who preached of Righteousness, Temperance and a Judgment to come.

FOR THE ACT.
(Black) X

Mark your ballots as above,

Beware of the Red Letters!
They are a danger signal!
Keep away from them!

It will be interesting to compare the figures in the coming election with the official returns of the last Scott Act contest, so we publish the information for the benefit of our readers:

Polling Places.	No. of Votes Polled for the Act.	No. of Votes Polled Against the Act.	Majority for the Act.	Majority against the Act.	Total number of Votes Polled.	Rejected.	Spoiled.
Amherst Island	39	95	....	56	134	1	..
Bath	46	34	12	....	80	..	..
Adolphustown	39	69	..	30	108	..	..
Ernesttown, No. 1	65	31	31	....	99	1	1
" 2	65	80	....	15	145	..	6
" 3	157	73	84	....	230	..	..
" 4	86	21	65	....	107	1	..
" 5	105	49	56	....	154	..	4
N. Fredericksburgh, No. 1	58	85	....	27	143	2	..
N. Fredericksburgh, No. 2	44	94	....	50	138	..	..
S. Fredericksburgh, No. 1	46	55	....	9	101	..	..
S. Fredericksburgh, No. 2	34	77	....	43	111	..	1
Richmond, No. 1	62	70	....	8	132	2	..
" 2	84	58	26	...	142	1	..
" 3	33	62	....	29	95	1	1
" 4	69	37	32	....	106	..	..
Napanee, Centre W'd, No. 1	49	82	....	33	131	..	..
Napanee, Centre W'd, No. 2	59	44	15	....	103	2	..
Napanee, West Ward, No. 1	39	38	1	....	77	..	..
Napanee, West Ward, No. 2	52	39	13	....	91	..	..
Napanee, East Ward	65	40	25	....	105	1	..
Camden, No. 1	59	56	3	...	115	1	..
" 2	72	76	....	4	148	..	..
" 3	124	69	55	....	193	1	..
" 4	95	46	49	....	141	..	..
" 5	30	84	....	54	114	5	..
" 6	57	111	...	54	168	1	..
Newburgh	98	54	44	....	152	..	1
Sheffield, No. 1	126	123	3	..	249	4	..
" 2	23	118	....	95	141	1	..
Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, No. 1	8	10	....	2	18	..	..
" 2	8	1	7	....	9	..	..
Kaladar, Anglesea & Effingham, No. 1	43	16	27	....	59	..	..
" No 2	8	11	....	3	19	..	..
	2047	2011	548	512	4058	35	14
			512				
Maj. for the Act	....	....	36				

Agricultural Works.

Another meeting was held in the town hall on Wednesday evening for the purpose of re
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—Mr. Henry Lane left for chicago on Tuesday morning.

—Miss Lizzie Miller, is home again after a long visit in Toronto.

—Mrs. J. N. Armstrong, of Kingston, is upon her father, Wilder Joy, Esq.

—Rev. Father Hogan was in Picton this week, the guest of Father McDonagh.

—John Laird has moved from Napanee to the farm of his brother William near Bath.

—Miss Maud Shepard has returned home after spending six months with friends in New York state.

—Mr. William Hannah, of Toronto, was in town last week closing up matters in connection with his father's estate.

—Mr. Wilkie Grange, of Gananoque, was in town this week visiting his parents. He was on his way east from Toronto.

—The mayor of Yarker was in Kingston on Monday. By the way—does he not go there simi-frequently? Speak up Ben. What is the attraction.

—D. W. Allison and wife were in town on Monday. Mr. Allison has almost recovered from the serious attack of bronchitis which recently prostrated him.

—Mrs. Edith Box, of South Fredericksburgh, has gone to Campbellford to spend a month with her sister, Mrs Mallory. Mrs. Box was accompanied by her son Hugh.

—Mrs. Archie Dingman, of Toronto, arrived here on Wednesday. She is the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lane. Baby Corinne accompanies her mother and is just as cute at ever.

—Mrs. McBierny, of Buffalo, N. Y., is the guest of her father, Charles Lane, Esq. Mr. McBierny is at present in South America on a business trip which has included a visit to England, Spain and other countries.

—Mr. Elliott, of Michigan, surprised his neice, Miss Mary Huffman, by calling on her last week, and making known his identity. They had never met before. On Tuesday uncle and neice went to Kingston to visit Mr. Elliott's brother, the well known cattle dealer of that city.

BORN.

Botting.—At Brandon, Man., on February 24th 1889, the wife of George Botting of a son.

Fleming.—At Belleville, on March 14th 1889, the wife of Mr. John Fleming (formerly of Napanee) of a daughter.

SERVANT GIRL WANTED.

Apply to
MRS. McKENTY,
East St.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT

The Board of Audit

FOR THE COUNTY OF

LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

meet to audit the Public Accounts at

e Court House, in the Town of Napanee, on

iday, April 5th, '89

at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

l accounts for audit must be delivered e Clerk of the Peace on or before the lay of April, 1889.

A. L. MORDEN,
Clerk of the Peace,
County of Lennox and Addington.

Napanee, March 21, 1889. 1689b

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examine our stock of Flour, Feed Bran, Pork, Sugar and Tea at prices never before heard of. 3 lbs. of tea dust for 25c. All goods warranted to give satisfaction, or will refund money. GEO. I. HAM.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FR

1889 Spring 1889

The Napanee

Agricultural

WORKS

are again to the front with a Splendid Line of Agricultural Implements.

FARMERS

will study their best interests in purchasing from us, and we commend to their attention the following list of the best farming implements, which we are now in a position to supply at bottom prices.

Iron Frame Daisy Seeder

The Iron Frame Daisy Seeder, in the matter of simplicity, accuracy, and range of work, is without a successful rival.

It distributes all kinds of grain or grass seeds, without change of cumbersome gear wheels, which are done away with, the change of quantity being made in a moment, whether drill is in motion or at rest. The wide throats of the cups prevent all clogging with dirty seed. Our improved feed does not break nor crack the grain. To sow a larger quantity, a larger surface of the Fluted Feed Rolls, is brought into play, and the size of the cups remaining the same, the force of the feed is kept up during all changes. The grain is forced out, not spilled out.

The Daisy is furnished with the Latest and Best Improved Spring Hoe. The bars are strong and rigid and the Hoes can be almost instantly changed from Drill to Broadcast and vice versa. These Spring Hoes admit of the Daisy being used for cultivating, fallow or fall plowing.

Spring Tooth Harrow

We are able to offer to the trade and

ATTRACTIONS

—AT—

ROBINSON & CO'S,

Successors to Downey & Co.

NEW MILLINERY

Is the absorbing topic with the ladies. Miss Smith and her large staff are kept as busy as bees showing the many new and pretty styles and executing orders. Our stock of Childrens' Trimmed Hats is unusually attractive. Sailor Hats in endless variety. No trouble to show you the styles.

DRESS GOODS

DRESS GOODS

We have been fortunate in our selection of Dress Goods for this season. The patterns are all new and being imported direct cannot be obtained from other dealers. Moreover the prices are much lower than usual. Bargains in all wool Dress Goods at 15 cents worth 25 cents; bargains in French Dress Goods at 25 cents worth 40 cents.

Our Prints are pronounced the prettiest to be seen anywhere. We had the choice of the best manufacturers' stocks, and for variety and cheapness they cannot be equalled. See shem before buying.

We are making a psecialty of Jacket Cloths and our stock is very large.

Miss Allison is always pleased to

WANTED.

A GOOD SERVANT GIRL.

Apply to Mrs. BAKER, at the Western Methodist Parsonage. 1989

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario. Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,
4288 PROPRIETOR

FOR SALE.

Pugs and Lap Dogs.

about six weeks old. Enquire at "Riverview," South Napanee. 1889etf

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2888ly Barristers, Napanee

TO LET!

Stores, Hall and Offices with vaults to let in Rennie Block, Napanee, now ready for occupation and will be rented at moderate rents.

Apply to JOHN RENNIE.
17dtf 30 Adelaide street, East, Toronto,
Or to LAHEY & MCKENTY, Napanee.

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 9891y.

LIME.

The undersigned begs to announce that he is now prepared to furnish

Roach Lime and Choice Building Stone.

Extra good coursing stone at reasonable prices. The Lime Kiln is now in operation. Orders left at Perry & Madole's hardware store will receive prompt attention.

THOMAS MEAGHER,
1689cm Roblin's Hill, near Napanee.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,
(County of Lennox and Addington,)
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONBR, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.
TAMWORTH, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4588lv

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned desires to inform the public that he is prepared to

Spring Tooth Harrow

We are able to offer to the trade and farming community, our Spring Tooth Harrow, which is far in advance of anything attained before, and easily adjusted, so as to adapt itself to all kinds of soil, by simply raising or lowering the teeth.

Farmers can save the price of one of these Harrows in a very short time, in time and labor saved in going over the ground, as once going over prepares and mellows it up in such a condition to receive the seed as would not be obtained in going over three or four times with any of the ordinary Harrows. It is also the best seed coverer in the world.

Ground prepared by this Harrow will yield a larger crop than by any other agricultural implement, because it pulverizes the ground thoroughly, cuts the soil from the bottom, shakes it up, and leaves it in a loose condition; in so doing, it shakes out all grass, thistles, and weeds, leaving them on the surface in the sun, where they die much quicker than if half covered up.

We have also arranged to supply the farmers of this county with the

Eagle Sulky Harrow

one of the most useful Agricultural Implements now made. LIGHT DRAFT, no WALKING, no LOADING or UNLOADING from field to field. It is constructed of the very best material in the market, **Solid Steel Teeth in Every Harrow**, and **Solid Steel Spokes in Every Wheel**, and is designed to fill a long felt want in the agricultural world, as it is a well known fact that the present cumbersome and altogether unsatisfactory Harrow is unable to do the necessary work, and is altogether unworthy of the age in which we live. It is as far in advance of the present Harrow in use as the latest improved binder is in advance of the old-fashioned sickle. Past attempts to remedy this has brought out many other altogether unnecessary and expensive implements.

Herring's 2-Horse Iron Cultivator, and 2-Horse Wooden Frame Cultivator

are unequalled in these counties for first class work. Strong, well-built and always to be depended upon, they are the only Implements suitable for cultivating our hard clay ground.

We solicit a call and an inspection for the above and think it will be to the interest of the farmers of these counties to purchase at home where repairs if required, can be quickly and easily procured. Fall in with the crowd and secure the best Spring Implements on the most favorable terms. Every endeavor will be made to serve our patrons so acceptably that they will find it to their best interests to continue dealing with us.

The Napanee Ag'l Works.

JOHN HERRING.

1889 3m

cheapness they cannot be equalled. See shem before buying.

We are making a psecialty of Jacket Cloths and our stock is very large.

Miss Allison is always pleased to help you with her advice as to length of dress pattern, style of making and trimming, whether you wish to have it made by her or not.

KID GLOVES

KID GLOVES

Kid Gloves fresh from the hands of the maker in Austria at 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.25 per pair. These goods are confined to our trade.

CARPETS

OILCLOTHS

New patterns in Carpets being added every week to our stock to replace those that are being sold. Despite cost sales and cheap sales of every description we are selling more Carpets this year than ever before.

A splendid lot of Oilcloths just to hand in all qualities to the heaviest English Floor Oils.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

As usual our display of Scotch and Canadian Suitings, English and French Worsteds, Spring Overcoatings and many novelties in Pantings have been appreciated, and Mr. Walters reports orders far in excess of last season. Special bargains in all Wool Tweeds from 35c. per yard up.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Another lot of Boys' Clothing to hand. Our stock is the largest; our styles are the latest and every Suit is guaranteed to fit perfectly. Mothers, bring your boys to us for clothing.

Robinson & Co

Successors to Downey & Co

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned desires to inform the public that he is prepared to

Raise or Move Buildings

of all kinds on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms. Satisfaction guaranteed. Call on or address

1489cm ALBERT N. WAGAR.

DR. E. MENG,

Veterinary Surgeon,

GRADUATE ONT. VET. COLLEGE, SOME TIME STUDENT OF DR. ACKERILL, OF BELLEVILLE.

Office:—Opposite Market, John-st.

NAPANEE, ONT.

Where he may be consulted on Diseases of the Horse and all domesticated animals. 2288ly

HOUSE PAINTING

BY

S. W. PRINGLE.

PAINTING AND GRAINING, PAPER HANGING, KALSOMINING, GLAZING, ETC.

First-class workmen. Prompt service and moderate charges.

249 Centre street, - NAPANEE, ONT.

2088ly

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2788ly E. VANALSTINE,

Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors, Toronto.

WANTED.

Elm Stave Bolts and Logs For Hoops,

to be delivered at the

Cement Company's Works

at Napanee Mills, or at any point along the line of N. T. & Q. Ry.

For particulars as to cutting, etc., apply to

NAPANEE CEMENT WORKS,

1789dtf Napanee Mills.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The subscriber will offers to sell or rent the South part of Lot No. 23, 6th Concession of North Fredericksburgh, one and one-half miles east of Napanee, on the Kingston Road, containing about one hundred acres. Good frame house, 24 x 30, with cellar, good frame barn, 48 x 52, orchard, and other fruit trees, well watered, about fifty acres fall plowing done, balance meadow and pasture. Possession given immediately. For further particulars apply to the owner,

CHARLES LOWRY,

1689dtf Kingston Road.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for saleh's farm of 112 acres, being the north part of lot two, in the third concession of Richmond. The greater part of the land is cleared and under cultivation. On the place are a good frame house, barn and two sheds, two wells and a spring, and in the neighborhood are two churches, a school house and cheese factory. The proprietor would accept a small place in part pay for the farm. For particulars enquire of the proprietor, or JOHN ENGLISH, Esq., Napanee.

ROBT MARTIN,

Jan 7th, 1889 1589dt Napanee

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year.

FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No 19.

DO NOT DELAY

But call and examin our stock of Flour, Fee Bran, Pork, Sugar an Tea at prices never before heard of. We sel 20 per cent cheaper thar any other house in town 12 bars of family soap for 25 cents.

2888ly GEO. I. HAM

BAIRD VS. PARKS.

THE NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH PROTEST.

Judge Wilkison Hears Part of the Evidence.

Pursuant to an order made by R. G. Dalton, Master in Chambers at Toronto, evidence in the North Fredericksburgh protest is to be taken before Judge Wilkison and transmitted to the court at Toronto. On Tuesday last between thirty and forty witnesses appeared at the court house, brought thither by subpœnas served on them at the instance of Edward Baird, the petitioner.

Messrs. Preston & Ruttan appeared for their client, the redoubtable Edward, and H. M. Deroche looked after the interests of Mr. Parks.

The first witness called was P. R. McCabe, clerk of the township. He was called to produce the returns made by the deputy returning officers, the poll books and other papers in connection with the election. The chief point in his evidence was that he did not act as agent for Irvine Parks during the campaign, and that Mr. Parks did not have an agent at the No. 3 poll. The agents' authorities filed were produced.

Several other witnesses were called, including Mac Fralick, Azel Schryver, Geo. Smith, Thos. Smith, Daniel Lucas, Henry Hough, John G. Lucas, Robert Brown and James Parks.

Daniel Lucas swore that Irvine Parks had talked with him on the Saturday before the election, and had promised him pay for his day. Lucas swore that Henry Hough was present and was included in the offer.

Henry Hough was called but contradicted Lucas. He swore positively that no offer had been made.

Robert Brown and James Parks gave evidence as to an offer made by P. R. McCabe.

John G. Lucas testified that his son Daniel had told him that it was McCabe that had made the offer instead of Parks.

Evidence was given that owing to the new division of the township certain voters were disfranchised. By reference to the poll books it was found that all of the parties mentioned had voted.

The case about Mrs. Snider voting at number three poll was taken up with a view of making a point against the deputy-returning officer for allowing her to vote. The Judge said that the officer had done exactly right and that he could not refuse a ballot to any one taking the oath.

Taking of evidence was adjourned until this (Friday) morning at ten o'clock.

Waterworks.

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.

Sir,—I have been very much interested in what you have been saying on the water-works question, and heartily agree with you that the town ought to take hold of

The following extracts from a report presented to the School Board at their last meeting, speak for themselves:

After a toilsome climb up a long hill, which few of the members of the board ever take on foot, we reached the High school. The average attendance is about one hundred and thirty, but a considerable number of students were absent and in fact irregularity of attendance is one of the difficulties which is inseparable from the location of the school, and the bad ventilation of crowded rooms. The accommodations are totally inadequate. We believe that in Mr. Reid's room in the West Ward school, there are more cubic feet of space than in the entire High school. At the time of its purchase this building may have been the best provision under the circumstances, but it was at the most a temporary makeshift, the wisdom of which was doubted then and subsequent events have changed doubts into certainties. The only good thing now remaining in keeping with the present conditions and proportions of the school is the site. We are not a little surprised that the Inspector's have even in their extreme leniency permitted the present state of affairs to exist so long.

In our opinion Mr. Fessenden and his assistants constitute an efficient staff, well qualified to do the work committed to them, but are crippled and hampered by their surroundings. If they were furnished with rooms of sufficient dimensions, well lighted and properly ventilated, we believe the results of their labors would not only be largely increased so far as the present attendance is concerned, but would draw largely from places not now tributary to the school. The grounds and closets are kept clean.

In conclusion we are not unmindful of the honor conferred upon us in this appointment, we having been the first visiting trustees at the schools for months past, and we take the liberty of recommending that, in order to increase the personal knowledge and efficiency of the Board, each member be selected in turn to visit the schools and report in writing the results of his inspection, both as to the character of the work done and the conditions of the rooms and buildings. All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed.) ALEX. HENRY.
A. W. GRANGE.

Napanee April 9th 1889.

We understand that the Board have decided to ask the corporation to provide the necessary funds for the erection of a High school at once. The application will be made next Monday night. The Board have decided to erect a $12,000 building, and wish to have it ready for occupation by the first of January next. They have decided wisely and will doubtless be heartily supported by a large majority of the ratepayers.

Manitobaand British Columbia.

Parties going to Manitoba or British Columbia should buy through tickets over Canadian Pacific R. R. from J. L. Boyes, Napanee. He can sell a ticket from Napanee to destination and check baggage through. No other agent can do this. When passengers have a through ticket and baggage checked through they avoid all trouble. 1389 2m

Sale of Imported Stock.

Last week Mr. W. H. Hutchinson sold one of his imported shire colts, Mowbray 7850 S. H. S. B. to Messrs. Bogart Bros., of Adolpustown, who have secured in this admirable youngster, a horse that will not only prove a worthy descendant of that grand old prize winner "Beauchief," but will be of great benefit in advancing the quality of heavy horses in this section. We understand the price paid is a pretty long one, but we have no doubt the returns will

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

OTTAWA, April 9.—The House of Commons during the week has been unusually dull, the reaction from the excitement of the Jesuit debate. Monday evening the House did not sit owing to Mr. Pope's death, and on Wednesday the Premier eulogized his dead colleague, declaring in trembling tones, that he had lost the best friend he had in the world. The House then went on with its business, reminding one that,

> "The gay will laugh when thou art gone
> The solemn brood of care plod on,
> And each one as before will chase
> His favorite phantom.",

The late minister had a standing joke with news hunters. He would say he had a good item, get the reporter to take out his note book and then whisper "The devil's dead." This was the item. On one occasion he said. "I always tell you newspaper fellows to go to the devil."

The C. P. R. debt conversion bill has been delayed in passage, by the unexpected announcement by the Premier that the government had come to an agreement with the C. P. R. Co. so the 120 mile link from Harvey to Moncton N. B., would be built. The maritime members, irrespective of party, held out against the bill until something was done to compel the C. P. R. to build the link as Sir Chas. Tupper had promised. The Premier refused to say what the nature of the agreement was, as the time was inopportune, so the opposition obstructed the bill in default of the information.

The Irish Home Rule resolutions were reached yesterday but the rules of order threw them over till to-morrow or perhaps Monday. On Monday they would stand first on the paper.

The bill increasing the salaries of the judges, introduced by the government, will be dropped. Praiseworthy efforts have been made to get through by Easter, but all to no purpose as it is evident now that May will perhaps be here before prorogation.

Lord Francis Cecil, the second son of the Marquis of Exeter, has been declared a bankrupt. His liabilities are £21,000.

La Minerve believes Rufus Pope, only son of the late Hon. John Henry Pope will be the conservative candidate in Compton county.

Despatches from India say that 15,000 persons were rendered homeless by the great fire at Surat. Cholera has broken out in the town.

It is rumored that Mr. Meredith will go upon the bench, and that Mr. Dalton McCarthy will take the leadership of the Ontario opposition.

Owing to the distressed condition of the negroes on the canal works, Panama, the British consul yesterday distributed bread among the sufferers.

The by-law granting $20,000 to the Kingston, Smith's Falls and Ottawa railway company was carried in Eastard township

Waterworks.

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.

Sir,—I have been very much interested in what you have been saying on the waterworks question, and heartily agree with you that the town ought to take hold of this matter. The town can borrow money much cheaper than can any private individual, and the saving on a loan of twenty or thirty thousand dollars would be quite an important item. My idea is, to buy out Mr. Northey's plant, borrow sufficient money to complete the works, and then let the town own and run them. Under the present contract, the town will have to expend over $1,500 a year for which they merely get fire protection. If the corporation owned the works, a snug revenue would be received from the Grand Trunk Railway and from private parties. I believe that enough would be received to pay running expenses and thus give the town its fire protection free. This would be a saving of fifteen hundred dollars a year to the town, which sum could go to form a sinking fund, which would very soon pay for the entire works. I believe that Mr. Northey ought to be seen at once, and his lowest price secured for the pipe already laid, etc.

Our town financers ought to give this matter their earnest attention, as it is of great importance. Thanking you for your space, I remain yours, etc.,

RATEPAYER.

Napanee, April 11th, 1889.

NAPANEE, April 9th, 1889.

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.

As you invite correspondence on the subject of waterworks, allow me to express the opinion, that it is one of the most important matters that the people of Napanee have to consider.

I have always opposed the Northey scheme, because I thought that the Electric Light Company were promoting it, more for the purpose of making money out of it than to benefit the people of the town, and because they did not propose to supply us with good drinking water, but I am strongly in favor of the corporation constructing waterworks, and I think the first step that should be taken, should be to employ some skilful and competent engineer, who has made a special study of the subject, and let him examine carefully the different sources from which a good supply of pure water could be obtained, and report which he considered the best and most reliable plan or system for us to adopt, and make an estimate of the cost of construction and maintenance, not for one year or ten years but for one hundred years, because the system that will last the longest, and cost the least for maintenance and repairs, would certainly be the cheapest in the long run, and is the one that we should certainly adopt. Yours very truly,

TRADER.

A Contradiction.

Editor EXPRESS:

Sir,—Having seen a statement made by J. M. Smith, of Tamworth, in last week's issue headed "A Lie Nailed," I hereby deny making the statement referred to, and demand the names of Mr. Smith's informants. Hoping you will be kind enough to give me space in your paper,

I remain, yours truly,
D. W. BALL, Bath, Ont.

April 10, 1889. adv

A Cure For Lumbago.

That painful complaint can be quickly cured by the right remedy. Miss Mary Jane Gould, of Stoney Creek, Ont., says: "I was troubled with lumbago and could not get relief until I used Hagyard's Yellow Oil, one bottle of which cured me entirely."

admirable youngster, a horse that will not only prove a worthy descendant of that grand old prize winner "Beauchief," but will be of great benefit in advancing the quality of heavy horses in this section. We understand the price paid is a pretty long one, but we have no doubt the returns will be ample to compensate these gentleman who have shown so much pluck in introducing such high priced stock.

Obituary.

AMEY.

This week we have to chronicle the sudden death of Jane Maria, wife of Amerit Amey, of the township of Camden, which sad event took place on Sunday morning last. Deceased retired on Saturday night in apparently good health. About one o'clock she was seized with a violent fit of coughing and expired about two o'clock. It is supposed that she ruptured a blood vessel.

Mrs. Amey was the eldest daughter of the late Captain Joshua B. Lockwood, and was born in the township of Ernesttown nearly sixty-five years ago. Deceased was a sister of I. J. Lockwood of Napanee. About forty-six years ago, deceased was married to Amerit Amey and he and several children survive her.

PERSONAL.

Miss Victoria Burns left for New York on Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Archie Dingman returned to Toronto yesterday.

—John Dollar and family will remove to Rochester, N. Y., next week.

—Mr. R. L. Roe of the engineering staff of the Pennsylvania, R. R., is spending his holidays in town.

—Mrs. Wm. Embury and family have removed to their summer residence in North Fredericksburgh.

—Messrs. W. A. Rombough and W. R. Frens leave for Manitoba next Monday. Mr. Rombough has a farm at Deloraine.

—Mr. Ed. Curlette and wife are visiting in town. Ed. has secured a good situation in New York city and will remove there with his family.

—Mr. L. McGowan goes to Toronto on Monday and intends to remove there shortly. We are very sorry to lose him, as he is one of the leading lights of the new party.

—Mr. Will Robbie, of Bay City, Michigan, has been visiting with friends at Croydon and Tamworth. He has secured a situation as bookkeeper with a firm in Calgary, N. W. T. and will leave in a few days to enter upon his duties.

—Mrs. W. S. Williams and Miss Williams have been spending a few days in town prior to their departure for the far west. Mrs. Williams leaves to-morrow night for Los Angeles. Miss Williams only goes as far as St. Louis, at present, but will likely join the rest of the family in September. Mrs. Williams and her daughter have been very popular in Napanee, and will be greatly missed.

DIED.

HAWLEY.—At Hay Bay on the 7th inst., Samual Hawley aged 85 years.

FORWARD.—At Ernesttown station on Tuesday, April 9th 1889, the wife of W. D. Forward aged 24 years.

AMEY.—At the township of Camden on Sunday April 7th, Jane Maria, wife of Amerit Amey, aged 64 years and 11 months.

A Frightened Mother.

"My little girl 4 years old, frightened me one night by a croupy cough, but I gave her a dose of Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which relieved her at once, and she slept well all night. I have since used it in several cases of croup, frost bites, etc., and find it always reliable. Mrs. Eva Bradley, Virden, Man.

Ulcerated Stomach.

"For three years I was unable to work, suffering from ulcerated stomach. Medical aid having failed, I was told to try Burdock Blood Bitters, of which 7 bottles made a permanent cure. This was two years ago, and I feel that I have to thank B. B. B. for being alive and well today." Mrs. Rose Ann McCloskey, Marmora, Ont.

Richard Baillie, of Rawdon township, has entered suit against Hess, the general agent of the Henry Crawford Seed and Grain Company, charging defendant with having obtained unlawfully and converted to his own use the complainant's note for $160.

Owing to the distressed condition of the negroes on the canal works, Panama, the British consul yesterday distributed bread among the sufferers.

The by-law granting $20,000 to the Kingston, Smith's Falls and Ottawa railway company was carried in Bastard township by a majority of five.

Hon. Mr. Everest, a wealthy Englishman, who owns the Ridgmere stock farm at Winnepeg, has decided to make the same trip as that just completed by the Earl of Londsdale. He has engaged his party, purchased the necessary equipments for his long and hazardous journey, and leaves Winnepeg next Thursday. Mr. Everest expects to be away about two years, exploring the region of the Artic Circle.

In the course of his speech in favor of Imperial Federation last session Mr. Dalton McCarthy contended that Canadian barley growers were not dependant upon the United States market, as they could export barley to England. At the instance of the Ontario Minister of Agriculture, some samples of Ontario barley were recently sent to England to be tested by the malsters and brewers of that country, and they have been pronounced unsuited for the purposes for which barley is required in England. Mr. McCarthy's theories are therefore exploded by practical experiment, and our farmers must continue to sell their barley to the Americans. When we get Unrestricted Reciprocity Canadian barley will be worth at least ten cents a bushel more than it is now.

OTTAWA, April 8.—A startling discovery has been made here that all the Scott Act repeal voting on Thursday was illegal and void. The proper lists to use are the Dominion voters' lists, but on Thursday the lists used were the new lists of names set up here at the Printing Bureau, which are not authorized by any law, are not revised, and are not voters' lists at all in a proper and legal sense. They are supposed to be a copy of the old voters' lists. But in any event they are at present mere proof sheets from a printing office, not authorized to be used. The proof-reader has usurped the functions of the revising barrister. The lists used on Thursday bear absolutely no imprint of authority, not even a statute authorizing their setting up, as admitted by the Minister of Justice in the House the other day in reply to Mr. Edgar. Mr. Chapleau one morning ordered the superintendent of the Printing Bureau to set up a million names. This was done and nobody knows what names are on or off these lists. Mr. E. H. Bronson, M. P. P. for Ottawa, has voted in Carleton County for thirty years, but when he went out on Thursday to vote against the repeal he found his name not on the list, and could not vote His name is on the list of 1885, the only authorized list in existence, yet his vote was refused. The type-setter or the proof-reader dropped his name off, and presto, he is disfranchised. The Hon. R. W. Scott, Q. C. senator and author of the Scott Act, give the opinion that every election where the new lists were used is void. The Clerk of the Crown-in-Chancery says the new lists were used in every contest of Thursday.

Mr. Stubbs has been made petitioner in the Cardwell contested election.

Donald Morrison, the Megantic outlaw, still eludes the army of Montreal and Quebec policemen who are pursueing him amidst the Magantic hills.

The Safe Plan

when suffering from a troublesome cold, a hacking cough, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis or any other forms of throat or lung troubles is to use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam to loosen the phlegm and soothe and heal the inflamed mucous surfaces. It cures where others fail.

THE DESERTED FARM.

A TRAGIC STORY OF OLD CANADA.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTER.

[The story opens with a gentleman's account of a visit paid by him to the village of St. Claude in the Province of Quebec. In one of his walks he stumbled across what appeared to be a deserted farm-house and farm, and it was his enquiries as to the history of the neglected place, which elicited from the priest of the village the narrative contained herein.

A century ago Antoine Desjarniers and his wife had come to that place from France, and being of rather superior education to the ordinary run of immigrants, and withal industrious and benevolent, they soon attained considerable wealth and were reverenced and beloved by their poorer neighbors. They had one son, Felix, the pride of his parents' hearts, but Providence had denied them one of their dearest wishes in withholding from them a daughter. However, by the death of a neighbour, who left, without home or friends a sweet little daughter, they were enabled in a measure to fill this want by the adoption of the little Louise. When the children grew up they became engaged and about five months from the time fixed for the nuptials Felix, who was impatient for the happy event took a trip to Nova Scotia on business to be absent about four months. That would bring his wedding day close at hand on his return.]

CHAPTER II.—MONSIEUR LE CURE RESUMES HIS NARRATIVE.

"Years passed away. At St. Claude, matters progressed in the accustomed quiet way; but nothing had been heard of or from Felix Desjarniers. In France, however, there were already signs of the outbreak of the terrible revolution that was to revenge the wrongs of ages, and that was to strike down in its ruthless progress alike the innocent and the guilty.

"In the year 1796, Monsieur Ligny, the then cure of St. Claude, was compelled to visit Paris to receive a legacy bequeathed to him by some distant relative, whose name he had scarcely ever heard, for he was himself a native of Canada, and had never in his life been a hundred miles distant from his native village.

"When M. Ligny was about to embark for Quebec, there to take passage to France, poor M. Desjarniers, who still believed that his son would one day return, and who would not hearken to those who believed that the young man—so long unheard of—must be dead, besought the good cure to seek out Felix, if possible, and conjure him to return home to his loving father forthwith.

"Poor man! always, even in his youth, having lived in a remote province of France, and so many long years a resident of St. Claude, he fancied that it would be as easy a matter to seek out a person in Paris, or in France, as it was in the then thinly populated province of Lower Canada!

"M. Ligny had not the heart to undeceive the poor, lonely old man. He could not conscientiously bid him hope; but he promised to do his best to discover whether his son was still living, and, if he could find him, to try to persuade him to return to St. Claude.

"M. Ligny had been six weeks in Paris. His business was completed, and he had neither seen nor heard anything of Felix

"'The haughtiest aristocrat in Paris,' was the reply. 'But do not think that the people care to see him. No, no! It is Madame they wish to gaze upon,—Madame the Viscountess, the most beautiful woman in Paris; and she is as good and amiable as she is lovely. 'Tis a thousand pities she has not a husband more worthy of her."

"By this time, M. Ligny had recollected the name; but he had not time to ask further questions before the carriage was close to him, necessarily proceeding at a snail's pace; greatly, as it appeared, to the annoyance of one of its occupants—a gentleman attired in a gorgeous military uniform, who, at this moment, thrust his head out of the window, and cried, in a voice of thunder, to his coachman, "Why do you not drive faster? Drive over the wretches if they don't get out of the way!"

"A low growl from the crowd was the only response, and the driver still did his best to proceed at a more rapid pace. As the carriage passed onward, M. Ligny was enabled to perceive that the only other occupant of the vehicle was a lady magnificently attired, but he could not discern her features.

"The carriage was close to the gate, and about to enter the court-yard, when the young man already spoken of, whom M. Ligny believed to be Felix Desjarniers, suddenly sprang upon the door-steps, and gazed boldly into the open window.

"A tremendous blow, hit full in his face by the Viscount, immediately struck him down, senseless and bleeding among the crowd.

"'Drive on!' shouted the enraged nobleman to his coachmam. 'You are as great a bore as any among the rabble. One scoundrel has got his deserts. Pity that I cannot serve all the same way!'

"'Ah, Charles,' exclaimed the Viscountess, in a low voice, yet so sweet and clear that it was distinctly audible above the murmurs of the crowd. 'I fear me you have hurt that poor man. It was cruel to strike so hard a blow. Poor fellow! it was likely mere curiosity which induced him to look in at the window.'

"The Viscount's answer was inaudible, and presently the carriage entered the court yard, and the gates were closed behind it.

"M. Ligny now sought to approach the stricken man to render such service as he was capable of; but Felix—if, indeed it was he—had been borne away by some of the bystanders, and the crowd was too dense to allow the good father to follow them.

"M. Ligny extricated himself as soon as possible from the throng. The spectacle no longer afforded him any pleasure, and during the remainder of that day, and during several days afterwards—postponing his departure from Paris for an entire week—he sought—by making inquiries at the hospitals, and by every means that occurred to him—to discover the whereabouts of the poor injured man; but no one knew the name of Felix Desjarniers, and all his endeavours proved fruitless. At length he was obliged to take his departure from Paris without having succeeded in gaining the object which had caused his delay in the capital. He sailed from Havre, and in due time arrived in safety at his quiet peaceful home.

"He had not the heart to acquaint M. Desjarniers with the abject condition in which he believed he had met with M. Felix-

ance, and I have waited patiently for it, that it might be all the sweeter when the hour arrived. It has come at last. You are my first victim. But if it will be any consolation to you, know that there are three others upon whom I intend to wreak my vengance. Madame Lavigny and her two children will soon follow you—dying the same swift death. Now I have done with you." And with these last words, he stood aside, the fatal knife fell, and, in view of the gaping crowd, who enjoyed the cruel spectacle, Colonel Viscount de Lavigny was launched into eternity.

"Within a few weeks of her unhappy husband's execution, Madame de Lavigny and her two children were arrested at the instigation of Francois Moulins, and confined in the Conciergerie, in different apartments; the unhappy mother having been forbidden to have any communication with her innocent offspring. Months elapsed, with purposed and cruel delay, ere the poor lady was brought to trial; and then the charges that were preferred against her sound like mockery to our ears at the present day.

"The Viscountess Lavigny was charged not only with having aided and abetted her husband in conspiring against the liberties of the new born republic, but also with training up her children to work future evil to the republic under the guise of childish innocence and ignorance.

"The unhappy lady, and her daughter Louise, were condemned to death; and though, on account of his extreme youth, the life of the little boy, named Felix—after his mother's never forgotten, although forsaken lover—was spared, it had, perhaps, been a greater mercy to the poor child had he perished on the scaffold with his parents and sister.

"Although condemned to die, the execution of the unfortunate Viscountess and her daughter was delayed for a few days, at the instigation of Francois Moulins, whose vengeance was not yet satiated. He wished to embitter the few remaining hours of his unhappy and helpless victims, and to render more terrible the pangs of death.

"The poor mother prayed and entreated that during the few days of life which yet remained to her, she might have the society of her innocent children. Her prayers and entreaties were not listened to. She was told that her children would accompany her to the scaffold—her daughter to suffer with her—her little son to witness the death; but, until the day appointed for her execution, she would not be permitted to see one or the other of her children.

"The Viscountess was confined in a cell in the Conciergerie, in the companionship of a young women of inferior rank, who had fallen under the suspicion of the republic but whose fate had not yet been decided. Francois Moulins had been appointed temporarily, and, as it is surmised, at his own request, one of the gaolers of the Conciergerie; and it was his greatest pleasure to listen at the door of his poor victim's cell, and hear her complaints and lamentations.

"One day—only the day previous to that appointed for her execution—Madame de Lavigny related the history of her early life to her unfortunate companion, and bitterly lamented her unfaithfulness to her betrothed husband, and her ingratitude to her foster-parents. To her unfaithfulness and ingratitude she attributed all the evils that had come upon her, and her husband and children.

"'Tis the judgment of heaven upon my sins,' she said; 'and may heaven grant that they may thus be expiated upon earth; and that I may find mercy and forgiveness in the world to come. Oh, that I could but ask the forgiveness of my dear foster parents, if

his son was still living, and, if he could find him, to try to persuade him to return to St. Claude.

"M. Ligny had been six weeks in Paris. His business was completed, and he had neither seen nor heard anything of Felix Desjarniers. The good cure was anxious to return to his peaceful home; for, even in his inexperienced eyes, the signs of the approaching conflict between the aristocracy and the people were patent, although those who had the greatest cause for dread still remained apathetic. He was on his way to an office to secure his passage on board a vessel that was to sail in a few days from Havre-de-Grace for Quebec, when the unusual throng of people in the Boulevard Italiens attracted his attention; and upon making inquiry, he was informed that there was to be that day a grand *levee* at the Tuileries.

"The people of Paris, notwithstanding their antagonistic feelings towards the once idolized monarchy and revered aristocracy, were still attracted by anything that promised them a free spectacle. Alas! it was the only amusement that many of them could afford themselves: and M. Ligny himself, who had never seen anything of a Court in his life, thought that he, too, before he quitted Paris for ever, would like, for once, to see the gay equipages of the land, and perhaps even to get a glimpse at royalty itself. It would be something to amuse his friends with when he returned to his home, so he pushed forward with the crowd. "He had been for some half-hour standing near the gates of the Tuileries, watching the gorgeous equipages, as they rolled past into the enclosure, and marvelling at the still more gorgeous dresses of the occupants of the carriages, and listening, too, to the suppressed murmurs and threats of many of the more turbulent amongst the lookers-on, when a tall, raggedly-clothed man brushed rudely past him, and took his stand still nearer to the gates.

"He had caught a glimpse of the man's features as he pushed rudely by, and, amidst the forest of hair with which the face was covered, he was almost certain that he recognised the once handsome features of Felix Desjarniers. Yes; squalid as was his attire—once always so neat and trim—and sunken and dirt-begrimed as were the features, there was no mistaking the young man. Though some distance off, he stood in a position in which his profile was clearly visible; and marvelling to himself what could have brought Felix so low, when, with his education and natural abilties, he could not fail, if he tried, to earn at least a decent livelihood—or, if he did not chose to work, when a single line sent to his father would have been immediately responded to,—M. Ligny strove to push his way through the crowd, resolved, if he could but get near enough, to address the young man at all hazards, and redeem the promise he had made to the broken-hearted father. With all his exertions, however, the good priest could approach only within several feet of the spot on which Felix stood, and there he was content until, by some fortunate chance, he could draw near enough to speak without being overheard by others.

Suddenly there was a great commotion in the crowd; and an elegantly appointed equipage was seen approaching, the coachman with difficulty forcing his way through the dense throng.

"'Whose carriage is that?" inquired M. Ligny of a bystander.

"'You must be a stranger to Paris, good father, not to know the liveries of the Viscount de Lavigny?'

"'The Viscount de Lavigny!' muttered M. Ligny to himself, not immediately recognizing the name with the title prefixed. "Pray, my friend," he said aloud, "who is this gentleman?"

the capital. He sailed from Havre, and in due time arrived in safety at his quiet peaceful home.

"He had not the heart to acquaint M. Desjarniers with the abject condition in which he believed he had met with M. Felix; and the poor old man was at length almost induced to acquiesce in the opinions of his friends, ane to believe that his beloved son was indeed no more.

"Thus far," said the cure, "the story I have told you has been gleaned from the reports of M. Ligny and others, who knew the Desjarniers—these reports having been handed down from father to son among the inhabitants of St. Claude. That which I have yet to relate—by far the most terrible portion of my story—has been gathered from a diary found after the supposed decease of the unhappy Felix Desjarniers,

'Again two years passed away, and then in 1789 came the sacking and destruction of the Bastile, which event may be said to have inaugurated the Revolution, and the frightful events which followed in rapid succession. From the diary to which I have alluded, disjointed as it is, and evidently written by one whom misfortune, misery, and a savage desire for revenge had at least partially deprived of his senses, I gather that Felix Desjarniers had, during the greater portion of those two years, served in the French army, in the regiment commanded by Colonel Viscount de Lavigny, and had conducted himself so well that he had risen to the grade of sergeant, and had become the confidential servant of the colonel under the assumed name of Francois Moulins. After the sacking of the Bastile, when the army gradually became demoralized, he still remained in the service,—still seemingly attached to the Viscount, while, at the same time, he was secretly acting with, and was a trusted servant of, the chiefs of the malcontents.

"By these means he obtained a knowledge of all the Colonel's private and family affairs, and also carefully noted down every expression that was made use of to the disparagement of the populace, all of which were immediately reported to the revolutionary tribunals. At length, though I have been unable to discover the exact period, the time arrived, in the opinion of the so-called Francois Moulins, for action. He threw off his disguise, though still reserving, till a later period, the disclosure of his real name, and the Viscount was arrested in his bureau by a party of Republicans, headed by Francois Moulins himself, and charged with the heinous crime of conspiring against the liberties of the people. His own expressions, written down at the time at which they were uttered, and corroborated by witnesses whom Francois had taken the precaution to have always at hand, were triumphantly pointed out to him by his once trusted servant. He was hurried to prison, tried, condemned, and brought to the scaffold within a few days, having been sternly and savagely refused permission to see or even to communicate with, his wife and his children—a girl of eight, and a boy of four years of age. This was the awful moment chosen by Francois Moulins to disclose his real name to the Colonel. He obtained permission to stand on the scaffold, and to assist to bind the first victim of his fiendish desire for vengeance. Just at the last moment, when the condemned man was about to be placed on the plank, with his neck beneath the glittering knife, he whispered in his ear—

"'Citizen Lavigny' (the republic had abolished the noble prefix of De),—'know you who I am? You do not? You think my name is Francois Moulins? Know, then, miserable tyrant, about to meet thy just deserts, that I am Felix Desjarniers. I am he whom you so fearfully wronged at the village of St. Claude. I swore vengeance—'Tis the judgment of heaven upon my sins,' she said; 'and may heaven grant that they may thus be expiated upon earth; and that I may find mercy and forgiveness in the world to come. Oh, that I could but ask the forgiveness of my dear foster parents, if they be still living! Oh, that I could for one brief moment see the foster-brother—the betrothed husband whom I deceived and betrayed, yet whom I have never ceased to love! Oh, that I could hear him express his forgiveness of his once happy, but now wretched and forsaken, Louise! Oh, Felix, Felix! would that I could summon thee to my presence! and kneeling at thy feet could ask the pardon which at this awful moment, thou wouldst surely grant!"

"Francois Moulins had been listening outside, and had heard all that had passed between the unhappy women. He now suddenly threw open the door, and entered the cell.

"'Who calls upon Felix Desjarniers?' he cried in a voice of thunder. 'Behold him here! What wouldst thou have of him, base, deceitful woman? Thinkest thou that I credit thy false assertions? 'Tis but the fear of death that is fast approaching that haunts thy craven spirit, and causes thee to reflect upon the wrongs thou hast done to those whom thou wast in duty bound to love.'

"Terrified at the sudden appearance of a tall, rough-looking man, in the costume of a gaoler, and with his features almost wholly concealed beneath a forest of beard and whiskers, the two women had, with a loud shriek, retreated into a far corner of the cell. Madame de Lavigny had not at first recognized Felix Desjarniers in the rude, stern-looking man who had thus intruded upon her miserable privacy. She had never known that her foster-brother had quitted his home; and believing him but a few moments before, to be thousands of miles distant from her, there would have been little wonder had she failed immediately to recognize him after so many years' absence, even had he appeared in a less questionable garb.

"Notwithstanding, however, the great changes that years of misery, and long cherished ideas of vengeance, had wrought in the unhappy Felix, there was still something in the tone of his voice, and in his general aspect, which reminded her of her once handsome and happy lover. The thought that she might yet perhaps save her innocent daughter's life flashed upon her, and throwing herself upon her knees before the intruder, and clasping her hands, she said, 'Oh, if you be indeed Felix Desjarniers, though I have believed Felix to be far distant, say that you forgive your once beloved Louise, and I will die content!'

"A fresh thought suddenly entered her mind. As if by intuition, she seemed to feel that through the desire of vengeance, cherished by her once betrothed husband, all her sad troubles had been wrought upon her.

"'You wear the gaoler's garb,' she went on. 'Oh, if through your instigation this cruelty has been wrought upon me and mine, only now exert your influence and save the life of my poor innocent child, and I will bless you with my dying breath. I ask no mercy for myself; I have brought, by my own misdeeds, sorrow and misery upon the once happy home and the kind protectors whom I was in duty bound to revere and to love. My sin has found me out and I deserve to suffer; but oh, Felix, once loved and never forgotten, I conjure and beseech you, by the love you once bore your unhappy Louise, save my child and take a dying mother's blessing!'

"Felix was unmoved even by this earnest appeal.

"'Woman,' he cried, 'would you, even now, when death stares you in the face, use your artful wiles to induce me to believe that you,

in your foully earned prosperity, ever gave a thought to the once happy home that you blighted, or to those whose fond affections you spurned, whose hearts you have broken? I would not believe you, though—Ha! What is this?'

"In her agony of feeling, Louise had leant forward to clasp the knees of the man to whom she so earnestly appealed, and who she appeared intuitively to believe had even yet the power or influence to save and protect her child. In this position, a miniature, painted upon ivory, had fallen from her bosom to the stone floor of the cell.

"The noise it made in falling attracted the attention of Felix, and caused the sudden exclamation which had checked his speech. He stooped and picked it up from the floor, and recognized a portrait of himself, as he had appeared in his days of youth and happiness, which he had given to Louise on her seventeenth birthday.

"For a few moments he seemed, as he gazed upon the miniature, to be slightly moved, and his features assumed a less stern expression, as he muttered to himself, 'So changed—so sadly, sadly changed!'

"Still bent only on her one earnest purpose, Louise sought to take advantage of this milder mood.

"'Heaven in its mercy has afforded proof of my assertion that you have never, never been forgotten,' she cried. 'Felix, still my betrothed husband in the sight of heaven—for my misdeeds could not sever the sacred bond which united us—I call my Creator to witness that never for an hour together, by night or day, has that cherished portrait quitted it resting place near my heart. Is not that proof that the sin committed in a moment of infatuation has been bitterly repented? Is not that proof sufficient that your memory was ever fondly cherished in my heart? He who has gone before me to his eternal rest—he who was ever a loving husband to me, and to whom I strove to do a loving wife's duty, though I never loved him, as I had loved you—knew that I wore your portrait in my bosom. Not even for him would I part with it.'

"It was ill done on the part of the unhappy Louise to call up these recollections of her late unfortunate husband, in the presence of him who had been the cause of the Viscount's arrest and cruel death. Felix had become in some degree softened. He might have listened to the unhappy mother's prayer; but no sooner did she speak of the man who had been the prime cause of all his misery, than the momentary softness passed away, and his heart became as hard as stone. The recollections of his wrongs, and his long years of misery—of his embittered life, flashed to his mind, and raising his hand, and dashing the miniature to the floor, where it lay broken to atoms, he cried, 'Traitress, do you think thus to play upon my feelings, and baulk me of my long-cherished and most righteous vengeance? Know that I can prove your falsity. Dost recollect some years since, when, in all the pride of your prosperity, you went, with other minions of the Court, to pay homage to our base rulers, that a young man, urged by the love for you that still lingered in his foolish heart, sprang upon the steps of your carriage, that he might once more gaze upon your features?

"'I was that young man. Worn by misery and poverty, you might not have recognized me; but had you but smiled at the innocent curiosity which led one of the despised populace to seek to gaze upon the grace and beauty for which you—the lovely Canadian—were famed, even amidst the proud dames of the aristocracy, my heart might have relented of its ferocity; and you, and possibly your husband, might have been spared. But no; your traitor husband struck me a blow, which felled me senseless to the ground; and you, doubtless, looked on my prostrate form with a smile of triumph. Years passed away, and I returned to my native land, to find my parents dead, and myself the sole heir to their property. Then I sought you out, and found you the wife of the Viscount de Lavigny. I watched you, and found you were the mother of a child. I learned that you were about to leave Paris for your country seat, and I resolved that you should not escape me. I followed you, and I have you in my power. Your husband is in my power, and your child is in my power. Ha! ha! ha! Louise de Lavigny,

might have relented of its ferocity; and you, and possibly your husband, might have been spared. But no; your traitor husband struck me a blow, which felled me senseless to the ground; and you, doubtless, looked smilingly on, and thought that the wretched serf was rightly served. From that moment I vowed that I would have full and perfect vengeance for my wrongs. Then I entered the hated King's service, and became the confidential servant—as he, dolt that he was, believed—of your husband. That was the first act of the plot, which I have since perfectly matured. You and your child must perish; and he, your infant boy, shall be taught to hate and jeer at his parents' memory!'

"The unhappy Louise recalled to mind the circumstance to which Felix had alluded. She recollected that she had shuddered at the blow her husband struck the poor young man, and, at the risk of offending him, had expressed her pity for the injured one, and detestation of the Viscount's brutality. She sought to explain that such had been the case; but Felix had quitted the cell as he gave utterance to the last words, and she felt that now, indeed, all hope had fled.

"She rose from her suppliant posture. Her companion would have gathered up the fragments of the miniature; but she bade her let them remain.

"'It cannot be Felix whom I have seen and spoken with,' she said, calmly, 'but a fiend who has assumed his form. Henceforward, during the few hours that remain to me, I will strive to banish all worldly feelings from my heart, and to direct my thoughts and prayers to heaven.'

"At noon on the following day, Madame de Lavigny, the ill-fated Louise Legris, was removed from her wretched cell to the tumbril which bore her and some fifty other victims of the tyranny of the populace to the fatal Place de Greve. In the tumbril, Madame de Lavigny once more met with her innocent and youthful daughter, from whom she had been cruelly separated since the date of her arrest, several months before. The mother and daughter sat together, locked in a firm embrace, until they arrived at the spot on which stood the terrible guillotine, heedless of all that was passing around them—careless alike of the suppressed murmurs of pity, and the loud jeers and ribald epithets which saluted the ears of the unhappy victims of what has been truly termed the Reign of Terror. Their thoughts and aspirations seemed to be wholly directed to heaven. They were among the first that suffered on that day.

"'The child first—the child first!' shouted the circle of cruel women who were seated, busily occupied in knitting, in front of the instrument of death, when Madame de Lavigny and her little daughter were supported from the tumbril to the scaffold, and, willing to gratify their wishes, the executioner placed the bound child first beneath the fatal knife.

"'Be firm, my darling. In another minute thou and thy mother will meet thy father in heaven," whispered Madame de Lavigny in her little daughter's ear; and the pretty, fair-haired child gave her mother one last earthly embrace, and, without a murmur, submitted herself to the executioner. Thus perished the little Louise de Lavigny—one of the ill-fated band of innocent juveniles who, during that frightful epoch, fell victims to the cruel frenzy of a maddened and brutalized populace.

"A shudder and a murmur of pity passed through even the inhuman multitude, when the severed head of the innocent child fell into the basket beneath the scaffold; but this feeling lingered but for a moment, and then arose a clamour for fresh victims. Madame de Lavigny's turn came next.

"'One brief moment,' she said. 'If you will not permit me to embrace, at least—if

"You have come, perhaps, to order some extra cop—"

"I have come, sir, for personal satisfaction. Your reporter asked for photographs of Mrs. Grumpy and myself to use in writing up the wedding, sir."

"Yes. Didn't he—"

"He said he would have engravings made from them and run them in with the article he wrote about the affair."

"Yes. Was there any—"

"And some lop-eared, wopper-jawed, bow-legged gourd-head of a printer in this office mixed up the portraits, sir. You published me this morning, sir, in your advertising columns as a Tennessee barber who had suffered for fifteen years with a lame back and a sore throat, and had been cured by twenty-seven bottles of Dr. Billjaw's Compound of Hankus Pankus; and you run the portrait of that infernal Tennessee barber in your account of my wedding, sir. You can stop my paper, sir. And now, will you show me the typesetting department of this office? I am on the warpath this morning, sir, bigger than a grizzly bear, and I am going to find the man that mixed those cuts and reorganize him from the ground up!'

In the excitement and confusion that followed some one hastily turned in a fire alarm, and it took the entire department and a squad of police to quench the fiery young man.

Battle With Knife and Razor.

A hand-to-hand fight took place the other day in Clarendon County, Columbia, S. C., between A. Freeman Jenkinson, a farmer, and a negro highwayman. The farmer was accosted by the negro, who knocked him down and then demanded his money and watch, threatening to kill him if they were not delivered, at the same time drawing a razor with his left hand. Jenkinson had a large knife in his pocket, which he drew and opened.

A desperate duel was fought and both men were gashed in several places. Finally the negro made a desperate lunge at the farmer and inflicted a terrible wound in his right breast. Jenkinson then rushed in on the highwayman, caught him by the top of the head with his left hand, and the next moment had cut his throat from ear to ear. The negro died in a few minutes. He has not been identified. It is not known how seriously the white man is injured.

Where Cow-Bells Are Made.

Collinsville, Ill., is a great place for cattle bells. That cow-bells are made and do not grow on trees or elsewhere seems to surprise some people, but there are four establishments in the United States which are exclusively devoted to manufacture of that resonant article, and two of these are in Collinsville. One hundred and fifty dozen are turned out daily and thousands of them dangle from the necks of unfortunate cows all over the prairies of North and South America. The manufacture of cow-bells is entirely distinct from that of other bells. Instead of being molded the metal is rolled into sheets, cut into symmetrical polygons, which, when folded, are pressed into their well-known form. Having been riveted they are next packed in clay and brought to a white heat. When suddenly cooled these steel bells are found to be not only tempered, but also beautifully brazed.

Mrs. Lightpurse: "Here is an article in this paper entitled 'The World's Debt to the Jews.' Shall I read it?" Mr. Lightpurse: "No; that's a chestnut, I guess. Nearly everybody is in debt to the Jews; we all know that. Here, put this last pawn ticket with the others."

enough to recognize that a Hungarian wife could not justly be treated exactly like a Turkish one; while Schnitzer, on his part, behaved with scrupulous loyalty to his patron, and was regarded with ever increasing affection and respect by the Vali. Schnitzer, in fact, made himself so necessary that Ismael openly alluded to him as his right hand, and the Albanians commonly spoke of the doctor as the Deputy-Vali. But Ismael, like many a Turkish governor, had numerous enemies, and these were powerful enough to procure his disgrace. One day a Turkish frigate anchored in the mouth of the Bojana, one of the Sultan's aides-de-camp rowed unexpectedly ashore, and, without any warning whatever, Ismael Pasha was taken on board and carried as a state prisoner to Constantinople. All his property was confiscated; and if his wife, Hanum, had not managed to conceal her jewels she would probably have starved. Under Dr. Schnitzer's escort she followed her unfortunate husband to Stamboul; but soon after her arrival there Ismael was sent in chains to Trebizond, where he was kept in a state of great misery for more than four years. During the whole of this period he was daily and almost hourly attended by Schnitzer; who not only endeavored to lighten his misfortunes, but acted as his secretary and drew up for him numerous appeals to the Sultan and to the representatives of the Great Powers at Para. Not, however, until 1873 did these appeals produce any apparent effect. Then, as suddenly as had come the order for the Pasha's arrest, came the order for his release and restoration to imperial favor. Ismael was loaded with honors; he was appointed Governor of Janina, in Lower Albania, and in due course, with his wife and with the ever faithful Schnitzer, he went to assume his position. A year later Ismael, whose health had suffered from his long imprisonment, died, and it became Schnitzer's duty first to bury his old friend and then to arrange affairs for his old friend's wife. The doctor had, it seems, already exchanged Judaism for Mohammedanism, and had assumed the name of Emin. He had, moreover, become greatly attached to Hanum. It is not surprising, therefore, that he considered that he should facilitate the carrying out of his various obligations by marrying his patron's widow. As soon as the needful formalities had been attended to and the period of mourning had elapsed, he put his project into practice: and the wedding was celebrated at Constantinople in, we believe, the summer of 1875. Such is the true story of Emin's marriage. It has been stated that his wife was "a relative of the celebrated Pasha of Janina"—a description which applies with more accuracy to a connection of the great Ali Pasha who was murdered in 1822 than to the widow of Ismael Pasha; but Ismael was one of the most celebrated soldiers of his day, and as he was also, for a short time, Pasha of Janina, the assertion, though misleading, is not altogether incorrect. Emin, we understand, has now been for some years a widower. He is still a Mohammedan, and, in spite of much that has been said to the contrary, he has never professed Christianity. He is, however, a man of the greatest tolerance and breadth of mind; he never obtrudes his religious belief; and many of those who have most closely associated with him have suspected his creed as little as his nationality. The linguistic studies which he began in 1865 he has continued ever since; and he is now credited with a thorough knowledge, not only of Hebrew, Arabic, Turkish, Persian, Albanian, Italian, English and French, but also of Koptic, Chaldee, Somali Suaheli, Berberi, Galla, and many African dialects which are scarcely known to the dictionary-maker or grammarian. In these studies, as in his marvellous work in the Equatorial Province, his indomitable energy has overcome all obstacles.

YOUNG FOLKS.

A Problem in Threes.

If three little houses stood in a row,
With never a fence to divide,
And if each little house had three little maids
At play in the garden wide,
And if each little maid had three little cats
(Three times three times three),
And if each little cat had three little kits,
How many kits would there be?

And if each little maid had three little friends
With whom she loved to play,
And if each little friend had three little dolls
In dresses and ribbons gay,
And if friends and dolls and cats and kits
Were all invited to tea,
And if none of them all should send regrets,
How many guests would there be?

—[St. Nicholas.

JONAS POPKIN'S MODEL.

BY F. B STANFORD.

It was a great surprise to Chester Ludlow when he found out that Jonas Popkin had taken pattern after him. But the way he found out—that was the more surprising still! Jonas was a small colored boy, black as coal; and Chester was a white boy, the leader of all the other boys in the village. Jonas would have given all the world to be the sort of boy that no one dared to make sport of,—just such a boy, for instance, as Chester. He always watched Chester when he ordered the other boys around; and he was always very willing to be ordered around himself by Chester, for whose father he worked. But one day something happened that, taken altogether, astonished Jonas very much.

"Look here, Jonas, I'll tell you something if you will keep it to yourself," Chester said, taking him out behind the house.

"I'll neber say a word," Jonas answered. "Guess I knows how to keep mum as well as you do."

"All right. Follow me, and I'll show you something."

They went into the stable, and climbed up on the haymow. In a barrel under the hay Chester had hidden away an old suit of clothing, a mask, and a worn-out beaver hat. These possessions he drew out, article by article, and exhibited.

"I'm going to have a high time to-night," he explained.

"You're gwine to the marquerade up at the school-house," said Jonas. "I knew that was jes' what you was up to. I could tole you so."

"We're going to have a roaring lot of fun," Chester continued. "But I'm afraid mother won't let me out after dark."

That was the reason everything happened as it did. Chester's mother did not let him out that night until he had pleaded with her a long time, and it had grown late. In the meanwhile the idea had occurred to Jonas to put on the marquerade, and go to that party himself. If Chester could not go, he would not, of course, want all the fixings he had hidden; and Jonas believed he could borrow them an hour or two without anybody being the wiser.

"The fellows will think I'm Ches," he chuckled. "They'll neber know the difference if I jes' cover my head and hole my tongue. I'll hab some fun, sure!"

His teeth chattered and he shook in his boots,—he was so nervous,—while he stood on the hay-mow and changed his clothes for the disguise. If Chester caught him he knew it would go hard with him. But he

"Then we'll drag him outdoors," said Chester.

"And after that you can settle with him," added Dave.

While this arrangement was being made, Jonas happened to be standing in the rear of the school house eating an apple, and looking in at one of the windows. It had occurred to him that it would be best to wait a while and see what was going on before he ventured in among the white boys. They were having a good time; there could be no doubt about that. Shortly he discovered there was a colored boy among them,—a colored boy who was blacker than even he himself was; and—unless his eyes deceived him—that boy had on his clothes. Jonas dropped his apple half eaten, and moved nearer the window. He felt rather scared. How had that strange boy got those clothes? His hair almost uncurled and stood up straight the next instant, when he saw Farmer Cole rush in among the crowd, and seize that colored boy by the nape of the neck.

"Now, then, sonny," shouted Farmer Cole. "come along with me!"

"Let go of me. What are you doing?" Chester replied, resisting with all his strength.

"Come on, I say," and Farmer Cole dragged Chester outdoors before he could do anything to save himself.

In a few minutes everybody knew that he had been stealing apples. Chester was taken by surprise. He had helped himself to Farmer Cole's apples whenever he felt like it, but he had not been near the orchard for more than two weeks. He did not suppose that any one, not even Jonas Popkin, suspected him.

"If I'd got my hands on you half an hour ago, when I was chasing you around those stumps, boy, I would shook the wind out of you," said Farmer Cole.

"I guess you've made a mistake, Mr. Cole," Chester answered. "I haven't been near your stump-field to-night."

"Tut, tut, boy, don't you try that game. You had a mask on and an old beaver hat, but I saw your face. And I followed you all the way up here to the schoolhouse."

They were walking down the road, followed by several boys, and Farmer Cole kept his grip on Chester's collar. Chester guessed, as soon as he heard about the mask and beaver hat, that Jonas had gone to the orchard instead of the school-house. It was Jonas who should be punished.

"It was Jonas Popkin, our colored boy, you chased," Chester asserted stoutly, refusing to go any farther.

"So you're not that boy, but you are blacked up to look like him?" Farmer Cole asked with some surprise, halting a moment. "Well, you are the boy I want all the same, black or white. I saw you, and you can't get off that way."

Chester was marched home to his father and mother, in spite of everything he could say. Jonas was in bed up in the attic then, but he could hear Farmer Cole's voice downstairs, and he knew something awful was taking place. By and by somebody crept up the stairs, and Jonas sat up in bed nearly scared out of his wits.

"Oh! I'll fix you to-morrow, Jonas Popkin," Chester whispered at the door by way of comfort. "You won't steal any more apples in a hurry."

"I ain't agwine to steal nuffin agin, neber," Jonas answered. "I ain't agwine to be like you any more. You better neber steal apples any more yourself."

Chester shut the door. He did not want to say anything more. After he got into bed, he lay awake half the night thinking.

Any one may guess what he was thinking about. His thoughts did not make him feel very manly the next day.

LATE CABLE NEWS.

The Late English Commoner-Mail Steamer Sunk—General Notes.

At Mr. Bright's funeral crowds of people lined the route of the procession from One Ash, Mr. Bright's late residence, near Rochdale, to the cemetery. Among those present were the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Sir Wilfrid Lawson, Mr. Jesse Collings, Mr. Arnold Morely, Mr. William Rathbone and General H. Lynedoch Gardiner, C. B., Equerry in Ordinary to Queen Victoria, who represented Her Majesty. A number of deputations headed the procession. Fifteen carriages, containing mourners, followed the hearse. Eight of Mr. Bright's workmen carried the coffin to the hearse and from the hearse to the grave. When the coffin was deposited in the grave the mourners gathered around in silent meditation, according to the custom of the Quakers, to which sect Mr. Bright belonged.

HIS TALENTS A GIFT OF GOD.

The Dean of Founders College afterward delivered an oration. He spoke of Mr. Bright as a man of great simplicity, who did not attribute his talents to his own efforts, but considered them gifts from God. Four wreaths remained on the coffin when it was lowered into the grave. One was sent from Biarritz by Queen Victoria. Attached to it was Her Majesty's autograph. Another was from the Prince and Princess of Wales, with a cord bearing the words, "As a mark of respect." The third was from Mr. Bright's work people, and the fourth from Miss Cobden. Attached to Miss Cobden's wreath wos a card inscribed, "In loving memory of my father's best friend."

The mail steamer Comtesse de Flandre was run into off Dunkirk the other afternoon by the Belgian mail boat Princesse Henriette. The collision occurred during a dense fog. It was at first reported that the Comtesse de Flandre immediately sank, but advices received later state that the Comtesse de Flandre was cut in two and that only the fore part sank at once. The Princesse Henriette took the after part in tow and started for this port, but had proceeded only a short distance when the portion of the wreck which she had in tow capsized and went down. The Comtesse de Flandre's mails were lost. After the collision her boiler burst, blowing the centre of the ship to pieces and killing all the engineers, the captain and others who were with him on the bridge and the passengers in the vicinity. Prince Leopold of Belgium, who was one of the passengers, escaped injury. The passengers of both vessels were panic stricken. Three passengers, the captain, first officer and nine of the crew of the Comtesse de Flandre were lost.

The Egyptian government has transferred the payment of the Egyptian coupons from the Comptoir d'Escompte, of Paris, to the Bank of England.

St. Petersburg papers express much indignation at the proclamation of Prince Ferdinand, nephew of King Charles, as Crown Prince of Roumania. They refer to the expulsion of Russians from Roumania, and warn the Roumanians to be careful.

Captain Bowler, the unionist candidate, has been elected member of Parliament for the Enfield division of Middlesex in the place of Lord Folkestone, elevated to the peerage.

tongue. I'll have some fun, sure!

His teeth chattered and he shook in his boots,—he was so nervous,—while he stood on the hay-mow and changed his clothes for the disguise. If Chester caught him he knew it would go hard with him. But he did not intend to let any one find out what he was doing. Out in the road he stopped, and reflected in the moonlight. There was Farmer Cole's apple orchard, which he would have to pass on the way to the school-house. He would never have a better chance, as long as he lived, to help himself to some of those apples. Whenever he had been in the orchard before he was always afraid some one would spy him, and know that he was Ludlow's colored boy. Now no one could tell who he was.

It must have been about the time Jonas was climbing over Farmer Cole's fence that Chester gained permission from his motner to go out, and made tracks for the stable to array himself for the evening's frolic. He scrambled on the hay-mow and made haste to get to the barrel; but when he got to it, of course, he soon was not in the best of tempers:

"It's that little nigger," he said, standing petrified and looking ferociously at the moonbeams filtering through a cobwebbed window. "That's just who it is,—that little nigger Jonas. Not a soul except him knew where those duds were; and he has either hidden them somewhere else, or taken them and gone to the party himself."

Chester searched here and there desperately a few moments, upsetting all the hens that had gone to roost, and frightening the horse and cow. He found Jonas's clothes snuggled in the corn-crib. All was plain to him then.

"I'll fix him!" he growled savagely, bundling up the clothes, and returning to the house with them.

Ten or fifteen minutes later, any one on the watch might have seen a very black negro boy stealing out the back door of Mr. Ludlow's residence; but no one would have been likely to guess that the boy was Chester himself. He had blackened his face with the shoe-brush, and put on Jonas's clothes. His straight, brown hair was concealed by an old fur cap, which he pulled down over his ears. He meant to go to the party disguised one way or another, and he meant to catch Jonas if he had gone there.

By this time Jonas's indiscretion threatened to bring dire disaster to him in more ways than one. Farmer Cole was after him also, and he carried in hand an oxgoad that had a brad in it.

"I'll teach you, boy, not to steal apples," he cried, chasing Jonas round and round the orchard. "I'll teach you, you young darkey, to be up to better tricks than such dishonest ones."

The mask and beaver hat had fallen off but Jonas held them in his hand, and ran with all his might. Farmer Cole knew him, and now he was in a fix, sure. He did not stop to think much, however; he threw himself over the fence, and dodged among an acre of stumps, until he escaped the old man and his goad. After that he crawled away to some bushes, where he rested and recovered his breath.

Chester looked for him in vain among the thirty or forty boys gathered in the one room of the old-fashioned school house. They were all in masquerade of one sort or another, and he could not easily make out who any one was. Jonas was not there, though, in his disguise. He was certain of that; but he expected he would make his appearance any moment, and he kept watch of the door.

"You keep watch, too, Dave," he said to one of his friends who had been told the secret. "When he comes in, we'll nab him before he knows where he is."

"Hold him against the wall, and I'll tie his hands behind him," Dave suggested.

to say anything more. After he got into bed, he lay awake half the night thinking.

Any one may guess what he was thinking about. His thoughts did not make him feel very manly the next day.

Appalled at His Legs.

A person arrayed in full Highland costume caused terrible commotion in a railway carriage in the Perrache Station, near Lyons, France. Two ladies who were in the carriage shrieked as they saw the awful spectacle presented by the entry into their compartment of a man without pantaloons. The Highlander, who was on his way to Nice, nevertheless, took his seat with Caledonian coolness, whereupon the ladies screamed the louder.

It was in vain that the apparition in the garb of old Gall apologized and explained the situation in bad French, and equally futile were the efforts of the station master who assured the ladies that the gentleman in the dirk, the sporran and the tartan accessories of properties was perfectly harmless. "You don't run the shadow of risk, Mesdames," insisted the station master in his blandest tones. "The gentleman comes from a country where the men wear petticoats and do not wear trousers." Despite everything, however, which was said in order to claim their apprehensions, the overtimid lady travellers had to be placed in a carriage at a safe distance from that in which the Caledonian stern and wild had taken up his position.

A Too Clever Young Man.

One day Dr. McCosh, when president of Princeton College, came into the mental philosophy class and said; "Ah, young gentlemen, I have an impression! Now, young gentlemen," continued the Doctor, as he touched his head with his forefinger, "can't you tell me what an impression is?" No answer. "What! No one knows? No one can tell what an impression is?" exclaimed the Doctor, looking at the class. "I know," said young Alan Arthur. "An impression is a dent in a soft place. "Young gentleman," said the Doctor, removing his hand from his forehead and growing red in the face, "you are excused for the day."

"If she will, she will, you may depend on't
And if she won't, she won't, and there's an end on't

This may be said of a good many women but of none more appropriately than of Mrs. A. P. Sorenson, of Manistee, Mich. There was a new railroad to be built, and it was to run past Mrs. Sorenson's house. This did not suit the good lady's ideas at all, and she made up her mind that she wouldn't have a railroad track running past her domicile. She was evidently a female Ruskin with both will power and poetry in her composition. She went out to the trackla yers and ordered them to "clear out." Naturally they laughed at her and went on with their work. Her next move was to bring out her rocking chair and her work and plant herself across the right of way. The men picked her up and set her to one side out of the road. She would not stay out of the road, however, but persisted in constantly returning with her rocking chair to the work of obstructing the vandals. Her meals were brought out to her; she ate, drank and slept on the track in devotion to her idea. As the track moved on she moved back, but it was like a retreat of the Old Guard, step by step. She was finally arrested and sent to jail, She brought a verdict against the railroad company for false imprisonment, and got one for $200 and costs, but nevertheless, notwithstanding the road was built. But she evidently has the grit of which heroes and heroines are made.

Captain Bowler, the unionist candidate, has been elected member of Parliament for the Enfield division of Middlesex in the place of Lord Folkestone, elevated to the peerage.

Hindu Servants.

Indian servants are in many respects like children, in their helplessness, their *naivete*, their timidity, their readiness to be pleased, their foolishness, their proneness to falsehood, their strong personal attachment, says a writer in the "Cornhill Magazine." Even in their total lack of any sense of humour they resemble children. No Englishman could hear English spoken in the comically barbarous way in which the Hindustani is commonly spoken by the British soldiers without betraying amusement. But the Indian face remains darkly impassive. Not the faintest twitch betokens any lurking laughter. Their love, too, of giving high-sounding titles is childish in its prodigality. Humble-minded as they are, and with deep-rooted respect for all difference of rank, it arises from no vulgar wish to appear other than what they are, and in its exaggerated indulgence savours even of sarcasm, A tailor and a cook both enjoy the privilege of being addressed by the exalted title of "kalipha," or emperor. The water-carrier is always "jemadar," or captain, and the bearer is "sirdar," signifying chief among men, while, as a crowning irony, the sweeper, who ranks but little higher than the dogs he looks after, is invariably called "mehter," or prince. The necessity of keeping a great number of servants, often wondered at by dwellers at home, is caused chiefly by the waste of time involved by caste prejudice. Instead of having one dinner hour for all, and one man to cook for all, there are few who are not obliged to cook for themselves. The table servants cannot eat with the grooms, nor they with the coachman, nor he with sweeper. So each man has twice a day to light his own little fire, draw water from the well, and cook his own bowl of rice—a proceeding which wastes no small amount of time. One servant we had was of the caste of oil sellers, and he told us there was not one of our twenty-four other servants with whom he could eat bread, i.e., if the other cooked the food, and only one who could eat with him if he cooked. We asked him if this distinction had not its drawbacks. He merely replied that it was the custom—what could he do? He himself was the humble recipient of four thin rupees a month, shared doubtless by a wife and many dusky youngsters, and yet he would have cheerfully submitted to be whipped to death rather than eat anything that had been placed on our table. It is strange how uncomplainingly men wear the iron fetters forged by the great goddess custom. They may ridicule her with their lips, but they obey her in their lives, in curious contrast to the many zealots who worship with their lips a god whose precepts they persistently ignore. The table servants are men of infinite resources. Nothing daunts them. If you do not like the way a vegetable marrow is cooked your man will say, "Your majesty has but to give the order and to-morrow it shall be made into French beans!" If they tell you there is beefsteak for dinner, you will ask, quite as a matter of course, "What is it made of?" when the answer will frequently be, "Of mutton, as no beef could be procured." The want of beef was a misfortune, but it could not be allowed to affect the *menu*.—[Miss H. M. Williams, New Jersey.

Tenderfoot (in new Kansas town)—"Where is the post-office?" Resident—"Over there." "Where?" "D'ye see that man sawing wood? He's the postmaster." "Yes, but I don't see the post-office." "Of course you don't. It's in his hat."

A Snowy Morning.

Cold through the snowy clouds appeared the day,
Morn's red effulgence swept the gloom away!
The broken canopy both gray and blue,
Gleamed where the sunshine found a passage through,
Washing the ragged edges of each cloud
In liquid silver, and each seemed a shroud
Out shaken by the winds o'er Heaven's blue sea
As if to shew the bright embroidery.
All things seemed lovely for the mystic night
Had decked each tree in tinsel, and the light
Shone in the snowy branches, and they lay
Rocked on the breezes and tossing like spray.
A drenching sleet came in an interval
But Winter froze the wet drops as they fell,
And so it was each tree was clothed entire
In silvery ice that shone like rippling fire.
Often by chance within the tangled maze
The shining Morning lost her yellow rays,
While the clustering sunbeams from the bright arch cast
Fell through the tingling boughs and were held fast.
I heard the waters ripple, saw the glow,
And lovely efflorescence of the snow;
Yet ere the noon the feathery plumes were tossed
Dripping from their fair eminence and lost,
As all else that is beautiful, the flowers
That wither and those sweet memorial hours
That die——last night I saw a lover rave,
And fall down mad upon a maiden's grave.

A. J. CROMBIE

Memories.

In the silent midnight watches when the world is hushed in sleep,
And the noisy busy city rests in silence calm and deep,—
There come back to me blest memories of the friends I used to know,
And again in dreams I visit many a scene of long ago.

Happy as in days of childhood, in the dear old village home,
Once again o'er hill and valley do my careless footsteps roam.
And I hear again, in fancy, shouts of merriment and glee,
As my memory, in the stillness, brings the old days back to me.

Once again I feel the pressure of dear hands clasped close in mine
And the arms that clung so fondly, round me once more seem to twine,
Once again like sweetest music, sound the voices loved so well,
These come back to me at midnight brought by memory's fairy spell.

Hark! I hear it now, the music of the songs we used to sing,
Clear and sweet, the youthful voices with a happy, joyous ring.
'Rock of Ages!" do the angels hush their harpings as they bend,
Breathing out an evening blessing as the words of praise ascend?

Blessed, saintly, hallowed memories of the sweet days long ago,
Time is bearing farther from me, on its never-ceasing flow—
Yet I know as days and hours on its stream pass quickly by,
A glad meeting with my loved ones "in the kingdom" draweth nigh!

W. HOUSE.

Boadicea.

Crowned with Romance's wreath grown old
The woman with a hero's heart
Stand pedestalled, a thing apart,
Born in the mystic age of gold.

BANK ROBBERY IN DENVER.

The Most Daring Exploit on Record.

DENVER, Col., April 10.—The boldest and most successful bank robbery ever reported in the West was perpetrated upon the First National Bank the other afternoon. The morning previous a well-dressed man with light moustache and complexion and of medium height walked into the bank and asked where he could see Moffatt, president of the bank. He was told that he could see Mr. Moffatt, president of the Denver and Rio Grande railway, at the president's office in the Cheeseman block. Next morning the stranger entered the railway office and asked to see Mr. Moffatt on important business. He was admitted to his private room and stated that he had discovered a conspiracy whereby the bank was to be robbed of a large sum. Mr. Moffatt being very busy asked the man to meet him at his private office in the bank at one o'clock. A few minutes after the hour appointed he called at the bank and was shown into the president's office. Remaining standing, he enquired if Cashier S. M. Wood was in and was told that he was at lunch. He then asked for a blank cheque for the purpose of showing how the robbery was to be perpetrated. He laid the cheque upon the desk in front of Mr. Moffatt and said, "I will have to do this myself," and

PULLING OUT A LARGE REVOLVER,

placed it at Mr. Moffatt's head, and in an earnest but unexcited manner said: "I want $21,000, and am going to have it. I have considered this mater and the chances I am running and the consequences if I fail and am arrested. I am a penniless and a desperate man, and have been driven during the past week to that point where I have considered suicide as the only means of escape from the poverty and misery in which I exist. You have millions; I am determined to have what I have asked for. If you make a noise, or call a man, or ring a bell, I will blow your brains out and then blow up the building and myself with this bottle of glycerine (which he at that moment pulled out of another pocket). Now, take your choice."

Mr. Moffatt started to argue with the man, but he was stopped, with the information that it was useless, and that he had but two minutes in which to fill out the check before him for $21,000 if he desired to live. Mr. Moffatt, seeing no other alternative, filled out the check, and was ordered to take it to the paying teller and get it cashed. Mr. Moffatt left his office and with the man behind him with the revolver partially concealed under his overcoat, and with the muzzle almost against Mr. Moffatt's back marched behind the counter up to Paying Teller Keeley with the request that the cheque

BE IMMEDIATELY CASHED.

They then remarched into Moffatt's office, without attracting the attention of the fifteen or twenty clerks who were at work within two feet of where they passed. After they had remained in the private office three or four minutes the robber informed Mr. Moffatt that they were wasting time, and that he had better step to the door and motion his teller to come to him, which he did. Mr. Moffatt instructed the teller to bring the money into his office, and as the teller turned to go away the robber told him he wanted twenty $1 000 bills and a thousand dollars in gold. The money was brought in and handed to the robber, who waiting until the teller had reached his desk, backed out to the front door, making Mr. Moffatt remain standing in his door until he had reached the curb stone. He then raised his hand, walked around the corner and has not yet been heard of. Mr. Moffatt is complete-

A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING.

There are 5,500 lawyers in New York City

A New York lady was lately seen with a tiny watch set in the back of her glove.

It is said that at a sale of farm stock in Womelsdorf, Pa., 5,000 persons were fed.

The rarest and costliest of precious metals is gallium. It is valued $3,250 an ounce.

A Pennsylvania man sells, "mugwump' cider; that is, midway between hard and soft.

All the ice houses on the Hudson River have been filled; a million tons have been housed.

Every civilized country in the world is represented by students at the University of Berlin.

A German peasant tapped a telegraph wire and utilized the electricity in curing his rheumatism.

Capt. Ericsson died on the anniversary of the famous battle between the Monitor and the Merrimac.

A Chinese family, consisting of six persons, can live comfortably for a month on $7 in their native land.

Several boat-making firms in Maine are this spring sending canoes to England, where they are a decided novelty.

The story that the microbe of diphtheria had been discovered by French scientists was a Paris newspaper canard.

Prof. Ayrton estimates that the power wasted at Niagara Falls exceeds that which could be produced by the annual consumption of 150,000,000 tons of coal.

King Alexander I., the boy sovereign of Servia, is less of a child than his 13 years bespeak. He already speaks French, German and Russian, and shows great capacity for study.

A girl who had been troubled for a long time with insomnia was advised by a Swedish woman to wet a cloth in ice-cold water and lay it across her eyes. She did so, and was completely cured,

The kangaroo is said to have got its name in this way: Capt. Cook first discovered the animal in Australia. When he inquired its name of a native the latter replied, "Kangaroo," which in the Australian language is "I don't know."

The first bank in the United States was the Bank of North America, chartered by Congress at the instance of Robert Morris in 1780, and by the State of Pennsylvania in 1781, with a capital of $400,000. It is still in existence in Philadelphia.

A Paris gentleman engaged a cafe concert company to entertain his guests at a recent reception, and before the evening was over a handsome baritone of 30 won the heart of the young lady of the house, and eloped with her while the company were at dinner.

QUEER FACTS AND HAPPENINGS.

A snake with two distinct heads, both perfect, was recently killed by John Dennett of Santa Cruz, Cal.

Henry C. Hunter, in jail at Crawfordville, Ind., for bigamy, had the cheek to send to both his wives and ask them to go on his bail bond.

A Rushville, Ill., girl put her lump of chewing gum on her pillow. It got into her ear while asleep. It took several days to remove it, and now she is deaf.

An old lady of Sharon, Pa., aged 82 years, started with fear and trembling to make a journey to Iowa, her first ride in the cars. She died on the train overcome by the excitement of the journey.

Mrs. Nathaniel Noyes of Stonington,

W. HOUSE.

Boadicea.

Crowned with Romance's wreath grown old
The woman with a hero's heart
Stand pedestalled, a thing apart,
Born in the mystic age of gold.

Iron willed she fought on to the last,
Fear urged her in the bloody fight,
The flame of war burned out its might
And then came Death and all was past.

The grassy field with Britons strewn,
Taught not the conquered Queen to weep,
Silence threw her unpitying sleep
O'er the pale ground lit by the moon.

The desperate Queen raised her white face
Whispered, and fell upon her sword,
Her wild soul fled, the hot blood poured
Down her white breast with purple trace.

The ages drifted on, the isle
Rose greenly from the briny tide
Then great Elizabeth defied
Not Rome, but Spain, and won the while.

Proud Isle! beyond the ocean spray
Behind thy cliffs impregnable
Russia and France and Nile can tell
The Glory of thy Queen to day

Or has the time gone by when one
Takes all the gain and all the glory!
Then to the many unknown to story
Give praises due to what they have done.

Fashion Notes.

It is said that during the last few months two hundred and thirteen clubs of women have been organised in the United States for the purpose of studying political economy.

The girl who possesses an heirloom in the shape of an old buckle which has done duty on the costume of some venerable ancestor is indeed lucky. The fashion for wearing these is now at its height.

The New York Herald is poking what it is pleased to call fun at President Harrison because he kissed his wife in public. The heinousness of kissing would appear if Gen. Harrison kissed some other man's wife in private.

Over in New Jersey they have found an old colonial law, unrepealed, which provides "that all women of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, maids or widows, who shall, after this act, impose upon, seduce or betray into matrimony any of his majesty's subjects, by virtue of scents, cosmetics, washes, paints, artificial teeth, false hair or high-heeled shoes, shall incur the penalty now in force against witchcraft and like misdemeanors.

Careless Choice of Words.

"My dear," said Mrs. Tenstryke to her husband, "I went to-day to see the artist to whom you gave an order for your portrait."

"Did you; how is he getting along?"

"I have countermanded the order."

"What did you do that for?"

"My reasons were of the very best, I assure you. I asked him whether he had started to work on the picture or not, and what do you think his reply was?"

"Can't guess."

"He replied in the coolest way imaginable, with his imitating French accent: "I have not commenced on the portrait yet. I have on hand a commission which I took to oblige a friend. It is to paint several likenesses of his finest hogs. When I have completed this work I will be quite prepared to do justice to your husband's portriat."—[Merchant Traveller.

sand dollars in gold. The money was brought in and handed to the robber, who waiting until the teller had reached his desk, backed out to the front door, making Mr. Moffatt remain standing in his door until he had reached the curb stone. He then raised his hand, walked around the corner and has not yet been heard of. Mr. Moffatt is completely prostrated with the shock. Detectives are out after the man, but no trace of him has been found.

Multiplication vs. Addition.

I picked up one of the daily papers the other day, and read this item: "The Arounder dropped into the post-office yesterday to post a little billet to a maiden, and while buying his stamp saw a boy slowly counting a sheet of two cent stamps. Any ordinary person, to be sure they were the right number, would have counted how many there were in the top row, counted the number of rows, multiplied, and got the result. Not so the boy. Patiently he told over every stamp on the sheet until he had ascertained there was just a hundred, when he sighed for relief and trotted away."

Now, a boy who would waste time like that can never make his mark in this busy world. In doing any work we all want to do it the best way, but we must learn next how to do it the best way in the least time. We must learn to use the multiplication table in everything we do.

One afternoon this week I got into a car on the elevated road going up-town. As I stepped into the car I saw the top of a small felt hat between two of the cross seats; I took one of the seats across the isle. On his knees was a bright-eyed newsboy about eleven or twelve years old. He was busily folding papers. Every paper was folded perfectly even, and carefully creased in the middle; after folding about two-thirds of what he had, he wrapped them in a piece of black oilcloth, but wrapped in such a way that he could easily get at them. The remainder were as carefully creased and folded and laid in a pile outside of the others.

"Why do you not put them inside with others?" I asked.

"'Cause then I could not reach them so fast. I don't want 'em all to get wet. I'll keep the rest dry till these are gone," and he left the car whistling, going out into the fog and rain.

Another thing I noticed; before our train went out of the station, the down train came in with the front platform crowded with newsboys who were pushing and elbowing each other, and left the train yelling like young Comanches. The newsboy in our train looked up with a smile, and said, "Some of them fellows will get lefts."

"Why?" I asked.

"I'll sell most of my papers before them fellers gets theirn. I always get down early. Ye catch the fellers then that leaves their up-town offices early."

I feel pretty sure that boy will be more than a newsboy before he is much older. He was careful, prompt and alert. He would use the multiplication table in business instead of addition.—[Christian Union.

Spoke From Experience.

"Look at that poor little creature," said a traveling man who was looking at a mouse recently caught in a big wire trap "It must be agony to any living creature to walk unsuspectingly nto captivity in that way."

"It is, I assure you," said a friend who was standing by.

"You talk like one who spoke from experience."

"I do; just come around to the store and take a turn with our new storm door, and you'll see how it is yourself."

An old lady of Sharon, Pa., aged 82 years, started with fear and trembling to make a journey to Iowa, her first ride in the cars. She died on the train overcome by the excitement of the journey.

Mrs. Nathaniel Noyes of Stonington, Conn., found upon the beach near the Latimer Reef Lighthouse a diamond ring that was recognized as the one lost by C. E. P. Noyes just twenty-three years ago.

Hiram Clem, of Harrison, Mo., and Lucy Miller of Pennsylvania were married on Saturday, although they had never seen each other. The engagement grew out of a matrimonal advertisement.

A Taunton (Mass.) preacher has sued his church for salary. He was to receive 50 per cent. of all collections, but the fund has only amounted to 77 cents, and he claims he did not get his share of that. He is the Rev. Thomas Harris, colored.

Mrs. Maddox's daughter Mildred of Brewton, Ala., dressed as a tramp to frighten her mother. When she attempted liberties with the old lady the latter took down "Old Sal," the shotgun, and filled the daughter full of holes, not recognizing her.

James Crumb, of Lyons, Kan., dreamed that his brother, who lived in western Kansas, was in some terrible danger. He hastened to his brother's home, and not finding him began a search. He soon found him in a well nearly dead from exhaustion. He had been there three days, and must soon have perished.

Frederick M. Perry and Kate Burroughs of Bridgeport, Conn., were recently married after a courtship of twenty five years. The bride's father died twenty years ago, leaving a will with a proviso that his daughter should forfeit her share of the estate if she married Perry. A year ago the mother died, and Miss Burroughs received her third, and now they are married.

The Railroad Commissitoners of Massachusetts have made a report to the Legislature, in which they strongly recommend the heating of cars with steam from the engine. They were inclined to think that the danger of the pipes bursting, by reason of inability to control the pressure from the engine, was very remote indeed. They believed that the advantages of the system were so obvious that the companies would in time adopt it without compulsory legislation. Some companies, however, are opposing the reform strenuously.

Chicago has recently given another illustration of the ease with which glib tongued villains who promise great things, can make a way in the world, where many honest men fall by the roadside and perish miserably. A "young financier," duped some of the leading merchants of that city of shrewd men, to the extent of several hundred thousand dollars by giving out, and getting them to believe that he had special advantage for making money. His net was carefully spread, and not in vain, in the sight of birds whose greed for money made them blind to the trap. They entrusted their dollars to the plausible adventurer, and in a short time were enquiring of one another, of the wind and stars and the detectives, whither their walking E dorado had fled, the glory and the dreams of sudden wealth, which he had conjured up before them. It seems to be in vain that men are warned against the adventurer who comes with golden promises of gold, and women against the tempter. Again and again the same old bait is displayed, and again and again it is gobbled down in the same reckless fashion by victim who are not long in discovering that its tempting lustre conceals a deadly hook.

SAVINGS BANK

BRANCH OF THE

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE

Deposits taken of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required.

E. H. BAINES.

OFFICE, MARKET SQUARE. 4488ly AGENT

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1887

THE DUNKIN ACT IN RICHMOND.

For many years prior to the passing of the Scott Act in this county, the Dunkin Act was in force in Richmond. Now that the Scott Act has been repealed, some of the good people of the great temperance township contend that the Dunken Act is still in force and that no licenses can be issued in their district. We are inclined to believe that they are wrong; that when the Scott Act passed it swallowed up the Dunkin Act. It must be remembered that the Dunkin Act was a local option measure, and that the Scott Act was of a similar nature though of a broader scope. Being on the same line, the greater includes the less and therefore swallows it up. No doubt the point will be carefully looked into, but we think that our contention will prove to be the right one.

URIAH'S IDEAS OF ECONOMY.

When the Hon. Alex. McKenzie was in power the highest salary paid to any postmaster was $2,400 a year. Shortly after Sir John secured the reins, he put the postmaster of Toronto on the retired list on an allowance of his full salary per year, and then appointed a political crony to the position at a salary of $3,000. During the present session of parliament a bill was introduced to raise the salary to $4,000 per annum. It will be remembered that the duties of a postmaster are merely routine, his hours regular and easy, his office comfortable and his work pleasant. No special qualification is required beyond political influence with the powers that be. We know of no good reason why these already large salaries should be thus largely increased, especially in the face of the present hard times, and in view of the fact that the Postmaster General recently threatened to raise the postage on drop letters from one to two cents in order to increase the revenue of his department. In view of these facts it is indeed strange that Sir Richard Cartwright's proposed amendment to the bill, seeking to limit the salaries to a sum of $800 less than that proposed by the Postmaster General, was voted down. Knowing that the people of Lennox would be anxious to know how their representative voted on this question, we procured a copy of the votes and proceedings of the House of Commons and find that Uriah Wilson voted against Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment to limit the salaries, and voted for the bill to put another thousand a year on the burdens of the already overtaxed people. The electors of Lennox who have been struggling with hard times, will doubtless appreciate Mr. Wilson's efforts to make

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

Bloom, the big wheat speculator, of Chicago, has lost $165,000 on the May deal.

A new U. S. navy yard is likely to be established near Seattle, on Puget Sound.

Thirty-two car loads of cotton passed Winnipeg for China within 48 hours last week.

The Duchess of Cambridge, aunt of the Queen, is dead. She was born July 25th, 1797.

The Miami Valley Paper Mill Company, at Dayton, Ohio, has assigned. Liabilities, $65,000.

Fire in Savannah, Ga., on Saturday night destroyed property to the amount of over $1,500,000.

There is about 70,000 bushels of barley in store at various ports on the Bay of Quinte ready for shipment.

Thirteen Indians are reported to have been drowned near Victoria, B. C., by the capsizing of a small schooner.

John Shannon, J. P., a respected resident of Marmora, was found dead in his bed on Thursday. Death was caused by an epileptic fit.

Governor Stephenson, of Idaho territory, a former resident of Napanee, has resigned his office and President Harrison has nominated a successor.

On Saturday night and Sunday a furious snow storm raged in Virginia and North Carolina. The wires are down and railway traffic is delayed.

Edward Corby, brother of H. Corby, M. P., Belleville, died on Wednesday, aged thirty-two years. He has insurances totalling $8,000. He leaves a widow.

The twenty-four cadets who entered the Royal military college in September have had half of the entrance fee, $200, remitted to them. In future cadets must pay $200 each.

The Hudson Bay Company repudiate the sale of land in Winnipeg made by the late Commissioner Brydges to the Northern Pacific Company, and a great law suit is threatened.

The estate of the late John Bright is valued at £750,000, which, by the terms of his will, is divided among a large number of persons, even his distant relatives being remembered.

The Orange lodges are showing considerable industry in passing resolutions condemning the Jesuit Estates Act and the members of Parliament who voted against Col. O'Brien's motion.

The case against F. Conger, of Deseronto, who was charged with uttering counterfeit coin, was dismissed at the Kingston police court on Monday. No evidence could be secured to convict him.

Lord Lonsdale, who recently arrived at the Moravian mission at Nushagak in his attempt to reach the north pole, travelled as far north as 75° when he was prevented going further by open weather.

James Porter, of Belleville, was to have married Miss Smith of that city on Monday last. Instead of doing so, he skedaddled with $520 of her money which she loaned him to get things ready for housekeeping.

Walter Power, purser of the steamer Quinte last season, has been promoted to the gas and chemical works office of the Rathbun Company. His position on the Quinte will be filled by P. Hambly, jr., of Belleville.

It is asserted that the Duchess of of Cambridge, aunt of Queen Victoria, has be-

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POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economic than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of powders, short weight, or alum phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall-st 4087ly.

Miss Ida Johnson,

CAMPBELL HOUSE,

Teacher of Piano,
Theory of Music,
and Harmony.

ALL PUPILS WILL RECEIVE ONE LESSON A WEEK IN THEORY, FREE.

Miss Johnson, graduated under James M. Tracy, one of the most eminent musicians in the United States, late of the "Boston Conservatory" and pupil of Bendel and Liszt, while abroad.

"Mr. Tracy feels justly proud of Miss Johnson as a good representative of his successful method of instruction."—"Boston Folio," August, 1888.

Terms moderate. Call from 2 to 4 p. m
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MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefitted. Great inducements to Correspondence Classes. Prospectus, with Opinions of **Dr. Wm. A. Hammond**, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, **Daniel Greenleaf Thompson**, the great Psychologist, **J. M. Buckley, D.D.**, editor of the *Christian Advocate, N. Y.*, **Richard Proctor**, the Scientist, **Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin**, and others, sent post free by **Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.**

NO CURE NO PAY!

A Fair and Square Offer to Invalids to try The New Method Treatment

By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been so uniform, that we will now guarantee to treat bad or reputed

another thousand a year on the burdens of the already overtaxed people. The electors of Lennox who have been struggling with hard times, will doubtless appreciate Mr. Wilson's efforts to make their burdens light.

When a postoffice was proposed for Napanee it was supposed that the laboring men and artizans of this town would at least have a first claim on the work. Time proved the fallacy of any such supposition, for not only were outsiders brought in to do the stone work but now the plasterers of the town are made to feel that they have no right to expect a share of the Dominion dollars. Some of the local plasterers (and we may say just here that their work cannot be beaten in Ontario) were engaged on the work. The first coat was nearly on, when two plasterers were brought up from Kingston to do the finer work, the rough work or drudgery being considered quite a sufficient sop to throw to the Napanee men. They very properly resented any such treatment and have quit work. Uriah Wilson often boasts that he is the friend of the workingman, but the masons, plasterers and laborers will not soon forget the part he has played in this postoffice job. It is all right for Mr. James Herring to get a position as overseer at $3a day (Uriah was financially interested you know) but the laboring man, who really earns his money, must not expect any favors, no, not even fair treatment.

The member for Lennox has not seen fit to avail himself of our offer to allow him the free use of our columns to give an explanation of his vote on the Jesuit question, so he must stand convicted of having no reason for so voting, other than that he felt it his duty to blindly follow the government. Uriah Wilson was not sent to parliament to blindly follow any government; he was sent there to represent the people of Lennox. If he thinks that he was representing their views in supporting the Jesuit Bill, we ask him to call a public meeting of the electors, regardless of party, and see if his course has found favor with the people. As it is well known that we do not agree with Mr. Wilson politically, we prefer not to condemn him in this matter. Our position is well known, and we can afford to let Mr. Wilson's political friends deal with him this time. They are after him with a sharp stick and if Uriah succeeds in again whipping the Orangemen into line he will have accomplished a marvellous feat. And it is not the Orangemen alone who are condemning his course; prominent Conservatives throughout the riding have withdrawn their support from him, and are ready to support any candidate who will oppose Jesuit aggression. Uriah has made his bed, and he must lie on it. If it does not prove to be a bed of roses he has only himself to blame.

Consumption Cured

An old physician retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East Indian missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering follows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with name, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes 149 Powers' Block Rochester N Y.

Kathbun Company. His position on the Quinte will be filled by F. Hambly, jr., of Belleville.

It is asserted that the Duchess of of Cambridge, aunt of Queen Victoria, has bequeathed to the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Cambridge, commander-in-chief of the forces, enormous sums of ready money and considerable land.

Belleville, April 5. A number of farmers have been handed their notes from the bailiffless of its agent. Mrs. Way has laid information before W. Anderson, J. P., Ameliasburg, charging Mrs. Robertson, agent for the speculative cuts, with having obtained her note with intent to defraud. The charge will be heard to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. Foster is great on figures. In his budget speech he announced that at the end of the fiscal year he hoped for a surplus of dominion funds to the amount of $1,000,000. But now he has brought down supplementary estimates which call for $2[illegible],357, with $1,678,127 chargeable to income. Thus the expenditure of the year will total $37,000,557, which is $729,176 in excess of the revenue. The conundrum of the hour is, where is the surplus to come from?

It is announced that the University Federation Act will be proclaimed in the next issue of the Ontario Gazette. Sir Daniel Wilson, the present President of University College, will be selected as head of the new body—a position which he is pre-eminently qualified to hold. Though Victoria College has not given the statutory notice of her intention to federate, there appeares to be an impression that the scheme will be completed by May 1st. The Methodist friends of Federation assert that $100,000 cash will be forthcoming at date, and that $250.000 has been subscribed.

Robert A. Gunn, M. D., Dean and Professor of Surgery of the United States Medical College, Editor of "Medical Tribune," Author of "Gunn's New Improved Hand-book of Hygiene and Domestic Medicine," says over his own signature in addressing the proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure: I cannot be true to my convictions unless I extend a [illegible] and endorse all I know to be good and trustworthy. Your graphic descriptions of diseases of the kidneys and liver have awakened the medical profession to the fact of their great increase. Physicians have been experimentally treating [illegible], and while casting about for an [illegible]ized remedy, their patients have died on their hands."

It is hinted that [illegible] next shuffle of Dominion cabinet [illegible] takes place Mr. Foster will receive "[illegible] promotion." Sir John Macdonald is said to feel so disgusted with his Finance Minister's inability to reply to Sir Richard Cartwright's charges in connection with the lately negotiated loan, that he will send Mr. Foster to the rear and [illegible] for a new financer. Possibly the Finance Minister may endeavor to [illegible] blame and responsibility upon [illegible]es Tupper, and point out that soon after the loan was floated the high commissioner found himself rich enough to accept a baronetcy.

Kingston, April 7—The large tannery of Joseph Carrington was destroyed by fire last night. The [illegible] began in the engine room and [illegible] until the whole building, 1[illegible]eet, was in flames. The contents [illegible] machinery were destroyed, and the oils and other articles used in the tanning of leather caused a blaze which [illegible]ed the whole north end of the [illegible] tannery and stock were valued at $35,000. The insurance is $10,000 in [illegible]ers' & Manufacturers' Association. Mr. Carrington may rebuild if the city give him exemption from taxation.

NO CURE NO PAY!

A Fair and Square Offer to Invalids to try The New Method Treatment

By which our success in curing chronic diseases and deformities has been so uniform, that we will now guarantee to treat bad or reputed incurable cases, for a stipulated price until cured, and in case of failure to refund all the money paid us under such written guarantee. It will cost you nothing to investigate this offer, as consultation at the offices or by letter free. Take no chance—pay no money to a doctor, unless he has confidence enough in his skill to guarantee a cure. No matter what the name or nature of your disease may be, call or write to us, giving age, sex, complexion and symptoms. Send stamps to prepay postage on the NEW METHOD CURE books.

Part I, contains 228 pages, over 200 illustrations, symptoms of diseases and reports of over 10,000 cures; Prescriptions for the cure of acute diseases by Allopathic, Homœopathic and Eclectic remedies; Hygienic instructions for every lady, gentlemen and family. Will be mailed on receipt of 20 two-cent stamps, or 40 cents in silver.

Part II, private information for men and boys, young or old, mailed sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps, or 10 cents in silver.

Part III, information and instructions for ladies, married or single, 14 colored illustrations, symptoms, advice and reports of cures; mailed to ladies only, sealed in plain envelope on receipt of 5 two-cent stamps or 10 cents in silver. The three books will be mailed for 25 two-cent stamps, or 50 cents in silver, or will be given free at

The Offices of The Drs. K & K Surgeons, either at 159 Griswold St., Detroit, Mich. or at 163 Elm St., Cincinnati, O. All letters must be addressed to Dr. J. C. Kennedy, Hall's Block; Detroit, Mich.

We have cured invalids in all parts of the world through correspondence; remedies and instructions being sent by Mail or Express.

$93 Sewing-Machine FREE

To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send free to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 3 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for $93, with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America.

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Carscallen & Bro.,

The Low Priced, No Combination

Undertaking Establishment.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of all the latest designs to be found in

COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, Etc.,

which we are prepared to sell 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the county. We use the best deodorizer, thus obviating all unpleasant odors. Embalming a Specialty. Having purchased one of the Handsomest Hearses at the Toronto exhibition, we are prepared to attend personally funerals in the most satisfactory manner. The public will do well to call and examine our stock, and be convinced that ours is the place to buy.

We have also added a full line of the newest things in Wall Paper, Ceiling Decorations, Window Shades and Picture Railing, Paints and Oils, Paint Mixed. Persons wanting anything in this line will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, Centre-street, one block south of Main.

889ly CARSCALLEN & BRO.

P. SLAVEN & CO'Y

HAVE THIS WEEK COMMENCED A

Great Cheap Sale of Carpets, Curtains & Curtain Materials.

1,000 yards of good Tapestry Carpet, nice pattern and colors at 29 cents a yard.

Yard wide Union Carpets, choice patterns, at 40c., 5Cc. and 6Cc.

Our fine Brussels and Velvet Carpets are pronounced by every one to be the nicest Carpets ever shown in Napanee.

We purchased last week at clearing price over 200 pairs of White, Cream and Coffee colored Lace Curtains that are opened to day and are offering them retail at wholesale prices.

Also 175 samples of Lace, Swiss and Madras Muslin Curtains, selling at about one-fourth their value.

Cherry and Ebony Curtain Poles trimmed complete at 40c each.

We fear now that we will not be able to fulfiil the promise we made last week to have another opening as Miss Shannon is selling Hats and Bonnets faster than she can get them trimmed. We want two more trimmers and two apprentices right away and will give them steady employment.

We give below the latest fashion news in Millinery from Paris :

Ostrich Plumes and Millinery Flats.

Milliners are using a quantity of these goods, especially Plumes of the medium size ; also Flats and Plumes attached.

Flowers

are in great demand, not a single milliner, either in Paris or London but add Flowers to their Hats and Bonnets. The following are the favorites :—Roses, Primroses, Cowslip, Lilac, Mimosa, Violets, Picotees and Marguerites, mounted in wreaths to go under as well as over the brims ; nothing more than the old styles revived.

Shades for Plumes when Ombre-tinted, or two shades, as follows :—

Cream tinted with a new Nut-Brown.
Ebineer " " Dead-Leaf Shade.
Minuta " " Shrimp Pink.

Also in several shades of the new Greens. These colourings are for tips and mounts only.

The shades for Ostrich Plumes and Flats, plain colours, most in request are Ble, Etna, Colombo, Autumne, Perce, Trefle, Prairie, Tonkin, Minuta, Heron, Sauterelle, Saule, Rose, Euphrate, Oural, Cigale and Camelia.

Shades For Flowers,

Brise, Lezare, Serpent, Crevette, Venui, Nil, Perce, Trefle, Cigale, Oural, Monoreau, and a beautiful shade which should be called Dead Rose Leaf.

Ribbons.

Fancy patterns, also several checks much used on all styles of Hats, mixed with Flowers and Lece, and often with choice little tips dyed to match the Ribbons.

Laces.

These goods will see a big record ere September is with us. Many of the most becoming Bonnets were trimmed with Flowers and Lace and small Egptian tips to match the Lace. We also noticed a quantity of Lace used for Bonnet strings in place of Ribbons, but the latter is largely worn.

Gold Braids and materials of all classes of goods of bullion styles will be largely used.

Jets and Beads.

Bands, Flys, Birds' Wings and Leaves, also several styles in Gold and Jet Grasses.

Beads of all descriptions, with the exception of Jet, quite discarded.

Bonnet Ornaments.

Very few Bonnets or Hats with ornaments, but a quantity of pins, in three different sizes, in gold, steel and jet.

Ladies wanting a new Hat or Bonnet for Easter Sunday are requested to leave their order now as we are sure to have a great rush next week.

P. SLAVEN & CO.

The Blood is the Life,

and on its purity largely depends the general health. No one is free from danger, and nine-tenths of humanity actually do suffer from one form or other of impure blood. No one remedy has such a wide range of curative power as has Burdock Blood Bitters—that best of all blood purifiers and tonics.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. B. Aylesworte M. W. VanLuven, B. C. Lloyd, U. C. Sills, Miles Shorey, and A. C. Parks.

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The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 P. M.

Napanee Feb. 14th, 1887 2288ly

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sum $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicite T. G. Davis
c2881y Insurance and Money Loaning Agent

BUILDING!

Having bought out the business of E. F. Vanluven & Co. I am prepared to execute all orders for

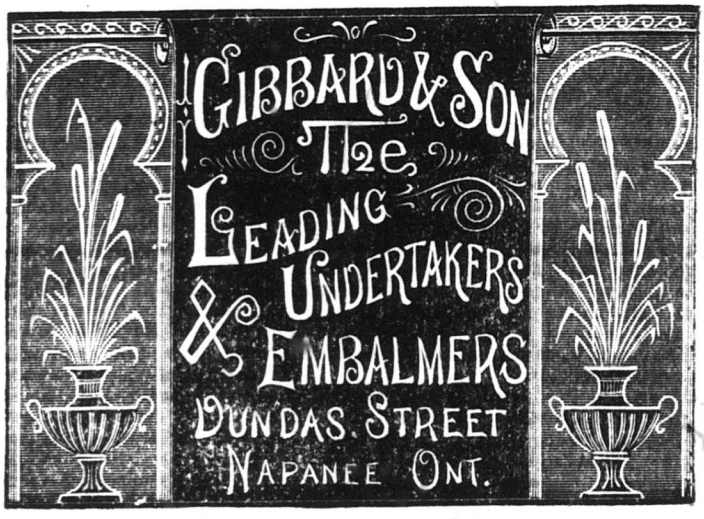
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Frames Dressed Lumber, Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

short notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Fact on canal next to brush factory. 2388l

FREE $85 solid GOLD WATCH sold for $100 until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. Both ladies' and gents' sizes with works and cases of equal value ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one FREE. How is this possible? We answer—we want one person in each locality, to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a complete line of our valuable and very useful HOUSEHOLD SAMPLES. These samples, as well as the watch, we send free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property; it is possible to make this great offer, sending the SOLID GOLD watch and CONTENTS complete free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always gives us the trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality one month or two we usually get from 5 orders to 50 orders in that from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write us at once, and make sure of the chance. Pay for it will be the most profitable for you to show these samples in those who are in your home and your reward will be [illegible] which to write us costs but a cent and [illegible] do not care to go further, [illegible] send your address at once, [illegible] best solid gold watches [illegible] COSTLY SAMPLES [illegible] Address GEO. DIXSON & CO.



WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

989ly J. GIBBARD & SON.

GEO. I. HAM

Having purchased the premises lately occupied by S. McLaughlin, and moved therein, is now prepared to offer

Better Bargains in Groceries

THAN EVER BEFORE.

Highest Cash Price for anything that is Saleable

ORANGES JUST IN!

Remember the place, McLaughlin's Old Stand.

1789dt **GEORGE I. HAM.**

THE RUSH STI

The Great Bank

A T

HOOPER &

Is surely and steadily booming. We are busy all the time distributing irresistible bargains coming week we have some Special Bargains to offer. Our offerings in Prints are large Dress Goods in every conceivable design, shade or color at prices which astonish everybod Goods in all the new colorings, with a complete range of Trimmings to match. We are c to five dollars can be saved to every purchaser of a Silk Dress by buying from us. We a yard. Also, grand bargains in Broche Velvets, far below wholesale prices. If you want La

We are selling a lot of Tweeds, which we commence at 30c per yard. $5 can be saved on a suit of clothe cents per yard, worth 1½c more per yard at mill to-day. We are offering Shirtings, Tickings, Cottonades and al dren's Cotton and Cashmere Hose. Good Cotton Hose at 5c per pair. 30 dozen pairs Ladies' Lisle, Taffeta an

RUBBER CIRCULARS—$300 Worth of Ladies' F

Specially good bargains in Embroideries, All-overs, Laces, Frillings, Collars and Cuffs, etc. Mens' Wor 17c each. We have neither time nor space to enumerate one-tenth of the bargains we have to offer. Suffice it from the regular wholesale trade. If you have not already secured some of these bargains, you should not del price.

OUR MILLINERY

is crowded with orders. Ladies, if you do not wish to be disappointed in your Spring Hat or Bonnet on Easter ber, we have a large trade as well. We hope our customers in town will leave their orders as early in the week a

G. T. & C. P. R. Ry's

Will run the first

SETTLER'S TRAIN

To Manitoba and the Northwest, leaving Toronto 9 p. m.,

Tuesday, February 26, 1889

and every Tuesday thereafter during March and April. Settlers cars should be ordered ten days in advance, and must leave Napanee on Monday night.

Parties going to

MANITOBA

can buy through tickets and get baggage checked through to destination by purchasing tickets from J. L. Boyes, Napanee. No other ticket agent can do this.

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

22881y

Wilton.

Dr. Vrooman, of Yarker, passed through Wilton last week to visit some of his patients.

Rev. W. J. Young, of Odessa, rendered a very interesting discourse in the Methodist church of this place last Sunday morning.

While Mr. James Davy was tearing down a building, lately purchased by him from Mr. Levi Gallagher, part of the building fell knocking him senseless Dr. Meacham was sent for and succeeded in stitching together an ugly gash on his chin. His head was badly bruised.

Odessa.

Chas. Jones, Kingston, spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Jane Buck has removed here from Almonte.

Nathan F. Snider's store was burglarized on the 3rd.

The election was quiet and orderly. No demonstration.

Farmers report some kind of a distemper among the sheep.

In 1885 the Scott Act majority here was 84; this time reduced to 16.

McIntyre's Corners.

On Monday night one of those quiet little gatherings took place in the empty house of Azel Buck, and I thought it best to let the readers of THE EXPRESS know about it. It was convened for the purpose of getting things in shape with a view to loading up the voters list in true Tory style. But little progress was made, as none of the party seemed to be posted. Doubtless when Henry Davy calls around, certain suggestions will be made to him as the result of the meeting, but Henry is too old a bird to be caught with chaff.

Stella.

A few farmers will begin seeding this week.

There was quite a large crowd at the lecture, given by the Rev. G. S. White in the Methodist church on Sunday evening. The subject was "Canada and the Jesuits."

Quite a lively time in the council chamber on Saturday. Filson was at it again.

Miss Nellie Miller died on Friday last after a lingering illness. She was burried in St. Paul's burrying ground. A large number of relatives were present: some

ing tickets from J. L. Boyes, Napanee. No other ticket agent can do this.

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
2288ly G N W Tel Co, Napanee

Adolphustown.

The farmers are preparing in good earnest for the spring work, and intend sowing a greater breadth of wheat and less barley than for many years past.

It is reported from Kingston that the Hero will commence her regular trips on Saturday next if the ice is clear on the bay, but at present the ice is holding pretty firm, and has not begun to break up.

Mr. Samuel Hawley, an old resident on the Hay Bay, died on Sabbath morning in the 85 year of his age. Mr. Hawley moved from the States upwards of sixty years ago, and has ever since been a resident of this township. His persevering industry and great rectitude of character secured for him and family a competency of this worlds goods, and the good will and esteem of those who knew him. His funeral to-day (9th) was very largely attended by his neighbors and friends, who thus paid their last tribute of respect to his memory. The Rev. W. R. Young, of Wellington, was requested by the family to preach the funeral sermon, but being unable to attend the Rev. Mr. Forneri conducted the funeral service. Messrs. Wilson and Smith, of Northport, and Mr. Cronk, of Picton, crossed the bay in an open boat, at Thompson's point, to attend the funeral.

Napanee Mills.

Mrs. Daniel Loucks is quite ill.

We are pleased to see Mr. Armstrong able to be out again.

Mrs. Tompkins, of Camden East, is the guest of Mrs. G. Dunlop.

We are glad to learn that Mr. Robt. Pybus is improving in health.

Our school is progressing favorably under the able management of Mr. Glover.

Miss Agnes Jenkins paid a visit to her sister Mrs. Scott one day last week.

Mrs. W. Finlay and three children, of Montreal, are the guests of her father, Mr. Geo. Rook.

Mr. L. Lott has been unable to be among us lately, being greatly troubled with dizziness from which he still suffers.

Mr. H. Armstrong drove clear to Roblin on Thursday to vote for the Scott Act. Although his vote was lost he showed his good sense.

The Old Maid's Taffy Pull on the 5th was a grand success. The lady committee assisted by Messrs. Madden, Dagett and Tompkins deserve great credit for the way the school house was decorated and arranged. Mr. Will Scott very kindly supplied dishes and material for decoration. Miss Lott occupied the chair in a very gracious manner, and read forth the following programme. Music by Messrs. Madden, Hawley, Daggett, Canifton, Pringle, Glover and Clement, and Misses FitzMartin, Scott, Rook Williams Pringle and Boyle. Literary, Messrs. Daggett, Lott, Glover, Hamilton and FitzMartin, and Misses Lott, Doyle, Williams, Davy, Rook, Scott, Stirling, Kelly, McAvoy and U. Lott. The opening chorus by the three little girls, Ida McGuire, Laura Dunlop and Minnie Pybus, was very highly appreciated, as was also the instrumental solo by Mr. Will Scott. The number present may be judged when we state that the pretty door-keepers, Nellie Lott, Libbie McAvoy and Kate McGuire took in $22.40.

Father Had Quinsy.

"We find Burdock Blood Bitters excellent for weakness, and equally so for headache. Father also suffered severely from quinsy, which B. B. B., by its tonic and purifying properties, completely cured."

on the 3rd.

The election was quiet and orderly. No demonstration.

Farmers report some kind of a distemper among the sheep.

In 1885 the Scott Act majority here was 84; this time reduced to 16.

Tenants are changing abodes so rapidly that we dont pretend to keep track of them.

The Babcock hotel is undergoing a fresh coat of paint and the Dominion shed is being rebuilt.

An elderly gentleman here refused a telegram from his nephew, giving as his reasons that "it was'nt Billy's hand rite."

Jas. H. Johnston has bought and is improving the Bingo farm, Factory street, north. He has sold two lots to Geo. Watts.

The Workman estate has been disposed of, William Henzy, jr., purchasing the eastern and Mr. Jas. Laidley, the western property.

The anniversary of the Methodist Sunday School was a success. The officers, from the superintendent down, are energetic, busy workers. The childrens' field-evening, was Monday, at their concert and they improved the time, too. Mr. J. M. Wemp, Miss Wemp, Henry Hogler and Miss Bain, Bath, contributed largely to the success of the evening.

Any time during the now deceased six months, would have been a pudding for the bonus hunters, but at present we would not give a snap for a railroad. Don't want one; would'nt take it as a gift. We are independent, now that the pike and suckers have appeared on the rapids, and in a month hence will knock the chip off anybody's shoulder, smaller than we are.

Selby.

We welcome the beautiful spring weather.

Sugar making is the order of the day.

Miss Maggie McKim returned to Well's Island this week, having spent a couple of months at her home.

Miss Bertha Cook has returned from a prolonged visit with her sister Mrs. Loyd, of Sidney.

Master Jimmy Rose went to Ottawa this week to pay a visit to his grandmother Mrs. Storr.

Mr. C. Shorey, of Centreville, paid Selby a flying visit last week.

Still the question of the day seems to be,

Who writes the notes for "THE EXPRESS." ?
(It sure must cause him much distress)
By the substance, I can guess,—
Topsy.

Who loses slumber to compose
Some fibs regarding Sweet and Rose,
nd hat's and kat's and Fleck and Joe's,—
Topsy.

Who of an ant-hill makes a mount,
And writes of things of no account
And gossips to a great amount?
Topsy.

Who always talks about Joe Brown,
And all the school-marms round the town?
While they contemptuously look down, on—
Topsy.

Who fails to mention things of note
Of him who carried rail and coat,
To see the one on whom he dotes:—
Topsy.

Who likewise fails to mention one
Whose mother vainly sought her son,
But he on railway ties had gone,—
Topsy.

Oh, let us all denounce the one
Who writes such trash and thinks it fun,
And flourishes the nom-de-plume,—
Topsy.

And now to you my verdant scribe
Your pen and ink and paper hide,
And never more again subscribe.—
Topsy.

Elections for the repeal of the Scott Act in the counties of Elgin, Lambton, Oxford and Middlesex will take place on the 9th of May next.

It is stated that the Cabinet has definitely decided to give Mr. Chapleau the railway portifolio, and that the French members claim the vacancy left by Mr. Pope's death for one of their race.

The subject was "Canada and the Jesuits."

Quite a lively time in the council chamber on Saturday. Filson was at it again.

Miss Nellie Miller died on Friday last after a lingering illness. She was burried in St. Paul's burrying ground. A large number of relatives were present: some from Toronto, Belleville and other places. Nearly sixty vehicles were in procession.

We are earnestly looking forward to the time when we will hear the whistle of the steamer Hero.

The Lost Atlantis.

For many centuries there has been a tradition of a long lost island called Atlantis.

The Greek geographers located it in the Atlantic Ocean, west of the northwest part of Africa and the Pillars of Hercules. The sea-kings of Atlantis are said to have invaded Europe and Africa and to have been defeated by the Athanians.

All the legends agree that it was a vast island, of inexhaustible resources, and inhabited by a race of superior people. For ages this island has existed only in legendary lore. But now, when the light of modern reseach is turned full upon the investigation, behold the lost Atlantis at our very doors.

So the bigoted medical fraternity goes groping about in the dark. If they would investigate, they would behold the lost Atlantis at their very door. They experiment and dose with their injurious drugs, and with no person or laws to hold them accountable, they continue their bigoted, unjustified practice, staring into vacancy, imagining that they see in themselves an Esculapius.

Wrapped in ancient bigotry, they denounce any new idea advanced by a layman or an oppositlon school as a fraud.

Why?

Because humanity will not be benefited? Not at all, but because their specialism did not make the discovery.

Yet they concede that there is no remedy known to their materia medica that will cure an advanced kidney malady and the diseases arising therefrom—although many of them know from crowning proof that Warner's Safe Cure will—but unscrupulously treat symptoms and call them a disease, when in reality they know they are but symptons.

A few of the more honest physicians admit that Warner's Safe Cure is a valuable remedy, and a great blessing to mankind, but say, in so many words, when asked why they do not prescibe it, that they cannot, according to their code.

The late eminent physician and writer, Dr. J. G. Holland, published in "Scribner's Monthly," and showed his opinion of such bigotry, and no doubt was satisfied that Atlantis might possibly be discovered in a proprietary medicine, when he wrote editorially, as follows:

"Nevertheless, it is a fact that many of the best proprietary medicines of the day were more successful than many of the physicians, and most of them, it should be remembered, were first discovered or used in actual medicine practice. When, however, any shrewd person, knowing their virtue, and foreseeing their popularity, secures and advertises them, then, in the opinion of the bigoted, all virtue went out of them."

Chicago, April 8.—A letter has been received by the mayor from leading residents of Ouida, Dak., stating that 25 residences, 48 barns, 650 sheep and many horses and cattle were destroyed by the recent prairie fires in Sully county. The letter says that one hundred farmers are homeless, without clothing or seed for sowing, and appeals for help.

ILL CONTINUES.

krupt Stock Sale

T

DOXSEE'S

rgains in all kinds of Dry Goods, Silks, Clothing, etc., to our host of patrons. For the e large, varied and at about one-half the regular price—good prints from 4c per yard up. erybody, commencing at 4c per yard. We are showing a handsome range of Fine Dress are offeriug some terrible drives in Silks and Satins, in Black and Colors. From three We are offering Broche Silks and Satins for Dolmans and Jackets at 46c, worth $1 per ant Lace Curtains or Curtain Nets, money can be saved by looking our stock through. f clothes by leaving your orders with us now. We are showing 200 pieces of Grey Cottons at 4, 5, 6 and 7 s and all Staple Goods far below present wholesole prices. We are offering special drives in Ladies' and Chil- ffeta and Silk Gloves at one-half price.

lies' Rubber Circulars at Fifty Cents on the Dollar.

ns' Working Flannel Shirts, 35c. Mens' Cotton Tweed Over-alls from 45c up. Mens' Cotton Undershirts at ffice it to say, we are selling the Bankrupt Stock fully 50 per cent less than same goods can be bought to-day not delay, as this is an opportunity which does not occur every day, to buy your spring supplies at about half

Y DEPARTMENT

Easter Sunday, do not delay too late iu the week in ordering. We have a large staff, it is true, but remem- week as possible.

HOOPER & DOXSEE, THE LEADING MILLINERY HOUSE.

BRAN! BRAN!

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran !

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flourcheaper than anyone else in town

1789dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Ad lington whom he has served in the past he re urns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solic- ts a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoa- ne, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of hi visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Nap- anee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2288ly

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UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH.

From the Bald Mountains to Lake Ontario,

OUR STOCK OF

SPRING HATS

IS THE LARGEST, AND OUR

STYLES THE BEST.

TC SEE IS TO BUY ! TO BUY IS TO SAVE MONEY !

McAlister & Co.

ne, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of hi visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2288ly

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH.

E. M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
Tamworth

25871v

J. F. SMITH

IS SELLING

Groceries

lower than any other house in town.

LOOK

Canned Tomatoes,.....10 cents
Canned Corn .....10 cents
17 lbs. Yellow Sugar $1 00
16 lbs. Raw Sugar 1 00
Evaporated Apples, per lb 8 cents

Times are hard and the prices very low.

Flour, Feed and Pressed Hay

always on hand. Give me a call.

J. F. SMITH.

Brisco House Block, Napanee. 11891y

THIS YEARS

MYRTLE

CUT and PLUG

SMOKING TOBACCO

FINER THAN EVER.

See

T. & B.

IN BRONZE ON

each Plug and Package.

4688ly

TO SEE IS TO BUY! TO BUY IS TO SAVE MONEY!

McAlister & Co,

The Leading Hat & Clothing House of Napanee.

1889dm

Stock for sale and Shop to Let

The undersigned having decided to retire from the

Grocery, Provision, Crockery and Glassware Business,

offer for sale their entire stock and as the goods

ARE NEW AND STOCK WELL ASSORTED,

it affords a first class opportunity for anyone desirous of entering into that line of business. The shop is unquestionably one of the finest in Ontario and rent moderate.

Terms Liberal to a Responsible Party.

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Napanee, 8th April, 1889.

The Ontario Mutual Life!

ESTABLISHED 1870.

DOMINION DEPOSIT, - - $100,000

Assurance in force January 1st, 1889	$12,041,814 00
New Assurance written in 1888	2,518,650 00
Cash Income for 1888	393,073 00
Assets, December 31st, 1888	1,313,843 00
Liabilities as per Government Valuation	1,223,516 00

Surplus, $90,337.00.

The new business for January and February of this year is MUCH GREATER than was ever before written by the Company during the same months, while with over $12,000,000 on our books, the death losses have been only $6,500.

R. B. MASTIN, General Agent, Picton, Ont.

W. PHILLIPS,

1689dtf Napanee, Agt. for Lennox & Addington

NEWS FROM STANLEY.

THE GALLANT EXPLORER'S STRUGGLE AGAINST TERRIBLE ODDS.

A Month of Horror—Starvation and Nakedness—Inflicting the Death Penalty—Light at Last.

A letter from Henry M. Stanley has been received by the Chairman of the Emin Bey Relief Expedition and made public. It shows that the explorer had suffered terrible hardships. It is dated from Bungangeta Island, Aruwhimi River, August 28th 1888. Among other things he says. On August 15th we arrived in the district of Airjeli Opposite our camp was the mouth of the tributary Nepoko. On August 31st I met for the first time a party of Manyema, belonging to a caravan of Ugarrowas, *alias* Uledi-Balyuz, who turned out to be a former tent boy of Speke's.

BEGINNING OF MISFORTUNES.

Our misfortunes began from this date, for I had taken the Congo route to avoid the Arabs, that they might not tamper with the men and tempt them to desert by presents. Twenty-six of our men deserted within three days of this unfortunate meeting. On September 15th we arrived at camp opposite the station at Ugarrowwas. As food was scarce he had devastated an immense region. We halted but one day near him on such friendly terms as I could make with such a man. I made a trade and left 56 men with him. All the Somalis perferred to rest at Ugarrowwas to continuous marching. Five Soudanese were also left. It would have been certain death for all of them to have accompanied us to the Ugarrowwas. They might possibly recover. Five dollars a month per head was to be paid to this man for their food. On September 18 we left Ugarrowwas, and on October 18 entered a settlement occupied by Kilingalonga, a Zanzibar slave belonging to Tippoo Bin Salim, an old Arab, whose bloody deeds are recorded in the Congo and the founding of its free state.

AN AWFUL MONTH.

This proved an awful month to us. Not one member of our expedition, white or black, will forget it. Our advance numbered 263 souls. On leaving Ugarrowwas, out of the 389, we lost 66 men by desertion and death between Yambuya and Ugarrowwas, and had left 56 men sick in the Arab station. On reaching Killingalonga we discovered we had lost 55 men by starvation and desertion. We had lived principally on wild fruit, fungi and a large, flat, beanshaped nut. The slaves of Abe Bin Salim did their utmost to ruin the expedition, short of open hostilities. They purchased rifles, ammunition, and clothing, so that when we left the station we were beggared and our men absolutely naked. We were so weak physically that we were unable to carry the boats and about seventy loads of goods. We therefore left the goods and boats at Killingalonga, under Surgeon Park and Captain Nelson, the latter of whom was unable to march. After twelve days' march we arrived at a native settlement called Ibwiri, between Kilingalonga and Ibwiri. Our condition had not improved. The Arab devastation had reached within a few miles of Ibwiri, a devastation so complete that not one native hut was standing between Ugarrowwas and Ibwiri, and what had not been destroyed by the slaves of Ugarrowwas and Abed Bin Salim, the elephants, destroyed and turned the whole

LION HUNTING IN ALGERIA.

In Quest of the King of Beasts in His Native Haunts.

The king of beasts in his finest development is still to be found in North Africa. Among the mimosa bushes of yonder sandy plain he rears his majestic crest. Those rocky heights know his presence. From boulder to boulder he leaps with mighty bounds, and at night his awful voice reechoes, rolling like thunder along the ground, and cowing all nature into silence. No other North African country contains so many lions as Algeria; but even there they are growing scarcer from year to year. Gerrard, the first famous Algerian lion killer, upward of thirty years ago estimated them as only 120 in number, and they have certainly not increased since. A successful lion hunt has thus become one of the rarest of rare events. We have known many fashionable chasses-au-lion to be orgaized. No stranger of note who visits the country can well leave it without indulging in one or more of them. They are a picturesque but costly kind of pageantry, always shown off in broad daylight, and forsooth on horseback. Small matter to these amateur sportsmen that lions habitually sleep by day in their almost inaccessible mountain fastnesses, and that the proximity of a large posse of men and horses intimidates them. The native guides know well what they are about. A lion hunt has been ordered regardless of expense, and vast preparations are set on foot forthwith.

At dawn of the appointed day a glittering cavalcade issues from the gates. It is hailed by the acclamation of a motley crowd of natives eager for backsheesh, whose expectations are abundantly gratified, owing to the best of humors engendered by the prospect of such noble sport. A truly magnificent display is made of horses, harness, and picturesque costumes.

BREECH LOADING RIFLES, REVOLVERS, SPEARS,

and yataghans reflect the bright rays of the morning sun; and thus, with much shouting, clanking, and jingling, the grand hunt proceeds. Much show, but little wool, for nothing ever comes of it. All day long, through field, sandy plain, and forest, the king of beasts is sought and never found. Some spicy little bit of excitement or other has been prearranged by the guides, who feel that something must be done for the money. A turbaned Arab suddenly appears on the outskirts of a thicket, vowing that a lion is there. With much show of courage the thicket is entered by the guides, leading what seems a forlorn hope, and the uninitiated follow boldly. Every bush is searched, but no! his royal majesty is not at home. His lair is indeed pointed out and declared to be still warm with unmistakable signs of recent occupancy, but that is about all, unless some one in the fever of his enthusiasm should fancy that he has got sight of the lion, of his tawny mane, his tufted tail, or glittering eyes. In that case a rifle, perhaps several, are discharged; and though no carcass is ever found, the readywitted natives are at no loss to account for that: it has tumbled into some inaccessible ravine, and there it lies. Lies, indeed! And so the grand hunt comes to an end before nightfall. A triumphal return and sumptuous feast crown the glorious achievements of the day. In fact, the thing is a sham from beginning to end.

Real lion hunts present widely different features. Free from all ostentatious display, they are spiced with much difficulty, exertion, and danger, and only on rare occasions unqualified success is reaped. Perhaps the most impressive of them is when a whole tribe of Arabs in sheer self-defense issue forth to a man, determined to put an end to

height; and every cleft or gully in the rocky wall around bristled with the arms of our spearsmen, barring escape in every direction, a

COMPLETE CIRCLE OF GLISTENING STEEL.

We looked carefully to our weapons, and, when all was ready for giving our royal foes a hot reception, loud shouts and clamor were raised to draw them forth, but all in vain. No lion showed as much as the tip of his nose. After brief consultation, one dauntless youth volunteered to creep along the ledge, close to the cave, collect a heap of dry brushwood and fire it, so as to smoke the lions out. The spearmen redoubled their clamor, and we held our rifles in readiness for instant use, while anxiously watching the lad's progress. He pursued his perilous task with great courage. Creeping warily along the ledge, he never paused till he had gained the entrance of the cave. Quickly gathering together the dry brushwood near at hand he soon raised a pile large enough to fill the entrance, and after firing it he made his way back in safety, proud of his daring achievement and warmly greeted by us all. A few moments and the fire blazed up, sending a column of smoke into the cave. The effect upon the inmates was instantaneous and startling. Two mighty roars mingled in one, and lion and lioness bounded forth one after the other. Our doings had goaded them into fury, and they were ready to do battle against all odds in defense of their young ones and their home. At first glimpse of them my companion and I fired, but the movements of the mighty beasts were so rapid and incessant that both of us missed. Our Arab friends were peppering away with their firelocks, but also to little or no purpose.

Suddenly, while the lioness charged down upon us along the ledge, her consort, with one mighty bound, cleared the gully, alighting in the very midst of the Arabs at its brink, and, for the moment, carrying all before him. We aimed carefully this time as the lioness sprang upon us, and both our bullets took effect; but it needed a second dose of lead out of our breech-loaders to stretch her lifeless at our feet. We then hastened to the assistance of our allies. What a scene met our eyes! Bleeding profusely from many wounds, but as yet far from disabled, the furious male was making sad havoc among the crowd. Cracking a skull there with one mighty sweep of his paw, and smashing a shoulder with another, he had already strewn the ground with slain and wounded, as we drew nigh to finish him with our rifles. At that very moment the spearmen were also upon him. While he was scattering his assailants in front, more and more men had drawn near from behind, and half a dozen lances were now plunged into him simultaneously, bearing him to the ground at last. The short but fierce struggle was over, our terrible antagonist lay breathing his last, with his victims around him. He had killed five Arabs outright, and wounded fourteen more, among whom, to our great regret, was the young hero of the day, the same brave lad whose perilous exploit we had admired so much. A great broad gash from neck to shoulder will henceforth bear witness to his prewoss in the eyes of the whole tribe. We were.

PUBLICLY THANKED BY THE CHIEF

for our modest share in the glory of the day, and he informed us later that he deemed victory cheap at the price, considering that thirty or forty victims often fall in such encounters. Two young cubs, scarcely 6 months old, were found inside the cave half smothered by the smoke. We afterward learned that they had been sent to Algiers for sale, and, for all we know, they may be inmates of some zoological garden or men-

The Arab devastation had reached within a few miles of Ibwiri, a devastation so complete that not one native hut was standing between Ugarrowwas and Ibwiri, and what had not been destroyed by the slaves of Ugarrowwas and Abed Bin Salim, the elephants destroyed and turned the whole region into a horrible wilderness. But at Ibwiri we were beyond the utmost reach of the destroyers. We were on virgin soil in a fertile region abounding with food. Our suffering from hunger, which began on August 31, terminated on November 12 Ourselves and men are skeletons. Out of 289 we now only numbered 174, several having no hope of life left. A halt was ordered for the people to recuperate. Hitherto they were sceptical of what we told them.

THE LAND OF PROMISE.

On December 1st we sighted the open country from the top of the Gidge, connected with Mount Pisgah, so named because it was our first view of the land of promise and plenty. On December 5 we emerged upon the plains, and the deadly gloomy forest behind. After 160 days' continuous gloom, we saw the light of day shining all around, making all things beautiful. We thought we never saw grass so green or a country so lovely. The men literally leaped and yelled with joy, and raced over with their burdens. Ah, this was the old spirit of former expeditions successfully completed, and all of a sudden revived. Woe to the native aggressor whom we may meet, however powerful he may be. With such a spirit the men will fling themselves like wolves on sheep, numbers not considered. It had been the eternal forest that had made abject and slavish the creatures so brutally plundered by the Arab slaves.

features. Free from all ostentatious display, they are spiced with much difficulty, exertion, and danger, and only on rare occasions unqualified success is reaped. Perhaps the most impressive of them is when a whole tribe of Arabs in sheer self-defense issue forth to a man, determined to put an end to the ravagers of their flocks and herds or die in the attempt. It is indeed a question of life or death for the Arab. The amount of damage done to the herds of a tribe by a single family of lions in a month has been estimated at 10 per cent. and, remember, his herd is the Arab's all.

We were on a visit to one of the hill tribes when such an emergency arose. Our hosts were poor, but to the best they could offer we were made heartily welcome. There is no lack of hospitality among the much maligned Ishmaelites. Many an act of genuine kindness was shown us, and we should have been cravens indeed had we refused to aid our dusky friends in their need. A lion family had taken up their abode in a cave difficult of access among the hills close by. Night after night dire havoc was wrought by these fierce marauders, and the time had come when a determined stand must be made to avert utter and irrevocable ruin. While the mountain Arab is by no means deficient in courage, perseverance, or physical strength, his weapons are of a most primitive kind.

THE LONG, LIGHT FLINT LOCK GUN

e handles bears no comparison with our modern arms of precision. Deprived of that comfortable sense of safety and self-assurance which the possession of a trusty breech-loader affords, the Arab endeavors to make up for it by an accumulation of numbers. It can scarcely be said, however, that the old proverb holds good on such occasions. Face to face with an angry North African lion, there is no safety in numbers; he has been known to rush upon hundreds of men.

A glorious morning it was among the hills; the sky all aglow with purple tints, and through the veil of mist which hung round the shoulder of the great granite heights far off the summits were glistening like so many black diamonds bathed in sunbeams. Nature in its most rugged form lay before and around us. In the pure azure above, moon and stars were paling before the sun's return. We were surrounded by a motley crowd of Arabs in their picturesque costume. Young and old, all indeed capable of bearing arms, had turned out: some few were handling their long, slender, smooth-bore guns but by far the greater number had only spears and yataghans. The venerable chief beside us gave his orders briefly but distinctly. The exact location of the lion's cave was well known. At imminent peril of their lives the scouts had found it, tracking its mighty denizens to their very lair. A large circle of spearmen was now formed, and the men received instructions to converge gradually toward a rocky ledge in front of the cave, whose entrance was faintly visible from the elevated position of our trysting place. Presently the "battue" commenced. Amid much shouting and clash of arms the lines were drawn closer and closer, while all of us who had firearms made as straight as possible for the cave. Before we had got within range an enormous male lion showed himself for an instant, shook his mane, and vanished, to appear again when we had arrived at a distance of about 1,000 yards.

A brisk but harmless fusilade was opened upon him by our Arab friends, and with a roar of defiance he withdrew once more into his strong-hold; nor did he show himself again as we drew nearer and nearer until we came to a halt about 200 yards from the cave. The narrow ledge leading up to it was separated from the hillside on which we stood by a deep gorge more than forty feet wide. Above the ledge towered a precipitous

counters. Two young cubs, scarcely 6 months old, were found inside the cave half smothered by the smoke. We afterward learned that they had been sent to Algiers for sale, and, for all we know, they may be inmates of some zoological garden or menagerie. Our work was accomplished. Probably for many years to come the tribe would be exempt from similar infliction. With high hearts we held our triumphal entry into the village, amid shouts of victory, blended with lamentations over the many wounded. Our young hero of the fire met with his reward. They carried him along in triumph, and, as he lay on his roughly improvised couch, faint from loss of blood, but elated with the consciousness of his achievement, no mortal could have been happier than he. The whole tribe, young and old, paid grateful homage to him as he lay there, for "honor to whom honor is due" remains the rule with these unsophisticated gods of the wilderness, and long may it continue so.

Such, then, has been our experience of lion hunting in North Africa. Furnished with the best arms of precision, and well supported by the indomitable pluck and ripe experience of our dusky allies, we had found ourselves face to face with the king of beasts, and, after all, had but little right to boast of our encounter with him.

Encouraging Home Industry.

Fond Mother—"Doctor, what seems to be the cause of Willie's trouble?"

Doctor—"Some foreign substance in the stomach, I should say."

Fond Mother—"Oh yes; those dreadful Irish potatoes! I will tell our grocer to-morrow that he positively must bring us some of home production."

We have just discovered why there is such a struggle among leading Samoans to be king—that office pays $20 a month.

When a man prints an essay he has written, or a political speech he has made, or some other form of mental effort which he deems worthy of wide dissemination, and appends a picture of himself to the same, such an illustration of the matter may no doubt, be regarded as a symptom and exhibition of personal vanity; but it is a vanity which is simply amusing, and ought to offend nobody. It is in the nature of an appeal to the sensibilities and imagination of the beholder, an attractive bait, it is fondly hoped, to lure him on from the mere looking at the printed matter, to a careful perusal thereof, the rising from which perusal it is earnestly expected will be co-ordinated with largely increased respect and admiration for the talent of the writer.

President Harrison has chosen a strong team to represent the United States in the Berlin conference for the settlement of the Samoan troubles. Mr. Kasson was Minister to Austria in 1877 and to Germany in 1884; Mr. Phelps is a politician of some note, and, as an exchange says, a robust exponent of the "American idea"; and Mr. Bates is an astute lawyer who was one of the commissioners previously sent to investigate into Samoan affairs. Diplomatic, political, and legal skill are thus happily combined. The two secretaries, also, are well fitted for their positions, one of them having been at one time Consul-General in Samoa, and the other having taken part in the negotiation of the existing treaty.

How the Romans Enjoyed Life.

The lavish expenditure of the Romans on the *cœna*, the great meal of the day, was often fabulous. Vitellius is actually reported to have squandered 400 sestertia, about £3,228, on his daily supper, though surely this must be a monstrous exaggeration! The celebrated feast to which he invited his brother Lucius cost 3,000 sestertia, or £40,350. Suetonius relates that it consisted of 2,000 different dishes of fish and 7,000 of fowls, and this did not exhaust the bill of fare. His daily food was luxurious and varied beyond precedent. The deserts of Lydia, the shores of Spain, and the waters of the Carpathian seas were diligently searched to furnish his table with dainties, while the savage wilds of Britain had to bear their part in replenishing his larder. Had he reigned long Josephus says that he would have exhausted the wealth of the Roman Empire itself. Ælius Verus, another of these worthies, was equally profuse in the extravagance of his suppers. It is said that a single entertainment, to which only a dozen guests were invited, cost 6,000,000 sesterces—6,000 sestertia, that is—or nearly £48,500. History relates that his whole life was passed eating and drinking in the voluptuous retreats of Daphne or at the luxurious banquets of Antioch. So profuse, indeed, was the extravagance of those times that to entertain an Emperor was to face almost certain ruin; one dish alone at the table of Heliogabalus is said to have cost about £4,000 of our money. No wonder these imperial feasts were lengthened out for hours, and that every artifice, often revolting in the extreme, was used to prolong the pleasure of eating, or that Philoxenus should have wished that he had the throat of a crane with a delicate palate all the way down. One does not like to associate the name of Julius Cæsar with habits of low gluttony that would disgrace a prize fighter, and yet, if our memory does not play us false, even he did not disdain to take emetics to return to his banquets with a keen appetite.—[The National Review.

A good many of the gold seekers who rushed so impetuously to the "new fields" in Southern California are already blowing on their fingers to cool them. The thing appears to have been a "fake" of the worst description.

HEALTH.

The Care of The Feet.

There are three things necessary in order to secure the most healthy condition of the feet; they should be kept warm, dry and clean. The first requisite is obtained by wearing suitable stockings. In selecting the material we should remember first, what fabric is the best non-conductor of heat, and second, which is the most comfortable to the wearer. Experience has taught us, that woolen is the most perfect non-conductor, therefore it is more generally used for winter wear than cotton or silk. Care should be taken to use only one kind during the season; it is not wise to wear cotton to-day and woolen to morrow, and thus alternate from one to the other, as in this way it is very easy to catch cold. But the choice of either material must be left to the wearer. The natural heat of the body caused by the activity of the circulation will suggest which is best for his own individual use. Thus for one who has a large amount of natural heat, woolen retains this surplus of heat, profuse perspiration is induced which soon becomes condensed by the cold which comes through the boot or shoe, and the feet are thereby kept clammy, damp and most disagreebly cold; but if cotton or silk hose is worn, the extra heat is conveyed away, still leaving enough to keep the feet comfortably warm.

The dryness of the feet depends largely upon the kind and quality of the boot or shoe worn. Shoes are better for ordinary every-day use than boots, especially for those people who walk. For riding or when obliged to stand or travel torough the deep snow, boots are the best. A cheap pair of shoes is dear at any price. It pays in every way to get a good shoe; it looks better, wears longer and gives better satisfaction. A recent writer has given tie following directions for the preservation and utility of boots and shoes: "Take a pound each of tallow and resin and put in a pot on the fire; when melted and mixed, apply hot with a painter's brush until neither the sole or upper will soak any more. It it is desired that the boots should immediately take a polish, dissolve a ounce of wax in a teaspoonful of turpentine and lampblack; this should be applied a day or two after, but not before the fire. Thus the exterior will have a coat of wax alone and shine like a mirror, at the same time affording antiseptic protection to the tallow and resin which will prevent them from rotting the leather." Another important consideration is not to wear a shoe after the outer or first sole is worn through. It is conducive to both health and comfort to get it tapped. Rubber boots, overshoes or rubbers should be worn only while riding and walking, and not when in the house, the store, or in church.

As to the matter of cleanliness, it should be remembered that the pores of the soles of the feet are much the largest in the whole body, it is therefore of special importance that they be kept open. At least once a week during the winter, the feet should receive a good soaking in warm water, and if convenient twice or even three times a week is none too often.

Perhaps no class of men suffer more from cold feet than those who are obliged to remain out in severe winter weather who from the nature of their work are compelled to stand or sit in one position most of the time, as for example, horse-car drivers, conductors, hackmen, teamsters, etc. To such and others, the following method of warming the feet may be of practical service.

It is one of the rules of what is known as the "Swedish movement system," and is as follows: Stand erect, and very gradually

WINDFALLS FOR SAVAGES.

Thriving on the Misfortunes of Shipwrecked Sailors.

A few weeks ago the British vessel Anglo India was wrecked on the Formosan coast, and the natives who, on about a third of the big island, are still thorough savages in spite of the Chinese occupancy, flocked to the beach to collect their booty. Fourteen of the crew, fearing to fall into the hands of the savages, put off to sea in a boat and were lost. The others were taken captive, deprived of their clothing, and terribly maltreated. The plundering of the vessel was in progress when a Government boat came along, drove the natives into the forest, and killed three of them as a warning to the other pirates.

It is a lucky day for many a savage tribe when a wrecked vessel gives them a chance to exercise their thievish and murderous propensities. The fierce natives of the Andaman Islands have only just been taught through a long and bitter series of reprisals, that shipwrecked sailors are not providentially thrown in their way as targets for their arrows.

One of the greatest prizes ever taken from the ocean by uncivilized men, fell a few months ago into the hands of some of the Gilbert Islanders, and they have thus far been left in possession, as their good fortune involved no crime. The British ship Rock Terrace was abandoned about a year ago by her crew in the Pacific. She was supposed to be in a sinking condition, but, strange to say, she floated about for several months and finally brought her cargo of oil and general stores to one of the Gilbert Islands. The joy of the islanders knew no bounds when they found that the winds and waves had wafted them so bountiful a treasure. They unloaded the vessel, enriched themselves with the cargo, and the insurance company which meanwhile has paid $125,000 to the owners will hardly look to the islanders for reimbursement.

The United States Government sent agents thousands of miles to reward the Chookchees of Behring Strait for their hospitality to the unfortunate crew of the burned steamer Rodgers, and those other dwellers by the Arctic ocean who saved the lives of a part of the Jeannette expedition. Thus the recognition of services rendered by uncivilized peoples to seafarers in distress, as well as the retribution visited upon others, is lessening the perils of sailors who are cast away in savage lands.

Probably the Eskimos of King William's Land do not know to this day what a chance they lost to win the world's favor and substantial rewards when they destroyed almost every vestige of the Franklin expedition, and used to kindle their fires the precious records that would have given us the story of that tragical voyage.

WIRELETS.

American lard has been prohibited from Mexico.

West Toronto Junction has cast off its village clothes and become a town.

The carpenters and painters of Buffalo are on strike for the nine-hour day.

Two hundred Belgian immigrants for Manitoba have arrived at Montreal.

The remains of the late Hon. J. H. Pope, have been interred at Cookshire, Quebec.

Countess Josephine Radetzky committed suicide the other day at Vienna with a revolver.

A thousand dock workers at Marseilles, France, have struck. The suspension of work is general.

Robert Raw, sr., a resident of Hamilton

Legal Cards.

MORDON & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.
A. L. MORDEN, W. G. WILSON.
Co. Crown Attorney.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napane.

Business Cards.

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual* destroyer of worms in Children or Adults

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

OFFICE OF CHARLES A. SNYDER,
BREEDER OF
CLEVELAND BAY AND TROTTING BRED HORSES.
ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Dear Sirs: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles, I would like prices in larger quantity. I think it is one of the best liniments on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.
Yours truly, CHAS. A. SNYDER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 3, 1888.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Dear Sirs: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for **Lameness, Stiff Joints and Spavins**, and I have found it a sure cure, I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.
Yours truly, A. H. GILBERT,
Manager Troy Laundry Stables.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

SANT, WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 19, 1888.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.
Gents: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had **Spavins**, ten of **Ring Bone**, nine afflicted with **Big Head** and seven of **Big Jaw**. Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.
Yours truly, ANDREW TURNER.
Horse Doctor.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

the feet may be of practical service.

It is one of the rules of what is known as the "Swedish movement system," and is as follows: Stand erect, and very gradually lift yourself upon the tips of the toes so as to put all the tendons of the feet at full strain. This should not be done spasmodically, but slowly and gradually, the slower the better, and remain standing in that position as long as possible, then return slowly to the natural position. Repeat this several times until a sufficient and lively circulation is set up.

In closing, we would offer a word of caution to mothers, and that is, do not allow your children to go to bed with cold feet; see to it that their feet and legs are warm and dry. This will not only make them comfortable and serve to ensure them a good night's rest, but also may prevent suffering and perhaps a serious illness.

Odors of the Body.

A certain odor is natural to the body, and it is not necessarily a disagreeable odor. Indeed, that of a clean baby is positively pleasant. It is rarely agreeable later in life, because few persons have perfect health and the full, normal action of their eliminating organs.

The lungs and the skin are the chief eliminaters of what offends the sense of smell. Every one is familiar with the disagreeable odor in the breath of persons who have been eating onions. Other kinds of food and alcoholic drinks also produce an offensive breath, and so do various digestive derangements or effete matter circulating in the blood, and being eliminated by the lungs. The emanations from the skin often receive a disagreeable odor in consequence of the skin being required to do work that has been imperfectly done by overburdened or diseased kidneys, or by constipated bowels. In the case of overburdened kidneys the help given by the skin serves to prevent serious harm. In the case of diseased kidneys, it greatly aids in prolonging life.

Whatever the origin of the disagreeable odor from the skin may be, it is most marked in those parts of the body—the arm-pits, for instance—where the sweat glands are most numerous. It will be seen that, in all cases of this kind, the removal of that odor must come from improving the general health, as well as from frequent bathing.

But besides these causes of disagreeable odor, there is another still more marked—the derangement of the functions of the skin itself. There is what is called chronic hydrosis. Its characterized by an excess of perspiration which, moreover, has an offensive acid smell. It is most frequent in the feet, hands and arm-pits. When the feet are affected, the soles are generally burning hot, red and exceedingly tender.

If there is any nervous debility in the case—and this is often the case—the diet should be nutritious and generous, and tonic remedies should be administered.

Sir Erasmus Wilson, the highest authority on skin diseases, says that the affected parts should be washed with juniper—tar-soap, and sponged from time to time with a lotion consisting of one part of liquor ammonia to three of water.

When the feet are affected, let the patient have two pairs of stockings, and interchange them daily, hanging the pair not in use out to dry, preferably in the sun. This will answer every purpose.

In the case of women "sleeve protectors" should be used.—[Youth's Companion.

The English Treasury Department is contemplating the issue of £1 notes, as a remedy for the depreciation of the gold currency by constant use.

A thousand dock workers at Marseilles, France, have struck. The suspension of work is general.

Robert Raw, sr., a resident of Hamilton for over half a century, is dead at the age of 78.

The proposals for strengthening the navy have been approved by the British House of Commons.

Over 6 500 men, women and children passed through Port Arthur during March to settle in Manitoba and the North-west.

It is said that Admiral Kimberly's cable despatch containing the news of the Apia disaster cost between $700 and $900.

Under recent legal rulings all the concert halls in New York city where liquors are sold were closed on Sunday.

Henry Gottlieb, arrested at Windsor on instructions from Chicago, has been released, no one appearing against him. The man is very sick.

It is said that Editor Osborne, of Los Angeles, the discoverer of the Murchison letter, will be made Public Printer under President Harrison.

Charles Foster, aged 25, formerly of the Salvation Army, was arrested in St. Thomas on instructions from Peterboro' charging him with forgery.

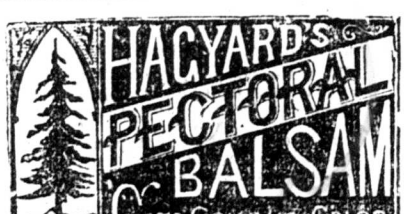
English Gall.

The following three advertisements recently appeared in an English paper:

WANTED, an able-bodied man at country rectory, willing to make himself generally useful; must have thorough knowledge of chickens, pigs, and understand milking; must be able to drive horses and groom them; ring the church bells, dig graves, be cheerful mourner, and not object to carry coffin; where parlor maid is kept.

A PIOUS YOUNG MAN desires to be received into a respectable family, where the excellence of his example and superior morality might be considered as an equivalent for board and lodgings.

ADOPTION. Youth, 19, highly respectable family, gentlemanly appearance, is willing to be adopted; reasons and particulars on application.



R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C. P. S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital, Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office in the Downey residence, between Mr. W. Pruyn's and the late residence of Dr. Clark, John Street, Napanee.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds Machinery repaired on the short notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

F. F. MILLER, B.A., Sc.,

CIVIL ENGINEER,

Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c.

OFFICE—Miller's Block Dundas st., Napanee.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A M	No 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive,	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Enterprise for Bedrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No. 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with other lines, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

HOUSEHOLD.

The Dearest Ties of Home.

"The Hand that rocks the cradle," a power that rules the world,
The voice that sings its sweetest songs in loving lullaby,
The banner, bearing child-love, in flowing folds unfurled—
A hand, a voice, a banner, whose memories never die.

The heart that beats in unison with child-like faith and fear,
The eye that marks child-coming, and grows brighter when they come,
The ear that opes to childhood charms and holds them ever dear—
The heart, the eye, the ear that know the Dearest Ties of Home.

Choosing a Husband.

Don't be afraid to marry a poor man; but be sure that he has something besides poverty to commend him. Be sure that he has two strong hands, not only skilful, but ready for hard work. Be sure that he has an occupation, or a position, which may reasonably be depended on to yield a good comfortable living. Be sure that he is industrious, and not self-indulgent; be sure that he is steady, working six days in the week, and about 52 weeks in the year. A good, true, faithful young woman ought to have no "Yes" for answer to a proposal of marriage from a lazy man, or a man who has no fixed occupation, or a man who has lived half his life off the hard earnings of his mother or sister, going about the streets meanwhile with his cane and his cigarette and his fine clothes, playing the gentleman.

Choice Recipes.

CIDER VINEGAR.—Put the barrel on its side and fill it with good cider to the bung, that the pomace may be thrown out as the cider ferments. Fill up the barrel twice a day while fermentation is in progress. At the close of fermentation the cider should be racked off carefully and put into another clean barrel, or the same one after it has been well washed out. If there are enough barrels, it is better to fill them only half full after fermentation is finished, as this exposes a greater surface to the air. The more air the better the vinegar will make. Hence, a darkened, airy outhouse is better than a close cellar for the storage of the barrels. The cider will be converted into vinegar in about 12 months, and will steadily increase in strength.

SUET PUDDING.—Chop finely seven ounces of good kidney suet. Put this into a basin, and mix with it half a teaspoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, half a nutmeg grated, half a teaspoonful of thin lemon rind cut small, four ounces of flour, and three ounces of bread crumbs. Mix the dry ingredients thoroughly. Whisk two fresh eggs till they are light and frothy, add gradually a quarter of a pint of milk and stir this into the pudding. Let it stand half an hour. Put it in one lump into a well-floured cloth, plunge it into boiling water, and boil quickly for three hours. Serve sweet sauce with it.

TOMATO SOUP WITHOUT MEAT.—Fry an onion, sliced, in a tablespoonful of nice dripping in the soup pot. When they are of a reddish-brown, add a quart of tomatoes and stir all up until very hot, when put in one quart of boiling water and a tablespoonful of chopped parsley when obtainable. Stew half an hour, and strain through a colander. Return to the pot, season with pepper and salt and a teaspoonful of sugar, stir in two tablespoonfuls of butter rolled in

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Many Nihilists have been arrested at Vilna, Russia.

The late Mr. Bright was an expert in salmon fishing.

Minnesota, as well as Dakota, is fighting prairie fires.

Mary Anderson sailed for Europe yesterday from New York.

The tailors' strike in London has been amicably settled.

The carpenters and painters at Buffalo continue on strike.

Gen. Boulanger is said to be hiding from the French authorities.

A sand blizzard visited Dakota the other day, doing considerable damage.

Further disasters to shipping are reported from the South Pacific ocean, owing to the late hurricane.

A report from Rome says King John of Abyssinia is dead, the result of wounds received in battle.

Rev. Mr. Bland, of St. Catherines, has been offered the rectorship of Christ Church cathedral in Hamilton.

The corner's jury in the Harvey case at Guelph brought in a verdict of wilful murder against Wm. H. Harvey.

Lord Randolph Churchill has declined to become a candidate for the vacant Parliamentary seat in Birmingham.

It is reported that an American syndicate has purchased the entire railway system of Jamaica.

Forty Erie switchmen went on strike at Buffalo because of the discharge of three of their comrades.

It is said that the German man-of-war Olga, which was beached in the recent storm at Apia, has been refloated.

Mr. Small's bill regarding telegraph and telephone poles and wires was killed in committee at Ottawa.

Wm. P. Beale, barrister and Home Ruler, will run for the Birmingham seat made vacant by the death of Mr. Bright.

If ex-Queen Natalie will promise to leave politics alone during her son's minority, she will be allowed to live in Servia.

The British fleet will remain at Tangier until the Sultan of Morocco pays a personal indemnity for the Cape Juby affair.

The chase after Morrison, the Megantic outlaw, continues without any apparent success. Several of his friends have been arrested.

Fireman A. Green and two tramps were killed in a collision on the Northern Pacific railway at Missoula, Montana, Tuesday night.

Frank Whittle, a deaf mute, attempted suicide by drowning at Hoosick Falls because of disappointment in love. He was arrested.

A terrible prairie fire swept the neighborhood of Scotland, Dakota, on Tuesday. Many farmers lost their all. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

A Detroit despatch says August Loitz, of Owen Sound, Ont., fell in with Detroit sharpers and was robbed of $150 worth of notes and cash.

North Sydney, Cape Breton, is having rough times owing to attempts to enforce the Scott Act. Ruffianism and incendiarism are rampant.

Rev. A. H. Baldwin, of All Saints' church, Toronto, has been asked to succeed Rev. Hartley Carmichael in the Church of

THE LONE SNAKE HUNTER.

A Queer old Man in the Catskills Who Catches Live Rattlesnakes.

In a little hut on the side of the great Storm King Mountain, in the Hudson Highlands, far above the river, and about an equal distance below the loftiest pinnacle of the towering hill, lives old Zachary Archer, who supports his wife and himself, the only inhabitants of the cabin, by catching snakes. The cottage is not visible from above or below in Summer time. The thick foliage of the trees, and the dense undergrowth which arises almost to the level of its low roof, effectually conceal it; and as the old man has an insurmountable objection to a fire in the kitchen in the warm weather, and makes his wife walk two miles every day to a small cave to cook their food, which is always eaten cold, no floating smoke betrays the presence of their dwelling. But at this season, when the mountain trees have partly withdrawn the curtains that covered it, while the gorse and brushwood are cowering close to the ground as if for warmth, the desolate little building is very conspicuous. No other house is near it, and it is a picture of loneliness.

The venerable snake catcher does not like it in the Winter months, and passes as much time as he can away from it, leaving his wife and the snakes to keep each other company. They hibernate together, the serpents sleeping in the cold back room and the old woman dozing before the wood fire, which burns night and day when the snow is on the ground. Old Zack, as he is usually called, is generally pursuing his slippery trade or doing his share of slumbering before a barroom stove in one of the numerous small villages or settlements at the foot of the mountain. He was engaged in the latter avocation a few days ago, when the reporter aroused him and asked him how he felt. He said he was well, but rheumatic, and added that the reptile business was brisk.

"It's always a sight safer in Winter than in Summer," he said, when he had taken something to wash down his sleepiness, "and though I don't get as many snakes I like it better. In Summer the rattlers and the copperheads stand a chance of catchin' you instead of your trappin' them. You see, they're always wide awake, and keepin' their eyes peeled for danger. I can find them ready enough, but to get them into the leather bag I carry is a horse of another color. I have all sorts of ways of catchin' them. Sometimes I set traps for them, and that's a heap the safest way. The trap is only an open basket, with a lot of red flannel inside. Snakes, unless they're disturbed, will always go back to their old sleepin' ground when the sun is high. When I find a snake track I follow it until I come either to the serpent or his bed. If it's the serpent, I try to pin his neck to the ground with a forked stick that I carry. That's mighty dangerous work if he's a rattler, for I must go very close to him, and if I miss him at the first jab I'll be apt to be closer in a second. However, I never missed yet, and I don't suppose I ever will, now I'm that experienced. When I have him down I take him with my hand, close behind the fork, so that he can't turn his head to bite me and drop him into the bag. But if the snake hasn't gone to bed and I don't find him I go back about fifty yards along the track and lay the basket down with the lid open. Then I hunt more serpents. When I come to the basket again, in two hours or so, I creep up from behind and slam the cover shut. The snake is generally inside, mixed up with the flannel. He's found the place too comfortable to get out of it in a hurry. The serpent may be the wisest beast of the field, but he's a luxurious cuss, and he don't value his life

ful of chopped parsley when obtainable. Stew half an hour, and strain through a colander. Return to the pot, season with pepper and salt and a teaspoonful of sugar, stir in two tablespoonfuls of butter rolled in flour, and when this has been smoothly mixed, add a small teacupful of hot boiled rice. Simmer ten minutes, and serve.

GATEAU OF APPLES.—Stew five or six apples, peeled and cored, with ¾ lb of sugar, grated rind of a lemon and its juice. When they commence to get soft, keep on stirring them until they form a thick, dry marmalade, then turn it into a mound and leave till cold. Serve with whipped cream or a well made boiled custard. The gateau will keep good for some days.

A QUAINT OLD SWEET.—Make some good custard flavoured with vanilla and stiffened with a little gelatine, and when properly thickened over the fire pour this into a glass dish (an old, or for that matter a new, Japanese punchbowl looks best), and let it set. When set firm, whip the whites of two eggs to a stiff froth with two ounces finely-grated chocolate a la vanille, and pile it up in the centre of the bowl. If liked, jelly can be used instead of the custard, and the whip of egg can be coloured and flavoured to taste. It makes an exceedingly pretty supper dish, as does also *Ben lane*, a Manx version of curds and whey, served in large bowls. In fact, for suppers, these large bowls seem to be coming in greatly.

OMELETTE FOR ONE.—One egg, one tablespoon of milk, one teaspoon of sugar and a pinch of salt; beat all together and fry in hot butter; roll it up as it sets and do not burn.

The Opium Habit in Washington.

One of the leading physicians of the American capital remarked the other day that if a brand was on the forehead of every woman who used opium in some form, society here would go to pieces. He attributes this frightful condition of affairs to the dissipated life led here by the women of the upper tendom. The endless round of balls and receptions is such a strain upon them that they must seek relief in some way. They begin by taking a soothing syrup, as a rule, to put them to sleep, this after a while fails to act, then paregoric is resorted to. From this it is only a step to pure opium and absolute ruin. Sometimes people buy the crude gum and eat it regularly every day, while others buy laudanum and drink it in quarter-ounce, half-ounce and even ounce potions. And then there are Dover's powders and morphine pills, both of which act rapidly, and especially the latter. The habit seems more of a disease than a vice, for the whole nature of the victim undergoes a complete revolution, moral, mental and physical. After a short time the victim will sacrifice honour, friends and family for the fatal drug. There is no cure, for even the asylums fail to effect a permanent cure except in rare instances.

The fears entertained up to the begining of February that the ice crop would be very short have been dissipated. February was very cold, one of the coldest Februaries on record, and good solid ice formed abundantly and was harvested in sufficient quantity all over Eastern Canada and the Northern States to more than supply the demand. The price of ice during the summer should therefor not be any higher than usual.

Capt. Dawson, editor of The Charleston News and Courier, who was shot and killed on Tuesday by Dr. McDow, made himself famous by the stand he took against duelling. He was the first editor in the South to oppose the code, and for his manly work in this direction he was knighted by the Pope.

rampant.

Rev. A. H. Baldwin, of All Saints' church, Toronto, has been asked to succeed Rev. Hartley Carmichael in the Church of the Ascension, Hamilton.

Dr. T. Millman, assistant superintendent of Rockwood Asylum, has resigned, and intends removing to Toronto, where he will practice his profession.

The London *Standard* says Count Bismarck has declared his interview with Salisbury to have resulted in a complete understanding between Germany and England.

It has been found that the accident on the I. C. R. at Rimouski lately was due to the watch of the conductor, who was killed, having stopped without the fact being noticed.

Two children belonging to a French Canadian family at Lake Temiscouta have died from hunger, and the mother and another child were exhausted when discovered. The father went out in the storm to look for food and has not been heard from. It is feared he has perished.

HOW IT FEELS TO BE EATEN.

Three Eminent Men Have Asserted That it is Not Painful.

Sir Lyon Playfair recently related that he knew three men who escaped with their lives after being partially devoured by wild beasts. The first was Livingstone, the great African traveler, who was knocked on his back by a lion, which began to munch his arm. He asserted that he felt no fear or pain, and that his only feeling was one of intense curiosity as to which part of his body the lion would take next. The next was Rustem Pasha, now Turkish Ambassador in London. A bear attacked him and tore off part of his hand and part of his arm and shoulder. He also said that he had neither a sense of pain nor of fear, but that he felt excessively angry because the bear grunted with so much satisfaction in munching him. The third case is that of Sir Edward Bradford, an Indian Officer, now occupying a high position in the Indian Office. He was seized in a solitary place by a tiger, which held him firmly behind his shoulder with one paw and then deliberately devoured the whole of his arm, beginning at the end and ending at the shoulder. He was very positive that he had no sensation of fear, and thinks that he felt a little pain when the fangs went through his hand, but is certain that he felt none during the munching of his arm.

A Good One on Dr. McCosh.

They tell a good story on Dr. McCosh, the venerable ex-President of Princeton College. Horace Porter, who graduated at that college some years ago, says that he was lying in his room one day when there was a knock at his door. "Who's there?" he shouted. It's me—Dr. McCosh," was the answer, in a hard Scotch brogue. "You're a liar," retorted Porter, who really thought it was a class mate. "If it were Dr. McCosh, he would say 'It is I.'" There was no answer to this, but the sound of feet shuffling down the corridor. Young Porter ran to the door, cautiously opened it, looked down the hall and saw the back and tall stooped form of Dr. McCosh disappearing. The President of Princeton never spoke of the incident, nor did Porter until he had his sheepskin.

It is estimated that electric wires have killed more than two hundred persons during the last two years.

He's found the place too comfortable to get out of it in a hurry. The serpent may be the wisest beast of the field, but he's a luxurious cuss, and he don't value his life nowhere as compared with his comfort.

"When I find a hole with snake marks about its mouth I just hang a running noose of cat gut over it and fasten the single end to a stick like a fishing rod. Then I put a lump of soft bread soaked in milk before the hole and goin' back I hold the rod in my hand. Nearly all snakes are dead set on milk and the smell of the bait is pretty sure to draw the one I'm after out of the hole. He must pass his head through the loop to reach the bread, and when he does that I jerk the rod, tighten the noose, and I have him. It's just like fishin.'

"Then there's my dog Viper. He catches a lot of snakes and helps me to catch more. In the Summer, when he finds a snake, he'll walk around him until he makes him dizzy trying to keep his ugly eyes p'inted at the danger. At last he'll either drop his head or make a turn the other way to take the kinks out of his body. Then Viper is on him as quick as a wink. He grabs him by the back of the neck, out of reach of his fangs, and brings him to me without hurting him. In the winter he can't catch the snakes himself, but he leads me to holes in the trees and other snug places where they lie. Just to be on the safe side, I push a stick into their bedrooms first; but they're always as good as dead, they're so sound asleep, and I can pull them out with my hand, covered with a thick cloth glove. I have to use a good deal of ether to stupefy my snakes when I'm movin' them from one box or bag to another.

"Who buy my serpents? Well, I'll tell you. Circuses and small museums, as well as old fossils of naturalists, are always wantin' curiosities, and when I catch a snake with two heads, or two tails, which I do about three times a year, I get a good price—often as much as $100—for him. The common reptiles are worth only a few dollars each. Hello, here's Viper. Where have you been, sir? There's no snakes down here, you know."

An ill-looking dog, with only one eye, trotted up to the stove and lay down before his master. His worth as a serpent chaser may have been above estimate, but his market value was clearly below par.

Stanley and Emin Well.

LONDON, APRIL 4.—A letter from Henry M. Stanley, dated Smuputuri, September 4, 1888, which has reached a friend of the explorer in Edinburg, says he is well and in good spirits. He met Emin Pasha on the shores of Albert Nyanz. They were together for 26 days. When Stanley left Emin, the latter was enjoying good health.

Sir Francis de Winton, president of the Emin Bey Relief Committee, says the letters will make five newspaper columns; that they will be published shortly and that the Government is ignorant of their contents.

The Raw Cutting Winds.

Bring to the surface every latent pain. A change of even a few degrees marks the difference between comfort and pain to many persons. Happily disease now holds less sway. Science is continually bringing forward new remedies which successfully combat disease. Polson's Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has proved the most successful pain relieving remedy known. Its application is wide, for it is equally efficient in all forms of pain, whether internal or external. Ten and 25 cents a bottle, at druggists.

The demand for emblematic jewelry is on the increase.

THE FATE OF AN AFRICAN KING.

The Downfall of Mwanga the Bloody.

The fate of King Mwanga, recently the bloodthirsty tyrant of Uganda, shows that speedy retribution can overtake cruelty and injustice even in the heart of pagan Africa. Almost the only person in the world to give him now a helping hand is the missionary Mackay, whom Mwanga often threatened with death and kept a prisoner for many months after he had slaughtered his Christian subjects and murdered Bishop Hannington.

This fallen king, who, a few months ago, numbered his army by many thousands and his subjects by millions, was, at last accounts, 300 miles from his country, virtually a prisoner in the hands of Arabs. He feared the Arabs would send him back to Uganda to be murdered, and so sent a message to Mackay, imploring him to come to Magu and take him away. "Take me anywhere you like," he said "or slay me if you like." He added that he would go to Europe if Mackay would take him there, for he had heard that a big king in great trouble (meaning Napoleon III.) had once been welcomed to England when driven out of his country.

Mr. Mackay, when he wrote, was about to start for Magu, in the hope of getting the fallen king away from the Arabs and removing him to a place of safety. "If the English send an expedition here," Mwanga used to say to Mackay. "I will kill you." "It becomes me," writes Mackay now, "to do all in my power to return good for evil." What a remarkable opportunity to show forth the teachings of his Master, and how nobly this humble missionary is improving it!

HEAD TO THE NORTH.

Why We should Sleep With Our Bodies Lying North and South.

Scientific investigation proves that there is the best possible foundation for the belief that we should sleep with our bodies lying north and south, says the St. Louis "Globe-Democrat." Each human system has magnetic poles, one positive and one negative. It is true that some persons have the positive pole in the head and the negative pole in the feet, and others the reverse. In order that the person sleeping should be in perfect harmony with the magnetic phenomena of the earth, the head, if it possess the positive pole should lie to the south, or if the feet possess the positive pole the head should lie to the north. The positive pole should always lie opposite to the magnetic equilibrium.

The positive pole of the person draws one way, but the magnetic pole of the earth draws the other way and forces the blood toward the feet, affects the iron in the system, tones up the nerves and makes sleep refreshing and invigorating. But if a person sleeps the wrong way and fails to become magnetically in sympathy with the earth, he will then probably be too magnetic, and will have a fever resulting from the magnetic forces working too fast; or he will not be magnetic enough, and the great strain will cause a feeling of lassitude, sleep will not be refreshing, and in the morning he will have no more energy than there is in a cake of soap. Some persons may scoff at these ideas, but the greatest scientific men of the world have studied the subject.

What She Knew About Him.

"What do any of you know about Washington, children?" asked a teacher in the school on Thursday.

One bright-faced youngster put up his hand.

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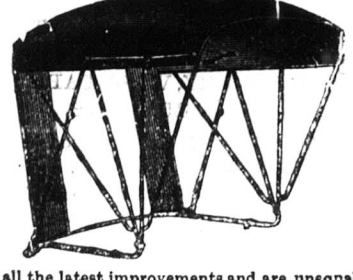

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What She Knew About Him.

"What do any of you know about Washington, children?" asked a teacher in the school on Thursday.

One bright-faced youngster put up his hand.

"What do any of you know about Washington, children?" asked a teacher in the school on Thursday.

One bright-faced youngster put up his hand.

"Well, Willie, what do you know about Washington?"

"He was the first President of the United States," replied the boy.

There was silence then for quite a minute. This seemed to have exhausted the stock of information until at length a triumphant smile about a little girl's mouth broke out on the general area of perplexed faces, like a splash of sunshine on a muddy pool. A little hand went up.

"Well, Annie, what can you tell us about Washington?" said the teacher, with an encouraging smile.

"Please, ma'am, he's dead," answered the little girl.

Female Beauty.

It is a fortunate thing that all men do not have the same taste in female beauty, for otherwise they would all fall in love with the same woman, which would be awkward. Although the preferences of men for different style of form and feature vary greatly it is, undoubtedly, a fact that an appearance indicative of health is pleasing to all alike. A woman may be without regular features yet, if healthy, she will be beautiful to someone and pleasing to all. A sallow complexion, a dull eye, a system debilitated by unnatural discharges, in short, all the ills attendant upon the irregularities and "weaknesses" peculiar to the sex, can be banished by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Ask your druggist.

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Curability of Consumption.

This has been a vexed question among physicians, opinions, even in the same school, being strangely divergent. Of this, however, the public are convinced it is a terribly prevalent disease, and the average doctor meets with but scant success in treating it. Consumption is in reality scrofula of the lungs, and is liable to attack any whose blood is tainted. For driving out the scrofulous humors, and thus removing the predisposing cause, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a sovereign remedy. It purifies bad blood, heals scrofulous ulcers and, whatever difference if opinion exists as to curing advanced cases of consumption, it remains that many pronounced "incurable" have been by it brought back from the brink of the grave to restored health and vigor.

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A young divine tells a story of a groom who after the marriage ceremony slipped a two-dollar-bill into his hand, murmuring apologetically, "I'll do better next time."

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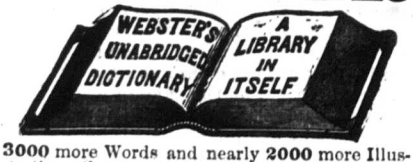

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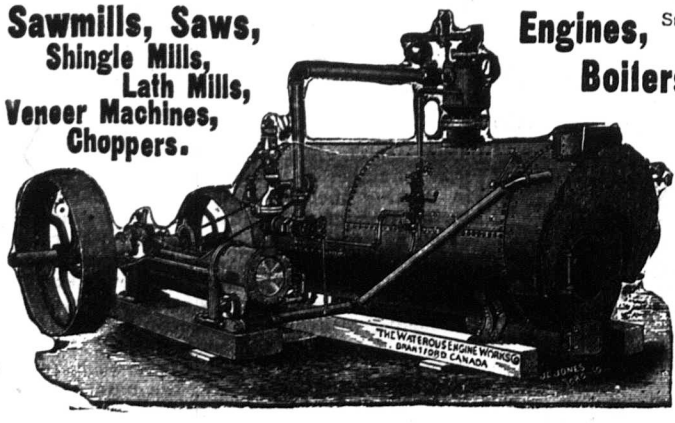

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—Abundance of good fruit at Bruton's.

—Feathers cleaned and renovated by steam. Terms low. Apply to W. C. Bruton. adv.

—Old feather beds and pillows made like new by the steam revovator. Satisfaction guaranted. Apply to W. C. Bruton. adv.

—Mr. A. R. Davis has been offered a position on the engineering staff of a government railway in the Maritime Provinces and will likely accept. We trust that the pay will be commensurate with his deserts.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—A large and varied stock of choicest wall papers have recently been received at Gallaghers book store and are attracting a a great deal of attention. The stock comprises a large assortment of gilt and other fine papers which are being sold at extremely low prices. Gilt papers as low as 15c a roll. If you want your rooms to look fresh and neat get your paper at Gallaghers.

—On Menday last the following persons left for Manitoba and other points in the Northwest: Mrs. Evans, of Ernesttown; Miss Hattie Maines, of Napanee; Mr. M. C. Shorey, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Martin, Mr. W. J. Hinchey, Thomas Hinchey and Frank Breault, of Camden; Mr. B. C. Martin, of Richmond, and Daniel Gleason John Gleason and J. S. Miller, M. P. P., of Napanee. Thus the exodus continues.

—Last week we chronicled the death of Mr. John Fleming, of Mill Haven, and now it is our sad duty to announce the death of his daughter, Mrs. W. D. Forward of Ernesttown station. Mrs. Forward was only 24 years of age and her untimely death is greatly regretted, as she was a general favorite. That fell destroyer, consumption, was the cause of her death. We extend our heartfelt sympathy to Mr. Forward and the sorrowing friends in their bereavement.

—On Friday last the barn and stables of J. Kenny of Camden were burned to the ground, together with sixteen head of cattle and nearly seventy-five tons of hay. Mr. Kenny was watering his horses, and left a lantern standing on the stable floor while he went out to the pump. One of the horses kicked at him, and, breaking away, rushed into the stable, upset the lantern, and in a few minutes the whole structure was in flames. Mr. Kenny has $1600 insurance on the buildings and contents which will only partially cover his loss.

—The high school boys held a meeting on Monday and organized a foot ball club. The following are the list of officers elected. Mr. Cortez Fezzenden, honorary president; Mr. N. Wagar, honorary vice president; Mr. Ryerson Sills, honorary 2nd vice president; Mr. Marcus Sexsmith, President; Alex. Pruyn, vice president; W. Anderson, secretary; Mr. Libby, general overseer; T. Warner, Treasurer. A challenge has been issued to the Young Ironsides and the ball will be faced at three o'clock tomorrow afternoon on the high school ground.

—Dr. Kergan, of Detroit, Mich., who with members of his famous International Medical Council, are now in Kingston, will have selected members of the staff in Napanee on Wednesday and Thursday April 17th & 18th. Their opinion and advice may be secured regarding any disease or de-

LICENSES.

WHISKEY SELLERS ANXIOUS.

High Licenses and Lots of Them.

Since the repeal of the Scott Act, the would-be whiskey sellers have been extremely anxious about the number of licenses to be issued. It is generally conceded that there will be eight hotel licenses granted in Napanee, but there has been a great difference of opinion about the shop licenses. At first it was supposed that only two could be issued, but on looking up the by-law it was found that the number could be four. This caused great indignation in certain quarters, as it was felt that, should four licenses be issued, the profits would be greatly lessened, in fact the great would-be-leader of public opinion in Napanee, pronounced against four shop licenses in unmistakable terms. He thought his friend's profits would be seriously diminished, hence his indignation. We are told on good authority that four shop licenses will be granted despite the Doctors' wrath.

Another cause of anxiety was the fact that both hotel and shop licenses have been increased $270 each. The old licenses were only $200, but the government have recently imposed the additional amount.

We think that the commissioners will be justified in issuing all the licenses possible. By an unmistakable vote the people have said that they want license and revenue, and by all means let them have what they wish.

School Reports.

Summary of attendance in the Napanee Public Schools, for February and March 1889.

Teachers.	No. of Pupils on Register.		Average attendance.		Greatest No. Present.		Aggregate attendance.	
West Ward	Feb	Mar	Feb	Mar	F.	M.	Feb	Mar
Miss Aylsworth	42	42	29	29	37	37	585	585
Miss Fraser.	56	56	42	42	52	52	849	849
Miss Ballantine	54	54	45	45	52	52	896	896
Miss Walsh.	58	58	51	51	56	56	1022	1022
Miss McLaurin.	64	64	54	54	57	57	1077	1077
Mr. Bowerman.	71	71	61	61	66	66	1222	1222
Total W. Ward.	345	345	282	282			5651	5651
East Ward.								
Miss Shipman.	40	40	28	28	33	38	554	554
Miss Harris.	42	42	32	32	39	39	632	632
Miss Mair.	44	44	35	35	39	39	705	705
Mr. Black.	44	44	39	39	42	42	777	777
Total E. Ward.	170	170	133	133			2668	2668
Total for Town.	515	515	416	416			8319	8319

School open 20 days in February and 21 days in March.

—Grand bargains in every Department at Robinson & Co's.

—Fresh oranges and lemons only 20c per dozen at Bruton's.

—On Sunday last a load of young men from Odessa visited the town.

—Wanted, a general servant. Apply at Mrs. W. H. Hutchinson, Bridge street, Napanee. Adv.

—The walks and grounds around the Western Methodist Church parsonage are being fitted up.

—Mr. Thomas McGinnis left Thursday for Maitland to oversee the building of a bridge in that place.

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 488-1y

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Maariage Licenses,
1589tm Camden East., Ont.

—Dressmaking an art. Miss Allison, Dressmaker, at Robinson and Co's.

—Be sure and call at Gallagher's, if you want to get new patterns in wall papers and ceiling decorations. The finest lot of new window shades ever brought to Napanee.

—Jack the Ripper—the great detective story of the Whitechapel Murders for 10 cents at the 7 cent store. Bargains in picture frames, 8x10, all complete for 25 cents; an extra good one, worth $1 for 50 cents. Also a nice assortment of printed tea sets of 44 pieces for $2.75 per set, at the 7 cent store, west of the Campbell House.

—Go to Gallagher' for Window Poles.
—Go to Gallagher's for School Supplies.
—Go to Gallagher's for Burnese Note Paper.
Go to Gallagher's for all the latest novels.

—A. S. Kimmerly will sell the balance of his stock of Fish of all kinds at cost. Everybody gets bargains. White Fish, 5 cents per pound; Salmon, 5 cents per pound; also a fine lot of Herring, 15 cents per dozen. I keep constantly a large stock of choice Western Flour; will sell ten per cent cheaper than all dealers for the next thirty days. Try my teas. Ask your neighbors about that 35 cent Tea. Remember I do the Tea trade of the town. One price for all.

—Davis is making a fine line of home made bread. Try it.

—The rumor is current that a paper mill will soon be started at Tamworth.

—When you want horse bills printed call at THE EXPRESS office. Prices and work to suit the times.

—The Napanee, Tamworth & Tweed railway are pushing their road. Last week they paid out about $6.000 for right of way.

—N. F. Snider of Odessa lost an overcoat on Monday last on the York road between Napanee and Odessa. The finder will please return it to him. Adv.

—Mr. B. Murphy, of Erinsville, has secured a settlement with his creditors and has bought back the stock, notes and book debts. He will continue to carry on business at his old stand in Erinsville.

—On Monday last a dog belonging to Mr. Melvin Taylor ended its life rather suddenly by running in front of a G. T. R. locomotive. After the cowcatcher had pushed it aside it again ran, between the wheels of the engine, where its head was severed from its body.

—George I. Ham has made extensive preparations for supplying the people of Napanee with first class ice during the coming summer. Ice will be delivered every morning. Parties wishing to contract for a season's supply, or even for a shorter term, will do well to place their orders at once. adv.

—On Sunday last a fire broke out in one of the rooms of the Rankin House but was seen in time to be checked. The wall was damaged a little, some brackets and clothing being burnt. Mr. Rankin intends painting the hotel all over new, and is having the office counter extended across the front room.

—The following are the officers of the Young Ironsides foot ball club. Treasurer and Captain, Mr. G. Reed; Secretary, E. W. Thomas; Field-Capt., E. W. Grange. Committee:—Mr. G. Reed, W. Aahley, H. Smith and F. Harkness. The other members of the club are:—M. Wright, A. Hawley, F. Loucks, A. Cook, H. Mooney, W. C. Embury, F. Carson, W. Preston, P. Wagar, N. Brisco, B. Harshaw, A. Stewart, and M. Detlor. The finances of the club are in a flourishing condition, and the boys are practising with a view to accept any challenges that may be received.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH NOT

be secured regarding any disease or deformity, free of charge, by calling on them at their parlors in the Paisley House, formerly the Huffman House. Their wonderful success in the treatment of catarrh, consumption, rheumatism, piles, and blood and skin diseases, diseases of the nervous system and diseases peculiar to the sex, is familiar to all newspaper readers. Adv.

—In last week's Beaver, Edward Baird seeks to give himself "a higher character" and says that he has no need to apply to those who swore that they would not believe him under oath, to establish his reputation. He is quite right. He himself has settled that matter beyond dispute. In giving his evidence in Curl vs Baird where it was proved that he had indecently assaulted a poor defenceless woman, he was forced to admit that he had recently given $200 to settle a similar case. Self convicted once, and a second time convicted by a jury despite his plighted word, surely such a man has not a character that would give him a very high standing in the community.

—On Friday of last week as a couple of school boys were playing near the G. T. R. crossing on Thomas street, they discovered the body of a male baby underneath the sidewalk. The body was wrapped in a Globe and an Empire, both of the date of January 5th of this year. The child was fully developed,,but as no inquest was held it is not known whether it was born alive or not. Appearances went to show that the body had been placed under the sidewalk shortly after the first snow storm in the latter part of January. The County Attorney and Reeve Lapum decided that it was not necessary to hold an inquest and ordered the body to be buried. The general supposition is that some unfortunate has taken this means of getting rid of her shame, but there is not the slighest suspicion as to who the guilty party is. We understand that an inquest was not held on the ground of the expense to the county. We believe that this is establishing a dangerous precedent. For the sake of a few, or even a great many dollars, crime should not go untraced or uupunished. The very fact of an investigation being held, might, and probably would, deter anyone else from attempting to perpetrate a similar crime, even if the criminal in this case was not brought to justice.

—The Christian Endeavor Society of the Eastern Methodist church gave a Topic social last Friday evening, and a fair sized audience were attracted by this novelty. A list of topics were announced, and five minutes conversation on each formed the chief part of the program. Other features were not lacking however, as good music was furnished by the Glee Club, and by Misses Richardson, Rose and Daly. Mr. Jewell contributed "Not Ashamed of Christ" and "Margamite," in his usual happy style. He always deservedly receives a warm welcome. Readings by Miss N. Chambers and Miss Maines, and a recitation by Miss Price were very good and were well received, after which cake and coffee were served. The young people succeeded in making everybody enjoy this their first Topic social. We wish to say just here, that a number of young people succeeded in making themselves general nuisances to the rest of the audience. This same clique manage to be present at nearly every public entertainment given in Napanee and by their giggling, laughing, whispering and boisterous conduct generally, are fast earning for themselves an unenviable reputation. It is high time that this sort of thing was stopped. If repeated again where we have the opportunity of procuring the names of these disturbers we shall certainly publish them.

—Spring has come and so have the Gipsies, quite a brigade took their westward flight through the town yesterday.

—We are glad to hear that Rev. W. W. Miller is recovering. He has had a severe attack of malaria fever,

—Rev. E. N. Baker, M. A. B. D., is preaching a series of sermons on the commandments. The subject for next Sunday evenihg is the "Marriage Tie."

—Navigation opened yesterday, the first arrival being the schooner L. D. Bullock in tow of the tug Rescue. Captain Ab. Eccles is again in command of the Bullock.

—M. K. Elliott's Improved Medicated Electric Battery. Headache, Hay Fever, Catarrh, Asthma and Neuralgia cure. Perry & Co., agents, Napanee. adv.

—Perry & Co. have succeeded in securing a large amount of Prince Edward clover seed, better than the choicest western seed, and are selling it 25c less on the bushel than any other dealer. Call and see it before you buy.

—In the supplementary estimates brought down last week, there appears the item of twelve thousand dollars to complete the Napanee Post office This makes a total of thirty-seven thousand dollars thus far voted for our Postoffice.

—The Town Council met on Monday evening to discuss the license question. The By-Laws were produced and found to be all right, so the Council adjourned. E.J. Hooper acted as town clerk in the absence of Mr. Embury, who is still very ill.

—Perry & Co. have a car of 500 bushels of Minnesota Southern Sweet Ensilage Corn to arrive to-day. They will sell it for less money than it can be laid here for, from Toronto, in small lots. Call and get some, $1 per bushel, usual price, $1.25 and $1.50.

—Messrs Carscallen & Bro. have procured a large stock of beautiful wall papers and window curtains, which they are offering at extreemly low prices. Their establishment is at the corner of Mill and Centre streets, and parties wishing to decorate their walls will be repaid by inspecting the wall paper display of this enterprising firm. They assure us that they are selling papers for less than any other house in town. adv.

—Mr. Samuel K. Miller of Ernesttown is very low and his life is despaired of. His physicians have pronounced his case hopeless. Mr. Miller has been an active worker all his life, and it is said that overwork has much to do with his present condition. While there is life there is hope, and Mr. Miller's many friends still cling to the hope of seeing him around again.

—Luke A. Carscallen is engaged in another bout with the L. & A. Division Grange. This time he has tackled the grain committee and has sued them for the modest sum of twelve thousand dollars. The action will be tried at the Belleville assizes which open on Monday, April 22nd. S. H. Blake Q. C. is Mr Carscallen's solicitor and a red hot fight is looked for. If "sticktoativiness" will win, Luke is sure to get there.

—The rumor is again revived that Gilbert Bogart will be superannuated, and that Uriah Wilson will be made postmaster here. Doubtless Uriah would prefer taking a comfortable position at a fat salary rather than again face the electors, but a little bird tells us that Uriah can't have the postmastership even if he wants it. Gilbert Bogart has served his country for twenty-seven years and has done it well. As he is still capable and willing to do the work, it would be an outrage to oust him for the sake of making room for a man afraid to meet the justly indignant elector-ate.

Lahey & McKenty's

DISCOUNT FAIR!

Clothing Stock, the Largest in This Section

Boys' Suits at $1.50, less 10 per cent., will cost you $1.35.
Boys' Suits at $2.00, less 10 per cent., will cost you $1.80.
Mens' Suits at $3.50, less 10 per cent., will cost you $3.15.
Mens' Suits at $5.00, less 10 per cent., will cost you $4.50.

These are new goods just in. We sell Good Clothing and sell it Cheap.

10 PER CENT OFF our Grand New Stock of Dress Goods.
10 PER CENT OFF our Dress Trimmings and Linings.
10 PER CENT OFF our Beautiful New Prints.
10 PER CENT OFF our Cheap and Good Tweeds.
10 PER CENT OFF our New Gloves, Hosiery and Parasols.
10 PER CENT OFF the Cheapest Stock of Staple Dry Goods in Napanee

We are selling the best Kid Gloves for the money in Eastern Ontario. They begin at 25c. **10 per cent. off** them all. **10 per cent off** our Lace Curtains and Cretonnes. **10 per cent off** our Superb Stock of Jerseys. **10 per cent off** all our magnificent stock except Carpets.

ALL OUR CARPETS AT NET COST, at

The Popular Dry Goods House,
Rennie Block.

LAHEY & McKENTY

—A meeting of the Napanee Bicycle club will be held on Monday evening. All members are expected to turn out.

—The letters from "Trader" and "Ratepayer" on the Waterworks question, ought to be carefully read by every citizen. This question is attracting considerable attention and we would like to hear from others.

—Steamer Reindeer will commence runing on Monday 15th, if the ice is out of Picton bay, will leave Napanee at 2 o'clock p. m., so as to connect with steamer Varuna at Deseronto for Belleville and Trenton. adv

—The official declaration as to the result of the voting on the Scott Act will not be made until Monday next. So far as we have been able to learn the result, the Act is repealed by a little over 600 majority. In our next issue we will give the official returns in full.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed nights and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the

HARD TIME PRICES.

SEEDS. - SEEDS.

PERRY & CO.,

Next Tichborne House.

have for sale an endless amount of all kinds of Seed Grain, purchased from good farmers and western re-cleaned Seed, warranted free from foul seed and no storehouse mixtures as some have to offer, including:

Seed Wheat,	Clover Seed,
Peas,	Alsike Clover Seed,
Oats,	Lucerne Clover Seed,
Barley,	Orchard Grass,
Spring Rye,	Kentucky Blue Grass,
Corn,	Red Top Grass Seed,
Beans,	Millet Seed,
Buckwheat,	Hungarian Seed,

A. LALONDE.

BARBER SHOP.

MARKET SQUARE, NAPANEE.

First-class work guaranted. Call and see. 10893m

FOR SALE.

PATTERSON'S FORCE FEED NORTHWEST SEEDER AND STEEL FRAME GRAIN DRILL, SPRING TOOTH CULTIVATORS AND SPRING TOOTH HARROWS,

And all kind of harvesting machines. Give us a call; will sell cheap. Warerooms west side of market, near hay scales.

JAMES PERRY.

Napanee, April 4th, 1889. 1889c

IMPORTED

THOROUGHBRED STOCK.

The undersigned has for sale

Pure-bred English Shire Stallions, Cleveland Bay and Yorkshire Coach Horses.

duly recorded in their respective Stud Books.

They can be seen at the stables in the Brisco House yard. Inspection is cordially invited.

slow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price, $1 bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS WINSLOWS SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

1888v

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSE AND LOT

in Village of Bath. Apply to owner on premises

BILLINGS LAIRD.

Bath, April 9, 1889. 1989a

MONEY TO LOAN.

At 5 to 6 per cent,

According to nature of the security and amount wanted. Mortgages bought and several good farms for sale or rent.

PETER JOHNSTONE.

Camden East, April 3rd, 1889 1889btf

SEEDS.

Garden and Field, Canadian and Foreign (self-imported) retailed at wholesale price.

Flour, Feed Bran and Shorts,

Seed Grain, Hay and Straw, Clover, Timothy, and all kinds of Grass Seeds a Specialty.

ALSO THE FAMOUS

ENSILAGE CORN!

always on hand at lowest prices.

Finest Teas,

(self-imported) Sugar and General Groceries, lowest in the market, at

Thos. Symington's,

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company

South side Dundas st., Napanee. 4388ly

Meeting of the Commissioners of the License District of Lennox will be held at the

Council Chamber, Napanee,

—ON—

MONDAY, April 29th, 1889,

at the hour of 10 o'clock

for the consideration of applications for licenses to take effect after the proclamation of Government has been issued, revealing the Canada Temperance Act.

All who are interested will govern themselves accordingly.

JOHN WEBSTER,
Chairman.

Spring Rye, Kentucky Blue Grass,
Corn, Red Top Grass Seed,
Beans, Millet Seed,
Buckwheat, Hungarian Seed,
Timothy Seed, Southern Seed,
Western Yellow Horse Tooth Corn,

BRAN, CRACKED FEED, OIL MEAL.
Pure Ground Flax Seed Meal,

Mixed Grasses and Clovers for Permanent Pastures.

All kinds of Garden Seeds imported direct and sold at wholesale prices.

American Wonder Peas, 10c. lb.
Yorkshire Hero Peas, 7c. lb.
Extra Early Peas, 6c. lb.

Onion Seed, Mangold, Carrots and Beets cheaper than any other house.

They will also continue their cheap cost sale of patent medicines, etc. for balance of his month, as follows:

Burdock Blood Bitters	70c
B. Sarsaparilla	70c
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	70c
Warner's Safe Cure	90c
Fellow Syrup	$1
German Syrup	50c
August Flower	50c
Ayer's Hair Vigor	70c
Beef, Iron and Wine	75c
Scott's Emulsion Cod Liver Oil	70c
Eclectric Oil	15c
Radways Ready Relief	17c
A. A. A.	15c
Nerviline	15c
Blakeley's Liniment	10c
Baxter's Bitters	20c
Maltine	75c
Carter's Little Liver Pills	15c
Condition Powders	15c
Kennedy's Spavin Cure	75c
Nasal Balm	40c
Diamond Dyes	7c
Mixed Paints	$1 per gal
Axle Grease	6c
Kalsomining	50c pack., 21c
16 lbs. Sugar	$1
12 lbs. granulated Sugar,	$1
50c Tea	35c
40c Tea	25c
Hoyt's Cologne	15c
Alum	3c
Starch	8c
Epsom Salts	5c
Soda	5c
Toilet Soap, $100 worth on hand for 2c per cake up.	
Bird Lime	7c
Castile Soap	10c
Castor Oil	10c
Resin	3c
Sulphur	7c
Coal Oil cheap.	
Oil Meal	$1 50 per cwt.

This firm imports their seeds direct, Timothy and Clover by the car, thus saving the commission profit, and are noted for a fact to sell reliable seeds, better in quality and cheaper than any other dealers. They have purchased a large shipment of Prince Edward Clover seed, which is far better and guaranteed free from foul seed than the choicest Western Clover, and are selling it 21c cheaper on the bushel. This firm handles more seeds than all other dealers put together. They make a speciality of it and sell cheaper, willing to work on small profits and meet customers half way during the hard times. Call and you will not regret it. Western Seed Wheat, Peas, Oats and Barley, will pay more for it than other dealers. We also have a car of Paints and Oils to arrive in a few days, which we will sell 20 per cent cheaper than other dealers. Call and see price before you buy.

---

duly recorded in their respective Stud Books.

They can be seen at the stables in the Brisco House yard. Inspection is cordially invited.

W. H. HUTCHINSON,
1789dtf Napanee, Ont.

THE

ONTARIO MUTUAL

LIFE ASSURANCE CO

The office of the Napanee agency of this company, until further announcement, will be in the boot and shoe store of J. W. Anderson. Policyholders please call there until further notice.

R. B. MASTEN,
General Agent, Picton.

W. PHILLIPS,
889dtf Agent, Napanee.

THE WESTERN CANADA

Loan & Savings Co.

HAVE APPOINTED

J. C. DREWRY

their Appraiser for Lennox & Addington.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY,
EXPRESS Office, Napanee, Ont.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Crabb's Combination Fence.

Parties requiring fencing should see Crabb's Canadian Patent Combination Fence, easily built of rails, boards or wire; proof against blowing over, going endwise and all faults of other patent fences; costs but two cents per rod for wire; unequalled for simplicity, cheapness and durability. For farm rights or territory in the counties of Prince Edward and Lennox and Addington, see the undersigned, who will give any and all information concerning the same, and will sell interest in any township to good live men at a reasonable rate. Territory for sale. Correspondence solicited. E. A. Powers, Cressy P.O.; G. C. Hurlburt, Cressy; O. A. Burley, Cressy.

W. H. WRIGHT,
1489 3m Conway P.O.

TO THE LADIES,

There are a great many things that save labor and make home a happy place. Now, there is no such thing as a person being good-natured and pleasant unless they have a comfortable bed to sleep on, and as house-cleaning time is drawing near, with all its change and hard work that must be done, this will be the time when the good man of the house will be wondering where his Sunday boots have gone. Now give him a surprise by purchasing one of my Adjustable Spring Bed Bottoms, and if he does not be good-natured while you are house-cleaning there is no help for him. As we are very busy and cannot call on all, you can order by mail, giving width of bed, and we will deliver them. Beware of imitations, as there are other parties selling what they claim to be a head-raise spring bed bottom. Be sure that my name is on each bottom, as every one of our manufacture is guaranteed. We are selling a $7 spring bed for $5.50, and a $6 bed for $4.50.

9693m C. N. GARRISON, Colebrook

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDA

TO OUR

Farmer Friends

In calling the attention of the farmers to the

HERRING CANADIAN

NEW MODEL MOWER

we feel quite at home, as when speaking of an old friend.

This machine has won so many laurels, and gained such admiration, we can say with truth its name has become a household word.

Notwithstanding agents for foreign machinery have united to decry this mower, the "New Model" to-day stands first in the estimation of the farmers of these counties for

Simplicity of Construction,

Combined with

Strength and Lightness of Draft,

Management,

Durability and Cutting Powers

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,
2089ly PROPRIETOR

BRAN! BRAN

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.

2589dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2789ly E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors Toront

JOHN A. SHIBLEY,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H. C. J.,
MONEY LENDING

YARKER, ONT.

Noted for promptness and reliability. 21893m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of ROBERT NELSON LAPUM, late of the Township of Ernesttown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, who died on or about the 1st day of June, A.D.1889.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sec. 36, chap. 110, R. S. O. 1887, notice is hereby given that all creditors, including those having any lien or charge upon the estate of the said Robert Nelson Lapum, are required to send in the same to Robert Miller, or James Lewis, Wilton P.O., or Edwin S. Lapum, Napanee, executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, on or before the

1st day of September, A.D.'89,

together with their christian names, surnames, addresses and description, with full statement of accounts, particulars of their claim, and nature of their securities (if any) held by them, after which date the said executors will distribute the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
Solicitors for the Executors.
Napanee, June 26th, 1889. 3089c

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

F. X. BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

18891mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2889ly Barristers, Napanee

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 23896m

---

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 9891y.

G. A. CATON, NEWBURGH, ONT.

—REPRESENTING—

Royal Insurance Company of England, Fire, and Life; Citizens' Inurance Company, Fire, Life and Accident; Quebec Fire Assurance Company and London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company. Agent for Lennox and Addington, Hastings and Prince Edward Counties. Rates on application

20891y

THE

Royal Hotel

PICTON, ONT.

Strictly First-class. Rates Reasonable.

2689cm JAS. HEALY, Prop.

TO BUILDERS.

The undersigned begs to announce that he is now prepared to furnish

Roach Lime and Choice Building Stone.

Extra good coursing stone at reasonable prices. The Lime Kiln is now in operation Orders left at Perry & Madole's hardware store will receive prompt attention.

THOS. MEAGHAR.
3089cm Roblin's Hill, near Napanee.

N. A. CATON, INSURANCE AGENT.

Representing the following companies:

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,
Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Acceident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - John st

Management,

Durability and Cutting Powers

The Superb Tilting Arrangement

and New Clutch Shifter

which have been added bring this Mower to the point of a perfect machine.

Farmers will study their interests and purchase the Canadian New Model from us, and if we may advise them we would say—purchase this Mower at once, as it will require our utmost endeavors to fill our orders this season for these machines. Considering sales already made to date and in anticipation of the increased demand, we have this week begun the completion of a number of additional Mowers, which we hope to have ready in time for harvest.

Send us your Order,

or come to our warehouse prepared to take home with you a machine which will enable you to cut the splendid hay crop in a splendid manner.

Parties requiring repairs for machinery are advised to bring their machinery at once.

The Napanee Ag'l Works,

JOHN HERRING.

Jnne 12th, 1889.

1889cm

Solicitors for the Executors.

Napanee, June 26th, 1889. 3089c

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of John Pomeroy, of the Village of Marlbank, in the County of Hastings, General Merchant, an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named insolvent has made an assignment to me for the benefit of his creditors, under Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1887, chap. 124 and amendments.

Creditors' must file their claims before me in manner prescribed by the said Statutes, on or before

Tuesday, the 30th day of July, 1889,

after which date I will proceed to distribute the estate, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have had notice. And I will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received by me at the time of such distributien.

HIRAM KEECH, Assignee.

Dated at Tamworth this 10th day of June, 1889. 2889d

MORTGAGE SALE

—OF A—

Valuable Farm

In the Township of Tyendinaga by Public Auction.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Monday, July 15th, 1889,

At the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Tyendinaga, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement forty acres be the same more or less and being composed of the west half of Lot Number forty in the first Concession, south range, of the Township of Tyendinaga aforesaid.

This farm is very desirably situated on the leading Macadamised Road from Napanee to Belleville, about three miles from the Town of Deseronto, and about seven miles from the Town of Napanee, and half a mile from the Junction of the G. T. R. and Bay of Quinte Railway. The soil is fertile.

Terms of payment will be very liberal. For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH,
Vendors' Solicitor.

Dated at Napanee, June 19, 1889.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF STEPHEN THISTLETHWAITE, LATE OF THE TOWNSHIP OF CAMDEN, IN COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, WHO DIED ON OR ABOUT THE 28TH DAY OF APRIL, A.D. 1889.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sec. 36, Chap. 110, R. S. O., 1887, notice is hereby given that all creditors, including those having any lien or charge upon the estate of the said Stephen Thistlethwaite, are required to send in the same to Colin A Schryver, or Robert Bowen, Napanee P. O., executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased on or before the

15th day of July, 1889,

their Christian names, surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full statement of accounts particulars of their claims, nature of their security, (if any) held by them, after which date the said executors will distribute the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
Solicitors for Executors,

Napanee, June 4th, 1889.

Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application.
2189ly

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sum $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrower. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. Davis
089ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent

THE ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO

The office of the Napanee agency of this company, until further announcement, will be in the boot and shoe store of J. W. Anderson. Policyholders please call there until further notice.

R. B. MASTEN,
General Agent, Picton.
W. PHILLIPS,
3889atf Agent, Napanee.

SEASON OF 1889.

DAVY'S ISLAND

Popular Bay of Quinte Summer Resort

Ease, comfort, health and enjoyment for the summer months.

Boats daily to all Bay points. Large dining hall and cottages for guests

Good fishing grounds; boats to hire; ice cream, lemonade and all summer refreshments.

Special terms to families and picnic parties.

For full particulars address

MRS. JOHN CHRISTIE.
2489cm Napanee, Ont.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,
(County of Lennox and Addington,)
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4388ly

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2289ly

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No 30.

THE RACES.

RAIN CAUSES A POSTPONEMENT.

Wednesday's Races Adjourned Until Thursday.—Good Sport.

On Tuesday night everything looked favorable for fair weather for the foflowing day, but during the night one of the heaviest rainstorms of the season set in and lasted up until nearly noon on Wednesday. All through the day showers kept falling so that it was out of the question to start a race.

Yesterday, however, broke clear and fair; the sun shone bright and warm and encouraged the committee to such an extent that they decided to hold the races yesterday and to day. Punctually at three o'clock the following programme was started:

Named Race.—R. H. Potter, Napanee, br g Little Fred; W. W. Reid, Shannonville, b m Bay Mag; W. Hatch, Napanee, ch m Maggie H.; T. Stewart, Deseronto, b m I. X. L.; H. G. Milling, Napanee, gr g Jim Barber.

2.40 Class—Trotters.—S. Clark, Picton, br m Goldie. A. Church, Kingston, g. g. Little Rock; John Purdy, Kingston, ch g J. B. Park; D. Lake, Belleville, br g Orman; H. G. Milling, Napanee, g g Little Tommy.

Free-For-All—Running. — Wm. Watts, Belleville, blk g Slap Bang; P. McLaughlin, Kingston, ch g Warlock; Allen Wilson, Prescott, b g Cal. Owens; W. J. Carson, Kingston, ch g Bolander.

The first race resulted in a comparatively easy victory for Hugh Milling's "Jim Barber," he taking three straight heats. Time 3.04¼, 3.03 and 3.07. W. Hatch's "Maggie H" second, and Mr. Potter's "Little Fred" third.

The second race was well fought out, no less than five heats being trotted. The Belleville horse, "Orman" did some good square trotting in the first two heats, and succeeded in capturing them both in 2.48 and 2.45 respectively. It was a close race between Milling's "Little Tommy" and Church's "Little Rock," in the first heat the Kingston horse taking second place and the Napanee horse third, but this order was reversed in the second heat. Then came a surprise.

In the third heat Orman went off his feet and dropped so far to the rear that he came nearly being distanced. This heat fell to Little Tommy after a very close finish with Little Rock. Goldie continued to act badly and was at the tail end of the procession the most of the time. In the fourth and fifth heats Little Tommy managed to hold the lead and captured both heats and the race. Time—2.48; 2.45; 2.47 and 2.43¼. The track was very heavy and fast time was impossible.

The free-for-all running was the event of the day and a better race was never seen in this part of Ontario. The first heat Bolander carried eight pounds over weight. The start was a beautiful one and as the four

WATERWORKS.

Now Or Never.

Yesterday M. D. Hanover, C. E., of New York, and F. A. Hinds, C. E., of Watertown, were in consultation with Mr. Northey with a view to buying out his contract with the corporation and at once proceeding with the work of putting in waterworks in this town. Negotiations have gone so far that they will take over the contract provided the town will extend the time for the completion of the works until the first of November next. As we want waterworks we hope the council will not stand in the way of the contract being assigned. It is quite evident that Mr. Northey cannot finish the works by the first of August and it is equally evident that Napanee badly needs better fire protection. True it is that Mr. Northey is liable to a penalty of five dollars a day for non-completion of the works by the time specified in the contract, but the corporation don't want to go to law to recover any penalties. What is wanted is a first-class water supply just as speedily as possible. Messrs. Hanover and Hinds are men of high financial standing and if they guarantee to complete the works by November 1st, they will undoubtedly have the work done by that time. Some of the council are of the opinion that if the time is extended a forfeit ought to be put up. Well! the corporation now have a very substantial forfeit practically within their power. Mr. Northey has expended upwards of $9,000 on the East street works, and that of course can not be removed. Surely this is sufficient security. If the time is extended, and the above-named parties take an assignment from Mr. Northey, they will stand precisely in the same position as he does. The $5-a-day penalty would then apply to them after November 1st, and all the time the corporation would have $9,000 worth of plant as security. In conversing with Messrs. Hanover and Hinds, they assure us that unless the time is extended they will have nothing to do with the matter. That means that we will have to go for another year if not for a much longer period, without adequate fire protection. We cannot afford to do so, and as the extending of the time will not cost the coroporation one cent, we would strongly urge the Council to make the concession asked for.

Wedding Bells.

One of Napanees fairest daughter's was married on Wednesday to one of Prince Edward's finest young men. We refer to Miss Grace Helena, second daughter of W. A. Rose, Esq., of this town, and Mr. F. S. Wilson, only son of J. C. Wilson, Esq., of Glenora. The wedding too place at the residence of the bride's father, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. A. E. Chambers, L. L. B. Miss Maud Rose, sister of the bride, and Miss Hattie Davis, of Kingston, were bridesmaid while little Edith Fraser acted as maid of honor. Mr.

CHANGES IN THE WESTERN.

THE REV. E. N. BAKER TO GO TO PORT HOPE.

Rev. J. B. Clarkson Appointed to Napanee West.

When we announced two weeks ago that Conference had decided to leave Mr. Baker in Napanee for another year, we thought that the matter would not be re-opened. Rev. J. B. Clarkson has been at Port Hope for three years and right ably has he performed his work. This year he was put down for Lindsay, but as Rev. Wm. Williams had only been there for one year his congregation insisted on his coming back again. The President of the Conference, wishing to please all parties, asked the Official Board of the Western Methodist Church, Napanee, to consent to Mr. Baker going to Port Hope and then Mr. Clarkson could be appointed to Napanee West. The Board met last Saturday evening and after very carefully considering the matter decided to give their consent. This was done, not because the Board wanted to lose Mr. Baker, but rather that the work throughout the conference might go smoothly. Owing to the terrible affliction that has befallen President Burwash, the change has not yet been definitely made, but it is expected that Mr. Clarkson will take charge of his work here in about two weeks. Mr. Baker will go to Port Hope when he returns from his European trip. In the meantime, Rev. Mr. Adderson who has been supplying for Mr. Baker so satisfactorily, will remain here until Mr. Clarkson's arrival and will then go to Port Hope. Rev. J. B. Clarkson is one of the ablest men in the Bay of Quinte Conference and stands in the front rank of pulpit orators. While the congregation of the Western deeply deplore the severance of their connection with Mr. Baker, they congratulate themselves on procuring so able a man and such an earnest worker as Mr. Clarkson has proved himself to be.

The Bishop of Ontario confirmed eighty-five candidates in Christ Church, Belleville, on Sunday.

Crops in the southern portion of Russia are in a very bad condition, owing to the hot weather.

Rev. William Henry Beecher, one of the Beecher brothers, of whom Rev. Henry Ward was the most famous, died in Chicago on Sunday, 87 years of age.

Daniel Wilson, of the fourth concession of Tyendinaga, broke his leg recently in three places. He had been engaged lifting a stone, when it fell on him.

While in England the Bishop of Ontari declined the position of Superintendent of Chaplains of Northern Europe, with a cathedral in Paris, but he declined it, preferring to remain in Canada.

A despatch from Dublin says that the

fast time was impossible.

The free-for-all running was the event of the day and a better race was never seen in this part of Ontario. The first heat Bolander carried eight pounds over weight. The start was a beautiful one and as the four raced around the back stretch, with Cal. Owens and Warlock neck and neck and Bolander lagging behind, the excitement grew intense. On the second round Bolander began to close up the long gap between himself and the leading horses, and as his rider bent low in his saddle and urged the gallant chestnut to his top speed, a perfect yell went up from the crowd. Steadily, inch by inch, the chestnut gained, and as he turned into the home stretch one blanket would have covered both Owens and Bolander. Down the stretch they came at a mighty clip, and amid the wildest enthusiam Bolander won the heat by a head, Owens second, Slap Bang third and Warlock last.

The second heat was fully as good as the first. Mr. Carson had put Johnnie Ellison on Bolander, as he was just the right weight, and Johnnie rode a beautiful race. Again the start was a good one, and again every horse was pushed for all there was in him. Coming down the home stretch both whip and spur were applied unsparingly, but it was Bolander's day, and he won the heat and race. Time—1.59 and 1.57¼.

NOTES.

The sport was first-class.

No gambling and no drinking allowed on the grounds. With these obuoxious features removed the day was a success.

Hugh Milltng captured two races yesterday, and wore a smile a yard wide.

A large number of ladies were present, and added tone to the proceedings. They enjoyed the ru ing race hugely.

J. B. Park n away during the fourth heat of the two forty trot, but his jockey finally got control of him and kept him on the track.

To-days races will be even better than yesterday's. They begin at two o'clock.

To day the racing will begin at two o'clock when the following programme will be presented:

3 Minute Class.—E. E. Wallace, Brockville, blk ro g Wide-a-Wake; S. Clark, Picton, br m Goldie; L. T. Vorce, Picton, ro m Ethel V; John Doddrige, Kingston, ch g Billy B; Wm. Chapman, Belleville, Chapman Mare; W. Wright, Montreal, br g Charlie B.

Local Running Race.—J. Boyle, Napanee. b m Maud; F. Chinneck, Napanee, b g Lex; W. J. Hutchinson, Napanee, blk g Black Bird.

Free-For-All.—J. Doddrige, Kingston, b g Edgewood; W. Wright, Montreal, b g Tommy B; E. E. Wallace, Brockville, b g Maxy Cobb.

Horses Wanted.

G. H. Williams will be at the Brisco House, Napanee on Saturday June 29th. to purchase a car load of good sound general purpose horses from 5 to 8 years old.

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bannanas, finest in town at Davis restaurant.

Delicious Pineapples now in stock, at Davis' restaurant.

Oranges and Lemons, the best that can be procured at Davis' restaurant.

Choice French Cream Goods always on hand at Davis' restaurant.

The best of Bread, (Bakers or Homemade) and an endless variety of Cake can always be had at Davis' restaurant.

Cool summer drinks, including ginger ale on drought are now selling at Davis' restaurant.

First class lunches may be had at any hour at Davis' restaurant.

The wedding took place at the residence of the bride's father, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. A. B. Chambers, L. L. B. Miss Maud Rose, sister of the bride, and Miss Hattie Davis, of Kingston, were bridesmaid while little Edith Fraser acted as maid of honor. Mr. Will. D. Hart, of Toronto, supported the groom. The bride wore a travelling dress of fawn cloth with bonnet and gloves to to match and looked charming. The bridesmaid's wore costumes of mulberry taffeta cloth with cream bonnets; the maid of honor wore white. A large number of invited guests were present. The happy couple have gone to New York, Boston, and other cities on a wedding trip. We wish them a long and happy experience in wedded life, and a full share of matrimonial bliss.

Knights of Labor Lecture

A. W. Wright, of Toronto, general lecturer of the K. of L. for the Dominion, will deliver a lecture in the town hall, Napanee, on Friday evening July 6th on the principles of the Order, its aims and objects. Considering the wide spread reputation of Mr. W. as a public speeker, and his unbounded knowledge of the great question of the day those who fail to hear him will miss a rare treat. The ladies of the town and surrounding country are specially invited to be present, and the members of the various churches are cordially and urgently invited All are welcome. Come one come all. Admission free.

Police News.

On Friday, 21st June, Mr. F. Yones, of Enterprise, was before the P. M. for an infraction of the Ontario Medical Act. He admitted the offence and was fined $25 and costs.

On Saturday, 15th June, Samuel Davy was tried for malicious injury to property and fined $1 and 25 cents damages and costs. The complaint was made by Levi Sagar.

On Thursday, June 20th, Reuben Babcock, jr., Sara Babcock, Eliza Kelly and Alice Sanford were tried for assault on Jno. P. Chatterson. The cases were dismissed with the exception of that against Mrs. Babcock, in which judgment was reserved.

PERSONAL.

—Rev. S. Card arrived in town on Thursday evening.

Miss Morphy, of Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. G. F. Ruttan.

—Mr. Will. Waller and a party of friends spent Sunday last at Davy's Island.

—Mr. Melville Clapp, of Toronto, is home a few days visiting his parents.

—Mrs. C. J. Curlette has gone to New York for a two weeks visit with her son.

—Harry Jamieson, of Almonte, has been renewing old acquaintances here this week.

—Mr. Charlie Smith, of Buffalo, was in town this week attending the funeral of his mother.

—Mrs. J. C. Drewry returned from Toronto on Wednesday night. Miss Roblin will be home next week.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Aylsworth and Miss Sarah Lucas, of Ernesttown, were the guest of Mr. R. A. Shorey last week.

—Dr. W. Huff, of Rome, N. Y., was in town on Monday. The Doctor renewed his subscription for THE EXPRESS as he likes to get home news

—M. D. Hanover, C. E. of New York city, and F. A. Hines, C. E., of Watertown, were in town yesterday consulting with Mr. Northey regarding taking over the waterworks contract. They are men of ability and financial standing, and anything they take hold of is sure to go.

Many Thanks.

"My age is 58 and for 20 years I have suffered from kidney complaint, rheumatism and lame back, and would have been a dead woman if it had not been for Burdock Blood Bitters, of which two bottles restored me to health and strength." Miss Maggie Hendsby, Half Island Cove, N. S.

Word in England the Bishop of Ontari declined the position of Superintendent of Chaplains of Northern Europe, with a cathedral in Paris, but he declined it, preferring to remain in Canada.

A despatch from Dublin says that the Most Rev. James Cleary, Roman Catholic Bishop of Kingston, has been nominated to the diocese of Waterford and Lismore, in Ireland, to succeed the Most Rev. Pierce Power, deceased.

A delegation of four Mennonites, who some time ago went west to look for lands, have returned to Winnipeg well pleased with their trip. They have chosen Calgary for their future home, and have sent a petition to the Dominion Land Commissioner, Mr. H. H. Smith, to reserve for them ten townships for five years.

London, June 26.—The name of the woman whose body was cut up and thrown into the Thames recently, was Elizabeth Jackson. The fact has been established by scars on the body and by the clothing. She was of low character, and was in the habit of frequenting common lodging houses in Chelsea. The theory that she was a victim of Jack the Ripper is again revived.

DIED.

WHITE.—At his residence, Napanee, on Monday 24th inst., Mr. Thomas White, aged 70 years

WHEELER.—At Napanee, on Saturday, June 22nd 1889, John Wheeler, aged 36 years and 22 days.

SMITH.—At Napanee, on Saturday, June 22nd 1889, Elizabeth, wife of John Smith, aged 52 years.

CANNIFF.—At the residence of his father, Asylum Farm, London, June 23rd, D. Stevenson Canniff, son of P. F. Canniff, Esq., aged 31 years.

MARRIED.

WRIGHT.—BARKER.—At Wellington, on Wednesday June 19th 1889. Fred W. Wright, of Napanee, to Miss Victoria Barker, of Bloomfield.

CADMAN.—SNIDER.—By the Rev. W. H. Cook, on the 7th of May 1889, at the bride's residence Mr. Adam Ezra Cadman, of Camden, to Miss Olivia Armenia Snider, of Richmond.

SCIFERT.—THOMPSON.—By the Rev. W. H Cook, at the residence of the bride's father, on the 22nd of May 1889, Mr. George Martin Scifert, of Syracuse to Miss Hannah Thompson, of Camden.

WILSON.—ROSE.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 26th inst., by the Rev. A. B. Chambers, L. L. B., Ph. B., Mr. Fred S. Wilson, of Glenora, to Miss Grace, Helena, second daughter of W. A. Rose, Esq., of Napanee.

ARMSTRONG.—LUCAS.—By the Rev. W. H. Cook, at the Methodist Parsonage, Selby, on the 25th of June 1889, Mr. William James Armstrong, of Roblin, to Miss Emma Lucas, of South Fredericksburgh.

Gives Instant Relief.

"I have been troubled with asthma and a bad cough for years. I get nothing to help me like Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, and would recommend it to others as it gives instant relief." Extract from letter from Walter McAuley Ventnor, Ont,

THE MARKETS

EXPRESS OFFICE,
Napanee, June 27, 1889.

Bran per ton	16 00 @	17 00
Shorts per ton	12 00	....
Barley	48	60
Peas	53	57
Oats	33	35
Rye	50	....
uckwheat	40	43
Muttor per lb	10	....
Lamb per lb	10	....
Hogs per cwt	7 00	7 70
Butter per lb (roll)	14	16
do (tub)	13	....
Eggs per doz	12	....
Potatoes per bag	35	40
Chickens per pair	60	70
Hay per ton	10 00	....
Straw per load	3 00	....
Beef hides per cwt	3 00	4 00
Geese feathers	50	60
Mixed feathers	40	50
Sheepskins	50	65
Pelts	60	70
Wool	18	20
Cordwood per cord	2 50	4 50
Partridges per brace	30	30
Turkeys	....	1 00
Geese	40	50

A SAFE DEPOSIT.

By the Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D.D.

CHAPTER I.

Antony Blake left the office of Rumrill & Co. a good deal disappointed. He was himself a shrewd and intelligent fellow. He had secured the patents on his new invention and was ready to proceed with the manufacture. He had carried the papers, the drawings, his model machine to Rumrill & Co., and they had them in consideration. They now offered him $800 for the whole thing if he would turn it all over to them. He had proposed one and another scheme by which he should go into business as a partner with them. These had been referred by the managing partner to the Mr. Jorkins behind the scene, who was an imaginary person created for the purpose of saying no when the managing partner was ashamed to. Practically all these schemes had been refused, and Antony was now to take the $800 or nothing.

This was not his first experience in such business. He knew by this time that the people who bring things before the public, be they inventions, be they books or be they ideas, generally expect to be well paid for doing so, and he knew that the system of co-operation, which people are hoping for and praying for, was by no means yet established. With some bitterness of feeling, it must be confessed, though he was a good natured fellow enough, he walked down the street of Tamworth considering whether he would take the $800 and be done with it, or whether he would go to Pittsburg and see if there were better chances there.

Antony Blake did not believe in debt, and he knew how to live on a very little money, but for all that he had very little money in store, and he certainly did not have the $10,000 which would be necessary for him if he were to equip a little machine shop of his own and make his own automatic car coupler. But as it happened, he was a person well esteemed in the whole community of Tamworth, as he deserved to be.

I should like to know, however, how much of this esteem he owed to one queer circumstance. While he had to start in life with absolutely no property, it happened that he did hold, as trustee for his mother, some bonds, which he considered worthless, in the second issue of the Cattaraugus and Opelousas Railroad. These bonds had long since been taken off all lists known to brokers, and it was long since any coupons had been paid. Still the Cattaraugus and Opelousas existed, and there were sanguine people, among whom his mother was one, who supposed that at some time payment would be resumed. Antony, being her trustee, had to keep these bonds somewhere, and he had been notified by legal advisers that he must keep them in one of the security vaults which are now established in all the considerable cities. He had hired a modest safe at the Amicable of Tamworth, and at the Amicable you have the facilties of a charming reading room, where are all the new magazines, where you can wash your hands if you need, you can make an appointment with a friend, you can write a note on the Amicable's paper. These facilities are thrown open to you because you have hired, perhaps for only $10 a year, a safe in that bank. Antony had found that here was by far the best club room in Tamworth. In that city they have what is known as the "Strangers' Rest" well developed; you can go in and pay ten cents an hour for all the comforts of a club room, and then go out again. But Antony found that, in the long run, $10 a year was cheap him that the day is fine, or that it is rainy as it may happen, and pass on till you come to another gate and another warder. You tell him that it is fine, or that it is rainy, as before. He also calls you by name, and says that you are looking well, and you enter a second passage. This passage is provided with little catacombs or columbaria, precisely like those under or near the city of Rome, except that these are much smaller and that these catacombs have now no doors, but in the security vaults each catacomb has a little iron door, and these doors are numbered.

You remember, by mnemonic processes known to yourself, what is the number of yours; the number of Antony's was 4 927 You meet in this passage a smiling, gentlemanly friend who also calls you by name, expresses his hope that you are well, and tells you what the weather is. You also tell him. These are not passwords, but they are the civilities of the occasion. You then mention to him, in a whisper, if you please, the number of your box. He affects to remember— does remember, perhaps —and with his key adjusts the lock of your catacomb. But, please to observe, he cannot open the catacomb because he has not your key. Your key has been given to you long since when you hired your catacomb. You then open the catacomb with your key, which you cannot do till he has first turned his key in the lock. In the catacomb you find a long, narrow tin box, unless you should be a very great don. In that case you have a large catacomb and you have a large tin box. But Antony was a very little don, as the reader knews, and he had therefore a box long enough for any coupon bond, but not large enough to contain many.

He drew out his box, thanked the courteous attendant, passed warder No. 2 again, who asked him if all was right, and then in the passage between Nos. 1 and 2 selected a little room like that in which you eat oysters in restaurants of some cities, when it is supposed that you are ashamed to eat oysters and wish to have a separate cell assigned for the purpose. You go into this cell, which you find lighted. There is a little table for you, with a pen and ink and blotting paper and a pair of large scissors. These scissors are there that you may cut off the coupons from your bonds.

Observe with admiration that both the requirements which have been referred to are fulfilled. You are here as lonely as Robinson Crusoe was before Friday came. All your wealth is in your hands; you can do with it what you choose. A minute before this wealth was in a safe which nobody excepting you could open, and a minute hence it will be in that safe again.

On this occasion Antony Blake found some difficulty in opening his box. His key seemed to be out of order; but, being an ingenious person, it happened that he had a little skeleton key with him, and with this he threw open the lock of the box. He saw in a moment that it was not his box. The securities in it were those of the C., K. and W., C., B. and Q., B., C. and D.— securities, many of them, absolutely "gilt edged" in the market of the moment. There were one or two United States bonds, and, in short, if a good fairy had touched his mother's bonds and changed them into bonds of the very best she could not have done better for him than had been done here.

Antony Blake was amazed and dazed. He lifted the bonds out one after another to see by what process of evolution the Cattaraugus and Opelousas had been thus changed, and with a vague feeling that he should find his two fifty dollar notes at the bottom. The fifty dollar notes were not there, but there was a little parcel of five or six manuscript notes tied up with a white ribbon. Antony had no disposition to get at other him to sea in his canoe. Then poor Robinson looked at his retreating island—the island which he had always called a prison—and wished that he might return to it, because it was his home. So poor Antony, who had always despised the Cattaraugus and Opelousas, now wished that he had them in his hands. In point of fact, he put back the box into the cell from which he had taken it, and he went at once to his lawyer cousin. But the lawyer cousin was not in. Antony did not like to tell his queer story to a stranger; he therefore borrowed a hundred dollars from the lawyer cousin's clerk and went that night on the train to Pittsburg.

CHAPTER IV.

This is not one of those stories which torments the reader by refusing to tell him all the writer knows.

Once for all, let the reader understand that the bonds and the letters which Antony Blake found in his box belonged to a very nice girl whose name was Edith Lane. How it happened that they were all in this box shall now be briefly told.

It was some six months before Antony Blake found them that Edith Lane's father called her into his own room. He then explained to her that she was so old that she must learn to take care of her own affairs. "I do not mean," said he, "to turn over to you now the whole of your mother's property, but I do mean to turn over to you so much that you shall not have to come running to me when you want to buy a shoestring and a paper of pins. I have placed in this envelope a number of bonds; I am going to show you how to cut off the coupons from these bonds. You will have to do this twice a year; you will then have to carry these coupons to the Waverley Bank, where I have opened an account for you. When you want money you will write a check on the Waverley Bank, and you will go for the money yourself or send for it. You can do as you please about keeping an account of these things. If I were you I would keep a little cash book, but I shall ask no questions. If you come to me at any time for money I shall then ask questions. But it is a great deal better that you shall learn to take care of your own affairs before I die."

Poor Edith was distressed and pained to hear her father talk of dying. She said as much; she said that she knew nothing about business, and she had a great deal rather go on as they were. But he was flint. He told her that his precise object was to teach her to draw a check and to keep a bank account, and to teach her something of her interest in the community, not to say her duties in the community. He had begun with thirty or forty thousand dollars of her fortune, which he had put into these bonds.

Edith was frightened, and said she did not know where she would keep the bonds, and she was afraid they might be stolen.

"That," said her father, "is the second thing that you are to be taught. You will not keep these bonds; I do not keep mine. I have brought these this morning from my own safe to give them to you. I have ordered the carriage, and I am now going to take you down to what is known as the Amicable Safe Company. I am going to hire a little safe there in your name and you will keep your bonds in that safe. When you want to cut off the coupons you will go down to the Amicable, you will have the safe opened and you will cut off what you need."

This frightened Edith more than ever. She almost cried, but in her distress she referred to an old joke of the family borrowed from "Georgia Sketches." It is the story of a young man whose father was urging him to marry and said to him, "Where would you be if I had not married?" The young fellow replied, between his sobs

developed; you can go in and pay ten cents an hour for all the comforts of a club room, and then go out again. But Antony found that, in the long run, $10 a year was cheaper for him then the Strangers' Rest at ten cents an hour, and what I should like to know is whether his standing in that community had not materially risen since the old dons and widows and railroad trustees and other such persons who had their safes there found that he was one of the *habitues* of the reading room of the Amicable.

He suspected himself that it gave him these advantages, and he was careful not to presume on them. He took care not to sit there writing letters in times when a business man would be at his counting room; he only looked in there at the hours when the most prominent of the dons were there; he took care not to appear to it as the only loafing place which he had. In proportion as he was cautious in these regards the dons began to respect him as one of themselves; that is to say, as a person who did not have to work very hard for his money, and who had in the chamber adjacent the secrets by which a quarterly revenue comes to the initiated, without much cracking of their finger nails or griming of their hands.

On this particular morning Anthony was obliged to break his rule. It was just the hour when he should not ordinarily have gone to the Amicable. It was seldom indeed that he had any occasion to look at his mother's bonds in his safe, for they were as worthless one month as they were another. But to preserve the respectabilities of the place it had been his habit to have his safe opened for him once a quarter—about the 1st of May, August and the corresponding quarters—which he observed to be "coupon quarters" for some very distinguished dons.

He would retire into one of the little cells provided for the occasion, open his box and then carry it back that it might be deposited in his safe again. The last time that he had done this, Anthony had placed two fifty dollar bills in his little tin box, to guard himself from spending them. He knew that he should have enough money for his current expenses besides, and he had not cared to make a permanent investment of this sum. But if he were to go to Pittsburg he must have these two fifties in his pocket, and he walked down to the Amicable, gave the number of his safe, and his box was given to him.

CHAPTER II.

It is possible that there are one or two of the humbler readers of this little story who are not accquainted with the careful machinery of a security safe company, and as the story hinges on that machinery it may be well to explain it. You see you are to have the double combination, patent, absolute security that is given to the largest corporation in the world—say the Bank of England—and at the same time you, who are as poor as Antony Blake was, are to have your own little separate cell in which your own property is kept, and nobody else in the world may interfere with it. All this is arranged by a very ingenious system of policemen, attentive clerks, doorkeepers, gilt pickets of iron, iron floors below and above, so that fire cannot burn your securities nor water drown them, nor theives break in nor rust corrupt them.

The most honorable and virtuous warders are selected by the most ingenious and highly approved competitive examinations. You present yourself at the gate, and you are personally known to the warder, who speaks to you cordially and opens the gate to you, as he would not do if you were one of those unknown loafer who have no safe in the security vault.

You pass through this prison gate joyfully, for you know it is no prison to you; you tell his two fifty dollar notes at the bottom. The fifty dollar notes were not there, but there was a little parcel of five or six manuscript notes tied up with a white ribbon. Antony had no disposition to get at other people's secrets, but he did want to know how these things came into his box, and he looked at their addresses, as he could do without opening them. Three were to Evelyn Haddam. Three were to Fergus MacIntire. Antony had never heard of either of these people. The letters were numbered, and the date of each was written on the envelope. Antony observed that the last two were written on the same day, May 29. "It is a romance, I think," said he, and he thought so because of the ribbon. But clearly the most curious thing in the romance was that the letters were in his box.

CHAPTER III.

If young Blake had gone at once to the head centre of the wonderful combination of warders, guardians, clerks and assistants who made up the hierarchy of the Amicable, this story would never have been written, and the reader would at this moment be seeking other occupation than that he has in hand. "Before a story can be told," says Mr. Anthony Trollope, "there must be a story to tell." All that follows on these pages spring from Mr. Blake's aversion to take the head centre into his confidence, or indeed, any other of the guardians in the hierarchy.

In the first place, he knew none of them personally, though, as has been seen, they all knew him professionally. That is to say, it was the professional business of each of them to know Antony Blake by sight and to see that he always had the box in No. 4,927 when he wanted it and that no one else ever had it, and also that he never had any other box than his own. But all of them had been imported from New York to carry on the Amicable, which was a new enterprise in Tamworth, so that he had not made their acquaintance other than officially. In the second place, as occurred to him now for the first time, he should have gone to the head centre before if he meant to go at all. He should have gone when his little key did not open the bond box. He should not have picked the lock of a box, which, as he now knew, was not his, with his little skeleton key. In the third place, he was not sure whether he should best advance the ends of justice by going to the head centre. He could say that his $100 were not in his box. But here were securities of three or four hundred times as much worth; and, as he well knew, there was not any one outside an idiot asylum who would steal Cattaraugus and Opelousas bonds. It might be that the head centre and some of the others were engaged in a common fraud, of which he had in his hands a little clew. These considerations passed through his mind and determined him, wisely or not, to make no complaint to the head centre till he had taken the advice of a lawyer friend.

Meanwhile his first business was to go to Pittsburg and to get the $100 which he needed for his journey. There was no money in the box, and of course Antony could not have taken it if there had been, seeing it was not his. "Greenbacks," says an eminent legal authority, "are the currency of thieves." But even had Antony been a thief he had no opportunity to steal.

There were the six letters, tied up with the white ribbon. Antony did look at the addresses, as had been said.

But at the moment his only wish was that his despised Cattaraugus and Opelousas bonds were in his hands. He remembered, as he often had remembered before, the pathetic grief of Robinson Crusoe, when the great current of the Orinoco was sweeping rowed from "Georgia Sketches." It is the story of a young man whose father was urging him to marry and said to him: "Where would you be if I had not married?" The young fellow replied, between his sobs, "Yes, dad, but you married mother and I shall have to be put out to a strange gal." Edith said she did not want to be put out to any Amicable Safe Company or any Waverley Bank. She wanted her father to take care of her money and to give her what she wanted to spend.

But he was perfectly firm: the carriage came to the door, and Edith had to go up to put on her hat and sacque and gloves to go down for her first lesson. What she was taught the reader already knows. She was taken through the gates, she was introduced to the attentive warder, and she had assigned to her one of the smallest safes, exactly such a safe as Antony Blake had, and as it happened the number was next to his No. 4,928. The reader now has a partial notion of what mistake had occurred.

In point of fact, about a month before Antony Blake had met his disappointment, it had been so ordered by those minor powers who, under orders, overrule this world, that he and Edith Lane went nearly at the same time to the Amicable. Antony had gone simply to show himself, that he might keep up the reputation which he had acquired as a don among dons. Edith had gone, on her second visit, to cut off some coupons, which she had done successfully, and which she had carried to deposit at her bank. But it had so happened that when she brought back her little box, to place it in her safe, Antony Blake was already in that corridor of the columbarium and was opening his safe to put his box away. The lock made some little obstacle and he had laid his box on the floor that he might have both hands in handling the key. Edith had to wait a moment for the operations to be finished, and, as it happened, she laid her box on the floor as she stood by him, being, in fact, if the reader is curious, putting on her gloves at the same moment. Antony touched his hat to her, stooped, picked up the box and put it into his own safe, without any thought that he had made a transfer. He passed out the door, saluted the warders and was gone. Edith put the other box into her safe, and as the reader sees, the change was completed without a thought from either party.

It was not till Antony Blake was well in Pittsburg, dealing with the various sons of Tubal Cain, who make that city one of the richest and loveliest in the world, that Edith one day ordered the carriage, drove down to the Amicable, took out what she supposed to be her box and found in it Antony's Cattaraugus and Opelousas bonds and his hundred dollars.

Of course Edith knew she had made a mistake, and she instantly supposed, as she usually did, that everything which was wrong was her own fault. This, then, was the first result of her father's training her to business—that she had lost all her own property and had stolen some other property of vastly more value. For the girl knew nothing of the worthlessness of the Cattaraugus and Opelousas, and it was easy for her to see that whereas she had left in her box only thirty or forty thousand dollars worth of bonds, she had under her hands two hundred and fifty thousand dollars' worth of the second issue of that unfortunate road.

She did not do what Antony did, however. She took the whole parcel, hundred dollars and all, and put it into her little satchel. She put back the box into her safe, and as quickly as she could escape the eye of the warders, all of whom she thought looked on her with suspicion, as if she were a detected thief already, she rushed to

her little coupe and bade William drive her directly home.

Her only thought was to tell her father all that had happened, and to confess that she was a fool.

Of course, this would have been the true thing for her to do; but there was, unfortunately, a delay. Her father was in Chicago for two days, and Satan had all that time to inspire her with other counsels. Now, although Satan might have done his worst before he could make Edith Lane do anything wrong, it was easily in his power to make her do something very foolish. For, as Henry Kingsley well says, when the devil cannot achieve his purposes by sending a knave he does the same by a much easier process and sends a fool. For the more she brooded over the matter the more the poor girl persuaded herself that she had better not, at first, speak to her father. Besides the feeling that she was a fool and had made a horrible mistake there was a little side trouble which increased and increased as she thought of it till it at last became a giant Afrite, destroying all her peace. It was the recollection that she had put in her box the six letters which had been intrusted to her by her cousin Evelyn.

Now this Cousin Evelyn had had a horrible love passage with Fergus McIntire. I have no right to call it disgraceful, though I am very glad that none of my readers was ever so compromised. It was a very bad business, and Evelyn had been pulled out of it only with great tact and difficulty. All the compromising letters had been brought together and should have been burned up. Instead of burning them Evelyn Haddam, when she heard Edith had a safe of her own, had begged her to take care of them, and at her second visit to the safe Edith had put these letters with her bonds. The reader knows what had become of them.

Now this was the only secret which our poor Edith had ever had from her father. She did not want to have these letters brought to light by any investigation which should be made. The poor child instantly fancied herself before a police court as a thief; she fancied the discovery of her box opened by a judge and these letters of Evelyn's and Fergus' read aloud and printed in all the Sunday newspapers. She cried over it; she wrote a note to Evelyn which she destroyed; she wrote another note which she destroyed also, and finally said to herself that she had rather lose all her own property which was in the safe than have any revelation made as to what was in the box. If she could only be sure that whoever had the the bonds would burn those hateful letters, it seemed to her that she should be perfectly happy.

In all this, of course, Edith Lane was quite wrong; but as the reader will see, she was in a false position, which she had stumbled into really from no fault of her own.

Poor Antony Blake is the person who deserves the most consideration and sympathy from the reader. He was most hospitably received by old friends whom he had known at the Polytechnic Institute. He saw all the marvels of gas distribution, of glass making, of ironfounding and, by Mr. Westinghouse's kindness, he was taken through the wonderful machine works from which that exquisite apparatus is produced which preserves every year the lives of I dare not say how many thousand people in this world. He saw some of the Tubal Cains whom he had gone to see, he showed to them the plans of his machine, which were cordially commended. He had one and another suggestion made to him as to the ways for putting it upon the market. But it was clear to him, as it had been in Tamworth, that the destruction of the poor is their poverty and that he was in no way to get any decent return for the very exquisite

STEALING FROM JUGGERNAUT.

A Curious Yarn Told by an Indian Army Officer.

The tale which I am about to relate was told to me many years ago by a distinguished officer of the Madras army. For obvious reasons the names have been altered, but to this day by the camp fires of the great festival held every year is told with bated breath the terrible tale of the jewels of Juggernaut and of the vengeance of the great god.

"Many years ago," said my friend, "I was quartered at Fuzurabad, an important military station about 150 miles from the Madras coast. There were a large number of troops there of all descriptions, and certainly for half the year the life we all led was gay and high enough.

"Unfortunately, at the time I was there gambling and betting were much in vogue, and many men plunged and came to grief over their debts of honor. Of all that gay company nobody was more popular and better liked by both men and women than young Fitzroy; but, unfortunately, he lost money at the races, tried to recover himself at the whist table, but failed, got into the hands of the Mawarees, and got deeper and deeper into the mire of debt. You could see by his careworn and troubled expression of face that the poor young fellow was in a real bad way. I was not surprised, then, when one day he came to me and said: 'Major, I'm done for. I'm utterly broke. I can't get any more money in the bazaar, and they'll run me in unless I can get away for a bit. I must get to England and see if I can raise the wind there, but goodness knows,' said the young fellow bitterly, 'how I can dare ask my poor old governor. Major,' continued he, 'I must get away; it's simply killing me. You were a great friend of my father, and promised to help me. I wish I had stuck to your advice, but it's too late now. Will you come away with me? Give out that we have taken ten days' leave for some shooting, and see me down to the coast. If I go off alone I shall be stopped by those cursed Mawarees.'

"After some hesitation I agreed. He sent in his application for leave to Europe on private affairs, and I gave out that I was going on a ten days' shooting expedition. A week later, with a couple of tongas, we had started on our long and wearying journey to the coast, where my poor young friend hoped to pick up a steamer to take him to Europe. On the second day out we met crowds of people tramping along—men, women, and children—and the next day still greater crowds. In reply to our inquiries we were told that they were returning from the great festival of Juggernaut held at Puri, now only some three days' journey from where we were. The tonga wallah kept us interested with a graphic description of the festival and of the great god, which was especially remarkable for the wonderful jewels it possessed—two emerald eyes of inestimable value, its lips formed of the finest rubies in the world, and a necklace of priceless pearls.

The sun was sinking as we neared the town of Puri, and we could see the pinnacles of the temples rise above the trees which surrounded the place. Half a mile the other side of the town stood the Travellers' Bungalow, where we intended putting up for the night. During the last twenty-four hours my young companion had kept silence, and was moody and almost sullen whenever I tried to rouse him. A more uncomfortable meal I never ate than the dinner which was served up to us that evening, and I was quite thankful when the poor lad said he was dead beat and would go off to bed. My own room was on the other side

IN GREENLAND.

Dr. Nansen's Trip on Snow-Shoes.

Since Dr. Nansen's return to Denmark he has added very interesting details to the story of his trip across Greenland which was briefly told in the letter he sent to Europe last fall. The fact that his party, after leaving the ship within twelve miles of Umivik, where they expected to begin their land journey, drifted many miles south in the ice and were over three weeks reaching their destination on the coast, shows the immense difficulty of penetrating the ice barrier that the prevailing winds kept constantly packed against the eastern shores of Greenland.

Some of the isolated natives, unaccustomed to the sight of white men,

FLED IN TERROR,

though Capt. Holm's sojourn among them during one winter should have taught them better. Probably no tribe were ever so thoroughly introduced to the public by means of the camera as these natives, of whom numerous photographs appear in Capt. Holm's recent book.

The six men of the Nansen expedition were a spectacle worth seeing as they gained the lofty summit of the inland ice, all tied together with a rope, as though they were climbing the Matterhorn. It was a wise precaution, for the snow concealed not a few gaping crevices in the thick ice, and now and then the fragile bridge gave way under some member of the party. It was heavy sledging in the soft snow of the Arctic summer, but the party, on their snowshoes, dragging five little sledges, made fifty miles in the first twelve days. They were steadily climbing toward the summit of

GREENLAND'S ICE PLAIN,

which, as we have learned within the past few years, is higher than any other extensive plateau in the world except those of the Pamir and some parts of Tibet.

The party occupied over two weeks in crossing this almost level expanse of ice, 9,000 feet above the sea. It was now September, and at the enormous height of nearly 3,000 feet above the summit of Mount Washington, it is easy to understand that the Greenland tourists were impeded no longer by soft and yielding snow. The temperature, however, was seldom lower than 20° below zero, but many snow storms and great drifts impeded the progress of the travellers.

At last they reached the eastern slope of the frozen sea, and, hoisting their sails, they found that much of the time it was no longer necessary to haul on the sledge ropes. Often they travelled behind their sledges to hold them back, and rattled down the long slope at a splendid rate. Now and then, however, they were face to face with

THEST ARTLING DANGERS, MOST

as once, when they paused on the edge of a great crevice which seemed like the mouth of a bottomless abyss. They had other narrow escapes, and once nearly lost their lives through the breaking of a snow bridge. Earlier travellers on the inland ice of Greenland have found that the need of making long detours to get around crevices was one of the greatest obstacles in their way.

At last the fiords of the western coast were reached. In forty days the little party had travelled 300 miles from sea to sea. We do not yet know what scientific value attaches to this expedition; but it is likely to add interesting facts to our knowledge of this stupendous ice mass, which, moving very slowly towards the coasts, finds some outlet for its accumulations through the fiords. Contemplating this tremendous ice movement, it is not difficult to believe that we see in the Greenland of to-day the conditions that, in a past geological age, tore great boulders of trap from the [illegible] rocks.

for putting it upon the market. But it was clear to him, as it had been in Tamworth, that the destruction of the poor is their poverty and that he was in no way to get any decent return for the very exquisite contrivance which everybody admitted he had in hand, unless he himself could invest $10,000 or $15,000 in the complicated machinery which was necessary for producing it.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A Philanthropist's First Bargain.

The late Mr. John Rylands, the Manchester cotton spinner, who bequeathed $25,000 to the Balla Independent College, would often humorously narrate the history of his first bargain. One day, soon after he had left school, in passing through a street of St. Helen's his eye was caught by an auctioneer's placard announcing the sale of the stock-in-trade belonging to the father of one of his school fellows. He went to see what was going on ; and, as he had saved a little pocket money, he bid for one of the lots, a drawer full of trinkets, which was knocked down to him at a low price. These on reaching home, he found to consist of different pieces of jewellery, much tarnished and carroded. He pulled them to pieces, cleaned and polished them, and sold them separately realizing a good profit. A former nurse of Mrs. Ryland's heard of the lad's successful purchase, and being herself with her family very handy at the loom, said to him, "Supposing, Master John, you spend this money in a little yarn, and let us weave it for you." This was done, the calicoes were returned "beautifully woven," were soon sold, and all concerned made a handsome profit. The process was repeated on a continually enlarged scale, for about two years, and the youth who was diligently helping his father, became already a miniature capitalist. At the expiration of this time his oldest brother, Joseph, proposed to join him, and the two lads initiated business on their own account, John undertaking the post of traveller. The father, himself a shrewd and capable man of business, perceived what his sons were doing on their own account, and proposed to join in partnership with them, contributing a larger capital than they could muster. Thus the well-known firm was originated.

Women's Heads and Waists.

The Venus de Medici's head measures around the temples 20½ inches ; allow for the wavy hair a half inch and call it 20 inches. I make the waist 27 inches, but as the figure is bending slightly forward it may vary accordingly as the measure is applied. The neck is 13 inches. A lady friend was so kind as to measure several other ladies for my benefit, and I do not find such a marked difference. The heads are generally larger and the waist smaller, it is true, but take one instance :—Head, 21½ inches ; waist, 24⅜ inches ; neck, 12¾ inches. A young girl of 16 measures 21½ inches head and 24⅜ inches waist. Another lady measured just 20½ inches head. The measures were taken over the waist of the tunic. One would suppose the measures would be less if taken after classical manner, but by some mysterious dispensation of Providence the waist of the modern woman is acknowledged to measure more when untrammeled.
—*Art Student*

Hard on Early Risers.

Charles Dudley Warner was complaining to one neighbour of another neighbour's donkey, which rose with the lark, but was a poor musician, and woke him up at daylight. "Well," said the friend, "why don't you rise at daylight, as I do ! The donkey doesn't disturbe me." "We see now," said Mr. Warner, "what kind of people get up early in the morning."

ate meal I never ate than the dinner which was served up to us that evening, and I was quite thankful when the poor lad said he was dead beat and would go off to bed. My own room was on the other side of the bungalow, and I took my pipe and sat smoking on the veranda. The moon was just rising, when I thought I saw the figure of a European stealing along the wall of the compound. Strange, I thought, and wondered what other European could be here at the same time. An idea struck me, and I went across to my companion's room. There was nobody in it ; the bed was undisturbed. I threw down my pipe and rushed out into the moonlight.

"A few second later I was out in the road, and turned instinctively in the direction of the town. Running down the road, I soon came to a sandy lane, which went outside the village walls in the direction of the temples, their pinnacles standing out clear and distinct in the moonligh . In the distance I thought I saw the figure of my poor lad, but soon the turnings and twistings of the lane, with its thick cactus hedges on each side, shut him out from my view. In a few minutes I was close by the big temple compound. Running up to the wall I looked over, and this is what I saw : An enormous courtyard of paved stone, on which were lying a number of priests, their white garments wrapped around their heads and bodies. In the background was placed temple after temple, but in the centre stood one solitary shrine raised on three separate flights of steps, and inside I could see the great black god raised on three other smaller flights of colored marble steps. The moonbeams shone directly on the god and lit up the emerald eyes and ruby lips, while the pearl necklace glowed on his huge black bosom. Not a sound was to be heard except some distant tom-toming. The festival was over and Puri had lapsed into solemn silence. To my unutterable horror I saw my companion walking right across the courtyard.

"Not a living creature moved, until a pariah dog rose up from near the wall, gave one howl, and then slunk away and crouched down again. Still no one stirred. My tongue clove to the roof of my mouth. I dared not shout even if I could have raised my voise. A ghastly horror took hold of me as the idea struck me that in his madness my poor friend intended to save his honour in the greater dishonor of robbing the idol. Speechless I saw him mount step after step, and the next moment I saw him enter the sacred shrine and cross the threshhold which no other foot but that of the Brahmin has ever passed. Nine steps led up to the god—one, two, three, four, five, six. He paused. I tried to shout, but no sound would come. He raised his hand as if to tear off the pearl necklace. It was still above his reach. His foot then touched the seventh. Can I ever forget the sight ? In the moonlight flashed out two arms covered with a hundred—nay, two hundred—daggers and clasped the daring youth to the black god's breast. At the same moment the sound of a gong broke the stillness of the night, and in one moment the priests had cast off their coverings and were rushing to the shrine. Two minutes later I saw the amazed and horrified priests carrying out the lifeless body of the dishonored Englishman, and I turned and fled."

A Faded Flower.

She—"Isn't Miss Amber a perfect daisy ?"

Mr. Jonathan Trump—"Yes, they're all daisies, but after a while they lose their petals in the game of 'love me, love me not.'"

A Western paper heads an editorial, "Why Lynchings Occur." We know ; it's because he fellow can't get away.

fiords. Contemplating this tremendous ice movement, it is not difficult to believe that we see in the Greenland of to-day the conditions that, in a past geological age, [illegible] great boulders of trap from the Rocky [illegible] and huge granite and more rock mass [illegible] far northern regions, and strewed them along the shores of Long Island.

Princess of Wales.

It takes the Princess of Wales two hours to dress every day. Despite her increase in years, there are courtiers who declare that she looks handsomer than when she first arrived in England, and they take as the reason the fact that the style of dress suits her so much better than what is now considered the dowdy dress of a quarter of a century ago. Nobody knows where the Princess gets her gowns from. It is generally supposed that her maid makes them from patterns supplied. However, the Princess cannot pose as a leader of fashion, except to women of a certain age. For instance, she cannot wear the gaudy flower-crowned hats that are coming into season this spring, and yet these hats will be what is known as "fashionable" nevertheless. Who makes those pretty fringes ? Some say that her barber shifts his lodgings every week. Others declare that this hair-dresser supplies the material and that a maid makes it up. Really the Princess of Wales has very little hair. It amounts to nothing more than what women know as a "wisp." At Sandringham there is a room just like a huge hatter's shop. All around it are little receptacles, varied by pier glasses, and these receptacles contain the hats and bonnets of the Princess. When she is at nome she wears two or three different hats every day, but she always wears a bonnet when out visiting. For a princess her bonnets should not be considered extravagant. She generally gives about $7.50 for a hat or bonnet, not at all an extravagant price.

Old Bank Notes.

The oldest bank notes are the "flying money," or convenient money," first issued in China 2697 B. C. Originally these notes were issued by the Treasury, but experience dictated a change to the banks under Government inspection and control. A writer in a provincial paper says that the early Chinese bills were in all essentials similar to the modern bank notes, bearing the name of the bank, date of issue, the number of the note, the signature of the official issuing it, indications of its value in figures, in words, and in the pictorial representation in coins or heaps of coins equal in amount to its face value, and a notice of the pains and penalties of counterfeiting. Over and above all was a laconic exhortation of industry and thrift : "Produce all you can ; spend with economy." The notes were printed in blue ink on paper made from the fibre of the mulberry tree. One issued in 1339 B. C. is still carefully preserved in the Asiatic Museum at St. Petersburg.

A Damper on Him.

Julia (with a dreamy look in her eyes)—Can you guess of what I am thinking, George ?

George (taking her hand tenderly)—No, dearest Julia, but I hope it is of me.

Well, partly ; but I was thinking of the cozy little room we will fix up for mother after we return from our wedding trip.

(George didn't look so pleased.)

Some Swiss engineers are planning an aerial railway by which they propose to connect two of the peaks of Mount Pilatus with wire ropes about 2,000 feet long, and to send tourists from summit in cars sliding along he wires.

THE BALLINGTON GHOST.

When it was known that the Welfords had purchased "the old Ballington place" and would move into the great house which had been standing empty for years, there was head-making in the community, and more than one lady was heard to say, "Well, I'm not superstitious, but I'd hate to live in *that* house."

The Ballingtons had, for several generations been one of the wealthiest families in the neighborhood, and it had been a part of the family policy to marry wealth. It was generally understood that the marriage of the last representative of the name—or rather the last one who had reached man's estate, for he had a little son—had been founded on this consideration, and had been of his father's making rather than his own.

His young wife, a pale, quiet, dreamy-eyed lady, never made any effort to cultivate friendly relations with her neighbors. She returned the calls which she received, but her visits were always brief and formal and her conversation confined to the more elegant commonplaces. It was remarked by those who visited her, that she always received them in a loose white wrapper, in summer, made of muslin or some light wool material; in winter of cashmere or flannel trimmed with velvet or satin.

Though she was never heard to complain of invalidism, and she was always scrupulously neat—even elegant—in her attire, she always presented the appearance or at least suggested the idea, of having just arisen from some place of invalid-like lounging. She had two children, a boy, a sturdy little chap much like his father, who carried the child with him everywhere he went, as soon as he was large enough to take out of the house so much, and a little girl, the miniature of her mother, and like her, always clad in white.

It was rumored that the conjugal affection existing between Bernard Ballington and his wife was not very strong, and that the poor lady did not receive the kindest treatment from her husband. Certain it was he had seemed moody and restless ever since his marriage, and there seemed some truth in the assertion of the gossips that his affection was centered on his boy. The mother was left to console herself with her little girl, of whom she seemed very fond, in a listless sort of a way.

When this child was two years old she sickened and died. After this, the mother looked paler and more dreamy than ever, and it was averred, by the ever-busy gossips that her husband gave her not a particle of sympathy in her bereavement. Within a few months she, too, died, suddenly and mysteriously. This event caused no slight sensation in the neighborhood, and it was whispered by some that the poor lady died of poisoning; by others, that she was addicted to the opium habit and her death had ensued from an overdose of the drug.

Whether the one or the othor of these reports was true, no one ever knew. The family physician, in learned terms, gave an explanation of her death which the sensation-loving utterly refused to believe.

Immediately after the funeral, Bernard Ballington left for parts unknown, taking with him his little son, and report said he had another companion in the person of a beautiful and fascinating lady of a neighboring city.

Since then until the purchase of the Ballington place by Mr. Welford, through Mr. Ballington's agent, the house had been unin habited; but rumor declared that a nocturnal visitant, clad in a long white robe, was frequently seen wandering about the [illegible] slowly moving its hands up and down answered his wife, "and perhaps it would be better for some one to be at the old place to-night, to see that nothing is disturbed."

And you think you won't be afraid of the ghost, with nobody here but Mollie and the children?" laughed Mr. Welford.

"I am not at all afraid of the ghost. I think we have already changed the interior of the house so much that she would fear to enter it; and besides I don't think ghosts ever care to visit persons of my temperament," replied Mrs. Welford.

"No, I don't think they do," answered Mr. Welford, looking at his handsome blooming wife, and mentally congratulating himself that few women were so "smart" and independent as she.

The horses were soon brought out and hitched to the wagon, and the father and sons were speeding off over the crisp snow which sparkled in the bright moonlight.

By ten o'clock the inmates of the Ballington house were snugly ensconced in bed. Mollie the cook, was not so courageous as Mrs. Welford and insisted so earnestly that she, Mrs. Welford and the three little girls all sleep in the same room, that such an arrangement was made.

Mrs. Welford had slept she knew not how long, when she was roused, she fancied, by a step coming slowly down the stairs which led up from the hall. It was a *heavy* light step, if so paradoxical a description might be given, a lingering, languid, and withal, stealthy tread. The steps came nearer and presently the door was pushed noiselessly open and a white-robed female figure glided into the room. Terror-bound and unable to move Mrs. Welford lay and watched it. It passed slowly up and down the room, moving its hands up and down and uttering dismal, sepulchral moans. It approached the trundle-bed in which two of the children were sleeping. With horror the agonized mother, still unable to move a muscle or utter a sound, gazed upon the ghoulish creature as it bent over her darlings. It breathed upon their faces and suddenly the change of death came over them. There they lay upturned in the bright moonlight, pale and rigid with eyes as blankly staring as those of her who had breathed upon them.

The destroyer turned from them and resumed her pacing up and down the room, tossing up and catching something which looked like a ball of coagulated blood.

Watching her with the fascination of horror as she moved about, Mrs Welford observed that her hands were peculiar, round, fingerless members, like nothing else in the world so much as waffles. At length, as she continued her movements in the moonlight, which seemed to grow brighter and still more supernaturally bright, Mrs. Welford noticed that the thing which she first thought to be a ball of blood now appeared to be a pickled Indian peach, such as had been on the table for supper. Whatever it was, the horrible apparition dropped it and slowly approached the bed where the terrified woman lay. She, or it, bent over her and clasped its clammy, waffle-shaped hands about her throat. Just at that moment the child who lay beside her cried out and pulled at her arm, and Mrs. Welford started up, her brow covered with cold perspiration. She glanced about the room. A patch of moonlight was still shimmering on the floor, but not so bright as it had appeared a few moments before, and the ghostly visitant had vanished.

"Mamma," cried the child, "I am sick and my head aches, and I want a drink of water."

Mrs. Welford rose and hastily lit a lamp There lay her two children in the trundle bed, sleeping sweetly, the rosy flush of life

BESIEGED BY SIOUX.

The Thrilling Experience of Some Black Hill Miners During the Gold Fever of '76.

"In the summer of '76, when the Black Hills' excitement first began in real earnest," said Mr. Coats, to a reporter of the Chicago Times, "I was the owner of a fine farm in northwestern Nebraska and in addition was doing a good business as a surveyor. One of my neighbors, named Bell, was an old California miner. He at once became infatuated with the idea of going to the new El Dorado, and I, too, soon caught the fever. Against the advice of my wife and friends, and even against my own better judgment, I determined to seek a fortune in the hills. Hastily arranging my affairs I set out, accompanied by Bell. We made our way by steamboat to Fort Pierre, where we joined a heavily armed company of forty gold hunters.

"The journey to the foothills was without incident, although the country was alive with murderous Sioux. We reached a camp on Spring creek in the southern hills the 20th of July, where we found fifty others already ahead of us. The first comers had staked out claims and built a very strong fortress upon a rocky knoll. They were so harassed by the Indians that they scarcely dared venture outside their fort. Being reinforced by our company they felt able to defy the redskins and determined to begin active mining operations. Yet so pressing was the danger that the entire company was divided into four equal parts which were to alternate week about in the various labors. The first division was to hunt at a safe distance from the fort. This was an important duty, for our only provisions were the game brought in by the hunters. Only a small supply of food had been brought from civilization, and of course there were no means of getting more.

"The second division did garrison duty at the fort; the remaining half of the party worked the mines; that is, one-half of the squad acted as sentinels while the others plied pick and shovel. It was very slow, very hard work. In the hills all the places mines are in dry gulches instead of beside the streams, as in California. All the "pay-dirt" had to be wheeled a quarter of a mile to get to water. Our best exertions only yielded $4 or $5 per man per day. Divide this amount with the three others who were guarding or hunting for the miner and you can see that no one had much prospect of getting rich.

"Bell and I were thoroughly disgusted in less than a week. We had come to make money and not to toil and starve for a pittance that a section-hand would scorn. Wonderful stories were told of the richness of the mines on French creek, twelve miles south. There we determined to go, though we were told it would be equivalent to walking into our graves. In all that company of fearless pioneers not one would entertain the idea of accompanying us for a moment.

"Nothing would daunt us, however, and waiting for a dark night, so as to escape observation by prowling Indians, we placed the scantiest of outfits on a mule and set out, after having secured careful directions from an old scout who was thoroughly acquainted with the country.

We reached French creek safely at daybreak after an exhausting march in the darkness and over the fearfully rough hills. After a scanty breakfast we moved up the creek a short distance and came to a place Bell said had a good appearance. I mounted guard while Bell sank a prospect hole. He found bed rock at a depth of two feet. Scraping up a panful of dirt he took it to the creek, and to our infinite delight it

Ballington's agent, the house had been unhabited; but rumor declared that a noc turnal visitant, clad in a long white robe, was frequently seen wandering about the ... slowly moving its hands up and down ... unprecedented vent to the most piteous and fal... moans. This it was which led so ... unsuperstitious ladies to declare a prejudice against living in the Ballington house. But Mrs. Welford was not only unsuperstitious, but unprejudiced also, and being an affectionate and dutiful spouse, and having the utmost confidence in the financial sagacity of her husband, when he represented to her that the purchase of the Ballington property would be a good investment, its unpopularity having brought the price down very low, she consented without demur to take up her abode in the "haunted house."

The Welfords took possession of their new home in midwinter, Mr. Welford, the energetic, declaring that he did not want "a moving scrape" on hand in the spring at the time when he ought to be pushing the farm work. He would take time by the forelock, and spend the remainder of the winter in getting everything in readiness for vigorous work during the "cropping season." The day on which the ever-to be dreaded moving took place was clear but cold, and the earth was covered with a glittering sheet of snow.

The great old house was dank and dratty, and discomfort reigned supreme.

But by dint of unremitting labor, tugging, tacking, hammering, arranging and "fixing" generally, by evening several carpets were put down, curtains hung, furniture arranged and cheerful fires burning in sitting-room, dining-room and kitchen. Still, it was not until almost eight o'clock that the family, very tired and very hungry, seated themselves around a bountifully spread supper table. Said Mrs. Welford, "I was determined to have something good for supper as we had to put up with a cold dinner."

Something good! She did have "something good" indeed. It was such a supper as might have made a dyspeptic shudder. There were hot biscuits, fragrant coffee, waffles, light and hot, with tender, crisp, curled edges, the loveliest of golden butter and the richest of cream, scarcely the worse for having been shaken and frozen on the way, cold boiled "old ham," the best of fried sausage, clear, delicate-flavored honey, fried potatoes, pickled pig's feet and sweet-pickled "Indian" peaches.

"This is something like comfort," said Mr. Welford, as, after a hastily said "grace" he conveyed to his plate a steaming forkful of waffles. "This does not look much like a place that a ghost would care to come to," he added, glancing over the well-filled table and around the cozy room.

"I don't think her ghostship will intrude upon us," said his wife, smilingly.

"I aint afraid of no ghost," asserted Fred, the second hopeful son, cutting a "pat" of sausage in two and cramming half of it into his mouth.

They really did not look like persons with whom a ghostly personage could have much in common, that healthy, ruddy faced family, with their faces, rendered still more ruddy by the day's exposure to cold and the subsequent basking by the glowing fire. The family consisted of the father, mother and five children—two boys, aged respectively twelve and fourteen, and three little girls.

After supper Mr. Welford said to his wife, "I believe I'll just take the boys and go back to the old place and stay all night. We can make it, easy, by ten o'clock, and in the morning we can get up and load up the things that are left there, and be back here in time for breakfast, if you don't get it too early; and I don't think you will feel much like rising very early."

"No, I shall not be anxious to rise early, and my head aches, and I want a drink of water."

Mrs. Welford rose and hastily lit a lamp There lay her two children in the trundle bed, sleeping sweetly, the rosy flush of life and health upon their cheeks, and Mollie was snoring away comfortably, on the lounge at the other side of the room.

For the first time in her life, since childhood, Mrs. Welford felt a nervous fear of going into a room alone, and roused Mollie to go with her to get the water for the child.

Her dream had been so horrid, so vivid, she was trembling in every limb; and it was not until she had related it to her husband, and laughed over it at the cheerful breakfast table, that she was able to shake off the disagreeable impression it left upon her.

The Ballington ghost has never been seen since the Welfords took possession of the place; but Mrs. Welford says that she thinks she could get up a supper which, if liberally partaken of, might conjure it up, at any time.—[Good Housekeeping.

'Twouldn't Work.

He was a plain, farmer-like man, and he was in charge of a young man with his head bound up and otherwise injured. After one of his trips to the water cooler to give his patient a drink, one of the passengers inquired:

"That young man met with an accident?"

"That's exactly what he met with, sir. Gosh durn him!"

"Relation o'yours?"

"My second oldest boy, Bill. I'm taking him home to be nursed up. Liked to have had his empty head knocked off."

"Careless, eh? How was it?"

"Wall, a young feller up our way tumbled off a train on this road and broke a leg and got $2 000 damages. It sort o'give our Bill sunthin' to think of, and after getting a good ready he starts out to go up to Rochester. What does he do after riding a ways, but stick his noodle out of the window, and purty soon along comes a switch board and flattens his face until you can play marbles on it. He's mending fast, but he's going to carry a phiz around with him which'll scare a yaller pup out of a year's growth."

"And the company refuses to come down?"

"Of course it does. Bill went agin the rules and regulations, and he's left. If he'd had his head knocked off I might have got a few hundred on a compromise, but as it is he'll have to grin and bear it. That is if his grinner wasn't smashed all to flinder along with his nose. Hey, Bill, how you feeling now?"

"Purty weak, father."

"Shouldn't wonder, but its all right. Boy of your age, who hain't got no'hin' but marsh hay in his head, deserves no pity. Jist lay back and take it easy and reflect on whether you are going to hire out to a dime museum or hunt a cave in the hills."—[N. Y. Sun.

One Thing Forgotten.

Pfeiffer: "Are you sure you brought everything we need?" Heoffer: "Yes, I've a dozen bottles of wine, the same amount of beer, a pint of brandy, a whole lot of things to eat, and games of all kinds." Pfeiffer: "And the fishing tackle?" Heoffer: "No, by George, I forgot that. Well, that doesn't matter."

A Sad Case.

Mrs. Jones (who is reading the morning paper)—A prominent coal dealer was paralyzed in his office last week.

Mr. Jones—Paralyzed, was he? Probably the driver forgot to weigh himself before he drove off with 1,600 pounds of coal.

Bell said had a good appearance. I mounted guard while Bell sank a prospect hole. He found bed rock at a depth of two feet. Scraping up a panful of dirt he took it to the creek, and to our infinite delight it yielded at least $5 in very coarse gold. You can judge the value of our find when I tell you that dirt that will yield 3 cents to the pan, under ordinary circumstances, is worth working. Throwing prudence to the winds we both began to dig and wash, never stopping until dark. We were utterly exhausted by that time and were glad to roll ourselves in our blankets and go to sleep without a morsel of supper.

Next morning while Bell hurried out to shoot something for breakfast, I examined our surroundings. We had stopped just below a point where the creek burst through a narrow cleft in the mountains and made a sheer descent of some twenty feet. At the base of the ledge and almost directly underneath the waterfall I noticed a hole in the rocks that seemed partially lighted from the rear. I could readily enter it by crawling on my hands and knees. I found the hole was the entrance to a passage about twelve feet in length that, after an abrupt turn, ended in an irregular chamber 10x20 feet in its greatest measurements. It was clean and fairly lighted beside the creek above the falls. It was a splendid stronghold, furnished right to our hands. One man could have held it against 100.

"When Bell returned we moved our few effects into the cave and considered ourselves secure. For a week we worked hard together, not even taking ordinary precautions against surprise, so greedy were we for the yellow dust. Looking back at it now it seems nothing less than miraculous that we were not surprised and killed and I can not comprehend how we could be so careless. Our buckskin bags filled rapidly and we were talking one morning just outside our cave of returning to Spring creek to tell of our good fortune when a score of bullets came whizzing from the rocks and trees around us.

Bill was struck in the thigh and I received slight wounds in the leg and arm.

"We darted into our hole with the Indians yelling right behind us. One savage fiend seized me by the heels and had nearly dragged me back in reach of his companions' tomahawks when Bell sent a bullet through his brain. Before I could be caught again I was inside and out of danger. The Indians poured a perfect storm of lead into the mouth of the cave for a time. As we made no sound in reply they concluded we were killed and crowded up to get our scalps. Three of them were good Indians before they could realize that we were not in scalping condition and could get out of range. Then they began their howls and their shooting anew, but their bullets simply flattened against the angle in the wall.

"Finding this useless they began to look for other means of dislodging us. They soon discovered the fissure and began shooting down it with renewed yells. Presently they tried the effect of their fusillade by waving one of their headdresses before the entrance on the end of a pole. As we did not shoot at it they felt certain they had finished us and crowded up to the hole again. It cost the lives of two of them to find out their mistake that time. After this they settled themselves for a regular siege.

"We then had to dress our wounds as best we could and consider our predicament. We were safe from the bullets of the savages, but we had not a mouthful of food nor a drop of water, and our wounds already began to make us thirsty. How we cursed our improvidence then. We would gladly have given all our gold for a single day's rations of food and water. Besides, it was chilly in the cave, even in that August weather, and our wounds were very painful. Our situation was one of hourly increasing horror,

while death, frightful and inevitable, loomed in the background.

"All that day we could hear the Indians prowling around outside, but they made no further demonstrations. Toward evening our sufferings from thirst became something awful. We licked the damp stones for moisture. About dark the Indians tried to smoke us out by dropping a great heap of burning wood in front of the entrance from the ledge above. The smoke went straight up, however, instead of coming into the cave. After that they let us alone until next day noon. We were getting weak from hunger, thirst, and loss of blood, and had nearly given up hope.

"It must have been about 1 o'clock when we noticed a little stream of water trickling through the crevice. We tried to shout a prayer of gratitude as we licked up the precious fluid, but our parched throats uttered no sound. Soon the stream increased until we were standing knee deep in cold, spring water. Then we understood that the Indians had damned the creek so as to turn it into the cave. Our previous suffering were nothing to what we now had to endure. We were soon numb with cold and in our weakened condition it required our greatest exertions to keep from sinking down into the water and drowning. How we ever lived though that long afternoon I do not know. We determined to make a dash for our lives as soon as it became dark.

"Fortune favored us in our attempt for a heavy downpour of rain began at sundown and kept up nearly all night. An hour after dark we dropped on our knees and crept out. The water so nearly filled the entrance that we almost strangled. The night was inky black and the heavy storm had driven the besiegers to shelter, so we were not discovered.

"We followed the creek for half a mile and then started out in the direction of Spring creek. Once out of immediate danger nature asserted herself and we both sank utterly exhausted before we had proceeded another mile. Luckily Bell chanced to drop down near a young rabbit which we caught and tore to pieces and devoured while the flesh was yet quivering. This revived us somewhat and after resting a while we got up and struggled on again.

"About noon the next day we crawled into the camp at Spring Creek more dead than alive. Some of the men were just preparing to return to Fort Pierre and I was permitted to stretch my pain racked bones upon the top of a load and in this way reached home. I had a raging fever all the way and was delirious part of the time. I kept my bed for six months afterward and have been disabled by rheumatism ever since

I returned to the hills five years later and have accumulated some property, but for all the wealth of the Black hills I would not again endure the horrors of those two days and nights in the cave"

The Accumulation of Interest.

From the National Economist, Washington, D.C.]

Some conception of the accumulative power of interest, and its effect upon the producing industry of the nation, may be had from the following calculation. Not only does this example show the burden put upon the people through interest, but also the enormous gains to the National banks through their control of the currency, and makes clear the reason of the growing poverty of the industrious masses and the enormous accumulation of wealth in the hands of the speculative few.

This estimate is made from the Statistical Abstract of the United States for 1887, prepared by the Bureau of Statistics, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

This document reports the total number

YOUNG FOLKS.

THE BEACON LIGHT.

"When I was a boy," said old Walter Winwick, "there was no light on yon headland, and many a good boat and ship went to her doom among those rocks.

"I well remember the first time I went to sea. How proud I felt! My uncle owned a fishing boat, and he took me for his 'sea-boy,' to my infinite delight. Grandfather (with whom I lived, for I was an orphan) was pleased and proud too. 'It's in the blood, Watty,' he said to me,—'in the blood! We are all born sailors, and I hope you'll find the sea as good a friend as I've done. If you keep off the rocks, and see that you sail in a well found vessel, and go by your chart, and compass, you'll be all right.'

I did not pay as much attention to grandfather's words as I should have done, for I was young, and my head a bit turned with excitement.

"The old man stood on the shore and watched us sail out from the cove. As we got fully under weigh I waved my cap to him, and he nodded to me.

"I had often been out sailing, of course, before that day; but never 'at sea' as a 'hand'; and you may be sure I was eager to help and prove my skill at pulling ropes, reefing, and steering.

"That first night was all but my last, for a storm came on very suddenly, and it grew so dark we could not see ahead. We tried to make our own harbour, but the villages straggle for miles along shore, and we could not distinguish the lights of East Linga from those of West Linga. Some of the rocks rise in precipices of fearful height; some run out in straggling reefs across the bay. When it is light any man of us can bring a boat safe to land, but in the darkness it is a difficult matter, and in a storm it means daring death. The open sea is to be preferred.

"On the night I speak of it was impossible to remain out, and we made for home with anxious hearts, hoping to steer clear of rocks, yet doubtful of our course.

"Uncle said once, 'Perhaps the old man will think of lighting his beacon on Linga headland. Ah, poor old father! many's the time I've helped him drag the broken timbers to the top of the headland to make a light for them at sea; and many a good boat's crew has blessed him for it. I hope he'll think on't to-night.' I answered that the boys of the village were always ready to lend grandfather a hand in getting up his bonfire. And by and by, as we were peering through the darkness, hearing the roar of the surf upon the rocks, and being confused by the many lights along the bay, we saw—high up on our right—the merry blaze leap towards the lowering clouds, and I shouted hurrah! for grandfather's beacon.

"So we were guided safely to our harbour. Grandfather died at a good old age; and the last thing his eyes looked upon was the new lighthouse on Linga headland, and he said, 'Lord, now lettest Thou Thy servant depart in peace.' He was a devout man, and had been a light among his fellows all his days. He had set an example to those around him, and as I watched him die I thought, if every boy and man would show their light as he had done, many

"'Sailing on life's solemn main,
A forlorn and shipwrecked brother
Seeing may take heart again.'

I've tried, in my small way, to follow in his footsteps; and I never look at the lighthouse yonder that I don't think of the good old man and his beacon fire and his exemplary life.

"As I stand by the shore and watch the boats go out and in, with merry boys and stalwart men aboard,—as I think on the long voyage of life I've made, and how I've been kept off the rocks by God's spirit,—it

FIGHTING STRENGTH OF THE U. S.

The Weakness of the American Army Shown by the "St. James Gazette."

You have recently drawn much attention to the attempts which the Americans are making to develop a powerful navy, and you have hinted that in a few years an addition may be made to the great potential fighting States of the world. I have passed a good many years in America, and from what I have seen there I have come to the conclusion that you, in company with most Englishmen, entertain much too high an opinion of the possible offensive power of the United States.

Now for one improvised cruiser that the Americans could put on the ocean or the lakes, it is certain that we could put at least twenty and better ones at that. Their "cruisers" would be simply cargo steamers armed and manned anyhow, just as they were during their civil war. The army of 300,000 to 500,000 would be composed of our old friends the "new men with muskets," totally "unamenable to discipline," to whom plenty of good excuses for mutiny would be supplied by the army contractors.

The overgrown republic is always, from differing and jarring interests, naturally disposed to split into halves and quarters, and the "shaking up" which a foreign war would give its rather crazy institutions would be an excellent opportunity for malcontent States to "get loose" from one another. The vast Southern and Western *ci devant* seceding States have not forgotten what followed the war, or the fact that they have been bled ever since for the benefit of the Northern capitalists and manufacturers who conquered, plundered, and trod them down. Then there is the large and increasing negro population, who feel that the end is not yet, and live in alarm and uncertainty, dreading the final issue, perhaps re-enslavement, perhaps massacre and deportation; anything in such a country and such conditions being on the cards. Again, the agricultural population, two-thirds at least of whom are foreigners from every nation in Europe—Germans preponderating—would not admire being conscripted to fight the English in order to please the politicians and oblige their Irish patrons.

Then the Indians (reinforced by considerable numbers half breeds and "Indian white men" who have married squaws and become affiliated with the tribes or adopted into them) would be very likely—they are all well armed with repeating weapons—to take to the war path, having been mercilessly swindled for the past thirty years or so, in violation of the most solemn treaties. Some people maintain that the cowboys—who, as Gen. Sheridan remarked: "Fight pretty well when they are drunk," and are regular nomads, as averse to discipline as a Kurd or Bedouin—would hold the Indians in check: but this is doubtful. The interests both of cowboys and Indians are identical, as are their pursuits. Both hate the 'Grangers," or agricultural squatters, who continually pour in from the Eastern States, encroach upon and break up cattle runs and reservations, and are a growing danger and menace both to red men and cattle owners. A big foreign war would leave the latter a free hand, and the Grangers might possibly—as they say in Texas—"hear something drop."

The Future of Canada.

[From Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, June 5.

The apprehension that the monarchies of Europe felt, a little over a century ago, regarding the establishment of a great republic on this continent was justified. England, with its Canadian possessions, naturally feared for the loyalty of its subjects to the

speculative few.

This estimate is made from the Statistical Abstract of the United States for 1887, prepared by the Bureau of Statistics, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

This document reports the total number of National banks on October 5, 1887, to be 3,049, and that these banks had out on loan at that time $1,580,000,000.

For banks which discount paper, make short loans, and take all the advantages interest gives, 10 per cent. is not an unreasonable rate. The amount they are officially reported to save out on loan, with interest calculated at ten per cent., and compounded only every ten years, would yield in fifty years an aggregate of $50,560,000,000; which amount is far in excess of the total valuation of the entire property of the whole nation, such total valuation being $44 645 000,000

In one hundred years (which is as nothing in the life of a nation), by compounding only every ten years, the aggregate would reach the incomprehensible amount of $1,617,920,000,000, or nearly forty times the total of all present values—an amount beyond the possibility of any race of people being able to pay or create in a hundred times that length of time.

Do Not Sign Specious Contracts.

It would seem that the Bohemian oat swindle will never come to an end. In the Madison County, Ia, court, ten suits were lately decided in favor of the "innocent purchasers" of the notes. The court held that the notes were given in consideration of a bond executed and delivered to the maker of the notes, and as such were not gambling contracts within the meaning of the statutes. The court denounced the original transaction as a fraud, and said that the notes as between the original parties would have been void, but having been sold to an innocent purchaser before maturity, were protected by the rules of commercial law, and were collectable. The Supreme court has not passed upon any of these cases, though there have been various decisions in the lower courts of this and other states.

There is an easy way not to be taken in by travelling frauds. Buy your goods of regular and well-known firms, who advertise their wares legitimately. But so long as the cupidity of ignorant men exists—men who think themselves smarter than those whose business is fraudulent misrepresentation—we suppose that the courts will have plenty of business to untangle the meshes by which deceit lives and thrives. We have often advised farmers not to sign contracts with men who were not known to respectable business men of the vicinity whose word was known to be good.

Had Lost His Ground.

In Scotland the topic of a sermon or discourse of any kind is called by old-fashioned folk its "ground," or, as they would say, its "grund." An old woman, bustling into kirk rather late, found the preacher had commenced, and, opening her Bible, nudged her next neighbour, with the inquiry, "What's his grund?" "Oh," rejoined the other, who happened to be a brother minister, and therefore a privileged critic, "he's lost his grund long since, and he's just swimming!"

To Encourage Informers.

Over a bridge at Athens, Ga., is the following—"Any person driving over this bridge at a pace faster than a walk shall, if a white man, be fined five dollars, and, if a negro, receive twenty-five lashes, half the penalty to be bestowed on the informer."

old man and his beacon fire and his exemplary life.

"As I stand by the shore and watch the boats go out and in, with merry boys and stalwart men abcard,—as I think on the long voyage of life I've made, and how I've been kept off the rocks by God's spirit,—it has seemed to me that yon beacon on the height is the symbol of that which has been my guiding light. His word, the tower; His spirit, the lamp. And I pray that every boy who launches upon the ocean of life amid the rocks, and storms, and darkness, and wild waves of a troublesome world, may be led safely to their desired haven by that heavenly beacon.

JESSIE M. E. SAXBY.

The Boy Had the Best of it.

The master of a school in a certain village bore the reputation of being a very clever calculator; but upon one occasion he almost forfeited his reputation. The rector of the parish and some friends paid a visit to the school to note the progress of the children. A little rogue of whom no question had been asked, and who had therefore missed the opportunity for distinguishing himself, which he greatly desired, made up his mind to question since he was not questioned, "Master," he said, "will you do me the kindness to answer me something? "Ask whatever you please," replied the master; "you know I always tell you to ask anything you do not know. He who asks makes no mistakes." "My father is three times my age. Will the time ever come when he will be double mine?" "That is not a question," said the master; "it is a joke. To bring that about the clock must stop for him and go on for you.' "But it is quite possible," continued the boy; "I will prove that what I say is true. I am twelve years old; my father is thirty-six. In twelve years I shall be twenty-four and my father forty-eight. Consequently my father, who is now three times my age, will then only be double." The visitors laughed heartily.

Indian Corn as Food.

One of the interesting features of the Paris Exposition is the exhibit of Indian corn and the food products made from it. As yet corn is very little used as food by Europeans, and it is to prove to them that it is both palatable and healthy that this exhibit is made. Boston brown bread, Indian pudding, Johnny cakes, hominy, and the other viands that are familiar to everyone in America, will be dispensed free to all who care to partake, and it is hoped enough of an appetite for the food products of corn will be created to considerably extend the export of corn to Europe. Certainly, if the people of Europe realized the value of corn as food, it would speedily take the place of the bitter black bread and poor wheaten bread that constitutes the chief cereal food of the working classes in some sections of Europe. The exhibit is a very commendable piece of enterprise, both from the standpoint of trade and of increasing the quality and variety of the food of the poorer classes. All hail to the Paris crusade in favor of King Corn.

Determined to Run no Risks.

Citizen—Here, cab!

Cabman (looking at him critically)—Is it a reception, sir?

Citizen (angrily)—What difference does that make to you?

Cabman—All the difference in the world, sir. You're in full dress. If it's a reception it's all right. If it's suicide you pay in advance, sir.

The passion some women have for attending auctions is a mor bit taste.

The apprehension that the monarchies of Europe felt, a little over a century ago, regarding the establishment of a great republic on this continent was justified. England, with its Canadian possessions, naturally feared for the loyalty of its subjects to the north of the United States if this republic were firmly planted. It is a matter of history that the English Government tried, by every effort, to secure a foothold on the southern limits of the original thirteen States, and thus hem in the new republic on all sides; but the gracious Providence which planted the American Republic, as a seed that should in time spread republicanism throughout the world, fostered the institution of American liberty, and has preserved it until this day.

The recent agitation in Canada in favor of commercial union, closer reciprocal relations, and even annexation with the United States, is significant. It is predicted that the triumph of the Liberals in Canada at the pending election would be the triumph of those who favor separation from the Mother Country, and separation would inevitably lead to secession, and next to annexation. So critical is the situation, it is said that Sir John Macdonald shortly expects to visit London and consult with her Majesty's Ministers upon the subject of Canadian relations with the United States.

The building of the Canadian Pacific railroad, at enormous expense to the Imperial and Dominion Governments, the strengthening of the fortresses at Halifax and other points on the Atlantic coast, and the statement that it is the intention of the Imperial authorities to make improvements in the defenses of the Pacific seaboard, all reveal the perturbation of the Home Government as well as of the loyal followers of the Crown in Canada. Meanwhile various questions agitate and divide our Canadian neighbors. Closer relations afforded by the facilities for travel and the cheap rates of transportation have inspired in our neighbors on the north a feeling of kinship and friendship, and have drawn them farther away from the Mother Country. It is inevitable that this relationship, in a social and business way, must continue to grow warmer as the benefits of our republican form of Government are more and more appreciated, and the spirit of unrest which has taken possession of a large part of the Canadian people will increase until the cry for separation will become so general that it must be heard.

It would be indeed singular if, one hundred years after the thirteen colonies had torn themselves loose from the Mother Country, their example should be followed by the remaining British colonies of the American continent. In the event of a revolution in Canada against the Imperial Government, the sympathy and aid of the United States would be manifested for the rebels to such an extent that the triumph of the secessionists would be assured.

A Successful Struggle.

"Charlie stayed pretty late last night, didn't he, Lil?" asked sister Kate next morning.

"Yes," said Lil, sleepily, "we were trying the pigs in clover puzzle till nearly eleven o'clock."

"And did you get the pigs in the pen, Lil?" asked Kate, eagerly.

"No, we didn't; but I got my finger in this solitaire diamond ring."

The Empress Eugenie, moving about England now, attracts very little attention. In Birmingham recently she and her companion, the daughter of the duke di Bassano, and their courier visited a hotel and a restaurant in the town without their identity being suspected. The empress' ebony walking-stick and darkened eyebrows are noticeable features. She seems in excellent spirits.

SAVINGS BANK

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DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE

eposits taken of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawa required

E. H. BAINES.

OFFICE, MARKET SQUARE. 4488ly AGENT

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1889.

Last year the Dominion Government divided up $82, 929.54 among the lawyers who supported them. This was for so called legal services although there is a Minister of Justice and his expensive department to look after the legal affairs of the government. The farmers are heavily taxed in order to raise money to hand over to Government favorites. Uriah Wilson voted to pass the above. What do the yeomanry of Lennox think about it :

Our Camden correspondent writes to say that on Tuesday "a few of the faithful" met to nominate a candidate to fill the vacancy in the Camden council caused by the death of the late Edward Hinch. W. J. Dulmage was nominated and declared elected. No sooner was the election over with than it was discovered that Mr. Dulmage was one of the bondsmen of the treasurer of the township and therefor disqualified. His election is of course void. Another election will have to be held and of course this means additionol expense to the ratepayers of that long suffering municipality. Surely such bungling will not much longer be put up with.

NUMBER 6 AND SECTION 40.

No. 6 of the resolutions adopted by the anti-Jesuit Convention reads as follows :

6. We record our approval of our national system of public schools in this Province, and we insist that every ratepayer should be deemed a support of the public school, unless he himself of his own free will signifies his desire to be ranked as a supporter of separate schools, and that the act should be so amended as to be explicit on this point.

Section 40 of the Separate Schools Act R. S. O., 1887, reads as follows:

40. Every person paying rate, whether as proprietor or tenant, who, by himself or his agent, on or before the first day of March in any year, gives to the clerk of the municipality notice in writing that he is a Roman Catholic and a supporter of a separate school situated in a municipality, or in a municipality contiguous thereto, shall be exempted from the payment of all rates imposed for the support of public schools and of public school libraries, or for the purchase of land for the erection of buildings for public school purposes, within the city, town, incorporated village or section in which he resides, for the then current year, and every subsequent year thereafter, while he continues a supporter of a separate school; and the notice shall not be required to be renewed annually.

Now in the making up of the collector's

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

A slight earthquake was felt on Tuesday morning at Ottawa.

Johnstown physicians say that not less than 10,000 people perished in the flood.

T. J. Claxton & Co., Montreal, have assigned, with liabilities of about $200,000.

The largest furniture depot in Europe, the Vieux Chene, Paris, has been burned.

Enoch Townsend rode from Boston to Portland, 112 miles, on a bicycle in one day.

The Queen left Balmoral on Wednesday for Windsor, where she will stay about a fortnight.

The assessments of the minor municipalities in the county of Hastings amount to $11,310,000.

A man named McCoy committed suicide at Clinton on Tuesday by taking a dose of Paris green.

The Dominion Department of Agriculture is advised that 300 Icelanders are en route for Canada.

What remained of Johnstown has been almost wiped out by fire, which raged all Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Rutherford B. Hayes, wife of the nineteenth president of the United States, died on Tuesday mcrning.

Mrs. Whiteling was hanged at Philadelphia on Tuesday for the murder of her husband and two children.

"Red-nosed Mike," one of the Italians who killed Paymaster McClure, was hanged at Wilkesbarre on Tuesday.

The annual camp of the Royal Templars of Temperance will be held at Oakville, beginning on the 8th of August.

The Methodist Conference of Manitoba on Tuesday passed very strong resolutions condemning recent Jesuit legislation.

The Illinois State Board of Agriculture estimates that the wheat crop will average not more than thirteen bushels to the acre.

Seventy miners are entombed in a pit at Newcastle, New South Wales, and it is doubtful whether they can be rescued alive.

There is a scheme on foot to drain Moira lake, two miles south of the village of Madoc, thereby draining several thousand acres of valuable land.

Lord Charles Beresford, Conservative member for Marylebone, will resign his seat in Parliament to accept the command of an iron-clad.

Human beings are still being sold in the famine-stricken districts of China. A child under ten brings from a dollar to a dollar and a half.

Wreckage washed ashore in the vicinity of Vineyard Haven indicates that the steamers Victoria and Haytien Republic were sunk by a collision.

It is understood that Croosley and Hunter, the revivalists, will hold services in Hamilton during next October. Hamilton badly needs such a visit.

A farmer named McDermott, living near Elkhorn, Man., shot his wife in three places and afterwards hanged himself. The woman is likely to recover.

Disastrous timber fires are raging west of Helena, Mont., on the Northern Pacific railway. Clark's Fork railroad bridge, 600 feet long, has been burned.

The extradition papers in the case of Martin Burke, held in Winnipeg for the murder of Dr. Cronin, were countersigned in Washington on Tuesday last.

It is significant that the winner of the mathematical prize of $300 at Bowdoin is the best general athlete in the Main colleges

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purit strength and wholesomeness. More economi than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in com petition with the multitude of powders, short weight, or alum phosphate powders. Sold *only in cans*. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall-st 4087ly.

BUILDING!

Having bought out the business of E. F. Vanuven & Co. I am prepared to execute all orders for

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Frames Dressed Lumber, Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

short notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

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MARVELOUS

MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefitte Great inducements to Correspondence Classes. Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hamond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Disea Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the *Christian Advocate, N. Y.*, Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE. 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Peter Bristol, Hawley; Ben Brisco, Napanee; Dr. Vrooman, E. W. Benjamin, Charles Phillips, Yarker; John McNaught, Charles Riley, John Fee, Camden East; Dr. Cook, Alex. Smith, Banker, Mr. Bone, J. S. Hulett, J. C. Drewry, Napanee; Wm Mace, H. P. Keech, J. M. Smith. Harry Reid, Tamworth; Thomas Anderson, James Jones, A. J. Sexsmith, Selby; Wm. Augustine, sr, Mr. Spencer, miller, Roblin; Dr. Freeman, Peter Vandewater, Absolam Milligan, Roblin.

Now in the making up of the collector's roll every person whose name appears on the assessment roll for real or personal property or taxable income is put down to pay school rates in proportion to the amount of his assessed value of property or taxable income. There is no escape excepting in the case of certain exemptions, and unless a man is at his own request put down as a supporter of separate schools, he is put down as a supporter of public schools. The law is now what the anti-Jesuit Convention would have it, and no words can make it more explicit than it now is.

The following letter from the old country which was published in the Mail on Saturday shows the manner in which Hon. Mackenzie Bowell endeavored to humbug the Oarnge brethern of the old country. He was dealing with men however, who looked at the question as a matter of principal and the thin disguise with which he endeavored to cover his acts was easily seen through. The letter reads:

Sir,—The Orange brethern have had their minds greatly disturbed by the report that the Government of the Dominion of Canada had allowed the Pope to settle a question of endowment of the infamous Jesuite order by refusing to disallow the bill for settling their estates in the Province of Quebec, I wrote for an explanation to Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, M. P., and got a full letter of explanation as to this question being one of politics and constitutionality rather than of morality or religion. I read this letter to the Grand Lodge of the Metropolitan Province on the third instant at Newport, Isle of Wright. The brethren were astonished that Orangemen supported this bill, and on the ground that all men are equal before the law in Canada. They thought they saw a violation of that principle, as their is no State Church in Canada, and they wondered at Jesuits, the treason mongers of the world, being put on a level with loyal Protestants, Orangemen and Wesleyans, at the bidding of the Pope of Rome, and they cannot see the use of a Dominion Parliament if it must register all such decrees of Provincial Legislature. With this they do not desire to intefere, but they unanimously passed the following resloution to be sent on to Grand Lodge, and they deputed me to communicate their views to the brethren in Ontario through the Toronto Mail.

I am, dear sir,
Yours very truly
S. G. Potter, D.D.,
Immediate Grand Chaplain.

42 Granada Road,
Southsea, England, Jnne 7, 1889.

The following is the resolution :—The question of the position of the Jesuit Order in Canada having been brought forward by Bro. the Rev. S. G. Potter, D. D., I. G. C., this provincial Grand Lodge of the Metropolitan Province expresses its hearty sympathy with the brethren in Canada in their opposition to the Jesuit Order in that portion of Her Majesty's dominions ; and, with due regard to the constitutional arrangements in the Government of the Dominion and the several Provincfal Legislatures, desires to express its opinion that the principals of the Act of Settlement of 1687, and the Act of the British Parliment of 1829, commonly called "The Roman Catholic Emacipation Act," and the general principals of the constitution of "this Protestant kingdom," ought to be strictly adhered to in all portions of the Sovereign's dominions and dependencies in order to safely guard the liberties of all her Majesty's subjects.

the best general athlete in the Main colleges and one of the best base ball players.

A Doublin despatch says Bishop Cleary, of Kingston, Ont., has been nominated to succeed the late Bishop Power, of the diocese of Waterford and Lismore, Ireland.

It is reported that the Chicsgo authorities have discovered that a committee of the Clan-na-Gael, after a formal trial, found Dr. Cronin, guilty of being a British spy.

The "Monsturrt" mansion of Lord Bute, near Rothesay, is said to have cost not less than $8,000,000. and is believed to be the largest and costliest private palace in existence.

It is reported in Ottawa that the application of the Equal Rights Association for an interview with the Governor-General on the disallowance of the Jesuit Acts will be granted.

Wm. J. Hilton, a wealthy old miser, of Franklin, Ky., burned greenbacks and Government bonds to the amount of $30,000 to prevent them falling into the hands of his wife.

The steamship La Bourgoyne, from Havre, June 10, sighted the largest iceburg yet witnessed by ocean travellers. The captain estimated the berg to be 160 feet high by 975 feet long.

Ex. Prest. Cleveland with a large New York fishing party will arrive at Glenora some time in July. It is expected they will spend several weeks fishing and exploring the Bay of Quinte.

Mrs. Anne Simpson, an Irish woman, who left her home in Michigan the other day with $600 in her pocket, to visit her home in the old country, was robbed of all she had before she reached Toronto.

At the battle of the Nile Admiral Nelson sank the French flagship L'Orient, having on board over $3,000,000. A company is now being organized in Paris to recover the treasure, the location of which is well known.

Secretary Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote held a conference regarding the Behring Sea question, the chief point settled apparently being that England will not afford protection to Canadian vessels engaged in sealing in that sea.

Some time since Father Whalen, of Ottawa, issued a challenge defying anyone to prove that the end justifies the means was a doctrine tanght by the Jesuits. Rev. Dr. Hurlbert, of the same city, has accepted the challenge.

A carefully compiled statement of the number of saw logs and other timber floated down the Moira this season places the total at a little over 600,000 pieces. This is by far the largest quantity of timber ever floated down the Moira in one season.

Le Caron, the British military spy has been tried by his comrades in Winfield Hancock Post, G. A. R., and summarily dismissed from the order. The charge against him was that he was unworthy of being a comrade of the other members.

Belleville, June 25.—About three o'clock this afternoon whilst Ella Bown, an eleven-year-old daughter of Mr. G. R. Brown, merchant tailor, was picking flowers on the high western bank of the river she fell into the water and was rapidly borne down stream by the swift current. Simon Sanford witnessed the accident from the opposite shore, crossed the foot bridge, plunged into the stream and res- the drowning girl just as she was being carried under the sawlogs which dam the river for some distance at this point.

These are the names of a few who have used my

ADJUSTABLE HEAD RAISE

Spring Bed Bottom !

and they will cheerfully answer any questions as regards the superiority and durability of this article over all others.

As I cannot get around to see all of you I will be glad to see you on the market in Napanee on Saturdays, and will be glad to give any information desired.

C. N. GARRISON,
Colebrook.

MILES STORMS

has had ove forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equ o any in the Dominon.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and al sold at reasonable prices,

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any change color.

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend al funerals. 2089ly MILES STORMS

Dr. Chase

Has a world wide reputation as a physician and author. His Mandrake Dandelion Liver Cure is a triumph of medical skill, curing all diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

SYMPTOMS OF KIDNEY COMPLAINT. Distressing aches and pains in the back ; a dull pain or weight in the bladder and base of the abdomen; scalding urine often obstructed ; frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, among aged persons ; hot, dry skin, pale complexion, red and white deposits, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, piles, dropsical swellings, etc.

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT. Pain under shoulder blades, jaundice, sallow complexion, a weary tired feeling, no life or energy, headache, dyspepsia, indigestion, spots, pimples, etc.

HOW CURED.

Mandrake and Dandelion are nature's Liver cures, and when combinkd with Kidney remedies, as in Dr. Chase's Liver Cure, will positively cure all Kidney-Lives troubles. It acts like a charm, stimulating the clogged liver, strengthening the kidneys, and invigorating the whole body. Sold by all dealers at $1, with Receipt Book, which alone is worth the money.

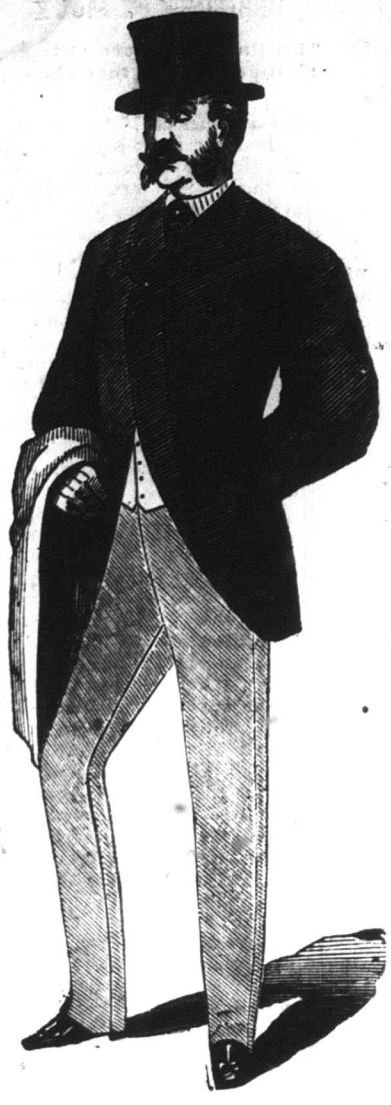
KIDNEY LIVER PILLS Dr. Chase's Pills are the only Kidney-Liver Pills made. They act gently yet effectually. May be taken during any employment. They cure Kidney-Liver troubles, headache, billiousness, costiveness, etc. One Pill a dose. Sold by all dealers, Price, 25 cents.

T. EDMANDSON & CO.,
Bradford, Ont., Manfs.

DETLOR & FULLERTON, Medical Hall Agents. 3089

Picton Pencillings.

Mr. Hazen F. Murray, of Picton, N. S., writes: "I was affected with dyspepsia and nervous debility, and tried many remedies without avail, but one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters much improved me and two more made me a well man."



—THE—

New Clothing Store.

We beg to tender our sincere thanks to the people of Napanee and surroundings, for the excellent and far above expectation patronage they have extended to us during the past month. It it is gratifying for us to know that the people are ready to grasp a good opportunity when it comes within their reach, and it is a fact well worth knowing that we

Will continue to Sell at the Same Prices

Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest.

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS AND VALISES, AT ANDERSON'S,

Cheaper than ever before sold in Napanee.

Get my prices on Trunks before buying. They are leading lines with me. My stock of Boots and Shoes is very complete and the prices especially low to suit the hard times.

Mens' Shoes, $1, former price, $1.25 ; Mens' Wigwams, 75c, form-price, $1.25 ; Plow Boots, both lace and buckle at less than the cost of the leather. Ladies' French Kid Button at $1.75, former price, $2.25, and the very latest styles in Kids, (both tipped and plain), at prices far below last year.

My stock of Shoes is large and complete and the prices lower than ever. Misses' and Childrens' lines in all kinds and sizes.

Do not fail to call if you want anything in the Boot, Shoe or Trunk line. No trouble to show Goods. I want your trade and will spare no pains to make it advantageous to the purchaser.

All the leading lines in stock at hard pan prices. Do not fail to call, and remember the place, J. H. Downey's old stand, next door to Roblin and Ford's Tailor Shop.

2789d **J. W. ANDERSON.**

CROCKERY AT COST.

In order to close out our stock of Crockery and Glassware as speedily as possible. We are now offering every article in that line at cost offording hotel keepers and private families an excellent opportunity to assort up. We offer fine China Tea sets at $6.50, worth $10. Handsome printed Tea sets at $2.50 worth $3.25. Dinner sets of 100 pieces and upwards at $7.50 worth $10. White Iron Stone China Cups and saucers at 85c. per dozen usual price $1. Tea Plates 60c. per dozed usual price 75c. Breakfast Plates 70c. per dozen usual price 90c. Dinner Plates 80c. per dozen usual price $1, and all other articles equally cheap.

HAMS, BACON AND LARDS.

This week we have received another supply of F. H. Fearman's extra choice Lard, Sugar Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon.

CANNED GOODS

reduced in price and those we have are beyond a doubt the best in the market.

Terms strickly cash.

M. W. PRUYN &

the Same Prices

as we have been selling. We have on hand a full line of

Mens', Boys', and Youths' Ready made Clothing as well as Gents' Furnishings

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Custom Work

OUR LINE OF

Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds

Cannot be equalled in town and are offered at prices that will encourage you to have a new Suit for every season of the year

Yours, etc,

FREE & LIVINGSTONE,

Late of Montreal,

Now at Saxsmith's old stand in the Leonard block

26891y

M. W. PRUYN &

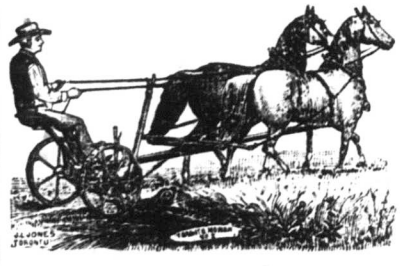
Napanee, 16th May, 1889. 3889

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

9891y J. GIBBARD & SON.

One Carload Just Received.



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Call and examine

The Toronto Mower, the Massey Mower, the Massey Harvester, the Sharp's Rake, the Toronto Light Steel Binder, the J. E. C. Riding Plow, Wilkinson Plows, Gang Plows, etc.

We have an A 1 Corn Cultivator.

A CALL SOLICITED,

BIRRELL & CO.

Sale room opposite Brisco House.

P. S.—Repairs always on hand for all machines we handle.

Napanee, May 27th, 1889 2089

No. 1 Machine Oil. We also keep repairs for the L. D. Sawyer Co. Separator Agents for Waterous Engine Works Company.

GRAND TRUNK R. R.

EXCURSION TO

Montreal and Return

ONLY

$4.00!

Tickets good to go June 22d and 23d, good to return Wednesday, June 26th.

Last advertised excursion to Manitoba leaves on June 18th.

J L BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

28 1y61

HOLIDAY FARES.

Single fare on June 29th, 30th and July 1st, good to return July 2nd.

Fare and one-third from June 28th to July 1st, good to return until July 3rd.

Napanee Mills.

Mr. John McAvoy who was hurt a while ago by his horses running away is slowly recovering.

A lawn social will be held in Miller's grove on Friday evening.

Thomas Glover has been visiting at Mr. Hugh Davy's for the past few daps.

Mr. Bravender returned home on Wednesday.

Wilton.

Mrs. Robert Miller is visiting friends in Portland.

Rev. T. Meyers and family left Wilton Monday night on their way to their new home in Plainfield.

Mrs. Bartlett has returned to her daughter's Mrs. J. G. Stewart.

Mrs. Henry Davy, of Camden, is visiting friends here.

No service in the Presbyterian Church next Sunday evening. Communion services in Harrowsmith in the afternoon.

It is extremely delightful to have a new board walk but still more so to step off now and then to let a cow have the privilege of walking thereon, and imprinting on it her daintv footmarks.

Odessa.

The picnic to have been held at Lee's Bay, Friday, on account of rain took place at the drill shed. The evening was spent in dancing.

A new six foot board walk has been put down from the drug store to Watts & Jones', north side main street.

Some of the township collectors are away behind in their accounts.

John Ellison is very ill.

We have been informed of an error in our correspondence of last week. The item complained of should have read; Dr. Meacham performed two surgical operations last week, etc., instead of Dr. Clark, Tamworth; Dr. Clark assisted, however.

Geo. Ferguson, pathmaster, has begun operations on Factory street, section B., of the six foot walk is being constructed in a thorough workman like manner.

Strawberries, wild and tame, are plentiful, the cultivated fruit going at 8c. per pe[illegible]

[illegible]as sawn at the mill the other day [illegible]lared nine feet. What would [illegible]

not be oppressed in any country, least of all in any Province of this fair Dominion, the land of the free. The man who accepts anything less than equal rights is unworthy of the name. All the opponents of the Bill ask for is equal rights for all.

As the high priest and chief priest were their natural leaders, one might think that the Jews would have been perfectly justified in following their guidence, but we find that these men were selfish and deceitful, they crucified the Prince of Life to sustain own power among the people. (We might be deceived likewise.) In 1689 there were only "thirteen" young men who dared to shut the gates of Derry in the face of the Tyrant James II., and his ally the Pope of Rome. Just two hundred years later in 1889 only thirteen members of the Dominion Parliament had backbone enough to vote against an unjust act (grievously oppressing the minority in Quebec) though the majority bowed their knee in humble submission at the instance of Sir John. We hope and trust that noble thirteen will be as successful in the present instance as in 1689.

The writer seems to think that the services rendered by his jaw might be compared to those rendered by a gatling gun, but I feel confident the people can distinguish the bray of a donkey from the report of a gatling gun. He is quite candid in admitting that there are "rags, tags etc.," belonging to both political parties. I infer from his remarks that Sir John has been in the habit of buying up such strings and that there is no hope of an advance in "such stock" the old price will do. I think when election comes the people will decide that wax dolls, figure heads and automata need not apply.

Spencer Hill.

Some time ago, I noticed a few items in your newsy paper from a Spencer Hill correspondent, and later there has popped up a correspondent for the Beaver, calling himself "Sing Song Joe."

Now dear sir, their is a good deal of inquiry where Spencer Hill is, and why it is called Spencer Hill. Ninety-two years ago there lived a young man near Napanee by the name of James Spencer, and like the young men of this day, he fell in love and was married to a daughter of Jacob Fretz, Esq, and they started life together on lot six in the forth concession of Richmond. On this lot is a beautiful hill and there they pitched their tent. It required a strong arm and a firm true heart to succeed in those olden days when every field had to be chopped over before the forrest would give place to the meadow, stern old days then, and the latter half of the century is wearing the linen the first half wove. What a unique honeynoon their's must have been in a log shanty around which the wolves cried to the moon at night, and their only visitor's being neighbors living five miles away. But James Spencer and his wife are dead, and in a few years time will have covered them over with that mantle which forever veils commers place lives; and yet their lives were not altogether ordinary, they were two of the pioneers comprising the van of the army of Canadian civilization. Could James Spencer arise from the grave now how surprised he would be at the world he left behind a number of years ago. He ceased to act; not so creation for ever in a state of evolution it has brought to light facts which a century ago were philosophic dreams. No need to enumerate them, the telephone, the phonograph, the electric light all are so simple to even the mind of a child now, and we are wondering where the twentieth century will find us in the

THE WESTERN CANADA

Loan & Savings Co.

HAVE APPOINTED

J. C. DREWRY

their Appraiser for Lennox & Addintgon.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
Express Office, Napanee, Ont.

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH

E.M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
Tamworth

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J. F. SMITH

IS SELLING

GROCERIES

lower than any other house in town.

LOOK

Canned Tomatoes,.....10 cents
Canned Corn .....10 cents
17 lbs. Yellow Sugar $1 00
16 lbs. Raw Sugar 1 00
Evaporated Apples, per lb 8 cents

Times are hard and the prices very low.

Flour, Feed and Pressed Hay

always on hand. Give me a call.

J. F. SMITH.

Brisco House Block, Napanee. 11891v

THIS YEARS

MYRTLE

CUT and PLUG

SMOKING TOBACCO

pe[illegible] as sawn at the mill the other day measured nine feet. What would [illegible]ers who logged and prepared the fall[illegible]s, think of this ?

We noticed timothy growing monarchly on a hay rack on a farmer's wagon here this morning. Bald headed men missed it by not seeding down their skating rinks. Everything grows this year.

The council met Monday, cleaned up a grist of business and adjourned for two months, unless something of great importance turns up.

High Court Ranger, A. R. Milne, and other Kingston gentlemen were present and participated in the inaugural meeting and election and installation of the officers of the Independent Order of Forresters Tuesday evening: C. D. H. C. R., Byron Derbyshire; C. R., A. P. Booth; V. C. R., Geo. Denyes; R. Sec'y, S. H. Mabee; Fin'l Sec'y, J.A. Timmerman; Treas., Robt. W. Aylsworth; S. W., Thos. W. Milsap; J. W., James Murphy, jr.; S. B., Nelson Booth; J.B., Sherman Bond; Chap., Rev. Quartermaine; Physician, Dr. J. E. Mabee; P. C. R., Wm. Calder.

Through Prof. Ketchum's instruction the art of singing in this community has has made rapid strides. Old voices have greatly improved and new ones especially have come to the surface, the benefits of which cannot be over estimated in church work, etc. The chorus of forty voices under the directorship of Mr. Ketchum will give a rich musicale in the town, hall Tuesday evening next, July 2nd. Solos, duets, trios, quartettes and rousing full choruses of sparkling, comic and sentimental selections, with the Odessa orchestra, will make up a grand programme. Popular prices. Don't miss dot music.

Rev. Quartermaine has returned from Synod.

Lena Watts, Syracuse, will spend a few weeks here.

George Ellison has returned home.

Visitors.—Miss Margach, Port Arthur; T. P. Hillier, Kingston; Miss Storms, Fellows; A. D. Fraser, Ottawa.

Violet.

It is with deep regret we learn that Rev. Mr. Myers is to leave us this year.

On Saturday last as Mr. Herbert Clark was on his way to Union Factory with his load of milk, the front axle broke and threw some cans off, frightening the team which began to run. Mr. Clark soon got them under control, but received some severe bruises from the falling cans.

Mrs, Crosley has returned to her old home.

Mr. W. Storms and wife have returned from Prince Edward.

Levi Snider is soon to leave us. Success.

We hear that the excursion is not to pass off in talk as we predicted. Violet and Fourth Concession Schools are to unite and take a trip to Thousand Isles about the middle of July.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Vanluven, of Napanee, spent Sunday in Violet at Mr. D. Wright's.

The lawn social at Mr. J. Denyes' was a decided success. All seemed pleased with the music given by the Yarker band and by the members of Mr. Denyes' family.

I saw something in the Beaver last week "anent the Jesuit Bill." Judging from the agony of the effort the writer must have taken a strong emetic. In a sentence consisting of over twenty lines he asks whose opinions the electors are to take as a guide in the coming election. I think the electors will not find it necessary to consult any source but their own good sense in this matter. It should be a matter of common justice that the minority should have equal rights with the majority; that they should light all are so simple to even the mind of a child now, and we are wondering where the twentieth century will find us in the realms of discovery. But Spencer Hill with its pretty little Methodist Church on its summit seems not to mind the march of time. It is just the same little hill it ever was, and now dear sir I hope this historic sketch will ease the minds of the many readers of your valuable paper.

Now dear sir the next question is who is Sing Song Joe. Did the great Johnstown flood drift him down to Spencer Hill or did he break loose from the Deseronto new production of Uncle Tom's Cabin, or is he some of our own home talent aspiring to the editorial chair of the Beaver ?

This community regret to learn of the sad death of Anson Russell, Esq., of Pretrolia.

The Army corps of Deseronto stormed the foot of Spencer Hill and captured Milo Ben and family.

Miss Gibson, of Morven, is visting at the home of David Martin's, Esq.

Mrs. David A. Martin and daughter are visiting at Deseronto this week.

Mrs. Henry Finkle, of Newburgh, is spending a week with her brother Mr. Geo. W. Shibley.

Master Willie Cleworth, late of Albert College, Belleville, is visiting at John Russell.

Peter Gould is building a fine addition to his barn.

The roads are being repaired this week, and the young men can now drive their young ladies around with comfort. Willie you must drive more carefully. Don't run into anyone again.

Miss Emma Cline has returned from the Ladies' College, Whitby.

Crops good, beautiful weather. I remain as ever yours.

THAT OTHER FELLOW.

Carscallen & Bro.,

The Low Priced, No Combination

Undertaking Establishment.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of all the latest designs to be found in

COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, Etc.,

which we are prepared to sell 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the county. We use the best deodorizer, thus obviating all unpleasant odors. Embalming a specialty. Having purchased one of the Handsomest Hearses at the Toronto exhibition, we are prepared to attend personally funerals in the most satisfactory manner. The public will do well to call and examine our stock, and be convinced that ours is the place to buy.

We have also added a full line of the newest things in Wall Paper, Ceiling Decorations, Window Shades and Picture Railing, Paints and Oils Paint Mixed. Persons wanting anything in this line will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place. Centre-street, one block south of Main.

389 CARSCALLEN & BRO.

CUT and PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

FINER THAN EVER.

See

T. & B.

IN BRONZE ON

each Plug and Package.

SEEDS.

Garden and Field, Canadian and Foreign (self-imported) retailed at wholesale price.

Flour, Feed Bran and Shorts,

Seed Grain, Hay and Straw, Clover, Timothy, and all kinds of Grass Seeds a Specialty.

ALSO THE FAMOUS

ENSILAGE CORN!

always on hand at lowest prices.

Finest Teas,

(self-imported) Sugar and General Groceries, lowest in the market, at

Thos. Symington's,

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company south side Dundas st., Napanee. 2889ly

Lonsdale Woolen Mills

Highest prices paid for all grades of Canadian Wool, CASH or EXCHANGE.

We carry the largest stock and greatest range of patterns.

All goods (our manufacture) are GUARANTEED to be made of the best grades of Canadian Wool.

We invite inspection and comparison of values.

Napanee office opp. Brisco House.

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CHEAPSIDE !

ALWAYS.

For the nicest assortment of Dress Goods.

For the best value in Dress Goods.

For the cheapest Prints, and the largest stock to choose from.

For the best range of Embroideries.

For the cheapest Laces of every kind.

For the largest stock of Staple Goods, and the closest prices.

For the best assortment of Gloves and Hosiery.

For the best value in Corsets.

For the largest assortment of the cheapest Embroideries and Underclothing in these counties.

For a good assortment of Gents' Furnishings.

For a nice range of Tweeds and Overcoatings.

For the most beautiful Lace Scarfs in the county

For the biggest stock of Boating Shawls in three counties, and the best value.

For the biggest stock of Boating Shawls in three counties, and the best value.

For the cheapest and best Black and Colored Silks and Satins.

For the very best assortment of Millinery Goods

For the new Stowaway Hat for ladies---the new and beautiful soft felt camping and picnic hat.

For the new "Dragoon" and "Guard's Own" wool caps, the very latest.

For the largest assortment of Children's Sailor Hats and Ladies' Sun Hats.

For the best assortment of Ladies' and Children's Summer Hats.

For the best and most undoubted satisfaction in all hat and bonnet orders.

For the best range of House Furnishings and Table Napery.

For straight, square and courteous dealing, best values, best assortment of every class of goods at the lowest possible prices. Cheapside is the place to go, and don't make any mistake about it, and if you can't come, your orders by mail will be promptly attended to.

HINCH & CO'Y

CHEAPSIDE, NAPANEE,

Leaders in General Dry Goods and Millinery.

HOUSEHOLD.

Pictures For The Children.

It is to be presumed that in each house in which Good Housekeeping is a welcome visitor, are found many other periodicals and papers, and consequently in these days of beautiful illustrations, many pictures. Granted then that this be true, our housekeeper has a source on which to draw for many beautiful things. Perhaps I can best illustrate and suggest by giving examples of collections of pictures, brought together from many different sources, and made useful and attractive by means of paste. I enter a drawingroom. On the table is a collection of portraits of authors, neatly mounted on pieces of cardboard about the size of an ordinary cabinet photograph card. Holes have been punched in the cards and they are fastened together by means of narrow ribbons tied in pretty bows. On a small table are some large scrap albums, but instead of containing the usual scrap pictures, the first one is filled with portraits of prominent men and women, most of them being full-page pictures. Harper's illustrated papers furnished many of these. Under it is another album of miscellaneous pictures of general interest. On an easel in one corner of the room is a collection of pictures illustrating the noted cathedral buildings of Europe. You would scarcely believe that these were not printed upon the cardboard instead of being simply pasted there, Scattered about the room everywhere are pictures, some in portfolios resting in any convenient place. There are beautiful steel engravings in some of the illustrated magazines, as well as exquisite wood cuts. What a fund for the entertainment of one's friends, and how charmingly pictures help to furnish a room.

To mount pictures is not difficult provided we have good paste. An excellent way to make it is as follows. Take equal parts of flour and starch. Wet thoroughly with cold water and then pour on water that is boiling and cook for a few minutes, being careful to use water enough so that it will not be too thick. Distribute it evenly over the surface of the back of the picture, putting on as little as possible. Lay the top of the picture first upon the cardboard and smooth it downwards with a clean cloth. Dry it under pressure with paper more or less porous next the picture to absorb the moisture. The cardboard may be obtained at a printing office, where you can have it cut into the desired size, or you may obtain at an art store beautiful tinted boards with edges. With what a dainty gift may you present your friend by mounting a beautiful picture or the portrait of some favorite author upon such a card. Better far than any Christmas or birthday card you may buy, for it is not only a work of art but is the result of loving labor. The Christmas number of "The Book Buyer," published in New York, contains beautiful little works of art suitable for such purposes, and during the year 1888 each number contained a portrait of some author.

In a family where there are growing children let them collect all the pictures they can find illustrating any subject, such, for example, as the subject of geography, and make a scrap-book of them. It will prove a very instructive book, and pleasant and profitable work for the long winter evenings.

One other hint. Don't forget the little ones. They will find something interesting in almost any picture. Keep a box for them and put into it all pictures especially adapted to children, or any that you do not want for anything else, discarding only poor ones and those that are sensational or portray scenes of violence. (The sooner these are

potatoes all chopped. Boil until the vegetables are tender, then add to two quarts of soup, one-half cup of rice, one-half teaspoonful of pepper; add salt and one tablespoonful of butter. Boil until the rice is soft and then serve hot.

STUFFED ONIONS—Parboil half a dozen large onions, then drop in cold water; take out the centre and fill with a dressing made of stale bread crumbs, a little chopped cold meat, the yolk of an egg, salt and pepper; cover with thin slices of fat bacon, sprinkle the top with a little salt and sugar; put in a baking pan with soup stock to cover the bottom; put in a slow oven. When the onions are tender take up, remove the bacon, strain and skim the gravy, pour over the onions and serve.

STRAWBERRY SHORTCAKE.—Make a puff paste with one cupful of butter, cold and hard, and cupful of lard, one cupful of cold water and four and one-half cupfuls of flour. Rub the lard into the flour as you would for any paste. Cut the butter up in small pieces; throw in and mix with a knife. Roll out and bake in two oblong tins. Serve on an oblong dish with strawberries between the layers, sprinkled heavily with powdered sugar, and strawberries on top also sprinkled with sugar. Whip a pint of sweetened cream to a stiff froth and put over the cake nd around the sides.

PORK POT PIE.—Cut in small pieces one pound of clean fresh pork, or if only salt pork is obtainable soak it until well freshened, which will take about twenty-four hours. Place in a kettle with water to cover; add a scant teaspoonful of pepper, one sliced onion and one sliced apple. Boil until the pork is tender, then cover with crust made as follows: Two cups of flour in which has been thoroughly mixed two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and two tablespoonfuls of butter; mix to a stiff dough and roll into a sheet to fit the kettle; stew half an hour and serve hot.

AT THE ANTIPODES.

The Marvellous Growth of Victoria—Something About its Early Days.

It is doubtful that if in all the world, the United States not excepted, any community has ever progressed with a swiftness and expansion so phenomenal as has the colony which Her Gracious Majesty permitted to take her own name when she granted it a separate existence in November, 1850. It had been but fifteen years earlier that the first settlers—the brothers Henty, one of whom died only a few months ago—came across Bass Straits from Van Diemen's Land in their little Thistle. In 1837 the town of Melbourne was laid out, and one hundred allotments were then sold on what are now the principal streets. The aggregate sum which the 100 allotments fetched was £3,410. Last summer the same allotments were carefully

VALUED BY EXPERTS,

and it was calculated that, exclusive of the buildings erected on them, they could now be sold for nineteen and a half million pounds. Before 1851, when the gold discoveries were made, Victoria prospered in an easy gentle fashion. Its scanty population, outside its two petty towns, were wholly engaged in stock-raising; almost its sole exports were wool, hides, and tallow. The gold find upset as by a whirlwind the lazy, primitive social system of the bucolic era. From all the ends of the earth, gentle and simple, honest man and knave, hurried swarming and jostling to the new El Dorado. And yet it was wonderful how small was the actual crime of a serious character, when the utter disintegration of restraining institutions is

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Another War Cloud in the Continental Sky —Matters in the Balkans the Cause of Alarm.

A new war scare has been born this week. At this moment Europe is taking it very seriously indeed, and the war scare is the only talk. The "Standard," which makes a specialty of alarmist news, is quite hysterical with worry, and the "Daily News" and other newspapers follow suit, all in a very doleful, pessimistic tone. Russia has shown an unusually pronounced desire to gobble up the little Balkan States which act as buffers between Austria, Turkey, and Russia, and hence the row. The Servian Regents, instead of looking after the interests of their nominal master, King Alexander, Milan's little son, have been openly coquetting with their real master, the Russian bear, and listening favorably to Russian proposals for a military convention. A military convention in this case would mean simply the military annexation of Servia by Russia, the control of the Servian troops by the Czar, the elevating to the Servian throne Karageorgevich or the Prince of Montnegro, the deposition of the Abrenovitch dynasty, and a very uncomfortable state of things for others whose interests demand Servia's independence.

Another minor occurrence in a different part of Europe may at any moment assume the dimensions of world-wide interest, and may also turn out to be not altogether unconnected with the Balkan embroglio. Germany has fallen foul of little Switzerland over the treatment which a Berlin police spy received upon being detected inside the republic, and has secured the cooperation of Russia and Austria, and it is reported, of Italy as well, in demanding that Switzerland shall cease to offer an asylum to the political offenders of other countries. The only answer the Federal Assembly has yet made to this demand is unanimously to pass a vote of 17,000,000f. for the purchase of repeating rifles for the army of the republic. The Germans say they only desire that the Swiss Federal Government should take over the jurisdiction in this matter and no longer leave it to the authorities of the various cantons, but in England this is recognized as an attack by the empires on the principle of the right of asylum, and there will be a tremendous outcry here if Lord Salisbury declines to back up brave little Switzerland in a refusal to comply.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S DAILY LIFE.

A Peep at the Inner Scenes of the Queen of England's Household.

The inner life of the court has little in it to tempt a Sybarite—simplicity, dutifulness, conscientious performance of work are its characteristics. At 9 Her Majesty breakfasts alone, unless some of her children, grandchildren or personal friends are staying in the palace, and she is rarely without them. In Summer, at Osborne, Windsor or Balmoral, this meal is generally served out of doors, in some alcove, tent or Summer-house, after which the Queen either drives in a small pony carriage, accompanied by one of the Princesses, or she walks attended by a lady-in-waiting or maid of honor, with whom she converses with friendly ease, and followed by two Highland servants and some favorite dogs.

all pictures especially adapted to children, or any that you do not want for anything else, discarding only poor ones and those that are sensational or portray scenes of violence. (The sooner these are burned the better.) This box will furnish you with material for picture books whenever on occasions of birthdays or Christmases you wish to gladden some little heart with a picture book. No matter if you have no little ones of your own, don't waste the pictures. There are many homes where there are children but no pictures. If you have no time to make picture books, interest some of your boy and girl friends and show them how to make books from paper cambric or this cheap holland used for window shades, with pinked edges, and how to arrange the pictures, and see how they will delight in doing that which will bring a gleam of brightness into the life of some unfortunate child, and lessen the care of some burdened mother.

—[Good Housekeeping.

Little Girls' Dresses.

Mothers who have asked hints about making little girls' wash dresses are advised to get plain Chambery, or else the ombre striped and plaid ginghams, in rose or blue or red for plain colors, with yellow or green for stripes and plaids. The full round skirts have a deep hem, and are gathered to the belted waist; these are of medium length, instead of the extremely long skirts worn last year. Baby waists gathered to a belt of white embroidered insertion and to a similar band at the top of the low round neck are on the pretty guimpe dresses of piuk, blue or red Chambery made for the smallest girls; the sleeves are a short, full puff gathered to an embroidered band. For larger girls are plain waists slightly pointed in front, cut high in the neck behind, and pointed in a short V in front, and worn with short sleeves. Embroidered edging nearly two inches wide is set its whole width in the back of the neck, and tapered very narrow to the point of the V in front; similar edging is set in the front of the armholes, and tapered thence to the slight point at the front of the waist. The short sleeves are high-shouldered, opening in an upturned V on the outside of the arm, and are worn over full muslin guimpe sleeves. The yellow ombre stripes on white, green stripes with pink, and brick red with white stripes or plaids are being made up in these little dresses of French zephyr or Scotch gingham; and the designs are also suitable for embroidered white muslins.

Larger girls who do not wear guimpes have every-day dresses of ginghams, prints or lawn made with high belted waists with a yoke, or with the shoulders quite plain, or else gathered there on a band like the full Russian blouse. The sleeves are full, and there are turned-over cuffs and collar, or else pleated frills form the finish for neck and wrists.

Choice Recipes.

TOMATO SOUFFLE—Skin a dozen tomatoes, cook and stew untill thick, strain to remove the seed, mix in the yolks of two eggs, then the stiffly-beaten whites: add a little salt. Fill a baking dish and set in the oven tin it rises and begins to set; serve immediately.

CHICKEN SOUP.—An old fowl is used best in a broth or soup. Give it time enough and boil slowly, season with salt, pepper, and a few sprigs of celery top. Serve hot. The chicken can be made very palatable by frying in salt pork drippings or butter, after it is taken from the broth.

RICE SOUP.—For this use the liquor in which the beef has been boiled, after skimming it free from fat. Add two chopped onions, one turnip, one carrot, and two

honest man and knave, hurried swarming and jostling to the new El Dorado. And yet it was wonderful how small was the actual crime of a serious character, when the utter disintegration of restraining institutions is taken into consideration. In January, 1852, when daily shiploads of

GOLD MAD IMMIGRANTS

were being thrown in to Melbourne, only two of the city constables remained at their duty. The chief constable himself had to go on a beat. In the country the rural police to a man had forsaken their functions and made haste to the diggings. In the first rush the capital was all but depopulated of its manhood; there remained behind but women and children who had to shift for themselves. An advance of 50 per cent. of salary did not avail to retain at their desks the officials in the public offices. Servants had gone. Gentlemen and ladies had to carry water from the river for household purposes, for the water cart supply had been arrested by the departure of the carters. It was said that poor Mr. Latrobe himself, the amiable but weak Lieutenant-Governor, had to black his own boots and groom his own horse. In the wholesale absence of workmen no contract could be insisted on. The squatters shuddered too, as the shearing season approached, knowing that all the shearers were

DIGGING OR CRADLING

in Forest Creek, or on Mount Alexander. It was then that Mr. Childers who at the time was an immigration agent, made his famous bull. 'Wages of wool pressers, 7s to 8s a day; none to be had.' To such an extent did prices rise that there was the danger lest Government could not afford to supply food to prisoners in gaol. A contractor for gaol necessaries claimed and got 166 per cent. over his price of the year before, and, notwithstanding this stupendous increase, had to default. In April, 1852, fifty ships were lying useless in Hobson's Bay, deserted by their crews. Carriage from Melbourne to Castlemaine was at one time £100 per ton."

Didn't Remember the Name.

She—"I hear that you went as far as Constantinople, Mr. Smythe. Then you must have seen the Dardanelles." He—"H'm! Don't remember the name. But I saw the Willards at Trieste, and young Spoopendyke, who was travelling with them."

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the forumla of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by addressing with name, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes 149 "Powers' Block, Rochester N. Y.

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an acoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from the administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

one of the Princesses, or she walks attended by a lady-in-waiting or maid of honor, with whom she converses with friendly ease, and followed by two Highland servants and some favorite dogs.

Luncheon is served at 2, the convives being Her Majesty's family or royal guests. Until this hour, from her short after-breakfast exercise, the Queen is diligently occupied with official correspondence and business of various kinds. Long training has made her a politician of no mean ability and breadth of view, her natural common sense forming an admirable basis for such a superstructure. It assists, too, in enabling her to choose her friends well and wisely, though the court surroundings are not calculated to help royal personages in forming a just judgment of character. Human nature puts on a somewhat too angelic guise, where everything may be won by amiability and nothing by the reverse.

In the mornings the maids of honor (they are nine in all) in waiting for the time are with the Princesses, reading or practising on the piano, singing or playing lawn tennis with them, as any young ladies, companions together, might. The lady-in-waiting accompanies the Queen in her afternoon drives and visits, which are most frequently to the poor and to humble workers, often to simple gentry or any one in trouble. Afterward this lady reads aloud to Her Majesty in her private sitting room.

The royal dinner hour is 8.30, and that meal is shared by those of the royal family then residing with the Queen, by distinguished visitors and some of the household in rotation, viz lords and ladies in waiting, maids of honor, equerries and grooms in waiting, this latter officials holding a considerable lower position than the equerry, though to the uninstructed it sounds like a distinction without a difference.

The Queen is a woman of strict business habits and study application. The amount of correspondence she gets through is enormous. In the private portion of this correspondence Her Majesty is assisted by her private secretary, a lady-in-waiting, and a maid of honor, especially the Dowager Marchioness of Ely, one of the ladies, who is a valued friend.

When the court is at Windsor the members of the household in attendance are one lady-in waiting, these ladies are always peeresses), two maids of honor, a lord-in waiting, two equerries, one groom-in-waiting, also the keeper of the privy purse, the private secretary, assistants in both department and the master of the household. The attendance is the same at Osborne and Balmoral, with the exception of the lord in-waiting.

To attend to Her Majesty's toilet and wardrobe there are five maids, viz., three dressers and two wardrobe women. The senior dresser, who has been many years with Her Majesty, is specially charged with the task of conveying orders to different tradespeople — jewellers, drapers, dressmakers, &c.: one dresser and one wardrobe woman are in constant attendance on the Queen, taking alternate days.

Dress is a matter in which, even in her young days, Her Majesty does not appear to have taken much interest. At present her perpetual-mourning allows of no crude color combinations. Some of us elders have a pleasant, if vague, recollection of Victoria Regina a good many years ago, say forty or forty-three, in a very simple and becoming bonnet tied beneath the chin, a wreath of wild roses under the brim framing a sweet, kindly young face. Ah, me! sorrow and experience have writ their cruel marks on hers and ours since then.

Kaid McLean, a Scotchman, is commander-in Chief of the army of the Sultan of Morocco.

He Hadn't Been Playing.

The little boy had come in with his clothes torn, his hair full of dust and his face bearing unmistakable marks of a severe conflict. "Oh, Willie, Willie!" exclaimed his mother, deeply shocked and grieved, "you have disobeyed me again. How often have I told you not to play with that wicked Brooklyn boy!" "Mamma," said Willie, washing the blood from his nose, "do I look as if I had been playing with anybody?"

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed nights and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth. If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething Its value is remarkable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It curs Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, sreduce Inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in The United States. Price $1 bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP" and take no other kind.

Business Cards.

MORDON & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.
A. L. MORDEN, Co. Crown Attorney. W. G. WILSON.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyaucers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napane.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C. P. S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital, Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office in the Downey residence, between Mr. W. Pruyn's and the late residence of Dr. Clark, John Street, Napanee.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds Machinery repaired on the short notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

F. F. MILLER, B.A., Sc.,
CIVIL ENGINEER,
Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyor, Draughtsman, &c.
OFFICE – Miller's Block, Dundas st. Napanee.

DR LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

FREE $85 solid GOLD WATCH Sold for $100 until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. FREE

BURDOCK PILLS
SUGAR COATED
A SURE CURE
FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS IN CANADA.
OVER 100 STYLES OF
HAY SCALES,
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TEA SCALES,
IMPROVED SHOW CASES
MONEY DRAWERS
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AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES
ADDRESS IN FULL, Write for terms.
C. WILSON & SON,
ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO, ONT.
Mention this paper every time you write.

Daily Line to Rochester

The Str. Norsman

(A. DUNLOP, Master),

Will make her regular trips on this route, leaving Cobourg every morning at 7:30, and Port Hope at 9:50 o'clock, on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway trains from the east and west; connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Central and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railway for all points east, west and south.

RETURNING.—Will leave Charlotte (Port of Rochester), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12 o'clock p. m., Tuesdays at 9 o'clock p. m., Thursdays at 11 o'clock p. m., and Saturdays for Port Hope direct at 4 p. m.

This is the cheapest and most expeditious route to Oswego, Boston, Albany, New York, etc., etc.

Connects with early trains for North, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a. m.

The D & C
TO MACKINAC

SEASON OF 1889.

Until further notice the
Steamer Reindeer

Will leave Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places.

Leave Picton 8 a. m. for Napanee.

Returning will leave Napanee at 2 p. m. to connect with Steamer Varuna at Deseronto for Belleville and Trenton.

Leave Deseronto 2 45 p. m.; Picton 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.

L. M. COLLIER, Captain.
289 1m

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Mutual Fire Insurance
COMPANY.

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

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The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 p. m.

Napanee, Feb. 14th, 1887. 1yr

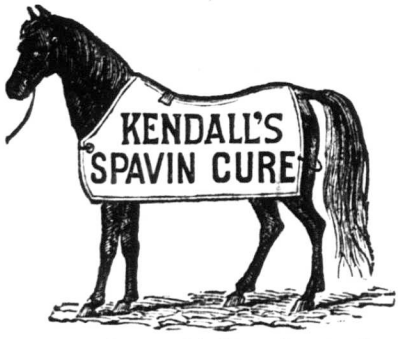
Manufacturers Life Insurance
COMPANY, TORONTO.

Pres., Sir John A. Macdonald, P.C.G.C.B.
Authorized Capital, $2,000,000
New Applications for 1888, $6,000,000

General Agent Wanted
For Napanee and vicinity.

First-Class opening. On account of ill health, Mr. E. Hooper has been compelled to resign. For particulars, apply to GEO. A. MORRISON, District Manager, Toronto, P. O. Box.

$885 Sold for $100 until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. Both ladies' and gents' sizes with works and cases of equal value. **ONE PERSON** in each locality can secure one **FREE.** How is this possible? We answer—we want one person in each locality, to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a complete line of our valuable and very useful **HOUSEHOLD SAMPLES.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send free and after you have kept them in your home for 6 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property; it is possible to make this great offer, sending the **SOLID GOLD** watch and **COSTLY** samples free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always results in a large trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality for a month or two we usually get from **$1000** to **$5000** in trade from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once and make sure of the chance. Reader it will be well worth trouble for you to show the samples to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know what you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure **FREE** one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of **COSTLY SAMPLES.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 812, PORTLAND, MAINE.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

OFFICE OF CHARLES A. SNYDER,
BREEDER OF
CLEVELAND BAY AND TROTTING BRED HORSES.
ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL Co.

Dear Sirs: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles, I would like prices in larger quantity. I think it is one of the best liniments on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.

Yours truly, CHAS. A. SNYDER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 3, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL Co.

Dear Sirs: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for **Lameness, Stiff Joints and Spavins,** and I have found it a sure cure, I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

Yours truly, A. H. GILBERT,
Manager Troy Laundry Stables.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

SANT, WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 19, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL Co.

Gents: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had **Spavins,** ten of **Ring Bone,** nine afflicted with **Big Head** and seven of **Big Jaw.** Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.

Yours truly, ANDREW TURNER,
Horse Doctor.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

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$85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for **$100,** until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for **2** months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch** and **Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

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PALACE STEAMERS. LOW RATES.

Four Trips per Week Between
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Petoskey, Sault Ste. Marie, and Lake Huron Way Ports.

Every Week Day Between
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Special Sunday Trips during June, July, August and Sept.

Double Daily Line Between
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OUR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS
Rates and Excursion Tickets will be furnished by your Ticket Agent, or address
E. B. WHITCOMB, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.,
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Deseronto Navigation

COMPANY (LIMITED)

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted):

Str. QUINTE Capt. D. B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a m; Deseronto, 7 15; Northport, 7 50; Belleville, 10.00, arriving at Trenton 11 30 a m. Leave Trenton 1 p m; Belleville, 3; Northport, 4.20; Deseronto, 5 35, arrive at Picton 6 35 p m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a m; Deseronto, 7: arriving at Picton 8 30. Leave Picton 3 p m; Deseronto, 5; arrive at Napanee at 6 p m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9.30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a m. Leave Deseronto 1 p m, arriving in Picton at 2.20 p.m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS

by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

Strs. RESOLUTE, Capt. John Gown, and RELIANCE, Capt. John Bartley. These fast and comodious steamers sail from Deseronto regularly, weather permitting, for Oswego, connecting with trains for New York and other points. Fares moderate. Freight handled at lowest rates. See that your tickets read via Deseronto Junction.

These steamers are open for charter for excursions.

For further particulars as to tickets, fares, etc. apply to.

R. C. Carter,
2439 General Manager, Deseronto

$93 Sewing-Machine To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. **In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 2** months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for **$93,** with the attachments, and now sells for **$50.** Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. **TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.**

health, Mr. E. Hooper has been compelled to resign. For particulars, apply to GEO. A. MORRISON, District Manager, Peterboro, Ont.; or to A. H. GIBBS, Brisco Block, Toronto, Ont.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of **BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.**

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P. M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge*	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petwort, Enterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No. 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of trains depends on connection with others, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

R. C. CARTER, H. B. SHERWOOD E. W. RATHBUN
Asst Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

HEALTH.

Timely Hints on Health

Many brain workers and others of highly nervous temperaments are troubled with insomnia, nervous twitchings and starting from sleep, and sensations of falling. These symptoms indicate weak nerves. The victim can very often indeed cure himself by dietetic means alone. The best diet is milk, and for a time it would be wise for him to limit himself to that. The quantity required by an adult to support him well is one pint at a meal, and four meals should be taken daily. The milk used should be up to the standard; if it is not cream should be added to it. People with weak nerves, as a rule, drink but very little water, whereas they usually require a larger quantity than those whose nerves are strong and not easily shaken.

TREATMENT FOR COLD IN THE HEAD.

There are a number of ways of aborting a cold in the head, but most of them are by the means of quite powerful drugs, which a person unfamiliar with their use is never justified in taking on his own responsibility. The Swiss method of treatment is one of the simplest and most efficacious. It is applied in this way: Half fill a jug with boiling water and into that put a teaspoonful of well-powdered camphor. Fashion out of writing paper a funnel, with which cap the top of the jug. The camphorated steam should be inhaled through the nose for ten or fifteen minutes, the inhalation being repeated, if required, every four or five hours. If, in spite of its unpleasantness, the inhalation is persisted in, it is said that three repetitions will always effect a cure, however severe the "cold in the head" may be.

LOCKJAW

is generally popularly believed to be invariably fatal. Recoveries are, indeed, comparatively rare, yet they do take place. The proportion of them is much larger now than it was a score of years ago, and it is safe to predict that it will grow larger as time goes on and the malady is better understood. Prof. Rierzi since 1882 has applied one form of treatment in six cases, with the result of obtaining five cures. The essentials of his treatment are as follows: 1. The patient, having the ears stuffed with cotton or wax, is to be kept in a quiet room and in total darkness. (2) The sick room, as well as the adjoining ones, is to be thickly carpeted in order to avoid the noise of foot steps. (3) The room is to be opened for ventilation every four hours with the greatest care. The diet is to consist of liquids, milk, eggs beaten in broth, water and wine, etc. (4) All light necessary shall be carefully covered from the sight of the sick. (5) If constipation exists, both purgatives and injections are interdicted. Above all, quietness is necessary (6)Should the pains be intense, with the object of quieting, powdered belladonna and ergot of rye should be used.

COMMON CAUSE OF DYSPEPSIA.

One of the most common causes of dyspepsia is eating heartily when the system is tired and jaded. When exhausted by either mental or physical work we are usually ravenously hungry, and, of course, turn to food as the means of restoration. The fact is seldom appreciated that the stomach shares in the depression caused by overwork, and, hence, at such times is unable to perform its ordinary duty. The food taken then is but very slowly digested, and before the process is completed fermentation often takes place. If it does, the consequence is that we are in a worse state than if the food had not been taken, for the fermentation creates acid and gas, which in turn not only prevents digestion but excite other expedite matters, he took all of them at one dose, and joined the "silent majority."

THE VALUE OF OATMEAL.

as an article of food has more than once been questioned, and, as a result, there is more or less prejudice against it in the minds of many, not a few holding it to be indifferently nutritious and capable of producing dyspepsia. Says one writer, commenting upon these adverse criticisms: "This is not surprising, as no food article is just the thing in every case or at all times. Our daily experiences convince us of such truth, by likes and dislikes for very common and the most wholesome foods. It is natural and best to have some variation of the diet. One thing may be just adopted to the state of the individual--bodily and mentally—at one time and not at some other; while with another person it may never agree. The so-called 'eternal fitness of things' needs to be carefully studied before deciding an important question so hastily." Oatmeal is unquestionably wholesome food. If properly eaten, it is very generally well borne on the stomach. To a small proportion of people it is, however, displeasing, if not really a burden to digestion. When dyspeptic symptoms are excited by it, it is very rarely, indeed, that the oatmeal itself can properly be blamed; there is almost always some fault in its preparation or the manner in which it is served or eaten. If oatmeal is not well cooked it is unfit to eat, and taken into a delicate stomach will cause disturbance. So, too, will it even when well cooked if it is eaten with much cream and sugar; the trouble in that instance is with the sweets, and they would have the same effect if taken in any other way. Oatmeal is used almost exclusively as mush, which one naturally swallows quickly, without allowing it to remain in the mouth. To a considerable extent the saliva is essential to its rapid digestion. Hence oatmeal should be kept for a time in the mouth, as are other foods, and only swallowed after it has been well masticated. In the form of mush, also, as it goes down so quickly and easily, there is a natural tendency for one to eat more than he would were it in a solid form. Carefully cooked and prepared, eaten as it ought to be, and in proper quantities, beyond all doubt oatmeal is agreeable, healthful and nutritious.

DANGER OF A LITTLE KNOWLEDGE.

The average layman considers that when he employs a physician, he has the right to know what drugs are used in the treatment. He can scarcely be persuaded that in withholding such information his attendant has no selfish motive, but does so purely in the interest of his patient. Generally the physician is ready to give such information if he is dealing with a person of intelligence, but in some instances it is clearly his duty to decline. If a person has been much benefited by a certain drug, of course, if he knows the name of it, he is certain to recommend it to every friend who has a complaint like his. Or if a prescription has been given him calling for agents which he knows nothing of, he loans his friend the empty bottle, or copies for him the number of the label; the same medicine can then be obtained of the druggist who holds the prescription. In this way a great deal of harm is often done, leading, as it does in some cases, to the abuse of powerful drugs, while in others to the application of the most erroneous treatment. The same disease in two persons often demanns quite distinct methods of treatment; a drug, or mixture of drugs, which is in licated for one might be clearly forbidden for the other. A correct application for drugs requires a discrimination which no non-professional can possess. We predict that the time must come, through

SHARKS.

Ravenous Character of the White and Hammer-Headed Varieties.

It was reported the other week that a sailor engaged in scraping the sides of a troopship in the harbor of Sierra Leone was drawn into the water and promptly devoured by a shark. This is not an uncommon experience and the "Standard" reminds us that a boatman has been bitten in the short time it took him to dip up a pitcher of water while his craft was under full sail. We are assured that it is nothing uncommon for the ravenous fish to spring a foot out of the sea in order to secure their prey. For miles they will follow a vessel, on the lookout for any stray unforunate who may tumble or be thrown overboard, and so deep do they swim under the surface that it requires the practiced eyes of the natives to detect their presence. Many of the West India harbors are so haunted by the

WHITE AND HAMMER HEADED

sharks—the least amiable of the 150 different kinds known to zoologists—that it is dangerous to bathe even a few yards from the shore without an outlay being posted.

It is a well ascertained fact that the skeletons of sheep, pigs, hogs, and cattle which have fallen or been thrown overboard have been recovered many days subsequently to their being swallowed; and it is on record that in a stomach of a shark killed in the Indian ocean a lady's work-box was found, while in another the incriminatory papers which had been thrown away by a hotly-chased slaver were recovered from the maw of an involuntary witness thus curiously brought into court on the barb of a pork-baited hook. Ruysch, one of the most trustworthy of the old naturalists, affirms that a man in mail—homo loricatus, he calls him—was found in the stomach of a white shark; and it is recorded by Blumenbach that in one case a whole horse was found. It is undeniable that many have been killed with ample capacity for such undesirable contents; and Basil Hall tells of one out of which was taken

THE WHOLE SKIN OF A BUFFALO,

besides a host of other trifles which had been dropped astern in the course of the previous week.

Sailors are full of superstitions which touch the superhuman sagacity and incarnate fiendishness of this fish—how, its senses being acute far beyond what we can have any idea of, it will follow ships for days when a death is likely to occur, and desert the wake of the vessel when no such good fortune for it is in the wind. Vatea, the shark god, is the lord of the ocean in the Hervey island mythology, and it is whispered that even the Christianized Hawaiians will still, when in the direst extremity, invoke Mooaru, the shark demon to whom their pagan forefathers erected temples and offered sacrifice. The pearl divers of Ceylon employ shark charmers to protect them while engaged in their dangerous work. Marco Polo speaks of these officials under the name of the abræmani, who received as wages

A TWENTIETH OF THE DIVERS' GAINS.

At the present day they are called haibandi or shark-binders, and as the divers would not enter the waters without being certain of their services the chief operator receives a government subsidy of ten oysters per diem. The Tahitians deified the blue shark under the name of "Aukua maoo," dedicating it to shrines and priests, and in west Africa rabbits are sacrificed to "John," while, if not sharply watched, it has been affirmed that some of the tribes about the Niger delta will, at fixed times, bind a child decorated with flowers to a post on the

d not b taken, for the fermentation ate nd gas, which in turn not a digestion but excite other

Our unprece a very strong and healthy person th l effects of eating when the system is much fatigued would not be so arked as in one below the standard of health. Very nervous individuals suffer from the habit, and if debilitated they are quite sure to grow more so if it is persisted in. When very "tired and hungry" it is always best to rest for a time before eating, or to take some such simple "pick up" as hot milk, which should be slowly sipped. That is very refreshing, indeed, and usually meets the requirements quite as well as an alcoholic stimulant.

REMEDY FOR HEADACHES.

When in certain painful affections the physician advises the use of cold applications, and if the affect from them is not pleasing, then that hot should be tried, the patient is likely to consider it rather an uncertain sort of treatment, of doubtful value either way. It is, indeed rather a curious thing that heat and cold can often be used interchangeably with like effects. Extreme heat will destroy the skin, and extreme cold will do the same. Now, headache is sometimes relieved by hot applications, and yet in some instances it aggravates the trouble. In case of the latter, oftentimes the cold applications will effect a cure. As a general rule a throbbing headache, with tenderness and soreness of the scalp, can best be relieved by hot applications. Whereas, when the head feels full and "bursting." if cold be applied to the head and heat to the neck and spine, the effect is most agreeable. Probably one of the best external applications which is most serviceable in the different forms of headache is menthol. A solution of that should be made in about the proportion of one drachm of menthol to ten of alcohol. It can be applied on a thin strip of cloth large enough to cover the forehead. That should be kept wet with the solution. It is very cooling, and the effect in many cases of headache is very agreeable from the first.

POWERFUL DRUGS.

A score of years ago drugs were given in quite crude forms. The pills then used were large enough to excite apprehension of suffocation in patients obliged to take them. Until quite recently all medicines have contained more or less extraneous matter, which added bulk, but not virtue, to them. Gradually the chemist eliminated such unnecessary matter, until at last drugs were furnished physicians in nearly, if not quite, pure form. But he did not stop there. He next applied himself to extracting the active principles of medicinal agents, and now nearly all the powerful remedies are used in what we might term highly concentrated from. Aconite furnishes us with a ready illustration of this great change. The powerful leaves were once given in two-grain doses, and the extract of the same in one-half-grain doses. At the present time we have aconitina, the real virtue of aconite in highly concentrated form, and the dose of that is from 1-100ths to 1-200ths of a grain Of course, a pill of aconitina containing a full dose might be made exceedingly minute, and as a matter of fact it is put up in very small granules. The inference to be drawn is that, in taking medicine, one must be exceedingly careful to follow the physician's directions "to the letter." Because the pills are small one must not assume that they can be taken recklessly. A man not long ago deceived himself in that way with most disastrous results. His physician ordered some ten granules, scarcely larger than pin heads, which contained a very powerful drug. He was cautioned to take only one, three times a day; but, thinking to application for drugs requires a discrimination which no non-professional can possess. We predict that the time must come, through the multiplication of these potent neurotic medicines, when physicians will insist upon the non-renewal of these potent prescriptions by pharmasists without a written order. It seems to us quite probable that we have simply arrived at the threshold of this department of chemical work, and that the profession will be compelled to throw additional safeguards around the unauthorized use of these powerful agents.

The Origin of Tobacco.

Tobacco, according to an Arabic legend translated in the "La Commedia Umana," is no older than the founder of Islam. The prophet was once travelling across the desert of Yemen. It was winter, and all the reptiles which infest the desert were asleep. Suddenly the prophet's horse trod upon a viper, and apparently wounded it. Mohammed, full of mercy, got down from his horse, and taking up the viper put it into his sleeve, hoping that the warmth would restore it. The viper soon began to stir. Incapable of gratitude, like, the serpent which was in the beginning, it said to Mohammed, "Reverend prophet, I will bite thee!" "Nay," replied the mild prophet, "that would be the blackest ingratitude, poor reptile, to repay a good deed with an evil deed." "Nevertheless," said the viper, "I shall do it; I swear by God the Almighty that I will bite thee!" When Mohammed heard the name of Allah he dared not prolong the dispute, but, bowing his head with reverence, said—

"His name be praised for ever; you and I both belong to him; from Him we both received life," and he offered the viper his hand. A violent pain compelled him to fling the viper from his sleeve and to curse it in the name of Allah. The prophet then sucked the viper's poison from the wound and spit it out upon the sand. A magnificent plant immediately sprang up on the spot where the prophet's sacred saliva had fallen. One of his disciples gathered some of its leaves and burned them as an offering to God for the rescue of His prophet. Mohammed and his companions were delighted with the splendid aroma of the burnt offering as its smoke ascended towards heaven. From that day to this all the faithful of Islam have taken pleasure in the plant whose taste and scent partakes in an equal degree of the bitterness of the viper's poison and the sweetness of the holy prophet's spittle.

The Bishop's Mistake.

Scene—A hatter's shop at the West-end of London. Enter a well-known man about town, who hands his hat to an attendant to be ironed. While standing bare-headed at the counter, in comes a certain bishop. The latter, mistaking the club man for one of the shop-walkers, gives him his hat, with the inquiry, "Have you a hat like this?" The club man, in the coolest possible manner, takes the hat, turns it over, examines it closely, looks at it inside and out, then, in slow and measured tones, remarks, "No, I have not; and," he adds reflectively, "If I had, I am hanged if I would wear it!" Tableau!

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affirmed that some of the tribes about the Niger delta will, at fixed times, bind a child decorated with flowers to a post on the beach at low tide and leave it to be devoured by the sharks which come in with the flow, drowning its cries with the noise of drums. —[Newcastle (Eng.) Chronicle.

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An exchange notes that "the smile is the same in all languages. Hardly. In Mexican it is pulque, in Indian firewater, in English benzine, etc., etc.

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A Bloody Affray.

is often the result of "bad blood" in a family or community, but nowhere is bad blood more destructive of happiness and health than in the human system. When the life current is foul and sluggish with impurities, and is slowly distributing its poisons to every part of the body, the peril to health, and life even, is imminent. Early symptoms are dull and drowsy feeling, severe headaches, coated tongue, poor appetite, indigestion and general lassitude. Delay in treatment may entail the most serious consequences. Don't let disease get a strong hold on your constitution, BUT TREAT YOURSELF by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and be restored to the blessings of health. The "Discovery" is GUARANTEED to cure in all cases of diseases for which it is recommended, or money paid for it will be refunded.

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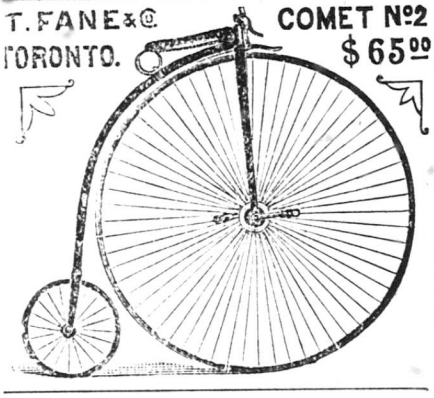

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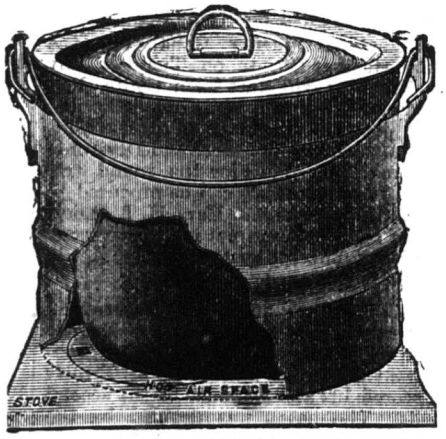

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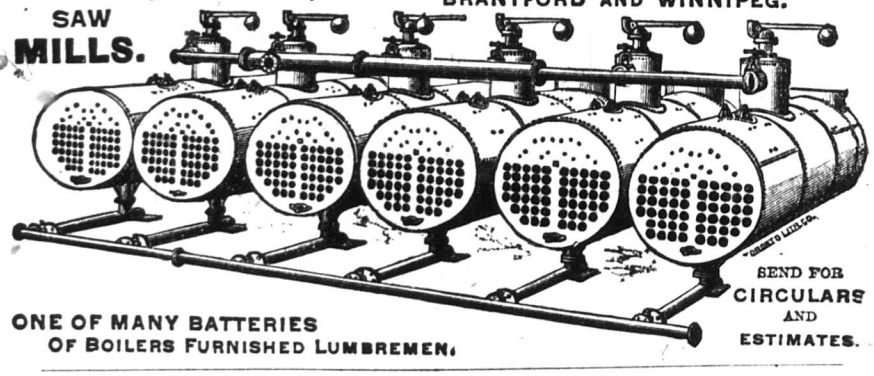

ONE OF MANY BATTERIES OF BOILERS FURNISHED LUMBREMEN.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND ESTIMATES.

Confederation Life

TORONTO.

THE HOME COMPANY.

OVER **$3,000,000** ASSETS

AND CAPITAL.

SIR. W. P. HOWLAND, President.

W. C. MACDONALD, ACTUARY. | WM. ELLIOT, E. HOOPER, VICE-PRESIDENTS. | J. K. MACDONALD, MANAGING DIRECTOR.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

Chas. Lane,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Front of Grammar School, Bridge Street, Napanee. 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

Canfield Shorey,

ssuer of Maariage Licenses, 1589fm Camden East., Ont.

—Go to Gallagher's for bargains in wall papers, windows shades and poles.

—If you want a baby carriage call and see the new line just in at Gallagher's Bargain House.

—Express carts, toy carts, base balls, rubber balls, croquet sets and hammocks, cheap at Gallagher's.

—Go to Gallagher's for toilet soap, combs, brushes mirrors, fancy hair pins, fans etc.

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—A. S. Kimmerly is offering great bargains in sugars, call and see, it will pay you. Salt by the barrel cheaper than all others. I am continually finding new customers for that choice Japan tea I am selling for 25cts. per lb. I keep constantly on hand a large stock of the choicest flour, and can give you a good flour at $2.25 per 100. I continue paying 12 cts. cash for fresh eggs.

Coming Events.

To-night! Don't fail to attend the Lawn Social at the residence of Mayor Carscallen.

Band Excursion—to Trenton on Dominion Day per steamer Reindeer. Tickets, fifty cents.

Grand Excursion—to 1000 Island Park on the steamer Hero, Wednesday, July 24th. Full particulars later on.

Dominion Day—Excursion per steamers Ella Ross and Quinte to all Bay ports. Ella Ross leaves Napanee at 6.30 a.m.

The Young People's Society of Selby intend giving a Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival on the evening of Wednesday, July 3d, in the Methodist Church, commencing at 8 o'clock.

1000 Island Excursion—The Y. P. A. of the Western Methodist church have chartered the Hero for an excursion to the 1000 Islands on Tuesday July 9th. Single Tickets $1.00 double $1.50. Full particulars later.

—Mr. Agustus Huyck has shown the the largest strawberry of the season it measuring 4½ inches in circumference.

—Wanted. About July 1st., a good general servant to whom good wages will be paid. Apply at the Express Office.

—The 47th Batallion Band have been engaged by the Orangemen of Sydenham to assist in celebrating the 12th July at that place.

—Mr. J. B. Richardson made a short trip to Kingston this week. This enterprising tailor has secured the contract for making the firemen's shirts.

—The debentures, $12,000, for the building of the Napanee High school was sold to R. Wilson Smith, of Montreal, at $104.62½, or $12,555 for the lot.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you

—Mr A. E. Paul has rented the George Mills property on the corner of Bridge and Adelphi streets and has taken possession.

—The committee of the R. C. Church wish to return their sincere thanks to all who so kindly assisted them in their late Pic-nic.

—The North Fredericksburgh Protest Case, Baird vs Parks, came up at Toronto on Tuesday last and was further enlarged until the 9th of September.

—Mr. Gibbard's yacht "Vesper" has been finished. A new engine and boiler have been put in by Mair & Bro. She made a trial trip on Thursday afternoon, taking a pleasure party down as far as Bogarts.

—Last Saturday was a regular whiskey day in Napanee. Upwards of twenty drunks were counted on Dundas street within two hours, two fights occurred within an hour and three unfortunates were locked up over Sunday.

—Grover Cleveland, ex-President of the United States, was in town on Wednesday and made a trip over the N. T. & Q. Railway in company with Mr. Rathbun. He is now at Glenora where he will spend a couple of weeks.

—A subscriber of the Express, who has just returned from the back townships, informs us that potatoes have nearly all rotted in that section, and that many of the farmers have replanted within the last week. The wet weather has rotted a good many potatoes in this section also.

—We are indebted to the celebration committees at Deseronto, Trenton and Port Hope for kindly invitations to be with them on Dominion Day. All of the towns offer good attractions. A large number of Napaneeans will go to Trenton on the band excursion while quite a few of the local sports will take in the races at Deseronto.

—The Rev. R. T. Burns, deputy-postmaster at Kingston, has been arrested for embezzlement and is now awaiting his trial. The peculations have been going on since 1885 and amount to upwards of $3,500. He has always borne a first class reputation and has been looked upon as above suspicion. Great spmpathy is felt for his family.

—The premium list for the Prince Edward County Agricultural Society exhibition to be held at Picton, Tuesday and Wednesday, September 10th and 11th, has been issued from the office of the Picton Times. The list is creditable to the Society, and to the office from which it was issued. May the Society have glorious weather and a successful exhibition.

—Still J. Edmanson, representing Dr. Chese's medicine, was in town on Friday, selling and advertising their medicines. He reports trade good over ten thousand bottles of Dr. Chase's Liver cure sold since January. Detlor & Fullerton are agents and recommend it for use. Each house in town have a sample of Dr. Chase's pills to test the merit. See advertisement in another column.

—A small fishing craft came ashore at John Ritchie's, Amherst Island, Wednesday morning. It was empty. It is thought to belong to one Ainsley, of Picton, or Indian Point, aged 59 years. He was at Bath on Tuesday with a load of fish, which he disposed of, and filled himself up with whiskey before leaving in the evening. It is probable that he was drowned. In the boat were a sail set, and a hat. The craft had not been capsized.

—Warden Lavell, of Kingston Penitentiary, discovered a plot among the prisoners

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—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—Buy your Agate Preserving Kettle where you have a large lot to choose from and save ten per cent. A full line of bird cages, refrigerators, oil stoves, coal and wood cook stoves and the finest assortment of table cutlery ever shown. The furniture protector carpet sweeper is still the leader. Agents for the celebrated Pease furnace. Boyle & Son.

—Paris Green, Machine oils, paints and oils. Seed, buckwheat, millet, hungarian, western corn, oil cake, etc., at prices which will sink into insignificence any offers ever made under God's shining sun. That you can purchase the above articles at Perry & Co's., at unprecedented low prices, should electrify the purchasing element wherever this startling offer is known.

—Dominion Day. Your choice of place and sport. The steamer Ella Ross will leave Napanee on the morning of July 1st at half-past six o'clock for Deseronto, Davy's Island, Glenora and Picton, connecting at Deseronto with steamer Quinte for Belleville and Trenton. On the Quinte will be the 14th Battalion Band, of Picton, and the Ladies' Band, of Demorestville. Returning, the Ella Ross will leave Picton at seven o'clock in the evening. Fare from Napanee to Deseronto and return, twenty-five cents; from Napanee and all other points, fifty cents. adv

—The Royal Templars of Temperance held a very successful entertainment in their hall in the Harshaw block on Tuesday evening. Mr. K. J. Strong, Select Councillor, occupied the chair. Addresses were delivered by Rev. A. L. Morden and Rev. Mr. Anderson, of the Western Methodist church. Miss Shipman presided at the organ; songs were given by Mr. H. L. Bryant, of Brockville, and Miss Botting. The Misses Walbridge sang a duet very sweetly. The ladies of the Temple furnished refreshments, and altogether the evening passed off very delightfully. Proceeds about $25.

—On Thursday evening of last week Miss Eva N. Roblin, of Napanee, scored quite a success by her singing at the Sherwood recital in Toronto. Mr. Sherwood, of New York, is said to be the finest pianist on the continent, and while in Toronto performing his duties as examiner at the Conservatory of Music he gave a recital. Three Conservatory pupils were chosen to assist in the programme, but to Miss Roblin were accorded the honors of the evening, she receiving a most enthusiastic encore. The audience numbered nearly three thousand people. All of the Toronto papers speak in very flattering terms of Miss Roblin's singing.

—The many friends of Mr. Fred Wright were agreeably surprised last week when he came home with a fair young bride. About two weeks ago he returned from New York, and on Wednesday went up to Wellington on a visit. While there he was married to Miss Victoria Barker, of Bloomfield. Mrs. Wright is well known in Napanee having spent some time here with her aunt, Mrs. Outwaters. We congratulate Fred on securing so amiable and handsome a bride, and congratulate the bride on winning one of the best fellows in the bay district. The happy couple have just returned from Montreal where they have been on their wedding trip, and will settle down in Napanee.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

had not been capsized.

—Warden Lavell, of Kingston Penitentiary, discovered a plot among the prisoners to capture the guards and then break out and escape. He had a portion of "A" Battery brought to the Penitentiary and secreted, ready for the slightest move on the part of the convicts. The ringleaders evidently suspected their plot was known for they made no attempt to escape. The soldiers were kept in the prison for eighteen hours and then allowed to return to their barracks.

—A large number of the Masons of Napanee attended services at St. Mary Magdelence's Church on Sunday afternoon last, when the Venerable Archdeacon Bro. Bedford Jones, chaplain of Union lodge No. 9, delivered a very able and eloquent address, taking as his subject the life and work of St. John the Baptist, and comparing it with the Masions of St. John the evangelist. From the history of the two patron saints of the order, the Venerable Archdeacon drew many interesting and instructive lesson.

—The Methodists, of Bath, and vicinity will excurt to Murray Canal per the popular steamer Quinte on Tuesday July 9th. The boat will start from Collins Bay at seven o'clock in the morning, calling at all bay ports, leaving Bath at eight o'clock Adolphustown at 9.30 o'clock and Deseronto at half past ten. Fare for the round trip only fifty cents. Meals can be procured on the steamer if desired. Rev. H. I. Allen is one of the prime movers in the excursion which is a suffiicient guarantee that it will be properly managed.

—On Tuesday quite an interesting cricket match took place between Trinity College and Napanee cricket clubs. Napanee went first to bat and scored 41, Trinity then scored 122 and Napanee 27 the second innings. The match was decided by the first innings it being too late for the second innings to be played out. Mr. Stokes topped the score on the Napanee side 17 being the highest. The match was somewhat a failure on account of the recent rain and a few of the best men of our local team not being able to attend.

—On Saturday afternoon, Bill Young, a tall, powerfull man who is said to be a very inoffensive person when sober, made a vicious attack upon an old grey haired man by the name of Mowers, from Camden. The blows showered on the old man soon knocked him out, and it is feared is seriously injured. Billy was taken to the cooler by the police. The question arises which is to blame, the man who sold the liquor or the man who allowed himself to be come crazed by the stuff. Somebody should get six months, twice a year, for this foul attack upon an inoffensive old man.

Deaths seem to have been quite the order this week. On Saturday last Mr. John Wheeler, of the Queens Hotel, passed away at the early age of thirty-six years, and on the same day Mrs. John Smith went home to her reward. The remains of John Wheeler were buried on Sunday afternoon, the Oddfellows participating. The funeral of Mrs Smith took place on Monday afternoon and was largely attended. On Monday morning about six o'clock Mr. White, better known as "Teddy" died very suddenly. The funeral was on Tuesday, the remains being interred in the Huffman cemetry.

Nerve Tortured.

"I suffered with neuralgia and obtained no relief until I used Ragyard's Yellow Oil. Since then I have also found it an invaluabe remedy for all painful burns and cuts, rheumatism and sore throat." Mrs. F. Cameron, 137 Richmond Street West, Toronto, Ont.

You wil

Our Air

This is wh
above-named ob
deserved run of
ment, and we ch

LAI

—BUY YOUR—

C. P. R. TICKETS

—FROM—

W. D. MADDEN,

Authorized agent for the Company in Napanee.

Low rates to all points on C. P. R. as well as to all United States points.

Return tickets good till close of Navigation. Try our new line to St Paul, Minn., via the Soo.

Take tho Dominion Steamships to Liverpool sterage, $20. Cabin from $40 up.

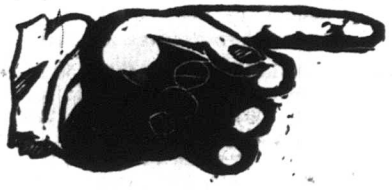
Use the C. P. R. Telegraph and you will get quick dispatch, Offices in all towns and cities.

Remember the place,

Madden's Bookstore,

Grange Block.

N YOU UNDERSTAND THIS?



DEALING

RESENTS SOMETHING YOU LIKE AND APPRECIATE. IT ILLUSTRATES OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS. IT MEANS **SQUARE DEALING.** DON'T YOU SEE?

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s is what we } **PREACH, PRACTICE, GUARANTEE.**

HONEST VALUES, LATEST STYLES, FAIREST PRICES. { **Put before You.**

---

e to the Right Store for Your Trading, and we will Treat You Right.

he Popular Dry Goods House"

Is the Revolutionizer of Prices and the Re-adjuster of Values in

.E AND FANCY DRY GOODS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS, MAN-'LES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

And they are known as

e Cheap Clothiers of Napanee.

THE NEW ET.

ill find them } THE NEW ET, THE BEST, THE CHEAPEST.

PRICES
QUALITIES
STYLES } **As you Like Them.**

im and Ambition } QUICK SALES, SMALL PROFITS, BIG BUSINESS.

what we aim and hustle for; why should we not so long as we have the
l object in view, and give everybody sterling quality. We are having a
n of patronage. We carry the biggest stock and have the biggest assort-
e challenge anyone to dispute that we make the lowest prices.

HEY & MCKENTY

WOOD!

The best dry Hard Wood, cut and split. Also Sott Wood delivered to any part of the town.

THE DOWNEY CO'Y

FOOT CENTRE-ST.,

NAPANEE - ONTARIO

40381y

The Ontario Mutual Life!

ESTABLISHED 1870.

DOMINION DEPOSIT, - - $100,000

Assurance in force January 1st, 1889	$12,041,814 00
New Assurance written in 1888	2,518,650 00
Cash Income for 1888	393,073 00
Assets, December 31st, 1888	1,313,843 00
Liabilities as per Government Valuation	1,223,516 00

Surplus, $90,337.00.

R. B. MASTIN, General Agent, Picton, Ont.

W. PHILLIPS,

Napanee, Agt. for Lennox & Addington

2489dtf

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRI

—THE—

New Clothing Store.

Our unprecedented success this last month in

IT LEADS

THEM ALL.

Herrings's "Monarch"

SULKY PLOW.

Manufactured by the Napanee Agricultural Works, Napanee.

For two or three horses, works in hard or clay soil better than any other Sulky Plow now in use in these counties.

It is Light of Draught will turn a

VACANCIES FOR BOARDERS.

Comfortable rooms to let, with or without board. Enquire at EXPRESS office or at house first door south of W. T. Gibbard's, Centre st. 3589d

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2889ly Barristers, Napanee

F. X. BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF
TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.
18891mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 2389 6m

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 989ly.

G. A. CATON, NEWBURGH, ONT.

—REPRESENTING—

Royal Insurance Company of England, Fire, and Life; Citizens' Insurance Company, Fire, Life and Accident; Quebec Fire Assurance Company and London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company. Agent for Lennox and Addington, Hastings and Prince Edward Counties. Rates on application 20891y

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONBR. ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 43881y

N. A. CATON, INSURANCE AGENT.

Representing the following companies:

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,
Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Our unprecedented success this last month in

Custom Work

has compelled us to seek for more help in the Cutting Department. We therefore engaged the services of another cutter in the person of

Mr. T. H. Livingstone

His cutting is a decided success and second to none.

Before ordering elsewhere call and examine our work and style of cut.

READY MADE CLOTHING

Our special Sale Prices enabled us to clear out a big lot of Goods during July, and we have decided to offer still greater bargains during this month. The goods must go in order to make room for Fall and Winter Stock.

Yours, etc.,

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTONE,

Late of Montreal,

Now at Sexsmith's old stand in the Leonard block, Napanee Ont.

26891y

these counties.

It is Light of Draught will turn a uniform furrow, easy of management, working at any desired depth and retaining it in the hardest soil, and can be handled easily in striking out and finishing lands.

We have this fall been able to add some valuable improvements, and we now offer this Plow to the farming community as practically perfect, having stood the test of competition, and having proved itself incontestably the best Plow in the market, and one which will do a variety of work that will meet every case required.

OUR CELEBRATED 2-MOLD BOARD GANG PLOWS

have been further improved by the addition of a Coulter Share and third wheel for plowing sod. Farmers' will find itto their advantage to purchase this Plow which has now the reputation of being the best Gang Plow in the market.

Shares for all Plows and repairs on hand.

The Napanee Ag'l Works,

JOHN HERRING.

Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - - John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application.
21891y

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

27891y E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors Toront

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of hi visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 22891y

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Hay Bay Shooting Company.

The season for Duck Shooting will open on Tuesday, September 3d, 1889. The days for shooting in each week during the months of September and Octobor are limited to four, viz.: Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, and every legal day during the remainder of the season. No person will be allowed to shoot on the premises of the Company unless he is a member, or has obtained a written permit from from the proper officers of the company. Permits may be obtained from G. G. Spencer, Hayburn, or from the undersigned, on payment of $1 for each day's shooting—the holder of the same to be governed by the rules and regulations of the company.

All persons are referred to the Act for the Protection of Game, etc., Chap. 221, Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1887, and the Company will promptly and vigorously prosecute all persons violating the Game Laws. Arrangements have been made to detect trespassers and delinquents, and any evidence or information sent to the Game Inspector or to the Trustees will be acted on and the informant's name kept secret.

By order of the Trustees.

E. H. SILLS, Secretary.
Napanee, Aug. 17, 1889. 3889b

MASSASSAGA PARK.

This famous summer resort is

Now Open for the Accommodation of Guests

Every convenience has been arranged for to meet the wants of the most fastidious. Park House has lately been

Refurnished :-: Throughout,

and is now classed among the best houses on the continent. An extensive pavillion has been erected where

Ice Cream, Candies, and Fruits of all Kinds

will be constantly kept on hand. For the accommodation of excursionists and private parties who wish to take tea on the grounds, hot water will be furnished free. A number of tables and chairs have been scattered throughout the grounds.

AN EXCELLENT BOAT SERVICE

ALSO IN CONNECTION,

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No. 38.

Town Council.

Council met in regular session. His Worship the Mayor presiding. Members present, the Reeve, Deputy-reeve and councillors Aylsworth, Fennell, Gibbard, Joy, Jamieson and Madole.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Councillor Madole presented a petition from J. S. Hulett and others asking to have the turnpike on West street between Bridge and Graham streets lowered and widened, and the ditches on both sides filled in. Referred to the Street Committee to report.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the Street Committee presented pay list No. 15, amounting to $145.27 which was ordered to be paid.

On motion of Mr. Fennell, seconded by Mr. Jamieson, the Street Committee asked for further time to report respecting the estimates of cost of Bridge street sewer, which was granted.

On motion of Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Joy, that councillors Lowry and Steavens entered and took their seats.

The chairman of the committee on Fire Water and Gas presented the agreement of the corporation with the Electric Light Co., which was read and referred to the committee and town solicitor.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that Nightwatchman Emberson presented his monthly report which was ordered to be filed.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that a majority of the committee composed of the Finance committee, the Fire, Water and Gas committee, and Councillors Stevens and Fennell to whom under by-law 418 was referred the supervision and approval of the contract respecting water works, to be entered into between Hanover and Hinds, and the corporation of Napanee having neglected to act or to supervise on approve of the said contract.

1. Be it therefore resolved that this council do hereby approve of the said contract respecting water works, as now drawn up and executed by the said Hanover and Hinds and dated the 19th day of August, 1889, and that this corporation doth hereby assent and agree to all the terms of the said contract and doth hereby authorize the mayor and clerk to sign the same and affix thereto the corporation seal.

2. That the mayor and clerk are hereby authorized to sign this resolution and affix the corporation seal to the same.

Moved by Mr. Fennell in amendment, seconded by Mr. Joy, that the said contract be not signed to-night, but laid on the table until the second meeting in January, 1890. The amendment was lost and the original motion declared carried.

The reeve introduced a bylaw respecting the incorporation of the Napanee Waterworks Company. Read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair, the committee rose and the chairman reported ed the by-law read a second time without amendment. The report was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Stevens, that the bylaw be read a third time, numbered, signed by the mayor and clerk, and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Aylsworth, that the fire, water and gas committee be authorized to purchase the necessary amount of coal required for town purposes. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Joy, seconded by Mr. Aylsworth, that this council desires to place upon record its sense of the great loss this corporation has sustained in the death of its oldest members in the person of Chas. Lane, whose death occurred on Saturday, 10th inst. As a member of this council he was upright and painstaking in the discharge of every duty the office imposed upon him; courteous in intercourse with his fellow-members, and faithful in promoting and considering every interest of the town. As a citizen he was held in the highest respect, and his death has been and will long continue to be universally regretted. We would extend to the widow, family and friends our deep sympathy in their bereavement. Carried unanimously.

Mr. Lowry moved, seconded by Mr. Stevens, that the case of a Mr. Walker, a sick and indigent person, be referred to the Poor and Sanitary Committee with power to act. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Carson, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that account of E. J. Hooper and E. S. Lapum for services in connexion with the school debentures be laid over until the next regular meeting of the Council. Carried.

On motion the account of the Water and Electric Light Company was referred to the Clerk to examine and found to be correct. On motion the account of Ezra Pringle was referred to the Fire, Water and Gas Committee.

Mr. Lowry moved, seconded by Mr. Fennell, that the account of Templeton & Beeman for printing be referred to the Committee on Printing and By-laws to report. Carried.

On motion the account of J. C. Drewry for printing Voter's List was similarly referred.

Mr. Gibbard moved, seconded by Mr. Lapum that the account of Ferguson & Bro. be referred to the Street Committee with power to act.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Aylsworth, seconded by Mr. Fennell that it be referred to the Committee on Fire, Water and Gas. The amendment was lost and the original motion confirmed.

On motion the accounts of W. D. Madden were referred to the Printing Committee with power to act.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid viz:

Robt. Easton, amounts paid	$207 15
Jas. Emberson, nightwatch salary	5 00
C. A. Anderson drawing steam fire engine	11 00
Mrs. Hearns cleaning council room	3 50
The Rathbun Co., lumber	8 05
Water and Electric Light Co	26 25
Angus McLeod, dog tags etc	6 25
Jerniah Storms, 1 months salary	30 37
R. Road ticket to Kingston and Belleville	1 80

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

The South Fork dam at Conemaugh is to be rebuilt.

Edison receives the title of Count from the King of Italy.

Fire at Tonawanda on Tuesday destroyed 3,000,000 feet of lumber.

The Indians are again menacing the lives of the whites at Demersville, Montana.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 20.—The Porte has decided to increase the forces in Crete to 30,000.

Ex-King Milan has conceded Queen Natalie the privilege of visiting her son at Belgrade.

There is no truth in the rumor that smelting works are being established in Deseronto.

Grand Trunk Southern Division employees held a very pleasant picnic at Paris on Saturday.

John G. Morley, a young man living near Rockwood, Ont., was killed by lightning on Monday night.

A timber limit on the Petewawa has changed hands at a price averaging $4,500 per square mile.

The technical Commission to examine the state of the works at the Panama Canal is almost completed.

The Czar has conferred a decoration on Grueff, the man who abducted Prince Alexander from Bulgaria.

The report that Messrs. Smith & Peebles, of Smith's Falls, have assigned is altogether without foundation.

All the formalities necessary to allow of the Brooklyn Regiment visiting Hamilton have been attended to.

The trial of the Polynesian-Cynthia collision case has commenced in the Vice-Admiralty Court at Quebec.

The Ottawa Equal Rights Association very gladly accepted the resignation of the Secretaryship by Mr. Bradbury.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 20.—While a steamer was making a trial trip here to-day the boiler exploded, killing thirty of the crew.

Contractors for the Capital of Austin, Texas, have been fined $1,000 in each of 64 cases under the Alien Labor Law.

The reception to Mayor Clarke Saturday evening, on his return home from the Old Country proved a very successful affair.

ROME, Aug. 20.—During a public concert last night, a bomb was exploded near the Austrian embassy, injuring eight persons.

The California Supreme Court has refused a rehearing of Mrs. Terry's motion to have the order of a new trial of her divorce case set aside.

Secretary Balfour will at Edinburgh explain the nature of the two bills dealing with Ireland, which the Government propose to introduce.

The contract with the Canadian Pacific for the carrying of the Pacific mails was

the incorporation of the Napanee Water-works Company. Read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair, the committee rose and the chairman reported the bylaw read a second time without amendment. The report was adopted.

Mr. Lapum moved, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that the bylaw be read a third time, numbered, signed by the mayor and clerk, sealed with the corporation seal, and finally passed.

Mr. Stevens moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Lowry, that the third reading of the bylaw be deferred until the second meeting in January, 1890. Lost.

The original motion carried on the following division:

YEAS—Aylsworth, Carscallen, Carson, Gibbard, Jamieson, Lapum, Madole—7.

NAYS—Fennell, Joy, Lowry, Stevens—4.

The Finance Committee reported that they had made an examination into the finances of the town re comparative statement, (July 29th 1888 to July 29th 1889) would introduce the following as an estimate of expenditure and revenue for the year 1889 and 1890:

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

Cash coming from License Commissioners	$ 960 00
Cash coming from Market and stalls	700 00
License for the year 1890	1200 00
Fines	150 00
Clergy reserve	30 00
Dog tax	125 00
County grant	750 00
Special tax street watering	250 00
John street sewer	123 54
Robert street sewer	62 48
Shovelling snow	50 00
Rateable property 958386 at 21 mills	20128 20
	$ 24529 22

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE.

Interest and debenture consolidation	$ 4295 00
High school	963 00
County rate for 1889	2887 50
High school	1500 00
Public school	3500 00
Bills payable	500 00
Borrowed money	1731 65
Salaries	2500 00
Law and elections	150 00
Streets and improvements	2800 00
Fire, water and gas	1500 00
Poor	500 00
Town Property	125 00
Printing	200 00
Board of Health	50 00
Street watering	250 00
Taxes uncollected and remissions	300 00
Incidentals	777 07
	$24529 22

We recommend that the by-law be passed to levy a rate of 15¾ mills on the dollar on the ratable property for general purpose and that the rate be 5¼ mills on the dollar on the ratable property for school purposes.

Mr. Lapum moved, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that the report be adopted. C'd.

The Reeve introduce a by-law to levy the rate necessary for raising the taxes for the year 1889 read a first time, ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair the council resumed, and the by-law read a second time and blank filled up, the report was adopted on motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Aylsworth. Mr. Lapum moved, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that the by-law be read a third time numbered. Signed by the Mayor and Clerk, sealed with the corporation seal and finally passed. Carried.

The Reeve introduced a by-law to authorize the levying of a frontage rate to pay for the construction of a sewer on the west side of Robert street, read a first time, ordered to be read a second time in committee of the whole.

On motion of Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, the reeve in the chair, the council resumed, and the chairman reported

Robt. Easton, amounts paid	$207 15
Jas. Emberson, nightwatch salary	5 00
C. A. Anderson drawing steam fire engine	11 00
Mrs. Hearns cleaning council room	3 50
The Rathbun Co., lumber	8 05
Water and Electric Light Co	26 25
Angus McLeod, dog tags etc	6 25
Jeriniah Storms, 1 months salary	30 37
R. Road ticket to Kingston and Belleville	1 80
Fare for poor man to Cressy	75
Paid Jas. Baldwin, cutting pine knots	1 00
Paid J. M. Wickham, Cleaning market	50
David York, constable	1 25
Jas. Plumley, carting	45

On motion the council adjourned.

PERSONAL.

—D. C. McHenry, of Cobourg, is seriously ill.

—P. J. Normile is visiting friends in Watertown this week.

—Master Stanley Gorden is visiting friends in Belleville.

—Mr. Will. Doxsee has returned from his trip to New York.

—Mr. Wm. Smith spent a few days in Belleville this week.

—Mrs. Edith Box, of Adolphustown, was in town yesterday.

—Mr. Walter Wilson, of Kingston, spent a few days in town this week.

Mr. Ed. Phalen, of Montreal, was in town this week visiting relatives.

—Mr. Robt. Samson, of Kingsford, favored us with a call on Thursday.

—Mr. John Rose, of Chicago, is visiting his sister, Mrs. W. B. Ferguson.

—Miss Annie Breden, of Kingston, is the guest of Mrs. George I. Ham this week.

—Mr. H. V. Fralick is in Toronto in the interest of his rapidly increasing business.

—Mr. George I. Ham and wife paid a short visit to friends in Montreal last week.

—Mrs. Marshall Vandusen, of Watertown, N. Y is visiting relatives in South Napanee.

—Mrs. Andrew Madden left on Thursday for a two weeks' visit among friends at Lowville, N.Y.

—Rev. E. N. Baker and wife were the guests of J. C. Drewry, during their recent visit to Napanee.

—Rev. J.B. Clarkson sailed for home on Saturday last and is expected in Napanee next week.

—Mr. John McKenty and family are spending thier holidays on the farm of Tobias Butler, Esq., Deseronto road,

—Mrs. Catherine Baldwin, of Deseronto, is spending a couple of weeks with her brother, Andrew Madden, Esq.

—Mr. Fred Richardson, of Madoc, is at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Richardson, having a good time.

—Mrs. J. C. Drewry left this morning for a trip to Toronto, Hamilton, and Wesley Park. She will be away for a week or ten days.

—Miss Lillie Pearson, daughter of the Rev. M. L. Pearson, formerly pastor of the Eastern Methodist Church, is visiting friends in town.

—Mrs. H. W. Branscombe and daughter, of Picton, and Miss Eva M. Berry, of Chicago, are the guests of Mrs. J. C. Drewry this week.

—Mr. W. Paisley, License Inspector for west rinding of Huron County, is in town visiting his cousin Mr. John Paisley. Mr. Paisley reports a most abundant crop in that section.

—Mrs. James Fralick and daughter, of Picton; Mrs. Flagar, of Wellington; Mrs. L. Hart, of Toronto and Mrs. Ferris and daughter of Campbellford were guests at C. B. Perry's on Wednesday.

—Messrs. James D. and W. H. Smi[illegible] New York city, and Mr. and Mrs. Jones, of O[illegible], N. Y., are stopping at Davy's Island. They are having good luck, fishing, having captured two fine maskinonge on Wednesday.

—The Misses McKay (Marie and Jessie) of Toronto; Mr. Alex. McCrea, of Duluth, Minn., and Mrs. McCay and daughter, of Kingston, are visiting Mrs. J. W. Anderson, John street. They are much pleasad with Napanee and environments.

—Rev. W. H. Emsley, of Brockville is spending a week at the farm of Mr. Charles Curlette, Adolphustown. Mr. Emsley is looking the picture of health, and is going in for a week of enjoyment. No one deserves it more, and we wish him a thoroughly good time and heaps of "luck" taking big fish.

—Mrs. Mary Wilson and daughter Jennie, from Macedon, Wayne County, N. Y., are visiting with her sister, Mrs. Sarah Dorn, at Mr. Peter Gould's and with friends at Napanee. Mrs. Wilson is a former resident of Richmond, is the widow of the late Thomas Wilson, and also a sister of the late Mitchell Neville. Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Dorn are the only surviving members of a once large family.

—Now is your time to buy school supplies. Madden's is the place.

Secretary Balfour will at Edinburgh explain the nature of the two bills dealing with Ireland, which the Government propose to introduce.

The contract with the Canadian Pacific for the carrying of the Pacific mails was ratified in the British House of Commons on Saturday morning.

The Pope is said to have appointed a High Ecclesiastical Court in the States for the trial of cases in which the Catholic Church is concerned.

Hon. Mr. Bowell received the official report concerning the seizure of the Black Diamond, and it was considered at a Cabinet meeting on Saturday.

PESTH, Aug. 20.—A dynamite cartridge accidentally exploded yesterday in a coal mine at Damar. Five persons were killed and a number of others injured.

The depression in hog products continues. September pork in Chicago sold down to $9.42½ on Saturday, and lard was also weaker. There was a feeble rally just before the close.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Letters from Hayti say it is only a question of a few days when Hippolyte will be complete master of the republic. Legitime is making preparations to fly by sea.

NAPLES, Aug. 20.—King Humbert yesterday placed a bronze wreath on the grave of Garibaldi as a token, he said, of the everlasting gratitude his country and house owed to the great patriot.

The New York Associated Bank statement shows a large decrease in reserve for the week. The surplus now is only $3,352,525, as against $21,736,280 at the corresponding date of last year.

A Washington despatch says that the U. S. officers in Behring Sea will go on seizing vessels taking seal, leaving to the State Department the disentanglement of the jurisdiction question.

The Austrian Emperor has advised the Pope to stay in Rome, and the Italian Government has warned the Vatican Authorities that if the Pope leaves he cannot take the Vatican treasures with him.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Notwithstanding heavy rain, 8,000 mayors attended President Carnot's reception yesterday. As a result of Sunday's banquet, several reactionist mayors have rallied to the republican cause.

At Purvis, Miss., on the 17th, John L. Sullivan was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, and Fitzpatriek, the referee, to pay a fine of $200, for engaging and participating in the prize fight at Richburg.

ST. PETERSBURGH, Aug. 20.—The Credit Bank, which the government established in 1866 to advance loans to the nobility on mortgages, has foreclosed on 2,000 estates, which must be sold at auction at the end of the year.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Shah's avowal as a sequence of his visit here he should henceforth seek the closest relations with England, and not be deterred by any foreign intrigues, has caused much adverse comment in Russia. The leading Russian papers violently attack the Shah.

Col. John Walker, whose death while on a salmon fishing trip at Gaspe, Que., has already been announced, has fulfilled in a remarkable manner the wish he uttered when his friend, Sir John Rose of London, Eng., dropped dead in the act of firing at a stag in Scotland a few years ago. Col. Walker then said to the club here: "When my time comes I hope I may be catching a twenty-eight pound salmon." A letter received from Gaspe with the details of his illness says he was stricken with paralysis just after hooking a twenty-four pound fish. He never rallied.

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UNDER AN AFRIC SUN.

By GEORGE MANVILLE FENN.

CHAPTER III.

"Yes, my dear sirs, I cannot conceive a more delightful climate. Winter is unknown, and you can suit your taste by selecting the heat you prefer. Africa down by the seashore; Italy where you stand; a few hundred feet higher in the mountains, France; then England; and Norway and its snows at the top of the volcano. A man ought to be happy here."

"And you are not?" said Fraser dryly.

"No, and yes. Of course, I'm happy in my garden with my child, but—— There, hang it all, my dear boys!" he cried, in a good-humoured angry tone, "how can a man be happy with a load of debt?"

Digby listened, but his eyes were directed to the garden.

"Yes," continued Redgrave; "I've been so confoundedly unlucky. Too speculative, perhaps; but I came out here twenty years ago as a speculation, and I'm a stubborn Sussex man, sir: I will not be beaten. But I've got hold of the right thing at last."

"And what's that?"

"Sulphur, sir. I'm working up that at the top of the mountain. You shall see the place, if you'll come.—Ah, here's Nelly. We never ventured to import a piano, gentlemen; but we have a guitar, and I'll be bound to say if we petition rightly, we shall get a song."

"Do you wish me to sing, father?" said the girl, colouring slightly as she met Digby's earnest gaze.

"Yes, my dear, if you are not too tired."

"Oh no," she said hastily; and she crossed the room to reach down a guitar hanging by its ribbon from a nail in the wall.

The two Englishmen had been a fortnight in Isola, and, attractive as the place had proved with its wondrous vegetation, gorge, hill, and crater, Redgrave's pretty half-English villa seemed to be the spot which drew them to it again and again. The days would be passed in penetrating the most out-of-the-way parts of the island and adding to Fraser's collection; then they would return, tired out, to the little *venta*, where their dark-eyed moustached landlady had prepared a substantial meal; after which there would be chocolate and a cigar, followed by: "I say, Horace, what do you say to a walk up to Redgrave's? He will not see much English society when we are gone."

Fraser always looked uneasy, hesitated, and seemed on the point of refusing; but he invariably ended by rising to go, till it became almost a matter of course for them to find father and daughter standing starting by the rough gate between the prickly-pears, Redgrave moking one of his homemade cigars, and Helen watching with a sadness of expressions in her eyes which seemed to grow night by night.

Then there would be more chocolate out there, in the delicious evening, with the scent of orange blossom floating around, and the boom of the great Atlantic billows, softened by the distance, coming up like a bass murmur from far below.

Delicious dreamy evenings, with sea, sky and shadows of the coming night, and the slowly developing stars, all tending to give an indefinable something to the place which seemed to hold the visitors as in a thrall.

It had been so night after night, with the only drawback to the pleasure in the presence of Senor Ramon, who seemed to be quite at home at the villa, and polite and friendly, to a degree; but whose warmth never seemed to thaw the two Englishmen.

This night, Ramon was absent at his home way up a path through his grounds, followed unwillingly by Fraser, to a seat cut in the steep stone, from which they could gaze right away to sea and over the sleeping town.

"Peak looks well to-night," said Redgrave, pointing to what seemed like a faint cloud where the last rays of the departed day still lingered. "It's a beautiful world this—a bad world."

"Paradoxical," said Fraser dryly.

"Yes, sir. We spoil it, and make it bad."

There was a long silence, during which they sat and smoked; and from time to time, faintly heard, came the tinkle of Helen's guitar.

"You have been so friendly to us, Mr. Redgrave," said Fraser at last, "and you seem so isolated"——

"Yes; this is Isola," said the other with a half laugh.

"A stranger among strangers that I take the liberty of speaking," continued Fraser, without heeding the interruption. "You are in trouble?"

"To the very eyes, sir."

"Can I, as a fellow-countryman, help you?"

"No," said Redgrave shortly.

"I beg your pardon. I meant well."

"Of course you did, my dear sir, and I thank you; but you can't help me.—I have two great troubles—debt, and my daughter."

"A curse—and a blessing," said Fraser dryly.

"Call it so if you like, sir," cried Redgrave almost fiercely; "but I owe that Spanish dog more than I can ever pay him. He has led me on in my foolish desire to speculate, tempting me to borrow of him, as if he were my best friend, and I could not see it. I have no means of proving it; but I feel morally certain that he has used his great influence as the richest man in the island to undermine me in my sales. And now he demands payment in full."

"Well, sir; pay him.,'

"I cannot."

"You have not the means?"

"Yes, I have; but I cannot pay him."

"May I ask why?'

"Because he will not take money."

"What do you mean?'

"What did old Shylock insist upon having?"

"His pound of flesh?"

"Yes. I might borrow and pay him; but he insists upon having my daughter's hand."

"Ha!" ejaculated Fraser, as they sat there in the dark.

"And she hates him"——

There was a pause.

"As much as you, sir.

"Ha!" ejaculated Fraser again.

"There: come back, and join the young folks, Fraser. I feel better, now some one knows my trouble.—Humph! there he is again." For Ramon's voice was heard speaking loud enough, and directly after the four men encountered.

That night Ramon and Redgrave walked part of the way back with the two visitors; and after they had parted, Ramon stopped short.

"Good-night," said Redgrave,

"No, senor; it is not good-night," said the Spaniard haughtily. "How long do those English stay here?"

"I don't know; they are their own masters."

"Yes, Senor Redgrave; and I am yours. trip to your works?" said Fraser one evening, when he had been watching angrily the looks which Digby directed at Helen.

"Eh? Ah, when you like," said Redgrave.

"To morrow be it then," said Fraser.

"A trip—a walk?' said Ramon, turning sharply.

"Yes; only to the works."

"Ah, yes; very interesting.—You will take them to-morrow, Redgrave?"

The latter nodded.

"I wish you a pleasant day. You will start early, as it is far?"

"Yes. Soon after sunrise. I shall have everything ready, gentlemen, so be here in good time."

Ramon smiled to himself as he went away in the best of humor that night, but he smiled too soon.

Redgrave saw it, and he was very thoughtful as he bade his other visitors good-night.

"Nelly, my darling," he said as they re-entered the house, "it is very cold up the mountain, and the way there is scorching and dusty; but if I had the side-saddle clapped on one of the mules you could go with us."

The sad aspect fled from Helen's face on the instant. "Ah yes," she cried.

"That's right," said her father. "Then be ready. Thick boots and cloak ready for the cold."

Helen flung her arms about his neck, and hid her face for a moment in his breast before kissing him and saying "Good night."

"I've seen him smile before," said Redgrave to himself; "and it means mischief. As soon as we were out of the way, he would be here pestering my poor girl. Checkmate there."

"Treacherous enemy at least," said Ramon, as he returned home.

"Tom," said Fraser suddenly, as the two walked together down the steep slope.

"Eh? Yes?" said Digby with a start.

"What do you say to getting back to Santa Cruz and trying to catch one of the Castle boats home?"

"No."

"Eh?"

"I said No. I'm very bad, out of sorts, Horace; and this place is doing me worlds of good. Emphatically, No. Besides, you have not half-done the island yet. You said so the other day."

"True: I did."

"Then do it properly while you are here; and don't bother. Why, you are always wanting to go home."

Fraser's countenance grew more sad as he gazed sidewise at his companion's happy face, and he sighed gently. "Young—handsome—volatile," he said to himself; "and he loves her dearly; while she"—— He seemed to have come upon a confused mental tanglement, and it was some minutes after blindly blundering on through a maze of thought, that he said softly: "Matters are getting in a knot."

CHAPTER V.

"Going with us—you! cried Digby as he entered the pretty room at Redgrave's the next morning, to find a delicious breakfast spread, and Helen standing ready to receive him in a riding-habit specially adapted to the place.

"You will not think me in the way?' she said playfully.

Fraser's countenance looked more sombre as he took the hand extended to him, and smiled sadly as he followed Digby's example and expressed his delight.

To both men that day was a dream of a wondrous journey upward along a flower-strown track towards a dense cloud, which soon after enveloped them, and through which they laboriously climbed to find themselves in a new region, where the air was

only drawback to the pleasure in the presence of Senor Ramon, who seemed to be quite at home at the villa, and polite and friendly, to a degree; but whose warmth never seemed to thaw the two Englishmen.

This night, Ramon was absent at his home a quarter of a league on the other side of the little port; and as soon as the guitar strings had been tuned, Helen sang first one and then another of the old ballads of home, the room growing darker, and the faces of those present more indistinct, till suddenly Redgrave started up as his child's sweet sympathetic voice ceased, the last note of the guitar vibrating in the fragrant air.

"Room's too hot," said Redgrave huskily.—"Come and have a walk round, Fraser."

"Poor papa!" said Helen, rising as he left the room, followed by Fraser with unwilling step.

"Is anything wrong?" said Digby, laying his hand upon the guitar, as if in protest.

"It was my mother's favourite song," said Helen sadly. "She used to sing it. I remembered the air, and found the words one day in her desk. I sang it to him one evening as a surprise, and his emotion frightened me; but ever since he makes me sing it whenever I take down the guitar. He says it brings him back the past; but it always makes him sad."

There was a few moments' silence, embarrassing to both. Digby had words rising to his lips which he longed to speak; but he checked them, as he felt that he had no right.

"Let us join them now," said Helen, trying to draw away the guitar.

"No, no; not yet," cried Digby. "One more song—will you?—may I ask you? the little Spanish song I heard you singing that day you were gathering flowers."

Helen drew her breath so sharply that there was a sound in the darkening room as of a painful sob. Then there was silence as Digby sank back in his chair with a feeling of misery crushing down upon him such as he had never felt before.

"I'm an idiot!" he said to himself. "What business had I ever to harbour such thoughts? But if it had been another, I should not have cared."

He knew he was thinking a lie as he seemed to start back into consciousness, for the chords of the guitar rang out in a wild half-minor refrain, and before him he could dimly see Helen on the other side of the room, seated opposite the window, while the sweet pure notes thrilled him through and through.

But the song seemed different now. In place of the vivid greenery of the wood, and the face of the singer looking bright, happy, and surprised in the encounter, everything was dark and oppressive; even the song seemed sad, while it was as if a blow had been struck as the last note rang out and a voice from the window cried "Brava! brava!" with the addition of hearty plaudits.

Digby sprang to his feet with the hot blood in his cheeks.

"Ah, my dear Senor Digby, I did not know you were there.—Is not Helen's voice delicious?"

Digby tried to speak, but bit his lip with rage, for the words would not come; and Ramon continued: "Come, senor, confess she sings our Spanish songs in a way which throws yours in the shade?"

"Miss Redgrave's singing is a pleasure to hear," said Digby coldly.—"Shall we join your father in the garden?"

"Thank you, Mr. Digby; not this evening," said Helen, her voice sounding as if it had caught the inflection of his.

"But you will come, my dear senor," said Ramon. "I have brought you a few of my latest made cigars."

In the meantime, Redgrave had led the

"No, senor; it is not good-night," said the Spaniard haughtily. "How long do those English stay here?"

"I don't know; they are their own masters."

"Yes, Senor Redgrave; and I am yours. Their presence here displeases me. Let them go."

He strode away; and as Redgrave walked slowly back, he struck the palm of his left hand a tremendous blow with his fist and said something English—only one word, but it was very English indeed.

CHAPTER IV.

Another fortnight had passed. Excursions had been made along the shore to where the huge billows thundered in. Digby has mastered his antipathy so far as to allow himself to be let down by a rope in company with Fraser to inspect the mummy caves, where, in the most inaccessible spots, the ancient inhabitants of the island buried their dead; and here Fraser had descanted upon facial angles, prognathic jaws, width of cheekbones, height of forehead, and the like, as he stood before Digby, Hamlet-like, holding an antique skull. Botanical specimens had been procured; geological examples collected, and packed in boxes for transit home; insects had been captured, and duly stuck; and the troglodytes of the island visited in their cavern villages, where they dwelt dirtily and securely in caves, which were similar to those used in the past by the Guanches as catacombs, being really huge ruptured bubbles formed by volcanic gases in the molten stone, when the great mountain of the interior poured forth in eruption the rock-formed fluid of the interior of the earth. While ever, night after night, as if drawn by a magnet, the two visitors found their way to Redgrave's house, where the master was gravely friendly, as he noted how his child's sad countenance lit up as the familiar footsteps were heard upon the silvery pumice-path.

Ramon raged and stormed. Redgrave forgot his Canary-Spanish education, and grew more English, displaying a bulldog obstinacy.

Then Ramon threatened as he showed his white teeth. "Mischief may come, my dear Redgrave," he whispered.

In an instant Redgrave's strong hand gripped him by the shoulder, and his gray eyes flashed fire into the Spaniard's dark orbs. "Don't try it," he said fiercely. "You have an Englishman and a Scot to deal with, sir, and those two together can beat the world, let alone Spain. Read your history, sir, if you don't believe. Your Spaniards fight with knives; we Englishmen with our fists. Knives break, fists break too, but they break people's heads. That's metaphorical, Senor Ramon, but there's a good deal of truth in it, all the same. Don't threaten, sir. You've got me down, but I might be dangerous if you tempted me to kick."

"My dear Redgrave, this is absurd," said Ramon. "You misunderstand me. We are the best of friends. I will say no more. We two cannot afford to quarrel. I look upon you as my father, yet to be."

From that moment Ramon was smiles and good-humor combined. Placid as one of the volcanoes of the island, sleeping and covered by time with grass and flowers, with nothing to tell that they were not pleasant mounds, till a stick was thrust in deeply, and then a faint vapour arose, invisible to the eye, but diffusing an odour of sulphur that was strangely suggestive of heat far down below.

Redgrave was always friendly to the two men, but he made no proposals for trips in the island; he never invited them to come.

"I'll do nothing," he used to mutter to himself. "My attempts always fail. I'll leave everything to fate."

"When are we to have this long-talked of

To both men that day was a dream of a wondrous journey upward along a flower-strown track towards a dense cloud, which soon after enveloped them, and through which they laboriously climbed to find themselves in a new region, where the air was cooler, and fragrant with the odour of the resinous pines through which they passed; and as Digby led Helen's mule, they talked little, but listened to the music of the birds and the gurgle of water, and caught from time to time among the tree-tops glimpses of the dazzling blue sky. They spoke but seldom, but went on with their eyes fixed upon Fraser and Redgrave, who led the way some fifty yards ahead, but stopped from time to time, for the laggards to overtake them, and admire some fresh view.

And all through that temperate summer zone the birds sung around them; and to Digby they sang only of love, and to Helen of what might be.

But the sadness in her breast suffused her eyes, with tears. There was a black shadow always before her; and when, after riding her mule through some rougher part, Digby turned to seek her gaze, she averted it with a sigh, but to own to herself that all this was very sweet, and she knew that she had never before enjoyed a day like this.

This fir-tree zone came to an end; the cool darkness and soft silence of the shady glade gave place to a rugged pumice-strown desert, where fine dust rose at every step, and the sun poured down with blinding power. A weary, weary tramp to some; but to those two who hung behind, a dreamy time of bliss, through which they journeyed on hour after hour, till a wooden hut was reached, where the mule was tethered; and Fraser now, at Redgrave's suggestion, offered his arm to help Helen up a cindery slope to the edge of the mountain crater, the party then descending a hundred feet or so into a hollow, where Fraser forgot everything but the delight he found in gathering specimens of sulphur crystals—pale straw colour, rich yellow, and brilliant scarlet.

"Yes, this is my last venture," said Redgrave suddenly. "My men come up here to dig the sulphur, of which there is no end, store it for me in the tent below, and we ship it off home. But you had better not stay long; the sulphur gas comes up strong to-day."

"What would happen if there was to be an eruption now, Mr. Redgrave?" said Digby.

"This party would never know," was the serious reply.

"Then I wish to goodness Senor Ramon were here, and this party safe at home, if it did blow up," said Digby in a half-whisper as he glanced at Helen, who shook her head at him sadly; and he saw her eyes fill with tears.

Fraser was a dozen yards away, stooping to pick up yet another crystal, while Redgrave was walking towards him.

"Forgive me," whispered Digby. "They were the words of a thoughtless boy."

Her look said so much that he caught her hand and raised it to his lips, but only got it to be drawn timidly away.

"Well, Fraser, when you're ready," said Redgrave. "It's a long way back; the wind's high; the gases bad, and the dust blows. It's very cold too.—Shall we go back?"

Fraser assented; and Digby gave way to him as he came forward to help Helen to climb up the side of the crater to the edge, whence, after a brief gaze round at the glorious view, they all descended to the hut, and partook of the luncheon they had brought. Helen remounted the mule, and Digby took the bridle once more as her father and Fraser went on.

The first part of the descent

took place in silence, both Digby and Helen wondering how it was that they had not noticed that it was bitterly cold, the wind boisterous, and the dust that rose painful and wearying to a degree. They were conscious of nothing save that they were together in an idyllic dream, with a world of beauty spread out below.

Eight thousand feet, they had been told, was the height of the quiescent volcano; but the words had fallen upon deaf ears, for there was a question asking itself at the portals of their hearts: 'How is this to end?"

The sun was gething low in the west as the pine zone upon the mountain was reached; and once more in the dim obscuri y they seemed more dreamy and sweet than ever.

Fraser and Redgrave were well on ahead; the track wound here and there; but dim as the woodland became, the mule was familliar with the way, and paced slowly on with its bridle upon its neck, and Digby walking now with his hand upon the saddlebow.

"Helen!" he said, and his voice was a whisper among the pines.

She did not speak; but her hand was timidly resigned to his grasp, and the next moment his arms were about her. "My darling!" were his words; "I love you with all a man's first true love!"

There was no reply, a timid shrinking, and with a sob Helen let her head rest upon his shoulder, as if that were the place where she might find safety from the fate that seemed to her worse than death.

There was a strange grating noise, such as might have been made by a frightened bird, but it was caused by ivory gritting and grinding upon ivory.

Digby started round to see dimly, half-a-dozen yards away, Ramon standing by the bole of one of the thickest pines, while a cheery voice ahead shouted back: "Come, you people; don't lose your way."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

The Larder of A "Liner."

We grumble at a hotel or on board ship if our food is not exactly what we desire, but few have any idea of the provision needed on one of the American liners. The passengers on the Royal Mail steamship Umbria, on one of her recent voyages from New York to Liverpool, consumed the following:—9,500 pounds of beef, 4,000 pounds of mutton, 900 pounds of lamb, 256 pounds of veal, 150 pounds of pork, 140 pounds of pickled legs of pork, 600 pounds of corned tongues, 700 pounds of corned beef, 2,000 pounds of fresh fish, 20 pounds of calves' feet, 18 pounds of calves' heade, 450 fowls, 240 spring chickens, 120 ducks, 50 turkeys, 50 geese, 600 squabs, 300 tins of sardines, 300 plovers, 175 pounds of sausages, 1,200 pounds of ham, 500 pounds of bacon, 10,000 eggs, 2,000 quarts of milk, 700 pounds of butter, 410 pounds of coffee, 87 pounds of tea, 900 pounds of sugar, 100 pounds of rice, 200 pounds of barley, 100 jars of jam and jelly, 50 bottles of pickles, 60 bottles of sauces, 20 barrels of apples, 14 boxes of lemons, 80 boxes of oranges, 6 tons of potatoes, 24 barrels of flour.—[Pall Mall Gazette.

Artificial Silk.

In the Paris exhibition is exhibited a collodion product of a remarkable character, neither more nor less than an artificial silk. To manufacture it pyroxyine was first prepared by the conversion of a specially pure cellulose, obtained from certain parts of young wood, and then dissolved in a mixture of thirty-eight parts of ether and forty two of alcohol. Through a series of concentric tubes the collodion is forced out, under pressure, in a stream, and then immediately

HOUSEHOLD.

Home Made Portieres.

The most elaborate effects may often be produced with very ordinary materials, and this is the secret which, once mastered, gives unlimited scope to the inventive talent of the home decorator.

A portiere for summer is often desirable for certain reasons: it leaves such a gap in the rooms when the heavy winter draperies are taken down, and yet they must be dispensed with in order to have the necessary circulation of air during the summer months. In this case a pretty substitute for a winter drapery is a portiere made of rope,—the ordinary cotton clothes-lines will do nicely if the macrame rope, which is sold for hammock hangings, etc., is not attainable.

A rope portiere is not difficult to make. Cut the rope in lengths to reach from the pole to within six inches of the floor, and attach each length to a ring. Make a tassel at the lower end by fringing out the rope about eight inches and tying a knot above. Variety may be afforded by using alternating lengths of rope, or arranging them in graduated lengths so that they will form points at the bottom.

If a curtain pole and rings are too expensive, use a rustic pole and screw in it, in a straight line, as many screw-eyes as there are lengths of rope, and attach each length of rope to a screw-eye; then fasten the pole up to the door casing with leather bands or a loop of rope. The expense of this really artistic hanging is only the price of the rope and a few cents for the screw-eyes. The portiere can be parted anywhere, as those of Japanese bamboo and beads are, and needs no looping, as it looks better hanging perfectly straight.

The Care of Shoes.

A woman who understands the economy of dress will never buy a cheap pair of shoes. No poorer investment can be made, for besides giving out in shorter time than a firstclass article it will look shabby and worn long before it should do so. But any shoe, no matter how costly or well-shaped in the beginning, will lose its freshness speedily if not properly cared for. This is especially applicable to those made of French kid, which every little bruise and touch turns purple. A rule observed by many women, and a good one it proves, too, is never to wear a street shoe in the house. It receives harder treatment, strange to say, from numerous inevitable collisions with articles of furniture than it would in double the amount of street wear.

Another sensible custom is to reserve a pair of boots for wet-weather wear leaving them to rest in a comfortable bag between times. Nothing tells against the beauty of footgear so much as getting it wet, and even with rubbers no amount of diligence will prevent the dampness from the skirts reaching the ankles. Shoes should be removed immediately on arriving at home, the dust and soil wiped away with a clean, soft rag, and then they should be placed together in a separate pocket of the shoe bag until wanted again. If this course is invariably pursued a considerable saving of money, time, and temper will be added to the increased service derived from even an inferior quality of leather.

Never wear a shoe unbuttoned if you care for its shapeliness, and never be satisfied when you do button it if all those little necessaries are not in place. The wearing of a shoe even once or twice with a pair or trio of buttons gone from it tells on its appearance in the long run. Patent button-fasteners are unsatisfactory, for if the shoe

kettle, a layer of potatoes alternately till all are used. Season each layer with salt, pepper and sprinkle with a little flour. Pour enough boiling water into the kettle to cover the contents. Cook slowly till the potatoes are done, then add one pint of scalded milk. Split a dozen crackers, dip them in boiling water and lay in a tureen. Pour the chowder on the crackers. Serve the pork with it.

PIGEON PIE.—One and a half pounds of rump steak, two or three pigeons, three slices of cold boiled ham, pepper and salt to taste, two ounces of butter, four eggs, puff or other paste. Cut the steak into pieces about three inches square, and with it line the bottom of a deep pie dish, seasoning it well with pepper and salt. Clean the pigeons, rub them with pepper and salt inside and out, and put into the body of each rather more than half an ounce of butter; lay them on the steak, and a piece of ham on each pigeon. Add the yolks of four eggs, and half fill the dish with good stock; place a border of puff paste round the edge of the dish, put on the cover, and ornament it in any way that may be preferred. Clean the feet, and place them in a hole made in the crust at the top; this shows what kind of a pie it is. Glaze the crust, that is to say, brush it over with the yoke of an egg, and bake it in a well-heated oven for about an hour and a quarter.

British Investors in the U. S.

British capitalists have been investing their money in the most wholesale manner of late in the United States. Twenty-seven millions sterling are said to have gone into breweries alone; large sums have been expended on flour mills, and an immense purchase of dry goods houses is now proposed. In the midst of the flow of wealth into the Republic comes a note of warning to the capitalists who are thus pouring their money into a country which is anything but friendly to Britain, and of whose differing State laws and State rights they have little knowledge. It is pointed out that many of the individual States of the Union have adopted an extremely hostile attitude towards alien investors in their real estate, and that while the British capitalist will find himself safe in some States, in others he will run grave risks of losing his entire investment.. The laws of the State of Pennsylvania are extremely harsh in this particular, and the Minnesota Legislature has recently enacted that it shall be unlawful for any one who is not a citizen, or who does not propose to become one, or for any corporation not created by or under the laws of the Republic or of the State, to acquire, hold or own real estate. While means are often found to evade these requirements of the law, it will still be evident that considerable danger exists for the incautious or ignorant investor, and that if any hostile feeling should be aroused in the country, and it is easily done during election times, the British capitalist might have bitter cause for regretting his faith in the friendship of the United States people.

A recent cartoon in a New York paper hits off the present situation very well. John Bull is represented with a number of bags of gold hanging from his belt as approaching Uncle Sam with the remark! "It's a lot of trouble to buy you up piecemeal; what will you take for your whole blooming country, anyway?" Canadians cannot but wish that the British investor, in his own interest as well as in ours, would utilize more of his wealth than he now does in building up the great mining and other industries of which this country is capable, and which would afford him a safe and paying investment.

Popular Books.

of alcohol. Through a series of concentric tubes the collodion is forced out, under pressure, in a stream, and then immediately solidifies by contact with water, the thread so produced being wound off on a bobbin. Next, this thread is denitrated by being soaked in weak nitric acid, which renders it insoluble in ether and alcohol, and also non-explosive. The threads are now dried and used as ordinary silk; they are capable of being dyed, and are about three-quarters of the textile strength of ordinary cocoon silk. In appearance it is stated to excel the natural product of silk-worm.

Character the Key to Success.

Two fundamental psychological elements to be always studied among any people are character and intelligence. Character is infinitely more important to the success of an individual or a race than intelligence. Rome in her decline, certainly possessed mor superior minds than the Rome of the earlier ages of the republic. Brilliant artists, eloquent rhetoricians, and graceful writers appeared then by the hundred. But she was lacking in men of manly and energetic character, who may perhaps have been careless of the refinement of art, but were very careful of the power of the city whose grandeur they had founded. When it had lost all of these, Rome had to give way to peoples much less intelligent but more energetic. The conquest of the ancient, refined, and lettered Græco-Latin world by tribes of semi-barbarous Arabs constitutes another example of the same kind. History is full of such.

A Submerged Forest.

During the late violent storms in the channel the sea washed through a high and hard sand bank near the Isle of St. Malo, France, nearly four meters thick, laying bare a portion of ancient forest which was already passing into the condition of coal. This forest at the beginning of our era covered an extensive tract of the coast; but with the sinking of the land it became submerged and covered up by the drifting sand. Mont Saint Michel once stood in the middle of it. The forest had quite disappeared by the middle of the tenth century. Occasionally, at very low tides after storms, remains of it are disclosed, just as at present. It is believed that some centuries ago the highest tides rose about 12 metres above the level of the lowest ebb. Now the high water level is 15 5 meters above the lowest.

The Manchester Ship Canal.

Anyone unconvinced by a sight of the canal itself that the task of making it is a serious one would assuredly be converted if he saw the plant and machinery at work. Though the canal is only 35 miles long, there are about 200 miles of railway line laid down on or near its banks, and 150 locomotives are at work upon them to remove the soil dug out by 15,000 human and 80 steam navvies. One of these latter has been known before now to feed full 650 railway waggons, holding four cubic yards apiece, in the course of a day. But when there are 50,000,000 cubic yards to be excavated 2,600 is a mere flea bite. In all the ground at the present moment is valued at upward £700,000.—[Murray's Magazine.

A Surprised Bond Street Boarder.

"Mrs. Scraggs, hand me the butter, please."

"Mr. Darringer, it's exhausted."

"Why, you surprise me! I thought it was strong enough to last a long time."

The English sparrow at home is being discovered painted yellow and being sold as a canary.

of a shoe even once or twice with a pair or trio of buttons gone from it tells on its appearance in the long run. Patent button-fasteners are unsatisfactory, for if the shoe draws even the least bit about the ankles the mental clamps show, and even the most persistent system of blackening fails to keep them from looking brassy.

A small box of round shoe-buttons with a curved needle and lengths of course linen thread already cut should have a place in the top drawer of every woman's dressing-case, or chiffonier. Then the task of replacing a missing button simplifies itself wonderfully. On children's shoes particularly the patent fastenings should never be used, for in their romps buttons, fasteners, leather and all are apt to disappear. A good plan to carry out regarding shoes for the little ones is to rub them well with castor oil before they are worn at all. This makes the leather pliable, fills up the pores, and prevents it from cracking. For their every-day shoes once in two weeks is not too often to oil them. At first the oil will give them a gray look, but after an hour or so is passed the finish they show is nice and soft.

If shoes get wet smooth them into as good shape as possible and place them in a medium warm atmosphere to dry. This takes a longer time than if dried close to the fire, but they will be in much better condition when wanted. Leather hardened by drying too suddenly can be restored by the application of castor oil well rubbed in.

Two or three breadths of ingrain carpet, according to the size of the space to be covered, and of the length required, sewed together, and hemmed at each end or bound with carpet binding, make a very nice rug, and so do lengths of Chinese matting put together in the same way. The breadths of matting will have to be joined together with twine, the two edges overhanded together loosely with a sail-needle, so that the edges will meet flatly when the matting is laid down. The ends may be bound with strips of scarlet or gray cloth, and the matting rug, when not in use, can be rolled up and set on end in a corner of the hall.

Choice Recipes.

CREAMED EGGS.—Slice in quite thick slices four hard boiled eggs, roll each slice in melted butter and coat with flour. Bring to boiling point one quart of sweet milk, add one teaspoonful of minced onion, two tablespoonfuls of butter, salt and pepper to season, and last of all add the eggs. Boil five minutes and serve hot.

COFFEE CAKE.—One pint of bread dough, one-half cup of butter, one cup of sugar, one teaspoonful of cinnamon; mix all well together, rolling into a thin sheet; after rising until light, place in baking pans. Let the cake rise until light, then cover the top of each with this mixture: two tablespoonfuls each of sugar and butter, one teaspoonful of cinnamon; beat well together, then spread over each cake and place in the oven five minutes. Serve warm or cold.

STEAMED INDIAN PUDDING.—One pint of granulated cornmeal, one pint of sour milk, one pint of chopped suet, one cupful of molasses, one tablespoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in one tablespoonful of hot water and added to the last thing (this is considered better than mixing soda with milk.) Steam three hours or longer and serve with molasses sauce. In summer-time add one pint of berries and one pint of apples. In using uncovered molds in steaming, the surface can be kept perfectly dry if the steamer is uncovered during the steaming.

FISH CHOWDER.—Cut three-and-a-half pounds of haddock into about eight pieces; fry three thick slices of salt pork slowly and take them up, chop a good-sized onion and fry in the fat, then having pared and sliced eight potatoes, put a layer of fish in the

ing investment.

Popular Books.

Many people deplore the fact that fiction is by far the most popular sort of reading matter with patrons of public libraries. It is safe to say, moreover, that they lay the blame for this state of affairs to the younger readers. But there is evidence to show that this is a mistake. The New York "Commercial Advertiser" recently sent out a serious of questions respecting the class of books taken from public libraries, and the following answer given to one of them by he librarian at Indianapolis is substantially the same as that given by the officials at Columbus and Boston:

"The popular belief that boys and girls use the public library for the purpose of steeping themselves in fiction is not held by librarians nor borne out by facts. It is a common everyday sight to see a boy or girl pass proudly out from the library with a book much beyond their years, to be followed some time later by their kind, tender mother, or their hard headed father, with a very light novel. The statistics of reading in public libraries show that in every thousand volumns of fiction circulated, two-thirds are taken by adults and one-third by young readers."

It is to the seniors, therefore, that we must look for improvement in this matter.

Evidence that a Man is Fearfully and Wonderfully Made.

An old preacher, after services one Sunday, announced his reading for the following Sunday. During the week, some mischievous boys obtained his bible and pasted two of the leaves together, right where he was to read. Sunday morning coming, the aged divine opened his book, and read as follows: "and Noah took unto himself a wife who was"—and here he turned the leaf—'forty cubits broad, one hundred and forty cubits long." With a look of astonishment, he wiped his glasses, re-read and verified the passage and then said: "My friends, although I have read the Bible many times, this is the first time I have ever seen this passage, but I take it as another evidence of the fact that man is most fearfully and wonderfully made."

Defensive Theology.

Bennie is a bright five-year-old son of an editor. The other day he came home from a protracted tricycle ride.

"Bennie," said his father, "didn't your mother tell you not to go so far away from the house?"

"Y-e-s, papa, but the devil took my breath away and wouldn't let me remember."

"That's the old story about the devil," said Mr. Hughes, trying to look stern. "I'm afraid I shall have to spank that devil out of you."

"Oh, the devil flew out of me just as I entered the house," protested Bennie. "He said, 'Bennie, you're in for a spanking, and a spanking hurts, and I guess you'd better take it yourself.'"

Then and Now.

"In 1816," says a London exchange, "it took just one bushel of corn to buy one pound of nails; now one bushel of corn will buy ten pounds of nails. Then it required sixty-four bushels of barley to buy one yard of broadcloth; now the same amount of barley will pay for twenty yards of broadcloth. It then required the price of one bushel of wheat to pay for one yard of calico; now one bushel of wheat will buy twenty yards of calico."

HEALTH.

Care of the Sick.

He or she who could properly be intrusted to feed the seriously ill must know something of the qualities of different foods. Some foods in certain diseases have really a curative effect, as, for instance, coffee. A five-ounce cup of strong coffee contains about 66 grains of extract, or an equivalent to about two grains of caffeine—often quite sufficient to relieve neuralgia or a headache. Beef tea containing a generous quantity of red pepper is quite equal to drugs in the treatment of delirium tremens. In inflammation of the stomach and intestines, liquid food made of gelatine, isinglass, Irish moss and flaxseed, have a very soothing effect, and in some cases recovery takes place under their use alone.

And so we might go on with evidence of the curative effects of many foods. From what has been said people ought to be able to understand that the duties of the physician are by no means confined to drugging, and that when in any case he is limiting his treatment to dietetic means, he is doing what demands equally as much skill as would the proper administration of medicines. And here it is well to say that physicians of the present, whenever they can do so, employ Nature's simple dietetic remedies, always in preference to drugs. Life depends upon diet, and the restoration of health depends upon the same principles as its preservation. Disease is the result of the violation of the laws of health; hence the first step toward recovery is to establish those laws. The material for repair and support must come from diet, and often in disease a cure takes place under its proper administration alone.

There is yet one other point to bring forward in relation to feeding the seriously sick to show that the application of dietetic measures can never properly be intrusted to other than skilful hands. No two patients are alike, hence no two will scarcely demand exactly the same treatment. One may require that the nourishment be generous, in fact, all that the system can dispose of, and yet, for the other, ill with the same disease, a low diet will be much the best.

Want of Sleep.

Are you afflicted with insomnia? Perhaps you have too much time for sleep. Perhaps you depend too much on sleep for rest and recuperation. For sleep is not the sole rest of used-up nerves. Sociability, congeniality, enjoyment of good company rest the body quite as much as sleep.

The dreary monotony of life in many a household, involving this tumbling into bed with the mechanical regularity of a machine at nine or ten o'clock in the evening, does not always rest weary bodies. "Early to bed and early to rise" does not always make a man healthy, wealthy or wise.

Numbers of organizations are only capable of five or six hours' sleep at a time, and their early lying down to rest is often succeeded by an early waking up and a consequent restless tossing for hours preceding daybreak. The practisers of punctuality are often surprised after breaking their own cast iron rules, and passing two or three later hours of mirth and jollity past their usual bed time, to find themselves even more refreshed in the morning than usual. The relaxation of sociability has rested them more than would sleep or an attempt to sleep. But these are conditions not so easily reached in the average family.

In fashionable life we have a formal, exhausting and mechanical evening of more or less dissipation. On the other hand the

FROM THE UNITED STATES TO EUROPE.

A Railroad from Washington Territory Through British Columbia and Alaska.

It is highly probable that a railway from Spokane Falls to Alaska will be constructed within the next few years, said Mr. H. A. Johnston. I am on my way home from a business trip to Washington Territory, and while out there my attention was called to this project, and I spent considerable time looking into it. The movement is in its infancy, but it has the backing of the wealthy men of the Northwest and of the people of British Columbia, and I believe the road will be built. The idea looks strange and impracticable at the first glance, but, as a matter of fact, the obstacles to be encountered in the construction of such a line would not be as great as were met with by the Central Pacific and the Northern Pacific. It is proposed to begin the railroad at Spokane Falls, making that city the southern and eastern terminus. Competent engineers place the total cost at $130,000,000. Mr. Walter Moberly, engineer for the Government of British Columbia, has examined the proposed route, and believes the route could be built for less money per mile than the Canadian Pacific, and would prove profitable.

As to the route projected, it is necessary to explain the physical conditions of the country so that the feasibility of the plan may be seen. The Rocky Mountains enter British Columbia in about the longitude of Salt Lake City, and tend westward until they join the Alaska coast range, breaking in the northern part of British Columbia into three parallel ranges. The eastern range is the Rockies proper, the middle range is the Selkirks, and the western the Columbian range. The Columbia River rises in the valley between the Rockies and the Selkirks and flows north until it reaches the extremity of the latter range, around which it turns and flows back south between the Selkirks and Columbian ranges into Washington Territory. At the point where the Columbia turns the north end of the Selkirk range, it receives a strong tributary in the Canoe River. The road as projected would run along the valleys of the Columbia and the Canoe, then over the hills from Tate Cache, and down along the Fraser River to Front George. Thence it would have to cross a long, but not difficult pass to the valley of the Yukon, down which it would go to the mouth of that great river, a distance altogether of about 3,000 miles. The Yukon is bordered most of the way by a wide flood plain and terrace, and construction along its banks would be simple.

"Where would the road get its revenue?" was asked.

Well, to began with, it would touch the famous Kootenai valley, a splendid agricultural and cattle raising region. The people of Spokane Falls have for some time been figuring on a road eighty miles to the boundary to connect with a road for which a company of Canadians and Englishmen have secured a charter, from the boundary to the Canadian Pacific at Revelstoke, 200 miles further north. The English company will commence work this summer, and their road would form the first link in the Alaska road. This, however, is merely to show that the Kootenai region is valuable and that the Spokane Falls people know it. There are a great many mines and rich deposits of ore along the Columbia, and an English company is building a smelter at Revelstoke to handle them. Nearly every stream running into the Columbia carries float gold. The Canoe River runs through a great fur and embryo mining region, and from the Yukon come gold, furs, and timber, and from its mouth the seals. All along the route of the road is

Indian Medicine Men and War Dancers.

The habits and customs of some of the Western tribes are so little known to the general reader that, perhaps, a description of some of their curious practices may be of some interest. Mr. Paul Beckwith has published an interesting paper on the Dakotahs in the last report of the Smithsonian Institution, and among other things he remarks that the medicine man or high priest is invariably a chief, and although he maintains his sway by the use of mysteries and incantations, nevertheless at times shows a power which is not understood by those outside of the cult or brotherhood, and through a knowledge of the medicinal properties of herbs often performs cures that lead one to believe he is not altogether the charlatan he is represented. His cures are often the wonder of the army surgeons.

An incident in point is cited in the case of an Indian who one day came staggering into camp with his leg horribly swollen from a bite of a venomous snake. The camp surgeon could do nothing for the sufferer, but he was completely cured by the medicine man. Another case is quoted in which a cataract of the eye was cured by inserting brass filings into the affected organ. To impress upon the mind of the patient the divine nature of his medicine, the medicine man adds to the efficacy of his remedy mysterious pantomimes, contortions of the body and features, always to a drum accompaniment. If the patient is affected with a serious ailment, he places a paper or bark figure on the round, and, while the patient is held over it he fires a gun, by which act the sickness passes into the image in the ground and is killed by the discharge of the gun. They claim that all this power is received from the Great Spirit, who confers upon them a spiritual medicine so powerful that they can kill at will, resuscitate the dead, and cure the sick. This spiritual medicine is represented by anything that strikes the fancy, as a bunch of feathers, a claw, a bird, or the head of an animal.

When a council is held, a barricade is erected in the form of an ellipse, and a tent is raised at each end of the inclosure, one for the high priests or medicine men and the other for ten men who have been selected to keep order and conduct the ceremony, acting as a sort of police. The high priest, from his seat in the medicine tent, appoints your assistants, one bearing a drum, one a willow and stick, one a rattle, and the last assisting by grunting. A big drum in the center of the circle is being constantly beaten by several drummers. The high priest then speaks to them of the holy dance which was founded centuries ago, and tells them of the power of the medicine of their ancestors and warning skeptics not to scoff at them or their crafts, as they have the power of thrusting a claw or stone through the body of any one at will, causing instant death. In proof of this assertion, he calls one of his assistants to him and points towards him with the medicine bag, at the same instant puffing at him with his lips, whereupon the assistant falls to the ground apparently senseless.

Then the priest salaams to the four points of the compass, and invokes the Great Spirit to aid him and the other members present in bringing the dead brother to life.

The drums are then beaten and a frantic dance is begun, when the lifeless form gradually returns to consciousness and spits into his hand a mass of froth and blood in which is found a claw or a stone. The high priest now dances around the circle, and waving his medicine bag, blows upon some one else, who in the same manner, falls to the ground senseless. The chief continues, and the "dead men," reviving, assist in shooting others, until the inclosure is full of howling savages dancing, yelling, and shooting

In fashionable life we have a formal, exhausting and mechanical evening of more or less dissipation. On the other hand the evenings of great numbers of families are monotonous humdrum. They involve the assemblage of the same people, the same surroundings, the same paterfamilias yawning over his paper, and the same queurlous mamma overladen with family cares. Fresh people with fresh thought, fresh atmosphere, anything to stir up and agitate the pool of domestic stagnation, are sadly needed and sadly scarce. There needs to be also a constant succession of such fresh people to bring about these results. The world is full of men and women, and in a better regulated life it would be the business after the day's work was done to entertain each other, and give each other fresh life. As it is now, hundreds if not thousands of our households are little better than cells for the incarceration of each family. Thousands are thus worn out prematurely from the utter lack of domestic recreation. There might be written over the graves of hundreds of thousands, "Bored to death by the stagnation of domestic life."—[The Christian at Work.

Ice-Water.

There is a great deal of sentiment and many opinions regarding the use of ice-water that vanish when the light of reason and experience is turned upon them. The fact is, that ice-water, drank slowly and in moderate quantities, constitutes a healthful and invigorating drink. There is no doubt that ice is a great sanitary agent, and every family ought to be provided with it during the warmer months of the year. It is true that the inordinate use of ice-water, or its use under some special conditions and circumstances, is attended with great danger, so is the improper use of any other drink or food. The assumption that iced water is dangerous, and that iced tea, or iced coffee, or iced lemonade is a harmless substitute, is simply a delusion. As the source of danger feared by some is the degree of cold, we fail to see clearly how flavor modifies the effect of temperature. There are some individuals, undoubtedly, who cannot drink ice-water without injury, and who ought never to use it, but to a great majority of persons it is refreshing and healthful. Its use, temperate and discrete, is in no way to be condemned, which cannot be said of some of its substitutes.—[Sanitary Volunteer.

Hyena-Spearing in India.

The hyena, though a most useful scavenger, is not a noble looking animal, and his nature is decidedly currish. He is not a beast usually selected for the chase, but affords a certain amount of fun when nothing better is to be had. Many a sportsman, when disappointed in finding boar, has had a run after a hyena. These beasts do not go at any great pace or charge like a brave old boar, yet they are not easy to spear, by reason of the quickness with which they turn and twist. The animal has just turned sharp at right angles, and thrown out the man who is about to spear him, letting another out in, while the horse of a third, putting his foot in a hole, comes down, and then, getting rid of his rider continues the chase on his own account, biting and striking at the hyena, which makes no attempt to resent this strange onslaught. We observe that Mr. Moray Brown, in his excellent book, "Shikar Sketches," mentions a similar incident. But doubles and turns can not always save the hyena; at last a well-directed spear-thrust ends his career on earth and finishes the difficult pursuit.

When a man goes out for a "spin" on the road he should use a "top" buggy.

River runs through a great fur and embryo mining region, and from the Yukon come gold, furs, and timber, and from its mouth the seals. All along the route of the road is valuable country either for mining, salmon fisheries, agriculture, stock raising, or timber.

"Would not the snow and ice prevent the operation of such a road?"

That is apparently the greatest difficulty. Any one at first would think that the climate would be an insurmountable difficulty, but it is positively asserted by those who ought to know that the climate would cause no more trouble than it does on the Northern and Canadian Pacific. You know that the ocean breezes temper the climate all along the coast, and and it is very little colder in Sitka than it is in New York. Now, this road would run west of the mountains all the way, and the further north it gets the nearer does it go to the coast, so that the climate would be comparatively temperate all the way.

The road would be operated for the joint use and benefit of British Columbia and the United States, and it is proposed to have the province contribute its proportion of the cost in lands, and the United States to give its guarantees for the payment of interest for twenty years on $50,000 per mile of the cost.

There is another important point in connection with this road. The Russian Government is now engaged in building a railroad across Siberia and down the Amoor to its mouth. A road is also projected from the main line on the Amoor into Kamschatka, and to some port on Behring's Strait, only a short distance from the mouth of the Yukon. This line, in connection with the Alaska road would form a practically all rail route from Europe to the United States.

Victimized Innocence.

Not long since a Yankee made his appearance in the goodly Dutch town of German Flats, professing to be a schoolmaster, and commenced preparations for opening an English school. The honest Dutchmen, delighted with the project, received him kindly, entertained him hospitably and stood ready, as soon as the necessary preliminaries could be provided, to patronize his undertaking. Under these circumstances the Yankee purchased of one of them a very fine horse, giving his note at six months from date as the purchase money.

Shortly after this both the Yankee and the horse were missing, and a neighbor, meeting with the former owner of the horse, said to him:

"So, Hans, you have lost dat der horse of yours?"

"How so?"

"Why, dot Yankee you sold him to has run away mit him."

"Val, vat do I care for dot; hain't I got his note?"

What is Fog?

In an interesting letter to "Science," H. A. Hazen, of Washington, gives some interesting and valuable particulars respecting the properties and nature of fog. He says that it is admitted that fog is simply cloud composed of water dust or solid minute spheres of water from 1-7,000 to 1-00,0.0 of an inch in diameter. Many have supposed that a dust particle must be the nucleus for each sphere, but an examination under the microscope of evaporated fog has proved that such is not the case. Briefly stated, the cause of fog is as follows:—It is essential that there be no wind. The sky must be clear. The air must be saturated or nearly so. The formation of fog is a purely mechanical process, unaccompanied with heat.—[New York Heraldc.

ground senseless. The chief continues, and the "dead men," reviving, assist in shooting others, until the inclosure is full of howling savages dancing, yelling, and shooting each other. The dancing is kept up in the most frantic manner. After a certain length of time the four assistants, who have been trotting around the ring faster and faster, form in line, and after advancing and retreating several times, thrusts the instruments into the hands of others who become their successors and then take seats, and now represents the gods of the north, south, east, and west, the high priest representing the Great Spirit, or Wan-kan-tanka. When a new member is initiated, he is taken into the council tent for instructions, which are secret. He is then stripped of his clothing, excepting an apron about his loins and moccasins on his feet. He is then painted entirely black except a small red spot between his shoulders. The candidate is exhorted to be good, and is told that his medicine will be correspondingly powerful, and he must also give a feast once a year. If he does not, he will meet with misfortunes, sickness, or death. The candidate now receives the holy claw or stone. The medicine man, approaching him from the east, describes the course of the sun with the medicine bag, and bowing to the four points of the compass, mutters an incantation, and thrusting the bag toward him says, "There goes the spirit." The candidate then falls prostrate, and blankets, skins, ornaments, etc., are thrown as offerings over the candidate. At command of the high priest the novice recovers and is presented with the medicine bag, becoming a recognized member of the order. After these ceremonies the feast begins, and the food which has been cooking before the tent of the assistants is distributed among the people. The dance lasts from daybreak to daybreak of the day following, and as these dances are frequently given in winter with the thermometer often far below zero, it may easily be imagined how the candidates must suffer, clad as they are in a coat of paint. It is generally understood that the members of the orders have secret signs and passes, but the penalty of exposure is so sure and swift, that none of the secrets are ever divulged. There are well known instances in which indiscreet members have mysteriously but permanently disappeared, at the instance, it is supposed, of the medicine men.—[Scientific American.

Flossie Improves the Occasion.

Flossie had been eating intemperately of watermelon.

"Mamma," she said, pressing her hands wearily on her stomach, "My sash is just like a window sash, isn't it?"

"In what way, dear?" asked the mother, smilingly.

"Because it's around the pains," she replied, demurely.

"Give me a proof of your love, George,' she said, and George did so by the manifold process.

The White Hart of Southwark, one of England's most famous inns, whose history goes back five centuries, is being pulled down. It has been associated with Jack Cade and Mr. Pickwick. Shakespeare makes Cade say, in "Henry VI.": "Will you needs be hanged with your pardons about your necks? Hath my sword therefore broke through London gates, that you should leave me at the White Hart in Southwark?" Then in "The Chroncole if the Grey Friars" it is recorded that "at the Whyt Harte, in Southwarke, one Hawaydyne of Sent Martyns was beheddyd" in 1450. But more interesting than these events was the fact that here Mr. Pickwick first met Sam Weller, the White Hart boots.

The Earth's Fiery Ordeal.

There are in the Scriptures and sacred writings of most of the ancient races terrible prophecies of a fiery ordeal through which the earth and its people must some day pass. We wonder with more or less curiosity if such a fate be actually in reserve for our planet, and we interrogate science if, perchance, we may discover any evidence of such a possibility.

Science has no direct information to give us, but the astronomer exhibits a circle of the heavens filled with what he believes are the ponderous fragments of an enormous planet, which has been shattered by some violent convulsion. The geologist shows us vast continental areas of dry land which have, as he believes, once been deep down under the sea, and the historian presents us with traditions of lands and people that have been swallowed up in the abysses of the ocean. There are stories of stars that have flamed into brilliance and finally disappeared as if they had been consumed in a conflagration, while the earthquakes and volcanic eruptions which shake our planet announce the actual survival of forces and agencies that make possible the most terrible cataclysm, and seem to suggest for the future disturbances as profound and formidable as any that ever occurred in any past age.

It is in this connection that we are led to consider some recent utterances on the subject of the enormous volume of inflammable gas stored up in the crust of the earth and recently brought into use for the most important economical purposes. There is an area of country in Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and perhaps other States, embracing many thousand square miles, which is underlaid with the most extraordinary and extensive stores of coal oil and coal gas. In the past twenty-five years oil has been taken out to the extent of millions on millions of barrels, while gas is escaping at the rate, as it has been recently estimated, of 1,000,000,000, cubic feet each day. The flow of both oil and gas is so great that the belief is warranted that the supplies, notwithstanding the extraordinary daily depletion, are still enormous.

Beyond the existence of this gas and oil and of the coal beds, which also underly the greater portion of the United States, we know actually nothing of subterranean conditions; but if we can assume the presence at great depths in the earth, of fire or of sufficient heat-making agencies to operate on the coal beds we may well imagine that by the action of such heat the petroleum is distilled from the coal and the gas is, at the same time, liberated, but both remain stored up in cavities or in the pores of the earth until extracted by the borings. As long as these accumulations of gas and oil remain sealed up in the depth of the earth, away from actual fire, there is no risk of a conflagration. The entire possibility of such danger is dependent upon the existence of fire and on its contact, under favorable conditions, with these inflammable compounds.

As the oil and gas are drawn out water and air will find their way into the cavities thus vacated, and the geologists have forecasted a possible period when by some such operation all the water now appearing upon the surface of the land will sink into the cavities of the earth. This necessary fluid will then only be attainable by drawing it from wells of extraordinary depth. It is even held that the moon is one of these dry planets, being destitute of surface water, which has sunk into the dry and honey-combed interior of that body. This water, coming in contact with the interior fires of the moon, produced terrific internal throes and volcanic eruptions which continued to wreck the moon until its fires were extinguished, and it became, as it is now believed to be, a dead, dry planet.

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of that body. This water, coming in contact with the interior fires of the moon, produced terrific internal throes and volcanic eruptions which continued to wreck the moon until its fires were extinguished, and it became, as it is now believed to be, a dead, dry planet.

Coming back to our own prospects for a conflagration, it would be necessary for the gas in the earth to be sufficiently mixed with oxygen to make it inflammable. This could occur from the air which is supposed to enter the cavities of the earth to take the place of the escaped gas, or oxygen could be supplied by the decomposition of the water into its constituent elements through the action of heat. There is no certainty that the heart of the earth is a mass of fire, although it is so held to be by some of the theorists; but it would be easy enough to secure fire there by electrical or chemical action, or both. A powerful current of terrestrial electricity trying to pass through a formation of poor conducting power would easily burst into flame, or water poured upon a bed of quick lime would produce a like result.

A Broken Jumping-Jack.

If General Boulanger hoped to fire the French heart when he penned the bombastic pronunciamento which he recently issued bearing his name and the signatures of Count Dillon, and the bully and blackguard Lewis Rochefort, he was unlucky in his choice of material. The French are an excitable race. One day they dedicate museums; the next day they are shooting each other across a street barricade. They have impetuously responded to Boulanger's previous appeals. He has done little in the last two years but demand and receive vindications. The ministry would take some action which he would construe into an affront. He would issue a bulletin and demand a vindication. Some department would return him. He was charged with complicity in the decoration scandal; immediately he was vindicated by an election from another department. He was banished and—elected; he was deprived of his rights—and now another proclamation and the announcement that he is to stand for election in eighty districts at once.

There is something intensely alluring to the Frenchman in Boulanger. He realizes his ideal of the "man on horseback"—military glory. There is about him just enough of the successful soldier and just enough of the charlatan to please the craving of the French nature for romance and sensation. He can always be depended on to be picturesque and startling, and those are the chief qualifications of a French hero. He is an enigma. Promoted for proficiency in the science of war, he is a failure as a political leader; decorated for personal bravery, he betrays his friend and patron He is a riddle, a sphinx, a jack in-box which whenever the ministry shuts the lid, bobs up with a proclamation, which always secures him a re-election from somewhere

Of late however, there have been signs that the French are becoming bored with Boulanger. He is passe. They are volatile, and easily see fresh heroes. Even Buffalo Bill—William le Buffle, as they call him—has served to attract attention to the exiled mischiefmaker. The tone of his latest manifesto shows that he realizes this, for in his vain attempt to call attention to himself he loses his temper and descends to mere jawing. His mistake was in leaving France. He should have staid in Paris and fought it out. They would have jailed him, but what of that? No man is a hero of the Boulanger sort until he has been martyred. There's nothing like martyrdom to raise sympathy. Then, too, it is a long way from Dover to Calais, and shout as the little general will the strong winds of the channel will not be roared down. We are afraid Boulanger's name is soup.

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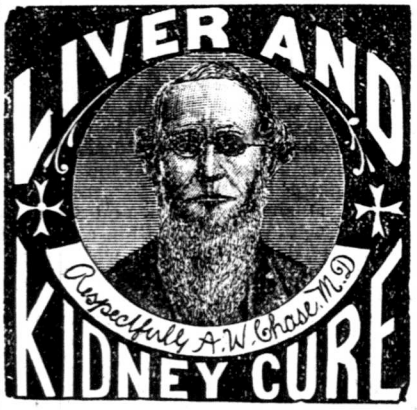

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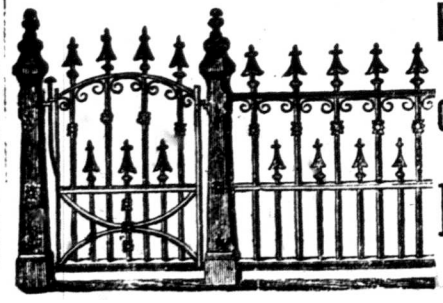

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, AUG. 23, 1889.

Another liberal victory was scored in the British House of Commons on Friday evening last, when Mr. Smith the Government leader announced that the Tithes bill was withdrawn and the Government would not introduce a new measure. The cause of all this commotion was the narrow escape the government had on the amendment moved by a liberal, to the effect that the Landlords instead of the tenants, be made responsible for the payment of the Tithes. It makes a good deal of difference in England, as elsewhere, whose ox is gored. When your come to put the saddle on these "high and mighty" people you soon hear the cry of galled backs.

Behring Sea Seizures and the Monopolists

The question as towho authorized theseizure of the Black Diamond sealing vessel is one that will not down very easily. Did the instructions given to Capt. Shepard authorize him to seize vessels engaged in seal killing outside of the three mile limit on the high sea, or did the valiant captain in his zeal to protect the interests of the monopolists, exceed his duty, and instead of carrying out his instructions proceed to commit an act of piracy on the high sea. The facts are that the United States Government have been running wild on monopolies, and have at last put their foot in it, by chartering a company and giving said company the exclusive privilege of killing seal east of an imaginary line drawn from the Arctic Ocean through Behring Straits and sea, and as these monopolists demand of the United States Government their pound of flesh, the latter have been compelled to make as how of protanecting them, by sending acruiser to guard industry, inimicable to the rights of others. This illegal protection, as it ever does, is leading to consequences the most serious; time alone will tell how serious. It is only another chapter in the history of monopolies, which have cursed every country under the sun; under the guise of protective tariffs or a National Policy, the greedy and selfishtry to clothe themselves with the respectability of law and ply their nefarious schemes to fleece the honest, hardworking sons of toil. Before the United States gets through with this business they will find "the way of the transgressor is hard" in more ways than one. Perhaps a Tory Government in England may be inclined to wink at this matter, but the people of England will hold them to a strict account as will the people of this country hold the Canadian ministry if any attempt is made to pass over this piractical seizure. That it was such we subjoin an article from Harper's weekly which shows very plainly the unfounded pretensions to jurisdiction in Behring Sea.

The seizure of the British sealing sch. Black Diamond in Behring sea by the qualified jurisdiction is asserted is common both to Great Britain and to the United States. It is the protection of the seal fishery which would be soon exterminated if the ravages, which the seizures are intended to prevent, should continue. The situation, therefore, is obviously one for the calmest deliberation. The Canadians certainly cannot be allowed to destroy the seal fisheries. But they are not to be restrained by a claim of authority which cannot be maintained. It must be remembered constantly, however, that this claim is not made. We have not yet defined our dominion in the Alaska waters and we are not likely to make a claim there which would imperil our interests and rights elsewhere. This is evidently the general American view, as expressed by the press on all sides, and a prompt and reasonable adustment of the question by negotiations would be most honorable to the administration."

Obituary.

Mary Cooley, relicit of the late Peter Weese, was born in Oneida County, N. Y., in 1804. She came to Canada in 1823 and was married one year later. They settled on a farm in Ernesttown, and success crowned their efforts so that they acquired a competency and retired to Newburgh. After the death of her husband she removed to Napanee, to reside with her nephew, W. G. Baughan, Adelphi-street. During the latter years of her life, she suffered much from a fractured limb, and later from paralysis of the right side. She bore her sufferings with patience. She was converted at a camp meeting held on the farm of the late Henry Shibley, of Portland, in 1832, was connected with the Methodist church for a period of 57 years and died at the ripe old age of 89 years and 25 days, on August 9th, 1889, in sure and certain hope of a glorious resurrection.

Congratulations to Councillor Denis Daly.

As announced last week, nominations to fill the vacancy in the council caused by the death of Charles Lane, took place on Wednesday at noon. But little interest was taken in the matter. Councillor Jehiel Aylsworth nominated Denis Daly and John Stevenson seconded the nomination. Mr. G. F. Robinson nominated W. D. Madden and the nomination was seconded by Mr. Caretaker Hearns. Neither of the candidates were present but we interviewed them both yesterday afternoon. Mr. Madden has decided to retire from the field, leaving a clear course for Mr. Daly. Denis ought to make a good councillor. He has a level head and has earned for himself the reputation of being a shrewd, careful business man. It is generally safe to trust public affairs to men who have made a success of their own business and here again Denis has shown his fitness for the position he is now called upon to fill. We extend our heartiest congratulations to Mr. Daly and also to the people of the West Ward.

Napanee Cheese Board.

The Cheese Board met in the council chamber on Wednesday, 21st August.

The following factories boarded colored cheese, viz: Enterprise, 100; Odessa, 75; Sillsville, 50; Thippen, 75; Bath, 50; Union, 125; Clark's Mills, 75; Newburgh, 125; Phenix 35; Centreville, 100; Bell Rock, 36; Selby, 100; Moscow, 70—Total 1016. Of white cheese Napanee offered 50 and Sheffield 75—Total, 125. Under lower cables, buyers offered for the most of the lots 9¼ cents, which was not accepted. At the close of the Board Mr. President Potter and Director Gibbard, on behalf of

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shows very plainly the unfounded pretensions to jurisdiction in Behring Sea.

The seizure of the British sealing sch. Black Diamond in Behring sea by the United States Revenue Cutter Rush, in pursuance of the President's proclamation of March 22d 1889, has been the main topic of recent discussion in the press. This was a seizure far without the three mile limits of jurisdiction which every maritime power controls. It was a seizure upon the high seas, and the substantial question, in view of a probable demand for explanation, is whether the United States have formally claimed jurisdiction over the Behring sea, as a closed sea, or mare clausum; what such a sea is, is perfectly well known.

A land locked sea is defined by Vattel, as one which "must be entirely surrounded by the territory of the nation claiming jurisdiction, and must have no other communication with the ocean than by a channel of which that nation may take possession." This is the accepted discription of a mare clausum. It is affirmed by what is called International Law, which is only the acquiescence of great States for their common convenience. Does the Behring Sea conform to this definition, or is it admitted by a common consent of States to be such a sea. The answer to both questions is an unconditional negative. The Behring Sea on one side is enclosed by the Russian main land and Russiam Islands, and the passage between the nearest Russian and American points is one hundred and eighty three miles broad. This fact answers the first question. The second is as readily answered. When Russia held all the surrounding land. They made a claim of authority over the Behring Sea, which the United States denied and refused to acknowledge. Our demonstration of the case was complete, and Russia did not insist on the claim. Moreover, we have always assered the right to fish in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, although it is entirely surrounded by British territory, and the channel between Newfoundland and Cape Breton is only fifty miles broad. As the United States have denied that the Behring Sea is enclosed, no other great power except Russia has asserted it. In 1870, however, the treaty with Russia by which we acquired alaska difined our water boundary by a line "starting from the Artic Ocean and running through Behring strait to the the north of St. Lawrence Island," then south westerly midway between Alton, and Copper Islands.

In 1881 the treasury department instructed our naval officers, that all the waters within that boundary are considered to be the waters of Alaska Territory. Mr. Cleveland's administration in 1885 adopted this view and many arrests of British sealers were made. A strong protest followed from the British Government and the vessels were released. In consequence of the release a great number of British sealers appeared in the sea. Congress then took up the subject and prohibited the catching of seals within the Dominion of the United States in Behring Sea, except by the Alaska Commercial Company. But Congress distinctly refused to claim that the waters of Alaska Territory composed the whole Behring Sea eastward of the line mentioned in the treaty. The law assumed jurisdiction but did not define its limits. Do the United States claim dominion over the Behring sea east of the line mentioned. If they do they derive their title solely from Russia. But they have long ago demonstrated that Russia could have no such title. The United States, however, have not claimed, but on the contrary, by the action of Congress, have declined to claim a jurisdiction which the common consent of nations, the United States included, has denied. Moreover, the object for which the carefully lower cables, buyers offered for the most of the lots 9¼ cents, which was not accepted. At the close of the Board Mr. President Potter and Director Gibbard, on behalf of the Agricultural Society addressed the Board with the view of making arrangements for a special prize to be offered to factories for colored and white cheese, to be shown at the Lennox Agricultural Society's show, to be held in Napanee, October 8th and 9th. Through the liberality of the buyers and representatives of the numerous factories in the district, it has been decided to offer two prizes for each kind of cheese, colored and white. The first prize in each class will be a beautiful gold medal, value, $15, while the second prize will be a silver medal, value, $10. These will be "open for competition" to all Ontario factories, only one prize to be awarded to any factory in each class. Foreign judges are to award the prizes. We hope to see every factory, in this district at least, represented.

Special Announcement.

We have made arrangements with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases" which will enable all of our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address (enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) to Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Enosburg Falls, Vt. This book is now recognised as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenominal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work, and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

MARRIED.

METZLER.—ROONEY.—By Rev. W. J. Young, of Odessa, in Sydenham street Church, Kingston, on the 14th inst., Mr. Geo. F. Metzler, M. A., (Albert University Belleville,) Professor of Mathematics, Marietta University Ohio, to Miss Harriett A. Rooney, M. L. A., (Alexandria College Belleville,) late Lady Principal of Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa.

DIED.

BELL.—In Napanee, on the 20th August, 1889, Elicia Bell, relict of the late David Bell, of Camden, aged 78 years.

WEESE.—At Napanee, on Monday, Aug. 19th, 1889, Mary Weese, wife of the late Peter Weese, aged 85 years, 25 days.

PARROTT.—At her father's residence, Switzerville, August 22nd, Miss Bertha Parrott, eldest daughter of Henry Parrott, aged 34 years. Funeral from her late residence on Saturday at 10 o'clock a. m. Friends are requested to attend without further notice.

THE MARKETS

EXPRESS OFFICE,
Napanee, Aug. 22, 1889.

Flour, pastry per 100 lbs	@	2 80
Flour, family per 100 lbs		2 65
Fall wheat	80	85
Spring wheat	85	90
Bran per ton	12 00	.....
Shorts per ton	18 00	....
Barley	40	50
Peas	55	..
Oats	26	28
Rye	45	..
Beef, hind quarter	5	6
Beef, fore quarter	4	5
Mutton per lb	6	7
Lamb per lb	10	..
Hogs per cwt	7 00	....
Butter per lb (roll)	16	20
Eggs per doz	11	12
Potatoes per bag	60	75
Turkeys	1 00	1 25
Geese	50	60
Ducks per pair	60	70
Chickens, per pair	25	40
Hay, per ton	6 00	8 00
Beef hides per cwt	3 50	4 00
Sheepskins	25	50
Pelts	25	50
Wool	18	19

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
EXPRESS Office, Napanee, Ont.

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH

E.M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

First-class Livery Rigs for hire.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
25871v Tamworth

MORTGAGE SALE.

—OF VALUABLE—

Farm Property

in the Township of Richmond, by public auction.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale, contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, August 24th, 1889

At the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of the southwest quarter of Lot Number 16, in the seventh concession of the said Township of Richmond, containing by admeasurement fifty acres, be the same more or less.

On the premises are erected a good frame dwelling house and barn. Terms of payment will be very liberal. For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH,
Vendors' Solicitor.

Dated at Napanee, July 27th, 1889.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMES H. GALLAGHER, OF THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, IN THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, MERCHANT.

The above-named insolvent, James H. Gallagher, has made an assignment to me of his estate and effects, in pursuance of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chapter 124, in trust for the benefit of his creditors,

A meeting of the creditors of the said James H. Gallagher will be held at my office,

AT THE COURT HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF NAPANEE,

—ON—

Saturday, August 17th, 1889,

At th hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the appointment of inspectors, and the giving of directions for the disposal of the estate.

Creditors are required to file their claims against the said estate with me, duly verified by affidavit, on or before the day of such meeting, as provided by the said statutes.

O. T. PRUYN,

Sheriff County of Lennox and Addington,
Assignee.

Dated at Napanee, Aug. 5th, 1889.

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario
Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,
2089ly PROPRIETOR

THE

Royal Hotel

PICTON, ONT.

Strictly First-class. Rates Reasonable.

2689cm JAS. HEALY, Prop.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

HATCH & MILLING, Props.

This house has recently changed hands, and has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with due regard to the comfort of the guests.
Farmers will find commodious, first-class stabling and cheap rates. Farmers patronage solicited
Napanee, Aug. 18, 1889. 3789

DO YOU WANT

A GOOD SQUARE MEAL ?

If so, when you are in Picton call at the

Globe Temperance House,

J. N. BONGARD, Prop.

MEALS, - - Only 25 cents.
First-class accommodation by the day or week.

BUILDING !

I am prepared to furnish everything in the line of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Dressed Lumber,

Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2389ly

MARVELOUS

MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training.
Four Books Learned in one reading.
Mind wandering cured.
Every child and adult greatly benefitted.
Great inducements to Correspondence Classes.

Prospectus, with opinions of **Dr. Wm. A. Hammond**, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, **Daniel Greenleaf Thompson**, the great Psychologist, **J. M. Buckley, D.D.**, editor of the *Christian Advocate, N. Y.*, **Richard Proctor**, the Scientist, **Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin**, and others, sent post free by
Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

VOTERS' LIST 1889.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF SHEF-

TEA EXTRAORDINARY !

Having recently secured an extraordinary good bargain in tea, we intend to share it with our customers.

Heretofore we have given extra good value in Tea at 25 cents per pound, but the fifty chests just received would be "dirt cheap" at 45 cents, and 25 cents is what we shall sell it at. We venture to say and we have had many years experience in the tea trade, that nothing to compare with it has ever been sold in Napanee at that price.

To those who want to save money and at same time enjoy a choice cup of Tea, we say come and get a pound and we feel certain it will cause you to come for more.

TA-KA-KAKE.

Buy a package of this new cereal sugar corn flour which cooks in fifteen minutes and makes delicious griddle cakes, gems and rolls. For sale by

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Napanee, 16th July, 1889. 3889ly

Hot Weather Goods.

MCALISTER & CO.

ARE SHOWING A FULL LINE OF

Cool Coats and Vests, Camping Shirts, Belts, Hats,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

The Balance of our Straw Hats to be cleared out very cheap.

MCALISTER & CO.

Popular Clothiers.

1889dm

MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD, COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

Notice is hereby given, that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sections 5 and 6 of the Ontario Voters' List Act, 1889, the copies required by said sections to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality, at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that said list was first posted up at my office, at Tamworth, on the twenty-first day of August, 1889, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and, if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Clerk of the said Municipality

Dated this 21st day of August, 1889.

CANADA'S

GREAT INDUSTRIAL FAIR

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL EXPOSITION

FOR 1889.

TORONTO,

Sept. 9th to 21st.

Increased Prizes, Greater Attractions and Grander Display than ever before.

Newest and Best Special Features that Money can Procure.

The Greatest Annual Entertainment on the American Continent.

Cheap Excursions on all railways. Over 250,000 visitors attended this exhibition last year. Entries close August 17th. For Prize Lists, Forms, Programmes, etc., drop a post card to

H. J. HILL, Manager, Toronto.
J. J. WITHROW, Pres. 3789c

R. LIGHT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

Doors, Sash, Blinds,

Mouldings,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BUILDING MATERIAL

TRENTON - SLAB - WOOD

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789fm

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

989ly J. GIBBARD & SON.

BIRRELL & CO

—ARE AGENTS FOR THE—

Cockshutt J. G. C. Riding Plows

These have given every satisfaction for the past few years in this section, and farmers that want a Riding Plow should try one.

The Old and Reliable Wilkison Plows and Gang Plows

Wisner's Drills, Seeders and Cultivators,

Threshers' supplies furnished on short notice for all machines. McColl's Lardine Machine Oil and Boiler compound.

WASHING MACHINES AND WRINGERS.

Give us a call.

BIRRELL & CO.

The Ontario Mutual Life!

ESTABLISHED 1870

DOMINION DEPOSIT, - - $100,000

Assurance in force January 1st, 1889	$12,041,814 00
New Assurance written in 1888	2,518,650 00
Cash Income for 1888	393,073 00
Assets, December 31st, 1888	1,313,843 00
Liabilities as per Government Valuation	1,223,516 00

Surplus, $90,337.00.

R. B. MASTIN, General Agent, Picton, Ont.

W. PHILLIPS,
Napanee, Agt. for Lennox & Addington

2489dtf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

—Excursion to—

KINGSTON, MONTREAL & QUEBEC.

Napanee to Kingston & Return, - - 95c
" " Montreal " " $ 6 05
" " Quebec " " $ 9 00

Tickets good to go August 23rd to 26th and good to return to Sept. 9th.

—Excursion to—

MANITOBA via GRAND TRUNK and CANADIAN PACIFIC R. R.

Tickets good to go August 20th, Sept. 3rd and Sept. 24th, good to return in 40 days. Glenboro, Deloraine, Salt Coats, Moosejaw and return $28 00. Calgary and return $35 00.

For tickets and all information apply to

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

2189ly

Peerless

Machine Oil, the best in the Market, and all

Thresher's Supplies

FLAX BINDER TWINE

Cheapest and Best, at

3589ly **R. G. WRIGHT'S.**

Stella.

Miss Nellie Polley has returned home after an extended visit up west.

Miss Mulholland, of Picton, has been visiting Mrs. Robert Glen.

Miss Annie Miller, of Belleville, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. David Caughey.

Mr. James McMath is about removing to Chatham. His brother Samuel has come down to assist him.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Glen went to Watertown with the I.O.O.F. excursion.

The schools opened last Monday.

Miss May Murray, of Kingston, is visiting on the Island.

Stella is going to have a band.

Roddie Kennedy, of Bath, is visiting on the Island.

Reeve Filson is already canvassing for the next election, but he is going to get left. We want a gentleman to represent us, not a person who brings reproach on the people of the Island.

Bath.

Tourists are coming and going all the time, many say this is one of the finest watering places to be found. We can endorse the sentiment, plenty of the pure and clear Lake Ontario.

Very quiet here, no trouble only a fellow tried to anger a soldier, so he left a mark on his antag.

Mrs. J. Hogle and daughter Annie have returned from a tour east.

A CAVE AT BATH.

The Newest Attraction at the Ancient Village—A New Species of Fish.

The recent landslide on the farm of Mr. Lasher has brought to light a subterraneous cave of sufficient size to accommodate a large number of persons. It is octagon in shape, and the roof is upheld by pillars or ledges of limestone regularly laid up in layers of shelly stone about four inches, or a hand's breadth, in thickness. The floor of the cave is covered with debris of the shelly stone, but the walls are of sufficient height to admit of a medium sized man to stand erect in any part of the cave. A small stream of water winds itself through one side of the cave and now finds an outlet at the mouth of the cave into the Bay of Quinte. The stream is about the width of four feet and a depth of eighteen inches, and forces itself through the rear of the cave from a large crevice in the rock. The water is muddy, and abounds with numerous small fish of a species hitherto unknown in these quarters. On emerging from the crevice they are very lively, but indulge in queer contortions on coming into the light, apparently as if suffering the most excruciating agony on leaving the darkness. They are cone shaped, with scales of a pinkish hue, which emit a crackling sound when handled. As far as can be ascertained from the naked eye they are devoid of seeing properties, as no eyes are visible. The cave bids fair to become a place of resort, and will add much to the attractions at Bath. In the northeast corner bubbles forth a boiling spring, said to be similar to the celebrated "Deep Rock" water at Oswego. Mr. Lasher is highly elated with the prospects, and next season will advertise it in all the leading papers, and transform his spacious and elegant private residence into a mammoth hotel, and dispense the newly-found health-giving waters to all who may visit his resort.

News From Manitoba.

Deloraine, Man.

Thinking perhaps the many readers of your valuable paper would like to hear how this part of the Prairie Province is flourishing I take the opportunity of writing a few lines :

This has been a remarkable year in more ways than one. Seeding was done, or nearly so, by 1st May. Then early in May there was a fine rain which was unusual for this Province, With early seeding and an early rain to bring the grain up the prospects perhaps never were brighter for a bountiful harvest, but June, the proverbial rainy month, failed to be so this year, and June and July being hot, with hot, dry winds, and then the destructive gopher, with the elements, nearly destroyed the prospects of a crop at all, but after all, in a great many localities, on land well tilled, where the gophers have been poisoned and trapped, a yield ranging from 8 to 15 or 20 bushels per acre, will be harvested. I have been watching Ontario papers to see what accounts they give of crop prospects here, but reports are very conflicting, as they are in the Manitoba Press. It seems hard for the correspondents of the Manitoba Press to admit they have a poor crop this year, yet intelligent writers who are posted and have the good of the country at heart admit the fact nevertheless.

I here quote a few paragraphs by Egins, of the Winnipeg Sun. He says that those who keep on talking of a 15 bushel average of wheat and a surplus for export of ten million bushels, are no true friends of the country. He says, giving our best class of crops all the credit possible for the advance they have made the last three

BRAN! BRAN

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.

3789dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

MIDLAND

CENTRAL FAIR.

KINGSTON, SEPT. 2ND TO 7TH, 1889.

Best in Central Canada!

$10,000 in Prizes! $2,000 in Races!

Bicycle Tournament (Hundreds of Wheelmen Present); Stellar Attractions, the Finest Procurable.

SOMETHING NEW EVERY DAY.

Evening Exhibitions by Electric Light, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 4th and 5th.

One fare by rail all week. Excursion rate on Thursday, Sep. 5th. Send for Prize Lists. Entries at Opera House office.

3789c B. MEEK, Secretary.

—COME TO—

Symington's

—FOR—

A fine lot of Factory filled Salt at old prices.

Groceries

as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.

—FINEST—

TIMOTHY SEED

for fall sowing, at lowest prices.

Flour and Feed as usual

All goods guaranteed to suit or cheerfully taken back.

Thos. Symington first door west of Harshaw's new block, Dundas street, Napanee.

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company.

3589ly

FOR SALE.

200 ACRE FARM,

in the 9th Concession of Camden; lot 50; 125 acres of good plough land, remainder good pasture, with creek running through. There is on the premises two good wells and a large, young, bearing orchard; two good log barns and a large frame barn, containing stables for 50 head; one good drive house, and a new large frame dwelling house. Will be sold together or separately, to suit parties. For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises.

THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

The above property must be sold as I am about entering other business.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn; about 50 acres are under good cultivation;

Very quiet here, no trouble only a fellow tried to anger a soldier, so he left a mark on his antag.

Mrs. J. Hogle and daughter Annie have returned from a tour east.

Fred Miller, son of the late S. K. Miller, dislocated his ankle the other day, Dr. Kennedy reduced the fracture. He is doing well.

We hear the whistle of the steam thresher round about our hamlet, grain is turning out fairly, barley some shady, but the farmers are like the old woman with her children, everyone thinks theirs the whitest.

Some sickness here, Mr. John Wallace is very low, Mrs. Denne is quite ill. Roddie Kennedy had quite a severe attack.

There were quite a number of strangers at the Methodist Church Sunday evening.

Visitors.—Mrs. Bedford, of Morrisburgh, is visiting her brother Mr Rouse.

Mrs. Kingsby, of Rome, New York, at Mr. C. L. Rogers last week.

Mr. L. A. Purdy's, son and daughter, from Brighton, are visiting at Mr. H. Armstrong's.

A few strangers are at the Bay View House.

Mr. Minaker has gone to Gananoque to visit her daughter Mrs. Storey.

Mr. J. Ross Allen has gone to Sandhurst to resume teaching.

Our school does not commence until Monday 26th inst., we will be glad to hear the school bell ring again.

The Latest Attraction.

The Kingston News is responsible for the following: A few days ago, on a farm near Peterboro', Ont., a lad was driving a team of horses attached to a reaper which was cutting grain in a wheat field. A dog was lying asleep in the grain, and the reaper cut of his tail and hind legs. The howling of the dog frightened the horses, which ran away, the boy fortunately jumping clear of the machine, and escaping unhurt. When the horses and reaper arrived at the other side of the field, at a fence, it was found that forty-seven sheaves of grain were on the machine table, which had been cut and bound in transit, and no injury had been done to the machinery. The dog, hearing the racket ran after the runaway horses and caught the bridle of one of them before they could turn and start away from the fence. The tail and legs of the dog were found securely bound up among the sheaves of grain. This machine and the dog, it is expected, will be on exhibition at the forthcoming Midland Central Fair. American farm machinery manufacturers should come to Canada for new and useful ideas in their line of business.

A New Business College.

Mr. Robert Boyle has been busily engaged in constructing a spacious Business College in Belleville. The building is 110x157 feet, from these dimensions the immense size of the building will be understood. it is to be finished in the most modern style, toilet conveniences for both sexes, gymnasium, reading room, in short everything which can be deemed necessary for a fully equipped institution. The course of study will embrace all that is usually taught, including book-keeping by new and improved methods, the the addition of agricultural, chemestry, use of writieg machines, elocution, in short no effort will be spared by the founder to give the young people who shall patronize the college a fully rounded business education. We predict for the Belleville Business College a billiant and useful career.

The Oklahoma Boom

Forms an instance of a wild rush for an uncertainty, which is just the opposite of the steady boom enjoyed by Burdock Blood. Bitters Buyers of this medicine get a certainty—an unequalled remedy for all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and the blood.

of wheat and a surplus for export of ten million bushels, are no true friends of the country. He says, giving our best class of crops all the credit possible for the advance they have made the last three weeks, (this is under date of Aug. 8th) they are not so good as to cover the big blanks made on the stubble ploughing and by drought and gophers. He says further that if he were a betting man he would readily snap up all who say that the wheat crop will average 12 bushels per acre. I also send you a clipping from the Delorraine Times of July 25th, which gives the estimated average at 10 bushels. Why is it that people cannot get a true account of crops here?

I will give you a few samples of the exaggeration of crop reports. G. T. Dodds, of Melitta, sends a sample of wheat to the Times office, the shortest straw forty-four inches, giving that as a sample of crop about Melitta, but how did he get it? By driving the country and picking the largest wheat he could find, and representing that as a fair sample. When the fact is, in that locality there has been plenty of wheat cut with the mower as too short for binding, and then sends a sample four feet long as a sample of eighty acres. When its doubtful if there is eighty acres in one field in the Province four feet high. I quote one more, one writer in a Winnipeg papers, stated that around Portage, land would yield thirty bushels per acre without a particle of rain in summer. Now what are the facts? Is there a field around Portage (even with considerable rain) that will yield that amount this year? I have been asked by my correspondent how I like this country, I will give a few of the objections I have. One is the uncertainty of harvesting a crop it can be raised, no doubt of that, but before it is ripe or nearly so, along comes a frost or hail or the gopher, and the work of months is gone. Another objection is the prevailing high winds, I think they dry out the soil more than continued dry weather. I will give a sample of one day's wind that memorable 28th of June the wind was blowing a gale with the thermonter at from 95 to 105 in the shade, at times it seemed like a breath from a furnace. The damage is incalculable that was done that day to vegetation, and still another objection is the scarcity of good water for drinking purposes. We hear in Ontario, how easy it is to get hay, but this year we have gone ten, twenty and fifty miles and glad to get it even at that distance.

Harvesting is general here now.

PARISH OF SELBY

The people of the Parish of Selby will hold their annual harvest home pic-nic at Mr. M. Carscallen's grove near Forest Mills, on Wednesday August 28th. The ladies will serve dinner at 12 o'clock, the excellence of past spreads being a sure guarantee for the forthcoming one. Afterwards timely address will be delivered by prominent gentlemen lay and clerical. Plenty of good local and instrumental music. All are invited. The proceeds will be devoted to the parsonage fund. Tickets 25 cents, children under ten years admitted is the grounds free, and for dinner 15 cents. Tickets can be bought in Napanee at the following places Mr. C. A. Cornell, Brisco, House, and at Mr. J. J. Perry's drug store.

Safe And Reliable.

I highly recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for curing cholera, cholera morbus, colic cramps, diarrhœa, dysentery and all summer complaints. It is safe and reliable for children and older persons.

Miss Hiley Breckenbridge
Heyworth, Que.

A despatch from Helena, Mont., says: A heavy rain fell Sunday night and the forest fires have been checked in most places and put out in others.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn; about 50 acres are under good cultivation; the remainder is valuable pasture land with some timber. Lot No. 2 contains a marsh of 40 acres with 25 acres cleared and growing principally red-top hay. There is a creek (Carlom) running thro' the pasture. This tract will be sold together, separately or rented. For further particulars apply to the owner.

3789d THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

J. F. SMITH

IS SELLING

Groceries

lower than any other house in town.

LOOK

Canned Tomatoes,.....10 cents
Canned Corn .....10 cents
17 lbs. Yellow Sugar $1 00
16 lbs. Raw Sugar 1 00
Evaporated Apples, per lb 8 cents

Times are hard and the prices very low.

Flour, Feed and Pressed Hay

always on hand. Give me a call.

J. F. SMITH.

Brisco House Block, Napanee. 11891y

—THE—

RATHBUN CO.

NAPANEE AGENCY

—DEALERS IN—

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

And all descriptions of

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AGENT.

FRESH ARRIVALS

At Cheapside's

THIS WEEK.

For the Millinery Department

lovely new Ribbons, Wings, Aigrettes, Birds, Velvets, Plushes, Felt Hats, and ornaments. Beautiful Cloth Turbins.

FOR THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Elegant new imported Dress Robes, combina-

FOR THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Elegant new imported Dress Robes, combination dresses, beautiful gimp trimming, new Cashmeres and Melton Cloths.

For the Cloth and Tweed Department.

New Tailorings, Pantings and Overcoatings.

For the Print Department.

"New, warrented to boil" Bengal, Indigo Prints.

FOR THE MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

New short Jackets and Mantles, new Ulsters, new Dolman's, in ladies and childrens sizes. New Silk Sealettes, new Silk Mantle Plushes.

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new Fur muffs, boas and dressed skins.

FOR THE FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

New Gloves and Hosiery, Veiling, Frilling, fancy Wool Goods and Underclothing.

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Leaders in General Dry Goods and Millinery.

LATE CABLE NEWS.

The Maybrick Case—The Naval Review—Greece Causing Trouble.

The sensation of the week in England is the verdict in the Maybrick case, and the general opinion seems to be that though the unfortunate woman was tried for murder she is to be hanged for adultery. The truth is Mrs. Maybrick has been a very bad woman. Letters that were not read at the trial show her to have carried on a number of intrigues with different men, and that she was a depraved and conscienceless wanton. Nevertheless she has the popular sympathy, and it is even possible that her case may result in a change in the English Code of Criminal Procedure, so as to allow accused persons to go on the witness stand in their own defence.

The great naval review came off successfully on Monday. The ruler of Germany seemed duly impressed and made himself affable. He inspected several of the ships, and talked freely with the officers, examining carefully every novel feature pointed out to him, and especially those improved weapons lately served out to some of the ships. The electrical appliances also demanded some share of his attention, and so much was he convinced of the great strength of the flotilla that he is reported to have said that the central European powers allied with England could defy the world. England, however, does not mean to join any such alliance at present, though the leaning of this Government is undoubtedly toward the Kaiser.

Little Greece is making desperate efforts to cause an international row over Crete. Telegrams, mostly emanating from Athens, have been published in the newspapers of Europe giving blood-curdling accounts of the Turkish atrocities in that fair Island; but these stories always turn up opportunely whenever Russia desires trouble in Eastern waters. They are as usual grossly exaggerated. There has certainly been some throat cutting, but it has been confined to one side, for the Cretan Christian can handle a knife as dexterously and determinedly as his Musulman neighbor. The strife has been deliberately stirred up by agitators from the outside, and Europe is now waiting with ill-concealed trepidation to know what use Russia intends to make of it. Greece professes to be anxious to fight Turkey, but Greek valor is largely tempered by discretion. All the powers except Russia and France have admitted Turkey's right to suppress the insurrection and restore order in Crete, and the Sultan has sent his troops to do the work. The next move rests with Russia.

WOMEN IN CHINA.

Rev. Budsen Taylor Tells How the Fair Sex Suffer Among the Celestials.

Speaking of the condition of women in China he said it was almost as bad as that of the women in India. The Chinese lady was shut off from the outside world. He had heard of ladies who had never seen a man except father or brother when very young, and then their husband. When visiting the women were carried around in a closely boxed up Sedan chair. The chief sufferers from this isolation were the women of the upper class. They were

MORE TO BE PITIED,

than the women who had to earn a living and were consequently more out in the world. Again and again these women made

YOUNG FOLKS.

Heigho! Says Rowley.

A frog he would a wooing go—
Heigho! says Rowley—
Whether his mother would let him or no,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

So off he set with his opera hat—
Heigho! says Rowley—
And on his way he met a rat,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Pray, Mr. Rat, will you go with me?"—
Heigho! says Rowley—
"Pretty Miss Mousey for to see!"
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

Now they soon arrived at Mousey's Hall—
Heigho! says Rowley—
And gave a loud knock, and gave a loud call,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley

"Pray, Miss Mousey, are you within?"
Heigho! says Rowley—
"Oh, yes, kind sirs: I'm sitting to spin,"
With a rolly-polly gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Pray, Miss Mousey, will you give us some cheese?"
Heigho! says Rowley—
"We'd like a nice piece, if you please,"
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Pray, now, Mr. Frog, will you give us a song?"
Heigho! says Rowley—
"But let it be something that's not very long,"
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

"Indeed! Miss Mouse," replied Mr. Frog—
Heigho! says Rowley—
A cold has made me as hoarse as a hog."
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach
Heigho! says Anthony Rowly.

"Since you have caught a cold," Miss Mousey said—
Heigho! says Rowley—
"I'll sing you a song that I have just made,"
With a Rolly-polly gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

But while they were all thus a merry making—
Heigho! says Rowley—
A cat and her kittens came tumbling in,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

The cat she seized the rat by the crown—
Heigho! says Rowley—
The kittens they pulled the little mouse down,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

This put Mr. Frog in a terrible fright—
Heigho! says Rowley—
He took up his hat and he wished them good-night,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

But as Froggy was crossing a silvery brook—
A lily-white duck came and gobbled him up,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

So there was an end of one, two, three—

EXPORT CATTLE TRADE.

The Lesson Ald. Frankland is Teaching Canadian Breeders.

The Canadian Gazette has the following:—Ald. Frankland has just presented a striking object lesson to Canadian cattle breeders and feeders of the great advantages they now reap from their free entry into British markets. Writing from Liverpool on June 13, he points out that while good United States bullocks from two to four years old, weighing from 1,300 to 1,550 pounds average, have been sold in Liverpool at from $3 85 to $4.25 per hundred live weight, Canadian shipping cattle were at the same time being bought from $4 50 to $5 per hundred; and he adds, "I am sorry to say the Canadians were not so good a sample." How, it may be asked, can this inequality exist? Simply because Canadians, by their clean bill of health and the inestimable privilege they enjoy of free access for live cattle into British markets, realise from one halfpenny to three farthings per pound more than United States exporters, and these low prices for United States stock are likely to be maintained, and this is especially felt during the Canadian shipping season, from the beginning of May to the end of August. But by their system of early maturity United States breeders and feeders can build up a two-year-old steer to weigh 1,350 pounds, living weight, and when slaughtered produce or turn out 734 pounds of beef, the very weights sought after in every part of Great Britain, and not only wanted in preference to larger carcases, but sold at a slight advance. To Canadians, then, Alderman Frankland addresses this pertinent query:—Why not follow the United States' example—why keep your animals longer than necessary if by care and attention you can save twelve and even twenty months' feed? Until this is done Canadians will, he thinks, fail to do their best in British markets, and fail to find the ful profit to which the quality of their fat cattle and the immunity of their herds from disease should entitle them.

Edison's Home Life.

Thomas A. Edison, while in Pittsburg recently attending to his patent suit with Westinghouse, was interviewed by a Dispatch reporter, to whom he revealed some of the characteristics of his mode of living:

Yes, I am a hard worker. I hardly ever sleep more than four hours per day, and I could keep this up for a year. Sometimes I sleep ten hours, but I don't feel well when I do. If I could sleep eight hours, as most men do, I woud wake up feeling badly. My eyes would hurt me, and I would have a tough time to keep awake. I inherit this from my father. He is a remarkable old man, eating little and sleeping less. I have often known him when I was a boy, to sit up all night talking politics with a friend or swapping stories.

I eat about a pound a day, and my food is very simple, consisting of some toast, a little potato, or something of that kind. You know when I am working on anything I keep at it night and day, sleeping a few hours with my clothes on. I never take them off; don't even wash my face: couldn't think of such a thing, and in this condition I take my meals. If I were to remove my clotheswhen I slept, I would get up feeling out ofshape and with no desire to go to work. "No. 6" is my den in the laboratory, and I shut myself in there and hustle.

I sleep from 1 to 6 in the morning, and then I jump up and go to work again as fresh as a bird. This is all the sleep I need.

But I tell you we have lots of fun in the laboratory. Some time ago I had forty-two men working with me on the incandescent lamp in a big building. I hired a German

men of the upper class. They were

MORE TO BE PITIED,

than the women who had to earn a living and were consequently more out in the world. Again and again these women made attempts to take their lives. They frequently got hold of their husbands' opium and took overdoses of it to put an end to their sufferings. Sometimes the missionaries were called in to bring them around, and the victims made piteous appeals to be allowed to die. When a baby girl was born she was thrown upon the streets to die. If she survived she was treated much as a cat or dog would be treated until she was sold to somebody as a wife. The Chinese beat their wives for giving birth to daughters. They wanted sons who would be able to offer ancestral worship for them, that they might not be destitute in the next world. The sufferings of girls in having their feet compressed were equally cruel. The foot was bent over by means of bandages till the toes and heels met and such was the agony suffered that for years young girls could not put their feet to the ground, but moved around on hands and knees. The Gospel sent joy into these desolate lives, and very touching were the attachments which these women formed for the missionaries. In concluding Mr. Hudson Taylor said there was at present about one missionary for every three quarters of a million in the province he labours in, and appealed for more assistance.

He Read the Bible.

Johnny's mother was rather proud of her skill in the haircutting line, and was very fond of showing it, much to Johnny's disgust. Being nine years old he was disposed to patronize the barber. The other day when his mother was making the preparations which usually precede the terrible ordeal which he knew was to make him the laughing stock of his playmates, he remarked:

"Mamma, I'm not going to have my hair cut to day."

"What do you mean, Johnnie?"

"I cannot allow it, ma. I'm really afraid. It's dangerous."

"What on earth are you afraid of, child?"

"Why, mamma," said the precocious youngster backing into a corner, "I'm surprised at you. Didn't you ever hear what happened to Samson because he let a woman cut his hair?"

His mother was so thoroughly astonished that he made his escape to the street before she could say another word.

They Yearn for Each Other.

How easily the experienced eye of the hotel clerk detects the secret of a bridal couple. Generally the unfortunates are "spotted" by their action. It is the expression of the faces as they walk side by side, or are whirled away on a railroad train, that gives them away. She smiles sweetly on her new master, who smirks back in a loving fashion until every passenger in the car is "onto" them. They yearn for each other and the feeling is clearly portrayed. At the hotel the sometimes put on a "front," believing they can deceive the genius who presides at the desk. The clerk never fails to size them rightly. The bride is usually overaffable to the bell boy, and her husband steps up to the register and writes "and wife" with a great big "W." The clerk asks "hubby" if he'll have a room with a bath, and that personage says "yes" (if he is not dazed for a time) with an emphasis intended to imply his ability to buy out the place if he so desired. Then the clerk "soaks him" with the costliest in the house and adds $10 to the bill when he takes payment. Such is life.—[Buffalo Express.

A lily-white duck came and gobbled him up,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

So there was an end of one, two, three—
Heigho! says Rowley—
The rat, the mouse, and the little frog-gee,
With a rolly-polly, gammon and spinach.
Heigho! says Anthony Rowley.

Enoch, Cyrus, Jerry, and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Were babies together, four fat little men,
Four bald-headed babies, who bumped themselves blue
And sprawled, grabbed, and tumbled, as all babies do;
Full of laughter and tears, full of sorrow and glee,
And big, bouncing bunglers, as all babies be.
All in the same valley lived these little men,
Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Were fast little chums—till they grew to be men.
Eight bare little feet on the same errands flew
Through meadows besprinkled with daisies and dew;
They were aimless as butterflies, thoughtless and free
As the summer-mad bobolink, drunken with glee.
A wonderful time were those careless days then
For Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Grew from babies to boys, and from boys into men.
Too restless to stay in the circumscribed bound
Of the green hills that circled their valley around,
To the north and the south and the east and the west,
Each departed along on a separate quest;
Ah! they'll ne'er be the same to each other again,
Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Though companions in youth, were strangers as men;
Enoch grew rich and haughty and proud,
While Cyrus worked on with the toil-driven crowd;
In the councils of State Jerry held a proud place,
But poor Ben, he sounded the depths of disgrace.
Ah! diverse were the lives of these boys from the glen,
Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben.

Enoch and Cyrus and Jerry and Ben
Who can read the strong fates that encompassed these men?
The fate that raised one to the summit of fame,
The fate that dragged one to the darkness of shame!
Ah! silence is best: neither glory nor blame
Will I grant to the honored or dishonored name.
We are all like these boys who grew to be men,
Like Enoch, or Cyrus, or Jerry, or Ben.

S. W. oss, in Yankee Blade

Pessimism.

A small boy belonging to a Boston family was the proud owner of a bright red balloon, with which he never seemed to tire. One day he lost his hold of the string and away it went. He watched it for a long time and then went into the house and remarked: "My balloon has gone up to the angels, and it will be just like them to keep it."

then I jump up and go to work again as fresh as a bird. This is all the sleep I need.

But I tell you we have lots of fun in the laboratory. Some time ago I had forty-two men working with me on the incandescent lamp in a big building. I hired a German to play an organ for us all night, and we worked by the music. About 1 o'clock a farmer brought in our lunch, and we ate from a long table. At first the boys had some difficulty in keeping awake, and would go to sleep under stairways and in the corners. We employed watchers to bring them out, and in time they got used to it. After a while I didn't need forty-two of them, and I discharged six of them. Well, do you know, I couldn't drive them away. They stayed there and worked for nothing.

Oh, we enjoy this kind of life! Every now and then I hire a big schooner, and we go down the bay, my men and myself, to fish for a few days. Then we come back and buckle down to it again.—[Scientific American.

The Street Pavements of London.

There are three kinds of pavement in use in the London streets, says a London letter in The N. Y. Times. The least used at present is that of stone. Where it does exist, however, it is much better than those in New York. The stones are long and are set on end, the upper surface being much smaller then our Belgian blocks. Under these stones is a heavy bed of gravel and stone, the whole pavement being about eighteen inches in thickness. The wooden pavements are also formed of much smaller blocks than those tried in New York. But the most extensively used pavement in London is that of concrete. I saw one torn up for repairs a day or two ago, and had an opportunity to discover how it was built. First a foundation of stone is laid down in good substantial blocks. That is covered with tar and gravel, and upon this are set blocks of wood on end, tightly pressed together. Over these, cementing them together, and when rolled smooth, forming the surface of the street, is put on the concrete. The entire pavement is over two feet thick, and is as solid as natural rock. It is as smooth as a billiard table and over it the heavy vehicles of all kinds used in London roll smoothly and easily. One never sees a team of horses vainly struggling to pull a heavy load out of a hole in these streets. The stream of vehicles moves always smoothly and steadily onward, save when checked by the silent majesty of the inexorable English law represented by the extended arms of an insignificant London "bobby."

What Steam has Done.

A very interesting calculation has recently been made by the Statistical Bureau in Berlin. Four-fifths of the power machines at present in activity in the world have been erected during the past twenty-five years. The country which possesses the highest amount of horse power is the United States, with 7,500,000 horse power; then follow England, with 7,000,000; Germany with 4,500,000; France, with 3,000,000, and Austro-Hungary, with 1,500,000. These figures do not include locomotives, of which there are 105,000 at work, with a total horse power of 3,000,000. Thus the total horse power in the world is 46,000,000. A steam "horse power" is equivalent to three actual horses' strength, and each living horse represents the strength of seven men. Thus the total horse power of the entire world represents the work of 1,000,000,000 men, or more than twice the total working population of the earth. Steam has thus tripled the entire human work power of the earth.

The walls of ice-houses are usually decorated with an extensive freeze.

The Voyage of John Hawkins.

The clever trick performed by the captain of the captured schooner Black Diamond, in running away with the "prize crew," has quite provoked the New York Sun, which proceeds to lecture Blaine and Harrison in the following manner: The seizure of the British sealer Black Diamond by the revenue cutter Rush, the transfer of John Hawkins, able seaman, from the latter vessel to the former as sailing master and prize crew, with orders to take the prize into Sitka, the honorable confinement of the prize crew in his bunk where he whiled away the hours in reading while his capturing captives brought their vessel into the port of Victoria; all this makes a good plot for "opera bouffe." It reflects no discredit on John Hawkins, who acted with prudence, but it places the commander of the Rush, the Treasury Department, and, incidentally, the United States, in a rather ridiculous light. If there was any serious intention of taking the Black Diamond to Sitka, why did not the commander of the Rush take off the crew of the sealer and put on her enough of his own men to sail her to the Alaskan coast? If there was no such intention, or the men could not be spared, what was the object of such a farcical proceeding as putting one man on the seized vessel and ordering the sealer's Captain not to interfere with him? The mere seizure of the sealskins, with a warning to her Captain, would have been more sensible and dignified.

Whatever be the rights or wrongs of the United States in the Behring Sea controversy, she ought not to be made ridiculous. We hope that Mr. Windom will give orders that the Rush shall not figure again in such a farce as that of July 11, in which John Hawkins played the leading part.

And, by the way, when will the State Department take a hand in the game? Senator Eugene Hale, a member of the Senate Committee on Relations with Canada, told a "Boston Herald" reporter last Sunday that the committee "did not to any extent take testimony upon the questions that are likely to arise as to the Behring Sea, because it was felt that the subject was immediately in the hand of the State Department." Mr. William F. Wharton, Assistant Secretary of State, says that the question "has not become an international one." Was the seizure of the Black Diamond intended to make the question international? The State Department can thank the Treasury Department for a richly humorous preface to the work of negotiation. Mr. Blaine's part must soon begin. It would be interesting to know if he agrees with the cautious opinion expressed by his friend Mr Hale:

"I do not see that the State Department is necessarily confronted with the question of the Behring waters being considered a closed sea, and I do not understand that, whatever may happen in the future, any announcement, official or otherwise, has been made committing our Government to that proposition. That efficient measures will be taken to protect the fisheries, especially the seal in these waters, I can well believe, and I do not in such a step see anything offensive to Canada or England, and indeed it would seem that such measures would be in the common interest of all neighboring peoples. If any late transactions in the Behring waters give rise to negotiations upon this last basis, I see no reason why these negotiations may not be conducted to a harmonious end without at all raising the question of the closed sea."

Probably Mr. Blaine understands that it would not be plain sailing on that closed sea. It is only a step from the audacious to the ridiculous, although President Harrison,

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Leave Deseronto 2 45 p. m.; Picton 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.

L. M. COLLIER,
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Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40

sea.

Probably Mr. Blaine understands that it would not be plain sailing on that closed sea. It is only a step from the audacious to the ridiculous, although President Harrison, who is incapable of humor, may not be able to see it.

WIRELETS.

William Butler, a citizen of Hamilton, while "en route" home by the excursion train from Orillia, fell off the platform of the car near Beeton and was instantly killed.

Rev. Foster McAdam, B. A., of Edinburgh, has been appointed principal of Stanstead Wesleyan College.

The by-law voted on at Lucknow to raise $10,000 for water works, was carried by a majority fifty-three.

Martin Burke, the Cronin suspect, has been identified in Chicago as "Frank Williams," who rented the Carlson cottage.

In the House of Lords last night the Marquis of Salisbury declared that the Government's policy in Egypt would not be altered a hair's breadth.

The commanding officers of the 13th Regiment of New York have decided that they cannot arrange for a to visit Hamilton during the carnival.

Congressman Felton has written an article on the Behrings' Sea question, in which he argues as Russia had undisputed and exclusive rights to the sea when she made her cession to the United States, all her rights went to the States.

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It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from the administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds Machinery repaired on the short notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch and Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

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Every Week Day Between
DETROIT AND CLEVELAND
Special Sunday Trips during June, July, August and Sept.

Double Daily Line Between
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Rates and Excursion Tickets will be furnished by your Ticket Agent, or address
E. B. WHITCOMB, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.,
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$98 Sewing-Machine FREE

To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 2 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for $98, with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. **TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.**

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A regular monthly, quarterly or half-yearly payment (a slight advance on the rental rate) buys the instrument.

Any piano may be chosen out of a magnificent assortment of Uprights, Squares, and Grands, unsurpassed in quality and value. Ministers, Teachers, Government Officers, and those in receipt of regular incomes will find this a convenient and advantageous mode for securing a first-class instrument. When the instrument is used for practice, our Soft Stop or Practice Pedal saves wear on the nerves, as well as preserves the tone of the piano. Our Patent Foot Pedal attachment for Pianos is invaluable to organists, students, and teachers. Prices on application. Inspection invited.

Octavius Newcombe & Co.

Warerooms—107 and 109 Church St. Toronto. Factory, the finest in its equipments and appliances in the city, 89 to 97 Bellwoods ave.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 3[illegible]
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker,	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 48
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Eterprise for Ballrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of the trains depends on connection with other ones, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

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Deseronto Navigation
COMPANY (LIMITED)
ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted):

Str. QUINTE, Capt. D.B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a m; Deseronto, 7,15; Northport, 7.50; Belleville, 10,00, arriving at Trenton 11 30 a m. Leave Trenton 1 p m; Belleville, 3; Northport, 4,20; Deseronto, 5,35, arrive at Picton 6 35 p m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a m; Deseronto, 7: arriving at Picton 8,30. Leave Picton 3 p m; Deseronto, 5; arrive at Napanee at 6 p m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9,30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a m. Leave Deseronto 1 p m, arriving in Picton at 2 20 p.m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS
by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

Strs. RESOLUTE, Capt. John Gown, and RELIANCE, Capt John Bartley. These fast and comodious steamers sail from Deseronto regularlm, weather permitting, for Oswego, connecting with trains for New York and other points. Fares moderate. Freight handled at lowest rates. See that your tickets read via Deseronto Junction.

These steamers are open for charter for excursions.

For further particulars as to tickets, fares, etc. apply to.

R, C. Carter.
2439 General Manager, Deseronto

IS THE EARTH A BOMB?

And May We All be Blown Into Eternity by a Natural Gas Explosion?

New Brunswick, N. J., correspondent New York Herald, of July 14: Apropos of the recent interview published in the Herald with Professor L. W. Thickstun of Metuchen, concerning the possibility of the upheaval of the earth caused by a natural gas explosion, I secured from Mr. Thickstun yesterday an explanation of his ideas, which is as startling as it is important.

"Natural gas in western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and in some other parts of the country," said he, "is one of the things the public is thinking about with some degree of apprehension. Capital in large amounts has been invested in its production, or rather in its capture and in its application as a heater and as an illuminator. Millions of dollars find profitable employment in this manner all over the extensive territory known as the oil regions.

"In Pittsburg alone enough natural gas is consumed daily to give sufficient amount of light for the needs of the largest city in the world. North of Pittsburg 120 miles, at Erie, and all the way between the two places, natural gas is found in nearly every neighborhood where proper tests have been made. In all other directions from this busy and prosperous manufacturing center gas has been found in quantities apparently inexhaustible.

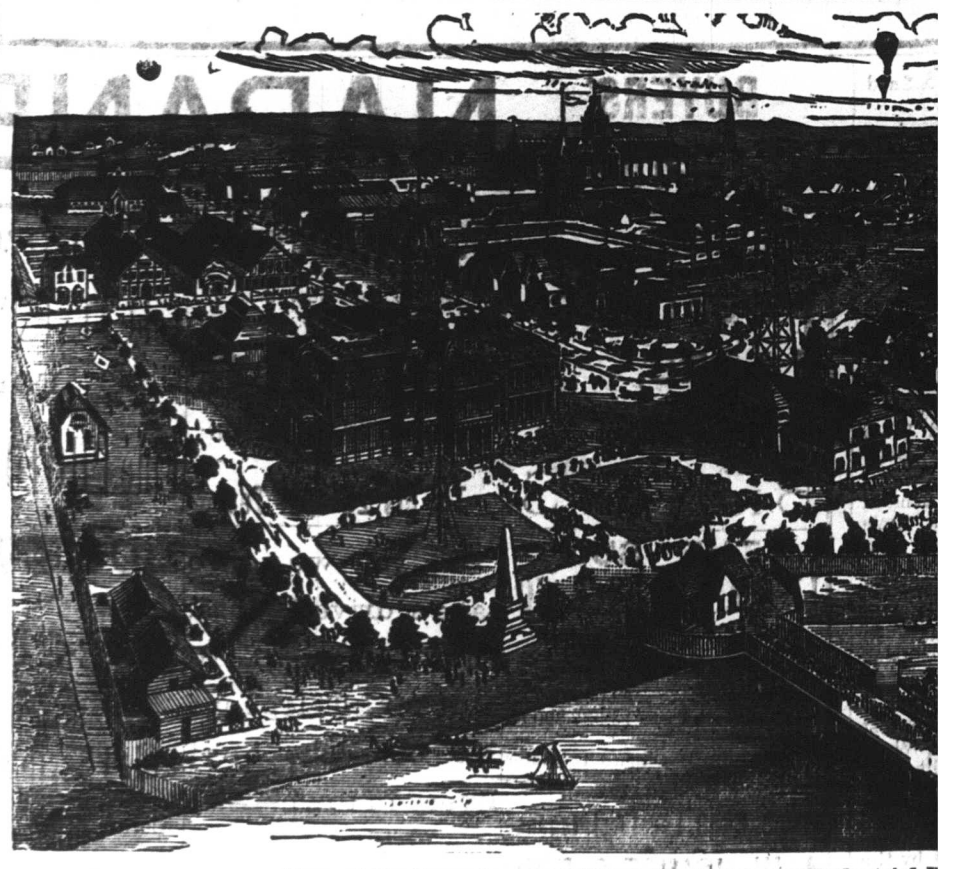
"A reservoir of vast proportions, or many reservoirs must have been provided for by nature to contain what gas has already escaped from wells and what is yet stored away in the bowels of the earth. Extensive deposits have also been found in the western countries of our own state, as well as in pennsylvania and Ohio. How far the openings extend below the earth's surface is not known, but the subterranean cavern or caverns where gas abounds must be of great magnitude.

"Gas began to appear in large quanties soon after the first wells on Oil creek were finished. Colonel Drake drilled the first oil well near Titusville, Pa., during the summer of 1859, and at a depth of sixty-nine feet he struck oil. That was a pumping and not a flowing well. From it a small amount of gas escaped, as is the case with most pumping wells. Subsequently many other wells were opened, thousands of them, some pumping and some flowing.

"All flowing wells are gas as well as oil wells. In flowing wells oil is thrown out by escaping gas. Big 'spouters' began to appear eight or ten miles below Titusville, along 'the creek,' early in 1860. Since then they have been opened in hundreds of other localities from the source to the mouth of the Allegheny river and along many of its tributaries.

"Among the most noted and the most profitable of all flowing wells was the Noble well, seven miles below Titusville, struck on May 3, 1863. It began as a 1500 gallon well. It was a 'boomer' of the first order. Gas and oil came from a crevice in the sand-rock, 140 feet below the bed of Oil creek. Twenty rods lower down the stream was the Caldwell well. It was a good 700 barrel well. Oil was reached in it at about the same depth as in the Noble well. By May 28 the production of the Noble well ran up to 1800 barrels and the Caldwell had fallen off to 400 barrels a day. Before the middle of June the latter was so nearly exhaust- that it flowed not more than seven or eight barrels, and the former was pouring out a flood of 2200 barrels of petroleum every twenty-four hours.

"The Noble well did nobly, ran about twenty-two months, produced over 500,000 barrels of oil, an immense amount of gas—wasted on Oil creek air—and then it too was



View of the Grounds and Buildings of the Toronto Industrial E

There is, perhaps, not a city on this continent that has made more rapid progress during the past ten years than the city of Toronto. During that period it has advanced in population from eighty thousand in 1879, to one hundred and eighty thousand in 1889, showing an average increase of ten thousand a year, and the Queen City still continues the forward march. Phenomenal as this progress has been, the success which has attended the great Agricultural and Industrial exhibition, that is held annually in Toronto, has been equally so, during the same period, having reached a point in magnitude and importance far beyond the most sanguine anticipations of its promoters. The attendance of visitors at this Exhibition, which in 1879 was about ninety thousand, has steadily increased each year, and last year it reached over two hundred and fifty thousand. The number of visitors has increased in like proportion, and with the efforts that are now being made by the Association and Manager Hill, it goes without saying that the coming Exhibition of this year, to be held from the 9th to the 21st of September, will be still greater and better than ever. The buildings in the Toronto

Section of New Stables.

a correct representation of the grounds and buildings; and we also give a view of the new poultry building and a section of the new stabling.

The Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition being promoted in the interests of the public generally, no effort is being spared to make it thoroughly representative and worthy of their unstinted patronage. The object is not only to make each succeeding fair superior to the preceding one, irrespective of what can be seen on the other side of the line, but to equal if not to excel any exposition on the American Continent. The Directors fully realize that they cannot stand still, that their patrons want something greater and better every year, with all that is new and interesting to be found on the globe, and this is what they appear determined to give them. The newest ideas are readily adopted and utilized by the management. The greatest novelties human skill can devise are engaged every year, while within the immense range of exhibits, animate and inanimate, the Industrial Fair of Toronto may be said to represent the best products, natural and manufactured, in the Dominion. The Association has certainly very much to be proud of, with no cause to fear comparison anywhere. The Exhibition is not, as many suppose, controlled by a joint stock company, but by gentlemen, who give their time and services for nothing, and their charter provides that every dollar which is made out of the show must be expended in adding to and improving the grounds and buildings, so that the public at large enjoy the full benefit of whatever assistance they may give the institution by their annual patronage. In addition to the great exposition of live stock, agricultural, dairy and horticultural products, manufactures of all kinds, fine arts, ladies' work, etc., there will be many special features of the most interesting character, full particulars of which will be given in the official programme to be issued shortly. A spectacle of thrilling interest will be

flood of 2200 barrels of petroleum every twenty-four hours.

"The Noble well did nobly, ran about twenty-two months, produced over 500,000 barrels of oil, an immense amount of gas—wasted on Oil creek air—and then it too was a worthless hole in the ground. Water fills the place the gas and oil occupied and no one fears danger from that quarter.

"Not very far from the Noble well there is another kind of a blower. This has no water or oil in it, only gas, and that comes out at such a rate that you can hear it pulsating and fairly pounding a mile or two away on a still summer evening. This, like other wells, was sunk for oil, and this is the kind in which danger lurks. This well never fills up with water and probably never will. There are hundreds and thousands scattered all over the oil regions just like it. We are anxious to know what sort of a place is under our country where this treacherous substance comes from.

"If the Noble well threw out 500,000 barrels of oil and as much gas besides in less than two years, what are these purely gas wells doing? What have they been doing a score or more years? Will some one rise to his feet and explain?

"Thinking people are growing uneasy about it. Where does this enormous production come from, anyway? Where is the vast gas storehouse or storehouses located? Do these subterranean reservoirs fill up as rapidly as they are emptied? Does our atmosphere rush in to take the places vacated, or is gas forming constantly to keep the leaking tanks full? Will too much of our atmosphere move from the outside to the inside of the earth to the injury or extinction of animal and vegetable life?

"Worst of all, will the air mingle with the gas under our feet and thereby enable it to ignite and explode? If an explosion comes will it blow up all the oil regions from the great lakes to old Virginia, and will the Allegheny mountains stand between us and all harm? Do oceans of natural gas extend from Titusville to the mountains, and from the mountains to New York, and it is possible for these lakes—as unmanageable and as unsafe as dynamite—is it possible for them to be set on fire at the same instant?

"Some of these interrogatories may seem absurd and not worth the ink it takes to print them or the time it requires to read them; but then, again, suppose they are all pertinent? Suppose the last one turns out to be a fact as well as a question, what then?

"Might not an explosion occur which would be simply terrific? Instead of a torn up and devastated oil field beyond the mountains, we might have a ruined and fragmentary planet. No wonder people grow nervous and wish the owners would plug up every gas well on earth."

Buried in a Strange Land.

TORONTO Aug. 16.—On Saturday last two burials took place at the same time at St. James' Cemetery, under peculiarly sad circumstances. Both were English lads with no relatives this side of the ocean. Harry Wiggins had been in the General Hospital nearly a year, a victim of consumption, and during this time the members of the Bond Street Bible Class and others supplied his wants, and buried him when dead. The other died of typhoid fever after a few days' illness, and his funeral was conducted by kind but new-made friends. Their coffins touch each other in their grave in a strange land.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, or Anti-bilious Granules, have no equals. 25 cents a vial; one a dose. Cures headache, constipation, biliousness, and indigestion.

ciation and Manager Hill, it goes without saying that the coming Exhibition of this year, to be held from the 9th to the 21st of September, will be still greater and better than ever. The buildings in the Toronto Fair Grounds cover a large area of ground, unequalled anywhere else in Canada, and the Association is expending over $20,000 now in providing additional accommodation to meet the constantly growing wants of the Exhibition. New stables on the most improved plan will be erected to accommodate 150 additional horses, a new and splendid poultry building and many other additions which are considered necessary. The entire "Zoo" property has been acquired by the Association, and will give much needed space for the new buildings. The view given above is

work, etc., there will be many special features of the most interesting character, full particulars of which will be given in the official programme to be issued shortly. A spectacle of thrilling interest will be Paine's great historical scenic production, the "Burning of Moscow," with grand pyrotechnic displays every evening. During the second week the International Dog Show will also add a new and interesting feature, and in fact, every day there will be plenty to see at this great exposition that will be instructive, amusing and entertaining. The agricultural and horticultural exhibits will be fully up to the mark, with many additions. There will be about 600 head of cattle on exhibition, including the best herds in the country. About 800 head of horses will be

Don't Hawk, Spit, Cough,

suffer dizziness, indigestion, inflammation of the eyes, headache, lassitude, inability to perform mental work and indisposition for bodily labor and annoy and disgust your friends and acquaintances with your nasal twang and offensive breath and constant efforts to clean your nose and throat, when Dr. Sage's "Catarrh remedy" will promptly relieve you of discomfort and suffering, and your friends of the disgusting and needless inflictions of your loathsome disease?

The "Avenir Militaire," laments as in the case of other nations, that the French fleet is absolutely insufficient.

A Fair Trial

is all that is asked for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in all blood taints or skin diseases, eruptions, blotches, pimples, and scrofulous sores and swellings. "If it don't cure, you get your money back."

Lord Randolph Churchill's proposition that an Imperial loan of £100,000,000 should be advanced to enable Irish tenants to buy their holdings, is ridiculed by the London "Times."

The Book of Lubon.

A Man Without Wisdom Lives in a Fool's Paradise. A Treatise especially written on Diseases of Man, containing Facts For Men of All Ages! Should be read by Old, Middle Aged and Young Men. Proven by the Sale of Half a Million to be the most popular, because written in language plain, forcible and instructive. Practical presentation of Medical Common Sense. Valuable to Invalids who are weak, nervous and exhausted, showing new means by which they may be cured. Approved by editors, critics, and the people. Sanitary, Social, Science Subjects. Also gives a description of Specific No. 8, The Great Health Renewer; Marvel of Healing and Koh-i-noor o Medicines. It largely explains the mysteries of life. By its teachings, health may be maintained. The Book will teach you how to make life worth living. If every adult in the civilized world would read, understand and follow our views, there would be a world of physical, intellectual and moral giants. This Book will be found a truthful presentation of facts, calculated to do good. The book of Lubon, the Talisman of Health! Brings bloom to the cheek, strength to the body and joy to the heart. It is a message to the Wise and Otherwise. Lubon's Specific No. 8, the Spirit of Health. Those who obey the laws of this book will be crowned with a fadeless wreath. Vast numbers of men have felt the power and testified to the virtue of Lubon's Specific No. 8. All Men Who are Broken Down from overwork or other causes not mentioned in the above, should send for and read this Valuable Treatise, which will be sent to any address, sealed, on receipt of ten cents in stamps. Address all orders to M. V. Lubon, room 15, 50 Eront Street E., Toronto, Canada.

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$190.00 paid in advance secures all the above advantages together with instruction in drawing and piano by the regular teachers for one year.

A knowledge of Shorthand, and skill in the use of the Type-writer, are opening the way to employment for thousands of young women to-day. Nearly every business office has now employed or is seeking to employ a young lady who can take down by the aid of phonography answers to various letters and afterwards print them upon the typewriter. $42.00 per term, or $150.00 per year in advance, will pay for board, furnished room, light, laundry and tuition (including use of instrument) at ALMA LADIES' COLLEGE, St. Thomas, Ont.

The Alma School of Elocution is rapidly growing in attendance and public favor. The Professor is a graduate of the Boston School of Oratory and a most excellent teacher. Rates for board, etc., and tuition in this school runs from $40 to $45 per term. For 60 pp. Calendar address Principal Austin, A.M.

The Turtle Mountain Region.

Thousands of acres of choice free government land, now open for settlers in the Turtle Mountain Region of Dakota. Here was raised the wheat that took first premium at New Orleans Exposition. Rich soil, timber in mountains, good schools, churches, congenial society. For further information, maps, rates, etc., apply to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul Minn., or J. M. Huckins, Can. Pass. Agt. Toronto.

There are 14,247 policemen in London, and 14,267 hacks.

A.P. 463.

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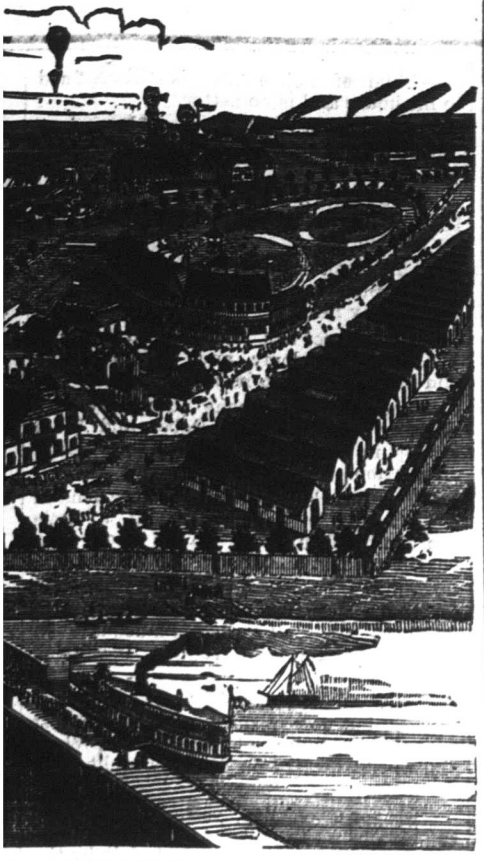

ıdustrial Exhibition.

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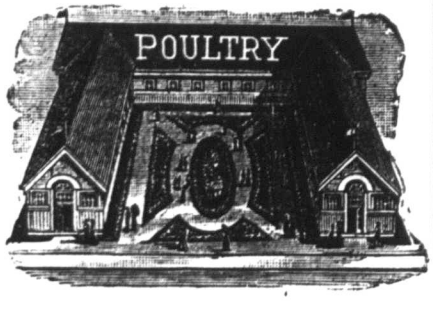
n view, embracing the finest breeds obtainable. There will be a larger number of sheep this year than last, new and enlarged pens facing the sun having been erected. The total amount of prizes offered for the coming fair is $25,000, and nearly the whole of that sum is offered for live stock, dairy, agricultural and horticultural products and ladies' work. Many of the prizes in the horse department have been increased over those of last year, and among the special prizes offered for sheep is $100 by the American Shropshire Sheep Association for that breed of sheep. A large number of sweepstake prizes are offered, especially in the horse department. The prizes in the poultry department have been increased by the addition of many new varieties, and by making all the sections for single birds instead of pairs. Entries for exhibits in all departments must be made before August



New Poultry Building.

17th. Canadians have in this Exhibition an institution they may well feel proud of and take a deep interest in, being one of the best on the Continent; as those who have visited many of the larger fairs on the other side of the border readily admit that it will be many years before they can attain to the position of, or begin to compare with the Toronto show. Specially low rates will prevail on all the railways during the two weeks of the exhibition. If our readers

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10,000 in use in canada; 25,000 in use in the United States. They are simple and cost less than other makes, while performing the same work. They start easy at 25 lbs. steam, and work to 150 lbs. Lift water 18 to 20 ft. and work from a head as well Automatic and restarting when current to boiler broken. Send for circular to Main Office.

Penberthy Injector Co., Detroit, Mich.

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Mention this paper.

Provident Life and Live Stock Asso'n

CHIEF OFFICE,

ROOM D, ARCADE, - TORONTO, CANADA

(INCORPORATED.)

A Mutual Benefit Association.

SOLID INVESTMENT—By paying to the above Association ONE CENT PER DAY, a person aged twenty-two, and two cents per day a person aged forty-four can secure Five Dollars per week while disabled through sickness or accident, also for two and three cents per day, persons aged as above can secure for their dependants, Five Hundred Dollars in event of death.

LIVE STOCK OWNERS can provide against loss by death through disease or accident of their stock, at easy rates. Those interested, send for prospectuses

other side of the border readily admit that it will be many years before they can attain to the position of, or begin to compare with the Toronto show. Specially low rates will prevail on all the railways during the two weeks of the exhibition. If our readers contemplate a holiday trip this season, they will be afforded a good opportunity of making it a most enjoyable one, if they reserve it for the time of Canada's Great Fair. Those who have not yet seen the Industrial Fair can have no conception of the immense resources of this country, and no better evidence of the prosperity of it's people can be desired than the thousands of contented-looking, well-dressed people who gather there each year from all parts of the Dominion to witness it.

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THE HOME COMPANY.

OVER $3,000,000 ASSETS

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OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
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WONDERFUL WATER cures DIABETES. W. J. Raymond, journalist, Boston, Mass., says: "Was troubled with incipient Diabetes, Indigestion, &c. Tried freely all the famed waters of Europe and America; but absolute relief and cure was wrought in me by St. Leon Mineral Water." True, if used freely and persevered in, St. Leon never fails to effect life-long lasting cures. Patent mixtures are as trash, a momentary delusive, compared with nature's pure essence, the sixteen elements of life to the body, the work of ages, and evolved by hydrogen gas from deep Mineral Caverns to earth's bosom. What an amazing study! Fresh life springing from the cleft rocks to restore suffering humanity. From this grand spring-flowing life we trace compassion on a sick, fallen race. **The St. Leon Mineral Water Co., Ltd., Toronto, Montreal, Quebec.**

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The Albert Toilet Soap Coy's

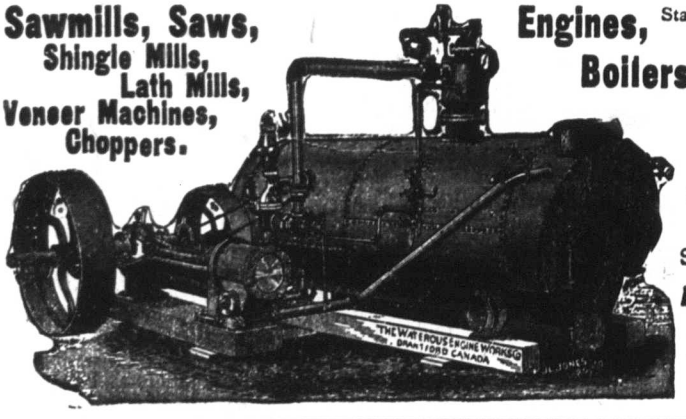
Oatmeal Skin Soap

MAKES THE HANDS SOFT AND THE COMPLEXION BEAUTIFUL.

See that the Coy's name is Stamped on the Soap and on the Wrapper.

Beware of Imitations.

Sawmills, Saws, Shingle Mills, Lath Mills, Veneer Machines, Choppers.



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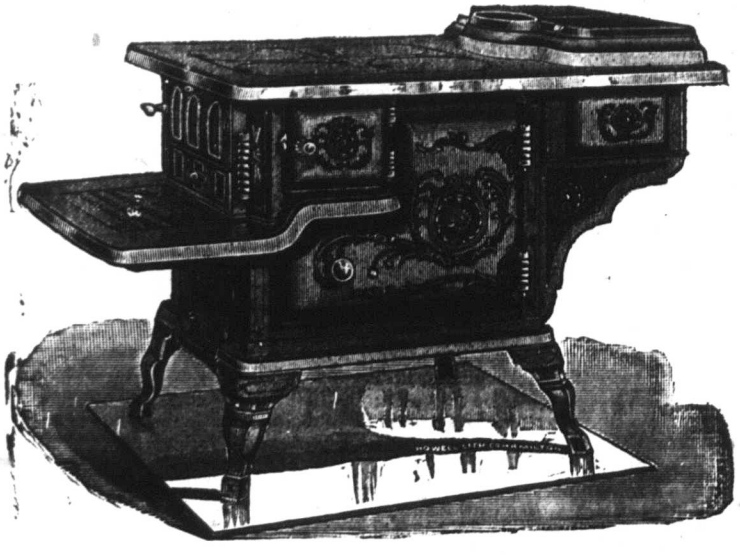

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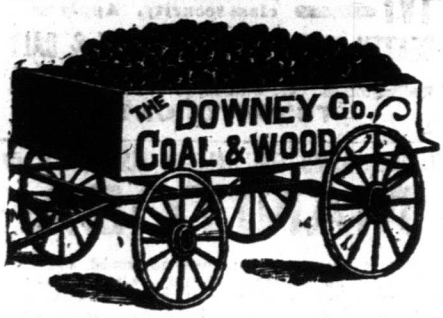

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Chestnut, No. 4, Stove, Egg, Grate, Blossburg.

Put your coal in before broken weather sets in and prices advance.

All Coal Screened.

Hard and Soft Wood

THE DOWNEY CO.

Foot Centre Street, - - Napanee, Ont.

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—ON—

August 20th, September 3rd and September 24th.

Good for 40 days. Only $28.00 to Manitoba points, $35.00 to Calgary.

For tickets and all information call or write to

W. D. MADDEN,

Authorized Agent for the C. P. R. in Napanee.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, AUG. 23, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses, 1589fm Camden East., Ont.

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—Great reduction in prices of sugar at A. S. Kimmerly's. Call and see me; it will pay you for I undersell all grocers. Remember I keep the choicest lines of Western Flour and cut prices very fine. The great tea store—A. S.

—Lost on Bridge street on Thursday evening, Aug. 8, lady's cloth cloak. Finder will please leave it at THE EXPRESS office. 3789tf

—Mrs. J. C. Drewry left this morning for a trip to Toronto, Hamilton and Wesley Park, She will be away for a week or ten days.

—Don't forget the auction sale of a valuable Richmond farm at the town Hall, Napanee, at eleven o'clock to-morrow (Saturday).

—The town schools will open on next Monday. The session of the model school for the training of teachers will commence on September 2d.

—Lost.—On Tuesday night, a bay horse, little over 16 hands; ringbone on right hind foot. Any one knowing of his whereabouts will kindly leave word at this office.

—Messrs. C. E. Lazier, W. J. Wilson and W. H. Johnson, of the Ramblers' Wheel Club, Belleville, passed through here on Wednesday on their way to Kingston.

—The belfry of the west ward Academy is being fixed up. Mr. Cliff has put in heavy frame work to stay the tower, and the bricks which had fallen out are being replaced, thus making it as strong as ever.

—On Wednesday the schooner Two Brothers, laden with coal for the Rathbun Company, ran a ground near the Pines while coming up the river. It took the Reindeer nearly an hour to release her.

—The excursions to the Thousand Island Park under the management of Rev. D. O. Crossley were highly successful. On Sabbath evening last Mr. Crossley gave a song service at the big Tabernacle at the Park.

—Great clearing sale of school books, stationery, etc., at Madden's.

—Having purchased J. H. Gallagher's stock of school books, window shades and baby carriages, we will make a big cut in prices to clear out the stock. Come early if you want bargains to Madden's bookstore.

—The 47th Batallion Band appeared in their new uniforms for the first time on Monday evening last and serenaded Mr. Joseph McAlister, maker of the suits. The music was the best of the season, being all new and select.

—Mr. J. S. Hulett has just completed a life size portrait of the late Mrs. Madole and it is now on exhibtion at his studio. The portrait is enlarged to life size from a cabinet and is finished in colors. It is remarkably true to nature and is another proof of Mr. Hulett's ability to turn out first class work.

—We regret to learn that Mr. Robert F. Hope, of Newburgh, is seriously ill, and that but little hope is entertained of his recovery. His daughter, Mrs. Roblin, of Napanee, was summoned to his bedside on Wednesday. Mr. Hope is one of the best known residents of this county and has always been held in the highest respect.

—The N. T. & Q. Ry. Co.'y have purchased the glass works property from Mr. John Herring for $2500, and will utilize it for freight sheds and other purposes. This gives the railway fine facilities for handling freight at this end of the line and looks as if considerable traffic was expected when the C. P. R. connection is completed.

—The A. O. U. W. excursion to Picton on Tuesday, per the steamer Quinte, was the success of the season. The boat was crowded to her utmost capacity, the weather was all that it should be for such an occasion and the committee of management looked well after all details. The various lodges are to be congratulated on

—Chief of Police Allen is still confined to his house and is no better.

—A gang of G. T. R. men have just finished putting new ties on the stone bridge.

—The I. O. O. F. had a fine Excursion party to Watertown yesterday on the popular str. Hero.

—The stock of J. H. Gallagher will be sold by Suckling, Cassidy & Co. at Toronto on Monday next.

—A new roof has been placed on the East Ward Academy and the chimneys and rooms have also been cleaned.

—The Bell Telephone Company are erecting poles on Bridge, Robert and West streets, in order to accomodate their large circulation.

—The Lady's perdiction as to the 22nd of August being an unlucky day, bit a little short in the fulfillment, so the good lady bought a ticket and excurted to Watertown.

—Messrs. Fralick & Crouch contemplate erecting a large factory, as their present premises are altogether inadequate in which to handle their rapidly increasing business.

—Mr. A. McVicar, a former resident of Yarker, but now residing at Dresden, lost about $10,000 by the burning of his Wheel and Spoke factory on Monday night. No insurance.

—Mayor Carscallen, yesterday, replaced the plate glass in Messrs. Hinch & Co.'s store which was broken last fall by the blasting, necessary in excavating for the John street sewer.

—Mrs. W. Vandusen of Selby arrived in town on Saturday last to visit her son F. W. Vandusen where she was taken suddenly ill. It is to be hoped that good care will soon restore her to health.

—J. W. Anderson has just received 75 pairs of women's buttoned kid boots bought at a bargain which he is selling at from 50 to 75 cents below cost. They will go rapidly at the price asked. adv.

—The Royal Templars of Temperance of the Midland district, will pic-nic at Indian Point, Mohawk Reserve, near Deseronto, on the 4th Sept. Preparations are being made for a grand demonstration.

—Peter Huffman, for many years proprietor of the Huffman House, Napanee, died at Brighton, yesterday, aged about 86 years. The funeral will take place to-morrow (Saturday) on arrival of the 11.50 train from the west.

—Rev. W. H. Emsley will preach in the Eastern Methodist church next Sabbath morning, and in the evening Rev. Mr. Campbell of Montreal will occupy the pulpit. Mr. Campbell is Secretary of the Evangelical Alliance and he will likely say something on the Jesuit Question.

—The Sabbath School of the Western Methodist church still continues to flourish. Last Sunday the attendance was 315 and the collection upwards of $4. This school has an avarage attendance of over 300 and is in a highly prosperous condition. Everybody made heartily welcome. Come along

—Mrs. Scott-Siddons will give one of her Dramatic Recitals at Deseronto on Wednesday evening, September 4th, and Miss Eva N. Roblin of the Toronto Conservatory of Music will sing a couple of numbers to add to the attractiveness of the programme. This will be Mrs. Scott-Siddons' first appearance in Deseronto.

—There will be a meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Eastern Methodist church, on Tuesday, August 27th, at three o'clock. A full attendance is requested, the special object of business being the consideration of the necessary arrangements for the "Festival of Days," to be

—Great reduction in prices of sugar at A, S. Kimmerly's. Call and see me; it will pay you for I undersell all grocers. Remember I keep the choicest lines of Western Flour and cut prices very fine. The great tea store—A. S. Kimmerly is continually finding new customers for that choice 25 cent tea, Everybody buys it because it cannot be beat.

—Remember Madden's bookstore is the place to buy your school books.

—A quantity of picket fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—Just look at the label on your paper and see if you are in arrears for THE EXPRESS. If you owe us anything please pay up at once.

—Found—On Dundas street, on the evening of the 21st inst., a lady's rubber circular. Owner can have same by calling at the 7 Cent Store, proving property and paying for this notice.

—Mrs. Wm. Shannon Kingston, presented the Prentice Boys lodge of that city with a valuable relic of bygone days in the shape of a small garrison cannon used in the world renowned siege of Derry 200 years ago.

—Messrs. Hatch & Milling, new proprietors of the Campbell House, are fixing up the sitting and other rooms with an elaborate coat of wall waper. It makes a very neat appearance and shows the proprietors intend having an A 1 house.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—The young people of Wesley church purpose giving a concert in that church on Thursday evening, August 29th. The proceeds are to be applied in cancelling the debt on the organ. An excellent programme is being prepared. Rev. D. O. Crossley and others will furnish music. All are cordially invited. Admission 20 cents.

—This happened in Picton, a flag station on the C. O. R.: Johnnie's mother was entertaining company. At the table, sizing up the spread, he remarked: "I guess ma's got all the good things in the house on the table—" Being interrupted by a vigorous kick from the maternal foot, he continued, indignantly: "Yer needn't kick me for that; I didn't tell that the napkins were borrowed, so I didn't."

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three-fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—In a match played in Napanee on Saturday between the Bath nine and the Napanee nine, the former team was victorious by the score 16—6. Callaghan and Robinson, of the Princess Street Kingston nine (under assumed names) were in the points for the victors and did really wonderful work, Callaghan striking out no less than 21 men. The Napaneeites took objection to these two players, but when one of them swore, positively, that he was an orphan boy from Sunbury, and the other just as stoutly affirmed that he was a hired boy from Mossback, the game resumed without futher kicksng.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

crowded to her utmost capacity, the weather was all that it should be for such an occasion and the committee of management looked well after all details. The various lodges are to be congratulated on the demonstration.

—The Port Hope Guide of Monday last says: "As announced in the Methodist church on Sunday, there will be a meeting of the members of the congregation next Wednesday evening in the S. S. Hall to welcome the Rev. E. N. Baker, the new pastor, and at the same time to bid goodbye to the Rev. H. S. Anderson who has occupied the pulpit of that church since Conference with such ability. Mr. Anderson, while in Port Hope, has endeared himself to the people among whom he has labored with great acceptance."

—We learn that Rev. Alex. Campbell, of Montreal, secretary of the Evangelical Alliance for the Dominion of Canada, will be in town (D.V.) on Sunday and Monday next, the 25th and 26th inst. He is expected to preach on Sunday morning in the Presbyterian church, and in the evening in the Eastern Methodist church. On Monday evening a meeting will be held in the town hall, when Mr. Campbell will deliver a lecture on "the doctrines and morals of the Jesuits, together with the aggressions of Romanism in the Dominion." As the meeting will be under the auspices of the Evangelical Alliance, a collection will be taken up in its favor.

—It is currently reported that Reeve Lapum is in the habit of going to the police station and ordering the constables to release parties incarcerated for drunkenness, without their being brought before either the Mayor or Police Magistrate. We now have a list of names of some of those who have been thus favored and it includes the name of at least one relative of the reeve. We can readily understand Mr. Lapum's motive for this sort of conduct and believe that the time has come when a stop ought to be put to it. Some of the councillors had better ask for a return from the constables showing the names of parties who have been liberated without the formality of a trial, and see if Mr. Lapum cannot be checked in his efforts to thwart instead of furthering justice.

—School books and all kinds of school supplies, cheap at Madden's.

—The Toronto World of Monday in referring to the various industries in Fenelon Falls, made the following reference to the Napanee Paper Company:—The pulp mills owned and operated here by this company are a surprise to most visitors, and the whole process of making the pulp is one of peculiar interest. Basswood is used exclusively and the daily output is five tons of dry pulp. To do this sixty hands are employed and twenty-five cords of firewood are burned daily in the furnaces. An engine of sixty horse power and two boilers of seventy-five horse each furnish power. For boiling the pulp there are four boilers, each holding 1¼ cords. The bark is taken off by a machine and the wood is cut up into chips and elevated to boilers. The buildings in which the chemicals are made up in which the wood is cooked is 100 x 30 feet, containing 8 tanks 8 feet deep and 10 in diameter. The pulp is emptied out of boilers at the rate of 11-4 cords every three minutes, and the liquor or chemicals that the pulp has been cooked in is calcined or dried down, and used again with pure liquor added. The buildings are brick and very extensive. Supplies are obtained by rail and water and the company have a steamboat and four scows of their own engaged in providing supplies. About 60 bushels of lime are used daily, and the company have a kiln and make their own lime. The works are run day and night.

church, on Tuesday, August 27th, at three o'clock. A full attendance is requested, the special object of business being the consideration of the necessary arrangements for the "Festival of Days," to be held in the interests of the society.

—"The Bath baseball club are a lot of noisy squealers. Last Saturday they did nothing but kick all day, even after the game was finished. It was composed of at least two professionals and ought not to have been allowed to begin the game. We have sized them up and don't want them to come this way any more." Spectator.

—A cricket match was played here yesterday between the club of the Montreal Rifles and the Napanee team. Napanee went first to bat and ran up a score of 109 runs. The Montrealers only had forty-six runs to their credit at the end of their first, so immediately went to bat again. As the second innings was not completed the game was decided by the score of the first which gave Napanee a handsome victory. The visitors did much better in their second innings as they succeeded in running up a score of 104 runs and with only three men out. They were a fine lot of fellows.

—The "Welcome Home" tendered Rev. E. N. Baker on his return from Europe, was a decided success. The reverend gentleman arrived on the afternoon express on Monday last and was met at the depot by a large number of friends. A large audience was present in the evening at the Western Methodist church, when the followiug programme was presented:

Selection.....The Choir
Prayer.....The Pastor
Trio....."Protect us through the Coming Night"
MISSES TILLEY AND MR. JEWELL.
Address.....My Trip to the Old Country
REV. E. N. BAKER, M. A., B. D.
Solo...."With Verdure Clad"...Creation (Hadyn)
MISS EVA N. ROBLIN.
Solo....."Angels Ever Bright and Fair"
MISS MARIE TILLEY.
Solo....."Not Ashamed of Christ"
MR. A. N. JEWELL.

Of course Mr. Baker's address was the chief item of interest, and his talk of over an hour was thoroughly enjoyed by all. It consisted of a sketch of his trip through England, France, Italy, Switzerland, Scotland and Ireland. The music rendered during the evening was of a very high order, and better has seldom, if ever, been heard in Napanee. The solo "With Verdure Clad," rendered by Miss Eva N. Roblin was perhaps the most difficult number ever sung in Napanee, and yet the runs and higher notes were taken with the utmost ease and with perfect sweetness and clearness, while Miss Marie Tilley's solo was rendered with all of the sweetness which ever characterizes her singing. Mr. Jewell always sings well and he did even better than usual on Monday evening. After the programme the majority of those present tarried a while to shake hands with Mr. Baker and say "good-bye." During their stay in Napanee Mr. and Mrs. Baker have won for themselves high places in the esteem of the people of Napanee. Mr. Baker has ably performed his work in connection with the Western Methodist church and has the satisfaction of leaving the church in a highly prosperous condition. He has proved himself to be an indefatigable worker, an earnest toiler in God's vineyard. During his two year's stay in Napanee upwards of one-hundred members were added to the membership of his own church while many others joined other churches through his work in special services. The people of Napanee are loath to apart with Mr. Baker and his estimable wife and will always be rejoiced to hear of continued promotions and ever increasing success in their chosen field of labor. Mr. Baker begins work in Port Hope at once.

BUYERS' DIRECTORY. NAPANEE BUSINESS HOUSES

PLUMS, PEACHES, PEARS,

And Melons a specialty at

BRUTON'S.

G. A. Blewett

Keeps the Best and Cheapest

FLOUR

in town. Give him a call.

Try his 25 cent Tea.

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HULETT'S

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Fine PHOTOGRAPHS

Don't Fail to Try COXALL'S

Extra Choice New

Tea Siftings,

Which he is offering at the low price of

15 CENTS PER POUND 15

It beats all others.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Head Office, Montreal.

Annual Income.....$25,273.58
Assets, over.....$2,000,000.00
Assurance in force,16,025,300.00

James Little, Peterboro, Inspector of Agencies. W. H. Hill, Peterboro, Manager for Central Ontario.

Rev. S. CARD, Local Agt, Napanee

Do you want to take a drive? If so, just call up R. H. Potter, Telephone No. 99. The best livery in town.

LOCKWOOD

Has a few of the celebrated

SLAT :-: HAMMOCKS

which he is selling at 50 cts less than price list. Just received, a large lot

Ruled Scribbling Pads

Corner Brisco House Block.

Perry & Madole

Are the only dealers in Napanee that sell

McColl's Lardine Oil

Buy the Best and no other. A full stock of

Threshing Machine Supplies.

Sign of the GOLDEN AUGER.

A. W. GRANGE & BRO.

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs and Medicines

Toilet Articles, Perfumery,

Patent Medicines, Etc

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweler.

Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

George I. Ham

McLaughlin's old stand.

Attend the Great Sale

—OF—

Summer Boots and Shoes and Trunks

AT A. D. McROSSIE'S

the best value ever offered.

Kip Boots made to order, only $4.50. Repairing done.

WADDEL BLOCK.

Present Prices

—AT—

LAHEY & McKENTY

—CHEAP—

SUMMER SALE!

Mens' Shirts and Drawers, light, at 25c.
" " heavy, at 25c.
Mens' Ties, new and nobby, 12½c.
Mens' Braces, 25c. quality at 15c.
Ladies' Vests, summer weight, at 25c.
Balbriggan Vests, worth $1, at 50c.
Ladies Hose in four colors, three pairs for 25c.
Corsets in leading makes from 25c up.
Parasols of every kind at cost.
Dress Goods in Tweed effects at 9c., worth 15c.
Dress Goods in pretty Plaids at 8c, worth 12½.
20c. Dress Goods at 17c; 17c. Dress Goods at 12c.
35c. Dress Goods at 25c; 25c. Dress Goods at 20c.
65c. Dress Goods at 50c; 90c. Dress Goods at 70c.

Special Purchase of Skirt Embroideries

to be sold one-third off regular prices.

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

Job lines in Mens' Tweed Suits; fine goods, but we have not all the sizes. Come in and see the Goods and prices. Boys' 2-piece Suits, nicely made for $1.50; a better line worth $4, and all Wool for $2.50; Mens' Suits, $3.50 up. See them at

The Popular Dry Goods House, **LAHEY & McKENTY**

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bannanas, finest in town at Davis restaurant.

Delicious Pineapples now in stock, at Davis' restaurant.

Oranges and Lemons, the best that can be procured at Davis' restaurant.

Choice French Cream Goods always on hand at Davis' restaurant.

The best of Bread, (Bakers or Home-made) and an endless variety of Cake can always be had at Davis' restaurant.

Cool summer drinks, including ginger ale on drought are now selling at Davis' restaurant.

First class lunches may be had at any hour at Davis' restaurant.

McCOLL BROS'.

Machine and Burning Oils!

THEIR CELEBRATED LARDINE

Has no rival as lubricator. Farmers, Threshers and Mill Men all agree that there is n OIL in the market to compare with it. Try it and be convinced.

Cylinder Oil, Bolt Cutting Oil, Wool Oil, Axle Greese, Harness Oil, etc., always in stock.

23896m McCOLL BROS., Toronto, Ont.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRI

—THE—

New Clothing Store.

Our unprecedented success this last month in

IT LEADS

THEM ALL.

Herrings's "Monarch"

SULKY PLOW.

Manufactured by the Napanee Agricultural Works, Napanee.

For two or three horses, works in hard or clay soil better than any other Sulky Plow now in use in these counties.

It is Light of Draught will turn a

VACANCIES FOR BOARDERS.

Comfortable rooms to let, with or without board. Enquire at EXPRESS office or at house first door south of W. T. Gibbard's, Centre st. 3589d

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2889ly Barristers, Napanee

F. X. BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF
TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.
18891mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 2389 6m

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 989ly.

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JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J., Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4388ly

N. A. CATON, INSURANCE AGENT.

Representing the following companies:

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,
Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Our unprecedented success this last month in

Custom Work

has compelled us to seek for more help in the Cutting Department. We therefore engaged the services of another cutter in the person of

Mr. T. H. Livingstone

His cutting is a decided success and second to none.

Before ordering elsewhere call and examine our work and style of cut.

READY MADE CLOTHING

Our special Sale Prices enabled us to clear out a big lot of Goods during July, and we have decided to offer still greater bargains during this month. The goods must go in order to make room for Fall and Winter Stock.

Yours, etc.,

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTONE,

Late of Montreal,

Now at Sexsmith's old stand in the Leonard block, Napanee Ont.

26891y

It is Light of Draught will turn a uniform furrow, easy of management, working at any desired depth and retaining it in the hardest soil, and can be handled easily in striking out and finishing lands.

We have this fall been able to add some valuable improvements, and we now offer this Plow to the farming community as practically perfect, having stood the test of competition, and having proved itself incontestably the best Plow in the market, and one which will do a variety of work that will meet every case required.

OUR CELEBRATED 2-MOLD BOARD GANG PLOWS

have been further improved by the addition of a Coulter Share and third wheel for plowing sod. Farmers' will find itto their advantage to purchase this Plow which has now the reputation of being the best Gang Plow in the market.

Shares for all Plows and repairs on hand.

The Napanee Ag'l Works,

JOHN HERRING.

Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - [illegible] John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application.
21891y

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2789ly E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors Toront

C. D. WARFMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2289ly

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

Hay Bay Shooting Company.

The season for Duck Shooting will open on Tuesday, September 3d, 1889. The days for shooting in each week during the months of September and October are limited to four, viz.: Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, and every legal day during the remainder of the season. No person will be allowed to shoot on the premises of the Company unless he is a member, or has obtained a written permit from from the proper officers of the company. Permits may be obtained from G. G. Spencer, Hayburn, or from the undersigned, on payment of $1 for each day's shooting—the holder of the same to be governed by the rules and regulations of the company.

All persons are referred to the Act for the Protection of Game, etc., Chap. 221, Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1887, and the Company will promptly and vigorously prosecute all persons violating the Game Laws. Arrangements have been made to detect trespassers and delinquents, and any evidence or information sent to the Game Inspector or to the Trustees will be acted on and the informant's name kept secret.

By order of the Trustees.

E. H. SILLS, Secretary.
Napanee, Aug. 17, 1889. 3889b

MASSASAGA PARK.

This famous summer resort is

Now Open for the Accommodation of Guests

Every convenience has been arranged for to meet the wants of the most fastidious. Park House has lately been

Refurnished :-: Throughout,

and is now classed among the best houses on the continent. An extensive pavillion has been erected where

Ice Cream, Candies, and Fruits of all Kinds

will be constantly kept on hand. For the accommodation of excursionists and private parties who wish to take tea on the grounds, hot water will be furnished free. A number of tables and chairs have been scattered throughout the grounds.

EXCELLENT BOAT SERVICE
ALSO IN CONNECTION.

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No. 39.

THF JESUITS.

AND THE AGGRESSION OF ROMANISM.

An Address by Rev. Alex. Campbell.

The town hall was crowded to its utmost capacity on Monday evening last to listen to the Rev. Alex. Campbell lecture on the above topic. Nearly all of the prominent people of the town were present. Rev. Mr. Young was nominated for chairman but he declined the honor, and suggested that Uriah Wilson, M. P., be called to the chair. This was a capital hit and was received with cheers. Uriah suggested that as his position would likely be attacked he preferred keeping his own seat. Ironical cheers greeted his statement. Finally D. H. Preston was chosen to preside and he opened the meeting by calling on the lecturer of the evening and in doing so said that the question would be discussed from a non-political standpoint.

Rev. Mr. Campbell said that he was glad that such an announcement had been made, as he had frequently been accused by both political parties of favoring the other. The lecturer said that he was not here to rail against Romanism; he was perfectly willing to grant them all the privileges claimed for ourselves and nothing more. He believed in Equal Rights for all. He thought that the Roman Catholics, and especially the Jesuits, were claiming more than they were willing to grant to Protestants.

The sixteenth century was an important era in the world's history. Protestant principles threatened to overthrow Papacy, and strenous efforts were made to stem the torrent. King William did overthrow King James, and God did let the winds loose, and destroyed the Spanish Armada. As the Protestants were so victorious then why was the present agitation being pushed? What was the danger? There is in our midst to-day a power opposed to liberty, freedom and the best interests of our country. This power would counteract the influence of the Battle of the Boyne and even of Waterloo. Hunted out of Germany, and other countries, the Jesuit has found a veritable asylum in Canada. The Jesuit has been playing too important a part in the politics of our country. The people at the head of the present agitation are not fanatics, but are among the leading men of the Dominion. Our contention is that our legislators of both parties have yielded too much to the demands of Romanism as represented by Jesuits. The lecturer referred to Grips recent cartoon on the question and said that it clearly represented the facts.

Referring to the Province of Quebec, Mr. Campbell said that the Roman Catholic church in Quebec was virtually occupying the position of an established church. In 1774 the Imperial Parliament granted the ment repeatedly disallowed the Streams Bill! One party contended that the act was intra vires, that is, within the power of the Provincial Government to pass, and the other party said that they favored Provincial Rights, and would not interfere with a measure that was dealing with matters purely Provincial. Mr. Mercier actually asked the Pope if he might sell the estates in question and the Pope graciously assented.

The arguments advanced by those who voted for the bill are not much better than the green screen, which a saloon keeper puts before the door to hide the drunkards from view. The Protestants of Montreal have to pay over $12,000 a year towards the support of Roman Catholic schools. The lecturer said that he had to pay $75 a year for the tuition of his child at the high school in that city.

Mr. Mercier would allow no amendment to the school laws, unless it had first passed the public council and had been initialed by Cardinal Taschereau. The Cardinal insisted, and now had, a seat on the throne when the House of Parliament met. The Jesuits taught doctrines that the lecturer would not mention. He gave some of the teachings of the order.

1. Hunting and fishing on Sunday was permissable when not accompanied by too great noise.
2. Punishing wives ought to be practised.
3. Women should not be readily believed as they are habitually given to lying.
4. Servants are justified in compensating themselves without the knowledge of their employers if they do more work than they bargain for. These are some of the doctrines which our governments are endowing the Jesuits to teach. The Jesuits must go or Confederation must go. "A house divided against itself cannot stand." The lecturer did not say that Catholics must go, but the Jesuits must be made to move.

Partyism and denominationalism must be dropped and Protestants must unite in securing and retaining the freedom of thought and conscience which our ancestors fought for and obtained at a great price.

The Jesuits Estates Bill was signed by the Governor-General on the twelfth day of July. The Orangemen will do well to remember that fact and that date. Mr. Campbell closed his address shortly after nine o'clock.

Rev. A. B. Chambers moved that a vote of thanks be tendered Mr. Campbell for his able lecture. Mr. Chambers took occasion to announce his platform. He said that he believe in equal rights for all, and that the Jesuits were getting more than their rights at the present time. The Jesuit Bill ought not to have carried, and he had no sympathy with the men who voted for it. He condemned their course in scathing terms, and wound up his brief but eloquent remarks by urging everybody to stand firm on this question.

Rev. Mr. Young seconded the motion favoring a vote of thanks. He, too, announced his platform and spoke strongly against Roman and especially Jesuit aggression.

CANADA'S LITTLE WORLD.

Have You Seen It?

It is worth your while to take a peep at the exhibition of marvelous patience and skill manifested by Mr. Vance in producing such a wonderful collection, and all in life-like motion. Here is a steam engine in full play, blacksmiths forging in the smithey, a Pile driver and a Coffee grinder hard at work; a Shoemaker at work, and the wife rocking the baby; there goes the Bicycles, and here you don't hear the music, but you see the Organ grinder and the monkey performing on his shoulders; then there the company of soldiers go through their drill with precission; a poor old man is turning a grind stone while an exile from Erin is trying to grind an axe; the Scissors grinder has a lonely time compared with the Dancing girl, and her ethiopean admirer who pokes his head out of the window occasionally to see what is going on; next comes the Butcher shop and Salvation Army band with tambourine, cymbal and accordian; the mute discourse of the Colored Preacher will no doubt be appreciated by some of the politicians; here is a Railway Tunnel and Station with cars coming in, stopping, and moving on; a Saw mill in full operation, while the Master of ceremonies makes things lively; the Man fishing has about as good luck as Bro. Campbell had the other night. The Flour mill with bag elevator and men carrying bags out at one door into another, waiting patiently for six o'clock and the Circus, which is near at hand; here is an amateur Minstrel troop whose sable heads seem to vie in motion with the beautiful Ship under full sail; here is an old Wind mill and Water wheel pumping up water to the thirsty soldiers who guards the Battlements of the stately Fortress; in the distance you see a Railway train crossing a bridge.

A Tree with a Canary hopping from limb to limb and singing to the men near by who are sawing off a log, and wishing they could get away to the Boat race in best and best boats, just under the Niagara Falls in Miniature, while the stately dames ply the shuttle of the Loom and spin yarns.

Mr. Vance exhibits this wonderful show at the Kingston Midland Fair in September and will probably exhibit it at Napanee at the fair in October.

Obituary.

M. S. SCOUTON.

The subject of this memior, died at Napanee Mills Friday morning 23rd Aug. 1889, after a few days illness from inflamation. Deceased was the youngest son of the late David M. Scouton, of Ernestown, one of the old U. E. Loyalist stock, was born 27th Feb'y 1824, and married July 12th 1853, Rebacca Miller, daughter of the late Garret Miller, of Camden, four sons and four daughters of the twelve children born to them survive him. In early life Mr. Scouton was a graduate of the Normal school Toronto having obtained a first-class certificate, he devoted several years to teach-

facts.

Referring to the Province of Quebec, Mr. Campbell said that the Roman Catholic church in Quebec was virtually occupying the position of an established church. In 1774 the Imperial Parliament granted the Catholics large privileges, which resulted inthe accumulation of vast wealth by the Priests; the degradation of the common people and the receiving of vast political power. The Roman Catholics dare not deny anything said by the Pope. Freedom of speech and liberty of conscience and action, were absolutely forbidden. The wealth of the Catholic church in Quebec is simply enormous. Its revenues were derived from many and many a source. Fees were charged for everything,from the blessing of a plot of ground to the burving of the dead.

At the time of the conquest it had $2,000,000 and some land. Now it has churches valued at over $50,000,000, and over eight hundred nunneries. Money was loaned by the church to buy out Protestant farmers at the low rate of two per cent. They could afford to do this, because Catholic farmers gave one bushel out of each twenty-six to the church, whole sections in Quebec were now absolutely controlled by the Catholics. Rome always marshals her forces at the time of an election. The Orangemen of this country have been fooled several times by their political friends, and some say that they will be fooled again. The lecturer said that he did not believe so, but that the Orangemen were going to stand by their guns. The great Methodist church had but little political influence. When Protestants ask for anything they are received with a smile, but Rome receives and insists on prompt attention to her demands. The lecturer referred to the OKa Indian matter and pointed out that the Priests never interfered with them so long as they remained Catholics, but when they became Protestants they were deprived of their homes and were persecuted most bitterly. Canada never had a government brave enough to give these Indians simple justice.

Referring to the question as it touched Provincial Parliaments. He said that Marmion was thrown out of the school curriculum to please Roman Catholics in Ontario. Canada is the only country on the face of the globe that has not expelled the Jesuits. The Jesuits have been expelled more than eighty-six times by responsible governments.

In 1761 the King of France banished them from France. In 1763 the Pope disbaned and abolished the order of the Jesuits.

The British Government took possession of their estates in Canada during the reign of George III, at that time their being no Jesuits living in Canada.

Mr. Mercier made the Pope of Rome admit that the Jesuits had no legal claim to the estate thus forfeited, but only a moral one. The question is whether the civil law of our land, administered by the Queen and her officers shall prevail, or shall the canon law, as administered by the Pope and his satellites.

Do you wonder that an out cry is being made ?

The lecturer contended that Mr. Mercier came into power through a race and religous cry, and, as his majority was small, he took hold of the Jesuit question. He arranged the matter personally with the Pope and of course gave him a solid phalanx of Roman Catholic supporters in the Province of Quebec.

In the Dominion Parliament both parties agreed to barter British Law to the church of Rome. It is doubtful if anything but the power of Rome could unite the Grits and Tories.

The power of disallowance is for the express purpose of guarding the rights of the minority. Were Provincial laws never disallowed ? Had not the Dominion Government remarks by urging everybody to stand firm on this question.

Rev. Mr. Young seconded the motion favoring a vote of thanks. He, too, announced his platform and spoke strongly against Roman and especially Jesuit aggression.

Before the motion was put, George M. Elliott, jumped to his feet and took Mr. Campbell to task about some quotations made from Paul Bert's work which Mr. Elliott contended was merely a transtation of the work published in 1640, and was not an authorized Jesuit work. The audience did not want to hear him, but Mr. Campbell asked that he be heard, and then when he had made his statement, corrected him. Mr. Campbell said that the work was written in 1875 by a noted Jesuit Father and Paul Bert translated the work in 1880. Mr. Elliott was entirely mistaken.

This was the only attempt made during the evening to defend either Uriah or the Government.

The motion was then put and carried.

NOTES.

Uriah Wilson occupied a seat on the platform, and looked as if he was putting in a very uncomfortable time of it. He was as dumb has an oyster even when he had an opportunity of speaking as he might have done when the motion regarding the vote of thanks was under discussion.

Mr. Campbell was wrong in stating that Roman Catholics in Ontario were virtually compelled to support separate schools in Ontario. There is no such law. A Roman Catholic may be and frequently is a public school supporter, nor can he be made to be anything else unless he himself wishes it.

Special Announcement.

We have made arrangements with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases" which will enable all of our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address (enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) to Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Enosburg Falls, Vt. This book is now recognised as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenominal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work, and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

Not all Gold That Glitters.

The abundant yield of grain anticipated a few weeks ago does not seem to pan out up to the expectations indulged in. Again we see a wide margin between anticipation and participation. One of our best farmers in North Fredericksburgh thrashed out a load of sheaves, from as fine a looking field of oats as you would find in the county, and expected as least twenty-five bushels but only got eighteen bushels, and of light weight at that. Another neighbor estimated his barley crop at 1500 bushels, but the threshing mackine undeceived him, for he had only 900 bushels. This year a large acreage was sown on low land, as last years experiences indicated this to be the safer course. The consequence is, where not entirely flooded out there has been a wonderful growth of straw, but the grain has not filled properly. On enquiry from farmers from other sections, we find the grain crop will not be up to the average, certainly not more than two thirds of what was anticipated. Barley in this section is badely colored and of light weight.

late Garret Miller, of Camden, four sons and four daughters of the twelve children born to them survive him. In early life Mr. Scouton was a graduate of the Normal school Toronto having obtained a first-class certificate, he devoted several years to teaching in Lennox and Addington with great success. He then devoted his energies to mercantile pursuits in Centreville, Tamworth and Bowmanville, at the latter place in 1755, he suffered a severe loss by fire and barely saved the lives of his wife and child. He then went to Michigan and engaged in farming but received an injury from a falling limb, while chopping alone in the woods which nearly cost him his life. In 1869 he returned to this county where he has continued to reside. Mr. Scouton has been a member of the Methodist Church for forty years and actively engaged in the Sabbath school as teacher and superintendant. He was also a faithful laborer in the Temperance cause. The loyal Orangeman of Napanee Mills conducted the funeral services, and laid his remains in the cemetery at Newburgh on Sunday last,the funeral was attended by a large concourse of people. Rev. D. O. Crossley preached the funeral sermon. A side hill grave now contains the earthly remains of a faithful brother, a loving husband and pious father, who has gone to his rest and his works "do follow him."

Men who have taken out or are entitled to patents for eighty-acre homsteads in the North-west are to be given the privilege of making entries for more land.

Acting upon a letter addressed to him by Governor Waterman, the Attorney General of California has ordered the dismissal of the charge against Judge Field.

Barnum and Bailey's circus train was badly wrecked near Watertown, N. Y., on Friday, causing the death of many valuable ring horses. Total loss, $40.000.

The Boulangists held a stormy meeting in Paris yesterday, which broke up in disorder without selecting candidates for the coming elections, the purpose for which it was called.

Schooners arriving at Victoria and Port Townsend report the seizure of seven more Canadian sealing vessels by the United States revenue cutters. Some of the seized sealers have been towed to Ounalaska by the Rush.

BORN.

RENDELL.—At Napanee, on the 24th inst., the wife of Mr. Alfred Rendell, of a son.

READ.—At Deseronto, on the 18th inst., the wife of Mr. Willis Read, of a daughter.

ST. PIERRE.—At Deseronto, on the 8th inst., the wife of Mr. Philomel St. Pierre, of a daughter.

HAMPTON.—At Deseronto on the 17th inst., the wife of J. G. Hampton, of a

WATSON.—At Deseronto, on the 17th inst., the wife of John Watson of a son.

WINTERS.—At Lonsdale, on the 17th inst., the wife of Alex. Winters, of a son.

MCCULLOUGH.—At Lonsdale, on the 17th inst., the wife of Mr. Alex. McCullough

DIED

MILES.—In Richmond on the 27th inst., Mr. B. Miles, aged 60 years, 11 months

DREWRY.—At Trenton, on the 17th inst., H. Drewry, aged 32 years.

BAKER.—At Rochester, N. Y., on the 17th inst., Mr. Henry Baker, formerly of the township of North Fredericksburg, aged 77 years.

GOULD.—On the 8th inst., Vida, the beloved daughter of William and Arnetta Gould, of Deseronto, aged 8 months.

VANSCHAACK.—At Manlius, N. Y., on the 17th inst., Mr. Henry C. VanSchaack

MARTIN.—Died of diptheritic sore throat, on the 29th., Essie Maud, daughter of G. and E. Martin, of Lime Lake, aged 2 years.

HUFFMAN.—Mr. Peter Huffman, at the residence in Brighton, on Thursday, the 17th inst., 1889, aged 83 years, 11 months, 20

YOUNG FOLKS.

Some More Don'ts

Don't appear indifferent when others are talking. Listen politely to every one, and don't interrupt.

Don't contradict any one—nothing could be ruder. If you do not agree with the speaker, express your opinion, of course, but do it with courtesy.

Don't attempt to be witty or "smart" at the expense of another. Remember always that consideration for others is the first characteristic of a lady or gentleman.

Don't trim or clean your finger nails in public. Keep them in good condition by all means, but all toilet duties should be performed in private.

Don't play with your napkin, or your fork, or with anything at the table; when not eating sit with your hands quietly in your lap.

Catching Fish With a Bottle.

Catching fish is surely a very novel use for a bottle, but the feat is easily accomplished and affords a great deal of amusement and excitement.

A number of empty champagne or beer bottles being obtained, each one is to be filled with sand or shot until it will stand upright when floated in water. Each bottle is then tightly corked and a strong tapering ash or hickory stick, 18 inches long, is passed through each cork, this stick having a small, bright-colored burgee (a three cornered flag) at its tip. Next a piece of wire is twisted around the neck of the bottle, that it cannot slip off, and in this wire a large loop is made to which the fish-line is fastened. The length of the line must depend entirely upon the depth of the water to be fished; 10 feet is usually long enough. The hooks, for general use, should be of medium size—say No. 5. Moderately heavy sinkers are attached to the line. A swivel will make the outfit complete, although not absolutely necessary. If the bottles themselves cost nothing, a dozen may by prepared at a cost of 25 cents.

The bottles, thus having been made ready, may be used in a number of ways. They may be set in a row on the bank of a stream, or on a pier, close to the edge; the hooks having been properly baited, are to be dropped into the water. It will not be long before one of the bottles will begin to waver and suddenly take a mighty leap overboard, swimming off and bobbing around in a very peculiar manner. The excitement which a row of these fishing-bottles will arouse, and the guessing as to which bottle will go first, is very amusing, and not to be despised as sport.

One or more of the bottles having popped off and been taken in tow by a fish, must now be rescued; this can be done by means of a long stick having three hooks, without barbs, lashed to it, back to back; some one of the hooks will soon catch into the loop of wire around the neck of the bottle and you can draw in both bottle and fish.

Where there is a lake or pond at hand and a boat available, the bottles may be taken out from shore and set afloat around the boat. If the fish are at all lively and there are many bottles to tend, there will be some very exciting sport in chasing the bottles, for they will start in all directions at every moment.

Where there is a number in the party "sides" may be chosen—two sets of bottles being furnished, an even number to each, and each set having a flag differing in color The side catching the most fish wins what ever prize is to be awarded.

THE BRITISH NAVAL MANŒUVRES.

How the Rival Fleets of Great Britain and Achill Will Contend with Each Other.

The naval review off Spithead is attracting the attention of the authorities at Washington. A correspondent at the American Capital writes as follows:—Although the annual inspection and review off Spithead is for the British navy the great show of the year, there is more interest in the manœuvres which follow it. These continue through several weeks, and give abundant exercise in attack and defence, pursuit, concentration, bombardment, squadron evolutions, torpedo-boat practice, and indeed most of the operations of naval war. Last year the manœuvres began at two points, one on the northern and the other on the southern coast of Ireland, at each of which a British squadron was found and attacked by the squadron of an imaginary enemy called Achill. The excitement of the operations ran high when the attacking squadrons withdrew from the front of their opponents, and succeeded in making ravages on the southwestern coast of Scotland, and thence southward for some distance in the Irish Sea before they were made to suffer for their audacity.

This year, like last, there will be an attack from Achill, and the two principal officers who then took charge of the enemy's forces will change places with the two Admirals who conducted the defence. These manœuvres unquestionably teach more than a parade in the Solent as to the real condition, degree of efficiency, and shortcomings of the British navy. For example, the structural weakness of not a few of the torpedo boats in heavy weather was made quite manifest by them, whereas nothing of the sort might be apparent in a fair-weather review.

The composition of the opposing fleets shows that the British navy can spare from its regular force in home waters for an imaginary enemy a squadron of vast power, while retaining for itself quite enough strength to defend the islands. As recently arranged, the Achill forces were to include the armorclads Inflexible, Camperdown, Anson, Howe, Devastation, Monarch, Iron Duke, and the flagship Northumberland, the first five being of from 9,300 to 12,000 tons, and carrying very heavy armor and guns of from 35 to 80 tons. The enemy's unarmored cruisers were to include the fast vessels Iris, Magicienne, Mersey, Arethusa, Australia, Calypso, Curlew, and one or two others, making from 16 to 20 knots, besides the fast gunboats Grasshopper and Rattlesnake.

To meet this array the British squadron brings together of armorclads the flagship Hercules, the Rodney, the Warspite, the Conqueror, the Neptune, the Shannon, the Invincible, the Collingwood, the Rupert, the Ajax, and the Black Prince. It will also have four belted cruisers, the Undaunted, Narcissus, Aurora, and Galatea, two of the same class being assigned to the enemy. It will have the unarmored cruisers Medea, Melpomone, Marathon, Mercury, Forth, and Thames, of from 17 to 20 knots speed, and the gunboats Serpent, Mohawk, Sandfly, Spider, and Sharpshooter, of which the last named can go 21 knots under forced draught.

In addition to these main squadrons there are no fewer than five smaller bodies, classed as divisions for use in the English Channel, and the Irish and North Seas, and on the Scotch coast. In the aggregate they include two armorclad ships-of-the-line, seven armored coast-defence vessels, seven unarmored cruisers, eleven gun-boats, and nearly forty torpedo boats.

Even this array does not take in all the vessels which were present at the review of

WHEN A DEAF MAN CAN HEAR.

His Ears are Most Sensitive When There is the Most Racket About.

The deaf man has just discovered that riding in a rumbling car robs his affliction of its terrors, and is getting even with his back biting acquaintances who have expressed their opinions of him heretofore without reserve. An eccentric millionaire who had no hearing under ordinary circumstance, found this out the other day at the expense of his lawyer, and the latter now mourns the loss of the most profitable client, while the deaf man thinks he has learned a thing or two.

The lawyer was sitting in a car talking to a friend when his wealthy client entered and dropped into the vacant seat beside his legal adviser. "This old curmudgeon will talk me deaf, dumb, and blind," said the Blackstonian to his companion and they both scowled at Moneybags, who was looking out of the car window. "He has spent lots of money with me, but it's worth a mint to yell in his ear. I'm tired of it. He is deaf as a post."

Then the deaf man turned around. "You can send me your bill in the morning," said he," and I'm done with you.

Lawyer and companion looked at each other amazed. The lawyer set about to find how is client recovered his hearing so quickly.

"It is due to the counteraction of the noisy motion on the drum of the ear," said the aurist to whom he applied for information. "The rumble of the heavy wheel on the track causes the drum to vibrate, and the afflicted one can hear quite plainly. Some people think that they voluntarily raise their voices in a car. That is not so. Always speak in a low voice to a deaf person moving car or vehicle.

Ocean Greyhounds

The twin-screw steamer is associated with one might almost say the outgrowth of the triple expansion engines, which are as revolutionary as the latest of the iron-clads or the institution of Bessemer steel. The old ships of all the lines are far behind, and while they may serve the purpose of ferry boats for many years and yield comfort to old-fashioned people, they will not be succeeded by anything like themselves. One of the marvels of the age is the machinery of the steamers that are famous for their speed on the Atlantic. If a locomotive is attached to a "limited express" train and run at a rate of speed approaching a mile a minute for two or three hours, she is withdrawn, another substituted, and every part of the rattled engine is closely examined, while it is carefully provided that the return trip is made with a slow train. Contrast with this what is expected of the machinery on board the City of Paris, the Augusta Victoria, the Columbia, or the Teutonic, or the Etruria or Umbria. During the fastest voyage across the Atlantic, that of the City of Paris in May last, her engines were driven unceasingly during five days and twenty three hours at the average speed of eighty-eight revolutions of the screws per minute. When Captain Watkins left Queenstown on the 25th of last month, and started on a course fifty-nine miles shorter than his famous run—shorter because he ran northward where the world grows smaller and came down over the shoulder of "the great globe we inherit," taking any possible chance there might be of fogs and ice crossing the banks of Newfoundland at this season—the engines were put at full speed, and for something over four days they were driven at the average rate of ninety revolu-

"sides" may be chosen—two sets of bottles being furnished, an even number to each, and each set having a flag differing in color The side catching the most fish wins whatever prize is to be awarded.

For sea fishing an additional arrangement is needed, because the waves cause the bottles to bob up and down so that it is hard to know when a fish bites. The flag is brought into use as a signal. The upright rod is furnished at its tip with a small screw-eye, and a strip of tin three inches long is fastened by its lower end to the lower end of the rod parallel with it, so as to make a spring-clip The flag is fastened to the end of the line, and is set by being caught in the clip made by the strip of tin. In this position the flag is "lowered," as it were, being at the foot of the rod; but when the fish bites he pulls it away from the clip and raises it to the top of the rod, where it stops, being too large to go through the eye. That the flag may fly straight, and not be drawn into the eye and crumpled, it is best to sew it to a straight bit of wire, having a loop at the top to which the line is tied.

Another improvement is to paint the inside of the bottle white, by pouring in white paint and shaking it around and then pouring it out and letting the bottle dry. Then prepare the bottle as described, and should a large fish turn the bottle upside-down, as he very likely will, it can be readily seen and followed.—[Wide Awake.

A Talk About Tigers.

Little folks are always anxious to learn something about natural history and animals, so they are given here a little sketch of the fiercest of known animals. The tiger is the admiration and dread of young people. We are all familiar with the appearance of its tawny, striped skin, its fierce-looking head and mouth and its long, muscular body. It is one of the most active and agile of beasts, and has enormous strength. It leaps twenty feet at a bound and can carry off a big ox to its lair.

When the tiger is hungry there is no danger that it will not brave to get food. One has been known to carry off a soldier from the middle of a camp, nothing daunted by the presence of a crowd of men. Many years ago tigers were a perfect scourge to the people of some parts of India, and they are yet where the settlements are scattered. They carry off both people and cattle, and naturally the inhabitants devise all sorts of ways to rid themselves of such a dangerous foe. One of the queerest devices is to spread broad leaves smeared with glue in the tiger's way and when he steps on them of course they stick to his paws. He then rubs his paws on his head to get the leaves off and they stick to his head and blind his eyes. He then lies down and rolls on the ground howling with rage and when the hunter hears the noise he comes up and kills the beast.

Like the lion, the tiger can be tamed until it is almost as harmless as a cat, for, you know it is only its big cousin. A story is told of a tiger that came on a ship from India, and it was so gentle that the boys who were employed on the vessel used to sleep with their heads resting on its body for a pillow.

The Roman Emperors used to have tame tigers that went about their palaces with as much freedom as we allow to the most ordinary pets. They also used them to draw their chariots, just as they did the lions we have told you about. Emperor Nero, the infamous tyrant, who is said to have "fiddled while Rome was burning," had a pet tigress which he kept always near him. Sometimes, at the end of a feast, he would point out to the tigress some one with whom he was displeased, and the beast, trained to do his bidding, would leap upon the unfortunate victim and kill him before the guests' very eyes.

armored coast-defence vessels, seven unarmored cruisers, eleven gun-boats, and nearly forty torpedo boats.

Even this array does not take in all the vessels which were present at the review of Monday, and possibly in the final programme some additional or different assignments may be made, some of those at first detailed for service under Achill being transferred to the colors of John Bull, or the reverse. But in any case it is the British navy that out of its abundant resources furnishboth the hostile and the home squadron. If imperfections are found on either side as the result of the encounters, they can be remedied without waiting for a real war to make remedy too late. There are compensations and consolations in advance for various kinds of unpleasant developments. Should the attack prevail over the defence, it will be reflected that after all English skill conducted it. Indeed, while the pessimist is already counting on the fact that British sailors will surely be beaten, the optimist is finding equal inspiration in the fact also assured in advance that British sailors will be victorious.

The Kaiser in England.

Exit the Shah, enter the Emperor. The lion of Persia has left the shores of England and betaken himself to France, whither the German emperor, at present on a visit to hi august grandmother, our most gracious and revered Queen, for obvious reasons is not likely to follow him. The Emperor William is accompanied by Count Herbert Bismarck, whose injudicious utterances at the time of Wilhelm's accession to the throne of Frederic, his father, fanned the feeling of irratibility that then prevailed in England. At the present moment, however, the hatchet appears to have been buried and things seem lovely. The Count's alroy master has taken part in a family dinner at Osborne and has been treated to the grandest of all the spectacles England can offer—a naval review, in which 150 vessels of war took part, including 30 of the most formidable line of battle ships the civilized world can produce. The Emperor was made an honorary admiral of the fleet and in the full fig of that exalted position surveyed the magnificent scene with complacency, if not with satisfaction at the thought that some day all this massive array of strength might be arrayed against his be loved naterland. But nothing untoward, beyond some unpleasant weather, occurred to in the glories of the occasion, and in the near future the Prince of Wales will return the Emperor's visit and make a brief sejourn at the court of Berlin, while her Majesty the Queen has been appointed chief of the first Dragoon guards of Germany.

She Was a "Native Daughter."

"So you're going to marry old Jones, are you, Maud?"

"Yes, Cicely."

"Awfully rich, isn't he?"

"Yes, beastly rich."

"But I thought you were going to marry young Spriggins. Weren't you engaged?"

"Oh, yes, indeed! But he has just gone abroad for a couple of years. I expect to marry him when he returns."

"Oh! And Mr. Jones?"

"Humph! He won't last that long. Nothing like having a nice young husband and plenty of money, too!"—[Wasp.

An English financial paper relates that in 1888 391,000 persons in Canada sent money by postal order to relatives in the United Kingdom amounting to $5,250,000. These figures are said to have been made public by the Postmaster-General of England.

possible chance there might be of fogs and ice crossing the banks of Newfoundland at this season—the engines were put at full speed, and for something over four days they were driven at the average rate of ninety revolutions of the screws per minute. There was a variation from eighty-six to ninety-two revolutions. When the furnaces were opened to be cleaned the intensity of the steam would be diminished for a few minutes and the speed of the screws reduced to eighty-six turns in the minute. It will be noted that the average speed was three revolutions in two seconds, and the screws are twenty feet in diameter. It is astonishing that this velocity can be maintained day and night without a second's waiting, and avoid developing excessive and crippling heat. The fact that thirty men are employed to pour oil upon the bearings and all parts where the friction is severe, will perhaps account in part for the phenomena, but certainly only the greatest perfection of material, and the most delicate adaptation of one part to the other, could provide for such a strain without disaster. I doubt whether so startling a test of integrity and absolute exactitude in manufacture can be found in any other machinery. During the late run of the City of Paris the wind was so strong from the north one afternoon as to give the ship a decided list, elevating the larboard screw so that at each turn the blades threw showers of spray with a dazzling rush far behind the vessel. There are four blades in the screw, revolving three times in two seconds—so there were six white surges per second dashed to the winds, and a fine reminder of the snowy rapids of Niagara.

Assault by an Indian.

MONTREAL, Aug. 29.—An Indian from Caughnawaga named Joseph Sharonhati was sent for trial to the Court of Queen's Bench for a fiendish assault on a girl eleven years of age, daughter of Constable Lefort of that village. In the preliminary investigation the young victim and her two companions, the Misses Latch, of Ottawa, who are on a visit at Lachine and Caughnawaga, said under oath that the accused had lured them away from the village out of earshot and view of any habitation, and then dragged little Ida Lefort into a bush. Her companions dared not follow at first, but the child's cries finally induced them to enter the brush, whence the accused fled precipitately upon their approach. On hearing of the occurrence Constable Lefort armed himself with two revolvers, determined, he says, to punish the brute. He did not, however, find him at home. In the evening he met him on the street and took him into the presence of the girls, all of whom identified him as the man in question. Lefort raised his revolver to the prisoner's face, but before he could fire his wife prevented him from killing Sharonhati. The victim is in a serious if not dangerous condition.

The Folly of it.

It is altogether beyond belief that it will be possible for us to sustain the pretension of Secetary Blaine that Behring sea is distinctly American water. Our maintenance of such a theory on the Pacific side of the continent, in view of the claims we make on the Atlantic side, cannot fail to make us a laughing stock of all foreign diplomatists; for, if the United States can claim that Behring sea, which, dividing America from Asia, is at certain places more than a thousand miles in width, is a closed sea, then there is nothing to prevent England from claiming that the Gulf of St. Lawrence, Hudson bay and Baffin bay are closed seas, in which American fishermen and whalers have no right to ply their trade.—[Boston Herald.

PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

Sir Edward Watkin proposes, if ever he gets his channel tunnel cut through—and that's a big, big if—to run trains direct from London to Gibraltar, transfer cars by boat to Tangier, and thence along the north coast of Africa, through Egypt, down the Persian Gulf to Kurrachee, and so on to Calcutta, without change of cars.

The Standard Oil Company's new steamers for carrying oil in bulk will be ready for service in September. The first vessel, named the Bayonne, was launched on the Clyde on July 2, and has a capacity of 4,000 tons. She will have electric-lights, steam steering gear, and triple expansion engines, and will carry 1,500,000 gallons, which can be discharged in ten hours.

Canada has 124,589 Indians, of whom 37,944 are in British Columbia, 26,388 in Manitoba and the Northwestern Territory, 17,700 in Ontario, 12,465 in Quebec, 8,000 in Athabaska, 7,000 in Mackenzie district, 4,016 in Eastern Rupert's Land, 4,000 on the Arctic coasts, 2,145 in New Scotland, 2,038 in the Peace River district., 1,594 in New Brunswick, 1,000 in the interior of Labrador, and 319 in Prince Edward Island.

Joseph A. Donohoe, of Menlo Park, Cal., has offered a medal to be given to the first discoverer on that coast of every new comet, and to the first observer who makes a precise observation of a telescopic periodic comet at any of its expected returns. It is a curious coincidence that the same week which saw this recognition of astronomical research witnessed an offer by J. Mervyn Donahue, another Californian, of a purse of $7,000 for a prize fight between Kilrain and the Australian negro, Peter Jackson, provided the contest should take place in San Francisco.

The new law in Connecticut requiring the removal of saloon screens has brought about the following situation. "The new screen law has produced rather an interesting and a somewhat complicated situation in New Britain. Mr. Dunn's saloon is set off from the restaurant by a partition so arranged that on Sunday and after midnight on week-days the bar can be entirely closed up and separated from the restaurant. The latter can then, by law, be kept open all the time. If the partition between restaurant and bar is removed, so as to give a clear view of the latter from the street, the saloon and the restaurant become one and the latter must be closed at midnight and on Sundays. The situation has given rise to a number of interviews between the County Commissioners and Mr. Dunn's counsel, with a view to obviating the difficulty.

The Old, Old Story.

Have you forgotten the old, old story
You whispered to me on that golden day
When the sun was flooding the earth with glory,
And hedges were fragrant and white with may?
Our path led over the cowslip-meadow,
Where birds sang gaily from every tree,
And the way was flecked with sunshine and shadow;
But only the sunshine fell on me.

With the lads and lasses to go a-maying,
That morn we had left for a space life's toil;
And we heard the sound of their footsteps straying
Where the hawthorn promised abundant spoil.
Their hearts grew glad in the golden weather;
They gathered the flowers beneath their feet;
But we two loitered behind together,
For the old, old story seemed new and sweet.

$85 solid GOLD WATCH Sold for $100 until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. Both ladies' and gents' sizes with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one FREE. How is this possible? We answer—we want one person in each locality, to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a complete line of our valuable and very useful HOUSEHOLD SAMPLES. These samples, as well as the watch, we send free, and after you have kept them in your home for 12 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property; it is possible to make this great offer, sending the SOLID GOLD watch and COSTLY samples free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always results in a large trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality for a month or two we usually get from $1000 to $5000 in trade from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once, and make sure of the chance. Reader it will be hardly any trouble for you to show the samples to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know all, if you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure FREE one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 812, PORTLAND, MAINE.

THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS
IN CANADA.
OVER 100 STYLES OF
HAY SCALES,
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TEA SCALES,
IMPROVED SHOW CASES
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DRAWERS
Meat Choppers

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ADDRESS IN FULL, Write for terms.
C. WILSON & SON,
ESPLANADE STREET EAST
TORONTO, ONT.
Mention this paper every time you write.

Daily Line to Rochester
The Str. Norsman
(A. DUNLOP, Master),

Will make her regular trips on this route, leaving Cobourg every morning at 7:30, and Port Hope at 9:50 o'clock, on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway trains from the east and west; connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Central and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railway for all points east, west and south.

RETURNING.—Will leave Charlotte (Port of Rochester), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12 o'clock p. m., Tuesdays at 9 o'clock p. m., Thursdays at 11 o'clock p. m., and Saturdays for Port Hope direct at 4 p. m.

This is the cheapest and most expeditious route to Oswego, Boston, Albany, New York, etc., etc.

Connects with early trains for North, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a. m.

$85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $100, until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send free, and after you have kept them in your home for 12 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property; it is possible to make this great offer, sending the SOLID GOLD watch and COSTLY samples free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always results in a large trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality for a month or two we usually get from $1000 to $5000 in trade from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once, and make sure of the chance. Reader it will be hardly any trouble for you to show the samples to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know all, if you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure FREE one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 812, PORTLAND, MAINE.

SEASON OF 1889.
Until further notice the
Steamer Reindeer
Will leave Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places.
Leave Picton 8 a. m. for Napanee.
Returning will leave Napanee at 2 p. m. to connect with Steamer Varuna at Deseronto for Belleville and Trenton.
Leave Deseronto 2 45 p. m.; Picton 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.
L. M. COLLIER,
91m Captain.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON
Mutual Fire Insurance
COMPANY
is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.
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President—John B. Aylesworth, Esq.
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Secretary—N. A Caton, Esq.
Treasurer—Miles Shorey, Esq.
General Agents—J. N. McKim, J. C. McNeill.
Auditors—Ira B. Hudgins and E. L. Percy.
The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 p. m.
Napanee, Feb. 14th, 1887. 1yr

Burdock
BLOOD
BITTERS.
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.
NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect ct.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40

of ;
They gathered the flowers beneath their feet ;
But we two loitered behind together,
For the old, old story seemed new and sweet.

'Tis May time again ; and youth and maiden
Hasten away to the country road,
To cut down the boughs that are blossom-laden,
Or help to carry the fragrant load.
The sunshine is flooding the earth with glory ;
The birds are singing on every tree ;
But you have forgotten that old, old story,
And only the shadows fall on me.

[E. MATHESON, in Chambers's Journal.

Most Terrible of Children.

A visit to the little island of Marken, inhabited by primitive fishing folk, still wearing the costume in fashion with their forefathers three hundred years ago, was made memorable by the vexatious conduct of the boys of the place. "I did not mind the girls. But by and by school broke up, and down to quay side ran all the naughty boys of Marken. We suffered a terrible persecution at their hands, so that the tender-hearted girls pitied us and rebuked, but to no effect, their unruly brothers. The Hollanders spoil their children, never punish them and allow them—provided they don't play the truant from school, for education is a serious business in this country—to do pretty well as they like. Should a stranger—my authority is one of our consuls over here—take it upon himself to sprank one of these little rascals, for throwing stones at him or otherwise misbehaving himself, the whole of the parents of the locality would rise in a body and seek that stranger's blood. A Corsican vendetta would be chiid's play to what he might expect. If you value your life, put up with insult, robbery, blows, torture at the hands of a Hollander infant, but do not venture to chastise him. Of all the children in Europe the Dutch child is most to be feared. Now the Zuider Zee child is the most terrible of Dutch children, and the Marken child the most terrible of the Zuider Zee, and hence of the whole species. Our position can, therefore, be imagined by any father of a large family." The chief amusement of these boys was pelting the vessel with stones and brickbats, and, finally her berth had to be altered to get out of their way.

She Knew the Scheme.

A girl with a bundle in her hand was going up Park street yesterday when she met a girl with a bundle coming down. They seemed to intuitively divine each other's occupation, and the fact that each was out of a job.

"When did you leave?" queried the first.

"About an hour ago. When did you?"

"Same time. What did you quit for?"

"Folks had too much company and I worked like a slave. What did you quit for?"

"Folks had no company nor nothing to do, and I was getting too fat. Don't we have hard times, though?"

"Dreffal. If it isn't one thing it's another. I am now after a place where the lady is said to respect her servant's feelings."

"How nice! That means every evening out—all the beaus you want—breakfast at half past eight and girl company every afternoon. Oh! but it can't last. It's a scheme to get you there and put a double wash on you for a starter."—[Detroit Free Press.

Queen Victoria has just paid more than $500 for a Shetland pony, which was recently much admired at the Windsor cattle show.

ranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch and Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

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TO MACKINAC
SUMMER TOURS.
PALACE STEAMERS. LOW RATES.
Four Trips per Week Between
DETROIT, MACKINAC ISLAND
Petoskey, Sault Ste. Marie, and Lake Huron Way Ports.
Every Week Day Between
DETROIT AND CLEVELAND
Special Sunday Trips during June, July, August and Sept.
Double Daily Line Between
CHICAGO AND ST. JOSEPH, MICH.
OUR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS
Rates and Excursion Tickets will be furnished by your Ticket Agent, or address
E. B. WHITCOMB, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.,
Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

$03 Sewing-Machine FREE
To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. **In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 2** months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out: before patents run out it sold for **$03**, with the attachments, and now sells for **$50.** Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. **TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.**

PIANOS ON THE
3 YEARS SYSTEM

A regular monthly, quarterly or half-yearly payment (a slight advance on the rental rate) buys the instrument.

Any piano may be chosen out of a magnificent assortment of Uprights, Squares, and Grands, unsurpassed in quality and value. Ministers, Teachers, Governme n Officers, and those in receipt of regular i n comes will find this a convenient and advantageous mode for securing a first-class instrument. When the instrument is used for practice, our Soft Stop or Practice Pedal saves wear on the nerves, as well as preserves the tone of the piano. Our Patent Foot Pedal attachment for Pianos is invaluable to organists, students, and teachers. Prices on application. Inspection invited.

Octavius Newcombe & Co

Wareroomr—107 and 109 Church St. Toronto. Factory, the finest in its equipments and appliances in the city, 89 to 97 Bellwoods ave.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 25	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Enterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of the trains depends on connection with other ones, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

K. C. CARTER. H. B. SHERWOOD, E. W. RATHBUN,
Ass't Gen. Man. Superintendent. Gen. Man.

Deseronto Navigation
COMPANY (LIMITED)
ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted) :

Str. QUINTE, Capt. D.B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a m ; Deseronto, 7,15 ; Northport, 7.50 ; Belleville, 10,00, arriving at Trenton 11 30 a m. Leave Trenton 1 p m ; Belleville, 3 ; Northport, 4,20 ; Deseronto, 5,35, arrive at Picton 6 35 p m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a m ; Deseronto, 7 : arriving at Picton 8,30. Leave Picton 3 p m ; Deseronto, 5 ; arrive at Napanee at 6 p m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9,30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a m. Leave Deseronto 1 p m, arriving in Picton at 2,20 p.m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS
by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

Strs. RESOLUTE, Capt. John Gown, and RELIANCE, Capt John Bartley. These fast and comodious steamers sail from Deseronto regularlm, weather permitting, for Oswego, connecting with trains for New York and other points. Fares moderate. Freight handled at lowest rates. See that your tickets read via Deseronto Junction.

These steamers are open for charter for excursions.

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HOME DRESSMAKING.

A partly worn basque may be renovated or a plain one be made into a dressy garment, by adding a lace and silk muslin garniture shown in Figure No. 54. A straight piece of silk muslin, 48 inches in length, folded round the neck, as illustrated, loose pleats that are tapered in at the waist and then fall loose.

FIG 54

A row of lace trims the entire edge, and insertion is set in at the bottom of the V-shaped neck before the muslin is pleated. The sleeves should be finished with a lace frill, which is sewed in so as to be fuller and wider toward the back.

Wash goods have the round, full waist gathered and lapped front and back, or at the front only. The V is of embroidery or

FIG. 55

goods. One revers down the lapping side is worn. The round, turned-over frill of lace or embroidery on the neck and sleeves has just caught public favor at its flood. Straight gathered skirts of cotton goods are not lined. A white skirt having stiffly starched ruffles up the entire back should be worn with a cotton gown.

Figure No. 55 illustrates a blouse bodice

latter has gathers at the top and waist centre, front and back with full sleeves and lace frills.

The straight gathered skirt is four yards and a half wide, and is worn over the waist, which is cut long enough to thrust beneath the belt. A ribbon belt is worn, and tied on the left side.

Straight skirts are varied by having a Grecian-draped front, which is shown in this issue in pattern No. 4306. Side pleats, Spanish flounce fronts or deep rings over the front and sides at the top, making them in straight rows or deep Vandykes.

The foot of the front and sides may be finished with a box-pleated ruche, a gathered frill of silk, lace, or the dress fabric; and the old fashion of leaf or square tabs of the material over a tiny flounce of lace has been revived for Empire gowns.

Figure No. 59 is one of those standard designs that are always in fashion for cotton, flannel, cloth, or cheviot every-day gowns. The belted blouse has three tiny folds down either side of the front, and a plain back, with a high collar, coat sleeves and belt of the dress goods. The full skirt has the sides and back laid—not caught down—in kilt pleats, the front gathered, cut

FIG. 58

somewhat longer on the right side and caught up there in a shallow funnel pleat.

The full Empire waists are cut with or without side forms, according to the figure, only very slender figures being able to dispense with them. The fronts are without darts, the fullness being shirred along the shoulder seams and at the waist line, unless a very short basque is worn, and then the fullness ends in close overlapping pleats from the waist line to the edge of the garment. The lining of the front has the

The round waist has a plainly fitted back, full fronts edged with embroidery and lapped at the waist line, V of tucks, collar, and cuffs of embroidery, and leg o'-mutton sleeves. A ribbon belt is on the left side.

A modified style of an Empire waist suitable in silk, lace, &c., for evening wear is shown in figure No. 62, which is arranged with the usual shaped back under folds like those in front, one dart in each front, and folds from the shoulders crossed at the waist line, leaving a low neck, with a tiny V of lace in front. The puffed sleeves are headed by ribbon bows, apparently holding the folds together. A wide or narrow sash may be worn.

FIG. 62

Pretty yokes for cotton and challie gown, are rounded back and front, and very short, with the body portion gathered on a standing frill, which is doubled—not hemmed—at the top. A revived fashion shows the neck, sleeves, and edge of yoke, finished with a puff of the fabric, gathered a frill on either side, or a box-pleated ruche of lace having the straight edges sewed together before it is pleated.

FIG. 63

FIG. 56

suitable for cotton, tennis flannel, surah, of light-weight woolen goods. The back is cut like an ordinary loose waist, while the front is represented with a pointed yoke of folds from the shoulder-seams on either side of a V of embroidery, with a collar to match. The lower portion of the fronts is gathered on the yoke, forming an erect ruffle, and worn with a belt, leaving the basque part outside of the skirt. The sleeves are gathered at the shoulders, and into cuff bands of embroidery.

Figured woolen goods, surah, and embroidery galloon are illustrated in Figure No. 56, though plain and figured India silk or woolen material would afford a handsome combination. The front and right side of the skirt are of the silk laid in kilt pleats, with a full straight back, and the left side partly crossing the front of the woolen fabric.

The round waist fastens invisibly, and has the right side and collar completely covered with embroidery, while the left front is full from the shoulder and lapped over the waist line under a girdle belt of the embroidery. The sleeves are full at the top, and have cuffs of the galloon embroidery.

FIG. 57

The lace trimming shown in Figure No. 57 answers either for a pointed or round basque, with long or short sleeves. Lace about four inches wide forms a round collar and epaulet on the right shoulder, with a drapery of lace net or silk muslin, edged with lace down the front and over to the right hip.

Loops of No. 12 ribbon are placed at the neck, falling over the bust where the drapery ends, over on the right side, and a bow at the waist line. Flowers are interspersed among the ribbons to brighten the dressy effect.

The morning robe shown in figure No 58 is appropriate for Valenciennes lace and nainsook or India silk, or the lace on the skirt might be omitted, and a neat gown be made of cashmere. The guimpe may be of velvet' plain or tucked nainsook, surah, or embroidery, according to the material selected, and this is made on a close-fitting lining, with the low baby waist worn over it. The

FIG. 59

usual darts, and often a sash is folded narrow and laid around this edge so as to outline it before it is tied in the back or at the side.

Figure No. 60 illustrates a useful petticoat to wear with full, straight skirts that

FIG. 60

are without reeds. Surah, pongee, or muslin is used, with frills of lace or the material at the foot. One reed is inserted about seventeen inches below the belt, and the skirt is cut like a dress pattern. If of muslin, the trimming would be of embroidery, and the reed withdrawn for washing. If

FIG. 61

for a stout person, a yoke should be fitted to the top in place of a belt.

Figure No. 61 is represented in white and embroidered nainsook, though the design will readily lend itself to silk and woolen combinations. The skirt is arranged in wide kilt pleats, a full gathered back, and flat front of embroidery over a lining of the usual shape.

FIG. 63

The jaunty Directoire gown shone in Figure No. 63 is of cashmere, with cuffs collar, and vest of figured India silk. The gathered skir its trimmed across the front and sides with a deep border of embroidery, and a sash bow hangs on the left side.

The coat basque has a long, narrow back to the foot of the skirt, and jacket fronts having revers and large buttons. The double-breasted vest also has revers showing a V of the basque material. The sleeves are coat shaped, and the whole costume bears the unmistakble Parisian stamp.

The measurements of a Parisian-made gown in lidate wider skirts, as the lining of this one is 3 yards in width. The front is 27 inches wide at the bottom and 9 inches at the top; the gore on either side is 14 inches at the belt, and 23 inches on the lower edge, and the straight back is 36 inches in width, with a 12 inch reed 13 inches below the belt, and has the tiniest of pad bustles.

Handsome skirts have a gathered and pinked silk frill on the inside of the lower edge. Skirts often slip around, and thus lose their designed effect, but sewing a hook at the centre front of the belt, and an eye on the corsets, any twisting around may be prevented.

Sash ends, trimmed with trimmed with fringe, are cut straight across. The front and sides are frequently finished on the lower edge with fringe, which falls over a gathered frill of the dress material. A flat border of ribbon, lace insertion, embroidery, galloon, woven designs, or velvet continue in vogue for the front and sides, or front only, of skirts.

Lace basques for stout figures are made of the lace laid smoothly over the silk lining, with bretelles of three rows of No. 7 ribbon passing over the shoulders and tapering to one row about 2 inches back of the slight point of the bodice, back and front. The sleeves are trimmed with lengthwise rows of ribbon to the elbows.

The Directoire ruffle on waists is a gathered ruffle, three inches deep, of crepe, silk muslin, silk embroidery, or lace, finely knife-pleated or left plain, and sewed down the lapped edge of the round waist full enough to fall gracefully. It is usually accompanied by a turn over collar and cuffs to correspond.

The full sleeves are shown in many designs, but the most highly favored one is quite close at the wrists and slightly full at the top. This has coat shaped lining, with the outer material cut longer.

Then there is a draped sleeve having the foundation cut as usual, with the top part of the outer material of the larger half of the sleeve cut longer and wider at the top, which fullness is draped in easy folds over the shoulder, tapering narrower in the centre. In all cases the top of the sleeve is arranged to give a rounder appearance to the arms and a graceful slope to the shoulders.

Those "Awful Sacrifices."

Miss Cutwell—"Papa, you are real stingy to refuse me that bracelet. Did you see Sadie Shoddy's jewelry at the ball?"

Cutwell (an honest clothier)—"My dear, Sadie's father is a very rich man."

Miss C.—"Why, papa! How can you say so? Have you seen poor Mr shoddy's advertisements, headed 'Awful Sacrifices?' He says he is selling at half the cost of manufacture. What has made him richer than you, then?"

Cutwell.—Those 'awful sacrifices', my dear."

WIRELETS.

The fishing schooner Mattie Winship has been released on her owners paying the Government $2,300.

The steamship Norwegian, just reported at Father Point, encountered many icebergs in approaching Belle Isle.

Charles M. McKerlie, a young farmer o Westminster township, shot himself in the presence of his family because his father refused to deed a farm to him. It is thought the young man will die.

John L. Sullivan was, on Saturday morning, sentenced to twelve months in prison, and Referee Fitzpatrick pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $300.

Three thousand persons at Portland, Me., have signed a petition asking Secretary Blaine to take steps to secure a stay of proceedings in the case of Mrs. Maybrick.

A Hangman Tried for His Life.

Berlin has just had a most extraordinary sensational trial—curious, indeed almost without parallel, among the records of crime. The hangman has been accused of assassination and tried for his life. Of course it was a question of jealousy. The Berlin executioner does not lead a very moral life. He is a married man with a family, and he deserted both, and the poor wife soon had a rival. But he also deserted the rival in her turn. The dry statistics of the law courts read like the argument of some ingenious play. The abandoned mistress longed to recover her supremacy. One would not have thought a hangman capable of such attraction. She tried every means to gain her object, and at last in despair had recourse to the executioner's assistant and right hand man, whom she knew and whose influence over him was great. There were interviews between the two hangmen, but matters did not advance. Then there was an angry interview at a restaurant, in the course of which the chief kicked his aid-de-camp in the stomach. The injury was more serious than it seemed, and a month afterward the poor go-between died. All sorts of evidence were given at the trial, and the jury were merciful in their verdict. But the criminal classes of Berlin were greatly disappointed. It would have been interesting, they seemed to have thought, if the new hangman had to try his 'prentice hand on his predecessor.

Too Late for That.

"I want to get a good hammock," said the customer. "Strong enough to hold two, I suppose?" suggested the salesman slyly. "No, sir," said the customer with some show of resentment. "No, sir; I've been married for more than three years."

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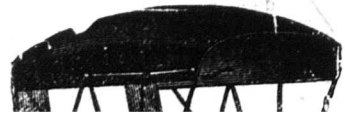

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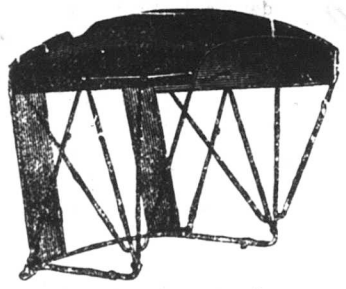

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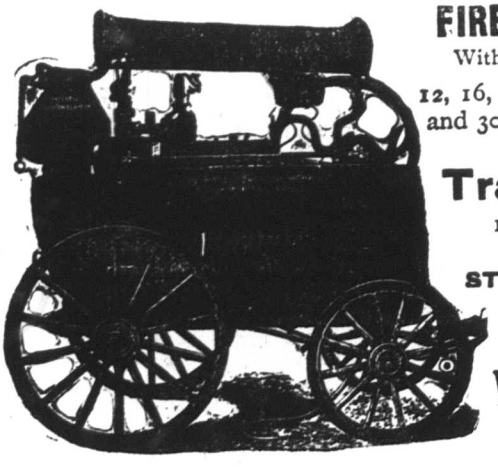

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NAPANEE, FRIDAY, AUG. 30, 1889.

THE REASON WHY.

Will some of our Tory friends be good enough to tell us how it is that whilst vast sums of surplus British capital are at this moment being invested in the United States—in coal mines, iron mines, oil wells, lumbering and other industries—the British investor is giving Canada a wide berth? Have we no iorn, coal, lumber, copper or oil to be developed? Why, yes. The natural wealth of the Dominion is very nearly as great as that of the United States. Probably if a thorough exploration were made of the James Bay and Hudson's Bay regions, and of the huge Territory watered by the Mackenzie River, it would be found that our natural wealth is actually larger than that of our neighbors. Our labour is as cheap as American labor; our water-power, waterways and railroad facilities relatively as good and convenient; our people every bit as [illegible] enterprising. What, then, is the matter with Canada, that these British capitalists go to the United States with their money, and invest it in building up the industries of the South, the West, and the North-western States?

We haven't a market—that is the trouble. What would be the use, for instance, of opening iorn mines in Addington, or coal mines in Nova Scotia, or oil wells in the country north of Calgary, when there is no means of disposing of the output? Give us access to the United States market and both British and American capital will come here to utilize our resources and give employment to our people, who for want of it drift across the lines in thousands every year, and are forever lost to their native land.

SWEATING THE FARMER.

A Plum Creek, Man., settler writes to a Brandon paper, that there must be some thing wrong with the Customs department because "they certainly charged me more than the 35 per cent. duty authorized by Parliament upon certain agricultural implements which I recently imported from Chicago, and Racine, Wis." This settler does not seem to be aware that the Customs department wields what is virtually a taxing power, distinct from that vested in it by the people's representatives. A farmer or an implement agent imports machines from the States. The Canadian duty, as stated above, is 35 per cent., but the Customs officials are authorized to fix the valuation of the article, and by adding

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.

In these days of Jesuit aggression and anti-Jesuit ranting, I would like to ask both parties a few questions, with a view of ascertaining, whither we are drifting.

We are very apt to forget that we are living in the nineteenth Century, and not in the middle ages, when the extreme religious factions, held the boards, and neither gave to nor asked quarter from his opponents. At this distance of time, we look upon the Massacre of St. Bartholomew, the walls of Derry and persecutions by the so-called Protestants, not only of the Catholics, but also of protestant brethren who dared to be non-conformists, as huge monuments of folly and intolerance, which mark an epoch in the worlds history—the dynamo which produced the electricity that has enlightened the world and taught mankind the true principal of equal rights and privileges to all. With these facts in view, I would like to ask the Jesuits of this Dominion, are you willing to stand upon the platform of equal rights to all? If so, cease your aggressive policy, and learn to respect the rights of your fellow men, and be satisfied with the privilege of worshipping God according to your conscience, without seeking to compel others to your way of thinking.

By the act Cession the Roman Catholic subjects in Quebec were guaranteed the right to exercise their religion so far as it did not interfere with British laws and institutions, no further. Have you kept [illegible] is prescribed? Does not seeking and obtaining endowment in [illegible] contrary? The British [illegible] guarantees you in all the privileges you are entitled to. Be satisfied with that.

In Ontario you sought and obtain separ[illegible]ols, which you were not entitled to. [illegible] let me ask, who was it help you [illegible], and made it possible to obtain [illegible] advantage? Was it not the solid vote of these very Orangemen, who are now seeking to hunt you out of the land like wild beasst? Yes the Orange and the green could blend harmoniously when your interest were being served. How was it when the Orangemen wanted their quid pro quo and stood knocking at the door of Parliament asking for incorporation? Did you not very cooly vote solid against incorporation? Have you the Jesuits a right to incorporation if the Orangemen have not? I don't wish it to be understood that all Catholics are thus illiberal, because I know there is a large section who stood shoulder to shoulder with the Protestant liberals of Ontario and Quebec, in the memorable clergy reserve and Senorial Tenure fights, of former days, and who are to-day ready to battle for equal rights and privileges for all. On the other hand there are those among you who are willing to be bought and sold, and are the puppets in the hands of those who would keep you in ignorance, the more easily to carry out their aggressive plans.

On the other side of the fence stands the disenchanted followers of Sir John Macdonald and McKenzie Bowell, ready to reek their vengeance on the first unlucky head that may appear. Not only the political leaders like McCarthy and O'Brien, have mounted to protestant horse, but, could inconsistency go further? the "Messengers of peace" are on the rampage, and stumping the country from one end to the other, and howling with a zeal worthy of a better cause. "We are not partizan politicans. We are not opposed to the church of Rome exercising her religious privileges, but we do claim the right of saying what they shall and what they shall not do, and either the Jesuits or Confederation must go." prudent to trust to the blind guidance of either Jesuit aggressor or anti-Jesuit ranter.

Respectfully yours,
X. L.

Napanee Mills, Aug. 28th 1889.

ROYAL

BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of powders, short weight, or alum phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall-st
4087ly.

WANTED SALESMEN to sell Nursery Stock. All Goods warranted FIRST-CLASS. Permanent, pleasant, profitable positions for the right men Good salaries and expenses paid weekly. Liberal inducements to beginners. No previous experience necessary Outfit free. Write for terms, giving age.
CHARLES. H. CHASE, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this Paper.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a court will be held pursuant to the Voters' List Act, by this Honor, the Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, at Adolphustown Town Hall, on the 17th day of September, 1889, at the hour of 11 o'clock, to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of Adolphustown for 1889.

All persons having business at the Court are required to attend at the same time and place.

RED DORLAND,
Clerk of the Municipality of Adolphustown.
Dated at Adolphustown this 27th day of August, 1889.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sum $400 nd upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrowe I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory note of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. Firs -class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

orrespondence solicite T. G. Davis
2089ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent

SEASON OF 1889.

DAVY'S ISLAND

duty, as stated above, is 35 per cent., but the Customs officials are authorized to fix the valuation of the article, and by adding ten, twenty or thirty per cent. to the invoice price, they largely augment the duty paid by the settler. In this way, too, they contrive to harass and destroy the import trade, with the result that the settlers are left completely at the mercy of the Canadian makers. In spite of this system, however, a considerable number of American implements are still brought into Manitoba and the Territories. In a recent report to the Washington Government, Mr. Taylor, the United States Consul at Winnipeg, says that nearly 15 per cent. of the implement business is done with American houses. This of itself is an answer to the protectionist fable, that the N. P. enables the Canadian maker to turn out a better and a cheaper article than his competitors.

The revaluation system is, in fact, an additional prop to monopoly. Some time ago a firm of implement manufacturers in Western Ontario wanted five car loads of nuts and bolts. There was a combine among the few Canadian nut and bolt makers, and the firm wrote to the secretary of it, offering to pay the American price at Cleveland, O., plus the Canadian duty, for a consignment. The secretary refused to accept this figure, whereupon the firm imported the five carloads direct from Cleveland. But on its arrival at its destination the shipment was seized for undervaluation by the Customs authorities; and on enquiry the firm found that the secretary of the combine had been in communication with the Customs department, and had really prompted the seizure. The firm lost nothing in the end by this act of robbery, for of course the additional price was collected from the Canadian farmers who bought the implements, into the manufacture of which the nuts and bolts entered. The farmer is the victim of last resort in all such transactions, and even the monopolists who prey upon him are beginning to ask how much longer he is likely to stand it.

The Queen had an enthusiastic welcome at Wrexham, Wales on Saturday.

The wheat markets continue dull and irregular, with prices on Saturday the lowest for some time in New York and Chicago. Oats were especially weak in Chicago, selling at 22⅞c for May. Pork and lard steady.

W. N. Cronk, Belleville, who stole a trunk, was convicted, and the Magistrate thoughtfully asked him to choose between a year in the central prison and two in the penitentiary. He was given until today to decide.

THE MARKETS

EXPRESS OFFICE,
Napanee, Aug. 22, 1889.

Flour, pastry per 100 lbs	@	2 85
Flour, family per 100 lbs		2 60
Fall wheat	80	50
Spring wheat	85	98
Bran per ton	12 00	.....
Shorts per ton	18 00	.....
Barley	40	50
Peas	55	..
Oats	26	28
Rye	45	..
Beef, hind quarter	5	6
Beef, fore quarter	4	5
Mutton per lb	6	7
Lamb per lb	10	..
Hogs per cwt	7 00	.....
Butter per lb (roll)	16	20
Eggs per doz	11	12
Potatoes per bag	60	75
Turkeys	1 00	1 25
Geese	50	60
Ducks per pair	60	70
Chickens, per pair	25	40
Hay, per ton	6 00	8 00
Beef hides per cwt	3 50	4 00
Sheep skins	25	50
Pelts	25	65
Wool	18	10

but we do claim the right of saying what they shall and what they shall not do, and either the Jesuits or Confederation must go." Where to pray? Were not the Jesuits here before you were? Who then is the aggressor? Who is doing the ousting? If you don't like his style of living you need not stay in Quebec, the world is wide, there is plenty of room in the west; go there and build up a country to suit yourself. No, you won't do that, it is your mission to remain in Quebec and convert the heathen, and cry "No Surrender" till every mother's son of Jean Baptiste is made to swallow the thirty-nine articles, or at least, be able to repeat the shorter Catachism. Would you not also like to enact the Blue laws of Connecticut? Don't wince under the lash of conscience, bring them to time, they are only poor papists, and must be saved at all hazards, although you are made to "play fantastic tricks before high heaven," in the operation.

Gentlemen you are forgetting your calling when you undertake to run the political machine. No one denies you the right to exercise the franchise and to express your views as often and where you please, but when you pose as leaders in political matters you will excuse me if I prefer a more experienced guide.

You don't know what you are doing. I will qualify this remark by saying some of you don't know what you are doing, others of you know perfectly well what you would like to accomplish.

One of the open secrets is manifest in the open tirade against Mowat, notwithstanding your know perfectly well that Mowat is not in the slightest degree responsible for the Jesuit estate act. But the protestant horse has been stabled for a time and wants exercise, and what better fun than to gallop him after Mowat, with the whole pack of hungry office seekers in full cry "Mowat must go." Supposing you should succeed in ousting Mowat, what would you gain by the change? You will have the old, old story repeated, Tory Orangemen voting with Tory Catholics to extend the privileges of the church to the latter and the fat offices to the former. This would happen simply because you have not been educated up to that point of civilization, which would enable you to stand up for the right in an united phalanx, willing to concede to others the rights and privileges you claim to be so dearly in love with. You lack the elements of success viz: Unity of aim and action; you never have shown the world that you possess these elements; for the minute you vanquish a foe; you turn around and devour each other.

Your agitation only amounts to a disturbing influence, and is only useful to the opponents of right. You have followed the lead of your old Chieftain until you are up to the neck in the mire; followed him when he was buying up these same dandies to keep himself in power, and now, it is enough to make a Scotchman mad, just to think that a Scotchman and Highland at that, should be beaten at his own game, outwitted by a bullfrog eating Frenchman, and outbidden for the French vote. Oh! horror of horrors, after that the deluge.

But like loyal sons of worthy sires, you won't forsake the dear old Chieftain in his hour of trouble and sore affliction, when the next election comes round you will vote for his nominee all the same.

Play out the farce gentlemen. What have you in common with Mowat and the Grits? Have you not ever been found clogging the wheels of progress and trying to tomahawk every child of liberty since the world began? Look at your record as portrayed in history and see if you have not forgotten the tricks you have been accustomed to play, and the old wide stage, and pardon the subject for thinking it im-

SEASON OF 1889.

DAVY'S ISLAND

Popular Bay of Quinte Summer Resort

Ease, comfort, health and enjoyment for the summer months.

Boats daily to all Bay points. Large dining hall and cottages for guests.

Good fishing grounds; boats to hire; ice cream, lemonade and all summer refreshments.

Special terms to families and picnic parties.

For full particulars address

MRS. JOHN CHRISTIE,
3789d Napanee, Ont.

THE WESTERN CANADA
Loan and Savings Co'y

HAVE APPOINTED

J. C. DREWRY

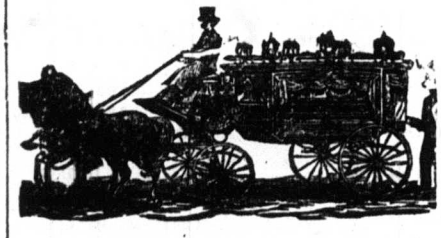
their Appraiser for Lennox & Addintgon.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
EXPRESS Office, Napanee, Ont.

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH



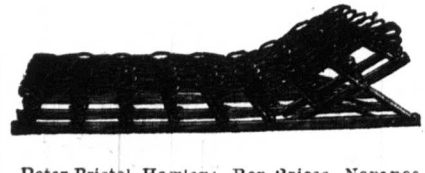
E.M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

First-class Livery Rigs for hire.

E. M. McKIM, JR,
25871v Tamworth



Peter Bristol, Hawley: Ben Brisco, Napanee; Dr. Vrooman, E. W. Benjamin, Charles Phillips, Yarker; John McNaught, Charles Riley, John Fee, Camden East; Dr. Cook, Alex. Smith, Banker, Mr. Bone, J. S. Hulett, J. C. Drewry, Napanee; Wm Mace, H. P. Keech, J. M. Smith, Harry Reid, Tamworth; Thomas Anderson, James Jones, A. J. Sexsmith, Selby; Wm. Asselstine, sr., Mr. Spencer, miller, Roblin; Dr. Beeman, Peter Vandewater, Absolam Milligan, Roblin.

These are the names of a few who have used my

ADJUSTABLE HEAD RAISE

Spring Bed Bottom!

and they will cheerfully answer any questions as regards the superiority and durability of this article over all others.

As I cannot get around to see all of you I will be glad to see you on the market in Napanee on Saturdays, and will be glad to give any information desired.

C. N. GARRISON,
Colebrook.

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day House in Eastern Ontario

Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,
PROPRIETOR

3889y

THE

Royal Hotel

PICTON, ONT.

Strictly First-class. Rates Reasonable.

3889cm JAS. HEALY, Prop.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

HATCH & MILLING, Props.

This house has recently changed hands, and has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with due regard to the comfort of the guests.

Farmers will find commodious, first-class stabling and cheap rates. Farmers patronage solicited

Napanee, Aug. 13, 1889. 3789

DO YOU WANT

A GOOD SQUARE MEAL ?

If so, when you are in Picton call at the

Globe Temperance House,

J. N. BONGARD, Prop.

MEALS, - - Only 25 cents.

First-class accommodation by the day or week.

BUILDING !

I am prepared to furnish everything in the line of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Dressed Lumber,

Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2389y

MARVELOUS

MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training.
Four Books Learned in one reading.
Mind wandering cured.
Every child and adult greatly benefitted.
Great inducements to Correspondence Classes.

Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D.D., editor of the *Christian Advocate, N. Y.*, Richard Proctor, the Scientist, Hons. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others, sent post free by Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

TEA EXTRAORDINARY !

Having recently secured an extraordinary good bargain in tea, we intend to share it with our customers.

Heretofore we have given extra good value in Tea at 25 cents per pound, but the fifty chests just received would be "dirt cheap" at 45 cents, and 25 cents is what we shall sell it at. We venture to say and we have had many years experience in the tea trade, that nothing to compare with it has ever been sold in Napanee at that price.

To those who want to save money and at same time enjoy a choice cup of Tea, we say come and get a pound and we feel certain it will cause you to come for more.

TA-KA-KAKE.

Buy a package of this new cereal sugar corn flour which cooks in fifteen minutes and makes delicious griddle cakes, gems and rolls. For sale by

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Napanee, 16th July, 1889. 3889ly

Hot Weather Goods.

McALISTER & CO.

ARE SHOWING A FULL LINE OF

Cool Coats and Vests. Camping Shirts, Belts, Hats.

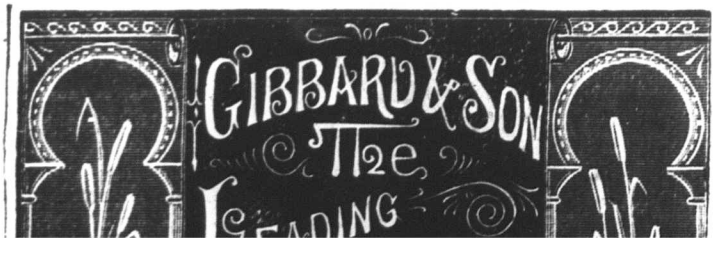
IN GREAT VARIETY.

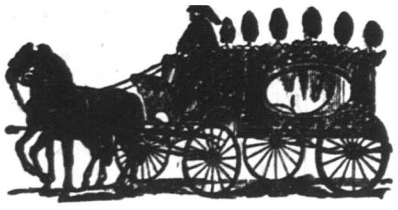
The Balance of our Straw Hats to be cleared out very cheap.

McALISTER & CO.

Popular Clothiers.

3589d





MILES STORMS

has had ove forty years in the undertaking bus) ness in the county, and can turn out work equs o any in the Dominon.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and al sold at reasonable pricces,

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus re moviing all risk unpleasant odor or any change color

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend al funerals. 2089lv MILES STORMS

CANADA'S

GREAT INDUSTRIAL FAIR

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL EXPOSITION

FOR 1889.

TORONTO,

Sept. 9th to 21st.

Increased Prizes, Greater Attractions and Grander Display than ever before.

Newest and Best Special Features that Money can Procure.

The Greatest Annual Entertainment on the American Continent.

Cheap Excursions on all railways. Over 250,000 visitors attended this exhibition last year. Entries close August 17th. For Prize Lists, Forms, Programmes, etc., drop a post card to

H. J. HILL, Manager, Toronto.
J. J. WITHROW, Pres. 3789c

R. LIGHT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

Doors, Sash, Blinds,

Mouldings,

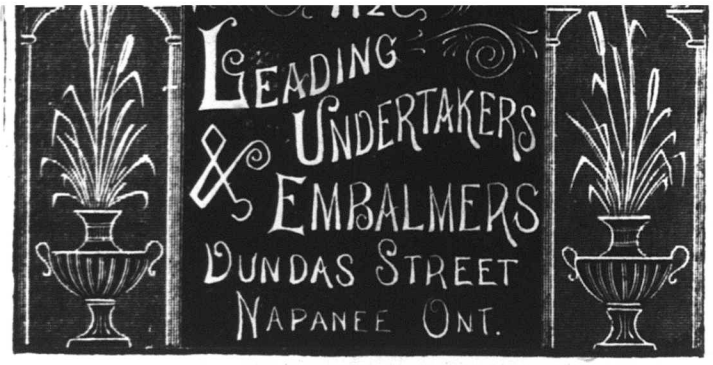
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BUILDING MATERIAL

TRENTON - SLAB - WOOD

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789fm



WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. **Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance.** Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

989ly J. GIBBARD & SON.

BIRRELL & CO

—ARE AGENTS FOR THE—

Cockshutt J. G. C. Riding Plows

These have given every satisfaction for the past few years in this section, and farmers that want a Riding Plow should try one.

The Old and Reliable Wilkison Plows and Gang Plows

Wisner's Drills, Seeders and Cultivators,

Threshers' supplies furnished on short notice for all machines. McColl's Lardine Machine Oil and Boiler compound.

WASHING MACHINES AND WRINGERS.

Give us a call.

3389bm BIRRELL & CO.

The Ontario Mutual Life!

ESTABLISHED 1870.

DOMINION DEPOSIT, - - $100,000

Assurance in force January 1st, 1889	$12,041,814 00
New Assurance written in 1888	2,518,650 00
Cash Income for 1888	393,073 00
Assets, December 31st, 1888	1,313,843 00
Liabilities as per Government Valuation	1,223,516 00

Surplus, $90,337.00.

R. B. MASTIN, General Agent, Picton, Ont.

W. PHILLIPS,

2489dtf Napanee, Agt. for Lennox & Addington

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

EXCURSIONS TO

TORONTO INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

—ON—

SEPTEMBER 9th to 21st, 1889

—RETURN FARE—

$4.30 good to go Sept. 10th to 20t. $2.90 good to go Sept. 16th and 18th. All the above tickets good to return to 23rd inclusive.

MIDLAND CENTRAL FAIR,

KINGSTON,

SEPTEMBER 2nd to 7th.

—RETURN FARE—

95 cents good to go Sept. 2nd to 7th. 80 cents on Sept. 5th. All tickets good to return to Sept. 9th inclusive.

EXCURSION TO MANITOBA

via G. T. R. and C. P. R.

SEPTEMBER 3rd and 24th

Good to return in 40 days.

Winnipeg, Glenboro, Deloraine, Salt-Coats, and Moosejaw, $28; Calgary, $35.

For tickets to all points and reliable information, apply to

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

2288ly

Watch for Chicago excursion about Sept. 27th and 28th.

Threshers' Supplies.

Leather Belting, Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, Rubber Packing, Hemp Packing, Asbesto's Packing, Soapstone Packing, Threshing Mitts.

PEERLESS MACHINE OIL

Is the best in the market.

Nearly all the threshers use it and are delighted with it. Try it. Sold only by

3588ly **R. G. WRIGHT,**
NAPANEE.

Bath.

A monster excursion last Tuesday on Str. Hero in aid of the Methodist memorial church at Adolphustown.

A grand entertainment will be given here on Tuesday evening, September 3rd by the Gleaners of Bath, they also purpose giving one at Hawley church on Saturday, September 7th.

Mr. John Wallace died last Saturday, was interred in the Methodist cemetery on Sabbath with Masonic honors. Some sickness still prevails in our town.

The public school opened on Monday but two of the teachers were not present at the opening. The principal, Mr. E. Newton

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

Emperor William has returned to Potsdam.

Kilrain arrived at Purvis, Miss., yesterday morning.

A saw mill was burned at Gravenhurst on Saturday night.

John Sanger, the noted English circus manager, is dead.

Fifteen Russian anarchists have been expelled from Geneva.

The Viceregal party will not return to Ottawa till November.

The strike along the London docks is assuming large proportions.

Two thousand names have been added to the voters' lists in Kingston.

A hurricane has done considerable damage to shipping at Buenos Ayres.

G. B. Smith, M. P. P., has been renominated by the Grits of East York.

A reservoir near Providence, R. I., burst on Sunday last, drowning three persons.

Edward Patchell, an old man who lived near Keswick, Ont., committed suicide.

Hamilton's carnival has been a great success. The ambitious city has done well

The annual games in connection with the Victoria Industrial School were held Saturday.

Lancashire mill-owners are arranging to work half time, owing to the high price of cotton.

R. Witherspoon, foreman of the G. T. R. machine shops, died at Belleville on the 23rd inst.

The Grimsby Park Association have declared a dividend of 7 per cent. for the past year.

The Ancient Order of Foresters attended Broadway Tabernacle, Toronto, in force last Sunday afternoon.

England has accepted an invitation to participate in a Maritime Conference at Washington.

Elmira carried the Waterloo Junction bonus by-law on Friday last. Another unlucky event.

The Portage la Prairie extension of the Northern Pacific & Manitoba Railway has been completed.

The Lord Mayor of London has invited the Scripps League of American workmen to dine with him.

Prince Edward Conservatives on Saturday nominated James Johnson for the Local Legislature.

The Pope is reported to be in very poor health and speculation as to his successor is largely indulged in.

The Millers' Association of the North-western Counties held their Convention at Listowel on Saturday.

The London Times has a vigorous article condemning the course of the United States with regard to Behring Sea.

T. A. Stewart, Deseronto, while in Rochester, sold his mare "IXL" for $350. She trotted the mile in 2.40.

The Ontario medical council will hold its semi-annual meeting in the Ontario hall, Kingston, on Sept. 17th.

Legitime has abdicated and embarked on a French gunboat, allowing Hippolyte to enter Port au Prince unopposed.

Mr. Sylvester Nelon's large roller mill cremated at St. Catherines on Friday last. Loss, $150,000. Insurance, $58,000.

A team of Jack Tars from the Man-of-War, Bellerophon, will take part in the

BRAN! BRAN!

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.

3789dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

MIDLAND CENTRAL FAIR,

KINGSTON, SEPT. 2ND TO 7TH, 1889.

Best in Central Canada!

$10,000 in Prizes! $2,000 in Races!

Bicycle Tournament (Hundreds of Wheelmen Present); Stellar Attractions, the Finest Procurable.

SOMETHING NEW EVERY DAY.

Evening Exhibitions by Electric Light, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 4th and 5th.

One fare by rail all week. Excursion rate on Thursday, Sep. 5th. Send for Prize Lists. Entries at Opera House office.

3789c B. MEEK, Secretary.

—COME TO—

Symington's

—FOR—

A fine lot of Factory filled Salt at old prices.

Groceries

as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.

—FINEST—

TIMOTHY SEED

for fall sowing, at lowest prices.

Flour and Feed as usual

All goods guaranteed to suit or cheerfully taken back.

Thos. Symington first door west of Harshaw's new block, Dundas street, Napanee.

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company.

3589ly

FOR SALE.

200 ACRE FARM,

in the 9th Concession of Camden; lot 50; 125 acres of good plough land, remainder good pasture, with creek running through. There is on the premises two good wells and a large, young, bearing orchard; two good log barns and a large frame barn, containing stables for 50 head; one good drive house, and a new large frame dwelling house. Will be sold together or separately, to suit parties. For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises.

THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

The above property must be sold as I am about entering other business.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame

The public school opened on Monday but two of the teachers were not present at the opening. The principal, Mr. E. Newton Jorey is looking well.

3 Years In Bed.

Gentlemen, I tried your Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and was perfectly cured from sickness. I was sick in bed for three years and after taking six bottles I was perfectly cured, and now I would not be without the medicine in the house. MISS EDMYRA FULLER, Vereker P. O., Ont.

Stella.

Samuel Glenn commenced threshing this week.

Mrs. Alexander McKee presented her husband with a young son.

Mrs. David has returned home from visiting her father, Mr. Samuel Girvin.

Rev'd. Mr. Cumberland has gone to the Northwest for the benefit of his health. Mr. Sproul is filling his appointment.

Mr. Sproul, sr., is visiting his son.

The pic-nic to Maple Island last Tuesday was well attended.

Mrs. McGrattan has gone home, after having had a nice time for two months with her friends, the Flemmings, of the south shore.

Mrs. Robert Cousins has returned from a visit to the Cape.

Mrs. John Cooper, of Chatham and her three sons, are visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. John Cooper.

Our Stella boys might conduct themselves much better when the "Hero" comes up in the evenings, they might stand back on the dock, and not yell so much.

Miss Minervie Brown has returned from a visit to friends.

Yarker.

Mr. John Walker and family; and A. Gorden and family who have been on a visit to Yarker, left for their home in Norwood Saturday 24th inst.

Miss Amey Lockwood left for Norwood where she will spent the winter with J. Walker.

Miss M. McCabe, Newburgh, is at S. Winters.

Mr. N. Trickey left for his home in B. C., where he has a station on the C. P. R.

We congratulate Mrs. Skinner on the birth of a son.

Mr. J.A. Shibly is able to be about again.

Mr. Hill succeeded in organizing a lodge of Chosen Friends in Yarker. This lodge is sure to be a success, owing to the lady members, as they always attract. Lodge meets every third and fourth Friday in the month over Winter's store.

The iron bridge has been placed in position on piers over roadway. T. Pybus is rapidly pushing piers in river towards completion, and everything indicates the completion of road in October.

Butter will be graded by Yarker merchants which is a move in the right direction. We trust other merchants in country towns will do the same, as it will stimulate farmers to make a good grade of butter.

The family of E. M. Donough left to spent a few weeks in Strathroy.

The crops have been safely harvested in this section. Thanks for the few fine days we have had.

Mr. Kavanagh, of Gananoque, has assumed the position of walking boss on R. R. between Yarker and Harrowsmith.

Rails have been laid on the line of R. R. as far as McConnels swamp, half way to Yarker.

Safe And Reliable.

I highly recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for curing cholera, cholera morbus, colic, cramps, diarrhœa, dysentery and all summer complaints. It is safe and reliable for children and older persons.
MISS HILEY BRECKENBRIDGE
Heyworth, Que.

Loss, $150,000. Insurance, $58,000.

A team of Jack Tars from the Man-of-War, Bellerophon, will take part in the Dominion Rifle matches at Ottawa.

Famine prevails at Khartoum, Kassaia and other places in the Soudan, survivors at some points being reduced to cannibalism.

The cost of the projected cable line from San Francisco to New Zealand, via the Sandwich Islands, is estimated at $10,000,000.

There is no change in the strike of the London dockmen, conference between the employers and the men having proved futile.

Mail advices from Hong Kong and Yokohama show that great numbers of people have suffered death from floods and earthquakes.

Tamworth.

Rev. Alex. Campbell, of Montreal, will preach in the Methodist church here next Sabbath morning and evening. Monday evening he will deliver his celebrated lecture on the Jesuit question. Lecture free; collection at close.

Adolphustown.

The annual excursion of the Methodist Church to the Thousand Islands was an encouraging success, financially and otherwise. The day was most delightful and the programme was all that had been announced. Prof. Morgan and family favored us with a first-class selection of vocal and instrumental music, and in unstinted measure, and was greatly appreciated. On returning to this dock the excursionists were delighted to see the spacious grounds of Mr. McPherson's summer residence beautifully illuminated with Chinese lanterns and other devices. D. W. Allisons's princely residence was also all ablaze from attic to basement. Altogether the effect was most charming from the waters.

The Rev. Mr. Chalmers, once stationed on the old Bath circuit, is on a visit to his cousin. Capt. Chalmers, and will preach next Sabbath at the Adolphustown Memorial Church in the morning, and in Bath at night.

Camden East.

Joe Wilson, of Napanee Mills, is visiting with his aunt, Mrs. G. Riley.

W. Skinner, one of our former citizens, now of Yarker, wears a broad smile. Cause, a young blacksmith has arrived in town.

Horace McCarthy has joined hands in wedlock with Miss Georgie Spafford, and are now receiving the congratulations from their many friends.

R. J. Sherlock, station agent C. P. R., Killarney, Man., and family, and Geo. Sherlock, of Winnipeg, are visiting at their parents.

John Fee has returned home from Toronto to make ready to join a mission party who leave Toronto next week for China. Success Johnie.

The Presbyterian and Methodist Sunday schools picnicked at Fraser's grove last Saturday. There was a large turn out and everybody enjoyed themselves. The chief event of the day was a tug-of-war between the married men and the single men and one between the married and single ladies. The married folks won both. BUFF.

Crowned Or Uncrowned.

The head of anyone suffering from constipation, biliousness or dyspepsia, will harbor a sick headache. By regulating the bowels, arousing the torpid liver, improving digestion and purifying the blood Burdock Blood Bitters banishes sick headache, no matter how severe or obstinate it may be.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn; about 50 acres are under good cultivation; the remainder is valuable pasture land with some timber. Lot No. 2 contains a marsh of 40 acres with 25 acres cleared and growing principally red-top hay. There is a creek (Carlom) running thro' the pasture. This tract will be sold together, seperately or rented. For further particulars apply to the owner.
3789d THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

J. F. SMITH

IS SELLING

Groceries

lower than any other house in town.

LOOK

Canned Tomatoes,.....10 cents
Canned Corn .....10 cents
17 lbs. Yellow Sugar $1 00
16 lbs. Raw Sugar 1 00
Evaporated Apples, per lb 8 cents

Times are hard and the prices very low.

Flour, Feed and Pressed Hay

always on hand. Give me a call.

J. F. SMITH.

Brisco House Block, Napanee. 11891y

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NAPANEE AGENCY

—DEALERS IN—

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

And all descriptions of

BUILDING MATERIAL

Both rough and dressed, including

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS DRAIN TILE, Etc.

WOOD & COAL

For Foundry, Smithing and Domestic purposes.

YARDS—South of Swing Bridge.

CENTRE-STREET.

J. J. TAYLOR,
AGENT.

WE HAVE SOMETHING

TO INTEREST YOU THIS WEEK

At Cheapside !

We have received a lot of the very best quality Shirtings, heavy and wide, worth 16 cents, to be sold at 12½ cents a yard; also a lot of 8 heavy oz. Cottonades, worth 25 cents for 20 cents a yard.

We have made these purchases in the face of a firm and rising market and they can't be replaced for the same money.

We have also received a lot of Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, marvellous value at 25, 30, 35 and

We have also received a lot of Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, marvellous value at 25, 30, 35 and 40 cents a pair.

A lot of Scotch Ginghams worth 20 cents for 8 cents a yard.

A lot of new Hosiery and Underclothing for ladies and children.

A lot of new Cloths, Tweeds, Overcoatings and Underclothing for men.

EX-STEAMSHIP SIBERIAN.

Several cases and bales direct importations of Silk Sealettes, Black and Colored Dress Goods, Melton Cloths, Worsteds, Tweeds and Overcoatings, made up, Furs, Shawls, Ties, Toilet Quilts, Counterpanes, etc., etc. Special value, very special value in everything.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS

of every class and kind. We are preparing for a big season and are determined to have the trade if stylish, tasty good Goods at the lowest possible prices, combined with courteous square treatment of patrons will do it.

HINCH & CO'Y

Leaders in General Dry Goods and Millinery.

UNDER AN AFRICAN SUN

BY GEORGE MANVILLE FENN.

CHAPTER VI.

Tom Digby's right hand clenched, and as Helen clung to his left, she felt his nerves and muscles quiver with rage. A curious sensation of faintness came over her, and she struggled to be firm, as she told herself that she might prevent some terrible encounter.

But there was nothing of the kind, for Ramon came forward eagerly. "Ah, there you are!' he exclaimed. "Had a pleasant day?—Why where are the others?"

"Did you not hear them?' said Digby roughly.

"No.—Oh yes; I heard Senor Redgrave call. I missed them as I came through the trees. What a delightful evening! I passed three years in London, Mr. Digby; but I never saw such an evening as this." He chatted away, as he stepped to the other side of the mule, keeping on without waiting for the other's reply. "You have had a splendid day, but very hot down by the town. You have felt it cold up the mountain, Mr. Digby?"

"Yes, very," said Digby shortly; and he felt Helen press his hand gently, as if she were imploring him not to be angry.

"But you could not have had a clearer day for the view.—Did you feel the cold much, Miss Helen?"

"No—no," she said quietly. "I don't think it was very cold."

"Generally is.—I beg pardon, Mr Digby! Have a cigar?"

"If I refuse it, he'll take it for a declaration of war, and I don't want to fight.—Why should I?—poor wretch!"

"There you are," said Ramon, coming round by the back of the mule with his case open. "The smaller are the best."

"Thanks," said Digby, taking one.

"Let me give you a light."

A match was struck, and by its light Digby caught a glimpse of the Spaniard's face, which was as calm and unruffled as could be.

Then they went on, and retook their places on either side of the mule.

"I've been very busy too," continued Ramon. "Tired; but was curious to hear how you had got on; and yet half afraid that the crater had given way and swallowed you all up."

Digby felt tongue-tied; but Ramon chattered away.

"I wonder whether Senor Redgrave will let me throw myself upon his hospitality this evening? I called on my way up, and found that you had not returned. I left some fruit; and there was a fragrance from the kitchen window that was maddening to a hungry man.—Ah! here we are." For they had come up to Redgrave and Fraser, who were standing beside the track.

"You, Ramon?" said Redgrave rather sternly.

"Yes, my dear sir. I thought I would go and meet them; but I missed you.—My dear Redgrave, I want you to give me a bit of dinner to-night."

"Certainly," replied Redgrave—and he told a polite lie: "I shall be very happy."

For the rest of the way Ramon did nearly all the talking; and during the evening his conversation was fluent and highly interesting as he engaged Fraser in conversation about the antiquities of the place: smoking cigars and sipping his chocolate in the most unruffled way.

"You are making quite a collection of our minerals, I hear," he said in the course of people whom Fate has evidently marked out for husband and wife?'

"Fate be hanged! What has Fate got to do with it?'

"Do you not see that you are making a powerful enemy of Ramon, who has the father at his mercy?'

"I'll pitch Ramon down one of the barrancos, if he doesn't mind what he is about," cried Digby warmly.

"Mind he does not pitch you down, Tom. But—about Helen Redgrave?"

"Well, what about her? I know what my dear old moralist is about to say: Marriage is a serious thing—I have my friends to study—I ought not to be rash—I ought to wait—I ought to write home."

"Yes; I should have said something of the kind, and also warned you to flee from danger—and temptation."

"Then here we are at the roost, and I am going to get on my perch at once, my dear old model of wisdom; but before I do so, here are my answers to your warnings: I am well off; I am my own master; and I have neither father nor mother to consult. Greatest and most cogent answer of all—Helen."

Half an hour after, setting at defiance the insect plagues of the island, Tom Digby was sleeping peacefully and dreaming of his sweet young mistress while Fraser was seated in his own room, with his arms folded, gazing out through the open window, with the darkness visible and mental ahead.

"He loves her, and—— Yes,'' he added, after a painful sigh, "what wonder, poor boy—she loves him in return. Oh! I must have been mad—I must be mad.—And that man Ramon? Yes; he smiled and showed his white teeth. I would not trust him for a moment. The calm was too false and treacherous. If I could only get the poor boy away!'

CHAPTER VII.

A week of unalloyed happiness passed during which time every evening was spent at the villa. Digby grew more joyous; the saddened look was rapidly passing away from Helen's face, and that of her father grew puzzled, while Fraser's seemed more sombre and sad.

Ramon had fetched them to his place again and again, and had also begged leave to accompany them in two of their expeditions, finding horses and mules, and proving himself a polished and agreeable guide, taking them to various points, whose marvels made Fraser forget his own trouble in the excitement of discoveries dear to a naturalist's heart; while, after these journeys, Ramon always insisted upon the travellers accepting his hospitality.

They had just finished dinner, and Ramon had left them for a time, one of his servants having called him away, a summons which, after many apologies, he had obeyed, leaving the friends together, when, pushing the jug of excellent French claret towards his companion, Digby, who was slightly flushed, exclaimed: "Taste that, my boy, and confess that our host is a charming fellow and a polished gentleman."

"Yes, I confess to those," said Fraser gravely; and just then Ramon reappeared at the door, bearing a fresh box of cigars, which he handed to his guests and resumed his seat.

"One of the evils of possessing plantations," he said. "Your men are always coming with the news of some disaster."

"Too bad of Horace," he grumbled to himself as he set off up the mountain track to where it diverged, and the path led to Ramon's plantations, with the house away to the left in a beautiful nook which commanded a view of the distant islands.

For a moment he hesitated as to whether he should walk down to Ramon's for a chat before starting; and he hesitated again after going a few yards; but finally he stepped out boldly with the hot sun pouring down; and as he went on, a careworn face was slowly raised from out of a clump of semi-tropical foliage, and Fraser stood well concealed, watching him till he passed out of sight. Then, after a cautious look round he sank back into his place of concealment, and the birds that had flitted away returned, the stillness around being unbroken, save when the low deep murmur of the surf arose from far below.

"Too bad of old Horace," said Digby, as he strode along, past Ramon's plantations, till the wild country began; and recognising various places he had passed before, the young explorer soon reached the spot where the track leading to the *barranco* commenced—a path growing fainter and fainter, and more obliterated by the abundant growth, till it gradually became a mere shelf on the mountain side. The dense tangle at first sloped down to his left, and up to his right, but grew more and more precipitous, till there was an almost perpendicular wall of volcanic rock, out of which the shrubby growth and ferns spread out, and formed a shadowy arch, which screened him from the sun; while a foot away on his left there was a profound drop, the rock again going perpendicularly down, and in places the shelf along which he passed quite overhung the verdant gorge.

And so it continued for quite a couple of hours, during which he went on along the shelf, whose abundant growth hid the danger of the way; for it was only at times that he obtained a glimpse of the depths below, where some avalanche of stones had crashed down from above and swept the trees away.

"He's right: it is a glorious walk," cried Digby enthusiastically; "only, it seems so stupid to be enjoying it all alone."

For another hour he went on, still wondering that he had seen no traces left by his friend, but soon forgetting this in the fresh glories of the overshadowed path, and the lovely glints of sunshine in the zigzagging tunnel of ferns and creepers, which literally seemed to flow down in cascades of growing leafage from the wall on his right.

"Nature must have made this path," he said to himself; "and it can only be seldom trod. Leads to nowhere, of course, and—— Hillo! here's the end." For, at a sudden turn, after passing an angle of the rock, he found himself face to face with a huge mass of stone, which had evidently lately slipped from a few feet above the track, and completely blocked the way.

"That's awkward," he said thoughtfully. "Too steep to get over.—Ha! that's it." He smiled as he saw that to the left of the large block the green growth had been trampled down, the shelf being wide enough for any one to pass round, though the gorge seemed there to be almost dark, so filled up was it with the tops of the trees which bristled from its side.

"The old boy has been round here for one, this morning. First time I've seen his marks.—My word, he has been chipping away here," he added, as he looked at the broken fragments of stone in the newly made curve of the path.

Without a moment's hesitation he stepped down, then took another step, for the way descended apparently, to rise again beyond the block. Then another step on to some fagot-like brushwood, laid across, to form a

cigars and sipping his chocolate in the most unruffled way.

"You are making quite a collection of our minerals, I hear," he said in the course of the conversation.

"Yes, I have a good many."

"Of course you examined the head of the barranco on the west side of the mountain?"

"No; we have not been there yet."

"Not been! Why, my dear sir, that is the most interesting place of the whole. You should go there.—By the way, Redgrave, I suppose the nearest way would be right across my plantation?"

"Decidedly," said Redgrave, who seemed puzzled by his visitor's urbanity.

"Yes," said Ramon thoughtfully; "that is certainly the best way. There s an interesting mummy cave there, too, about half-way along; but you will certainly be delighted with the head of the barranco.—There; I must say good-night. Going now, gentlemen?"

"Yes," said Fraser, rising. "It is time we were back."

Digby rose reluctantly; but it was time they left; so the customary *addios* were said, Ramon making a point of going first, so that Digby had an opportunity to raise Helen's trembling hand to his lips. "Good-night—my darling," he whispered. "I shall tell Mr. Redgrave all."

"Heaven protect him!" muttered the girl devoutly; and she stood there at the door listening till her father returned; and then they lingered, each slightly uneasy, but ashamed to give their fears words, and being content to listen to the voices of the guests, as they came clearly up through the still night-air.

Redgrave felt disposed to speak to his child before retiring for the night, but remained silent.

"Marriages are made in Heaven," he said to himself. "I feel helpless; and perhaps Nelly herself may find the way out of the difficulty, and, somehow, I begin to like young Digby."

The three guests of the villa went slowly down the track toward the little town, with Ramon chatting pleasantly about the island.

"I daresay you Englishmen are disappointed at the absence of sport," he said. "Very different from Norfolk, where I went on a visit when I was in England. Here we have partridges and rabbits—that is all."

"We find plenty to amuse us," said Fraser quietly.

"Oh yes; I have seen that. Why, you will have a boat-load of specimens.—But don't forget the head of the *barranco* beyond my place. It will repay a visit; and if I can assist you with guides or men, pray command me.—Good-night."

"Well, Tom," said Fraser, in a sad voice as soon as they were alone, "what next?"

"I don't know, old fellow, and don't want to know," replied Digby in a tone of voice which contrasted strangely with the mournful speech of his friend.

"You do not know?"

"I only know that I am surprisingly happy."

"Happy?"

"Yes. You must have seen. Horace, old fellow, I can speak to you as I would to a brother. I love Helen Redgrave with all my heart."

They walked on in silence for some time, and then Fraser said sadly. "A boyish fancy.—Come, be a man. This must go no further, Tom. Let us pack up and go away."

Digby shook his head.

"I am sure it would be better for all."

Digby drew a long breath, full of exultation, for the pressure of Helen's little fingers seemed to cling to his hand.

"Do you not see," continued Fraser, "you are intervening between two [illegible] his seat.

"One of the evils of possessing plantations," he said. "Your men are always coming with the news of some disaster."

"Nothing serious, I hope?" said Digby.

"No, no—a mere nothing— kind of blight appearing.—But, by the way, you two have never visited the head of that *barranco* yet. Don't forget it. When will you go?"

"When Fraser's ready.—What do you say to to-morrow?"

This was agreed to, and Digby rose as if to leave.

"There," said Ramon; "I will not keep you fidgeting to go; only leave friend Fraser to smoke another cigar."

"Really, I don't think"——began Digby, rather petulantly.

"Do not be angry, dear friend," said Ramon kindly. "I meat no harm. Apologise for me to my dear friend Redgrave.—You will stay, will you not, Fraser?"

"No; I will go with him," said the latter hastily. Then, in a hurried confused manner, as if he were mastering himself, "No," he added, "I will stay, and have a quiet smoke and chat with you about the head of the barranco and what we are likely to find."

"Poor boy!" said Ramon, with a gentle smile when Digby had gone. "Well, he has won a charming girl. You and I, Mr. Fraser, are getting old enough to put these things behind."

"Yes," said Fraser gravely; and he sat talking to his host till quite late.

According to what had grown into a custom, Digby found Helen and her father by the gate which commanded the steep track, and another delightful evening, all too short, was spent. Music, talk of England, the life there, all had their turn, and then came the time to go, Helen walking beneath the great mellow stars down with her visitor to the gate, for the last good-night—that farewell which takes so many times to say, and was here prolonged till Redgrave's voice was heard.

"Coming, papa," cried the girl, as she clung to Digby's hand. "Then you go," she whispered, "to the *barranco* to-morrow?"

"Yes; in good time."

"I shall see you at night?"

"Of course."

"And you will take care. I have heard that some of these places are very dangerous."

"Take care? Yes; for your sake," he whispered. "Once more, good night."

He ran off, to master the longing to stay; and with an uneasy feeling at her heart, Helen returned slowly to the house, wishing that he had not come alone, so as to have a companion back along the dark path, where it would be so easy for an enemy to do him harm.

She cast away the foolish dread directly, and with good cause, for Digby reached the *venta* about the same time as Fraser returned from his late stay with Ramon; and after a short chat over their morrow's plans, they both went to bed.

The sun was streaming into Digby's room when he awoke the next morning with the sensation upon him that it was very late; and on springing out of bed it was to find a piece of note-paper lying on his dressing-table, on which was written:

"You were sleeping so soundly I would not disturb you. I have gone on. Eat your breakfast, and follow at your leisure."

Digby dressed under a feeling of annoyance at his friend's desertion. He did not particularly want to join in the trip, for he had seen enough of the island, and would far rather have gone up to Redgrave's, but Fraser's start alone made him immediately feel an intense longing to be off; and consequently he quite upset his Spanish landlady by his hurried and scanty meal.

down, then took another step, for the way descended apparently, to rise again beyond the block. Then another step on to some fagot-like brushwood laid across to form a level way; and as he did so, he uttered a wild cry, and snatched at the rocky side to save himself. Vain effort, for everything had given way beneath him, and he dropped headlong, to fall, after what seemed to be a terrible descent, heavily far below.

He was conscious of an agonising sensation of pain, then of a stifling dust, of a sickening stupefying dizziness, and then all was darkness.

How long he lay there stunned he could not tell; but he seemed to struggle into wakefulness out of a terrible feverish dream, to find that all was darkness and mental confusion What it all meant was a mystery; for his head was thick and heavy, and memory refused to give him back the recollection of his walk and sudden fall.

But he realised at last that he was awake, and that he was lying upon what seemed to be fragments of sticks; and as he groped about, he touched something which set him wondering for the moment, before he could grasp what it was he held. Then he uttered a cry of horror and recoiled, for his finger and thumb had passed into two bony orbits, and he knewthat the object he had grasped was a human skull!

CHAPTER IX.

As Digby cast down the grisly relic of mortality, he clapped his hands to his throbbing brow, and shrank farther away, feeling as if his reason was tottering, and for a time the mastery of his sensation passed away quickly as it had come, and he stamped one of his feet with rage.

He shrank away, for his act had raised a cloud of pungent choking dust, which horrified him again. But this only served to make him recover his mental balance; and as he stood there in the utter darkness, he seemed to see once more the side of that other ravine they had skirted weeks back, when he had drawn Fraser's attention to the climbing figure which they had afterwards encountered as he crept up with his basket.

"I must have fallen, then, into one of the ancient mummy caves," he said, trying to speak aloud and coolly, though his words came for the moment hurriedly and sounded excited and strange.

He paused again, and wiped the dank perspiration from his brow. "There," he said; "I'm better now; so— What's this?—Yes, it must be: I'm bleeding," He felt the back of his head, and winced, for it was cut badly, and a tiny warm stream was trickling down his neck.

"That's soon doctored," he muttered as he folded and bound a handkerchief about his brow. "Now then: how far have I fallen, and how am I to get out?"

He began to look about cautiously, looking up the while in search of the opening through which he had come; but for some minutes he looked in vain. At last, though, he saw a dim light far above him, not the sky or the opening through which he had fallen, but a faintly reflected gleam, which feebly showed something black above his head; and at last he reached the conclusion that the opening down which he had dropped was not straight, but sloped to and fro in rough zigzag.

"How horrible!" he muttered. "Yet what a blessing!" he added. "If the fall had been sheer, I must have been killed."

By cautious progression he at last found the side, but not until he had gone in two other directions, which seemed to lead him farther into the bowels of the mountain.

This discovery did not seem to help him, for, as he passed his hands over the rough vesicular lava, which was in places as sharp

as when it had cooled down after some eruption hundreds of years before, he found that it seemed to curve over like a dome above his head; and though he followed it for some distance he could find no place where there was the faintest possibility of his climbing up to the day.

"Ahoy! Frazer! Frazer!" he shouted aloud and then paused aghast, for his voice seemed to pass echoing hollowly away, giving him an idea of the vastness of the place in which he was confined.

And now for a few moments his former sensation of horror attacked him, as he felt that he might possibly never be able to extricate himself from the trap into which he had fallen, and that he might go on wandering amongst the horrors by which he was surrounded until he died of exhaustion—mad.

Again he mastered his wandering mind, and spoke aloud in a reassuring tone. "I am not surrounded by horrors," he said calmly. That which is here ought to alarm no man of well-balanced intellect. It is known that I have come this way, by the people at the inn——. No: I did not tell them. But Fraser knew I was coming, and he will search for me. Ramon knew I was coming here, and I have nothing to do but sit and wait till I hear voices; and then a shout will do the rest. Horace cannot be long."

"Good heavens!" he ejaculated after a pause, suppose the poor fellow should tread upon the broken place and fall!—No fear. It was covered when I came along. It is all open now."

He leaned against the side of the cave, thinking of his misfortune, and listening for step or voice to break the terrible silence around him; but all was perfectly still; and think how he would, he could not keep back an occasional shudder at the idea of passing a night where he was.

"Couldn't be darker than day," he said with a laugh to restore his courage; and then he began to think about Helen, a bright subject, which lasted him for long enough, till the increasing pain and stiffness of his injuries turned the current of his thoughts to his rival; and then like a flash, a suspicion came to him: "What did Horace say?—The man was treacherous and false! Great heaven, have I fallen into his trap?"

He tried to argue the thought away; but the idea was only strengthened. Ramon had been so anxious for him to come there—for both of them. The path had evidently been altered, by accident or design. Was it design, and the contriver's idea to rid himself of two men he detested at one stroke?—No; the thought was too horrible, and he would not harbour it.

Vain effort: it grew the stronger; and as the time sped on, and the hurt produced a feverish sensation of half-delirium, Digby found himself fully believing that Ramon had contrived this pitfall; that there was no escape; and that, freed from his presence, the treacherous Spaniard would renew his advances to Helen.

The agony increased, and with the mental suffering came a wild feverish horro which grew upon him till his brain throbbed; a sense of confusion, which he could not overcome, increased; and at last—long after he had fallen—he felt that he could bear no morre, and all was blank.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Soience for Children.

A pretty experiment to interest the children is to make a little hammock from a piece of muslin. Attach four threads to suspend it by; soak for awhile in very salt water and let it dry; then place in it an empty eggshell and set the hammock on fire. The muslin will be consumed, but the ashes left will be

FROM THE PACIFIC.

Great Increase in the Salmon Output this Year.

VICTORIA, B.C., Aug. 23—The "Colonist" this morning printed the salmon pack of British Columbia to date, totaling 376,000 cases, being 127,000 cases above the largest pack of any previous year. Of this amount the northern canneries contribute 100,000 cases, the remainder being from Fraser river. The fish are still running freely on the latter and some canneries will pack fall salmon. It is estimated that the year's pack will reach 420,000 cases. This has all been sold at from $5.50 to $6.50, and calculating at $6 per case, makes a total value of over $2,500,000. The Fraser canneries have from ten to thirty thousand cases each.

Work and Play.

Not one hard-worked fellow in ten thousand knows how to play when he yas a chance.

The first thing is to stop work. Easy enough, if you had the privilege? Not by any means. The habit of planning and thinking is still on you. You cannot let go your duties of yesterday. You are worried about how your substitute is going to manage the job you left in his hands. You fear he will bungle it, and you love your work. You are sure he will make you more trouble in the end than you can repair in a month when you get back. You have a suspicion that he may try to supplant you, and you may return to find him a favorite with your employers, or that he has stolen away your best customer.

If you are a professional man you, begin to plan lots of things for which, for months past, you have been wanting a leisure day. You load yourself up with a mass of odds and ends not at all in your line; things your wife wants done, or your son's errands, or the unusual tasks of some good friend, all of which fret you, because you are not used to them, vastly more than your legitimate duties would.

Stop work, mother of the children, if you get away for a week. Leave the fall sewing till you get to it. Do not take any cousin's errands. Why should you borrow your eldest daughter's baby when you go into the country? Let James, boy stay with James. You want rest. Stop your contriving as to the autumn's schooling. Go, you grey-head, with your good man—off on a genuine, old-fashioned courting day's excursion. Sit under the trees at the farm-side, and dream on the mountains. Try to take an interest in trifles. Be entertained with your husband's fishing stories, count his trout, hear him tell his tale of bear's tracks that he traced upon the mountains. Talk small talk, about the horses that your husband likes, about the championship at lawn-tennis, which the young folks are so excited over. Sit you, my queen, the mother of us all, on the seat under the big maple, while father and uncle Jerry play the antique croquet—they are too old for tennis—and give your whole soul to the shots they make, to the disputes as to wickets passed, and be as completely occupied with it as if it were the gravest business of life. I appeal to my readers if mother's umpiring of a game is not the greatest addition in the world. Alas, that so many of our dear wives and mothers so load themselves up with work, on vacation, that they get no advantage from it, and, truer than slang, they make us all tired!

Play is play. Take out all money value. No man is so big a fool as he who proposes to make a dollar while at play. Play-day is the time to spend a dollar, not to save it;

TEN THOUSAND YEARS.

That Was the Age Assigned by Humboldt to the Famous Dragon Tree of Orotava.

With an antiquity rivaling, probably exceeding, that of the pyramids of Egypt, and a reputation scarcely inferior, it is remarkable, says the London Globe, how little notice has been taken of the death of the colossal dragon tree of Orotava. This gigantic, hoary-headed vegetable veteran died almost suddenly a few years ago, and may be said, like the deacon's old masterpiece, to have gone "to pieces all at once—all at once, and nothing first—just as bubbles when they burst." After a babyhood of centuries, decades of maturity, and a decadence of ages, it does seem pitiable that the departure of this wonder of the world should have evoked little or no comment. In accordance with the new theory that plants feel and have a hereafter, it may be that the old dragon tree is receiving elsewhere its meed of praise and reward for a long and respected life.

Though called a tree, in truth the renowned curiosity of Orotava was nothing of the sort. It was a kind of gigantic bloated asparagus and a near blood relation to the fragile, delicate lilies of our gardens. But even Solomon at his least glorious epoch would never have been jealous of this phenomenon, for the dragon tree is at every period of its strange growth a monstrous, uncouth thing—a creepy, evil-suggesting, out-of-all-time creature, fit companion of ungainly pterodactyls and gigantic saurians, with some of which the ancient specimen of Orotava may have been personally acquainted in its younger days. With its blood-red sap exuding freely, though with curdling slowness, at every wound, its strange crown of stiff, strong, sword-like leaves at the end of every octopus like arm, and its scale-clad trunk, it is not difficult to trace the origin of its name. The tree which bears the golden apples is indigenous to the Canaries, and little fancy was required with an imaginative people to turn this monstrous vegetable growth into the guardian dragon. Did it not bleed thick red blood? did it not bristle with swords, and was not its abode on the isles of the blest far beyond the gates of Gades, in the veritable garden of the Hesperides? The ancients always spoke of one dragon guarding the golden fruit because the monster of Orotava was even then removed from all its comrades in size, bulk, and ghastliness. The old Guanches venerated the monster, though they were brought up under its shadow and must have been well accustomed to its peculiarities. They regarded it as possessed of animal life, and deified it, in its hollow trunk performing Druidical rites, and they use its blood-red sap (the dragon's blood of commerce) for embalming their dead. When Alonzo de Lugo, the conqueror of Teneriffe, came to Orotava in 1491 he spared the tree, but scandalized at the profane mysteries which had taken place in its interior, he converted its hollowness into a chapel for holy mass. Humboldt, in 1799, gives its height as "appearing" about 50 or 60 feet, and its circumference at the roots as 45 feet, and the diameter of the trunk at ten feet from the ground "is still 12 English feet," and he computed its age at 10,000 years. The opening was so large that a table was placed in it round which fourteen persons could seat themselves, and a staircase in the interior conducted the visitor up to the height whence the branches sprang.

Slow indeed must have been its growth, for 400 years after the visit of the first navigators Le Dru measured the tree most carefully, proving that during that long period the increase had only been one foot at the base, the other dimensions being practically

of muslin. Attach four threads to suspend it by; soak for awhile in very salt water and let it dry; then place in it an empty eggshell and set the hammock on fire. The muslin will be consumed, but the ashes left will be composed of crystals of salt that will hold together and keep the shell safe in the delicate frame-work. It is possible to have an entire egg instead of the shell, but prudence would suggest its being boiled hard in advance, as accidents are always liable to occur.

It always seems worth while to occasionally try various simple scientific experiments to give the little folks a glimpse into the wonders of science and then let them read up the why and the wherefore themselves. To illustrate the difference of sound coming through air or water, ring the dinner-bell in a tub of water and see how it is altered from its usual tone. To show the power of air fill a tin can with water, tie mosquito netting over the top, hold a piece of writing paper on top with one hand and turn the can upside down; now hold it steadily and draw the paper slowly away; the water will not pour out unless there is a hole made in the bottom of the can that is uncovered so the air can pass in from above.

An attractive and interesting article of home decoration, which the children will be pleased to see growing day by day, is made by simply placing a little common salt and water in a glass. In a couple of days a mist will be seen on the glass, and in a short time the tumbler will be thickly covered with beautiful salt crystals. The crystals may be altered in color by adding to the salt water some red ink or a spoonful of blueing, which will tint the surface beautifully. If a particularly pretty result is desired use a vase instead of a plain tumbler. Place a dish underneath as the crystals will run over.—Detroit News.

Religious Celebration.

The people of Lachine have just observed by a religious celebration the two hundredth anniversary of the most frightful massacre in Indian annals. In the year 1689 the French under Danouville were at war with the powerful Iroquois tribes; but advances had been made with a view to peace. The Hurons, who were the friends of the French and the enemies of the Iroquois, heard of the projected peace with gloomy anticipations. Their Chief "The Rat" set out for Fort Frontenac to learn the particulars. On arriving he professed pleasure at the coming cessation of hostilities, and at once left for the place at which the Iroquois ambassadors or negotiators would land. Placing himself in ambush he fell upon the Iroquois and killed a number of them. To those who were left he declared that he had been sent to do this deadly work by the French. Thereupon the remnant returned to plan vengeance. A large party of Iroquois warriors was despatched with orders to fitly retaliate. On the night of August 4, in the dense darkness accompanying a storm, the Indians swept down upon the village of Lachine and killed all but about a hundred of the inhabitants. Those who did not escape they took across the river and submitted to the most terrible tortures. Meanwhile the French on the Lachine shore could discern the fires which were burning their compatriots and could hear the screams of the victims. History presents no more horrible massacre than that of Lachine.

A National Bird Wanted.

It has been suggested that when a national flower has been selected we ought to have a new national bird, "because the eagle is not essentially a United States bird." We are not away up in ornithology, but if the mosquito is an American citizen of the essential degree we should like to put him in nomination.—[Washington Post.

Play is play. Take out all money value. No man is so big a fool as he who proposes to make a dollar while at play. Play-day is the time to spend a dollar, not to save it; surely not to make it. The baseball "player" on a professional nine is not playing, he is working; to watch the game is play to the rest of us, but to him it is simply toil; he may enjoy it, as any man ought to enjoy his work; but the fact that he is earning his money by it destroys its character for recreation, to him. A merchant who takes along a trunk of samples on a pleasure trip just spoils it. He will be all the time thinking about the customers in the village whom he is going to steal time to attack. He will disturb the whole party by bending the trip to meet his business plans. He will put everybody out of patience by his Yankee thrift, that must make a dollar while others are spending their dollars. His "playfellows" (?) will begin to accuse themselves as lazy, taught by his industrious example, for they at least are not making anything. Oh, thou unmitigated nuisance, a companion of a vacation day trying to "make expenses!" I would not go a mile from town with you. You are too uneasy to live. You worship money like an idol. You are nothing but an old slave, and you know it. Stick to your shop and die. At all events, do not ask any mortal man to go with you on a play-day.

A play-day should amuse. Do not make hard work of your play. Do not half kill yourself with your first day's horseback riding, or passing the ball, or trying the gymnastics of some game that uses you all up for the remnant of the two weeks. Do not expose yourself to which you are entirely unaccuetomed. Look out for heat apoplexy, otherwise called sun-stroke. Stop when you have had enough. A great dunce is he who says, "I shall not have another chance for a twelve-month," and so goes on with some game, some mountain climbing, when it no longer amuses him, but is actually downright hard work. Fun, innocent, harmless, pure fun—that is the thing for vacation. To make work of it is abominable.

What is play to one is work to another. I will not be drawn into something that I do not like, simply to amuse the other fellow who does like it. If he wants to leave the hotel and camp out on the mountains, I have no objection. I will go. Let him not urge me. If he were at work I might unselfishly help him if I decline to assist his amusement by what to me is no amusement. I do not like to eat with my fingers, tear my good clothes, or fight musquitoes in the woods. I prefer to sit on the veranda, boots polished and linen unruffled, while I smoke a cigar and read a good story, or the papers. Let every man play his play.

I wish you all the privileges of a day of delight. It is well to remember that one is never so happy as when he is making others happy. To contribute to the laughter of pretty children; to rest the weary heart and hands of a good wife and mother; to bring a smile into the wan face of the invalid, or to comfort an unhappy soul; these are the noblest joys, if one be only himself noble enough to enjoy such high things. At least, let us harm none.—[New York Weekly.

Really Disgusting.

Mrs. Menage (laying down morning paper in disgust): "This catering to servants is going too far." Mr. M.: "What now?" Mrs. M.: "All the papers are full of advertisements of Cook's excursions. It's ridiculous putting such ideas in their heads at a time when they can least be spared!"

A late fancy among sports is to wear in enameled scarfpins the colors of a favorite horse or stable in pennant fashion.

for 400 years after the visit of the first navigators Le Dru measured the tree most carefully, proving that during that long period the increase had only been one foot at the base, the other dimensions being practically identical. Since Humboldt's account the famous dragon tree of Orotava was visited by nearly all the travelers, historians, monks, peddlers, and soldiers who had the mildest globe-trotting propensity. In 1819 an arm was wrenched off in a storm, and about some forty years ago some unscrupulous persons cut off a huge piece of the hollow trunk and presented it to the Kew museum. Another storm in 1867 broke off the upper part, leaving the trunk alone standing. A traveler at that time says the ground underneath was covered with pieces of broken branches, some being eighteen feet in circumference. When the land where the tree was growing came into the possession of the late Marquis del Sauzal he nursed the aged vegetable with loving care, filled up the gap in its trunk with masonry, and did all that was possible to prolong its existence. Piazzi Smyth, who saw it in 1856, measured the trunk, and found it 60 feet high above the ground and 48½ feet in circumference at that level, and 24 feet in circumference at a height of 14½ feet. He says: "Proudly it raises its antique arm above everything around. But how it is hampered! An indigenous wild laurel tree is absolutely in contact on one side and a Lombardy poplar is almost touching on the other, while there are such numerous peach trees, oleanders, and oranges between and all about that there is hardly a single point from which we can get a fair view.

The old tree, moderately credited with 6,000 years of life, has gone the way of all trees, but most felicitously the Marquesa del Sauzal has planted on its exact site a seedling derived from its most ancient progenitor, and this youngster is now a healthy plant some four feet high, looking—in shape only—exactly like a fine, long carrot, lightly stuck in the ground by its taper end, and surmounted by a crown of sword-shaped leaves. The visitor to Orotava still climbs up the steep hill above Puer to visit the beautiful garden of the Marquesa del Seuzal and see the spot where the historic tree formerly stood. This baby dragon will probably not flower for twenty or thirty years yet, and it will only branch after it has blossomed. In a neighboring garden there is a dragon which has not yet blossomed, and yet it is more than forty years old.

In botanical language the dragon tree is draccena draco, and is described as having a tree-like stem, which, when the tree is very old, becomes much branded, each branch being terminated by "a crowded head of lanceolate linear entire leaves of a glaucous-green color, which leaves embrace the stem by their base, and on falling off at maturity leave a ring-like cicatrix or scar." In old age curious warts appear, and one from the old Orotava tree has been preserved, which is as large as a good-sized cocoanut, being like that fruit in shape and its rough exterior. Though no particular care has hitherto been taken in the Canaries to rear these curious trees, there are still a few fair-sized specimens for visitors to see, one of the oldest extant being probably that at the gates of the cemetery at Icod. It is mentioned in the ancient chronicles of the conquest of the island of Teneriffe, and, standing in solitary grandeur, it is the best specimen to study. There is one other good example at Icod de los Vinos which may be is even older. These dragon trees, however, are small and absurdly young when compared with the old veteran which until recently guarded the golden apples in the Garden of the Hesperides.

Dont's haven't gone out of fashion yet. They are an easy and at the same time emphatic way of telling young and old what is wrong for them to do.

HOUSEHOLD.

A Strike.

Once upon an evening dreary,
As I pondered sad and weary,
O'er the basket with the mending from the wash the day before;
As I thought of countless stitches
To be placed in little breeches.
Rose my heart rebellious in me, as it oft had done before,
At the fate that did condemn me, when my daily task was o'er,
To that basket evermore.

John, with not a sign or motion,
Sat and read the *Yankee Notion*,
With no thought of the commotion
Which within me rankled sore.
"He," thought I, "when day is ended,
Has no stockings to be mended,
Has no babies to be tended,
He can sit and read and snore;
He can sit and read and rest him;
Must I work thus evermore?"
And my heart rebellious answered,
"Nevermore; no, nevermore."

For though I am but a woman,
Every nerve within is human,
Aching, throbbing, overworked.
Mind and body sick and sore,
I will strike. When day is ended,
Though the stockings are not mended,
Though my course can't be defended,
Safe behind the closet door
Goes the basket with the mending, and I'll haunted be do more.
In the daylight shall be crowded all the work that I will do;
When the evening lamps are lighted, I will read the paper, too.

—[Woman's Journal.

Guarding One's Beauty.

Once, oh, so long ago, a certain intellectual, dreamy youth presented me with a volume of poems. In one of them was marked this line, after a very pretty description of a girl at her toilet: "Her beauty guarded kept her beautiful." I regarded the fact that he marked it as a joke at the time, and in my inner consciousness the words have been a useful joke many times since. Often before retiring at night, tired and lazy, I have felt inclined to omit the necessary brushing of teeth and hair, memory whispered, "Her beauty guarded kept her beautiful."

If a woman has but three hundred dollars a year for personal expenses (and a smart woman will wile that much out of any circumstances), it is wise for her to spend only one third of it on dress and the rest for service, or, at least those

LABOR-SAVING CONTRIVANCES

which bring ease in this work-a-day world. Of course to many ladies, being elegant on one hundred dollars a year sounds preposterous, but it can be done. Simplicity in dress is the fundamental idea of beauty. The novelties or freaks of fashion are what make expense and they are generally inelegant. White dresses are inexpensive and appropriate for the wee girl or the grey-haired grandmother. Indeed, a woman—say, of thirty, dressed in white, with satin hair and complexion clear and healthy, intelligent eyes, pleasing lips and teeth, with soft hands, exquisite finger-nails and a pretty foot, is the *ne plus ultra* of womanly loveliness. Summer dresses last for several years; winter garments can also be managed with economy, but by no means economize on your dentist, or the amount of brushing

BESTOWED UPON YOUR PERSON.

Another, and perhaps the paramount long and half an inch wide. Bake in a very moderate oven for fifteen minutes, and serve either hot or cold.

RASBERRY SHRUB.—To three quarts of ripe raspberries put one quart of good cider-vinegar; let it stand twenty-four hours, then strain and put to each pint a pound of loaf sugar. Boil it about an hour, being particular to skim it clear. When cool, put a wineglassful of brandy to each pint of shrub.

CHOCOLATE PUDDING—Five ounces of pounded almonds, a quarter pound of chocolate, a cupful and a half of milk, or milk and cream mixed, three ounces of sugar, vanilla flavoring, three eggs. Boil the milk with the chocolate and sugar and pour it on the bread. Add the yolks of the eggs and the flavoring and beat well. Then butter a mold thoroughly. But the whites of the eggs to a froth and also the cream, if any is used and mix all together. Steam it for an hour, or until it is firm, and serve with custard or cream sauce flavored with vanilla.

COFFEE CREAM.—One pint of rich cream whipped light; one ounce of gelatine soaked in a cup of milk; one cup of strong clear coffee; one cup of white sugar; whites of two eggs. Dissolve the soaked gletine and sugar in the boiling coffee, when you have strained the latter through fine muslin, and let it cool. Whip the cream and the whites of the eggs in separate vessels. When the gelatine is perfectly cold, beat it by degrees into the whites until it is a pretty firm froth. Then whip in the cream. Rinse a mold in cold water, fill it with the mixture, and set it in a very cold place, or on ice, for eight or ten hours. Send around a pitcher of sweet cream with it.

INDIAN PUDDING.—One quart of milk, two heaping tablespoonfuls of Indian meal, four of sugar, one of butter, three eggs, one tablespoonful of salt. Boil the milk in the double boiler. Sprinkle the meal into it, stirring all the while. Cook twelve minutes, stirring often. Beat together the eggs, salt, sugar and half a teaspoonful of ginger. Stir the butter into the meal and milk. Pour this gradualy on the egg mixture. Bake slowly one hour.

STRING BEANS FOR WINTER USE.—Cut off the heads and tails of tender young beans, and a thin strip on each side to remove the strings. Then divide each bean into four or six pieces, according to size, cutting them lengthwise, in a slanting direction. Have ready a large stone jar and a quanty of coarse salt; put a layer of salt in the bottom of the jar, then a layer of the prepared beans, next another layer of salt, and so on, until the jar is full, finishing with a layer of salt. Cover and set in a cool dry place. When wanted for use, take out the requisite quantity, work until freshened and boil as fresh beans, changing the water once or twice.

Ten Good Things to Know.

1. That salt will curdle new milk, hence in preparing milk perridge, gravies, etc., the salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

2. That clear boiling water will remove tea stains and many fruit stains. Pour the water through the stain and thus prevent its spreading over the fabric.

3. That ripe tomatoes will remove ink and other stains from white cloth, also from the hands.

4. That a tablespoonful of turpentine boiled with white clothes will aid in the whitening process.

5. That boiled starch is much improved

LATE CABLE NEWS.

European Powers Uniting—"The Mightiest Coalition Ever Seen." England in Africa—Emperor William's Reception at Home

General Beck's interview with General von Waldersee and War Minister Duvernois resulted in a military convention, which, associated with the Italian convention, completes the plans for naval and military combinations in the event of war.

Although no official warrant is given for the reported absorption of England into the alliance, the language of the semi official press justifies the inference that the British government has agreed that their naval and military forces will co-operate with those of the alliance in repressing any wanton disturbance of the European peace.

DOES IT MEAN WAR?

The question now becomes prominent how the league will use its tremendous strength? Russian papers, recognizing the formidable character of the league, predict that Bismarck, having formed the mightiest coalition ever seen, will hasten to settle scores with Russia and France.

The leading official organs of Berlin and Vienna breathe a language of general good will. The "North German Gazette" rejoices over the strength of the alliance and its ability to meet any eventualities from the East or West. The Fremdenblatt trusts that permanent peace is secured, and boasts that the allied powers are ready to face any emergency.

The German Colonial Company at a meeting the other day resolved to appeal to Prince Bismarck for protection against English encroachments in Africa, and urged him to find means to put an end to the present state of affairs.

In the resolutions adopted reference is made to the seizure by the English Admiral at Zanzibar of Dr. Peters' steamer, the Neera, and to the damage done to German traders by the Niger Company, and the persistent efforts of English companies to acquire sovereign rights in the territories adjoining the German settlements.

NO ILL FEELING THOUGH.

The speakers all protested that no feeling of hostility toward England was entertained, and that the action of the German Colonial Company was taken solely in defence of German rights, which had been violated by the English Trading Company.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany met with a royal welcome on their arrival at Bayrunth, the people turning out *en masse* and greeting the distinguished visitors with demonstrations of unbounded enthusiasm.

Another manifesto has been signed by Gen Boulanger, M. Arthur Dillon and by M. de Rochefort. It states among other thing that "the judgment of the High Court is the result of a compact entered into between the Chamber and the Senate in consideration of a promise given by the former to maintain the life of the Senate. The result of this monstrous iniquity committed against us is the defeat of universal suffrage. But this arbitrary rule of calumnies and prevarication is nearing its end and, notwithstanding that fresh *coups de etat* are being prepared in the dark, we have confidence in the firm attitude of the Electoral Code."

A Radical Change Proposed.

The defenders of the Established Church in

dentist, or the amount of brushing

BESTOWED UPON YOUR PERSON.

Another, and perhaps the paramount advantage of buying leisure for one's self is the opportunity it gives for mental as well as physical culture, and the amiability one feels when clean and rested. Most of woman's ungraciousness comes from her habitual weariness and worry. To sacrifice one's self to the point of shattered nerves, even for one's nearest and dearest beloved, is a fatal mistake. Better be pretty and sweet tempered, with the housework a little neglected, than to have everything in order and acting and feeling like a virago. This however, is hardly a fair contrast, for being well and well pleased with ourselves, we can manage things more happily.

So, sisters, let us take care of ourselves. A gentleman once said to me (oh, how much wisdom we owe to the saying of gentlemen!), "You are selfish; but, true, a judicious selfishness is the height of culture."—

Suggestions for the Sick Room.

Even in the depth of summer it is often wise to keep a slight fire during the night. To avoid rousing the sick sleeper fill paper bags with coal and lay a sufficient number of these bags in a scuttle. In this way a fire may be replenished without the slightest noise.

It is essential in selecting some one to watch with a sick person that a healthy person with all his five senses alert to catch any change should be employed. A slightly deaf person will cause great annoyance, because he must exert himself unduly to make himself heard. The eyesight of the nurse must be perfect to note any change, her feeling alert to notice change of temperature, her smelling power without a flaw to make sure of fresh, pure atmosphere, and her taste delicate enough to allow her to appreciate the difference between poorly cooked food and that properly prepared. A fidgety or nervous woman or a selfish or self-absorbed woman is utterly out of place in a sick room.

All good housekeepers always keep bundles of old flannel, of old linen and of old cotton where either can be readily obtained if necessary in the sick-room. Bandages of old flannel are invaluable in cases of rheumatism or of sore throat. In fact, there is nothing else that will take the place of such half worn goods. New flannel would be of comparatively little use for the purpose. A small flannel bag filled with hops and wrung out in boiling water will soothe to sleep a sufferer from neuralgic pains oftener than anything else. There should be sufficient bandages on the outside to prevent its wetting the bedding and causing a chill in this way. Persons who have suffered from chronic troubles of the bowels have been frequently cured by wearing continuously, all the year round, a heavy flannel bandage over the abdomen.

Choice Recipes.

CHEESE STRAWS.—To make enough straws for twelve persons you will need these materials: Six tablespoonfuls of Parmesan cheese, six of flour, two of butter, one salt-spoonful of salt, half a salt-spoonful of cayenne, one tablespoonful of water, and two eggs. Beat the butter to a cream and then beat into it the unbeaten yolks of the eggs. When this mixture is thick and light, beat in the water. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff dry froth and stir them into the mixture. Mix the dry ingredients and stir them into the egg and butter. Continue to stir until a smooth paste is formed. Divide this paste into two parts. Flour the moulding board slightly and roll this paste very thin. Cut it into strips about three inches

boiled with white clothes will aid in the whitening process.

5. That boiled starch is much improved by the addition of a little sperm salt or gum arabic dissolved.

6. That beeswax and salt will make rusty flat irons as clean and smooth as glass. Tie a lump of wax in a rag and keep it for that purpose. When the irons are hot, rub them first with the wax rag, then scour with a paper or cloth sprinkled with salt.

7. That blue ointment and kerosene mixed in equal proportions and applied to the bedsteads is an unfailing bed bug remedy, as a coat of whitewash is for the walls of a log house.

8. That kerosene will soften boots or shoes that have been hardened by water, and render them as pliable as new.

9. That kerosene will make tin tea kettles as bright as new. Saturate a woollen rag and rub with it. It will also remove stains from varnished furniture.

10. That cool rain water and soda will remove machine grease from washable fabrics.

Peace or War.

Lord Salisbury's speech at the Mansion House dinner was in a line with several other speeches delivered by him at the same place and under substantially the same conditions. The European horizon, he asserts, is black with war clouds; the great continental nations are spending larger and larger sums in preparing themselves for battle, but the costs of a struggle carried on under such conditions are so enormous that none of those most deeply interested can afford to break the peace. It can at least be said that the past predictions of this kind which the English premier has made have proved true. There is no more likelihood of war in Europe now than there was two, three or four years ago, and on none of these occasions has war occurred. So, on the doctrine of chances, it may be fairly argued that a continuance of peace is reasonably assured at the present time. But it seems to be an enormous insurance premium to pay for peace to be compelled to keep millions of men constantly under arms, and to spend hundreds of millions of dollars taken from the hard earnings of the people in wholly unproductive military outlays. If the result of all of these great armaments is merely the continuance of peace, why is it not better to procure the continuance of peace by a disbandment of them? We are willing for war purposes to sacrifice life and wealth in a perfectly reckless manner, when, if men had only a fair amount of reason, all of the legitimate ends that can be gained by war could be acquired, without any waste and hardly any expenditure, by peaceful methods.

Why the Teeth Chatter.

It is through the skin, and only through the skin, that we receive sensations of temperature. The chattering of the teeth from the feeling of cold is caused by what is termed reflex action of the muscles of the jaw. When an impression is made on the sensitive surface of the skin it is conveyed by an exciter nerve to the spinal cord, and is there reflected back on the muscles by a corresponding motor nerve, the action being involuntary, like that of any other mechanism. Chattering of the teeth, as well as shivering and sneezing, is nature's effort to restore the circulation of the blood which has accumulated in the larger veins near the heart.—[New York Telegram.

A Radical Change Proposed.

The defenders of the Established Church in England have succeeded in inducing the Government to introduce and support a measure which, if it becomes a law may, as its ultimate outcome, put in serious peril the continuance of that church as a [state organization. At the present time the tithes by which the clergy are supported form a charge upon the land. Either the land owner or the tenant is compelled to pay so much towards the support of the Established Church. A failure to pay gives the clergyman thus deprived of his income the right, through his representatives, to take possession of the land and seize upon its undisposed-of products. This is not a satisfactory arrangement where resistance is made to payment of tithes, and just now in certain parts of England, and especially in Wales, the attempts to collect tithes have led to a resistance which has been almost carried to a riot. The proposed law makes tithes a charge both upon personal property and land, and permits the clergyman to sue and recover as in the case of any legal debt. While this may make the work of recovery easier, the proposed change in the law is such a radical one that the chances are it will increase to an immense extent the popular hostility to the Established Church. Thus, though the money, when it is necessary to forcibly collect it, may come easier, it is not unlikely that in a short time more it will not come at all.

U. S. Sunday Desecration.

Bishop Littlejohn, of the diocese of Long Island, has written a powerful letter on the subject of Sunday desecration in the United States. In it he says: "It is simply frightful to behold the rapid increase of almost every form of Sunday desecration. I may not here go into the causes of this increase. They are well known to all who have their eyes and ears open, and if they are allowed to work on unchecked along the existing lines of lawless and unrestricted indulgence, the American Sunday, as bound up with the best traditions and customs of our social and religious life, will, in the next twenty years, practically cease to exist in our great cities and in their far-spreading suburbs. This consideration ought to be enough to arouse all Christian people of every name from their present apathy. But there is another feature of the case which ought to tell with equal force upon all who value, as necessary to the peace and order and well being of the community, the proper enforcement of the law. Bad as are the violation and contempt not only of the religious sanctity of Sunday, but also of its domestic and social properties, and of its labour exemptions for the masses, the open, habitual and wanton defiance of the laws enacted by the State for the protection of the day is only less fraught with disaster." Commenting upon the Bishop's letter the Brooklyn "Times" says that "there can be no doubt that the open breaking of the Sunday laws breeds contempt for all law, turns the suburbs into pandemonium and tends powerfully to destroy the character of Sunday as a day of rest."

Making the Best of Circumstances.

Vigilantes—"We regret to inform you, madam, that we have just lynched your husband by mistake. We intended to hang Bill Bideye."

Wife of the deceased—"Is this Bill married?"

Vigilantes—"No, supposed to be single."

Wife of deceased—"Well, I expect I'd better take him then, I need somebody to do the chores."—[Omaha World

Wives and Sweethearts.

It is in domestic life that untidiness causes the greatest mischief, remarks Oscar Wilde's Woman's World. It means waste of time, waste of money, waste of affection; in nine cases out of ten it is the cause of strife and unhappiness often of utter ruin. Far more marriages turn out unhappily through untidiness than from any other cause. I do not mean the ordinary sort of personal untidiness that so many women fall into after marriage, the ceasing to make themselves attractive—though that in itself is disastrous enough—but the mental untidiness that prevents woman from thinking out a subject to the end.

Many a girl has married full of love, good resolution, and the best intentions, resolved to be careful and economical in her housekeeping, and always keep her home in pristine freshness and prettiness. But she soon finds putting down everything she buys is a very tiresome business; "besides," she says to herself, "I only buy just what I want, and putting down every penny won't save me a penny." And she very soon finds that she loses a good many pennies. The weekly bills grow in the most alarming manner; the weekly allowance is no longer sufficient to meet them; one has to be left over one week, another the next and so on, till all are in arrears; while the husband "good easy man," thinks everything is going on quite smoothly and praises his wife for her good management and skill in being able to have everything the same when beef and mutton and coals and butter are so much dearer. She, flattered by his praise, cannot bear to admit that she is all behind and so the matter goes on till it cannot be concealed any longer. If the husband is a prudent man and has made some provision for such a contingency, he is fortunate, but if he has been living up to his income, as so many men do nowadays, he is handicapped at the very commencement of his career with an unsuspected debt and it may take him the best years of his life to shake it off, for even the smallest debt has the most marvelous power of accumulating; besides, he has lost faith in his wife's management—lost some of his admiration for her, spoken some words, perhaps, that can never be recalled, and unconsciously distrusts her. She, knowing she deserves to be blamed, woman-like resents the distrust, and is impatient of any interference or supervision; the simplest question about household expenses sends her into a passion; more hard words follow, and so "the little rift within the lute" grows wider and wider, until a dreary sea flows between those two hearts that had loved so truly! And a little mental training—mental tidiness—would have saved all that.

Fun With the Old Man.

He was a meek-looking old gentleman from the country, and as he took his seat at the dining room table the drummers looked at him over their soup-spoons. They noted his weather-beaten face, his wet hair carefully parted and brushed around over his ears, and his air of diffidence as he nervously fingered his fork; and when the waiter girl stood at his side and winked at the boot-and-shoe man, they were all attention.

"Soup?" she asked.

The old man seemed a bit surprised at the brevity of the bill of fair, and fidgeted about as though waiting for her to say something more.

"Would you like some soup?" said the girl, with a side-glance at the coffee-and spice man.

"I ain't particular about soup, as I know of," answered the old man.

"Boil' mutt'n capersauce, roas' beef, r's' lamb, r's' veal, fricasse chicken, cole ham, tongue, chick'n-salad, fritters, boil' 'n' baked

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In Sample, Ladies' and all other kinds.
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A. L. MORDEN, W. G. WILSON.
Co. Crown Attorney.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C. P. S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital, Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office in the Downey residence, between Mr. W. Pruyn's and the late residence of Dr. Clark, John Street, Napanee.

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EXT: OF WILD STRAWBERRY
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CHOLERA
Cholera Morbus
COLIC and CRAMPS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

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Offer exceptional markets for all the farmer can produce, and the nearness of these markets make freight rates low from all points in Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota, consequently the farmer gets more for his products than if he were a removed from civilization.

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spice man.

"I ain't particular about soup, as I know of," answered the old man.

"Boil' mutt'n capersauce, roas' beef, r's' lamb, r's' veal, fricasse chicken, cole ham, tongue, chick'n-salad, fritters, boil' 'n' baked p'tatus," said the girl, with lightening-like rapidity.

The old man looked kind of helpless, and the boys felt a little sorry for him as he kept his eyes fastened on the fork, which he shoved from side to side with his fingers.

"I guess I'll take—I guess you'll have to say that again," he said, looking up, and the girl rattled the whole thing off in exactly the same time as before.

The old man looked 'round the table and caught sight of a drummer winking at the girl; then he jerked his head around, and looking her straight in the face, he said:

"You may gimme s'm bile cornbeef 'n' cabbage, roas' beef, veal 'n' mutt'n, cole chick'n 'n' turkey 'n' tongue, 'n' s'm ham 'n' eggs 'n' codfish cakes 'n' sassage 'n' beefsteak 'n' a piece o' punkin pie 'n' cup o' coffee, sis; 'n' now see ef yer kin make yer little legs fly 's fast as ye kin yer tongue, for I wanter git home; there's a shower comin' up."

The girl hesitated, turned red, and then made a break for the kitchen, while the drummers laughed and the old man gazed out of the window at the gathering clouds.

No Disgrace After All.

Husband: "Your sister Jennie has run away and got married—eloped." Wife (faintly): "What was she married in?" Husband: "Silk." Wife (relieved). "Then she didn't disgrace the family after all. Whom did she marry?"

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an acoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from the administeration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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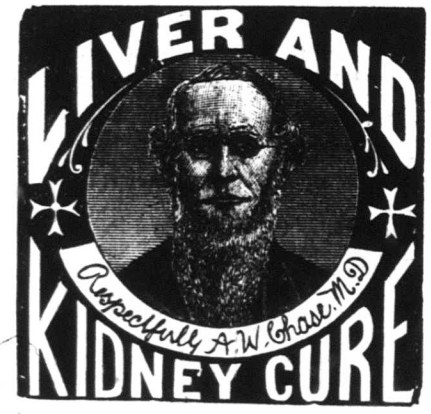

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Has a world wide reputation as a physician and author. His Mandrake Dandelion Liver Cure is a triumph of medical skill, curing all diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

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LIVER COMPLAINT.—Pain under shoulder blades, jaundice, sallow complexion, a weary, tired feeling, no life or energy, headache, dyspepsia, indigestion, spots, pimples, etc.

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Gentlemen.—I have used Kendall's Spavin Cure for **Spavins** and also in a case of lameness and **Stiff Joints** and found it a sure cure in every respect. I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

Very respectfully yours,
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ST. THOMAS, P. Q., April 22, 1889.

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Gents:—I have used a few bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure on my colt, which was suffering from Influenza in a very bad form, and can say that your Kendall's Spavin Cure made complete and rapid cure. I can recommend it as the best and most effective liniment I have ever handled. Kindly send me one of your valuable books entitled "A Treatise on the Horse." Yours respectfully,

I. F. WILKINSON.

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FORT ELLICE, MAN., May 10, 1889.

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Gentlemen:—I always keep your Kendall's Spavin Cure and Blister on hand and they have never failed in what you state they will do. I have cured a bad case of Spavin and also two cases of Ringbone of years standing, on mares which I bought to breed from, and have not seen any signs of disease in their offspring. Yours truly,

D. J. O'KEEFFE.

Price **$1** per bottle, or six bottles for **$5**. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors,

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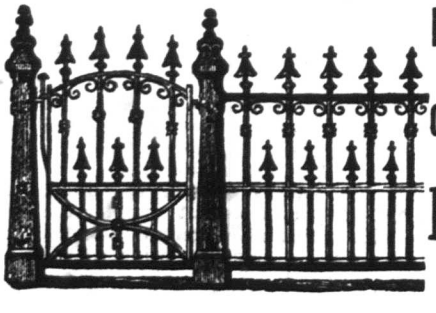

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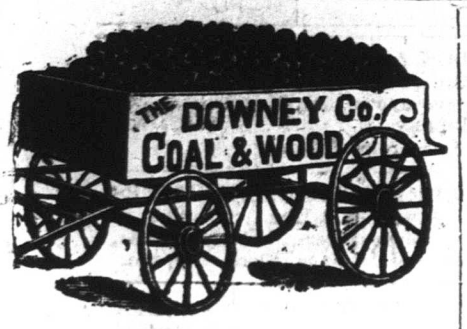

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50cts up. all complete. First-class spring roller fit any window for 15cts.

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as well as all other stock will be sold at less than can be laid down by other dealers.

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The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, AUG. 30, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

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—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—The Reformers of Addington will meet in Convention at Yarker on Tuesday next. W. T. R. Preston, Secretary of the Provincial Reform Association, will be present and address the meeting. Let there be a big turn out.

—Str. Reindeer will leave Napanee, Saturday, August 31st, at 2 p.m.

—The excursion through the Murray ditch to Presqu' Isle was well attended yesterday.

—The new list of patrons issued by the Bell Telephone Co. shows an extension of service in Napanee.

—The Stars defeated a picked nine from the A. E. A. club on Roblin's Hill yesterday. Score, 28 to 8.

—Rev. David Chalmers a former Methodist preacher on Bath circuit will preach (D.V.) at Bath on Sabbath, September 1st at 7. p. m.

—Str. Reindeer will run an excursion Wednesday, September 4th, from South Bay to Kingston Midland show. No boat to Napanee that day.

—Music—Miss Chambers, M. L. A., M. M., has resumed her class, and is prepared to give instructions on the Pianoforte and Organ in Napanee and vicinity.

—On Sabbath evening next Rev. J. B. Clarkson will occupy his own pulpit, he having returned from Europe on Wednesday last. In the morning Mr. Hagar will preach his farewell sermon.

—Rev. A. Campbell will be in Yarker on Monday; Tamworth on Tuesday; Newburgh on Wednesday and Enterprise on Thursday of next week and will lecture in each place on the Jesuit question.

—Quite a number of Napaneeans are going to Deseronto on Wednesday evening to hear Mrs. Scott-Siddons. Miss Eva N. Roblin assists in the programme and will sing three numbers during the evening.

—It is whispered around that there will soon be a wedding up in Ameliasburgh and that a young gentleman from Napanee will take a prominent part. If we happen to see the young lady we will warner before it is too late.

—Barnum's circus will be in Belleville to-morrow and there will be an excursion up the bay in order to give parties a chance to see the procession. The Ella Ross leaves Napanee at seven o'clock sharp, connecting with the Quinte at Deseronto.

—The ladies of St. Paul's church South Fredericksburgh intend holding their annual dinner and entertainment on the beautiful grounds of Robert Nelson Esq., Conway, on Tuesday at 6 p.m., September 3rd, 1889. Good music will be provided and a cordial invitation is extended to all. Admission 40 cents.

—There will be a Harvest Home excursion to Kingston, the Thousand Islands and Alexandria Bay, per steamer Hero, on Saturday, September 14th. The steamer will call at Deseronto, Thompson's Point, Adolphustown, Conway, Bath, Stella and other bay ports if flagged. Tickets fifty cents.

—A firebug by the name of Wm. Wallace thought he would make a bonfire of the house occupied by Hearns north of the G. T. R. track, some time in July last, was arrested and sent up by the Mayor for trial, came before his honor Judge Wilkison on Tuesday last and got one year in the Central prison, wherein to sober up and reflect on his folly.

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other

Witch's Predictions.

The Napanee correspondent of the Belleville Ontario gets off the following: The Oddfellows excursion to Watertown did not terminate as successfully as was hoped. It appears that some of the Kingston young ladies consult the oracle in the shape of a withered old dame with the reputation of riding the broom stick, before they undertake any perilous adventure. At the beginning of the week they repaired to her cell in one of the obscure streets in that mystic city. The old woman produced a blood red stone about the size of a hen's egg, and muttered some unintelligible incantation as she pressed the stone to her forehead three times. With a brass wand she then tapped the three young ladies on the forehead three times, when in silence they repaired to the inner cell. All was still as death. The three young ladies trembling advanced in single file and mustered courage to follow their guide, as they recalled to memory the followers of "She." The old woman halted, joined the hands of her disciples, pressed the mystic stone three times to the forehead of each head and slowly spoke in harsh whisper: "Go not on the Oddfellows excursion for the Hero goes down." Then they all knelt three times and returned in the order in which they had entered the cave to the outer room. When they reached the daylight again they brushed the dust and cobwebs from their garments and looked in wonder and admiration upon the dear old woman." They each paid $3, as she explained that that number was the secret of her art. She was born in the third hour of the third day of the third week of the third month of the third year of the century, and therefor she is privileged to look into the future provided three young ladies be her subjects and they pay her three dollars each. Thoroughly satisfied with their investment the young ladies returned to their respective homes and never told their dear papas what they had done with their three dollars. Their experience though was too good to keep so they confidentially whispered it to a few friends and by the time the excursion was to leave Napanee everybody knew that the Kingston oracle had said that the Hero would go down. The superstitious of course would not go and as the infection had spread to some extent only about 250 availed themselves of the cheap trip. The sail to Cape Vincent was as pleasant as could be expected. Some few discovered about the time they were entering the gap that they had eaten some food at their breakfast that was not agreeing with them. Arriving in Watertown the visiting Oddfellows were hospitably received by their brethren in that city. A magnificent lunch was prepared, for which the hungry excursionists were most duly thankful. The reception was wholly unexpected, and proved a great success. About three hours in all was spent in the city, seeing the sights, renewing old acquaintances and forming new ones. Leaving their about 8 o'clock in the evening they reached Deseronto, after a rather tedious trip, at 4 o'clock in the morning, but upon attempting to come up the river they were enveloped in a dense fog, and, running upon a sandbank, were obliged to remain there until 8 o'clock when it became sufficiently clear to proceed on the course. About 9.30 a tired and sleepy crowd, headed by the band, wended their way up from the dock to the tune of "Home sweet home." The superstitious maidens, upon hearing of the mishap, rushed out to meet the belated excursionists, and tauntingly greeted them with "I told you so." The Kingston girls are in high feather, and groups of them may be seem on any street corner arranging for a visit to the "dear old women" and the securing of the necessary

note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—Great reduction in prices of sugar at A. S. Kimmerly's. Call and see me; it will pay you for I undersell all grocers. Remember I keep the choicest lines of Western Flour and cut prices very fine. The great tea store—A. S. Kimmerly is continually finding new customers for that choice 25 cent tea. Everybody buys it because it cannot be beat.

—A quantity of picket fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—Just look at the label on your paper and see if you are in arrears for THE EXPRESS. If you owe us anything please pay up at once.

—J. W. Anderson has just received 75 pairs of women's buttoned kid boots bought at a bargain which he is selling at from 50 to 75 cents below cost. They will go rapidly at the price asked. adv.

—George I. Ham left his horse standing in front of Wm. Templeton's residence last Saturday, and Treasurer Parrott and Turnkey Clark came along with a lawn mower. The noise frightened the horse and it ran away, completely wrecking the wagon. George threatens to bring an action against the above named parties.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—On Saturday morning a man named Patrick Murphy was killed on Gilmour's track, Trenton, by being struck with the engine. He was seem around Trenton during the day, drinking, and it ts supposed he went and laid down on the track and the engine struck him cutting his face, breaking his arm and crushing in his chest. The train hands did all they could when they found him but he never spoke to any one. Murphy was well-known in Centreville Napanee and Belleville. He was working lately for a man named Brown in Sydney township. He had, when found, $8 in cash, Only a part of the engine went over him. He was buried. No inquest was necessary. Murphy was about forty years of age. He has worked in the shanties. He may have friends in Stoco, near Tweed.

—The Ball match between the Princess street nine of Kingston and the Napanee nine, on the palace grounds here on Monday was a hotly contested game and resulted in a victory for the visitors—the score at the conclusion of the ninth innings stood a tie of 16 runs each. Napanee then went to bat and scored one, then the Kingston team went in and scored two; thus ended an exciting contest, and the Napanee team although defeated are to be congratulated on making such a splendid stand against a team composed in part at least of professionals. The Orphan boy and Mossback who played here a few days ago as part of the Bath team, were among the Princess st. nine. Everything passed off pleasantly notwithstanding an occasional kick, which seems part of the game, on the part of the players. But the spectators were disgusted with the bawlists from Kingston, who fancied they were playing ball while indulging, making the scene hideous with the perfect diarrhœa of slang kept up with the intention of rattling the pitcher. It seems these tactics are allowable under the rules of the game, at least so it is claimed. If so, the sooner the rule is changed the better, because spectators go to see ball played and not to hear chin music.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

reflect on his folly.

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three-fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—The excursion to Brighton and Presqu' Isle yesterday was a tremendous success. Both the Quinte and Ella Ross were crowded to their utmost capacity. As the Ella Ross neared Belleville an elderly lady caught sight of the lighthouse and asked Dr. Edwards what "monument" that was. The doctor managed to keep a straight face while enlightening her ignorance, and then moved away and had a big laugh. The excursion party did not reach Napanee until nearly midnight. Captain Stanton is winning golden laurels as a genial and efficient officer.

—This year the Lennox Agricultural Exhibition will take place in Napanee on the 8th and 9th of October. The prize list has just been issued from the EXPRESS office, and it contains an usually attractive list of premiums, as well as some valuable special prizes. The directors are working hard to make this year's show the best in the history of the society, but in order to do this they must have the hearty co-operation of the farmers of the county. With the big yield this year there ought to be a fine lot of exhibits.

—Rev. J. B. Clarkson, M. A., and family arrived in Napanee on Wednesday and were met at the station by a number of the Reverend gentleman's congregation, and escorted to the commodious parsonage of the Western Methodist church. The Ladies Aid had a substantial dinner prepared and when Mr. Clarkson and his family were ready to sit down at the table the ladies left them to enjoy their new home in peace and quietness. Mr. and Mrs. Clarkson were much pleased with their reception.

—A mean game was played on the Napanee Stars, a juvenile base ball team, at Massassaga Park on the 15th August, by the Deseronto Athletes. The Athletes led at the third innings, but the Stars shut them out in the fourth and fifth innings, and had the game virtually won, when the Athlete squealers wanted their dinners, stopped playing and claimed the game, although according to the rules, they had no right to call the game at this stage, except for darkness or rain. The Napanee club are ready to play the Deseronto team on the grounds of the Stars in Napanee, and hope to hear of their acceptance.

CAPTAIN OF THE STARS.

Wedding Bells.

WEDDING BELLS.

At the Western Methodist church, Napanee, on Wednesday last, by the Rev'd Dr. Badgey, brother-in-law of the bride, assisted by Rev. J. B. Clarkson, Mr. Fred G. Asselstine, merchant of Moorehead, Minn., second son ot George Asselstine, South Ferdericksburgh, was united by marriage to Miss Mary Bell, daughter of John S. Bell, Napanee. Miss Marie Tilley and Miss Blanch Badgey assisted the bride, while Mr. Bell acted as best man for the groom. Many valuable presents attested the high esteem in which the bride is held. The pleasant event took place at 4 o'clock p. m., and the happy pair left for their new home at Moorehead, Minn., on the 5 o'clock train, amid hearty congratulations and best wishes for their future happiness.

groups of them may be seem on any street corner arranging for a visit to the "dear old women" and the securing of the necessary three dollars. The fortune-telling craze is upon the limestone city, and the fathers are seeking an antidote."

Bartels vs. Vanslyck.

This is an action of ejectment brought by the plaintif Anna Bartels against Franklyn Vanslyck, of Morven, to recover possession of four acres of land, part of the old Bartels farm in Ernesttown it being the four acres on which the late Andrew Bartels so long lived. The case was tried at the last assizes here before Mr. Justice Falcombridge and judgment was reserved. The learned Judge has now handed in his judgment, verdict for defendant Vanslyck with full costs. B. M. Britton, Q. C., A. L. Morden and John English, for plaintiff. R. C. Clute and S. Gibson, for defendant.

PERSONAL.

—Mrs. Fraser, of Elmhurst, East Napanee, is very ill.

—On Monday, Mr. Albert Frizzell and wife left for the "Soo."

Miss Nellie Casey has been in Toronto this week selecting millinery goods.

—Dr. H. L. Cook left on Monday for a six weeks trip to the Maratime Provinces.

—Mr. I. J. Lockwood has return from a short visit at the ancient city of Belleville.

—J. W. Exley leaves next Monday to take a course in the Kingston Commercial College.

—Rev. Wm. Briden, of Little Brittain, was in town this week. He is looking unusually well.

—Willet N. Dollar, the popular mail clerk on the N. T. & Q. Ry., is taking a well earned holiday.

—Miss Grace Hinchy, of Deseronto, is visiting at her grand parents Mr. George Joyce of Richmond.

—Mr. George Cliff, sr., left this morning for Carleton Place to visit his son who is a typo there.

—Miss Flo Burns returns to Toronto to-day, after spending a few weeks with Miss Eva N. Roblin.

—Miss Minnie Switzer has gone to Trenton to take charge of the millinery department in a large establishment there.

—Mr. P. J. Sherlock, station agent C. P. R., Killarney, Man., was in town on Wednesday, looking as if Manitoba air agreed with him.

—We congratulate Albert Bicknell on his passing the third class examination at the early age of eleven years. He is making a record early in life.

—Mr. Harvey Warner has returned from an extended tour to the Rockies and Pacific Coast, look out for a grand description of grand scenery next week.

—Mr. John Coates and son Thomas returned home from New York last Monday, bringing his daughter Mrs. Glenn (who is in poor health) with him for a visit.

—Mr. David Mills, of Petrolia, who is in town visiting friends, says the ring who have had the control of Oil Refining in Western Canada, will be busted this fall.

—Harry Switzer, of Philadelphia, has been doing the town and county for the past few weeks. He is not a Yankee yet but the air seems to have agreed with him.

—Mr. Jay Taylor, of Belleville, has been visiting his parents Mr. David Taylor, of Tamworth, during the week also called on several of his friends in town, on his return home yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Zina Ham returned Tuesday evening from an extended tour in the United States, taking in the sights of Philadelphia, New York and Saratoga. They enjoyed their trip very much. The only regret Zina had was the absence of his pacer, he would like to show the Saratoga boys how to get there.

—Prof. G. H. Metzler met with a serious accident last Saturday. He and wife were on a visit to Mr. Vrooman when the horse became frightened by road side obstructions, threw them out upset his buggy in a ditch, and broke the collar bone of the Prof. He is now at his father residence, Odessa. His wife escaped uninjured.

The Oklahoma Boom

Forms an instance of a wild rush for an uncertainty, which is just the opposite of the steady boom enjoyed by Burdock Blood Bitters Buyers of this medicine get a certainty—an—unequalled remedy for all diseases of the stomach liver, bowels, kidneys and the blood.

BUYERS' DIRECTORY. NAPANEE BUSINESS HOUSES

PLUMS,
PEACHES,
PEARS,

And Melons a specialty at

BRUTON'S.

G. A. Blewett

Keeps the Best and Cheapest

FLOUR

in town. Give him a call.

Try his 25 cent Tea.

GO TO

HULETT'S

FOR

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS

A CHOICE LOT OF

HEAVY CLEAR BACON

for sale cheap at

COXALL'S

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Head Office, Montreal.

Annual Income.....$25,273.58
Assets, over.....$2,000,000.00
Assurance in force,16,025,300.00

James Little, Peterboro, Inspector of Agencies. W. H. Hill, Peterboro, Manager for Central Ontario.

Rev. S. CARD, Local Agt, Napanee

Do you want to take a drive? If so, just call up R. H. Potter, Telephone No. 99. The best livery in town.

LOCKWOOD

Has a few of the celebrated

SLAT :-: HAMMOCKS

which he is selling at 50 cts less than price list. Just received, a large lot

Ruled Scribbling Pads

Corner Brisco House Block.

Perry & Madole

Are the only dealers in Napanee that sell

McColl's Lardine Oil

Buy the Best and no other. A full stock of

Threshing Machine Supplies.

Sign of the GOLDEN AUGER.

A. W. GRANGE & BRO.

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs and Medicines

Toilet Articles, Perfumery,

Patent Medicines, Etc

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

F. CHINNECK,

Jeweler.

Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

George I. Ham

McLaughlin's old stand.

Attend the Great Sale

—OF—

Summer Boots and Shoes and Trunks

AT A. D. McROSSIE'S

the best value ever offered.

Kip Boots made to order, only $4.50. Repairing done.

WADDEL BLOCK.

NEW FALL GOODS

ARE PILING UP TO THE CEILING IN

LAHEY & McKENTY

BRIGHT, FRESH, ATTRACTIVE, NEW IN STYLE, LOW IN PRICE.

Never before did we show such a grand variety of Goods. We believe that we are going to do the

Never before did we show such a grand variety of Goods. We believe that we are going to do the largest fall trade done here in recent years. We are ready to do it anyway. We have the right Goods and we have the right prices. Too early for most of them yet, but some lines are already in season. About the first you will think of is

DRESS GOODS.

We invite every lady to come and inspect them now before the rush of fall trade begins. We will not ask you to buy unless you mention it, but our best advertisement is that you should see them. We have the best of them; there is not a new shade, a new design or a line that is good value left out. Black Goods, rich and beautiful, black Trimmings, new and pretty Colored Goods, the cream of the latest shadings and qualities. Costumes bordered braided, and combinations, plain Goods and brocaded Goods from very cheap Goods all the way to very fine goods, with the correct trimmings for every piece. By all means see our display of Dress Goods. One more line we will mention now,

OUR NEW CLOTHING.

Is mostly here. In this stock you will find everything that any reasonable big man or small boy could possibly want. Every size, style, quality and price FIRST-CLASS RELIABLE GOODS ONLY. All prices cut to the very finest margin. If you buy without seeing our Clothing you will throw good money away.

THE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE and Leading Clothiers,

LAHEY & McKENTY

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bannanas, finest in town at Davis restaurant.

Delicious Pineapples now in stock, at Davis' restaurant.

Oranges and Lemons, the best that can be procured at Davis' restaurant.

Choice French Cream Goods always on hand at Davis' restaurant.

The best of Bread, (Bakers or Home-made) and an endless variety of Cake can always be had at Davis' restaurant.

Cool summer drinks, including ginger ale on drought are now selling at Davis' restaurant.

First class lunches can be had at any hour at Davis' restaurant.

McCOLL BROS'.

Machine and Burning Oils!

THEIR CELEBRATED LARDINE

Has no rival as lubricator. Farmers, Threshers and Mill Men all agree that there is n OIL in the market to compare with it. Try it and be convinced.

Cylinder Oil, Bolt Cutting Oil, Wool Oil, Axle Greese, Harness Oil, etc., always in stock.

23896m McCOLL BROS., Toronto, Ont.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDA

Robinson & Co's COLUMN

THE GREAT

Dress Goods HOUSE.

Our new Dress Goods are coming to hand very rapidly. When complete our stock will be one of the finest in Central Ontario. Our efforts this year to place before you stylish, desirable Dress Goods at the very lowest prices eclipse all former efforts, most of the lines being imported direct. We not only save you the middleman's commission, but we sell you a class of goods which cannot be obtained elsewhere. See our new Dress Patterns. We have a full line of Black and Colored Cashmeres and Henriettas very cheap. The very newest things in Buttons, Gimps, Ornaments and Trimmings of every description to match all Goods. Our prices commence at 8 cents per yard. We can't tell you about one half, but will be pleased to show them to you whether you wish to buy or not.

Ladies' Jackets and Wraps.

We have some very desirabie Goods in Ladies' short Jackets for the early fall. The materials are new and stylish, and the fit perfect. Our stock of new Mantlings is very large, and the prices commence at 65 cents for double fold Goods.

IT LEADS THEM ALL.

Herrings's "Monarch" SULKY PLOW.

Manufactured by the Napanee Agricultural Works, Napanee.

For two or three horses, works in hard or clay soil better than any other Sulky Plow now in use in these counties.

It is Light of Draught will turn a

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2889ly Barristers, Napanee

F. X. BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF
TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.
18891mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 2389 6m

WANTED.

SALESMEN to sell choice Nursery stock Liberal pay weekly. Will pay salary, but can give something better to workers. No experience needed Write FRED E. YOUNG, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. **A PRESENT.** If you become my agent and sell $100, will give $2 for copy of this ad. Cut it out. 4089bm

WANTED SALESMEN to sell Nursery Stock. All Goods warranted FIRST-CLASS. Permanent, pleasant, profitable positions for the right men Good salaries and expenses paid weekly. Liberal inducements to beginners. No previous experience necessary. Outfit free. Write for terms, giving age. CHARLES. H. CHASE. Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this Paper.

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 9891y.

G. A. CATON, NEWBURGH, ONT.

—REPRESENTING—

Royal Insurance Company of England, Fire, and Life; Citizens' Insurance Company, Fire, Life and Accident; Quebec Fire Assurance Company and London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company. Agent for Lennox and Addington, Hastings and Prince Edward Counties. Rates on application 2089 1y

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

For sale.—Lots Nos. 1 and 2 on the east side of West street, in the town of Napanee.

There are on the premises a brick house with kitchen attached, a frame barn and wood house. There is also a good well on the premises. This property will be sold on easy terms. For further particulars apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors, Napanee
Napanee, Aug. 29, 1889. 4089bm

TO BUILDERS.

The undersigned begs to announce that he is

stylish, and the fit perfect. Our stock of new Mantlings is very large, and the prices commence at 65 cents for double fold Goods.

Millinery.

MISS SMITH is visiting the leading markets this week and making a selection of new goods. Encouraged by the increase in our trade in this department last year, we will show a much larger stock than usual this season. It will be to the interest of every lady to see our new stock when it arrives.

Silks and Satins.

In this department we show extraordinary value for the fall trade. We make no exceptions and are ready to prove our assertions, when we tell you that we can sell you cheaper Silks and Satins than any house in the trade.

Cottons. Cottons.

The great danger now is that in spite of the fact that we purchased a mammoth stock of Cottons, they may soon be sold out. We are selling an enormous quantity of Cottons, and when you see how cheap they are, you will not wonder at it. Our Cottons were bought when they were at their lowest point, and our customers get the benefit. No trouble to show them to you.

Flannels, Flannels,

Grey Flannels, Red Flannels, Navy Flannels, Canton Flannels, All Wool Flannels, Union Flannels. We have the cheapest Flannels in the market.

Boys' Clothing.

You can't afford to go any place else, when you can get such superior goods from us at the same price you pay others for a poor fitting and a poor wearing article, Just think of buying handsome Boys' Suits as low as $1.75 each. Mothers, bring your boys to us for Clothing.

Robinson&Co

Successors to Downey & Co.

It is Light of Draught will turn a uniform furrow, easy of management, working at any desired depth and retaining it in the hardest soil, and can be handled easily in striking out and finishing lands.

We have this fall been able to add some valuable improvements, and we now offer this Plow to the farming community as practically perfect, having stood the test of competition, and having proved itself incontestably the best Plow in the market, and one which will do a variety of work that will meet every case required.

OUR CELEBRATED 2-MOLD BOARD GANG PLOWS

have been further improved by the addition of a Coulter Share and third wheel for plowing sod. Farmers will find itto their advantage to purchase this Plow which has now the reputation of being the best Gang Plow in the market.

Shares for all Plows and repairs on hand.

The Napanee Ag'l Works,

JOHN HERRING.

Napanee, Aug. 29, 1889. Solicitors, Napanee 4089bm

TO BUILDERS.

The undersigned begs to announce that he is now prepared to furnish

Roach Lime and Choice Building Stone.

Extra good coursing stone at reasonable prices The Lime Kiln is now in operation. Orders left at Perry & Madole's hardware store will receive prompt attention.

2989om THOS. MEAGHAR, Roblin's Hill, near Napanee.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, CONVEYANCER, COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J., Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4388lv

N. A. CATON, INSURANCE AGENT.

Representing the following companies:

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,
Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application. 2189ly

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2789ly E. VANALSTINE,

Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors Toront

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sum $400 nd upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

A 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrowe I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory note of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

orrespondence solicite T. G. Davis
2089ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent

C. D. WARFMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Qn

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2289ly

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

RIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No. 41.

KINGSTON'S BIG SHOW.

Lennox and Addington Large Prize Winners.

"Well done Lennox," was the general expression of satisfaction when the results of the contests in the horse ring were known, and well might our enterprising horsemen feel proud of the splendid exhibition of horse flesh at Kingston. About fifty prizes, more than half of them red tickets, fell to the county of Lennox and Addington. The prize animals would make a fine parade. First in the procession comes that famous thoroughbred stallion, "War Cry," and his three sons, owned by R. H. Potter. Next in order comes the carriage stallions; headed by that fine young 3-year old imported Cleveland Bay, "Ingmanthorpe Lad," owned and imported by W. H. Hutchison, Napanee, winner of the red ticket and also of a diploma. Next comes a fine young stallion, owned by Mr. E. Davy, Bath. In the 2-year old stallion class. L. Lasher, of Bath, carries off the first prize. Then comes the brood mares and foals in the carriage class, W. E. Hayes, of Napanee, first, and L. H. Stover second. For 3-year old gelding or filly, R. H. Potter again swept the paddock with L. Lasher, 2nd.

Then comes the 2-year old gelding or filly, headed by that fine young Yorkshire Coach filly, "Victoria," owned and imported by W. H. Hutchison, 1st prize and diploma. A choice animal Mr. H. need not be afraid to show in the best company, while Mr. J. P. Lake with his beautiful Canadian bred bay filly had no difficulty in securing second. L. H. Stover captured the first for yearlings. W. E. Hayes the first for foals, and L. H. Stover, third. In carriage horses matched G. H. Williams, Napanee, got second on his pair of grey beauties, and Thos. Trimble captured first on single horse and W. J. Shibley second.

Next comes the non-standard bred stallions, the first and second prizes falling to R. Howard and J. W. Johnston, of Odessa, respectively, while the competition between the same horses with three of their get, resulted in E. W. Johnson getting the red ticket. In 2-year olds L. H. Stover got first.

Here comes the roadsters, so clear the track for I. P. Brown owns that pair with the red ticket, 15 hands and over, and W. E. Hayes that pair of flyers 15 hands and under, also carrying the red ticket, with E. W. Johnson 2nd. As the drivers are not apt to see common mortals just now, clear the track.

Single horse 15 hands, 3 and under, R. H. Potter third. Stallions 3 years, old W. H. Hutchison imported Yorkshire Coach horse, Prince of Orange, captured equal 2nd. Mr. A. Breckenridge got first prize for brood mare and foal in this class, while for 2-year olds, R. Brisco and G. Hawley captured second and third. For foals, A Breckenridge, 1st; S. Martin, 2nd; mare any age, Sidney Martin, diploma.

Agricultural horses—Stallions, R. J. Walker, 2nd; 3-year old stallion, R. Perry,

Loyal True Blues.

The deputy-district Grand Master of Lennox and Addington being desirous of extending the association to the villages of this district, desires to set before the young men, the designs, objects and benefits of the Loyal True Blue Association, which is misunderstood by many, and misrepresented by others, who do not know us.

The Loyal True Blue Association has been founded by persons desirous of supporting in entirety these ordinances, inculcating and promulgating the Protestant religion, maintaining the law and constitution of the country, affording assistance to members in sickness or distress, and otherwise promoting such laudable and benevolent purposes as may tend to the due ordering of those christian virtues, viz., Charity and Love. Its members revere the memory of that immortal Prince, King William III, Prince of Orange, not only as a Patriot, a Constitutional Monarch and a Hero, but as a true Christian, and hope with tenacity and perspicuity to emulate his virtues by maintaining freedom without malignity; religion without persecution or trending on the rights of any. The society is constituted on the broadest principles of national freedom, it disdains the lodge of faction, disclaimes an intolerant spirit, demands an indispensable qualification that the candidate shall be deemed incapable of persecuting anyone on account of their religious opinions. The duty of every True Blue being to aid and defend all loyal subjects of every religious persuasion in the enjoyment of their constitutional rights and privileges.

The association is extending very rapidly and during the past year has doubled its membership, and nearly every lodge has adopted a benefit scheme equal to any benefit society. No Surrender lodge Napanee has adopted the same, and looks for a big increase of members. Any person desirous of aiding to establish lodges and wants any information can obtain the desired information by corresponding with the undersigned who will be most happy to answer them.

MILES S. PLUMLEY.
D. D. G. M. of
Lennox and Addington.
P. O. box 114. Napanee Ont. adv.

Marlbank.

R. B. Allen is in town this week with a consignment of honey and will wait on his customers on Saturday. The honey from the North is very fine and light in color this year. The Methodist Harvest Dinner announced for the 4th September at Marlbank was a grand success. Rev. Sanderson from Londsdale and Rev. Curtis, Canifton, each gave grand speeches. The dinner was of the best, and the choir rendered several fine quartette solos. The programme was brought to a close by singing God Save the Queen, R. B. Allen at the organ, proceeds over $60.

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bananas, finest in town at Davis

ANTWERP'S GREAT FIRE.

It was an Awful Calamity.—160 Dead and 550 Wounded.

ANTWERP, Sept. 7.—The fire is still raging, all efforts of the firemen, assisted by the millitary and populace, to quell it having so far proved unavailing. The docks and shipping are untouched by the flames, as the direction of the wind has been towards the town continuously.

It is estimated that the number of deaths by yesterday's disaster will not exceed 150. Two hundred and fifty persons were seriously and 300 slightly injured. The firemen and troops worked through the entire night on hourly shifts. Many of them succumbed to the heat and smoke, and had to be conveyed to hospitals insensible, on stretchers. All the workers have blackened faces, and bear evidences of the sickening effects of the dense smoke which clogged their efforts. Work is now entirely confined to keeping the fire from spreading beyond the sheds and factories within the dry dock.

Six million litres of petroleum are in flames. The oil, it is expected, will continue to burn at least until Monday.

A TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

At the moment of the explosion many of the workingmen jumped into the Scheldt in their fright and were drowned. A number of sailors and customs officers were killed on board ships by the flying bullets, and ships were riddled by the missiles. It is estimated that 2,000 tons of cartridges exploded. The noise was heard thirty miles away. The smoke which filled the air was greater in volume than that of a great battle. Human heads and other parts of bodies were found half a mile away from the scene of the disaster. One hundred and thirty whole bodies lie in the morgues, and charred heaps of human fragments represent an unknown number of dead.

The first officer of the Red Star steamer Zealand was terribly wounded on board his ship.

The populace watched the flames all night. The noise of the exploding barrels of oil and the falling of ruins exactly resembled the sounds of a battle. Those who have been deprived of their homes by the fire are encamped upon the river banks.

THE WATER WORKS DESTROYED.

The water works, which cost £80,000, are three parts destroyed.

A judicial enquiry has been ordered into the origin of the explosion.

The Minister of the Interior has visited the scene of the explosion. The King and Queen have telegraphed, expressing sympathy with the sufferers. Subscriptions have been opened for the relief of those rendered destitute by the disaster.

NOT ONE EMPLOYEE LEFT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—The Herald's Antwerp special says that immediately after the explosion yesterday it seemed as though a rain of glass was falling over the surrounding country. There is not a whole

for brood mare and foal in this class, while for 2-year olds, R. Brisco and G. Hawley captured second and third. For foals, A Breckenridge, 1st; S. Martin, 2nd; mare any age, Sidney Martin, diploma.

Agricultural horses—Stallions, R. J. Walker, 2nd; 3-year old stallion, R. Perry, 1st; any age, R. Perry, diploma; mare and foal, S. Martin, 1st; gelding or filly, 2 years old, S. Martin, 1st; gelding or filly, 1 year old, S. Martin 1st; gelding or filly foal, S. Martin, 1st; mare any age, S. Martin, diploma.

Here comes the solid lads—Heavy draught imported stallions, 3 years old, W. H. Hutchison's imported shire stallion, Melton IV, 1st prize. Next comes S. Martin's "Clan Grant," with three of his sons, also a winner of first. Then closing up the procession as he heads it, with that famous Canadian bred heavy draught stallion, "Victor Bell," and three of his sons.

In Durham cattle, C. W. Neville, B. H. Frink, W. J. Shibley, secured a number of prizes. In Cotswold sheep C. W. Neville distanced all competitors, while in Leicester L. H. Stover made it interesting and got two out of the three prizes. In large breed pigs, C. W. Neville captured the first prizes. All these prize animals will compete for honors at the Lennox Agricultural show to be held in Napanee October 8th and 9th, and as the competition will be much keener than at Kingston, every one should see this show.

Another interesting feature of the exhibition will be the Baby show. The special prize offered by the President should bring out a crowd on Tuesday evening. All the fairs this fall have been successful. Don't let it be said that Lennox is not up to her former record.

The Boat Race.

SEARLE THE AUSTRALIAN VICTORIOUS.

On Monday last took place the greatest race of modern times, over the historic course from Putney to Mortlake on the Thames, England. Fifty thousand people witnessed the contest for the championship of the world. The first part of the course, from Putney to Hammersmith bridge was covered in the remarkable time, eight minutes and thirty-eight seconds, being four seconds better than any previous record. The terrific pace up to this point brought out the staying powers of the Australian champion. Both men knew that this part of the race was the crucial test, which would decide the event, and nobly they strained every nerve. At Hammersmith bridge the Australian led by a length and a half, and virtually had the race in hand, nevertheless O'Connor like a true Canadian, fought the battle out to the bitter end, and, although defeated in the second best time ever made over this course, twenty-two minutes and forty-two seconds, he has the satisfaction of knowing he did his best, but was defeated by a better man and a Briton.

Hymeneal.

On Monday last Miss Mary A. Cornell, only sister of Mr. C. A. Cornell, of the Brisco House, surprised her friends by quietly getting married. The life partner she has chosen is Mr. A. M. Parker, a most estimable gentleman from Rochester, N. Y. The ceremony was performed in the Brisco House by Venerable Archdeacon T. Bedford-Jones, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and Mr. and Mrs. Parker left for Uncle Sam's domains by the afternoon express. A number of fog signals were placed on the track and as the express moved out a number of sharp reports testified that the happy couple were getting a good send off. We wish Mr. and Mrs. Parker a joyous trip through life.

programme was brought to a close by singing God Save the Queen, R. B. Allen at the organ, proceeds over $60.

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bananas, finest in town at Davis restaurant.

Delicious Pineapples now in stock, at Davis' restaurant.

Oranges and Lemons, the best that can be procured at Davis' restaurant.

Choice French Cream Goods always on hand at Davis' restaurant.

The best of Bread, (Bakers or Homemade) and an endless variety of Cake can always be had at Davis' restaurant.

Cool summer drinks, including ginger le on drought are now selling at Davis' estaurant.

First class lunches may be had at any hour at Davis' restaurant.

The Manitoba wheat crop has been harvested in excellent condition, and it is said it will all grade No. 1 hard. Such specimens as have reached the market are certainly very good. At the present time there are 20 elevators in course of construction in Manitoba alone, several of capacity of from 40,000 to 60,000 bushels. There is a general feeling of satisfaction and confidence among farmers and business men all over the country on account of the large yield and excellent quality of this season's grain. The weather is fine and cool.

Tuesday morning Lady Cartwright, wife of Sir Richard Cartwright, and two other ladies had a lively ride down the Barriefield hill in Mrs. Cartwright's carriage, drawn by a team of spirited bays. When about half way down the descent one of the reins snapped, and the coachman, of course, lost control of his horses. They galloped away at a rattling pace and the driver crawled over the dashboard on the tongue, in order to check the animals. In this he was not successful, and the horses dashed off the main road over the boardwalk and upon the common. They cut a circle, and after grazing a telegraph pole returned to the main road again. Three times they made this trip, going around in a circle. The ladies were terribly frightened, and had great difficulty in remaining in the carriage. The driver was in jeopardy. He lay coolly on the tongue between the horses holding on to the stick for all he was worth. At last the suspense was relieved by an artilleryman catching the horses by their heads. They and the carriage escaped uninjured. The ladies had a fortuntte escape.

THIS AND THAT.

A sure cure for drowsiness—a crying baby.

Might does not always make right; but it seldom gets left.—Puck.

Most prudes are simply superannuated coquettes—flirts gone to seed, as it were.

Ansonia, Conn., has a two-year-old boy who cries for cigars, and smokes them when they are given to him.

Lover, ardently—"I love the very ground you tread on." Heiress—"I thought it was the farm you were after."

Fledgling—"Oh, my dear, I can feel your heart beating for me." Miss Rapidde—"Nonsense. That's my watch."—Town Topics.

The boy who was bent on eating the green watermelon was in the same condition about half an hour after he had done so.—Terre Haute Express.

Col. North, who began life in England as a humble laborer, is now the nitrate king, and pays Chili $1,725,000 per year export duties on nitrates produced by one of his works in that country.

NOT ONE EMPLOYEE LEFT.

New York, Sept. 7.—The Herald's Antwerp special says that immediately after the explosion yesterday it seemed as though a rain of glass was falling over the surrounding country. There is not a whole window in Antwerp. The catastrophe took place in a powder magazine belonging to M. Corvilian, a merchant, who had recently purchased 40,000,000 old cartridges, intending to sell the powder. His work people, over 100 in number, more than half of them being women, were occupied in the task of opening these cartridges when the explosion took place. To what it was due there is very little hope of discovering, for not one of M. Corvilian's employes has as yet been found alive. In fact, not a single corpse has been found intact. It was not only in the Corvilian factory that lives were lost; a large number of persons were also more or less severely wounded by pieces of glass, and the roofs of several houses falling in. For a great distance all around the ground was strewn with cartridges and debris of all kinds. A few minutes after the explosion a vast sheet of flame leaped up into the sky and it was seen that a patroleum warehouse not far from the powder magazine was on fire.

THE FLAMES VISIBLE AT BRUSSELS.

Even in broad daylight the blaze of 40,000 barrels of petroleum was visible at a distance of thirty miles at Brussels. Then the Maison Hydraulique of Antwerp, which furnishes the motive power for all the cranes and other machines of the port, suddenly gave way and became a heap of ruins. Everywhere in the streets are wounded persons, and at frequent intervals one comes across parts of the human frame such as legs and arms. The spectacle is terrible, and there is nothing in recent history that can be compared to it save the scenes which Paris presented during the last days of the Commune, and the great fire in Chicago. The fire has spread in all directions in the city. Warehouses, in which from 20,000 to 25,000 barrels of petroleum are stored, are on fire, as are many of the vessels in the docks. The Scheldt resembles a river of fire.

A HIOLE TIME.

A Sailor's Reminiscences of the St. Lawrence River.

The following letter, written by a sailor to his former captain, is nailed to the wall in the office of A. T. Heney, New York, the ship broker. It is a masterpiece of its kind, and between the lines can be seen the vicissitudes in the life of an able seaman:

on the Bark firefly.

honord sur Kornel Nox i send you by this male a fu sheets of riting which belongs to you its no use to me & i hav Been a long ways sense i seen you i shipped to Halifax & there had a hiole time going to Bristol england & then I came to Liverpool & now I am in a Bark with a general cargo & full of rats & the captain fulernages awl the time and sweare most awful the Feed is no good & i am sik of havin my sistem jamd ful of Beens awl the time. wish i had sum of the grub we had on the Saint Lawrence will you ever forgit the blooberry py honerd sur wich it was in the tole of the cote you give me in behine the lini g ripped it yesterday i found the papers the are sum you was going to put in a B i thot i rite this to you with my respec & the captain will put your address o & male it fur me at Naples wher e e going. No more at present yours obe ent respectfully,

JOHN HADDOCK, able seamen.

Pla [illegible] of a trip we had on the Cha [illegible] if ever you cruise again i wou [illegible] k for you i never will forg[illegible]

A STRANGE LEGACY

CHAPTER I.—MR. DOTTLESON IS PUZZLED.

Mr. Montague Dottleson, East India merchant of Calcutta and London, was writing letters in the library of his private residence in Blakewood Square, Kensington. It was Sunday afternoon, and the rain was coming down with steady persistency, as though it had made up its mind to keep Londoners indoors for the rest of the day. Mr. Dottleson, who was a methodical man in everything, made a regular practice of going for a long walk every Sunday after lunch; and when the weather presumed to interfere with this arrangement the effect upon his temper was infelicitous. Accordingly, it is our misfortune to present him to the reader at a moment when he is decidedly snappish and surly.

"Very aggravating," said he, throwing down his pen and going to the window; "no chance of its clearing up either. How I detest a wet Sunday!"

He picked up a book, and made himself comfortable in an armchair; but he had hardly read a page when the door opened and his daughter Kate appeared. She was a fair, pretty girl of twenty, whose gentleness and tact saved her from coming in collision with her irascible parent at times when other members of the household shrank from the consequences of intruding upon his privacy.

"Well, what's the matter?" asked Mr. Dottleson curtly.

"Grandmamma isn't feeling very well this afternoon, papa."

Kate had not completed her errand, but knew from her father's manner that she had come in at a time when it was best to say as little as possible; when he was in this humour, he was certain to jump at any opportunity for grumbling, and would finish her message for her.

"She wants that doctor, I suppose?" snarled Mr. Dottleson.

"Perhaps we had better send for him.'

Mr. Dottleson threw down his book and frowned savagely. "Isn't it a very singular thing, Kate, that your maternal grandmother should select this impecunious young prig Lakeworth to be her medical attendant, when there are half-a-dozen experienced practitioners living within a stone's-throw of the square? Isn't it very curious that Mrs. Lamshed never knew what illness was or asked to see a doctor until she met this Dr. Lakeworth at Scarborough last summer? Her confidence in him is positively touching, and passes my comprehension altogether."

It was evidently a mystery to Kate also, for she shook her head slowly and looked out of the window. It was a fad of her grandmother's to have Dr. Lakeworth; and when a patient has reached the eighties, perhaps one physician can do little more than another.

"I don't know why she likes him, papa."

"I suppose you must send for him; but I don't imagine he will thank Mrs. Lamshed for bringing him through a mile of back streets on a day like this, just to tell her that her heart is much the same as it was the day before yesterday."

Kate left the room without making any reply, and her father walked over to the hearthrug and proceeded to address the figure he saw reflected in the mirror above the mantel piece. Many people have a habit of "talking to themselves," and Mr. Dottleson cultivated it to a remarkable extent; it was his peculiarity, though, that he could not take himself properly into confidence unless he saw himself in the glass. He stood with his left hand thrust into his

"It's the heart," replied Mrs. Lamshed with a deep sigh, which did not seem quite genuine somehow.

Mr. Dottleson had never thought of his mother-in-law's favourite in connection with his daughter. He was essentially a grasping, mercenary man, and the fear always before his eyes was, that Mrs. Lamshed might alter her will and bequeath her property to this doctor. He had heard of ladies who had cut off their rightful heirs in favour of their medical attendants, and Mrs. Lamshed was eccentric enough for anything. If any one had told him that Kate was the attraction, he would have laughed at the idea. She had nothing, and would have nothing but what he chose to give her; and it was not likely that a man who had to push his way in the world would encumber himself with a wife. Dr Lakeworth was dancing attendance on the old lady in the hope of getting her money, and really she seemed so fond of him that the danger was making him very uneasy.

He got up and opened the door slightly, that he might hear the doctor's arrival, and also ascertain whether Kate stayed in the room during Mrs Lamshed's interview with the young man. Dr Lakeworth went straight up-stairs when he came, and remained with the two ladies for fully an hour and a quarter, whilst Mr. Dottleson sat fuming and fidgeting in the library below.

"Much value the fellow's time must be," he sneered, looking at his watch, when the door upstairs opened, and Mrs. Lamshed's shrill cracked voice arose, cautioning the doctor not to forget that he had promised to come and see her on Tuesday.

"I'll waylay him as he goes out, and find out, once for all, whether there's any actual necessity for these incessant visits."

"Good-afternoon, Mr. Lakeworth," he said, meeting the doctor in the hall. "Just come this way for a moment, if you please." He led the way into the library, motioning the young man to follow him with the pompous air which had gained him the sobriquet of "Majestic Monty", among his many friends.

"I wished to ask you whether there is any cause for anxiety regarding Mrs. Lamshed's health," he said when Charles Lakeworth was seated.

"Mrs. Lamshed is under the impression that she is suffering from some internal malady; but I am unable to detect anything amiss. Of course any organic complaint would be serious to one of her advanced age; but I have no reason to suppose there is the least cause for anxiety."

Perhaps the confident tone of Dr. Lakeworth's reply irritated his questioner; for Mr. Dottleson put on his most majestic air, and fixing his *pincenez* on his somewhat rubicund nose, he elevated that feature until he could bring his dull fish-like eyes to bear upon his companion. "Is that your opinion?' he asked with light stress on the possessive pronoun.

"That's my opinion," responded the doctor quietly.

"Then there's no actual necessity for your rather frequent professional visits?"

"I can do nothing for Mrs Lamshed but allay fears about herself. They are groundless; but a lady of her years is naturally prone to make much of any little feeling of indisposition."

Mr. Dottleson lay back in his chair considering what he had better say next. If he made any attempt to discourage Dr. Lakeworth's calls, it would infallibly come to his mother-in-law's ears, and her resentment might produce results very detrimental to cautious in making his investigations; that remark about the possibility of making a codicil had gone home, for he knew it had not been spoken idly. The will as it stood was in his own favour. Mrs. Lamshed had bluntly observed when she made it, that Kate was only six years old, and there was no knowing what she might grow like; so her money should be left to one who would at least take care of it—namely, Montague Dottleson. She had a higher opinion of her son-in-law at that time than she had now; but he had always been kind and attentive since she went to live with him, and she had seen no reason, so far, to alter her designs.

"What can the man be after, if it isn't the money?" queried Mr. Dottleson on the hearthrug of Mr. Dottleson in the mirror. "He can't be so much attracted by Kate. She's a pretty girl and a good girl; but she's got nothing. Then again, her grandmother was always of a saving turn of mind, and she wouldn't encourage him to pay expensive visits if she had no object in view. It's absurd to suppose that she pays him to come here for nothing. If he admired Kate, he'd come without being sent for, and her grandmother can't fail to know that."

His mental vision had been so dimmed by the atmosphere of money in which his life had been passed, that he did not understand the possibility of man or woman being guided by any other motive. Love was a misty unreality outside the pale of his reasoning powers, and therefore did not enter into his speculations at all. His affection for Kate took the characteristic shape of finding a wealthy husband for her; she might choose for herself, as she had a right to; but measuring her heart by the size of his own, it never struck him that her choice might fall upon a man whom he would reject as ineligible.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

What a Woman Can Do.

A student of the sex exalts woman and covers man with contempt thus:—

She can come to a conclusion without the slightest trouble of reasoning on it, and no sane man can do that.

Six of them can talk at once and get along first rate, and no two men can do that.

She can safely stick fifty pins in her dress while he is getting one under his thumb nail.

She is cool as a cucumber in half a dozen tight dresses and skirts, while a man will sweat and fume and growl in one loose shirt.

She can talk as sweet as peaches and cream to the woman she hates, while two men would be punching each other's head before they had exchanged ten words.

She can throw a stone with a curve that would be a fortune to a baseball pitcher.

She can say "no" in such a low voice that it means "yes."

She can sharpen a lead pencil if you give her plenty of time and plenty of pencils.

She can dance all night in a pair of shoes two sizes two small for her and enjoy every minute of the time.

She can appreciate a kiss from her husband 75 years after the marriage ceremony is performed.

She can go to church and afterward tell you what every woman in the congregation had on, and, in some rare instances, can give you some faint idea of what the text was.

She can walk half the night with a colicky baby in her arms without once expressing the desire of murdering the infant.

She can—but what's the use? A woman can do anything or everything, and do it well.

She can do more in a minute than a man can do in an hour, and do it better.

it of "talking to themselves," and Mr. Dottleson cultivated it to a remarkable extent; it was his peculiarity, though, that he could not take himself properly into confidence unless he saw himself in the glass. He stood with his left hand thrust into his waistcoat pocket, emphasising the remarks he made half aloud with his right forefinger.

"Now, will you have the goodness to tell my what my mother in-law wants with this young medico? He's got no practice to speak of; he's got nothing any one can see to recommend him, and he lives most inconveniently far away. Ever since she met him last year, she has required medical advice and no advice but his will do. When she thinks she's seedy, he's called in to earn a fee; and when she's well, he's called in to receive it. He's never out of the house. I wonder he doesn't take lodgings next door, to be close to the gold mine.—I tell you candidly," continued Mr. Dottleson, suddenly withdrawing his hand from his pocket and tapping the palm impressively with his finger-tips—"I tell you candidly that if I didn't know the old lady would alter her will without compunction, I'd forbid Dr Charles Lakeworth the house. —Why, bless my heart! if Mrs Lamshed lives ten years longer, she'll spend every shilling of her twenty thousand in physic and fees."

This final prediction, although made by himself, so worked upon Mr Dottleson that he swung round upon his heel and stamped on the floor.

Mrs. Lamshed, who was the mother of his departed wife, was eighty-one years of age, and in spite of her frequent calls for the doctor, gave every promise of maintaining her interest in mundane affairs for ten or even twenty years longer. "I'm an old woman," she was wont to say; "but I was an old woman when I was forty, and I haven't grown a day older since—not a day."

And indeed Mrs Lamshed seemed almost as active and sprightly now as she had been half a century ago. Fourteen years before, the middle aged, dust-dried lawyer who looked after her concerns had come to urge the desirability of making her will.

"Make my will! cried she. "I'll make it, if you're afraid you won't live to do it, Smuggles; but I hadn't begun to thing about it yet! Why should I?" However, the solicitor's arguments prevailed, and the thing was done, "to oblige her old friend, who had always taken good care of her affairs, and was in a hurry to finish them." And though the fact has no bearing upon this story, we may mention that the engrossing of Mrs. Lamshed's will was the last bit of professional work the careworn Smuggles ever did for his client. He was twenty years her junior; but he passed from Lincoln's Inn to another place long before she began to use spectacles. The spring of vitality was strong in Mrs. Lamshed.

Mr. Dottleson turned away from the mirror to which he had been confiding his woes, and went up-stairs to see his mother-in-law, whom he found in the drawing-room with Kate.

"I'm sorry to hear you're not well," he said, going to her side.

The old lady looked up and smiled. "I'm getting very feeble, Montague, though I don't look it. I am not quite up to the mark, and thought I'd like to see Lakeworth."

"They sent for him half an hour ago. But don't you think, now, that a more experienced man should be called in?"

"Lakeworth will do nicely, Montague; he understands my constitution."

When an old lady is convinced that one particular man "understands her constitution," no reasoning will move her. Mr. Dottleson knew this, and did not press the expediency of making a change.

"What do you think is wrong, this time?" he said, sitting down near her.

of indisposition."

Mr. Dottleson lay back in his chair considering what he had better say next. If he made any attempt to discourage Dr. Lakeworth's calls, it would infallibly come to his mother-in-law's ears, and her resentment might produce results very detrimental to himself. It would not do to attack the position from this side, when he had only his suspicions to work upon; it would be less risky to go to the root of the matter with Mrs. Lamshed. He rose and extended his hand. "I'll say good-evening, then, Mr. Lakeworth: you have relieved my mind very much regarding your patient."

Charles Lakeworth left the house, and Mr Dottleson went in search of his mother-in-law. He meant to lose no time in putting her on her guard against this insidious enemy; but he knew that he would have to approach the subject very carefully.

"I am very pleased to learn from Dr. Lakeworth that your fears about yourself are unfounded,' he said cheerfully.

"Oh yes; he thinks I'm all right,' replied Mrs. Lamshed. "I've great confidence in Lakeworth."

"I'm afraid he takes advantage of it to drain your purse pretty heavily in fees."

"He wants 'em," replied the old lady dryly. "Poor fellow! he finds it hard to make both ends meet. But he'll make his way; I'm going to help him."

It was bad enough to hear that this hanger-on was sent for more to benefit himself than the patient; but Mrs. Lamshed's last words made Mr. Dottleson turn red with anger. "Help," in his vocabulary, was synonymous with money, and here was his mother-in-law coolly telling him, her heir, that she was going to give help to an utter stranger who had no claim upon her whatever. It was quite time that he did speak to her, so he cleared his throat and began without more ado: "You know that of late it has often occurred to me that Dr. Lakeworth's attention to you is not so disinterested as it should be. I may be wrong, but I cannot get over the idea that he has some ulterior design upon us."

Mrs. Lamshed put on her spectacles and stared at her son-in-law. "Do you suppose I'm a fool, Montague Dottleson?"

"My dear madam, you misapprehend my meaning," said Mr. Dottleson with anxious suavity; "but really I have known such frequent cases in which kind-hearted ladies have been led away by their gratitude towards scheming physicians. I never for an instant imagined that Dr. Lakeworth or any one else would be able to bend your sturdy sense of what is right and just so as to serve his own interests; but he comes so frequently, he stays so long, and he——"

"And you think Lakeworth expects my money when I've done with it, and comes here to keep my friendship for him alive?"

"I am bound to confess that this had crossed my mind."

The old lady leaned over, and tapped her son-in-law gently on the knuckles with her spectacle case as she replied: "You are the fool, Montague Dottleson. You're as blind as a mole. If you hadn't betrayed these unworthy suspicions about an honourable man, I might have opened your eyes for you; but since you have such an undeservedly bad opinion of him, I shall leave you to grope your own way to daylight. I've made my will, Montague, and you know what it says; but there's plenty of time to add a codicil to it, you know—plenty of time."

Mr. Dottleson saw that he had made a grave mistake in mentioning his distrust; but he could not repair it now, and beat a hasty retreat. Mrs Lamshed had hinted broadly that there was something going on which he was too blind to see, and which she was going to let him find out for himself. Whatever it might be, he would be very

baby in her arms without once expressing the desire of murdering the infant.

She can—but what's the use? A woman can do anything or everything, and do it well.

She can do more in a minute than a man can do in an hour, and do it better.

She can drive a man crazy for 24 hours, and then bring him to paradise in two seconds by simply tickling him under the chin, and there does not live that mortal son of Adam's misery who can do it.

Salaries for Wives.

It is the opinion of the Supreme Court of Iowa that any contract a man makes with his wife can be broken by him with impunity. Mr. Miller and his wife entered into a formal contract to this effect: "That Mrs Miller shall keep her home and family in a comfortable and reasonably good condition, and Mr. Miller shall provide for the necessary expenses of the family, and shall in addition thereto pay Mrs. Miller for her individual use $200 per year, payable $16 66⅔ per month so long as Mrs. Miller shall faithfully observe the terms and conditions of this agreement." Miller failed to keep his part of the compact. Mrs. Miller kept her home and family in a comfortable and reasonably good condition, but the $16.66⅔ a month was not forthcoming. Miller simply refused to give her any pin money. Mrs Miller invoked the law to hold him to his contract The court has decided against Mrs. Miller. It holds that the agreement cannot be enforced for the reason that it is against public policy, and therefore void; that it was her business as a wife to do what she agreed to do without any compensation!; that it strikes at the very foundation of domestic life and happiness when the courts recognize a contract of this character between husband and wife. In short, that a woman must make home comfortable and happy and be satisfied with whatever the husband choose to give her. This may seem pretty hard on wives, but for the most part wives manage to get a fair share of the income without any contract or trouble.

A Preference for British Justice.

One of the great virtues of English practice is that executions follow hard upon trial and conviction. In this country years sometimes elapse before a murderer pays the penalty of the crime, and in the meantime he is given every possible opportunity to escape by legal means. To-day there are four condemned murderers in Moyamensing prison, whose dates of execution have not been fixed. All of their crimes were committed long before that of Mrs. Maybrick; one of them has been in prison nearly two years. The English practice is much superior to our own in the matter of prompt punishment, and it does not appear that providing for delays and appeals will improve it.—[Philadelphia Ledger.

Why He Became a Bachelor.

A young lawyer, who had been instructed that when a witness declared that he was this or that, it was essential that he should be made to tell when and for what reason he became so, thus utilized his instruction when trying his first case with a witness that he had under cross-examination:

"Are you a married man?" he asked.

"No, sir," I am a bachelor," was the answer.

"Then, sir," said the young lawyer, in a stern tone, "will you please tell this court how long you have been a bachelor and what were the circumstances that induced you to become one?"

Things always seem fairer when we look back at them.—[Lowell.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Prince Albert Victor Going to India.—The Maybrick Excitement Subsiding.—The Great Strike.

Prince Albert Victor is going to India on a tiger-hunting expedition. As it is his first outing alone he is said to be very enthusiastic and eager. He is also very keen to try his hand on big game and to emulate the example of his father, who proved himself a nervy hunter and good shot in India years ago. Thus far in his young career Albert Victor has never had an opportunity to bring down anything larger than a stag. Preparations are already being made to secure a sufficient supply of big game, and the best tiger preserves are to be left unmolested until the arrival of the royal hunter.

Already a rather amusing circumstance has arisen out of Albert Victor's proposed expedition. Lady Reay, wife of the Governor of one of the most important Indian provinces, being in London, and hearing of his youthful highness's prospective visit to her home, took time by the forelock and ordered a lot of cards at a fashionable stationer's, engraved "to have the honor of meeting H R. H. Prince Albert Victor." The stationer was careless enough, or foolish enough, to put one of these cards in his window. The newspapers published the circumstance, and now everybody is laughing at the Lady Reay, and wondering what she will do with the cards if the Prince should give up his visit or decline her invitations.

The Maybrick excitement has subsided entirely. The unhappy woman has been removed from jail at Liverpool and taken to Woking prison, where she was at once admitted to the hospital. Her physicians say she cannot live long, and her friends believe that her invalid condition will soon insure her pardon.

The resources of British Columbia are soon to be made manifest to London capitalists. Frederick Villiers, the war artist of the *Graphic*, will join the Governor-General of Canada on his tour through the British possessions in America.

The situation in regard to the strike has become very serious, all trades are paralyzed and prices of all necessaries from coal to coffee have been forced up. Covent Garden and other large markets are almost empty. Steamers filled with fruit, flour and vegetables block the Thames. All the produce is rotting in the holds. The supply in the shops is very small and many restaurants find it impossible to feed their patrons. The river from London to Gravesend is crowded with craft which cannot be unloaded.

Scores of vessels have sailed away to other ports in the hope of being able to unload there, but the strikers say that if the dock companies hold out much longer the strike will be extended to all the principal seaports in Great Britain.

Eyelids That Have Strange Power.

I saw two women jugglers at Jeppore They were bright, intelligent-looking girls, one of whom appeared almost old enough to be the mother of the other, says a well known writer in the New York Mail and Express, They did many wonderful things, one of which was mixing up sand in water, and then putting the hand into the discoloured fluid they brought a handful of sand which they filtered through their fingers as dry as before it went in. The youngest of these girls was perhaps 15. She had bracelets on arms

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Will make her regular trips on this route, leaving Cobourg every morning at 7:30, and Port Hope at 9:50 o'clock, on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway trains from the east and west; connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Central and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railway for all points east, west and south.

RETURNING.—Will leave Charlotte (Port of Rochester), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12 o'clock p. m., Tuesdays at 9 o'clock p. m., Thursdays at 11 o'clock p. m., and Saturdays for Port Hope direct at 4 p. m.

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SEASON OF 1889.

Until further notice the

Steamer Reindeer

Will leave Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places.

Leave Picton 8 a. m. for Napanee.

Returning will leave Napanee at 2 p. m. to connect with Steamer Varuna at Deseronto for Belleville and Trenton.

Leave Deseronto 2 45 p. m.; Picton 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.

L. M. COLLIER,
9 dm Captain.

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Mutual Fire Insurance COMPANY

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

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Napanee, Feb. 14th, 1887. 1yr

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

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NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect ct.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58

which was mixing up sand in water, and then putting the hand into the discoloured fluid they brought a handful of sand which they filtered through their fingers as dry as before it went in. The youngest of these girls was perhaps 15. She had bracelets on arms and on feet, and her eyes were as beautiful as those of a gazelle. One of her tricks was the lifting of a heavy chair by the eyelids, the thought of which almost makes my eyes sore. The chair was a heavy mahogany one which belonged to the room in which I was staying. She tied two strong strings to the top of this, and affixed the ends of these strings to her eyes by little round metal cups each about the size of a nickle. These fitted over the eyeballs and under the lids, and she bent over while they were so fastened. Raising herself she pulled the chair with these strings with the muscles of her eyelids, and carried it from one side of the room to the other. It was a horrible sight, and as she took the metal cups from her eyes they filled with water, and she almost sank to the floor. I told her the trick was disgusting, and that she ought never to try it again. Still, for this and the rest of the show, these girls were well satisfied with two rupees, or about 70 cents.

Trying to Scare The Smashers.

Hotel porters and baggage smashers on railways and steamboats, will do well to beware of trunks with loaded revolvers in them. As it is not always possible to tell whether the deadly revolver lurks in the comparatively harmless trunk or valise, the handlers of baggage in future will find it profitable to deal gently with passengers effects, else they may share the fate of Bill Kelly, the rough and ready porter of the Hotel Lafyette, Lake Minnetonka. With his usual activity, the other day he gave a guest's trunk the grand pitch. It came down heavily, of course, but alas for Bill, a loaded revolver inside exploded, and the bullet landed him dead in the hallway. A new terror is now added to the energetic life of the porter.—[Quebec Chronicle.

A New Industry.

The fellowing is copied from the London Post of August 4:

"To Parents—Unruly girls and boys of any age visited and punished at their homes by a thorough disciplinarian accustomed to administer corporal punishment; all bad habits cured by one or two attendances; fee 5s. for two visits. Address 'Birch,' Box 253, Willing's Advertising Offices, 125 Strand, W. C."

A Logical Illustration.

A layman in Providence who occasionally exhorted at evening meetings thus recently expressed his belief in the existence of Deity: "Brethren, I am just as confident that there is a Supreme Being as I am that there is flour in New York, and that I know for certain, as I yesterday received from there a lot of three hundred barrels fresh, superfine, which I will sell as low as any other person in town."

He Had Some Grounds.

Wibble—"Of all the nervy men I think young Wagwell takes the cake."

Wibble—"What's the matter with Wagwell?"

Wibble—"He proposed to a deaf and dumb girl some time ago, and now he is suing for breach of promise on the ground that silence gives consent."

The Binghamton Republican advises its readers to so live that their tombstone won't have to stand guard over their remains with a lie on its face.

hunting cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch and Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

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$93 Sewing-Machine FREE

To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. **In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who** may call at your home, and after 3 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for **$93,** with the attachments, and now sells for **$50.** Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. **TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.**

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A regular monthly, quarterly or half-yearly payment (a slight advance on the rental rate) buys the instrument.

Any piano may be chosen out of a magnificent assortment of Uprights, Squares, and Grands, unsurpassed in quality and value. Ministers, Teachers, Governme n Officers, and those in receipt of regular in comes will find this a convenient and advantageous mode for securing a first-class instrument. When the instrument is used for practice, our Soft Stop or Practice Pedal saves wear on the nerves, as well as preserves the tone of the piano. Our Patent Foot Pedal attachment for Pianos is invaluable to organists, students, and teachers. Prices on application. Inspection invited.

Octavius Newcombe & Co.

Warerooms—107 and 109 Church St., Toronto. Factory, the finest in its equipments and appliances in the city, 89 to 97 Bellwoods ave.

Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook*	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Enterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of the trains depends on connection with other ones, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

K. C. CARTER, Ass't Gen. Man. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. E. W. RATHBUN Gen. Man.

Deseronto Navigation

COMPANY (LIMITED)

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted):

Str. QUINTE, Capt. D.B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a m; Deseronto, 7,15; Northport, 7.50; Belleville, 10,00, arriving at Trenton 11 30 a m. Leave Trenton 1 p m; Belleville, 3; Northport, 4.20; Deseronto, 5,35, arrive at Picton 6 35 p m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a m; Deseronto, 7: arriving at Picton 8,30. Leave Picton 3 p m; Deseronto, 5; arrive at Napanee at 6 p m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9,30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a m. Leave Deseronto 1 p m, arriving in Picton at 2,20 p. m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS

by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

Strs. RESOLUTE, Capt. John Gown, and RELIANCE, Capt John Bartley. These fast and comodious steamers sail from Deseronto regularlm, weather permitting, for Oswego, connecting with trains for New York and other points. Fares moderate. Freight handled at lowest rates. See that your tickets read via Deseronto Junction.

These steamers are open for charter for excursions.

For further particulars as to tickets, fares, etc. apply to.

R. C. Carter.
General Manager, Deseronto

2439

A GHOSTLY MANIFESTATION.

Before I tell my story, it will be well for me to make it perfectly clear that it is a perfectly true one. As a lad, and as a young man, neither ghosts nor the idea of ghosts ever troubled me. I heard strange stories of them, told with all the vivid description which would tend to frighten sleep away—told, too, when the wind was howling outside, the rain pattering against the windows, and the only light visible that which found its way through the chinks in the shutters to the "pitch-dark" outside—told when everybody was ready for bed. But they never disturbed my slumbers. I could listen to any number of them at any time, and they never had any effect on me. In fact, I disbelieved them thoroughly, and though I could not doubt the veracity of the narrator I always regarded them as the outcome of a strong imagination, or the result of too heavy and too late dinners. A white tombstone in a churchyard did not frighten me on a very dark night, nor did the mysterious movements of a donkey which had broken into it cause me to start, as he moved in the darkness in and out among the graves, so that I was thoroughly unprepared for anything like a personal experience, and considered myself one of the last persons likely to be affected by anything like a ghostly manifestation.

But now to my story, which I shall tell simply as the affair took place, leaving it to the reader to draw his or her own conclusion.

And to make it quite intelligible I must explain the plan of the house where it happened. The house itself was a large one, built of brick, and was what is called a "flat;" that is, it had no regular up-stairs rooms, though over the ceiling there was a great deal of room under the roof; and the lower inside walls had been carried up to the roof to support it, a doorway being made to get from one part to the other. The walls were thick and the doors and windows were made of heavy hard wood. There was not a pane of glass in the house, and both doors and windows—except two doors, of which more presently—were fastened by unusually strong iron bolts. My wife and I—for my wife was with me and shared all my experiences—always entered the house by the big doorway leading into the large semicircular porch, where our palanquins were kept. Passing on we came to the passage. Going along this we came first of all to the door on our left hand, opening into the dining room. On our right, directly opposite this dining room door, was another door, at the foot of a circular staircase, in the thick wall leading up to the empty spaces under the roof. Straight in front of us was the door leading into the great central reception room which contained no furniture except an armoire, a table and a few chairs. There was a large front door to this room, but it was seldom open, and we rarely used it, our visitors coming mostly through the porch and passage. Going further on we came to our bed room, which contained only our bed, a traveling chest of drawers, which served as a dressing table, a washstand and one or two chairs. Leading out from this was another room which we did not use, simply because we did not need it.

And now I must call your attention to our bed-room door. It was made of wood, the lower half being panelled, but the upper half was fitted with framework to receive panes of glass, which had not yet been inserted. The door had neither lock nor bolt. There was only an iron ring, hanging loosely, by which the door could be pulled to. But it could not be closed, for at the bottom, close to the side on which the hinges worked, it caught against the sill,

"Please, sir, we are afraid to go!" he said in a trembling voice.

"Afraid, my boy!" I exclaimed in surprise; "afraid of what? There is nothing and nobody here to harm you; what are you afraid of?"

"They are afraid, sir!" chimed in the maid.

"Afraid of what?" I again demanded. "Have you seen any thieves about?"

"No, sir," she replied; "but they are afraid to go:" and that was all I could get out of her.

"Come along, boys! and don't be more children," I said to encourage them; "the light is ready for you, and the house will be safely fastened up as usual,"

"True, sir," said one of them, John by name; "but we are afraid. Last night——"

"What?" I inquired in wonder.

"Last night, sir," he went on to say, "there were fearful noises up-stairs where we sleep. We heard men fighting, and we trembled——"

"Nonsense!" I cried. "Cook, what did you give the boys for their supper last night?"

"Only beef and rice, sahib," he replied; "the same as they always have."

"And no more? nothing else?"

"No, Sahib."

"Then you boys were dreaming or heard the rats. I heard nothing and saw nothing. So, come along!"

I went into the house and they followed me. On reaching the door at the foot of the spiral staircase I gave them their lantern (not an open candle, for fear of fire) and one of them again exclaimed:

"We are afraid, sir! we can not sleep up there."

"Nonsense, boys!" I replied, firmly; "there is nothing there worse than yourselves! I am down below, and the maid sleeps in the dining room right under you; there is nothing to cause fear, so go along."

Without another word they took the lantern, and filed off up stairs. When the last had gone I carefully latched the door, saw the maid into her sleeping quarters under the dining-room table, examined all the bolts as usual and went off to bed.

I told my wife what had happened, and she put it down to nightmare on the boys' part. However, it passed out of our heads. We always kept a light burning in our room at night—a small hand paraffine lamp. This was kept on the chest of drawers against the wall opposite the foot of the bed. In course of time I turned it down very low, and got into bed, with my head as usual quite close to the door. It was a small room, rather, and the bed came a'most up to the frame of the door. Meantime, I had, of course, pulled the door to, as far as it would go, but could not actually close it, so it hung ajar at the place where it caught the sill. The framework for the glass we had covered with a curtain.

I was tired and glad to get some rest and sleep, more particularly as I was just recovering from a very sharp attack of a weakening illness. My wife very soon went off to sleep, soundly, and I quickly followed her. The house was perfectly quiet, and I was fast asleep, when!

"Scratch, scratch, scratch, scratch, rattle. rattle, bang, bang. rattle, rattle, bang, scratch!" and up I jumped, upright in bed, my wife jumping up at the same moment. In an instant all the blood in my body seemed to curdle, my face grew pale and cold, and we instantly asked each of the other in a whisper:

"What's that?"

Scratch, scratch, scratch, scratch, rattle, rattle, bang, bang, bang, rattle, scratch, scratch, scratch, at the door close to my head as if a thousand cats were scratching and tearing away furiously at one of the lower panels, and the vibration of the door caused

account for it. I must confess I felt hopelessly puzzled, and, without being alarmed, was certainly very uncomfortable. What was the noise? Who or what made it? The iron ring made that awful banging, but what caused the clattering sound and the furious scratching? So going into the dining-room I called to the maid by name, and said:

"Are you awake?"

"Yes, sir," was her reply; and she raised herself on her mattress and threw back the cloth in which she had enveloped her head.

"Why are you awake?" I inquired; "I too can't sleep. Have you heard the rats racing about?"

I shall not forget the look she gave me as I held the small lamp near her and its light lit up her dark face. But the eyes seemed to light up of themselves, and a look of disgusted weariness crept over her features.

"Rats!" she exclaimed. "That's not rats, and I am afraid. I heard them!"

"Heard what?" I asked. "If the sound did not come from frolicsome rats, what made it? There are no people in the house except ourselves, and the boys are up-stairs asleep."

"They are spirits!" she exclaimed, "I heard them, and a row they have been making. I have been listening to them—but I kept my head covered for fear. I heard them rushing with a kind of noiseless step to your door; then scratching and rattling it; then I heard them rush back to the door at the foot of the stairs and rattle, rattle away at the latch; then back to your room again, backward and forward, backward and forward. They *have* been making a row. They are spirits, and I wish they would rest, for I want to sleep!"

"So do I," I replied. Still her words rather staggered me. Yet account for these noises on any other hypothesis I could not. But spirits! and in my own house, and close to the head of my bed! Strange; but what was it? I was as wide awake as possible. Every faculty was in good working order, and now the utter disbelief of years gone by was to be rudely—and I thought it very rude of them so to intrude on my rest and peace of mind—shattered.

The maid threw her cloth over her head again and retired under the table; but her room, too, was innocent of any thing capable of being turned to account for causing the noise.

Again I returned to my room, but would not tell my wife what the maid said. Quite enough for me to have my own thoughts on the matter without disturbing her peace of mind.

"However," I thought to myself, "if I can put a stop to this I will. If I can only get this door over the bad place at the bottom, whoever or whatever they may be won't be able to make it shake again, and we shall be saved all the clatter. So with a great effort I lifted the door so as to bring it over the uneven place, and then with a strong pull I closed it tight at last.

"Now shake it if you can!" I thought, and, turning down the lamp once more, went off to bed.

Vain hope of peace! The enemy, whoever or whatever the enemy was, seemed to be simply infuriated with my attempt to balk him, for no sooner was my head on my pillow again than the scratching was renewed with tenfold vigor, as if the very door would be torn to pieces. It was simply awful, and I seemed to expect to hear shrieks of anger added to the frightful scratching. I sat up in bed and looked at the door. It could not, and did not, move, and the iron ring hung motionless; but down in that far corner that poor panel seemed to be the point of attack of a thousand fiends. Suddenly I cried out in the native tongue:

been inserted. The door had neither lock nor bolt. There was only an iron ring, hanging loosely, by which the door could be pulled to. But it could not be closed, for at the bottom, close to the side on which the hinges worked, it caught against the sill, which had not been sufficiently planed away to allow the door to shut properly, and so it was always ajar, and could very easily be shaken backward and forward, as it worked on the place where it caught; and in shaking, the iron ring, to which I have referred, clattered against the door, making a great noise in a more or less empty large house.

The only remark I have to make about the other door leading up into the spiral staircase, is that it opened outwards, and was simply fastened by an ordinary door latch.

The affair of which I am writing took place in a large island in the East far away from Canada—in a country full of ghostly stories, and equally full of a belief in all kinds of ghostly manifestations. I had heard, but had taken no notice of them. The native town to which we had gone in search of health contained very few foreigners and fewer acquaintances; consequently we had to "shift for ourselves," and with the small ammount of luggage we took with us found our home in this large house, which we rented from a native. We liked it; the air was fresh, very pure and bracing; medical help was at hand, and with our cook and servants and my pupils we settled in. The house was surrounded by its own grounds, and the kitchen as usual, stood away by itself.

We were simply on a visit; we did not burden ourselves with unnecessary furniture, but were content with buying what few things we needed, and servants and pupils did not add much to our burden, for during the day they were all engaged in one way or another, and, provided they had a fairly comfortable mat or mattress on which to lie, did not care very much where they slept. Cook, a swarthy son of Madras, guarded his kitchen and cooking utensils at night; my pupils curled up on their mattrasses up-stairs, in the "room" at the top of the spiral staircase under the roof; and my wife's maid slept under the dining room table on her mattress, which was removed every morning the first thing and brought in the last thing at night. I always saw them all safely in the house, and go each to his or her own apartment, before retiring myself, and made it my nightly practice to see that all the doors and windows were securely bolted—for we did not care to lose the few things we had with us, which in such a far distant place could not easily be replaced.

The few days we had passed in the house had passed pleasantly and the nights undisturbed, save by the howling of dogs outside, when one night our pupils were later than usual in coming in to retire for the night. I went out to look after them, and found them and the maid all gathered round the bright fire in the kitchen, busy in amusing and interesting conversation. Their eyes were glistening in the firelight, and their laugh was very hearty.

"Come, boys" I said 'it is time for you to be going to rest now. And you," to the maid, "bring in your mattress, for it is night."

Immediately there was a dead silence. The laughter was hushed; gloomy countenances at once appeared, and a kind of furtive inquiring glance was cast from one to the other. Not one of them attempted to move, except the maid. I may here say that the boys' ages ranged from about 10 to 14.

"Come, boys!" I repeated, "come along; it's time for going to rest now; why do you wait?"

Still there was no answer.

"Are you not tired?" I inquired.

Then one vouchsafed an answer.

"What's that?"

Scratch, scratch, scratch, scratch, rattle, rattle, bang, bang, bang, rattle, scratch, scratch, scratch, at the door close to my head as if a thousand cats were scratching and tearing away furiously at one of the lower panels, and the vibration of the door caused the loosely hanging iron ring to make a fearful din as it was brought in contact with the wood.

We listened—breathless! A pause! Only for two seconds, however, and then it set off again, Scratch, scratch, rattle, bang, bang!

"What is it?" I inquired of my wife,

"I don't know,' she replied—she was all of a tremor; but "This won't do," thought I, and out I sprang from bed, the noises meanwhile continuing with unabated fury, and I rushed to the lamp and turned it up. Instantly the noise ceased! I scarcely seemed to think what to be about—if burglars were in the house I was powerless against them—if the noises were of supernatural origin, what then?—if the result of some cleverly designed plan to frighten us, it must be exposed. These thoughts seemed to flash through my mind, and, quick as thought, I slipped on my dressing gown, seized the lamp, and made for the door. It was as I had left it exactly! I pushed it open, and went out into the big central reception room, which the small lamp scarcely lit up, I looked behind the door where the sounds came from, and there was nothing! Next I went carefully to every door and window, looked into every corner, examined the armoire, everything was fastened, the house was perfectly silent—there was nothing!

I went back to my room.

"Have you seen anything?" my wife asked me.

"No," I replied; "everything is fastened, and just as we left it. It is strange."

I turned down the lamp again, and got into bed, wondering all the time what it was and what it meant, and little inclined for sleep.

No sooner was my head on the pillow than—

Scratch, scratch, scratch, bang, bang, clatter, clatter, bang! began again.

I flew out of bed, hurried into my dressing gown, turned up the lamp, again sallied forth, and with the same result. Instantly the noise stopped! All was quiet; every door and window was safely bolted—all as I left it! But, thinking that, perhaps, the natives might be playing tricks on us, I examined the neighborhood of the door, whence the sounds came, very, very carefully. There was no string, no wire either at top or bottom, or nail to which it could be attached. The wall, every inch of which I examined, was solid as bricks could make it. The floor? I examined that, too. It was a beautiful floor, inlaid with different kinds of wood, forming an artistic pattern. Every bit of wood was in its place—there was no trap door, no sign of interference of any kind. Hence there was no trickery, or cunningly devised means of frightening me out of my wits as well as out of bed. I was puzzled and beaten! Again I went off to bed, after turning down the lamp, and again, no sooner was my head on the pillow than—

Scratch, scratch, scratch, bang, bang, clatter, clatter, bang! It went again.

"That's right! Go it!" I cried, as I again sprang out of bed.

"It's getting tiresome, though, "I said to my wife; "I can't make it out! But if I can only get hold of the evil-doer, he shall feel this," for I felt angry at the continued disturbance, and seizing a huge stick with one hand, and the lamp with the other, out I went again. But the noise had stopped as quickly as before, and again all was quiet. Again I examined every window and door—all were safely fastened!

It then struck me that perhaps, as the noise was so terrific and peculiar, possibly my wife's maid had heard it, or could at the door. It could not, and did not, move, and the iron ring hung motionless; but down in that far corner that poor panel seemed to be the point of attack of a thousand fiends. Suddenly I cried out in the native tongue:

"Be quite, and listen. O ye, whoever and whatever ye are," and, strange to say, no sooner did I begin to speak than perfect silence—dead silence—reigned. Listen, O ye, whoever and whatever ye are," I continued, "for I don't know; only yourselves know. Ye are free to come to my house and visit me during the daytime, but now it is night. I am tired and want to sleep, so get ye to your houses! If ye be friends, speak! if ye be not, depart; or if ye will not depart, be quite and enjoy yourselves in peace, for I am tired and want to sleep. So good night!"

Alas? my little address had no effect. Quite the contrary! At it they went again, and I pitied the poor door. If they scratched furiously before, now they seemed to tear away at it mercilessly. How they did peg away at it! and the noise was almost deafening. However, there seemed to be nothing more to be done. I had been out and examined everything. All was safe. I had used plain words and words of persuasion, and they had no effect. So I gave up in simple despair, and left the "spirits" to their own sweet pleasure.

It was now long past midnight, and quite tired and worn out I dropped off to sleep to the music of the scratching and tearing close to my head. Uneasy sleep it was, and in the very early morning I woke to the sweet music of the scratching which still continued!

"I must find out what it is, if I can!" I thought. Just then I heard the door in the porch at the other end of the house open, so I knew some one was going out. Is the mystery about to be solved? No, for the scratching still continued with unabated fury! There was the attack on the panel still going on as hard as ever. But the open door allowed a certain amount of light to get through to our door, and I thought I would avail myself of it.

"I'll catch you this time!" I thought. "If there be springs or trap door, wires or string I'll see what they are."

So whilst the noise was still progressing I very quietly and noiselessly drew myself up in bed, ready for a spring. I stretched out my left hand and pushed aside the curtain over the frame for the glass in the door very quietly and cautiously, sprang out of bed, and in less than half a second my head was through the opening for one of the panes, and I was gazing at the place whence the sound came, and narrowly searching for something, though what I did not know. But quick as I had been, it or they had been as quick, for no sooner was my head through the opening than the noise ceased. There was no wire or string to be seen, no trap-door of any kind; a mouse could not have got away; all was silent.

"I can not understand it," I said to my wife. "But I shall get up now and go for your early coffee."

I partially dressed, put on my dressing-gown, threw open the windows, and was going out to the kitchen to get the usual morning coffee for my wife, when, just as I got opposite the door leading to the spiral staircase, I met the boys coming down. I saw at once there was something wrong. The poor boys' faces were gloomy and of a pallid hue—there was not the usual cheery "Good-morning, sir"—and depression and even anxiety seemed to be written on their countenances.

"How have you slept, my boys?" I inquired of them—and they knew absolutely nothing of my night's experience.

"Slept, sir?" they inquired in return, in astonishment; "we have not slept. How could we?"

"Why?" I inquired.

"Tell him, John," said one of them; whilst the other broke in. "Although you command us to sleep up there again, we can not. We are killed with fright!"

"What is it?" I again inquired.

Then John spoke.

"It was awful, sir, and we can not bear it. It was this. What we heard the night before last we also heard last night, but it was far worse. There were, as it seemed to us, two men up stairs engaged in a fierce struggle. They seemed to be in the middle of the house, under the roof, and they fought desperately. We heard a kind of whispering, quarreling, as it were, but we heard no words. It seemed as if one was wearing boots, and the other was not. Then the one wearing boots ran, and the other ran after him, backwards and forwards, backwards and forwards, all in the dark; down they ran, down the stairs, and we heard them rattling the latch as if they wanted to get out. Back then they would come, and rush past us, and as they passed the air was icy cold! Then they would fight and struggle again, and we heard the whispering sound; then again they would run; the one wearing boots ran first, then the other after him. Down they would run, down the stairs again, rattle the latch, and I was terribly frightened," the poor boy added, almost crying "for once as they were going down one of them seized my leg and dragged me half way down. His hands were like ice," he said, drawing his shoulders together, and shivering at the remembrance, "but he let go and I crawled back to my place again, trembling. This went on for a long time. Then they fought again, and at last the one without boots threw down the one with boots; he then danced about, then fell himself. Then all was quiet."

It was strange, and I was silent. What to think I knew not, nor do I to this day. The other boys confirmed John's statement, and stood looking frightened and sorely puzzled. I am perfectly certain that I was not mistaken; the maid had heard the extraordinary sounds, the movements of "spirits" downstairs, and the rattling of the latch; and now confirmation comes from the boys of something uncanny. In the full floodlight of day I examined every inch of wall and floor near that door, but their was neither mark on it, nor place for string, wire, or trap door near it. All was perfect.

I mentioned this extraordinary affair to a doctor living near, and he and his wife arranged to sleep in the house with us the next night. We spent the evening at his house, and we all went to our own about 9 p. m. Sitting outside, round the door of the porch, I found my servant, together with the son of the landlord, to whom I had sent word of the affair.

"Well, lads," I said, as we approached them, "have you seen or heard anything?"

The landlord's son answered:

"We have not seen anything, but whilst we have been sitting here we heard a sound, as of some one having hurled a big stone against your bed-room door."

"Was any one in the house?"

"No, sir," they all answered.

We went in and examined everything, but found neither stone nor mark.

The doctor and I turned down on a couple of mattresses in the reception room on the floor, opposite the front door. His wife slept with mine; and the boys had again gone up-stairs with the men-servants and the landlord's son, feeling safe in their company. The doctor soon fell asleep, but I kept awake. At about 11 p. m. I heard a steady march over me of one—only one—marching backwards and forwards. This was kept on at a steady pace till 12. Then there was a furious bang at the front door as of a huge stone having been hurled against it. There was then a howling of dogs and then all was

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If nothing tastes good and your nights bring no rest,
If your stomach is foul and your mouth seems much fouler,
And so cross you become that they call you a "growler,"
Be sure that the trouble is due to your liver,
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At about 11 p. m. I heard a steady march over me of one—only one—marching backwards and forwards. This was kept on at a steady pace till 12. Then there was a furious bang at the front door as of a huge stone having been hurled against it. There was then a howling of dogs and then all was quiet. I heard nothing more, neither did those up-stairs, but that was the last night I slept in that house. Others tried to live there afterward, but had to leave. What was it?

Now for a bit of history by way of explanation, if it can be explained. The King of the country had a few years before been assassinated—strangled. He was surprised in his palace, and in full dress as he was, chased from room to room by the assassin, until at length he tried to find safety in hiding among the rafters, just under the roof. From his hiding place he was dragged and slain.

The actual regicide died in the house where I lived, on a bedstead close to the door whence all the noises proceeded—he died there about three months before I took the house, within three yards of where my pillow was! Of this fact I was not then aware.

I can only ask, How is it to be explained? and add that this story is absolutely true in every respect.

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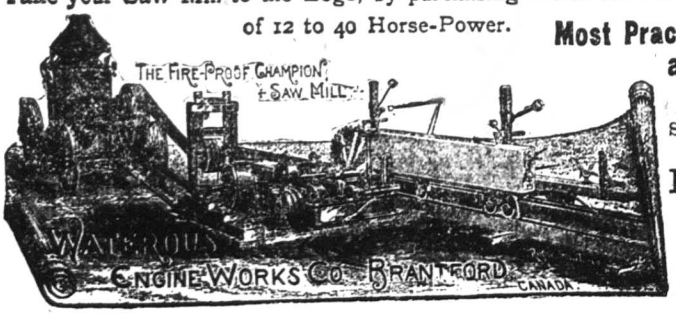

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, SEP. 13, 1889.

Judge Falconbridge has voided the Haldimand election, on account of corrupt practices by agents of the sitting member, Mr. Colter. Haldimand is getting an unenviable reputation. It was always a Reform constituency until a bye election just before the last general contest. Then the Tories bought it up, their member was unseated, and since that time it has been a nip and tuck fight between the parties, each one holding the seat for alternate sessions, followed by a protest and another election. The Reformers thought that they had to fight the devil with his own weapons, and thus far it has been about an even game. They are pursuing a wrong policy. Fight a square, honest fight, let the result be what it will.

THE EFFECT OF DUTIES.

The lumbermen, through their association, declared themselves, some time ago, in favor of unrestricted trade with the United States. The returns show that during the last nine years, since 1880, they have sent nearly five thousand million feet to the American market. The duty on this exportation has amounted in all to $10,000,000, ($9,982,000), or a little over $1,000,000 a year. Canada supplies about one-twentieth of the lumber consumed every year in the States. The duty does not by any means represent the whole loss inflicted upon the Canadian lumbermen through restriction. For, if the duty were removed—it is $2 per 1,000 feet—they would be able to ship to the American market a vast quantity of lumber which now, as they express it, will not bear the duty; that is, there is no profit in shipping it while the tax has to be paid, the $2 eating up the margin.

It is the same with agricultural produce. The Canadian farmer could do a far larger as well as a much more profitable trade with his American neighbors if the customs barriers were removed, for the single reason that stuff could then be sent to that market which under present circumstances will not bear the duty. Water freezes and becomes ice at 32° Fahrenheit. At 31° it is still water, so that the difference of a single degree of cold counts for a good deal. In like manner, the difference of a few cents per bushel will often determine whether an article can be grown and sold profitably or not. The indirect injury done by a duty is almost in all cases more serious than the direct loss which it inflicts.

PROTECTING THE FARMER.

The last number of the Universal Review

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

Prince Bismarck is suffering from inflamation of the veins.

Crete is becoming quiet. There are now only 3,000 insurgents under arms.

Last week closed without a single juror being selected in the Cronin trial.

The Empress Augusta says she is not a Roman Catholic, but a Protestant.

Right Hon. Henry Chaplin has been appointed Secretary for Agriculture with a seat in the British Cabinet.

Owing to the rise in raw cottons the mills have issued circulars to the trade announcing a rise of from 1-8 to 1-4 cent per yard.

Mr. H. Ashley, of Belleville, has taken the initiatory legal steps towards securing a bill of divorce from his wife, Sabra Maud Ashley, on the ground of adultery.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.—Mrs. Kate Fetter committed suicide this evening. She drank a pint of oil, then saturated her clothing with the fluid and set herself on fire.

Dr. David Tilton, a wealthy retired farmer of Aurora, Ill., hanged himself last week. He was at one time chief of the Bloomingdale insane asylum of New York.

The Vossische Zeitung says it is scarcely possible to doubt that Germany has formally renounced to England the expansion of the present sphere of German influence in Africa.

The town of Tlacolula, State of Hidalgo, has been entirely destroyed by floods. A mountain slide at Tranquistengo destroyed several houses, killing two persons. The people in the flooded districts are in great distress.

Lord Randolph Churchill, speaking at Newtown, said that the strike was the natural outcome of the excesses into which employers had fallen in the effort to extract an undue amount of labor at an inadequate rate of wages.

Edinburgh, Sept. 6.—The colliery explosion resulted in the death of 50 miners, only 14 of the 64 men at work in the pit having been rescued. The scene of the disaster was Pecineck, a small village within ten miles of this city.

In Scotland the herring fishing season has just closed. It has been a phenomenal success. Fifty years ago the total annual cure was only about 500,000 barrels, while last year, it was over 1,000,000 barrels. The price or profit derived therefrom, however, has not been doubled.

An action for $1,500 has been instituted against Dr. Jeannotte and Mr. R. J. Devine, druggist of Montreal, jointly, on behalf of Mr. Charles Couillard, whose child died some time since, as the result of a mistaken prescription which gave morphine instead of quinine.

David Von Valkenberg, a G. T. R. brakeman from Point Edward, was found dead at the G. T. R. Dublin-street crossing at daylight, Friday morning. It is supposed he fell between the cars of a freight train going east about 4 or 5 o'clock. One arm and his head were almost severed from the body.

Sir Thomas Galt on Saturday gave judgment declaring illegal the resolution passed at the meeting of the Senate of Victoria Univeraity held in Toronto, and pledging that body to further the cause of federation so far as it was able. The place at which the meeting was held is the ground of illegality.

Mr. Gladstone visited the Pondicherre section of the Exhibition on Friday. He was presented with specimens of Indian art. Replying to a speech of welcome, he

THE

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Remember we manufacture our own Clothing and this $1000.00 worth is only part of our Fall Stock, which we are finishing as fast as we can. Our Clothing can not be equalled in fit and finish. Remember we have always been in the Clothing trade and know how to make

GOOD CLOTHING.

serious than the direct loss which it inflicts.

PROTECTING THE FARMER.

The last number of the Universal Review contains an article on the effect of high protection in France which possesses considerable interest for the Canadian farmer. In 1882 a high tariff was established in France, though not as high as ours. The scheme was to protect the manufacturer, the artisan and the farmer. In order to benefit the first two named, heavy duties were levied on all foreign wares, while the last was to be made happy and rich by duties on cattle, sheep, wheat, meats and other articles of food. The first effect was to diminish the foreign trade of the country. Then the artizan complained that the price of food and the cost of living generally had been largely augmented, and demanded an increase of wages. This brought the manufacturer to his feet with a protest that the cost of production was so great, relatively to that in England, that he could not hold his own in foreign markets, and that the demand in the home market had also fallen off in consequence of the inability of the people so buy. The farmer, who moves slowly, was next heard from. In 1884 he found that the cost of his implements, clothing, harness, axes, nails—in short the cost of producing agricultural products, had risen enormously, and that as a result the foreign farmer could afford to undersell him, notwithstanding the duties on breadstuffs. On his making these representations, the tariff was increased all round in 1885. Matters, however, grew worse instead of better. The general trade continued to decline, for, of course, the cost of production in every line of industry had gone up, and to that extent the producers were less able than before to compete abroad. But the farmer emitted the loudest complaints, and to appease him the wheat and other duties were in 1887 put up another notch. But his last condition is worse that his first, for the cost of farming is now so great that an abundance of foreign stuff is coming in despite the duties. Last year, for instance, the imports rose 26 per cent., those of barley 19 per cent., and those of oats 77 per cent. A short crop aggravated the situation. As a last recourse, the farmers demand that the present cereals duty shall be doubled, and the duty on live stock increased 30 per cent. Cereals, they say, cannot be grown at a profit, while sheep and cattle are raised at a loss. But the artisan, the manufacturer, and the consumer at large are for obvious reasons, opposed to any further advance in the imposts on food. What the outcome may be it is hard to say.

The French farmer, it will be noted, thought to benefit himself by checking the importation of agricultural produce, but has failed. Canada on the other hand, is an exporting rather than an importing country in that line. It stands to reason, therefore, that our farmers, if they only knew it, suffer more severely than the French from the high tariff system. In their case it is all give and no get. In ordinary years the duties do not add one cent to the price of the products. But every year, good or bad, they have to pay through the nose for the support of the Manufacturers' Association and the brood of minor trusts and combines.

Constant Care.

Constant care is necessary against unexpected attacks of summer complaints. No remedy is so well known or so successful in this class of diseases as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Keep it in the house as a safeguard.

of illegality.

Mr. Gladstone visited the Pondicherre section of the Exhibition on Friday. He was presented with specimens of Indian art. Replying to a speech of welcome, he said the universe was indebted to the French Republic for an exhibition which formed a veritable school for the people of the world, and they should attend it.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 9.—The wheat crop of the great Northwest has been safely harvested. Reports received here from various sections indicate that it will all be grade No. 1 hard. Farmers and business men are happy and confident on account of the large yield and excellent quality of the grain. There are 20 elevators in course of construction in Manitoba alone.

A decree has been issued ordering the beginning of work on the proposed railway to Hankow and that work be begun at both ends of the line. The Emperor, fearing popular distrust enjoins the viceroys to issue proclamations explaining that the railway is essential to the prosperity and influence of China. It is stated that Li Hung Chang is raising a foreign loan to defray the cost of his half of the line.

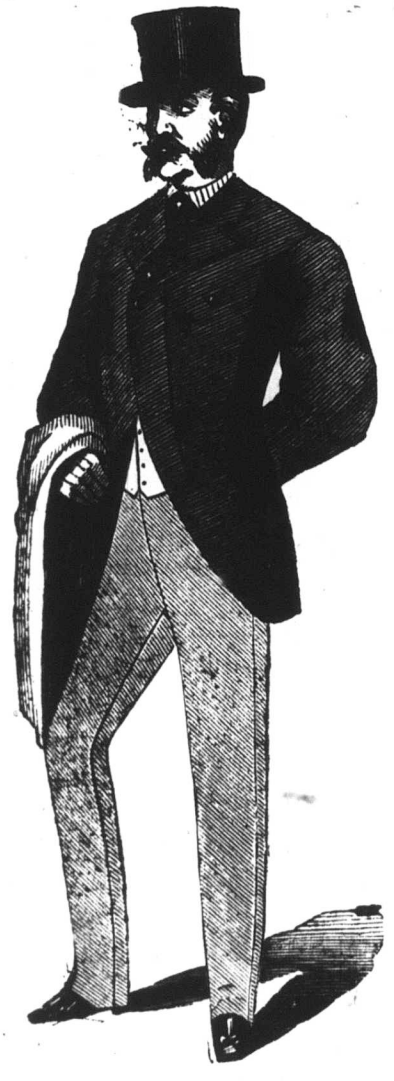
Victoria, B. C., Sept. 7.—The schooner Lilly, which arrived here Thursday, reports she was boarded on Aogust 6th by the U. S. revenue cutter Rush, and 333 sealskins were confiscated. She was ordered to Sitka, but no prize crew was put aboard, and she came here. She spoke the schooner Kate, which had 350 skins aboard. The Kate reported the Rush had ordered her out of Behring Sea, but owing to a gale was unable to board her. The Rush has thus far seized seven schooners.

Kingston, Sept. 9.—The next meeting of the Irish Catholic Benevolent Union will be held in St. Louis, Mo., in 1890. Archbishop Cleary told the delegates Thursday night that only one-sixth of the population in Canada were christians and five-sixths suffered from heresy. The majority went to church because it was respectable to do so. He also said that the Irish race would be on top in Ireland in a few months. The convention pledged support to Mr. Parnell et al, in securing rights from the "unjust British government."

Montreal Star.—It was on July 11 that the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott sailed for Australia via England to utilize his vast commercial experience in enlarging the trade relations between Canada and Australia. It was on July 30 that the Star announced that the Hon. John J. C. Abbott's real mission was to consult the law officers of the crown in England about the Jesuit act. It was on August the 22 that the Hon. John J. C. Abbott sailed for the land of the sagacious beaver, apparently having forgotten his engagement with the frisky kangaroo on the other side of the world, and with all his vast cargo of commericial lore still unloaded.

The first lady who ever argued a case before the Supreme Court of Wisconsin made an argument this week in the person of Miss Kate L. Pier of Milwaukee, a beautiful young brunette with magnificent raven hair, which hung in a prodigous braid to within a foot of the floor. Her opponent was John J. Sutton of Columbus, one of the biggest and greatest lawyers in the state, but who on this occasion wore a singularly subdued mien. The case argued involves several hundred dollars, and a decision in it was reserved. Miss. Pier graduated from the law department of Wisconsin University a year ago. Both her mother and father are lawyers, and the trio practice together at Milwaukee. Another girl in the family is now studying for the bar. The argument created much interest, the court-room being crowed.

GOOD CLOTHING.



We would also like to draw your attention to our complete stock of

ENGLISH, SOTCH and CANADIAN TWEEDS

also to our beautiful line of Fall Overcoatings Clothing made to order on short notice. We guarantee first-class work and a perfect fit, as we employ one of the best cutters in the Dominion.

Prices very low.

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTON,

Proprietors.

Sexsmith's old stand Leonard Bock, Napanee.

BUYERS' DIRECTORY. NAPANEE BUSINESS HOUSES

PLUMS,
PEACHES,
PEARS,

And Melons a specialty at

BRUTON'S.

G. A. Blewett

Keeps the Best and Cheapest

FLOUR

in town. Give him a call.

Try his 25 cent Tea.

GO TO

HULETT'S

FOR

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS

Knocked Out.

COXALL'S

25 cent Tea

is all the talk, try it

AS IT BEATS THEM ALL.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Head Office, Montreal.

Annual Income.....$25,273.58
Assets, over.....$2,000,000.00
Assurance in force,16,025,300.00

James Little, Peterboro, Inspector of Agencies. W. H. Hill, Peterboro, Manager for Central Ontario,

Rev. S. CARD, Local Agt, Napanee

Do you want to take a drive? If so, just call up R. H. Potter, Telephone No. 99. The best livery in town.

Lockwood's

—FOR—

School Books, School Supplies, Scribblers, Fool's Cap.

Fresh arrivals of

FANCY - GOODS

and a large line of envelopes.

Corner Brisco House Block.

IF YOU WANT

Gill Nets, Cotton Twine, Coal Tar, go to

Perry & Madole

A Good Lantern for 40c

A. W. GRANGE & BRO.

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs and Medicines

Toilet Articles, Perfumery,

Patent Medicines, Etc

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

F. CHINNECK,

Jeweler.

Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

George I. Ham

McLaughlin's old stand.

We are receiving our

New Fall Stock of Boots and Shoes,

all new goods, to be sold at rock bottom prices this fall. Trunks and Valises at about half price. Kip Boots made to order, and repairing done.

A. D. McROSSIE

MILES STORMS

has had ove forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equs o any in the Dominon.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and al sold at reasonable prices,

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any change color

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend al funerals. 2089ly MILES STORMS

J. F. SMITH

IS SELLING

Groceries

lower than any other house in town.

LOOK

Canned Tomatoes.....10 cents

TEA EXTRAORDINARY!

Having recently secured an extraordinary good bargain in tea we intend to share it with our customers.

Heretofore we have given extra good value in Tea at 25 cents per pound, but the fifty chests just received would be "dirt cheap" at 45 cents, and 25 cents is what we shall sell it at. We venture to say and we have had many years experience in the tea trade, that nothing to compare with it has ever been sold in Napanee at that price.

To those who want to save money and at same time enjoy a choice cup of Tea, we say come and get a pound and we feel certain it will cause you to come for more.

TA-KA-KAKE.

Buy a package of this new cereal sugar corn flour which cooks in fifteen minutes and makes delicious griddle cakes, gems and rolls. For sale by

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants

Napanee, 16th July, 1889. 3889ly

lower than any other house in town.

LOOK

Canned Tomatoes,.....10 cents
Canned Corn ....10 cents
17 lbs. Yellow Sugar $1 00
16 lbs. Raw Sugar 1 00
Evaporated Apples, per lb 8 cents

Times are hard and the prices very low.

Flour, Feed and Pressed Hay

always on hand. Give me a call.

J. F. SMITH.

Brisco House Block, Napanee. 11891y

R. LIGHT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

Doors, Sash, Blinds,

Mouldings,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BUILDING MATERIAL

TRENTON - SLAB - WOOD

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789fm

History of British Columbia.

From the earliest period to the present time
BY HUBERT HOWE BANCROFT.

Now ready, complete in one volume, with sectional maps, plans and index. A book full of startling incidents and thrilling romance. A matchless work, by an author of great repute, and is also the only history of this section extant.

Agents Wanted Everywhere. The immense area covered by this volume is rapidly filling up with intelligent and enterprising settlers, who are making here there homes. They all want to know the history of the country as well as their friends, and those who have business connections with them who do not go there. Here is a country as large as the United States, and this volume must ever constitute the foundation of its history.

From $5 to $20 a day.

can be made by agents. Every one of the hundreds of thousands of people interested in this country, and in the history of the world, one part with another, will buy this book. It is wholly unbaised and though full of startling detail, it is thoroughly sound, practical, and philosophical.

Good earnest workers desiring territory should apply immediately, and in order to secure it instantly send $1.25 for a complete canvassing outfit, and name choice of territory. Extra liberal terms guaranteed. No experience or capital required, as the book will sell itself properly presented, and we give our agents thirty days' time in which to deliver and collect.

Address,

THE HISTORY CO., 723 Market St.

3589c San Francisco, Cal

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants

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WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. **Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance.** Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

9891y J. GIBBARD & SON.

BIRRELL & CO

—ARE AGENTS FOR THE—

Cockshutt J. G. C. Riding Plows

These have given every satisfaction for the past few years in this section, and farmers that want a Riding Plow should try one.

The Old and Reliable Wilkison Plows and Gang Plows

Wisner's Drills, Seeders and Cultivators,

Threshers' supplies furnished on short notice for all machines. McColl's Lardine Machine Oil and Boiler compound.

WASHING MACHINES AND WRINGERS.

Give us a call.

3380bm BIRRELL & CO

McCOLL BROS'.

Machine and Burning Oils.

THEIR CELEBRATED LARDINE

Has no rival as lubricator. Farmers, Threshers and Mill Men all agree that there is no OIL in the market to compare with it. Try it and be convinced.

Cylinder Oil, Bolt Cutting Oil, Wool Oil, Axle Greese, Harness Oil, etc., always in stock.

23896m McCOLL BROS., Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

EXCURSIONS TO

TORONTO INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

—ON—

SEPTEMBER 9th to 21st, 1889

—RETURN FARE—

$4.30 good to go Sept. 10th to 20t. $2.90 good to go Sept. 16th and 18th. All the above tickets good to return to 23rd inclusive.

Central Canada Exhibition

OTTAWA,

SEPTEMBER 9th to 14th

$4.95, tickets good to go 9th, 11th, 12th and 13th. $3.80, tickets good to go 10th. All tickets good to return 16th.

EXCURSION TO MANITOBA

via G. T. R. and C. P. R.

SEPTEMBER 3rd and 24th

Good to return in 40 days.

Winnipeg, Glenboro, Deloraine, Salt-Coats, and Moosejaw, $28; Calgary, $35.

For tickets to all points and reliable information, apply to

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

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Watch for Chicago excursion about Sept. 27th and 28th.

Threshers' Supplies.

Leather Belting, Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, Rubber Packing, Hemp Packing, Asbesto's Packing, Soapstone Packing, Threshing Mitts.

PEERLESS MACHINE OIL

Is the best in the market.

Nearly all the threshers use it and are delighted with it. Try it. Sold only by

3589ly **R. G. WRIGHT,**
NAPANEE.

Moscow.

On account of ill health Mr. R. S. Pyke has quit shoemaking in this place, and gone travelling for a Kingston firm. Moscow is very much in need of a first-class shoe maker.

Master Stanley Files, a boy of five years, son of our genial station agent, was run over by a hand car last week at the station, results one broken leg and the other bardly bruised, Dr. Vrooman, of Yarker, attending him.

The Friends held their quarterly meet-

Unconscious Cerebration.

Pastor—Brethren, with so many of us on the down grade, what will be the next stopping place?

Tired "L" Guard (off duty) — Blicker street!! I've told yer four r' five times already. Let 'm off first.—Puck.

Imitating Old Cora Pearl.

Following the example of the late "Cora Pearl," a retired Delilah of fifty-seven winters, who had to appear in the Paris Police Court, had intended to publish her memoirs. They were to be issued, however, in a novel; but the literary project has been nipped in the bud. The frail and aged female had for several years been the friend of a wealthy Parisian, who at one time had sent her letters of a rather gushing character, and these the retired courtesan threatened to incorporate in her autobiographical uovel unless a certain sum of money were paid down. Her former admirer, who was about to effect an advantageous matrimonial alliance, and whose prospects of wedlock would be damaged by the publication of the amorous epistles, accordingly paid some of the money asked, and no more was heard of the Circe until lately, when she resumed her blackmailing operations and importuned her victim to buy his letters from her, as well as a portrait of himself which he had given her with a dedication in verse. The sum demanded was £1,000. In court the ancient lady told the magistrate that she had intended to hand the money over to a charitable institution, as she had mended her ways and was making her peace with Paradise, but Monsieur le President on hearing this merely muttered the word baliverne! or "Bosh!" and sentenced the prisoner to eight months' imprisonment and a fine for her blackmailing propensities.

Something New About Ripper Jack.

Mr. C. E. Jerningham sends me the following curious coincidence regarding the recent Whitechapel murders which, as he truly says, appears to have escaped notice. The Christian name of the first victim was Emma, and this, with the exception of one letter, has reproduced itself throughout the series in regular rotation:

1. E mma Smith.
2. M artha Tabram.
3. M ary Anne Nichols.
4. A nnie Chapman.
5. E lizabeth Stride.
6. M itre square (Cathrine Eddowes.)

The Manitoba Official Gazette has made its appearance in English only.

The details of the explosion and fire at Antwerp are awful—160 dead, 550 wounded.

The directors of the Kingston Fair are experiencing the inevitable disturbance following a baby show.

Sufficient money has been subscribed at Johnstown, Pa., to carry on a suit against the South Forks Fishing Club.

The Turkish Ministry of War has ordered 100,000 Mauser repeating rifles to be ready in a month for distribution among troops.

Steve Brodie, the New York bridge jumper, is alleged to have gone over the Horseshoe Falls on Saturday morning in a rubber suit.

A Woodstock grocer could not convince the Police Magistrate that he consumed two dozen bottles of ale per week, and paid a fine of $50 and costs.

The Servian regents have warned ex-Queen Natalie not to attempt to carry out her scheme of establishing a residence at Belgrade as a private person.

Maurice Dudevant Sand, son of George Sand, the novelist, is dead at Paris, aged 66 years. He made a reputation as a painter and a man of letters.

The convention of West Lambton Tories held at Brigden, Thursday, nominated Robert Fleck, ex-reeve of Moore, as the Tory candidate for the Legislature.

The steamer St. Lawrence smashed her machinery while approaching her dock at Kingston on Saturday. The damage is so serious that the boat cannot be used again this season.

Mr. Gladstone declares himself to weigh 168 pounds: but when he undertakes to reply to a cheeky opponent, he comes down with such force as to make believe that he weighs 168 tons.

The directors of the Danube Shipping Company assert Austrian arms are being largely imported into Bulgaria, and that the Austrian army instructors are also arriving.

Geo. M. Richardson, one of the most prominent residents of Tamworth, who died on Tuesday after a brief illness, was a life-long resident of the village and universally esteemed. He was a leading member of the Methodist church, and also a Mason.

A United States journal credits Hon. Oliver Mowat when asked "In your opinion what is the political destiny of Canada?" with replying: "I should like it to be a seperate nation when it ceased, if it should cease, to be a part of the British Empire."

A representative meeting of non-conformists in London, Monday, appointed a committee to invite the free churches to contribute for the relief of the strikers' families. A deputation was sent to urge the directors of the dock companies to concede the men's demands. Work has been resumed at 35 wharves, the men receiving an advance.

Minister Dewdney's trip to the Northwest and British Columbia will cost the Dominion a great deal more than the trip which the Governor-General purposes taking over the same route. A Northwest paper says Mr. Dewdney is traveling in a special car, luxuriously furnished and is accompained by his deputy-minister, two private secretaries and two servants.

A Good Regulation.

Disordered kidneys give rise to rheumatism, dropsy, pain in the back and loins, etc., besides many dangerous complaints affecting the kidneys themselves, as Bright's disease, uræmia, tc. Regulate the kidneys with Burdock Blood Bitters, the best diuretic and kidney remedy

results one broken leg and the other badly bruised, Dr. Vrooman, of Yarker, attending him.

The Friends held their quarterly meeting here last Sunday, it was very largely attended.

Arlie Benn and Chas Perry have their race track finished. There are a number of trotters aronnd here and we expect some fun soon.

Miss Annie Huffman has returned from Hamilton where she has been visiting her brother Jacob.

Miss Amelia Huffman is visiting friends near Napanee.

The first car of barley of the season was shipped on Monday last.

It Don't Matter.

However old, obstinate or chronic your case may be Burdock Blood Bitters has cured so many seemingly incurable cases that it is well worth a trial in yours. Cases of dyspepsia, scrofula, liver complaint, etc., of twenty five years' standing have been cured by B. B. B.

Tamworth.

Harvest is all housed in good shape, and farmers are beginning to sow fall grain.

The excursion of the season has passed and Rev. Mr. Stratton and committee deserve unbounded praise for the careful and gentlemanly way they handled the excursion. They netted $109 clear of all expenses. How is that for an excursion? "Do it again gentlemen.

Our school opened again with a full attendance of scholars.

We are sorry to say Mr. L. A. Wheeler is not gaining much in health.

John Fennell our popular barber has renovated his shop, he has put in a new chair and has taken an apprentice, his business is gaining. "Success to you John."

Mr. C. R. Jones has taken a Mr. Wm. Booth, of Almonte, into his employ. Mr. Booth comes highly recommended as a druggist, having passed his examination with honors. We bespeak for Charlie a fair share of patronage.

We feel grieved to have to chronicle the death of our esteemed townsman and friend Mr. G. M. Richardson who passed peacefully and quietly away on Monday the 2nd Sept., of Typhoid Fever. He was admired for his gentle disposition and sterling christian character which was so often displayed among his associates. And as a Mason he stood very high among his acquaintances and brethren, he was buried under masonic honors. Deceased belonged to the A. O. U. W. and Select Knights from which societies his family receive nearly $4000. He will be greatly missed among the people of this village.

Mrs. Jas. Aylsworth has been very sick, but we are pleased to hear that she is getting better.

Mr. C. F. Hall was married on Monday the 9th, to Miss Libbie Burns, all of Tamworth. We wish them all the success this life can afford.

Tuesday was court day here, docket light. His Honor Judge Price presided.

Mrs. B. F. Smith came home on Saturday from Picton, where she had been visiting with her sister, Mrs. Jas. Aylsworth.

Rumor has it that our Dr. Clark has gone to bring one of Brockville's fair young ladies to this place. We hope so, for the Dr. has looked very lonely for a long time. He left on the Tuesday morning train and is expected back Wednesday night with his bride.

Thoroughly Tried.

Having given Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry a thorough trial, I do not hesitate to say that I believe it is the best remedy in existence for all summer complaints, diarrhœa, dysentery, colic, etc. MRS. R. S. WAITE. Springfield, Ont.

4. A nnie Chapman.
5. E lizabeth Stride.
6. M itre square (Cathrine Eddowes.)
7. M ary Jane Kelly.
8. A lice McKenzie.

In his curious weekly, the Mirror, Mr. Stuart Cumberland gives a picture of "Jack the Ripper" as revealed to him in a dream. He says:

The face was thinnish and oval in shape. The eyes were dark and prominent, showing plenty of white. The brow was narrow and the chin somewhat pointed. The complexion was sallow, somewhere between that of a Maltese and a Parsee. The nose was somewhat Semitic in shape and formed a prominent feature of the face. The formation of the mouth I could not very well see; it was shaded by a black mustache. Beyond the hair on the upper lip the face was bare. It was not a particularly disagreeable face, but there was a wild intensity about the dark, full eyes that fascinated me as I gazed into them. They were the eyes of a mesmerist!

From which Mr. Cumberland concludes that the murderer first mesmerizes his victims before despatching them.

Oscar Wilde's Mesmer.

The reception given by Lady Wilde at her house in Oakley street, Chelsea, on Saturday afternoons, are always interesting. The hostess herself, with her ardent love for Ireland and all that is best in literature and art, is most delightful. She is ever ready to welcome any American who has done anything with heartfelt cordiality. Her rooms are darkened and only lighted by lamps with deep red shades, and the contrast from the daylight outside to the picturesque gloom within should be seen or rather felt, to be appreciated. Assembled here are sure to be actresses, novelists, poets, artists, journalists and patriots, and all interests can find sympathizers. Oscar Wilde and his pretty wife are almost always there, and Willy Wilde, a clever journalist, is present at his mother's salon whenever he is in town. Miss Tynte, an æsthetic reciter; Miss Edmiston, a clever actress: Mrs. Mona Caird, who asked the question. "Is Marriage a Failure?" Mrs. Frank Leslie, of New York, and Mrs. Edward Russell, the Delsartian, are among the interesting persons to be met at sweet Lady Wilde's conversazione.—Boston Gazette.—London Letter.

A Bishop With £80,000 a Year.

Somebody has remarked that a Bishop is the most enviable of all human beings, seeing that he has everything the soul can desire in this world, and ought to be secure for the world, and ought to be secure for the next. But on the whole, an Austrian Archbishop is probably more to be envied than any English bishop. The Cardinal Archbishop of Vienna has only about £6,000 a year, it is true, but the Cardinal Archbishop of Olmut has £40,000, the Cardinal Archbishop of Prague has £35,000, and the Archbishop of Eriru has £60,000. Luckier than all is the happy Primate of Hungary, the Cardinal Archbishop of Grau, who has £80,000 a year. Why are so many Austrians so foolish as to be born village priests with £20 a year.—Pall Mall Gazette.

dropsy, pain in the back and loins, etc., besides many dangerous complaints affecting the kidneys themselves, as Bright's disease, uræmia, tc. Regulate the kidneys with Burdock Blood Bitters, the best diuretic and kidney remedy ever devised.

THE WESTERN CANADA
Loan and Savings Co y

HAVE APPOINTED

J. C. DREWRY

their Appraiser for Lennox & Addintgon.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
EXPRESS Office, Napanee, Ont.

BUILDING!

I am prepared to furnish everything in the line of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Dressed Lumber,

Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2389ly

THIS YEARS

MYRTLE

CUT and PLUG

SMOKING TOBACCO

FINER THAN EVER.

See

T. & B.

IN BRONZE ON

each Plug and Package.

UNDERTAKING AT TAMWORTH

E. M. McKim Jr.

Has a large stock of coffins, caskets, robes, crape gloves and badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices. A first-class hearse furnished.

A full line of cabinetware always on hand, bought from the best makers at close figures and will be sold at lowest rates. Repairing promptly done.

First-class Livery Rigs for hire.

E. M. McKIM, JR.
25871v Tamworth

1-3 MORE !

Our sales for August this year are increased that much over las year, and the number of purchasers served

In August this year was, - -	2628
Number served in August last year, -	2102
Increase - - - -	526

New Fall Goods Opening Every Day !

This week to hand special import, Mens' fine Cashmere Underclothing, Sox, Ties Handkerchiefs, Silk Mufflers, Mens Fur Coats.

Decorative Felts, elegant things in Table Napery, Sideboard Cloths, 5 o'clock Spreads, Toilett Setts, D'Oyley's fine Towels, Ladies' and Childrens' Wool Guiters and a fine lot of those celebrated, nothing like them anywhere, fine Soft Wool Underclothing all from Germany,

Stacks of new desirable Goods for the Millinery Department. The pick of the warehouses in stylish Knots, Shapes, Birds, Plums, Digrettes and Trimming materials.

We have never ceased to be busy in orders since last winter and are getting more busy every day, with new fall orders and crepe orders. If you have'nt been a customer of our's before, we confidently solicit your trade this season in Millinery as well as all over the house. You will be treated with courtesy, candor and honesty and be absolutely sure of satisfaction.

WE HAVE RECEIVED SOME BEAUTIFUL

WOOL SHAWLS AND WOOL DOLMANS

beautiful in design and coloring, fine texture, exclusive German style ; Also from Chicago a large lot of the

Very Latest Designs for Stamping

We will henceforth do stamping of all kinds very reasonable and will stamp your initials free on Table Napkins, Towels, Handkerchiefs. Come and see our designs.

HINCH & CO'Y

— COME TO —
Symington's
— FOR —
A fine lot of Factory filled Salt at old prices.
Groceries
as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.
— FINEST —
TIMOTHY SEED
for fall sowing, at lowest prices.
Flour and Feed as usual
All goods guaranteed to suit or cheerfully taken back.
Thos. Symington first door west of Harshaw's new block, Dundas street, Napanee.
Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company.
338dly

— THE —
RATHBUN CO.
NAPANEE AGENCY
— DEALERS IN —
Lumber, Shingles, Lath,
And all descriptions of
BUILDING MATERIAL
Both rough and dressed, including
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS
DRAIN TILE, Etc.
WOOD & COAL
For Foundry, Smithing and Domestic purposes.
YARDS—South of Swing Bridge, CENTRE-STREET.
J. J. TAYLOR,
AGENT
338dft

FINCH & COY
Leaders in General Dry Goods and Millinery.

SCHEDULE OF SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

Returned to the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Lennox and Addington for the Quarter ending the 10th day of September, A. D., 1889.

Name of Prosecutor.	Name of Defendant.	Nature of Charge.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Convicting Justice.	Amount of Penalty.	Time When paid or to be paid to said Justice.	To whom paid over by said Justice.	If not paid why not and general observations, if any.
Miles Burns	Deborah Kelly	Breach of By-law	July 2	James Cousins	$ 1 00	July 2	One-half to prosecutor	
Patrick Lawlor	Henry Stony	do	Sept. 4	do	1 00	Sept. 15		
Winnie Kelly	Miles Burns	do	Sept. 5	do	1 00	Sept. 5		
Edwin Bowman	Edward Sweeney	Malicious injury to property	June 7	Anson Storms	fine $10, dam $2 or 30 days	Forthwith	Fine to T.P. Treasurer. Damage to complainant	Pd. on case frm'ly ret'd
Sarah Ann Silver	Sidney Silver	Assault and battery	July 23	H. S. Davy	1 00	Forthwith	Township Treasurer	
John Galbraith jr.	John L. Galbraith	Allowing cattle to run at large	July 30	Jno. A Shibley	1 00	do	½ to Tp. Treas. ½ to comp't.	Paid
Peter Gilbe	T. Benjamin	Assault and battery	July 2	do	5 00	within 5 dys		Time not expired.
Geo. Hannah	James O'Brien	Assault	March 12	James Daly	5 00	March 23	Pd Co. Treas. Sept. 10	Case formerly returned
A B. McLeod	A. J. Sexsmith	Damage to sheep by dogs	May 2	do	3 50	Forthwith	Pd. complainant May 2nd	
do	Mgt. Robinson	do	May 2	do	3 50	do	do	
Jane Chadsey	James Gamble	Non payment of wages	June 11	do	1 25	5 days		Appealed
Ed. Loucks	James Richardson	Assault	June 15	do	1 00	Forthwith	Pd Co. Treas. Sept, 10	
L. A. Sagar	Samuel Davy	Malicious injury to property	do 15	do	1 00	10 days	do	
Wesley Webb	F. Youns	Infraction Ontario Medical Act	do 21	do	25 00	Forthwith		
J. P. Chatterson	Sarah Babcock	Assault	do 28	do	1 00	do		Appealed
W. A. Rose	E. J. Taylor	Infraction Liquor License Act	Sept. 9	do	20 00	do	do	
James Allen	Simon Warner	Drunk and disorderly	June 20	T.G.Carscallen, E.S.Lapum	1 00	do	Town Treasurer	
James Allen	James Shaugshay	do	June 20	do	1 00	Time ext'ed		
James Allen	R. Richardson jr.	Drunk and using profane language	do 22	do	1 00	do		
Jeremiah Storms	Jeremiah Coughan	Drunk and disorderly	do 20	do	1 00	do		
James Allen	James Vanalstine	do	do 22	T. G. Carscallen	1 00	do		
James Allen	William Young	do	do 24	T.G Carscallen, E.S.Lapum	3 00	Forthwith	Town Treasurer	
James Allen	Peter Shane	Drunkeness	do 26	T. G. Carscallen	1 00	Time ext'ed		
James Allen	Hannah Wood	Vagrancy	July 16	do	1 00	Not paid		Imprisoned
Jeremiah Storms	do	do	do 23	do	1 00	do		do
John Hearns	Margaret Shannon	Abusive and insulting language	do 26	T.G.Carscallen, E.S.Lapum	1 00	Forthwith	Town Treasurer	
Jeremiah Storms	William Wallace	Drunk and disorderly	July 27	do	5 00		Not paid	Imprisoned
Annie Herns	do	Arson	do 27	do	Committed	for	trial	
Havina Pendle	Agnes Lynn	Abusive and insulting language	Aug. 7	T. G, Carscallen	1 00	Time ext'ed		
Jeremiah Storms	James Roe	Vagrancy	do 10	do	1 00		Not paid	Imprisoned
Jeremiah Storms	Hannah Wood	do	do 12	do	1 00		do	Imprisoned
Jeremiah Storms	Ellen Crowe	Drunkeness	do 21	do	2 00		do	Imprisoned
Jeremiah Storms	Fred. Freeman	Drunk and disorderly	Sept. 7	do	1 00	Time ext'ed		

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE PEACE,
County of Lennox and Addington, Napanee September 10th, A. D., 1889.

A. L. MORDEN,
Clerk of the Peace, County of Lennox and Addington

HEALTH.

Feeding the Sick.

It is rarely easy, and almost always very difficult, to persuade the sick to take nourishment in sufficient quantity, and the successful nurse must be rich in expedients. Her persuasive power must be great. She must be patient, and yet firmly persistent, until her whole duty is done. There are certain general rules for her to observe. A few of them we will give. All foods for the sick should be of the very best quality, well cooked, palatably seasoned and attractively served. A savory dish will always sharpen the appetite of one in health, and it must have a stimulating influence upon a delicate patient, to whom the flat and insipid preparations usually offered are loathsome and even nauseating.

Surprise is frequently a useful element in the dietetic treatment of the sick. Something unexpected will often be acceptable, when were the patient consulted and advised of what was being prepared for him, it would take away all appetite for it. Cooking in the sick room is, of course, always forbidden, nor should the smell of food be allowed to reach the patient if it is possible to prevent it. Absolute neatness in the service of food is a prime consideration. There is more to the patient in clean napkins, spotless china, etc., than many think. A slovenly nurse is out of place anywhere. If the doctor directs that certain foods be given hot, he means that they should be hot, and not merely warm, in which condition some are very insipid.

Occasionally one sees the nurse tasting the food in the presence of the patient—a most unpardonable habit. No more food should be at one time taken into the sick-room than is likely to be eaten, and whatever is not eaten should be at once removed. Nurses often leave it in sight, in the hope that the patient may want it a little later, but almost invariably they are disappointed. It is quite a common thing for the physician to find milk in a glass or pitcher standing near the bedside of his patient, and often the appearance of the glass is such that even a person with the strongest kind of a stomach would not care to drink from it. Of all foods, milk probably takes up impurities the easiest. Hence, to keep it exposed to the air of a sick-room or any other bad air is to simply render it unfit for use. A nurse with anything approaching neatness would never allow a glass which has held milk to be used a second time without carefully washing and rinsing. Some consult their own convenience altogether too much in feeding the sick. Food ought to be given at regular intervals when possible.

Fruits as Food and Medicine.

Of all the fruits with which we are blessed, the peach is the most delicious and digestible. There is nothing more palatable, wholesome and medicinal than good, ripe peaches. They should be ripe, but not over-ripe and half rotten; and of this kind they may make a part of either meal, or be eaten between meals; but it is better to make them a part of the regular meals. It is a mistaken idea that no fruit should be eaten at breakfast. It would be far better if our people would eat less bacon and grease at breakfast, and more fruit. In the morning there is an acrid state of the secretions, and nothing is so well calculated to correct this as cooling sub acid fruits, such as peaches, apples, etc. Still, most of us have been taught that eating fruit before breakfast is highly dangerous. How the idea originated I do not know, but it is certainly a great error, contrary to both reason and facts. The apple is one of the best of fruits. Baked or stewed apples will

Did His Duty.

The free and easy manner in which the trial of Sullivan was conducted at Purvis, Miss. the unrestricted tendency of the crowd to lionise the pugilist and the unmistakable trend of local opinion gave little assurance that the affair would be more than farcical; but to the surprise of all, the jury found a verdict of guilty, and now the presiding judge has vindicated the dignity of his office and his own manhood by sentencing the pugilist to one year's imprisonment at hard labor, the extreme penalty of the law. Had he imposed lighter punishment he would have been shamefully derelict in duty, but a knowledge of the prevalent sentiment in Mississippi and of the vagaries of its justice did not tend to fortify public confidence and had Sullivan escaped with a nominal fine, it would have occasioned little surprise. A petition signed by over one thousand people including the sheriff and the jurymen, praying that Sullivan be released with a fine was a formidable document, peculiarly so in that section, but Judge Terrell possessed the courage of his convictions in an eminent degree, and undeterred by the strong influence brought to bear, discharged his duty faithfully and manfully. He knew as every one knew, that a fine would be a travesty, and that Sullivan's sporting friends would pay it cheerfully as one of the legitimate expenses of the fight. At such punishment they could well afford to smile, but imprisonment at hard labor is an entirely different matter and the consternation of the plug-ugly fraternity is easily imagined. It is possible that legal ingenuity may yet defeat the ends of justice, but every right-thinking man will devoutly hope that nothing will impede Sullivan's progress to the penitentiary or shorten his stay in the asylum which should have received him years ago. The man is an habitual law breaker and a curse to society. He is a fair representive of all that is vicious and depraved, and his unusual strength as a pugilist has enabled him to exert a most pernicious influence, far reaching and tenacious. The hulking rowdy, drunkard and wife-beater is a disgrace to civilization and it is gratifying to know that at last he is to be placed with the convicted criminals where he belongs.

Putting Down Drunkenness.

Wonders have been done by the Danish police, it is said, in putting down drunkenness at least in the streets. It is not your brutal patrol waggon method. No, it is the outcome of a refined and civilized age and an educated policeman. If the Danish constable on his beat comes across a drunken man he first gets his address, then hails a cab, politely assists the inebriate into it, and drives off with him to his home, and after ringing the bell deposits the unhappy individual in the arms of his family. If the man is too drunk or cannot remember his address, he is driven to the police station, and the following morning a fresh cab is hired by the constable to drive the victim to his home. "But who pays for all these cabs?" the anxious inquirer demands. The publican who supplied the man with drink is made responsible. We do not advocate this polite method for Canada, but just mention it to show what constabulary courtesy can do. In the state of Georgia the antithesis of this treatment is proposed for the suppression of street drunkenness. A bill has been introduced into the Legislature making it a misdemeanor for any person to get drunk except on his own premises. The bill provides that if a man does get drunk elsewhere than on his own premises he shall be fined $10 and imprisoned ten days; if he does it again the fine must be $20 and twenty days' imprisonment, and the fine

A NEW TEMPERANCE COLONY.

To Renew The Attempt to Found a Model and Happy Community.

"I arrived here," writes Mr. P. J. Spencer (the honorable Secretary of this movement) from British Columbia to the "Pall Mall Gazette," fifteen months ago, and I have explored Queen Charlotte, Vancouver, and the adjacent islands. I have selected Malcolm Island for the colony; it is about two miles wide by twelve miles long; it has two good harbors. It is about 200 miles north of Victoria. The Lieutenant Governor-General signed the minute in council, reserving the island for us, on the 6th of June last. The Government has agreed to give eighty acres of land for every house we erect value £100, and the settler is to be free from all taxes for twelve months. We have already commenced operations; those who can pay their expenses and keep themselves for the first twelve months are the pioneers. To meet the case of those who cannot do this a public subscription has been opened. We are right in the centre of the salmon industry. British Columbia will be a great manufacturing country. Any amount of coal, and iron, timber, &c. The climate is preferable to England, and we hope to have the prettiest village upon the face of God's earth."

It appears from a further communication sent us by Mr. Spencer that all members of the colony will be required to work eight hours per diem and four hours on Saturday. The committee, on behalf of the members of the commonwealth, will take all responsibility in providing work, medical attendance, food, and clothing for the member and his family, and also provide for the scholastic education of the children, and, in the event of the member being sick, still provide as though he were at work, and if he dies to keep the widow and orphans, &c. Each and every member will have the same interest in the commonwealth. The land will be held in trust by the committee for and on behalf of the members, and clauses will be inserted preventing the manufacture and sale of any intoxicating drinks by any member of the C.T.C.C. A clause will also be inserted preventing the trustees from selling or mortgaging the land or property of the commonwealth, and that there shall always be liberty of conscience; that no creed or dogma shall be insisted upon, the only "test" will be a willingness to conform to "the ten commandments and the sayings of Jesus."

The board of Management will undertake and arrange with each member that every lad will learn some trade, and that each girl shall be instructed in household duties, family dressmaking, needlework, nursing, cooking, singing, pianoforte, and etiquette. No girl will be considered a servant, but will fulfil her appointment as a learner. As soon as the children of the members are old enough to perform the sacred duties of marriage, they will first give the Municipal Board three months' notice of their intention, in order to give the Board time to erect and furnish the house and to make all the necessary arrangements. All marriage will be contracted as by law established. Young men having learned their trade will be at liberty to leave the commonwealth and will be at liberty to return after fulfilling the conditions. No member will be called upon to work after the age of 55, but he may do it voluntarily,

How Newfoundland Farmers Procure Manure.

It may interest many to know how our farmers procure manure for their farms. Between the 13th and 20th of June every year, after the seed is all in and cared for, comes the famous "manure-harvest"—the capelin

such as peaches, apples, etc. Still, most of us have been taught that eating fruit before breakfast is highly dangerous. How the idea originated I do not know, but it is certainly a great error, contrary to both reason and facts. The apple is one of the best of fruits. Baked or stewed apples will generally agree with the most delicate stomach, and are an excellent medicine in many cases of sickness. Green or half-ripe apples stewed and sweetened are pleasant to the taste, cooling, nourishing and laxative, far superior, in many cases to the abominable doses of salts and oil usually given in fever and other diseases. Raw apples and dried apples stewed are better for constipation than liver pills. Oranges are very acceptable to most stomachs, having all the advantages of the acid alluded to; but the orange juice alone should be taken, rejecting the pulp. The same may be said of lemons, pomegranates and all that class. Lemonade is the best drink in fevers, and when thickened with sugar is better than syrup of squills and other nauseants in many cases of cough. Tomatoes act on the liver and bowels, and are much more pleasant and safe than blue mass and "liver regulators." The juice should be used alone rejecting the skins. The small-seeded fruits, such as blackberries, figs, rasperries, currants and strawberries, may be classed among the best foods and medicines. The sugar in them is nutritious, the acid is cooling and purifying, and the seeds are laxative. We would be much the gainers if we would look more to our orchards and gardens and less to our drug stores. To cure fever or act on the kidneys, no febrifuge or diuretic is superior to watermelon, which may with very few exceptions be taken in sickness and health in almost unlimited quantities, not only without injury, but with positive benefit. But in using them, the water, or juice, should be taken, excluding the pulp; and the melon should be fresh and ripe, but not over-ripe and stale.—[Hall's Journal of Health.

How to Disinfect.

Clothing which requires disinfecting should be submitted for about three hours to a temperature of 230 degrees in a chamber charged with sulphuric fumes from a large quantity of sulphur. The chamber should be so constructed as to prevent the fumes from passing off. No germs can stand this.

After a room has been used by a person sick with any contagious disease, it becomes necessary to disinfect it before it is fit to be used again. This is done by removing and burning the paper on the walls, removing the bedsteads and other furniture, and exposing them to air and wind, and giving them a fresh coat of varnish; by having the mattress made over new and the hair boiled; by burning in the room three pounds of sulphur, and by white-washing, painting and papering the room anew.

Now that it is generally conceded that consumption is caused by germs which multiply in the lungs, a method of disinfecting them, which shall be harmless, has been sought for, but as yet without avail. The vapor of creosote, the oil of the eucalyptus and carbolic acid have been tried, and, to some extent, they may paralyze or stun the germs and prevent their rapid increase, but as the passages of the lungs are delicate, and the vapor cannot be brought very near to them without injury, the good effects are slight. But there is one method which cannot fail to prove beneficial, and that is the inhalation of large quantities of fresh, pure air. This is worth more than any disinfectant for the lungs and can do no harm.

A Finnish newspaper is to be started at Houghton, Mich. It should never contain a continued story.

A bill has been introduced into the Legislature making it a misdemeanor for any person to get drunk except on his own premises. The bill provides that if a man does get drunk elsewhere than on his own premises he shall be fined $10 and imprisoned ten days; if he does it again the fine must be $20 and twenty days' imprisonment, and the fine thereafter for each offence is cumulative.

Where "Red Tape" Prevails.

A paymaster in the United States navy gives an exchange the following account of the "red tape" that must be gone through in making purchases for a man-of-war:—Supposing that a paper of tacks is wanted on board a United States ship on a foreign station, the following is the routine actually required under general order No. 48:—Four requisitions are made out, which are signed as follows:—Officer making the requisition, four times, captain eight, paymaster eight, and admiral four. Bids are sent out to five merchants, which are signed by pay officer five times; merchants bidding, five; acceptance of bid, paymaster, one. Bids are then made out in quintuplicate and are signed by the captain five times; paymaster, ten; senior officer of the board of inspection, five; and persons receiving the money, five. A report is attached by the senior officer of the Board of Survey in duplicate, two signatures, and the officer who has made the requisition signs a receipt on the bill five times, when it is complete, with more than half a hundred signatures.—[Philadelphia Ledger.

Lucky Man.

Visitor (looking through the photograph album)—"This, if I mistake not, is a portrait of your deceased husband."

Widow—"It is."

Visitor (with a well-meant effort to say something appropriate)—"What a fine-looking man he was! And so young! But he has escaped many of the trials and sufferings of this life. Ah, me!"

Widow (with a sigh)—"Yes. He died just as I was getting ready to can five dozen boxes of blackberries."

Ashamed of His Wife's Handiwork.

"How do you do, Sam?" said a colored gentleman to one of his cronies the other day. "Why you no come to see a feller? If I lib as near you as you do to me I'd come to see you ebery day." "Da fack is," replied Sam, "my wife patch my trouserloons so all to pieces I 'shamed to go nowhars."

Didn't Want to be Too Precipitate.

Charlie—"Well, Edith, if you are as fond of me as you say, why don't you promise to marry me?"

Edith—"Well, you see, Charlie, I—I—well, the fact is, I—haven't been to Newport yet—nor Saratoga—nor anywhere in fact but here at Long Branch, and one never knows who might be—that is—well, I wish, Charlie, you would wait until the first of November anyway—I'll tell you then."

A Summer Arrangement.

Husband—What a pity that Emma had to go and throw Mr. Coldsnap overboard, for I bought our coal from him last winter. Now next winter I'll have to pay the full price.

Wife—Calm yourself, husband: she is going to renew the engagement in the fall. You see, she broke it in order to become engaged Mr. to Cooler, the man we buy our ice from.

"May heaven's richest blessing rest upon that daughter."

No mariner has ever yet traced lines of latitude and longitude on the conjugal sea. [Balzac.

How Newfoundland Farmers Procure Manure.

It may interest many to know how our farmers procure manure for their farms. Between the 13th and 20th of June every year, after the seed is all in and cared for, comes the famous "manure-harvest,"—the caplin-school. Caplin are a small fish something like the American white fish. They are smaller than herring but much larger than sardines. On the pebbly beaches that fringe the magnificent bays of Newfoundland, they find natural and congenial spawning grounds. About the middle of June, in obedience to the great and universal law of Nature,—the increase and multiplication of species,—they come in immense shoals,—in millions upon millions,—to deposit their spawn upon the pebbly sea-shore. Their mode of depositing the spawn is such as to leave them at the mercy of the innumerable hordes of fishes and fishers that prey upon them. The female is small and smooth, and the male is large and ridged. When spawning they swim in threes, one female between two males; the female fits between the ridges in the males, and they swim parallel, almost as one fish. The males by their pressure aid the female to deposit her spawn, and at the same time they drop their "milt," which fructifies the spawn. It is during this time, while the fish are apparently half-dazed, that the fisherman and farmer reap their harvest. They catch them with seines and cast-nets. With a seine, four or five men in a skiff can easily get from fifty to two hundred barrels of them in a day. The method of seining them is, when the caplin are close to the beach, one end of the seine is fastened ashore with a grapnel and the other end is kept aboard the skiff. The crew row around the great body of caplin and fence in thousands of barrels against the beach. They then dip them out with dip-nets and get many skiff loads—from thirty to fifty barrels in a load,—in one haul. They then land them on wharves or on the beach and haul them away to their farms, where they mix them in the proportion of one load of caplin to five loads of peat, bog or clay. This makes a very strong manure, and as it supplies nearly all the elements of plant food, it forces heavy crops of all kinds. Fishermen also catch them and use them as bait for cod fish. They are a delicious morsel when eaten fresh, and there is a fortune for the man who solves the problem of getting them into the American markets as fresh and as delicious as we get them here. When salted or smoked they make a very good article of food for winter, and many a poor family preserves enough for sale, and to feed themselves, their pigs and hogs for a whole year, till the next caplin-school arrives. Of course, as a manure, they are a god-send to the farmers, many of whom have scarcely any other means of procuring fertilizer in sufficient quantities for their lands. But when looking at the thousands upon thousands of barrels of fresh, delicious fish, so used, it seems almost sinful to destroy such quantities of wholesome and toothsome human food, when so many millions of the race would eat them with a relish if they had the chance.

W. J. C., Villa Nova, Newfoundland.

A Joke that Rebounded.

The Mitchell "Advocate" says:—A commercial traveller, since the elevation of Bishop Walsh, of London, to the Archbishopric of Toronto, is reminded of an occurrence some years ago in a railway car, in which his present lordship took part. An irreverent traveller asked Bishop Walsh, probably not knowing who he was, if he had not heard that in Paris as often as a priest was hanged a donkey was hanged at the same time. The proposed victim of the joke replied in the blandest possible manner, "Well, then, let us both be thankful that we are not in Paris."

Fine Steamships.

The City of New York, except that she is built with a view to record breaking, is very much like any other ocean steamship, but the Teutonic is an innovation. She is the first of several traders ordered to be constructed, and subsidized by the State, that in case of emergency will co-operate with the navy. She recently took part in the naval review off Spithead and was much admired by the Emperor William. The Teutonic is a magnificent vessel—longer than any other ship that ploughs the deep, and as ornate and luxurious as a floating palace. Her saloon of ivory and gold will seat 300 guests, and when illumined with the electric light, is fairylike in its splendour. There is similar lavishness in her library, with its huge cases of well chosen books, and equal taste in her smoke-room, with its rich fittings, delicate decorations, and its imposing paintings of old world navies. Her beautiful lines, her enormous engines, her brilliant lighting are all without previous models, though they indicate very clearly the direction of England's advancement in the future. Except for size and adornment, however, there is not much to distinguish the Teutonic from her seagoing competitors. In length she is 582 feet, in depth 39 feet 4 inches, and in breadth 57 feet 6 inches; while she can boast a displacement of nearly 10,000 tons. Her hurricane deck, which is of great height, is between 80 and 90 yards long, and is unimpeded by the boats, which are all above. At each end of the vessel are strong batteries of Armstrong guns—breechloaders with 6 inch bore; and their efficacy may be gauged by the fact that they possess a range of five miles, and can pierce half a dozen inches of armour when at close quarters. With such an equipment she should be able to beat off at least fifteen out of every twenty assailants, and in the presence of craft with heavier metal she can always show "a clean pair of heels." In a general way the Teutonic will rank as an ordinary liner, but it is part of the compact with the authorities that she shall be ready to obey the Admiralty summons whenever called upon. For this purpose, a portion of her crew are naval reserve men, and, in case of danger, they will not fail to make her an armed cruiser in fact as well as in name.

A Vile Plot Frustrated.

A remarkable interposition of Providence is on record in Paris. In 1766 a young peasant girl went to Paris and was hired as a domestic servant by a man whose reputation was excellent, but who was a hypocrite and a libertine. He made improper proposals to the young girl who refused to understand his meaning or give him any encouragement. This so enraged him that he had her arrested for theft, and secured her conviction by hiding some jewelry in her trunk. The prisoner had no friends to intercede for her and was hanged. The executioner was a novice, bungled over the work, and after repeated attempt to kill the girl imagined he had succeeded, and handed the body over to a dissecting surgeon. The first cut with a knife showed that the girl lived and she was quickly restored. When she opened her eyes she imagined herself in another world, and it was some time before she could be convicted of her escape. Her description of what she saw during her apparent death was listened to with wonder and amazement by her new found friends. She told of lovely parterres with beautiful streams flowing through and round them, of flora and fauna of dazzling gorgeousness, of perpetual sunshine and unmeasurable happiness. The young girl had lived a prosaic life, was poorly educated, and had no imagination at all, if the chronicler is to be credited, and her

HOUSEHOLD.

Old Homes Are Best.

If one runs over the list of the persons known to him he finds very few of more than forty years old living in the houses in which they were born. Of the twenty houses built more than fifty years ago nearest my own, only one is lived in by the family by which it was originally occupied, while most of the others have had numerous successive owners or tenants. Of my own friends near my own age there are but two or three anywhere who live in the houses which their fathers occupied before them. This lack of herditary homes—homes of one family for more than one generation—is a novel and significant feature of new world society. In its effect on the quality of our civilization it has not received the attention it deserves.

The conditions which have brought about this state of things are obvious. The spirit of equality, and the practices, especially in regard to the distribution of property, that have resulted from it; the general change in the standards of living arising from the enormous development of the natural resources of the country, and the consequent unexampled diffusion of wealth and material comfort; the rapid settlement of our immense territory, and the astonishing growth of our old as well as of our new cities, have been unfavorable to the existence of the hereditary home.

There is scarcely a town in the long settled parts of the northern states from which a considerable portion of its people has not gone out in the course of the past fifty years to seek residence elsewhere. Attachment to the native soil, affection for the home of one's youth, the claims of kindred, the bonds of social duty, have not proved strong enough to resist the allurement of hope, the fair promise of bettering fortune, and the love of adventure. The increasing ease and the vast extension of means of communication between distant parts of the country have promoted the movement of the population. —[Scribner's.

Work on Huckaback.

A beautiful burea u cover or buffet scarf is made of a suitable length of fine white huckaback treated as follows: Fringe each end a quarter of a yard in depth; above this draw a row of full faced conventional daisies connected with an undulating stem, and outline the pattern in regular outline stitch with rose colored linen floss. Then, with long needlesful of floss, proceed to darn the huckaback from the fringe up to a few inches above the outline pattern, going up on one line and down on the next with an unbroken thread, leaving the ends long enough to tie in with the white fringe. The material is easily darned with a blunt pointed needle that will readily pick up the cross threads without peircing the goods. When all is done, the flowers which have only been outlined stand up on the pink background in heavy relief.

A stand cover of white linen embroidered in white or colored linen floss commends itself to housekeepers who like things that will wash. One of the prettiest new styles has a border all round of life-sized grape leaves overlapping, embroidered in open stitches. Any one with a clever pencil could make her own design from nature, or one less gifted could use a real leaf for a guide and draw the pencil round it. After the design is ready, buttonhole each leaf all round. The veins of the leaves are done in outline stitch and shaded in honeycomb stitch.

White and unbleached linen damask is much used for all purposes for which linen covers are appropriate. A showy but simple pattern is chosen and this is worked up in all or seeing it done. There is a great deal of knack in bandaging well, and only practice makes this, as it does most things, perfect.

Bandages are used for applying any pressure that may be needed, for fixing dressings and splints, to secure rest to any injured part, etc.

They are usually made of unbleached calico, flannel, linen, muslin, etc. Calico or linen should be washed before use, to take out all the glaze and stiffness.

The length of a finger bandage should be a yard, and its width three quarters of an inch.

An arm bandage should be two and a half inches wide, and three to six yards in length.

A leg bandage should be three inches wide, and eight to twelve yards in length.

A head bandage shou'd be two and a half inches wide, and four to six yards long.

To roll a bandage you should fold the end tightly two or three times, and by so doing make it into a little roll. Hold this by the fingers of both your hands, placing both your thumbs on the top of it. Revolve the roll on its own axis made by the movement of the thumbs, and fasten the end with a pin or a stitch to keep it tightly rolled.

1. Always bandage from within outwards.
2. Begin bandaging from below, and work your bandage upwards.
3. Let the bandage be evenly and firmly applied.
4. Have no wrinkles.
5. When reversing do so on the fleshy part, and never on the sharp edge of a bone.

It is dangerous to bandage too tightly, as that causes constriction, and prevents the circulation of the blood. On the other hand, a bandage that is too loose is almost useless, so that an even pressure is a great thing to aim at.

Choice Recipes.

BLACKBERRY SHORTCAKE.—Make a short cake and roll in two sheets, one thicker than the other. Lay the thinner crust on a well greased baking pan, cover thickly with berries well sugared; lay on the top crust and bake about twenty minutes. Cut into squares.

CREAM PIE.—One large cup of flour, in which put one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, and a small pinch of salt. Break into this three eggs, add one cup white sugar and stir all together. Lastly, add three tablespoonfuls of thick, sweet cream, in which you have dissolved one-half teaspoonful of soda. This makes two pies or cakes.

BLACKBERRY PIE.—Line a pie plate with a good crust; sprinkle a little flour over the bottom, fill with berries, sprinkle over more flour and a cup of sugar. Pour over all a cup of sweet cream and bake quickly.

MOLASSESS PUFFS.—One half cup of sugar, one-half cup of butter, one cup of molasses, one egg, one tablespoonful of ginger, one teaspoonful of soda, one cup of hot water, four cups of flour, and a pinch of salt. Bake in gem pans.

RICH JUMBLES.—One cup of butter, two cups of sugar, two eggs, the juice and grated rind of one lemon, one-half teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a teaspoonful of hot water, a pinch of salt and flour to roll out. Roll very thin and cut in rings with a hole in the centre. Bake in a quick oven, watching them carefully.

TOMATO SOUP.—One quart of tomatoes, peeled and cut up, two heaping tablespoonfuls of flour, one of butter, one teaspoonful of salt, one of sugar, a pint of hot water. Boil the tomatoes in the water until soft. Rub flour, butter, and a tablespoonful of tomato together. Stir into the boiling mixture, add seasoning, boil all together fifteen minutes, rub through a colander, and serve with toasted bread. This bread should first

parterres with beautiful streams flowing through and round them, of flora and fauna of dazzling gorgeousness, of perpetual sunshine and unmeasurable happiness. The young girl had lived a prosaic life, was poorly educated, and had no imagination at all, if the chronicler is to be credited, and her revelations are the more remarkable in consequence. The scoundrel who compassed her ruin was arrested, but acquitted on technical grounds, but the people "loaded him with well-merited reproaches."

Apple Exports.

And now it is apples. The exports from America to Great Britain in the last fiscal year reached a total of 1,401,382 barrels. Of this quanty 481,756 barrels were forwarded from the port of New York, and 380,175 barrels from the port of Boston. Halifax sent 95,122 barrels, and Annapolis only 3,119 barrels—the total less than one-eighth the quanty of New York and Boston shipments. The United States apple growers, it will be seen, are not only supplying their home market, but beating us all hollow in the British market. And ye certain Grit papers have the audacity to tell our farmers and fruit growers that all they need to make them prosperous is unrestricted reciprocity with the States! It is clear that there is little market in the United States for our apples, but fortunately there is an almost unlimited market in Britain. While we have been grasping after the shadow, the United States producers have been reaching out for the substance. If the Grit press had been in the pay of Canada's enemies, the most ingenious could scarcely have devised a policy so well calculated as the advocacy of unrestricted reciprocity to stifle enterprise and prevent our people from adapting themselves to the changed conditions of the world's markets.—[Moncton Times.

Perfumes.

An interest, an individuality belongs to the persons who attach themselves to some fine old scents, once fashionable but nearly forgotten, and who come to be known by the boquet de Caroline, or the honey wtaer which faintly perfumes their handkerchiefs and gloves. Such fancies belong to the persons not quite young, who yet never grow old, but are a betrayal of ardent sensibilities transformed into tastes and keen remembrances. The dulling of time does not take place with such people, it only refines them. Or the delicate old perfume may be carried by one of those young persons, serious and mature beyond the years, who are condensed romances. One can tell a character, or at least its development, by a parfume readily. One thing is curious, but perfectly natural, that perfumers by trade never care to use perfumes, they breathe so much of them.

His Peculiar Way of Expressing It.

A Russian gentleman who has an American wife met some friends of the latter who were travelling in Europe recently, and among other things which he told them concerning her was the fact that she had been bitten by one of his bloodhounds, that had started out and run amuck, so to say, one day upon his estate. The Americans were filled with horror and were eager in their inquiries in regard to what was done and if there were any evil results from the wound. The Russian, who is of high rank, hastened to reassure them.

"There were no bad consequences at all," he assured them. "I took a hot iron and burned out the wound. It smelled a little like mutton chops cooking, but I didn't mind that."

buttonhole each leaf all round. The veins of the leaves are done in outline stitch and shaded in honeycomb stitch.

White and unbleached linen damask is much used for all purposes for which linen covers are appropriate. A showy but simple pattern is chosen and this is worked up in all the pretty stitches at which feminine fingers are so deft, beginning by outlining the design in the stitch generally employed for that purpose.

A Girl's Toilet Articles.

A sensible girl will not keep a lot of cosmetics and drugs on her toilet table, but there are a few articles she should always have in a convenient place. She should have an array of glass stopped bottles containing alcohol, alum, camphor, borax, ammonia and glycerine or vaseline. A little camphor or water may be used as a wash for the mouth and throat if the breath is not sweet. Powdered alum applied to a fever sore will prevent it from becoming very unsightly and noticeable. Insect stings or eruptions on the skin are removed by alcohol. A few grains of alum in tepid water will relieve people whose hands perspire very freely, rendering them unpleasantly moist. A few drops of sulphuric acid in the water are also desirable for those whose feet perspire freely. We should always recommend care in the use of scented soap; in many cases the perfume is simply a disguise for poor quality. A good glycerine or honey soap is always preferable. Of course, one may rely on scented soap from a high class manufacturer, but it costs more than it is worth. In addition to the soap for bathing, white castile should be kept for washing the hair. Occasionally a little borax or ammonia may be used for this purpose, but it is usually too harsh in its effects.

When Women Should Marry.

Probably the best time for the average woman to marry would be any age between 24 and 36. It is not said that no woman should marry earlier or later than either of these ages: but youth and health and vigor are ordinarily at their highest perfection between these two periods. Early marriages are seldom desirable for girls, and that for many reasons. The brain is immature, the reason is feeble, and the character is unformed. The consideration which would prompt a girl to marry at 17 would, in many cases, have little weight with her at 24. At 17 she is a child, at 24 a woman.

Where a girl has intelligent parents, the seven years between seventeen and twenty-four are the period when mind and body are most amenable to wise discipline, and best repay the thought and toil devoted to their development. Before seventeen few girls have learned to understand what life is, what discipline is, what duty is. They cannot value what is best either in the father's wisdom or in the mother's tenderness. When married at that childish period they are like young recruits taken fresh from the farm and the work-shop and hurried off to a long campaign with out any period of preliminary drill and training, or like a school boy removed from school to a curacy without being sent to a theological hall.

Who can help grieving over a child-wife, especially if she have children and a husband who is an inexperienced and possibly exacting boy-man? The ardor of his love soon cools: the visionary bliss of her poetical imagination vanishes like the summer mist: there is nothing left but disappointment and wonder that what promised to be so beautiful and long a day should be clouded almost before sunrise.

Hints About Bandaging.

I question if, even with diagrams, anyone can learn to bandage properly, says a writer, without being actually shown how to do it

of salt, one of sugar, a pint of hot water. Boil the tomatoes in the water until soft. Rub flour, butter, and a tablespoonful of tomato together. Stir into the boiling mixture, add seasoning, boil all together fifteen minutes, rub through a colander, and serve with toasted bread. This bread should first be cut in thin slices; should be buttered, cut into little squares, placed in a pan, buttered side up, and browned in a quick oven.

CORN OYSTERS.—One cupful of flour, half a cupful of melted butter, three tablespoonfuls of milk, two teaspoonfuls of salt, one fourth of a teaspoonful of pepper, one pint of grated corn. Pour the corn on the flour, and beat well; then add the other ingredients, and beat rapidly for three minutes. Have fat in the frying pan to the depth of about two inches. When smoking hot, put in the batter by the spoonful. Hold the spoon close to the fat and the shape of the oyster will be good. Fry about five minutes.

She Wears Man's Clothing.

There is one woman in Missouri who holds a written permit from the Governor of that State to wear a man's dress "anywhere in Missouri outside of cities of 10,000 inhabitants." Her name is Emily Paxton, and she was brought up on a farm by a lady named Conkling, to whom she was given by her father when one month old, on her mother's death. At 15 years old she was taken to Pike county, Missouri, by Mrs. Conkling's brother, and began to work on his farm. By his direction she put on male attire, and for 23 years she has continued to wear it except when visiting a city. She does all "kinds of farm work except chopping," but her favourite occupation is breaking horses to harness. Of these she herself owns three, and has charge of 13. For three years, in partnership with a man, she owned and worked a reaper, until it became so far worn out that the repairs made its further use unprofitable. She cut on an average 10 acres of grain a day. At another time she hauled logs to a saw mill. At present she lives with a family named Willis, at Farmer, Pike county, Mo., an elderly couple and the husband an invalid. She is treated like their own daughter. She has entire charge of their farm of several hundred acres. Although Virginians, and she is a very light quadroon, they show great consideration and regard. Almost everybody knows her in Pike, Audrain, and the adjoining countries, and treats her with respect, though she is known to be a woman in male attire. She wears male dress "because it suits her work," and she prefers outdoor work because she dislikes confinement in the house, and can earn better wages. She owns two tracts of land in Greeley county, Kan., one a homestead claim which she took and made good by actual residence and improvements, the other a "tree claim," on which she has set out ten acres of trees. She disliked the loneliness and isolation of her Kansas life, and says she can do better by carrying on a farm for others than by working on her own.—[Philadelphia Ledger.

The total quantity of coal now annually handled within the limits of the metropolis is upwards of 12,000,000 tons per annum. Within the last 30 years the coal-consump, tion of London has more than doubled.

"What kind of a piece of ice do you call that?" demanded the irate housekeeper, as she gazed upon the infinitesimal lump which the man had brought. "Why, that won't last long enough to pay putting it into the refrigerator." "You'd find it more economical," replied the iceman, "if you would take ice by the season; but, you know, you said you'd get it as you want it." "Yes," responded the housekeeper, with some acerbit, "but I won't want it as I get it."

YOUNG FOLKS.

THE P. R. A. J. SOCIETY.

When Mrs. Burton received a letter from her sister, Mrs. Graham, asking whether Annie Graham could stay with her aunt and cousins from September till the following January, she was much pleased. Annie was twelve years old, just the age of Tom Burton; and as the four other children were much older, their ages ranging from eighteen to twenty four, she thought it would be very pleasant for Tom to have a companion of his own age. The whole family thought a bright little girlwould be an agreeable addition to the household circle; but when Annie came they were much disappointed. Her appearance was pleasing. She had a trim little figure, bright black eyes, pretty dark curls, and, tho' her features were rather irregular, her expression was both amiable and intelligent; her manners, too, were graceful and refined; but she was painfully shy. She seemed troubled if spoken to, and even a glance would cause her to shrink as if trying to hide from every eye. The thought of going to school seemed so distressing that Mrs. Burton dropped the subject and allowed her to stay at home.

Tom was disappointed, and complained to his mother that he could not get acquainted with Annie.

"Never mind, dear," said Mrs. Burton. "I think you will get on together nicely when the ice is once broken"; but Tom feared it never would break.

Tom was a good boy, in the main, tho he had a very quick temper, and he was a good looking boy, but—his hair was red. Now, as some people object to red hair, I should like to describe Tom's as auburn or golden or tawny; but the truth is, that if ever hair was red—genuine, unmistakable, unmitigated, fiery red—that hair was Tom's, and Tom knew it. Poor boy! he couldn't help knowing it, for he had been teased about it from his earliest recollection. His trials began with his elder brothers at home, but they culminated at school when the boys found how it plagued him to have any allusion made to his hair. Battle after battle did Tom fight to compel silence on the subject, but all in vain.

One day when Annie had been at her aunt's for nearly a week, Tom rushed home from school and burst into the sitting-room, where the family were assembled, in such a plight that his appearnce was greeted by a chorus of reproof and remonstrance.

"Dear me, Tom," said fastidious Miss Clara, "you look as tho you had been rolling in an ash-heap."

"The sleeve of your jacket is half torn out and your collar is hanging," said Miss Julia.

"Hello, Tom, what's the matter with your eyes?" said Will. "They don't match; one's blue and the other's black."

"Sullivan's nothing to you, Tom," said Bert. "You're a regular fighting phenomenon."

"Tom, dear, I hope you haven't been fighting again," said Mrs. Burton.

"Yes, I have, Mother," said Tom. "The fellows won't let me alone, and I won't stand being called Carrot-top by any one."

"Nonsense!" said Miss Julia. "What harm does the name do you?"

"A rose by any other name," quoted literary Bert.

"The boys are only in fun," said Miss Clara.

"And your hair *is* red, Tom," said Will, eying the said hair critically, with the air of having his attention called to it for the first time.

"You should try not to give way to anger about such a trifle, dear," said Mrs. Burton.

of Mr. Punch, and other suggestive objects.

Tom and Annie were in the highest spirits as they sat side by side, writing and numbering the remarks and jokes—"missiles," as they agreed to call them. Annie's shyness was quite forgotton, her black eyes shone, and she was full of animation. Bedtime came before the stock of "missiles" was exhausted.

The next day Mrs. Burton again suggested Annie's going to school, and she made no objection. Annie was very much liked by teachers and pupils, and she was much less shy than usual; for, if she did not succeed in forgetting her unfortunate nose, she was cheered by the thought that any remarks made upon it would swell the number recorded in her blank-book, and she was becoming very anxious to excel Tom in this regard. Annie thought that her being a stranger gave Tom an unfair advantage; but Tom said that was balanced by the fact that "the fellows knew he would thrash any one that spoke of his hair." Tom did not know that it was his very rage at such allusions that tempted the boys to make them. Before long his old enemy, Sam Whitney, returned to the charge.

"Hello, Woodpecker," he called out to Tom, "I wish you'd get your hair cut. If you don't I'll have to get a pair of green goggles to wear if you are going to sit in front of me.

"Get them then," said Tom saying to himself, with a feeling of satisfaction, "That makes 107." Sam was surprised at Tom's coolness, and kept on with speeches intended to be provoking, which Tom quietly recorded in his book, bringing his number up to 112. Tom and Annie had agreed that a joke repeated should count the same as a new one, Annie sagely remarking that old jokes were the most provoking of all.

After a time so many such que tions arose that at Will's suggestion they made up a set of rules, and formed themselves into a secret society of two members, each wearing a badge, on whith was inscribed the mystic letters P. R. A. J. S., signifing "Personal Remarks and Jokes Society." They each carried a little notebook, in which they made notes in a kind of short-hand of their own invention, to be afterward copied into the larger book. Of course, these badges and note-books excited the curiosity of the other pupils, but Tom and Annie could not be persuaded to divulge their meaning, till, one day, Annie said:

"Tom, I feel very sorry for Cornie Scott. She is a dear girl, but she is rather stout, and some of the girls make fun of her. Cornie never gets angry, but I found her crying to-day, because Ida Loring called her a porpoise. Suppose we invite her to join our Society?"

"Agreed," said Tom, "if you will let me invite Ned Warren. He's a good fellow, but some of the boys laugh at him, because he's cross-eyed.

The Society, thus enlarged to include four members, began to hold regular meetings, at which each member was addressed by a name that had been originally bestowed in derision. Annie was Sword-fish, Tom, Woodpecker, Ned was known as Bat, while Cornie cheerfully responded to the title of Porpoise. Each had a book, modeled after those originally made by Tom and Annie, and diligently collected "missiles," tho it was soon evident Cornie's would exceed all the others, her list growing at a wonderful rate. The Society grew more and more to be a social club, and was soon jointed by Charley Gibson, a freckled boy, enrolled as Leopard, and Emma Davis, a tall, thin miss, who meekly bore the title of Giraffe.

The P. R. A. J. Society was kept up during the whole of Annie's stay, and it proved more useful than many societies more pretentious.

When it came time for Annie to return

HOME OF THE WHITE ANTS.

A Pillar of Clay About Five Feet High, with a Complicated Interior.

A letter from Australia says: "Upon the brow of a small rounded eminence there stood a sort of pillar of clay about five feet high, which had once filled up the center of a hollow tree, the shell of which had been, from time to time, broken and burned away. This pillar was the work of white ants. As it interfered with the working of the plow, I commenced breaking and digging it down, not without some difficulty.

"The clay, which was surprisingly stiff, hard, and dry, broke off in large fragments. At length, near the level of the surface of the ground, a rounded crust was uncovered, looking like the crown of a dome. On breaking through this the whole city of the ants was laid bare—a wonderful mass of cells, pillars, chambers, and passages. The spade sunk perhaps two feet among the crisp and crackling ruins, which seemed formed either of the excavated remnant of the tree or a thin, shell-like cement of clay.

"The arrangement of the interior was singular. The central part had the appearance of innumerable small branching pillars, like the minutest stalactitic productions. Towards the outer part the materials assumed the appearance of thin laminae, about half the thickness of a wafer, but most ingeniously disposed in the shape of low elliptic arches, so placed that the center of the arch below formed the resting place for the abutment of the arch above.

"These abutments again formed sloping platforms for ascent to the higher apartments. In other places I thought I could discern spiral ascents not unlike geometrical staircases.

"The whole formed such an ingenious specimen of complicated architecture and such an endless labyrinth of intricate passages as could bid defiance to art and to Ariadne's clew. But even the affairs of ants are subject to mutation. The great city was deserted—a few loiterers alone remained to tell to what race it had formerly belonged. Their great storehouse had become exhausted—even the very roots had been laid under contribution, till at last its myriads of inhabitants had emigrated to begin anew their operations in some other soil."

Eel Skins for Rheumatism.

A reporter the other day paid a visit to Billingsgate and made some inquiries. One of the largest eel dealers in the great London fish market gave some interesting information on the subject.

"Well," he said, "I know of numbers of cases in which they have been used with complete success. They are stretched on a board and dried; then to make them pliant they are slightly moistened and tied around the suffering limb. They are worn as garters, anklets, bracelets and armlets. They are even worn around the waist—next to the skin, of course—for lumbago and sciatica. Hundreds of cabmen wear them and swear by them; and I have a number of gentleman customers in the country who ask me to send them eel skins to give away to the poor people of their districts. Persons who have once worn them will never be without them if they can help it. But I cannot tell you what medicinal property they possess; perhaps after all it is only warmth for of course they must form an almost air-tight bandage, like a piece of gutta percha or goldbeater's skin. Perhaps it is only fancy, and that goes a very long way, as you probably know. Why, I have heard that a skein of silk tied round the waist will cure lumbago, or round the knee will cure rheumatism in the leg. Now

aying the said hair critically, with the air of having his attention called to it for the first time.

"You should try not to give way to anger about such a trifle, dear," said Mrs. Burton. "You should cultivate a forgiving spirit."

"This fighting must stop, sir," said Mr. Burton, sternly. "Don't let me hear any more of it."

Then, to the utter astonishment of every one, another voice was heard, and Annie Graham spoke, voluntarily, for the first time since she had entered the house. She spoke in a clear, rather high pitched, slightly plaintive voice, that gave distinctness to every word.

"I know just how you feel about your hair, Tom, for it is just the way I have felt a great many times."

Every one was amazed: even Mr. Burton laid down his paper when Annie spoke, and every eye was fixed upon her. Tom was as surprised as the others, but he said:

"How can you know anything about it, Annie?" with an appreciative glance at Annie's dark curls. "Your hair isn't red."

"No," said Annie, solemnly, "it's my nose."

"Why, that isn't red, either," said Will, laughing.

"No," said Annie, in the same clear, plaintive voice, "but it's so large. It is dreadful to have such a nose; it seems to cast a shadow over my whole existence." Will opened his mouth, seeing a chance for another joke, but, at a sign from his mother, he shut it again, and Annie continued:

"I think a large nose is even more trying than red hair, for you can dye your hair, or cut it off and wear a wig, or it may turn gray; but a large nose can never possibly grow smaller, and, as you grow older, it will look even larger. I never can forget my nose. It has been laughed at ever since I was a little, tiny girl, and every one that saw me would say: 'What a large nose that child has!' The girls at school laugh at it, and one of them was angry at me, and nicknamed me 'Sword-fish,' and the others took it up. I dread to go to a new place. I dreaded even to come to see you, and go to school here, on account of my nose."

Annie paused, and Tom, whose own trials had taught him something in regard to personal sensitiveness, said:

"I don't think your nose is bad-looking at all, Annie; and, even if it were a great deal larger than it is, it couldn't be so bad as my red hair, for it doesn't give a chance for so many jokes. After any one has said it is large they can't say any more."

"Oh, you do not know," said Annie, "the number of jokes that can be made on a large nose. I believe they would fill a volume."

"Those on my hair would fill a whole set of volumes," said Tom.

"Suppose you put the matter to the test," said Will. "Each of you take a blank-book, and write in it all the personal remarks and jokes you can recall, and see which has the most."

"Agreed," said Tom. "I'll bet I'll get the most."

"And I feel sure that I will," said Annie; "but we will try."

By the time evening came Tom and Annie had each a blank book in readiness. Miss Clara helped to make them, and they were very pretty. The covers were of stiff, cream colored paper. On Tom's was painted a boy's head, crowned by a carrot of brilliant orange, while around the edge ran a fantastic border of poppies, torches, flamingoes, comets, and other objects of sanguinary hue. On the cover of Annie's book was a swordfish, and the border was made up of elephant's trunks, crane's bills, heads [illegible] of Giraffe.

The P. R. A. J. Society was kept up during the whole of Annie's stay, and it proved more useful than many societies more pretentious.

When it came time for Annie to return home, there was general regret at her departure.

"We shall miss you very much, my dear," said Mrs. Burton. "You have been like a little sunbeam in the house. I hardly thought that would be so when you first came to us, a little maiden all forlorn."

"We had only to wait till the ice was broken," said Miss Clara.

"And I think," said Annie, laughing, "it was my big nose that broke the ice."

"Or my red hair," said Tom.

"Your hair may have melted it," said Will.

And Tom never winced, but only thought: "Another joke! That makes 253!"—[N. Y. Independent.

Plain Talk.

With its habitual ignorance of all subjects requiring work and study, the Rochester "Democrat" (Rep.) says that for 140 years previous to the sale of Alaska to the United States "Russia enjoyed undisputed sovereignty over the waters of Behring Sea." Read what Secretary Adams wrote on the 22nd July, 1823, to our Minister in St. Petersburg in regard to Russia's claims to exclusive control of Behring Sea:—"The United States can admit no part of these claims. Their right of navigation and of fishery is perfect, and has been in constant exercise from the earliest times after the peace of 1783." How the "Democrat's" greatest statesman on earth will get Great Britain to acknowledge what we disputed so emphatically, no one can tell; but if Mr. Blaine should engage in any such tremendous undertaking, we can readily imagine what kind of a hole he will leave his organ in.—[New York Post.

Culture in the West

A teacher who had asked a girl to purchase a grammar received the following note from the little girl's mother:

"I do not desire that Mattie shall ingage in grammer, as I prefer her to ingage in more yousful studies and can learn her to speak and write proper myself. I went through two grammars, and I can't say as they done me no good—I prefer Mattie to ingage in German and drawing and vokal music on the piano."

Taxation Without Representation

Sexton—"Mr. Healthy, I called to get your share of the fund annually subscribed for keeping the cemetery in repair."

Mr. Healthy—"Well, I've contributed for fifteen years and none of my family have as yet got a cent's worth of benefit from it."—[Omaha World.

Tea is so little an article of necessity in France that the total consumption in 1888 for 38,000,000 of inhabitants was only a little over 1,000,000 lb., the greater part of which was probably consumed by English, American, and Russian visitors and residents. The average per head of the population was 13½ grammes, or less than half an ounce. The use of tea, instead of increasing, is diminishing, as the average per head was 14½ grammes in 1886 and 1887. Coffee, on the other hand, increases in favour, and the consumption has more than quadrupled since 1841, and nearly doubled since 1861. It reached its maximum of 136,000,000 lb. in 1886, and was 134,000,000 lb., or more than 3½ lb. per head, in 1888.

gutta percha or goldbeater's skin. Perhaps it is only fancy, and that goes a very long way, as you probably know. Why, I have heard that a skein of silk tied round the waist will cure lumbago, or round the knee will cure rheumatism in the leg. Now what earthly medicinal property can there be in a skein of silk? Of course the skins are generally considered as refuse or offal, and are consequently thrown away."

Life on a Cuban Plantation.

In Dakota and Manitoba the employment on single wheat estates of a hundred reapers and an aggregate of three hundred laborers for a season has been regarded as something unprecedented in agricultural industry; but on one sugar estate in Cuba—"El Balboa"—from fifteen hundred to two thousand hands, invariably negroes, are employed, who work under severe discipline, in watches or relays, during the grinding season, by day and night, the same as in the large iron-mills and furnaces of the United States and Europe. At the same time there are few village communities where a like number of people experience the same care and surveillance. The male workers occupy quarters walled and barricaded from the women, and the women from the men. There are in all villages an infirmary, a lying-in hospital, a physician, an apothecary, a chapel, and priest. At night and morning mass is said in chapel, and the crowds are always large. There is of a Sunday less restraint, though ceaseless espionage is never remitted. On these days and in parts of holidays there are rude mirth, ruder music, and much dancing. This picture is given somewhat in detail, because it illustrates how all-pervading and tremendous are the forces that are modifying society everywhere, in civilized, partially civilized, and even barbarous countries, conjointly with the new conditions of production and consumption.—[Popular Science Monthly.

"The Imperial Bagman."

Emperor William of Germany well deserves the name of "The Imperial Bagman," given to him by London humorists. Hurrying from the naval review at Spithead, he immediately appeared conducting the sham fight at Spandau for the entertainment of the Emperor of Austria. The most interesting feature of this display was the use of the new smokeless powder which is the latest invention relied upon to increase the efficiency of small arms. Wherever William the German sovereign goes it is not the people of the country that he visits or peaceful institutions that he inspects. It is the army or the navy that he is everywhere anxious to see, in his eagerness not to keep the peace, but to study the most approved methods of making war. The essentially military character of European monarchies is a fearful feature in present civilization, and the Emperor William seems to be the very incarnation of restless warlike rule. How different was the course of his father, "Frederick the Noble," in observing foreign lands! But the spirit of Frederick has died with him, and dragoonism dominates the Empire he sought to lead in the paths of peace. That general harmony cannot long be reserved during the strain of the rivalry between nations in warlike equipment and construction, is certain. European powers must inevitably soon fight or disarm, and the ascendency of the element typified by Germany's young Emperor does not tend toward disarmament.

Time for Action.

Auntie—"Charlie, your father is calling you"

Charlie—"Yes, I hear him. But he is calling 'Charlie.' I don't have to go till he yells 'Charles!'"

CHINESE AND THEIR WAYS.

They Know Better Than Any Other People What Economy Means.

The Chinese are preeminently economical, whether it be in limiting the number of wants, in preventing waste, or in adjusting forces in such a manner as to make a little represent a great deal. The universal diet consists of rice, beans, millet, garden vegetables, and fish, with a little meat on high festivals. Wholesome food in abundance may be supplied at less than a penny a day for each adult, and even in famine times thousands of persons have been kept alive for months on about a halfpenny a day each. This implies the existence of a high degree of culinary skill in the Chinese. Their modes of preparing food are thorough and various. There is no waste; everything is made to do as much duty as possible. What is left is the veriest trifle. The physical condition of the Chinese dog or cat, who has to live on the leavings of the family, shows this. They are clearly kept on starvation allowances.

The Chinese are not extremely fastidious in regard to food; all is fish that comes to their net, and most things come there sooner or later.

CERTAIN DISTURBANCES

of the human organization, due to eating diseased meat, are well recognized among the people, but it is considered better to eat the meat the cheapness of which is certain, and run the risk of the consequences, which are not quite certain, than to buy dear meat even with the assurance of no evil results. Indeed, the meat of animals which have died of ordinary ailments is rather dearer than that of those which have died in an epidemic such as pleuro-pneumonia. Another example of careful, calculating economy is the construction of the cooking pots and boilers, the bottoms of which are as thin as possible that the contents may boil all the sooner, for fuel is scarce and dear, and consists generally of nothing but the stalks and roots of the crops, which make a rapid blaze and disappear. The business of gathering fuel is committed to children, for one who can do nothing else can at least pick up straws and leaves and weeds. In autumn and winter a vast army of fuel gatherers spread over the land. Boys ascend trees and beat them with clubs to shake all the leaves; the very straws get no time to show which way the wind blows before they are annexed by some collector.

Similarly professional manure collectors swarm over all the roads of the country. Chinese women carry this minute economy into their dress.

NOTHING COMES AMISS TO THEM;

if it is not used in one place it is in another, where it appears as a thing of beauty. Foreign residents who give their cast-off clothes to Chinese may be assured the career of usefulness of these garments is at last about to commence. Chinese wheelbarrows squeak for want of a few drops of oil, but to people who have no nerves the squeak is cheaper than the oil. Similarly dirt is cheaper than hot water, and so, as a rule, the people do not wash. The motto, "Cheaper than dirt," which the soap dealer puts in his windows, could not be made intelligible to the Chinese. To them the average foreigners are mere soap wasters.

Scarcely any tool can be got ready made, it is so much cheaper to buy the parts and put them together for yourself, and as almost everybody takes this view, ready made tools are not to be got. Two rooms are dimly lighted with a single lamp deftly placed in a hole in the dividing wall. Chinese, seem to be capable of doing anything by means of almost nothing. They will give you an iron foundry on a minute scale of completeness in a back

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MANUFACTURERS OF FINE CARRIAGE VARNISHES & JAPANS
4 SILVER MEDALS AWARDED
MONTREAL

CHADWICK'S SPOOL COTTON
For Hand and Machine Use.
HAS NO SUPERIOR.
ASK FOR IT.

LEATHEROID STEEL-LINED TRUNKS
In Sample, Ladies' and all other kinds.
Lightest and Strongest TRUNKS In the World.
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HOTEL BALMORAL. MONTREAL.
Notre Dame St., one of the most central and elegantly furnished Hotels in the City. Accommodation for 400 guests.
Rates: $2 to $3 per day. S. V. WOODRUFF, Manager.

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Sole Ag'ts for Canada, J. PALMER & SON
Wholesale Imp'trs of DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, 1743 NOTRE DAME ST., MONTREAL.

DOMINION LEATHER BOARD COMPANY,
Manufacturers of ASBESTOS MILLBOARD Steam Packing,
FRICTION PULLEY BOARD,
This is a Perfect Friction

RECKITT'S BLUE.
THE BEST FOR LAUNDRY USE.

PAPERS Wrapping, Manilla, NEWS.
NEW ENGLAND PAPER CO.
ALL SIZES AND WEIGHTS TO ORDER
21 DeBresoles St.
MILLS: PORTNEUF, P.Q.

JOHNSTONS FLUID BEEF
THE GREAT STRENGTH GIVER
A PERFECT FOOD FOR THE SICK
A WARMING & NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE
A POWERFUL INVIGORATOR

Business Cards.

MORDON & WILSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Conveyancers, &c., Napanee.
A. L. MORDEN, W. G. WILSON, Co. Crown Attorney.

DEROCHE & MADDEN, BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napane.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D.C.P.S. (LATE House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital, Physician, Surgeon, etc. Office in the Downey residence, between Mr. W. Pruyn's and the late residence of Dr. Clark, John Street, Napanee.

DR. FOWLER'S EXT. OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURES CHOLERA Cholera Morbus COLIC and CRAMPS DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY
AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

FREE LANDS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

There are no better Free Lands in the world than those offered the home seeker in Minnesota and Dakota on the line of the St. Paul Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth

Offer exceptional markets for all the farmer can produce, and the nearness of these markets make freight rates low from all points in Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota, consequently the farmer gets more for his products than if he were a thousand miles removed from civilization.

EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES
good churches, schools and congenial society

tools are not to be got. Two rooms are dimly lighted with a single lamp deftly placed in a hole in the dividing wall. Chinese, seem to be capable of doing anything by means of almost nothing. They will give you an iron foundry on a minute scale of completeness in a back yard, and will make in an hour a cooking range, a strong and perfect draught, out of a pile of mud bricks, lasting indefinitely, operating perfectly, and costing nothing. The old woman who in her last moments hobbled as near as possible to the family graveyard in order to die so as to avoid the expense of coffin bearers was Chinese.

A Love Romance of Royalty.

The Princess Dagmar, before she became the wife of the Czar and relinquished her own name in favor of that of Marie Feodorovna, has also had her girlish romance: "She was engaged to his elder brother, the Czarevitch, a tall, handsome man, with fine clear-cut features, closely resembling his beautiful mother, and she loved him with all the fervor of a young ardent heart. In 1865, at Nice, the Grand Duke Nicholas fell from his horse and was so badly injured that his life was despaired of. His fiance hastened to him, and never left his side till he breathed his last. The succession to the throne devolved upon the Grand Duke Alexander. He stood by the deathbed of the Czarevitch, who, in presence of the Emperor and Empress, placed the hand of the weeping Dagmar into his, saying to her with almost his last words: 'Marry my brother; he is true as crystal, and I wish it.' Enforced by political reasons, this bequest was law to the bereaved girl.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the forumla of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nerveus Debillty and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by addressing with name, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes 149 "Powers' Block, Rochester N. Y.

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an accholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from the administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

An Important Improvement.

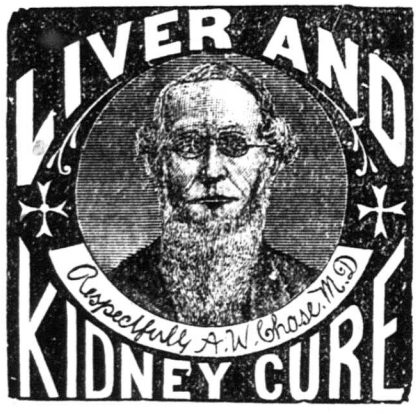
The NEW SOFT STOP and Practice Pedal attachment to a NEWCOMBE UPRIGHT PIANO saves the nerves of the listener or performer, WHEN PRACTISING, as well as the instrument from wear, and preserves the tone.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds Machinery repaired on the short notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

NEW ENGLISH WEIGHTS TO ORDER 21 DeBresoles St. MILLS: PORTNEUF, P.Q.

A WARMING & NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE
A POWERFUL INVIGORATOR



DR. CHASE

Has a world wide reputation as a physician and author. His Mandrake Dandelion Liver Cure is a triumph of medical skill, curing all diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

SYMPTOMS OF

KIDNEY COMPLAINT. — Distressing aches and pains in the back; a dull pain or weight in the bladder and base of the abdomen; scalding urine often obstructed; frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, among aged persons; hot, dry skin, pale complexion, red and white deposits, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, piles, dropsical swellings, etc.

SYMPTOMS OF

LIVER COMPLAINT.—Pain under shoulder blades, jaundice, sallow complexion, a weary, tired feeling, no life or energy, headache, dyspepsia, indigestion, spots, pimples, etc.

HOW CURED.

Mandrake and Dandelion are nature's Liver cures, and when combined with Kidney remedies, as in Dr. Chase's Liver Cure, will positively cure all Kidney-Liver troubles It acts like a charm, stimulating the clogged liver, strengthening the kidneys and invigorating the whole body. Sold by all dealers at $1, with Receipt Book, which alone is worth the money.

KIDNEY LIVER PILLS. Dr. Chase's Pills are the only Kidney Liver Pills made. They act gently, yet effectively. May be taken during any employment. They cure Kidney-Liver troubles, headache, biliousness, costiveness, etc. One Pill a dose. Sold by all dealers; price, 25 cents.

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EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES
good churches, schools and congenial society

Thousands of acres in the famous Turtle Mountain, Devils Lake and Mouse River country—all free.

Write for new pamphlet, "Free Homes in a New State," and other particulars to

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F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt, St. Paul, Minn.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

STREETSVILLE, P. Q., May 3, 1889.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.
Gentlemen.—I have used Kendall's Spavin Cure for **Spavins** and also in a case of lameness and **Stiff Joints** and found it a sure cure in every respect. I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.
Very respectfully yours,
CHARLES J. BLACKALL.

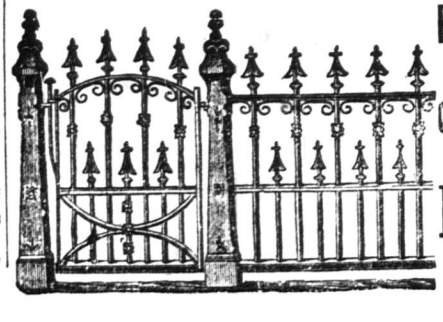
KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ST. THOMAS, P. Q., April 22, 1889.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.
Gents:—I have used a few bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure on my colt, which was suffering from Influenza in a very bad form, and can say that your Kendall's Spavin Cure made complete and rapid cure. I can recommend it as the best and most effective liniment I have ever handled. Kindly send me one of your valuable books entitled "A Treatise on the Horse." Yours respectfully,
I. F. WILKINSON.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

FORT ELLICE, MAN., May 10, 1889.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO, Enosburgh Falls, Vt.
Gentlemen:—I always keep your Kendall's Spavin Cure and Blister on hand and they have never failed in what you state they will do. I have cured a bad case of Spavin and also two cases of Ringbone of years standing, on mares which I bought to breed from, and have not seen any signs of disease in their offspring. Yours truly,
D. J. O'KEEFFE.

Price **$1** per bottle, or six bottles for **$5**. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



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BUILDERS' IRON WORK,
Office Railings, Lawn Furniture
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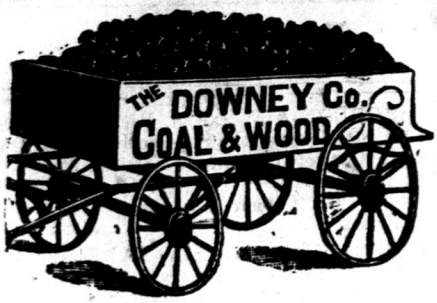

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Chestnut, No. 4, Stove, Egg, Grate, Blossburg.

Put your coal in before broken weather sets in and prices advance.

All Coal Screened.

Hard and Soft Wood

THE DOWNEY CO.

Foot Centre Street, · · Napanee, Ont.

4189ly

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Having purchased J. H. Gallagher's stock of School Books we are able to supply everything required for school at a big discount. Come while the bargains last.

Large 200 page scribbler for 4 cents.

Best copy books from 3 cents up.

Big slate for 5 cents.

Window Shades

50cts up, all complete. First-class spring roller fit any window for 15cts.

School Supplies

as well as all other stock will be sold at less than can be laid down by other dealers.

Remember the place

Madden's BookStore.

3789cm C. P. R. Tickets and Telegraph.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, SEP. 13, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

Camfield Shorey,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
1589fm Camden East., Ont.

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—A baby carriage for sale. Apply at J. C. Huffman's, Bridge street.

—Joy & Sons sent a car load of wagons, buggies, etc, to Manitoba this week.

—What about a block pavement crossing between the Dominion bank and Daly's corner.

—Be sure and read the Montreal Clothing House column of advertisement. You will profit by it.

—Another big excursion per N. T. & Q. R. R. and Str. Quinte to the Murray ditch on Tuesday last.

—Wanted—A copy of Meacham's Atlas of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington. Apply at THE EXPRESS office.

—The town council have discharged their pound boy and have employed a new one. Look out for your dogs.

—Mr and Mrs. Silas J. Vrooman left on Tuesday for Buffalo N. Y., to make a two weeks visit with their daughter.

—Mr. and Mrs. John N. Metzler left last Tuesday for Buffalo, N. Y. and other places for a few weeks visit with friends.

—An interesting case is about to be tried where the landlord is charged with selling liquor to a man while in a state of intoxication.

—On Monday Mr. Taylor of the Royal Hotel was fined $20 and costs for having the bar open and selling liquor at one o'clock Sunday morning.

—The Napanee Base Ball club will go to Kingston on Monday next to play the Princess street nine. Any parties wishing to go down will please leave word at the EXPRESS office.

—Benjamin Frink was successful in securing first prizes on a Durham bull and calf at Picton fair. Mr. Marshall Bogart succeeded in getting 1st prize on aged Durham bull, weighing 2100.

—The Swiss Bell Ringers had a good house here on Saturday night, and on Monday night the Hall at Deseronto was packed to its utmost capacity. About two hundred could not obtain admission.

—Mr. John Kerr, of Verona, met with a severe accident on the 30th of August. A stallion bit him on the forearm breaking the bone in three or four places. Dr. Yeoman's, Enterprise, dressed the arm and has some hopes of saving it.

—Last Sunday afternoon some men and boys raided Rev. E. N. Baker's garden, at Port Hope, and carried off all of the ripe pears. He was never treated that way while in Napanee. What's the matter with Port Hope anyway?

—It is whispered around that Dr. Meacham went to the Harvest Home at Wilton on Wednesday, with the full expectation of being chairman. He was'nt asked to speak and he felt the snubbing keenly. The Doctor's influence in Ernesttown is about down to zero.

—Our local Cricket Club went to Peterborough on Wednesday for the purpose of teaching the sports of that town how to handle the willow. When they had finished the lesson, the score stood 124 to 115 in favor of Peterborough and our chaps came home sadder but wiser men.

—The Messrs. Benjamin, sons of Henry Benjamin, Esq., of Ernesttown, left on Monday last for Brandon, Manitoba, taking with them a carload of stock and implements. They will work the farm of ex-mayor Joy, near the city of Brandon. We wish them success in their operations in the Prairie Province.

—Fred Freeman went back his name by indulging in tangle leg. He started out with the idea that being a freeman he could not be enslaved, but alas, for the frailty of

—R. H. Potter attended the Picton fair and was one of the successful ones with stock as usual.

—Mayor Carscallen has been playing the "Tory brother" in great style this week and has been exhibiting himself in anything but a creditable manner. It seems that one Frank Judd has been employed by the corporation in enforcing the dog by-law. In the discharge of his duty he captured and impounded the dog of one Charles Bartlett. This man Bartlett figures as something of a pugilist, having been fined a few months ago for an attack on Mr. Vanluven. Bartlett met Judd on the market square on Wednesday morning and gave him a severe beating, kicking and striking the poor man in a shameful manner. Judd sought redress from the Mayor; but as Bartlett is a good Tory, it would not do to offend him, so poor Judd was put off on various pretexts. He then went to the Police Magistrate and laid an information against Bartlett for an assault. The case was to have been tried yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, but Bartlett, after trying to get the matter settled, went to Judd and told him that the Mayor wanted to see him down at his office. It was then nearly four o'clock. Judd went down to Carscallen's office and was kept there on various pretexts until Bartlett had been before the Police Magistrate and had the case dismissed because of the non-appearance of the complainant. Instead of protecting a corporation official in the discharge of his duty, the Mayor lends himself to screen a guilty party. It is not a very comforting thought that we have as a chief magistrate a man who will lend himself to such a piece of business. We believe that there has been a shameful miscarriage of justice in this matter.

School Board Meeting.

The School Board met in the council room Tuesday Sept 10th. Members all present except Messrs. Fralick, Preston and Templeton.

Minutes of previous meeting read and confirmed.

A communication from Education department received, advising the payment of $4 for matriculation fees.

A communication from Provincial Treasurer's Department enclosing check for $469 half year grant to High school.

The committee on buildings, recommend the removal of the folding doors in the room on the right side of the hall in the High school building, and the re-adjustment of the seats, in order to afford more accommodation. Adopted.

The committee reported that they had engaged Mr. Long as teacher in the High school at a salary of $800 per annum.

A number of accounts were passed and ordered to be paid.

Died of Grief.

It is our sad duty to record the death of Mrs. Ellen Campbell McHenry, widow of Alexander McHenry, which sad event took place last Saturday evening at her late residence in this town. On the 1st September her son, Prof. Donald C. McHenry, died at Niagara-on-the-Lake, and his remains were brought here and placed in the Napanee cemetery on the 3d of the month. The shock was more than the grief-stricken mother could bear, and on Saturday evening 7th September, she quietly yielded up her spirit to join the loved ones who had preceded her to a world where sorrow is unknown.

Donald, whom she loved as only a mother can, was gone, life seemed to have lost all charms for her, and she died; literally of a broken heart, in the seventh-eighth year

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—A. S. Kimmerly is continually cutting prices on every article in the grocery line. How the grocers do kick, but it is no use for I will continue to undersell sugars way down. Call and see, and get my prices before buying. Save money. New teas daily arriving, a fresh lot of that choice 40c. tea I am selling at 25 cts. per lb., just at hand. Pedlars and other grocers cannot compete.

—Wanted—a cook. Apply to Mrs. Wilkison, East street.

—Farm to rent—One of the best in South Fredericksburgh. Apply at once to Mrs. Edith Box, Dorland P. O.

—For sale—A first class brick house in thorough repair. For particulars apply at THE EXPRESS office. adv. tf.

—A quantity of picket fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—Just look at the label on your paper and see if you are in arrears for THE EXPRESS. If you owe us anything please pay up at once.

—Quite a number of Napaneeans went to Picton on Tuesday expecting to return by the evening boat. For some inexplicable reason the Rathbun Co'y cancelled the boat so that many were seriously inconvenienced.

—If you want a jolly time go to the Harvest Home excursion to Kingston and Alexandria Bay, per steamer Hero, to-morrow. Tickets only fifty cents. Boat calls at Deseronto, Adolphustown, Bath and other Bay ports if flagged.

—On Sunday morning next, Rev. S. Card will occupy the pulpit of the Western Methodist church; subject "The True relation of a converted person to God and to Heaven." Service at 10·45 a.m. In the evening Rev. J. B. Clarkson will conduct the service.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—Word has been received of the death of William Henry Hayes at Seattle, Washington Territory. Deceased was a nephew of William Hayes of this town and lived with him for many years. He married a Miss Norris of Napanee and she survives him. Deceased also leaves a mother, Mrs. James Burns, of Syracuse, N. Y. to mourn his loss.

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three-fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—M. W. Simpkins, of Newburgh, has decided not to exhibit his large stock of sewing and knitting machines this year at the fall shows. Owing to his bereavement, by the death of his wife, he feels unable to attend such places and push business. He is, however, attending to all orders sent by mail with his usual promptness. You can rely upon being faithfully served by ordering by mail. The machines sold by Mr. Simpkins are all of the very best makes and do not get out of repair. Write to him for particulars. Address, M. W. Simpkins, Newburgh, Ont. 4089d

the Prairie Province.

—Fred Freeman went back his name by indulging in tangle leg. He started out with the idea that being a freeman he could not be enslaved, but alas for the frailty of human nature, he found that a freeman cannot fool with forty rod dead shot, without Jerry getting on his track and making him another kind of a man.

—Francis Martin is in gaol here awaiting trial at next week's assizes, on two charges of rape. Messrs. Herrington and Warner have been retained to defend him. We have been unable to learn particulars, but are told that Martin lives near Tamworth and that he is charged with attempting to outrage his two daughters, aged fifteen and sixteen years respectively.

—The case of Wilson re the Grand Trunk railway has been settled by the company paying Mr. Wilson $1700, each party paying their own cost. We understand that the cases of Vanslyck vs. the G. T. R. and Webster vs. the G. T. R. have also been settled, but don't know the terms. These cases were to have been tried at the assizes next week.

—The Toronto Industrial Fair is now in full blast and is more attractive than ever. On Monday and Wednesday of next week there will be especially low rates on the Grand Trunk and doubtless hundreds will avail themselves of them. The Industrial will not close until the twenty-first of this month and every day next week there will be special features. Canada's Great Fair ought to be visited by everyone.

—Through the efforts of W. D. Madden, the popular ticket agent of the C. P. R. we are able to announce that the Canadian Pacific Railway have consented to send a car load of Northwest products to our fair, the 8th and 9th of October. To visit Napanee it means a lot of work and expense to the Company, but we are sure it will be thoroughly appreciated and enjoyed by our people and hope it will pay the company in the end. One thing certain, we are not slow to appreciate enterprise and push and we will not forget the C. P. R. when the N. T. & Q. reaches Tweed. Ample space has been reserved in the palace for the C. P. R. and we predict that their display will be the attraction at the fair.

—The passengers on the steamer Ella Ross on Wednesday morning had a lively experience while coming up the Bay from Picton. When opposite Thompson's Point the steamer ran quite close to the schooner Hanlan. The schooner was standing in for the Prince Edward shore but suddenly came about, right under the bow of the Ross. Of course a steamer is expected to keep out of the way of a sailing vessel but in this case the wheelsman managed to hit the Hanlan a glancing blow on the quarter, doing her considerable damage. The davit, on which the yawl hangs, crashed through the side of the Ross, completely demolishing one of the staterooms and wrenching one of the heavy irondavits from its position and badly twistingit. The inner wall of the stateroom was forced into the cabin, the door being thrown on the table, at one end of which a number of passengers were eating their breakfast. There was almost a panic on board until the actual amount of damage was ascertained. The yawl of the schooner was badly stove in. The wheelsman of the steamer was clearly at fault, and this lesson ought to convince him, as well as other steamboat men, that it is well to give sailing vessels a wide berth, and not to needlessly endanger the lives of passengers. A number of Napaneeans were on board the Ross, and don't care for a repitition of their experience on Wednesday morning.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

unknown.

Donald, whom she loved as only a mother can, was gone, life seemed to have lost all charms for her, and she died; literally of a broken heart, in the seventh-eighth year of her age.

Mrs. McHenry was the youngest daughter of the late Archibald Campbell, and has always resided in this section. One of the oldest residents of this town informs us that he knew Mrs. McHenry for nearly sixty years, and that she was a member of the Methodist church when he first became acquainted with her.

Mrs. McHenry was a resident of Napanee for many years and was universally loved and respected by all who knew her.

Two daughters, Miss McHenry and Mrs. Alex. Henry, survive to mourn the loss, pernaps the greatest, the loss of a dear, kind mother. The bereaved have the sympathy of the whole community.

PERSONAL.

—Miss Smith, of Kingston, is the guest of Mr F. W. Smith this week.

—Mr. Fred Greer, of Watertown, N. Y., paid us a flying visit last Friday.

—Mrs. J. R. Scott has gone to Buffalo and Toronto on a visit to friends.

—The Misses St. Clair, of Scotland, are stopping at Mr. Gunn's Deseronto road.

—Mrs. L. Taylor Wood, of Fort Macleod, N. W. T., is visiting at the home of her father, James Daly, Esq.,

—Mr. H. V. Fralick is on a business trip down among the Bluenoses, and reports business in his line, good.

-Miss M. A. Barrett, of the popular dry goods house, has returned from a trip through the Southern States.

—Mrs. George Webb, of Colborne, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Fellows, and other friends in Napanee and vicinity.

—Mr. Geo. Smith, of the firm of Simpson Hall & Miller, Montreal, spent a few days in town this week visiting his brother.

—Last Saturday Miss Eva N. Roblin returned to Toronto to resume her studies under Signor D'Auria at the Toronto Conservatory of Music. At the same time she will pursue other branches at the Presbyterian Ladies College in that city.

BORN.

LAUGHLIN.—At Napanee, 27th August 1889, the wife of Mr. Fred Laughlin, of a son.

MARRIED.

CLARK.—PARKS.—At the parsonage, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. A. B. Chambers, L. L. B., Mr. William H. Clark to Miss Ida J. Parks, both of Deseronto.

BABCOCK.—HYMERS.—By Rev. W. J. Young, at the Methodist Parsonage, Odessa, on the 5th inst., Mr. Darias Babcock, of Kingston Township, to Miss Mary Hymers, of Ernesttown.

CARROLL.—HUFFMAN.—At Enterprise, on Sept. 11th 1889, by the Rev'd George Dunkley, at the residence of Sidney Huffman, Esq., father of the bride, Mr. James Carroll, of Sheffield, to Miss Emma Huffman, of Enterprise.

WILLIAMS.—CLAPP.—On the 11th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. A. B. Chambers, L. L. B., Mr. E. P. Williams, of Athol, Prince Edward County, to Miss Lorette G. second daughter of J.H. Clapp, Esq., of Napanee.

BOTT.—PERRY.—At the Methodist Parsonage, Cloyne, by the Rev'd William Coombs, on July 3rd, 1889, Mr. Jerome Marcilles Bott, of the Township of Barrie, to Miss Laura Perry, daughter of Daniel Perry, Esq., of Violet, Township of Ernesttown.

DIED.

WAGER.—At Camden, on Aug. 31st., Vera Mabel Wager aged 3 months 3 days.

HAYES.—At Seattle, W. T., on August 15th, William H. Hayes, formerly of Napanee, aged 38 years

WEBSTER.—At Napanee, on Wednesday Sept. 11th, 1889, James George Webster aged 18 months 12 days.

BLACK.—On Thursday, Sept. 5th 1889, William Edmund Black, eldest son of Mr. George Black, of the township of Sheffield.

THOMPSON.—At Richmond, on Thursday Sept. 12th, Ann McConnell wife of Alexander Thompson aged 39 years 10 months.

MCHENRY.—At Napanee, Saturday, September 7th 1889. Ellen Campbell relic of Alexander McHenry, and mother of the late Prof. D. C. McHenry, in her 78th year.

NEW FALL GOODS

ARE PILING UP TO THE CEILING IN

LAHEY & McKENTY

BRIGHT, FRESH, ATTRACTIVE, NEW IN STYLE, LOW IN PRICE.

Never before did we show such a grand variety of Goods. We believe that we are going to do the largest fall trade done here in recent years. We are ready to do it anyway. We have the right Goods and we have the right prices. Too early for most of them yet, but some lines are already in season. About the first you will think of is

DRESS GOODS.

We invite every lady to come and inspect them now before the rush of fall trade begins. We will not ask you to buy unless you mention it, but our best advertisement is that you should see them. We have the best of them; there is not a new shade, a new design or a line that is good value left out. Black Goods, rich and beautiful, black Trimmings, new and pretty Colored Goods, the cream of the latest shadings and qualities. Costumes bordered, braided, and combinations, plain Goods and brocaded Goods from very cheap Goods all the way to very fine goods, with the correct trimmings for every piece. By all means see our display of Dress Goods. One more line we will mention now,

OUR NEW CLOTHING.

Is mostly here. In this stock you will find everything that any reasonable big man or small boy could possibly want. Every size, style, quality and price FIRST-CLASS RELIABLE GOODS ONLY. All prices cut to the very finest margin. If you buy without

Is mostly here. In this stock you will find everything that any reasonable big man or small boy could possibly want. Every size, style, quality and price FIRST-CLASS RELIABLE GOODS ONLY. All prices cut to the very finest margin. If you buy without seeing our Clothing you will throw good money away.

THE POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE and Leading Clothiers,

LAHEY & McKENTY

Evening Classes.

The Board of the Mechanics' Institute, have decided to hold evening classes during the winter months, taking a complete commercial course and perhaps an English course. Those desiring to attend will kindly leave their names with A. E. Paul or W. C. Scott during next week. Tuition free.

A Corrupt System.

Bad blood may corrupt the entire system and cause scrotulous sores, swellings, ulcers, salt rheum, erysipelas, sore eyes and skin diseases, as shingles, tetter, etc., Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood and cleanses, tones and strengthens the entire system.

SALESMEN WANTED.

To handle my thoroughly reliable Nursery Stock. I engage men on Salary or liberal commission. Permanent employment guaranteed. Outfit free. Previous experience not required.

Write to

C. L. YATES, Nurseryman.

Mention this Paper! Rochester, N. Y. 4189i

FOR SALE.

200 ACRE FARM,

in the 9th Concession of Camden; lot 50; 125 acres of good plough land, remainder good pasture, with creek running through. There is on the premises two good wells and a large, young, bearing orchard; two good log barns and a large frame barn, containing stables for 50 head; one good drive house, and a new large frame dwelling house. Will be sold together or separately, to suit parties. For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises.

THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

The above property must be sold as I am about entering other business.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn; about 50 acres are under good cultivation; the remainder is valuable pasture land with some timber. Lot No. 2 contains a marsh of 40 acres with 25 acres cleared and growing principally red-top hay. There is a creek (Carlom) running thro' the pasture. This tract will be sold together, separately or rented. For further particulars apply to the owner.

3789d THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Having done business in Canada for the past 30 years, our reputation and responsibility are well known. We pay salary and expenses from the start, if everything is satisfactory. No previous experience required. Write us for terms which are very liberal, before engaging with any other firm.

REFERENCES, Bradstreet's, or Dun, Wiman & Co's Commercial Agencies, well known to business men; or Standard Bank, Colborne, Ont.

CHASE BROTHERS' COMPANY,

Nurserymen,

COLBORNE, - - ONTARIO.

4189cm

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario

Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,

20891y PROPRIETOR

THE

Royal Hotel

PICTON, ONT.

Strictly First-class. Rates Reasonable.

3989cm JAS. HEALY, Prop.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

HATCH & MILLING, Props.

This house has recently changed hands, and has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with due regard to the comfort of the guests.

Farmers will find commodious, first-class stabling and cheap rates. Farmers patronage solicited

Napanee, Aug. 13, 1889. 3789fm

DO YOU WANT

A GOOD SQUARE MEAL?

If so, when you are in Picton call at the

Globe Temperance House,

J. N. BONGARD, Prop.

MEALS, - - Only 25 cents.

First-class accommodation by the day or week.

BRAN! BRAN

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Wester Wheat Bra

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.

3789dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

SEASON OF 1889.

DAVY'S ISLAND

Popular Bay of Quinte Summer Resort

Ease, comfort, health and enjoyment for the summer months.

Boats daily to all Bay points. Large dining hall and cottages for guests

Good fishing grounds; boats to hire; ice cream, lemonade and all summer refreshments.

Special terms to families and picnic parties.

For full particulars address

MRS. JOHN CHRISTIE,

3789d Napanee, Ont.

Peter Bristol, Hawley; Ben Brisco, Napanee; Dr. Vrooman, E. W. Benjamin, Charles Phillips, Yarker; John McNaught, Charles Riley, John Fae, Camden East; Dr. Cook, Alex. Smith, Banker, Mr. Bone, J. S. Hulett, J. C. Drewry, Napanee; Wm Mace, H. P. Keech, J. M. Smith. Harry Reid, Tamworth; Thomas Anderson, James Jones, A. J. Sexsmith, Selby; Wm. Asselstine, sr., Mr. Spencer, miller, Roblin; Dr. Beeman, Peter Vandewater, Absolam Milligan, Roblin.

These are the names of a few who have used my

ADJUSTABLE HEAD RAISE

Spring Bed Bottom!

and they will cheerfully answer any questions as regards the superiority and durability of this article over all others.

As I cannot get around to see all of you I will be glad to see you on the market in Napanee on Saturdays, and will be glad to give any information desired.

C. N. GARRISON,

3789cm Colebrook

Carscallen & Bro.,

The Low Priced, No Combination

Undertaking Establishment.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of all the latest designs to be found in

COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, Etc.,

which we are prepared to sell 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the county. We use the best deodorizer, thus obviating all unpleasant odors. Embalming a Specialty. Having purchased one of the Handsomest Hearses at the Toronto exhibition, we are prepared to attend personally funerals in the most satisfactory manner. The public will do well to call and examine our stock, and be convinced that ours is the place to buy.

We have also added a full line of the newes things in Wall Paper, Ceiling Decorations, Window Shades and Picture Railing, Paints and Oils Paint Mixed. Persons wanting anything in this line will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, Centre-street, one block south of Main.

389 CARSCALLEN & BRO.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRI

Robinson&Co

COLUMN

—NEW—

Dress Goods

—AT—

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—NEW—

Millinery

—AT—

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario

Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

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MEALS, - - Only 25 cents.

First-class accommodation by the day or week.

BRAN! BRAN

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.

4189dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2789ly E. VANALSTINE,

Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors Toront

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
2889ly Barristers, Napanee

F. X. BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

18891mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 23896m

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 9891y.

INSURE IN THE

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Government deposit over - - $600,000

G. A. CATON,
General Ggent, Newburgh, Ont.

Active agents wanted. 2089ly.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

For sale.—Lots Nos. 1 and 2 on the east side of West street, in the town of Napanee.

There are on the premises a brick house with kitchen attached, a frame barn and wood house. There is also a good well on the premises. This property will be sold on easy terms. For further particulars apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors, Napanee

Napanee, Aug. 29, 1889. 4089bm

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.

115 acres, being part of Lot 35, in 3rd Concession of the Township of Tyendinaga. Only one mile from school and church. There is on the premises a large brick house, drive house, large barn and sheds, all in good repair. A living spring at the barn. Terms reasonable.

Apply to

WILLIAM FRETTS,
Lonsdale P. O.

September 16th, 1889 42m

BAKERY TO RENT.

One of the best stands in the county. Business already established.

Bake Shop Thoroughly Equipped.

Well established route. A first-class chance for a baker with a small capital Apply to

F. H. PRIEST,
42894 Bath, Ont.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

—NEW—

CLOTHING

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

—NEW—

CARPETS

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

Best values in town at

Robinson&Co

Successors to Downey & Co

C. D. WARFMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2289ly

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held pursuant to "The Ontario Voters' List Act, 1889," by His Honor, the Judge of the County Court, of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the Town Hall, of the Township of Sheffield, in the Village of Tamworth in said Township, on Monday, the 7th day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock a. m., to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Township of Sheffield for 1889.

All persons having business at the Court are required to attend at the said time and place.

JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Clerk of the Municipality of the Township of Sheffield and constituted Clerk of said Court.
Dated this 24th September, 1889. 4389b

FOR SALE.

200 ACRE FARM,

in the 9th Concession of Camden; lot 50; 125 acres of good plough land, remainder good pasture, with creek running through. There is on the premises two good wells and a large, young, bearing orchard; two good log barns and a large frame barn, containing stables for 50 head; one good drive house, and a new large frame dwelling house. Will be sold together or separately, to suit parties. For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises.

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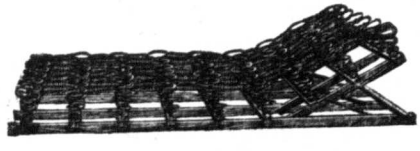

Peter Bristol, Hawley; Ben Brisco, Napanee; Dr. Vrooman, E. W. Benjamin, Charles Phillips, Yarker; John McNaught, Charles Riley, John Fee, Camden East; Dr. Cook, Alex. Smith, Banker, Mr. Bone, J. S. Hulett, J. C. Drewry, Napanee; Wm Mace, H. P. Keech, J. M. Smith, Harry Reid, Tamworth; Thomas Anderson, James Jones, A. J. Sexsmith, Selby; Wm. Asselstine, sr., Mr. Spencer, miller, Roblin; Dr. Beeman, Peter Vandewater, Absolam Milligan, Roblin.

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C. N. GARRISON,
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Well established route. A first-class chance for a baker with a small capital Apply to

F. H. PRIEST,
4289d Bath, Ont.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4389ly

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N. A. CATON, INSURANCE AGENT

Representing the following companies:

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,
Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application.
2189ly

SALESMEN WANTED.

Having done business in Canada for the past 30 years, our reputation and responsibility are well known. We pay salary and expenses from the start, if everything is satisfactory. No previous experience required. Write us for terms which are very liberal, before engaging with any other firm.

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1389 CARSCALLLEN & BRO

Garrison Gen

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1889. VIII, No. 44.

IN MEMORIAM.

The Late James Allen.

We believe that we are safe in saying that there was no one better known in this county than the late James Allen, who died at his home in Napanee on Sunday last, after an illness of several months. The subject of this sketch was born in the township of Ernesttown, near the village of Wilton, on the 7th of May, 1825. The earlier portion of his life was spent on the farm with his parents, and while there he was surrounded with the best of influences, and they made an impression which lasted through life. Arriving at the age of manhood he went to Odessa and engaged in the milling business with the Booth Company. He remained in Odessa but a short time, and then went to Morven, where he remained about twelve years, being engaged in lumbering and jobbing. In 1853 Mr. Allen married Charlotte Johnson, and to them were born six children, only two of whom are left to mourn the loss of a loving father. In 1867 James Allen moved to Napanee, and in the same year was appointed chief of police, a position he retained until his death. Mr. Allen was a conscientious servant of the public, and performed his work well. Possessed as he was of a kindly heart, he dealt leniently with wrongdoers, trying to make them better men instead of crushing them with an iron hand. Deceased was a well known and highly respected member of the Methodist Church, he having connected himself therewith about thirty-five years ago. As class-leader, steward and local preacher he served his church, and always with acceptability. In temperance work his voice was frequently raised, and he was looked upon as one of the most earnest of the advocates of that great moral reform. James Allen was possessed of a great deal of natural ability, and he always regretted that he had not availed himself of his privileges and acquired a better education. He was a good man and was respected by all, by none more than by those who knew him best.

For twenty-two years he faithfully served this town as chief of police, and growing up with the town and knowing all of its history, he was looked upon as an authority on all matters partaining to this municipality. His place will not easily be filled.

Mrs. Allen and two daughters, Emma, the wife of Mr. Williams, of Toronto, and Helen, who resides at home, are left to mourn his loss. They have the sympathy of the entire community in their great affliction. Their sorrow is lessened by the knowledge that he whom they loved died trusting in Christ, and that there is no doubt about his having "gone home" to his reward.

The funeral, on Tuesday afternoon was very largely attended, the town officials, town councillors, firemen, members of the Masonic fraternity and a large number of citizens following the remains to the church and thence to the grave in the Morven cemetery. The body was taken to the Western Methodist church, which was

Forestry.

To the Editor of the EXPRESS:

SIR,—The following article from the New York Garden and Forest is of importance to Ontario, as we have made too many errors of a similar nature in clearing. Perhaps you would allow it space in your columns. It is from the pen of one of the best informed writers in the United States.

Yours, etc., C. W. PHIPPS.

Toronto, Sept 27, 1889.

FORESTS AND CIVILIZATION.

We might have had some real forestry here in the State of New York if we had been sufficiently advanced in the art of living; if we had the interest of the public welfare and the perception of our obligation to coming generations, which are necessary to the development and persistence of civilization. The entire Adirondack wilderness should have been held permanently in the possession of the state. Then a real school of forestry could have been established somewhere in the woods, and young men could have been trained in the practice of this art, and they could have been employed in the care of the forests and woodlands of other portions of the country. The whole tract of 8000 square miles was originally heavily wooded. The timber could have been cut off as the trees matured, and, of course, should have been so cut off. Nothing could be more absurd than the notion that trees should never be utilized or removed. Whenever a tree has come to its best it should be cut down, and its wood applied to some useful purpose, so as to obtain its value, and in order to provide for a succession of generations of trees, and thus for the permanent life of the forest.

If the Adirondack forests had been thus intelligently managed and administered they would now have been for a long time yielding an increasing revenue to the people of the state. The whole population would have been greatly benefitted by the reduction of taxation. Every man and woman in the state would have been richer today—would have had more of the means of subsistence and of comfort and happiness than at present. Every child in the state would have been born to a better inheritance, and into more favorable conditions than now. The forests would have been better now than ever before, and they would have gone on increasing in value to the people of the state, with the increasing density of population, and on account of the exhaustion of the timber-supply in regions fit for agriculture.

The Adirondack region is not fit for agriculture. No part of it is suitable for any other than forest-conditions, and these should have been maintained forever. It is indeed impossible to disturb these conditions very extensively, or to remove the forests permanently, without destroying the region itself and annihilating everything that makes it of any value. I doubt if an instance of more obvious and complete adaption of a region to a special and

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

Ameliasburg agricultural show will be held on Friday and Saturday, October 11 and 12.

George Clute, with several aliases, has been arrested at Brockville charged with bigamy.

A bogus medical college in New Hampshire has been selling diplomas at from $60 to $300 each.

The ship Titania has left Victoria, B.C., for London with a cargo of salmon and furs valued at $278,882.55.

Michael J. and William Spellman have been found not guilty on the charge of robbing the Whitby Postoffice.

Mr. L. W. Tye, son of Mr. George Tye, proprietor of The Brampton Times, died of paralysis on Friday night.

James Bradley, Tweed, whose foot was badly mangled in a threshing machine last week, is low. His recovery is doubtful.

George Carr is now confined in the Brockville jail charged with the murder of one Wm. Day, who has just turned up alive.

Ben Macmahon has been found guilty of murder in the Holton case and sentenced to be hanged at Chatham on December 13.

A minister preached a very long sermon, and suddenly halting said, "And what shall I say more?" "Say Amen," shouted an auditor.

N. Gilbert barrister, Picton, has been appointed local master in chancery for Prince Edward. The position was held by Judge Jellett.

The New York Times says the Grand Army of the Republic has undertaken the completion of the Grand monument at Riverside Park.

It is announced from Quebec that the Protestant Council of Public Instruction has decided to accept the $60,000 Jesuit grant on certain conditions.

The subscriptions to the fund to meet the expenses of Mr. Parnell in his defence before the Parnell commission have closed. The amount subscribed is £41,000.

Mr. Jefferson Caverly, of Madoc, who was injured in the Corbyville accident, has received from the Grand Trunk railway Company a cheque for $500 as compensation.

The jury disagreed in the case of young Gustavus Park, charged with the murder of Frank Barr at the Chatham assizes on Saturday. Park has been released on $4,000 bail.

On Friday last Mrs. Houle, Deseronto, made a mistake which nearly cost her her life. She took a teaspoonful of laudanum in place of other medicine, and for a time was in a dangerous condition.

The Coroner's Jury at Quebec censured the Dominion Government for failing to take measures to prevent the fall of the rock, and the city authorities for being, as alleged, to slow in clearing the wreck.

very largely attended, the town officials, town councillors, firemen, members of the Masonic fraternity and a large number of citizens following the remains to the church and thence to the grave in the Morven cemetery. The body was taken to the Western Methodist church, which was appropriately draped in mourning, and a solemn funeral service held, conducted by Rev. S. Card, assisted by Revs. David Wilson, Dr. Gardner and A. B. Chambers. The vast church was thronged and seldom have we seen so many people at a funeral in Napanee. The funeral was under Masonic auspices, the deceased having been a prominent member of that order for many years.

In conclusion we can only say, James Allen was an honest, upright, earnest Christian man, and the respect shown his memory on Tuesday last was well deserved.

Belleville Fair.

Last week several of our enterprising horsemen attended the largest show ever held in the county of Hastings, and as usual returned with spoils of the Egyptians. Below we give a list of some of the winners :

Class 1, Thoroughbred Horses.—Stallion 3 years old and upwards, R. H. Potter's "War Cry," 1st prize ; Stallion any age, R. H. Potter's "War Cry," diploma.

Class 2, Road or Carriage Horses.—Single gelding or mare in harness, over 15½ hands, H. S. Milling ; under 15½ hands, R. H. Potter's "Little Fred" ; Stallion 3 years old, W. H. Hutchison's imported Cleveland Bay "Ingmanthorpe Lad," 1st prize, and for stallions any age, diploma ; Mare or gelding 2 years old, W. H. Hutchison's imported filly "Victoria," 1st prize, and for mare any age, "Victoria" was again victorious. This promising youngster did the same kindness at the Kingston show, and carried off first prize and diploma. We hope Mr. Hutchison will show "Vic" at Toronto next year, where many a worse one has carried off first honors.

Class 4, General purpose Horses.—Stallion 4 years old and over, D. Lucas, 1st and diploma ; 1 year old, Robt. Brisco, 1st ; 3 year old, W. H. Hutchison's imported coach horse, Prince of Orange, 2nd.

Class 5, Heavy Draught Stallion.—4 years old and over, R. H. Potter's "Victor Bell," also "Victor Bell" and 3 of his get ; 3 years old, W. H. Hutchison's shire horse, Melton IV.

In the free for all trotting race Little Tommy captured first place in three straight heats.

In sheep—C. W. Neville, although a good sound Grit, went in for monopoly and carried off all the prizes in the classes in which he exhibited his magnificent sheep and pigs ; in fact not being satisfied with his success in this line, he actually captured the prize horse and part of a buggy, although they belonged to a Tory, and were very much the worse for the escapade around the grounds. We understand the prizes captured by Mr. Neville, leaving out the horse, amounted to the biggest half of a $100. Again we say, come and see all these prize animals at the Lennox show next Tuesday and Wednesday at Napanee, the home of the prize winners of the Bay of Quinte district.

A Strong Following.

Many diseases result from neglected constipation, such as sick headache, bad blood, foul humors, heartburn, dizziness and general ill health. From one to three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters is guaranteed to cure constipation and all diseases caused by irregularity of the bowels.

Severely Attacked.

I was severely attacked with diarrhœa and vomiting, the pain was intense and I thought I could not live till morning. Six doses of Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry cured me and I have not had the least sympton of it since.

Mrs. Alice Hopkins,
Hamilton, Ont.

ditions very extensively, or to remove the forests permanently, without destroying the region itself and annihilating everything that makes it of any value. I doubt if an instance of more obvious and complete adaption of a region to a special and particular use can be found in the whole world. Nature made this region for the permanent and everlasting growth of forests, and this sole and exclusive adaption to a most important function should have been recognized.

As I said years ago, if the Adirondack forests could be saved by legislation, one of the best possible measures would be "An Act for the Discouragement of Agriculture in the back woods." The lumber business is not by any means the only destructive agency at work here. Tens of thousands of acres, entirely unfit for any use but forest growth, have been stripped of trees, and by cultivation and pasturage have been rendered incapable of reproducing the only crop for which the land ever had any adaption. It is strange—if anything in human folly is strange—to see so many people persist in the effort to "farm" where the soil is so meagre, and the country is so high and cold, that no profitable return for their labor is possible. This thin film of soil disappears after a few years, leaving only the bare, inert sand or gravel, and as most of the "farming land" here is rolling or hilly, the slopes soon begin to break down and wash away. Great gullies are formed, which grow wider and deeper every year, till vast waterless tracts of shifting sand, or of clay and gravel, varied only by rock-ledges and boulders, stretch before the unhappy traveler where once grew noble forests fed by perennial springs.

The region was meant to be let alone. It has no natural fitness for agriculture. It is pitiful to see the scanty growth of vegetation which the farmers toil produces here cut off by frosts in both spring and autumn and in many places, even in the middle of summer, while in the Southern States of this country there are millions of acres of fertile soil lying untilled beneath most genial skies. The effort to farm these inhospitable lands has also been the source of a huge proporation of the fires which have destroyed so much of the remaining forest. Land is cleared by being burned over, and in a dry time the fire extends from the fallow to the woods, despite the best efforts to keep it within bounds, and it is common saying in the woods that such a conflagration is often a convenient accident for the farmer as he plants corn the next spring in the burned woods without any clearing whatever, and raises a crop in the ashes. A great deal of the "farming land" here has been brought into cultivation in this way. It is all, from beginning to end, a most wasteful and suicidal process, and the inevitable end, the ruin and disappearance of the soil itself, is speedily reached. Man has no power to create a new world. He has not yet learned how to take care of the one which he inherits, but his ability to wreck and exhaust it is very great.

J. B. Harrison.

The following is a copy of a bill sent in to a gentleman sometime since by an uptown liveryman's foreman :

aosafada.....	$1.50
atacainonimomagin.....	50

The key to the above inscrutable items was simply as follows : "A horse half a day, and a taking of him home again."

The Washington Treaty

is one of the important topics of the day, but more important still to a sufferer from catarrh is the question what remedy shall I use? Try Nasal Balm. It never fails. Mr. John Kelly, Combermere, says:—Nasal Balm has helped me more than I expected it would. I have not felt so well in nine years. I am sure it will make a permanent cure.

in place of other medicine, and for a time was in a dangerous condition.

The Coroner's Jury at Quebec censured the Dominion Government for failing to take measures to prevent the fall of the rock, and the city authorities for being, as alleged, to slow in clearing the wreck.

Some men try advertising as the Indian tries feathers. He took one feather, laid it on the board, and slept on it all night. In the morning he remarked : "White man say feathers heap soft ; white man — fool."

New York, Sept. 27.—Mary Ann Beals, aged 35, and Mary Fitzsimmons, aged 56, were held in $2,000 bail each to-day on a charge of highway robbery. They knocked a man down in Battery Park yesterday and robbed him of 50 cents.

The man who was shot by Constable Hawkins, of Hamilton, was on Saturday shown to be James D. Douglas, a wealthy farmer, whose home was near Streetsville. He was mentally affected, and had wandered away from his friends.

Toronto, Sept. 23—Archbishop Walsh paid a flying visit to Toronto, Saturday, and held a conference with the leading clergy of his new diocese. The new Archbishop will take possession of the Metropolitan see about the first of December, and will be installed with imposing ceremonies.

September 20th was the twentieth anniversary of the marriage of Rev. Joseph and Mrs. Young of Picton. The happy couple were presented with a beautiful hanging lamp and a China tea service by the congregation over which he ministers. The minister and his wife were greatly surprised.

Kingston, Sept. 27th.—Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Howie, who lived with her husband near No. 2 toll gate on the Napanee road, took a dose of Paris green and in a few hours she was dead, notwithstanding the indefatigible efforts of Dr. Wright. Why she took the poison is not known. She leaves two children.

The trustees of Queens's University met in Kingston on Wednesday of last week and among other things decided to at once appoint Dr. S. W. Dyde, late of New Brunswick University, to the chair of mental philosophy, and Rev. John McNaughton, M. A., of Lairg, Great Britain, to the chair in Greek.

Port Burwell, Oct. 1.—The schr. Erie Wave went ashore below Clear Creek some ten days ago, and a wrecking party was instituted to get the stranded vessel off. They succeeded in getting her off where she would float. A heavy gale sprung up last evening and word was received here this morning that the schooner had capsized during the night and that out of the eleven on board of her eight were drowned. Captain Stafford was one of the victims.

The joint committee appointed from the Senate of Victoria University, the Board of Regents and the citizens of Cobourg met at Cobourg last week to find some way out of the litigation pending upon the injunction to stay further steps towards the removal of the college to Toronto. It was agreed that the entire question remain in statu quo till after the next meeting of the General Conference. The litigation is proving too costly to both sides.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—The Earl of Coventry is likely to be the next Governor-General of Canada. He is a great sportsman and agriculturist, and at present is master of the Queen's Buckhounds. This office is to be abolished, and as the Earl is far from wealthy he is to find compensation at Ottawa. Lord Coventry frequently acts as judge in the principal horse rings of England and is a man of unblemished character, 51 years of age, and married to a daughter of Earl Craven, by whom he has a very numerous family.

A STRANGE LEGACY.

CHAPTER IV.

"You know what your grandmother did to-day, Kate?" her father said calmly.

"She told me she had altered her will, papa, but didn't say how."

"Did she say nothing more about it?"

"She only said that you should never complain that she encouraged me in disobedience. I don't know what she meant, but she told us so."

"Us?" growled Dottleson. "Who else heard her say so?

"Dr Lakeworth was there, papa."

"*He* knows all about it," father.

"I was in granny's room all the time he was there, but she didn't mention it to him at all."

"I daresay not. But mark my words, Kate: there's a very good understanding between your grandmother and Mr. Lakeworth."

Kate did not feel called upon to make any reply, and Mr. Dottleson resumed. "Since Sir Alfred took upon himself to place Mrs Lamshed in this fellow's hands, I can't prohibit his coming here; but when your grandmother has gone, he will never see the inside of my house again."

He had not considered that his daughter would not be aware of the old lady's condition, and only sought to impress upon her that she must dismiss Charles Lakeworth from her thoughts.

"I hope there is time enough to think about that, then, papa.'

"A few days, I believe. Sir Alfred gives her until the end of the week. To-day's Wednesday."

His rage and disappointment had made him utterly callous, and his daughter heard him with a feeling of repulsion she had never known before. He left her before she fully realized the meaning of his words, and when it came home to her, she forgot all else in the blow which had fallen upon her. It would be a terrible loss to her. Mrs. Lamshed had done much to replace the mother who had been taken from her in her infancy, and Mr. Dottleson, for ever absorbed in the cares of business, had sadly neglected his duty as a father. Now the fiat had gone orth: she was to be deprived of her best friend and her lover in a few days. She could not save the first; but Kate made up her mind there and then about the second: no power on earth could separate them without Charles Lakeworth's consent, and she knew that it was not likely to be given. She would say nothing to her father for the present; it would only increase his troubles; and though she was far from feeling any sympathy with him she shrank from adding fuel to the fire which blazed so fiercely already.

Thursday morning broke wet and windy. Mrs Lamshed was visibly sinking, and Kate could not hide from herself that even the brief span of life given by Sir Alfred was likely to be too long. Charles Lakeworth came in early, and his first glance at Kate showed him that she knew the truth.

"Who told you?' he asked in a whisper.

"Papa did, last night," she answered.

The old lady, who had been lying half asleep, was roused by his appearance at the bedside, and made an effort to sit up. Kate understood her movement; and with Lakeworth's assistance made her comfortable with pillows in the position she seemed to desire. She remained silent for a few minutes, as though endeavouring to remember something she wanted to say, and at last spoke: "Call your father, Kate."

Mr. Dottleson's strident voice was audible in the passage below, demanding the immediate presence of his daughter. Kate went to the door and called him. He came up, and even while he did so the end came. Mrs. Lamshed's hand slid gently from those on which it rested, and the eyes which were watching him so eagerly grew fixed and dull. It was all over—she was dead.

The rain beat fiercely upon the window, and the autumn wind moaned through the leafless branches in the square outside. Within, the three stood mutely round the bed, unwilling to disturb the stillness which had last been broken by the voice they were never to hear again. Presently, Mr. Dottleson drew himself up and softly left the room. The real character of the man asserted itself when he was once more alone. "Just in time," he murmured in a whisper which had a tinge of awe in it—"just in time." Had Mrs. Lamshed lived only five minutes longer, she would have heard his promise to let his daughter marry Charles Lakeworth as soon as he was satisfied that the income derived from his profession was sufficient to support a wife. Having before him the dread of Dr. Lakeworth inheriting Mrs. Lamshed's money, he was determined that his own loss should not be the means of removing his objection. However, fate ordained that he should be unfettered by any such promise, and he assured himself that it would be long before consent was wrung from him, now that he could forbid Charles Lakeworth the house without consulting the feelings of any one else. Kate's did not count—she was barely twenty, and could not be expected to know her own mind yet. At all events, he knew what was best for her, and would exercise his own discretion in a matter so vitally important to her well-being.

"I won't disturb them now," he reflected cynically; "they know that the farewell they say to day will be a long one; and Kate, no doubt, is a good deal upset by her grandmother's death."

He saw neither his daughter nor her lover again that day, though the latter remained in the house until dark. Had opportunity offered, he would have told the young man what his decision was, and have ordered him to cease all intercourse with Kate from that day forth; but his mind was too full of speculations as to the provisions of Mrs. Lamshed's last will, and he was disinclined to go out of his way to add a fresh element of trouble to that which already reigned in the house.

Time dragged slowly by until Monday, when the funeral took place, and Mr. Reginald Slimp arrived for the purpose of acquainting Mr. Dottleson with the contents of the document he had prepared on the preceding Wednesday, under Mrs. Lamshed's instructions. It would be hard to say whether astonishment or delight was predominant in Mr. Dottleson's mind when he read the will. His mother-in-law had left her property in trust to himself until the day his daughter Kate should marry with his consent, when it was to be made over to her; the income derived therefrom being set apart for his sole use and behoof until that event should take place. Should Kate marry during her father's lifetime without first obtaining his permission, her wedding day was to be signalised by the transfer of her grandmother's money to the Central Asia Missonary Society, to be devoted to such purposes as the administrators of that institution should see fit. Mr. Slimp was the sole executor.

Foreign Missions were Mr Dottleson's special antipathy, and Mrs Lamshed had borne this in mind when she dictated her will. When in the heat of the moment she ordered the solicitor to be sent for, she contemplated making a far more radical

write a long passionate letter to Charles, telling him the substance of the conversation she had just had with her father, and begging him to name a place where they could meet.

"If I'm not to see him here, I'll see him somewhere else," thought Kate as she laid down her pen. "Papa isn't likely to throw away a thousand a year when he sees I'm determined to marry him."

"She'll soon get over it,' mused papa as he climbed into the City omnibus that morning. "She isn't likely to throw away a thousand a year in hard cash, when she understands that I have made up my mind."

Kate was so thoroughly satisfied with the soundness of her reasoning, that she troubled herself much less about her father's prohibition than he anticipated, whilst he felt that it needed little vigilance to protect so strong a position as that which he now held.

He therefore decided that he would carefully abstain from referring to the matter at all for the future. He knew that his orders regarding Dr. Lakeworth's exclusion from the house would be obeyed, and though he had passing doubts as to whether that would put a stop to the young people's friendship, he thought it best not to draw the reins too tight all at once. Time would complete what he had begun, and harsh treatment might drive Kate into something foolish.

So he remained in happy ignorance of the fact that his daughter and Charles Lakeworth made a practice of meeting regularly at the lodging occupied by a Miss Amelia Mumbole, who was proud to call the young doctor her nephew, and would do anything for him that he chose to ask. When Miss Dottleson's letter telling him that the servants had been directed not to let him in when he called, and asking if he had any relation or friend at whose house they could meet reached him, he put on his hat and went straight to his aunt Amelia in Barton Terrace. Miss Mumbole gladly welcomed the chance of taking part in anything which would give a little interest to the monotonous humdrum life she led, and her sitting-room thus at once placed at her nephew's disposal whenever he might want it. The tryst was thoughtfully provided was in very frequent requisition; and one afternoon about three weeks after Mr. Dottleson had closed his door to Charles Lakeworth, it witnessed a meeting which requires some notice from us. The two were sitting over the fire, and the considerate Miss Mumbole reclined on the sofa as far away as possible absorbed in the pages of the "Queen."

"Has your father said nothing about me yet?" asked Charles. It was a question he put as often as he saw Kate Dottleson.

"Not a word. He has never mentioned your name since the day I told you of."

"What do you think it means?"

"I suppose he imagines that I've forgotten you," laughed Kate.

"We can't go on like this forever, you know; my work is gradually increasing, and for your sake I must push on."

"I don't intend to go on this way any longer, Charley. I'll make one more attempt to get papa's leave, and if that fails, I have thought of a plan to make him give it."

"How will you manage that?"

"I'll tell you to-morrow. I can't say for certain that it will succeed, but we must try."

They parted soon afterwards, and Kate went home to Blakewood Square. She had no hope of obtaining Mr. Dottleson's sanction by begging, and her mind was full of the scheme by which it was to be wrested from him.

TO BE CONTINUED

She remained silent for a few minutes, as though endeavouring to remember something she wanted to say, and at last spoke: "Call your father, Kate."

Mr. Dottleson's strident voice was audible in the passage below, demanding the immediate production of his umbrella; he was just on the point of leaving for business, and Kate lost no time in running down to him. "Papa, wait a minute. Granny has just asked for you."

"I'll see her this evening; I'm late as it is."

"But, father, please come now; it may be too late this evening."

Mr. Dottleson threw down his hat, and followed his daughter up-stairs, muttering something about "morbid nervousness." He was smarting sorely under the recollection of yesterday, and had not intended to pay more attention to his mother-in-law than common decency demanded of him. His manner softened when he entered the from and he took his stand at the foot of the bed, for he saw in her face that she would not detain him long. He spoke as gently as he could; he tried to forget his wrongs for the time, knowing that he was in the presence of Death.

"What can I do for you?" he asked.

Mrs Lamshed did not answer at once; she took Charles Lakeworth's hand in hers and reached with the other for Kate's to place within it as they stood, one on either side of the bed; then laying her own upon them, she raised her eyes to meet those of her son-in-law. "Promise," she said earnestly.

All Mr. Dottleson's angry disappointment rushed upon him with uncontrollable power as he grasped her meaning, and the group waited for him to reply. He turned sharply and strode over to the window, whilst the three maintained their position, watching him in silence. He stared steadily out on the dreary square, hardly conscious that he saw anything, engulfed as he was in the storm of conflicting passions which the appeal had roused. What was he to say? He had been taken at a disadvantage, and would not thus be tricked into giving way; he would not make a promise he must regret for the rest of his life to sooth the last hours of one who had treated him so maliciously as Mrs. Lamshed. But even in his voiceless rage there awoke within him a feeling of something like envy as he saw the mighty difference between his own narrow-minded sordid nature and that of the dying woman, whose last breath was spent in pleading for the happiness of those she loved. He recalled the time, twenty years ago, when, as a struggling, poverty-stricken clerk, he married Dorothy Lamshed, against the wishes and advice of her parents. Her mother had opposed the union firmly; but when it had taken place in spite of her, she never turned her back upon them in time of need. Then came the days of his success in the world, when Mrs. Lamshed had acknowledge dher shortsightedness, and made him her heir after Dorothy died. The leading points in his life, in which his wife's mother had borne a part, passed rapidly through his mind, and upon no single act of hers could he lay a reproachful finger, saying, "This was unjust," or even "This was unkind." would such a woman have so changed towards him at the eleventh hour? Were she suspicions as to the doings of yesterday wrong, after all? He stole a look round: Charles and Kate still bent across the old ady with hands clasped beneath hers, whilst she looked at him in dumb appealing patience. He would grant this last prayer of hers, almost the only one she had ever made, but under conditions. Obstinate pride, if nothing else, forbade his giving free consent to the marriage after he had declared it to be impossible; he owed it to himself. He came back to his station at the foot of the bed and collected himself to speak but special antipathy, and Mrs Lamshed had borne this in mind when she dictated her will. When in the heat of the moment she ordered the solicitor to be sent for, she contemplated making a far more radical change in its terms than she afterwards thought would be either just or prudent. She had intended to strike out Mr Dottleson's name, and leave all she had unconditionally to Kate; but she reflected that her son-in-law's conduct hardly merited such treatment as this, and that, moreover, such a step would place him in direct conflict with his only child, by enabling her to defy his authority. Firm in the conviction that her grand-daughter and Charles Lakeworth would remain true to one another, she trusted to Mr. Dottleson's better nature to yield to their wishes in time. When he saw that the two were bent upon marriage, it was hardly likely that he would continue his opposition, particularly if the total loss of the estate to the family were made the penalty of discountenance. Her aim was to compel his sanction to a union she had set her heart upon bringing about, and, as we have seen, she was called away in the very act of trying to obtain it.

Mr. Dottleson lost little time in placing his veto on Charles Lakeworth's visits after Mrs. Lamshed's death. To give him his due, he went about the business with less bluster than might have been expected, for his mother-in-law's will had given him an agreeable surprise, and it made him generous. To use his own expression, he held all the trumps, and could afford to play his hand easily. He took Kate to book first, and with all the delicacy he could command—it was not much—pointed out that as her lover was not just such a man as he could conscientiously approve of, he must request her to give up all communication with him. The attack was a failure. Kate firmly but respectfully declined to throw over the man to whom she had given her promise. Mr. Dottleson reminded her that she had no right to make any engagement without obtaining his sanction. Kate admitted that there was truth in this; but called his attention to the fact that he had given Charles Lakeworth permission to come to the house when he declared his attachment, and had never withdrawn it. If that did not justify her action in promising to marry him, she couldn't help it now; she had given her word, and intended to keep it.

Mr. Dottleson, very majestically, would be glad to know what she proposod to do. Kate candidly admitted that she proposed to ally herself with Charley as soon as he was in a position to make her his wife, and hoped that her father would not withhold his consent. Mr. Dottleson hastened to assure her that he would never permit his child to marry a man who has revealed such a character as Dr. Lakeworth in his paltry attempt to impose upon poor Mrs. Lamshed. Kate hotly repudiated the insinuation, and any one's right to make it.

Mr. Dottleson's knowledge of the world compelled him to adhere to his opinion, and he capped this remark by hinting that when Dr. Lakeworth was made acquainted with his objections and the terms of Mrs. Lamshed's will, his affection for Kate would probably cool down. Miss Dottleson, who inherited a small share of her father's temper, retorted angrily, that if he thought that, there was no necessity for him to keep them apart.

Mr. Dottleson smiled a smile of superior wisdom, and brought the discussion to a close by telling his daughter that he preferred to be on the safe side, and must therefore forbid Dr. Lakeworth's visit to Blakewood Square.

To that, Kate had nothing to say; she could not dispute any orders her father pleased to give in his own house, however deeply they affected her. She shrugged her shoulders, and left the library in silence, to the scheme by which it was to be wrested from him.

TO BE CONTINUED

Trifles.

"Moments make the year, and trifles life."

It w s only a little word
Spoken to one in pain,
Yet sweet as the song of bird
It returned again and again.

It was only a few simple flowers
Touched with the breath of spring,
Yet they whispered of sunshine and showers,
Of new life on the wing

It was only a tender caress,
A touch of peace and calm,
Yet upon a soul's distress
It fell like healing balm.

It was only a gentle letter,
From out the heart of a friend,
Yet all the hours grew sweeter
That the message had been penned.

It was only a warbling note
Erom one of God's sweet birds,
A little earth breasted blue-coat
Singing his songs without words.

It was only some soft fleecy clouds,
White as the wings of a dove,
Slowly sailing in crowds
O'er the infinite blue above.

It was only a sentence or two
From the page of a favorite book,
Yet all the long day through,
A heart fresh courage took.

It was only—so on and on,
For life is a chain of rings,
And earth's purest pleasures are won
By heeding the little things.

LISA A FLETCHER.

Ought to be Happy.

"There is no doubt of it! The less we think of ourselves the healthier and happier we are."

"Mrs. Gadding should enjoy excellent health, then. She is all the time thinking about her neighbors!"

A Musical Critic.

Mrs. Newrich—Did you hear much music while you was abroad?

Mrs. Mushroom—Yes, indeed. Slathers of it.

Mrs. Newrich—Did you hear "Tristan and Isolde?"

Mrs. Mushroom—No; I heard "Tristan," but I left just a few days before they done "Isolde."

Thomas A. Edison, in a recent talk about his phonograph, said: For seven months I worked from 18 to 20 hours a day upon the single sound "specia." I would say to the instrument "specia," and it would always say "pecia," and I couldn't make it say anything else. It was enough to make me crazy. But I stuck to it until I succeeded, and now you can read a thousand words of a newspaper at the rate of 150 words a minute, and the instrument will repeat them to you without an omission. You can imagine the difficulty of the task that I accomplished when I tell you that the impressions made upon the cylinder are not more than one-millionth part of an inch in depth, and are completely invisible, even with the aid of a microscope.

HEALTH.

September Weather.

The "unhealthiness" of September weather is proverbial. The cold nights, succeeded as they are by sultry days, the miasma arising from the decaying vegetation of summer, all tend to make this an unhealthy month, and one when disorders of the stomach are especially prevalent. This month the housewife must watch with renewed vigilance her cellar and sinks to see if any neglected corner may not contain the seed of pestilence in dirt and mould. A coat of whitewash on the cellar wall now, before the flies have disappeared, will make the house a more wholesome habitation. All sinks and waste pipes at this season should be thoroughly cleaned out with copperas or some other disinfectant, dissolved in warm water, at least once a week, in order to destroy all latent germs of disease which may come from such a source. Special care should be taken to guard children, invalids, and old people at this season from chill by providing heavier clothing. A complete outfit of light wool underclothes will do more than anything else to insure the wearer against the sudden changes of this month. Wise mothers invariably put light cashmere stockings on their children now, without waiting till frost, remembering that if the feet are kept warm half the battle against the danger of disease is over. Little children and any persons who are troubled with disorders of the digestion should be provided with heavy flannel bandages to be worn over the abdomen before the heavy winter flannels are put on. Especial attention should be paid to the bed clothing and an abundance of blankets kept at hand to be used during chilly nights. An open fire, kindled night and morning on the hearth of the family living room, will chase away a crowd of miasmic spectres, and make the cheeks of all the children rosy and their eyes sparkling. There is nothing more beautiful and more wholesome than this open fuel in the "melancholy days" when the leaves are falling and the woods aflame with the beauty of the asters and scarlet lobelia, and the swamps are azure with the gentian flower.—[N. Y. Weekly Tribune.

Fruit as a Medicine.

Fresh, ripe, perfect, raw fruit is safe and healthful at all seasons of the year, and amid the ravages of disease, whether epidemic, endemic, or sporadic, general, special or local. Under proper restrictions as to quantity, such fruits as named will cure diarrhœa, aid in removing a colic, cold, fever, or any other disease whose treatment requires the bowels to be kept freely open; for this effect fresh ripe fruit is acknowledged to have the requisite properties; but to be used advantageously in health and disease, the following rules are imperative: Fruit should be eaten ripe, raw, fresh and perfect. It should be eaten no later than four o'clock in the afternoon. No water or fluid of any description should be swallowed within an hour after eating fruit. To have its full beneficial effect, nothing else should be eaten at the time fruit is taken. It is to the neglect of these observances that erroneous impressions prevail in many families, and to an extent too, in some instances, that the most luscious peach or apple, or bunch of grapes is regarded as that much embodied cholera and death.

A Salt Water Bath at Home.

To make a substitute for sea-bathing for those who must stay at home, procure a large, soft sponge—if it is high priced at first, it will pay better in the end; take every night a sponge bath of very salt water

$85 solid GOLD WATCH Sold for $100 until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. Both ladies' and gents' sizes with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one FREE. How is this possible? We answer—we want one person in each locality, to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a complete line of our valuable and very useful HOUSEHOLD SAMPLES. These samples, as well as the watch, we send free, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property; it is possible to make this great offer, sending the SOLID GOLD watch and COSTLY samples free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always results in a large trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality for a month or two we usually get from $10000 to $50000 in trade from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once, and make sure of the chance. Reader it will be hardly any trouble for you to show the samples to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know all, if you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure FREE one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 512, PORTLAND, MAINE.

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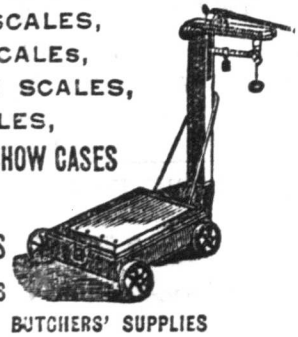

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$85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $100. until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free, and after you have kept

SEASON OF 1889.
Until further notice the
Steamer Reindeer
Will leave Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places.
Leave Picton 8 a. m. for Napanee.
Returning will leave Napanee at 2 p. m. to connect with Steamer Varuna at Deseronto for Belleville and Trenton.
Leave Deseronto 2 45 p. m.; Picton 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.
L. M. COLLIER,
9c m Captain.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON
Mutual Fire Insurance
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is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.
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Napanee, Feb. 14th, 1887. 1yr

Burdock
BLOOD
BITTERS.
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.
NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.
Time Table, No. 14.
In Effect ct.
ASTERN STANDARD TIME.
TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A M	No. 4. M
Napanee	Leave	10 4[illegible]	05
Napanee Mills	"	11 0[illegible]	20
Newburgh	"	11 07	
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 [illegible]	
Camden East	"	11 [illegible]	
Yarker	"	11 [illegible]	
Colebrook*	"	11 38	

A Salt Water Bath at Home.

To make a substitute for sea-bathing for those who must stay at home, procure a large, soft sponge—if it is high priced at first, it will pay better in the end; take every night a sponge bath of very salt water—about a cuptul of rock salt to a quart of cool water—and rub off afterward with a moderately rough crash towel, just hard enough to get in a comfortable glow.

Low in the Neck.

New York Boy—Mamma, isn't that a funny little belt?

Mamma—Hush, child! That's the waist to your sister's new ball dress.

The lawyer depends on words; the real-estate man on deeds.

Mr. Gladstone allows all the people in his neighborhood at Hawarden freely to use his splendid library of 20,000 volumes.

During a recent inspection of tobacco factories in England one maker was caught cutting up brown paper for cigarettes, while another was flavoring his fine old Havana cigars with a solution of licorice. The smokers will get very little sympathy from the anti-tobacconists in this matter. Brown paper, so far as we know, is harmless, and licorice is good for colds. Either is much better than tobacco, which, according to eminent anti-tobacconists, comes from a plant profusely covered with clammy hairs, which are said to absorb malarious atmosphere, and a plant profusely so filthy that the only animal known to use it is the African rock goat. Even the goat would prefer the licorice and brown paper if it could get them.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the forumla of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by addressing with name, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes 149 "Powers' Block, Rochester N. Y.

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an acoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from the administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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The NEW SOFT STOP and Practice Pedal attachment to a NEWCOMBE UPRIGHT PIANO saves the nerves of the listener or performer, WHEN PRACTISING, as well as the instrument from wear, and preserves the tone.

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STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds Machinery repaired on the short notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

ranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for **2** months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch** and **Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

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To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. **In return we ask that you show what we send,** to those who may call at your home, and after **2** months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out; before patents run out it sold for **$93,** with the attachments, and now sells for **$50.** Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. **TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.**

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3 YEARS SYSTEM

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Any piano may be chosen out of a magnificent assortment of Uprights, Squares, and Grands, unsurpassed in quality and value. Ministers, Teachers, Governme n Officers, and those in receipt of regular in comes will find this a convenient and advantageous mode for securing a first-class instrument. When the instrument is used for practice, our Soft Stop or Practice Pedal saves wear on the nerves, as well as preserves the tone of the piano. Our Patent Foot Pedal attachment for Pianos is invaluable to organists, students, and teachers. Prices on application. Inspection invited.

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Warerooms—107 and 109 Church St. Toronto. Factory, the finest in its equipments and appliances in the city, 89 to 97 Bellwoods ave.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 4[illegible]	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 0[illegible]	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 0[illegible]	[illegible]
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
Camden East	"	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
Yarker	"	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
Colebrook*	"	11 38	[illegible]
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamwort[illegible]	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 3[illegible]
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 4[illegible]	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Enterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of the trains depends on connection with other ones, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

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COMPANY (LIMITED)
ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted):

Str. QUINTE, Capt. D.B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a m; Deseronto, 7,15; Northport, 7.50; Belleville, 10,00, arriving at Trenton 11 30 a m. Leave Trenton 1 p m; Belleville, 3; Northport, 4,20; Deseronto, 5,35, arrive at Picton 6 35 p m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a m; Deseronto, 7: arriving at Picton 8,30. Leave Picton 3 p m; Deseronto, 5; arrive at Napanee at 6 p m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9 30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a m. Leave Deseronto 1 p m, arriving in Picton at 2,20 d. m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS
by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

Strs. RESOLUTE, Capt. John Gown, and RELIANCE, Capt John Bartley. These fast and comodious steamers sail from Deseronto regularlm, weather permitting, for Oswego, connecting with trains for New York and other points. Fares moderate. Freight handled at lowest rates. See that your tickets read via Deseronto Junction.

These steamers are open for charter for excursions.

For further particulars as to tickets, fares, etc. apply to.

R. C. Carter.
General Manager, Deseronto

2439

15,000 LIVES LOST.

The Greatest Disaster Known in the History of Japan.

BIG FLOODS AND LANDSLIDES.

Whole Villages Buried Under Avalanches from the Mountains.

The regular mail steamer Gaelic has arrived from Yokohama, bringing details of the overwhelming disaster in Japan. The province of Kii, in the southwestern part of Japan, has been visited by the greatest tragedy in the history of the country. Probably more than 15,000 people have been killed, several towns have been wiped completely off the face of the earth, and others have been nearly demolished. The catastrophe was occasioned by floods in the western part of the province and by the crumbling of a mountain which buried six villages under a huge mass of rocks and earth.

The early part of August was remarkable for its rains, and the rapid rise of the rivers soon became alarming. The banks of the Kinogawa River, a stream over 100 miles in length, broke near the city of Wakayamo on Aug. 19, and a mountain of water, like that which swept through the Conemaugh valley when the dam above Johnstown broke, rushed out among the fields and towns, wrecking houses, bridges, fences, temples, and all things in its path. In this district 200 houses were carried away and 5,000 were ruined by the water, leaving 30,000 people dependent upon the local officials for food.

Lower down the embankments of Hidakagown were also destroyed, flooding the cultivated fields and adjacent towns. Out of sixty houses at Wakanomura but two remain standing, and more than fifty people lost their lives.

An official of the Nishimura district office, who arrived at Wakayamo on the evening of Aug. 22, reports that at about 4 P. M. on Aug. 19 an inroad of water took place at Sanabemachi, and in a few moments the floors of buildings, in the vicinity were covered. Many houses in the district were carried away, and about 300 persons are said to

HAVE LOST THEIR LIVES.

All villages within an extent of ten miles are more or less submerged. In Chorai-homura several hundred houses were washed away, leaving only eleven buildings standing. Many persons are reported to have lost their lives in this district also.

The volume of the river Kinokuni, an adjacent stream, swelled to an extraordinary extent, the rise being in some places as much as 13 to 18 feet above the normal level. No bridge over the stream could withstand the force of the flood. The river steadily rose from about 6 o'clock in the evening, until at last near midnight it began to overflow its embankments, and about four miles from the city of Wakayama the banks at the village of Iwahashi were washed away. Immediately the village and its whole neighborhood, including about forty-eight other hamlets, were covered by the raging water. The depth of the flood is said to have been from 5 to 15 feet.

The neighborhood of Osaka has also suffered very severely. From a telegram received by the home office from the Governor of Osaka it appears that in the districts under his authority relief is being given to several thousands of people. The embankments on the Yodogawn and Inkedapaigawn rivers were broken at several places on Aug. 21, and considerable damage was caused to farming while many houses were swept away of ground. There, however, they were not fated to be safe, as the mountain of Sugi-Tama, which is at the back of the temple, suddenly came down on the village in an avalanche, burying the entire village under ground, only the upper half of the temple being left to view."

A special correspondent, who made his way laboriously over the ruins, says:

"Villages of Nagato No-Mura, Tanise-Mura, Uyenoike-Mura, and Hayashi Mura, along the course of the Totsugawawoo, were all buried under ground by the crumbling away of the Umiyabara Mountain. All the villages of Ui, Nagatono, Numata-Hara, and Asahi, at the entrance of the Totsugawa Go, face each other, and can be seen across the river, but, there being no boats between these places, no help could be rendered. The villages of Uyeno-Chi, Takatsu, Kawatsu, and several others were all either

SWEPT AWAY OR BURIED

under ground. The number of deaths in these villages has not yet been ascertained, but, as all outlets were blockaded, the loss of life must have been appalling.

"The villages of Kaseabaya, Uchihara, Takigawa, Nojiri, Yamasaki, and Taana were also entirely swept away or buried by the overflow of rivers and the crumbling mountains. The damage along the lower course of the river and the villages skirting it has not yet been ascertained, but it is supposed that out of fifty villages comprising Totsugawa Go all have suffered more or less from the disaster, and it is a mooted point if one has escaped.

"In all these villages farms, rice fields, and houses are supposed to have been nearly or quite destroyed. The exact number of deaths in this small region is not yet known, but the district officials place it between 4,000 and 5,000."

The coal mines at Patezato Mura, Yoshino Gori, also caved in, and forty miners are missing. In Shiono Mura a landslide occurred.

CRUSHING TO DEATH

eight persons, besides which forty are missing who are supposed to have been buried alive. While the extent of territory affected here it not so great, the suffering in this district is appalling. It is impossible to furnish aid to all the thousands of sufferers, and many must die of hunger and thirst. The losses in lives and money will never be known, as whole towns have been wiped from the earth with no survivor to tell the story.

As an instance of the disaster it may be mentioned that the Portuguese gunboat Roi Lima, on her voyage along the coast, was greatly obstructed by the wreckage of roofs, timbers of houses, &c., so that on several occasions she had to stop to prevent damage to her screw. This debris extended at least ninety miles along the coast. This is the greatest disaster Japan has known for centuries, and further details can only bring stories of more desolation and more suffering than have thus far been related. The Japanese newspapers, after careful estimate, think the loss of life does not fall below 15,000.

An Old Liquor License.

The question of selling liquor on Sunday is one which the clergy were called to adjudicate upon two hundred years ago as they are to-day. One of the earliest inn keepers in the colony, Jean Boisdon, lost a profitable monopoly for not adhering to the regulations. His license required him to establish himself on the great square of Quebec, close to the church, so that the parishioners might conveniently warm and refresh themselves between the services. He was, however, forbidden to entertain any person during high mass, sermon, catechism, or vespers.

HOW TO KEEP YOUNG.

BY HARKLEY HARKER.

Keep up with the times.

That is, read what is going on now, today.

The newspaper is a very battery foe. If you turn it over only to find "Who is dead?" If you take little interest in present happenings, but are mournfully entertained with some dry old editorial; if you habituate yourself to admiring a former age to the exclusion of this—you will not keep young long.

Welcome new things.

When you hear about the electric car, do not promptly scowl and say, "It can't succeed." Rather eagerly believe in it. Say at least, "I wish it could succeed. I want to see something better than the noisy, dirty steam-engine. Hurrah! I believe in lightning." Make yourself believe in the new, because it is new. You are on the side of anything new. If any new idea presents itself, rapping for recognition, be sure it finds a friend in you. Let a new thing be two-thirds received by you and only one-third "Stand and prove yourself."

If possible, be the advocate of a thing rather than a juryman on it. A new writer, his new book, a new candidate for office, a fresh voice in song, the latest actor—all possible young things that promise to make the world happier, or better, or easier under its burdens, gave them your hand. Do it among the first; not among the reluctant last. Stand with the boys, not with the old fogies. Be like the morning light, not like evening lamp-light. Take the first views of new things. If they seem pointed in the right direction, gaze on them in the sunlight rather than after dark.

Look forward, and not backward.

Talk about what is going to be next year, five, ten years from now. Men will laugh at you and call you a fool; but you will be here, young and hopeful still, when the dead past has buried its dead. You are going to do better in business next year; your health will be stronger in the cool weather; your spectacles will improve your eyesight, and enhance your good looks; your wayward boy will settle down next year; your golden age is to come.

Now, it is no small task to keep this forward look in an ugly world like ours. Most men give it up. Hence most men grow old fast. I heard a man of thirty-two years say last week, "I'm getting on in life fast toward the meridian. Just think of it, in ten years I shall be forty-two. I shall soon be gray. My father was gray at forty-five. I have not prospered as I ought to. If I do not make my fortune within the next eight years I never shall." Poor dunce! He reminded me of the old lady who roused her daughters at four o'clock on washing-day morning by pounding the stovepipe and shouting, "Girls, here it is Monday, to-morrow is Tuesday, next day's Wednesday, and not a thing done yet."

Reader, as you look forward, claim the future as yours. Trust your middle age. Do not belie the years of your ripest powers. You may "succeed" when you are past sixty. The ten or twelve years then to follow may be worth all the years that went before. You will be better fixed to enjoy them.

Enjoy a laugh.

This you can do, or the reverse, just as you please. A man can insist on having his fun, or he can let it slip, just as he pleases. The fun is going on all the while. But fun comes from the east, not the west; that is the best fun is new; it happens while you are passing. I sat, yesterday in the window of a hotel, feeling rather old. I saw a cab-driver dash up and stop. He

ments on the Yodogawn and Inkedapaigawn rivers were broken at several places on Aug. 21, and considerable damage was caused to farming, while many houses were swept away or otherwise injured. In Hongamura 180 houses were washed away and thirty persons were killed. In Higashipo Murogori and Nes[illegible]Murogori several hundred houses were demolished and considerable loss of life is reported. In Hidakagori 380

HOUSES WERE CARRIED AWAY

and seventy houses were more or less damaged, while 120 persons lost their lives and fifty others received more or less severe injuries. About 5,000 persons

NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH.

A telegram from Wakayamo says that many houses in Tschigawara and Shikiya, which are situated close to Kumanagawa, were carried away and many lives lost. The buildings of the Kumano Shrine, except one or two small temples, were all swept away, but the Sacred Image was saved. According to the report from Jeninu, in Higashi Murogari, about one-fourth of the buildings there (over 500) and 100 persons were swept away. The Hikawga River rose 28 feet above the ordinary level, and villages close to the river flooded, in consequence of which about 150 houses were washed away, many persons being drowned. Seventy-eight houses and the Miwake police station at Shusan were also carried away.

Owing to several landslides which occurred close to the source of the Hidakagawa vast numbers of trees, some of which were very large, were uprooted and swept on to the fields, where several thousands are now lying.

Inquiries as to the condition of various villages along the river have not yet been completed. In Goto there are still two feet of muddy water. About 1,200 houses of the villages close to the Tomitagawa were swept away and over 500 persons are reported to have lost their lives.

Another telegram from Wakayama, dated Aug 26, announces that according to the investigations made up to that date the total number of houses carried away in Nishi Murogori was 1,092, while 508 others were demolished and 440 houses were more or less damaged. The number of deaths there was 863.

Other villages suffered much loss by the floods and the number of dead cannot be accurately determined, but for the province of Kii it will fall below 10,000. Bloated bodies and

WRECKAGE OF ALL DESCRIPTION

covered fields for miles around, and it will be months before the survivors can preceed with work. The loss in money is roughly estimated at $6,000,000.

Relief has been sent to the ruined district, but inadequate facilities for collecting and distributing provisions will make the suffering intense, and in the outlying districts many will die from starvation.

The same rain which ruined the western part of the province of Kii by flood also wrought a most singular and ruinous disaster in the eastern section of the same province. The "Kansee Kippo," published at Osaka, gives a clear account. It says:

"Since Aug. 18 Totsugawa-Go district has been visited with very heavy rains, and at dawn on the 19th it was discovered that the rivers were rising rapidly. People in the neighborhood of Amano-Gawa, fearing an inundation, made preparations, for the emergency.

"While they were thus employed mountains suddenly crumbled away, obstructing communication between Tsujido Mura and Sakamoto-Mura, and the waters in the rivers, which rose in consequence, covered the houses in Tsujido-Mura, the people fleeing to the temple on an elevated piece

conveniently warm and refresh themselves between the services. He was, however, forbidden to entertain any person during high mass, sermon, catechism, or vespers. Some of the early tavern-keepers had a thriving trade and became men of wealth and importance. In Talon regulations they were forbidden to furnish food or drink to any hired laborer, not were they allowed to sell to persons residing in the place. They were supposed to accommodate travellers and strangers putting up in the cities or towns. One Montreal innkeeper was fined for permitting the syndic of the town to dine under his roof.—[Montreal Gazette.

Well-Grounded Fear.

At the theatre: Miss Chic—Oh, I am sure I don't look nice at all.

Miss Au Fay—Why?

Miss Chic—Because I am so comfortable.

Their Mother Tongue.

She—Listen to the complaining of the winds.

He—What language do they use in complaining?

She—Gaelic.

One of the Surprises.

Mr. Oldtymer—Well, I suppose you find a great many surprises in married life, don't you?

Mr. Younghusband—Rather. Why, it was only the other day that I found out that she was fonder of onions than ice cream.

Not on that Account.

John (coming home from a picnic)—"But now, look a here, Susie, do you doubt that I love you?' Susan—"Not a bit of it, John, I know you wouldn't have squandered sixty cents for ice cream and things unless you were in dead earnest.

Silenced.

Fussy Old Gentleman—There's a fly on your nose mum.

Irascible Old Lady—He ain't yours, is he

A bootless attempt—To get up-stair, without being heard by your wife.

An old bachelor, who has just died at Earishofen, left to his servant two shillings a day, to his dog one shilling, to his cat sixpence, and to some of his nearest relatives five shillings, ten shillings, or £1 as legacies. The rest of his fortune becomes the property of the parish.

Queen Victoria was much pleased while in Wales with the music of the Welshmen. She especially liked their singing and their manipulation of the harp. At one dinner eight harpers played during the banquet. Six of them were brothers under the leadership of their father, who appeared in full bardic costume, with a cap of antique form, blue robes and a red girdle. One Sunday a few choristers were brought thirty-five miles to sing at the Queen's private service.

Boston is afflicted with fleas. They are of the wickedest kind and bite with a savageness that has a tendency to drive the average resident of the Hub into something like frenzy. The obtrusive insect, says the Post, seems to make his appearance in the best quarters of the city, and naturally enough people are slow to confess the fact—but this sort of thing will out. The companions in misery one after another confess, and then the drug stores experience a boom in insect powder. But the flea continues to flourish in spite of the rigid measures to suppress him.

the best fun is new; it happens while you are passing. I sat, yesterday in the window of a hotel, feeling rather old. I saw a cab-driver dash up and stop. He unlocked a box under his seat, took out a canvas pail such as oats are fed from, shook it out, walked round in front of his bony nag, showed him the empty pail, folded up said pail, returned it again to the box and locked it. You should have seen that horse's countenance. Even yet I haven't decided what it all meant, nor whether the horse said as he looked up at us in the window, "You see, gentlemen, what I live on—promise." But it was all very amusing to myself and one other gentleman by my side. Three others of our party were looking straight at the scene and never saw it; they wondered what we were laughing at, and even when we told them, could hardly catch the flavor of this passing fun, whiffed on the lazy breeze of a torrid day.

Enjoy young people.

To some men and women this comes natural. To others it costs an effort to keep step with youth. Some elderly people say, "Young people are too noisy. They are never satisfied. They always want to go somewhere else, or do something new. They vex me." Very well. Get left, then. I do not mean to teach irreverence for age. The kindly deference for superior wisdom, so pleasing to riper years, is one of the handsomest adornments of youth. And an old simpleton is a nuisance. To dye the gray hairs of honor is not to my mind. I am not ashamed of my years. I do not force my stiff, old-fashioned dancing on young ladies at a time they want the handsomest young fellow in the room. I know my place, and often "two is company, while three is a crowd." But if I can make myself agreeable to young people, without playing the buffoon, I know I am the gainer by contact with their fresh young life. I will help, not hinder, their morning-hour joys of life. Happy is he who has children of his own, who will keep him young, if he will only let them. The contagion of youth cannot be explained. Last year I set out a young maple between two old elms. It is curious, but true—the elms this year have no leaf worms; heretofore, for three years they have been stripped by worms. Was it because the youthful life of the maple somehow has been communicated to them that the aged fellows are so clean this year?

Avoid revenges.

The storing up of ugly thoughts, and following out hatreds, is the worst of aging agencies. I met an old friend in Baltimore last week. He is several years my junior. We sat together in college. "How old he looks!" exclaimed my wife. Yes; this reason is a family lawsuit bequeathed to him by his dead father. Following up his father's enemies is making him an aged man before his time. His spirit is bitter. His wealth will be great; but I would not pay his price—nineteen years of fighting! Forgive, and you will grow young with every such act. It is Godlike to forgive, and eternal youth sits on the throne of the universe. I challenge you, reader, to find a youthful old man who has many hatreds, who loves to fight, who enjoys punishing an enemy, who is cruel. Happiness, Dumas says, makes even a wicked man good. Be that as it may, a happy disposition makes an old man young.—[New York Weekly.

A Precious Relic.

"That's a very funny old cane you have got there. I'd like to buy it from you."

"Can't sell it. It is an old family heirloom. I wouldn't sell it for anything in the world. My great-grandfather used to maul my great-grandmother with it."

The Origin and Distribution of the Globe's Inhabitants.

M. de Quatrefages, the leading French ethnologist, in presenting the second part of his "Introduction to the Study of the Human Races" to the Academy of Sciences, has given an interesting summary of his general conclusions with regard to the origin and distribution of mankind. Neglecting the minor differences, he estimates that there are no fewer than 72 distinct races in the human species. All these descend or branch off from three fundamental types—the black, the yellow, and the white—which had their origin at the great central mass of Northern Asia, which is thus the cradle of mankind. Representatives of these different types and the races which sprang from them are still to be found there. The whites, according to M. de Quartefages, appear to have originated on the west of the central mass, the yellow on the north, and the blacks on the south. The whites extended westward and northward, giving birth to three secondary types—the Finnish, the Semitic and the Aryan, if we except the Allophyles, which form a separate group. Their area of distribution is continuous, as in that of the yellows, because of the extensive land surface of the Eurasian Continent. The yellows spread eastward and crossed into America. The whites and yellows checked or blended with each other, producing many varieties of man. The blacks, or Negro type, which originated on the south of the central mass, was forced by the nature of the Continent, and probably by the attacks of the whites and yellows, to go south into Africa and east into the Indian Archipelago, or Melanesia. The proto-Semites arrested their distribution in the north of Africa, and the mixture of the two races gave rise to the negroid populations. In the centre and south of Africa the blacks continued in their ethnic purity until the infiltration of other races from Europe and the north of Africa in modern times. Those which remained in their original homes became blended with the whites and yellows, giving rise to the dravidian populations which pass by shades into three fundamental types. As for the Allophyles, represented by the race of Cro Magnon, they occupied parts of Europe and North Africa, from which they extended to the Canaries. The three fundamental types also found themselves in Oceania; the Allophylian whites occupying Polynesia, the blacks Melanesia, the yellows Malasia. The latter were, according to M. de Quatrefages, the last to come into the maritime world. The peopling of America dates from the Quatrenary period, and is due to migrations of different types—Allophylic white and yellow blending with the local Quaternary races, which also belong to the yellow type. Europe, since the Tertiary ages, has received only Allophylian whites, Finns and Aryans. Having regard to the constant and various migrations of the human races in past times, and the resulting amalgamation of the varieties, whether due to conquest and violence or peaceful diffusion, M. de Quatrefages justly observes that the number of races now existing in a pure state is exceedingly restricted, if indeed there is a single one which can be accepted as such. Perhaps some little groups, protected by their isolation, such as the Mincopies, may show an identity of characters attesting their ethnic homogeneity.

He Could Watch the Ants on Holidays.

"Shakey, Shakey!" cried old Dinkleman.

"Here I am, farder," said Jakey as he came into the store rubbing his eyes.

"Shakey," went on the old man, "you vill never be rich if you don't learn to be

A Ridiculous Question.

"Do you enjoy good health?" asked Brown of his friend Jones. The reply of Jones was short, sharp and to the point. "Why of course I do, what fool doesn't?" Everyone enjoys good health when he has it. But some people do not have it to enjoy. Sick headache, biliousness, constipation, deranged liver, and a host of ills, real and imaginary, are their heritage. Thousands of persons cure and prevent these distressing complaints by taking Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. Small, sugar-coated and easy to take; one a dose.

Considering how little the bell knows it is wonderful how much it has tolled.

Lawyers may be poets; they write lots of "versus."

Weary, worn and discouraged,
Heartsick and hopeless and sad;
Longing for help and comfort
When none can be had,—

describes the condition of those persons who are said to be "going down hill," or "going into decline." There is an indescribable weakness of the system, a general lack of vitality. They cannot tell what the matter is with them. They only know that they feel miserable in mind and body. They are gloomy and despondent. They have tried this and that remedy prescribed by their friends or the doctors. They have failed to receive any benefit from them. They reach the conclusion that there is no help for them and that they must die. Now the fact is that the trouble originates, in nine cases out of ten, in impure blood. There is poisonous, effete matter in it that ought to be got rid of. But how can this be done? Simply by taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which acts on the blood and various organs of the body in such a way that the man or woman using it seems to be made over.—reconstructed. It is guaranteed to benefit or cure all cases of disease for which it is recommended, or money paid for it will be refunded.

The only thing which beats a good wife is a bad husband.

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One of Archdeacon Farrar's daughters has lately been holding forth in a barn in the south of England, to large audiences of rustics. She is quite young, and is married to one of the masters in a well-known public school.

A.P. 469

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For freight, passage or other information apply to A. Schumacher & Co., Baltimore; S. Cunard & Co., Halifax: Shea & Co., St. John's, Nfld.; Wm. Thompson & Co., St John, N. B.; Allen & Co., Chicago Love & Alden, New York; H. Bouriler, Toronto; Allans, Rae & Co., Quebec; Wm. Brooks, Philadelphia; H. A Allen Portland Boston Montreal.

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He Could Watch the Ants on Holidays.

"Shakey, Shakey!" cried old Dinkleman.

"Here I am, farder," said Jakey as he came into the store rubbing his eyes.

"Shakey," went on the old man, "you vill never be rich if you don't learn to be industrious. By industrious we thrive, don't it? Don't be lazy. Vhat did I tell you yesterday? Go by der ant, dow slug gard; consider her veys und be vise, ain't id?"

"Yes, farder; dat's vhat you said," answered Jakey meekly.

"Vell, vhere you vas yust now? Upstairs sleeping?"

"No, farder; I vas in the back yard, out by der hammock—"

"Asleep by der hammock!" interrupted Dinkleman. "Oh, Shakey, Shakey, vhat vill you ever come to?"

"But, farder, let me finish,' pleaded Jakey. "I vas in der hammock vatching der ants and considering her vays."

Dinkleman scratched his head reflectively and then simply said, "Oh!"

Jakey started for the back yard again with a smile of victory on his face when his father called:

"Shakey, go outside und call in some customers. You can vatch der ants on holidays."

To the St. Leon Mineral Water Co

PENETANGUISHENE, August 1.

GENTLEMEN,—I use St. Leon Mineral Water three times daily. Find nothing better as a regulator and to promote good health and buoyant feelings. St. Leon is simply grand for the whole system.

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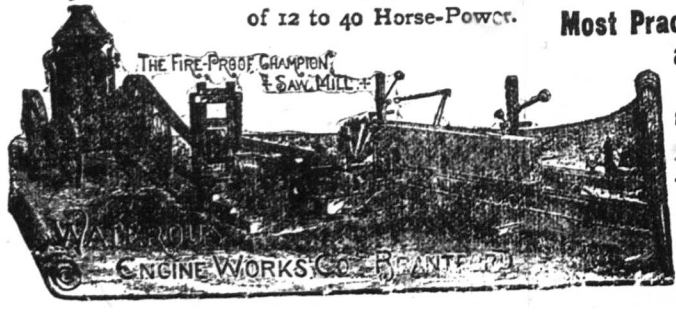

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1889.

A number of additional hands have been engaged and the work of completing the post office is being pushed a little more rapidly. Uriah found that THE EXPRESS in this, as in the majority of cases, voiced public opinion, namely that the extravagence and waste ought to be stopped. At the present price of barley it takes over seventeen bushels of that grain per day to pay the salaries of the Inspectors alone. What do the farmers think of such waste?

Masterly inactivity is the rule with the Tory Government, and is illustrated in Napanee by the way the Postoffice building contract is being spun out. Work which should have been completed a year ago is still unfinished and may yet be caught by frost before completion. And this is the way the government business is being conducted throughout the Dominion. Nothing is done in a reasonable time except it be to rush through a big railway to benefit the party. Even respectable Conservatives are beginning to complain that two bosses to three men is rather stiff.

Mr. Laurier's addresses in Ontario have done an immense lot of good in quieting the tempest-in-a-teapot storm raised by disguised Tories playing the roll of equal righters; in directing the attention of the people to the obvious duties of being tolerant and of aiming with unabated vigor at the great object all should have in view, viz: The building up of a common Canadian nationality by all classes and creeds in the Dominion. In another respect Mr. Laurier's visit has been opportune; people now know that there are Frenchmen and Frenchmen; that there are Tory Frenchmen and Liberal Frenchmen, and that it is with the Tory Frenchmen we have to reckon for all the nefarious jobbery which has been going on. Mr. Laurier reminds one of the Hon. Mr. Dorion who worked hand in hand with the Hon. George Brown in the great Clergy Reserve and Representation by population struggles. Intelligent, calm, dignified, with confidence in himself and in the ultimate glorious triumph of liberal principles, he meets the foe with a dignity which inspires awe, and drives back into their insignificant shells the loud mouthed croakers who seem to have only one object in living and that is to shout, right or wrong—shout.

There is a good sized row looming up over the appointment of a lighthouse keeper for the lighthouse on "The Brothers," just south of Amherst Island. The island on which the light is situated is said to be

The North-West Settler.

The crops in the North-West Territories have suffered severely this year from drought. Hay was a failure and in the Regina district some farmers have ploughed up their wheat and oats, or turned their cattle in. A farmer in the neighborhood of Qu'Appelle writes that for some time past he has abandoned the all-wheat style of farming and taken to raising stock; but, he says, "I shall want feed for them this winter, and I don't see how I can import it from the States, the railroad rates and the tariff together being an enormous tax." Just so. When there is a short crop in Canada a few lucky farmers may make a little money, for the N. P. undoubtedly helps them to obtain good prices, though it robs them then and always by exalting the cost of what they have to buy. But the bulk of the farmers, more especially those who require cheap fodder for their cattle, find the duties on foreign produce a serious handicap. Let us suppose that this Qu'Appelle settler should determine to sell eight steers worth $25 a piecein order to obtain a supply of American corn and oats. If the steers were sold to an American buyer, the Qu'Appelle man would have to pay the United States duty, viz., $40. The reason of this is that Canadian exports of cattle to the United States are too insignificant relatively to the American supply to affect the market price. This would leave the settler $160 wherewith to make his purchases. He buys 160 bushels of corn at 50 cents and 320 of oats at 25 cents. On reaching home the Canadian Customs Officers collect 7½ cents per bushel on the corn and 10 cents on the oats; or $44 in all. The net result is, therefore, that the settler suffers an absolute loss of $84 on a $200 transaction; and this at a time when he needs all the help he can get. But his troubles do not end here. In order to keep the roof over his head the settler during autumn and winter must buy manufactured goods. He requires sugar, cotton, implements, iron goods such as nails, etc., and clothing; and on each and every one of these articles the law wrings from him a tax which goes into the pocket of the home manufacturer. To be more correct Mr. Bowell seizes and holds him while the gentlemen of the Ontario combines relieve him of the amount in the name, not of Barabbas, but of British connection and other fine symbols.

Protection is a fraud upon the farming class everywhere, but it is a positive scourge in a new region like the North-west. The special census of Manitoba and the Territories taken in 1885 and 1886, revealed the fact that the government estimates of population had been altogether fallacious—that thousands of those who had gone in had pulled up stakes and crossed the line. The N. P. is undoubtedly responsible to a great extent for this state of things. The settler has to compete in the world's market after paying heavy railroad tolls to the seaboard, yet the government deliberately increases the cost of production by compelling him to buy in the dearest market, which in addition to its dearness, is far remote from his farm. A good test of the prosperity of a young community is found in what is known as the accretive immigration, that is, in the immigration which is attracted by the settlers themselves sending prepaid passages or money to bring out their friends. In several parts of the United States 60 per cent of the immigrants are secured in this way; whereas there is reason to believe that in our Northwest the proportion does not exceed one per cent. In other words, the policy of the government does not satisfy the settler, and therefore even when he himself stays he makes no effort to get friends and relatives about him.

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GOOD CLOTHING.

over the appointment of a lighthouse keeper for the lighthouse on "The Brothers," just south of Amherst Island. The island on which the light is situated is said to belong to Mr. R. H. Finkle, of Bath, and he is said to have made improvements thereon to the extent of some hundreds of dollars. He now wants the position of lighthouse keeper but the government seem unwilling to grant his very reasonable request. The reason of the government's unwillingness is the fact that Warden Filson is also an applicant for the position, and that Uriah Wilson rather favors the appointment of the Amherst Island representative. The government hate to lose the Finkle influence at Bath, and as they can safely count on Mr. Filson's support every time, the position will likely be given to the Bathite. He deserves it anyway, that is if faithful allegiance to party counts for anything. Uriah is finding that patronage is not a nice thing to have. The Herring and Hearns appointments were anything but popular with his own party, and he cannot afford to alleniate many friends at the present juncture. He is therefore dealing very gingerly with this lighthouse appointment.

Barriers to Trade.

At this season of the year, when the farmer is getting in his crops, it is well that he should have some idea of the height of the barriers that shut him out of his nearest and best market. Here is a list of the United States duties on the leading agricultural and other natural products of Canada

Cattle, Horses and Sheep	20 p. c. ad. val.
Barley, Corn and Oats	10 cents per bushel.
Wheat	20 do
Coal (bituminous)	75 cents per ton.
Copper Ore	2½ cents per pound.
Dried Cod and Herring	½ cent per pound.
Salt Herring	$1 per bbl.
Pickled Mackerel	$2 per bbl.
Flax	$25 per ton.
Hay	$2 per ton.
Iron Ore	75 cents per ton.
Malt	20 cents per bushel.
Stone	20 p. c. ad. val.
Salt	8 cents per hundred.
Butter and Cheese	4 cents per pound.
Beans and Peas	10 p. c. ad. val.
Potatoes	15 cents per bushel.
Lumber	$2 per M.
Wool (clothing and combing)	10 cents per pound.

It should be borne in mind that in all or nearly all cases the Canadian exporter pays the duty for the simple reason that our exports to the States are not sufficiently large to affect the market price over there. Thus one of the largest items of export is lumber; yet though we send $10,000,000 a year we supply only one-twentieth of the annual consumption of the United States. Another point of great importance is this—that if these duties were removed it would be possible for us to vastly increase our export trade. Thus any lumberman will bear witness that the $2 duty on his product prevents him from shipping huge quantities of second-grade or inferior material. That is, the duty is sufficiently high to exhaust any possible profit left after paying the cost of production and transportation. The farmer can see for himself by referring to the Canadian tariff how much he is taxed when he undertakes to buy from the States the goods which are manufactured cheaper there than here. Our manufacturers are hampered by the United home market which prevents them from resorting, as the Americans do, to the specialization or subdivision of labor and machinery. Is it not clear that if the custom houses on both sides of the line were closed both countries would be benefited? This is what the Liberal party is seeking to accomplish, and in the United States events are rapidly making for the same end.

cceed one per cent. In other words, the policy of the government does not satisfy the settler, and therefore even when he himself stays he makes no effort to get friends and relatives about him.

Progress of Inventions Since 1845.

In the year 1845 the present owners of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN newspaper commenced its publication, and soon after established a bureau for the procuring of patents for inventions at home and in foreign countries. During the year 1845 there were only 502 patents issued from the U. S. Patent Office, and the total issued from the establishment of the Patent Office, up to the end of that year, numbered only 4,357.

Up the first of July this year there have been granted 402,413. Showing that since the commencement of the publication of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN there have been issued from the U. S. Patent Office 402,166 patents, and about one third more applications have been made than have been granted, showing the ingenuity of our people to be phenomenal, and much greater than even the enormous number of patents issued indicates. Probably a good many of our readers have had business transacted through the offices of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, in New York or Washington, and are familiar with Munn & Co.'s mode of doing business, but those who have not will be interest in knowing something about this, the oldest patent soliciting firm in this country, probably in the world.

Persons visiting the offices of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 361 Broadway, N. Y., for the first time, will be surprised, on entering the main office, to find such an extensive and elegantly equipped establishment, with its walnut counters, desks, and chairs to correspond, and its enormous safes and such a large number of draughtsmen, specification writes, and clerks, all busy as bees, reminding one of a large banking or insurance office, with its hundred employees.

In conservation with one of the firm, who had commenced the business of soliciting patents in connection with the publication of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, more than forty years ago, I learned that his firm made application for upward of 100,000 inventors in the United States, and several thousands in different foreign countries, and had filed as many cases in the Patent Office in a single month as there were patents issued during the entire first year of their business career. This gentleman had seem the Patent Office grow from a sapling to a sturdy oak and he modestly hinted that many thought the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, with its large circulation, had performed no mean share in stimulating inventions and advancing the interest of the Patent Office. But it is not alone the patent soliciting that occupies the attention of the 100 persons employed by Munn & Co., but a large number are engaged on the four publications issued weekly and monthly from their office, 361 Broadway, N. Y., viz: The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT, the Export Edition of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, and the Architects and Builders Edition of the SCIENTIEIC AMERICAN. The first two publications are issued every week, and the latter two, the first of every month.

The Governor-General reached Grenfell, N. W. T., Wednesday. His Excellency is much pleased with his trip thus far.

According to an order of the London, Ont., school board, teachers in their employ must cease studying for other professions.

Constable Hawkins, who shot James Douglas at Hamilton, has been indicted for murder at the assizes there and acquited.

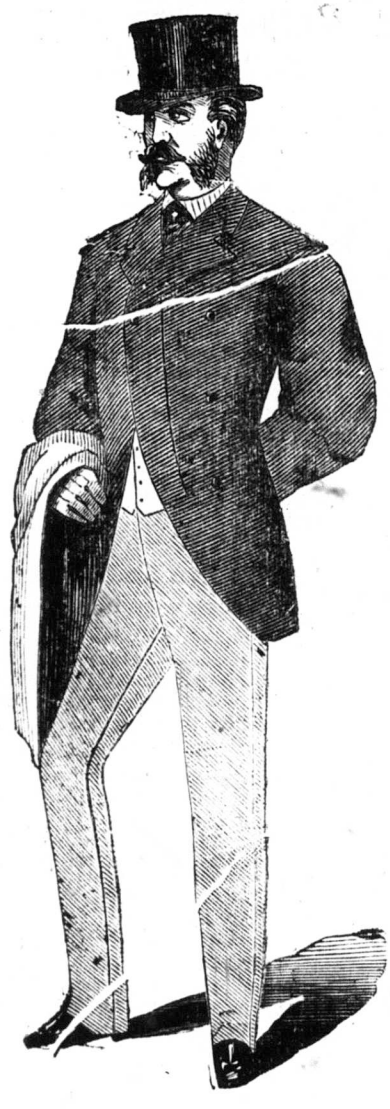
A considerable portion of the town of Grand Haven, Mich., was burned on Tuesday; loss $1,000,000.

The total assessment of Toronto for the coming year is put at $137,230,778. by Assessment Commissioner Maughan, an increase of over $24,000,000. upon that of last year.

A fine wire stretched about five or six inches above the top of a fence will generally prevent fowls from flying over. They strike the wire without seeing it and are thrown back.

Last Sunday evening an East Side widow who was known to the entire congregation to be greatly in want of a husband, was praying with great fervency. "Oh, thou knowest the desire of my heart!" she exclaimed. "A MAN!" responded a brother with broad accent. "Thy will be done!" exclaimed the widow, amid a snicker from the con gregation.—Free Press.

GOOD CLOTHING.



We would also like to draw your attention to our complete stock of

ENGLISH, SCOTCH and CANADIAN TWEEDS

also to our beautiful line of Fall Overcoatings Clothing made to order on short notice We guarantee first-class work and a perfect fit, as we employ one of the best cutters in the Dominion.

Prices very low.

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTON,

Proprietors.

Sexsmith's old stand Leonard Block, Napanee.

BUYERS' DIRECTORY. NAPANEE BUSINESS HOUSES

PLUMS, PEACHES, PEARS,

And Melons a specialty at

BRUTON'S.

G. A. Blewett

Keeps the Best and Cheapest

FLOUR

in town. Give him a call.

Try his 25 cent Tea.

GO TO

HULETT'S

FOR

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS

Knocked Out.

COXALL'S

25 cent Tea

is all the talk, try it

AS IT BEATS HEM ALL.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Head Office, Montreal.

Annual Income.....$25,273.58
Assets, over.....$2,000,000.00
Assurance in force, 16,025,300.00

James Little, Peterboro, Inspector of Agencies. W. H. Hill, Peterboro, Manager for Central Ontario,

Rev. S. CARD, Local Agt, Napanee

Do you want to take a drive? If so, just call up R. H. Potter, Telephone No. 99. The best livery in town.

Lockwood's

—FOR—

School Books, School Supplies, Scribblers, Fool's Cap.

Fresh arrivals of

FANCY - GOODS

and a large line of envelopes.

Corner Brisco House Block.

IF YOU WANT

Gill Nets, Cotton Twine, Coal Tar, go to

Perry & Madole

A Good Lantern for 40c

A. W. GRANGE & BRO.

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs and Medicines

Toilet Articles, Perfumery,

Patent Medicines, Etc

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

F. CHINNECK,

Jeweler.

Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

George I. Ham

McLaughlin's old stand.

We are receiving our

New Fall Stock of Boots and Shoes,

all new goods to be sold at rock bottom prices this fall. Trunks and Valises at about half price. Kip Boots made to order, and repairing done.

A. D. McROSSIE

R. LIGHT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

Doors, Sash, Blinds,

Mouldings,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BUILDING MATERIAL

TRENTON - SLAB - WOOD

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789fm

TEA EXTRAORDINARY!

Having recently secured an extraordinary good bargain in tea, we intend to share it with our customers.

Heretofore we have given extra good value in Tea at 25 cents per pound, but the fifty chests just received would be "dirt cheap" at 45 cents, and 25 cents is what we shall sell it at. We venture to say and we have had many years experience in the tea trade, that nothing to compare with it has ever been sold in Napanee at that price.

To those who want to save money and at same time enjoy a choice cup of Tea, we say come and get a pound and we feel certain it will cause you to come for more.

TA-KA-KAKE.

Buy a package of this new cereal sugar corn flour which cooks in fifteen minutes and makes delicious griddle cakes, gems and rolls. For sale by

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants

Napanee, 16th July, 1889. 38 ly

A. Bristol & Son

Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789fm

A. Bristol & Son,

PICTON,

Are now showing their complete asssortment of

Dress Goods and Silks

Mantles and Jackets

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS

Our store has been enlarged and improved and is now considered one of the largest and best lighted stores in Central Canada. Being

Direct Importers,

One of our firm visiting the British markets every year.

We are in a position to show a class of Goods not usually found outside of largest city stores, while our smaller expenses enable us to sell many lines at

Less Than City Prices.

We invite you when visiting Picton to call at our store and will be pleased if you find it to your advantage to buy anything, and still better pleased if you find it to your advantage, as so many of the people of Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington, do always buy their Dry Goods at what is now well known as

THE PEOPLES' STORE

ONLY ONE PRICE.

GOODS NEVER MISREPRESENTED.

Napanee, 16th July, 1889. 3889ly

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

989ly J. GIBBARD & SON.

BIRRELL & CO

—ARE AGENTS FOR THE—

Cockshutt J. G. C. Riding Plows

These have given every satisfaction for the past few years in this section, and farmers that want a Riding Plow should try one.

The Old and Reliable Wilkison Plows and Gang Plows

Wisner's Drills, Seeders and Cultivators,

Threshers' supplies furnished on short notice for all machines. McColl's Lardine Machine Oil and Boiler compound.

WASHING MACHINES AND WRINGERS.

Give us a call.

4189f BIRRELL & CO.

McCOLL BROS'.

Machine and Burning Oils.

THEIR CELEBRATED LARDINE

Has no rival as lubricator. Farmers, Threshers and Mill Men all agree that there is no OIL in the market to compare with it. Try it and be convinced.

Cylinder Oil, Bolt Cutting Oil, Wool Oil, Axle Greese, Harness Oil, etc., always in stock.

23896m McCOLL BROS., Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

EXCURSION TO

CHICAGO, DETRIOT

and other Western Cities.

SEPTEMBER 27th and 28th,

RATES FROM

NAPANEE

—TO—

Detroit or Port Huron $7.00.
East Saginaw or Bay City $10.00
Grand Rapids, $11.00.
Cincinatti, Chicago or Milwaukee $13,00.
Cleveland Ohio $9.00.

Tickets good to go Sept. 27th and 28th and return until october 14th.

For tickets and full particulars apply to

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

2383ly

Excursion to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the following Territories:—Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Dakota, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Wyoming. Return tickets sold at single fare on September 22nd and 23rd and October 6th and 7th, good to return in 30 days.

EXCURSION TO NEW YORK,

OCTOBER 1st, 1889.

Tickets good to retrrn October 11th, inclusive. Fare from Napanee—$8.50.

Threshers' Supplies.

Leather Belting, Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, Rubber Packing, Hemp Packing, Asbesto's Packing, Soapstone Packing, Threshing Mitts.

PEERLESS MACHINE OIL

Is the best in the market.

Nearly all the threshers use it and are delighted with it. Try it. Sold only by

3589ly **R. G. WRIGHT,**
NAPANEE.

Tamworth.

Tamworth Public School honor roll.

Fifth Form.—Mabel O'Brien, Pearl Glenn, Bertie Asselstine.

Senior Fourth Form.—Hattie Mace, Emma Lockridge, May Hunter, Ethel Aylsworth, Hattie York, Sidney Rose, Edith Miller.

Junior Fourth Form.—Martha Christie, Robbie Asselstine, Ruth Coulter, Lilian Pe[illegible]

Third Form.—Wesley Shier, C. Wormwith, L. Lockridge, Daisy Perry, Russel [illegible], Edna Fraser.

THE FARM.

During the summer a great deal of rubbish collects in the garden and perhaps in the orchard. All this ought to be raked up and burned, or otherwise disposed of. If left on the ground it furnishes feeding for insects.

Orchards run out and need renovating as well as fields. First, turn over the grass sod and manure well. Then a thick coating of ashes around the trees is necessary. Soft, home-made soap made with lye potash, mixed with water, applied with a brush to the limbs has a fine effect.

Turnips and cabbages, when fed to milking cows, should be given directly after milking, in such quantity as they will eat up at once clean, and no more given until after the next milking; when fed on such vegetables the milk should be exposed to the air by leaving the cans unstopped as much as possible.

As a rule white clover springs up on land that has been well dressed with wood ashes, and though it affords excellent pasturage it is a very persistent weed if it is allowed to grow where it is not wanted. Cutting it off only causes it to grow more vigorously. It should be pulled up by hand from among rows of vegetables.

To our friends engaged in feeding hogs just now, the lesson to be received from all reports up to the present time would be: Dispose of your hogs as early in the coming season as you can get them in a nice shape for the market. It does not look as if high prices later on will rule unless from causes now not to be discerned.

An honestly made implement, well cared for, ought and usually does last fifteen or sixteen years; but, mainly from a lack of shelter and care, it does not last on an average that length of time. Careful farmers should have plenty of well-ventilated, dry storage for tools and implements. Nothing pays a better interest on cost.

It takes less care and skill to raise scrub horses that will sell for $75 to $100 than to breed to an imported stallion with $25 to $50 service fee and raise a horse that will sell at $200 or $300. It is just that care and skill that pays the enterprising farmer and breeder.

Some care is required in feeding oats of the new crop before they are dried out. Some horses have poor digestion and are easily thrown into colic by such scouring and purgative feed. Unless you know the horse's habit well, then feed a less quantity of old oats at a higher price, and you will be better satisfied with the result. Oats are not thoroughly dried out until cold weather, though if properly cared for the danger from feeding them soon becomes very small.

The most profitable cow is the one that will give the most milk for the amount of food consumed, and in the end the greatest amount of good beef. This is the sort of cow for most farmers, as well as dairymen; and should be procured and carefully bred from. It should be borne in mind that there is much in breds, much more than these acquainted with only inferior stock are aware of; in truth there is more profit derived from good bloods than there is from good feeding of stock from inferior blood. The average farmer cannot well afford to look to milk alone, nor to beef alone for his profits, he must have the two combined to the best degree attainable. Every farmer, however, cannot skilfully breed up; in truth, but few can well select and classify animals in breeding, and fewer still reach the highest attainable results, yet every farmer if he but tries can procure good [illegible]

IT WILL

Surprise You

no doubt to be told

The Napanee Agricultural Works,

are head quarters for

PLOW SHARES

—AND—

PLOW REPAIRS

You can rely upon it, however, and as evidenee we submit the following list of shares, etc., kept constantly on hand:—

DOMINION SHARES, (wide)

DOMINION SHARES, (narrow)

QUEEN SHARES, wide and narrow.

ONTARIO AND CLYDE SHARES.

NO. 6, (Smith's Falls.)

WILKISON'S NO. 4, (wide and narrow)

WALKER NO. 2, " "

NO. 4, NO. 5, NO. 13, PICTON CLIPPER, RELIANCE.

MOHAWK VALLEY, STICKNEY STEEL, WHITE.

COMBINATION (Peterboro).

WALKER NO. 11.

HERRING'S 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

WALKER 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

PATTERSON 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

PORT PERRY 2-m GANG PLOW

Robbie Asselstine, Ruth Coulter, Lilian Pe[illegible]

Third Form.—Wesley Shier, C. Wormwith, L. Lockridge, Daisy Perry, Russel [illegible], Edna Fraser.

Gull Creek.

There are in many places complaints that the potatoes are diseased by what is called "dry rot." There are some instances in this locality, but the most of the people around here, have not yet got their potatoes out of the ground.

The people here are busy doing their fall work, knowing that they must work for the season is swiftly passing bye.

It is rumored that we are going to loose one of our neighbors shortly. Mr. G. E. Deline is going to move away.

Mr. John A. Lott is building a new house in this vicinity calculating to move into it this fall.

We had the pleasure lately of enjoying the company of our esteemed friends Messrs. James Shannon and William Vanest, from the vicinity of Enterprise, who were here trying their luck with the fish. Am sorry to say they met with very poor success.

GOHEBYDD.

Centreville.

Last night there was a most successful musical and literary entertainment in the Town Hall, Centreville, under the auspices of the Methodist Church at that place J. C. Drewry, of the Napanee EXPRESS, presiding. The entertainment consisted of music, readings, recitations and addresses. Revs. Stratton, Crossley and Harrison, Misses Stratton and Dunkley; and Mr. Jewell, of Napanee, gave a programme which was most pleasing, The church choir also assisted.

The Centreville Fair, so far as the attendance was concerned, did not come up to expectations, but the display in the Hall was most excellent, surpassing anything hitherto attempted. The display of live stock shows a vast improvement on former days, and was a credit to the township of Camden. We hope the prize animals as well as a crowd of people will visit the county fair to be held in Napanee next Tuesday and Wednesday.

Stella.

Mr. Sproule has gone to Kingston where he will take a college course.

The Amherst Island Fair was held on Thursday, October 3rd. Dinner was served at the Marksman hotel. The show suffered terribly from the rain.

Mr. John Wright was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Wm. Allen on Sunday.

Rumor has it that it will be a close race between Messrs. Finkle and Filson as to who will get the position of lighthouse keeper.

Mrs. David Thompson has bought John Wright's house on church street.

Hugh Fleming has purchased a residence on bridge street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Neilson spent Sunday last in Conway.

Master John Cousins is slowly improving.

Mr. Hugh Fleming is erecting a new drive house and stable for Mr. John McDonough, the proprietor of the Royal hotel.

There was a big dance in Stella last night, as a sort of wind up to the Fair. The boys were anything but quiet.

From Bad To Worse.

Scrofula leads to consumption. From three to six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters will cure scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas, boils, pimples, blotches, tetter, shingles, scald head, sore eyes, and all skin affections, by cleansing the system and removing all impure matter that causes bad blood.

truth, but few can well select and classify animals in breeding, and fewer still reach the highest attainable results, yet every farmer if he but tries can procure good breeds, and if he cannot improve them, can at least keep them from deteriorating.

To those of our readers who make barley a principal crop on the farm the following note from the columns of the Mark Lane Express, London, will be of interest: "The farmers of Canada are still anxiously considering the question of a profitable market for their barley. If existing obstacles are removed, it is said that a very profitable market will be found in Great Britain. But Chevalier Barley is best adapted to the wants of the British brewer, and that is not the variety of barley usually raised in Canada. This is a matter in which the Canadian Minister of Agriculture has taken a deep interest, and he has acted under the conviction that, with a suitable variety for planting, and the removal of difficulties arising out of careless marketing, a great export trade might be opened up with varieties from India, Great Britain and Denmark. Those from Germany, Russia and California now being tested, one part of the question may soon be answered. The matter is certainly receiving thorough attention and good results seem assured." In the present indifferent attitude of the United States markets it is to be hoped that a market in Britain may open up ere long.

With swine, as with cattle, the best breeds pay best in the main. The hog that makes the most pork for the amount of food consumed, and does it at the earliest age possible, is the most profitable hog. Cholera is the chief source of loss in this stock, as the cattle-plague is in cattle, and one year with another the loss by these causes is very great. For these maladies perhaps the best known remedy is wholesome food and drink, and all access to any other, especially impure water, even water of long standing, strictly guarded against. The writer believes that he saves his hogs when the cholera is prevailing by confining them in high, airy places, and giving wholesome food and strictly fresh water.

TEN GOOD THINGS TO KNOW.

1. That salt will curdle new milk; hence in preparing milk porridge, gravies, etc., salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

2. That clear, boiling water will remove tea stains and many fruit stains. Pour the water through the stain, and thus prevent it spreading over the fabric.

3. That ripe tomatoes will remove ink from white cloth; also from the hands.

4. That a tablespoonful of turpentine boiled with white clothes will aid in the whitening process.

5. That boiled starch is much improved by the addition of a little sperm, salt or gum-arabic dissolved.

6. That beeswax and salt will make rusty flatirons as clean and smooth as glass. Tie a lump of wax in a rag and keep it for that purpose. When the irons are hot, rub them first with the wax rag, then scour with a paper or cloth sprinkled with salt.

7. That blue ointment and kerosene, mixed in equal proportions and applied to bedsteads, is an unfailing bedbug remedy, as a coat of whitewash is for the walls of a log house.

8. That kerosene will soften boots and shoes that have been hardened by water, and render them as pliable as new,

9. That kerosene will make tin teakettles as bright as new. Saturate a wollen rag with it. It will also remove stains from varnished furniture.

10. That cool rain-water and soda will remove machine grease from washable fabrics.—The Sanitarium.

PATTERSON 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

PORT PERRY 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

HERRING'S 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

ENNISKILLEN 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

COCKSHUTT 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

"LITTLE GIANT" SULKY SHARES.

MONARCH " "

COCKSHUTT " "

Shoes and Landsides for above. Also Moldboards and Standards for Dominion Plows on hand for repairs. A supply of

A 1 PLOWS

always on hand.

Remember if you require shares or repairs for any plow you are most likely to obtain the same and of execllent quality at head quarters, of

The Napanee Ag'l Works

A call is respectfully solicited from each and all in want of any of the above.

JOHN HERRING

September 24th, 1889.

THE WESTERN CANADA

Loan and Savings Co'y

HAVE APPOINTED

J. C. DREWRY

their Appraiser for Lennox & Addintgon.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
EXPRESS Office, Napanee Ont

CHEAPSIDE'S INVITATIONS!

CONSIDER YOURSELF INVITED, FIRST,

To Our "Grand Opening" on Saturday,

WHEN WE MAKE ONE OF THE FINEST DISPLAYS OF

General Dry Goods, Furs and Millinery

EVER SEEN IN THIS SECTION, AND SECOND,

To our County Show, on Tuesday and Wednesday next.

It will be worth your while to see the display of furs we propose to make in the Palace, weather permitting. We want you to see how well we are prepared to supply your wants in every class of goods, and we want you to see how reasonable prices can be made, when goods are bought right, and there is a determination to turn them over quickly. We don't buy goods to fill up the shelves merely, or keep to look at. They are bought to sell, and to sell in the shortest possible time. This is our scheme, and we need your co-operation to carry it out.

We want your trade this season. We don't "beat

merely, or keep to look at. They are bought to sell, and to sell in the shortest possible time. This is our scheme, and we need your co-operation to carry it out.

We want your trade this season. We don't "beat about the bush" to let you know it.

We are "right after" your custom we are anxious to have it, and do you know what a merchant does under such circumstances? He will try to have just the class and style of goods you want when you come after them, he will strain a point to have the price reasonable and right and treat you as well as he knows how, that's just what we have done, can and will do, come and test us,

The Leading House for Variety, Popular Designs, Choice Selections and Reasonable Prices.

We want you to see what we can do for you in Dress Goods, nearly all of which were imported by us direct, and we know for a certainty the value cannot be beaten in this section. We want you to see what we can do in Ulster and Mantle Cloths direct importation. We want you to see our range of imported Underclothing, the largest stock of the nicest goods in the Central district, something choice in young ladies and grown ladies sizes of fine German made under vests and drawers. Our Fancy Goods Department, the front center counter as you enter is fully stocked with

Collars, Cuffs, Frillings, Corsets, Ladies Wool Underclothing and Knitting Yarns,

of all the best makes, Embroidery Silks, stamping patterns, Veilings, Silk and Linen handkerchiefs and small wares. No. 2 centre counter the best stock to be found of Ladies and Children's Gloves of all kinds. Hosiery, Flannel and Cotton Embroideries, Laces, Ladies' embroidered underclothing, Bustles, Fancy Wool Goods etc., but we haven't room to enumerate or go into details. We have gone out of the Carpet trade and will sell the few ends of Brussels, Tapestry and Wool Carpets very cheap. We have taken our Catpet room for a Fur and Mantle Department. We are showing a fine range of Ladies', Misses and Children's Jackets and Dolmans, Ulsters, etc., and the largest and most complete stock of Furs between Toronto and Montreal.

We Want to Talk to You About Our Furs.

You surely know we have headed the Fur trade in this section for years, and this season we show a better and more extensive range than ever before, and are prepared to make up to order anything that may be required in the line of Fur Coats and Mantles,, Collars Cuffs, Capes Fur lined Circulars, Men's Fnr lined Coates, Robes or anything else in the Fur line.

WE WANT YOU TO SEE our Cloths and Tweeds, Suitings. and Overcoatings· Gents furnishing Goods, Gloves, Mitts, etc., nobody or nothing forgotteu that would make the range complete.

WE WANT YOU TO SEE our Staple and Linen department with its complete variety of goods reliable qualities and extreme good value.

WE WANT YOU TO SEE our beautiful Curtains and Curtain materials.

WE WANT YOU TO SEE the finest display of Millinery trimmed and untrimmed between Toronto and Montreal. We want you to see the finest, best lighted, best appointed and arranged store outside the large cities.

CHEAPSIDE'S

The Leading Dry Goods, Millinery and Fur House.

HOME DRESS MAKING.

A piece of ribbon velvet, and one of Valenciennes insertion, each an inch and a quarter wide, will answer for Figure No. 71, which is a dressy basque for home wear, using a fine nice woolen skirt with it. Either do without a lining, making bag seams at the shoulders and sides, or use one of white sateen. Cut the lining out first, then sew the strips of ribbon and insertion together,

FIG. 71

laying the edge of the velvet over that of the insertion. The vest is of white crape or surah, laid in fine pleats, and hooked up invisibly.

The full sleeves are of net puffed at the top, where they are strapped with velvet, and finished with lace edging beneath a band and a bow of the velvet ribbon. The high collar has strips of ribbon, and, a rosette in front of lace and ribbon. On the lower edge is a deep lace frill, and at the waist line are two rosettes and straps of velvet.

The new basques for early fall gowns have a blunt point in front, sides just to the waist line, and a pointed back, slashed to the waist, one or two Vandyke tabs or the "habit" design, which is narrow, flat, and usually left open up the middle seam.

To prevent such short basques from pulling up, thus leaving an undesirable space between the skirt and edge, sew two safety-hooks on the basque edge on each side, and work silk loops on the skirt just below the belt to correspond.

The most jaunty basques are either fastened with flat buttons under a fly, or hooks and eyes. Jacket basques promise to be in high favor with young ladies. They may be cut short and round like a Zouave jacket, or square across the waist line similiar to the Eton garment; in either case the square "habit" or bluntly pointed back is in good taste.

Figure No. 72 illustrates a charming costume for a young lady of slender figure. Sage green cashmere is shown, with a garni-

The sleeve represented in Figure No. 74 is more appropriate for thin or soft materials than those of a heavy weight. It is full, shirred at the bottom to form a frill, gathered in two rows over the elbow, and again at the arm-size. The outer or cap piece is pleated in the arm-size and shirred below to

FIG. 80

form two frills, which are doubled, not hemmed.

Figure No. 75 is stylish for woolen and silk goods; plain or brocaded silk looking well with cashmere, and embroidered or braided galloon for the trimming on the fronts, collar, cuffs, and belt. The coat has a princesse back with sides that are cut off at the waist line and arranged like gathered sides to the skirt, lifted a trifle in front.

The jacket fronts are turned back to form short revers, have one dart on each side, coat sleeves slightly gathered over the top, draped cuffs of brocade, and a band of the

FIG. 77

trimming below. The full plastron is fastened in Breton style over a tight fitting lining with a pointed belt at the waist. The skirt front of brocade requires two breadths of silk, with a seam on each side—not in the middle.

The jacket basque has Eton fronts, "habit" back, rolled collar, coat sleeves, and a trimming of the braiding. The blouse vest is of blue surah laid in side-pleats, and a sash from the left side-seam ties on the right side.

Figure No. 77 is suitable for wash, silk, or woolen goods. It has but one seam, the inside one, which is sloped as illustrated. The sleeve is gathered over the top and at the back on the lower edge. A cuff of velvet, silk, or embroidery is turned up over the edge.

Figure No. 78 requires thin fabrics like surah or India silk, veiling, lace, crepon, etc., with a belt of the same, or ribbon fast-

FIG. 73

ened in front with a passementerie ornament corresponding with those on the collar, cuffs, and top of the sleeves.

The blouse is made over a close-fitting lining, and fastens invisibly in front. The top part is shirred in puffs imitating a yoke, back and front with full sleeves, gathered towards the back. Bands of galloon, ribbon, or velvet furnish the necessary garniture.

All sleeves are full, even those of velvet, which are to be worn with cloth, cashmere, or silk, velvet-trimmed dresses. They are simply gathered, tucked, puffed, or draped at the top by cutting the outside wide and long enough to catch in loose folds here and there above the elbows. Sleeves on street dresses are sufficiently long to cover the wrists.

Turned-over frills for collars and cuffs will be worn in the house after they are given up for the street. Blouses of surah, flannel, or cashmere will throw the jersey in the shade this winter. They are made over a lining, worn with a belt, have the

FIG. 81

skirt part outside of the dress, full sleeves, and a shirred, tucked, or smocked yoke.

Figure No. 81 is a blouse of India silk, with the French turned-over collar and cuffs of the material, knife pleated, a ruffle around the lower edge, and the Directoire frill from the throat to the waist line, tapering to the belt, of silk, buckled in front.

The silk is without darts, but the lining has the usual number, and the back is in one piece, with the fulness at the waist held by the belt. The coat sleeves are gracefully full over the top.

Cloth basques to wear with odd skirts and plastrons have jacket fronts. Old basques are remodeled by cutting the fronts off at the waist line, adding jacket over fronts, girdle and sleeves of velvet. Habit basques of cloth to wear with striped or plaid woolen skirts have basques added across the fronts and sides, with cross or Newmarket seams.

The velvet jacket fronts that will remodel an old basque, or add elegance to a new one, may be cut short and round, or square across at the waist line. A narrow gimp to trim the edge is a matter of taste and expense only. The velvet must match the shade of the dress or plastron.

The invisible fastening of basques, so often alluded to, is made with hooks and eyes put on so as to alternate, first a hook, then an eye on the same side, which prevents any unhooking; but as this is very wearisome to fasten, many dressmakers use small safety-hooks and eyes, the latter set under the edge, so that only enough of them peeps out to slip the hook over.

Another plan is to use a separate fly, with buttonholes worked in it, sewed to the right side of the basque, and caught to it here and there between the button-holes, and then have very flat buttons on the other side, allowing a good lap, as none of these invisible fastenings must give the slightest hint of how they are held.

FIG. 72

ture of black and green silk worked galloon. The French waist is without darts in the outside material, being full on the shoulders, and gathered to a slight point in front, with two bands of the trimming arranged in deep points.

The sleeves are gathered at the arm-sizes, and in to deep cuffs made of two bands of the galloon sewed together; the collar is of the same. A black moire sash is folded and passed around the waist, so as to preserve a sharp point back and front, and ties in the back. The waist hooks invisibly.

The full skirt has two bands of the trimming as a border, broken, however, by three narrow pleats of black surah on each side. The border could be omitted across the back, if desired, and the pleats be of the cashmere. The combination of black with

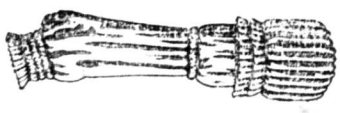


FIG. 74

gray, blue, green, and old rose is a stylish idea;

Figure No. 73 represents a remodeled jersey, though the design would be equally appropriate for a cashmere or cloth basque. The lower edge is of a round shape, with a border of moire silk tapered to a point in front, and running up each side as revers.

The vest may be of the woolen material, moire, or surah, with a collar of moire, and fastens in Breton style, sewed down on one side and hooked over on the other, or hooked invisibly. A moire ribbon crosses the front at the waist line, and should tie in loops and ends on the left side. The sleeves are slightly full over the top, and trimmed with moire cuffs.

Plastrons in fichu style, folds from each

FIG. 75

shoulder crossed at the waist line under a sash belt, remain in vogue with the now fashionable jacket fronts on coats and basques.

The short, wide Incroyable revers turned over the arm-size are stylish with the Directoire frill, which is a knife-pleated ruffle of silk, lace, or silk muslin about four inches wide, sewed on the scalloped edge of a basque or a waist from the neck to the waist line, ened in front with a passementerie ornament corresponding with those on the collar, cuffs, and top of the sleeves.

The blouse is made over a close-fitting lining, and fastens invisibly in front. The top part is shirred in puffs imitating a yoke, back and front, with full sleeves gathered in to band cuffs, and puffed at the top by gathering them in the arm-sizes and on each side for a short distance down the sleeve.

Stout figures will find Figure No. 79 a

FIG. 78

becoming costume for woolen or silk goods. If the extreme plain appearance is not desired, the basque may be trimmed with cuffs, and collar of soutache, velvet, etc. The coat sleeves are given an easy fit by a few gathers over the top, the collar is high, and the short basque has a pointed back.

The skirt is laid in three kilt pleats in front—three on each side turned toward the centre—with flat sides and full gathered back, which has the left edge cut to form a few jabot folds, with the upper part laid in a cluster of folds caught under a false pocket by two buttons.

Figure No. 80 is a full sleeve of the Medici

FIG. 79

design made over an ordinary coat sleeve lining. Two materials are shown, the darker being gathered along each seam, and caught here and there on the lining to keep the fullness in place.

The upper part is gathered over the top and on the lower edge, and then caught right side of the basque, and caught to it here and there between the button-holes, and then have very flat buttons on the other side, allowing a good lap, as none of these invisible fastenings must give the slightest hint of how they are held.

Cuffs are merely a wristlet band on the full shirt sleeves, or deep and pointed on Directoire coats. Leg o' mutton sleeves fit very closely about the wrist, and are prettily finished with turned-over cuffs of knife pleated muslin or lace.

When a skirt front is made full, with two or three tucks drawn up by ribbon or tape the tucks must be folded upward, and from one inch and a half or two inches deep when finished, according to thickness of the material.

Panels of silk, gathered in several rows over the hips, may have the gathers over a cord if wished, as any such individual fancies are now stylish if well done and becoming to the wearer. She who invents some trifling but striking "fad" in dress is now considered a fortunate and brilliant woman,

British Columbia.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 30.—The past summer has been one of the driest seasons that has ever been witnessed in this far-off Atlantic Province. Notwithstanding the great drought, crops and cereals of all kinds have done remarkably well. The prairie folder, however, has not yielded to a thrifty point, in consequence of which cattle will suffer during the approaching winter. Stock ranchers fervently pray for a moderate winter. Last winter it was too mild, only 20° one morning in the Empire Valley, outside of which the thermometer registered at zero and above freezing point. In the Nicola Division farmers have suffered greatly from the grasshoppers having devoured nearly all their wheat crops, as also grass in hay meadows. Under the unfortunate circumstances Nicola people are selling their cattle at a sacrifice. They have got to do it, as they have no fodder for winter's feed.

Pretty Hard on a Poor Sport.

He had just come in from a day's fishing in the perch pool, and was in the act of opening his mouth to tell of his exploits when his wife, closing the book which she had been reading, said.

"Oh, it's you, George dear. I'm glad to see you back. It was so dull with you away that I took up the Bible to pass the time, and was reading the Book of Revelations as you came in. That's a wonderful book. And, just think, it says, 'All liars shall have their part in the lake that burneth with fire and brimstone.' Have you caught anything?"

"No, Mary," he answered; "I didn't—catch—a thing, but I thought, as I went out to get fish, we might as well have a string, so I called at the fish store and bought these."

She said she was glad to get the fish and talked to him with much cheerfulness; but he was gloomy and preoccupied, and scarcely said a word in reply, and in a short time, giving the excuse that he was tired, went off to bed.

Poor fellow!

An Enemy of the Surplus.

Cohen—"Vy vas you standing up by dot letter-box so long, Jacob?"

Loewenstein—"I vas got a claim against the government, Abraham. My clerk put two stamps on a letter by mistake und I wait for dot carrier to fix it!"—[Texas Siftings.

HANGED WITH A SMILE ON HER LIPS.

The Last Woman who Suffered the Extreme Penalty in British Territory.

The last instance, so far as we are aware, of the hanging of a woman in British dominions was that of Louisa Collins, who in January this year was executed in Sydney for the murder of her husband, Michael Peter Collins. The woman belonged to the lower order of life, and had been exceedingly handsome. She married an elderly man named Andrews, who was considered well off in the circle of laboring folk to which he belonged, and by him had five or six children. They lived about eight miles from Sydney, on the shores of Botany Bay. In 1885 a young man named Michael Peter Collins lived in the house, more as a personal friend than a lodger. It soon became apparent to Andrews that an illicit connection existed between his wife and Collins; and the result was that,

AFTER A FURIOUS QUARREL,

the latter was turned out of the house. He still, however, continued to visit the woman secretly. Shortly afterward Andrews fell ill, and after lingering a few weeks, during which time he was attended by a doctor and nursed by his wife, he succumbed.

Scarcely was his body cold before the woman posted to Sydney to claim a sum of money for which his life was insured, and the same night she and Collins, with some of their less reputable neighbors, indulged in a dance, followed by a debauch, in an adjacent house. The medical man who had attended Andrews entertained no suspicion, and gave a certificate in which death was ascribed, be it noted, to *gastro enteritis*. Within a week Louisa Andrews became Louisa Collins, and the newly wedded pair continued to reside in the same locality. Collins was a weak-minded young fellow, and perverted by the woman, became utterly worthless, continually losing his employment and falling into the habits of an idler, a drunkard, and a gambler. Eventually he seems to have lost the affections of the woman who had made him what he was, and in 1888 he fell ill and died. A similarity between his symptoms and those of his predecessor, Andrews, excited suspicion. A post-mortem examination revealed

THE PRESENCE OF ARSENIC

in his body. Arsenic was found in the house, and Louisa Collins was arrested. The body of Andrews was, by the direction of the Coroner, exhumed, and a minute quantity of arsenic was discovered in the coffin.

The woman was committed to take her trial on the the two charges of poisoning. The case for the Crown was overwhelmingly strong and the defence was very weak. Without entering into details, it may be mentioned that the woman obtained the poison in the form of a vermin preparation known as Rough on Rats. Although the case was perfectly clear and there was no conflict of medical testimony, five Judges in turn presided at her trials, and four juries being unable to agree were discharged. This is probably owing to the fact that the feeling in favor of the abolition of capital punishment is very strong in Australia. At the fifth trial, which was presided over by Sir Frederick Darley, the Chief Justice of New South Wales, the jury agreed to a verdict of guilty.

The country concurred in the verdict, and on Jan. 21 last the murderess was hanged in Darlinghurst jail, Sydney. Throughout all her trials this woman, who seemed to lack the most ordinary moral perceptions, preserved an air of complete indifference, and she walked to the scaffold with a firm step her lips curled in a mocking smile.

HOUSEHOLD.

Infants' Dresses.

The clothing of a young infant should be selected with the greatest care. Not only months of fretting caused by the irritation of ill fitting clothing, but the future health of the child may depend upon its clothing in infancy. All clothing for young children should be made of soft, fine material with felled seams and simple trimmings, which will not irritate the flesh which is softer than the rose-leaf. Lace is more suitable than Hamburg or needle-work because the edge of even the softest needle-work may chafe the skin. For the young infant under a month of age a simple slip of plain white nainsook is the most suitable dress during the day, to be exchanged for a cambric night-slip at night. After the child is a month old it may be put into dresses with yoke, yet many mothers retain the slip-dress till the child is three or four months old. One of the essentials is abundance of dresses so that changes are at hand in case of emergency, besides the regular daily change of clothing given the child at its bath hour. English nainsook, which comes without a dressing, dimity and English long cloths are the chosen materials for infant slips. These dresses are usually one yard long from the neck and are finished in dainty wardrobes with a three-inch hem-stitched hem or hand-hemmed hem with a cluster of two or three fine hand-run tucks above it or with two groups of tucks separated by a row of feather-stiching. The little yoke dress measures usually a yard to a yard and a quarter long from the yoke and the yoke measures from three or four inches in depth. This little yoke is made of hem-stitching or tucked and feather-stitched or finished with solid embroidery or lace. The bottom of the yoke-dress is much more elaborately finished than the edge of the slip and usually is finished with embroidery or hem-stiching and tucks, or tucks and insertion. There is considerable fancy now for a straight edge, either a hem-stitched hem or a hem with a wide insertion above it. A sash about four inches wide finished to match the dress should accompany each slip and dress. Many of the more elaborate robe dresses, such as are used for christening or any dressy occasion, are made with yokes of real Valenciennes lace and trimmed on the bottom with two or three rows of the same lace four inches wide and a cluster of fine tucks above the rows of Valenciennes. One such long dress is all an infant needs, but it is wise to provide at least six plain slips and six yoke-dresses, or six more slips, as the mother chooses. When the child is six months old or so, according to the season of the year and the health of the child, it is put into short clothes. The long clothes are then usually cut down so that they barely cover the feet. If the child we with ordinary rapidity at the age of a yar the skirts will just clear the floor when it stands and be suitable length when the baby walks. It is considered in the best taste to put nothing but white on an infant under a year old. No sprig of forgot-me-not or rose-bud is used in color, even on the little wrapper, till the baby is older. The wrapper is a non-essential article of clothing yet many mothers prefer it to the old-time blanket of flannel or merino. Exceedingly simple wrappers are made of cheese-cloth tufted, but cannot be recommended from a utilitarian standpoint because they are difficult to launder.

Caring for Shoes.

Shoes are one of the expenses of a toilet that may be reduced only by care. A worn disgrace and the line certainly does look better when all of a kind are hung together. The main object is to hang them so they will dry best, and if the baby is crying or the dinner burning it isn't wise to stand sorting over your basket to find a stray towel or shirt to hang with the others of its kind. Use plain wooden clothes pins and keep them dry in a bag or basket where they will be clean. If they are allowed to remain wet they will leave a black mark upon clothes. Take the clothes line in each week after the clothes are dry, but it is convenient to have an old piece left out permanently for drying odd pieces, for dish towels or airing clothes. The galvanized wire line is recommended for use only for its convenience; it is thought to wear out fine clothes.

A Ladies' Club.

The favorite ladies' club in London, where ladies' clubs are well known and very successful, is the Alexandra, named after the popular wife of the Prince of Wales, of couse, who has more things and people named for her than any other woman in the United Kingdom, not even excepting the Queen. It is the very smartest and most exclusive association of the sort in England—only those who have been presented at Court being eligible for membership—and just now there is a very pretty quarrel distracting the organization. No male creature over twelve years of age is allowed to darken its threshold, and even the attendants are all women to a man—so to speak. It has several bedchambers on the upper floor, and even the most carefully guarded woman is allowed to spend a night in London and put up at this Club. It is not in the least masculine in its tendency, there is no drinking allowed except of wine with meals, no games are played for money, and heretofore there has been no smoking, but last month on the committee board was written up a motion to add a smoking-room, and the motion was signed by two well known and titled ladies. Next day, below this proposal was written, "Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Jones propose that Lady Quelquechose and Lady Nemo are not fit members of this Club." And then there was such a monkey and parrot time that the Club really began to resemble a man's organization.

Host and Guest.

It is a tribute to both sides when people of different families can stay a fortnight in each other's houses and part with as high regard as when they met. But whether your beds and cooking are to your friend's liking or not, whether her manners suit your notions or not, one rule is binding on both if you would consider yourselves well-bred—that the confidence between host and guest is sacred.

Your guest is not to be "talked over" after she leaves; neither the holes in her stockings, nor her soiled petticoats, nor the way she lay abed mornings, nor the way she liked to attract attention, nor her appetite for Baldwin apples, anye more than she is to report what a shabby table you kept, or how dull the evenings were, or what a curious old lady your deaf aunt was.

Canned Peaches.

In canning peaches, one pound of sugar and one quart of water to four pounds of peaches are correct proportions. Weigh the peaches after they are pared and the stones removed, and throw into cold water. Put the sugar and the measured water into a preserving-kettle; let it stand over the fire until the sugar is dissolved, stirring constantly. Drain the peaches, and put them up once in the syrup; then move the kettl

Darlinghurst jail, Sydney. Throughout all her trials this woman, who seemed to lack the most ordinary moral perceptions, preserved an air of complete indifference, and she walked to the scaffold with a firm step her lips curled in a mocking smile.

The End of a Man-Eating Tigress.

The Forest School students, who are now out in the district of Jounsar, getting practical instruction in Indian forestry, happened to be encamped at the Forest chowkey of Mundali, some twelve or fifteen miles beyond the station of Chakrata. On the day of their arrival they heard of a buffalo kill close by; but being midday, they placed a man on a tree to keep off vultures and crows and intended returning themselves later in the evening to sit up for the tigress. Long before the appointed time, Mr. Ormaston and Mr. Hansard, the latter a student in the Forest School, saw their watcher runing frantically back toward the camp. On questioning him they found he had just seen the tiger coming up the revine toward the kill. They immediately took up their rifles and went off in search. Keeping fifteen or twenty yards apart, they walked rapidly off. But they had not proceeded far when, without the slightest warning, Mr. Ormaston, who was below, heard a groan, and saw Mr. Hansard suddenly borne down to the ground, with the tiger on his back. He was taken unawares, and it was a critical moment, but he stood his ground and kept his nerve, and in the next moment a 12 bore bullet went crashing through the tiger's spine. This brought her, mortally wounded, rolling down toward him, but a second shot stopped her further career.

As the camp was only a few hundred yards off, Mr, Ormaston hurried off for assistance. On returning they found Mr. Hansard, who evidently also rolled down the hill, lying insensible a few feet away from the long dreaded murderous tigress of Jounsar. On removal to camp Mr. Hansard soon recovered consciousness, but strangely remembered nothing of what had happened. He had been severely mauled about the shoulders and face, a tooth having nearly pierced his right jaw. He has been removed to the Chakrata Station Hospital, and, though his injuries are severe, he is doing favorably and is likely soon to recover. Mr. Ormaston is a very young officer just out from Cooper's Hill, and had joined the Indian Forest Department a couple of months ago. He had never before seen a tiger, and was not a practised hand at large game shooting in an Indian jungle. Consequently he deserves all the more credit and praise for his great nerve and presence of mind in a moment of such unusual and unexpected danger, and to him the Forest Department owes the life of one of its most promising students.

He Could Hope.

"So," he said in a broken voice, "you refuse to marry me."

"I do," she said, calmly and firmly.

"And I may not even hope?"

"Yes," she responded thoughtfully, "you may hope."

"And why," he asked with renewed fervor, "do you say I may hope."

"Because," she rejoined softly, "this is a free country."

Crushed.

Mr. Banklurk (at the close of the game)—What do you think of me as a ball player, Miss Minnie?

Miss Minnie—I think you'd make a splendid swimmer.

Mr. Banklurk—A swimmer? Why so?

Miss Minnie—You strike out so beautifully, you know.

difficult to launder.

Caring for Shoes.

Shoes are one of the expenses of a toilet that may be reduced only by care. A worn out shoe is not possible of renovation; no amount of skill will make it pass as new. The only possible way to save in shoe leather is to care properly for the shoes while wearing them. A writer in the Brooklyn "Eagle" makes some very wise suggestions about the proper care of shoes.

"Particular attention should be paid, in every home, to the care of shoes. Where there are children there is generally an accumulation of shoes partly worn and wholly worn, and these are all thrown in the bottom of the closet together and must be assorted when wanted. When taken out they are sometimes moldy, because they are thrown in damp and dirty. Many of these are of no use to the possessors, but are hoarded up with the idea that some day they will be needed; yet rarely is this true, as they are put away in such a rough condition that when taken out they are generally unfit for use. Shoes that are worn regularly, if cared for, will last much longer than if neglected. A French kid shoe, if kicked around on the closet floor or under the bed, will not last as long, or look as well as one inferior in quality if properly cared for. When shoes are taken off they should be wiped with a soft cloth, and after airing a little while, oiled or polished and put in a box by themselves, or a shoe-bag, and when wanted for use can be taken out ready for wear. It is not advisable to use much of the dressing, so fashionable for ladies' and children's shoes, as most of them crack the leather and ruin it. I have seen expensive shoes, the tops all cracked open in less than a month by the use of the dressing; therefore, unless you can find one that has been well tested, it is better to use a little sweet oil colored with black ink and rubbed well in. For some years past I have used a polish that has considerable glycerine in it, and found that it preserves the shoes wonderfully, always keeping them new looking. If a lift begins to wear off the heel, I have it attended to at once, and never take off the shoes without wiping all the dust from the crevices and putting them carefully away. The result is that I have worn one pair of boots every day for one year, and another year for a house shoe. I have a pair of boots that were made to order, for which I paid $8, have worn them every day for two winters, or rather from October to May, and shall wear them another, and perhaps two seasons. In the spring, I rub them well with oil and put them away carefully, and in the autumn they look as good as new. Never wear a shoe unbuttoned, if you care to have it shapely. Never put wet shoes close to the fire to dry, as it harden them and makes them difficult to put on. When taken off the foot wet, smooth into as good shape as possible, and rub them as dry as you can with an old soft cloth, then put them in a medium warm place to dry. If your shoes get muddy, wash them off with cold water, and rub dry with a soft cloth. This can be done quickly, so that the leather may not get wet through, then pulled into shape and left standing until quite dry. After this use a little good polish and the shoes will be as fresh as if quite new."

To Wash Flannels Properly

soak them in warm soap suds for a half hour, then wash by squeezing rather than rubbing; rinse in water of the same temperature. Transferring from hot to cold water and rubbing soap directly on to flannel causes it to full in a short time. Very nice housekeepers insist that clothes hung out haphazard are a

removed, and throw into cold water. Put the sugar and the measured water into a preserving kettle; let it stand over the fire until the sugar is dissolved, stirring constantly. Drain the peaches, and put them up once in the syrup; then move the kettle back on the fire and let them stew gently until they are tender; then arrange carefully in jars, and fill to overflowing with the syrup, then seal, and set aside to cool.

Beyond the Gates.

Sometimes in dreams I see it,
This city fair and grand;
Its doors of jasper brightness
Stand forth on either hand,
'Twas here the pilgrim tarried,
And here good cheer awaits
The weary one who enters
At the opening of the gates.

Each window is an opal
With hues born of the noon,
Through which rich perfumes wander,
Caught from the air of June.
And here are sandals waiting
In which the weary feet,
New shod in royal splendor,
May roam the shining street.

Oh, City of the Beautiful,
Could waking heart forget
The gardens where the lilies
Like crystal flakes were set
Where heaven's doves in sunshine
Like rainbows went and came?
Where the sun woke swathed in azure,
And died on fields of flame?

Here, too, are fountains playing
To cheer this heart of thine.
And meadows flush with violets
And winds as rich as wine;
While each thing glad and beautiful
The loving soul awaits,
When once the veil is rended,
And we stand within the gates.

Dear City of the Holy,
For the walks of palm I long;
For the love that maketh lovely,
For the faith that maketh strong.
For thy green and growing cedars,
Thy lakes of silver calm,
For the peace past comprehension
That floods thine isles of balm.

Take Thou my hand, my Saviour,
The way is dark and wild.
Far off, a star, the city shines
It beckons on Thy child.
Joy! joy! they come, the beautiful;
A myriad host awaits,
And heaven refulgent floods my soul
At the widening of the gates!

HARRIET MABEL SPALDING.

He Had Lost His Grip.

A middle aged man with a troubled look on his face stood on the corner near the Central depot and attracted the attention of a passer by who inquired:

"Can I do anything for you, sir"

"Stranger," said the man, "I've lost my grip."

"Oh, brace up," said the other in a cheery voice, "you'll get hold again if you push in. It happens to us all some time or other."

"I'm afraid I'll never get it again," said the other sadly.

"Nonsense, man. Don't give up now when they've just discovered the elixir of life," advised his friend. "Take hold again like a man."

"What air you talking about?" asked the other, "I lost my grip with four new shirts in it, a new westcoat, a pair of suspenders, and my wife's photygraft. Just give me a chance and you'll see whether I'll take hold or not," and he walked off with a suspicious look at his late adviser.

YOUNG FOLKS.

FINE AND FANCY PIGEONS.

Most boys are fond of pigeons: they are nice pets and are easily kept. All the known varieties can be traced back to three originals—the Stock-dove, the Ring-dove and the Turtle-dove. Fancy pigeons have been developed by the ingenuity of breeders, and there are no less than forty-four independent species, each of which contains several varieties. They all have some peculiarities in shape, plumage or flight, and the boy who can promptly name all of them is not only a keen observer, but also something of a naturalist. The leading fancy pigeons, sometimes called artificial varieties, are the Fantails, Pouters, Tumblers, Shakers, Croppers, Trumpeters, Jacobines, Runts and Nuns.

The Jacobine has a hood or ruff of feathers, which grows on the back of the neck and encircles the head of the bird. It gets its name from the resemblance of the hood to the cowl of the Jacobine monks. The head is peculiarly small and the eyes are bright and pearly. Yellow is the best color for them, and their value depends on the length and bushiness of the appendage. The Nun gets its name from a similar tuft, which resembles a nun's veil thrown back from her face. The most perfect of the Nun variety are white, with the head and tail of another color, black preferred. Some go so far as to insist that at least six of the flight feathers must be of the same color as the head and tail.

The Fantails are black, blue or red in color, but the choice ones are white. It is a fine, showy pigeon, with a tail of from twenty to thirty-six feathers, which it spreads out like a fan. It struts about like a peacock, its wings spread and its tail so erect as to touch the back of its head. One with thirty-six tail feathers is considered a perfect bird. In rearing the young they must have more nest room than other young pigeons, or the tail feathers will be injured, which will affect the beauty and the value of the bird.

The Trumpeter is generally black-mottled, has short, feathery legs and a tuft of feathers at the root of the beak, and sometimes a hood at the back of the head. It utters a sound not unlike a trumpet.

The Tumblers derive their name from the singular habit of tumbling or rolling over and over in their flight. They are considered among the best of fancy pigeons, if they have all the points.

The Carrier is a noble-looking bird, with long neck and head erect. Around each eye is a circle of loose skin, ranging in color from a dull orange to a fiery red, the latter color preferred. There are wattles of soft flesh around the bill, white in the ordinary bird, but black in the most valuable kind. The plumage is generally dun colored or black, though in some rare cases the bird is blue pied. In training them when quite young, flights of a mile are sufficient at a time; the distance can be increased as they acquire strength and experience. They must be fed, but not overfed, before starting. If hungry they will turn aside to hunt for food; if overfed, they will be likely to loiter. They must be watered or thirst will lead them to seek to quench it, and no boy could blame them for doing that. Another thing is essential, they must be taken in a box or covered basket to the place where they are to be let loose. When liberated a good bird will at once rise high, and after making several circles in the air, it will start off in the direction of its home with an unerring certainty that has something wonderful in it. These pigeons were very useful years ago in carrying messages before telegraph and telephone were invented. Pigeon-cotes may be made round, square, triangular or eight-sided. They should be placed on a pole out of the reach

BRIEF DESPATCHES.

Wilkie Collins, the great English novelist, is dead.

Eighteen inches of snow has fallen on Mount Washington.

Principal and Mrs. Grant have returned to Kingston from the North-west.

The Belford, Clarke & Co. publishing house in Chicago, has failed. Liabilities, $350,000

At Pensacola, Fla., on Sunday, Policeman J. W. R. Gordon was shot and killed by David Sheehan.

The French Republicans expect to have 369 members in the new Chamber of Deputies against 201 oppositionists.

The Grand Trunk line between Toronto and Hamilton is to be double tracked.

George Latham, a prominent cattleman, was found dead on Sunday 25 miles from Wichita. His valuables were missing.

An explosion of gas occurred in a coal mine near Dayton, Tenn., yesterday. Nine men were badly burned and two were fatally hurt.

Early Sunday morning burglars broke into the post-office at Stapleton, Staten Island, and robbed the safe of $1,100 in money and stamps.

William Graff, a German, formerly of Berlin, Ont., for 25 years engaged in newspaper work at Buffalo, died in the latter place yesterday, aged 77.

While playing baseball on Staten Island Saturday, Thos. J. Godfrey, aged 25, was struck in the temple by a hot ball and fell unconscious to the ground. He died Saturday night.

The negroes of Todd county, Kentucky, and Montgomery county, Tenn., have organized a company to conduct a fair in which none but blacks will be allowed to take part except as spectators.

A report comes from Chicago that the United States Glass Company, of New York, has purchased all the window glass factories in the West, and that the 55 window glass factories in the United States will be placed under one management.

Nationalism In England.

Although the Nationalistic movement in America still lacks several months of being a year old, its influence has already passed from America to England, where, as here, it is appealing to many people who hitherto have not been perceptibly affected by any form of socialism. Edward Bellamy's "Looking Backward" is gaining an extensive circulation there, and one of the most significant evidences of its influence is its effect upon one of the most prominent of public men, Professor James Stuart, of Cambridge University. Professor Stuart is a prominent member of Parliament as well as an eminent man of science. His attention was called to Mr. Bellamy's book by Mr. Holiday, the well known artist, who, like William Morris, takes a deep interest in social questions. Professor Stuart was so impressed that he at once began the drafting of measures, for introduction into Parliament, suggested by the book and in harmony with its ideas. But it must be remembered that an introduction by him is a guarantee rather of rejection than of passage. The professor is regarded as a viewy politician, and his influence in the House of Commons is far from being as great as his friends anticipated for him. Other prominent persons in England are reported to have been equally influenced by Mr. Bellamy's work, and it has been proposed to form Nationalist clubs there on a plan similar to those organized in the States for giving definite form to the movement.

A STUDENT'S WILD LIFE.

Love, Elopement, Embezzlement, Penitentiary, Escape, Tragic Death.

John Hester was a well to-do farmer of Huron County, Ohio. He had one pretty daughter, who was sent to Oberlin to school. There she attracted the attention of an untamed youth from Michigan, whose wealthy parents had intrusted him to the refomatory energies of Oberlin, and no sooner had the youth declared his sudden passion than, without waiting for the sanction of the Michigan parents, she took him to her father's home in Huron County, and married him on the instant. The young man's parents were at first obdurate, but it was not long until the young people were invited to dwell under their roof. All went smoothly for some time. The young husband seemed a miracle of reformatory zeal, and a place of trust in his father's bank was given him. But soon he began again to find vice attractive, and one morning, while the wife had gone on a visit to her happy childhood's home in Huron County, he was missing from the bank, and so was $70,000 of the bank's money. It was supposed that he had gone to his wife, but that young woman and the Hesters professed such entire ignorance of his whereabouts and such grief over his sins that the detectives were led into paths of inquiry.

After several weeks of fruitless search, however, a clew was given them which led to the suspicion that the fugitive was making efforts to have his wife join him. On a certain day the officers were in Mansfield, where they suspected an appointment had been made. Sure enough, Hester and his daughter alighted from an omnibus before the hotel, and in a few minutes a single carriage drove up with one man in it. The young woman made a rush for the carriage, but the officers were there first. Considerable resistance to arrest was offered by the young fellow, who was armed, and in the excitement John Hester walked rapidly into the open country with a portmanteau in his hand. It was ascertained afterward that Hester, who was then an old man, walked, in that day and part of the next, the entire distance that lay between Mansfield and his home in Huron County—about forty miles.

The young man was taken back to Michigan, tried and sentenced to a term of years in the penitentiary, but no trace of the money was found. Within a few months after his imprisonment he escaped from the penitentiary with a horse thief, who introduced him into his line of business and into genteel housebreaking. After a few weeks of partnership this precious pair of scamps, while hiding one night in a swamp, fell into a dispute over a valuable watch, which belonged to neither. In the struggle which followed the young Michigander was stabbed to the heart, and in the morning his dead body was found by the officers in the swamp. The horse thief was afterward traced by means of the watch, and was tried and hanged for murder.

Fight with a Polar Bear.

In July, 1886, two whale-boatts were sailing leisurely across Shanta Bay in the Ochotsk Sea, when the harpooner remarked, "A big seal on the port bow, sir." This "big seal" proved to be an immense Siberian bear, which, caught on the ice floe in his search for seal, had taken to the water, and was swimming for land, a distance of at least five miles. From experience we knew this chap would be a formidable antagonist on shore, and any interference on our part would have been carefully considered. But this seemed a sure thing and safe, so to take in our sail and to get a harpoon and place ready was the work of a few minutes. It required no maneuvring to approach the old

ncrring certainty that has something onderful in it. These pigeons were very eful years ago in carrying messages before graph and telephone were invented. ove-cotes may be made round, , triangular or eight-sided. They be placed on a pole out of the reach of cs and mice and sheltered from the cutting winds by a near by wall. The breeding cells should be large enough to prevent over-crowding, and it is very essential that the air should pass through them. There should be a projecting ledge in front of each cell or tier of cells, upon which the pigeons can perch. Each pigeon knows his own domestic retreat and will sit upon the perch in front of the opening with a keen sense of proprietorship.

The dove-cote should be lined with slate or plastered with cement to keep it free from vermin, which pester the birds very much. Sometimes the woodwork is made so that it can be taken apart and scrubbed. A loft in the roof of a house furnishes a good dovecote. The entrance should be in the gable and the main points are freedom from dampness, free access for air, plenty of room and safety from cats.

Pigeons begin to breed at the end of nine months, and breed every month, except in very cold weather. The nest boxes should be kept clean and should be changed after the birds are a few days old. Clean water must be kept constantly within their reach. The patent food and water boxes and bottles are good contrivances. They keep the birds from wasting the food, which they are apt to do. Salt is an occasional luxury to them and gravel is necessary, as it assists them in digesting their food. They are also fond of pecking at old mortar.

When pigeons get sick they indicate it by a loss of flesh, by refusing food, by sitting in a moping way with their feathers puffed out and their wings drooping. In most cases want of cleanliness proves to be the cause, and the best remedy is to fumigate the feathers with tobacco smoke to kill the vermin. Pigeons are subject to a disease called the roop. The wet roop is caused by dampness. It is a bad cold, and two or three peppercorns every other day is a good remedy. The dry roop is the wet roop with a cough added, for which cloves or garlic is a remedy. Another disease is the canker, which occurs when the birds fight and peck each other.

The exposed sore spots should be rubbed every day with a salve made of honey and burnt alum. When pigeons are generally out of health, which is likely to be while moulting, a little stimulating food, like hemp seed, will be good for them. Keep them warm and dry while they are changing their feathers, and put saffron and old rusty nails in the water they drink.—[Philadelphia Press.

Too Much For Him.

A letter just received from London says that the other day a thief broke into a mansion in Belgravia early in the morning, and found himself in a music room. Hearing footsteps approaching, he hid behind a screen.

From seven to eight o'clock the eldest daughter had a lesson on the piano.

From eight to nine o'clock the second daughter took a singing lesson.

From nine to ten o'clock the eldest son had a violin lesson.

From ten to eleven o'clock the other son took a lesson on the flute.

At eleven all the brothers and sisters assembled and studied an ear-splitting piece for piano, violin, flute, and voice.

The thief staggered out from behind the screen at half-past eleven, and, falling at their feet, cried out—

"For heaven's sake, have me took to the station, but cheese the bloomin' band!"

Other prominent persons in England are reported to have been equally influenced by Mr. Bellamy's work, and it has been proposed to form Nationalist clubs there on a plan similar to those organized in the States for giving definite form to the movement.

Substance of Happy Wedlock.

Children are the keenest of observers and the most practical of deducers; indeed, their deductions are often more astonishing than agreeable to their elders. Though we laugh we do not always enjoy having our weakness revealed to us by the babblings of babes.

Six little children were at play, and whether it was that they grew tired of familiar games, or that that innate principle, "It is not good for man to be alone," craved expression, they determined to have a wedding. John, aged eight, should marry Hatty, aged five, and brother Harry would speak "the words that bind."

Now, Harry had never heard a marriage ceremony, and was entirely ignorant of the prevalent pledges; but was he at a loss?—not he. He knew what papa and mamma considered of paramount virtue, and surely what they each so eagerly desired must constitute the requisites of a happy married life.

The candidates for wedlock were requested to stand side by side, and gravely obeyed.

"Hatty, will you get up in the morning and see that John has his breakfast in time, and that he has good things to eat, and never has to wait for his meals?'

'John, will you give her all the money she wants?"

That was all, but does it not contain the quintessence of married felicity?

The Prince of Monaco.

One of the best know sovereigns of Europe is dead. He was Charles III., Prince of Monaco. He was 70 years old, and he had ruled 33 years. His kingdom was the smallest in the world, having an area of but eight and thirty-four hundredths square miles, an army of 72 officers and men, and a population of less than 8,000; but his people were all noble, the Monacans having been ennobled in a body by Charles V. of Spain. In one respect the Monacans are a fortunate people. They pay no taxes for the support of the Government. These are provided for, and the expenses of administration taken care of, and the Prince has been enriched, by the tribute from the Monte Carlo Casino, the famous gambling establishment in the world. The Prince having provided for his revenues became deeply interested in philanthropic and scientific pursuits, and was an authority upon practical charity. His benevolence, however, receives sad commentary in the ignominies, ruin and suicide of the devotees of the tables which gave him opulence. He became partially blind many years ago, and resided most of the time in Paris. The Prince's son is said to be opposed to the gambling contracts, and will endeavour to abolish the Casino. He can afford to, with his magnificent inheritance. —[Rochester Democrat.

The "fan"-shaped waist gathered at the front and back is as popular now as at the beginning of the season.

The London Lancet comes out as the champion of codfish, which, it says, are habitually starved and tortured by fishermen. After they are caught "they are "immersed in the swells of smacks, and on "arriving in port some forty of them are "tightly crammed into a fish chest which is "kept under the water, often until they all "die from confinement and starvation." When in the smack wells it is said they are sometimes "specially secured by the tails to prevent them devouring each other."

this chap would be a formidable antagonist on shore, and any interference on our part would have been carefully considered. But this seemed a sure thing and safe, so to take in our sail and to get a harpoon and place ready was the work of a few minutes. It required no maneuvring to approach the old fellow, so with a full, straight head, a harpoon was fairly planted in his back.

Talk about transformation scenes—with a terrible snarl he leaped out of the water, he pulled at the harpoon until his brown sides bulged—with teeth and claws he crushed and twisted the Australian ironwood harpoon-pole into a thousand slivers. He "took' our line "hand over hand" until it spun through the "chocks" as if fast to a running whale. Failing to clear himself, he suddenly rushed for our boat, and before the order to "Stern all for your lives" could be obeyed both feet were on the gunwales, and we were only saved from capsizing, and perhaps something worse, by the prompt action of the harpooner, who slashed old bruin's paws with his sheath knife until he let go wild with pain and rage. All this had taken place in a moment, but we had learned in that brief time that a Siberian bear in the water was not to be fooled with. Once out of his reach we took great care not to get into his clutches again, and a skillfully-thrown lance soon decided in our favor. It was a two hour job to tow him in shore, but we felt amply paid by steak for supper and the sight of a bear that, although poor in flesh, must have weighed more than 1 000 pounds.

Made a Fool of Herself.

Mr. Jason—A nice fool you made of yourself at that sociable last night.

Mrs. Jason—Me? How?

Mr. Jason—Yes, you, telling Mrs. Chally that her baby looked good enough to eat.

Mrs Jason—Well, what's the matter with that?

Mr. Jason—Oh, nothing, only you know that they start as missionaries to the Cannibal Islands next week.

The Very Thing.

Juvenile Customer (doubtfully)—"I'm afraid you haven't any ribbon of the kind I want. Mamma said I must be sure to ask for mouse color." Salesman (equal to the emergency, producing a bolt of fiery red ribbon)—"That's what this is—crushed mouse color. How many yards."

Carpets are seldom troubled with mothworms except where hatched in a dark illventilated space and where it is moderately warm. It is for this reason no doubt that carpet-houses are seldom, if ever, troubled by them, the stocks in larger houses beging disposed of between seasons. Nearly all the trouble from moths emanates from the furniture, the burlap inside the outer covering being their best field for work, where they can be free from annoyance and find plenty to eat. Many furniture-dealers realise their danger, and cleanse burlap used with naphtha. It is when the worms are either tired of their food or it lacks the nourishment that they desire that they seek an outlet and drop upon the carpet. Cleansing carpets by the naphtha process is regarded as the surest and most satisfactory where there is the slightest suspicion of moth eggs or worms. It is especially adapted to pile carpets. Caution should be exercised as to the purity and clearness of the naphtha used and the thorough extraction of the grease, else the dirt adheres more easily than before. Where carpets are to remain in storage for some time, the odour can be left in the carpet. A more thorough cleansing can be assured by having the carpet beaten first. A surface application of naphtha will drive the impurities through the article, to be absorbed by that which is under it.

LATE CABLE NEWS.

Another Royal Betrothal—Germany's Jealousy of France—The Slave Trade in Zanzibar etc, etc.

It is semi-officially announced that Princess Margaret of Prussia is soon to be betrothed to Prince Christian of Denmark. Both have been staying during the week at Fredensborg Castle, where the royal family of Denmark is being visited by the families of the Czar of Russia, Empress Frederick, the King of Greece, and a host of minor royalties—in all one Emperor, one Empress, one Empress Dowager, three Kings, one Queen, four heirs apparent, and thirty-five imperial and royal princes and princesses. At the state dinner on Thursday evening the Empress Frederick sat between the King of Denmark and the Czar, and the King proposed the health of the Empress and her daughters, which was considered significant. It is said the Czar is bitterly opposed to this marriage, and the Emperor of Germany desires a higher alliance for his sister.

The increase in the French army under the last army act has naturally aroused the interest of the military authorities in Berlin, who consider that Germany must take corresponding steps. The chief obstacle is financial, as men are so plentiful in Germany that many thousands in every way fit for service have to be rejected every year. The example of France will probably be followed and these men called out in future. For this purpose, the Reichstag, it is expected, will be asked to vote means.

With the object of assisting Great Britain and Germany in suppressing the slave trade the Sultan has issued an edict empowering the commanders of English and German war ships to search all Zanzibarese dhows and other boats. The decree also provides that every person who enters the Sultan's dominions after November shall be free.

T. G. Shaughnessy, General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, arrived in London this week to contract for building six steamships for the transpacific line of that road between British Columbia and China.

That Abominable Apparatus Called a Stomach.

A man's heart, it has often been said, has to be reached through his stomach, and a man's intellectual power, as well as his physical well-being, if not also, to a great extent, his moral and spiritual prosperity and progress, are to be determined very largely in the same way. The healthy mind and the happy heart are twin dependents upon the healthy body and the vigorous digestive apparatus; and these again take their character and condition very noticeably from the food used and from the way in which it is cooked and served.

It is quite true that a great many have originally what Carlyle used to speak of as "that abominable apparatus called a stomach." But large numbers have to blame themselves or their cooks for their chronic dyspepsia and consequent misery and bad temper. They have persistently and for years sinned against their stomachs, loading them with any quantity of indigestible stuff simply because they liked it, and their stomachs have by-and-bye, like "horses overdriven," rebelled and kicked out. In short, one of the great curses of our race is bad cookery, combined with injudicious selections of food material. Dr. Andrew Combe

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AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

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THE GREAT STRENGTH GIVER
A PERFECT FOOD
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A WARMING & NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE
A POWERFUL INVIGORATOR

simply because they liked it, and their stomachs have by-and-bye, like "horses overdriven," rebelled and kicked out. In short, one of the great curses of our race is bad cookery, combined with injudicious selections of food material. Dr. Andrew Combe used to say that if men paid as little attention to the skins of their horses as they pay to their own they would soon have a poor account of the occupants of their stables. The same thing may be said of their stomachs. The farmer cannot afford to deal as hardly with the stomachs of his horses and cows as he too often does with his own and with those of his household. Think of the awful bread which is made to do duty on many a table, the miserably boiled potatoes, and the burnt or leathery or sodden pieces of tough, ill fed beef, to say nothing of the pies which naturally lead to nightmare and more or less pronounced profaneness. Many a husband would have been saved from the tavern and many a household broil would never have been known had mother or maid been fairly imitiated into the mysteries of cookery. Visitors to France, and especially to Paris, are specially struck with the general cheerfulness, light-heartedness and good humor among the French. It is merely because they are naturally thoughtless and inclined to frivolity? Not exclusively or even chiefly. It is because almost universally a very fair knowledge of cookery is possessed, which rises with many to the dignity of a fine art. Indigestion, with all its horrors, it is said, is scarcely known, and that because toothsome, thoroughly-cooked dishes are produced from less than half what English housewives and kitchen maids worse than throw away in the concoction of that by which, if the palate is not systematically outraged, the digestive organs are too frequently oppressed and in many instances ultimately ruined. In these days of intellectual pretence and polymathic smattering it may appear mean and behind the age to hint at the necessity of our girls being trained to all the mysteries of the kitchen; to darning stockings as well as to millinery and dressmaking. It needs to be done, however, and can all be secured without one of the real "accomplishments" being either lost sight of or forgotten. How can anybody be cheerful when dyspeptic, and how can dyspepsia be avoided so long as so many are three times a day forced to consume what no average stomach can meddle with and be safe?

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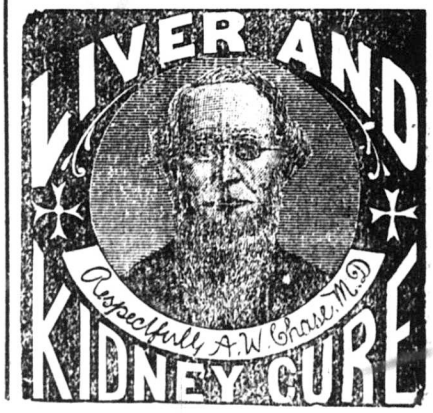

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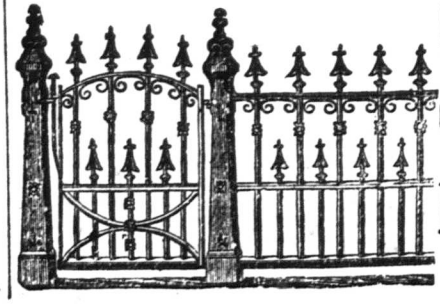

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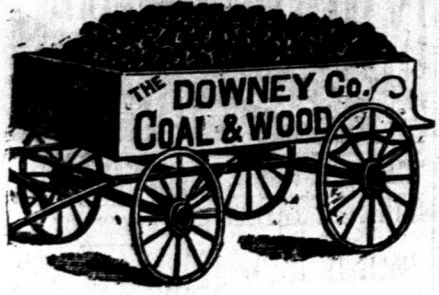

SCRANTON COAL.

Chestnut, No. 4, Stove, Egg, Grate, Blossburg.

Put your coal in before broken weather sets in and prices advance.

All Coal Screened.

Hard and Soft Wood

THE DOWNEY CO.

Foot Centre Street, - - Napanee, Ont.

4189ly

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Having purchased J. H. Gallagher's stock of School Books we are able to supply everything required for school at a big discount. Come while the bargains last.

Large 200 page scribbler for 4 cents.
Best copy books from 3 cents up.
Big slate for 5 cents.

Window Shades

50cts up, all complete. First-class spring roller fit any window for 15cts.

School Supplies

as well as all other stock will be sold at less than can be laid down by other dealers.

Remember the place

Madden's BookStore.

3789cm C. P. R. Tickets and Telegraph.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 488sly

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
1589fm Camden East., Ont.

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every description at the 7c. store

—The Kingston Assizes begin on Monday next.

—The Steamer Varuna will bring an excursion from the head of the bay to Napanee on Wednesday next.

—The coroner's jury has returned a verdict of wilful murder against Peter Davis, who shot William Emery, near Marmora, on September 19.

—The rain yesterday had a dampening effect on the Camden and Amherst Island Fairs, and they were but slimly attended. Better luck next time.

—A. N. Diamond is in town with sample bags of barley in his hand. He looks quite natural and no doubt will make some stir in the barley market.

—When you are in town next week, call at THE EXPRESS office and pay your subscription. If you are not a subscriber drop in and pay $1 and have THE EXPRESS sent to you the balance of this year and all of next year.

—A. W. Grange & Bro. are agents for the celebrated National Oil, manufactured by the Standard Oil Co'y. This oil is guaranteed equal to the very best American oil, and will not smoke the chimneys nor crust the wick. Give it a trial. adv.

—The late Chief Allen will long be remembered and will be missed by the poor of this town, to whom they have been indebted for many acts of kindness in relieving their wants. Who will take his place in this respect?

—Mr. K. J. Strong has purchased the stock in trade and good-will of the business recently carried on by Mr. John Coates in the Saddlery and Harness line. Mr. Coates can be found at Mr. K. J. Strong's shop next to Messrs. Perry & Madole's hardware store.

—Rev. J. B. Clarkson and family leave next week for their new home in Montreal. We trust that Mr. Clarkson's enforced rest will be of short duration, and that he will be speedily restored to health so that he may continue in the work he so dearly loves.

—Rev. C. O. Johnstone will arrive tonight and will occupy the pulpit of the Western Methodist church, on Sabbath, both morning and evening. Mr. Johnstone is a young man and is said to possess marked ability. The Western will doubtless be crowded on Sunday.

—Hunting parties are now being organized. Game is said to be quite plentiful in the back townships and our local nimrods are determined to have some of it. As silver bullets are absolutely ruled out this year, some of the sports might as well stay at home.

—Mr. John Coates has decided to retire from business and has leased his shop to Mr. Taylor, of the Royal Hotel. Mr. Taylor will utilize the front shop as a tobacco store and through it an entrance can be gained to the billiard room situated immediately in the rear.

—Tuesday last was the day on which the regular sittings of the County Court should have been held, but as there was nothing to come before His Honor, there was no court. This speaks well for the people of Lennox and Addington but is rather hard on the lawyers.

—The Rev. John Gallagher, B.A., of St. John's Church, Pittsburgh, Ont., will deliver a lecture in the town hall on the evening of Monday next, the 7th inst., at 8 o'clock, on the following subject, namely: "Roman Catholocism: Its Origin and Development." A collection will be taken up at the close of the lecture.

—Remember the admission to the Lennox Agricultural Exhibition has been

Evening Classes.

The Board of the Mechanics' Institute, have decided to hold evening classes during the winter months, taking a complete commercial course and perhaps an English course. Those desiring to attend will kindly leave their names with A. E. Paul or W. C. Scott during next week. Tuition free.

New Fall Goods.

Parties wanting anything in fine clothing, gents' furnishings, hats or caps, should not place their orders until they have seen McAlister's new fall stock. They are showing a full range of the new patterns for fall and winter suitings. A special line of early fall overcoatings in handsome colorings, and a very fine assortment of elegant patterns in trouserings. Their new cutter, Mr. E. Young, will guarantee every satisfaction on all orders entrusted to him.

Selby Bridge Contract.

It is reported that a nice little job has perpetrated in connection with the rebuilding of Selby bridge. It is said that one of the faithful had the contract awarded to him at $500, whlle there were tenders in by responsible parties who offered to do the work for $300, and yet another party says it can be done for $250. Besides the extravagant price, it is alleged that the width is only thirteen feet, not sufficiently wide for teams to pass on it; but then who cares so long as a favorite is satisfied? Anyone anxious to know full particulars had better enquire of Mr. Nat Kimmet, of Richmond.

The Tamworth District.

The missionary arrangements for the Methodist churches in the Tamworth district are thus: Tamworth, Oct. 13. Deputation, Rev. G. Dunkley. Centreville, Oct. 13. Deputation, Rev. J. S. McMullen. Roblin. Oct. 6. Deputation, Rev. M. Metherell, Marlbank, Oct. 6. Deputation, W. M. Pattyson. Arden, Oct. 13. Deputation, F. B. Stratton. Mountain Grove, local arrangements. Plevna, Oct. 6, 7, 8. Deputation, Revs. J. S. Mullen, and C. H. Coon. Vennacher, Oct. 13. Deputation, Rev. W. Coome. Flinton, local arrangements. Cloyne, Oct. 6. Deputation, Rev. J. A. Kennedy.

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bannanas, finest in town at Davis restaurant.

Delicious Pineapples now in stock, at Davis' restaurant.

Oranges and Lemons, the best that can be procured at Davis' restaurant.

Choice French Cream Goods always on hand at Davis' restaurant.

The best of Bread, (Bakers or Homemade) and an endless variety of Cake can always be had at Davis' restaurant.

Cool summer drinks including ginger ale on drought are now selling at Davis' restaurant.

First class lunches may be had at any hour at Davis' restaurant.

A Sad Case.

On Wednesday Capt. C. H. Nicholson, who has commanded the Hero for the past five seasons, left the boat and on Thursday started for Colorado with his young wife, who is a victim to that fell disease, consumption. Her medical advisers have recommended the trip as the last hope. Should the trip have beneficial results, it is probable that the captain will make his home in the west. The case is particulary sad as the couple were married less than two years ago, at which time the bride was the very picture of robust health. The captain's popularity on the bay route will

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every description at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—A. S. Kimmerly is continually cutting prices on every article in the grocery line. How the grocers do kick, but it is no use for I will continue to undersell sugars way down. Call and see, and get my prices before buying. Save money. New teas daily arriving, a fresh lot of that choice 40c. tea I am selling at 25 cts. per lb., just at hand. Pedlars and other grocers cannot compete.

—Get your Fair advertising printed at THE EXPRESS office. New type and first class stock.

—Wanted—A copy of Meacham's Atlas of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington. Apply at THE EXPRESS office.

—For sale—A first class brick house in thorough repair. For particulars apply at THE EXPRESS office. adv. tf.

—A quantity of picket fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—Choice butter only 20 cts. per lb. at F. Paul's, 13½ lbs. yellow sugar for $1; flour, shorts, chicken feed, and all kinds of groceries at lowest prices. Highest price in cash paid for eggs.

—Straw and Felt.—Miss Janes wishes to inform her customers and the public generally that she is prepared to do Hats in Straw and felt in all the leading styles on short notice. Residence, south side Mill street, West Napanee. 4289tf

—Merchants and others will do well to hang out flags and otherwise decorate their premises on Tuesday and Wednesday next. There will be thousands of people in town attending the fair, and it will be well to have Napanee present as gay an appearance as possible. Let everybody decorate.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—The Western church was appropriately draped in black on Tuesday last, in honor of Chief Allen, who for upwards of twenty years was a faithful worker in connection with that church. The gallery was hung with black cloth, and the altar and pulpit were draped with the same somber hued material, festooned with sprays of climbing fern. The effect was very pretty.

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three-fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—On Saturday of next week a hunting party composed of T. D. Pruyn, S. C. Warner, S. H. Roblin and William Miller, leave for a two weeks trip into the rear of this county. They ought to have a jolly good time and we hope that they will get a full share of game. William Miller says that they are going to steer clear of the Judge and John Soby, and if he takes our advice he will do so. If the Judge should happen to tell John to take William prisoner we imagine that there would be lively times in the rear of Addington.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

Roman Catholicism: Its Origin and Development." A collection will be taken up at the close of the lecture.

—Remember the admission to the Lennox Agricultural Exhibition has been placed at the low rate of fifteen cents. That will be the rate charged on both Tuesday and Wednesday. On Tuesday evening ten cents will be charged for admission to the palace. The grounds and building will be brilliantly illuminated with electric light.

—Mr. Hawley, of Belleville, and formerly of Switzerville, has leased the Western shop in the new Rennie block, and next week will open out with a complete stock of boots and shoes. Mr. Hawley is too well known in this section to need an introduction to our readers. We welcome him back to his native county and trust that he will find business both pleasant and profitable. Look out for his announcement in next week's EXPRESS.

—A lunatic by the name of Christopher Harris, escaped from his friends on Monday evening and procuring an iron bar about four feet long, went to Baptist cemetery at Seeley's Bay and demolished a large number of tombstones and monuments. The damages amount to thousands of dollars. Harris' home is in the township of Storrington. At one time he was an inmate of Rockwood asylum and was only released from that institution in June last.

—The boy nuisance on Centre street, north of Denison's corner, is the subject of loud complaint by people living in that locality. What is the reason the matter is not brought before the council? Councillor Madole lives in that neighborhood; is he too modest to speak out? Some of the young hopefuls have been identified and if their rowdy pranks are repeated they will find themselves before the Cadi. An occasional visit from the police or night-watch might cool their ardor.

—On Tuesday the annual cattle fair was held at Tamworth, and it was surprising to see the falling off in the attendance of the previous years. Not forty head were offered for sale. One old time drover who has travelled that section for years, stated that the cattle are not in the country. The prices asked were exorbitant. The fair was not nearly the success expected, but outside of the scarcity of cattle, probably the inclement weather tended towards making it a failure, as the rain poured down in torrents the whole day.

—On the 15th of the present month the G.T.R. will begin extensive improvements in the vicinity of Napanee. The heavy grade just east of the town will be lowered twelve feet, and the big cutting will be widened for the purpose of laying a double track. As soon as these improvements are made the big bridge will be widened and other work done between it and the station. These changes will involve the expenditure of a good many thousand dollars in this vicinity within the next few months.

—At the regular meeting of the Young Peoples' Association of the Western Methodist church, held on Tuesday evening of this week, the following officers were elected for the ensuing half year:—President, Miss Lucy Edwards; Vice-President, F. Casper Bell; Secretary, J. Fred Tilley; Assistant-Secretary, Miss Emily Harmer; Treasurer, Miss Lucy Anderson. The Y. P. A. is in a prosperous condition, and during the winter months they intend pushing their work more determinedly than ever before. They now have a snug sum to their credit in the bank, but have a payment of $250 to meet on the first of December, that being one half of the amount subscribed by them towards the new parsonage.

home in the west. The case is particularly sad as the couple were married less than two years ago, at which time the bride was the very picture of robust health. The captain's popularity on the bay route will cause a feeling of sadness in every community, and a wish that the results of the trip may be most beneficial.

The London And Lancashire.

An addition has been recently made to the Canadian Board of Directors of the London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company. The Board as at present constituted consists of Sir Donald A. Smith, K. C. M. G., chairman; Messrs. Robert Benny, merchant; R. B. Augus, Montreal; and Sanford Fleming, C. M. G., of Ottawa. This prominent and progressive old company which has over a million of dollars invested in Canadian securities, has its offices in the New York Life building, and is, we understand, in vigorous progress, and securing its full share of public business in Canada.—Montreal Gazette.

Represented by G. A. Caton Gen. Agent, Newburgh, and N. A. Caton Local Agent, Napanee. adv.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. James Youmans, of Petworth, favored us with a call on Friday last.

—Mrs. McCaul, West Napanee is very ill, and is attended by Dr. Leonard.

—Messrs. Alex. Henry and W. F. Hall leave next Monday for a three weeks trip to Manitoba.

—Rev. Dr. Bredin, of Colborne, preached two very able sermons in the Western Methodist Church last Sabbath.

—Rev. Dr. Gardner, of Belleville, came down on Tuesday to attend the funeral of Chief Allen. He is the guest of Dr. Edwards.

—Rev. F. B. Stratton was in town on Tuesday. He says that the ladies of his congregation scored a big success with their pumpkin pie social last Friday evening.

—Mr. Frank Price, late of Dr. Ashley's office, is now seriously ill at his home in Camden. He is suffering from a combined attack of congestion of the lungs and typhoid fever.

—Rev. Mr. Craig and Geo. A. Brown came down from Deseronto, on Tuesday, as a deputation from the Masonic lodge of that town, to attend the funeral of the late James Allen.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Gibbard are in Toronto. Mr. G. is attending the convention of the Ontario Undertaker's Association of which he was President last year and at this meeting vacates the chair to Mr. N. L. Bradshaw, of Stratford.

—Judge Wilkison and John Soby leave on Monday morning for a two weeks trip through the rear of Addington. The Judge will hold Courts of Revision and John will hunt up game. We have been promised an account of their trip from the pen of a well known resident of Napanee, who knows the route, and who will of cours be in a position to write it up in a racy style.

—Willie Lane left for Toronto on Monday morning and on Tuesday entered Toronto University where he will take a full course. His career will be watched with much interest for thus far he has displayed, remarkable aptness in acquiring knowledge. At the age of sixteen he headed the list in the Province in the examinations for first-class certificates. We wish him continued success and shall be pleased to chronicle many honors won and scholarships secured.

—Rev. Bidwell Lane, of New York, was in town on Wednesday the guest of his cousin Mrs. John R. Scott. Mr. Lane has recovered his health so as to be able to resume his pastoral work. He attended the prayer meeting in the Western Methodist Church, on Wednesday evening, and paid a glowing but well deserved tribute to the memory of his uncle, the late Charles Lane. We are rejoiced to see Mr. Lane once more in his accustomed health, and trust that he may long be spared to push the work for which he is fitted in such an eminent degree. Mr. Lane went to New York on Thursday.

—The Rev. John B. Clarkson offers by private sale at the parsonage of the Western Methodist church, a lot of household furniture, viz:—Fancy Chairs, China Dinner set, etc., etc.; also a very fine Upright Piano, (Mason & Risch) nearly new. Goods can be seen on Saturday, the 5th October and the following Monday and Tuesday. All prices under half cost. All goods remaining unsold will be offered by auction at the room of E. K. Bowen on Thursday, the 10th inst., at 11 o'clock.

COUNTY OF LENNOX

ANNUAL

FALL - SHOW.

Tuesday & Wednesday,

OCTOBER 8th & 9th, 1889.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE THE GRAND EXHIBIT OF

DRY GOODS & CLOTHING

AT LAHEY & McKENTY'S

Every day is a busy one how, especially in our

Dress Goods Department—A large stock of new Black Silks, in guaranteed makes, in Gros Grain, Luxor, Faille, Tricotine, Mervilleux, etc., etc. Also a special line of Colored Merveilleux at a cut price. The latest colorings and best values in Henriettas, Cashmeres, Satin Berber, Soliels, Amazon Cloths, Jersey Cloths, Jersey Flannels, French Serges, Tricots, Fancy Wool Plaids and Stripes, Plain Debeiges, Colored Meltons and beautiful Combination Costumes and Bordered Costumes in very fine goods.

Jersey Jackets with new Trimmings, fine qualities and extra value. Ladies', Misses and Childrens' Ulsters and Dolmanettes just to hand.

Mantle Goods—Perfection in styles and values. Every new shade and finish. Some very handsome cloths for Short Jackets just in. Miss BARRETT, dress and mantle maker.

shade and finish. Some very handsome cloths for Short Jackets just in. Miss BARRETT, dress and mantle maker.

Ladies' and Misses' Underwear—A splendid stock of fine goods to choose from. Merino, Cashmere and Scotch L. W. goods of softest finish, extra value.

Gentlemens' Furnishings—All new Fall Styles represented. Good Underwear at 25 cents apiece.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT—The grandest stock we have shown you yet is now complete. All Fall Suits and Overcoats are here. We can fit any man or boy cheap and well. **Good clothing only**

The Popular Dry Goods House.

LAHEY AND McKENTY,

Rennie Block.

BORN.

QUIRT.—In Kingston, Oct. 1st., the wife of John Quirt, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

MYLO.—HUGHES.—At the R. C. Church. Erinsville, on Monday Sept. 23rd, by Rev. Fr. Cicolari Michael Mylo, Ernesttown, to Mary J. Hughes. Sheffield.

BADGELEY.—MOUNTANY.—On Sept. 14th, at the residence of the bride's uncle, by Rev. A. Campbell, James W. Badgeley, Thurlow, to Annie Mountany, Tyendinaga.

DIED.

ABRAMS.—On Sept. 23rd, Mrs. John Abrams, of Erinsville, aged 47 years.

GOUGH.—At Lonsdale, on Sept. 16th, Herbert Michael, infant son of Mr. Richard Gough, aged 6 months.

GAMMON.—At Deseronto, Sept. 18th, James Gammon, aged 4 years, 2 months, 8 days.

VANALSTINE.—On Sunday Sept. 22nd, the infant daughter of Mr. Willett Vanalstine, of North Fredericksburgh.

CHAPMAN.—At Frankford, on Sept. 15th, Earl Fred, infant son of Earl R. and Adina R. Chapman. Deseronto, aged 7 months, 29 days.

SMITH.—At his late residence, "Hamilton House," Cobourg, on Friday September 27th, 1889, the Hon. Sidney Smith, Q. C., in the 66th year of his age.

CONGER.—At Napanee, on Sunday, September 29th, Queenie May, infant daughter of William Conger, aged 1 year and 9 months.

The U. S. Treasury Department has ordered the collection of duties hereafter on stage scenery and costumes, heretofore admitted free as tools of trade.

Senator Hardisty was seriously hurt by being thrown from a buggy at Broadview, N. W. T., yesterday morning. He will be taken to the Winnipeg hospital.

Harry Thomas, twelve years old, accidentally shot and killed Thompson Tubbs, aged thirteen years, while gunning at Warrensburg, N. Y., Wednesday afternoon.

At Sherbrooke yesterday the Crown alleged that attempts were being made to bribe the jurors who will try Donald Morrison, the Megantic outlaw, for murder.

The general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of America, held every three years, opened at New York Wednesday.

The warship Emerald sailed Wednesday from Halifax for the scene of the wreck of H. M. S. Lily on the Labrador coast.

The SS. Canopus, which left Quebec for Liverpool on Tuesday, is ashore at St. Valia, thirty-six miles below there.

Cannot Fail.

MRS. JOHN E. THOMPSON, of Shelburne, P. O., writes: My two children received great benefit from Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for Diarrhœa and summer complaint. I gave it according to direction and they soon recovered. Be sure and get the genuine.

SALESMEN WANTED.

To handle my thoroughly reliable Nursery Stock. I engage men on Salary or liberal commission. Permanent employment guaranteed. Outfit free. Previous experience not required.

Write to

C. L. YATES, Nurseryman.

Mention this Paper Rochester N. Y. 4189i

AGENTS WANTED.

Reliable, energetic men can earn good wages selling Fonthill Nursery stock. New specialties. Largest Nursery in Canada. Outfit free. For terms, address

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Nurserymen,
Toronto.

WANTED.

SALESMEN to sell choice Nursery stock. Liberal pay weekly. Will pay salary, but can give something better to workers. No experience needed. Write FRED E. YOUNG, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. A PRESENT. If you become my agent and sell $100, will give $2 for copy of this ad. Cut it out. 4089bm

WANTED SALESMEN to sell Nursery Stock. All Goods warranted FIRST-CLASS. Permanent, pleasant, profitable positions for the right men. Good salaries and expenses paid weekly. Liberal inducements to beginners. No previous experience necessary. Outfit free. Write for terms, giving age. CHARLES. H. CHASE, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this Paper.

WANTED

Men to take orders for Nursery Stock on Salary or commission. I can make a successful

Salesman

of any one who will work and follow my instructions. Will furnish handsome outfit free, and pay your salary or commission every week. Write for terms at once.

E.O. GRAHAM, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. 4289m

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

At 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrowers; I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
2089ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent.

BUILDING!

I am prepared to furnish everything in the line of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Dressed Lumber,

Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2389ly

THIS YEARS

MYRTLE

CUT and PLUG

SMOKING TOBACCO

FINER THAN EVER.

See

T. & B.

IN BRONZE ON

each Plug and Package.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRID.

Robinson&Co

COLUMN

—NEW—

Dress Goods

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

—NEW—

Millinery

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario
Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,
20891y PROPRIETOR

THE

Royal Hotel

PICTON, ONT.

Strictly First-class. Rates Reasonable.

3989em JAS. HEALY, Prop.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

HATCH & MILLING, Props.

This house has recently changed hands, and has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with due regard to the comfort of the guests.
Farmers will find commodious, first-class stabling and cheap rates. Farmers patronage solicited
Napanee, Aug. 13, 1889. 3789fm

DO YOU WANT

A GOOD SQUARE MEAL ?

If so, when you are in Picton call at the

Globe Temperance House,

J. N. BONGARD, Prop.

MEALS, - - Only 25 cents.

First-class accommodation by the day or week.

BRAN! BRAN

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.
Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.
4189dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

27891y E. VANALSTINE,
Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors Toront

C. D. WARFMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St. Napanee.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
28891y Barristers, Napanee

F. X. BEZO,
MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

18891mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 23896m

DR. W. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, treats all diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Dr. Badgerow, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 991y.

INSURE IN THE

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Government deposit over - - $600,000

G. A. CATON,
General Ggent, Newburgh, Ont.
Active agents wanted. 20891y.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

For sale.—Lots Nos. 1 and 2 on the east side of West street, in the town of Napanee.
There are on the premises a brick house with kitchen attached, a frame barn and wood house. There is also a good well on the premises. This property will be sold on easy terms. For further particulars apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors, Napanee
Napanee, Aug. 29, 1889. 4089bm

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.

115 acres, being part of Lot 35, in 3rd Concession of the Township of Tyendinaga. Only one mile from school and church. There is on the premises a large brick house, drive house, large barn and sheds, all in good repair. A living spring at the barn. Terms reasonable.

Apply to
WILLIAM FRETTS,
Lonsdale P. O.
September 16th, 1889 42m

BAKERY TO RENT.

One of the best stands in the county. Business already established.

Bake Shop Thoroughly Equipped.

Well established route. A first-class chance for a baker with a small capital Apply to

F. H. PRIEST,
4289d Bath, Ont.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

—NEW—

CLOTHING

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

—NEW—

CARPETS

—AT—

Robinson & Co's

Best values in town at

Robinson&Co

Successors to Downey & Co

C. D. WARTMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2289ly

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held pursuant to "The Ontario Voters' List Act, 1889," by His Honor, the Judge of the County Court, of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the Town Hall, of the Township of Sheffield, in the Village of Tamworth in said Township, on Monday, the 7th day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock a. m., to hear and determine the several complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Township of Sheffield for 1889.

All persons having business at the Court are required to attend at the said time and place.

JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Clerk of the Municipality of the Township of Sheffield and constituted Clerk of said Court.
Dated this 24th September, 1889. 4189b

FOR SALE.

200 ACRE FARM,

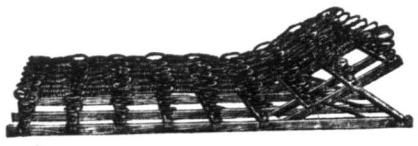
in the 9th Concession of Camden; lot 50; 125 acres of good plough land, remainder good pasture, with creek running through. There is on the premises two good wells and a large, young, bearing orchard; two good log barns and a large frame barn, containing stables for 50 head; one good drive house, and a new large frame dwelling house. Will be sold together or separately, to suit parties. For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises.

THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

The above property must be sold as I am about entering other business.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn; about 50 acres are under good cultivation; the remainder is valuable pasture land with some timber. Lot No. 2 contains a marsh of 40 acres with 25 acres cleared and growing principally red-top hay. There is a creek (Carlow) running thro' the pasture. This tract will be sold together, separately or rented. For further particulars apply to the owner.

4189d THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.



Peter Bristol, Hawley; Ben Brisco, Napanee; Dr. Vrooman, E. W. Benjamin, Charles Phillips, Yarker; John McNaught, Charles Riley, John Fae, Camden East; Dr. Cook, Alex. Smith, Banker, Mr. Bone, J. S. Hulett, J. C. Drewry, Napanee; Wm Mace, H. P. Keech, J. M. Smith, Harry Reid, Tamworth; Thomas Anderson, James Jones, A. J. Sexsmith, Selby; Wm. Asselstine, sr., Mr. Spencer, miller, Roblin; Dr. Beeman, Peter Vandewater, Absolam Milligan, Roblin.

These are the names of a few who have used my

ADJUSTABLE HEAD RAISE

Spring Bed Bottom!

and they will cheerfully answer any questions as regards the superiority and durability of this article over all others.

As I cannot get around to see all of you I will be glad to see you on the market in Napanee on Saturdays, and will be glad to give any information desired.

C. N. GARRISON,
3789cm Colebrook

Bake Shop Thoroughly Equipped.

Well established route. A first-class chance for a baker with a small capital Apply to

F. H. PRIEST,
4289d Bath, Ont.

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4389ly

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NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application.
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SALESMEN WANTED.

Having done business in Canada for the past 30 years, our reputation and responsibility are well known. We pay salary and expenses from the start, if everything is satisfactory. No previous experience required. Write us for terms which are very liberal, before engaging with any other firm.

REFERENCES, Bradstreet's, or Dun, Wiman & Co's Commercial Agencies, well known to business men; or Standard Bank, Colborne, Ont.

CHASE BROTHERS' COMPANY,
Nurserymen,
COLBORNE, - - ONTARIO.
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The Low Priced, No Combination

Undertaking Establishment.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of all the latest designs te be found in

COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, Etc.,

which we are prepared to sell 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the county. We use the best deodorizer, thus obviating all unpleasant odors. Embalming a Specialty. Having purchased one of the Handsomest Hearses at the Toronto exhibition, we are prepared to attend personally funerals in the most satisfactory manner. The public will do well to call and examine our stock, and be convinced that ours is the place to buy.

We have also added a full line of the newes things in Wall Paper, Ceiling Decorations, Window Shades and Picture Railing, Paints and Oils Paint Mixed. Persons wanting anything in this line will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place. Centre-street, one block south of Main.

289 CARSCALLEN & BRO.

Garrison Geo 11 feb 90

EXPRESS

$1 50 if not paid till end of year

RIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No. 45.

THE LENNOX FAIR.

GOOD SPORT AND A GOOD SHOW.

Lots of People but Rain Spoils Their Enjoyment.

Last week's bad weather gave anything but encouragement to the directors of the Lennox Agricultural Society, while Monday's gloomy weather sent their hopes down to zero. On Tuesday, however, although the wind was raw and cold, no rain fell, and a goodly number of people visited the society's grounds and witnessed the horse races. A number of exhibits were also present, the agricultural exhibitors being specially prominent.

SPEEDING IN THE RING

began about half past two o'clock. Messrs. John Prinyer, J. Johnson and Robert Davison, acting as judges. The first race called was the trotting teams. For this there were three entries made by Messrs. Frink, Sagar and Johnson respectively. In the first heat Mr. Frink's team took the lead and easily held it, the Johnson pair acting very badly. The second and third heats were captured by Mr. Johnson, with Frink's span second each time. None of the animals were beauties to look at, but they could all make the wheels go around quite lively.

THE STALLION RACE

was next called, the heats being sandwiched with those of the former race. The entries were as follows: W. D. Mace, (Tamworth,) Mambrino Mitchell; W. Hatch, (Picton), Staunton Jr.; General Middleton. The race was keenly contested, five heats having to be trotted before victory fell to the Picton representative. Mambrino won the first and third heats, the other three being won by Staunton Jr. It was a nip and tuck struggle throughout and neither party had much to boast of. Mr. Mace's horse was not in condition and under the circumstances trotted a mighty plucky race.

THE PACING RACE

was a hollow victory for Lester Boyes' "Billy," the only other entry being R. H. Potter's "Fred." Lester literally played with Fred allowing to come up and even pass him, and then, shaking the little horse up, he would slide bye without any apparent effort.

THE TROTTING RACE

brought out a field of four and it proved to be a double event, Hugh Milling's Little Tommy, and Henry Staffords Prairie Belle, making a race of it far in advance of Billy Clay and Maud S. who also had a lively time with each other. Prairie Belle was evidently held back for the purpose of allowing Tommy to win the race, which he did, taking the second and third heats. The race resulted in Tommy getting first place; Prairie Belle, second; Billy Clay, third; and Maud S. last.

Between the heats of this race there was a lively foot race between Zina Ham and Walter S. Herrington. "Dod" Boyes acted as starter and the lawyer easily downed the bailiff, much to the amusement of the

over again and have better Judges appointed? Please put this in THE EXPRESS and see if something can't be done. I don't want my baby to have the name of being beaten out of the first prize, when it is the darlingest baby in this whole County. Yours truly,

A MOTHER.

THE PRIZE LIST.

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Trotting stallion, W Hatch, W Mace, W H Pringle. Span trotting horses, J Johnstone, W H Frink, S Sager. Single pacing horse, J L Boyes, R H Potter. Single trotting horse, H G Milling, J Stafford, W J Shibley.

CLASS I.—ROAD AND CARRIAGE HORSES.

Judges—J Prinyer, Robert Davidson, J J Johnston.

Stallion 4 years old and upwards, R H Potter, J Johnston. Stallion 3 years old, M C Davy, W H Hutchinson. Stallion 2 years old, C H Hawley, L Lasher, Wm Welborn. Stallion any age, diploma, R H Potter. Mare and foal by her side, W A Hogle, L H Stover, J M Hawley. Foal of 1889, C H Dunwoodie, J C Creighton, J M Hawley. 3-yr-old gelding or mare, L Lasher, R M McGee, C H Hawley. 2-yr-old gelding or mare, L H Stover, R S Madden, J P Lake. Mare or gelding 1 year old, L H Stover, L Lasher, P E R Miller. Mare any age, I F Brown, diploma. Pair carriage horses in harness over 15½ hands, J Gibbard. Single carriage horse over 15½ hands, Z Ham, H G Milling, Wm Driver. Single carriage horse 15½ hands and under, T Trimble, Detlor & Fullerton, W A Hogle. Single trotting horse in harness, J K McCargar, T Trimble, W J Shibley. Single trotting horse, open for horses that did not win prizes the first day, in harness, Maud S., W H Frink, C N Hough. Single pacing horse in harness, J L Boyes, H G Milling. Saddle horse, J W Fralick, H Vankoughnet. Running horse under saddle, best 2 in 3, twice around the horse ring, C Chadburn, A Gilmour.

Special prizes—By R H Potter, for foal of 1889 got by War Cry, W A Hogle, L H Stover. By Uriah Wilson, for best pair of carriage horses 15½ hands and under, G H Williams, I F Brown, F Vanslyck.

CLASS II.—GENERAL PURPOSE HORSES.

Judges—T F Hodge, J M Fair, G T Spoony

Span farm horses (stallions excluded) in harness, T Wells, J M Barry, J C Creighton. Yearling gelding or mare, R M Brisco, T Beck, H A Martin. 2 year old gelding or mare, J Miller, J C Carscallen, S T Martin. 3 year old gelding or mare, J C Carscallen, W Driver, R Johnston. Mare and foal by her side, H Close, F Thompson, A Breckenbridge. Foal of 1889, H Close, A Breckenbridge, J Bristowe. Mare any age, S T Martin, diploma. Stallion 2 years old, A Frisken, J McCormack. Stallion 3 years old, F Vanslyck. Stallion 4 years old and upwards, T Beck, J Rickley. Stallion any age, T Beck, diploma.

Special prize—by Robt Perry, N Fredericksburgh, foals of 1889 got by his stallion "Lord Palmer," T Beck, L E Percy.

Special prize—by John Rikely, S Fredericksburgh, foals of 1889 got by his stallion Hawkin, W Nugent. Ram, shearling, B Frink, C W Neville, N H Fellows. Ram lamb, 1889, C W Neville, W Nugent, N H Fellows. Two ewes, two shears and over, C W Neville, N H Fellows, W. Nugent. Two shearling ewes, C W Neville, B Frink, Jas Miller. Two ewe lambs, 1889, B Frink, W Nugent, C W Neville. Pen of Cotswolds, 1 ram, 2 ewes two shears and over, 2 shearling ewes and 2 ewe lambs, C W Neville.

CLASS XI—SHEEP—SOUTHDOWN.

Judges—T Marshall, W Crabbe, Jno Nightingale.

Ram 2 shears and over, C W Neville, W Newman, A Dawson. Ram, shearling, C A Trudelle, A Dawson, W Newman. Ram, lamb, 1889, A Dawson, W Newman, C A Trudelle. Two ewes, two shears and over, C A Trudelle, A Dawson, W Newman. Two shearling ewes, C W Neville, A Dawson. Two ewe lambs of 1889, W Newman, C A Trudelle, A Dawson. Pen, consisting of 1 ram, 2 ewes two shears and over, 2 shearling ewes and two ewe lambs, A Dawson, diploma.

CLASS XII—SHEEP—SHROPSHIRE DOWNS.

Ram 2 shears and over, W Newman, Ed Hawkins. Ram, shearling, R Metzler, R Collins. Ram lamb 1889, A Metzler, Ed Hawkins. Two ewes, 2 shears and over, R Metzler, E Hawkins. Two shearling ewes, J Sweet, R Metzler, E Hawkins. Two ewe lambs 1889, E Hawkins, R Metzler, Robt Collins. Pen consisting of 1 ram, 2 ewes two shears and over, 2 shearling ewes, and 2 ewe lambs 1889, R Metzler, diploma.

CLASS XIII—PIGS, SMALL BREEDS.

Judges—J B Aylsworth, Nial P Wood.

Boar any age, P Drummey, R J Garbutt, B Frink. Breeding sow, R J Garbutt, P E R Miller, J Drummey. Boar pig 1889, R J Garbutt, P Drummey, B Frink. Sow pig, 1889, R J Garbutt, P E R Miller, S Sager. Best boar and two sows, any age, R J Garbutt, diploma.

CLASS XIV—PIGS, LARGE BREEDS.

Boar any age, E B Switzer, I Raymond, C A Trudelle. Breeding sow, E B Switzer, A Walker, J C Creighton. Boar pig 1889, E B Switzer, C A Trudelle, Alex Walker. Sow pig 1989, E B Switzer, Alex Walker, P E R Miller. Best boar and two sows any age, E B Switzer, diploma.

CLASS XV—POULTRY.

Judge—James McLeod.

Turkeys, A Walker, B Frink. Geese, I Raymond, J W Frink, I Raymond. Ducks, Hall & Webster, T A Craig, Thos Trimble. Light brahmas, T Trimble, Hall & Webster, T Trimble. Barred plymouth rocks, J B Aylsworth, Hall & Webster, N H Fellows. White plymouth rocks, W E Baker, J B Aylsworth. White leghorns, Hall & Webster, R Boyes. Brown leghorns, Hall Webster, C H Wartman, R Boyes. Rose comb leghorns, Hall & Webster, R G Hawley, R Boyes. Polands, W E Baker, Hall & Webster, R Boyes. Silver hamburghs, J Briggs, W E Baker. Black Hamburghs, Hall & Webster, R Boyes. Black spanish,

place ; Prairie Belle, second ; Billy Clay, third ; and Maud S. last.

Between the heats of this race there was a lively foot race between Zina Ham and Walter S. Herrington. "Dod" Boyes acted as starter and the lawyer easily downed the bailiff, much to the amusement of the crowd.

IN THE EVENING

the Palace was brilliantly illuminated, and a large crowd enjoyed a look at the exhibits and crushed each other to their hearts content. The chief attraction was

THE BABY SHOW.

Messrs. John Soby, Cyrus Allison and R. G. Wright were chosen Judges, and they performed their work in a manner which gave satisfaction to at least one of the exhibitors. A fine looking boy belonging to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Gerow, carried off first honors, Miles Plumley's representative second and Mrs. R. Wheeler's baby getting third. Some of the crowd were highly indignant at the decisions, but of course it was impossible to please everybody. The first prize baby is the son of a good Reformer.

SECOND DAY.

Wednesday morning broke clear and cold, but before nine o'clock the cloudy appearance of the sky betokened rain at an early hour. By ten o'clock drops began to fall, and from that time till nearly 4 o'clock it was mussy weather. A large crowd found their way into the grounds in spite of the rain, and they were amply repaid for their venturesomeness.

The exhibit of horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry was never before equalled in this county. We cannot begin to mention all of the good stock in the grounds, but we feel that we ought to make note of the fine horses displayed by Messrs. Potter, Johnson, Hawley and Hutchinson.

Messrs. Hogle and Stover, both of Ernesttown, had the best pair of War Cry colts that we have ever seen. They were simply faultless, and the judges had a hard time of it in deciding which should have the red ticket.

Mr. J. Johnson, of Ernesttown, exhibited a young stallion from the famous Rysdyck's Hambletonian, which is a magnificent animal. Chas. Hawley has a colt from this young stallion, which is a perfect specimen of horseflesh.

The contest between the sheep exhibitors was more than usually keen, and although exception was taken to some of the decisions, yet upon the whole they were about right. R. H. Frink got his deserts by receiving several red tickets. He owns some extra good Durham cattle, and has captured a lot of first prizes with them this fall.

NOTES.

The rain made the track so muddy that it was impossible to drive horses on it at anything faster than a good road gait, and of course a great many missed that feature of the show.

The usual number of side shows were on the grounds, but they did not appear to be very well patronized.

The ladies of the Eastern Methodist Church served a sumptuous dinner in the big tent. The meal was altogether too good for the money charged, and we are afraid that the treasury was not very much helped.

Secretary Hawley and Superintendent Doller had their hands full during the exhibition, but managed to perform their duties in an entirely satisfactory manner.

The following letter regarding the baby show has been handed in for publication:

NAPANEE, Oct. 9th 1889.

Mr. Editor.—I hope you will expose those Judges. They didn't know anymore about babies than I do about the moon. I didn't have a fair show at all, or my baby would have taken first prize. Don't you think the Directors will try it

old and upwards, T Beck, J Rickley. Stallion any age, T Beck, diploma.

Special prize—by Robt Perry, N Fredericksburgh, foals of 1889 got by his stallion "Lord Palmer," T Beck, L E Percy.

Special prize—by John Rikely, S Fredericksburgh, foals of 1889 got by his stallion "Mark," R Neilson.

CLASS III.—HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSES.

Stallion 4 years old and over, R H Potter, W H Chapman, S T Martin. Stallion 3 years old, R Perry, F F C Bogart, C A Trudelle. Stallion 2 years old, J L P Gordanier. Stallion any age, R H Potter, Diploma. Filly or gelding 3 years old, H Filson, H A Martin, J B Blanchard. Filly or gelding 2 years old, S T Martin, R H McGuiness, P E R Miller. Filly or gelding 1 year old, S T Martin, J Wilson, P E R Miller. Mare and foal by her side, S T Martin, J C Creighton, P Drummey. Foal of 1889, P E R Miller, P Drummey, S T Martin. Best mare, any age, H Filson, Diploma. Heavy draught team in harness, H Close, W Brandon, J C Creighton.

Special prizes—By R H Potter, Foal of 1889 got by "Victor Bell," A Breckenridge, P E R Miller, R G Hawley. By S T Martin, Ernesttown, Foals of 1889 got by stallion "Clan Grant," H A Martin, J C Creighton, C W Neville.

CLASS IV.—GRADE CATTLE.

Judges—H Rankin, G Stafford, W Bedell.

Bull any age, J F Madden, E Hawkins. Milch cow, E M Fralick, John Herring, J Miller, 2 year old heifer, J Miller, C E File, J Gibbard. Yearling heifer, J Miller W Dunn, A Neilson. Heifer calf, A Neilson, T Trimble, R McGee. Yoke working oxen, A Walker, E Hawkins.

CLASS V.—DURHAMS.

Judges—H Aylsworth, W Haycock, Wm McGill.

Bull 2 years old and over, A Neilson, F F C Bogart, John Gleeson. Bull one year old, B Frink J C Creighton. Bull calf under one year, T K and J W Gordanier, I Pringle. Bull any age, A Neilson, Diploma. Cow 3 years old and over, I Pringle J Gleeson, B Frink. Heifer 2 years old, L E Percy, J C Creighton. Heifer one year old, I Pringle, L E Percy. Heifer calf under 1 year, B Frink, J Gleeson I Pringle. Best herd, consisting of a bull and 4 females owned by exhibitor, I Pringle, Diploma.

CLASS VI.—AYRSHIRES.

Judges—W C B Rathbun, E A Mallory.

Bull calf under 1 year, C A Trudelle, A Knight, C A Trudelle. Cow 3 years old and over, milking or in calf, T D Creighton, A Knight. Heifer 2 years old, C A Trudelle, T D Creighton. Heifer 1 year old, C A Trudelle.

CLASS VII.—JERSEY CATTLE.

Judges—W C B Rathbun, E A Mallory

Bull, W Dunn, G M Beeman. Cow, G M Beeman, W Dunn.

CLASS VIII—HOLSTEINS.

Judges—W C B Rathbun, E A Mallory.

Bull, C A Trudelle.

CLASS IX.—SHEEP—LEICESTERS.

Judges—T Marshall, W Crabbe, Jno Nightingale.

Ram, two shears and over, R J Garbutt, L H Stover, W Nugent. Ram, shearling, R J Garbutt, L H Stover, Wm Nugent. Ram lamb, 1889, R J Garbutt, W Nugent, C W Neville. Two ewes, two shears and over, L H Stover, R J Garbutt, W Nugent. Two shearling ewes, R J Garbutt, W Dunn, Jas Miller. Two ewe lambs of 1889, R J Garbutt, C W Neville, W Nugent. Pen of Leicesters, 1 ram, 2 ewes, 2 shears and over, 2 shearling ewes and two ewe lambs, R J Garbutt, diploma.

CLASS X.—SHEEP—COTSWOLD.

Judges—T Marshall, W Crabbe, Jno Nightingale

Ram, 2 shears and over, C W Neville, E

Webster, C H Wartman, R Boyes. Rose comb leghorns, Hall & Webster, R G Hawley, R Boyes. Polands, W E Baker, Hall & Webster, R Boyes. Silver hamburghs, J Briggs, W E Baker. Black Hamburghs, Hall & Webster, R Boyes. Black spanish, Robt Boyes, Hall & Webster, W E Baker. Houdans, J Briggs, W E Baker, T A Craig. Wyandottes, Hall & Webster. Black breasted red game, C A Trudelle. Pair of any variety, J Briggs, W E Baker.

CLASS XVI.—CARRIAGES AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Judges—R M Brisco. J Jones.

Two horse pleasure carriage, R Boyes, R H McGinness, H Finkle. Market wagon, double, R Boyes, H Finkle, Webster & Boyes. Lumber wagon, W Joy & Sons, R Boyes, Webster & Boyes. Phæton, D Ash, M W McKim. Covered buggy, H Finkle, A Knight, R Boyes. Cutter, H Finkle, Webster & Boyes, R Boyes. Self Binder, Birrell & Co, J Herring, A Harris & Son & Co. Single mower, J Herring, Birrell & Co. Single reaper, J Herring. Plough, Connolly & Bro's, J Herring, Birrell & Co. Gang plough, Connolly & Bro's, J Herring, Birrell & Co. Pair Harrows, J Herring, R Wales, Connolly Bro's. Cultivator, two horse, J Herring, Connolly Bro's, Birrell & Co. Single horse cultivator, J Herring, Connolly Bro's. Seed grain drill, Birrell & Co. Seed drill or barrow for turnips, etc, C W Neville. Sulky horse rake, Birrell & Co, J Herring. Car and appliances for unloading hay and grain, (full size), J R Shane. Straw cutter, J Herring.

CLASS XVII.—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, FURNITURE, HARDWARE, ETC.

Judges—R Filson, J N Carter.

Fanning mill, G N Fraser. Improved farm gate (full size) Henry Storms, Collection window blinds, sash and doors, E M Fralick, R Light. Beehive for outside wintering, A Pringle. Beehive for summer purposes, A Pringle. Honey extractor, A Pringle, L Hartman. Display of manufactured marble, V Kouber. Wind mill, J Herring. Pumps to be tested on the ground C H Wartman. Special display of furniture, J Gibbard & Son. Display of hardware for general purpose, R G Wright, M S Madole. Horseshoes, to be shown by the blacksmith, from the hammer, J Lowry. Six bricks, J C Carscallen, G Whittington, A Walker. Family sewing machine, J N McCreary. Sewing machine for manufacturing purposes, J N McCreay.

CLASS XVIII.—AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS, GRAIN.

Judges—C R Allison, A Craig.

Bushel fall wheat, R J Delong, C A Trudelle, Geo A Weese. Bushel spring wheat, J L P Gordanier, C A Trudelle, L M Gordanier. Bushel rye, J B Aylsworth, B Frink, J P Lake. Bushel barley, J F Madden, R S Madden, P E R Miller. Bushel small peas, J F Madden, J L P Gordanier, R S Madden. Bushel large peas, C A Trudelle, J B Aylsworlh, G A Weese. Bushel black oats, G A Weese, P E R Miller, A Knight. Bushel white oats, R S Madden, J L M Gordanier, J L P Gordanier. Bushel Indian corn, yellow, E R Sills, J B Aylsworth, A Walker. Dozen ears of sweet corn for table use, E R Sills, H Amey, J Garrison. Bushel Indian corn, white, J Miller, G A Weese, E R Sills. Bushel timothy seed, 1889, A Walker, L M Gordanier, W Newman. Half bushel clover seed, 1889, J L P Gordanier, L M Gordaniar, P E R Miller. Bushel buckwheat, B Frink. J F Madden, G A Weese. Peck beans, J F Madden, J Gordanier T D Creighton.

CLASS XIX.—HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

Judges—W Plews, W L Bennett, R S Shipman.

Bushel early rose potatoes, E R Sills, G A Cliff, P E R Miller. Bushel late rose

(Concluded on 4th page.)

YOUNG FOLKS.

Little Girl on the Wall.

Now the daylight is done, and the curtains are drawn,
And the katydids sing ll alone on the lawn.
And my little one cries, as she comes at my call,
"Can't I play with the little black girl on the wall?"

Tho' she's dollies that cry and a dog that can bark,
A Manx cat and fully equipped Noah's ark,
What delighted her most, ever since she could crawl,
Has been what she calls the black girl on the wall,

'Tis bedtime, and Bessie, our one little lamb,
Comes bleating, "O, mamma, I'm lonely, I am!
I've no brothers nor sisters—I've no one at all
But that dear little darling black girl on the wall.

"I don't see her by daytime—O, where does she go?
But at twilight she follows me—now to and fro—
Wherever I turn, and if I get a fall,
Why, then, down goes the little black on the wall!

Mamma, what does she eat, and, O, what does she drink,
And what does she do all day long, do you think?
Now she's little like me and next minute she's tall,
But I never can catch that black girl on the wall?

So our pet prattles on, when she's in for a race
With her shadow. (O, isn't life just such a chase?)
And she dances like mad down the fire-lighted hall
As she hunts for the little black girl on the wall.

SAVED BY THE TOWN CLOCK.

A Fairy Tale of Love and Law in Queer Old China.

A way off on the other side of the Pacific Ocean, in China, the country of oriental splendor, there was a town called Cington In this town dwelt a little girl named Loo-La, only fifteen years old. Thick brown hair curled on the top of her head, just like grown people's, and was held in place by a big butterfly pin. She wore the prettiest silk gown that was all pink and blue and embroidered with lovely flowers, and which covered even the toes of her tiny feet.

Loo-La was sweet-looking enough to eat—with rosy face just like a piece of velvet or a peach, and such brown eyes you could almost read by them every thought in her brain.

Loo-La's grandfather, a venerable old gentleman, was a Mandarin, still holding a very responsible position, although already eighty years old. For forty years of that time he had discharged his duties faithfully, gaining the love and esteem of all his neighbors.

Alas! one day he neglected his duty, a fault unpardonable in the eyes of the law. He forget to wind the town clock. For this he was sentenced to have his head cut off the next day at 3 o'clock.

All loved Loo-La, and tried to comfort her, but they could not, for he was her only living relative. The people went around with very long faces in Cington over his trouble. Chon-Tim's head. Being rich it was a big inducement for the young men to strive for.

Now it so happened that a nobleman's son named Fun-Nee, while fishing in the lake the day before, had caught the fish with the ring in it. He had given the fish (not knowing the contents) to a poor family who had a very ragged son named Sing Lung who had found the ring while cleaning the fish. Sing Lung not having nice clothes to wear to claim the Mandarin's daughter, went to Fun-Nee and told him his trouble.

Strange as it may seem, he was glad to hear of Sing Lung's good fortune. To help the suit along he loaned him his clothing and wore Sing Lung's rags instead. Not proud of his uniform Fun-Nee ran off to the lake. There he saw Loo-La asleep on the bank. He thought her the loveliest little creature he had ever seen. He gazed with rapture on the pretty picture and was turning away when Loo-La rolled in her sleep off into the water. Being brave as well as handsome, Fun-Nee sprang in and rescued her. She was not hurt, only frightened, and Fun-Nee soon allayed her fears and led her to the town. Unfortunately the customs of China did not allow him to make love personally. If it had, the chances are he would have told her the old, old story straight on the spot.

At the town they saw Sing Lung leading the fat Mandarin's daughter before the envious people. The ring was found, but the Emperor lived ninety miles away, and it was 2 30. Furthermore, news had been brought of the arrival of the executioner. The lean Mandarin took a duty upon himself and climbed to the clock and turned it back an hour. Sing Lung, dressed as a noble, was called on for advice. He, bright soul, took the ring and started to go ninety miles and back in thirty minutes. The executioner came, was much surprised to find he was too early, and was just turning away when the clock struck 3.

Every one groaned; the lean Mandarin had forgotten that the clock would strike. The executioner looked solemn, drew his sword, wiped it on his sleeve and called for the prisoner. The lean Mandarin asked if he couldn't postpone it six weeks.

"No", replied he, "but I will take a substitute."

"Who shall it be?" demanded the lean Mandarin.

The executioner looked interested. "Suppose you try it, sir. You are tall and wouldn't miss your head, I'm sure.' But he refused the honor.

Fun-Nee was told who Loo-La was and all the details. On hearing the sad story he stepped up and offered to be the victim. He was poor and ragged and the mob cheered him for his devotion, for his noble birth was not known. It was not of so much consequence after all. Already he had fallen on his knees for the beheading, when Loo-La ran up and cried: "He must not die. I will die first."

Then they all cried: "Foolish child! He will save Chon-Tim See! he is ragged and poor!"

She answered, "He must not! He saved my life to-day."

Then it was noticed for the first time that both were wet.

The executioner locked away to hide the tears, but soon saw a man coming that caused his heart to harden for the loss of his fee.

The messenger had a reprieve and further news that the Emperor was only a mile away! The potentate came, and all his people fell down on their knees, rubbing their faces in the earth. Sing Lung was near him, very proud.

The Emperor was glad to see Ring Tail, his old hunter, and from him he learned all the facts. No one noticed how pale Fun-Nee turned as the nobleman in the robe came

SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION.

A Man's Breath Takes Fire and He Burned to a Crisp.

Twelve years ago last month, in August, 1877, a man met death in a peculiar and horrible manner in San Francisco, says a Californian correspondent. Believing that the full facts have never been known the writer sends the following account: James Harley, the victim, had just recovered from an attack of delirium tremens. He had been a regular sot and was thoroughly soaked with alcohol. His last attack of the "jim jams" was the third he had undergone within a few months. On the morning in question he had started on another spree. At about 11 o'clock in the day he had about all the liquor on board he was able to carry. Stepping into a saloon on one of the principle streets he called for a swig of "bug juice," which was promptly refused, the bartender noting the condition of the man and remembering his late battle with the snakes. Harley scowled and turned to a gas jet to light his pipe. A second later there was a drunken moan, a flash of alcoholic flame, and Harley fell heavily to the floor, his head and neck veiled in smoke, while blue jets of flame were issuing from his ears, mouth and nostrils. As soon as water could be procured (water was a commodity rather scarce around such places) it was dashed into the sufferer's face, not in time, however to save his life. The face was as black is that of a negro. The ears were charred, the inside of the mouth black, and the tongue burned to a crisp.

Polly and the Hen.

Our next neighbor—writes a correspondent—owned an amusing parrot which was always getting into mischief, but usually got out again without much trouble to herself. When she had done anything for which she knew she ought to be punished, she would hold her head to one side, and eying her mistress, protest in a sing-song tone, "Polly is a good girl," until she saw her mistress smile; then she would flap her wings and cry out in exultation. "Hurrah! Polly is a good girl!

She was allowed to go free, and usually took her exercise in the garden, where she promenaded back and forth on the walks, sunning herself, and warning off all intruders.

One morning a hen strayed out of the chicken-yard, and was quietly picking up its breakfast, when Poll marched up to her, and called out "Shoe!" in her shrill voice, emphasizing the command with a smart pick of her sharp beak on the chicken's head. The poor hen retreated to her own quarters, running as fast as she could, followed by Poll, who screamed "Shoe!" at every step.

The hen had her revenge a few days later, when Poll extended her morning walk to the chicken-yard. Here, with her usual curiosity, she went peering into every corner, till she came to the old hen upon her nest. The hen made a dive for Poll's yellow head, but missed it. Poll, thinking discretion the better part of valor, turned to run, the hen, with her wings wide-spread, following close after.

As she ran, Poll screamed in her shrillest notes, "O Lord! O Lord!"

A member of the family, who had witnessed the whole performance, thought it time to interfere in Poll's behalf, as the angry hen was gaining on her. He ran out and stooping down held out his hand. Poll lost no time in travelling up to his shoulder. Then, from her high vantage ground, she turned her head to one side, and looking down on her foe, screamed, "Hello there! shoo!"

The frightened hen acknowledged defeat by returning to her nest as rapidly as she

was sentenced to have his head cut off the next day at 3 o'clock.

All loved Loo-La, and tried to comfort her, but they could not, for he was her only living relative. The people went around with very long faces in Cington over his trouble. Some went about wailing, some fell down on their knees to rub a sorry nose in the grass, and others held indignation meeting to discuss the cruel wrong—all because they all loved Loo-La and Chon-Tim, her grandfather.

But the law must be enforced. How to do it and save him was the conundrum. The big clock waiting to be wound looked as puzzled as the rest.

The other Mandarins, very dear friends of Chon-Tim, were greatly puzzled. They looked wise, scratched their chins, rubbed their noses and studied the law books so hard they wore the backs off.

The Fat Mandarin with the little nose suggested taking Chon-Tim from prison to his own clock to wind and set it.

The Lean Mandarin with the big nose advised turning the clock back. They frowned at him. They had to have time, and Chon Tim was the only one able to produce it. So they took him from prison to the clock, which he wound for perhaps the last time. All the people felt that it was his last opportunity: but the minute it ticked again they felt so joyous and hope was also revived that they promised him as he was led to prison he should be saved. He shook his gray head solemnly and answered: No, no! my friends. I shall die. Only be kind to Loo La"

The Fat Mandarin did not mind a little water even taken like that, and he went inside and kept Ring-Tail from coming out. The Lean Mandarin took a ladder and kept him from going in; then they all cried: "How save Chon-Tim's head?"

Ring-Tail made a violent struggle, pushing the Big Nose down the ladder and pulled the Little-Nosed Fat Mandarin half out the window so that he could neither get in or out. This was owing to the fact that he had a big heart; which often fell to his shoes and shrunk his body to the size of a small man's frame.

The people gave no heed to him. Ring-tail was the hero of the hour. He knew just what they wanted. After much deliberation he spoke as follows:

"Kind friends, when I was Chief Hunter to His Majesty the Court went hunting in the Forest of Bang-Tan. He was attacked by a tiger. The nobles fled from him and I pierced the tiger with my spear just as he would have crushed the Emporor. For that he gave me a red pearl ring, saying: 'Whoever presents that to me shall have any favor granted.'"

Then the mob shouted: "Where is the ring?"

"My friends, I lost it in the lake and a fish swallowed it."

All ran on hearing this and brought fishing tackle, and the road leading to the lake was black with people. Some had poles some only lines and some bent pins and, spools of thread. They fished all day and all night and they fished it dry, but they found no ring. So each one took some fish, and left the lake deserted.

Loo-La, who had been up all night, cried when she saw the solemn fishers. She would try herself to catch the fish, she said. Having borrowed a pole, she went to the mossy bank, and there, instead of fishing for her grandfather's life, fell asleep to dream beautifully.

The fat Mandarin caught in the window also "stayed put" until morning. To get out he had to kick the frame loose. He fell down, but from a distance he too had caught the fishing fever, and he got quickly up and flew to the lake. He met the unsuccessful ones returning without the ring, which so disappointed him he immediately offered his daughter as a prize to the one who would save people fell down on their faces, rubbing their faces in the earth. Sing Lung was near him, very proud.

The Emperor was glad to see Ring Tail, his old hunter, and from him he learned all the facts. No one noticed how pale Fun-Nee turned as the nobleman in the robe came up. His Majesty placed his hand on Chon-Tim's head and spoke: "To save this old gentleman's head I have to break the law. Who will be a substitute?" Sing Lung looked at Fun-Nee's rags and answered: "Your Majesty should take the most ragged man to be found. The tramps are a disgrace to this town."

Some one asked: "Where is Sing Lung?" The owner of the name turned pale, but said nothing. Then Fun-Nee was pointed out and asked: "Why not this one? He looks like Sing Lung's twin brother."

The Mandarin spoke and bowed.

"Your Majesty," he said, "I fear you will have to cut my head off and cut me in halves to get this wooden collar off."

The Emperor smiled and answered: "No, my friend, we cannot spare you! Fat Chinamen are scarce. But who are you?"

"I am, Your Majesty, Pluck-Em, a man of law and a Mandarin of Cington."

"How much law do you know?" inquired the Emperor.

The fat Mandarin looked puzzled and then brighter, and replied: "There is a law that says, 'No man shall be killed by the clock.' Now your Majesty, Chon-Tim is to be killed at 3 by the clock? That's against the law, is it not?"

The emperor said it looked that way, and immediately pardoned all offenders. Pluck-Em chuckled saying, "I, Pluck Em will save'm, even if they are boodle Mandarins."

Barnee, the noble in the green robe, had emigrated from Erin to China, but hadn't left his brogue behind. He caught Sing Lung by the hair.

"Ye blackguard, how came ye by the coat? It looks loike me son's; but ye are no son of mine, ye almond-eyed ocolie!"

Chon-Tim Loo-La and Fun-Nee were all hugging at once and they went to the Emperor and told him what Fun-Nee had done.

"You are a brave lad," he said, "to save a girl and offer to die for her grandfather."

"I only did my duty, Your Majesty," answered Fun-Nee.

Just at this affecting point Barnee, the noble in green, rushed forward and howled: "Howly Moses! I hear a voice like music on me ears; show me the speaker." Seeing Fun-Nee he embraced him and continued. "Ah, ye darlin blackguard, wid dem reges on and the long coat; ye mind me of the town of Kilmarah, County Clair, and the day I druv Miokey Finn's pigs to pound, and skipped. Ye are me own son. Where are all yer good clothes?" Then it was speedily all explained and Sing Lung ran to the lake and drowned himself. The red pearl was given to Fun-Nee for bravery, unselfishness and devotion, accompanied by a fine speech on things in general by the fat Mandarin. Fun-Nee, of course, immediately presented it to little Loo-La as a lover's gift, for it was even then settled that he was going to marry her some day.

And so all were happy, none happier than Fun-Nee and Loo-La. And there was a grin on the face of the town clock.

The Whole Truth.

Judge—"Miss, what is your age?"

Witness—"I am past twenty."

Judge—"You must be more explicit."

Witness—"Well, I am between twenty and thirty."

Judge—"No more trifling. State your exact age."

Witness—"I'll be thirty day after to-morrow."

Then, from her high vantage ground, she turned her head to one side, and looking down on her foe, screamed, "Hello there! sheo!"

The frightened hen acknowledged defeat by returning to her nest as rapidly as she had come.

Sensible Advice.

A curiosity of literature was that drawn from the Duke of Wellington by an autograph hunter, who wrote him a pathetic letter purporting to be in behalf of Mrs. Tomkins, washerwoman to the Marquess of Douro, the duke's eldest son, and setting forth a plea that the young man had not paid her bill for at least three years.

After mature consideration, the Duke of Wellington, who was most punctilious in matters of correspondence, sent her the following reply.

"Field-Marshall the Duke of Wellington has received a letter from Mr. Tomkins, stating that the Marquess of Douro is in debt to his mother, Mrs. Tomkins.

"The Duke of Wellington is not the Marquess of Douro.

"The duke regrets to find that his eldest son has not paid his washerwoman's bill.

"Mrs. Tomkins has no claim upon the Duke of Wellington.

"The duke recommends her, failing another application, to place the matter in the hands of a respectable solicitor."

How He Squared Himself.

Mr. Stayathome (handing his wife the paper)—There, my love, read that account of the terrible destruction along the coast and you will understand why I did not take you to the seashore this Summer.

Mrs. Stayathome—And you knew all the time this tidal wave was coming, George?

Mr. S.—Yes, my dear. I had made astronomical calculations to that effect, but for fear I might be mistaken I said nothing about it. Still, so positive was I that I was right that I could not trust my little lovey within reach of the cruel waves.

Mrs. S.—Oh, George, can you ever forgive me for reproaching you?

Mr. S. (with great condescension)—Certainly, dear, certainly. Think no more about it.

And George lit a cigar and walked out on the lawn with the air of a man who had forgotten more than Solomon ever knew, and Mrs. S. believed he actually had.

The Pirates of the Behring Sea have not been able to prevent the British Columbian sealers from reaping some part at least of the seal harvest, for four thousand seven hundred and fifty sealskins, worth thirty-six thousand dollars, have recently been shipped from Victoria to London via Montreal.

The seat of the bitterest hostility to the Jews has been the city of Vienna, but vengeance seems to have come upon it at last. A great event in Vienna every year has been the International Grain Market, the great market for the continent. Last year 6,000 persons attended it. But last spring Hebrew resentment was stirred to such a point that 250 firms of Buda-Pesth signed a declaration that they would not deal in Vienna, and the movement was supported in various towns of Hungary and in Prague. The Vienna Association seeing the dangerous extravagance to which the anti-Semitic agitation had been carried, petitioned the Emperor to allay it, but the result could not be avoided. The efforts of the Jews have made the corn market of this year a comparative failure. Instead of the 6,000 merchants of 1888 there have been but 2,000, and a proposition has arisen also to establish another international corn market in Paris.

In Memoriam.

BY LULU W. MITCHELL.

When the summer fields are faded; when
the leaves are russet-red.
When the wind is ever sighing for the grace
and beauty fled,
When the katydid at even shrills her lone,
assertive call,
When the grapes in perfect clusters purple
all the garden wall—

When at morning and at evening all the
hills are wrapped in mist,
When the blazing sun at noontide lights a
dome of amethyst,
When the thrush from dusty thickets,
earlier "Good night" begins,
When the creaking harvest wagons bear
new loads to barns and bins—

Farewell, summer! Oh, to say it how the
woodland spirit grieves!
Tender requiems are murmured through
the gold and crimson leaves
Farewell, summer! Oh, to know it, what a
chill creeps around the heart,
Leaden skies and winds of winter haste to
sunder us apart.

Well may we chant mournful measure for
the time of falling leaves,
Now the reaper has bereft us, to make up
his harvest sheaves,
He has given rest for suffering, from weary
weight of years,
To one serenely ready, troubled not by
doubt or fears.

One whose life was full of gracious deeds of
charity and love,
What his creed or if he had none, matters
not, since God above,
Knew the helpful, kindly spirit, prompting
all he did or said,
From a heavenly Father's judgment, such
as he have naught to dread.

Leave him then, his mossy pillow soft to
rest on after pain;
We are better for his being. Some day we
shall meet again,
But each year, when summer leaves us, and
we scan the autumn skies,
Tear-compelling thoughts of sadness in
remembering hearts must rise.

Asiatic Cholera.

OTTAWA, OCT 10—The Department of Agriculture has received advices through the usual channels that Asiatic cholera is epidemic and has obtained a footing in south-eastern Europe, Turkey and Greece and some parts of Hungary being affected. The reports state that the disease is following its usual course towards central and western Europe with great rapidity. It was confined to Mesopotamia during the first five days of Aug., and on the 14th made its appearance at Baghlad, but since then has quickly travelled into Europe. Baghdad is in desolation and nearly deserted. Up to the end of August the number of deaths had reached 2,050. The march of this dreaded disease along the old routes from its habitat in the east furnishes a warning note to all sanitary associations to be on the look-out for it, and Canada's increasing traffic between the east and our Pacific ports should induce increased vigilance in that quarter.

"Poli."

There is often something very absurd in watching another person's terror, but when we ourselves are in any danger, the matter takes on a different aspect. Why any looker-on should laugh, is more than we can imagine.

A missionary to Africa one day took some gifts to the tent of a chief, to begin an amicable acquaintance, and he thus tells in "Two Kings of Uganda" the story of a

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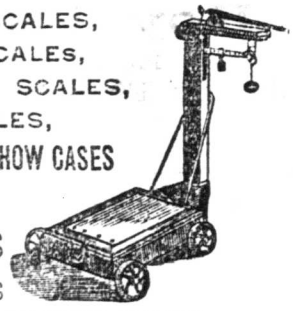

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TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55

takes on a different aspect. Why any looker-on should laugh, is more than we can imagine.

A missionary to Africa one day took some gifts to the tent of a chief, to begin an amicable acquaintance, and he thus tells in "Two Kings of Uganda" the story of a deserved lesson inflicted on himself.

"I took the three little guns, which I had provided as presents to the chief, and was presently invited into the straw-built house, where he received his chiefs and visitors. There I duly presented my offering.

"In showing him how to load one of the carbines, I happened, before inserting the cartridge, to point the gun at my host. He nervously put it aside with his hand, and I could not help smiling at his apprehension. This he evidently noticed, and so he gravely took the carbine from me, deliberately loaded it, and pointed it full at my breast.

"It was my turn now to be dismayed, and I quickly put aside the muzzle, as he had done, saying at the same time, '*Poli, poli!* Gently, gently.'

"This was just what he wanted.

"'*Poli, poli*, is it?' he cried. 'Oh no; so the Muzurqu—white man—does not like a gun pointed at him!'

"The old fellow shook with laughter, and continued to repeat '*poli, poli*,' between bursts of merriment."

Changed Appearances.

A droll anecdote is told of the Persian ambassador, in London. At a recent fete, he asked to be introduced to a Parisian premiere danseuse with whose dancing he had been enchanted at the opera house. The lady was presented and the Prince made some remark, which, on being translated, was found to be that "he did not know her with her clothes on!"

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A regular monthly, quarterly or half-yearly payment (a slight advance on the rental rate) buys the instrument.

Any piano may be chosen out of a magnificent assortment of Uprights, Squares, and Grands, unsurpassed in quality and value. Ministers, Teachers, Governme n Officers, and those in receipt of regular in comes will find this a convenient and advantageous mode for securing a first-class instrument. When the instrument is used for practice, our Soft Stop or Practice Pedal saves wear on the nerves, as well as preserves the tone of the piano. Our Patent Foot Pedal attachment for Pianos is invaluable to organists, students, and teachers. Prices on application. Inspection invited.

Octavius Newcombe & Co.

Warerooms—107 and 109 Church St., Toronto. Factory, the finest in its equipments and appliances in one city, 89 to 97 Bellwoods ave.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 87	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake* (Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M.	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing†	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge†	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road†	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook†	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive.	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Eterprise for Bellrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting those who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of the trains depends on connection with other ones, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

K. C. CARTER, Ass't Gen. Man. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. E. W. RATHBUN, Gen. Man.

Deseronto Navigation
COMPANY (LIMITED)
ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted):

Str. QUINTE, Capt. D.B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a m; Deseronto, 7,15; Northport, 7 50; Belleville, 10,00, arriving at Trenton 11 30 a m. Leave Trenton 1 p m; Belleville, 3; Northport, 4,20; Deseronto, 5,35, arrive at Picton 6 35 p m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a m; Deseronto, 7: arriving at Picton 8,30. Leave Picton 3 p m; Deseronto, 5; arrive at Napanee at 6 p m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9 30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a m. Leave Deseronto 1 p m, arriving in Picton at 2,20 d. m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS
by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

Strs. RESOLUTE, Capt. John Gown, and RELIANCE, Capt John Bartley. These fast and comodious steamers sail from Deseronto regularly, weather permitting, for Oswego, connecting with trains for New York and other points. Fares moderate. Freight handled at lowest rates. See that your tickets read via Deseronto Junction.

These steamers are open for charter for excursions.

For further particulars as to tickets, fares, etc. apply to.

R. C. Carter.
2439 General Manager, Deseronto

HEALTH.

Home Sanitation.

"No man is entitled to a home unless he can make that home happy and healthful. He has no right to be the means of bringing misery to others or to leave to posterity the legacy of ill-health or constitutional weakness. It is the duty of all to be healthy, and to so observe the laws of hygiene that he may contribute the full measure of his individual well-being to the public good. His indifference or neglect of health laws and the observance of the sanitation of his home is not only a crime against himself, but an infliction of a wrong on the public and a burden on posterity.

"A mistaken idea obtains that an epidemic must prevail before there is need of any sanitary precautions, when the truth is, such epidemics are always evidence that these precautions have been fatally neglected. Moreover, the greatest mortality does not result from epidemics, but from deaths constantly occurring in the course of such diseases as are admitted to be wholly preventable, and result most frequently from the unsanitary conditions of neglected homes and, in the absence of inspection and preventative means, extend throughout communities. Such diseases as diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid, and others of this class, are constantly carrying off victims, and, in the aggregate, far surpass the deaths in epidemics. These diseases, if they do not result directly from ill-kept homes, find in such homes a lodgment, and their virulence and extent is increased.

Hygiene for the Young.

Children should be taught to stand straight, to hold up the head, with the chin down, to throw the shoulders back, to keep the stomach in, and to stand on both feet, not bear all the weight of the body on one. It is excellent practice for any one to walk with a good-sized book on the head, and children are benefited by practicing every day, gradually increasing the weight. Show them how to breathe. Tell them that, in order to get their lungs well filled, they must lift the chest, and lower it to send the air out, and that they cannot do so by breathing just below the throat, but must make use of the great muscle, the diaphram, that is just below the lungs. Then show them how important it is that clothing should always be loose, and tell them what the results will be of compressing the organs. A teacher must wear her own clothing properly, however, before she can teach others to do so; and often her example will influence a pupil more than any amount of talking. If all these things are taught them, they will be healthier girls and boys and better women and men than if you allow them to sit and stand in crooked position. Look among the men and women around you, and you will be suprised to find that not more than one out of every hundred will stand or sit as he should.

THE RACES OF MANKIND.

There Are 72 of Them Existing Now—All Came from Asia.

M. de Quatrefages, the feading French ethnologist, in presenting the second part of his "Introduction to the Study of the Human Races" to the Academy of Sciences, has given an interesting summary of his general conclusions with regard to the origin and distribution of mankind.

Neglecting the minor differences, he estimates that there are no fewer than seventy-two distinct races in the human species. All those decend or branch off from three fundamental types—the black, the yellow, and the white, which had their

A WOLF FOSTER MOTHER.

Stories have been told from time immemorial of animals suckling children and endowing them with a beast-like nature through the nutriment thus furnished. These stories have been looked upon more or less as fanciful creations, but a genuine instance of an occurrence has been recently proven in this country.

Some twenty months ago a negro woman living in Texas on the banks of the Brazos, missed her 3 months-old baby from the pallet where she had left it lying during an absence of a few minutes. Search was made for the infant, but no trace of it could be discovered, and the whole affair was wrapped in profound mystery until a few days ago.

A party of gentlemen were riding through a somewhat unfrequented portion of the thick woods that border the river, when they were startled by seeing a strange object run across the road. Thinking at first that it was a wild animal, several of the party were about to fire on it, when the one who had been nearest it called to them not to shoot, but to ride it down instead. This was done with difficulty, for the underbrush was thick, but at last the creature was overtaken in a dense copse. It was half running, half leaping, first on all fours and then nearly upright.

The gentlemen dismounted and attempted to lay hands upon it, but chattering frightfully and savagely biting and scratching, it broke away from them. They could see that it had a human face, though the brown body was covered with long, tangled hair, and the nails of the feet and hands so long and curved as to be claws. It ran with incredible swiftness, getting over fallen trees and dense masses of creepers at a rate that obliged its pursuers to exert themselves to the utmost to keep it in view.

It finally ran into an immense oak tree that lay uprooted in the ground and the hollow trunk of which formed a yawning cavern. By dint of poking in the tree with sticks the party succeeded in driving out an old wolf, which immediately took to its heels. It was not pursued, as it was not the object sought. This, too, was finally dislodged and lassoed with a lariat made of hides. It bit and scratched so fiercely that it was thought advisable not to approach it, so that it was half dragged, half led home with the lariat about its neck, howling and yelping like a wolf.

The fact of the negro woman's child having disappeared was well known to all and it was decided that this must be the child. The old wolf had evidently stolen it and for some reason adopted it as its own. The mother declared that this conjecture was correct, claiming that her child had had a malformation of one ear, which peculiarity was found in the monster. It is kept tied up in her cabin, suffering no one to lay hands upon it, and is fed on raw meat, as it refuses to touch any other food. The woman has hopes that she may yet reawaken the human in it, but in the meantime she is reaping a harvest from the crowds who come daily from all parts of the county to inspect the strange creature.

A Well Deserved Lesson.

There is a druggist in this city who is in danger at the hands of two young ladies upon whom he recently played a most outrageous trick.

Among the other features of this druggist's counter display is an unusually fine and costly line of perfumery. For the past week he noticed that two very vivacious, pretty and well-dressed young ladies who made frequent visits at his store were in the habit of nonchalantly helping themselves to the odorous liquid. They would drop in to make some such purchase as five cents' worth

THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY.

The Make-up of the Famous Force Which Keeps the Peace in Ireland.

The Royal Irish Constabulary is at present composed of the inspector-general, the deputy inspector-general, three assistant inspectors-general, of whom the commandant of the depot is always one; the town inspector of Belfast, thirty-six county inspectors, a doctor and barrack master, both residing at the depot; ninety first-class district inspectors, ninety second-class district inspectors, forty-five third-class district inspectors, 260 head constables, some 2,400 sergeants and acting sergeants, and some 9 600 constables. Of the non-commissioned officers and constables 236 are mounted, some fifty or so being at the depot and the remainder scattered about through the country in the more important headquarter towns.

The inspector-general, deputy inspector-general, and one of the assistant inspecsors-general, besides the commandant, reside in Dublin and have their offices in the Constabulary Department, Dublin Castle.

The recruits are chiefly taken from the farmer class, though, of course, the cities and towns provide their proportion. Very great care is exercised in their selection. The candidate must be over 18 years of age, not less than 5 feet 8 inches in height, and 36 inches round the chest.

The Irishman has a natural instinct for drill, and the recruits at the depot pick it up very rapidly and well. I am sure that if any of my military readers saw a batsalion drill there, they would pronounce it a very creditable performance for recruits of a few months' training. There is always great steadiness, and the manual and firing exercises are performed with much smartness and precision. The men are armed with the Snider carbine and sword-bayonet in addition to the more peaceful baton.

The recruit on joining his country station has, like the young officer, to put into practice all that he has learned in theory at the depot. This is by no means as easy as it might seem, and it is a year or two with him also before he is worth much as a policeman. His average patrolling work is some six hours in the twenty-four. This may seem little in comparison to the eight hours' beat duty usually performed by the metrogolitan policeman, but the Royal Irish constable is never out of uniform when off duty; he is liable to be called on at any moment. He cannot go far or remain long away from his station, and sometimes on detachment duty, in disturbed places, he is working for twelve or fifteen hours daily for weeks together.

A patrol never consists of less than two men. In the daytime the senior of these is armed with a revolver, the junior carrying a baton only. In disturbed districts by day, and everywhere at night, the patrol is fully armed, the senior with a revolver, the others with carbines. The duration of a patrol varies from three to six hours, of which a portion is always spent in ambush. And on a cold, wild winter's night an ambush in a wet ditch is no pleasant task.

A recruit under six month's service is paid £39 per annum. A constable of over six months' and under four years' service £54 12s.; over twenty years, £70 4s. An acting sergeant gets £72 16s yearly; a sergeant of under four years in that rank, £75 8s.; of four years and over, £80 12s. A head constable of under three years' service in that rank is paid £91 per annum; of over three and under six years, £97 10s.; of over six years £104

The allowances, &c., of the non-commissioned officers and constables are as follows: Boot allowance, 2s. 2d. monthly per man; arms and straw allowance, for keeping the arms in repair, and filling the palliasses with straw, 9d. per man monthly; lodging

origin and distribution of mankind.

Neglecting the minor differences, he estimates that there are no fewer than seventy-two distinct races in the human species. All those decend or branch off from three fundamental types—the black, the yellow, and the white—which had their origin at the great central mass of northern Asia, which is thus the cradle of mankind. Representat ves of these different types and the races sprung from them are still to be found there.

The whites, according to M. de Quatrefages, appear to have originated on the west of the central mass, the yellows on the north, and the blacks on the south. The whites extended westward and northward, giving birth to three secondary types, the Finnish, the Semitic, and the Aryan, if we except the Allophyles, which form a separate group. Their area of distribution is continuous, as is that of the yellows, because of the extensive land surface of the Eurasian continent. The yellows spread eastward and crossed into America. The whites and yellows are checked or blended with each other, producing many varieties of man. The blacks or negro type, which originated on the south of the centeral mass was forced by the nature of the continent, and probably by the attacks of the whites and yellows, to go south into Africa and east into the Indian Archipelago, or Melanesia. The proto-Semites arrested their distribution in the north of Africa, and the mixture of the two races gave rise to the negroid populations. In the centre and south of Africa the blacks continued in their ethnic purity until the infiltration of other races from Europe and the north of Africa in modern times. Those which remained in their original home became blended with the whites and yellows, giving rise to the dravidian populations which pass by shades into the three fundamental types.

As for the Allophyles, represented by the race of Cro-Magnon, they occupied parts of Europe and North Africa, from which they extended to the Canaries. The three fundamental types also found themselves in Oceania; the Allophylian whites occupying Polynesia, the blacks Malnesia, the yellows Malasia. The latter were, according to M. de Quatrefages, the last to come into the maritime world.

The peopling of America dates from the quaternary period, and is due to migrations of different types—Allophylic white and yellow, blending with the local quaternary races, which also belonged to the yellow type. Europe, since the tertiary ages, has received only Allophylian whites, Finns, and Aryans. The number of races now existing in a pure state is exceedingly restricted, if, indeed, there is a single one which can be accepted as such; perhaps some little groups, protected by their isolation, such as the Mincopies, may show an identity of characters attesting their ethnic homogeneity.

Possibly, but it is Doubtful.

Mrs. Solid, who is stout and not very tall, has a daughter who is tall and rather slender. Now if there is anything about which Mrs. Solid is sensitive it is her avoirdupois, and when the spirit of mischief enters her family it is apt to find this sensitive spot before its work is done. The other day this good lady's tall and fragile daughter took occasion to rail at her proportions.

"I don't care, Julia," exclaimed her mother; "when you're as big as I am you'll be a good deal bigger."

A prominent London correspondent believes there are two murder fiends connected with the Whitechapel crimes, and that the latest victim was not killed and carved up by the scientific "Jack the Ripper.

costly line of perfumery. For the past week he noticed that two very vivacious, pretty and well-dressed young ladies who made frequent visits at his store were in the habit of nonchalantly helping themselves to the odorous liquid. They would drop in to make some such purchase as five cents' worth of chewing gum or ten cents' worth of stamps, and while Mr. druggist was waiting upon them each fair one would seize a Mary Stuart" or "Newmown Hay" bottle and splash the contents upon the dainty handkerchief of the twain.

Of course these trifling thefts are woman's little privileges, but just the same, the druggist wasn't inclined to let them go unchallenged. He determined to head off the vivacious young ladies who were playing havoc with his profits on perfumery. And he did it in the most effectual—if cruel—manner. One morning he removed all the perfumery bottles from the counter. Hethen substituted a large bottle labeled "Breath of the Roses" or something of the sort, and filled it with a most vile decoction. It contained asafetida, did this concoction, and other elements equally sickening. So shrewdly was the mixture compounded, however that it would not develop its nauseating effects except under the influence of slight warmth, such as that afforded by a pocket. That day the young ladies paid their usual call. Flouncing into the store they made a trivial purchase, saturated their handkerchiefs and dashed out to catch a passing street car, stuffing their delicate bits of lace and linen into their pockets.

The young ladies had hardly seated themselves before the asafetida combination began to get in its deadly work. The odor became sickening, but no one knew whence it came. The passengers wondered and suffered. The conductor racked his brain to find a solution of the malodorous mystery. No solution. All at once one of the aforesaid young ladies happened to draw out her handkerchief. She dropped it, and dropped it suddenly, with a shriek and a gasp. The mystery was solved. A moment later the car was stopped and, amid a roar of laughter, blushing, gasping and almost fainting, the two unfortunates got off. The druggist was never again molested.

A Wonderful Jewel in India.

It is doubtful whether Shakerpeare's toad,
Ugly and venomous
Wears yet a precious jewel in its head,

but there is a belief current in all parts of India that a certain variety of snake, called Shesh Nag, when it attains the age of 1,000 years has a precious jewel formed in its head. This jewel, it is affirmed, possesses the quality of sucking up the poison of the deadliest snake, if applied to the wounded part. Strangely enough, a Parsee gentleman is reputed to possess this invaluable jewel, according to a correspondent of a Gujarat weekly published at Wadhan, in Gujarat.

The correspondent says that when the present owner, who, by the way, is now 62, was 23 years old he found a snake of the above mentioned variety, which he killed. Then he found the jewel in its head. It already saved several lives Last year when Mr. Vidal, the collector of the district, was there it was shown to him. The jewel is said to contain a thin crescent-like fibre, which unceasingly oscillates in the centre. His Highness the Gaikwar of Baroda, his Highness the Maharajah of Kohapur, and several other native princes are said to have offered more than 100,000 rupees for this unique jewel. The name and address of the owner are Framji Dadabhai Govekar, Tarapur, Bombay Presidency.

The Duke of Sutherland has been visiting his estates in the north, and was warmly received by the fishermen at Helmsdale, having responded to their appeals for assistance in the erection of a harbor.

years £104

The allowances, &c., of the non-commissioned officers and constables are as follows: Boot allowance, 2s. 2d. monthly per man; arms and straw allowance, for keeping the arms in repair, and filling the palliasses with straw, 9d. per man monthly: lodging allowance for married men over ten years' service, 4s. 4d. per month. On the other hand, there is a deduction from the single men of 4s. 4d. per man monthly for barrack accommodation. For every night that a head constable is absent from his station on duty he gets 4s. 6d. extra pay, and a sergeant or constable similarly absent gets 3s. 6d. head constable is allowed 1s. 9d. who absent from his station for ten consecutive hours except on the ordinary duties of his district, and 1s. 3d. for eight hours absence. A sergeant or constable is similarly allowed 1s. 6d. and 1s. respectively. A head constable receives 1s. 3d. marching money for every eight miles marched on the same day when the place marched to is outside his own subdistrict, and a sergeant or constable 1s, under like circumstances. Each man receives an allowance for making up clothing, sufficient to cover the expense of having his uniform made by the tailor. There is also a fuel and light allowance granted to each station which covers the expenses incurred in this respect.

A third-class district inspector receives £125 per annum. His allowances are considerable.

A second-class district inspector receives £165 per annum for the first five years' service in that rank; afterward, £180. A first-class district inspector of less than three years' service in that rank receives £225 per annum; and of from three to six years, £250; of from six to twelve years, £275; of twelve years and over, £300.

A county inspector receives £350 for his first year's service in that rank. His pay is then increased yearly by £20 per annum until he has completed six years' service. The "good service pay" of the rank is £50 per annum, and the lodging allowance the same.

The commandant of the depot and the town inspector of Belfast each receive £600 a year, with various allowances very much similar to those of a county inspector.

The assistant inspectors-general receive £700; the deputy inspector-general, £1,000, and the inspector-general, £1,500 per annum. These officers are allowed £1 for each night's absence on duty, and the usual mileage.

Officers and men in the force become entitled to pensions on a scale laid down by acts of Parliament, after a certain number of years' service. Under the latest acts dealing with this subject the pensions are not so good, proportionately to the pay, as they used to be. Of late years the tendency has been to increase the pay and allowances and lessen the pension of members of the force.

Speaking generally, the uniform of both officers and men resembles that of a rifle regiment, except that the officer's patrol jacket has five tags on it instead of braid.

He was Consoled.

A New Yorker who met a Kansas man at one of the hotels the other day heaved a sigh as he said:—

"I was in your town two years ago, and that piece of property west of the railroad station was offered to me for $30,000."

"Yes."

"I hear that it was sold last year for $75,000."

"It was."

"What short-sighted people some of us are! Had I bought at $30,000 I could now probably sell for $100,000. Think of that."

"My dear friend, let me console you. That piece of property can be bought to-day for $15 000. The boom has passed."—[N. Y. Sun.

ENGLISH TABLE WAYS.

They Are Altogether Too Finicky for Persons of Good Sense.

Theodore Child writes in Harper's Bazar: The Anglo Saxons are afraid to use their fingers to eat with, especially the English. Thanks to this hesitation, I have seen in the course of my travels in the old world many distressing sights. I have seen a lady attempt to eat crawfish with a knife and fork and abandon the attempt in despair. I have also seen men in the same fix. I have seen—oh, barbarous and cruel spectacle!—Anglo Saxons, otherwise apparently civilised, cut off the points of asparagus and eat these points only with a fork, thus leaving the best part of the vegetable on their plates. As for artichokes they generally utterly defeat the attacks of those who trust only to the knife and fork.

Fingers must be used for eating certain things, notably sparagus, artichokes, fruit, olives, radishes, pastry, and even small fried fish; in short, everything which will not dirty or grease the fingers may be eaten with the fingers. For my own part I prefer to eat lettuce salad with my fingers rather than with a fork, and Queen Marie Antoinette and other ladies of the eighteenth century were of my way of thinking. If the ladies could only see how pretty is their gesture when their diaphanous forefinger and thumb grasp a leaf of delicate green lettuce and raise that leaf from the porcelain plate to their rosy lips they would all immediately take to eating salad a la Marie Antoinette. Only bear in mind, good ladies, that if you do wish to eat lettuce salad with your fingers you must mix your salad with oil and vinegar, and not with that abominable ready-made white "salad dressing," to look upon which is nauseating.

May heaven preserve us from excessive Anglomania in matters of table service and eating. The English tend to complicate the eating tools far too much. They have too many forks for comfort, and the forms of them are too quaint for practical utility. Certainly silver dessert knives and forks are very good in their way, because they are not susceptible to the action of fruit acids, but it is vain and clumsy to attempt to make too exclusive use of the knife and fork in eating fruit. Don't imitate, for instance, certain ultra-correct English damsels who eat cherries with a fork and swallow the stones because they are too modest, or rather too asinine, to spit them out on to the plate. Eating is not a thing to be ashamed of. To thoroughly enjoy a peach you must bite it and feel the juicy, perfumed flesh melt in your mouth. But let the Anglomaniacs say what they please, there is no necessity of sticking a fork into the peach, and peeling it while so impaled, as if it were an ill-favored and foul object. A peach is as beautiful to the touch as it is to the eye; a peach held between human fingers has its beauty enhanced by the beauty of the fingers. However dainty and ornate the silver dessert knife and fork may be, it always irritates me to see people cut up their peaches, or pears, or apricots, or what not, into cubes and parallelopipeds, as if dessert were a branch of conic sections. Imitate Marie Antoinette, ladies; use your fingers more freely; eat decently, of course, but do not be the slaves of silly Anglomania or Newport crazes. To eat a pair or an apple conveniently, cut it into quarters, and peel each quarter in turn as you eat it. The peach, too, can be cut into quarters, if the eater is timid. Apricots do not need peeling, nor plums either. Who would be bold enough to peel a fresh fig, or to touch such a delicate fruit even with the purest silver instruments?

A Fine Country.

Patrick (in Ireland)—Sure it's a foine

A Good Reason.

Goode Catche—By Jove! what a stunning creature May Blossom is.

Miss Chevious—Indeed!

Goode Catche—Yes; you know she's so well poised, so sure of herself.

Miss Chevious—Well, she ought to be; she has known herself long enough—[Truth.

The Lincoln Call, a newspaper of Nebraska, announces that horned toads will be received by the editor on subscriptions.

Is This What Ails You?

Do you have dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; eyes weak, watery, and inflamed; ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking, or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; voice changed and nasal twang; breath offensive; smell and taste impaired; is there a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility? If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from Nasal Catarrh. The more complicated your disease has become the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous or less understood, or more unsuccessfully treated by physicians. The manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy offer, in good faith, a reward of $500 for a case of this disease which they cannot cure. The Remedy is sold by druggists, at only 50 cents.

A subscription "Bier-Halle" is to be established in Berlin. For an annual payment or £30 the thirsty soul may drink as much beer as he pleases.

Thief Arrested.

The news was received with the utmost satisfaction by the community that he had terrorized; but the arrest of a disease that is stealing away a loved and valued life, is an achievement that should inspire heartfelt gratitude. Chilliness, cold extremities, depressed spirits, and extremely miserable sensations, with pale, wan features, are the results of disordered kidneys and liver. Arrest the cause at once by taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a purely vegetable detective, that will ferret out and capture the most subtle lung or blood disorder. Druggists.

The highest grade of impudence—To wait in an umbrella shop for a shower to pass over.

When fragile woman sighs, deploring
The charms that quickly fade away,
What power, the bloom of health restoring,
Can check the progress of decay?
The only aid that's worth attention,
For pains and ills of such description,
Thousands of women gladly mention—
'Tis "Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

The price of this royal remedy, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, is but one dollar. Specific for all those chronic ailments and weaknesses peculiar to women. The only medicine for such maladies, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction or money refunded. See guarantee on bottle wrapper. Large bottles $1. Six for $5.

A.P. 470

BRONCHITIS

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EMPIRE

would be bold enough to peel a fresh fig, or to touch such a delicate fruit even with the purest silver instruments?

A Fine Country.

Patrick (in Ireland)—Sure it's a foine counthry Amerieky is, Biddy. Oi'll be afther startin' there at once."

Biddy—D'yez not have to work there the same as here?

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Against Trusts.

There's another monopoly,' growled an old bachelor as a pair of lovers passed him, both "talking sweet," at once.

"How's that?"

"Well, if that isn't a consolidated gas company there never was one."—[Detroit Free Press.

There are girls who buy their books to match their gowns. It doesn't matter about the contents if the binding is satisfactory.

To the St. Leon Mineral Water Co

PENETANGUISHENE, August 1.

GENTLEMEN,—I use St. Leon Mineral Water three times daily. Find nothing better as a regulator and to promote good health and buoyant feelings. St. Leon is simply grand for the whole system.

H. H. THOMPSON, Mayor.

Testimonials as above come from all quarters down to the lowest despairing sufferers. After a free use of St. Leon Water all are changed, raised to heights of health past all former conception. Purchase St. Leon.

The vatican will publish the correspondence of Pope Pius IX. with Napoleon III. and the Prussian Government in 1870, with reference to the Italian occupation of Rome.

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A Man Without Wisdom Lives in a Fool's Paradise. A Treatise especially written for Diseases of Man, containing Facts For Men of All Ages! Should be read by Old, Middle Aged and Young Men. Proven by the Sale of Half a Million to be the most popular, because written in language plain, forcible and instructive. Practical presentation of Medical Common Sense. Valuable to Invalids who are weak, nervous and exhausted, showing new means by which they may be cured. Approved by editors, critics, and the people. Sanitary, Social, Science Subjects. Also gives a description of Specific No. 8, The Great Health Renewer; Marvel of Healing and Koh-i-noor of Medicines. It largely explains the mysteries of life. By its teachings, health may be maintained. The Book will teach you how to make life worth living. If every adult in the civilized world would read, understand and follow our views, there would be a world of Physicial, intellectual and moral giants. This Book will be found a truthful presentation of facts, calculated to do good. The book of Lubon, the Talisman of Health! Brings bloom to the cheek, strength to the body and joy to the heart. It is a message to the Wise and Otherwise. Lubon's Specific No. 8, the Spirit of Health. Those who obey the laws of this book will be crowned with a fadeless wreath. Vast numbers of men have felt the power and testified to the virtue of Lubon's Specific No. 8. All Men Who are Broken Down from overwork or other causes not mentioned in the above, should send for and read this Valuable Treatise, which will be sent to any address, sealed, on receipt of ten cents in stamps. Address all orders to M. V. Lubon, room 15 50 Front Street E., Toronto, Canada

antee on bottle wrapper. Large bottles $1. Six for $5.

A.P. 470

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The Winter after the great fire in Chicago I contracted Bronchial affections, and since then have been obliged to spend nearly every Winter South. Last November was advised to try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites and to my surprise was relieved at once, and by continuing its use three months was entirely cured, gained flesh and strength and was able to stand even the Blizzard and attend to business every day. C. T. CHURCHILL.

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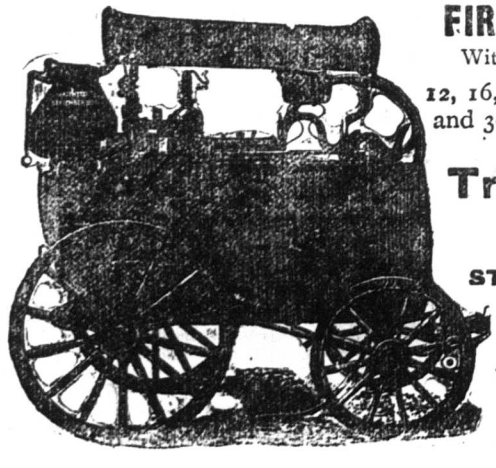

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potatoes, T D Creighton, P E R Miller, G A Cliff. Bushel beauty Hebron potatoes, E R Sills, P E R Miller, J B Aylsworth. Bushel any other kind, S Dennison E R Sills, W Wellburn. Six varieties potatoes, half peck each variety, correctly named, E R Sills, R S Madden, I Raymond. Two heads cabbage. white, C A Trudelle, W Dunn, T Trimble. Two heads cabbage, red, T Trimble, W Wellburn, John Johnstone. Six Sweedish turnips, B Frink, J W Frink, A Gilmour. Six globe mangolds, Wm Nugent, H Amey, Jas Sweet. Pumpkins, B Frink, J W Frink, H W Frink. Squash, B Frink, L Hartman, W Dunn. Six carrots, white field, A J Dunbar, F K & J W Gordanier, H Amey. Six carrots, orange field, A Walker, B Frink, F Newman. Six intermediate half long carrots, F K & J W Gordanier, Wm Dunn, Alex Walker. Two heads of cauliflower, Thos Trimble, F Newman, W Dunn. Half bush red onions, A J Dunbar, D Withers, Thos Trimble. Half bush white onions, T Trimble, F K & J W Gordanier, A J Dunbar. Six sugar beets, T D Creighton, H Amey. Six turnip rooted beets, J Garrison, E R Sills, H Amey. Six mangold wurtzels, T D Creighton, A J Dunbar, W Nugent. Six blood beets, R S Madden, A Gilmour, A Walker. Six table parsnips, H Amey, W H Frink, L Hartman. Four roots white celery, H Amey, J Newman, T Trimble. Four roots red celery, F Newman, T Trimble, H Amey. Twelve winter apples named. C A Trudelle, J F Parks, J F Madden. Twelve table apples, named, J F Parks, W B Harshaw, P Bristol. Variety apples named, 6 of each kind, J F Parks, R S Madden, J Gunsolus. Six pears, T Trimble, R S Madden, Geo A Weese. Cluster grapes, J Stacey, T Trimble, W B Harshaw. Red pepper, best plant, J Gibbard, E R Sills, Thos Trimble. Six tomatoes, Wm Nugent, C A Trudelle, C E File. Two citrons, F Newman, J W Frink, J W Berry. Canned fruit, C A Trudelle, P Bristol, A Knight.

CLASS XX—DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Firkin or crock of butter not less than 20 lbs, J Sweet, G D Hawley, H Vankoughnet. Ten lbs butter, P Bristol, W H Pringle, J Sweet. J Gardner. Two loaves home made bread, T D Creighton, J W Fralick, H Vankoughnet. Exhibit and quality comb honey, A Pringle, P E R Miller, L Hartman. Exhibit and quality extracted honey, A Pringle, P E R Miller, L Hartman. Colored cheese, J B Aylsworth, R Metzler, W F Gerow. Uncolored cheese, P E R Miller, J B Aylsworth, W F Gerow.

Special prizes—By Dairymen's Board of Trade, Napanee, colored cheese, E J Madden gold medal, G Robinson, silver medal. By the same, uncolored cheese, J R McCargar gold medal, W F Gerow silver medal.

CLASS XXI—ARTS AND MANUFACTURES.

Judges—S J Walker, U Tobey.

Twelve yards tull cloth, C A Trudelle, McKay & Co, J L P Gordanier. Ten yards Canadian tweed, McKay & Co. A Walker, L M Gordanier. Suit Canadian tweed, Freeman & Livingstone, A Gilmour, Alex Walker. Horse blankets, J Carson, F K & J W Gordanier. Horse blankets, home made, A Walker, J W Frink, R J Delong. Coarse boots, A D McRossie, T D Creighton, J C Creighton. Pair fine boots, J C Creighton, A D McRossie. Case of boots and shoes, M E Anderson. Set of farming harness, J Carson, K J Strong, G Goodwin. Set carriage harness, J Carson, G Goodwin, K J Strong. Set single carriage harness, F. Waddell, K J Strong, J Carson. Best exhibition made by merchant, P Slaven. Best exhibition in furs by merchant, Hinch & Co, A Walker.

A Huffman, H Amey, J Johnstone. Photographs, finished in water colors, T A Huffman. Pencil drawing, T A Huffman, F Burrows, W F Gerow. Drawing in water colors, F Burrows, F W Smith & Bro, H Amey. Lithograph, T A Huffman, C W Neville. Motto in berlin wool, Mrs. J Cook, H Amey. Corner bracket, L Hartman, W H Frink, F Vandebogart.

Amherst Island Fair.

The Amherst Island Agricultural Society held their annual show at Stella, on Thursday, October 3rd. The weather was most unfortunately anything but favorable for the occasion. Nevertheless the Islanders made up their minds that they would not be kept away by the rain which fell almost continuously the length of the day, and attended from all parts of the Island. The Str. Hero as usual brought another lot of visitors from up the Bay and Bath, and shortly after her arrival the judging commenced. As at most of the shows spoken of the centre of attraction seemed to be round the horse ring. Three judges were appointed for this department but it was soon manifest that they could never get through the work in time, so the Directors chose three other gentlemen of those who came to view the proceedings and gave them a job for the day. The entries were numerous in every class of horse flesh. The stock from Allen and Filson's sire "Donald Dinnie" both in yearling and suckling colts carried off all the prizes; the same horse's offspring competed at the Storrington and Wolfe Island fairs and also were awarded prizes. He seems to be the favorite horse in this part of the country. Too much can not be said in favor of his stock for symmetry and size.

Mr. McCormick's and Mr. Henry Filson's three year old colts are also worth of special mention, the former is a handsome black colt and weighs about 1500 lbs.

The entries amongst the other animals were small owing partly to the state of the roads caused by the rain and difficult to drive them out. There were some fine specimens of roots and grains exhibited, also fruits and vegetables.

The ladies department was well represented with handsome and useful articles. The proceedings terminated about 2 p.m., when the judges were escorted by the Directors to dinner at the Marksman's hotel, now kept in good style by John Elson and Wm. Beaubieu, who deserve great credit for the very excellent manner in which they carried out their part.

The following is the

PRIZE LIST.—HORSES.

Stallion, (General Purpose) Wm Allen, A Thompson, J W Taylor. Roadster Stallion, Thos Hill, Wm McDonald, Robt Glen. Single Horse in Harness, (Stallions excluded) Chas M Howard, Jas C Howard, Jas S Neilson. Team General Purpose, (Stallions excluded) W H Preston, Wm Scott, John McCormick. Team of Roadster, Wm McMaster, John Richards, S K Tugwell. Mare and foal, (Roadsters) Thos Hill, J W Taylor, C M Howard. Sucking Colt (Roadster) J W Taylor, Daniel Wemp, Jas C Howard. Yearling Colt (Roadster) James Finlay, Jas C Howard, Richard Hitchins. Two-year Colt, (Roadster) Thos Hill, John McGin, Samuel J Morrow. Three-year-old Colt, (Roadster), Henry Filson, W B Flemming, John Richards. Mare and Foal, William Marshall, C M Howard, S K Tugwell. Sucking Colt, agricultural, W Allen, W C M Howard, W Marshall. Yearling Colt, agricultural, W H Present, S R Tugwell, J Richards. Two-year-old Colt, agricultural, John Marshall, Daniel Wemp, A Richards. Three-year-old Colt, agricultural, J McCormick, Henry Filson, Daniel Wemp. Special Prize of $5 given by Uriah Wilson awarded to Wm Marshall and Thos Hill for the best mare and foal on the ground for agricultural and roadster classes.

CATTLE.

Bull Calf of 1889, W H Preston, James Patterson. Yearling bull, Wm Allen. Two year old bull, Robt Filson, Jas C Howard, Jas Patterson. Aged bull, W H Preston, J W Taylor. Heifer calf 1889, Jas C Howard, John Marshall, Jas Patterson. Yearling heifer, John Reid, Wm Mar-

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We herewith beg to advise the people of this district that we have just added to our already well selected stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

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Remember we manufacture our own Clothing and this $1000.00 worth is only part of our Fall Stock, which we are finishing as fast as we can. Our Clothing can not be equalled in fit and finish. Remember we have always been in the Clothing trade and know how to make

GOOD CLOTHING.

F. Wadden, R J Strong, J Carson. Best exhibition made by merchant, P Slaven. Best exhibition in furs by merchant, Hinch & Co, A Walker.

CLASS XXII—LADIES' WORK, USEFUL.

Judges—Mrs H Wilson, Mrs D Brisco, H V Fralick.

Twelve yards home-made flannel, white, J L P Gordanier, J Johnstone, J I Parks. Twelve yards colored flannel, Alex Walker, McKay & Co, E Hawkins. Pair home made blankets, L M Gordanier, J Johnstone, J L P Gordanier. Five yards woolen carpet, J L P Gordanier, L M Gordanier. Five yards of rag carpet, R J Delong, Geo A Weese, H Vankoughnet. Hearth rug, T G Carscallen, Mrs James Cook, C A Trudelle. Two pairs stockings, C A Trudelle, Miss E Cook, R J Delong. Two pair socks, C A Trudelle, H A Martin, Mrs Jas Cook. Two pair woolen mitts, Mrs Jas Cook, A Knight, L Hartman. Home made quilt, R S Madden, R J Delong, A Gilmour. Tuft quilt, L Hartman, Alex Walker, E Hawkins. Knitted quilt, L Hartman, J Johnstone, Alex Walker. Crochet quilt, W E Baker, L Hartman, M C Davy. Silk quilt, Mrs Jas Cook, H A Martin, C A Trudelle. Log cabin quilt, C A Trudelle, R H McGinness, Hiram Amey. Home-made coverlet, E Hawkins, C A Trudelle, A Gilmour. Home made shawl, L Hartman, Alex Walker, A Gilmour. Gentleman's white shirt, C A Trudelle, J M Hawley, A Knight. Case of Millinery P Slaven. Sofa pillow, Mrs E Cook, W C Beeton, R McGee. Ladies' work of any any kind, upholstered, H. Amey, T. G. Carscallen, George I Ham. Spatter work, E B Switzer. Tatting, L Hartman, J Johnstone. Toilet set, Mrs. J Cook, Miss Lottie Thompson, Miss E Cook. Table drapery, Miss Lottie Thompson, Mrs J Cook, Miss E Cook. Woolen tidy, F Vandebogart, Mrs. Charters, L M Stover. Braiding, Miss E Cook, R J Delong, Mrs. J Cook. Table scarf, Miss E Cook, T G Carscallen, J M Hawley. Leather work ornamental, E B Switzer. Painting on plush, W Joy & Son, F Burrows, E B Switzer. Painting on silk or satin, F W Smith & Bro. Panels, work, Mrs. J Cook, T G Carscallen, M C Davy. Chenille work, H Amey, C W Neville.

CLASS XXIII—LADIES' WORK.

Judges—Dr Leonard, Mrs M C Bogart, Mrs Fralick.

Wax flowers, J N Hough, L Hartman. Berlin wool flowers, L Hartman, W F Gerow, Alex Walker. Embroidery in muslin, J M Hawley, C A Trudelle, P Bristol. Embroidery in flannel, T G Carscallen, T A Huffman, J M Hawley. Outline work figures, J M Hawley, Miss E Cook, Ira Pringle. Applique work on satin, Mrs Jas Cook, Mrs. L. Cook. Applique work on plush, Miss E Cook, L Hartman, C W Neville. Applique work on cloth, T G Carscallen, L M Stover, Mrs Jas Cook. Crochet work, L Hartman, Mrs Jas Cook, Jacob Gardiner. Lace, (point) L Hartman, W H Frink, T G Carscallen. Lace, (Honiton) John Soby, Miss E Cook, H Amey. Lace, (Macrame or twist) James Sweet, J W Hawley, W F Gerow. Berlin wool (flat), Mrs Jas Cook, H Amey, L Hartman. Berlin wool (raised) P E R Miller, Mrs Jas Cook, J N Hough. Arrasene work, H Amey, C A Trudelle, Geo I Ham. Cone work, L Hartman, Jno M Hawley, E B Switzer. Moss scenery, W F Gerow, J M Hawley, H A Martin. Crewel work, T G Carscallen, Mrs J Cook, Geo I Ham. Darning on net, T. G Carscallen, M C Davy, M C Davy.

CLASS XXIV.—FINE ARTS.

Judge—Dr. Ward.

Oil painting, F W Smith & Bro, F Burrows, T A Huffman. Crayon drawing, T son. Yearling bull, Wm Allen. Two year old bull, Robt Filson, Jas C Howard, Jas Patterson. Aged bull, W H Preston, J W Taylor. Heifer calf 1889, Jas C Howard, John Marshall, Jas Patterson. Yearling heifer, John Reid, Wm Marshall, W H Preston. 2-yr-old heifer, Jas Patterson, W H Preston, John Reid. Milch cow, Wm Marshall, John Marshall, Jas C Howard. Ram, 1889, Jas C Howard, J Richards, Duncan Wemp. Shearling ram, Wm Scott. Ram 2 shears and over, Jas Patterson. Ewe lambs, John Richards, Jas C Howard, Wm Scott. Shearling ewes, Chas M Howard, John Richards. Ewes 2 shears and over, Wm Allen, C M Howard, J Patterson.

SWINE.

Boar pig 1889, W H Preston, W T Hill, S K Tugwell. Sow pig 1889, Wm T Hill, James C Howard, S K Tugwell. Breeding sow, Wm H Preston, James C Howard, Duncan Wemp.

POULTRY.

Pair geese, Wm Thompson, W H Preston. Pair ducks, W H Preston, Wm T Hill, Duncan Wemp. Pair common fowls, Wm McMaster. Bred fowls, Wm Allen, W B Moutray.

GRAIN.

Spring wheat, Wm T Hill, John Reid, Adam Miller. Barley, Wm B Fleming, John H Richards, Augustus Richards. White oats, Chas M Howard, Chas M Howard, James C Howard. Black oats, John H Richards, Robert Fleming, Archibald Thompson. Rye, Robert Fleming, James C Howard, Archibald Thompson. Large peas, John Reid, Field peas, James Finlay, Wm McDonald, Root Fleming. Timothy seed Chas M Howard, W A Hitchens. 12 ears of corn, John H Richards, Augustus Richards, John Richards.

VEGETABLES.

White potatoes, Robt Fleming, Thomas Hill, Andrew Hill. Colored potatoes, R Roden Burleigh, Sidney Pringle, W B Fleming. Carrots, red, John McCormick, Augustus Richards, Robt Glenn. Carrots, white, James C Howard, Chas M Howard. Mangolds, James C Howard, W A Hitchens, Charles M Howard. White turnips, James C Howard, W A Hitchins, Adam Miller. Pumpkins, Sidney Pringle, Augustus Richards, Robt Glenn. Squash, Robt Glenn, Robt Fleming, Chas H Howard. Yellow globe mangolds, John Richards, Chas M Howard, Chas H Howard. Parsnips, Augustus Richards, John H Richards. White beans, Wm McMaster, Augustus Richards. Beets, Robt Glenn, A Miller, James Finlay. White cabbage, W B Fleming, Andrew Hill, Thos Hill. Onions, W H Preston, D H Preston, James Patterson. Tomatoes, D H Preston, W H Preston, Robt Glenn.

FRUIT.

Fall apples, Robt Fleming, David Finnegar, James C Howard. Winter apples, Adam Miller, John C Howard, Robert Fleming. Crabs, Robt Fleming, John Ennis, John Marshall. Pears, Wm Marshall, Jas Patterson, John Marshall.

LADIES' WORK.

Knitted Woolen Socks, John McGirn, Thos. Hill, Andrew Hill. Fine Knitted woolen Mitts, James C Howard, S K Tugwell, Thos Hill, Pattern Quilt, Adam Miller, John Richards, John McGirn. Pillow Shams, Robert Fleming, Henry Filson, Robt Glenn. Loaf Home Made Bread, Henry Filson, Andrew Hill, John Marshall. 10 lbs, Butter, John Reid, Henry Filson, David Filson. Bouquet Flowers, James C Howard, John Hitchins, W H Moutray. Extras—Canned Fruit, Robert Fleming. Log Cabin Quilt, Richard Hitchins, John H Richards. Children under 15 years of age—Darning, James S Neilson, W H Moutray. Dressed Doll, Wm Marshall, W H Moutray, Jas C Howard. Rigged Ship, Capt Hugh Glen. Pencil Drawing, Robt Filson, Jas C Howard, John Marshall. Pin Cushion, W H Moutray. Edging any variety, Daniel Wemp, Robert Glenn. Arasene Work, Jas C Howard, Chas M Howard, W H Moutray. Knitted Woolen Stockings, Robt Glen, Andrew Hill, Thos. Hill. Coarse Woolen Mitts, Thos Hill, R Roden Burleigh, Wm Marshall. Crazy Patch Work, Richard Hitchins, Patch Work Quilt, John H Richards, John Richards, John McGirn. Cushion, Chas M Howard, James S Neilson. Woolen Skirts, Chas M Howard, Thos Hill, S K Tugwell. Best Crochet Work in Cotton, Thos Hill, Robert Filson, John McGirn. Crochet Work in Wool, Chas M Howard, Adam Miller, Henry Filson. Out Line Work, Chas. M. Howard, Robt Fleming, Richard Hitchins' Edging in Cotton, Robert Fleming, Richard Hitchins, James C Howard. Grape Wine, Jas C Howard, Thos. Hill, Andrew Hill. Quart Canned Fruit, Robert Glen, Andrew Hill, Jas C Howard.

A Strong Following.

Many diseases result from neglected constipation, such as sick headache, bad blood, foul humors, heartburn, dizziness and general ill health. From one to three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters is guaranteed to cure constipation and all diseases caused by irregularity of the bowels.

Tried! Tested! Proved!

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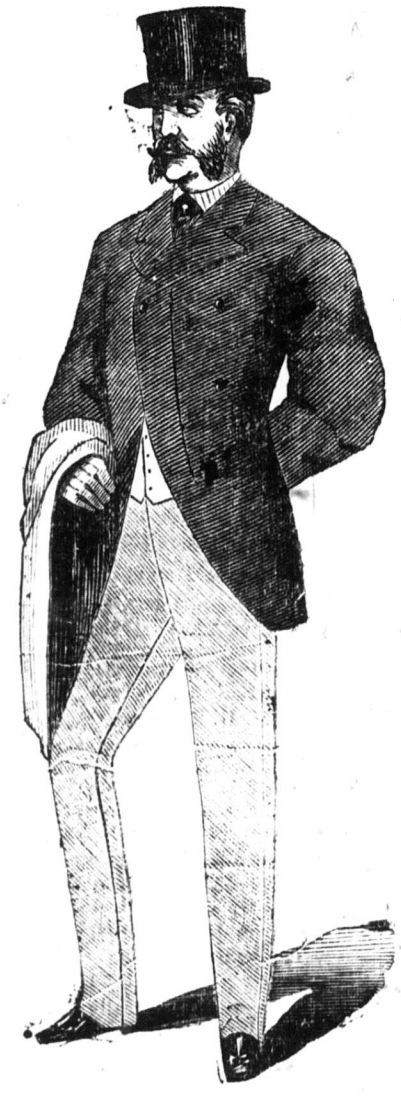

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ALWAYS IN STOCK.

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We are receiving our

New Fall Stock of Boots and Shoes,

all new goods to be sold at rock bottom prices this fall. Trunks and Valises at about half price. Kip Boots made to order, and repairing done.

A. D. McROSSIE

R. LIGHT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,

Doors, Sash, Blinds,

Mouldings,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

BUILDING MATERIAL

TRENTON - SLAB - WOOD

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789tm

TEA EXTRAORDINARY!

Having recently secured an extraordinary good bargain in tea, we intend to share it with our customers.

Heretofore we have given extra good value in Tea at 25 cents per pound, but the fifty chests just received would be "dirt cheap" at 45 cents, and 25 cents is what we shall sell it at. We venture to say and we have had many years experience in the tea trade, that nothing to compare with it has ever been sold in Napanee at that price.

To those who want to save money and at same time enjoy a choice cup of Tea, we say come and get a pound and we feel certain it will cause you to come for more.

TA-KA-KAKE.

Buy a package of this new cereal sugar corn flour which cooks in fifteen minutes and makes delicious griddle cakes, gems and rolls. For sale by:

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Napanee, 16th July, 1889. 3889ly

Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789fm

A. Bristol & Son,

PICTON,

Are now showing their complete asssortment of

Dress Goods and Silks

Mantles and Jackets

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS

Our store has been enlarged and improved and is now considered one of the largest and best lighted stores in Central Canada. Being

Direct Importers,

One of our firm visiting the British markets every year.

We are in a position to show a class of Goods not usually found outside of largest city stores, while our smaller expenses enable us to sell many lines at

Less Than City Prices.

We invite you when visiting Picton to call at our store and will be pleased if you find it to your advantage to buy anything, and still better pleased if you find it to your advantage, as so many of the people of Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington, do always buy their Dry Goods at what is now well known as

THE PEOPLES' STORE

ONLY ONE PRICE.

GOODS NEVER MISREPRESENTED

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTIO

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

9891y J. GIBBARD & SON.

BIRRELL & CO

—ARE AGENTS FOR THE—

Cockshutt J. G. C. Riding Plows

These have given every satisfaction for the past few years in this section, and farmers that want a Riding Plow should try one.

The Old and Reliable Wilkison Plows and Gang Plows

Wisner's Drills, Seeders and Cultivators,

Threshers' supplies furnished on short notice for all machines. McColl's Lardine Machine Oil and Boiler compound.

WASHING MACHINES AND WRINGERS.

Give us a call.

4189f BIRRELL & CO.

McCOLL BROS'.

Machine and Burning Oils.

THEIR CELEBRATED LARDINE

Has no rival as lubricator. Farmers, Threshers and Mill Men all agree that there is no OIL in the market to compare with it. Try it and be convinced.

Cylinder Oil, Bolt Cutting Oil, Wool Oil, Axle Greese, Harness Oil, etc., always in stock.

23896m McCOLL BROS., Toronto, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

EXCURSION TO

CHICAGO, DETRIOT

and other Western Cities.

SEPTEMBER 27th and 28th,

RATES FROM

NAPANEE

—TO—

Detroit or Port Huron $7.00.
East Saginaw or Bay City $10.00
Grand Rapids $11.00.
Cincinatti, Chicago or Milwaukee $13,00.
Cleveland Ohio $9.00.

Tickets good to go Sept. 27th and 28th and return until october 14th.

For tickets and full particulars apply to

J. L. BOYES,
Ticket Agent,
G N W Tel Co, Napanee

23sly

Excursion to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the following Territories :—Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Dakota, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Wyoming. Return tickets sold at single fare on September 22nd and 23rd and October 6th and 7th, good to return in 30 days.

EXCURSION TO NEW YORK,

OCTOBER 1st, 1889.

Tickets good to retrrn October 11th, inclusive. Fare from Napanee—$8.50.

Threshers' Supplies.

Leather Belting, Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, Rubber Packing, Hemp Packing, Asbesto's Packing, Soapstone Packing, Threshing Mitts.

PEERLESS MACHINE OIL

Is the best in the market.

Nearly all the threshers use it and are delighted with it. Try it. Sold only by

35891y **R. G. WRIGHT,**
NAPANEE

Moscow.

On Sunday last a partridge flew against a window of Mr. Lewis Clements with such force that it broke a large pane of glass and cut its head nearly off.

Mr. Edwin Makin shot three wild geese out of a flock of eight with his Winchester, one day last week.

Our school teachers, Misses Dunkley and Demorest are arranging for a grand concert to come off on Friday evening, 25th inst. The teachers deserve much credit for the interest taken by them in the school.

A large number from here attended the

ERNESTTOWN'S EXHIBITION.

She Humps Herself and Gets There Like a Little Man.

(By our own Correspondent.)

Wednesday morning broke between a fog and a sweat, presenting old Sol peered over the horizon blinked once or twice rubbed his "hi" with the departing moon, wonk again and announced his intention of taking in Ernesttown's worldly-af fair. On his arm he brought Miss Goodweather and was welcomed by some 3000 or more jolly people out on the same lark, pretty girls and spruce young men composed a goodly portion of the crowd, whilst handsomer married ladies' and more gallant married gentlemen completed a picture good to behold.

During the morning everything round the palace was hustle bustle, and there were sounds like these : "Ain't that a rattlin' big squash ; see, it takes two men to lift it, and it's not all rind and seeds, either. Hark ! What's that noise ? Oh ! Only a basso singer in the Methodist choir. Not much ; it's a rooster, a whopper, one that Barnum hasn't yet found ! What a voice to borrow for election day ?"

Whilst the judges are at work we'll run round a bit. There's Clum Connolly, from Yarker, with a good exhibit of plows,sulky, spring tooth harrow, etc. Tie you arm down tight whilst we jog past the big tent over there with the fire-eating woman, accrobatist, Irish comedian, and a hurdy-gurdy. Here's a cane man, three rings for five. See the live stock, grand, you bet ! Horses, cattle, sheep and pigs, all Ernesttown's pride, many having cleared the prize list for Kingston, Ottawa, Toronto, and even at Napanee. The folks are crowding in the drill shed to hear the Odessa orchestra. They're a jolly good lot of boys and not a bit stingy with the music. Many a nice tune puts life into old bones and makes our Methodist foot tug hard at its mooring.

Hart & Loyst's exhibit the Karn organs, using one in the band that's a daisy. They also showed the Williams sewing machines. Booth and Co. excel in their woolen goods display. The ladies have a fine collection of fancy articles. M sdames R. W. Aylesworth, L. H. Stover, W. Frink, A. M. Caton, Fred Caton, G. W. Lucas, J. Johnston and C. E. Clark have contributed. W. Calder's collection of house plants are beautiful. Fruit is a great exhibit, and shows well for the township. Nial P. Wood is a genius ; see the complete set of swifts in an eight ounce bottle with a nail driven firmly through the cork on the inside. W. Calder's exhibit of harness is just the thing to draw Watts & Jones' big display of carriages and cutters. The ladies' aid of the Methodist church are making sales of their handiwork, and while we don't like to leave their charming presence, we must see the races. Horse and human outside.

Billy Jones' colt falls and Billy shows up with a big lip. Young Emmons takes a tumble, too, horse and all, hops up and continues the race. Fred Caton wins first, Thomas Milsap second. The trotters do it up nice, too, with Ed. Johnston first, W. Frink second. Billy Amey with very hot company takes first place in the foot race, with H. L. Thompson a good second. The tug-of-war was funny. Harry Hunter, of Kingston, started the fun and put up the dust, and Harry's side won.

The directors and management are to be congratulated on the success of the show. Altogether the show was a "cracker" but with an increased prize list and other things equal the management will put up another first-class exhibit in 1890.

THE PRIZE LIST.

IT WILL

Surprise You

no doubt to be told

The Napanee Agricultural Works,

are head quarters for

PLOW SHARES

—AND—

PLOW REPAIRS

You can rely upon it, however, and as evidenee we submit the following list of shares, etc., kept constantly on hand :—

DOMINION SHARES, (wide)
DOMINION SHARES, (narrow)
QUEEN SHARES, wide and narrow.
ONTARIO AND CLYDE SHARES.
NO. 6, (Smith's Falls.)
WILKISON'S NO. 4, (wide and narrow)
WALKER NO. 2, " "
NO. 4, NO. 5, NO. 13, PICTON CLIPPER, RELIANCE.
MOHAWK VALLEY, STICKNEY STEEL, WHITE.
COMBINATION (Peterboro).
WALKER NO. 11.
HERRING'S 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.
WALKER 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.
PATTERSON 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.
PORT PERRY 2-m GANG PLOW

Demorest are arranging for a grand concert to come off on Friday evening, 25th inst. The teachers deserve much credit for the interest taken by them in the school.

A large number from here attended the show at Napanee on Wednesday last.

On account of the low price of barley only one car has been shipped from Moscow this fall.

Mr. Miles Storms has returned from Chicago, where he has been visiting friends.

Master Arthur Baker, son of H. A. Baker Esq., is recovering from a severe attack of malarial fever. Mr. Damon Card is also recovering from an attack of the same disease.

Adolphustown.

Our little burgh, the Adolphustown village, has been booming of late. Mr. Frank Chalmers, our enterprising young merchant has just come into possession of the old Tavern stand, and on the premises has fitted up a fine commodious new store, into which he has just moved.

Mr. J. J. Watson is also fitting up and renovating the old postoffice and store, and in connection with it is building a comfortable house for his daughter, Mrs. Duffet. This will be a great convenience to the public, as the postoffice and the residence will be brought under the one roof, and the calls of the public, sometimes made at very unseasonable hours, can be more conveniently attended to.

The English church is being pushed forward to completion. A posse of men have just arrived from Kingston, and are vigorously at work to complete it.

It will be quite in order now for our city fathers while there are so many improvements going on around, to repair and renovate the shabby old town hall, and make it worthy of the wealthy township of Adolphustown.

Special revival services commence in the Methodist Memorial church on Thursday evening. The Rev. Dr. Griffith, pastor of the first Methodist church, Picton, will preach there on Friday evening, and on Sabbath next Messrs. Farnsworth and Mills two promising young evangelists from Albert College, will hold an all-day service in the church.

Seventy-five thousand dollars worth of silver ore was shipped from the Port Arthur district during September.

Bishop Cleary has given his fifth donation of $1,000 towards the building fund of St. Mary's cathedral at Kingston.

The C. P. R. Company will make big improvements on their line between Port Arthur and Rat Portage this winter.

A Chinese leper, in a terrible physical condition, has arrived at San Francisco from New York, where he had been cooking for the men working on the aqueduct. No precautions had been taken by the authorities to prevent a spread of the contagion.

The old Hatfield-McCoy feud in Pike County, Ky., has broken out again, a bride, bridegroom and minister being shot while the marriage ceremony was being performed.

In Many Forms.

Dyspepsia assumes many phases, all disagreeable to the sufferer, yet it takes no form which from two to four bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters will not cure. B. B. B. cures dyspepsia, tones the weak stomach, aids digestion, sharpens the appetite and renovates the entire system.

Severely Attacked.

I was severely attacked with diarrhœa and vomiting, the pain was intense and I thought I could not live till morning. Six doses of Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry cured me and I have not had the least sympton of it since.

Mrs. Alice Hopkins,
Hamilton, Ont.

"cracker" but with an increased prize list and other things equal the management will put up another first-class exhibit in 1890.

THE PRIZE LIST.

HORSES—GENERAL PURPOSE,—Stallion, S. Martin Span horses, John Fullerton, Well Babcock. Brood mare and colt, S Martin, P E Miller. Three-year old, Well Babcock, B. W. Aylsworth. Two-year-old S. Martin, John Fellows. Yearling, S Martin, John Fellows. Recommended special prize to A M Caton on colt.

CARRIAGE HORSES,—Stallion, John Johnson. Span horses, J F Brown W S Caton. Single horse, Dr Mabee, W A Hogle. Brood mare and colt, L H Stover, W A Hogle Three-year-old colt, E H Clark, J F Baker. Two year-old colt, J P Lake, L H Stover. Yearling colt, M H Stover, P E R Miller.

TROTTING HORSES—Entries. John Johnson (1), Wm Frink (2), Dr J Mabee, Wm Amey, Albert Snider.

RUNNING RACE—Fred Caton (1), Thos Milsap (2).

FOOT RACE—Entries. B Amey (1), H L Thompson (2), J W Edwards (3), Sidney Clark, Chas W Scott, R Lee, John Kinney, Ed Sproule.

CATTLE—Bull. R W Aylsworth, Damon Amey, Ayrshire bull, Chas E Clark. Cow, Chas E Clark. Milch cow, Joseph Sproule, Nathan Fellows. Two-year-old heifer, P E R Miller. Calf, P E R Miller.

PIGS—LARGE BREED—Boar, E B Switzer. Boar pig, E B Switzer. Sow, E B Switzer, P E R Miller.

SMALL BREED—Boar, E B Switzer. Sow, P E R Miller. Boar pig, P E R Miller. Sow pig, P E R Miller, John Johnson.

SHEEP—LONG WOOL—Ram, C W Neville, L H Stover. Ewes, C W Neville, L H Stover. Shearling Ram, C W Neville, Nathan Fellows. Shearling ewes, C W Neville, L H Stover. Ewe lambs, C W Neville. Southdown ram, C W Neville. Ewes, C W Neville, G W Lucas.

GENERAL MANUFACTURES—Fulleloth, Booth & Co Tweed, Booth & Co, 1st and 2nd Yarn, Booth & Co, Wm Frink. Homemade wool carpet, A M Caton, G W Lucas. Woolen shawl, Wm Frink, E M Clark. Knit bedspread, John Johnson, Wm Frink. Crochet bedspread, John Johnson, Chas E Clark. Pieced bed spread Wm Frink, R W Aylsworth. Mitts, Wm Frink Wm M Fraser. Socks, John Johnson, J C Johnson. Coverlid, R W Aylsworth, D A Lucas. Rag carpet, Fred Caton. Quilt, Joseph Sproule, R W Aylsworth. Diploma for best display of yarn and woolen goods, Booth & Co.

FINE ARTS—Picture Frames, R W Aylsworth, J W Denyes. Oil paintings, no number, I S Mabee. Water color, Geo W Lucas, W L Fraser. Crazy patch work, Fred Caton. E M Clark. Berlin wool work, R W Aylsworth, Wm Frink. Mantel Drape, R W Aylsworth, A M Caton. Crochet work. John Johnson. Peter Miller. Point Lace, R W Aylsworth, L H Stover. Tatting, John Johnson. Feather work, E H Clark. Boquet flowers, Wm Calder. Hand painted panel, I S Mabee, R W Aylsworth. Arrasene work, R W Aylsworth, I S Mabee. Tidy, John Johnson, L H Stover. Twine work. Wm M Clark, R W Aylsworth. Recommended for a special on berlin wool work. I S Mabee. G W Lucas, R W Aylsworth.

POULTRY—Pair fowls, J C Johnson, Nath Fellows. Pair Geese, John Fellows.

GRAIN AND SEEDS—Fall wheat, Wm Frink, D Amey. Rye, J C Johnson, C W Neville. Barley, P E R Miller, A M Caton. Peas, J C Johnson. Oats, J C Johnson, John Johnson. Buckwheat, Henry Benjamin, Chas E Clark. Clover Seed, P E R Miller. Timothy Seed, J C Johnson, P E R Miller. Beans, L H Stover, E M Clark. Corn, no number, P E R Miller.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, J C Johnson, A P Booth. Bread, P E R Miller, J C Johnson. Cheese, S D Clark, P E R Miller. Honey, P E R Miller, John Jones. Flour, P E R Miller, L H Stover. Bread, Mrs———, Mrs P E R Miller. Apple pie, Mrs James Johnson. Pumpkin pie, Mrs M L Fraser

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS—Potatoes, P E R Miller, D Amey. Turnips, Wm Frink, P E R Miller, Carrots, P H Stover, H Benjamin. Mangolds, G w Lucas, H Benjamin. Beets, Wm Frink, P E R Miller. Onions, P H Stover, Wm Frink. Cabbage, P E R Miller, L H Stover. Fall Apples, E M Clark, D U Snider. Winter Apples, D U Snider, John Fellows. Pears, Nathan Fellows, John Johnson. Grapes, E M Clark. Red Peppers, Wm Frink, L H Stover. Tomatoes, N H Fellows, J P Lake. Squash, D U Snider, P H Stover. Pumpkin, Wm Frink, D Amey.

WAGGONS AND CARRIAGES—Spring waggon John Jones. Lumber waggon, Geo Watts. Top buggy, Geo Watts, John Jones. Open waggon, John Jones, Geo Watts. Family carriage, John Jones, Geo Watts. Cutter, Geo Watts, John Jones. Homemade horse blanket, E M Clark. Single carriage harness, Wm Calder. Double carriage harness, D Amey, J C Johnson. Draft harness, Wm Calder.

PATTERSON 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

PORT PERRY 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

HERRING'S 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

ENNISKILLEN 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

COCKSHUTT 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

"LITTLE GIANT" SULKY SHARES.

MONARCH " "

COCKSHUTT " "

Shoes and Landsides for above. Also Moldboards and Standards for Dominion Plows on hand for repairs. A supply on hand

A 1 PLOWS

always on hand.

Remember if you require shares or repairs for any plow you are most likely to obtain the same and of execllent quality at head quarters, of

The Napanee Ag'l Works

A call is respectfully solicited from each and all in want of any of the above.

JOHN HERRING

September 24th, 1889.

THE WESTERN CANADA
Loan and Savings Co'y

HAVE APPOINTED

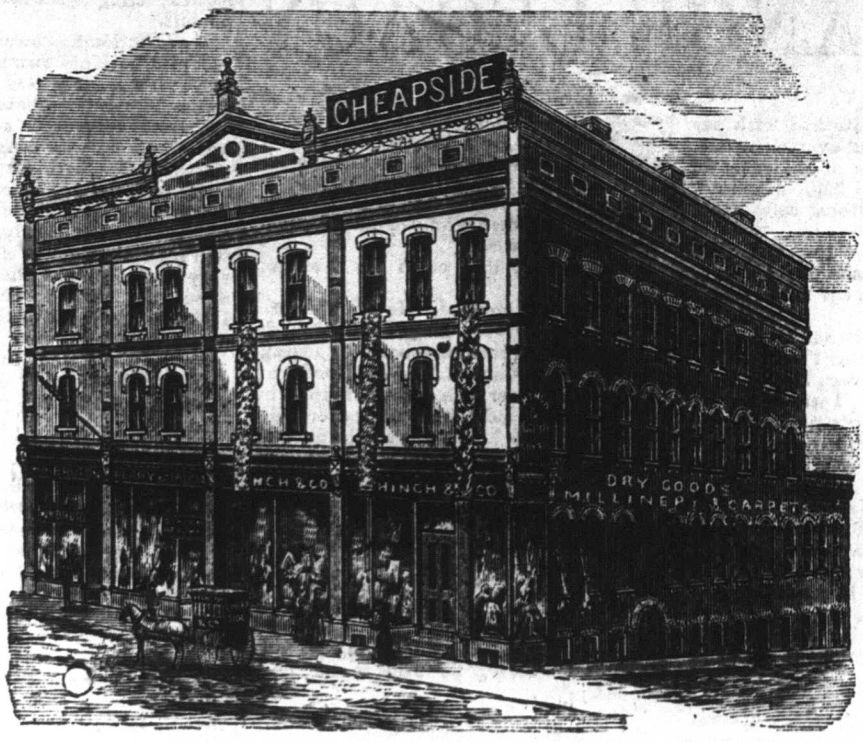
J. C. DREWRY

their Appraiser for Lennox & Addintgon.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
EXPRESS Office, Napanee Ont



HOW DID

OUR DISPLAY OF FURS

AT THE

COUNTY SHOW,

SUIT YOU?

Don't you think we ought to be able to do the Fur trade well this season?

We had another stock of Furs at our stores from which we sold largely during the show days, so that what you saw wasn't the whole of our stock by any means.

DON'T FORGET US

when you, or your neighbors or friends want Furs

DON'T FORGET US

when you or your neighbors or friends wan't Furs, recommend CHEAPSIDE to them every time. We sell more Furs and carry a larger stock than any two ordinary stores, and if we haven't got just what you want made up, we can make it to your order. We manufacture all our best goods ourselves. We have other strong points besides Furs.

WE ARE STRONG

in Dress Goods and Mantle and Ulster Cloths.

WE ARE STRONG

in Silks, Satins, Velvets and Plushes.

WE ARE STRONG

in Lace Curtains and Chenille Curtains and materials.

WE ARE STRONG

in Gloves, Hose and Underwear.

WE ARE STRONG

in Tweeds, Overcoatings, and Gents' Furnishings.

WE ARE STRONG

In Flannels, Blankets etc.

WE ARE STRONG

in Shawls, Ready-Made Ulsters, Jackets, etc.

WE ARE STRONG IN Black Goods of all sorts.

WE ARE STRONG IN Millinery. Sales increasing every day. We aim to do everything we do well and are determined to make "CHEAPSIDE" the great rallying ground for purchasers of this and the surrounding counties.

CHEAPSIDE'S

The Leading Dry Goods, Millinery and Fur House.

A STRANGE LEGACY

CHAPTER V.

The interview which Kate had with her father that evening was not a very long one, nor was it remarkable for any display of feeling on either side. He had, as he said, made up his mind, and nothing Kate could say had the least effect upon him. She did her best; but when he rose from his chair and told her to leave him, she was no nearer gaining her end than when she broached the subject.

"Will you think about it again when he has got a good practice, father?"

"You have had my answer, Kate. It is finally and absolutely No. I will not think about it now or at any other time, and the sooner you forget the man the better."

Clearly, there was no hope of doing things in an orthodox fashion; and before Kate went to sleep that night, she had thought out her project in detail, to lay before Charles Lakeworth next day.

"I sincerely hope I have settled that for good and all," said Mr. Dottleson to the mirror after Kate had gone. "If there's any more bother about it, I'll send her away into the country for a few months, and see what that will do."

He was not destined to hear anything more from Kate; they met at breakfast as usual, and the hated name was not mentioned. His daughter's manner towards him was unchanged, and he told himself that she had accepted the inevitable at last, and would not trouble him again.

Miss Mumbole might have learnt the particulars of Kate's device and told them to us, had she been less interested in a speech which a great politician had delivered at a garden-party the day before; but the lovers conversed in such low tones that only a most attentive listener could have heard what they said. Their last few words were audible, and we are able to place them on record.

"Now just tell me exactly what you want me to do?" said Charles when Kate had unfolded her plan.

"All you have to do is to go to your lodgings and pack up at once; take away everything, and say you are not coming back. Don't forget to drop a hint to your landlady that you are going abroad."

"Where am I to go, and what's to become of my patients?"

"Go anywhere you like, but don't show yourself on any account. You'd better ask some other doctor to look after your patients; it will give color to the idea that you have left England."

"If I took lodgings out at Highgate, it would do?"

"Yes; it would do very well. Send your address to Miss Mumbole, so that I can write to you."

Charles reflected for a few minutes before he spoke again; the plan proposed seemed quite feasible, and promised success. He had everything to win, and little to lose; for if it prospered, Kate would be his with her father's sanction; and if it failed, he would be much where he was before. "All right, Kate, I'll do it. Don't forget to write."

"Very well; it's settled. You'd better go at once, and be sure you don't leave your lodgings later than four this afternoon."

By three o'clock Dr. Lakeworth was driving away from his old quarters with all his baggage, having asked a friend to take his practice for a day or two, paid off his landlady, and carefully imbued that worthy woman with the notion that he was bound for the continent.

When Mr. Dottleson came home that evening, and casually asked for his daughter, he was informed that she had gone away in a cab with a portmanteau, and would not be back that night. He was out of the house and back in his hansom before the landlady could turn round. Kate had eloped with Charles Lakeworth! A thousand pounds sterling per annum was trembling in the balance! O the wickedness, the deceit of the human heart! O the short-sighted, unfathomable folly of old ladies who made wills like that!

"Double fare if I catch the 7 30 from Victoria!"

They *must* be stopped. He would search every hotel in Dover. He would put on detectives to watch the Calais boat. A thousand pounds a year! Central Asia—— Good heavens! was there ever such a snail in harness before? Were the London streets ever so crowded as they were now? This was all the outcome of that call for Smuggles's partner; the words were ringing in his ears when he got out at the station and paid off his cab. He was in time for the train, and lay back in his seat panting and breathless; he was tired, but as unswerving as ever in his purpose.

Dover at last. He walked out of the station and hailed a cab; he had no dinner, but hunger was forgotten.

"Take me to all the hotels in the town one after the other," he said to the dumfounded jehu.

"It will take the whole night, sir."

"I'll make it worth your while."

Whatever remuneration that cab-driver received he fairly earned it. He took his fare from one hotel to another, until his horse broke down, and he passed Mr Dottleson on to a belated 'growler' who was crawling home. At four o'clock in the morning he drove up to the Station Hotel and dragged himself to bed; he had examined the visitors' book in every hotel in the place, and had questioned the hall porters besides; but not a trace had he found of the fugitives.

He slept until nine o'clock from sheer fatigue; but as soon as he awoke, he rose, swallowed his breakfast, and went to the police office, where he succeeded in obtaining the services of men to watch the boats, who were to telegraph to him if the pair were seen. Then he took the train back to town, and went direct to Starbone and Smuggles's office to see Mr. Slimp, whom he found in his room looking as gaunt and sorrowful as ever.

"You made a most exhaustive search at Dover, Mr. Dottleson?" he said when he had heard the whole story and the manner in which his client had passed the preceding night.

"Most thorough. I cannot think they are there, though they were too late to catch the afternoon boat."

"It may be that taking the tickets was a mere blind. Why should Miss Dottleson not have booked through to Paris or where not if she actually intended going?"

Mr. Dottleson had not thought of that; it was a little strange. Kate had often been across the Channel with him, and knew the the saving of trouble booking "through" implied.

"What course would you suggest, Mr. Slimp? The consequences of such a marriage would be ruinous—simply ruinous."

Mr. Slimp stroked his hair up the wrong way and thought hard. "We must advertise, Mr. Dottleson, and at once."

Blazon the wretched scandal to the world through the Agony Columns of the penny papers! That it should come to this! He laid his head upon his arm and groaned. "Couldn't detectives do it?"

"They're too slow, Mr. Dottleson; and the parties haven't committed any crime."

Hadn't committed any crime! And they were throwing away twenty Thousand Pounds. No crime! How could any reason-

half expecting to see the outraged parent in pursuit.

Mr. Dottleson, however, was too much occupied with his own side of the affair to move; his anxiety lest the paper he had given Mr. Slimp should prove too late, overcame every other sentiment; he hardly knew that he was consenting to Dr. Lakeworth's union with Kate and endowing the latter with her grandmother's money.

"If they have been married by now," said the solicitor slowly, "no advertisement will induce them to come back; but it's very unlikely that they would be in such a violent hurry; and with your leave, I'll issue a new advertisement which may do more than this one."

"Do what you think best; but for mercy's sake, let me know the very moment you hear whether that permission I gave you is in time."

Mr. Slimp promised compliance, and saw his client to the door; then he went back into his room and set himself to draw up another advertisement, which we may as well show the reader at once:

"If Miss K. D. of No. 21 Blakewood Square, South Kensington, will apply to Messrs Starbone and Smuggles, Lincoln's Inn, she will receive the written permission she requires. She must apply personally."

The London dailies gave due publicity to this announcement the following morning, with singularly prompt results. Mr. Dottleson called at Lincoln's Inn about eleven o'clock to ask for news and was informed that Miss Dottleson had come to the office half an hour previously, and having inspected the document her father had signed, and received assurance that it was legally what it purported to be, had gone away in the direction of the West End—probably to Blakewood Square.

Mr. Dottleson rushed out of the office and called a cab; his excitement was rising again, for in half an hour he was to know where Mrs. Lamshed's money was to go. Kate was standing at the dining-room window when he drove up and came to open the door.

"When were you married?" he demanded excitedly the instant he was inside the house.

"Married?" echoed his daughter. "I'm not married. Who said I was?"

Mr. Dottleson sank limply into a chair, and gaped at her for three minutes before he found speech. Then he pulled himself together to perform his duty.

"Explain where you have been ever since Tuesday. What have you been doing? Where is that scoundrel Lakeworth?"

The extreme simplicity of Miss Dottleson's explanation goaded her father almost to madness. She had been staying with her old governess, Miss Simcox, at Dover, for a day or two. It was very slow indeed down there; she did absolutely nothing. She wasn't quite sure where Dr. Lakeworth was; but he said on Tuesday that he was going to Highgate for a short time; no doubt he would write when he saw the advertisement.

And this was what he had magnified into an elopement! We will not dwell upon Mr. Montague Dottleson's wrath; we will not relate how he tried to get that paper back from Mr. Slimp, and how the melancholy man, as executor, would not give it up. We say that we will not speak of these things; we leave them to the reader's imagination. It was a long time before our friend recognised that he was beaten, and might as well give in gracefully; but he did so at last, and Charles Lakeworth married Kate Dottleson with her father's blessing.

Dr. Lakeworth has now a large practice at the West End, and Kate sometimes complains that he devotes more attention to his work than to her.

practice for a day or two, paid off his landlady, and carefully imbued that worthy woman with the notion that he was bound for the continent.

When Mr. Dottleson came home that evening, and casually asked for his daughter, he was informed that she had gone away in a cab, taking a quantity of luggage with her, about an hour before. She had not told any of the servants where she was going, and the only clue to her destination was the order she had been heard to give the cabman, "To Victoria."

"Did she leave no message for me?" asked the astounded parent.

"No, sir."

"Did she say when she was coming back?"

"No, sir."

Every domestic in the house was examined in turn; but not a scrap of informat;on could be gleaned which would throw a ray of light upon this extraordinary proceeding of Kate's. There was only one thing to be done, and Mr. Dottleson did it. He sent for a hansom, and drove as fast as he could go to Victoria Station. There he made inquiries of the booking-office clerks; and his heart bounded with excitement when one of the men looked round from his desk and said that he recollected serving a young lady answering the description, with tickets for Dover.

"With tickets!" ejaculated Mr. Dottleson. "How many did she take?"

"Two first class singles," replied the man promptly.

That looked ugly; the faint suspicions he had dismissed as ridiculous, returned and took a very definite shape.

"When does the next train leave for Dover?"

"Express at 7.30, sir."

Mr. Dottleson looked at his watch: it was nearly six now, so he had an hour and a half to wait. He would employ the time profitably by going to Dr. Lakeworth's lodgings and making inquiries there.

"Is Dr. Lakeworth in?" he asked the woman who opened the door.

"No, sir; but Dr Lakeworth he sez as Dr. Wilmot"——

"I don't want Dr. Wilmot. When is Dr. Lakeworth expected home?"

"He *ain't* expected; but Dr. Wilmot"——

Time was too precious to be frittered away like this: he pushed past the woman into the passage and told her to call the landlady. The landlady took some time to answer the summons, and when she did, she proved to be but one degree more intelligent than the servant. Mr. Dottleson speedily discovered this, and took her in hand with a firm patience which would have done credit to a Queen's Counsel.

Was Dr. Lakeworth at home? No, but ——Never mind that. When did he go away? Go away? It might have been three o'clock, or half-past, or even four; the clocks was—— Never mind about the clocks. Was Dr. Lakeworth coming back? He said as how he wasn't; but them medical gentlemen —— Never mind medical gentlemen just now. Did he say where he was going? The landlady's countenance lit up with intelligence, and she fairly beamed with superior knowledge. She knowed exactly where Dr. Lakeworth had gone. Mr. Dottleson almost jumped off the table upon which he was seated, but choked down his eagerness and repeated the question. The doctor was gone to furrin parts; to the Continong, he said. There was a certain amount of latitude in the address, but it was quite enough to harden suspicion into certainty. It was as clear as daylight. The two were off to the Continent via Dover. Kate and her lover had left their respective homes at the same time; the former had taken their tickets, and the latter had disclosed the direction they intended to take.

Mr. Dottleson did not stand on ceremony: laid his head upon his arm and groaned, "Couldn't detectives do it?"

"They're too slow, Mr. Dottleson; and the parties haven't committed any crime."

Hadn't committed any crime! And they were throwing away twenty Thousand Pounds. No crime! How could any reasonable man sit there and talk like that?

"I leave the matter in your hands, Mr Slimp; I feel myself unequal to the task of dealing with it. My daughter must be saved to us. Do whatever you think most advisable.

"I will do my best," said the melancholy man with a sigh, "but it's a difficult case."

Mr Slimp had not a reassuring way with him; but he was an nergetic man enough. He put the business in hand at once, and did what he thought was most efficacious. Mr Dottleson saw the result next morning in the *Times;* here it is. "Mr M. D. of Blakewood Square, Kensington, earnestly requests his daughter to communicate with him immediately. He hereby undertakes to consider her wish if she at once returns to his care. Mr C. L. is also invited to return."

He had hardly realised the situation until this caught his eye in the paper. He said nothing to any one, but crammed the Times into his pocket and drove to Lincoln's Inn. He could not put the thought which oppressed his brain into words. Mr Slimp was engaged when he reached the office; but on hearing who the visitors was, sent to request him to come in. He went in, and found a middle-aged clergyman in earnest conversation with the solicitor. He bowed slightly to our friend, who returned the salutation with an idle glance. He had no inclination to meet strangers just now, and was a good deal surprised at the lawyer receiving himself when he had another client in his room.

"Sit down, Mr. Dottleson," said the solicitor. "Allow me to introduce the Rev. William Wiskin, Secretary to the Central Asia Missionary Society."

Mr. Dottleson turned pale and trembled; he was face to face with the enemy.

"I had called upon Mr. Slimp in consequence of the advertisement in this morning's paper, Mr. Dottleson," exclaimed the clergyman. "Being of course aware of the Society's reversionary interest in the late Mrs. Lamshed's property, it appeared that inquiries made in its behalf might not be out of place."

"I have advised Mr. Wiskin that he has yet no shadow of a claim on the property," said Mr. Slimp. "We have no proof of Miss Dottleson's marriage to Mr. Lakeworth, or any one else, so far."

"I trust that Mr. Dottleson will not consider my call hasty and precipitate; but, as I have pointed out, the young lady *may* be already wedded to the gentleman named in the advertisement; in which case, since her father's consent has obviously not"——

His smoothly flowing speech was interrupted by a suppressed scream of rage from Mr. Dottleson, as that gentleman sprang from his chair, grabbed wildly at the stationery case on the table, tore a sheet of paper therefrom and seized a pen. Not another instant should be lost; and without pausing to reseat himself, he dashed off three lines of writing and signed his full name at the bottom; he added the date and, after a look at the clock, the exact time.

"My consent," he gasped, forcing the document into Mr. Slimp's hands. He had fired his last shot, and sank back into his chair, whence he fixed Mr. Wiskin with a stare of impotent ferocity, That gentleman was not slow to understand the footing upon which matters had now been placed, and rose to take his leave, telling the lawyer that he should no doubt hear from him if necessary. He attempted to address a few words of condolence to Mr. Dottleson; but when he looked at him, they died upon his lips, and he fled from the office, looking back more than once.

Charles Lakeworth married Kate Dottleson with her father's blessing.

Dr. Lakeworth has now a large practice at the West End, and Kate sometimes complains that he devotes more attention to his work than to her. Nevertheless, they are a very happy couple; and old Mr Dottleson frankly admits that his daughter's choice was a wise one, though h elooks grave when you ask him about her little visit to Dover.

[THE END.]

The Fishing Industry.

According to the New York Times the fact that the *modus vivendi* will expire before the beginning of another fishing season is likely to be brought before Congress for consideration next session. Our contemporary says.—"The purpose in granting it was to afford time for the deliberate consideration of the treaty which was rejected last year, and in case of that rejection to provide a peaceable method of carrying on the fishing industry until some other mode of settling the points in controversy should be reached. There is no question that it has accomplished its purpose, so far as furnishing certain accommodations is concerned, and the recent statement that twice as many licenses have been issued this year to American vessels as last shows that it is growing in favour. But meanwhile the interval has not been improved to make any progress toward the final adjustment of the fishery dispute. Presumably, when the two years expire and a new season is to begin, those American fishermen who have availed themselves of the privileges granted under the *modus vivendi* license of buying bait, ice, and other supplies, transshipping freight, shipping and landing men and so on, will be sorry to lose them, if there is nothing to take their place."

Rhode Island and Massachusetts have a little fisheries dispute in their own right. Massachusetts contends that Buzzards Bay—which we may remark is not a thousand miles broad, like Behring Sea—is a mare clausum (there is no sense in talking Engish when Latin will do just as well), and, therefore, that the Rhodians have no right to catch menhaden therein. The Rhode Island "Porgy Pirates," without bothering themselves with complicated arguments about fishing rights, simply fished. One day the Massachusetts catboat, Dempsey's Dream, bore down upon six of the pirates and boarded one of them, the Joseph Church. The five other pirates came to the rescue, but were frightened away by the guns of the Dempsey's Dream. The captain of the Dream put a prize crew on board the Church—not a crew of one, like the Rush, but a crew big enough to control the boat and to put the Church's captain in irons when he steered the wrong way. This illustrates that control of the shore fisheries rests with the different States, the Federal Government having this power only in the case of Territories. If Alaska were to become a State she would be able to send catboats to protect her fisheries, but she would probably give up the thousand miles claim that the United States is making, and be content with a three-mile limit.

The total cost of supplying the British man-of-war Hero with explosives and projectiles for a commission is estimated by a correspondent of the London Daily News at between £35,000 and £40,000. It costs £8 5s., or about $41, to fire a single shot from one of the two 12-inch, 45-ton, breech-loading guns. The charge weighs 295 pounds and is kept in four silken bags, enclosed in a brass cylindrical case. The ammunition for torpedoes, etc., being all on the same expensive scale, it is not hard to see how the total of $200,000 is reached, and how enormous would be the expense of a great naval war in these days.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Eighty pedigree Clydesdales have been sold out of a stud in Kirkcudbrightshire to a commissioner from Saxony, where these horses are now in great demand, and the trade with Germany appears likely to increase considerably.

A new opthalmic disease which has recently appeared in Vienna, attacks the cornea of the eyeball, upon which appear small white specks, so that the patient is almost unable to see. Professor Stellwag, a renowned occulist, declares that the disease has remained unknown up to the present time, although it is not malignant or difficult to treat

In 1878, thirteen years after the close of the civil war, the United States Government was paying out for pensions $27,000,000. Ten years later the amount had increased to $88,000,000, and this year it is said, it will be not less than $110,000,000. This latter sum is forty per cent. of the country's total expenditure, and more than the cost of the standing armies of German and Great Britain. The whole sec et o th wonderful expansion of the' pension list appears to be that it is used for political purposes.

According to the Eastern papers the Grand Trunk is surveying a line of railway from Edmunston to Moncton. Edmunston is now reached from Quebec by the Intercolonial and the Temiscouata railways. A line from Edmunston, the terminus of the Temiscouata, to Moncton, will supply the missing link in the shortest possible all-Canadian route to Halifax. By the Intercolonial the distance from Montreal to Halifax is 850 miles; by the C. P. R. short line it is 758 miles. By the projected all-Canadian route it will be but 760 miles. The Halifax people have been moving heaven and earth to secure a short route to the West. Now is their chance, not only to get a short route, but a competitive route.

The recent cession by the Sultan of Zanzibar to the Imperial British East Africa Company of the island and port of Lamu is hailed in England as a most important acquisition. It is looked upon as a distinct triumph over German diplomacy, which is aiming at securing the same port. It was felt by some that British interests on the east coast of Africa were somewhat circumscribed, but the latest addition is held to be a highly advantageous addition to British territory. Following quick upon this comes the announcement that the Salisbury Government intends to establish a new line of mail steamers between London and the principal east African ports via Naples.

The rivalry between New York and Chicago for the privilege of holding the world's fair of 1892 becomes keener every day, and is developing frantic and ludicrous proposals. The smokiness of Chicago and the consequent degradation which the cuffs and collars of European visitors must suffer, unless old world prejudices against celluloid are overcome, is being "rubbed in" to Chicagoans, and apparently with effect. The smoke is undeniable and to remove it it is suggested the city council pass a by-law prohibiting warehouses, railways and factories from using soft coal. That the large commercial interest is," said Mrs. Crawford in a whisper. "They have got to the foot of the stair now. They're coming in here.--The Lord preserve us; it's Mr. Menkton himsel'!"

The farmers of Nebraska are in a bad way. In answer to the question, What rates of interest do you pay? two answered 11 per cent.; twenty two, 10 per cent.; twenty nine, 9 per cent.; thirty-three, 8 per cent; thirteen, 7 per cent., and four 6 per cent.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The Czarina's Health—Specks of War Clouds—Boulanger and His Friends.

The Czar has sent an autograph letter to Emperor William stating that the Czarina has caught cold, and that her physicians have advised her to delay her departure for several days. The Czar asks that the final directions for his reception at Potsdam be delayed.

Prince Bismarck has since communicated with Count Schouvaloff, the Russian Minister, in regard to the arrangements of the Czar in the event of his coming to Berlin. Count Schouvaloff replied that he had orders to prepare to receive the Czar and his suite at the Embassy. The Czar himself has not intimated his intentions beyond his visit to Potsdam.

The week has been signalized by an outbreak of war clamors by the semi-official press. The Cologne "Gazette" publishes an alarmist article on the extension of the Russian stategic railways on the frontier, which the "North German Gazette" prominently quotes. There is a simultaneous reappearance of war notes in the Chancellor's organs.

The Vienna papers foment the scare by statements that the Russians along the frontiers of Galicia and Bukovina are in actual motion. Six regiments of cavalry and four of infantry have, they say, arrived from the interior. Observation towers are being erected close to the Galician frontier, the whole aspect of the country giving the impression that the army is making a strategic march. These reports have been directly suppressed by the Vienna and Berlin ministers.

BISMARCK'S MOTIVES.

Bismarck's motives in recreating agitation over the Russian armaments is variously interpreted. Recalling the incidents prior to the last interview the Czar accorded him, it is obvious that the Chancellor aims to place the Czar again under the necessity of granting a political conference. The reports also serve other purposes, as they tend to balk Russia's efforts to negotiate a loan for the payment of the cost of the repeating rifles ordered in France, and prepare the Reichstag to accept the new military bill, which is now known to involve an extra credit of 240,000,000 marks. But if the indifference shown by the Boerse over the attempted scare forecasts the feeling of the Reichstag, Prince Bismarck will find the members less susceptible than formerly to the old trick.

But Boulanger's demeanor just now is anything but Olympian, and he is especially worried by the entreaties of some people who pose as his friends to do something noble and striking, in order to prevent defeat becoming rout at the second balloting. Preferably they would like the General to get to Paris in disguise, ride down the Bois de Boulogne at noon on his black charger, and be arrested gloriously in the sight of all Paris. They admit that the consequences would be unpleasant for Boulanger personally, but it would greatly advance the cause. Boulanger thinks otherwise, and for the present such glory must be earned vicariously or not at all.

Limitations of Instinct.

Side by side with the wonderful instances recorded of the intelligence of the lower animals are to be found facts betraying their

Simple and Pretty.

Cheap and effective picture-frames are useful things in these days, when almost every one paints; and oil sketches will look well framed in the following manner: Get from a picture-frame maker a wide, flat frame of common deal, and a cheap gold flat to fit inside it; cover the frame lightly and smoothly with coarse dark green serge; lay it face downwards on the table, and with a few nails fix into it the flat and the picture; paste a sheet of brown paper all over the back, and screw in the two rings by which to hang it up.

Take one or two nice full trails of bramble, choosing those with small leaves; iron them and gild them thoroughly, stem and all, using lustre paint the color of the gilt flat, and when thoroughly dry, turn the frame over and fasten on the bramble trails; drive needle points through the stems, and use glue for the leaves: arrange them thickly in one corner, and let them trail off gradually, so that none quite reach the opposite corner, where a flight of small Japanese butterflies, also gilt, can be put with very good effect.

Vases and jars of the rough, common sort of terra cotta, can be converted into decorative ornaments by painting the vase with the darker shades of green lustre paint, beginning darkest at the top, and shading off lighter toward the bottom, then taking some fir cones and twigs painted with the lightest green gold, and sticking them on. The twigs are quite pliable enough to bend round and follow the shape of the vase, and glue holds very firmly on the porous terra-cotta.

Open fir cones, such as children love to pick up and bring home, can be made into quite pretty floral receptacles by being set up in a damp pot, earth sprinkled around and over them, and then bird seed. Keep them moist, and after a time the seed springs into life, and a crop of delicate greenery sprouts from the cone segments.

Old raveled yarn hose will answer for rugs after the Persian style. The yarn is sewed in burlaps, doubled, leaving it in loops, which curl down closely to the background. Another one might be cut closely with sharp scissors until it looks like velvet.

Old fashioned miniatures are effectually displayed by covering an old oval or square picture with a drapery of India silk and filling the aperture with cardboard covered with colored velvet or white brocade.

The pictures are suspended on small fancy hooks affixed to the cardboard. The frame rests upon an easel, and both might be enameled white, and the silk drapery dispensed with. If the miniatures are in brooch form, they should be hung by smalls bows of ribbon.

Novel night-dress cases are in the form of a large open fan. They are of brocade, cretonne, or sateen, and lace, over cardboard, with the opening on one side, and silk cord around the entire edge.

These cases look pretty lying at the foot of a well-made bed; but after a night-dress is aired it is far healthier to hang it up in a closet than to fold it up tightly to put in a case or under the pillows, as our grandmothers did.

Monograms have suddenly assumed gigantic dimensions, and figure on window-blinds, bedspreads, portieres, and carriage-rugs. Those on linen window-blinds are about three-quarters of a yard long, and sometimes fill up nearly the entire centre. They are either traced on the linen, slightly padded with strands of wool, tacked down at distances, and then worked over, and over in colored wool; or they can be cut out in cloth, appliqued on, and finished off at the edges with a strand of filoselle, kept down by stitches at short distances. This gives a raised "beading" look.

On linen the monogram is sometimes of

in answer to the question, What rates of interest do you pay? two answered 11 per cent.; twenty two, 10 per cent.; twenty nine, 9 per cent.; thirty-three, 8 per cent; thirteen, 7 per cent., and four 6 per cent. One farmer, referring to the question, said: "In 1883 I needed $100 for six months. I went to a money loaner and he furnished it to me at 10 per cent. When due I returned it. In 1887 I had a son going away; he wanted some money. I went to the same man to get it and he charged me 1 per cent. He wanted 20 per cent., and required the best security. I cannot now borrow from the same man under 3 per cent. a month. He told me a few days ago that he can put out all the money he has at that rate." Out of 200 replies by farmers in Nebraska 88 stated the cause of failure was "too high rates of interest, from 2 to 4 per cent. per month."

That China is at last really awakening to some of the advantages of western civilization is apparent in the decision of the Government to push forward the Hankow railway. The first railway in the Empire, a short one, was torn up by an angry populace, and last year work on the eighty miles of road built had to be abandoned in deference to the prejudices of a portion of the people. The anti-railway party actually circulated with effect the report that Europe regretted she had built railways and was now abandoning them, and was foisting her discarded rails on China. Now, however, a big Chinese railway is likely to become an accomplished fact. Perhaps the extention of the Russian railways through Siberia and Tartary had something to do in inducing a decided policy at Pekin in regard to an improvement of immense political importance to the Celestial Empire.

A paper that deals in facts and abstractions, Science, undertakes to show by a tabular statement that the population of the United States in 1990 will be more than 1,000,000,000. But to get this result the same proportionate increase for the next hundred years is taken as has obtained since 1790. This will not answer, because the percentage of immigration, which has been a material element of our growth, will constantly fall, and the population of a country as it becomes denser, does not, for various causes, multiply so rapidly. But however much short of the French billion the population of the United States will be in 1990 it will be sufficient for the time—large enough to tax the strength of free institutions and keep the lawmakers of that generation busy. It is a theme for fruitful speculation as to what will be the condition of North America and its people a hundred years from now. How will the industries and the arts have progressed, what mechanical revelations will be made, what new trade currents established what new forces come into play? How long, in 1990, will the steam engine and the telegraph have been obsolete? Where will be the new industrial centers, where the mighty cereal lands, what the relation between city and country life, between mechanic, tradesman and farmer? Where will the monarchies and despotisms of the old world have gone and how will their successors be regarded by the great people that cover the North American continent?

Burns tells the London strikers that he will promote a strike in Glasgow.

Aristocratic but vinegar-faced caller—He's charming little fellow, Mrs. Grindstone. Only five years old, you say. You'll give me a kiss, won't you, Willie? Willie—Yes'm. (Kisses her.) Caller—That's a good boy, Willie. But what are you holding in your hand so tightly? "It's a half dollar mamma gave me. She said she 'spected you'd want to kiss me and I told her I wouldn't do it for less."

Limitations of Instinct.

Side by side with the wonderful instances recorded of the intelligence of the lower animals are to be found facts betraying their apparent stupidity. Instinct is a good servant, acting under the ordinary conditions of life, but when circumstances become unusual, then her weakness is evident. Sir John Lubbock gives numerous instances of the entire lack of the inventive faculty in insects. One species of the sphex, or wasp, preys upon a large grasshopper. Having disabled her victim, she drags it along by one of the antennæ, but if both these be cut off close to the head, it never occurs to her to grasp a leg. She simply leaves her victim in despair.

Again, when this wasp had once provisioned a cell with a grasshopper and laid an egg there, both egg and grasshopper were removed. The sphex was allowed to return, but, though she went into the empty cell and must have known it to be vacant, she calmly proceeded to stop up the opening, as if nothing had happened.

The mason bee constructs an earthen cell, through which, when it has reached maturity, the young insect eats its way. Monsieur Fabre found that if he pasted a piece of paper round the cell the insect had no difficulty in eating through it, but if he also enclosed the cell in a paper case, so that there was an air space between cell and paper, the insect made no attempt to penetrate the outer paper. Instinct taught it to bite through one enclosure, but it had not wit enough to attempt a second.

Bees are supposed to show a high order of intelligence, as compared with other insects, but even they have narrow limitations. There is a species of bee which builds cells of masonry and fills them with honey as she goes, raising the rim a little, then making a few journeys for honey, and, when the cell is full, covering the top with a last load of mortar.

Monsieur Fabre once chose a nearly completed cell, and broke away a portion of the wall. The bee mended the place on her return, the operation coming in the natural order of her work. Then the naturalist pierced a hole in the bottom of the cell, but, through the honey exuded through it, the poor bee continued bringing alternate honey and mortar, as if nothing had happened.

On another occasion he made a still larger hole, but, though the little worker examined it, even pushing her antennæ through it, she had no idea of making repairs, but continued to pour in at the top load after load of honey, which of course, immediately ran out below.

Nor was this all. After hours of fruitless labor, when she had brought the usual amount of honey, she laid her egg and carefully sealed up the empty cell.

Another instance of the resemblance of instinct to mere habit is to be found in the case of a caterpilar which makes a complicated sort of hammock. If a caterpillar were taken from a hammock which it had finished up to the sixth stage of construction, and placed in one which was completed to the third stage, it finished its work without difficulty. On the other hand, if one which had reached the third stage were placed in one which had reached the sixth, instead of feeling the benefit of such progress, it became bewildered and seemed forced to return to the point where it had been interrupted.

Purplish red shades will be chosen for Winter costumes.

A large and very important discovery of uranium is reported in Cornwall. It is a true fissure vein, the ore containing an average of 1 per cent. of the pure metal, going up as high in many places as 30 per cent. The market price of uranium is $12,000 a ton.

in colored wool; or they can be cut out in cloth, appliqued on, and finished off at the edges with a strand of filoselle, kept down by stitches at short distances. This gives a raised "beading" look.

On linen the monogram is sometimes of colored linen worked with filosette. Filosette can be had in all the art shades, and is much used for working on linen. Linen bed-spreads-summer cots, perambulator-covers, large aprons, etc., are entirely worked with it. It resembles colored flourishing thread.

A handsome tray cover of momie cloth has the ends cut in the shape of leaves, which are button-holed around, and veined with washing silk in three shades of green.

The Angel Invisible.

In sorrow's night, no ray of joy divining,
When darkness reigned, no star of hope outshining,
When not an eye could see the clouds low drifting,
No sun to pierce, no light their darkness lifting,
An angel form, though unseen, hovered near me;
An angel voice spoke softly words to cheer me.

"Be not cast down; dark days bring bright to morrows,
And after woe comes sure surcease of sorrows;
If unto thee the darkness thick descendeth,
There is a Friend beyond who thee befriendeth;
Who will not let the burdens bear thee downward,
But will uplift and ever bear thee onward.
Therefore, take heart; he bids me not to leave thee;
When I am near no sadness long can grieve thee."

Oh, angel fair! sweet faith, bright heavenly spirit!
May I thy constant friendship daily merit;
Remain with me, though unseen, still attending,
In dubious ill against despair defending;
Thy gentle voice my spirit still inspiring
With courage now and strength of will untiring:
In sorrow's night, when clouds are dark above me,
Whisper of him who will protect and love me.

Getting the Old Man's Daughter.

Toiling a short time since on the edge of the lime-stone or blue-grass region the writer overheard the following conversation at a cabin near Hells Half Acre in Robertson county, Ky. The girl was probably sixteen and the young man she was leading into the cabin on the soft side of twenty. The girl's father was seated on the cabin door-step whittling a piece of cedar.

"Pap, giv' he un yer paw."

"Why, Mandy?"

"We's gaged. He 'n' I."

"Ar'?"

"Yep. Sho'! This is Ephraim Maybriar's boy."

"Yep? What's yer fust name, Maybriar?"

"Zonk—Zonk Maybriar's my name."

"N'yer want ter git marrid ter' my Mandy, eh?"

"Yas, sorter."

"Reckon yer can keep her wa'll?"

"Yep."

"Fit 'n' die fur hern if need be?"

"Ef it's part of the cantract."

"'N' wollop shoel outen everybody that lies agin her."

"Yep."

"Put it thar', Zonk Maybriar. Yer jus' th' feller we've been wantin for years. I've got plenty of work fer yer in my family, Zonk."

HOUSEHOLD.

Autograph Quilts.

This is a day of autograph hunters. The epidemic assumes various forms. Some have the craze for postal albums. One lady of my acquaintance has an album of several hundred postals from people whom she admits she never saw, and never expects to see. Another rage is the quilt autograph, but few people at present aspire to the crazy quilt. For my part I have not yet been able to decide whether I like them or not. I have seen so many witched and bewitched into what was originally intended to be a thing of beauty, but what appeared really more the production of the weakened brain of some poor aesthetic lunatic. In fact I never see a crazy quilt without a vivid childhood remembrance of a kaleidoscopic view I had after falling from a high swing.

Autograph quilts containing a block from each state in the union are also much in vogue. My idea of an autograph quilt is something entirely different, and as it is original with myself I will give it, as it will probably be new to others. I am saving a piece of each dress and apron of my children's clothes, from their babyhood up. Upon each piece I fasten a bit of paper with the name and age of the child at the time it had the garments, and after I am done collecting I shall make each a quilt of his and her own pieces, and with indelible ink mark on each block the date the garment was bought and what it was. What think you of my idea? Try it, mothers, it will be something the children can always keep, and that they will prize above gold long after the dear mother has crossed the mystic river to her long home beyond. I love to piece quilts and expect to be just that old fashioned all my life.

During the warm weather it is well to have sewing classes in which to teach our young girls how to sew, and piece quilts. I find it one of the best ways to teach our girls how to use a needle, and really an economical way, for every household has more or less pieces, and the quilts are always saleable. Plain square is best for new beginners. The next early pattern is the road to California and back or castle stairs. I think every community should have a sewing society. It pays in two ways—as a matter of economy and as a means to have the girls learn to sew. If you have no pretty patterns to commence with, send me a stamp for postage and I will send you one, and I will also make and send a paper block with it, so you can see how it looks before going to work.

I have a lot of quilt patterns and will give you all you want, if you send stamps for postage. I will name some of them: Moon and Stars; Sunflower; Wheel of Fortune; Hit and Miss; Pincushion and Cucumbers; Robbing Peter to pay Paul; Hearts and Gizzards; Castle Stairs; Centennial; Button String; Old Maid's Puzzle; Haystack; Toad in a Puddle; Texas Tears; Texas Star; Blind Man's Fancy. Here is a good variety. With each pattern I will make and send a paper block, name and directions for making. For any one pattern send a 2 cent stamp, as they will have to be sent as first class matter, the same as letters. If 6 or 8 patterns are wanted send 15 cents, or if you want all I have mentioned send about 35 cents. They will be quite bulky, and send American stamps, as I could not use Canada stamps to pay postage.

Mrs. F. A. Warner.
223 Hess St., East Saginaw, Mich.

Marriage is a Failure.

When there is too much latchkey.
When dinner is not ready at dinner time.
When the cutter she separates the pleats from t surface.

This is done while the shirt is passing beneath the roller. Four times through and the bosom is done. The garment is next handed to another girl, who operates an ingenious but indescribable contrivance for ironing the collarband. Finally, the shirt goes to a woman who irons the wristbands and bodies by hand, and folds it into shape for delivery. It is now done, and being placed with others on a tray beneath the woman's table, is carried off in a basket to the delivery department.

The collars and cuffs, after being dampened, are run through a sublimated sort of mangle, which is equipped with a gas heated roller to do the ironing. The things are fed in from one side and come out the other almost ready to wear. One or two things must he done, however, before they are altogether finished. The turn-down collars must have a little wheel that carries water run along the line at which they are to be turned so that they may not break. Then they must be turned over, ready for wear, as must be the points of many stand-up collars, and finally they must be put through other rollers to give them the curve of the neck. The cuffs have likewise to be curved as they always come home from the laundry. Then they are also ready for the delivery department.

Sweet Pickles.

Citron Melon Pickle.—Take ripe citron melons, cut in slices and remove the seeds. To five pounds of melon allow two and one-half pounds of sugar and one quart of vinegar. Heat the vinegar and sugar to the boiling point and pour over the citron; let it stand twenty-four hours, then repeat scalding the syrup five successive days. In the last boiling of the syrup, add half an ounce of stick cinnamon, half an ounce of white ginger root, and a few cloves. When the syrup boils, put in the melon and boil ten minutes; then put in jars. Skim the syrup clear and pour it over the melon.

Sweet Tomato Pickle.—Four quarts of green tomatoes and three large onions. Slice them and sprinkle with one cup of salt; let them stand over night. In the morning drain and add to them one quart of water and one pint of vinegar. Boil fifteen minutes, then drain again and throw this vinegar and water away. Add to the pickle one pound of sugar, one quart of vinegar, one tablespoonful each of clove, allspice, ginger, mustard, cinnamon and one-half teaspoonful of cayenne, then boil fifteen minutes. This pickle keeps well, but for some reason is never better relished than in fall and early winter. The sharper acid pickles taste better in the spring months.

Pickled Pears.—Make a spiced syrup by using one pint of vinegar, one and one-half pounds of granulated sugar, one tablespoonful of coarsely ground cinnamon and one teaspoonful of cloves. Put the spices in a small muslin bag and simmer it in a small quantity of vinegar to extract the strength; then add this to the sugar and vinegar which should be put into an agate preserving kettle. Drop as many pears in the kettle as can be cooked conveniently in this amount of syrup and boil steadily for fifteen minutes. Shake the kettle occasionally to keep the fruit from cooking fast to the bottom of the kettle, but do not stir it with a spoon, as it will break the pears. Lift the fruit from the syrup and put in glass jars; pour over enough of the syrup to cover it and seal while hot. As some pears are quite juicy and others quite dry, no rule can be given as to the quantity of syrup needed for each pound of fruit to be pickled; some varieties absorb much and others add to the syrup. It is well to prepare enough so that a small

HOW TO INDUCE SLEEP.

Many Methods by Which the Drowsy God May Be Wooed.

One of the most effective inducers to sleep is a warm salt-water bath taken before retiring. This will almost always put a restless child to slumber if it is well, and if it is well fed after its bath. Sleeplessness in an adult is more difficult to contend with. A warm salt bath may not always act as quickly, but it is worth trying. If there is any tendency to cold feet put a warm bottle to the feet after bathing, and in many cases a restful sleep will follow. It is far better to resort to every subterfuge to induce sleep before resorting to any sleeping draught. Sometimes a few crackers or something else eaten just before retiring will induce sleep when nothing else will. For this purpose many people keep a cracker jar in their rooms. The thin wafer crackers are excellent for this purpose.

For the dry, burning sensation in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet which induces sleeplessness, sponge them in ammonia and water or vinegar and water. The continued dwelling on a certain thought may be of value. A frequent remedy of this kind is to imagine an endless flock of sheep stepping one by one over a stile. The continual monotony of the imaginary movement will soon put a wide-awake person asleep. A famous physician put his patients to drowsy slumber by an arrangement by which they listened to the constant dropping of water, drop by drop, on metal. If a person is habitually wakeful at night it is wise to give up tea and coffee at night, and drink in their place a bowl of fresh milk heated quite hot.

Sevres Porcelain.

Among the interesting exhibits by French manufacturers, at the Paris Exhibition this summer is a very beautiful one from the famous Sevres porcelain factory. The display includes four hundred and forty separate pieces, varying from dainty cups, saucers and plates, to vases and urns of enormous size, statuettes, portraits and even the most delicate bouquets of flowers. Many of the pieces at once impress the observer as beautiful, while others seem a little "pronounced" in their vived blues and greens.

Almost every tint which can be imparted to porcelain is here; white, turquoise blue, all the greens, the delicate rose-pink which has received the name of "Dubarry," and scarlet, which has hitherto proved one of the most difficult of colors to retain under the fierce heat of the baking furnaces.

The manufacture of Sevres ware is one of the best, oldest and most characteristic arts of the French. The Sevres potteries have long been under the direct control and patronage of the government, and are in receipt of an annual thousand francs. The proceeds from sales go to the State treasury. Many fine pieces are sent as gifts to foreign countries.

It may be interesting to note the origin of an art which has attained such a world-wide celebrity.

A royal porcelain factory was first established at Vincennes in 1745, under Louis XV, and produced many notable pieces of ware, particularly bouquets. On one occasion, it is related, His Majesty was the victim of a practical joke. One of the exceedingly life-like bouquets having been placed in his green-house by the royal favorite, Madame de Pompadour, the king, on his next visit to the place, stooped and, in all good faith, attempted to smell the rare exotic.

The factory was transferred from Vincennes to Sevres in 1756, since which date

Marriage is a Failure.

When there is too much latchkey.

When dinner is not ready at dinner time.

When either of the parties marries for money.

When the watchword is, "Each for himself."

When neither husband nor wife takes a vacation.

When children are obliged to clamor for their rights.

When the vacations are taken by one side of the house only.

When "he" snores the loudest while "she" kindles the fire.

When the children are given the neck and the back of the chicken.

When a man attempts to tell his wife what style of bonnet she must wear.

When one of the parties engages in a business that is not approved by the other.

When a man's Christmas presents to his wife consist of bootjacks, shirts, and gloves for himself.

When politeness, fine manners and kindly attentions are reserved for company or visits abroad.

When the lord of creation pays more for his cigars than his better half does for hosiery, bro s and bonnets.

When the money that should go for a book goes for what only one side of the house knows anything about.

When both parties persist in arguing over a subject upon which they never have thought, and never can think alike.

When "father" takes half the pie and leaves the other half for the one that made it and her eight children.

Lace and Muslin Curtains.

Lace curtains should be soaked over night in a tub of lukewarm water with two tablespoonfuls of ammonia and a little soap. In the morning drain off the water and pour over them fresh water slightly warm; move the lace about carefully, squeeze out gently and put in a third suds. At the last rinse blue in thin starch water, pass lightly through a wringer, hang them up, and when nearly dry pin over a sheet stretched on a carpet, or secure in a frame, with a strip of cotton tacked up on the edges to which the curtain is smoothly fastened, then left to dry.

Another way is fasten them to the line by one edge with clothes pins only a few inches apart; then gently pull and stretch them until dry enough to iron.

A good authority gives this way of doing up muslin curtains. Wash them carefully, starch and iron while damp, on the wrong side. This restores the appearance of new cloth. When you iron them have the table perfectly flat, cover it with a good, thick blanket, and then with a good thick ironing sheet. Lay the curtain on the table straight, and always move the flatiron in the same direction, up and down or back and forward across the curtain. Do not put your hand under the edge while ironing as it will give the curtain a ruffled edge which will greatly mar the appearance when hung at the window.

A Laundry Finish.

This is how a shirt is ironed at a big laundry after it is ready for the iron which is not a flat-iron at all but a roller eight inches long and six inches in diameter, and heated by gas, operated by a machine with a girl to run it. The young woman controls the affair with a treadle, and passes the bosom of the shirt under the roller, which produces a most beautiful polish. In her left hand she holds a moistened sponge, in her right a little ivory paper cutter. With the sponge she wets spots that seem to need dampening, while with the paper-

while not. As some pears are quite juicy and others quite dry, no rule can be given as to the quantity of syrup needed for each pound of fruit to be pickled; some varieties absorb much and others add to the syrup. It is well to prepare enough so that a small quantity of fresh syrup may be added to that which is in the kettle from time to time as the fruit absorbs it, and as it is used to fill up the cans.

SWEET SPICED PEACHES.—Drop the peaches into boiling water, then the skins will slip off easily. Weigh them and allow half their weight in sugar, and to each pound of sugar used allow one quart of vinegar, one heaping tablespoonful of whole mixed spices. Boil the sugar and vinegar, removing the scum as it rises. When the syrup is clear put in as many peaches as will float and boil them until they begin to grow soft, then skim them out. When all the peaches are boiled put in the spice and boil the syrup until it thickens. Put the peaches in jars, pour the syrup over them and seal.

SWEET APPLE PICKLE.—Use sweet apples not over-ripe. Pare and quarter them, then boil them in clean water until they can be pierced with a fork, but be careful that they do not break. Take out of the water, and into each quarter stick a whole clove. Make a syrup of one quart of vinegar, one pound of sugar; boil and skim, then put in the apples, let them heat through, then put in jars and seal. The syrup may be spiced with ground cinnamon, allspice and clover if liked.

For those who have not convenient little household scales it is well to remember that one pint of granulated sugar will weigh a pound.

Ancient Letters.

Mr. Petrie's excavations have brought other long-buried wonders to light. Half a mile from the pyramid of Illahun he came upon a Christian cemetery of the fifth and sixth centuries. The rich garments of the pious Copts buried there are described as being, from the extreme dryness of the spot, "still quite sound and even wearable." Below the cemetery were found the foundation deposits of Usertesen II., about B. C., 2960. Close to the temple are the remains of a town of the same period, evidently built at one time, and originally, it is supposed, intended for the architects and workmen employed upon the pyramid. It was here that the pottery with the alphabetic signs was found. Here also dozens of invaluable papyri were revealed. Of some of these Mr. Petrie writes: "They are apparently accounts, all in ruled columns and lines, exquisitely neat and in a beautifully clear hand, many of the entries being in red. I have flatted and laid under press seven square feet of sheets and fragments, all of the Twelfth Dynasty." But the most remarkable of the relics of the ancient civilization, or at least those which come home to us with most of the freshness and pathos of a living and personal interest, were those turned up at Tell Gurob, five or six miles from Illahun. Here the head cases of mummies were found to be made of many layers of papyri plastered together. Separated by soaking," says the account before us, "these papyri have been made to tell their story, sometimes trivial, sometimes pathetic, after the lapse of countless ages. One is a letter from a youth at college, telling his father of his progress, and saying that he now understands mensuration and can draw a plan of a house; another from a royal goose herd, who states that he cannot supply twelve geese for King Ptolemy's festival." How these revelations of common feelings and wants of humanity bridge the chasms of scores of centuries and bring back to us the real life of those actors on the stage of a world so long past that it is hard without such assistance, to conceive of it as peopled with beings of like wants and feelings with ourselves.

next visit to the place, stooped and, in all good faith, attempted to smell the rare exotic.

The factory was transferred from Vincennes to Sevres in 1756, since which date it has sent forth works of almost inestimable value. Porcelain pastes, colored by metallic oxides, are now compounded there which resist the action of the most fiery furnace; and the enamels and glazes have a marvellous transparency and lustre.

Sevres porcelain has always been an expensive production, for the most skilled artists have been employed in its manufacture. Formerly the finest pieces were made solely for royalty, and were sold only by royal permission. The prices paid, in modern times, for some of these specimens, have steadily increased till they have become enormous.

Cups, saucers and bowls go off readily at five hundred dollars, or more. At a recent sale, a pair of rose Daberry vases were purchased for the sum of eightsen hundred and fifty guineas, almost ten thousand dollars; while cups and saucers went off at one hundred and fifty guineas. During the present year, single plates have sold for one thousand dollars each, and vases from twenty-five hundred dollars upward.

A few years ago the enormous sum of fifty thousand dollars was paid for a single set of three jardinieres.

What She Ought to See.

"James, you have been fighting. I can tell it by the look in your eye."

"Yes, but, Mother, you should see the look in the other boy's eye."

Had Him There.

The novelist, Count Leo Tolstoi, as is well known, gave up literary work to a great extent and busied himself chiefly with manual labor and the spreadof the "gospel of brotherly love." A short time ago, when driving in the streets of Moscow, he saw a policeman arrest a peasant because of some slight offence against the police regulations, and lead him along the street. Ordering his coachman so halt, the count rushed up to the policeman and asked him if he could read.

"Certainly."

"Have you read the Bible?"

"Then," continued the Count to the surprised officer, "do not forget that we are commanded to love our neighbors as ourselves."

They policeman looked at him in astonishment for a moment, then began an inquisition of his own.

"Can you read?" he asked.

"Yes."

"Have you read the police regulations?"

The Count was obliged to reply in the negative.

"Then," answered the officer, as he proceeded on his way with the prisoner, "read them then before you come here and preach."

An eminent statistician has estimated that in the wars of the last thirty-four years the loss of human life has been 2,253,000. The greatest loss was in the American civil war—900,000 men—and the next in the Crimean war, 750,000. In the Turco-Russian war 250,000 lives were lost; in the Franco Prussian war 215,000, in the Austro-Prussian war 45,000, and in the Italian war of 1859 45,000. The very large loss sustained in the wars in which Russia and Turkey were opposed, and the comparatively small loss in the two Prussian wars, are worthy of note. In the two cases where the losses on both sides are given—the American war and the Franco-Prussian war—the loss of the vanquished was far greater than the loss of the victors.

Dr. Brown-Sequard's Elixir.

Dr. William A. Hammond says in the "North American Review:"—The first information received in this country of Dr. Brown-Sequard's researches was through a telegram to a New York newspaper, conveying such imperfect details, however, that the writer was disposed to question either the authenticity of the report or Dr. Brown-Sequard's mental equilibrium. It was apparently stated that various glands of the body were used in his experiments, and that Dr. Brown-Sequard had suddenly become a very much younger man than he had been. Further information, however, showed the exact nature of his experiments and of the claims which he had set up in their behalf. The writer, therefore, determined to examine into the matter for himself, and as the result of his investigation he is enabled to give, in such general terms as are suitable for a secular journal like the "North American Review," a confirmation of Dr. Brown-Sequard's statements, so far as his researches have extended. And not only this, but he has apparently shown that muscular rheumatism of long standing has been entirely relieved after a single injection of the juice in question. He has been careful to state, and he still so declares, that all the experiments performed up to this time are not sufficient to establish the claims of this glandular juice as an alleviator of old age or a curer of any disease whatever. The whole matter is yet in its experimental stage, and it will there remain until the subject has been examined into by many physicians under different circumstances, and a general coincidence of opinion obtained. . . . . Now, Dr. Brown-Sequard did not go blindly to work with his experiments, for every intelligent physician knows the relation which exists between the glands in question and the mental and physical condition of the animal to which they belong. There is much *a priori* reasoning to support the conclusions at which he has arrived. They are not based upon empiricism, but are rational investigations carried out with intelligence. Whether or not he has made any apparent addition to our means of assuaging the infirmities of old age or of curing disease, time alone can show. But those physicians who denounce honest investigation in this or any other direction are unworthy of the profession to which they belong, and should be relegated to some limbo where they can enjoy their self satisfaction without coming in contact with their more energetic brethren.

Britain's Future Fuel.

The British Association is meeting this year at Newcastle-on-Tyne for the third time in a quarter of a century. The new president is Professor W. H. Flower, of the British Museum, and the head of the geographical section is a man well known in Canada, Sir Francis de Winton. It is suggested that the scientists, meeting in the place they do, shall apply themselves to the tough old problem of when the British coal beds are likely to run out. The possibility of liquid fuel being adapted for replacing coal is already being discussed, and the Liverpool Mercury says on this point: "The English consul at St. Petersburg, in his last report, says that the residuum of naphtha is being used in Russia as fuel to a constantly increasing extent. Taking the city of Moscow as an example, it is found that, although that city is 1,500 miles from Baku, the source of supply, yet the dregs of naphtha prove 35 per cent. cheaper for fuel than either wood or coal. The manufacturers and the railway companies are using liquid fuel, as well as the steamers on the Caspian sea, and a stove is now being introduced which will utilize liquid fuel for domestic purposes. Efforts

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A POWERFUL INVIGORATOR

cheaper for fuel than either wood or coal. The manufacturers and the railway companies are using liquid fuel, as well as the steamers on the Caspian sea, and a stove is now being introduced which will utilize liquid fuel for domestic purposes. Efforts are also being made to introduce different kinds of petroleum into England as fuel, and it may come to pass that the apparently boundless stores of petroleum in Canada and other places will enter into competition with our own coal seams." The eye of the outsider appears to be turned in the direction of our limitless supply of petroleum.

Farmers, Beware !

A new scheme to defraud the confiding farmer has recently been put in practice. It was worked on a Lyon County farmer and is described as follows: An agent called on the farmer to sell him apple trees. He did not ask any pay for them, but simply asked the farmer to plant them on shares. The agent of the company furnished the trees, the farmer planted them, and the company got half the fruit for twelve years from the time of planting. The farmer bound himself to keep the trees pruned, etc.; also, if he sold his farm any time before the 12 years expired, he must pay for the trees at the rate of $1.50 each. For this he gave a bond of agreement as security to the agent for $500, and this bond was registered against the land without the farmer's knowledge. In the course of two or three months another gentleman came along looking for a farm. He called at the house and told the farmer that his farm was just what he wanted. He had the cash to pay down and offered him all or more than it was worth. They made a deal, but of course before the purchaser paid any money down he wanted to go and examine the registry office, to which he and the farmer proceeded. They found the bond registered against the place for $500, and the farmer rather than miss so good a sale, paid the $500 in order to get a clear title. He then looked for his friend who had purchased his farm, but he was nowhere to be found. He only then learned that he had been swindled out of his money. The swindler has not been heard from.—[Farm, Field & Stockman.

Proof Positive.

Johnsing—"Does you t'ink dat de young lady rekiprosates youah affection, Julius?"

Julis—"I don't got myself up to much of a jedge of sech mattahs, Mistah Johnsing, but it do look w'en a lady squeeze a gemman so hahd dat she breaks de razzer in his west pocket dat she am leanin' his way a little, eh?"

During the flood at Rockford, W. Va., a young lady who lost her voice last autumn stumbled and fell, while escaping from the water, and tried to scream for help. She immediately recovered her voice and can speak as well as ever.

A Canadian Parliamentary Committee last session pretty well established that tuberculosis or consumption in cattle is transferable in milk to human beings. The subject has since been discussed by the Academy of Medicine in Paris. There Dr. Lancereaux took the ground that the disease is not transmitted unless the subject is predisposed to it through bad hygienic conditions, bad ventilation, sedentary habits, or temperature. The French theory is somewhat reassuring, though even thus limited the danger is bad enough. Prehaps a more alarming statement than that for which our Parliamentary Committee is responsible comes from the French scientists. It is to the effect that the saliva of a consumptive actually infects the atmosphere with the bacilli of consumption.

products than if he were far removed from civilization.

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Gentlemen.—I have used Kendall's Spavin Cure for **Spavins** and also in a case of lameness and **Stiff Joints** and found it a sure cure in every respect. I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

Very respectfully yours,
CHARLES J. BLACKALL.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ST. THOMAS, P. Q., April 22, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gents:—I have used a few bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure on my colt, which was suffering from Influenza in a very bad form, and can say that your Kendall's Spavin Cure made complete and rapid cure. I can recommend it as the best and most effective liniment I have ever handled. Kindly send me one of your valuable books entitled "A Treatise on the Horse." Yours respectfully,

I. F. WILKINSON.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

FORT ELLICE, MAN., May 10, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gentlemen:—I always keep your Kendall's Spavin Cure and Blister on hand and they have never failed in what you state they will do. I have cured a bad case of Spavin and also two cases of Ringbone of years standing, on mares which I bought to breed from, and have not seen any signs of disease in their offspring. Yours truly,

D. J. O'KEEFFE.

Price **$1** per bottle, or six bottles for **$5**. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors,

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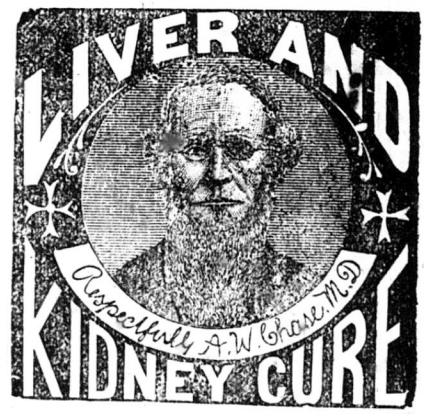
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEW ENGL* WEIGHTS TO ORDER 21 DeBresoles St. MILLS: PORTNEUF, P.Q.

A FOR THE SICK WARMING & NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE
A POWERFUL INVIGORATOR



DR. CHASE

Has a world wide reputation as a physician and author. His Mandrake Dandelion Liver Cure is a triumph of medical skill, curing all diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

SYMPTOMS OF

KIDNEY COMPLAINT. — Distressing aches and pains in the back; a dull pain or weight in the bladder and base of the abdomen; scalding urine often obstructed; frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, among aged persons; hot, dry skin, pale complexion, red and white deposits, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, piles, dropsical swellings, etc.

SYMPTOMS OF

LIVER COMPLAINT.—Pain under shoulder blades, jaundice, sallow complexion, a weary, tired feeling, no life or energy, headache, dyspepsia, indigestion, spots, pimples, etc.

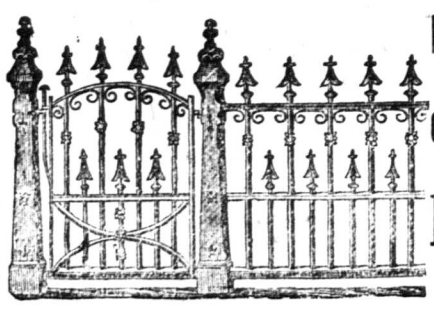
HOW CURED.

Mandrake and Dandelion are nature's Liver cures, and when combined with Kidney remedies, as in Dr Chase's Liver Cure, will positively cure all Kidney-Liver troubles It acts like a charm, stimulating the clogged liver, strengthening the kidneys and invigorating the whole body. Sold by all dealers at $1, with Receipt Book, which alone is worth the money.

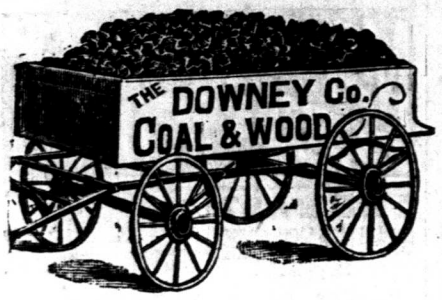
KIDNEY LIVER PILLS. Dr. Chase's Pills are the only Kidney Liver Pills made. They act gently, yet effectively. May be taken during any employment. They cure Kidney-Liver troubles, headache, biliousness, costiveness, etc. One Pill a dose. Sold by all dealers; price, 25 cents

T. EDMANDSON & CO.,
Bradford, Ont., Manfs.

DETLOR & FULLERTON, Medical Hall, Agents



Best and Cheapest Fence
STEEL RODS—IRON FOUNDATION.
BUILDERS' IRON WORK,
Office Railings, Lawn Furniture
AND FOUNTAINS, ETC.
ADDRESS
Barnum Wire & Iron Works
LIMITED,
WALKERVILLE, ONTARIO.



SCRANTON COAL.

Chestnut, No. 4, Stove, Egg, Grate, Blossburg.

Put your coal in before broken weather sets in and prices advance.

All Coal Screened.

Hard and Soft Wood

THE DOWNEY CO.

Foot Centre Street, - - Napanee, Ont.

4189ly

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Having purchased J. H. Gallagher's stock of School Books we are able to supply everything required for school at a big discount. Come while the bargains last.

Large 200 page scribbler for 4 cents.

Best copy books from 3 cents up.

Big slate for 5 cents.

Window Shades

50cts up, all complete. First-class spring roller fit any window for 15cts.

School Supplies

as well as all other stock will be sold at less than can be laid down by other dealers.

Remember the place

Madden's BookStore.

3789cm C. P. R. Tickets and Telegraph.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 11, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,

1889fm Camden East., Ont.

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—Madame Fry
—In Town Hall,
—Saturday, 12th October.
—Plan at J. J. Perry's drug store.
—The richest musical treat of the season.

—On Tuesday the Board of Audit met at the Court House and passed a large number of accounts.

—Judge Wilkison held a court of revision at Tamworth on Monday, and got through a lot of work in a very short space of time.

—Last Saturday Robt. Grange was arrested and fined $1 and cost, $5.20 paid the bill. It costs money to get drunk and disorderly in Napanee.

—On Saturday last we had a genuine hail storm in Napanee, the first of the season. It only lasted a few minutes, but was quite long enough for October.

—Next week a party of hunters consisting of J. C. Huffman, Uriah Sills and some others leave for a two weeks trip into the rear of Addington. We wish them luck.

—The Deseronto Driving Park Association announce that they will have one day's racing on Friday, October 18th. We have not learned particulars, but presume that the events will be interesting and draw a crowd.

—See Baker's bedroom sets, diningroom and parlor furniture before purchasing elsewhere. Prices are away below any other house in the county, and every article guaranteed to be as represented. Give him a call. Warerooms north side of the market square.

—"Madame Fry and her daughers have unusual musical talent, and I cheerfully commend them to the public." From Dr. Eben Tourgee, director of the New England Conservatory of Music, Boston. Madame Fry and her daughters will be at the Town Hall, Napanee, to-morrow (Saturday) night.

—Billy Bradley hails from Camden. He was so much overcome by the damp weather of Wednesday that he thought it best to take something, and not being posted as to the strength of Napanee tangle-leg got boisterous and was run in. He contributed $5.20 to the town treasury.

—The Messrs. Stevenson are arranging to further test the question whether or not there is oil in paying quantities on the old mill site. Sir Richard Cartwright and the Rathbun Company are taking a hand in. There is certainly oil on the premises, and if it proves to be there in large quantities Napanee will get a decided boom.

—We extend congratulations to A. B. Aylsworth, of Toronto, on being elected to the Senate of Toronto University. This is a much coveted honor, and we are glad to see a representative from this county chosen to fill a position which we know he will grace. Mr. Aylsworth is the son of J. B. Aylsworth, Esq., of Newburgh.

—An organ recital will be given in the Eastern Methodist church on Tuesday evening, November 12th, by Prof. W. H. Donley, of Bridge st. church, Belleville. The programme will be interspersed with vocal selections by distinguished local talent and a most enjoyable entertainment may be looked forward to by the music-loving people of our town. adv.

—A party of ten went to Belleville on Monday evening to listen to the eloquent speech delivered by Hon. Wilfrid Laurier. The large Opera House was crowded to the doors and the whole audience evidently enjoyed listening to the eloquent Reform leader. Mr. Laurier said that the platform of the Reform party was Unrestricted Reciprocity with the United States, and that they would not rest untill their object was

—The gate receipts on Tuesday and Wednesday amounted to about $600, a little better than last year.

—The "Relief Circle" of Kings Daughters intend holding a social at an early date for the benefit of the poor of the town. Full particulars will be given next week.

—Dr. May, Inspector of Mechanics' Institutes, paid the Napanee Institute an official visit on Wednesday of this week. In the evening a Directors meeting was held and was addressed by the Inspector.

—We surrender most of our space this week to reports of the different fairs. In consequence considerable local news, correspondence and other interesting matter is crowded out, all of which will appear next week.

—Applications were received from the following persons for the appointment of Chief of Police at the town council meeting on Monday evening last: Wm. Hooper, Jeremiah Storms, W. W. Bell, Wm. Kimmett, Jas. McKim, Ed. Gonyou and Geo. Lloyd.

—Just as we go to press we learn that a very sad calamity befell Charles Fraser, the twenty year-old son of Isaac Fraser, of Ernesttown, in Manitoba. He was working about a steam thresher when the boiler exploded killing him almost instantly. The body will be brought to his father's for burial. Much sympathy is extended to his relatives in their bereavement.

—The following resolution was passed at a meeting of the town council on Monday evening last:

Moved by Mr. Lapum, seconded by Mr. Gibbard, that this council desire to place upon record its sense of the loss the corporation of Napanee has sustained in the death of our late Chief of Police, James Allen. During the term of twenty-two years in the service of the corporation, he was always zealous, upright and painstaking in the discharge of his duties, and in his official capacity earned the respect and gratitude of the whole community. His natural charitable disposition and sympathy with the poor was recognised by all; his christian virtues gained the esteem of his fellow citizens and there is general regret over his decease. We would extend to the widow and family of the deceased our sincere sympathy in their bereavement. Carried unanimously.

Evening Classes.

The Board of the Mechanics' Institute, have decided to hold evening classes during the winter months, taking a complete commercial course and perhaps an English course. Those desiring to attend will kindly leave their names with A. E. Paul or W. C. Scott during next week. Tuition free.

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bannanas, finest in town at Davis restaurant.

Delicious Pineapples now in stock, at Davis' restaurant.

Oranges and Lemons, the best that can be procured at Davis' restaurant.

Choice French Cream Goods always on hand at Davis' restaurant.

The best of Bread, (Bakers or Homemade) and an endless variety of Cake can always be had at Davis' restaurant.

Cool summer drinks including ginger ale on drought are now selling at Davis' restaurant.

First class lunches may be had at any hour at Davis' restaurant.

Anglo Israel.

Rev. W. H. Poole, L. L. D., is in town taking orders for a book named Anglo Israel, of which Dr. Poole is himself the author. Dr. Poole is well known in this vicinity, having preached many times in Napanee. The object of the work is to prove that the Saxon race are the decendants of the lost ten tribes of Israel. The book is published in Toronto at the Meth-

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—A. S. Kimmerly is continually cutting prices on every article in the grocery line. How the grocers do kick, but it is no use for I will continue to undersell sugars way down. Call and see, and get my prices before buying. Save money. New teas daily arriving, a fresh lot of that choice 40c. tea I am selling at 25 cts. per lb., just at hand. Pedlars and other grocers cannot compete.

—Two farms to rent.—Apply at once to J. C. Drewry, at the Napanee EXPRESS office.

—Wanted—A copy of Meacham's Atlas of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington. Apply at THE EXPRESS office.

—For sale—A first class brick house in thorough repair. For particulars apply at THE EXPRESS office. adv. tf.

—A quantity of picket fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—Choice butter only 20 cts. per lb. at F. Paul's, 13½ lbs. yellow sugar for $1; flour, shorts, chicken feed, and all kinds of groceries at lowest prices. Highest price in cash paid for eggs.

—A. W. Grange & Bro. are agents for the celebrated National Oil, manufactured by the Standard Oil Co'y. This oil is guaranteed equal to the very best American oil, and will not smoke the chimneys nor crust the wick. Give it a trial. adv.

—Straw and Felt.—Miss Janes wishes to inform her customers and the public generally that she is prepared to do Hats in Straw and felt in all the leading styles on short notice. Residence, south side Mill street, West Napanee. 4289tf

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three-fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—On Saturday last the executors of the late Amos H. Allison offered for sale a quantity of chattel property and also two lots of real estate. The chattels were all disposed of at low prices, but the real estate, consisting of the properties just east and in the rear of the Western Methodist Church, were withdrawn from sale, the reserve bid not being reached in either case. The reserve bid for the Bridge street property was $1000, while the white house on Robert street was held at $900.

—Madame Fry's Concert.—A rich treat is in store for the music loving people of this vicinity, on Saturday, (to-morrow) night. Madame Fry's Concert Company of Boston, is acknowledged to be one of the finest organizations on the continent to-day. The programme to be given will be varied, consisting of vocal as well as instrumental solos, duetts,, trios, and quartettes. Besides these Mr. Wentworth will give a number of humorous readings and impersonations. Mr. Wentworth, as an elocutionist has no superior and but few equals.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

doors and the whole audience evidently enjoyed listening to the eloquent Reform leader. Mr. Laurier said that the platform of the Reform party was Unrestricted Reciprocity with the United States, and that they would not rest untill their object was attained.

—A well known resident has passed away in the person of Edmund Hooper. He at one time was quite wealthy; was Treasurer of Lennox and Addington; member of Parliament for this county; went to Manitoba a little over nine years ago; returned about two years ago, broken in health, and died on Saturday last. The funeral on Monday was largely attended.

—A century—McAlister & Co. have secured a plum for their customers in the overcoat way. They have bought 100 boys, youths' and mens' winter overcoats, the balance of a manufacturers stock at a discount of twenty-five per cent. off regular prices. This will enable them to offer the goods to their customers at exactly wholesale figures. Don't buy an overcoat until you see this line.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Gibbard have thrown their house open for this evening, and will give a farewell social in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Clarkson. Rev. C. O. Johnson will also be present, and an opportunity will thus be given for not only saying good bye to Mr. Clarkson and his estimable wife, but also of welcoming the new pastor of the Western church. Mr. and Mrs. Gibbard cordially invite all of the citizens of Napanee to be present during the evening. The social begins at half past seven.

—We clip the following fron the Globe of Friday last: —Whittington v. Gleeson. —Judgment in action tried at Napanee before a jury. Upon the answers of the jury judgment to be entered for the plaintiff $3 damages and restraining the defendant from cutting timber on the land in question other than that contained between two certain fences, and known as the south field of the west half of lot 13, in the 6th concession of the Township of Fredericksburgh. The defendant to pay costs. Proceedings stayed till the fourth day of next sittings of the Divisional Court. J. English (Napanee) for plaintiff. Deroche (Napanee) for defendant.

—Yesterday morning Mrs. Dr. Cook was taken seriously ill at the dental rooms of Dr. Wray. Mrs. Cook was having some teeth extracted, and had cocoaine injected for the purpose of lessening the pain. The powerful drug had a very depressing effect on her heart, and it was feared that death would follow before the family could be summoned. She rallied sufficiently to be conveyed to her home on Bridge street, and to-day is much better, although suffering considerable pain, and being in great danger all day yesterday. Drs. Warner and Leonard are attending Mrs. Cook. Dr. Cook left for Halifax this week.

—The Western Meth. Church has been extremely fortunate in having remarkably able and popular men as pastors, but it is generally admitted that Rev. C. O. Johnston, who filled the pulpit for the first time on Sabbath last, is one of the most eloquent divines who ever preached in Napanee. His sermon in the morning on "The Love of Christ" was touching in its simplicity, beautiful in thought and word and magnificent in its strength. That of the evening even excelled the morning's powerful effort. His theme was "David's contest with Goliath" and the many beautiful lessons which he drew from that narrative held the large audience with closest attention. Mr. Johnston has already established himself as an earnest preacher of the word, and we look forward to large results from his labors in Napanee. He will occupy his pulpit on Sabbath next, both morning and evening.

author. Dr. Poole is well known in this vicinity, having preached many times in Napanee. The object of the work is to prove that the Saxon race are the decendants of the lost ten tribes of Israel. The book is published in Toronto at the Methodist book room. Rev. Dr. Burns president of Hamilton College says of it: This is a remarkable book, on a subject very little studied or understood. The theory advanced seems so contrary to the received opinion of the Anglo-Saxon family that the very mention of it provokes something bordering on ridicule. I must confess that I took up this work with strong prejudices against it. But having begun to read, the difficulty was to stop. The book fairly bristles with points and surprises that will carry the student eagerly to the last page. It is an eminently suggestive work, it will make the reader think. There is hardly a dry page in the book; its material is far from being commonplace or trite."

The Brantford Binder.

Conspicuous among the agricultural implements, exhibited at our fair this year, we observe the popular and well known Brantford Binder, driven by a vigorous and spiteful little coal oil engine, the whole outfit forming one of the most novel and interesting exhibits on the ground, besides illustrating in a striking degree the thorough and perfect equipment of the Harris Co.

Without drawing comparisons it may be admitted and is, we believe, very generally conceded by farmers and machine men everywhere, that the Brantford Binder incorporates the newest and most advanced principles of modern mechanical harvesting; that it is a machine of to-day and bears the impress of the thorough mechanic in every part; that it has an identity peculiar to itself; that it tops the pile in point of sales, and fixes the pattern as well as the pace for all competitors.

Amply able and always ready to give full value for every dollar received, Harris Son & Co., of Brantford, have achieved success by deserving it, and as a natural consequence of square legitimate trading their goods are to be found on almost every concession and in every township in Canada.

52,000 Brantford Binders were made and sold during the season now drawing to a close, and not one has failed to fill its warrantee and do its work in a perfectly satisfactory manner, and in almost every grain growing country on the face of the earth the "Brantford" pushes its aggressive nose and can be found quietly performing its work and paying tribute to the genius of its makers.

—Mr. W. E. Baker has been extending his premises on the north side of the market square, in order to accommodate his rapidly increasing trade in all kinds of furniture. He has now on hand the largest and best stock ever shown by him, and at prices lower, as usual, than any other house.

DIED.

HOOPER.—At Napanee, on Saturday, 5th October, 1889, Edmund John Glynn Hooper, aged 71 years, 3 months.

From Bad To Worse.

Scrofula leads to consumption. From three to six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters will cure scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas, boils, pimples, blotches, tetter, shingles, scald head, sore eyes, and all skin affections, by cleansing the system and removing all impure matter that causes bad blood.

Six mammoth cheese are now being put up at the Union Cheese factory in Thurlow township. The largest will weigh 1,000 pounds, the five remaining over 600 pounds each. They will be shipped to the old country.

A BIG WEEK!

THIS WEEK AT

"The Popular Dry Goods House."

The right values bring the crowd.

We have already had to purchase heavily to assort our stock, securing many novelties which were not shown early in the season. We have new and pretty things for our

DRESS DEPARTMENT in Costumes, etc. Some very low priced and stylish Goods in entirely new designs, which will go very fast. Also low priced, winter weight, All-wool Goods with pretty Plaids to match and a lot of new Trimmings. Also in our

FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, new Silk Handkerchiefs, Scarfs in Silk and Cashmere, Gloves, Socks, Ties, fine Lambs' Wool Underwear, Braces, Collars, Cuffs, etc.

Lace Curtains and Carpets.

New Lace Curtains in white and cream from 50 cents up, choice designs; also the balance of our stock of Carpets, consisting of good quality Hemps and about 30 (thirty) pieces of new Tapestry Carpet, first-class patterns at net wholesale cost. We will cut them free of charge as we must get rid of them to make room for our

HATS, CAPS AND FURS.

which stock is fully assorted in all new styles and the very best value.

WE HAVE BARGAINS IN BLANKETS, WHITE AND GREY, TIE DOWNS, QUILTS, TABLE LINENS, TABLE NAPKINS AND FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all Descriptions.

DOWNS, QUILTS, TABLE LINENS, TABLE NAPKINS AND FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all Descriptions.

OVERCOATS ! OVERCOATS !

In every style, material and pattern from 23 to 44 inches, breast measure, at as low prices as equally good Goods were ever sold for in any place. Our stock of Boys' Suits and Overcoats is unequalled in this section. Don't fail to see them at

The Popular Dry Goods House,

LAHEY & McKENTY

PERSONAL.

—Mr. F. B. Lind favored us with a call on Wednesday.

—John Taylor, Esq., of Belleville, is in town visiting friends.

—Mr. John Garrison, of Morven, was one of the callers at this office on Tuesday.

—Mr. Elias McKim, of Tamworth, made a pleasant call at THE EXPRESS office on Wednesday.

—Mr. Thomas Dewitt, of Richmond, was among the callers at THE EXPRESS office this week.

—James Murphy, Esq., of Newburgh, was among the callers at THE EXPRESS office on Wednesday.

—Mr. W. W. Asselstine, of Moscow, was in town on Wednesday, and renewed his subscription to THE EXPRESS.

—Mr. and Mrs. Phillip R. Drewry, of Prince Edward Co., were visiting at Mr. Alex. Henry's and Mr. J. B. Drewry's, on Wednesday.

—Mrs. Charles James has returned to Napanee after spending a couple of months in St. Paul, and is now the guest of her sister, Mrs. James Bowerman.

—Miss Eva N. Roblin sang two pieces at a musicale in Toronto, last Saturday. The Toronto papers all speak in the highest terms of her rendition of her numbers.

—Rev. J. B. Clarkson and family leave to-morrow noon for Montreal. They expected to go earlier in the week, but remained over so as to be present at the social to-night.

MARRIED.

SAGER—MOREY.—At the parsonage, South Napanee, Sept. 7th, by the Rev. E. E. Howard, Mr. Henry Sager, of Richmond and Miss Ida Morey of Violet.

GREAVES—WILSON.—By the Rev. J. C. Seymour, October 7th, 1889, at the Memorial parsonage, Northport, Mr. John W. Greaves, to Miss Ella J. Wilson, both of Sophiasburg.

SILLS—SILLS.—At the residence of Mr. Hiram Sills, son of the bride, South Fredericksburgh, Oct. 5th, by Rev. E. E. Howard, Mr. John N. Sills, and Mrs. Louisa Sills, both of Fredericksburgh.

PARKER—HAMBLY.—At the parsonage, South Napanee, by Rev. E. E. Howard, October 7th, Mr. James A. Parkes and Miss Martha A. daughter of John Hambly, Esq., both of North Fredericksburgh.

HOWELL—HAMBLY.—By the Rev. E. E. Howard, at the residence of the bride's father, Oct. 2nd, Mr. W. D. Howell and Miss Annie, only daughter of John P. Hambly, Esq., both of North Fredericksburgh.

New Shoe Store.

NEW STOCK ! LOW PRICES !

I have opened up a splendid stock of Boots and Shoes in the Rennie block, two doors west of Lahey & McKenty's, and am prepared to give

Big :-: Bargains !

Call and see what I have to offer.

4589cm **J. C. HAWLEY.**

FARM TO LET.

North half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession of the Township of Richmond, containing 93 acres. On the farm is a good frame house and frame barn, situated four miles from Napanee, on the Belleville road. For particulars apply to the undersigned,

JAMES DALY,
Agent,

Napanee, October 10th, 1889.

AGENTS WANTED.

Reliable, energetic men can earn good wages selling Fonthill Nursery stock. New specialties, Largest Nursery in Canada. Outfit free. For terms, address

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Nurserymen,
Toronto.

WANTED.

SALESMEN to sell choice Nursery stock. Liberal pay weekly. Will pay salary, but can give something better to workers. No experience needed. Write FRED E. YOUNG, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. **A PRESENT.** If you become my agent and sell $100, will give $2 for copy of this ad. Cut it out. 1089bm

BUILDING !

I am prepared to furnish everything in the line of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Dressed Lumber,

Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2380w

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor.

2 Large Stores IN 1.

RIGHT.

RIGHT,

RIGHT

RIGHT EVERY TIME

Continually making improvements for the convenience of our customers. Continually watching the markets to procure the goods you need. Continually watching to see that the values are right. Continually watching that everything you buy from us is perfectly satisfactory.

We have reached the point where it will be necessary for you, if you serve your own interests to buy from us. We sell you the better classes of goods at as low prices as others charge you for poor stuff. We are bound to have every transaction perfectly satisfactory. We carry everything you want in the Dry Goods lines. Dry Goods, Mantlings, Millinery, Carpets, Furs, Clothing, etc. A customer served is a customer made.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

With the change in our Clothing

IT WILL Surprise You

no doubt to be told

The Napanee Agricultural Works,

are head quarters for

PLOW SHARES

—AND—

PLOW REPAIRS

You can rely upon it, however, and as evidence we submit the following list of shares, etc., kept constantly on hand :—

DOMINION SHARES, (wide)

DOMINION SHARES, (narrow)

QUEEN SHARES, wide and narrow.

ONTARIO AND CLYDE SHARES.

NO. 4, (Smith's Falls.)

WILKISON'S NO. 4 (wide and narrow)

WALKER NO. 2, " "

NO. 4, NO. 5, NO. 13, PICTON, CLIPPER, RELIANCE.

MOHAWK VALLEY, STICKNEY STEEL, WHITE.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor, NAPANEE, ONT., FRID

2 Large Stores IN 1.

RIGHT.

RIGHT,

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RIGHT EVERY TIME

Continually making improvements for the convenience of our customers. Continually watching the markets to procure the goods you need. Continually watching to see that the values are right. Continually watching that everything you buy from us is perfectly satisfactory.

We have reached the point where it will be necessary for you, if you serve your own interests to buy from us. We sell you the better classes of goods at as low prices as others charge you for poor stuff. We are bound to have every transaction perfectly satisfactory. We carry everything you want in the Dry Goods lines. Dry Goods, Mantlings, Millinery, Carpets, Furs, Clothing, etc. A customer served is a customer made.

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ONTARIO AND CLYDE SHARES.

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WILKISON'S NO. 4, (wide and narrow)

WALKER NO. 2, " "

NO. 4, NO. 5, NO. 13, PICTON CLIP

PER RELIANCE.

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day House in Eastern Ontario

Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,

4569y PROPRIETOR

THE

Royal Hotel

PICTON, ONT.

Strictly First-class. Rates Reasonable.

4569dy JAS. HEALY, Prop.

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE,

HATCH & MILLING, Props.

This house has recently changed hands, and has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with regard to the comfort of the guests.

Farmers will find commodious ... and cheap rates. Farmers patronage ...

Napanee, Aug. 1st, 1889.

DO YOU WANT

A GOOD SQUARE MEAL ?

If so, when you are in Picton call at the

Globe Temperance House,

E. N. HONGARD, Prop.

MEALS, Only 25 cents.

First-class accommodation by the day or week.

BRAN! BRAN!

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.

4569dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2788ly E. VANALSTINE,

Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors, Toronto

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am ... to lend money in sums of $400 ... first mortgage.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

With the change in our Clothing Department we are offering some wonderful bargains in ready-made clothing. Ready-made Suits cheaper than ever before. Our Overcoats are especially worthy of your notice. We commence them at $5 each.

Boys' Clothing.

We are selling heaps of Boys' suits and Overcoats. People don't wonder at it when they see the Goods. The fit is perfect. Tailor made Garments could not fit better. Suits to fit boys of any age from five years. Buy the boys a new suit and Overcoat.

MANTLINGS.

You must have a Mantle or Ulster of some description and we have just the goods to suit you. We never had as large an assortment of patterns. We never had as good values. We commence the prices for double fold goods at 60 cents per yard. Our Sealettes were purchased at a bargain and are greatly admired by all who have seen them. Don't buy without seeing them.

MILLINERY.

Our Milliuery trade is increasing from season to season. Our stock is stylish and is assorted almost daily with the very latest novelties. Our goods are cheaper in price than those of any other dealer. MISS SMITH is well known to you all and she guarantees every article suitable in every way. Buy your Millinery from us.

FLANNELS.

We have grand values in Grey Flannels at 10, 12½, 15, 16, 18, 20c. and on up. We have grand values in Blue Flannels. We have grand values in White Flannels. We have grand values in Red Flannels. We have grand values in Canton Flannels.

Robinson&Co

Successors to Downey & Co

NO. 4, NO. 5, NO. 13, PICTON CLIPPER, RELIANCE,

MOHAWK VALLEY, STICKNEY STEEL, WHITE.

COMBINATION (Peterboro).

WALKER NO. 11.

HERRING'S 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

WALKER 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

PATTERSON 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

PORT PERRY 2-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

HERRING'S 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

ENNISKILLEN 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

COCKSHUTT 3-m GANG PLOW SHARES.

"LITTLE GIANT" SULKY SHARES.

MONARCH " "

COCKSHUTT " "

Shoes and Landsides for above. Also Moldboards and Standards for Dominion Plows on hand for repairs. A supply on hand.

A 1 PLOWS

always on hand.

Remember if you require shares or repairs for any plow you are most likely to obtain the same and of execllent quality at head quarters, of

The Napanee Agʼl Works

A call is respectfully solicited from each and all in want of any of the above.

JOHN HERRING

September 24th, 1889.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $400 and upwards on the security of first mortgage, Farm and Town Property

At 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrowers. I am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,
2089ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent.

C. D. WARFMAN, L. D. S.

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, On

OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,

Dundas St., Napanee.

To the people in the County of Lennox and Addington whom he has served in the past he returns his sincere thanks for their favors, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

The new local anæsthic, Hydrochlate of Cocoane, used. It quite relieves pain in extracting teeth

☞ Will be absent from the office the first Monday and Tuesday in each month—these being the days of his visits to Tamworth. Rooms at Wheeler's hotel.

He will also be absent from his office in Napanee Monday and Tuesday of each week. 2289ly

---

FOR SALE.

200 ACRE FARM,

in the 9th Concession of Camden; lot 50; 125 acres of good plough land, remainder good pasture, with creek running through. There is on the premises two good wells and a large, young, bearing orchard; two good log barns and a large frame barn, containing stables for 50 head; one good drive house, and a new large frame dwelling house. Will be sold together or separately, to suit parties. For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises.

THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

The above property must be sold as I am about entering other business.

The undersigned offers also to sell Lot No. 1, and half of east half of Lot No. 2, in the 15th Concession of Sheffield, joining the other said land. It contains 262 acres. There is on Lot No. 1 a frame barn; about 50 acres are under good cultivation; the remainder is valuable pasture land with some timber. Lot No. 2 contains a marsh of 40 acres with 25 acres cleared and growing principally red-top hay. There is a creek (Carlom) running thro' the pasture. This tract will be sold together, separately or rented. For further particulars apply to the owner.

4589d THOS. KENNEDY, Enterprise.

Peter Bristol, Hawley; Ben Brisco, Napanee; Dr. Vrooman, E. W. Benjamin, Charles Phillips, Yarker; John McNaught, Charles Riley, John Fse, Camden East; Dr. Cook, Alex. Smith, Banker, Mr. Bone, J. S. Hulett, J. C. Drewry, Napanee; Wm Mace, H. P. Keech, J. M. Smith, Harry Reid, Tamworth; Thomas Anderson, James Jones, A. J. Sexsmith, Selby; Wm. Asselstine, sr., Mr. Spencer, miller, Roblin; Dr. Beeman, Peter Vandewater, Absolam Milligan, Roblin.

These are the names of a few who have used my

ADJUSTABLE HEAD RAISE

Spring Bed Bottom!

and they will cheerfully answer any questions as regards the superiority and durability of this article over all others.

As I cannot get around to see all of you I will be glad to see you on the market in Napanee on Saturdays, and will be glad to give any information desired.

C. N. GARRISON,
3789cm Colebrook

Colebrook
Garrison Geo 11 feb 90

EXPRESS

$1.50 if not paid till end of year

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1889. VOL. XXVIII, No. 45.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

HERRINGTON & WARNER,
Barristers, Napanee

F. A. BRZO,
MANUFACTURER OF
AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.
SOUTH NAPANEE

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Office formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Dr. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 2389 6m

J. NICHOLLS BATH, ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Diseases of domestic animals on the most scientific principles. Late student with Professor Smallshaw, of Toronto. Calls, day or night promptly attended to. 989 1y.

INSURE IN THE

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Government deposit over - - $600,000

G. A. CATON,
General Agent, Newburgh, Ont.

Active agents wanted. 2089 1y.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

For sale.—Lots Nos. 1 and 2 on the east side of West street, in the town of Napanee.

There are on the premises a brick house with kitchen attached, a frame barn and wood house. There is also a good well on the premises. This property will be sold on easy terms. For further particulars apply to

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors, Napanee

Napanee, Aug. 29, 1889. 4089 3m

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.

113 acres, being part of Lot 35, in 3rd Concession of the Township of Tyendinaga. Only one mile from school and church. There is on the premises a large brick house, drive house, large barn and sheds, all in good repair. A living spring at the barn. Terms reasonable.

Apply to

WILLIAM FRETTS,
Lonsdale P. O.

September 16th, 1889 42m

SALESMEN WANTED.

To handle my thoroughly reliable Nursery Stock. I engage men on Salary or liberal commission. Permanent employment guaranteed. Outfit free. Previous experience not required.

Write to

C. L. YATES, Nurseryman.
Mention this Paper! Rochester N. Y. 4189 1

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk, 7th Division Court,

W. A. Reeve, Q. C.

This week we are able to give a portrait of W. A. Reeve, Q. C., the newly appointed Principal of the Ontario Law School, at Toronto. Mr. Reeve is too well and favorably known in this section of country to need any introduction at our hands. During the years of his residence in our midst he became justly popular and we feel that his commanding abilities have earned for him the eminent position to which he has just attained. THE EXPRESS wishes Principal Reeve long years of usefulness and ever increasing prosperity.

THE CHAMPION FISH.

Hay Bay Breaks the Record.

Mr. Fraser, of Clayton, N. Y., has been spending his vacation in the neighborhood of Hay Bay. On Tuesday, 10th of October, he was just about the tallest man for his inches that could be found around the Bay of Quinte. The cause of his longitude ended was the catching of an enormous masko opposite Mr. Spencer's house on Hay Bay, the beauty measuring four feet seven inches long, and weighing forty seven pounds, thus breaking the record. Mr. Spencer, who weighed the fish, says it is one of the most beautfully formed fish he ever saw. Parties who want some exciting sport should try the masko trolling on Hay Bay. American papers please copy.

Morrison Sentenced.

Morrison the Megantic outlaw, who was recently tried on a charge of manslaughter in the killing of constable Warren, some months ago has been sentenced to eighteen years imprisonment. Warren was shot down while attempting to arrest Morrison. Warren started out with the avowed intention of taking Morrison, dead or alive. Morrison knew this to be the case, and being determined to retain his liberty, as soon as he got sight of the constable, deliberately fired at Warren, with fatal results. No doubt there were extenuating circumstances; the unjust treatment Morrison is said to have received resulting in the loss of the farm and subsequent ejectment no doubt carried him beyond self control, and then his fiery Hyland nature was let loose. No doubt his early education or

DOMINION VOTERS' LISTS.

GREAT REFORM GAINS IN LENNOX.

A Synopsis of the Work Done.

Judge Price has been holding Courts of Revision under the Dominion Franchise Act during the past two weeks, and, thus far, the Reformers have been making great gains. The Conservatives have evidently been caught napping as, in the majority of cases, the time for filing appeals had elapsed before theirs were prepared. At Napanee, on Tuesday of last week, the Reformers struck off forty-five Tories and added thirty-five Grits, or a change of eighty. The Tories did not make a single change. At Richmond on the following day, thirty-five Tories were struck off and eight Grits added, making a change of forty-three. The Tories added one man but did not strike off any Reformers. This makes a net gain of forty-two in the township of Richmond. Thursday Judge Price spent part of the day at North Fredericksburgh Town Hall, when the Reformers succeeded in making still further gains. In that township forty-seven Tories were struck from the list and thirteen Reformers added thereto, or a change of sixty. On Friday court was held in South Fredericksburgh, the Reformers adding five to the list and striking off forty-seven Tories. At Amherst Island eleven Reformers were added and ten Tories struck off. At Bath twenty-five Tories went into oblivion and one Grit was placed on the list. At this place the Tories added two. At Odessa on Wednesday no less than 107 Tories were struck from the list and eighteen Grits placed thereon, or a change of 125 for the township of Ernesttown. The Tories had a long list of appeals ready but they were thrown out by the Judge as they were not filed in the regular way. To-day court is held in Adolphustown and the list will then be completed. Messrs. Herrington & Warner have charge of the appeals in the Reform interest and Mr. Fred Ruttan is managing matters for the Conservative party. Thus far the account stands thus:

Reformers added	91
Tories added	3
Reform gain	88
Tories struck off	296
Reformers struck off	0
Reform gain	296
Reform gain by additions	88
Total Reform gain	384

The Reformers have every reason to feel satisfied with the above result, while the Tory party feel correspondingly blue.

BORN.

BROWN—At Deseronto, Oct. 2nd, the wife of A. E. Brown, of a son.

JOYCE—At Deseronto, Sept. 27th, the wife of W. Joyce, of a son.

TESKEY.—At Croydon, Oct. 7th, the wife of Joseph Teskey, of a son.

Office. Previous experience not required.
Write to
C. L. YATES, Nurseryman.
Mention this paper Rochester N. Y. 4189i

JAMES AYLSWORTH,
Clerk 7th Division Court,
(County of Lennox and Addington,)
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
CONVEYANCER,
COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,
Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.
TAMWORTH, ONT
Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4384ly

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Representing the following companies:
London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,
Canadian Mutual Aid Association,
Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
Office in the Grange Block, - - John st
NAPANEE, ONT.
Rates and full particulars on application.
2189ly

SALESMEN WANTED.
Having done business in Canada for the past 30 years, our reputation and responsibility are well known. We pay salary and expenses from the start, if everything is satisfactory. No previous experience required. Write us for terms which are very liberal, before engaging with any other firm.
REFERENCES, Bradstreet's, or Dun, Wiman & Co's Commercial Agencies, well known to business men; or Standard Bank, Colborne, Ont.
CHASE BROTHERS' COMPANY,
Nurserymen,
COLBORNE, - - ONTARIO.
4189cm

Carscallen & Bro.,
Low Priced, No Combination
Undertaking Establishment.
Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of all the latest designs te be found in
COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, Etc.,
which we are prepared to sell 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the county. We use the best deodorizer, thus obviating all unpleasant odors. Embalming a Specialty. Having purchased one of the Handsomest Hearses at the Toronto exhibition, we are prepared to attend personally funerals in the most satisfactory manner. The public will do well to call and examine our stock, and be convinced that ours is the place to buy.
We have also added a full line of the newes things in Wall Paper, Ceiling Decorations, Window Shades and Picture Railing, Paints and Oils Paint Mixed. Persons wanting anything in this line will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, Centre-street, one block south of Main.
389 CARSCALLEN & BRO.

erately fired at Warren, with fatal results. No doubt there were extenuating circumstances; the unjust treatment Morrison is said to have received resulting in the loss of the farm and subsequent ejectment no doubt carried him beyond self control, and then his fiery Hyland nature was let loose. No doubt his early education, or rather want of education, had much to do with the uncontrollable spirit he manifested. Unfortunately there seems to be a growing disposition to use the revolver on very slight pretexts, such for instance as the shooting of an innocent man in Hamilton by a policeman who was attempting to break into a private room without warrant or even a charge against the unfortunate victim, and another recent case of a policeman shooting a man at Keewatin who was said to be breaking into the gaol by throwing stones. Instead of arresting the man, this protector of the people threatened, and then shot the offender. It is about time an example was made of these sharp shooters. There is no legitimate excuse for policemen or other officers of the law using firearms except in defence of their lives; much less are private citizens justified in carrying or using firearms. People must understand that wrongs must be righted without resorting to the taking of life. No matter how much we may sympathise with Morrison on account of his misfortune, we think he may well congratulate himself on having escaped the greater penalty of having his neck stretched.

To Locate in New York.

The following extracts from the Albany papers will be read with interest:

"We are sorry to learn of the contemplated removal of the Cleveland baking powder business from this city. We understand that its rapidly increasing business will shortly render enlarged facilities desirable, so that the proprietors have determined to remove to New York, where their export trade can be more conveniently handled.

"Albanians, who have watched the growth of this business from small beginnings to its present mammoth proportions, will regret to see it go, but will rejoice with its owners in its new prosperity. It is but just to say that Cleveland's Superior Baking Powder as a food product has the enviable reputation of being a thoroughly wholesome, effective, and honestly made article. The people of Albany and vicinity have known this fact for about a score of years and have shown their appreciation by their steadily increasing consumption of this excellent baking powder. This, and the fact that all recent investigations, including those made by the Food Commissioners of the States of Ohio and New Jersey and of the Canadian Government, show that Cleveland's is superior to any baking powder on the market, have so increased the business that more extensive accomodations are necessary.

"A new label is being prepared, but the old name "Cleveland's Superior Baking Power" and the heretofore high quality of goods will be maintained.

"Dr. Hoagland, the first, and for many years, President, and Wm. Zeigler, former Treasurer, of the Royal Company, two of its main props, have now left it. The former will be President of the new Company, and his known integrity, liberality, and experience promise great success for the new organization, and lively times for all competitors."

Attacked Three Times.

"Having been attacked for the third time with Inflamatory Rheumatism, which kept me in bed six weeks under medical care, without relief, I resolved to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and before I had finished the third bottle I was able to work again." GEORGE ROBB, Garden Hill, Ont.

A Pleasing Discovery.

I suffered with neuralgia and obtained no relief until advised to try Hagyard's Yellow Oil. Since then I have found it to be an admirable remedy also for burns, sore throat and rheumatism. MRS. F. CAMERON, 137 Richmond St. W., Toronto, Ont.

The funeral of the late Judge Olivier, of Prescott and Russell Counties, took place at Ottawa, Monday.

In consequence of Hon. Premier Mercier's reply to the Protestant Committee, the hearing of the Quebec protest against the Jesuit Estates Act by the Dominion Cabinet has been indefinitely postponed.

very party feel correspondingly blue.

BORN.

BROWN—At Deseronto, Oct. 2nd, the wife of A. E. Brown, of a son.
JOYCE—At Deseronto, Sept. 27th, the wife of W. Joyce, of a son.
TESKEY.—At Croydon, Oct. 7th, the wife of Joseph Teskey, of a son.
MCGUILL.—At Centreville, Oct. 3rd, the wife of Robert McGuill, of a daughter.
INGOLDSBY.—At Centreville, Sept. 26th, the wife of M. Ingoldsby, of twins—a boy and girl.
WOOD.—At Napanee, Oct. 17th., Mrs. Zachary Taylor Wood, Fort Macleod, N. W. T.,—a son.

MARRIED.

RAMSAY—YOUNG.—At Newburgh, George B. Ramsay, Camden, to Annie E. Young, Richmond.
HILL—HILDITCH.—At Hamburg, Oct. 7th Thomas Hill, to Miss Hilditch, both of South Fredericksburgh.
BROWSE—SHANNON.—By Rev. H. I. Allen at the home of the brides parents on Wednesday Oct. 9th. Mr. Allen E. Browse to Miss Roberta C. Shannon, both of the city of Kingston.
SCOTT—MCDONALD.—At Snow Road, Monday, Oct. 14th, at the house of Mr. Hugh McKinnon, by Rev. Alexander McAulay, William Scott, of Snow Road, to Miss Jessie McDonald, daughter of John McDonald, Mississippi Station.
BOYES—SMITH.—At the residence of the bride's father, Napanee, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. A. Young, J. Lester Boyes, Esq., to Charlotte Grace, youngest daughter of John Smith Esq., all of Napanee.
LUCAS—MILLIGAN.—By Rev. W. J. Young, on the 16th inst., at the residence of Mr. Nelson Amey, brother-in-law of the bride, Mr. George Lucas to Miss Mary Jane Milligan, daughter of the late Mr. Hugh Milligan, all of Ernesttown.

DIED.

HOLLANDS.—On October 8th, 1889, Mrs. Hollands, aged 36 years.
WOODCOCK.—On October 15th, 1889, Rosanna Woodcock, aged 69 years.
WHITE.—On October 7th, John Albert White, Napanee, aged 2½ years.
MCKIM.—At Selby, on Oct. 15th, 1889, Elizabeth A., Wife of Daniel McKim, aged 29 years and 5 months.
HITCHCOCK.—In New York, Sunday morning, Oct. 13th, at 8 o'clock, H O Hitchcock, of Wolfe Island aged 63 years.

EXPRESS CLUBBING LIST.

THE EXPRESS will be clubbed with the following papers for the price quoted, the balance of 1889 of the THE EXPRESS free:

The Weekly Globe	$1 75
The Daily Globe	5 50
The Weekly Mail and Farm Fireside	1 75
The Daily Mail	5 50
The Weekly Advertiser	1 75
The Montreal Witness	1 75
The Montreal Star	1 75
Harper's Bazaar	4 00
Harpe 's Weekly	4 20
Harper's Magazine	4 00
The Family Herald	1 75
Grip	2 50
The Rural Canadian	1 75
The Toronto World, (Daily)	2 50
Scribner's Magazine	3 50
The Canadian Poultry Review	1 60

Send along your money and the papers will be forwarded immediately.
Remember that the above prices include both The Napanee EXPRESS and the papers or periodicals mentioned.

THE MARKETS

EXPRESS OFFICE,
Napanee, Oct. 17th, 1889.

Flour, pastry per 100 lbs	@	2 85
Flour, family per 100 lbs		2 60
Fall wheat	80	90
Spring wheat	85	90
Bran per ton	12 00	.....
Shorts per ton	18 00	.....
Barley	38	45
Peas	55	...
Oats	25	28
Rye	45	...
Beef, hind quarte	5	6
Beef, fore quarter	4	5
Mutton per lb	6	7
Lamb per lb	9	10
Hogs per cwt	7 00	...
Butter per lb (roll)	20	25
Eggs per doz	13	15
Potatoes per bag	50	65
Turkeys	1 00	1 25
Geese	50	60
Ducks per pair	60	70
Chickens, per pair	25	40
Hay, per ton	6 00	8 00
Beef hides per cwt	3 00	3 50
Sheepskins	25	50
Pelts	25	05
Wool	18	10

HOUSEHOLD.

A Working Dress for Women.

An exchange says:—"The need of a convenient dress for work is strongly felt by business women. One of the largest working girl's societies in New York has adopted the blouse waist and straight-gathered skirt as a club dress for the members. The dress of young American women would be improved by simplicity and cheapness. They dress too expensively and too much, as a rule." Interviews with some twenty or more women engaged in making their own living resulted in the discovery that eighteen of them believed there was a crying need of some dress designed distinctively for business women, in which they might have more comfort and convenience than in the garments they now wear. Said one of them: "A friend of mine, just home from the Paris Exposition, is very much interested in something she saw there in the way of a reformed dress for business women. There is no doubt that some reform in that direction must and will come, though it is slow, because women are not only very conservative, but very much afraid of wearing anything that makes them conspicous or ridiculous. It is not women they are afraid of so much as the men, who, ever since the days of Jeremiah the Prophet, have been inveighing against the follies of women's dress, but who are the first to jeer at and persecute her if she dare attempt to emancipate herself from those follies in any way. Now, in my own case, for example, my work requires that I should be out of doors a great deal, no matter what the state of the weather may be. My condition when it storms is positively pitiable. I must hold up my umbrella, grasp my skirts with one hand to try to keep them out of the wet—which, by the way, never does succeed in keeping them out of it entirely—and whatever books, and papers or parcels I may have to carry must be tucked insecurely under one arm. I have passed men plodding about in the rain and almost wept from envy. Their trousers are turned up quite out of the danger of wet, their long mackintoshes have deep pockets that will hold all their parcels and papers, and they have both hands free for their umbrellas, and they can step into their office, lay aside their outside wraps, and be as neat and dry as when they left home. Let any woman walk through a windy rain and see if she can say the same thing when she arrives at her destination. The new French dress which my friend saw at the Paris Exposition seems to me the best suggestion I have heard yet. The trouble has been to find something that would, while being convenient, be also graceful and modest, and this seems to come near it. It is modelled on the uniform of the Zouave regiments and consists of trousers and gaiters—the neatest thing, by the way, for walking that has ever been invented. This makes no exposure of the person at all while leaving the limbs perfectly free. Over it is a skirt that comes almost to the ankle, but it is only slightly gathered and is slit up on each side to the hip, so that while it answers all purposes of modesty it does not interfere in the least with locomotion. The waist can be either a blouse with a sash, or a waistcoat and coat with plenty of pockets. I hear that a number of French women who manage their own farms or have work to do out of doors have adopted it and find it both comfortable and becoming. Mme. Dieulafoy, the great explorer, who wears an entire male costume on her travels, is a great admirer of the new dress and says it is, she thinks, the solution of the problem of a working dress for working women.

First and foremost there is the basket, an elaborate affair of gilded wicker-work upon a stand just conveniently high for daily use. This is lined with silk or satin, pure white or palest pink or blue—pink for boys and blue for girls, the gossips says; but that's a matter of taste. The edge is trimmed with lace, and bows of ribbon are tied wherever there is space, and the whole scented with daintiest sachets. This basket can be stocked, if you wish to be munificent, with silver powder-box and tiny silver-backed brush and velvety sponges, and finest soaps and gold safety pins. But everybody cannot give baskets since one is an abundance, so for the aunt who knits there are tiny silk shirts and socks not too dainty for anything when done in palest tints or cream or pearl white. Then here are sacques crocheted in silk or made of finest cashmere and sprigged with silk embroidery. And the matinees—for baby has his matinees as well as mamma—dainty, long, loose robes, to be thrown on in the morning, made of India silk or fine cashmere or flannel, and all herring-boned with silk floss and tied with narrow ribbons. A pretty gift is a swansdown pillow, just big enough for baby's head, made of white silk and hand-painted with some delicate flower in one corner and a suitable inscription, such as "Angels Guard His Slumber."

This pillow must, of course, be edged with lace. Then there is the carriage robe, in numberless designs, but the simplest is apt to be the prettiest. A square of white flannel, edged with lace, a handsome bow of ribbon in one corner a spray of embroidered or painted flowers is as pretty as anything. Baby's jewelry is limited, but there are always the traditional drinking mug of silver, a ring or two for the finger, gold studs linked by tiny chains, a necklace of amber beads to ward off disease and evil influences. There are boxes of finest powders, most delicately scented, imported especially for Baby, and perfumed sprays with which to give the last touch to the infant toilet and make him, if possible, sweeter than his own sweet self. These are only a few of the dainty and expensive things which every properly appreciated baby gathers unto itself ere it has seen its first moon upon earth, for it has grown to be an understood thing that no one shall come empty-handed to pay his respects to the "royal guest" of a happy family circle.

Choice Recipes.

POTATO-EGG DISH.—The eggs, beaten with a light, swift hand, have added to them a pinch of salt, pepper and a bit of chopped parsley and trifle of onion. The cold potatoes are then lightly whipped up with two or three tablespoonfuls of milk; the whole mixed together and fried in lard or butter a nice brown.

COLD BACON.—It is first soaked for a couple of hours in warm water, then all rusty parts and rind scraped clean. Then let come gradually to a boil in cold water skimmed all the time and simmered until done. It is next skinned; then bread crumbs sifted over it and pu
after which it goes to the larder to get cold for supper or the next day's breakfast.

DISH OF STEWED BEEF.—The bone is cut out of a steak or a round and the meat sprinkled with red pepper. Then it is rolled and tied up and put into a stewing pan, well covered with stock, vegetables, a touch of herbs—vinegar and some sauce added—the whole simmering four to five hours. Then it is untied and laid in a deep dish, the gravy strained, thickened with butter and flour, boiled up (it may be flavored with wine to advantage) and poured over the meat, slices of buttered toast covering it when served.

PASSING NOTES.

Ornamental Shrubs—In soil where water does not stand in winter, this month is an excellent season for planting ornamental shrubs. For a small collection the following kinds are among the very best: Weigela rosea, Viburnum, plicatum, Japan Quince, Golden Bell, Hydrangea paniculata, various Spireas, Deutzia crenata and gracilis, Flowering Currant, Calycanthus, Forsythia or Golden Bell, Rose of Sharon, single and double, Japan Judas tree, Purple Barberry and White Fringe tree.

At the recent elections in France there were 1,800 candidates for 560 arrondissements. The correspondent of The London Times takes the view that the general desire to be a Deputy arises not so much from patriotism as from the solid advantages connected with the position. The Deputy has £365 a year, a free ticket over all French railways, free board during the session, free access to comfortable saloons and libraries, free stationery, excellent cigars at a low price, invitations to banquets, and the right of admission to theatres subsidised by the Government.

On the back of the great Frith of Forth bridge, the greatest wonder of the world, comes the proposal to connect the Friths of Forth and Clyde by a lockless ship canal. It is calculated that this could be accomplished for eight or ten millions of pounds, and that it would when completed be of priceless importance both for commerce and for war. It has so much to recommend it that it is generally thought that it will be set about almost immediately. The Manchester ship canal will cost about as much, though it is merely a local work, while this new project will be a national one.

The Spanish Government is alarmed at the rapid depopulation of Spain by immigration, and may take measures to check it. The emigrants go chiefly to South America; in five months of the present year Uruguay and the Argentine Republic received 20,000 Spaniards; and 1,500 natives of Rioja, Aragon and Catalonia embarked in one day from Barcelona embarked in one day from Barcelona for Buenos Ayres. The rapid growth of the South American countries gives great importance to the Pan-American Conference which will be held shortly in the United States.

According to a long article in the Fortnightly, from 60 to 86 per cent. of all the books given out of lending libraries in twenty-two of the principal towns of England were prose fiction, while from 1 to 2 per cent. were books on theology and philosophy, and about the like proportion of books of poetry and the drama. In Scotland the tone of public taste is a little higher, but only a little. The general conclusion reached is that there is an enormous demand for works of fiction, and that the preference is for books of a highly sensational character, and these often of an immoral character, and totally destitute of literary merit. It is to be feared that it is still worse on this side the Atlantic.

The latest difficulty that has presented itself to the promoters of the World's Fair of 1892 is connected with the operation of the contract labour law, which, as it stands, will prevent the importation of the numerous labourers and artisans who will be employed by the foreign exhibitors, and even of foreign salesmen, clerks, cashiers, etc. It has been suggested that the law should be amended to cover the case, but it is feared that such a step would arouse the indignation of the home labour element. In the meantime New York and Chicago continue to press their respective claims to the honour of

the new dress and says it is, she thinks, the solution of the problem of a working dress for wor king women.

Woollen Underwe ar

Seniable people are beginning to agree that woollen underwear is a necessity to health, and some extreme theorists go so far as to insist that wool is the only proper material for the under and outer clothing of man. While few people are ready to accept woollen pocket handke chiefs and stiff collars and neckties of wool and many other incongruous sundries that extremists insist on, there has been a notable increase in the last few years of the garments made of wool for summer as well as winter use. The gentleman who should insist upon substituting a striped flannel for a white linen shirt would but a few years ago have been regarded as more than half mad. Various are the companies organized to meet the public demand for fine wool fabrics. Various methods to prevent wool from shrinking have been introduced, and there is more than one process patented to restore woollen goods which have been shrunken. When it is remembered that the alternate fibres of the wool are spirals, and that shrinking is the drawing up or catching together of these alternate fibres, these attempts do not appear so chimerical as might be supposed. All that stands in the way of the permanent adoption of undergarments of pure wool is this fact, that they are liable to shrink even with the perspiration of the skin. Any inventor that will restore such flannel to its orginal state would indeed be a benefactor to humanity. The beautiful ribbed underwear knit by hand or machine will ultimately shrink, do what you may.

A Word About Babies.

When the wise man wrote that there was nothing new under the sun he forgot about babies. Babies are always new. True, they have been in stock more or less for the last thousand years, but that does not prevent each individual baby that comes into the world in this year of our Lord from being just as new to the admiring parents and relatives as was the little Cain to Mother Eve and her consort Adam. Indeed, when one considers the uncommonly common nature of this phenomenon it is hard to account for the joyful and almost awesome surprise with which each little wrinkled mite of humanity is greeted, not only by its progenitors but by a whole retinue of worshipping neighbors and friends as well.

Only a few days ago a newly made father, who had probably never given the subject of babies five minutes' consideration in his life, informed in all seriousness a group of fellow-brokers on 'Change that his "baby was born with every nail on its ten tiny fingers and toes as perfect as yours or mine, sirs, at this moment"—this triumphantly and almost defiantly, as though challenging any one of them to dispute this wonderful statement—and every man of them looked as much surprised as though he had told them the child had been born with two heads. This is simply to illustrate how utterly new "Baby" is, and being new and altogether precious and undoubtedly superior to anything of the kind ever produced before, it is only meet, right and our bounden duty to welcome him—or her—in a manner becoming to such preciousness and uniqueness of creation. Hence has arisen the custom of bringing gifts to the altar—gifts of gold and frankincense and myrrh—of purple and fine linen. True, the frankincense and fine linen take on a somewhat modern form but just what form they should take is what puzzles many an unsophisticated worshipper who would no doubt be truly grateful for a timely hint as to just what is most suitable to select as a love offering to the latest arrival cut from paradise.

strained, thickened with butter and flour, boiled up (it may be flavored with wine to advantage) and poured over the meat, slices of buttered toast covering it when served.

PEACH JELLY.—Rub the down from the peaches, cut them in quarters and save the pits. Crack one-third of the pits, and add them to the fruit to be boiled with it. Boil as for quince jelly. After the straining allow the juice of one lemon to every pint of juice, and after measuring again to allow for the increase of the lemon juice, weigh out one pound of sugar to each pint of liquid and proceed as for quince. This will not make a jelly firm enough to stand in shape after being turned from the glass, but it wil be found just right for putting between the layers in jelly-cake.

hat the Cities all Need.

The man who will invent a noiseless rubber tire for the milk waggon will deserve to rank with Bell and Edison. He will deserve the votes of every honest man who lives on a paved street. It is a well-known fact that the milk waggon is beyond any doubt, the noisiest vehicle extant. To the city resident the darkest hour of the morning is not the one before the dawning—it is the hour just after the dawning. That is the hour when he and Morpheus are clinched, and the milk waggon rolls along and bids them break away. Everyone realizes the sweetness of that dozing slumber which accompanies the sun's first rays, and the hoarse, rumbling, metallic interruption of the morning milk waggon is the immediate cause of a great deal of sleepy, pianissimo profanity.—[Chicago interior.

Hadn't Read Juliet, but Thought Romeo Glorious.

Would-be Poet—"And, my dear doctor, I have taken such delight in all the great poems that I am sure that poetry is my vocation."

Eminent Litterateur—"And—ah—my dear young lady—you—ah—have read Romeo—ah—and Juliet?"

Would-be Poet—"Well, I haven't read Juliet, but I think Romeo is glorious." (Fact).

A Reason For Not Calling.

Mrs A.: "What a pleasant person Mrs. Greene is to visit? She always receives one so courteously, you know?" Mrs. B.: "Why, that's the only reason that I do not call upon her. It is a sign of vulgarity, don't you know, to appear so pleased to see visitors. It looks as though you were not in the habit of receiving company."

The Philadelphia "Ledger" says:—Col. John I. Rogrs, while in charge of the Bureau of Information at Johnstown, prepared a report about June 16th, which was published in the "Ledger" a few days afterward. In it he stated that 1,440 bodies had been recovered from the flood, and said:—"I am of the opinion, after much consideration of the entire field of inquiry, and remembering the proneness of almost every one to exaggeration in estimating populations and crowds of any kind, that three thousand is a fair estimate of the number lost—certainly four thousand will, in my opinion, cover it." At that time the current estimates of loss of life ranged as high as twelve and even fifteen thousand. For his conservative estimate Mr. Rogers was pronounced "a fool" in at least one paper, but time has vindicated his judgement. As stated yesterday, the new directory, compared with one collated in April last, indicates a losso 3,500 lives.

home labour element. In the meantime New York and Chicago continue to press their respective claims to the honour of holding the exhibition, while in New York there is a pretty quarrel over the proposed site in that city.

A Boston writer dubs the Maritime Provinces the New England annex because they supply the Eastern States with so large an immigration. It is estimated that seven teen thousand "provincialists" went to the United States by water last year, and that the average of the exodus has been from ten to twelve thousand annually during the past fifteen years. Many Maritime Province people cross the line on speculation; others secure situations in advance through employment offices devoted entirely to the finding of work for "provincialists." Eastern Canadians are much in demand because they are so sober and industrious. The circumstance speaks well for Canada; but it is not pleasant to reflect that so many people expatriate themselves to get a living.

Things Worth Knowing.

It was the privilege of the editor of this paper to recently meet at the White Mountains a gentleman now nearly eight five years old, who graduated at Columbia College, New York City, in 1824, sixty-five years ago—has been distinguished as a civil engineer, and now in full possession of all his mental faculties, is from the experiences of his long life a most interesting and valuable companion.

The other day he was telling us how even a small compass, attached to a watch chain, often magnetized and affected a watch, and the danger of carrying the two near each other; also, how much better it is to use no soap in shaving—simply thoroughly wetting the beard with cold water, and keeping it wet while shaving—how it saves time—is much better for the skin, etc, etc, especially in winter. Acting upon his advice we tried the experiment with complete success, and hereafter shall need in shaving only a razor and cold water. These things are worth knowing.

An Unfortuna'e Dog.

"I am worried about that dog," remarked Mr. Oltime, as the canine uttered a doleful wail.

"So is George," remarked his daughter.

"Humph, George hasn't any cause for troubles, if it were not for George my mind would be at peace now."

"How is that, papa?"

"Why, the other evening George was coming through the gate,"

"Yes, papa?"

"The dog sprang at him, caught him in the cheek"—

"Oh, papa!"

"And lost two front teeth."

How to Arrange a Raid.

Municipal dignitary (to police officials)—"Order the force to have everything in readiness for a descent on the gambling houses to-night."

Police Official (to subordinate officer)—"Tell the men to get ready for a raid on the gambling places to-night."

Subordinate Officer (to squad of police)—"Boys, be around here about eleven o'clock. We are ordered to make a haul of the gambling houses."

Policeman (to gambler)—"Jerry, we're goin' to raid ye about midnight. Tell the byes."

Bessie—"How was it you refused Charlie when you love him so?" Jemmie—"Because after proposing once he changed the subject and never referred to it again. I intended to accept him the third time he asked me."

FOREIGN NOTES.

The famous German regiment known as the Black Brunswickers are about to exchange their time-honoured uniforms for the Prussian pattern.

The range of the Mannlicher rifle was proved again in a startling manner the other day when an Austrian soldier was killed by one at target practice at a reputed range of over two miles and a-half.

There were assembled at the Royal Palace in Copenhagen the other day one Emperor, one Empress, one Empress Dowager, three Kings, one Queen, four heirs apparent, and thirty-five imperial and royal Princes and Princesses.

A movement is on foot in St. Petersburg for observing Sunday as it is understood in Canada and Great Britain. It is said that twelve hundred St. Petersburg merchants have already declared themselves willing to keep their places of business closed on the first day of the week.

Pita, the new remedy for hydrophobia recently discovered in Spain, seems to be a name given to the flower stalk of the aloe, a plant common in some parts of Spain. The story goes that its virtues were discovered accidentally by a man in a fit of hydrophobia falling upon an aloe plant and unconsciously biting the stem.

A hint for briefless barristers in other countries may be gained from their learned brothers in France. Some of the junior members of the legal profession in Paris have placed their services at the disposition of the manager of the Ambigu for the trial scene in "Roger de Honte," and their offer has been gratefully accepted.

A future is thought to lie before Alexander of Battenberg, retired to an estate in Styria since his marriage with his danseuse. In a few months he will receive a high command in the Austrian army, as Count Moltke entertains the very highest opinion of his strategic talents, and the Austrian army is in great need of a capable General.

Brigandage is now rife is Macedonia, and no fewer than 200 persons have been murdered and robbed within the last two months. Two brigands named Shakir and Osman, each of whom has committed more than twenty murders, are terrorizing the country. The Turkish authorities are described as showing a most suspicious supineness in the repression of brigandage.

"Daughter," wrote Madame de Sevigne in a famous phrase, "go and tell your daughter that her daughter's little girl is crying." There is a family at Roscoff, in France, in which such a remark would be appropriate, since there are five genarations of it alive at this mome t. The oldest member of the family is a great-great-grandmother of ninety three, and the youngest a small descendant aged one month. They all went to church together the other day when the newest generation was christened.

Alexandre Gustave Eiffil, who has leaped into fame on the strength of nine hundred and seventy-five feet of masonry and iron, is a muscular built man of commanding presence, with sandy-gray hair and closely-cropped beard. He is also seven and fifty, and has not escaped decoration, being a chevalier of the Legion of Honor, and commander of divers other orders, yet he commences his work daily at six o'clock in the morning, and he wears the worst fitting trousers in Europe.

M. Paul Du Chaillu had an interesting time of it when addressing the British Association on the subject of his forthcoming book, "The Vikings, the Direct Ancestors of the English-speaking People." The discussion that ensued produced considerable critical disagreement with Du Chaillu's theory, and

FREE $85 solid GOLD WATCH Sold for $100 until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. Both ladies' and gents' sizes with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one FREE. How is this possible? We answer—we want one person in each locality, to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a complete line of our valuable and very useful HOUSEHOLD SAMPLES. These samples, as well as the watch, we send free, and after you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property; it is possible to make this great offer, sending the SOLID GOLD watch and COSTLY samples free, as the showing of the samples in any locality, always results in a large trade for us; after our samples have been in a locality for a month or two we usually get from $1000 to $3000 in trade from the surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once, and make sure of the chance. Reader it will be hardly any trouble for you to show the samples to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card on which to write us costs but 1 cent and after you know all, if you do not care to go further, why no harm is done. But if you do send your address at once, you can secure FREE one of the best solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 812, PORTLAND, MAINE

THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS IN CANADA.

OVER 100 STYLES OF

HAY SCALES,
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Mention this paper every time you write.

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The Str. Norsman

(A. DUNLOP, Master),

Will make her regular trips on this route, leaving Cobourg every morning at 7:30, and Port Hope at 9:50 o'clock, on arrival of Grand Trunk Railway trains from the east and west; connecting at Rochester with the New York Central, Northern Central and Erie Railways, and the Lake Ontario Division of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railway for all points east, west and south.

RETURNING.—Will leave Charlotte (Port of Rochester), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 12 o'clock p. m., Tuesdays at 9 o'clock p. m., Thursdays at 11 o'clock p. m., and Saturdays for Port Hope direct at 4 p. m.

This is the cheapest a t expeditious route to Oswego, Boston, Albany, New York. etc., etc.

Connects with early trains for North, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 a. m.

FREE $85 Solid Gold Watch Sold for $100, until lately. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as

SEASON OF 1889.

Until further notice the

Steamer Reindeer

Will leave Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places.

Leave Picton 8 a. m. for Napanee.

Returning will leave Napanee at 2 p. m. to connect with Steamer Varuna at Deserento for Belleville and Trenton.

Leave Deserento 2 45 p. m.; Picton 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.

L. M. COLLIER,
Captain.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

Mutual Fire Insurance COMPANY

is confined exclusively to isolated farm property, and is devoted to the interests of the farmers of the counties of Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and East Hastings.

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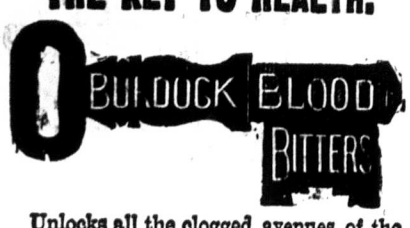
The Board meets at the Company's office on the first Tuesday in each month at 2 p. m.

Napanee, Feb. 14th, 1887. 1yr

THE KEY TO HEALTH.



Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

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NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

NAPANEE VALLEY LINE.

Time Table, No. 14.

In Effect ct.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55

on the subject of his forthcoming book, "The Vikings, the Direct Ancestors of the English-speaking People." The discussion that ensued produced considerable critical disagreement with Du Chaillu's theory, and finally, after some earnest arguments, he concluded his remarks excitedly with: "Patriotism is a splendid thing, but let us have the truth. I belong to the other side of the water—America—and they would not accuse me of being one-sided there."

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the forumla of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering follows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by addressing with name, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes 149 "Powers' Block, Rochester N. Y.

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an acoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from the administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

An Important Improvement.

The NEW SOFT STOP and Practice Pedal attachment to a NEWCOMBE UPRIGHT PIANO saves the nerves of the listener or performer, WHEN PRACTISING, as well as the instrument from wear, and preserves the tone.

Mair's Machine Shop.

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds Machinery repaired on the short notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

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NASAL BALM CURES — COLD IN THE HEAD — CATARRH

NASAL BALM.

A certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. *Be warned in time*, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. NASAL BALM is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

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☞ Beware of imitations similar in name.

Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free**, and after you have kept them in your home for **2** months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch** and **Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

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A regular monthly, quarterly or half-yearly payment (a slight advance on the rental rate) buys the instrument.

Any piano may be chosen out of a magnificent assortment of Uprights, Squares, and Grands, unsurpassed in quality and value. Ministers, Teachers, Governme n Officers, and those in receipt of regular in comes will find this a convenient and advantageous mode for securing a first-class instrument. When the instrument is used for practice, our Soft Stop or Practice Pedal saves wear on the nerves, as well as preserves the tone of the piano. Our Patent Foot Pedal attachment for Pianos is invaluable to organists, students, and teachers. Prices on application. Inspection invited.

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Warerooms— 107 and 109 Church St., Toronto. Factory, the finest in its equipments and appliances in the city, 89 to 97 Bellwoods ave.

		No. 2. A.M.	No. 4. P.M.
Napanee	Leave	10 45	5 05
Napanee Mills	"	11 00	5 20
Newburgh	"	11 07	5 27
Thompson's Mills*	"	11 15	5 35
Camden East	"	11 20	5 40
Yarker	"	11 35	5 55
Colebrook*	"	11 38	5 58
Galbraith Road	"	11 42	6 02
Varty Lake*(Excursion Ground			
Moscow	"	11 50	6 10
Mudlake Bridge*	"	11 58	6 18
Enterprise	"	12 05	6 25
Wilson's Crossing*	"	12 15	6 35
Tamworth	Arrive	12 25	6 45

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS		No. 1. A.M	No. 3. P.M.
Tamworth	Leave	7 00	2 15
Wilson's Crossing	"	7 15	2 30
Enterprise	"	7 20	2 35
Mudlake Bridge	"	7 27	2 42
Moscow	"	7 35	3 00
Varty Lake (Excursion Ground			
Galbraith Road	"	7 45	3 08
Colebrook	"	7 48	3 12
Yarker	"	7 50	3 15
Camden East	"	8 05	3 30
Thompson's Mills*	"	8 10	3 35
Newburgh	"	8 15	3 43
Napanee Mills	"	8 25	3 50
Napanee	Arrive	8 40	4 05

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth Eterprise for Bedrock & Verona, Tamworth for Erinsville daily, and for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, upon arrival of No, 2 train.

Stop only when passengers at or for. The Conductor will collect FIVE CENTS extra from all not supplied with a Ticket excepting these who get on at a Flag Station. No Return Tickets issued on the train.

This Time Table shows the times at which the trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations; but, as the punctuality of the trains depends on connection with other ones, the arrivals and departures at the time stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for delay or any inconvenience arising therefrom.

K. C. CARTER, Ass't Gen. Man. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. E. W. RATHBUN Gen. Man.

Deseronto Navigation

COMPANY (LIMITED)

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

The steamers of this Company will sail as under (Sundays excepted):

Str. QUINTE, Capt. D.B. Christie, Leave Picton 6 a m; Deseronto, 7,15; Northport, 7.50; Belleville, 10,00, arriving at Trenton 11 30 a m. Leave Trenton 1 p m; Belleville, 3; Northport, 4 20; Deseronto, 5,35, arrive at Picton 6 35 p m. Connecting with Str. Ella Ross to and from Napanee morning and evening. Staterooms may be had from the purser by passengers desirous of remaining on board over night at Picton or Napanee.

Str. ELLA ROSS, Capt. Angus Stanton, Leave Napanee 6 a m; Deseronto, 7: arriving at Picton 8,30. Leave Picton 3 p m; Deseronto, 5; arrive at Napanee at 6 p m. This steamer makes one extra trip between Picton and Deseronto, connecting with G. T. R. trains going east, viz, Leave Picton 9,30, arriving in Deseronto at 11 a m. Leave Deseronto 1 p m, arriving in Picton at 2 20 d. m.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS

by Strs. Quinte and Ella Ross.

Every afternoon during the excursion season tickets will be issued from Picton to Deseronto and return to go by Str. Ella Ross and return by Quinte at 25 cents.

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For further particulars as to tickets, fares, etc. apply to.

R, C. Carter.
General Manager, Deseronto

2439

LATE CABLE NEWS.

Rochefort and Boulanger—Belgrade Attracting Attention—The Czar and Prince Bismarck.

It is asserted in London that Rochefort and Boulanger have become reconciled. The only ground for the statement is that Rochefort is reported to have asserted that he would reject with scorn any Government offer of pardon, and that if Minister Constans should insult him by such a proposal he would drag the man Constans through the mud. But it is practically certain that Rochefort would gladly avail himself of amnesty and it is beyond doubt that he will soon part company with Boulanger. The latter has sent an agent to Jersey to secure, if possible, a cheap and secluded house for his chief. Boulanger wants to get away from London. It is too expensive for his straitened means, and he rightly dreads the effect of his reverses upon his social position when society returns to the metropolis.

Belgrade is again attracting the eyes of the political world. Queen Natalie is determined to have what she considers her rights, while the Regents, backed up by the ex-King, are as resolute in refusing them. The young King is kept away from his mother, and his affections appear to have been estranged, if any reliance may be placed upon official telegrams. Russia and Austria are watching events closely, but at present there is no sign of their proceeding beyond that stage. In the mean time, judging from one special correspondent's message, misfortune does not seem wholly to disagree with Queen Natalie. He says the Queen wore a tight-fitting dress of shepherd's plaid, with a narrow dark ribbon tied on one side round her neck, and her only jewels were diamond bangles on her wrists. Her splendid black hair fell unrestrained over her neck and shoulders, making a most effective frame for the handsome face. Her year of trials has added softness to her beauty and her dark eyes shine with a veiled lustre.

The anti-Semitic forces on the Continent have never been specially admired for intelligence, but the latest development of the Judenhetze in Leipsic transcends the ordinary in sheer stupidity. If Leipsic has one memory to be cherished above others, it is that of Mendelssohn, and the relics of him and of his family are sought out annually by thousands of reverential tourists from all parts of the world. A little while ago the guardians of the famous church of St. Thomas resolved to erect a window to the memory of the composer of "Elijah," and public spirited citizens were all delighted with the idea. Money was raised, and a design was accepted, when suddenly somebody started an outcry that the Mendelssohns were Jews, and thereupon the agitation grew so fierce that it is said the project of a window has been abandoned.

A very old lady has just died in the person of the Dowager Duchess of Beaufort, who years ago was the unwitting cause of a piece of far-reaching legislation. She was the second wife of the old Duke, whose childless first wife had been her sister. When her husband died, the question was raised whether her son could succeed to the title, inasmuch as the ancient ecclesiastical law then prevailing, while not making such marriages void, provided for their being set aside by spiritual courts upon appeal. After some trouble, the other heirs

THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

As soon as the meeting had opened in due and ancient form Brother Gardner called for the report of the committee appointed to test the Brown Sequard elixir, and the same was promptly made. The report showed the following tests and results:

First—The first trial was made on Elder Toots, he being a man 67 years of age, stiff in the knees and humped-backed. An injection of four ounces of the fluid was made in his right arm. In ten minutes he began to sing; in fifteen he began to break-down and at the end of twenty he turned to and licked Shindig Watkins out of his boots on account of a grudge eleven years old. He looked and acted like a man of 35, and a second injection made him so frisky that an extra patrolman had to be put on his beat. It is four weeks since the last dose, but he shows no signs of retrograding. He has an enormous appetite, sleeps like a log, and has licked every man who ever gave him any sass.

2. Sir Isaac Walpole was next experimented on. He is 70 years old, stiff in the left leg, lop shouldered, and has had a liver trouble for twenty-five years. Only two ounces were given him as a test, but at the end of twenty minutes his stiff leg limbered up, his liver got down to routine business, and he said he felt hungry for raw turnips. At the end of two hours he received another dose. He was acting very coltish then, but at the end of a quarter of an hour he offered to fight the committee singlehanded for a cent, threw Giveadam Jones three times in seven mintes, and went off singing "Old Black Joe" at the top of his voice. His condition is still the same, after five weeks, and from a humble, peace-loving old man, ready for the grave and eternity, he has been transformed into a robust chap apparently about 40 years of age, who goes about asking for some one to knock a chip off his shoulder.

3. The third test was made on Samuel Shin. Samuel is a sawed-off, weak kneed, stiff-necked single man of 28, and for some years he has been coughing up peach stones, water melon seeds and other foreign substances which he ate to hold him down level in his youth. He declared that he had no faith whatever in the elixir, but how little a man knows of the good things fortune may have in store for him! As the committee had about a quart of the elixir on hand and didn't want to waste any they gave Samuel the whole business at a dose. It was at first thought he had been killed. His eyes rolled, his limbs shook and he called for his mother. This state of affairs soon passed away, however, and with a sudden whoop Brother Shin sprang to his feet. The change was so great that one could hardly recognize him. His knees braced up, his legs increased one foot in length, and his neck limbered up until he could turn his head like a parrot. Samuel has also been easily identified by a cataract in his left eye. In fifteen minutes this disappeared with his other ailments, and he jumped over chairs and benches, turned handsprings and declared that he was a new man. He has been so changed that he was stopped at the outer door by the guard and had to call out some of the officers to identify him. He only got one dose, and that was four weeks ago, yet he seems to hold his own right along.

4. The member selected for the fourth test was Col. Kyann Johnson. The colonel is 54 years old, tall and slim, for the last year has been troubled with catarrh, consumption, torpid liver, gout, rheumatism and various other unpleasant things. Six months ago he bought a coffin on the instalment plan, and six or seven weeks since his wife called in the neighbors at midnight to see him die. The colonel was given his first dose twenty-three days ago. It had no visible effect except to make him weep. He sat down on

reply that close track be kept of the proceedings of the parent club in investigating the elixir theory, and the meeting then adjourned.

Experiments With Eggs.

Some of the phenomena of fluid friction may be beautifully shown by very simple experiments devised by Sir William Thomson. The materials necessary are two eggs—one raw, the other hard boiled; two rubber bands of such a size as to clasp an egg firmly when slipped on length-wise: two thin steel wires, about the size of those sometimes used as E strings on guitars; and a mirror or large plate, or other smooth surface, with a ledge around it to prevent the eggs rolling off.

From a gas fixture, or other convenient support, the two wires are hung, and to the lower end of each one is fastened one of the rubber loops. Into these loops the eggs are slipped, with their long axes vertical. Grasping one egg in the fingers of each hand they are gently turned once or twice round and then let go. The eggs show a surprising difference in behavior. The boiled egg keeps twisting to and fro, after the manner of a torsion pendulum, while the raw one comes almost immediately to rest. The explanation is easy. The hard boiled egg, being rigid throughout, turns as a whole, while the raw egg, being soft inside, has only its shell moved by the torsion of the wire, the contents remaining stationary, because of their greater inertia. The shell is thus made to rub to and fro on its contents, and being very light, is soon brought to rest.

Sir William Thomson has used this experiment to illustrate one of the proofs that the interior of the earth is solid. If the earth consisted of a thin shell or crust of hard rocks surrounding a fluid or pasty nucleus, as has been until recently generally taught, he says that the observed swinging and swaying motions of the earth's axis in precession and nutation would be impossible. Any such motion would soon be stopped by interior friction.

Place the eggs on the mirror or plate and try by a sudden twist with the fingers to spin them on end like tops. With the boiled egg one readily succeeds, but the raw egg will hardly make a single rotation before it falls on its side. The finger twist has merely moved the shell, the inside remaining at rest. Professor Mendenhall has remarked that this experiment furnishes a solution to Columbus' problem—how to make an egg stand on end: first boil the egg hard, and then spin it.

The third experiment is the one that occasions greatest surprise. The boiled egg is spun on its side on the glass, and the palm of the hand is then gently brought down upon it for an instant. The rotation, of course, stops at once. But when the same thing is tried with the raw egg, as soon as the hand that stops it is removed, its rotation begins again. In this case, when the shell is stopped its fluid contents remain in motion, and, rubbing against it, sets it in motion when the hand is taken away. It astonishes one to find how long the egg may be held still before this effect stops!—[Scientific American.

A Forced Tax.

The Chinamen in California, although aliens, are obliged to pay a poll-tax of three dollars, if under sixty years of age. As they are a thrifty people, inclined to save, and not at all in sympathy with American institutions, they do all they can to avoid this tax. Mr. Frank, an assessor in one of the mountain districts, had a good deal of trouble one spring in finding a certain Chinaman, "Sam Lee," who was on his list.

raised whether her son could succeed to the title, inasmuch as the ancient ecclesiastical law then prevailing, while not making such marriages void, provided for their being set aside by spiritual courts upon appeal. After some trouble, the other heirs acceded to the succession of the present Duke, but in order that such a dispute should not arise again, an act was immediately passed making marriage with a deceased wife's sister illegal.

Accident to a Lion Tamer.

M. Edmond Pezon, son of the well-known lion tamer has just met with another accident. Some time ago, while he was putting the lion "Brutus" through his paces at a fair on the Boulevard Richard-Lenoir, Paris, he had his left arm badly lacerated. The other evening he was performing with the same animal at Versailles. "Brutus," who had already been excited by a series of entertainments, was in a bad humour, and as M. Pezon was making him open his mouth he seized the tamer's hand and bit it right through. A doctor who was present at the performance at once took the unfortunate young man in charge. His previous wound was so far from healed that he still had his left arm in a sling

Got His Apology.

Gazley (presenting his card): I represent my friend, Mr. Dooley.

You grossly insulted him last night, and he demands an apology or satisfaction, sir.

Tangle: I don't remember insulting anybody.

Gazley: You told him to go to Jericho, sir.

Tangle: Oh, yes, I believe I did. So Dooley feels bad about it, does he?

Gazley: Yes, sir. He demands an apology.

Tangle: Well, I don't want any ill feeling between us. You may tell him he needn't go.

What He Could Use.

Visitor: "My name is Scribbler. I sent you several contributions. Is there anything among them you can use?" Editor: "Yes, the postage stamps."

Proofs of Her Skill.

Omaha Papa: So you are going to marry, are you, my son? I presume the young lady you are to wed knows all about housework and looking after the wants of a family?

Omaha Youth: Well, you just bet she does. I wish you could see a cotton bat ing dog she made last week, and some butterflies she painted on velvet.

In consequence of the smokeless powder, the Italian Government has suspended the manufacture of all other kinds of gunpowder.

The Russian nobles are rushing to bankruptcy in great numbers. The credit bank for lending money to them on mortgage of their land, established by the Government two or three years ago, has now no less than 2,000 estates which will have to be sold by public auction at the end of this year for non-payment of interest on loans. The question is, Who will buy this enormous amount of property? If neither the bank nor the Government buy it, there will be 2,000 noble landowners ruined by an institution which was established by the Government for their special help.

bought a coffin on the instalment plan, and six or seven weeks since his wife called in the neighbors at midnight to see him die. The colonel was given his first dose twenty-three days ago. It had no visible effect except to make him weep. He sat down on a bench and declared himself an abused man and sobbed like a child. The next day he was given another dose, and the effect was magical. His tears were dried at once, a bright and happy smile played over his face, and his gaunt and cadaverous appearance fled away, to be replaced by a portly, well-round figure which was solid on its pins. As he was putting on his coat after the operation he uttered several blood curdling whoops, declared himself to be the colored John L Sullivan of the world, and intimated that he would make Rome howl before he was many hours older. No further test has been made on the colonel, and the effects of the last appear to hang right by him.

5. The fifth and last was made on Gig back Smith. Brother Smith is 40 years old, has a voice like pounded glass, and is cross, eyed. He has been a humble member for the past two years, never advancing an idea, and always submitting to be bossed around by Judge Cadaver. He didn't want to be experimented on, having been run over by a butcher cart once upon a time after being vaccinated, but he was seized and flung down and held fast while six ounces of the elixir from an old sheep were injected into his arm. He at first straightened out as if dying, but after a few minutes came to with a wild yell. The first change was noticed in his voice. From a thin, quavering, complaining high G, it at once changed to a roar in a barrel. His eyes straightened themselves, the end of his nose turned up, and he became aggressive. The very first words were a threat to go out and hunt up Judge Cadaver and pound him to squash.

Only the five tests had been made, and it was for the club to decide whether they had been successful, and if further ones should be entered into.

IT IS A BIG THING.

"It pears to me, said Brother Gardner, as the chairman finished his report, "dat de long-felt want has at last bin filled. De effect has bin mo' dan wonderful, as I hev myself personally observed. I go in fur furder tests. Let us investigate de theory to de fullest extent."

On motion of Waydown Beebe it was resolved that the tests be continued and reports made as results were obtained.

A PERTINENT INQUIRY.

The secretary then read the following, dated at Toronto, Ont.

Brother Gardner:

RESPECTED SIR—There are many members of this order (103) of the "Lime Kiln Club" ishat are anxious to know whether it is safe to spend $11 apiece in the use of the "Bromn-Sequard Elixir of Life.' It being so important and serious a question, we have referred it to you for an answer. Will it restore lost children? Remove spots from coach dogs? Fasten new rubber on clothes wringers? Keep watermelons till Christmas time? Keep off rheumatism? Take the place of whisky? The persons loudest in their demands for this "new life" are the most useless, shiftless and wickedest of our city. How do you account for that? The men the community are patiently waiting to shake off the coil are the very ones who are hunting for the "elixir." We have failed to find a single honest man that has lost a day's work of whitewashing or fence post-hole digging in the examination of this new discovery. Please advise us.

Respectfully submitted,
MISERY WAKEUP,
President.

HARDLY HOLDFAST,
Secretary.

The secretary was instructed

not at all in sympathy with American institutions, they do all they can to avoid this tax. Mr. Frank, an assessor in one of the mountain districts, had a good deal of trouble one spring in finding a certain Chinaman, "Sam Lee," who was on his list.

He went to Sam's shanty twice; he looked for him at the placer mine where he "panned out" his daily wages, but all in vain, Sam managed to avoid the assessor. One morning however, Mr. Frank happened to meet him on the mountain road.

"Hello, Sam Lee!" said he, stopping his horse, "I've been looking for you. You must pay your poll-tax—three dollars."

"Me no payee; me klixty-nine old," said Sam.

"Nonsense, you're not forty, and you know it. Come. You must pay that tax. Out with it."

"Me klixty-eight," urged Sam.

"Nonsense, I tell you. I know better."

"Me klixty-seven," pleaded the Chinaman; and as the assessor still shook his head and looked commanding, he ran beseechingly down the years from "klixty-klix" to "klixty." But the majesty of the law, as personified by Mr. Frank's unbending decision, at last awed him. Reluctantly he drew from his blouse a leather bag, took out of it three silver dollars, and handed them to the assessor with this parting shot:

"Melican man beap stealee. What for you no catch-um pistol-gun?"

Mr. Frank says that he has never since approached a Chinaman for his poll tax without remembering the time he was made to feel like a highway robber by Sam Lee's demand, "What for you no catch-um pistol-gun?"

A Hay Palace.

There have been palaces of grass and of ice for some years. Then a corn palace was added to the wonders of the world. This year sees another material used in the construction of a palace for exhibition purposes. Creston, Iowa, has built a palace of hay and named it the Blue Grass. The following description taken from the Farmer and Breeder will be of interest to those who have been unable to visit it.

As one approaches the structure and the eye takes in the massive outer walls, which the baled hay gives the appearance of solid masonry with outings of a lighter shade; represented by baled straw, with dadoes and panels of thatch work in all the varied grasses and grains of the region, the wonder grows; and as the eye mounts to the turreted round tower rising above the horse-shoe-arched entrance to the top of the battlement walls, with their flags and streamers, their sentinel towers, and thence still higher to the grand central dome surmounted by the central tower whose highest outlook is ninety feet, and above which the stars and stripes proudly float, the observer is lost in amazement at the magnitude of the undertaking, the beauty of the conception, and the faithfulness of its execution. Nowhere is anything visible except the hay, straw and grasses, except at the windows, many of which are fancifully trimmed with corn in the ear. The first thing to strike the eye as one enters through the central arch is the round tower rising from the centre of the inner court and supporting the central dome. This is beautifully decked in fantastic designs, and its beauty of decoration defies descriptive power. For fifty or sixty feet this artistic work extends upward to where the graceful arch of the vaulted roof springs away from the central column or tower. Here nature ends in art, blending so perfectly that the point of juncture is almost indistinguishable. Radiating in all directions from this common centre on the tightly spread convas of the ceiling are delineated exquisite farm scenes.

The French Elections.

The results of the first ballot in the French elections have insured the present stability of the Republic and settled the fate of Boulangism. There is no room for doubt that the re-balloting will largely increase the majority of between sixty and seventy already secured for the Government. The prestige of victory will be on the side of the Republic in the second contest, and as large numbers of those who abstained from voting in the first instance are pretty sure to come out in support of the winning party, this prestige will largely affect the issue, which on other grounds is not doubtful. All true friends of France, and all who desire the prolongation of peace in Europe will rejoice that the strange coalition between militaryism has failed to disturb the existing order and subject the country once more to personal rule. The triumph of the Opposition would have been a terrible calamity, not only to France itself, but to all Europe. Considering the incongruous materials of which the Boulangist party was composed its success at the polls would in all probability have been but the commencement of another struggle between the irreconcileable factions of the victorious party, a struggle which would have been not unlikely to culminate in civil war. This particular danger, not at any time very great since the ignominious flight of the doughty General, and the exhibition of his character and record before the Senatorial Court may now be considered past. Of course it is a natural consequence of the instability of the French character that one can never know what may happen next. But as the tree which has withstood a rough blast strikes deeper root, so it may be hoped that with each commotion the Republic is being settled more firmly on its foundations. During the past ten years, as Mr. Gladstone recently reminded the French themselves, many thorny obstacles have stood in the way of French Republicanism, but the government has at the last met every call made upon it. As it has been in the past, so, it may be hoped, it will be in the future.

What They Were Doing.

Mabel; What were you and Phyllis doing in the conservatory?

Tom: I was making a study in human nature—a girl receiving her first proposal.

Mabel: What was she doing?

Tom: She was also making a study in human nature—a fellow receiving a flat rejection.

"What is Home Without a Housekeeper,"

is the degraded view taken by a gruff old bachelor, of the holy office of wife and mother. And yet how many mothers and wives there are who are simply "housekeepers," household drudges, whose life is worked out while disease is let in, during the ceaseless round of washing and scrubbing and dusting and baking and cooking. The same clothes and floors and furniture and dishes are gone over and over until the heart is sick and the body is broken with worry and disease. Amid this toil nervousness begins, bad digestion, irregularities of the reproductive organs, prolapsus or other displacements, popularly known as "female weakness," sick headache and a host of female complaints follow on. For all such take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the only remedy sold by druggists, UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction or money will be refunded.

Miss Toki Mardira, the daughter of one of the highest families in Japan, has decided to take the veil in Munich.

The Vanderbilt System of Railways.

Few persons have any conception of the magnitude of the interests covered by the above title, and very few even among the railway fraternity are aware of how fully this vast system occupies the field in which it is located; but if you will take a map and trace out, first, the New York Central & Hudson River; second, the Boston & Albany; third, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern; fourth, the Michigan Central; fifth, the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis (formerly the "Bee Line" and "Big Four") Railroads, you will be impressed with the wonderful foresight of the men who designed and executed the plan to operate under a uniform policy, and practically a common control, a system of railways that should furnish unsurpassed transportation facilities to the great commercial empire outlined above, and a trip over this grand aggregation will convince the most skeptical that the Vanderbilt System of Railways, of which the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad is the main stem, traverses the very heart of the business portion of this continent, touching, either directly or through its immediate connections, all the important commercial centers of the country, and offering to health, pleasure and business travel facilities that are not equalled by any similar institution in the world.

An edition of one hundred thousand copies of a very neat little pamphlet bearing the title at the head of this article has just been issued by the American Bank Note Company of New York, which contains much interesting information concerning this great system.

Joy Indescribable.

Day and night irritation, pain, burning kidney trouble, etc., made life to me miserable. For the past four months have used ST. LEON Mineral Water. It cured me quickly. Have travelled much and have tried many things, but have found nothing in the world to equal St. Leon. The flow of high spirits and joy it brings is indescribable.

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Have you got salt-rheum or tetter,
Scrofula or fever-sores?
You will never be the better
For your faith in quackish bores.
Seek from nature's store the treasure
That will save you from the grave,
And give blessings without measure—
Not to fool, or quack, or knave,
but to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the world-famed cure for the above diseases. It is guaranteed to cure the diseases for which it is recommended, or money paid for it will be refunded.

The family of Richard Wagner received £2,600 as their share of the profits from the recent performances at Beyreuth.

"Yes; I shall break the engagement," she said, folding her arms and looking defiant; "it is really too much trouble to converse with him; he's as deaf as a post, and talks like he had a mouthful of mush. Besides, the way he hawks and spits is disgusting." "Don't break the engagement for that; tell him to take Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It will cure him completely." "Well, I'll tell him. I do hate to break it off, for in all other respects he's quite too charming." Of course, it cured his catarrh.

A diamond cutter—The man who makes a home run.

Voice culture.—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum improves the voice. Used by the leading singers and actors. Sold by all druggists and confectioners, 5 cents.

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(INCORPORATED.)
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SOLID INVESTMENT—By paying to the above Association ONE CENT PER DAY, a person aged twenty-two, and two cents per day a person aged forty-four can secure Five Dollars per week while disabled through sickness or accident, also for two and three cents per day, persons aged as above can secure for their dependants, Five Hundred Dollars in event of death.
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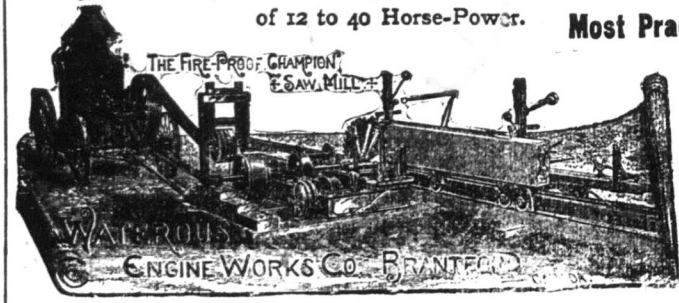

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The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 18, 1889.

The North-West Settler.

No one has done more for Manitoba or is better acquainted with the circumstances and wants of the settler than Mr. James Taylor, the United States consul at Winnipeg. Mr. Taylor has lived there many years, and is known far and wide as one of the best friends of the North-West. The opinion of such a man regarding the causes of the slow progress that is being made, is therefore, of some value. The best the Government can do, when asked to account for the failure of all their magnificent predictions, is to falsely accuse the Liberal party of having decried the country. In a recent report to the Washington Government, Mr. Taylor describes the old tariff and the new tariff of Manitoba. In former days when it was under the jurisdiction of the Hudson Bay Co., the region had a local tariff of four per cent. ad valorem, with a specific duty of a shilling sterling a gallon on liquors and wines. There was a large free list, which included agricultural implements. To-day the duty on implements is 35 per cent., with mixed specific and ad valorem duties on certain kinds; and these taxes, says Mr. Taylor, coupled with the duties on canned meats and fruits, "have had a very depressing effect upon the settlement of the country." This stands to reason. The Government must have known that for a long time the price of wheat and other products would, as a rule, average higher in Dakota and Minnesota than in Manitoba, because of the greater railroad development of those States and the special demand for their hard wheat in the neighboring markets of Minneapolis and Chicago. Hence a wise Government would have gone as far as it could go in the direction of minimising the cost of farming in Manitoba. But the Conservatives have pursued the very opposite course. The Canadian settler not only gets less for his crop than the settler just south of the line, but is subject to a heavier outlay in producing it. Mr. Taylor gives the following list of American implements imported into Manitoba during the year ending June 30th, 1888, attaching the Canadian duties in each case:

Articles.	Value.	Rate of duty.
Drills, grain seed	$495	35 per cent.
Fanning-mills	35	Do.
Harrows	171	Do.
Harvesters	1,150	Do.
Hoes	3	5 cents each and 25 per cent.
Mowing-machines	855	35 per cent.
Plows, sulky and walking	25,430	Do.
Spades and Shovels	79	$2 per dozen.
Unenumerated	8,749	35 per cent.
Total	$36,967.	

There are no trustworthy returns of the imports into Manitoba from the older provinces, but Mr. Taylor estimates that the older provinces sent implements of the value of $184,000, so that the American implements constituted nearly 20 per cent.

POLITICAL AND GENERAL.

John G. Lloyd, residing near Gananoque, is dead, aged 106 years.

Owing to the prevalence of measles the Port Arthur public schools have been closed.

The loss occasioned by the recent cyclone on Carmen Island, Mexico, is estimated at $1,000,000.

The legal costs on the Irish side of the Parnell Commission are covered by the indemnity fund.

Twenty-five men in Hamilton have been fined in the aggregate $1,030 for infraction of the liquor law.

The wife of James Wallace, who died recently in Tilbury East, has been arrested on the charge of poisoning her husband.

The Secretary of the Whitechapel Vigilance Committee has received a note purporting to be written by Jack the Ripper.

A special Grand Jury at Chicago on Monday returned a true bill against four men accused of trying to bride the Cronin jury.

Mr. Edwards Merrill, barrister, of Picton, has been appointed revising officer for Prince Edward county, vice Judge Jellett.

A terrible runaway accident occurred east of the Don last evening, the lives of two men hanging in the balance in consequence.

The New Brunswick Government offers $1,000 reward for the discovery of the fiend who sent the candies loaded with strychnine to Mrs. McRae.

The Hon. Edward Blake celebrated the anniversary of his 56th birthday last Monday. He was born in the township of Adelaide, Ont, on the 13th Oct., 1833.

Hubert Leisch, of Morriston, near Guelph, has been found guilty by the Coroner's jury of killing his daughter's child, of which he is also accused of being the father.

A young man named William McDonald, said to be insane, has been arrested at St. John, charged with sending the poisoned candies to Rev. Dr. McRae, and causing the death of Mrs. McRae.

Lennox farmers who voted for the repeal of the Scott Act because they believed it had the effect of lowering the price of barley, are now at a loss to understand how it is that the price has fallen since the repeal of the Act. Farmers of course, are not expected to be political economists, but they ought to know that local laws do not regulate the price of an article of universal consumption.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The famous Brooklyn Tabernacle, of which Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D., is pastor, was burned early this morning, for the second time in its history. The loss on the church building, including the organ, which was one of the finest in the country, is $250,000. It is said to be covered by insurance. The losses on adjoining property, also supposed to be covered by insurance, amounts to about $10,000. The damage to the block opposite the church is about $5,000. The Tabernacle trustees were in session at Mr. Talmage's house this evening. They state that the insurance on the church amounted to $229,450. The building and furniture cost about $236,000 and the organ $20.000 more.

The Empire these days is full of contradictions. It could not be expected to say anything cordial or pleasing about the leader of the opposition, but it could make its attacks with a greater regard for the eternal fitness of things. It certainly does challenge remark when it represents that Mr. Laurier cannot say anything in de-

THE

MONTREAL

CLOTHING

HOUSE.

We herewith beg to advise the people of this district that we have just added to our already well selected stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING.

$1000.00

worth of

Men and Boys Suits.

Remember we manufacture our own Clothing and this $1000.00 worth is only part of our Fall Stock, which we are finishing as fast as we can. Our Clothing can not be equalled in fit and finish. Remember we have always been in the Clothing trade and know how to make

GOOD CLOTHING.

There are no trustworthy returns of the imports into Manitoba from the older provinces, but Mr. Taylor estimates that the older provinces sent implements of the value of $184,000, so that the American implements constituted nearly 20 per cent. in value of the whole quantity purchased during the year. If Canadian implements are as cheap and as serviceable, why does the settler prefer to buy American ones in the face of this high tariff?

The Cost of Production.

When a Liberal in or out of Parliament asserts what is notoriously true, that American manufactures in certain lines are cheaper than Canadian manufactures, he is usually denounced as a traitor and a liar. All he has to do, however, in order to silent his assailants is to ask, first, why the Canadian manufacturers want protection against American goods; secondly, what they mean by saying that unrestricted trade would ruin them; and, thirdly, what Mr. Bowell means by keeping a host of Customs detectives operating on the frontier. Now and then a government paper is willing to argue the question, but as a rule its argument is an ad captandum one. It ignores the three points just stated, and ask with a flourish, "How can American goods be cheaper than Canadian goods, seeing that the United States tariff is higher than the Dominion tariff? On the free trade theory this cannot be."

The free trade theory is that, no matter how high or how low a tariff may be, the cost of production is reduced by the specialisation or subdivision of labor and machinery, and that such subdivision is from the nature of things more easily accomplished in a large market than in a small one. Some years ago Mr. Robert Hay, of the old furniture firm of Jacques & Hay, Toronto, was astonished to find that a furniture-maker at South Bend, Ind., could purchase bird's eye maple from Mr. Hay's estate up the Northern railway, pay the American duty, convey the wood to Indiana, and send it back to Toronto made up into a certain kind of furniture and undersell Mr. Hay's own products in that particular line. The secret was that whereas Mr. Hay manufacturnd all sorts of furniture, the Indiana man manufactured one particular article of furniture, and had adapted his mechanics and his machinery to its production. In our limited market, it would not pay a manufacturer to make nothing but bureaus, or bedsteads, or chairs. The demand is not sufficiently large to support a factory devoted to the production of a specialty. Few persons engaged in manufacturing have an idea of the "pull" the speciality system gives to a producer as regards cost of production. If a blacksmith had to make pins and needles as well as horse-shoes, all three articles would cost a great deal more than if one man devoted himself to making each; but a still larger saving is affected when a dozen or more men with adequate machinery are engaged in the manufacture of each. Every intelligent Canadian manufacturer knows that he could manufarcture cheaper goods if he had a larger market to supply, simply because he could resort to some special line of work instead of jobbing at half a dozen lines. And, as in the States, the home consumer would get the benefit of the reduced cost of production.

Take No Chances

but depend on solid facts. Nothing equals Hagyard's Yellow Oil for burns, scalds, frost bites, chilblains, neuralgia, croup, sore throat and aches and pains of every description. No matter where the pain or soreness is, or from what it arises, Hagyard's Yellow Oil will give quick relief.

anything cordial or pleasing about the leader of the opposition, but it could make its attacks with a greater regard for the eternal fitness of things. It certainly does challenge remark when it represents that Mr. Laurier cannot say anything in defence ol himself or of those who voted with him on the Jesuit Bill, and declares the honorable gentleman went home leaving a great many dissatisfied and disgusted Reformers. And in the same edition in which the statement appears is another, in the leading editorial of the day, in which Sir John is lauded for doing just what Mr. Laurier did, less his clear and comprehensive view of the subject. Hear it, referring to Sir John's guff at the Westport Methodist church meeting: The premier emphasized the uncharitibleness and absurdity of attributing, not only to the government leaders and party, but to the chiefs of the opposition as well, base and unworthy motives in connection with the vote in parliament declining to interfere with the Jesuits' Estates Act. * * * The attempts to show that the act was unconstitutional have completely broken down, and the only other basis for demanding disallowance was that the interests of the whole Dominion were prejudically affected. Sir John Macdonald dealt very trenchently with that plea, and pointed out that Quebec having granted out of its own money $150,000 to the Jesuits cannot be shown to have any injurious effect, much less such, an effect as would have justified the Dominion government in stepping in and interfering with the fundamental right of a province to vote its own money as it pleased." Mr. Laurier eloquently championed provincial rights and failed (in the opinion of the Empire); Sir John tried it, did not do the work as well, and succeeded, in the opinion of the same authority. Such philosophy is enough to make a horse sick. British Whig.

Almost Driven Insane.

"I had such distress in my stomach and head that I thought I would lose my reason, but on trying Burdock Blood Bitters I derived great benefit. I have used three bottles and am now as well as I ever was in my life. Thanks to your medicine."

MISS LIZZIE DOUGLASS Rednerville, Ont.

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Groceries

at prices to suit the times

FRESH TEAS,
CANNED TOMATOES,
CANNED CORN,
EVAPORATED APPLES.

Sugars, Yellow, Raw, White.

FLOUR and FEED

all at the lowest prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

J. F. SMITH.

Brisco House Block, Napanee.

GOOD CLOTHING.

We would also like to draw your attention to our complete stock of

ENGLISH, SCOTCH and CANADIAN TWEEDS

also to our beautiful line of Fall Overcoatings Clothing made to order on short notice We guarantee first-class work and a perfect fit,as we employ one of the best cutters in the Dominion.

Prices very low.

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTON,

Proprietors.

Sexsmith's old stand Leonard Block, Napanee.

BUYERS' DIRECTORY. NAPANEE BUSINESS HOUSES

PLUMS, PEACHES, PEARS,

And Melons a specialty at

BRUTON'S.

G. A. Blewett

Keeps the Best and Cheapest

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Try his 25 cent Tea.

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Fine PHOTOGRAPHS

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25 cent Tea

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AS IT BEATS HEM ALL.

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Assurance in force, 16,025,300.00

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Rev. S. CARD, Local Agt, Napanee

Do you want to take a drive? If so, just call up R. H. Potter, Telephone No. 99. The best livery in town.

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—FOR—

School Books, School Supplies, Scribblers, Fool's Cap.

Fresh arrivals of

FANCY - GOODS

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Corner Brisco House Block.

IF YOU WANT

Gill Nets, Cotton Twine, Coal Tar, go to

Perry & Madole

A Good Lantern for 40c

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Pure Drugs and Medicines

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Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

George I. Ham

McLaughlin's old stand.

We are receiving our

New Fall Stock of Boots and Shoes,

all new goods to be sold at rock bottom prices this fall. Trunks and Valises at about half price. Kip Boots made to order, and repairing done.

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Doors, Sash, Blinds,

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AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

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TEA EXTRAORDINARY!

Having recently secured an extraordinary good bargain in tea, we intend to share it with our customers.

Heretofore we have given extra good value in Tea at 25 cents per pound, but the fifty chests just received would be "dirt cheap" at 45 cents, and 25 cents is what we shall sell it at. We venture to say and we have had many years experience in the tea trade, that nothing to compare with it has ever been sold in Napanee at that price.

To those who want to save money and at same time enjoy a choice cup of Tea, we say come and get a pound and we feel certain it will cause you to come for more.

TA-KA-KAKE.

Buy a package of this new cereal sugar corn flour which cooks in fifteen minutes and makes delicious griddle cakes, gems and rolls. For sale by

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers and Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Napanee, 16th July, 1889. 3889ly

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Yard foot of Richard street. Telephone No. 53. 3789fm

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PICTON,

Are now showing their complete asssortment of

Dress Goods and Silks

Mantles and Jackets

CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS

Our store has been enlarged and improved and is now considered one of the largest and best lighted stores in Central Canada. Being

Direct Importers,

One of our firm visiting the British markets every year.

We are in a position to show a class of Goods not usually found outside of largest city stores. while our smaller expenses enable us to sell many lines at

Less Than City Prices.

We invite you when visiting Picton to call at our store and will be pleased if you find it to your advantage to buy anything, and still better pleased if you find it to your advantage, as so many of the people of Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington, do always buy their Dry Goods at what is now well known as

THE PEOPLES' STORE

ONLY ONE PRICE.

GOODS NEVER MISREPRESENTED.

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTI O

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

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These have given every satisfaction for the past few years in this section, and farmers that want a Riding Plow should try one.

The Old and Reliable Wilkison Plows and Gang Plows.

Wisner's Drills, Seeders and Cultivators,

Threshers' supplies furnished on short notice for all machines. McColl's Lardine Machine Oil and Boiler compound.

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Cylinder Oil, Bolt Cutting Oil, Wool Oil, Axle Greese, Harness Oil, etc., always in stock.

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RATES FROM

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Detroit or Port Huron $7 00.
East Saginaw or Bay City $10.00
Grand Rapids $11.00.
Cincinatti, Chicago or Milwaukee $13,00.
Cleveland Ohio $9.00.

Tickets good to go Sept. 27th and 28th and return until october 14th.

For tickets and full particulars apply to

J. L. BOYES,
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Excursion to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the following Territories:—Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Dakota, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Wyoming. Return tickets sold at single fare on September 22nd and 23rd and October 6th and 7th, good to return in 30 days.

Threshers' Supplies.

Leather Belting, Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, Rubber Packing, Hemp Packing, Asbesto's Packing, Soapstone Packing, Threshing Mitts.

PEERLESS MACHINE OIL

Is the best in the market.

Nearly all the threshers use it and are delighted with it. Try it. Sold only by

35891y **R. G. WRIGHT,**
NAPANEE.

Spencer Hill.

Not seeing any news of late from this locality I will try my hand and see if I can get Sing Sing Joe or that other fellow to reply and then we will get the news.

Spencer Hill has once more calmed down since thrashing is over in this locality as competition was very keen with the parties that run the iron horse.

David and James Wilson spent Sunday in Prince Edward Co., and report a splendid time. David did not bring home any fish from the bay as he thinks they are more plentiful at Little Creek. How was it with you James.

Willie Wilson, from Albert College, Belleville, came home last week to take in the world fair, and spent Sunday with his father and mother at the grove. Welcome Henry, Willie come often.

Miss Annie Empey, of the Grove farm, has been spending a few days visiting relatives, and has once more returned home to pack her saratoga for a term at Albert College, Belleville. Success Annie, we will miss you.

Most of our young ladies and gentleman attended the fair on Wednesday, the cold damp day did not discommode them any as their hearts are true and warm

Wilton.

(Crowded out of last issue.)

Rev. Mr. Porteus has accepted the call to the Harrowsmith and Wilton circuit and will be ordained at Harrowsmith on 22d October.

Some fifty of our citizens attended the county show on Wednesday last, among the number we might mention Messrs. Stanley Snook and Herbert Thompson.

Robert Nelson Lapum, of this town, our marriage license issuer, delights in making people happy.

Mr. George Babcock, of this place has recovered from the injuries received in his encounter with a bear last spring and is now enjoying the sweets of connubial felicity.

Kington.

Mrs. Rose, wife of R. M. Rose, registrar of the county of Frontenac, died on Saturday evening aged 72 years. She had been a sufferer for eleven weeks from escema. Four of her surviving children were at her bedside at the time of her death. She was married in Kingston, on Dec, 19th, 1836, to her now bereaved husband. Her maiden name was Amy Ann Smith. She was the daughter of Capt. George Smith, a lieutenant in the royal navy, and who acted as such at the taking of Oswego in 1821. Her birth place was Kingston, on March 30th, 1817. Mrs. Rose was an estimable lady, kind, faithful and indulgent to her children. She was a member of Chalmers' church, having been one of those who instituted it. Much sympathy will be expressed for the family in their affliction.

Stella.

The Missionary meeting in St. Paul's church was well attended. The night was fine and numerous speakers were present to entertain the large audience.

Mrs. Henderson has sold off her stock and farming implements and will in future reside with her daughter, Mrs. Robert Fleming.

(Crowded out of last issue.)

Rev. J. Cumberland has returned home.

Mrs. McWaters, of Sunbury, is visiting friends at Stella.

The fair was a big success although the rain kept some of the people at home. The dance in the evening was a failure as the rain kept the girls away.

There is a new police station in Stella. A number of the Island girls were locked up on fair day. They were soon liberated.

James McMath and family move to Chatham this week, where they will reside in future.

A number of parties are having bodies of friends taken up from the old burying ground and placed in the new one.

Fishermen report a very poor season thus far.

The Island people mostly agree that Mr. Finkle ought to get the position of lighthouse keeper on the Two Brothers Island. Our Reeve has no right to the position

Bath.

There came nearly being a great fire here on Tuesday. Mr. H. Armstrong & Son's carriage factory caught fire in the roof, but the way our bucket fire brigade hustled it was a caution. The way the water and shingles flew they completely stripped one roof, making work for mechanics in placing a new one.

The grain buyers are standing on the corners waiting for the farmers to come in with their barley, etc. Plenty of cash here and the highest prices will be paid.

The Methodist church was packed last Sunday evening to hear the pastor, Rev. H. I. Allen preach a sermon on the crime of not assuring, the Rev. gentleman taking for his text, Joshua, 2nd Chapter and 21st. And she bound the scarlet line in the window. The A. O. U. W. were out in a body clothed in regalia. Every person seemed pleased and well satisfied that assurance was right, but in the application the pastor enjoined very forcibly not to neglect their souls' salvation remarking that procrastination is the thief of time. A four days' meeting will be held in the Methodist church next month. Many distinguished speakers and singers are expected to be present on that occasion.

Belleville.

Rev. J. W. Burke, Belleville, has been elevated to the position of canon of St. George's cathedral by the bishop of Ontario in the vacancy caused by the death of Canon Bleasdell, of Trenton. Mr. Burke was born in Dublin in 1825 where he subsequently graduated with honors at Trinity college. He came to Canada in 1852 and was ordained into the ministry by the bishop of Ontario in 1865. He has held the incumbencies of Lanark, Almonte and Prescott, and was appointed rector of St. Thomas' church, Belleville, in 1871. He is an indefatigable christian worker.

The industrial committee are in receipt of a letter from John Harte, dated Buffalo, N. Y., asking if some arrangement could not be affected whereby he could return to Belleville, and if possible get the old stove foundry again in operation. It will be remembered he left town

Tamworth.

(Crowded out of last issue.)

The annual missionery meeting will be D. V., held here next Sabbath. Rev. G. Dunkley, of Enterprise, will occupy the pulpit morning and evening.

Dr. Yourex has sold his residence to Mr. Wagar of Camden, and is about to take his departure, He is succeeded by Dr. Wilson from the Pacific Coast, who comes highly recommend.

Rev. Mr. Stratton is getting ready the youngsters for his annual juvenile treat. Look out for it—Thanksgiving night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Mace took in the New York excursion last week.

The Addington Fair.

This week we publish the Prize list of the Addington County Fair held at Newburgh on the 5th of October. We were unable to publish it last week owing to lack of space.

HORSES.

Judges—Robt Miller, John Freeborn, W E Wilson.

DRAUGHT HORSES—Stallion, S T Martin, T Beck, A Knight. Stallion, 3-year-old, R Perry, W H Hutchinson. Stallion, 2-year-old, J L P Gordanier. Mare and colt, J A Carrol, W Long, P E R Miller. Span farm horses, T Wells, Marshall Wagar, Wm Dunn. 3-year-old colt, P E R Miller. 2-year-old colt, S T Martin, J L Miller, Geo Clancy. Yearling colt, S T Martin, Geo Samson, R G Hawley.

ROADSTERS—Stallion, E A Johnson, W J Lyons, Benson Buck. Stallion, 3-year-old, J S Gallagher, W H Hutchinson. Mare and colt, L H Stover, J Youmans, jr, C H Finkle. Carriage horses, M Storms, I F Brown, E A Johnson. Single horse, A Benn, T F Hodge, N H Fellows. 3-year-old colt, P E R Miller, J Jennings, J Youmans, sr. 2-year-old colt, Jas Lake, L H Stover, J Jennings. Yearling, L H Stover, P E R Miller, Geo Clancy. Fastest pacer, J A Bell, Wm Nugent. Fastest trotting horse, A Benn, W H Frink, W J Shibley. Fastest trotting team, W H Frink, Chas Perry, J Jennings.

CATTLE.

Judges—James Reid, Wm E Bell.

THOROUGHBRED—2-year-old bull, Geo Clancy, Wm Nugent. Bull under 2 years, B H Frink, C W Neville. Cow, Ira Pringle, B H Frink, C W Neville. Heifer, Ira Pringle, L E Percy, B H Frink, Grade Cattle—3-year-old bull, L H Stover. 2-year-old bull, R Nugent, Ed Hawkins. Yearling bull, Wm Dunn, J H Wilson, M Lockhead. Cow, P E R Miller, R Nugent, P Phalen. Heifer, 2-year-old, J L Miller, W Nugent, P E R Miller. Yearling heifer, Wm Dunn, D Fee, Fred Thomson. Oxen, A Walker, J Youmans, sr, Ed Hawkins. Bull calf, A V Price, Wm Dunn, D Fee. Heifer calf, D Fee, A V Price, James L Miller.

SHEEP.

Judges—John Sharp, John H Wilson.

LONG WOOL—Ram, 2 shears, C W Neville, L H Stover, Ed Hawkins. Ram, shearling, C W Neville, N H Fellows, Wm Nugent. Ram lamb, C W Neville, Wm Nugent, N H Fellows. Ewe, 2 shears, C W Neville, N H Fellows, L H Stover. Ewe, shearling, C W Neville, Wm Dunn, J L Miller. Ewe lamb, C W Neville, Wm Nugent, Ed Hawkins. FINE WOOL—Ram, 2 shears, C W Neville, A Dawson, Ed Hawkins. Shearling ram, M Lochhaad, A Dawson, Ed Hawkins. Ram lamb, A Dawson, Ed Hawkins, A Knight. Ewe, 2 shears, A Dawson, C W Neville, Ed Hawkins. Ewe, shearling, C W Neville, A Dawson, Ed Hawkins Ewe lamb, A Dawson, Ed Hawkins, A Knight.

PIGS AND POULTRY.

Judges—J Jackson and D W Lucas.

Boar, E B Switzer, Pat Drummy, Ira Raymond. Sow, E B Switzer, P E R Miller, A Walker. Boar pig, A Walker, Pat Drummy, E B Switzer. Sow pig, A Walker, Pat Drummy, P E R Miller. Geese—Ira Raymond, Dennis Lucas. Turkeys, A Walker, B H Frink. Large fowls, Wm Nugent, J W Courtney. Spanish fowls, Wm Nugent. Plymouth rock fowls, J B Aylesworth, G A Aylesworth. Leghorn fowls, P Phelan, Wm Nugent. Ducks, Wm Dunn, Ira Raymond. Bantams, John Wood, A Knight.

GRAIN.

Judges—John Johnston, Leonard Wager.

Fallwheat, John Wood, G A Aylesworth, J B Aylesworth, S W Wood. Springwheat, Benson Buck, G A Aylesworth, J Wood, S W Wood. Rye, G A Aylesworth, J B Aylesworth, S W Wood, A Benn. Corn, J B Aylesworth, A Walker, N H Fellows, A V Price. Peas, Benson Buck, J B Aylesworth, G A Avlesworth, A Knight. Barley, P E R Miller, L H Stover, S W Wood, J Wood. Oats, Adam Amey, John Wood, S W Wood, J B Aylesworth. Buckwheat, B H Frink, Robt Madden, John Wood. Timothy Seed, M Storms, P E R Miller, C W Neville. Beans, S W Wood, Wesley Potter, L H Stover.

toga for a term at Albert College, Belleville. Success Annie, we will miss you.

Most of our young ladies and gentleman attended the fair on Wednesday, the cold damp day did not discommode them any as their hearts are true and warm

Miss Agnes Russell we are sorry to say is no better.

Mrs. F. Brennan, of the cheese factory, is very low.

Mrs. Huett, of 4th Avenue, is very sick.

Mrs. Johnathan Allison presented her husband the other day with a bran new daughter.

A few things that Spencer Hill would like to know.

Will barley go up this fall?

Who is Sing Sing Joe?

Who are to be the new reeve and councillors for Richmond next year?

Who says Hervey Vankoughnett has not a good thing out of Selby bridge contract?

Who is to fix the culvert on the 5th con. near the boundary?

Who is to start a debating club at Spencer Hill church?

Why we do not get a Postoffice?

Why we do not have some parties this fall?

Why we do not have preaching every Sunday at Empey Hill?

Why that other fellow does not write any more for THE EXPRESS?

Why our school marm will not teach any longer than Xmas?

Why Amos R. likes the 5th con better than the 4th con.?

Why Robert and David like the Indian reserve so well?

By answering the above you will greatly oblige. SHOO-FLY.

Picton

Ice to the thickness of half an inch was formed here on Saturday night.

The apple crop which is now being gathered, is far below the average.

Mr. J. Lightburne, D. D. G. M., is visiting the Masonic Lodges of Prince Edward district.

Mr. W. Loucks has left for Toronto to resume his work at Trinity University.

The canning factories are about through putting up pumpkins. About 10,000 cans has been the daily average for over two weeks.

A number of farmers in this vicinity have disposed of their barley at 42 cents per bushel; others are storing and waiting for higher prices. About 30,000 bushels are now stored here.

Mr. W. B Simonds, of Scobarie, had pears in town on Saturday of the Nelles winter variety that turned the scales at 20 ounces each.

The Misses Mary S. and Fanny M. Shaw returned from Napanee on Monday where they have been visiting relatives as well as the Lennox Agricultural show. They report a better show than the one held at Picton.

Quite a number of persons from town and vicinity attended the Ameliasburg fair and report a good display although the weather was pretty cool. Mr. H. M. Williams was one of the judges of cattle.

Mr. Hial Jackson, formerly of this place, has left the Pullman Car Company to take a situation in the auditing department of the Union Pacific R.R. at Omaha, Nebraska.

While the men engaged at the waterworks were at work on insley's corner they unearthed a layer of tanbark three feet in thickness. The bark was the refuse from the Miller tannery and has been buried for over 60 years.

Mr. Robert Cunningham has lost a horse and two colts. They were last seen on his premises on Tuesday, whether they were stolen or wandered off we have yet to be informed.

A plan to rob a number of merchants' safes here on Saturday night was averted by the third party disclosing the plans to Chief Babbit. The suspicious parties have since disappeared.

Miss Lacinda Burlingham, of Bloomfield, quietly passed away on Monday last. About six weeks ago she had a severe attack of bleeding at the nose and has been declining ever since. She leaves many friends as she was respected by all who knew her.

The Hon. Laurier and other prominent men who spoke here on the 8th inst., on the future of Canada and Reciprocity, left an impression upon the masses of people who gathered to hear them that will be felt at the polls in the coming elections.

On Saturday Mr. Anson McDonald lost his two year old child from the effects of drinking from a bottle containing carbolic acid and creasote. The child died in great agony in about an hour after taking the mixture.

Unrestricted Reciprocity

may be of inestimable advantage to Canada or it may be a mere "fad" as its opponents call it, but no one can deny that Nasal Balm has done more for sufferers from catarrh than any other remedy known. Mr. Thomas Roche, Rochefort, Ont., says:—I have suffered severely from catarrh, and never got any relief until I used Nasal Balm. I never thought I could find so sure a cure. It is a pity all afflicted with catarrh do not know of and use this wonderful medicine.

The industrial committee are in receipt of a letter from John Harte, dated Buffalo, N Y., asking if some arrangement could not be affected whereby he could return to Belleville, and if possible get the old stove foundry again in operation. It will be remembered he left town leaving over $30,000 liabilities.

The society of Busy Bees of the Holloway street church have issued cards to prominent Methodists of the district, asking for donations for the bazaar soon to be held. In response to one of these Mrs. Vandervoort, president of the society, to-day received a communication from E. G. Sills, ex-M.P., Frankford, stating that he would donate ten bags of flour.

The by-law granting aid to the Belleville Rolling Mills Company, will be voted on by the people on Nov 8th.

The names of the capitalists interested in the Rolling Mills Company are John Milne, J. Anderson, Jas. Ferris and J. Munroe.

Judge Fralick, J. O. Berkley, R. R. Palmer and R. A. Davis have left on a hunting trip in the northern counties.

The Belleville races will be held on the 30th and 31st.

Odessa.

At the regular meeting of the A.U.C.W. the following condolence was moved by Bro. John Denyes and seconded by Bro. A. E. Timmerman, that we the members of Odessa Lodge, No. 287, desire and do hereby express to Bro. Isaac Fraser and family our deepest sympathy in their very sad bereavement occasioned by the sudden death of his eldest son Charles, a young man of brightest promise, and trust that the supporting arm of the Supreme Being will sustain and comfort them through this sad experience. Signed on behalf of the order; W. J. Armstrong, Master Workman; Harvey Denyes, Recorder.

A gentleman of pleasant address is here trying to organise a circulating library. That's right. We already have circulating libraries, (what village hasn't) but they circulate on two legs and sometimes circulate more in ten minutes than can be "hole'd" in ten years.

Two large pipes from the furnace to the chimney in the Methodist church are necessary and have been put in. Whoever lined the second pipe holes in the second vestibule must have been for the time being club footed in both eyes. The pipe don't stand plumb, not by a long shot.

Considerable interest centered this week in the liquor case. Some thirteen witnesses were put on the stand mostly the flower of Ernestown youth. We are pleased to note a keener sense of the nature of an oath prevailing and the day of drink 'er down, and (hic) don't know whatcher are drawing towards twilight. The Crown secured a conviction.

(Crowded out of last issue.)

The church of England concert Wednesday eve was largely patronized. The programme was good Miss Bain and Mr. Wemp. Both being frequently encored.

Charlie Watts had the misfortune to have his wrist severely sprained a few days ago.

Bible agent Manley held forth at great length Sunday eve in the Methodist pulpit. The officers were all re-elected.

Further evidence was taken in the Wycott infringment of License Act to-day, and the case laid over to Saturday for judgment only.

A. B. Gordon and family have returned from Kingston.

Whilst the Squire was hearing evidence in the liquor case, some one politely mistook his kid gloves off the lamp bracket.

Miles Martin was flying high, he looked down and sassed Uncle Joseph. Uncle Joe invited Miles up to the bar not to take something, but the bar of Justice to show cause of conduct. Miles is full of fun and kept Justice Davy's court in high glee for an hour or so. He antid $5.75 and "don't you forget it."

Thanksgiving service was held Thursday eve in the Church of England. The Church was decorated with fruits of the season appropriate to the service.

The Ontario Tea Co., have slapped a large Brew in the Division Court Tea pot and the two John's will have their hands full from now till the 1st November.

Baker & Watts have secured a large herd of cattle.

Mrs. Robert Bennett and children have returned from a visit to Watertown and Syracuse.

The potatoe crop has turned out good in this section.

A nice little dance took place show night in Jubilee hall.

B. Derbyshire is building another house on Centre st. south.

Visitors,—Mrs. Davis Asselstine, Verona; Mrs. Fuller, Belleville and Miss Lyons, Colebrook.

The Alert Watchman

warns us of approaching danger, a hacking cough warns us of coming consumption. Take time by the forelock and use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the surest, safest and best cure for coughs, colds, asthma, hoarseness, bronchitis, and all throat and lung troubles.

S W Wood, J Wood. Oats, Adam Amey, John Wood, S W Wood, J B Aylesworth. Buckwheat, B H Frink, Robt Madden, John Wood. Timothy Seed, M Storms, P E R Miller, C W Neville. Beans, S W Wood, Wesley Potter, L H Stover.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

Judges—Bowen E Aylesworth, Wm Madden. Variety of potatoes, J Farley, Robt Madden, Wm Nugent. Half bushel of potatoes, P E R Miller, D Fee, J B Aylesworth. Turnips, W Long, Wm Dunn, B H Frink. Carrots, D Fee, Wm Dunn, Ira Raymond. Mangolds, W Long, Wm Nugent, C H Finkle. Beets, A Gilmore, Jas Lake, Wesley Long. Onions, Stephen A Knight, Wm Dunn, A Knight. Cauliflower, Wm Miles, Wm Dunn. Cabbage, S A Knight, N H Fellows, Robt Perry. Celery, A Knight, Wm Miles, D Fee. Pumpkins, B H Frink, Robt Madden, A Benn. Citrons, W Long, B H Frink, A Knight. Squash, Lewis Hartman, J Farley, B H Frink. Tomatoes, Wm Nugent, W H Frink, Wm Scott. Grapes, Wm Scott. Table apple, John Wood, Wm Scott, Lewis Hartman. Winter apple, A Knight, Robt Madden, Wm Scott. Variety of apples, Wm Scott, John Wood, A Knight. Pears, Robt Madden, John Wood, N H Fellows.

DAIRY AND DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

Judges.—Peter Bristol, Dennis Lucas.

Butter, Wm Dunn, R Nugent, D Fee, L Hartman, E A Johnstone. Cheese, J B Aylsworth, Wm Whelan, Ira Raymond, G A Aylsworth, Geo Hinch. Honey, Haner Reid, L Hartman, P E R Miller. Maple Sugar, A Knight, D W Lucas, M Storms. Bread, J B Aylsworth, L Hartmau, Jas Lake. Wheat Flour, H Paul, P E R Miller, L H Stover. Cornmeal, A Gilmore, P E R Miller, Buckwheat flour, R Nugent, Geo Hinch, Shawl, L Hartman, A Walker, R N Switzer. Woolen carpet, J L P Gordanier, W Potter, A Amey. Rag carpet, A Amey, L Hartman, Wm Dunn,

FINE ARTS AND LADIES WORK.

Judges—Mrs B E Aylsworth, Miss Caldwell, John Jackson,

Coverlet, John Cassidy, H Paul, A Walker, Quilted Quilt, J Cassidy, R Perry, W Potter. Crochet bed spread, S W Wood, E A Johnstone, R Coulter. Knit bed spread, S W Wood, R Nugent, J L P Gordanier. Log cabin quilt, R Nugent, B Buck, J L P Gordanier. Stockings, A Knight, A Walker, A Amey. Socks, A Knight, Steven A Knight, Mittens, W H Frink, A Gilmour, Steven A Knight, R Nugent. Knit lace, S W Wood, Robt Madden, B Buck. Kensington painting, L Hartman, W Scott, J W Courtney. Oil painting, P Phalen, R Coulter, W Scott Wax fruit, R Coulter, W Scott R Madden. Wax flowers, Wm Scott, R Coulter, L Hartman. Medley picture, B Buck, Wm Scott. Wm Miles Hair flowers, Jas Holmes, L Hartman, Wm Scott. Berlin wool work, P E R Miller, J Holmes, S W Wood. Crochet work, S W Wood, E A Johnston, J A Bell. Home-made rug, W Potter, Ed Hawkins, R Nugent, Feather flowers, Jas Holmes, A Walker, John Cassidy, Feather wreath, R Coulter. Moss work, L Hartman, E B Switzer, P Phalen. Cone work, L Hartman, R Colter, P Phalen. Stuffed birds, Wm Scott. Darning work, A Walker, Fred Thompson, A Gilmour. Flowering plants, Wm Miles.

MANUFACTURES.

Judge—J W Bertram.

Phaeton, Silas Johnston, C H Finkle. Carriage C H Finkle, H Finkle. Buggy, C H Finkle, H Finkle, W N McKim. Trotting sulky, C H Finkle, H Finkle. Cuttter, C H Finkle, D Fee, H Finkle, Jarriage harness, C H Finkle, W Potter, B Buck. Single harness, E B Switzer, W Potter, C H Finkle. Upper leather, J W Courtney, W Nugent. Calf skin, J W Courtney, A Walker. Pebble leather, J W Courtney, A Walker. Sheepskin mat, J W Courtney. Horse shoes, P Phalen, Wm Scott. Sewing machine, M W Simpkins. Knitting machine, M W Simpkins. Window blinds, M Storms. Window sash, Carscallen & Co, M Storms.

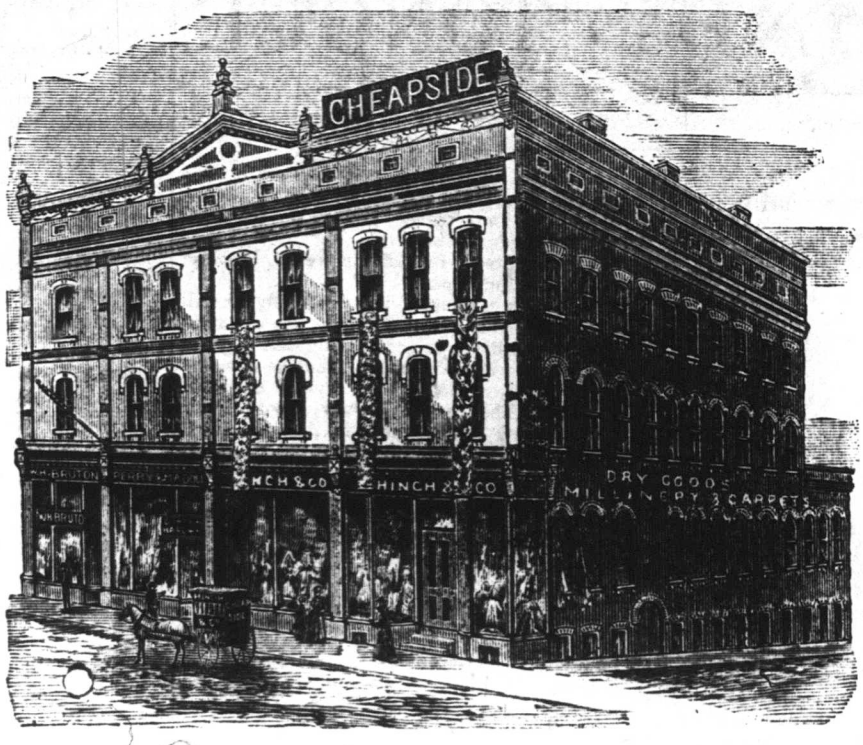
FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Judges—Jas Byrne, John Youmans, sr.

Plough, Connolly & Bro, Birrell & Co, J C Connolly. Sulky plough, Connolly & Bro, Birrell & Co. Gang plough, Birrell & Co, Connolly & Bro. Seeding harrow, Connolly & Bro, Birrell & Co, P E R Miller. Field cultivator, Connolly & Bro Birrell & Co, D Fee. Corn cultivator, D B Stickney, Connolly & Bro, D Fee. Lumber wagon, J Youmans, jr, H Finkle, C H Finkle. Market wagon (double), C H Finkle, D Fee, D W Lucas. Market Wagon (single), J Farley, R Perry, A Gilmore. Farm harness, D W Lucas, J Youmans, jr, J L P Gordanier. Mower, D B Stickney. Reaper, D B Stickney. Seed drill, Birrell & Co, Pump, W & F Wartman.

Life Was A Burden.

Until lately I suffered from headache, a[l]
preceded by constipation, making my [l]ways
burden. A friend advised Burdock Blo[od] / life a
ters. I took three bottles, and now fe[el] od Bit-
a new man, and my headaches are [al]l myself
the past. A. R. J[r] things of
[ALIEN,
Ottawa, On[t]



FRIDAY IS BARGAIN DAY

AT

CHEAPSIDE

Every Friday From Now Till the 1st of February, 1890.

We give special bargains and discounts on everything in the house for that day, and that day only. Our goods are the best value you can find for the money on any other day of the week, but we are determine to make Friday a popular day to trade on. We started this in the spring and found it a success

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OUR SPECIAL SALE DAY

attracted a lot of people, who used to come on Saturday, and a better division was made of Friday and Saturday's trade and everybody better satisfied than if they had come in the crowd on Saturday. We will reduce our prices on everything one tenth for that day, and many lines of goods will be sold at cost price, ends and remnants of every kind of goods will be cleared out regardless of cost, and job lots bought specially for this days trade will be placed at such prices as must attract a lot of buyers.

For instance we bought a lot of Silk Handkerchiefs, Cashmere Gloves, white and fancy bordered Hankerchiefs.

A portion of the White & Co., bankrupt stock which will be cleared as follows :

FINE CASHMERE GLOVES worth 40 cents for 20 cents.

LADIES' ASTRACAN GLOVES Kid faced worth 90 cents for 50 cents.

A LOT OF SILK HANDKERCHIEFS for 20 cents worth 30 cents.

A better lot for 25 cents worth 35 cents.

A still better lot for 50 cents worth 75 cents.

A lot of fancy Handkerchiefs for 2 cents each.

A better lot two for 5 cents. A still better one 3 cents each.

A lot of Merino Hose for 18 cents a pair.

A lot of Cashmere Hose for Ladies at 22 cents a pair.

A lot dark color Seersuckers for 7 cents a yard.

Bargains in Grey Flannels. Bargains in Dress Goods and Mantle Cloths. Bargains in Blankets. Grand, royal bargains all over the house.

On Saturday, Saturday night, and Monday we make a special exhibit of Furs made up and in the Skin. Everybody invited. It will be an interesting sight for all.

HINCH & CO.,

Leaders in General Dry Goods, Millinery and Furs.

MY LADY TONGUE.

BY AMELIE RIVES,

AUTHOR OF "THE QUICK OR THE DEAD," "ASMODEUS," "ON BONES ISLAND," ETC.

CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCES JUDITH.

People used to say it was almost a duty for Colonel Henry Merriweather Page to marry a second time. A motherless boy might do well enough, but when it came to a girl growing up altogether among darkeys and men, it was absolutely blood-curdling. The poor child was really dressed in a manner that was almost indecent, and it had even been said (here the informant generally put an impressive hand in a one-buttoned lisle-thread glove upon the arm of the person to be enlightened) that she actually used bad language—in fact, swore, as she heard her father do.

It was perfectly true that she rarely put in an appearance at church, and when she did participate in the hebdominal devotions of Brownsville parish, she was wont to clatter up the central aisle in a short and gatherless habit, which was extremely shocking to the taste of the congregation. She wore boots, moreover, and, it was rumored, a spur on occasions. Her greatest offense, probably, was her mode of dressing her hair, or rather of leaving it to dress itself. She had a small, shapely head clasped closely from brow to throat by heavy red-brown curls.

Colonel Page's pew was the most conspicuous in the pretty sandstone church; and the nape of his daughter's handsome neck, exposed in all its chignonless effrontery of a Sabbath, was a never-ending source of displeasure to the outraged Brownsvillians.

Had not St. Paul expressed himself clearly, not to say strongly, on this very subject? Was not a woman's piety almost as surely to be measured by the length of her hair as the age of a horse told by the length of his nippers? Could a young lady fly in the face not only of tradition, but of the Scripture, in this fashion, and yet be all that is required of young ladies by a country parish? Not so. The rector's wife went alone in her state carry-all to remonstrate with Miss Page upon this very subject.

She waited for some forty minutes, and when at last her hostess entered, it was not in a neat magenta-colored paduasoy, neither a black or salt and pepper barege, trimmed with braid and pearl buttons, as was then deemed the thing, but—shade of that godly woman, "Mrs. Colonel" Henry Merriweather Page—in a blue flannel waist, an old homespun skirt pinned up about her boyishly straight hips, and muddy boots that left apparent impressions on the red velvet carpet of the drawing-room.

When Mrs. Nelson, after much dextrous manœuvreing, had finally led the conversation, by what she considered a master stroke, up to the moot question, Miss Page had replied merely by running a slight brown hand through the offensive locks and saying:

"Why do I wear it this way? Oh? I like it, and dad likes it, and Dick," then, with a sudden oblique glance of her bright red-brown eyes: "I shall always wear it so, even when I am married."

"You seem to have no doubt on that score," the rector's wife had replied, in a voice which was dryer than the smile that accompanied it. Mrs. Nelson had what might be termed a well-irrigated mouth "Pray, is it to be soon?"

Miss Page had laughed at this, flinging one blue-flanneled arm over the chair in which she sat sideways, and Mrs. Nelson had shuddered both at the laugh and gesture, which she found unpleasantly in keeping with the attitude—to one of the inclinations, said suddenly:

"Are you really going to Carylon! What is your name?"

"Boughton," he had answered, gravely. "Philip Boughton."

Then it was that this culpably unconventional young woman made use of an expression which amused Boughton beyond bounds, until he found out who she was.

"Gad!" cried she, "not my cousin Phil?"

He replied, with a bow, that if her cousin Phil also rejoiced in the surname of Boughton, their identity must be established, at the same time inquiring her own name.

"Why, I'm Judith!" she announced, reaching out both hands to him with Hautboy's bridle-rein yet over her arm. "I'm Judith Page, Cousin Phil. You don't look a bit as you used to."

"No?" said Cousin Phil, smiling a good deal, perhaps not unconscious of a handsome mustache clipped close, soldier-fashion, across his fine upper lip, and of a general impressiveness of appearance which he had lacked when they last parted.

"No, no—not a bit," said Judith, bending a little away from him, while still keeping a friendly grasp on his hands, and eyeing him from the crown of his smart Parisian hat (there were Anglo-maniacs in those days, but they were the exception and not the rule) to the toes of his patent-leather boots

"Not a bit," she repeated, earnestly.

"Why, in what way?" said Boughton.

"You're—you're—well, you're such a dandy," replied candid Judith. "However can you wiggle your toes in such boots? Gad! it makes mine ache to look at 'em."

This made twice that she had used that somewhat extraordinary form of expression. Besides, Philip did not exactly enjoy being called a dandy.

"You have changed, too," he remarked.

"Me?" said Judith. "Oh! do tell me! How?"

"Well, for one thing," said Boughton, slowly, "you—er—didn't swear when I last saw you."

It is impossible to imagine the effect that her placid reception of this scathing remark had upon him.

"Didn't I?" she said serenely, still holding his hands. "I must have been very young. Yes, I was—I remember all about it now. You used to make me dolls out of radishes, and cut turnips into flowers for me. Oh, yes, and you taught me to fish with a crooked pin."

"You have become a fisher of men by now, I suppose," said Boughton, with an attempt at wit, which, however, left his cousin as unruffled as ever.

"Oh, dear, no," she assured him. "They fish for me! And mostly with crooked pins. I must admit!" she added, with a laugh. "How tall and straight you are, cousin. I do believe I could walk under your arm. Let's try."

Philip held out his arm obediently, and she made the attempt, but her eyes were blinded against his coat sleeve.

I know ever so much a better way to use my arm than that," said Boughton, suddenly possessed of a devil, and he let his arm drop at her shoulders, held her so, and kissed her.

She did not burst into tears, and raise her riding whip, and give him a smart blow across the lips, or rail at him like the little shrew he believed her to be. When she

SEEING BY TELEPHONE.

One of the Improvements to be Made by Edison.

The reporter asked Mr. Edison if it was true that he had invented a machine by the aid of which a man in New York would be able to see everything that his wife was doing in Paris.

"I don't know," said Mr. Edison, laughing, "that that would be a real benefit to humanity. The women certainly would protest. But, speaking seriously, I am at work on an invention which will allow a man in Wall street not only to telephone to a friend in the Central Park, but to see that friend while he is chatting telephonically with him. This invention would be useful and practical, and I see no reason why it should not soon become a reality; and one of the first things that I shall do when I go back to America will be to set up this contrivance between my laboratory and my telephone workshops. Moreover, I have already obtained satisfactory results in reproducing images at that distance, which is only about 1,000 feet. It would be ridiculous to dream of seeing anyone between New York and Paris. The round form of the earth, if there were no other difficulty in the way, would make the thing impossible."

Speaking of the phonograph, the reporter asked if it had reached its highest degree of perfection.

"Almost, I think," said Mr. Edison, "in the last instruments turned out of my workshops. You must know that the ordinary phonograph employed in commerce does not begin to compare with the latest machines that I use in my private experiments. With the latter I can obtain a sound powerful enough to reproduce phrases of speech that can be heard perfectly by a large audience. My last ameliorations were with the aspirate sounds, which are the weak point of the graphophone. For seven months I worked from eighteen to twenty hours a day upon the single sound 'specia.' I would say to the instrument, 'specia,' and it would always say 'pecia,' and I couldn't make it say anything else. It was enough to make me crazy. But I stuck to it until I succeeded, and now you can read 1,000 words of a newspaper at the rate of 150 words a minute, and the instrument will repeat them to you without an omission. You can imagine the difficulty of the task I accomplished when I tell you that the impressions made upon the cylinder are not more than one-millionth part of an inch in depth, and are completely invisible even with the aid of a microscope."

Reporter—And what new discoveries will be made in electricity?

Mr. Edison—Ah, that would be difficult to say. We may some day come upon one of the great secrets of nature. I am always on the lookout for something which will help me to solve the problem of navigating the air. I have worked hard upon this subject, but I am very much discouraged. We may find something new before that comes; but that will come.

Mr. Edison further said that the great development of electricity will come when we find a more economical method of producing it. During his trip across the ocean he remained for hours on deck looking at the waves, and he said that it made him wild when he saw so much force going to waste. "But one of these days," he continued, "we will chain all that—the falls of Niagara as well as the winds—and that will be the millennium.

Too High.

The new reporter, a young man whose graduating essay, entitled, "The Unseen Forces of Moral Philosophy," had been highly complimented by the professor of

might be termed a well-irrigated mouth "Pray, is it to be soon?"

Miss Page had laughed at this, flinging one blue-flanneled arm over the chair in which she sat sideways, and Mrs. Nelson had shuddered both at the laugh and gesture, which she found unpleasantly in keeping with their owner's cropped locks.

"Dear me, no! Goodness, no! I should think not!" the delinquent had replied, heartily. "I haven't even an ideal; but, of course, he'll turn up—they always do. Old maids are accidents."

"Accidents!" the rector's wife had exclaimed, in a tone which I am unable to describe.

She held up the grey cotton gloves, ornamented with wrist-tassels, these last sharing in the good lady's agitation. Their frisky bobbings developed a kittenish desire in Miss Page to seize and secure them. How delightful it would have been to observe the face of their wearer had she done so.

Miss Page did not always control herself so well as on this occasion, however. She yielded to her inclinations without stint not unfrequently.

One of these events took place not long after the visit of the rector's wife, and that was when the rector's son proposed to her.

This gentleman was a pretty little personage, with the physique of a tolerably well-sculptured snow-man. His orange-colored hair surmounted his orange colored ears with a pinion-like stiffness, which suggested the idea of a pair of Mercury-like heel-wings having sprouted in the wrong place. He had orange-colored eye-brows, above little dark blue eyes, like raisins set into his pudding face, and his orange-colored beard grew one way on one side of his face, and another way on the other, as though its owner were standing in a perpetual draught.

But neither a man's personal appearance, nor the fact of his being a rector's son, can have any appreciable effect upon his love affairs (so far as he himself is concerned). Thus it chanced that Timotheus Nelson became enamored of the hoydenish Miss Page, and proposed to her. It was bad enough until he got down on his knees. Judith could not stand that, and so down she went on her knees also, just opposite him, and said, as well as she could for laughing:

"Please get up."

You may be sure he did so with alacrity. He did more—he got up metaphorically as well, and remained from that time in a standing position.

He admitted that very night what he could never be persuaded to even so much as listen to before: namely, that for young women to apply scissors to their hair is as unseemly as a like application is meritorious in young men. He confided to his mother that he had once met Miss Page riding along upon the highway, and that she was whistling. He went so far as to state that with her mouth in that unfeminine position he considered her positively plain, and concluded by stating that flaxen hair worn in demure bands on either side of a flaxen countenance was a sight at once refreshing and ennobling, after having looked for any length of time upon crisp brown curls, and a face that changed as often as an autumn sunset.

Boughton did not in the least recognize her. He had not seen her since the days of white frocks and blue shoes and socks, when her hair had been a pretty tan color, and one of her front teeth missing.

He hesitated a moment, and then reined up and asked if he was or was not mistaken in taking the gate to the left the one that led into the Carylon farm. She nodded and said that it was. Then he saw that her horse was lame, and jumping down, asked if he could not assist her. She thanked him, and said no, that she thought could not; and then yielding—after possessed of a devil, and he let his arm drop at her shoulders, held her so, and kissed her.

She did not burst into tears, and raise her riding whip, and give him a smart blow across the lips, or rail at him like the little shrew he believed her to be. When she saw what was about to happen, she merely drew in her pretty lips to a hard white line over her teeth, and on that hard white line fell Mr. Philip Boughton's kiss. It was certainly nothing at all like what he had supposed it would be. Neither was her conduct. She stood quietly, looking at him squarely in the eyes, and drawing on a little further her dog-skin gauntlets.

"Er—you have mistaken your way after all," she remarked, finally.

"How?" he asked, feeling somewhat curious and extremely uncomfortable.

She still looked quietly at him, while settling her cuffs and pulling forward the billy-cock hat.

"Er—you have behaved like a beast when you should have behaved like a gentleman," she replied, almost sulkily. "Good afternoon." And she turned about in the other direction and walked off with her lame horse.

He had no one but himself to thank for all this, but that did not in the least mitigate his violent indignation. To be called first a "dandy," and then a "beast," in less than twenty minutes, by a very pretty young woman, is not calculated to add to one's enjoyment even of an Albermarle scene in the flush of a November sunset. And, by George! if one wasn't to kiss one's cousin, who was one to kiss?

Boughton was actually more furious than he remembered to have been in the whole course of his life.

As for Judith—well, I really do not know how to write concerning Judith's state of mind. It may perhaps be most concisely expressed by saying that, had she been in the place of her Jewish namesake, and Boughton in the sandals of Holofernes, she would have secured his head with decided feeling of satisfaction.

Judith had never been kissed, and had had a charming and romantic fancy that the man who married her should be the only man to kiss her. Now Boughton had dashed this pretty ideal to bits, and broken the charm, and polluted—yes, polluted, Miss Page told herself—with violence, her so long cherished lips. His mustache had scratched her nose, and whether one turns one's lips in over one's teeth or not, a kiss is a kiss, and she would be quits with him.

Judith's face was decidedly wicked as she made this last announcement, and there was ever so much more red than brown in her wide open eyes.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Secret of Health.

Don t worry.

Don't hurry. "Too swift arrives as tardy as too slow."

"Simplify! Simplify! Simplify!"

Don't over-eat. Don't starve. "Let your moderation be known to all men."

Court the fresh air day and night. "O, if you knew what was in the air!"

Sleep and rest abundantly. Sleep is nature's benediction.

Spend less nervous energy each day than you make.

Be cheerful. "A light heart lives long." Think only healthful thoughts. "As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he."

"Seek peace and pursue it."

"Work like a man; but don't be worked to death."

Avoid passion and excitement. A moment's anger may be fatal.

Associate with healthy people. Health is contagious as well as disease.

Too High.

The new reporter, a young man whose graduating essay, entitled, "The Unseen Forces of Moral Philosophy," had been highly complimented by the professor of botany, took a seat near the city editor's desk. "I am delighted," said he, speaking to the editor, "to think that I have so easily and with so little delay found the work for which I am will fitted. How do you like my sketch, 'Walraven St. Borrie?'"

"It is magnificent," the editor answered, as he took out the manuscript. "Your diction is delightful and your style is captivating; and in nearly every line there is a gentle yet strong rebuke to the blunt and commonplace writer."

My dear sir," exclaimed the reporter, "you charm me."

"For instance," said the editor, taking no notice of the reporter's enthusiasm, "you say that Walraven located in this portion of the country."

"Yes; do you like the way I express it?"

"I am delighted. Some writers—old Pinkney, out there, for instance—would have said that Walraven settled in this part of the country."

"Yes, I see. He doesn't understand rhetoric very well, does he?"

"Oh, no, not at all. Here is another excellent point," said the editor, turning the leaves of the manuscript. "You say that Walraven went to a hardware establishment and procured a rifle."

"That's good, isn't it?"

"First-class. Old Pinkney would have said that he went to a hardware store and bought a rifle."

"That's because he is crude in his manner of expression, isn't it?"

"Assuredly. And again you say that Walraven partook of refreshments."

"How does it strike you?"

"Way up."

"What woud Pinkney have said?"

"Oh, in his vulgar way he would have said that Walraven ate supper or luncheon, or something of that sort."

"I wonder that he does not learn better," said the reporter.

"It seems that he should. By the way, we cannot afford to use this sketch. I too high for our readers."

"What must I do with it?"

"Bring it out in pamphlet form and sell it on the campus."

"That's a good idea; I'll do it. Shall I go ont now and write something?"

"No, old Pinkney is covering the ground pretty well. You may go to the county asylum, though."

"To write up the abuses of the institution?"

"No, to stay there until we send for you. Good-bye."

Editor Stone, of The New York Journal of Commerce, has not taken a day's rest from routine work for thirty years. He has not missed a day at his desk since the death of his wife. He has not been sick once since he began editorial work. He recently gave his recipe for retaining perfect health in journalistic labors. It ran thus:—"Plenty of exercise, plenty of sleep and plenty of religion.'

Up to last Wednesday evening no less than 556 talesmen had been examined in the wearisome effort to secure a jury in the Cronin case in Chicago. The defence had exhausted seventy and the State fifty peremptory challenges. Each side is allowed one hundred, so that it is probable that the fight over this stage of the proceedings will continue for some time yet. It would be difficult to find stronger evidence than this case affords of the necessity for some change in the jury system of the United States.

Did not Believe in Killing.

Zachariah P. Hardigree is a member of Company I, of the 41st Georgia Regiment, living in this county, who was in every battle fought by his regiment in every skirmish in which his company was engaged, in every charge made by his command and did not fire a gun. He was then, and is now, a minister of the Gospel. He did not believe in killing men, and frequently charged the enemy with a yell, saw his comrades fall by his side, and whether routing the Union soldiers or being routed, he would not shoot. He was always ready for duty—stood guard, remained at the picket post, and obeyed implicitly every command of his superior officers, except to draw cartriges, load his gun, nd shoot.—[Haralson (Ga.) Banner.

CANDIED FRUITS.—Make a thick sirup with a teacupful of water to a pound of sugar, and in this boil peaches, pears, plums, apricots, cherries or other fruit until tender—no longer. Let the fruit remain two days in the sirup, then drain it out, sprinkle sugar over each piece and dry in the sun or a moderately warm oven.

SPANISH CREAM.—Beat the yolks of three eggs with half a cupful of powdered sugar; heat half an ounce of isinglass with a quart and a half of milk; let it come to a boil and stir it slowly into the yolks; allow it to boil up again and stir in the beaten whites of the eggs, pour into molds and let it cool.

PEACH PUDDING.—Fill the pudding dish with alternate layers of crumbs, dotted with butter, and sliced and sweetened peaches, having crumbs on top. Pour over custard made of one pint of milk, the yolks of two eggs, and two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Steam, and serve with any good sauce.

RUSSIAN SALAD.—Procure a tin mould, ring-shaped, about the size of a dinner plate, only oval instead of round; it should be an inch and a half deep, an inch and a half wide, and hollow. Pour into this a little clear aspic jelly, and when this is partially set arrange in it a macedoine of vegetables. These macedoines can be made at home, but seldom in such perfection as they can be bought; besides the preparation of them involves such an immense amount of patience that it is the general custom to buy them all ready for use. The macedoine is composed of carrots, turnips, peas, parsnips, French beans, asparagus, beetroot, gherkiks, horseradish, capers, etc. These vegetables are cut small, turned into pretty, fanciful shapes with a vegetable cutter, and properly cooked. Care must be taken in arranging the macedoine to contrast the colors tastefully, as this lends such an attractive appearance to the dish. Fill up the mould with more jelly and set it in a cold place—on ice if convenient—until quite firm. When required turn it out on to a pretty dish and fill in the centre space with a nicely prepared mixture of lettuce, watercress, radishes, endive, beetroot, and hard boiled eggs, all chopped rather fine. Pile these up high, and pour over them some daintily prepared salad dressing. The dressing must only be allowed to cover the mound in the centre, not the ring of vegetables, or the dish will lose altogether its pretty, uncommon appearance. If a little lobster coral is at hand, sprinkle a tiny morsel over the top and it will add a still further charm.

Fingers before Forks.

The Duchess of Beaufort, dining once at Madame de Guise's with King Henri IV. of French, extended one hand to receive his Majesty's salutation while she dipped the fingers of the other hand into a dish to pick out what was to her taste. This incident happened in the year 1598. It demonstrates that less than three hundred years ago the fingers were still used to perform the office now assigned to forks, in the highest and

Catching Consumption.

Dr. Whittaker, of Ohio, has recently alled attention to the danger of infection with tuberculosis through the means of sleeping cars, and makes some valuable remarks respecting the means by which the danger may be obviated:—

"It would be difficult to conceive of a conjunction of circumstances more directly contributive to disseminate this disease than is offered in the palace car. It is always badly ventilated; the vestibule car especially, is close and hot, sixteen to thirty people being crowded into a space that might make a small hall in a house, but never a bedroom for a pair of human beings. Somebody is always hurt by a draught, so that windows are kept closed to prevent free ventilation, as well as the ejection of sputum, which is mostly deposited on the floors. Cuspidors never contain water, and are mostly used as waste baskets or slop jars, and the temperature is raised to a degree sufficient to rapidly disseminate infectious matter.

"With the gathering shades of evening, the compartments containing the bedding are opened into the car to diffuse through it a disagreeable musty odor. The traveller is treated to the luxury visibly of clean sheets and pillow cases, but the blankets, mattresses, carpets, and worst of all, the curtains, remain the same until worn out.

"Consider now that every car contains or has recently been occupied by a consumptive traveler, if only *en route* for a change of climate, and that through ignorance, carelessness, or weakness, there comes to be deposited upon bedding, curtains, etc., tuberculous matter. What becomes of it, if it be not dried and disseminated throughout the car, gradually incorporated into the lungs of the traveller?

"It is a curious fact that the first note of alarm of this kind should have been sounded by a layman, viz, a barrister in Australia, who published in the Australian Medical Gazette, last November, a protest against the admitting of consumptive travellers into the same cabins with healthy people. The danger is in one sense far greater on a ship, in that the people are so closely confined in the cabins, and, as the author states, considerations of humanity prompt the well man to close the port in protection of the sick. Then, also, the trip is much longer.

"These advantages are compensated on the car by the fact that there is from it no escape to the outer air, not even on express trains, for meals or other necessities of life. A man may mount for a breath of fresh air to the deck of a ship, where indeed he passes most of the day; a prisoner is allowed some part of the day a walk in the 'free,' as the Germans say; but a traveler on an express train is for all the world in the condition of the dogs made to breathe, inclosed in boxes of atomized tuberculous matter, until even these animals, naturally immune, become infected with the disease.

"But it is one thing to find fault and another to suggest the remedy. The plush, velvet and silk hangings must go. Seats should be covered with smooth leather that may be washed off, carpets substituted for rugs, to be shaken in the open air at the end of every trip, or better still, abolished for hard-wood floors. The curtain abomination must give place to screens of wood or leather; blankets of invalids' beds subjected to steam at a high temperature; mattresses covered with oiled silk or rubber cloth, that may be washed off; and above all things, invalids provided with separate compartments, shut off from the rest of the car, with the same care taken to shut out the smoke of tobacco.

"The cuspidors, half filled with water, should abound in every car, and consumptive travelers provided with sputum cups, which may be emptied from the car. For

Family Affection Repressed.

No home can be truly happy in which the members of the family circle are ashamed to show their affection for each other. There comes a period in the life of all children, boys particularly, when they regard a kiss or any other lovable demonstration as too babyish for them, and they shun it as they would poison.

Perhaps this is the outgrowth of neglect on the mother's part. The care of younger children crowds the older ones aside and before she knows it these dear little ones have become accustomed to do without the endearments that were showed on them in infantile years, and can hardly be won back. Bishop Vincent says the average boy at the age of thirteen or thereabout, has not a friend except his mother. He is a terror to every one, but for all that his young heart probably often yearns for a little petting and loving.

Too often we take home-love as a matter of course, just as we take the air, the sunshine and other blessings of life; we fail to realize that it is like a plant and that to give the best returns it must be fostered and cultivated carefully. It is no uncommon thing to find a houseful of half grown children who can scarcely remember when they have been kissed by father or mother, unless, perhaps, on a return from a long journey. But a good-night embrace, a little hug, a sympathizing pat on the shoulder when they are in trouble, is so remote an experience, dating back so many years, that they have utterly forgotten it. However, let one of these boys cut his hand or fall out of the haymow and get a bloody head, how quickly the whole family are alarmed, and run to his assistance with loving service! Through his wounds he sees they really have hearts, that they do care for him after all, and secretly he rather enjoys being bruised since it has revealed to him that his family have an interest in him beyond merely seeing that he has enough to eat and a place to sleep. How sad it is that he must nearly break his neck to find it out!

As for the attitude of the children among themselves, any loving demonstration toward each other would be almost as overwhelming as if a cyclone had struck them.

They are ashamed of the pet names of babyhood, and are distressed beyond measure if their mother addresses them as "dear" in the presence of a stranger. To grow up ignoring or cultivating a contempt for these little tendernesses makes boys boorish, and does not add one whit to there manliness or dignity. The manners of girls are, somehow, less influenced by the absence of these demonstrations—at least, it is less painfully noticeable, but all the refinements of society cannot balance the gentle schooling of home, and although sister may not be as clownish and rude as is her brother under the same surroundings, yet her character soon takes on petty deceits and habitual dissimulations.

This repression of the emotional side of our natures in our family life is a grave mistake, and to it may be attributed one half the heart burning and little gnawing griefs that beset us daily. Many a good mother lives her life through, and goes to her grave misunderstood by those she would have died to serve, because she never gave expression to her real feelings. She has kept back her sweetest self untill her children have come to regard her as unemotional and cold. Like begets like. This is a law from which there is no deviation. The children in turn soon learn to check any show of tenderness, until as the years go by, they have so well learned the lesson of indifference, that when they have arrived at manhood and womanhood and come to separate each to take up his own life work, they do so without a pang, and henceforth care no more far each other than for strangers.

Many years ago I was visiting in a family

fingers of the other hand into a dish to pick out what was to her taste. This incident happened in the year 1598. It demonstrates that less than three hundred years ago the fingers were still used to perform the office now assigned to forks, in the highest and most refined circles of society. At about this time, in fact, was the turning-point when forks began to be used at table as they are now. When we reflect how nice were the ideas of that refined age on all matters of outer decency and behavior, and now strict was the etiquette of the court, we may well wonder that the fork was so late in coming into use as a table-furnishing. The ladies of the middle ages and the Renaissance were not less proud of a delicate, well-kept hand than those of our own days, and yet they picked the meat from the platter with their slender white fingers, and in them bore it to their mouths. The fact is all the more remarkable, because the form of the fork was familiar enough, and its application to other uses was not uncommon.

Through Boston Spectacles.

Prof. Geo. Wright, D D., who attended the recent Convention of Scientists in Toronto, contributes a letter to The Congregationalist, of Boston, in which he chiefly discusses "the Sabbath in Toronto." The following are the concluding sentences of the letter: "But what seems the more striking element in the situation is the fact that the secular as well as the religious and the educational interests strongly support the present strictness in observing the Sabbath. The three great daily papers of the city are advocates of the present state of affairs, and those who would relax the strictness of the Sabbath observance are here made the object of ridicule to about the same degree that the secular press upon this side of the line ridicules the advocates of strict Sabbath observance. If any one doubt the advantages of a strictly kept Sabbath to a great city, two or three weeks in Toronto can be confidently recommended as a tonic sure to strengthen his faith and increase his respect for the law of the Lord."

Awkward.

Inability to express themselves gracefully in English sometimes places our good German friends in embarrassing situations; and that, too, when they really mean to the complimentary.

An artist, who chanced to be a very small and inferior-looking man, was showing some of his paintings, which were really meritorious, to a stout old German gentleman, who was keenly appreciative of the merit of the pictures, but who expressed his approbation in the following awkward way:

"Vell, vell, *vell*! Dey vas pewteeful, pewteeful! Und you bainted dem mit your own hands? Vell, vell! und von vould not dink, to look at you, dot you could baint noding at all! Vell, vell!"

Sea gulls' wings and pigeons' feathers are much used for hat decoration.

In Britain the working women are guilty of that sincerest form of flattery, imitation, and are going to take pattern by their male co-laborers. Lady Dilke, addressing a women's league at Dundee recently, advised them to combine for the protection of their interests as the men had done, and her suggestion met with favor. In almost every direction are to be seen the evidences of concessions obtained by British women which old rules and laws rendered impossible. The Queen's College, Belfast, for example, has decided to throw open the medical classes to young ladies, who will get their degrees the same as the men. These are signs of a general movement.

car, with the same care taken to shut out the smoke of tobacco.

"The cuspidors, half filled with water, should abound in every car, and consumptive travelers provided with sputum cups, which may be emptied from the car. For it is not necessary to say here that the sole and only danger lies in the sputum. The destruction of the sputum abolishes the disease. When the patient himself learns that he protects himself in this way as much as others,—protects himself from auto-infection, from the infection of sound parts of his own lungs,—he will not protest against such measures."

A Bad Year for Kings.

This appears to be a bad year for kings, let alone the proverbial three or four that the poker player wishes he had not held. The king of Monaco has just died. The king of Holland's death is apparently a question of only a few weeks. The mental condition of the king of Bavaria is becoming worse. The king of Portugal is seriously ill. The king of Servia has been forced to abdicate. The king of Bulgaria may soon be sorry that he did not follow suit. The king of Montenegro is wedged in between Russia and Austria in a very uncomfortable way. The king of Greece is worried over the yet unsolved Cretan question. The king of Italy is still at war with the Pope. The king of Denmark has a hard winter before him. And the king of Belgium is thinking seriously of an African trip to avoid the cares of state.—[Utica Herald.

Last on the List.

After twenty years of loose living in Bohemian fashion, Ricardo comes in for a legacy of ten million reals.

"Now's the time to pay off my creditors," he exclaims.

The latter begin to call upon him. One of them, all smiles and obsequiousness, remarks—

"You see, I have not troubled you much, and therefore consider myself entitled to be paid before the rest."

"If I rightly remember, says Ricardo, "your name is Zoilo Zamora"

"Exactly!"

"Then, my good friend, I am sorry to have to tell you that I am paying my creditors in alphabetical order, so that it will not be your turn till last."—[Madrid Comico.

Alexander Dumas is hopelessly orderly, and is often to be seen in his shirt sleeves, feather duster in hand, employed in dusting his study or changing the place of a piece of furniture. This is his hobby and it is generally on Sunday that he indulges it.

A clergyman who was an ornament to the pulpit in an exceedingly æsthetic regiment of the Lord's army, was delivering a series of discourses upon the history of Jonah. At the opening of one of the discourses, he said: "You will remember that in our last discussion we spoke of the fact that Jonah was three days and three nights in—in the—whale's—society."

The Baedekers, of guide-book fame, are an interesting family. The late Karl Baedeker (born 1801) originated the series and edited all the early issues. His name is still retained on all the title-pages, but the only Baedeker now in the business is his son, Mr. Fritz Baedeker. An elder son, Mr. Karl Beadeker, retired some ten years ago on account of ill health. Both the brothers Baedeker served as officers in the late war—Karl in 1866 and Fritz in 1870 '71. The latter received the Iron Cross for good service under fire. The former was in his time a distinguished mountaineer, and among other first ascents made that of the Silberhorn in [illegible] 18[illegible]3.

have so well learned the lesson of indifference, that when they have arrived at manhood and womanhood and come to separate each to take up his own life work, they do so without a pang, and henceforth care no more for each other than for strangers.

Many years ago I was visiting in a family, and after tea was engaged in conversation with the host and hostess in the parlor, when the door opened and in trooped the children to say good night to papa and mamma. As they ran in turn to the parents, clambered on their laps or clasped them around the neck to receive a loving kiss, I thought I had never seen a lovelier sight. I have never forgotten it, and to this day whenever mention is made of home happiness, my mind instantly reverts to that pleasant scene.

"It would have looked better had the mother and father gone to the children's room and bidden them good night, rather than have them make a show before strangers," did you say?

My dear Mrs. Punctilio, don't you know that in the beautiful innocence of childhood there are no shams—that everything is genuine? Their little hearts are too full of love and warmth to think of stage-effects. Let cold-blooded older people continue to enjoy a monopoly of repression and cultivated indifference, but for the sake of all that keeps us sweet, don't let us encourage it in the children.

Treading on a Tender Spot.

Miss Porcine—"I am afraid, Henry, that our engagement must be broken. Papa and mamma are both very angry with you."

Henry—"For heaven's sake, Clara, what have I done to offend them?"

Miss Porcine—"It is all on account of the conversation you had with mamma the other night."

Henry—"Why, I spoke of your father in the highest terms."

Miss Porcine—"Yes; you said he 'bristles with good sense.' You know papa is at the stock yards, and mamma thought your allusion to 'bristles' simply dreadful taste."

According to a computation just issued by an eminent statistician, the cost in human life of the wars of the last thirty-four years has been 2,253,000 souls. The Crimean war cost 750,000 men; the Italian war (1859) 45,000; the Danish war (1864) 3,000; the American civil war—the Northern States 280,000, the Southern States 520,000; the Austro-Prussian war 45,000; the Franco-German war—France 155,000, Germany 60,000; the Turco-Russian war 250,000; the South African wars 30;000; the Afghan war 25,000; the Mexican and Cochin-Chinese expeditions 65,000, and the Bulgaro-Servian insurrection 25,000. This list does not include mortality from sickness.

A professional murderer named Paul Gyomber has been condemned to death in Szegedin, Hungary. He is described as a prepossessing and intelligent-looking young man. His master in the art of assassination was a prison companion named Peter Bessenyei, with whom he had been confined for some time in the same cell while undergoing a long term of imprisonment for theft. Bessenyei advised him never to join a band, but to operate alone. He told him that the best weapons to use were a stout walking stick and a hatchet. When Gyomber was released he deliberately began the career of murdering for a living. He killed in all six persons, mostly old, though in no case did he obtain much booty, and took his sentence like a stoic. He was very fond of his mother and also of his wife, to whom he had been married for a short time.

YOUNG FOLKS.

AFORE HE KNOWED WHO SANTY-CLAUS WUZ.

Jes' a little bit o' feller—I remember still—
Ust to almost *cry* fer Christmas, like a younster will.
Fourth o' July's nothin' to it!—New Year's ain't a smell:
Easter Sunday—Circus day—jes' all dead in the shell!
Lordy, though! at night, you know, to set around and hear
The old folks work the story off about the sledge and deer,
And "Santy" skootin' round the roof, all wrapped in fur and fuzz—
Long afore
I knowed who
"Santy-Claus" wuz!

Ust to wait, and set up late, a week er two ahead:
Couldn't hardly keep awake, ner wouldn't go to bed:
Kittle stewin' on the fire, and mother sittin' here
Darnin' socks, and rockin' in the skreeky rockin' cheer;
Pap gap', and wunder where it wuz the money went,
And quar'l with his frosted heels, and spill his liniment:
And me a-dreamin' sleigh-bells when the clock 'ud whir and buzz,
Long afore
I knowed who
"Santy-Claus" wuz!

Size the fire-place up, and figger how "Old Santy" could
Manage to come down the chimbly, like they said he would:
Wisht that I could hide and see him—wundered what he'd say
Ef he ketched a feller layin' fer him that away!
But I *bet* on him, and *liked* him, same as ef he had
Turned to pat me on the back and say, "Look here, my lad,
Here's my pack—jes' he'p yourse'f, like all good boys does!"
Long afore
I know who
"Santy-Clus" wuz!

Wisht that yarn was *true* about him, as it 'peared to be—
Truth made out o' lies like that un's good enough fer me!—
Wisht I still wuz so confidin' I could jes' go wild
Over hangin' up my stockin s, like the little child
Climbin' in my lap to-night, and beggin' me to tell
'Bout them reindeers, and "Old Santy" that she loves so well,
I'm half sorry fer this little-girl-sweetheart of his—
Long afore
She knows who
"Santy-Claus" is!

—James Whitcomb Riley.

Old Sultan and His Friends.

A countryman once had a faithful hound, who was called Sultan, and who had grown old in his service. He had lost all his teeth and could no longer follow with the pack.

One day the countryman stood before the door with his wife and said to her: "Old Sultan is no longer of any use. I shall shoot him to-morrow."

But Sultan's mistress, who had great pity for the faithful animal, exclaimed: "How had promised to stand second. They appointed to meet in the wood, and poor old Sultan had no one to stand by him but a cat who had only three legs. Puss had, however, plenty of spirit. Although she hobbled a ong on three legs in great pain, yet her tail stood erect, as if she cared for no one in the world. The wolf and the wild boar were already on the appointed spot, but when they saw their adversaries approaching they thought that the cat's tail was a sabre, and that each time puss humped her back as she hopped it must be a large stone which Sultan intended to throw at them. They were both so frightened that the wild boar crept in among the dried leaves and the wolf sprang up a tree.

The dog and cat were very much surprised when they reached the place to find no one there; but the cat espied something on the ground which he took to be a mouse.

Now, the wild boar, when he crept among the dried leaves to hide himself, left the gray ears sticking out, and when the cat began to smell about she saw the ears move, and, taking one of them for a mouse, sprang forward, caught the ear in her teeth, and bit it in half. The wild boar started up with a terrible scream, exclaiming: "There is the real offender up in the tree!" and ran away as fast as he could. The dog and cat looked up and saw the wolf, who was ashamed of his cowardice and so angry with his pretended friend who had betrayed him that he came down from the tree and made friends with the cat and dog from that moment.

Broken Laws.

Rye did not come down to breakfast, and Jane was sent up to see what was the matter.

"He is really very sick," she said. "He has headache and a high fever."

"He went without his dinner yesterday," said Mabel, "all for the snow fort the boys are building at school."

"Ah, sure, but he didn't go hungry," said Jane. "He came in before supper and ate the best of my hot friedcakes."

"And his feet were very wet,' put in Mabel. "And then he went to the rink with me, and all I could say he would not put on his overcoat when he came out."

"Anything more?" asked his father, leaving his breakfast untasted, "His illness is surely not to be wondered at."

He found the boy as he expected and sent for the old family nurse at once. There were peanut shells on the stand beside the bed and bits of confectionery. Rye's Latin grammar was opened on his exercise book. He had evidently tried to study after going to his room, and had nibbled nuts and candy to keep awake. The room was oppressively warm, and he owned to having forgotten to shut off the furnace heat.

Auntie Perkins, the old nurse, understood the case perfectly. She did not need a doctor, and the next morning Rye came down to breakfast a little pale, but decidedly disinclined to eating only oatmeal gruel when the omelette was so tempting.

"Oatmeal or nothing, my boy," said his father, "and be thankful that you are as well off as you are this morning; that your punishment for offending against God's holy laws is as light as it is."

Mabel gave a frightened gasp and dropped her fork.

"Why, what has Rye been doing, papa?"

If his father had accused Rye of stealing the communion alms, the boy had hardly looked more abused.

"Law breaking! He has broken God's holiest laws—the laws of health. He has abused his body shamefully, and God has given him his body for a house—a temple in which his soul may do good service. How can his soul be kept pure and holy in a body

A MOHAMMEDAN HAREM.

A Matrimonial Institution with Hundreds of Inmates.

There were more than 1,000 women in the harem of the last sultan and there are probably as many in the imperial seraglio of Abdul Hamid. The number is recruited every year by slaves from Georgia and Circassia, and it is a curious thing that none but slave girls can be a part of the sultan's female establishment. All of the sultans of the past have had slave mothers and it is contrary to the custom of Turkey for the sultans to marry. There are thousands of servants about the palaces of the sultans. He has several hundred eunuchs, and these receive salaries according to their position. The chief eunuch is quite as important a man as the grand vizier. He takes part in the imperial councils and is a man of great influence. I saw him on the day that the sultan took his yearly visit when he went to kiss the mantle of Mahomet. A tall, broad-shouldered negro with dull black eyes, but with features expressive of intellect and will. He was dressed in clothes embroidered in gold lace, and he rode a magnificent Arabian horse. The sultan probably bought him as a slave, and the most ordinary eunuchs are a costly article. They are imported by slave dealers from Africa, where they are raised. They are of as different grades as are other men, and the sultan has all kinds. The more important of them have

SEPARATE ESTABLISHMENTS OF THEIR OWN

in the palace. Each of the more favorite slaves of the harem must have her eunuchs to wait upon her. She uses them as her servants but they are guards as well. This chief eunuch has charge of all the women of of the palace and it is through their power with the sultan that much of his influence comes.

The eunuchs, however, form but a small part of the servants of the palace. There are something like 7,000 people about the sultan, and the greater part of these are employes. The kitchens of the last sultan had 300 servants, and it must take a number of hands to attend to the thousands of horses and to keep the 200 royal carriages in good condition. The sultan has his barbers, his musicians, and his boatmen, and I am told that their are 100 porters at Yildiz who do nothing else but carry burdens. The ladies of the harem have their servants and the hairdressers and the dressmakers must be numbered by hundreds. The less favored among the women sometimes act as the servants of others, but many of these ladies have their separate establishments, with, their own eunuchs slaves, doctors, and beggars. They receive visitors in their own apartments and make visits to the other ladies of the imperial city which is hidden behind the walls of the sultan's palace grounds. The feeding of 6,000 or 7,000 people every day, year in and year out, costs a fortune, and a good part of the sultan's $10,000,000 a year passes through the hands of his cooks. The chief part of the cooking for the palace is not done in the grounds where the emperor lives. The food is prepared at the great palace of Dolma Bagtche, about a mile away, and it is carried on trays on the heads of porters to the harem on the hill. It is safe to say that a large part of the best of its dainties are served cold.

The sultan never eats with his harem, and it is not the custom for the sexes to eat together in Turkey. His majesty sits down to his meals with his officers of state. He drinks his coffee out of gold cups and he uses a Turkish article which is as thick as molasses and as strong as lye. He has his ministers of state often to dine with him, and he gives

and could no longer follow with the pack.

One day the countryman stood before the door with his wife and said to her: "Old Sultan is no longer of any use. I shall shoot him to-morrow."

But Sultan's mistress, who had great pity for the faithful animal, exclaimed: "How can we destroy him after he has served us so many years and lived with us so long! I am sure we could spare him some allowances for his old age."

"No, no," replied her husband. 'That is not just reasoning. He has not a tooth in his head and is of no further use in keeping away the thieves, for they are not afraid of him, so he might as well go. If he has served us well, so has he also been well fed, and could eat as much as he wanted."

The poor dog, who was lying stretched out in the sun not very far off, heard all that was said, and it made him very sad to know that the morrow would be the last day of his life.

Now, Sultan had a very good friend, a wolf, who lived near; so in the evening he slipped out into the forest to visit him, and complained to him of the fate which awaited him.

"Listen, grandfather," said the wolf; "take courage, I will help you out of your trouble. I have thought of something. To-morrow early your master and his wife are going out into the fields haymaking, and they will take their little child with them. While they are at work they will put the child under the hedge in the shadow. You lay yourself by him as if you meant to watch him. I will wait till all is quiet, and then I will run out of the wood, seize the child and carry it away. Then you must spring after me with the greatest zeal, as you used to do in your hunting days. I will let the child fall, and you shall bring it back to its parents again and they will believe that you have saved it from me and will be the more thankful, because they intended to kill you. Instead of that you will be in full favour, and nothing will ever cause them to give you up."

The dog followed this advice, and, as it had been planned, so it was accomplished. The father screamed as he saw the wolf running away with the child through the woods; but when poor old Sultan brought it back, his joy and gratitude knew no bounds. He stroked and patted the old dog, saying: "Nothing shall ever hurt you now, you dear old dog, and you shall never want food and shelter as long as you live."

To his wife he said, "Go home at once, wife, and cook some bread and milk for poor old Sultan. It is soft, and will not require strong teeth to bite it. And bring the pillow from my arm-chair. He shall have it for a bed."

And so from this time old Sultan had every comfort and contentment that his heart could wish. By and by Sultan went to pay the wolf a visit and told him joyfully of his good fortune.

"Grandfather," he said slyly, "I suppose now you will shut your eyes and not see if I carry away a fat sheep from your master's flock. It is very hard to get food nowadays.

"I can't help that," said the dog, "my master trusts in me and I dare not allow you to touch his property."

The wolf, however, did not believe the dog spoke in earnest, so he came in the night, slipped in the fold and would have carried off a sheep if Sultan had not forewarned his master of the wolf's intention.

He watched for him and gave him a good combing with the flail until the wolf was almost bare of hair.

So he was obliged to run away, crying out, however, to the dog, "Only wait a little, you false friend, you shall pay for this!"

The next morning the wolf sent a challenge to the dog by his friend, the wild boar, who

"Law breaking! He has broken God's holiest laws—the laws of health. He has abused his body shamefully, and God has given him his body for a house—a temple in which his soul may do good service. How can his soul be kept pure and holy in a body that has no care? If I break the windows of my library, and let the fire go out, and fill up the place with unclean things, what wonder that I cannot study there, or write a sermon? Rye cannot go to school to-day. He is ill-tempered, unfit for any work. His soul's house is out of order. What with wetting his feet, eating hot friedcakes after fasting, overheating himself at the rink and then coming home without his overcoat, trying to study in a hot room and eating peanuts and candy late in the evening, he is as sorry a law-breaker as I have seen in many days."

"It's hard making boys believe," spoke up Auntie Perkins, "that they cannot do such things without paying dearly for it; that they may never get over the result, but be dyspeptics or rheumatics the rest of their lives. They plant a little thistle seed of sickness, for a bit of fun, some day, and have a life full of briars to pay for it."

"That's what they say in the temperance stories," and Mabel looked her gravest at Rye.

"And you are getting briars in your eyes," he spoke up, pettishly, "when you crochet in the twilight."

"Very good, Rye," said Dr. Dorville. "The truth is, Christians say, Sunday after Sunday, that they have offended against God's holy laws without once thinking what those broken laws are. In my opinion, a good share of them are the laws of health. You must bear that in mind hereafter, my boy."

Smokeless Gunpowder.

The apparently successful invention of smokeless gunpowder adds a new terror to modern warfare. The unseen, like the unknown, appeals powerfully to the imagination. When it assumes the shape of a death-dealing company or regiment of soldiers it is pretty sure to be believed to be much more formidable than it really is. But apart from the moral effect of the new explosive in producing panic by creating apprehensions of danger from sources which cannot be located and the extent of which cannot be estimated, it can hardly fail to give its possessor some very tangible advantages on the battle-field. Hitherto the clouds of smoke accompanying every discharge of infantry or artillery have afforded a very ready and reliable means not only of getting the direction and distance of an attacking force, but even of computing the numerical strength of its different divisions. That the use of the smokeless gunpowder, assuming its effetiveness to be e qual to that of the ordinary kind, will give the army using it an advantage, seems too clear to admit of question. That which the needle-gun did for Prussia in her last conflict with Austria, the smokeless gunpowder may one day do for her in a struggle with some other adversary. It may be doubted whether any nation would be so rash as to enter into conflict with another possessing this superiority. It is not likely, however, that Germany will be able long to retain exclusive possession of the secret of the manufacture, and the general use of the new force will soon restore the equilibrium. Whether the constantly increasing efficiency of the implements of destruction will have the ultimate effect of decreasing or of stimulating the war spirit must, probably, be left for the next century to decide.

The potato crop in England is a failure, too, but there's lots of murphies over in Ireland.

gether in Turkey. His majesty sits down to his meals with his officers of state. He drinks his coffee out of gold cups and he uses a Turkish article which is as thick as molasses and as strong as lye. He has his ministers of state often to dine with him, and he gives dinners frequently to the diplomates at Constantinople. At such dinners he sits down with his foreign guests

SAVE WHEN THEIR WIVES ARE PRESENT,

and he is said to be a very good dinner-table companion. There are a number of little rooms in the palace [illegible] h such of his friends as he wishes to engage in private conversation, and he carries on conversation with foreigners through interpreters. He can speak French, but prefers to use the Turkish and an interpreter in his conversation. He believes in education, and he has a school connected with this harem where the little princes are taught French and the modern sciences as well as the koran.

The guests of the sultan never get a peep into his harem. The man who would attempt to enter the apartments reserved for the women would be punished with death, and a eunuch in Constantinople has a right to knock down any man who speaks to a lady under his charge. A foreigner was nearly killed not long ago for addressing a lady of high caste on the bridge which crosses from Stamboul to Pera, and no one in Constantinople save the sultan has the right to ask a lady to take off her vail. The sultan can go anywhere and he can penetrate the the harem of his officers if he will. This right, however, is never enforced and he has quite enough to do to keep the peace in his own family. Of late years his ladies have been by no means so secluded as in the past and much of their restrictions are nominal. When the sultan made his annual trip to kiss the cloak of the prophet Mahomet, which is kept in Stamboul, I saw at least a hundred of them in his procession. They were in closed carriages but I could see plainly through the carriage windows, and the veils which covered their faces were of gauze so thin that I could distinguish the layers of paint on their cheeks. They were dressed in silks of all colors of the rainbow, but these silks were made in the shape of very full water-proof cloaks and they were rather wrappers than dresses. Many of the ladies wore kid gloves and I noted that some of them had

SPREAD HANDKERCHIEFS OVER THEIR KNEES

in order to keep their gloves from being soil. Many had their eyebrows painted and their eyes showed out plainly over their veils. Beside each carriage rode a somber-faced negro eunuch dressed in black with a long whip in his hand, and the carriages were drawn by magnificent horsea. There were some beautiful girls among them and I noted half a dozen red-headed Circassians whose cheeks were as rosy as those of an English barmaid, and who would have passed for belles in Cleveland, New York, or Chicago. At the head of the harem procession was the carriage of the mother of the sultan, who is known as the valide sultana and who practically rules the harem.

The valide sultana has one of the wings of the palace set apart for her use. She has a court almost as important as that of the sultan himself. She has her ennuchs and her servants, and she is probably the only one whom his majesty implicitly trusts. She acts as the go-between between the sultan and his wives, and she really chooses his wives for him. I have been in Constantinople during the greater part of the Mohammedan lent, or of the month known as Ramazan. During this month the Mohammedans fast from sunrise to sunset and they engage in numerous prayers. At the close of it will come their easter Bairam, when every Turk will come out in new clothes

and when the whole Mohammedan world will engage in rejoicing. At this time each year the sultan takes a new and favorite slave to wife and this slave is selected from a large number by the valide sultana. As I write, the young lady is probably in training for her new position, and she has been within the hand of the valide sultana for a number of months. Six months before Ramazan each year the Georgian slave merchants and others who have girls whom they wish to sell to the sultan bring their young ladies to the sultan's mother. She looks over them and picks out fifteen or more. These are taken into the palace and are carefully fed like so many prize horses. Shortly before Bairam

SHE LOOKS OVER THE LOT AGAIN

and picks out the one who is to be the bride of the sultan. The sultan has, I believe, the right to take such of the other girls as strike his fancy, but his Bairam bride he does not see until the night after this feast. He finds her in his chamber when he retires to rest at night, and the story at Constantinople is that the new bride must crawl under the clothes from the foot of the bed in token of her subjection. If she happens to please the sultan she is given a separate apartment, and if she has any children they are legitimate and rank with other princes and princesses. If the sultan does not like her she ranks with the other slaves of the palace, and it may be never sees his majesty again.

The favorite ladies of the sultan's harem have by no means a bad time. They are certainly better off than they would be in their native lands, and many of them esteem it a great honor to be brought to Constantinople and sold. There life in the palace is a do-nothing lazy one. They spend the day in chatting, eating, and sleeping. Most of them smoke cigarettes and they go out dining under the charge of their eunuchs when they can get permission. The sultan has a very nice little theater in his palace and music for this is often furnished by the ladies of the harem. The price of a slave is largely increased if she is a good musician and some of these girls are good dancers and singers. The price for an ordinary slave girl of the desirable age, ranging from 12 to 16, is $200. If she is beautiful she may be worth $2,000 and more, and if in addition to this she is a good musician the mother of the sultan will give from $5,000 to $6,000 for her. Rich blonde beauties with blue eyes and transparent skins always bring high prices if plump and well rounded, but I am told that black girls are brought from Africa and sold for a song in Constantinople. The slave market of the city has long since been done away with, but the buying and selling still goes on underhand and the terms of slavery outside of the palace are such that after a slave has served seven years she must, if she desires, be released. More than half the marriges in Turkey are, it is said, made with slaves, but the slave hving a child is usually elevated to the position of wife.

The foreign artists who come to Constantinople are often asked by the sultan to give performances to himself and his friends in his royal theater within the palace. At such times the favorite ladies of the seraglio get

A GLIMPSE OF OUTSIDE LIFE

through latticed windows of their boxes and the event is the subject of gossip in the harem for weeks to come. In connection with this theater I was told an incident which gives some insight into the kindliness of the sultan s nature. On the 22d of last February when an Italian opera troop was playing in Constantinople the American minister, Oscar Straus, gave an entertainment to the Americans at his house in celebration of Washington's birthday. At this entertainment he had engaged this Italian opera troop, consisting of 250 musicians, to per-

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some insight into the kindness of the sultan's nature. On the 22d of last February when an Italian opera troop was playing in Constantinople the American minister, Oscar Straus, gave an entertainment to the Americans at his house in celebration of Washington's birthday. At this entertainment he had engaged this Italian opera troop, consisting of 250 musicians, to perform. Late in the afternoon of the 22d Mr. Straus received a note from the Italian manager, saying that the sultan had requested the troop to come that night to the palace, and inasmuch as the request of his majesty was equivalent to a command he could not keep his engagement with him. It was too late at this time to countermand the invitation for the entertainment, and Mr. Straus sent a messenger to the sultan, explaining the situation and asking him to allow the troop to come to his house either before or after the entertainment at the palace. His majesty at once sent back a messenger, saying that he would under no conditions disturb the entertainment of Mr. Straus, and that it would suit him just as well to have the troop come to the palace after their entertainment was over, which was done. At another time he disarranged one of his dinners at the palace to accommodate the American minister, and I am told here that a close friendship has existed between Mr. Straus and his majesty during the whole of the former's ministry.

FRANK G. CARPENTER.

Driving Oxen.

In the Western States and on the Plains oxteams are driven with whips, and the oxen are trained to canter along the road in a not ungraceful trot. The use of the whip is humorously described by Mr. Kerr in his account of South African travel.

Many and many a time had I used the short-handled whip employed in herding cattle on the Western prairies of America, but I was a complete stranger to the gigantic and indispensable whip common to all South African caravans. In becoming initiated into the mysteries of its use, I left numerous marks upon my face and neck, and was more than once nearly strangled.

While vigorously pressing on the leading oxen I would fall heels over head into some deep hole. Sometimes the oxen would wheel quickly round, rush through the forest and break the young trees, while the old wagon rolled along like the grounding of a wrecked balloon. When evening came, after such experiences, I felt as though I had been mobbed and hustled at an election.

At the crossing of any of the large river-beds, John's aid became indispensable. He could crack the whip and make a report like an Armstrong six-pounder; while his shouts and fiendish yells resounded wildly through the rocks in such a manner that even the hoarse roar of a fog-horn, or the shrill shriek of a steam-whistle would have had no chance against him.

A Modern Tyrant.

Penelope: All right, Jack, you may put that ring on my finger and we'll call it engaged, but it must be definitely understood that you are to have but one kiss a day and one dance at each hop, for you dance horribly, and I don't like to kiss a man without a mustache. I am to go boating, riding, or walking with any fellow I please, dance as much as I please, and flirt with whom I please. You are to give up smoking, card playing and wine, and finally you are not to tag around after me all the time, for I'm not going to have my enjoyment spoiled just because I'm engaged.

Jack (her humble slave): Well, but Penelope, tell me what I can do?

Penelope: You can read Tennyson and think of me.

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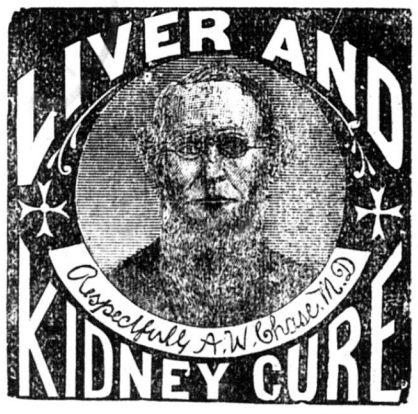

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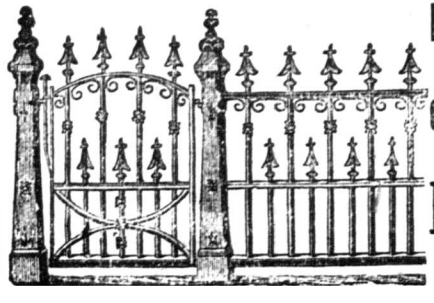

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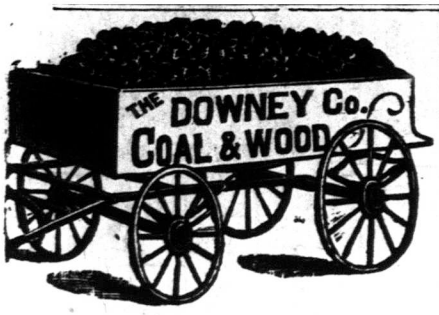


SCRANTON COAL.

Chestnut, No. 4, Stove, Egg, Grate, Blossburg.

☞ Put your coal in before broken weather sets in and prices advance.

All Coal Screened.

Hard and Soft Wood

THE DOWNEY CO.

Foot Centre Street, - - Napanee, Ont.

4189ly

HERE WE GO AGAIN

Six more cheap excursions to

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA and SAN FRANCISCO

as well as to all points in British Columbia and California. Will leave Napanee on the following dates

OCT. 22nd, NOV. 6th, and 19th. DEC. 3rd, 17th, and 31st.

Call or write W. D. MADDEN for rates and berths. Good sleeping cars in charge of special porters through to the coast.

Tickets sold to all parts of the world at lowest rates. Get our rates before buying a ticket to any point. Maps, time tables, folders, etc., on application.

Remember the place,

W. D. MADDEN

Authorized Agent of the C. P. R., Napanee.

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, OCT. 18, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4888ly

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
1589fm Camden East., Ont.

☞ Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs clothes brush-

—Wilder Joy has returned home from the Northwest and reports crops light.

—On Sunday morning next Rev. A. B. Chambers will speak especially to young girls who attend Sabbath school.

—Thursday, November 7th. has been set apart as Thanksgiving Day and will be observed as such throughout the Dominion.

—The Robert Grange referred to in last weeks EXPRESS was not the Robert Grange who drives the Erinsville stage. It was another Robert.

—Yesterday Mr. John Soby moved to Picton, where he will reside during the winter. John was a good citizen and will be greatly missed.

—We regret to learn that our esteemed townsmen, H. V. and E. M. Fralick have been called to the bed side of their mother, who is dangerously ill.

—Geo. Stewart has disposed of the Deseronto Hotel, and the license has been transferred to Captain Hicks of Picton. The Captain is a great favorite among the boys and will make scores of friends in Deseronto.

—A narrow escape from death by those young men at work refacing Coates Block, Royal Hotel on Monday, by the falling of the platform. Fortunately they were not over twenty feet high and escaped with but little injury.

—Yesterday a large number of people attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Brennan, wife of Mr. Frank Brennan, cheesemaker, Empey Hill. The remains were deposited in the vault at Napanee cemetery.

—Mr. J. S. Hulett, the popular photographer, is now comfortably esconsed in his new home on West street, just south of the Catholic church. Mr. Hulett bought the house some months ago and has made such extensive improvements that the place is hardly recognizable.

—All the cheese factories in the Napanee section have contracted their cheese for the balance of the season. The greater bulk of it goes for 10c. to 10¼c., but those who held out did very much better. The best sale is that by Vanluven Bros. of Moscow factory, who got 11¼c., Hodgson Bros. being the buyers.

—Steps have been taken towards arranging the annual Christmas entertainment in connection with the Western Methodist Sunday School and it has been decided to hold it this year on Christmas night, as usual. It will be remembered that this school always have successful entertainments and the coming one will be looked forward to with much interest.

—Last week we unintentionally did Mr. W. Hatch, of this town an injustice. In our report of the Lennox Fair we stated that the horse, Staunton Jr. which won the stallion race, was owned in Picton. That is not the case. Staunton Jr. is owned in Napanee, and Mr. Hatch has every reason to feel proud of being the happy possessor of so excellent an animal.

—A century—McAlister & Co. have secured a plum for their customers in the overcoat way. They have bought 100 boys, youths' and mens winter overcoats, the balance of a manufacturers stock at a discount of twenty-five per cent. off regular prices. This will enable them to offer the goods to their customers at exactly wholesale figures. Don't buy an overcoat until you see this line.

—To the people of Napanee and surrounding neighborhood. I have accepted the agency of the Sun Life Assurance Company, of Montreal, one of the most reliable Companies in the Dominion, and shall be glad to wait upon any one who desires to insure his life. It is a Canadian Company

FAREWELL.

THE SOCIAL AT W. T. GIBBARD'S

Rev. J. B. Clarkson says "Good-bye."

The large gathering at the comfortable home of W. T. Gibbard Esq., on Friday evening last, gave evidence of the warm feelings of the people of Napanee towards Rev. J. B. Clarkson, the assemblage being called together for the purpose of saying good-bye to that worthy gentleman and his estimable wife. The trying circumstances under which Mr. Clarkson is compelled to withdraw from the active ministry, have awakened widespread sympathy and many were the words of regret spoken on the occasion referred to. The commodious house was filled to overflowing and a thoroughly pleasant evening was spent by all, the only cloud being the approaching departure of those who had in such a short time won so prominent a place in the affections of the people. About nine o'clock A. L. Morden Esq. C. C. A., was called to the chair and he immediately called upon J. C. Drewry to read the following resolution:

It is moved by John Gibbard, and seconded by W. N. Doller, that this congregation deeply sympathize with our pastor, Rev. J. B. Clarkson, in the affliction which has befallen him, necessitating as it does his leaving the active ministry, and our separation for a time. We therefore take this opportunity of not only expressing our sympathy, but feel that we ought to express our thanks to Mr. Clarkson for the deep interest he has taken in the work while with us, and for providing us with so desirable a supply.

We beg to express the hope that in the near future Mr. Clarkson will be restored to perfect health and to assure him that whereever he goes he will always have a warm place in our affections.

This motion was supported by M. S. Madole, H. V. Fralick, Chas. Stevens and C. O. Johnston, the new pastor. All of the speeches were gems in their way, those of Mr. Madole and Rev. Mr. Johnston being especially good.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Rev. J. B. Clarkson made a very feeling reply. His voice is so far gone that he could with difficulty speak above a whisper. Mr. Clarkson said that though it was a severe trial for him to give up the work he so dearly loved, yet he had learned to trust God and to bow in submission to His will in all things. He thanked the people for their kindly sympathy and urged them to love Christ and work together for the upbuilding of God's kingdom. Mr. Clarkson was listened to with deepest attention and all who were within sound of his voice were visibly affected by his touching remarks. Good-byes were said and the social was at an end. During the evening Rev. C. O. Johnston became acquainted with a large number of his congregation, and judging from words of praise heard during the evening, the Western has secured a worthy successor to a worthy man. Rev. J. B. Clarkson and family left Saturday noon for their new home in Montreal.

The Great Hunt.

Mr. Editor,—On Saturday last a quartette left Napanee for the township of Effiingham on a hunting expedition for both game and minerals, and wandered through vales and over the hills where red men were wont to follow the trail in search of game, and fish in the lakes for bass and smaller fry. For Squaws and pappooses like others human had inward cravings, but now their day is passed and men accustomed to the noise and bustle of city life are camping on the banks of the beautiful Massouga. Thus far with manly tread and watchful eye they've marched eager to shoot the stately deer, or wrestle with the mighty bear, or climb the tallest tree to

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
1589fm Camden East., Ont.

—Just arrived a fine lot of assorted crockery to be sold cheap. Also tinware, base balls, rubber balls, looking glasses, toilet soaps, handkerchiefs, note paper, clothes pins, chromos, oil paintings, pictures frames, jack knives, combs, clothes brushes, and tops of every discription at the 7c. store west of the Campbell house.

—A. S. Kimmerly is continually cutting prices on every article in the grocery line. How the grocers do kick, but it is no use for I will continue to undersell sugars way down. Call and see, and get my prices before buying. Save money. New teas daily arriving, a fresh lot of that choice 40c. tea I am selling at 25 cts. per lb., just at hand. Pedlars and other grocers cannot compete.

—Two farms to rent.—Apply at once to J. C. Drewry, at the Napanee EXPRESS office.

—Wanted—A copy of Meacham's Atlas of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington. Apply at THE EXPRESS office.

—For sale—A first class brick house in thorough repair. For particulars apply at THE EXPRESS office. adv. tf.

—A quantity of picket fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—It is rumored that the Rathbun Co. have completed the purchase of the R. C. Smith timber limits and Fenelon Falls property for $66,000.

—Choice butter only 20 cts. per lb. at F. Paul's, 13½ lbs. yellow sugar for $1; flour, shorts, chicken feed, and all kinds of groceries at lowest prices. Highest price in cash paid for eggs.

—Straw and Felt.—Miss Janes wishes to inform her customers and the public generally that she is prepared to do Hats in Straw and felt in all the leading styles on short notice. Residence, south side Mill street, West Napanee. 4289bm

—See Baker's bedroom sets, diningroom and parlor furniture before purchasing elsewhere. Prices are away below any other house in the county, and every article guaranteed to be as represented. Give him a call. Warerooms north side of the market square.

—Note this—to new subscribers we will send The Napanee EXPRESS and that spicy publication the Detroit Free Press—for four months to any address in Canada or the United States for forty cents. Only ten cents a month for two splendid newspapers. The EXPRESS and Detroit Free Press to anyone for one year for $1.75. Send in your orders.

—W. D. Madden is the only authorized agent of the C. P. R. in Napanee and if you are going to Manitoba, British Columbia or in fact any point on the C. P. R. you will find a great advantage if you purchase tickets from the authorized agent. Call or write to W. D. Madden for maps, folders and all reliable information. adv.

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three-fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—An organ recital will be given in the Eastern Methodist church on Tuesday evening, November 12th, by Prof. W. H. Donley, of Bridge st. church, Belleville. The programme will be interspersed with vocal selections by distinguished local talent and a most enjoyable entertainment may be looked forward to by the music-loving people of our town. adv.

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

rounding neighborhood. I have accepted the agency of the Sun Life Assurance Company, of Montreal, one of the most reliable Companies in the Dominion, and shall be glad to wait upon any one who desires to insure his life. It is a Canadian Company and its terms are as liberal as those of any reliable Company in the country. Patronage solicited. S. CARD. 4689deow

—A distressing accident happened at Bloomfield on Saturday. A bright little boy of some two years, the youngest son of Aaron McDonald, farmer, while playing about got hold of a phial containing toothache remedy and swallowed a portion of the mixture, causing immediate congestion of the throat. All that friends and prompt medical aid could do were of no avail. In less than an hour he was dead.

—We extend heartiest congratulations to Mr. Edward Merrill, of Picton, on his appointment to the County Judgeship of Prince Edward. His Honor Judge Merrill is an honest, upright, painstaking lawyer and is held in the highest esteem by the whole community. If Sir John's Government made more appointments like the present one, less fault would be found with them. We trust that Judge Merrill may long live to enjoy the honors just conferred upon him.

—For the past two weeks we have been sending out "duns" and between this date and the first of January, if you are visited by the Division Court bailiff you will know that the fault is not ours. We are tired of asking people to pay up their subscriptions and now we intend using harsher means. If you wish to save costs pay up at once. If you can't call at the office, send the amount due by registered letter or Post-office order. THE EXPRESS is $1 a year IN ADVANCE. If you owe us anything please settle without further delay or further trouble.

—The local circle of the King's Daughters will give a social at the residence of J. C. Drewry, on Friday evening, October 25th. Proceeds in aid of the poor of Napanee. For the past two winters this organization of young ladies under the leadership of Mrs. Drewry have relieved the wants of a great many poor people, and they are now busily engaged in preparing for further work. Everbody will be made heartily welcome at the social. Refreshments and a good programme will be furnished. Dont forget the date and the object. If you can't be present send in your contribution.

PERSONAL.

—Mrs. C. O. Johnston arrived yesterday.

—Miss Cora Fralick, of Stirling, has been visiting friends in town this week.

—Mrs. Maley, of Brockville, daughter of Rev. S. Card, is visiting her parents in town.

—Mr. D. Kennedy, of Centreville, was among the callers at THE EXPRESS office on Wednesday.

—Dr. Poole, of Detroit, occupied the pulpit of the Eastern Methodist church on Sabbath evening.

—Mrs. Mallory, of Sidney, has been spending a couple of days with her aunt, Mrs. I. J. Lockwood.

—Mr. Little, General Agent for the Sun Life Insurance Company is in town, assisting Rev. S. Card, the local agent.

—Councillor Joy has returned from an extended visit in Manitoba. He brought back with him a nephew of the Rev. A. B. Chambers.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. Abrams returned this week from visiting in New York and other American cities and are looking much better for their outing.

—We regret to learn that Rev. F. B. Stratton, of Tamworth, is seriously ill. On Wednesday medical aid was summoned from Napanee, but up to the hour of going to press, Mr. Stratton is dangerously ill.

—Mrs. Freeman Lane leaves to-morrow morning to take up her residence in Toronto, where her sons Mort and Willie are attending College. Mrs. Lane has been a Class Leader and Sunday school teacher in connection with the Western Methodist church and will be greatly missed from town.

customed to the noise and bustle of city life are camping on the banks of the beautiful Massouga. Thus far with manly tread and watchful eye they've marched eager to shoot the stately deer, or wrestle with the mighty bear, or climb the tallest tree to avoid the danger that inexperience brings. But now at rest smoking the pipe of peace, they talk and crack their chestnuts, listen to the croaking of frogs and think of songs and home, and wonder why men versed in law, in metals precious and in financeering should shoulder warlike arms and march like Davy Crockett through forests of mighty oaks and lofty pines in search of game. Within their hut they seek repose. The rest they so much need to brace them up for arduous toil and no doubt dream of jack pots and wolves, whose melodious voices beyond the massive rock the natives hear and tell to fresh arrivals, tales of human slaughter. One more restless than his friends, owing to inexperience, before the break of day did venture out to gaze upon the moon or count the hosts of stars that form the milky way, but listening, hears a sound, and gazing in the forest sees a substance dark, "in form a quadruped." In accents low but thrilling he awakes the sleeping trio, "Methinks I see a bear." Seizing his deadly weapon he rushes madly forward, raises it to his shoulder. The trying moment has arrived! Can he face the music? Yes. The first shot of the campaign is echoed and re-echoed over the still waters of the Massouga. Patiently Stan awaits for indications of the death struggle, but waits in vain. No groans are heard, no pawings of the ground, no commotion visible. With silent breath they press forward to view the remains, when Durl exclaims in sepulchral tones, "Only a stump!" Yes, 'tis a stump. Well, the aim was good. See where the leaden missile entered its side! Behold the splinters! And, if 'twas not a bear, this much I know, the aim was true.

After breakfast a meeting of the quartette was called, when it was moved by Mr. M—, and seconded by Mr. S —, and Resolved, that in future, before firing, we satisfy ourselves fully whether the object to be shot at is animate or inanimate, as mistakes of that kind have a tendency to lessen our standing in the community in which we reside. Carried unanimously.

After a few stump speeches the meeting adjourned. The indications are good for a successful hunt, and in the not far distant future venison and bear's meat will be the principal article of food in many of our homes. Yours, BRUIN.

Of Profit to Every Reader.

Yellow Bannanas, finest in town at Davis restaurant.

Delicious Pineapples now in stock, at Davis' restaurant.

Oranges and Lemons, the best that can be procured at Davis' restaurant.

Choice French Cream Goods always on hand at Davis' restaurant.

The best of Bread, (Bakers or Home-made) and an endless variety of Cake can always be had at Davis' restaurant.

Cool summer drinks including ginger ale on drought are now selling at Davis' restaurant.

First class lunches may be had at any hour at Davis' restaurant.

Correction.

In our last weeks local notice of the A. Harris Son & Co's., Brantford Binders, our compositor makes the quantity of Binders sold during the season read 52,000 instead of 5,200. The general agent noticing the error has called our attention to it. The Company desire to state only facts, therefore have promptly repudiated the error as misleading.

KS

Unequalled Values

IN EVERY LINE AT

"The Popular Dry Goods House"

MANTLE GOODS & MANTLES.

Flannels and Blankets.

CRETONNES.

EY & McKENTY.

The Leading Clothing House.

ING

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

HATS and FURS

LACE CURTAINS.

CARPETS at COST

DRESS GOODS & SILKS
HOSIERY & GLOVES
FANCY WOOLENS.

JAHG

UNDERWEAR.
GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
TWEEDS & TAILORING

—The Herb Concert Co. have been discoursing sweet music and distributing costly gifts to large and appreciative audiences in the town hall this week.

—Mr. W. J. Black has purchased the frame house opposite the East Ward School formerly owned by P. R. McCabe. Mr. Black has a gang of men at work giving the building a general overhauling and will in time have a neat comfortable little home.

NEW SHOE STORE.

LARGEST STOCK.
THE BEST GOODS.
LOWEST PRICES.

JOHN C. HAWLEY.

Second door west of Lahey & McKenty's. 4589cm

FARM TO LET.

North half of Lot No. 3, in the second concession of the Township of Richmond, containing 93 acres. On the farm is a good frame house and frame barn, situated four miles from Napanee, on the Belleville road. For particulars apply to the undersigned,

JAMES DALY,
Agent,

Napanee, October 10th 1889. 4589dtf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Carson Chambers, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Minister of the Methodist Church, deceased. Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chap. 110, sec. 36 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, that all creditors having claims (including those having any specific or general lien or charge) against the estate of Alexander Carson Chambers, late of the Town of Napanee, in the county of Lennox and Addington, Minister of the Methodist Church, deceased, who died on or about the 16th day of September 1889, are required to send by post prepaid to Messrs. Deroche & Madden, Grange block, Napanee, Solicitors for the executors of the Last Will and Testament of the said Alexander Carson Chambers, deceased, or to deliver to the said Solicitors on or before the 18th day of November 1889, their names, addresses and description, the full particulars of their claims with a statement of their accounts and the nature of their securities (if any) held by them duly verified by affidavit and that after the said date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Alexander Carson Chambers, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto regard being had only to the claims of which notice has been given as above required. And take notice that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received duly verified and delivered as aforesaid at the time of such distribution.

Dated, Napanee, this 16th day of October 1889.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
Solicitors for A. B. CHAMBERS,
JOHN M. HART and W. F. HALL.

Executors of the Last Will and Testament of A. C. Chambers, deceased. 4589e

AGENTS WANTED.

Reliable, energetic men can earn good wages selling Fonthill Nursery stock. New specialties. Largest Nursery in Canada. Outfit free. For terms, address

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Nurserymen,
Toronto.

WANTED.

SALESMEN to sell choice Nursery stock. Liberal pay weekly. Will pay salary, but can give something better to workers. No experience needed. Write FRED E. YOUNG, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. A PRESENT. If you become my agent and sell $100, will give $2 for copy of this ad. Cut it out. 4089bm

BUILDING!

I am prepared to furnish everything in the line of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Dressed Lumber,

Bee Hives & Bee Hive Sections

on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

E. M. FRALICK

Factory on canal next to brush factory. 2389ly

Napanee E

(Christmas Edition. Sixteen

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRIDAY, DECEMBER

THE CHRISTMAS EXPRESS.

We have great pleasure in presenting our readers with the Christmas Express.

It will be remembered that this number has all been set up and printed in our own office and we believe that we are not boasting when we say that it is one of the finest papers ever published in a country printing office, in the Province of Ontario.

We thank our patrons for their help in the past and trust that many new friends will be found during the coming year.

We wish all our readers a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

County Court.

His Honor Judge Wilkison presided at County Court on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, and was presented with the historic white gloves in consequence of the absence of criminal business.

The following gentlemen composed the Grand Jury :

R. W. Aylsworth, Foreman.

T. A. Amey.	N. H. Amey.
Hiram Amey.	Edward Butler.
Lester Babcock.	Fred K. Caton.
Chas. E. Clark.	Robt. Close.
Ezra H. Dunbar.	Fred Ham.
A. R. Hogle.	James Hanlon.
Wm. Laidley.	Dennis L. Lucas.
H. R. Purcell.	W. J. Patterson.
Caleb Raymond.	P. R. Rombough.
Fred Shelton.	Jas. Shannon.
Luke P. Trumpour.	David Wees.
Wm. Wees.	

THE GRAND JURY'S REPORT.

To His Honor Judge Wilkison.

We the Grand Jury of our Soverign Lady the Queen, beg leave to report as follows :

We have visited the jail and find it kept in an exceedingly neat and proper condition. We find confined thereln three old men committed as vagrants.

We congratulate your Honor on the absence of crime in the county and trust that on many future occasions, the condition of affairs may be such as to justify the Sheriff in presenting your Honor with a pair of white gloves.

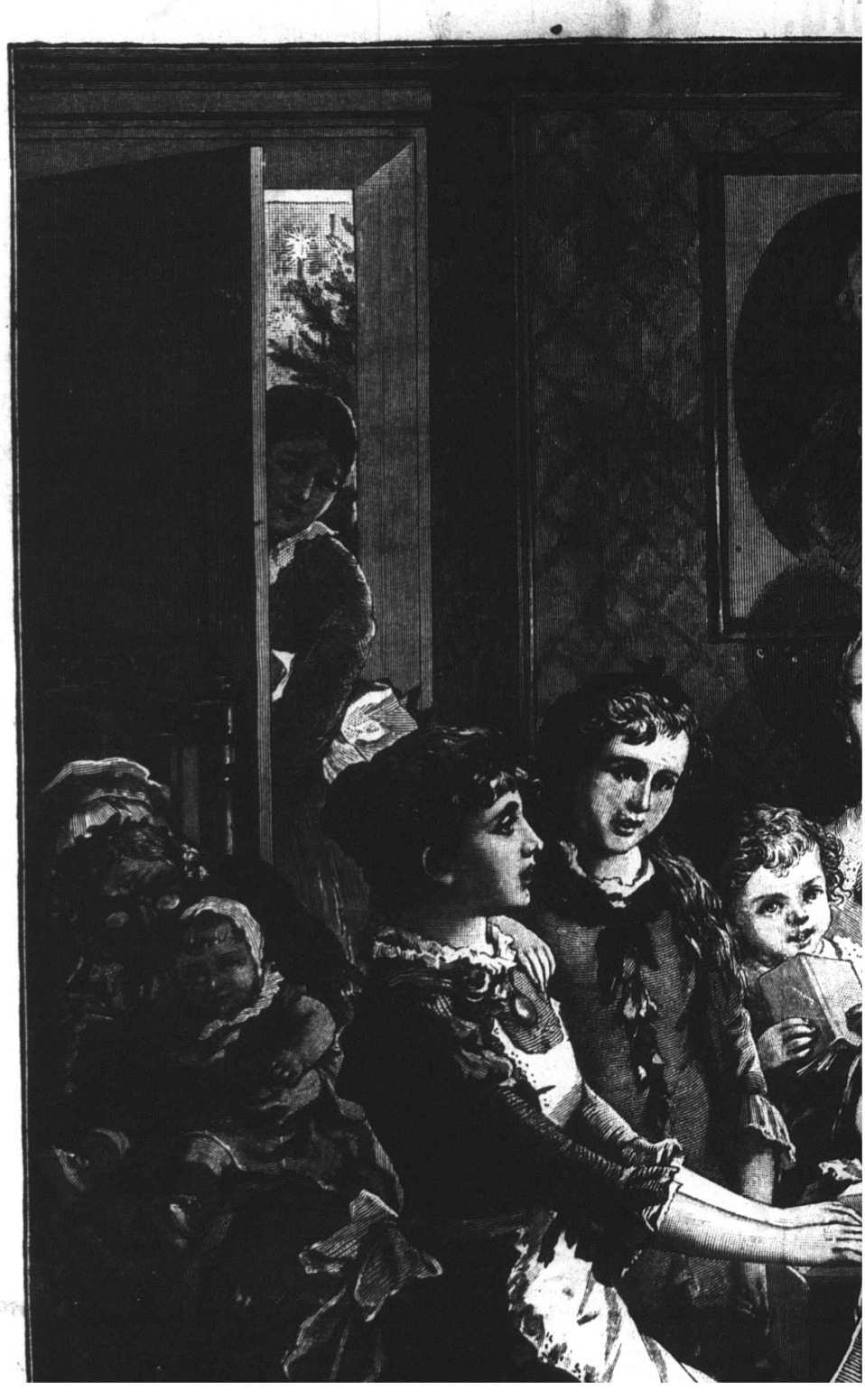
The Grand Jury further desire to express the hope that your Honor may be long spared to enjoy your present robust health and handsome appearance.

R. W. AYLSWORTH, Foreman.

DOCKET.

Amey vs Clancy.—Morden & Wilson for the plaintiff. E. J. Hooper for the defendent ; case tried and judgment reserved. Geo. W. Forbes, appellant. Dennis Craigen, respondent. This was an appeal from a conviction by magistrate for pointing fire arms without any reasonable excuse. Conviction affirmed. Deroche & Madden for appellant. A. L. Morden for respondent.

The next was Dennis Craigen, appellant. Geo. W. Forbes, respondent. This was another appeal from a magistrates decision. Notice of appeal was not proven and the appeal failed. A. L. Morden for appellant, Deroche & Madden for respondent.



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The next was Dennis Craigen, appellant. Geo. W. Forbes, respondent. This was another appeal from a magistrates decision. Notice of appeal was not proven and the appeal failed. A. L. Morden for appellant, Deroche & Madden for respondent.

The appeal in the case of Chatterson vs. Babcock was laid over till next session.

The Methodist Magazine for December,

Twenty cents a number, two dollars a year. William Briggs, Wesley Buildings, Toronto, and S. F. Huestis Halifax. The thirtieth volumn closes well. It has four illustrated articles—describing Paris during the Exposition, a visit to Cypus and the Levant and Notes of Travel in Spain; Christmas Stories and Poems and other Christmas Reading. A paper on the Epworth League Movement, and other articles, make up an excellent number. The announcement for the 31st and 32nd vols. for 1890 is particularly strong. The substance of Lady Brassey's "Last Voyage," a sumptuous and costly book, will be given with 16 fine engravings, illustrated life and adventure in India, Ceylon, Burmah, Borneo, Celebes, Australia and New Guinea. The Editor will describe, with over 100 illustrations the adventures of his large tourist party in Europe last summer. A series of special interest will be the "Vagabond Vignettes," describing the journey on horseback thoughout the length and breadth of Palestine and the Levant, with nearly 100 woodcuts. The Serial Stories will be Mrs. Barr's "Master of His Fate," a Yorkshire tale, and "Kathleen Clare," an Irish story. An important series of papers on "Social Progress" will be given, and a series of "Character Sketches," and stories illustrating Social Reform. A sketch of Thomas Brassey, the great "Captain of Industry," by Prof. Goldwin Smith, will appear, and other important papers. 189a

Newburgh.

Mr. Cephas Miller, one of our oldest and most respected citizens has been very sick, but we are glad to know that he is now some better. We all most earnestly hope his long and useful life may be spared much longer. None in our town would be missed more than Uncle Cephas.

Our beautiful snow has left us and with it the sleighing so much enjoyed and appreciated. We will doubtless have more snow in the near future. When it comes we will make good use of it.

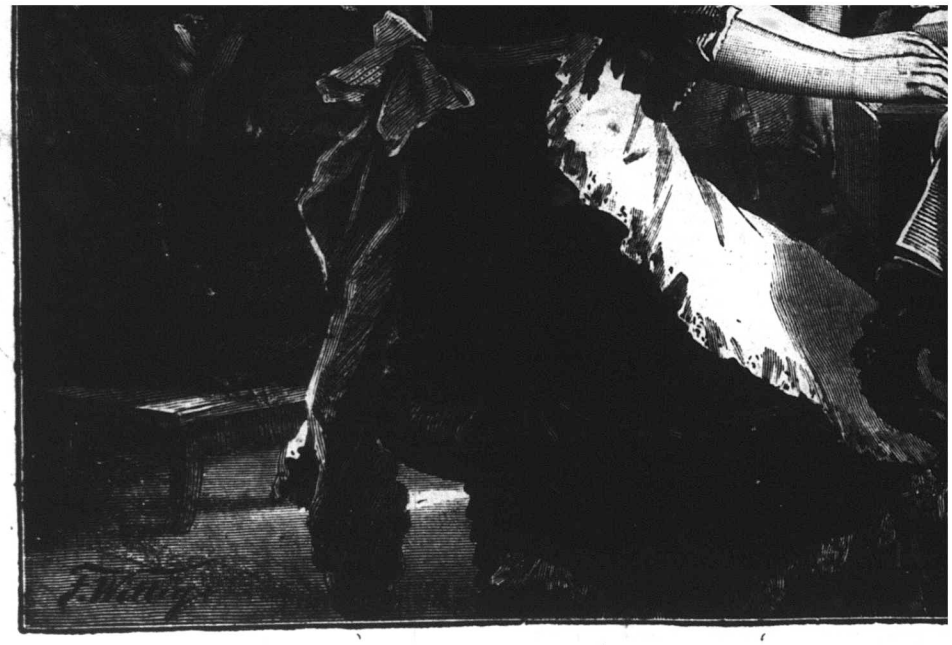
The Principal of our Common School, Mr. Deroche, was made the recipient of a present and an address from his pupils one day during last week. Mr. Deroche is considered a capable and pains-taking teacher.

The congregations were small in both Churches on Sunday evening last on account of inclement weather.

The Methodist Church is preparing for a grand entertainment to be given in the Church on Christmas night. Mr. Crossley promises the best programme ever given in Newburgh, and we are all on tip-toe of expectation. Tell the people of Napanee that we will welcome a score or two from that town and make it pleasant for them too.

The Presbyterian church is also preparing for an entertainment a day or two before Xmas.

—In table ware, such as knives, forks, spoons etc., we take the lead as we have the sole right of selling the best make, that is Reed & Bartin's. Engraving free. F. Chinneck.



SINGING CHRISTMAS CAR

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Latest News From the Townships.

NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH.

The Tory organ has come out straight for a party fight in the hope of controlling the next County Council. They have undertaken a big task. Among other things they must defend the clique who have opposed Reeve Parks in North Fredericksburgh. The Beaver will find it rather up hill work to pull the Baird party together sufficiently to oust Mr. Parks. His election is a foregone conclusion.

AMHERST ISLAND.

Robert Filson has retired from politica life.

Robert Patterson is a candidate for the Reeveship.

ADOLPHUSTOWN.

Fred Membery is in the field again. He may get a few votes, but we doubt if the honest, church-going yeomanry of Adolphustown can be induced to cast their ballots for Fred Membery.

Either Jacob H. Roblin or Wilkie Dorand will contest the Reeveship with Mr. Membery or any other aspirant.

ERNESTTOWN.

There is nothing new to chronicle.

Byron Derbyshire is actively canvassing although he might as well be at something else, for he is sure to be elected.

I. O. Fraser has been so useful in the council that he deserves promotion and will undoubtedly get it. He will make a good Reeve.

Wellington Babcock will ask the electors to return him as second deputy-reeve. Mr. Babcock is recognized as a safe, careful councillor and he can be relied on to do good work in the more responsible position.

RICHMOND.

The fiat has gone forth and the faithful have decreed that Messrs. Sexsmith and Dafoe shall oppose all-comers. We are not among those who think that Mr. Dafoe will be content to accept a second position on the ticket. In Ibra B. Sills, Mr. Dafoe will find a foeman worthy of his steel. Mr Sills has served his township faithfully for twelve years and in all fairness is entitled to promotion.

Ira B. Hudgins will likely try conclusions with Mr. Sexsmith, and the fight will be a lively one. Mr. Hudgins need not fear the result.

SHEFFIELD.

The Tory organ announces that Benjamin Detlor will again try to be elected so as to keep the taxes down. The electors remember how he worked his little game and will have nothing to do with him in the future. Instead of paying money into the Sinking Fund of the township, Mr. Detlor and his friends actually used up the interest accuring from that fund and when they went out of office, the township was over two thousand dollars in debt. The new council had to raise money to pay off the debts incurred by Reeve Detlor and his associates. No! no! the electors want nothing more to do with Benjamin Detlor.

The electors also remember that if Mr. Detlor was elected, it would likely mean that James Shields would again be appointed clerk, and the present treasurer dismissed. The ratepayers of Sheffield remember the muddle into which ex-Clerk Shields got township affairs, many important by-laws never having been entered in the by-law book. Then, too, the people have confidence in honest "Larry" Way, and no one will be elected to the council who would be likely to be antagonistic to him.

Messrs, Wager and Reid will doubtless be re-elected by handsome majorities.

—If you want to take a drive, get a rig from W. Burns' livery. His rigs are all first-class.

—Watches, clocks, jewelery, silverware, and spectacles. The cheapest place in Napanee is at Chinneck's.

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HUMORS OF THE BENCH.

How Far a Judge May Go in Joking and Maintain the Dignity of the Court.

If a body of men are engaged in work of any kind and their leader insists on playing the wag, the moral atmosphere soon becomes entirely unsuited to the discharge of affairs. If, then, when lawyers are engaged in the solemn and important duties of a court of law, an example of frivolity is set by the person in authority, it is pretty certain that the public interest will suffer.

The principle which can be applied to determine how far it is allowable for a judge to exercise his gift of humor stands, therefore, thus: Nothing should be said by him which can in any way destroy the essential sense of seriousness which should pervade a court of justice, or introduce a temper of jocular familiarity, such as must infallibly breed contempt. As a matter of fact it will be found that such a rule is practically observed by most of the judges and that its operation does not in the least cut us off from that species of judicial wit which is most worth preserving. It prevents the court from being turned into a bear garden, but leaves ample scope for snubbing an impudent or restraining a tiresome advocate wittily, and for placing the results of an investigation or of the application of a legal principle in the shape of an epigram.

For example, it cannot be said that the dignity of the court suffered in the least when Baron Maule used his extraordinary power of humor to rebuke Mr. Cresswell's inordinate arrogance. Counsel had been treating the bench throughout his speech with the utmost lack of courtesy. At last the judge could bear it no longer and stopped him: "Mr. Cresswell, I am perfectly willing to admit my vast inferiority to yourself. Still I am a vertebrated animal, and for the last half hour you have spoken to me in language which God Almighty himself would hesitate to address to a black beetle."

Such phrases were not, we imagine, likely to make Baron Maule's court unmanageable, or to let counsel get out of hand. Surely it is absurd to say that the exercise of such wit must be condemned, because we protest against the use of an ill timed, ill judged and jaunty jocularity. The one need never for a moment lower the tone of the court. The other, "easy, vulgar, and therefore disgusting," is sure to end in a loss of dignity and respect.

Again, the judge who reminded an advocate in the following manner that he was wasting the time of the court did no violence to decorum. The barrister had been explaining at great length certain transactions in regard to a furnished house. Having dealt with the house in a long and dreary oration utterly beside the point, he coughed and began: "And now, my lord, I propose to address myself to the furniture." "You have not been addressing yourself to anything else for the last hour and a half," was the reply.

NG CHRISTMAS CAROLS.

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In Honor of Reeve Parks.

Last Friday evening there was a pleasant little gathering in the sitting room of the Brisco House, the occasion being the presentation of a purse of money by the members of the County Council, to Mr. Irvine Parks, Reeve of North Fredericksburgh. The purse contained $86 and was given to show the good will of his fellow members. As soon as it was learned that Mr. Parks had to pay a portion of the costs in connection with the North Fredericksburgh protest trial, his friends in the County Council decided to show their sympathy in a practical manner. Warden Filson, Reeve Reid, Sexsmith and others made short speeches, all of them speaking in the highest terms of Mr. Parks. Their testimony was that he had faithfully performed the duties of his office while in the council, and had conducted himself as a gentleman. We congratulate Mr. Parks on being the recipient of the purse of money and the many kind but justly deserved words which accompanied it. Mr. Sweetnam, the popular Reeve of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, made the presentation.

—A clock that will keep good time is necessary in every home. You can buy one from F.W. Smith & Bro., at astonishing low prices.

—J. S. Hulett's photographs have a justly wide reputation, but he is now turning out a higher class of work than ever before, cabinets, cards, life sized photo and large portraits finished in India ink, colors or crayons. Call and inspect Mr. Hulett's work before ordering elsewhere. See the latest style in cabinets—the scroll design. Remember the place, J. S. Hulett's gallery over Perry & Co's Drug store, Napanee.

THE CANADIAN HORTICULTURIST improves every year, both in appearance, illustrations, colored plates and reading matter. Every fruit grower, gardener and farmer should have it. The editor is a practical fruit grower, and the other writers are the leading practicalgardeners and fruitgrowers in Ontario. One dollar, addressed to the editor, Grimsby, Ont, secures this monthly, the interesting Annual Report of the Fruit Growers, and a choice of plants for testing. 2-2in.

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Indeed, under certain circumstances, a judge may find in his wit the means of bringing clearly home to the public mind the ill results of any portion of our legal system which he considers imperfect.

Baron Maule had once to sentence a man tried before him in a case of bigamy, in which it appeared that though the crime had actually been committed, there were very great excuses for the prisoner. His wife had been drunken and unfaithful and, leaving him with a large family of children to bring up, had disappeared for several years. Under such circumstances he had thought himself able to marry again. In giving sentence Baron Maule in detail stated how the prisoner ought to have acted, how he should have brought one action for crim. con. in the civil courts and another in the ecclesiastical courts for a divorce, and, finally, how he should have obtained a private act of parliament dissolving the first marriage and allowing him to contract a second. "You will probably reply," ended Baron Maule, "that this would have cost you £1,000 and that you have not a thousand pence. But let me tell you, prisoner at the bar, that this is no excuse, and that in England the law is the same for the poor as for the rich."

As may be deduced, this passage led up to a sentence of three days' imprisonment, to begin from the first day of the assizes, and therefore, in this case at least, the prisoner had something beyond "his judge's joke for consolation."—The Spectator.

Rising Time at Sea.

The old sailors being called gradually rise to sitting postures in their berths with yawns, oaths and grumblings. If the hideous caller is seen, a boot or other missile may be shied in that direction. Otherwise the prejudice and disgust for his clamor on the part of those called expresses itself in irritable sarcasm such as, "Oh, why don't you make a little more noise?" "Think yourself smart, don't you?" "Say, don't you s'pose we can hear?" To-morrow morning at 12 or 4 these personalities and conditions of mind will be reversed. The awakened irritable grumbler will be the joyous caller, and the joyous caller of this early morn will be searching about his bunk for some offensive implement to hurl at the biped who thus performs the matutinal office of the early village cock.—Prentice Mulford.

Two Letters.

HERS.
Sealskin sacque,
Please, dear Jacque.
HIS.
No seal jacquet,
Can't stand racquet.

—Exchange.

—Have you ever had a drive behind one of Will Burns' fast horses? He keeps the finest livery rigs in the district.

—Read the advertisement of F. W. Smith & Bro. They offer great bargains in Watches and Silverware. Wouldn't your wife like a nice watch for a Christmas present?

2 Large Stores in 1

ROBINSON & CO'Y,

(Successors to Downey & Co.)

The Leading House for

Dry Goods, Clothing, Millinery,

CARPETS.

During the present month we are offering

Great Bargains in Silks and Satins

These goods are new, were bought at a bargain, and can't be beaten anywhere.

Great Bargains in Dress Goods.
All Ulster and Mantle Cloths at Cost.
Bargains in Gloves and Hosiery.
Bargains in Corsets.
Bargains in Table Linens and Table Napkins.
Bargains in Towels and Towelings.
Bargains in Grey and White Blankets.
Carpets in Brussels, Tapestry, Wool, Union and Hemp, at Cost.

CLOTHING

The Great Clothing House of the Province. Jas. Walters, cutter.

FINE ORDERED CLOTHING. READYMADE CLOTHING. BOYS' CLOTHING A SPECIALTY. BOYS' SUITS FROM $1.75 UP. BOYS' OVERCOATS FROM $2.50 UP. MENS' SUITS FROM $6.00 UP. MENS' OVERCOATS, $6 UP.

Suits made to order at $13, $14, $15, $16, $17 AND UPWARDS.

The Cheapest and Best place in Napanee to do your trading. Try us.

ROBINSON & CO'Y,

Successors to Downey & Co.

Lonsdale Woolen Mills

Manufacture the Best Tweeds, the Best Flannels, the best Blanketings, the best Yarns.

Our entire stock must be cleared within the next sixty

Unrestricted Reciprocity with the United States.

ERASTUS WIMAN,

Energetic Advocate of this Policy.

Of all the portraits taken of that celebrated Canadian, Erastus Wiman, the one from which the above picture has been made is the best. All readers of the newspapers know what an energetic and successful man of business Mr. Wiman is. He is an alert and active statesman as well, though an unofficial one. During the past two years he has given a great many addresses in many parts of Canada in favor of Unrestricted Reciprocity between the Dominion and the United States, and the present aspect of the question in Canada is due, in a large measure, to the intelligence and persistency with which he advocated this great question.

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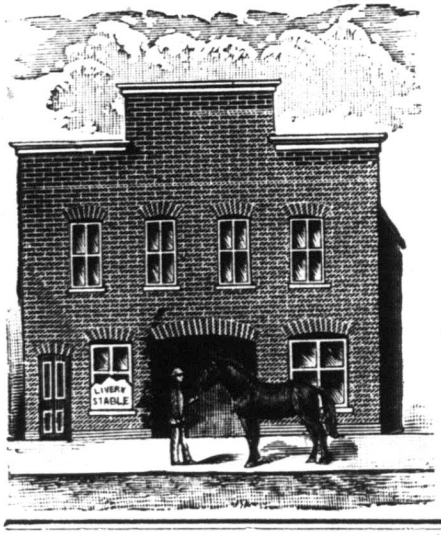
Lonsdale Woolen Mills

Manufacture the Best Tweeds, the Best Flannels, the best Blanketings, the best Yarns.

Our entire stock must be cleared within the next sixty days as we intend then to close our office in Napanee until the Wool season of 1890.

Big Inducements to Liberal Buyers.

OFFICE—OPPOSITE BRISCO HOUSE.



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Livery and Sale Stable

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A FIRST-CLASS RIG

When you want to take a drive.

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J. W. SCRYVER

Boot and Shoe Maker

Hand made work a specialty. Men's French Kip boots, all hand-work, made to order.

KANGAROO, ALLIGATOR, PORPOISE, DONGOLA sewed boots made up in the latest American and Canadian style. Oak tanned leather used in all sewed boots.

Gaiters Made in the Latest Style.

Repairing neatly and promptly done. A BRADBURY PATCHER just added and all patches are now neatly stitched on.

The Celebrated Porpoise Laces FOR SALE.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a trial. Shop nearly opposite the Campbell House, Dundas st., Napanee.

J. W. SCRYVER,

Sign of the Big Boot.

STILL ALIVE,

and taking the lead.

More SUGAR and better quality than any other house for the $1. A full line of

GROCERIES

new and fresh, not old stock, as cheap as the cheapest.

FLOUR.
BRAN.
SHORTS.
OATS.
PEAS.

and all kinds of feed kept on hand by

J. F. SMITH.

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OF PUTTING OUT FIRES.

QUESTIONS TO BE DISCUSSED IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

The Making of Fireproof Buildings and the Matter of Adequate Fire Escapes Are Also Interesting—The Recent Fires in Lynn, Boston and Minneapolis.

The occurrence of three such fires as that at Lynn, Boston and Minneapolis; the fact that at one time the firemen lost control and the flames threatened to sweep Boston and repeat the conflagration of 1873, and that there was appalling loss of life at Minneapolis, will doubtless lead to redoubled vigilance in the matter of fire extinguishing systems, fire escapes and fireproof buildings. At such times those most interested are led to inquire,

MINNEAPOLIS TRIBUNE BUILDING BEFORE THE FIRE.

Do new conditions need new adaptations? The character of material used, the height of buildings, the exposure of frame districts, which, when aflame, act as kindlers to more substantial structures—these and many similar matters entering into the problem of fighting fire in great cities, come up to excite a new interest.

The growth of fire departments in the older cities where modern systems have been perfected has been very slow. London during the Eighteenth century was far ahead of New York in fire apparatus, but during the halcyon days of the American volunteer system, and during the early days of steam fire engines, New York shot far ahead of her old mother across the ocean. While London had the primitive fire engines, which, it is true, were worked by people who were considered too old for any other purpose, their principal operators being old women, lines of New Yorkers were passing buckets filled with water from the North and East rivers.

After relying on these for more than half a century, they sent to London and secured some engines such as were then in use there. These engines were the beginning of the New York fire department. Out of those who were accustomed to take them to fires grew the volunteer system, which attained its greatest perfection and prominence in the "fifties." Then hand engines were superseded by steam, and since there rule. During the first half of the Eighteenth century the insurance companies began by keeping fire engines for the purpose of protecting property on which they held insurances, and in 1733 seven offices combined under the title of the London Fire Engine establishment. Others were gradually added till all the principal offices were members, and the establishment became the city fire department. Even to this day the insurance companies constitute one of the principal sources of income to the brigade.

In London they have 53 steam fire engines and 95 hand engines. There are 32 miles of hose carried on 75 hose carts. Besides these there are 7 steam vessels and 11 rafts. Of fire escapes there are 146, besides 9 long wire ladders. The firemen number 591, including all ranks, 16 pilots and 67 coachmen. They have some ingenious contrivances for saving life in London, one of the most useful of which is a canvas shute, in which a person may come down and be received by the firemen without injury. Capt. Eyre M. Shaw is chief of the brigade.

The New York department, when steam fire engines were adopted, was built entirely anew. The management was placed in the hands of commissioners, the command being given to a chief. In New York there are nearly double the number of firemen employed in London, being about 1,000 in all. The steamers number 85, and the fact that there are no hand engines, as in London, indicate that the people of the United States are far more ready to throw off the old than the people of England. But in New York there are 3 water towers, 33 hook and ladder trucks, 10 chemical fire engines, 130 chemical extinguishers, with 35 miles of hose and 54 hose tenders. Charles O. Shay is chief.

This force and apparatus protect the abodes and the goods of less than 2,000,000 of people, while the London fire brigade is supposed to protect a city of some 4,500,000. It will appear that the New York apparatus is more modern from the excess of steamers and the "chemicals." Indeed, a comparison of the number of men and apparatus seems to indicate a far more effective service in New York than in London, though, perhaps, the buildings are more substantial in the Old World.

In efficiency, doubtless, the Chicago department comes next to New York. After her great fire her citizens saw the necessity of perfecting her fire department, and the result is today a very fine service. Philadelphia, Boston, Cincinnati and other large American cities also now have a very perfect system. The department in Boston, in checking the career of the late great fire there, showed fine generalship on the part of its chief and great efficiency on

CAPT. SHAW, LONDON.

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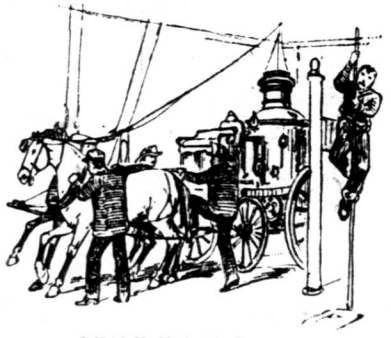

READY FOR THE FRAY.

The late Capt. Ericsson bears such relation to the modern method of fighting fires as Harvey, the discoverer of the blood, bears to the modern practice of medicine. Ericsson was a pioneer, but he was not a practical developer of the present system. John Braithwaite and John Ericsson built a steam engine in London sixty years ago, but they had to fight a prejudice against innovation which then existed in England; besides, none of the earlier steam fire engines were available on account of the time required for getting up steam. The difficulty was overcome when A. B. Latta, of Cincinnati, introduced tubular boilers. Since then the steam fire engine has been the only method of throwing water on fires in large cities.

The fire department of London is called the Metropolitan Fire brigade, and exists by virtue of a parliamentary act. The chief is an autocrat during a fire; he may pull down houses, shut the water off the mains of any district, and, if necessary, would doubtless not hesitate to blow up one-quarter of the city if he could find dynamite enough. In London everything has grown out of some exigency. The fire department

A TUBE FIRE ESCAPE.

there is no exception to the general

CAPT. SHAW, LONDON.

now have a very perfect system. The department in Boston, in checking the career of the late great fire there, showed fine generalship on the part of its chief and great efficiency on the part of the men.

A great feature nowadays in fire fighting is the telegraph system. To know of a fire the instant it occurs, and to get to it with apparatus for its extinguishment without delay, are of the utmost importance, especially in windy and dry weather. The large cities now all have a fire department telegraph, with numerous signal stations. The horses are so placed that they can be harnessed in the quickest possible time, and learn, when they hear the gong which is struck by electricity, that they are going to race to a fire, and are eager to be off.

The appurtenances for use at fires have been increasing in ingenuity till there are now water towers, telescope ladders, life saving hooks with cross pieces for climbing and tools for extinguishing in profusion. But of late years a new problem has been staring the firemen in the face: that is, the height of the town buildings such as are being put up in New York, Chicago and other large cities. No fire apparatus has yet been devised for reaching these buildings from the outside. They are usually considered fire proof, but many of them are not, and there is enough combustible material in any of them to cause no inconsiderable fire, especially when they are exposed to one beside and beneath. This, taken in connection with general conflagrations, such as have swept Portland, Boston and Chicago, becomes an important subject for speculation. Already in Chicago there is a district composed almost exclusively of these tower buildings. They are exposed to the west by other bricks, and then a forest of frames. Let a great fire occur among them. How can the firemen work at so great an elevation? And what is true of Chicago will become so of all other large American cities.

CHIEF SHAY, NEW YORK

Considered the Fitness of Things.

"How could you tell the medium cheated you?"

"Because the spirit spoke in English. He should have used a dead language—he's been dead ten years."—Boston Bohemian.

—The Montreal Clothing House, Napanee sell the best and cheapest clothing. Their $4.00 men's suits sell at all other houses at $6.00.

—A choice lot of jewelry embracing all of the novelties in rings, bracelets, broches, &c., just to hand at F. W. Smith & Bro. These goods are just the thing for Christmas presents.

BANISHING A BRAGANZA.

BRAZIL SHIPS DOM PEDRO AND DECLARES HERSELF A REPUBLIC.

Remarkable Epochs and Changes of Fortune—Doubtful Future of the Republic. Strange Melange of Races—Large Forest Tracts of Brazil.

The American continent does not now hold a monarchy of any sort, "from the Aurora Borealis of the north to the frozen serpent of the south," as Burke said. Canada is a nominal vice royalty, it is true, but practically as much a republic as any country on the continent. Brazil but a few days ago finished the job; the emperor and family have gone to Portugal and a republic is proclaimed—and without the sacrifice of a life.

Eighty-two years ago the royal family of Portugal fled before Bonaparte to the then Portuguese province of Brazil, and soon raised it to an independent empire; now the imperial family of Brazil return to their royal Portuguese cousins. It is a romance in history. Dom Pedro has a private fortune of over $3,000,000, and is promised a pension of $450,000 a year from the Brazilian republic; so he will not be a burden to his relatives. It would indeed be a calamity if he had to "live on his wife's folks," for they were revolutionized out of business many years ago. The father of the empress, whom Dom Pedro married in 1843, was then Francis I, king of the two Sicilies; but the general overturning which made the united kingdom of Italy threw all the Bourbon rulers of that time out of employment.

DOM PEDRO II.

Dom Pedro himself has a score of well-to-do relatives, though the revolutions of this century are rapidly reducing them to the ranks. When Bonaparte invaded Spain and Portugal, John VI, the reigning Braganza of the latter, fled to Brazil; but the revolutionary movement soon infected all Spanish America, and one by one the provinces from Mexico southward were torn from their allegiance. Yielding to the inevitable, King John avoided a war by proclaiming a constitution, Feb. 26, 1821. He then returned to Portugal, leaving his son, Prince Pedro, as regent. But the Brazilians wanted complete separation, and Oct. 12, 1822, the empire was proclaimed. Dec. 1 Dom Pedro was crowned emperor. He married the Archduchess Leopoldina of Austria, and their son, the present Dom Pedro, was born Dec. 2, 1825.

The next year King John of Portugal died, and the Brazilian ruler was called on to choose between the two countries. He resigned the crown of Portugal to his infant daughter, Dona Maria da Gloria, of sex and intensity (according to the structure of Spanish and Portuguese) for each, so as to greatly increase the number.

It is roughly estimated that 80 per cent of the total population is of freedmen—emancipated by slow processes for many years or by the sweeping act of sudden manumission last year. And there is reason for suspecting that this rapid emancipation without promise of indemnity to the owners was the cause of Dom Pedro's overthrow, and that this new republic is really a reactionary affair—a view greatly strengthened by the fact that of the 2,500,000 or more adult males in the country not more than 200,000 have so far enjoyed the right of suffrage. Color is no bar, but there are many other limitations. And, finally, 84 per cent. of the adults are illiterate! To sum it all up, this new born republic has perhaps 12,000,000 people, of whom but a third are white, nearly half colored, one-tenth or so degraded heathen, and five-sixths unable to read. Americans would not, in the present state of their own politics, consider that very promising material for a republic.

The trade of Brazil is really quite important for so limited a population, and this is the point of most enduring interest to Americans. For many years Brazil's exports have averaged $150,000,000, occasionally running much higher, and her imports $125,000,000 or more. Like most new and poor countries, with lavish abundance of raw materials, her exports are apparently much greater than her imports. To the United States Brazil sends annually about $34,000,000 worth of coffee, $12,000,000 of rubber, $6,500,000 of sugar and $1,500,000 of skins, other products being in many minor classes. Her imports from the United States are relatively quite small. Her trade with Great Britain may be said to nearly balance—about $30,000,000 exports to $33,000,000 imports from England yearly.

If one might venture a prophecy as to the future of Brazil, it would naturally be something like this: The present republic will run a little more recklessly than the empire did, but still with some degree of conservatism as long as the power is kept in the hands of the educated few. In no long time, however, by concession or by revolution, the power will pass to the many, and then will come the "bloody sweat" through which all these prematurely born republics have to pass before their people learn self government. And, finally, there is good reason to expect that the whites will retreat to the limited area most favorable to them, and in time the negroes, strengthened by black immigration from other nations, will fill the central region and rule the country.

Why He Was Late.

Merchant—You couldn't get here any earlier, eh? Breakfast at stake, I suppose.

Clerk—No, sir; it was the steak at breakfast.—Time.

Tom Fullback (of Yalevard)—By George! Here's a man in Dakota who, when captured by a posse the other day, broke away from them and killed six

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present Dom Pedro, was born Dec. 2, 1825.

The next year King John of Portugal died, and the Brazilian ruler was called on to choose between the two countries. He resigned the crown of Portugal to his infant daughter, Dona Maria da Gloria, but only five years later he had to give up the rule of Brazil also, as the people demanded a still more liberal government. He abdicated in favor of his son, Dom Pedro, but the country was governed by a regency till the latter reached the age of 16, when, in 1841, he was formally crowned, to serve as emperor forty-eight years. He has had, on the whole, a successful reign. His daughter Isabella, crown princess, born in 1846, was married in 1864 to the Count D'Eu, or Prince Louis of Orleans, oldest son of the Duke of Nemours, and therefore in the line of Orleanist succession to the French throne—if that amounts to anything nowadays. Dom Pedro also has three sons. His second daughter, Leopoldina, married Prince August of Saxe-Coburg, and left four sons.

The future of the republic of Brazil is somewhat cloudy. Its area is a little larger than that of the United States, exclusive of Alaska, and next to Russia the largest continuous tract under one government, covering at least 3,200,000 square miles—from 5 degrees north to 33 south of the equator. An enumeration of its products and resources is simply bewildering. It has, for one item, a million square miles of virgin tropical forest, in one small section of which Agassiz found 117 species of valuable woods and such a vicious variety of snakes and insects that their "botanical names" alone would fill this column. Yet in all the republic there are certainly not more than 12,000,000 people (some put it as low as 8,000,000), and only one-third of them are of the Aryan (or Caucasian) race. There were originally about 100 tribes of Indians, of which at least a dozen remain.

One is surprised to learn, after all the discussion about slavery and emancipation, that there is no complete census of the colored people; but the latest attainable puts the full blacks at "about 2,000,000" and the "metis" at 3,801,787. There were at the same time (1872) 3,787,289 whites and "about 390,000" Indians. It is, therefore, important to discover what a "meti" is. As the name indicates, he is a "mixed." The largest class of the "mixed" is thought to be the "mamelucos" or "mestizos"—those combining Aryan and Indian blood. Next are the mulattoes of all shades, and lastly the "cafuzos" or Indian-negro mixtures. It is evident, however, that there must be many who unite the blood of all three races, and in fact the language has names for sixteen different grades and race mixtures, and qualifying inflections

EMPRESS OF BRAZIL.

Merchant—You couldn't get here any earlier, eh? Breakfast at stake, I suppose.

Clerk—No, sir; it was the steak at breakfast.—Time.

Tom Fullback (of Yalevard)—By George! Here's a man in Dakota who, when captured by a posse the other day, broke away from them and killed six, besides breaking six arms, three legs, and punching out six eyes among the lot!

Jack Rushlyne—Great Scott! You don't mean it! Can't we ring him in as a special law student? We're rather weak on the 'varsity rush line, you know.—New York Sun.

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Christmas Gift!

A STUDY IN BLACK AND WHITE.

The Art of Prolonging Life.

Somewhat different advice must be given with regard to bodily exercises in their reference to longevity. Exercise is essential to the preservation of health; inactivity is a potent cause of wasting and degeneration. The vigor and equality of the circulation, the functions of the skin and the aeration of the blood are all promoted by muscular activity, which thus keeps up a proper balance and relation between the important organs of the body. In youth the vigor of the system is often so great that if one organ be sluggish another part will make amends for the deficiency by acting vicariously, and without any consequent damage to itself. In old age the tasks can not be thus shifted from one organ to another; the work allotted to each sufficiently taxes its strength, and vicarious action can not be performed without mischief.

Hence the importance of maintaining, as far as possible, the equable action of all the bodily organs, so that the share of the vital processes assigned to each shall be properly accomplished. For this reason exercise is an important part of the conduct of life in old age; but discretion is absolutely necessary. An old man should discover by experience how much exercise he can take without exhausting his powers, and should be careful never to exceed the limit. Old persons are apt to forget that their staying powers are much less than they once were, and that, while a walk of two or three miles may prove easy and pleasurable, the addition of a return journey of similar length will seriously overtax the strength.—Dr. Robson Roose in Popular Science Monthly.

Rear Admiral Walker.

From the mizzen royal truck of the cruiser Chicago, the flagship of the war vessels recently started to visit foreign lands, floats a blue flag with two white stars. It is to indicate that an admiral of the blue, John G. Walker, is in command of the fleet.

Admiral Walker, during the civil war served on the Mississippi river at Vicksburg, and commanded the gunboat De Kalb at Arkansas Post as lieutenant commander in the United States navy. There is a considerable rise from the position of head of a Mis-

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REAR ADMIRAL WALKER

commanded the gunboat De Kalb at Arkansas Post as lieutenant commander in the United States navy. There is a considerable rise from the position of head of a Mississippi river gunboat to admiral of a fleet of five such vessels as the Chicago, the Atlanta, the Yorktown, the Boston and the Dolphin. No United States naval officer has ever made a cruise with any such fleet.

After the civil war Admiral Farragut went abroad in the old Franklin, a wooden ship of an antique pattern. He was received everywhere with marked honor, which was rather for the man than his ship. Admiral Walker goes in charge of a fleet of modern ironclads which are supposed to compare favorably with the best in the world.

The squadron will sail from Boston on or before Dec. 1 to Lisbon, probably stopping at Madeira where they will be joined by the old wooden ship Enterprise. From Lisbon they will go to the Mediterranean, and while on the cruise will touch at many prominent European ports. The object of the cruise is to show the world what Uncle Sam has been doing lately in the way of war ship building.

A Novel Dress Suit.

At a recent convention of merchant tailors Mr. Henry Turner, president of the Tailors' National exchange, appeared in a new and original dress suit, which he offered for the consideration of his brother tailors, with a view of making it the fashion. If he should succeed in this, it will be the last great triumph of that democratic movement which was inaugurated in America with the Declaration of Independence. No potentate or prince could survive this blow to royal prerogative as a setter of fashions.

NEW DRESS SUIT.

This is what Mr. Turner proposed:

The coat is of dark material, with a light shawl collar, silk faced, with no lapel seams, and with the skirt and fore part cut together, being only partly separated by the waist seam. The skirts are boldly rounded over the hips, and the fore part and sleeves ornamented with elaborate embroidery.

The vest is of white figured silk, closing with four buttons, having a moderately curved crease and plain rolling collar.

The trousers are of lavender shade, and contrast "very effectively with both the coat and vest."

Told Not to Make Himself Sick.

Aunt (to Freddy, who is visiting her)—Freddy, will you have some more cake?

Freddy—Course I will, auntie; I don't feel a bit sick yet.—Texas Siftings.

A MINER'S CHRISTMAS.

HOW THE YULE TIDE IS CELEBRATED UP IN THE ROCKIES.

"Stag" Dances—In the Lonely Cabins Where Two "Pards" Are Shut in for Months by the Snow—Flowers from Loving Letters—"Home, Sweet Home."

Imagine a point in midair about two miles above New York city, and you have the elevation at which over 1,000 miners in Colorado spend the holiday season. They are shut in by snow and ice, and for months to come they will know as little about what is going on in the busy world as though they were sailors on some vessel frozen up for the winter amid the icebergs of the Arctic regions. Early in the fall, before the snow flies, they are housed in on some of the lofty peaks of the Rocky mountains, and not until May or June will they again mingle with their fellow men.

It is often the case that some one of the boys is a good fiddler, and Christmas night he will rosin the bow, tune up the old fiddle, and with alternate "pards" for girls the boys will dance and make merry.

But there are those who are not as fortunate as the miners who are shut up in the big mine for the winter. There are the lonely cabins, far up on the mountain side, many miles distant from human habitation. Here three or four men are snowbound together for the winter. Often there are just two "pards," and "pard" in the mining camps means almost the same as "comrade" does in the army. Their Christmas meal is a frugal one, and with eager longings their hearts will reach out from that deep gorge or lofty peak to eastern homes, and wonder what the loved ones there are doing. It is at these holiday times that the prospector and wanderer longs for the old associations of home and the dear faces he has not seen for years. For months they have undergone many hardships and privations, been through hairbreadth escapes and thrilling adventures, and yet in the Christmas time all the tenderness and love that comes with thoughts of home is in their hearts. In the mining camps of the Rocky mountains I have heard little groups sing "Home Sweet Home" on Christmas eve. How each felt it! It was not sung so much, as it was the melody each felt in heart as he thought of home. It was sung in that dreamy kind of way, showing that the thoughts of all were far away, and each one was thinking as well as singing, and that if a tear did steal down some grim visaged face, there was nothing unmanly in it, was there?

I was writing about the lonely cabin. The scene there is not always one of merry making at Christmas. Of those two who dwell there alone, far away from all contact with the world—gold hunter ascetics—one may be sick. If you could force your way through that wilderness of snow, lift the latch gently, for it is never bolted, you will find one nursing and keeping faithful watch by

The scene there is not always one of merry making at Christmas. Of those two who dwell there alone, far away from all contact with the world—gold hunter ascetics—one may be sick. If you could force your way through that wilderness of snow, lift the latch gently, for it is never bolted, you will find one nursing and keeping faithful watch by his sick "pard." It may be a son watching by the cot of a father. Why is that old man braving all these hardships? Aye, there is the mortgage on the eastern home. If they find the precious vein by spring, next Christmas will find that old home free from debt. Mr. Banker, could you witness such scenes as these, as I have done, you would tell the old man that you would be a little easy about the interest on "that ar mortgige," that has troubled him so long.

One Christmas I spent up on the mountain side with two or three others, and there we had our holiday dinner, and it was a wholesome meal, but wanting in those delicacies that a mother or wife can best prepare. A snow storm was raging along the mountains, but with our cheerful fire and warm cabin, we cared nothing for it.

"If we had some flowers for the wish table," said one of the boys.

We all wished the same.

"Get out your old letters," said one.

We all knew what that meant, for many a flower from the old house finds its way in letters to the boys out west. One found a rosebud, another a violet, another a daisy, and then another rose was found in a mother's letter. Withered and faded were these tokens from the old homes, but never did men value flowers more than we did that withered bouquet.

"Can't some one say grace," said one of the boys.

No one volunteered.

"The closing lines in my mother's letter," said a boyish fellow, "might do."

"Read them," was the response that came from all.

Heads were bowed around that frugal Christmas board, and the young man read:

"God bless you, my son, and God bless us all."

I then looked up and saw tears on the cheeks of weather beaten faces.—Denver Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

An Unnatural Mother.

"I believe I've got the meanest ma in Texas."

"What did she do?"

"Just before Christmas she put me into long trousers. She did that so I would have to wear short stockings that wouldn't cost so much to fill. What do you say to that for meanness? She'd make a nice stepmother, she would."—Exchange.

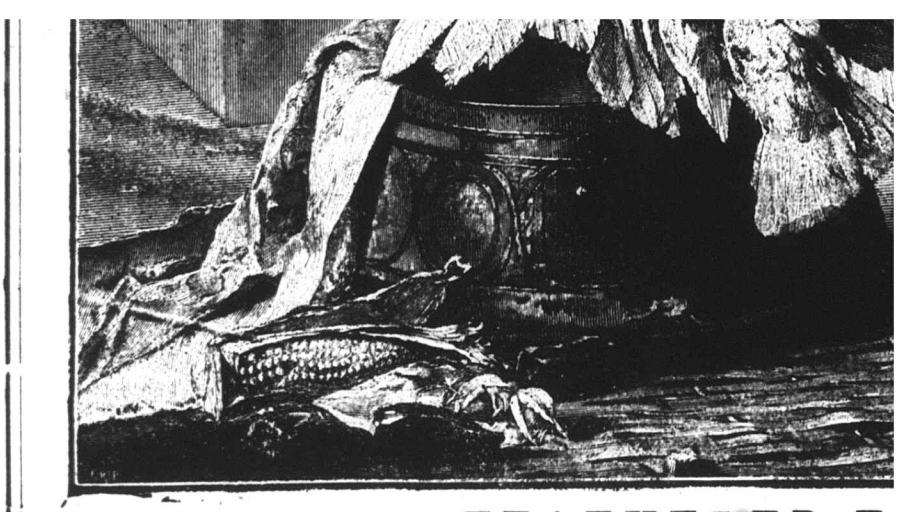
An Excuse for Not Giving a Present.

Clara—Mother, Charles was very rude last night.

Mother—Well, don't you know what it means?

"No, I don't."

"He is trying to pick a quarrel with you so he can get out of giving you any Christmas present. I know these men."



FEATHERED F

AFTER THE RAIN.

The sunset on the water's breast
  Is casting down its mellowed light;
The clouds are floating into rest,
    Before the night.

Now that the storm has passed away,
  A parable of nature lies
On path and field, for those who say
    That they are wise.

Beside the placid mere I stand,
  And watch the rainbow's wondrous stain;
A fragrance from the moistened land
    Gives thanks for rain.

A twitter from unnumbered birds
  That haunt the tangled flowery ways—
What is it but the simple words
    Of love and praise?

We thank our father for the light
  In which his tenderness appears,
For sunny joys—forgetting quite
    To thank for tears;

Forgetting that his testament
  Is written on the rainy skies—
That blessed comforters are sent
    For tearful eyes;

Forgetting he that goes in tears
  To sow upon a field of pain,
Shall come when harvest season nears
    To gather grain.

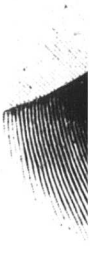
—Arthur L. Salmon in Good Words.

They Didn't Want to Appear in Print.

At a dinner not long ago Wilkie Collins related instances proving how impossible it was to introduce into a novel descriptions of places and things wholly imaginary. In one of his works he described a house which he had never seen, and which was entirely the offspring of his imagination. A few days after the publication a man called upon him to protest against the introduction of his house into his novel. Strange to say, the pages of the novel contained a perfect description of the man's property. At another time he used as one of his characters a man who was so exact about his eating that he weighed every morsel which entered his stomach. Mr. Collins had in reality never heard of such a man. He was greatly surprised, one week after the appearance of his book, by the visit of an utter stranger, who wished to know by what right Mr. Collins made him ridiculous in print by mentioning one of his peculiarities.—New York Star.

A New York judge sentenced a highwayman to an imprisonment of sixteen years for stealing thirteen cents. The sentence probably convinced the thief that thirteen is an unlucky number.

Life & Accider



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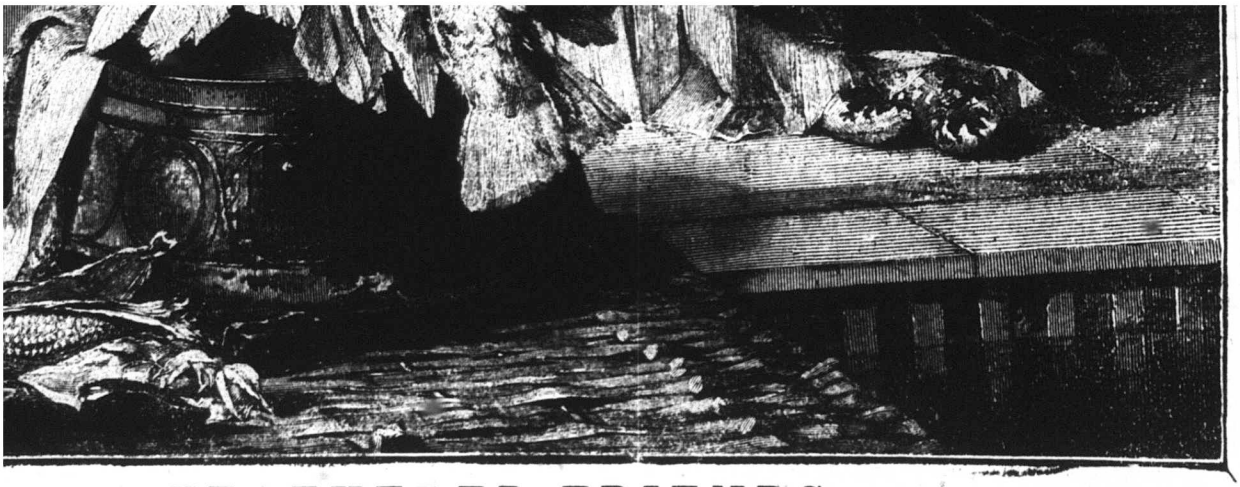

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FOUND AT FIVE POINTS.

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GEORGE JUMPED FROM HIS SEAT.

mother or father was, whether they were alive, or whether, indeed, he had ever had a mother or a father, were

Mrs. Harrison's father was a wealthy manufacturer, whose two daughters were the children of different mothers, and developed as they grew to womanhood strikingly different characteristics. The elder one, Sarah, was the daughter of his first wife, who had deserted him and her infant child to run away with one of his clerks. He knew little of her story after her flight, but in the course of a year and a half he learned that she had been forsaken by her lover and had plunged into such a terrible course of dissipation that death had been mercifully speedy in overtaking her. A year later he married the second time.

SUCH A CHRISTMAS.

Again a daughter was born to him, and as the two children grew up they were treated, as nearly as possible, exactly alike. Everything that money could buy, or affection dictate, was at their command, and every influence of refinement and education was exerted to fit them for a high place in society, but whether it was some taint in the blood, or a morbid brooding over a mother's sin and shame, something led the elder daughter to turn away from good and seek evil from her early youth. The father sought in every way possible to avert the misery which he foresaw for himself and for her, but it was of no avail. A wayward youth was followed by utter recklessness as the unhappy girl became a woman. She still made her father's house her home, and would spend a large portion of her time there; but there were prolonged absences which the family strove in every way to conceal, and into which they dared not inquire closely for fear of shameful disclosures. The climax came in a peculiarly painful way. Among the gentlemen who visited at the house was Mr. Harrison, and it happened that, while the younger daughter was the one he sought in marriage, both the girls fell in love with him. Sarah's passion was none the less violent because of its lawless character and its utter hopelessness, and when she learned that her sister was to marry the man she herself loved, she left home finally, after a terrible scene in

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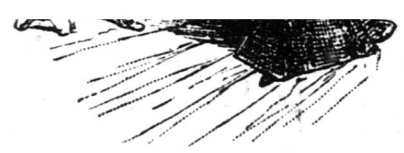

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mother or father was, whether they were alive, or whether, indeed, he had ever had a mother or a father, were matters concerning which he absolutely knew nothing, even by hearsay. Aunt Sally was negatively good to him, it appeared. She did not beat him, excepting when she was drunk, which was, however, much of the time. She let him sleep in her room, and when she had food she gave him some. When she was drinking heavily she did not bother about eating, and George had learned, as young as he was, to keep away from her, and get his food for himself. How or when he got it, only God's ravens could have told. Such cases are not as common in New York as they were twenty-five or thirty years ago, but they are found now and again, even in these days. Who Aunt Sally was, or why she took any interest whatever in him, he knew nothing about. She was a fact, and her interest, faint though it was, was a fact, and he had not come to the age of reasoning about facts. He only recognized them.

One day—and it chanced to be Christmas eve—a lady and gentleman appeared in the little room as visitors. They had read of the mission work, the gentleman explained, and had come from their home in a nearby city to see it and to give what little help was in their power. There was a story back of it, but this story was not told till afterward. Their name was not Harrison, so I may call them that.

GEORGE LIVED WITH AUNT SALLY.

"My wife," said Mr. Harrison, "is painfully, almost morbidly, anxious to do everything she can for poor children, especially for orphans. And about Christmas time she seems especially nervous about it. There is a story about it, of course, but it is too long and too painful to tell now." This to Mr. Van Meter, whose earnestness in his chosen work made him rejoice in every new found friend, and whose enthusiasm was contagious.

Before long the story was known.

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For three years nothing was heard of her. Her father, old before his time with sorrow, mourned for her truly, and would at any time have received her back with open arms, but no word came, and he knew too well the futility of trying to track her or to lure her home again. At last one evening she presented herself and demanded an interview, which was readily granted.

It was behind closed doors, and no one but the father ever knew just what passed between them. He told his wife and daughter, however, the substance of it. Sarah had demanded a portion of his fortune, and had offered for it to hide herself from him forever, to take another name and lead her own life in her own way.

"I told her," said the sorrowing man, "that she should always have a home with me, no matter when she came to claim it, and that I would never see her want for anything if she would come back to me, but that, if she persisted in the life she plainly said she proposed to live, I would do nothing for her before or after my death. And then she left me, saying it was forever, and cursing me—cursing me, her father, who even now would die for her if need be."

For a time after this nothing was heard of the prodigal. Then one Christmas eve she wreaked her hate, or vengeance, as she chose to call it, in an awful crime. Mrs. Harrison's only child, a boy not quite three years old, was in one of the public parks of the city, in charge of a nurse, when Sarah approached, and, by pretending a violent fancy for the child, threw the careless servant off her guard. Whether she bribed the girl, or really succeeded in tricking her, was never known, but it was two hours later when that frightened individual reported to Mrs. Harrison that her boy had been stolen.

It would be impossible to describe the agony of the parents, and useless to detail all the circumstances of the search that was made. The servant gave a sufficiently accurate description of the strange woman, whom she had never seen before, for the family to know who the kidnapper was, but Sarah had had a sufficient start to get on a train for New York, and all efforts to trace her were ineffectual. Had the newspapers even at that time learned the particulars of the story it would have become as famous as the Charlie Ross case, but the family shrank from the exposure that would have been inevitable, and though all the detective skill that could be procured was employed, no publication was made in the press.

Six years had passed from the day the boy was stolen when Mr. and Mrs. Harrison entered the little mission school in

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Mrs. Harrison's father was a wealthy manufacturer, whose two daughters were the children of different mothers, and developed as they grew to womanhood strikingly different characteristics. The elder one, Sarah, was the daughter of his first wife, who had deserted him and her infant child to run away with one of his clerks. He knew little of her story after her flight, but in the course of a year and a half he learned that she had been forsaken by her lover and had plunged into such a terrible course of dissipation that death had been mercifully speedy in overtaking her. A year later he married the second time.

SUCH A CHRISTMAS.

Again a daughter was born to him, and as the two children grew up they were treated, as nearly as possible, exactly alike. Everything that money could buy, or affection dictate, was at their command, and every influence of refinement and education was exerted to fit them for a high place in society, but whether it was some taint in the blood, or a morbid brooding over a mother's sin and shame, something led the elder daughter to turn away from good and seek evil from her early youth. The father sought in every way possible to avert the misery which he foresaw for himself and for her, but it was of no avail. A wayward youth was followed by utter recklessness as the unhappy girl became a woman. She still made her father's house her home, and would spend a large portion of her time there; but there were prolonged absences which the family strove in every way to conceal, and into which they dared not inquire closely for fear of shameful disclosures. The climax came in a peculiarly painful way. Among the gentlemen who visited at the house was Mr. Harrison, and it happened that, while the younger daughter was the one he sought in marriage, both the girls fell in love with him. Sarah's passion was none the less violent because of its lawless character and its utter hopelessness, and when she learned that her sister was to marry the man she herself loved, she left home finally, after a terrible scene in which she swore vengeance, defied all authority, and spurned the love of her

square, for the distance of a couple of blocks in every direction, was honeycombed with blind alleys and secret passages, some of them running underground from one block to another. It was a city of refuge for criminals, and, though they warred and preyed upon one another with entire lawlessness, they combined as a unit to protect any one among them from the processes of the law. Aside from the criminals the population consisted almost entirely, if not quite so, of the poverty stricken, for dire poverty and desperate crime then, as very often in history, went hand in hand.

The children, who were coaxed one by one into the mission schoolroom, were a crowd of little savages. Their ignorance was something amazing. It was not very uncommon to find among them boys and girls of 6 or 7 years old who did not know their full names, but who stoutly declared that "Sally" or "Bill" was the only name they had, and once or twice children were found who actually did not know whether they had ever had fathers and mothers. Some had no homes. God only knows how they kept alive, for they slept in holes and corners, and fed like vagrant cats and dogs on whatever they could beg, find or steal. Impossible? Certainly it is, but it is true, nevertheless.

Among the wildest and shyest of all who came in was a boy who was the originator of at least one famous joke, though without intention. The teacher asked him his name and he said it was George. Being asked what his last name was he said that was his last name.

"But you must have another name," urged the teacher. "Is it George Smith, or George Johnson, or George What?"

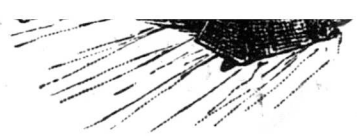
"Nope," he said, shortly. "'Taint George What, nor George Nothin', it's George. I hain't got no oder name."

But the joke came when the teacher, wishing to know whether he had learned anything at all, asked him, "Do you know who made you?"

At the same instant a boy behind him stuck a pin into George. Such tricks were very common among the little savages, but it did not hurt any the less because it was not unusual. George jumped from his seat and shouted at the top of his voice "Goddemitey."

"Well, that's right," said the teacher, who had not noticed the trick. "But don't shout so." The story was told afterwards, with enlargements, until it became a "chestnut" many years ago.

It was a long time—some months—before the teachers could learn much about the boy, for he was distrustful to the last degree. He kicked the Rev. Mr. Van Meter on the shins very violently, and twisted himself away like an eel when that gentleman, according to his habit, laid his hand affectionately on the boy's shoulder. George thought he was going to be beaten, and took his usual precaution of eluding the preliminary hold. He had, it seemed, never known what it was to have anybody take hold of him in kindness, and was no more to be handled than a young bird or a squirrel. There was hardly anything, in fact, that he did know, as the good mission people reckoned knowledge. He knew



GEORGE JUMPED FROM HIS SEAT.

mother or father was, whether they were alive, or whether, indeed, he had ever had a mother or a father, were matters concerning which he absolutely knew nothing, even by hearsay. Aunt Sally was negatively good to him, it appeared. She did not beat him, excepting when she was drunk, which was, however, much of the time. She let him sleep in her room, and when she had food she gave him some. When she was drinking heavily she did not bother about eating, and George had learned, as young as he was, to keep away from her, and get his food for himself. How or when he got it, only God's ravens could have told. Such cases are not as common in New York as they were twenty-five or thirty years ago, but they are found now and again, even in these days. Who Aunt Sally was, or why she took any interest whatever in him, he knew nothing about. She was a fact, and her interest, faint though it was, was a fact, and he had not come to the age of reasoning about facts. He only recognized them.

One day—and it chanced to be Christmas eve—a lady and gentleman appeared in the little room as visitors. They had read of the mission work, the gentleman explained, and had come from their home in a nearby city to see it and to give what little help was in their power. There was a story back of it, but this story was not told till afterward. Their name was not Harrison, so I may call them that.

GEORGE LIVED WITH AUNT SALLY.

"My wife," said Mr. Harrison, "is painfully, almost morbidly, anxious to do everything she can for poor children, especially for orphans. And about Christmas time she seems especially nervous about it. There is a story about it, of course, but it is too long and too painful to tell now." This to Mr. Van Meter, whose earnestness in his chosen work made him rejoice in every new found friend, and whose enthusiasm was contagious.

Before long the story was known. Harrison, and it happened that, while the younger daughter was the one he sought in marriage, both the girls fell in love with him. Sarah's passion was none the less violent because of its lawless character and its utter hopelessness, and when she learned that her sister was to marry the man she herself loved, she left home finally, after a terrible scene in which she swore vengeance, defied all authority, and spurned the love of her father, mother and sister.

For three years nothing was heard of her. Her father, old before his time with sorrow, mourned for her truly, and would at any time have received her back with open arms, but no word came, and he knew too well the futility of trying to track her or to lure her home again. At last one evening she presented herself and demanded an interview, which was readily granted.

It was behind closed doors, and no one but the father ever knew just what passed between them. He told his wife and daughter, however, the substance of it. Sarah had demanded a portion of his fortune, and had offered for it to hide herself from him forever, to take another name and lead her own life in her own way.

"I told her," said the sorrowing man, "that she should always have a home with me, no matter when she came to claim it, and that I would never see her want for anything if she would come back to me, but that, if she persisted in the life she plainly said she proposed to live, I would do nothing for her before or after my death. And then she left me, saying it was forever, and cursing me—cursing me, her father, who even now would die for her if need be."

For a time after this nothing was heard of the prodigal. Then one Christmas eve she wreaked her hate, or vengeance, as she chose to call it, in an awful crime. Mrs. Harrison's only child, a boy not quite three years old, was in one of the public parks of the city, in charge of a nurse, when Sarah approached, and, by pretending a violent fancy for the child, threw the careless servant off her guard. Whether she bribed the girl, or really succeeded in tricking her, was never known, but it was two hours later when that frightened individual reported to Mrs. Harrison that her boy had been stolen.

It would be impossible to describe the agony of the parents, and useless to detail all the circumstances of the search that was made. The servant gave a sufficiently accurate description of the strange woman, whom she had never seen before, for the family to know who the kidnapper was, but Sarah had had a sufficient start to get on a train for New York, and all efforts to trace her were ineffectual. Had the newspapers even at that time learned the particulars of the story it would have become as famous as the Charlie Ross case, but the family shrank from the exposure that would have been inevitable, and though all the detective skill that could be procured was employed, no publication was made in the press.

Six years had passed from the day the boy was stolen when Mr. and Mrs. Harrison entered the little mission school in

the Five Points. It was her own loss that had made her so peculiar anxious to benefit poor children; but though she was forever searching for her own little one, both she and her husband had almost given up the hope of ever finding him. While Mr. Harrison was talking with Mr. Van Meter, however, her eager eyes were scanning the faces of all the boys in the room.

Suddenly she turned pale. "Oh, George!" she said, or gasped, rather, and without another word she flew rather than ran to the other end of the room. Dropping on her knees in front of the poor little waif who had drifted in so strangely, she seized him with both hands and looked eagerly, almost wildly, into his eyes.

"What is your name?" she said to the startled child.

"George," he said.

"George what?"

"I dunno," he answered, beginning to cry, for he had developed a sensitiveness about his lack of a proper compliment of names, and, moreover, he was half frightened by the now frantic woman's strange behavior.

Suddenly she tore open his jacket and the poor, ragged shirt he had on, and looking on his breast found the birthmark she sought. Then, quick as a flash—the whole thing happened so quickly that it was over before her husband reached her side—she gathered him into her arms, dirt, rags and all, and kissed him until it seemed as if she were trying to devour him. Then, of course, she fainted.

It did not take long, though, for the other ladies in the room to bring her back to consciousness, and then such a scene as is rarely witnessed in this world put an end to anything like the usual order of exercises. Mr. Harrison was naturally a little slower than his wife to recognize the child, but only a little, and the bewildered boy was shortly embraced and kissed as few children in this world ever have been.

Such a prayer as Mr. Van Meter uttered, while the tears streamed down his cheeks and every person in the room dropped on his knees, has seldom been heard even from his eloquent lips, and in a few more minutes Mr. Harrison proposed to leave. It was obvious enough to him that he had to take his child home, but the good missionary was too well acquainted with the neighborhood to let him go unattended.

"You would be mobbed before you had gone a block, if the people saw you carrying away the child," he said, and it was presently arranged that a policeman should be summoned to escort the party up to Broadway, and a carriage should be taken there.

This was done as quickly as possible, for there was real danger of trouble if the news had been spread through the neighborhood before they got away. As it happened, however, all passed off quietly, and little George had seen such a Christmas as he had never dreamed of.

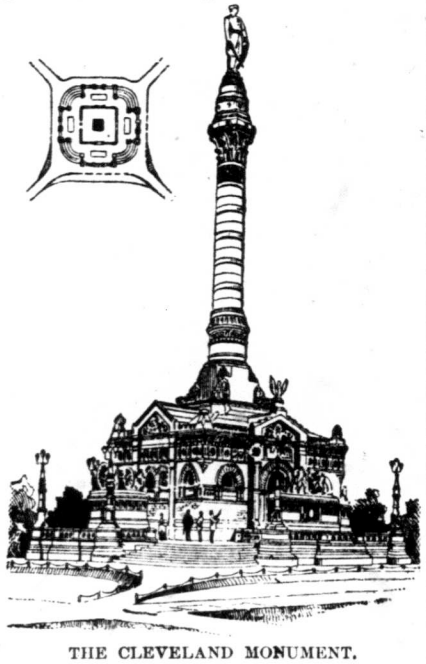
"Aunt Sally" was found, and every effort was made to induce her to reform. She consented to go home, but whether she remained there or not I do not know.

CLEVELAND SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

A Rare and Beautiful Structure to be Completed in 1891.

The soldier and sailors' monument soon to be erected in Cleveland, O., will be one of the most imposing memorial structures in the country.

The monument will be erected in the public square, where it can be seen for miles on all approaches. It will be surrounded by a lawn studded with beautiful patterned flower beds, representing the Grand Army and Loyal Legion badges, flanked with the different corps badges of the army. The lower esplanade will have, bordering the terrace, a row of low posts in the form of the muzzle ends of cannon sticking out of the ground, on the top of which will be



THE CLEVELAND MONUMENT.

flaming cannon balls connected by a massive chain. Leading from the lower to the upper esplanade, at the four corners of the monument, will be quarter circle steps, each flight twenty-eight feet wide at the base. Here the monument proper begins.

The shaft will be of black granite, twelve feet square at the base. The column, including the capital, pedestal and surmounting figure of Columbia, will be 125 feet in height. The shaft will be built up of sections or layers five feet deep, with a gradual taper to the top. At every other bedding joint of the courses will be a massive band of cast bronze, on which will be inscribed the most prominent battles of the war. The capital will also be of cast bronze, the four sides of which, below the volutes, will be detailed to represent the four branches of the service. In the lower pedestal or base of the column, where it passes up through the building, will be eight large panels of marble, representing the "Emancipation" and other striking incidents of the war.

Encircling the column will be the relic room, forty feet square and twenty feet high. The doors of the vestibules will be of bronze, with rich panels. The floor will be laid in patterns of colored

A NEW GUN.

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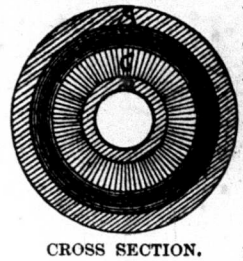
A new gun, called the Brown wire gun, invented by Mr. John Hamilton Brown, is proposed, which will undoubtedly set the experts at loggerheads. The gun consists of an inner tube of longitudinal steel segments, wound about with wire under such a strong pressure that the expansive power of gunpowder will not force them apart. Outside of the wire is a steel jacket, to contain and protect the whole, while within is a steel lining tube. The wire wound about the segments is with a tension capable of resisting a pressure of 125,000 pounds to the square inch. The circumferential strain is all thrown on to the wire, which has an elastic limit of 125,000 and a tensile strength of 267,000 pounds to the square inch.



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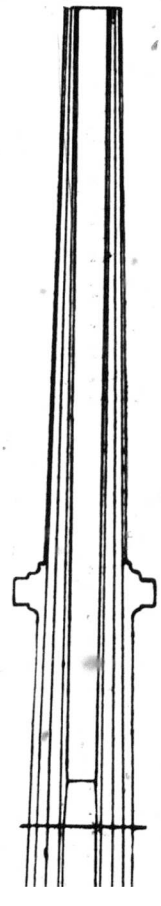
The steel segments are made six inches wide and a quarter of an inch thick at the inner edge, and less than half an inch thick at the outer edge.

The lining tube will be inserted in two pieces, the joint being slightly in advance of where the base of the projectile rests at the moment of greatest pressure.

It will readily appear to any one that, if the gun can be constructed practically, as the plan is conceived theoretically, it ought to be a very tough arm. The rigidity of a gun cast all together renders it liable to a number of defects. But can the gun be practically constructed? The great difficulty seems to be uniformity. Can the wire be wound by means of an electric regulator uniformly? And even if a uniform tension is obtained it is claimed that it will not answer, as in that case the outer layers would have a tendency to loosen the inner layers. It is also asserted that there will be a difficulty in tempering so long a piece of steel as that required for the segments. As to the wire ex-



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Sensational as anything in fiction, is it not? Yet, excepting in some few details, it is a true story.

WASHINGTON'S SENATORS.

They Are Watson C. Squire and John B. Allen.

Of the two men first to represent the new state of Washington in the United States senate New York furnishes one and Indiana the other.

Watson C. Squire was born at Cape St. Vincent, N. Y., in 1838. He was graduated at the Wesleyan university at Middletown, Conn., in 1859. The law then claimed his attention, besides school teaching. But at that time the great struggle between north and south came on, and young Squire enlisted in the Nineteenth New York infantry. He served on the Potomac till the fall of 1861, when he was mustered out and returned to the study of the law.

WATSON C. SQUIRE.

In the fall of 1862 he raised a company, and was afterwards placed in command of the First battalion of Ohio sharpshooters. He served in all the battles of the Army of the Cumberland, and finally was made judge advocate on the staff of Gen. Rousseau and afterwards Gen. George H. Thomas.

After the war Mr. Squire became an employee of the Remington Arms company and went abroad to make contracts. In 1879 he went to Washington territory, and was made governor by President Arthur in 1884. He has done a great deal to make Washington what it is.

John Boord Allen, Senator Squires' colleague, was born at Crawfordsville, Montgomery county, Ind., in 1845. Senator Allen is one of those men who got his education by hard knocks. At 18 years of age he enlisted in the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Indiana infantry and served in the West till he was mustered out in 1865. He then went to live at Rochester, Minn., acting for a time as an agent for a grain firm. But having a predilection for the law he studied first in an office and then at Ann Arbor, Mich., being admitted in 1869. Going to Olympia, W. T., he opened an office and a public reading room, he being custodian of the latter. He speedily thrived at the law and in 1875 was appointed United States attorney for the territory. In 1881 he removed to Walla-Walla. Six years later he was elected a representative in congress, but did not take his seat. The two senators are Republicans.

J. B. ALLEN.

pedestal or base of the column, where it passes up through the building, will be eight large panels of marble, representing the "Emancipation" and other striking incidents of the war.

Encircling the column will be the relic room, forty feet square and twenty feet high. The doors of the vestibules will be of bronze, with rich panels. The floor will be laid in patterns of colored marble with military emblems. The walls are to have a wainscoting of endolithic marble, in which the inscribed names of the dead soldiers of Cuyahoga county, numbering between eight and ten thousand, will be placed. The ceiling will be of light colored marble, with molded ribs and plain panels. The roof is to be of massive slabs of stone, and in the whole structure there will not be one square inch of perishable material. On each side of the monument, or relic building, will be a bold, massive pedestal 7x19 and ten feet high, surmounted by groups of bronze statuary representing the four principal branches of the service.

The infantry will be represented by "The Color Guard" of nine figures, depicting a scene witnessed upon many a battlefield when a regiment has had the bitter experience of unsuccessfully charging an enemy's works "too strong to be carried by direct assault." The artillery will be represented by "The Defense of the Last Gun," a full squad, with officer commanding (six figures) and all engaged in a desperate hand to hand struggle. The cavalry group of six figures will have a color sergeant still astride his fallen horse valiantly defending his flag in a fierce encounter. The navy will have a group of six sailors in the act of loading a mortar. The bronze figures are from 7 feet 6 inches to 8 feet in height.

The architect and sculptor, Mr. Levi T. Scofield, has erected many public buildings and monuments throughout the country. The sculptors assisting him are George T. Brewster, George Wagner and August Godis.

Commissioner of Navigation.

Capt. William W. Bates, of Buffalo, who recently appointed commissioner of was navigation by President Harrison, was born in Calais, Me., in 1827. He learned shipbuilding in the towns of Washington county, Md., and after a season at Detroit, Sandusky and Huron, returned in 1846 to Maine, where he entered into business with his father. In 1849 he built the schooner Challenge, the first clipper on the great lakes, at Mantowoc, Wis. At this time he was an acknowledged authority on marine architecture. From 1854 to 1857, with the late J. W. Griffith, he edited and published The Nautical Magazine and Naval Journal. He took part in the civil war, after which he resumed shipbuilding in Chicago. He built a dry dock at Portland, Ore., in 1881, and in the west and east continued to study problems of shipping economy. For several years he has been the chief inspector and manager of the Inland Lloyds, with headquarters at Buffalo.

WILLIAM W. BATES.

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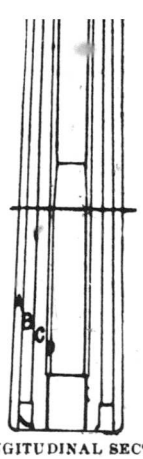

LONGITUDINAL SECTION.

Tello d'Apery's Decoration.

Tello d'Apery is the name of the youngest journalist in New York, and one of the youngest in the world. He is only 12 years of age, and is already editor of a monthly journal for boys and girls. The journal is less than a year old, but has already made its mark, and won numberless compliments for its youthful editor. It has been the aim of the young lad to do good with his little paper. It has not been started with the intention of making money, but rather for aiding poor little children by calling attention to their wants.

Tello has received letters and contributions from some of the most noted people in the world. Among them appear Ferdinand de Lesseps, Gen. Beauregard, Sir Julian Pauncefote, Baron Rothschild, Marshal Lapounjaki, of the Greek army, and many others. He has also received contributions from several royal hands, and the accompanying cut is of a medal sent to him with a letter from the president of Bolivia. It is the "Decoration of Liberator" conferred for good deeds.

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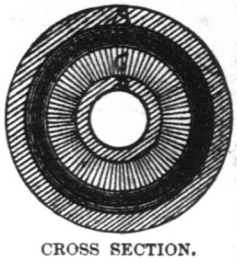

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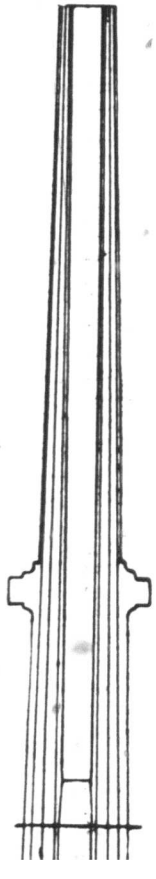

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In our new store we are able to increase our help and get on our work more promptly than we have done before.

Call and examine our stock when wanting anything in our line. We guarantee satisfaction every time.

D. J. HOGAN & SON.

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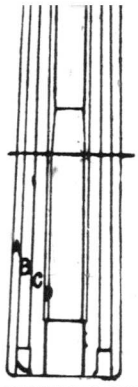

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FRANCES E. WILLARD.

Head of the Largest Organized Body of Women in the World.

The Convention of the National Woman's Christain Temperance Union in New York re-elected Frances E. Willard President of tne organization. She therefore remains at the head of a body comprising about two hundred thousand members, having forty National Departments, and doing great work for temperance. The late John B. Gough, once said, in speaking of the society: "It is doing more for the temperance cause to-day than all the other societies combined." When he said this the W. C. T. U. was not as great an institution as it is now.

Miss Willard, of whom we give a newly made picture, is fifty years of age, more or less. She was born in the East. When she was about three years old her parents removed West, first settling in Oberlin, Ohio. They removed to Janesville, Wisconsin, when she was eight years old, Her education was superintended by her mother who had an excellent governess as her assistant. Its methods were highly practical. To know was made the incentive to do. Hence the home Journal, the home debating circle, and so forth. So grew Frances in body and mind and heart until eighteen. Then she went to Milwaukee, where one term was spent in the college founded by Catherine Beecher. Evanston, Illinois, was her next place of abode, the home selected by her parents as the best for their family, because containing the advantages of the healthiest domestic life with facilities for self-improvement. At Evanston her father died, in 1867. After graduating, Frances taught in Evanston, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and Lima, New York State. From 1868 to 1870, she made a trip to Europe and the East, giving one year of the time to study in the French capital.

Upon her return a wider field of activity awaited her. Her ability to speak in public had been discovered and invitatiions from the Northwest poured in upon her. A year later her admiring townspeople elected her President of the Woman's College, at Evanston, which position she resigned in 1874, when the college became incorporated with the University. She then accepted an invitation to devote her

and as well as by the less ancient lake dwellers of western Switzerland and of Italy, by the people of Hungary in the stone age, and by the Egyptians on the evidence of a brick of pyramid in which a grain was imbedded, and to which the date of 3359 B. C. has been assigned.

The existence of names for wheat in the most ancient languages confirms this evidence of the antiquity of its culture in all the more temperate parts of Europe, Asia and Africa, but it seems improbable that wheat has ever been found growing persistently in a wild state, although the fact has often been asserted by poets, travelers and historians.—Edinburgh Review.

Connubial Bonds in Australia.

An Australian colonist recently caused to be inserted in the newspapers the following brief announcement: "Not having heard of my wife for the past ten years, I intend to marry again—John Leary, postoffice, Geelong." A husband who has waited a whole decade in the hope that his errant spouse may turn up, hardly appears open to the charges of being short tempered; but unless the laws of the colony of Victoria already include a statute of limitations applicable to matters connubial and covering the case of Mr. Leary, it would seem that that gentleman is at length prepared to run the risk of committing bigamy rather than continue any longer in the condition of single blessedness. Probably the above announcement is to be explained by a measure now before the parliament of Victoria, and which will, in all probability, shortly become law. This is the so called divorce law amendment bill, by which in that portion of the British empire the dissolution of the marriage tie is to be greatly facilitated.

By this measure a divorce may be granted on various grounds not hitherto admitted as justifying so extreme a remedy. Desertion or habitual drunkenness, with neglect or cruelty on the part of either husband or wife, will henceforth enable either to obtain a divorce a mensa et thoro. If either commits a violent assault on the other, or is convicted of crime, the injured party may, in either case, demand not a mere judicial separation, but a final and complete dissolution of the marriage. Legislation of this sort is calculated to shock not a few people in this country, but there can be no doubt that the public feeling is overwhelmingly in its favor in Victoria. Indeed, on the passing of the act, a rush of discontented husbands and wives anxious to avail themselves of it is anticipated from the other colonies, and a clause has accordingly been inserted rendering it necessary that married persons must have been domiciled in the country for two years at least before their petitions for divorce can be entertained.—London Standard.

Physicians and Persian Women.

When a Persian lady is ill and requires the attentions of a physician, she must be concealed by a screen, and he makes his inquiries without seeing her. She may be permitted to put out her hand and wrist in order that her pulse may be felt, but only when actually necessary. Among the lower classes in the villages a little more freedom is permitted in consulting a doctor, for they live a more communal life, and the physicians in the rural districts are itinerants, who on arriving at a village open an office under a broad plane tree by the side of a murmuring brook. Of course veiled, the women flock around him, and he prescribes heroic doses, sometimes adding a charm to be worn over the suffering member, consisting of an extract from the koran inside of an amulet. After dosing the village and carefully collecting every fee on the spot, the rustic Æsculapius prudently decamps to the next village. If the patient recovers, praise is given to God

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New Boot and

A few weeks ago we opened
doors west of Lahey & M
prepared for Fall ar

Never Have Better
Have Greate
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WE SOLICIT YOUR PA
you well. Goods shown with p
Warm Felt Boots, and Warm
Call in for Mens', Ladies and
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sincere thanks to the numerous friends a
him with their patronage and support.

G. A. B. avails himself of this opp
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give better bargains than ever before,
stocks of Flour, Feed, Grain, Fish of a
in barrels and Dairy Sack Salt. Hav
cash, I am selling cheaper than any ho
West" Flour gives my trade a wider
market. The great care exercised in se
and the exquisite flavor it imparts to the
wide reputation for the genuine brand, o
Cream of the West Flour for bread and c
Pastry Flour, made and the cheapest Pas
Veil one trial you will use no other Pastry

TEAS—A large stock just comi
reduced to 5 lbs for $1. I am selling 12 lbs fi

SUGARS are away down a
Yellows are low, and 13 lbs. granulated sugar

FRUITS—A full new line an
of Lemon Peel, Orange and Citron Peels, an
for $1; 16 lbs. Currants for $1.

Oat Meal and Corn Meal, Rolled Oats, Ge
Groats, Cracked Corn and Cracked Oats
Herrings and Cod Fish just in. Goods deli
call and get some good bargains.

Telephone connection No. 1.

MISS ALLE

THE LEADING

AND DEALERS IN FANCY

Upon her return a wider field of activity awaited her. Her ability to speak in public had been discovered and invitatiions from the Northwest poured in upon her. A year later her admiring townspeople elected her President of the Woman's College, at Evanston, which position she resigned in 1874, when the college became incorporated with the University. She then accepted an invitation to devote her energies to the cause of the Woman's Temperance Union. Her work was varied in 1876-7 by assistance rendered to Messrs. Moody and Sankey in their meetings at Boston. In 1878 she took charge of the Chicago Post, in the place of her brother just deceased. This proved a failure, and her appointment as President of the Illinois State Woman's Christian Temperance Union succeeded as a grateful change from the editorial supervision of an unsuccessful journal.

Miss Willard has been connected with the W. C. T. U. ten years, and during that time the amount of work which she has accomplished seems almost incredible; she has travelled thousands of miles, making on an average a speech every day, and has visited every town in the United States of ten thousands inhabitants and most of those of five thousand, organizing branches of the W. C. T. U. She is described as having no equal among the members of the W. C. T. U. as an organizer, both planing work and being the life and inspiration of the workers. Her admirers say she has the preception and ready tact and strength to utilize ability of any degree, and knows where to place everyone who is willing to assist the movement with which her name is identified. The degree of strength she possesses in the W. C. T. U. is evidenced in the vote which re-elected her. An informal ballot resulted in 360 votes for her, out of a total of 391. This vote was then made formal, and Miss Willard was declared elected.

The Origin of Wheat.

Wheat, which is now the bread corn of twelve European nations, and is fast supplanting maize in America and several inferior grains in India, was no doubt widely grown in the pre-historic world. The Chinese cultivated it 2700 B. C. as a gift direct from heaven; the Egyptians attributed its origin to Isis and the Greeks to Ceres. A classic account of the distribution of wheat over the primeval world shows that Ceres, having taught her favorite, Triptolemus, agriculture and the art of bread making, gave him her chariot, a celestial vehicle which he used in useful travels for the purpose of distributing corn to all nations.

Ancient monuments show that the cultivation of wheat had been established in Egypt before the invasion of the shepherds, and there is evidence that more productive varieties of wheat have taken the place of one, at least, of the ancient sorts. Innumerable varieties exist of common wheat. Col. Le Couteur, of Jersey, cultivated 150 varieties. Mr. Darwin mentions a French gentleman who had collected 322 varieties, and the great firm of seed merchants, Vilmorin-Andrieux et Cie., cultivate about twice as much in their trial grounds near Paris. In their recent work on "Les Meilleurs Bles" M. Henry L. de Vilmorin has described sixty-eight varieties of best wheat, which he has classed into seven groups, though these groups can hardly be called distinct species, since M. Henry L. de Vilmorin has crossed three of them—Triticum vulgare, Triticum turgidum and Triticum durum—and has found the offspring fertile.

Three small grained varieties of common wheat were cultivated by the first lake dwellers of Switzerland (time of Trojan war)

plane tree by the side of a murmuring brook. Of course veiled, the women flock around him, and he prescribes heroic doses, sometimes adding a charm to be worn over the suffering member, consisting of an extract from the koran inside of an amulet. After dosing the village and carefully collecting every fee on the spot, the rustic Æsculapius prudently decamps to the next village. If the patient recovers, praise is given to God as well as to the doctor; if he or she dies, the result is laid to kismet, or fate, but at the same time it is well that the doctor should not be on hand, for human wrath is liable to overcome faith in the decrees of destiny.—S. G. W. Benjamin in Chautauquan.

call and get some good bargains.

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AND DEALERS IN FANCY GOO

A first-class stock of Fine Wools, Silks, Arasen derwear and Childrens' Clothing made to order. A for Christmas presents now on hand.

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Residence of Charles Stevens, Esq.

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The Celebrated "Pease Furnace."

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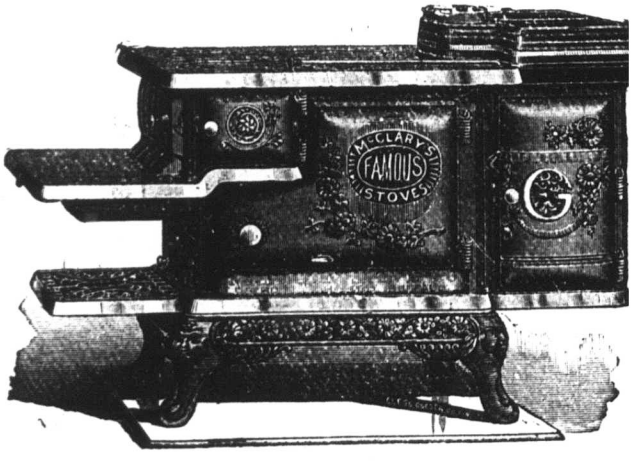

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MILLER BLOCK, DUNDAS-ST., NAPANEE.

JOHN C. HAWLEY'S

New Boot and Shoe Store

A few weeks ago we opened out in the above lines, two doors west of Lahey & McKenty's, and are fully prepared for Fall and Winter trade.

Never Have Better Goods been Shown!
Have Greater Varieties been Offered
Have Prices been so Low!

and never has there been such a large and elegant Boot and Shoe Store in the history of Napanee.

WE SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE, and can please you well. Goods shown with pleasure. Try us for Ladies' Warm Felt Boots, and Warm House Shoes and Slippers. Call in for Mens', Ladies and Childrens' Felt Overshoes and Rubbers. **TERMS CASH.**

GEO. A. BLEWETT

Old Established, Flour, Feed, Grocery and Provision Store, 155 Dundas Street, Napanee.

G. A. B., in accordance with periodical custom, begs leave to return his sincere thanks to the numerous friends and customers who have so far favored him with their patronage and support.

G. A. B. avails himself of this opportunity to invite attention to the low price goods he is offering and wishes it understood that he is in a position to give better bargains than ever before, having on hand one of the largest stocks of Flour, Feed, Grain, Fish of all kinds, Groceries and Provisions, Salt in barrels and Dairy Sack Salt. Having bought in large quantities and for cash, I am selling cheaper than any house in the trade. My "Cream of the West" Flour gives my trade a wider representation than any Flour in the market. The great care exercised in selecting, the perfect mode of handling, and the exquisite flavor it imparts to the bread, have created an almost world wide reputation for the genuine brand, only to be bought from me. Buy only Cream of the West Flour for bread and cake, and Bridal Veil, one of the best Pastry Flour, made and the cheapest Pastry Flour bought. If you give Bridal Veil one trial you will use no other Pastry Flour.

TEAS—A large stock just coming and selling low. My 40 cent tea, price reduced to 5 lbs for $1. I am selling 12 lbs fine tea for $1.

SUGARS are away down and prices are reduced to suit the times. Yellows are low, and 13 lbs. granulated sugar for $1.

FRUITS—A full new line and the cheapest in the town. A large stock of Lemon Peel, Orange and Citron Peels, and a large stock of Raisins, cheap, 20 lbs. for $1; 16 lbs. Currants for $1.

Oat Meal and Corn Meal, Rolled Oats, Germ Wheat, Pearl Barley, Prepared Oat Groats, Cracked Corn and Cracked Oats always on hand; Salt and Fresh Water Herrings and Cod Fish just in. Goods delivered to all parts of the town. Give me a call and get some good bargains.

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MISS ALLEN & CO.,

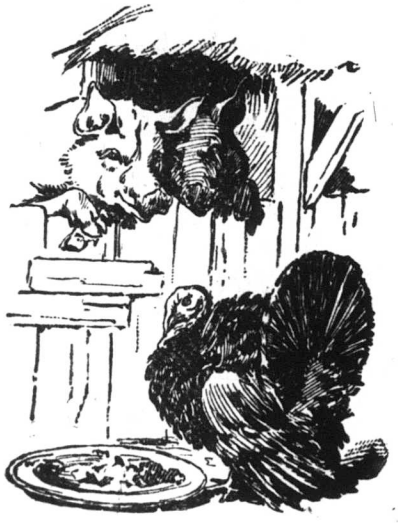
THE LEADING DRESSMAKERS

AND DEALERS IN FANCY GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

FOOD FOR REFLECTION.

Yes, Mister Turkey-cock, I own
You make a gallant show
As in full fig you strut about
Majestically slow.

But would it, in your puffed out state,
Give you too great a shock
To know e'en swine look down on you,
Vain Mister Turkey-cock?



Yet so it is; for by their eyes,
And guttural parts of speech,
I know they scold you for your pride,
And humbler thoughts would teach.

"You silly bird (they seem to say),
Pray don't make such a clatter,
You're kept so well that you may look
Well on a Christmas platter."

—London Graphic.

Romance and Facts.

Swipesy—What did Santer Claus bring yer, Misery?

Misery—Oh, I got a brand new warm overcoat, and a pair o' dandy pants, and a lot o' candy and s'm'other little things I can't jest remember. Whaju git?

Swipesy—Oh, I got a sealskin cap, an' some warm cloze as goes on under these, an' fourteen dinner tickets, and lots o' candy an' things. Now, Misery, straight—wha'd' yer git?

Misery (voice just a little shaky)—Say, Swipesy, I hunged up my stockin' all right, and, do yer know, I never got a bloomin thing!

Swipesy (also shaky as to voice)—Nor me, neither.—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Illustrated Monthly.

How He Would Slide.

g brook, around s, some- ver the extract. After ollecting culapius age. If to God dies, the t at the should liable to stiny.—

GEO. A. BLEWETT.

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Esq.

Residence of John Gibbard, Esq.

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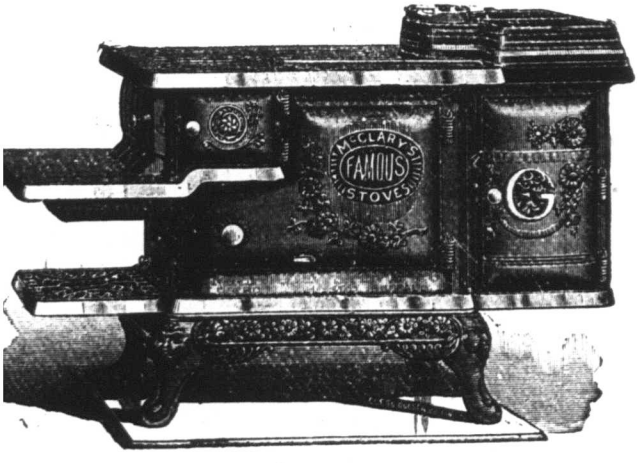

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TES, all sizes, cheap. Knives and Forks, Spoons, Christmas Novelties, Toilet Sets and Fancy Cases l Scissors. Carving Knives and Forks, with or with- Pot Brackets and cases. Crumb Brush and Trays. Bird Cages. Call Bells. The Celebrated Furniture Sweeper, the best the world has ever produced. ur goods, and get prices. Wishing everybody the e season,

AS-ST., NAPANEE.

BOYLE & SON.

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Swipesy (also shaky as to voice)—Nor me, neither.—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Illustrated Monthly.

How He Would Slide.

Mrs. Smitem (to her son)—Which would you rather have for Christmas, Robbie, a pair of skates or a sled?

Robbie—Can't I have both?

Mrs. Smitem—No, I don't think Santa Claus would consent to that.

Robbie—Then give me the skates. Tommy Slimson's got a sled, and I can lick him.

A Wise Bird.

"Why don't you eat, Mr. Gobbler?"

"Because I don't wish to be eaten, my friend. Are you not aware that Christmas is coming?"—Harper's Young People.

Boys Are Human, of Course.

The boy who finds his stockings well filled on Christmas morning doesn't care what the other fellow got.—Judge.

Impossible.

There was to be company at dinner, says The Binghamton Republican, and Bobby's mother had cautioned him to be careful of his behavior, especially to eat sparingly, and always to say thank you when anything was passed to him.

The older people were rather numerous and perhaps rather hungry. At all events they kept the hostess so busy that she found no time to wait upon Bobby. The little fellow grew desperate.

"Say, ma," he whispered, after a time, "how can I eat sparingly and say thank you, if I don't get anything?"

A FEW REASONS WHY

BAKER, the Furniture Man,

Sells such stylish and good Furniture so cheap.

He believes that turning over his stock four times a year at 10 per cent. profit, is better than only once at 25 per cent.

He don't trust your neighbor and not get his pay from him, and charge you extra to make it up.

He buys the best, and buys for cash, and thereby gets good discounts which you get the benefit of.

He knows how and where to buy, so as to keep up with the style, and consequently carries no old stock.

He has his ALL at stake and aims to please, so as to induce you to come again when you want anything in his line.

An extra choice stock just to hand, especially adapted for the holiday trade.

A nice easy Chair or a set of Furniture is just the thing you want for a Christmas present.

Remember the place,

BAKER, MARKET SQUARE, NAPANEE.

TAKE HEED TO A WORD OF ADVICE.

Preserve your hair now and prevent it turning gray prematurely and of thinning out and leaving you bald.

USE DR. DORENWEND'S

GREAT GERMAN HAIR MAGIC

It will do you a world of good. It keeps the hair soft and pliable, removes dandruff, excites circulation in the scalp, thereby nourishing the growth. Don't let it pass without the consideration, "Do I need it?" Yes you do.—Every druggist sells it. See that you get the right thing.

A. DORENWEND, SOLE MANUFACTURER.—PARIS HAIR WORKS, TORONTO.

THE TEMPERANCE AND GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Head Office 22 to 28 King st. west, Toronto.

Issues Policies on both LEVEL and natural premium plans, giving

TOTAL ABSTAINERS a separate class in all plans, and furnishing A STRAIGHT, LIBERAL contract.

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PARLOR ENTERTAINMENTS

OLIVE HARPER WRITES ON THE BEST WAY TO CONDUCT THEM.

She Gives a Sample Programme Which Will Without Doubt Be of Vast Assistance to Many Who Are a Little Uncertain as to How to Manage the Matter.

RIGHTLY to organize and conduct a parlor entertainment requires many and varied talents, among which are executive ability, unusual tact and persuasive powers, besides an eye for effect and an understanding of what will please the audience for whose amusement the entertainment is designed.

In the first place, canvass for talent, and see how much we could find. There is always a pianist, often a good amateur banjoist or violinist, and generally several persons who can sing fairly well. Those who can play upon any instrument should be secured first, and then a quartet chosen, if possible, to make up one, and these same singers can also be relied upon each for a solo. They are useful as interludes between other things, even if they do not sing very well, and if they sing beyond the average they are doubly valuable.

In these days, and in mixed assemblages, there is always some one who recites, and we have learned to listen to them with praiseworthy patience, and so one or two recitations may be given, one tragic or dramatic; one or two others should be humorous, if possible. People who have precocious children are apt to put them forward on this part of the programme, and it requires great tact and judgment on the part of the manager to keep them from attempting some piece that the most capable elocutionist would scarcely dare to undertake. Who has not heard some lisping child say all in one breath, "Avaunt-angel-of-death-oh-god-o-god-you-shall-not-TAKE-my-child," and been consumed by a desire to laugh and break things both at once. If a child is to recite, let it be some simple thing, the simpler and quieter the better, something that will not be ruined and made ridiculous by a wrong emphasis or lack of emphasis.

Recitation and music being provided for, there still remains a hiatus to fill, and this can be done with tableaux, or a bright little comedietta, in which the best talent in that line must be secured.

A very taking programme might be made upon the following plan, with some slight alterations, and in almost any

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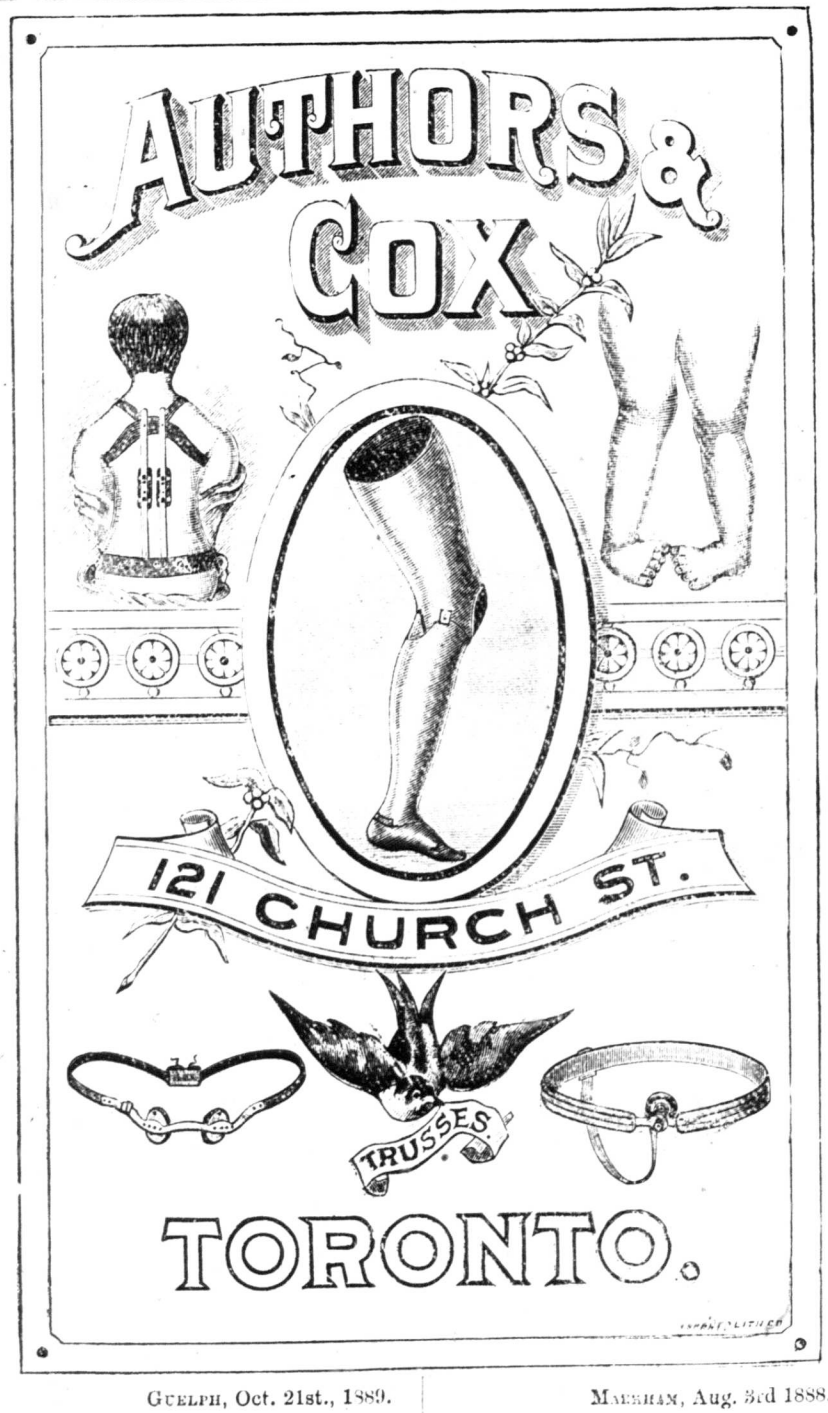

GUELPH, Oct. 21st., 1889.

Messrs. AUTHORS & COX.

I am now wearing one of your Artificial Legs over two years and I can conscienciously say, that I have never experienced the slightest inconvenience from the first day. Its construction is perfect. Regarding your knee and ankle joints, they are the very acme of perfection, in short, gentleman your Artificial Limbs are without a par.

Respectfully yours,

EDWIN TOWSE.

MARKHAM, Aug. 3rd 1888.

Dear Sirs,—This is to certify that I have worn one of your Trusses about three weeks, and have found it the best Truss that I have come across. I have tried it in every position that I could, and find that it will not move out of its place, and therefore I do not want any better Truss and would not like to do without it. I hope the Lord will bless you.

Yours very respectfully,

A. B. RAMEF.

for, there still remains a hiatus to fill, and this can be done with tableaux, or a bright little comedietta, in which the best talent in that line must be secured.

A very taking programme might be made upon the following plan, with some slight alterations, and in almost any

A RECITATION.

place sufficient very fair talent could be found: First an overture by piano with violin or flute accompaniment. Second, quartet in popular ballad, or, where possible, three or four or more young girls dressed in college gowns and trencher caps, who sing the rollicking college song of—

All you fellows who have peanuts and give your neighbors none,
You sha'n't have any of my peanuts when your peanuts are gone.

This song never fails to set a properly disposed audience off into roars of laughter, and half the battle is done if you can make your audience laugh heartily in the beginning of the evening. Next, you may have a recitation, after which a solo song or instrumental music. A very pretty thing next would be a minuet by the smallest children you can get to dance it, and they can be dressed in costume. The very mistakes and awkwardnesses of tiny little tots are pronounced "sweet" and "cunning."

I remember one case where four little midgets were to play the three graces and the awarding of the apple. The rosy youth ate it up and handed the core to the chosen one. Another boy was to go and kiss the sleeping beauty, but got frightened and stood in the center of the stage and "lifted up his voice and wept," and he lifted it up high, too, while tears as big as gooseberries rolled down his cheeks and the sleeping beauty raised her head to see what was the matter. Children, charming as they are, are uncertain quantities before the public, and the careful manager must always take this into account and arrange things so that their failure shall bring diversion but not disaster.

If children preponderate in the audience, the tableaux of the good old fairy tales dear to every little heart can be given, the older and more worn they are the dearer. If grown people preponderate, a very pleasing diversion may be made by a few tableaux vivants representing "The Courtship of Miles Standish," "Evangeline" sitting lonely and

PARLOR ENTERTAINMENTS

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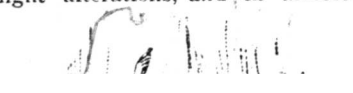
RIGHTLY to organize and conduct a parlor entertainment requires many and varied talents, among which are executive ability, unusual tact and persuasive powers, besides an eye for effect and an understanding of what will please the audience for whose amusement the entertainment is designed.

In the first place, canvass for talent, and see how much we could find. There is always a pianist, often a good amateur banjoist or violinist, and generally several persons who can sing fairly well. Those who can play upon any instrument should be secured first, and then a quartet chosen, if possible, to make up one, and these same singers can also be relied upon each for a solo. They are useful as interludes between other things, even if they do not sing very well, and if they sing beyond the average they are doubly valuable.

In these days, and in mixed assemblages, there is always some one who recites, and we have learned to listen to them with praiseworthy patience, and so one or two recitations may be given, one tragic or dramatic; one or two others should be humorous, if possible. People who have precocious children are apt to put them forward on this part of the programme, and it requires great tact and judgment on the part of the manager to keep them from attempting some piece that the most capable elocutionist would scarcely dare to undertake. Who has not heard some lisping child say all in one breath, "Avaunt-angel-of-death-oh-god-o-god-you-shall-not-TAKE-my-child," and been consumed by a desire to laugh and break things both at once. If a child is to recite, let it be some simple thing, the simpler and quieter the better, something that will not be ruined and made ridiculous by a wrong emphasis or lack of emphasis.

Recitation and music being provided for, there still remains a hiatus to fill, and this can be done with tableaux, or a bright little comedietta, in which the best talent in that line must be secured.

A very taking programme might be made upon the following plan, with some slight alterations, and in almost any



sad eyed, and Andromeda chained to the rock with Perseus about to rescue her. All the world loves a lover, particularly when picturesque and poetic.

These are easily arranged and can be made to resemble statues or pictures at will. For statues the people who take the character should dress in white, have white wigs and be lavishly powdered with flour, and the light should not be thrown directly upon them, and what there is should be white, though if feasible a curtain of white tarletane can be stretched in front of them and then a direct light thrown, a very dark background being provided. Classical costumes can be improvised of sheets in a few moments. To make one for a woman take two sheets and pass a tape through the wide hems and draw them up so that they fit the shoulders. Then take two big buttons, mold and cover them with white cloth, or gilt, if preferred, and fasten them where the two sheets meet upon the shoulder. The sheets can then be tacked, or even pinned, together under the arms and on down to the feet. A cord or girdle is now fastened about the waist, binding the fullness in, and the gathers should be deftly pulled into the proper shape, leaving the waist portion to droop loosely over the skirt. A picture of an ancient Greek or Roman costume will help the novice to drape her robe—for Greek robe it now is—perfectly and in classic style. Pins will do the rest. The arms are bare, and the shoulders.

If other drapery is required, another sheet is all that is necessary for the mantle, and all that it needs is to be thrown over the left arm. One corner is tucked into the girdle just left of the center of the waist, and drawn loosely under the right arm and across the back, then forward over the left arm and shoulder, the rest falling in natural folds. The effect is perfect, and many modifications can be made, all graceful and classic.

FAIRY TALE TABLEAU.

To present tableaux vivants as pictures they require a green gauze curtain stretched tightly about three feet from the background, which should be dark, and a frame should be simulated of painted canvas. The figures pose in between gauze and background, with a direct light. The effect and illusion are of making money for some specified object, and, of course, requires great care and good management to succeed, and is for the general public more than a strictly private affair. If, for instance, the object is to get money for any one particular purpose, sufferers by fire, famine, deluge or other disaster it would not be amiss to have the tableaux represent one phase of the suffering it is intended to relieve, and of necessity it follows the usual routine to a certain extent. In a future article I wish to furnish ideas for other entertainments adapted to other circumstances.

OLIVE HARPER.

David Hostetter.

David Hostetter, the millionaire "bitters" manufacturer, who died in New York city the other day, was a striking instance of how a man may prosper by industry and attention to business. He was once a clerk in a dry goods store, earning a few dollars a week, but he had the faculty of making money. When he was 23 years of age he went into the dry goods business on his own account. In 1853 he associated himself with Gen. W. Smith and began making bitters. Thenceforward he met with entire success. Mr. Hostetter was said to be worth from $5,000,000 to $15,000,000, and he held a large interest in the much talked of South Pennsylvania railroad.

DAVID HOSTETTER.

Method of Drying Buildings.

A new invention is reported for drying buildings. A Russian engineer, M. De Wreczinsky, has invented an apparatus for drying buildings, which is said to have proved very effective. It is based on the principle of carbonic gas rapidly absorbing the moisture of the air, and to this end the inventor has constructed a closed stove burning charcoal by the introduction of air into it direct from the open through two tubes. A steady current of dry, warm carbonic gas is allowed to escape into the room to be dried, which rapidly absorbs the moisture in the air, and escapes in the ordinary manner through the chimney.—Chicago Herald.

If He Could Only Fill It.

Little Mary is a good little girl nearly 5 years old, but possessed of a poetical genius which runs rather too strongly toward paraphrasing. She has done a good deal of composing during her brief existence, but mainly in the way of words substituted for others, which left her open to the charge of plagiarism. She is also possessed of a fund of humor which would not be expected in one so young. Mary's father the other day, by way of breaking the child of her fault as a poet and testing her capacity at original composition, offered her as a Christmas present the largest and best picture book that could be found in Chicago if she would make up a piece of poetry which would not resemble any other that she had ever heard. She was given two days to complete the task, and yesterday morning sang the following as her original composition:

and this can be done with tableaux, or a bright little comedietta, in which the best talent in that line must be secured.

A very taking programme might be made upon the following plan, with some slight alterations, and in almost any

A RECITATION.

place sufficient very fair talent could be found: First an overture by piano with violin or flute accompaniment. Second, quartet in popular ballad, or, where possible, three or four or more young girls dressed in college gowns and trencher caps, who sing the rollicking college song of--

All you fellows who have peanuts and give your neighbors none,
You sha'n't have any of my peanuts when your peanuts are gone.

This song never fails to set a properly disposed audience off into roars of laughter, and half the battle is done if you can make your audience laugh heartily in the beginning of the evening. Next, you may have a recitation, after which a solo song or instrumental music. A very pretty thing next would be a minuet by the smallest children you can get to dance it, and they can be dressed in costume. The very mistakes and awkwardnesses of tiny little tots are pronounced "sweet" and "cunning."

I remember one case where four little midgets were to play the three graces and the awarding of the apple. The rosy youth ate it up and handed the core to the chosen one. Another boy was to go and kiss the sleeping beauty, but got frightened and stood in the center of the stage and "lifted up his voice and wept," and he lifted it up high, too, while tears as big as gooseberries rolled down his cheeks and the sleeping beauty raised her head to see what was the matter. Children, charming as they are, are uncertain quantities before the public, and the careful manager must always take this into account and arrange things so that their failure shall bring diversion but not disaster.

If children preponderate in the audience, the tableaux of the good old fairy tales dear to every little heart can be given, the older and more worn they are the dearer. If grown people preponderate, a very pleasing diversion may be made by a few tableaux vivants representing "The Courtship of Miles Standish," "Evangeline" sitting lonely and

FAIRY TALE TABLEAU.

To present tableaux vivants as pictures they require a green gauze curtain stretched tightly about three feet from the background, which should be dark, and a frame should be simulated of painted canvas. The figures pose in between gauze and background, with a direct light. The effect and illusion are perfect. Colors can be used in dress and the characters require a theatrical make up.

After the tableaux there should be a short intermission, and the first number on the programme after it should be musical. A quartet is good, and particularly liked when singing ballads or old songs. Culture and pretense are powerful, but popular taste is stronger still, and if one gets up an entertainment, it is to please those who go to it, and so it is better to leave out classical music and all such selections and choose simple, old fashioned airs. The person who tries this once will prove the truth of my assertion.

After the quartet can come an instrumental solo. A little juggling, if there is any one who has a taste that way handy; or perhaps some one will like to show how well he can swing his Indian clubs, or some young lady amateur will give a pretty "endurance" dance or whistle. There are many persons who learn some one little thing like this on purpose to make themselves of use. Lady and child violinists are always in demand.

When these shall all have done their best, and answered all their encores, a short comedietta, or even farce, is good to finish up with, and if good amateur talent is obtainable, the fewer the characters the better. If not, let as many in as possible, and the number of characters on will hide each other's defects and make things livelier. The good manager must give each one the best part, and keep them all good natured, if possible—a thing never yet done, I believe.

A BOY'S CIRCUS.

A song, "Home, Sweet Home," or "Auld Lang Syne," by the whole company is a good ending to such an entertainment. When it is convenient, the floor is often cleared for dancing.

This programme is calculated for an ambitious entertainment for the purpose

present the largest and best picture book that could be found in Chicago if she would make up a piece of poetry which would not resemble any other that she had ever heard. She was given two days to complete the task, and yesterday morning sang the following as her original composition:

Hang up papa's stocking,
Be sure you don't forget;
If Santa Claus can fill it,
We'll all be wealthy yet.

It is needless to say that Mary lost the prize, her father pronouncing the pomelet a parody, and one which showed reckless disregard for the truth on the part of the child.—Chicago Herald.

Christmas Sonnet.

Deep shadows fold the dark earth in.
A holy silence everywhere
Tells of that night when, thro' earth's sin,
The cry of angels cleft the air.
"Glory to God, to men good will!"
Hear it thou, who do peaceful rest
With pale hands folded; may it thrill
Thy heart, thou friend; I love thee best;
Peace and good will to all I love.
Yea, friend or foe. Tho' there may be
No stars, His light shines clear above,
Who died for us on Calvary;
A star, which, risen in that far east,
Now crowns with love our Christmas feast.
—By Tricotrin.

A False Pretense.

"Well, my son," asked Jimmy Tuffboy's mother, "are you satisfied with your Christmas?"

"Yes, ma'am," replied Jimmy, "only the skates ain't nickel plated, and dad said he'd buy me a double ripper, an' I didn't see it."

"But I am sure you have been happy all day, James."

"I wasn't going to let the fellers know how bad I felt."—Exchange.

Too Near the First of the Month.

"One thing I've got against Christmas."

"What's that?"

"It comes too late in the month."

"How does that affect it?"

"Why, when a man's wife gives him a splendid present the bill is sent to him in about a week. It would be better if he had about three weeks to get ready for it."—Christmas.

An Old English Custom.

Among customs now disused, a ceremony existed at the court of England as late as the reign of Charles II of bringing a branch of the Glastonbury thorn, which usually blossoms on Christmas eve, in procession, and presenting it, with great pomp, to the king and queen on Christmas morning.—New York Post.

Received Some Himself.

"Have a cigar, Charley?"

"Don't care if I do."

"Some that my wife gave me for a Christmas present."

"Er, come to think of it, Tom, I guess I don't feel like smoking today."—Exchange.

His Hands Full.

Jinks—Make any calls today?

Binks—No. I was too busy receiving.

"Who?"

"Creditors."

LAHEY & Mc

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Our store is the Handsomest, Best Lighted, and
Our stock is the freshest, the most c
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DRESS DEPARTMENT. A very large department, embracing a grand variety of colors, qualities and finishes in the best dress goods of the season. Costumes, bordered, embroidered and combinations, in the handsomest and most artistic effects. Lovely shades in fine French-dyed Goods at very close-cut prices. All-wool, double width goods at 20 cts a yard; all-wool single width ditto ar 12½ cts. Bordered Amazon Cloth in new colorings, wonderful value. Lovely new Brocades, new Dress Flannels, Dress Serges, Dress Tweeds from 6½c. Everything new, stylish and useful that a dress can be made of, and a Superb Stock of Trimmings.

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Braids and
Satins in g
all colors a

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FAMOUS FOR BARGAI
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Scarlet Flannels, White F
Good Cottonades, 12, 14, 15c and up. Shirtings, 6 1-2c; 10c goods for
from 5c. Towels from 3 1-2c. Table Linens from 19c. Heavy Creto
Shirts and Drawers, 25c each; all-wool, 45c; Boys' ditto, all sizes, 25
Heavy Grey Blankets from $1.50 per pair. Heavy White Blankets,
downs, 75c and up. Good finished Horse Blankets, 50c each.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT. Children's Ulsters, 60 and 80 cts, $1 and $1.10 each; children's Dolmanettes, $1.25, $1.50, $1.85 each. Ladies' Jersey Jackets, latest styles, $2.85, 3.00, 3.25 to 4.50. Ladies' full length Ulsters, 4.00 up—these are all German-made goods and perfect-fitting. Mantle Cloths, double width, 48 cents a yard. Mantle Meltons, double width, 60 cents a yard. New Fancy Mantle Curls, 65 cents up. Complete stock of Newest

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Our trade for this season proves that we are r
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no shoddy or trash, and we carry enough to suit
in price. We have wonderful value in Mens' and
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Bound Suits at one-half under value. Our Boys'
beautifully made goods, and the prices will suit the l
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Tweeds and Ordered Clothing.

All-wool Tweeds at 35c, 50c goods for 40, 65c goods for 50, $1 goods for 75c. Overcoatings, Friezes, Beavers, Naps, Worsteds, immense stock of new goods. **SUITS TO ORDER** at $9, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 and up; good Scotch Tweeds to order at $14. **OVERCOATS TO ORDER** at $9, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 to 15.00. We guarantee a garment equal in every respect to city work at nearly double prices, best style, fit, trimmings and workmanship, or no sale.

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50 cts; Navy
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Gloves, Mitts
12½ cts each
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SILK DEPARTMENT. A superb stock of **FINE SILKS** in all reliable brands, embracing all the newest ideas in colors and finish. Special Bargains in Black Gros Grains, high class Silk, at cost of import. Black and colored Mervs, heavy weight, pure Silks and newest shades at 75 cts a yard, regularly worth $1.25. Black Brocade Satin, 45c a yard. Black Brocade Velvets for Mantles, 1.00 and 1.25, worth 1.75 and 2.50. Silk Plushes in all the new colors, 40c a yard. Silk Gimps, Braids and Jet Trimmings, elegant and stylish goods. Fancy Satins in good colors, a large lot at 29cts a yard. Fancy Plushes, all colors and prices, extra value.

t. FAMOUS FOR BARGAINS! A big drive in Grey Cottons! 1 yard wide, 5, 6, 7 and 8c a yard, worth 2c a yard more. Grey Flannels, 12 1-2c up. Standard Grey Flannels, 20c; Navy Flannels, Scarlet Flannels, White Flannels, Opera Flannels, at cut prices. Shirtings, 6 1-2c; 10c goods for 8c; 15c goods for 12 1-2c. Towellings Linens from 19c. Heavy Cretonnes 8, 10 and 12c. Underwear—Mens', 45c; Boys' ditto, all sizes, 25c. Ladies' Vests, 30, 50, 75c to $1.75. pair. Heavy White Blankets, all-wool, $2 to $7.50. Big heavy Tie-se Blankets, 50c each.

sters, 60 and $1.10 each; ch. Ladies' o 4.50. La-erman-made th, 48 cents yard. New of Newest

FANCY GOODS, GLOVES and HOSIERY. Kid Gloves at 25c and up; Cashmere Gloves at 15c and up; Wool Hosiery, children's, 5c and up; ladies' Cashmere Hose, 25c up; durable Corsets, 25c; fine Corsets, a full range of Crompton's best goods; Fancy Handkerchiefs, 2½, 4, 5, 7c up; Lawn ditto, 5c up; Berlin Wool Clouds, 25c up; Fascinators 50c up; Opera Shawls, 60c up; Tuques, 25c up. A superb stock of Fancy Woolens, in new colors and designs.

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yard. New
of Newest

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Mens' Persian Lamb Caps, guaranteed genuine, $2.50 each, better $4 and $5. Mens' Astrachan Caps, 50 cts; Knit Top Shirts, 50 cts; Mens' Wool Sox, 10 cts; Navy Top Shirts, 60 cts; Mens' Buck-faced Gloves, 50 cts; Mens' Lined Kid Gloves, 40 cts. Finest stock of Gents Furnishings ever shown here, all new and correct winter styles, Collars, Shirts, Ties, Braces, Scarfs, Sox, Gloves, Mitts, Cardigan Jackets, Top Shirts, etc. A few prices—Stylish Ties, 12½ cts each; Cashmere Squares, 20 cts; Cardigans, 75 cts; Silk Handkerchiefs, 25 cts.

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LAHEY & McKENT

QUEER TEMPERED RAZORS.

Shaving Instruments Discussed from the Metaphysical Point of View.

"When I say that a razor has a good temper," said a barber to a reporter, "I mean something more than that the steel has been hardened by fire and water to just the right point. In my opinion a razor has a disposition like a human being. It may be amiable and always do its work smoothly—though I never did see a razor yet that wasn't subject to off spells once in a while—or it may be sulky half the time and refuse to cut properly, even if the best of tools when in a good humor. And what you've got to do is to humor it. There's no use trying to drive a razor that doesn't want to shave; you'll only put yourself out, maybe cut the customer and make the razor so angry that it won't work again for goodness knows how long. The thing to do is to put it right away in a drawer, without disputing the matter, and give it a rest.

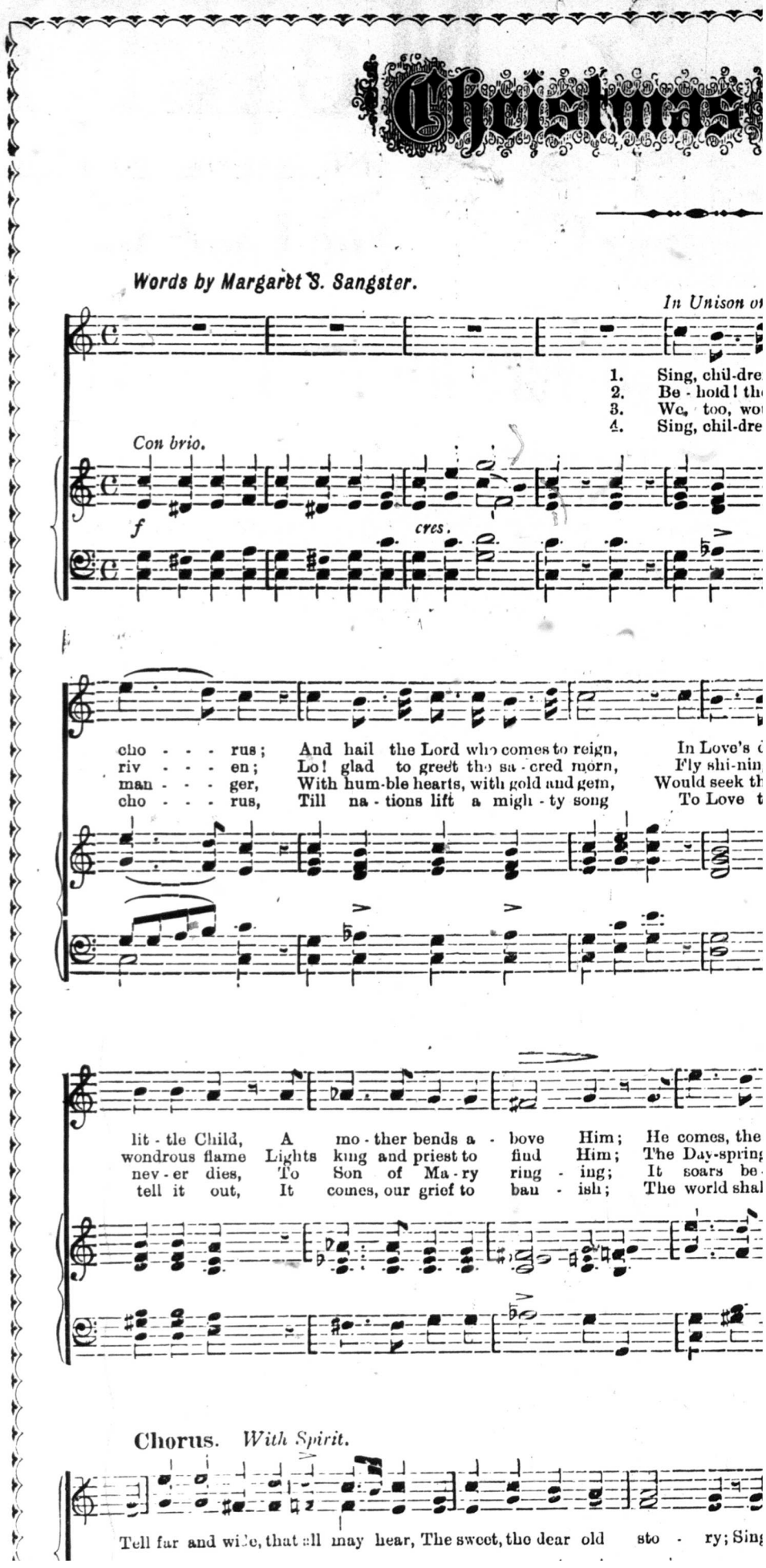
"Take it out again at the end of a week, and ten to one it will be in prime condition and as willing as possible. There was a college professor in here one day not long ago who stuffed me with what he called a scientific explanation of razors' fits. He said that if I would look at the edge of a razor through a microscope I would see that it looked like a cross cut saw, with teeth projecting on either side. By use these teeth were bent out of shape; but if the razor was put away for a while the teeth would get back into adjustment again and the tool would once more appear sharp. Of course, that all sounds very well, but I stick to my theory just the same. And I ought to know, for I've seen more razors, and handled 'em, than that bald headed old professor ever dreamed of."

"It seems to me," said the reporter, upon whom the tonsorial artist was operating, "that the razor you are using upon me at this moment must be suffering from no small degree of irritation on some account or other, judging by the way it hurts."

The barber paused for a moment in the scraping performance, and extending one thumb drew the edge of the blade slowly across the nail in a manner that sent a cold shiver down the newspaper man's backbone.

"It's sharp enough," he remarked, "but I'll try another. Perhaps this razor did not like you. You see, there's no doubt of the fact that razors have their personal preferences. The blade that will shave one customer to a charm won't shave another. Of course, a difference in the toughness and thickness of the beard makes a difference in the sort of razor required, but I am not speaking of that at all. If a razor doesn't happen to like you it won't shave you well under any circumstances. Now, you observe, the razor I am using at present takes to you first rate. I bought it for fifty cents off a man whom it didn't like. It's a good one, and, though I should hate to part with it, I might let it go to you, sir, for $5. The handle's broken, but you could easily have another put on, and it wouldn't cost so much. Did you say 'tonic?' Your hair's getting a trifle thin on top."

"Thanks, no," replied the customer.

"I've been thirty years in the business," went on the barber, accompanying his words with a brief shampoo, "and what I don't know about the ways of razors isn't worth knowing. There was something the professor I was speaking about told me, however, that I hadn't heard before, though I don't guarantee that it is correct, mind you. What he said was that the edge of a cold razor, seen through a microscope, was a wavy line, but when the blade was plunged into hot water the steel expanded and the edge was made straight, like a string drawn taut, and that was the reason why it was a good thing in cold weather to dip your razor into hot wa-

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"It's a funny thing about a razor that buying one is always a perfect gamble, even for an expert. A first rate blade is an accident, and often a fifty cent razor will be better than another for $2. You see razors have to be hand made from beginning to end and the most skillful workman can't be sure of getting two just alike. It is in the 'temper drawing' process that the quality of the razor is determined. Laid upon a plate of hot sand the blade changes gradually from a light yellow to a dark straw color, and it is by this color that the workman must judge of the degree of temper. If it is a shade too light the steel will be too soft, if a shade too dark it will be too hard and will crumble. So it happens that razors of the same brand always vary and a really fine one is a prize.

"But no man can tell a good one when he goes to buy with any certainty unless he is given an opportunity to try it on a hone. In that case if he is an expert he can judge. Ninety per cent. of all the razors used in this country are made in England, though dealers have put their own names on them. I should advise any man who shaves himself to have a razor for each day in the week. Then no one of the seven will ever get tired, and if they are all honed once a year it will be enough. The chief trouble with beginners at shaving is that they don't know how to strop their razors. If they would get some one that knew how to show them that, and always have their lather thick and rub it in well, they would be saved a great deal of distress. Next!"—Washington Star.

Onions Instead of Quinine.

One day I was taken with chills and headache, signs that my old enemy, malaria, was on hand. My quinine box was empty, and I was looking forward to a restless, sleepless night. In desperation I peeled a raw onion and slowly ate it, and then went to bed, with warm feet and an extra comforter, when, presto! I was asleep in five minutes, and awakened in the morning free from malaria and ready for the day's duties.

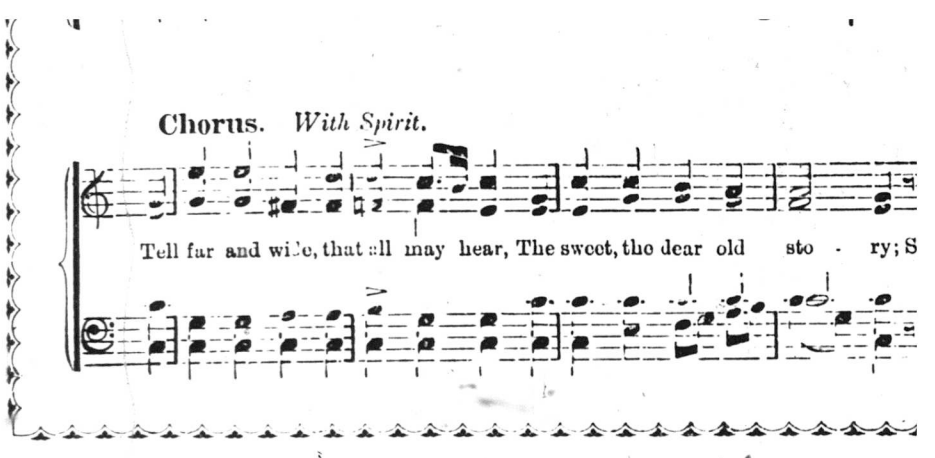
Our homely but strong friend will be appreciated in time as a medicine, and if agriculturists would turn their attention to raising a model onion, with the strong scent taken out that taints the breath so unpleasantly, families will be putting their "pills" in the cellar by the barrel and the doctors would take to onion farming. The onion acts as a cathartic and diuretic, and may help to break up a cold or lessen the bad symptoms. Said a doctor: "I always store a barrel of onions in my cellar during the fall. We have them cooked twice a week, and whoever of the family is threatened with a cold eats some onion raw. If this vegetable were generally eaten there would be no diphtheria, rheumatism, gout, kidney or stomach trouble.

"But bless you! the young men and women are afraid to eat them. One young man went so far as to say to me: 'If my wife ate onions I would get a bill of divorce.'"—American Garden.

Acknowledging the Compliment.

The Drill Sergeant (after worrying Nesbitt for two hours)—Right about face!

Nesbitt (perfectly immovable)—Thank the Lord I'm right about something at last.—Time.



Disraeli's Advice.

The late Col. Tomline, member of parliament, who, by the way, was one of the richest men in England, had not a very high opinion of his colleague, Disraeli. "Disraeli told me," he once remarked, "that flattery was the secret of his success in life. The higher a man climbed," he said, "the higher it could be laid on, until, if one could approach the throne, it might be laid on with a trowel." The gentleman to whom this was narrated by the colonel remarked that Disraeli once gave a capital piece of advice, namely, that scandal should never be replied to, but lived down. "Yes, I know," said the colonel, with a cynical smile, "that was my thunder. I remember him writing it down when I said it, and I thought at the time he was putting his pet theory into practice."—London Letter.

Disgusted with the Paper.

Husband—No girl yet?

Wife—No. And I've tried to get one until I'm worn out.

Husband—Look through the "Wants" in the paper?

Wife—No; but I read every line in the "Domestic Markets." The papers are too stupid for anything.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

About Hair Restorers.

I suppose every barber, at some time in his life, tries his hand on a remedy for baldness. I have, and I've made a failure of all my tonics. I don't believe that there is anything in the world that will put back lost hair on a man's head. But I can tell the man who is anxious about the hair he has how to keep it on his head. He must stop eating greasy food and confine himself to a diet with very little fat in it. If he does that his hair will not only not fall out, but it will return if he loses it by illness. A different rule seems to apply to the hair of the beard and mustache. If the constitution is in good order the hair roots of the face are very vigorous. The hair of the mustache may be pulled out, but it will return again in a short time, and the same thing is true of the beard.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Not Entirely Without Remembrance.

First Soldier—Get any Christmas?

Second Soldier—Yep; present.

First Soldier—No?

Second Soldier—You bet.

First Soldier—What?

Second Soldier—Present arms!—Exchange.

What the Shop Keepers Dread.

"It is time for Santa Claus," said the young wife.

"Yes," said the spouse, who kept a retail store, "Santa Claus is welcome, but I do not want to see the rain dear."—Exchange.

—THE—

Montreal Cloth

The best and cheapest place in N

Clothing, Underwear, South Sea
Caps, Fur Coats,

Clothing Made to Order. -:-

FREEMAN & LIVI

Sexsmith's old stand in the

A. W. GRAN

—DEALERS I

Pure Drugs and

CHOICE PER

TOILET ARTI

CORNER DUNDAS AND JOHN

NAPA

STEAM LA

MRS. AS

begs to announce to the public that she is prepared
its branches and at very low charges. S

SHIRT MANUF

is now done on the premises. A perfect fit guaran
dozen, and all other work at equally low rates. R

THE NAPANEE STE

Next door to Waller's Stove depot,

Christmas Carol

garet S. Sangster. — Music by Harrison Millard.

In Unison or as a Solo.

1. Sing, chil-dren, sing a joy - ful strain, In long re - sound - ing
2. Be - hold! the Prince of Peace is born, The sky of night is
3. We, too, would go to Beth - le - hem, And at the low - ly
4. Sing, chil-dren, sing, and send a - long The nev - er end - ing

cres.

; And hail the Lord who comes to reign, In Love's do - min - - ion o'er .... us. He comes, He comes, a
; Lo! glad to greet the sa - cred morn, Fly shi-ning hosts from hea - ven. The star! the star! its
, With hum-ble hearts, with gold and gem, Would seek the king - - ly Stran - ger. The song! the song! it
, Till na - tions lift a migh - ty song To Love tri - um - - phant o'er us, The Love! the Love! O

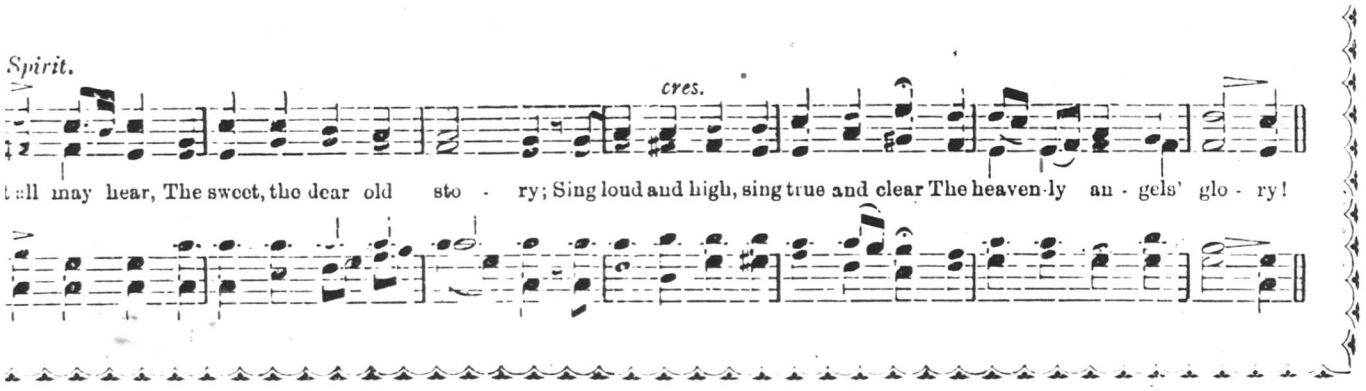
A mo - ther bends a - bove Him; He comes, the gen - tle, meek and mild. And well may children love Him.
Lights king and priest to find Him; The Day-spring quickens at his Name, The darkness lies be - hind Him.
To Son of Ma - ry ring - ing; It soars be - yond the rift - ed skies, Where an-gels join the sing - - ing.
It comes, our grief to ban - ish; The world shall swell the vic - or's shout, When death and sin shall van - - ish.

cresc.

With Spirit.

cres.

that all may hear The sweet the dear old sto - ry; Sing loud and high, sing true and clear The heaven-ly an - gels' glo - ry!



—THE—

Montreal Clothing House,

The best and cheapest place in Napanee to buy your

Clothing, Underwear, South Sea Seal and Persian Lamb Caps, Fur Coats, etc., etc.

Clothing Made to Order. -:- Suits Cut Free of Charge.

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTONE, Props

Sexsmith's old stand in the Leonard Block.

A. W. GRANGE & BRO.

—DEALERS IN—

Pure Drugs and Medicines,

CHOICE PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, ETC.

CORNER DUNDAS AND JOHN STREETS, NAPANEE.

NAPANEE STEAM LAUNDRY.

MRS. ASHLEY

begs to announce to the public that she is prepared to do high class laundry work in all its branches and at very low charges. Special rates for family work.

SHIRT MANUFACTURING

is now done on the premises. A perfect fit guaranteed. Collars laundried for 25 cents per dozen, and all other work at equally low rates. Remember the place

THE NAPANEE STEAM LAUNDRY.

Next door to Waller's Stove depot, Dundas st., Napanee.

B. B. B.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

Is a purely vegetable compound, possessing perfect regulating powers over all the organs of the system, and controlling their secretions. It so purifies the blood that it

CURES

All blood humors and diseases, from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore, and this combined with its unrivaled regulating, cleansing and purifying influence on the secretions of the liver, kidneys, bowels and skin, render it unequaled as a cure for all diseases of the

SKIN

From one to two bottles will cure boils, pimples, blotches, nettle rash, scurf, tetter, and all the simple forms of skin disease. From two to four bottles will cure salt rheum or eczema, shingles, erysipelas, ulcers, abscesses, running sores, and all skin eruptions. It is noticeable that sufferers from skin

DISEASES

Are nearly always aggravated by intolerable itching, but this quickly subsides on the removal of the disease by the use of B. B. B. Passing on to graver yet prevalent diseases, such as scrofulous swellings, tumors and

SCROFULA

We have undoubted proof that from three to six bottles used internally and by outward application (diluted if the skin is broken) to the affected parts, will affect a cure. The great mission of B. B. B. is to regulate the liver, kidneys, bowels and blood, to correct acidity and wrong action of the stomach, and to open the sluice-ways of the system to carry off all clogged and impure secretions, allowing nature thus to aid recovery and remove without fail

BAD BLOOD

Liver complaint, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache, dropsy, rheumatism, and every species of disease arising from disordered liver, kidneys, stomach, bowels and blood. We guarantee every bottle of B. B. B. Should any person be dissatisfied after using the *first* bottle, we will refund the money on application personally or by letter. We will also be glad to send testimonials and information proving the effects of B. B. B. in the above-named diseases, on application to FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

RUPTURE

The last 25 years I have adjusted more Trusses than any man in America. Valuable Patents, my own invention, in Trusses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments.

Rupture—I will guarantee to hold largest Rupture without touching your hip, no straps whatsoever, waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also the great Cluthe Spiral Trusses in stock. Reliable system for ORDERING BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments half the weight of other makes and more effective.

CLUB FEET I claim the only mechanical system to straighten born Club Feet (Patented.) I will prove to anybody that operation never did nor can straighten Club Feet. Send 6 cent stamps for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto.

"CHEAPSI

has taken this space in order to "have a chat" with about 40,000 readers of THE EXPRESS. An advertisen we are not ashamed to say it is, as it is the only means we have of letting you know what we have to sell, that "we keep a store"—a Dry Goods, Millinery, Clothing and Fur Store—and one of the best in the Centr dious and best equipped outside the large cities, and displaying one of the largest, finest stocks ever seen in or has heard of "Cheapside," and its reputation for variety, quality and cheapness of its stock. We do "cheap and nasty," or "dear at any price," but good quality and low prices, or good value for the m standard goods that will be reliable and give satisfaction to our customers, and have in consequence alway ever given to a dry goods house in this section. We might go on and take up a lot of space enumerating o are so well known that we think details unnecessary. The simple statement that we have this season impo that it was bought on the most advantageous terms possible, that it is laid down so as to save the wholesale who do import any quantity of goods, ought to be enough to convince every reasonable person of the adva

OUR SUITINGS AND OVERCOATINGS were all imported. Max Fox is our c DRESS GOODS—How can we convey any idea of their range and prices, qualities and colorings. that is new and desirable in coloring, style, make and finish. OUR SILKS AND SATINS, of were imported by us when the market was the lowest. There is latcly an advance of 25 per cent in Silks more than present prices. We have now grand value in every new reliable style and quality. OUR which such large sales are made all the time, embraces all the best things to be had, and the best possible all prices to fit all purses. Then we might mention our special makes of UNDERCLOT unshrinkable, and you can't find them anywhere else, as they are confined to ourselves, and in the same novelties in Collars and Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Frillings, Laces and Fancy Goods, beautiful Stamping Pat trade. In our GENTS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT a lot of new Ties, Gloves, So clothing. A full stock of the best value in all Staple Goods and Linens in four counties. OUR LIN etc., are all direct importations, and away ahead of the ordinary values shown elsewhere.

We have yet to merely call attention to our Millinery Department and Furs and then conclude. O is acknowledged superior to anything in the Central District. Its management is most able and efficien Bonnets goes away pleased and induces her friends to follow her example. The newest styles are secured PARTMENT is, so to speak, "booming." Every season our trade is increasing, and every season has to be increased. This season, notwithstanding the fact of the scarcity of money, we have sold more goo to order Seal Mantles, Persian Lamb Mantles and Coats, Beaver Mantles and Coats, Astracan garments ments for men, women and children, as well as repair and make over furs of all sorts. We have to-day Coon and Dog Coats in this section of country, and a finer, better class of reliable garments than can be fou

We have only a few words more to say, and they are perhaps more important to you than any we h nearly all our goods, and we say further, we bought too heavily. We placed our orders when the "crop pr years, not anticipating the low prices that would rule for all kinds of produce, and our stock is now altoget of year, and we determined to reduce it that much by stock-taking time in January. We know the only w a very large patronage during this period, and we have accordingly decided to reduce the prices on eve and hold a **SPECIAL SALE.** Reader, we want your custom, and that of your friends. We prom received yet, and fair, courteous, honorable treatment. Our prices before this sale were lower than those at close prices, and now that everything is reduced in price, and many lines to be cleared out at prime cos ize Cheapsids this month.

With hearty wishes of a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year to y

HINCH

"CH

DON'T FORGET!

Mr. Hinch issues Marriage Licenses on the sly.

Leaders in

Confidence Between Mother and Daughter.

There is no relation more beautiful than that which may exist between mother and

will ask, "What harm, so long as there are other girls with her?" Ah, yes! But who are the other girls, and for what purpose do they walk there anyway? Usually for a

mother! But how sad when the mother is but a child herself and wholly unfit for the care of God's pure blossoms.

Dear mother, where is your girl to-night?

Confidence Between Mother and Daughter.

There is no relation more beautiful than that which may exist between mother and daughter. The mother can completely control the tastes of the child, if she first proves worthy of her trust and confidence; and there is no one to whom a child would rather confide her secrets than to such a mother. By no means should the confidence be all on one side. The mother, too, should have her secrets which she can intrust to the youthful ears.

Make your daughter feel that she is necessary to the comfort and happiness of the family and tell her how greatly she is missed when absent. Ask her advice, sometimes, and follow it as far as possible; it will make her very happy to know that, at last, she is getting old enough to be a real help to mother. She will begin to cultivate her tastes, taking you as a model, so that she may the more readily offer suggestions in the future. Unconsciously she will adopt your ideal as her own, and when that point is reached, there is no knowing to what extent she will ever after trust your advice.

I know a family where the daughter is now a young woman of excellent judgement. She has always been the confidante and "chum" of her mother who is her dearest and most intimate friend. In the same family the boys also feel that nearness and love toward mother.

It is well to give a daughter something which she may call her own, and that will bring in spending money, as well as to give it to the son. She should be made to feel that she is not dependent, but that her share in the work entitles her to a share in the profits.

A family I have in mind raises a great number of chickens every year. One year the mother tends to them and has the proceeds. Next year the daughter has them and so on, each person doing whatever he pleases with the earnings. But let me say here, it always goes for a "family present,"—something to gladden each member of the household.

I know instances where the daughter would be far better off had the mother no influence whatever over her. Shame, that such a state of affafrs should exist! The mother seems as greatly pleased over the daughter's success in catching fortnightly beaux, as other mothers feel when their daughters receive prizes for efficient work in school. They proudly exhibit the packet of love letters the daughter as received in one week—not from one, but from half a dozen young men!

How careful we shouid be as to the company our daughters keep! Look out upon the street of any town, from about sundown till nine o'clock, often later, and what do we see? Young girls, dressed in their best, walking two and two, or in groups, up one street and down another, or standing chatting with some youth upon a street corner. These are all somebody's daughters. Are they yours? Perhaps some mothers will ask, "What harm, so long as there are other girls with her?" Ah, yes! But who are the other girls, and for what purpose do they walk there, anyway? Usually for a chance conversation with some young man, or for looks of admiration from those who can not find an excuse to talk.

Do you suppose these daughters are the confidential companions of their mothers, or that they repeat to them even half of the conversation which passes between them and their girl friends, or between them and their favorite young men?

For some reason there is a sad lack in child training nowadays; we need more of the Spartan discipline. Where does the trouble lie? Mostly, I believe, in the mother's failure to secure the loving confidence of her child.

The mother, like the American people generally, is in too much of a hurry. At the time when the future looks so large and mysterious, when there are a thousand questions arising in the daughter's mind which she wishes someone could answer, and she hardly knows that she is stepping from childhood into a new sphere, who is better fitted to settle all the doubts, answer the questions, and point out the beauties of a pure and perfect womanhood, than mother?

If you have not previously secured your daughters confidence, however, be sure that it will not be given you then; for her timidity and bashfulness will be greater at that time than ever before. If she does not go to you, she gathers a little information from one young friend a little more from another, and very likely none of it correct, and much of it harmful; but it helps to form that character, which, at that age, grows more stable and life-lasting.

Half of the girls we meet to-day between the ages of thirteen and seventeen, are going out in company without either mother or father accompanying them. Either they go alone, or with a young girl or young man as easily influenced as themselves. These young people have an idea that their parents are growing old and are of a different generation from themselves, and therefore they neither understand nor sympathize with them; so they seek suggestions from those whom they think will coincide with their views, and with the times generally. To get married early, is often their chief aim; "for what" they say, "is more disagreeable than an old maid!"

This reminds me of the last verse of a poem I read long ago and which, I think, forms the foundation of too many girl-marriages.

"And now I'm in haste for my wedding,
I'm in earnest and can't be denied;
'Twill be such a beautiful romance,
To be called 'the little girl bride.'"

But soon the "little girl bride" grows into a heart-sore, discontented mother who vainly questions "why didn't mother teach me to wait until I was old enough to understand what marriage means?"

What nobler calling than that of wife and mother! But how sad when the mother is but a child herself and wholly unfit for the care of God's pure blossoms.

Dear mother, where is your girl to-night? Is she bound up in your love and influence, and is that influence born of God? If not, then do not blame her if, some day, she brings shame upon your family name.

MARTIN FARQUHAR TUPPER.

The Author of "Proverbial Philosophy," Who Died Recently.

Martin Farquhar Tupper, who died recently in England, lived to discover that, after all, he had only caught the public attention for the hour. Fifty years ago he was in love with his cousin, who became his wife, and it occurred to him to write out his notions on matrimony. It occurred to him to put them in the form of Solomon's proverbs. He extended them to include love, friendship and education. When published they commended themselves to the people of that day, and Tupper suddenly found himself famous. N. P. Willis, who then edited The Home Journal, got hold of a copy and supposed the work was something antique. He quoted it frequently in his journal, and this largely contributed to Tupper's reputation in America.

While Tupper wrote nothing else that became widely known, his "Proverbial Philosophy" gave him a fine position in literary circles, and he lived to a good old age enjoying the friendship of many eminent persons. He went to school with Gladstone and Thackeray. A number of his schoolfellows, including Gladstone, Lord Elgin and others, formed themselves into a social club, which, in honor of its founder, Gladstone, was called the "W. E. G."

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Mr. Tupper was in America in 1851. That was the time Jenny Lind set every one wild all over the United States. Tupper called on Barnum, who introduced him to the songstress. She told the author how much she had enjoyed his "Proverbial Philosophy." Daniel Webster, Tupper afterwards spoke of as a "colossal, unhappy, feeble browed, dark, angel looking sort of man, with a depth for good and evil in his eye unfathomable." Mr. Tupper made another visit to America in 1876, when he received much attention, as before.

His first work was a volume of poems called "Geraldine and Other Poems," and his second the "Proverbial Philosophy." Afterwards he wrote plays and more poems, but he was destined not to catch the popular fancy but once.

Mr. Tupper was born in London in 1810. Consequently he was 79 years old when he died.

HEAPSIDE"

about 40,000 readers of THE EXPRESS. An advertisement, do you say? Oh, yes, it's an advertisement; ans we have of letting you know what we have to sell, and giving the widest possible publicity to the fact lothing and Fur Store—and one of the best in the Central district; the largest, best lighted, most commo- l displaying one of the largest, finest stocks ever seen in this section of Ontario. Almost every one knows or variety, quality and cheapness of its stock. We don't mean cheapness in the sense it is often used, as ood quality and low prices, or good value for the money. We have always aimed at a high quality of action to our customers, and have in consequence always taken the lead and enjoyed the largest patronage e might go on and take up a lot of space enumerating our departments and describing our goods, but these y. The simple statement that we have this season imported from Europe, direct, nearly all our stock, and ossible, that it is laid down so as to save the wholesale profit, and that we are the only firm in this section enough to convince every reasonable person of the advantage of trading with us.

OATINGS were all imported. Max Fox is our cutter. Fit and workmanship warranteed. OUR lea of their range and prices, qualities and colorings. We can't. They simply embrace everything d finish. OUR SILKS AND SATINS, of which we have a very heavy stock. Most of them t. There is lately an advance of 25 per cent in Silks, so that people who buy in the spring will pay ¼ alue in every new reliable style and quality. OUR GLOVE and HOSIERY STOCK, from es all the best things to be had, and the best possible value for the money. All sizes to fit all ages, and t mention our special makes of UNDERCLOTHING for ladies, that are so soft and warm and se, as they are confined to ourselves, and in the same department we show all the best makes of Corsets, ngs, Laces and Fancy Goods, beautiful Stamping Patterns, etc. A lot of new things for the Christmas DEPARTMENT a lot of new Ties, Gloves, Sox. Braces, Silk Handkerchiefs, Mufflers and Under- Goods and Linens in four counties. OUR LINENS, such as Table Linens, Towelings, Napkins, the ordinary values shown elsewhere.

Millinery Department and Furs and then conclude. OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT al District. Its management is most able and efficient, and everybody who leaves orders for Hats and o follow her example. The newest styles are secured as fast as they come out. OUR FUR DE- Every season our trade is increasing, and every season our staff of hands in the manufacturing department the fact of the scarcity of money, we have sold more goods, fine quality goods. than ever before. We make l Coats, Beaver Mantles and Coats, Astracan garments, Capes, Muffs, Boas. in fact every class of fur gar- r and make over furs of all sorts. We have to-day the largest stock of Ladies' Fur Mantles and Men's a finer, better class of reliable garments than can be found elsewhere is what we pride ourselves on.

they are perhaps more important to you than any we have yet spoken. We have said we imported too heavily. We placed our orders when the "crop prospect" was one of the finest seen in this section for for all kinds of produce, and our stock is now altogether too heavy—it is $10,000 too heavy for the time y stock-taking time in January. We know the only way to do it is to cut the prices down so as to induce have accordingly decided to reduce the prices on everything throughout the store until New Year's Day, want your custom, and that of your friends. We promise you the best value for your money you have ever t. Our prices before this sale were lower than those of our competitors, because our goods were bought in price, and many lines to be cleared out at prime cost, it is unquestionably to your advantage to patron-

hes of a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year to you all.

HINCH & CO.,

"CHEAPSIDE," NAPANEE,

Licenses

Leaders in Dry Goods, Millinery and Furs.

here are
But who
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mother! But how sad when the mother is but a child herself and wholly unfit for the care of God's pure blossoms.

Dear mother, where is your girl to-night? Is she bound up in your love and influence, and is that influence born of God? If not, then do not blame her if some day she

A Moneyless Christmas.

A Christmas without spending money! Midwinter holidays without dolls or picture books, tops, toy cannon or jumping jacks, colored candies or any "store presents" of any kind whatsoever! Christ's nativity celebrated without a

The Empress of Germany.

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A Moneyless Christmas.

A Christmas without spending money! Midwinter holidays without dolls or picture books, tops, toy cannon or jumping jacks, colored candies or any "store presents" of any kind whatsoever! Christ's nativity celebrated without a Christmas tree or a Christmas carol or a gathering of the children—no evergreen shrub sparkling with glass, no Santa Claus and no pantomime. Could such a thing be in a Christian land?

Yea, verily.

And it is not so very long ago that just such a Christmas was the rule in three-fourths of the United States—nay, it is the rule now in considerable sections where there are no large towns. So easily do we get accustomed to what is, and so naturally do children believe that the system they first noticed has always been the system, that most people do not know, and even the older ones are forgetting, that the Christmas of today is comparatively a new thing.

But what was the old time Christmas, and with what sights and sounds was it ushered in? Well, in the first place, it was—in all the rural regions at any rate—a time when no money could be "wasted." Children must have their fun without extra expense, save as each child had carefully saved his pennies. As to deliberately handing out a half dollar to a boy for Christmas—the average father would as soon have thought of giving him a deed for the farm. It was a season for rabbit hunting and sledding if there was snow enough, and for sliding if there was ice, for a good dinner and an extra piece of pie, and then perhaps, for some home made presents.

A little later toys began to come in—say about 1850—in the central west, and such toys! Blocky horses, square cornered cows, dogs made of clay and burnt black in the fire, and so forth and so forth; a collection of them now would throw a group of children into convulsions of laughter. Be it remembered that less than fifty years ago Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis were the only cities really known to the great mass of people living west of Ohio and north of Tennessee, and nine-tenths of the people under 20 years of age had never seen a city of 10,000 inhabitants. And in those days rural America celebrated Christmas literally without money and without (cash) price.

Plenty of people who do not like to be called old can recall the time when, in all the book stores of the rural regions, only two or three kinds of "story books" could be found, and as to holiday books and holiday goods as such—well, they could be found in the cities, probably, but not one child in a hundred, taking the country through, ever saw one of them.

—At W. Burns' livery stable, Napanee, timid ladies can procure quiet horses, while faster ones are kept for those who enjoy a lively spin. When you want a drive call on Mr. Burns.

The Empress of Germany.

AUGUSTA VICTORIA.

Here is a picture, from a recent photograph, of Augusta Victoria, empress of Germany. She is, it will be seen, a woman of truly regal presence.

The Use of Furs.

Furs are much used as trimmings on every garment where they can be put, even to under petticoats. Many of these are made of eiderdown flannel with an eight inch border of coney around the bottom. Tea gowns have long bands of fluffy fur. Wraps have every kind imaginable, and many that I should never think of. Dress skirts and waists have bits and bands here and there, and if it keeps on the women might as well turn into cats entirely and be done with it.—Fashion Letter.

What Puzzled Willie.

Little Willie has been summarily corrected by his mother for repeated acts of naughtiness. The punishment being over, "Papa," he sobs, in tones of anguish, "how could you marry such an ill tempered woman as mamma?"—Newport News.

Imitation Overgaiters.

Among pretty street boots are the imitation overgaiters for young women and misses. The foxings are of fine calf, goat or kid, and the tops or gaiter parts of cloth or undressed kid. They have the semblance of a binding. A strap passes under the hollow of the foot, with a buckle on the outside. A casual observer would not notice but what they are what they seem. But while they are stylish they will hardly be affected by women who do not change their footwear often, for they would tire of the sameness.—Shoe and Leather Facts

MISS MARTHA SOUCARET,

1st Prize Winner at the Great Beauty Competition at Spa

The above is said to be a most correct picture of Miss Martha Soucaret, the winner of the first prize in the Great Beauty Competition which took place recently at the famous watering resort, Spa. Miss Soucaret is described as being a brunette of rare beauty, with brilliant black eyes. She is tall and queenly looking, her very appearance commanding attention and respect. The competition was very keen, some of the most famous beauties in Europe being in the list, but the beautiful young lady whose picture we publish carried off first honors with flying colors.

LAST TESTAMENTS.

THE STRANGE FANCIES WHICH FIND EXPRESSION IN THEM.

Something About Mills of Olden Times. Stacks of Such Documents in Somerset House—The First Mill and Awful Fate of Its Maker.

The many little whimsicalities which crop out in human nature as the hour of final dissolution draws near are equally as unaccountable as the other peculiarities—every one is distinctively peculiar in his way—for which he or she was noted "when the pulse beat high with life," and death was last in thought.

Any one will attest to the truth of this who has ever had the pleasure—it is a real pleasure to one with a taste for things out of the ordinary—of examining musty old rolls of quaint and curious testamentary documents. The many oddities found in "last dispose of it in any way they saw fit. Some writers believe that the "Twelve Table Laws" were the foundation upon which all old Roman wills rest. These laws were enacted between 400 and 500 years before the time of the Saviour, as mentioned above, where allusion is first made to ancient Roman wills.

In some respects these old time documents are surprisingly like those of modern date, the laws respecting their final administration were very similar. At the present time if a maker of a will is drunk, insane or unduly influenced at the time the document is signed, it is void and without effect. The ancient Romans had precisely the same provisions with others added, one of which did not allow a deaf and dumb person the privilege of disposing of his realty or chattels.

Augustus Cæsar was the first millionaire to dispose of his property through the instrumentality of a will.

The custom of disposing of property through wills was carried west into Britain by the Romans, and prevailed until the time of the conquest, when stringent laws were passed making it all but impossible for the landed interests to get outside a certain circle, the leaders of which soon become lords

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solution draws near are equally as unaccountable as the other peculiarities—every one is distinctively peculiar in his way—for which he or she was noted "when the pulse beat high with life," and death was last in thought.

Any one will attest to the truth of this who has ever had the pleasure—it is a real pleasure to one with a taste for things out of the ordinary—of examining musty old rolls of quaint and curious testamentary documents. The many oddities found in "last wills and testaments," cannot with any assurance of infallibility be taken as an index or criterion to the real character of the person whose signature is attached thereto. One may pursue the even tenor of his way and live out the afternoon, the twilight and the shady evening of a long life, and at last plunge into darkness which follows it at its close, respected for his sagacity, his good sense and good management, with provisions in his will which, had they been given ante-mortem instead of post-mortem publicity, would have been the cause of his last days being sper within the precincts of some insane asylum.

SOME STRANGE CASES.

These thoughts have been suggested primarily by recent events, some remarkable specimens of testamentary curios having quite lately been made public. I refer to the Nashville, Tenn., woman who left $6,000 to her two dogs as beneficiaries; to the Columbus, S. C., man who left a vast estate of 8,000 acres tied up in such a shape that it cannot possibly benefit the persons for whom intended before the year 1989, and the Wabash, Ind., woman who requested that her heart be removed from the body, and that her hands and feet be amputated and together be sent to and buried in France, the scenes of her childhood days, while the mutilated body was to be consigned to mother earth near her late home in the Hoosier state.

With these three extraordinary documents as a text, I propose to trace the origin of will making, and consider the most uncommon provisions in the hundreds of testamentary rarities which have gone on record since the first property owner wrote: "I hereby will and bequeath."

The father of all wills and the most ancient document of its kind known to the historian and the antiquarian, is that of "the great king," Sennacherib, mentioned so frequently in the Scriptures by Herodotus and by Josephus. Sennacherib lived and reigned between the years 702 and 680 B. C.—over 2,500 years ago. In the will, which was found by excavators on the site of the royal library, the "great invincible" wills his sons certain "stores of precious things" at that time on deposit in the Temple of Nebo. It is a sad commentary on the crude civilization of the times that these same sons should so far forget their filial duties as to assassinate their considerate parent while he was busily engaged in worshiping his favorite god.

The Romans, 400 or 500 years before the birth of Christ, adopted the plan of setting forth, before taking their departure for the unknown world, their wishes as to what disposition should be made of the treasures accumulated during an aggressive lifetime. These instruments, which were written by the testators upon skins and parchment, were kept in the Temple of Vesta, the senior priestess having special charge of all such documents. Under the oldest of English laws regarding will making an infant—any one under the age of 21 years is supposed to be an infant in English law—was, and is even to this day, debarred from bequeathing property. The old Roman laws, before the time of Christ, were more liberal. According to the code of these ancient times a male who had arrived at the age of 15 years, or a female who had only passed her fourteenth summer, could, if they had amassed property, a good deal like unto person the privilege of disposing of his realty or chattels.

Augustus Cæsar was the first millionaire to dispose of his property through the instrumentality of a will.

The custom of disposing of property through wills was carried west into Britain by the Romans, and prevailed until the time of the conquest, when stringent laws were passed making it all but impossible for the landed interests to get outside a certain circle, the leaders of which soon become lords and noblemen. In the 200 or 300 years which followed in the wake of the conqueror the will making custom was almost lost sight of. It was revived, however, about the time of Edward V, and has since remained a recognized institution. One of the grandest treats incident to a visit to London is a day at Somerset House, the English Temple of Vesta, the place where London wills are stored. As an historical institution this will repository is a good second in point of interest to the British Museum itself. All the wills which have been made in London since the latter part of the Fifteenth century are now reposing upon its many shelves. They number thousands upon thousands, so many indeed, it is said, that were they pasted together end to end they would girdle the entire globe with a paper belt.

Charles V, the monastical watch collector, made a will in which he left his watches and rich tapestries to the monastery where he ended his days. Other famous historical personages have similarly disposed of their realty and personal property. At Somerset house the will of the immortal Shakespeare, the one in which he bequeaths his best bed and bedding to his wife, rests beside those of Johnson, the dictionary maker, Sir Isaac Newton, Van Dyke, and those of Wellington, "the iron duke," and Nelson, the hero of Trafalgar. Of the hundreds of other wills of greater or less historical interest, crowded at the rates of 12,000 to 15,000 per year into this paper Pantheon, space forbids mention, as a step outside the above named immortals would only open the floodgates for an avalanche of names, each of interest to some particular reader.—John W. Wright in St. Louis Republic.

Interesting Engineering Feat.

The method of constructing the foundations of the great drawbridge over the Thames at New London is of exceptional interest. Timber curbs were constructed, which were sunk eighty feet into the bed of the river, the bottom of which was soft mud for this depth. The mud inside the curb was excavated, and the piles driven into the solid ground then obtained. The heads of these piles were then bound together with concrete, on which the masonry of the pier was finally erected.—Exchange.

She Knew Better.

"Mammy," said a little colored boy, on his return from school one day, "did yo' know dat dar's three times ez much watah ez dar is lan' in dis wuld?"

"W'at kin' ob no 'count talk am dat?" replied his mother sharply. "Don' yo' know dat if dat war so we'd all been drownded a million yeahs ago? I'll take yo' out ob school if I heahs ob yo' l'arnin' any mo' such nonsense."—Youth's Companion.

Not Fit for a Juror.

Lawyer—May it please the court, I object to that man as a juror.

Judge—Your reason.

"I have three witnesses who can swear that it isn't a week since they saw him at a news stand looking over the papers."—New York Weekly.

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Every farmer should try a small lot of this.

"IT'S MAMMY'S BED."

"It's mammy's bed! It's mammy's bed!"
Wuz jest what little Rosy sed;
An' to this day I kin feel the pain
In my old heart again and again,
An' remember how the rain an' sleet
Come down you never seed the beat.

The mother wuz thar so cold an' white
In 'er coffin—a terrible sight,
An' the neighbors all a-settin' still,
Like people on such occasions will,
An' Rosy a-playin' around it,
Never a-dreamin' a single bit
That she was thar—that it was her,
Who couldn't speak nor smile nor stir.

Then they moved the bed whar she had died,
An' we helt our breath, for Rosy cried,
With great big sobs an' tears she sed,
"It's mammy's bed—it's mammy's bed!"

Her pap couldn't say a word to her,
But tuk the child an' helt her tight,
An' went 'cross to the winder, wher'
The wind sung from out the night.
He must 'a' thought with pain an' dread,
The cold wet earth wuz mammy's bed.

WHO WILL BE SPEAKER?

REED, M'KINLEY, BURROWS, CANNON, HENDERSON AND BUTTERWORTH.

Some Points of Interest About Six Congressmen Who Are Already Prominent.

There is a marshaling of followers of the candidates for speaker of the United States house of representatives. The battalions of Reed, Burrows, Cannon, Butterworth, Henderson, McKinley and others who have been spoken of less prominently, are furbishing up their accoutrements preparatory to inspection by their chiefs. Will the contest be short, sharp and decisive, or will it drag along for weeks? Since the memorable struggle thirty-four years ago, which resulted in the election of N. P. Banks, the people have occasionally looked forward to something similar at the approach of a balloting for speaker. But until there is a division of parties, such as existed in the "fifties," it is not likely that there will be another such prolonged deadlock.

In politics the men who are familiarly called "Joe" or "Bob" or "Dan," generally seem to have a strength behind them that their more dignified competitors do not possess. At least, it is of a different kind. "Tom" Reed is looked upon as the candidate for the speakership, having, perhaps, the best chance for winning the race. Maine seems to be as good a soil for growing big brainy men as big pine trees. At any rate Tom Reed is a Maine man, and has some of the faculty of that other man of Maine, James G. Blaine, for winning stanch supporters.

Reed is a fighter. He hits hard with his harsh voice and biting satire. This, of course, has gained him plenty of enemies in the party he opposes, but it only makes him more popular with the men in his own ranks. Indeed, he gath-

house to his heart, while he stands looking at them with his beautiful blue eyes.

Burrows is hearty enough toward those with whom he is familiar, but with strangers he is dignified. He is one of the soldiers of the house.

Then comes Uncle Joe Cannon—original and humorous. He doesn't want to be considered a dignified solon, and he isn't. His style of oratory is as different from the stately sentences of Daniel Webster as is that of a street preacher. When he wants to say anything to the members of the house he talks to them. He rushes about while speaking, gesticulating wildly and taking up the most familiar positions. But Uncle Joe is no fool; indeed he is a very cunning politician.

"JOE" CANNON.

And Joe Cannon has a wife who wil help him immensely in his race for the speakership, for she is an excellent hand at making friends.

Joe Cannon looks like a country deacon or a justice of the peace. He is long and gaunt and wears chin whiskers as Abe Lincoln used to wear them.

Another candidate belongs to that class who have the short given name. He is "Ben" Butterworth, of Ohio. Yet it is said that he is not a candidate. There are possibilities in his case, however. He is said to be the most popular man in the house, taking both parties into consideration. He has a superabundance of good nature, and is very ready in debate. He also has the faculty of unhorsing his adversary on so soft a sod that he does not suffer trom the fall or treasure bad feeling.

"BEN" BUTTERWORTH.

Among the candidates is the one legged soldier, Gen. David B. Henderson. He is a Scotchman by birth, and that sturdy race are not prone to give things up with over readiness. Indeed, this trait is evident in the general, for having been driven out of "the service" in 1863 by the loss of a leg, he went back on horseback at the head of a regiment to fight it out till 1865, when there was nothing more to fight for. He is a Grand Army man, who believes fully in pensions for soldiers. Though

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The attendance at our High Sch
than four-fold during the last nine ye
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"TOM" REED.

has gained him plenty of enemies in the party he opposes, but it only makes him more popular with the men in his own ranks. Indeed, he gathered in the reins as leader of his party in the house because of his right of possession by force and not by persuasion. Here is a sample of Reed's thrusts:

One day Representative Taulbee was speaking. Reed listened for awhile attentively, and at last said, in a stage whisper:

"What a pity! What a pity!"

Being pressed by some of his immediate neighbors to state the object of his sympathy, he quietly observed, with inimitable drollery and a malicious twinkle in his eye:

"I was meditating upon the magnificent proportions of that robust thorax, and thinking how sad it was that heaven had not made any mind to supplement and bear it company."

Reed's tribute to Logan while Gen. Logan was still alive is on a par with this:

"I like Logan," he said, "because he is so damned human."

Reed is a high protectionist to the point of rabidness. The late Larry Jerome took advantage of his knowledge of this fact to perpetrate one of his practical jokes at the annual dinner of the Philadelphia Clover club two years ago. Jerome, although himself a protectionist and although politics is never discussed at the club's board, when introduced made a violent free trade speech in the most serious manner. Reed could not contain himself. Springing to his feet he loudly denounced the utterances. The company laughed, and when the situation was quietly explained to the eloquent congressman he only gesticulated more wildly and shouted: "Not even under the guise of the motley will I hear the sacred doctrine of protection attacked." Then the club shouted. It was one hour before Reed regained his good humor.

Among the rivals of the Maine man is the diplomatic Julius Cæsar Burrows. He is a blonde, handsome man, with a fine physique and an excellent voice. He is no orator as Brutus is; or, rather, Tom Reed; he has the subtle persuasive charm of Mark Antony. It is not often that men try to lead men with a smile. They usually reserve that delicate method for women, but Mr. Burrows charms the house with his smile. A great deal has been said about this smile, which is a peculiarly attractive one, such as no one else can imitate. It is gentle and confidential and winning. With it the speaker takes the whole

J. C. BURROWS.

ment to fight it out till 1865, when there was nothing more to fight for. He is a Grand Army man, who believes fully in pensions for soldiers. Though radical he has a pleasant way with him, frank and outspoken, which makes him very popular. Gen. Henderson is now very near 50 years of age.

D. B. HENDERSON.

Last and one of the greatest comes Maj. McKinley—Napoleon McKinley he is sometimes called, from his resemblance to France's first emperor. Of all the candidates, McKinley had the main following at the last Republican convention in which Harrison was nominated. His personal appearance has been thus described: "His face in repose suggests at once Tom Keene and Daniel Webster. The profile is clear in its cutting, like Keene's, and the dark eyes are seen in the shadow that is so cavernous in the portraits of 'Black Dan.' There is little color in McKinley's face, and that white complexion contrasting with the shade about the eyes gives him the appearance of a man under some heavy nervous strain.

"When he is speaking his eyes are quick, nervous, apprehensive. The muscles of the face show like those of a comedian's in daylight, and they twitch. Some startling thought invades the mind of this wide awake Ohioan and the clean cut lips respond immediately with an alertive play and then shut tighter and more bloodless in their watchfulness of the secret. His voice is rather higher than one would expect from a man of his type, but it is not unpleasant in its pitch. McKinley is not particularly demonstrative in his address, but conveys an impression of reserved force."

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

McKinley is still quite young for a man who aspires to the speakership, being not yet 46 years old. He went into the military service at 17, coming out brevet major at 21. He differs from most of his competitors in his dignity and reserve. He is not a frequent speaker, but when he speaks he produces a powerful effect. He won his present position with his party by his skillful handling of the tariff question. His great dignity is largely in his favor, since if there is any one trait becoming a presiding officer it is this.

It is generally conceded that of all the candidates Reed and McKinley are the strongest. As they are both strong men, perhaps they may deadlock each other, and both have to give way to some of their less prominent competitors.

When an Englishman wants office he "stands" for it and then "sits." Americans run and lie.

The new building is being con
pared by an Architect who has ma
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of heating and ventilation known.
Ontario, though there are larger an
there is not one more perfect, and
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Accomodation will be provide
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feel so disposed.

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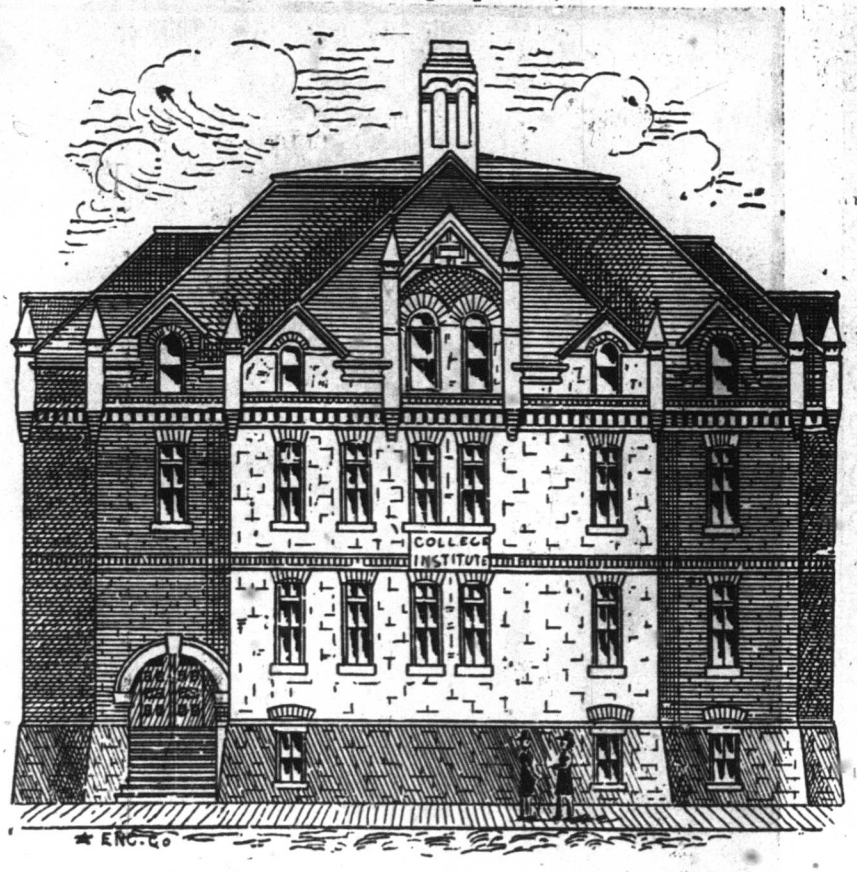
A specialty of Spectacles, and the only place
is used for testing the sight.

F. CHINNEC

A year ago we published a cut of the proposed Collegiate Institute. To-day we re-publish the same cut, but we are able to call it not the proposed, but the ACTUAL



New Collegiate Institute.

—:o:—

The attendance at our High School has increased more than four-fold during the last nine years. This growth has been regular and natural. No effort has been made to attract pupils beyond so carrying on the work of the School that those anxious to learn would appreciate its advantages. Moreover for three years the old building has been so overcrowded that those from other Counties seeking admission, and there have been many, have been refused.

The Citizens of Napanee when asked by the Board of Education to raise money necessary to erect a new and perfect High School building, responded with wonderful unanimity, meeting the School Board fully half way in their efforts to make Napanee an educational centre and to place our town in a position to receive a good share of the Provincial grant for secondary Education.

The new building is being constructed from plans prepared by an Architect who has made school buildings a speciality, and it is to be furnished with the most perfect system of heating and ventilation known. It is certain that in all Ontario, though there are larger and more expensive schools, there is not one more perfect, and only two or three as perfect, as our new Collegiate Institute will be.

Easily Accounted For.

"Young Naturalist" writes: "Do you think the dog is losing his sagacity? If not, how do you account for the fact that we have fewer narratives and incidents of wonderful displays of human intelligence on the part of dogs nowadays than formerly?" Oh, it isn't the fault of the dog at all; he's just as bright and intelligent as ever he was; more intelligent, we should say, as he is better trained and taught. But people don't lie so recklessly about such matters as they formerly did. The railway has reformed the country in that respect. It used to be that a man could tell a story that would make an iron lamp post cringe about a dog his uncle owned out in Ochiltree county, and he was safe, because nobody could get there in a life time. But now, a man can jump on a train and go anywhere in a week, and find out all about everything in two days after he gets there. So, even people who are not naturally truthful have to restrain their imaginations because there is no safe place to locate the dog if you make him too remarkable. You notice that most of our remarkable dogs and snakes, etc., are located in the most inaccessible places.

The snake editor of this paper, for instance, who was engaged away back in Stanley Huntley's time, was secured in the first place as geographical editor, and it was later on that it occurred to the manager to utilize his intimate knowledge of remote places in the compilation of interesting facts and stories in natural history. Don't you notice that every year the Smithsonian institute sends the curator away to all manner of wild, unheard of places that nobody else ever thought of to gather up a lot of new material? And whenever the scientific men want to observe the transit of Venus, or an equatorial eclipse of the sun, or anything of that sort, they never stay at home, as the rest of us do, and take in the scene through a piece of smoked glass; no, they go away from home some nine or ten thousand miles, with no end of things that a layman doesn't know how to look through. Then when they come home; my, my! The things they have seen! Dear, dear! H'm? Am I a scientist? Well, in some things I am; I have a little smattering of science, yes. I know how to fix up a report so's to make your hair curl.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

A Mean Reporter.

Several years ago, when W. K. Sullivan, now managing editor of The Journal, was a reporter on The Tribune, he was sent up to Evanston to do the college commencement exercises. When he had written up the afternoon session he took it to the telegraph office and incidentally remarked to the operator that he would have some more stuff to send in the evening about 9:30 or 10 o'clock. The operator informed Mr. Sullivan that the office would be closed at that time, and he could not send any message. Mr. Sullivan said that what he desired to send would be important matter for his paper, and asked the dignified young man why he could not be there to receive it. The reply was that he was going to a ball with his girl that night and he did not propose to give it up for the paper, the college or for anything else. Mr. Sullivan endeavored to argue the point with him, but the young fellow would listen to nothing.

Finally Mr. Sullivan asked in a mock humbleness if he could send a message then, and as permission was granted he took a blank and wrote: "Anson Stager, Western Union telegraph office, Chicago: A reporter for The Tribune will have about a column of important matter to send to his paper this evening about half past 9 or 10 o'clock; your operator here says he cannot possibly be here at that time to receive it as he is going to a ball with his girl. Will you please send a special man

The new building is being constructed from plans prepared by an Architect who has made school buildings a speciality, and it is to be furnished with the most perfect system of heating and ventilation known. It is certain that in all Ontario, though there are larger and more expensive schools, there is not one more perfect, and only two or three as perfect, as our new Collegiate Institute will be.

Accomodation will be provided for three hundred pupils, about one hundred more than attending at present, and it is not unlikely that it will soon be fully utilized. The people of this Town and County are awake to the necessity of providing their children with at least as good an education as those with whom they must compete in after life, and they realize that a thorough High School training is of no less advantage to a farmer or an artizan than to a doctor or a lawyer.

Napanee, a healthy and quiet market town, is the best possible situation for a good High School, and the School Board and the High School staff are determined that in its new quarters, which will be ready for occupation early in 1890, our High School shall achieve a success far beyond anything in the past.

With our present Head Master, who has won a Provincial reputation and stands at the top of his profession, and an experienced staff, carerully seclected with a regard for special qualifications for Collegiate Institute work, the people of Napanee feel warranted in confidently inviting the attention of the public to the superior facilities for secondary education which the Town affords.

XMAS PRESENTS.

"What and where to buy," is probably the question that is troubling you at present, and in this connection we beg to call your attention to our carefully selected stock of Goods. In prices we express our confidence to give the utmost satisfaction and convince all that we offer the greatest inducements for your patronage.

Extending the compliments of the season to one and all, we cordially invite you to call and inspect our handsome stock, irrespective of any obligation to buy, unless you feel so disposed.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, Etc.

A specialty of Spectacles, and the only place in Napanee where the diaptric meter is used for testing the sight.

F. CHINNECK, Jeweler, Napanee.

Finally Mr. Sullivan asked in a mock humbleness if he could send a message then, and as permission was granted he took a blank and wrote: "Anson Stager, Western Union telegraph office, Chicago: A reporter for The Tribune will have about a column of important matter to send to his paper this evening about half past 9 or 10 o'clock; your operator here says he cannot possibly be here at that time to receive it as he is going to a ball with his girl. Will you please send a special man up here to take the message?" To this he signed his name and handed it in. As the young man read it he turned all sorts of colors and, seeing that he was beaten, laid it down and said sadly, "I will be here." Reporters do not enjoy being hard hearted, but the exigencies of this case in the first place and the lofty air of this young man called out all the flintiness in Mr. Sullivan's nature. —Chicago Tribune.

Obstinate Children.

A friend once told me how, when a child, she was one day kept without food, and sent to bed hungry and exhausted, for not reciting some lines by heart, the punishment being inflicted on the supposition that she was willfully obstinate. She said that she does not now think herself to have been naturally obstinate, speaking generally; and, in this particular instance, she added: "But what no one knew then, and what I know as the fact, was that after refusing to do what was required, and bearing anger and threats in consequence, I lost the power to do it. I became stone. The will was petrified, and I absolutely could not comply." She expressed the conviction that the obstinacy was not in the mind, but on the nerves, and that what we call obstinacy in children, and in grown people, too, is often something of this kind, and that it may be increased by mismanagement or persistence, or what is called firmness in the controlling power, into disease or something near to it.—Dorothea in Ladies' Home Journal.

Chy Hoang Ty's Fatuous Freak.

Chy Hoang Ty, whose name signified the first emperor, and who rendered himself forever famous by the erection of the great Chinese wall, which has now stood for 2,000 years, by another act became entitled to quite a different species of fame. He ordered that all the books of the learned people, including the works of Confucius, should be cast into the flames. Many of the volumes, of course, escaped this fate, through the zeal of those who cultivated learning, but it is said that upwards of 400 persons who tried to evade or oppose the order were burned together with the books they had wished to save. An eminent authority in speaking of the act says: "It is not easy to explain the fantastic wickedness of such an act on any common principles, but one reason alleged for it is the jealousy that this foolish emperor entertained for the fame of his progenitors, and the wish he indulged that posterity should hear of none before himself."—Exchange.

Curing a Hiccough.

Mr. Smithkin had heard that a sure cure for a hiccough was a severe fright. One evening, smoking at his fireside after supper, he was taken with a hiccough, which continued in spite of all his efforts to check it.

Presently he got up suddenly from his chair, and called out in alarm to Mrs. Smithkin:

"I've lost my watch! I've lost my watch!"

Mrs. Smithkin hastened into the room.

"John Smithkin!" she said, "what do you mean?" Why, you haint done any such thing. Here's your watch all right, in your vest pocket."

"Don't you think I know that?" said Mr. Smithkin. "I was jest giving myself a severe fright, you know, to stop the hiccoughs!"—Youth's Companion.

THE EPISTOLARY CRANK.

FUNNY THINGS FOUND IN THE MAIL OF TWO PUBLIC MEN.

Letters Received by the Manager of the St. Louis Exposition—The Mayor of That City Gets His Share of the Same Kind. Specimens from Each Batch.

"The heads of public institutions are targets for all the cranks and queers of the country to shoot their pellets at," said Manager George Mills, of the St. Louis exposition, after examining a bushel or more of letters. "Some of these should be preserved in alcohol—here's one, for instance," and he handed the following to a reporter:

WANTS A MILLION FOR IT.

ALLEN, ALLEGANY COUNTY, N. Y.

St. Louis Exposition Director:

DEAR SIR—I learn you have got a big show in your city that handles everything. I have a natural curiosity that would draw big. I have offered it to a number of museums, but they would not pay what I want for it; I heard you folks give more for attractions than anybody else, and I want to know what you can give. I'd bet my franchise there ain't another one like it, nor half as good. What is it? I'll like some to tell me, but I'll tell you what it's like.

Last spring I felled a hollow butted beech tree, and splitting the butt rail cut I found the center filled, from about two feet above the ground, with something that looked like flesh, and which I parted from the inside of the hollow with some difficulty, as it seemed to be sort of grown to the wood. The thing was somewhat longer than a man, but it had no form—just a straight piece of flesh that fitted the irregularities of the tree's interior. But looking closer, I found what seemed like a kind of face, and then traced out what remained of nose, ears, arms and legs. There was a little orifice where the mouth ought to be that the thing was breathing out of just a little.

The flesh was very white and tender, and shrunk away if touched. I put it on the bob sled, took it home, and the school teacher who was boarding there and me concluded it was the reminiscence of a slave who had run away in war time, and, being almost caught, had squeezed up into the tree; that the hole had been stopped up, and the negro not being able to get out, the growing wood had pinched him and the sap of the tree had supplied him with life until I found him. As he could not grow sideways he was forced to grow some way, and when he had been compressed out of all shape to accommodate the space inside the extension began. The big bunch of woolly hair indicated his Africanness and no mistake. The peculiar food and darkness bleached him. I thought the creature was going to starve to death once, but I made beech nut soup and poured it into what used to be his mouth. I will take $1,000,000 for him.

FRANCIS DENT.

A FREE SHOW AND A FREE PASS.

"You'll invest, of course, in this oddity?" queried the reporter.

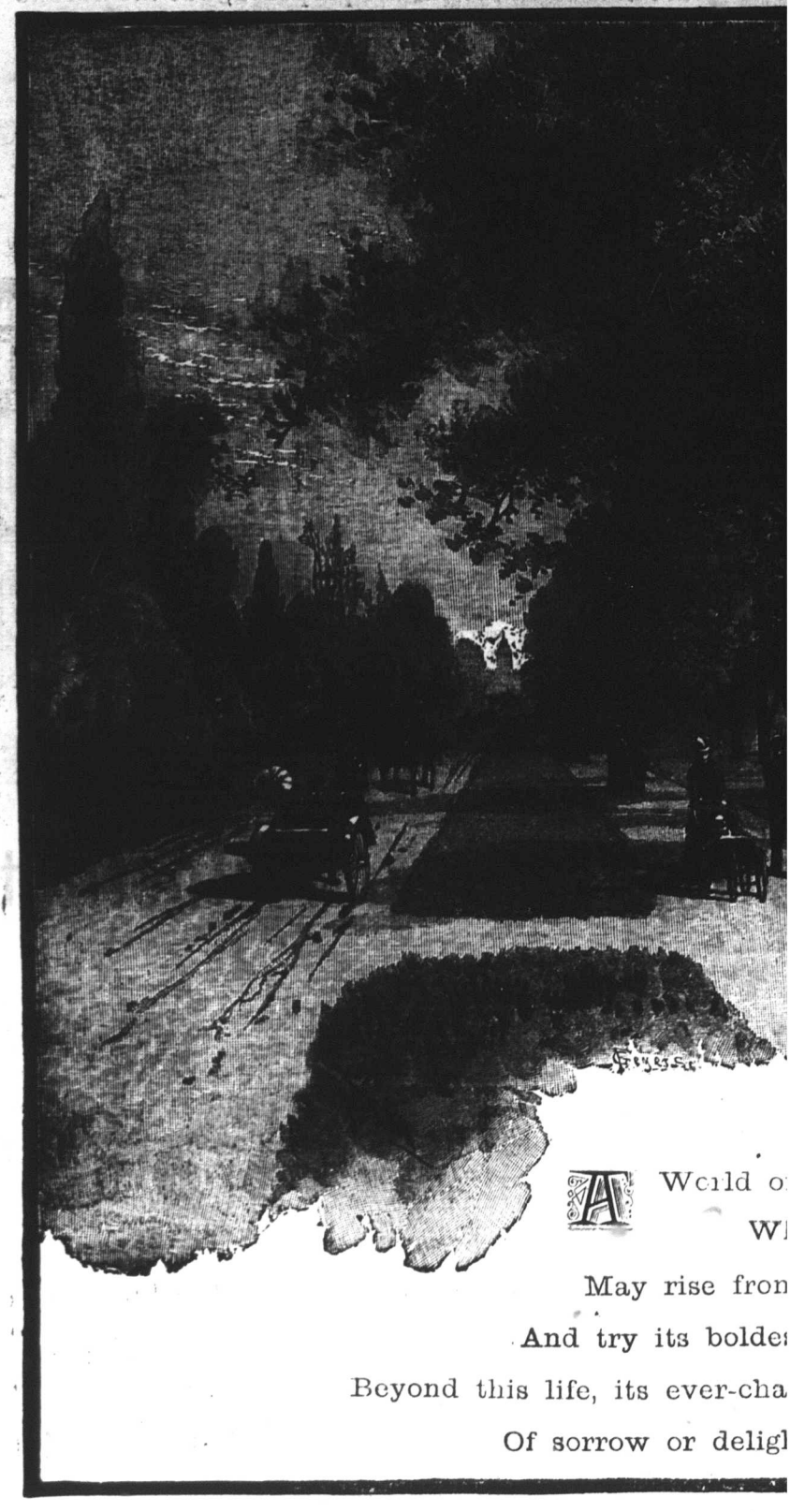
"It would be a star," replied the manager, "if it existed except in the writer's brain. But the demand for $1,000,000 betrays him for an insane man, even had we not received similar letters from him before. He was a school teacher, but has been confined four years. Every time he escapes we get one of those epistles."

"Here's one from a museum manager," Mr. Mills continued, "which inquires if I think the girl who receives the beauty premium can be induced to travel for a moderate salary with a sort of side show, and if I will act as his agent in the matter. By way of postscript he says that while she would be a drawing card for him, it would advertise the St. Louis exposition immensely."

"What will you reply?"

"Reply? Why, if I had the fellow here I'd—I'd—I'd"——

And the manager revolved everything mean he could imagine in his mind, but contempt curtailed the assignment until he finally



Juries in England.

In one respect England is ahead of America in criminal court procedure. I refer to the selection of juries. I attended courts in London and the assize towns pretty regular-

NAPAN
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"What will you reply?"

"Reply? Why, if I had the fellow here I'd —I'd—I'd"——

And the manager revolved everything mean he could imagine in his mind, but contempt curtailed the assignment until he finally ejaculated:

"I'd tie him in a Chinese laundry to fatten on rats!"

Another oddity was the letter of a Chicago mechanic, who expressed in stultified phraseology the highest admiration for "the show," and summed up with a request that Mr. Mills use his influence to get half fare rates for the writer, wife and baby to visit the exposition; or, he admitted, he would be glad of passes, and, as an inducement, offered "if any plastering wants patchin' " to do it.

Requests for passes to the hall are numerous. One man writes from Ottawa, Kan., asking a season ticket for his family on the ground that he "boosted" Verestchagin while the latter got his sketch for "A Hanging in Russia." Half a hundred offer their services gratis as watchmen if their friends will be passed in. An inventor offers for $5,000 to set up a machine at each entrance that will take, automatically, the picture of every one entering the building, without regard to how fast they come. This is both as an exhibit, the author explains, and to help the police in picking up pickpockets.

RURAL ART—A CHICKEN BARON.

Farther on in the pile was a letter from a farmer, who evidently could not appreciate the Russian painter's talent. "I went thar," he scrawls, "gist to see them paintens I hearn so much about. My girl Jane's only 14, 'n she kin paint better a blamed sight with skim milk 'n huckleberry juice." But unique MSS. are not confined to the exposition. Two days after assuming the assistant mayorship, Acting Secretary Simon S. Bass had a stock of odd applications filed away for mementoes. Among these is one from a thoroughbred Yankee, who asks:

"Mr. Mayor: What chance is there in St. Louis for an official incubator, that is, one that is a first class hatching machine which I could get your indorsement for as mayor for about $200? Besides, I would give you a couple of spring chickens every day while I run and got good business. Or, I could do better and make it worth your while to make a license or something, so I could put in a lot and control the hatching business of your town. Please answer quick, because I have a lot of eggs waiting."

In another line was the letter which asked if a brick making machine would pay here, but the man spread the batter all over the griddle who asked if wheelbarrows had been introduced here yet, and if not how a couple dozen would take after the novelty wore off. This came from Canada.

A farmer near Ironton, Mo., begs Mayor Noonan to refer him to the best poet in town, as he wants, he says, about 100 lines about an old fellow settler if it would cost no more than a nickel a line. Or, he offers the mayor fifty cents to let the job out not to exceed $8, for which he would like to send two deers when the game law comes in. "Every man to his trade," he winds up; "I can hunt; let him as can write poetry."

So common are these appeals that an application to the mayor for the position as a school teacher, etc., scarcely provokes a smile. The answering of these communications is left to the janitor, who affirms they kindle fire as well as any paper he knows of.

The export of diamonds from South Africa for 1887 were 3,598,930 carats, worth £4,240,000, against 3,135,000 carats, worth £3,500,000 for the previous year.

Juries in England.

In one respect England is ahead of America in criminal court procedure. I refer to the selection of juries. I attended courts in London and the assize towns pretty regularly for nearly twenty years, and can only remember one case in which it took more than ten minutes to secure a jury. Then there were only nine jurors in attendance, and the judge, Baron Bramwell, fined the absentees $250 each, and while he was having the fines recorded the sheriff secured three substitutes. Such a thing as challenging a juror is almost unheard of. Once I remember a man charged with shoplifting protested against a brother of the prosecutor serving on the jury. His protest was overruled, the trial proceeded and the verdict was "not guilty." One reason why juries are so easily obtained is that papers never comment on cases that are sub judice; they may report facts, but if they express an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of a person under arrest the publishers may be fined for contempt of court. Of late years, however, greater latitude has been allowed, and comment frequently passes unchallenged.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Discriminating.

To a party traveling across the plains in search of sport the ability to distinguish between a woman and a wild animal is of the first importance. An incident in the journey of Lord Dufferin and his suite across the continent a few years ago brings this truth plainly to mind.

While passing across a plain, out of sight of all human beings, an antelope stood within a few yards of the train looking at it go by. A number of us saw the animal, and called to the next car in order that the governor general and Lady Dufferin might look out.

There was a sudden rush to the window, but no antelope was then in sight. The train had gone swiftly on, and by the time they had reached the window their car was passing a solitary woman dressed in modern fashion, with a veil over her face and a sunshade in her hand.

A disgusted member of Lord Dufferin's staff ejaculated: "Oh, nonsense! that's a woman, not an antelope."—Youth's Companion.

Result of a Dance.

A curious story is told of how Chief Justice Fuller and his family were driven from the Congregational to the Episcopal fold by a dance, when they lived in Augusta, Me. In 1840, when Nathan Weston, Mr. Fuller's father-in-law, was chief justice of Maine, a young ladies' sewing circle was held at the Weston house, and Mrs. Fuller played the piano for the dancing that followed the sewing, her brother accompanying her on the violin. This ungodly innovation stirred up such a rumpus in the Congregational church that the Weston and Fuller families went over to the Episcopalians.—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Serious Case.

Pater—Why so pale, dear? Not feeling well?

Daughter (languidly)—Simply longing, papa dear; longing to be famous like other girls. I wish unutterably for literary glory; to write a summer novel and see my portrait on the cover.

Pater (calling through speaking tube)—Bridget, tell Jonn to go for the doctor instantly and have him bring leeches.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

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NAPANEE MILLS,

MANUFACT

NAPANEE HYDRAU

OF A SUPERIOR

specially adapted for Canals, Bridges, Culverts, S
Endorsed by leading contractors and railways.

PLASTERING LIM

BUILDING LIME, us
class es of heavy masonry work.

LAND PLASTER, gro
sum beds.

—ALL KINDS

STAVE HE

FLOUR BARRELS. APP

Patent Coiled Flour Ba

WANTE

Elm Logs and

We want a large quantity of ELM LOGS and
to pay highest prices for the same delivered at the
station along the line of the N. T. & Q. Ry. Contra

For further particulars apply to.

E.

Su

F. W. SMITH

The NAPANEE JEWELRY STORE is filled to th
selected stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS

EVERYTHING SUITABLE FOR TH

We are the only manufacturing Jewelers in th
no superiors and acknowledge no equals. We ma
keep in stock, thereby knowing that what we offer

IN SILVER

Our stock is larger than in former years, cons
wishing to make a present in this line will do well
store.

IN WATC

We have the largest stock. All styles and mak
which we are offering at great bargains.

IN RIN

We have every conceivable style.

IN CHAI

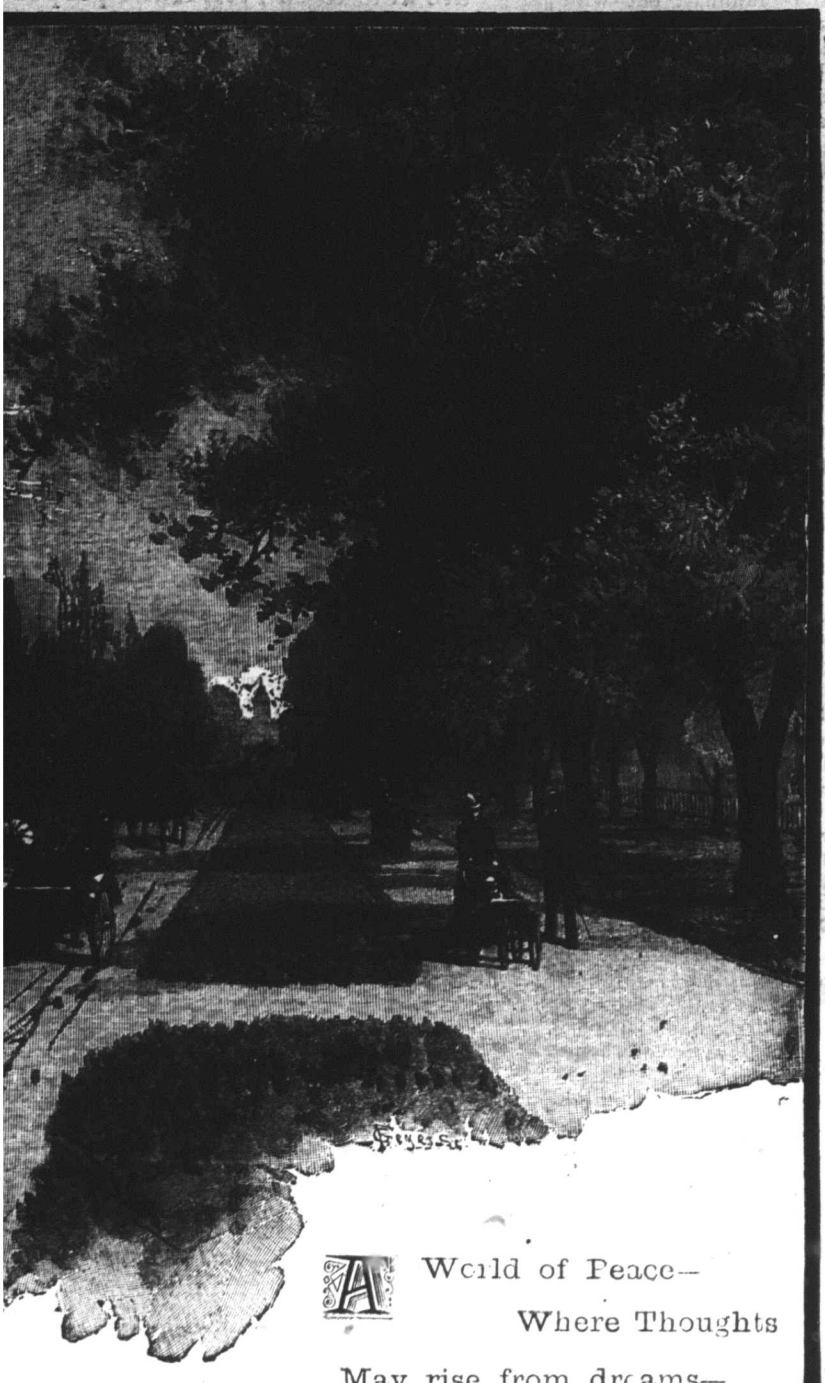
We have a large and spl

IN GOLD SPE

We lead the trade. Our stock is larger than ever b
presents for the old folk. If you want a present fo

THE NAPANEE JEW

We have added to our stock this year a large assort
every style and price from $1 up. Call and see them. Th



A World of Peace—
Where Thoughts
May rise from dreams—
And try its boldest flight
Beyond this life, its ever-changing scenes
Of sorrow or delight.

PROF. R. KENNEDY,

—TEACHER OF—

PIANO-FORTE.

By the lesson or quarter.

Rooms at MRS. G. ANDERSON'S.
Centre Street, Napanee.

THE PAISLEY HOUSE, NAPANEE.

Strictly First Class.

Every attention paid to the comfort of guests.

The Paisley House has been renovated and refurnished and is now one of the best conducted Hotels east of Toronto.

RATES REASONABLE.
PETER BARTON,
Proprietor.

MISS MURPHY'S.

Central Fancy Goods Emporium.

A full stock of useful and ornamental Fancy Goods. Comprising
SOFA PILLOWS, MANTLE DRAPES, TABLE SCARFS, PIANO COVERS, PANELS, PLAQUES, etc., constantly on hand.

Get a pair of Slippers and work them for a Christmas present for your own or some other girl's brother.

Miss Murphy carries a large stock of general Dry Goods, small wares, Millinery, Tweeds, Mantle Cloths, etc., and an immense assortment of ladies' and children's Underwear.

Get your Christmas presents at

MISS MURPHY'S.
MILLS BLOCK, NAPANEE.

ROBLIN & FORD

If you want a useful article for a

XMAS PRESENT,

Come direct to us and get a

NICE SEAL,

PERSIAN LAMB

OR AN OTTER CAP,

or anything else in

GENTLEMENS' GOODS

AT LOW PRICES.

ROBLIN & FORD.

Hardware.

NAPANEE

CEMENT WORKS.

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CEMENT WORKS.

(LIMITED.)

NAPANEE MILLS, - - ONTARIO.

MANUFACTURE

NAPANEE HYDRAULIC CEMENT

OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

specially adapted for Canals, Bridges, Culverts, Sewers, Cisterns, Cellar Floors, etc. Endorsed by leading contractors and railways.

PLASTERING LIME, suitable for finishing purposes.

BUILDING LIME, used for paper manufacturing and all classes of heavy masonry work.

LAND PLASTER, ground from the best American Gypsum beds.

—ALL KINDS OF—

STAVE HEADING

FLOUR BARRELS. APPLE BARRELS.

Patent Coiled Flour Barrels Hoops, etc.

WANTED

Elm Logs and Stave Bolts.

We want a large quantity of ELM LOGS and STAVE BOLTS, and are prepared to pay highest prices for the same delivered at the works at Napanee Mills, or at any station along the line of the N. T. & Q. Ry. Contracts made if desired.

For further particulars apply to.

E. BRAVENDER,

Superintendent, Napanee Mills, P. O.

F. W. SMITH & BRO.

The NAPANEE JEWELRY STORE is filled to the utmost with a choice and carefully selected stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

EVERYTHING SUITABLE FOR THE HOLIDAY TRADE.

We are the only manufacturing Jewelers in this county. In this line we admit of no superiors and acknowledge no equals. We manufacture the bulk of the goods we keep in stock, thereby knowing that what we offer is A 1.

IN SILVERWARE

Our stock is larger than in former years, consiting of a greater variety. Anyone wishing to make a present in this line will do well to call at the Old Napanee Jewelry store.

IN WATCHES

We have the largest stock. All styles and makes from the leading manufacturers, which we are offering at great bargains.

IN RINGS

We have every conceivable style. Price, $1 to $100.

IN CHAINS

We have a large and splendid variety.

IN GOLD SPECTACLES

We lead the trade. Our stock is larger than ever before. Splendid articles suitable for presents for the old folk. If you want a present for the old folk, call at

THE NAPANEE JEWELRY STORE.

We have added to our stock this year a large assortment of Gold and Silver headed Canes, of every style and price from $1 up. Call and see them. They make a very nice Xmas present.

KOELLN & FORD.

Hardware.

Sign of the

Golden Auger

Axes, Axes, Axes.

CROSS CUT SAWS.

The best stock ever brought to Napanee to choose from. All first class goods.

Cotton Twine Gill Netts in any quantity. Cut Nails, Hinges, House Furnishings of every description.

Don't buy a CROSS CUT SAW until you see the "Leader."

M. S. MADOLE.

Successor to Perry & Madole.

SANTA CLAUS'

HEAD--QUARTERS

—IS AT THE—

7 CENT STORE.

This is the CHEAPEST PLACE IN NAPANEE to get Christmas Presents for old and young. Big little, rich, and poor, can find what is required in our grand assortment of Christmas Goods in DOLLS, VASES, CHINA CUPS and SAUCERS, MOUTH ORGANS, TOY TEA SETS, TOY FURNITURE, KNIVES, DRUMS, STEAM ENGINES PURSES, TOY CROCKERY, WATCHES, TRUMPETS, TOPS, GLASSWARE, WRITING DESKS, TOY DOGS, CATS, BIRDS, DUCKS, and thousands of Novelties at the

7 CENT STORE, West of the Campbell House' NAPANEE.

CHRISTMAS MORNING.

OWN the stairs the maiden leaps,
Down the polished, oaken stairs,
Leaves the chamber where she sleeps,
Undisturbed by Christmas cares.

Down the stairs the maiden springs,
Not a doubt beclouds her brow,
Joyously her young voice rings,
"What has Santa brought me now?"

Down the stairs the maiden creeps,
Down the cold and barren stairs,
Leaves the room in which she sleeps,
Full of childish, Christmas cares.

On the stairs the maiden stands,
Fearing further down to go,

—FROM—

Thos. Symington,

To The Public.

Greetings all and thanks for former favors.

I do not give or receive Xmas presents but give full value for every cent received, guarantee satisfaction, and if the goods don't suit (from any cause whatever) take them back cheerfully and refund the money.

I can't startle you with miracles but will sell you goods as good and cheap as any person in Napanee.

I can't sell 40 cent Tea for 20 cents, but sell 40 cent Tea for 40 cents, and 10 cent Tea for 10 cts, do my own importing, save 10 per cent., and give my customers the benefit of it.

I will not insult your intelligence by saying that I control any particular brand or grade of Flour, but will sell you the best grades of Flour in Canada, in any quantities, at as small a profit as any man can live on.

I keep on hand a large stock of Flour, Feed, Bran and Shorts, Sugar, Teas, and general Groceries, Pork, Fish, and Fruits of all kinds.

I make Seeds, field and garden a specialty.

I will pay the highest price for Raw Furs.

I have my full share of custom, but would gladly accommodate a few more.

Wishing you happiness, prosperity and free trade.

I remain yours faithfully,

THOS. SYMINGTON,

Dundas Street, Napanee, Ont.

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company.

THE BIG

NAPANEE, C

I am prepared to do gristing in a first-class ma
large quantity of

CHOICE WESTERN WH

For sale cheap. Ask for the "Lily White" Brand and
at the Big Mill, the head quarters for this brand.
cheaper than anywhere else in the district.

OATMEAL - Rolled, Granulated, a
Flour, bring along your Wheat and have it groun
full weight.

JOHN

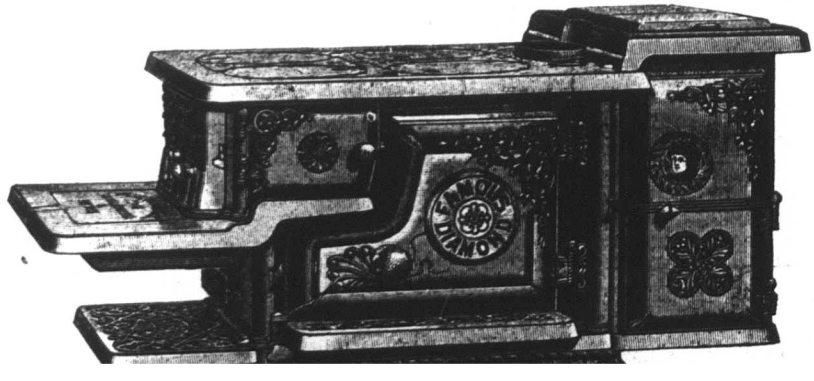
R. G. WRIC

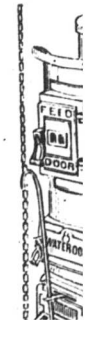
1867. 22 YEARS IN BUSINESS. 18

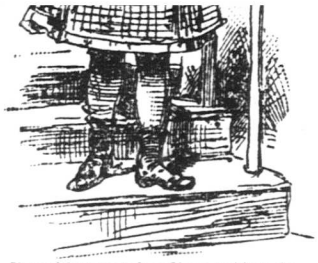
THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED

**Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, St
House Furnishing Store in Central Ont**

Axes, Cross Cut Saws, Sleigh Bells, Skates, M
smiths' and Carriage makers' Tools, Carpenters' T
and Band Iron, Nails of all kinds, Locks, Butts, Tee
Door Hinges, Cutlery, Rope, Paints, Oils, Glass, Var
Woodenware, Tinware, House Furnishings; in fact e
a FIRST-CLASS HARDWARE STORE and at lowe







Trembling are her lips and hands,
"Has Old Santa been below?"

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE.

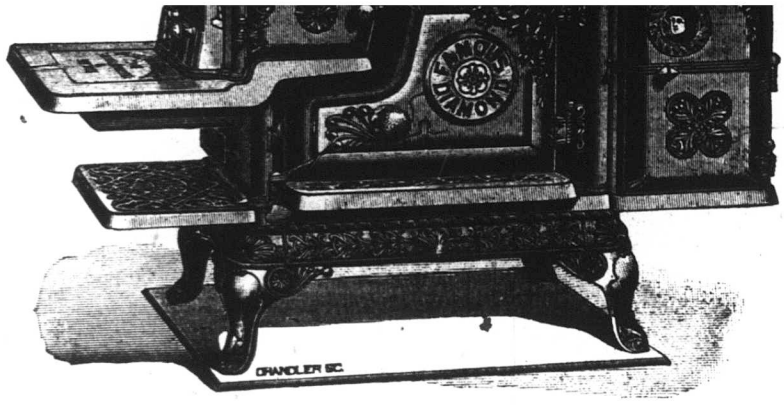
The New British Minister to Washington, and His Family.

Washington is delighted with the new British minister, Sir Julian Pauncefote, and his family, and on the part of the young ladies the pleasure seems to be reciprocal, for they were quite enthusiastic in their enjoyment of American life. Sir Julian combines several valued English attributes, such as high rank and a very long line of ancestors, with the versatile social qualities usually thought more natural to the Irish and American people. His daughters, having spent so much of their life abroad during their father's diplomatic career, are in the best sense of the phrase citizens of the world.

Lady Selina Fitzgerald Cubitt Pauncefote is the full title of the mother and social head of Sir Julian's interesting family. Her father was Maj. Cubitt, of the British army in India, and he was military secretary to the government at Calcutta when he died there. The Cubitts are an old Norfolk family whose ancestral seat is at Catfield; but Maj. Cubitt's widow married a son of Sir Martin Archer Shee, and so her daughter was taken abroad at an early age and educated at Dresden, where she met and was married to Sir Julian Pauncefote. The family is noted among England's soldiers, and her brother, Col. William George Cubitt, won the Victoria Cross for brave service at the siege of Lucknow. She is a highly accomplished and socially attractive lady, so youthful in appearance that she seems like an older sister of her daughters. Her brown hair and bright eyes, shapely head and lithe figure, give her a most attractive personality, and her dignity and courtesy are up to the high standard of the British embassy.

Miss Maude Pauncefote, oldest daughter and the only one formally "in society," was born and partially reared in Dresden, completed her education in London, where she was formally presented at court and "brought out," after which she traveled some time on the continent before coming to the United States. She is a great reader, and especially fond of American fiction, her favorite authors being Howells, Bret Harte and Marion Crawford. She is so pleased with American scenery, actors and society, as well as the bright skies of the Washington climate, that she does not wish to return to England—at least, so she says, and, in view of the many American girls who have married British titles, it looks like an exchange ought to be effected.

Miss Violet Sybil Pauncefote, the sec-



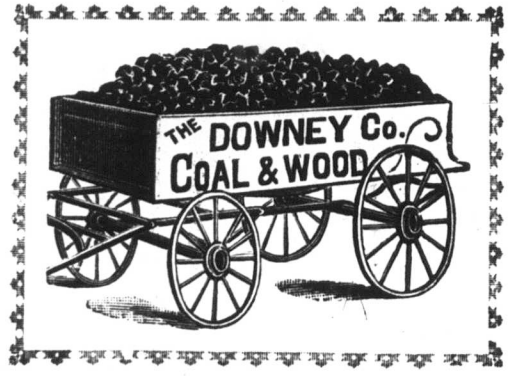
Above are cuts of the "Famous Diamond" Wood Cook Stov
Tubular Furnace. The Famous Diamond has no superior in C
every Stove to give PERFECT SATISFACTION. Those who have used
in their favor. The "Pleasant Home" is the leading furnace in
heavy and has improvements possessed by no other Furnace.
Clare Bros. & Co., Preston, Ont., the largest Furnace manufact
have already shipped over 1,500 Furnaces this season and are still
The Pleasant Home Furnaces are in many of the best houses in
and give perfect satisfaction.

R. G. W

Napanee, Dec'r 9th, 1889. 126

THE

DOWNEY C

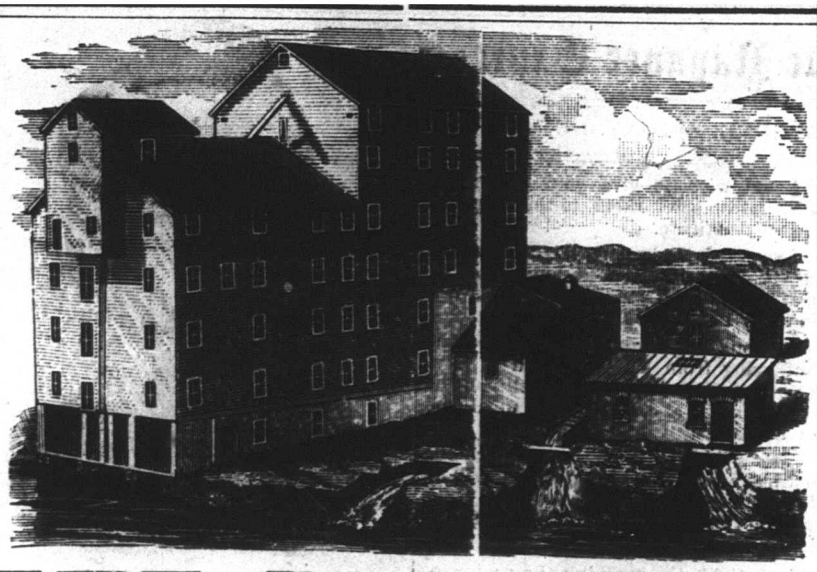


COAL IMPORT

AND

Grain Export

NAPANEE, -



THE BIG MILL,

NAPANEE, ONT

I am prepared to do gristing in a first-class manner and at reasonable rates. A large quantity of

CHOICE WESTERN WHEAT FLOUR

For sale cheap. Ask for the "Lily White" Brand and if your grocer don't keep it, call at the Big Mill, the head quarters for this brand. Feed and Flour as cheap, if not cheaper than anywhere else in the district.

OATMEAL - Rolled, Granulated, and Standard. If you want good Flour, bring along your Wheat and have it ground where you can rely on getting full weight.

JOHN R. DAFOE.

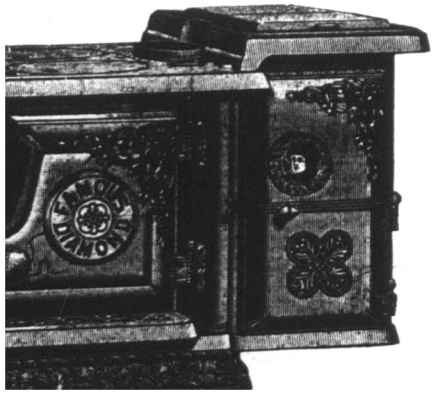
. WRIGHT

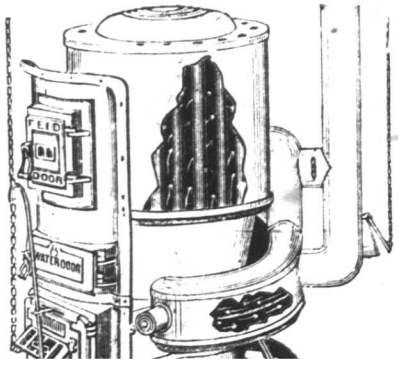
22 YEARS IN BUSINESS. 1889.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED

Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Stove, Tinware and Furnishing Store in Central Ontario.

ut Saws, Sleigh Bells, Skates, Mink Traps, Black-ge makers' Tools, Carpenters' Tools, Bar, Hoop ls of all kinds, Locks, Butts, Tee, Strap and Barn y, Rope, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes and Putty, re, House Furnishings; in fact everything kept in ARDWARE STORE and at lowest prices.





ond daughter, is in her early teens and therefore not "in society." She "looks on," according to English custom, when there is a party or formal reception, but does not dance, accepts no invitations to go out, and is not supposed to be charged with any social duties such as "assisting

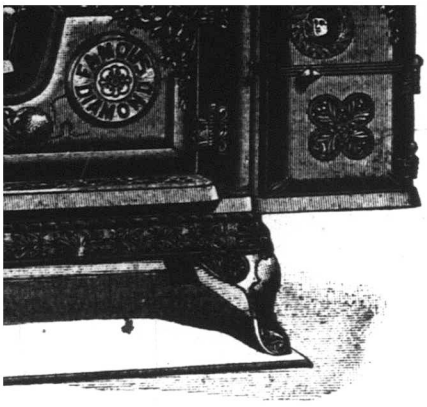
SIBYL. LILIAN. MISS PAUNCEFOTE. AUDREY.

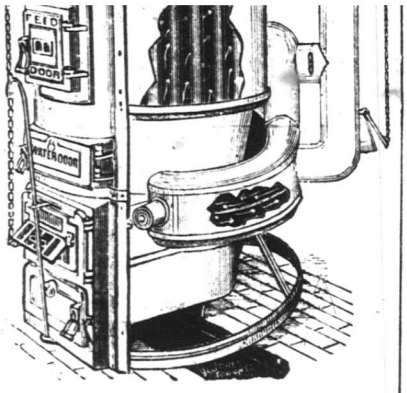
to receive," etc. Miss Sybil, as she is called in the domestic classification, was born in London, and is still deep in her studies.

Miss Lilian, the third daughter, born at Richmond on the Thames, is what plain Americans would call a big, healthy girl, full of life, and, extremely fond of riding, boating and walking. She has dark eyes and hair, and resembles her father most of any of the daughters. Last is Audrey, the golden-haired pet, a native of London and already a great favorite in Washington. She too is enthusiastic about America, and says, "Oh, we hope we shall always stay in this beautiful country, and we want to go often to the opera and have a pony we can ourselves ride and drive in the parks."

It, is, perhaps, quite to be desired that Sir Julian should remain long in the country, and it may be considered certain that he will avoid the rock on which his predecessor was wrecked, for he is a wary old diplomatist with a vast amount of experience in most difficult situations. The Pauncefotes are certainly among the very oldest noble families in England; they held high rank far back in Saxon times, survived the Norman conquest, mingled their blood amicably with the Danish, Briton and Norman stocks which have aided to make the English the strongest race in Europe, and came through the murderous Wars of the Roses with an unbroken line. Sir Julian, however, was but the third son of the late Robert Pauncefote of Preston Court, Gloucestershire, and raised himself to his present station by superior achievements in diplomacy.

He began active life at the bar of the inner temple in 1852, but was soon taken into the office of Sir William Molesworth, secretary of state for the colonies, as private secretary, and his rise in diplomacy





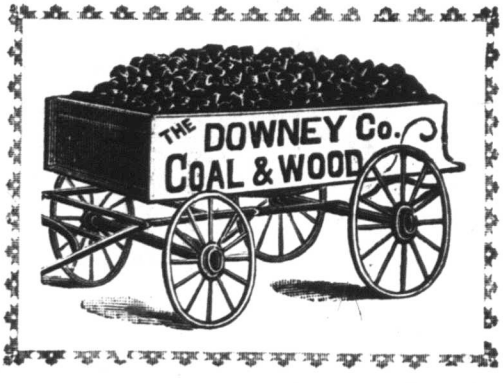
the "Famous Diamond" Wood Cook Stove and "Pleasant Home"
e Famous Diamond has no superior in Canada and I guarantee
ECT SATISFACTION. Those who have used them cannot say enough
easant Home" is the leading furnace in Canada to-day, is very
ements possessed by no other Furnace. It is manufactured by
ston, Ont., the largest Furnace manufacturers in Canada. They
r 1,500 Furnaces this season and are still behind with their orders.
urnaces are in many of the best houses in Lennox and Addington
tion.

R. G. WRIGHT.

889. 126 and 128 Dundas street.

THE

WNEY CO.,



. IMPORTERS

AND

n Exporters.

ANEE, - ONT.

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He began active life at the bar of the inner temple in 1852, but was soon taken into the office of Sir William Molesworth, secretary of state for the colonies, as private secretary, and his rise in diplomacy was quite rapid. He was attorney general of Hong Kong in 1886, chief justice of the Leeward isles in 1874, assistant secretary for foreign affairs in 1876, and was made permanent under secretary for foreign affairs in 1882. Thence he was delegated in 1885 as one of the commission to draw up rules for the international regulation of the Suez canal, and was soon after named as minister to the United States.

Built to Sell.

A railroad is a railroad, isn't it? The public thinks so. But under the surface, railroads are sometimes built to sell. For instance, there is a piece of road I recently saw that is laid with rails of thirty pounds to the yard—105,600 pounds of iron to the mile of trade. Now, a local street car company will put seventy-eight pound steel rails down—274,560 pounds to the mile, or 137 tons and 566 pounds. A great many trunk lines are laying ninety-six pound steel rails—337,920 pounds, or 168 tons and 1,920 pounds to the mile. At $30 a ton to iron the first would cost $1,690 a mile, the last $5,070. So it will be seen how railroads are built to sell. But this is not all the saving. Sometimes it is cheaper to build two miles of track around a hill than half a mile straight through; and the miles count in selling, especially western roads. Then, I have seen rails spiked at quarters and centers, or, at most, half the ties skipped. There is also a difference between eight inch clear white oak ties without sap, sixteen inches between centers, and "culled" or soft wood ties two feet apart. In short, it takes a man a long time to learn the difference that can be made in the expense of constructing a railroad.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Marine Exhibition, Boston.

THE GOVERNMENT EXHIBIT.

The marine exhibition continues to attract much attention in Boston, where almost everything of possible interest, from a marine point of view, is shown. The cut shows a variety of articles forming a part of the exhibit of the United States government.

—The Montreal Clothing House, Napanee, employ the best cutters. Their cut fit, and style of make cannot be equalled.

—What more suitable present can be got for the old folks than a pair of gold spectacles. A large stock at the Napanee Jewelry Store. F. W. Smith & Bro.

A. S. KIMMERLY

is selling immense quantities of

Groceries,

CONFECTIONERY,

FLOUR & FEED.

FLOUR.—I keep constantly on hand a large stock, all made from No. 1 hard Manitoba Spring wheat, every 100 guaranteed first-class.

SUGARS.—I am underselling all. 13 lbs extra granulated for $1.

TEAS.—I sell more than all the stores in town. Ask your neighbors about that 15 and 25 cent tea I am selling.

CURRANTS.—17 lbs for $1 and all kinds of dried Fruits equally cheap.

MIXED CANDY.—2 lbs for 25 cents; Chocolate, 20 cents per lb.

I want to buy 1000 Fox Skins, Coon and Mink. Highest price paid for all kinds of raw furs.

Telephone 15. **A. S. KIMMERLY.**

The Napanee Ag'l Works

JOHN HERRING

begs to announce to the public that he is still manufacturing

Agricultur'l Implements

OF ALL KINDS.

HE IS NOW OFFERING

A First-class Straw Cutter,

an article so useful that every farmer ought to have one.

Call and examine the Machine for yourselves.

JOHN HERRING

NAPANEE, ONT.

AUCTION SALE.

—OF—

Valuable FARM PROPERTY

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 13, 1889.

—If you wish to give your children a good education send them to the Napanee Collegiate Institute.

—If you wish to show your appreciation of our efforts, send along a dollar and, in return, we will send you THE EXPRESS until January 1st., 1891.

—Are you going to get married? Get the wedding ring from F. W. Smith & Bro. They will engrave the ring and sell you the marriage license and keep mum until the event is over.

—Parties wishing to send copies of the Christmas EXPRESS to their friends will do well to send in their orders at once. We are selling the Christmas number at five cents per copy.

—Next Sabbath morning the pastor of the Adolphustown Methodist church will preach on the nature and obligation of Baptism, and will administer the sacred rite to several adults.

—From Saturday, December 21st, to Wednesday, December 25th, single fare return tickets will be sold from all points on the N. T. & Q. Railway, to Napanee, tickets good to return not later than the 26th instant.

—For sale.—One of the most comfortable homes in Napanee. A good brick house, good barn, hard and soft water, gas, furnace and well situated. Easy terms of payment. A bargain for somebody. Apply at THE EXPRESS office.

—Rev. C. O. Johnston has consented to deliver his famous lecture on "Influences", in Tamworth, on Christmas Eve. Those who have heard Mr. Johnston on the platform, know what a treat is in store for the people of Tamworth. The lecture will be preceded by a tea in the Methodist church.

—A. S. Kimmerly takes the lead; 13 lbs. extra granulated sugar for $1; best Coal oil, 15 cts. per gallon; fine mixed candy, 2 lbs. for 25 cts; choice 50 cent tea, 25 cts; good tea 15 cts. I have also a stock of the finest Western flour always on hand, and am selling away below all others. 17 lbs. new currants, $1. It will pay you to call and see our stock. Remember I will not be undersold.

—Messrs. Fralick & Crouch are now manufacturing very superior lines of tables, easels, cabinets, piano stools, music racks and cabinets, fancy stools and chairs and brackets of all descriptions. If you are puzzled as to what to give for a Christmas present, call and see their stock. The work turned out by this firm is strictly first-class and has a reputation extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

—Rev. E. N. Baker, M. A., B. D., delivered a lecture in Port Hope last Monday evening, his subject being "A Ramble in Rome." The Port Hope Guide says:—"We congratulate Mr. Baker on his advent into the lecture field. He will not take a back seat in this department of work, or in any other he undertakes. What he does is done well." We are glad to learn that Mr. Baker is keeping up his reputation as an energetic worker.

—F. W. Smith & Bro., are the only manufacturing jewelers in this part of Ontario. If they haven't got what you want, they will make it for you on very short notice.

—The snug little English church which has been erected at Selby to replace the one recently destroyed by fire, was dedi-

BOWEN E. AYLSWORTH.

Candidates for the Provi

—Wedding rings, wedding rings, a full stock at F. Chinnecks jewelry store.

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—The Seventeenth Annual Report of the Confederation Life Association is a most gratifying one. The careful conservative business methods which have characterized this Association since its inception have been continued; and the results are such as cannot fail to be highly satisfactory to all concerned. The total policies in force numbered 10 896 for the sum of $16,762,937—a magnificent business record when it is borne in mind that every risk has been carefully selected, and that no business has been taken for the mere sake of making up a grand total. This is evidenced by the low death claims for the past year. These only amounted to sixty-seven: calling for the sum of $112,044.09, including bonus additions. The excellent management of this Association is also evideneed by the fact that the death claims for the past eight years have been more than met by the income of rents and interest; thus while the death claims in eight years have mounted to $636,471.48, the income from rents and interest has netted $669,384 27—leaving a balance in favor of the Association of $32,912.79. It is gratifiying to find a comparatively young Canadian life company taking so high a position amongst the great life associations of the continent. Mr. J. K. Macdonald, the able managing director, is to be congratulated on the large measure of success that has crowned his efforts. During all these years he has brought abilities of no ordinary kind to the discharge of his onerous duties. Con-

life for yourselves.

JOHN HERRING

NAPANEE, ONT.

AUCTION SALE.

—OF—

Valuable FARM PROPERTY

in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington,

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage (whereby the power therein contained to sell has become operative) executed to the vendor and bearing date, the 10th day of February, 1885, and registered in the Registry office for the County of Lennox and Addington, in Book 15, for the Township of Camden, on the 14th day of February, 1885, as Number 5212, and which said mortgage will be produced at the time of sale. Notice is therefore hereby given that on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21st, 1889

at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, in the Town of Napanee.

The said mortgage will be foreclosed by virtue of the power of sale therein contained, by sale at Public Auction, to the highest bidder of the mortgaged premises, described in said mortgage, and which are as follows:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being the north eighty-seven and a half acres of the east half of Lot Number 50, in the 4th Concession of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington.

Terms.—The vendor reserves the right to name one bid.

Fifty per cent of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale. For balance, terms will be made known at the time of sale.

For further particulars apply to
R. McCAY, Esq., Auctioneer, Napanee.
or to
DEROCHE & MADDEN,
5189c Vendors' Solicitors, Napanee.

C. A. LONG'S.

Sample & Terms, 25 Cents By Mail.

No bottle
No waste
No muss,
Always ready.

ONE PENCIL EQUALS SIX Bottles of Mucilage Nothing neater.

Directions.—Moisten open end and pass lightly over face of the paper, being careful not to get it too damp. Dries **instantly**. Address

T. A. HUFFMAN, - - NAPANEE, ONT.

Acting Sole Agent for Dominion of Canada. Box 345.

FARM FOR SALE.

The Weese Farm, in the 4th Concession of Adolphustown, for sale at a bargain. 100 acres, good buildings, land in good state of cultivation. For further particulars apply to
JOHN D. HAM, Esq., Napanee, or to
51tf C. H. WIDDIFELD, Picton, Ont.

GOODS WELL BOUGHT

Are said to be half sold. Call at

LOCKWOOD'S

For all kinds of Xmas presents at lowest prices.

Corner of Brisco House block.

FARM FOR SALE.

In the 7th concession of North Fredericksburgh the west corner of Lot No. 24, containing 30 acres. Good barns, house, orchards, etc.
5289d GARRET VANALSTINE.

that Mr. Baker is keeping up his reputation as an energetic worker.

—F. W. Smith & Bro., are the only manufacturing jewelers in this part of Ontario. If they haven't got what you want, they will make it for you on very short notice.

—The snug little English church which has been erected at Selby to replace the one recently destroyed by fire, was dedicated on Wednesday last. Venerable Archdeacon T. Bedford-Jones conducted the services and was assisted by Rev. Mr. Harding, of Napanee, and the Rector, Rev. Mr. Bailey. The congregation are to be congratulated on once more having such a comfortable place of worship. The building, though small, is very neat and admirably suited to the wants of the people. It is built of red brick and is finished in a first-class manner.

—Are you thinking of having your photograph taken. If so, call on J. S. Hulett and see samples of his work. He is now turning out work fully equal to that done in first-class city galleries. Mr. Hulett is now finishing cabinet photos in what is known as the scroll design, and they are pronounced by competent judges to be gems. Considerable attention is paid to the enlarging of photos either from a new negative or an old picture. These enlarged pictures are finely finished in a manner that cannot be excelled anywhere.

—The many friends of George Miller will regret to learn of his death which took place at London, on Saturday last. Deceased was a little over seventy-seven years of age. He was born in the Township of Ernesttown. For thirty-seven years Mr. Miller was a local preacher in the Methodist church, and only retired because of physical disability. The remains were brought east for interment. There will be a memorial service held in the Newburgh Methodist Church next Sabbath morning, conducted by Rev. D. O. Crossley.

—The Anniversary services in connection with the W. M. Church, passed off very successfully. On Sabbath, Rev. A. B. Chambers, L.L.B., delivered a splendid sermon, in the morning, and at night Rev. C. O. Johnston preached to a crowded house. On Monday evening tea was served in the basement of the church, fully five hundred people partaking of the good things provided. The ladies of the congregation deserve the highest praise for the sumptuous tea served. After the wants of the inner man had been attended to, an intellectual feast was partaken of. The church was well filled and the whole audience enjoyed themselves to their hearts content. After the singing the Doxology, Mr. W. T. Gibbard, the chairman of the evening, called on Rev. S. Card to lead in prayer, after which Miss Marie Tilley and Mr. A. N. Jewell sang a duett, very sweetly. Then the pastor, Rev. C. O. Johnston, delivered a lecture on "Wisdom and Folly in Home Life." It was a racy and instructive address, in which the peculiarities of people were handled in a mirth-provoking manner. For over an hour Mr. Johnston talked to the audience in a manner which must have benefitted each and every one of his listeners. Space will not permit of our giving the many good points in the lecture; suffice it is to say that it was a rare treat. After the rendering of an anthem by the choir, Rev. A. Young pronounced the benediction, and the services in connection with the sixteenth anniversary of the Western Methodist Church, Napanee, were brought to a close. The proceeds of the Tea Meeting amounted to over $150.

—The watch repairing department is under my own especial supervision and a good piece of work is guaranteed. F. Chinneck.

leaving a balance in favor of the Association of $32,912.79. It is gratifying to find a comparatively young Canadian life company taking so high a position amongst the great life associations of the continent. Mr. J. K. Macdonald, the able managing director, is to be congratulated on the large measure of success that has crowned his efforts. During all these years he has brought abilities of no ordinary kind to the discharge of his onerous duties. Continuing his labors with matured experience and unabated vigor, the Confederation Life Association should in the future, even excel its brilliant record in the past. The district agent, Mr. Irvine Diamond, of Belleville, is well known as a thoroughly reliable Insurance agent. He is a fitting represenative of one of the last companies on the Continent.

Odessa.

An aggrevated assault case was that called in Justice Storms' court Saturday. Max Lapum had abused the confidence of William C. Jenkins and followed the argument up with his ten bones. He had also maliciously injured personal property in trying to waltz around Williams' coat collar and for the two performances in one ring he paid the admittance fee of $19.

The fine and cost amounting to $69.90 in re Queen vs. Elizabeth Wycott, October last, for selling liquor without a license, was paid Monday.

A family lately moved from the country to the west end of the town is reported in a starving condition. It does seem tough to let the innocent children suffer even with barley at 35 cents.

The Methodist S. S. library has arrived and is being selected by the committee.

The four weeks successful special services at the Methodist Church terminated Sunday evening. Reception of intending members and an adult christening next Sunday morning.

Zury Storms, going to the stable Monday morning, found his horse had finished the race some time during the night.

Chickenpox is playing gently with our younger population.

Returning from Kingston market Saturday, down McMichael's hill, came like an avalanche two teams under full sail and whip. Just ahead was Orange Storms' team, which, hearing the racket behind, became unmanageable, and struck out for more road. Just ahead was David U. Snider and wife, 5th concession, in a cutter, coming nicely along. All at once Storms' team struck them, swinging around each side of the cutter. Mr. and Mrs. Snider were thrown violently out, miraculously escaping a more serious result. They were badly shaken up, and Mr. Snider lost one of his robes. Running horses is a dangerous practice on a crowded road like York is, especially on market days.

Mrs. James E. Watts, accompanied by Guy and Bud, have removed to Syracuse, N. Y.

Billings Gordon is spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. Walroth at Watertown, N. Y.

At the regular meeting Monday night Prince Arthur Lodge A. F. & A. M. No. 228, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year; Lewis Hartman, W.M.; R. W. Aylsworth, S. W.; A. M. Caton, J. W.; I. F. Aylsworth, Treas.; J. W. Denyes, Sec'ty; Rev. John Gallagher, Chap.; L. H. Stover, S. D.; G. H. Denyes, I. D.; W. H. Benjamin and D. L. Wright, Stewards; Anson Storms, D. of C.; B. S. Hillier, organist; R. L. Gilbert, I. G.; W. A. Baker, Tyler.

—F. W. Smith & Bro., beat the world in wedding rings. Why? Because they manufacture them on the premises.

BOWEN E. AYLSWORTH.

DR. MEACHAM.

Candidates for the Provincial Election.

—Wedding rings, wedding rings, a full stock at F. Chinnecks jewelry store.

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HON. WILFRED LAURIER,
Reform Leader of Dominion of Canada.

—Dr. Meng has gone to Norham to attend the funeral of his brother Henry. Deceased was but twenty-eight years of age. He died on Wednesday of this week.

—Last week we published the judgment given by Judge Street in the case of Baird vs. Parks, as reported in the Empire. It appears that the Empire's report was not correct, and that Judge Street's reasons for his judgment were different from those reported. In justice to him we wish to make this correction. The Empire's report stated that Judge Street held that McCabe was agent for Reeve Parks at one of the polls. We knew that such was not the case, and therefore made certain comments on the judgment which would not have been made had the true facts been correctly reported by the Empire.

Wilton.

Mr. McLean, of Queens University conducted services in the Presbyterian Church last Sunday Evening.—Several attended Miss Neilson's concert, at Asselstine's last Friday evening and report it a success. We understand that the funds are to be used as prizes for the scholars, and the remainder to de expended for maps for the school.—Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Wellington Lapum in the loss of his

HERRINGTON & WARNER,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN.

W. S. HERRINGTON, B.A. S. C. WARNER, B.A.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,

Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

SOLICITORS FOR THE DOMINION BANK.

MONEY TO LOAN

H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

MORDEN & WILSON

Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

Solicitors for the Merchants Bank of Canada.

A. L. MORDEN, C.C.A. W. G. WILSON.

A. F WARNER, M. D., C. M.

LATE HOUSE SURGEON, CHAMBERS STREET HOSPITAL, NEW YORK CITY.

Diseases of nose and throat a specialty.

Office and residence at corner of Bridge and Robert streets, Napanee, Ont.
TELEPHONE No. 66.

A. E. PAUL,
AGENT FOR
Canada Life Assurance Co.
Glasgow & London Fire Insurance Co.

Office at Perry & Madole's — Patronage solicited.

ESTABLISHED 1856.

CERTIFICATE OF AGENCY.

The Rochester Fruit, Farm and Nurseries.

This is to certify that GEORGE LLOYD, of Napanee, is one of our regular agents, authorized to sell our reliable Nursery stock. All purchasing of us through him, may feel sure of getting first class genuine stock.
HOOKER, BROWN & CO.

JOY & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Carriages, Wagons, Cutters, Sleighs, etc.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING DONE ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Dealers in all Kinds of Lumber and Timber.

A large assortment of timber constantly on hand. Bridge Timber a Specialty.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD FOR SALE

Custom Sawing done on Short Notice
and at lowest prices.
Cash paid for all kinds of logs and timber. 2e

leaving a balance in favor of the Association of $32,912.79. It is gratifiying to find a comparatively young Canadian life company taking so high a position amongst the great life associations of the continent. Mr. J. K. Macdonald, the able managing director, is to be congratulated on the large measure of success that has crowned his efforts. During all these years he has brought abilities of no ordinary kind to the discharge of his onerous duties. Continuing his labors with matured experience and unabated vigor, the Confederation Life Association should in the future, even excel its brilliant record in the past. The district agent, Mr. Irvine Diamond, of Belleville, is well known as a thoroughly reliable Insurance agent. He is a fitting represenative of one of the last companies on the Continent.

Odessa.

An aggrevated assault case was that called in Justice Storms' court Saturday. Max Lapum had abused the confidence of William C. Jenkins and followed the argument up with his ten longs. He had also maliciously injured personal property in trying to waltz around Williams' coat collar and for the two performances in one ring he paid the admittance fee of $19.

The fine and cost amounting to $69.90 in re Queen vs. Elizabeth Wycott, October last, for selling liquor without a license, was paid Monday.

A family lately moved from the country to the west end of the town is reported in a starving condition. It does seem tough to let the innocent children suffer even with barley at 35 cents.

The Methodist S. S. library has arrived and is being selected by the committee.

The four weeks successful special services at the Methodist Church terminated Sunday evening. Reception of intending members and an adult christening next Sunday morning.

Zury Storms, going to the stable Monday morning, found his horse had finished the race some time during the night.

Chickenpox is playing gently with our younger population.

Returning from Kingston market Saturday, down McMichael's hill, came like an avalanche two teams under full sail and whip. Just ahead was Orange Storms' team, which, hearing the racket behind, became unmanageable, and struck out for more road. Just ahead was David U. Snider and wife, 5th concession, in a cutter, coming nicely along. All at once Storms' team struck them, swinging around each side of the cutter. Mr. and Mrs. Snider were thrown violently out, miraculously escaping a more serious result. They were badly shaken up, and Mr. Snider lost one of his robes. Running horses is a dangerous practice on a crowded road like York is, especially on market days.

Mrs. James E. Watts, accompanied by Guy and Bud, have removed to Syracuse, N. Y.

Billings Gordon is spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. Walroth at Watertown, N. Y.

At the regular meeting Monday night Prince Arthur Lodge A. F. & A. M. No. 228, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year; Lewis Hartman, W.M.; R. W. Aylsworth, S. W.; A. M. Caton, J. W.; I. F. Aylsworth, Treas.; J. W. Denyes, Sec'ty; Rev. John Gallagher, Chap.; L. H. Stover, S. D.; G. H. Denyes, I. D.; W. H. Benjamin and D. L. Wright, Stewards; Anson Storms, D. of C.; B. S. Hillier, organist; R. L. Gilbert, I. G.; W. A. Baker, Tyler.

—F. W. Smith & Bro., beat the world in wedding rings. Why? Because they manufacture them on the premises.

Wilton.

Mr. McLean, of Queens University conducted services in the Presbyterian Church last Sunday Evening.—Several attended Miss Neilson's concert, at Asselstine's last Friday evening and report it a success. We understand that the funds are to be used as prizes for the scholars, and the remainder to de expended for maps for the school.—Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Wellington Lapum in the loss of his daughter Nellie. Her funeral was held in Wilton Church, Thursday.—Mr. Henry Boyce of Violet died suddenly last week and his funeral sermon was preached Sunday afternoon by Rev. Crookshanks.

MARRIED.

CLARK.-GAY.-On the 4th inst., by the Rev. W. H. Cook, at the residence of the bride, Mr. Wm. Clark to Miss Ellen Jemima Gay, all of Foxboro.

WADDINGHAM.—McBRIDE.—On the 5th inst., by the Rev. W. H. Cook at the parsonage, Selby, Mr. Wm. Waddingham, of Tyendinaga, to Miss Ada Lauretta McBride, of Richmond.

DIED.

FUNNELL.—At Ernesttown, on Friday, Dec. 6th, 1889, Thomas Funnell, aged 78 years.

MENG.—At Norham, on Wednesday, December 11th., Henry Meng, aged 28 years and 2 months.

MILLER.—At London, on Saturday, December 7th, George Miller, aged 77 years and 4 months.

CHATTERSON—At Napanee, on Thursday, Dec. 12th, 1889, John Chatterson, sr., aged 62 years and 5 months. Funeral on Friday at two o'clock in the afternoon.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The undersigned offers for sale or to rent that

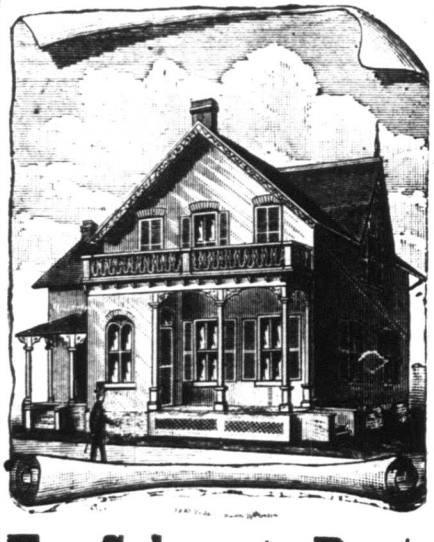
Desirable Brick Residence

and four acres of land situated on the York road, in the Township of Ernesttown, about five miles east of Napanee. Church and school almost within a stones throw of the property. Land in a good state of cultivation; buildings in thorough repair. Good hard and soft water.

Terms of payment very liberal. For further particulars apply to

J. C. DREWRY,
or to
RICHARD J. WRIGHT,
Morven, P. O.

528 mtf



For Sale or to Rent.

The undersigned offers for sale one of the most comfortable houses in Napanee. It is built of brick, and is situated on the corner of Centre and Isabella streets. There is a good furnace and hard and soft water in the house, also gas. The house has been newly papered and painted throughout and is in a first-class state of repair. There is a good barn and a number of fruit trees and grape vines on the premises.

This property is centrally located and is within three minutes walk of the station, new Collegiate Institute, market and churches.

If not sold immediately will be rented.

For further particulars apply to

J. C. DREWRY,
At the Napanee EXPRESS Office.

HARD AND SOFT WOOD FOR SALE

Custom Sawing done on Short Notice

and at lowest prices.

Cash paid for all kinds of logs and timber. 2e

DO YOU KNOW ANDERSON ?

HE IS THE MAN WHO IS NOTED FOR SELLING

Boots, Shoes, Overshoes, Rubbers, and Trunks,

CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE BETWEEN TORONTO AND MONTREAL.

Have you seen his Price List? If not you ought to do so. Just fancy—Mens' Grain Knee Boots, waterproof, only $2.50, and Ladies' Polish Calf Button Boots at $1.25. Rubbers, 25-cents, and everything else in proportion. His is the noted Shoe Store, and he is (to use a vulgar phrase) a hustler on prices.

GRANGE BLOCK, second door west of Coxall's grocery.

NAPANEE

$1.00 Per Annum, Strictly in Advance.

J. C. DREWRY, Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONT., FRI

A FEW REASONS WHY

BAKER, the Furniture Man,

Sells such stylish and good Furniture so cheap.

He believes that turning over his stock four times a year at 10 per cent. profit, is better than only once at 25 per cent.

He don't trust your neighbor and not get his pay from him, and charge you extra to make it up.

He buys the best, and buys for cash, and thereby gets good discounts which you get the benefit of.

He knows how and where to buy, so as to keep up with the style, and consequently carries no old stock.

He has his ALL at stake and aims to please, so as to induce you to come again when you want anything in his line.

An extra choice stock just to hand, especially adapted for the holiday trade.

A nice easy Chair or a set of Furniture is just the thing you want for a Christmas present.

A full line of Rocking Chairs just received for the Christmas Trade.

Remember the place

BAKER, MARKET SQUARE, NAPANEE.

GEO. A. BLEWETT

Old Established, Flour, Feed, Grocery and Provision Store, 155 Dundas Street, Napanee.

G. A. B., in accordance with periodical custom, begs leave to return his sincere thanks to the numerous friends and customers who have so far favored him with their patronage and support.

G. A. B. avails himself of this opportunity to invite attention to the low price goods he is offering and wishes it understood that he is in a position to give better bargains than ever before, having on hand one of the largest stocks of Flour, Feed, Grain, Fish of all kinds, Groceries and Provisions, Salt in barrels and Dairy Sack Salt. Having bought in large quantities and for cash, I am selling cheaper than any house in the trade. My "Cream of the West" Flour gives my trade a wider representation than any Flour in the market. The great care exercised in selecting, the perfect mode of handling, and the exquisite flavor it imparts to the bread, have created an almost world-wide reputation for the genuine brand, only to be bought from me. Buy only Cream of the West Flour for bread and cake, and Bridal Veil, one of the best Pastry Flour, made and the cheapest Pastry Flour bought. If you give Bridal Veil one trial you will use no other Pastry Flour.

TEAS—A large stock just coming and selling low. My 40 cent tea, price reduced to 5 lbs for $1. I am selling 12 lbs fine tea for $1.

SUGARS are away down and prices are reduced to suit the times. Yellows are low, and 13 lbs. granulated sugar for $1.

FRUITS—A full new line and the cheapest in the town. A large stock of Lemon Peel, Orange and Citron Peels, and a large stock of Raisins, cheap, 20 lbs. for $1; 16 lbs. Currants for $1.

Oat Meal and Corn Meal, Rolled Oats, Germ Wheat, Pearl Barley, Prepared Oat Groats, Cracked Corn and Cracked Oats always on hand; Salt and Fresh Water Herrings and Cod Fish just in. Goods delivered to all parts of the town. Give me a

2 Large Stores IN 1.

—GREAT—

Clearing Sale

—AT—

ROBINSON & CO'S

From now until February 1st, 1890.

Great Sale of
Dress Goods,

Great Sale of
Mantlings,

Great Sale of
Millinery,

Great Sale of
Flannels,

Great Sale of
Blankets and Tiedowns,

Herrings and Cod Fish just in. Goods delivered to all parts of the town. Give me a call and get some good bargains.

GEO. A. BLEWETT.

Telephone connection No. 1.

JOHN C. HAWLEY

—FOR—

GOOD BOOTS

—AT—

LOWEST :-: PRICES.

ROBLIN & FORD

If you want a useful article for a

XMAS PRESENT,

Come direct to us and get a

NICE SEAL,

PERSIAN LAMB

OR AN OTTER CAP,

or anything else in

GENTLEMENS' GOODS

AT LOW PRICES.

ROBLIN & FORD.

SANTA CLAUS

HEAD-QUARTERS

—IS AT THE—

7 CENT STORE.

This is the CHEAPEST PLACE IN NAPANEE to get Christmas Presents for old and young. Big little, rich, and poor, can find what is required in our grand assortment of Christmas Goods in DOLLS, VASES, CHINA CUPS and SAUCERS, MOUTH ORGANS, TOY TEA SETS, TOY FURNITURE, KNIVES, DRUMS, STEAM ENGINES, PURSES, TOY CROCKERY, WATCHES, TRUMPETS, TOPS, GLASSWARE, WRITING DESKS, TOY DOGS, CATS, BIRDS, DUCKS, and thousands of Novelties at the

7 CENT STORE, West of the Campbel

Great Sale of
Shirtings,

Great Sale of
Cottonades,

Great Sale of
Linens,

Great Sale of
Hosiery and Gloves,

Great Sale of
Carpets,

Great Sale of
Oil Cloths,

Great Sale of
Curtains,

Great Sale of
Mens' Furnishings,

Great Sale of
Ready-made Clothing,

Great Sale of
Ordered Clothing,

Great Sale of
Boys' Clothing

We are desirous of clearing our entire stock before stock taking on 1st February. We want your custom because you will find it to your advantage to trade with us. We have the

Largest Store,
Largest Assortment,
Cheapest Goods.

Robinson&Co

Successors to Downey & Co

Garrison Geo 11 feb 90

EXPRESS

$2.50 if not paid till end of year

RIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1889. VOL. XXIX, No. 3.

CHRISTMAS bells are ringing,
Angels Pæns singing -
To day the Savior's born.
Away all thoughts of sadness.
Break out in songs of gladness,
This Happy, Happy morn.

Firemen's Oyster Supper.

The crowd at the Town Hall. Tuesday evening. evinced the esteem in which the Firemen of Napanee are held by the community. The Hall was decorated with flags and mottoes welcoming the guests. The Firemen, who attended to the tables, were dressed in their neat uniform and presented a fine appearance. The crowd

Christmas Goods and Useful Articles.

I have much pleasure in announcing that I have now on hand a complete stock of Christmas novelties, and a full line of ladies wear. Fancy goods in great variety. Orders taken for fancy work. Prices reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Remember the place. Miss H. Detlor's, Market square, next door to Paisley House.

—Are you going to get married? If

TORY HEELERS

TRYING TO WORK THE TOWNSHIPS.

Pulling the Wires From Napanee.

Last week a load of local tories took the trouble to drive out to Roblin with a view of coercing their Richmond brethern into fixing the ticket to suit the Napanee ring. They went as far as Jimmie O'Brien's hotel but were afraid to venture to the hall, where a meeting was in progress. Finally W. C. Scott, the Grit editor of the Tory organ, was sent out to reconnoiter. He ventured into the hall, was invited to speak, but excused himself by saying that he had nothing to say. The crowd thought that Mr. Scott's excuse was like his so-called editorials, altogether too thin, and told him so. He was plainly informed that the people of the township of Richmond were quite capable of looking after their own affairs without being served to any "Beaver soup," etc., etc. In fact the editor of the Beaver had a very uncomfortable time of it and was glad to get back to the hotel without a ducking in the Salmon river. A consultation was held and it was decided to hold an adjourned meeting at Selby, which took place last Monday evening. The cause of all these gatherings is that Peter W. Dafoe refuses to pay second fiddle to Thomas V. Sexsmith, and wants to run for reeve, or nothing. The Roblin crowd say that if Mr. Dafoe will oppose Thomas V. Sexsmith, that they will support him, otherwise they will oppose him tooth and nail. The latest report is that Thomas V. has withdrawn and that Mr. Dafoe will oppose Ira B. Hudgins. We have a list of the names of those who formed the self-constituted deputation to Roblin but refrain from publishing it, as the parties feel very much ashamed of themselves.

Ibra B. Sills is daily being promised support from men of both sides of politics. He is a capable man and will doubtless be elected by a handsome majority.

ERNESTTOWN.

The gage of battle has been thrown and accepted and the first week in January will be a hot time in Ernesttown, even if the thermometer goes down to zero.

Last Saturday night a load of Napanee tories, headed by the Beaver's Grit editor, went to Odessa, and insisted on a full tory ticket being nominated. There was considerable demurring on the part of the victims who were asked to sacrifice themselves on the party altar, but threats and pleadings had their effect and five victims were chosen. These are their names.

For Reeve—Arnold P. Booth, (he who acknowledged getting a package of money at one of the elections, but never reported as to the spending thereof.)

For Deputy Reeve—Michael Aggelstine.

presented a fine appearance. The crowd was so great that it was half past eight before the last tables were cleared,and the intellectual part of the programme was commenced by a speech from his Worship the Mayor. He, in a few well-chosen remarks, congratulated the Firemen and citizens on the great success of the Oyster Supper. First on the programme was an Instrumental selection by the 47th Battalion Band, rendered in a style, showing they have lost none of their former proficiency. Next in order was a fine selection played on the piano, by Miss Chambers, with her usual brilliancy, eliciting a hearty approval from the audience. Then came a reading by Perry Scott, selections from Mark Twain and Eli Perkins. Miss Hypatia Fox performed charmingly on the piano. At this stage of the proceedings the Chairman invited all the members of the TownCouncil present to take a seat on the platform and show their handsome faces to the audience. Councillor Gibbard particularly being named. He declined the honor, giving as his reason that"he was very comfortably situated where he was." This remark brought the Pastor of the Western Methodist Church to the front, who, after peering in the direction of Bro. G., coolly took his seat remarking that he only wanted to see if Bro. Gibbard had a lady along side of him. The audience appreciated the joke and made the welkin ring. Another instrumental selection by Miss Chambers was followed by a reading "William Brown of Oregon," by Mr. John Robinson, Merchant, which was well received. The next in order was a reading " Arrarstarcus studies Elocution," by Mr. Jas. Furguson, Hardware Merchant, which pleased the crowd. Prof. Kennedy gave one of his grand selections, ending with " Home, Sweet Home," with variations, rendered so sweetly that the audience were spell-bound till its conclusion, then arose such a shout of approval as the old hall has seldom heard. This was the first encore of the evening and was responded to by the Professor. The Rev. C. O. Johnston, Pastor of the W. M. C., came forward and made one of his inimitable addresses. "Manhood and Humanity "were the leading subjects touched upon, in such a manner as to thoroughly interest and get hold of the sympathies of his audience. No man on the platform in this Country knows how to get the heart string of his hearers better than does Mr. Johnston. His eloquent speech was followed by a song, " Have Courage my Boy to say No," sang to his own accompanyment, in Mr. Johnston's free and happy style. The audience were delighted with the speech,but the song set them fairly wild. An encore called the gentleman to his feet, when he very coolly announced that he never sang twice at once, and the audience had to be content. The evenings entertainment ended by the Band playing "God save the Queen." We congratulate the Firemen on their big success.

Ontario Business College, Belleville.

A remarkable photograph was taken in January, 1889, containing representatives from ten different provinces, states and colonies then represented among the students. A photogravure copy, (reduced in size) sent free to any address. Solely on its merits and the succes of its graduates, the College, (now in its 21st year) enjoys a reputation throughout and beyond this continent, and an attendance so notable and extensive. The College Circular and interesting and valuable copyrighted matter sent free. Be careful to address,

ROBINSON & JOHNSON,
Belleville, Ont.

Are square, next door to Paisley House.

—Are you going to get married? Get the wedding ring from F. W. Smith & Bro. They will engrave the ring and sell you the marriage license and keep mum until the event is over.

To Our Subscribers.

The SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT which appeared in our columns some time since, announcing a special arrangement with Dr. B. J. KENDALL Co., of Enosburgh Falls, Vt., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his diseases," whereby our subscribers were enabled to obtain a copy of that valuable work FREE by sending their address to B.J. Kendall Co. (and enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) is renewed for a limited period. We trust that all will avail themselves of the opportunity of obtaining this valuable work. To every lover of the Horse it is indispensable, as it treats in a simple manner all the diseases which afflict this noble animal. Its phenominal sale throughout the United States and Canada, make it standard authority. Mention this paper when sending for "Treatise."

—Weddings rings, wedding rings, a full stock at F. Chinnecks jewelry store.

Centreville.

We are pleased to hear that the services of Mr. Huffman have been secured as teacher of the Centreville school for another term.

Some of our boys would need three hands while out driving, or a good whip-holder.

Lincoln R, was out driving on Sunday last. Chief looked well and so did Lincoln. Too bad to get left under such circumstances, Eh, Lincoln ?

Prayer meeting will be held at Peter Vandewater's on Sunday evening next.

Mr. James Rombough, with a gang of laborers started on Wednesday morning for the back woods.

Mr. Wm. Bradford lost his sheep on Friday last, and don't know where to find them.

We expect the boys will be thick in our neighborhood during the holidays, as our lady teachers will all be home.

Mr. Henry Barrett is home from Michigan.

Rumor says there is going to be a Concert and Conversazione in aid of the R. C. Church, some time soon.

Don't forget our annual tea meeting in Town Hall Centreville on New Years eve.

Croydon.

Our quarterly fair was held on Wednesday last, quite a number of cattle being offered for sale.

We understand the Reeve and First and Second Deputies are to meet on Monday next at Centreville, too bad to leave out Hodge and Dulmage. A change from Mr. Hodge in this corner would do no harm. He would do well enough in the Agricultural show, showing for his own special prize, but not for councillor. Mr. Baker, firrt-deputy, is going to have the village map business investigated after election. What is he giving us,chaff or taffey ? But what has the Camden council done in the last ten years ? Everything that has been ruinous to the farmers and tax-payers in general ; the Colebrook bridge for instance, and several other things too numerous to mention.

Rose I

I can state that w
low Oil with great
cuts, burns, chap
recommend it to
many different way

as to the spending thereof.)

For Deputy-Reeve.—Michael Asselstine, the same Michael that "Derb" beat out of sight last January.)

For Second Deputy-Reeve—Lewis H. Stover.

For Councillor.—Will Fraser and Will Armstrong.

It was currently reported that A. P. Booth was about moving to Kingston, and that he was very anxious to keep out of the field this year, but the threat about losing the contract for flannel was too much even for Arney's nerves, and he reluctantly consented to again suffer defeat at the hands of I. O. Fraser.

The electors of the various townships will do well to ask themselves why the Napanee clique are trying so hard to get "suitable" candidates in the various municipalities. We give them fair and timely warning that there is a big scheme on foot whereby certain parties living in Napanee will try to gain a big advantage for themselves at the expense of the people living in the townships. Hence their activity. Be warned in time and if you wish to save yourselves havy financial burdens, steer clear of the candidates nominated at the dictation of the Napanee clique. Remember what we say and if you catch them in your locality endeavoring to work up their infamous job, run them out. Electors ! Vote against the candidates of the Napanee ringsters.

SHEFFIELD.

The condition of the finances of the Township of Sheffild are a fair sample of tory management. For several years Benjamin Detlor and ex clerk Shields ran things as they liked and when the new council came into power the finances were badly muddled. An audit was made and after careful examination it was found that about $7,500 of good money had been used up within a very few years, in addition to the amounts raised by taxation. The township at one time had a School Fund of $5,000. That is all gone. $1,337.85 of the Sinking Fund has been used up, and there is a liability of about $1,000, for borrowed money. The present Council have squarely faced the difficulty and have succeeded in straightening out the muddle. In this they have been assisted by Clerk Aylesworth and Treasurer Way. It was found necessary to levy a rate of twelve mills on the dollar, this year, in order to get matters squared up. Ex-Reeve Detlor and his associates had been in the habit of levying a rate of only ten mills, with the result that $7,500 of money has been used up as above stated. The present Council believe in paying their debts as they go along, and raised sufficient funds to do so, and no more. Had the Detlor crowd been equally honest they would have had to have levied even a higher rate, for the Council of 1889 have been especially economical and careful. We commend the above facts to the eldctors of Sheffield.

RICHMOND.

Before going to press we learn that at the meeting held at Selby last Monday night, it was decided to let P. W. Dafoe run for Reeve against Ira B. Hudgins. This is anything but pleasing to Thomas V. Sexsmith, as he don't like being crowded to the wall by the Napanee clique. A. Hewitt will oppose Ibra B. Sills for the Deputy-Reeveship and will get badly beaten. Craig Carecallen will run for the Council.

A New Element

be infused into the blood of the weak and
heated, who suffer from disease of the
, liver, bowels, kidneys or blood. The
living constituent is supplied by Burdock
ters which repairs waste, drives out
ases and restores health to the entire
system.

PARDONED AT LAST.

A THRILLING CHRISTMAS STORY, BY "JACK FROST."

How Myrtle's little heart fluttered. This was indeed love's triumph—something to be proud of. He had met her as a simple maiden, and here was her apotheosis surrounded by nobility, wealth and worth, in a hall of dazzling splendour, the observed of all observers.

She felt her father's arm tremble, and knew that he, too, had recognized the fatal likeness.

Looking up, she saw his face was as pale as death, and that his eyes literally blazed with suppressed fury.

She trembled lest, at that moment, he should say or do something to be regretted.

But he soon recovered composure, and only Myrtle knew of the terrible tornado that had raged in his breast.

Miss Becky Pride, however, saw the startling expression that had leaped into Mr. Dene's face, and, having heard the name of Peyton announced, thought that perhaps Myrtle had confessed all to him, and this was his way of showing his disapproval.

"He will never consent to the match," she thought, exultingly. "That child will find that he has a will of his own which will not bend, even to her pleadings."

The guests, most of whom were familiar with grand displays, were perfectly enchanted with the gorgeous appearance of the apartments.

But the gardens, as arranged under Mr. Dene's directions, were a *chef d œuvre* of art and elegance, some striking surprise being in store for his visitors whichever way they turned.

Meandering passages led to tents of Eastern splendour in one direction, and to torchlight retreats of flowery sweetness in another.

All was managed with such mastery of deception, that of the three apartments constructed in the gardens, and approached from the principal ball-room through the aperture of a vanished window, not one could be reached but by a complication of arcades.

These were dazzling with a thousand many coloured lamps, yet so mysteriously devious from the labyrinth-like caprice of their direction, that those who sought the brilliant Eastern tent were likely enough to find themselves in the shady bower of exotics; and eyes longing for the soothing repose of this dimly-lighted retreat, might be dazzled anew by emerging upon a lofty chamber of rare brilliancy, where the gaudy decorations of a Chinese saloon were simply superb.

Although there were neither locks, bolts, nor bars for love to laugh at, yet that mischievous god had something left him to do this occasion—both Myrtle and Erle Peyton were longing for an opportunity to steal blissful half hour or so to spend in each other's society.

On Myrtle's part this was hard of accomplishment, for she was literally besieged by a young *beaux* to have their names placed on her programme.

At last she succeeded, and escaped to the garden, but not unobserved. Miss Becky had kept an observant eye upon her, and was repaid by seeing this manœuvre, the purport of which she rightly divined.

"This is so good of you, Myrtle," whispered Erle, as he led her to a secluded bower. "I have been dying to see you all the evening."

"Oh, indeed! Perhaps Miss Dene's mother was a connection of the family; did the duke's sister ever marry?"

"Yes, made a mesalliance, my dear. I remember the commotion it caused at the time. The duke was furious, and refused to have anything to do with the pair—her husband was a physician, I believe—to reably rich, handsome, and an Englishman."

"You have met him, of course?" she asked, somewhat eagerly.

"Me—no, never!"

"And pray, what became of them?"

"Oh, they left France! You see the duke was related to Royalty and made the place a leetle too hot for them; it was said that the husband——but excuse me, I see the dear Countess of Berks wants me to make up a four at whist?"

And so Becky lost the sequel to that story, nor did an opportunity occur again that night for re opening the topic.

What she had heard did not exactly suit her wishes—it was too favourable; there was nothing discreditable in being connected with a duke; but there was something else behind all this, was to her mind a certainty. If, as she suspected, Dene was the husband of the duke's sister, why did he wish to keep the matter a secret?

This fact, once known, would prove an "Open Sesame" to the best houses in England, and be a sure passport to Myrtle, who could look forward to making a brilliant marriage.

Miss Pride was not a woman to allow the matter to remain in abeyance; so next day, at luncheon, she began her campaign.

"My dear," she said, blandly "I had a high compliment paid to you last night, by no less a personage than Lady Rose."

"Indeed!" said Myrtle, stifling a yawn, while her father, after excusing himself, looked at his letters.

"Yes; she said you bore a remarkable resemblance to a distinguished lady she met in Paris, many years ago."

Mr. Dene looked up sharply; but immediately resumed his reading.

"And pray, who might it be?" asked Myrtle listlessly, feeling no interest in this gossipy conversation.

"The sister of the Duke of Brittany," she replied sweetly, keeping her eyes fixed on Mr. Dene, who gave an involuntary start.

As Myrtle made no reply, but only looked furtively at her father, Miss Becky pursued:

"The story of that lady's life was quite a romance; she married an English physician."

"Nothing romantic in that, surely?" said Mr. Dene, caustically; "what was the fortunate individual's name, pray?"

"That Lady Rose could not tell me; it appears the duke was most unkind about the marriage—old families are very prejudiced—but, if you would like to hear more about the matter, I will call upon Lady Rose with pleasure."

"Thanks; no, Miss Pride, you are too kind. I assure you the matter possesses no interest for either myself or Myrtle," he replied coldly.

She had too much tact to pursue an unwelcome theme, and changed the conversation with considerable adroitness.

"It never rains but it pours," is a true saying, which was again exemplified in Miss

taking care of me while I was with you. What did you do? Half-starve, cruelly beat me, and keep me ignorant. Surely you cannot expect me to feel grateful to you, Mrs. Skinner?"

"I thought you might help Jack and me a bit. We're only poor folk, a pound or two a year won't hurt you."

"Perhaps I will help you; but it will depend upon yourself whether I do so or not. In the first place, you must never come here again; in the next, you must go back to the old place. If you agree to these conditions I promise that my father will settle an annuity upon you which will keep you in comfort for the remainder of your days."

"It is very kind of you, miss," said the harridan, becoming suddenly respectful; "but it wasn't altogether for money I came. After you left, someone called and asked after you."

Instantly it occurred to Myrtle that it was the duke on her track, and an expression of terror leaped into her face and eyes that did not escape Mrs. Skinner's powers of perception.

Was it a gentleman?" she faltered, "and had he a mark on his left cheek—three moles in the shape of the letter V!"

"Yes, he had; and there was a lady with him. You see they saw your likeness in the window of that photograph chap, and then they looked me up, and Mrs. Sinclair; but, of course, I couldn't tell them much. I didn't know where you had gone to, you see; neither did Mrs. Sinclair."

"Did they seem anxious to see me, or leave any message?" asked Myrtle, an icy chill at her heart, for she had a presentiment that should the duke and her father ever meet again, it would bode ill for one or both.

"They asked me to write, if I could find you."

"What address did they leave, have you got it by you?" Myrtle asked eagerly thus showing her hand to this rapacious woman.

"'Twas somewhere abroad; but I gave it to Jack and he lost it, most likely lit his dratted pipe with it," she answered, taking a huge pinch of snuff to clear her head.

"You are quite sure you have lost it?" Myrtle asked, anxiously.

"As sure as that I'm getting awful thirsty," said Mrs. Skinner. "I always like my drop of beer at this time of the day, with half a noggin of gin in it."

Taking out her purse, Myrtle poured its contents into her lap, saying:

"Take that for the present; you shall have more soon; and now I think of it, you might be more comfortable in London than at the old place. Leave me your address, please; I will write to you."

Martha Skinner was cunning enough to see that the interview had lasted long enough in her own interests, and took her leave, professing the utmost devotion for her foster child.

A part of her story was true—a lady had called and inquired for Myrtle; the gentleman was a pure myth introduced because of Myrtle's precipitate questions and description.

"Thank heaven, she has lost the address!" sighed Myrtle, on finding herself alone; "I must not let papa know of the duke's inquiry, it would only worry him."

If only she had known what fateful issues hung in the balance, she would have confided all to him without reservation.

—

"Well, Martha, what luck? asked Jack Skinner, somewhat huffily, "got the cold shoulder, eh?"

"That don't look like it, Jack," she

pered her lover when she joined him. "My mother has done nothing but talk of you all the evening. When may I speak to your father, my darling?"

"It has gone as far as that, has it?" murmured the eavesdropper. "I expect you won't find him as pliable as his daughter, young gentleman!"

Myrtle did not reply to his question at once—a nervous dread was upon her lest this evening should prove the death of that love which had proved so sweet to them both.

"I think you had better not say anything to my father at present. I hardly know how to frame a question I must put to you. You will not be vexed. You would not if you only knew how much depends on your answer. Until it is answered, I dare not meet you again!"

"Has someone been slandering me, Myrtle?' he asked, quickly. "But that would be impossible—I have not an enemy in the world that I know of."

"But my father has—one who is bitter and implacable. I wish you did not resemble him so closely," said Myrtle, sadly.

Miss Becky Pride listened now intently; she was on the eve of learning some secret which might aid her in her schemes.

"Whom do I resemble, my darling? Surely you would not punish me because of that?" he said, smiling at her seriousness, and making light of what naturally appeared to him a matter of trivial import.

"The Duke of Brittany," she said; each word pronounced slowly, as if she feared to speak them—as if they contained a doom.

His light laugh reassured her, when, catching her in his arms he kissed her, saying—

"My darling, I never even heard of such a person! How it comes about that I should resemble him so closely is a matter of surprise to me as well as to you. Have I lifted a load off your mind, eh! dear one?"

"Yes; oh! I am so happy now—I could sing with delight. Until I received your answer I was most miserable. I shall be able to tell papa everything now. When he knows I love you he will not mar our happiness, I'm sure."

Miss Pride had heard enough, and had no wish to remain and listen to—what would prove to her—love's insipid nonsense.

She made a note on her tablets, and on re-entering the brilliant salon her smile was more seraphic than ever.

Fortune seemed resolved to shower its favors on her this evening, for one of the dowagers of fashion made room for her at her side, and forthwith began to ply her with questions about Myrtle and her father, to all of which she gave wary replies.

"I have been puzzling myself all the evening as to who it is Miss Dene so closely resembles," remarked the dowager; "and at last my memory has befriended me."

"That is nice," Miss Becky chirrupped. "I have often found myself in a similar dilemma. What a blessing a good memory is!"

"Mine is excellent; I can recall scenes of many, many years back. You see, dear, I'm not afraid of people guessing my age" (this with a little cackling laugh). "Such a one I recall now, when the very double of Miss Dene was present; face, hair, eyes, figure, voice alike. It was a splendid affair at St. Cloud, and all the haut ton of gay Paris attended, nor was Royalty absent, of course. Yes, Miss Dene ought to thank me when she hears I have said, and maintain it, that she is the exact counterpart of the Duke of Brittany's sister."

The governess dropped her fan in her excitement. Here was a clue which she determined to amplify.

Becky's case.

She was taking the air on the front lawn when a strange individual approached.

Becky could not forbear smiling at the grotesque figure—that of an elderly hard-featured woman, dressed in a yellow gown ornamented profusely with gaudy flowers, worked in colored worsted, and wearing a coal-scuttle bonnet.

Bobbing a curtsey, she said:

"Can I see Myrtle Dene, ma'am?"

"You mean Miss Dene!" said the governess, with some asperity, not liking the familiarity.

"Of course—of course, though she was always Myrtle to me. Lor bless you, I had the bringing of her up from a babby, and used to call her Myrt for short, you see."

Good heavens!" thought Becky, "what an odious creature! I must get rid of her somehow; she will bring disgrace on us all if the servants get to know of this."

"I think you have made a mistake, my good woman," she said, with ill-concealed hauteur.

"Oh, no I havn't, begging your pardon; I saw her out driving. I hope she isn't too proud to speak to her poor old foster-mother?' said Mrs. Skinner, stoutly; "my good man Jack and me live at Chelsea now. We're nice and handy to the child, and mean to see her often."

Before Becky Pride could reply, Myrtle came out; on catching sight of her, Mrs. Skinner flew towards her with outstretched arms, exclaiming:

"'Tis her, my own bonny Myrtle!" and before Myrtle could prevent it, she was enfolded in her strong arms, and smothered with kisses.

Many a person in Myrtle's position would have shown anger at this unpardonable display of hypocritical affection on the part of one who had treated her with almost cruelty.

But she resolved to take it all in good part, and not to give her governess a chance of humiliating her.

As soon as she could free herself from the creature's odious embrace, she said:

"Dear Miss Pride, this is my old nurse, Martha Skinner. I had no idea she was in London, or I would have sent for her."

"There, ma'am, didn't I tell you my Myrtle would be pleased to see me?" the virago exclaimed triumphantly, "she's none of your stuck-up marms. I brought her up too sensible for that."

To use a homely simile, all this took the wind completely out of Miss Becky's sails.

One thing she was forced to admit—that though young in years, Myrtle was more than a match for her in the art of dissimulation; and from that moment she began to respect, almost fear, her.

She merely bowed and walked away, lest Myrtle should deem her inquisitive; besides, there was nothing more to learn, for both Mrs. Skinner and Myrtle had confessed the truth of their relations.

Myrtle led the way into an ante-room, and closing the door turned to Mrs. Skinner, an angry glitter in her eyes, and said:

"Why have you come here?—why did you not write to me first, Mrs. Skinner?"

"Don't be angry, Myrtle! You see I saw you out driving and found out that you lived here. Jack and me had a talk, and we thought it better for me to look you up—how's your father?"

"Now, Mrs. Skinner, let us understand each other: you think my father is likely to bribe you to keep silent— is that not so?" said Myrtle, absolutely.

Mrs. Skinner looked guilty, and Myrtle pursued:

"Not one penny piece will you receive in that way; there is nothing in my past to be ashamed of. I find you were well paid for

answered, showing him quite a little pile of gold.

"Phew! it's grand—first rate. I'll run and fetch something from round the corner, and some 'baccy; I feel awful for the want of a smoke," he suggested, snatching up a sovereign and hastening out on his errand. Now, matey, how did she look?' he asked on his return, having first made himself comfortable.

"Like a hempress: ler bless you, Jack, it would make your mouth water to see all the fine things; she was a little crabby at first."

"What about?

"My going there. And she didn't forget how I used to cuff her; but, bless you, it was all for her good, wasn't it now?'

"Of course; 'spare the strap and spoil the brat' is true as the gospel," he assented.

"She took me all aback at first, and warn't going to give us a penny piece, unless we went back to the old place out of her way; but I told her summat about a lady and gent calling, and bless you! she got as mild as mother's milk."

"Some one she's afreed of?"

"Yes, mortally afreed of by the look of her face. We're to have so much a year for our nat'ral lives, Jack, and a pound or two extra thrown in."

"For keeping her secret, eh?"

"That's it—she's like that under us," she asserted, placing the point of her thumb on the rude table.

"We'll keep it down on her, too. What sort of a crib is it, matey—easy to crack?"

From this point, the conversation was carried on in confidential whispers, but to their mental satisfaction.

Meanwhile a scene of a totally different character was taking place at Fairlawn House.

Myrtle, with flushed cheek, was seated on a footstool, her head resting on her father's knee.

"So you love him, Myrtle?" he asked sadly.

"Yes, papa; oh, so dearly! He saved my life. You would have had no daughter now, but for him."

"Am I to be lonely again, child? Think of what I have suffered! You are the only link now that binds me to life.'

"But I would never leave you, papa," she said tenderly; "in Erle you would find a son."

"Listen, child; I have kept nothing back from you. If the world only knew that I am an escaped criminal, condemned for the crime of attempted regicide, not one of those high-born men and women we received here and who smiled on us but would frown, and this man, who has won your heart, would perhaps scorn you.'

"Papa, oh, no, no!" she cried, with a shudder. "Erle loves me too dearly for that."

"Have you the courage to put him to the test?" he asked, quickly.

"It is your secret, papa. I dare not tell him."

"Would it be honourable to keep it from him? Some day, when you were his wife, the truth might reach him, and then his whole life might be made miserable. I did not dream love for another would fill your heart so soon; if I could only establish my innocence all would be well."

"But you know you are innocent, dear papa."

"What of that?—who would believe it? One man only could make my innocence as clear as noon-day."

"And he is?"

"My mortal enemy—the Duke of Brittany, your uncle; from what you know of him, through me, is it likely he would do that?"

"Yes; if I pleaded to him on my knees.

I am like my poor dead mother, the sight of me might touch his flinty heart."

"Your mother pleaded for me in vain, child. If ever he and I meet—and something tells me we shall—I will force him to do me justice, or——"

That awful look came into his face had seen there twice before: once at first meeting, again when he saw Peyton, and she shuddered visibly.

"'Tis not right, child, that you should share the weight of my heavy cross," he said, sadly, after a silence of some minutes' duration; "I will leave you all my wealth and hide my head in some foreign land; no one need ever know that your are the daughter of a convict."

Springing to her feet she threw her soft arms round his neck, crying:

"I will not accept the sacrifice; I will will give up this love and live only for you, trusting that heaven, more merciful than man, will one day make your innocence as clear as the noontide."

"And you would do all this for my sake?'

"Yes, even more. Have you not suffered? are you not my own dear father? when you were free, did you not hasten to me and make me what I am? You will not find me less noble than you."

"I thank heaven for having given me such a child!" he cried, her pressing to his heart; "it gives me courage, hope, trust in the future."

"Let us go away from England, papa—to America—I could learn to forget him there," she said, her lovely face was aflame with the resolution of a martyr.

"I am safer in England, child; let me think, Come to me in an hour's time—I will have decided by then," he said, kissing her fondly, and pushing her towards the door gently, but firmly.

When she came back to him, she saw at a glance how hard a battle he had been fighting with self.

His face looked haggard, his forehead seamed with furrows, but his eyes shone bright and clear, as if that hour's conflict had brought him peace and resignation.

"Myrtle, you need not give up the man you love; Heaven send that he may prove worthy of you" he said, calmly.

"But, papa, think of our secret"

"I have, child; it is safe in our keeping. I have wealth and a true friend in Paris, who will freely spend his time in tracking the witnesses who were suborned against me—what they did for gold then, they will undo for gold now."

"That's my own brave papa; it would be an ample revenge indeed to show the duke up in his character to the world."

"Aye! and make him disgorge your mother's fortune," he said, with an exultant smile; "together we will fight him in a way he little dreams of."

"Is he aware of my existence?"

"He thinks you dead. Some day his eyes will be opened, and then our opportunity will have come."

"Are you sure my mother is dead?" she asked, almost eagerly, for it flashed across her brain that perhaps it was she who had called at Mrs. Skinner's to inquire for her.

"Yes! with fiendish cruelty your uncle sent me on a certificate of her death."

"But he might have been deceiving you, papa."

"I verified the particulars for myself after I escaped. Some day I shall take you to see her grave," he said, brokenly. "My poor Marie—my angel wife!"

Burying his head in his hands, he wept silently, and in her eyes his grief was too sacred a thing to be intruded upon. So she stole from the room softly, more resolved

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it might unsettle his future plans.

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She was glad she had confessed to her all noble father—the man who had suffered a martydom for love for her mother.

He was a man to feel proud of—to almost worship, and but for her lover she would have gladly gone to some far off settlement in the wilds of America, and with him have spent a free life. In fact, had her father proposed such a thing to her when they first met, she would have hailed the proposal with unalloyed delight—it would have suited her then untamed nature. But love's chains held her enthralled, and she would make such a sacrifice for her father's sake even now, yet the wrench would be fearful.

She had learned to love the pleasant ways of society, and looked forwad to a happy future—such a one as wealth and a happy, contented home had in store for her.

Her pillow of roses had scarcely a single thorn in it; she would be happy, and strive to make those around her happy, too.

Halycon dreams these, which might, or might not, be fulfilled.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

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"What were the circumstances, Captain?"

"She was a Paducah woman, about forty five years old, and she had a horseshoe with her which she had found on the way to the boat."

"Well?"

"She brought it along, she said, because finding a horseshoe while on a journey was the surest sign of good luck. But what do you suppose she did next morning?"

"Give it up."

"Searched under her pillow, got her false teeth, packed them in her valise, anp put the horseshoe in her mouth. And, mind you, she never discovered her mistake, either, until she went to the breafast table, and there she calked her jaw with the toe of the shoe, while trying to get away with a beefsteak."—[Cincinnati Enquirer.

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Edith—"So I did; and I meant it, too."

Ella—"Then you have changed your mind. What caused you to do so?"

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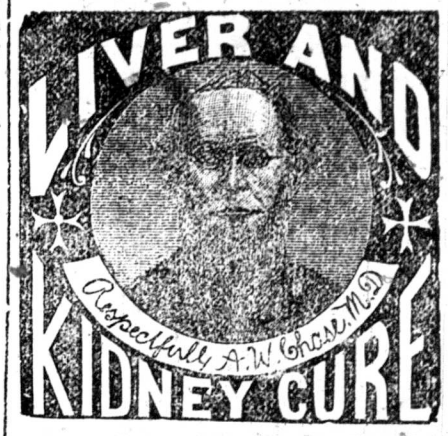

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NOTES BY THE WAY.

Width of nostrils in man or beast, although in the former hardly a type of beauty, is taken to signify good breathing power. Recognizing this also that victory on the playing field in violent games usually rests with those who possess the best staying ability, footballers at the leading United States colleges have actually invested a machine for the extension of the nostrils. It's a curious framework of wire, a parallelogram in shape, a third of an inch wide, about an inch long, and is inserted into the nose to expand the nostrils. Though uncomfortable to the wearer and likely to complicate such cracks on the nose as are often received in foot ball, it admits a more rapid supply of oxygen to the lungs and is supposed to increase the player's staying power. A device which will give more life, excitement and danger to foot ball by expanding the nostrils seems to be of vastly more value to some college students than learning what might expand their brain.

While on this subject, I may be allowed to quote liberally from a letter signed by the well known initials "T. C. P.," than whom there is no better authority on the practical or financial branch of breeding in the country. Here is what he says, and to me it appears that his views are well worth weighing:

"In the face of the fact that 80,000 grade shorthorn bullocks have been exported this year from Montreal, of which possibly a bare ten per cent have come from the Northwest and from the Eastern Townships, you will do well, I think, to permit a few lines in your paper cautioning our Ontario breeders against continuing the extraordinary sacrifice now being made of purebred shorthorn cattle. Think of it! 70,000 bullocks from Ontario, in addition to the home demand for beef! Now, of these bullocks at least three-fourths are the produce of thoroughbred shorthorn bulls. All ought to be. Shorthorn bulls can only be got from herds of shorthorn cattle, and of these, at the present moment, the price is lower than it has been ever before in Canada. Consequently many young males have been steered, or rather stagged, and there is great discouragement among ordinary breeders. . . . It would be a terrible thing for this province if its cattle industry were to be allowed to droop. It is the growth of it and of the cheese factories that has enabled the farmer to live in spite of the cheapness of his cereals. Farmers, at least those trading upon a limited capital, or none, are better off now than they were in the decade between 55 and 65, when Crimean war prices and great railway expenditure did so much to circulate cash. From 65 to 75 cash amongst them was comparatively unknown; and that state of things has been relieved by the circulation of cheese and beef money. It is a pity that the two industries are practically somewhat antagonistic. But so long as tastes differ, and farms offer variety of investment according to their adaptation, dairying and beefing may both prosper in the land, if not upon the same farm; or even in the same townships. . . . .

"I have heard exporters complain that this fall they secured the province for three year-old steers and found very few up to the mark. No doubt Montreal had already depleted the fields. To fill up engaged space a very sorry lot of creatures left our shore in October and November, a discredit to the trade, and not likely to give us or our cattle a good name. In 1880 the present two-year olds will be to the fore, and in 1991 those now yearlings will supply the demand of exporters. But if I am not very much mistaken the two next years will show a terrible

they could watch his movements without being seen. Looking in the direction in which the fox's eyes were turned, they saw a full-grown pheasant roosting on one of the outer branches. The pheasant's eyes kept steadily following those of the fox. Round and round went the fox, keeping the bird fascinated with his stare. Gradually the pheasant seemed to get dazed. In a short time this was unmistakable, for at last the bird fell to the earth completely mesmerised. It was now high time to rush forth, as Reynard had seized his prize. This time, however, he was disappointed. The writer says he thought serpents were the only animals that could draw their prey by mesmeric influence, and I thought so, too.

Apropos of the recent development of phenomenal young trotters, a question has arisen as to whether at maturity their powers will not have fallen off. A number of cases are quoted showing that horses that have trotted with remarkable speed as two or three-years olds have not afterwards been able to maintain the pace. In my idea the question does not admit of argument. If things go on as they are going now, it will not be many years before the time of greatest speed in the trotter will be as it is in the runner between the years of three and seven. In other words I think the very early development of the speed powers of a horse is a large mistake. Flora Temple, Dexter, Goldsmith Maid were all in their teens when they did their best work, while Maud S., when she made her phenomenal 2 08¾ over the Cleveland track was ten years old and it is believed can now, in her fifteenth year, travel as fast as ever, if not faster. Will Simol, Axtell, Palo Alto and the other infant phenomena be able to go a 2 10 or 2 12 clip at that age? I rather think not. And this puts me in mind that the average time of mares is better than that of either stallions or geldings. Peruse the following list, the date given in parenthesis being the year of foaling:

MARES.

Maud S., chestnut mare (1874), by Harold.....2 08¾
Sunol, bay mare (1886) by Electioneer.2 10½
Belle Hamlin, bay mare (1879), by Hamlin's Almont, jun.....2.12¾

GELDINGS.

Jay Eye See, black gelding (1878), by Dictator.....2.10
Guy, black gelding (1880), by Kentucky Prince.....2 10¾
St. Julien, bay gelding (1869), by Volunteer.....2.11¼
Rarus, bay gelding (1867), by Conklin's Abdallah.....2 13¼
Harry Wilkes, bay gelding (1876), by George Wilkes.....2 13½

STALLIONS.

Axtell, bay horse (1886), by William L.1 12
Palo Alto, bay horse (1888), by Electioneer.....2 12¼
Stamboul, bay horse (1882) by Sultan.2 12¼
Maxey Cobb, bay horse (1875), by Happy Medium.....2 13¼
Bonnie McGregor, bay horse (1879) by Robert McGregor.....2,13½
Phallas, brown horse (1877), by Dictator.....2 13¾

With the exception of Guy and Rarus, all are direct descendants from Rysdyk's Hambletonian. Sunol, I might mention, is reported to have recently trotted a quarter in 2 13¼ sec., a 2 05 gait for the mile.

I have seen a statement that British Columbians are willing to put up $30,000 for John L Sullivan and Peter Jackson to fight for. I am happy to be in a position to

CHRISTMAS STORYETTES.

HIS PRESENT.

Charley wanted to give Clara a Christmas present, but could not make up his mind as to what it should be; so the next time he called he frankly told her of the difficulty under which he was laboring.

"Want to make me a present, Charley?" Clara exclaimed in well disguised astonishment. "Why, Charley, you forget yourself!"

He took the delicate hint and offered himself then and there.

CHRISTMAS SHOPPING.

Never mind, ladies. The Christmas shopping does not come out of your pockets. It is your annual opportunity to get more than even with the men, that's all.

And really, they are so good-natured just before Christmas that no one may be pardoned for expressing the wish that the holiday season might last all the year round.

CHRISLMAS PRESENTS.

"The Christmas season's at the door—
And through the air the snowflakes whirl;
The dude now seeks the dollar store
To buy a present for his girl."

Which reminds us to suggest that if you received any presents last Christmas that you do not fancy, this is a good time of the year to dispose of them.

WE DON'T BUY THEM.

"Buy your Christmas presents now!" is the legend that meets us in the window of an up-town store.

Thank you for the advice—but we won't do any such a thing, oh, no!

We always kindly permit our friends to buy them for us.

CHISTMAS SLIPPERS

This is the time of the year when useless girls derive exquisite pleasure in getting up slippers, the cost of which is out of all proportion to their value, and then think it a good joke to tell their shoemaker to "send the bill to pa—but be sure and not send it until after Christmas."

"It is a perfectly safe wager that there is not a "pa" in the land will see where the joke comes in.

CHRISTMAS STOCKINGS.

The old saying that "hanging is too good for them" is never understood to apply to the Christmas stockings.

And talking about stockings—"Stockings be hanged!" says the St. Louis girl, "It is only the Chicago belle who expects to find a grand piano in a sock."

HER CHRISTMAS GOOSE.

Mrs. A.: Are you going to have a goose this Christmas?

Mrs. B.: I have cooked my Christmas goose already.

Mrs. A.: Why—you don't tell me so?

Mrs. B.: Yes, I badgered my dear husband out of a sealskin sacque worth four hundred dollars!

HER CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

A gentleman sauntered into a large dry-goods store, a few days before Christmar and remarked: "I want something for a Christmas present for my wife." The clerk suggested various things, but the customes seemed not quite satisfied. At last he asked: "Have you cotton cloth?" "Certainly, sir."

falling off in the supply, both as regards quality and quantity. Everywhere I hear of a depression in the shorthorn business, and its effect will be pretty visible in 1892. It is proverbial that when things get to the worst they mend, and I trust that breeders will bear the proverb in mind. If the unwholesome and idiotic prices of a few years back are not again reached, and I think they will be, there will soon be a sharp demand for shorthorn bulls at trade prices. Now trade price means a price at which the animal can be delivered at a capable age without loss Debit—(1) Cow, worth $100 say one fourth of its breeding life, equal $25; (2) service of bull, $5; (3) feed of cow one year, equal $35; (4) feed, attendance of calf after six months' sucking, at $5 per month for eight months, $40. The breeder, I contend, must get over $100 for his bull calf before he can make a cent of profit, and then he is out of pocket $5 a month for every month he keeps the animal after his fourteenth month, which is early enough for even limited service I am presuming that he turns out a meritorious animal in high condition, and I defy anybody to do so for less than $100; but if anybody wants to challenge my figures, I am prepared in another communication to go into details. Now the ordinary farmer still thinks $100 a high price for a young bull, and no wonder, as he spends his life among scrubs worth less than $15 at the same age, and his mind is not prone to grasp the situation and the steps that lead to it. He can't get over the idea that the breeder is making a lot of money out of him, and he leaves—to buy a half-bred bull for $25.

"This being so, who is going to educate him up to the mark? His county paper is generally published by a man who knows a little of everything except farming and breeding, and his weekly newspaper, therefore, never brings him tidings of improvement in his own trade. I know no weekly country paper that pays an intelligent attention to the education of its country readers in their own walk of life. If a farmer takes a daily paper he only finds himself drowned in politics. The writers in the monthly agricultural press write over his head. It is true that laudable efforts of late have been made through the instrumentality of winter lectures to farmers' institutes to disseminate truth among this very unreceptive class of people, but no good result is yet visible. As well try to make beer of the waters of the Toronto bay by swimming round it with a sample bag of barley tied between the shoulders. If Messrs. Frankland, Thompson, Flannigan, Dunn, Loonis, Verral, Bleng, Sheridan, Lemon, Crawford, McLennan and others (to quote only Toronto names) do not wish to see their trade slip away from them, why don't they take steps to insure a supply of bullocks, and of better bullocks? It would pay them to hire two or three competent lecturers at a good salary and send them round the township to lecture. A few men like Arthur Johnson going the rounds and addressing the farmers from their own standpoint and in their own vernacular would do more than an army of professors; and the Local Government might be expected to help in some way." "T.C.P." is a little hard on the respective faculties of farmers, but, for all he speaks good sound common sense, and a convention of cattle breeders might well be held to consider the best place to be adopted to encourage cattle-breeding on the lines he lays down.

An English correspondent says that his shepherd and himself were one evening attracted by the singular movements of a fox. He was walking round and round a tree, steadily keeping his eyes fixed on some object in the branches. Bushes being near, give the said statement an unqualified denial. It is time that every civilized community put all boxing matches for money on the same footing as prize-fighting out and out, and then boors and liars of the Sullivan type would speedily become relics of the past, and their brutal strength would have to be used in production itstead of destruction.

The $105,000 paid for Axtell has set all America talking about high prices for horses, and a New York paper publishes the following list of high-priced thoroughbreds:

IN AMERICA.

Kentucky, b. h., 4, by Lexington..	$40,000
King Thomas, yearling colt, by Ban Fox.....	20 000
Dewdrop, b. f., 3, by Falsetto.....	29,500
Brother of Bassett, b, c., 3, by Lexington.....	25 000
Vigil, b, c., 3, by Virgil.....	25 000
Duke of Magenta, 3, by Lexington.	20 000
Ban Fox, b. c., 2, by King Ban....	20,000
Iroquois, br. h. (stallion), by Leamington.....	20,000

The highest priced imported stallions are Rayon d'Or, by Fageolet, for which W. L. Scott paid $33,000; Mortemer, by Compiegne, for which Pierre Lorillard paid $25,000, he having previously paid $15,000 for Glenlyon, by Stockwell, and St. Blaise, by Hermit, imported by Mr. Belmont at a cost of $15,000. Contrast these figures with the $250 paid in England for Diamond in 1799 He was the winner of the first Derby, and after his arrival in this country is said to have been sold for $5,000.

Some very high prices have been paid in England—the largest for the unbeaten Ormond, for stallion service, near Buenos Ayres, whence a great many high priced horses have been sent during the last five years. All the others, with the exception of Kangaroo, were sold for breeding purposes in England. Kangaroo was sold to the Marquis of Hastings in his "plunging" days, back in the "sixties."

Ormond, by Bend Or.....	$75,000
Doncaster, by Stockwell.....	70 000
Kangaroo, by West Australian....	70 000
Blair Athol, by Stockwell.....	62 500
Busybody, by Petrarch.....	44 000
Harvester, by Sterling.....	43 000
Gladiateur, by Monarque.....	35 000
Isonomy, by Sterling.....	30 000
Spinaway, by Macaroni.....	27,500
Wheel of Fortune, by Adventurer..	25 000
Jannette, by Lord Clifden.....	21 000
Cantinere, by Stockwell.....	20,500
Louisbourg, by Hampton.....	20,000
Foxhall (American), by King Alfonso.....	20,000

Of the above, Busybody, Harvester, Spinaway, Wheel of Fortune, Jannette, Cantinere and Louisbourg were sold at the late Lord Falmouth's famous break-up sales in 1884.

An Essential of Success.

Young Authoress (with bundle of manuscript): Would you like a story of a pair of young lovers who separated and each married some one else, and years after, when his wife was dead and her husband was dead, the two met again and the old love rekindled?

Experienced Publisher: Um—I'm afraid that wouldn't be a success nowadays, but if you'd rewrite the story and have the man's wife and the woman's husband both alive when the two meet again and the old love rekindles it would sell like hot cakes.—[Puck

Dick (aged eight, with disgusted air, to Tommy, aged ten, whose efforts at telling "a whopper" were not a success)—"If yer agoin' ter lie, why don't yer stand up te it like a man?"

"I want eight new shirts. Eight times four are thiryy-two. I'll take thirty-two yards."

The gratitude of the wife at receiving as a Christmas present the cloth for eight new shirts for her husband can be imagined.

EDITORS' PRESENTS.

The dry goods clerk always gets the bulge on the poor journalist in making Christmas presents. The editor can never put his hands on anything except an old mouldy paste pot, a rusty pair of scissors, and a box of steel pens, suspender buttons, and burned matches. And yet we hear people talking about the even distribution of justice. That is just like a fellow looks at the matter. We are open for an engagement as dry goods clerk.

Our girl must have an even show somehow, when it comes to the matter of Christmas presents.

WILFUL WASTE.

"Did you stop at Shears the tailor's?"

"Yes and I gave him fits."

"What did you do that for? You'll never get 'em back."

TOO MUCH TURKEY.

Little Frank, having eaten more turkey on Christmas than was good for him, complained bitterly.

On being asked where the pain was, he answered, with great seriousness, pressing his tiny hand upon his chest, "I think, papa, it must be in my wish-bone, 'cause it's right here."

A Sad Case.

"I reckon,' said farmer Begosh, "that Josiah might ez well be kep home from college. The base-ball is over, an' he can't learn much anyhow. Besides, I'm afraid it's kind o' mixin' his mind up."

"What makes you think so, Ezra?" asked Mrs. Begosh.

"Waal, I was to see him the other day, and every once in a while he would say sumthin' that seemed to hev no bearin' on anything in pertickier. Ez we wuz walkin' together along the street, he interrupted me an' says 'and the band played.'"

"I thought I might as well humor him, an' I says gently: 'Well, sposen' it did, Josiah?' Says he: 'That's all right, pop; you're a good one, but you ain't on.' 'Ain't on what?' sez I. 'You ain't tryin' to give me the razzle dazzle, are you?' he says, with an air of seriousness that made me sad. I told him I hadn't no razzle dazzle to give, so as to kind o' quiet him, an' he laughed in a satisfied way. He was purty quiet after that, only for askin' me where I got that hat over an' over ag'in, although he knew as well as I did where I bought it, havin' been with me at the time. I don't know whether to bring him home, or have him sent to a hospital or somethin'."

What is Needed

By every man and woman if they desire to secure comfort in this world is a corn sheller. Putnam's Corn Extractor shells corns in two or three days and without discomfort or pain. A hundred imitations prove the merit of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, which is always sure, safe and painless. See signature of Polson & Co. on each bottle. Sold by medicine dealers.

Mr. Zero—"What was that sigh for, my dear?" Mrs. Zero—"Nothing." Mr. Zero—"I didn't know but what 'twas me as usual." Mrs. Zero—"It was—a cipher is usually nothing."

A Business-like Offer.

For many years the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy have offered, in good faith, $500 reward for a case of Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure. The Remedy is sold by druggists at only 50 cents. This wonderful remedy has fairly attained a world-wide reputation. If you have dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; if the eyes are weak, watery and inflamed; if there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice being changed and has a nasal twang; the breath offensive; smell and taste impaired; sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility, you are suffering from nasal catarrh. The more complicated your disease, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood, or more unsuccessfully treated by physicians.

When all other sins grow old, avarice is young.

Would you know the keen delight
Of a wholesome appetite,
Undestrained by colic's dire,
Headache's curse, or fever's fire
Thoughts morose, or icy chills?
Then use Dr. Pierce's pills.

Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets—the original and only genuine Little Liver Pills; 25 cents a vial.

A high note—One of a thousand dollars.

The only guaranteed cure for all blood taints and humors, eruptions, pimples, blotches, scalp diseases and scrofulous sores and swellings, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. You get a cure or money paid for it promptly returned.

"The Czar left £500 for the poor of Berlin, and he gave a very handsome present to his Alexander Regiment, and numerous diamond snuff boxes and a shower of decorations were distributed, but his gifts appear insignificant when compared with those of his grandfather, the Emperor Nicolas, when he visited England for a week in June, 1844. He gave £2 000 to the servants at Windsor Castle, and £1,000 to the housekeeper; £4,000 to various charities; $500 annually for a cup at Ascot, which was continued until 1854; a parure of diamonds, worth £2,000, to Mme. Brunnow, the wife of his Ambassador; twelve gold snuff boxes, with his portrait set in diamonds, among the great officers and lords of the Queen's household; twelve gold snuff boxes, with his cipher in diamonds, among the equerries and grooms-in-waiting; literally a sackful of brooches, watches, rings, and pins, which were distributed among the small fry who had been useful to him or in some way concerned with his visit.

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A waist of time—That of a stout old lady.

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Wit without sense is a razor without a handle.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor,—

Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Resp'y, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 164 West Adelaide St., Toronto, Ont.

Mr. H—"Congratulations, old fellow. Boy or girl?" Mr. B. (sorrowfhlly)—"Both. Two o' 'em."

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Address, **WHALEY, ROYCE & CO., 158 Yonge Street, Toronto.** Send for Catalogue.

WANT BROS. AGENTS

TARBOX BROS., Manufacturers of the PATENT UNIVERSAL COOKING CROCK and dealers in AGENTS' SPECIALTIES. It pays to handle Good Articles. OUR GOODS are meeting with ready sales from Ocean to Ocean. We have Supply Depots at Convenient Points. Illustrated Catalogues Free. Address **611 King St. West, Toronto.**

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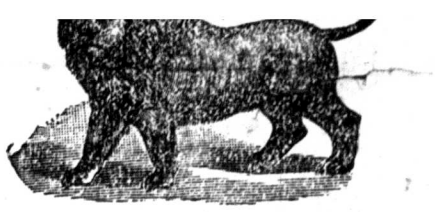


Provident Life and Live Stock Asson

CHIEF OFFICE,

ROOM D, ARCADE, - TORONTO, CANADA

(INCORPORATED.)

A Mutual Benefit Association.

SOLID INVESTMENT—By paying to the above Association ONE CENT PER DAY, a person aged twenty-two, and two cents per day a person aged forty four can secure Five Dollars per week while disabled through sickness or accident, so for two and three cents per day, persons aged as above can secure for their dependants, Five Hundred Dollars in event of death.

LIVE STOCK OWNERS can provide against loss by death through disease or accident of their stock at easy rates, Those interested, send for prospectuses etc, Reliable Agents wanted in unrepresented districts.

WILLIAM JONES Managing Director.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.

I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS

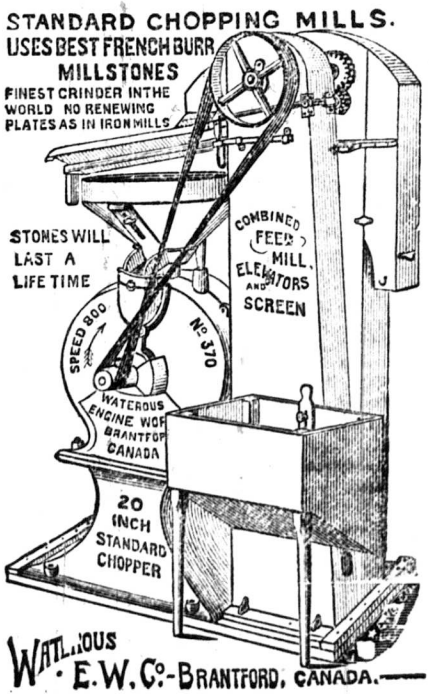
A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 164 West Adelaide St.
TORONTO, ONT.

STANDARD CHOPPING MILLS.

USES BEST FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES

FINEST GRINDER IN THE WORLD NO RENEWING PLATES AS IN IRON MILLS



WATEROUS E.W. Co.-BRANTFORD, CANADA.

JOSEPH MADDAUGH WRITES FROM MORRISON P.O

NOVEMBER 26TH, 1889.

Now that I have purchased from you one of your Standard French Burr Chopping Mills, turning in on it as part pay my Iron Grinder, I have no objection to tell you that the plates used in the Iron Grinder cost $2 00, and latterly but $1.00 per pair.

I used over $50 00 worth last winter. Occasionally a plate would last a week, but sometimes not over two or three hour.

The price of the mill was $65.00, much cheaper than yours, but in the end was a very much dearer mill. I am satisfied that Iron Grinders are only suitable for farmers who have a very small amount of chopping to do for their own use.

J. COMEAU & CO., MANIWAKI, QUE, WRITES:

NOVEMBER 23RD, 1889.

I would feel inclined to apologise for not writing sooner, had I not been too busy and my desire to give the 20-inch Standard Mill a fair trial before writing.

I am most happy to state that I am entirely satisfied with the mill, it is doing splendid work.

FOR SALE.

Two No. 3 Iron Grinders at $15.00 each, three No. 2 Iron Grinders, $25.00 each, all in good order and with new plates.

SAVINGS BANK

BRANCH OF THE

DOMINION BANK, NAPANEE

—

Deposits taken of one dollar. Interest from date of deposit. No notice of withdrawal required

E. H. BAINES.

OFFICE MARKET SQUARE. 4489ly AGENT

The Napanee Express.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 6, 1889.

The Legislative Assembly of Ontario has been summoned for January 30th, for the transation of business. The Dominion Parliament Assembles on January 16th.

Rev. Dr. Williams, General Superintendent of the Methodist Church, died, at Toronto, last Tuesday night. Methodism has suffered a great loss in the death of the venerable Doctor. He was an indefatigable worker, an eloquent preacher and an eminently Godly man.

Queen's University has been celebrating its jubilee this week. Notables from various parts of the Province were present, including the Govenor General. Lord Stanley received the degree of Doctor of Laws, and is now entitled to be called, Doctor Stanley. We trust that Queen's may continue to progress, and that ever increasing instalments of educated young men may be sent out from her halls, thoroughly equipped for life's struggles.

The report is current that Warden Filson is to supplant Dr. Meacham as the Tory candidate for the approaching Provincial election. The Doctor is meeting with such poor success in his canvas that he is said to be anxious to get out of the contest as speedily as possible. We thought that something of this kind was in the wind when the Warden announced that he would withdraw from municipal politics, and that, too, just when his sworn opponent, Major Patterson, had announced that he would oppose him in January next. The secret is now out. The Warden aspires to a higher seat, and as "the party" feel that they are courting defeat in allowing Dr. Meacham to oppose Bowen E. Aylsworth, they are more than willing to swap horses before the time arrives to cross the stream. Mr. Aylsworth has so many sterling qualities that he is receiving the warm support of many Conservatives and his election is a foregone conclusion.

Planting Windbreaks.

To the Editor of THE EXPRESS.

SIR.—Perhaps you will allow me again to suggest to your readers the infinite advantages which would follow, if every young man, on starting in farm life on a property of his own, would plant along the north, or most exposed side, a plantation of hardwood or pine trees. Young trees can be got from the bush, or from the nursery, the cost would not be much; but the bene-

FARM FOR SALE.

In the 7th concession of North Fredericksburgh the west corner of Lot No. 24, containing 30 acres. Good barns, house, orchards, etc.

5289d GARRET VANALSTINE.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT LOWEST RATES.

—

HERRINGTON & WARNER,

2889ly Barristers, Napanee

FARM FOR SALE.

—

The Weese Farm, in the 4th Concession of Adolphustown, for sale at a bargain. 100 acres, good buildings, land in good state of cultivation. For further particulars apply to

JOHN D. HAM, Esq., Napanee, or to

51t C. H. WIDDIFIELD, Picton, Ont.

F. X. BEZO,

MANUFACTURER OF

TENTS, AWNINGS, HAMMOCKS, WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, BOAT SAILS, ETC.

1889 1mtf SOUTH NAPANEE

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE.

—

HATCH & MILLING, Props.

—

This house has recently changed hands, and has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with due regard to the comfort of the guests.

Farmers will find commodious, first-class stabling and cheap rates. Farmers patronage solicited

Napanee, Au. 13, 1889. 3789fm

INSURE IN THE

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Government deposit over - - $600,000

G. A. CATON,

General Ggent, Newburgh, Ont.

Active agents wanted. 2089ly.

A. F. WARNER, M.D., C.M.,

—

Late House Surgeon, Chambers street Hospital, New York.

Surgery formerly occupied by Dr. Cowan, at Jas. Perry's, Bridge-st. east. 5089fm

GOOD PAY.

—

We want men, women, girls and boys in every Town, Village and Hamlet in Canada, to take hold of a money making and perfecely honorable employment. It will cost nothing to give it a trial. Send for illustrated circular.

Address,

W. H. ROBERTSON,

5189f Peterborough, Ont.

BRAN! BRAN

—

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Choice Western Wheat Bran

For sale cheap at the Big Mill.

Call and inspect it before you buy. Feed and Flour cheaper than anyone else in town.

4969dtf JOHN R. DAFOE.

THE "BON TON"

Hair Dressing Parlor,

OF NAPANEE.

—

Having bought out the Hair-Dressing Room of Mr. James Miller I am prepared to wait

THE

MONTREAL

CLOTHING

HOUSE.

—

Awarded First Prize at Lennox Fair.

—

Note the fact that we were awarded the first prize in open competition on a Suit of Canadian Tweed of our own manufacture.

This is a proof that we lead in

Style and Make

as the people have long since discovered we do in prices.

—

Since we came to Napanee we have

KNOCKED THE

CLOTHING Trade Silly

Our competitors haven't been able to catch their breath since the hurricane struck them.

the cost would not be much; but the benefits, if many could be induced to carry out the plan, would be very great. The country, for want of the forests which covered it once, is drying up. Crops are not nearly so large as were formerly obtained, and there is apparently but one remedy, namely, to restore some proportion of the old forests. If every here and there, a good plantation, well cared for, and above all things, kept clear from cattle, existed, I have no doubt from what has been observed in other countries, that a very beneficial effect would follow with reference to the agriculture of our own. All lands in our zone need either woods to the south or woods intermixed. The woods to the south have long been cut away. The woods intermixed are fast following. If our farmers do not desire to see Ontario crops lower far beyond their present scale they must plant trees. They must neither grudge the land nor the labor. The average of Ontario fall wheat is now not more than between sixteen and twenty bushels an acre. I can remember when it fully doubled that. The difference was that we had more forest. Yours etc.

R. W. PHIPPS.

Toronto, Dec. 13th 1889.

A Little Spark

May kindle a great fire, just so dyspepsia and blood give rise to countless complaints which cannot be cured until the dyspepsia is removed, and the blood purified. To do this is the work of Burdock Blood Bitters, a medicine which always cures dyspepsia, bad blood and all complaints of a similar origin.

Hawley,

The funeral of the late Mrs. James Fretts on Tuesday, was largely attended by relatives and friends. The Rev. H. I. Allen preached the sermon.

The Christmas tree takes place on Friday night of this week. A good programme of recitations, kindergartens and dialogues. The public are cordially invited. Also the Anniversary Services in connection with the Church will take place on Sabbath 29th inst., at 2.40 p.m., by A. B. Chamberlain, Chairman of Napanee District, by Rev. ——— to be followed by a Tea Meeting on New Year's day. Good tea! Good music! Good everything. All gentlemen and ladies are cordially invited to attend. Come every

[illegible] in our town, [illegible]ard, but our [illegible] brigade, although they worked [illegible] families were [illegible] noise than [illegible] in the street [illegible] he would [illegible] the public [illegible] will take [illegible], so you [illegible] next issue. [illegible] made for [illegible] Hall, on [illegible] spared to [illegible]. Come [illegible] his honor [illegible] invited [illegible].

[illegible] Lodge.

[illegible] year ago [illegible] on my [illegible]. I got one [illegible] Hagyard's [illegible] which cured me entirely. I [illegible] it.

Jno. L. Wilson, Magnetawan, Ont.

[illegible] VIGOR [illegible] the body and [illegible] use [illegible] Mill [illegible] Fruit Wine.

---

upon customers in my line.

Mexican Egg Shampoo and Singeing done at either the shop or private residences.

2789ly E. VANALSTINE,

Late of the Arcade Tonsorial Parlors Toronto

JAMES AYLSWORTH,

Clerk 7th Division Court,

(County of Lennox and Addington,)

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,

CONVEYANCER,

COMMISSIONER, ETC., IN H.C.J.,

Insurance, Money Lending and General Business Agent.

TAMWORTH, ONT

Noted for promptness and reliability.—Patronage solicited. 4389ly

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FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The undersigned offers for sale or to rent that

Desirable Brick Residence

and four acres of land situated on the York road, in the Township of Ernesttown, about five miles east of Napanee. Church and school almost within a stones throw of the property. Land in a good state of cultivation; buildings in thorough repair. Good hard and soft water.

Terms of payment very liberal. For further particulars apply to

J. C. DREWRY,

or to

RICHARD J. WRIGHT,

4389mtf Morven, P.O.

N. A. CATON, INSURANCE AGENT.

Representing the following companies:

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company,

Canadian Mutual Aid Association,

Citizens' Accident Insurance Company,

Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

Office in the Grange Block, - - John st

NAPANEE, ONT.

Rates and full particulars on application.

2189ly

—FROM—

Thos. Symington,

To The Public

Greetings all and thanks for former favors.

I do not give or receive Xmas presents but give full value for every cent received, guarantee satisfaction, and if the goods dont suit from any cause whatever) take them back cheerfully and refund the money.

I can't startle you with miracles but will sell you goods as good and cheap as any person in Napanee.

I can't sell 40 cent Tea for 20 cents, but sell 40 cent Tea for 40 cents, and 10 cent Tea for 10 cts., do my own importing, save 10 per cent. and give my customers the benefit of it.

I will not insult your intelligence by saying that I control any particular brand or grade of Flour, but will sell you the best grades of Flour in Canada, in any quantities, at as small a profit as any man can live on.

I keep on hand a large stock of Flour, Feed, Bran and Shorts, Sugar, Teas, and general Groceries, Pork, Fish, and Fruits of all kinds.

I make Seeds, field and garden, a specialty.

I will pay the highest price for Raw Furs.

I have my full share of custom, but would gladly accommodate a few more.

Wishing you happiness, prosperity and free trade.

I remain yours faithfully,

Thos. Symington

Dundas Street, Napanee, Ont.

Agent for the L. & L. Fire Insurance Company

The people, oppressed by low prices for grain and old time high prices for wearing apparel, greet us as public benefactors, and rush to our store in crowds to take advantage of the bargains we offer.

We keep a complete range of the latest patterns in

Scotch, Irish and Canadian Tweeds, English and French Suitings

We make these up with the best Trimmings, in the same manner that secured for us the first prize award.

Our Prices Are Away Down.

Ready-made Clothing by the cord, superior make, latest styles, and the prices so low that they will astonish you.

A splendid range of Gents' Furishings.

We also took a prize at the fair on Furs, and have a splendid lot of Gents' Fur Caps, Fur Coats, etc.

We sell these at what others buy them for.

Gents' Underclothing cheaper than you could paint yourself and go naked

Our long acquaintance with the wholesale trade in Montreal enables us to give these low prices.

Come and see us.

FREEMAN & LIVINGSTON,

Sexsmith's old stand Leonard Block,

Napanee.

BUYERS' DIRECTORY. NAPANEE BUSINESS HOUSES

PLUMS, PEACHES, PEARS,

And Melons a specialty at

BRUTON'S.

G. A. Blewett

Keeps the Best and Cheapest

FLOUR

in town. Give him a call.

Try his 25 cent Tea.

GO TO

HULETT'S

FOR

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS

Just opened out one of the finest assortments of

FANCY CHINA & GLASSWARE

ever offered in this town. Don't fail to see them before making your Christmas selections as you will save money and get better goods.

W. COXALL.

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Head Office, Montreal.

Annual Income.....$25,273.58
Assets, over.....$2,000,000.00
Assurance in force,16,025,300.00

James Little, Peterboro, Inspector of Agencies. W. H. Hill, Peterboro, Manager for Central Ontario,

Rev. S. CARD, Local Agt, Napanee

Do you want to take a drive? If so, just call up R. H. Potter, Telephone No. 99. The best livery in town.

GREAT SHOW OF

Xmas Presents

—AT—

Lockwood's

Corner Brisco House block and Rennie block.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE

Hollow Back

Crosscut Saws

AT

Perry & Madole

The best made.

CHOPPING AXES, a fine stock to select from.

PERRY & MADOLE

A. W. GRANGE & BRO.

DEALERS IN

Pure Drugs and Medicines

Toilet Articles, Perfumery,

Patent Medicines, Etc

Physicians Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

F. CHINNECK,

Jeweler.

Fresh Groceries

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

George I. Ham

McLaughlin's old stand.

Extraordinary Bargains

At McRossie's

In cheap Boots and Shoes, Overshoes and Rubbers, till 1st of January. Ladies' Rubbers, only 25 cents; Mens' Rubbers only 50 cents; Womens' Felt Gaitors, 75 cents; Mens' Overshoes, $1; Long Felt Boots only $1.50. As we have too large a stock, bargains will be given in every line for two months. Go right to

A. D. McROSSIE

THE BRISCO HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

The best dollar-a-day house in Eastern Ontario

Good sheds and stabling. First-class meals.

C. A. CORNELL,

2089ly PROPRIETOR

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to lend money in sums of $40 and upwards on the security of first mortgage. Farm and Town Property

At 6, 6½ & 7 PER CENT. STRAIGHT

No fines nor commission paid by borrowers. am also prepared to buy or sell promissory notes of undoubted security.

Insurance policies granted on nearly all classes of property in first-class Stock Companies at bottom price. First-class farm and isolated property insured at 15c. per $100 for 3 years.

Correspondence solicited. T. G. DAVIS,

2089ly Insurance and Money Loaning Agent.

Prof. Loisette's

MEMORY

DISCOVERY AND TRAINING METHOD

In spite of adulterated imitations which miss the theory, and practical results of the Original, in spite of the grossest misrepresentations by envious would-be competitors, and in spite of "base attempts to rob" him

CHRISTMAS CHEER.

We beg to advise our numerous patrons that on Saturday next the 21st. inst., we shall cut the Cheese that took first prize, and was awarded the GOLD MEDAL at our late County Show. It will be sold at the moderate price of 15c. per lb.

This week we have received from "The Ireland National Food Company'S" Mills at Toronto. Extra quality Rolled Wheat, Desiccated Wheat, Wheat Germ Meal, Pea Meal, Snow Flake Barley Food, Gold Flake Rolled Oats, Old Gold Corn Meal, Silver Cream Corn Meal, and Buckwheat Flour.

APPLES.

We have a few barrels of fine apples for sale by the barrel or bushel. Also in stock choice family Lard.

M. W. PRUYN & SON.

Leading Grocers, and Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Napanee, Dec. 18th, 1889.

of the fruit of his labors, (all of which demonstrate the undoubted superiority and popularity of his teaching), Prof. Loisette's Art of Never Forgetting is recognized to-day in both Hemispheres as marking an Epoch in Memory Culture. His Prospectus (sent post free) gives opinions of people in all parts of the globe who have actually studied his System by correspondence, showing that his System is *used only while being studied, not afterwards; that any book can be learned in a single reading, mind-wandering cured, &c.* For Prospectus, Terms and Testimonials address
Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Avenue, N.Y.

5189cm

Carscallen & Bro.,

Low Priced, No Combination

Undertaking Establishment.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of all the latest designs te be found in

COFFINS, CASKETS, ROBES, Etc.,

which we are prepared to sell 25 per cent. cheaper than any house in the county. We use the best deodorizer, thus obviating all unpleasant odors. Embalming a Specialty. Having purchase one of the Handsomest Hearses at the Toronto exhibition we are prepared to attend personally funrals in the most satisfactory manner. The public will do well to call and examine our stock, and be convinced that ours is the place to buy.

We have also added a full line of the newes things in Wall Paper, Ceiling Decorations, Window Shades and Picture Railing, Paints and Oils Paint Mixed. Persons wanting anything in this line will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, Centre street one block south of Main.

5189 CARSCALLLEN & BRO.

J. F. SMITH

IS SELLING

Groceries

at prices to suit the times.

FRESH TEAS,
CANNED TOMATOES,
CANNED CORN,
EVAPORATED APPLES.

Sugars, Yellow, Raw, White.

FLOUR and FEED

all at the lowest prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

J. F. SMITH

Brisco House Block, Napanee. 1130y

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION

to this branch of our business, and are in a position to furnish Funerals at much less cost than any other establishment, furnishing good covered Coffins and Caskets, better trimmed, at less price than any other can furnish common articles. The only house that keeps a full line of goods to select from. Best Hearse in the Counties always in Attendance. Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.

989ly **J. GIBBARD & SON.**

—THE—

RATHBUN CO.

NAPANEE AGENCY

—DEALERS IN—

Lumber, Shingles Lath,

And all descriptions of

BUILDING MATERIAL

Both rough and dressed, including

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS
DRAIN TILE, Etc.

WOOD & COAL

For Foundry, Smithing and Domestic purposes.

YARDS—South of Swing Bridge.

CENTRE-STREET.

J. J. TAYLOR,

380fm AGENT

THE WESTERN CANADA
Loan and Savings Co y

HAVE APPOINTED

J. C. DREWRY

their Appraiser for Lennox & Addington.

Any Amount of Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

TWO FARMS TO LET. Apply personally or by letter to

J. C. DREWRY
EXPRESS Office Napanee Ont.

MILES STORMS

has had ove forty years in the undertaking business in the county, and can turn out work equal to any in the Dominon.

A large stock of Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Crape Gloves and Badges, constantly on hand, and all sold at reasonable prices.

I also make a specialty of Embalming, giving this department my personal attention, thus removing all risk unpleasant odor or any change in color

First-class hearse free of charge, will attend all funerals. 2089ly MILES STORMS

SituatioN

with steady employment, and good pay all the year round to reliable men furnishing satisfactory references.

S. A. McMASTER & CO., Nurserymen. 4989cm Rochester, N.Y.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Christmas and New Years

Cheap Fare

SINGLE FARE

on December 24th and 25th, valid for return until Dec. 26th. Also Dec. 31st and Jan. 1st, good to return January 2nd.

Fare and One-third

on Dec. 20th, 21st, 22nd. 23rd, 24th, 25th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st and Jan. 1st, good to return until Jan. 6th.

It makes no difference where you are going. Avoid all trouble by buying your ticket from

J. L. BOYES,

23831y Rail and Ocean Ticket Agent, Napanee

Threshers' Supplies.

Leather Belting, Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, Rubber Packing, Hemp Packing, Asbesto's Packing, Soapstone Packing, Threshing Mitts.

PEERLESS MACHINE OIL

Is the best in the market.

Nearly all the threshers use it and are delighted with it. Try it. Sold only by

3589ly **R. G. WRIGHT,**

NAPANEE.

Adolphustown.

There was an interesting service at the Centennial Church, last Sabbath morning, when five adults received the solomn rite of Baptism.

Next Sabbath morning, in the same Church, the memorial service for Mr. E. A. Mallory's children will be held.

Mr. John Pollard lost a sweet little girl by Dyptheria on Saturday last. A few years ago Mr, Pollard lost three children at a stroke by this fatal disease, and the dear little Rosa makes the fourth victim taken from this one household by the terrible scourge.

The Methodist Sabbath School will have a Xmas Tree in the Centennial Church on Xmas eve. The ladies of the congregation will have their annual Xmas Tea Meeting on Xmas night.

The annual New Year's Festival at No. 1 on New Year's night.

—The watch repairing department is under my own especial supervision and a good piece of work is guaranteed. F. Chiuneck.

Make No Delay!

Those who are in need of a Cutter or Sleigh should call at once on Wm. Hall, Napanee, and get one of his celebrated Cutters or Sleighs. Don't forget the place, Hall's Carriage Shop, Napanee.

Selby.

The Methodist people of this community are anticipating a very pleasant time at their Christmas Anniversary Services. The Rev. T. W. Cleworth, of Thomasburgh, is to preach on Sabbath, both morning and evening. The Tea Meeting is to be held on Christmas day, in the usual first class style. The Rev. A. B. Chambers, Chairman of Napanee District, with Revs. E. E. Howard, of Napanee, and W. H. Peake, of Morven, are to give addresses. There will be choice selections of music, and the committee have reduced the fee equal to the price of barley. Five hundred persons may come.

—F. W. Smith & Bro., beat the world in wedding rings. Why? Because they manufacture them on the premises.

Spencer Hill.

The teameeting at Empey Hill has come and gone, and was a great success. Receipts, $45.50.

Mr. Alfred Clark, of Empey Hill, killed four pigs the other day, five and a half months old, and they weighed 1184 lbs. Who can beat that?

The school trustees of this section have been successful in securing Miss Lyda Hodgins as teacher for 1890. We trust she will have as good success with this school as in the past.

We are pleased to say that Mr. John Wilson and his son David are very much better.

Mrs. Hudgins, mother of Ira B. Hudgins, Esq., is spending a few days visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Abbott. The old lady is eighty-four years old, and is hale and hearty.

The Xmas number of THE EXPRESS arrived in this neighborhood on Saturday last, and all pronounce it a dandy, and as the roads were bad, everybody had a good read.

The young men are all wearing a happy smile this week, for they have asked their best girl to go to the teameeting, Christmas night, at Selby. 'Tis nice to be young.

NATIONAL PILLS are a mild purgative, acting on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, removing all obstructions.

A Parting Reminder.

SEASON 1889.

We beg to remind all those who are indebted to us by book accounts that such are due and payable 1st November, 1889, and according to

MORTGAGE SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE REAL PROPERTY

by Public Auction.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale, contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold on

Saturday, January 4th, 1890

At the Town Hall, in the Town of Napanee, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon

All that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Hungerford, in the County of Hastings and Province of Ontario, being composed of the north thirty acres of the west half of Lot Number nineteen, in the second concession of the said Township of Hungerford.

This property is situate conveniently to the N. T. and Q. Railway and is heavily timbered with valuable hardwood timber.

Terms of payment will be liberal.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN ENGLISH,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Dated at Napanee, December 17th, 1889.

AGENTS WANTED.

Reliable, energetic men can earn good wages selling Fonthill Nursery stock. New specialties. Largest Nursery in Canada. Outfit free. For terms address

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Nurserymen,
Toronto.

4289cm

SALESMEN WANTED.

Having done business in Canada for the past 30 years, our reputation and responsibility are well known. We pay salary and expenses from the start, if everything is satisfactory. No previous experience required. Write us for terms which are very liberal, before engaging with any other firm.

REFERENCES, Bradstreet's, or Dun, Wiman & Co's Commercial Agencies, well known to business men; or Standard Bank, Colborne, Ont.

CHASE BROTHERS' COMPANY,
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SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

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on shortest notice and at reasonable rates.

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factory on canal next to brush factory. 2389

TICHBORNE HOUSE,

NAPANEE, ONT.

RICHARD LAWSON, Proprietor.

can recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil—one bottle of which cured me of a very bad cold. I would say to all sufferers, make no delay in using it as it gives quick relief.

W. J. KENNY, Stittsville, Ont.

Newburgh.

The funeral sermon of the late George Miller, of London, was preached last Sunday morning in the Methodist Church, by Rev. Mr. Crossley. A large number of relatives and friends of the deceased were present at the service.

There is to be a grand concert here on Christmas night in the Methodist Church. Great preparation is being made for it, and the ticket sellers are already on the war path.

The concert given by the A. O. U. W. on Tuesday evening last was a decided success. The hall was filled to the doors. The programme was full and complete, and rendered to the satisfaction of the audience, if we should judge by the bursts of laughter and applause which greeted nearly each succeeding piece. A gentleman from Kingston gave an address of thirty minutes during the evening on the aims and objects of the A. O. U. W. The lodge here is to be congratulated on the success of the entertainment.

Mr. Williams, the High School teacher, has tendered his resignation and is going to Williamsville to teach at the beginning of the New Year. The trustees have advertised for a new teacher. We all hope the coming man may be a good teacher and a good citizen as well. A large number of candidates are trying the entrance examination this week. Mr. Williams in charge.

—What more suitable present can be got for the old folks than a pair of gold spectacles. A large stock at the Napanee Jewelry Store. F. W. Smith & Bro.

Odessa.

Enjoying a comfortable snooze on his perch sat Johnnie, the Canary. The cage sat in the kitchen of William Gordon's handsome farm residence, west Main Street. Stealthily entered, via wood house, and back door route, a tramp. He made his way through the gloom, to the cage and collared Johnnie, who excitedly piped "guards turn out." Willie Gordon, jr., and wife at home in the sitting-room responded quickly, encountered the fellow who got out and mozied with Johnnie in his pocket. A vigilant committee pursued and captured the chappie a mile up the road. He returned the songster, and plead like a cripple for his own liberty. Nothing else being missed he was allowed to roam where the winds listeth.

J. W. McCoombs, Clayton, pleasantly spent a few days here with his children this week.

Saturday evening the Conservatives had their annual meeting. They brought out a full ticket for municipal honors.

Fifteen persons were probated for membership of the Methodist church Sunday morning, after which the most beautiful and impressive adult baptismal service was conferred on Miss Lucy L. Bowerman.

The Napanee stage broke down opposite Joseph Smith's, York road, Wednesday morning.

The council met Monday and transacted a lot of business.

Riley Lee and family have returned from Dexter, N. Y.

Death Dealing Drugs

Such as Calomel, Morphine, etc., are remedies better left alone. They often weaken even strong constitutions. This Burdock Blood Bitters never does, it contains no mineral or other poison, and cures all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, and blood, by unlocking the secretions and removing all impurities.

out yearly custom we take the opportunity of notifying them of this important fact.

We trust that all interested will give this matter their earliest and best attention and we therefore hope to receive a prompt response to our call.

September 24th, 1889.

OUR NEW **$85 Solid Gold** Watch **FREE.** Worth **$100.00.** Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting cases. Both ladies' and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one **free,** together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, are **free.** All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from **$20** to **$60** per week and upwards. Address, **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

REMOVED.

D. J. HOGAN & SON,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Have removed next door to Wilson & Bros. Boot and Shoe Store.

The subscriber begs to announce that he has bought out Mr. Gamble, and is now prepared to cater to the wants of the travelling public.

Good Sheds & First-class Meals

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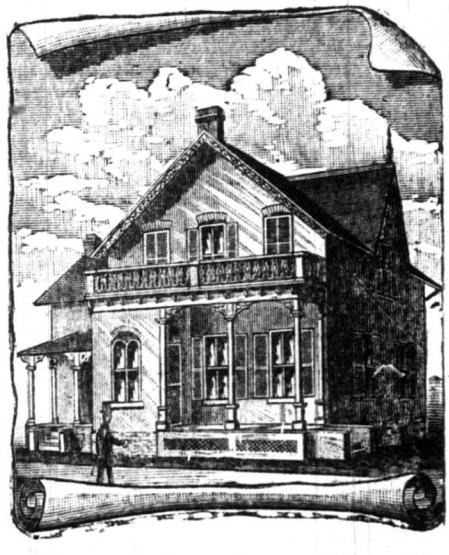

For Sale or to Rent.

The undersigned offers for sale one of the most comfortable houses in Napanee. It is built of brick, and is situated on the corner of Centre and Isabella streets. There is a good furnace and hard and soft water in the house, also gas. The house has been newly papered and painted throughout and is in a first-class state of repair. There is a good barn and a number of fruit trees and grape vines on the premises.

This property is centrally located and is within three minutes walk of the station, new Collegiate Institute, market and churches.

If not sold immediately will be rented.

For further particulars apply to

J. C. DREWRY,

At the Napanee EXPRESS Office.

CHEAPSIDE'S

GREAT SALE

WILL BE CONTINUED UNTIL

NEW YEAR'S DAY.

$10,000 worth of goods must be sold out of the stock by that

date.

Many lines will be cleared out at cost prices, and large reduction from regular prices on all others.

We are going out of some branches of trade altogether.

Our Fur business has grown so largely the past two years that it is now large enough to take all our time and attention alone.

WE WILL CLEAR OUT all our DRESS GOODS AND SILKS at cost.

We will clear out our Tweeds and Overcoatings at cost, and make them to order at lower prices than you can find anywhere else for equal quality.

WE WILL GIVE you big reductions on Flannels, Blankets, Tiedowns, Table Linens, etc.

We will give you grand, royal, bargains all over the house.

The balance of our Carpets will be cleared out at prime cost prices.

Profit not so much an object with us just now as to have our stock reduced to the smallest possible proportions before stock making.

A word to all who owe us. We have been patient and haven't dunned you to death. We sympathize with you on the low prices of produce and scarceity of money, but it is now the time of year, when we expect every account settled by cash or note, and must have it done.

HINCH & CO

CHEAPSIDE.

YOUNG FOLKS.

One Small Boy's Christmas.

The small boy looked at the Christmas tree,
And straining his eager eyes to see,
Says he:
"Now, I wonder just what they have got for me.

"By Gee!
There's a bully old pair of nickeled skates,
The size of which clearly indicates
That they're meant for a boy of about my size—
If I get them I'll draw a prize.

"Then over there is a dandy drum,
Which I'm rather led to believe will come
My way, and a printing press and type see,
Which would be just about the thing for me.

"That clipper sled looks mighty fine,
And I shouldn't wonder if that were mine,
And I'm rather inclined to think, from looks
Of things, that I'll get that box of books.

"And the shotgun up there behind the tree
I'm mighty sure is designed for me;
And the camera and the baseball bat
Are coming to me, I'll bet my hat!"

The camera went to another boy
And loaded him up with peaceful joy,
While the case of type and the printing press
Filled his cousin Tom with happiness;
And the nickeled skates, his brother Jim
Remarked, with a grin, belonged to him,
And the dandy drum and the clipper sled
Were both designed for his cousin Ned.
But when the small boy sadly saw
The shotgun go he dropped his jaw,
And doleful indeed became his looks
When he lost his grip on the box of books,
While the thing that simply knocked him flat
Was the fact that he missed the baseball bat.

AND

All that gladdened that small boy's life
Was a candy bag and a new jack-knife.

AUNT JANE'S PAPER OF PINS.

"I say now, Aunt Jane, what would you like for a Christmas present?"

Aunt Jane looked at her small nephew, who from his corner by the fire hurled this question at her in the twilight. "What would I like?' she said, briskly. "Oh, a set of Browning in Russia leather, or Omar Khayyam, or a new silk dress, or Millet's 'Angelus,' the etching, in a carved frame, or—"

"Oh, pshaw, now, Aunt Jane!" Fred interrupted, "you know we can't get one of those things. I meant—you know what I meant."

"You *said* what would I like?" answered Aunt Jane. She was rather fond of taking the children up for careless speaking, but Fred knew well enough the twinkle of fun that was in her eye now.

"Well, I meant what would you like that we could get," Fred said. "I do say picking and choosing is worse than anything when you haven't much money, and we haven't, you know."

"No!" Aunt Jane said, dropping the long mitten she was knitting for Fred. "Well, then, a paper of pins."

"Oh come now, auntie, that isn't fair;

"We picked him up in a twinkling and it was not many minutes before we found that one of his poor little legs was broken.

"'I'll go for the doctor,' said grandpa, at once; and then he sank back into a chair and groaned, remembering that we had no horse, and that he could not fight his way through those drifted roads. I dare say we were foolish old people, but we absolutely didn't dare try to set that leg, and meantime it began swelling, and poor little Tom never for a minute stopped crying.

"'And to think, father,' I said, through my own tears, 'the express will go by within a quarter of a mile of us, and we can't stop it. Oh, if we could! for maybe there is doctor on board, and he'd come for little Tom's sake.'

"But the express did not go by. It whistled, and we could see from the window that the track was again blocked, and that it would have to be cleared.

"'Hurry, father,' I cried; 'see if you can wade across the field, and get help.'

"But there was no need. While he was tying on his scarf, there came a kicking and stamping at the kitchen door, and when we opened it, there stood your father, and weren't we glad then he'd studied to be a doctor!

"'Train had to stop, he explained, 'so I got out and waded across lots. Mary's gone on to town, and is going to spend the night there, but I had an impression I'd better stop and see to you.'

"It wasn't long before the poor little leg was safely within splints, and Tom had gone to sleep holding his father's hand. Next day, the roads were broken, and a horse sled brought Mary, your mother, to us."

Christmas!

Another Christmas! One more year has passed to the eternities. What have you been doing during this time? The great Nazarene came into the world at Bethlehem to restore a nearly lost equilibrium and give us a new testament of that immortality which was dimly foreshadowed in the old testament of the patriarchs and prophets and singers. It was His mission to sweep away the clouds that obscured the heavens so that man could stand up and ask of his Father that which he desires without the intervention of professional oracles in Greece or the priests of Isis in Egypt, or of other intermediaries, pagan or non-pagan. A poetess below speaks of the gospel of love as a catholicon for evil and a creator of happiness in the Here. So it is, also, in the Hereafter. Our dual lives, natural and spiritual, enable us to live in both the Here and Hereafter. Who preaches the gospel of love? Are they those who leave Jesus of Nazareth and his supernal doctrines to make the pulpit ring with sectional politics. Are they those who keep alive the embers of the dead past as journalists and other authors and politicians, and thus make mischief which delights excarnated spirits? These people preach the gospel of hate, and the gospel of hate is the gospel of the hells. There are other preachers of the gospel of hate, the Czars and the Alexanders, and the epauletted professionals who make war their pastime and their aggrandizement. The only real gospel of love which has been preached in its fullness is that which rose and rises from the hearts of mothers for their offspring. Were it not for motherhood and those little refiners, babies, the world would be in the shadow of night. George Barlow, the "new poet" of England, beautifully writes:

Each child upon the planet born
Brings back that planet's early morn
In the sweet sunrise in his face.

WHO WOULD BE A CZAR?

Uneasy, Indeed, Is the Head Wearing the Crown of All the Russias.

The Emperor of Russia is in a state of panic which can neither be imagined nor described. It was given out that he would be the guest of the German Emperor at the Marble Palace, Potsdam, and when all kinds of expensive preparations had been made there, he decided that he would be safer in Berlin, and a large sum was expended in arranging for his reception at the Schloss. Finally, only one day before the Emperor arrived, Count Schouvaloff received a telegram from Copenhagen to intimate that His Majesty would alight at the Russian Embassy, and the message was

QUICKLY FOLLOWED

by the arrival of the Imperial workmen, seven in number, who now go in advance of the Emperor whenever and wherever he travels. There are two carpenters, two masons, two locksmiths and a foreman. They most carefully examine the chimneys, locks, flooring, walls and furniture of the house which the Emperor is to occupy, and his own apartments are subjected to a most rigorous search. The chimneys are objects of special attention, and every flue which leads to a room which the Emperor is likely to enter is thoroughly barred both top and bottom, and, as if these precautions were not sufficient, police agents from St. Petersburg patrol the roof both night and day.

Both in appearance and in manner the Emperor has became a Muscovite of the old Cossack type. He is a colossal figure, being a giant both in height and in girth, quite bald, with a flat nose, an immense sweeping mustache and a stupendous beard, which flows over his chest. I learn that he has been both

INFURIATED AND TERRIFIED

by the accident to the Shah's special train, the official report of which disaster was laid before him when he reached St. Petersburg. The embankment along which the train was running collapsed, the accident being an exact repetition of the one which befell the Imperial train at Borki last year, and the Emperor is now convinced that all the Russian railways are rotton, so that, in the event of war, there would be a complete failure in the transport arrangements, and if the railways are all wrong, His Majesty justifiably concludes that, probably, he would find his army and navy in a similar condition when the time of trial arrives.

The Emperor is, as I have often before remarked, in constant dread of assassination, and this state of ever present fear, added to the hereditary melancholy of the Romanoff family, has so utterly shattered his nerves that for days together he is practically not responsible for his actions. He smokes incessantly, and not only endeavors to sustain his spirits by copious libations of champagne and brandy, but of late he has taken to drugging himself with chloral.

Where Does It Rise?

Where does the river St. Lawrence rise? How many of our readers can answer this question in geography? Some will probably say in Lake Ontario; others, in Lake Superior. Neither answer is quite correct.

Like the Amazon, this river has a different name for each part of its course. The lower part of the great South American river is called by the natives the Amazonas, the middle part is the Solimoes, and the upper the Maranon.

So the St. Lawrence, between Lake Erie

that isn't any present."

"It's something I want, and something you can afford to buy, isn't it?" Aunt Jane said, laughing a little, as she picked up her knitting. "But be sure they are the best make, Fred; I can't use poor pins." And with that she left Master Fred to his meditations.

"A paper of pins—pshaw! Aunt Jane just likes to tease us boys. If she wasn't just an up-and-down jewel of an aunt about kites and gingerbread, and painting sleds and all the rest, I'd feel like taking her at her word. A paper of pins—hum!"

And therewith there crept into Fred's brain the first glimmer of an idea. Presently he shared it with Kate, the sister next older, and then with Will and Mary, and then with mamma; and the result was this:

On Christmas morning there appeared at Aunt Jane's door a procession of children carrying a large roll, which, after due greetings, they solemnly unrolled on the bed where Aunt Jane lay. At the head of the sheet was a pretty lace-pin from mamma (a golden arrow in filigree), next a handsome shawl-pin in wrought silver from papa, then some fancy hair-pins in tortoise shell from Kate, and then every variety of pin the shops afford—large and small, black and white, milliner's pins, hat-pins, hair-pins, safety-pins, sleeve button-pins—all ranged neatly down the paper. And under all was fastened a handsome card—Mary's work—which stated that the linchpin and the thole-pin sent their compliments, which they thought would be more acceptable to a lady's toilet-table than they themselves would be.

Grandma's Christmas.

"Were you ever truly thankful at Christmas, grandma?" asked Jean, the household ingénue and pet, "right down thankful for real things, I mean, and not just thinking whether the turkey is big enough or the squash as good as it was last year?"

"I often think I am," said grandma, smiling over her knitting, "and once I know I was."

"Tell me about it," was, of course, the next demand, and grandma, unrolling another length of yarn, began her story.

"It was a long time ago, according to the reckoning of such young things as you, when grandpa and I lived in the little house in Canton, not far from the railroad track. Still, it was a good ways from the station, and though the express trains whizzed by within a quarter of a mile of us, we had to travel seven miles before we could take one.

"One fall, before you were born, your father and mother went out West to visit your other grandma and left your brother Tom with me. He was only four then, and a dear little pet and comfort. We hoped they would be home by Christmas Day, but two days before, the greatest snowstorm I ever knew so early in the season, began to pack the roads, and even cover the fences.

"'No use to expect 'em,' said grandpa, 'the trains will be blocked up, and we might as well give 'em up for a week or so.'

"The snow kept coming, and on the very eve of Christmas the railway track was so completely covered that, although men had been trying to clear it all day long we knew the express would have a hard time to get through.

"We made up our minds to have a cosey Christmas all to ourselves, and tried to comfort little Tom, who had made up his mind that he must see papa and mamma that very night. I put him to bed and with that our troubles began; for Tom, tired of lying awake for perhaps ten minutes, got up in the dark, tried to find his way downstairs and fell from top to bottom of the steep staircase.

Christianity commenced with a woman and will end with a woman. Mothers like Mary illustrate best on the birthday of the Reformer and Savior the love and tenderness and beauty of true Christianity. Here is the poem;

CHRISTMAS.

Eighteen hundred years! yes, almost nineteen hundred.
Since over the manger-cradle the wise men leaned and wondered.
Eighteen hundred years; and yet the world to day
Is blind to the meaning of truths that Jesus was sent to say.
Eighteen hundred years! and yet men stand and preach
Creeds and canons and dogmas, beyond the tired mind's reach.
While all the sad souls want and all the sad souls need,
Is Love, Love, Love, for that was the Saviour's creed.
Eighteen hundred years! and yet the churches contend;
But Love was in the beginning, and Love will be in the end.
For Love is the only law that knows no alteration,
And Love is the only door that leads us into salvation.
Eighteen hundred years! and men are doubting still!
But Love is the way to peace, and all may find it who will.
We have only to keep on loving, and lo! the path appears
Though the world has been slow to see it, for eighteen hundred years!

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

The Singing Shepherds.

To Bethlehem, at dead of night,
Came shepherds hurrying;
At dead of night, to Bethlehem,
A seeking for the King.

In the dark streets of Bethlehem
Red blazed the inn before;
"He is not there," the shepherds
And passed by the door.

Loud roared the revellers within,
Then drowsed to sleep again;
"Glory to God!" the shepherds said,
"And peace, good will to men!"

For they did seem to hear once more
The angels on the hill;
In the dark streets of Bethlehem
They sang of God's good will.

So came they to a stable mean,
And heard across the air
The crying of a little Child
And knew the King was there.

LIZETTE WOODWORTH REESE.

A Source of Annoyance.

A gentlemen, coming home at evening, spoke harshly to his little three-year-old, who was playing very noisily.

The little lady dropped her playthings and retreated hastily to a corner.

"What's the matter?" asked papa.

"Well," said the child, "I've been a good girl all this day, and now you come home and make trouble the first thing."

Very Seldom.

"What is the use of flopping your claws around in that fashion?" said the oyster to the crab. There's no use in getting excited."

"I'll bet you'd be excited if you were in my place," said the crab.

"I don't lose my temper."

"At all events it is very seldom that you get into a stew."

and Lake Ontario, is called the Niagara, between Lake Erie and Lake Huron the St. Clair and Detroit River, and between Lake Huron and Lake Superior the St. Mary's River. Yet are these all one and the same river, the lakes being but so many expansions of its waters.

Beyond Lake Superior, to the northward, there is still another portion of its course, called the Nepigon, a noble stream of clear, azure-tinted water nearly as large as the Hudson in volume, which flows down from the great Lake Nepigon in the heart of the Canadian wilderness.

Until recently Lake Nepigon has been but little known. On our maps it is figured as a much smaller lake then it really is. Its actual dimensions are about seventy-three miles in length by fifty-one in breadth, These figures give but an inadequate idea of its size, for there are five great bays varying from twenty to ten miles in length. The actual coast line of the lake is not much less than six hundred miles.

Twelve rivers of considerable size, four of them rising far up on the "divide" toward James Bay, flow into it, and its waters rival those of Lake George in purity and clearness. It literally swarms with whitefish and trout.

The Nepigon River—the outlet of the lake—may be fairly termed the northerly and upper course of the St. Lawrence, not only from its size, exceeding greatly all other rivers flowing into Lake Superior, but from the clearness and color of its water, and other general characteristics.

Whereas the other smaller rivers of Lake Superior are "black-water" rivers, that is to say, having turbid or stained water, the Nepigon is clear and a beautiful river of the same azure, sea green and marine-blue water which one sees at Niagara and in the St. Lawrence.

Strange Occupations for Women.

At Martha's Vineyard a dumb woman owns and manages a schooner and earns a living as a fisherman. Between times she peddles threads and buttons along the coast. At Cincinnati there is also a boat woman who earns her living on the water. In Maine many women are farmers, working from 200 to 300 acres, and, of course, finding time to read the magazines. At Louisville a Mrs. Shelby is sexton of St. John's cemetery. At Gardiner, Me., Mrs. Preble is a marble and granite cutter employing ten or twelve men. In New York City Mrs. Gill is is a shoemaker. The best of her work is cobbling. Also in New York Mrs. Emma Yewdell gets along fairly well keeping a livery stable. San Francisco and Brooklyn have each a woman blacksmith, Mrs. Lena Seigfried, of New Orleans, is a bird hunter, living on her father's schooner, and able to kill, clean and prepare more birds to the hour than any male hunter along the coast. In New Orleans more than any other city we have women engaged in occupations unusual to the sex. Here are to be found women editors, merchants, florists, dairy farmers and manufacturers in great numbers, all earning good sums of money.—[New York Paper.

An Afflicted Family.

Old Lady (to small boy, who is endeavoring to attach tin can to dog's tail)—"You naughty little boy! What would your mother say if she saw you acting so cruelly?"

Small Boy—"She wouldn't say anything; she's dumb.

"But if your father could see you, be—"

"Would give all he's worth; he's blind."

CHRISTMAS CANDY.

HICKORYNUT CANDY.—Two cups of sugar, half a cup of water. Boil until thick, flavor with extract of lemon, stir in one cup of hickory nut meats, turn in a large flat dish. When cold cut in squares.

ALMOND CANDY.—To one pound of sugar take half a pint of water and the white of one egg, let stand a short time, then boil a few minutes, skim and boil until thick. Mix in a pound of blanched almonds, take from the fire, stir, and pour on buttered plates.

COCOANUT CANDY.—A pound and a half of white sugar and one pound of grated cocoanut; add the milk of the cocoanut to sugar, boil five minutes, put in the grated cocoanut, boil ten minutes longer, and stir to keep from burning. Pour on buttered plates to harden.

NOUGAT.—Drop a pound of almonds in boiling water, skin, when cool, cut in pieces. Dissolve a pound of sugar with a little water. Pour in the almonds, and cook eight minutes. Grease a pan, set in a warm place, put the almonds and sugar on, press them to the side and bottom of the pan with a lemon cut in halves. Take off the stove, turn on a plate and cool.

CHOCOLATE CARAMELS.—Put half a pound of chocolate, half a teacup of molasses, a cup of sweet milk, two pounds of brown sugar and two ounces of butter in a preserving kettle, set on the fire, let heat slowly, and stir until dissolved. Then boil until stiff. Take from the fire, flavor with vanilla, turn in a greased pan, when partly cool, mark in squares with a dull knife, stand in a cool place to harden.

CREAM DATES.—Put the white of one egg and a little cold water in a bowl; add a teaspoonful of vanilla and beat until frothy, add sugar to make a stiff paste, work with the hands until smooth, form in small balls, lay on greased paper, and put in a cool place to dry. Remove the stones from large dates and press the little balls into the place, roll in granulated sugar and set away to harden.

QUICK MOLASSES CANDY.—One cup of New Orleans molasses; one half cup of light brown sugar, two tablespoons of vinegar, a piece of butter the size of an egg. Boil steadily about ten minutes, then try in cold water, if it hardens it is done. Just before taking it from the fire add one-fourth of a teaspoon of baking soda; do not dissolve it, but put it in dry. Pour on buttered plates to cool, and pull as soon as can be handled. Very nice pop-corn balls are made by having the corn roasted and leaving a little of the candy in the bottom of the kettle, pour in all the popped corn it will dampen, stirring carefully until it takes up the candy.

The Dusky Duck.

Within the blind, before 'tis light,
I take my place to watch, and wait
The coming of the morning flight
Of dusky ducks, to meet their fate.
The mist against the eastern sky
Is rising now; as breaks the day
The gloom is fading into light,
The horizon is streaked with gray.

I think that up the stream I see
A welcome sight, as in the air
A speck appears: yes, one, two, three,
Nine large black ducks towards me bear,
My trusty "Greener" with trembling hands
I closer grip, and try to calm
My breaking heart, while on the sands
I lower crouch, so that the charm

May not be broken; now the flock

AS YOU LIKE IT.

A THANKSGIVING HYMN.

For bud and for bloom and for balm-laden breeze,
For the singing of birds from the hills to the seas,
For the beauty of dawn and the brightness of noon,
For the light in the night of the stars and the moon,
We praise thee, gracious God.

For the sun-ripened fruit and the billowy grain,
For the orange and apple, the corn and the cane,
For the bountiful harvests now gathered and stored,
That by thee in the lap of the nations were poured,
We praise thee, gracious God.

For the blessing of friends, for the old and the new,
For the hearts that are trusted and trusting and true,
For the tones that we love, for the light of the eye
That warms with a welcome and glooms with good-bye,
We praise thee, gracious God.

That the desolate poor may find shelter and bread,
That the sick may be comforted, nourished and fed,
That the sorrow may cease of the sighing and sad,
That the spirit bowed down may be lifted and glad,
We pray thee, pitying Lord.

That brother the hand of his brother may clasp
From ocean to ocean in friendliest grasp,
That for north and for south and for east and for west,
The horror of war be forever at rest,
We pray thee, pitying Lord.

For the blessings of earth and of air and of sky,
That fall on us all from the Father on high,
For the crown of all blessing since blessing begun,
For the gift, "the unspeakable gift," of thy Son,
We praise thee, gracious God.

S. E. ADAMS in The Century.

Sir Edward Guinness has donated $1,000,000 for the erection of dwellings for the laboring poor of London.

For the information of posterity a London newspaper has elicited, directly from the ex Lord Mayor, that he has partaken of 250 public dinners during his term of office.

According to a London daily, there are about 2,500 building associations, with over 600,000 members, in the United Kingdom Last year their receipts were upwards of $100,000,000.

The Japanese are fond of raw fish When the fisherman goes a-fishing he has a bottle of pepper-sauce along with him, and taking the fish from the hook, eats it at its freshest. This seems barbarous to us, and yet we eat raw oysters, and live oysters, too!

The debt of the City of Paris amounts to 790 francs for every man, woman and child within the city limits In Frankfort the debt is equivalent to 317 francs per head, in Milan to 218, in Berlin to 154, in The Hague to 136, in Brussels, the most heavily indebted of all European cities, to

SPIRITUOUS STATISTICS.

Production of Wine in Various Countries—Our Consumption of Distilled Spirits.

The chief of the government bureau of statistics, in his recent report to the secretary of the treasury on the production, consumption, etc., of spirituous and malt liquors and wines, extended his investigations through a series of twenty years in order to compare the relation borne by the liquor industries in the United States to those of Great Britain, France, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Canada. The following are some of the leading characteristics exhibited, so far as relates to the countries mentioned: First, the rapid increase of the consumption of malt liquors in the United States; second, in the consumption of beer per capita Great Britain stands first, Germany second, the United States third, and Canada fourth; third, France is the largest consumer of wine per capita; fourth, Denmark appears to be the largest consumer of spirituous liquors per capita. From a report by the United States consul at Marseilles, dated Feb. 27, 1889, the production of wine in the principal wine-growing countries of the world, vintage of 1888, is given in gallons as follows: Australia, 1 902 024; Austria, 92,459 500; Algeria, 72,072 788; Cape Colony, 4 490 890; France, 795,274 534; Greece, 46 493 920; Hungary, 184 919,000; Italy, 798 242 489; Portugal, 132 085 000; Roumania, 18 418,900; Russia, 92 459 500; Servia, 52,834 000; Spain, 607,591,000; Switzerland, 29 058 700; Turkey and Cyprus, 68 684 200; United States, 32,000,000 It may interest prohibitionists to know in detail that during the year ending June 30, 1888, there were consumed in the United States distilled spirits as follows, the figures representing proof gallons: Domestic, from fruit, 888 107. Other—Bourbon whisky, 12 190,013; rye whisky, 5 148,244; alcohol, 10,487,938; rum, 1,114 544; gin, 803 288; highwines, 1,044,586; pure neutral, etc., 28,289,687; miscellaneous, 14,174 979 Total domestic, 74,201,386 Imported—Alcohol, 153,143; brandy, 437,519; cordials, etc., 143 780. Other—From grain, 646,107; from other material, 236 403 Total imported, 1,643,966. Total spirits, 75,845,952.

A Good Boy.

It was a bright morning in early spring. The sun was shining brightly, and the birds were singing in the tree tops. In a small old house facing an alley in the large city of New York, lived a poor widow and three children. John, who was the eldest of the boys, sold papers, while James and Ned stayed at home with their mother.

John was not always successful in selling his papers, and this made him very sad. At last, the time came when this poor family had no more food to eat, and they came near starving. One morning when John was walking along the street selling papers, he saw something drop from a lady's pocket who was walking ahead of him. John ran and picked it up. It was a purse with a large sum of money in it.

Now John was a good boy and knew it would not be right to keep the purse although they were poor and in need at home so he ran up to the lady and asked her if the purse belonged to her.

"Yes" she said, "I just lost it. Thank you, my boy. Come with me, and I will find you some work to do that will be better than selling papers. You were kind to find my purse and not have kept it, as most boys would have done."

Johnny walked along with the lady until they reached a large building. They went

Is surely coming to the blind:
My heart stops beating; here they come
On whirring pinions like the wind,
Just as they turn my right speaks out,
And bang! I spat! spat! now two ducks fall,
Then with the left through smoke and doubt
I speak, two answers to the call.

Two shots, four ducks, with rapture held,
There's nothing more I can desire.
. . . . .
My wife at once the dream dispelled
With "Come, get up and make the fire."

Marriage Festivities of Our Ancestors.

It may be of interest to know how they arranged marriages a hundred years ago. An old paper has the following description bearing upon the subject:—"Married in June, 1760, Mr. William Donkin, a considerable farmer of Great Tossor, near Rothbury, in the county of Cumberland, to Miss Eleanor Shotten, an agreeable young gentlewoman, of the same place. The entertainment on this occasion was very grand, there being no less than one hundred and twenty quarters of lamb, forty-four quarters of veal, twenty quarters of mutton, and a quantity of beef, twelve hams, with a suitable number of chickens, &c., which was concluded with eight half ankers of brandy made into punch, twelve dozen of cider, a great many gallons of wine, and ninety bushels of malt made into beer. The company consisted of five hundred and fifty ladies and gentlemen, who concluded with the music of twenty-five fiddlers and pipers, and the whole was conducted with the utmost order and unanimity."

Hints on Hats.

Few seasons have been less rigorous in the matter of style; and if a woman's bonnet does not become her it will be her own fault, for the amplest play is allowed to personal taste. Certainly some modes predominate, and the theatre hat is becoming a specialty. Poppy-red is particularly fashionable for theatre and evening bonnets, and they are generally made of some delicate fabric, such as tulle or lace, or the lovely directoire frilling that can be gathered into tosettes and allowed to fall softly about the face.

Of winter bonnets the New York "World says that as they diminish in size, the hats increase at the brim and flatten in the crown. Charming black felts, with broad shovel brims, have a band of Astrachan running round the edge, and are trimmed with a couple of long-tailed black-birds and ribbon loops drawn forward from the back. These hats become almost every style of face.

Because.

"Freddie," said a little girl to her brother, "do you know why the world goes round and round?"

"Yes," replied Freddie promptly.

"Why?"

"Because it has its axis to grind."

1,605

— Millions of mocking birds are said to frequent the Yosemite Valley. A letter writer says their music is sometimes low and sweet, anon sad and plaintive, and then full rich and triumphant, like a pæan of joy and gladness. The effect upon the listener becomes almost unsupportable, so overpowering in sweetness is the volume in song Forunately, when the wind dies away, the thunder of the waterfall comes in to break the spell.

The beard of Henry S. Cook, a tailor, of Norwich, Conn., is as long as he is, Mr Cook is a small man, 60 years old. His beard is jet black and fine and silky, and so is his hair. When he is erect and his beard unfurled, he can step on six inches of it. He wears it ordinarily coiled in a wad inside his vest. Barnum wanted Mr. Cook to travel with his circus; but Cook is prosperous, and does not care to be a freak.

France is going to put an increased tax upon strong liquors as a means of checking their sale as much as possible, potato brandy and other strong and injurious liquor having come into use in the north, since the vineyards of France became injured by the phylloxera. The Germans will be sufferers by the taxation, if it becomes prohibitive, for they manufacture most of the infamously impure liquor which is drunk by the Belgians and the poorer classes in northern France.

Japanese gold thread, which is used in finer embroidery on account of its elegant lustre, consists of a core of silk or of wool and a spiral envelope of thin gilded paper. The strip of paper is only two-fiftieths to three fiftieths of an inch wide, and therefore must be wound with great care. The thread thus wound is saturated with shellac and then gilded. Compared to European gold thread, these threads possess the advantage of greater flexibility and finer lustre. In this they equal the beautiful gold thread of the middle ages, the manufacture of which for a long time was a lost art, and was recently discovered by microscopic investigation.

The disappearance of the buffalo from the North American plains is leading to the consideration of a possibility of the elephant becoming extinct in Africa. The consequences to the ivory trade would be dire, and the contingency may not be so remote as some think. The best ivory comes from Africa, and the destruction of elephants there annually is very great, one authority estimating that in fifty years the animals will be extinct. The consumption of ivory has been estimated at about 15,000 cwt. yearly, which would mean the destruction of perhaps 45,000 elephants, while the natives of Africa themselves kill a good many and retain the finest tusks for their own decoration. Our civilization demands knife-handles, combs, piano keys and billiard balls of ivory, and when the supply of material runs out some inventive genius will have to try his hand at a substitute, though the connoisseurs affect to believe that nothing can ever take the place of the best ivory.

CHRISTMAS.

...John told the lady his sad story, and she said she would give him work so that he might support himself and those at home. The lady then took him to a room in the large building. Here a man was sitting. The lady told John he was her father. He looked to be a very pleasant and good man, and so he was.

The lady then told her father the story, and he said, with a smile on his face, "I will give you work here, my boy, if you will come to me early in the morning, and I will pay you a good sum of money each month."

That night John ran home, very happy, and told his mother the good news. How surprised she was, and how glad that Johnny had work!

The next morning John went to work bright and early and did his many errands for the gentleman. Johnny earned enough in this way, so they were a much more happy family. It was all through Johnny's hands.

Burdettes's Advice.

Excellent advice does "Bob" Burdette, the genial humorist, give in one of his last magazine articles. Speaking of the lowering pettiness of spite he says:—"Every time you are tempted to say an ungentle word, or write an unkind line, or say a mean, ungracious thing about anybody, just stop; look ahead twenty five years, and think how it may come back to you then. Let me tell you how I write mean letters and bitter editorials, my boy. Sometimes, when a man has pitched into me and 'cut me up rough,' and I want to pulverize him I write a letter or editorial that is to do the business. I write something that will drive sleep from his eyes and peace from his soul for six weeks. Then, I don't mail the letter, and I don't print the editorial. I put the manuscript away in a drawer. Next day I look at it. The ink is cold; I read it over and say, 'I don't know about this.' There's a good deal of bludgeon and bowie-knife journalism in that. I'll hold it over a day longer.' The next day I read it again. I laugh and say, 'Pshaw!' I haven't hurt anybody, and the world goes right along making twenty-four hours a day as usual, and I am all the happier. Try it, my boy. Put off your bitter remarks until to-morrow. Then, when you try to say them deliberately, you'll find that you have forgotten them, and ten years later, ah! how glad you will be that you did! Be good-natured, my boy. Be loving and gentle with the world, and you'll be amazed to see how dearly and tenderly the worried, tired, vexed, harassed old world loves you." Good advice, from a humorist or anyone else.

Woman and Tobacco.

Woman. "How many of those cigars for a dollar?"

Dealer. "Twelve, ma'am. Shall I do them up?"

Woman. "No, I guess they're not the kind Charley smokes. I can get twenty-five for the same money on the next corner; and Charley tells me he is very economical in his smoking."

Practical Demonstration

"I understand," said a handsome young woman, entering the printing office, "that you employ only girls and that you are in need of a forewoman?"

"Yes," replied the printer. "Can you make up a form?"

"Just look at me and see," she answered, turning herself around.

She was engaged.

PARDONED AT LAST.

A THRILLING CHRISTMAS STORY BY "JACK FROST."

ACT THE FOURTH.

Mrs. Peyton and her son were frequent visitors at Fairlawn, and none were more welcome than they.

Myrtle was a great favourite with her, and a close bond of union was being cemented between them in these peaceful days, which might stand the strain of dark ones.

Erle had a long conversation with Mr. Dene when he pleaded for Myrtle's hand in marriage.

"My daughter is very young yet—a mere child, in fact, and you too have not seen many summers of your life," he said, gravely. "Hasty love-matches do not, as a rule, turn out well. I have no desire to thwart Myrtle's inclinations; I like you, and have no doubt you would make her an excellent husband."

"Then you permit our engagement?" Erle answered, eagerly.

"Yes, under certain conditions; that you obtain your father's consent;—that gained, that the marriage does not take place till Myrtle is twenty-two years of age (she is twenty now), and not even then, as certain matters in my past life are not satisfactorily cleared up."

"Myrtle said something to me about my bearing a close resemblance to an enemy of yours. Do your conditions refer to that?" Erle asked sadly.

"No; it is clear that you are not related to that man," Dene answered, readily. "I refer to some great wrong done to myself—an injustice it is impossible I can explain at the present moment."

"I am glad to hear you say that, sir. As regards my father, we expect him home shortly, when I am sure of gaining his consent; he has only to see Myrtle to love her as a daughter."

"I trust the love you profess for my child will stand the test of time," Dene said, gently; "strange and startling changes sometimes happen in this life."

"Nothing could change my deep affection for Myrtle; it would kill me if I lost her," he protested, warmly.

"I am content," Dene said, with a sigh. "May Heaven shield and protect you both, is my earnest prayer."

Erle Peyton was satisfied, and hastened to tell the good news to Myrtle, and henceforth they looked on each other as affianced man and wife.

At their period of life love was one continual poem; something fresh and new was inscribed on its pages daily—nay hourly.

The thoughts of each heart were pure, unsullied; no dark places were there—no spot which need be hidden from the searching gaze of the other.

The struggles, trials and difficulties of life had not touched them as yet; love's bark rode on a calm sea in unbroken sunlight.

'Twas a something to think of, to look back upon in after life—this perfect union of two hearts, with only one absorbing thought between them; it was an earthly Heaven such as Paradise must have been before the Fall.

It brought a secret joy to Mr. Dene's heart to see the tranquil content of the one being earth held for him. He was solaced for years of misery, of cruel punishment and torture; it seemed as if his evil genius was tired of persecuting him, and fled before the guileless, unselfish love of parent and

alone in this room would drive her mad—turn her hair grey.

Such a mortal terror had seized upon her that when she rose from her chair, her limbs refused to support her, and she stumbled heavily against the wall which partitioned the study from the billiard room.

Something seemed to fly open suddenly, and when she recovered consciousness, she found herself lying in an open doorway. She had fallen against the spring of a secret door, which Mr. Dene, for some purpose best known to himself, had had made there.

All her courage came back to her now. Taking up the candle, and closing the secret door, she hastened up to the drawing-room, eager to begin perusing the diary.

Drinking some wine to steady her nerves, she seated herself in a cosy armchair, and after adjusting the reading-lamp, began to read.

So absorbed was she that the hours sped by, and still found her engaged in the task. The ormolu clock on the marble mantle-shelf chimed the hour of midnight.

"It will be three before they are home," she murmured. "I think I shall be missed of Fairlawn House after all."

Another hour passed, and still her absorption continued; what she read had a terrible fascination for her. About this time she thought she detected a stealthy footstep in the room, but put it down to nervousness, and read on.

"At last!" she murmured, as she closed the book. "I know all, and mean to use my power skilfully."

The next moment she was held down in her chair, and a handkerchief placed over her nose and mouth until she became insensible. 'Twas the work of a burglar, who wore a crape mask.

"Cleverly done," he muttered, and thereupon commenced to clear the room of everything valuable and portable, not forgetting Miss Becky's portmonnaie, which he took from her pocket, also her watch and chain. "She's safe enough for another hour," he chuckled. "This will be a good night's work for me; couldn't find a better crib to crack from here to John O'Groat's. Here's another sack-load of swag, matey," he said, handing it through the gate abutting on the river, "and here's some prime stuff to swig. I'm off for another lot."

"Better be satisfied, Jack," said a woman's voice from the boat; "them river police might spot us, or the family come back atop of you."

"I'll chance it," was the gruff reply. "If you hear a disturbance, row away like mad; I'll escape by the road."

"Hilloa, my man, who are you, and what do you want here?" said Erle Peyton, who, with his mother, had just returned in Dene's carriage.

The burglar's answer was to aim a terrific blow at his head with a life-preserver, which Erle warded off with his right arm.

The arm fell helplessly at his side; but before he could repeat the blow, Mr. Dene had him by the throat in a grip of iron, from which he could not shake himself free.

Myrtle and Mrs. Peyton screamed in chorus, as well they might, and a posse of alarmed servants were quickly on the spot, to whom Mr. Dene handed over the half strangled burglar.

Poor Erle Peyton was assisted to the

upon him. He knew that the criminal was safely away, and trusted he would never meet him again in life. Publicity had been avoided, and to him that fact was of incalculable service.

But he was soon to be confronted by another danger from an unexpected quarter. He missed his keys, which Becky had kept in her pocket, thinking that she would be able to put back the diary before he returned. But Skinner's unexpected attack had rendered that impossible.

"Have you seen my keys, Myrtle?" he asked, anxiously, the second morning following the burglary.

"No, papa, have you lost them?"

"Yes! I wouldn't care so much if the bunch did not contain the keys of my study. I must ask the servants about them."

Poor Myrtle had been so upset by recent events that she had quite forgotten the fact of picking up the diary in the drawing-room at Miss Pride's feet. Her lover's state, though not critical, was sufficiently grave, too, to cause her anxiety. She had to receive visitors, anxious and curious about the recent events, and to answer numerous letters of condolance and inquiry. But the keys brought the circumstance to her recollection, and she said:

"Have you missed any of your private papers or books, papa?"

"I cannot tell what is missing until I find my keys," he said, fretfully. "These constant upsets are really too bad."

"Wait a minute!" she replied, with a strange expression, as a light began to dawn upon her. "I think I know where your keys are." Going straight to Becky's room, she said, quietly: "Did you find a bunch of keys?—papa has missed his."

A guilty flush came into her face, as she answered:

"Yes, I put them in my pocket; they were on the drawing-room table, dear."

"Thanks," said Myrtle, somewhat coldly, and returned to her father, to whom she gave the keys, saying, "Miss Pride found them, papa."

"I am very much obliged to her, I'm sure," he remarked, greatly relieved, and would have dismissed the incident from his mind if Myrtle had not said, as she placed the diary in his hand, "That is yours, papa—is it not?"

He flushed, and then turned as white as marble, on recongizing the book.

"I found it in the drawing-room, lying at Miss Pride's feet on the night of the burglary," she continued, speaking very gravely. "She must have been reading it."

He nodded, for his rage was too great to find vent in words: every secret of his life was laid bare to a designing woman—a traitoress—who, by this time knew that he was an escaped convict.

The same relentless fate that had sent him to Siberia still pursued him implacably—ruthlessly.

Was he never to find rest or peace? Was he to be hunted like a wild beast, and find no haven where he could hide until his innocence was made clear?

Myrtle read all this in the workings of his face, and if she ever hated a woman it was Becky Pride.

Laying her hand gently on his arm, she said, in accents of tender solicitude:

"Papa, you appear vexed—grieved. Is there anything compromising in that book?"

"Yes—it tells of my being an escaped convict!" he moaned, a piteous look in his eyes that cut her to the heart.

"Defy her—charge her with her treachery—with theft! Your name is not to it, surely; and even if it is, you can tell her that it was only the outline of a plot you had written for a novel. If you will permit me,

Those dark, brooding thoughts of vengeance, which had haunted him—been his constant companions for years—were slowly fading from his mind, to be replaced by others, better, holier.

Miss Becky Pride saw all this, and was not too pleased; her ambitious schemes were thwarted, and she had serious thoughts of retiring from the contest by leaving his service, when something happened to give her fresh hope.

Myrtle and her father had gone to a party, leaving her at home, as she pleaded indisposition. An unusual thing for him he left his keys on the drawing-room table, being rather hurried in getting away. She pounced upon them with secret joy and triumph; she could now penetrate to Blue Beard's chamber, and discover something of importance. She was sure he kept all his important correspondence there, and she hoped to discover its hiding-place.

Armed with a candle and matches, she stole out, and having tried the door till she found the right key, unlooked it, and entered.

Lighting the candle, she looked around, and was rather disappointed to find it all so commonplace. She saw the glass jars, but wisely resolved not to meddle with them, and was right, for they contained deadly poisons.

The curtain next attracted her attention and drawing it softly aside, she started on seeing that waxen face. Its resemblance to Erle Peyton struck her instantly, as did also the peculiar V-shape mark on the left cheek.

"This, then, is his enemy, the Duke of Brittany," she said to herself. "I would know him if I saw him among a thousand. Strange that Mr. Dene should keep such a memento here. I am sure there is some dark secret connected with his life. If I can only find the hiding-place of his letters I may learn what that secret is."

She espied an escritoire, which she was not long in unlocking.

A novice in the art of ransacking drawers would have left traces of his or her handiwork behind. Not so she; each packet was looked over, and put back exactly as before.

A book of MS. proved a rich prize; it was headed "My Diary." At first she thought of reading it there; but the spot was too gruesome for one possessed of such delicate, sensitive nerves as hers. Concealing the precious treasure in her pocket, she tried to open the door, but failed.

Mr. Dene alone knew the secret of the lock from the inside; she was fairly trapped, caught, "hoist with her own petard."

He would return, miss her, and all be discovered; then disgrace, with one fell swoop, would overwhelm her. She grew sick at heart, and dizzy at the awful prospect—at the being found out. In unearthing the family skeleton, she had become clasped in its bony arms, and saw those sightless sockets glaring at her.

Her state of terror was pitiable, and the thought that perhaps days might elapse before the door—a massive one—could be broken through, added poignancy to it.

Summoning up courage, she once more essayed to discover the secret of the lock, but in vain.

It occurred to her that her immunity from disgrace would consist in mastering the contents of the diary, which, if it contained any secrets, would enable her to defy him.

But the effort to read was fruitless; the words swam before her eyes like phantoms, and she closed the book with a little cry of despair. What was she to do—how to act? If she shouted ever so for help, her cries would not be heard. To pass a whole night

drawing-room, and a doctor sent for in haste.

Miss Becky Pride was found in an insensible condition, and lying at her feet was the purloined diary.

Myrtle picked it up mechanically; but on recognizing her father's handwriting, placed it hastily in her pocket.

Meanwhile, the burglar had been placed in a room to await the coming of the police.

. . . . . .

"Wants to see me, Manvers?' said Mr. Dene, when the butler delivered the burglar's message.

"Yes, sir; says it's important. It will be too late when the police arrives."

"Perhaps he wants to give up what he has stolen," Dene remarked. "I will see him."

"Now, my man, what is it?" he asked, sternly, on entering the room.

"Is anyone listening, sir?' said the fellow

"No! you can speak out; but be quick."

'I'm Jack Skinner, sir. My missus brought up your daughter, Miss Myrtle," he said, with a whine. "But it isn't for that I asked you to come. When you took her away from us a gent came to ask about her; he had three moles on his cheek, like the letter V."

"Good Heavens!" Mr. Dene exclaimed, thrown off his guard for the moment.

"We met him again, sir, only to day—Heaven's truth, we did, sir; and he wanted to know where you were, very bad. We wouldn't tell him, sir, no fear! without first seeing you. I took a drop too much to drink, sir, and forgot myself. Don't look me up—please don't, for Miss Myrtle's sake! We was as kind as poor folk could be to her, sir, all those years."

"I am afraid I can't help you; you have been guilty of violence, as well as robbery," he returned, severely.

"It was only a tap on the arm, sir; the young gent will soon get over that. If you just cut those cords, I can get out through the windows, and no one can say you helped me. If I'm had up before the beak, I must tell everything."

Bertram Dene winced at this veiled threat. Publicity was what he most dreaded at this crisis in his affairs, for Myrtle's sake as well as his own.

In a few minutes he had freed the wretch from the cords, saying:

"You must leave England to-morrowr. I will find the money. Where can I meet you?"

"At the Fulham side of Putney Bridge.'

"At what hour?"

"Twelve o'clock in the day."

"I'll be there!"

At the door Mr. Dene turned, and said, in a loud voice:

"I regret your position, my man; but cannot help you. The law must take its course."

He locked the door, and put the key in his pocket.

When the police arrived their prisoner had flown, and though a strict search was made of the grounds, no trace of him was found.

—

The police investigated the affair of the burglary next morning, and traced heavy footsteps in the direction of the river; but here the clue failed.

Miss Becky could give no information whatever about the affair, except that she was attacked suddenly, and quickly rendered insensible.

Naturally the matter made a great stir, especially when it became known that the burglar had assaulted young Mr. Peyton.

Mr. Dene took the affair very quietly, and made light of the loss the robbery had entailed

will dismiss her on the instant."

"She has suspected something for some time past; the story she told us, as related by Lady Rose, proves that much. If I dismiss her, I cannot muzzle her tongue, child. The Duke would hear of it, and frustrate all the plans I have weaved to establish my innocence."

'Why should you fear that man, papa? 'Tis he who ought to tremble, to think that you have escaped—that you are alive to crack him down—to exact a terrible vengeance for all the wrongs he has inflicted upon your innocent head. Oh, that I were a man, instead of a weak woman! I would soon force him to do you justice. As for this woman, she must and shall be crushed!"

"I do not fear him because of any further injury he could inflict upon me. My liberty is not in jeopardy. In England I am, and can remain, a free man—there is no extradition treaty for such a case as mine; but I do tremble lest he should learn of your existence. Already he has been trying to discover you."

"Who told you that?' she asked, eagerly.

"Skinner—the man who committed the burglary," he answered; "he said that only the previous day the Duke recognized him and wanted your address and mine. 'Twas to prevent him gaining the information that I let the burglar escape, and gave him a large sum of money next day to frank him and his wife to America."

"The duke, black hearted and unscrupulous as he is, dare not molest me, papa. The whole of England—all the civilized world—would hound him down if he dared to hurt even a hair of my head," she said, with ringing defiance in her voice.

"He is too cunning to attempt anything openly, my child, and I am too wary to invite attack. I am rich enough to bribe Miss Pride to keep silent. Patience gained me my liberty: thrice I attempted to escape, was caught, flogged, chained—almost starved; but my goalers could not break my spirit or crush my resolution, and to day I stand here, a free man."

"It is cruel to have to submit tamely," she sighed, her proud nature rebelling at the mere thought of that woman having the power to injure them.

"Bitterly cruel, I admit; but our turn will come, child—endurance now leads to future victory," he said, kissing her forehead tenderly with deep admiration shining in his eyes of her noble courage.

"May I speak to her on the matter? I promise to be prudent, not to let one angry word—a single reproach—escape me. Perhaps she will give me some insight into her motive, and prepare you to come to some arrangement."

"Yes; I will trust you, Myrtle, with this delicate negotiation. You have shown a self-possession—a tact—far beyond your years. Make her no offer—do not even hint at such a thing: merely probe her purpose, if possible."

Myrtle nodded, and hastened to fight out this battle, woman to woman. The fair fame of her noble father was at stake, and for it she would fight like a tigress robbed of its young.

Miss Pride lay on the couch in her room, a prey, not to remorse, but fear.

She had eaten the bread and salt of these people, had been treated loyally, generously, as a friend—not a dependant; yet she thought not of the treachery she had been guilty of.

She was self—all self—and wanted to make Mr. Dene wed her, not from love, but fear. She expected a visit from him; but instead Myrtle came, her face showing no index of the passion that was consuming her.

"Papa thanks you for taking such care of

his keys," she said, with a smile; "he has a lot of valuables in his study. What a blessing the burglar did not find them!"

Miss Becky gave her a searching glance; but she did not flinch under it. It was woman to woman—cunning opposed to craft. "I am so pleased I have been of service to him, dear," she purred. "Sometimes one hides away things they would not let others see for the world."

"Papa has no secrets from me that I am aware of," Myrtle replied, softly. "Even if anyone had ventured into his study their search would not have availed them much."

"Perhaps not, dear; he knows best," she said, looking Myrtle straight in the eyes.

"Of course; I have seen everything—even to the face in the corner; did you, Miss Pride?"

"I—— Surely you don't think I would be guilty of such conduct, Miss Dene?"

"We don't merely think—we are sure you entered the room," remarked Myrtle, pleasantly. "He is not a bit angry, only amused at your curiosity. You found it a Blue Beard's chamber, perhaps?"

"I tell you, I did not——"

"Come, dear, there's no occasion to fence with the matter. I found a book lying at your feet, entitled "My Diary." I hope you found it amusing reading?"

Finding further prevarication useless, Becky Pride said, significantly:

"It was the story of a life."

"Exactly; but not papa's. He is amusing himself by writing a novel which, for thrilling interest, will astonish the readers of fiction; Would you object to acting as his amanuensis?"

"I have a perfect right to put my own construction on the matter," she said, shifting her eyes uneasily under Myrtle's keen gaze.

"But why should you not accept my definition, dear Miss Pride?" Myrtle asked, half-mockingly. "Surely, you can have no ulterior motive in view?"

"I decline to discuss the matter further now, Miss Dene," she said, snappishly. "If Mr. Dene will favour me with a private interview, I will gratify him with my opinions. I think he will, in his own interest."

"Certainly there can be no great danger in his granting that, Miss Pride—he is not easily captivated or intimidated. I will tell him of your wish," said Myrtle, with playful irony, as she left the apartment.

To herself she almost hissed, "Viper that we have warmed in our bosom, how I detest, scorn you! You are too contemptible for hate even! We shall see who wins—you or I!"

The most magnificent house in Paris was that of Charles, Duke of Brittany. It was a palatial and elegant mansion in the Rue de Lille, with a noble garden, groves of forest trees, and a wide expanse of lawn in its rear.

Furnished regardless of expense, it stood out premier among the many luxurious homes of that period. The ducal arms figured above the portico, and the ducal crest was emblazoned on everything, bespeaking pride of ancestry as well as lavish display.

The duke was well known in political as well as fashionable circles, and as well disliked. He was a creature of intrigue, of unbridled passion and stubborn pride, possessed, too, of an inflexible, unyielding will.

He was seated in the grand salon, filled with objects of *virtu*—pictures, vases, priceless porcelain and innumerable treasures from every clime—reading the *Moniteur*, in irreproachable dress—an Adonis of fifty summers.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup." For children teething, its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists through the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." and take no other kind.

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day they believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects results from the administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by addressing with name, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes 149 "Powers' Block, Rochester N. Y.

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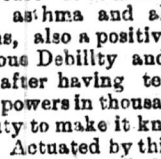

with works and cases of equal value GIVEN FREE PERSON in each locality can secure one FREE. How is this possible? We want one person in each locality to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a sample line of our valuable and very useful ... SAMPLES. These samples, as well as the ... and after you have kept them in your ... to those who may have call... property; it is possible to make ... SOLID GOLD watches, ... showing of the samples in ... for us; after our ... or two we usually get ... in the surrounding country. ... known, is made for ... where they can be seen, ... and make sure of the ... for you to show the ... and your reward will be ... which to write us costs ... do not fail to write us ... send your address at ... best solid gold watches ... line of COSTLY SAMPLES, ... Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

NAPANEE, TAMWORTH AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

General Passenger Time Table.

Eastern standard time. Taking effect on or about 30th November, 1889.

KINGSTON TO TWEED.

Mls.	Stations.		Express.	Pass'r
	Montreal via Grand Trunk Railway.	Leave.	P.M. 8 30	A.M. 9 10
			P.M.	P.M.
0	Kingston	Leave	1 20	4 35
2	Grand Trunk Railway Jct.	"	1.25	4 40
10	Glenvale*	"		
14	Murvale		1.48	5 25
19	Harrowsmith Ar		2.05	5 35
	" Lv		2 05	5 35
22	Frontenac	"	2.10	5 40
26	Yarker Ar		2.20	5 50
	" Lv		2.20	5 55
28	Galbraith*	"		
30	Moscow	"	2 30	6 10
33	Mudlake Bridge*	"		
35	Enterprise	"	2.40	6 20
37	Wilson*	"		
41	Tamworth	"	2 55	6 45
44	Erinsville	"	3 10	7 00
48	Marlbank	"	3 20	7 15
54	Larkins	"	3 30	7 30
58	Stoco	"	3.40	7 45
61	Tweed	Arrive	3 50	8 00
Toronto via Canadian Pacific Ry Ar.			8 50	7 45 a.m.

TWEED TO KINGSTON.

Mls.	Stations.		Pass'r	Express
	Toronto, via Canadian Pacific Ry.	Leave.	P.M. 8 45	A.M. 8 45
			A.M.	P.M.
0	Tweed	Leave	6 15	1 30
3	Stoco	"	6 25	1 40
7	Larkins	"	6 40	1 50
13	Marlbank	"	5 45	2 05
17	Erinsville	"	7.10	2 15
20	Tamworth	"	7 20	2 25
24	Wilson*	"		
25	Enterprise	"	7 40	2 40
28	Mudlake Bridge*	"		
31	Moscow	"	7 55	2 50
33	Galbraith*	"		
35	Yarker Ar		8 10	3 00
	" Lv		8 10	3 00
38	Frontenac	"	8 15	3 10
42	Harrowsmith Ar	"	8 25	3 15
	" Lv	"	8 20	3 15
47	Murvale	"	8 45	3 25
51	Glenvale*	"		
59	Grand Trunk Ry Jct	"	9 10	3 50
61	Kingston	"	9 20	4 00
Montreal via Grand Trunk Ry Ar.			7 05 8 05	7 45 a.m.

NAPANEE TO YARKER AND TWEED.

Mls.	Stations.		Pass'r	Express	Pass'r
	Toronto via Grand Trunk Ry.	Leave	A.M. 8 35	A.M. 7 10	A.M. 9 00
			P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
0	Napanee	Leave	7 15	12 10	5 00
6	Napanee Mills	"	7 30	12 25	5 15
8	Newburgh	"	7 38	12 33	5 23
9	Thomson's Mills*	"			
10	Camden East	"	7 45	12 40	5 30
15	Yarker Ar		8 00	12 55	5 45
	" Lv			2 20	5 55
16	Galbraith*	"			
18	Moscow	"		2 30	6 10
21	Mudlake Bridge*	"			
23	Enterprise	"		2 40	6 25
25	Wilson*	"			
29	Tamworth	"		2 55	6 45
32	Erinsville	"		3 10	7 00
36	Marlbank	"		3 20	7 15
42	Larkins	"		3 30	7 30
46	Stoco	"		3 40	7 45
50	Tweed	Arrive		3 50	8 00
Toronto via Canadian Pacific Ry Ar				8 50	7 45 a.m.

TWEED TO YARKER AND NAPANEE.

Mls.	Stations.		Pass'r	Express	Pass't
	Toronto via Canadian Pacific Ry	Leave	P.M 8 45	A.M. 8 45	
			A M,	P.M.	P.M.
0	Tweed	Leave	6 15	1 30	
3	Stoco	"	6 25	1 40	
7	Larkins	"	6 40	1 50	
13	Marlbank	"	6 50	2 05	
17	Erinsville	"	7 10	2 15	
20	Tamworth	"	7 20	2 25	
24	Wilson*	"			
25	Enterprise	"	7 40	2 40	
28	Mudlake Bge*	"			
31	Moscow	"	7 55	2 50	
33	Galbraith	"			
35	Yarker Ar.	"	8 10	3 00	
	" Lv.	"	8 20	3 00	6 00
40	Camden East	"	8 25	3 15	5 15
41	Thompson's Mls*	"			
42	Newburgh	"	8 33	3 23	6 28
44	Napanee Mills	"	8 40	3 30	6 10
50	Napanee	Arrive	8 55	3 45	6 45
			A.M. P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Belleville via G.T.R. ar.			11 00 5 35	11 10	

summers.

A servant presented a card on a gold salver, bowing low and obsequiously, as if approaching a deity.

"Pierre Verlon, Notary, Paris,' was inscribed on the card.

"Show him in here," was the haughty response, accompanied by a dignified wave of a hand on which rare gems glistened.

Enter Pierre Verlon in rusty black; a stooping figure, bristling grey eyebrows surmounting eyes of piercing blackness—not by any means a person in keeping with the refined surroundings of the apartment, but a man of parts for all that.

"Monsieur, your pleasure?' said the duke, hardly deigning to look up from his paper.

"It is important enough for you to put down your paper and attend to it, monseigneur," was the calm reply.

"You are uncouth," was the disdainful reply.

"Bnt a lover of truth; one who holds your honour and fame in his hands," was the bold reply.

"My lacqueys shall show you the door," was the angry retort.

"What matters?" came cool reply, accompanied by a shrug. "All Paris shall ring with the perfidy of the noble Duke of Brittany."

"You dare this?"

"Yes—your victim, the husband of your sister, has escaped from Siberia, and his child lives and is with him."

"'Tis false!" hisses the duke.

"You only believe what suits you, monseigneur. I tell you truths."

"Well, what of that!—he is still a criminal," was the sneering reply.

"Not so—a martyr, and you know it. Don't knit your brows; I care naught for your anger, A Frenchman is not fallen so low as to fear even a perjured duke. Be calm—the witnesses you suborned are known to me, and have confessed. You see I am armed with facts; you have only the memory of past misdeeds to support you."

"Did he send you here?"

"I wanted no sending. I am his friend, I protected his child, and I, noble duke, mean to stand by him to the end."

"He wants money," the duke sneered.

"Pish! he is almost as rich as you, and will be wealthier when he wrings from you his wife's fortune. If you are wise you will conciliate him, not defy."

"What is it you want?" he asked, grinding his teeth with impotent rage.

"A written confession of his innocence."

"That he shall never receive from me," he cried, revengefully.

"As you please, I give you an opportunity of hushing this grave scandal up. It may transpire that you not only employed false witnesses to swear away his life, but kidnapped his wife, murdered her perhaps," said the notary, with imperturbable calmness of manner and speech, and keeping his eyes fixed on his face.

Every drop of blood left the duke's face, which became the colour of marble, and for the moment the notary thought he was dying.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Gen. Boulanger, in London, received an offer from an American of a lucrative invitation to make a tour through American cities and ventilate his ideas on the French republic.

There is an amusing story told of a Delaware man, who received a "horning" because he married within a month after his first wife's death. He told the serenaders that he didn't think it showed good taste to come banging around a man's house so soon after a funeral.

685 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for **$100**, until lately. Best 225 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch and Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

$93 Sewing-Machine FREE To at once establish trade in all parts, by placing our machines and goods where the people can see them, we will send **free** to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send **free** a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. **In return we ask that you show what we send,** to those who may call at your house, and after 3 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the **Singer** patents, which have run out before patents run out it sold for **$93**, with the attachments, and now sells for **$50.** Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is free. No capital required. Plain, brief instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure **free** the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. **TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.**

D. LOW'S WORM SYRUP

DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD

THE LARGEST SCALE WORKS IN CANADA.

OVER 100 STYLES OF

HAY SCALES,
GRAIN SCALES,
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IMPROVED SHOW CASES
MONEY DRAWERS
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ADDRESS IN FULL, Write for terms.

C. WILSON & SON,
ESPLANADE STREET EAST
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Mention this paper every time you write.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS PILLS
SUGAR COATED

A SURE CURE

FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

Belleville via G.T.R.	ar.	11 00	5 35	11 10	
Toronto	"	5 55 p.m.	10 15	7 30 a.m.	11 15
Montreal	"	7 05 "	7 45 a.m.	7 45 a.m.	

KINGSTON TO YARKER AND NAPANEE.

Mls.	Stations	Pass'r	Express	Pass'r
	Toronto Leave	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	via Grand Trunk Ry.	8 35	7 00	9 00
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
0	Kingston Leave		1 20	4 45
2	G.T. Ry. Jct "		1 25	4 50
10	Glenvale* "			
14	Murvale* "		1 48	5 25
19	Harrowsmith Ar "		2 05	5 35
	" Lv "		2 05	5 35
22	Frontenac "		2 10	5 45
26	Yarker Ar "	8 10	2 20	5 55
	" Lv "	8 10	3 00	6 00
30	Camden East "	8 25	3 13	6 15
31	Thomson's Mills* "			
32	Newburgh "	8 33	3 23	6 23
34	Napanee Mills "	8 40	3 30	6 30
40	Napanee Arrive	8 55	3 45	6 45
	Belleville via G.T.R. ar	11 00	5 35	1 10
	Toronto "	5 55	10 15	7 30 a.m.
	Montreal "	7 05	7 45 a.m.	7 45 "

NAPANEE TO YARKER AND KINGSTON.

Mls.	Stations	Pass'r	Express	Pass'r
	Toronto Leave	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	via Grand Trunk Ry.	8 35	7 00	9 00
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
0	Napanee Leave	7 15	12 10	5 00
6	Napanee Mills "	7 30	12 25	5 15
8	Newburgh "	7 38	12 33	5 23
9	Thomson's Mills* "			
10	Camden East "	7 45	12 40	5 30
15	Yarker Ar	8 00	12 55	5 45
	" Lv	8 00	12 55	
18	Frontenac "			
21	Harrowsmith Ar	8 25	1 15	
	" Lv	8 30	3 15	
26	Murvale* "	8 45	3 25	
30	Glenvale* "			
38	G T. Ry. Jct "	9 15	3 55	
40	Kingston Arrive	9 20	4 00	
	Ottawa via K. & P. & C.P.Rs.		5 45 p.m.	
	Montreal " " "		7 55	

CONNECTIONS.—At Napanee with Grand Trunk Railway, East and West. With Steamers of the Desoronto Navigation Company, (Limited) for Bay of Quinte points.

At Tweed with Canadian Pacific Railway, East and West and Stage lines North.

At Harrowsmith with Kingston and Pembroke Railway for points North.

At Kingston with Grand Trunk Railway and all Steamers on the St. Lawrence.

STAGE CONNECTIONS.—Camden East for Centreville and Desmond, Yarker for Petworth, Tamworth for Arden tri-weekly, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

The Conductor will collect five cents extra from all not supplied with a ticket excepting those who get on at a flag station. No return tickets issued on the train.

*Indicate trains stop on signals.

R. C. CARTER, Ass't Gen. Man. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. E. W. RATHBUN, Gen. Man.

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A regular monthly, quarterly or half-yearly payment (a slight advance on the rental rate) buys the instrument.

Any piano may be chosen out of a magnificent assortment of Uprights, Squares, and Grands, unsurpassed in quality and value. Ministers, Teachers, Governmen Officers, and those in receipt of regular incomes will find this a convenient and advantageous mode for securing a first-class instrument. When the instrument is used for practice, our Soft Stop or Practice Pedal saves wear on the nerves, as well as preserves the tone of the piano. Our Patent Foot Pedal attachment for Pianos is invaluable to organists, students, and teachers. Prices on application. Inspection invited.

Octavius Newcombe & Co.

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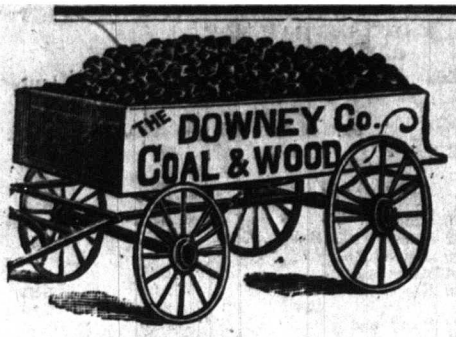

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Put your coal in before broken weather sets in and prices advance.

All Coal Screened.

Hard and Soft Wood

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Six more cheap excursions to

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA and SAN FRANCISCO

as well as to all points in British Columbia and California. Will leave Napanee on the following dates

OCT. 22nd, NOV. 6th, and 19th. DEC. 3rd, 17th, and 31st.

Call or write W. D. MADDEN for rates and berths. Good sleeping cars in charge of special porters through to the coast.

Tickets sold to all parts of the world at lowest rates. Get our rates before buying a ticket to any point. Maps, time tables, ders, etc., on application.

Remember the place,

W. D. MADDEN

Authorized Agent of the C. P. R., Napanee.

5189cm

The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, DEC. 20, 1889.

Marriage Licenses

Issued by Ogden Hinch at Cheapside, (application strictly private and confidential.) 2288ly

R H Peters,

Auctioneer, Commissioner, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, etc., Enterprise. 4889ly

Canfield Shorey,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses,
1580fm Camden East., Ont.

—We wish the readers of the EXPRESS a right Merry Christmas and a year of peace and plenty during 1890.

—Financial statements for the various municipalities are being published this week. The electors will soon have plenty of figures over which to puzzle their brains.

—A choice lot of jewelry embracing all of the novelties in rings, bracelets, brooches, &c., just to hand at F. W. Smith & Bro. These goods are just the thing for Christmas presents.

—Miss Eva Taylor, one of the most popular teachers in Napanee, was made the recipient of a handsome jewel case and an address from her pupils. The recognition was well merited.

—W. E. Baker has recently put in a stock of choicest and latest designs of picture frame mouldings and is prepared to frame pictures on the shortest notice and at prices to suit the times.

—Prof. Loisette's Memory System is creating greater interest than ever in all parts of the county, and persons wishing to improve their memory should send for his prospectus, free, as advertised in another column. 5189d

—W. E. Baker has recently put in a stock of choicest and latest designs of picture frame mouldings, and is prepared to frame pictures on the shortest notice and at prices to suit the times.

—In table ware, such as knives, forks, spoons etc., we take the lead as we have the sole right of selling the best make, that is Reed & Bartin's. Engraving free. F. Chinneck.

—Space will not permit of an extended notice regarding the death of the late Mrs. Mitchell. The circumstances are peculiarly sad and we extend our deepest sympathy to her husband, as well as to her father and mother.

—For sale.—One of the most comfortable homes in Napanee. A good brick house, good barn, hard and soft water, gas, furnace and well situated. Easy terms of payment. A bargain for somebody. Apply at THE EXPRESS office.

—Nothing but words of praise have reached us regarding our Christmas EXPRESS. From all parts of the Province come compliments on the tasty appearance of our special number. The EXPRESS aims to keep in the lead, and we are encouraged to go on by the generous support that has been accorded us.

—Nominations on Amherst Island take place on Monday next, one week earlier than in the other municipalities of this County. It is currently reported that Robert Patterson, Esq., will be a candidate for the Reeveship. Other names are also mentioned, but Monday next will settle the question whether or not he is to have opposition.

—There will be the Annual Oyster Supper in the Anderson Church, North Fredericksburgh, on New Years night. If you have ever attended one of these suppers you know that a good time can be relied on. Special pains will be taken to make this the best of the list. Further particulars next week.

—The N. T. & Q. is now an established fact, and close connection with the C.P.R., east and west, can be made any day. Parties going to any point on the C. P. R. should try the new line. You can buy through tickets to Manitoba, British Columbia and all points in the United States, over the N. T. & Q. and C. P. R., from W. D. Madden. Baggage checked to destination.

—We have been asked if we intended replying to the Beaver's scurrilous innendos of last week, and our reply was "No. An innendo is always cowardly and needs no reply."

—F. W. Smith & Bro., are the only manufacturing jewelers in this part of Ontario. If they haven't got what you want, they will make it for you on very short notice.

—There will be a free excursion from Tweed and other points to Napanee, on Monday next. Come to Napanee and see our fine stores and tempting bargains. The special train is expected to arrive in Napanee shortly after nine o'clock and will remain until about half past four. We trust that it will be crowded.

Presentation.

Last evening about twenty young ladies called at the Western Methodist Church Parsonage, and requested to see Mrs. J. C. Drewry, who, with Mr. Drewry and others, was spending the evening with Mr. and Mrs. Johnson. They were ushered into the spacious drawing-room and presented Mrs. Drewry with a large framed photograph of her Bible class accompanied by the following address:—

Address to Mrs. J. C. Drewry from her Sabbath school class, on the occasion of her removal from Napanee to Toronto, December 1889.

MRS. J. C. DREWRY:

Dear Teacher and Friend,—On this the eve of your departure from our midst, we, the scholars of your Sabbath school class, desire to approach you with an expression of our feelings, which are those of mingled gladness and sorrow.

Gladness, because of the privilege enjoyed and blessings received under your faithful tuition in Holy things. Your instruction, so wise and deep, so kind and winning, has brought us into a richer experience of heart and life, than could otherwise have been ours. We have learned of Christ from you in such a measure, as we believe, will be a benediction to us while life shall last, and lead us finally to a higher place in His Celestial Kingdom.

Sorrow we experience because brought to the necessity of saying farewell. It is not possible for us to part with one we had so learned to love and esteem, without a sense of pain. Yet we doubt not God's hand is leading you and that in some other church and school you will be made a blessing, as you have been here and to us.

Believing that while we have regarded you affectionately, you have also cared for us, we take the liberty of offering you this reminder of our faces, and ask that when you look upon this group, you will think of us as friends.

Our sincere desire and prayer is, that Our Father in Heaven may ever richly bless you and yours, with all the gifts of His Grace, and bounties of His Providence and that when we each have spent a useful life on earth, we may all meet in Heaven. Yours,

YOUR BIBLE CLASS.

Mrs. Drewry made a feeling reply, in which she urged the class to follow Christ faithfully. After prayer by Rev. C. O. Johnston, a few minutes was spent in social intercourse and the young ladies withdrew. Mrs. Dr. Edwards, who takes charge of the class for the future, was also present.

PERSONAL.

—H. V. Fralick has been laid up with a bad attack of neuralgia.

—Mrs. Eva Allison, of Picton, mother of Mrs. J. C. Drewry, is seriously ill.

—Rev. S. Card and wife, have gone to Brockville to spend the Christmas holidays.

—Mr. D. W. Fralick has been poorly since last September and lately has been confined to his house most of the time.

—W. A. Wilson, of Richmond, has just returned from Albert College where he has put in a highly successful term. He is taking two years Collegiate work in one, and at the examinations just held, Mr. Wilson came off with flying colors, passing in every subject.

—Word has been received from Toronto that Mort. Lane passed his first term examinations at the head of the list. He received the highest possible marks, one hundred per cent. His many Napanee friends will join with us in extending heartiest congratulations.

—**New Goods**—You ought to see the new stock of Christmas Goods now arriving at the 7 Cent Store in toys, crockery, glassware, vases, china cups and saucers, mouth organs, dolls, knives, purses, toy tea setts, toy furniture, drums, steam engines, and thousaads of new novelties. West of the Campbell house.

—A. S. Kimmerly still takes the lead; 13 lbs extra granulated sugar for $1; best Coal oil, 15 cts. per gallon; fine mixed candy, 2 lbs for 25 cts; choice 50 cent tea, 25 cts; good tea, 15 cts. I have also a stock of the finest Western flour always on hand, and am selling away below all others. 17 lbs. new currants, $1. It will pay you to call and see our stock. Remember I will not be undersold.

—Cash boy wanted. Apply to Lahey & McKenty.

—Wanted.—To purchase. a small brick house. Apply at THE EXPRESS office.

—Two farms to rent.—Apply at once to J. C. Drewry, at the Napanee EXPRESS office.

—For sale—A first class brick house in thorough repair. For particulars apply at THE EXPRESS office. adv. tf.

—A quantity of picket fence for sale at a bargain. In good repair, posts and all complete. Apply at THE EXPRESS office. tf.

—W. E. Baker has recently put in a stock of choicest and latest designs of picture frame mouldings and is prepared to frame pictures on the shortest notice and at prices to suit the times.

—F. W. Smith & Bro., of the Napanee Jewelry Store are just entering upon their twenty-first business year in Napanee, and this Christmas they lead the trade, as they have always done, and they are fully prepared to cane Ministers, Editors, or other public characters, with their gold and silver headed canes. adv

—Send to 9 Adelaide St., West, Toronto, for a Free Sample opy of the Fireside Weekly, a finely illustrated and interesting story paper, and so realize what an extraordinary offer we are making when we agree to send both the NAPANEE EXPRESS and Fireside Weekly for $2.25 when the Fireside alone is $2 a year. Now is the time to subscribe and receive the benefit of this great offer.

—Note this—to new subscribers we will send The Napanee EXPRESS and that spicy publication the Detroit Free Press—for four months to any address in Canada or the United States for forty cents. Only ten cents a month for two splendid newspapers. The EXPRESS and Detroit Free Press to anyone for one year for $1.75. Send in your orders.

—The improved Pease Furnace has a larger heating capacity than any other warm air furnace invented. The fire pots are heavier than those of any other. All parts above the cast iron fire pot are made of heavy wrought Scotch plate steel. Nine tenths of the furnaces put up in Toronto where they are made, and three fourths in Napanee are the Pease furnaces. Proof positive they are the best. BOYLE & SON, Sole Agents.

—**The Christmas number of the Globe has been received and words completely fail us as we attempt a description of this most artistic number. Mr. C. W. Taylor, the business manager of the Globe, deserves the highest credit for his undertaking and successfully publishing such a beautiful work. The two plates "Friends" and "Canadian Militia" are gems; the press work, illustrations and paper are just what they ought to be, and Mr. Taylor can congratulate himself on having produced the finest Christmas number ever offered to the Canadian public.**

Use GRANGE'S COUGH-NOT

tion. Low rates. good accommodation.

—Word was received here on Wednesday that Mark R. Hanover, one of the waterworks contractors, had died at New York city. Mr. Hanover had made many friends in Napanee during his visits to this place and, had won the esteem of all with whom he came in contact. Mr. Hanover's death will not interfere with the completion of the waterworks in accordance with the terms of the contract.

—A clock that will keep good time is necessary in every home. You can buy one from F. W. Smith & Bro., at astonishingly low prices.

—There will be a grand Conversazione and Concert in aid of the R. C. church Centreville, on Wednesday evening, January 8th, 1890. An efficient orchestra will furnish good dance music. Dancing all the evening after the concert. Refreshments served. Tickets forty cents, or seventy-five cents for a lady and gentleman. Rev. Father Hartigan invites everybody to participate.

THE CANADIAN HORTICULTURIST improves every year, both in appearance, illustrations, colored plates and reading matter. Every fruit grower, gardener and farmer should have it. The editor is a practical fruit grower, and the other writers are the leading practicalgardeners and fruit growers in Ontario. One dollar, addressed to the editor, Grimsby, Ont, secures this monthly, the interesting Annual Report of the Fruit Growers, and a choice of plants for testing. 2-2in.

—Watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, and spectacles. The cheapest place in Napanee is at Chinneck's.

—Bills have been issued for a grand Anniversary Tea meeting to be held in the Hawley Methodist church on New Year's Eve, December 31st. A platform meeting will take place immediately after the tea, and good speeches are promised. The Anniversary sermons will be preached on Sunday, December 29th 1889, by Rev. A. B. Chambers, and others. Rev. H. I. Allen is the pastor of the Hawley church, a sufficient guarantee that everything will be run on right principles.

—Next Monday evening the Annual Concert given in aid of the poor of the town, will be held in the Town Hall. There will be a choice programme, both literary and musical, and all who attend will be sure of receiving good value for their money. In addition to other attractions, Rev. C. O. Johnston will sing a song and play his own accompainment on a guitar. By going to the Concert you will be aiding a worthy cause. Don't fail to attend, but if you cannot go, buy a ticket anyway. Let the Poor Fund Concert be the biggest success of the season.

—**Read the advertisement of F. W. Smith & Bro. They offer great bargains in Watches and Silverware. Wouldn't your wife like a nice watch for a Christmas present?**

—**A large number of farmers go from Lennox to Deseronto to attend market and do their trading. Some effort should be made to draw these parties to Napanee, and we believe that a step in the right direction would be the abolition of market fees. The matter of five cents does not appear to be much, but all the same it sends a good many farmers to Deseronto, where they have a free market. The loss to the merchants is considerable, and we believe that they would be consulting their own interest if they would agitate for a free market. A trip to the Deseronto market on any Saturday will satisfy anyone that our statement is correct.**

teading heartiest congratulations.

DIED.

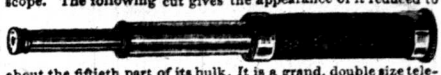
MITCHELL—At Toronto, on Tuesday, December 17th, 1889, Fannie Marie, wife of J.A. Mitchell, and daughter of W. N. Hosey, Esq., of Napanee, aged 25 years.

WILLIAMS—Shortly after midnight on Tuesday December 17th, at 30 Maitland st., Toronto, in great peace, the Rev. John A. Williams, D. D., General Superintendent of the Methodist Church, in the 72nd year of his age.

MARRIED.

WALKER—BELL—By the Rev. S. A. Dupraw, of Frankford, at the residence of the bride's parents Mr. Isaiah H. Walker, of Deseronto, to Ella B., youngest daughter of Samuel Bell, Esq., of Ernesttown.

One of the BEST Telescopes in the world. FREE. Our facilities are unequaled, and to introduce our superior goods we will send FREE to ONE PERSON in each locality, as above. Only those who write to us at once can make sure of the chance. All you have to do in return is to show our goods to those who call—your neighbors and those around you. The beginning of this advertisement shows the small end of the telescope. The following cut gives the appearance of it reduced to



about the fiftieth part of its bulk. It is a grand, double size telescope, as large as is easy to carry. We will also show you how you can make from $3 to $10 a day at least, from the start, without experience. Better write at once. We pay all express charges. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.

SCHEDU

Returned to the Clerk of the Peace

Name of Prosecutor.	Name of Defendant.	Nat
J. M. Smith	Amos Spencer	Selling liquc
do	Mrs. A. Spencer	do
do	Thos. Fleming.	Selling liqt hours in L
Charles Scott	Ellen Crow	Indecent exp
W. A. Rose	Elizabeth Wycott	Selling Liqu
John H. Wood	Herbert Robinson	Insulting la
do	do do	Common as
Joseph Sproule	Miles Martin	Insulting la
Edward Babcock	James Hillier	Assault
W. C. Jenkins	Maxwell Lapum	Assault
do	do do	Malicious in
James Booth	Robt. McGuinness	Assault and
Henry Clark	Robert Smith	Assault
do	do	Disturbing F
Corp. of Newburgh	R. B. Hope	Violation of
Jeremiah Storms	Levi Kelly	do
David York	James Lennon	Drunk and c
Jeremiah Storms	Henry Shewman	Drunkennes
do do	John S. Sagar	Drunk and
do do	James Roe	Vagrancy
David York	Thomas Donnelly	Drunkennes
Jeremiah Storms	William Flanagan	do
do do	Robert Grange	Drunk and c
do do	William Bradford	do
do do	James Shane	Drunkennes
do do	Ephraim Babcock	do
do do	Thomas Grey	Vagrancy
David York	H. J. McCabe	Drunk and
Jeremiah Storms	James Mowers	Drunkennes
do do	Thomas Janes.	Drunk and
do do	do	Assaulting J
do do	do	Assaulting I
W. A. Rose	Peter Amey	Infraction I
do	do	do
Robert W. Saul	Fred Schryver	Assault
Geo. Wittington	Samuel Howard	do
Jeremiah Storms	Charles Daly	Drunk and
do do	do	do
William Bell	Wesley Johnston	do
Patrick McCann	George McCann	Dangerous I
Jeremiah Storms	Robert Husband	Drunk and
P. Vanluven	Arthur Basten	Drunk and
William Perry	Dorland Pringle	Disturbing
Jeremiah Storms	James Roe	Vagrant
William Bell	Benjamin Leary	do
Fanny Hill	John Hill	Abusive lan

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE
County of Lennox and Addington, Napanee Decem

FREE EXCURSION

PER N. T. & Q. FROM

Tweed and Intervening Points

TO NAPANEE.

ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 23rd,

A special free excursion train will leave Tweed at 6.15 a. m., arriving in Napanee at 9.30. Returning will leave Napanee at 5 p. m.

ALL INTENDING BUYERS OF

DRY GOODS & CLOTHING

ARE INVITED TO VISIT

"The Popular Dry Goods House,"

LAHEY & McKENTY

RENNIE BLOCK,

And secure some of the special Christmas bargains to be offered on that day.

In thanking our many friends for their very generous patronage, (amounting to the largest year's business we ever had), we wish them all

A Merry and a Happy Xmas

And hope to see each and every one of them in the next few days.

LAHEY & McKENTY

JLE OF SUMMARY CONVICTIONS.

e for the County of Lennox and Addington for the Quarter ending the 10th day of December, A.D., 1889

ature of Charge.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Convicting Justice.	Amount of Penalty.	Time When paid or to be paid to said Justice.	To whom paid over by said Justice.	If not paid why not and general observation, if any.
quor without license	Oct. 22	James Aylsworth	$ 50 00	Nov 5..		Not paid warrant of commitment issued.
do	Oct. 26	do do	50 00	Nov 5		do do
liquor during prohibited	Oct. 26	do do	20 00	Forthwith	J M Smith License Inspector	
Licensed tavern						
exposure	Sept. 18	H. S. Davy and A. Storms.	10 00	do	Committed to jail	Six months
quor without License	Oct. 12	do do do	50 00	20 days	Paid to License Inspector	
language	Sept. 20	H. S. Davy	1 00	Forthwith	½ to comp. ½ to Tp. Treas	
assault	Sept. 20	do	1 00	do	Township Treasurer	
language	Sept. 27	do	2 00	do	½ to comp. ½ to Tp. Treas	
	Oct. 1	do	50	do	Township Treasurer	
	Dec. 7	Anson Storms	$1 & costs or 20 days	do	do do	
injury to property	Dec. 7	do	fine $1. dam. $10&cost20dy	do	Fine to Tp.Treas dam.to comp	
d battery	Sept. 11	P. W. Dafoe	4 40	Sept 12		Not paid
	Oct. 15	J. A. Shibley	5 00	Forthwith	Remitted	
g Religious Worship	Oct. 15	do	5 00	do	do	
of By-Law	Sept. 20	L. C. Spafford	1 00	do	Treas. of Newburgh	
do	Sept. 10	T. G. Carscallen	1 00	Time ext'ed		
d disorderly	Sept. 17	do	1 00	Forthwith	Town Treasurer	
ness	Sept. 12	do	1 00	do	do	
d disorderly	Sept. 20	E. S Lapum	1 00	do	do	
	Sept. 24	T. G. Carscallen	2 00	not paid	Imprisoned	
ness	Sept. 27	do do	1 00	Time ext'ed		
	Oct. 3	do do	1 00	Forthwith	Town Treasurer	
d disorderly	Oct. 7	do do	1 00	do	do	
do	Oct. 10	do do	1 00	do	do	
ness	Oct. 12	do do	1 00	do	do	
	Oct. 14	do do	1 00	do	do	
	Oct. 18	do do	not paid	Inprisoned		
	Oct. 21	do do	do	do		
d disorderly	Oct. 26	do do	1 00	Forthwith	Town Treasurer	
ness	Oct. 28	T.G.Carscallen, E.S.Lapum	5 00	do	do	
d disorderly	Oct. 28	do do do	5 00	do	do	
g J. Storms	Oct. 28	do do do	5 00	do	do	
g D. York	Oct. 21	James Daly	10 00	10 days	W A Rose 5th Oct	
a Liquor License Act	Sept. 21	do	10 00	10 days	do do	
do do	Sept. 26	do	2 00	Forthwith	County Treasurer	
	Sept. 29	do	1 00	10 days	do	
d disorderly	Oct. 14	do	20 00	Forthwith	Committed	
do	Oct. 14	do	20 00	Forthwith	do	
do	Nov. 14	do	1 00	do	Town Treasurer	
s lunatic	Nov. 14	do	Committed			
d disorderly	Nov. 16	do	1 00	Forthwith	Town Treasurer	
d obscene language	Nov. 16	do	1 00	do	County Treasurer	
g Religious Worship	Nov. 29	do	1 00	do		Appealed
	Nov. 26	do	1 00	do		Committed
	Dec. 4	do	1 00	do		do
anguage	Dec. 10	do	4 00	do	Town Treasurer	

E PEACE,
ember 10th, A. D., 1889.

A. L. MORDEN.
Clerk of the Peace, County of Lennox and Addington.

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Price 5 Cents.